

Chignecto Post.

Sackville, N. B., July 26, 1877.

Is There Employment?

Elizabeth Thompson, in the *Library Table* (N. Y.), says there are three millions of unemployed persons in the United States. If there was greater evidence needed to prove the existence of a depression in all the commercial and industrial undertakings of the United States it would be furnished by the half yearly report of Dun, Barlow & Co., commercial agents. Their statistics show that neither the number of business failures nor the average liabilities are on the decrease! Still another evidence of the terribly contracted condition of the manufacturing industries of the Union is given by the statistics of the coal trade, because coal enters as a factor into every considerable industry of the country and forms an important element in the household expenses of every one. The coal companies have tried both competition and combination to keep up the prices and have failed in both, simply because the demand is languid, and prices have fallen to an unprecedented degree. Anticipation is cheap now than it ever was. The three largest coal carrying companies have lost in fifteen months by the shrinkage in values over \$61,000,000, as follows:

Value.	July 26, 1877.
Central N. Y.	\$21,000,000
Del. Lack & W.	\$1,000,000
Del. & H. Canal	\$2,000,000
On the 26th and 27th, 250,000 tons of coal will be offered at auction in New York for whatever it may bring, simply because the coal owners must sell! In view of the continuation of disastrous failures, the shrinkage of the coal demand causes us to wonder if the remedy? What will start these mills and factories throbbing again with the pulsations of profitable employment? Where is the remedy for a glutted coal market? How are these millions of idle hands to find work to do?	

The problem is a great one—a pressing one, not confined to the United States, but affecting Canada; because the same general causes operate in both countries alike. The demoralizing effects of idleness upon individuals and as well as the national character, elevates this problem from a purely economic one involving so much profit and loss, to one touching the social condition of our country and the permanency of her institutions. Three millions of idle people in the United States means three hundred thousand idle people in Canada. Idleness means pauperism—public aid—means every degree of moral degeneracy as exhibited from the high grade of idleness, who hang around corners and fill up barrooms down to the vagabond loafer who tramps to your back door with a beggar's petition. They all subsist by the toll of others. They are all desirous of getting something without rendering an equivalent. They are all dependent and being dependent, the manhood has gone out of them, and the poison of pauperism has entered into their souls. Man was made for the Lord, ever busy with activity of brain or hand, and the moment he becomes idle, he becomes a moral pest—a plague spot.

Mr. David A. Wells in discussing in the *North American Review*, the question "Are we ruined people?" thinks that the United States may become and continue prosperous by creating new ways, finding more avenues for trade and for employment of laborers. He states that the opportunity of achieving wealth rapidly in the West is drawing to a close. "The quantity of fertile public land suitable for farming purposes which can now be obtained by pre-emption or at nominal prices is comparatively limited, if not nearly exhausted."

Mr. Wells also says that the statement "that there is not left unsold in the whole United States of land which a poor man could turn into a farm enough to make one average county in Wisconsin." The exception to this statement, if any, may perhaps be found in Texas or the Indian Territory. In respect to the arid region of the plains, Mr. Wells is made to say, "In this whole region land as mere land is not in value, and it is the water privilege. Rich men and stock companies have appropriated all the streams and they charge for the use of the water. Government sections of 160 acres that do not contain water are practically worthless."

In view of all this, Mr. Wells understands the importance of answering the question, "What is it proposed to do with the labor of the country?" Improved methods and machinery of production have made in excess of any present demand? Either new ways have got to be found or created, for the supplying of which a larger field for the employment of labor will be afforded than now exists, or else the emigration of labor from the country and the formation of a permanent pauper class among us will begin."

A correspondent in a late number of the *N. Y. Tribune* says that the valley of the Mississippi River, including all the region drained by the tributaries of the Father of Waters is now substantially settled and the region beyond is not very attractive. The range of country is great enough, but it is a mere desert. He estimates the maximum population that these far western regions can sustain as follows:

State	Population
Colorado	200,000
Wyoming	100,000
Dakota	175,000
Montana	200,000
Idaho	125,000
Utah	200,000
New Mexico	175,000
Washington	150,000
Nevada	75,000
Total	1,400,000

These territories, greater in extent than all east of the Mississippi, will not a century hence, it is estimated, have as many inhabitants as the State of Massachusetts has now, because their mountains and table lands are unblest with rain, and the lateral ranges west of the Rocky Mountains are nothing but a sage brush desert. From this gloomy picture of the

great West of the United States, we can turn with pride to that "Great Lone Land," our North-West, that great fertile belt nearly girdling the Continent, that nature intended should be the seat of future empires. There is no richer land in the world than that on the Saskatchewan and the prairies reaching back to the Rocky Mountains, and emigration will pour in there, till its lands are settled, and its settlements grow into towns and cities. But even that country has its drawbacks to the settler. Grasshoppers—that terrible enemy of the farmer—has for a number of years past devoured the crops. Summer frosts have also proved very destructive. Water on these prairie lands is a want not yet overcome. The remoteness of that country from a market, also prevents a farmer realizing the results of his skill. A settler in that new country removes himself almost from civilization, from churches, from schools, from the daily paper, the daily mail, the telegraph, the family doctor, from society, from the companionship of neighbors and friends. These things all stand for something with one who consults the laws of life, and who professes cultivation and civilization to the dangers and struggles of a new land.

