

43RD YEAR

NO. 17918

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1906.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

QUAKER CITY BANK
SHORN 7 MILLIONSReal Estate Trust Co. Looted
by Dead President.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH A LOSER

Vast Sum Loaned on Doubtful Collateral—General Assembly Funds Involved.

Philadelphia, Aug. 28.—So great was the confidence reposed in Frank K. Hipple, late president of the Real Estate Trust Company, which was yesterday forced to the wall because of the secret business transactions of Mr. Hipple, that the institution was virtually the bank of the Presbyterian Church. Not only the General Assembly, which was a large depositor, but even the smallest Sunday school organizations, and hundreds of individuals, with abiding faith in the integrity of the late president, had entrusted their funds and savings to the institution.

"It almost destroys a person's faith in human nature," said H. P. Ford, private secretary to Dr. Alex. Henry, secretary of the board of publication and Sabbath school work of the Presbyterian Church. "As treasurer of the trustees of the General Assembly, Mr. Hipple had control over \$1,000,000, and as treasurer of the permanent committee on home missions and sustentation, in the Synod of Pennsylvania, and the Presbyterian Hospital of this city, other large amounts were at his command."

Lost On Soo Stock.
Hipple was not known to have been a stock speculator, although financiers say he was one of the many who lost heavily in Consolidated Lake Superior Company stock several months ago. Real estate investments seem to have engaged his attention almost exclusively. This is borne out through his connections with Adolph Segal and the latter's enterprises.

Bankers believe that the Real Estate Trust Company failure does not involve any other banking house in the city. According to John H. Milner, president of the Clearing House Association, that body stood ready to advance all the money required by the trust company, provided the proper security was offered. The directors of the trust company are severely criticized by the members of the Clearing House Association for their laxity in allowing themselves to be deceived by the condition of the company and the transactions of President Hipple.

Philadelphia, Aug. 28.—Unable to meet its obligations, because of the large amount of money loaned on insufficient security by its president, now dead, the Real Estate Trust Company, of Philadelphia, which up to last Saturday was considered one of the strongest financial institutions in the city, closed its doors today, and George H. Earle, jun., a prominent financier, was appointed receiver.

The liabilities of the company are placed at \$10,000,000, against which there are quick assets of about \$3,500,000, and collateral of about \$8,000,000, which is not negotiable or readily convertible. The doubtful collateral is held mostly as security for loans of about \$5,300,000 made to Adolph Segal, a promoter of this city.

The man responsible for the failure was Frank K. Hipple, one of Philadelphia's best known citizens, who died suddenly last Friday morning in his country home at Bryn Mawr, where, under circumstances which, in the light of today's developments, lead to the suspicion that he may have committed suicide.

Mr. Hipple, in addition to being president of the Real Estate Trust Company, was treasurer of the board.

Continued on page nine.

Up Goes Price of Shoes
Not Later Than Oct. 1Manufacturers Claim They Are
Driven to It—Leather Short,
Findings Dearer.

Owing to the comparatively small number of cattle killed this year, and to the increased demand for leather to be used in upholstering automobiles, leather belting for machinery, automobile coats, etc., the manufacturers of boots and shoes find themselves face to face with a very serious shortage of leather.

Findings and the price of labor have also combined to make the manufacture of footwear much more expensive, and at the same time really less profitable for the manufacturer, jobber and retailer, than during the time of low prices.

Recent reports indicate that leather has not yet reached the top notch in price. Leading tanners claim that there will be a further advance in hides this fall.

Prices Must Go Up.

It was stated by a local shoe manufacturer today that the prices of shoes must go up.

"The manufacturers for a couple of

STANDARD OIL DENIES

Company Has No Intentions of Forming
an Alcohol Trust.

New York, Aug. 28.—M. F. Elliott, general counsel for the Standard Oil Company, was shown the telegram from Peoria, Ill., to the effect that the Standard Oil Company had taken steps to acquire all of the principal distilleries in the United States as a result of the passage of alcohol law by Congress.

"Nothing could be more absurd," said Mr. Elliott. "The Standard Oil Company has taken no steps in this direction whatever, nor will it. We have no interest whatever in buying up distilleries or in the manufacture of denatured alcohol. There have been no negotiations to that end and no talk of any."

ENGLISH LABOR
WILL ASK MUCHSuccess at Elections Spurs the
Party to Demand Sweep-
ing Reforms.

Liverpool, Eng., Aug. 29.—Representatives of organized labor of Great Britain will assemble here Sept. 3 for the 39th annual trades union congress, and will continue in session for five days. The wonderful success of the candidates of organized labor at the national elections and the number of problems, for which solution must be sought along political lines, that are to come before the congress, give special importance to the session. The advance programme contains 27 sections, and the subjects run from the deeply serious to the highly novel.

A proposal interesting to Americans favors "the passage in Great Britain of a homestead act, such as exists in the United States exempting a reasonable amount of household goods from seizure. The dockers will protest against the passage of theological acts in the place of educational measures, and the gas workers will seek the passage of resolutions covering the following seven proposals:

1. The state maintenance of school children.
2. Scientific physical education, with medical inspection and review of the physical development of all children attending the state schools; and skilled medical attendance for any child requiring same.
3. The complete dissolution of reforms 1 and 2 from poor law administration.
4. A national system of education under full popular control, free and secular from the primary school to the university.
5. That secondary and technical education be an essential part of every child's education.
6. That the best intellectual and technical training be provided for the teachers of the children of the people.
7. That the best of education shall be met by grants from the imperial exchequer, and by the restoration of misappropriated educational endowments.

It is believed that the resolution declaring for the secularization of the schools will be carried by a heavy majority. There will be resolutions against militarism and welcoming international arbitration, recognizing May 1 as labor day, favoring universal old age pensions, applying to both sexes at the age of 60 years, and to be at the rate of at least five shillings per week.

There will also be action on the amendment of the aliens act which will probably be roundly scored. It is also expected that the Russian situation will be considered and that the congress will put itself on record in favor of responsible government in the disturbed empire.

Continued on page nine.

NO CLUES YET
IN DYNES CASESlayer of Windsor Man Still
Uncaught.

IS THERE WOMAN IN CASE?

Detectives Divided as to the Motive for
Murder and Case Seems Far
from Solution.

Gallen, Mich., Aug. 28.—No crime committed in Michigan in many years has presented such a tangled and hopeless mystery as the murder of Lloyd Dynes, night telegraph operator, in his office here, early Monday morning. It promises to be added to the long list of mysteries that have proved too much for the police.

That the murderer drew his inspiration from jealousy or vengeance arising out of one of the many love affairs in which Dynes was involved everyone now seems satisfied. The removing of a few worthless tools from the buildings near the station and the hiding of them under a nearby bridge seems obviously to be a mere ruse on the part of the murderer.

Had the crime been committed by thieves they would surely have taken the gold watch the young man carried and have secured the \$75 in money which was in his pocket. Then, too, if they had been robbers, a fight would have resulted before they found it necessary to put Dynes out of the way, but no evidence of struggle was to be seen about the room.

Enemies Suspected.
The fact that Dynes expected to be attacked and kept his revolver constantly with him also lends probability to the belief that enemies, robbers, took the young man's life. Yet there is one serious difficulty in the way of this theory.

If the foe whom Dynes had been expecting fired the shot, how did it happen that when he saw him coming through the door, he allowed him to approach near enough to seize his own revolver and fire it with the barrel so close to him that powder burned his face? Instantly on seeing the approach of the murderer would he not have seized his gun and prepared to defend himself?

These questions have given birth to another of the many theories that have gathered about the case. It is to the effect that one of the many young women with whom Dynes had been intimate in Gallen came to his office in the middle of the night, and during a conversation got the drop on him and fired.

This theory is looked upon as weak, however, as it furnished no means of explaining the removal of the tools from the trunk, the hiding of the mysterious footprints near John Vinton's granary, where the bag, in which some of the stolen plunder was put, was taken. It is true, though, that a number of small robberies have been taking place in Gallen lately and it might have happened that two parties bent on mischief were out on the same night.

Love Affair Suspected.

Dolan, the Michigan Canadian detective, says he thinks the crime grew, not out of robbery, but from one of Dynes' love affairs. But he also says he thinks the perpetrator of it lives in or about Gallen. In this he disagrees with Sheriff Tenny's men, who seem to be of the opinion that someone in Detroit is at the bottom of the shooting.

The fight with a strange man in Palmer Park, of which Dynes told H. Anson, the day dispatcher, is regarded as of much importance. The authorities here are anxiously waiting results of the investigation being made by the Detroit police.

The officers have until Sept. 5 to make their case, but they must either produce the guilty party or confess their failure to the adjourned session of the coroner's jury which will be held on that day.

Miss Cleo Dennison, the young woman to whom Dynes paid a great deal of attention while he was in this town, is inclined to make light of her relations with him.

"He was just a friend," she said. "We went walking a few times and he took me over to Hudson's, a summer resort on the lake near here. We were not engaged. He never told me anything about his troubles or about any enemies he had in Detroit or elsewhere."

It is certain that Dynes expected to be attacked. He was never without his revolver. When he was at work the gun lay on the desk before him. When he stepped out on the platform to flag a train he took it with him. When he slept in the day time the weapon lay on a chair beside his bed where he could place his hand upon it. For an operator who handled no money these precautions were unusual.

Besides, Dynes told some of his friends here that he expected trouble which might lead to his death. After the murder his room was searched by officers, and letters, which are said to furnish a valuable clue, were found. They were not threatening, but were in the nature of a warning from a friend that his life was in danger.

About two weeks ago the Gallen Advocate printed a story declaring that Dynes was a married man with a wife and child in Detroit. Someone from here is said to have seen him there with a woman who had a little child that is said to have resembled Dynes. He declared that the child was his sister's. He denied in the Advocate that he was married.

AN ACTRESS-ANGEL

How She Helped the Poor Fellows
Scalded in St. Thomas Wreck.

Woodstock, Aug. 28.—Conductor Stewart, who was injured in the C. P. R.-Wabash collision at St. Thomas, was able to bring his train here yesterday.

A story of pathetic interest is told by Conductor Stewart of a scene he witnessed at the wreck. One of the young lady members of the theatrical company aboard the special, who was evidently experienced in nursing, produced a bottle of oil from her traveling bag, and covering fireman Patterson's badly scalded body with it, she took off her silk undershirt, and ripping it into bandages, bound up the man's wounds.

In the same way she gave relief to Engineer McKay, who had been frightfully burned.

GRATEFUL CON
GREW OSCULATORYShowers Kisses on P. M.'s
Hands, But Hasn't Any
for Clerk Moulie.

Con Brown appeared at the police court this morning to answer to a charge of pushing a push-cart on one of the city sidewalks. Brown had just started in the fruit business, and did not know that it was against the law to push a cart on the sidewalk, so the magistrate allowed him to go on the condition that he refrain from pushing his cart on the sidewalk in future.

Brown went fairly wild with joy when he was liberated, and after assuring Magistrate Love that he had purchased a horse and had done away with the push-cart, which had brought him such grievous trouble, he grabbed the magistrate's hand and kissed it.

Just at this stage of the performance Clerk Moulie commenced to look a little nervous, as it was apparent that if Brown pursued lavishing any more kisses upon the court, his turn was coming next. But there was no show for the clerk; he was left out in the cold. Brown's gratitude and affection was all for the magistrate. Anyway, the clerk says himself he is not at all partial towards the male sex.

John Murray was to have appeared this morning to answer to a charge of using abusive language toward John Smith, but he did not appear, and a warrant for his arrest has been issued. The Thos. Kelly vs. Daniel Thompson abusive language case was settled out of court.

The Charles Laing vs. E. Predham non-payment of wages case was also settled out of court.

Edward Flannagan was fined \$5 or 20 days for being drunk.

Two first-time drunks were let go.

RAILROAD TO HUDSON'S BAY

Canadian Northern and G. T. Pacific
Join Hands in the Enterprise.

Winnipeg, Aug. 29.—A prominent citizen, well versed in railway matters, informed the Tribune today that a deal has been closed between the Canadian Northern Railway and the G. T. Pacific Railway for the construction of a line of railway to Hudson's Bay.

The starting point of the proposed new line is in Saskatchewan, and Regina is spoken of as the western terminus, although representatives of the companies are not absolutely agreed.

The fact is that both the C. N. R. and the G. T. P. R. heads were glad to get together in this matter, as they both fear that James J. Hill has his eye on the Hudson's Bay outlet," said the Tribune's informant. "The cost of the line," he added, "will not be a serious matter to the corporations, as the Government land grants will go a long way to paying practically the entire cost of construction."

