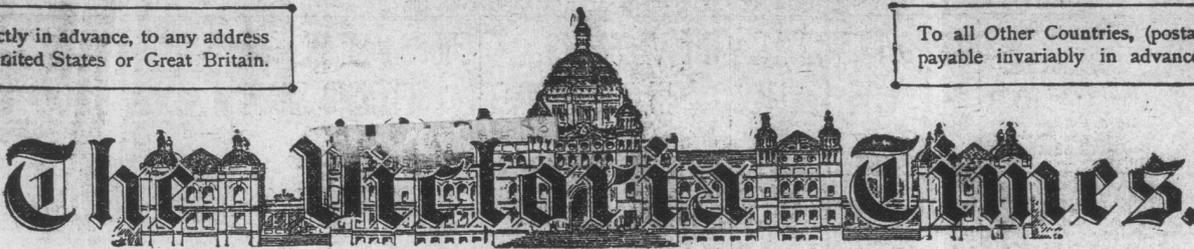


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TWICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

VICTORIA, B. C. TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1907.

VOL. 38

No. 57

NEW ALBERNI WILL BE THE TERMINUS

E. & N. Railway Company Acquires Foreshore Rights With Deep Water For Docking Ocean Liners.

(From Monday's Daily.) "The Alberni railway extension is to be commenced at once, and the terminus is to be at New Alberni..."

TO FACILITATE ROAD TRAFFIC CREOSOTING PLANT WILL BE INSTALLED

Pavement of Wood Blocks to Be Placed on Main Streets of City.

It is expected that the city's new creosoting plant will be installed and placed in operation during the next few weeks, and that paving will be commenced before the middle of October...

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TUG RUN DOWN

Five Men, Including the Captain, Reported to Have Been Drowned.

Baltimore, Md., Aug. 26.—The British steamer Barnstable, Capt. Davidson, from Port Antonio for Baltimore, late last night ran into and sank the tug Gerry Captain McCoy, of Wilmington, Del., in the ship channel off Sparrow Point, Md.

Five men, members of the crew of the Dredge Standard, including the captain of the Standard, are reported drowned. The tug was in the river engaged in towing mud scows from the dredge Standard.

FATHER AND SON DROWNED

Elkton, Md., Aug. 25.—Frank Churchill, of Germantown, Pa., and his eleven year old son, Norman, were drowned in Black creek, Chesapeake City, while crabbing. Mrs. Churchill and another son witnessed the drowning but were unable to save them.

COAL SUPPLY IN ALBERTA RAILWAY COMMISSIONER TO MAKE INQUIRIES

Rev. A. Moore Succeeds Dr. Shearer as Secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance.

PORTABLE SCHOOL MAY BE PURCHASED

Building to Accommodate 60 Scholars Would Relieve Congestion in the City.

Up to noon to-day 270 attendance permits had been issued by the superintendent of city schools, this number representing the new scholars applying for admission for the first time this term. In addition to these there are over 20 permits for domestic and Chinese or Hk. Another meeting of the school trustees is to be called shortly, probably this week, to consider the matter of providing accommodation for all the new scholars.

One of the matters that will be discussed at this meeting will be the advisability of purchasing a small portable school capable of accommodating from 50 to 60 scholars which could be moved from school to school, whenever the matter of providing accommodation for all the new scholars is discussed. Such portable additions can be obtained from the mainland in sections, so that they can be attached to any building without trouble. Such a building, while comparatively expensive, would greatly aid in relieving the pressure of attendance which is now being felt at the Central and South Park schools. Although no definite step has been taken in this matter by the board, it is understood that a Vancouver firm will submit an estimate shortly.

San Sebastian, Aug. 25.—According to advices received by the government from several Spanish consuls in Morocco, Mula Hafiz, at present marching on Casablanca.

London, Aug. 25.—The conclusion to submit the Newfoundland fisheries dispute to arbitration The Hague and the negotiations pending with the view of renewing the modus vivendi to cover this year's fishing season have called forth little comment here, except in the papers opposed to the government, which attempt to make political capital out of the matter, alleging that the government is prepared to sacrifice the interests of the colony to maintain the good-will of the United States. Even these papers, however, admit that the submission of the question to The Hague is the best solution available of the "wearisome controversy," and that some temporary arrangement must be made until the arbitrators render a decision.

The officials of the foreign office are confident that an arrangement acceptable to all parties will shortly be concluded. The Newfoundland premier, Sir Robert Bond, has lately shown a more conciliatory attitude toward the proposition to renew the modus vivendi with modification which are not of a radical nature. The foreign office is now awaiting Sir Robert's definite proposals, which will be submitted to Secretary of State Root immediately after their arrival.

London, Ont., Aug. 26.—Hugh Jennings, aged 31, a switchman on the Grand Trunk, was run over in the west end yards on Saturday afternoon and had one arm and one leg cut off.

SEEKING LAND AT PORT SIMPSON

NEGOTIATIONS FOR INDIAN RESERVE

It is Believed Canadian Northern Company Desires Site as Terminus for Line.

Vancouver, Aug. 26.—Winnipeg representatives, believed in north to represent the Canadian Northern Railway, have entered into negotiations with the Tsimpsian tribe of Indians for the purchase of the reserve at Port Simpson. A provisional offer will be considered at a tribal council to be held at the end of the fishing season. Chief Dunderland will then proceed to Winnipeg to close the deal.

The Indians will, it is asserted, hold for a million dollars for their property. The Indian residents of Port Simpson number nine hundred and fifty, and the price would give them something like one thousand dollars each man, woman and child.

The offer already made is for a large sum, but not for a million dollars. The proposition undoubtedly came from Winnipeg. A public statement was made that it was from a Winnipeg land company, but on the inside it is stated positively that negotiations will prove the party to be the Canadian Northern, which seeks Port Simpson as the Pacific coast terminus.

The Indians and the Hudson's Bay Company divide the waterfront property between them.

NEWFOUNDLAND FISHERIES

NEGOTIATIONS FOR RENEWAL OF MODUS VIVENDI TO COVER THIS YEAR'S FISHING

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Wife of Sikh Deserted Her Husband, Taking Child With Her.

New Westminster, Aug. 25.—A little Indian girl was reported to have been abducted by Hurla Singh, from a camp near the St. Mungo cannery on Friday and the relatives at once started out to find the missing child. On Saturday the search was practically abandoned, it having been discovered that the Hindu went away from the camp with the child's mother, who was quite willing to forsake her former husband for the purpose of taking up life with one of the Hindus from across the seas. The child will be sent back to the father by the Kootch, who says that she has no further use for it.

A six-masted cruise will decrease the speed of a ship 15 per cent. The purpose of the manœuvres that gather on the hull.

TRACED TO BULGARIA

Three Armenians Wanted for Murder of Priest Have Been Located.

New York, Aug. 26.—The three Armenians, Sarkis Ermojian, John Mouradian and Paul Sarkisian, wanted for the murder of Father Kaspar Vartanian, have been located, it is stated to-day, in Yarna, Bulgaria. They escaped from this country via Montreal and fled to Marseilles, but eluded the police there and went to Bulgaria.

FRUIT IS SCARCE

Ottawa, Aug. 24.—Never in the history of the trade has fruit of all kinds been so scarce at Ottawa, and prices generally have increased 75 per cent. over last year. One reason given is the rapid growth of the Northwest, where the amount of fruit consumed, both fresh and jams, has more than tripled. The amount consumed in Ontario is two per cent. greater than last year. Another reason is the cold season in the Southern States, with consequent short crop.

FRENCH TROOPS AMBUSH NATIVES

MANY TRIBESMEN LEFT DEAD ON FIELD

Brother of the Sultan Has Been Proclaimed Sovereign in the South.

Casablanca, Aug. 25.—Absolute fearlessness continues to characterize the attacks delivered by the tribesmen upon the French forces encamped here.

A detachment of 100 natives, while steaming toward the city, was ambushed near the beach by the French and a merciless fire mowed them down. There were few not killed, and they fled precipitately, but many dead were left behind.

A dispatch received from Admiral Philibert says the tribes and governors along the coast apparently have not decided yet what attitude they will assume toward Mula Hafiz, the brother of the Sultan, who has been declared sovereign in the south.

Continuing his offensive campaign, General Drupe pushed his reconnoitering parties four miles out from his centre. The main body of the enemy was not sighted.

Ruse of Moors. The gunboat General Concha has come in here with the mail from Morocco. She brought letters from members of the Spanish force which are published in the Spanish press and which declare that several Germans, who are believed to be army officers, have arrived at Casablanca for the purpose of studying the situation.

Other letters from Spanish merchants in Morocco express the belief that the persistence of the tribesmen in attacking Casablanca is only a ruse to make France and Spain concentrate their military efforts there, thus leaving the way open for a blow by the Moors at some other port.

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PROSPECTS OF ISLAND CLEARING SCHEME

R. Marpole Discusses Present Stage of Proceedings—Will Only Partially Clear Each Farm.

(From Monday's Daily.) The scheme for opening up the E. & N. lands for settlement is being developed as fast as possible, according to R. Marpole, vice-president of the road. It will be remembered that some time ago an announcement was made that a large tract was to be cleared by a new company which was being formed for the purpose. It was proposed to clear the land in large blocks, and then subdivide it and put it on the market. That would give the purchaser a fine farm, but a very expensive one; too expensive for the ordinary purchaser. Further consideration of the matter has proved that this is not the best possible plan.

It is now proposed to clear only part of each farm, sufficient for a man to go in and commence raising crops and planting an orchard, but leaving enough in the rough which may be seeded down to pasture to be used as grazing land, which may be cleared by the farmer in his spare time, and which will therefore involve no actual out-of-pocket expense. It can easily be seen that this is the better plan. The average farmer would manage to have ten acres of cleared land, and forty acres uncleared, which he might develop at his leisure, than fifteen or twenty acres cleared with no chance of adding to it without actual purchase.

The British Columbia Land Development Company has for a long time been negotiating with the E. & N. Company through R. Marpole to arrange some definite working basis for proceeding with the work. While the negotiations are in an advanced stage, and it is likely an announcement may be made any day now, no agreement has as yet been signed. R. Marpole is in town to-day and is meeting with E. E. Billingham, who is representing the development company here, with the purpose of further discussing the situation, and it is not at all improbable that some further announcement may be made before Mr. Marpole leaves the city.

R. E. Gonnell, who has for some years taken a great interest in the scheme, is representing the company in London, his part of the work being to arrange for the financing of the proposition. He is meeting with considerable success, and Mr. Marpole is very hopeful that something will be done at once.

In order that the E. & N. Company may be prepared for any contingency, and that there may be no delay in the matter, the C. P. R. has purchased two complete outfits which are being taken to Vancouver to clear fifty acres on Shaughnessy Heights as an experiment to prove what the actual cost of the work will be. When this has been done the company will be in a position to say exactly at what price the cleared lands can be offered to the public. Mr. Marpole thinks the estimates given, which have been based on the investigations made some time ago in the state of Washington, are altogether too low, as they do not take any account of the slashing and first clearing.

If the B. C. Land Development Company fail to undertake the work it is the intention of the railway company to proceed with the work itself as soon as the plot tract at Vancouver has been completed. Mr. Marpole thinks it probable that each outfit will clear about half an acre a day, so that it will not take long to clear fifty acres.

Victorians will be glad to know that the scheme which has been hanging about so long is about to be consummated. While it is hoped that the Land Development Company will succeed in securing the contract which will mean the pushing of the scheme for all it is worth, it is satisfactory to know that should the negotiations fail the work will still go on under the direct supervision of the railway company, and that these lands which have been lying idle for so many years will be the homes of many prosperous farmers to the permanent benefit of Vancouver Island and the whole province.

THE PLOT AGAINST CZAR

It Is Not Known If Social Revolutionists Were Implicated in the Conspiracy.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 26.—At the court martial which is trying persons charged with taking part in the plot to assassinate Emperor Nicholas, which was disclosed last May, Lt.-Col. Spiridovitch, chief of the Tsar's Selo gendarmes, raised the important political question whether the Social Revolution party was involved in the plot or whether it was the work of irresponsible individuals. The colonel declared that after the dissolution of the party a meeting of Social Revolutionists was held at Finland, at which the Social Revolutionist delegates in the Douma were denounced for their cowardice in declaring that the party had no connection with any conspiracy whatever. He gave Col. Gerasimov, chief of the Finnish railway police as his source of information.

YOUNG WOMAN LOST HER LIFE

Drowned by Capsizing of a Canoe at Summer Camp Near Erockville.

Brookville, Ont., Aug. 24.—A fatality is reported from up the river in the Admiralty Group of Islands, whereby Miss V. R. Kohn, a native of Rhineland, lost her life. She was employed as cook at the island of Mr. Morris of New York. She was left alone while the other residents attended a picnic. On returning in the evening the girl was missing. Next morning an empty canoe told the story. A short distance from the landing the body was found in six feet of water.

JOHN HOUSTON'S TROUBLES

Vancouver, Aug. 26.—John Houston, former member of the legislature and proprietor of the first Prince Rupert newspaper, will have his plant on the wharf at Prince Rupert.

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adies' Belts and from London

& FINCH

COMPLETES HUGE LAND PURCHASE

Will Exploit Fruit Products of Mexico
Syndicate of Local Men to Foster Trade Between Canada and Southern States.

(From Saturday's Daily.)
Fitzhugh Lee, representative of the big local syndicate which has recently acquired half a million acres of land near Acapulco, Mexico...

"The conditions under which the land is to be cultivated are," said Mr. Lee, "excellent. Wages for laborers average 25 cents per diem; the transportation facilities are good, and the markets for the produce innumerable...

The syndicate was formed immediately after the new Canadian-Mexican service was inaugurated. The increased transportation facilities offered by the Georgia and Louisiana in their regular service induced a number of local business men to take up the subject of fruit-growing in Mexico...

The big dock and railroad improvements at Acapulco lend additional value to the enterprise, as the result of the extensive changes and additions which are now being made at that port will render the contiguous territory far more valuable than it is at present.

The syndicate is composed of Messrs. Lee, Morris, Bell, Bender, Weiler, Steele, Bond & Clark, Warren, and others. A warehouse will shortly be obtained in Victoria and the business will be in charge of Messrs. Morris and Lee...

BANK CLEARINGS

Large Increase in Canadian Cities Compared With Last Year.

New York, Aug. 23. - Bradstreet's bank clearings report for the week shows an aggregate of \$2,577,672,000, as against \$2,762,826,000 last week, and \$3,291,864,000 in the corresponding week last year...

ALARMING FIRE

St. John, N. B., Aug. 24. - Fire broke out in the conveyor of the Cushing sulphite pulp mill yesterday, and for a while the six hundred thousand dollar plant seemed in great danger of destruction...

PRESIDENT FORGIVES SON

M. Zelaya Relents and Asks His Son and Wife to Return to Nicaragua.

New York, Aug. 24. - Alfonso Zelaya, son of the president of Nicaragua, who became estranged from his father because of his marriage to Miss Stella Baker of Washington, has arrived here with his bride on his way home to Managua...

TO CLEAR LAND FOR ORCHARDS

Contractors Inspect Site at Ladysmith

Will Submit Tender for the Work-- Report of Experts Was Favorable.

Ladysmith, Aug. 24. - In connection with the reports of the C.P.R. clearing land around the E. & N. belt, it is not unlikely that Ladysmith will receive early attention.

Shortly after the purchase of the E. & N., the C.P.R. sent an expert out to report upon the suitability of some land back of the city for the purpose of fruit-growing. The expert reported favorably enough of the land, but nothing more has been heard of it.

LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS

New Association Has Been Formed in Ontario to Protect Interests of Its Members.

Toronto, Aug. 24. - What promises to be a new power in the field of insurance came into being to-day in the form of the Ontario Local Life Insurance Agents' Association.

About 30 delegates were present at the meeting. The following were elected officers: President, S. C. Young, Port Colborne; vice-presidents, O. Steel, Port Colborne; W. B. Stevens, Owen Sound; secretary-treasurer, Neil Campbell, Amport; executive committee, F. A. Lett, Barrie; G. T. Brown, London; E. E. Anderson, Dunnville; A. K. Bunnell, Brantford; and J. H. Knifton, Farry Sound.

REIFF'S SALARY

New York, Aug. 24. - Advice from Berlin report that Johnny Reiff, the well known American jockey, has been engaged to ride a prominent German turfman at a salary of \$50,000.

REALTY FIRM WINS

Action Brought by Grant & Lineham to Obtain Payment of Commission.

Judgment was given for Grant & Lineham in their action against H. H. Pennock, which was heard in the county court by Judge Lampan on Friday afternoon. The suit was brought to obtain the payment of commission, due on the sale of some property which he had listed. He had paid \$31.60 into court and resisted the claim for a similar sum, the balance of the commission, which amounted to \$62.20.

After hearing the evidence His Honor Judge Lampan gave judgment for the plaintiffs, reserving the question of costs. George Morphy appeared for the plaintiffs and H. H. Shandley, of R. T. Elliott's office, for the defence.

RECORD ENTRY LIST

Competition Will Be Keen at Dominion Rifle Association Meeting.

Ottawa, Aug. 23. - The entry list for the Dominion Rifle Association matches is the largest in the history of the association. It will reach 540. Included in it will be British marksmen and members of the Australian team. Competition promises to be exceptionally keen.

IMPROVEMENTS AT TYEE SMELTER

New Ore Bunkers Are Being Erected

Indications That Work Outlined at Annual Meeting Will Shortly Be Carried Out.

Ladysmith, Aug. 24. - After a lean period extending over several months, the Tyee smelter at Ladysmith is now forging ahead. New ore fields are being laid under tribute, the latest being located on the Queen Charlotte Islands, a shipment from which was received at the local smelter last week, as reported in the Times.

The report spoke of duplicating the capacity of the smelter, and even went so far as to state that the plans for the contemplated enlargement had arrived at the London office. The local managers are not quite as communicative as the board of directors in London. What they are doing and intend to do is not to be advertised.

But already there is indication which would indicate that the work forecasted in the annual report is to be carried out in full.

Carpenters are now busy preparing to erect new and spacious bunkers close beside the furnaces. The foundation has already been prepared, and a start will be made in the course of the next few days with the erection of the bunkers proper.

In addition to this, it is common talk that the company is to build a wharf exclusively for its own use. As things are, all the ore treated at the smelter has to be discharged at the C. P. R. Transfer wharf, and then hauled by various routes to the smelter.

The wharf is to be built into the harbor from the "Spit," a piece of land adjoining the smelter in the sea front, which the Tyee company has always claimed as its property. The wharf would enable the ore to be discharged and the mate to be loaded direct to and from the smelter, and, of course, would mean a great economy in working expenses.

FARMERS ENGAGED IN PISTOL DUEL

Death Ends Feud in Missouri-- Man Killed Wife and Tried to Commit Suicide

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 23. - John Porter Liberty and Wm. J. Sever, farmers at Chandler, five miles north of here, engaged in a pistol duel to-day which resulted in the death of Stollings. The tragedy was the culmination of an old feud which started when Sever, as a member of the board of education, prevented the employment of Stollings' daughter as a teacher.

Killed His Wife. Crawfordville, Ind., Aug. 23. - Otto Walker, 35 years old, murdered his wife, Laura Walker, to-day, by cutting her throat from ear to ear. Walker then slashed his own throat and in a serious condition. Domestic trouble was the cause.

THE LAMBETH CONFERENCE

Anglican Bishops Will Meet in London Next Year.

New York, Aug. 24. - The next Lambeth conference, the great decennial conference of all the bishops of the Anglican communion throughout the world, including the Episcopal church in this country, will meet in London in July, 1908.

The official programme has just been announced by the Bishop of Canterbury in a letter addressed to 300 or more bishops, who are entitled to attend the conference. According to this letter, which is printed in the current issue of the Churchman, the conference will last one month, beginning July 6th and ending August 6th.