In these Provinces by the sea, the farmers occupy an unqualified good position. A country of rivers and coast range, the natural means of communication, supplemented by railways, so that we have everywhere ready access not only to foreign markets, but to the best of all markets, viz: a home market. Our farmers are so situated as to take advantage of the market fluctuations. If our soil is not so fertile as the deep loam of the Western prairie, we are not so affected by drought and summer frost, by the grasshopper and caterpillar. If there is not the same opportunity for land speculation as in that distant empire (and everyone cannot make a fortune in land speculations) our crops are less liable to fail, and the returns are not only more sure but better. Indeed, the complaint is, that there is much more to be made in the West than in the East. The advantage of a home market in saving the heavy railway or canal tolls that have to be paid by the Western producers, are but little appreciated by our sea coast farmers. They possess many other advantages, but the non-conformist bodies are stirred up in their turn.

Dr. Crosby, New York, at the head of the Society for the Prevention of Crime, has entered a campaign against the lawless rum-sellers. He is recruiting the Society from the respectable and law-abiding portion of the community and hopes to have 40,000 members to operate with against the 10,000 gin-mills and breweries of New York and Brooklyn. Dr. Crosby refuses any alliance with extreme temperance men, but wants the law enforced. The following address was presented by the Grand Jury on Tuesday:

ADDRESS.

To the Honorable CHARLES DUFF, Judge of the Supreme Court of the Province of New Brunswick:

The Jurors on this, your first judicial visit to the County of Westmorland, since your elevation to the eminent and responsible position of a Justice of the Supreme Court of this Province, have the honor to tender you our sincere and hearty congratulations thereupon.

Your Honor's high legal attainments, extensive practice, and honorable record at the Bar, are a sure guarantee that the reputation for purity, legal knowledge and impartial judgment, so deservedly obtained by the Judiciary of our Province, will be jealously and carefully guarded and maintained on your part so long as you are spared, and have the honor to fill your present high position.

To which the Judge made the following reply.

I thank you for the flattering address you have presented me. I think it is prompted more by a kindly feeling to myself than by any desert of my own. It shall be my ambition to deserve the flattering terms which you mention me, and although I cannot claim to those high legal attainments that have distinguished my predecessors in office and more especially the gentleman whose elevation to the Bench has been the subject of the address, I shall be my endeavor by my integrity and honesty of purpose in administering the law to preserve the high character of the judiciary. It may seem of vanity for me to say so, but the position I now hold is not of my own seeking, but is one I owe to the favorable consideration of my friends in the country and in the profession, and especially to an old and valued friend who for nearly a quarter of a century has represented Westmorland in Parliament. I trust I shall always discharge my duties so that I will do no discredit to him, or to the profession and Bench of our Province.

A TEMPERANCE DEMONSTRATION on a grand scale takes place at Fort Cumberland early next month. True Reform Lodge, I. O. G. T., of this place, has moved in the matter, and all the other Temperance organizations in the County are expected to participate. The Railway authorities will grant return tickets at one fare from all points in this Province and as far east as Athol. Hon. Neal Dow, the Prohibitory champion of Maine, and other Temperance celebrities, are expected to speak on the occasion.

THE CROPS.—The rains for the past two weeks have improved the prospects of the crops greatly in this vicinity. The grain crops are reported a full average. English grass will be about a two-thirds crop; broadleaf is promising. The absence of any rain of consequence in June checked the growth of the grass crops, from which they have not recovered. Hay-making operations have commenced.

SIR HUGH ALLAN is at Halifax.

Temperance Movement.

The N. Y. police are enforcing the law that only ale or beer can be sold except at Inns or Hotels. The "Red Ribbon" movement in Ontario is marching on. All the larger towns have from hundreds to thousands belonging to it, and everywhere on the streets the emblem of the button-hole is to be met with. Dr. Mackenzie, Sup't. of the Appleton House for Inebriates at Needham Mass., and Mrs. Goff have engaged in a Temperance revival at Halifax. About one thousand have been enrolled. The Halifax papers contain lengthy accounts of the reform. Eight Lodges I. O. G. T. have recently been organized in Nova Scotia.

The Free Will Baptists of New Hampshire have officially declared against fermented wine at the Convention.

In Wyoming Territory, women's rights prevail. Mrs. Julia Wheeler, a Justice of the Peace there, and lately her husband was brought before her for being drunk; she sentenced him to six months imprisonment.

Sixteen thousand Hindoos (heathens, by the way) have petitioned the government to close up the liquor shops where the sentiment of the people is strongly opposed to them, and especially near the schools and temples. They recount that they have observed with anxiety that the higher classes, as they have fallen under the influence of Western civilization, have become addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors. Wherever, the nation, before English aggression, was noted for its sobriety.

It is stated that there is a decided anti-liquor movement in progress in Russia at present, emanating from the peasantry. The liquor traffic has been placed under close restrictions in some parts of the country, and in one district nearly all the liquor shops have been closed up.

It has been stated that the temperance reform, now so actively prosecuted in England, owes its life to Cardinal Manning, who, though an aged man, has thrown himself with his whole energy into the work. The Catholic population are responding to his appeals, while the Anglican clergy are aroused in emulation, and the non-conformist bodies are stirred up in their turn.

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Correspondence.

What is Westmorland going to do?

To the Editor of Chignecto Post.