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—FAIR.

Toronto, Aug. 28-8 p.m.—Local showers have occurred today in Alberta, Saskatchewan and British Columbia, while elsewhere in the Dominion it has been fine. The cool weather continues in all districts, with the exception of the Maritime Provinces, where it has been moderately warm.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 38-62; Victoria, 54-72; Kamloops, 56-84; Calgary, 48-64; Edmonton, 48-64; Winnipeg, 48-64; St. Paul, 48-64; St. Louis, 48-64; Montreal, 56-70; Quebec, 50-65; St. John, 52-75; Halifax, 54-80.

FORECASTS.

Wednesday, Aug. 29-8 a.m.—

Today—South and west winds, fine over the Bad Lands of South Dakota.

Tonight—Westerly winds and fair.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Weather.

Calgary. 46 42 Fair

Port Arthur. 54 42 Fair

Perry Sound. 54 42 Fair

Toronto. 60 52 Clear

Ottawa. 60 52 Clear

Quebec. 56 48 Fair

Father Point. 56 48 Cloudy

Winnipeg. 48 42 Clear

WHEATHER NOTES.

A barometric depression of some little importance is passing across Northern Ontario, and will cause strong southwest winds on the great lakes. The weather continues cool in the Northwest Provinces, but there has been no frost.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Tuesday were: Highest, 57.2; lowest, 46° above.

PUBLIC PRINTER HIDES

Has Been Driven Half Daffy by "Sim-
plified" Spelling Order.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 29.—Public Printer Stillings has been driven into deep retirement by the simplified spelling order of President Roosevelt. There have been so many inquiries as to what he will do under the new system that he has had no time to do anything but answer questions.

When he came here he had two telephones put into his apartments. Now he has none that can be worked by an outsider. The apartment exchange has strict orders not to ring the Stillings family. The public telephone exchange avers that the other telephone has been disconnected. The large number of calls caused the fiction to be invented to keep Printer Stillings from the annoyance of answering questions.

Since he took his seat Mr. Saunders has apparently been dissatisfied with Superintendent Moore, whom he accuses of procrastinating when ordered to carry out the wishes of the commissioners.

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100 DROPS

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Hatcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Remedy of Old Dr. J. C. Hatcher

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.

Fac-Simile Signature of Dr. J. C. Hatcher, NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 Doses—35 CENTS.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

BLOOD DISEASES
Guaranteed Cured or No Pay.

If you ever had any constitutional, acquired or hereditary blood disease, you are never safe until the virus or poison has been removed from the system. You may have had some disease years ago, but now and then some symptom alarms you. Some poison still lurks in your system. Can you afford to run the risk of more serious symptoms appearing as the poison multiplies? Beware of mercury or mineral drugs used indiscriminately—they may ruin the system. Thirty years' experience in the treatment of these diseases enables us to prescribe specific remedies that will positively cure all blood diseases of the worst character, leaving no bad effects on the system. Our New Method Treatment will purify and enrich the blood, heal up all ulcers, clear the skin, remove bone pains, fallen out hair will grow in, and swollen glands will return to a normal condition, and the patient will feel and look like a different person. All cases we accept for treatment are guaranteed a complete cure or no charge.

Reader: If in doubt as to your condition, you can consult us FREE OF CHARGE. Remember the old adage, "a stitch in time saves nine." Beware of incompetent doctors who have no reputation or reliability. Drs. K. & K. have been established over 27 years. You can pay after cure.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN
148 SHELBY ST., DETROIT, MICH.
Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 12 and 2 to 4 p. m.

"HELLO," AT WRONG TIME

Would-Be Masher Choked by Girl Till He Is Black in the Face.

Monongahela, Pa., Aug. 28. — Miss Katie Stephenson, a local "hello" girl, distinguished herself by inflicting summary punishment on a young man who insulted her. She afterward swore out a warrant for his arrest.

As Miss Stephenson and her sister, Annie, were returning from their work at the telephone office, they were accosted by Henry Roach and William Williams, Roach, it is alleged, made an insulting remark to the girls.

Katie hurried herself on Roach and threw him to the ground. She then jumped on him, clutching his throat with her fingers, started to choke him, and held on until he was black in the face, and begging for mercy. Finally she allowed him to get up and he disappeared with his companion.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Carter

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and so easy to take at home.

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR PALE SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

OUR BUCK HEADACHE.

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR PALE SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

OUR BUCK HEADACHE.

PHONETIC SPELLING

Mr. Roosevelt Orders It To Be Used in Various Govt. Departments.

Washington, Aug. 28. — The President's order regarding phonetic spelling will be extended to all parts of the United States Government. By his direction all public documents are to be printed with that form of spelling. A meeting was held yesterday, called by Public Printer Stillings, of all the chief clerks of the various departments, and a committee was appointed to formulate rules for carrying out this order. The committee will report at a further meeting.

DIES OF GRIEF FOR DOG

Virginia Woman's Heart Breaks When Her Pet Is Lost.

Norfolk, Aug. 28. — From grieving over her pet dog, Mrs. A. L. Huntley, a wealthy woman of Lamberts Point, is dead. Several months ago Mrs. Huntley lost her St. Bernard, which was a great pet of hers. She inserted an advertisement in the local papers offering a reward for the animal, dead or alive. The picture of the canine appeared in the advertisements. The dog failed to return, and Mrs. Huntley, from constant worry, died. Today a negro found the dog on the Sewell's Point road. The animal had no tag on it, and a policeman, not knowing to whom it belonged, killed it.

CALF SUCKS SNAKE VENOM

Man Bitten by Rattler Puts Finger in Bossy's Mouth—Animal Is Dead.

Thurmond, W. Va., Aug. 28. — When gathering huckleberries at the headwaters of Potter's Creek, Belme McCormick was bitten by a rattlesnake, the reptile sinking its fangs into his finger and hanging on until shaken off.

In a near-by field were two calves attempting to feed from a cow. Thoroughly frightened, McCormick leaped the fence, caught one of the calves, and placed the bitten finger in the animal's mouth. The calf immediately began sucking furiously on McCormick's poison-filled digit, drawing all the venom into its own system. McCormick has suffered but little from the effects of the bite, but the calf is dead.

ENGLAND PLAGUED BY HEAT AND ANTS

Suffers from Brief Wave of High Temperature and Rushes for Cooling Beverages.

London, Aug. 28. — The vagaries of the weather formed a fruitful topic of conversation in London last week, and, following the South American earthquake, have suggested to many minds a relationship of cause and effect.

For several days the temperature had been slowly rising, and the climax was reached on Wednesday, when the mercury went up with a jump to 87 degrees Fahrenheit in the shade, and achieved a record for this year.

Shopkeepers, particularly clothing and caterers, were quite taken by surprise by this heat wave. A legend displayed in tailors' establishments in the west end, "New Winter Goods Now in Stock," had a queer appearance of effect, and created in one an unholy desire to smash the shop windows. An abnormal demand was experienced for cooling drinks, and in many cafes and clubs the supply gave out at an early hour. The temperature came down with a mighty rush Thursday afternoon and Londoners were no longer troubled to devise schemes for keeping cool.

One remarkable phenomenon is reported. At Sandwich, what is described as resembling a black thundercloud advanced out of a fog which veiled the sea on Tuesday afternoon, and, crossing the sand hills, spread over the town and then descended. The cloud proved to consist of millions of winged ants. Pedestrians covered their heads with handkerchiefs and fled precipitately into shops and houses, while thousands of insects covered horses and vehicles in the streets. The River Stour was covered with a thick black layer. Later the visitation continued toward Deal and Ramsgate.

London is suffering from a plague of mosquitoes, and from Haresden, in the north, to Wimbledon, in the south, there are complaints of their ravages. Physicians in all parts have been consulted by persons suffering from septic poisoning set up by bites.

South Kensington's residents, who have suffered especially, suggested that the pest had been imported in cases arriving at the museum from various parts of the globe, but entomologists discredit the theory. According to one authority there are 25 known species of the family which can live in the British climate, and some have the disagreeable characteristics of the foreign mosquito.

STRUGGLE WITH THE WASP WAIST

Decry Fashion in London That Makes It Necessary and Then Hasten to Cultivate It.

London, Aug. 28. — The wasp waist is pushing its way into favor again, despite the fact that it is regarded by the majority of women with distrust. Fashion's decrees must be obeyed, however, and many women who are most emphatic in deploring the necessity of the wasp waist suffer much in their efforts to obtain one for themselves.

One well-known corsetiere says she always advises her customers to avoid tight lacing as it ruins the figure and shortens life. She contends it is a mistake to imagine that a man admires a tiny waist, as what he admires is a trim and rounded waist, which is easily cultivated "without discomfort, or cramping the body into corsets which resemble mail armor."

On the other hand, a west end costumier says the wasp waist need not be a result of tight lacing, and guarantees to give her customers a wasp waist without discomfort. Her secret is that she studies her customers. If a woman complains about the size of her waist she does not recommend tight lacing, but designs a gown which emphasizes the shoulders and hips and makes the waist in comparison appear a couple of inches smaller.

One physician, who was consulted on the subject, declared that he had issued warnings without end against tight lacing, and that at last he had given it up in despair. He could only offer this promise to a girl who was tightly laced: "If you will suffer from wrinkles around the eyes, purple cheeks, caused by imperfect circulation; red hands, broken veins in her nose, a worried expression, and, finally, gray hairs from malnutrition."

ACCUSED OF GRAFT

A Parisian Minister Mixed Up in a Colonial Scandal.

Berlin, Aug. 28. — The coils of public censure in connection with the graft scandal in the colonial department are tightening around Gen. Von Podbielski, the Prussian minister of agriculture. His wife's heavy financial interest in the firm of Tippelskirch & Co., accused of corrupting Major Fischer, and the consequent supposition that he must have had knowledge of that officer's relation with the firm, excite increasing disapproval.

A well-informed news agency announces that the minister's resignation may soon be laid in the hands of Kaiser, who tolerates no nonsense in anything affecting the army.

The latest development affecting Herr Podbielski is the revelation that while he was postmaster-general in Germany a few years ago, Tippelskirch & Co. were in the Government two floors of their new building in Klauhaus for postoffice purposes, the payment being so exorbitant that a few years' rental would have sufficed for the construction of a whole new building.

WAITERS MIGRATE FOR LACK OF TIPS

Resorts in England Unable to Obtain Men Because They Go to the Continent.

London, Aug. 28. — The close of the London season has brought about a dearth of waiters, and the chief waiting employment agencies are receiving dozens of applications which they are unable to meet. It is computed that every summer some five thousand "knights of the napkin" leave London for the continent and English seaside places. This year, however, a greater number than usual has gone away, says R. Kipfer, secretary of the London branch of the Union Helvetia, which in other words is the Swiss hotel employees' society, in explaining the cause of this migration, threw light on the tipping question. One reason is an increasing continental demand for waiters who speak English. But the most important reason "lies in the fact that London waiters find it a difficult matter to make a decent living in hotels and boarding houses on the English coasts. Englishmen who tip freely when abroad will, when in their own country, regard a hotel employee a sixpence or a shilling for two weeks' incessant attention. In consequence, fewer waiters have this year accepted engagements at these places."

Another feature of the tipping question mentioned by Mr. Kipfer was that in many seaside hotels the head waiter presents the bills to patrons and pockets all tips, with the result that an ordinary waiter finds it difficult to earn living wages.

THE KILLING OF DYNES

Jealousy May Have Prompted Murder of Young Windsorite.

Windsor, Aug. 28. — Albert Dynes, father of Lloyd Dynes, the Windsor telegraphist who was shot and killed, murdered in the Michigan Central office at Gallien, Mich., arrived here with the body today.

No definite clue has been found by the authorities investigating the matter at Gallien, but it is the general belief that Dynes was killed by some one who was jealous of him because of his popularity among women. There may be developments along this line.

Another theory, but one not widely accepted, is that he was killed by persons who intended to rob the station, but were frightened away by an approaching train before they got any valuables.

ALFONSO EATS RAILROAD GREENS

Signalmen Who Wash Track-Grown Vegetables Send Him Hamper a Day.

Paris, Aug. 28. — The private table of King Alfonso of Spain is served with vegetables grown in the smoke of a Paris railroad line. It happened that when King Alfonso made his first visit to Paris he noticed from the window a small triangle between the signal-box and the line, every inch of which was made to grow lettuce, cabbages, onions, etc., which flourished exceedingly, and, as he said, looked as if they were watered by hand between each smoke-vomiting express. He commented on the garden at President Loubet's table, and the president said he, too, was interested, and had learned that the two signalmen actually did sponge every leaf thrice a day. The king, in a burst of enthusiasm, paid a visit to the signal men, and has since evidently talked the matter over with the queen, for an order has come from Madrid that the two brave railroad porters pack every day a hamper of their produce to the king's table.

