

THE  
**SAINT JOHN ALMANACK,**  
OR  
NEW-BRUNSWICK  
**FARMER'S CALENDAR,**  
FOR  
**1832,**  
BEING BISSEXTILE OR LEAP YEAR.

calculated for the Meridian of Saint John, but will serve for  
any other part of the Province.



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SAINT JOHN, N. B.





**BLIC.**

# ECLIPSES IN THE YEAR 1832.

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1st, the Sun eclipsed invi- le at St. John, 6 at 5h. 4m. aft.	Beginning of eclipse 7h. 42m. m Visible Conjunction 8h. 25' Greatest obscur. 8h. 29 1/2' End of the eclipse 9h. 21'
Latitude 1' 55" North.	Digits eclipsed 3 3/4 on ☉ south- ern limb.
27th, the Sun eclipsed vi- ble at St. John.	
5th, the Planet Mercury passes over the Sun's disk partly visible at St. John.	
Timing of Transit,	4h. 38 1/2 morn.
☿ of ☿'s nearest approach to ☉'s centre,	8h. 4 1/2
of Transit,	11h. 30'

## MORNING AND EVENING STARS.

us ☿ will be morning Star July 27th, then evening Star the rest of the year.	Jupiter ♃ will be evening Star to Feb. 24th, then morning Star to Sept. 16th, then even- ing Star the rest of the year-
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## PLANETS AND THEIR RELATIONS.

The Sun..	♂ Mars.	♄ Opposition.
The Earth.	♃ Jupiter	☾ Quadrature.
The Moon.	♄ Saturn.	♂ Ascending node.
Mercury.	♄ Georgian	♄ Descending node.
Venus.	♂ Conjunction.	

## SIGNS OF THE ZODIAC.

Aries, head.	♈ Leo, heart.	♐ Sagittarius, thigh.
Taurus, neck.	♍ Virgo, belly.	♑ Capricornus, knee.
Gemini, arms.	♎ Libra, reins.	♒ Aquarius, legs.
Cancer, breast.	♏ Scorpio secrets.	♊ Pisces, feet.

## CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES, EPOCH, &c.

Minical Letters	A. G.	Year of the Mundane Era 5838
ar Cycle or golden num-		Since the discovery of Ame-
er	8	rica 240
et	28	Since the arrival of the Loy-
ar Cycle	81	alists in New-Brunswick. 40
han Indiction	5	Of the Reign of H. M. Wm.
er of the Julian Period 6646		Fourth, to 26th June. 1

## EMBER DAYS.

ch	14,	16 and 17,	September 18,	21 and 22,
e	13,	15 and 16,	December 19,	21 and 22,

1831. JANUARY hath XXXI days.

JAN

IMPROVEMENTS, DISCOVERIES IN ARTS, &

Agriculture introduced, 1600 before Christ.

Algebra, introduced into Europe 1300; in general use

Archdeacon, the first appointed in England, 1075.

Arithmetic, introduced into Europe, from Arabia, 991.

○ New

○ First

● Full

( Last

D. W.	CALENDAR, &c.	R & S H. M. H.	Sun's declin'tn. D. M. S.	Moon South. P. M. H. M.	Rises. M. M.	Placements
1 SU	1st Sunday after Christmas, Cir-	7 42	523 3 22	0 50	m6 3	thighs
2 Mo	[eumcision. ] in apogee.	7 41	522 58 23	1 38	6 56	knees
3 Tu	Sirius, South 11h. 42m. A.	7 41	522 52 56	0 25	sets.	kn.
4 We	♄ ♀ ♀. ♀ Rises 5h. 9m. M.	7 40	522 47 2	1 13	a6 3	legs
5 Th	♄ ♀ ♀. fair and frosty.	7 40	522 40 41	2 0	7 0	le.
6 Fri	Epiphany. ♄ ♀ ♀.	7 39	522 33 53	2 46	8 1	le.
7 Sat	♄ Sets 7h. 34m. A.	7 39	522 26 39	3 32	9 3	feet
8 SU	1st Sunday after Epiphany. Luc.	7 38	522 18 57	4 17	10 6	ft.
9 Mo	Pleiades or 7 Stars South 8h. 15m.	7 37	522 10 50	5 31	11 11	head
10 Tu	Inf. ♄ ♄ ♀. [A.	7 36	522 2 16	5 50	morn.	hd.
11 We	♄ Rises 9h. 4m. A. changeable.	7 36	521 53 17	6 39	0 18	hd.
12 Th	Sirius South 11h. 3m. A. wea.	7 35	521 43 53	7 31	1 28	neck
13 Fri	♄ Sets 4h. 16m. A.	7 34	521 34 2	8 26	2 40	ne.
14 Sat	♀ Rises 4h. 7m. M.	7 33	521 23 47	9 24	3 52	arms
15 SU	2nd Sunday after Epiphany.	7 32	521 13 7	10 26	5 4	ar.
16 Mo	] in perigee. stormy. [a.	7 31	521 2 4	11 28	6 12	breast
17 Tu	Orion's girdle or yard. L. s. 9h 31m	7 30	520 53 35	morn.	rises.	br.
18 We	Prisca. Quite high tides; weather.	7 29	520 38 43	10 30	a6 2	heart
19 Th	♄ sets 6h. 56m. a.	7 28	520 26 28	11 29	7 16	ht.
20 Fri	Fabian. ♄ ♀ ♀. ☉ enters ♀ 7h.	7 27	520 13 50	12 25	8 28	belly
21 Sat	Agnes. ♀ Stationary. [5m. a.	7 26	520 0 48	13 16	9 37	be.
22 SU	3d Sunday after Epiphany. Vin-	7 25	519 47 24	14 5	10 45	reins
23 Mo	♄ stars south 7h. 16m. a. [cent.	7 24	519 33 38	14 51	11 49	re.
24 Tu	♄ rises 4h. 53m. m.	7 23	519 19 31	15 36	morn.	se
25 We	Conversion of St. Paul, snow.	7 22	519 5 2	16 20	0 50	se.
26 Th	♀ rises 4h. 25m. Jenner d, 1823.	7 21	518 50 12	17 5	1 51	se.
27 Fri	Duke of Sussex born.	7 19	518 35 2	17 50	2 50	thighs
28 Sat	yd. L. south 8h. 45m. a. [apogee.	7 18	518 19 30	18 37	3 47	th.
29 SU	4th Sunday after Epiphany. ] in	7 17	518 3 40	19 26	4 42	knees
30 Mo	K. Charles 1st martyr. ♄ ♀ ♀.	7 16	517 47 29	20 12	5 30	kn.
31 Tu	Sirius south 9h. 44m. a.	7 14	517 31 1	21 0	6 15	kn.

XXI days.

JANUARY 1st Month.

1832.

ES IN ARTS, &amp;

Christ.

00; in general use

England, 1075.

from Arabia, 991.

○ New Moon, 2nd day, 10h. 49m. aft.

▷ First Quarter, 10th day, 8h. 26m. aft.

● Full Moon, 17th day, 11h. 29m. morn.

◁ Last Quarter, 24th day, 0h. 39m. aft.

R & S	Sun's declin'n.	moon	●	●'s	high
H. M. H.	D. M. S.	South.	Rises.	place.	water
			H. M.		H. M.
7 42 523	3 22	0 50	m6 3	thighs	10a27
7 41 522	58 23	1 38	6 56	knees	11 5
7 41 522	52 56	0 25	sets.	kn.	11 38
7 40 522	47 2	1 13	a6 3	legs	morn.
7 40 522	40 41	2 0	7 0	le.	0 14
7 39 522	33 53	2 46	8 1	le.	0 47
7 39 522	26 39	3 32	9 3	feet	1 20
7 38 522	18 57	4 17	10 6	ft.	1 55
7 37 522	10 50	5 3	11 11	head	2 32
7 36 522	2 16	5 50	morn.	hd.	3 15
7 36 521	53 17	6 39	0 18	hd.	4 8
7 35 521	43 53	7 31	1 28	neck	5 15
7 34 521	34 2	8 26	2 40	ne.	6 37
7 33 521	23 47	9 24	3 52	arms	7 58
7 32 521	13 7	0 26	5 4	ar.	9 18
7 31 521	2 4	1 28	6 12	breast	10 7
7 30 520	53 35	morn.	rises.	br.	13 58
7 29 520	38 43	0 30	a6 2	heart	11 42
7 28 520	26 28	1 29	7 16	ht.	10 25
7 27 520	13 50	2 25	8 28	belly	1 5
7 26 520	0 48	3 16	9 37	be.	1 41
7 25 519	47 24	4 14	5 10	reins	2 21
7 24 519	33 38	5 14	5 11	re.	3 3
7 23 519	19 31	5 36	morn.	se	3 51
7 22 519	5 2	5 20	0 50	se.	4 47
7 21 518	50 12	7 5	1 51	se.	5 58
7 19 518	35 2	7 50	2 50	thighs	7 7
7 18 518	19 30	8 37	3 47	th.	8 13
7 17 518	3 40	9 26	4 42	knees	9 10
7 16 517	47 29	10 12	5 30	kn.	9 54
7 14 517	31 1	11 0	6 15	kn.	10 35

## JANUARY.

The aggregate population on the surface of the known habitable globe, is estimated at 1,000,000,000 souls. If we reckon with the ancients, that a generation lasts 30 years, then in that space of time, 1,000,000,000 human beings will be born and die; consequently, 33,333,333 must be dropping into eternity every year; 910,493 every day; 3,812 every hour; 63 every minute; or about 1 every second.

"In the midst of life we are in death."

This consideration taken in connection with the absolute uncertainty of who the next victims shall be, should impress upon us a diligent improvement of time and opportunity, for the principal purpose for which life was given. Our duty to God, and a proper concern for the salvation of our souls, are the chief concerns; and if these be duly attended to every other duty to ourselves, to our families, the interest of the community in which we live, the country to which we belong, and to mankind generally, may be expected to follow in due course. We all anxiously desire to live, but we should be still more anxious, so to live as to have performed the part assigned us, that the world may be the better of our having lived in it.

Usefulness, in proportion to talent and opportunity should be the motto with all, and especially with the young. Those who commence in early life, to fill up their station usefully; have the probability of a noble career of usefulness before them. Do the works of the day, in the day. "Whatsoever thine hand findeth to do, do it with thy might."

1832.

## FEBRUARY hath XXIX days.

FEE

Astronomical observations first made at Babylon 2234

Aurora Borealis, or the Northern Lights first observed, M

6, 1715, 18.

Baking of bread invented, 1400 before Christ.

Bible first translated into the Saxon language, 939.

○ New

) First

● Full

◁ Last

D. M.	D. W.	CALENDAR, &c.	R & S H. M. H.	Sun's declin'tn D. M. S.	Moon		place
					South.	Rises.	
					H. M.	H. M.	
1	Wo	☉ eclipsed invisible. 24 sets 6h.	7 13	5 17 14	13 1	11 49	log
2	Th	Purif. of B. V. Mary. [19m. a.	7 12	5 16 57	7 0	10 36	sets.
3	Fri	Blas. ☉ ☽ 24. ☿ greatest Elongation.	7 10	5 16 39	49 1	1 22	sets.
4	Sat	☉ ☽ 24. ☿ greatest Elongation.	7 9	5 16 22	21 1	2 8	sets.
5	Su	5th Sunday after Epiphany.	7 8	5 16 4	41 1	2 55	sets.
6	Mo	☿ rises 4h. 36m. m.	7 6	5 15 45	49 1	3 42	sets.
7	Tu	24 sets 6h. 2m. a.	7 5	5 15 27	18 1	4 29	sets.
8	We	☿ rises 4h. 41m. m.	7 3	5 15 8	32 1	5 19	sets.
9	Th	Sirius south 9h. 7m. a. changeable.	7 2	5 14 49	30 1	6 11	sets.
10	Fri	☿ rises 6h. 51m. a. weather.	7 1	5 14 30	14 1	7 7	sets.
11	Sat	yd. L. south 7h. 49m. a.	6 59	6 14 10	43 1	8 5	sets.
12	Su		6 58	6 13 50	59 1	9 5	sets.
13	Mo	☽ in perigee. Revo. 1688.	6 56	6 13 31	11 1	10 6	sets.
14	Tu	Valentine. fair.	6 55	6 13 10	50 1	11 7	sets.
15	We		6 53	6 12 50	26 1	12 5	sets.
16	Th	7 stars set 1h. 28m. m.	6 52	6 12 29	50 1	13 0	sets.
17	Fri	☉ ☽ 24. ☿ high tides.	6 50	6 12 9	11 1	14 0	sets.
18	Sat	changeable.	6 49	6 11 38	11 1	15 0	sets.
19	Su	Septuagesima Sun. ☉ out. ☿ 9h.	6 47	6 11 26	50 1	16 0	sets.
20	Mo	☿ rises 4h. 30m. m. [41m. m.	6 46	6 11 5	28 1	17 0	sets.
21	Tu	Sirius south 8h. 20m. a.	6 44	6 10 43	56 1	18 0	sets.
22	We		6 43	6 10 22	14 1	19 0	sets.
23	Th	☉ ☽ 24. ☿ rather stormy.	6 41	6 10 0	21 1	20 0	sets.
24	Fri	St. Matthias. Duke Cam. born.	6 39	6 9 38	23 1	21 0	sets.
25	Sat	☽ in apogee. [☉ ☽ 24	6 38	6 9 16	10 1	22 0	sets.
26	Su	Soragesima Sunday. stormy.	6 36	6 8 53	51 1	23 0	sets.
27	Mo	☿ rises 4h. 56m. m.	6 35	6 8 31	25 1	24 0	sets.
28	Tu	☉ ☽ 24. ☿	6 33	6 8 8	52 1	25 0	sets.
29	We	☉ ☽ 24. ☿ yd. L. sets 0h. 38m. m.	6 32	6 7 46	10 1	26 0	sets.



XXIX days.

FEBRUARY 2d Month.

1832.

e at Babylon 2234  
hts first observed, M  
re Christ.  
language, 939.

- New Moon, 1st day, 5h. 51m. aft.
- ☾ First Quarter, 9th day, 6h. 49m. morn.
- Full Moon, 15th day, 10h. 55m. aft.
- ☾ Last Quarter, 23d day, 7h. 59m. morn.

R & S	Sun's		Moon	Rises.	☾'s	high
	declin'tn	South.				
H. M. H. D. M. S.			H. M. H. M.		place.	H M.
7 13 517 14 13		South.	11 49	6 56	legs	11 12
7 12 516 57 7			10 36	sets.	le.	11 47
7 10 516 39 43			1 22	46 47	feet	morn.
7 9 516 22 2			2 8	7 52	ft.	0 21
7 8 516 4 41			2 55	8 58	ft.	0 53
7 6 515 45 49			3 42	10 4	head	1 27
7 5 515 27 18			4 29	11 12	hd.	2 3
7 3 515 8 32			5 19	morn.	neck	2 42
7 2 514 49 30			6 11	0 22	no.	3 32
7 1 514 30 14			7 7	1 31	arms	4 34
6 59 614 10 43			8 5	2 43	ar.	6 1
6 58 613 50 59			9 5	3 50	breast	7 30
6 56 613 31 1			10 6	4 51	br.	8 47
6 55 613 10 50			11 7	5 46	heart	9 49
6 53 612 50 26				morn. rises.	ht.	10 41
6 52 612 29 50			0 4	46 0	belly	11 23
6 50 612 9 1			0 59	7 13	be.	12 40
6 49 611 38 1			1 50	8 22	reius	0 4
6 47 611 26 50			2 39	9 30	re.	1 15
6 46 611 5 28			3 26	10 35	re.	1 50
6 44 610 43 56			4 12	11 38	se.	2 28
6 43 610 22 14			4 58	morn.	se.	3 10
6 41 610 0 21			5 44	0 39	thighs	4 1
6 39 6 9 38 23			6 31	1 38	th.	5 1
6 38 6 9 16 10			7 18	2 33	th.	6 18
6 36 6 8 53 51			8 6	3 24	knees	7 31
6 35 6 8 31 25			8 55	4 12	kn.	8 36
6 33 6 8 8 52			9 43	4 54	legs	9 27
6 32 6 7 46 10			10 32	5 32	le.	10 13

FEBRUARY.

A farmer is, or ought to be, a man of thought and method. Though by a number of our country friends, winter is supposed to be in some sense a time of vacation or relaxation, from that close and arduous labour which is indispensable at other seasons; yet certainly to the thrifty it will never be a time of idleness. The merciful man, will be merciful to his beast. He will look well to the state of his cattle according to the season of the year, their ages, natural habits, and other circumstances. It must afford him pleasure, as well as yield him profit, to see them in a thriving state.

Feed plentifully, but not wastefully, and cattle will bear the rigor of winter much better. The farmer who has raised plenty of potatoes, and who with a prudent hand deals them out daily to horses, oxen, cows, calves, and sheep, will thereby increase the quantity of his hay; and improve the condition and the quality of his cattle.

Unless cattle are well wintered, their growth will be hindered; and cows that are pinched, will not milk well the summer following. There is a great difference in the breed of cattle, but there is also an essential difference even in the same cattle, produced by their feeding. The Gaelic proverb says,—*"it is out of her head the cow drops milk;"* The English of which is,—cows generally, will milk in proportion as they are fed. The summer milking in a great measure depends upon the winter feeding.

Bible into the English language by Tindale & Coverdale, 1534.  
— first translated by the King's authority, 1536.

Bishop of Nova Scotia first appointed, Aug. 11, 1787,

Books, in the present form, invented by Attalas, King  
Pergamus, 887.

○ New  
D First  
● Full  
C Last

D.	M.	CALENDAR, &c.	☉		Sun's		Moon	Rises.	plac
			R & S	declin'tn.	South.	South.			
H.	M.	H.	D.	M.	S.	H.	M.	H.	M.
1	Th	St. David. ☿ ☽ ☿. ☿ ☽ ☽	6	30	6	7	23	22	12
2	Fri	Chad, ☿ ☽ ☽. <i>snow or sleet with</i>	6	29	6	7	0	28	12
3	Sat	☿ rises 4h. 17m. m. <i>high winds.</i>	6	27	6	6	37	28	12
5	SU	Quinquagesima Sunday.	6	25	6	6	14	23	11
5	Mo	Battle of Barossa 1811.	6	24	6	5	51	12	11
6	Tu	Shrove Tuesday.	6	22	6	5	27	58	11
7	We	Ash Wednesday. Perpetua.	6	21	6	5	4	38	11
8	Th	☿ ☽ ☽.	6	19	6	4	41	14	10
9	Fri	☿ rises 4h. 57m. m. <i>milder</i>	6	17	6	4	17	48	10
10	Sat	☽ south 11h. 28m. a. <i>weather.</i>	6	16	6	3	54	17	10
11	SU	1st Sunday in Lent.	6	14	6	3	30	45	10
12	Mo	Gregory Martyr. ☿ ☽ ☽. ☽ in	6	13	6	3	7	10	9
13	Tu	Sirius/south 7h. 2m. a. [perigee.	6	11	6	2	43	33	9
14	We		6	9	6	2	19	55	9
15	Th	☿ ☽ ☽.	6	8	6	1	56	15	9
16	Fri	7 stars set 11h. 35m. a. <i>cold and</i>	6	6	6	1	32	34	8
17	Sat	St. Patrick. <i>rather high tides.</i>	6	5	6	1	8	53	8
18	SU	2nd Sun. in Lent. Edw. King of	6	3	6	0	45	11	8
19	Mo	Sup. ☿ ☽ ☽. [West Saxons.	6	1	6	0	21	29	7
20	Tu	☽ enters ♍ 9h. 37m. m. <i>high</i>	6	0	6				7
21	We	Benedict. <i>winds.</i>	5	58	7	0	25	51	7
22	Th	yd. L. sets 11h. 14m. a.	5	57	7	0	49	31	6
23	Fri	☽ rises 5h. 16m. m.	5	55	7	1	13	9	6
24	Sat	☽ in apogee. <i>snow or cold rains.</i>	5	53	7	1	36	44	6
25	SU	2d Sun. in Lent. Annunc. of B.	5	52	7	2	0	18	6
26	Mo	☿ rises 4h. 50m. m. [V. Mary.	5	50	7	2	23	49	5
27	Tu	☿ ☽ ☽. ☿ ☽ ☽.	5	49	7	2	47	18	5
28	We	Sirius sets 10h. 57m. a.	5	47	7	3	10	43	5
29	Th	☿ ☽ ☽.	5	46	7	3	34	4	4
30	Fri	☽ rises 4h. 54m. m.	5	44	7	3	57	23	4
31	Sat	☽ south 10h. 6m. a.	5	42	7	4	20	36	4

XI days,

MARCH 3d Month.

1832.

ale & Coverdale, 15  
ty, 1536.

Aug. 11, 1787,  
by Attalas, King

- New Moon 2d day, 10h. 50m. morn.
- ▷ First Quarter, 9th day, 2h. 49m. aft.
- Full Moon, 16th day, 10h. 58m. morn.
- ◁ Last Quarter, 24th day, 4h. 17m. morn.

Sun's declin'tn.			Moon's Rises.			Sun's place.			high water		
M. H. D.	M.	S. M.	H. M. H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	place.			H. M.		
South.											
30 6	7 23	22 12	11 19	m 6	6	feet	10A50				
29 6	7 0 28	12 12	10 7	sets.		ft.	11 25				
27 6	6 37 28	12 11	0 54	16 50		ft.	morn.				
25 6	6 14 23	11 11	1 41	7 57		head	0 0				
24 6	5 51 12	11 11	2 29	9 6		hd.	0 34				
22 6	5 27 58	11 11	3 19	10 16		neck	1 8				
21 6	5 4 38	11 11	4 11	11 27		ne.	1 44				
19 6	4 41 14	10 10	5 5	morn.		arms	2 27				
17 6	4 17 48	10 10	6 2	0 36		ar.	3 17				
16 6	3 54 17	10 10	7 0	1 44		breast	4 23				
14 6	3 30 45	10 10	8 0	2 47		br.	5 50				
13 6	3 7 10	9 9	8 58	3 42		heart	7 23				
11 6	2 43 33	9 9	9 55	4 30		ht.	8 40				
9 6	2 19 55	9 9	10 50	5 11		ht.	9 38				
8 6	1 56 15	9 9	11 42	5 47		belly	10 27				
6 6	1 32 34	8 8	morn. rises.			be.	11 8				
5 6	1 8 53	8 8	0 33	17 15		reins	11 44				
3 6	0 45 11	8 8	1 21	8 23		re.	10 20				
1 6	0 21 29	7 7	2 9	9 29		se	0 53				
0 6	North.		2 56	10 32		se.	1 27				
8 7	0 25 51	7 7	3 43	11 33		thighs	2 3				
7 7	0 49 31	6 6	4 30	morn.		th.	2 43				
5 7	1 13 9	6 6	5 18	0 31		th.	3 31				
3 7	1 36 44	6 6	6 6	1 24		knees	4 28				
2 7	2 0 18	6 6	6 54	2 13		kn.	5 40				
0 7	2 23 49	5 5	7 43	2 58		legs	6 57				
9 7	2 47 18	5 5	8 31	3 37		le.	8 5				
7 7	3 10 43	5 5	9 19	4 13		le.	9 2				
6 7	3 34 4	4 4	10 6	4 45		feet	9 49				
4 7	3 57 23	4 4	10 54	5 15		ft.	10 30				
2 7	4 20 36	4 4	11 42	5 43		head	11 8				

MARCH.

All winter business, such as sledging of wood, hay, or fencing stuff, threshing and cleaning of grain, and dressing of flax, should be brought to a close as early in this month as possible. A good farmer may be known by the size of his wood-pile, prepared for summer; by the neat and perfect order in which his grain is cleaned and deposited for safe keeping; and by having his flax less or more, prepared for the hand of the spinner. Grinding grain for the bread of summer, and for sale, can be done to advantage at this time.

Repair fences, ploughs, harrows, carts, chains, &c. &c. and provide plenty of good seeds for your grounds. Every preparation should be made to embrace the first opening of spring to enter upon the business proper to that season. The season for seed time is proverbially short in this climate, therefore all that a prudent forecast can do to make the most of it should be done.

Cattle are liable to fall off without particular care; therefore double your attention to them.