KILLED ON RAILWAY

Grand Trunk Railway Foreman Struck by a Train.

London, Ont., Aug. 24. - Alexander McDonald, of Toronto, building foreman of the Grand Trunk, was struck by a train yesterday, receiving injuries from which he died shortly afterwards in Victoria hospital. He never regained consciousness.

THE VACANCIES IN THE CABINET

New Ministers May Be Named Monday

George E. Graham and Ex-Premier Pugsley Likely to Receive Portfolios--Premier's Residence.

Ottawa, Aug. 23. - Sir Wilfrid Laurier returned to the capital to-day. Earl Grey will arrive on Sunday. They will meet on Monday for the first time since Sir Wilfrid went to the colonial conference before the end of the session. On Monday the Premier will lay Mr. Hyman's resignation before Earl Grey and may name the ministers of public works and railways. It is believed here George Graham, leader of the Ontario Opposition will be named for public works and ex-Premier Pugsley for railways.

It is rumored that the government will purchase the Currier residence near the entrance of Rideau Hall and use it as the official residence for the Dominion Premier. If purchased, the property will not be acquired for some time, as it is now undergoing extensive repairs.

FIVE PERSONS PERISHED IN FIRE

Burned to Death in Boston Tenement

Passenger Lost Life in Railway Wreck--Boy Killed by an Automobile.

Boston, Aug. 24. - Five persons were suffocated by smoke from a fire in a tenement house here early to-day, and two others were overcome by smoke. The dead: Margaret Cooper, 25 years old; John Dwyer, aged 65, uncle of Mrs. Cooper; Margaret Cooper, aged 65; John Cooper, aged 21; Thos. Cooper, aged 2. The last were children of Margaret Cooper. The father and his sons suffered severely from inhaling smoke.

TAPT IN OKLAHOMA

Republican Party Will Endeavor to Secure Control in New State

Oklahoma City, Ok., Aug. 24. - Secretary Taft is to-day the guest of Oklahoma City, and to-night in a speech at the convention of the Republican party for supremacy in controlling the new state of Oklahoma. The greatest crowd that this city has ever known thronged the streets and filled the hotel lobby and places of business to-day.

CANOE CAPSIZED MAN DROWNED

Two Companions Rescued in Exhausted Condition--Boy Perished in the Winnipeg River.

Toronto, Aug. 24. - While canoeing from Hailyburg to New Liskeard, Ont. on Lake Temiskaming yesterday, H. J. C. Byrne, of Midland, and Samuel L. Harris and Chas. E. Davis, young Englishmen, were upset in the high east wind. Davis was drowned, the other two being rescued by the tug Albert, after having been in the water for an hour. Byrne was completely exhausted when taken out and could not have lasted many moments longer.

ISLAND INDUSTRY GETTING UNDER WAY

Silica Brick and Lime Company Has Secured a Large Contract.

What promises to become one of the great industries of Vancouver Island is just getting well under way. The Silica Brick & Lime Company's plant, at Parson's Bridge, is now turning out from fifteen to sixteen thousand bricks a day, and the demand for the article is much greater than the supply. The company has been shipping for the past five weeks and has just commenced to fill an order for a million bricks for the new David Spencer block being erected in Vancouver. As soon as the plant gets properly going it will be able to turn out eighteen thousand a day. At this rate the company has orders ahead sufficient to get it going five months.

Now, in the growing period of the west, it means a great deal, that the community can be supplied with such an article as that being manufactured at within a mile or two of this city. It also means much that a large wage-paying enterprise is operating so near and exporting a large part of the product.

MACHINISTS MAY STRIKE

New York, Aug. 24. - A strike of 17,000 machinists in Greater New York will probably be called next Monday. The men demanded an increase in pay of 25 cents a day, but they have been notified by the New York and New Jersey branch of the Metal Trades Association that their request had been voted down for the reason that the present business conditions would not warrant an increase in pay.

CROPS ARE IN SPLENDID SHAPE

Danger from Frost Believed to be Over

Vice-President Whyte Tells of Conditions in the West--Tourist Travel Heavy.

Ottawa, Aug. 23. - Wm. Whyte, second vice-president of the Canadian Pacific railway, returned last evening from the west, where he has been spending the last three weeks in looking over the company's system. In addition to making a general inspection he spent considerable time in looking over the string of hotels owned by the company between Winnipeg and the coast.

"You will understand," said Mr. Whyte, "that no matter how efficient a train service you give tourists, nor how grand the scenery may be, they are bound to complain unless they get proper hotel accommodation, and this is no small percentage of our western tourist business. Unless they are properly looked after at the company's hotel all of the other effort has been wasted. I have visited all of our hotels in the west, and I am glad to say that the quality of the service could be made in the service. During the past season our tourist traffic has been heavy, and at times we were unable to properly look after all of the business given us. There will probably be considerable alteration and improvement made at one or two points."

"Yes, I paid considerable attention to the crops, and arranged my trip so that I could return through the spring wheat country by daylight. I had looked it over on the way west, three weeks ago, and wished to see what advance had been made. So far as I could see the frost has not done any great damage, but while in some localities the weather had been wet and too heavy for proper growth, this is not true of the majority of districts. Growth had been backward, and for a time I was afraid that the cold weather we had encountered at Banff would do considerable damage, but we have passed in comparative safety, and can probably depend upon two or three more weeks of fine weather. Two weeks will put the bulk of the crop out of harm's way, while three clear weeks would result in their being little or none of the grain which will not be in shape for harvest."

REPUBLICAN PARTY WILL ENDEAVOR TO SECURE CONTROL IN NEW STATE

Oklahoma City, Ok., Aug. 24. - Secretary Taft is to-day the guest of Oklahoma City, and to-night in a speech at the convention of the Republican party for supremacy in controlling the new state of Oklahoma. The greatest crowd that this city has ever known thronged the streets and filled the hotel lobby and places of business to-day.

THE BEAR BERRY TREE

Abounds in Comox Where Bark Stripped Off and Used Medicinally as Cascara.

Reference has been made in the columns of the Times to the fact that people in the neighborhood of Comox have been gathering for export large quantities of a bark which they called barberry. On Thursday a quantity of the bark was brought down by the steamer City of Nanaimo, and a report comes that it is being gathered by Comox boys under the supervision of a medical man from the railroad.

In the case of J. A. Anderson, who is a well-known authority on matters botanical, elicited the information that the bark in question does not come from a bear berry tree, known scientifically as Rhamnus Purshiana. It is a tall shrub, or tree, ranging from 20 to 40 feet in height, and bearing a fruit not unlike that of the bears are very fond. Hence its common name. The bark, which is very thin, is stripped off and is then the "cascara" of medicine.

GATHERING IN CRIMINALS

Campaign Inaugurated in Chicago-- Hold-Up Man Killed by a Policeman.

Chicago, Aug. 23. - The Chicago police rounded out a day of warfare against criminals last night by killing a hold-up man just after he had robbed a citizen and by capturing the Thomas Kelly, who had a record of crime, was the man who was killed. His slayer was Policeman Patrick J. Fee.

Kelly had hold-up Michael O'Neill, a steam fitter. A companion of Kelly's, Thomas Roach, was arrested at the same time.

On Friday imposed a fine of \$20,000 upon the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company and ordered former General Freight Agent Pearce to pay a \$2,000 fine in the United States court.

This railroad passenger rate has actually resulted in increased earnings for Minnesota railroads, according to the company's own figures for May and June, issued by the railroad commission. The passenger revenue for those months in Minnesota exceeded one-sixth increase in returns.

SPRANG A LEAK

Duluth, Minn., Aug. 24. - The old tug and excursion steamer Carrington sank last night in Lake Superior. Captain Fréchet was bringing her back from the island when she began leaking badly. The pumps were worked in vain and having the steamer Frederick B. Wells, Captain Fréchet put his men aboard. In a few minutes the abandoned vessel sank.

SPOKANE TO PORTLAND

C. P. R. Will Run Through Trains Over the O. R. & N. Company's Lines.

Vancouver, Aug. 23. - It is the intention of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to run its own trains through from Spokane to Portland, if possible, over the rails of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Co. next summer. The company will in any event run its own cars and wants to run its complete train. Commencing this summer the C. P. R. has been running a through train from St. Paul to Spokane, the ultimate destination of the route being Portland, and has thus far been selling tickets to the latter city, but via O. R. & N. trains from Spokane south.

The foregoing information was gleaned from Mr. Robert Kerr, passenger traffic manager of the C. P. R., upon his arrival from Montreal this morning, after a leisurely inspection trip which included the Okanagan valley service.

The line to Spokane leaves the Crow's Nest branch of the C. P. R. and its continuation from Spokane through to Portland almost gives the C. P. R. another transcontinental line which is practically a United States institution.

SHEEP FROM ENGLAND

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 24. - The largest single exhibit of live stock at the exhibition arrived to-day in the shape of five cars of Southdowns, Hampshire and Leicester sheep, the property of Sir R. P. Cooper, of England.

The sheep is said to be estimated at \$15,000.

OIL MAGNATES NOT IN ACCORD

Trouble Between Standard Directors Heated Argument at Meeting When It Was Decided to Pay Usual Dividend.

Chicago, Aug. 23. - A dispatch to the Record-Herald from New York, says: H. H. Rogers and William Rockefeller are reported to have had a serious disagreement about the policy to be adopted by the Standard Oil Company in defending itself against the attacks of the government. It was learned yesterday that a good deal of disaffection developed at a meeting last week when the usual dividend of \$8 for the quarterly period was declared.

The attitude of the administration towards corporations was discussed and particularly the fine of \$29,200 levied against the Standard Oil Company for rebating, by Judge Landis.

It is understood that the lines were drawn sharply at the meeting and some of the directors strongly urged that in view of the heavy fine the quarterly dividend should be passed. These took the position that the company for various reasons ought not to go on paying dividends while the law was under such heavy fire from both national and state governments.

It was said that the arguments presented were of a somewhat heated nature and the discussion took a decidedly acrimonious turn. The exact line up of the directors on the dividend question could not be learned, but it is understood that certain portions of them continued a vigorous fight against the dividend. Other members of the board, however, contended that notwithstanding the penalty levied against the Indiana subsidiary, the company should charge in the dividend policy of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey should be made. These argued that to pass the dividend might be construed as a confession of guilt on the part of the Indiana concern. They express confidence that the decision of the higher court on the appeal from Judge Landis' fine would be in favor of the company. The passage of the dividend as a protest against the judgment, it was contended, might defeat one of the objects in view. It was believed that such action would very likely tend to increase the pessimism prevailing and the unsettlement of the financial world.

After an extended discussion of both sides of the question the directors opposing the dividend declaration reluctantly, and it was decided to pay the \$8 for the quarter, the same amount as paid in the corresponding quarters of the previous years.

MONSTER PATROL A

Is Being Built for the Chic Department.

Chicago, Aug. 22. - The city cago is building an automobile patrol wagon which is to be named Dreadnought. It is on account of the auto's special features that it is to be used as a patrol wagon. It is to be body, 70 horsepower and large fenders. The use expected to be a squad of policemen to carry a more serious trouble than the present patrol wagons more men.

WORKMAN KILLED

The Hague, Aug. 22. - The late of the Carnegie pier which was erected over the water upon which the signers stood foundation stone yesterday owing to the snapping. One workman was killed and injured.

BANK RATE UNCHANGED

London, Aug. 22. - Confrontations the Bank of England discount was not changed at a meeting of the directors of the bank. Consols further in the opening.

FIFTY-FIVE VESSELS

are being laid and repaired in the harbor of the world.

EARNINGS OF THE INTERCOLONIAL

Handling More Business Than Ever Before

W. H. Rowley Advocates Prohibiting Export of Pulp Wood--Suggests Imposition of Duty.

Ottawa, Aug. 23. - The earnings today of the Intercolonial railway, according to M. J. Butler, deputy minister, are the largest in the history of the road. The system was never in better shape than to-day, and was never before handling such a large volume of business.

Sent to Penitentiary. Ottawa, Aug. 23. - Antonio Bardeau, for stabbing Arthur Charbonneau 11 times with a stiletto, has been sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment. Judge Gunn said that foreigners must be taught that stabbing was not allowed in Canada.

Pulp Wood Industry. Toronto, Aug. 23. - On the pulp wood industry in Canada, W. H. Rowley, president of the E. B. Eddy Company, comes out strongly as an advocate of the prohibition of the exportation of saw logs and pulp wood from Canada. If this is not done then an export duty upon them should be exacted. In this way the whole industry would be retained for Canada, instead of going to help build up the United States. Canadian pulp supplies are being depleted for American manufacturers, and Canadian paper makers are unable to get enough pulp to keep them going. Mr. Rowley said he did not believe this would lead to suffering on the part of the small holder of Canadian pulp lands. They would get their price for their wood just the same as now, and eventually a better one.

Scarcity of Fodder. Brockville, Aug. 23. - The shortage of the hay crop and fodder generally throughout this section, occasioned by the drought, is having a demoralizing effect on the prices of horses and cattle. Farmers are compelled to reduce their herds, and values are thereby reduced to a point where it is almost impossible to apply to horses.

Unions Request. Montreal, Aug. 23. - Local labor unions are to petition the Ottawa and Quebec governments requesting that in view of the present construction work throughout the provinces be given only to union men and at current rates.

Coming West. Toronto, Aug. 23. - Dr. Harvey Chase, who has been out of the country for about a year, has been appointed assistant medical superintendent of the asylum at Westminister, B.C.

Mrs. A. Otter Dead. Toronto, Aug. 23. - Mrs. Anna Otter, mother of Brigadier-General Otter, died to-day at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. A. D. Stewart, Bismarck avenue, this city. Mrs. Otter was an octogenarian.

F. H. McGuigan III. Montreal, Aug. 23. - F. H. McGuigan, formerly fourth vice-president of the Grand Trunk system, and more recently first vice-president of the Grand Trunk, died of a heart ailment at his residence in Portland, Maine, home.

Strike Spreading. Montreal, Aug. 22. - A large number of garment workers expected. Business Agent Mill United Garment Workers, gathering of strikers to-day had been informed that the contractors had decided to drop their employees at noon 5 p.m. This action, if taken, will involve 1,000 workers.

Coming to Coast. Ottawa, Aug. 23. - Coming to Coast of the Northwest Mounted Police Ottawa to-day for a three days' spection trip. He is going to the Pacific coast and will take in most of the important headquarters, going as far as Edmonton.

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HARVESTERS FOR MANITOBA

Five Thousand Expected Within a Few Weeks

Rich Gold Find Reported Near Lake--Forest Fires in Frontenac.

Winnipeg, Aug. 22. - The immigration authorities expect 5,000 men to arrive within a few weeks, and at present they are apportioning the men so that not be crowded in any special. The demand for farm hands is great.

Big Incinerator. Winnipeg, Aug. 22. - The big incinerator put in by the Decarie Co. is to be tested to-morrow, and will be taken over by the city. The opinion is that it is ready for a contract, but friction at the site is responsible for all the trouble.

Gold Strike. Cobalt, Ont., Aug. 22. - The agog with the report of a new gold find near Hawk lake, a lake of water west and slightly north of Cobalt, was great. Swedes have found a vein of silver rock, 130 feet across, and ready traced it two miles. Lull are told of his wealth, and are responsible for all the trouble.

Accidentally Shot. Edmonton, Aug. 22. - When Palmer was cleaning his revolver, unaware that it was discharged, the bullet struck his mother, who was sitting near. Mrs. Palmer was to the hospital and the bullet moved.

Forest Fires Raging. Kingston, Aug. 22. - Forest fires are raging about Reynoldsville, Frontenac. There is great danger the farmers are fighting hard to keep the flames. It is thought less smothered match drops on the large marshes around Echo lakes, and as a result countryside is ablaze. Aired property has been destroyed.

Cutting Wheat. Brandon, Man., Aug. 22. - Cutting commenced in this district, when Thomas Jobb, J., southeast of Brandon, started a field of wheat for cutting. It will be another week before cutting is general.

Threshing Barley. Portage in Prairie, Aug. 22. - The threshing of barley started, started threshing barley, about one 130 acres being cut by the separator. The grain was sample and turned out well.

Store Burned. Macleod, Alb., Aug. 22. - A gentlemen's furnishing store, also by J. Doney, Jeweler, was destroyed. Insurance \$1,000, loss \$25,000. Insurance \$1,000, loss \$25,000. Insurance \$1,000, loss \$25,000.

Civil Engineering. Halifax, Aug. 22. - The chief engineering in Dalhousie University, the Great Britain of Prof. Brydone-Jack, gone to Winnipeg, has been the appointment of R. A. St. Canadian Society of Civil Engineers the Canada Foundry Company.

Strike Spreading. Montreal, Aug. 22. - A large number of garment workers expected. Business Agent Mill United Garment Workers, gathering of strikers to-day had been informed that the contractors had decided to drop their employees at noon 5 p.m. This action, if taken,

TWICE-A-WEEK TIMES.

Published Tuesdays and Fridays by THE TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO. LIMITED. JOHN NELSON, Managing Director.

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Liberal Convention: Roseland, B.C., Aug. 5th, 1907. Dear Sir: A convention of the Liberal party in British Columbia will be held at Pender hall, Vancouver, commencing Tuesday, the 1st of October next, at 2 p.m.

Each constituency may send ten delegates for each member representing it in the legislature. Liberal members of the House of Commons and Senate of Canada from British Columbia and of the British Columbia legislature will be entitled ex-officio to attend.

Proxies will be allowed to represent delegates not able to attend, but the person appointed a proxy must be a delegate from the constituency. Liberal associations, in constituencies where there is no district association, will kindly arrange among themselves the selection of delegates and the credentials to be given them.

The date is in New Westminster fair week, and has been selected at the almost unanimous suggestion of the Liberal associations of the province. Owing to the large extent of some of the constituencies it is decided to make the number of delegates ten instead of five for each member, so that all sections may have representation.

Yours very truly, J. A. MACDONALD. THE CITY AND THE ESQUIMALT COMPANY.

The Colonist this morning publishes some valuable data culled from the proceedings of the British Columbia Legislature showing the efforts made by the people of Victoria and their representatives to preserve the rights of the municipality in the waters of Goldstream. This report demonstrates that even in the early history of the city there were a few individuals who foresaw with a considerable degree of perspicacity and sagacity the very conditions with which we are confronted to-day and did their best to withstand the efforts of other men who were either less fortunately endowed or were influenced by motives it would be perhaps just as well not to inquire too closely into. In the year 1892 the Esquimalt Water Works Company, which was in possession of the watershed of the Thetis Lakes, decided to extend the scope of its operations. It asked the assent of the legislature to a proposal to acquire water rights on the Goldstream river and watershed, but was confronted with the fact that already the city of Victoria had been given certain rights to all the water within a radius of twenty miles of the city. Immediately the designs of the company became evident a public meeting was held in the city, at which the following petition to the legislature was discussed, approved of and ordered to be presented:

"To the honorable the Speaker and members of the legislative assembly of the province of British Columbia in parliament assembled: "The petition of the corporation of the city of Victoria humbly sheweth: "That a requisition was presented to the municipal council, asking that a public meeting be convened to consider the application of the Esquimalt Waterworks Company to obtain water from Goldstream.