King Alfonso has apparently influenced King Carlos of Portugal to sympathy for the same honest employees for Lisbon is to have another daily hamper, and the signal men have awakened to find themselves famous.

MEN'S LIKES ARE ALIKE.

Young Men Want Smarter Designs Than the Elders in Clothes.

Young men like the collegian style of the ready-made tailor, a very chic sack suit, and they want also the double-breasted coat. Ask to see these when you look at the Semi-ready tailoring. They have a distinction all their own, and in the physique type method there is a perfect fit for every man—short, stout, tall, thin, slim, normal or abnormal—every type of manhood has its Semi-ready style of suit. The \$15 Semi-ready suits have the same style and work on them as their \$20 or \$25 suits.

J. A. GILKER.

The statue of the Angel of the Resurrection, one of the two statues for the Chapel of Our Lady, in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, that caused the world-wide religious discussion last fall about the sex of angels, toppled from its niche recently and was smashed to pieces on the ground, 50 feet below.

A MERRY HEART GOES ALL THE DAY.—One cannot have a merry heart if he has stuck in the back of a cold with a racking cough. To be merry one must be well and free from aches and pains, and lastly a few weeks ago when he was afflicted with a cold, he should have used Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, which is a splendid medicine.

The new Queen of Spain has been baptized three times, once as an infant, when she was taken into the Presbyterian Church, a second time when she became a member of the Church of England, and lastly a few weeks ago when she was baptized as a member of the Roman Catholic Church.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY. THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

Sample Waists at Prices That You'll Be Pleased to Pay

Sample Waists—silks, velvets, lusters, cashmeres, satens. 10 doz in the lot—no two alike.

We will not attempt a description—in fact, styles are far too numerous to describe in detail.

These are the fall samples of a leading manufacturer. Styles range from the simple, neat waists to the more elaborately trimmed affairs. All are correct, in every detail, for fall wear. Some have short sleeves, others long. Some fastened in front, others at back. Embroideries, lace insertions, tucks and fancy buttons are employed in various beguiling ways for trimmings.

Thursday Is the Day

we place them on sale. Come in the morning for best choice. Ought to go out with a rush with prices like these to greet you:

\$1.25 Waists for.....	87c
\$1.50 Waists for.....	\$1.13
\$1.75 Waists for.....	\$1.25
\$2.75 Waists for.....	\$2.00
\$3.25 Waists for.....	\$2.25
\$5.00 Waists for.....	\$3.50
\$5.75 Waists for.....	\$4.00
\$6.50 Waists for.....	\$4.50
\$7.00 Waists for.....	\$5.00
\$8.50 Waists for.....	\$6.00

This is only a partial price list of the "good things." You'll find a host of other waist values every bit as good as the foregoing examples.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

Goods on Sale in Waist Dept.—2nd Floor.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street**HOUSE UNDER RIVER**

French Count Entertained His Friends Below the Seine.

Paris, Aug. 28.—Society in this city has just awakened to the fact that one of its leaders has completed a magnificent and costly mansion under the River Seine, where one can enjoy the most delicious coolness these torrid days. Count Victor de Lamoignon, the proprietor of the novel mansion, which he had built secretly between Melun and Sens, in order to surprise his friends.

A few days ago he sent out invitations and automobiles to convey every one to the strange habitation, and on arrival every one was surprised to find a most luxurious abode under the water. The entrance is through a grotto on the river embankment, and adorned with many statues. An elevator takes the guests below the level of the river, and then an entrance is made to a magnificent reception room in the center of which a marble fountain adds to the coolness of the surroundings.

A complete dining-room, library, bedroom and kitchen constitute the four apartments of the novel house. The count is besieged with requests for invitations to visit his abode under water, and it is probable he will remain here all through the summer, as no where, even at the seashore, can he meet with the comforts and coolness which he finds under the Seine.

PIRATE'S HOARD

English Expedition to Search for It in the Caribbean Sea.

Liverpool, Aug. 28. — Wm. H. Small, of Liverpool, the owner and master of the ketch Catherine, which has been fitted for a voyage to the Caribbean Sea in search of treasure, and which is under detention by the customs authorities at Douglas because of lack of the ship's papers, has made an interesting statement regarding his intentions.

The concealed hoard, he says, was buried by Latrobe, a notorious French pirate, about the year 1808, on an island, and consists of specie and jewelry of the estimated value of \$5,000,000.

The secret of the hiding-place was revealed by an old sailor while on his deathbed 28 years ago, to a ship's doctor named Davidson. This sailor, while serving on a merchant ship, was made a prisoner by Latrobe, and to escape death joined the pirate crew. While making for the pirate headquarters they were chased by an American corvette, but escaped, and buried their treasure in boxes on the island.

When the pirates again put to sea they were attacked by an American ship, most of them being killed, and the remainder being captured.

While a good reputation may be a proud possession, it is sometimes uncomfortable to live up to.

A lawyer is a man who shows how the law may be avoided.

Lame Joints Quickly Limbered

All they need is rubbing with Nerville. It takes out stiffness and rheumatism in the worst cases. Powerful, penetrating and safe, you can't equal Polson's Nerville. Sold in 25c bottles.

Semi-Made Dresses For Fall Just In: Lace, Chiffon and Net Materials

The new fall styles in these popular semi-made dresses are on display in the silk section.

They are very handsome creations. You will experience difficulty in getting more handsome dresses at the prices marked on these—you'll be fortunate if you secure as handsome.

They are almost ready to slip into. Very little to do to complete one. No trimmings to purchase. The most economical kind of a dress to buy.

THE BLACK BRUSSELS NET DRESSES are beautifully appliqued with fine silk braids. Very full skirts with graduated flounces. Waist parts are in berth and bolero styles.

BLACK CHIFFON DRESSES will be admired by those who like very rich appearing things. Valenciennes laces and insertions are effectively used for trimmings.

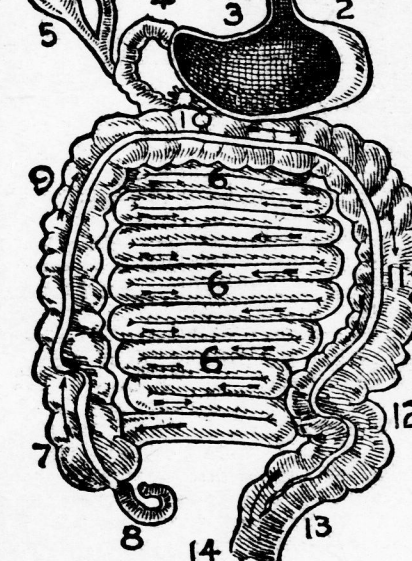
But we haven't the space to go into details. Come and see the whole collection and draw your own conclusions. Come soon, too. We expect a great demand for these dresses, and we would like you to see the collection before it becomes depleted.

BLACK DRESSES at \$15, \$20, \$22.50, \$24, \$25, \$26, \$28 and \$42.50.

WHITE DRESSES from \$14 up to \$22.50.

IVORY AND ECRU DRESSES priced at \$20, \$22, \$22.50.

SILK DEPT.—MAIN FLOOR.

Your Thirty Feet of Bowels

Is simply Weakness, or Laziness of the Bowel-Muscles.

Want of Exercise, Indoor Employment, weakens these Bowel-Muscles, just as it weakens Arm and Leg Muscles.

Castor Oil, or Glycerine, will grease the passages for one load of Food at a time, but these lubricants can't help the Cause of Delay.

"Physic" like Salts, Calomel, Jalap, Phosphate of Soda, Mineral Waters, simply flush-out the Bowels for the one occasion only.

They do not remove the Cause of Constipation.

Moreover, they waste so much of the precious Digestive Fluids, in the flushing process, that it takes a bigger dose every succeeding time to move the Bowel load.

But it is different with Cascarets.

Cascarets act on the Muscles of the Bowels and Intestines. They act just as Cold Water, or Exercise act on a Lazy man.

They act like exercise.

A Cascaret produces the same sort of Natural result that a Six Mile walk in the country would produce.

The Vest Pocket Box is sold by all Druggists, at Ten Cents.

It should be carried constantly, because a Cascaret should be eaten when you first suspect you need one.

Be very careful to get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Co., and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

A sample and the famous booklet "Curse of Constipation" Free for the asking. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A woman dislikes marrying a man for money but she must have some reason for the act.

If you want a really nice confection, ask for

Cowan's Cream Bars, Milk Sticks, Milk Croquettes, Wafers, Medallions, Maple Buds, Etc.

These are made in Canada, and you will find them very much better than any imported.

THE COWAN CO., LIMITED

TORONTO

76th St.

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1863.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY—WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.Business Office 107
Editorial Department 134
Job Department 175
The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.

LONDON, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 29.

WHAT WILL SHE DO WITH IT?

Since the old financier Russell Sage died and left about a hundred million of dollars to his widow, people have been wondering what she will do with it all. The New York Independent asked it readers for suggestions as to how these millions could be best expended for the public good, and the replies it has received have been very varied.

One college professor wants the money in increasing the salaries of college professors—on the supposition that better pay would produce better teachers. Another professor wants to endow independent newspapers.

President Jordan, of Leland Stanford University, thinks it should go to strengthen the research departments of "real universities," and the head of the University of Nebraska wants a graduate college of agriculture.

While several college men are in favor of spending this money for purposes of research, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps Ward would like to have it devoted to humane work, "especially in checking what is called scientific research in the dissection of live animals," just how it could be utilized for this latter purpose she does not say; it is to be hoped she would not use it for the purpose of influencing legislation in the passage of prohibitory laws.

W. G. Ghent thinks Mrs. Sage could do the greatest good to the greatest number by turning her money over to the secretary of the Socialist party in the United States. He does not say what the secretary should do with the money when he gets it. Would there not be a general demand among socialists that he should divide up with the members?

The probabilities are that the number of people making suggestions through the Independent is very small compared with the number who are writing direct to Mrs. Sage. And it is safe to say that nearly all of them are simply suggesting how she should spend a few dollars out of her millions. Doubtless they have told her that she could do a vast amount of good if she would send each writer a small sum, anywhere from \$100 to \$10,000. And it is quite probable there are several millions more of people who would make the same suggestion on their own behalf if they thought there was any possibility of her agreeing with them.

In the meantime, Mrs. Sage has very likely her own ideas of what she will do with it. No one seems to suggest that she might do as the late Mr. Sage did—keep it as long as she lives. But why shouldn't she?

THE DRAGO DOCTRINE.

The Monroe Doctrine is one with which people on this continent are familiar. Now some of the South American nations are suggesting as a logical supplement what is termed the Drago doctrine. Its meaning is, that no European Government should use force in aiding its own citizens to collect money due them by an American Government.

At first sight it seems reasonable. Why should a creditor be able to collect his money by force of arms from a delinquent government when he is not allowed to take the same course against his neighbor? There is this to be said, however, that he can collect from his neighbor by process of law, while a good many governments are above all law, and can and sometimes do, repudiate all liability. A creditor might sue the Government of Great Britain, or Canada, or the United States, in the courts of these countries, and if his claim were just the court would allow it and the Government would pay. But he would have very little chance in Turkey, or in the average South American republic.

On the whole, however, we do not know but what the doctrine would work out all right. If the moneyed men of Europe knew they could not collect against the will of the debtor, and would have no help from their own governments in collecting, they would not be so ready to lend to these impudent nationalities that are all the time borrowing and seeking to evade payment. Or, if they did lend they would realize the risk, and take chances. And the governments of Europe would be saved the expense of punitive expeditions.

OIL DISCOVERIES.

For thirty years, New Zealand has been endeavoring to strike oil. At last, at New Plymouth, on the west coast of the north island, oil has been found. For the time it came out of the bore at the rate of a barrel a minute, but that was abnormal, and the well has now

been sealed down to await developments in the neighboring bores. Speculation has caused the shares to advance from \$25 to \$300 each, so strong is the faith of the speculators in the future of this oil field. In view of the report on the district by Sir Thomas Hector, formerly director of the New Zealand Geological Survey, there is some doubt as to the wisdom of this course. Sir Thomas declared that the district is one in which geologically a large oil supply could not be expected, and in these circumstances our New Zealand contemporaries are sounding a note of warning against undue speculation until the venture is further proved. Boring is also in progress at Lisborne, on the east coast of the north island, and at Greymouth on the west coast of the south island, where indications of oil deposits are numerous. At Greymouth the intention is to bore to a depth of 2,000 feet.

