

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

VOL. XLIII.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1904.

NO. 14

RUSSIA REJECTS PEACE OVERTURES

Unofficial Offer of Japan's Turned Down--Lansdowne's Speech Thought to Be Precursor of Intervention by Britain, United States, and Possibly France--Stoessel Reported to Have Asked an Armistice.

London, Nov. 10, 5.45 p. m.—Japan unofficially has made representations to Russia looking to peace. This action has resulted in failure and such intimations, even privately are not likely to be renewed.

Although the suggestion of a pacific settlement was made unofficially, it actually had behind it all the weight of an offer by the Japanese government. It was made direct to Russia. No power acted as an intermediary.

The proposition was put forward tentatively and unofficially so that the Japanese government would be in a position to deny any report that it was suing for peace. The failure of these direct negotiations, however, resulted in bringing intervention within a measurable distance.

Foreign Secretary Lansdowne's plea for arbitration at the Guild Hall banquet taken here to be a pointed suggestion to the United States and France that the time is approaching when the powers must take some action. It can be definitely stated that Lord Lansdowne made his speech with full knowledge that Japan would not present a proposition looking to peace from three powers—the United States, France and Great Britain.

There is a definite impression here that the initiative will come from President Roosevelt, though the action may be joint. It is mooted that Lord Lansdowne only spoke so openly yesterday evening because he had good reason to know that Mr. Roosevelt, if elected, contemplated making an effort to bring the belligerents to discuss the terms of peace.

Lord Lansdowne's remarks are held by those in high confidence to mean that whatever the United States may do in the matter Great Britain will participate. Lord Lansdowne's remarks are held by those in high confidence to mean that whatever the United States may do in the matter Great Britain will participate.

Stoessel Asks for Armistice? Tokio, Nov. 10, 10.45 a. m.—It is reported that General Stoessel, commanding at Port Arthur, has asked the Japanese for an armistice, the purpose of which is not stated. A confirmation of the reports is undeniably in the air. It is hoped here that General Stoessel will capitulate before the city proper is taken. The Japanese soldiers are angry and inflamed on account of the alleged abuse of their wounded by the Russians. They believe they will be murdered if captured. Under these conditions it will possibly be difficult to avoid a massacre when the troops meet in the final combat.

Japs and Russians at Horse Play. Helsingfors (ten miles south of Mukden), Nov. 10.—The weather today was warmer with slight rain. Along the eighty miles constituting the front of the Russian army everything was quiet, except for occasional skirmishes and artillery duels on the coast and left, where gunners fire occasionally for the sake of practice, so as to have the range should the Japanese take the offensive. Sometimes outposts indulge in rifle duels. When the Japanese jeerfully display a white disk, indicating a miss, the Russian riflemen reply by raising a shirt on a bayonet.

The Japanese are industriously continuing work under the cover of darkness, digging immense ditches into which they expect to direct the water of the Shalke river.

Jap Advance Repulsed. Mukden, Nov. 10.—The Japanese today assumed the offensive on the left bank of the Hun river and occupied three villages. The Russians, however, attacked, drove them out and again established their original lines of defence.

Russians Repulsed With Heavy Loss. London, Nov. 11.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent with General Oku cables under date of Nov. 9: "The Russians made several determined attacks upon Lamuting and Sushinpu, but were repulsed with heavy losses. The artillery laid the villages in ruins."

Nogi Reports Destructive Bombardment. Tokio, Nov. 10, 8.30 p. m.—A report from General Nogi's headquarters before Port Arthur, dated Nov. 9, says: "The enemy's military warehouse situated in the northern part of Port Arthur, was bombarded Nov. 6 with heavy siege and naval guns. The bombardment caused a conflagration. On the afternoon of Nov. 6 the magazine of an old battery on Sangchow mountain was exploded by our shells."

Japs Explode Russian Mine. The Foo, Nov. 10, noon.—Etsu Mountain, according to Chinese, 120 of whom arrived here today from Port Arthur, is proving a costly obstacle to the Japanese. On the morning of Nov. 9 and 10 there were assaults on the position made by the Japanese who were repulsed. During the second assault a shell striking over the outer hills from Palkoang, dropped on Etsu mountain and demolished a "land mine" controlling the station and captured other mines.

The Russians were holding the trenches on the boundary of the mined section. Six or seven hundred were killed. The Japanese not having reached the place, were unhurt. Etsu mountain owes the best part of its strength to the peculiar topography of the surrounding country which prevents a direct artillery fire and does not enable the Japanese to advance trenches with the success evident elsewhere. The Japanese advanced on it both instances from behind distant hills with the fullest force the ground would allow, but in the long distance which they were compelled to traverse, in the fire of machine guns their ranks were melted. Both times the Japanese broke the wire entanglements in places. One soldier with a leg torn off was seen trying to bite the wire.

Russia Will Brook No Mediation. Washington, Nov. 10.—Emphatically but with all courtesy, Russia through her ambassadors abroad, has several times informed the neutral powers that she will brook no mediation at this time in her war with Japan. It can be announced that Russia expects her wishes will be respected by all the powers to which she has communicated her views.

Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, said tonight to a correspondent of the Associated Press, "I can announce that I have very good reason to believe that my government's emphatic opposition to any mediation at this time will be respected and observed by all neutral powers."

Of the suggestion made in Great Britain that the United States take the lead in a move for intervention, the ambassador hesitated to repeat what he has announced so many times that he has positive assurance that this government, while at all times ready to offer its services, has not the slightest intention to take a step toward mediation unless induced by both belligerents. The Russian government is fully aware of the views of this government on the subject and it is deemed unnecessary the Russian embassy here again to announce that it is confident this attitude will be strictly adhered to.

Alexieff Home Again. St. Petersburg, Nov. 10.—Victor Alexieff arrived in St. Petersburg tonight.

Tokio-Seoul Railway Completed. Tokio, Nov. 10.—It is officially announced that the Seoul-Pusan Railroad was completed today. Traffic will begin on December 1. The time between Tokio and Seoul will then be fifty hours.

King Edward's Birthday Celebrated by Japs. General Oku's Headquarters, Nov. 10, 4 p. m., via Fusan, Nov. 11.—A spirited Russian attack on an advance post last Tuesday night was repulsed after a half hour of musketry fire. The scouting of positions is progressing. The birthday of King Edward was celebrated by the military attaches yesterday. The camp was en fête through the hospitality of General Oku.

Prince Nashimoto, Field Marshal Oyama and the correspondents participated in the celebration which was succeeded by dances and wrestling matches. Colonel Tsuchi received the congratulations in behalf of the British.

UNFOUNDED RUMORS OF CABINET CHANGES. Story That R. W. Scott Retire in Favor of Belcourt is Discredited—Fitzpatrick Could Have Blair's Old Job if He Wanted It.

Ottawa, Nov. 10.—(Special)—There is considerable talk about changes in the cabinet, but there is no good foundation for these reports. The story that Hon. R. W. Scott is to retire and that Mr. Belcourt is to take his place is not correct. Every now and again Mr. Scott is being retired in the newspapers but that is all there is in it.

Sinclair Hon. Mr. Fitzpatrick desire to retire and accept the chairmanship of the railway commission in place of Mr. Blair, who resigned, there is no doubt he would get the position. But this is not even talked of in official circles.

It is also said that Mr. Aylesworth, who would naturally succeed Mr. Fitzpatrick is not very anxious for a department for some time yet.

KING'S MESSAGE TO NEWFOUNDLAND Will Make Every Effort to Settle French Shore Question.

St. John's, Nfld., Nov. 10.—Governor Sir William MacGregor, at the King's birthday banquet here last night, conveyed a personal message from King Edward to the people of Newfoundland assuring them that it would be his earnest endeavor to promote a settlement of the French shore question and to relieve them of the difficulties arising from French occupation of the west coast.

QUARREL RESULTS IN DOUBLE SUICIDE. New York, Nov. 10.—Mrs. Katherine Green, indignant because her husband, George Green, reproved her for taking a walk with another man, shot herself through the heart. Overcome with horror, the husband picked up the same revolver and shot himself. The tragedy was not discovered until late today, when Green's employer sent to inquire why he had not come to work.

RUSHING FOOD AND AMMUNITION TO OYAMA'S ARMY



WOULD WELCOME ARBITRATION

Lord Strathcona Favors a Treaty Between Britain and United States AGAINST RECIPROCITY

Bonar Law Says That It Would Weaken the Ties Between Canada and Mother Country--Dominion Invoice Forms Vexatious.

Montreal, Nov. 10.—(Special)—A special London cable says: "The St. James Gazette credits Lord Strathcona with saying, re an arbitration treaty with the United States that it would be an excellent thing, and nowhere would it be more heartily welcomed than in Canada. It indicates the approval of the people of the United States for closer union with Great Britain. I say the people of the United States because the overwhelming majority for Roosevelt shows the confidence of his countrymen in the policy he is following. That the feeling would be reciprocated I haven't the slightest doubt. I am sure I can speak for Canada. We wish to live in peace with our nearest neighbors. The principal obstacle in the settlement of disputes in an amicable way is a great one and ought to be encouraged."

"Hon. Law, parliamentary secretary of the board of trade at Edinburgh, said Lord Rosebery took a wrong view of the spirit of the colonies. Their patriotism was more than local. The colonial premium is a few years ago suggested in London. They desired it not so much as an individual benefit but they wished to continue to feel that they are citizens of no mean country. If reciprocity between Canada and the states became a fact could anyone have a doubt that the effect would be to weaken the ties of interest and sympathy with the mother country."

"Efforts will be made shortly to induce the chambers of commerce in the colonies to adopt a scheme of commercial education similar to that of the London chamber and form examination centres in their home localities."

"The home trade section of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce passed a resolution re certification of invoices to the effect that the forms drafted by the Canadian government are unnecessarily vexatious and an executive of five."

The following officers were elected: Hon. president, O. S. Crockett; president, H. P. McLeod; vice-president for Fredericton, Alex. Fleming; secretary, Dr. Barbour; treasurer, E. H. Bliss; H. L. Couthard, Frank Smith, James Pringle, Arthur Limerick and John Hood, executive. This selection of vice-president of parishes has been left to each parish. The club decided to meet twice a month. There was enthusiasm at the meeting and the young men have determined to carry on a club which will make its influence felt."

President McCreith, Secretary Lithgow and ex-Vice-President Lyons, of the M. P. A. A., met a large gathering of athletes this evening and discussed the question of professionalism. A. H. Barker, of the University Athletic, presided. The M. P. A. A. representatives addressed the meeting. A resolution was passed to the effect that delegates should press upon the association the rescinding of the rule that each team will make its influence felt."

Amherst Man's Brother Killed in Frisco. Amherst, N. S., Nov. 10.—(Special)—W. Clifford Greenfield, of the Black Printing Company, received a telegram last evening that his younger brother, A. C. Greenfield, had been killed in San Francisco (Cal.) by being struck by an electric car.

IMPORTANT CASES BEFORE SUPREME COURT

CUSHING SULPHITE FIBRE COMPANY APPEAL GOES OVER TO NEXT TERM

York County Young Conservatives Form a Club--M. P. A. A. Officials Hear Grievances of Athletes--News of the Capital.

Fredricton, Nov. 10.—(Special)—Before the Supreme Court this morning the Royal Bank of Canada vs. Hale was concluded. Court consisted of Messrs. Macrae and McKinnon vs. McLaughlin Carriage Co. Teed supports demurrer to third count of the declaration. L. A. Curry in reply; Court decided judgment for defendant on the third count, plaintiff to have leave to amend upon payment of costs within 20 days after taxation.

In Rose vs. City St. John--Mr. Skinner supports demurrer to the second and third counts of the declaration. Messrs. Macrae and Wallace contra. Judgment reserved.

Cushing Sulphite Fibre cases have been stood over until next term.

The fire which gutted Ald H. C. Jewett's stables at an early hour this morning was more serious than at first appeared. There were three valuable stallions in the barn at the time and all were more or less injured.

The German coach stallion Edebezzar, valued at twelve hundred dollars was so badly injured that he had to be shot this morning. He was imported from Indiana last spring, and won a prize at the last Halifax exhibition.

The imported French coach stallion Romeo, purchased by Jewett from Nova Scotia parties two years ago, is not expected to survive his injuries.

The three year old red hackney Hamlet got off easily and will recover.

The stations were insured by the Scottish Union for \$500 each, and the barn was insured for \$100. The general opinion is that the fire was of incendiary origin. Considerable ice formed in the river last night, and it looks as if navigation would close before the end of the week.

Work on the booms is about over, and the rafting is being started for the winter. The steamer Aberdeen left this morning for St. John and will remain there for the winter.

York County Young Conservatives Club Formed. The young Liberal Conservatives of York county to the number of nearly 100 met this evening and formed an organization to be known as the Young Men's Liberal Conservative Club for the County of York. It was decided that the club should elect an executive of five.

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HAYS BACK FROM ENGLAND IN HIGH FEATHER

G. T. P. President Says Nothing Now Is in the Way of Rushing Road to Completion.

Montreal, Nov. 10.—(Special)—Charles M. Hays, president of the Grand Trunk Pacific, returned to Montreal today from England, where he was on a financial mission in connection with the transcontinental project. As the result of the visit he said he was able to say as soon as the weather permits next spring the work of actual construction will begin westward from Lake Superior and will be pushed forward simultaneously from various points between there and the Pacific coast.

Mr. Hays would not make a prophecy as to when the road would be open for business but he said that the wheat field would be tapped as soon as men and money could complete the task of building the railroad.

Mr. Hays was greatly pleased with the return of the Laurier administration which he says assures the execution of the Grand Trunk Pacific plans. There will now, he says, be no difficulty in getting all the capital required for the building and equipment of the railway.

SILVER SERVICE FOR REV. T. C. JACK

Sydney Presbytery Gives it to Him in Honor of 25th Anniversary of Ordination.

Sydney, N. S., Nov. 10.—(Special)—Rev. T. C. Jack, pastor of St. Matthew's church, North Sydney, celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of his ordination today. Addresses were presented to him on behalf of congregation and the Sydney presbytery, the latter being accompanied by a handsome silver service. Rev. Mr. Jack was pastor at Maitland (N. S.) for seventeen years and he has been eight years at North Sydney.

FOUR MORE MONTREAL POLICEMEN DISMISSED

Were implicated in Disclosures About Disorderly Houses.

Montreal, Nov. 10.—(Special)—The purging of Montreal's police force continues. Chief Legault has resigned and four constables were dismissed today in connection with the exposures made against the chief by keepers of disorderly houses. It is also likely that further prosecutions will be made.

