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The Athens Reporter

GENERAL LIVERY
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Clifford C. Blancher
Athens Ont.

Vol. XXXVII. No. 13

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Thursday, December 15, 1921

5 Cents Per Copy

Children's Savings Account



It is a pleasure—not a trouble—to open Savings Accounts in the names of your children. Even if you intend to deposit but a dollar at a time in each account, we welcome this business because it is an education in thrift, and we are glad to assist you in teaching your children to save. \$1. opens a Savings Account. Deposits of \$1. and upwards are welcomed.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA
Established 1864.
Head Office: Montreal
ATHENS AND FRANKVILLE BRANCHES W. D. THOMAS, Manager.
DELTA BRANCH S. H. BARLOW, Manager.
Sub-agency at Phillipsville open Wednesdays.

LOCAL NEWS

ATHENS AND VICINITY

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Cheene also Mr. and Mrs. Lee Ripley of Elgin spent Sunday in town guests of Mrs. A. N. Sherman.

Mr. and Mrs. Scovil Robeson were called to Elgin on Saturday to attend the funeral of their grandson, Wm. Ke'ley, who died with pneumonia in Atlantic City. The body was brought to Elgin the home of his parents, (Mr. and Mrs. Sam Ke'ley). Athens friends extend sympathy to his parents also to the bereaved wife, (nee Miss Halliday of Elgin).

Miss A. Mulvaugh left on Saturday last for Rockspring where she will spend the winter with friends.

Absolute merit and merit alone is responsible for Tanlac's phenomenal and unprecedented success. For sale by J. P. Lamb and Son, Athens.

Miss Lena Drummond and Miss Gertrude Drummond, nurses in training at the Brockville General Hospital, received a pleasant surprise on Tuesday when their sisters from here Mrs. Chas. Yates and Mrs. M. Lyons also Mrs. Dr. Walker of Merrickville and Miss Edna Drummond, trained nurse of Saginaw, Mich., called on them and all spent a joyful day together.

Mrs. Earoest Bogart, Plum Hollow spent part of last week here a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Al. Palmer.

Mrs. H. Hazelton of Brockville was called to the funeral of the late Wm. Hamblin, Athens.

Mr. Sam Coleman and family Delta attended the funeral of M. Wm. Hamblin on Monday Dec. Mrs. Hamblin was a sister of M. Coleman and Mrs. George Whaley.

Tanlac is one medicine that does what they say it will do. For sale by J. P. Lamb and Son, Athens.

We regret to learn at the moment of going to Press that James Morris, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Morris, underwent an operation in the Brockville General Hospital on Thursday evening. The nature or seriousness of the operation is not known at the present writing.

Miss Helen Dargavel of Elgin gave a very delightful dinner party on Wednesday evening of this week—the guests of honour being Rev. and Mrs. V. O. Boyle.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Robeson attended the funeral of Mrs. Robeson's aunt the late Mrs. Skiler Lake of Gananoque on Saturday.

Mr. Walter C. Smith has opened up a first class Shoe Repair Shop over Mr. C. H. Willson's Meat Market on Main St Athens. He is a shoemaker of the old school and knows his business from A to Z and can do any kind of repairing on the finest shoes and guarantee you a first-class job in every particular. If you want the best work possible and at the right price see him when you have any repair work to be done.

Mrs. M. Derbyshire left this week to visit her daughter, Mrs. E. M. Dagg 147 Wharnclyffe Road, South London, Ontario.

Miss Edna Drummond, who for the past year has been night Supervisor in the Women's Hospital, Saginaw, Mich., is visiting her sisters, Mrs. C. F. Yates and Mrs. M. E. Lyons.

We like to sell Tanlac because it satisfies our customers. For sale by J. P. Lamb and Son, Athens.

Mrs. Nancy Whitford is very ill at her home.

Oysters, Fresh Fruits, Confectionery and Ice Cream. A first class supply always on hand at Maud Addison's.

The Pastor of the Methodist Church will preach next Sunday morning on the Subject "What Roman Catholics could learn from Protestants". This follows up last Sunday morning's sermon on "What Protestants could learn from Roman Catholics". The evening sermon will be based on Matthew 16-18, "Thou art Peter, and upon this rock I will build my Church". You are always welcome

The funeral of the late Sydney Smith, who passed away at the House of Industry on Tuesday night was conducted by Rev. S. F. Newton on Wednesday afternoon.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

Why not give a few choice Gladiolus Bulbs? We have all the new types from 25c to \$5.00 per doz Also a few Choice Cyclamen which will bloom all winter and for years to come.

C. J. Curtis
Box 295

Small Remittances



WHEN you remit small amounts do you use the safest, most economical and most satisfactory medium? Bank Money Orders are inexpensive, protect you against loss and relieve you of worry. These orders are obtainable at all our branches and sub-branches.

STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER NINETY MILLIONS
Athens Branch: W. A. Johnston, Manager.

EXPERT SHOE REPAIRING

THEY LOOK NEW

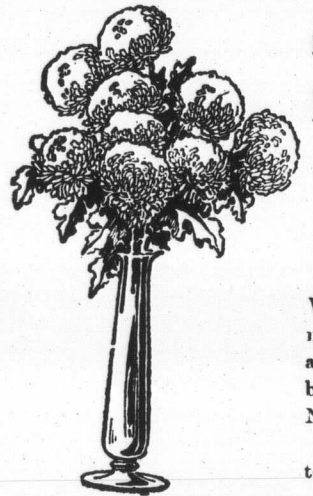


And as far as wear and appearance go, they are just as good as new, because they have been Properly Repaired by

Walter C. Smith

I Do Not Cobble Shoes—I Repair Them
SHOP OVER WILLSON'S MEAT MARKET

"GET THE CHRISTMAS SPIRIT"



Beautiful. Living. Growing
PLANTS and FLOWERS
For Xmas Gifts

We have a fine lot of lovely Cyclamen, Azaleas, Primulas, Begonia and Xmas Cherry Plants all out in bud and flower for Christmas and New Years
These range in price from \$1.00 to \$5.00 each.

"Say it with Flowers"

By sending Floral Gifts to your friends and to those in your own home this glad holiday time.

Thrifty, growing Table Ferns, Palms, Boston Ferns, ranging in price from \$1.00 to \$5.00 each.

Fresh Cut Flowers—Roses, Violets, Narcissus, Carnations, Etc. All safely sent by express to any express office.

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Comfort and Convenience

Without Waterworks, Plumbing or Sewage
A perfectly Sanitary indoor closet that may be placed in any dwelling, in the bathroom, bedroom, or cellar.
One of the great conveniences of the present time, where there is no water system.



Prices and literature for the asking.

THE Earl Construction Company

Genuine Ford Repair Parts
GARAGE AND AUTO SUPPLIES
Athens - - - - - Ontario

THIS ARTICLE REMOVED

Nomination Notice

The Public meeting for Nomination of candidates for the offices of Reeve and Councilors of the township of the Rear of Yonge and Escott for the year 1922, will be held at the township Town Hall, Athens, on Monday December 26th, 1921, at one o'clock in the afternoon.
R. E. Correll, Ret-Officer.

Hard Island

The Mother's Afternoon held at Hard Island School on the 7th proved most enjoyable.
The sewing and knitting done by the girls made a very creditable showing while the boys under the direction of Messrs. Chapman and Robeson are making some useful and pretty gifts. Preparations for the Christmas tree are well in hand.

See Page 5 for Special Rate with Reporter.

Columbia Grafonola



You save on
Columbia Standard
Models

\$360 Grafonola for \$250	
285 " " 200	
230 " " 185	
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175 " " 135	
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When you pay your good money for a phonograph get a modern instrument

Do you know that you can buy any one of the latest model Columbia Grafonolas, for less money than you would pay for an older design of phonograph without any of the exclusive Columbia improvements?

Look them all over. Then go to a Columbia store and check up item by item and value for value.

When you pay your good money for a phonograph, get your full money's worth.

A very small first payment delivers any model you select. You enter it as you pay for it on our liberal terms.

G. W. BEACH

Columbia Dealer Athens, Ont.

Every Man For Himself

By HOPKINS MOORHOUSE

(Copyright by Mussion Company)

CHAPTER VIII.—(Cont'd.)

The Fates certainly were kinder to him. He had it—500 bucks! He actually had it in his pocket! It was enough to give Mr. Podmore a fine start on his own account somewhere far away. Nickleby and Alderson? They could go and take a jump in the lake! He had his. It was a good time to drop out of this game anyway. The political situation did not look any too good. Well, he would befriend the Honorable Millard Ferguson and Nickleby and Alderson by removing this little piece of election evidence from the reach of their opponents. That was a service which was cheap at the price.

Yes, it was time to say a final farewell while the farewelling was good. He hunted up a time-table. They must be somewhere in the vicinity of Indian Creek by now. Where would the westbound limited be at that hour? He glanced at his watch, then flattened his nose against the window until his eyes became accustomed to the starlight and he could watch the dim panorama of spruce trees and lonely little lakes sliding by in ceaseless procession. Presently he recognized a flag station. His guess at Indian Creek as their whereabouts had not been far astray.

He made his plans quickly. He would drop off, walk to the nearest station and catch No. 1, westbound, at midnight. That would take him into the Missinabi country by daylight, and he could afford to run the risk of discovery until then. He would leave the train there somewhere and would find no difficulty in obtaining an outfit and an Indian guide. They would hit southwest for Lake Superior, and once there he could find his way across to the Michigan side by night and so away.

Podmore laced his boots rapidly and went through his grip for one or two articles he thought he might need. He stole back to the kitchen and put some crackers and cheese in his pockets; it was all he could find that was not under lock and key. Then with the precious envelope buttoned tightly inside his coat he picked his way cautiously to the rear of the swaying car, closed the door carefully behind him and climbed over the brass rail.

CHAPTER IX.

Conspiring Events.

The President's private car pulled into Wardlow at the tail of No. 2, the eastbound express, at 3.10 a.m., and was there side-tracked upon instructions from Detective Robert Cranston. As soon as No. 2 had got away behind a fresh engine on the long jump to the next divisional point, Cranston, fully dressed, descended from the car and went across to the despatcher's office. Half an hour later he returned to the car undressed and crashed back into his berth with a grunt of satisfaction. The President greeted him at breakfast with a smile and Cranston responded with the grin of a man who has made predictions which have come true.

"Well, Bob, your fish bit, I see. Sure did, did it? He took bait, hook and sinker at 23.20 and I'll have him reeled in by to-morrow morning."

"Not so sure about that, Bob," said Wade skeptically. "Fish sometimes get clean away, remember. What have you done?"

"Wired his description to every section foreman on the division with instructions to notify me here and hold him prisoner till we come. Fifty dollars reward. We crossed No. 1 half an hour after it left. I'll have you out in an hour after I get back. Johnston has special instructions to watch out for him, and there isn't a sharper conductor in the service. He'll figure to grab the west-bound, if everything went well. If he didn't succeed, we'll nab him sure somewhere up the line during the day."

"Unless he's taken to the woods. Podmore's not fool enough to stick to the track," Bob objected. Wade. "Excuse me, sir, but that's exactly what he's got to do in these here parts. A train's the only hope he's got of gettin' quick to where he can get an outfit. Only a damn fool'd try to make the lake immediate. I ain't sayin' as he mightn't lay low for a while, but he can't stick that out long."

"Well, I'll be gone all day with Foster up the Lone Hollow spur. Back by dark. That's all the time I can give you, Bob. Here, I'm afraid I can't wait." He got up from the table.

"That's all right, Mr. Wade. But I'll have a message to show you when you get back this evening," said Cranston confidently.

Nevertheless the only message which he was able to show the President on his return was a wire from Johnston that there was no trace of

Podmore among his passengers, and that everybody who had boarded last night's westbound train on the Wardlow division was accounted for. It was with considerable secret disappointment that the Chief of the Special Service Department of the C.L.S. made arrangements for the President's car to continue eastward with No. 2, while he remained behind at Wardlow; for thereby Cranston was losing a splendid opportunity to demonstrate his ability at cross-questioning in the presence of the magnate. He was only human.

Cranston, however, had been taught by experience that time is never up all the last moment. Although his belongings were packed, he left his suitcase aboard the car and long after he had said good-bye to Wade, long after the President was in his berth for the night, the detective sat doggedly on in the despatcher's office, smoking his pipe. His patience was rewarded about an hour before No. 2 was due.

The message was from Thorlakson and came over the wire from the night operator at Indian Creek. The Iceman was holding Podmore at Thorlakson Siding as instructed, Cranston already had made arrangements for a special engine to run them back up the line, and having issued definite instructions he went back to the private car and unpacked his pyjamas.

One of those methodical individuals who are born every now and then with the gift of interpreting railway schedules would have had no great difficulty in locating "Thorlakson" in the main-line timetable of the Canadian Lake Shores Railway. It takes the form of a little dagger-mark which, pursued into the fine print of the "Explanatory," yields the information that "Thorlakson" is a flag-station.

Magnus Thorlakson himself, Iceman, must be credited with being one of the oldest and most conscientious section foremen on the division. He, his men, his wife, his children and everything that was his, abode in a log shanty on a rise of ground close to the track. The rest of the place consisted of a long siding, a short wooden platform, a tall new standard enclosed water-tank and a little white-washed shed where the hand-car and tools were stored. A creek here slipped out of the woods to find fault with the track and resounded silence among the encircling spruce trees.

It was a lonesome insignificant place with nothing to indicate its selection as a bobbin for threads of destiny. The sun was just coming into the sky above the low-lying hill to the east when the President's special steamed into the siding. From it group, clustered about the tool-shed and awaiting its arrival, a broad shouldered young man in the flannel shirt and legging boots of a railway engineer separated himself and hurried forward. He waved his hand and recognized Wade's sturdy figure and laughed to hear the magnate's hearty greeting of surprise, his profane enquiry as to what in Gehenn Philip Kendrick was doing away up here in the woods.

The mere sound of that big vibrant voice the mere vitality of the magnate's presence was stimulating. He was a two-fisted, hard-headed, straight-spoken man's man who had fought his way to the top by refusing pointblank to stay at the bottom. As Phil stood renewing acquaintance he realized more fully why his aunt had such supreme confidence in this old friend of her girlhood.

"I've been working for the C.L.S. for nearly two weeks now," he explained. "I'm chairman with the Rutland party, out from North Bay on a topographical survey. We're taking a new mileage and mapping the right-of-way. Our van's on the second siding above here."

This unexpected "vacation" had come about quite simply. On arrival in North Bay to go fishing with Billy Thorpe he had found that wide-awake young architect so immersed in an important contract that temporary postponement of their plans was imperative. As if provided specially to meet the situation along had come Rutland's urgent wire to headquarters for a new chairman, one of his men having taken sick suddenly. Phil had jumped at the opportunity for a taste of practical survey work, and with Thorpe's assistance the matter had been arranged readily and he had left the same night to join the Rutland party out the line.