As an oil producing country Canada is interested in these developments in the sister nation. It would not injure our oil trade if the New Zealanders managed to produce enough oil to supply their own market and that of Australia, for Canada's oil production is not increasing with the augmentation of our own population, and our export of this commodity will decrease rather than increase as the country grows. But Canada may yet have many additional oil fields to work.

Police Magistrate Jelfs, of Hamilton, draws some fine distinctions. Two youths were before him on a charge of entering and robbing the house of William Thompson. While the latter was giving his evidence he occasionally pointed to either of the prisoners about whom he was speaking, and referred to him as "this young gentleman." The magistrate thought the term inappropriate and told the witness to say "this young man." Mr. Jelfs' correction was in good taste, because the term "gentleman" fits a thief somewhat loosely, but in this democratic country it is difficult to define just what the term stands for.—Brantford Express.

The incident reminds us of an occurrence in the London police court some years ago. Two suburban households had been indulging in a scrap, and one of the women in the case was found to be absent. "Where is the other woman?" asked Magistrate Parke. "Please, sir," spoke up a female relative, "the other lady couldn't come to-day; she's drunk." Terms do not mean very much in many circles of society, both high and low.

If you are offered a job lot of postage stamps at a cheap rate, or in trade, do not buy them, but send for the police. Within the last two weeks several post-offices in Ontario have been burglarized and quantities of stamps carried off. The thieves will, no doubt, try to dispose of their plunder.

The Minister of Justice is a son of the farm, and it is characteristic of him that he should spend his first week's holiday since he joined the administration on the old homestead. It is not generally known that the father of the statesman is still hale and hearty, and continues in active control of the family affairs. There is no dead line among these fine old descendants of the United Empire Loyalists.

FAVORITE SLANG EXPRESSIONS.

[Life.]

The judge's—Go hang.
The dentist's—You have a nerve.
The dyspeptic's—That's rich.
The minister's—Good Lord.
The lover's—I like your cheek.
The sportsman's—Oh, shoot it.
The drummer's—Beat it.
The single taxer's—By George.
The doctor's—Dead easy.
The detective's—After you, my dear Alphonse.

The dyer's—Fade away.
The printer's—The devil.
The spendthrift's—Dear me.

SHE HAD TO.

[Yonker's Statesman.]
Patience—You say she didn't mean to accept him.
Patience—No, she didn't; but it seems they were on an iceboat when he proposed, and she had to hug him to keep on.

"AS OTHERS SEE US."

[Punch.]

Obliging motorist (to groom in difficulties with horses)—"Shall I stop the engine?"
Groom—"Never mind that, sir. But if you gents wouldn't mind just getting out an 'Idin' behind the car for a minute—The 'orses think it's a menagery comin'."

THE CADDIE'S CUT.

[Tit-Bits.]

A gentleman visiting some relatives in Scotland was persuaded to try a game of golf. At his first stroke he aimed a terrific blow at the ball, scattering the turf to right and left, and looked around for the result.
"What have I hit?" he asked.
"Scotland, sir," gruffly answered the caddie.

GOOD-HEARTED.

[Megendorfer Blatter.]

Boarder—I'll pay you very soon—I am going to be married.
Landlady—Oh, don't do that, Mr. Hardup, just on account of the few dollars you owe me!

TRANSMISSION OF FACIAL CHARACTERISTICS.

[North American Review.]

It would appear that the transmission of facial traits is subordinate to a definite law, that is to say, that ancestral facial expression and appear-

ance are more often than not transmitted through the female members of a family, who generally do not exhibit the same characteristics to the male offspring, and that the younger generations show, as a rule, all the facial conditions and signs which were present in a remote ancestor.

GOING TOO FAR.

[Philadelphia Ledger.]

Miss Jenks—Have you really broken off your engagement to him?
Miss Flytle—Oh, yes, I just had to. He was getting too sentimental—began to talk to me about matrimony.

TAKING PILLS.

[From London Punch.]

Doctor—Well, Matthew, did you take those pills I sent you yesterday?
Patient—Yes, doctor; but couldn't 'e do 'em up in something different? They little boxes be terrible hard to swallow.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

[London Punch.]

The plague of caterpillars in the West End has, it is said, put an entire stop to the practice of old gentlemen going to sleep with their mouths open in Kensington Gardens.

ON THE STEAMER.

[Exchange.]

"Look here, steward," said the Irish gentleman on board the steamer, "where am I to sleep?" "Don't you know the number of your berth, sir?" asked the steward. "My birth!" replied the gentleman from Ireland—"14th June, 1859, but what's that got to do with it?"

TABLE TALK.

[American Spectator.]

"I wish I was an ostrich," said Farmer Brown, as he picked up one of the Biscuits his wife had just placed on the table.
"I wish you were," retorted Mrs. Brown, "so I could get some feathers for that old hat of mine that ain't had no trimming on it for two years or more."

IN THE INTEREST OF SOCIETY.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.]

"Young man, I heard you kissing my daughter in the hall last night."
"Yes, sir. But it was from a purely scientific standpoint, sir."

HIS OWN TRUST.

[Washington Star.]

"You should cultivate a more cheerful disposition," said Mr. Cherrup. "Believe in the honesty of human nature."
"Yes," answered the man with the acid countenance; "most everybody does till he has indorsed notes for a few people."

A PROFESSIONAL VIEW.

[Kansas City Independent.]

"What did you get out of that will case?" asked the first lawyer.
"Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars," replied the second lawyer.
"Good round sum, eh?"
"Yes; but a thought the man left more than that."

BUT, WHY RUN?

[Brookville Recorder.]

Sherring has to be a great runner to get away from the girls who flock to his path. Brookville damsels were no exception, and at one time it looked as if the hillside hamlet would see their champion ne'er again.

ENGAGEMENT'S CLOSING WEEKS.

[Punch.]

Helen—What do you think of my new engagement ring?
Hattie—Gorgeous! When does it come off?

NO IMMEDIATE CURIOSITY.

[Pittsburg Dispatch.]

"And if a burglar entered your home what would you do?"
"I'd do as any other sensible person would do. Put my head under the blanket and read all about it next day in the papers."

SELFISHNESS.

[Ottawa Citizen.]

Rev. Father Whelan, who is a pretty shrewd observer of human nature, says that the people who do their shopping on Saturday nights are for the most part the people who have the Saturday half holiday. As he remarks, this is a form of selfishness which easily might be overcome. The people who have their Saturday afternoons "off" should be the leaders in the movement for the Saturday half holiday.

BEHIND THE THRONE.

[New York American.]

The czar tossed uneasily upon his harveyed mattress.
Suddenly the electric alarm bell rang, warning him of the approach of his chamberlain.
Slowly the czar's armored nightcap appeared above the steel blanket.
"Your majesty, the people want a constitution."
"Issue another proclamation," came in muffled tones from the protected bed. "And, say, when you go out tell my armorers that there's a rivet loose in my pyjamas and it's kept me awake all night."

"But the people don't want any more proclamations. The soldiers are in revolt, the navy is disaffected, and the workmen are striking like twelve o'clock."

"I have a plan to escape trouble," said the czar.
"Good, your majesty," said the chamberlain.
"Is my yacht ready to sail?"
"Steam is up, your majesty."
"Then," said the czar, rapidly donning a wrought-iron greatcoat, "I shall skidoozy to England."

"What to do, your majesty?"
"To stay, chump!"
And, pulling on his bombproof socks, his czarship beat it for the fleet Pole Star.

GRATEFUL.

[Yonkers Star.]

She—What did Miss Antique say when you kissed her?
He—She said, "Thank you."

RAHDA'S FLAMING PROTEST TO PARIS

St. Denis, in Oriental Garb, With Hindoo Suite, Acts Her Indignation.

Paris, Aug. 28. — A New York girl is bringing flaming color to the Paris streets, and joy to the mocking small boy, frequenting fashionable places of amusement, racecourses, the opera and chic cafes, attired in gorgeous eastern garments, with an abundance of Oriental jewelry. She is always escorted by a troop of Hindoos, gallantly arrayed, who salame before her as she steps in and out of her carriage, and line up with Oriental solemnity behind her chair as she sits in state sipping ice-water.

This lady is "Rahda," otherwise Miss Ruth St. Denis, who originated Hindoo dances at Proctor's in New York. Her sumptuous equipment is a protest against a grave wrong that has been done to her. She came here from London, where, as she tells the World correspondent, in the midst of an immense success, the London agent for one of the big Paris music halls offered her an engagement. His salary, however, were too low, and he was sent trotting, and Rahda bound herself to another Paris manager for early fall. Now, on her arrival here, she finds the first hall has already staged the Rahda dances, borrowing with her name all her ideas and costumes.

Miss Ruth cannot get redress because the manager who engaged her is away and she is hopelessly deficient in her knowledge of French. She forswore the probability that he on his return might bring her contract for her dances, which are already fettered, and had the idea of this display of Oriental pomp as a way of keeping herself in protest before the public in order that her appearance later might be even more sensational.

ENLIGHTENED METHODS IN LIFE INSURANCE

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, of New York, has just distributed some official information in the form of a statement which would be quite unprecedented in the history of life insurance were it not for the fact that this same institution has before treated its policyholders to similar surprises.

The company announces that it has declared and is paying a cash dividend upon its Industrial Policies maturing in 1906, amounting to more than two millions of dollars. The full significance of this action is apparent when the nature of the Metropolitan Life's insurance contract is understood. This company is in no sense mutual. It does not "estimate" or guess at what it will be able to pay an insured person in the event of his death, but agrees to pay a definite, specified sum in return for a definite, specified premium paid by the insured according to contract. In other words, it sells insurance at what the protection is worth—not as an investment nor as a speculation. Upon this basis the cost to the person insured is, of course, determined by past experience, and as the result of competition prevents the exaction of too high a rate, the premiums must always be as low as safe administration of the business will permit.

It may be assumed, then, that a policyholder in the Metropolitan Life has bought a definite amount of insurance at the lowest market rate, has agreed to pay for it in definite sums at definite intervals, and has no more exaction of extra benefits than he would have in buying fire insurance or a house under similar terms.

It happens, however, that this policyholder is associated with a company that, by skillful management, has had phenomenal growth and prosperity, and as the actual cost of individual insurance decreases, the company has a surplus in volume of business, there has arisen a profit which the company gives back to the source whence it came—though no obligation to do so, implied or expressed, exists in its contracts. It has thus distributed approximately ten millions of dollars within the past few years, and it is a significant indication of the company's present condition that the voluntary dividend of two millions now being paid is the largest yet declared in any one year.

It need not be assumed that the Metropolitan Life desires to pose as a philanthropic institution. Undoubtedly its growth in popular favor and its tremendous accession of new business year by year is in part due to this voluntary application of profit. It may be "all business," but if so, it is the sort of broad gauge, open-handed business that might be widely imitated with good results to all concerned.

PUT OUT OF BUSINESS

Ontario's New Agricultural Act Hits Many Societies Hard.

Toronto, Aug. 28.—A statement showing how all the agricultural societies in Ontario are affected by the new agricultural act, and information with regard thereto, is being sent out to the various societies by Mr. H. P. Cowan, superintendent of agriculture. Instead of fixed grants being made to the societies, as formerly, the grants are now to be in proportion to the amounts expended by the societies for agricultural purposes.

The majority of societies will receive increased grants, but some will find a big falling off. In one instance, an agricultural society's grant will drop from \$650 to \$285, and in another the grant will be \$243 instead of \$447, as formerly.

It is anticipated that the new act will affect about one hundred societies so seriously that they may cease to exist.

A banknote that passed through the Chicago fire is one of the curios preserved in the Bank of England. The paper was consumed, but the ashes held together and the printing is quite legible, and it is kept under glass. The bank paid the note. The smallest thing with a backbone is the shrapnel, a little fish recently discovered by scientists in the Philippine Islands. It measures about half an inch.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO
Linens and Bedding
at Special Prices

All those who are called on to give extra accommodation during the fair will require abundant supplies of Linens, Bedding, Towels, etc. Here they are at prices that will make it wise for housekeepers, hotels and boardinghouse keepers to anticipate their wants.

Table Linen

Unparalleled values in bleached and unbleached tabling. Look at the price.