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MORE STEALING FROM I. C. R. SHEDS

NINETEEN FLASKS LIQUOR STOLEN TUESDAY

Moncton Police Think the Old Gang is at Work--Death of David Watson, the Well Known Commercial Traveller--News of the Railway Town.

Moncton, Nov. 10.—The startling developments in connection with the arrest and prosecution of Herbert Leaman, charged with stealing goods from the I. C. R. transfer shed here, it seems have not put a stop to the stealing of I. C. R. freight in transit in the Moncton yard.

As late as Tuesday last some nineteen flasks of liquor were stolen from a consignment of liquor and the I. C. R. police believe the theft was committed here. A search warrant was taken out by Inspector Skeffington yesterday and the house of a suspected I. C. R. employe searched for the missing liquor. Nothing upon which to base a charge, however, was found and so far as can be ascertained the police are completely in the dark as to where the liquor disappeared to.

This latest theft from I. C. R. cars has revived the talk about the Leaman case and the statements said to have been made by Leaman to the effect that other I. C. R. employes were concerned in the misappropriation of I. C. R. property.

An Albert county man who had a grievance against some of the prominent Conservative leaders, a resolution expressing regret at his defeat in Halifax and expressing the hope that the party and country may still have his services in parliament.

Among the recent I. C. R. changes and promotions is the promotion of A. B. McHabbie from master mechanic in the erecting shop to foreman over the I. C. R. car shop as well.

The jurisdiction of N. L. Rand, master mechanic, has been extended to Campbellton.

Moncton friends have received word of the death in Toronto of David Watson, the former well-known drug traveler for Kerry Watson & Co., Montreal, in the Maritime Provinces. Mr. Watson was one of the most popular and best known travelers in the provinces. For the past few years he has been living in Montreal, and recently took up his residence in Toronto. Heart failure was the cause of death. Deceased leaves a widow and one child. Mrs. Watson is the daughter of Dr. Norfolk, formerly of this city.

John Fraser, of the I. C. R., left yesterday on a holiday trip to New York.

Hon. O. J. LeBlanc, M. P. for Kent, is in the city today.

The I. C. R. clerks are receiving their pay for October today. The trainmen were paid yesterday and the shop men will be paid tomorrow.

The Salvation Army is erecting a large building to be used as a barracks and a residence, on Church street, in front of the old S. A. hall. The new building will have a three-story front and will have more hall accommodation than the old building.

FATAL FIRES IN NEW YORK CITY

Three Persons Dead and Many Injured in Series of Blazes

FIFTY HOMELESS

In Nearly Every Case Tenement Houses Occupied by Many Families--Incendiarism Suspected--False Alarm Causes Injury to 12 Girls in Factory.

New York, Nov. 10.—Three persons lost their lives, twenty were injured, nearly a hundred were overcome by smoke and an equal number are temporarily homeless as a result of a series of fires in various parts of the greater city today.

In nearly every case the fires were in tenement houses occupied by a large number of families and at least two of them are thought to have been started by incendiaries. Life nets, scaling ladders and other apparatus enabled the firemen to save many persons whose escape had been cut off by flames and smoke.

Nearly all the fires started in the lower parts of the buildings and although in no case did the money loss exceed a few thousand dollars the dense clouds of smoke which swept up through halls and elevator shafts drove the pan-stricken tenants to roofs and fire escapes. Many were overcome before reaching the outer air, but with the exception of three all were found by firemen and carried out in safety.

A false alarm of fire also contributed to the day's list of injured. Workmen on the roof of the American Cigar Company's factory on East 22nd street, alarmed by clouds of smoke which came from an overturned tin kettle in the street, rushed into the factory where scores of girls were at work and with a cry of "fire" started a panic in which twelve of the girls were injured, one so badly that she was taken to a hospital.

The most serious fire of the day was that in the upper East Side apartment house in which the three lives were lost, several persons were injured and many thrilling rescues were made. Forty families were driven from a big tenement house on Boston Road in the Bronx and twenty persons who had been overcome by smoke were rescued by firemen.

Ten families were forced to flee from a Brooklyn apartment house by an incendiary fire which started in the basement. Two persons were overcome by smoke, but all were rescued.

An explosion in the basement of a tenement in Williamsburg created a panic among the tenants and the burst of flames and smoke which followed sent them to roofs and fire escapes in search of safety. Many were overcome by smoke, but all were rescued.

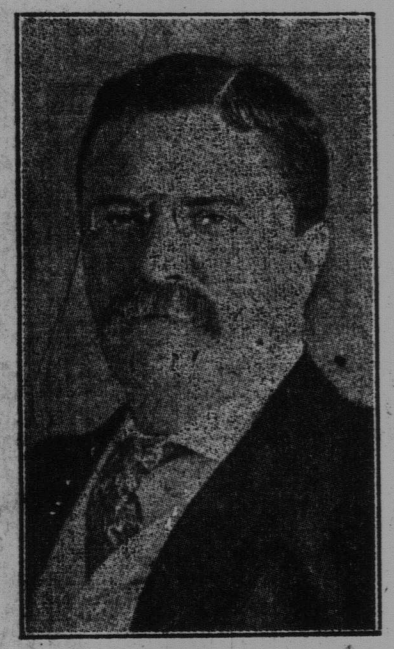
A fireman was badly injured by falling three stories, while fighting a fire in a storage warehouse on Washington street.

Griswold Gets Fourteen Years More. Halifax, Nov. 10.—Andrew Griswold, who was sentenced to twelve years in Dorchester penitentiary yesterday for arson, was today given fourteen years in the same institution for burglary.

ROOSEVELT SWEEPS THE COUNTRY BY AN OVERWHELMING MAJORITY

MODERN SCIENCE OF WARFARE

Japanese Use of Telephone in the Field--Conclusions of a Theoretical Expert in Clash With Facts--Little Test of the Use of Cavalry Thus Far in Manchuria Campaign--Cossacks' Opportunity May Come.



PRESIDENT THEODORE ROOSEVELT. The Successful Republican Candidate, Who Swept the United States Tuesday.

BOY DIES, NURSED BY 'SCIENTISTS'

With Diphtheria Stamford Child Played a Week With Others--Several Catch Disease and Neighbors Are Angry.

Stamford, Ct., Nov. 8.—The people of lower South street, a fashionable residential section, are indignant tonight over the death of Caleb L. Litchfield, jr., 12 years old, son of Caleb L. Litchfield, who is head of the advertising department of the Compositum Magazine and is a half brother of Helen I. Drake, the actor. The child was taken ill Monday of last week. His parents are both Christian Scientists. Their house is shared by Mrs. George C. Gemmill and Mrs. Gemmill is a Christian Science healer.

The boy was treated by his mother and Mrs. Gemmill until Saturday, when Dr. E. E. Rowell was called in. He found the child had a malignant case of diphtheria, notified the health department and the house was quarantined. The health department was beginning an investigation of the case, in response to anonymous complaints and allegations that it was being treated by Christian Science methods. The child died Sunday morning at 3. His father, who had been summoned from St. Louis by telegraph, arrived here this afternoon just before the interment, which was made in a temporary receiving vault. A Christian Science service was conducted by Mrs. George H. Riddell, reader in the Christian Science church here.

Under quarantine in the Litchfield home tonight are Mr. and Mrs. Litchfield and their three remaining children and Mrs. Gemmill and her two children, Beatrice, the eldest daughter of the interment, which was quarantined. The health department was beginning an investigation of the case, in response to anonymous complaints and allegations that it was being treated by Christian Science methods. The child died Sunday morning at 3. His father, who had been summoned from St. Louis by telegraph, arrived here this afternoon just before the interment, which was made in a temporary receiving vault. A Christian Science service was conducted by Mrs. George H. Riddell, reader in the Christian Science church here.

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Carries New York by 185,000; Also All the Doubtful States--Massachusetts Elects W. L. Douglas, Democrat, Governor by 25,000--Foss, the Canadian Reciprocity Champion, Defeated.

New York, Nov. 8.—The Republican ticket has been elected by a vote in the electoral college that will exceed that of 292 given Mr. McKinley in 1900. The latest estimate is that Roosevelt will have 325 electoral votes to 151 for Parker. The result of today's balloting was astounding even to the most sanguine of the Republican managers. Confident as they were of success they were not prepared for the astonishing figures which followed the closing of the polls, bringing into the Republican column not only all parts of those states which had claimed as safe for their candidates, but with the possible exception of Maryland, every state classed as doubtful.

Democratic successes are confined to the solid south, in which Kentucky is included, and Mr. Parker has not carried a single state which did not give its vote to Mr. Bryan four years ago. Unofficial returns indicate that he has lost some of those which the Nebraska candidate held for his party.

As a dramatic climax to the sensational majorities given him, came President Roosevelt's formal announcement that he would not be a candidate for re-election, lending the only exciting aspect to an election night otherwise so one-sided that it was impossible for even the victors to attain that degree of enthusiasm that usually marks the occasion. Late in the night came an announcement from E. G. Palliser, manager of campaign for Thomas E. Watson, the candidate of the People's party, that as a result of the overwhelming Democratic defeat steps would be taken to form a new party. To this end, according to the announcement given out, Mr. Bryan, Mr. Watson and Wm. R. Hearst would hold a conference in New York in about a week's time.

Beginning with the state of New York which gives a republican plurality of approximately 185,000, the tale runs practically throughout the country, Kentucky alone showing Democratic gains. Indiana is credited with at least 40,000 plurality; Iowa, 125,000, and Pennsylvania heads the list as the banner Republican state, with the magnificent plurality of 235,000. Even the Republican candidate in Massachusetts, Douglas, defeated Foss by 25,000.

Massachusetts elects W. L. Douglas, Democrat, Governor by 25,000. New York, Nov. 8, 845 p. m.—The latest figures indicate that Roosevelt's plurality above the Bronx is 222,000, and that of Parker's below the Bronx is about 37,000, giving the state to Roosevelt by 185,000. Returns from about one-third of the state above the Bronx show Roosevelt's vote to be 17,000 heavier than McKinley's four years ago and Parker's 7,000 smaller than Bryan's.

For governor, Higgins apparently is 185,000 ahead in the up-state counties and has about 30,000 better than Higgins in the city, electing Higgins governor by about 85,000. The legislature is undoubtedly overwhalingly Republican, assuring the election of a Republican to succeed Channing M. Doyne in the senate.

Roosevelt Wins New York by 185,000. New York, Nov. 8, 845 p. m.—The latest figures indicate that Roosevelt's plurality above the Bronx is 222,000, and that of Parker's below the Bronx is about 37,000, giving the state to Roosevelt by 185,000.

Under quarantine in the Litchfield home tonight are Mr. and Mrs. Litchfield and their three remaining children and Mrs. Gemmill and her two children, Beatrice, the eldest daughter of the interment, which was quarantined. The health department was beginning an investigation of the case, in response to anonymous complaints and allegations that it was being treated by Christian Science methods. The child died Sunday morning at 3. His father, who had been summoned from St. Louis by telegraph, arrived here this afternoon just before the interment, which was made in a temporary receiving vault. A Christian Science service was conducted by Mrs. George H. Riddell, reader in the Christian Science church here.

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statement from W. L. Douglas was given out tonight: "To say that I am profoundly gratified at the result of the balloting does not fully express my feelings. To be honored with the election as governor of Massachusetts on the Democratic ticket in the presidential year is surely an estimate of the good will of fellow citizens of all parties. I am also much pleased with the vote in my own city.

As governor, I shall endeavor to serve the interests of the whole people, and shall devote my energies to securing relief for our over-burdened industries from the lawmakers at Washington. I shall also do what I can to bring about a re-education in the living of our people."

Roosevelt Has 293 Electoral Votes So Far. New York, Nov. 8.—3:45 p. m.—Formal vote stands as follows: For Roosevelt—California, 10; Conn., 7; Delaware, 3; Illinois, 27; Indiana, 13; Iowa, 10; Kansas, 10; Maine, 6; Iowa, 10; Michigan, 14; Minn., 11; Nebraska, 8; New Hampshire, 4; New York, 39; New Jersey, 12; North Dakota, 4; Ohio, 23; Oregon, 4; Penn., 21; Rhode Island, 4; South Dakota, 4; Vermont, 4; Washington, 5; Wisconsin, 13; Wyoming, 3; total, 293.

For Parker—Alabama, 11; Arkansas, 9; Florida, 5; Georgia, 13; Kentucky, 13; Louisiana, 9; Mississippi, 10; Missouri, 18; North Carolina, 12; South Carolina, 9; Tennessee, 12; Texas, 18; Virginia, 12; total, 133. Doubtful or not heard from—Colorado, 9; Idaho, 3; Maryland, 8; Montana, 3; Nevada, 3; Utah, 3; West Virginia, 7; total, 52.

The Figures in Massachusetts. Boston, Nov. 8.—Complete returns from the city of Boston give Parker 49,433; Roosevelt, 38,559. In 1900 the vote for president was Parker 45,127; McKinley, 36,244. The total vote for governor in Boston was Bates 28,778; Douglas, 62,619. The vote for governor last year in Boston was Bates 28,465; Gaston, 47,282. Parker carries the city by 10,743 plurality. Douglas carries Boston by 34,943 plurality.

Douglas Defeats Bates. Boston, Nov. 8.—Sufficient returns had returned up to 9:45 o'clock tonight to indicate the election of Wm. L. Douglas (Dem.) for governor by 25,000 to 25,000 plurality. The figures indicate a plurality in Boston for Douglas (Rep.) of 31,775. Returns from points outside of Boston in the state give Bates (Rep.) a plurality of about 5,000. Douglas carries the state by 25,000 to 25,000 plurality.

Foss Defeated. Boston, Nov. 8.—Wm. L. Douglas, of Brockton, Democrat, candidate for governor, carried the city of Boston in today's election by a plurality of 34,043, receiving an endorsement unprecedented in its size for a Democratic candidate either for mayor of Boston or governor of the state. Candidate Douglas carried the city by 24,100 more votes than were given to William F. Parker for president in the city, the large gain of Mr. Douglas this year over the vote cast for Gaston in 1903, taking in connection with its remarkable running ahead of the endorsement of Judge Parker for mayor of Boston or governor of the state.

Roosevelt Won't Run Again. Washington, Nov. 8.—President Roosevelt tonight, after the election, clearly indicated the result, issued the following statement: "I am deeply sensible of the honor done me by the American people in expressing their confidence in what I have done and what I have tried to do. I appreciate to the full the solemn responsibility this confidence imposes upon me, and I shall do all in my power to live up to it. On the 4th of March next I shall have served three and a half years, and this three and a half years constitutes my first term. The wise custom which limits the president to two terms regards the substance and not the form, under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination."