DEAR SIR:—You have hitherto shown yourself to be alive to the interests of this County, and have given expression to your sentiments on all public questions,—being generally among the first to direct the attention of the public to political matters in which they have an interest. One matter upon which you have not written, to the surprise of many of your friends, is "What is Westmorland going to do at the approaching election for the Dominion Parliament?"

Time is not very far distant when the present Parliament will die a natural death, and from the active political canvass going on in Ontario and other indications, it is highly probable that we may wake up some morning and find that Parliament is dissolved and an election forced upon us unprepared and without notice. The apathy which at present exists would indicate that the County would accept the situation and return the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, by a show of hands; were an election now to take place that he would be re-elected almost without doubt, and the County would thus ratify the policy of the Mackenzie Government in all its arts of omission and commission.

Of course, if the County is prepared intelligently to sustain the Government which backed the Bay Verte Canal, and refused the slightest assistance to the Cape Tormentine Railway, which sustains the notorious Brevins in journeying through the country in his \$20,000 car, while you on all but express trains, are compelled to travel in second class cars or filthy conductors' pews; a government which subverted your member, and who would not be given to sustain this Brevins; a Government who to June spent \$6,000,000 in surveys for the Pacific Railway, and increased the Government expenses beyond all reason, it may do so, but let the County first discuss this and other matters, and give an intelligent decision upon them. We are told that eternal vigilance is the price of freedom, and whatever answer the old County of Westmorland makes to the enquiry of what she will do, that answer should be given without consideration, and the Post is looked to to place facts and faults before the people and discuss the political situation of the Dominion, so that their duties in the election, which cannot be a great way off and which may come upon us without moment's notice, may be worthy of a free and intelligent constituency.

Yours truly,

W. H. WATKIN.

Judge Duff and the Grand Jury.

To the Editor of Chignecto Post.

MR. EDITOR, SIR:—You are aware that Grand Jurors are taken from different sections of the county, with one or two exceptions, and are selected as representing the most intelligent and wealthy of the people, so that an address from that body may generally be taken as reflecting the opinion of the County at large. On Tuesday, presented a congratulatory address to Judge Duff—on the occasion of his first presiding in the Supreme Court, and expressing the opinion of the whole County that every confidence was placed in his integrity and legal knowledge. This Judge Duff acknowledged, and had he stopped there every person would have been delighted at the handsome manner in which it was done, but Judge Duff unfortunately went further, and made the mistake of taking advantage of the occasion to make political references which were not only out of place, but offensive to many if not a majority of the Grand Jury. Most certainly, when presenting their Address, the Grand Jury never dreamed that in the reply to it, they were to be treated with an enigma on the political career of the Hon. A. J. Smith, and told by Judge Duff that he hoped his conduct on the Bench would be such as to give credit to the name of the Hon. A. J. Smith. Had Judge Duff reflected but one moment, he would have felt the impropriety of his introducing in his reply to men of all shades of political feeling, a subject which, if agreeable to any, was by no means agreeable to the majority. Judge Duff never has been in politics; he had ever been a politician, he never would have entered upon a topic which in view of the approaching general election, must have been talked of by every man, woman and child. It was not only unfortunate that Judge Duff should have been called upon to decide in a judicial capacity not only Mr. A. J. Smith's right to a seat in Parliament, but whether he had not disqualified himself from representing Westmorland for seven years. If a Judge can enigmatize one politician from the judicial seat, he or any other Judge may denounce another, and thus a course pursued which would destroy the high character that the Supreme Court has secured.

The people are jealous of the high character of the Supreme Court; the Judges have hitherto maintained, and deservedly so, a high character for freedom from outside influences, and while the Grand Jury recently stated the high estimate in which Judge Duff is held in this County, it is a pity that Judge Duff volunteered his opinion upon the career of a leading politician, and treated of matters unequalled for.

Yours etc.,

A GRAND JUROR.

Dorchester, July 24, 1877.

To the Editor of Chignecto Post.

DEAR SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of the copy of the I. C. R. at Moncton, has lately bulletined a proclamation that no Brakeman shall be promoted to a Conductorship; which stands in about the same category as the old cry "Irish need apply." This is a testimonial to that oft-mentioned principle of his superior at Montreal, "that offices should be filled by a regular system of pro-

motion," thereby securing greater efficiency. The frequent collisions on the Road, culminating in that at Oxford, so disgusted this worthy gentleman that he lost all confidence in his own appointments. There was a time when he could and did take shelter behind the cry of "oh! it was a political appointment," but that is played out. Be it known that Conductor Ralston, a man who acknowledges that he never coupled two freight cars, was promoted by the Superintendent from Baggage Master of an Express train, only about three weeks previously. To at once give effect to his new routine, he has elevated three outside men for whom I have every respect) to Conductorship of Freight trains over the heads of men equally as good as men, and far superior in point of qualification—men who had grown up in the Brakeman's career in the same line for promotion—not only so, but at the very time when these men were appointed, Conductor Davidson, who has been running all kinds of special trains for some two years, was told to either take the Coal train or go back to work, as there was nothing else for him to do." He chose the former, and after running it two days was ordered to Truro to play the part of Milverton.

It is said his persistent efforts to displace Conductors Berry and Miller was to make room for friends. Even after Mr. Bridges had investigated them, he tried to "bounce" the latter, but was told he had nothing to say in the matter. Another case is related where he refused to allow an officer to see Mr. Bridges in order to lay his case personally before him, but the man wrote to Mr. B. the circumstances and was granted an audience. Thus this self-assumed gentleman has been curiously snubbed and it is to be hoped it will not be all lost on him.