The battered old freight caboose in which the young engineers lived was moved ahead from siding to siding by passing freight trains as Rutland advised the Chief Despatcher of the work's progress. Scarcely a day passed that had not strung a few interesting beads of incident to brighten the neck of its routine monotony—the squealing, kicking baby rabbit which Anderson, the head chinnerman, had captured; the wild duck which, they had cornered in a thicket, and which Bayley, the marker, had insisted upon decorating with his white paint before he would let it go; the occasional mess of speckled trout for which they angled; the fresh baked pies and cakes they were sometimes able to buy from a sectionman's wife; the bear tracks and the bodies of wild animals buried to death by the glare of the powerful headlights on the fast trains at night; the excitement at the great ball pit where the gangs at work were running an unpopular cook out of camp; the very old Indian who had stared at the dragging chain and muttered "Heap big snake," and the young Englishman who had gone crazy from fly-bites and whom the sawmill gang had strapped to a rough litter in preparation for rushing him to the North Bay hospital by the first train they could flag. In spite of the mosquitoes, black-flies and midges, which at this season of the year were a decided

affliction in the country through which they were working, Kendrick had enjoyed the new experience. Twenty miles average daily working distance, frequently with an extra ten-mile walk back to the car, already had rounded the erstwhile captain of the Varsity rugby champions into tacking condition.

In spite of the fact that he had been up all night, therefore, his eyes were bright with the mirror glisten which is the gift of long hours in the open air. The black eye which had attracted unwelcome attention at first no longer contributed to the amusement of the inquisitive, the obtusion of its remaining jaundice being overcome by the new coat of tan that encroached upon it.

His presence at Thorlakson Phil accounted for very briefly, saying merely that he had come back there to look for a lost pocketbook, containing his railway pass. But it had not been the pass or the loose change that had troubled him so greatly; it had been—well, damn it, he didn't want to lose them like that anyway!—a dollar bill, wrapped carefully around a lady's shirtwaist pin! It was his own business entirely. Luckily Thorlakson had picked it up and was able to restore the pocketbook with its contents intact.

(To be continued.)

What Sharp Eyes Mean to Mankind

We never see anything that is about us, and no two of us ever see precisely the same things. Each sees what his previous training and his habit of mind have prepared him to see. When an American scientist was in Patagonia he fell in with a card player who told him that always after the first few rounds of the game he knew some of the cards as they were dealt; he recognized them by a difference so slight that another man could not detect it when it was pointed out to him.

Now the scientist mentioned is an ornithologist, and he says that this same pre-naturally sharp-eyed man was greatly surprised when he was told that half a dozen kinds of sparrows were feeding and singing about the house. He had never seen any difference in them, he said. In size, color, shape and actions they were all alike, and they all sang and twittered like, so far as he had ever noticed.

Native Patagonians, like other savage peoples, have very keen eyes for certain things, things which their modes of life have made it indispensable that they should notice. In other words, they are specialists and as a matter—

THIS ARTICLE REMOVED

When the stars dance on high no bugles blow;

The footsteps of the flowers fall silently,

As softly come the blossoms of the snow;

And clouds float by in pale tranquility.

No voices herald moonlight on a lake;

The silvery dew is still; these gifts are given

As quietly as Christ, who for our sake Was sent to us, the greatest gift of heaven.

Tenderly now, as in the yesterday He leads earth-weary children in His way. —Elizabeth Scollard.

Hope.

Hope is a bolster for us all, she picks us up whenever we fall; with hope we look at days to come, although to-day our joys are numb.

We set ourselves new goals to gain, and struggle onward to attain; then oftentimes our plans go bad, and we emerge forlorn and sad.

At such a time along comes hope, and gaily throws us out a rope; so we are filled with cheer once more, and pull the harder for the shore.

We count on hope, the helpful prop, we grab us every time we drop; and looking on to years ahead, we do not stop, but work instead.—N.A.L.

Canada has a greater area than the United States, but a population less than New York State.

Canada has 300,000,000 acres of agricultural lands, only one-sixth under crop.

Use **Baby's Own Soap** It's delightful

About the House

The Sulky Child.

A hard type of child to deal with and one that tries our patience is the sulky child. He makes no outlet for himself like the angry child who vents his temper in screams and passionate talk. His bad temper works all on the inside. He broods over the trouble, distorting and enlarging it by dwelling upon it. He usually refuses comfort or sympathy and seems to enjoy shutting himself away from everyone. He is usually a sensitive child—shy, lacking confidence in himself, inclined to dwell upon himself too much. What can we do with such a child? He won't talk the trouble out, like the high-tempered child, and it is unwise to put him by himself as you would the high-tempered child. Give him something to be busy about just as soon as possible. Work is even more necessary for him than for any other type of child, for we must get him out of himself. If possible, have him work where he will have the companionship of his brothers and sisters, or perhaps he can help you in what you are doing. Work is a blessing for most persons, but for no one more than for the child who is inclined to live his little life inside of himself. This type of child is usually reserved and takes things hard, but to the few people he loves he gives a wealth of affection and loyalty and usually he has a deep, strong nature which is sincere and true.

Seasonable Subjects.

Serve foamy sauce with plum pudding. To make it, cream together one-half cupful of butter, one cupful of powdered sugar, add gradually one well-beaten egg and one-half teaspoonful of vanilla. Heat the mixture in a double boiler, beating it thoroughly all the while.

Cookies for winter time: Cream one-half cupful of shortening with one cupful of sugar, add two well-beaten eggs, one tablespoonful of milk or cream, two and one-half cupfuls of flour sifted with two teaspoonfuls of baking-powder and one-half teaspoonful each of powdered nutmeg and ginger. Mix and stand aside to chill one hour. Roll out, cut into fancy shapes and bake in a moderate oven. Fancy cutters furnish an assortment of cookies and are desirable when they are to be enjoyed by children. Lack of a variety of cutters, a pastry wheel can be used, or patterns cut out of stiff cardboard can be laid on dough, and the outlines followed by a slender knife.

Cakes can be sent long distances by a cel-post without so much as crack-icing, if they are packed in a way. Place the cake on a large sheet of heavy waxed paper and apply the frosting, allowing a generous portion of the frosting to extend on paper. Plastering the cake to paper helps to keep it in position. The rest of the paper neatly and the cake and slip under it a piece of cardboard or thin board the exact size of the cake. Put both cake and board into a strong cardboard box. A corrugated box is preferable as it lessens the jar upon its contents. Fill the box with sawdust or bran, which should be allowed to settle to the bottom of all the crevices. Finally, wrap the box in heavy paper and tie it with a strong cord.

Plum pudding is a convenient dessert to have on hand, as it improves with age and is easily reheated. A good recipe for the pudding calls for one pound of currants, one pound of raisins, one pound of shredded suet, three-fourths of a pound of bread crumbs, one-half cupful of grape-juice, one teaspoonful of cloves, one tea-

spoonful each of cinnamon and allspice one pound of sugar, one-half pound of citron, one-fourth of a pound of flour, five eggs, one-half nutmeg (grated) and nuts if desired. Beat the eggs and add the sugar, which has been mixed with the spices. Add the bread-crumbs, which have been soaked in the grape-juice for a few minutes; then add the fruit and the remaining flour. Stir the mixture well, then place in greased pudding molds; one-pound baking-powder cans may be used. Fill the molds two-thirds full and steam for six hours. The pudding may be reheated by steaming it in the original mold, or it may be cut into slices and heated in a steamer.

Ladies.

Pushing aside the letter she was writing, Cousin Portia turned quickly. She had been expecting the knock. "Come in, Noreen!" she cried.

The little cousin entered. Her cheeks were hot, and her eyes heavy. "Cousin Portia," she asked brokenly, "what makes a lady?"

"There's one definition that runs: 'A heart at leisure from itself. To soothe and sympathize.'"

Perhaps that is as near as you can come in a dozen words," answered Cousin Portia.

Noreen considered it; then she shook her head. "It doesn't fit," she declared positively.

"It never fitted many people at one time," Cousin Portia replied. "You are not thinking about little things like forks and spoons and what to say when you are introduced?"

Noreen's hot color deepened. "But things like that do make a difference," she protested. "And you're odd and queer and people notice if you don't do as they do."

"But you can learn those things in a week. They are only outside things that change with the fashions. The real things, courtesy of heart, keen sense of honor, love of the beautiful and the fine everywhere, interest in others—those things are not so easy to learn. Were they such very beautiful things, Noreen, that the girls talked about at the luncheon?"

"No-o," Noreen admitted. "People and musical comedy and moving pictures most of the time."

Cousin Portia nodded. "I thought so. You will hear the same thing over and over—just parrot talk. Would you like to know who are the three most nearly perfect ladies I can think of at this moment? One is an old lady who gave me afternoon tea in a room with a bare floor. The napkins had red fringe, and the tea was ordinary, and the wafers were cheap. She never thought of apologizing. She was giving me her beautiful mind and heart, and why should other things matter? The second is a little Italian woman who gave me preserved fruit in her tiny two-room house. The third is—your mother."

"Mother!"

"Isn't she a lady?"

"Of course. Only"—Noreen stumbled, trying to put her thoughts into words—"she doesn't dress like the people here or talk about the same things."

"But she would be quite at ease at the Court of St. James's—because she wouldn't be thinking about herself, but would be finding other people interesting. Go home and study your mother, child. Those chattering children aren't ladies yet. But I hope they'll grow to be some day."

"I suppose," Noreen retorted with a sigh that was half envy, half relief, "that's what you're thinking about me!"

Sonnet.

When I was far too young to comprehend,
My great-grandfather one day talked to me
As if I were his wise and aged friend
And did not hold a new doll on my knee.
I can remember how his voice was kind,
But what he said I could not understand;
Only these words clung oddly in my mind:
"To burn out like a candle in God's hand!"
What other words he uttered I forget.
These are like rubies from a ring unrolled
That in my fingers wait to be reset
When I learn better how to work with gold.
Yet when he spoke them, all I did was stare
And wonder at the whiteness of his hair.
—Ann Hamilton.

He Knew.

Julian had had a serious misunderstanding with his older brother Paul. That misunderstanding had, however, been very scrupulously concealed from the mother. So one day, upon his return from school, she asked:
"Julian, dear, what would you like to give Paul for his birthday?"
"I know what I'd like to give him," said Julian, vindictively, "but I ain't big enough."

We earn money and we spend it, and it seems to leave no trace; but the way we earn and spend it tells us that we make our mark on the world.

Portuguese Appreciation of Trees.

In many places where timber trees are to be found in Portugal, one sees the following inscription:
"Ye who pass by and would raise your hand against me, harken ere you harm me."
"I am the heat of your hearth on the cold winter nights, the friendly shade screening you from the summer sun, and my fruits are refreshing draughts quenching your thirst as you journey on."

"I am the beam that holds your house, the board of your table, the bed on which you lie, and the timber that builds your boat."

"I am the handle of your hoe, the door of your homestead, the wood of your cradle, and the shell of your coffin."

"I am the bread of kindness and the flower of beauty."
"Ye who pass by, listen to my prayer: harm me not."

Not the Only One.

A certain Lord Chancellor was in the habit of paying surprise visits to asylums at odd intervals, and thereby hangs a tale. Once he arrived at a certain institution unheralded.

"I'm the Lord Chancellor," he said to the attendant, who was, of course, ignorant of his identity.

"Oh, you are, are you?" was the reply. "That's all right! Walk straight through. We have three more of 'em in 'ere!"

Domestic life and affection is very highly developed among wild ducks. Minard's Liniment for Garget in Cows.

\$30 a Week Mechanic Jumps to \$750 a Month

Out in Chehalis, Washington, U.S.A., lives W. E. Pence, "Electrical Expert." Chehalis isn't very much of a town, somewhere between 3,000 and 5,000 people—and Pence doesn't pretend to be a whirlwind "Master of Finance" by any means. But his income is the "talk of the town." With great pride he exhibits the books of his Electrical Business, which show a net profit of \$750 a month.

Pence himself says that two years ago he never dreamed of earning so much money. At that time he was making \$30 a week and wondering if the time would ever come when he could buy anything he wanted, like he now is able to do.

Owes Success to Electricity.

Pence doesn't talk much about his success. He isn't that kind. But when he does talk about Electricity and the great future which it holds for men and boys—he bits "right from the shoulder." Without any reservation he gives all credit for his amazing success to the thorough Electrical training which he has received to spare time during the past months.

But let Pence tell his own story. Read his letter dated October 9, 1921, to L. L. Cooke, Chief Engineer of the Chicago Engineering Works:

"Dear Mr. Cooke:
Less than 2 years ago I was an ordinary mechanic earning \$25 to \$30 a week. To-day, thanks to you, I am an 'Electrical Expert,' in business for myself, and making over \$750 a month. My success, Mr. Cooke, is entirely due to the invaluable help you have given me. The thorough, practical training I secured through your East-learned, Spare-Time, Home-Study Course in Electricity, has made me financially independent, and a highly respected business man in this community.

Sincerely yours,

W. E. Pence."

For 15 years Mr. Cooke has been training men at home during their spare time, for Big Electrical Positions, and he has received thousands of letters like the above. His system offers every man, regardless of age, education, or previous experience, the chance to become, in a very short time an "Electrical Expert," able to earn \$3,500 to \$10,000 a year.

Electrically-Trained Men Scarce.

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Dicky's Christmas Stocking

A Little Christmas Play for Children

Characters: Dolly, a little girl, dressed in dressing gown. Dicky, a little boy, dressed in dressing gown. Santa Claus, dressed in regulation Christmas clothes.

Scene: A living-room, with fireplace at centre of the "stage," and a couch at right of it. There are a table and some chairs, and a rug before the fireplace.

The curtain is drawn, disclosing Dolly, with her stocking ready to hang up. It is a small stocking. Dicky holds a very long and very large stocking, fashioned from some bright red material.

Dicky (he holds up his stocking)—How's this? I made it all myself. Santa Claus ought to be able to put a good deal in that, don't you think so?

Dolly—Yes, it will hold a good deal, but I think you ought to hang up your own stocking. I think that one looks piggy. I do! It looks as if you wanted more than your share.

Dicky—Nonsense! Of course I do want a lot! Don't you?

Dolly—Well, I haven't asked for it, and I wouldn't hand up a stocking like that! I'd be ashamed. I'm going to fix something nice here for Santa Claus. He's sure to be hungry when he has been out driving about in his sleigh in the cold. I'm going to set the toy tassel he gave me last year right here on the table, and I've made some sandwiches and cake for him, too. Doesn't it look very nice? (She has been setting the table with cloth and dishes and plates, as if for a party.)

Dicky—Oh, let me have just one little cake!

Dolly—No! There are only enough just for him! I want him to have every single speck; I'd like one myself, but I'm not going to take any! Isn't he always doing nice things for us? I think we ought to do something nice for him, and so I made this surprise.

Dicky—Well, he wouldn't miss just one sandwich! I'm awfully hungry (He starts to take one.)

Dolly (catches hold of him and pushes him toward exit)—You mustn't! Besides that, now that we've hung up our stockings, we must go to bed. It's late, and Santa Claus may be here any moment now. I thought I heard a noise! It sounded as if it were in the chimney. Hurry! He wouldn't like to find us here!

Dicky—No! I'm going to stay. I can hide under the table so he'll never see me! Look! (He crawls under table, upon which there is a cloth that falls far down over it.) You can't see me now!

Dolly—Yes, your slipper is sticking right out! You ought not to stay there, anyhow! It would displease Santa Claus! And he'll be sure to find you! You won't get any presents if you do!

Dicky—Well, then, I'll go curl up on the couch and pretend I'm asleep. (He goes over to the couch and draws a shawl over him. Dolly tries to pull him away.)

Dolly—Dicky, it's not fair. You must come! Suppose he should come down the chimney and find you here!