Parker Congratulates Roosevelt. Epous, N. Y., Nov. 8, 8:30 p. m.—Judge Parker sent this telegram to the president: "Rejoice, Roosevelt, N. Y., Nov. 8. 'The President, Washington D. C.' 'The people by their vote have emphatically approved your administration and I congratulate you." (Signed) "Alton B. Parker."

Roosevelt Thanks Parker. Washington, Nov. 8.—President Roosevelt's reply to Judge Parker's telegram was as follows: "Alton B. Parker, Rome (N. Y.): I thank you for your congratulations." (Signed) "Theodore Roosevelt."

Douglas Returns Thanks. Brockton, Mass., Nov. 8.—The following message was received from Governor Douglas: "I am deeply sensible of the honor done me by the American people in expressing their confidence in what I have done and what I have tried to do. I appreciate to the full the solemn responsibility this confidence imposes upon me, and I shall do all in my power to live up to it. On the 4th of March next I shall have served three and a half years, and this three and a half years constitutes my first term. The wise custom which limits the president to two terms regards the substance and not the form, under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination."

lean, outside of Denver; that this will be doubled by the vote of this city, and that Parker will not run more than 150 votes behind Adams. D. B. Fairley, Republican chairman, says Roosevelt has certainly carried the state, and that Governor Peabody is safe.

Louisiana Democratic by 35,000. New Orleans, La., Nov. 8.—The Democrats have carried Louisiana by a majority of probably 35,000. The seven Democratic congressmen have been elected.

North Carolina for Parker by 50,000. Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 8.—There is hardly any doubt but that all ten Democratic congressmen have been elected. Only the two mountain districts are in doubt, the eighth and the tenth. These the Republicans do not concede and it will take a day to know absolutely. The Democratic majority in the state appears to be about 20,000.

Florida Democratic. Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 8.—The few scattered returns so far received indicate the usual Democratic majorities in Florida. The Democratic candidates for congress are all elected.

Vermont Safe. White River Jet, Vt., Nov. 8.—Roosevelt carried this state in the election today by about 31,000. Roosevelt ran ahead of McKinley's vote in 1900, while Parker ran behind that of Bryan.

New Hampshire in Line. Concord, N. H., Nov. 8.—Roosevelt has carried the state by 18,000 to 20,000, and Melane, Republican, for governor, is elected by at least 12,000. The governor's council is solidly Republican and the legislature is Republican in both branches by returns from eighty towns, received.

California Republican by 30,000. New York, Nov. 8.—A special from San Francisco to the New York Herald says California will give Roosevelt 30,000 at least.

Maine Republican by 37,000. Portland, Me., Nov. 8.—Three hundred of about 5,000. Douglas carried for president, Maine out of 519, give Parker 24,731; Roosevelt, 37,946.

Roosevelt Wins the Beasts. New York, Nov. 7.—A fine large African lion, two monkeys, two ostriches and a zebra arrived on the American transport liner Minneapolis from London this afternoon. They will be presented to the successful presidential candidate Wednesday as a gift from King Menelik of Abyssinia.

Parker Carried Texas by 190,000. Fort Worth, Tex., Nov. 8.—Early returns show that the vote will hardly exceed 375,000, of which 250,000 were cast for Parker, 60,000 for Roosevelt and the balance scattering.

Will Publish Forestry Journal. Canadian Association at Ottawa Meeting Take Necessary Steps. Ottawa, Nov. 8.—(Special)—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Canadian Forestry Association final arrangements were made for the publication of a forestry journal in the interests of the association and for the advancement of the forestry movement generally.



JUDGE ALTON B. PARKER, The Democratic Nominee, Who Went Down to Defeat Tuesday.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE

Further Effort to Make Petition Accompany Application for License

ASSISTANCE CALLED

Aid of Other Societies to Be Asked to Have This Provision in Act--Most Worthy Patriarch Received--An Organizer for New Brunswick.

The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance held a busy day Tuesday being the third session which were all largely attended. W. B. Buryome, M. W. P., head of the order in North America, was present and delivered addresses, election of representatives was made to the national division, the temperance legislation program was discussed among other matters and the finance and audit reports were received. The session closed Thursday with a social at which refreshments were served.

Most Worthy Patriarch Received

In the morning, Most Worthy Patriarch Buryome, of St. Catherine's (Ont.) was received and he addressed those present.

Organizer to Work

Power was given to the propagation committee to employ an organizer and place him in the field.

HEAVY SENTENCE FOR NOVA SCOTIA FIREBUG

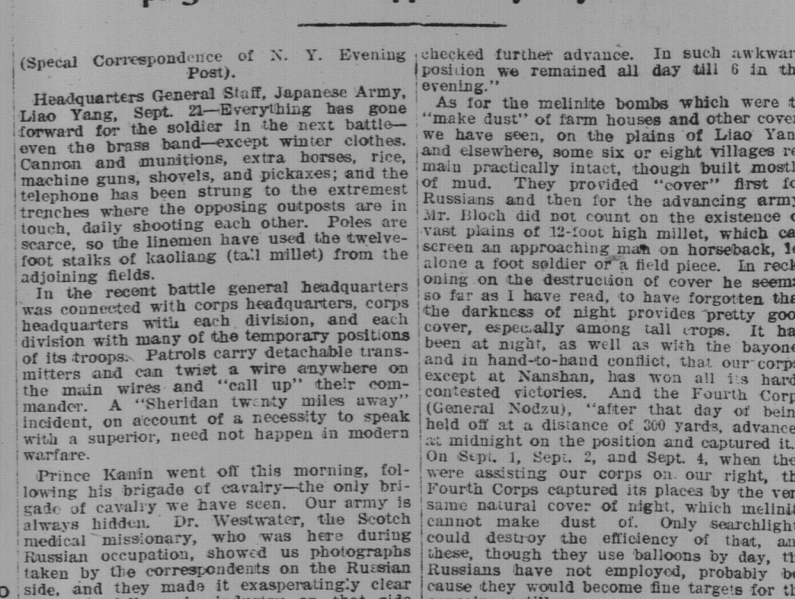
Halifax, Nov. 8.—Andrew Griswood on two charges of arson, was today sentenced by Judge Wallace, in the county court to seven and five years in Dorochee.

Snow Delays Maritime Express

Newcastle, N. B., Nov. 8.—The Maritime Express was delayed one hour and a half this morning on account of the heavy fall of snow in Quebec. It has been snowing steadily in that province for three days. Last night twenty-two inches fell. There has been excellent sleighing in Campbellton since election day. Declaration day proceedings passed off very quietly here this morning.

Lamed, Crippled by Corns

Sunlight Soap will not injure you. It cleans and softens the skin. It makes them soft, white and fleecy.



(Special Correspondence of N. Y. Evening Post.) Headquarters General Staff, Japanese Army, Liao Yang, Sept. 21.—Everything has gone forward for the soldier in the next battles over the brass band—except winter clothes. Cannon and munitions, extra horses, rice, machine guns, shovels, and pickaxes, and the telephone has been strung to the extreme trenches where the opposing outposts are in touch, daily shooting each other. Poles are now strung of bamboo (200 miles) from the rear to the front lines. In the recent battle general headquarters was connected with corps headquarters, corps headquarters with each division, and each division with many of the temporary positions of its troops. Patrols carry detachable transmitters and can trace a wire across the main wires and call up their commander. A "superior" 1500 miles away, in an account of a necessity to speak with a superior, need not happen in modern warfare.

Prince Kaunitz went off this morning, following his brigade of cavalry—the only brigade of cavalry we have seen. Our army is always hidden. Dr. Westwater, the Scotch medical officer, showed us photographs taken by the correspondents on the Russian side, and they made it astonishingly clear that our fellows in industry on that side have been much more severely treated than we have been in the matter of opportunity to see.

They left with him pictures of officers observing the Japanese from the Hills-Like-Outspread-Fingers; batteries in action; panoramas of cantonments in valleys, etc. They were pictures that looked like war. On our side we do not even see headquarters at their cantonment "central" in line of battle. We may not see batteries in action unless they break the regulations and run away; we only discern in the distance flashes from the twelve-foot big mallet. We are safely under 200 yards or more outside where shells fall; which is comforting to our families, but hardly worth expressing a summer at home for.

Experts' Conclusions in Clash With Facts. For casual diversion on these hillside we fall back upon the solid volumes of the expert on war. Mr. Bloch, the banker of Warsaw, who has been spending his years in retirement finding reasons why war will never be possible. He arrived at the conclusion that "the day of the bayonet is over." "In future," he said, "war will be demonstrated at ranges which will render the use of the bayonet impossible." "You cannot get within 300 or 1,000 yards of each other. In every forty yards the Japanese succeed by rushing trenches in the night and meeting Russian four-colored bayonet with Japanese sword-bayonet at the edge of the ditch. Not one important position has been taken by bayonet charge, and at several had individual encounters and even three strokes.

Another of Mr. Bloch's conclusions is that smokeless powder having been invented, the old secret of smoke is lifted, and "every soldier will see the havoc" among his comrades, yet not be able to see whence the shots have come against him. "Can you imagine anything so trying to the nerves?" He went on to consider the possibility of an army composed of men not delicate or sensitive in nerves, and not suffering much from wounds, and their relatives ought not to fear the extension of life. I have told you of Japanese bayonet charges and over the bayonet-bodies of comrades without showing that they thought of them or their fate at all. Mr. Bloch also says that there would be "but 1,000 yards wide swept by the fire from both sides in which to hurl the bayonet." "You will be hit by the machine gun fire. Machine guns would make dust of farmhouses and all other cover for the advancing troops. Still, this very day, we have received details of the work of the Army of Gen. Noto on our right in the Liao Yang battle, and it says:— "Sept. 20.—Both wings attacked at 4 a. m., and though enemy resisted very obstinately, we heard reports that in other places they gave ground to retreat, so our infantry approached enemy to within 300 yards. Part of left wing pressed as close as 50 yards. Halls of enemy's bullets and machine guns

could be granted a line he must have a petition of a majority of the ratepayers in the ward or parish where he wants to do liquor business.

On conclusion of other business W. P. Buryome delivered an address on the work of the order in North America, and the meeting adjourned for the final meeting at 8 p. m.

The evening session several initiatives took place and on conclusion of the ceremony the meeting was thrown open to the public. The G. W. P., H. C. Lundy, appointed the standing committees for the year and a long discussion subsequently took place on suspended members, it being finally resolved to submit suggestions to the national division to remedy the evil.

Rev. Thos. Marshall, the grand chaplain I. O. G. T. of New Brunswick, addressed the grand division conveying the greetings of the I. O. G. T. The finance and audit committee reports were received and adopted and 300 copies of the journals containing the minutes of the semi-annual and annual sessions for the past year were ordered to be printed and distributed.

After a sum of money had been voted to the propagation committee, \$10 was voted to the district divisions of St. John county and Kings county. The grand scribe was authorized to obtain a new emblem for the G. W. P. and on conclusion of other routine business the P. G. W. P. and G. W. P. delivered their final addresses to the grand division. The evening closed with a social at which refreshments were served.

Deceased was forty-five years of age and for twenty-five years had worked in the Amherst Boot and Shoe Company. At times he would go on heavy drabbing tours and has been in this state since last Friday. He leaves a wife and grown-up daughter. He was a son of the late Thos. Tower, who was killed some years ago at Springfield by the collapsing of a building on which he was working.

Young Men, Become Independent. One reason why you are not independent is simple: you are not getting any exercise. Get out and get some exercise. You will be independent and good. The Amherst Boot and Shoe Company, 1000 St. John Street, Amherst, N. B.

AMHERST MAN FOUND DEAD

CLIFFORD TOWER, WHO HAD BEEN ON SPREE SINCE FRIDAY, ENDED LIFE IN COAL SHED

Inquest Commenced Last Night, but Deceased Companions Were Too Intoxicated to Testify, and Examination Was Adjourned.

Amherst, Nov. 9.—(Special)—The death of Clifford Tower took place this evening under somewhat peculiar circumstances. Deceased, with two companions, had spent most of the afternoon in the cobbler shop of Dan Dolson, Victoria street, opposite the Terrace Hotel. They had been drinking considerable during the day and Tower had laid down.

When Dolson began to light up his shop, he remarked to one of the men that it was time for them to leave. One of the men went to avise Tower and found it impossible to do so. A physician was summoned when it was found that he was dead. He was lying in the coal shed in the rear of Dolson's shop.

Conger Dye decided an inquest was necessary and a jury with J. H. Black as foreman was summoned. The evidence of the attending physician, Dr. McQueen, and that of Dolson, was taken and it was decided to postpone the enquiry until tomorrow in order that the companions who were too much intoxicated to give evidence tonight might have an opportunity of sobering up and also that an autopsy may be held.

Deceased was forty-five years of age and for twenty-five years had worked in the Amherst Boot and Shoe Company. At times he would go on heavy drabbing tours and has been in this state since last Friday. He leaves a wife and grown-up daughter. He was a son of the late Thos. Tower, who was killed some years ago at Springfield by the collapsing of a building on which he was working.

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FROM ALL OVER NEW BRUNSWICK

FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 8.—(Special)—Premier Tweedie, Hon. Messrs. La Billois, Farris, Sweeney and Dr. Inch, representing the board of education, will attend the formal opening of the consolidated school at Kingston tomorrow. They went to St. John this evening.

Michaelmas term of the supreme court opened this morning at 11 o'clock. There were present the chief justice and Justices Hanington, McLeod, Landry and Gregory.

There was a fair attendance of the legal fraternity. The morning papers were taken up. In the case of the Almsy-Harris Co. vs. Louis E. Young, Mr. Young, on behalf of the department, moved to set aside the verdict of the police magistrate of Woodstock, acting as judge of the civil court. Referred by Judge Gregory, before whom it came on review. C. J. Harley contra. Court considers.

Of the crown paper, the King vs. Wm. Wilkinson, judge of Gloucester county court, ex parte Henry Dugas, goes over until next term.

The same ex parte Delphine Cormier, was argued, George Gilbert showing cause.

This afternoon the Westmorland county court cases against Charles T. Legere, Henry Grant, Henry Cormier and Eler C. Cormier were taken up. G. A. Stevens showed cause against an order nisi granted by the chief justice to quash conviction for keeping liquor for sale. J. H. Henry, K. C. contra.

It was contended that certain evidence was admitted under an arrangement agreed to by both parties and as that was not established to the satisfaction of the court the cases were stood over until hilly term. In the meantime Stevens is to prepare affidavits in each case set down as to the terms of agreement and serve the same upon the defendants.

The cases on special paper will be taken up tomorrow morning.

