The institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique. which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.


## Coloured covers/

Couverture de couleur

Covers damaged/
Couverture endommagėe


Covers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée

Cover tit!e missing/
Le titre de couverture marique

Coloured maps/
Cartes géographiques en couleur

Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)

Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur

Bound with other material/
Relié avec d'autres documents

Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/
La reliure serrèe peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distorsion le long de la marge intérieureBlank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible. these have been omitted from filming/ If se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors dune restauration apparaissent dians ie texte. mais. lorsque cela était possible. ces pages nont pas èté filmées.

L'Institut a microfilme ie melleur exemplaire qu'il lui a èté possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-ètre uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.


## Coloured pages/

Pages de couleur

$\square$
Pages damaged/
Pages endommageesPages restored and/or laminated/
Pages restaurees et/ou pelliculées

Pages discoloured. stsined or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquèes

Pages detached/
Pages détachées


Showthrough/
Transparence

Quality of print varies/
Qualité inégale de l'impression

Includes supplementary material/
Comprend du ma:ériel supplémentaireOnly edition available/
Seule édition disponiblePages wholly or partially obscured by errata slips. tissues. etc.. have been refilmed to ensure the best possible image/
Les pages totalement ou partiellement obscurcies par un feuillet d'errata. une pelure. etr.. cn: été fi!mées à nouveau de facon à obtenir la meilleure image possible.

Additional comments:/
Pagination is as follows : [121]-144p.
Commentaires supplémentaires:

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/
Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.


# Cambian dyriculatist, 

## - AND <br> JOURNAL OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE

OFUPPER CANADA.

VOL. XI.
TORON'IO, JUNE, 1859.
No. 6.
THE SEASON.
We have had an unusually mild and early spring, resembling in many respects the ordinary characteristies of the season in the old country. Ploughing and farm worls generally, commenced in March, that and the succeeding month being unprecedently mild and open, enabling farmers and gardeners to get in their crops early and in excellent condition. The season for transplanting trees, \&c., in spring, is usually very short in Canada, but this year it has been extended to trice its ordinary length, and all such kinds of work have been done not ouly early but in good order, with the best prospects of success. The greater part of May, however, was in some parts of the Province very dry, so as to create fears for the Hay crop. And, as is not unfrequent in very carly springs, considerable damage was done in some localities to the young fruitblossoms by the night frosts. This, however, appears to have been partial, and on the whole the prospect of the fruit, and particularly of the grain crops, was highly promising. A large breadth of carly potatoes was sown in April and May, and the temperature being high they soon vegetated and attained to considerable growth. The high winds and cold rains the latter part of May, arrested the progress of vegetation. Friday and Saturday, the 3rd and 4th of June, were particularly cold, boisterous and unpleasant days, while during the night of the latter a frost occurred, which for suddenness and severity has not been equalled in the month of June for the last twenty years. Thermometers in several different situations, registered from 3 to 6 or 7 degrees of frost during that fearful night. The consequence was that all kinds of tender vegetation were completely cut down. Potatoes, Indian corn, tomatoes, \&e., where suffciently advanced above ground, were nothing but a blackencd and shrivelled mass under the bright sky of the next day. Even the young currants were frozen and bleached, and the tender leaves of the ash, hickory, Ainerican creeper, ana other shrubs were blackened. Tender flowers shared the same fate, as, we presume, must likewise the hop. So severe in some situations was the frost that cucumbers, \&c., protected by matting, suffered considerably. The weather has since continued coid and ungenial, with night frosts of less severity. At the time we are writing, (June 13th) there are symptoms of a change, the temperature is rising, and showers are copiously falling.

This frost appears to lave extended over a large area of this continent-from the States of New York, Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, \&e., we get similar intelligence. The market gardeners, whose profits mainly depead upon early vegetables, will be the greatest sufferers; and it will not be possible by any subsequent measures they can adopt, to repair fully the loss. The injury done to fruit will prove, we fear, extensive, and also to Indian corn. Wheat and other kinds of grain have of course suttered much less-and there is still good reasons for hoping that these will prove abundant. In some sections of the Province symptoms of the wheat midge have shown themselves, and every day people will be auxiously waiting for intelligence on this important, and we might say exciting topic. The hay crop, there is reason to fear, will fall below an average, but there is yet time for farmers to mitigate the effects by sowing a larger breadth of turnips. With favorable weather for the future, an abundance may yet be in store for us.

## HAYMAKING.

In consequence of the late ungenial weather, the grass crop will neither be so early nor abundant, as was at one time anticipated. The clover plant in somo situations is weak and thin ; having been winter killed for want of a sufficient covering of snow. Where the latter was. present during the severe frosts in February, the ground in good heart, and sufficient seed had been sown, the grass will gencrally be found a fuir crop. It is of importance therefore, to the stock farmer in particular, that the grasses should as far as possible, be converted in the surest and readiest manner into sound and nutritious hay.

With the appliances which the modern agricultural mechanician affords the farmer in the way of improved mowing machines, horse rakes, dc., the task of making grass into hay has of late years become more easy, certain and expeditious. The old system was both troublesome and expensive, and the results not unfrequently problematical. Now, by putting into requisition the modert improved implements, when the barometer and other indications denote a settled state of the weather, a large breadth of grass may, in a ferv days, be safel housed as hay, affording healthy sustenance to live stock during our long ant commouly inclement winters.

A very frequent error is committed in allowing the grasses to become too olf before cutting. The reason assigned for this practice is that the largest weigh of hay is thereby obtained. Even as to mere weight the practice is very quew tionable; while the quality has been deteriorated to an extent which fery cal anderstand. The true rule for cutting the grasses, whether it be timothy clover, or any other kind, is when they are in full bloom. It is when the possess the largest amount of those nourishing ingredients which sustain th health and promote the growth of stock. To allow the seed to form and ripe before cutting, and which is often shaken out in the field and lost in the proce of curing, a large portion of the starch and sugar becomes changed into wood fibre in the thick cuticle of the stem, a substance containing but very litt nourishing power.

In our extremely hot weather, hay, during the process of making, is ofty exposed too much. Much shaking is injurions, particularly to clover, the lear of which are so liable to fall off. No more shaking and exposure should be pe mitted than are absolutely required to effect the uecessary eraporation, to preve the hay fermenting too much when put into the rick or barn. Hay is almaf more or less injured by being allowed to be spread abroad during the nigt

Our copious dews are as injurious to it as a slight shower. It ought always to be left either in windrows or cocks; the latter being safer. The practice of salting hay in the mow is to be commended, particularly when it has sustained injury by wet during the process of making.

## THE SUMMER FALLOW

The practice of fallowing land for the cereal crops is of very ancient date, going back to the most remote periods of history; and it is still a practice very generally followed by all agricultural nations in the present day. Of its benefits in general, wien properly performed, experience leaves no doubt. The soil by being pulverized, absorbs ammonia froin the atmosphere, becomes cleared cf weeds, and by the disintegration to which it is subjected by repeated ploughinges harrowing, \&c., jields up into a free state, potash and other valuable ingredients, constituting the essential food of plants. In Canada by far the greatest portion of winter wheat is raised upon summer fallows. It becomes thon to the practical man a question of very great moment, whether this important operation is in general so thoroughly periormed as an advancing agriculture and a constantly and rapidly increasing population demand.
We are not unaware of the fact, that of latc years an opinion has been gaining ground both in Europe and America, that the naked fallowing of land is a masteful and unprofitable practice; denoting indeed a stationary rather than an improving condition of husbandry. The introduction of root culture and the drill, has no doubt superseded, at lesst to a very great exteat, the necessity of a whole year's fallow, especially upon the lighter soils, and in such a climate as the British Isles, where turnips, mangold wurzel, de., yield a heavier and more certain crop, and butcher's meat fetches a much higher price than is the case in any portion of this coatinent. In England, however, upon the heavier soils, it is still found necessary every few years to subject the land intended for wheat to the cleansing and renovating process of a naked fallow, which is usually done in a thorough and expensive manner. Three or four deep ploughings, mith searifying, rolling, \&e., with a liberal dressing of manure, are frequently given; a circumstance that will go a long way to account for the production of the forty and fifty bushels of wheat per acre that are frequently obtained from land which has been subjected to arable culture for centuries.
In order to render the growth of wheat more certain and remuncrative in Canada, it is essential that our summer fallow should be more thoroughly prepared. Instead of two, or at the most three, superficial ploughings, with porlions of the ground often left unmoved, it would be far better to expend double the amount of labor in effecting a more deep and thorough culture, which nould greatly obviate the recessity of so frequent a recourse to the fallow as a means of renorating and preparing the soil for wheat. Upon our lighter soils, there root and clover crops are grown to any considerable extent, accompanied by he fattening of sheep, naked fallows as on similar soils in Europe, may be in a reat measure dispensed with, and the land kept clear and in grood heart. But a the stiffer soils, especi.lly where they have been superficially cultivated and ver-cropped, and, as a consequence filled with weeds, a decp ploughing before he frosts of winter set $i_{1}$, leaving the surface as rough as possible, is an excelent commencement for the nest summer's fallor. In dry, hot weather, (for day land particularly, ought never to be worked when in a wet state,) a good flltivator or grubber, drawn by three, c- if need be, four, stout horses, to the epth of ten or twelve inches, would be wore effectual and beneficial than half dozen ordinary ploughings. Steam, there is now reason to hope, will, ere fog, supply us with a cheaper and nore efficient power for accomplishing this hd other purposes.

Our farmers should never forget that the cultivation of wheat can never be made profitable on wet land. In such circumstances draining is absolutely essential. This, with clear cultivation, judicious manuring, careful selection of seed, and a rational system of rotation, would undoubtedly make wheat-growing and indeed all our other crops, far more certain and profitable than they now are, and would go a long way in banishing those insects and parasites, which, of late years have proved so terribly destructive.

## THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

The Prize List for the Feurteenth Exhibition of the Provincial Agricultural Association of Upper Canada appears in the present number. Notwithstanding the great depression in every branch of business throughout the Province, and the consequent possible falling off in receipts at the fair, the amount offered in prizes remains the same as last year, being the large sum of nearly Twelve Thousand Dollars. Some slight changes have, however, been made in the details of the list. The Kingston Local Committee with the active and zealous President of the Association, Wm. Ferguson, Esq., at their head, are setting to work most vigorously, and will, no doubt, have every desirable preparation made in ample time. They propose to expend some Fifteen Hundred Pounds in the improvement of the permanent Exhibition Building already existing there, and in the erection of other buildings and permanent cattle pens, and in the arrangement of the grounds. With the experience gained upon former occasions, there can be little fear that the Kingston Committee will succeed in rendering the arrangements in every respect satisfactory to exhibitors and the public.

## THE GOVERNMENT GRANT TO COUNTY SOCIEIIES.

We beg again to remind the Treasurers of County or Electoral Division Agricultural Societies, of the important fact, that the affidavit, stating the amount of subscriptions in their hands for the year, must be transmitted to the Board of Agriculture, Toronto, on or before the lst day of July, otherwise they will not be entitled to reccive any portion of the Goverument grant. The document to be addressed to G. Bucliland, Esq., Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, Toronto.