Little Yuletide Cakes

Was there ever a little girl or boy who didn't coax mother to make "lots" of those spicy "gingerbread man" cookies, or plummy cakes stuffed full of fruit and spice and everything nice? Little folks always think that little cakes are their special treat, so here are a number for the holiday time and other times, some old ones that have been favorites in homes for generations, and some newer ones.

However, any cookie dough may be cut in fancy shapes suggestive of the season, such as stockings, stars, trees or bells, and decorated with icings in a variety of tints and flavors.

Fruit Sandwiches.
One cupful of sugar, one-half cupful of shortening, one egg, one-half cupful of milk, one teaspoonful of soda, two teaspoonfuls cream of tartar, one teaspoonful vanilla and about two and one-half cups of flour. Roll thin, put the cookies in a pan then place a teaspoonful of the following filling on each and cover with another cookie.

Filling—One cupful chopped raisins, one-half cup sugar, one-half cup of water, one teaspoonful of flour and a little lemon or orange juice. Cook until it thickens.

Christmas Gingerbreads.
Beat two cupfuls of molasses and a cupful of softened butter in a bowl until they are well blended. Add a cupful of sour milk; stir in also a quarter of a cupful of hot water in which a level tablespoonful of soda has been dissolved. Add the grated rind of a lemon, cloves and ginger to flavor (some like a stronger spice flavor than others), then stir in enough flour to make a stiff dough. Roll the dough out thin on the board and cut into fancy shapes. Place the cakes on a well greased dripping pan and bake in a moderate oven. When almost cold, frost lightly with pink and white icing and tiny candies.

Maple Sugar Puffs.
One egg, one heaping cupful maple or brown sugar, one cup sour milk, one level cup shortening, one and one-half cups flour, one-half cup baking powder, one-half cup soda, one-fourth

teaspoon salt, one cupful chopped nut meats, and flour enough to make a batter that will drop from the spoon—about two and one-third cupfuls. Melt shortening and sugar together, add egg and beat the mixture vigorously. Then add dry ingredients, sour milk and nut meats. Drop from a teaspoon on buttered pans and bake in a rather quick oven.

Almond Cookies.
Yolks of three eggs, three-quarters of a cup of sugar, one-third cup butter, one-half cup of almonds blanched and chopped, one teaspoon cinnamon, and one and a half cups of flour. Beat well, drop small spoonfuls on a well-greased pan and bake lightly.

Peanut Butter Cookies.
Cream together one tablespoonful of shortening, three tablespoonfuls of peanut butter and one and a half cupfuls sugar. Mix well with two unbeaten eggs, and then add three tablespoonfuls of sour milk in which one teaspoonful of soda has been dissolved. Beat in flour to make the dough stiff enough to roll. Bake about twenty minutes in a hot oven.

Star Cookies.
One and a half cupfuls sugar, one cupful butter, three eggs, a pinch of salt, juice and grated rind of one lemon, one-half cupful boiling water, one teaspoon of soda, and enough flour to mix (not too stiff). Roll out and bake in a hot oven. When cold, frost with white icing. Before the icing hardens, decorate with small pink candies placed so as to form a star.

Oatmeal Goodies.
One cupful of sugar, one-half cupful butter, seven tablespoonfuls of sour milk, one teaspoonful soda, one cupful oatmeal, one cupful shredded coconut, one cupful chopped raisins and two cupfuls of flour. Drop from a teaspoon in a buttered pan and bake in a moderate oven.

Butterfly Cakes.
Cut any soft cookie dough in butterfly shapes. Place a strip of candied peel down the centre for the body. Raisins or pieces of date may be pressed into the dough to imitate the spots on the wings.

toys! Shall I really give them to you? What would the others do? They want them quite as much.

Dolly—He oughtn't to take them!

Dicky—The others can go without 'em! I want those things! I do! Yes, I do!

Santa Claus—Well (he takes down Dicky's stocking and hangs the Santa Claus pack in its place), might as well, you know! He wants all I've got here.

Dicky—Oh, say! Isn't that jolly!

Dolly—See what I've got! You haven't got as much! That's what comes of the big stocking!

Dolly—I'm ashamed of you!

Santa Claus—Oh, never mind, Dolly! It's all right. It really is! See what he finds inside the bag!

Dicky—Well, I don't see why I shouldn't have what I want. I'm going to show you what I asked for. It's nothing to be ashamed of, I think! (He pulls the bag down and tugs it toward the front of the stage. He opens it and pulls out a huge parcel. The parcel is marked "Greediness.") Well, I did get it out at last, didn't I? (He sees the words.) Oh! (He hangs his head and looks down at the parcel.) I don't want that; that's horrid!

Santa Claus—It's what you asked for, you know! You wanted all that was there, and that's what the Christmas fairy does when children ask for too much. I can't help it; I'll have to call her. She is in the sleigh up on the roof. (Calls up the chimney.) Christmas Fairy! Christmas Fairy! Come down! Come down! I want you to make magic with Dicky's stocking!

(A fairy, dressed in red and green, comes from the chimney. She dances around the children and Santa Claus, and waves her wand over the package and the Dicky drew from the bag. She turns it over, and there appears the word "Unselfishness," printed on the brown paper.)

Santa Claus—That's the magic! Now open it, Dicky!

Dicky—Well, I will. (He unties the string and opens the big box. It is filled with toys. He reads aloud the tags on them.) For the little poor

children—for the little orphans—for the sick children in hospitals—for those who are shut-in—for the people who will not have many presents. (He looks through them all hurriedly.) Oh, there's nothing at all here for me!

Santa Claus—Nothing at all?

Dolly—Sure?

Dicky—Oh, yes, there is! It's a letter. (Opens and reads aloud.)

"Dear Dicky,—I am giving you the biggest thing that Christmas can bring to anybody. It is the chance to think of other people and give to those whom you can make very happy. It is much better than having a great many toys and presents all for your own self. I invite you to go with me in my sleigh to help give them all away."

SANTA CLAUS.

(Dicky waves the letter.) Oh, do you mean it? I'd love to go with you!

Dolly—May I go, too?

Santa Claus—Well, all go. We'll all have the fun together! It's such fun to give—far more fun to think of other people than to think of ourselves! You'll see how happy you can make all the others! Oh, I tell you, that's jolly!

Dicky—I am ashamed of that stocking. I'm going to hide it!

Santa Claus—No! Just hang up one that's the right size—just that is all! That's the right share! I'll take you with me, and then we'll come back after we've given a bagful of toys away. And the Fairy will fill your stockings with lots of happiness!

Dicky and Dolly—Why, we have that already, though the stockings look quite empty! Won't it be jolly to give everybody a Merry Christmas and play with Santa Claus! (They dance about him. He takes hands with them, and the fairy and they circle toward the fireplace, singing "Merry Christmas.")

(Curtain. After the curtain falls, Dicky comes out before the audience.)

Dicky (holding up a stocking)—I hope, when you hang up your Christmas stocking, you will all find it filled full of Happiness. And remember that Dolly and I helped make it! Merry Christmas!

Guarding Your Health in Winter Days

By MARION DALLAS.

Once more the changing seasons have brought us Winter. The sun has crossed the equator in its journey south, leaving us with shorter days and longer nights, frosty mornings and cold evenings.

The question has been asked: Does this change affect our human system? Assuredly it does. Like passengers on a steamer going across the Pacific Ocean, you must adjust yourselves to the changes in climate they encounter, so we find it necessary to give some heed to the change of seasons.

It is commonly thought that all the change necessary is to put on a little more clothing, close down the windows, light the fire, and we are ready for winter. There are other things which require our attention, if we regard our health during the winter.

Change the Air.
The first thing is fresh air. The problem of procuring fresh air is a difficult one, because the cold weather necessarily closes windows and doors. During the summer, the majority of people live out doors and have become accustomed to plenty of fresh air. This supply of fresh air must be kept up. No matter about blizzards and low temperature, fresh air must be had at any cost. To obtain this first, every member of the household should get out doors once a day. If business requires out door exercises all right. But if not, take a good brisk walk and fill the lungs with fresh air. Those who work in factories or school houses should at least walk one way.

This is not all. The living-rooms should be well ventilated. There are ventilators contrived which allow the air to enter the room without a direct draft. But for the benefit of those homes which do not boast of these (and alas, there are many farm houses where ventilation is never studied), one can be made without much expense. A piece of board fitted to the lower sash, so that the length of the board is exactly the width of the window, will answer very well. The board should be about six inches wide. Raise the window and allow it to rest on the board so that no draft can come under the window. This will produce an opening between the two window

frames so that the air will be constantly entering the room, but there will be no draft.

In the living-room, where families spend most of their time, two such windows should be arranged. In the bed-rooms, too, there should be such a window.

Another fact to be kept in mind is, that the fire, whether it be a stove or grate, is constantly creating a poisonous gas—carbonic acid gas. If the stove or grate, it makes no difference, is not allowed free draft, all the time this poisonous gas is continually escaping into the room. There must be free vent or the air will be poisoned. Don't forget this. Scientists tell us, and common sense proves it, that a house which is well aired is easier to heat than one filled with warm, dead air. Let in lots of sunshine.

Artificial light, either gas or coal-oil, creates a certain amount of poisonous air. It has been estimated that one gas light consumes as much air as seven people. Surely then it is important that our homes should be kept supplied with pure fresh air.

The temperature of the rooms should be carefully looked after. Thermometers should be hung in different parts of the house. The temperature of the sleeping room should be about forty or fifty degrees Fahrenheit. In the living rooms the temperature should be allowed to go as high as seventy, but never above eighty.

Drink Plenty of Cold Water.
The next important thing at this time of the year, is the internal use of water. During the summer we use a great deal of water. Perspiration has consumed large quantities of water and the system has demanded drink. But now perspiration is practically stopped, much less water escapes from the system through the skin. This materially decreases the amount of thirst, but it does not decrease the amount of poisonous material that must be eliminated from the system.

By means of perspiration most of the uric acid poisoning escapes through the skin, but now more of this poison must find exit through the kidneys. A sudden transferring of the function of the skin to the kidneys endangers these very important

The Sunday School Lesson

DECEMBER 18

Paul's Last Words, 2 Tim. 4: 6-18. Golden Text—2 Tim. 4: 7 (Rev. Ver.)

Lesson Setting—Tradition says that to recover his character. Tychicus; the prisoner of two years described in the Epistles to the Ephesians (see Eph. 6: 21, 22) and the Colossians, (see Col. 4: 7, 8). The apostle was left at Troas; when on his way to Macedonia (compare Tim. 1: 10 and Melitius (2 Tim. 4: 20), Troas and Macedonia (1 Tim. 1: 3, etc.). Paul would need in his damp, cold dungeon. The books. There would be the papyrus rolls in use for ordinary purposes. Especially the parchment; the more costly skins containing likely portions of the Scriptures in Hebrew. Not even the near approach of death turned the apostle away from the studies which he loved. Va. 14, 15. Alexandria the copper-bearing this name, Hastings' Bible Dictionary decides for the one on the west coast of Asia as the place chosen by Paul as his residence for the winter, while Dr. David Smith thinks that the Nicopolis in question was in Syria-Cilicia. He was again arrested, and after a second imprisonment at Rome, suffered martyrdom A.D. 68. The First Epistle to Timothy and the Epistle to Titus were written during the interval between the former and second imprisonments, to Ephesus, where Timothy was laboring, the latter from some unknown place, when Paul had decided to winter at Nicopolis. The second Epistle to Timothy was written during the second imprisonment at Rome. The three Epistles are filled with advice concerning the way the young ministers, Timothy and Titus, should conduct the affairs of their congregations. Hence, along with Timothy, they are called the Pastoral Epistles.

I. Paul's Conflict, 6, 7.
"I am being offered (Rev. Ver. 'I am being poured out as a drink offering. The reference is to the drink offering of wine which among the Jews frequently accompanied sacrifices (see Num. 15: 5; 28: 7). (Compare Phil. 2: 17). Departure. (See Phil. 1: 23). The figure is taken from a ship going out to sea loosing the cables and weighing the anchor. So Paul looks across the narrow sea of death to the blissful port of heaven.

V. 7. Fought a good fight. Compare 1 Tim. 6: 12. The image may be from the Greek games, and if so, it refers to the mimic contests of war between combatants. Finished my course; the foot race which was a leading feature in the games. Kept the faith; the faith in the Son of God by which he had been saved, and by which he had lived (see Gal. 2: 20). The teaching which had meant so much for himself, he had kept as a sacred "deposit" (1 Tim. 5: 20, Rev. Ver. Margin) to be handed on to others.

II. Paul's Crown, 8.
"The crown of righteousness" (Rev. Ver.); either the crown that consists in the possession of righteousness like the "crown of life" (James 1: 12; Rev. 2: 10), or, more probably, the crown with which righteous men are rewarded, which makes its recipient as if he were the righteous. The righteous judge; so different from the unrighteous Roman Emperor before whom Paul was so soon to stand. That day; the day of judgment. All that love his appearing; all who look forward to the appearing of Christ, shall receive the crown. Thus Paul, though standing on the verge of death, sees victory awaiting him, the object of his life is gained, and he rejoices to think of all those who, along with himself, and so many of them through his efforts, will receive the great reward.

III. Paul's Companions, 9-15.
Vs. 9-13. Do thy diligence; make an earnest effort. To come shortly. These pathetic words reflect the loneliness of Paul in his Roman dungeon. Demas hath forsaken me. Demas is mentioned in Col. 4: 13 and Philemon 24. He was apparently a native of Thessalonica. Having loved this present world, he has chosen wealth or ease rather than the "crown of righteousness," v. 8. Creteans. Titus. No blame is laid upon the apostle for their desertion. But the apostle was the lonelier for their going. Luke; the beloved physician and historian. He would feel that of all men, his place was with the apostle whose end was so near. Take Mark; to whom Paul was now fully reconciled and who had (Col. 4: 10), before this completely justified the risk run by Barnabas in giving him a chance

Application.
In his last words St. Paul had something to say in reference to the present, past and future. As to the present he is face to face with death, and is able without a tremor to look into the dark countenance of that shadow feared of man. I am already being offered and the time of my embarkation is at hand.

As to the past he is in a measure satisfied.

As to the future he is hopeful. No "wistful perhaps" fills the eyes with tears. "Henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness, which the Lord, the righteous Judge, shall give me at that day." We note several things in St. Paul's vision of his certain future.

(a) "The day." "After that the brief night to that eternal day. Do we as vividly anticipate the great tomorrow, or are our poor homes sounded by a sleep?

(b) "The Lord," in the midst of that evoking glory even as he was seen amid the light at the Damascus Gate. The essence of heaven will not be gorgeous scenery, nor the gracious society of just men and women made perfect, but the fellowship of Jesus Christ.

(c) "The crown of righteousness." A crown woven out of righteousness, for those who shall one day be made perfectly righteous in his sight. Let us not be like that man in the Pilgrim's Progress who could look no way but downwards and had a muck-rake in his hand. Over him stood one with a celestial crown on his hand, which he proffered him to look up no regard but raked to himself the straws, the small sticks and dust of the floor of time.

organs. In the cold weather we eat more solid food. This too, increases the amount of poison that the kidneys must eliminate. Together with the fact that the skin renders less than usual assistance, makes it a very critical time for the kidneys, especially the first few weeks of cold weather. The kidneys ought to be assisted in this crisis. How can we assist them? Simply by drinking plenty of good pure water. Medicines that operate upon the kidneys only do harm. Diuretics in the long run will weaken the kidneys.