The law examinations commenced here this morning and will be continued for the remainder of the week. Six candidates for students will be admitted on their university degrees and five are taking the examination. Only three candidates are taking the examinations for attorney graduates of the St. John law school. Two candidates are taking the intermediate examinations.

David Burke, a prosperous young farmer of upper Blackville, was missing from his home on Saturday evening last. Parties were organized, but not until Monday that his body was found near King's siding. There were not any marks on his body and his death is believed to be due to heart failure. He was a very estimable young man.

Word has been received here of the sudden death at Camden (N. J.), on Saturday of Dr. Guilford Gunder, a native of Kingsville. He was a brother of Herbert and Dell Gunder.

Fredericton, Nov. 9.—(Special)—Letters of incorporation have been granted by the governor-in-council as follows: To Jas. A. Tutis, Frank L. Tutis, Emma T. Tutis, M. Henry Dunlop and Norman Hutchinson, of St. John, as James A. Tutis & Sons, Ltd. The capital stock is to be \$25,000 divided into 250 shares of \$100 each.

To Samuel Adams, John Flanagan, of New York; Thomas D. Adams, Patrick J. Burns and L. M. Burns, of Bathurst, as Adams-Burns Co., Ltd. Capital stock to be \$15,000 divided into 150 shares of \$100. The object is to acquire the lumbering business of Adams, Burns & Co.

John Russell, J. R. Eakin, Francis J. Eakin, F. P. Eakin, Minnie Chalmers and Florence Eakin, all of St. John, as R. C. Eakin Co., with capital stock \$20,000, divided into 200 shares of \$100 each.

In the supreme court this morning the case of Frederick vs. Gibson et al., executors, was argued. A. B. Connell moved for non-suit in answer to judgment or for a new trial. The case was one of trespass and trover, tried before Justice Gregory at York sitings in June last, when a verdict for \$840 was rendered for plaintiff. Mr. Connell now endeavors to set aside this finding. Geo. W. Allen and R. W. McLellan replied. Court considers.

A royal action tried at Victoria circuit in September last before the chief justice, when a verdict was rendered in favor of the defendant. The plaintiff action was on a note for \$12,000. Mr. Connell, on behalf of the bank, moves for a new trial, etc. Mr. Carvell, on behalf of Mr. Vale, opposed the motion. It fell before the court. John McDonough, of Oromocto, and Blanche McGrath, of Margerville, were married at St. Anthony's church, St. Mary's, this morning by Rev. Father Ryan.

The men of the Royal Regiment paraded on officers' square today under Col. Wadmore, and fired a salute in honor of King Edward's birthday.

George Mesersea, an aged and esteemed resident of Daoktown, and father of School Inspector Mesersea, died on Thursday last, aged 88 years.

The men of the Royal Regiment received their pay yesterday under the new schedule which provides for a substantial increase all round. All are naturally pleased with the change.

The Electric Light committee who have in hand the lighting of the city buildings with the city's own plant expect to be in a position to report satisfactorily to the council at their next meeting and it is understood there are good prospects of the new plant for the purpose being in running order before Christmas.

by the Officers' Mess; 2nd, Sergt. Major Fowles, prize value \$5, presented by the Sergeants' Mess; 3rd, Qtr.-Master Sergt. Bayers, prize value \$3, presented by Corporals' Mess.

The large increase in the number of employees in the I. C. R. works here during the past two or three weeks is likely to be considerably decreased now that the elections are over. Many of those put on a few days before the election have already received their notice that their services are no longer required.

Today is the anniversary of an important event in the history of Moncton. Just thirty-two years ago this date the Intercolonial Railway shops were removed from Shediac to Moncton. It is noteworthy that the service of the newly welded couple, were driven to the bride's home where a sumptuous wedding breakfast was partaken of by the relatives and immediate friends of the young couple.

The firemen were out at noon today and made a practical test of the new simeam coupling, lately purchased for the department. It gave general satisfaction.

Fredericton, Nov. 9.—(Special)—Fire was discovered in Archibald Jewett's barn in Regent street about 2.30 o'clock this morning and the building was badly gutted before the firemen had the fire under control.

The stable is under lease to Harry C. Jewett, and four thoroughbred stallions, a French coach, a German and two Hackneys, were saved from death after some difficulty, as it was one of the horses was quite badly burned before it was gotten out of the barn. The same stable was discovered on fire about a month ago, and Mr. Jewett and his partner are at a loss for the cause of the conflagration.

Chatham, Nov. 8.—The cadet corps, organized here last winter in connection with the 73rd Regiment, have resumed drill. Their rooms have been fitted up with stores, coats and targets, and will be open every evening during the winter, when an officer of the regiment will be present as a place of recreation for the boys.

The monthly meeting of the Town Council was held last evening.

Ald. Snowball, of the light and water committee, reported 3,900 lights now installed, and recommended that the enlargement of the plant be considered. The estimated cost of proposed extension of water and sewerage system at West End would be \$5,038, and sewerage on St. Andrews street, from Pleasant to Wellington streets, \$2,100. Report adopted.

Ald. Snowball, of board of works, read the John MacDonald Company tender for sheathing and finishing the attic of the town hall, which was accepted.

Ald. Morris, of police committee, reported six fines during month for violation of Scott act. A discussion followed, in which Ald. MacLachlan, Ald. Bentley, Ald. Watt and Ald. Snowball expressed their regret at the lax way in which the Scott act is enforced. Ald. MacLachlan said that street talk was to the effect, that liquor had been carried during the month of the year it could have been done during election. One death in particular could be directly attributed to drinking. He felt that the council were responsible for the enforcement of the Scott act. Ald. Snowball said that the Scott act was not satisfactory. No honest effort had ever been made to enforce it, and last week was only a little worse than ordinarily.

Ald. Snowball regretted that liquor was used to such an extent at elections and felt that the deaths caused last week by liquor, would in future induce candidates to run elections without intoxicants.

Ald. Morris said he understood that the wife and children of the missing man, Lynch, were in poor circumstances, that Mr. Lynch was ill, and thought the candidates in the last election should send her \$50, as it was a well-known fact that election year was responsible for the man's disappearance, and that that council hire six men to search for Mr. Lynch. Carried.

J. Y. Mesersea addressed the council in reference to the spread of diphtheria in the town. He thought the members of the board of health was not doing its duty in this matter, and notified the council that he would tender his resignation as a member.

Ald. Snowball moved that the board of health be asked to take more vigorous action in regard to the present outbreak of diphtheria. Carried.

A letter from R. B. Crombie, enclosing a cheque for \$1,674.68, pulp mill taxes, was received. Adjourned.

The funeral of Thomas Climo, who died in the Hotel Dieu Hospital Sunday night of injuries received from an accident, while working at the new Roman Catholic cathedral being built here, was held this morning, and was very largely attended. The members of the C. M. B. A., of which the deceased was an esteemed member, marched in the procession and the Dead March was played by St. Michael's Band. The interment was in St. Michael's cemetery.

The sisters of the Hotel Dieu have decided to hold a fair about Christmas. Proceeds will be added to the St. Michael's Academy building fund.

Moncton, Nov. 9.—The I. C. R. clerks who have been waiting the past eight or nine days for their October pay with the expectation of an increase when their cheques did arrive were considerably disappointed today to find that the increase is not forthcoming.

Just previous to the election it was stated that the October pay would include a general increase for the office employees and it was further given out that the delay in paying was due to a readjustment of the pay sheets by the minister of railways. Mr. Emmerson, however, has returned to Ottawa and there are no increases. Some of the more hopeful look for the promised increase next month.

WOODSTOCK.

Woodstock, N. B., Nov. 9.—(Special)—F. H. Hale went to Toronto tonight on a business trip. From there he may go to Ganderby (C.) but will return to Woodstock at an early date.

Had Mr. Hale been successful in the recent election he could not have given a more hearty sending off than that which the band was playing at the following night. A reception was tendered him in the Carlisle Hotel, which was attended by hundreds from town and country. The 6th Regiment band rendered a beautiful concert in his honor in front of the hotel. Mr. Hale, accompanied by friends, entered a carriage in waiting and the band was marching to the train amid cheers for Hale. The cheering was continued upon the departure of the train and the band was playing at the train moved away from the station.

Had Mr. Hale returned it is expected that Mr. Hale will resume his former business of milling and lumbering in Carleton and the upper counties.

Linda Drost was before the police magistrate again today charged with concealing the birth of a female child and after stating upon the advice of her lawyer, T. C. L. Ketchum, that she had nothing to say to the charge, she was remanded to jail until the next session day in December unless she decides to be tried under the speedy trials act.

GRAND FALLS.

Grand Falls, Nov. 7.—Today snow covers the ground, but there is not enough to make sleighing now the chief amusement of the young folks.

The post office question is being again agitated, and it is said that a petition will be at once circulated among the voters to erect a post office building and custom house here. It is believed that a post office is altogether too small and not suitable for the purpose. There are no boats and the mail must be delivered at the window, and the small waiting room is overcrowded at small times.

HOPEWELL HILL.

Hopewell Hill, Nov. 8.—The Methodist church at Harvey, which has been undergoing extensive repairs, was re-opened on Sunday. Rev. A. F. Brown, of the Harvey Baptist church, occupied the pulpit in the morning, and Rev. Dr. Brown, pastor of the Hopewell Baptist church, preached in the afternoon. The pastor, Rev. Mr. Hicks, preached for the latter time.

Rev. Mr. Hicks, on invitation from the Society of Temperance, delivered an able and eloquent sermon on Temperance, in the Methodist church here on Sunday evening. Miss Cox, of St. Mary's, and Mrs. G. M. Russell, of Harvey, were present.

Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Reid, of New Brunswick, spent Sunday with relatives here. Mr. Reid, a son-in-law of Rev. Mr. Russell, is visiting in the city.

KINTORE.

Kintore, Nov. 9.—Mrs. Gendran, formerly Miss Jeanie Taylor, died at her home at Providence (R. I.), on the 5th, at the early age of 23, leaving a baby a few months old and a sorrowing husband. Her response to a telegram her mother, Mr. John McLellan, left here on the 4th, reaching her daughter's bedside a few hours before she died. The sorrowing father had much sympathy in their sorrow.

Mr. George McPhail and George Wadmore, of Woodstock, are visiting here. Mr. and Mrs. John Adams, on Sunday morning.

A baptism took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James T. Mave on Sunday evening, when the little daughter, Evelyn, was baptized by the Rev. G. C. Pringle. There were present the grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Mave, Mr. and Mrs. David Watt; also Miss Isabelle and Miss Elsie Watt. An excellent supper was served later.

Winter seems to have set in earnest. Tracy, Nov. 9.—Cecil E. Lord shot a white deer on Thursday evening. Its head and neck are of a reddish color.

Tracy Phillips went to Melkham on Thursday evening. Chester Davis was taken to the Victoria Hospital, Fredericton, suffering with appendicitis. Mr. Clifford, of Harwood Creek, is moving with his family to McAdam Junction.

Mrs. John McLary died about 10 o'clock Monday morning. The funeral service was held at the church at 10.30 a.m. today. A large congregation were present to show respect to a highly esteemed neighbor. Rev. J. B. Dugas preached a fitting sermon. Her sons and stepsons acted as pall-bearers.

Reid Phillips, of Little Lake, who injured his head and eye last week is recovering. Carrie E. Tracy spent Sunday with her brother at Harvey.

Oliver Tracy, of St. Croix, returned home this morning after a short visit here.

SYDNEY.

Sydney, N. S., Nov. 10.—(Special)—At a meeting of the Sydney Presbytery held this evening at North Sydney, Rev. Gordon Debie, pastor of the Free Street church, accepted a call to the St. Stephen Presbyterian church, St. Stephen (N. B.). He will preach his induction sermon probably Sunday, Nov. 27. Rev. Mr. Debie is considered one of the coming ministers of the Presbyterian church in eastern Canada.

Today was declaration day for the south riding of the county. The returns gave Johnston, Liberal, 3,439; McKay, Conservative, 3,134, majority for Johnston being 995. McNeil, the independent labor candidate, polled 839 votes.

MINISTER STAYS WHERE DUTY BIDS

Rev. Mr. Polley Declines Call To More Attractive Field Than He Has

Presbytery Meeting

An Interesting Incident in Connection With Call of Waterford Minister to Richmond—Filling Other Pulpits—Augmentation Fund Allocations.

There was a notable incident in connection with the meeting of the St. John Presbytery Thursday afternoon in St. Andrew's church, when Rev. J. F. Polley, of Waterford, refused a unanimous call to Richmond church. There were present Revs. D. McDermott, W. J. Fowler, J. W. A. Nicholson, J. F. Polley, J. A. McLean, David Lang, A. H. Foster and James Ross, convener of the home mission committee, and the following elders: J. H. Hay, J. A. Moore, James McNutt, John Moore, William McArland, Dr. Morrison, Peter Chisholm, J. Jack and John Morrison.

The first business taken was the matter of the call to Rev. J. F. Polley. There were two commissioners present from Richmond and these urged the matter, pointing out how unanimous was the call and guaranteeing \$700 a year with the use of a manse and glebe.

The commission from Waterford were invited to speak and they urged with equal insistence that the call be not sustained, pointing out the warmth of the ties that had been formed between pastor and people.

Rev. Mr. Polley was called upon to decide and he said he had come to the conclusion that he would decline the call. He expressed his appreciation of the call and promised to abide by what their wisdom should point out.

Judge Forbes and Revs. James Ross, A. H. Foster and D. McDermott, pointing out that it was the glory of the Presbyterian church that her ministers were not all seekers after comfort and ease but that they could occasion deny themselves rather than sever the ties that bound them to their people, and advising him if he could find in his heart to do so to remain at St. John.

In reply, Rev. Mr. Polley thanked the members for their kindness. He pointed out the reasons why he considered the call to be a very attractive one and the unanimity of the kindly feeling manifested towards himself personally. He had only been a few days among them yet he considered many of the people as his personal friends. He detailed the reasons which led him to leave St. John (P. E. I.) and accept the Waterford call three years ago.

