

The Waterdown Review

VOL. 2.

WATERDOWN, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1919

NO. 15.

W. F. MORGAN-DEAN

G. R. HARRIS

WE WILL BUY OR SELL

VICTORY LOAN BONDS

Large or Small Amounts—Fully Paid or Partly Paid

Consult Us Before Buying or Selling

Morgan-Dean, Harris & Company

802 Bank of Hamilton Building

Reference—Union Bank, Hamilton

Phone Reg. 6855

Hamilton, Canada

APPLES

We will receive No. 1, No. 2 and cull apples this year, and will pay the highest market price.

Every apple grown in this district will be needed to keep our factory running.

Every car sold to outside buyers means the factory will shut down two days sooner, less money distributed in Waterdown, and less employment for the workers.

Protect Home Industry

The Wentworth Orchards Co.

SPICES

Catsup Flavors Pickle Mixtures

We expect a complete new fresh stock of the above goods to arrive at at our store this week.

These goods will be the best obtainable, fresh and full flavored.

Our prices, considering the quality, will be very moderate.

Ladies wishing the best results with their Pickles, Catsups, Sauces, etc. will do well to buy their requirements at our store.

W. H. CUMMINS
Druggist

Phone 152

Waterdown

No Trade With the German Empire

Anti-German League Will Still Maintain Policy.

"No trading or industrial relations with the Germans or Germany," has been the watchword of the British Empire Union of Canada Anti-German Trade League since its inception in the early part of 1915. This organization, formed by prominent Toronto men, including J. Enoch Thompson, Spanish Consul, Noel Marshall, James P. Murray, J.P., Rev. H. T. F. Duckworth, dean of Trinity College, and Prof. Alfred Baker, of Toronto University, will continue to carry out this policy.

The general policy outlined in several pamphlets issued by them is to carry out in Canada a program similar to that of the British Empire Union of the United Kingdom, with the object in view of protecting Canadian industries against German competition. They also aim to make an end of Hun influence in commerce, finance, and politics and to combat German aggression, open and secret. Although no active propaganda will be issued by the organization, members will put forth every effort personally to ally all the local merchants and dealers to the cause. Up to the present the results shown have been excellent and it is apparent that there is a strong anti-Hun feeling rampant among Toronto business men.

Where cases of merchants dealing in German or Austrian goods are brought to their notice a letter as follows is sent to the offender: "This society has received a complaint that you are selling German goods. It is a rule of the society that none of our members will have any dealings whatever with those who handle our enemies' products, or employ Germans. If you have any denial to make it will receive our proper consideration. Remember every dollar spent on enemy goods ultimately aids the Germans."

"With several exceptions, however, Toronto merchants have allied themselves with us," said Mr. Thompson when explaining the work of the League. "A wholesale merchant in the city whose extensive business gives him a position of some distinction was invited to join the Anti-German League. His reply was 'Certainly not! I intend to keep German goods after the war. Why shouldn't I?' It is just such men as that whose every idea is to make money, who destroy our national spirit," continued the Spanish Consul. "But we as business men will refuse to have any dealings with him whatever. Another important retail trading firm has imported German goods since the outbreak of war. The German marks on the packages were covered with red labels inscribed 'Made in Canada.' Our only response to men of this sort is a quotation from Bismarck, the famous German statesman who said, 'The war of the future will be the economic war, the struggle for life on the largest scale. May my successors always bear this in mind and always take care that Germany will be prepared when this battle has to be fought.'"

"We are going to protect Canada and Canadian industries at all costs," concluded Mr. Thompson.

A Formal Phrase.

Canadians often ask why the proclamations issued at Ottawa in the King's name describe the Governor-General as "our right trusty and right entirely beloved cousin and counsellor," when the Governor-General is not a relative of the King. The word "cousin" here does not mean a blood relation; it is a term used since the sixteenth century by sovereigns as an honorific style in addressing persons of exalted but not equal sovereign rank. In England this style of address runs back to the time of Henry IV (1399-1413). Blackstone says that this King—either by his wife, his mother, or his sister—was actually related or allied to every earl in England, and, being a usurper, never ceased reminding his peers of their relationship with the crown in his own person. The custom remains, though the reason for it has disappeared. King George, in official documents, addresses dukes as "Our right trusty and right entirely beloved cousin"; marquises as "Our right trusty and right entirely beloved cousin" (the second "right" used in addressing dukes being omitted); earls as "Our right trusty and right well-beloved cousin" ("well-beloved" taking the place of "entirely beloved"); viscounts as "Our right trusty and well-beloved cousin" (the second "right" used in addressing earls being omitted); barons as "Our right trusty and well beloved" ("without cousin"). "Counsellor" is added when the person addressed is a member of the King's Privy Council in Great Britain.

Do Farmers Need Better Representation

(By Chas. M. Flatt)

It is a surprising fact that there are still a number of farmers who can see no benefits to be derived from a more adequate representation in the governing bodies of the country. Where this is the case it is generally because too much is expected. It cannot be reasonably expected that any change, no matter how drastic, can in a moment remedy conditions that have existed for ages. At the best, the results from the election of enough farmers to parliament to secure the balance of power, will be manifested largely in matters of national interest rather than those confined to a few localities.

It might be well to give a few instances in the more recent past where a government at least sympathetic to the interests of rural citizens might have accomplished considerably more than has been done. Take for example the matter of our export trade in dairy products. Previous to the war our cheese exports were falling off at the rate of 10,000 pounds yearly, and this in spite of the fact that the market was not being supplied to anywhere near its capacity.

It is a fact that the sale of imported cheese and meats in the old countries depends largely on the amount of advertising done. The method of advertising such produce is by means of exhibits placed in the leading cities under the name of the country from which the produce has been imported. Thus in such cities as London, Edinburgh, Leeds and Manchester, the countries interested in the British market have their exhibits. It is a significant fact that in none of these cities did Canada have an exhibit, although Australia, New Zealand and Denmark were well represented.

It is obvious that Canada did not stand a fair chance of disposing of her surplus produce. Of course the fact that Canadian cheese was not in heavy demand among the consumers of Great Britain, reacted on the manufacture here, and had it not been for the war it is hard to say whether we would have been exporting any cheese now.

While the present world shortage of foodstuffs is resulting in an abnormal demand for all dairy products for export, yet the time will come when there will again be keen competition for the European market. Is it not essential that we have a government that will make a strong bid for our rightful place in the British market?

It is not to be expected that we will receive any preference after the first patriotic sentiments have vanished before the iron laws of trade and commerce. Only by a vigorous advertising campaign can we expect our goods to be in heavy demand.