A glass of pure water just before each meal is the only medicine in the world that will assist the kidneys. Some people prefer to take cold water, either hot or cold water will assist. Dyspeptics will find hot water more agreeable. A glass at bedtime would not be out of place.

Cold water should also be used every morning. Gargle the throat. Rinse out the mouth. Those who do not take a cold bath every morning, should splash the neck and chest with cold water, and for those who already have nasal catarrh, snuffing cold water up the nose will be found useful. This fortifies the system against the action of cold air.

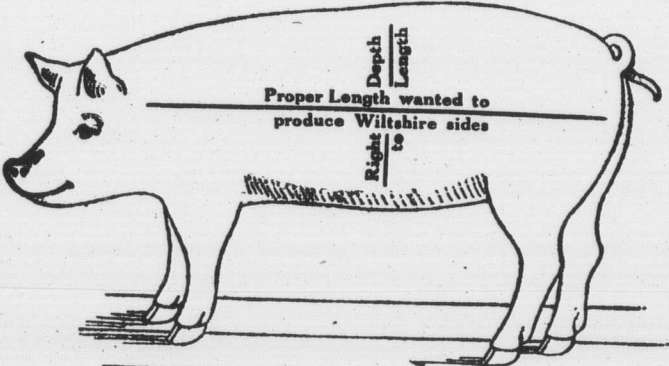
Don't imagine these precautions are overdrawn. They are just common prudence and are absolutely necessary to avoid the many ailments that are directly due to the winter season. It is always dangerous to catch cold. The

Modern Methods.

"These modern methods make me sick." Thus spoke old Biddy Dominick. "We used to please ourselves, you bet, folks took what fresh eggs they could get; But now we stay up half the night and lay our eggs by Mazda light. This cutting also I protest. I'm getting old—I want to rest; Yet if in laying I grow lax, I'll be the next to get the axe."

Paint the roosts with crude oil to chase away chicken mites. Oil taken from the crank case of a car will serve.

"The requirements of a good farmer are at least four: The ability to make a full and comfortable living from the land; to rear a family carefully and well; to be of good service to the community; to leave the farm more productive than it was when he took it." —Liberty Hyde Bailey.



The illustration gives the type and conformation of the hog that alone will yield bacon to grade first in our export trade to Great Britain and is most wanted for our domestic trade also. The officially recognized standard for the type reads as follows: Jowl and shoulder light and smooth;

back from neck to tail evenly fleshed; side long, medium depth, dropping straight from back, ham full, good general finish, no excess fat; weight 160-210 lbs. (These weights are on stockyards or at packing plants, farm weights will therefore rule 10 to 15 lbs. more.)

The AUTOMOBILE

SPECIAL CARE NECESSARY IN ZERO WEATHER.

There are two things necessary if the car is to be operated in winter, the first of which is some anti-freezing solution for the cooling system; the second is a device for warming the mixture before admission to the cylinders.

Many things have been tried for making the cooling system freeze-proof. The most common are salt, glycerine and alcohol. Any one of these in the proper proportion will insure against freezing. They are not equally desirable, however. Salt had a tendency to set up electrolytic action where iron and brass parts are combined in the cooling system, but four pounds of salt to the gallon will give a solution which will not freeze until seventeen degrees below zero Fahrenheit is reached. Glycerine will keep the water from freezing, but it is expensive, and if rubber hose is used to connect radiator and the cylinder pipes glycerine will cause it to decompose rapidly.

Denatured Alcohol Best.

Denatured alcohol probably is the best to use, mixed with water in proportion as the cold to be expected may demand. Fifty per cent. of alcohol will give protection to five degrees above zero; 50 per cent. to nine degrees below zero, and 85 per cent. to sixteen degrees below. The owner need not make the error of using a mixture which will protect him only for the average low temperature of his locality. The temperature may drop without warning, and, unless a sufficiently strong solution is used or the water is drained out of the cooling system, a burst radiator or a cracked cylinder casting is likely to result.

Probably a combination of alcohol and glycerine will suit the particular owner a little better than alcohol alone, since there is less evaporation, and a little dose of glycerine will last the entire season, only alcohol and water needing to be added to replace that boiled away or evaporated. Half

alcohol and half glycerine is the proper proportion to be added to the water. It has one advantage that it freezes quite a bit lower than the alcohol alone.

Another thing which must be taken into account in winter is the warming of the mixture for starting so that it does not condense the moment it strikes the cold cylinder walls. Modern cars are provided with means for accomplishing this when the engine has started, but the hot water jacket and the hot air furnace depend upon a warmed-up engine for their availability, and for starting other means must be devised. There also are various devices for heating the carburetor and intake manifold while the engine is warming up. There is an electric heater, where one has current in the garage, and other ways of accomplishing the same thing. If no better means is at hand a hot-water bottle about half full, so that it can be wrapped about the manifold and carburetor, or a kettle of hot water, may do it satisfactorily.

Wise to Carry Squirt Can.

Most cars are equipped with a priming or choking device operated from the dash, but where this is not provided it is wise to carry a squirt can for the purpose of introducing small quantities of gasoline into the cylinders, though a piece of waste saturated with gasoline from the carburetor drain cock and squeezed over the priming cup will do the trick. If there are no priming cups it means taking out the spark plugs.

When it becomes very cold, radiator covers are a convenience. These may be procured at any supply house, fitted to any car. They are in various forms, usually with a curtain which may be lifted for moderate temperatures and closed when extremes are reached. Anything which will cover the air spaces of the lower portion of the radiator may be used in an emergency, if one is caught by a sudden drop in the temperature.

Bee's Trouser-Pockets.

If you watch a bee at work amongst the flowers, you will see that he is engaged in collecting two quite different substances from the blossoms.

His long pointed tongue is really a tube, through which he sucks up the sweet juices just as we suck lemonade through a straw. Whilst he moves about inside a flower, the stiff hairs on his back collect the yellow pollen-dust, with which he is soon covered. Then he sits down on a leaf and proceeds to scrape it off by means of the little combs with which his legs are provided. By means of these he rolls it into balls, and stows it away in his trouser-pockets—little cups provided for the purpose at the joints of the legs.

The bee has also a set of waistcoat-pockets, which are used for a different purpose. These are little pouches with slit-like openings. When a bee is engaged in making the cells of the comb, tiny flakes of wax are secreted in these pockets, from which they are taken with the jaws as they are required.

How these waxen bricks are made in the bee's body is a mystery. In some wonderful way the bee is able to turn the juice of flowers into honey or wax in a very short time. The insect is really a shocking example of what all work and no play can do—he works himself to death in about a month!

We should really have spoken of the bee as "she," for the worker is a female, but it seemed rather queer to write about her trouser-pocket!

Exploring Mystery Planets.

One of the greatest difficulties encountered when erecting a big telescope is the problem of making its huge tube sufficiently rigid. Professor Todd, the noted British scientist, has conceived a new way of tackling the problem; he proposes to use the shaft of a mine as the tube of the greatest telescope ever made.

In 1924 the mysterious planet Mars will be nearer to us than it has been for a century. Here, if only we can seize it, is our best chance of discovering whether people like ourselves live upon its surface.

Professor Todd's "mine-telescope" is to be more than a quarter of a mile in length, and fifty feet in diameter. It will bring Mars within one and a half miles of the observer's eye.

The magnifying mirrors used in great telescopes are difficult to make and very costly. What a fifty-foot mirror would cost no one can say—it might easily run into a million dollars and take ten or fifteen years to make.

Professor Todd is not going to have a glass mirror at all. He proposes to have at the foot of his telescope a great bowl filled with quicksilver. The bowl will be rotated by means of a motor, and as it spins the mercury will assume the necessary concave shape. Once the proper speed has been found by experiment, a mirror will be obtained capable of magnifying twenty-five million times. With such a telescope you could read the lettering on a penny four hundred miles away!

is an evergreen plant.

Prince of Wales Sees Weird Entertainment.

A weird entertainment was given at Bikaner, India, in honor of the Prince of Wales, following a State banquet at the palace. The entertainment began with a religious fire dance in the courtyard of the fort. The big bonfire which had been lit in the centre of the great quadrangle was then allowed to die down to a mass of glowing embers, through which bare-legged natives, singing wildly, danced, kicking up a cascade of sparks and snatching portions of the fiery mass, which they placed in their mouths, although the heat of the fire could be felt 10 yards away.

The weird phantasy lasted 10 minutes, presenting a perfectly demoniac effect through the clouds of dull, red smoke. The dancers subsequently pirouetted in front of the Prince, clamoring for him to inspect their feet, which were found to be unscarred by the fire, and actually were moist and cool, as though the dancers had been paddling in the water.

Several members of the Prince's staff attempted to pick up pieces of the hot embers, but every attempt ended abruptly with a hurried snatching back of the fingers and sharp exclamations, amid the derisive laughter of the onlookers.

Thereafter a great company of Nautch girls, wearing heavily gold-brocaded robes, transparent head shawls and massive gold armlets to the elbows, danced and sang a wild refrain, welcoming the Prince to barbaric strains. A native juggler danced on sharp swords, spikes and saws.

The entertainment concluded with the Nautch chorus discordantly but enthusiastically singing "God Save the King" in the Marwar tongue.

How Trees Grow Knots.

Trees are formed of three parts—the roots, the parent stem or trunk, and the branches. When the trees are cut up into lumber, the first of these parts is useless, and generally is left in the ground to be salvaged later for other purposes.

The branches of the tree are also comparatively useless, but the trunk produces a number of valuable planks in proportion to its diameter.

In spite of the fact that the branches have been lopped off, they leave their mark upon the parent stem in the shape of hard round or oval spots, which we call "knots." Each of these knots shows where the limb of the tree was growing, because the limb had its beginning in the heart of the trunk, drawing its sustenance directly from the central source of supply.

The hardness of knots is due to the fact that more strength is required at the base of the limb than farther out.

St. Paul's Cathedral was begun and finished within forty years, under one Bishop of London, one architect, and one master mason.

Green forests constitute an investment which gives big returns. The shareholders include, directly or indirectly, every citizen of Canada.

Warding Off Ailments to Which Our Teeth Are Heir



Upper—By means of a hand mirror frequently examine the back of the teeth for tartar. Lower left—Use a tooth brush soft enough not to irritate the gums and be sure that the teeth are kept clean. Brush up and down, not only across. Lower right—A nice set of teeth does much to make a pretty woman beautiful and a plain one more attractive.

Swiss Fruit-Growers Make Their Own Rain.

It is very interesting to watch the rain-makers at work in the wine-growing districts around Lake Geneva, in Switzerland.

Dotted about the country are numbers of little sheds, from the roof of each of which protrudes a great bell-mouthed funnel. If you could examine these sheds from an aeroplane, you would find that they are arranged in great circles.

Inside each is a gun, the muzzle of which is connected with the bell-mouthed funnel. Charges of noisy black powder are used, and the funnel, acting in the same way as a gigantic gramophone horn, magnifies the sound of the discharge enormously.

When rain is wanted a man is placed in charge of each hut. Presently a small cloud drifting across the sky comes into the circle of guns. Bang! The cloud, shaken by the noise and the shock of the discharge begins to float towards the other side of the circle. Bang! Bang! The cloud is

chivvied about for a time inside the circle, and eventually the shaking up which it receives causes it to break up into rain. The writer has seen these rain-guns used with success on dozens of occasions.

They have another use, too. They can be used for driving off unwanted clouds. When the grape harvest is approaching the farmer's greatest foe is hail; the stones cut his vines to ribbons. When hail storms are about, the batteries once more prepare for action! But this time their method is different. They open fire whilst clouds are outside the circle, and by means of heavy firing prevent them from entering it.

Flowers by Airplane.

Holland's growers are sending fresh cut flowers by airplane to England for sale the same day.

Appetites Larger in Winter.

The reason we need more food in winter than in summer is because the greater amount of oxygen in the air sharpens appetite and aids digestion.

What Causes Dimples?

The peculiar mark which we call a dimple is really nothing more than a dent or depression in a part of the body where the flesh is quite soft.

When we speak of dimples, we think usually of those in the cheek, the indentations which appear when a person smiles. But it should be remembered that dimples are also to be found in other parts of the body. Babies, for example, have dimpled elbows and knees, while infants who are plump often have several on their backs and shoulders.

These are due to the fact that the fibres which lie beneath the outside skin, and help to hold it firmly in place, are of varying lengths and run in all directions. Occasionally these fibres are too short in one spot, and pull the skin, thus forming the dimple. The fact that dimples occur frequently in the cheek is due to the comparative irregularity of the length of the skin-fibres of this part of the body.

Fog has been classified into eight varieties, ranging from "very dense" to "slight mist" by the Air Ministry.

In China all land belongs to the State and a trifling sum per acre, scarcely altered through long centuries, is paid as rent.

Dust Explosions

If the contents of a six-pound sack of wheat flour be thoroughly distributed through the air of a good-sized room, the lighting of a match will blow up the house.

Twice that quantity of flour, mixed with 4,000 cubic feet of air in a closed place, will, if ignited, generate enough force to throw 2,500 tons to a height of 100 feet.

Thus, you see, the material out of which our bread is made is, under suitable circumstances, as dangerous an explosive as gunpowder. We have read a good deal lately about the dangers of coal dust, but recent tests have proved that flour or any kind of grain dust is more inflammable than coal dust and correspondingly more liable to explode.

Another experiment proved that, when two ounces of grain dust were ignited in a box containing two cubic feet of air, a force was developed that lifted two men standing on the cover.

It is all a matter of rapid burning. Take, for instance the flour distributed through the air of a room. Every particle of it is in immediate contact with the oxygen of the air, and this makes its burning instantaneous in case of ignition. A great quantity of gas is suddenly generated, and, seeking to expand in a closed place, it exerts a force that rends the wall asunder.

A method now proposed for minimiz-

Progress in Canada.

Rumors in grain trading and shipping circles here have it that the United Grain Growers, Ltd., intend to build a big elevator in Vancouver to take care of the wheat to be shipped to Europe via this port.

A marked recovery in gold mining in the Province of British Columbia for the last ten months of 1921 is noted in the report of the Dominion Assay office here. During the ten month period there was deposited \$2,566,976, as compared with \$1,808,970 for the corresponding period in 1920, an increase of \$761,005. For the month of October, this year, the gold receipts were \$512,265, as against \$228,276 last year, an increase for the month of \$283,989.

In 1920 the number of miles of steam railways in operation in Canada was 6,484; in 1921, 12,628; 1920, 17,141; 1921, 24,104; 1919, 33,896; 1920, 39,196. The tons of freight carried increased from 8,348,310 in 1919 to 127,429,154 in 1920, while the gross earnings rose from \$19,925,066 to \$42,101,104 during the same periods.

It is claimed that three farms worked in the locality of Cobourg, Ont., have produced record crops. On No. 1 the output was 600 barrels of pears, 300 barrels of Northern Spies, and 500 baskets of cherries. No. 2 produced 182,000 pounds of beef cattle, 140 tons of hay, and 300 barrels of apples, while No. 3 produced 8,000 barrels of apples, 1,000 baskets of cherries, 2,000 boxes of cherries and 200 barrels of pears. These figures do not include much grain produced on the farms.