"That a meeting was held in the city hall, on Monday evening, the 29th of February, 1892, and the following resolution was passed almost unanimously: "Moved by Alderman Munn and seconded by Mr. J. H. Todd: "Whereas the corporation of the city of Victoria have acquired the right to divert and appropriate such water as may be deemed suitable and proper from the streams and lakes within twenty miles of the city, for the purpose of supplying the citizens of Victoria; and

"Whereas the Esquimalt Waterworks company were subsequently incorporated, and were granted the right to divert and appropriate the waters of Thetis Lake and Deadman's river, in order to supply the town of Esquimalt and the peninsula adjacent thereto; and

"Whereas the right then obtained infringed upon the prior rights of Victoria, but was allowed to be acquired, as the city did not absolutely require that source of supply, but it was considered that the residents of Esquimalt might do so; and

"Whereas the Esquimalt Waterworks company, not content with that concession, are now seeking legislative authority to obtain water from Goldstream river; and

"Whereas their present source of supply is sufficient for a city of several hundred thousand inhabitants; and

"Whereas, the corporation of Victoria requires water from Goldstream and the waters in its vicinity, in order to supply residents of the higher levels and of its recently extended limits; "Be it therefore resolved, that the legislative assembly, be respectfully requested not to grant to the Esquimalt company the right now asked for, and not to deal in any way with the water rights within the prescribed limits of twenty miles of the city, without the consent and sanction of the corporation of the city of Victoria.

"Your petitioners, therefore, pray that your honorable body will be pleased not to grant to the Esquimalt company the right to obtain water from Goldstream, or the waters in its vicinity, without the consent and sanction of your petitioners. And further, that the water rights within the limits of twenty miles of the city of Victoria be not dealt with without the like consent.

"And your petitioners will, as in duty bound, ever pray "ROBERT BEAVEN, "Mayor."

Hon. Robert Beaven, who was at the time Mayor of the city of Victoria and leader of the opposition in the legislature, strongly opposed the bill of the Esquimalt Waterworks Company and pointed out that it contained an infringement upon the right granted the city by the act of 1873. Mr. Beaven was supported in his position by Dr. Milne, then also a representative of the city, and other members of the opposition at that time including J. C. Brown, of New Westminster, and Mr. Carter-Cotton, of Vancouver. The opposition of these gentlemen was effective to the extent of forcing an amendment to the measure purporting to protect the rights of the city, the amendment being the provision calling upon the company to deliver into the pipes of the municipality a certain quantity of water at a certain price within a specified time after the demand was made. The rights of the city having been thus "protected," the bill was passed, among those voting for it being Messrs. Turner, Davie, Pooley, Eberts, Hall, Croft and Hunter, all representatives of Victoria and neighborhood. The report says that Hon. Theodore Davie introduced an amendment also designed to secure to the city all rights acquired by the act of 1873. Whether such rights have been preserved or not it is impossible to say, as the situation was further complicated by later amendments to the act of the Esquimalt Waterworks Company, relieving that concern of the conditions applicable in case of the city deciding to appropriate the works of the company and imposing conditions which practically render expropriation impossible. From the beginning it is evident that the city has had representatives in the legislature and in the council who fought manfully to preserve our acquired and natural rights in the waters of Goldstream. In what manner have we rewarded them for their efforts on our behalf? If the people whom we elevated to honorable positions had listened to their counsel or had been guided by what must have been their own sense of justice, we should have had no water problem pressing for solution to-day and the city treasury would have been relieved of the costs of thousands upon thousands of dollars squandered in useless law suits which have not had the effect of permanently defining our rights. It is still doubtful whether we have the right of expropriation except under conditions rendering expropriation next to impossible.

The government of British Columbia might profitably follow the example of the government of Ontario in the matter of promoting immigration and colonization. An agreement has been entered into between the administration of Premier Whitney and General Booth of the Salvation Army which promises to produce important results in the development of Northern Ontario. The chief provisions of this compact are said to be as follows: The government to sell to the Salvation Army ten townships in the great silver belt, comprising some 230,000 acres. The price to be 25 cents per acre, payment of the same to be spread over a period of ten years, without interest. The Army to locate 144 settlers on every township, each having the usual sized homestead—160 acres. These settlers to be under the supervision of Canadiana experienced in clearing land for agricultural purposes, as well as of officials of the Army trained in settlement work. A commission acting on behalf of the government and of the Army has already surveyed the land to be allotted. The plans of the scheme were submitted to General Booth during his recent tour in Canada. The ultimate idea, of course, is that the settlers may acquire the land they have cultivated. This is the essence of the principle upon which the Salvation Army authorities proceed and carries out their main object of giving every man a chance of doing something for himself in the new land of his adoption. The Hon. Senator Cox has advanced on loan to the Army authorities a sum of about \$50,000 for the prosecution of the scheme at a reasonable rate of interest on the security of the land. Senator Cox's financial support is regarded as a sound business proposition. The Army principals declare that the Canadian authorities are satisfied with their emigration work, and are anxious to see the development of the land. If the present scheme is successful it is believed that similar efforts will be made in other districts of the Dominion.

IMPROVEMENT OF SAANICH ROADS WAS DISCUSSED BY THE MUNICIPALITY

Employees' Day Reduced to Eight Hours—Council Transacts a Variety of Business.

(From Monday's Daily.) Like almost all other municipal councils, that of Saanich is struggling with the matter of finance. The roads throughout the district, although not bad in comparison with other parts of the country, are in great need of improvement. The report superintending has prepared a road expenditure budget for the sum of \$3,121 being expended in repairing and improving the highways in the different sections of the municipality, but Reeve Brydon pointed out to the council on Saturday night that allowing the estimate of expenses to be correct, and deducting the sums already spent over and above the estimates, there would remain only \$1,600 to spend on the roads this year, and some of the councillors thought even this much should not be spent as there would be no emergency work left. It was finally decided that the report should go back to the superintendent to be brought within the sum available. Councillor Grant was so anxious to borrow money to put the roads in shape, but it was pointed out that to raise any other thousand dollars this year.

Another action of the council which will somewhat affect the financial situation is the reducing of the hours of labor of the municipal employees from nine to eight hours, the remuneration for a day's work remaining at \$2 as before. The subject was introduced by the presentation of a petition asking for an advance to \$2.50 a day. Councillor Quick moved a resolution to reduce the hours of labor to 8 hours, but the motion was not carried. This precipitated a discussion in which almost all the councillors took part. Councillor Pointer drew attention to the fact that in the Oak Bay municipality and in Victoria the men worked only eight hours and their municipality was now being looked upon as a sweat box. The change had to come some time, and they might as well grant it now.

Councillor Durance said they had a petition before them from some of the men saying they were satisfied with their present hours and he thought there should be no change. He did not believe in an eight hour day. He had worked ten hours himself, and he thought that the men be paid \$2.50 for a nine hour day. Councillor Puckle moved an amendment to the amendment that the rate remain as at present. Neither of the motions were seconded so the original motion was put and carried by a majority of one. Councillors Grant, Quick and Pointer supporting it.

A motion to appoint a finance viewers was defeated, and it was decided after some discussion to appoint them at any time when application should be made for their services. Councillor Brydon reported that he had refused to sign certain plans for the Thompson estate. There was a lane in the plan which had not been approved of by the mayor, and following advice had not yet signed. The action of the reeve seemed to meet the approval of the council.

In the matter of the new road through the Appleton property the plans submitted were found to be not in accordance with the plan previously submitted to the committee and they were accordingly returned to Mr. Gamble for correction. Accounts totalling \$40.80 were passed. Communications were received from Thomas Graham enclosing tax receipts for last year and asking that his taxes be placed on a correct basis, and from Albert Goward stating that the B. C. Electric Railway Company would put in a line in the shape of the terminus of the Douglas street track, and that no cars would be allowed to block the Toimie avenue road.

William Arbuckle for repairs to the road near his house was referred to the road superintendent for report. Lee & Fraser reported the change of ownership of lots 7 and 8 in block 5, Strawberry Vale park, from E. F. M. Robertson to Richard C. Roster, and asked that communications respecting the same be sent to H. T. Oldfield. Application was made for a transfer of the license of the Victoria Gardens from Mr. Wright to William Patterson. The reeve reported that he had granted a temporary transfer until the meeting of the licensing board. The committee reported in favor of purchasing a vertical 18 horse power oil engine to cost \$1,750 from Melts & Wiese, the company to send out an expert to start the plant. The report was adopted and the committee discharged.

Those present were Reeve Brydon and Councillors Grant, Quick, Pointer, Puckle, Durance and Clerk Carmichael. The annual report of the Vancouver Board of Trade for 1906-7 has just been issued from the presses of the News-Advertiser. It is a very sanguine as well as a very instructive and interesting compilation. It estimates that the population of the city has increased by ten thousand during the year. At the same time it throws out a note warning that the tide of prosperity may turn and advises speculators in real estate to cover their margins while the times are propitious.

The Unfolding of Fall's New Fashions in Ladies' and Children's Apparel

IN THIS STORE, on every hand, are to be seen advance guards of the coming season's fashions: Upstairs on the Second Floor (the floor of fashion) is to be seen the most comprehensive display of NEW AUTUMN COATS AND SUITS we have ever arranged at so early a period, and every express brings more that are not only distinctive and original, but that portray all the style characteristics of the season.

LADIES' Coats and Jackets

LADIES' HEAVY BROWN TWEED COATS, 3/4 length, plain full back and large kimono sleeves, deep stitched collar and cuffs, trimmings of stitched straps and cloth covered buttons. \$25.00 LADIES' SEMI-FITTING COAT, in black, brown and grey mixture, pleated back and front and finished at waist with tabs and large gun metal buttons, black velvet collar and plain, full sleeves. \$27.50 LADIES' SHORT SEMI-FITTING JACKETS, in navy blue, black and scarlet, lined throughout and trimmed with wide and narrow black silk braid. \$12.50 LADIES' LIGHT GREY TWEED COAT, 3/4 length, full back, with strap and buttons at waist, roll collar and deep cuffs. \$8.75

Extra Special To-morrow LADIES' UNTRIMMED HATS, values up to \$2.50 25c

Extra Special To-morrow CHILDREN'S SAILOR STRAW HATS 10c

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LOCAL NEWS

The many friends of Mr. F. R. Springall will regret the death of the young artist, Hazel Louise, who passed at home of Mr. Cherry, 406 Hastings, Vancouver, on the 22nd. She was aged 15 months.

Hon. Mr. Templeman has offices on the third floor of office building. During his absence he will be at these offices the hours of 11 and 1 p.m.

Another of the pioneers of British Columbia has passed away. The late Mr. W. Ward, who was born in 1834 in St. Johns, New Brunswick, was a son of Lieut. Ward, of that province. Mr. Ward came to Victoria in 1858, and has been engaged in business throughout the province.

Previous to their departure for this city, Messrs. F. W. Jones, of the Columbia Lumber Company, donated the new Golden hospital. Messrs. Jones were tendered a banquet at Golden before their departure. Mr. Carlin was with a handsome penknife, with a nugget bracelet, and Mrs. Jones with a set of cutlery. The happy couple's recipients have arrived in Victoria and will settle down.

Hans Richter, of Kereme, here for the county rider contest fall fair next month, and with him two or three other riders from the district as well as bronchos. Oliver Walkley, of Prairie, also expects to be present. John Turner, a well-known horse breeder of Calgary, has his intention of bringing a good deal of stock for exhibition. The horses will include Clydesdales and sheep of a little variety.

Arthur Davies, who has ago sold his interest in the advertising agency, is now literary work in this city. For years he has been noted as a literary centre, and never passes without several of the English world publishing stories. He has been noted as a literary centre, and never passes without several of the English world publishing stories. He has been noted as a literary centre, and never passes without several of the English world publishing stories.

An interesting marriage last Saturday, when James Ferguson in charge of the department at Chalmers, & was united to Miss Nellie Worth, at the manse of the clergy. The happy couple will settle on the same day, and their return to the city will be the knowledge before the end of the week. Mr. Ferguson and Mrs. Ferguson will settle on the same day, and their return to the city will be the knowledge before the end of the week.

The choir of the First Presbyterian church has kindly consented to one of its popular Scotch songs at the Gorge next Friday evening. The choir of the First Presbyterian church has kindly consented to one of its popular Scotch songs at the Gorge next Friday evening. The choir of the First Presbyterian church has kindly consented to one of its popular Scotch songs at the Gorge next Friday evening.

The Hague, Aug. 24.—A special committee of the peace conference charged with the examination of the American proposition for the establishment of an international high court of justice at The Hague met to-day and took up the discussion of article seven, dealing with the competence of the special tribunal, which the high court yearly shall appoint and if necessary take cases elsewhere than to The Hague. A disagreement developed and the article was adjourned until August 27th.

On Wednesday evening a house warming, which also form of a surprise party, was given at the new residence of S. V. and street. Fifty of his friends gathered, and as he was the occasion of his domicile on

Sweeping Reductions in the Furniture Department

Our Mighty August Furniture Sale Still Continues

\$16.50 Sofa, Monday's Special, \$11.00 SCROLL SOFA, covered with English tapestry, tufted back, spring seat. Regular value \$16.50. Monday's special. \$11.00

\$9.50 Lounge, Monday's Special, \$6.00 PLAIN LOUNGE, covered with German tapestry of conventional design. Regular value \$9.50. Monday's special. \$6.00

\$13.50 Turkish Lounge, Monday's Special, \$8.50 TURKISH LOUNGE, covered with red armure, buttoned spring seat and scroll. Regular value \$13.50. Monday's special. \$8.50

\$16.00 Bed Lounge, Monday's Special \$12.00 HOBY PATTERN BED LOUNGE, covered with German tapestry, spring seat and pillow. Regular value \$16.00. Monday's special. \$12.00

There are also numerous other bargains in this department, which we know will interest you.

Fine Quality Stationery at Bargain Prices

Eaton Hurlburt's Writing Papers Best on the Market

We have a very large assortment of this famous and fashionable paper, including HOT PRESSED VELLUM, in two sizes, BERSHIRE LINEN FABRICS in white blue and grey, in three sizes, KARA LINEN in three sizes. HIGHLAND LINEN, in white, blue and grey, in 3 sizes. HIGHLAND LIN

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION

VICTORIA, B. C.

SEPTEMBER 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th, 1907

THE GREATEST SHOW IN THE PROVINCE

BIG EXHIBITS BIG PRIZES BIG RACES BIG PURSES

Valuable Trophy Cups and Special Prizes in Every Department

LIVE STOCK PARADE DAILY

THE GREATEST STOCK MARKET ON THE COAST

4-DAYS' HORSE RACING--4

Something Doing Every Day, and Every Day a Big Day.

ENTRIES CLOSE SEPTEMBER 16th.

Write for particulars and Prize List.

J. E. SMART,

P. O. Drawer 761, VICTORIA, B. C. Sec.-Treas.

LOCAL NEWS

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Springall will regret to hear of the death of their infant daughter, Hazel Louise, who passed away at the home of Mr. Cherry, 406 Hasting street, East, Vancouver, on the 22nd August. She was aged 15 months.

Hon. Mr. Templeman has secured offices on the third floor of the post office building. During his stay in the city he will be at these offices between the hours of 11 and 1 p. m. daily.

Another of the pioneers of British Columbia has passed away in the person of Barton W. Ward, who died on Saturday at St. Joseph's hospital at the ripe old age of 73. He had been ailing for some time past, during which period he was looked after by Dr. Morrison, of the Gorge road, and Mr. Devill. Born in 1834 in St. Johns, New Brunswick, he was a son of Lieut.-Colonel Ward, of that province. Fifty years ago he came to Victoria, and during that time he has been engaged in mining throughout the province.

The marriage took place last Wednesday of Mr. Geo. Powell, of Victoria, to Miss Gertrude Dunley, of New York. Mr. and Mrs. Powell will live in Vancouver.

L. Van Deear, proprietor of the Driad hotel, has been summoned to appear in the police court to answer a charge of infringing the motor vehicle speed regulation act.

Frank Higgins appeared in the police court to-day and asked for another remand of the case against the proprietors of the Hall and Western saloons. The cases were both adjourned until Saturday.

F. W. Valleur has been appointed government agent at Hazelton. For some time the agent at Port Simpson has been overworked and this action of the provincial government will relieve the congestion at that point as it will divide the business of the district between the two offices.

The case against E. Brookes, in which he was charged with stealing three boxes of cigars from the Dominion hotel, has been withdrawn by the permission of the attorney-general's department. It was represented to the police that Brookes, who is a married man, was willing to make good the missing cigars, and to leave the city, and as it was his first offence, he was released. He was recently married and comes from Seattle.

Charles Hays, the president of the Great Trunk Pacific Railway Company, is expected in Vancouver on August 30th. From that point he will go to Prince Rupert to inspect the terminus of the transcontinental railroad, and it is likely that he will also pay a visit to Victoria in connection with the negotiations which are said to be going on between his company and the Great Northern with respect to the acquisition by the former of the Victoria & Sidney railway.

The deputy minister of mines, R. F. Toimie, has gone to the Boundary country of upper British Columbia to investigate the coke shortage in response to complaints that the coke, which should be used at home, is being exported to the United States. The government has been asked to enforce the law against the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Co., imposing a penalty of \$2 a ton on the shortage to the smelters.

A shot illness Mrs. Alfred Huggett, the wife of Alfred Huggett, school teacher, died at the Royal Jubilee hospital on Saturday evening. Her illness was not regarded as serious until Friday night, when she suddenly succumbed to the disease. She was brought to the hospital, where she died after an operation had been performed. The funeral will take place at 3 p. m. to-morrow, a service being held at Emmanuel church.

A profusion of most exquisite flowers and a large collection of sorrowing friends attended the late Mrs. Armstrong's funeral, which was held at the home of Miss Teke Matthews Armstrong had won during the few months she had been in British Columbia, when she was laid to rest on Thursday afternoon. Going to Nanaimo to care for the children of her deceased sister, Mrs. McGee, she was taken suddenly ill on the morning of her death. Her mother, Mrs. G. Herd, Johnson street, and her brother Hope, with other friends, were with her at the last. Mr.

Miller, of the Presbyterian church, of which Miss Armstrong was an earnest and devoted member, conducted the service. Much sympathy is felt for the sorrowing relatives, who inside of a year have been twice bereft.

J. W. Lewis, who was well known in Victoria as the manager of the Portland Cement Works at Tod Inlet, and who subsequently went to Calgary to superintend the establishment of a plant for the same company there, has resigned his position with the cement company to engage in other business. Before leaving his charge at Calgary, he was the recipient of a presentation comprising a beautiful gold watch, chain and locket. This was given him by the employees at the works, by whom he was universally esteemed.

It has not yet been decided when the Empress hotel will be opened. It is the opinion of some of the officials that there will be no business of any moment until the 1st of January, and therefore the opening will be delayed until that date. The question will not be settled finally until Mr. Bayre, Reed, who is just returning to Montreal, has had a conference with Sir Thomas Shaughnessy. The probability is that the 1st of January will be the date set.

Henry Siebanbaum, proprietor of the Palace saloon on Government street, who was lost in the woods of Clallam county last week, and for whom a large party of experienced woodmen has been searching in safety and sound. Mr. Siebanbaum left Soldado Hot Springs on Tuesday last, and after losing himself in the woods made his way over the high land, and from there followed the river. He reached Clallam Bay on Saturday night and sent dispatches to his brother in Port Townsend and his relatives in Victoria, announcing his safe arrival.

The old wharf at the foot of Telegraph street, owned by the corporation, is to be repaired so as to accommodate the scow which is to be purchased for the disposal of garbage. A recommendation to this effect will be embodied in a short report to be presented to the council to-night by the streets, bridges and sewers committee. The committee will also recommend the construction of a sewer on Russell street, the laying of a sidewalk on Jessie street subject to the straightening of this thoroughfare, and the acceptance of subdivision plans for the Fairfield and Finlayson estates.

A Canadian patent was issued during the past week through the agency of Rowland Brittain, patent attorney, of Vancouver, to Nathan C. Merrill, proprietor of the Mansions apartment house, at the corner of Thurlow and Haro streets, Vancouver, on an improvement in the folding or tiltable beds with which he has furnished the rooms of his house. The invention is particularly directed to the means whereby the weight of the bed is counterbalanced by springs in such a manner as to facilitate the lowering and raising of it against the reversible wall panel on which it is mounted; and also compress several subsidiary features of construction.