The influence of the sun weakens the ice, which is at best but an uncertain bridge, and through the carelessness, or presumption of drivers, frequently valuable horses, and some times the lives of men are lost, by venturing on it too late in the season.

This is about, if not precisely the time to cut scions for grafting. They should be taken off just as the buds begin to swell, and placed with their lower ends in the ground in a dry part of a cellar till wanted.

1832.

APRIL hath XXX days.

Bridge, the first of stone in England was at Bow, 1067.  
 Calico first imported by the East India Company, 1630.  
 Calicoes were first made in Lancashire, 1772.  
 Chimnies first introduced into buildings in England, 1200.  
 Circuits, Judges of the, first appointed, 1176.

○ New  
 ) First  
 ● Full  
 ( Last  
 ○ New

D. M.	D. W.	CALENDAR, &c.	☉ Sun's					☾ Moon					Sets.	place	
			R & S declin'tn.					Sle							
			H. M. H. D. M. S. M.	H. M. H. D. M. S. M.	H. M. H. D. M. S. M.	H. M. H. D. M. S. M.									
			North.												
1	SU	4th Sun. in Lent. Mid. L. Sun.	5	41	7	4	43	44	3	40	30	17	0	has	
2	Mo	Nelson's victory at Copen. 1801.	5	39	7	5	6	48	3	1	22	8	13	nee	
3	Tu	Rich. Bshop of Chichest. ♂ ♀ 21.	5	38	7	5	29	46	3	2	14	9	24	ne	
4	We	St. Ambrose. fair.	5	36	7	5	52	38	2	3	8	10	36	ne	
5	Th	♂ rises 3h. 32m. m.	5	35	7	6	15	24	2	4	5	11	45	arr	
6	Fri	♂ ♂ 21. ☉ in perigee.	5	33	7	6	38	3	2	5	4	morn.		ar	
7	Sat	7 stars set 10h. 16m. a.	5	31	7	7	0	36	2	6	3	0	50	bre	
8	SU	5th Sunday in Lent.	5	30	7	7	23	1	1	7	0	1	46	br	
9	Mo	♂ rises 4h. 38m. m.	5	28	7	7	45	19	1	7	57	2	36	See	
10	Tu	Sirius sets 10h. 10m. a.	5	27	7	8	7	29	1	8	52	3	19	ht	
11	We	♂ ♂ 21.	5	25	7	8	29	30	0	9	43	3	57	bel	
12	Th	Yd. L. sets 9h. 57m. a.	5	24	7	8	51	23	0	10	33	4	30	be	
13	Fri	♂ south 9h. 16m. a.	5	22	7	9	13	8	0	11	21	4	58	rei	
14	Sat	♂ gr. Elong. 21 rises 4h. 7m. m.	5	21	7	9	34	42	0	morn.	rises.			re	
15	SU	6th Sun. in Lent. Palm Sunday.	5	19	7	9	56	7	Fa	0	8	17	20	se	
16	Mo	fair.	5	18	7	10	17	23	0	0	55	8	25	se	
17	Tu	♂ rises 3h. 11m. m.	5	16	7	10	38	28	0	1	42	9	28	se	
18	We	7 stars set 9h. 35m. a.	5	15	7	10	59	24	0	2	30	10	27	thig	
19	Th	Alphege. ☉ ent. 8 10h. 11m. m.	5	13	7	11	20	8	1	3	18	11	23	th	
20	Fri	Good Friday.	5	12	7	11	40	41	1	4	6	morn.		kne	
21	Sat	♂ in apogee.	5	10	7	12	1	3	1	5	4	54	0	14	kn
22	SU	Easter day. fair.	5	9	7	12	21	13	1	5	43	1	1		kn
23	Mo	Easter Monday. St. George.	5	8	7	12	41	12	1	6	31	1	43		leg
24	Tu	Easter Tues. ♂ ♂ stat. 8	5	6	7	13	0	57	2	7	18	2	19		le
25	We	St. Mark. D's of Glouce. born.	5	5	7	13	20	30	2	8	5	2	51		foe
26	Th	♀ rises 4h. 19m. [♂ ♂ 5	5	3	7	13	39	51	2	8	52	3	22		ft
27	Fri	21 rises 3h. 23m. m. inclined	5	2	7	13	58	57	2	9	39	3	50		ft
28	Sat	7 stars set 8h. 58m. a. for	5	1	7	14	17	51	2	10	27	4	18		hea
29	SU	1st Sunday after Easter. low sun.	4	59	8	14	36	30	2	11	17	4	47		hd
30	Mo	Sirius sets 8h. 55m. a. wet.	4	58	8	14	54	54	2	12	0	9	sets.		nee



1832.

- New Moon, 1st day, 0h. 38m. morn.
- ☾ First Quarter, 7th day, 9h. 25m. aft.
- Full Moon, 14th day, 11h. 36m. aft.
- ☾ Last Quarter, 22d day, 11h. 48m. aft.
- New Moon, 30th day, 11h. 16m. morn.

**APRIL,**

If the farmer has attended to the proper management and arrangement of his business, he will now be prepared to enter vigorously upon his spring work, without impediment or hindrance except such as may arise from the state of the weather. Wet days, unless it rain too hard, should be occupied in carefully examining, repairing, or building of fences. Bad fences, make breachy cattle, and invariably occasion strife and ill will in a neighbourhood; indeed no man deserves to be called a good farmer, or a good neighbour, unless he keep good substantial fences round his enclosures. Every hour of favorable weather should be diligently improved in putting the earlier seeds into the earth. If the ground be sufficiently dry to be ploughed and harrowed, wheat and oats sowed in April will invariably do well.

Gardening, by many persons is considered as beneath the attention of the farmer and is supposed to lie exclusively within the province of the females. This is a radical error; for though there can be no objection to the assistance of females in whatever they can do, yet the strength, the judgement, the utmost skill, and the care of the principal, should also be applied. Let the garden be substantially enclosed, prepare the ground, and when the soil is sufficiently warmed by the rays of the sun, carefully sow the seed you intend. Garden seeds should be tried in small pots before they are sown, for if they fail in germinating, the labour, the ground, and the season will be lost.

1832.

MAY hath XXXI days.

Coaches first used in England, 1680.

Coals discovered near Newcastle, 1234.

Coffee first brought to England, 1641.

Cow-pox, inoculation introduced by Dr. Jenner, 1800.

Decimal Arithmetic invented, 1602.

D Fire

● Full

( Last

○ New

D. M.	D. W.	CALENDAR, &c.	R & S	Sun's declin <sup>n</sup> .			Moon south	Sets.			pla		
				H. M. H.	D. M. S.	M. S. M.		H. M. H.	M. S. M.				
				North.									
1	Tu	St. Phillip and St. James.	4	56	8	15 13	4	3	1	3	26	ne	
2	We	☿ rises 3h. 7m. m. <i>high tides.</i>	4	55	8	15 30	59	3	2	1	9 39	ari	
3	Th	Inven. of the Cross. ☽ in perigee.	4	54	8	15 48	38	3	3	1	10 48	ai	
4	Fri	☿ rises 2h. 37m. m. <i>cold showers.</i>	4	52	8	16 6	2	3	4	1	11 50	bre	
5	Sat	Transit of ☿ visible. Inf. ☿ ☉ ☿.	4	51	8	16 23	10	3	5	1	morn.	bi	
6	SU	2nd Sun. after Easter. St. John	4	50	8	16 40	1	3	5	59	0 42	hei	
7	Mo	☿ rises 4h. 10m. m. [Evan. ante	4	48	8	16 56	86	3	6	54	1 26	hi	
8	Tu	☿ ☽ ☽. [Port L.	4	47	8	17 12	53	3	7	45	2 5	bel	
9	We	☽ L. sets 8h. 16m. a. <i>occasion-</i>	4	46	8	17 28	53	3	8	35	2 37	be	
10	Th	☽ stationary. <i>ally</i>	4	45	8	17 44	36	3	9	22	3 6	rei	
11	Fri	☽ sets 2h. 11m. m.	4	43	8	18 0	1	3	10	8	3 34	re	
12	Sat	Sirius sets 8h. 9m. a.	4	42	8	18 15	8	3	10	53	4 0	re	
13	SU	3d Sunday after Easter. <i>rainy</i>	4	41	8	18 29	56	3	11	40	4 27	se	
14	Mo	☿ ☉ ☿. ☿ rises 2h. 26m. m.	4	40	8	18 44	27	3	11	morn.	rises.	se	
15	Tu	☿ rises 2h. 13m. m. <i>weather.</i>	4	39	8	18 58	37	3	0	27	18 21	thig	
16	We		4	38	8	19 12	30	3	1	14	9 18	th	
17	Th	☽ stationary.	4	37	8	19 26	2	3	2	2	10 12	th	
18	Fri	☽ in apogee.	4	36	8	19 39	14	3	2	51	11 0	kne	
19	Sat	Dunstan.	4	34	8	19 52	7	3	4	39	11 43	kn	
20	SU	4th Sun. after Easter. ☉ ent. ☿	4	33	8	20 4	40	3	4	27	morn.	leg	
21	Mo	☿ ☽ ☽. [at 10h. 30m. a.	4	32	8	20 16	52	3	4	5	13 0 20	le.	
22	Tu	Frs. of Hamburg born. ☿ stat.	4	31	8	20 28	43	3	5	59	0 53	le.	
23	We	☿ rises 3h. 49m. m. <i>more</i>	4	31	8	20 40	14	3	6	45	1 23	fee	
24	Th	☽ sets 1h. 19m. m. <i>fair.</i>	4	30	8	20 51	23	3	7	30	1 51	st.	
25	Fri		4	29	8	21 2	11	3	8	17	2 19	hea	
26	Sat	Aug. 1st Abp. of Cant. ☿ ☽ ☽.	4	28	8	21 12	37	3	10	9	5 2	46	hd
27	SU	5th Sun. after Easter. Rog. Sun.	4	27	8	21 22	42	3	9	55	3 15	noc	
28	Mo	[Ven. Bede.	4	26	8	21 32	24	3	10	48	3 47	ne	
29	Tu	K. Charles 2nd restored. ☿ ☽ ☽.	4	25	8	21 41	44	2	5	11	45	4 23	aru
30	We	<i>high tides.</i>	4	25	8	21 50	41	2	4	10	45	sets.	ar.
31	Th	Ascens. day. Holy Th. ☽ per.	4	24	8	21 59	16	2	3	1	47	19 37	brea

✓  
KI days.

MAY 5th Month.

1832.

Dr. Jenner, 1800.

▷ First Quarter, 7th day, 3h. 41m. morn.

● Full Moon, 14th day, 1h. 0m. aft.

◐ Last Quarter, 22d day, 4h. 56m. aft.

○ New Moon, 29th day, 7h. 32m. aft.

Sun's		Moon		Moon's		high water			
& S	declin.	to. Fas	south	Sets.	's place.				
M. H.	D. M.	S. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.			
North.									
56	8	15 13	4	3	1 3	26	neck	morn.	
55	8	15 30	59	3	2	1	9 39	arms	0
54	8	15 48	38	3	3	1	10 48	ar.	0 48
52	8	16 6	2	3	4	1	11 50	breast	1 31
51	8	16 23	10	3	5	1	morn.	br.	2 18
50	8	16 40	1	3	5	59	0 42	heart	3 13
48	8	16 56	36	3	6	54	1 26	ht.	4 19
47	8	17 12	53	3	7	45	2 5	belly	5 40
46	8	17 28	53	3	8	35	2 37	be.	7 0
45	8	17 44	36	3	9	22	3 6	reins	8 10
43	8	18 0	1	3	10	8	3 34	re.	9 5
42	8	18 15	8	3	10	53	4 0	re.	9 50
41	8	18 29	56	3	11	40	4 27	se.	10 29
40	8	18 44	27	3	morn.	ris.	se.	11 6	
39	8	18 58	37	3	0	27	28 21	thighs	11 41
38	8	19 12	30	3	1	14	9 18	th.	10 15
37	8	19 26	2	3	2	2	10 12	th.	0 49
36	8	19 39	14	3	2	51	11 0	knees	1 24
35	8	19 52	7	3	3	39	11 43	kn.	2 0
34	8	20 4	40	3	4	27	morn.	legs	2 40
33	8	20 16	52	3	5	13	0 20	le.	3 26
32	8	20 28	43	3	5	59	0 53	le.	4 19
31	8	20 40	14	3	6	45	1 23	feet	5 25
30	8	20 51	23	3	7	30	1 51	ft.	6 36
29	8	21 2	11	3	8	17	2 19	head	7 46
28	8	21 12	37	3	9	5	2 46	hd.	8 47
27	8	21 22	42	3	9	55	3 15	neck	9 38
26	8	21 32	24	3	10	48	3 47	ne.	10 25
25	8	21 41	44	2	11	45	4 23	arms	11 9
24	8	21 50	41	2	12	40	4 55	ar.	11 54
23	8	21 59	16	2	1	47	5 37	breast	morn.

MAY.

Upon the labours of this month, in a great measure depend the prospects and hopes of the husbandman for the ensuing season. The loss of one fair day in this busy time, can hardly be recovered afterwards, therefore men, boys, and all at it, and at it betimes. A few early blue potatoes, planted early in this month, if not done before, will turn to good account in a family, or for the market in July or August. The sowing of wheat, if it be possible should be finished by the 10th. The success which attended the wheat crops the last two seasons, should encourage the farmer to extend the cultivation of that grain within reasonable limits; but he should never confine himself so exclusively to one kind of grain, as to be greatly at a loss if it do not succeed to the extent of his expectations. Soak seed corn in copperas water, and plant about the 20th as near as may be; it has however succeeded when planted as late as the 10th June. Enterprising farmers, should endeavour to improve upon the usual mode of cultivating this article. In Massachusetts, 100 bushels and upwards is frequently raised on one acre. Our soil is naturally as good or better than theirs, and the climate but little if any inferior; therefore the difference between their crops and ours must depend mainly upon the modes of cultivation. High intervals or soil approaching to that quality, is best adapted to the culture of corn; and if well manured, and planted in drills or rows, will produce the most abundantly upon a given quantity of ground.

1822.

JUNE hath XXX days.

Fish, the increase of is said to be in the following proportion  
 a flounder of 2 ounces contains 133,407 eggs or spawn  
 one of 24 ounces, 1,357,403. Herrings weighing from  
 ounces to 5½, from 21,283, to 36,960. A Cod produce  
 3,686,700; and a Ling 19,248,625.

Full  
 Last  
 New

D. W.	CALENDAR, &c.	R. & S.	Sun's declin'tn.	Fast	Moon	Sett.	ple	
D. M.		H. M. H. D. M. S. M.	North.		H. M. H. M. S. M.			
1 Fri	Nicotene. 8 Gr. Elong. Lord	4 23	8 22 7 28	2 2	12 49	10 35	bre	
2 Sat	3 rises 1h. 28m. m. [Howes vic.	4 22	8 22 15 16	2 1	3 50	11 24	bee	
3 SU	Sunday after Ascension day.	4 22	8 22 22 41	2 5	4 47	morn.	h	
4 Mo	6 1 1/2	4 21	8 22 29 43	1 5	5 40	0 4	bee	
5 Tu	Boniface. Duke of Camb. born.	4 21	8 22 36 21	1 4	6 31	0 38	bee	
6 We	showery	4 20	8 22 42 36	1 3	7 18	1 9	bee	
7 Th	1/2 sets 0h. 26m. m.	4 20	8 22 48 26	1 2	8 4	1 36	rei	
8 Fri	1/2 rises 0h. 53m. m.	4 19	8 22 53 52	1 1	8 49	2 2	rei	
9 Sat	Arcturus south 8h. 55m. a.	4 19	8 22 58 55	1 0	9 34	2 28	se	
10 SU	Whit Sunday.	4 18	8 23 3 33	0 5	10 20	2 56	se	
11 Mo	Whit Monday. St. Barnabas.	4 18	8 23 7 47	0 4	11 7	3 27	thig	
12 Tu	Whit Tuesday.	4 18	8 23 11 36	0 3	11 55	4 1	th	
13 We	changeable.	4 17	8 23 15 1	0 2	morn. rises.		th	
14 Th	2 rises 3h. 36m. m.	4 17	8 23 18 9	0 1	4 42	48 53	kne	
15 Fri	Magna Charta. 1215. ● in apo	4 17	8 23 20 38	slow.	5 1	31 9 38	kn	
16 Sat	[geo.]	4 17	8 23 22 48	0 20	6 2	19 10 16	leg	
17 SU	Trinity Sun. St. Alban. ● in apo	4 16	8 23 24 35	0 33	7 3	5 10 51	le	
18 Mo	Battle of Waterloo 1815. □ in apo	4 16	8 23 25 56	0 40	8 3	5 11 21	le	
19 Tu	3 rises 0h. 44m. m. inclined for	4 16	8 23 26 54	0 50	9 4	36 11 50	fee	
20 We	Ira. of Ed. K. of W. Saxons.	4 16	8 23 27 26	1 12	10 5	21 morn.	ft.	
21 Th	☉ enters 27h. 5m. m.	rain	4 16	8 23 27 33	1 23	1 6 5	0 10	bee
22 Fri	Bat. Vittoria.	to	4 16	8 23 27 10	1 33	2 6 52	0 42	hd
23 Sat	Arcturus apis 3h. 29m. m.	the	4 16	8 23 26 33	1 51	3 7 89	1 10	hd
24 SU	1st Sunday after Trinity. Nativ.	4 16	8 23 25 26	2 4	4 8 29	1 39	nee	
25 Mo	1/2 sets 1h. 10m. a. [of St. J. B.]	4 16	8 23 23 54	2 16	5 9 22	2 12	ne	
26 Tu	K. Wm. 4th access. 1830. ● in apo	4 17	8 23 21 58	2 20	6 10 20	2 51	arm	
27 We		4 17	8 23 19 36	2 42	7 11 22	3 38	ar.	
28 Th	K. Wm. 4th proclaimed. ● in apo	4 17	8 23 16 51	2 54	8 40	25	bee	
29 Fri	St. Peter. High tides. [parige.]	4 17	8 23 13 41	3 6	9 1	27 49	4	br.
30 Sat		4 18	8 23 10 6	3 18	10 2	29 9 55	hen	



Following proportion  
 407 eggs or spaw  
 rings weighing from  
 0. A Cod produce

- ▷ First Quarter, 5th day, 10h. 35m. morn.
- Full Moon, 13th day, 3h. 20m. morn.
- ◁ Last Quarter, 21st day, 6h. 50m. morn.
- New Moon, 28th day, 2h. 34m. morn.

☉	Sun's	☾	Moon	●	●	high
S.	Sid.	Past	South.	Sets.	's	water
H. D. M. S. M.	'n. m.	'n. m.	H. M. H. M.	H. M.	place.	H. M.
North.						
3 8 22	7 28	2 2	42 49	10 35	breast	m 0 31
8 22	15 16	2 1	3 50	11 24	heart	1 22
8 22	22 41	2	4 47	morn.	ht.	2 9
8 22	29 43	1 5	5 40	0 4	belly	2 59
8 22	36 41	1 4	6 31	0 38	be.	3 56
8 22	42 36	1 3	7 18	1 9	be.	5 1
8 22	48 26	1 2	8 4	1 36	reins	6 18
8 22	53 52	1 1	8 49	2 2	re.	7 27
8 22	58 55	1	9 34	2 28	se.	8 28
8 23	3 32	0 5	10 20	2 56	se.	9 18
8 23	7 47	0 4	11 7	3 27	thighs	10 2
8 23	11 36	0 2	11 55	4 1	th.	10 41
8 23	15 1	0 17	3 morn.	rises.	th.	11 16
8 23	18 9	0 3	4 0 42	48 53	knees	11 52
8 23	20 38	slow.	5 1 31	9 38	kn.	12 27
8 23	22 48	0 20	6 2 19	10 16	legs	1 1
8 23	24 35	0 30	7 3 5	10 51	le.	1 34
8 23	25 56	0 40	8 3 51	11 21	le.	2 10
8 23	26 54	0 59	9 4 36	11 50	feet	2 49
8 23	27 26	1 12	10 5 21	morn.	ft.	3 34
8 23	27 33	1 23	11 6 5	0 10	head	4 27
8 23	27 10	1 38	12 6 52	0 42	hd.	5 37
8 23	26 38	1 51	13 7 39	1 10	hd.	6 51
8 23	25 26	2 4	14 8 29	1 39	neck	8 3
8 23	23 54	2 16	15 9 22	2 12	ne.	9 5
8 23	21 58	2 29	16 10 20	2 51	arms	10 2
8 23	19 36	2 42	17 11 22	3 38	ar.	10 53
8 23	16 51	2 54	18 12 25	4 25	hats.	11 38
8 23	13 41	3 6	19 1 27	49 -	br.	morn.
8 23	10 6	3 18	20 2 29	9 55	heart	0 24

JUNE

If from accidental causes, or the state of the weather the farmer has not completed his sowing in May, the early part of this month, will furnish him with an opportunity to redeem his time; especially as regards that most valuable article the POTATOE. The planting of the potatoes should not however be delayed of purpose, or through indolence, because the sooner it as well as all other seeds are planted the better it will be. The low price at which potatoes were sold in the early part of last season, should by no means discourage the farmer from raising them in still greater abundance. The substantial farmer can find a market for an increased quantity of them upon his own farm. He can convert them into pork and beef, which he can bring to market in small compass and at little expence. Besides being wholesome food, for the table if given daily and liberally to his domestic animals of every kind they will do good to all. They will impart mettle and activity to the horse, strength and vigour to the ox, milk to the cow, and they will become wool upon the sheep's back. A daily portion of them in the rigor of winter, will diffuse joy and gladness through the farmer's yard, and make the skins of his animals to shine with attractiveness, that he can see his face as well in them, (and much more to his profit) than he could see it in a boot polished with Warren's Blacking. Lands intended for mowing should not be pastured in the spring.

1832.

JULY hath XXXI days.

Gardening introduced into England from the Netherlands  
from whence vegetables were imported till 1509.

Grist Mills invented in Ireland, 214.

Glass windows began to be used in private houses in England  
1180.

D. M.	D. W.	CALENDAR, &c.	R & S	Sun's declin'tn.	Slo	Moon south.	Sets.	pl
			H. M. H.	D. M. S. M.		H. M. H.	M. M.	
				North.		A3	26	10A33
1	SU	2d Sunday after Trinity.	4	18	8	23	6	7
2	Mo	Visit of B. V. Mary. ☉ ☿ ♄.	4	18	8	23	1	44
3	Tu	Sup. ☉ ☿ ♄. weather	4	19	8	22	56	56
4	We	Trans. of St. Martin. more	4	19	8	22	51	45
5	Th	♄ rises 11h. 59m. a. fair.	4	20	8	22	46	10
6	Fri	Arcturus sets 2h. 34m. m.	4	20	8	22	40	11
7	Sat	♄ rises 10h. 53m. a.	4	21	8	22	33	48
8	SU	3d Sunday after Trinity.	4	21	8	22	27	2
9	Mo		4	22	8	22	19	53
10	Tu	♄ sets 10h. 11m. a.	4	23	8	22	12	21
11	We		4	23	8	22	4	26
12	Th	☉ in apogee.	4	24	8	21	56	8
13	Fri	7 stars rises 0h. 22m. m.	4	25	8	21	47	27
14	Sat	French Revolution of 1789 begins.	4	26	8	21	38	25
15	SU	4th Sun. after Trinity. Swithin.	4	26	8	21	29	0
16	Mo	[Bonaparte sur. 1815.]	4	27	8	21	19	13
17	Tu	♄ stationary.	4	28	8	21	9	4
18	We	♄ rises 11h. 26m. a.	4	29	8	20	58	34
19	Th	♄ rises 10h. 6m. a. changeable.	4	30	8	20	47	43
20	Fri	Margaret.	4	31	8	20	36	31
21	Sat	Arcturus sets 1h. 34m. m.	4	32	8	20	24	57
22	SU	5th Sun. after Trinity. Magdalen.	4	33	8	20	13	3
23	Mo	☉ enters ♋ 5h. 58m. a.	4	34	8	20	0	49
24	Tu	7 stars rises 11h. 34m. a.	4	35	8	19	48	15
25	We	St. James.	4	36	8	19	39	20
26	Th	St. Anne. showery.	4	37	8	19	22	6
27	Fri	French Rev. 1830. ☉ eclipsed vis.	4	38	8	19	8	33
28	Sat	Spanish Ar des. 1588. high tides.	4	39	8	18	54	41
29	SU	6th Sun. after Trinity. Battle of	4	40	8	18	40	29
30	Mo	[Talavera 1809.]	4	41	8	18	26	0
31	Tu		4	43	8	18	11	13

KI days.