But this is only one instance. One only needs to look at the inaction regarding the sale of the 1919 wheat crop to see the immediate need of drastic changes in our government. The United States government, with remarkable foresight, recognized the fact that there was a possibility of strong competition in the wheat market of the world, and took action accordingly. The first thing they did was to shut out Canadian wheat from the United States, thus forcing the entire stream of grain from the West through the limited transportation facilities of our Canadian ports. While this move was perfectly legitimate, nevertheless, it was a hard blow because it limited the amount of wheat that could be delivered to the British market, and consequently would have limited the amount that could have been sold had there been any agency for that purpose. Then the U. S. officials set the price of wheat at \$2.24 a bushel and sent buyers to Winnipeg to buy Canadian wheat. They began by boosting the price above that in the States, con-

sequently lessening the sales to overseas agencies. Then after repeated urgings the Canadian government began to see that they would have to take some action.

While there is a National Council of Agriculture, supposedly to advise the government on agricultural matters, it was not consulted. The minimum price was set at about 20 per cent below that of the States. This with the limited facilities for handling the crop, made more serious by the recent wreck of the elevator at Port Colborne, leaves the situation in a serious condition, considering the partial failure of crops in the West.

The necessity of having a government that will at least endeavor to secure a market for the main products of the country, must be obvious to all. While this is desirable now, it will many times more so in a few years when the nations of the world settle down to the great industrial struggle which is inevitable.

Waterdown at Dundas

On Monday last the Waterdown Senior Baseball team journeyed to Dundas and played an exhibition game with the Strabane team, defeating them by a score of 11 to 6. Batteries for Strabane, Burns and Morden; for Waterdown, Horning and Doyle.

Horning for Waterdown pitched gilt edge ball, and in the concluding inning had the Strabane sluggers eating out of his hand.

There were also two soft ball games played. The first between Copetown and Dundas which was won by Copetown by a score of 6 to 5. In this game Messrs. Metzger, Henry and Burns of the Waterdown team played for Copetown, and their fine playing was largely responsible for the defeat of Dundas.

The second game between Rock Chapel and Bertram's was won by Rock Chapel by a score of 8 to 6. Messrs. Gordon and Willis played with Rock Chapel.

The Waterdown boys certainly make a clean up for the day and brought home the bacon. Jack Kirk was to have taken part in one of the soft ball games, but his eyesight became seriously affected through too intently watching a game played between two female teams. He is now compelled to wear glasses.

Millgrove

Mr. and Mrs. Vale of Brandon, Man., are visiting at Mr. Kenneth Cummins.

Mrs. Richard Vollick, of Chicago, is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Miss Vera Rymal of Hamilton has been visiting at the home of Mr. Geo. Shelton.

Miss MacDonald, of Chatham, is renewing old acquaintances around here.

Miss Hamilton of Strabane is visiting her sister, Mrs. Macartney.

Mr. Dalton, of Caledonia, is visiting his son John in this village.

Mr. and Mrs. Whitley visited in Burlington on Sunday last.

The Garden Party which took place here a few days ago was a decided success.

Mrs. Rutherford, who has been staying with her daughter, has so far recovered to be able to go back to her home in the village.

We understand the Drying factory will soon commence operations again, drying apples and turnips.

Mr. Cecil Cummins has purchased a new car.

Mr. Lennard Tansley gave a fine missionary talk last Sunday in connection with our Sunday School.

THE WATERDOWN REVIEW

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Advertising rates furnished on application
C. H. GREHNE
Editor and Publisher

THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1919

LOCAL MENTION

Mrs. (Dr.) J. C. Eager is the guest of Jas. E. and Mrs. Eager.

The Misses Flora and Irene Slater are visiting friends in Milton.

Miss Florence Mitchell is visiting friends in Millgrove this week.

Miss Moore, of Winnipeg, is visiting with Miss Elsie Nicholson.

Mrs. P. D. and Miss Jean Davidson are visiting friends in Paisley.

Miss Bertha Fowler spent the week end with friends in the village.

Mr. Thos. Allen spent Sunday at Midland with his sister, Mrs. Campbell.

Miss Ida Lindsay is spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Allen.

N. S. Mary Mason, of Seaforth, visited at the home of Chas. Richards last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Tassie and children, of Winnipeg, are the guests of Jas. E. Eager.

Mrs. Canary and son, of Detroit, are the guests of John and Mrs. Kirk at the Kirk House.

Miss Mildred Gies and Miss Lillian Davidson visited friends in the village on Tuesday last.

Mrs. Cutter, Mill street, has returned home after visiting relatives and friends in Guelph, Acton and Moffatt.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Nicholson and two little daughters, of Hamilton, visited at Mrs. John Reids on Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lendon of Chatham are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. R. Sparks and other friends in the village.

Miss Margaret Mitchell, daughter of J. T. Mitchell of Weyburn, Sask, is visiting Mrs. Geo. Rohr and other relatives here.

Mrs. Geo. Simmons and daughters Muriel and Dorothy of Kirkwell and Mrs. Ed. Johnson of Hamilton visited last week with their mother, Mrs. A. E. Baker.

Mrs. W. A. Ryckman was removed to the hospital last Monday morning where she underwent an operation, and from latest reports is progressing very favorably.

Mr. Camezon Baker and little daughter Jean, of Hamilton, paid a short visit to his mother, Mrs. A. F. Baker, and also called on a number of friends this week.

It is expected that the results of the Normal Entrance and Junior Matriculation examinations for the Waterdown High School will be published in the Toronto papers on Friday or Saturday next.

A special meeting of the Township council will be held in the Township hall tomorrow, Friday, Aug. 22nd, at 2 p. m., to discuss the school question in S. S. No. 3, with the Village council, School Board and ratepayers.

A number of our local poultry fanciers will be exhibitors at the Industrial Fair, Toronto. In former years they have been successful exhibitors, and we trust that they will this year carry off a goodly number of prizes.

Miss Ida L. Jones of Whithy and Miss M. L. Buchanan of North Bay are two new teachers engaged by the Public School Board to take the places of Miss Kerr and Miss Boyd, who resigned at the end of last term. Both teachers come highly recommended, and no doubt will make good here. Miss Kerr has secured a position in her home town school in Paisley, while Miss Boyd has accepted a position in a Toronto school.

Miss Doris Hopcott is visiting friends in Buffalo this week.

Miss Elva Foster, who has been spending the summer around here, has returned to her home in Bradford, Pa.

Mrs. Martin Cook and son, of Toronto, are visiting a few weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dent.

Mr. Frank Gardner and little daughter, and Capt. B. Goodswan, of Toronto, were recent visitors at the home of Mrs. R. Cutter.

The many friends of Mrs. Job, of Porterville, Cal., will be pleased to learn that she will spend this week end with Mrs. W. R. Flatt.