Rev. M. J. Miller celebrated the marriage on Wednesday last at Nanaimo of Miss Mary, daughter of Mr. Pearson to construct a one and one-half story dwelling on lot 8, Fairfield road, at an estimated cost of \$2,500. The contractor is Robert Hetherington.

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LIFE UNDERWRITERS

National Association of United States Elects Officers.

Toronto, Aug. 24.—The National Association of Life Underwriters of the United States yesterday adopted a report of the nominating committee. The officers are: President, Charles Jerome Edwards, of New York; vice-president, Herbert C. Cox, of Toronto; Wm. H. Herrick, St. Louis and John W. Whittington, Los Angeles; secretary, Will A. White, Detroit; treasurer, E. D. Wood, Litchfield, Conn.

Of nineteen members elected for three years to the executive committee, two are Canadians: Geo. A. Allan and A. Homer Vipond, of Montreal.

COMPETITION IN OIL

Syndicate Will Develop Mexican Property and Compete With Standard Company.

New York, Aug. 25.—Arrangements have been completed for the organization of a \$50,000,000 American syndicate, according to an announcement published to-day, which purports to reveal the first of a series of oil lands in Mexico. It is proposed not only to supply the Mexican market, but to ship the product to Central and South America and Europe and South Africa in competition with the Standard Oil Company. The syndicate will take over the Mexican Petroleum Co., Ltd., which now operates extensively in the Southern Pacific.

TRAP SHOOTING SEASON CLOSES

Enjoyable Wind-Up—Event Held Yesterday Under Joint Auspices of Local Clubs.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The closing shoot of the season, held under the joint auspices of the Victoria and Capital Gun Clubs, at the Willows traps yesterday, was easily the biggest and most successful of a good season. There were in all over two score competitors at the traps, and some very day over 5,500 targets were disposed of.

The first event was a merchandise shoot at 25 singles, open to members of both clubs. Entries 75c, birds deducted at 1-1-2 cents. In this connection a shoot was also given for outsiders. This merchandise event brought out altogether 36 entries, representing 21 club members and 15 non-club members. The following were the winners of prizes in the club events:

L. Leavelle, 25 out of the possible 25; Adams, Leavelle, 22; Patten, 20; White, 19; Howes, 18; Wilders, J. Clegg, 17; Squire, T. Peden, R. Peden, 16; Fucher, Young, 15; T. Clegg, 14; G. S. Smith, 13; G. S. Smith, 12; G. S. Smith, 11; G. S. Smith, 10; G. S. Smith, 9; G. S. Smith, 8; G. S. Smith, 7; G. S. Smith, 6; G. S. Smith, 5; G. S. Smith, 4; G. S. Smith, 3; G. S. Smith, 2; G. S. Smith, 1.

Winners and non-members event: Lohrbanner, Monteth, 16; S. Nason, 13; Simmons, Knass, 11. The second event of the day was the fourth of the Capital Club merchandise shoots at 25 singles. The winners were: 1st class, Lenfesty, 21; 2nd class, Wilders, 19; 3rd class, Fitcher, 18. The next event was for the Leavelle medal. This was won by Lenfesty with 15 straight, making the third time he has won the trophy. The Leavelle medal is consequently Mr. Lenfesty's permanent property.

The fifth of the Capital Club's merchandise shoots was the new event. It was a 25 shot, open to all, and was won by Lenfesty with 21 out of 25. Wilders won the second class with 13, and McTavish was first in third class with 19. This completed the merchandise series and left Leavelle and Lenfesty for first place in class, Wilders the winner of class 2, and Fitcher and McTavish trying for first place in 3rd class.

In the shoot of Leavelle and McTavish were the winners of their respective events. This was the final event of the day.

The Victoria and Capital Gun Clubs wish to thank the following merchants who contributed so generously to the merchandise shoots prize lists: West End Grocery, Windsor Grocery, Peden Bros., Dominion Cartridge Co., E. G. Prior & Co., Brown Jug, Garrick's Head, Army and Navy Cigar Store, Grotto, Pichon & Lenfesty, R. Ward & Co., H. Smith & Co., Maynard, B. Williams & Co., and Sea & Gowen.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH JAPAN CONTINUE

With View to Limiting the Immigration of Japanese to British Columbia.

Ottawa, Aug. 26.—The Dominion government is still negotiating with the Japanese government with a view to restricting immigration to Canada to a limited number each year, no matter whether they come from Honolulu or anywhere else. It is expected that such an arrangement may be effected. The existing arrangement is for about 500 or 600 a year, but this is overridden by arrivals from Honolulu. Instead of making it so many for different provinces in Japan, the idea is to make it limited to this number arriving in British Columbia.

The Assembly Roller Skating rink will re-open on Wednesday night, Aug. 28th. The rink will be under entirely new management, having been purchased by Messrs. W. C. and J. T. McTarnahan, who have successfully conducted several select rinks in Washington and Oregon. The new managers are experienced and competent, and have spared neither time nor money in refitting the rink. The rink will open up with a clean new floor, wood skates and music.

MINISTER ON JAPANESE INFUX

AN INTERVIEW WITH HON. FRANK OLIVER

Says Suddenness and Volume of Influx Has Caused Feeling of Distrust.

Winnipeg, Aug. 24.—Hon. Frank Oliver, minister of the interior, is in the city. The minister's journey westward was to look into Oriental immigration to British Columbia.

"I found everybody employed," said Mr. Oliver, commenting at the outset of the commercial prosperity of the province. "There is an unstarved demand for fruit, cultivators can afford to pay full wages. There is not a great deal of Oriental labor in the interior; the white men work in the mines and on the farms."

The minister then proceeded to discuss the Japanese influx. "This," he said, "is a little different from any Oriental question that has arisen hitherto. The labor organizations object, and all laboring classes naturally object, because of the paucity of the presence of a large number of men who are competent and able to work for very much less wages. But the feeling of opposition extends beyond this class. There is a panicky feeling among the inhabitants generally that they do not know what is behind the movement. They are not a frame of mind to reason the matter on the general economic side. They fear that it is a preconcerted movement; that there is a responsibility behind it, some sort of mysterious responsibility that they do not understand, and do not know the limits of. Employers, who recognize only economic considerations, are measurably in favor of the introduction of Japanese on the ground that they are competent workers and supply a requirement which every one admits to exist. There is a feeling of there being a clear division between employers and the working classes, as was the case in regard to Chinese and Hindu labor. There is a mutual opposition, occupying employers and the mercantile classes. Everyone except the employer who is up against it badly for labor in order to meet some urgent need, seems to share the feeling of distrust engendered by the suddenness and volume of the influx."

"It is only this spring that the movement has taken place, and its suddenness has alarmed the people. Another important feature of the case is that the immigrants are not coming from Japan, but from the Sandwich Islands; and, although they are Japanese citizens, the Japanese government has no legal control over their movements. There is a mutual opposition, occupying employers and the mercantile classes. Everyone except the employer who is up against it badly for labor in order to meet some urgent need, seems to share the feeling of distrust engendered by the suddenness and volume of the influx."

"The crown attorney called Chin Quong, who swore that he is \$12 in the defendant's establishment about three weeks ago. He added that Lee Hing got part of it as a 'rake-off.' Under cross-examination the witness admitted that he could not remember any one who had been there with him. The counsel for the defence then asked if the witness did not owe the defendant a grudge on account of an old quarrel between them. At this point Chin Quong broke out and gave the court an example of Chinese eloquence. He denied the imputation that he desired to get even with anyone, but added with a great flow of language that he would tell a number of stories about his fellow countrymen present. These would lower them in the estimation of the court, but Col. Denison did not encourage the little personal. He asked if the crown had any other evidence.

"No," replied Mr. Corley. "We cannot corroborate Chin Quong's story. The difficulty which the department has in these cases is that Chinamen are continually coming with complaints about money lost in gambling dens." "The crown must act upon the information and cannot ascertain until the defence has been put in whether the cases arise from spite or if they are genuine."

"So long as affairs remain as they are at present," said the magistrate, "there will be a great number of gambling cases." The case was dismissed for want of corroborative evidence.

Walter Wellman, on the Chicago Record-Herald polar expedition, has planned to make a start in his balloon for the North Pole on August 25th.

Fall 1907 Season

BLANKETS, COMFORTERS, QUILTS, PILLOWS, UMBRELLAS, OILED CLOTHING, LINOLEUMS, RUBBER COATS.

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J. Piercy & Co.

Wholesale Dry Goods, Victoria

Superior Quality, Finest Flavor, Absolute Purity

ALL THIS IS ASSURED BY DEMANDING



TEA AND "SALADA ONLY.

BLACK MIXED NATURAL GREEN. LEAD PACKETS ONLY. HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS 1904.

labor as a solution?"

"That is merely slavery, and we could not stand for that," he said emphatically. "The Japanese raw laborer receives \$1.65 as against \$2 and \$2.25 paid to the white men, but the former, as soon as he becomes independent, asks for his \$2 like the white man."

"While the over-sea European immigration to British Columbia has been comparatively small, the population has been largely increased by the migration of people from the prairies in search of climatic and other conditions, which can be secured at the coast cities or in the fruit districts of the interior. The population in wealth and general standing has been markedly improved, and there is prosperity all round. Fruit raising and mining have flourished. As to the labor question in the upper mainland, the fruit-growers have to get cheap laborers or they cannot grow fruit on a commercial basis, and the lumber industry has to obtain labor, too. By cheap labor I mean a class of labor that ought to be cheap; because it demands not much strength or skill. At the present price of fruit, cultivators can afford to pay full wages. There is not a great deal of Oriental labor in the interior; the white men work in the mines and on the farms."

The minister commented upon the present crop prospects. "Crops in Alberta," he said, "are very heavy this year. In the south cutting is going on, but in the north it has not started yet. They are inclined to be a little late, but there is a fair prospect of their coming on all right. In travelling east, so far as I could see, the crop looks good around Regina and Moose Jaw. It is a little late, but very good; not too heavy, but heavy enough."

TORONTO FACES CHINESE PROBLEM

Complaints About Money Lost in Gambling Dens Gives Authorities Lots of Work.

Toronto, Aug. 25.—"I wish there was some way of solving this difficulty," said the crown attorney on Saturday, referring to a Chinese gambling case. "These foreigners should have some provision made for them so that they may have means of amusement."

"There ought to be an effort made to form a club for Chinese," said Col. Denison. "We should have a few citizens who would start a movement with this object in view."

"These remarks were called forth by the case of Lee Hing, who came up to answer a charge of keeping a gambling resort at No. 192 York street. A number of policemen visited the place and found the Celestials playing cards for money, but could not ascertain whether the man in charge got a rake-off."

The crown attorney called Chin Quong, who swore that he is \$12 in the defendant's establishment about three weeks ago. He added that Lee Hing got part of it as a "rake-off." Under cross-examination the witness admitted that he could not remember any one who had been there with him. The counsel for the defence then asked if the witness did not owe the defendant a grudge on account of an old quarrel between them. At this point Chin Quong broke out and gave the court an example of Chinese eloquence. He denied the imputation that he desired to get even with anyone, but added with a great flow of language that he would tell a number of stories about his fellow countrymen present. These would lower them in the estimation of the court, but Col. Denison did not encourage the little personal. He asked if the crown had any other evidence.

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J. Piercy & Co. Wholesale Dry Goods, Victoria

THE IMMIGRATION OF JAPANESE

VENTURE NOT A FINANCIAL SUCCESS

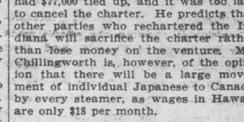
Men Who Organized Movement Lost Considerable Money and Will Abandon Enterprise.

Vancouver, Aug. 25.—Senator Charles F. Chillingworth, the Honolulu lawyer who has engineered the Japanese immigration, is here to-day. He says there will be no further organized effort to bring Japanese from Hawaii to Canada. Even the Kumeric venture, which landed over twelve hundred people here, was a losing proposition, and Japanese boarding housekeepers who organized the movement say they will be heavy losers. The charter cost \$40,000, but Mr. Chillingworth declares this was a bagatelle compared to the expenses incurred and losses sustained. She was long detained at Honolulu, involving a penalty of \$700 per day to the charterers, and the runners who collected the emigrants were paid a bounty of \$1 per head. This was not all. Many of the Japanese, not possessing the required \$25 to enable them to enter Canada, were advanced various amounts by the promoters of the enterprise. In fact, in nearly every instance the borrowers on reaching Vancouver scattered to all points of the compass, and have not made a refund. This is the tangie Mr. Chillingworth is here to straighten out with the aid of Mr. Morikama, who accompanied the emigrants from Honolulu.

Mr. Chillingworth adds that Japanese Consul Morikawa through really all in his power to prevent them coming to Canada, and sent protesting cables, but the boarding housekeepers had \$77,000 tied up, and it was too late to cancel the charter. He predicts that other parties who rechartered the Indiana will sacrifice the charter rather than lose money on the venture. Mr. Chillingworth is, however, of the opinion that there will be a large movement of individual Japanese to Canada by every steamer, as wages in Hawaii are only \$18 per month.

CABINET VACANCIES. No Decision Yet Reached as to Who Will Be Minister of Public Works.

Ottawa, Aug. 26.—It is expected that some definite announcement will be made this evening as to the two new cabinet ministers. Ex-Premier Pugsley will succeed H. R. Emmerson, but it has not been finally settled as to the Ontario portfolio. It is generally expected here that it will be Mr. Graham leader of the opposition in Ontario, but it is understood that the position has been offered Mr. Sifton, although he may not accept.



Steedman's SOOTHING Powders

Relieve FEVERISH HEAT. Prevent FITS, CONVULSIONS, etc. Preserve a healthy state of the constitution

CHILDREN Please observe the EE in STEEDMAN.

CONTAIN NO POISON

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Wholesale Dry Goods, Victoria

West Coast of Vancouver Island

No. 2—"THE NOOTKA TRIBES"

(By G. O. Buchanan.)

(Jewett's Story Concluded.)

In matrimonial affairs, the men of the coast tribes have but little personal discretion. Marriage is compulsory, and the choice of a wife rests rather than a personal matter. John Jewett in due time, was informed that a wife had been selected for him from the tribe of the Ayatshahs, whose village was at the north end of Tahshia canal; her name was Ea-stoch-ec-exqua; and the wedding ceremonies, which were also a tribal matter in which John participated, consisted of the following: Ea-stoch-ec-exqua, John says that she was young and beautiful, and was in all respects an excellent wife. From Jewett's journal of two years there is space for but short extracts. The chief, at an early day, objected to John's habit of writing, and forbade him to make any more entries in his journal. John was also forbidden to exercise his mechanical craft for the benefit of any one but the chief. In the matter of harpoons, he mentions that the subjects were not interested, as whales, dead or alive, belonged to the king alone.

In one fight, the slaves appear to have done the chief good service. Thompson having killed seven Ayatshahs (the writer is unable to identify this tribe) in a battle, and Jewett having taken four prisoners.

An eclipse of the moon occurred, and was accounted for by the natives as a case of a cod-fish swallowing the moon. The trading vessel Manchester touched the coast somewhere in the neighborhood, and six men deserted from her and surrendered themselves to Macquinn. Shortly afterwards they conspired to escape, but were captured and were put to death by means of stones thrown down their throats.

The Sea Otter, Captain James Hanna, came into the Sound and engaged with Macquinn in a desperate fight, which ended in a truce whereby the provisions of which the captain bought 58 sea otter skins, which it was estimated would be worth in Canton over \$25,000.

Of the Tahshia Canal Jewett says: "It presents lofty hills, covered with the finest forest trees of this country." (The writer has "staked" these hills as timber areas and entered the report of this in all cruisers.) At the end of two years a ship appeared in the offing, and the chief who had hitherto compelled Jewett to remain on the island, concluded that he was in need of stores, and that he would risk intercourse with another vessel. The ship, which was the Lydia, of Boston, Captain Hill, was therefore allowed to enter the harbor, and Macquinn directed John to give him credentials to the captain. Aware of the risk he ran, the chief repeatedly demanded of John to tell him whether he had written strictly to his dictation. Further, he demanded to know whether John was reconciled to his people, and if not, if life, and John assured him that he was. The chief invited John to go on board the vessel with him, but John kept his nose between the forge and the anvil, and professed to have no further interest in white men's ships, and no desire to meet any of his old time compatriots. The chief repeatedly returned to the forge with the anvil, and the appeal, "John, you no lie?" When the chief presented the letter to Captain Hill he was invited to the cabin and there overpowered and bound, and told that he would answer with his life for the immediate safe return of the two captives. John had lied.

Although in desperate circumstances, the chief well maintained the dignity of his office. He ordered Jewett and Thompson to be brought on board the vessel and into his presence. He demanded of them to know why they violated the vows they had taken, as members of his tribe. He finally, of his own grace, released them, but he demanded that they should propose to do in regard to his wife. This touched John upon a sore spot, and he was driven to a course for which he admits he had no justification.

He pleaded that he had found Ea-stoch-ec-exqua distasteful and unsatisfactory as a wife, and that he had intended to ask the chief's permission to return her to her people. The chief admitted the validity of such a plea, and the divorce court was, therefore, ordered to sit. (Macquinn was the divorce court.) A decree of separation was registered, and the gentle Ea-stoch-ec-exqua was dispatched the same day in a canoe to her father's village. She parted with Jewett with the utmost tenderness, and left one of her servants to minister to John's comfort during the time that would elapse before the ship sailed away.

Matters having been thus adjusted, Macquinn was released, and Captain Hill bought the accumulated stock of peltries of the village, and Macquinn, no doubt, replenished his stock of gunpowder and blankets.

But a miserable tragedy terminates

the story. The young chief, who had maintained throughout the two years his attachment to Jewett, and who followed him to the last, manifesting the utmost affection for him, was shot and killed by a musket in the hands of a sailor, clumsy or otherwise.

At a later date Jewett returned to Nootka on a trading voyage, and it is likely that some of his descendants are living to this day amongst the Ayatshahs.

Indian Tribes.
Mr. G. M. Sprout, in his "Scenes and Studies of Savage Life," divides the Indians of the West Coast into twenty sub-tribes, distributed as follows:

Pachemah, Nitenah—Nitenah and Nootka.

Ohyah, Houchuckliah, Opechiah, Seshah, You-Clu-ah, Toquaht—Barcelay.

Kiah oh quaht, Kellsmah, Ahousah, Manohsah—Clayoquot.

Hishquayah, Muchlah, Mouchlah—(Nootka), Ayhuttisat, Noochahiaht—Nootka.

Kyohquah, Chaykishaht, Klahosah—North.

Of these, the Toquahts (Barcelay Sound) are considered to be the parent tribe. Quawentah, a great character in Indian mythology, lived at Toquaht river, and is reputed to have been the progenitor of all Indians. The terminative "ah" common to all the names is assumed to be taken from his name.

The tribes occupying adjacent territory have the same superstitions and languages, obviously derived from the same source. They are not, nor have they been, to the knowledge of white people, a confederacy. They are probably offshoots from the same people, and have chosen different localities for residence, and gained independence by peaceful succession. Of all the tribes the Klawoquahs (Clayoquot) are of the finest personal characteristics, and appear, at the present time, the most firmly established.

Of all the individual Indians with whom white men have come in contact, the palm of precedence is generally given to the Nootka chief, Macquinn, or Macquinn, of the time of the Spanish occupation, about 120 years ago. His daring exploit in capturing the Boston had already been noticed. As a character of instance of personal force, it is mentioned that he divided into five factions, and brought them up. His successors in office at Nootka still bear his name, and one of the prominent points of Nootka Island is named after him, Macquinn's Cape.

