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Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, Nov. 22, 1916

3 cents a copy

BROCKVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

Materials For Xmas Fancy Work

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WOOLS OF ALL KINDS

English Flannelette

We have a big stock of Imported Flannelettes, guaranteed old stock and fast colors' suitable for soldiers.

PYJAMAS

5000 vds. English Flannelette, 36 inches, all colors, worth to day 25c a yd, sale price 20c a yd.

Special sale of all our Labies and Misses Suits: also a few

New Christmas Waists, Undershirts, and Scarfs in crepe-de chene now on display.

R. DAVIS & SON, BROCKVILLE

ANNUAL FUR SALE

With \$25,000 Samples

IN THE SAMPLE ROOMS OF THE ARMSTRONG HOUSE TUESDAY, NOV. 28

A chance to get anything you need in this line at Bargain prices.

Don't forget the Date.

LAMB & JOHNSTON A. TAYLOR & SON

PRIVATE CRUMPLER HONORED ON RETURN

Glen Elbe Presents Returned Hero with an Address and a Cane-Fine Program. (Special Correspondence)

A large number of friends of Pte. Fred Coumpler who lately returned from the front, assembled at the Glen Elbe School house on the evening of Nov. 14 to do honor to one who first offered his services to the Empire at the time of the Boer War but was not accepted. Later he joined the Royal Navy and served three years, when from concussion at the firing of the Royal Salute at the burial of cur late Queen Victoria he became slightly deafened and was finally discharged and came to Canada and after seven years of irre roachable life among us, he once offered his services on behalf of the Empire in the Autumn of 1914. Now stage here. The oratorical contest after, serving eleven and one half brought out some promising material menths at the front, he has with an and the speeches were very good. honourable discharge returned to his Miss Keitha Smith was considered by adopted home, one of the eighty men who remain out of the eleven hundred class and Hope Swayne in the boys' who left Kingston two years ago. The class. school children had prepared an excellprogram of Patriotic charuses; and Mr. Thomas Horsefield of Athens addded greatly to the pleasure of the even- topical songs were sung. Mr. Burlittle Delbert Davis of Addis a who cave two splendid readings.

Respected Friend - We, your friends to extend to you a welcome home aid not only a welcome, but to pay you a tribute of honor; recognizing as we do X Death of Miss Amelia Stone your devotion to your King and Countrv. Although you have for the last few years been waking your bome in one of England's fairest colonies, when the news was flashed over the world that England the motherland was in danger of invasion by a toreign foe and the clarions call for belp cange; like a (Continued on page 4)

A. H. S. SPORTS

the sports of the High School during Lander, predeceased her thirty years the Fall were planned to extend over several weeks. The new arrangement worked very satisfactorily, and the by Rev. Mr. Commerford, the pastor student body benefited thereby.

prised in a tennis tournament in which at 2 o'clock. Interment was made in a number of girls took part. The the Lehigh Burying ground. tournament was almost completed The pail bearers were: Messrs. when the snow came, but it is intended William. Ennis. G. M. Leverette, Dairymen's Board of trade on Thurshat the finals will be played in the

The boys' sports were along three

(a) Tennis tournament

(b) Cross country running

(c) Soccer football

complete. Owing to the cold weather was most impressive. Among the the finals had to be postponed till

In the running, the prize winners

1st--A. Swayne 2nd-A. Taber

3rd-G. Claxton

next week.

Distance—1½ miles, time 9½ min.

1st-D. Johnston

2nd-G. Drummond 3rd-E. Landon Distance—13 miles, time 81 min.

A service in memory of Private Roscoe DeWolfe, who was killed in action on Oct. 25, took place in Christ's th Leeds and Grenville Battalion state church Wednesday evening, when the Rev. Rural Dean Swayne preached a and many of the members transferred sermon, which, with the service, will long be remembered. Ptc. DeWolfe, Bedell and Lt. Col. C. W. Wilkinson who was a bugler and stretcher-bearer will return to Canada. in the 47th Battalion C. E. F., was an Athens boy and a great many people of the village were present to pay their at all to the liking of Canadians. Sev. respect to the memory of one more eral are getting leave to visit historic dead Canadian hero.

CAPACITY HOUSE AT COMMENCEMENT

The Athens High School Commencetown hall. Every seat was sold, and profiting from last year's experience with so large an attendance each detail worked out smoothly to the great credit of those in charge. The relatives of the students were present from all parts of center Leeds and the village itself was well represented.

features this year-one oratory, and the other a superb, intricate scarf drill by young ladies of the school. The dill was the finest ever seen on the the judges to be the best in the girls'

The cadets gave a first class rifle drill; a violin trio and violin solo were readings. Miss Gertrude Cross and given by students; choruses were sung, medals presented; and the wonderful ing by their plendid singing as did also chell, principal of the school filled the chair in his usual happy manner.

The students also favored the aud-Master Jimmy Bates read the follow- lience with those rip-rip and razzle-dazzle selections that belong to the sissboom-ba class of music-the school and neighbors have met this evening yells that always linger tondly in the memory, of graduates.

The death occurred at Frankville on Sanday November 19, at the home of her sister, Mrs. R. Richards, of Miss X Arthur Larmour, a former resident, Amelia Stone, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Urish Stone, in her

in Athens but had returned to Franktrue British son you responded cheer- ville, her birthplace, less than a year

of the Methodist church, at the home The girls' sports have been com- of Mrs. Richards on Monday afternoon

Epworth League Rally

enly King"—Miss S. Landon
Address, "The Canadian Soldier"-Miss V. Robeson

Address, "The Christian's Uniform'
—Miss G. Cross
Recitation, "This is the Day"
—Miss W. Steacy

Other members who took individua parts were :

Messrs. H. Brown, R. Hamblen, and The football results will be given Rev. Vickery. Miss Mabel Row some was pianist. The League looks forward to a successful winter's endeavor.

156th Is Broken Up

Letters from Athens boys of the 156 that the battalion has been broken up to the 119th and 120th Battalion. It is camp rumor that Lt. Col. T. C. D.

A number of the boys have been found to be medically unfit for trench service. The weather is miserable. not

Athens Town Hall Filled by Friends of Athens High School Students Who Gave the Annual Commencement Exer-cises—Program One of the Best in Years.

neut was held Friday evening in the

The program had two outstanding

Deceased had lived for thirty years

Surviving here are one brother and two sisters. Dr. H. H. Stone, of Los Angeles; Mrs. L. J. Cornwall, of Kenora; and Mrs. R. Richards, of Instead of a special "Field Day," Frankville. One sister, Mrs. (Dr.)

The funeral service was conducted

W. Looby, L. W. Livingston.

Monday evening, the Epworth League of the Methodist church presented their Rally program in the The tennis tournament is not yet Sunday school room. The program many enjoyable numbers, the following deserve special mention :

The message from "Old World"-Mr. S. J. G. Nichols

Address, "Recruiting for Our Heav

Miss Adda Hunt left Athens on Wednesday for New York City where she will spend the winter.

Greenbush, have taken up residence in Athens on Mill street.

appeared the name of Sergeant Cockrill as dangerously ill. Sergeant Cockrill's home is at Seeley's Bay and he is well known in Athens, having attended High School here and later teaching at Charleston rural school.

Mr. and Mrs. Christopher Richards, of Toronto, are visiting Mrs. H. E. Cornell. Mr. Richards was for many years a merchant at Jasper and served the counties as Warden. He has been residing in Toronto for several years.

TELEGRAM

Usual Business Stenographic, Civil Service and Farmers' Sons' Winter Courses at the Brockville College

CAPITAL AUTHORIZED \$10,000,000
CAPITAL PAID UP \$7,000,004
RESERVE FUNDS \$7,250,98

Every department of Banking efficiently conducted.

Special attention given to Farmers' Business, Cheese Factory and Dairy Accounts.

YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED

ATHENS BRANCH.

F. A. ROBERTSON, Manager

Frankville Office Open Wednesdays.

LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. H. R. Know!ton returned yes terday from a trip to Ottawa. -Mitts, gloves, horse blankets, over alls and smocks at the Bazaar.

Collectors for the Bible Society were making the rounds last week. The Lyndhurst Fair Grounds will

be sold by auction to-day. -Hides and live poultry wanted-

at C. H. Willson, Athens.

Mr. S. W. Kelly was in Ottawa last week attending the Liberal Convention K Born, on Sunday, Nov. 19, to Mr. be interspersed with musical numbersand Mrs. Frank Gifford, a son.

Miss Doreen Davis, of Chantry, spent the week end with triends here. -For values in rubbers and felt footwear try Kendrick's

Miss Beatrice Webster of Lyndhurst, was a guest of Miss Bessie Johnston.

Mr. Yates Avery has leased the L. Dunham farm.

has leased Albert Wiltse's farm, Char-Mr. and Mrs. Harry Berney, of Brockville, motored to Athens yester-

day. They were accompanied by Mrs. Arthur Parish. -Get your orders in early for wood. Weather conditions will affect delivery.

Small lots delivered immediately-R. J. Campo. Mrs. George Pattimore is suffering considerably from a badly swollen eye

and is under the care of an oculist. Miss Myrtle Cross recently spent a

couple of weeks with her sister, Mrs. Murray Day, Gananoque. The many friends of Mrs. Patton will be pleased to know that her health

is greatly improved. Cheese sold at 25c on the Brockville

-Last vear's heavy buying of under wear enables us to offer exceptional values. See them before buying-T. S. Kendrick.

Mr. Robt. Hanna, Delta, was a reeant guest of his brother, Mr. Jas.

Captain Beaumont Cornell, of Toronto, spent a short time with his moth-Mrs. M. A. Nivlock, of Frankville.

was last week a guest of Miss Margar-

Mrs. Goodfellow and children of

Misses V. Hanna and L. Gorman, X In one of last week's casualty lists

Women's Institute Notes

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute will be held on Saturday, November 25, in the Institute rooms

The president, Mrs. Geo. Judson, will give the report of the Ottawa onvention and tell what the other institutes are doing.

There will be an exhibition of needlework, and ladies are requested to bring their fancywork. This will be an opportunity for exchanging suggestions for Christmas gifts. Everyone is cordially invited. Program will

Ammunition

We are headquarters for Remington and Dominion shells and car-tridges. Get your fall supply

EARL CONSTRUCTION **COMPANY**

ATHENS, ONT.

WANTED

Geese and Fowls. Highest market

GUNN, LANGLOIS & CO. Ltd. Montreal. Que.

ARTICLES WANTED

A steel tire, 3-4 buggy, and a cutter. Apply at the Reporter Office. 43th Christmas

Suggestions ---

Stationery

We are showing a splen-did range of Christmas boxes of paper and envelopes, suitably decorated, values which could not be duplicated at present. Prices from 25c to \$2.50.

Books for All Comers

Leather bound booklets, birthday books, fance bound books. Copyright books, new titles, \$1.25, \$1.35, \$2.50. Reprints, a good range at 50c and 60c. Books for boys and girls. Board and toy books for

See our stock while it is at its best, and watch our windows for displays.

the children.

H. R. KNOWLTON **ATHENS**



eson IX., November 26, 1916. Living Sacrifice.—Romans 12

Commentary.—I. Entire consecra-tion (vs. 1, 2). 1. I beseech you —Paul is intensely concerned for the spiritual welfare of the Romans. He feels for them and uses strong entreaty in urg-ing them to take a course that he is thoroughly convinced is right. Therefore—The great doctrine of justifica-tion and sanctification by faith had been established. Upon this truth as a basis the apostle urged those to whom he wrote to meet the conditions neary to the attainment of full salvation. By the mercies of God—The abounding mercy of God was shown in, the plan of human redemption. Since the plan of human redemption. Since God has shown such mercy toward fallen humanity, men ought to consecrate themselves wholly and freely to him. That ye present—As the priests presented sacrifices to God in fulfilment of the Mosaic law, so we are called upon to present our offering to the Lord Your badics—The hody is the Lord. Your bodies—The body is the agency through which the spiri-tual nature operates, and the apostle's exhortation is to the effect that every power and faculty of the being victim was wholly presented in sacrifice to God, os our entire being is to be dedicated to him. A living sacrifice—The animals devoted to be sacrificed were deprived of life. They were dead bedeprived of life. They were dead before they were dead before they were burned or otherwise disposed of as Christians we are wholly devoted to God as sacrifices while we are living. Our powers of soul and mind and body are to belong to Him and to be employed in His service, Holy—The sacrifice required by the Mosaic law must be without blemish and must be set apart for sacred uses, so the Christian for sacred uses, so the Christian must be wholly consecrated to God and must be made pure in heart through the merits of the atonement. Acceptable—God is pleased with a whole-hearted and complete dedication of our entire being to Him. Such a sacrifice is acceptable to liim. Your a sacrifice is acceptable to him. Your reasonable service—The service is not external merely, but is essentially spiritual and hearty, it is also reasonable that we should render to God all our service and that service at its 2. Be not conformed to this world

-"Be not fashioned according to this world." - R. V. By the world is meant the spirit and customs of the age that leave out of consideration the claims of God. The world is seifish, proud, sensual, irritable, deceiful and stubborn. The Christian has no right or excuse to be "fashioned according to this world," for the spirit of the world is opposed to the spirit of Christian-ity. Be ye transformed—The word conformed has reference more to the external than to the internal, yet both ideas are involved; but the word transformed here indicates an inward change. The affections, desires, mo-tives an l ambitions are changed. By the renewing of your mind— The mind is not here simply the intellectual faculties, but the will, and that disposition from which all grows.—Abbott. That ye may prove all grows.—Aubott, finat ye may prove —No one can properly prove, test or enter into an understanding of the will of God unless he has become renewed by grace that he now, by a holy instinct, can discern, in conflicting cases, the will of God from the will of self or of the world. And on this perception he is to act."—Cam. Bib. He proves the excellence of the divine will by experience. God Call. vine will by experience. Good—God's will in its very nature is good, springing as it does from Him who is infining as it does from Him who is infinite in goodness. Acceptable—God's will is acceptable to those who are "transformed by the renewing" of their minds. They gain a realization of the wisdom, goodness and love of God in the requirements which He makes upon us. Perfect—God's will for us is on us. Perfect—God's will for us is perfectly adapted to our needs, to our capacity and to our highest happinees. is absolutely impossible for to make any improvements upon God's

II. Diversity of gifts (vs. 3.8). 3. For I say—Paul speak; with the authority of an apostle. He is about to enlarge upon the results or accompaniments of full consecration to God. Through the grace given unto me— What he says is not by his own au-thority, but is given to him by the Lord, as an inspired apostle. To every man—The exhortations and instruc-tions which he gives are needed by all; hence they are speken not only to the Romans, but also to all men. Not to think of himself more highly The apostle gives clear and emphatic warning against self-exaltation, which is productive of much harm to the one ho is guilty of thinking too highly of himself, and it is also harmful to the work of God. But to think soberly —The special direction to be taken by The special direction to be taken by this sober thinking was the recognition by each Christian of the limits of his own gifts, the reality of the gifts of others, and the position of the individual as only a part of the great community.—Cam. Bib. We should not belittle ourselves on the one hand not belittle ourselves on the one hand nor should we esteem ourselves too highly on the other. The measure of faith. As God through his mercy has brought salvation to us as individuals, and we have received his grace and have experience and varying ability in the work of God, so we are to honor him by sober thinking and a readiness te do the particular work to which he calls us. 4. For as we have many members in one body—A clear and impressive illustration is introduced to the relation of individual Chris tians to God and to one another. Each member of the body has its own function, and when each does its part, tion, and when each does its part, there result health and strength. 5. One body in Christ—Christians have saverally their distinctive qualities and ability to labor, but each one is a member of Christ's body and all are mutually related. The course which the member pursues the course which one member pursues has a hearing upon all the other members of Christ's

6. Having then gifts differing —The body of Christ, which is his church, is a unit made up of many members. The several members differ in ability and in natural traits. One has ability in one direction and another in anoth-er, yet a blessed unity inheres in the

body of which they are members. According to grace that is given— God has given grace and ability to all, but the special gifts are bestowed according to his will. The prophecy—This word is used to include either the foretelling of future events or the utterance of divine truth. "Every true preacher is in a true sense a prophet. The New Testament prophet blended and exercised by turn, as grace was given him, these various gifts." — Whedon. According to the proportion of faith—Every prophet is exhorted to exercise his gift according to the measure of grace and light that horted to exercise his gift according to the measure of grace and light that come to him through faith in Christ. He is not to assume to speak from his own authority or impulse, but as God directs him. 7. Ministry—This includes the secular and menual service connected with the church and pertains to what we speak of as the business side. He that teacheth—Teachers are a class of workers in the church whose duty it is to explain and impress the divine truth. In order for one to be a successful teacher he impress the divine truth. In order for one to be a successful teacher he must put his whole soul into his work. 3. He that exhorteth. — The word has in it the thought of comfort together with that of encourage-ment as well as ezhortation. He that ment as well as ezhortation. He that giveth—By noting the various gifts which are here enumerated we see that every member of the body of Christ has the ability bestowed upon him to do something in the church. Every one should be a giver, but God has endowed some with a special gift to acquire property and distribute it to others. With simplicity—With no selfish or unworthy motive. He that ruleth—Let those who are given places of authority in the church exercise the authority faithfully for the good of the cause. He that showeth mercy, with cheerfulness—To some is entrusted the special gift of relieving those who are in various kinds of distress. Such persons are exhorted to tress. Such persons are exhorted to use the gift with gladness, to bring cheer to others. III. Attitude toward others (vs. 9-

21. The apostle proceeds to give somewhat in detail, the practises that pertain to the Christian life. Love is the basis of right practise. Love accords to every person his rights and does even more than is ordinarily regarded even more than is ordinarily regarded as giving to others their rights. Love leads its possessor to be kind to those who are unkind to him. It is the Christian's duty to refrain from avenging himself. His practise must be uniformly kind and helpful to others. He must be peaceable and always considerate. Even his enemies have claims upon him. He owes them kindness and helpfulness. He will be going in the direction of winning his enemy if he shows him love and charity.