Dr. J. C. Eager returned home from overseas on Tuesday evening last looking the picture of health. His many friends will heartily welcome him back. Like all our Canadian boys "Joe" has done his bit nobly and well, and richly deserves a well earned rest from military life.

The union services in Knox church last Sunday morning and evening were conducted by the Rev. W. W. Prudham whose sermons were very interesting and instructive. Rev. Mr. Prudham is the son of Mr. Charles Prudham of this village, and is well known among the old timers of this vicinity.

At a meeting of the Methodist Church Choir last week the following officers were elected. President, E. Sparks; Secretary, T. Allen; Treasurer E. Sawell. Social Committee, Miss Sawell, Mrs. Pearson and Wilfred Robson. Executive Committee, Miss Everitt, Miss Langton, Mrs. Smith and Mr. Binkley. Judging from the number present, and the interest taken, the Choir Gallery will be none too large. Refreshments were served and a pleasant evening spent.

The game of ball arranged for last Saturday between the Ironsides of Waterdown and the Grasshoppers of Flamboro Centre did not materialize. Our men of iron journeyed to Flamboro Centre, but on arrival there found that all the grasshoppers had been swiped by some lone fisherman. We only hope that none of our local anglers played this beastly trick on the Ironsides, who are now going around with fire in their eyes and vowing to take the measure of the grass jumpers when they next meet in a return game at the Exhibition Park.

Lieut. J. F. Leake, son of the Rev. H. J. Leake of Waterdown, returned on Saturday last from the front. He joined the 67th Battery University Corps, Toronto, in 1916, and left with them for the front. His Battery was sent to Salonika where they saw active service. Lieut. Leake had command of 80 men with complement of horses and guns at the Battle of Doiran in a frontal attack, after which the Bulgars sought an armistice. Lieut. Leake is looking the picture of health and glad to return to his home, where he received a cordial welcome from his many friends.

Mr. F. H. Horning of the Beck Lumber Co., Toronto, again spent his vacation at Walker Drummond's. It will be remembered he found the binder seat very hard last year, and reports it no safer this year, only there was less grain to cut. Thistles are a predominant crop on many farms, and Frank says the only reason he can offer for allowing them to grow is so the hired man may not sit down while on duty. Mr. Horning takes a lively interest in farm life and says when he makes enough money he will retire on a little farm that he can keep spink and span. If other business men took their holidays in the same manner, the high price of farm produce would soon be lowered.

Rock Chapel

A Garden Party under the auspices of the W. M. S. and Mission Band will be held at the home of Mr. Chas Sheppard on the evening of August 27th. Mr. W. D. Flatt of Port Nelson will occupy the chair. The Laurie family of Hamilton will assist with the program in their usual pleasing style. Violin selections by Miss Evelyn Borer, B. A., of Dundas and Piano selections by Miss Hackbush of Hamilton. Addresses by Rev. S. J. Kelley, and the Rev. Mr. Albright. Indoor baseball at 5 p. m. Admission 25c. Refreshment booths on the grounds. Come and have a good time.

\$25 Reward

For information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of parties trespassing and stealing fruit from the premises of J. and C. Anderson, Waterdown. 15

LOST

Girls Raincoat between Millgrove Garden Party grounds and 4th con. Finder please notify Allan Lyons, Millgrove.

For Sale

Brood Sow, weight 350 lbs. and 11 pigs Priced right. Wm. Attridge, Waterdown

For Sale

5 Ewes and 2 Lambs. Apply to Mrs. Innis, Waterdown.

For Sale

Young Yorkshire Brood Sow, due this month. Geo. Pearson, Waterdown

For Sale

Holstein Bull 16 mos. Also Holstein Heifer, fresh. Apply to R. Hemingway R. R. No. 1, Freeman. Phone 5-8 Lowville.

For Sale

A handy Farm Wagon with 3000 lb. bolster springs, box, doubletrees, neckyoke and heavy shafts, good as new. Also Covered Market Wagon with pole and shafts, all complete and almost new. Covered Buggy, also several sets of harness and other articles. J. W. Young, Waterdown

Farmers Attention

Bring your live hogs to Millgrove station. We are prepared to pay highest market prices.
Drummond & Gallagher

For Sale

One Frame Barn 24 ft. x 24 ft. 12 ft. posts, heavy frame, in first class repair new roof. One large Kitchen Cabinet with glass door top. One Sideboard also one Yearling Jersey Grade Heifer. S. Frank Smith, Phone 167.

SOFT COAL

Car of Soft Coal at Millgrove Station. I will be at Millgrove Station Monday and Thursday of each week. For other arrangements phone Garfield 2693 Hamilton or Waterdown 14-12. H. A. Drummond

LOST

Gold watch charm valued as keep sake. Reward. Apply at Review Office.

LOST

Between Dougherty's store and Fourth concession on Dundas or Main streets, a gold Brooch with purple stone. Finder please leave at Review Office.

All Kinds

Of No. 1 Wood and Coal for Sale

At Reasonable Prices

H. SLATER

Waterdown

There is so much hot air going the rounds these days, that it is thought advisable to have a number of tanks made to store some of it for heating purposes. If this was done it might not be necessary for householders to purchase coal this coming winter, as this hot air could be used for heating and cooking purposes, and like gas sold by the gallon.

Greensville

Mr. Andrew Surerus of Windsor is visiting his brothers and other relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Tunis spent the week end here with J. N. Tunis.

Miss Gladys Surerus and Miss Shirley Morden returned on Monday from a pleasant visit to Windsor and Detroit.

Mr. Harry Medwin held a very well attended auction sale of cattle on Tuesday last.

There was a banquet for the West Flamboro Township returned soldiers on Wednesday evening here.

Some sneak thief stole a new tire from the carrier of Bryce Hyslop's car in the Dundas park last Monday night.

PARENTS

It is for You to Decide

Train your son and your daughter to be **Independent and Self-Supporting** by giving them the advantage of a Canada Business College training.

Thousands of students and graduates of this school are today holding positions of trust and responsibility.

What we are constantly doing for others we can do for your son and your daughter.

58th Year Opens September 2nd.

Canada Business College

44-56 Hughson Street South
Rothsay E. Clemens, Prin. Hamilton, Ont.

The Sawell Greenhouses

**A Birth A Death
A Joy A Sorrow**

Say It with Flowers

BUY YOUR BOOTS NOW

Prices are still soaring

We have them in Tan, White, Black, Grey and Oxblood, for Children, Misses, Women, Boys and Men. Prices lower than city prices. Call and see them.

Canada Food License No. 8-17371

O. B. Griffin, Waterdown

Wanted At Once

We have several buyers who are wanting small and large farms.

If you want to sell, ask

The Royal Real Estate Exchange

7 MARKET STREET

They Know. Hamilton, Ont.