Recently a new record for a grain moving train was created when a Canadian Pacific engine pulled 110 fully loaded cars of wheat, comprising 165,000 bushels, eastwards towards the Great Lakes. The train was nine-tenths of a mile long and weighed approximately 6,368 tons, exclusive of the engine and the caboose.

The area devoted to winter rye in Saskatchewan this year totalled 1,938,507 acres, an increase of 600 per cent. over 1920. There will also be a big increase in next year's crop, it is expected.

Up to October 31st, over \$5,225,000 had been received by the Manitoba government deposit bank. It is expected that deposits will exceed \$3,500,000 by the end of the year. Farmers are the principal depositors.

There are 175,000 farms in the province of Ontario, according to an estimate of the provincial department of Agriculture. The value of farm lands, buildings, improvements and livestock is fully \$1,700,000,000. In the value of field crops for 1918, Ontario, with \$363,909,778, exceeded in value any of the other provinces of the Dominion. In 1919 the value of field crops, according to the Bureau of Statistics, was \$378,507,000.

Gold ore is being put through reduction plants at the gold mines of Porcupine and Kirkland Lake at a rate of approximately 2,066,400 tons a year, according to figures secured as a result of a preliminary inquiry in October made here. These preliminary figures are supplemented with an estimate of \$1,584,000 in bullion produced each month, the estimate being based upon achievements during the past two months. This means a production at the rate of about \$19,005,600 a year.

Gunpowder.

Gunpowder was known to the Chinese 2,000 B.C. Its European invention is credited to Roger Bacon about 1250.

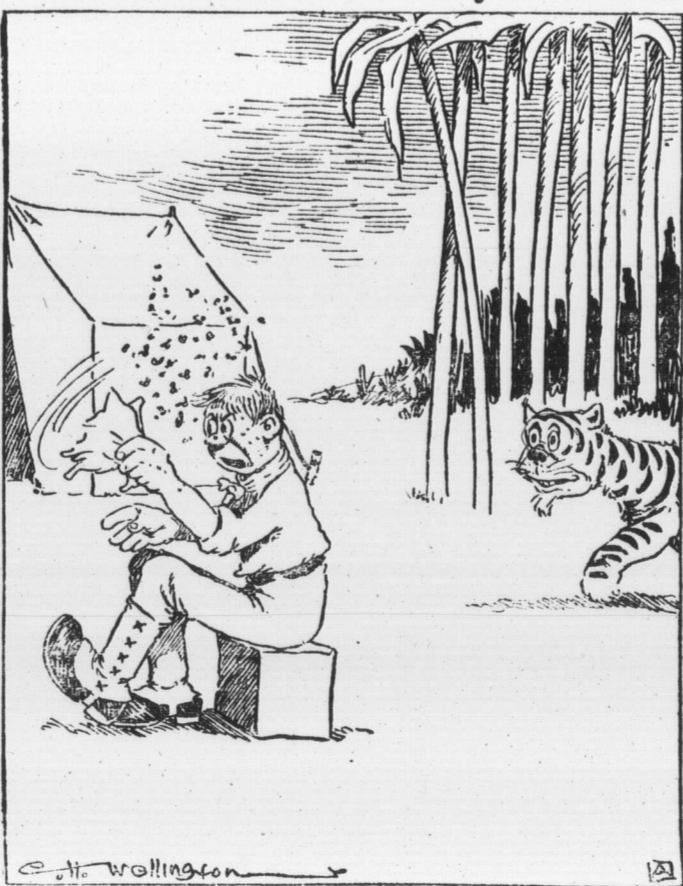
The best marksmen are usually those with grey or blue eyes.

London has about 34,000 miles of streets, or twice the combined length of Paris streets.

Canada's birth rate for 1920 was 27.47, as against a death rate of 13.31 per 1,000. The marriage rate during the same period was 8.94 per 1,000.

The wealth of Norway lies almost entirely in her forests and fisheries. The tallest trees in the world are found in the State forest of Victoria, Australia.

—and the worst is yet to come



C. H. Wellington

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All goods are nicely displayed, lots of room and the nicest store in Brockville to do your Xmas Shopping.

The GLOBE

Clothing House

"The Store of Quality"

BROCKVILLE ONTARIO

A COLUMN ABOUT PIGS

Hints as to Both Summer and Winter Treatment.

How to Protect Them From Sun Scald—A Little Grease on the Body Is Helpful—Keeping Brood Sows Cheaply in Winter—Unnecessary Loss Among Young Pigs.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

During midsummer owners of light colored pigs frequently complain of sunburn or sunscald. This condition of the hide of the animal is similar to that of people; it gives the same degree of uncomfortableness to the pig and is caused in the same manner. Consequently, the same method of prevention and treatment may be carried out.

Shelter Is Most Desirable.

In the first place, "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and the prevention is shelter. No matter what kind of stock is in the pasture, shade is essential, and much more so is it for pigs on account of the thin coating of hair on their bodies. If the pasture for pigs is so situated that there are no trees to afford shade to the animals it would be just as well to keep them shut up during the hottest parts of the day and allow them to run out during the evening, night and early morning hours. By keeping them in a pen that is somewhat darkened, they miss both the hot rays of the sun and the flies that are always so bad around a stable of any kind, during the hot weather.

Give Them a "Hog Wallow."

Some people provide a "hog wallow" in their pasture which is a very good thing, but the location should be some place in the shade, as it is a well-known fact that the hide will blister far quicker when wet than when dry. A pig seems to think that a wallow is an essential thing, and if he persuades the farmer in the same way, the farmer should lead him to believe that during the heat of the day is the best time to keep out of it.

Vaseline Good for Sunburn.

If the pigs have become sunburned at all, it is well to keep them inside for a few days and thoroughly grease their bodies, with some nice smooth grease such as vaseline. The grease tends to keep the air from the irritated skin and ease the uncomfortableness of the animal. Vaseline also has a wonderful healing and curative property which makes it preferable in such cases.—J. C. McBeath, O. A. College, Guelph.

Keep Brood Cows in Winter as Cheaply as Possible.

During the winter the brood sows should be maintained as cheaply as possible, but at the same time they must be properly fed in order to farrow a large number of healthy, well-grown pigs in the spring. Best results are obtained when sufficient food is given to produce daily gains on the sows of one-half or three-fourths of a pound. To do this the grain feed must be limited, and diluted with some roughage, for unless the ration has sufficient bulk, the sows will become constipated and hungry, due to the undistended condition of the digestive tract. Legume hays are the chief roughages available at this season, and their use will cheapen the cost of feeding.

Alfalfa Excellent for Feed.

Either alfalfa, clover, soy-bean, or cow-pea hay makes an excellent roughage, and when fed, little or no high-priced protein concentrate is needed to balance the corn. Bright, leafy alfalfa hay gives the best results of any of these roughages. Alfalfa meal is simply the best grade of alfalfa hay chopped into a meal. Clover hay contains almost as much nourishment as alfalfa hay, and soy-bean hay, cut and cured when the beans are almost ripe, is a very nutritious feed. Cowpea hay should be cut when the first peas are ripening and consequently does not have as high food value as soy-bean hay. Great care must be exercised in curing soy-bean and cowpea hay, for such hays are very heavy and succulent and unless thoroughly dried are apt to mold. Under no condition should a brood sow be fed upon any roughage which is not bright, nutritious, and free from smut or mold. She does not relish or thrive on such inferior feed. It is very apt to cause severe digestive troubles and may lead to the loss of her litter.

Unnecessary Loss Among Young Pigs.

On 75 Minnesota farms a total of 5,286 pigs were farrowed with an average of 8.31 per litter. Of this number 9.21 per cent. were farrowed dead, 18.21 per cent. died before weaning, 68.30 per cent. were raised, and 31.70 per cent. of the original pig crop was lost. Improper feeding and lack of exercise by the brood sows during the winter were responsible for most of the trouble (unnecessary trouble) at farrowing time. Brood sows should be encouraged to get out and work every day. The droppings should be watched. If the sows are constipated, oilmeal or bran should be introduced into their ration until satisfactory condition results. For immediate action a reasonable dose of epsom salts should be given.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the signature of *Wm. D. Gifford*

WINTERING OF PULLETS

If Possible Separate From All Hens and Cockerels.

Prepare Quarters Early and Transfer by November—Good Light and Ventilation Necessary—Winter Care of Pregnant Mares.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Many times the failure of securing a satisfactory winter egg yield is due to neglect of the pullets early in the fall. The ordinary pullets begin laying at from six to seven months of age, and many farmers get a few pullet eggs in October and November, followed by little or no production in December or early January. This frequently is due to a change in roosting quarters or being overcrowded and underfed in the poultry house.

Place in Winter Quarters Early.

To get the best results the pullets should be placed in winter quarters by November 1st. Before that time the henhouse should be thoroughly cleaned, the walls, ceiling, etc., brushed down, and all old cobwebs, etc., removed. Then give the house a good whitewashing, and if the floor is earth or sand at least four inches of it should be renewed.

Separate Pullets From Young Hens.

If at all possible, separate the pullets from the old hens and cockerels. In order to lay well, they should be fed all they will eat, particularly of ground grains and green foods, and should not be overcrowded. About twenty-five to thirty-five pullets is plenty for a pen twelve feet square; in fact in many cases twenty-five pullets in the pen will lay almost as many eggs as the thirty-five. Should you be fortunate in having too many pullets, or where you can make a selection, get the earliest and best matured ones into the pen first. If you have to crowd or sell some, get rid of the small, weak ones and those that are slow to develop.

Have the Pen Well Lighted and Ventilated.

The pen should be light and well ventilated. Have all the ventilators or openings on one side of the house and close together. Do not have an opening in one end of the house and another in the other end. These cause drafts which are very apt to produce colds and sickness. It usually takes a pullet at least three weeks to get over a cold, and she seldom lays while she has a cold. Keep the house dry, and use plenty of dry straw in which the birds can scratch for the feed.

Give Laying Hens Plenty of Food.

Remember a laying hen needs plenty of food, grit, and shell material. Also there should be a variety to the food; that is green food, such as clover leaves, cabbage, or sprouted oats, or if none of these can be had some form of meat food—sour milk is the best, but beef scrap, or other meat offal, if untainted, will answer. Usually about one-third of the grain should be ground or even up to one-half. The whole grain makes exercise in hunting for it in the straw. Always remember the pen should be clean, dry, and sweet.—R. W. Graham, O. A. College, Guelph.

Winter Care of Pregnant Mares.

The pregnant mare should be well fed and given regular exercise or light work. All food and water given should be of first-class quality. She should be given more grain than the non-pregnant mare, as she has the foetus to support. All possible care should be observed to avoid digestive derangements; hence, everything consumed should be of good quality, easily digested, fed in proportion to the amount of work performed and at regular intervals. In addition to hay and oats she should be given a few raw roots daily, and a feed of bran with a cupful of linseed meal at least twice weekly. Work that requires excessive muscular or respiratory effort should be avoided, so also should plunging through deep snow, slipping, etc. All nervous excitement should be avoided; so also should sights which frighten her; also offensive odors; and operations.

The use of drugs should not be tolerated, except upon the advice of a veterinarian. If necessary to give a purgative, it is much safer to give raw linseed oil than aloes. Towards the end of pregnancy, still greater care should be observed; and, while daily exercise up to the very last is advisable, it should be given more carefully and less of it when she becomes somewhat clumsy on account of size and weight.

While it is better to allow her a box stall when in the stable at all times, it is practically necessary after about the tenth month of gestation; as the period of gestation is irregular and the foal may be born, without any well-marked premonitory symptoms, any time after ten months.

After the foal is born the mare should be given at least two weeks' idleness, and if she can be allowed to run idle until weaning time, it will be all the better for both herself and the foal.—J. H. Reed, V.S., O. A. College, Guelph.

The manufacturer's success is due largely to his ability to buy raw material at the lowest prices, to sell the finished products through an efficient distribution system, and to take advantage of more economic methods of production. He builds up a system to eliminate waste, inefficiency, and extravagance. Every farmer should do the same.

The Athens Reporter

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William H. Morris, Editor and Proprietor

WANTED—Local representative at ATHENS to represent "THE OLD RELIABLE FONTHILL NURSERY," and cover surrounding territory. Splendid opening for the right man. Exclusive territory, highest commissions paid, STONE and Wellington, TORONTO, ONTARIO

Farm To Rent

100 ACRES, known as the CHARLIE COLE FARM near Redan, P. O. in township of Elizabethtown, Possession given 1st. March, 1922. For particulars apply to EZRA S. EARL, R. R. N. 3, Athens, Ont.

GIVEN AWAY

On Christmas Eve we will give to the closest guesser, 1 Cabinet Gramophone worth \$125.00. For full information call at the Bazaar. R. J. Campo.

Motor Car Service

Brockville—Westport

Via The Canadian National Railways

Improved service is afforded via Canadian National Railways between Brockville and Westport by the Gasoline Motor Car, now in operation between these points on the following schedule

Leave Brockville (C. N. Station) daily at 9.00 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 5.00 p.m. and 9.00 p.m. arriving at Westport 10.45 a.m., 2.45 p.m., 6.45 p.m., and 10.45 p.m.

South bound Motor Car leaves Westport 7.00 a.m., 11.00 a.m., 3.00 p.m., 7.00 p.m. arriving Brockville 8.45 a.m., 12.45 p.m., 4.45 p.m., and 8.45 p.m.

Motor Car carries passengers and hand baggage only and operates daily on the above schedule.

In addition to above, steam train operating to and from Grand Trunk Station Brockville, will leave Brockville 2.50 p.m. daily except Sunday; arriving Westport 6.15 p.m., South bound will leave Westport 9.00 a.m. arriving Brockville (G. T. Station) 12.00 noon, daily except Sunday.

Tickets and full information obtainable from station tickets agents.

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Prices are Right

Sugar, Salt, Flour and all kinds of Stock Foods

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Victoria Street Athens

Ten Dollars Reward

Is offered for the recovery or for information leading to the recovery of a Peterboro Canvas-covered Canoe taken from the Portage on Charleston Lake this Fall
Address—J. H. Harvey, Lyndhurst.

FLOUR and FEED — PRICES very much REDUCED — ATHENS LUMBER YARD and GRAIN WAREHOUSE.

FARM WANTED: I want to hear from party having farm for sale. Give price and description. G. B. Loudon, Champaign, Illinois.

CAR FOR SALE—Ford car in excellent condition, completely overhauled. A good bargain.—Apply Reporter Office, Athens.

PIANO FOR SALE—Small Size Square Piano in first class condition, its a bargain. Apply Reporter Office, Athens.

STRAYED—O.e Yearling Heifer strayed onto my premises on Nov. 3 Owner may have same by proving property and paying expenses—S. W. Lawson, R. R. No. 2, Athens.

WOOD FOR SALE—First class Hardand Soft wood, delivered on short notice—Apply to H. B. Jnapp, P.um Hollow.

STANDING TIMBER WANTED—near Athens—apply to Herbert Burnham, House of Industry, Athens.

Catarrh

Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a Tonic and Blood Purifier. By cleansing the blood and building up the System, HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE restores normal conditions and allows Nature to do its work.

All Druggists. Circulars free. F. J. C. Carey & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

IRISH TREATY RECEIVES SUPPORT OF MAJORITY IN DAIL EIREANN

Irish People Favor Present Settlement and Question the Wisdom of De Valera's Attitude in Opposing the Measure.