Bleached Tabling

60-inch Tabling, at 50c
68-inch Tabling, at 65c
72-inch Tabling, at 75c, 90c, \$1, \$1.25

Unbleached Tabling

58-inch Tabling, at yard 25c
60-inch Tabling, at 35c
64-inch Tabling, at 45c, 50c, 60c
72-inch Tabling, at 45c, 50c, 75c, 85c and \$1

Table Cloths

2x2 yard Table Cloths, at \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2 to \$3.75
2x2½ yard Table Cloths, at \$1.75, \$2, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50 up to \$6
2x3 yard Table Cloths, at \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3, \$3.50, \$4 to \$7
2½x3 yard Table Cloths, at \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5 up to \$10
Larger Size Table Cloths, up to \$16

Table Napkins

20-inch Table Napkins, at \$1.25, \$1.50
24-inch Table Napkins, at \$2, \$2.50 to \$3
24-inch Table Napkins in four different designs. Regular value \$3, at per dozen \$2.50
Other qualities at, dozen \$3, \$3.50, \$4, \$5 and \$6

Table Linen Sets

Sets of Table Cloth and dozen Napkins to match, at, a set \$5, \$6, \$7, \$7.50, \$8.50, \$10 up to \$16

Towels, Toweling

18x34 Linen Huck Towels, at each 10c
19x38 Linen Huck Towels. Worth 15c, for each 12½c
19x38 Hemstitched Linen Huck Towels. Worth 18c, for 15c
22x40 Bleached and Washed Linen Huck Towels. Worth 22c, at each 18c
Other special values in towels, at each 20c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 65c and 75c

Toweling

16-inch Linen Crash, at yard 6½c
18-inch Linen Crash. Worth 10c, at 8½c
18-inch Linen Crash, at yard 10c
16-inch Linen Tea Cloths, at 5c
18-inch Linen Tea Cloths, at 7½c
22-inch Linen Tea Cloths, at 8½c, 10c
24-inch Glass Toweling and Tea Cloths, at yard 15c

Flannelette Gowns

New Pink and White Flannelette Nightgowns, pretty silk trimmed sleeves, pleat and collar. Special 85c
New Flannelette Nightgowns, tucked yoke, rows of embroidered insertion and frills. Special \$1

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

ODD ASSESSMENT.

Sandwich, Aug. 28. — When Assessors Duffour and Broderick completed their work in Sandwich West Township, objection was made to their increase in values. An appeal to the court of revision resulted in a reduction of about 30 per cent of their valuation being made. Thereupon the assessors entered an appeal to County Judge Horne. They allege they were clearly following the law in placing property at its proper valuation, and that the court of revision was in error in reducing their figures. Judge Horne is hearing the appeal, which is an unusual one.

\$750,000 GOLD ENGAGEMENT.

New York, Aug. 28.—An engagement of \$750,000 worth of gold in Australia was announced by Brown Bros. of this city, today. This is in addition to an engagement of a similar amount announced yesterday.

Use the right starch right.

and the woes of ironing-day end for you; with wrong starch you have to rub the surface off the clothes to get the looks into them. Celluloid Starch saves starched things because less iron rub-rub gives better finish; costs no more than clothes-wrecking starch.

Test it. 304
CELLULOID STARCH
Needs no Cooking — Never Stains

Woods' Fair

Granite and Tinware in Our Basement

No. 8, Copper, Pitt-Bottom Boilers at, each \$1 45 to \$1 75
No. 8, Copper, Pitt-Bottom Boilers at, each \$1 25 to \$1 35
No. 8, Copper, Nickel Tea Kettles at, each \$1 25
No. 8, Copper Nickel Tea Kettles at, each \$1 25
Galvanized Wash Tubs at, each 80c, 90c and \$1 00
Cold-Blast Lanterns, regular 75c, at, each 49c
Galvanized Water Pails at, each 20c, 25c and 30c
Galvanized Slop Jars at, each 35c, 40c and 50c
Granite Tea or Coffee Pots at, each 25c, 35c and 45c

44-Piece Austrian China Tea Sets
Worth \$8.00 Set. Thursday Price, \$6.25

If you are looking for something nice and dainty in a china tea set, we have it in our Austrian Pink Rose Decoration, 44 pieces in set, and excellent value at \$8.00. Thursday's price on these sets will be \$6.25

Three salesladies wanted for our basement department; also 3 or 4 good Saturday girls. Apply to Manager of Basement.

Good Strong Brooms at 15c, 20c, 25c each.
WOODS' FAIR
See our 15c Jap Cups and Saucers in basement.

A MISSION FULFILLED

CHAPTER IV.

"I Love You, Margherita!"

The next morning Margherita's mother had to remind her daughter twice that it was her day for the Hotel. The first time the girl seemed not to hear the words; the second time she answered, "Si, madre mia," but still delayed; and it was considerably later than usual before at length she placed her basket upon her head, and made her way slowly and unwillingly toward the scene of her duties. She had a strange repugnance, like a presentiment of evil, against going; but once there, she stationed herself quietly at her usual post and began to lay out her corals.

Before five minutes had elapsed a door above opened, and Ronaldson came down the stairs. She did not raise her head as he descended, only answering his greeting by a soft "Buon giorno, signor."

"Why did she not look up and show those glorious eyes?" thought Keith; and he felt annoyed.

"Don't you want me to buy anything from you today, Margherita?" he asked, pausing beside her.

"Ah, no, signor! The signor bought so much two days ago."

"But I should like something more, Margherita."

The girl looked troubled. No one was better pleased than she to make a good sale of her corals, even to young Englishmen who had bought them chiefly for the sake of her beaux yeux; but there was a repugnance in her heart to take any more of Ronaldson's money. She made no answer, and he came nearer to her.

"Why will you not look up, Margherita? Are you afraid of me? Why do you not answer me?"

"Ah, signor, what have I to say?" She glanced up for a moment, and caught his glowing eyes fixed upon her; then she looked down more troubled than ever, her face dyed crimson.

It was not often that Margherita was self-conscious; but she could not

meet this man's gaze, and she trembled. He put his hand into the basket and took out a chain worth two or three francs.

"I will have this—in remembrance of you, Margherita," he said, half absent-mindedly; and as he spoke he put a gold napoleon in the place.

But she pushed the coin away.

"Take it back, signor," she said, with a touch of pretty pride. "I am an honest girl; I do not want your gold. As for the chain, you have no need of it—give it to me again."

He was astonished to find himself obeying her. With a flush upon his cheek he replaced the trinket, and slowly re-pocketed his napoleon. There was a pause; but he could not make up his mind to go.

"Are you angry with me, Margherita?" he asked, at length, gently.

She lifted her dovelike eyes for a moment to his.

"Angry? Ah, signor, how could a poor girl like me be angry with such a you? You mock me!"

"I could not mock you, Margherita. Say you forgive me."

He was, perhaps, unconscious of the earnestness of his eyes; but her head looked up at his, and she saw that he looked at her. His face was close to hers. And in another moment his lips had lightly touched the smooth cheek.

"Forgive me, Margherita," he repeated. "Child! he exclaimed, suddenly, carried beyond himself, 'I love you!'"

She turned away her glowing face, but she did not resist or reproach him; only the little brown hand which rested on the window-sill trembled visibly. Ah! he had been ready enough to pay her ten times over for her pretty trinkets; but he was robbing her now of something far more precious than a coral necklace. Suddenly he started and moved away.

Two persons came running down the stairs; and, as they passed beside the coral girl, he turned and slowly descended. The newcomers were two young and lively Americans; and as he passed on he heard one mutter to the other in English, "My, what a beauty!"

They were turning over her wares as he reached the bottom of the stairs, and he paused a minute to listen to the soft replies that alternated with their stumbling Italian queries. Then he made his way outside. When he returned in half an hour the girl was gone. Why had she left so quickly? Was it those chattering Americans who had frightened her away? But, in his heart, he knew that it was not the chattering Americans; he dimly guessed that it was a feeling which in his own rank would have been called forsworn respect, which forbade the coral girl to stand on the hotel staircase to await a repetition of his cruel flattery.

"Cruel! why was it cruel? How could he help himself? What was he to do? Must he go away? No, that he could not—he would not do. What was the use of looking forward? It was wasted. He would not injure the girl—no, by all that was sacred he would not!"

He walked out again upon the green hillside, flinging himself down moodily upon a sunny, cistus-scented slope. All that day he wandered about aimlessly, and the next. He had never felt so before! Good heavens! was he to break his heart over a capricious girl? The day after he was morning for coming to the hotel; and all the morning he sat waiting in the courtyard, watching for the slim, upright young figure, with basket on its head, to enter; but she never came. He grew restless and angry. Was it because of him that she would not come? Did the girl fear him? Or was she perhaps ill or in trouble?

With a sudden impulse, he flung away his cigar, and stroled down toward the shore. Mounting the little wooden ladder, he knocked at the low doorway, and was answered by the voice of Lucia Rucchi, the girl's mother. Half hesitating, he opened, and stepped inside. Lucia, engaged in some mysterious process of cooking, stood before the little stove; the bimbo lay sprawling at her feet, while Margherita leaned in her favorite attitude, busily knitting, against the open window. For a moment Ronaldson had doubt as to his reception, but they were set at rest by the friendly smile with which the Capriote housewife greeted him, and he explained his errand. He wished to go out boating after dinner to-night; would Stefano have the punt ready by eight o'clock, beside the pier? It was but a short message, yet when it was delivered he turned round to speak to Margherita, but she had already vanished, her bare feet having glided noiselessly along the wooden floor.

In another minute he had left the cottage, and was strolling slowly along the shore, his eyes searching both upward path and level strand. The girl was not to be seen anywhere. He did not go up toward the village she must have been in sight; had she been on the shingle she would have been visible; she must have been in some neighborly house to escape him. He felt wroth—with himself or her?—as he moved moodily along the strand, out of harmony with the green earth and dancing sea and cloudless sky. Suddenly he paused, as his eye caught sight of a streak of color lying within one of the little alcoves of the shore. The next moment he went quickly forward, and stood beside Margherita. Her knitting was still in her hands, and she was making a pretense of using the needles, as she leaned back in the shadow of the rock; but Ronaldson could see that her fingers trembled as he approached. She was not a girl to show cowardice, however; and, as he came on, she drew herself up and moved a little forward, as if to disdain the appearance of having hidden from him.

"Why do you run away from me?" he asked, hotly.

She paused. She was too honest to deny that she had run away from him, and too proud to acknowledge it.

"Do you hate me, Margherita? Why did you not come to the hotel this morning?"

Still she was silent; but, after a moment, she raised dark eyes full of an eloquent reproach toward his face.

"Don't you believe me, Margherita? I tell you it is true! I love you better than I have ever loved any woman in my life before."

Half in his own tongue, half in hers—for, even at this moment, it struck the young man how much more easily his usually halting Italian lent itself to this theme than any other—the protestation leaped from his lips, and needed no translation to a woman's heart.

She turned away her head, still making no reply; and he went on more eagerly.

"Margherita!" he said, "I cannot do without you. You are the sweetest, loveliest woman I ever saw. Say you believe me, Margherita!"

Then at last she turned toward him, her eyes swimming in tears.

"Ah, signor, why do you pursue a poor girl like this? Are you not ashamed?" But as he attempted to draw her toward him, she drew back firmly.

"No, no, signor; no more kisses. Ah, you are cruel!" And suddenly she dropped her knitting and hid her face in her hands, to hide the pleading, handsome face so close to hers.

"Margherita! Margherita! listen to me. I would not injure you—"

"Ah, signor, do you not injure me by words like this? Ah, Dio! do you think a poor girl has no heart?" And for a moment she wept silently; then with a strong effort she drew herself together. James Spencer need not have been afraid. Margherita Rucchi was not of a race to allow passion to dominate over self-respect.

"Go, signor," she said, pointing toward the village, "go, and leave me in peace. As for me, I have been foolish ever to listen to you."

Her voice was gentle as ever, but there was a dignity about the action which might have been envied by many a well-taught woman of the world.

But Ronaldson caught her hand in his.

"Listen to me, Margherita," he cried, his features full of agitation, "you misunderstand me—you do me wrong. I love you too well to insult you—Margherita, I wish to marry you. Now, will you not say you love me?"

A quick glow spread from neck to brow on the smooth olive face, and the girl's lips parted in a little gasp. Was he in earnest—this bright, gay, handsome young Englishman? Ah, Dio! did she love him or not? She had no time for further thought, as Keith caught her in his arms and kissed her passionately. She did not resist him now. Only, after a moment or two, she struggled out of his arms, and raised her clear glance to his. It was a glance that, as Keith felt, would have drawn the truth out of a stone.

"You mean it, signor?" she asked, quickly. "You are not playing with me?"