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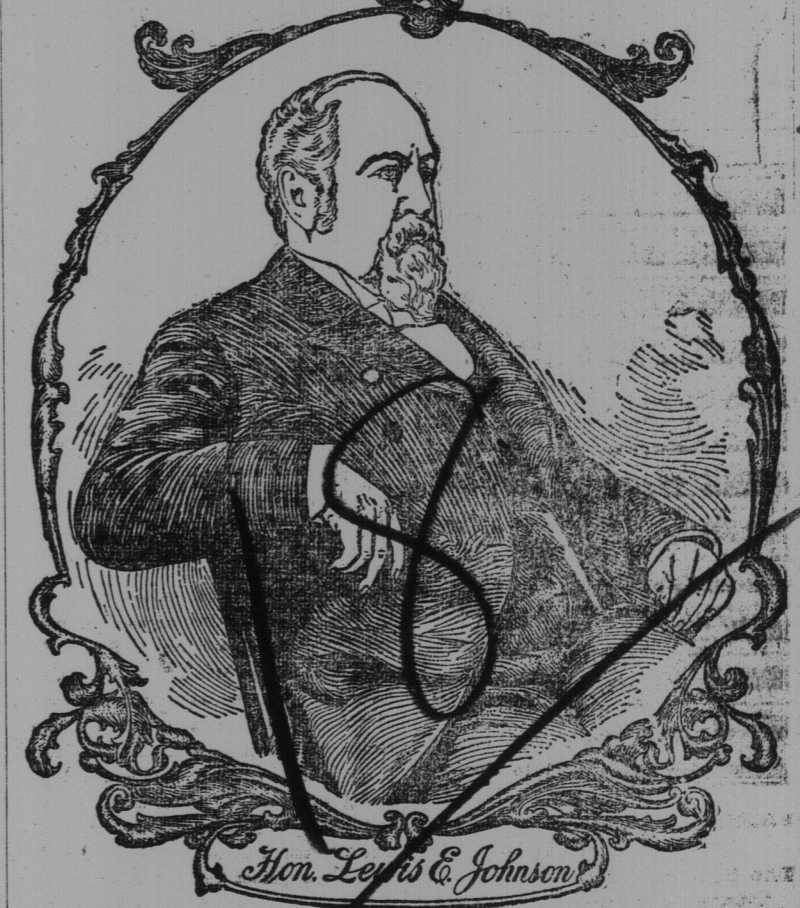
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THE SON OF U. S. MINISTER TO ENGLAND Commends Pe-ru-na to All Catarrh Sufferers.



Hon. Louis E. Johnson is the son of the late Beverly Johnson who was United States Senator from Maryland also Attorney General under President Johnson, and United States Minister to England, and who was regarded as the greatest constitutional lawyer the world ever lived.

In a recent letter from 1000 F St., N. W., Washington, D. C., Mr. Johnson says: "No one should longer suffer from catarrh when Peru-na is accessible. To my knowledge it has caused relief to so many of my friends and acquaintances, that it is humanity to commend its use to all persons suffering with this distressing disorder of the human system."

Catarrh Polso. Catarrh is capable of changing all the living secretions of the body into scalding fluids, which destroy and inflame every part they come in contact with. Applications to the places affected by catarrh can do little good save to soothe or quiet disagreeable symptoms. Hence it is that gargles, sprays, atomizers and inhalants only serve as temporary relief.

There is but one remedy that has the desired effect, and that remedy is Peru-na. This remedy attacks it once to the roots of catarrh by restoring to the capillary vessels their healthy elasticity. Peru-na is not a temporary palliative but a radical cure.

Send for Dr. Hartman's latest book, sent free for a short time. Address The Peru-na Free Manufacturing Co., Columbus, Ohio.

but because he thought it his duty to stay where he was. At the conclusion of his address Rev. Mr. Polley was warmly applauded and applause went round the Presbytery.

Calls to Other Churches. The next matter to be taken up was the call from St. David's church to Rev. Angus A. Graham, of Portella (Ont.). Rev. David Lang, as moderator pro tem of the congregation, recounted the steps that had been taken in the call. J. Jack and Dr. Morrison spoke very briefly in support, and it was sustained.

A call from Carleton county to Rev. Herbert R. Reid, of Bathurst, was next taken up. Rev. James Ross as moderator spoke to it but as there had been insufficient time to appoint commissioners from the congregation it was agreed that the call be sustained and that the document be forwarded to Bathurst with the reasons annexed to it.

Provisional arrangements were made for the induction of these clergymen, as follows:—Carleton—Rev. A. H. Foster to preside and induce, Rev. Dr. Fotheringham to address the minister and Rev. Frank Reid the people.

Augmentation. At this point Rev. David Lang took the chair while Rev. D. McDermott read the report of the augmentation committee and the allocation for the various churches made.

It was pointed out that some of the churches had not sent the full amount of their allocation last year and the clerk was instructed to remind them of the fact. The allocation this year is:—Carleton, \$40; Chipman, \$15; Dorchester, \$12; Barrville, \$25; Florenceville, \$60; Glasville, \$30; Grand Falls, \$60; Harvey, \$30; Milltown, \$30; McAdam, \$30; Moncton, \$30; Nashua and Stanley, \$30; Newry and Campbell Settlement, \$60; Lorneville, \$30; Prince William, \$30; Richmond, \$30; Waterford and Mechanic Settlement, \$30; Woodstock, \$30; Riverside, \$60; Shediac and Scotch Settlement, \$60; South Richmond, \$30; Springfield and English Settlement, \$30; Wawwic and Rolling Dam, \$60; St. Andrews, \$30; St. Francis and Fort Kent, \$30; St. George and Beauce, \$30; St. James and Littlefield, \$30; St. John's church, St. John, \$10; St. Andrew's church, St. John, \$10; St. David's church, St. John, \$20; St. Stephen's church, St. John, \$10; St. Stephen's church, St. John, \$10; St. Martin's, \$60; St. Stephen, \$30; Sussex, \$30; Bathurst, \$10; New Brunswick, \$30. These amounts are about ten per cent in excess of previous allocations.

IMPORTANT CASES BEFORE SUPREME COURT (Continued from Page 1) suspended amateurs for taking part in chess ball games. The Marysville Hockey Club through its representative, Fred Smith, gave its side of the story regarding the suspension of that club by the association on account of receiving game receipts. The representative of the M. P. A. A. spoke encouragingly of the cause of the club, being amicably arranged and it is quite probable that the hockey players who have been suspended will be reinstated.

It is stated that within the last fifteen years \$40,000,000 of real estate have been obtained by the religious orders in France.

One Million Dollars Have Been Spent to Give Ligozome Free to the Sick.

When we purchased the rights to Ligozome, we decided to buy the first bottle and give it free to each sick one we learned of. We published the offer in nearly every newspaper in America, and 1,800,000 people have responded. In one year we have cost over one million dollars to announce and fulfill the offer. Don't you realize that this product must have wonderful merit to make such a offer possible? We have never asked a soul to buy Ligozome. We have published no testimonials, no physician's endorsement. We have simply asked the sick to try it—try it at our expense. And that is all we ask of you, if you need it.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH
is published every Wednesday and Saturday at 10 a. m., PAYABLE IN ADVANCE, by The Telegraph Publishing Company, at St. John, a company incorporated by act of the Legislature of New Brunswick.
E. W. MCCREADY, Editor.
S. J. MCGOWAN, Bus. Mgr.

ADVERTISING RATES
Ordinary commercial advertisements taking the run of the paper, each insertion, 150 per inch.
Advertisements of Wares, For Sale, etc., same rate as for each insertion.
Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths at 50 cents for each insertion.

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All communications must be sent by post or by order or registered letter, and addressed to The Telegraph Publishing Company.
Correspondence must be addressed to the Editor of The Telegraph, St. John.
All subscriptions must, without exception, be PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS
The following agent is authorized to canvass and collect for The Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz:—
Wm. Somerville.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph
ST. JOHN, N. B., NOVEMBER 12, 1904.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT

Walk softly but carry a big stick and you will go far," is one of the maxims of Theodore Roosevelt who by accident first became president of the United States and who, Tuesday, was elected to that high office by a popular majority of amazing proportions. Mr. Roosevelt has carried a big stick and, save during the recent campaign, he has not walked softly. But while his tread has been somewhat heavy his official walk, with some few conspicuous exceptions, has been upright, and there is much reason to believe that a high sense of responsibility has sobered a disposition inclined toward a dangerous impulsiveness. Honest and courageous as politicians go, picturesque and forceful, this man of forty-six has won for himself a popular support unequalled since the Civil War. Friends have said of him that he has been in training for the presidency since he was twenty-one. He was in politics as soon as he could vote. A Harvard graduate of parts, a sound student improving great natural gifts, a tireless worker, a keen sportsman, the young man went to the New York State Assembly, then in turn to the Civil Service Commission at Washington, and to the chairmanship of the New York Police Commission. One of his early flights was an attempt to become mayor of New York—in a day when a Republican mayor was an impossibility. His first political appointment was the first position of real national importance which fell to him was that of assistant secretary of the navy. He was the active man in that department in his time and did much to prepare the United States navy for the coming clash with Spain. The war changed his personal plans. He organized the Rough Riders and went to Cuba. A smart soldier he was brave if not war-wise. The war made him governor of New York and the presidency was in sight. He had in view a nomination after McKinley would retire. To then like Platt and Quay, Roosevelt was a menace. They feared his independence and his growing power. They foresaw a king who would not know Joseph or "Tom" and "Matt"—so they sought to deride the Roosevelt kid by making him vice-president. He accepted against his judgment and his will, and the Republicans began laughing. Then came the assassination of McKinley and Roosevelt's elevation to the dead man's office. The plot was then baffled by the bullet of a madman. It became inevitable that Roosevelt would succeed McKinley. And yesterday that came to pass. The assassin hurried events. In all human probability Roosevelt would have held the office in time even had McKinley lived, for he is a master politician and dodger of power.

The canvass against Roosevelt during this campaign was picturesque and, at first, well sustained. It fell flat in the face of his immense personal popularity, and the prosperity of the modern American spirit, which is a sort of refined aggressiveness. That he would lead the country into war, and the very men who said so yelled approval when he dictated terms to the Sultan. They said he had fomented a revolution in Panama—as indeed he did—and had bested Colombia by bluster and sharp dealing—and so, indeed, he had—the electors all favored the canal and regarded the people of the Isthmus as so many "Greasers" to be swept out of the way. They shouted that he carried a big stick—and subsequently they rejoiced that it was big and shouted again when it was waved with vigor. They would have liked William of Germany; and the next moment there was rejecting from Maine to California because, as they said, there was a man in the White House who would not take any back talk from any ruler of any country.

From the first the enthusiasm and the band wagon were in the Republican procession. Blighted by Bryanism, populism and free silver, the Democratic party managers opposed Roosevelt with a constitutionalist. They opposed the enthusiasm and the man of action with the jurist who was guaranteed "safe." But they were in great error. The money question had been settled beyond discussion, and in the West the suffocation of the silver movement had left the Democratic party weakened by shakiness. The trusts were an issue, but here to some extent, Roosevelt had stolen his opponents' thunder. He was something of a trust buster himself. The tariff would have been Cleveland's weapon. In Par-

ker's hands it was ineffective because the "safe" candidate could not propose anything radical. Protected interests, it was pretty thoroughly understood, would have nothing to fear from either party. The country is protectionist. There remained the personality of Roosevelt and the personality of Parker.

The result shows that the attempt to create alarm over Roosevelt's impulsiveness and desire to usurp the functions of Congress failed most miserably. Moreover Democracy's showing was unexpectedly weak. The Democratic party, it is shown, is woefully short of men and of issues. Elected on his own strenuous merits, the reign of Mr. Roosevelt should be well worth watching.

SPEAKING OF ELECTIONS

Home, Nov. 7.—The general election for members of the Chamber of Deputies took place yesterday, and up to midnight no serious incident had been reported. Signor Nasi, former minister of public instruction, and a fugitive from justice, accused of pecuniary malversation, was re-elected unanimously by the following townsman at Trapani.

Signor Palizzolo, who is considered to be the head of the Mafia secret society, was defeated at Palermo.

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A NEW PARTY?

The following significant paragraph appeared in yesterday's New York election summary:

"Late in the night came an announcement from E. G. Pillsbury, manager of campaign for Thomas E. Watson, the candidate of the people's party, that as a result of the overwhelming Democratic defeat steps would be taken to form a new party. To this end, according to the announcement given out, Mr. Bryan, Mr. Watson and William R. Hearst would hold a conference in New York in about a week's time."

The regular Democrats will scoff at the suggestion, but what of Bryan and Hearst and similar figures of great and sinister ambition? There is no blinking the fact that on Tuesday the Democrats were routed in a fashion to appal the regulars. The depth of the plunge into defeat gives a once discredited faction new importance. The party studied Hearst's presidential aspirations at the convention, but this struggle within the party robbed it of some of the strength it needed last Tuesday. Independent Democrats, it was said, would not "stand for" Hearst. It may be expected that Hearst will not "stand for" them now. Bryan, Watson, even Hill who was for Silver once and for expropriation of the coal regions in Pennsylvania later on—if these men see no hope for advancement within the ranks of the "same and safe" Democracy, will they try a machine of their own creation?

The Bryan movement indicated how many people in the United States would listen to dangerous doctrine. The Hearst newspapers have shown that it pays to feed the mob with the strong meat of socialism. The labor party is one of growing strength and realness. Should Hearst and Bryan seek it they would find material for a new party ready for their hands. It would be a party which the healthy minded majority would crush, to be sure, but it would make some noise in the world first.

THE GUILDHALL SPEECH

We get a somewhat startling impression of the British temper in reading of the Lord Mayor's banquet in London Wednesday when Lord Lansdowne delivered a carefully phrased address on the North Sea incident. There is a tendency in England to blame the government for lack of courage in agreeing to refer its quarrel with Russia to The Hague Tribunal. Mr. Bluffour is ill. To Lord Lansdowne was confided the delicate task of soothing public feeling and persuading the people that the North Sea dispute had been pressed as far as was proper and that the demands of British honor and justice would be fully and satisfactorily met. The Lord Mayor's dinner is a function at which the Premier or one of the ministers is expected to take the public into the government's confidence when events have raised some question of high policy. It was in a Guildhall speech, as one reviewer reminds me, that Disraeli, in 1877, "warned Russia that though Britain, and particularly 'Cis men', hated war, the means and the men would be found to carry it on through more than one or two or three campaigns." It was here that Lord Salisbury, in 1890, rallied his countrymen upon their pessimism and challenged Europe to interfere during the dark days of the Boer war.

It has been predicted, within a few days, that Lord Lansdowne would face a task that would test his powers to the utmost. He spoke to a most distinguished and representative company and it appears, at first, a distinctly unpropitious one. It was a full force to his guarded language it is seen that he rebuked the jingo spirit which has been much in evidence of late, and told the country pretty plainly that it was lucky in having escaped all that would be meant by a plunge into the greatest war of history at this time. Mr. Arnold Forster, the War Secretary, who spoke first, said the army council was determined "not to rest until the British army was ready to enter the field at any time with absolute confidence in success."

This may be another way of saying that the scheme of army reform is far from complete, and if the inference is correct the War Secretary but confirmed a somewhat general impression.