JULY 7th Month.

1832.

from the Netherlands  
 ported till 1,509.  
 ate houses in England

- ☾ First Quarter, 4th day, 7h. 9m. aft.
- Full Moon, 12th day, 6h. 31m. aft.
- ☾ Last Quarter, 20th day, 5h. 38m. aft.
- New Moon, 27th day, 9h. 31m. morn.

☉ & S	Sun's declin'tn.	☾	Moon south.	☉	☉'s place.	high water
M. H. D. M. S. M.			H. M. H. M.	H. M.		H. M.
North.						
18 8	23 6 7	3	13 26	10 33	heart	m 1 8
18 8	23 6 7	3	4 19	11 6	belly	1 50
19 8	22 56 56	3	5 9	11 35	be.	2 33
19 8	22 51 45	4	5 56	morn.	reins	3 22
20 8	22 46 10	4	6 42	0 1	re.	4 15
20 8	22 40 11	4	7 28	0 28	se	5 20
21 8	22 33 48	4	8 13	0 56	se.	6 33
21 8	22 27 2	4	9 0	1 25	se.	7 41
22 8	22 19 53	4	9 47	1 57	thighs	8 42
23 8	22 12 21	5	10 34	2 33	th.	9 30
23 8	22 4 26	5	11 22	3 14	knees	10 14
24 8	21 56 8	5	12 morn.	rises.	kn.	10 53
25 8	21 47 27	5	0 10	13 13	kn.	11 27
26 8	21 38 25	5	1 44	9 20	legs	12 3
26 8	21 29 0	5	2 29	9 48	le.	0 36
27 8	21 19 13	5	3 14	10 15	feet	1 8
28 8	21 9 4	5	4 8	10 41	ft.	1 41
28 8	20 58 34	5	5 9	11 8	head	2 15
29 8	20 47 43	5	5 29	11 35	hd.	2 56
29 8	20 36 31	5	6 16	morn.	neck	3 43
29 8	20 24 57	6	7 7	0 5	ne.	4 41
29 8	20 13 3	6	8 1	0 41	arms	6 1
29 8	20 0 49	6	8 59	1 22	ar.	7 24
29 8	19 48 15	6	10 1	2 13	breast	8 41
29 8	19 35 20	6	11 4	3 14	br.	9 44
29 8	19 22 6	6	12 6	sets.	heart	10 38
29 8	19 8 33	6	1 7	25	ht.	11 25
29 8	18 54 41	6	2 4	9 1	belly	0 10
29 8	18 40 29	6	3 27	9 32	be.	0 50
29 8	18 26 0	6	4 10	2	reins	1 28
29 8	18 11 13	6	5 11	3 48		

JULY.

Hoeing commenced and vigorously carried on from the middle of June, should be followed up and completed this month. American experimentalists say, that corn does better when not hilled, the flatter the surface the better it will stand drought. If our farmers doubt, let them make the experiment upon a small scale, then they will be able to judge from their own knowledge. It is however right to have our eyes and ears open to every reasonable suggestion. Last year we recommended, after corn was hoed the first time, to "place about each hill a handful of ashes or gypsum, or a mixture of both." Have any of our farmers made the experiment? if so, let them report the result. Sow turnips about the 15th. Where there is much grass to be cut, and especially if the grass be well grown, hay making should begin in the latter part of this month. But unless either of these be the case, it will do as well if deferred till the beginning of August. If the latter time be adopted, every preparation should previously be made that the work when commenced may go on with all possible expedition. The principle of TOTAL ABSTINENCE from spirituous liquors, though rapidly extending through the country, cannot be too much nor too frequently inculcated. It has been thought that ardent spirits were absolutely necessary to enable a man to sustain hard labour and hot weather; that opinion is now found to be a monstrous error fraught with deadly mischief to mankind, and it is therefore exploded by very many people.

1832.

AUGUST hath XXXI days.

AU

Hemp and flax, first planted in England, 1533. There  
180,000. lbs. of rough hemp used in the cordage and so  
of a first rate man of war.

Iron first cast in England, 1544.

Journals of the House of Peers, the first taken, 1550.

D First

● Full

C Last

○ New

D.	M.	D. W.	CALENDAR, &c.	R. & S.	Sun's		Moon	Sets.		pla
					H. M. H.	D. M. S. M.		H. M. H.	M.	
						North.				
1	We		Lammas day. Batt. of Nile 1798.	4 44	8 17	56 8	5 44	36 10	29	rei
2	Th		☿ rises 9h. 14m. a.	4 45	8 17	40 45	5 45	22 10	57	se
3	Fri		☿ ☽. changeable	4 46	8 17	25 5	5 46	6 9	11 26	se
4	Sat		7 stars rise 10h. 51m. a.	4 47	8 17	9 8	5 47	6 56	11 58	se
5	SU		7th Sun. after Trinity. weather.	4 49	8 16	52 54	5 48	7 43	morn.	thig
6	Mo		Transfig. of our Lord.	4 50	8 16	36 24	5 49	8 30	0 32	th
7	Tu		Name of Jesus.	4 51	8 16	19 39	5 50	9 19	1 11	kne
8	We		☿ in apogee.	4 53	8 16	2 37	5 51	10 7	1 57	kn
9	Th		☿ ☽.	4 54	8 15	45 21	5 52	10 55	2 47	kn
10	Fri		St. Lawrence.	4 55	8 15	27 48	5 53	11 43	3 41	leg
11	Sat		☿ ☽.	4 57	8 15	10 1	5 54	morn.	rises.	le
12	SU		8th Sun. after Tr. & Gr. Elong.	4 58	8 14	52 0	4 55	0 28	47 54	fu
13	Mo		Queen Adelaide born 1792.	4 59	8 14	33 44	4 56	1 14	8 22	ft
14	Tu		☿ rises 10h. 22m. a. rain.	5 1	7 14	15 14	4 57	1 59	8 47	ft
15	We		Arcturus sets 11h. 50m. a.	5 2	7 13	56 31	4 58	2 43	9 13	ho
16	Th		☿ rises 8h. 16m. a.	5 3	7 13	37 34	4 59	3 28	9 40	hd
17	Fri			5 5	7 13	18 24	4 59	4 15	10 8	nee
18	Sat			5 6	7 12	59 1	4 59	5 10	41	ne
19	SU		9th Sunday after Trinity.	5 8	7 12	39 26	4 59	5 55	11 25	arn
20	Mo		7 stars rise 9h. 51m. a.	5 9	7 12	19 39	4 59	6 50	morn.	ar
21	Tu		King William 4th born 1765.	5 10	7 11	59 39	4 59	7 48	0 5	bret
22	We		fair.	5 12	7 11	39 28	4 59	8 49	0 59	br
23	Th		☿ enters ♍ 0h. 30m. m.	5 13	7 11	19 6	4 59	9 50	2 2	br
24	Fri		St. Bartholomew. ☿ in perigee.	5 15	7 10	58 34	4 59	10 51	3 13	hea
25	Sat		☿ rises 7h. 41m. A.	5 16	7 10	37 50	4 59	11 50	4 30	ht
26	SU		10th Sun. after Trinity. & Stat.	5 18	7 10	16 57	4 59	12 40	47	sets
27	Mo		☿ rises 9h. 52m. a. high tides.	5 19	7 9	55 54	4 59	1 40	48	4
28	Tu		St. Augustine. occasional	5 21	7 9	34 41	4 59	2 31	8 33	rein
29	We		St. John Bap. beheaded. showers.	5 22	7 9	13 19	4 59	3 20	9 2	re
30	Th		Arcturus sets 10h. 58m. a.	5 24	7 8	51 48	4 59	4 8	9 31	se
31	Fri		☿ ☽.	5 25	7 8	30 10	4 59	4 55	10 2	se.



XI days.

AUGUST 8th Month.

1892.

and, 1533. There  
in the cordage and s

t taken, 1550.

☽ First Quarter, 3d day, 6h. 25m. morn.

● Full Moon, 11th day, 10h. 3m. morn.

☾ Last Quarter, 19th day, 2h. 9m. morn.

○ New Moon, 25th day, 5h. 20m. aft.

☉ & ☽	Sun's declin'tn.				☾	Moon south.	●	Sets.	●'s place.	high water
h. m.	D.	M.	E.	N.	M.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.		h. m.
North.										
4	8	17	56	8	5	4	36	10	29	reins
5	8	17	40	45	5	5	22	10	57	se.
6	8	17	25	5	5	6	9	11	26	se.
7	8	17	9	8	5	6	56	11	58	se.
8	16	52	54	5	8	7	43	morn.	thighs	5 44
9	16	36	24	5	8	8	30	0	32	th.
10	16	19	39	5	9	9	19	1	11	knees
11	16	2	37	5	10	10	7	1	57	kn.
12	15	45	21	5	10	10	55	2	47	kn.
1	15	27	48	5	11	11	43	3	41	legs
2	15	10	1	4	11	morn.	rises.	le.		11 8
3	14	52	0	4	0	26	47	54	feet	11 41
4	14	33	44	4	1	14	8	22	ft.	10 15
5	14	15	14	4	2	1	59	8	47	ft.
6	13	56	31	4	3	2	43	9	13	head
7	13	37	34	3	3	3	28	9	40	hd.
8	13	18	24	3	4	4	15	10	8	neck
9	12	59	1	3	5	5	3	10	41	ne.
10	12	39	26	3	5	5	55	11	25	arms
11	12	19	39	3	6	6	50	morn.	ar.	5 33
12	11	59	39	2	7	7	48	0	5	breast
1	11	39	28	2	8	8	49	0	59	br.
2	11	19	6	2	9	9	50	2	2	br.
3	10	58	34	2	10	10	51	3	13	heart
4	10	37	50	1	11	11	50	4	30	ht.
5	10	16	57	1	12	12	40	47	sets.	belly
6	9	55	54	1	1	1	40	48	4	be.
7	9	34	41	0	50	50	2	31	8	reins.
8	9	13	19	0	39	39	3	20	9	re.
9	8	51	48	0	21	21	4	8	9	se.
10	8	30	10	0	11	11	4	55	10	se.

# AUGUST.

The less hay is exposed to the sun, yet so as to be sufficiently cured, the more nutritive it will be. It is recommended, when the weather will admit, to let grass cut in the morning lay some hours in swathe without being spread, then turn it over, and in the afternoon of the same day make it up into cocks. Let it stand two days, then open the cocks, and in a few hours it may be carted into the barn. If hay be green when stowed away, sprinkle from 4 to 8 quarts of salt to a ton, it will keep better, and will otherwise be improved in quality. Hay making will be accomplished with much more ease and dispatch, if the surface of the meadow be smooth, and free from stones and every other substance by which the edge of the scythe may be injured and the operations of the mower retarded.

Weeds of every kind are very prolific, and pains should be taken to extirpate them, or mow them down, so that the seeds may not be scattered abroad upon the wings of the wind. Fill up spurs and broken time, by attention to seed plants, and to manure and compost-heaps. Cucumbers and unripe fruits, are condemned by physicians as being very unwholesome, and as tending to produce the summer complaint, in children and in grown persons. Molasses, or milk and water is a cooling nourishing drink at all times. If warm, wet the wrists and temples before you drink freely of very cold water.

The sudden deaths which occasionally happen to persons from drinking cold water, are chiefly among intemperate persons.

1832.

SEPTEMBER hath XXX days.

SEP

Library, the first private one, the property of Aristotle,  
before Christ; the first public library of which we have  
any certain account in history, was founded at Athens  
by Hipparchus, 526 B. C.  
Load-stone, polar attraction of known in France before 11

First  
Full  
Last  
New

D. M.	D.W.	CALENDAR, &c.	☉		Sun's declin'tn	F.	Moon south.	☾		Sets.	☼	place
			R.	S.				N.	M.			
			H.	M.	D.	M.	S.	H.	M.	M.		
1	Sat	Giles. 7 stars rise 9h. 7m. a.	5	27	7	8	8	22	0			
2	SU	11th Sun. after Tr. Lon. b. 1666.	5	28	7	7	46	28	0	5	43	10A36
3	Mo	New Style introd. 1752. [O. S.	5	30	7	7	24	26	0	6	32	11 15
4	Tu	Battle of Maida. <i>changeable</i>	5	31	7	7	2	16	1	7	20	11 59
5	We	☉ in apogee.	5	33	7	6	39	59	1	8	9	morn.
6	Th	☽ south 0h. 45m. m. <i>weather</i>	5	34	7	6	17	37	1	8	57	0 47
7	Fri	Enurhus. ☉ ☽ W.	5	36	7	5	55	8	2	9	45	1 40
8	Sat	Nativity of B. V. Mary.	5	38	7	5	32	33	2	10	32	2 37
9	SU	12th Sunday after Trinity.	5	39	7	5	9	53	2	11	18	3 37
10	Mo	Arcturus sets 10h. 18m. a.	5	41	7	4	47	7	3	morn.	rises.	fe
11	Tu	☉ ☽ h.	5	42	7	4	24	16	3	0	8	A6 59
12	We	<i>fair</i>	5	44	7	4	1	21	3	0	49	7 25
13	Th	☽ rises 9h. 12m. a.	5	45	7	3	38	21	4	1	34	7 52
14	Fri	Holy Cross.	5	47	7	3	15	18	4	2	21	8 20
15	Sat	7 stars rise 8h. 17m. a.	5	48	7	2	52	10	5	3	9	8 51
16	SU	13th Sun. after Trinity. ☉ ☽	5	50	7	2	29	0	5	4	0	9 27
17	Mo	Lambert. ☽ stationary.	5	51	7	2	5	46	5	4	53	10 9
18	Tu		5	53	7	1	42	29	6	5	49	10 59
19	We	☽ south 11h. 48m. a. <i>showery</i>	5	55	7	1	19	10	6	6	48	11 58
20	Th	Arcturus sets 9h. 43m. a.	5	56	7	0	55	49	6	7	47	morn.
21	Fri	St. Matthew. ☉ in perigee.	5	58	7	0	32	26	7	8	47	1 5
22	Sat	☉ enters ♈ 9h. 15m. a.	5	59	7	0	9	1	7	9	45	2 17
23	SU	14th Sunday after Trinity.	6	1	6				7	10	41	3 32
24	Mo	☽ Gr. Elong. <i>more fair</i>	6	3	6	0	37	50	8	11	35	4 47
25	Tu	Batt. Cuidad Rodrigo 1811. <i>high</i>	6	4	6	1	1	16	8	10	27	sets.
26	We	St. Cyprian. <i>tides</i>	6	6	6	1	24	42	8	1	17	A7 8
27	Th	☽ sets 6h. 32m. a. <i>showery</i>	6	7	6	1	48	7	9	2	6	7 37
28	Fri	Sirius rises 1h. 38m. m.	6	9	6	2	11	31	9	2	55	8 8
29	Sat	St. Michael.	6	10	6	2	34	55	9	3	44	8 42
30	SU	15th after Tr. St. Jero. ☉ ☽ h.	6	12	6	2	58	17	10	4	33	9 19
										5	22	10 1

XXX days.

SEPTEMBER 9th Month.

1832.

property of Aristotle,  
 rary of which we h  
 as founded at Ath  
 in France before 1

- ▷ First Quarter, 1st day, 9h. 6m. aft.
- Full Moon, 10th day, 1h. 9m. morn.
- ◁ Last Quarter, 17th day, 9h. 31m. morn.
- New Moon, 24th day, 2h. 44m. morn.

☉	Sun's declin'tn	☾	Mooc	●	●'s	high
R. & S.	declin'tn	Fa	south.	Sets.	place.	water
M. H. D. M. S. M.	H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M.
North.						
27 7	8 8 22	0	5 43	10 36	thighs	3 7
28 7	7 46 28	0	6 32	11 15	th.	4 0
30 7	7 24 26	0	7 20	11 59	th.	5 3
31 7	7 2 16	1	8 9	morn.	knees	6 21
33 7	6 39 59	1	8 57	0 47	kn.	7 36
34 7	6 17 37	1	9 45	1 40	legs	8 38
36 7	5 55 8	2	10 32	2 37	le.	9 28
38 7	5 32 33	2	11 18	3 37	le.	10 13
39 7	5 9 53	2	morn.	rises.	feet	10 49
41 7	4 47 7	3	0 3	4 59	ft.	11 22
42 7	4 24 16	3	0 49	7 25	head	11 56
44 7	4 1 21	3	1 34	7 52	hd.	12 30
45 7	3 38 21	4	2 21	8 20	neck	1 3
47 7	3 15 18	4	3 9	8 51	no.	1 37
48 7	2 52 10	5	4 0	9 27	no.	2 17
50 7	2 29 0	5	4 53	10 9	arms	3 5
51 7	2 5 46	5	5 49	10 59	ar.	4 7
53 7	1 42 29	6	6 48	11 58	breast	5 30
55 7	1 19 10	6	7 47	morn.	br.	7 2
56 7	0 55 49	6	8 47	1 5	heart	8 25
57 7	0 32 26	7	9 45	2 17	ht.	9 28
59 7	0 9 1	7	10 41	3 32	belly	10 20
60 7	South.	7	11 35	4 47	bo.	11 2
61 7	0 37 50	8	12 27	sets.	reins.	11 40
62 7	1 16 8	8	1 17	47	re.	morn.
63 7	1 24 42	8	2 6	7 37	se	0 17
64 7	1 48 7	9	2 55	8 8	se.	0 52
65 7	2 11 31	9	3 44	8 42	thighs	1 27
66 7	2 34 55	9	4 33	9 19	th.	2 4
67 7	2 58 17	10	5 22	10 1	th.	2 46

SEPTEMBER.

This is a joyful month to the husbandman, his hay and grain harvests being completed therein, his barns are filled with plenty, and his heart with gratitude. A thrifty farmer is known by his having one or more barns, sufficiently commodious to contain all his grain and the principal part of his hay, and the barn and barn yard, being kept in neat and perfect order. He need never expect to thrive until he have a barn wherein to house his grain when raised. If grain be allowed to stand till it is perfectly ripe before it be cut, much of the grain will drop off in cutting and handling it, besides it will not be quite as good, as if it were cut while the joints of the straw are green. Single band sheaves are better than double band, especially if there be weeds or grass growing among the grain. Select corn for seed with great care, agreeably to directions given in our Almanack for 1830. Winter grain, wheat and rye, sown in this month, will root well before the frosts of winter come. Manufacturing manure is an important part of the farmers business and every opportunity should be embraced for increasing the quantity and quality of his compost. Every otherwise noxious or useless vegetable substance, weeds, brakes, potatoe tops, &c. &c. may be thrown in the heap and made useful. Manure dropped in the pastures if allowed to remain in that state, will hinder the growth of grass, but if collected into a heap, or spread upon the earth, will turn to good account.

**Log-line in navigation used, 1570.**

**Needles first made in England by a native of India, 1545.**

Newspaper, first published in England, by order of Qu

Elizabeth, July 28, 1588.

**Paper, manufacture of, introduced into England, 1588.**

- ☐ First
- ☒ Full
- ☐ Last
- ☐ New
- ☐ First

D.W. D.M.		CALENDAR, &c.	R & S H.H.H.	Sun's declin'tn. d. m. s.	F	Moon uth. m. h. m.	Sets. M. H. M.	't place
				South.				
1 Mo	Remigius.	2 south 10h. 59m. a.	6 14 6	3 21 36	10			
2 Tu	☉ rises 8h. 15m. a.		6 15 6	3 44 54	10	11 10	48	knee
3 We	☉ in apogee.	changeable	6 17 6	4 8	11	0 11	39	kn.
4 Th	☉ ☽ ♄.		6 18 6	4 31 20	11	48	morn.	legs
5 Fri	♄ stars rise 7h. 5m. a.	weather	6 20 6	4 54 28	11	35 0	35	le.
6 Sat	Faith.		6 21 6	5 17 32	11	21 1	34	le.
7 Su	16th Sunday after Trinity.		6 23 6	5 40 32	12	0 7	23	feet
8 Mo	♄ rises 4h. 16m. m.		6 25 6	6 3 29	12	52 3	40	ft.
9 Tu	St. Denys.		6 26 6	6 26 20	12	38 4	44	head
10 We	☉ sets 6h. 20m. a.	showery.	6 28 6	6 49 7	13	morn.	rises.	hd.
11 Th	Yd. L. rises 10h. 23m. a.		6 29 6	7 11 47	13	0 25	A6 30	hd.
12 Fri	Sirius rises 0h. 37m. m.		6 31 6	7 34 21	13	13 7	0	neck
13 Sat	Transl. of K. Edward Conf.		6 32 6	7 56 50	13	2 4	7 85	pe.
14 Su	17th Sun. after Trinity.	stat.	6 34 6	8 19 12	14	2 57	8 16	arms
15 Mo		fair.	6 35 6	8 41 28	14	3 53	9 3	ar.
16 Tu	♄ rise 7h. 23m. a.		6 37 6	9 3 35	14	5 51	9 59	brest
17 We	Ethelreda. ☉ in perigee.		6 39 6	9 25 36	14	5 50	11	br.
18 Th	St. Luke.		6 40 6	9 47 28	14	6 48	morn.	heart
19 Fri	2 south 9h. 46m. a.		6 42 6	10 9 12	15	7 45	0 11	ht.
20 Sat	♄ rises 3h. 39m. m.	changeable.	6 43 6	10 30 47	15	8 41	1 24	belly
21 Su	18th Sun. after Tr.	Batt. of Tra-	6 45 6	10 52 12	15	9 33	2 37	be.
22 Mo		[falgar.]	6 46 6	11 13 28	15	0 24	3 50	reins
23 Tu	☉ enters ♍ 5h. 31m. m. Sup.		6 48 6	11 34 35	15	1 14	5 2	re.
24 We		[☉ ☽ ♄.]	6 49 6	11 55 30	15	2 0	sets.	ro.
25 Th	Crispin. ♄ stat.		6 51 6	12 16 14	15	0 51	A6 11	se.
26 Fri	Sirius rises 11h. 40m. a.		6 52 6	12 36 47	15	1 40	6 43	so.
27 Sat	☉ sett 6h. 9m. a.		6 54 6	12 57 9	16	2 29	7 19	thighs
28 Su	19th Sun. after Tr.	St. Simon &	6 55 6	13 17 18	16	3 19	7 59	th.
29 Mo		[St. Jude.]	6 57 6	13 37 14	16	4 8	8 44	kn.
30 Tu	☉ in apogee.		6 58 6	13 56 58	16	5 58	9 34	kn.
31 We	☉ ☽ ♄.	rainy.	6 59 6	14 16 27	16	6 46	10 28	kn.
						6 33	11 25	leg.

XXXI days.

OCTOBER 10th Month.

1832.

ative of India, 1545.  
nd, by order of Qu

to England, 1588.

- ) First Quarter, 1st day, 3h. 13m. aft.  
 ● Full Moon, 9th day, 3h. 12m. aft.  
 ( Last Quarter, 16th day, 4h. 9m. aft.  
 ○ New Moon, 23d day, 2h. 24m. aft.  
 ) First Quarter, 31st day, 11h. 42m. morn.