"My darling," said the young man—and Keith Ronaldson had never looked handsomer than he did at that moment, with the glow of what he felt to be a pure and righteous resolution in his face—"I swear to you, I mean it, Margherita," he added, softly, as he feasted his eyes on the sweet, proud, young face, with that touch of reverence which is the sign of real feeling. "I could never dare to love you in any other way." And it was true. There was something about this barefooted coral girl—an instinctive shrinking from familiarity, a maidenly modesty, a touch of inherent pride and dignity—that would have made the same impression on one much more hardened and dissolute than Keith Ronaldson.

"Do you love me?" he asked, again, searching the eyes which had been cast down by his reply, satisfied by its earnestness.

"Ah, signor, I do not know—I cannot say!"

"Say it now, sweet little Margherita; say 'tamo, amico mio!'"

"Amico mio," she began, smiling and blushing, then broke off. "Ah, signor, I am puzzled—I know not what to do! What will the madre say?"

"You must not let the madre, little girl—not just yet. I too have much to think of and to arrange before I can settle things. But you will trust me, Rita?"

"Si, signor," she whispered softly, "I will trust."

"And some day—soon—you will be my sposa—my darling little wife. You must think of that, cara mia."

"Ah, signor, how can I be your wife—a girl like me? You will be ashamed of me. Ah, Dio mio! it would have been better had we never met. Go away and forget me, signor; it is best so," she exclaimed, passionately.

The tears were in her soft brown eyes, but she meant her words; and it took some minutes of talk and caresses from her lover to turn her from the point.

"Margherita," he said, tenderly, "I will never go away and leave you. When I go, you shall go with me."

At the end of the ten minutes or so the two separated, Ronaldson wandering further along the shore; Margherita, after waiting awhile, to speed homeward, her knitting still in her hand, her face full of the tender glow of a new emotion that touched and glorified each lovely feature into a startling radiance of beauty. It was as if the sun had shined upon her. Ronaldson reflected, more in the girl's account, he said to his credit, than on his own. He was himself too deeply in love just now to care much for the comments of the whole world; but it was well for her, as yet, till matters were more settled, to keep free from the gossip of the village. He did not let her go, however, till he had extracted from her a half-promise that she would keep a watch for his return with Stefano that evening, and, if possible, meet him afterward for a few moments. So soon as this was settled, the coral girl escaped, shyly, willingly, as it seemed to Keith. But then even he, accustomed to the society and attentions of women as he was, had not as yet learned all the little graceful fancies of a timid girl.

Both congratulated themselves that they had separated unnoticed; that no curious eyes had been near; but they were wrong. As Margherita's bare feet ran lightly over the shingle, a blue-shirted figure, lying beneath the shade of one of the boats, raised itself on one elbow unobserved, to glance after her, and then remained gazing in the opposite direction, till the outline of the Englishman emerged from the shadow of the rocks at some little distance, and commenced slowly moving onward. Then the recumbent form raised itself and Geronimo—for it was he—uttered a low curse between his teeth. He was the handsomest young fellow in all the Island of Capri; but at that moment his face was not pleasant to look upon, and he might have stood for a model of Lucifer at the moment of being turned out of heaven.

to be Continued.

HAVE YOU TRIED Holloway's Corn Cure? It has no equal for removing those troublesome excrescences, as many have testified who have tried it.

THROUGH THE CANADIAN NORTH

Vastness of the Grand Trunk Pacific Project.

THROUGH VIRGIN TERRITORY

No Other Country to Build So Many Miles of Railway as Canada During Next Five Years.

Montreal, Aug. 28.—The best place to begin a tale is at the beginning. The proper state of mind for a traveler adventuring into a new country is that of the engagingly youthful short-story writer who "discovered" Paris. Granted these two premises, this is the story of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, the largest and most important railway project now afoot on this continent, and one destined to have a large influence, not only in Canada, but in the United States. No other country in the world with a population of only 6,000,000 will build so many miles of railway as will be constructed in Canada within the next five years.

The 3,600 miles of main line of the Grand Trunk Pacific will be the big job. In addition there will be constructed several feeders, or branch lines, including one stretching southerly about 220 miles to Fort William and Port Arthur on Lake Superior, for the purpose of reaching navigation on the Great Lakes. Another will run from the main line southerly for about 250 miles, to North Bay, Ontario, to make connections with the lines of the Grand Trunk. Another branch will run south to Montreal. Feed lines to suck up the eastbound grain are proposed to Brandon, Regina, Prince Albert, and Calgary, and to Dawson, in the Yukon Territory. The terminals of the main line will be Moncton, New Brunswick, in the east, and the new town of Prince Rupert, 25 miles south of Fort Simpson, on the Pacific Coast. Winnipeg, 1,800 miles from Moncton, lies exactly midway between the two terminal ports, and will be the half-way house of the new line.

Canadian Government's Part.

The Canadian Government is to build the eastern half of the line, and the railway company the western half. It is well worth while setting forth the agreement between the two parties. It is of a two-fold character, which will combine a transportation line, constructed at the expense of the Government, with the lines of a private corporation, under the entire control, management, and operation of the Grand Trunk Pacific Company. The company was chartered in 1903, with a capital stock of \$45,000,000, of which \$20,000,000 may be issued as preferred stock. The railway company is to acquire all the common stock, and must retain a majority holding during the term of the agreements with the Government.

From Winnipeg east the line will be built at the cost of the Canadian Government, under the supervision of four commissioners and leased to the railway company for a period of 50 years. The rental for this eastern division has been fixed as follows: For the first seven years the company shall operate it, subject only to payment of "working expenditure," for the next succeeding 43 years the company is to pay an annual rental of a sum equal to 3 per cent per annum upon the cost of construction, provided that if, in any one or more of the first three years of the period of 43 years, the net earnings over and above working expenditure shall not amount to 3 per cent of the cost of construction, the difference between the net earnings and the rental shall not be payable by the company, but shall be capitalized and form part of the cost of construction, upon the whole amount of which rental is required to be paid at the rate of 3 per cent after the first 10 years of the lease and during the remainder of its full term.

At the expiration of 50 years the company has the privilege of an extension of the lease for another 50 years, unless the Government shall determine in the meantime to undertake construction of the road. But should the Government take over the line they must grant to the railway company, for another period of 50 years, running rights which may be necessary to the successful operation of the entire system from coast to coast. The time fixed for the completion of the entire line is Dec. 31, 1911.

The section of the line west of Winnipeg, to be built by the railway company, will have the backing of the Government in this way: The Dominion Government guarantees the company's first mortgage bonds, principals and interest, for 50 years to the amount of \$13,000 per mile on the prairie section from Winnipeg to the foot of the Rockies, and also 75 per cent up to the sum of \$30,000 per mile on the mountain section, which extends from the prairies to Prince Rupert on the Pacific Coast, in Northern British Columbia.

New Line in Virgin Territory.

When the Canadian Pacific was built the most southerly route possible was chosen, and the line runs closely along the northern boundary of the United States. The new line breaks through the virgin territory of the almost unknown north. Five years ago the idea of a railway as far north as the Grand Trunk Pacific was scarcely dreamed of. When the Union Pacific was built railroad men shook their heads and predicted that 97 per cent of its revenues would come from through business, and

A Bad Stomach

Lessens the usefulness and mars the happiness of life. It's a bad stomach, a stomach that can't properly perform its functions. Among its symptoms are distress after eating, nausea between meals, heartburn, belching, vomiting, flatulence and nervous headaches.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures a bad stomach, indigestion and dyspepsia, and the cure is permanent. Accept no substitutes.

"Always the Best of Everything for the Least Money"

Correct Fall Dress Goods

A MAGNIFICENT SHOWING

The annual problem of "What shall I choose for my autumn dress or suit," is once again confronting every follower of fashion.

Before settling the problem finally we would like you to look through our magnificent showing of fall dress fabrics.

We believe you can settle the problem to your entire satisfaction here—and to your pocketbook satisfaction, too.

Our showing is an authoritative one. Weaves and colorings what "Dame Fashion" says are correct for fall wear.

Qualities are superb. And you'll not find such fair and reasonable prices anywhere else in town.

New Scotch Plaids

Fine, all pure wool, MacKinnon. Green Sinclair, Gordon, Forbes. 42nd Black Watch. Prince of Wales, and many other clans to choose from. Early choosing is always the best. 75c

Our 75c Venetians

Are unbeatable values. We'll confess we're a little proud of them. Blue, green, brown, light and dark red, and black. 46 inches wide. 75c

Black Dress Goods

Large assortment of fashionable weaves. 50c

Handsone Pebbled Cheviots

If you've a plain colored suit in mind, you couldn't do better than pick on these handsome Pebbled Cheviots. Brown, blue, green and black. One suit length of each shade. The yard. \$1.00

Fall Coatings for Children's Wear

We advise you not to buy until you've inspected our display. Patterns are decidedly new and natty. Prices are very low.

New Jap Silks

27 inches wide. Black only. Special values at 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

New Dress Trimmings

New Draw Brails, New Velvets, New Velveteens, New Silks. A large variety to show you.

Our \$1.00 Cravenette

Cloth is special value. Splendid quality, thoroughly waterproof. Fawn, navy, black and gray. Better secure material for the new raincoat while such value as this can be had. \$1.00

New Eoliennes

A large and beautiful assortment just placed in stock.

Cream, black, pale blue, old rose, nile green, pearl gray, mauve and champagne. A splendid quality. 75c

A better quality—very handsome material. Reseda, old rose, raspberry, pale blue, mauve, pearl gray, champagne, light navy, cream and black. \$1.00

Tweeds, 75c

For 75c we've a line of tweeds that regularly sold for a dollar a yard. Shadow checks, in three shades of gray. See them sure. 34 inches wide. 75c

Shepherd's Checks

In black and white. Four sizes to select from. These fabrics are going to be very popular for Autumn suits. Very reasonable at 50c

Have You Inspected Our 50c Tweeds

Hardly believe such value was possible—unless the goods were right under your eyes. All wool materials. Both light and dark shades. Very latest patterns. 50c

150 Dundas and Carling.

GRAY & PARKER

150 Dundas and Carling.

Advertiser Patterns

Designed by Martha Dean.



EIDERDOWN DRESSING SACK AND BED SLIPPERS.—6411.

Few people realize how easily bed slippers and dressing-sack of eiderdown can be made, and yet how great an amount of comfortable pleasure is to be obtained therefrom. These two garments constitute an insurance society against colds, for they are "warm as toast" and very serviceable. The slippers are made of the eiderdown to match the sack, and lined with a contrasting color of the same fabric. They are daintily finished with ribbon binding and bows; a little rubber cord around the heel, under the flap, holds them on the feet. The jacket is bound in the same manner as the shoes, and fastened attractively with frogs. The soft turnover collar about the throat is very comfortable, while the sleeves are loose at the bottom and can be easily turned up for bathing. This garment is fitted by three seams in the back, and requires no experience for its successful construction. In the medium size the sack and slippers require 4 yards of 36-inch material. Sizes, 32 to 44 inches, bust measure.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send the above mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name

Street Address

Town Province

Measurement—Waist Bust

Age (if child's or miss' pattern)

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is sent measure you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When miss' or child's pattern write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than three or four days from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or postage stamps.

Address PATTERN DEPARTMENT, ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONT.

IF YOU READ

The series of advertisements which will appear in this paper every other week, pointing out the many points in which our brands, "FIVE ROSES" and "HARVEST QUEEN," are superior to any ordinary bakers' flour, you will see that it will pay you to use these brands.

All we ask you to do is to read the series carefully from first to last—weigh the statements made—compare the advantages you can obtain by using our brands with the worry and anxiety you must have with ordinary flour—consider the reputation we have already established for uniformity and purity in flour, and then send us a trial order—and you will be pleased, and will realize that the time spent in considering the matter has been by no means wasted.

We want your trade. You want our brands—though you may not know it. Can't we get together through the medium of these advertisements and do business to our mutual benefit?

Lake of The Woods Milling Co.

MONTREAL.

Limited.

Local Office, Canadian Bank of Commerce Chambers, London, Ont.

5 per cent from local traffic; in less than half a century these figures were exactly reversed. And that is what will happen to the Grand Trunk Pacific, says the engineer of the new line.

The prime object of the new road is to relieve the grain congestion at Winnipeg and to move the wheat from Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Alberta to the east and to Europe as rapidly as possible. From 36,000,000 to 17,000,000 bushels of "overflow" wheat at Lake Huron ports, was the portion of the Grand Trunk five years ago. The railway got 30,000,000 bushels last year. It was just this sort of business that made them eager for an inlet to the west where fields more than once last year the daily receipts of wheat at Winnipeg exceeded the total received at Duluth, Minneapolis and Chicago combined. That may help to explain to you why Winnipeg is growing like a green bay tree. The Grand Trunk Pacific people are working like beavers to participate in the transportation of the crop of 1907.