Gordon & Son

LADIES and GENTS

CUSTOM TAILORS

Ladies

Tweed Fall Coats

Ready to wear. Actual value \$30. A snap at

\$12

Girls

Rain Capes with silk lined hoods. Sizes 8 to 14 years.

A Big Bargain
\$2.50 to \$3

Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing a Specialty

PHONE 153
WATERDOWN

BUCHANAN'S

Canada Food License No. 9-1987

FOR
Groceries
AND
Confectionery

Upton's Pure Jam
Orange Marmalade
Peanut Butter
Whole Mixed
Pickling Spice

WE SELL
Linkert Bros.

BREAD

Fresh Every Day

AGENT FOR
Wah Lee
LAUNDRY
HAMILTON

PHONE 182
Waterdown

CANADA'S PESTS.

Mrs. Mosquito Does All the Biting of Human Victims.

Whatever else may be said of the mosquito, there is one thing certain: he is a perfect gentleman. The male mosquito never bites. But, unfortunately, the same cannot be said of the female of the species, for it is the lady mosquito which helps to make life unbearable for us during the warm weather.

The female mosquito has the ability and desire to pierce the human skin with her needle-like mouth, if she gets the chance, and to suck a small drop of blood. If this were all she did it would be bad enough; but, when Mrs. Mosquito pierces the skin she also injects an irritating substance, saliva, which sometimes carries with it microscopic, unicellular animals, which cause malaria. Indeed, down the microscopic salivary duct of the mosquito has flowed, the fluid, which has altered the fate of continents and played a conspicuous part in the destruction of the ancient civilizations of Greece and Rome, according to no lesser authority than Shipley.

Mosquito larvae live only in water, but the females of certain species display what might almost be called foresight; they lay their eggs on ground, which will later become covered with water, as on the mud of low places, along a salt marsh. The most familiar mosquito eggs are those of the rain-barrel species—eggs which are laid on end, side by side, in a boat shaped mass on the surface of the water in barrels, tubs and similar places.

The larva or "wiggler," which hatches from an egg has a very short breathing siphon on its back, at the tail end. The larva is lighter than water; when feeding or at rest it floats just below the surface and parallel to it; when disturbed it wriggles vigorously from side to side, the motion sometimes carrying it downward, but more frequently sideways. When at the surface the end of the breathing siphon pierces the "surface film," opens it, and exposes the ends of the tracheae, the tubes which convey air to all parts of the creature's body. In order to feed on the microscopic plants and other organic material floating at the surface, the larva twists its neck until its mouth is on a line with its back.

As a young insect feeds its flesh increases, but its skin does not stretch sufficiently to accommodate the enlarging body. Therefore, the old skin is cast from time to time and a new, larger skin is formed. Finally there comes a time, as in the case of such insects as moths and beetles, which like the mosquito have a complete metamorphosis or change, when there emerges from a larval skin something which is neither larva nor adult, and which is called the pupa.

The pupa of moths is, for the most part, immobile and frequently enclosed in a protective case, the cocoon, which is spun for it by the larva. The pupa of the mosquito, on the other hand, is active, but not so active as a larva, and it does not feed. It also differs from the larva in being hunched up, instead of slender and in having a pair of breathing siphons on its thorax, (the part of the body just back of the head), instead of a single siphon on the tail. The adult mosquito finally emerges from a split in the back of the cast pupal skin, which forms a miniature boat, upon which the adult may stand while stretching itself before it flies away to perpetuate its species, perhaps at the expense of ours. Studies on a common freshwater mosquito, recently made, showed that at 20 degrees C., the cycle was completed in 19.6 days, at 25 degrees, in 11.7 days, and at 30 degrees in 7.8 days.

Mexican Civilization.

There was roughly three settled national civilizations prior to the Conquest, with a minor fourth, the Tarascan, on the middle west coast, Michoacan. The Aztecs were a nation of sacrificers, who had come down from the north some centuries before, and treated the far higher and more peaceful civilizations of Southern Mexico about as did the Goths in Rome, or the Manchu Tartars in China. Their civilization was about on the level with that of contemporary Europe in organization, and much beyond that in education; though they destroyed and never learned the best of what existed before them, writes William Gates in the World's Work. But they were, and still are, a warlike and Tartar race. Oaxaca, the California of Mexico, was the seat of a great civilization, of the Zapotecs and Mixtecs, conquered in battle by the Aztecs but a short time before the Spaniards came. The Mayas of Yucatan are wholly different in race and character; they always have a smile, one never sees a scowl or hears a quarrel; but they are sturdy, laborious, and tenacious of their nationality. The Aztecs were in course of conquering them when the Spaniards came. And the racial antagonism of Mayas for all Mexicans is extreme; they do not want them.—Family Herald.

Vernacular.

"Why did you discharge your cook?"
"She said she wouldn't be reprimanded."

"Did she express herself to that effect?"

"Yes, but what she really said was, 'I won't take no sass offen nobody.'"



McClary's Kootenay

DO YOU realize how much time you can waste over a cranky range?

Every busy woman should have a Kootenay to work with—grates easy to work, ashes easy to take out, oven quick to respond, doors fitting right, a well-made reliable range.

Ask to see the Kootenay.

Sold by S. H. GALLAGHER

McClary



CHEVROLET
Made in Canada

YOU are urged to investigate the economy records, the reputation and the performance of Chevrolet cars because to know all about them is to be convinced that their purchase reflects favorably on the good judgment of their thousands of owners.

Wm. Livingston
Carlisle, Ont.

Chevrolet "Four-Ninety" Touring Car, equipped with electric lights and starter, highest type two-unit system, single wiring used. Complete lamp equipment, mohair tailored one-man top, top cover and side curtains, tilted windshield; speedometer; electric horn; extra rim and carrier on rear; complete tool equipment, including pump and jack. Foot rest, robe rail, pockets in each door. Price \$295, f.o.b. Ottawa, Ont.

Wake up, Ontario!

Let the Referendum Battle-Cry Be
"No!" - "No!" - "No!" - "No!"

SINCE the announcement in the Legislature last spring that a Referendum on the Ontario Temperance Act would be taken this fall, the different temperance organizations of the province of Ontario have met together to consider what attitude they should take. The result has been the formation of the Ontario Referendum Committee, which comprises representatives from the organized temperance forces of the province and the temperance sentiment of the province outside of these organizations. The new Committee will conduct the Campaign. We are asking the voters of Ontario to vote "No" to all questions submitted on the ballot.