## dnvicultural alntillignare.

[^0]Destitution.-A Fergus correspondent of the Guelph Advertiser says it is truly distressing to witness the destitution and want prevailing in the more recertly settled townships of the Gounty of Wellington. Many of the inhabitants are dependent on the products of their cows and the herbs which they gather for the principal part of their subsistance. It is encouraging however to learn, that after all the scarcity of seed the farmers have sown bountifully, nud at present there is good ground to hope that they will aiso reap bountifully.
Tus Crops.- From all parts of the country the reports of the appearance of the incoming crops are very gratifying. The very extraordinary occurrence of so severe a frost, as that of Saturday night 4th, or Sunday morning 5th inst., was no doubt very damaging to tender vegetation, but we believe that the fears expressed of injury to the wheat and other principal field crops, are, except in very few instances, unfounded.
The Halifax, (Nova Scotin,) Morning Journal says that the season has been so far, in that Province, one of the most favorable ever known for bringing forward the growing crops. It is asserted by many that regetation is on the whole more adranced this jear loy three weeks earlier than in 1858. The hay harvest promises an early as well as an abundant yield.
Tue Midge.-The St. Catherines Constitutional says that the Midge has been already detected there this season in immense numbers.
Inmin Corx.-The Windsor Herald of June 2dsays, "that Mr. M. G. Fox of Gosfield had planted 45 acres of this crop. We have learned since that Mr. Fox has been distanced by Mr. W. C. Muckle of the Township of Malden who has planted 61 acres, and tro of his neighbors have planted, one of them 30 and the other 40 acres. Essex this year will be celebrated for corn should the weather continue as favorable as it is at present."
Barley in the West.-Some of the newspapers state that in the County of Kent, the worm has completely destroyed whole fields of barley, which is an important staple in that region. A Detroit paper states that one farmer has ploughed over a field of twelve acres, and that others are pursuing the same course, and sowing with millet.

The Stratford Beacon states that Mr. John Ballantyne, of Downie, one of the most enterprising Arriculturists in the County, has imported a quantity of bone dust, with which he intends to sow Turnips. This appears somewhat singular, in connection with the fact that Mr. Lamb, who has a mill in this city, has been upon the point of exporting his bones to Europe for want of a market in this country.

## Tifortirulthual.

The first show for the season of the Toronto Horticultural Society, was held on June 2d, and was highly successful, there being a large variety of plants, flowers, and early regetables exhibited, and all or nearly all of them in excellent condition.

Remedy for the Curculio.-The New York Observer publishes the following recipe:-"To one pound of whale oil soap, and four ounces of flour of sulphur. Mix thoroughly, and dissolve in twelve gallons of water.
"To one half peck of quick-lime, add four gallons of water, and stir well together. When fully settled, pour off the transparent lime water, and add to the soap and sulphar isture:
"Add to the same, also, say four gallons of tolerably strong tobacco water.
"Apply this mixture, when thus incorporated, with a garden syringe, to your pluma nd other fruit trees, so that the foliage shall be well drenched. If no rains succeed for hree weeks, one application will be sufficient. Should frequent rains occur, the-mixure should be again applied until the stone of the fruit becomes hardened, when the eason of the curculio's ravages is past."
First Freit of the Season.-Ripe Strawberries were gathered in the gardens and olds in the neighborhood of Toronto about the 4th of June.

## EFFEGTS OF THE FROST IN THE UNITED:STATES.

Boffalo.-A heavy frost occurred in this vicinity last Saturday night-it is feared doing heavy damage to the fruit. Accounts from the country towns report the crops badiy damaged, and, it is feared, extremely ruined.

Cleveland.-There were heavy frosts in this region on Saturday night, and it"is feared that the wheat crop throughout northern Ohio is rather badly injured, or wholly destroyed. Corn, grapes, and potatoes are badly frozen.

Danstilie, N. Y.-A heary frost prevailed in this viciuity on Saturday night, killing all the garden vegetables, corn, and potatos. It is feared also that fruits of all kinds have been cut off.

## ditistecllarems.

## TIMES GO BY TURNS.

An English Jesuit, Rul ert South:well, wrote the following lines of much merit, two conturioc and a ha fago. The phiosophic strain pervading the piece is worthy of admiration.

The lopped tree in time may grow again, Most naked plants renew both fruit and flower;
The sorr est wight may find relief from pain,
The dryest snil suck in some moistening shower.
Times go by turns, and chances change by course,
From foul to fair, from better hap to worse.
The sea of fortune doth for ever flow, She drars her farors to the lorest ebb;
Her tides have equal times to come and go,
Her loom doth weave the fine and ceareest web.
No joy so great but runneth to an cnd,
No hatp so hard but may in time amend.
Not always fall of leaf, nor even ipring;
No endless night, nor jet eternal day;
The saddest birds a senson ind to sing, the rrughest storm a calm may soon allay.
Thus with succeeding turns God tempereth all, That man may hope to rise, yet fear to fall.
A cran ere may win that by mischance was lost;
Tl at net that holds no great, tak:s little fish;
In seme things all, in all things nene are crossed;
Few all they need, but none have all they wish.
Unmingled joys here to no man befall;
Who least, have some; who most, hath never all.
Fires is the Woods.-The Woodstock, (New Brunswick,) Journal, of May 19th, eays the extraordinary dryness of the season in that Province has led to the occurrence of extensive fires in the woods, charging the atmosphere with smoke, and thus adding still more to its drying and parching nature. Those fires have in places spread into the clearings, and destroyed buildings. The absence of rain or any other meteoric interruntinn, however, enabled farmers to push forward their spring work with unusual colerity.

The Enniskilien Oil.-The London Free Press learns that Professor Croft has succeeded in deodorizing the natural oil fuund in the County of Lambten. Its illuminating qualities are excellent, but it had an unmistakeable effluvia. That removed, no obstacle remains to its use, and as the proprietor, Mr. Williams, has already secured some 30,000 gallons in its crude state, it is believed that it will soon be on sale. It is estimated that the supply will be amply sufficient for the wants of all the consumers in the colony, and will form an item of domestic manufacture of no mean kind.

# PROVINCIAL AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION, 

TO BE HELD AT KIVGSTON,
On Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, September 27, 28, 29, 30.

- RUIES AND REGUTATIOINS.


#### Abstract

"The Members of tho Agricultural Societies of the several Townships within the County or Electoral Division or United Counties wherein the Annual Exhibition may be held, and the members of the said County or Electoral Division Society, shall be also members of the Association fur that year, and have members' tickets accordingly: provided the Agricultural Sociotios of the said Townships, or the Socictics of the said County or Electoral Division or United Counties, shall devote their whole funds for the year, including the Government Grant, in aid of the Association. The Office bearers of all County Societies shall have tickets of free entrance during the Show. -By-lav."


1. The payment of $\$ 1$ and upwards constitates a person a member of the Agricultural Association of Upper Canada for one year; and $\$ 10$ for life, when given for that specific object, and not as a coatribution to the local funds.
2. No one but a member will be allowed to eompote for prizes except in clisses $25,35,41$, 43.
3. All Entries must be made on printed forms, which may be obtained of the Secretarics of Agricultural Societies, or of Mechanics' Institutes, free of charge. These forms are to be filled up and signed by the exhibiter, enclosing a dollar for mombership, and sent to the Secretary of tho Association, Board of Agriculture, Toronto, on or before Saturday September 10, after which no entries can be taken except in the Horticultural and Ladies' Departments and Foreign classes.

Exhibiters in these Departments may enter articles up to Monday Evening, September 96, when the Books will be finally closed.
4. Blood Horses and Thorough-bred Cattle must be entered, and have their full pedigrees properly attested and sent to the Secretary in Toronto, not later than Suturday, Scptember 10th. No animals will be allowed to compete as pure bred, unless they possess regular Stud and Herd Book pedigrees, or satisfactory evidence be produced that they are directly desconded from such stock, In the class of Durham

Cattle, particularly, no animal will bo entered for competion, unless the pedigres of the same be first inserted in the English or American Her 1 Book, or in tho Opper Canada Stock Register, kept at the office of the Board_of Agriculturo.
5. Tickets from the Treasurer's Office will be furnished each member, which will admit lumself only, free to every department of the Exhibition, luring the Show. Lifo members admitted free.
6. Tickets of admission to those who are not members, 25 cents each time of admission. Cuildren under 14 years of age, half price. Carriages, including drivers, $\$ 1$; passengers to pry 25 cents each. Horscmen to pay 50 cents ench edmission.

7 Every article, other than live stock, exhibited for competition must be the growth, produce, or manufacture of Canada, except in classes 35 and 50 . Live Stock, except in class 25 must be the bona file property of persons residing in Canada, and must be exhibited in the name of the owner only. All premiums for articles, except Stock, are to be awarded to the manufacturers or producers only,
8. Articles for Exhibition must bo on the grounds on Minday, except live stock, wl ich must be there not later than Tuesday at ncon.
9. Discretionary Premiums will be asrarded for such articles as may bo considered worthy by the Judges, although not enumerated in the List, and the Directors will determine the amuunt of premium.
In the Fine Arts and Mochanical Department, Diplomas will be awarded-in addition to the money prizes-to any specimen evidencing great skill in its production, or deomed othe-wise worthy of such a distinction, on its bein: recommended by the Judges and approve' of by the Committee to whom all such matter ; shall be referrel.

In the absence of competition in any of the Classes, or if the Stock or articles exhibited be of inferior quality, the Judges will exercise their discretion as to the value of the promiums they recommend.