A Day of Battle.
The Mouchalut Arm of Nootka Sound extends inland 22 miles and receives, at its head, the waters of the Gold river. This arm is the home of the Mouchalut tribe, who still occupy several villages along its shores or at its head. Local tradition relates that some of the Chinese ship-carpenters who built the Northwest found homes and infusions of Chinese thrift and industry brought marked prosperity to the tribe, and Macquinn's tribe, with headquarters at Friendly Cove, Nootka Island, lay in wait for their neighbors, and were determined to attack them if they found them sending their canoes seaward.

The Mouchaluts consented, for a time, to the state of siege, but believing that ultimately the Nootkas would invade them, the Chinamen who had acquired

superiority amongst them, repaired to Victoria and secretly brought muskets and ammunition. The Nootkas finally sallied up the arm and drove the Mouchaluts before them to the mouth of Gold river. The Nootkas left their canoes and followed up one bank of the river, the Mouchaluts resorting to the other. A day of bloody battle followed; the Nootkas, owing to the firearms provided by the forethought of the Chinamen, were outlasted and beaten, and when the inevitable retreat came, were cut off from their canoes. The remnant fled along the shore, and three men, the sole survivors, finally surren-

dered at a point opposite their own village. They were taken back to Gold river, where two of them were burned, and the third, fastened to the stake, defied his conquerors to do their worst. He was horribly mutilated, and portions of his flesh cut off were hung to the nose by a wither passed through the cartilage, and he was left to perish. Old Suter, who can be seen in the freight boat receiving goods from the steamer Tees on any of her trips, is said by some to be a survivor of this battle. A statement scarcely consistent with the record that there were no survivors, or indeed, with Suter's age, which must be a good deal less than 100 years.

Nootkas hired the town hall had gave a public entertainment, which netted them \$100. They are learning to bring with them, from Seattle, their supplies of coal oil, cotton blankets, and whiskey.

They mention frequently to the local storekeeper that they can buy certain goods cheaper than he can, a delicate illusion, to the fact that they evade his Majesty's customs.

They have found the Puget Sound towns convenient, not only as places in which to buy whiskey, but also as safe places in which to drink it; their remark being "that in Victoria a mere boy—engaged in the "Osenteil," a fast, which lasted four days, during which it was required of the subject that he dive four times in the sea each night (sometimes this occurred in February), that he spend the rest of the time in the woods, rubbing his naked body with grass and boughs until the blood ran, praying meantime for seal and salmon, and making up of sticks and ferns, objects resembling them. Charms were kept concealed in house; these were bones, hair, nails, beaks of birds, etc. To bring good luck a sealer opened a coffin and took the count out of an old woman and rubbed them on his face. One juggler who, under duress to bring herring, and who, upon the appearance of gulls, sent out the boat, which got no fish, said that "a boy last year had crushed a herring's head with a stone."

On another occasion, where the boats had returned empty from some trip, it was explained that just when the boats were on the point of taking seals the dogs had begun to fight in the village, and the seals had disappeared.

A sorcerer who was falling into disrepute was forced to accompany a party to the people a dead whale. A whale, accordingly, came in sight, but was old and rough, and the oil rancid, upon which Koneenah said he would get a better whale, and two days after another, and good whale, was found and secured.

The sorcerers claim as the secret of their power the practice of a severe regime of continence and fasting.

Almost all cases of illness are described by the medicine men, or sorcerers of the tribes, as due to the presence in the sufferer of a "minooka," or "che ha," and treatment consists in efforts to forcibly expel, by manipulation of the body, the "minooka" or evil spirit.

New born children are handed over to medicine men or women, who take hold of the babe, sing frenzied songs and squeeze its abdomen to "cast out the devil" until they rupture, or in some cases kill the child.

Not only do the sorcerers claim to be able to expel the "minooka," but to introduce it into the objects of their wrath as well.

At Nootka, within the last two years, Rev. Father Sterne challenged the chief of the village to a test of his powers, offering himself as a subject, and to pay the conjurer \$100 if he could succeed in introducing into him a "minooka," or removing one. The medicine man appeared at the chapel on a Sunday morning, prepared to win the wager; but the rev. father, being numerous spectators, and aware of the wisdom of the serpent, insisted upon a "square deal," and on the next Sunday had on hand the priest from Kyupnoot, Mr. Irwin, and his wife, who were to be the umpires of the event. The sorcerer refused to make the attempt before such witnesses, and his friends later admitted that he had intended to impose upon the priest by the surreptitious production of a fish or a snake, and to grab and get away with the \$100.

The phenomenon of thunder was explained to Father Brabant by some of his people as due to the thunder bird, of which a young man said that Kenimah, the chief, had one of its wings feathers. The thunder bird takes hold of a whale and the struggle causes the reports. Lightning is the glance of the bird's eyes, which it opens and closes.

Others mention He-etlik, a snake, which surrounds the bird's neck and breaks loose and goes about scattering lightning bolts. He-etlik has had experience of more serious effects of pagan belief. In 1884, smallpox broke out in the Hesquiot community. The wife of the old chief died; her husband took her to a distant island for burial, and there murdered her two women servants, and buried them in the grave with his wife.

The son, the actual chief, Malahaw, whom Sir James Douglas gave a suit of uniform and a medal for his services in saving some of the crew of a wrecked vessel, became frenzied with grief and terror as he saw his people dying around him, and believing the priest to be responsible for the visitation, or to be at any rate a proper subject for propitiatory sacrifices, shot him in the back and hand. The priest was grievously wounded and was brought to Victoria by a man-of-war and put in the hospital, where he refused, at the risk of his life, to have his fingers amputated, and in due time recovered. Malahaw was found dead in the bush; his father was arrested and taken to Victoria, but after six months released.

Changes of names, in commemoration of certain events, are common in Indian tribes, and the custom was universal that in case of the death of a person, any of his neighbors having the same name, would adopt another, the intention being to avoid reminding the surviving friends of the one they had lost.

A boy belonging to a Christian family had been baptized by Father Brabant with the name of Moses, and the son of a pagan Indian of a similar name having died, a demand was made upon the Christian family that they change the name of their boy. The rev. father forbade this, wishing to teach them that names given in baptism could not be abandoned. In consequence Moses was shot and killed by the father of the other boy. For this murder the Indian was taken to Nanaimo and hanged.

Marriage Custom.
In the history of the mission there came a time when the priest considered it necessary to insist upon Christian marriages amongst those who attended upon his ministrations. He announced this to his congregation on a certain Sunday morning after mass. The gossip of the village drifted to his ears during the week, and he heard that some of the women were avowedly in public the hand of a man, and in such questions, as they would be married, if at all, according to the custom of their people, as established in ancient times. On the next Sunday morning after mass, the priest returned to the subject, mentioned the rumors that he had heard, and requested the young men of the village to stand by him in the innovation proposed. If brides could not be found in Hesquiot he would go with them to neighboring villages and see that they were suited. Another week or two elapsed, and during this time other gossip reached the manse to the effect that it was not

It is probable that it was some later battle in which Suter saw service.

White Population.
Friendly Cove is still the port of call for all Nootka, and it is here that the whole settled white population of Nootka Sound is to be found. This consists of Joseph Irwin, who conducts here a branch store for W. T. Dawley, of Clayoquot, Mrs. Irwin, and the Rev. Mr. Sterne, a priest of the Roman Catholic mission.

The Indian village, containing 40 or more houses, many of them well built, nicely furnished and painted, lies immediately beside the store and chapel. Of the young men of the village, nearly all appear to be in the line of the chiefship, and their order of seniority is determined to the 13th place. A feature of the government appears to be the accession to power of the son before the father is dead; in fact, in some cases, almost from birth.

Dwindling Races.
In common with the other tribes of the coast, the Mouchaluts, the pronunciation is "Mowatehats," are rapidly perishing. The vital statistics of the last three years record four births and more than 40 deaths.

Until recently the village supported the crews for two or more sealing schooners. This summer Captain Searle has had a great deal of difficulty in

police man can smell an Indian's breath at two blocks.

Means of Subsistence.
Amongst their local means of livelihood are whales (dead whales only at Nootka), porpoises, sea otter (almost extinct), silver seal, "spring," "coho," "silver" and "dog" salmon, herring, red rock and "cod" (fish are caught inland in the deep waters of the Sound), halibut (in Sound and ocean), dog fish (in boat loads), clams ("little necks" and "mud"), cockles, mussels, oysters, sea eggs or sea porcupines. Amongst animals they hunt "elk, deer, bears, coons, otter, mink," martens, wolves, wolverines, panthers and sea fowls, and not wanting in the enormous numbers: geese, mallard, teal, ravens, back, widgeon, saw-bills, divers, butter-balls, snipe. Of berries there are an abundance, huckleberry, salmon-berry, gooseberry, blackberry, salal.

In the month of May a harvest of herring spawn is secured. In shallow water small trees and green boughs are weighted to the bottom with stones, and are afterwards taken up loaded with spawn. These are brought to the village in canoe loads, are dried upon structures erected for the purpose and stored for winter use.

Of the Nootka tribes that assembled 600 warriors to celebrate the capture of the Boston, there remain now a total population of about 300, comprising possibly 100 warriors. Of these the distribution is as follows: The Mouchaluts at Nootka, 150; the Muchlahs, 40; the Ayhuttisat, 100; the Noochahals, 40.

In October, 1905, the schooner Fawn, returning with it is said, a loosened stern post from Behring Sea was lost in a gale, and nine men and two women belonging to the village were drowned. But the excessive mortality by which they are devastated is not the result of accident. Tuberculosis and syphilitic diseases have become prevalent, all but universal, amongst them. The name is said to be true of all the Indians on the British Columbia coast. Their condition carries with it, not only the prospect of speedy extirpation of the whole Indian population of the coast, but also the spread of the horrible diseases which they are saturated, through the white populations with which they come in contact.

One case at Nootka may phases of a transition period in intelligence and in faith.

At Hesquiot, the nearest village to Nootka, 15 miles distant, Rev. A. J. Brabant has labored for nearly thirty years. His memoirs, under the title, "Vancouver Island and Its Missions," have been published, and are the record of a wonderful transformation.

Superstitions.
The rev. father records at length some of the conflicts with the medicine men of the tribe, in which he has taken part. He records in his early days of his mission the burial of the sick and injured who were not dead; in one case the burning of a man whose leg had been broken by his consort, who was able to break his coffin after he had been put into it with his unjoined foot. The priest was not allowed to bury the man with his wife, for it, lest he should cut it open with a knife or bolt it in an iron pot, or feed it to dogs or cats, or throw any of the bones in the sea. When he went toiling and caught a salmon for himself, an Indian came to prevent him using a knife or frying pan. A mountain 3,000 feet in height, overlooking the village, was the fastness of a ghost, and the father, with difficulty, induced some of the Indians to go with him to search for the cave in which the ghost dwelt. The Indians were disconcerted when no cave or ghost was found. They ascribed the priest's escape to his purity of life. They derive a temporary consolation from the fact that the priest's Newfoundland dog was lost in the mountain, but were confounded when later the dog was found.

Medicine men of the tribe—sometimes

climb higher, so we stealthily moved upwards, being careful not to tread on a rotten stick or to click our heels against a rock. Slowly but surely we mounted higher until we came down a little rocky bluff, just the place for our purpose. Peering over, we saw our game two hundred yards below us. We must have passed very near him, but he apparently did not suspect that an enemy was in the vicinity, for he was quietly feeding on the scrub willows, but now they were turned even by a gust from the warmth of the spring. I should like to have got nearer, but here we were on a point of vantage. If we could see his every movement as he munched the juicy morsels, I could even fancy I heard the scraping of the food between his teeth, but perchance my imagination helped me there. We waited five minutes—perhaps ten, I cannot say—and at the end of that time he stepped out of the willows on to the grass. From the valley he had looked big, but now that we were so near we fully realized that he was but within reach the biggest thing in grizzlies that we had ever looked on. He was indeed a giant of his kind, and his kind are not usually small.

As I was feeding away from us, and as I was looking down on him I was at a disadvantage. As luck would have it my first shot, which was a long one, the great brute started to roll down the mountain-side. After him we ran, bounding through brushwood and over every obstacle. Could anyone have been watching they would have been amused to see the way in which we covered the ground. I am several years beyond the springing age, but I am sure I chased that grizzly at the rate of about a mile in four minutes. The last we saw of him he was rolling over a little ridge. However it was a difficult follow, for he cleared a trail wherever he went, and I was the Indian back for our coats I followed and at last came upon him huddled up in a bunch of willows. Again I fired from about eighty yards distance and this again started him rolling. This was repeated until the fifth shot put him out of my misery.

He was a brown grizzly with a short coat similar to most of the coast variety. I wondered at the pelt being so poor, for he had not long come out of his winter quarters, and was as fat as if it were autumn. The Indians said they thought he must be fifty years old, but as I do not know anything about natural age of a bear I will not venture to guess at this. All I know is that he was an enormous bear, measuring a trifle over nine feet from nose to tail, and when skinned the pelt measured 75 inches and was as thick as a man's arm. I had made without a camera and I have never wanted one since.

I returned to the boat with my trophy, which was generally admired, but the saddest part of the story is to follow. When we had finished our hunt and were returning through Queen Charlotte Sound, a fire broke out in the stokehold of The Thistle and all our trophies were burned except one brown skin which we had set down on the tug pilot, ourselves and crew, numbering seventeen in all, having but just time enough to save our lives. We had the fun, but we have nothing to show for it.

ACCIDENT ON RACE COURSE.
Horses Collided When at the Post—Drivers Had Narrow Escapes.

Readville, Mass., Aug. 22.—After three of the closest finishes seen in the present grand circuit meeting here, Kruger took the win in the race for the Norfolk stake, valued at \$5,000.

While scoring for the first heat, Sam Readville, driver of the horse, had a collision with the wire. Lester Dore of Taunton, Mass., driver of Miss Gay, was thrown in front of his mare, which fell with a badly sprained ankle. Cox, who was behind Addington, was thrown against the post, but not badly injured. None of the horses were hurt in the mix-up.

European military engineers are working on a form of automobile to draw artillery.

The appearance of Hindu streets and their employment in the industries must be a us think, together with the presence of a large influx of Japanese, to leave them severely alone, and make some effort to bring them to the edge of the true God? In a ability many of them will have a Christianity either from their enemies, and now that they are selves in a so-called Christian what report will they send to our fathers and endeavors them the Faith?

"The number of our candidates is still below what to be, considering our church tion. Our remedy seems to be more definite teaching in the schools."

After referring to the London Convention, which was held in London last year, the address continued: "The second matter is the which the Anglican church is towards the movement of the bodies of our separated brethren towards external union amongst us. We cannot too often recall the fact that the Anglican Church of England, I never been anything approach to excommunication. The pendents, who were the first

the young women of certain households that had announced themselves as opposed to marriage at the altar. The priest, it appears, has never been never, W. n B Etlom shrldu sh sr as any occasion to accompany any of his young men, matrimonially inclined, to the altar. (To be continued.)

KILLING A COAST GRIZZLY
By W. F. Burton in the Western Field.

Twelve bears, of which four were grizzlies, is not a bad record for a two weeks' hunt. That is what four of us did this last spring. The party consisted of Lieutenant Governor Dunsmuir, his son-in-law, Major Audain, Robert Barclay and myself. We went north from Victoria on Mr. Dunsmuir's steam yacht, the Thistle, and arrived at the entrance to Gardner's Inlet on the seventh of May. Major Audain and Mr. Barclay went up the Klildala river near Kitimat, while I went on with the governor up Gardner's canal to the mouth of the Kemano river. It is of my trip up that river, and of the killing of the largest grizzly I had ever seen that I am going to tell.

Taking with me two Indians, men who knew their country pretty well, we left the boat at 1 o'clock on the eighth of May. The Kemano is a big stream and it runs very fast. The bed is very wide and the water runs between numerous sandbars. On account of the swiftness of the current we had to adopt the canal method of progression. That is, we hauled our boat up by a stout rope. It will not be difficult for anyone who has ever tried this plan of traveling to imagine that we made but slow progress. By 8 o'clock in the evening we had only covered about eight miles. Here we decided to camp, and immediately we set up the Indians set about getting supper. While doing this they saw, high up on the mountain-side, what certainly looked like a grizzly, but it was beginning to get dusk so we could not be sure. Very shortly after that a big black bear crossed the snow slide and walked to where the other bear had been seen, but directly he approached the spot he turned back and recrossed the slide, evidently having smelt the other bear's tracks. We were a little disappointed in our quest, but we were not to be deterred. It was too late to think of hunting that night so we turned in early.

Next morning it was pouring rain and heavy clouds hung over the spot where our bears were expected to be, so we moved camp, going up the river. The trip was a pretty bad one, for the pouring rain made everything unpleasantly muddy. The river ran among dense cottonwoods which, interspersed with scrub fir, covered the lower part of the mountains. Usually just below the snow line there were clear places, and it was on these that we expected to find our game. All morning we worked our way up the river, seeing nothing but scrub fir and cottonwoods. The glorious scenery of the river and mountain with an occasional bird or squirrel and a number of mountain goats to let us know that there were living things in that part of the world.

There was not much likely country up the river so we came back to our old camping ground, arriving there again late in the evening. The rain had at last stopped and there was our bear feeding in almost the same spot where we had seen him on the previous evening, only a little more in the open. He was in a grassy place just below the snow line, and in spite of the great distance it was plain to us that he was the biggest grizzly we had ever seen. Again we camped, but this time we had at last stopped and there was our bear feeding in almost the same spot where we had seen him on the previous evening, only a little more in the open. He was in a grassy place just below the snow line, and in spite of the great distance it was plain to us that he was the biggest grizzly we had ever seen. Again we camped, but this time we had at last stopped and there was our bear feeding in almost the same spot where we had seen him on the previous evening, only a little more in the open. 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toria B. C.

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ACE COURSE. at the Post-Drive Escapes. 22.—After three... in the present... here, a rugged to... winner of the Nor... 2000. The first heat, Sam... ston and Miss Gay... Lester Dore, of... of Miss Gay, was... landed fully thirty... are. He escaped... angle. Cox, who... was thrown... was not badly in... were hurt in...

TON'S GREASES... DS... of 1907 Farm... to the Agents... KER MILLING... Limited. Victoria, B. C.

NEW CATHEDRAL FOR VICTORIA

BISHOP PERRIN'S APPEAL FOR FUNDS

Address at Opening Session of Synod of Columbia--Question of Church Union.

The opening session of the Synod of Columbia was held at Nanaimo on Wednesday night, when Bishop Perrin delivered an address, which was in part as follows: "It is too much to hope that the time has come when a determined attempt may be made to collect funds for the new cathedral in Victoria. The change has come over everyone, says that an era of prosperity for Vancouver Island is at hand. We have the most beautiful site in the city, and the design of Mr. J. C. M. Keith is decidedly worthy of the site. The cathedral could not be built to-day for less than \$250,000, but to build a portion of it would be a grand thing. By an order of the court the sum of \$10,730.14 has been handed to the Synod in trust. It represents the amount subscribed in 1852, with accrued interest. If an appeal were made we may reasonably hope that some of the worthy people in the city would contribute according to their means, and the fact that it is a parish church as well as a cathedral, we hope, in the way of its being a diocesan work, in which every member of the church should feel an interest.

"I have to record the following changes among the clergy: Rev. R. J. Bowen has left Ladysmith, having accepted the office of organizing secretary to the Canadian Bible Society, and Rev. D. Dunlop has accepted the charge of Sapperton in the diocese of New Westminster. Rev. R. A. Heath has been appointed to Ladysmith, and arrangements have been made for the transferee of the Rev. F. G. Christmas from Cumberland to be assistant to the Rev. J. A. Leakey, in the Cowichan district, and the Rev. H. W. Laffere is to undertake Cumberland.