The Referendum Ballot AND HOW TO VOTE

	Yes	No
1. Are you in favor of the repeal of THE ONTARIO TEMPERANCE ACT?		X
2. Are you in favor of the sale of light beer containing not more than two and fifty-one one hundredths per cent. alcohol weight measure through Government agencies and amendments to THE ONTARIO TEMPERANCE ACT to permit such sale?		X
3. Are you in favor of the sale of light beer containing not more than two and fifty-one one hundredths per cent. alcohol weight measure in standard hotels in local municipalities that by a majority vote favor such sale, and amendments to THE ONTARIO TEMPERANCE ACT to permit such sale?		X
4. Are you in favor of the sale of spirituous and malt liquors through Government agencies and amendments to THE ONTARIO TEMPERANCE ACT to permit such sale?		X

By the Ontario Temperance Act, sale and distribution of alcoholic liquors for beverage purposes within the province were prohibited. For practically three years the province has experienced the good effects of this law. Its repeal would be a calamity. Any of the amendments would spoil it.

For the Temperance forces to win they must secure four "No" majorities. That is, a majority for "No" on EVERY question. The Temperance forces will be

defeated if there is a majority for "Yes" on any of the questions. You must mark an X after each of the four questions, or your ballot is counted as spoiled.

A century of temperance progress in this province is at stake in the coming Referendum. The Ontario Referendum Committee earnestly and respectfully ask you to mark your X in the "No" column after each and every question, as indicated in the sample ballot reproduced herewith.

Ontario Referendum Committee

JOHN MACDONALD
Chairman

D. A. DUNLAP
Treasurer

ANDREW S. GRANT
Vice-Chairman and Secretary

(1001 Excelsior Life Bldg., Toronto) 50

Completely Discouraged



Is the feeling and plaint of women who are "run-down" so low that work drags, head aches, back aches, dragging down feelings, dizziness, pale and weak, little things annoy and every thing goes wrong. Look the other way just a minute and see what Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has done for more than a million women in the last fifty years.

What it has done for others it can do for you. A helping hand to lift up weak, tired, over-taxed woman—that's what you'll find in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It gives you just the help that you need. To be had in liquid or tablet form. Tablet form, 25 cents, at all drug stores.

It is a medicine that's made especially to build up women's strength and to cure women's ailments—an invigorating, restorative tonic, soothing cordial and bracing nerve; purely vegetable, non-alcoholic, and perfectly harmless.

You can procure a trial pkg. by sending 10c. to Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

TILSONBURG, Ont.—A few years ago I had a severe nervous break-down. I would have pains in my head and would suffer with backache. I was sitting for about two years. Had doctored but did not seem to get cured of the ailment. At last I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it did me more good than any medicine I ever took. It built me up and I felt better in every way than I had for two years previously.—Mrs. L. HEATH.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

Lesson VIII. Aug. 24, 1919. Luke 10: 25-37. Social Responsibility.

Commentary.—I. Man's whole duty (vs. 25-28). 25. A certain lawyer—A lawyer in the New Testament sense was nearly the same as a scribe. Both performed the same office, yet, in strictness, the scribe gave special attention to making copies of the law, and the lawyer's chief duty was to interpret it. Stood up—From this we conclude that Jesus was at the time addressing an assembly. Tempted him—It is quite evident that the lawyer's attitude toward Jesus was not friendly, and that he wished to draw him into an argument to entrap him. He wished to test the teachings of Jesus to see how they would agree with the scribes' interpretations of the law. Master—Rabbi or teacher. What shall I do—the lawyer's question is a most important one, but it is my no means clear that he asked it because he felt his need of eternal life. His quibbling indicated that he was not altogether sincere. To inherit eternal life—Eternal life can be obtained only from God, and that by inheritance or gift and not by purchase. To inherit eternal life is to be saved from sin and its dreadful consequences. This question, asked in the rightful spirit, is full of promise to the inquirer. 26. What is written in the law—The Jews had declared that one must keep the commandments and the traditions of the elders, in order to inherit eternal life. Jesus at once referred the lawyer to the law which he professed to hold in high esteem. How readest thou—It was not enough to know what the law said, for it was also important that its interpretation should be right. 27. Answering—The lawyer quoted from Deut. 6: 5 and Lev. 19: 18. It is probable that Jewish teachers were very familiar with this summary of the law. Thou shalt love the Lord—To love God is the highest duty of which man is capable. To love him is to acknowledge fully and freely his authority and to obey him implicitly. With all thy heart—The heart is the centre of all spiritual life, the fountain and seat of the passions, desires, appetites, affections, purposes and endeavors. Soul—Soul is the individual existence, the person himself, the seat of the will, dispositions and character. Strength—The entire being is to be wholly employed in loving God and exercised in harmony with that affection. Mind—The intellectual powers are brought into exercise in the act of loving God. Thy neighbor as thyself—This embodies man's duty to man. It is the golden rule in a different form. "He that loveth another hath fulfilled the law" (Rom. 13: 8). 28. Thou hast answered right—The lawyer had a good theoretical knowledge of the way of salvation, and gave the only answer that an intelligent Jew could give. Jesus commended him for his correct reply.

II. Love in action (vs. 29-37). 29. Willing—Wishing, desiring. Justify

himself—The lawyer realized that his own answer had condemned him, and he thought he must relieve himself of the weight of his guilt before Jesus. Jesus told him to do it, for he had failed in the past. Who is my neighbor?—The lawyer's attempt was evidently to hide behind a strained interpretation of a word of the law. He resorted to argument, as has many a man since his time under similar circumstances. To him a neighbor was a Jew and no one else, and he, without doubt, concluded that, if his interpretation proved to be correct, he yet had hope of eternal life; for he believed that he loved the members of his own race. Jesus opened to him an interpretation of the scriptures that was far richer than the one he had yet admitted. 30. Jesus answering—Jesus had commended the lawyer as far as he could, and now he proceeded to show him the futility of the foundation upon which he stood. The answer of Jesus was not for the lawyer alone, but for all who after him should cavil about duty. His answer was convincing and overwhelming. A certain man—Undoubtedly a Jew, although that is not specifically stated, but the entire setting of the parable shows that he was a Jew. Went down—The road from Jerusalem to Jericho, about eighteen miles, was mostly down grade. It lay for some distance through a deep ravine, between rough and cavernous hills, where robbers abounded. The road through this wilderness was called by Jerome "The bloody way." Thieves—Robbers, those who would use violence to secure booty. Stripped him—The robbers took from him all his belongings. Wounded him—They beat him so severely that he was nearly dead. They would not hesitate to commit murder if by that crime their purpose had been better served. 31. By chance—At the same time. The word "chance" does not properly express the idea. Priest—It is said that several thousand priests dwelt at Jericho at that time, and it was a common occurrence for them to pass to and from Jerusalem. Passed by on the other side—The priest neglected his plain duty to the wounded man, because it would require time and labor, and possibly he might become ceremonially defiled. 32. Levite—A member of the tribe of Levi. Levites were employed about the secular work of the temple, and were supposed to be obedient to the law. Passed by on the other side—Both the priest and the Levite failed to perform their duty toward a recognized neighbor. 33. Samaritan—An inhabitant of Samaria. The Samaritans were probably in no way related in race to the Jews after the captivity. Their religion was a mixture of Jewish and pagan rites. The two nations had dealings with each other, had compassion—His subsequent acts showed his compassion. 34. Went to him—Instead of shunning him, as the priest and the Levite had done, oil and wine—These were recognized then as cleansing and healing agents, an inn—A lodging-place for people and beasts. 35. On the morrow—The Samaritan had taken care of the wounded man over night, but he felt his duty was not yet done. He must help him through his trouble, two pence—About thirty cents. It represented the wages of a laboring man