10．The Judges，Competitors，and Officers of the Association，only，will be permitted to enter the Show Grounds，until 12 o＇clock on Tuesday 27 th，at which hour and during the thole of Wednesday Members will bo ad－ mitted．Non－Members will be admitted on Thursday and Friday mornings after $80^{\prime}$＇clock．

11．No articles or Stock exhibited will be allowed to be removed from the grounds，till the awards are made，without the permission of the President，under the penalty of losing the promiums．An Auctioneer will be on the ground after the premiams are announced， and every facility afforded for the transaction of business．

12．Delegates，Judges and Members of the Press are requested and expected to report themselves at the Secretary＇s Office，immedi－ ately on their arrival．

13．The Judges are to meet at the Secre－ tary＇s Office on the Grounds，on Tuesday，at noon，to make arrangements for entering upon their duties．

14．The Annual Meeting of the Directors of the Association，will take place on the grounds on Friday morning at 10 o＇clock．
m 15．While the Directors will take every pos－ sible precaution，under the circumstances，to
ensure tho safety of articles sent to the oxhi－ bition，yet they wish it to be distinctly under－ stood that the owners of the articles must themselves tako the risk of oxhibiting them； and that should any articlo be accidentally injured，lost or stolen，the Directors will gire all the assistance in their porer $t$ ，wards the recovery of the same，but will not make any payment for the value thereof．

10．The Treasurer will be prepared to com－ mence paying the premiums on Saturday，1st October，at 9 a．m．，and parties who shall have prizes awarded them are particularly request－ ed to apply for them before leaving Kingston， or leave a written order with some person to receive them，stating the articles for which prizes are claimed．

The Local Committee will mako arrange－ ments with Steamboat and Railroad proprie－ tors for carrying articies and passengers at reduced rates．
N．B．－In ease the Directors shall require any particular information in reference to animals or articles taking first prizes，the owners will be expected to transmit it，when requested to do so．

Provender will be provided by the Associa－ tion for live stock at cost price．

## Р卫エZ卫 エエSエ・ <br> departhent first．

live stock，asd agmicuitudal and hortictlitural prodece and implements． morses．
CLASS I．－BLOOD HORSES．

| Sect． | \＄c． |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1．Best thorough－bred stallion．．．．．．． | 4000 |
| 1．2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2500 |
| 3d do | 1200 |
| 2．Best thorough－bred 3 years old stallion． | 2200 |
| 2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1400 |
| 3d do．． | 700 |
| 3．Best thorough－bred 2 years old stallion． | 1400 |
| 2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1000 |
| 3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 500 |
| 4．Best thorough－bred yearling colt． | 800 |
| 2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 600 |
| 3d do．． | 400 |
| 5．Best thorough－bred 3 years old filly． | 1800 |
| 2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1100 |
| 3d do． | 700 |
| 6．Best thorough－bred 2 y＇r old filly | 1400 |
| 2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1100 |
| 3d do． | 700 |
| 7．Best thorough－bred yearling filly． | 1000 |
| 2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 600 |
| 3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 400 |

Sect．\＄c．
8．Best thorough－bred mare and foal 2200 2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1400 81 do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 600
9．Extra entries．
Pedigree to be produced in this class．
class mi－naricultural horses．
1．Best stallion for agricultural pur－ poses．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 4000
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 2500
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1200
2．Best roadster or carriage stallion． 4000
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 2500
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1200
3．Best 3 years old stallion．．．．．．．．．．．．． 2200
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1400
3d du．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 700
4．Best 2 years old stallion．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1400
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1000
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 500
5．Best yearling colt．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 800
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．6． 00
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 400
6．Best a yerrs old filly．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1800
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1100
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 7 00

| Set. | \$ c. | Scet. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7. Best 2 years old filly................ | 1400 | 2. Best 3 jears old ball........ ....... | 3200 |
| 2d do....................... | 900 | 211 do........ ............... | 2000 |
| $8 d$ do | 400 | 3 d do | 1200 |
| 8. Best jearling filly............. ...... | 800 | 4th do. | 600 |
| 2d do....................... | 600 | 3. Best 2 years old bull. ............... | 2400 |
| 3 l do.... ..... ............ | 400 | 2d do........ ............ | 1600 |
| 9. Best brood mare and foal, or eri- | 2000 | 3d ${ }_{\text {4th do }}$ |  |
| 2 d do..... ... .......... ... | 1400 | 4. Best 1 year old bull.................... | 2000 |
| 3 d do... | 600 | 2 d do. | 1200 |
| 10. Beet roadster or carringe brood |  | 3 d do. | 800 |
| 10. mare and foal, Scc................. | 2200 | 4th do. | 400 |
| 2 d do...................... | 1100 | 5. Best buil calf (under 1 year)...... | 1600 |
| 3 d do | 600 | 2d do.. | 1000 |
| 11. Best span matched carriage horses | 2000 | 3 d do | 600 |
| 2d do....................... | 1500 | 4th do. | 300 |
| Bu do................. ...... | 1000 | 6. Best corm. | 2000 |
| 12. Best sadule horse.............. ..... | 1000 | 2 d do. | 1200 |
| 2 d do........ .............. | 800 | 3 d do | 800 |
| 3d do......... . ...... ...... | 600 | 4th do. | 400 |
| 13. Best single carriage horse in har- |  | 7. Best 0 years old cow. | 1600 |
|  | 1000 | $2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{do}$. | 1000 |
| $2 d$ do | 800 | 3d do. | 600 |
| 3d do. | 600 | 4th do. | 400 |
| 14. Extre entries. |  | 8. Best 2 years old heife | 1200 |
|  |  | 2 d do. | 800 |
| class mil-meay dracait mor |  | 3 d do | 5 CO |
| 1. Best heary draught stallion........ | 4000 | ${ }^{\text {4th }}$ do | 300 1000 |
| 1. ${ }_{21}$ dost ${ }^{\text {do...... }}$................ | 2500 | 9. Best 1 year old heifer.............. 2d do........ ............ | 1000 600 |
| 8d do...................... | 1200 | $\begin{array}{ll} 2 \mathrm{~d} & \text { do. } \\ \mathrm{Ed} \mathrm{~d} & \mathrm{do.} \end{array}$ | 400 |
| 2. Best 3 years old stallion........... | 2200 | 4 th do. | 200 |
| $2 d$ do. | 1400 | 10. Best heifer calf (under one year). | 600 |
| 3 d do.......... ........... | 700 | 10. ${ }^{\text {dest }}$ deifer calt (under one year). | 400 |
| 3. Best 2 years old stallion........... | 1400 10 |  | 200 |
| 2d ${ }_{3 d}$ do........................ | $1000$ |  | 100 |
| 4. Bes yerring colt.......................... |  | 11. Entra Entries. |  |
|  | 800 600 | N.B.-A certificate of Herd Boo | Pedi- |
| 3d do | 400 | Gnees, or a sufficient reference to t | Herd |
| 5. Best 3 years old filly | 1800 | Book in which they are registored, |  |
| 2d de.. | 1100 | required of all animals in the Durham | class, |
| 3d do | 700 | along with or previous to the applica | on to |
| 6. Best 2 years old filly............... | 1400 | enter them for exhibition. The pedig | es of |
| 2 d do....................... | 900 | others should be as full and correct | pos- |
| 3 d do...................... | 400 | sible. |  |
| 7. Best yearling filly.................... | 800 | class V.-Devons. |  |
| 2 d do....................... | 600 | List of Prizes the seme as in Class |  |
| $3^{3 d}$ do...................... | 400 |  |  |
| 8. Best broad mare and foal, or evidence that the foal has been lost | 2200 | Prizes the same as Class IV. |  |
| 2d do...................... | 1400 | olass vin.-Aybshires. |  |
| 3 d do.......... ...... ...... | 600 |  |  |
| 9. Best span of draught horses....... | 2000 | Prizes the same as Class iv. |  |
| 2 d do........ ............... | 1500 | class vill.-Galloway cattib |  |
| 10. ${ }^{\text {3d }}$ do.. | 1000 | Irizes the same as Class iv. |  |
| 10. Extra Sntries. |  | OLASS IX.-GRADE CATTIE. |  |
|  |  | 1. Best cow...... ........................ | 2000 |
| CATPLE. |  | 2d do .................... ......... | 1200 |
| class IV.-DURHAMS. |  | 3d do ................................. | 800 500 |
| 1. Best bull 4 years old and upwards. | 3600 | 2. Best 4 years old grade cow........... | 2000 |
| 2d cio........ ...... ........ | 2400 | 2 d do. | 1200 |
| $3 d$ do. ........ .............. | 1600 | 3 d do | 800 |
| 4 th do..... ................. | 800 | 4th do........ | 500 |


| Sect． |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3．Be | 1600 |
| 2d do．． | 1000 |
| 3d do． | 600 |
| 4th do． |  |
| 4．Best 2 years old heifer． | 1200 |
| 2d do．．．．．．．．．． | 800 |
| 3d do． | 500 |
| 4th do． | 300 |
| 5．Best 1 ycar old heifer．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1000 |
|  | 600 |
| 3 d do | 400 |
| 4th do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 200 |
| 6．Best heifer calf（under 1 year）．．．． | 600 |
| 2 d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 400 |
| 3 d do． | 200 |
| 4th do |  |

## 7．Extra Entrics．

Diplomas will be amarded to the brcelers or importers of bulls and stallions which take first prizes，when their names and resideuces are given．

The Judge shall asecrtain，in deciding on bull calves in any of the foregoing classes， Whether the animal has been suckled or raised by pail，and make allowances accordingly．－ Tho exact age of young animals must be stated on the cards，and will be taken into considera－ tion by the judges in making their awards； and any person understating the age of an animal will forfeit the premium to which he might otherwise be entitled．
$A$ certificate to bo produced to show the breeding of animals in ciass ir．

Young cattle may compete if the exhibitor think fit，in an older class than that to which they properly belong；but no animal will be allowed to compete in more than one of the foregoing scctions．

An animal will not be allowed to compete as a three－year old cow unless it has had a calf，but a tro gear old having had a calf will be allored to compete as a two－ycar old heifer， if the owner thinks fit．
Prizes will bo awarded to animals of other breeds than those above mentioned，if deemed worthy．

## CLASS ぶ．ーFIT AND WORIING C．ITTXI，NN：

1．Best firt ox or stecr．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 30 no


2．Best fat cow or heifer．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 3000
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 2000
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 3200
3．Best yoke of working oxen．．．．．．．． 2000
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1200
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$S$（10
4．Best yoke of 3 years old steers．．． 1600
$2 d$ do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1000
3 d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 600
b．Best team of oxen，not less than 10 yoke from one township．the preperty of any number of per－ sons．

1000

## O．Extra Entrics．

Scct．

## $\$ 0$

SHEEP
CLASS SI．－LEICESTEIS．
1．Best ram，tro shears and over．．． 1600
2 d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1000
3 da do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 400
2．Best shearling ram．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1600
$2 d$ do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1000
3 d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 400
3．Jest ram lamb．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 800
$2 d$ do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 400
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 200
4．Best 2 ewes，two shears and over 1600
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1200
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 600
5．Best 2 shearling erres．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1200
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 800
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 400
6．Best 2 eve lambs．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 600
$2 d$ do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 400
3 d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 200
CEASS SII．－COTSWOLDS．
Prizes the same as in Class xy．
class mirt－－chemiots．
Prizes the same as in Class xr．
class mit－－fong wooled shebp，sot purb hercesthes，cotswold，on cheviots．

Prizes the same as in Class wr．
clath xy．－soutmpows．
Prizes the same as in Class xr．
CLASS NVE．－MERINOS AND SANONS．
Prizes the same as in Class ar．
crass mifi．－rat sheer．
1．Best 2 fat welhers．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1200
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 800
3d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 400
2．Best 2 fat erres．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1200
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 800
81 ．do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 400
3．Extra entrics in Slicep．
Sheep that have been shema in any other class camot compete as Fat Shecp．
［Shecp will not be allowed to competo with more than the present year＇s grorth of wool upon them．］

## PIGS－LARGE BREEDS．

class avini－morishimes．
1．Beast Bowr， 1 year and over．．．．．．．．． 1500
2d do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1000
su do．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 600
2．Best Dreeding Sow 1 yenr and over 1000
2d do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 700
3d do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．\＆ 00
3．Best Boar，under 1 ycar．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1000
2d do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 600
3d do …．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 400
4．Best sow，under 1 year old．．．．．．．．．． 500
2d do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 400
3d do ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 300
class mix.-Large berkshires.
Prizes the same as in Class xvir. CLASS RX. - AML OTHER LARGE BREEDS.
Prizes the same as in Class xwrir.