Lord Lansdowne deprecated the thought that Britain should seek peace at any price, and plunged at once into a picture of the suffering and devastation wrought by the war in Manchuria. His hearers had to agree with him that to hurry Britain into such a struggle unless it was absolutely necessary would be a crime. He turned then to the dealings with Russia, and admitted his belief that the facts in the North Sea matter were "different from what we supposed, and that each party was convinced of the justice of the case." The questions to be submitted to arbitration had been agreed upon easily, and Russia had consented to detain at Vigo such officers of the Baltic fleet as were responsible for the firing upon the trawlers.

Russia had selected the men who will be implicated if the British case is proven, and in doing so had accepted a responsibility of which it would be a mistake to relieve her. Meantime Russia had guaranteed the safety of a neutral commerce hereafter, had promised ample satisfaction and sent a full expression of regret. What more could be asked?

If there were present some of the jingo gentlemen who have been suggesting that the Baltic fleet be held up until a settlement is reached, they made no sign. On the other hand, while Lord Lansdowne's address reads like an adroit and generally satisfactory one under the circumstances, it created no enthusiasm. The country, in all likelihood, will give it a better reception, for it covers the principal points at issue explicitly and makes it difficult to see what more could be demanded by a hard headed nation. The horrors of the Manchurian campaign will prevent no nation from going to war for a sufficient reason, Britain least of all; but the British are not seeking fighting for fighting's sake.

THE REPUBLICANS AND CANADA

"Great Britain presents no barrier and Canada lowers her in the direction of the mother country, but she is not anxious to lower it more on condition that that country raise a barrier, with doors open to the colonies alone but liable to be opened in other directions. She would prefer to have that of the United States lowered, or to have openings made in it for a less restricted trade. With it proceeds the Chamberlain policy, whether that meant for British protection, for retaliation against protectionist countries, or for a closer imperial union which would allow the colonies less freedom of action."

The foregoing is from an editorial in the New York Journal of Commerce which seeks to persuade itself and others that Canada is more anxious to trade with the United States than with Britain.

The Journal of Commerce favors free trade. It will regard yesterday's majority for Roosevelt as a disaster, we suspect, for the Republicans will make no substantial alterations in the tariff, and certainly will propose no trade terms which would be considered at Ottawa. The Republican platform makes that plain enough. If there is another Colonial conference soon the Journal may be surprised at the results that follow. While it professes respect for the voters of the United States, it is an overwhelming majority of them, cry out against it.

WANTED—AN ASSESSMENT LAW

The Common Council already has authority to appoint a paid assessment commission, and recent developments indicate that this course will be taken. Mayor White, some days ago, distributed among the aldermen copies of the new Ontario assessment act. The Telegraph has secured from a gentleman, who has made a study of assessment matters and who has examined the latest Ontario method, a summary of its principal features. He writes:

The present method of assessment in Ontario, and which is to come to an end on January 1 next, is what is known as the general property tax, as in use in most of the cities of Canada and the United States, Montreal and Winnipeg, being among the exceptions.

The new act is mainly in accordance with the recommendations of the Ontario Assessment Commission which made its report in 1902. In that report there was a very thorough consideration of the taxation of personal property, except on income.

The new act provides for grouping together, real estate, stocks and bonds, and personal property, and assessing them at one rate, probably about 1.50 or 1.60, but the assessment apparently not covering expenditures for schools or for local improvements. There is to be no poll tax, house tax, or personal property tax, except on income.

The usual real estate exemptions are provided for, but there is no mention of any widow's exemption. An exemption of \$1,000 (at present it is \$700), will be made from income received from personal services, except in the case of non-residents.

Income from personal property will be no exemption, except that the business tax is considered as an income tax, so that the income from business is not to be assessed, except such portion as may be in excess of the business valuation. Income from real estate will be exempt, but not the income from mortgages.

There appears to be no provision for a voting qualification in civic elections for non-residents, whose incomes are \$1,000 or under, except that they may, on application, have their incomes assessed for the purpose of becoming voters, and that there may be in force in some cities a manhood suffrage restriction act. The business tax is based on the value of real estate occupied, but not one rate on all kinds of business as in the case in Montreal, where it is 75 per cent. on rental values, supplemented by lump sum taxes and licenses; insurance companies, \$100 to \$400; bankers, \$400 to \$600, etc., and the valuation are varied in a different manner for the different kinds of business, and are also modified by floor space value.

The business taxes in Winnipeg appear to be much higher than in Montreal, or than in Ontario under the new act. The plan for Ontario cities is to take for assessment 25 per cent. to 150 per cent. of the value of real estate occupied, with a minimum of \$250 valuation, or about \$5 tax, so that small businesses will not be exempted. The 150 per cent. valuation is for distillers only.

Wholesalers, banks, insurance companies, and others are placed at 75 per cent. valuation, which is equal to about 14 per cent. of rental.

Manufacturers will pay on 60 per cent. which equals about 11 per cent. of rental, and their fixed machinery is to be exempted in their real estate assessment.

Retailers, lawyers, physicians, and non-enumerated will pay on 25 per cent. equal to about 5 per cent. of rental.

Non-enumerated companies including banks, apparently will be assessed on income in excess of their business taxes, and such income will be exempted in assessing individuals. Supply taxes are to be paid by telephone and telegraph companies, rated on their gross earnings.

The incomes (over \$1,000), of judges and others in civil service are to be assessed, except those of the Governor-General and the Lieutenant-Governor.

The citizen who furnishes the foregoing says with reason that while the new Ontario act may be useful here as establishing certain principles, it could by no means be adopted by St. John in its entirety. The proposal, carried out in some cities, to raise severity per cent. of the whole amount

from real estate alone and but thirty per cent. from other sources, would, he maintains, be regarded here as revolutionary and unwise.

A paid commission would hear representatives of all interests, and frame a system intended to tax them all fairly. Its report might be accepted by the council, or might be made to accept it. The report might be made after amendments. There would still remain the possibility that certain interests might lobby against the measure at Fredericton—such things have happened. But if St. John people were fairly unanimous about the matter the difficulty to be apprehended at Fredericton would not appear great. The question is not a simple one, but a strong commission offers the only promise of solution. It is not clear why there should be any more delay in making a start.

LOOKING FORWARD

When asked to explain the rout of the Democratic party Mr. William R. Hearst said: "The result shows that the Democratic party must be Democratic." This, we take it, means that the elements which were kept under at the St. Louis convention will be in the ascendant hereafter if Mr. Hearst and Mr. Bryan have their way. Mr. Bryan, before the election, said the party must be reorganized for the campaign of 1908 and that reorganization would begin as soon as this campaign ended. The St. Louis platform was described by the New York Sun as a "breath of disaster and dynamite." Its tendency to apply to "the Hun vote in the background." Mr. Hearst and Mr. Bryan, one may infer, will remove some of the dynamite and add some more dynamite; for the broth was all too weak for their liking and the liking of the Hun vote, by which is meant the foreign, Socialistic, extreme labor, populistic, and anarchistic elements of the population. "As it is," says the Montreal Witness, "the danger of the Democratic party is that impossible non-trusts will again be championed by mountebanks who will lead out into the wilderness of some folly sufficient numbers again to force the hand of the party to its own undoing."

Chairman Taggart says "there was not enough Democrats; that's all." They were numerous enough, Mr. Hearst will tell him, and a man once had raised a flag to which they would have rallied, the vote would have been different. What that flag will stand for we may know long before 1908.

TALK OF INTERVENTION

Following Lord Lansdowne's Guildhall speech comes talk of overtures from Japan looking towards peace, and the suggestion that Britain, France and the United States may write in using their influence to stop the war. Japan, one would expect, will deny at once any statement that she has made any overtures. Moreover, while Britain, France, and in lesser degree the United States, may be anxious for a ces-

The Season for Overcoats

Is here, and we are prepared for it. Do you want an overcoat? If you do read these columns, they are of interest to you.

Why pay high prices when you can get the best goods at the lowest prices at Oak Hall?

We do not exaggerate. What we promise we fulfil. Our offer is clear as sunlight, as plain as day. The Best Clothing at the lowest prices.

- AT \$5.00—Men's Overcoats made of heavy Blue Beaver, single-breasted, fly front, velvet collar, heavy Italian body lining, fancy olesia sleeve lining, a good warm coat.
- AT \$6.00—Men's Overcoats made of Gray Canadian Freeze, single-breasted, with velvet collar. Length of coat 48 inches, with or without belt; also fancy pattern all-wool Tweed Overcoats, single-breasted, with Belt on back, and length of coat 48 inches.
- AT \$8.00—Men's Overcoats made of heavy weight and checked, cut single-breasted style, belted back, velvet collar, good lining; also fancy all-wool Tweed Coat in stripes, and overalls with belted back, velvet collar and full belt shoulders and long lapels; very stylish coats.
- AT \$10.00—Men's Blue and Black Beaver Overcoats, made of extra heavy fine soft surface imported Beaver Cloth, single-breasted, fly-front, velvet collar, good lining and 42 inches long; heavy all-wool pattern all-wool Tweed Overcoats, single-breasted, with Belt on back, and length of coat 48 inches.
- AT \$10.00—Men's Blue and Black Beaver Overcoats, made of extra heavy fine soft surface imported Beaver Cloth, single-breasted, fly-front, velvet collar, good lining and 42 inches long; heavy all-wool pattern all-wool Tweed Overcoats, single-breasted, with Belt on back, and length of coat 48 inches.



Boy's Clothing at Right Prices

Yes, the prices are more than right—about 25 per cent. less (for equal quality) than other stores ask.

Is there anything we can say of the way they are tailored you don't already know?—that the styles are correct, the seams strong, the buttons put on to stay? Come, and bring the boy; see how well he looks in an Oak Hall suit.

- Russian Suits, 2 1-2 to 7 years \$5.00 to \$7.00
 - Norfolk Suits, 6 to 12 years 2.50 to 6.00
 - Sailor Suits, 3 to 10 years75 to 12.00
 - Boys' Suits, 3 to 10 years 5.00 to 8.00
 - Buster Brown Suits, 2 1-2 to 7 years 4.50 to 7.00
 - Single and Double Breasted Suits, 9 to 17 years, 3.00 to 12.00
- Refers, Ulsters, Overcoats, Knee Pants, etc.

Sample and Style Book mailed on request

GREATER OAK HALL
King Street Cor. Germain St. John
SCOVIL BROS. & CO.
Branch Store, 703 Main Street

all the other committees gave Liberal instructions."

It is whispered, softly whispered by Mr. Tweedie's particular friends, that he is to succeed Governor Snowball at the expiration of the present gubernatorial term—Chatham World.

But why softly?

Mr. Roosevelt kills the third term booby early in the game. He announced last night that he would not again be a candidate for the presidency. His opponents may regard the announcement as gratuitous if not egotistical.

Kent County makes a strong case for Mr. James Barnes and asks that he be made surveyor-general. Premier Tweedie will give the case full consideration. He doubtless knows of other good men stoutly backed by other counties.

The result of the Canadian elections does not afford much promise of support in that quarter for the imperial policy of preferential trade, so confidently launched upon Great Britain by Joseph Chamberlain, and without the support of that great self-governing colony it will have little chance of survival.—New York Journal of Commerce.

Canada has not yet voted upon Mr. Chamberlain's policy. The people of Great Britain have to deal with that first. The Journal's wish is father to the Journal's thought.

Picture glasses should be cleaned with a soft, clean cloth, wrung out of clean cold water, and left to dry without any rubbing. Never wash gilt frames—dust and brass them. If the suit is clipped off in places brush it over with gold point, which can be had at any oil shop.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY
On and after SUNDAY, July 3, 1904, trains will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows:

THAINS LEAVE ST. JOHN.

- No. 2—Express for Halifax and Campbellton 7.00
- No. 6—Mixed train to Moncton 8.00
- No. 4—Express for Quebec and Montreal 8.10
- No. 1—Express for 11.00
- No. 26—Express for Point du Chene, Halifax and Pictou 11.45
- No. 126—Sub. from Hampton 12.15
- No. 2—Express from Sussex 12.15
- No. 123—Sub. for Hampton 12.15
- No. 134—Express for Quebec and Montreal 12.15
- No. 10—Express for Halifax and Sydney 12.15

THAINS ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN.

- No. 9—Express from Halifax and Sydney 6.25
- No. 125—Sub. from Hampton 7.45
- No. 7—Express from Sussex 8.00
- No. 123—Express from Montreal and Quebec 12.50
- No. 127—Sub. from Hampton 12.50
- No. 2—Express from Point du Chene 12.50
- No. 25—Express from Halifax, Pictou, Campbellton and Point du Chene 12.50
- No. 1—Express from Halifax 12.50
- No. 81—Express from Moncton (Sunday only) 12.50
- All trains run by Atlantic Standard Time; 14.00 o'clock is midnight.

D. POTTINGER, Manager.

CITY TICKET OFFICE:
7 King Street, St. John, N. B.
GEO. CARVILL, C. T. A.
Telephone 102.

Bargains in Furniture

Parlor Suits, solid walnut frame, upholstered in velvet, 5 pieces, \$18 and upwards. Fancy Rockers, new designs, \$2.25 up to \$3.50 and upwards; Parlor Tables, all shapes and sizes, from \$1.50 upwards; Bureau, large, well finished, bevel edge glass, at \$6.90 and upwards.

N. A. HORN BROOK & CO. O'Regan's New Building, 15 Mill Street

Backache Means Kidney Trouble. Full, steady ache, or sharp, shooting pain in the back and down the legs, are the surest signs of kidney trouble. Don't neglect your kidneys because you don't feel them. Diapers or tight shoes are the cause of the trouble.

STEAMER CUT A WHALE IN TWO

Swazi, from Calcutta, ran into a School of Whales and Was Shaken from Stem to Stern by Striking One of Them—French Fleet Sighted in North Sea.

Five large whales, deporting in the waters of the Atlantic in lat. 42.29 north and long. 22.12 west, were interrupted in their play by steamer Swazi, from Calcutta, which arrived here this morning. One of the mammals, attempting to cross the steamer's bow, was struck and cut nearly in two, dying the water for rods around.

Severe Chest Colds And Painful Coughs

The great danger in troubles of this class is delay. Don't neglect a Cough or Cold that can have but one result. It leaves the throat or lungs or both affected.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

will ease the cough, soothe the inflamed throat and loosen the phlegm. Mrs. Joseph Paradis, Blackwell, Ont., writes:—I had such a bad cold I could hardly breathe.

Price 25 cents per bottle.

IMMIGRANT WORK

Superintendent and Chief Medical Officer Here Seeing About Arrangements. W. W. Scott, of Ottawa, head of the government's immigration department in Canada, and Dr. Bryce, of Ottawa, chief medical officer of the department, are in the city at the Royal. They came here to look over the facilities and see that all was in readiness for the winter's work in St. John.