R & S	Sun's		Moon	Sets.	●'s	high
	declin'tn.	h. m. s. m.				
South.			uth.	M. H. M.	place.	water
						H. M.
14	6	3 21	36	10		
15	6	3 44	54	10		
17	6	4 8	8	11		
18	6	4 31	20	11		
20	6	4 54	28	11		
21	6	5 17	32	11		
23	6	5 40	32	12		
25	6	6 3	29	12		
26	6	6 26	20	12		
28	6	6 49	7	13		
29	6	7 11	47	13		
31	6	7 34	21	13		
32	6	7 56	50	13		
34	6	8 19	12	14		
35	6	8 41	28	14		
37	6	9 3	35	14		
39	6	9 25	36	14		
40	6	9 47	28	14		
42	6	10 9	12	15		
43	6	10 30	47	15		
45	6	10 52	12	15		
46	6	11 13	28	15		
48	6	11 34	35	15		
49	6	11 55	30	15		
50	6	12 16	14	15		
51	6	12 36	47	15		
52	6	12 57	9	16		
53	6	13 17	18	16		
54	6	13 37	14	16		
55	6	13 56	58	16		
56	6	14 16	27	16		

## OCTOBER.

Swine should now be put up for fattening. A good comfortable sty is an important article of agricultural furniture, especially at this season. Many persons are of opinion that pork made chiefly upon potatoes, is sweeter, firmer, and altogether better than if wholly made upon grain. Last winter much excellent pork was brought to market, which had been principally fattened upon potatoes. Try for yourselves the experiment of transforming potatoes into pork, and for this purpose wash the potatoes clean, boil and mash them while hot, and at the same time mix oat or indian meal. Let this mixture stand till it ferments, and feed frequently as much as they will eat. Do not forget to give each hog a lump of charcoal or a piece of rotten wood daily.

Finish digging potatoes as early as possible in this month, otherwise they will be in danger of being touched with frost. Should that be the case, the frost potatoes should be carefully separated from the others, or the whole will be injured. If potatoes of different sorts have grown promiscuously together, (which is bad husbandry,) they may now without much trouble be separated into their respective kinds. Those intended for planting the ensuing year, should be such as combine the qualities of being most nutritious, and at the same time most productive. Early blues, though excellent for early use, yet unless the ground be in the very best heart, will not yield so great an increase as some others, which are equally good for winter and spring use.



1831.

NOVEMBER hath XXX days.

NOVI

Pins first used in England, by Catharine Howard, queen  
Henry VIII.

Post Office first established in England, 1581.

Potatoes first brought into England from America, by H  
kins in 1563.

● Full  
○ Last  
○ New  
D First

D. M.	W.	CALENDAR, &c.	R H.	S M.	Sun's declin'tn. D. M. S. M.	F a.	Moon South. D. M. H. M.	Sets. D. M. H. M.	● place
1	Th	All Saints.	7	1	5 14 35 44 16		7 19	morn.	leg
2	Fri	All Souls. ♂ rises 6h. 4m. a.	7	2	5 14 54 45 16		8 4	0 25	fee
3	Sat	Princess Sophia born. <i>cold</i>	7	4	5 15 13 32 16		8 49	1 27	ft.
4	SU	20th Sunday after Trinity. <i>and</i>	7	5	5 15 32 5 16		9 34	2 31	ft.
5	Mo	Powder Plot 1605. <i>wet.</i>	7	7	5 15 50 22 16		10 20	3 37	hea
6	Tu	Leonard. □ ○ ♄.	7	8	5 16 8 22 16		1 7	4 44	hd.
7	We	♄ sets 6h. 8m. a.	7	9	5 16 26 7 16		1 58	5 53	necl
8	Th	Prs. Augusta Sophia born.	7	11	5 16 43 35 16		norn.	rises.	no.
9	Fri	♄ rises 2h. 32m. m.	7	12	5 17 0 45 15		0 50	6 14	arm
10	Sat	sirius rises 10h. 41m. a. <i>high tides.</i>	7	13	5 17 17 39 15		1 47	6 58	ar.
11	SU	21st Sun. after Trin. St. Martin.	7	15	5 17 34 15 15		2 45	7 52	brea
12	Mo	♄ in perigee.	7	16	5 17 50 32 15		3 45	8 54	br.
13	Tu	Britius. ♄ stationary.	7	17	5 18 6 31 15		4 45	10 2	hear
14	We	♄ south 8h. 0m. a.	7	18	5 18 22 11 15		5 42	11 13	ht.
15	Th	Machutus. <i>fair</i>	7	19	5 18 37 32 15		6 37	morn.	belly
16	Fri	♄ south 0h. 25m. m. <i>and</i>	7	21	5 18 52 33 14		7 29	0 25	be.
17	Sat	Hugh Bishop of Lincoln. <i>frosty.</i>	7	22	5 19 7 14 14		8 20	1 37	be.
18	SU	22d Sunday after Trinity.	7	23	5 19 21 35 14		9 8	2 48	reins
19	Mo	♄ sets 6h. 14m. a.	7	24	5 19 35 34 14		9 55	3 57	re.
20	Tu	Edm. King and Martyr. ♂ ○ ♂.	7	25	5 19 49 12 14		10 43	5 5	se
21	We	♄ south 7h. 31m. a.	7	26	5 20 2 29 13		1 30	6 12	se.
22	Th	Cecilia. ☾ enters ♄ 2h. 0m. m.	7	27	5 20 15 24 13		0 18	sets.	thigh
23	Fri	St. Clement. <i>cold rain</i>	7	28	5 20 27 55 13		1 7	45 50	th.
24	Sat	sirius rises 9h. 44m. a. <i>or</i>	7	29	5 20 40 4 12		1 57	6 32	th.
25	SU	23d Sun. after Trin. Catherine.	7	30	5 20 51 51 12		2 46	7 20	knee
26	Mo	♄ rises 1h. 28m. m. <i>snow.</i>	7	31	5 21 3 14 12		3 35	8 13	kn.
27	Tu	♄ in apogee.	7	32	5 21 14 12 12		4 22	9 9	legs
28	We	♄ ☾.	7	33	5 21 24 47 11		5 8	10 7	le.
29	Th	Yd' L. rises 7h. 9m. a.	7	34	5 21 34 57 11		5 53	11 7	le.
30	Fri	St. Andrew's. <i>changeable.</i>	7	35	5 21 44 48 10		6 37	morn.	feet

XXX days.

NOVEMBER 11th Month.

1832.

ine Howard, queen

d, 1581.

om America, by H

- Full Moon, 8th day, 4h. 6m. morn.
- ☾ Last Quarter, 14th day, 11h. 27m. aft.
- New Moon, 22d day, 4h. 53m. morn.
- ☽ First Quarter, 30th day, 8h. 34m. morn.

☉	Sun's declin'tn.	☾	high water
H. M. D. M. S. M.	H. M. D. M. S. M.	H. M. D. M. S. M.	H. M. D. M. S. M.
South.			
1 5 14 35 44 16	7 19 morn.	legs	M 5 5
2 5 14 54 45 16	8 4 0 25	feet	6 20
4 5 15 13 32 16	8 49 1 27	ft.	7 29
5 5 15 32 51 16	9 34 2 31	ft.	8 28
7 5 15 50 22 16	0 20 3 37	head	9 18
8 5 16 8 22 16	1 7 4 44	hd.	10 2
9 5 16 26 7 16	1 58 5 53	neck	10 41
11 5 16 43 35 16	morn. rises.	ne.	11 18
12 5 17 0 45 15	0 50 A 6 14	arms	11 57
13 5 17 17 39 15	1 47 6 58	ar.	A 0 39
15 5 17 34 15 15	2 45 7 52	breast	1 20
16 5 17 50 32 15	3 45 8 54	br.	2 5
17 5 18 6 31 15	4 45 10 2	heart	2 58
18 5 18 22 11 15	5 42 11 13	ht.	3 58
19 5 18 37 32 15	6 37 morn.	belly	5 12
21 5 18 52 33 14	7 29 0 25	be.	6 34
2 5 19 7 14 14	8 20 1 37	be.	7 50
3 5 19 21 35 14	9 8 2 48	reins	8 51
4 5 19 35 34 14	9 55 3 57	re.	9 38
5 5 19 49 12 14	10 43 5 5	se.	10 21
6 5 20 2 29 13	1 30 6 12	se.	10 59
7 5 20 15 24 13	2 18 sets.	thighs	11 33
8 5 20 27 55 13	1 7 A 5 50	th.	morn.
9 5 20 40 4 12	1 57 6 32	th.	0 10
0 5 20 51 51 12	2 46 7 20	knees	0 45
1 5 21 3 14 12	3 35 8 18	kn.	1 20
2 5 21 14 12 12	4 22 9 9	legs	1 57
3 5 21 24 47 11	5 8 10 7	le.	2 36
4 5 21 34 57 11	5 53 11 7	le.	3 21
5 5 21 44 48 10	6 37 morn.	feet	4 12

# NOVEMBER.

The business of securing the crops of the present season being now accomplished, a prudent forecast should be given to the future, and such work attended to, as will expedite the labourers of the ensuing spring. Sward land intended for crop should now be ploughed to a good depth, say about 8 inches, and if this mode be followed successively for a few years, it will give a fine deep soil, and render farms more productive. Marsh low wet land, that in its present state is altogether useless, if drained and properly warmed, might be made highly fertile. The expence or labour attending it, would not be so great, as that of clearing wooded land, and the profit in most cases would be greater. There are but few farms, which have not more or less land of this description. Now is a proper season for ditching and draining. Wonders have been performed within a few years, by draining and ridging, &c. the low parts of the great marsh in the vicinity of this City, and the same may be accomplished on other low lands.

A frost proof cellar, is perhaps of greater importance to a farmer, than a good barn.

Do not put off the banking and securing of your cellar till to-morrow, frost may enter, or it may be forgotten till the damage is done beyond recovery. Attend carefully to calves and young cattle, should they fall off it will be difficult to restore them during winter. Husks and corn stalks are good fodder at this season.

Quills were first used for pens, 685.

Royal Navy of England the first so called, 1512.

Saddles in use, 340. Side-saddles used in England, 1

Shoeing of horses first introduced, 481.

Stirrups first used in the 6th century.

● Full

○ Last

○ New

▷ First

D. M.	D. W.	CALENDAR, &c.	R & S	Sun's declin <sup>n</sup> in	F	Moon	Sols.	plac
			H. M. H. D. M. S. M.	South.		M. H. M.		
1	Sat	☉ sets 6h. 29m. a.	7 36 5	21 54 3	10	7 20	m 0 8	fee
2	SU	Advent Sunday.	7 36 5	22 2 58	10	8 4	1 11	hea
3	Mo	☿ south 10h. 42m. a.	7 37 5	22 11 28	8	50	2 16	hd
4	Tu	☿ rises 0h. 56m. m.	7 38 5	22 19 32	9	37	3 23	nee
5	We	☿ sets 0h. 16m.	7 39 5	22 27 9	10	28	4 33	ne
6	Th	Nicholas.	7 39 5	22 34 20	11	23	5 45	ne
7	Fri	sirius rises 8h. 48m. a.	7 40 5	22 41 5	12	18	6 30	arm
8	Sat	Conception of B. V. Mary.	7 40 5	22 47 23	13	21	7 30	av.
9	SU	2d Sun. in Advent. ☉ in perigee	7 41 5	22 53 14	14	22	8 30	brea
10	Mo	7 stars south 10h. 25m. a. quite	7 41 5	22 58 39	15	24	9 38	br.
11	Tu	☉ ☿. high tides.	7 42 5	23 3 36	16	25	10 50	hea
12	We	☿ L. rises 6h. 11m. a.	7 42 5	23 8 5	17	23	11 5	ht.
13	Th	Lucy. ☉ sets 6h. 52m. a.	7 42 5	23 12 7	18	17	11 18	bell
14	Fri	☿ sets 11h. 41m. a.	7 43 5	23 15 41	19	8	12 18	be.
15	Sat	☿ stationary. changeable	7 43 5	23 18 48	20	57	0 29	rein
16	SU	3d Sun. in Advent. Sapientia.	7 43 5	23 21 26	21	43	1 38	re.
17	Mo	☿ south 9h. 30m. a.	7 44 5	23 23 36	22	29	2 45	se.
18	Tu	☿ rises 11h. 54m. a. weather.	7 44 5	23 25 17	23	16	3 51	se.
19	We	☉ ☿. ☉ sets 7h. 4m. a.	7 44 5	23 26 31	24	3	4 56	thigh
20	Th	sirius rises 7h. 52m. a.	7 44 5	23 27 17	25	51	5 58	th.
21	Fri	St. Thomas. ☉ ent. ☿ 2h. 32m. a.	7 44 5	23 27 36	26	39	6 58	th.
22	Sat	☉ ☿. fair with	7 44 5	23 27 24	27	28	sets.	knee
23	SU	4th. Sunday in Advent. frost.	7 44 5	23 26 43	28	17	15 53	kn.
24	Mo	Ghent Treaty 1814. Inf. ☉ ☿.	7 44 5	23 25 36	29	5	6 48	leg
25	Tu	Christmas day. ☿ stat. ☉ ☿.	7 44 5	23 24 0	30	51	7 45	le.
26	We	St. Stephen. [☉ in sp. ☉ ☿.	7 43 5	23 21 55	31	36	8 44	le.
27	Th	St. John.	7 43 5	23 19 23	1	20	9 44	feet
28	Fri	Innocents.	7 43 5	23 16 22	2	5	2 10	fe.
29	Sat	☉ ☿. ☿ sets 10h. 41m. a.	7 43 5	23 12 53	3	45	11 48	head
30	SU	1st Sun. after Christmas. snow.	7 42 5	23 9 57	4	28	morn.	hd.
31	Mo	Silvester. and stormy.	7 42 5	23 4 42	5	13	0 52	hd.

**1832.**

- Full Moon, 7th day, 4h. 3m. aft.
- ☾ Last Quarter, 14th day 8h. 9m. morn.
- New Moon, 21st day, 10h. 12m. aft.
- ☽ First Quarter, 30th day, 3h. 45m. morn.

R & S	Sun's declin.	mi.	P	oon	•	•	high
H. M. N.	D. M. S.	S. M.		outh.	Sets.	place.	H. M.
	South.						
7 36	5 21	54	31	7 20	m 0	8 feet	m 5 12
7 36	5 22	2 58	m	8 4	1 11	head	6 21
7 37	5 23	11 28	m	8 50	2 16	hd.	7 27
7 38	5 23	19 32	m	9 37	3 23	neck	8 29
7 39	5 22	27 9	m	10 28	4 33	ne.	9 21
7 39	5 23	34 20	m	11 23	5 45	ne.	10 9
7 40	5 22	41 5	m	morn. rises.			10 53
7 40	5 22	47 23	m	0 21	A 5	30 ar.	11 36
7 41	5 22	53 14	m	1 22	6 30	breast	A 0 21
7 41	5 22	58 39	m	2 24	7 38	br.	1 4
7 42	5 23	3 36	m	3 25	8 50	heart	1 49
7 42	5 23	8 5	m	4 23	10 5	ht.	2 37
7 42	5 23	12 7	m	5 17	11 18	belly	3 30
7 43	5 23	15 41	m	6 8	morn.	bo.	4 31
7 43	5 23	18 46	m	6 57	0 29	reins	5 45
7 43	5 23	21 26	m	7 43	1 38	re.	6 56
7 44	5 23	23 36	m	8 29	2 45	se.	8 3
7 44	5 23	25 17	m	9 16	3 51	se.	8 59
7 44	5 23	26 31	m	10 3	4 56	thighs	9 46
7 44	5 23	27 17	m	10 51	5 58	th.	10 28
7 44	5 23	27 38	m	11 39	6 58	th.	11 5
7 44	5 23	27 24	m	12 28	sets.	knees	11 40
7 44	5 23	26 43	m	1 17	A 5	53 kn.	morn
7 44	5 23	25 36	m	2 5	5 6	48 legs	0 17
7 44	5 23	24 0	m	2 51	7 45	le.	0 51
7 43	5 23	21 55	m	3 36	8 44	le.	1 24
7 43	5 23	19 23	m	4 20	9 44	feet	1 58
7 43	5 23	16 22	m	5 2	10 45	ft.	2 34
7 43	5 23	12 53	m	6 45	11 48	head	3 14
7 42	5 23	0 57	m	7 28	morn.	hd.	4 2
7 42	5 23	4 42	m	8 13	0 52	hd.	4 57

## DECEMBER.

The close of the year naturally reminds us of the end of life, for "*Here we have no continuing city.*" And inasmuch, as common prudence teaches us to prepare for the former, a proper concern for our future well being should prompt us to double our diligence to obtain the necessary preparation for the latter. This preparation does not however supersede the discharge of all relative duties, it rather stimulates to greater diligence in them, and teaches to perform them from higher and purer motives. Indeed whatever the good man performs, he does it as a part of his christian duty. Is he diligent in business, and does he attend well to the affairs of his house-hold, and of the church? Is he all as a steward of the means and opportunities with which the great proprietor of heaven and of earth has entrusted him, and for which he knows he must render an account.

Does he labour and expend means to instruct or to have his children instructed? it is that they may be qualified to fill the stations in which providence may place them, that they may be useful members of religious and civil society. Instead therefore if opposing his secular concerns to his christian calling, he renders them subservient thereto; and by a moderate enjoyment, and diligent improvement of the good things of this life for the best of purposes, he serves God in his day and generation. In this spirit perform all your works, house your implements of husbandry, provide books and teachers for your children, promote the interests of religion

PROVINCE  
OF  
**NEW-BRUNSWICK.**

His Excellency Major General Sir ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, B.  
K. C. B. Lieutenant-Governor, &c. &c.

**HIS MAJESTY'S COUNCIL.**

Hon. John Saunders, *President*,  
Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia  
John M. Bliss  
William Black  
George Shore  
William Botsford

Hon. Thomas Baillie  
Ward Chipman  
S. P. Hurd  
Harry Peters  
Frederic P. Robinson  
Richard Simonds

*Officers of the Legislative Council,*

*Clerk*, Wm. F. Odell, Esquire.

*Sergeant at Arms & Usher of the Black Rod*, Isaac W. Joubert, Esq.

*Chaplain*, Rev. George Coster, A. M.

*Principal Officers of Government,*

*Attorney-General* Charles J. Peters, Esq.  
*Solicitor-General* Robert Parker, Esq.  
*Advocate-General* George F. Street, Esq.  
*Secretary and Clerk of the Council* Wm. F. Odell, Esq.  
*Commissioner of Crown Lands* Hon. Thomas Baillie  
*Surveyor-General* do. do.  
*Receiver-General* George P. Bliss, Esq.  
*Acting Auditor-General* Hon. F. P. Robinson  
*Provincial Auditor* Thomas Heavyside, Esq.

*City of St.*  
Thomas Barlow  
Wm. B. Kinnear  
*County of St.*  
Stephen Humbert  
Charles Simonds  
John R. Partelow  
John Ward, Jun.  
*County of 1*  
John Allen  
John Dow  
Jedediah Slason  
Wm. Taylor  
*County of Ch*  
James Brown  
Patrick Clinch  
George S. Hill  
Thomas Wye  
*County of West*  
Edward B. Chand

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*Clerk, C*  
*Clerk At*  
*Sergeant*  
*Chaplain*

*ncellor, His Excell*  
*essors of the Court*  
*of the Crown in*  
*Chancery,*  
*ster, Daniel Ludl*  
*ERMS:—The sec*

*The Court of Govern*  
*Causes 1*

*His Excellency the Lie*  
*Vice Pre*  
*Clerk, H*  
*TERMS:—The first*



*Members of the House of Assembly,*

*Speaker, William Crane, Esq.*

*City of St. John,*

Thomas Barlow  
Wm. B. Kinnear

*County of St. John,*

Stephen Humbert  
Charles Simonds  
John R. Partelow  
John Ward, Jun.

*County of York,*

John Allen  
John Dow  
Jedediah Slason  
Wm. Taylor

*County of Charlotte,*

James Brown  
Patrick Clinch  
George S. Hill  
Thomas Wyer

*County of Westmorland,*  
Edward B. Chandler

Wm. Crane

Rufus Smith

Robert Scott

*County of Northumberland,*

Alexander Rankin  
Joseph Cunard

*King's County,*

John Humbert  
John C. Vail

*Queen's County,*

Thomas Gilbert  
C. Harrison

*County of Sunbury,*

George Hayward  
T. O. Miles

*County of Kent,*

John W. Weldon

*County of Gloucester,*

Wm. End

*Officers of the House of Assembly.*

*Clerk, Charles P. Wetmore*

*Clerk Assistant, Thomas Wetmore*

*Sergeant at Arms, Henry G. Clopper*

*Chaplain, Rev. James Somerville.*

*Court of Chancery.*

*Cancellor, His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, or the Commander-in-Chief, for the time being.*

*Justices of the Court, The Chief Justice, & Judges of the Supreme Court.*

*Attorney of the Crown in Chancery, William F. Odell*

*Clerk in Chancery, Neville Parker, George F. Street, Henry Swymmer.*

*Deputy, Daniel Ludlow Robinson.*

*TERMS:—The second MONDAY after each Term day of the Sup. Court.*

*The Court of Governor and Council, for hearing and determining Causes relating to Marriage and Divorce.*

*His Excellency the Lieut.-Governor and the Hon. His Majesty's Council.*

*Vice President, The Hon. Judge Botsford,*

*Clerk, Henry G. Clopper.*

*TERMS:—The first TUESDAY in February and July.*

### Supreme Court of Judicature.

**Chief Justice,** Honourable John Saunders  
**Justices,** John M. Bliss  
 William Botsford  
 Ward Chipman.

**Clerk of the Crown,** Charles S. Putnam

**Clerk of the Pleas,** Honourable George Shore

**Clerk of the Crown on the Circuits,** John T. Murray.

**TERMS:**—The first **TUESDAY** in February and May, and the second **TUESDAY** in July and October.

### Court of Vice Admiralty.

**Judge and Commissary,** Robert Parker  
**Advocate-General,** George F. Street  
**Registrar and Scribe,** William Tyng Peters  
**Marshall,** Thomas M. Hazen.

### Court for the Probate of Wills, and Granting Administrations.

**Register for the Province,** William F. Odell.

#### Surrogates and Registers.

Saint John,	{ Surrogate, Henry Swymmer
	{ Deputy Register, Charles Drury
York,	{ Surrogate, George F. Street
	{ Deputy Register, Henry G. Clopper
Charlotte,	{ Surrogate, Harris Hatch
	{ Deputy Register, Colin Campbell.
Westmorland,	{ Surrogate, Edward B. Chandler
	{ Deputy Register, Marmaduke L. Backhouse
Northumberland,	{ Surrogate, Thomas H. Peters
	{ Deputy Register, J. Ambrose S. Street
King's County,	{ Surrogate and Deputy Register, H. Naso
	{ Surrogate, H. N. De Veber
Queen's County,	{ Deputy Register, Valentine H. Peters
	{ Surrogate, John Hazen, Junr.
Sunbury,	{ Deputy Register, N. Hubbard
	{ Surrogate, William Chandler
Kent,	{ Deputy Register, John W. Weldon
Gloucester,	{ Surrogate and Deputy Register, William End.

The **COURT OF VICE ADMIRALTY** for this Province, is held at the City of St. John, and sits every third day in the year, (Sundays excepted).

The **SURROGATE COURTS** are also considered to sit every third day in their respective Counties; but for the transaction of ordinary business such as granting administrations, proving Wills and the like, these Courts are open at all seasons; on application to the Surrogate of the County.

Barristers and  
 their respective offices  
 Admiralty and Surrogates  
 Court for hearing and

There is in this Province  
 Admiralty in England,  
 Court under this (Court)  
 before it.

### City of St.

James J. Peters  
 William Tyng Peters  
 Thomas Murray  
 James Boyd Kinneane  
 James Peters Junr.  
 City and County

H. Lugin  
 In the Province

James F. Odell  
 Harris Hatch  
 George F. Street  
 Robert Parker  
 James A. S. Street  
 William Parker  
 Charles S. Putnam  
 L. Robinson  
 Henry Swymmer  
 W. Cleary  
 James A. Kinneane  
 Edward L. Street  
 C. S. Wetmore  
 Robert F. Hazen

Collector,  
 Comptroller,  
 Walters and S.  
 Warehouse Ke  
 Tide Surveyor,  
 Locker up of  
 Admiralty of  
 Sub-Collectors

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The Barristers and Attornies of the Supreme Court are entitled by virtue  
their respective offices to practise as Advocates and Proctors in the Vice  
Chancery and Surrogate Courts, and also in the Court of Governor and  
Council for hearing and determining causes relating to Marriage and Divorce.

There is in this Province, a Commission issuing out of the High Court of  
Chancery in England, for the trial of Offences committed on the High Seas.  
The Court under this Commission sits at Fredericton whenever there is any  
business before it.

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gister, William End.

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at of the County.

**Public Notaries.**

**City of St. John.**

James J. Peters  
William Tyng Peters  
Thomas Murray  
Sam Boyd Kinnear  
Peters Junr.