## PIGS-SMALL BREEDS.

CLASS XXI.——SUFFOLKS.
Prizes the same as in Class xum.
chass dxif.-mproved berishmes.
Prizes the same as in Class xum.
cr.ass mimi.-ahl other samal breeds.
Prizes the same as in Class zwirr.
In the classes of Pigs, the precise age of the auimal is to be stated on the cards.
With the view of encouraging largely the importation of improved stock, the exhibiter of any male animal imported into this province from Europe since the last Exhibition, which shall take the first prize in any of the above classes, will be paid three times the amount of the premium offered in the list ; the exhibiter of any female amimal imported from Europe within the same time taking the first prize will be paid double the amount offered; the exhibitor of any male animal imported into ihe Province from any part of America within the same time, taking the first prize, will be paid double the amount of prize offered; and of any female animal imported within the same time, and taking the first prize, one-half in addition to the amount of prize offered in the list. Such animals to be the boana fide property of persons residing in Upper Canada. Satisfactory evidence must have been given at the time of making the entry that the animal has been imported within the time named, or the increased prize will not ke paid.
chass xaiv.-rouming, ac.
Sect.

1. Best pair of whito dorkings
$\$ \mathrm{c}$.
400
200
2. IJest pair of spangled do................. 2d do.. ..... ... ................
3. Best pai: of black Polands........... 2d do.............. .............
4. Besic pair of white Polands...........

200
5. 33est pair of golden Polands......... 400 2d do..... ...................... 200
6. Best pair of silver Polands.......... 400 2d do .............................. 200
7. Best pair of game forfls................ 400 2d do ........................... 200
3. Hest pair of Jersey blues.............. 400 2d do............................. 200
0. Best pair of Cochin China, Shanghai, Canton, or Bramal Pootra fowls.

$$
400
$$ do..............................

0. Best paix of black Spanish fowls. . 2d do... .........................
1. J3est pair of black Java forls. . . . . 2d do ................ ............

200
200
$\qquad$
Sect. ..... \$ c.
12. Best pair Bolton grays ..... 400
2d do............................ ..... 200
13. Best paix of Bolton bays. ..... 400
$2 d$
$2 d$ do. do. ..... 200 ..... 200
14. Best pair of Hamburg fowls ..... 400
2d do... ................ ..... 200
15. . Best pair of Dominique. ..... 400
2d ..... 200
16. Best pair of feathered-legged ban- tams. ..... 200.
$2 d$ do. ..... 100
17. Best pair of smooth-legged ban'ms ..... 200
2d do ..... 100
18. Best pair of turkeys (white or co- lored) ..... 400
$2 d$ ..... 200
19. Best pair of wild turkeys ..... 400
$2 d$ do ..... 200
20. Best pair of largo.geose ..... 400
$2 d$ ..... 200
21. Best pair Bremen geese ..... 400
2d ..... 200
22. Best pair of Chinese geese ..... 400
$2 d$ do ..... 200
23. Best pair of Muscovy ducks ..... 400
2d do.. ........................ ..... 200
24. Best pair common ducks. ..... 400
2d do. ..... 200
25. Jest pair of Aylesbury ducks. ..... 400
$2 d$ do
$2 d$ do ..... 200 ..... 200
20. Best pair of Poland ducks. ..... 400
2 d ..... 200 ..... 200
27. Best pair of Ronen ducks ..... 400
$2 d$ do ..... 20
28. Best pair of Guinea fomls. ..... 400
2 d ..... 200
29. Best pair of pea forvls. ..... 4 C0
2d do ..... 200
30. Best collection of pigeons ..... 400
$2 d$ do............. .... ...... ..... 200
31. Best lot of poultry, in one pen, and owned by the exlibitor. ..... 600
32. ljest collection of poultry enteredin the rarions classes by oneexhibiter.800
33. Best pair of rabbits ..... 200
34. Best lot of rabbits ..... 400
35. other entries.
Exhibiters will hare to provide their orncoops, and are recommended to hare themabout 3 feet cube in size, for convenienco of ar-rangement on the grounds.
XXV.-FOREMGN STOCK.

1. Best Durham bull, diploma and 1000
$2 d$ do ..... 1000
2. Best Durhaun corr, diploma and..... ..... 600
2 d do ..... 600
3. Best Ayrshiro bull, diploma and... 1 ..... 1000
2d do.. ..... 1000
4. Best Ayrshiro com, diploma and.:. ..... 600
2d ..... 600
5. Best Hercford bull, diploma and. . ..... 1000
$2 d$ ..... 1000
6. Best Hereford cow, diploma and. ..... 600
$2 d$ do. ..... 600

| Scct. \$ c. | Secl. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7. Best Dovon bull, diploma and...... 1000 | 3. Best two bushels spring wheat.... | 1000 |
| 2d do......................... 1000 | 2 d . do. | 800 |
| 8. liest Devon cow, diploma and...... 600 | 8d do........ ....... ........ | 600 |
| 2d do....................... 600 | 4th do. | 400 |
| 9. Best stallion for agricultural purposes, dip!oma and................ 1200 | 4. Best two bushels of barley (two rowed) $\qquad$ | 600 |
| $20^{\prime}$ do........................ 1200 | 2d do.............. ......... | 400 |
| 10. Best blood stallion, diploma and... 1200 | 3 l do. | 200 |
| 2d do........ ................. 1200 | 4th do..........V Vol. Transa | ctions. |
| 11. Best Leicester ram, diploma and 600 | 5. Best 2 bushels of barley ( 6 rowed) | 600 |
| 2d do........................ 400 | 2d do. | 400 |
| 12. Best 3 Leicester ewes, diploma and 600 | 3 d do. | 200 |
| 2d do......................... 600 | 4th do | Trans. |
| 13. Best Southdown ram, diploma and 600 | 6. Best two bushels rye................. | 600 |
| 2d do..................... ... 600 | 2d do......... ............... | 400 |
| 14. Best 2 Southdown ewes, dipl. and 600 | 3 d do | 200 |
| 2d do........................ 600 | 4th do | Trans. |
| 15. Best Merino and Saxon ram, dipploma and. | 7. Best two bushels of oats (white) | $\begin{aligned} & 600 \\ & 4000 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 2d do........................... | $\begin{aligned} & 400 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ |
| 16. Best two Merino or Saxon ewes, diploma and. $\qquad$ $600$ | 4th <br> 8. Best two bushels of oats (black) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trans. } \\ & 600 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 d do.............................. 600.6 | 2d do.............. .......... | 500 |
| 17. Best boar, diploma and......... ..... 600 | 3d do. | 300 |
| 2d do ...................... 600 | 4th do | Trans. |
| 18. Best breeding sow, diploma and... 600 | 9. Best two bushels of field peas..... | 600 |
| 2d do....................... 600 | 2 d do. | 500 |
| 19. Patra entries in Foreign Stock. | 3d do. | 300 |
|  | 4th do | 200 |
|  | 10. Best tro bus. of marrow fat peas. | 600 |
| AGRICUETURAL PRODUCSIONS. | 2d do....................... | 400 |
| class xxvi.-Grains, Seens, sc. | 3 d do | 300 |
| The Canada Company's prize of......... 10000 | 11. ${ }^{\text {flh }}$ do | 200 |
| 1. For the best 25 bushels of Fall | 11. Best .wo bushe | 600 |
| Wheat the produce of Canada | 3 d do. | 30 |
| West, being the growth of the | 4 th do | Trans. |
| year 1859. Each sample must | 12. best bushel of thite field beans... | 600 |
| be of one distinct varicty, pure | 2 d do | 400 |
| and unmixed. The prize to be | 3 d do | 3 co |
| awarded to the actual grower | 4 th do | Tranz |
| only of the Wheat, which is to | 13. Jest two bushels Indian corn in |  |
| be given up to and become the | ear, (white) | 600 |
| property of the Association, for |  | 500 |
| distribution to the County Socic- | 3 d do | 300 |
| ties for sced. | 14. Best two do [sellow].............. | 600 |
| 2 da do by the Association. 4000 | 2d do........ ................. | 500 |
| 3d do......................... 2000 | 3d do. | 300 |
| The wimners of the 2d and 3d prizes to | 15. Best bushel of timothy seed....... | 800 |
| rotain their wheat. | $2 d$ do. | 600 |
|  | 10. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ do........... | 400 |
| to furnish the Secretary with $a$ written state- | 16. Jiest bushel clover seed | 800 |
| ment of the nature of the soil, mode of pre- | 2d do.. | 600 400 |
| paration, the variety and quantity of seed, and | 17. Best bushel do..................... | 400 800 |
| time of sowing, manures (if nny used), produce | 17. $2 d$ do..... .......... | 600 |
| por acre of grain, and any other particulars | 3 d do | 400 |
| of practical importance, before being paid the | 18. Best bushel hemp seed | 600 |
| amount of premium. Winners of prizes in | 18. 2d do........... | 400 |
| the succeeding sections of this class vill also | 8d do. | 200 |
| bo expected to furnish information when applicd for | 10. Best bushel inax seed | 600 |
|  | 2d do. | 400 |
| 2. Best two bushels of winter wheat 1700 | 3 d do. | 200 |
| 2d do....................... 800 | 20. Best bushel mustard seed. | 600 |
| 3 d do........ .............. 600 | 2 d do. | 400 |
| fh do....................... 400 | 3 d do. | 200 |