A despatch from Dublin says:—The Anglo-Irish peace treaty is safe. In spite of de Valera's outburst against it, it is likely to be ratified by the Dail Eireann by a substantial majority. Some close observers of Irish politics predict that de Valera will carry with him only 24 of the 124 members of the Dail. Others say he may get 50 votes, but the only question seems to be the size of his vote. It is reported that he intends trying to secure reference of the treaty to a vote of the people. If this is his plan he will suffer even a worse defeat than in the Dail. There is no doubt the feelings of the Irish people favor the treaty.

I have failed to find to-day a single Irishman in Dublin who is in favor of de Valera's course, writes the correspondent. The waiters and elevator men at my hotel are all ardent members of the Irish Republican army. The men and women on the street, and the street car conductors, all plain citizens to whom I've talked, as well as the politicians, denounce the "President's" interference. Dublin has had two months' peace and does not want a return to the war. She is prospering. My waiter said to me at lunch, "It will be the most prosperous country in the world when we get rid of the foreign politicians." An elevator man said, "If Mick Collins is satisfied, so am I." The most significant were the remarks I overheard in the crowd waiting the arrival of the politicians at the Mansion House this morning.

"Sure the man's not Irish," one woman said. "To think of him turning his back on them after they had given their word," a man said. This is the general feeling, and it is notable that the Irish people are now remembering that de Valera is not Irish, and pointing out that, of the three Ministers who oppose settlement, de Valera is Spanish-American, Cathal Brugha—Charles Burgess—is English, Austin Slack alone is Irish. Slack is lieutenant to Casement in his pro-German effort during the war. Erskine Childers, an Englishman, is also supporting de Valera.

For the treaty, the Cabinet members Griffith, Collins, Cosgrove and Barton all are Irish. I met Griffith this morning arriving at the Mansion House, erect, smiling, confident. He is sure of success, and has already received assurances of support from Cork, Kerry and Galway.

"The situation is far too delicate to bear discussion," he told me, "but everything is all right. I've no fear." Early this morning he issued an official statement replying to de Valera's manifesto. "I've signed the treaty of peace between Ireland and Great Britain. I believe that the treaty will lay the foundation of peace and friendship between the two nations. What I've signed I'll stand by. In the belief that an end of the conflict of centuries is at hand."

Collins announces that he is in full agreement with Griffith, and a similar position is taken by all the delegates to the peace conference.

It is predicted that de Valera after the defeat of the opposition to the ratification of the treaty, will resign and that Griffith will be elected to succeed him as first Prime Minister of the Irish Free State, thus placing the man who, more than anyone else, is responsible for the success of the movement in a position to shape the development of the new State in its first formative years.

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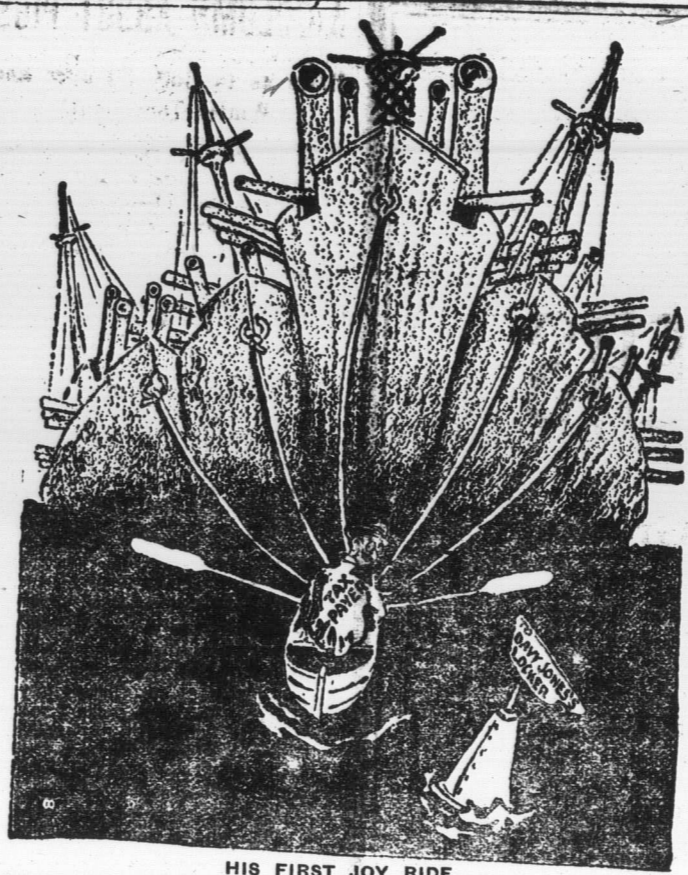
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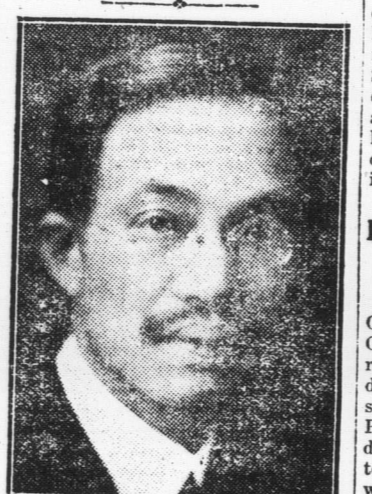
HIS FIRST JOY RIDE

Terms of Agreement Between Japan and China

A despatch from Washington says:—An agreement was reached late on Thursday by Chinese and Japanese delegates for the return to China of all public properties in the Kiao-Chow leasehold, subject to confirmation by Tokyo of one feature of the agreement. Japan will be allowed to retain such institutions as schools, shrines and cemeteries, which are exclusively Japanese in character. China on her part agrees to refund all moneys spent on public properties developed during the Japanese occupation.

Jamaica Goes Back on Preferential Measure

A despatch from Kingston, Jamaica, says:—Fearing retaliation by the United States Government, the Legislative Council strongly opposed the Government's tariff bill, under which preference would have been given to goods manufactured in Great Britain and particularly in the Dominion of Canada. As a result the bill was withdrawn, but it will be introduced later and provide for a modified form of preference.



Dr. Wang Distinguished Chinese statesman, who is one of the three representatives of his country engaged in secret committee with an equal number of Japanese at the Washington Conference in discussing the crucial Shantung problem.

BLIND FOUNDER OF ST. DUNSTAN'S IS DEAD

Sir Arthur Pearson Met End by Accidental Drowning.

A despatch from London says:—Sir Arthur Pearson met with an untimely and tragic death at his home here on Friday. While in his bath he slipped and struck his head against the faucet. Stunned, he fell in the water and was drowned. His death was due indirectly to the observance of his own guiding principles, that the blind should ask no man to help them, should do everything for themselves, and should live as if they were sighted.

Sir Arthur had dispensed with his valet, who had been with him many years, "lest the man should become a stumbling block in the way of blind efficiency."

He bathed, dressed and went about his house unattended; he knew where to find everything. Above all, he kept his mind thoroughly occupied, and so gave no thought to his infirmity. As usual, he went to his bath alone. No one knew what had happened to him until his secretary, wondering what delayed him, entered the bathroom.

Sir Arthur Pearson was the most cheerful, self-reliant, helpful, sightless man in the world. No finer monument could be erected to him than his St. Dunstan's Hospital for Blind Soldiers in London. It is a monument of achievement over misfortune and handicap; so inspiring is it, that it deserves to stand as a milestone marking human progress.

Lieutenant-Governor Drops Presidency of Plow Co.

A despatch from Brantford says:—On account of His Honor, Lieutenant-Governor Harry Cockshutt having to reside at Government House, Toronto, during his term of office, he has resigned as president of the Cockshutt Plow Co., Limited. And vice-president George Wellake has been elected to this position. Colonel Cockshutt will still retain his connection with the company as chairman of the Board of Directors. Mayor Wellake, who was vice-president and general manager, now assumes the dual post of president and general manager.

The average height of clouds is a mile, or rather more.

ENTENTE TO BE ARRANGED AMONG BRITAIN, JAPAN, FRANCE AND U.S.

A despatch from Washington says:—The Japanese delegation to the Conference on the Limitation of Armament stated early Thursday evening that, so far, no reply had been received from Tokio regarding Japan's acceptance of the 5-5-3 capital ship ratio and the problems which are interlocked with it. The reply may come some time during the night, but, until it arrives, matters relating to armament are at a standstill. As a result of this delay more than the usual amount of guessing is being one by those attached to the conference. The customary wild rumors are having a merry time. No sooner is one rumor proved false than another rises to take its place. All day the propagandist, too, has had his opportunity. Persons in close touch with the British authorities state that as soon as the Tokio reply is received the big outstanding work of the conference will be concluded. Only a plenary meeting will be required to provide it with its dramatic effect before the world. Providing the Tokio reply is what they assume it will be, these authorities say three things will result. These three things have been dealt with in a rather vague way before, but on Thursday were made reasonably clear. They are: (1) The naval disarmament will take the form of a treaty between Britain, United States, Japan, France and Italy. (2) An entente will be arranged between Britain, United States, Japan and France by an interchange of diplomatic notes, and not by treaty. (3) A declaration, perhaps known as the Declaration of Washington, will be published, setting forth all agreements made here for the future of China, and allowing for future meetings to carry these agreements into effect as soon as China shows that she can play her part.

Markets of the World

Toronto.
Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.20½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.21½; No. 3, \$1.14½.
Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 55½¢; No. 3 CW, 52½¢; extra No. 1 feed, 52½¢.
Manitoba barley—Nominal.
All the above track, Bay ports.
American corn—No. 2 yellow, 66¢, Bay ports.
Ontario oats—No. 2 white, nominal.
Ontario wheat—Nominal.
Barley—No. 3 extra, test 47 lbs. or better, 57 to 60¢, according to freights outside.
Buckwheat—No. 2, 68 to 70¢.
Rye—No. 2, 86 to 90¢.
Manitoba flour—First pats., \$7.40; second pats., \$6.90, Toronto.
Ontario flour—90 per cent. patent, bulk, seaboard, per barrel, \$4.80.
Milled—Del. Montreal, freight, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$24; shorts, per ton, \$26; good feed flour, \$17.50 to \$18.00.
Baled hay—Track, Toronto, per ton, No. 2, \$21.50 to \$22; mixed, \$18.
Eggs—Car lots, per ton, \$12.
Cheese—New, large, 21 to 22¢; twins, 21½ to 22½¢; triplets, 22½ to 23½¢; old, large, 25 to 26¢; twins, 25½ to 26½¢; triplets, 26 to 27¢; Stilltons, new, 25 to 26¢.
Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 33 to 35¢; creamery, prints, fresh, No. 1, 43 to 45¢; No. 2, 40 to 41¢; cooking, 36 to 38¢.
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 25 to 33¢; roosters, 20 to 25¢; fowl, 20 to 28¢; ducklings, 30 to 35¢; turkeys, 45 to 50¢; geese, 22 to 27¢.
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 20 to 25¢; roosters, 14 to 16¢; fowl, 14 to 22¢; ducklings, 22 to 25¢; turkeys, 45 to 50¢; geese, 15 to 20¢.
Margarine—23 to 25¢.
Eggs—No. 1 storage, 52 to 53¢; select, storage, 57 to 58¢; new laid, straight, 86 to 88¢; new laid, in cartons, 88 to 90¢.
Beans—Can. hand-picked, bushel, \$4 to \$4.25; primes, \$3.50 to \$3.75.
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5 imp. gals., \$2.35.
Maple sugar, lb., 19 to 22¢.
Honey—60-90-lb. tins, 14½ to 15¢ per lb.; 5-2½-lb. tins, 16 to 17¢ per lb.; Ontario comb honey, per doz., \$3.75 to \$4.50.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 24 to 26¢; cooked ham, 36 to 40¢, smoked rolls, 23 to 24¢; cottage rolls, 25 to 26¢; breakfast bacon, 25 to 30¢; special brand breakfast bacon, 30 to 35¢; cured meats, 33 to 36¢.
Lard—Pure, tierces, 14 to 14½¢; tubs, 14½ to 15¢; pails, 15 to 15½¢; prints, 16½ to 17¢. Shortening, tierces, 13¢; tubs, 13½¢; pails, 14¢; prints, 15½¢.
Choice heavy steers, \$6 to \$8.50; butcher steers, choice, \$5.75 to \$6.50; do, good, \$5 to \$5.75; do, med., \$4.50 to \$5; do, com., \$3 to \$4; butchers' heifers, choice, \$5.75 to \$6.50; butchers' cows, choice, \$4.50 to \$5.50; do, med., \$3 to \$4; camers and cutters, \$2.25 to \$2.75; butcher bulls, good, \$3.50 to \$4.50; do, com., \$2.50 to \$3; feeders, good, 900 lbs., \$5 to \$5.50; do, fair, \$4.50 to \$5; stockers, good, \$4 to \$4.50; do, fair, \$3 to \$4; milkers, \$80 to \$100; springers, choice, \$90 to \$110; calves, choice, \$9.50 to \$12; do, med., \$8 to \$10; do, com., \$3 to \$6; lambs, good, \$10.50 to \$11.75; do, com., \$5.50 to \$8; sheep, choice, \$5 to \$5.25; do, good, \$3 to \$3.50; do, heavy and bucks, \$1 to \$2; hogs, fed and watered, \$9.90 to \$10.25; do, f.o.b., \$9.25 to \$9.60; do, country points, \$9 to \$9.35.
Montreal.
Oats—No. 3 C.W., 57 to 57½¢.
Flour, Man. Spring wheat pats., firsts, \$7.50. Rotted oats, 90-lb. bag, \$2.80 to \$2.85. Bran, \$2.25. Shorts, \$2.25.

Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$27 to \$28.
Cheese, finest easterns, 18 to 18½¢.
Butter, choicest creamery, 42 to 43¢.
Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1 to \$1.10.

The Teaching of Medicine in the Provincial University.

Interviewed in regard to the effect upon the teaching of medicine of the generous gifts of Sir John and Lady Eaton and of the Rockefeller Foundation, Sir Robert Falconer, President of the University of Toronto, said, "These gifts have made possible the appointment of physicians and surgeons of established reputation who are to devote almost all their time to the organization of medical education and the administration of the medical departments in the General Hospital. This reorganization so long desired and previously so impossible, has already shown its superiority over the former system and the charge has also made possible the segregation, for better treatment and more careful observation, of patients suffering from similar diseases. This unification and co-ordination of all departments, medicine, surgery, gynaecology, etc., has naturally resulted in a more efficient organization both in the Faculty of Medicine and in the General Hospital.

"Instead of clinical teaching being supplanted by laboratory experimentation, as was forecast by some who failed to see the advantages of the new system, the amount of time actually spent by the students in clinical study has been greatly increased and the clinical instruction, which for the most part is in the hands of men whose time is largely devoted to hospital work, is adequately supplemented by instruction given by men whose primary interests are those of the general practitioner. Indeed there is now in the Faculty of Medicine more clinical teaching than there has ever before been in the history of the provincial university. The same laboratories which were in operation under the old system are now used to supplement clinical teaching and to make it in every respect more effective.

"Without saying that the individual teacher or the practitioner in the hospital is better, as such, than his predecessor of a generation ago, it is quite within the truth to say that the general co-operation, the team work, is such under the new system that better results are secured both for the patient in the hospital and for the student under instruction.