**City and County of St. John.**

H. Lugin

**In the Province.**

Sam F. Odell  
Is Hatch  
George F. Street  
Hert Parker  
A. S. Street  
Hille Parker  
Charles S. Putnam  
L. Robinson  
W. Swymmer  
W. Cleary  
Francis A. Kinnear  
Ed L. Street  
K. S. Wetmore  
Robert F. Hazen

Le Baron Hazen  
William Wright  
William Carman Jun.  
Peter Stubbs, Jun.  
F. E. Putnam  
Moses H. Perley  
George Kerr  
Robert H. Peters  
John M. Robinson  
William Merritt  
John Johnston  
J. W. Boyd  
George Wheeler

**Charlotte County.**

Colin Campbell  
Peter Stubbs

**Northumberland.**

Thomas H. Peters  
William Edd

**Richibucto.**

Sylvester C. Hewes  
John W. Weldon.

**His Majesty's Customs.**

**Port of Saint John.**

Collector, Henry Bowyer Smith  
Comptroller, Herbert Cornwell  
Waters and Searchers, G. H. Smith and James Walker  
Warehouse Keeper, Alexander Grant  
Tide Surveyor, John Longmaid  
Locker up of Warehouse, E. Marter  
Adventurer of Ships and Vessels, Charles Drury Jun.  
Sub-Collectors, James Sayre, Dorchester  
William Hannington, Chedise  
David Swayne, Richibucto  
Perry Dumaresq, Dalhousie

*Port of Saint Andrews.* **Collector**—The Right Hon. J. M. Spearman  
**Comptroller**—Rev. Geo. J. Saunders  
**Waiter and Searcher**—Richmond

**Warehouse Keeper**—Joseph Clarke  
**Locker up of Ditto**—Joseph Clarke  
**Admeasurer of Ships &c.**—E. F. Stewart, at West Isles and C  
**Sub-Collectors**—Thomas Armstrong, St. Stephens  
 A. J. Wetmore, St. Georges  
 William Frankland, Grand Manan.

### *Port of Miramichi.*

**Collector**—John Wright  
**Comptroller**—George Pinchin  
**Admeasurers of Ships &c.**—Isaac Paley, George Henderson, Jun

### *Provincial Revenue.*

#### *Saint John.*

**Treasurer**—Honorable Richard Simonds  
**Deputy Treasurers**—Henry G. Clopper, York County  
 James Ketchum, Woodstock  
 Beverly Robinson, Charlotte County  
 C. H. Joubert, West Isles and Campo Belle  
 M. L. Backhouse, Sackville  
 Bill Chapell, Bay Verte  
 William Wiley, Petitcodiac  
 Thomas H. Peters, Miramichi  
 John W. Weidon, Richibucto  
 William Hannington, Chediac  
 Dugald Stewart, Restigouche  
 John Miller, Bathurst

**Guagers of Dutiable Articles**—Benjamin C. Chaloner, Saint John

**Provincial Tide Waiters**—John Abrams, Saint John

David W. Jack, Saint Andrews

William Joplin, Miramichi.

**Collectors of Duties on Horses and Cattle**—James Upham, Woodstock

Robert Watson, St. Stephen

Benjamin Reed, } York.

Oliver Bradley, } York.

M. O'Connor, } York.

R. M'Laughlan, Gloucester

### *University of King's College, at Fredericton.*

#### *PATRON—THE KING.*

**Chancellor**—His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor; and in his absence  
 His Honor the President of the Province.

**Chancellor**—The Right Hon. J. M. Spearman

**President**—Rev. Geo. J. Saunders

**President**—The

**Professor of Classical  
 Philosophy  
 Divinity  
 Logic**

**College Council**, The

**Chancellor and Clerk**

**Clerk**

**Right Reverend J.**

**Majesty's Letters**

**Reverend**

**Saint John,**

**Carlton,**

**Portland,**

**Lochmond,**

**Fredericton,**

**St. Mary's,**

**Douglas,**

**Prince William,**

**Woodstock,**

**St. Andrews,**

**St. Stephens,**

**St. Georges,**

**Sackville,**

**Fort Cumberland,**

**Miramichi,**

**Kingston,**

**Sussex,**

**Hampton,**

**Greenwich & West**

**Gagetown,**

**Hampstead,**

**Grand Lake,**

**Maugerville,**

**Chediac,**

**Missionary for the**

**Bishop**—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of the Diocese for the time being.

**Archdeacon**—Rev. George Coster, A. M. Archdeacon.

**President**—The Rev. Edwin Jacob, D. D.

### Professors at King's College.

**Professor of Classical Literature, Moral Philosophy and History,** } Rev. Edwin Jacob, D. D.  
**Divinity and Metaphysics,** } Rev. James Somerville, L. L. D.  
**Logic, Mathematics & Hebrew,** } Rev. George M'Awley, A. M.

**College Council, The Chief Justice**

Hon. Judge Botsford

Speaker of the House of Assembly

Secretary of the Province

Rev. Edwin Jacob

Rev. James Somerville

Rev. George M'Awley

**Treasurer and Clerk,** George F. Street, Esq.

### Clergy of the Established Church.

**Right Reverend JOHN,** Lord Bishop of Nova-Scotia, exercising by His Majesty's Letters Patent, Episcopal Jurisdiction over the Province.

**Reverend George Coster, A. M. Archdeacon.**

**Saint John,**

B. G. Gray, D. D. **Rector**

I. W. D. Gray, **Assistant,**

Frederick Coster, **Rector,**

(Vacant)

ditto

George Coster, A. M.

**Rectors.**

Edwin Jacob, D. D.

James Somerville, L. L. D.

Addington D. Parker,

Samuel D. L. Street,

Jerome Alley,

Sheffington Thompson, L. L. D.

Samuel Thompson,

Christopher Milner,

Richard B. Wiggins,

Samuel Bacon,

Archibald Gray,

**Assistant,**

Elias Scovil,

Oliver Arnold,

Nelson Arnold,

**Itinerant,**

William W. Walker,

Gilbert L. Wiggins,

Samuel R. Clarke,

George S. Jarvis,

Abraham Wood,

Reper Milner,

Edwin Arnold,

**Missionary for the vacant Districts of the Province,** John Burnyeat.



### Established Church of Scotland.

Saint John,  
Saint Andrews,  
Newcastle,  
Fredericton,

The Reverend Alexander M'Leas,  
James Suter,

The Ecclesiastical  
The Rector and Ch

William Scott, Esq.  
W. Boyd, Secre

### Roman Catholic Clergy.

St. John, Rev. John Carroll,  
Fredericton, Mr. M'Sweeney,  
Miramichi, Mr. Dollard,  
St. Andrews, Mr. Cummins,  
Richibucto, Mr. Tetras,

Nipisquit, Rev. Mr. Le Due,  
Caraquet, Mr. De Bellefleur,  
Monsenack, Mr. Gauvreau,  
Chediac, Mr. M'Gaugon,  
Madawaska, Mr. Sirois.

### Provincial Va

CEN

Patrons of the

Director of the  
Committee, Rev.  
Vaccinating Sur  
The

### Wesleyan Missionaries in the New-Brunswick District.

St. John, Rev. John B. Strong,  
A Desbrisay,  
George Johnson,  
Fredericton } Sampson Busby,  
& Sheffield, } R. Douglass,  
St. Stephens } R. Williams,  
& St. Davids, } Henry Daniel,  
St. Andrews, } Michael Pickles,  
Annapolis } Samuel Joll,  
& Digby, }

Westmorland, Rev. Wm. Smith,  
A. W. M'Le  
Wm. Murray,  
Joseph F. B  
Miramichi, Enoch Wood,  
Arthur M'Ne  
Wakefield & }  
Woodstock, }  
Hopewell, }  
Vacant,  
Vacant.

Provincial Marine H

Commissioners,

Physician and St

### Baptist Ministers in New-Brunswick.

St. John, Rev. J. G. Naylor,  
Fredericton, John Marsters,  
Waterborough, L. Hammond,  
Prince William, S. Bancraft,  
Norton, Charles Lewis,  
New Canaan,  
Wickham,  
Miramichi, James Tozer,

Hillabero', Rev. James Wallace,  
Hopewell, N. Cleveland,  
Dorchester, William Sears,  
Salisbury, Joseph Grand,  
Sackville, Robert Davies,  
Sussex Vale, Titus Stone,  
Itinerant, David Grand,  
Benjamin Coy

New-Brunswick

Patron—His

President—

Vice-Preside

Members of the Centre

son, Hon. Harry F

as Wyer, Hugh M

as O. Miles, John

Secretary and

Agent for Emigr

### Governor and Trustees of the Madras School, New-Brunswick.

The Lieutenant Governor or Commander-in-Chief of the Province,  
The Lord Bishop of the Diocese,  
The Chief Justice,  
The Members of H. M. Council, (not being Judges of Supreme Court),  
The Speaker of the House of Assembly,  
The Judge of the Admiralty,  
The Mayor and Recorder of Saint John,

St

thaniel H. De Vebe

John W. Weldon,

am-Hannington, Joh

Benjamin L. Peter

**Scotland.**

Alexander M'Leas,  
mes Suter,

The Ecclesiastical Commissary of the Province,  
The Rector and Church Wardens of Trinity Church in Saint John,

**Together with**

William Scovil, Esquire,  
W. Boyd, Secretary,

Robert F. Hazen, Treasurer.

**53.**

Rev. Mr. Le Due,  
Mr. De Bellefleur,  
Mr. Gauvreau,  
Mr. M'Gagon,  
Mr. Sirois.

**runswick District.**

and, Rev. Wm. Smith,  
A. W. M'Leas,  
Wm. Murray,  
Joseph F. Boyd,  
Enoch Wood,  
Arthur M'Neil,  
Vacant,  
Vacant.

**Provincial Vaccine Establishment of New-Brunswick.**

**CENTRAL STATION—SAINT JOHN.**

*Patrons of the Institution*, His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor  
and His Majesty's Council.

*Director of the Institution*, His Honor the President,  
Committee, Rev. James Somerville, and Wm. F. Odell, Fredericton,  
Rev. Jerome Alley, Saint Andrews.

*Vaccinating Surgeons*, John Boyd, M. D. Saint John,

The Medical Officer in charge of the Troops, Fredericton,  
The Medical Officer in charge of the Troops, St. Andrews.

**Provincial Marine Hospital, for the Relief of Sick and Disabled  
Seamen.**

*Commissioners*, Honorable William Black, Thomas Heavyside, John  
Ward, Jun. R. M. Jarvis, William Scovil, Esquires.  
*Physician and Surgeon*, John Boyd, M. D.

**New-Brunswick Agricultural and Emigrant Society.**

*Patron*—His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor,

*President*—The Honorable Chief Justice Saunders,

*Vice-Presidents*—Hon. Judge Bliss, and Hon. Judge Botsford.

*Members of the Central Committee*—Hon. Judge Chipman, Hon. F. P.  
son, Hon. Harry Peters, Peter Fraser, Richard Ketchum, W. Crane,  
as Wyer, Hugh Munro. James Miles, John Allen, Samuel Froeze,  
as O. Miles, John W. Weldon, Richard Simonds, Esquires.

*Secretary and Treasurer*—Wm. Taylor, Esq.

*Agent for Emigrants*—Alexander Wedderburn, Esq.

**unswick.**

Rev. James Wallace,  
N. Cleveland,  
William Sears,  
Joseph Grand,  
Robert Davies,  
Titus Stone,  
David Grand,  
Benjamin Coy.

**ol, New-Brunswick  
of the Province.**

**Supervisors of Great Roads.**

Manuel H. De Voeber, Colin Campbell, James A. M'Laughlin, Thomas  
r, John W. Weldon, George Anderson, E. G. N. Scovil, Robert Deak,  
am Hannington, John Young. A. Goodfellow, A. M. Botsford, Joseph  
e, Benjamin L. Peters, and George Hayward, Esquires.

**ges of Supreme Cou**

# CITY AND COUNTY OF SAINT JOHN

BANK

*Court of Nisi Prius.*

Pres

**TERMS**—Second Tuesday in January, and third Tuesday in June.

**Mayors Court, or General Sessions, and Inferior Court of Common Pleas.**

**TERMS**—Third Tuesday in March, and First Tuesday in June, September and December.

**Justices of the Mayor's Court, The Mayor and Recorder.**

Barlow,  
ard Chipman,  
Crookshank,  
isbrow,  
ohnston,  
ah Merriitt,

Cashier  
Solicitor

## CITY OF SAINT JOHN.

*Alderman's or City Court.*

**TERMS**—On Thursday in each Fortnight.

**MAYOR.** Lauchlan Donaldson, Esquire.  
**RECORDER.** William B. Kinnear, Esquire.

### ALDERMEN

G. Harding,  
D. Ansel,  
T. Harding,  
T. Sandall,  
W. Olive,  
G. Bond,

### ASSISTANTS

Mr. Isaac Woodward,  
S. Nichols,  
J. T. Hanford,  
E. Cameron,  
J. Ketchum,  
John Ring,

### WARDS

King's,  
Queen's,  
Duke's,  
Sydney's,  
Guy's,  
Brook's.

High Sheriff, James White,  
Coroner, Alexander M'Leod,  
Chamberlain, J. R. Partelow,  
Common Clerk, James Peters, Junr.  
Deputy Common Clerk, J. Wm. Boyd,  
High Constable, Joshua Bunting.

**Marshalls**—Edward Bennisson, Robert M'Kelvy, William Clukes, C. Littlehale and A. M'Kenzie.

**Constables**—Rowland Bunting, Lawrence Stivers, Benjamin Herring, William Munford, John M'Arthur, Robert W. Nowlin, Hugh Wilson, W. Feazerbey, Robert Riley, William Nixon, Linus Seely, John Jenk, Lewis Fairweather, Robert M'Kelvy, Thomas Anderson, John C. Little, William Clark, Junior.

**City Surveyor**—Robert C. Minnette.

**Port Wardens**—Ezekiel Barlow, John Ward, William Leavitt, Thomas Rawleigh, and Nehemiah Merriitt.

**Harbour Master**—Thomas Robson.

**Branch Pilots**—Thomas Reed, James Reed, John Reed, John Leav, John Anthony, John Mills, Alexander Mills, George Thomas, Benjamin Dalton, Francis Leavitt, Junr. John Woodley, John Leavitt, Junr. John Wightman, John Murray, Abraham Beateay, Daniel Hatfield.

**Visiting Physicians**—John Boyd, Henry Cook, S. G. Hamilton, G. J. Harding.

**Firewardens, on the Eastern side of the Harbour**—George Harding—Thomas Barlow—John M. Wilmett—Daniel Ansel—John Ward, junr. Thomas Harding—Lauchlan Donaldson—John R. Partelow—Thomas Heavisd—Thomas Sandall—Gregory Van Horne—Robert Robertson—William T. Peters—A. S. Perkins and Daniel Smith, Esquires.

**Firewardens, on the Western side of the Harbour**—Tristram Ring—John F. Lilly—and J. Ketchum.

City of

Patron—His Excellen  
President—Thomas I  
The Presidents—He  
Ho  
Hu  
Th  
Cassier and Register

Lauchlan Donald  
William Walker,  
James Kirk,  
Isaac Woodward,  
William Leavitt,  
J. Kinnear,  
J. T. Hanford,  
T. L. Nicholson,  
S. L. Lugin,  
above Gentlemen,  
and County of St. Jol  
for the present year.

Used Auctioneers—  
J. & H. Kinnear,  
Peter Hatfield, Seely

John District C

Patron, His E  
resident, Rev. B. G  
2

# SAINT JOHN

us.  
ird Tuesday in June.

Inferior Court of O

Tuesday in June, Sep

d Recorder.

OHN.

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on, Esquire.  
ar, Esquire.

WARDS  
King's,  
Queen's,  
Duke's,  
Sydney's,  
Guy's,  
Brook's.

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M'Leod,  
elow,  
rs, Junr.  
yd.  
ting.  
, William Clukes, J

s, Benjamin Herring  
wlin, Hugh Wilson, V  
s Seely, John Jenk  
rson, John C. Little

William Leavitt, Tho

hn Reed, John Lea  
orge Thomas, Benja  
hn Leavitt, Junr. J  
iel Hatfield.  
, S. G. Hamilton,

-George Harding—T  
hn Ward, Junr. Tho  
—Thomas Heaviside  
bertson—William T

-Tristram Ring—Ja

## BANK OF NEW-BRUNSWICK.

President, Henry Gilbert, Esquire.

### DIRECTORS.

Barlow,	} Esquires.	Solomon Nichols,	} Esquires.
Ward Chipman,		Neville Parker,	
Crookshank,		William Sevil,	
Bisbrow,		Charles Simonds,	
Johnston,		Benjamin Smith,	
ah Merriitt,		Stephen Wiggins,	
		Cashier, Zalmon Wheeler,	} Esquires.
		Solicitor, Neville Parker,	

### City of Saint John Saving's Bank.

Patron—His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor.

President—Thomas Heaviside, Esquire,

Two Presidents—Honorable William Black,  
Honorable Judge Chipman,  
Hugh Johnston, Esquire.

Treasurer The Bank of New Brunswick,  
Cashier and Register, ———,

### Chamber of Commerce.

Lauchlan Donaldson, Esquire, Chairman.

William Walker, } Deputy Chairman.

James Kirk,

Isaac Woodward, junr. Secretary.

William Leavitt,

J. Kinnear,

J. T. Hanford,

T. L. Nicholson,

S. L. Lugin,

Ordinary Members of Committees.

Above Gentlemen, together with the Members of Assembly for the  
County of St. John—(being the non-elective part) form the Com-  
mittee for the present year.

Assessed Auctioneers—John Kerr, Elisha DeW. Ratchford, John V.  
J. & H. Kinnear, John Robertson, James T. Hanford, Samuel Ste-  
Peter Hatfield, Seely & Patten.

### John District Committee of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

Patron, His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor.

President, Rev. E. G. Gray, Rector.

*Vice-Presidents*, Honorable William Black,  
William Scovil,  
*Treasurer*, Zalmon Wheeler,  
*Secretary*, Rev. I. W. D. Gray,  
**TERMS OF ADMISSION**—One Guinea donation and one guinea annu-  
Recommendation from a member of the Society.  
The Depository of Books and Tracts in the Store of Messrs.  
E. SEARS.

### *New-Brunswick Auxiliary Bible Society.*

*Patron*, His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor.  
*President*, John M. Wilmot,  
*Vice-Presidents*, Charles I. Peters,  
John Ferguson,  
William B. Kinnear,  
*Treasurer*, Alexander M'Leod,  
*Secretary*, Mr. James Paterson, Rector of the Grammar School,  
*Depository*, Store of Leverit H. DE VEEEN.

### *Branch Societies.*

#### *St. John Ladies' Bible Association.*

*President*, Mrs. Neville Parker,  
*Treasurer*, Mrs. Ferguson,  
*Secretary*, Miss Wiggins,  
*Saint Stephen.*  
*President*, ———,  
*Vice-President*, T. Armstrong,  
*Treasurer*, Aaron Upton,  
*Secretary*, David A. Rose.

#### *Waterborough.*

*President*, David Palmer,  
*Vice-President*, J. Robertson,  
*Sec'y & Treasurer*, J. Palm,  
*Sussex Vale.*  
*President*, ———,  
*Treasurer*, A. C. Evansen,  
*Secretary*, J. R. Leggett,

### *Saint John Society Library.*

*President*, William Scovil,  
*Vice-President*, James White,  
*Committee*, Thomas Millidge, and G. D. Robinson,  
*Secretary and Treasurer*, Robert F. Hazen,  
*Librarian*, Mr. Anthony R. Truro,  
Library hours from twelve to one o'clock, every day.

### *Saint John Church of England Sunday School Society.*

*Patron*—His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor,  
*President*—The Rector of St. John,  
*Superintendent and Secretary*, The Curate of Saint John.  
*Directors*, The Churchwardens,

### *Public Grammar*

*President*, The Rector,  
*Rector*, The Mayor,  
The Hon. V.  
Charles J. I.  
Thomas Pat.  
Rev. I. D.  
Neville Parli  
*Treasurer and Clerk*,  
*Secretary*, Mr. James P.

### *Saint And*

*President*  
*Vice-Pre*  
*Treasurer*  
*Secretary*

### *Saint George*

*President*  
*Vice-Pre*  
*Treasurer*  
*Secretary*

### *Saint Patr*

*President*  
*Vice-Pre*  
*Secretary*  
*Assistant*

### *Albion*

*President*  
*Vice-Pre*  
*Treasurer*  
*Secretary*

### *Phil-Har*

*President*  
*Vice-Pre*  
*Treasurer*  
*Secretary*

### *British Am*

*President*  
*Vice-Pre*  
*Treasurer*  
*Secretary*



*Public Grammar School, in the City of St. John.*

*President, The Rector of Saint John,  
The Mayor, The Recorder,  
The Hon. Ward Chipman,  
Charles J. Peters,  
Thomas Paddock,  
Rev. I. D. W. Gray,  
Neville Parker,  
Treasurer and Clerk, ———,  
Secretary, Mr. James Paterson.*

*Bible Society.*

*Tenant-Governor.*

*Saint Andrews Society—Formed in 1798.*

*President, John Boyd, M. D.  
Vice-President, Mr. John Robertson,  
Treasurer, Mr. James Robertson,  
Secretary, Mr. John Moyes:*

*Saint George's Society—Re-organized in 1816.*

*President, James Hendricks,  
Vice-President, Thomas Barlow,  
Treasurer, Thomas Sandall,  
Secretary, John J. Roberts,*

*Saint Patrick's Society—Formed in 1816.*

*President, Major Gallagher,  
Vice-President, S. G. Hamilton,  
Secretary, Mr. James M'Cleery,  
Assistant Secretary, Mr. James Stewart.*

*Albion Society—formed in 1828.*

*President, Mr. George Bragg  
Vice-President, Mr. William Seammell  
Treasurer, Samuel Bagshaw  
Secretary, Mr. Anthony E. Truro*

*Phil-Harmonic Society—formed in 1824.*

*President, John Boyd  
Vice-President Mr. Daniel Jordan  
Treasurer, H. N. H. Lugin  
Secretary, Mr. R. Seely*

*British American Society—formed in 1830.*

*President, John Ward, Senr.  
Vice-Presidents, N. Meritt  
S. Humbert  
Treasurer, Daniel Leavitt  
Secretary, S. L. Lugin*

*Temperance Society—formed in 1830.*

*President, Rev. B. G. Gray, D. D.  
Vice-President, W. B. Kinnear  
Secretary and Treasurer, A. M'Leod*

## FIRE MEN.

*Engine No. 1—Foreman, Samuel Mason—Firewardens, Lauchlan Donaldson and Daniel Ansley, Esquires.*

*No. 2—Foreman, William Barlow—Firewardens, Thomas Barlow and Daniel Smith.*

*No. 3—Foreman, Stephan Gerow—Firewardens, Ambrose S. Peters and George Harding.*

*No. 4—Foreman, Isaac Gerow—Firewardens, John Ward, Junr. and Thomas Sandall.*

## COUNTY OF ST. JOHN.

*Justices of the Mayor's Court—The Mayor and Recorder.*

*Justices of the Quorum—Lauchlan Donaldson, George Harding, Daniel Ansley, Thomas Harding, Thomas Sandall, George Bond and William Kinnear.*

*Justices of the Peace—Thomas Menzies, John Ward, William Peters, James Peters, Thomas Millidge, Ralph M. Jarvis, Lewis Bliss, George Simonds, G. C. Carman, Zalmon Wheeler, John Jordan, Thomas side, Allen Otty, George Anderson, John Brown, Junr. James Hugh Johnston, Henry Gilbert, Robert W. Crooksbank, Noah Robert Ellis, Robert Payne, Archibald Menzies, George Brown and Hendricks.*

*High Sheriff—James White.*

*Coroner—Alexander M'Leod.*

*Register of Deeds and Wills—Charles Drury.*

*Keeper of the Rolls, Clerk of the Peace, and Clerk of the Common Pleas—James Peters, Junr.*

*Commissioners for taking Bail in the Supreme Court—Robert and Benjamin L. Peters.*

*Commissioners for taking Affidavits to be read in the Supreme Court—Charles Jeffrey Peters, William Tyng Peters, Robert Parker, William Kinnear, John Thomas Murray, Neville Parker, James Peters, Junr. Henry Swymmer, Francis A. Kinnear, Robert F. Hazen, Le Baron Robert Robertson, Junr. Horatio Nelson Hicks, Legrin, Moses H. John M. Robinson, Robert L. Hazen and Richard Sands, Junr.*

*Commissioners for solemnizing Marriage—Gerhardus C. Carman, Jordan and James Moran.*

*Counsellors and Attornies—William Tyng Peters, Robert P. Henry Swymmer, John Thomas Murray, William Boye Kinnear, N. Parker, James Peters, Junr. Francis A. Kinnear, Robert F. Hazen, Le Baron Hazen, Robert Robertson, Junr. Horatio N. H. Legrin, William M. Moses H. Perley, Robert L. Hazen and Richard Sands, Junr.*

*TERMS—The first Tuesday in July and October.*

*General Session.*

*TERMS—Second Tuesday in March.*

*Justices of the Inferior Court, Thomas C. Le*

*Justices of the Quorum, Clements, John*

*Justices, Richard Ketchu*

*Justices, Thomas Jon*

*Justices, Josiah S. Brown*

*Justices, Jacob Allen, William*

*Justices, Campbell, James*

*Justices, William Hallett and Fr*

*Justices of the Peace*

*High Sheriff—Edwa*

*Justices—William*

*Justices of the Rolls*

*Justices, Common Pleas—Henry*

*Justices, County Treasurer—*

*Justices, Corrogate and Regi*

*Justices, Register of Deeds and*

*Justices, Commissioners for*

*Justices, side, Allen Otty, George Anderson, John Brown, Junr. James*

*Justices, Commissioners for so*

*Justices, Robert Morehouse, Ric*

*Justices, Robinson, James*

*Justices, Counsellors and At*

*Justices, George P. Bliss, I*

*Justices, James S. Putnam, A*

*Justices, Wilmot, D. H. S*

*Justices, Commissioners of the*

*Justices, Fishes of Frederic*

*Justices, Prince*

*Justices, Hon. F. P. Robin*

*Justices, G. Clopper, Dani*

*Justices, Mr. Joseph*

*Justices, Co*

*Justices, Principal—Rev. Ge*

ed in 1830.