| Sect. | \$ c. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Best Swedish turnip seed, from |  | 14. Bost 12 roots yellow globe mangold wurzel.......................... 300 |
| than 20 ibs. | 600 | 2 d do........................ 200 |
| 2 d do. | 400 | 3 d do...................... 100 |
| 3 d do | 200 | 15. Best 12 roots |
| 22. Best 14 los field carrot seed | 600 | 00 |
| 2 d do. | 400 | $2 d$ do........................ 200 |
| 3 d do | 200 | 3 d do............... ........ Trabs. |
| 23. Best 12 lbs yell |  | 16. Best 12 roots of khol rabi.......... 200 |
|  | 600 | $2 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{do...........}. \mathrm{........}.{ }^{1} 000$ |
| 2 d | 400 | 17. Best 12 roots of sugar beet....... ${ }_{2}^{3} 00$ |
| 3 d | 00 |  |
| 24. Best bale of hops, not less than |  | 18. Best 20 roots of parsnips......... 300 |
| 112 lbs | 2000 | 2 d do...... ......... ....... 200 |
| 2 d do. | 1200 | 3 d do.......................... Txans. |
| 3d do | 800 | 19. Best 20 roots of chicory............ 300 |
| Best bushel ho | 600 | 2d do. ..... .................. 200 |
| 2 d do | 300 | 3d do..... ....................... 100 |
| 26. Best bushel buckwhea | 4 | 20. Best two large squashes for cattle 300 |
| 2d do | 200 | 2d do................. ...... 200 |
| 27. Extra entries. |  | sd do.......... .............. Trans. |
| 00ts |  | 21. Best tro mammoth field pumpkins 300 |
| class axim-roors and |  | 2d do....... ........ ....... 200 |
| 1. Best bushel pink-cycd potatoss | 800 | 3 d do. ....... ..... ....... Trans. |
|  | 200 | 22. Best four common yellow field do 300 |
| 3 d do........ ...... ..... .. | 100 | 2 d do...... ............... 200 |
| 2. Best bushel cup potatoes.......... | 300 | 3d do...... ................ 100 |
| 2 d do... | 200 | 23. Best 20 lbs of tohacco leaf, growth |
| 3d do. | Trans. | of Canada West................. 400 |
| 3. Best bushel goldfinder | 300 | 2 d do....................... 200 |
| 2 d do.. | 200 | 24. Best broom corn brush, 28 7hs... 400 |
| 3d do. | 100 | 2 d do. ......... ........... 300 |
| 4. Best bushel white pot | 200 | 3d do...................... 200 |
| 2 d do | 200 | The |
|  | Trans. |  |
| 5. Best bushel red | 300 | 25. Best 112 lbs of Flas... ........... 2400 |
| ${ }_{3 d}^{2 d}$ do. | $\xrightarrow{200}$ | 2 d  <br> 3 d do. by tho Association <br> do........................ 1600 <br> 800  |
| 6. Best bushel blue | 00 |  |
| 2 d do. | 200 | The Canada Company's Prize for Hemp. |
| 3 d do | Trans. | 26. Best 112 ibs of Hemp.............. 1600 |
| 7. Best bushel of an | 300 | 2 d do by the Association 1200 |
| 2d do | 200 | 3 d do do do 600 |
| 3 d do | 100 | 27. Other entries. |
| 8. Best bushel Swede | 300 | [The Roots in the above class to be certified |
| 2 d do... | 200 | as of field culture by the Exhibiter.] |
| 3 d do | 100 |  |
| 9. Best bushel of white glove turnips | 300 | named will receise prizes if worthy. |
| 2d ${ }_{\text {dd }}^{\text {do........ .............. }}$ do................ | 200 |  |
| 10. Best bushel of Aberdeen yellow turnips. | 100 300 | wheat or other grain, roots, \&c., must be inserted in the list of catries by each exhibiter. |
| 2 d | 200 |  |
| 3d | Trans. |  |
| 11. Best 20 roots red carrots. | 300 | HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS |
| 2 d do | 200 |  |
| 3 d do | 100 | class axvin- |
| 12. Best 20 roots white or Belgian carrots. | 300 | 1. Best 20 varieties of apples, named, <br> [six of each] $\qquad$ |
|  | 200 | $2 d^{\text {d }}$ do........................ 400 |
| 3d • : $\mathrm{B}_{\text {do }}$ do. | 100 | 3 d do................. ...... 300 |
| 3. Best 12 roots m.ingold warzel (long <br> red). $\qquad$ | $3 \mathrm{C0}$ | 2. Best 12 table apples, named, [Fall <br> sort]. <br> ]......... ........ .............. 300 |
| 0 | 200 | 2d do......... .............. 200 |
| 3 d | 100 | 3d . do...... ................. 100 |



| Sect. |  | Sic'. | \$ c. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14. Best collection of capsicums | 300 | 5. Best collection of green house plants, not less than 12 specimens in flower...... ............... |  |
| 2 d do.. | 200 |  |  |
|  | 150 |  | 1000 |
| Best 6 | 200 | 2 d ùo | 600 |
| 2 d | 150 | 3 d | 400 |
| 3 d | 100 | 6. Best twolve pan | 00 |
| Best 12 toma | 200 |  | 150 |
| 2 d do | 150 | 3d do | 100 |
| 3d do | Trans. | 7. Best six fuchsias, in flower......... | 300 |
| 17. Best assorted collection of tomatos, 6 of each sort................ |  | 3 d do | 200 |
|  | 300 |  | 00 |
| 2 d do.. | 200 | 8. Best collection of annuals in bloom | 220 |
|  | 150 |  | 50 |
| 18. Best 12 blood | 200 | 3d do......... ................. | 100 |
| 2 d do | 150 | 9. Best sir cockscombs. $\qquad$ <br> $2 d$ <br> do.. | 200 |
|  | Trans. |  | 50 |
| 19. Best peek of w | 200 | 10. $\stackrel{3 \mathrm{~d}}{\text { Best } 6 \text { balsams in }} \stackrel{\text { do......... }}{ }$ | 100 |
| 2 d do.. | 150 |  | 200 |
| 3 d | 100 |  | 150 |
| 20. Best peck of yc | 200 |  | 100 |
| 2d do.. | 150 | 11. Best collection of asters..... <br> 2d do... ..................... ...... | 200 |
|  | Trans. |  | 150 |
| 21. Best peck of redrer | 200 | 12. Best collection of 10 weels' stock | 100 |
| 2 d do. | 150 |  | 200 |
| 3d do | 100 | 12. Best collection of 10 weeks' stock <br> $2 d$ <br> do. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | 150 |
| Best peek potat | 200 | 13. Best collection of hybrid perpetual roses, not less than 12 blooms |  |
| 2 d do | 150 |  |  |
| 3d do | 100 |  | 200 |
| Best 12 white tur | 200 | 2d do..................... |  |
|  | 150 | 3d do........ .............. |  |
| 3 d do | Trans. | 14. Beet floral ornament or design.... | 500 |
| 24. Best 12 yellow turnips, ( | 200 | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { 2d } \\ \text { 3d } & \text { do...... ...... ........... } \\ \text { do......... }\end{array}$ | 400 |
|  | 150 |  |  |
| 3d do. | 100 | 15. Best collection of verbenas, not |  |
| Best 12 cars s | 200 | less than 12 varieties.... ........ |  |
|  | 150 | 2 d do | 200 |
| 3d do. | ran | 3 d | 100 |
| 26. Best and greatest variety of carly |  | 16. Best 6 petunias.. | 200 |
|  |  | 2 d do. | 150 |
| named.... ................. ...... | 300 | 17. ${ }^{\text {3d }}$ Best collection peremmal phloxes. | 100 |
| 2d do | 200 |  |  |
|  | 100 | 2 d do........ ...... ........ |  |
| 27. Best 4 squashes, | 200 | 18. Best 6 hardy shrubs................ | 100 |
| 2 d do | 150 |  | 200 |
|  | 100 | do......... ...... ..........do....... |  |
| 23. Bost and greatcis |  |  | 100 |
| tables, [distinct from other cu- |  | 19. Best collection holly hocks........$\frac{1}{\text { d }}$ do................ | $\stackrel{0}{ } 00$ |
| tries], erch |  |  |  |
| 2 d do | 300 | 3 d do. | 100 |
| 3 d do | 200 | 20. Best display of plants in flower, |  |
|  |  | 2d distinct from other entries | 00 |
| class mxx-miants and flomers. |  |  | 0 |
|  |  | 21. Best collection of native plants, |  |
| 1. Best dozen dahlias, named. | 2001 |  |  |
| -d do |  | 21. Best collection of native plants, dried and named................. | ${ }^{6} 00$ |
| 3d do | 100 | 2d do...... ................ | 400 |
| 2. Best and largest col'n of dahlias.. | 500 | 22. ${ }^{3 d}$ Best specimen of useful. ${ }^{\text {do }}$........ | 200 |
| 2d do. ....... ......... ...... | 400300 | 22. Best specimen of useful and ornamental rustic work for tho |  |
| 3d do.. |  |  |  |
| 3. Best bouquet of | 200 | garden.............. $=$........... |  |
| 2d |  | 23. Extra entrics. |  |
| 3d do. | 150 |  | 23. Extra entrics. |
| 4. Best hand bouqu | 100200100100 | Competitors in classes 28,29 , and 30 , are requested to deliver their various productions in a clean and proper state for celiinition |  |
| 2 d do |  |  |  |
| 3d |  |  |  |



| Scit |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 32. Best flax dressing machinc......... | 30-00 |
| $2 d$ do....................... | 2000 |
| 3d d.o. | 1000 |
| class xximi.-agrigelfubal toon implements, chierly for hand |  |
| 1. Best fanning mill, diploma and... | 600 |
| 2 d do.............. ......... | 400 |
| 3 d do | 200 |
| 2. Best seed drill or barrow.......... | 400 |
| 2d do... | 300 |
| 3d do ............... ....... | 200 |
| 3. Best straw cutter. | 500 |
| 2 d do..... ......... ......... | 400 |
| 3d do. | 300 |
| 4. Best machine for cutting roots for stock. | 600 |
| 2d do...... ...... ........... | 400 |
| 3d do................. ...... | 200 |
| 5. Best cheese press.................... | 800 |
| 2d do. | 600 |
| 6. Best churu... | 300 |
| 2 d do | 200 |
| 7. Best garden walk or lawn roller. | 400 |
| 2 d do....................... | 200 |
| 3d do ................. ...... | Trans |
| 8. Best thistle extractor................. | 200 |
| 2d do.......................... | 100 |
|  | Trans |
| 9. Best farm gate...................... | 300 |
| 2d do......................... | 200 |
|  | Trans |
| 10. Best specimen wire fencing, not |  |
| less than 2 rods, erected on the |  |
| ground............................. | 800 |
| 2 d do......................... | 600 |
| 3 d do...... ........ ....... | 400 |
| 11. Best mooden pump................. | 400 |
|  | 300 |
| 12. Best half-dozen hay rakes......... | 300 |
| $2 d$ do. | 200 |
| 3 d do | 100 |
| 13. Best lalf-dozen manure forks..... | 300 |
| 2 d do...................... | 200 |
| 3 d do | 100 |
| 14. Best half-dozen hay forks.......... | 300 |
| 2d do....................... | 200 |
| 3d do. | Trans |
| 15. Best half-dozen scythe snaiths.... | 300 |
| $2 \mathrm{da} \mathrm{do.}$. | 200 |
|  | Tr |

$\$ \mathrm{c} \cdot{ }^{1}$
16. Best ox-yoke and bows. ..... 200
$2 d$ do....... ........... ... ..... 100
$3 d$ do ..... Trans
17. Best grain cradle. ..... 200
$2 d$ do. ..... 100
18. Best half-dozen grain shovels ..... 300
$2 d$ a ..... 200
3d ..... 100
19. Best half-dozen iron (flat) shovels ..... 300
2 d d ..... 200
$3 d$ do ..... 100
20. Best half-lozen spades ..... 300
2d do........................... ..... 200
3d do... ............. ....... ..... 100
21. Best half-dozen steel hoes ..... 300
2d do............... ..... 200
3d do..... ......... ......... Trans
22. Best half-dozen grass scythes ..... 300
2d do :.................... ..... 200
3d do. ..... 100
23. Best half-dozen cradle scythes... ..... 300
$2 d$ do..................... ..... 200
3d do....................... ..... 100
24. Best machine for making drain tilcs, dip. and. ..... 1000
$2 d$ ..... 600
25. Best straw fork, wood ..... 200
2d do ..... 100
3d do trans
26. Extra entrics.
class xxiti-chttle food-manures, andmiscellaneous.