Here we have the sorry spectacle of a Superintendent of the Grand Trunk, whose dealings with his men are largely tinged with insincerity and personal feeling, and whose judgment must naturally be warped thereby—whom few officers respect and whose word passes current from River du Loup to Halifax and St. John on a par with Sitting Bull's at the war office at Washington. He is a man wholly destitute of administrative ability, who spends most of his time traveling on the trains instead of at his office and who draws an enormous salary from the people's pockets—out of all proportion to the services rendered, and the salaries of the heads of other departments. I am entirely mistaken in the spirit of the employees and their friends if they do not have him removed from their midst, or the men from power, who keeps him there. More anon.

ANGUS.

Commercial.

The reports of the coming harvest are somewhat more satisfactory than they were two or three weeks ago, and the impression that the result will be a good average crop.

The fall wheat crop, will be unusually good if the weather for harvesting it is propitious. Whilst the spring wheat also looks well it is too early to speak definitely of the result of this crop. The near approach of harvest the more confidence is inspired in trade, but at the same time there is little business being done at present, and little is looked for until the beginning of August.—*Montreal Witness*.

N. Y. BEER MARKET.—The average price of beer during the past three months was a shade less than 11 1/2 cts., as against about 9 1/2 cts., same time last year. The 1 1/2 cts. advance will, of course, be attributed to the shipping demand, which has made luridly into the beer trade. It will be noticed that the great bulk of the trade was from 11c to 12c, with quite a number of 12 1/2 cts. and even 13c, but they were very few. The trade was very slow but prices were kept up.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. H. J. Clarke, the successor of Rev. Mr. Steel, has arrived here and will preach (D.V.) on Sabbath next at Grand Avenue 103 a. m. Rockport at 8 p. m., and at Westport at 7 p. m. Previously to leaving Pleasant Valley, P. E. I., the rev. gentleman was presented with a complimentary address and a purse of money by his congregation. The address and reply, published in the *Charlottetown Argus*, of 24th inst., are crowded out.

MR. DRYGAS has been kept pretty busy at Moncton investigating irregularities. A number of conductors who have been in the habit of passing loose women over the line have been brought to their bearings. Alleged irregularities in the books at Point du Chene Station are also receiving attention. So long as the General Manager is permitted to live hundreds of miles away from where his duties have to be discharged, there can be no other result than irregularities on the part of subordinates.

THE Toledo Blade has the following:—The crop now being harvested is the largest the country ever had. The average of wheat is largely in excess of any since the settlement of the country, and the yield per acre is infinitely greater. In Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, and in fact all the wheat-growing States the average will not be much below 25 bushels to the acre. To put it at 20 would be entirely safe. Hay is magnificent, and has been secured in the very best condition.

LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES state that order has been restored at Pittsburgh, but that the movement is extending to Western roads, many of which are in the hands of the strikers, and travel is suspended.

THE War along the Balkans is proceeding adversely to the Turks. Kouf Pasha has been defeated at Eski Sagha with 15,000 loss. England is arming.

CARRIAGES CHEAP!

1 Double Seat "Beech" Wagon, Made by CAMPBELL, New.

1 Second-hand Single Seat CARRIAGE.

TERMS LIBERAL. APPLY TO

J. L. Black.

Ex Barque "Geddis,"

FROM LIVERPOOL.—

13 CASKS and CASKS CROCKERY and CHINAWARE. The largest assortment ever offered in this City. Call and examine.

J. L. Black.

Cheap Flour.

100 BLS. CHOICE FLOUR—

prices greatly reduced, viz: from \$9.00 to \$8.50.

J. L. Black.

CORN MEAL!

150 barrels CORN MEAL, CHEAP.

J. L. Black.

Carriage Wood

Direct Importation from Kentucky, and of superior quality to any offered in this market.

CARRIAGE A SULKY WHEEL RIMS, SPOKES and SHAFTS.

Genuine Second-growth Hickory.

For sale by

J. L. Black.

Wall Paper!

Just Received from Glasgow, the completion of our Importation:

4 Bales, containing 2,500 Rolls Choice Pattern Paper.

Price from 6 cts. to 40 cts. per Roll.

On account of being late, extra bargains may be had.

J. L. Black.

Ex Schr. "Wild Hunter," from New York.

100 BLS. "Brandywine" CORN MEAL.

75 tons SUP. COAL—Gros to size; 30 " EGG COAL, for Furnaces.

For sale at very lowest rates from vessel.

J. L. Black.

Nails! Nails!

ONE HUNDRED KECS "Foster's" CUT NAILS.

35 kecs CANADIAN (Chisel Point) Cut Nails; 25 kecs HORSE NAILS.

For sale very low by

J. L. Black.

DRY GOODS!

3 cases American Cotton Goods

104 PIECES FANCY PRINTS.

WHITE COTTONS; GREY COTTONS; DUCKS; TICKINGS; SHIRTINGS, &c.

The best value ever shown in this line.

J. L. Black.

Ex schr. "Alice S." from Boston:

3 CASES DASHIER & ENAMELED LEATHER;

2 cases ENAMELED DUCK & DRILL; 1 " WHIP RUCKETS, WHEELS, and Carriage Hardware;

9 cases GENERAL HARDWARE; 1 case DO; 19 dozen PAIRS; 8 cases WOOD and WIRE GOODS;

8000 lbs. Dry & Tanned Sheathing Paper; 2 cases FLOOR OIL CLOTH; 4 pkgs. FANCY BASKETS.