for two days. I will repay thee—The final act that showed that the Samaritan had compassion upon the victim of the robbers. 36. Which—was neighbor—Jesus had minutely and clearly set forth the character and disposition of each, and the lawyer could reasonably give but one answer to Jesus' question. 37. He that showed mercy on him—The lawyer used this form of expression to avoid speaking the hated word "Samaritan."

III. Love and Faith Shown by Works (Gal. 6: 2, 9, 10; James 2: 14-16). Gal. 6: 2, 9, 10. The apostle Paul sets forth the duty of mutual helpfulness. "The law of Christ," or the duty of doing to others as we would have them do to us, is fulfilled as we bear one another's burdens. As we help others to bear their burdens, our own become lighter. Having begun to do well or to be helpful to others, we are not to become weary, for there is a reward for the faithful. We shall show our love to God and to our fellow men by doing good as we have opportunity. James 2: 14-16. No one can say he has faith in God while he is neglectful of the needs of others. Faith without works is dead. The needs of others appeal to us and there should be a response to those appeals.

QUESTIONS.—In what spirit did the lawyer approach Jesus? What was the office of a lawyer among the Jews? How were the conditions upon which one might inherit eternal life set forth? How is all the law summed up? By what question did the lawyer show a disposition to cavil? Describe the acts and dispositions of the three men who saw the wounded man. What is the teaching of the parable?

PRACTICAL-SURVEY. Topic.—The Christian ideal of human brotherhood. The Christian ideal is both exalted and inclusive. It recognizes all the complex faculties of human nature

and all the varied relations of human life. For the former it enlarges, enriches, affords ample scope and inspires to the highest possibilities, and furnishes a complete code for the regulation of the latter. The basis of all mutual obligations is the supreme relation and responsibility toward the Creator. The former are second only to the latter in extent and importance. A symmetrical Christian life embraces both. Obligations to our fellow men are not distinct from, but involved in, our duties to God. The brotherhood of man is an integral part of Christianity no less than the natural fatherhood of God. A forfeiture of filial relations does not invalidate the universal bond of creaturehood, involving a common obligation and a mutual dependence. Seneca tells us that we are "born for the good of the whole." Our social relations and obligations are inherent and inviolable. The supreme prayer taught by Jesus is racial in its scope, "Our Father." The two great primary requirements of the law are vital gospel precepts, and they constitute a law "royal" in character as in authority (Deut. 6: 5; Lev. 19: 18; Matt. 22: 37-40). Necessity establishes a claim overreaching the bounds of nationality or creed. One's neighbor is a man who needs assistance. The Samaritan fulfilled a duty neglected by Levite and priest (Luke 10: 29-36). "The law of Christ" is, "Bear ye one another's burdens" (Gal. 6: 10). The world is not excluded from the scope of helpful service, but it will care for its own. To live is not to live for one's self. Jesus taught a profound philosophic, as well as moral, truth when he said, "Whoever shall save his life shall lose it. It is not the inflow, but the outflow that enriches, purifies and preserves. The Dead Sea has no outlet and is a desolation. Talent and treasure are alike for distribution. The apostle "charges them that are rich in this world" to "be rich in good works, ready to distribute, willing to communicate." Readiness of response to the need of others less favored is a test and measure of true piety (1 John 3: 17). All are subservient to the great law of service. Great catastrophes bring men together and obliterate class distinctions. One result of the world conflagration has been the consuming of caste and the broadening of human brotherhood. Christian principles prevent civic, social or industrial crises and revolutionary upheavals. Their supremacy is that of sacrifice; their honors follow excess of service. Fosdick tells us that blessing lies in the "second mile."

Every man owes to every other man the helpfulness of the noblest character and the holiest example. "Society is the atmosphere of souls." Each individual imbues and imparts something infectious or healthful, and we are always more likely to catch the vices than the virtues of others.

More recently it has been thought that during the active day we make, by the activity of our muscles, a poison which has the peculiar action of deadening mental action. This gradually accumulates in us till by the time that sleep is due at night, the brain is overpowered. This argument is supported by the familiar fact that there are many poisons, drugs of the "dope" class, for example, which are certainly capable of producing sleep. Sleep is a necessity of life no less than is food. No man has ever succeeded in ever keeping awake for more than a few days continuously. If he is forced to do so, as in ancient Chinese tortures, where constant tickling of the feet made sleep impossible, he falls at last into a comatose state from which he never awakes.

There is no greater misery than an boon than the untroubled sleep that nightly brings us fresh and invigorated to the next day's task.—M.D. in unwilling wakefulness, and no sweeter, London Express.

KEEN OF SIGHT. (Indianapolis Star.) Little Lemuel—Say, paw, what is a statesman? Paw—A statesman, son, is a politician who knows a band wagon when he sees it.

Real Bonanza Kings. The "bonanza kings" were James S. Flood, A. S. O'Brien, John W. Mackay, and James C. Fair, four men of Irish parentage who acquired vast fortunes from the gold and silver mines on the Pacific coast. They had various imitators and successors who shared the name, but these four men were the "only original" bonanza kings.

SHILOH 30 STOPS COUGHS

Cut Down Butter Losses

As long as your butter is in your possession, you can control its surroundings. But after it is shipped it is beyond your control. It may meet with all sorts of contamination on the road.

EDDY'S INSULATED FIREWARE BUTTER TUBS

afford positive insurance for your butter while it is in transit. They are impervious to taints and odors. The hard baked, glazed surface is an effective protection. They are light, and do not increase shipping charges, while they are so durable that they can be used over and over again.

An Eddy Tub will keep your butter out of bad company, and will save its cost many times over.

The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited
HULL, Canada
Also makers of the Famous Eddy Matches

\$100--REWARD--\$100

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$100.00 for any case of Catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure.

Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

WHY DO WE SLEEP?

There is Much Yet to Be Known About It.