"In brief, the two magnificent gifts referred to have made possible the inauguration of a highly effective organization in the Faculty of Medicine and the result of this is that those who are ill are receiving better treatment, while at the same time more thorough instruction is being given to the young men and women whose duty it will be, as physicians and surgeons to improve the health and save the lives of the sick and injured in this province."

Robber Gets Five Years and the Lash

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—Magistrate Sir Hugh John MacDonald made good his promise to suppress violent crime in Winnipeg with the lash when he sentenced John Hildey to five years in the penitentiary and twenty lashes for robbery.

AUTONOMY POSSESSED BY CANADA ONE OF DECIDING FACTORS IN PARLEY

A despatch from London says:—Although an analogy with the Orange Free State is suggested by the name of the proposed Irish Free State, the constitution and history of Canada continue to be cited as a pattern, and both are as a consequence very much the subject of discussion in the British press of to-day. Comparisons with Canada are being used both for and against the Irish agreement. The majority of the commentators point to the comparative smoothness with which the Canadian plan has operated. The Morning Post, on the other hand, points out that the first use of its fiscal autonomy which was made by Canada was the imposition of tariffs against the Mother country and the conclusion of a reciprocity agreement with the United States. The granting of fiscal autonomy to the Dominion of Canada, says the Post, has not worked out to the advantage of British traders and manufacturers, and the same will be true of the Irish case. The Sinn Fein delegates have been availing themselves of sources of information on Canadian history and affairs which are open to them in London, and what they have learned has proved of great weight with them. Positive proof of the non-exercise in practice of the right of veto of Canadian legislation, vested in the Crown, was furnished to them during the negotiations by Mr. Winston Churchill and proved one of the determining factors in their decision to sign the agreement. It is also one of the main points which they will place before the voters of Southern Ireland, Canada being quoted as a happy example of Dominion autonomy, as against the republican form of government of the United States, which is taken as a model by De Valera and those who share his opinions. It is understood that the Irish Office will shortly disappear and that Sir Hamar Greenwood will be given another Cabinet post, with a peerage later on. The creation of the Irish State will probably also lead to the formation of a new Dominion office in the British Government.

Returns of the Dominion Elections

	Lib.	Con.	Prog.	Lab.
Ontario	22	37	23	..
Quebec	65
Prince Edward Island	4
New Brunswick	5	5	1	..
Nova Scotia	16
Manitoba	2	..	12	1
Alberta	..	1	10	1
Saskatchewan	1	..	15	..
British Columbia	3	7	3	..
Totals	118	50	64	2



It's a Great Life if You Don't Weaken

By Jack Rabbit

THE CAUSE OF BACKACHE

Only in Rare Cases Does Backache Mean Kidney Trouble.

Every muscle in the body needs constantly a supply of rich, red blood in proportion to the work it does. The muscles of the back are under a heavy strain and have but little rest. When the blood is thin they lack nourishment, and the result is a sensation of pain in those muscles. Some people think pain in the back means kidney trouble, but the best medical authorities agree that backache seldom or never has anything to do with the kidneys. Organic kidney disease may have progressed to a critical point without developing a pain in the back. This being the case, pain in the back should always lead the sufferer to look to the condition of his blood. It will be found in most cases that the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to build up the blood will stop the sensation of pain in the ill-nourished muscles of the back. How much better it is to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for the blood than to give way to unreasonable alarm about your kidneys. If you suspect your kidneys, any doctor can make tests in ten minutes that will set your fears at rest, or tell you the worst. But in any event to be perfectly healthy you must keep the blood in good condition, and for this purpose no other medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Waterloo medal was the first given to all ranks alike.

Origin of Steeplechase.

The etymology of steeplechase is too obvious to need set explanation. Founders of the sport merely fixed upon a distant steeple and rode straight to it, crossing gallantly hedge, ditch, piling, turf or timber, pasture, crops, moorland or ridge and furrow—whose riding straightest, came in first and was winner.

But there are few, indeed, to whom a wild goose chase bears any implication of sport, yet the phrase derives from a sport hazardous, indeed. It is said to have begun in Ireland, where a chosen leader took mounted men across country, but whose always the roughest, wildest going to be found. If mischance befell the leader some other took up the office—occasionally there was a change of leaders if the first proved timorous. For danger real and thrilling was the spice of the wild goose chase.

The winner was not he who came home first, but he who had flunked nothing in the route, even possibly have gone further around to negotiate an extra hazard.

Knowing this I have wondered a little if the Wild Geese—the Irish legions who, fighting for alien kings, have shown themselves prodigies of valor—did not take their name from the sport nearest the heart of their homeland.

Scientific Proof.

One day a teacher was having a first-grade class in physiology. She asked them if they knew that there was a burning fire in the body all of the time. One little girl spoke up and said: "Yes'm; when it is a cold day, I can see the smoke."

Minard's Liniment for Garget in Cows.



With The BOY SCOUTS

The Owen Sound Council of the Boy Scouts was reorganized recently and new plans and new life were injected into this work among the boys. The local Rotary Club is behind Owen Sound Scouting strong, and recently devoted one of its weekly meetings to a Boy Scout dinner at which Executive Secretary Frank C. Irwin of Toronto was the chief speaker. It was announced that there are now five Boy Scout Troops in the city and that three more will probably be formed before the end of the year. There will be general reorganization of the Scout movement in the city and all Scout bodies will be brought under one central governing council. In addition new troops will be organized and the work carried on in districts not now covered.

A meeting was held in Hamilton recently of the special committee in whose hands are the arrangements for the mammoth Scout display to be held some time in the early part of the coming year. It was decided that in addition to the actual display, booths will be erected which will illustrate the different subjects boys are taught to enable them to pass the Scout proficiency badge tests. The planning of the entertainment was left in the hands of a sub-committee and all the local Scoutmasters have been asked to inform this committee of all talent possessed as soon as possible.

William Aitchison was elected president of the Border Cities' Boy Scout Council at a meeting of the council held recently in Windsor. Mr. Aitchison was vice-president last year and has been actively identified with Scout work in the Border Cities for four years. He was president of the Fourth Troop when it was organized four years ago. It was arranged at the meeting that an officers' training course be opened in the Border Cities for the benefit of young men who have been Scouts or are interested in Scout work.

"Cascarets" if Sick, Bilious, Headachy from the Bowels

Get a 10-cent box now. You men and women who can't get feeling right—who have headache, coated tongue, bad taste and foul breath, dizziness, can't sleep, are bilious, nervous and upset, bothered with a sick, gassy, disordered stomach, or have a bad cold. Are you keeping your bowels clean with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passage every few days with salts, cathartic pills or castor oil? Cascarets work while you sleep; cleanse the stomach of sour, fermenting food and foul gases; take the excess bile from liver and carry out of the system all the constipated poison in the bowels. A Cascaret physic to-night will straighten you out by morning.

Cock-Crowing Belgian Sport. Cock-crowing competitions are very popular among the working classes in Belgium. The roosters are ranged in cases, and official markers note the number of crows. The cock that has uttered its shrill cry the most times in an hour carries off the prize.

Soldiers Learned Value of Forests.

The remarkable increase in the interest which Canadians are taking in their forests is attributed by some to the fact that members of the Canadian Expeditionary force in the war came home with a new conception of how vital forests are to any state, both in peace and war, and also how large a proportion of land in countries of dense population is devoted to forest culture. This is doubtless one reason, and the rise in the cost of forest products of all kinds has also been a contributing factor. Perhaps the chief reason has been the realization by both civilians and soldiers of the folly, amounting to criminality, of allowing a great natural resource to be destroyed by the careless handling of fire.

Honey Refrigerator in Hives. It is the habit of bees to place their honey in the coolest place in the hive, and the young insects in the warmest.

Great Drydock. The greatest drydock on the Mediterranean is planned by the Italian Government at Naples.

Some Fish Never Sleep. Salmon, pike and goldfish are said to be the only fish that never sleep.

The Persians have a different name for each day in the month.

The leech is the only animal that possesses three separate jaws.

Still hope! It is foolish to be sorry you came until you reach the end of the road.

In Italy wheeled traffic keeps to the left in the large towns, but to the right in the country.

The nettle, which has eighteen common varieties, is the most widely spread of any wild plant.

WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little ones she would not be without them. The Tablets are a perfect home remedy. They regulate the bowels and stomach; drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fever and make baby healthy and happy. Concerning them, Mrs. Noble A. Pye, Ecum Specum, N.S., writes:—"I have found Baby's Own Tablets of great benefit for my children and I would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Predicts Armageddon Within the Decade.

An astrologer who signs himself "Septarial," writing in the British Journal of Astrology, says that the year 1926 is destined to shake the world to its foundations, both physically and politically. After general trying misfortunes, he says, there will be a battle of Armageddon, with the entry six years later of "the Mighty One of Israel." The great final conflict, he says, will be waged against Mohammedanism allied with the Bolsheviks, which will push in the direction of the Holy Land, where, north of Jerusalem, the fight will be carried to its predestined end. Four great Powers will be allied against the Anglo-Saxons, which will be gathered again from all parts of the earth. There will be a British-Israel victory in the end and universal peace.

MONEY ORDERS. Remit by Dominion Express Money Order. If lost or stolen you get your money back.

A Gas from Wood. Sulphite turpentine gas given off when wood is boiled in paper-making is used in making TNT.

His Hearing Restored.

The invisible ear drum invented by A. O. Leonard, which is a miniature megaphone, fitting inside the ear entirely out of sight, is restoring the hearing of hundreds of people in New York City. Mr. Leonard invented this drum to relieve himself of deafness and head noises, and it does this so successfully that no one could tell he is a deaf man. It is effective when deafness is caused by catarrh or by perforated, or wholly destroyed natural drums. A request for information to A. O. Leonard, Suite 437, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York City, will be given a prompt reply.

LUMBERMAN'S FRIEND

The Original and Only Genuine
MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT
YARMOUTH, N. S.

COARSE SALT LAND SALT
Bulk Carlots
TORONTO SALT WORKS
C. J. CLIFF - TORONTO

When your head is dull and heavy your tongue furred, your bowels costive; when you have no appetite for food, no strength for work and no interest in life; your stomach is at fault. You need **Mother Seigel's Syrup**, which contains medicinal extracts of more than ten different roots, barks and leaves, which are wonderfully beneficial upon the digestive organs. Sold in 50c. and \$1.00 bottles at drug stores. 7-921

Angels' Hair Candy Made from Gourds.

In Spain and the Canary Islands has long been grown a kind of gourd, the size of a small watermelon, green blotched with white, which is very good to eat. It is called "pantama," and until recently botanists have supposed that it came from the Far East, another name for it being "Siam gourd."

It turns out, however, that this gourd is of American origin, and was eaten by the people of Mexico long before the days of Cortez and Montezuma, being known to them as "chilacayote." The Spaniards took it to Europe and introduced it in their own country.

A curious thing about it is that its white flesh, when the gourd is cooked, resolves itself into long filaments resembling vermicelli. Cut in quarters and boiled forty-five minutes, the vegetable is then transferred to cold water, whereupon, with a little stirring, the pulp detaches itself from the rind and takes the form of slender threads, which may be served with soup, with milk, "au gratin" with cheese, or in various other ways.

In the Canary Islands the vermicelli-like filaments are converted into a delicious candy by putting them into boiling syrup and cooking until the syrup cracks and cooking until the candy thus made is pretty, transparent, light yellow in color, and is called "angel's hair."

In a certain public park there are seats around the bandstand with this notice posted on them: "The seats in the vicinity of the bandstand are for the use of ladies. Gentlemen should make use of them only after the former are seated."

The actual weight of the human brain or the size of the head is no sign of special intelligence.

Minard's Liniment for Distemper.

A grasshopper's ears are just below its knees.

Mother! Clean Child's Bowels With California Fig Syrup

Even a sick child loves the "fruity" taste of "California Fig Syrup." If the little tongue is coated, or if your child is listless, cross, feverish, full of cold, or has colic, give a teaspoonful to cleanse the liver and bowels. In a few hours you can see for yourself how thoroughly it works all the constipation poison, sour bile and waste out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

Millions of mothers keep "California Fig Syrup" handy. They know a teaspoonful to-day saves a sick child tomorrow. Ask your druggist for genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for babies and children of all ages printed on bottle. Mother! You must say "California" or you may get an imitation fig syrup.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies
Book on **DOG DISEASES**
and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address by the Author.
E. Gray Glover, Co., Inc.
118 West 51st Street
New York, U.S.A.

USE SLOAN'S TO EASE LAME BACKS

YOU can't do your best when your back and every muscle aches with fatigue.

Apply Sloan's Liniment freely, without rubbing, and enjoy a penetrating glow of warmth and comfort.

Good for rheumatism, neuralgia, sprains and strains, aches and pains, sciatica, sore muscles, stiff joints and the after effects of weather exposure.

For forty years pain's enemy. Ask your neighbor. Keep Sloan's handy. At all druggists—35c, 70c, \$1.40. Made in Canada.

Sloan's Liniment (Pain's enemy)

PAGE'S PAY CHECK NOW MUCH BIGGER

CAN WORK EVERY DAY SINCE TAKING TANLAC.

Troubles Gone, He Eats Anything and Feels Fine All the Time Now.

"I am putting in full time at work since Tanlac has got me in such fine shape," said William Page, 29 Hamilton St., Toronto, Ont.

"My troubles had been pulling me down for six years and during all that time I hardly knew what it was to ever feel good. My stomach was all out of order and as regular as I ate anything I had to pay for it in suffering. There was a burning like fire in my stomach, I would blot all up with gas that nearly cut off my breath and at times I had such smothering spells that I thought each breath would be my last. I had frequent attacks of rheumatism in both knees and ankles and sometimes these spells nearly laid me out altogether. My nerves were all unstrung, I was restless all night long and could sleep but little, and when morning came I never felt fit for work.

"But Tanlac straightened me out and to-day I am feeling fine and in absolutely sound health. I have a corking good appetite and can eat anything set before me and digest it as good as I ever could. My nerves are strong as steel and the rheumatism has just about completely gone. I sleep like a top and get up mornings ready for a big day's work."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere. Adv.

Bar Magnet. An inventor has mounted a small bar magnet on a hinged support to pick up phonograph needles.

Classified Advertisements.

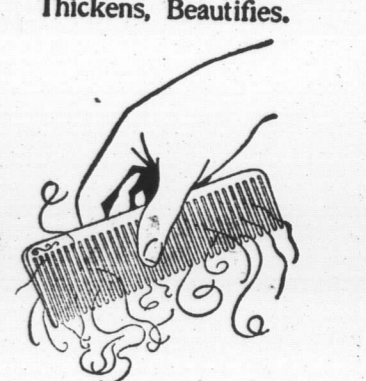
HELP WANTED. LADIES WANTED—TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance; charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal.

PLAYER PIANO FOR SALE. BELL PLAYER PIANO IN GOOD condition, with a large number of music rolls, for sale at a bargain. L. Costello, 73 West Adelaide Street, Toronto.

BELTING FOR SALE. ALL KINDS OF NEW AND USED belting, pulleys, saws, cable, hose, packing, etc., shipped subject to approval at lowest prices in Canada. YORK BELTING CO., 116 YORK STREET, TORONTO.

DANDERINE

Stops Hair Coming Out; Thickens, Beautifies.



35-cents buys a bottle of "Danderine" at any drug store. After one application you can not find a particle of dandruff or a falling hair. Besides, every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and abundance.