For sale by

J. L. Black.

PINE LUMBER!

30,000 ft. Seasoned PINE LUMBER, 1, 1 1/2, 1 3/4, 2 and 3 inches thick.

For sale by

J. L. Black.

Spring Stock!

BOOTS AND SHOES.

10 Cases containing:

120 PAIRS Men's Strong Boots; 35 prs Long-Leg'd Gaiters (Leather Boots);

4 doz. prs. Men's Congress and Wellington Boots;

4 doz. prs. Youth's and Boy's do;

10 doz. prs. Women's and Misses' Leather Boots;

80 doz. prs. Ladies' & Misses' Serge and Fine Leather Boots and Slippers—Serge Boots 75c. to \$9.00;

10 doz. prs. Children's & Infants' Shoes. This comprises the finest assortment ever offered our customers. For sale by

J. L. Black.

Advertisements This Day.

DRESS-MAKING

AND MILLINERY!

THE SUBSCRIBER wishes to intimate to the ladies of Sackville and vicinity that he has added to his business a Dress-Making and Millinery department, each branch of which is under the supervision of a competent person, having had experience in first-class establishments in St. John. A good stock of DRESS GOODS and MILLINERY will be kept, which will be made up in Fashionable Styles and at reasonable prices.

Ex Patrons respectfully solicit.

July 26 J. F. ALLISON.

NOTICE

THE GRASS on the SCHOOL LANDS will be sold at Public Auction, TO-MORROW, (Friday) the 27th inst. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, a. m., on the "Brownell" lot, (so called).

THOS. ANDERSON, School Titular Clerk, Sackville, July 26th, 1877—11

Sackville Rural Cemetery.

ON MONDAY NEXT, at 6 p. m., will be set at Public Auction, on the premises—

REPAIRING and WHITEWASHING the Cemetery Fence; GRAVING WALKS and OTHER JOBS.

Dated 26th July, 1877.

By order of Directors.

W. C. MILLNER, Secretary.

July 26 11

NOTICE.

I SHALL BE ABSENT FROM SACKVILLE for a time.

C. A. ANDERSON, District.

Sackville, July 26th,

NEW GOODS.

Received per Steamer from Glasgow:

Dress Goods,

In all the latest Shades.

LUSTRES,

COBURGS, SHAWLS, FLANNELS,

Whose, (Twilled and Plain); Mantles, Corsets, Scarfs, Grey and White Cotton, &c., &c., &c.

COATINGS,

In Blue, Black and Brown Beavers; Basket-Cloths and Napp-Cloths.

The above Goods will be disposed of very low for cash or its equivalent. Purchasers will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.

Dickson & Patterson

no 2

NEW GOODS.

AT THE

Sackville Drug Store.

In Toilet Articles.

SUPERIOR HAIR BRUSHES (at moderate prices), Cloth Brushes, Tooth and Nail Brushes (a good stock), Dressing and Fine Combs, Choice Perfumes, Nourish and Toilet Powders, Hair Oils, Hair Dyes, Hair Vigors, &c., Vanishing Soap, Toilet Soap, Silver Soap, and Eucalypti (for removing grease spots, &c.), &c.

In Medical Preparations.

THE Syrup of Phosphates (a superior Tonic), Campbell's Quinine Wine, Elixir of Beef, Pure Norway Cod Liver Oil and Campbell's Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphates (a superior remedy for all consumptive tendencies), &c.

Patent Medicines.

CLARK'S World-Pain Blood Mixture, Felt's Hypophosphates, Prussian Syrup, Thomas' Electric Oil, Seven Seal's Eucalypti, Chamberlain's Remedy, Ayer's, Hays' and Chamberlain's Sarsaparilla, Cough Mixture, Liniments, Pills, Ointments, &c., (a variety).

SUNDRIES.

ROYAL FOOD for Infants, Durham's Spice for Horseradish and Cattle, Confection Powders, Preserved Hops, Castor Oil, Olive Oil, Meat's Fat (in bottle or bulk), Leasing's Essence, British Oil, Oil of Spike, Pettit's Eye Salve, French Dressing (for boots and shoes), Furniture Polish, Nursing Bottles, Enemas, Cement, Sponges, Herrick's Plaster, Toron's Plaster, Aniline Ink, Mucilage, Marking Ink, Alcohol, Turpentine, Bay Rum, Ulycerine, Thermometers, Dominoes, &c.

A Good Stock Confectionery.

APPLES, ORANGES, LEMONS, Etc.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded.

A. DIXON, Druggist.

dec12

\$54.30 PER WEEK AT HOME.

Samples and Watch Free to all. Address,

MONTREAL NOVELTY CO.,

230 St. James Street, Montreal, P. Q.

may 10-17

Farm for Sale.

FARM containing 50 Acres improved cultivated land, and Half Lot Woodland, upon which, in most convenient situation, are Buildings, namely: Large Two-story House; Barn 30x40; Clover Shed 18x12; Woodhouse, &c., all near house as necessary. Two wells; several springs in field. All situated in Lockport, Westmorland County, N. B.

Terms easy.

J. C. COLE, jun 29

READY

AT THE

Oxford Woolen Mills!

5000 lbs. YARN—Best Quality.

20,000 yards CLOTH.