D. D.  
ear  
M'Leod

## COUNTY OF YORK.

### *Supreme Court.*

TERMS—The first Tuesday is February and May, and the second Tuesday in July and October.

### *General Sessions and Inferior Court of Common Pleas.*

Firewardens, Lauchlan  
ardens, Thomas Barlow  
ardens, Ambrose S. P  
dens, John Ward, Jun

TERMS—Second Tuesday in January and June—Additional Terms—  
and Tuesday in March, and second Tuesday in October.

Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas—John Allen, Peter  
er, Thomas C. Lee and John Robinson.

Justices of the Quorum—John Allen, Peter Fraser, Thomas C. Lee,  
er Clements, John Bedell, Jacob Ellegood, Daniel Morehouse, Henry  
th, Richard Ketchum, James Upham, James A. M'Lauchlan, Thomas  
erson, Thomas Jones, Jedediah Slason, George Minchin, George More-  
se, Josiah S. Brown, John Dibblee, James Harrison, Simon Hammond,  
ob Allen, William Robinson, William Wilmet, William Davidson, Pa-  
el, Campbell, James Miles, John Dow, Adam Sharp, Arthur B. Walsh,  
ham Hallett and Francis Rice.

Justice of the Peace—Ross Curry.

High Sheriff—Edward W. Miller.

Coroners—William Taylor, John Bedell, Jun. and Hilksiah Kearney.

Clerk of the Rolls, Clerk of the Peace, and Clerk of the Court of

Common Pleas—Henry G. Clopper.

County Treasurer—Mark Needham.

Corrogate and Register—George F. Street.

Register of Deeds and Wills—H. G. Clopper.

Commissioners for taking Affidavits in the Supreme Court—Richard  
thum and Daniel Morehouse.

Commissioners for solemnizing Marriages—John Allen, Jacob Ellegood,  
el Morehouse, Richard Ketchum, George Morehouse, Joshua Brown,  
Robinson, James Harrison J. A. M'Lauchlan, and Arthur B. Walsh.

Counsellors and Attornies—George F. Street, Charles J. Peters,

ge P. Bliss, Daniel Ludlow Robinson, George J. Dibblee,

les S. Putnam, A. K. S. Wetmore, John S. Saunders, G. F. S. Berton.

Wilmet, D. H. Smith, E. B. Smith and John M. Robinson.

eme Court—Robert

ad in the Supreme Co  
Robert Parker, William  
r, James Peters, Jun.  
Hazen, Le Baron B.  
Lugin, Moses H. P.  
ard Sands, Jun.  
Berthards C. Garman,

Commissioners of the Abns House and Work House, for the Pa-  
ishes of Fredericton, Saint Mary, Douglas, Kingsclear,  
Prince William and Queensbury.

Hon. F. P. Robinson, Jedediah Slason, Henry Smith, Charles Lee,

ay G. Clopper, Daniel Ludlow Robinson and George Minchin.

eper—Mr. Joseph Fleming.

### *Collegiate Grammar School.*

Principal—Rev. George Crowell, A. M.

Peters, Robert P  
am Boye Kinnear, N  
Robert F. Hazen, L  
I. Lugin, William M  
Sands, Jun.

### *Frederickton Savings' Bank.*

*Patron, His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor*  
*President, His Honor the Chief Justice*  
*Vice-President, Peter Fraser.*  
*Treasurer, James Taylor, Senr.*  
*Secretary, Henry G. Clopper*  
*Cashier and Register, Mr. John F. Taylor*

### *Frederickton Library.*

*President, The Rev. Dr. Somerville*  
*Vice-President, George F. Street*  
*Committee, Rev. George M'Cawley*  
*Henry G. Clopper*  
*Mr. Thomas L. Laugen*  
*Secretary and Treasurer, H. G. Clopper*  
*Librarian, Mr. John Baird*

### *Auxiliary Bible Society*

*President, William Taylor*  
*Treasurer, Peter Fisher*  
*Secretary, James Taylor, Junr.*

### *Frederickton Temperance Society.*

*President, William S. Estey*  
*Vice-Presidents, William M. Kay*  
*Thomas Pickard*  
*Thomas Smith*  
*Secretary, Francis Beverley*  
*Treasurer, John T. Smith*

### *Keswick Ridge*

*President, Moses Pickard, Senr.*  
*Vice-Presidents, Samuel Clark, Senr.*  
*John Elliott*  
*Secretary, James Miles*

### *Nashwalk.*

*President, John Manzer*  
*Vice-President, Hezekiah Estabrooks*  
*Secretary, James Harrison*

### *Kingsclear.*

*President, Simon Hammond*  
*Vice-President, Jen. Smith*  
*Secretary, Aaron Hart*

*Frederickton*

*President*  
*Vice-P*  
*Secretar*  
*Treasu*

*Saint John*

*President*  
*Vice Pr*

*Secretar*  
*Assista*  
*Treasu*

*Saint John*

*President*  
*Vice Pr*

*Secretar*

*Firewa*

*William F. Odell, H*  
*Jedediah Slason, (*  
*Esquires.*

*Fr*

*President*  
*Vice Pr*  
*Secretar*

*COUN*

*ARM—First Tuesday*

*General Ses*

*ARMs—Second Tues*

*ARMs—Second Tues*

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*Frederickton Society of Saint Andrew.*

President, Peter Fraser  
Vice-President, Mr. James Taylor, Sen.  
Secretary, Mr. John Gregory  
Treasurer, Mr. John F. Taylor

*Saint Patrick's Society in Frederickton.*

President, The Hon. Thomas Baillie  
Vice Presidents, George Minchin  
Mr. Thomas L. Langen  
Secretary, M. Matthew Brannen,  
Assistant Secretary, Mr. Stephen White  
Treasurer, Mr. Joseph Beck

*Saint George's Society in Frederickton.*

President, The Hon. John Saunders  
Vice Presidents, George Shore  
Charles J. Peters  
George F. Street  
Secretary, G. F. S. Herton

*Firewardens in the town of Frederickton.*

William F. Odell, Hon. George Shore, Thomas Baillie, Charles J. Pe-  
Jedediah Slason, George Minchin, George F. Street and Mark Need-  
Esquires.

*Frederickton Union Fire Club.*

President, Thomas R. Robertson  
Vice President, John A. Beckwith  
Secretary and Treasurer, F. E. Beckwith

**COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.**

*Court of Nisi Prius.*

RM—First Tuesday in August.

*General Sessions and Court of Common Pleas.*

RM's—Second Tuesday in April, and Third in September.—Addition-  
rms—Second Tuesday in July and December.



Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas—Hugh M'Kay, C. Campbell, Peter Stubbs, Thomas Wyer and James Allanshaw.  
 Justices of the Quorum—Hugh M'Kay, Colin Campbell, Thomas W. Peter M'Callum, Thomas Armstrong, Moses Vernon, William Frank Rev. Jerome Alley, John Wilson, Tristram Moore, Patrick Ch Charles R. Hatheway, James Allanshaw, Aaron Upton, David M Thomas Jones, Samuel Abbott, William Kerr, George Portes, John terson and Cadwallader Curry.

Justice of the Peace—James White.

High Sheriff—Elisha S. Andrews.

Coroners—Donald M'Lauchlan and David Mowatt.

Keeper of the Rolls, Clerk of the Peace, and Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas—Harris Hatch.

Treasurer—David W. Jack.

Surrogate and Judge of Probate—Harris Hatch.

Register of Deeds and Wills—Colin Campbell, Jun.

Commissioners for taking Bail in the Supreme Court—The Justice of the Peace, together with Joseph N. Clarke, Charles R. Hatheway, S Whitlock and Thomas Jones.

Commissioners for taking Affidavits in the Supreme Court—The Justice of the Peace, together with Charles R. Hatheway, Joseph N. Clarke, H Hatch, A. L. Street, George S. Hill, R. S. Mowatt, S. H. Whitlock, F. E. Putman.

Commissioners for taking Bail in the Court of Common Pleas—Moses Vernon and Thomas Armstrong.

Commissioners for solemnizing Marriage—Hugh M'Kay, Tristram Moore, James Allanshaw, Peter M'Callum and Thomas Wyer.

Counsellors and Attornies—Harris Hatch, Alfred L. Street, Francis Putman, Samuel H. Whitlock, George S. Hill and Robert S. Mowatt.

### Charlotte County Bank.

President—Harris Hatch.

Directors—John Wilson, Thomas Wyer, James Rait, John M'Callum, John M'Allister, James Campbell, J. Douglas and J. M'Lauchlan.

Cashier—Peter Stubbs.

### Chamber of Commerce.

Chairman—James Allanshaw.

Deputy Chairman—John Wilson.

Committee—James Rait, James Douglas, John M'Lauchlan, Adam J. and Peter Stubbs.

Secretary and Treasurer—John Rodger.

### Grammar School.

Trustees—Rev. J. Alley, C. Campbell, T. Wyer, H. Hatch, P. S. and S. Frye.

Master—Rev. John Cassilis.

Agriculture

President

Vice President

Treasurer

Secretary

Committees—Joseph Wm. Douglas, Francis Jones.

Patron

President

Treasurer

Secretary

President

Vice President

Secretary

Treasurer

Port Wardens—John Francis Jones.

Harbour Master—Peter Stubbs.

Commissioners of Buoyage—James Allanshaw.

Commissioners of Light—John Wilson and James

### COUNTY

Terms—First Tuesday

General Session

Terms—Third Tuesday

Annual Terms—First Tuesday

Justices of the Inferior Court

Justices of the Quorum

Justices of the Peace—John Keith, Wm. Douglas, Edward Dinnington, James Sayre

ees—Hugh M'Kay, C  
is Allanshaw.  
Campbell, Thomas W  
rnon, William Frank  
Moore, Patrick Ch  
a Upton, David Mo  
George Portes, John

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Jun.  
a Court—The Justice  
ries R. Hatheway, S

reme Court—The Ju  
Joseph N. Clarke, H  
att, S. H. Whitlock,

f Common Pleas—M

M'Kay, Tristram M  
Vyer.  
id L. Street, Franc  
i Robert S. Mowatt.

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s Rait, John M'M  
J. M'Lachlan.

M'Lachlan, Adam J

er, H. Hatch, P. B  
lia.

### *Agricultural and Emigrant Society.*

President—Samuel Frye

Vice Presidents—T. Wyer and H. Hatch

Treasurer—D. W. Jack

Secretary—Peter Stubbs

Committees—Joseph Walton, James Douglas, J. Parkinson, D. D. Mor-  
ris, Wm. Douglas, Sen. D. Morrison, Thomas Sims, David Mowatt and  
Francis Jones.

### *Auxiliary Bible Society.*

Patron—His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor.

President, Colin Campbell

Treasurer, B. Robinson

Secretary, Rev. A. M'Lean

### *Saint Patrick's Society.*

President, Hugh Flaherty

Vice President, Dr. W. C. M'Say

Secretary, Henry Beamish

Treasurer, Mr. Henry O'Neil

Port Wardens—John Wilson, D. W. Jack, P. Smith, J. Campbell and  
Francis Jones.

Harbour Master—Peter Smith.

Commissioners of Buys and Beacons—J. Campbell, John Wilson and  
Francis Allanshaw.

Commissioners of Light Houses in Passamaquoddy Bay—John Allanshaw,  
John Wilson and James Campbell.

## COUNTY OF WESTMORLAND.

### *Court of Nisi Prius.*

Term—First Tuesday in September.

General Sessions and Inferior Court of Common Pleas.

Terms—Third Tuesday in June, and Third Tuesday in November.—Ad-  
dional Terms—First Tuesday in April, and Second Tuesday in September.

Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas—Samuel Gay, Rufus  
Smith, John Keilhor, William Crane and Amos E. Botsford.

Justices of the Quorum—Titus Knapp, James Easterbrooks, Andrew  
Eldon, Edward Dixon, John Chapman, William Crane, William  
Huntington, James Sayre, William Scott, Philip Palmer, Christopher Mä-

ner, Malcolm Wilmot, John Smith, Bill Chappel, Humphrey Gilbert, maduke L. Backhouse, Harman Trueman, Amos E. Botsford, Wm. C. man, George Steeves, William Chapman and Peter M'Almon.

Justices of the Peace—Robert Scott.

High Sheriff—William F. Sayre.

Coroners—J. Hughson, J. Edgett and C. F. Allison.

Keeper of the Rolls, Clerk of the Peace, and Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas—E. B. Chandler.

Treasurer—John Robb.

Surrogate—Edward B. Chandler.

Register of Deeds and Wills—M. L. Backhouse.

Commissioners for taking Bail in the Supreme Court—Samuel Gay, Smith, John Keillor, Edward B. Chandler, William Wiley, Peter S. Jun. James Stewart.

Commissioners for taking Affidavits to be read in the Supreme Court—Justices of the Common Pleas.

Commissioners for solemnizing Marriage—Rufus Smith, J. Keiller, William Crane, Wm. Scott, Wm. Hanington, Wm. Chapman and Bill Chas.

Counsellors and Attornies—Edward B. Chandler, James Stewart, Wiley, J. W. Chandler, James S. Morse, and Alex. Stewart.

## COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

*Court of Nisi Prius.*

TERM—Third Tuesday in September.

*General Sessions and Inferior Court of Common Pleas.*

TERMS—Third Tuesday in March, and fourth Tuesday in August.—Additional Terms—First Tuesday in June and November.

Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas—Alexander David, William Abrams and Joseph Cunard.

Justices of the Quorum—Alexander Davidson, John Fraser, Wm. Abr, John Clarke, John T. Williston, Joseph Cunard, William Joplin, Alexander Goodfellow, John Wright, C. Clarke, Dudley Perley, John New, D. M'Kay, Robert Deak, John Campbell, James Gilmour, J. DeW, Fraser, Henry B. Allison, Richard Blackstock, A. Moore, R. Leslie, Donald and George Henderson.

Justice of the Peace—Thomas C. Allen.

High Sheriff—Richard Samuel Clarke,

Coroners—J. Wright and J. M. Johnston.

Keeper of the Rolls, Clerk of the Peace, and Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas—Thomas E. Peters.

Treasurer—

Surrogate—Thomas H. Peters.

Register of Deeds and Wills—J. S. Street.

Commissioner for taking Bail in the Supreme Court—Alexander David,

Commissioners for taking Affidavits in the Supreme Court—Samuel Kean, Thomas Ostle, John Wheaton and Thomas H. Peters.

Commissioners for solemnizing Marriage—Alexander Goodfellow, D. Key, Robert Deak; William Abrams and John Campbell.

Commissioners and  
William Wright, Will  
Junr.

TERM—Fourth Tue

*General Sessio*

TERMS—First Tue

day in May and N

Justices of the Infe

ld, David B. Wet

Justices of the Quor

ge Hazen, Isaac

h, James Brittain,

il, John C. Vail, J

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bert.

Justice of the Peace

gh Sheriff—Walter

roners, Henry Na

am Frost.

Keeper of the Rolls, C

Pleas, William Ty

reasurer, David Pic

rogate, H. Nase.

Register of Deeds and

Commissioners for tak

Scoville, Henry I

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Commissioners for tak

Esquire.

Commissioners for sol

William M'Leod,

Perry and James I

counsellors and Attorn

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TERM—Fourth Tuesd

*General Sessions*

TERMS—Fourth Tuesd

on Pleas—Fourth

l, Humphrey Gilbert, M. E. Botsford, Wm. C. M'Almon.  
Commissioners and Attornies—Thomas H. Street, John A. S. Street,  
William Wright, William End, John Lobban, William Carman, and George  
r. Junr.

lison.  
Clerk of the Court of C

## KING'S COUNTY.

*Court of Nisi Prius.*

Court—Samuel Gay, Wm. Willey, Peter S  
Term—Fourth Tuesday in January.

### *General Sessions and Inferior Court of Common Pleas.*

the Supreme Court—  
Terms—First Tuesday in March and July.—Additional Terms—First  
day in May and November.

Justice of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas—Henry Nase, Oliver  
Weld, David B. Wetmore, George Hazen and Isaac Perry.  
Justices of the Quorum—Henry Nase, Oliver Arnold, David B. Wetmore,  
George Hazen, Isaac Perry, Thomas Ketchum, Rufus Rulofson, John  
Smith, James Brittain, Gould Pickett, Benjamin B. Crawford, Henry A.  
Vail, John C. Vail, Alleyn C. Evanson, William M'Leod, John Barbarie,  
Joshua Upham, Ebenezer Smith, Azor Hoyt, Isaac Haviland and John  
Robert.

Justice of the Peace—Samuel Foster.

## BERLAND.

High Sheriff—Walter Bates.  
Proprietors, Henry Nase, David B. Wetmore, George N. Arnold and  
William Frost.

Recorder of the Rolls, Clerk of the Peace, and Clerk of the Court of Com-  
mon Pleas, William Tyng Peters.

Tuesday in August.—  
Treasurer, David Pickett.

Coroner, H. Nase.  
Register of Deeds and Wills, N. Chaloner.

Commissioners for taking Bail in the Supreme Court, Hon: John Coffin,  
Scoville, Henry Nase, Rev. Oliver Arnold, David B. Wetmore and  
Hazen.

Commissioners for taking Affidavits in the Supreme Court, William Simp-  
son Esquire.

Commissioners for solemnizing Marriage, Henry Nase, David B. Wet-  
more, William M'Leod, Henry A. Scovil, John C. Vail, Joshua Upham,  
Isaac Perry and James Brittain.

Counsellors and Attornies, William Simpson.

rk of the Court of C

## COUNTY OF QUEEN'S.

*Court of Nisi Prius.*

Term—Fourth Tuesday in February.

### *General Sessions and Inferior Court of Common Pleas.*

Terms—Fourth Tuesday in January and June.—Additional Terms of the  
Common Pleas—Fourth Tuesday in April and October.

rt—Alexander Davie  
me Court—Samuel  
H. Peters.  
nder Goodfellow, D.  
ppell.

Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas—Valentine H. Peters, Samuel Scovil, Harry Peters.

Justices of the Quorum—Valentine H. Peters, Samuel Scovil, Harry Peters, John Colwell, Abiathar Camp, Stephen Gelding, William Foshay, Thomas Underhill, Thomas T. Hewlett, John Earle, John Humphrey.

Justice of the Peace, Charles Harrison.

High Sheriff, N. H. DeVeber.

Coroners, Thomas Gilbert, John Earl, Thomas T. Hewlett.

Keeper of the Rolls and Clerk of the Peace and Inferior Court of Common Pleas, T. R. Wetmore.

Treasurer, Thomas T. Hewlett.

Surrogate, N. H. DeVeber.

Register of Deeds and Wills, V. H. Peters.

Commissioners for taking Bail and Affidavits in the Supreme Court, H. Peters, Samuel Scovil, H. Peters, and Samuel R. Clarke.

Commissioners for solemnizing Marriage, Samuel Scovil, Harry Peters, John Colwell, Stephen Gelding, William Foshay, Thomas Underhill, Thomas T. Hewlett, John Earle and John Humphrey.

Counsellors and Attornies, T. R. Wetmore.

## COUNTY OF SUNBURY.

*Court of Nisi Prius.*

TERM—Third Tuesday in February.

### *General Sessions and Inferior Court of Common Pleas.*

TERMS—Third Tuesday in January and June—Additional Terms of Common Pleas—Fourth Tuesday in March, and Third Tuesday in October.

Justices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas—David Burpe, Thomas O. Miles, T. V. W. Clowes.

Justices of the Quorum—Elijah Miles, David Burpe, Thomas M. Isaac Hubbard, Chapman Smith, Stephen Peabody, Charles F. Stratton, T. V. W. Clowes, Cushi Hatheway, Nathaniel Hubbard, James T. George Hayward and George Frazer.

Justice of the Peace—William Hoyt.

High Sheriff—John Hazen, Junr.

Coroners—James Hazen, George B. Covart and Enoch Barker.

Keeper of the Rolls and Clerk of the Peace, and Inferior Court of Common Pleas—George F. S. Berton.

Treasurer—

Surrogate—George W. Cleary.

Register of Deeds and Wills—Nathaniel Hubbard.

Commissioners for taking Bail in the Supreme Court—Isaac Hubbard, Elijah Miles and David Burpe.

Commissioners for taking Affidavits in the Supreme Court—Isaac Hubbard, Elijah Miles, David Burpe and George W. Cleary.

Commissioners for solemnizing Marriage—David Burpe, Thomas Miles, John Hazen and Stephen Peabody.

Counsellors and Attornies—George W. Cleary.

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RM—Thursday next

General Session

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George Pagan,

Thomas Powell

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Pleas—John W W

reasurer—William

urrogate—William

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General Session

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son, John Miller, J

erry, Adam Fergus

ustice of the Peace

High Sheriff—Willi

Coroner—John And

Keeper of the Rolls

in Pleas—Richard C

Treasurer—

Surrogate—William

Register of Deeds

Commissioners for

maresq, Hugh Mur

Commissioners for

resq, Robert Ferg

Counsellors and Att



is—Valentine H. Peter

amuel Scovil, Harry  
iding, William Foster  
John Humphrey.

P. Hewlett.

inferior Court of Comm

the Supreme Court,  
L. Clarke.

l Scovil, Harry Peter  
Thomas Underhill, T

## COUNTY OF KENT.

### *Court of Nisi Prius.*

rn—Thursday next, after the Third Tuesday in August.

### *General Sessions and Inferior Court of Common Pleas.*

MS.—Second Tuesday in January, and fourth Tuesday in June—Ad-  
nal Terms—First Tuesdays in September and April.

ices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas—John Wheaton, Sam-  
M'Kean and George Pagan

ices of the Peace and of the Quorum—John Wheaton, Samuel M'-  
George Pagan, John Jardine, John Bowser, William Hannington  
Thomas Powell

gh Sheriff—Thomas Lansdowne

oners—Silvester C Hewes and James Long

eper of the Rolls and Clerk of the Peace and Inferior Court of Com-  
Pleas—John W Weldon

asurer—William Chandler

urrogate—William Chandler

register of Deeds and Wills—John W Weldon

ommissioners for taking Bail in the Supreme Court—John Wheaton,  
uel M'Kean and George Pagan

ommissioners for taking Affidavits in the Supreme Court—John Whea-  
Samuel M'Kean, George Pagan, John W Weldon, Peter Stubs, Jun.

