



CANADA

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MILITARY TEAM TO TANZANIA

The Prime Minister issued the following statement on December 8 concerning the provisions of Canadian military training and advisory assistance to the United Republic of Tanzania:

On September 22, 1964, the Secretary of State for External Affairs stated in the House of Commons that the Government was actively considering requests for military assistance which had been received from Tanzania, and that a military survey team had been sent to that country. The team have since submitted their report, and the Government has, after careful consideration, concurred in their recommendation that the most valuable contribution Canada could make to the development of the Tanzanian defence and security forces would be in the field of military training and advice concerning defence organization. It has, therefore, been agreed between the Tanzanian and Canadian Governments that a Canadian military training and advisory team of approximately 30 personnel should be established in Tanzania. The commander and a small advance party are expected to arrive in Dar-es-Salaam in approximately one month's time. The programme which we have agreed upon also calls for the work of the team in Tanzania to be supplemented by the provision of training in Canada for selected Tanzanian personnel.

TRAINING CENTRE

The second major component of our programme consists of the provision of assistance in the devel-

opment of training facilities, including a permanent training centre, in Tanzania. In the immediate future, we shall be arranging to provide an engineering survey and, to the extent that the survey shows it would be economic and appropriate to do so, we shall also be prepared to bear the foreign exchange costs of constructing the training centre.

It is a source of great personal satisfaction to me that suitable means have been found for Canada to co-operate with the United Republic of Tanzania in the development of the defence and internal security forces of that important member of the Commonwealth. We respect the desire of the Tanzanian Government to follow a policy of non-alignment, and the programme which has been agreed in principle between our two Governments is in no way intended to interfere with that policy. However, experience has shown that the assurance of stability is an essential prerequisite for the implementation of effective programmes of economic and social development, and such stability cannot be assured without adequate security forces. That Canada should assist Tanzania in the training and organization of such forces is entirely appropriate, particularly in view of the contributions we are already making to Tanzania's development programme. We have in the past enjoyed very close relations with the Government of Tanzania under the outstanding leadership of President Nyerere, and I hope that these relations will be further strengthened by our co-operation in this very important field.

TWENTIETH ESCORT OFF SLIP

The twentieth ship of a postwar programme for the construction of destroyer escorts for the Royal Canadian Navy will be commissioned as HMCS "Annapolis" on December 19 at Halifax, Nova Scotia. The ship bears the name of a Nova Scotia river and perpetuates the name of a Second World War destroyer of the RCN.

The programme for the building of destroyer escorts of Canadian design and construction began with the laying down of HMCS "St. Laurent", name-ship of the seven in her class, in 1950 at Montreal. Seven more advanced destroyer escorts, of the "Restigouche" class, came off the ways of Canadian shipyards, followed by four of the further improved "Mackenzie" class.

NEW FEATURES

The new "Annapolis" is the name-ship of yet another class, in the construction stage of which are incorporated a hangar and flight deck for the all-weather operation of the "Sea King" anti-submarine turbocopter. The ship also has variable-depth sonar. A sister ship, HMCS "Nipigon", was commissioned in May at Sorel, Quebec. Ships of the original "St. Laurent" class are being converted to the same configuration, so that they can match the capabilities of the most modern submarines.

The original HMCS "Annapolis" was one of 50 destroyers the United States exchanged with Britain for the lease of strategic bases off the North American coast during the Second World War. With six other destroyers, she was commissioned and manned by the RCN. The first "Annapolis" served on escort duties in the Western Atlantic, from 1940 to 1944, and in 1944-45 was a training ship at HMCS "Cornwallis", the RCN training establishment in the Annapolis Basin.

COLUMBIA RIVER BOARD

Canada and the United States have appointed two members each to the Columbia River Permanent Engineering Board, which is required by the terms of the Columbia River Treaty.

The Canadian appointees, announced recently by National Resources Minister Arthur Laing, are Gordon M. MacNabb, senior hydraulic engineer in the Water Resources Branch of Mr. Laing's department, and Arthur M. Paget, Deputy Minister of Water Resources for the Province of British Columbia. The United States appointees are Wendell E. Johnson, chief of the Engineering Division Office of the Chief of Engineers, Department of the Army, and Morgan D. Dubrow, assistant and engineering research adviser on water-power development, Department of the Interior.

The Columbia River Treaty between Canada and the United States was ratified in Ottawa on September 16, 1964. The Treaty and its protocol provide for international co-operation in the water-resources development of the Columbia River basin.