"Rev. W. Bough Allen was elected rural dean of the Southern Deanery in succession to Rev. J. H. S. Sweet, whose term of office has expired, and I had great pleasure in confirming the election. St. Phillip's church, Cedar district, Mackenzie and parsonage, and St. John's schoolroom, Victoria, have all been destroyed by fire this year. The church and schoolroom were both insured, but the parsonage, which was an old house which had been built upon the property before it was given to the church, was not insured. In all three cases efforts are being made to rebuild, and we hope that they will be crowned with success.

"The diocese is practically free from debt—almost the first time (if I mistake not) in its history. The 'miserably small stipends of our missionary clergy—\$800 and a house—are not a living wage,' in these days of ever-increasing prices of the necessities of life. It is possible to add \$100 a year would mean an additional \$1,200. This is not a very large sum, and if the response to the appeal for the Lenten offerings were complete, it would be a considerable amount to \$7,315 as compared with \$3,202 ten years ago.

"The M.S.C.C. have slightly reduced their grant from \$2,500 to \$2,250, which would be a considerable loss to carry on the work of the diocese. The work of the Columbia Coast mission has by God's blessing grown rapidly, and our only fear is the strain upon Mr. Antle's health. The increased interest in missionary work has, I am thankful to say, been maintained, and we have now, in addition to the Women's auxiliary, its junior and girls' branches, organizations for men and boys. There are still some parishes that virtually do not give for foreign missionary work, and they are the same as last year. Rev. J. Grundy has a much smaller attendance at his classes and Sunday services than in any year since he was S. P. G. has continued to give \$200 until the end of 1908, and Mr. Grundy feels that some new method must be adopted to bring home the message of the Gospel to the Chinese living amongst us.

"The appearance of Hindus in our streets and their employment as laborers in the city, together with the possibility of a large influx of Japanese, shall we leave them severely alone, or make some effort to bring them to a knowledge of the true God? It is probable that many of them will be converts of Christianity either from friends or enemies, and now that they find themselves in a so-called Christian country, what report will they send home of our example and endeavors to teach them the Faith? The number of our confirmation candidates is below what it ought to be, considering our church population. Our remedy seems to me to be more definite teaching in the Sunday schools."

After referring to the Pan-Anglican conference to be held in London next year, the address continued as follows: "The second matter is the attitude which the Anglican church has adopted towards the movement of the leading bodies of our separated brethren towards the external union amongst themselves. We cannot but often press the fact that they separated from the Church of England. There has not been anything approaching an attempt of excommunication. The intermediaries, who were the first to break

PREPARING FOR OPEN SEASON MANY LARGE COVEYS HAVE BEEN SIGHTED

Protective Laws on Island Are Means of Attracting Sportsmen--Successful Fishing.

There will be a great cleaning up of guns during the coming week. The very friction of it will be enough to make the birds tremble. Already the gunsmiths are working overtime, and night electric every night in order that the nimrod may not be disappointed on the morning of the first. The morning of the first of September is the great day of the year to a great many people. The fact that it comes on Sunday makes it all the more welcome to some, although it will keep others at home. Every little group of men has its own particular favorite spot where it intends to go on Sunday morning about daybreak, and there is an air of mystery sustained which will only be pierced if birds happen to be plentiful there. There are in the city two classes of hunters, one of which will visit some of the farmers at Saanich, Cowichan, or Metchoha, while the other will go further afield into the unsettled districts, such as Sooke river, the summit, Sooke lake, or Cowichan lake, where there is no need to ask permission to shoot, no matter in what direction they turn. It will be a matter of taste, and in many cases those who were out last season will go to the same place this year.

"For several Sundays past numbers of birds have been taken up the line to get them in trim, and to see whether the birds are plentiful. The year has been a very good one for the young birds, and consequently the coveys are much larger than usual. A covey of fourteen has been reported in the neighborhood of Shawnigan, while eleven and nine are common sights. Those who live in the Duncan district say the birds are very plentiful there, and similar reports come from Sooke. Had the season been a poor one the chances are that the birds would have been very scarce.

"If the dry weather continues it will be a good thing for the birds, for the scent will not lie well until the rain comes. Then the time the birds will be with enough to take care of themselves. It is hoped that this will be the case for it would be a pity for the birds to be all killed this year. Next season it is confidently expected that the season will not open until a month later.

Bryan Williams, the provincial game warden, was in Victoria yesterday. He told of having secured a conviction at Chilliwack of M. Graham, a man who boasted of having killed grouse and dared the provincial deputy warden to convict him. He was summoned to court on two counts, two of killing grouse out of season and one of having game in his possession. His fine and costs amounted to \$5.

Mr. Williams also states that the number of those coming here to fish and hunt since it has been known that the game is being protected has increased to a very large extent. The big game of the upper country is increasing. One warden reported having seen 54 rams feeding in one band in the Chilcoot country, and more than twenty of them had good horns. The question of a gun license will not come up. It is a live question, and will continue to be until the government decide to do something in the matter. Anyone who plays lacrosse expects to pay for his sport, but some men who hunt expect the general public to pay for his fun. Yesterday a Times representative in an interview with Robert Grant, M. P. P., got at the root of the difficulty. Mr. Grant said that personally he was in favor of the license, but the miners would not stand for it. It seems to be part of the Socialist doctrine that the game should be allowed to be exterminated as quickly as possible, and their influence is felt particularly in mining communities. The miners are not poor and they can afford to pay the license better than most people.

The following is a summary of the law in connection with the close seasons in different parts of the country for the different kinds of game: Ducks of all kinds, snipe, bittern, heron, plover, meadow lark. From September 1st to February 28th. Grouse of all kinds, including prairie chicken and ptarmigan. From September 1st to December 31st. Moose (bull), caribou (bull), elk or wapiti (bull), and hare. By order-in-council a close season is declared in certain districts. From September 1st to December 31st. Deer, mountain goat, mountain sheep (ram). By order-in-council a close season is declared in certain districts. From September 1st to December 31st. The order-in-council in regard to game follows: Close season for all birds mentioned in schedule "B" of the Game Protection Act, 1898. In the municipality of Chilliwack until 15th of October, 1907, inclusive. Close season for prairie chicken, willow grouse, and blue grouse in the Okanagan electoral district, until September 1st, 1910. Close season for mountain sheep (rams) in the Lillooet and Cariboo electoral districts, from and after the 14th day of November in each year. Close season for all birds mentioned in schedule "B" of the Game Protection Act, 1898, in the municipality of Kent (Agassiz) until the 15th of October, 1907, inclusive. Close season for prairie chicken in the Kamloops electoral district, until the 31st day of August, 1908, inclusive. The pheasant season will open on October 1st on the south end of Vancouver Island, and from October 15th

CANADIAN CLUB

Inaugurated at Moose Jaw--Speech by Minister of the Interior. Moose Jaw, Sask., Aug. 23.—The Canadian Club of Moose Jaw held a most successful inaugural meeting last night. The membership is now over one hundred, and about seventy-five took part in the meeting. Hon. Frank Oliver spoke of the desirability of Canadian Clubs, and dealt at some length upon the work accomplished by the Canadian Club in the first fostered the national sentiment and who laid the foundation of the Canada Club. He said that he had seen many who were proud of and such cause to serve. The first Canadians were Yankees, and they came to Canada because of national interest, but not because of material interest. Those who came afterwards from the British Isles were attracted by the national sentiment in making Canada the country of their adoption in preference to the United States. Canadians are people who are given opportunity and great responsibility, and have lived up to them in a manner not surpassed by any other people in the world. No other people so small in number have controlled and developed such vast resources so successfully as Canadians. Mrs. W. Newall Copeland, of North Saanich, is in the city, a guest at the Balmoral hotel.

THREE CHILDREN DROWNED IN LAKE SKIFF IN WHICH THEY WERE PLAYING CAPSIZED

Two Indians Killed By Lightning--The Warton Tragedy--Harvest for the West

Toronto, Aug. 23.—A dispatch from Madoc says that yesterday afternoon three children, Wise, Burnett and Helen Green, aged respectively nine, seven and six years, were drowned at Grassworth lake, thirty miles from here. While their parents were absent and an older brother was putting the baby to sleep, the three children climbed into a light skiff and pushed from shore. When about forty or fifty feet out the craft capsized, throwing the children into the deep water. The accident was not discovered until the older brother had come out of the lake. He saw the skiff floating up and side down, but there was no sign of the children. The bodies were recovered several hours later.

TRANSFER OF FLEET

United States Battleships Will Start for the Pacific Next December. Oyster Bay, Aug. 23.—The Atlantic battleship fleet will start for the Pacific next December, according to an official statement issued to-night by President Roosevelt. The statement was made following a conference this afternoon between the President and representatives of the navy department.

STILL FIGHTING

Accused Grifters Making Determined Efforts to Upset Decisions of Court. San Francisco, Aug. 23.—The state supreme court swept aside with scant ceremony all but one of the points raised by the telephone, trolley and park site groups of accused grifters, who, in their fight to escape the penalty, are tossing established law and custom to the winds. The victory of the prosecution was complete with the exception of a single point upon which all the justices of the court are not agreed. That is, the prolongation of the grand jury beyond January 31st.

FRISCO CAR STRIKE

Friction Between President of Union and General Committee. San Francisco, Aug. 23.—Richard Cornelius, president of the Carmen's Union, said that he would apply to the American Federation of Labor for a writ of injunction to restrain the general committee of the strike board from declaring off the street car strike. Cornelius said that the strike board had the power to declare off the strike without the consent of the Carmen's Union. He said that the Building Trades Council desires the strike settled by Labor Day, and declares that the general campaign strike committee has been meddling with the union without putting the question before the Carmen's Union, while Cornelius contends that the Carmen's Union is the body that must declare off the strike. Up to date the building trades have done all that is in their power, while the Labor Council has donated \$27,000.

GERMANS AMBUSHED

Hottentots Attacked Troops--Over Thirty Soldiers Reported to Have Been Killed. Capetown, Aug. 22.—Marengo, the Hottentot chieftain, who escaped from the custody of the British a week ago and crossed the border into German Southwest Africa, had administered a decisive defeat to the German troops which pursued him. Between thirty and forty Germans are reported killed. Marengo is leading 500 men and his force is said to have ambushed a German force. A special expedition probably will be planned for his capture. Already he has cost the German government hundreds of lives and millions in money.

ROBBED BY HIGHWAYMEN

Philadelphia, Aug. 22.—William H. Hicks, paymaster of the Schramm & Olinke Textile Machinery Manufacturing Company was held up this afternoon by three highwaymen in the northeastern part of the city, and robbed of a satchel containing \$15,000. One of the robbers was killed at the time after several shots had been fired; the others escaped with the goods. Hicks suffered bullet wounds in the arm, inflicted by the robbers.

BRAZIL CHANGES FRONT

Papers Urge Latin America to Arrive Itself Against 'Yankee Pretensions.' Rio Janeiro, Aug. 23.—A remarkable change in the attitude of the press towards the United States is noticeable since the rating of Brazil in the permanent seat of the League of Nations has become known. A number of the papers are inviting Latin America to array itself against 'Yankee pretensions.'

SAIL FOR HOME

British Journalists Leave Quebec--Presentation to George Ham

Montreal, Aug. 23.—The visiting British journalists last night wound up their trip through Canada by holding a dinner at the Place Viger hotel with George Ham as their guest of honor and also their chairman, a combination which worked out most happily for the evening's entertainment. Many speeches were made, in which the visiting newspapermen expressed their delight at all they had seen and their intention to see more in years to come. The feature of the evening, however, was the presentation of a handsome travelling case to Mr. Ham as a token of the appreciation by the visitors of the way in which he had taken care of them during their tour of the country.

SAIL FOR QUEBEC

Quebec, Aug. 23.—Nine of the British pressmen were guests of Sir Thomas Shaughnessy sailed on the Empress of Britain to-day and were given a hearty cheer as the large ship left the dock by a number of admiring friends. During the day they visited different points of interest. To your correspondent they said that their journey through Canada had been the most pleasant in their experience, and that the vastness of Canada and the greatness of the C. P. R. have shown to them wherein was the strength of the strong right arm of the Empire.

CASE AGAINST LUMBERMEN

Meeting of Alberta Association Will Be Held to Discuss Course of Defence. Edmonton, Aug. 23.—The prosecution just started by the Attorney-General's department against lumbermen signifies the beginning of a long and bitter struggle in the courts. It is expected that there will be a general meeting of the members of the association called shortly for the purpose of deciding definitely upon a course of defence. The association, it is said, will deny that there is any understanding between the members such as would tend to act in restraint of trade or unduly control the price of stock. They will probably produce evidence to show that the price of lumber is brought about by the changed conditions of things at the mills and in the lumber camps. They will claim that owing to the great cost of wages, the cost of living and operating, dealing in lumber cannot be carried out at less figure; in fact, it is expected that the association will produce figures showing that instead of making profits, they have been actually suffering heavy losses. Emphasis will be placed on the cost of transportation. They will claim that it is utterly impossible to sell lumber at a reasonable price in the face of the exorbitant charges made by the railroad companies for freight.

MONTEAL STREET STRIKE

Montreal, Aug. 23.—F. A. Acland, secretary of the department of labor, who has been to Valleyfield endeavoring to adjust the grievances of the cotton workers on strike, is in the city today. He says he has done all that is possible to bring the strikers and management together, but without avail. The officials of the Montreal Cotton Textile Co. are determined to fight it out, because they consider the strikers have treated them unfairly. Committed For Trial. Woiesley, Sask., Aug. 23.—The preliminary inquiry into the death of Rosie Mohr, who was found dead some weeks ago, was opened here this afternoon before Magistrate McPhail. Sergeant Dubuque prosecuted, and was assisted by Mr. Kennedy. Sam Prior was arrested by Sergeant Dubuque and brought here yesterday. The accused was called on and he had very little to say. He claimed the blood found on his clothes was from his blood, and also that it was from ducks he had shot. He had confessed previously to Sergeant Dubuque at Regina that he killed the child and that he used a knife when doing so. His reason was that the little girl had provoked him about his dog. Prior was then committed for murder and to stand his trial at the assizes on January 8th. The courtroom was crowded.

ON THE MARCH

Sifton, Aug. 23.—A group of Doukhobors, consisting of two men, three women and seven or eight children, arrived here this morning from the train from Swan River, and will remain here for two or three days awaiting the arrival of another party, which is walking from Swan River. When being questioned as to where they were going they answered that they were looking for a warmer country, because Canada has a cold climate, and they are compelled to wear shoes and other garments which are made of beasts, and that does not agree with their religious views. They also complain that Canadian liberty is not to their taste. Will Lose Leg. Amherst, N. S., Aug. 23.—A serious accident occurred as the Royal Bait excursion was returning from Truro last night. Frank Brown, trying to save a walk, attempted to jump off the train just as it was nearing the subway at Christie's Crossing. The train was moving quite fast at the time. Evidently the man lit on his head, falling back on the track. He was removed to the hospital. His right leg was crushed, requiring amputation. Commission Appointed. Halifax, Aug. 23.—The Nova Scotia government has appointed a commission to examine into and report on the feasibility of old age pensions for workmen. Operations Curtailed. Fredericton, Aug. 23.—It is estimated that the lumber cut in New Brunswick during the coming season will not exceed \$5 per cent. of that of last year. Scarcity of money and the unsatisfactory state of the lumber market are given as reasons for the curtailment of operations.

SCHOOL BOARD TO WITHHOLD PERMITS

None Will Be Issued to Chinese Pending Interview With Provincial Government.

A rather serious situation has arisen in consequence of the numerous applications made by Chinese for admission to the city schools for the coming term. The immigration act provides that all bona fide students coming from China must pay the head tax of \$500 upon arrival, but may, after attending a college or school for a year, claim a rebate on this sum, and twenty-six Chinese boys have applied for admission to the schools for the purpose of earning this rebate. The matter was discussed at a special meeting of the board of school trustees on Friday and Chairman Jay was instructed to interview the provincial educational department. In the meantime no permits are to be granted to Chinese applicants.

The matter was introduced by Mr. Jay, who said that twenty-six Chinese had applied for admission to the schools and other applications were expected. He did not believe that the Dominion government intended the rebate on the head tax to apply to Chinese boys attending the primary grades, but only to those students taking instruction in advanced subjects. Mr. Jay pointed out that accommodation could not be found for the applicants and said that if the applicants were accepted, a special room and teacher would have to be hired as in the years when the \$100 head tax was imposed by the Dominion government. The matter was deferred, no permits to be granted in the interim, until such time as the provincial educational department could give it consideration. The committee having under consideration the applications for the position of music teacher in the schools reported to the board that four candidates had been chosen, from whom the appointments could be made. The names of the four candidates were: W. H. Black, Almonte; Hugh Kennedy, Victoria; J. H. Smith, Vancouver; and William Dobson, formerly of Birmingham, Eng., and now of Toronto. By a vote of four to three Mr. Dobson was appointed at a salary of \$1,000 a year. Several bills for work on the Rock Bay school, amounting in all to \$465 were passed and ordered paid. The board was instructed to take account of the work on the slab freewood to be used in heating the schools during the coming winter. The board then adjourned.

MOTOR CLUB MEETS

Report on the West Saanich Inlet Road Was Submitted--Work is Feasible. A well attended meeting of the Victoria Motor Club was held on Tuesday evening last in the club room, Garesche block. A. E. Todd was in the chair. One of the items of business on which the club drew much attention and discussion and which is of general public interest was the report made by Mr. Verdier on the West Saanich inlet road, probably better known as the Goldstream-Mill highway route. Mr. Verdier's report was most encouraging, showing that the road is not only feasible, but can be constructed at a very reasonable figure. In consideration of these facts the club has every reason to believe the construction of this road will be commenced at an early date. Another item of business was a letter of thanks to Mr. Butchart for the courtesy shown by him in placing at the disposal of the club lighters for the transportation of members' cars across the waters of the Saanich inlet on the occasion of the recent Albern run. Mr. Butchart's kindness was thoroughly appreciated for the fact that the greater part of the members are themselves of it in preference to making the ascent of the summit. The following new members were introduced by Messrs. W. H. Finlayson, Wm. Oliphant, Sr., Wm. Oliphant, Jr., and H. G. Harlow.