Questions.-Who wrote this epistle Questions.—Who wrote this epistic: What great fundamental duty is laid down? How can one's body be a living sacrifice? What is meant by being transformed? Why should we consecrate ourselves to God? What opinion ought one to have of himself? ton ought one to have of influence.
What various gifts are mentioned in
the lesson? How should these gifts be
employed? What gifts are entrusted

PRACTICAL SURVEY. Topic.—Christian consecration.

1. Entire in its devotion to God. II. Fervent in fellowship with men III. Faithful in personal discipline.

Entire in its devotion to God. This chapter breathes the spirit of the Sermon on the Mount. It is rich and benign in practical exhortation. Devotion, fellowship and discipline are it characteristic features. In present-ing the general and comprehensive principle of practical Christianity as a spiritual renewal, beginning with the centre and spring of man's being, Paul adopted a manner of gentle and affectionate persuasion toward the Romans. He declared that the presentation to Carlotte because mans. He declared that the presenta-tion to God of themselves was the one great act in which all specific acts of obedience were summed up and in-volved. His language implied that compliance with his admonition was not an optional or indifferent matter. He regarded justification as an initial step which must be followed by a "go-ing on to know the Lord." Since they only who had obtained mercy could present a living sacrifice, Paul embod-ded the Thele of Children He. one master word sacrifice. Human character and life is treated as some Human thing to be formed and fashioned the personal will under the Spirit of God, the mightlest of all powers



Thorough mixing is what makes cake delicate and tender

Lantic Sugar

makes the best cake becauseit creams quickly and thoroughly with the butter which is the hardest part of the mixing. Its purity and extra "fine" granulation make it dissolve at once.

2 and 5-lb. Cartons 10 and 20-lb. Bags

"The All-Purpose Sugar"



transform. The foundation of transform. The foundation of transformation of character and cenduct is shown to be laid down in a renewed mind, from which the inward life shapes the outward conduct, where inward consecration is manifestal the authorized and consecration. fested by outward sacrifice, the sacri fice of the whole man in the dodica-tion of himself to God, thus including tion of himself to God, thus including the activities and energies of the body, soul and spirit. By "the world" is meant everything in it which is an-tagonistic to the truth or the life of God in the soul of man. It is fallen humanity acting out itself in the hu-man family, moulding and fashioning man family, moulding and fashioning the framework of society in accord-ance with its own tendencies. Christ-ianity address2s itself to man as he is, a citizen of the world, having work in the world to do. Instead of unfitting a man for a place in the world, trans-formation anables him to live in it. formation enables him to live in it,

appreciate the worth of it and exercise an influence over it. II. Fervent in fellowship with men Paul explained how consecration must be manifested in actual life, and how the will of God might be practically proved, and how the purposes of divine grace are fulfilled when each bears his brother's burden and joins his broth-er's song. Paul put upon record the graces and qualifications he deemed necessary to every Christian life. He specified several forms of ministry as of peculiar interest and value. He specified the manner of life which should be displayed among Christians and in their association with the unchristian world. Foremost among his exhortations was the requirement of brotherly love and kindness. These involve all virtue and form the compendium of the moral law

ed that the mission of Christianity is to enter into and take possession of man's spiritual nature, control and govern his life and shape his social relations. Paul mentioned six features which should characterize the dealings of Christians with others-sincerity discrimination, generosity, sympathy humility and peaceableness. He comprehensively surveyed the whole range of human action and conduct. He laid down the Christian principles of civil government and obedience in a picture of life in its length and picture of life in its length and breadth and in its lights and shadows. Great importance is attached to the exercise of man's faculties. In elevating him Christianity elevates his employment. It is a gospel of renewal. It is a system of doctrines and duties.

Plety is a constellation of virtues.

III. Faithful in personal discipline.

The will of God is perfect, admitting of no amendment, no censure, no improvement. To attain to it is to reach a moral height, above which nothing towers. Paul described the practical diligence which he taught should characterize and distinguish all Christian service. He enumerated duties which the Christian owes to himself, dilithe Christian owes to nimself, singence, fervency, piety, hope, joy, patience and perseverance. He must be ever on the watch against sin, yet never disheartened by its power, distrustful of self, but never of God. His religion must not consist merely in abstaining, avoiding and abhorring, in being, doing and delighting. Christian sacrifice does not consist in a soli-tary act. It becomes the prevailing habit of life. Consecration may be an act of a moment, but the carrying out of the vow is the work of a life-time.

T. R. A.

Lemon and salt is a good remedy for chilblains. Cut the lemen and sprinkle fine salt over it and rub the

This would be a much better sort of world if the average man should ac-complish half the things he intends



MOTOR TRUCKS AND THE FARM.

This is an era of facilities. Man has accomplished wonderful things in many ways, but none of more importance then the conveniences he has supplied the farmer. Originally the autemebile was a luxury, today it is a vehicle of necessity. The tractors followed, and now the auto track.

A ene-ten truck is capable of cover-

ing 18 miles in an hour, while with a horse and wagon it is good work to travel four miles in that time. Even a five-ton truck will get over 10 miles in the same time.

Arguments in favor of the auto

truck for the farmer are (1) that there is no "baggage smashing," the goods are not re-handled while en route, and, in consequence, arrive at destina-tion in a better condition. The bumps incident to shifting cars on a railroad frequently causes considerable dam

(2) By auto truck goods can be de-livered to the door at destination, savonly guarantees delivery in a better condition, but the cost of extra labor is saved, quite an expense in itself.

(3) With auto truck there need be ing extra handling and cartage, as is the case when sending by freight. This avoidance of frequent handling not no scheduled time for starting, thus avoiding a dush in packing, which is often accompanied by carelessness.

The railroad train must large at the starting that the starting the starting that t The railroad train must leave at a fixed time. With the auto truck a little delay will not inconvenience

Rural competition is increasing, and ways and means for increasing the speed and decreasing the cost of delivery are becoming popular among the orchards, market gardens and poultry farms.

The metor car enables its owner to The metor car enables its owner to rise later in the morning and yet get to market at the customary time. He is able to gather his tender fruit in the cool of the day and place it in market, or the shipping point, the same afternoon. It moves him closer to the customary market and places him within easy striking distance of him within easy striking distance of other markets

As now built, the m tor truck is capable of traveling over all kinds of roads, and in all kinds of weather, and will evercome any hill. It has become an all-year proposition and relieves the tortures of slow and tire-

some delivery.

The products are carried more safely and arrive in better condition than when handled in a market wagon.

A FRIGHTFUL BEATH SUFFOCATED IN ASTEMA ATTACK

Every sufferer from Asthma knows the terror, the abject fear, that over the terror, the abject tear, that over-comes them when struggling for breath. The old-fashioned remedies may relieve, but gaver cure. Best results come from CATARRHOZONE which cures Asthma after hope is abandoned. It's because Catarrhozone kills the Asthma germ that it cures. Choking spells and isbored breathing are relieved, suffocating sensations and loss of breath are cured. are relieved, suffocating sensations and lose of breath are cured. Every trace of Asthma is driven from the system, and even old chronics experience immediate relief and lasting cure. Equally good for Bronchitts, Throat Trouble and Catarrh. The large one dollar outfit includes the inhaler and lasts two meaths. Sold by all dealers or from The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Canada. from The Catari Kingston, Canada.

about one-third as much time is spent on the road, and one team is dispensed with. Towns that were practically uot of reach by team are within easy distance by motor truck.

The number of users of the motor truck.

About one-third as much time is spent

truck for marketing purposes is rapidly increasing, and their success bids fair to make this method the pepular one for conveying farm produce to market. As a saver of time and horses it is economical.

FARM NEWS AND VIEWS.

It is claimed by a number of experiment stations that salt, to a great extent, will replace potash. Some autherities, hewever, are not sure of this under all conditions and in all types of sell. The Atlantic County (N. 1) farm demonstrator advises extending J.) farm demonstrator advises going easy on salt until results are proved. Several reports from Monmouth and Several reports from menmouth and Morcer counties (N. J.) say that salt was a benefit to the potato crop, giving the foliage a lighted green color and an increased yield.

Oiling harness is a task that farm Oling narness is a task that farmers generally put off too long. It is just the work for stormy weather. One quart of neatsfoot oil will be sufficient for double harness. Wash the harness well with soap and water and hang in a warm room overnight to dry. Next day it will be in good condition to receive the oil. Add a little lampblack to the oil to color it; apply with rag or brush, rubbing it well into the leather, and hang in a warm room the leather, and hang in a warm room overnight. Next day rub well with a dry cloth and it will be ready for use. Harness thus treated is much easier to handle and far less liable to cause galls to the horses and will wear much

Never punish a horse for something which he cannot help. It may be your own fault instead of his that he is un-

Here is a Maine farmer's method of ridding his premises of rats and mice:
"If you sprinkle sulphur on your bern
floor and through your corn as you
gather it there will not be a rat or mouse to bother, I have done this for years and have never been bothered with rats or nice. I have some old corn in my crib at present, and not a rat or mouse can be found. In stacking hay or oats, sprinkle on the ground and a little through each load, and, my word for it, rats or mice can't stay there. A pound of sulpaur will be sufficient to preserve a large here. be sufficient to preserve a large barn corn, and is good for stock and will not hurt the corn or bread."

Some horses have tender necks an shoulders. These may be harden and the skin toughened by bathi several simes a week with salt water to which may be added a sma amount of vinegar or alum. An oa bark solution, made by boiling a good quantity of oak bark in water, make good bath and toughers the skin.

There are many remedies for hanness galls and sores. Among them ma se mentioned, altohol, one pint, in which are well shaken the whiter of two eggs; a solution of nitrate of sil ver, ten grains to one ounce of water sugar of lead or sulphate of zinc, 20 grains to an ounce of water; carbolic acid, one part in 15 parts of glycrein Any simple astringent wash or powde wil leffect a cure provided the sore are not irritated by friction.

The dairyman will never know where he stands unless he keeps rec-ords. Test for butter fat and keep an accurate table of production fo each cow. Without any record you can be a long time locating a "star" boarder.

Nobody likes to walk abut in mud and filth while caring for cattle. With a little work and a small expense the cow lot can be made a better place to

Land plaster used freely in the sta-bles will absorb all odors and increase the fertilizing value of the manure.

Every barn hog house, or pen should have at least four square fee ed to six or eight square feet, says Frederick W. Ives, of Ohio State University. He adds that light is cheaper than food and more beneficial gallons of germicides.

BETTER THAN SPANKING

Spanking does not cure children of bed-wetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Sum-mers, Box W. 8, Windsor, Ont., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instruc-tions. Send no money but write her to-day if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treat-ment also cures thill. ment also cures adults and aged peo-ple troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

Shooting a White Chamois.

A stuffed and mounted white chamois buck that rests in the court museum at Vienna is directly connected through tragic superstition with the beginning of the great European war. A white chamois-which is really not so snowy as the word implies-loses much of a rarity that throughout the Austrian Alpine region superstition attaches to the slaying of it. Who-ever kills such on albino, says the huntsmen and mountaineers, dies

huntsmen and mountaineers, dies within the next twelve months.

This particular chamois was shot on Aug. 28, 1913, by the Archduke Francis Ferdinand, accompanied by his wife, near Bluebabach, in the Salaburg wife, near Bluebabach, in the Salzburg Alps. When the game was lying at her feet, the professional hunter, kneeling over it and calling attention to the whitish tint of the fleece, told to the whitish tint of the fleece, told the heir to the Austrian throne of the current belief. But Francis Ferdi-nand merely smiled. Ten months later exactly he was murdered at Ser-

"Mr. Sorrel proposed to me last night, mother" "And you accepted him, I hope." "No. mother. I could never love a man with red hair." "But, my dear girl, you should consider the fact that he has very little of it."—Chi-

A TALK ON RHEUMATISM

Telling How to Actually Cure This Common and Painful Comedy.

Telling How to Actually Cure This Common and Painful Comedy.

This article is for the man or woman who suffers from rheumatism who wants to be cured, not merely relieved—but actually cured. The most the rheumatic sufferer can hope for in rubbing something on the tender, aching joint, is a little relief. No lotion or liniment ever did or can make a cure. The rheumatic poison is rooted in the blood. Therefore rheumatism can only be cured when this poisonous acid is driven out of the blood. Any doctor will tell you this is true. If you want something that will go right to the root of the trouble in the blood take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They make new, rich blood, which drives out the poisonous acid and cures rheumatism to stay cured. The truth of these statements has been proved in thousands of cases throughout Canada, and the following cure is a striking instance. Mr. Henry Smith, St. Jerome, Que., says: "For upwards of a year I was a victim of rheumatism in a most painful form. The trouble was located in my legs and for a long time I was so bad that I could not walk. The sufferings which I endured can only be imagined by those who have been similarly afflicted. Doctors' treatments did not help me and then I began trying other remedies, but with no better results. Finally I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and although I had begun to lose faith in medicine, I finally decided to give the pills a trial. I am very grateful now that I did so, and after taking eight boxes of the pills the trouble completely disappeared. I was free again from pain and could walk as well as ever I did in my life. was free again from pain and could walk as well as ever I did in my life. I have since taken the pills occasional ly as a precautionary measure, and I cannot speak too highly in their favor.

Dr. William's Pink Pills cure all the troubles due to weak, watery blood or broken down nerves. You can get these pills through any dealer in medthese phis through any dealer in medicine, or by mail postpaid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



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LIVERPOOL MARKETS. LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Wheat, spot steady.
No. 1 Manitopa—16s, 2 1-2d.
No. 2 Manitoba—16s, 1d.
No. 3 Manitoba—16s, 1d-2d.
No. 1 Northern Duluth—16s, 11 1-2d.
Corn, spot firm.
American mixed, new—12s, 9d.
Niour, winter patents—47s.
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Lama, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs—101s

o £5, 15s. hams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs.—101s. Bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs.—

Clear bellies, 14 to 16 - 102s.
Long clear middles, fight, 28 to 34 lbs. Nominal.

Long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs.

Nominal. Short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs.—Nom-Shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs.—22s.
Shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs.—22s.
Lard, prime western, in tierces, m
16s. 6d: old—96s. 6d.—98s. 6d.
American, refined in boxes—51s. 3d.
Cheese, Canadian, finest, wiste.

Colored The

HER HUMBLE **LOVER**

"Signa, look down at me. I am notnot worthy to touch you even as I do. But thou, pure saint, look down at me still. Pity me, for I love thee, and

know myself unworthy. Love me a little, Signa, for sweet pity's sake." This is his temptation, his desire. But he fights against it. His brows

knit, his hands clutch the chair in a se like grasp.
"How lovely," murmurs Signa, "it is

more beautiful now than at sunset; you would have seen the sunset from here if you had come to dinner. Why did you not?"

He puts his hand to his brow as if

"Why," he says, with a grave smile.
"You were not there—I mean—I beg
your pardon"—for Signa has turned

crimson and moved away slightly—"I beg your pardon! Forgive me, Miss Grenville. I—"

"That was what Lady Rookwell would call a pretty speech," she says.

"I did not mean it as suct.," he says. "And I spoke the truth, though I did it rudely and abruptly. You have forgiven me? I did not come because—now let me be careful"—and he smiles—"because I knew that

you did not mean to dine, and I felt that—I am going to be candid—that

by some word or look I should resent

the first one, says Signa, laughing

the first one, says Signa, magning, but with a strange feeling of delight fluttering like a bird in her bosom. "I must take care not to ask indis-

creet questions for the future."
"You can ask none of me that I shall deem indiscreet," he says, bend-

ing near her that he may catch the

play of the great gray eyes.
"Well, then, I will ask you to sing

ain?" she says, with a smile.
"We should lose this," he remor

But he moves toward the window

nevertheless, and opens it for her. As they re-enter the room Lady Rook-well was saying something in the

strates, pointing to the scene.

shocks of horror or amazement. "Oh, dear Lady Rookwe'l, it can ot be true?" Signa hears Mrs. Plumbe

murmur, incredulously.

"But I tell you it is; it 's all the talk of the town. Sir Frederic

talk of the town. Sir Fleen, heard it at his club, didn't you? and

my nephew heard it at the Rag and Famish. Oh, there is nothing too

bad for him—nothing. He is worse than ever now. If it wasn't for his never-failing good luck he would have

lost every penny he has got, but he wins instead of loses; he is lucky in everything. This young girl; she was going to be married—indeed, I believe it was the day before the marriage—and he met her, met her coming home from market very likely

ing home from market, very likely had gone to get her wedding things! I don't know anything about foreign ways, and I don't want to. At any

rate, he met her, got into conversa-tion with her, and the result was that

the bridegroom waited at the church

the next morning in vain."
"And—and he really persuaded the girl to go away with him?" asked

"Yes. She was very beautiful, it

seems; one of the better class of peas-ants; quite the belle of the village. Yes, he ran away with her, took her

away, as I say, the night before the wedding day."

"Really dreadful!" murmurs the rector. "I trust it may not be true!"

"True! It's as true as the sun," says her ladyship, with a grin that denotes there is still more to come.

'But I haven't told you the end of it. Of course, the bridegroom the old lover, you know—wasn't going to sit down calmly and bear such an insult

and wrong. I suppose we only bear these things quietly in England; we

go to a court of law—if we can; if we can't, we sit down and put up with it. But there is still some pluck in foreigners; this man follow-ed the gay Lothario and overtook him

"Yes," says Mrs. rlumbe, eagerly.
"Overtook them on the road, and
they fought there and then, with the

girl looking on, and two farm laborers

as seconds "
"Bless my soul!" murmurs the rec-

tor. "And the result? Dear me! This is very dreadful. Were either of

"One of them was killed," says ady Rookwell, with intense enjoy-

ment in the excitement om her audi-

"Which," says the rector, eagerly,

Lady Rookwell looks up, and her eyes takes in the two tall figures standing almost in the centre of the

group, for Signa and Hector Warren

have paused to listen; Signa with a look of deep, pitying interest, he with a calm, impassive look on his

"Which?" she echoes. "Why, of

is. Lord Delamere shot the poor fellow through the heart."

A murniur of horror rises from the

group, and Lady Rookwell sums up dramatically.
"Yes, robbed the poor fellow of his

bride and then took his life. That is Lord Delamere!"

then Signa turns to make some com-ment on the awful story to her com-

There is silence for a moment, and

course, the wrong man.

panion, and is surprised

and the false-hearted girl-

them hurt?