Some of the most usual things are also the most wonderful, but just because they are familiar it never occurs to us how wonderful they really are. In all the complex arrangements and inter-workings that go to make up human life, there is, perhaps, one more remarkable than that by which at regular intervals our consciousness is blotted out, the activities of our bodies and minds cease, and sleep alone possesses us. Yet since this miracle happens in the ordinary every day of his life, the wonder of it never strikes us. We do not stop to ponder on it and to ask what is it that happens when life is thus almost completely interrupted.

Why do we sleep, and more, why do we wake again? Like most natural phenomena that appear so simple the explanation is hidden from us. The physiologist tells us that sleep is a "synaptic dissociation of neurons." It may be, but even if we know both what is a neuron and what happens to it when it is synaptically dissociated. No, we do not know just what sleep is nor why it happens.

It used to be thought that sleep happened because the circulation of blood through the brain grew so feeble that this, the seat of consciousness, could work no longer and sleep took its place. Many years ago indeed, a surgeon studying the subject watched

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, \$1; No. 2, 50c; No. 3, 25c per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Weston.)

Heals Inflamed Nostrils Stops Catarrhal Discharge Cures Colds Quickly

Poor remedies have given Catarrh the reputation of being incurable. But it is curable, easily and quickly, if the right method is employed. Snuffing a powder or ointment up the nose won't cure Catarrh, neither will tablets, douching or stomach medicines cure. These treatments fail because they only affect local conditions, they do not remove the cause, which is germ life established in the lungs, bronchial tubes, and nasal passages. Ordinary remedies do not reach these remote parts, but Catarrhazone does, for it is breathed through an inhaler into every air cell in the lungs, into every air passage in the head and throat. No matter where the Catarrh is Catarrhazone will reach it. It kills the germs, heals sore spots, clears the nose and throat instantly. Universally used; pleasant and clean; guaranteed to cure or money refunded.

Don't be an object of aversion to everyone you meet—get Catarrhazone to-day and use it regularly; it will cure your Catarrh, Bronchitis, Throat Trouble, spitting and gagging. Large size lasts two months, price \$1.00; smaller size, 50c; sample size, 25c; at all dealers.

Selfishness had been the blight of social conditions. The cross is the source, centre and seal of supreme brotherhood; and every man needs all it stands for.

W. H. C.

BANANAS.

We eat a lot of bananas. The last record of banana purchases was big. The U. S. buys about \$14,000,000 worth of bananas a year. Many of these bananas come from Jamaica, which grows great quantities. About 85,000 acres of bananas are cultivated in Jamaica, whose banana exports before the war had reached \$7,500,000.

The proximity of Jamaica to the principal eastern markets of the United States gives her the lead in this line. Another notable centre of banana growing is the Canary Islands, where American capital has been invested in banana cultivation. The war gave a big setback to banana growing, for it caused a lack of fertilizers, and a change of banana lands to other crops because of lack of transportation.

Banana production has been renewed now with enthusiasm, and when the first Allied steamer to load bananas for two years left the Canary Islands, after the armistice, there was a great popular demonstration.

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SHILOH 30 STOPS COUGHS

Walker House

WHAT is where Mama and I stay when we go to Toronto. Mama says she always likes to stay there because they give us such splendid attention. She says it is just like being home only a better 'cause it's a change.

Oh, yes! I like it too, cause everyone seems to notice me and Mama says even if papa is not along we receive the attention just the same.

The Little Girl is Right.

The WALKER HOUSE Management take special pains in catering to women and children when travelling without gentlemen escorts.

It's a home for travellers, centrally located in the City of Toronto.

The WALKER HOUSE
The Home of Peace
410-412 BAY ST. TORONTO, CANADA

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS
FARMERS' MARKET.

Live Poultry—		
Chickens, lb.	0 33	0 37
Roosters, lb.	0 25	0 30
Fowl, lb.	0 25	0 28
Ducks, lb.	0 30	0 35
Fruits—		
Cherries, 11-qts.	2 00	2 50
Currants, red, box	0 22	0 25
do, black, box	0 35	0 40
Cantaloupes, basket	1 25	1 50
Blueberries, bkt.	2 00	2 50
Lawsonberries, box.	0 25	0 28
Peaches, bkt.	0 75	1 00
Vegetables—		
Beans, bkt.	0 60	0 75
Beets, doz. bchs.	0 30	0 35
Carrots, doz. bchs.	0 35	0 40
Cabbage, each	0 05	0 10
Cucumbers, bkt.	0 40	0 45
Gherkins, bkt.	0 75	1 00
Celery, head	0 05	0 10
Corn, doz.	0 40	0 45
Lettuce, 3 bchs. for	0 10	0 15
Onions, peck	1 00	1 10
do, green, bch.	0 05	0 10
Parsley, bunch	0 10	0 15
Potatoes, bag.	3 25	4 00
do, new, peck.	0 30	0 35
Rhubarb, 3 for	0 10	0 15
Radishes, 3 bunches	0 10	0 15
Sage, bunch.	0 05	0 10
Spinach, peck.	0 20	0 25
Squash, each.	0 25	0 30
Savory, bunch.	0 05	0 10
Tomatoes, bkt.	0 75	0 90
Vegetable marrows, each.	0 05	0 10

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.
East Buffalo, Report.—Cattle receipts 500; slow. Calves, receipts 225; active and 50 cents higher; \$6 to \$23.50. Hogs, receipts 800; slow; 10 cents to 15 cents higher. Heavy, mixed and Yorkers \$23.50 to \$24; light Yorkers \$23 to \$23.25; pigs \$23 to \$23.25; roughs \$20.50 to \$21; stags \$12 to \$13. Sheep and lambs, receipts 400; active; yearlings 50 cents higher. Lambs \$10 to \$13.50; yearlings \$7 to \$15; wethers \$11 to \$11.50; ewes \$4 to \$13.50; mixed sheep \$10.50 to \$11.

5,000 OUT OF WORK

Not men, but cerns that were put out of business last week by Putnam's Corn Extractor. No corn can live if treated by Putnam's. It is safe, painless and sure. Use only Putnam's, 25c at all dealers.

OTHER MARKETS

WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE.
Fluctuations in the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, were as follows:—

Oct.	0 84%	0 85%	0 84%	0 85%
Dec.	0 81%	0 82%	0 81%	0 82%
Barley—				
Oct.	1 33%	1 32%	1 32%	1 33%
Dec.	1 25%	1 25%	1 23%	1 25
Flax—				
Oct.	5 65	5 66	5 61	5 65%

AT 547c sold.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAINS.
Minneapolis—Flour unchanged. Barley, \$1.15 to \$1.40. Rye, No. 2, \$1.47 to \$1.47 1/2. Bran, \$4.00. Flax, \$6.09 to \$6.11.

LONDON WOOL SALES.
London—The wool auction sales were resumed yesterday, with offerings of 7,572 bales. There was active competition for fairly good lines, which were unchanged. Inferior grades were generally five per cent lower.