1. Best specimen Oil Cake ..... 400
2d ..... 200
2. Best specimen prepared food for cattle ..... 400
2d ..... 200
3. Rest specimen ground bones for manure ..... 400
$2 d$ do.......................... ..... 200
4. Best specimen other artificial ma- nure ..... 400
2d do.............................. 2005. Rextras.
class mxxv.-poreign agricoltural mplements.
Forcign manufactured implements will beadmitted for exhibition only; but diplomaswill be awarded to those of particular merit.
DEPARTMENTSECOND.
arts and manufactures, hades' work, ac. sc.
class dexvi.-Cabinet ware and other wood mandfatures.
5. Beehive, best model. ..... 300
6. Board Rule ..... 200
7. Brooms, best half-dozen corn.... ..... 200
8. Broom handles, best dozen, turned ..... 200
9. Canadian Woods, best collection of ..... 2000
2d do
2d do ..... 1000 ..... 1000
10. Centre Table, best ..... 600
2d do.................... 400
11. Cooper's work, best specimen.... $\quad 500$
12. Curled hair, best 10 ibs of......... $\quad 300$
2d do. ..... 200
13. Dining Table, best ..... 500
300
14. Dining-room chairs, best six. ..... 500
15. Drawing-room sofa, best ..... 800
2 ..... 500 ..... 500300

## Bect.

12. Drawing-room clairg, best set of $2 d$
13. Door, best 4 or 6 pannelled. $2 d$
do.
14. Flour barrele, best half-dozen.. $2 d$
do....... ...........
15. Nachine-wrought moulding, best 100 fect of.
2d do.....................
16. Machine-wrought flooring, best 100 fect of.
$2 d \quad$ do
17. Ottoman, best

2d do.
do.......................
18. School Desk and Chairs, Dest [prico considered]
19. Shingles, split, best ${ }_{2}$ bundles of 2d
do.... ......... ......
20. Shingles, sawed, best 2 bundles of 2d do............ ...........
21. Side-board, best $\qquad$ $2 d$ do.....................
22. Spinning-wheel, best. 2 d do
23. Turning in wood, best collection of specimens of
$2 d$ do......................
24. Veneers from Canadian woods, best
2 d
do.......................
25. Wash-tubs, best three

2d do
26. Wash-boards, zinc covered, best half-dozen
27. Wash-boards, not covered, best half-dozen
28. Fillow-ware, best lialf-dozen specimens of.
2 d
do.....................
29. Wooden Pails, best half-dozen. 2d do...................
80. Windowr Sash, hung in framo, best, [12 lights]
2d do..................
81. Best collection of handles for axes, adzes, and carpenters, framers, blacksmiths, gunsmiths, coopers, and watchmakcrs' tools
2d do
22. Extra entries.
class manhil-churnges, shergis, ac.

1. Axlo, best wrought iron........ $\delta 00$
2. Bent Shafts, best half-dozen.

300
3. Carriage Hubs, best 2 pairs of..
4. Carriage lims or Fellocs, bost specimens of.................
5. Gartiage-spokes, machine made, best dozen.
6. Carriage, best two horse pleasure 2d do.... ........ . ......
7. Carriage, best 1 horse pleasure.. 2d do.................
8. Child's Carriage, best, [price considered] $\qquad$

1000
$\$ 0$
00
00
0

| 30 |
| :--- |
| 3 |
| 2 |
| 200 | 200

200
300
200
300
200
300
00
400
300
200
200
200
600
400
200
100
600
400
500
300
200
100
300
200
300
200
200
100
400
300

500

2. Historical Painting, best, Canadian subject.

1200
$2 d$ do.................... 600
3. Landscape, best, Canadian subm ject.

1200
2 d do........................ 600
4. Marine Puinting, best, Canadian
subject......................... 1200
$2 d$ do......... ............ 600
5. Original Composition, best other 1200

2 d do....... ......... ..... 600
6. Portrait, best....................... 1000

2d do.................. 600
In Water Colors.
7. Animels, best, [grouped or single] 800

2d do.................. 500
8. Flowars, best, (grouped or single) 500

2 d do................. 3 if
0. Landscape, best, Canadian suij-
ject................................ 800

2d do................................... 500
10. Marine Tiew, best, Canadian sub- $\begin{gathered}\text { ject..................................... } 800\end{gathered}$

2d do............................... 500
11. Miniature, best...................... 600

2d do..................... 400
12. Original Composition, best other. 800

2 d do......... .... ....... 500
13. Portrait, best other. ................ 600

2d do.................... 400
Pencit, Crayin, §c.
14. Colorod Crayon, best........ ..... 500

2 do..................... 300
15. Crayon Drawing, best............ 500

2d do................... 300
16. Pencil Draving, best............. 500

2d do................... 300
17. Pen and Ink sketch, best......... 500

2d do …........... 300
18. Portrait, best pencil............... 500

2d do....................... 300
10. Portrait, best crayon.............. 500

2d do................... 300
Amateur List-Oil.
20. Animals, best, (grouped or single) 800
$2 d$ do................. 600
21. Historical Paintiag, best, Cana-
dian subject..............
80
22. Landscape, best, Conadian sub.
ject...................................... 800
$2 d^{\text {ject......................................... } 800} \begin{aligned} 800\end{aligned}$


| OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE. |  |  | 139 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Setr. | \$ 0. | Scct. | \$ 0. |
| 24. Portrait, best. | 500 | 50. Lithographic Draving, best...... | 600 |
| $2 d$ do | 300 | 2d do.. ......... . . . . . . . | 400 |
| in Water Colours. |  | 51. Lithographic Drawing, best col'd | 800 |
| 25. Animals, best, (grouped or single) | 600 | 52. Lithographic Drawing on Canadinn stone....................... | 600 |
| 2d do. | 400 | 53. Machinery, best perspectivo |  |
| 26. Flowers, best. | 400 | Drawing of................. | 600 |
| 2d do | 300 | 2d do. . ..... ........ $\quad$..... | 400 |
| 27. Landscape, best, Canadian subject. | 600 | 54. Modelling in plaster, best specimen. $\qquad$ | 800 |
| 2d do.................. | 400 | $2 \bar{a}$ do... ... . . . . . . . . | 506 |
| 28. Marine Viow, best, Cauadian subject. | $600$ | 55. Modelling in plaster of natural foliage (Canadian) applicablo |  |
| 2d do. | 400 | to architectural details, best |  |
| 29. Ministure, bes | 500 | specimen of. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 800 |
| 2d do | 300 | 2d do......... ........ ...... | 500 |
| 80. Portrait, best | 500 | 56. Penmanship, best specimen of or- |  |
| 2d do | 300 | namental........ ......... ...... ... | 400 |
|  |  | $2 d$ do. | 200 |
| Pencil, Crayon, \&c. |  | 57. Phetographs, best collection of... | 800 |
| 31. Coloured Crayon, best | 400 | 2d do........ ..... ........ | 500 |
| 2d do.. | 300 | 58. Strined glase, best specimen of... | 0 |
| 32. Grayon Drawing, | 400 | 2d do.......... | $\begin{array}{ll} 500 \\ 6 \end{array}$ |
| 2d do. | 300 | 59. Surveyor's plans, kest............... | $\begin{aligned} & 600 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ |
| 33. Pencil Drawing, best | 400 | 60. Ertra cntries. ${ }^{\text {2d }}$ (...... ..... ......... | 400 |
| $2 d$ do | 300 | 60. Extra cutries. |  |
| 84. Pen and Ink Sketch, be | 400 |  |  |
| $2 d$ do. | 300 | Class nxan.-Grocrinims, |  |
| 25. Portrait, best Pencil | 400 | 1. Bacon-two sides-best [state |  |
| 2d do.. | 300 | modo of curing]....... ....... | 300 |
| 36. Portrait, best Cray | 400 | 2d do...... .............. ... | 200 |
| 2 d do. | 300 | 2. Barley-pot and pearl-best sam- |  |
| Architectural Drawing, Modelling, Engrabing, \&.c., \&c. |  |  | 300 200 |
|  |  | 3. Biscuits, best collection of speci- | 200 |
| 37. Architectural Drawing, best | 600 | mens of........................... | 400 |
| 2d do... | 400 | 4. Blacking, best samples of shoe... | 200 |
| 38. Architectural Draring, best perspective. | f 00 | 5. Bottled Fruits, best collection of 2d do .... ...... ...... ...... | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2d do | 460 | 6. Bottled Pickles, best collectica of | 300 |
| 39. Ambrotypes, best collection of. - | 600 | 2d do........ ...... ......... | 200 |
|  | 400 | 7. Buckwheat Flour, best sample of | 300 |
| 40. Carving in wood, best specimen of | 800 | $2 d \mathrm{~d}$ do................. ... ... | 200 |
| 2d do | 400 | 8. Candles, best collection of......... | 300 |
| 41. Carving in stone, best specimen of | 800 | 2d do........... ............ | 200 |
| 2d <br> do $\qquad$ | 400 | 9. Cajenne pepper, [from capsicums |  |
| 42. Carving and gilding, best specimrn of | 800 | grown in the Province] best jar <br> 10. Chicory, best 20 Jbs of. | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 400 \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 d do | 500 | 2d do | 200 |
| 43. Composition of natural foliage |  | 11. Confectionery, best collection of | 500 |
| [Canadian] applicable to archi- |  | 2 d do........... ............ | 300 |
| tectural details, best drawing | 800 | 12. Flour, best snmple of............... | 600 |
| $2 d$ do.................. . | 500 | 2d do ......... ......... ..... | 400 |
| 44. Electrotyping, best specimen of. | 400 | 13. Glue-14 lbs-best sample of...... | 400 |
| 45. Engraving [block with proof] |  | 2d do.............. ... ..... | 200 |
| best mood.. | 600 | 14. Hams, best two [stato mode of |  |
| 2d do. | 400 | curing]...... . . . ...... ........... | 300 |
| 16. Engraving on Cop | 600 | 2d do ....... ... ...... ...... | 200 |
| 2d do. | 400 | 15. Indiau corn meal, best sample of | 300 |
| 47. Engraving on Steel, best. | 600 | 2d do ..... .. | 200 |
| 2 d do.. | 400 | 16. Isinglass, best sample of ........... | 200 |
| 18. Engraving, best seal. | 800 | 17. Matches, best friction.............. | 200 |
| 2 d do | 400 | 2d do..... ...... ............ | 100 |
| 49. Geometrical Drawing of Engino or millwright work, best col'd | 600 | 18. Medicinal herbs, roots and plants [nativo growth] best collection | 800 |
| 2d do... | 400 | sd ${ }^{\text {do........ } . . . . . . . . ~ . . . . . ~}$ | 400 |

Scct. ..... $\$ \mathrm{c}$.
300
19. Mustard, best jar of..................
\$ c .20. Oatmeal, best sample of3002d do...... .....................20021. Oils extracted from plants, bestspecimens of 1 .300
$2 d$ do..............................2d $\frac{\text { do...... ........... ...... }}{}$2. Oils-linseed and rape-best spe-cimen of............................2 d do ..... ...... ........ ...200
23. Preserves, best six kinds of...... 2 d do.0300
4. Preservel meats, best can of... ..
2 d ..... do.
25. Sauces for table use, best lot of...00
2d do
26. Soaps-28 lbs-best box of.........
2 d
do ........ ...... ..... ...
do201300
200
27. Soaps-collection assorted-bestfancy.
do.
2d300
200
50030028 Starch, best 12 lbs of potato.......
29. do do corn.........30030. do do flour.........30031. Sugar, best 30 ths of maple......
32. do do beet root...30040033. do best 20 lbs of corn stalk40034. do best loaf of refined........do do do......... ......40040020035. Tobacco-14 lbs-best Canadianmanufactured400
2d do. ..... 200
36. Extta entrics.
CLASS NL-mats, FURS, ATD WEARING APPAREL.