Mrs. Plumbe

ants:

That is rather a worse speech than

She recovers her-

to recall himself.

Signa laughs. self in a moment.

Grenville.

your absence

again ?"

"Don't be an idiot," says her lady-ship, with a grin. "Sit quiet and enjoy a concert for nothing and without the trouble of going to the theatre. Order my carriage! Certainly not! I am enjoying myself."

The song went on to its close, amidst, from this point, profound silence, then areas a murrary of well.

ence, then arose a murnur of well-bred surprise and excitement. "Didn't know you'd got a profession-al," grunts the captain to the amazed

and bewildered rector.
"A professional! My dear captain!"

exclaims the rector, gasping in horror.
"I—assure you; no, no, quite a mistake. Mr. Warrer is a friend of Lord Delamere's; he brought a letter of in-troduction."

The captain shakes his head.
"I dont care about that. I say he's a professional. I don't care. It's nothing to me. I like it."
"But—but" stamwers the professional.

"But—but," stammers the rector;
I think you are mistaken. A friend of Lord Delamere's——"
Signa sat beside the piano in the shadow thrown by the candle-screens, listening to the sweet voice with almost a heart-ache, so perfect was the pleasure, and it was with a smile of thanks that she looked up and greeted him as he left the piano and stood before her.

fore her.

"Thank you," she says, with a little sigh. "It was all too short. What a wonderful voice you have! Do you know what they are saying?" and her eyes gleamed with amused curlosity. "What?" he says, looking half over his shoulder at the little group whispering with their heads together.

"They are saying that you are an

"They are saying that you are an opera-singer. Is it true?"
He thinks for a moment.

'I wish I could say yes." he says, with a smile. "But it would be of no use. You would know better."

She nods. "Yes; you sang beautifully, but not as a professional, who makes the most of his best notes. You wasted

He laughs. "I suppose so," he says. "I sing almost entirely by ear, and very heorrectly, as a rule; but to-night I tried

There was a significance in tone that made Signa's eyes drop. "How hot it is!" he says. "May we not go out on the verandah?" and he puts his hand on the window that opens it. "Will you not come outside

for a breath of fresh air?" he pleads. Signa hesitates a moment, then she glides out and stands beside him. Before them stretches the bay, with the silver river running down into the sea. There is no moon, but the sky is light, and here and again the stars white faintly through the warm right. shine faintly through the warm night. It is a lovely scene, and as Signa stands and looks at it, a vague feeling of peace and happiness steals over her. In her ears still rings the song of the Spanish lover; beside her stands the man who has shown her so much sympathy. It is a strange feeling that pervades her whole being; a feeling of half-fearful, half-painful delight, that she cannot define, and clings to almost desperately, lest it should fade and vanish if she were to

ask the reason for its presence.
The soft summer night is a night for love's breath mingles in the warm, balmy breeze and floats up-ward from the lips of the sea; but Signa does not think of love; she is too happy with this vague happiness to think or to analyze.

And the man beside her?

He stands leaning against the back of a chair, which he has tilted to the upper angle, and his eyes are fixed, too, but not on the sea. They rest on a fairer picture even than that which lies below them—on a young girl's beautiful face, on a young girl's lithe, graceful figure. Never in all his life—and what a life it has been has he who calls himself Hector War ren been moved by woman's loveliness as he has been moved by Signa's. It has struck home to him, when he had concluded that he had no heart struck at. The charm of her fresh young presence, her voice, the very and movement of her form, have sunk into his innermost soul, and he knows that the passion within him which burns to night, at this moment, is the last love he will ever experi-

And yet he stands with a ead, al

He longs with all the ardent desire little used to the check, to take her in his arms and whisper the fierce, hot words, "I love you!" And yet no! Not so would he woo her! Rather would he approach her as the sin stained devotee creeps to the fect of his patron saint, and kissing the hem of the soft, filmy skirt, whisper,

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panion, and is surprised to see his pale face frowning; and as she looks he fixes his eyes upon the wrinkled face of the old woman and seems about to speak; but suddenly the frown changes to a smile, half sad, half scornful, and he turns to her with a laugh. HamHton, Ont. with a laugh

"I will sing you that song, now

Lady Rookwell has finished he story," he says. And that is all. Not a word in defence of his absent friend

CHAPTER VIII.

The evening is over, the guests have gone, and Signa stands before her looking-glass, with a face faintly flushed, and with a curious, dreamy look of happiness in her dark-gray eyes. For she feels that the evening has been a triumph for her, and that a change has core even the spirit of a change has come over the spirit of her dream, and that the tide of her life has changed. When she had said good-night to Aunt Podswell, that lady, who had not thought her niece good enough to sit down at the table with Lady Rookwell and Sir Frederic Blyte had estually impressed an inv Blyte, had actually impressed an icy kiss on the sweet, white forehead, and the rector had held her hand and pat-

ted it with a nervous, embarrassed playfulness which spoke volumes. The worthy couple felt rather ashamed of themselves, but they would not have done so if Signa had not made such a sensation.

But it was not of her triumph, or her uncle and aunt's changed manner her uncle and aunt's changed manner that Signa was thinking, but of Hec-tor Warren. As she stood, looking into vacancy rather than at her own beau-tiful reflection, she recalled his handsome face, with its hundred-and-one fleeting expressions; she heard his voice speaking and ringing in her ears. The sad, grave look of the dark eyes haunted her; there was something atrangely fascinating for her in the very bearing and movement of the graceful, distinguished figure. She could not uncertainty about the state of the could not uncertainty about the same face of the graceful, distinguished figure. She could not unerstand why it should be so, but she was conscious that when he spoke to her, something within her went out to meet his words, as it were, that when he touched her, a sharp thrill, half painful, half pleasurable, ran through her. ran through her.

Love? She never thought of it, and if she had done so, would have laugh-ed at the idea; how could she love a

man of whom she knew nothing, of whom she had seen so little?

Then, as she slowly got rid of the gauze dress, there flashed upon her remembrance the awful story which Lady Rookwell had told so dramatically, and the strange expression while cally, and the strange expression which had erossed Mector Warren's face as he listened. He had seemed as if half inclined to contradict her, and pro-nounce the romantic tale a fiction, but the had not done so. Was it true, and did he know that it was true? If it was not true, why did he not speak up in defence of his absent friend?

epigrammatic way which seemed to afford her listeners—and they were all gathered round her—enjoyable Signa could not repress a shudder as she recalled the story. That Lord Delamere should rob a man of the girl he loved was bad enough, but that he should afterward kill the man in cold blood was tarrible.

cold blood was terrible.

The very name of Delamere was rowing fearful in her ears. She could picture him standing over the body of the man whom he had robbed of his happiness and his life-standing with the cold, impassive look of a heartless man of the world, caring for his own pleasure only, and careless of the cost to himself or others. It was a terrible story, and it made her shudder. For relief she turned to Hector Warren, and recalled the musical voice which he bade her good night, gentle pressure of his hand as gentle pressure of his hand as held hers. How was it possible he could own such a man as the cruel, heartless Lord Delamere for friend?

And so she goes to sleep at last, and in her dreams Hector Warren and Lord Delamere mingle in strange confusion, the one with the sad, generally in the sa tle smile in his eyes, the other with the hard, cold scowl, as he stands over

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the man he has robbed and killed.

When she comes down in the morning a little pale, perhaps, but wondrously beautiful in her pallor, her aunt greets her with a stiff smile, and the rector rises and puts a chair for her at the breakfast-table—a courtesy he has contied with now and Simulation. he has omitted until now—and Signa feels that indeed things have changed.

"Well, my dear." he says, with his head on one side, and an affable smile

"and how do you feel this morning— not knocked up, I hope, eh?"
"Not at all," says Signa; "I enjoy-ed myself very much indeed, and enjoyment never knocks me up.' "I am glad of that, very glad," saye

the rector, rubbing his chin. "Ahem! Yes, it was a pleasant evening, thanks to you and—er—our friend, Mr. War-

ren."

Signa feels the blood mounting to her face at the sudden mention of his name, but she bends over the coffeecups and conceals the uncalled for blush.

"A—er—most accomplished gentleman," continued the rector; "quite a gentleman, don't you think, my dear?"

"Quite," assents Signa. "Yes, he played and sang beautifully."

"Lady Rookwell said he was a pro-

"Lady Rookwell said he was a fessional," said Mrs. Podswell, grim-

Signa shakes her head confidently.

No, I am sure he is not."

"No, I have how do you know, my

"Ahem—how do you know, my

lear?" asks the rector, curiously. "Did "No, he didn't tell me; at least he admitted that he was not," says Signa,

admitted that he was not," says Signa, reflecting.
"I wish we knew who he was," remarks Mrs. Podswell, complainingly.
"It is very awkward; Lady Rookwell asked a hundred questions about him last night, and I could not answer

"It doesn't matter," says the rec "I believe he intends leaving the place shortly.' sudden vague pain strikes Signa

and her head droops; but sne recovers herself, and looks up calmly enough a moment afterward. "And what do you think of Sir Fred

eric?" asks the rector with a smile.

'Sir Frederic," replied Signa, absent
ly, "Oh—he was very polite!" ly. "Oh—he was very polite:
The rector coughs and takes up a note which lies on the table.
"Ahem! he has sent over by one

of the grooms an invitation, "An invitation?" says Signa.

Mrs. Podswell, do you mean?"
The rector colors and coughs again.
"I thhink, my dear," he says awkwardly, "that you might call your aunt by a more affectionate name—ahem!—"Aunt Amel!a' would sound better."

Signa smiles and flushes a little.
"Very well," she assents in that
calm, quiet way which so awes the

caim, quiet way which so awes the rector.

"The invitation is for your aunt and you, my dear," he goes on. "It is—er—rather short notice; but Sir Frederick apologizes, and presses you to take advantage of the fineness of the weather. Would you like to go, my dear?" dear' Signa looked over at her aunt, in

quiringly.
"Oh, don't study me!" says Mrs. Podswell. "I dare say I shall manage it. In fact, we'd better go. Sir Fred-eric wouldn't like us to refuse."

"You see, Sir Frederic is the most rector, deprecatingly, "and he is rector, deprecatingly, "and he is—ahem!—rather touchy. It is very kind of him to send over so soon after last hight, and so early. The groom is waiting for an answer."

"Pray, do not let us offend Sir Fred eric," says Signa with a laugh. consequences would be too fearful. But what about Archie's lessons?" and she looks over with a smile at Archie, who sits open-eyed, and lis-tening with all his might.

"My dear," said the rector, blandly 'you really must not let your selfimposed duty interfere with your in-nocent pleasure. It was very kind of you to undertake Archie's education, but of course we understood that it was merely as a pastime for you, and that it was not to be an irksome task. Archie will do very well; we couldn't think of allowing you to yourself an ordinary governess."

"Oh, but I can't give up my position says Signa, smiling at the blank look on Archie's face.

"Well, well, murmurs the rector, wkwardly. "We shall see about it; awkwardly. at any rate, Archie can have a holiday to-day, eh, Archie," and he smiles across at the child, who takes no notice of him, but watches Signa's face.
'Signa's a great lady, now Lady
Rookwell and Sir Frederic have made friends with her, I suppose," he says, and at this shrewd thrust Signa colors

the rector rubs his chin, and Mrs. Podswell says solemnly: "Archie, if you have finished your breakfast you can go and play."
"I don't want to go and play if Signa

isn't coming," he replies, calmly, and Mrs. Podswell is about to retort angrily, when Signa says in her quiet Go now, Archie; I will come in a

minute or two," and he gets off his chair and goes out obediently. What time do we start for the park?" asks Mrs Podswell. (To be continued.)

What We Give, We Get

In 1915 and 1916 Ontario contributed more to the Canadian Patriotic Fund than she drew from it, the surplus going to assist those western provinces whose contributions, although exceed-ingly liberal, did not equal the heavy demands caused by the large enlistment from these provinces. For 1917 the situation will change. The demands from the province on the Fund are estima d to reach six million dollars, and the Committee has decided to ask Ontario to raise that amount—in other words—to make provision only for its own people.

The total represents about one mil-dion dollars above the contributions for 1916, and therefore there can be no veariness in well-doing on the part of Ontario's patriotic people so far as the Fund is concerned.



BRITISH CONSULAR OFFICE AT NEW YORK CONTROLS IMPORTS OF CRUDE RUBBER TO THE STATES

HOW GREAT BRITAIN PREVENTS ENEMIES FROM GETTING VALU-ABLE PRODUCT AND AT THE SAME TIME HAS RE-DUCED THE PRICE OF THIS STAPLE IN CANADA.

neads and bemoan increasing cost of living know, or appreciate, what Great Britain is doing for us in the way of keeping down the price of at least one staple article-rubber. Few of us realize how completely the Bri-Government has the rubber man ket under its control and what that control means to us ,and also to the neutral countries of the world.

Handicapped on every side, baffled by this question and that problem, Great Britain has found a means of keeping her finger on the rubber situation and a way to give Canada crude rubber at a price—not only low by commarison, but at half the price. by comparison, but at half the price paid for it at the outbreak of the

The real purport of this is not appreciated until one stops to consider. This is a rubber age. Without rubber thousands of persons would be idle and millions would suffer inconvenience beyond comprehension for no synthetic substance to replace rubber has ever been discovered, in spite of repeated efforts along that line.

Through her foresight Great Britain began in 1893 to finance and subsidize rubber plantations in Ceylon, Suma-tra,, Java and the Malay States. Previous to that time all rubber used cams from South America and Africa and exclusively from the wild trees. day that supply continues, but 23 pc cent, of the whole and Great Britain controls the market with the rest. So closely does she guard this privi-lege that in order to cut off the Ger-

Few of those of us who shake our man supply she refused to admit rub-eads and bemoan increasing cost of ber to the United States at the outbreak of the war, until finally an agreement was reached with American rubber manufacturers, whereby all rubber is shipped to the States through the British consular office at York. Canada's rubber comes direct, but the Dominion can export none except through the British Consul at New York. With this advantage and with the fact that England is using thousands of tons of rubber to supply her army she has benevolently and patriotically reduced the price from \$1.25 to 67 cents a pound, which is a considerable decrease from the price in 1910, when it was three dollars

> The soaring price of leather is fast bringing boots and shoes to the point of luxuries, but Britain has colved the question by giving us rubber—the only satisfactory substitute for many leather goods—at a price within the reach of all. To be sure chemicals and fabrics used in rubber manufacture have increased and also the price of labor, but the decrease in the crude rubber price has kept rubber goods, and particularly rubber and and particularly rubbers and shoes at about normal.

Here is an opportunity for the patriotic man. The mother country is generously giving us rubber at a reduced price in return for the fact that she must have leather. The approach of winter gives us an opportunity to use more rubber in our footwear, buy-ing at a lower price and at the same time saving on the more costly lea-ther footgear.

CHILDREN OF ALL AGES

When sick the newborn babe or the growing child will find prompt relief through the use of Baby's Own Tab lets. They are absolutely safe for all ones suffer. Concerning them Mrs. Arthur Sheask. Adanac, Sask., writes:
"I have used Baby's Own Tablets and think they are splendid for children of all ages." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ABOUT YOUR GIRL

Are her fingers, neck and arms covered with gaudy jewels, cheaply imitated on the five and ten-cent counters? Is her one would think she was on her way to the opera and so high that the color of her stockings is discernible?

Is she following the fashion set by the undressed chorus girls of the stage?

Is she bedecked in flimsy garments meant to display the contour of a shapely figure?

meant to describe the second of the brazen deminorde?

Is her walking dress cut so low that face rouged and powdered with the free-dome of the brazen deminorde? dom of the brazen demimonue?

Is she dining, drinking, and dancing with the giddy midnight throng in an atmosphere of excitement?

Is she joy-riding on Sundays and neglecting the church of her father and mother?

Is the pursuit of pleasure, frivolity and fashlon the consuming passion of her heart?

Is the pursuit of presence, the fashion the consuming passion of her heart?

Is she going the pace in a restless desire to shine in the blazing light of the cabaret and to be known as one of the fast set?

Is she walking the primrose path of delliance with no thought of the journey's dreadful end?

Are her companions lifting her up or dragging her down?

Is she seeking the love of one true man or basking in the sunshine of many without manhood?

Is her modesty a mockery, the prayer book and Bible relies of the past, and mother's advice the play-out whim of the antiquated?

Is she no longer a comfort to those at home, the confiding delight of her mother and the pride of the family circle?

cle?
If this is your daughter are you proud of her? Look at her latest photograph. Then take down the picture of her mother or grandmother.
Which do you like the better? And which do the men of real worth prefer?

South American Hats. Throughout the West Indies, Central

and South America the native women make wonderful straw hats. The Dutch island of Curacao, near Venezuela, is famous for the exceptional women's straw hats that are there produced. Porto Rico and Cuba make excellent ones from the leaves of the palm. while Ecuador, Panama, Honduras and Peru are noted for their Panama hats. While wealthy men have been known to pay as high as \$100 for a Panama hat, such prices are decided-ly unusual. Hats of the best quality,

Corns Applied in 5 Seconds Cured Sore, blistering feet from corn-pinched toes can be cured by Putnam's Extractor Quicking Putnam's Extractor in 24 hours. "Putnam's soothes away that drawing pain, eases instantly, makes the feet feel good at once. Get a 25c bottle of "Putnam's" to-day.

pliant and flexible so that they may be folded and carried in the pocket without injury, can be purchased for from \$2 to \$40, depending upon the shrewdness of the buyer and the financial needs of the maker or seller. Women and children, owing to the definess of their fingers, make the best hats, and but few men are en-gaged in the industry. No factories exist for their production. As the hats are finished they are either traded to the village storekeeper for ne-cessaries or sold to the native buyers, who send them in lots of fifty to hundred to the merchants at the port.

-W. E. Aughinbaugh in Leslie's.

A Blood-Food Discovered That Entirely Overcomes Anaemic Weakness

Carefully Investigated Reports Establish Truly Wonderful

Heretofore it has often been a hope less task for a thin-blooded person to gain either strength or weight. Neither food nor medicine in many instances had beneficial effect.