THE MISERY OF BACKACHE

Removed by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Meaford, Ont.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for backache, and I also had a female weakness. I felt dizzy and nervous, and was without energy. I had to force myself to do my work, and was always tired. Saw a Pinkham advertisement which induced me to take the Vegetable Compound, and my back gradually stopped aching and I felt lighter in spirits. I am recommending the Vegetable Compound with pleasure to all I meet who complain as I did."—MILDRED EROOK, Meaford, Ont.

Woman's Precious Gift

The one which she should most zealously guard is her health, but she often neglects to do so in season until some ailment peculiar to her sex has fastened itself upon her. When so affected women may rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a remedy that has been wonderfully successful in restoring health to suffering women. If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

ISSUE No. 55-25

HEALTH EDUCATION BY DR. J. J. MIDDLETON

Provincial Board of Health, Ontario

Dr. Middleton will be glad to answer questions on Public Health matters through this column. Address him at Spadina House, Spadina Crescent, Toronto.

There appears to be a doubt in the mind of many of my correspondents as to what Public Health actually means. At the head of the column in which I write articles on Public Health, questions on Public Health subjects are invited, and I shall be glad to answer such questions. But in many cases letters are received from people asking me for suggestions regarding treatment for some ailment they have and which they would like to get rid of. Now I desire to make it plain that I cannot answer questions of this sort. It would be useless for me to do so if I wanted to, for I have not seen the patient and could not diagnose their trouble from statements in a letter. Besides, treatment of disease is the particular and special work of the family or local physician. He is the man on the spot and the right man to consult in cases where medical advice is desired.

For instance, one woman writes that she enjoys my articles on Public Health and wants to know if I could tell her what to do for a "floating kidney." In another case a mother writes to say that her baby had a heat rash and wishes to know what she should do for it, while just this morning I received a letter from an old gentleman to say that he had fits and wanted me to tell him what treatment he should adopt.

Now, there are many similar letters reaching me which I need not relate

here, but in every case I have to refer such cases to the physician.

The work of a Public Health official deals largely with hygiene and preventive medicine, and by these terms I mean ways and means of preserving health and keeping the body and mind in full strength and vigor, and giving warnings of danger to health that will undoubtedly follow neglect of hygienic principles either in personal or community life. As regards the care and treatment of the sick, that is a phase of medical work by itself, and the local physician is the man to deal with sickness in any community.

The Public Health official is really a teacher and sanitarian. His work is preventive, rather than curative—in fact about the only instance where Public Health officials undertake treatment is in the prevention or control of communicable or infectious diseases when such diseases are a menace to the health of other people.

My advice to all those who write to me telling of their personal ailments is to see their doctor, because these ailments are not in the line of Public Health work. My purpose is especially to keep people well, and to this end I shall be glad to answer any questions that may help anyone to remain in good health and preserve their full vigor and activity, and I shall try to give full publicity to those principles of hygiene that tend to maintain health and happiness and raise the general standard of living.

Real Rest Depends Largely Upon the Depth of Your Sleep

A warning to "light" or "poor" sleepers

The deeper and sounder you sleep the better you feel. Five hours sound refreshing sleep does you more actual good than ten hours restless, disturbed sleep.

This is because the final conversion of food into vital tissue and nerve cells goes on more rapidly when the physical and mental forces are at rest.

You can't get sound, refreshing sleep if your nerves are agitated with tea or coffee. Both these drinks contain caffeine, which is sometimes very irritating to the brain and nervous system.

If you want to know the joy, vigor and stamina that comes to the person who gets sound, healthful sleep, why not stop taking tea or coffee for a while, and drink delicious, invigorating Postum instead.

Thousands of people everywhere have found that this was the only thing they needed in order to bring about these very happy results.

Order Postum from your grocer today. Drink this delightful cereal beverage of satisfying flavor, for a week. Perhaps, like thousands of others, you'll never be willing to go back to tea or coffee.

Postum comes in two forms: Instant Postum (in tins) made instantly in the cup by the addition of boiling water. Postum Cereal (in packages of larger bulk, for those who prefer to make the drink while the meal is being prepared) made by boiling for 20 minutes.

Postum for Health "There's a Reason"

Bell and Dominion Organs and Pianos

Now the evenings are getting longer the call for indoor entertainment becomes more insistent, a good plan to follow is to have good music in your home and keep the young people where you can vouch for the amusement.

There are no better Pianos or Organs made

A. Taylor & Son
Athens Ontario

R. J. Campo announces that he will give away absolutely

FREE

One Starr Phonograph to the person guessing the correct or nearest correct time, that a watch stops, said watch to be wound and sealed in a box to be opened on Xmas eve.

One guess free with every dollar spent in store.

R. J. Campo

XMAS

Comes But Once a Year

We are Headquarters for

Xmas Presents That Last
Big Comfortable Easy Chairs Davenport
Jardiniere Stands Ash Trays Tea Wagons
Book Cases Reading Lamps Clocks, Etc
Hand Sleighs Children's Dining Suites
Doll Cradles Doll Carriages.

FURNITURE

Big Special in a Living Room Suite

Seven piece set, made of Solid Oak, including Library Table, Arm Chair, Arm Rocker, Small Reception Chair and Rocker, Jardiniere Stand and Book Rest, in fumed finish. Chairs and Rockers upholstered with strong imitation spanish leather, over spring seats, pad backs. **EXTRA SPECIAL. \$45.00**

See this suite and you will be convinced that it is a real suite for little money

Picture Framing and Upholstering

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Furniture and Funeral Director Athens

Christ Church Sunday School Entertainment

BLUEBIRDS WEDDING

Sing a song of fifteen cents
A wedding for to see
On the 20th of December
At the Christ Church Xmas Tree
I've saved me up a nickle
Now I only need a dime
Then I'll go to see the Bluebirds
And have the goodiest time
Now the most important person
At a wedding—is the Bride
So I spose that Wee Beau Smith
Will be quite puffed up with pride
The humming bird' thats Anna Town
Is to be Flower Girl
Bet F'o Smith and Dorothy Morris
Keep the groomsman in a whirl
For you see they are the Bridesmaids
Then two Robins with eyes bright
Audrey Town and Beatrice Hockey
Are the groomsman for the night
Then we'll see old Daddy Bluebird
Kalvin Nicol—he's a joke
Mother Bluebird, thats Jean Kavanagh
Sure you'd know her—if she spoke
Then the Bluebird twins - there funny
Gertrude Wilson and Marjory Peat
Little Miss Orleo'e—thats Atherine
Whaley
Sings a song—she sure can peep
Old Father Owl, thats Aldyn Hamblin
Looks as wise as wise can be
But sure he's sposed to 'cause he's the
gink—'t' at performs the ceremony
Hilda Goodbody and G'ford
As little Canaries, sweetly sing
While the acrobat—Wilbur Whaley
Tumbles nimbly thru a ring
Mildred Hockey dressed like a Robin
And Borden Morris too will be there
Alva Gifford will be guest of honour
Say—I would'nt miss it for a fair.

THE KINGS OF THE ORIENT

There is a'ways a time in ones life
so they say
At your best you will surely appear
So the times come at last the girls in
our school
On the twentieth day of this year
When in the song picture they sweetly
appear
As pure little angels in white
No matter how naughty the rest of
the year
Don't forget they were perfect that
night
Then our Boys as Good Sheperds
How saintly they look
Without even a ghost of a smile
While the Angels are singing
Then Howard will speak, and bid
them rest a while
And Herod will issue a mandate so
fierce
That we wonder at such cruelty from
a nice Boy like Donald
Poor James quakes with fear
Course they're just pretending, you
see
Then what could be better than the
choice of the Kings
Such very wise fellows all three
The Rector—Art Seymour and Syd-
ney Burchell
Now with me I am sure you'll agree
Mrs. Ross as Madonna on that night
And one more—for her name there's
no room
But she'd welcome you gladly and
bid you good cheer
If you care to our Concert to come

Anglican Notes

The young people look forward each week to a pleasant and profitable Tuesday evening spent at the A. Y. P. A. This week a Literary Entertainment was given, when Mr. Campbell of A. H. S. gave a very fine address on Shakespeare's Macbeth. Last Sunday Mr. Burchell took charge of the Sunday School as Mr. Johnson was nursing a cold, and expressed surprise and satisfaction at the progress the school is making. The Choir is preparing Special Music for the Christmas Services and a rare treat is in store for all who can attend Christ Church Sunday School Entertainment on Tuesday Dec. 20th. The Audience is requested to come early as the Entertainment will open at 7.45 sharp in order to let the children be home in good time. The plan of the hall is now open at Mr. Tribune's.—Have you secured a seat?

Womans Institute Items

DO YOU KNOW—

That the Women's Institute is the largest Women's organization in the world.

That there are Institutes in Canada, England, Wales, Belgium, Southern Russia, France, and the Japanese authorities are studying the Ontario system of organization with a view of organizing Institutes in Japan.

There are 930 W. I. in Ontario with a membership of over 30,000.

Four Conventions are now held in Ontario, to accomodate delegates, in North Bay, Ottawa, Toronto, London.

The keynote of the Women's Institute is service for the "Home and Country"

The aim of every Institute is to co-operate with the citizens and local governing bodies or Councils, school boards, etc for the improvement of home, school and community conditions.

Some Institutes in England have in their lists of active members, every woman in their respective communities. That is what we ardently wish for in our local Institute. There is something each may do and somehow each may be benefited. If you are not a member do not delay. We want your presence at our meetings, we want your suggestions and we want your help.

Charleston

The roads at present are in good condition for motoring.

Mrs. W. Gray is now better after a seige of illness.

Mrs. P. Shea is very ill at her home in Sheatown.

Quite a number from here attended the dance in the Town Hall, Athens, on Friday evening.

Several persons took advantage of the beautiful weather on Sunday afternoon and paid a visit to the Lake.

Electon day passed off quietly here. As many women as men made use of their franchise. The telephone line between Charleston and Lyndhurst was out of commission on election day, much to the displeasure of the people who were eager for news.

Miss Flossie Spence who has been Nursing in a Contagious Hospital, Philadelphia, has been called to Peterboro by the serious illness of her cousin, Mr. W. G. Munn.

Guidboard Corners.

On Sunday morning last Mr. and Mrs. Ephraim Robeson, Hard Island, held a short "Memorial Service", at "The Lilacs" for their dear old friend the late Geo. P. Wight.

Mrs. Coleman spent the week-end at the home of Mr. Wm. Hamblin. Much sympathy is felt for Mr. Hamblin and family in their loss of an affectionate wife and mother.

Miss Dossie Coleman visited friends in Athens last week.

Mr. John Hitchcock and son, Smith Falls, called on friends here recently. Mrs. John Gardiner has been quite ill but is now much better.

Dr. Peat paid professional calls in the neighborhood during the last few days.

Very lively preparations are in order now for the Children's Xmas Tree in connection with the Hard Island Sunday School.

Mr. Jack Coleman has been somewhat indisposed this week, suffering from a lame ankle.

Rod and Gun for December

The Christmas issue of Rod and Gun in Canada is particularly attractive and is replete with many stories which will appeal to the heart of the true sportsman. Allen H. Kerr's "Trout Hunting on the Kenogami and Kenogamesis" as the opening article will prove a realistic tale, the ever popular F. V. Williams and Bonyeastle Dale's narratives are of the usual high standard. The article by A. F. Wallace entitled "Clam and Pearl Fish" will undoubtedly be of vivid interest as well as instructive.

Guns & Ammunition, Along the Trapline, and Fishing Notes, contain several articles valuable to the various readers. ROD AND GUN IN CANADA is published monthly by W. J. Taylor, Limited, Woodstock, Ont.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

Xmas Cards

See our samples and get our prices.

Reporter Job Dept., Athens

The Churches

Methodist Church

Rev. S. F. Newton, Minister

10.30 a.m.—
7.00 p.m.—
Sunday School—
1.30 p.m.—Catechism Class.
2.30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Cottage Prayer Meeting Monday at 7.30 p.m.
Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 7.30 p.m.

Baptist Church

R. E. NICHOLS, Pastor

Plum Hollow—
Sunday School 10.30
Morning Service 11 A. M.
Athens—
11.00 a.m.—Sunday School.
Evening Service—7.00
Prayer Meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 p.m.
Song Service Evening Sunday at 6.45

PARISH OF

Lansdowne Rear

Rev. V. O. Boyle, M.A., Rector

4th Sunday in Advent
Christ Church, Athens—
2.30 p. m. Sunday School
7.00 p. m. Evening Prayer
Trinity Church, Oak Leaf—
10.30 a.m. Sunday School
11.00 a.m.—Holy Communion.
St. Paul's, Delta—
1.30 p. m. Sunday School
2.30 p.m.—Evening Prayer.

Mr. P. G. Hollingsworth begs to announce that he has opened up a first class MEAT MARKET in connection with the grocery recently opened on Elgin St. All orders given prompt attention. All orders delivered.

We beg to call your attention to the fact that we carry a very complete line of Drug Sundries and can give you very attractive prices. The Bazaar' R. J. Campo, Prop.

BEAUMONT S. CORNELL

M.B., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.
53 James St. E. Brockville
Evenings 7-8 Afternoons 1-4
By Appointment Phone 870

GEORGE W. LEE

Issuer of Marriage Licenses
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Athens - Ontario

EATON—The Auctioneer

Sales conducted any place in Leeds County at reasonable rates. Farmers' Sales and Real Estate a Specialty. Write or call on A. M. EATON ATHENS, ONT.

IMERSON—The Auctioneer

Write or Phone early for dates or call the Reporter and arrange for your Sale.
H. W. IMERSON, Auctioneer

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Effective October 2nd

The following Winter Service is now in effect giving excellent train connections, to Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal and Intermediate Points, also to Western Canada, Pacific and Atlantic Coast Points.

LOCAL TIME-TABLE TO AND FROM BROCKVILLE DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

Departures	Arrivals
8.00 A. M.	11.50 A. M.
3.15 P. M.	12.15 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	7.25 P. M.

SUNDAY SERVICE

8.00 A. M.	7.25 P. M.
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For rates and particulars apply to G.W.O. H. McGLADE City Passenger Agent
A. J. POTVIN, City Ticket Agent
50 King St. West, Cor. Court House Ave
Brockville, Ontario Phone 14 and 530

Canadian National Railways

BROCKVILLE - WESTPORT IMPROVED SERVICE

Motor Car to and from C. N. Station, Brockville.

DAILY

Lvs. BROCKVILLE	9.00 a.m.	1.00 p.m.	5.00 p.m.	9.00 p.m.
Arr. WESTPORT	10.45 a.m.	2.45 p.m.	6.45 p.m.	10.45 p.m.

Lvs. WESTPORT	7.00 a.m.	11.00 a.m.	3.00 p.m.	7.00 p.m.
Arr. BROCKVILLE	8.45 a.m.	12.45 p.m.	4.45 p.m.	8.45 p.m.

NOTE: Motor car carries passengers and hand baggage only.

Steam Train to and from G. T. Station, Brockville.

Daily, except Sunday.

Lvs. BROCKVILLE	2.50 p.m.	Lvs. WESTPORT	9.00 a.m.
Arr. WESTPORT	6.15 p.m.	Arr. BROCKVILLE	12.00 Noon

Tickets and full information obtainable at Ticket Office.