1. Business coat, best gentleman's... ..... 400
2d300
2. Fur cap, best gentleman's........ ..... 300
2d do...... ............... ... ..... 200
3. Fur gloves, mits or gauntlets, best ..... 3002d do ........ ......... ......200
4. Fur sleigh robe, best. ..... 400
$2 \dot{a}$ do...... .............. ... ..... 300
5. Gloves and mits, best buckskin... ..... 200
2ddo..... ...... ............100
6. Gloves and and mits, best of auy200
other leather
2d do. ..... 100
7. Gloves and mits, best, lined with wool. ..... 200
2 d do...... ............... ... ..... 100
8. Over coat, best gentleman's.......
2 d
do..................... ..... 400
9. Pantaloons, best. ..... 300
2 d do.............................. ..... 200
10. Silk luat, best............................ ..... 300
2d do11. Extra entrics.
CLASS KLI,-INDIAN RRIZEg.
11. Basket, best fruit. ..... 200
$2 d$ do......... ...... .........
12. Basket, best clothes.100200
$2 d$ do...1002. Basket, best hand00
$2 d$ do......... ......... .......100
13. Buckskin mittens, best pair of... ..... 200
2d do...... ............... ... ..... 100
14. Canoc, best bark. ..... 400
2d do......... ............ ... ..... 200
15. Cradle, best Indian ..... 300
2 ll do...... ...... ......... ... ..... 200
16. Deer skin, best dressed ..... 200
2 d do ..... 100
17. Mocassins (plain) best pair of... ..... 200
2d do ........ ...... ...... ... ..... 100
18. Mocassins, worked with porcu- pine quills, best pair of......... 300
$2 d^{\text {do...... ...... ............ }}$ ..... 200
19. Mucassins, worked with beads, best pair of..... ..................., ..... 300
2d do......... ......... ...... ..... 200
20. Paddles, best four. ..... 300
2d do ...... ......... ........ ..... 200
21. Pipe of peace, best ..... 300
2d do...... ......... ......... ..... 200
22. Pipe of war, best ..... 300
$2 d$ do ..... 2 c0
23. Rice, 14 lbs, best sample of. ..... 200
2d ..... 200
24. Snow shoes-common size, best pair of. ..... 300
$2 d^{\text {do }}$ ..... 200
25. Snow shoes, eight inches long, best pair of ..... 200
2d do ..... 100
26. Sugar, 14 lbs. best sample of ..... 300
2d do. ......... ........... ..... 200
27. Tobacco Pouch, best, worked with porcupine quills ..... 100
28. Extras.
CLASS XLIE-LEATHER, WHIPS, INDIAnubber, ac.
29. Boots, best specimens of Gentle- men's. ..... 400
2 d . do ..... 200
30. Boots, best specimen of ladies.. ..... 400
2 d ..... 2,00
31. Boot maker's trees and lasts, best collection of.. ..... 500
2d do......................... ..... 300
32. Harness, double, best set of car- riage ..... 700
$2 d$ do......................... ..... 500
b. Harness, single, best set of car- riago. ..... 600
2 d do ..... 400
33. Harness, best set of team ..... 500
2d do ..... 300
34. Harness, best set of cart ..... 400
2d do....................... ..... 200
35. Hames, iron cased, best 3 pairs of ..... 500
2d do. ..... 300
36. Hames, wooden cased, best six pairs of. ..... 500.
$2 d$ do. ..... 300
37. Hose and joints, best 50 feet of copper rivetted ( 23 inches in diameter) engine. ..... 600
$2 d$ ..... 400
38. Indian rubber goods, best assort- ment of ..... 8

## Scet.

12. Hog skins for saddles, best 3...... $2 d$ do ............ ............
13. Skirting for saddles, best 3 sides of.. ...... ......... ...... ...... ...... 2d do.........................
14. Brown strap, best 3 siles of...... $2 d$ do. ....... ...... .........
15. Brown bridle, best 3 sides of...... 2 d
do.
16. Harness leather, best 3 sides of... 2d do......... ...... .........
17. Carriage covers, best 2 skins for... ?d do..
do......... ...............
18. Sole leather, best 3 sides of...... 2d do ...... ........ .........
19. Upper leather, best 3 sides of.... 2d do ............ ............
20. Kip skin, best 3 sides.
$2 d$, 0 .
21. Cordovan, best 3 skins of......... 2d do.........................
22. Linings, best six skins of..... ...... 2 d do.
0...... ...... ............
23. Calf skin, best three skins of........ 2d do......... ...... ..........
24. Sheep skins, best six coloured... 2d do
do ............... .........
25. Calf skins, best 3 morocco ......... $2 d$ do ............ .............
26. Patent Leather for carriage or havness work, best 20 feet of... 2d do.
27. Patent leather for bootmakers, best 20 feet of. 2d do
28. Book binder's leather, best assortment of....
29. Belt leatiacr, best 30 lbs . of...... 2 d do
30. Lacing leather, best hide of.
31. Deer skiu, best dressed $\qquad$
32. Dor skin, best dressed. $\qquad$
33. Portmanteau, best travelling. $2 d$ do

Iadies
34. Saddle, best ladies'

2d do ................ ..........
35. Saddle, best gentleman's...... ..... 2d do...... ......
36. Saddle tice, best ladies'
$\qquad$
37. S•dule tree, best gentleman's...... 2d do ............... .........
38. Saddle tree, best cart............... 2 d do
39. Shoe Pegs, best assortment of... 2 d do
do ............ ............
40. Trunk, [covered with leathor] best wood 2d
do
o.................. ...........
41. Whips, [collection assorted] best specimens of $2 d$ do
42. Whip thongs, best assortment of......................... 2 d do......... ..............
43. Jextra entries.
$\$$
400
300
400
300
400
200
400
200
400
200
400
200
400
200
400
200
400
200
400
200
400
200
400
200
400
200
400
200
600
400
600
400
600
400
400
200
200
200
200
600
400
600
400
600
400
400
200
400
200
200
100
300
200
400
300
$600^{\circ}$
400
300
200
class xhiti,-Ladies' derartaent.

1. Bonnet of Cnnadian stram, best... 400

2d do ............... ......... 300 -
2. Braiding, best specimen of ........, 400
$2 d$ do ............... ......... 300
3. Crochet work, best specimen of... 400

2d do ............... ......... 300
4. Embroidery in masliu, best speci-
mex of ............................ 400

2d do ............................. 300
5. Embroidery in silk, best specimen 400
$2 d$ do .............. ......... 300
6. Embroidery in worsted, best speci-
men of.................... ........
400
$2^{\text {men of............................ }}{ }^{4} 000$
7. Gloves, best three pairs of......... 300

2d. do ........ ......... ...... 200
8. Guipure work, best specimen of... 400

2d do ............... ......... 300
9. Hat of Canadian straw, best....... 400
$2 d$ do ........................ 300
10. Knitting, best specimen of fancy. 400

2 d do ...................... 300
11. Lace work, best specimen of...!. 400

2d do ...................... 300
12. Mittens, best 3 pairs of woollen... 300

2d do .................. ......
200.
13. Needle work, best specimen of or-
namental ................. ........ 500

2d do ................ ........... 300
14. Netting, best specimen of fancy.... 400
$2 d$ do ............... ......... 300
15. Quilts in crochet, best specimen of 400

2d do ......... ...... ......... 300
10. Quilts, in knitting, best specimen
of............ ........ ............... 400
$2 d$ do ......................... 300
17. Quilts, in silk, best specimen of... 400

2 d do .............. ........ 300
18. Quilts in piece work, best speci- $\quad 400$
ed do ............................ ${ }^{4} 00$
10. Shirts, best specimen of gentle-
meu's. .............................
300

2 d do ............................ 200
20. Socks, best 3 pairs of woollen...... 300

2 d do......................... 200
21. Stockiugs, best 3 pair of woollen. 300
$2 d$ do ............ ............ 200
22. Tatting, best specimens of.......... 400

2d do .............. ......... 300
23. Was fruit, best specimen of...... 600

2a
24. Wax flowers, best specimen of... 600
25. Worsted work, best specimen of... 400

2d do .................. ...... 300
26. Worsted work, [raised] best speci-
men of ................. ........... 400
$2 d^{\text {men of ................................. }}$ - ${ }^{4} 00$
27. Extra Entries.

## class miv.-machinery, and manufactores in metals.

1. Bedstead, best iron.......... .. ...... 500

Sect.
2. Coppersmith's mork, best specimen of

## 2d

do
3. Cnt, Nails, best 20 lbs . of......... 2d do...... ............. ......
4. Fire arms, best collection of ...... 2d do ..... .. ...... .........
と. Files, best collection of cast steel. 2d do
do ................... ......
0. Finishing in iron, [vice work] best specimen of
2d do ............ .............
7. Gas Fittings, best collection of... 2d do
8. Horse shoes, best set of.
$2 d$
do
號...........
9. Iron fencing and gate, best ornamental
$2 d$ do
o ................... .......
10. Iron work from the hammer, best ornamental 2 d
do
11. Iron mork, cast, best ornamental. 2d

Co
$\begin{array}{ll}\$ & c . \\ 5 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 5 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 8 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 2 & 00\end{array}$
Railtoay Casting, fc.
26. Car track worked to a scale, best model of a

600
27. Car couple;, best solf acting........ 1200

$$
\text { 2d do ..................... } 809
$$

28. Cast jaws and boxes for cars, best two.

300
29. Composition boxes for cars, best
two..................................... 300
30. Car castings, best and larjcst assortment of..