William Chandler

ommissioners for solemnizing Marriage—John Wheaton, John Jar-  
John Bowser and William Hannington

onsellers and Attornies—John W Weldon, Peter Stubs, Junr. and  
iam Chandler

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### *Common Pleas.*

Additional Terms of  
Third Tuesday in Oc

—David Burpe, Tho

Burpe, Thomas M

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ubbard, James T

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Court—Isaac Hubb

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## COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER.

### *General Sessions and Inferior Court of Common Pleas.*

MS.—Second Tuesday in January and last Tuesday in July—Addi-  
nal Terms—Second Tuesdays in April and November.

ices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas—Hugh Munroe, Perry  
maresq and Robert Ferguson

ices of the Quorum—Hugh Munroe, Perry Dumaresq, Robert Fer-  
son, John Miller, James Blackhall, Thomas M DeBlois, Hugh Mont-

ery, Adam Ferguson, Wm. Fleming, Benjamin Dawson, John Young

justice of the Peace—Henry Adams

High Sheriff—William Carman

Coroner—John Anderson

eeper of the Rolls and Clerk of the Peace and Inferior Court of Com-  
Pleas—Richard Carman

Treasurer—

urrogate—William End

Register of Deeds and Wills—Hugh Munroe

Commissioners for taking Bail—Joseph Read, Adam Ferguson, Perry  
maresq, Hugh Munroe, and the practising Attornies.

Commissioners for solemnizing Marriage—Hugh Munroe, Perry Du-  
resq, Robert Ferguson, John Young and James Blackhall

Counsellors and Attornies—Andrew Barbarie.

## STAFF OF THE ARMY,

In the Province of New-Brunswick, under the Command of Major General Sir A. CAMPBELL, Bart. G. C. B.  
 Cap. Campbell, (38th Regiment.) Aid-de-Camp,  
 Town Major, John Gallagher, H. P.

## GARRISONS,

FREDERICTON—Lieut. Col. Eccles, R. B. Commandant.  
 SAINT JOHN—Lieut. Col. Turner, I. F. O. Ditto.  
 SAINT ANDREWS—Lieut. M'Lachlan, R. B. Ditto.  
 " Staff Assistant Surgeon, Lawson.  
 " Lieut. Lyster, Royal Engineers.

## COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT,

Assistant-Commissary General W. H. Robinson,  
 Deputy-Assistant Commissary Generals George Swinney and William Millikin }

## ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Deputy Ordnance Store Keeper, F. C. Frith, Esq.  
 1st Clerk Lieut. S. Hayghue,  
 2nd Do. Mr. Robert Pickthall,

## BARRACK DEPARTMENT,

FREDERICTON—J. E. Woolford, Assistant Barrack Master.

## ROYAL ENGINEER DEPARTMENT,

Commanding Royal Engineer Capt. Marshall,  
 Clerk Mr. Lionel Anderson,  
 Overseer of works Mr. Henry Hennigar,  
 Commanding at Saint Andrews, Lieut Lyster.

## BOARD OF RESPECTIVE OFFICERS,

Captain Marshall, Royal Engineers,  
 Captain Evans, Royal Artillery,  
 The Deputy Ordnance Store Keeper.

*Officers of Corps serving in New-Brunswick.*

Royal Artillery—Captain Evans, Commanding,  
 Lieutenant W. R. Cleve.

## RIFLE BRIGADE,

Lieutenant Colonel W. EECLES, Commanding.

Major,  
 A. Stewart.  
 Captains.  
 T. E. Kelly,  
 G. Simmons,  
 J. Maister,

J. V. Saumarez,  
 W. Sullivan.  
 1st Lieutenants.  
 A. M'Lachlan,  
 R. Walpole,  
 R. Jones.

2nd Lieutenant  
 R. Fitzherbert,  
 A. Munro,  
 K. W. Young,  
 R. Petley,  
 G. Carr.

ST.

Excellency Sir

Lieutenant-Colo

Hon. George S.  
 Major J. Gallag  
 Lieutenant-Colo

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Seal Island Light  
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ARMY,  
Command of Major General  
C. B.  
Aid-de-Camp,

Adjutant.  
Lieutenant.

MENT,  
W. H. Robinson,  
George Swinney and  
William Millikin

ENT.  
Frith, Esq.  
S. Hayghue,  
Robert Pickthall,

ENT,  
Barrack Master.

MENT,  
Marshall,  
Lionel Anderson,  
Henry Hennigar,  
Lyster.

FFICERS,  
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Lieutenants.  
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2nd Lieutenants.  
R. Fitzherbert,  
A. Munro,  
K. W. Young,  
R. Petley,  
G. Carr.

Paymaster.  
W. Holden, Capt.  
Qr. Master.  
W. Hill,  
Asst. Surgeons  
F. G. Lloyd,  
W. Pardy.

### STAFF OF THE MILITIA.

Excellency Sir ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, Baronet, K. C. B.  
Commander-in-Chief.

Lieutenant-Colonel Turner, } Inspecting Field Officers.  
John Allen. }

Hon. George Shore, Adjutant-General,  
Major J. Gallagher, Quarter-Master General,  
Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Drury, Provincial Aid-de-Camp.

### LIGHT HOUSES IN THE BAY OF FUNDY.

*Seal Island Light.*—The first Light in approaching the Bay of Fundy, is on the South Point of the Seal Island. This Light is elevated about 80 feet above high water mark, and may be seen approaching the Island from any point of the Compass. A very dangerous rock, under water, but upon which the sea always breaks called the Blonde Rock, lies about two miles S. S. W. by compass from the Light House. Between this rock and the land, there are some dangers, the ground is rocky throughout, and large Vessels therefore ought not to attempt passing between them.

*Bryer Island Light.*—In advancing up the Bay, the next Light is situated on Bryer Island, about half a mile North East from the North West Point thereof. This Light though placed in a situation where it may be very useful, has not heretofore answered the intended purposes, owing to the bad constitution of the Lantern and Lamp. The Province of Nova-Scotia has however taken this object into serious consideration, and no doubt there will be a better Light established in the course of next Summer (1832.)

*Annapolis Gut Light.*—The next Light on the Coast of Nova-Scotia, is placed at the West side of the Gut of Annapolis; from Bryer Island North Eastward, this coast is very bold and

not indented, this Light is therefore chiefly intended as a guide into Annapolis Bason.

**Gannet Rock Light.**—This Light bears from the Light on Bryer Island N. W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  W. 21 miles; and will be of a bright red colour, to distinguish it from others in the vicinity. It is intended to warn ships of their approach to a very dangerous range of Shoals and Ledges, which extend from the old Proprietor's the Seal Island off Machias, a distance of about 20 miles—the old Proprietor which dries at  $\frac{3}{4}$  ebb, bears E.  $\frac{1}{2}$  S. about 7  $\frac{1}{2}$  miles from the Light. St. Mary's the Southermost of the murre ledge S. W. by W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  mile, and Machias Seal Island, W. point W.  $\frac{1}{2}$  S. 12 miles.

**Head Harbour Light.**—Next in order after passing Grand Manan, is Head Harbour Light. this is placed on the North East extremity of Campo Bello, and is a guide to vessels entering the main channel to West Isles, Moose Island, and the inner Bay of Passamaquoddy, it enables vessels also at all times to enter Head Harbour.

**Point Le Preau Lights.**—Upon this projecting Head Land two Lights have lately been placed, one above the other, at a distant 18 feet. Both Lights may be seen from every point of the Compass, where they can be useful, these Lights will be very beneficial to the navigation of the Bay, and it is hoped will prevent a recurrence of losses which have so frequently happened in this part of the Bay.

**Partridge Island Light.**—This Light at the entrance of the River, and Harbour of Saint, having been established upwards of 40 years, requires no particular notice.

**Beacon Light.**—Within Partridge Island and upon a spit, a Bar which extends about half a mile, S. S. E. from Sand Point and which dries at  $\frac{3}{4}$  ebb, stands upon the Beacon Tower. Upon this Tower a Light is established which is eminently useful to the Coasting Trade of Saint John, and to all other vessels having Pilots on board, as it enables them to enter the Harbour of St. John at all hours of the night.

**Machias Seal Island Lights.**—In addition to the above mentioned Lights, contracts are now offered for erecting two Light Houses on the Seal Island off Machias, these Lights will be elevated about 45 feet above high water mark, and will be distant from each other about 200 feet, in the direction of N. N. W. and E. S. E. by which they will be immediately distinguished from any other lights on the Coast, (British or American.)

**West Quoddy Light.**—This is an American Light, and is placed on the West side of the entrance into the St. Croix Bay, Lubec and Eastport; a new Light House has lately been erected here, and the Light much improved.

JOHN HOWE, Junr

# POST-MASTER

Saint John,  
Frederickton,  
Saint Andrew  
Saint Stephen  
Saint George  
Dorchester,  
Peticodiac,  
Miramichi,  
Kingston,  
Sussex Vale  
Liverpool,  
Bathurst,

## SOME USEFUL RULES RENC

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To reduce the current  
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To reduce the current  
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Barbadoes 6s. 3d. to the  
dollar,  
Antigua }  
St. Kitts } 9s. to the  
dollar,  
Montserrat }  
Jervis }

This rule also applies  
to far as respects the  
British milled dollar in the  
currency.

New-York in the  
U. S. and New-  
Providence & the  
Bahamas in the  
West-Indies.

At Demerara, Berbice  
the Spanish dollar, at  
shillings.

To reduce the current  
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To reduce Guilders  
Reduce the amount in  
shillings, and again by

BOAT

# POST OFFICE.

JOHN HOWE, Junr. Esq'r. Deputy Postmaster-General for Nova-Scotia and New-Brunswick.

## POST-MASTERS THROUGHOUT THE PROVINCE.

*Saint John,  
Frederickton,  
Saint Andrews,  
Saint Stephen,  
Saint George,  
Dorchester,  
Peticodiac,  
Miramichi,  
Kingston,  
Sussex Vale,  
Liverpool,  
Bothurst,*

*Charles Drury, Esquire.  
William B. Phair, Esquire.  
George F. Campbell, Esquire.  
Thomas Armstrong, Esquire.  
Gideon Knight, Esquire.  
Thomas Keillor, Esquire.  
William Wiley, Esquire.  
James Caie, Esquire.  
Aas Davidson, Esquire.  
John C. Nail, Esquire.  
John W. Waldon, Esquire.  
T. M. De Blois, Esquire.*

## ONE USEFUL RULES FOR THE REDUCTION OF DIFFERENT CURRENCIES, AT THE PAR OF EXCHANGE.

To reduce Sterling money, into the Currency of New-Brunswick, and the other British Provinces in North America—Add 1-9th.

To reduce the currency of the British Provinces in North America, (5s. to the dollar,) into Sterling money—Subtract 1-10th.

To reduce the currency of New-Brunswick, 5s. to the dollar, to the currency of

Jamaica } 6s. 8d. to the { add 1-3d.  
Bermuda } dollar, {  
Barbadoes 6s. 3d. to the dol. add 1/4th.

Antigua } }  
Tortola } }  
St. Kitts } }  
Montserrat } }  
Nevis } }  
This rule also applies to Dominica, St. Lucie, St. Vincent and Grenada, so far as respects the current or cut dollar, which contains 9s. but the Spanish milled dollar in these Islands contains 10s. or double the New-Brunswick currency.

New-York in the } }  
U. S. and New- } }  
Providence & the } }  
Bahamas in the } }  
West-Indies. } }  
At Demerara, Berbice, Surinam and Essequibo, they reckon 3 guilders to the Spanish dollar, and 20 stivers to the guilder. The dollar also contains 5 shillings.

To reduce the currency of New-Brunswick into Guilders and Stivers, if the sum be pounds, multiply by 12, and the product will be guilders; but if it be a mixed sum, reduce the whole into pence, and divide by 20, the quotient will be guilders and the remainder stivers.

To reduce Guilders and Stivers into the currency of New-Brunswick—Reduce the amount into Stivers by multiplying by 20, and divide by 12 for shillings, and again by 20 for pence.

To reduce the undermentioned currencies into that of New-Brunswick.

Jamaica } 6s. 8d. to the { subtract  
Bermuda } dollar, { 1-4th  
Barbadoes 6s. 3d. to the dol. sub. 1-5th.

Antigua } }  
Tortola } }  
St. Kitts } }  
Montserrat } }  
Nevis } }  
New-York } }  
and } }  
New Providence } }  
deduct 5-9ths or multiply by 5 and divide by 9.  
deduct 3/4ths or multiply by 5 and divide by 8.





## AGRICULTURE.

AGRICULTURE, is the art which causes the earth to produce the various vegetables upon which mankind subsist; subsistence is the proper means of population, and the earth is the source of subsistence; hence Agriculture is the most valuable of the Arts, as well as the most durable basis of Plenty and of Power. It is the only certain source of *wealth, strength, and independence.*

AGRICULTURE is therefore not only essential to the well being of Society in a rude and unpolished state, but is equally requisite in every stage of refinement; and consequently the Farmer, although he may be disregarded by the superficial, or viewed with contempt by the vain, will be placed by those who judge of things by their intrinsic worth, in the most useful class of mankind. His occupation is conducive not only to the success, but to the existence of Society.

By his condition may be estimated the prosperity of a nation. The real opulence, strength and security of the public, are proportional to the comfort which the Farmer enjoys; and his wretchedness is generally a safe criterion of a bad state of things.

WHILE therefore we are dependant upon the Farmer for the means of subsistence, let his occupation be considered not only necessary but respectable, and with common consent let all classes of the people, say—"SPEED THE PLOUGH."

**FENCING.**—Let every Farmer divide his pasture ground as he pleases. Let the fence between his arable and pasture land be as strong as an external fence. But, if possible, let all his arable ground, though it be an hundred acres, be in one lot. Then his plough runs clear, in a long furrow. His tillage is divided only by the different species of grain and vegetables he cultivates. There are no fences of consequence, no inconvenient and worthless head-lands; no apology for thistles and nettles. The scene is beautiful to the eye. The whole has the appearance of a garden,

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and begets in the farmer a sort of Horticultural neatness.—*Gardener's Journal.*

**THE PLOUGH.**—It is not known where he that invented the plough was born, nor where he died : yet he has effected more for the happiness of the world than the whole race of heroes and conquerors who have drenched it with blood, and whose birth, parentage, and education has been handed down to us with a precision precisely proportionate to the mischief they have done.

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**SEASON FOR PLOUGHING.**—Land which is composed in part of clay, or what is called a stiff soil, should be ploughed in the fall and laid as light as possible, so as to expose it to the action of frost which will pulverize and subdue it ; and insects will then be destroyed by exposure to the rigors of winter. But arable land, which is sandy and porous should lie and consolidate till spring. —*New England Farmer.*

**ROTATION OF CROPS.**—The *first principle*, or fundamental point of rotation is, that every plant exhausts the soil. The *second*, that all plants do not exhaust the soil equally. The *third*, that plants of different kinds do not exhaust the soil in the same manner. The *fourth*, that all plants do not restore to the soil the same quantity, nor the same quality of manure. The *fifth*, that all plants are not equally favorable to the growth of weeds.

The following consequences are drawn, from these fundamental principles :

*First.* However well a soil may be prepared, it cannot long nourish crops of the same kind in succession without becoming exhausted.

*Second.* Every crop impoverishes a soil more or less, according, as more or less is restored to the soil by the plant cultivated.

*Third.* Perpendicular rooting plants, and such as root horizontally, ought to succeed each other.

*Fourth.* Plants of the same kind should not return too frequently in a rotation.

*Fifth.* Two plants favorable to the growth of weeds ought not to succeed each other.

*Sixth.* Such plants as eminently exhaust the soil, as the grains and oil plants, should only be sown when the land is in good heart.

*Seventh.* In proportion as the soil is found to exhaust itself by successive crops, plants which are least exhausting ought to be cultivated.—*Farmer's Reporter.*

**WHEAT.** A celebrated Agriculturalist states, that Wheat cut about eight days before it is ripe, is fuller and finer, and is never devoured by weevil. Seed wheat, however should never be harvested until it is perfectly ripe.—*Ib.*

**OATS.**—It is much the best way to mow (not to reap) oats when beginning to turn yellow, whether they are wanted for fodder, or for the oats with the fodder. If a farmer wants to make the most of his oats, if they are ever so stout, let him mow them when they are beginning to turn yellow. Dry them well, thresh them as much as he pleases, and his cattle will eat the straw in preference to the best meadow hay; and besides the grain must be brighter and heavier than if they stand in the field till quite ripe, and the straw is spoiled.—*Detroit Cour.*

**PROFITABLE MANAGEMENT.**—A general rule among farmers should be to keep the best and sell the poorest living productions of a farm. The most indifferent fowls, pigs, lambs, and calves should be selected and sold. The best kinds of seeds and grain designed for sowing should be preserved.—The choice butter and cheese, the best of hams and salted meat, and the finest domestic cloth should be sent to market.—*Farmer's Reporter.*

**GARDENING.**—Gardening is both a science and an art. It embraces the knowledge and use of all the aliments of the vegetable kingdom, that serve, or may serve the wants, as well as the pleasures of mankind.

Hence a good garden is very essential to every farmer. It is conducive to health, comfort, and profit.

In passing through the country, every man's garden furnishes a clue to his character. much better and safer in our estimation, to trust to, than either physiognomy or phrenology. Do we see the nail bed of large and ample dimensions, encroaching upon every inch of cultivated soil, we pronounce the possessor to be a political economist, or radical, or voluptuary. On the other hand, if we witness flowers of all hues adorning the vicinity of his habitation, we know there is a spark of his better nature yet unextinguished.—It unfolds to us the current of his thoughts and feelings: it tells, like the other also, of honesty and industry; but it tells besides of generosity, charity, love, and fidelity, of brave sons and beautiful daughters.

**SOIL BEST CALCULATED FOR A GARDEN.**—It is found that a light and sandy loam is the best soil for a kitchen garden. This may be formed where the predominant soil is either clay,

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peat or sand. (See 2nd class of soils under our Geological head.) A free marl is likewise well calculated for garden culture. The addition of a moderate quantity of clay with oxide of iron, is of much use in promoting fertility.

It is fortunate, however, when a garden contains a variety of soils, as some vegetables require a dry, otherwise a wet earth; some thrive best in a strong heavy soil, and others in a light sandy one, and we cannot point out any one species of land that will suit all vegetables.—*Farmer's Reporter.*

**PREPARATION OF THE SOIL.**—Preparing the soil, and trenching it to a proper depth, is not always sufficiently attended to in gardening. The soil ought to be from one foot and a half to two feet and a half deep, particularly where tap-rooted vegetables are cultivated. The roots can thus with greater facility extend their fibres in all directions, in search of vegetable nourishment, and a reservoir is provided for any superabundant moisture which may be occasioned by heavy rains, where it is retained till it is wanted. Where the ground is wet, draining is indispensable.—*Id.*

**FRUIT.**—When we see the acres of orchard, whose products set the teeth on edge, and the ease of substituting the finer varieties for the crabbed natives, the suggestion of the expediency of providing the means for furnishing the market and the table more plentifully with fine fruits, may not be useless. The process of engrafting, most beneficially applied to young trees, may be successfully used on those advanced in years. We have noticed aged trunks surmounted with a dead and withered shrubbery of unfruitful branches, supplied with the greenness of vigor, by this simple operation.

The general taste for improvement, which has visited the agriculturist, has raised the standard for the market; and those productions, which have hitherto been purchased in the absence of better ones, will soon be crowded out by competition in quality.—*Id.*

**ONION.**—*Allium Cepa.*—The soil for onions should be a rich, black, loam, and it is recommended by some of our best gardeners to cultivate them on the same ground for a succession of years.

**Sowing.**—Sow as early in the spring as the frost gets out of the ground and becomes sufficiently warm. Lay out the beds about four feet wide, and any convenient length, leaving a space or walk between them, of about two feet in width. Rake the bed till it becomes light and perfectly pulverised, then lay a

straight edge across the end of the bed, and with a stick or the end of your rake handle make a mark or furrow about an inch deep along the side of the straight edge; sow the seed in this furrow thin and regularly, and draw the earth level over them, and then make another row about one foot from the first, and proceed as before. When the seeds are thus sown, place the board on each row and walk across it, this will supersede the necessity of rolling.

After culture,—"When the plants are up a few inches, thin out from the main crop, and let them stand three or four inches apart, and keep them clear of weeds." They will ripen in the fore part of August, when they must be pulled up and laid on the ground to dry, after which, cut off the stalks and put the onions into some airy loft.

It will be seen from the above directions, that these onions can be raised without the trouble of saving the roots through the winter, to transplant in the spring. Fresh seed can be had every spring, at a trifling expense.—*Id.*

## RECIPES.

**TO PICKLE MEAT.**—Six pounds of salt, one pound of sugar and four ounces of salt petre, boiled with four gallons of water, skimmed and allowed to cool, forms a very strong pickle, which will preserve any meat completely immersed in it. To effect this, which is essential, either a flat stone, or heavy board must be laid upon the meat. The same pickle may be used repeatedly, provided it be boiled up occasionally with additional salt to restore its strength, diminished by the combination of part of the salt with the meat, and by the dilution of the pickle with the juices of the meat extracted. By boiling, the Albumen which would cause the pickle to spoil, is coagulated and rises in the form of scum and must be carefully removed.

A ham of about ten or twelve pounds weight will require about three-fourths of a pound of salt and one ounce of soft sugar to be well rubbed into it, and will be ready in four or five days, if turned and rubbed every day. The time meat requires salting, depends upon the weight of it, and how much salt is used. If it be rubbed with a heavy hand it will be ready much sooner than if only lightly rubbed.

Dry the salt and grind it with the sugar in a mortar.

Pork requires a longer time to cure (in proportion to its weight) than beef; a leg of pork should be in salt eight or ten days, turn it and rub it every day.—*Ib.*

**BUTTER.**—"Best common salt, two parts; saltpetre, one part; sugar, one part—beat them up together, so that they may

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be completely blended. To every pound of sixteen ounces of but-  
ter, add one ounce of this composition. Mix it well in the mass  
and close it up for use."

Butter prepared in this manner. will keep for years, and cannot  
be distinguished from that recently salted. It should, however,  
be remarked, that the butter thus cured, does not taste well till it  
has stood for a fortnight or three weeks. Dr. Anderson remarks,  
that he has found by experience, that the above mentioned com-  
position not only preserves the butter more effectually from any  
taint of rancidity, but makes it also look better, taste sweeter,  
richer, and more marrowy, than if it had been cured with common  
salt alone.

When butter is put into firkins, or other vessels for preserva-  
tion, it should be so closely packed and crowded, that no air  
can come in contact with it. The butter should be carefully co-  
vered with a piece of fine cloth, previously dipped in melted  
sweet butter. When more is put in the tub, take up the cloth;  
and after that is well crowded in and levelled, put on the cloth  
again so nicely as to shut out the air,—When the tub is filled in  
this manner, pour a little melted butter over the surface so as to  
fill every vacancy, before the top is put on.

**BRUISED OATS FOR HORSES.**—An individual who has tried  
feeding horses on whole and bruised oats states, that a horse fed  
on bruised oats will look and work as well as one fed on double  
the quantity of oats not bruised. Steaming or boiling the oats  
will produce a very good effect, perhaps as good, or better, than  
bruising or grinding.

#### HINTS AND RECIPES IN DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

Enjoyment is not found so much in luxurious as in single dis-  
hes. Fried apples are better and more wholesome than expen-  
sive preserves.

Tortoise shell and horn combs last much longer for having oil  
rubbed into them once in a while.

A large stone put in the middle of a barrel of meal, is a good  
thing to keep it cool.

Lamps will have a less disagreeable smell, if you dip your  
wick-yarn in strong hot vinegar, and dry it.

Baked beans are a very simple dish, yet few cook them well.  
They should be put in cold water, and hung over the fire, the  
night before they are baked. In the morning they should be  
put in a colander, and rinsed two or three times; then again

placed in a kettle, with the Pork you intend to bake, covered with water, and kept scalding hot for an hour or more. A pound of pork is quite enough for a quart of beans, and this is a large dinner for a common family. The rind of pork should be slashed.