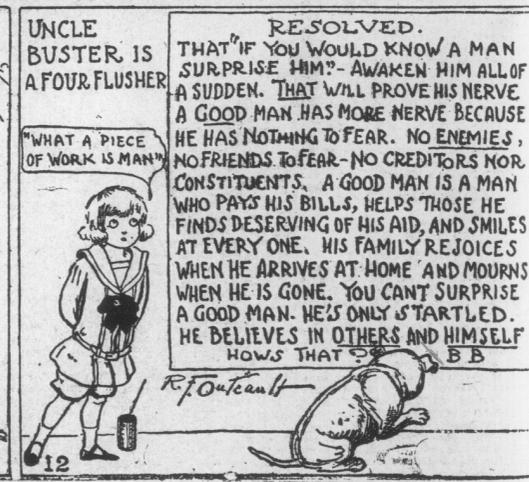
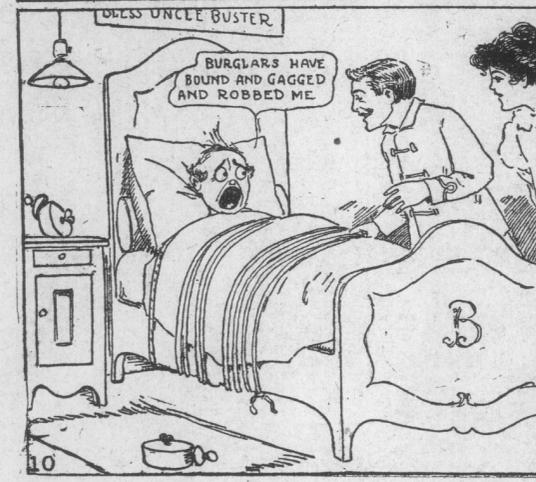
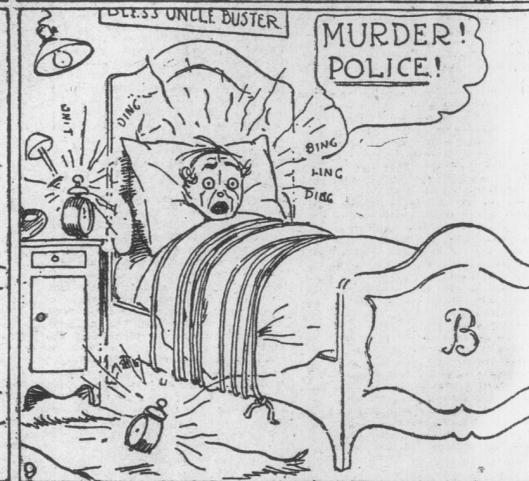
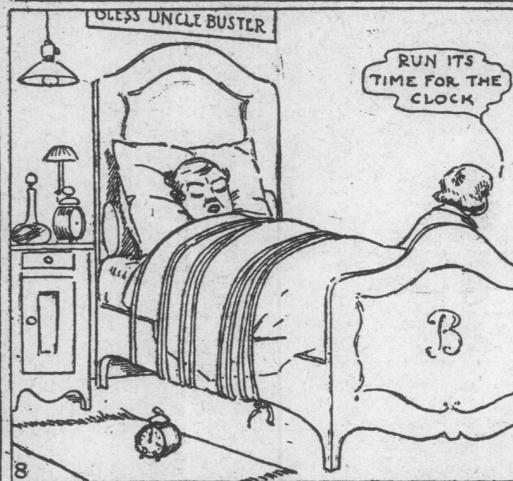
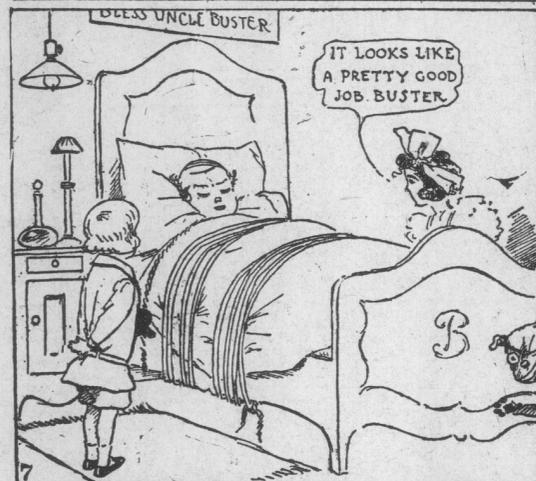
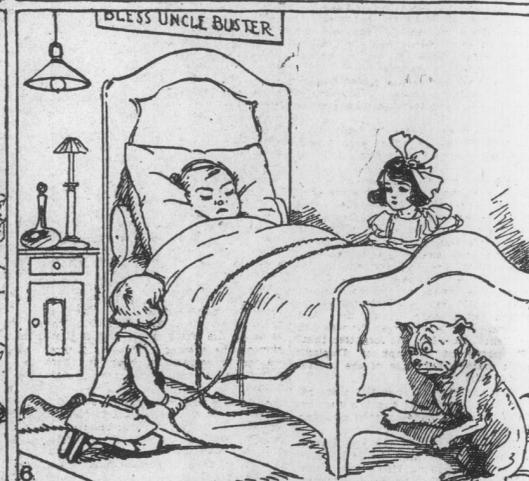
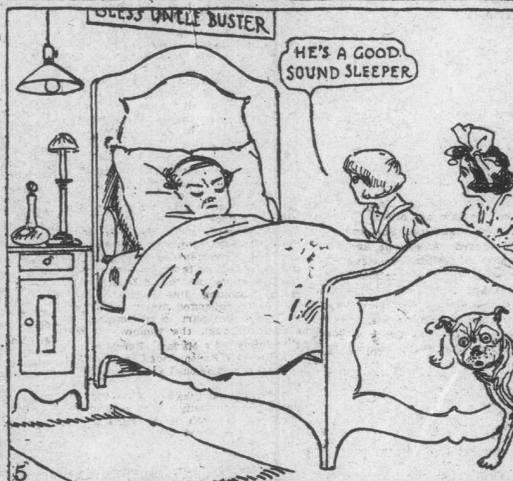
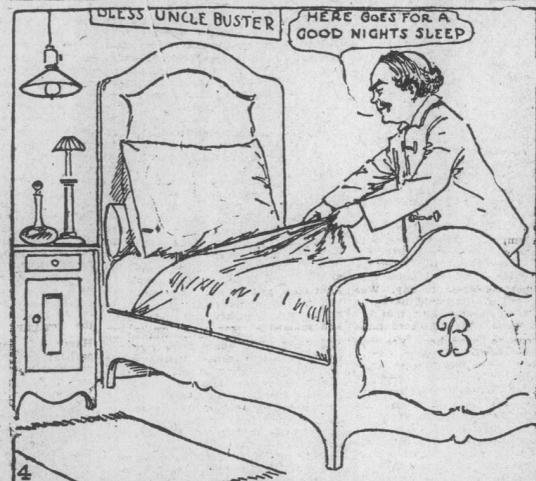
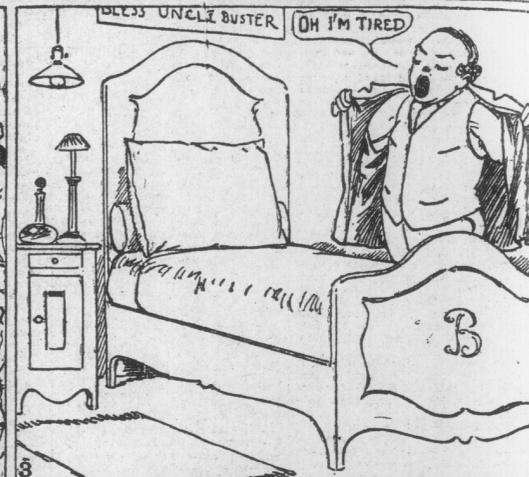
VICTORIAN MISSING

Henry Siebenbaum Lost in Woods in Clallam County, Washington. Post Townsend, Wash., Aug. 23.—Henry Siebenbaum, a prominent resident of Victoria, who has been sojourning for the past fortnight at Soulduck Hot Springs, a summer resort in Clallam county, has been missing for three days, and despite the fact that a force of twenty-five trained woodmen have been scouring the vicinity for 48 hours without intermission, no trace had been found up to 3 o'clock this afternoon, when communication was interrupted by forest fires. The missing man is a brother of John Siebenbaum, proprietor of the Delmonico hotel here, and if a favorable report is not received by morning it is the latter's intention to proceed to the scene, accompanied by several experienced woodmen from here, and take personal charge of the search until his brother is found or his fate is determined.

MODERN LEATHER MEN

Who Uphold the Old-Time Saying, "There's Nothing Like Leather." (London Free Press). The late Governor Pingree, of Detroit, was a shoe manufacturer, and his elevation no doubt inspired Governor Douglas to the proposal to occupy with honor in Massachusetts. Both of these manufacturers built up an enormous shoe trade by stamping every shoe they made their trade mark, as an evidence of their own faith in the shoe, following the idea of the States Shoe Company. American visitors say that had the States Shoe been introduced into the United States ten years ago, the country would have been doing millions a year instead of one million. "I'm satisfied with Canada," said the president of the States Shoe company, "for I have seen the boys of to-day who live to be men of fifty, will see Canada the home of 50,000,000 people."

BUSTER BROWN AND TIGE



"TRIST"

CHAPTER XII.-(Contd.)

Meanwhile Duplay walk happier for having crossed. He had opened his camp the success he could have. Like a wise man, Iver true till it was proved; but man also he doubted nothing because it was new or. And on the whole he had for Justice. He had smile ment when he hinted that Harry were not very cord for met him by a straight cognition that this was true indirect admission of the r this later. He asked of the but he would give Duplay. Now it remained only to b reason. If she spoke, the he so strong as to demand relief in Duplay's mind w that he could not explain realized that his niece's wa him had so stuck in his p he had been prepared to be Iver's doors with costume idea seemed absurd now. for laughed.

Mina was strange. Duplay ed to think that. They h impossible terms; but now he appeared, she ran at h parent pleasure and with eagerness. She asked of the expedition either, though easily have guessed where and for what purpose. danced as she cried.

"I've seen her. I've been her! I met her in the Matson's cottage, and she way back to Blent. Uncle deull!"

"Who are you talking a

"Why, Cecily Gaineb course. I just remember Tristram spoke. She spea way exactly! I can't see it's the sort of voice that want to do anything in the asks. Don't you know? S a lot about herself; than about Blent. She's full of mires it most tremendously.

"That's all right," interr with a malicious smile, "far as I can understand, she own it."

"You've been talking to tram of Blent," he added. "Though I suppose you dig so?"

To Lady Tristram of Blent never once thought of that talked. The shock of the great, so great that Mina repudiate it, or to show any at Harry's claims being p conspicuous silence. All they talked, she had thou girl as far removed from Bl more of a visitor to the than herself was, a wond indeed, but no part of their she was—well, at the least s to Blent! How had she for the persistent triumph of smile marked his sense of of his sally.

"Yes, and she'll be installe fore many months are out." "So I hope you made yourse Mina?"

Mina gave him one scorr as she passed by him and her favorite terrace. There thing to look and to wonder the interest, the sense of Blent and its affairs, which the engagement had blunt most destroyed, revived in he forgot the prose of that m rangement and turned est poetry of Cecily Gainborou poor girl there in the hous hers, unwitting guest of the — The Imp stopped he rude abruptness. What had about to say, what had she to think? The guest of the was robbing her? The ha But no, no, no! She did not Confused in her mind by this none the less she found her going out to Harry again. B a robber! it was his own she cried still, and not the what was to be done abo Gainborough? Was she to the little house in London, go back to ugliness, to work commons? There seemed no Between the old and the new the old allegiance and the to homage that Cecily made, briska stood bewildered. B taste now of the same perp she had done so much to bric Mr. Need at Parisienne. Tet same. He did not know what to do; she did not feel sure of ward. Both stood undecl Cholfacton's Journal was s work of disturbing people's

But Major Duplay was w with the day's work. If his divided mind she would bend to his will. He did not had Blent, if only it passed fr. But it was a point gained if I think of its passing from somebody, who would be w her there. Then she would story which she had received mother, and the first battl Harry Tristram would be excitement of fighting was of for now. He could neither enemy nor distrust his own the strife was done.

Amongst all the indecision about, Duplay had the merit vision of his own purpose and desire.

CHAPTER XIII.

In the Long Gallery the doubters were concerned, defence or attack efforts at were called, round whom and struggles gathered, was very little about his champio enemies. No fresh whispers had come to Harry Tristram's knew nothing of Need and think of that quiet old gentle possible menace to his sec trusted Mina Zabriska and the influence which he had pr self to possess over her. He believe that Duplay would at game, and was, not a raid of did. The engagement was so ed; the big check of the prop lay ready to his hand; his

a hand intervened and plucked it. That had happened to him once, and probably he could not have helped it; but he meant to try to prevent its happening again. He was in a ferment all the morning, partly on his own account as much about the revolution which had suddenly occurred in the little kingdom on the banks of the Elent.

In the afternoon he had his gig brought round and set out for Blentmouth. As he passed Blent Hall, he saw a girl on the bridge—a girl in black looking down at the water. Lady Tristram? It was strange to call her by the title that had been another's. But he supposed it must be Lady Tristram. She did not look up as he passed; he retained a vision of the black dress and the gleam of her eyes. He met the Iver carriage; Iver and Need sat in it, side by side; they waved their hands in careless greeting and went on talking earnestly. On the outskirts of the town he came on Miss Swinkerton and Mrs. Trambler walking together. As he raised his hat, a dim and why indelible idea occurred to him of the excitement into which these good ladies would soon be thrown, a foreshadowing of the wonder, the bubbling emotions which were soon to stir the quiet waters of the villas of Blentmouth. For himself, what was he going to do? He could not tell. He put up his gig at the inn and sauntered out into the street; still he could not tell. But he wandered out to Fairholme, up to the gate and past it, and back to it, and past it again.

Now would Harry Tristram do that? No; either he would never have come or he would have been inside before this. Bob's new line of business did not let him consider whether this was the happiest moment for its display. Those learned in the lore of such matters would probably have advised him to let her alone for a few days or weeks or months, according to the subtlety of their knowledge or their views. Bob rang the bell.

Janie was not denied to him, but only because no chance was given to her of denying herself. A footman, unconscious of convulsions external or internal, showed him into the morning-room. But Janie appeared to him as plain enough to her reception of him. "Oh, Bob, why in the world do you come here to-day? Indeed I can't talk to you to-day." Her dismay was evident. "If there's nothing very particular—"

"Well, you know there is," Bob interrupted. She turned her head quickly toward him. "You know there is? What do you mean?"

"You've got Harry Tristram's letter, I suppose?"

"What do you know of Harry Tristram's letter?"

"I haven't seen it, but I know what's in it all the same."

"How do you know?"

"I came to Blentmouth to-day and told me. Bob sat down by her, uninvited; certainly the belief in boldness was carrying him far. But he did not quite anticipate the next development, the spring up, springing away from his neighborhood, crying:

"Then how dare you come here to-day? Yes, I've got the letter—just an hour ago. Have you come to triumph over me?"

"What an extraordinary idea!" remarked Bob in the slow tones of a genuine astonishment.

"You'd call it to condole, I suppose? That's rather worse."

Bob confined himself to a long look at her. It brought him no enlightenment.

"You must see that you're the very one—"

She broke off abruptly, and turning away, began to walk up and down.

"The very what?" asked Bob.

"She turned and looked at him; she broke into a peevishly nervous laugh. Anybody but Bob—really anybody but Bob would have known! The laugh encouraged him a little, which again it had no right to do."

"Oh, dear old Bob, I'm so miserable; I hate myself for having done it, and I hate myself worse for being glad if it's been undone. It did seem best till I did it. No, I suppose I really wanted myself—and all that. I do hate myself! I let you—"

"You haven't let me do much," he suggested consolingly.

"I have. At least—"

She came a little nearer to him. He took hold of her other hand. He drew her to him and held her in his arms.

"That's all right," he remarked, still in tones of consolation.

"If anybody knew this! You won't say a word, will you Bob? Not for ever so long. You will pretend it was never so long before I—"

"I'll tell any lie," said Bob very cheerfully.

She laughed hysterically. "Because I should never be able to look people in the face if anybody knew that on the very same day—"

"I should think a—"

"A week! No, no. Six months."

"Oh, well, three? Do agree to three."

"Well, think about three. Still miserable, Janie?"

"Yes, still—rather. Now you must go. Fancy if anybody came!"

himself back in his chair. "That the business between you and Harry Tristram's all over. It ought never to have gone so far, you know."

"Are you out of your mind to-day, Bob?"

"And now, what about the Major, Miss Janie?"

"I flushed red in indignation, perhaps in guilt too. 'How dare you? You've no business to—'

"I don't know the right way to say things, I dare say," he admitted, but with an admirable tranquility. "Still I expect you know what I mean all the same."

"Do you accuse me of having encouraged Major Duplay?"

"I wish you always understood as well as what isn't your business."

"And it isn't what you have done but what you're going to do that I'm interested in." He paused several moments and then went on very slowly. "I tell you what it is, I'm not very proud of myself. So if you happen to be feeling the same, why that's all right. Miss Janie, the fact is, I let Harry Tristram do as he pleased. He was a swell, and he's got a sort of way about him too. But I'm hanged if I'm going to be in a funk of Duplay."

It seemed to ask her approval of the proposed firmness of his attitude. "I've been a bit of an ass about it all, I think," he concluded with an air of thoughtful inquiry.

The opening was irresistible. Janie seized it with impetuous carelessness. "Yes, you have, you have indeed. Only I don't see why you think it's over, I'm sure."

"Well, I'm glad you agree with me," he said, but he seemed now rather uncertain how he ought to go on. "That's what I wanted to say," he added, looking at her as if he thought she might give him a lead.

The whole thing was preposterous; Janie was bewildered. He had uttered all decency in coming up as such a person, and in talking like this, without having got (by such utter disregard of all decency) to a point at which he could not possibly stop, he stopped!

It had appeared to ask her to go on for him! She stood still in the middle of the room, looking at him as he sat squarely in his chair.

"Since you've said what you wanted to say, I should like to know what you think of it."

"Yes, I suppose I might, but—"

He was puzzled. He had said what he wanted to say, or thought he had, but he had failed to produce the effect which he had anticipated. From the time he went now, leaving matters just as they stood, could he be confident that the spoke was in the wheel? Up to now nothing was really agreed upon except that he himself had been an ass. No doubt this was a pregnant conclusion, but Bob was not quite clear exactly how much it involved; what, in the least, seriousness of the thing it implied.

He said, "I've spoken plainly to you. My daughter's future is at stake. You must be as hard as I am, and you must do as I do. I must assume you would tell the truth. I refuse to suppose you would commit perjury."

"I should hold my tongue," said Mena. "Then you'd be sent to prison for contempt of court."

The bluff worked well. Mena knew nothing of the law, but Harry Tristram would do, or might do, or might not do, but the law would, or might, or might not do, in the circumstances supposed. And Iver spoke as though he were carrying a matter of weight and confidence, with an admirable air of considered candor. She was no match for him; she grew rather pale, her lips trembled, and she began to cry. Tears were no longer to be treated merely as a possible policy; they threatened to occur of their own accord.

"What wonder that a feeling of intolerable meanness attacked Mr. Jenkins Need? He was on the wrong side of the table, on the bench instead of on the floor. He was on the wrong side, proper place was side by side with the criminal, in charge of the same policeman, wearing the handcuffs too. And he had to look at her, at her eyes, at her face. He was even more in Iver's debt; he had eaten his bread these weeks past, and now he was pretending to be his adviser and his witness; his decision was greater than hers. Besides, he was not a young woman who might find excuse in the glamor of Harry's position or the attraction of Harry's eyes. He was a man, a man, a man, a man; he was only a romantic old fool. He could not get into the dock beside her—for that would throw away the whole case. He was defending her gallantly—but he must speak a word for her."

"In my opinion," he said nervously, "I do not without his usual provision, 'we can carry on with us, Madam Zabriska declines to speak. I may say that I understand and respect the motive which I believe inspires her. I've looked at her, and I think she's that by repeating them she would do them greater importance. She does not wish to assume responsibility. She leaves the matter in your hands, Iver. It is not her affair; it's your affair. It is not her affair; it would be yours. By a train of events for which she is not accountable the question has become of importance to you. In her view it is safe for you to take your own steps. She stands aside."

"She's my friend, she's my daughter's friend. The question is whether Iver looks angry from her, or from Blent or an imposture (whether voluntary or involuntary) without a name, an acre, or as far as I know, a shilling. I've looked at her, and I think she's that by repeating them she would do them greater importance. She does not wish to assume responsibility. She leaves the matter in your hands, Iver. It is not her affair; it's your affair. It is not her affair; it would be yours. By a train of events for which she is not accountable the question has become of importance to you. In her view it is safe for you to take your own steps. She stands aside."

"I've spared no effort," replied the Major, "but I can't believe that she won't help us in the end." His tone was almost menacing. Mena, remembering how he had terrorized the secret out of her before, and resenting the humiliation of the memory, stifled her neck once more.

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Iver's threats almost made Mena's eyes only annoyed. He spoke calmly and with weight.

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"The law. When we have reached a certain stage in the inquiry, we shall be able to compel you to speak."

Iver was rather set back, but he braved it out.

"I've difficulties are immensely increased, but they're not insuperable," he said.

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Iver looked at the Major; the Major returned his glance; they were both resolute men.

"No, you won't go away," declared Iver slowly.