In Tweeds, Homespuns, Flannels, Blankets, Shirtings and Woollen wear, of our own manufacture, to exchange for Wool.

OXFORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Oxford, May 17, 1877.

P. S.—Highest price in Cash paid for Wool.

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED:

SOME NEW & ELEGANT DESIGNS

—IN—

SILVERWARE,

Triple Plate, Cake Baskets, Fruit Dishes, Butter Dishes, Casters, &c., &c.

Forks and Spoons.

Another lot of those Solid Steel Handle Silver-Plated Dessert & Dinner KNIVES the best in the market. I don't require any Patent Knife-Scorer to keep them clean.

D. R. McELMON, no 1

C. & E. EVERETT

HAVE opened their RETAIL HAT & CAP STORE, at 55 GERMANTOWN, three doors North of King-street. Their Wholesale Rooms are in McDougall's new Brick Building, immediately opposite their Retail Store.

Having saved a large stock of goods from the flames they will be prepared to serve customers in a few days.

C. & E. EVERETT, St. John, N. B., June 28.

Germantown

Parks' Cotton Yarns.

AWARDED the only medal given for COTTON YARNS of Canadian manufacture, at the

CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

Nos. 5's to 10's.

WHITE, BLUE, RED, ORANGE AND GREEN.

Warranted full length and weight.

Stronger and better than any other Yarn in the market.

COTTON CARPET WARP.

No. 12's & 14's in all Colors.

Warranted fast.

WILLIAM PARKS & SON, New Brunswick Cotton Mills.

may 24 St. John, N. B.

Special Notice.

THE SUBSCRIBER, in order to meet the rapidly increasing demand for his

Larragins and Moccasins,

is about to discontinue the manufacture of Leather entirely, close up his Retail business, and give his undivided attention to the manufacture of the above articles which, in future, he will sell at Wholesale only.

NOTICE

is hereby given, that all ACCOUNTS due him in connection with the Retail trade, must be paid before the 1st day of June, or they will be placed in the hands of a collector.

JAMES R. AYER, (may 3)

Sackville, May 3, 1877.

STRAW GOODS!

LADIES STRAW HATS & BONNETS; Ladies' Trench and Chip Hats & Bonnets; THE NEW WING SIDE HAT; THE NEW DROOPING HATS; The latest novelties in High Crown Hats; Elegant French Flowers, in all the newest tints; HANDSOME FEATHERS AND FEATHER TRIMMINGS, in all the most fashionable styles. Wholesale and Retail.

MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON, & ALLISON, may 17

St. John, N. B.

Farm for Sale.

A PART of the PORT MONROE FARM, consisting of 150 Acres, with Dwelling House and Barn thereon, in lots of 50 Acres more or less; also, 6 Acres of MARSH and 6 Acres of INTERVAL, more or less. If not disposed of before TUESDAY, the 11th day of September next, will be offered at Public Auction, at 2 o'clock, p. m.

Terms of Sale: One-quarter on sale; the balance in six months.

For further particulars apply to JACOB SILLIKER, at Port Monro, or to the subscriber at Sackville.

E. W. OUDEN, Sackville, June 26th, 1877.

WE WILL

mail one and one-half dozen of the most beautiful new Chromos, in French oil colors, or 20 cents, \$1.00. They are mounted & 10 black enamel and gold mats, oval opening, and outlast any other now before the public. Satisfaction guaranteed. Two copies for 25 cents, or six for 60 cents. Send 10 cents for grand illustrated catalogue, with Chromo of Montreal, and one of 20 cents for two Landscapes and Calli Lilies, on black ground. W. H. HOPE, 26 Bleury Street, Montreal, Quebec, Canada. Engravings and Art works.

A FORTUNE.

July 19

PULLMAN PALATIAL HOTEL CARS.

These Celebrated Hotel Dining Cars are now running regularly between Chicago and Omaha, on the California Express.

Trains of the Chicago & North-Western Railway. West bound they leave Chicago daily, except Sunday, (and on every third Sunday) from the Wells street depot, at 10:30 a. m., and arrive at Omaha, next morning. East bound, they leave the Transfer depot, opposite Omaha, at 8:15 p. m., daily, except Saturday, (and on every third Saturday) and reach Chicago the next afternoon.

No other road west of Chicago runs these celebrated Pullman Hotel Cars or any form of Hotel Cars. (July 4)

For 50 Cents we will send to your address, 1 elegant Gent's Watch Chain with Seal, 1 pair Silver Buttons, 1 set Silver Knives, 1 Collar Button, 1 heavy plain Ring, 1 Parisian diamond Pin. Retail price \$5. \$10.00 stock must be sold. Illustrated catalogue of jewelry, watches, &c., sent with every lot. Silver Watch, good time keeper, \$4. Watch free to all agents.

MONTREAL NOVELTY CO., Importers, Montreal, P. Q.

Valuable Estate for Sale

THE Subscriber is authorized to negotiate the sale of a valuable property, situated in a central, public and business part of Sackville. It consists of a handsome well-finished House, in good order, with suitable Outbuildings, including a Garden and several acres of cultivated Land attached. It is in the neighborhood of the Railway Station, the Telegraph office, and Mount Allison, and is a desirable property, either as a residence for a gentleman, or for an active business man.

Further particulars made known on application to CHRIS. MILNE, Barrister.

Sackville, June 27th, 1877. (d tel g)

HARDWARE.