ST. ANDREWS MAN FOUND DROWNED

George Gilley's Body Taken from Frager River—Foul Play Suspected. Vancouver, Nov. 8.—The body of George Gilley, a pioneer citizen of New Westminster, was found in the Frager river yesterday.

Fire at Gagetown.

A telephone message from Gagetown says that the house, workshop and other buildings of C. L. Scott, carriage maker, at Gagetown, were destroyed by fire Wednesday morning. The fire was caused by a defective stove and the property was uninsured. The furniture was saved, but in a damaged condition.

GOVERNMENT WILL ASSIST

Project for Bringing Children from England to Settle Here. Hon. L. J. Tweedie, Hon. C. H. LaBelle, Hon. L. P. Farris and Hon. F. J. Sweeney came down Tuesday night from Fredericton, where they held a meeting of the government.

The principal matter before the government was consideration of a communication from Miss Elinor C. L. Close, of Eaton square, London (Eng.). She proposes, as has been before announced, a scheme for the benefit of orphan children.

"I would, therefore, ask you to lay this letter before your government and ask them to write me an official letter authorizing me to state that you will assist the guardians approximately as follows:—That on their purchasing cleared land and placing groups of say four adults and twenty children therein. You will give them a free grant of say 100 to 150 acres of rough unimproved land for every such group and in close proximity thereto as possible.

DOG FISH AS FOOD

Bating Them in New York and Sending Them to the West Indies. The following is copied from an editorial in the Fishing Gazette published in New York, Nov. 5, and furnishes a clue to the fishermen.

Their Golden Wedding.

A large number of friends of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. V. Barbour assembled at their home, 120 Pitt street, Tuesday, to congratulate them and celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding.

A Persistent Back Ache

One who has one such a disease has never been cured. I have tried every remedy, but I have not been cured. I have tried every remedy, but I have not been cured.

For the Comfort of Wives.

Some people will do nothing unless they have Bible authority for it. Mrs. Will has a very good claim to it. It is room's work. Let them turn to their Bible to II Kings, xii-13: "I will wipe Jerusalem as a man wipes a dish, wiping it and turning it upside down. And women shall be dashed to pieces, and their breasts shall be dashed out; and their houses shall be pulled down."

SMITH SAYS HE WAS WILLING

Policeman Denies He Refused to Aid Man to Take Sick Friend Home. A complaint was made by Geo. McLesters, of 146 Rockland Road, to the police magistrate yesterday that while taking a sick man to his home on Fort Howe about 1 o'clock Tuesday morning Policeman Smith had refused to give him assistance, saying the distance was too far.

While waiting for McLesters, the man came out and sat on the steps and again returned to this position in the vestibule. The policeman concluded he could walk to the man's home and return in a short time with his brother and between them they carried McLester home.

STRONG FOR UNION

Rev. Dr. Gates Received Notification from Eleven Churches in One Day. Rev. Dr. G. O. Gates, speaking last night at a Telegraph Association meeting, said the local market yesterday received word that raw beet sugars had advanced six pence three farthings per cwt.

WEDDINGS

A quiet wedding took place in St. Anne's church, Musquodchuic, Wednesday noon, when Emma Augusta, youngest daughter of Dr. M. Anderson, was united in marriage to Dr. Nicholas W. Cousins, of Waltham (Mass.). The bride was attended by her mother, Mrs. Anderson, and her bridesmaids, Misses Cousins and Cousins.

SLEEPING HOURS FOR ENGINE CREWS

C. P. R. Information in Response to Letter in This Paper. A letter was published Wednesday relative to conditions on railways and questions were asked by the regulations of the I. C. R. and C. P. R. affecting sleeping hours of the engine crews.

Some Declaration Day Figures

Table with 2 columns: Location and Figures. Includes Bathurst Village (111), Bathurst Town (102), Grand Point (168), Petit Rocher (239), etc.

Some Declaration Day Figures (continued)

Table with 2 columns: Location and Figures. Includes Woodstock (111), St. John (2702), Major (1455), Ganong's Majority (274), etc.

Some Declaration Day Figures (continued)

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What Causes Dyspeptic Pains

Poisoning of the stomach, causing heart palpitation and nervousness. The stomach is the seat of life. It is the seat of life. It is the seat of life.

EACH FISH HAS A COPPER TAG

Experiment to See if Same Salmon Came to Carleton Pond Each Year. The work of stripping salmon from their spawn in the Carleton pond was finished by Expert Mowatt and his assistants yesterday and the spawn of 1,027 fish has been sent to the hatchery.

The idea is a new one and the outcome will not only prove interesting but instructive. To use the words of an old fisherman, "It's the first time I ever saw fish wearing earrings."

SUGAR TAKES ANOTHER JUMP

About Sixty Cents Advance Per Cwt. in Ten Days. Sugar has taken another advance. The local market yesterday received word that raw beet sugars had advanced six pence three farthings per cwt.

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LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL

There are at present eleven cases of diphtheria within the city limits. Of that number five are in Carleton.

Rev. Mr. Nicholson last Thursday on behalf of friends presented to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hannah, of 54 City Road, a handsome silver cake basket on the silver anniversary of their wedding.

The following pupils received honors in school work at Netherwood for October: Misses P. Straton, O. Murray, F. Gervais, K. Sanderson, M. Walker, A. Richardson, N. Knight, E. Dexter, J. Ketchum, V. Brown, R. Walker, A. Otty, K. Soden.

Officers of the recently organized Maritime Provinces Association at Winnipeg are: Hon. president, Sir Charles Tupper; vice-president, Hon. David Lawton; president, Dr. J. W. Manthorpe; first vice-president, J. G. McKenna; second vice-president, A. E. Gentsell; secretary, J. F. Porter; treasurer, J. G. Munroe, M. D.

A meeting of the executive committee of the R. K. Y. C. was held Thursday afternoon and four members elected. A. M. Rowan, H. H. Harvey, H. E. Ellis and A. J. Clouston. The first smoker of the club will be held in the new club room this evening.

Judge Forbes has been notified to attend a meeting of the executive of the Pan Presbyterian council, western section, at Pittsburg, on December 15. Evidently, he thinks, something important has developed since the Live pool meeting of the council, to warrant the special meeting at Pittsburg.

David A. McLeod, William A. Cathers, James McCarthy, William White and Frank McCarthy, all of St. John, in corporation as the Imperial Wine and Spirit Company, Ltd., with a capital stock of \$25,000, divided into shares of \$50 each, to carry on a general wine and spirit and wine and spirit and tobacco business; the head office to be at Hampton; Scott E. Morrell, solicitor.

The condition of Michael Hogan, who was injured a week ago Thursday by being thrown from his vehicle near the Three Mile House, has undergone little change since he was admitted to the General Public Hospital on the night of the accident in an unconscious condition. He has not yet regained consciousness and is suffering from a small fracture of the base of his skull.

A young man, giving his name as John Kennedy and his home as Holyrod (N. B.) reported to the station police Wednesday that he had lost a pair of new boots, a pair of rubbers and his pocketbook, containing \$1.50 and a ticket from Boston to his home, on the Boston express. The boots and rubbers were in a box in one of the cars, while his pocketbook was in his overcoat. Search was made but nothing but the empty shoe box found. Kennedy has \$100 in money to pay his way to Newfoundland.

Thanked the electors for his large majority. T. M. Burns, M. P., in the presence of Mr. Blanchard, Conservative candidate, thanked those who voted for him. The following are the official figures:

Table with 2 columns: Location and Figures. Includes Turpon, Blanford (111), Bathurst Village (111), Bathurst Town (102), Grand Point (168), Petit Rocher (239), etc.

WILMOT HAD 118 MAJORITY

Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 8.—R. D. Wilmot, Conservative, was yesterday elected elect for Suburb and Queens by a majority of 118. The official figures are Wilmot, 1,977; Hay, 1,768; Wilmot carried Sunbury by 148 and had a majority of thirty in Queens.

LOGGIE'S MAJORITY 285

Newcastle, Nov. 8.—Declaration proceedings were held here today. Mr. Loggie, the Liberal candidate, was declared elected with a majority of 285. Speeches were made by Messrs. Robinson and Loggie, thanking the electors for the support they had received. The best of feeling prevailed.

HALIFAX DECLARATION FIGURES

Halifax, Nov. 8.—This was declaration day for Halifax. The official figures are: Loggie, 4,102; Carney, 7,272; Borden, 6,830; O'Sullivan, 6,830.

TURGON'S MAJORITY 1247

Bathurst, N. B., Nov. 10.—Declaration proceedings passed off very quietly. The attendance was small. Mr. Turgon

The Eleventh Hour

BY SIR WILLIAM MAGNAY, BART. Author of "The Red Chancellor," "The Fall of a Star," "The Mistress of the Season," etc.

CHAPTER XVI.—(Continued)

"Haven't he done so effectually?" she returned, frowning with the subject which star her heart. "It was from this man she rather dreaded." "He has put the whole width of London between himself and you. I am sure to Mayfair, Hackney is as far off as Cornwall."

"Lydford was imperceptibly patient. "I meant out of the world altogether, not my pleasant little strip of it."

least took in his words. Presently she asked:—"Did Mr. Fauconberg also commission you to tell me that the lady with whom he announces himself to be in love returns his affection?"

Advertisement for Dr. Pitcher's Backache-Kidney Tablets. Includes text: 'CLEANSE THE SYSTEM FROM HEAD TO FOOT AND PURIFY THE BLOOD.' and an illustration of a person.

as comfort for me. I feel we have very few, and for my sisters sake I shall be grateful to feel we have friendly neighbors to look to in this dreary place."

The suspicion, the fear in Fauconberg's mind, was growing. "Well, well, my only chance is to get it straightened out as soon as possible. He longed to clear up his doubts, yet inquisitiveness at that first interview seemed almost as repulsive to him as it would surely be to the girl."

unworthy or temporizing expedient suggest itself. His uppermost feeling was one of bitter self-reproach, the fest was a strenuous, straightforward resolve to fight the wrong once. And by the time he had reached the Hostel his determination had taken practical shape.

Advertisement for Watches by Mail. Includes text: 'Don't buy a cheap clock without seeing for our catalogue. You'll appreciate the advantage of having our big stock to select from. Our guarantee of money back if you are not satisfied.'

Frighful Dreams. Dull Headaches. THE BIBLE PAINS AND FREQUENT DESIRE TO URINATE. Such were the troubles of Mr. Joseph Island, Alma N.T. He happily found relief in DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Advertisement for Centenary's Pastors. Includes text: 'CENTENARY'S PASTORS GROUP OF PHOTOGRAPHS UNVEILED TUESDAY EVENING'

Advertisement for Centenary's Starch. Includes text: 'Never sticks. Requires no boiling.' and an illustration of a starch box.

Advertisement for Fruitives. Includes text: 'You know the action of fruit. Apples, oranges, lemons, for stomach and appetite—prunes and figs for the bowels.'

Advertisement for Valuable Ring and Watch. Includes text: 'VALUABLE RING AND WATCH FREE' and an illustration of a ring and watch.

CHAPTER XVII.

They say best men are moulded out of faults. And for the most, become much more like their better.

CHAPTER XVIII.

"Fortune cannot raise any one, without some other's broke."

FORT HOWE SCARED THE MACHIAS PIRATE

Active Measures Against Privateers Infesting Bay of Fundy in Olden Days—Indians Bring Affairs to Crisis and Seize English Vessels.

W. O. RAYMOND, LL. D. CHAPTER XXIII. (Continued.)

AFFAIRS ON ST. JOHN RIVER DURING THE REVOLUTION.

Scarcely had Major Studholme got his defenses in order at Fort Howe, when the old Machias pirate, A. Greene Crabtree, reappeared upon the scene. He had disposed of his former booty and returned to complete the work of destruction.

In order to accomplish his design he landed a party from his eight-gun vessel at Manawagonish, and proceeded through the woods intending to surprise the settlement at Portland Point, but in this case the surprise was quite sufficient; the British flag waving from the ramparts of Fort Howe was quite sufficient; he showed no inclination to try the mettle of Studholme's garrison, and beat a hasty retreat.

General Massey, who had sent Studholme to St. John, was of the opinion that a rigorous policy should be set on foot against the privateers, and in a letter to Lord Germaine laments that Arbutnot did not command the naval squadron. "If he did," he says, "these trading pirates could not appear on the coast without meeting their deserved fate."

In the course of the next summer Captain Pickard succeeded in destroying six privateers in the space of three weeks time, and this served to render the Bay of Fundy coast a little more secure. But already much damage had been inflicted. In the township of Conway, on the west side of St. John harbor, the settlers had been obliged to abandon their homes, Daniel and Jonathan Leavitt built small houses in Carleton near old Fort Frederick, where they were under the protection of Fort Howe. Messrs. Samuel Peabody, Gervas Say, Elijah Estabrooks, James Woodman, Thomas Jenkins, Zebedee Ring, John Bradley, John Jones and Peter Smith were so harassed by the continual robberies of the "Rebel boats" that they were compelled to move up the river to escape the danger of their exposed positions.

James Simonds also decided to change his residence at this time, and in the month of May (1778) he removed his effects and placed them on board a small vessel, lying above the falls, and with his family proceeded sixty miles up the river to a tract of land in the parish of St. John, which he purchased of Charles Morris. The property comprised about 2,000 acres, but at the time of Mr. Simonds' arrival not a single tree had been cut upon it. He built a small log house on the bank of the river just above Loder's Creek as a shelter for his young and helpless family, and there they were destined to spend the next nine years of their lives. He settled near the mouth of the river to Major Studholme for 200 per annum.

The presence of the garrison at Fort Howe did not entirely prevent the Machias marauders from interfering with the local inhabitants of St. John, and Messrs. Hazen and White arranged with John Curry of Campbell to give them warning whenever possible of any danger that might threaten from the direction of Machias. John Curry was a native of Ireland. He came to Passamaquoddy about 1770, settled there and was appointed a justice of the peace in 1774. He was a man of intelligence and ability, but apparently had not enjoyed the advantages of a liberal education. He had himself several encounters with the privateers. In 1778 his house was plundered while he was absent, and many of his possessions carried off, including the records of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace of Passamaquoddy, which were taken to the island of Campbell. Curry was an Indian trader and during the Revolution received supplies from Hazen and White. The following letter is of interest in this connection:

"Campbell, July 1781. "Gentlemen—Things here is much more peaceable than I expected; the Indians appear very friendly which I think deters others from committing any depredations in the neighbourhood. Have disposed of all the Goods I brought home and want to remain in the neighbourhood of the falls. If you have any intention to proceed here immediately, as I want to dispose of the Goods while the weather is calm. Please send me a sack of flour or Bread begins to grow scarce; pray hurry Archibald along and tell him to come in in the Night next week, so that he may be ready to start for the harbor."