"I was frightened; she was an ignorant young woman in a land of whose laws she knew nothing. Need would have liked to suggest something

truth, the thing was had enough. But she knew nothing of Harry Tristram's letter. After a moment of conversation she was to be crying:

"I'm not engaged any more to Harry Tristram, mother!"

Mrs. Iver said nothing. She stood by the open door. There was no mistaking her. With a shamed and angry struggling with an unruly smile, Bob Broadley got through it somehow. Janie was left alone with Mrs. Iver.

Such occurrences as these are very deplorable. Almost, of necessity, they impair a daughter's proper position of superiority and put her in a relation toward her mother which no self-respecting young woman would desire to occupy. It might be weeks before Janie Iver could really assert her dignity again. It was strong proof of her affection for Bob Broadley that, considering the matter in her own room (she had not been exactly sent there, but a retreat had seemed advisable) she came to the conclusion that, taking good and bad together, she was on the whole glad that she had called.

But to Bob, with the selfishness of man, Mrs. Iver's amusing appearance rather an amusing aspect. It certainly did not spoil his triumph or impair his happiness.

CHAPTER XV. An Inquisition Interrupted.

"My mother told me just as a bit of gossip. She didn't believe it, no more did I."

"But you repeated it!"

Iver who was pressing her, he was not now the kind host Mena knew so well. He was rather the keen man of business, impatient of shuffling, incredulous of any action for which he could not see the motive, distrustful and very shrewd.

"Oh, I repeated it to my uncle, because I thought it might amuse him, just as I thought it might amuse you."

"Your idea of small talk is rather peculiar," was Iver's dry comment. He looked at the Major on his right, and at Need on his left at the table; Mena was seated between them, like the witness before the committee.

"So is yours of politeness," she cried. "It's my house. Why do you come and bully me in it?"

Duplay was suddenly furious. Poor Mr. Need's state was lamentable. He had not spoken a word throughout the interview. He had taken refuge in nodding, exaggerating the significance of nods in reply to the various addresses that the other three addressed to him. If their meaning had been developed, his nod might have landed him in a pitiable mess of incoherence. He had tried to agree with everybody, to sympathize all round, to indorse unapologetically. He had found momentary applause, and in the end created general dissatisfaction.

Iver had his temper in hand still, but he was hard and resolute.

"I don't wish to understand the seriousness of the thing in the least," he said. "I've spoken plainly to you. My daughter's future is at stake. You must be as hard as I am, and you must do as I do. I must assume you would tell the truth. I refuse to suppose you would commit perjury."

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Mothers cannot be too careful in what they give children to move the bowels. Calomel, cascara, senna, salts, cathartic pills, castor oil, and purging mineral waters irritate the bowels—upset the stomach—and eventually lead up to chronic non-action of the bowels—Constipation.



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something about the liberty of the individual and the Habeas Corpus Act. But he dared not say so sympathetically—being nodding at her unobscured. The nod told her nothing.

"You'll stop me?" Still she tried to speak earnestly.

Another glance passed between Iver and Duplay. A shrewd observer might have interpreted it as meaning, "Even if we can't do it, shall we let it go?"

"I've raised her head; tears ran down her cheeks; she was well personified."

"Time's no use," she groaned. "It's all over now. I've raised her head; tears ran down her cheeks; she was well personified."

Need caught at the state of affairs by an intuition to which his previous knowledge helped him. Duplay had been baffled by Harry's diplomacy and Mrs. Sears and the fifty-five hundred party at their party home on Sidney. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. J. White, Miss Girtrude Brethour, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Brown, Mr. Adams (the lawyer), Mr. A. L. Wilson, Mrs. Critchley, Mr. R. Brethour, Mr. T. Dixon (Vancouver), and Mr. Edgar Brethour.

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Merely Some Which Has Not Been Advertised REAL ESTATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPLIES TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

Letters in reply to advertisements in the classified columns of the Times...

WANTED-MALE HELP.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED-First-class baker, who understands bread and pastry.

WANTED-Respectable boy for delivery.

WANTED-Good carpenter, good wages.

WANTED-First-class carpenter, D. H. Hale, Rithet street.

WANTED-Smart boy, to drive and make himself useful in store.

WANTED-A bake house boy.

MEN WANTED. Apply B. C. Soap Works.

WANTED-First-class carpet layer.

WANTED-Telegraph operators desiring employment with Western Telegraph Company.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON may earn \$5 to \$100 monthly.

WANTED-FEMALE HELP.

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WANTED-Experienced waitress.

WANTED-First-class waitress.

WANTED-Two waitresses.

WANTED-A woman to do general house work.

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WANTED-Ladies to do plain and light sewing at home.

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE.

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YOUNG MAN, in years experience in commercial business.

WANTED-Position in office by young man, seven years' experience.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced office clerk, competent to take charge.

CONTRACTORS-We can furnish you with laborers, or any kind of men.

FOR SALE.

ENGLISH SETTER PUPS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-At Mt. Tomline, a beautiful 12 roomed bungalow.

LETTER COPYING MACHINE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-General purpose horse, guaranteed gentle and reliable.

CITE ON & CO., 114 Yates street, make ladies' dresses to order.

FOR SALE-Shogun, 12 bore, \$10; revolver, \$2 cal., \$20; tool chest, \$15.

A GOOD DRIVING HORSE FOR SALE.

TO LET.

TO LET-Two unfurnished rooms.

TO LET-6 roomed furnished cottage.

FURNISHED room for let, centrally located and pleasantly situated.

TO LET-Furnished, modern, up-to-date, 3 roomed house.

APPROPRIATE TO LET-In Bank of Montreal.

TO LET-6 roomed furnished cottage.

ROBERTSON & GRIFFITH.

TO RENT-House of 3 rooms, well furnished, with beautiful lawn.

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PARSONS, LOVE & CO.

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE, LOANS, & GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENTS.

A. B. McNEILL.

PHONO 645. 17 TRONCE AVE.

A SNAP IN A HOME.

Brick and -one foundation, small cellar, all modern conveniences.

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE.

Brick and -one foundation, small cellar, all modern conveniences.

PRICE \$2,500.

GOOD TERMS.

It will pay you to examine this as an investment, speculation or for a home.

EMPIRE REALTY CO.

Real Estate and Financial Brokers.

66 YATES ST. VICTORIA, B. C.

KINGSTON STREET-Six room house, sewer and water, lot \$12,000.

HENRY STREET-Twelve rooms, sewer, water, electric light and bath; \$4,000.

SAYWARD AVENUE-One and one-half story house; \$1,800.

PEMBROKE STREET-Five room cottage; \$1,400.

SIMCOE STREET-Eight rooms, sewer, water, bath, four bedrooms; \$3,000.

Can give you good terms on all of the above.

C. NEWTON YOUNG.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT, NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.

PHONE 8. DUNCAN, V. L. B. C.

FOR SALE IN DUNCANS, BUSINESS AND BUILDING LOTS, GOING BARGAINES.

ON SOMENOS LAKE, ONE MILE FROM DUNCANS.

FARM-6 acres, 10 cultivated, 15 shaded, house, barn and outbuildings, orchard, stock and implements, \$5,000.

20 ACRES-3 acres cultivated, all shaded and seeded, beautiful view, \$2,500.

ON QUAMICHAN LAKE, 2 MILES FROM DUNCANS.

1/4 ACRES-House, stable, chicken house, good view, shaded and fenced, beautiful view, \$3,500.

Notice is hereby given to Messrs. N. S. Clarke and Rowland Lea to pay into Messrs. Paul Cramer and Fred Pollock the sum of \$500, being their share of assessment work done on the following described lands...

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that we, Christen Jacobson, miner, and Francis Joseph Alma Green, timber cruiser, of Quatsino and Leonard Frank, etc., Alberton, B. C., intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands...

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that A. A. Clark of Victoria, B. C., cruiser, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: No. 1. Commencing at a post marked A. A. Clark's N. W. corner post, situated at N. W. corner of Section 5, Township 4, Range 10, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that William L. Thompson and Herbert J. Hillier, of Ucluelet, B. C., timber operators, intend to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 5 miles up Lucky Creek, Toquoc Harbor, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF CLAYQUOIT.

Take notice that William L. Thompson and Herbert J. Hillier, of Ucluelet, B. C., timber operators, intend to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 5 miles up Lucky Creek, Toquoc Harbor, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF NOOTKA.

Take notice that Jas. K. Buchanan, of Spokane, Wash., lumberman, intends to apply for a special license over the following described lands: No. 23. Commencing at a post planted on the east shore of Plover Island, near the south end of Tahsis Canal, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF CLAYQUOIT.

Take notice that James Brock, of Claycoquit, prospector, intends to apply for a special license over the following described lands: No. 18. Commencing at a post planted on the east shore of Plover Island, near the south end of Tahsis Canal, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that A. A. Clark, of Victoria, B. C., occupation, cruiser, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 5 miles up Lucky Creek, Toquoc Harbor, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that I. Robert J. Porter, of Victoria, B. C., occupation, butcher, intend to apply for a special license over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of section 24, Township 4, Range 10, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF CLAYQUOIT.

Take notice that William L. Thompson, of Ucluelet, B. C., timber operator, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 5 miles up Lucky Creek, Toquoc Harbor, etc.

80 chains south, 80 chains east, 80 chains north to point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less. Located July 21st, 1907, by Jas. W. Jones and Jas. L. Steele, agents. WILLIAM J. M'KEON, August 8th, 1907.

Take notice that I. William J. McKeon, of Victoria, B. C., occupation, broker, intend to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: No. 2. Limit—Commencing at a post planted on the east shore of Plover Island, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that A. A. Clark of Victoria, B. C., cruiser, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: No. 1. Commencing at a post marked A. A. Clark's N. W. corner post, situated at N. W. corner of Section 5, Township 4, Range 10, etc.

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ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF CLAYQUOIT.

Take notice that William L. Thompson, of Ucluelet, B. C., timber operator, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 5 miles up Lucky Creek, Toquoc Harbor, etc.

corner of T. L. No. 14,563, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 120 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less. ROBERT L. MORSE, July 19th, 1907.

Take notice that Robt. L. Morse, timberman, of Seattle, Wash., intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: No. 1. Commencing at a post planted on the east shore of Plover Island, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that A. A. Clark of Victoria, B. C., cruiser, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: No. 1. Commencing at a post marked A. A. Clark's N. W. corner post, situated at N. W. corner of Section 5, Township 4, Range 10, etc.

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Take notice that Jas. K. Buchanan, of Spokane, Wash., lumberman, intends to apply for a special license over the following described lands: No. 23. Commencing at a post planted on the east shore of Plover Island, near the south end of Tahsis Canal, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF CLAYQUOIT.

Take notice that James Brock, of Claycoquit, prospector, intends to apply for a special license over the following described lands: No. 18. Commencing at a post planted on the east shore of Plover Island, near the south end of Tahsis Canal, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that A. A. Clark, of Victoria, B. C., occupation, cruiser, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 5 miles up Lucky Creek, Toquoc Harbor, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RUPERT.

Take notice that I. Robert J. Porter, of Victoria, B. C., occupation, butcher, intend to apply for a special license over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of section 24, Township 4, Range 10, etc.

ALBERNI LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF CLAYQUOIT.

Take notice that William L. Thompson, of Ucluelet, B. C., timber operator, intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 5 miles up Lucky Creek, Toquoc Harbor, etc.

The Merchants Bank OF CANADA HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL. SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT DEPOSITS RECEIVED OF ONE DOLLAR AND UPWARDS. INTEREST COMPOUNDED FOUR TIMES EACH YEAR. NO DELAY IN WITHDRAWING. PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL ENQUIRIES FROM OUT-OF-TOWN POINTS. VICTORIA BRANCH, 76 DOUGLAS STREET. R. F. TAYLOR, Manager

although there were no bones broken, it will be some time before he gets round. The victim in the second case was a colored digger, named M. Daniels. He was lowering a rope down the shaft by means of a rope and a post. He had a turn or two of the rope round the post, and allowed the box to start with two much of a jerk. The result was the post was pulled out, and, in falling, it struck Daniels across the front of the face and the chest. He also got tangled up in the rope and was dragged some distance down the shaft before the box was stopped. He is now progressing as favorably as can be expected.

The members of the Oddfellows' Lodge here, together with the Rebekahs, will hold a basket picnic tomorrow at Duncey by the sea. The local aerle of the F. O. E. has been disappointed in its arrangements for an outing to Vancouver on Labor Day. Considerable progress had been made with the arrangements, and indeed the steamer Joan had been chartered and tickets already sold. Then a communication from G. L. Courtney, to the effect that any person who had made the week-end trip to Campbell river would be entitled to return to Vancouver on the Monday. As the local aerle had no means of ascertaining just how much passenger accommodation this would take from them they felt obliged to cancel all their arrangements and the tickets already sold are now being recalled. The aerle will hold a dance in the opera house to-morrow night. This is the first dance of the season.

The local police have been unable to apprehend the party responsible for the rifling of two storerooms on the Princess May while the vessel was from the present depot to the Wellington colliery bunkers. Some of the stolen property has been recovered, and further inquiries will be prosecuted. In the case of the Stovo boys, on whom Judge Harrison reserved sentence, as reported last week, on a charge of breaking into a C. P. R. freight car, His Honor decided to let them off with a fine of \$100 each, producing a bond in the sum of \$100 each for twelve months. As for the older boy, he was sent to a reformatory for a term of two years.

In the case of Elks, sent up for trial on a charge of attempting to stab G. Hall, Judge Harrison dismissed the charges. Trade at the wharf continues as brisk as ever. The Dunerick cleared for northern ports on Thursday evening with a full cargo of sacked coal. Her place will shortly be taken by the steamship Pleiades. The steamship Wellington has almost completed her cargo, and the steamship Mackinaw is expected in. Of smaller vessels the W. Jolliffe, Hope, Eagle, Escort, Selkirk, Princess May, Queen City, Fawn, Freda, Progressive, J. C. Boydon, Frances Cutting, Edith, Tees, Midge, Trader and Hustler have coaled, and the Flyer, Clayburn and Stetson have been in with coals.

Mrs. J. W. Jensen, of Nanaimo, visited friends in Ladysmith on Wednesday. Miss K. Dunbar, of Wellington, is staying with Mr. and Mrs. J. Dunbar this week. Mrs. J. Bickle took a trip down the line on Wednesday. Messrs. B. Forcimer and J. Both spent a day in Ladysmith during the week. Mr. Frank Reynolds, late managing editor of the Ladysmith Leader, paid a visit to Ladysmith on Thursday. Miss Elman returned from a trip to Victoria on Wednesday. Mayor Planta, of Nanaimo, and Mayor Coburn were in the city on business during the week. Mr. A. McMurtree went up to Nanaimo on Thursday. Ralph Smith, M. P., was in Ladysmith during the week and. Mr. J. Gould and family have sold out in Ladysmith and gone to a ranch in the Nanaimo district. Judge Harrison was in town on Wednesday, going up to Nanaimo on Thursday. Mr. R. Walker, who has been prospecting down the line, returned to Ladysmith on Thursday. Mr. Wm. Beveridge, who recently leased the Grand hotel to Messrs. G. Hepple and C. Smith, has bought out the Boulder hotel in Vancouver.

There have been two accidents at No. 3 mine this week, both of rather a serious nature. The first happened on Sunday afternoon, when a member of the local gun club, he was employed to lower two laden boxes down a shaft when, before he could get them coupled, they started to run away. The grade, Tassin, was between the boxes and could easily have got out of danger. However, he knew there were men working at the foot of the shaft, and being afraid they might be injured by the boxes, he did not jump. The result was that the boxes were crushed to death. As it was a very heavy grade, the boxes caught him and had it not jumped the track when right upon him, he would have been crushed to death. It was a very heavy grade, the boxes caught him and had it not jumped the track when right upon him, he would have been crushed to death. It was a very heavy grade, the boxes caught him and had it not jumped the track when right upon him, he would have been crushed to death.

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EXPORTERS MUST EXERCISE CARE. Strathcona Says British Consumers Are Becoming More Fastidious Regarding Food Products.

Ottawa, Aug. 23.—Lord Strathcona's annual report to the department of trade and commerce on the work of the commercial agency in connection with the high commissioner's office was received this morning. The keynote to the conclusions drawn from the observations of Canadian export trade conditions in Great Britain during the past year is contained in the concluding paragraph of Lord Strathcona's remarks: "The prosperity of the Kingdom is shown by the trade returns to be increasing month by month. As a result the great consumers of Canadian products, the working classes, have enjoyed a full measure of employment, and at present there is no indication of any change in these conditions. It may be stated in conclusion, however, that the working classes of England are becoming more and more fastidious in regard to food products, and that the authorities are imposing greater precautions to insure admission of high class products in first class condition. It is therefore behooves those countries, like Canada, seeking the great British market, to adopt the utmost care and caution in regard to the quality of products intended for the British Isles."

The report notes the gratifying growth in the exports of Canadian agricultural products to Great Britain, and emphasizes the necessity of greater care being taken in keeping the quality of butter and cheese, fruit and bacon up to the standard. In respect to cheese, especially, it is noted that the shippers are shipping it too green and in boxes of improperly seasoned wood. As a result many complaints have been received. Speaking of the markets for wool pulp, his lordship notes that the present short supply of pulp and paper is causing apprehension among large British publishing concerns, and higher prices are looked for.

Both the amendment and motion were seconded by Rev. J. Arndt. "That the Synod declare it to be the duty of all the clergy to impress upon the members of the Anglican church the necessity of observing the Lord's Day in the manner prescribed by Canon 33 of the Church of England; yet is not prepared to ask the provincial government to enforce the duty of the clergy, and hereby urges on the duty or purpose of our church to suggest persecution to gain its end, but rather to go use its power and influence so as to gain therein by precept and example."

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THE DOMINION LORD'S DAY ACT Resolutions Before Synod of Columbia—Women to Have Voice in Church Affairs.

Nanaimo, Aug. 23.—The sessions of the Synod of Columbia were of more than usual interest yesterday. Rev. Silva White, of St. Paul's church, Nanaimo, introduced a resolution dealing with the Lord's Day Act, as follows: "That this Synod place on record its appreciation of the fact that the Dominion Lord's Day Act has passed the Dominion parliament, and hereby urges on the provincial government, the vital necessity there is to see this law enforced within the bounds of this province."

W. H. Hayward moved in amendment, seconded by Rev. J. Arndt. "That the Synod declare it to be the duty of all the clergy to impress upon the members of the Anglican church the necessity of observing the Lord's Day in the manner prescribed by Canon 33 of the Church of England; yet is not prepared to ask the provincial government to enforce the duty of the clergy, and hereby urges on the duty or purpose of our church to suggest persecution to gain its end, but rather to go use its power and influence so as to gain therein by precept and example."

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\$1.00 Per in

ARGUMENT FOR ALL-RED ELOQUENT TRIBUTE TO SIR WILFRID

Hamar Greenwood, Member of the Imperial Parliament, Disputes the Prosperity of Dominion

(From Thursday's Daily Colonist) "I have no politics in the number among my readers of both Canadian and American claim to be an impartial, but in reference to the pro-ter Canada, I can fairly say that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is to-day the greatest statesman of the Empire," says Mr. Hamar M. P., York England. "His listeners to with respect as they carry great weight of reasons," he continued. "I place his is the oldest of members, and he represents a nation that owe adherence to the French descent in no wise feeling and his suggestions are with the most important of the great self-colonies. Then his reason, his clear thinking and his eloquence make him a great asset to the Dominion. The fact that he is a Frenchman does not make him any the less a great asset to the Dominion. The fact that he is a Frenchman does not make him any the less a great asset to the Dominion. The fact that he is a Frenchman does not make him any the less a great asset to the Dominion."

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WILSON'S FLY PADS One packet has actually killed a bushel of flies. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND GENERAL STORES. 10c. per packet, or 3 packets for 25c. Will last a whole season.