FUNCTIONS OF THE BOARD

Article XV of that Treaty, which calls for the appointment of the Permanent Engineering Board within three months of the ratification of the Treaty, also outlines the functions of the Board as:

- a) to assemble records of the flow of the Columbia River and the Kootenay River at the Canada-United States boundary;
- b) to report to Canada and the United States of America whenever there is substantial deviation from the hydro-electric and flood-control operating plans and, if appropriate, include in the report recommendations for remedial action and compensatory adjustments;
- c) to assist in reconciling differences concerning technical or operational matters that may arise between the entities;
- d) to make periodic inspections and require reports as necessary from the entities with a view to ensuring that the objectives of the Treaty are being met;
- e) to make reports to Canada and the United States at least once a year of the results being achieved under the Treaty and to make special reports concerning any matters it considers should be brought to their attention;
- f) to investigate and report with respect to any other matter coming within the scope of the Treaty at the request of either Canada or the United States.

Directions relating to administration and procedures of the Board are to be agreed on by Canada and the United States through an exchange of notes.

BRITONS FOR WINTER TRAINING

Regular soldiers of the British Army will train in Canada in February and March 1965 to gain experience in winter-warfare conditions, it was announced recently by Canadian Forces Headquarters. This will be the fifth consecutive year British troops have undergone such training. The units are "L" (NERV) Battery of the 2nd Light Regiment, Royal Artillery, and "B" Company of the 1st Battalion, The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers.

The 130 gunners will train at the Royal Canadian School of Artillery, Camp Shilo, Manitoba, from February 2 to March 13, in an exercise called "Bright Water". They will bring six 105-mm pack howitzers with them. The 160 infantrymen, who hail from all parts of Ireland, will take part in cold-weather and winter-warfare training at Camp Wainwright, Alberta, during the same period. The infantry exercise will be called "Frozen Jump".

RECCE AND ADVANCE PARTIES

Reconnaissance parties are now in Canada arranging for the reception and training of advance parties and main bodies. Advance parties consisting of 40 instructors will arrive in early January to take a winter-indoctrination course.

Each unit will be flown from Britain by "Britannia", aircraft of the Royal Air Force Transport Command.

HUMAN RIGHTS MESSAGE

The following message was sent to the Secretary-General of the United Nations by Prime Minister L.B. Pearson on December 10, the sixteenth anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights:

December 1964 marks the sixteenth anniversary of the adoption of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, so today we are again celebrating Human Rights Day. We note with satisfaction that the valuable work of the United Nations, governments, private groups and individuals in the field of human rights has continued uninterrupted.

In the past 16 years, we have seen arise from the deliberations of the United Nations such varied and important legal documents and studies as those on the political rights of women, the abolition of slavery, the status of refugees, nondiscrimination in education, the abolition of forced labour, the rights of children, the right of asylum and the protection of minorities. The United Nations has already made significant progress in its efforts to

fulfill the aim of its Charter - "to achieve international co-operation in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion".

Significant progress, does not, however, justify relaxation of our efforts, because areas of glaring injustice remain untouched. To this end, Canada, especially through its membership on the United Nations Human Rights Commission, is now sharing in the task of drafting international declarations and conventions on the elimination of all forms of racial discrimination and religious intolerance. As individuals we must demonstrate in the daily conduct of our lives, our national dedication to the great principles enshrined in the Universal Declaration.

It is thus on a note of optimism coupled with a realistic appraisal of what remains to be done that Canada joins with other states in the celebration of Human Rights Day, December 10, 1964.

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CANADIAN FUNDS FOR LATIN AMERICA

The Canadian Government recently entered into an agreement with the Inter-American Development Bank under which Canada would make available up to \$10 million to finance economic, technical and educational assistance projects in Latin America. The agreement setting out the arrangements under which the Bank would act on behalf of Canada as the administrator of agreed projects was signed in New York by Mr. Paul Martin, the Canadian Secretary of State for External Affairs, and by Mr. Felipe Herrera, President of the Bank.

USE OF FUNDS

The Bank will use the funds to make loans for such programmes and projects as may be agreed on for periods of up to 50 years, depending on the type of project to be financed. The loans may be free of interest or made under such other concessional terms as are agreed on by Canada and the Bank. Repayment will be in Canadian dollars, and loans will bear appropriate service charges.

In the past, Canada has co-operated with the Inter-American Bank through parallel financing operations and through the purchase by Canadian banks of participations in Inter-American Bank loans for economic development in Latin America. In addition, Canadian investors have purchased bonds sold by the Bank in the U.S. market.

ROLE OF BANK

Under the agreement, the Bank will have the primary responsibility for selecting and processing loan projects and for establishing the terms and conditions for the loans in accordance with the provisions of the agreement, applying the operational procedures it normally uses in operations with its resources. The Bank will consult Canada during the various

stages of project consideration. Loan contracts agreed on will be signed by the Bank on behalf of the Canadian Government.

Proceeds of the loans extended under the agreement will be used for the purchase of goods and services in Canada under a competitive bidding system among Canadian suppliers.

Provision has been made for the possible allocation of additional funds in the future.