Hugh D. Lumsden, chief engineer of the Government section of the new road, points out: "In order to haul wheat at a profit 2,000 miles from the wheat field to the Atlantic, it is absolutely necessary that the road be as free as may be from heavy grades and excessive curves. While the entire line is not yet definitely located, enough field work has been done to demonstrate beyond a doubt that the transcontinental, as far as grades go, will be one of the best-grade lines across this continent. From the great wheat fields of the west to tidewater on the Atlantic the grades going east will, in all probability, not exceed 0.4 of a foot per hundred feet. This will mean that a modern locomotive will handle 42 cars between Winnipeg and Moncton."

Advantages of New Route.

The Grand Trunk Pacific will cross the Rockies over a pass that will not exceed 2,500 feet. The Santa Fe goes over the Rockies at an altitude of 7,000 feet. The Rio Grande and the Colorado Midland at about 10,000; the Union Pacific at 8,247; the Northern Pacific at 5,567; the Great Northern at 5,292; and the Canadian Pacific at 5,299. The new road will shorten the distance from Liverpool to Yokohama by 500 miles, a full day's run.

One naturally thinks of Northern Canada as a cold, wintry, inhospitable country. On the contrary, the engineers of the new line when they had got over the height of land, found the climate milder and milder as they traveled northwest.

OUR SPECIALTY

THE CANADA METAL CO.

Phone Main 1729.

Toronto, Ontario.

Eat What You Like

Don't Starve or Diet. But Use Mio-na, and Cure Your Stomach Troubles.

The average treatment of stomach troubles consists of a rigid diet, which often has the effect of paralyzing the digestive system. Of course it would be foolish for anyone who knows that some foods are positively harmful and poisonous to continue eating them, even while following the Mi-o-na treatment, but in ordinary cases of stomach troubles it is not necessary to starve or diet if Mi-o-na is faithfully used, a tablet before each meal.

This scientific remedy for the cure of stomach troubles, acts upon the whole digestive system, and strengthens the organs so that they are able to digest any food that is eaten without fear of distress. If you suffer from loss of appetite, belching of gases, sour taste in the mouth, furred tongue, severe pains in the region of the stomach, depression of spirits, bad dreams, lack of energy, headaches, backaches, loss of strength and weight, you can be assured that these troubles are all due to imperfect digestion.

Strengthen the stomach by taking a Mi-o-na tablet before each meal, and soon you will gain in weight, strength will return, and your food will give nourishment, so that the rich red blood will carry good health to every part of your system.

Mi-o-na costs but 50 cents a box. If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y.

LET CITIZENS GET TOGETHER AND TACKLE WATER PROBLEM

Ald. Gillean's Suggestion for Public Meeting Widely Approved.

The suggestion of Ald. Gillean for the holding of a public meeting to discuss the water question, as given by The Advertiser of yesterday, meets with the approval of very many prominent and public-spirited citizens, who are thoroughly alive to the present water situation, and would seek a remedy without delay.

Some of these gentlemen advise that the whole matter be kept before the public until after the Western Fair, when businessmen of the city will be in a position to calmly consider the matter and to attend meetings if they are called to discuss the issue.

Around the city hall today it was said that invitations should be sent out to all men who sat on the water commission in former years, to be on hand, and give the present commissioners the benefit of their advice, which would be tempered with experience.

Names mentioned today were those of Sir John Carling, Edmund Meredith, K. C., Hon. C. B. Hyman, Hon. Adam Beck, Col. Little, Wm. Jones, John W. Jones, W. M. Spencer, F. G. Rumball.

ASKS MILLIONS FROM THE CITY

Woman Who Thinks It Is Due Her Calls on Mayor to Collect.

The extremely sad case of Mrs. James Ward, who periodically appears in the city hall and demands sums ranging from \$50,000 to \$1,000,000, has again bubbled to the surface.

Mrs. Ward, it will be remembered, some time ago drove up in a carriage to the city hall, and demanded \$500,000 from City Treasurer Pope.

It was then learned that she is slightly demented, and upon her subsequent visits she was simply given a chair and allowed to sit in the office until the closing hour.

It is alleged that the railing of her house one night by the police so upset her that her mind has been since unbalanced.

Now she is said to be in want, and today Mayor Judd gave Inspector McCullum orders to investigate the case, and if necessary to aid the woman.

Mrs. Ward is a modern prototype of Miss Flit, of whom Dickens tells in his immortal novel, "Bleak House."

For years Miss Flit haunted the courts of London and Gray's Inn, waiting for a judgment in Jarndyce and Jarndyce. Mrs. Ward haunts the court house day after day waiting for the case she supposes has been entered to be tried. She imagines that the city owes her immense damages through police interference with her home, and she is always waiting for the case to come to trial.

"It's pitiable," the mayor said today, "I see her at the court house almost every day."

"Like Miss Flit, she's there—'with my documents.'"

All the lawyers know her. She bows to them in a dignified way as she sees them enter, and then she fumbles for papers in her satchel. History repeats itself. First Miss Flit. Then Mrs. Ward.

NAMED ITS DELEGATES

Angling Assn. To Be Represented at Toronto Convention.

The executive of the Thames River Angling Club met last night, when the following delegates were appointed to the convention at Toronto, Aug. 31 and Sept. 1: The president, Squire Chittick; James O. Weldon, secretary-treasurer; B. Noble, W. Smith, H. Peacock, A. Vincent, E. Nugent, F. Friend and W. Fulton. Several others have signified their intention to go.

The work of the Ontario Fish and Game Protective Association has, been highly commended of late, and it is expected that it will do considerable towards protecting the fish and game of this country. The London branch has been foremost in the endeavor to preserve the game and fish for its citizens. In Toronto and other places the people have been loyal in supporting their fishing clubs, and it is confidently expected that the citizens will support the interests of the association.

TO RECLAIM VAST TRACT

New York and London Bankers Will Spend \$4,000,000.

Denver, Aug. 29.—Recently there has been filed with the state engineer of Colorado papers that have for their purpose the redemption of nearly a million acres of arid land. The reservoir will cover 24 miles, have an average depth of 35 feet and will use the entire surplus water of the Platte River.

Heretofore it has been estimated that \$6,115,000 cubic feet of water was wasted yearly in the Platte River, water which if properly diverted and used on land adjoining, would irrigate one million acres of land, and would support 100,000 people.

This proposition is being financed by a syndicate of New York and London bankers. The reservoir and dam will cost in the neighborhood of \$4,000,000.

USE THE SAFE, pleasant and effective worm killer, Worm Graves' Worm Expeller; nothing equals it. Procure a bottle and take it home.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WINDMILL MUST BE FIRST CLASS.

Apply J. C. Park, 663 Dundas street.

A SPECIAL TRAIN FOR WEDDING CAKE

Steamboat, Too, Is Needed to Serve a Mackinac Breakfast.

Mackinac Island, Mich., Aug. 29.—An interesting story has just come to light in connection with the wedding of Miss Julia Camilla Cudahy, daughter of John Cudahy, and Attorney Vincent J. Walsh, of Chicago, which occurred recently at the magnificent summer home of the Cudahys here. To serve the wedding breakfast in a style befitting the multi-millionaire guests, a "wedding cake special" was run from Chicago, making an almost record-breaking run of more than 400 miles.

The "wedding cake special" flew through the northern woods at top speed—while inside the special car, guarding the cakes, was the patissier and eighteen waiters and cooks.

Awaiting him at the manager of the catering company which prepared a wedding feast in Chicago and served here as easily and with as little fuss as if the wedding guests had been seated in the dining-room of a restaurant.

It required a steamboat, a car loaded with silver and cut glass, and the "wedding cake special," to serve the wedding breakfast.

It was to be a morning ceremony and a wedding breakfast was to follow. Mackinac bakeries are not equal to the demands of such an occasion.

Moreover, some wedding cake needs to be fresh when cut.

Building a pyramid pair of pink cakes, 38 inches high, from a pastry base in proportion, is something exclusively for the art of the French pastry expert.

To preserve these proportions against the impact of the midnight switch engine, the stub switch itself, and the main street crossings on half a hundred Michigan towns en route, had required a force of expert packers.

A granulated sugar gargoyles on the conical surface of a bride's cake is a thing of fragile beauty.

The Venus de Milo in strong relief, with her two arms purposely broken off in the making, still would be a further disfigured thing after such a run were it not for the pastry packer for the patissier. Furlongs of filmy tissue paper were used.

POLICE GOT WHEELS

Several Bicycles Stolen Recently Have Been Recovered.

The city police have been paying special attention to the recovery of stolen bicycles during the last few days, with the result that all bicycles reported in the newspapers a few days ago as having been stolen, have been recovered.

Not only have the missing wheels been recovered, but quite a few wheels which were found in suspicious places have been gathered in by the policemen and thus saved from the touch of the bicycle thief.

But the stealing still goes on. During the last few days the following wheels have been reported to the police as stolen:

A black enamel Crescent, No. 552026, the property of Mr. Smallman, stolen on Aug. 8.

A new Massey-Harris, with a coaster brake, No. 31634, the property of Mr. Mills, stolen on the same date.

A red Brantford bicycle with a coaster brake, and bell in center of handle, was stolen on Saturday. It is the property of Mr. Avey.

Among the wheels recovered was that of Frank Dutton, of the N. Y. messenger boy, which was stolen while the owner was enjoying an ice cream soda in a Dundas street store. The wheel was found in an adjoining store where it had been placed unknown to the proprietor.

"IT WILL BLOW OVER"

Goldwin Smith's Comment on Roosevelt's Phonetic Announcements.

Toronto, Aug. 28.—"Has there been any demand for it?" was Mr. Goldwin Smith's question when a reporter spoke to him this morning on the subject of spelling "reform."

"It will to some degree lower the value of our printed books, and interfere with the history of our language. It will perhaps save the printer a few letters, but it will puzzle the children."

"This 'thru' is anomalous. There are no final 'u's' in English except in diphthongs or foreign words incorporated."

"It's a slight flip to the dull season," he remarked, with a smile.

"What was the idea of President Roosevelt in placing the stamp of official approval on the movement?" was asked.

"I haven't the least idea," returned Mr. Goldwin Smith, "except that Mr. Roosevelt is liable to sudden impulses."

"If it is to be done, let it be done by experts and by common agreement, not by Mr. Roosevelt's impulse. I think it will blow over. All attempts at a universal language have come to nothing. Men of commerce learn the languages that are necessary to their business. The English do not seem to like the idea of their language being regulated by the President of the United States."

APPOINTED TO ST. JAMES.

Rome, Aug. 29.—At today's meeting of the council of ministers, the Marquis di San Giuliano, who was foreign minister in the Sonnino cabinet, was appointed Italian ambassador to the court of St. James.

SHOT RUSSIAN CONSUL.

Tien Tsin, Aug. 29.—The Russian consul here, M. Laptow, was shot up the stomach today by a Russian concession contractor, named Lavinsky. The shooting occurred at the Russian consulate. Lavinsky was arrested. His victim lies in a critical condition.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Mr. W. W. Gammage left today for Guelph, to attend the meeting of the Ontario Horticultural Association, of which he is a member of the executive.

—A horse belonging to a colored man named Hooper fell on the pavement on Dundas street this morning and broke its hip. The horse was taken to Tennant & Barnes, who destroyed it.

—Harold Fraser, of 127 Kent street, who spent the summer in the Rocky Mountains with a surveying party, leaves for Kingston today to take a course at the Royal Military College.

—G. T. R. Foreman Prince, who was injured at Hyde Park some days ago, is progressing favorably in Victoria Hospital. Daniel Gray, the section-man who was hurt at the same time, has returned home.

—Pearl Audrey, aged 11 years, the only daughter of Joseph and Annie Holland, died yesterday. The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon from the family residence at 3 to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Rev. Geo. B. Sage will conduct the services at 2:30.

—Mr. George Richmond, of the Bell Telephone Company, Westerton, has been appointed manager of the Berlin agency to succeed Mr. A. J. Richards, formerly of this city, who is leaving for Brandon. Mr. Schwab, of the Guelph office, succeeds Mr. Richmond.

INSPECTOR REINSTATE.

Inspector Dando, who was dismissed some time ago by City Engineer Graydon for striking Second Assistant Engineer Mitchell, has been reinstated. Mr. Dando apologized to Mr. Mitchell and the apology was accepted.

INJURED IN RUNAWAY.