What is practically a perfect blood-food, containing such elements as Iron, has at last been produced, and when taken after meals will put new life and vigor into people that have despaired of ever being strong again. This truly wonder-working treat-ment consists of taking two small chocolated-coated Ferrozone Tablets at

the close of every meal.

This wonderful blood-food supplies nourishment, vim. energy-sends stream of vigorous, strength-making blood to every nook and corner of the hody, makes every muscle and fibre sing with new-found life and health.

That gnawing tiredness leaves you -Ferrozone drives it away. Sleep less nights are turned into periods of rest, and you pick up fast. Day by day your appetite improves,—this means more food is transformed in nutriment that will build and energize weak organs. The inclination to worry passes away because Ferrozone imparts nerve — tone and bodily strength that prevents depression.

Think it over—Ferrozone is a won-derfui tonic, because it estab-lishes health that lasts. Thousands use it and thereby cleanse and restore the entire system to a perfect condition. You'll feel the uplifting power of Ferrozone in a week,-it's You'll feel the uplifting bound to help you if you only give it the chance. Sold by all dealers, 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50; be sure of the name Ferrozone. Forwarded by mail to any address if price is remitted to the Catarrnozone Co., Kingston, Ont.

Willie-What's a boob? dad? Crabshaw-He's a fellow who goes on a picnic and always manages to sit in the custard pie.-Judge.

Debutante-I wonder why women used to wear such wide wedding rings. Blase Matron—Because at that time, poor things, they expected them to last a lifetime.—Lief.

THE ATHENS REPORTER

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY

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No advertisement published for less than

Small advt. card per year, such as Societies

Business, etc., \$4.00.

Advertisements without special directions will be inserted until forbid and charged accounts. cordingly. Subscriptions may commence with any issue. The paper will not be discontinued unless notice is given. No subscriptions will be cancelled unless all arrearages are paid.

Display advertising rates on application. AUSTIN G. L. TRIBUTE, EDITOR AND PROP

Is the War Making You Richer or Poorer?

Sail a clergyman in a pulpit in one of the Eastern Townships of Quebec, a year ago: "The Canadian who comes out of this war richer than he went into it will have cause to be ashamed of

The speaker had more in his mind than army contractors and their profits. He was thinking of the sacrifices -financial as well as personal -- that are inevitably imposed in time of war on every good citizen.

In the time of such a world cataclysm to the real patriot nothing can be normal. He must view every act as it will help or hinder the winning of the war, and he is bound to spare no effort, to save no money, if thereby the cause is advanced. When nearly four hundred thousand Canadians are so impressed by the gravity of the call that comes to them that they have offered to risk the loss of limbs, of health, of life itself, what good citizen can hesitate to meet all righteous demands made in the same cause on his pocketbook? Let us confess that these demands are heavy; yet it Canadians were to give only their surplus earnings over and above what they were earning in, say 1913, these demands would be more than satisfied.

Of all calls none is more impressive than that of the Canadian Patriotic Fund. This is the Fund that guarantees to the mothers, wives and children of our soldiers freedom from all danger of privation while their breadwinner is away. To make this provision for the dependents of Ontario's soldiers in 1917 will cost at le st six million dollars of which four million must be raised by patriotic citizens. Let every man whose income has been increased since August 4 1914, consider well if he will not have reason to be ashamed of himself if this great Fund is unable to fulfil its mission, and he at the same time is able to count binself the richer for the war.

Private Crumpler Honored on Return.

(Continued from page 1) fully, joined the khaki-clad boys and went to her aid. You have done your bit in belping carry forward the flag of England, the flag which stands for liberty and justice and on the folds of which is emblazoned, as it were the motto "England Expects Every Man to Do His Duty". After two years enlistment with eleven months spent in trenches amid the roar of cannon and bursting of shrapnell with all its attending dangers, you have been spared to return to us by no mere chance but by the kind providence of God who has been watching over you.

We as a people and nation mourn the loss of so many of our brave boys who have spilled their life's blood on the slopes of France and Belgium, and will herald the day when the oceans shall be 11d of their undersea pirates, the air undarkened by human birds of prev, and when the nations shall live in the spirit of brotherhood inspired by universal justice and liberty. When the history of this war, the greatest ever waged shall be written, your heart may justly throb with pride knowing you have placed your part and rest in the relization of Duty Done". Kindly accept this cane as a small token of our esteem. Signed

G. F. Osborne W. C. Brown Morley Earl

Harold Ferguson presented Private Crump'er with a gold heaeded cane. A social hour was spent and the meeting closed by singing God Save the King.

For Your Aching Head

Take one ZUTOO TABLET and in 20 minutes, the pain is gone and you feel Turon will stop any Headache, Sick, Nervous, Dyspeptic or Monthly—in 20 minutes by the clock. 25c at dealers.

FAMOUS BRIDGES.

The Highest, Largest and Most Ornate Structures of Their Kind.

The biggest bridge in the world is the Forth bridge. The British navy can pass under it, and its biggest dreadnaught looks like a pygmy in compari-

The highest bridge in the world is the wonderful single span which crosses the gorge discovered by Livingstone, into which the mighty Zarabezi leaps in a fall only matched by Niagara. This light, airy looking stracture is 400 feet above the river bed, so that the dome of St. Paul's cou'l comfortably stand beneath it.

The longest single span in the world is the span of Brooklyn bringe. It is a suspension bridge, and it? supporting towers are 1.600 feet ar act. Imagine the strength of the cabes capable of supporting such a terri % dead weight, to which add the surging traffic of two vast cities.

The two longest bridges in the world are the Tay bridge in Scotland and the great bridge which carries the railway across the St. Lawrence at Montreal.

The most ornate bridge in the world is the Tower bridge across the Thames In fact, it is perhaps the most beautiful bridge in existence. It is unique, too, in that it is both a girder bridge and a suspension bridge and is also like the ancient drawbridges of romance.

Its cost was £1,500,000, which is just about half the amount the Forth bridge cost.—London Chronicle.

INFLATION AS A DEFENSE.

Easy For the Puffer Fish to Balk Its Natural Enemies.

The puffer fish affords a novel example of the way nature sometimes works to protect her creatures. The many different species inhabit all tropical and other warm seas and certain large riv ers. Few of them reach a length of more than two feet.

The peculiar characteristic common to all of them is their ability to inflate themselves with air or water until they become almost spherical in shape. The air or water that fills the abdomen or the esophageal sac is retained by a valve in the throat and can be discharged almost instantly.

A few good sized scup were placed in one of the exhibition tanks of the New York Zoological society with a dozen puffers about two inches long. The hungry scup at once attacked the puffers, but in an instant every puffer inflated itself so completely with water that it became almost globular. All the scup could do was to knock them about toy balloons, too big to be swallowed, too smooth to afford any hold

Puffers that become frightened near the surface of the sea and are inflated with air sometimes drift ashore, where they roll along the sands until they die are dried by the sun and wind. The Japanese make lanterns of their dried inflated bodies, for the stretched skin is as transparent as oiled paper.— Youth's Companion.

The captain of an ocean steamer in most cases finds out when his vessel is approaching an iceberg from the men down in the engine room. That sounds queer, but it is a fact never-It appears that when steamship enters water considerably colder than that through which it has been going its propeller runs faster. water usually surrounds the vicinage of icebergs for many miles. When the propeller's action therefore is accelerated without the steam power being increased word is passed up to the officer on the bridge that icebergs may be expected, and a close lookout for them is established. There are natural reasons for the propeller will assert the same thing.

One Good In Flimsy Houses.

The Japanese have an easier time than their confreres in Europe. Crime in the land of the chrysanthemum is almost limited to theft and cases of bodily barm resulting from street brawls. It is next to impossible, the chief of the Tokyo police says, for a murder to be committed without some one hearing of it at the moment. This is due to the fact that the houses are composed of paper and bamboo, so any noise in a house occasioned by robbers or assassins would not fail to attract the attention of neighbors.-Dundee Advertiser.

No Hope For Them.
"Some folks fuss with the world because it won't turn to look at them." says a Georgia philosopher, "but if it should stop to hear their complaints they'd soon be fussing because it doesn't talk back. There's no pleas-ing them this side of heaven, and even up there the angels wouldn't know how to make 'em feel at home."—Atlanta Constitution.

Taken at His Word.

He (after marriage)-What! You have no fortune? You said over and over again that you were afraid some one would marry you for your money. She-Yes, and you said over and over again that you would be happy with me if I hadn't a cent. Well, I haven't

Too Busy. "When a cook is making her bread she is unlike the rest of the world in one particular."
"What is that?"

"She does not want her friends to come to her in her hour of knead."

Good actions ennoble us, and we are

WORK IS HEALTH.

Idleness Is Often the Cause of Human

Disease and Decay. Work is not the curse nor the afflic-tion that some people think it is. When taken in proper doses it is the best of medicines. It is now being prescribed for many forms of invalidism, such as heart disease, Bright's disease, nervousness and particularly for insanity.

The lack of work is often the cause of many chronic maladies, and it is a wise physician who can determine one needs work instead of rest and in prescribing the remedy produce no unpleasant situations.

About the most unhealthful person, as well as the most unhappy and use-less, is the person with nothing to do. Work is a dispeller of fears. It is the exercise that is as essential to the bod and mind as are food and air. It is when work is carried to excess

that it becomes injurious, as in the

case with food, rest and all good things.

The ideal of a healthy, happy life is no longer a world where work is not necessary and life is one grand sweet song of idleness. Life is activity; in broad sense it is work-work that produces and entails sacrifice. It is not less work that we need, but work in the right proportions and under the right conditions. Such work is health. -North Carolina Health Bulletin.

SACRED TOOTH OF BUDDHA.

The Palace In Ceylon In Which This Relic Is Preserved.

At all times of the year in Kandy; Ceylon, may be seen followers of Buddha making their way to the great Mahigawa temple, the "Palace of the Sacred Tooth," in order to lay offerings and flowers at the shrine of the founder of their religion.

Entering the temple, they pass into small room, some twelve feet square, in which is kept the famous tooth of Buddha. The chamber is lighted by two lamps which have not been allowed to go out for years. The walls are splendidly decorated, and the vessel—called the Karundua—containing the tooth stands on a massive silver table amidst a gorgeous array of jew-

els and other valuable gifts.

The Karundua is draped with muslin, beneath which is a silver dome studded with gems, and under this is a dome of gold, beautifully carved and literally incrusted with precious stones. Two similar coverings lie below them, beneath these is a small case of gold, in which on leaves of a gold lotus reposes the tooth itself. This relic. carefully guarded, is seldom seen by others than priests.

So much in reverence is the tooth held that to lay an offering to Buddha on the table bearing it is an ambition which every Buddhist would not fail to gratify if circumstances permitted .-

OLD NEWSPAPERS

Old newspapers may be obtained at the Reporter Office at to a pound. We have me in 25 pound bundles.

NOTIICE

I hereby give notice that I shall not be esponsible for any debts contracted in my name without written authority from me 45-47 ADAM HAWKINS,

Death of Mrs. V. L. Yates

A faithful and devoted wife, a loving mother, and a true friend, in the person of Mrs. Vincent L. Yates, died at her residence, Plum Hollow, at 1 05 Tuesday morning, Nov. 7th, aged 81 years, four months and 21 days. Her maiden name was Hester Ann Hamb lin, daughter of the late Wm. Hamblin, Athens. She was born June 17, 1835, and married January 1st, 1855. She was the mother of nine children, eight daughters and one son; 24 grand children and 26 great grand children, mourn her loss. She survived her husband 22 years, he having died March 29, 4894. From that time the old homestead and entire estate has been managed by her eldest child and only son, Philip C. Yates, who at her death became sole proprietor.

Tue funeral took place Thursday morning, Nov. 9th, from the old home. The sermon was preached in the Boptist church by the Rev., E. Claxton. She was buried in the Sheldon burying ground beside her pusband and tather. The funeral was the largest witnessed there in years. All of the children except one, Mrs. Jas. Mahaffie were present at the burial.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years, doctors pronounced it a local disease and pre-cribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, tro-nounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Chenny & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Sond for circulars and testimenials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation,

Fresh Meat

By the pound or by the quarter. Also dressed CHICKENS

on short notice. Prices right Highest cash price paid for

G. D. McLEAN, Main Street Prompt delivery of phone orders.

HOWICK HALL, OTTAWA

Jan. 16, 17, 18, 19, 1917

Write for prize list.

Wm. Smith, M.P., W. D. Jackson, President, Columbus, Ont.

OTTAWA WINTER FAIR

\$16,000.00 in Cash Prizes

Secretary Carp, Ont,

COLD WEATHER

Is Comfortable Weather to Men who are well clothed.

The question of good clothing never worries our patrons If you do not buy your clothes from us, we ask you to call and talk the matter over. Every courtesy will be extended. We call the attention of clergymen to our special facilities for tailoring clerical clothes.

M. J. KEHOE, BROCKVILLE

We have now on display the largest stock of

Women's and Misses' Fall and Winter Coats

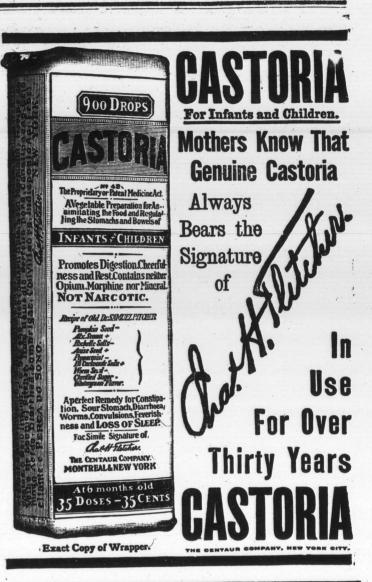
ever shown in Brockville and the prices no higher than last season.

You can buy Women's and Misses' Newest Fall Suits at startling reductions. Every suit is this season's up to the minute in style, and all wool mater ials, at very low prices.

C. H. POST

BROCKVILLE.

The Exclusive Women's Wear Shop.



Look at the address label on your paper. Jan. 17 means 1st of Jan. 1917 not 17th of Jan. If you have paid your subscription, see that the labels shows it. If it does not. notify us immediately.





When you come here for a suit of clothes or an overcoat our object is to make you a permanent satisfied customer of this

We know no better way to do it than by selling you



C. F. YATES, Athens

CHARLESTON

Miss Julia Hudson has gone to Summit, N. Y,, to spend the winter.

The young people of our school section are preparing for their annual Christmas entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Foster visited in Brockville one day last week.

Mrs. W. Crozier, Outlet, was a recent visitor at her sons, W. G. Crozier. The teacher and ladies of our school section filled and mailed large sized soda biscuit pails with Christmas cheer to Ptes. Gerald Botsford, Gordon Kelsev, Lloyd Kirkland, Andy Bradly, Edmund Heffernan and James Hawkins now overseas.

Wednesday evening for the late Pte. M. Herdison. Ross De Wolfe.

Letters have been received by relatives and friends from our boys now at Witley Camp, Surrey, England.

Mrs. W. Halladay sent a large box of Christmas cheer to Pte G. H Grant recently wounded in France.

Mrs. Eyre is convalescent.

Miss Finley has returned from a visit with friends at Smith's Falls.

Miss Edna Boulton, of Lillies, is vis iting her sister, Mrs. E. King.

rison farm at Washburns.

GREENBUSH

Mr. Harold Blanchard has returned to New York after making an extended visit o relatives here.

Mrs. Ed Smith returned from a visit to her son at Carleton Place. She was accompanied by her daughter-inlaw and grandson.

Mrs D. Goodfellow and family have moved to Athens.

On Welnesday, November 1st, a quiet wedding took place at the home Mr. David Johnston when his daught er Edvthe L. was united in marriage to William Kennedy of Brockville by the Rev. Chas Baldwin of Addison. At six o'clock to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding March played by Miss Myrtle Loverin, the bride unattended entered the drawing room on the arm of her father. She was gowned in a bridal robe of of white duchess satin with trimmings of chantilly lace and wore the customery bridal veil and orange blossoms and carried chrysanthemums and maiden hair fern. Her only ornament was a diamond and pearl pendant, the gift of the groom and to the organist a cameo ring. At Fund. the conclusion of the ceremony, a dainty repast was served after which Mr and Mrs Kennedy left by motor for Brockville and points East, The bride travelling in a navy blue suit and black seal coat.

Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy will reside in Brockville where the groom is in the employ of the Whyte Packing Co.

Mr. Ethan Gifford is on the sick list. Mr. Wm. White and Mr. Byron W. Loverin attended the ploughing match and tractor display at Whitby last

Philipsville Red Cross

The Philipsville branch of the Red Cross Society has, during the past year made and forwarded to headquarters, the following Red Cross supplies:

132 pairs socks, 96 flannel shirts, 66 hospital shirts, 72 pillow slips, 12 sheets, 20 dozen rolls bandages, 57 dozen compresses, 460 pads and a large quantity of preserved fruit.

A box was sent containing a pair of socks, a fruit cake, cookies, gum, chocolate and home made candy, to each of twelve boys of this neighborhood, who are now at the fighting line.

Mrs. Isaac Steven, President. Mrs. F. W. Acheson, Secretary.

Wiltsetown Honor Roll for October IV-Morris Earl, Elmer Parish, Bessie Parish.

III Sr.-Marian Earl, Mazie Redford

III Jr -Maude Alguire. II Sr.—Grace Marsaw, Clifford Red-

ford (equal)
II Jr.—Ina Alguire, Beatrice Parish. I-Jock Earl.

Primer-May Vanallen, Polly Al-

guire, Laura Redford. Number on roll 14, average attend-

ance 13. V. J. Beaman, teacher.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

JUNETOWN

Mrs. Allen N. Esrl and Misses Kathleen and Doris, of Warburton, spent a few days last week with her paren's

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Herbison has moved into their new brick house.

Mr. and Mrs. McCauley, of Esha Lodge, Ivy Les, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Warren on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Williard J. Purvis and daughters, Allie and Belva, left on Monday for Pasadems, California to spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fletcher and children, of Redwood, N. Y. who has been spending the past two weeks with Some here attended the memorial relatives here returned hone on Friservice at Christ church, Athens, on day accompanied by her mother, Mrs.

> Mrs. Norris Ferguson and daughter, Trene, visited relatives at Fairfield East, last week.