The agreement represents a further step in the Bank's efforts to mobilize resources for Latin America's development. The Bank previously has sold bond issues and participations in its loans and promoted parallel financing operations as the means of increasing the flow of capital from non-member countries to Latin America.

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FILM PRODUCTION

The gross revenue of private firms primarily engaged in the production and printing of motion pictures totalled \$12,214,008 in 1963, slightly above the preceding year's \$12,108,816. Production accounted for \$7,866,885 (\$7,312,205 in 1962); printing and other laboratory operations, \$3,939,275 (\$3,946,179); and other sources, \$407,848 (\$850,432).

VIDEO TAPE

The gross revenue of firms primarily engaged in video-tape production was \$2,340,804, an increase of 20.8 per cent over the 1962 figure of \$1,938,509. Production accounted for \$1,926,199 (\$1,490,076 in 1962), and revenue from other sources was \$415,605 (\$448,433).

Salaries and wages paid by firms engaged in the production and printing of motion pictures totalled \$3,901,379 in 1963, compared with \$3,728,592 in the previous year; salaries and wages paid by firms engaged in video-tape production were \$358,629 in 1963, compared with \$329,733 in 1962.

FLOOD RELIEF FOR VIETNAM

The Secretary of State for External Affairs, Mr. Paul Martin, announced recently the Canadian Government's decision to provide \$15,000 in emergency relief assistance to victims of recent floods in central Vietnam. Prime Minister Pearson had already forwarded the following message of sympathy to Prime Minister Huong of South Vietnam:

"Reports of recent flood disasters in central Vietnam have been a source of deep regret to me and my colleagues in the Canadian Government. On behalf of the Canadian Government and the people of Canada I wish to convey to you and to the people directly affected by this tragedy an expression of our sympathy in the loss of life and the destruction suffered as a result of this disaster".

The funds now made available by the Canadian Government will be used for the purpose of relief supplies to be selected on the basis of recommendations from the Canadian Red Cross.

DELEGATION TO NATO MEETING

The composition of the Canadian delegation to the NATO ministerial meeting to be held in Paris from December 15 to 17 was announced recently. It will be led by the Secretary of State for External Affairs, Mr. Paul Martin, and the Minister of National Defence, Mr. Paul T. Hellyer. They will be assisted by the Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs, Mr. Marcel Cadieux, the Chief of the Defence Staff, Air Chief Marshall F.R. Miller, the Permanent Representative of Canada to the North Atlantic Council, Mr. George Ignatieff, and officials from the two departments.

CANADIAN ENTERTAINERS IN CYPRUS

A group of top Canadian professional entertainers visited Cyprus from December 3 to 12, where they entertained the Canadian troops and other United Nations peace-keeping units. The troupe organized by the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation and under the auspices of the Department of National Defence, presented six shows. Highlights of the "Cyprus Showcase" and Christmas messages from Canadian servicemen in Cyprus will be broadcast on the coast-to-coast network of the CBC on Christmas Day.

Master of ceremonies for the group was the versatile Gordie Tapp, well-known star of the television show "Country Hoedown", with the "Rhythm Pals" of the "Tommy Hunter Show". Janet Stewart, with her sophisticated "song styling", was featured on the programme, with Bert Niosi and his band. Rosanne Hopkins, popular stage and TV dance personality, was also a member of the group, as well as the champion baton twirlers, Joan and Barbara Lounsbury, who were recently guest stars on the "Ed Sullivan Show".

PEAK NAMED FOR J.F.K.

A mountain in the Yukon Territory has been named Mount Kennedy in memory of the late President of the United States. One of the highest peaks in Canada that had remained unnamed, Mount Kennedy is a massive rock, rugged and prominent, rising approximately 14,000 feet to a sharp peak. Surrounded by glaciers and overlooking the mighty Seward Glacier to the south, it is approximately 180 miles due west of Whitehorse and within 15 miles of the Alaska boundary. Mount Logan, Canada's highest mountain (19,850 feet), is five miles to the northeast. Its precise location is Lat. 60° 30' N - Long. 140° 28' W.

COLOMBO STUDENTS IN OTTAWA

Thirty students enrolled in the Public Administration Course at Carleton University in Ottawa and representing 19 Colombo Plan countries, recently toured the headquarters of the Department of Public Works. They were welcomed by Mr. Lucien Lalonde, the Deputy Minister, and sat in on the Department's regular weekly meeting of branch and division heads.

During the week they were briefed on the organization and operation of the Harbours and Rivers Engineering Branch, the Development Engineering Branch, the Property and Building Management Branch, the Purchasing and Stores Branch, the Administrative Services and the Financial Services.

The countries represented by the group were Trinidad and Tobago, Jamaica, British Guiana, Barbados, British Honduras, Saint Lucia, Antigua, Malaysia, Indonesia, Pakistan, Nepal, Somalia, Basutoland, Rhodesia, Sierra Leone, Swaziland, Cameroun, Brunei and the Philippines.