Mr. T. A. Faulds, commission merchant, was driving on Victor street, South London, yesterday afternoon, when his horse ran away, throwing Mr. Faulds and his sister-in-law on to the roadway. Mr. Faulds had his ankle sprained, and also sustained injuries to his side. His sister-in-law was unhurt.

NEW YORKER HAS PORTABLE CLIMATE

He Invents Way to Extract
Extra Humidity from
Atmosphere.

New York, Aug. 29.—Thirty years of acute suffering from neuralgia is the medium through which James B. Hammond, president of the Hammond Typewriter Company, declares he has discovered an invention which will not only provide great relief to those who suffer like himself, but will enable anyone who has the requisite means, to create an atmosphere suited to his needs in any season or in whatever quarter of the globe he may chance to be.

In other words, he intends to take a specially constructed and portable house with him wherever he goes, and with it apparatus whereby he will supply the house with the quality of air necessary to alleviate the torturing pangs of his disease.

Already he has a completed model of the house, which has been tested for several months, and has procured provisional patents on the device in England. A larger model 20 feet square is now being constructed and the next step is to be the full-size habitable structure, which will have its first practical test in the moist climate of England. Mr. Hammond believes that eventually his device will be adopted in such countries as India and that hospitals will be equipped with these specially constructed houses where the rigors of any climate may be overcome. He says rows of these houses could be operated together.

Mr. Hammond's experiments in extracting the humidity from New York air by means of a battery Hall, Central Park west, several years ago and were carried to such a state of perfection that he was able to maintain a uniform degree of temperature and humidity and from that accomplishment developed the plan for the portable house.

STRANDED IN PARIS

Hard-Up Americans Driven to Begging in the Streets.

New York, Aug. 29.—A London dispatch to a morning paper says the Paris correspondent of the Express declares that an unprecedented number of Americans are stranded in Paris. The American Relief Society and Americans generally are overwhelmed with requests for help. Many are even begging in the streets. None of them speak anything but English, which makes matters worse. The relief society is sending as many as possible to London, including a Texan and his wife and child, who made their living by stilt walking in England, but were deprived of their stilt by the French police.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Aug. 29. Reported at. From.
Potsdam.....New York.....Rotterdam
Kron Prince Wil.....New York.....Bremen
heim.....New York.....Glasgow
Gull.....New York.....Glasgow
Kaiser Wilhelm.....New York.....Bremen
Donnerstag.....Liverpool.....Montreal
Iberian.....Liverpool.....Boston
Furness.....Glasgow.....New York
Kronland.....Antwerp.....New York
Louisiana.....Naples.....New York
Heliopolis.....Copenhagen.....New York
Salacia.....Father Point.....Glasgow

CLOTHIER IS CHAMPION.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 29.—Wm. J. Clothier, of Philadelphia, today won the national tennis championship, defeating Beals C. Wright, of Boston, the present holder in straight sets, 6-3, 6-0, 5-4.

PULAJANES CUT OFF.

Manila, Aug. 29.—Word has been received that native volunteers captured Armogines Sanchez, a chief of the Pulajanes, in the Province of Leyte, near Bayay last Saturday. The escape of the bandits from Leyte has been cut off by troops, which will prevent the arrival of reinforcements of Pulajanes from Samar. The situation is greatly improved.

The International Association of Auctioneers.

at its convention in Chicago, adopted a resolution allowing women to become members of the association.

Two whirling makers who went into bankruptcy recently in Southwark, England, declared that they had been ruined by motors and especially by motor omnibuses.

The worst use you can put a man to is to tie him to a string and let a pug dog parade him in the park.

There's Only One Best

In Baking Powder—It is Strong's. There are a number of good reasons why it is best, but the three principal reasons are:

1st.—Only the purest and finest materials are used. 2nd.—It is all Baking Powder—no adulterants added to make weight. 3rd.—It is always fresh and of full strength. Another very good reason is that it costs one-half the price of other good powders. Have you tried Strong's Baking Powder?

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET.

Mr. William Wiley, of the public works department. The latter returned to Ottawa today, after attending the funeral of his uncle, Mr. Alex. Wiley, at St. Thomas.

The following Londoners are spending their vacation at Fernside House, Muskoka: Mrs. M. Emery, Miss Lillian Emery, Miss Edith Wrighton, Miss Coral McNaughton, Miss Minnie Treblecock, Miss Francis Scream, Miss Nellie Wilson, Mr. J. K. H. Pope, Mr. Jack Pope, Mr. Neville Pope, Mr. J. F. Kern, Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Shields, Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain and three children, and J. W. Fuller.

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The worst use you can put a man to is to tie him to a string and let a pug dog parade him in the park.

75c LOUISENE SILK, Thursday Morning, 49c

This is an exceedingly rich fabric that is every thread silk. Good weight, and in every respect as desirable a dress silk as you could wish for. We quote the regular price as 75c yard, and give you our guarantee that the same quality cannot be regularly bought at less.

Colors—NAVY, CREAM, BROWN, MYRTLE, CARDINAL.

'Phone and mail orders promptly filled and your money back if you are not pleased with the silk.

See these in our east window today and tonight and come for them in the morning at 9 o'clock.

**British Tamaline Silks Now
In Stock at Same Popular
Price, Per Yard .. 49c**

Those who have worn this admirable silk are enthusiastic in its praise. Excellent wearing quality and will wash satisfactorily. Buy it here in the following shades: light navy, mid navy, brown, myrtle, reseda, cardinal, light gray, ivory, cream and black. Ask for samples and compare our Tamaline with what is shown all over the city at 60c.

It's Young's For Dress Goods This Season.

R. J. YOUNG & CO

GILT-EDGED ASSETS

The Royal Insurance Commission having recently investigated the affairs of

The Mutual Life ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Not a dollar of Stocks,
Not a dollar of Unauthorized Securities,
Not a dollar of Speculative Investments,
Not a dollar with Subsidiary Companies,
was found among its Securities.

Not a dollar was "written up" in its list of Assets, and the Real Estate held by the Company (outside its Head Office Building) was less than \$1,000.

C. E. GERMAN, GENERAL AGENT, LONDON.

Peters' Cakes
are used where
quality is appreciated.

Choice Roses
BRIDE, MAID,
CANADIAN QUEEN.
Lily of Valley, Etc.

A. G. STEPHENS
202 1/2 DUNDAS STREET.
'PHONES 1227 and 1522.

WALL PAPER
From 1c to \$2 per roll. Pictures and framing, room moldings, at low prices.

WESTLAND BROS.
156 WORTLEY ROAD, SOUTH LONDON.
Take a "Bell" line car.

Ussher, Playfair & Martens
STOCK BROKERS
Members Toronto Stock Exchange
Direct private wire to New York.

STOCKS AND BONDS
Bought and Sold
on Commission.
Investment securities a specialty.
COBALT STOCKS.

Nipissing, Foster,
William-Marks.
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED
Long Distance Telephone
Main 4364

1 Toronto St., Toronto

LOCAL MARKET.

London, Wednesday, Aug. 29.—The demand for hay eased up a little today, and as a result prices were easier, at \$9.50 to \$10.50 per ton, most of the sales were made at \$10 per ton.

Straw was slow, at \$5.50 per ton. The supply of oats was light and prices were higher, sales were made at \$1.15 and \$1.17 per cwt. for old and new, respectively.

WEEKLY REVIEW.—Trade was fairly active in all lines at the markets here the past six days. Prices were steady to easier.

The farmers say that this season's crop of oats will be badly damaged. This is owing to the heat and the numerous rains the past three weeks. It was expected by many that this year's crop of oats would be the largest in years. It is likely to fall considerably below what was expected on many farms. The straw is so badly damaged that it will be unfit for feeding purposes.

Grain—Oats are scarce; prices are firm, at \$1.15 to \$1.17 per cwt. New oats are at \$1.15 per cwt. Wheat brings 70c per bu. and new barley 90c to 95c per cwt. Hay and straw—Hay is in demand, so well just now, prices are lower, at \$9.50 to \$10.50 per ton. Straw is scarce, at \$5.50 per ton.

Butter and Eggs—Butter is scarce, the dealers have quite a time in securing sufficient to supply. Sales are made at 21c to 22c for choice crocks and 20c for pound rolls in whole cases lots. Eggs are steady, at 40c to 42c per dozen wholesale.

Potatoes—The supply is not as large as a couple of weeks ago; prices are at 50c per bu. Fruits—There is a fair demand for apples, which sell at 40c to 50c per bu. Pears are in demand at 50c to \$1.00 per bu. Plums bring 50c to 55c per basket; the crop will be small, peaches are in demand in fresh and dried, and are at 50c to 70c per 12-quart basket, musk melons sell at 50c to \$1.00 per dozen.

Poultry—The supply of poultry is on the increase; sales are made at 90c to 95c per pair for chickens, 10c to 12c for ducks. Old fowl sell fairly well at 90c to 95c per pair alive, and 70c to 75c dressed; ducks are in fair demand, at 80c to 85c per pair alive and 70c to \$1 dressed.

Dressed Hogs—Prices are lower, at \$8.00 to \$9.00 per cwt. Live Hogs—The price paid here last Monday was \$2.25 per cwt.; next Monday will be a holiday, there will be no hogs shipped from here; small pigs are easier, at \$3.50 and \$1 per pair.

Butcher's Meat—Beef is at \$5.50 to \$7.50 per cwt. Veal is in good demand at \$7.50 to 8c per lb. Pork is at 10c to 12c per lb. Lamb is at 10c to 12c per lb. Mutton is at 10c to 12c per lb. Sausages are at 10c to 12c per lb. Bacon is at 10c to 12c per lb. Canned goods are at 10c to 12c per lb.

NEW YORK.—New York, Aug. 28.—Butter—Firm; receipts, 12,442 packages; unchanged. Cheese—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 11,260 boxes.

CAMPBELLFORD.—Campbellford, Ont., Aug. 28.—Thirteen hundred and thirty-five bushels of wheat, 1,400 bushels of barley, 540, Alexander 800, all at 12 1/2c.

PITTSBURGH.—Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 28.—Oil opened and closed at \$1.55.

OIL CITY.—Oil City, Pa., Aug. 28.—Credit balances, \$1.58; shipments, 1,048 barrels.

LONDON.—London, Aug. 28.—Petroleum, American refined, 6 7/8; spirits, 8d.

ANTWERP.—Antwerp, Aug. 28.—Petroleum, 19 francs 40 centimes.

SUGAR MARKETS.—NEW YORK.—New York, Aug. 28.—Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 23 1/2c; centrifugal, 9 1/2c; 400-meshes sugar, 10c to 12c; refined steady, 10c to 12c.

LONDON.—London, Aug. 28.—Raw sugar—Centrifugal, 10 1/2c; Muscovado, 10 1/2c; beet sugar, August, 28 1/2c; September, 28 1/2c; October, 28 1/2c; November, 28 1/2c; December, 28 1/2c; January, 28 1/2c; February, 28 1/2c; March, 28 1/2c; April, 28 1/2c; May, 28 1/2c.

PRODUCE MARKETS.—TORONTO.—Toronto, Aug. 28.—Wheat—Ontario, No. 1 white, 65c to 70c; No. 2 white, 60c to 65c; No. 3 white, 55c to 60c; No. 4 white, 50c to 55c; No. 5 white, 45c to 50c; No. 6 white, 40c to 45c; No. 7 white, 35c to 40c; No. 8 white, 30c to 35c; No. 9 white, 25c to 30c; No. 10 white, 20c to 25c; No. 11 white, 15c to 20c; No. 12 white, 10c to 15c; No. 13 white, 5c to 10c; No. 14 white, 0c to 5c; No. 15 white, 0c to 5c; No. 16 white, 0c to 5c; No. 17 white, 0c to 5c; No. 18 white, 0c to 5c; No. 19 white, 0c to 5c; No. 20 white, 0c to 5c; No. 21 white, 0c to 5c; No. 22 white, 0c to 5c; No. 23 white, 0c to 5c; No. 24 white, 0c to 5c; No. 25 white, 0c to 5c; No. 26 white, 0c to 5c; No. 27 white, 0c to 5c; No. 28 white, 0c to 5c; No. 29 white, 0c to 5c; No. 30 white, 0c to 5c; No. 31 white, 0c to 5c; No. 32 white, 0c to 5c; No. 33 white, 0c to 5c; No. 34 white, 0c to 5c; No. 35 white, 0c to 5c; No. 36 white, 0c to 5c; No. 37 white, 0c to 5c; No. 38 white, 0c to 5c; No. 39 white, 0c to 5c; 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