Legs of mutton are very good, cured in the same way as ham. Six pounds of salt, eight ounces of salt-petre, and five pints of molasses, will make pickle enough for one hundred weight. Small legs should be kept in pickle twelve or fifteen days; if large four or five weeks are not too much. They should be hung up a day or two to dry before they are smoked.

Suet keeps good all the year round, if chopped and packed down in a stone jar, covered with molasses. Suet and lard keeps better in tin than in earthen.

Woolens should be washed in very hot suds, and not rinsed. Lukewarm water shrinks them.

A pailful of ley, with a piece of copers half as big as a hen's egg boiled in it, will color a fine nankin color, which will never wash out. This is very useful for the linings of bed-quilts, comforters, &c.

### GENERAL RULES OF HEALTH.

"Keep your head cool by temperance, your feet dry and warm by exercise, rise early, go soon to bed, and if you are inclined to get fat, keep your eyes open and your mouth shut."

*Maxims for Parents.*—1. If consumption has prevailed in either of your families, use the earliest precautions to prevent your children from falling victims to the same disease.

2. Though consumption may not have been common on the side of either, yet precaution is not the less important. Two or three neglected colds in winter, or a cutting blast in spring, with improper clothing, may, in an infirm constitution, securely seat the relentless destroyer;—at the best, wretched health will be a certain consequence.

3. When they who must be ignorant of the essential difference between a common cold and consumption, boast of their cures, hear, but heed them not: ask this question of your common sense,—*what experience or inspiration can instruct such pretenders?*

4. It is wise to check a cold the first week; but much wiser the first four and twenty hours.

5. Attempt not the treatment of your own, or your children's colds,—test what may in reality have been, in the first instance, a

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riding disease, should by your mismanagement, be converted in to a confirmed consumption.

6. All remedies which do no good, in either colds or consumptions, invariably do a very great deal of harm.

7. A strictly sober life, regular, active exercise, and a cheerful and contented mind, are the most certain means by which those predisposed to consumption, may escape its attack, and preserve their lives to an advanced period,

8. The most certain means by which the predisposed, even when guilty of no intemperance, may invite the attack of their lurking enemy, is a plentiful use of pectoral balsams, balms of life, lung-restorers, cough-lozenges, or indeed any of the list of certain cures in the newspapers.

**Longevity.**—From the facts furnished us by history, as well as daily observation, there are strong reasons for believing, that longevity is, in a great measure, hereditary; and that healthy long-lived parents would very generally transmit the same to their offspring, were it not for the common neglect of the rules of health, which so evidently tends to the abbreviation of human life. Whence it is, from this cause, that of all the children born in large cities, particularly those of Europe, nearly one half die in early infancy? To what else can we attribute this extraordinary mortality? So astonishing a proportion of premature deaths is a circumstance unheard of among savage nations, or among the young of other animals!

In the earliest ages, we are informed, that human was life protracted to a very extraordinary length; but how few in these latter times arrive at the period which nature appears evidently to have marked, as the limits of man's earthly existence.

Man seems designed to rise with the sun, and to spend a large portion of his time in the open air; to insure his body to robust exercise, and the inclemency of the seasons; and to support himself upon plain simple food, taken at such intervals as the calls of appetite indicate. But how completely has art defeated the kind intentions of the Great Creator; and by enslaving man to all the blandishments of sense, left him an easy victim to his own folly and caprice.

To compare the results presented by our artificial modes of life with those indicated by nature, selecting the examples even from the longest livers upon the list, would afford a very striking contrast, and present one of the strongest reasons why instances of longevity are so very rare, amid the refinements and luxury of a large city,





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Keep, if possible, regular hours. Never suppose you have done extra work, when you sit up till midnight, and do not rise till eight or nine in the morning.

Abstain from ardent spirits, cordials and malt liquors. Let your drink be, like that of Franklin, when he was a printer—pure water.

Never use tobacco in any form. By chewing, smoking, or snuffing, you spend money which would help to clothe you, or would enable you, if single, to make a useful present to an aged mother or dependant sister; or, if married, to buy your wife a frock, or get books for your children. You also, by any of these filthy practices, injure your health, bringing on head-ache, gnawing at the stomach, low spirits, trembling of the limbs, and, at times, sleeplessness.

Be particular in preserving your skin clean, by regular washing of your hands and face and mouth, before each meal, and of your whole body at least once a week; and by combing and brushing the hair daily.

Always have fresh air in the room in which you work, but so that you shall not be in a draft.

Take a short time in the morning, if possible, and always in the evening towards sundown, for placing your body in a natural posture, by standing erect, and exercising your chest and limbs by a walk where the air is the purest.

If confined in doors let your food consist, in large proportion, of milk and bread, and well boiled vegetables. Meat and fish ought to be used sparingly, and only at dinner. You are better without coffee, tea, or chocolate. If you use any of them; it ought not to be more than once in the day.

*Unseasonable and Dangerous Practices.*—After a long and fatiguing walk, or laborious exercise of any kind, to throw off coat or outer garment, untie cravat, expose the neck and breast, and then sit down at an open window or door, in a current of air, in the evening.

To drink, after such fatigue or exposure, very cold or iced water; or to take iced punch, or iced cream, in place of a draught of clear river water, or that which has been exposed some time to the air.

To eat much of any kind of fruit, or any, at all, of that which is unripe, especially in the evening; or to suppose that the evil consequences are to be obviated by a glass of wine, or cordial, or spirits and water.



To eat much animal food, or to drink liquors of any kind, under the idea of thereby removing the weakness caused by the great heat of summer.

To give to infants, or children in general, any such detestable compositions as milk-punch, wine or porter sangaree, or toddy. This practice ought to be an indictable offence at common law.

To give to infants and children any of the various quack medicines, which are recommended as cures for worms, or summer complaints, even though sold for twenty-five cents a bottle. The common causes of disease, from teething, weaning, excess or irregularity in food, extreme heat, &c. are sufficiently destructive without the auxiliaries of patent and quack medicines, old women's cures, or mothers' sweet gifts.

To sleep exposed directly to the night air, especially if it be very damp, and much cooler than the air of the day.

To have recourse to morning bitters, drams, or *antifogmatics* of any description, other than sponging the whole surface of the body with salt water, or using a tepid bath of the same.

To be tempted by the fineness of the evening to sit up till midnight, and, as a consequence, to lie in bed in the morning.

To take the usual meals, when excessively fatigued from want of sleep, unaccustomed labour, or beginning indisposition. Abstinence, or reduced diet, timely commenced, will obviate all the risks from these causes.—*Jour. Hum.*

*To Master Mariners.*—In addition to good wholesome provisions—1st, Keep the ship perfectly clean and dry.—2d, Let all the men wear flannel next their skin.—3d, Promote cheerfulness and good humour.—4th, Enforce rigid abstinence from all spirituous liquors.—5th, Do not allow the watch when relieved to turn in with their wet clothes.—6th, Let their flannels be changed once a week.

*Diet of a Traveller.*—In cold climates, and in the winter season, a temperate amount of substantial food will undoubtedly be required by the traveller, spirituous liquors are not necessary, or proper under any circumstances. A very simple and abstemious diet, is the one best adapted to support the health and vigour of the traveller in warm climates and during the heat of summer.

Vice needs every discouragement to prevent its seeds from growth, and it would be happy if man would consider, that he cannot long enjoy health with a poisoned mind or an upbraiding conscience.

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*The way to be Sick.*—The individual who is desirous of a se-  
vere attack of disease, or who wishes to get rid of life in severe  
agonies, should when wet to the skin, and benumbed by cold,  
dry himself before a large fire, and toss down a glass of spirits  
or hot toddy. It may be replied, that many have pursued this  
practice with little or no inconvenience. A vigorous system can,  
it is true, do many things which would be destructive to the more  
weakly. Let them, however, persist in tampering with their  
health, and the effects we have promised will sooner or later  
most certainly occur.

The individual, on the other hand, who wishes to run no risk,  
but to preserve his health and life, should change with all possi-  
ble speed his wet clothing, and persist in moderate exercise until  
the heat of the body is again restored, approaching the fire only  
by degrees; or, what is even preferable, if the exposure to cold  
and wet has been of some continuance, retire at once to bed,  
and drink moderately of tepid barley-water, balm tea, or gruel.

*Gardening.*—The cultivation of a garden is a means of exer-  
cise highly conducive to health. It is said that, formerly, in  
Sheffield in England, where the principal manufacture of edge  
tools, and other articles in iron is carried on, there was hardly  
a journeyman who did not possess a piece of ground, which he  
cultivated as a garden. This practice was found to be productive  
of many salutary effects. It not only induced these people to  
take considerable exercise without doors, but also to consume  
many wholesome vegetables of their own raising, of which they  
would otherwise have been deprived.

If mechanics, generally, were able to follow the example of  
their Sheffield brethren, we are well convinced that their health  
would be greatly benefited. The time and means necessary for  
the experiment would, perhaps, be less difficult of attainment in  
this country than may at first be supposed.

*Indication of Longevity.*—HUFELAND, in his celebrated work  
on the means of preserving health, presents the following beau-  
tiful ideal of a frame destined to longevity.

Let me now be permitted to delineate the portrait of an indi-  
vidual destined to long life. He has a well proportioned stature,  
without, however, being too tall; but rather of the middle size,

and tolerably thick set. His complexion is not too florid: too much ruddiness, at least in youth, is seldom a sign of longevity. His hair approaches more to the fair than to the black; his skin is strong but not coarse. His head is not too large—He has prominent veins on the limbs, and his shoulders are rather round than flat.—His neck is not very long nor short—his stomach does not project—and his hands are large, but not too deeply cleft. His foot is rather thick than long, and his inferior limbs are firm and round. He has a broad arched chest—a strong voice, and the faculty of retaining his breath for a considerable time without inconvenience or difficulty. In general there is a complete harmony of proportion among all parts of the body. His senses are good, but not too delicate—his pulse is slow and regular.

His stomach is excellent—his appetite good, and digestion easy. The joys of the table, in moderation, are to him of importance—they increase the vigor of his system, and tune his mind to serenity, while his soul partakes in the pleasure which they communicate. He does not, however, eat merely for the sake of eating—but each hour is a daily festivity—a kind of delight, attended with this advantage, among others, that it rather increases than diminishes his riches. He eats slowly, and has not too much thirst. An insatiable thirst is always a sign of rapid self-consumption.

In general he is serene, loquacious, active, susceptible of joy, love, and hope,—but insensible to the impressions of hatred, anger, and avarice. His passions never become too violent. He is fond of employment, particularly calm meditation and agreeable speculations—is an optimist, a friend to nature and domestic felicity—has no unbounded thirst after the honours or riches of this world—and banishes all unnecessary thoughts of to-morrow.

*Proper time for Sleep.*—"Tired nature's sweet restorer, balmy sleep," is well known to be essential to the existence of man. Many persons appear to think, that provided a certain number of the twenty-four hours be passed in sleep, that it is but of little consequence in what part of that period repose is obtained. This however, is a very gross error. Night is evidently the period appropriated by nature for repose, and experience has proved that it is the only one during which we can with certainty obtain that sound, sweet and refreshing slumber, so necessary for the preservation of health. One hour sleep before midnight, is as good, or nearly so, as two hours after that time. The motto then is, "*Early to bed and early to rise.*"

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## TEMPERANCE.

Less than 300 years ago, the error began to prevail in Great-Britain, that ardent Spirits, as an article of luxury or diet, or as an aid to labour is useful. The cause of this error was the deceptive feeling of those who used it, being in its nature a mocker it deceived them. By disturbing healthy action, and inducing disease, it created an unnatural thirst; the gratification of which, causes it to increase; and the end is death.

A writer in Scotland has stated, and it is illustrated and supported by facts, "Intemperance has cost the country more lives, demoralized more persons, beggared more families, broken more hearts, and sent more souls to perdition, than all other vices put together."

In England there is stated to be 1 insane person in every 1,000 of the population: in Wales 1 to every 800; and in Scotland 1 to every 574. A distinguished medical gentleman, who has had extensive experience with regard to this malady, states, "that more than half, and probably three-fourths of all the cases of insanity which have come under his notice, were occasioned by excessive drinking."

Judge Hale, after twenty years observation and experience had declared, "That if all the murders, and manslaughters, and burglaries, and robberies, and riots, and tumults, the adulteries, fornications, rapes, and other great enormities, which had been committed within that time, were divided into five parts, four of them would be the result of Intemperance."

The following document has received the signatures of four Professors of the Medical Faculty in the University of Edinburgh, of eleven members of the Royal College of Physicians, of the President and twenty seven Fellows of the Royal College of Surgeons, and of thirty four other medical Practitioners; 77 in all—(Report Glasgow Temp. Sec.)

"We the undersigned, do hereby declare our conviction, that ardent Spirits are not to be regarded as a nourishing article of diet; that the habitual use of them is a principal cause of disease, poverty, and misery in this place; and that the entire disuse of them, would powerfully contribute to improve the health and comforts of the community."

The following document is signed by 48 distinguished persons in Dublin, chiefly Physicians.

"We, the undersigned, hereby declare that, in our opinion, nothing would tend so much to the improvement of the health of the community as an entire disuse of ardent Spirits, which we consider as the most productive cause of the diseases and conse-

quent poverty and wretchedness of the working classes in Dublin."

At the formation of a Temperance Society in London, the present Solicitor General of Ireland, said,—“He had been long in the habit of prosecuting criminals at the bar of justice in Ireland, and he could state positively, that at least three-fourths of the criminals tried there, were led on to crime by Intemperance, the greater part of the crimes which were committed in Ireland were the results of intoxication,—of the use of ardent Spirits.

Sir A. Cooper, in a letter which was read at the same meeting stated, the poor should be aware that *spirits and poison* are synonymous terms.

“What,” says Dr. Kirk, “is the nature of ardent spirits? All of them contain, as their basis, alcohol—a narcotic stimulant, possessing properties of the kind that opium does; which you know to be a *poison*,—with this addition, that it is more immediately irritating to the tissues of the body to which it is applied, than opium is. It mixes with the food and juices of the stomach, and in the act, time after time, injures the coats of that organ. It mixes with the chyle, which is to form part of the mass of blood, and is carried with it into the circulation—courses through every vessel, and is exhaled at every pore.”

“All the healthy functions are the result of the action of appropriate agents upon the several organs. Thus light is adapted to the eye, air to the lungs, appropriate food to the digestive organs, respectively; giving origin to the functions of vision, respiration, and assimilation.

But where has nature provided a receptacle for ardent spirits? What organ requires their stimulus, to enable it to perform its office? What gland possesses the power of extracting from them the smallest portion of nutriment, or any other ingredient which can be usefully employed in the animal economy?

On every organ they touch they operate as a poison.

**Waste of Life.**—On a supposition, that the excesses in which perhaps 200,000 of the labouring classes in the metropolis indulge, shortens the natural period of their existence only five years each, on an average, the labour of one million of years is lost in the lives of this class of men, after the expence is incurred in rearing them to maturity; which, during a period of 36 years of adult labour, at £25 a year, establishes a deficiency to the

community of thousands of numerous other dissolute, and incontinent, and peaceful subnated through

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**Loss to the United Kingdom.**—The judge of the Disfranchisement Bill, a candid and address which he of Temperance Societies, from the States, from the In this estimate, wrecks, sickness would, in thirty years, houses, lands and mated, in 1815, has since increased would now be \$ of ardent spirits, according to the \$313,743,778 mo the United States tacle of a people



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community of *twenty-five millions sterling*; independent of the numerous other train of evils, which arise to a nation, from *idle, dissolute, and immoral habits*, by which the rising generation is contaminated, and great inconvenience imposed on the innocent and peaceful subjects, from the increase of crimes, which are generated through this medium.—*Colquhoun.*

Divines, without number, have Resolved, that the use of ardent spirits is not only needless but hurtful, and while it is continued, the evils of intemperance can never be done away;—as, in addition to all the pauperism, crime, wretchedness, diseases, insanity, and loss of life &c. which it occasions, it tends to prevent the efficacy of the Gospel, and all the means which God has provided for the moral and spiritual illumination of men, and thus to ruin them for both worlds.

“If ardent spirits are nothing worse than a deadly poison.—If they did not excite and inflame all the evil passions—If they did not dim that heavenly light, which the Almighty has implanted in our bosoms to guide us through the obscure passages of our pilgrimage—if they did not quench the Holy Spirit in our hearts, they would be comparatively blameless. It is their moral effect—It is the ruin of the soul which they produce, that renders them so dreadful. The difference between death by simple poison, and the death by habitual intoxication, may extend to the whole difference between everlasting happiness, and eternal death.”

*Judge Cranch.*

*Loss to the United States.*—The Hon. William Cranch, chief judge of the District of Colombia, who is extensively known as a candid and accurate reporter of principles and facts, in an Address which he delivered before the Washington and Alexandria Temperance Societies, estimates the loss annually in the United States, from the use of ardent spirits, not less than \$94,425,000. In this estimate, he has taken no account of what is lost by shipwrecks, sickness, and in various other ways. But even this sum would, in thirty years, amount to more than the value of all the houses, lands and slaves in the United States. These were estimated, in 1815, at \$1,771,312,908. And if the value of them has since increased in proportion to the increase of population, it would now be \$2,519,009,222. And the loss to the consumers of ardent spirits, and to the community, in thirty years, would, according to the foregoing estimate, be \$2,832,750,000, which is \$313,743,778 more than the value of all the houses and land in the United States; thus exhibiting to the world the awful spectacle of a people losing, by the use of strong drink, in thirty years,

\$313,740,278 more than the value of their whole country. And all for what? To gratify an artificial and destructive appetite, which men do not need, and which they had better be without; which God does not give them, but which they, by their own voluntary and wicked conduct, form.

*Consumption of Ardent Spirits and Wines in New-Brunswick in the year 1826.*

In that year, there was imported into this Port and its outbays, 306,077 gallons of Rum; exported 42,341 gallons, leaving for consumption 263,736, at the Custom House valuation £44,022. Brandy and Gin imported 107,803 gallons, exported 2,444, leaving 105,359 gall. consumed £25,030. Wine imported 27,359 gall., exported 470 gall. consumed 26,883 gall., value £6,937. Total quantity of Spirituous Liquors and Wines consumed in that year, 396,415 gall., value £75,989. Taking the population of the Province according to the census about two years previous, at somewhat less than 80,000 persons of all ages, there will be about 5 gallons to every man, woman, and child; equal to 19s. for each, according to the foregoing estimate. This, of itself, independent of all other causes, may account for a great deal of the poverty and difficulty which has since followed,

"The Great Discovery," says a European writer, "has at length come forth like the light of a new day, that the temperate drinkers of spirits are the chief agents in promoting and perpetuating drunkenness. On whose mind this great truth first rose, is not known. Whoever he was, whether humble or great, peace be to his memory. He has done more for the world than he who enriched it, with the knowledge of a new continent; and posterity, to the remotest generation, shall walk in the light which he has thrown around them."

And says another, "The greatest improvement of modern times consists in the discovery that alcohol, as a beverage, is poison for the mind, as well as the body; and the greatest invention of our day is, that of constructing those moral machines, called Temperance Societies. They as far exceed steam-engines, railways, cotton-spinning machines, &c. as the mind is superior to matter; and the bodies and souls of mankind, are of more consequence than money, and merchandise. We hope, therefore, that the time will soon arrive, when all the inhabitants of the world will compose a Temperance Society; of which every man, woman and child, who has arrived at years of discretion, will be a member."

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## ROADS.

### St. John to Fredericton, by Nerepis.

To Harding's (Yorksh. Tav.)	4
Brundage's,	10
Mather's (Doug. Arms,)	4
W. H. Lyon's,	12
Darby Gillan's,	10
W. Smith's,	7
Morrison's, (Oronecto)	7
Fredericton,	11-65

### From St. John to St. Andrews.

To Robertson's,	5
Tifton's, (Musquash,)	10½
M'Laughlan's,	6
Gray's,	5
M'Gowan's—half way,	6½
Water's,	3
Shaw's, (Magaguadavic)	9
Burn's, (St. Patrick)	10
Turner's,	3
St. Andrews,	9-67

### From St. John to Fort Cumberland.

To Fearaby's,	8
Beatty's,	6½
Hampton Ferry,	10
Hays,	5
Finger Board, Norton,	6
Mill Stream, Lyon's,	7
Sussex Vale,	6-48½
Snider's,	10
Blakeney's,	7½
Martin's,	10
Jacque's,	10
Harper's, Bend,	15
Charter's,	14
Morrison's,	11
Sackville, Bass'	9
Fort Cumberland,	6-142

### From Fort Cumberland to Halifax.

To Bent's, (Amherst,)	7
Stewart's,	10
River Philip,	10
Purdy's,	9
Clarke's,	6
Londonderry,	6
Onslow,	14
Truro,	5
Clarke's,	6½
Pollock's,	10
Gay River,	9
Key's,	6½
Hall's,	6
Fletcher's,	8
Fultz',	8
Halifax,	12-181

### From St. John to Miramichi.

To the Bend,	101
Smith's, (Shediac)	14
Thomson's, (Cocaigne)	9
Buctouch,	11
Maine River,	2
Choak-fish,	11
Richibucto,	13
Kishebouguach,	13
Bay du Vin,	10
M'Beth's, (Blk. River)	10
Chatham,	11-206

### From St. John to Fredericton, on Eastern side of River St. John.

To Black's, Farm,	7
Gondalo Point,	14
Kingston,	4
Head of Belisle,	14½
Washademoac,	12½
Jemseg Ferry,	6
Tilley's, Sheffield,	13
Widow Perley's	8
Fredericton,	12-86

### From Fredericton to Miramichi.

To S. Miller's,	11
Young's,	6
M'Leod's,	5
Craig's,	13½
Boier's,	7
Wilson's,	7
Hunter's,	7
Moore's,	6
Fowler's,	12
Cochran's,	10
Astle's,	8
Parker's,	8
Court House,	8-108½

### From Fredericton to Quebec.

To Hammond's,	16
Gews',	18
Jones',	18
Harvey's,	14
Dingee's,	16
Kearney's,	22
Tibbits',	12
Misseaus',	21½
Grand Falls,	—137½
Coomb's,	12
Bears',	15
Madawaska Falls,	18
Kamouraska,	84½
Quebec,	107½

Total 374½


## SIGNALS,

*Made at Partridge Island, and repeated at the Tower in Carlton,  
on the approach of vessels to this Harbour.*

One Ball close for one square rigged vessel,	
One Ball half hoisted for two	ditto,
Two Balls close for three	ditto,
Two Balls separated, for four	ditto,
A Pendant of any colour for five	ditto,
A ditto under a Ball for six	ditto,
A ditto under a Ball half hoisted for seven	ditto,
A ditto over two Balls close for, eight	ditto,
A ditto between two Balls separated for nine	ditto,
A Flag of any colour for ten or more	ditto,

The above are hoisted at the East or West arm, according to the quarter the vessels first appear in, with the addition of a Ball at the centre of the Yard until the rig of the vessel can be made out, when one or more of the following description of colours will be hoisted at the mast head:—

- An Union Jack for a Flag Ship with or without a squadron.
- ditto with a red Pendant over for a two decker.
- ditto with a blue ditto over, for a frigate.
- ditto with a white ditto, for a small armed vessel.
- A blue Pendant for a Merchant ship.
- A red ditto for a Merchant brig.
- A white ditto for a topsail schooner or sloop.
- A flag blue and white horizontally, a neutral fleet.
- A pendant white and blue, a neutral man of war.
- A blue flag a neutral merchant ship.
- A flag red, white and blue, an enemy's fleet.
- A pendant red, white, and blue, an enemy's man of war.
- A red flag, an enemy's merchant ship.
- An Union Jack, over neutral or enemy's signals, the vessel detained, or a prize.
- A white flag over any signal, vessel bears a flag of truce.
- A red flag pierced white, for the Digby Packet.
- A ball at the mast head, vessel is on shore, or in distress.

 Should immediate aid be necessary, guns to be fired.

In thick weather, a gun will be fired at Partridge Island, in answer to every gun heard at sea.—When a vessel requires a Pilot, her descriptive pendant will be shown at the yard arm, instead of a Ball.