Are re-established on the

Marker Square, near Dock Street,

JULY 12 ST. JOHN, N. B.

A. & T. GILMOUR

will open in a few days, in

FINLEY'S BUILDING, (GOLDEN BALL CORNER.)

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Where they will be pleased to wait upon the public and their numerous friends and former customers.

July 12

CIRCULAR!

ST. JOHN, N. B., July 2nd, 1877.

WE are happy to inform our numerous friends that notwithstanding the late disastrous fire, which totally destroyed our Warehouse and Manufactory, we have

Re-opened at No. 21 King Street,

and are prepared to meet our customers with a full assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Clothing, etc., etc.

Our buyers have left for the ENGLISH and AMERICAN MARKETS, and from their known capabilities our customers may depend upon having a well-chosen Stock to select from.

We would respectfully request you not to place your orders for

FALL CLOTHING

elsewhere, as we are in a position to complete the most ACCURATE and MODERATE PRICES.

We hope within two months to once more meet you in our New Building, now undergoing erection, on Canterbury street.

Yours respectfully,

T. R. JONES & CO.

July 12-31

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

ON and after MONDAY, the 7th inst., Express Trains will pass Sackville, as follows:

At 1.37 p. m., for Halifax and points East.

At 3.27 a. m., " " " " " " " "

At 5.15 p. m., " " " " " " " "

At 12.05 a. m., " " " " " " " "

The Express Train for Riviere Du Loup, which connects with the Night Express trains from St. John and Halifax, does not leave Sackville on Sunday morning but on Monday.

C. J. BLYDE, Gen. Supt. Govt. Railways.

Railway Office, Montreal, } may 10

Prince Edward Island Steamers.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

STEAMERS leave Sackville every day (Sundays excepted) on arrival of day train from St. John, for Summerside, connect there without delay with train for Charlottetown. Also, on Saturdays, for Charlottetown every Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock. Returning—leaves Summerside every morning, except Sunday, on arrival of morning train from Charlottetown.

Leave Charlottetown for Pictou every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, at 5 o'clock, connecting there at 10 a. m., with train for Halifax.

Leave Pictou every Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday, about 2.30 p. m., on arrival of evening train from Halifax.

Leave Pictou for Halifax every Monday and Thursday, on arrival of morning train from Halifax, connecting there at 10 a. m., with train for St. John, and to and from Sydney and Bras d'Or Lake.

F. W. HALES, Charlottetown, May 25, 1877. [June 21]

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

For Scrofula, and all skin diseases, Erysipelas, Eczema, or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin. Cleanses the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blisters, Tumors, &c. Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Head, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Spleen and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhoea, arising from internal ulceration, and Uterine diseases, Syphilis and Mercurial diseases, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Emaciation, General Debility, and for Purifying the Blood.

This Sarsaparilla is a combination of vegetable alternatives—Stillingia, Mandrake, Yellow Dock—with the lodide of Potassium and Iron, and is the most efficacious medicine yet known for the diseases it is intended to cure.

Its ingredients are so skillfully combined, that the full alternative effect of each is assured, and while it is so mild as to be harmless even to children, it is still so effectual as to purge out from the system those impurities and corruptions which develop into loathsome disease.

The reputation enjoyed is derived from its cures, and the confidence which physicians all over the country place in it, prove their experience of its usefulness.

Certificates attesting its virtues have accumulated, and are constantly being received, and as many of these cases are well known, they furnish convincing evidence of the superiority of this Sarsaparilla over every other alternative medicine. So generally is its superiority to any other medicine known, that we need do no more than to assure the public that the best qualities it has ever possessed are strictly maintained.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists, SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Earthenware!

MILK PANS; CREAM CROCKS; BUTTER CROCKS; PRESERVE CROCKS; FLOWER POTTS; MOLASSES JUGS.

For sale low.

J. F. ALLISON.

Butter Firkins!

IN STORE—100 good BUTTER FIRKINS. For sale low.

J. F. ALLISON.

The Squillthau of Skibbereen.

A SUGGESTION FOR SOCIALLY.

Of all the noble parties that average poor Ireland's wrong,

Where fame has been the frequent theme,

There was never neither rapscall nor gormon or spalpeen

Lake Phelim M'Keen O'Doolan, the Squillthau of Skibbereen.

When the peasantry assembled at a wedding, wake or fair,

With his bottle and his blackthorn he was certain to be there.

In all the fights and frolics of the country he'd engage;

But description is superfluous—you've seen him on the stage.

All that was more diversion just his leisure to beguile;

When business wasn't pressing he'd enjoy himself in style;

But the object of his mission, into which he threw his soul,

Was to liberate his country from the Saxon's base control.

When the agent or the bailiff on his fustian errand went,

To wrong a noble peasant by base demands of rent,

The Squillthau, with his gun behind a hedge would lie in wait,

And neatly put a bullet through his despotic pate.

Which made him highly popular through all the country round;

The people aware that Ireland's deliverer was found,

And said who next the Fenians took the wearing of the green,

The man to lead them on was the Squillthau of Skibbereen.

"Go tell Lord Ennisheerthy," the blooming girl replied,

"That I, Kathleen McMilligan, would scorn to be his bride;

Till myself to-morrow mornin' I'll be a bride to a man,

Whom I'll inform and have ye hang'd, I will be bold Squillthau."

With clouded brow the agent left the widow's humble cot;

He wasn't gone three minutes when the neighbors heard a shot.