1000
$3 r 0$
200
800
500
300
200
300
400
500
300
400
200
12. Iron fire-proof safe, best [price $\cdots 2 d$ considered] 2d
5.0

300

500
300
( 00
300
Machinery and Models thercof.
15. Castings for general machincry, best specimen of Iron

00
18. Cast wheel spur or berel, best

17. Fire engine, best.

400
1500

8 C. 0
500

800
4000
21. Valves and gearing for morking steam expansively, either in model or othersise, [principle of working to be the point of competition] best specimen of.
22. Malleable iron from tho ore, best
epecimen of...... ...................
do. from scrap iron, best specimen of....
24. Plumber s work, best specimen of 2d do
metal $\qquad$
25. Pump, best metal $\qquad$ 2d do ................ .........
31. Locomotive truck wheels, best [accompained with specimens of the metal chilled and showing the fracture]

600
32. Passenger car wheels, beet do. do. 600
23. Refrigerator, best, [price consid'd] 400

2d do ......... ...............
200
34. Scales, best platform................ 400
$2 d$ do .............. .......... 300
35. Scales, best balance................... 300

2d. Hall stove, best ................................. 400 4 00
2d do ............... ......... 200
37. Parlour store, best...... ............. 400

2d do ....... ..... ......... 200
28. Cooking stovo with furniture, best 500

2d do .................. ...... 300
39. Cooking stove for coal, best...... 500

2d do........................ 300
40. Parlour grate, best................... 500

2d do .......................... 3 (0)
41. Kitchen range, best.................. 600
$2 d$ do ......................... 300
42. Strect hydrant, best model of a... 400
40. Tinsmith's work, best specimen of 500 $\boldsymbol{2}$ d do ......................... 300

Tools.
44. Augers, from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches, best. 3 co
45. Auger, best carth ..................... 300
46. Axes, best six narrow............... 400

2d do ............... ......... 300
47. Brace bits, best sct of ............... 400
48. Bench planes, best set of............ 400
49. Blacksmith's bellows, best......... 400
50. Cooper's tools, best set of.......... 400
51. Edge tools, best assortment of... 2000
52. Hammers, best collection of ..... 400
53. Mouldiug planes and plows, best
collection ......... ................. 400
54. Wearers reeds, best................... 200

2d do ............... .......... 100
55. Turning in iron, best specimen of. 400 $2 d$ do ......................... 300
56. Wire work, best collection of spe-
cimens of.......................... 600
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { cimens of............................ } & 600 \\ \text { do......... ............. } & 400 \\ & 40\end{array}$
57. Wire ropes, best specimens of... 400
58. Pressed nails, best 20 lbs of...... 500

2d do ......................... 300

$2 d^{\text {ment of............................. }}$ do.................... 400
Sect.
60. Tarning lathe, best
2 d do
CRASS NLV.—MSCELLANEOUS.

1. Brashes, best assortment of...... ..... 400
2d do200
2. Combs, best assortment of ..... 400 ..... 200
$2 d$ do........ ...... .........
3. Dentistry, best specimen of
$2 d$ do.6004. Goldsmith's work, best specimen2d do............ ...... ......400
b. Mathematical, Philosophical and Surveyor's instruments, best collection of........................
C. Painting, best specimen of Banuer 2d do .............. .........
4. Painting, best specimen of Heraldic.
5. Painting, best specimen of decorative house
6. Painting, imitation of wood andmarble, best specimen of......
2d do
2 d do..400
7. Picture frama, best reneered......600
8. Silversmith's fork, best specimen2 d do
9. Stuffed birds, best collection of...
2d o..$\epsilon 00$
10. Varnishes, Canadian made, best
specimen of.
2 d do300
11. Vesseh, steam or sailing, bestmodel of $a$..500
2 d do.. ..... 300
12. Extra entries.
class mlig.-mesical instroments.
13. Harmonium, best. ..... 1000
2d do..... ..... 600
14. Melodeon, hest ..... 600
2d do.. ..... 400
15. Pinno, best. ..... 1500
2d do ..... 10 "0
16. Violin, best. ..... 300
2d ..... 200
17. Extra entries.
dass xivif.-rotreny, minuldina stones, ac.
18. Building and flagging stones, bestcollection of Canadian ..... .2000
19. Draining tiles and pipes, best spe- cimens of different sized ..... 800
500
20. Filterer, best,........ ..... 300
2d200
21. Pottery, best specimen of

$$
400
$$ 2d ..... 300

do..b. Pottery, best assortment of800
6. Extra entries.
olass mlyif.-papir, pminting, boorbindiza 
Scet. ..... $\$$.

1. Book-binding, blank book, best specimon of ..... 500
2 d ..... 800 ..... 800
2. Bookbinding, letter press, best specimen of ornamental......... ..... 500
2d do.. ..... 300
3. Cartridge paper, best specimen of ..... 200
4. Ink, best specimen of printing... ..... 200
5. Ink, best specimen of writing...... ..... 200
6. Letter-press printing, best speci- men of plain ..... 500
$2 d$ ..... 300
7. letter press-printing, best orna- mental ..... 500
$2 \lambda$ ..... 300
8. Printing paper, best ream of ..... 500
$2 d$ do......... ......... ...... ..... 3.00
9. Paper lhangings, grounded, best dozen rolls (on Canadian paper) ..... 600
10. Paper hangings, self grounded, best dozen rolls, (on Canadian paper) ..... 400
11. Type, best specimon of printing ..... 600
12. Writing paper, best ream of..... ..... 500
13. Wrapping paper, best and cheap-est ream of400
2 d ..... 300
14. Wrapping paper, best specimen of stout. ..... 300
2 d ..... 200
15. Wrapping papor, best specimen of fine. ..... 300
$2 d$ do ..... 200
16. Extra entrics.clabs mliz-Woollen, flax, and cottoxG00Ds.
17. Bags, manufactured from flax thegromth of Canada, best 12500
linen
2d do ..... 300
18. Bags, best 12 cotton ..... 409 ..... 200
2d do.......................
2d do.......................
19. Blankets, best pair of woollen.. ..... 800
2d do...... ...... ...... ...... ..... 600
20. Carpet, 12 yards, best pieco of woollen ..... 800
2 d ..... 600
21. Carpet. 12 yards, best piece of woollen stair. ..... 600
22. Cloth, 12 yards, best piece of fulled ..... 600
2 d do...... ............... ... ..... 400
23. Clota, Canadian wool, best piece ..... 800
2d ..... 500
24. Counterpanes, best two ..... 500
2d ..... 800
25. Cordage, 28 tbs best flax or hemp ..... 600
2d do......... ......... ...... ..... 400
26. Drawers. factory made, best pair of moollen ..... 400
2d ..... 80

| Sect. | \$ c. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 11. Flannel, factory made, best 12 yards. | 600 |
| 2d do......... ........ ..... | 400 |
| 12. Flannel, not factory mado, best picce of ( 12 yards) | 500 |
| 2d do...... ..... ........... | 300 |
| 13. Horse blankets, best 2 pairs of... | 500 |
| $2 d$ do......... ..... | 300 |
| 14. Horse clothing, best 12 yards of Kersey for. $\qquad$ | 600 |
| 2d do..... ...... ...... ...... | 400 |
| 15. Horse collars, best 12 yards of check for $\qquad$ | 500 |
| 2d do | 300 |
| 16. Linen goods, best piece | 500 |
| $2 d$ do...... | 300 |
| 17. Gil cloth, best 12 yards of......... | 400 |
| 2 d do.. | 300 |
| 18. Satinet, best 12 yards of........... | 600 |
| 2d do. | 400 |
| 19. Shawls, best 3...................... | 530 |
| 2d do...... ... ...... ........ | 300 |
| 20. Shirts, factory made, bost six woolien. | 500 |
| 2d do... | 300 |Scct.\$ c.21. Stockings, factory made, best 3pairs of linitted woollen.400

22. Socks, factory made, best $\%$ pairs of knitted woollen ..... 200
23. Stockings, factory mado, best 3 pairs of mixed woollen and cotton ..... 400
24. Socks, factory made, best 3 pairs of mixed woollen and cotton... ..... 200
25. Tweed, best 12 yards of winter... ..... 400
2d ..... 400
26. Twines, linen and cotten, best samples of ..... 300
27. Minsey, best 12 yards of checked. ..... 500
2d do ................... ...... ..... 300
28. Woollen yarn, white, best 1 pound ..... 200
29. Woollen yarn, dyed, do. do. ..... 200
30. Extra Entries.
class l.-Forlign manuractures.
Forcign articles will be almitted for Exhibition only; but certificates will be awardod. to any articles of worth or peculiar merit.

Abstract of tife Report of time Comissioneir of Crown Lands.-In Lower Canada, in 1858, there were sold 49, 143 acres of Crown Lands for $\$ 22,249$. Of Clergy lands 4,116 acres were sold for $\$ 3,509$. The net revenue from the Crown Domain was 85,663. In Upper Canada there have been sold, of Crown Lands, 121,603 acres for $\$ 138,693$, of Clergy Lands 2,581 acres, for $\$ 58,762$, of Grammar School land, 5,644 acres for $\$ 11,469$, of Common School lands 3,571 acres for $\$ 9,930$. In T'pper Canada; there have been granted gratuitously $5.5,700$ acres; in Lower Canada 1,100. The amount of revenue aceruing from ground rents, timber dues and slides, (all Canada) was $\$ 232,642$. A mining license on the level of Lake Superior was talion at $\$ 100$. The condition of tie settlers on the free grants in Cpper Cannda is prosperous. The whale fisheries of the Gulf have been very productive; the cod fishery moderately and steadily successful ; the seal catch defective; the porpoise fishery fair; the mackrel and herring fishery less productive than in several previous seasons. The Ordnance Lands transferred to the Province have an area of 90,000 acres. Lands have been ordered to be surveyed (and sold at public competition) at Amherstburg, Chatham, Lyons Creek, Cbippewa, Queenston Heirhts, Niagara Town, Pelham Farm, Shorthills, Burlingion Heights, Prescott and Cornvall (all in Canada West). Also at Three Rivers, Laprairie, St. John's, South River, Chambly, Chateauguay, and Coteau du Lac, (in Canada East.) Water powers are to be opened up on the Ridean Camal. The revenue from this source has been $\$ 15,127$, and the expenditure $\$ 310$, exclusive of a refund to the War Department for arrears erroneously collected for that Departmeat in 1457 of $\$ 7,362$. The totals at the end of the work shew:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Total Receipts, considered as Revenue, 1858. . .................... } 5356,59900 \\
& \text { Total disburseuent, do............................................ } 25 . . \text {. } 25,15900 \\
& \text { Excess of receipts. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } \$ 123,44000 \\
& \text { Comections, } 18 \text { g̈s. } \\
& \text { Cleryy and School Tauds. ............................................... } \$ 2 \text { ihl, } 29300 \\
& \text { Total Collections. .........................................................618,455 } 00
\end{aligned}
$$

Matid and Astringent Drink yor a Horse.--Take, Peruvian bark, in powder, one ounce; gentian root, in powder, half an ounce; nitre, one ounce; spirit of ritriol, balf a draclum. To be given in a quart of warm ale, every morning, fasting, for three or four times, or longer, if necessary.


[^0]:    The Serenth Ammual Exhibition of the United States Arricultural Society will be held within the environs of Chicago, on the 12 th of Septernber.

    Jone Frost.-The accounts of injury to early vegetables from the frost of Sunday morning, 5th inst., are very geueral from all parts of the Province and the adjoining States.

    The Sandwich Maple Leaf says the frost has done an inmense amount of injury to the corn crop throughout the County of Essex, in some pla :es rendering it necessary to replace whole fields, which, it is so far fortunate, can still be done with prospects of success.

    The main dependence this year of the farmers in that section is on their crop of corn, which is by far the largest ever planted there and a failure would prove a very serious matter.

    Sales of the new wheat crop, harvestca in the Southern States, were made at New York and St. Louis the first week in June.