Forcing Plants by Light.

To force the growth of plants by the use of artificial light is not a new idea, but the system hitherto has been too expensive in proportion to obtainable results. Recently a man engaged in horticulture discovered an efficacious method of applying light for this purpose. Arranging in winter quarters his plants as he wished them to grow, he supplies a lamp with mercury vapor for fuel and the seeds germinate in less than half the ordinary time, while the vigor and intensity of the color of the flowers is superior to that of the product grown naturally.

Another curious phenomenon noticed in connection with this action of light is an infinite multiplication of the downy substance commonly found on stems. Those grown in shadow have the stems relatively bare. Very good practical results have been obtained by this system.

Real Bonanza Kings. The "bonanza kings" were James S. Flood, A. S. O'Brien, John W. Mackay, and James C. Fair, four men of Irish parentage who acquired vast fortunes from the gold and silver mines on the Pacific coast. They had various imitators and successors who shared the name, but these four men were the "only original" bonanza kings.

SHILOH 30 STOPS COUGHS

Dead Animals Removed Prompt Service

Day Phone Regent 1475
Nights and Sundays Regent 1307
Works Manager, Mr. F. Valley, Garfield 2846

The W. A. Freeman Company, Limited
HAMILTON, CANADA

MAPLE PARK SURVEY

CORNER MAIN AND SCHOOL STREETS
WATERDOWN

Lots 50 by 150 to 265 Feet

OWN YOUR OWN BUNGALOW

Lots overlook Hamilton, the Bay
and Cement Highway.

Lots to suit the purchaser. Easy
Terms.

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For Sale
\$1500 Each

Two Large Lots on Dundas
Street with Frame Cottage on
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C. H. STOCK
Waterdown Ontario

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For Exterior or Interior
work neatly and quick-
ly done with the best
materials

Call, or Phone 198

Peter Mitchell
WATERDOWN, ONTARIO

POWER OF PREJUDICE.

The Reason Why People "Don't Like" and "Can't Eat."

To a far greater extent than we admit, or possibly are aware of, man is governed by his prejudices. They cost him more than he knows, for a prejudice is an expensive proposition. In no other respect is this weakness so apparent as in the matter of food. During the reign of the food administration many people were persuaded or beguiled into eating things they had never eaten before and thought they "didn't like." "I'll try anything—once!" was regarded as a liberal-minded concession to the unfamiliar. Yet our likings are almost universally a matter of habit established by repetition. Few of us have taken kindly to caviare, avocado pears, or even olives, on first acquaintance.

When the use of whale meat was first urged upon the public, people laughed and quoted:

He baited his hook with tiger's tails,
And sat on a rock and fished for whales.

Whale meat is purchasable in many parts of Canada, but where is the steward or chef brave enough to place it on a hotel menu? As a matter of fact, there is nothing in the slightest degree objectionable to eye, nose or palate in whale steak, as those unprejudiced may quickly learn. It resembles corned beef—possibly a little less so, and broiled and served with a sauce, either drawn butter or a lemon sauce, is tasty enough for a second helping, once we have overcome our dread of the untried. That this meat will eventually be recognized as a food adjunct is indicated by two large canneries doing a good business on the Pacific Coast and the concessions granted to the syndicate supplying them.

The flesh of the shark is said to resemble that of the sturgeon—the fish that "goes to the Caesar's dish," but its cannibalistic reputation, firmly fixed in the popular mind, is against it. Man's dread of the gastronomically untried is only equalled by his curiosity, which after all gets the better of his fears. Truly, he was a brave man who first swallowed a raw oyster.

Prejudice plays a large part in our food purchases. Take the case of Butter versus Oleomargarine. Experts in the former have been known to fail in ability to distinguish the two, yet we are willing to pay 20 per cent. more for butter than for the substitute. The prejudice against goods from storage helps bolster the cost of living. Were it not for storage facilities butter and eggs to-day would be luxuries for the very rich only. The public was recently reliably informed that storage eggs had proved fresher than fresh eggs. The rabbit would furnish food as well as fur if our "don't like" did not stand in the way. As a matter of fact, our "can't eat" and "don't like" are mainly psychological states fixed in habit and prejudice.

Bird Life.

To conserve bird life for economic as well as sentimental reasons, the Canadian Government is offering prizes to school children for bird-houses and photographs of birds in their habitat.

FOR SALE

Two Splendid
Building Lots
Facing on Main St.
50 x 230

R. J. VANCE
DENTIST

Mill Street Waterdown

John Kitching Mervyn Kitching

Kitching & Son

FUNERAL
DIRECTORS

Up to Date Equipment

Motor or Horse Hearse

We Pay All Telephone Charges

Waterdown Ontario

Westover Branch at
Markle's Store

EAGER'S WATERDOWN

Canadian Food Control License No. 8-11802

Groceries

Kippered Herring	25c a tin
Chicken Haddie	25c a tin
Clark's Pork and Beans	10c
Queen Brand Salmon	25c
Primrose Brand Pilchards	22c
Campbell's Soups	20c
First Class Pimetos	25c
Extra Choice Young Hyson Tea	60c
Simcoe Fresh Summer Vegetables	5c

Boots and Shoes

Baby Boots, sizes 2, 3, 4 and 5, black kid, light sole
\$1.25

Women's Black Kid Boots, 9 in. top, spool heel, Empress make. Extra fine quality.
\$8.00

Women's Kid Boot, Cushion sole, rubber heel, single sole Patent toe cap. A most comfortable shoe.
\$6.00

Misses Tan Calf High Top Boot, Low walking heel, good strong leather, good sole. Should be a good wearer.
\$4.50

Men's Tan Calf Bal. shaped Boot, medium toe, slip sole blucher cut, standard made goods. Reliable, comfortable
\$8.25

Men's Box Balf Black Blucher, A wide comfortable shoe
\$2.90

Men's Black Velour Calf Boot, medium wide toe, good sole, standard make. Splendid boot for the price
\$6.00

Men's Velour Kip Blucher Cut, Good weight sole, a very attractive shoe.
\$7.00

Men's Furnishings

Men's Balbriggan Combinations, Fine quality, short sleeves, ankle length.
\$1.75

Men's Merino Undershirts and Drawers, splendid fall weight
\$1 each

A lot of Men's Felt Hats, Fedora shape, black, grey or brown, worth up to \$2. Special price
95c

Men's Linen Collars, new shapes, W. G. and R make
25c

Men's Natural Color English made Hose, good medium weight, splendid wearing quality, per pair
40c

Men's Merino Combinations, long sleeve, ankle length
\$2.50

This Store Will Close

EVERY WEDNESDAY

At 12 o'clock Noon

During the Summer