"Oh, Phelim, dear, avick machree, you're dead!" said a woman,

And the Squillthau said, in cheerful tones, "I've tumbled him, bedad."

"Oh!" quoth Shawn McInerthy, who lay concealed close by,

"This man imported from any corner—no use for me to try;

But I'll have vengeance for his insolence avick machree,"

Sure, I'll inform and have ye hang'd, I will be bold Squillthau."

A British regiment of foot with cannon and dragoons,

Six regiments of Lodges with their bands advancing in play-tons;

A large constabulary force—the minions of the law;—

Are marching in converging lines to hunt the Squillthau down.

He heard the bugle and the drum—he saw the dread array;

"Sure am I not in life or death your coming here—'t's time I was away!"

"Avick machree, you go, oh! who'll be here poor Och, mia murder arrasthree!" or words to that effect.

"Och, Phelim, take me will ye, dear, whatever may befall,"

Sure am I not in life or death your own, your faithful bride?"

He caught her in his brawny arms—with lusty lips he kissed her;

To where the devoted mountain path to life and safety led.

What tall and frowning battlement appearing on the right,

Looms up with grim portentousness in the uncertain light?

Tis Ennisheerthy Castle where that haughty lord has his abode;

And nearer on the evening breeze the martial music swells.

"Oh, Phelim, cries the fainting girl, 'twere vain to flee the foe,"

He's got a sign-board up, dyed mind, with 'Treasoners Beware!'"

"Och, Phelim, take me will ye, dear, whatever may befall,"

Sure am I not in life or death your own, your faithful bride?"

A private postern door, concealed by alderbush and rocks,

She woke up from her swoon, within a twinkling of an eye;

"Ochone, ochone, where am I now?" she shrieked in wild dismay;

"Avick machree, 'twere vain to flee the foe,"

"Oh! where is he? where is he? Avick machree, you go, oh! who'll be here poor Och, mia murder arrasthree!" or words to that effect.

What a scene the apartment now with proud and haughty lord!

He hasn't Phelim's staidy beard, nor Phelim's ruddy head;

His locks are as set as Phelim's wing—and yet those eyes, that nose!

But where on earth would Phelim get a such a handsome nose?

"Come to me, my dear, my dear!" "Avick machree, you go, oh! who'll be here poor Och, mia murder arrasthree!" or words to that effect.

"I am Lord Ennisheerthy in my own ancestral hall,"

No longer Phelim, but the Squillthau—twas but a name disguise!

To join in the diversions of the colleens at the bye.

I came here from the Continent a year or two ago,

An' after the Parisian life I found it mighty dull;

So I took to shootin' ballists—I'd a grudge at 'em, dy'e see,

For the way the devils rogued me when I was at the bye.

Just then the soldiers entered to report a fruitless chase.

Near by, they said, they'd lost his track, and found him here;

So in hilarious revelry they passed the hours till morn.

And his lordship hoped at parting they might capture the Squillthau.

Tableau! My lord and lady to the foot-lights now advance,

In the rear the happy tenantry engaging in a dance.

"And ever shall I bless the day I met my own Kathleen,"

Father Rooney gives his blessing—certain falls upon the scene.

MOLLY MONROE, "The Arizona Amazon," has gone mad. She was a freckled courtesan of daring character, who used to accompany all the leading actors against the Apaches, dressed in buckskin shirt and pants and armed with a Henry rifle, two six-shooters and a bowie knife, and holding her own heroically in a fight.

"I discovered her wickedness," says her enthusiastic biographer, "she was a visiting angel." She was of Eastern birth and good education, was seduced and deserted by her lover and so took to the wilds of Arizona, where excitement, dissipation, drink and gambling soon sold their tale upon her, morally, mentally and physically.

A FACTORY is now in operation at Davenport, Iowa, for the making of sugar from corn, the first in this country. This sugar is the same as maple sugar, or is chemically known as glucose, pure maple sugar, grape sugar and glucose being one and the same thing. The demand for the article by confectioners alone in the United States is immense, and its manufacture has fair to become of immense importance.

ROBINSON'S PHOSPHORISED EXTRACT OF COD LIVER OIL, with Lactio Phosphate of Lime, is for sale in Sackville by A. Dixon. Price, \$1 per bottle; 10 bottles for \$5.

A DISAPPOINTED LOVER KILLS HIMSELF.

Daniel Wheeler and Miss Adams, both of Fayston, were about to be married, and when going for the purpose to the States, they waited a few days until the expected bride would be eighteen years old.

Miss Adams was living in the family of Frank Green, where she was so strongly advised to break the engagement that when Wheeler called upon her, recently, she gave him his letters, rings, etc., and told him to consider all marriage arrangements at an end. He replied that as she was the only friend he had, he did not care to live, and should kill himself. She advised him to wait and she would see him again. Wheeler went home and told his folks that he was in his right mind and had fully determined not to live any longer, and they watched him all that night.

In the morning he went out to one of the neighbors, an uncle, and taking a double-barrelled shot gun, went into the woods and shot himself. It appears that he placed the breach of the gun against a tree and managed to discharge both barrels at once, with a hooked stick holding a large hole through his body, and completely tearing out his heart. Miss Adams followed as first mourner at the funeral, and now says she will kill herself.—St. Albans Messenger, V.

An Ottawa (Ontario) tailor has discovered a new way to make his patrons pay old debts. He had eight out of seventeen suits left

AUGUST