Mrs. M. G. Herbison and Mrs. Fletcher and children spent a few days last week with relatives in Yonge Mills and Lyp.

Mr. Alex Tennant, Lyn, was visiting at Mr. Eli Tennants one day last week.

Mrs. Wm. Summers, Lansdowne and Mrs. A. E. Summers, Mallorytown, spent Friday last with Mrs. J. A. Herbison.

LEEDS

Word has reached Mrs. Wm. Cockrill that her son, Will, who went overseas with the 156 battalion, is dangerously ill with spinal meningitis.

Born, on Sat, Nov. 4 to Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Sweet, a son.

Miss Ella Smith, Lyndburst, spent Sunday at Miner Sweets.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McMillan and family, of Ellisville, spent Sunday at Jas. N. Somerville.

Baby Gordon Kirkland is quite sick with a cold.

Mr. David Gamble is able to be up after a severe attack of Lumbago.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Ponet and child, of Ellisville, was the guest of Wm. Scott

Rev. Waddell, of Seeley's Bay, has purchased a new model Ford car.

Mr. Miner Sweet, our tax collector. is making his calls,

During the scarcity of milk our factory is only making every other day.

The proceeds from Saturday cheese was donated to the Belgian Relief

PHILIPSVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shaver, of Calgary, were week-end visitors of her sister, Mrs. E. A. Whitmore.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Willows, of Lyn, motored here and were the gu st of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Wil-

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Judson, of Lvn were visitors of their cousin, E A. Whitmore for a day.

The cold snap hardened the ground the farmers could not plow

Mr. Merton Denny, his mother, and Mrs. J. V. Philips motored to Verona, and spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Snider. Miss Snider came back with them, and visited friends here a week.

The tax man made his rounds last werk with about \$20 on \$1,000 of an assessment. On one farm, (your correspondent remembers) the taxes

The Council met at the call of the Reeve on Saturday evening, 11 inst. Members all present.

It was decided to have newly stoned roads rolled and Mr. Scott was appointed to arrange for the roller.

Thos Heffernan was appointed to inspect the town line road, between Yonge Front and Yonge Rear, and when finished report to the Council.

Accts ordered paid: John Hall repairing bridge between Elbe and Forthton \$3 00; John Ross drawing stone in Div. 7, \$9 20; Jos. M Clow for same, \$7 20; Robt. J. Ferguson for 520 bushels of gravel for Bresce Bridge, \$52.00 W. B. Beale for tile returned and used on road 3 40; W. G. Parish cement for Bresee Bridge \$198 95; and number for culverts in Div 7, \$2.75.

HON. JAS. S. DUFF DEAD.

Minister of Agriculture Expired in

the House of a Friend. TORONTO, Nov. 20.—Hon. James Stoddart Duff, Minister of Agriculture for Ontario, is dead. Taken ill while on a visit to Alliston late Friday afternoon, he died in the house of a friend before medical aid could be summoned acute heart travble be summoned, acute heart trouble being the immediate cause. The late Mr. Duff reached his home in Cooks town on Thursday, apparently feeling in good health, after a week at work in his office in Toronto. On Friday he went down to Alliston to attend to private business, and while on the street felt himself becoming faint. He went into the house of a friend, who immediately hurried out after a physician. Dr. Cunningham respond-

physician. Dr. Cunningham responded, but before he reached the house the Minister was dead.

Friends of the family took charge of the remains, there being no one else to assume that duty. Mrs. Duff has been prostrated since the death of her son at the front and other of her son at the front, and other members of the family are away from

The death of Hon. Mr. Duff was a shock to his colleagues, and to the wider circle outside the Cabinet, who were in daily touch with him. while it was recognized that the Min-ister's health was not the best, there was little fear that it would take him out of public life for some time to come. Undoubtedly the news of his son's death at the front a fortnight son's death at the front a fortnight ago had a great deal to do with hastening his death. He appeared to bear up well when the sorrowful news reached him, but those who knew him most intimately understood how severe the blow had been.

INVADERS MAKE GAINS.

Roumanians Have Scored Successe at Several Points.

LONDON, Nov. 20.-Falkenhayn continues his advance in northern Wallachia, on Roumanian soil, at several points. On some parts of the front Ferdinand's troops, however, are not only holding their own, but scoring substantial successes. striking east from Orsova the Ger-manic troops have created a new threat to the Roumanians command-

ing part of the railroad to Craiova, in the rear of the defenders.

Since November 1 the Teutons claim to have taken 19,000 Roumanians and twenty-six cannon.

In the Jiul and Alt Valleys the involves are foreing about In the

vaders are forging ahead. In the former region the wedge is being driven closer and closer to the Crajova line, where a junction between the two hostile armies of invasion, has already become a probability. In the latter sector, south of Red Tower Pass, Falkenhayn's troops have crossed the Caliman-Suici road, and

are still moving southward some fifteen miles within the frontier.

In the Tirgujiul Valley, between the Jiul and Gilert, the Roumanians successfully developed the advan-tages obtained Saturday. The Teu-tons were swept back for some distance and Ferdinand's troops carried a series of important heights. Russian attempts to press forward east of the Putna Valley broke down be-fore the determined resistance of Bavarian regiments. In the region of Dragoslavele the Roumanians also forced the battle with success, smashing through the enemy's lines for a slight advance and capturing many prisoners and a large amount of mu-nitions and guns.

To Fly Across Atlantic.

PARIS, Nov. 20. — Lieut.-Commander Kjel Nyegaard of the Normander Kjel Nyegaard of the Norwegian navy and Captain Hugo Sunstedt of the British navy will make
the first serious attempt since the
war began to fly across the Atlantic.
Commander Nyegaard, who is a nephew of the Norwegian Minister to
France, and a well-known aviator, is
the organizer of the undertaking,
which has the semi-official backing
of the Norwegian Government. Until
a month ago he was a lieutenant in a month ago he was a lieutenant in the French Aerial Service, and has been thrice wounded during the war, the last time, when he fell 2,000 metres, alighting in a tree, which saved his life. Before the war he was an attache at the Norwegian Ministry. He is a personal friend of the Crown Prince of Montenegro, and recently received a decoration from the Montengrin King.

and Band Beaten

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Defeat of a large force of Mohmans on the In-dian border by British troops was an-nounced by the India Office yesterwere at one time £2. Now they are about \$70. He also remembers his father selling lambs at 3s 9d to 5s to get money to pay the taxes. 200 lbs. of flour were bought for the sum of \$11. This price is not far from the present high one.

Township Council

The Council and the £2. Now they are about \$70. He also remembers his father selling lambs at 3s 9d to 5s to get money to pay the taxes. 200 lbs. of flour were bought for the sum of \$11. This price is not far from the present high one.

Township Council and the first high one the formal tribes who have long given trouble to the British. They inhabit rough to the British or the of India, north-west of Pechawur. The tribesmen were defeated and withdrew with a less of 100 dead. The British employed airplanes, which had never been used in millitary operations on the Indian frontary operations on the Indian fron-tier. Only one person was killed on the British side, the statement says.

Sudden Call in Church

WINDSOR, Nov. 20.—While seated in the balcony of St. Alphonsus' church with his wife here Sunday morning, Mr. William R. Pajot, a well-known Windsor businessman, was stricken with heart disease, dying within a few mornaries. ing within a few moments

ing within a few moments.

Few persons in the edifice knew of
the tragic event, and the service proceeded as Mr. Pajot's life went out.
He was fifty-seven years old, and for
the past twenty years had been general manager of the clothing store of
Walter Boug on Sandwich street.

Australian General Dead.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Brigadier-General Duncan J. Glasford died in France on November 12 as a result of a wound from a shell. He was one of the leading Australian commanders and was Director of Military \$2.75.

Training in Australia for four years
R. E. Cornell Clerk preceding the war.

The Hunters' Last Hunt

Where has the high school poet gone The bard of some few years ago, The lad who rose at early dawn, O say, does anyone know?

One day we saw him hurrying on With dog and gun and sporting

goods Across a narrow strip of land

Into Hard Island's tamarack woods Since then no poem from his pen

From either home or lone recess Has found its welcome wav again Back to the Athens Printing Press An Educator with him strole

Who might not heed the runways Till far from either trail or read

They in the wilderness were lost. Then School gained knowledge pure

and deep With all its worth and all its cost Would leave them feeling rather cheap Among the trees where they were

It no account of them is gained, May these few lines appeal to you, And we turn out and seek for them Sometime within a week or two.

Their boots were good, their clothing

And well prepared for thick and thin so in the woods would take no harm Unless the winter should set in.

And yet some day in glowing shape A column and a half or more From them, may tell of their escape And all the game laid up in store.

Hard Island, Nov. 17

CANADIAN RY.

SHORT LINE

To Atlantic and Pacific Coast Points

C. P. R. Standard-Best of Everything

For reservations, tickets, etc., apply to Brockville City Ticket and Telegraph Office, 52 King street.

GEO. E. McGLADE.

NEW TERM ANNOUNCEMENT

The New Year Term will open Jan. 2, 1917. Do you want to qualify for an office position? There never was a time when the large city firms needed so many trained bookkeepers, stenographers, etc. as a glance at the "Want-ad" columns of such papers as the Mentreal Star, Winnipeg Free Press, Toronto Telegram, etc., will show.

We shall have a large enrollment in January; perhaps you had better start in now. Civil Service examinations every November and May. Send for catalogue.

BROCKVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE

W. T. Rogers, Prin. Temporary Office, Victoria Hall.

Don't Miss Your Great

Opportunity To Save Money

These hard times when goods are getting scarce and prices abvancing almost every day. Take advantage of our Big Sale Of Manufacturer's Samples and buy now your full supply for winter. You can save from 25 to 33 per cent on Men's and Boys' High Class Sample Suits, Overcoats, Reefers, Odd Pants, Underwear, Coat Sweaters, Shirts, Soeks, Gloves, Mitts, Caps, etc. You can find a sample suit or overcoat here just what you want and save from \$5.00 to \$10.00.

Every Sample guaranteed to be in every way, or we will refund your money.

GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE The Store of Quality

BROCKVILLE



COLUMBIA GRAFONOLAS

\$475 to \$20 **DOUBLE DISC RECORDS** 85c up Fit Any Machine Made in

"HEARING IS BELIEVING" The Columbia dealer nearest to you will gladly demonstrate. Very easy payments Little cash required. Dealer will explain terms.

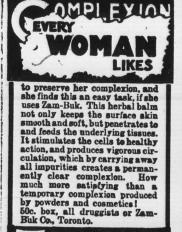
Send for a new free catalogue. COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE CO.

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"Creators of the Industry."
"Pioneers and Leaders in the Art."
"Owners of the Fundamental Patents CANADIAN FACTORY, TORONTO



For Sale By B. PERCIVAL



M-BUK

GASOLINE FUMES.

The Gas Given Off by This Popular Fuel Acts Like an Anesthetic.

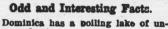
Gasoline fumes, in addition to being highly inflammable, are also poison ous to the human being. This fact has only recently been developed by medical authorities and it is possible that its discovery might have the effect of explaining some deaths that have been assigned as probably due to other causes. The fumes are poisonous under certain conditions and it is well to have these conditions thoroughly understood, else there may be more deaths from this cause. Combined with enough air there is little or no danger, but when a person is sub-jected to the influence of the fumes in a confined place the chances are that they will be affected in a way that might have fatal resultts. So far as their investigations have gone that as their investigations have gone the chemists and medical men who have investigated gasoline poisoning have come to the conclusion that its effects are very much like being overcome with an anesthetic. The victim suddenly collapses and becomes unconscious. During the period when consciousness is lost the people between ways much as do not be the people. have very much as do people who have been subjected to ether as an anesthe-



Some of them fight and scream and some of them are perfectly still.

As in the case of an anesthetic, the recovery is dependent on the individual. It is not often that there are any bad effects from it, however. In a num-ber of cases that have occurred in Montreal, where the discovery of the poisonous nature of the fumes has been prompt and the victims were able to return to work the next day. In all of these cases, however, restorative measures were commenced immediately on the men being overcome—the victims being men in these
cases—so that there is no evidence of
what the fumes will do if the person
overcome by them is not given immediate attention. That is, there is no
positive evidence so far as the Montreal authorities know. positive evidence so far as the mon-treal authorities know. There have been cases where deaths occurred which, in light to the discovery that has been made, may safely be as-signed to inhaling gasoline fumes. One was the case of a man who was painting or cleaning the inside of a gasoline tank and was found dead. Another was the case of a chauffeur who was found dead in a garage where there was no ventilation and where the fumes of gasoline were very strong. It is pointed out that in view strong. It is pointed out that, in view of the universal custom of using gaso-line as a cleaning material by wo-men, it would be well to see that the room where it is used, is well venti-lated with a steady current of fresh air. There is no danger so long as the fumes are not confined—just as there is little or no danger of explosion when the gas is allowed to mingle freely with the air.





nown depth. Native girls of New Britain are kept in cages until they marry.

Nine cubic inches of water frozen will measure ten cubic inches.

A bird that cannot fly is the black

wood hen of New Zealand. Eleven grains of radium were produced in the United States last year.
Ice is made use of in a Texas orchard to retard the budding until desir-

Many spiders have poison fangs, but Many spiders have possent langs, but few are dangerous to human beings.

The world's ski jumping record is held by an American, who covered a distance of just under 192 feet.

In Wales the Hedgegarlic, or, as it is more commonly called, "Jack-by-the-hedge," is often fried with bacon.

The Many lider Covernor rifle are.

The Mannlicher-Carcano rifle car-ried by the Italian soldier is six in. longer than the British rifle and four ounces heavier.

Alligators' eggs are eaten by na-tives in the West Indies a ndWestern Africa. They are similar to a hen's eggs in shape and taste, but larger. China has the largest bridge in the world, extending five and a quarter miles over an arm of the Yellow Sea, and being supported on 300 stone

No Girl Need Have A Blotched Face

Whether it be in capturing the heart of man, or making her way through the world by the toll of her hands, a charming and pretty face gives any girl a big advantage. Poor complexion and rough, sallow skin complexion and rough, sallow skin are caused by blood disorders. The cure is simple. Just use Dr. Hamilton's Pills—a reliable family remedy that has for years been the foremost blood remedy in America. That soft glow will return to the checks, the eyes will brighten, appetite will improve strength and codurance. prove, strength and endurance will come because sound health has been established. Get a 25c box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills to-day. Sold everywhere

Queer Tail of a Bird.

Signal officer of the birds' army orps is the racket tailed humming bird. For his duties nature has equipped him with a pair of purple flags fashioned out of two long and flags fashioned out of two long and peculiar tail feathers. He wigwags his signals from one tree to another, issues his challenges to battle and courts his mate. When he's not signaling he's sipping honey from the flowers and trying to keep his tail from entangling itself in the briars. He's a midget of the South American mountains. He has snort wings, which he operates at lightning speed. can mountains. He has snort wings, which he operates at lightning speed. His tail is a combination of two wire-like handles, with a purple tuft of feathers at the end of each. He crosses them near the middle, and sometimes he brings the pair of "rackets" at the end to his head, as though trying to fan himself.

though trying to fan himself.

The male birds have a sort of love dance which they engage in during the mating season. Then they play all sorts of tricks with the rackets.—Philadelphia North American.

\$21.00 Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc. DELIVERED AT

How a Bird Dresses.

As bird fashions do not change, two suits a year are quite enough for most birds, but they need to take great care of them. Each separate feather must be cleaned and looked over and the useless ones pulled out. These feathers are not packed close together, you know, but lie loose and have places between filled with air. When a bird wants to get warmer he lifts his feathers so that these air spaces may be larger. But if his feathers are tangled or wet and dirty he could not raise them, and soon he could not keep the heat in his little body and would of course, die.



SPECIALISTS Call or send history for free advice. Medicing furnished in tablet form, Hours—10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 to 6 p.m. Sundays—10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Consultation Free DRS. SOPER & WHITE 25 Tereste St., Terento, Ont.

Please Mention This Paner

Odd and Interesting Facts.

Hamburg has an experimental plant that obtains power from the ebb and flow of North Sea tides.

Russia's population will be 600,000. 000 by the end of this century if it maintains its present rate of increase. To prevent skidding and slipping in damp weather the streets of San Francisco are sanded by a machine mounted on a motor truck.

The net investment of the United States reclamation service at the beginning of the present fiscal year was approximately \$100,000,000.

The first sewing machine of which here is authentic record was patented in England in 1755, eighty-one years before the first American machine. The Egyptian vulture was the chief scavenger of the land of Pharaoh. Cost of government meat inspection in the United States is said to amount to 4 cents per capita annually.

NO VULGAR DISPLAY. (New York Times) "Congratulations, my boy," said the attorney, "you have inherited a nice little fortune."

"Yes," assented the fortunate youth.
"I suppose you will pay a lot of your debts now?" debts now?"

"I had thought of it, but I concluded to make no change in my manner of living. I don't want to be accused of vulgar display."



The Daring of **British Fliers**

As for the way in which British aviators bully the enemy's machines when they can get at them, a few specific examples will illustrate it, says the London Times' correspondent On Sept. 1 Lieut. --- "encountered a formation of twelve Rolands." Naturally, Lieut. ____ got away as fast as he could. Did he? Read this: "He dived in among them, firing one

landed in a gap between two woods. Several other machines were engaged with indecisive results, and, having expended all his ammunition, Lieut. - returned."

It was careless of Lieut. have more ammunition about him; but what is one to say of a man like this, who spends a happy day in tackling, first, twelve enemy machines, tackling, first, tweive enemy machines, and then "several" more, diving into them like a hawk into a flight of pigeons, and simply "shooing" them all over the sky?

And that same evening another lieutenant took a hand in the game of fluttering Volscians. The covey which

2 IN 1

other day our men go bombing an aerodrome and they see the enemy wheeling all their machines out of the wheeling all their machines out of the sheds—which they know will be bombed—so our men drop a little lower and bomb the machines in the open. Another time they go for a factory and "a big explosion occurs." Then it is a railway station which "is hit in several places." Or they come down and use

railway station which "is hit in several places." Or they come down and use their machine guns on the scidier workers massed about a pithead, or on "the enemy's support lines" or "the second line hostile trenches south of Beaumont Hamel."

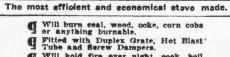
One does not wonder that Germans in their trenches hate our aercplanes. What one does wonder at is that now for two months and more this thing has been going on, and that it is only it. bursts, when the protection of bad weather has given the enemy a chance to rull himself together, that the German airmen attempt the initiative at man airmen attempt the intiative at

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

English and French.

It is truly a graceful speech, the French tongue, Plain, homely things of life, so bald and bare and disheartof the so baid and bare and disneart-ening in the Anglo-Saxon, are less un-lovely in the French. Indeed, the French word for "rags" is so pretty that we have conferred chiffon on one of our daintiest fabrics. But in the grace of the language lies also its weakness. It does not rise to sup-reme utterances. I have been reading the Bible texts on the tombstones in the little cemetery of Chardonne, "L'Eternal est mon berger" can never rank in loftiness with "The Lord is he ran into had only eight birds. He my shepherd," nor "Que votre coeur picked out one—doubtless the old cock, though the report does not say heart be troubled."

Combination Cooker and Heater



Will hold fire ever night, cook, boil and bake equal to the largest range.

Has a fine even of heavy steel sheets closely riveted together. Body of pelished steel.

If your dealer has not a sample for your inspection, send \$21 direct to us and we will prepay freight te your nearest railroad station.

HAMILTON STOVE & HEATER CO., LIMITED Canada's Oldest Stove Makers.

so—which "went down in a spin" (you know how a bird does it cometimes), "falling near Bapaume." The neighborhood of Bpaume seems to have been fairly sprinkled with damaged

enemy aeroplanes that day.

Another day two officers "encountered six enemy machines near Cam-Then follows:

"While he was diving at the hestile patrol leader, three hortile machines dived on the tail of Lieut. A.'s machine. One of the enemy markines was engaged by another pilot, while Lieut. B. engaged another and fired two and a half drums into it as it passed across the tail of his machine. This enemy machine made a vertical dive with a stream of smoke pouring out behind. Lieut. A. turned and opened fire on the third machine with his front gun, firing about twenty rounds at it. The yilot turned and got under the tail, and Lieut. A. also turned and fired another twenty rounds into it, after which it was seen to dive vertically out of control and to turn on its back. The remaining hostile machines dispersed and were seen to land west of Cambrai."

On another occasion one of our ma-On another occasion one of our machines was attacked by four of the enemy, but, "turning sharpl,", emptied one drum into the nearest at twenty yards' range," when the enemy turned on its side and fell. The pilot then attacked another machine, which was just above him, firing a drum and a ball of close range. The Boland half at close range. The Roland ti-rned a complete cartwheel on its right wing tip, and fell cut of control. These little exploits are only incldents in the regular daily work of our Is spotting enemy gun positions, and other things, so that our own guns may get on to them. On one day 132 targets are thus "dealt with." On an-

Baby's Sleep and Rest. The baby should sleep alone in its

wn crib, protected from flies. Remove all clothing at bedtime and replace by clean, comfortable night-

If the baby cries when it should be asleep, it is either sick, overfed, hungry or uncomfortable. Constant jumping or jarring of the baby is likely to hurt its nerves and

upset its digestion. A very young baby during the first three months of its life must have from 16 to 20 hours sleep out of the

Never rock the baby, use sicifiers or comforters to put the baby to sleep. Never let a baby suck a nipple unless he is getting food through it at the proper feeding time.

Never give a baby or children food purchased from pushcarts, hokey-pok-ey, ice-cream wagons, etc. Give only the simplest prescribed foods

Patent medicines or soothing syrups must never be given to babies. Many leaths of babies and children have been caused by sleeping or soothing medicines.

See that the bedding, diaper and

clothing are clean, smooth and wrinkled; the room should be dark-ened while the baby sleeps, kept quiet and well ventilated. The windows should always be opened at the top at least six inches; in summer-time wide open.

ON TIME. (Boston Transcript.) "My tailor has promised to have my

suit done to-morrow. "Do you think he'll give it to you or time?"
"Oh, no; I'll have to pay cash."



Recipe for Troubles.

Would you like a recipe for the little verations and annoyances of life that keep the mind uneasy and disturbed? Let us give you one. Het out in the silence of some starry night and look up at the stars for a minute or two. Get within their influence for a moment. Take in the spirit of their tran-quility and peace. Think what they are and where they are, and you will soon lose yourself in the infinity of their being. You will begin to feel God has made this world big enough for you and that the little cares that vex you are only intruders that you should despise and scorn. Just try it, and if it does not cure you, you are not the man you think you are.



Finnish Grammar.

201 Hallam Building, Terenta

Finnish grammar is of a difficulty absolutely repulsive. None of the other languages of the same group is half so hard. Hungarian-nay, even Turkish, despite the vexatious initial impediment of the Arabic alphabet—is easy in comparison. The syntax is at once provokingly elaborate and per-plexingly obscure. It possesses fifteen distinct cases and twenty-four differentiated infinitive forms; but, on the other hand, there is no real distinction between nouns, adjectives, adverbs, prepositions, infinitives and participles, so that the student must not be startled by finding infinitives regularly declined like nouns and nouns taking upon them degrees of compari-son like adjectives.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in

Four Great Musicians.

Palestrina was a revolutionist in his day, but is now virtually obsolete evenfor the severest classicists, Gluck was as radical an innovator as Wagner, yet it is only occasionally and with difficulty that one of his works can now be briefly resuscitated. Beethoven was a madman even to many of the best musicians as late as 1806, when, as that musical veteran. Professor Haupt, himself said, the Fifth Symphony" was rehearsed in Berlin for the first time and the orchestra dashed the music from the racks, de claring it was crazy and could never be played. Now this same "Fifth Symphony" is considered a model of form, and its composer is the cherished idol of conservatives and classicists.

Magic "Nerviline" Ends Stiff Reck, Lumbago

Any Curable Muscular or Joint Pain is Instantly Relieved by Nerviline.

GET TRIAL BOTTLE TO-DAY.

You don't have to wait all day to get the kink out of a stiff neck if you rub on Nerviline. And you don't need to go around complaining about lumbago any more. You can rub such things away very quickly with Norvi-line. It's the grandest liniment, the etrate, the speed

ease muscular pain of any kind.
One twenty-five cent trial bottle of One twenty-five cent trial bottle of un-bago or lame back. This has been proved a thousand times, just as it was in the case of Mrs. E. J. Gray-den, of Caledonia, who writes: "I wouldn't think of going to bed without knowing we had Nerviline in the knowing we had Nerviline in the house. I have used it for twenty-odd years, and appreciate its value as a family remedy more and more every If any of the children gets stiff neck, Nerviline cures quickly, it is earache, toothache, cold on chest, sore throat. Nerviline is always my standby. My husband once cured himself of a frightful attack of lum-bago by Nerviline, and for a hundred aliments that turn up in a large family Nerviline is by far the best thing to have about you."

SNEEZING OMENS.

At One Time a Sneeze Was Regarded as a Death Warrant.

Sneezing from very remote times has been regarded with superstition. Our forefathers went to bed again if they sneezed while putting on their shoes. A sneeze to the right was deemed lucky; to the left, of evil portent. To sneeze near a burial place

was very unlucky.

Tradition has it that sneezing was as first a fatal sign—every human being sneezed but once and then died—but Jacob petitioned the Creator to remove the sneezing ban and succeeded. Thence arose the once universal custom of saluting a species with titled. tom of saluting a sneezer with "God bless you!" or "May you live long!" The custom still obtains in some parts

In England not only was a sneeze In England not only was a sneezer blessed, but friends raised their hats to him as well. In an old book, "The Code of Conduct," it is directed that "if his lordship sneezes ye are not to hawl out 'God bless you!' but bow to him handsomely." All over the world the sneeze was recognized. Whole na-

ISSUE NO. 47, 1916

HELP WANTED.

WANTED-GIRLS TO WORK ON knit underwear-seamers and fin-leshed stitchers preferred. We also teach learners, any girl with good knowledge of plain sewing; good wages; ideal fac-tory conditions. Zimmerman Manufac-turing Co., Ltd., Aberaeen and Garth streets, Hamilton, Ont.

WANTED— EXPERIENCED COOK-general; no laundry work; \$25.00; references. Address, 395 Queen street south, Hamilton, Ont.

Experienced knitters and toopers, also young girls to learn. Clean work and highest wages.

CHIPMAN-HOLTON KNITTING CO., LIMITED. HAMILTON, ONTARIO.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN

2 POTTER CYLINDER PRESSES—A half sheet Double Demy and a half sheet Double Royal size. Make us an offer for them. Well suited for a Country Printing Office. Address, Times Printing Company Hamilton, Out.

tions were under orders to make exclamations when their king sneezed. Sneezing was believed to be a sure cure for hiccough and was also looked upon as a sign of sanity. If ancient and universal belief goes for anything it is good to sneeze.—London Tele-

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

THE DOUBTFUL PART.

(Macon Telegraph)
The Big Boss was consulting Nelse, the
tjnitor, relative to the qualifications of
a applicant for a place as assistant
antitor.

janitor.
"Do you know this boy's reputation for truth and veracity?" he asked
"Tas, suh, yas, suh, I guess I de," re sponded Nelse.
"Well, what is it?"
"Well, what is it?"
"Well, suh, he always tells de truth, I reckon; dat is, I nevah is ketched him in no lie, but 'bout dis her v'ras-ty bizness. I'm gwinter to fair wid you, some say he will an' some say he won't."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,-Theodore Dorais, a customer of mine, was completely cured of rheumatism after five years of suf-fering by the judicious use of MIN-ARD'S LINIMENT.

The above facts can be verified by writing to him, to the parish priest, or any of his neighbors.

A. COTE, Merchant. St. Isidore, Que., May 12, '9S.

WHEN WORK IS PLAY.

The Secret of Contentment is Found in Proper Employment.

A philosopher once said that "no man properly employed was ever miserable." And a more truthful statement was never made.

To be properly employed one must be engaged in a business in which he has faith and confidence and for which he has respect. If he doubts the legitimacy of the business, if he must resort to practices which he feels are questionable, if he isn't proud of his occupation, he is not properly employed. If the work he is given to perform palls upon him, if he feels that he ought to be doing something else, if he envies the other employee his place in the shoot of return them. place in the shop or factory, then the work deadens and destroys, and misery

The writers got things balled up when they talked about work and play. Too great a distinction was drawn. Play was pictured as some thing that gave happiness and work as something which one performed only because he was hungry.

chly because he was nungry.

The truth it, it is all play or eught to be, for the man who is properly employed is only engaged in playing. He gets as much delight from it as he formerly got from the childsh games or should. Certainly there can be no misery where a man has found his

"That get-rich-quick man is as busy as a bee." "Yes," replied Cumrox.
"He's one of those busy bees who can't
manage to gather honey without incidentally stinging somebody."—Washington Star.

"The White Flour Pinch"—have you felt it? With the advancing price of wheat "the sevencent loaf is doomed," say the bakers. In its place we have the eight-cent loaf-in many cities only the sixteen-cent loaf. A loaf of white flour bread is not a complete ration. However wholesome and pure, it does not supply all the proteids the human body needs. In Shredded . Wheat Biscuit you have all the body-building nutriment in the whole wheat grain prepared in a digestible form. It is always the same price, always the same high quality. Eat it for breakfast with milk or cream or with fruits.

Made in Canada

NINE VILLAGES TAKEN BY SERBS IN A FEW HOURS

Heavy Gains Over German-Bulgars in Macedonia Continue.

SARRAIL TO STRIKE

Main Saloniki Army Believed About to Launch a Big Drive.

London, Cable.-Nine towns and villages on the Macedonian front have fallen within the last 24 hours to the Franco-Serbian forces, who have advanced to within four miles of Monastir. The important town of Kenali, where the Bulgar-German forces had established their principle line of origi-nal defence, is now in the possession of the Serbs. On both banks of the Cerna River, the pursuit of the enemy was alike successful.

Supported by fresh troops, the Bul Supported by fresh troops, the Bulgars yesterday made a strong stand on the line of Iven-Yarashok, on the Cerna's left bank, which had long since been fortifled After determined fighting the Serbians succeeded in breaking seriously into this line at several points. The villages of Chagel, Baldentsi, Negochani and Yarashok Monastery were wrested from the enemy.

On the right bank of the Cerna the Bulgars were compelled to abandon their principal line of organized defence and retire in the direction of Monastir. They were driven from the villages of Bukri, Gorn-Jegri, Sredno-Jegri and Don-Jegri, as well as from the town of Kenall. Five hundred full arians and Compensation of the certain the compensation of the compensation of the certain fulgarians and Germans were taken prisoner and several machine guns and other war material was captured.

MAIN ARMY PREPARING. On the eastern end of the Mace-donian line British troops have again assumed the offensive, defeating the Bulgarians in the region of the River Struma and capturing the village of Karakaska. The activity of patrols in this district leads to the belief that the main Saloniki army is about ready to alunch a drive up the Varda

Telegraphing from the headquar ters of the French army at Saloniki under date of Nov. 15, the correspond-ent of Reuter's Telegram Company

Yesterday the French, Russian and Italian forces operating to the west of the River Cerna, attracted the Chapites during a rainstorm. Despite strength of the whole system of defence the River Cerna, attacked the enemy tured the whole system of defence around Kenali, which also fell into

"Fighting at some places was very desperate, the men being up to their necks in water and mud.

"During the night the enemay counter-attacked, recovering a portion of the trenches, but early this morning he abandoned the whole of hi front line, retiring upon the Bistrice

FOUR MILES FROM MONASTIR. The French War Office reports on Macedonian operations On the Struma front British forces

have captured, after a brilliant engagement, the village of Karakaska, on the eastern side of Lake Tahinoa. The Bulgarians are withdrawing on The Bulgarians are withdrawing the left bank of the brook of Nihor."

On the Cerna front, in spite of rain and snow, our offensive has contain and snow, our offensive has contained to the contained to the state of tinued victoriously in the bend of the Here the fighting was of ex-

treme severity. The violent counter-attacks of the German-Bulgarian troops, delivered during the night of November 14-15, did not succeed at november 1915, du not succeed at any point in penetrating our advance, and they resulted in very heavy losses for the enemy. Four hundred German prisoners are now in our hands. "Franco-Serbian troops continuing

their success to the north of Tepavtst, have made progress in the direction of Yarashok. To the west of the Cerna the ene

my, under the influence of our artil-lery fire and the energetic pressure exerted upon them by our infantry, abandoned last night their principal positions which they have been fortifying for a period of two months. Franco-Russian forces, pursuing the enemy in the plain to the north of have reached the right bank of the River Viro, six kilometres (four miles) to the south of Monastir. We have occupied the villages of Jabvano. Porodin and Velushina (near the Viro, south of Monastir)."

rlin and Sofia official reports both admit withdrawals.

EVERY MALE HUN

Must Aid in Carrying On War to the End.

Berlin, Cable.-The Bundesrath cussed to-day the Government bill for organizing a so-called "home army," that s, enlistment in the Government service of such persons as are unemployed or are doing work which can easily be dispen-sed with during the war. The plan contemplates the utilization of the entire available population for the purpose of fighting war to a successful issue, with out disturbing the work in any neces-

out disturbing the work in any necessary industry.

It is contemplated in the first instance to ask for volunteers for the home army, and not to resort to compulsory steps at present, although this may be done later in the case of persons who are unable to show that they are engaged in some useful occupation. In order to obtain a trustworthy basis, for the home army the Government has ordered a census of the entire home population on Dec. 1, with occupations. From the list the organisers of the new industrial army will be able to select persons available as workers.

\$250,000,000

Raised in British Empire for War Charities.

Cable.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press) - Estimates completed for the first two years of the war show that the enormous sum of \$250,000,000 has been raised in the British Empire for charities growing out of the world conflict.

Of this amount more than \$100,000,-000 has been contributed for the relief of distress and the re-establishment of or distress and the re-establishment of men returning to civil life. The Prince of Wales Fund is perhaps the greatest of the public charities dealing with distress. About \$60,000,000, however, has been raised in factories, banks, of-fices, and various business establish-ments through weekly contributions for the assistance of families and de-pendents of employees who have gone pendents of employees who have gone to the front. Part of such funds is, of course, being reserved for relief work

For sick and wounded soldiers and sailors the contributions are estimated at \$30,000,000, most of which has been raised and administered by the British Red Cross. Another \$30,000,000 has been spent for soldiers' "comforts," such as tobacco, mufflers, pipes, socks, mittens, gloves, sweaters, safety raz-ors, insect powder, needles, sewing cot-ton, writing materials, chocolates and

aweets.

It is estimated that fully \$50,000,000, contributed in the Empire, has gone for relief work among the Allies, the largest amount going to Belgium. Relief among the Belgium refugees Great Britain also has called for large

STRICTLY OBEY LAWS OF WAR

Stiff Claim by German Under-Secretary.

Blame, of Course, is All With Britain.

New York Report .- The New York Times this morning publishes the following destatch from a staff correspondent:

Berlin Cable .- (Via Sayville) Five weeks ago Secretary von Jagew told me unequivocally, in a private conversation, that "no new orders have been issued to submarine commanders," answering my explicit question whather Germany was keeping and purposed further to keep faith with America on the Submarine

pledges To-day I have been able to obtain from Under-Secretary of States Zimmermana a further statement, In which he says:

"The German naval forces are not stated and the says and the says and the says are not stated and the says and the says and the says and the says are says and the says and the says are says are says and the says are says and the says are says are says and the says are says and the says are says are says and the says are says are says and the says are says are says are says and the says are sa

sinking neutral merchant ships per se. They are sinking as a defensive measure ammunition transports, and measure ammunition transports, and other contraband shipments to our onemies, that are calculated to lengthen the war. It is not strictly correct, therefore, to speak of submarine war. fare' in this connection. We are conducting cruiser warfare, waged by means of submarines, acting in punc-titious compliance with the rules of international law applying to cruiser

Continuing Zimmermann save "As the armament of several Brit-ish ships has been used for attack contrary to the English declaration, and it has therefore endangered the lives of crew and passengers, of course armed ships cannot be considas peaceful trade beats. It is Rugiand which has from the very first consistently violated neutral commerce and reduced it to a state of bondage, making the freedom of the seas an empty phrase in viola-tion of international law, extending the contraband list by all means in its power, including economic pressure, and seeking to encourage and in some cases to compel the carrying is some cases to compet the carrying of contraband to our enemies, and then crying when its own illegal measures react like a boomerang and strike home at a vulnerable and vital

"England has not on'y blookaded neutral countries, but by means of blacklists by the compulsory char-tering of neutral tonnage, by the extering of neutral tonnage, by the ex-tension of the contraband list, by the confiscation of neutral fishing fleets and other high-handed, illogal meth-ods, it has more and more succeeded in compelling neutral trade and commerce to comply with its will. In con-tradistinction to England. Germany does not seek to throttle legitimate commerce. We are merely seeking to put an end to contraband shipments to our enamina in sulf-defence, and I put an end to contraband shipments to our enemies in self-defence, and I am glad to be in a position to say that our submarines are able to keep up the war and prevent contraband shipments from reaching our enemies, and to do so in a manner irreproachable in the sight of interventional and to do so in a manner irreproachable in the sight of international law. It is perhaps a work of supererocogation to point out that neutrals have an effective remedy against further loss of ships in their own hands by simply resisting England's illegal economic pressure and discontinuous economic pressure and discontinuing the carrying of contraband."

ROWANMORE'S COSTLY CARGO.

Berlin, Cable.—The Overseas News-Agency in its summary of the details Agency in its summary of the details published by the German press regard-ing the sinking of the British steamer Rowanmore points out that the cargo included 1,000 tons of copper, 10,000 tons of cotton, 1,000 tons of oil, together with acids, explosives and steel, and in addition, 3,000 tons of wheat, the whole valued at approximately 12,000,000 marks. The ship was sunk by the submarine arter an examination of her cargo had disclosed that she carried contraband the summary states.

The men have no kick coming. About 987,654,321,000 women could paint their cheeks for what it costs one man to paint his nose.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

OUTLOOK FOR ROUMANIA IS NOW VASTLY BETTER

Petrograd Estimates Russ Forces Have **Ended the Crisis in That War Zone**

Falkenhayn Halted Definitely, and Big Armies Befere Mackensen.

Petrograd activity still continues on the three main sectors of the Russian southwestern front—the region of the Stokhod, the Halicz-Brzezany front, and the thickly-wooded county of the Carpathians, where the Austro-Germans have recently concentrated forces in an attempt to drive a wedge letween the Russian and Roumanian armies

Russian attention is now directed mainly toward the Russian theatre where most of the Russian military experts believe the crisis is past. The recent arrival of Russian forces on the Transylvanian front is thought to have eased the situation in that quarter, and removed the danger of a part and a ter, and removed the danger of a further advance by Von Falkenhayn.

NOT SO ALARMING. Meantime the news from the Rou meantime the news from the Rou-manian theatre is less alarming than during the past week. Petrograd offi-cially announces that Von Macken-sen's army continues to retreat in Dobrudja, burning villages in its retire-

Gen. Sakharoff is within striking cistance of Tchernavoda and its great bridge across the Danube. His troops to night face Von Mackensen's main

to night face Von Mackensen's main line protecting the bridge and the Cepstanza-Tchernavoda Railroad.
Berlin denies to-day that Boasic, on the Danube, only nine miles north of Tchernavoda, has been taken by the advancing Russians and Roumanians, but they are undoubetdly before Selment, south of Boasic, on which rosts the left wing of the line on which Von Mackensen stakes the success of his Dobrudja position.

Mackensen stakes the success of his Dobrudja position.

Thus Tchernavoda and the bridge are more seriously menaced than at any time since the Russians and Reumanians reorganized and under better leadership started to retrieve their defeat. The second Russo-Roumanian army, which advanced on the bridge across the Danube marshes from the west, is firmly established just over the river from Tchernavoda. The two armies, coming from north and west, are almost in position for a concerted blow on the whole Teuton-Bulgar-Turkish position. Turkish position.

EXTENT OF THE RECOVERY In little more than ten days the Russians and Roumanians, proviously in retreat, have come back 50 miles. Von Mackensen's main position, which this army new faces, is a strong one, resting upon a series of heights extending across the Dobrudja from the Danube to the Black Sea at a distance from five to fifteen miles north "Condition of the Constanza Tchernaveda line, unchanged."

Cable.—Intermittent continues on the three of the Russian south-it—the region of the Halicz-Brzzzany front. It is betteved here that the plan of the Entente is to bring pressure to bear all along this line by the first army, while the second, in the Danube where the Austro-Gerrecently concentrated attempt to drive a wedge Russian and Roumanian

A Bucharest despatch forwarded from Rome to the wireless press, says snow is falling in the Carpathians; where the cold is intense. In Dobrudja torrential prime have fallen torrential rains have fallen

RUSSIANS TAKE HEIGHTS. The Petrograd War Office report reads: "Transylvania—In the region aerth of Telesh (south of Dorna Watra) the enemy took the offensive, but was repulsed by our rifle and machine sun fire After a stubborn bettle gun fire. After a stubborn battle our troops captured from the enemy a fortified height southeast of Tolesh,

and took prisoner one officer and 100 men and captured three machine guns. "In the region of Kimpolung fierce ghting is continuing. The enemy, fighting is continuing. The enemy though supporting his attacks by bom bardments with a great number of heavy gune, is suffering enormous losses and all enemy attacks up to the present have been beaten The Roumanians are holding their po-sitions. In the valleys of the Rivers Alt and Jul obstinate fighting has ta-

ken place.
"Dobrudja: We have made further progress southward. The retreating enemy is continuing to set Roumanian villages on fire."

POSITIONS MAINTAINED.

The Bucharest War Office report says: "On the western Moldavian fronsays: "On the western Moldavian fron-tier the enemy attacked without suc-cess at several points. We took 20 prisoners and captured two machine gurs. On the northern frontier from La munteln to the Prahova Valley in-clusive, there have been unimportant actions and artillery bombardments. In the region of Dragoslavele the ene-my attacked violently. He was remy attacked violently. He was re-

pulsed with heavy losses.

"In the Valley of the Alt violent engagements took place on the left bank. Our troops were withdrawn towards Areful and Radacinesti. On the wards Areru and Radacinesti. On the right bank we have maintained our position. In the region of the Jiul we also retired in the direction of Ca-pacioasa, southeast of Targujiu, and of Carberti south of Targujiu, and of Carbesti, south of Targujiu.

"On the Cerna there have been pa trel actions and feeble artillery bom-"Conditions along the Danube are

MOTORWOMEN. Paris Street Railways Soon Will Have Them.

Paris, Cable. Motorwomen Paris, Cane.—motorwomen on the Paris street railways will soon be a reality. Prefect of Police Laurent has issued an order authorizing the employment of women. They will first undergo training and then be placed on lines in the city where traf-

fic is lightest.

This is only one of a number steps necessitated by the war fo employment of woman labor are now also replacing baggage men at some of the railroad stations, not-ably the Paris, Lyons and Mediter-ranean stations. Although the lug-gage of the travelers they are com-palled to carry is sometimes exceed-ingly heavy the women are fulfilling. ingly heavy the women are fulfilling their duties uncomplainingly.

HUGHES IS CHEERY.

Calls at Department and Greets His Substitute.

Ottawa Report.—Among the callers at the Militia Department to-day was General Sir Sam Hughes. He was not in uniform, and arrived on foot at the place to which he has rolled in a military motor for the past two trict. years.

Though shorn of war chariot and war garb, Gen. Hughes seemed as cheerful as a cricket. He is certainly taking his situation like a good sport. His call as a humble civilian this morning at the department over which he yesterday ruled as chief shows that he has neither false pride nor sulkiness in the face of events.

Hughes first called upon of his former secretaries, and after obtaining some personal information he dropped in upon his temporary successor, Mr. F. B. McCurdy. Gen. Hughes had a pleasant few

minutes with the Parliamentary Military Under-Secretary, and expressed the hope that Mr. McCurdy might have the good fortune to be advanced to full Cabinet rank and given pernament charge of the department

In leaving he expressed great satisfac-tion with private life.

The Government and political critics are still wondering who the next Minister of Militia will be. They say that only Premier Borden knows. and most of them add that even he does not know. No appointment will be made in any event until Sir Robert Borden's return from New York next

SHORT ITEMS OF THE NEWS OF THE DAY

Ontario Red Cross Fund Exceeds Last Year's, and Grows Rapidly.

NO SUB. IN PACIFIC

Mennonites Opening Anti-Enlistment Fight Deported.

The British Sailors' Relief Fund has eceived nearly \$100,000 in Toronto. Hamilton Township Council voted a grant of \$1,000 to the British Red

Seven thousand more recruits are wanted from the Toronto Military Dis-

A suit for \$91,000, arising out of the British blacklist, was begun in New-William A. King, an early pioneer of Wallace Township,, died in Palmer-

ston, aged 83. An investigation is to be held to fix the blame for the bungling at the Adams Bros. fire, in Toronto.

Sir Robert Borden left for New York, where he is to address the Law-yers' Club, and he will take a few days rest. The Norwegian steamer Ullvang, of

639 tons gross, has been sunk, Lloyd's Shipping Agency announces. The erew Were landed Mr. S. S. McDermand, a farmer and ex-Reeve of Malahide township, was nominated for the Legislature by East

Eigin Liberals. Liberals from eastern Ontario met at Ottawa in the first of a series of district conferences to be held throughout the Dominion.

Half the houses in Sarnia were without heat owing to failure of the na-tural gas supply, and munitions and other factories had to close.

Seven well-known young West Zorra farmers are charged with tarring a

neighbor, Edward Tracey, and binding him and his wife to posts in the barn. The fourteen-months-old son of Andy Gaskarian. Armenian, while playing around a stove at his home in Brantford, received burns which resulted in his death.

A second fire, starting, it is believed ed, by spontaneous combustion. oc-curred in a cargo of coprà in another New Zealand steamer at Vancouver within twenty-four tours.

Ald. McLachlan, of Chatham, announced that he would enter the race at the municipal elections in January for mayoralty honors. He has served three years on the city council.

A party of ten Mennonites from the United States who planned holding "revival" mee'ings in Huron county to discourage young men from enlisting, was turned bank from Windsor.

John Whitty, Grand Trunk yard helper, at Niagara Falls, while coupling airbrakes, was run over by a shunting train. Both legs had to be amputated and his condition is seri-

Prof. J. C. McLennan told the To-rcato Empire Club that when On-turio industries are starving for pow-er a firm is using energy on the Can-acian side to enrich the cotten fields of Texas.

The Ontario Government passed an order-in-Council extending to residents of the State of Tennessee the privilege of bringing their automobiles into Ontario without paying the usual license fee.

Police Magistrate Andrews at Clinronce Magnarate Andrews at Clinton decided that the 320 gallons of whiskey bough by Jacco Weber of Seaforth to last him his lifetime cannot be possessed by one man under the Canada temperance act and configurated to fiscated it.

A. H. Dickey, investigating for the Fire Marshal's Department. Toronto. one of the latest barn fires in Dereham township, that on the farm of Bert Nancekiwell, decided that the fire originated by spontaneous comfire originated by spontaneous com-bustion in bags of feed.

During the past year over \$324,000 has been spent on colonization roads in the Province, \$253,594 being by the Government and \$70,800 by the muni-cipalities. The outlay by the Govern-ment is \$15,000 over the amount expended last year.

Ottawa authorities deny the of a story from Scattle that a Japanwireless a warning from the Canadian Government that a submarine was operating in the Pacific.

The Ontario contribution to the British Red Cross Fund has now ed the record million and a half total given last year. Yesterday's receipts trought the total in hand or definitely promised up to \$1,538,000, and cheques are still pouring in. Instead of diminishing as the days pass, the volume of contributions is increasing.

ANCRE DRIVE IS ONLY PRELUDE

High British Official Foretells Further Drives.

No Rest for the Germans This Coming Winter.

London Cable.-Major-General F. B. Maurice, chief director of military operations at the War Office, in an interview with the Associated Press to-day, predicted that the British gains in the Ancre valley were only the forerunner of further equally important advances which will be made on the western front during the winter

success on the Ancre," said General Maurice, "means that we are not going to give the enemy much rest this winter. It means that when-ever weather conditions permit we are going to attack and subject the enemy to unceasing pressure during the coming months, so as to prevent as far as possible the Germans from establishing themselves in new posi-

'All the attempts of the enemy to minimize our success will not explain away the fact that in three days the British troops by the capture of Beaumont and St. Pierre Divion and the semi-circular ridge they dominated have gained an important strategical advantage. This ridge formed a salient advantage. This ridge formed a salient jutting into our lines from the north-ern bank of the Ancre. Thus the en-emy was able to direct the fire of his artillery massed behind it.

"Our troops advanced from below through sticky. while chalk and a network of defences. They gained the ridge and forced the enemy back across the valley to the next hill. As a result we dominate the situation in this territory, and are consolidating the positions for further activities."

THREE KILLED

When Train Hits Auto.

Thamssville, Cable—A terrible frag-edy ocured at the Grand Trunk railway crossing in the village at midnight. Three were killed and one terribly injured when the autometric in which they were travel-ling was struck by the international Lim-ited going west. The dead are: Nellie Alkirk, agod sixteen, adopted daughter of G. R. Fysh, Howard town-ship.

daughter of G. R. Fysh, Howard township.
Ailan Harris, aged sixteen, and Erma Harris, aged thirteen, sen and daughter of William Harris, Howard township. Gladys Harris, aged eighteen, is terribly injured, and her recovery is doubtful.
Jehn, aged seventeen, who was sitting in the frent with his brother, escaped unhurt.

unhurt. The boys and girls had been attending a rehearsal for the Christmas entertainment at Fysh's schoolhouse, about two miles out, and had brought the teacher, Miss Mead, who resides in the village, to her home. The accident happened as they were returning to Howard Sownship. The car was a wreck.

LONG LIST OF **LANADIANS** WIN HUNORS

Many Decorations Awarded for Bravery of Our Troops in Battle.

SEVERAL BARS

Additional to Crosses and Medals, for Second Acts of Bravery.

London Cable.—The following

Canadian officers have been gazetted for the Military Cross. They are members of the infantry, except otherwise specified: Lieuts. L. J. B. Aitkins (Artillery), Alexander F. C. C. Badgley thilery), Alexander F. C. C. Badgley (Artillery), W. F. Battersby (Machine Gun), A. C. Bowies, A. B. Campbell, H. M. Campbell (Cavairy), C. M. Carbert, W. B. Carling, H. J. Chapelle, Acting Captain T. R. Coleman, Lieut. W. K. Commins, Capt. K. E. Cooke (Medicais), Lieuts, S. J. Davies, A. G. Dunnis P. Earnshaw (Engineers) W. K. Commins, Capt. K. E. Cooke (Medicals), Lieuts. S. J. Davies, A. G. Dupuis, P. Earnshaw (Engineers), A. Le N. Dove Patricias), G. E. A. Dupuis, P. Eearshaw (Engineers), Capt. J. Edwards, Lieut R. G. Elliott, Capt. R. L. H. Ewing, Lieuts. D. N. Ferris (Cavalry), W. K. Fraser, C. Fontaine, S. G. Freeborn (Artillery), J. E. Gehet (Engineers), W. G. 'Gidley, C. Green, G. L. Greenlay (Cavalry), C. Greffard, A. M. Grimmett, Captain H. J. Hall, Lieuts, J. A. Hamilton, W. Hoey, F. H. Hunter. H. Hutchinson, Capt. H. B. Jeffs (Medicals), Lieuts. R. L. Junkin «Engineers), C. J. Keller, Capt. H. D. O. Kingstone, Lieuts, A. G. D. Kitton (Artillery), J. A. Linton, C. D. Lloyd, E. R. V. Lloyds, P. Lough, Captains J. H. Lovett, W. M. Macaw, Lieut, J. A. Macdonald, Capt. D. E. MacIntyre, Lieuts, A. H. R. Mackay, J. K. Matheson, G. H. Matheson, S. J. Matheson, W. S. McLinton, G. A. McCulloch. Rev. A. H. MeGreer. (Chap-Lieuts. W. H. Morris (Patricias), G. B. Murray, Capt. A. C. Nation, Capt. T. F. O'Hagan (Medicals), Lieut. A. Oliver (Artillery), Capt. K. L. Paton, Lieut. R. W. Pearson, Captain H. E. Pense, Lieut. C. S. Pote, Capt. V. H. DeB. Powell (Artillery), Lieuts. R. A. M. D. Ramsay, C. E. Raynolds, Capt. M. D. Ramsay, C. E. Reynolds, Capt. C. F. Ritchie, Lieuts. F. A. Ritchie C. F. Ritchie, Lieuts. F. A. Ritchie (Engineers), G. B. Roberts. Capt. C. Robinson (Cavalry), Capt. W. T. Rogers. Lieuts. H. L. Salmon, G. H. Scott. A. G. E. Smith, G. M. Smith (Patricias), A. E. Spendlove. D. Stairs, R. L. T. Strathy (Artillery), J. C. Stuart, H. H. Sykes, Capt. A. H. Taylor (Medicals), Lieuts, D. F. J. Toole, F. M. Tordiffe, V. G. Tupper, Capt. A. L. Walker, Lieut, R. McK. Watt (Artillery), Capt. W. O. White, Capt. J. L. Whittemore (Medicals), Lieuts, R. Willcock, R. W. H. Williams (Patricias), A. P. Wilson, Capt. B. G. Wolfemerton, Lieut. L. B. Yule, Sergt. Wolfemerton, Lieut. L. B. Yule, Sergt.-Majors G. Lawson. J. S. Parke, E. B. Underwood. N. Walsh.

Awarded bar to Cross—Lieut. J. C. Auld (Artillery), Captains J. A. Cullun (Medicals), A. P. Miller.
The following have been awarded Distinguished Conduct Medals. They are of the infantry and privates except where stated otherwise: Sarge. cept where stated otherwise: Saigt-Majors C. A. Bullock, R. H. Burgess, Sergt. C Burns, Corpl. J. R. Casgrain, Corpl. S. F. Cole, R. S. Collin (Medicals), Sergt. P. H. Crockett, J. Dawcais), Sergt. F. H. Crockett, J. Daw-son. (Royal Canadians), Sergt. J. Jonobue, Sergt. F. T. Fraser, Corpl. W. R. French (Pats), F. G. Frost, Sergt-Major O. Cauthier, R. Gwynn, Caral A. B. Henock, Saret Major, G. Scrgt.-Major O. Cauthier, R. Gwynn, Corpl. A. P. Hancock, Sergt.-Major C. L. Heather, Corpl. J. Holloway, Sergt. G. Hulme, Sergt. J. Irwin, Sergt. T. W. Laybourne, L. B. Laboutillier, S. Machonald, E. J. McMahon, Sergeant J. W. Muncaster, Corpl. A. F. Neatby (Patricias), J. Nelson, D. O'Grady, C. A. Owston, C. Parsons, Sergt. J. A. Profit, P. A. Pumphrey, Sergt. C. H. Reynolds, Sergt. G. T. Riddell, Sergt. R. Roberts, Sergt.-Major C. Colmans Reynolds, Sergt. G. T. Riddell, Sergt. R. Roberts, Sergt.-Major C. Colmans, Sergt. C. E. Routley, Corpl. W. R. Smith, Sergt.-Major F. V. Spencer, Sergt. W. Stanborough, R. L. Stevens, Sergt.-Major Stirrett (Cavalry), Sergt. R. R. Tooley (Cavalry), A. Warner, Sergt. A. E. Wartman (Medicals).

Awarded Bar to Medal: G. F. Clark (Cavalry), Sergt. F. W. Haines, Sergt (Cavalry), Sergt. F. W. Haine

O. B. Jones, Sergt.-Major T. Patterson. 400 SURRENDERED TO A CHAPLAIN

With the British Armice in France, Cable .-- A British chaplain, while And One Terribly Injured searching the battlefield of the Ancre for wounded hidden in the shell craters during the British advance, accompanied by a few soldiers, came upon an isolated trench containing nearly 400 Germans, who promptly surrendered. The chaplain ordered the men to file out upon the ground prepara-tory to passing them back with an es-cort when the German officer, seeing the small size of the force to which he was surrendering, tried to rally his men and overpower it. He was about men and overpower it. He was about to kill the chaplain when a Pritish infantrymen shot him dead, whereupon the other Germans again held up their hands and shouled their aggregates to hands and shouted their engerness to

be made prisoner. "The rich live by robbing the poor," "The rich live by robbing the poor," exclaimed the Parlor Socialist.
"Where do the poor get all the money they are robbed of?" mildly inquired the Mere Man.

FOR SALE

fashioned stone ground Buckwheat Flour, good for pancakes. Try

Bread Flour, Rolled Oats and Feeds, at lowest possible prices. Some things less than to-day's wholesale quotations.

Athens Grain Warehouse & Lumber Yard

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEX

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper - A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

TUESDAY.

Several German torpedo craft were sunk in a raid in the Gulf of Fin-

Three more British steamers were reported destroyed by Teuton tor-Last year the United States De-partment of Labor settled 275 labor

disputes.
The Toronto Property Committee

ordered that the jail be closed on January 1. The York county authorities are

taking steps to compel the attendance or all children at schools. or all children at schools.

All Dinar of the Egyptian Sudan was killed and his army of rebels smashed by British troops.

Peter Gessex, of the Walpole Island Reserve, died at the age of one hundred and fourteen years.

The funeral of Dr. Alexander Beith

oldest practising physician in the town, took place at Bowmanville. A statement as to the benefit of prohibition to soldiers at Exhibition Camp was made by the Provost Mar-

Several more Canadian battalions and drafts of medical, engineer, and naval forces have safely reached Eng-

Windsor City Council voted \$10,000 to the British Sailors' Relief, following an appeal by W. T. Fennell of Montreal.

Counsel for the city informed the

Ontario Railway Board that cars, not more tracks, are needed to lessen

more tracks, are needed to lessen overcrowding.

Mr. W. F. Maclean, M. P., in an address before the Canadian Club, favored Government ownership of all the railways in Canada.

Wm. Stokes, a former patient in the Eastern Hospital at Brockville, murdered his wife and committed suicide in the home of her employer.

A. St. George Hawkins, Dominion Immigration Officer for Northern Ontario, and a prominent resident of

tario, and a prominent resident of Listowel, died suddenly in Cochrane. Their Excellencies the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire and their daughters, Lady Maud Louise Emma Cavendish and Lady Blanche Katherine Cavendish, arrived in Ottawa nd took up their residence in Ri-

WEDNESDAY.

General Roques of France confers with King Constantine of Greece. Viscount Bryce again urged a league for the maintenance of peace.
Thirty-five drivers for the Canadian Express Co. went on strike at

Toronto military men look for important duties to be assigned to Maj. General F. L. Lessard. Thomas Stevenson, Canadian dele-

gate to the A. F. of L., opposed the industrial Disputes Act.

A second mysterious barn fire in sixteen hours has caused intense ex-

citement among Dereham township farmers.
Mr. T. Buchanan, for more than

thirty years a manufacturer of haying tools at Ingersoll, died at the age of sixty-four. It is proposed to erect a new de-partmental store costing \$15,000,000 at the corner of Yonge and College

streets, Toronto. The Hydro Electric Power Commission of Ontario is to receive the

last block of power from the Cana-dian Niagara Power Company.

The sugar beet factory at Kitchener has had to close owing to short-age of coal; the Chatham and Wal-

The 112nd (Muskoka) Battalion marched from Galt to Kitchener over slippery roads in four and a half hours, stopping at Freeport for din-

now O. C. 110th Battalion, formerly commander of a company in the 1st Battalion, and his son, Lieut. J. L. Youngs, have both received the Mili-

Youngs, have both received the Military Cross.

German prisoners at Fort Henry internment camp have sent a testimonial to Lieut.-Colonel P. G. C. Campbell, now to be O. C., 253rd Battalion, appreciative of his fair treatment of them as commandant of the camp.

THURSDAY.

Sir Sam Hughes said adieu to his office staff at Ottawa. German aviators deliberately shot civilians working in the fields of

A bill was passed in the Dutch Parliament making manhood suffrage the law in Holland.

A report was received from Stef-ansson in the far north that he is wintering safely in his new ship.

Canadian casualties to date were announced as 60,000, of which 12,334 are dead and 3,272 missing. The Italians bombed the piers at Trieste and also succeeded in smash-Trieste and also succeeded in smashing the Austrian aeroplane hangars.

It was announced in The Times that collections for the British Red Cross had reached the \$25,000,000

mark.

A British chaplain on the Somme front brought in 400 German prisoners, who surrendered to him without a fight.

The Ontario License Board warned all druggists against dealing in medi-cated wines, which are purchased as beverages.

The charge of murder against Mrs.

Davies of Kinmount, who shot an infatuated neighbor, was reduced to

fatuated neighbor, was reduced to manslaughter.

A campaign is to be launched in the rural districts of Ontario to stimulate recruiting where the response has been disappointing.

An announcement has been made that a mammoth departmental store will be erected in Toronto, but the name of the firm is still a mystery.

Hon. Walter Runciman, President

of the British Board of Trade, suggested that there should be meatless days in England to prevent food shortage.
The Russian War Office announced

that reprisals are being enforced against captive German officers on account of the cruel treatment of the Russians in the hands of the Huns. It was announced from London that German U-boats have sunk 33

vessels without warning since May 5th, but so far President Wilson has not risen to make any comment. Lieut. Paul Rochat, formerly a teacher in Harbord Collegiate, Toron-to, who went back to France to fight for his country at the commence-ment of the war, is awarded the Croix de Guerre for bravery.

FRIDAY.

A Jewish Liberal Association was organized in Toronto.

organized in Toronto.

The Italian troops reoccupied the grounds lost east of Coritz.

An Irish Nationalist was elected to the British Commons for West Cork.

The British Sailors' Relief Fund has received nearly \$100,000 in Toronto.

Seven thousand more recruits are wanted from the Toronto Military District.

Henry K. Sienkiewicz, the polish author who wrote "Quo Vadis," died in Switzerland. The contributions to the British Red Cross Fund in Canada now ex-

ceed the amount given last year. Civic officials favored the concessions asked by the promoters of the new departmental store at College

and Yonge streets.
Liberals from Eastern Ontario met at Ottawa in the first of a series of district conferences to be held throughout the Dominion.

The weekly budget of food for an food of the description of the descr

average workingman's family has increased 33 cents since September, being now placed at \$9.30.

Seven well-known young West Zorra farmers are charged with tar-ring a neighbor, Edward Tracey, and binding him and his wife to posts in he barn.

he barn.

A party of ten Mennonites from
the United States who planned holding "revival" meetings in Huron
county to discourage young men from enlisting, was turned back from

Police Magistrate Andrews at Clinton decided that the 320 gallons of whiskey bought by Jacob Weber of Seaforth to last him his lifetime cannot be possessed by one man under the Canada Temperance Act and confiscated it.

SATURDAY.

The Turks have sentenced to death the Sultan of Egypt.

The Allies will establish a neutral zone around ancient Greece.

The Provincial authorities agreed

to co-operate with the Toronto effort to cut the cost of living.

The German Chancellor admitted

that Germany would force the Poles to fight against their own country.
South Oxford Liberals chose Dr. J.
M. Rogers of Ingersoll as their can-

M. Rogers of Ingerson as their candidate at the next Provincial election.
Hon. James S. Duff, Minister of
Agriculture for Ontario, dropped
dead in the home of a friend at Al-Major H. S. Ralph, who served

with the 9th Battalion and the Princess Pats, has been appointed to have charge of soldiers' estates.

charge of soldiers' estates.

A proposal has been made to Canadian banks to finance the purchase of grain by the Imperial Government in Canada up to \$30,000,000.

One hundred and seventy-five freight handlers of the C. P. R. made

a demand for a 20 per cent. advance, and went out on strike in Toronto. Miss Winnifred Harvey and Miss E. C. Weaver have been appointed to the staff of the Provincial Employ-ment Bureau, to be opened in To-

ronto.

The Liberal conference at Ottawa recommended equality of pensions as regards rank, and special compensa-tion for soldiers totally deprived of

Enlistments in Canada in the past two weeks were 2,873, not counting Alberta. Toronto district led with 552, and the total enrolment now is

Ven. Archdeacon Cody, of Toronto, at Oakwood Collegiate Institute commencement, said it would be a mistake to abandon higher university education in war time.

MONDAY.

Heavy Austrian attacks were repulsed by the Italians.

Portuguese troops scored a triumph in German East Africa.

A big Mohmand army was beaten by British on the Indian frontier.

The Duke and Duchess of Devon-The Duke and Duchess of Devon-shire and party will visit Toronto next week.

next week.

A meeting at Massey Hall, Toronto, was the first gun in a campaign for Dominion-wide prohibition.

Mayor Church, Toronto, will make an effort this morning to settle the strike of the C. P. R. freight hand-lers

An organization of Associated Kin

HEAVY GAINS IN ANGRE

British and Canadian Troops Advance in Snowstorm.

The German Opposition Was Feeble, Except South of Grandcourt and the New Line Was Established on Both Sides of the River-Many Prisoners Were Captured.

LONDON, Nov. 20.-British and Canadian troops won a battle in a snowstorm Sunday. Advancing on both sides of the river in easterly and northerly directions, they took about 500 prisoners (the British reabout 500 prisoners (the British report of later gives the figures at over 800), and established a new line on both sides and at the edge of the village of Grandcourt, for the possession of which severe fighting continued throughout the day.

The attacks from the south were made before daybreak while a stiff wind sent flurries of snow into the faces of the British soldiers as they pushed down the slope towards the

faces of the British soldiers as they pushed down the slope towards the marshes along the Ancre. It was the first snow of the season, following two days and nights of intense dry cold, which hardened the swamp of No Man's Land after nearly three months of constant rainfall, thus giving the attacking infantry a firm footbold on the frozen ground. They advanced nearly a guarter of a mile advanced nearly a quarter of a mile on a three-mile front to the German position south of the villages of Grandcourt, Petit Miraumont, and Pys, and occupied the trench with-out great loss south of Grandcourt, where the betteries and machine guns where the batteries and machine gun holding the sunken Pozieres road checked the British. Elsewhere the German trench was virtually destroyed by the preparatory bombardment, the surviving Germans, including Saxons, formally surrendering through their officers, who met the British as they came over the ruined

Parties of British bombers advanced to the next German line, which is the last on the south side of the Ancre, raided the position and returned to the trench previously captured, which by now had been consolidated. Infantry detachments working up the river bank from the western end of Grandcourt got a footing in the ruins and craters and took
the lower end of the main street
paralleling the Ancre, of which the
Germans hold the remainder.
On the north side of the Ancre the

advance was made from the eastern end of Beaucourt. Capturing Hol-land Wood, the patrol pushed for Capturing Holward to the Puzieux trench, a part of the original German second line and the end of which at the river bank the British now hold.

AUSTRIANS MET DEFEAT.

An Attempted Offensive Was Stopped by the Italians.

ROME, Nov. 20.—The War Office communication issued Sunday says: communication issued Sunday says:
"In the Adige Valley during the night of November 17-18 the enemy bombarded our position on the slopes of Mount Giovo, south of the Cameras Valley, and then attacked the village of Sano, which we had occupied October 26. Counter-attacks, however, drove him off.
"In the Upper But the evening of November 17, after intense artillery preparation, enemy forces attacked the sector between Val Piccolo and Val Grande. Their main efforts were

Val Grande. Their main efforts were directed against our position on the Chapot summit, north of Val Piccolo. After stubborn hand-to-hand fighting the enemy was decisively repulsed along the whole front. "Small detachments which had

succeeded in breaking into our trenches on the Chapot summit were wiped out. We made prisoners and captured arms and ammunition aban-

Rigid Food Economy Urged.

throughout the world in the con-sumption of food, in view of the deficient crops and the extraordinary requirements of the European armies, is urged by the International Institute of Agriculture, which has made the most extensive report it has issued since the war began. The institute says all nations are confronted stitute says all nations are confronted with a grave situation. It is estimated that at least 2,300,000,000 bushels of wheat will be consumed in the year ending July 31, 1917, and that at the end of this period the world's surplus supplies of wheat will have decreased to 46,000,000 bushels. The report says it is only on account of the fact that last year's hervest was abundant leaving a balharvest was abundant, leaving a bal-ance of 350,000,000 bushels, that there is available sufficient wheat for the year ending with next July.

Caused Boelke's Death.

LONDON, Ont., Nov. 20.—In a letter received here Saturday from the front it was learned that Eddle McKay, a prominent young local athlete, now in the British Flying Corps, was responsible for the death of the famous Captain Boelke. Mcof the famous Captain Boeine. Mc-Kay and another aviator had routed a squadron of twelve Germans by clever manoeuvring. The last two machines collided, and one of them, it was learned later, carried Captain Boelke.

Want Greek Munitions.

ATHENS, Nov. 20.—Vice-Admiral Fournet, commander of the Anglo-French fleet in the Mediterranean, Saturday night presented to the Greek Government a note demanding the surrender to the Entente Allies of all arms, munitions, and artillery of the Greek army, with the exception of some 50,000 rides now ATHENS, Nov. 20 .- Vice-Admiral exception of some 50,000 rifles now in actual use by the forces remaining after the last step of demobilization.

Russians Bag a Zeppelin.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 20.—Russians, who shot down a zeppelin in the Pinsk region, took, with the crew, two machine guns, three other guns, and 600 pounds of bombs.

of Soldiers will be formed to aid re-cruiting and further the welfare of

A protest will be lodged with the Ontario Railway Board against the long hours demanded of employes of

ong nours demanded of employes of the Toronto Railway Company.

Mr. Justice Latchford has ruled that there is no appeal from the de-cisions of the Police Magistrate for convictions registered under the Canada Temperance Act.

Word of the death in action of Lieut. Arthur G. Millar came to his wife when Mrs. Millar was about to hold a sock shower for the officers and men of the 35th Battalion. and men of the 95th Battalion.

and men of the 95th Battalion.

Thomas Kelly, contractor for the Manitoba Parliament buildings, was sentenced by Judge Prendergast at Winnipeg to two years and a half in Stoney Mountain Penitentiary.

Major Wallace, O. C. 29th Battery, Guelph, proposes to ask the newspapers to publish a list of young men to be called on during the week, afterwards publishing their reasons given for not enlisting.

Belleville Board of Education will give preference, in future engagement or re-engagement of male teachers, to married men or those physically unfit by age or otherwise for active military service.

for active military service. Second Sight.

An Irishman and his English friend were out rabbit shooting. They had been very unsuccessful and were returning, downhearted, when they saw a hare dart out of the hedge. Mike, in amazement, failed to shoot,

and the hare escaped. "Why didn't you shoot it?" asked the Englishman.

"Shure," said Mike, "I didn't see it till it was out of sight."-London Tele-

WHERE DRUGGISTS FLOURISH.

How the Business Is Run In the South

Latin American are great believers in medicines and, due to the scarcity of physicians, are obliged to "doctor" themselves. Pharmacy is consequently profitable. With the exception of modern Europe, Canada and the United States pharmacy is practiced in other lands of the world much as it was in the United States seventy-five or a hundred years ago, and this is particularly true of the republics to the south of us.

The individual druggist makes his own pills, extracts, tinctures, infusions and pulverizes his own crude drugs. Soda water fountains are few. The usual rubber goods, toilet articles, soaps, perfumes, instruments and sun-dries are carried.

Each druggist makes a line of his own specialties which he pushes. In addition to the standard drugs and medicines, he also carries remedies and medicaments known only in his immediate vicinity. They are mostly of Indian origin, compounded from roots, herbs or other ingredients, produced only in the country where he

all classes. Superstitious ideas are prevalent, and these are frequently taken advantage of by the unscrupulous. One pharmacist made a fortune selling Indians, half castes, and whites, for that mat-ter, too, "pink love powders" and "white love powders." The white love powder was pulverized sugar, while the pink love powder was made of the

same material colored.

lives. These find a ready sale among

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A timely warning about

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