A few months later Mr. Curry again wrote to his friends to warn them of impending danger: "Campbell, March 22, 1782. "Gentlemen—In my last I refer'd you to Major Studholme for intelligence which was this: there is a small privateer at Machias that I expect will sail every day. She is owned and man'd by a variety of Cumberland Refugees who is determined to supply themselves with Beef for use of the crew at your expense by privately going to the island of Campbell and killing your Cattle. You may look out for them every day after you receive this; they are bound up by a plundering. Take care of yourselves and pray keep this a profound secret."

The comparative security enjoyed by the people living on the River St. John after the flight of Fort Howe was largely due to the ability and zeal displayed by Major Gilchrist Studholme. It is to be regretted that no portrait of this really eminent man is in existence, a facsimile of his signature is given. He was a native of Ireland where his family owned a considerable estate. On the 22nd November, 1756, he was commissioned an ensign in the 27th Foot, and embarked at Cork for Halifax in May following. He was commissioned Lieutenant in the 40th Foot November 10, 1761, and it was as an officer of this regiment he commanded the garrison at Fort Frederick. He was transferred to the 24th Foot, September 1, 1771, and temporarily retired from active service July 16, 1774. When the American Revolution broke out he offered his services and was appointed captain in Governor Legge's "Loyal Nova Scotia Volunteers," but soon afterwards transferred to the command of a company in the Royal Fencible American Regiment under Lieut. Col. Joseph Gorham. He served with credit at Fort Cumberland, sharing in the epidemic attack of Major Bait, in which the besiegers under Eddy were driven off in great disorder and compelled to retire to the River St. John. The next summer Studholme drove John Allan from the St. John.

Lieut. Governor Arbutnot wrote Lord Germaine that the establishment of a fortified post at St. John was a necessity since it was a place coveted by the rebels, who wished to settle the river with people of rebellious principles after removing the inhabitants who were loyal subjects. It was at his request and that of the inhabitants at St. John that General Massey sent Major Studholme every fortnight—that Fort Howe was perfectly secure. Some weeks later, however, on learning that a large force was assembling at Machias, he sent a reinforcement which arrived safely.

By the joint efforts of the garrison and the inhabitants it was not long before Fort Howe was in a fully equipped state. It was built of brick, with a small station adjoining, also a blockhouse at the east end of the ridge. These are shown in the illustration.

Small as were the numbers of the Indians—perhaps not more than 200 warriors in all—these were a formidable and devastating remote settlements and of creating general uneasiness and alarm.

It is interesting to recall that the memory of Gilchrist Studholme is preserved in Gullford (properly Gilford) street in Carleton Place, where some years ago a street in St. John was called Studholme street. A parish of Kings County also bears his name.

This illustration is made from a water color sketch in the possession of Mr. William Hazen—the oldest known picture of Saint John. The sketch was taken from a point about the site of the military residence of the late St. John's Church. It dates about the year 1782.

wards, and who assured the savages that their old father the King of France had new joined hands with the Americans against the English.

Michael Franklin now began to act with vigor in the capacity of Superintendent of Indian Affairs, and through his representative Lieut. Gov. Hughes sent to the Bay of Chaleur for the missionary Boire to come and use his influence with the savages. He also wrote a letter to James White, appointing him his deputy on the River St. John.

"On the Recommendation of Major Studholme and from what I know of your zeal to serve Government and from your knowledge and acquaintance with the Indians of the River St. John and its environs, I do hereby authorize and appoint you to act as my Deputy at and in the neighborhood of the said River St. John. You will therefore take under your care the said Indians and inform me from time to time of their wants and wishes, and what measures you conceive may at any time be adopted to promote his Majesty's interest to the end they may not be led astray by the machinations and devices of his Majesty's rebellious subjects or other of the King's enemies. But in all your proceedings you are to consult with and follow the advice of Major Studholme who will be so obliging as to supply them, at your request, now and then with some provisions, but sparingly when they shall be in absolute want of them.

"I have no salary to give or promise you, but as I have made a strong representation to the King's minister of the necessity of a fund to defray the necessary expenses, if my representation shall be approved you may depend that I shall not fail of providing you with an annual allowance. You will not fail writing me by all opportunities. I am sir,

Your most humble servant, James White, Esq.

"Mich. Franklin. A crisis was rapidly developed. John Allan prevailed upon the Indians to return the British flag to the King's declaration of war. The Indians even went so far as to take several English vessels and to commit other acts of hostility. The declaration of war was, in its way, a clever production, well calculated to influence the Indians. The latter afterwards stated that it was written by John Allan and that he had not spoken their sentiments but his own.

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FREE 2 Handsome Bisque Dolls also a beautiful GOLD-FINISHED JEWELLED RING and a lovely set of TOY FURNITURE. GIRLS! Do you want to see these beautiful dolls? We have them for you. Our lovely dolls will give you the most perfect of all toys. They are 18 inches tall and are made of bisque. They are dressed in beautiful gowns and have beautiful hair. They are a perfect gift for any girl. The jewelry set is also beautiful and is made of gold. The toy furniture is also beautiful and is made of wood. It is a perfect gift for any child. The dolls are made in the United States and are of the highest quality. They are a perfect gift for any girl. The jewelry set is also beautiful and is made of gold. The toy furniture is also beautiful and is made of wood. It is a perfect gift for any child.

TWIN DOLLS FREE. The beauty of twin dolls is well known. They are a perfect gift for any child. They are made of bisque and are dressed in beautiful gowns. They are a perfect gift for any child. The jewelry set is also beautiful and is made of gold. The toy furniture is also beautiful and is made of wood. It is a perfect gift for any child.

THE FARM. Reports from many districts indicate that potato blight and rot are again this season causing serious loss to the farmers of Canada. This disease has been quite prevalent in many parts of Ontario and Quebec, and although a good preventive is known in Belgium, the disease, few growers seem to have known of it. The potato blight is caused by a fungus which attacks the leaves and tubers of the potato plant. It is a very serious disease and can cause a total loss of the crop. The disease is caused by a fungus which attacks the leaves and tubers of the potato plant. It is a very serious disease and can cause a total loss of the crop.

The Late George Courtneil. On Tuesday afternoon the funeral of George Courtneil, attendant in the Provincial Hospital, took place from Fairville and was largely attended. Service in the chapel of the provincial hospital was conducted by Rev. R. P. McKim and there gathered a large number of friends and the members of the staff. The body was interred at Cedar Hill Cemetery for interment. On the casket were placed a number of floral emblems which spoke the regard in which he was held. Among them was a beautiful wreath of white and pink roses and lilies from the staff of the provincial hospital; also a handsome cross with the word "Father," from Mr. Courtneil's wife and family, as well as wreaths from Mr. and Mrs. Robert Clark and Miss Alice Barker. In the few years he spent in St. John, Mr. Courtneil gained many friends and for the bereaved family they express deep sympathy.

SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE. Furniture, Carpets and Oilcloths. White Enamel Iron Beds, regular price \$3.90, Sale Price \$2.65. Extension Tables, " " " " 4.50, " " 3.45. Dining Chairs, Golden Oak Finish, 56c. All our stock is reduced in price for this sale. Now is your golden opportunity—it may not occur again for a long time.

GEORGE E. SMITH, Successor to F. A. Jones Co., Ltd., 18 KING STREET.

MONEY TO LOAN. Money to loan on city, town, village or country property, in amounts to suit, at current rates. Interest, 10 per cent. 125 Prince Street, St. John, N. B. 175-177

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FOREIGN PORTS. Boston, Nov 3-Ard, schr. Beattie, from Port Gilbert (N.S.); Agnes May, from St. John. St. John, Nov 3-Ard, schr. Beattie, from Port Gilbert (N.S.); Agnes May, from St. John. St. John, Nov 3-Ard, schr. Beattie, from Port Gilbert (N.S.); Agnes May, from St. John.

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1904.

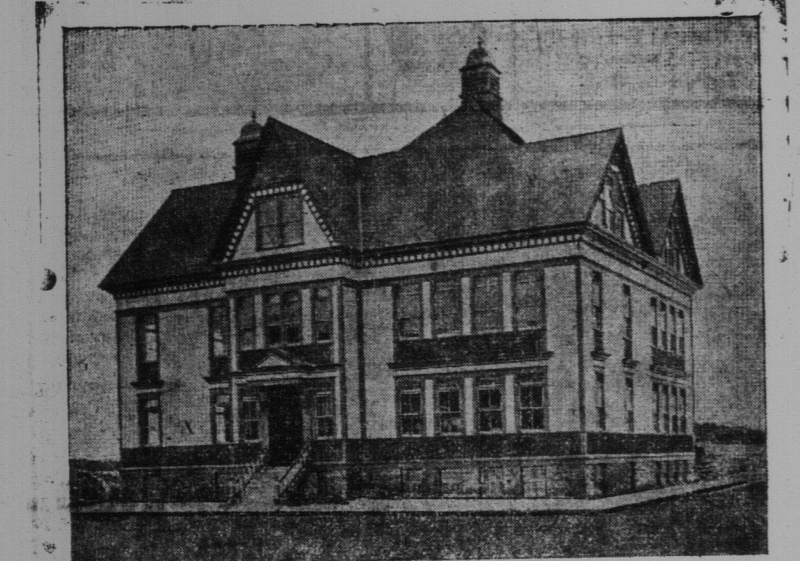
St. John, N. B., Nov. 12.

PREMIER OFFERS PRIZES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL

Interesting Exercises at Formal Opening of the Macdonald Institution at Kingston--The Work Well Under Way--Speeches by Prominent Men Interested in Education.

Splendid weather, good speeches and bright faces were the order of the day Wednesday when Dr. Inch, chief superintendent of education, formally declared the consolidated school at Kingston open.

Yesterday was the formal opening of the consolidated school and the old county town was invaded by quite a large number of notables including Premier Tweedie, Dr. Inch, chief provincial school inspector, Inspector Carter, of St. John, Hon. Francis J. Sweeney, Minister of Education, and School Inspector Mercereau.



THE CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL AT KINGSTON

Inspector Steeves, of Sussex; Dr. G. U. Hay, of St. John; Mr. Reid, architect of the Riverside consolidated school; John Brittain, who has charge of the school gardens and nature study work of the school on the St. John river; Prof. James W. Robertson, LL. D., commissioner of agriculture for the Dominion, who bids fair to revolutionize the methods of education; T. B. Kidner, director of manual training in the schools, who is anxious to introduce that subject into the curriculum and who will no doubt eventually gain his point.

Weather Glorious. The day was a delicious one, in fact it would have been hard to have a better. The sun was shining brightly, tempering the crisp cold wind.

On the arrival of the train at Jubilee station it was found there was only one small van in waiting. As this was quite insufficient to hold all, some went off to procure a team at a neighboring lumber house. There were eight men in the small van besides two ladies. The party included Premier Tweedie, Hon. Francis J. Sweeney, Dr. Inch, Dr. G. U. Hay, John Brittain and T. B. Kidner.

The consolidated school building is a beautiful building well situated and from its upper windows commanding a lovely view of the surrounding country. It is a bright and cozy inside as the exterior promises.

The principal, W. D. Hamilton, who were conducted upstairs to the library, where each registered. Then the ceremony of opening the school took place in the exhibition hall. A young lady, seated at an organ, played Soldiers of the Queen as the children marched in and took their seats.

Besides these vans there are a number of private teams engaged to bring those children who live on the side roads. The educational department when the day of these consolidated schools was first talked of, chose Kingston as the site for the first because in this district the greatest difficulties are to be met and overcome.

Afternoon Proceedings. The whole of the 160 pupils, together with a large number of their parents and friends, met in the large assembly hall at 2 o'clock. Austin Worsmore, chairman of the school district, was in the chair. After the children had sung a chorus an address to Prof. Robertson was read by Miss Ethel Saunders on behalf of the pupils. In this address gratitude was expressed to Sir W. C. Macdonald for the fund which made it

possible for them to get such an education as the present building afforded, and to himself for the unflinching pains he had taken with it.

Inspector Steeves spoke very briefly wishing all in connection with the school the greatest possible measure of success, after which, Mr. Inch in a few words, declared the school open.

There was another public meeting in the evening which was largely attended at which the speakers were Prof. Robertson, Dr. Inch, John Brittain, T. B. Kidner and Inspector Carter.

OBITUARY

Mrs. J. R. McConnell. After about a week's illness, Mrs. J. R. McConnell, of Yarmouth, died yesterday.

Joseph A. Balcolm. At Musquash on Saturday an old and much respected resident of the parish died in the person of Joseph A. Balcolm.

Gordon P. Whitaker. Gordon Pritchard Whitaker, son of Fred S. Whitaker, died at an early hour Wednesday morning at his father's residence, 172 Princess street, after a lingering illness.

Mrs. George Bernier. The friends of Mrs. George Bernier, formerly of St. John, will be grieved to hear of her death, Sunday, the 11th inst.

Mrs. Jane Porter, Jubilee. Mrs. Jane Porter, widow of David Porter, of Jubilee, Kings county, died Tuesday afternoon from influenza.

Samuel Doyen. Samuel Doyen, one of the oldest residents of St. John, died Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. George Ambrose. Truro, N. S., Nov. 10 (Special)--The death occurred at Shubenacadie today of the relict of Rev. George Ambrose, M. A., D. D., for many years rector of Igloo.

Hon. Mr. Sweeney. Hon. Francis J. Sweeney began by saying he was pleased, edified and interested by all he had seen that day.

ST. JOHN SEAT NOT FOR BORDEN

Possible, Too, He May Not Continue Conservative Leader

WAS HERE WEDNESDAY

Greeted by Followers and Talks Over Matters--Believes Lists in Halifax Were Doctored--St. John Victory Magnificent--Party Meeting Postponed.

R. L. Borden, Conservative leader, is not to be offered either the St. John seat or the leadership of the party, it is also said, but not decidedly, that Mr. Borden may not continue as leader of the opposition.

The Halifax Vote. Some one said that St. John and Portland (Me.) viewed the Grand Trunk railway scheme in the same light.

Spring Seed Fair. In the production of farm crops the cost of the seed is small but its influence is far reaching.

Recalls Old-time River Freezing. A well known citizen told the Telegraph that on November 11, 1851, fifty-three years ago, navigation on the St. John river closed for the season and did not re-open until the 5th of the following May.

GRAND DIVISION, S. OF T., ANNUAL

H. C. Tilley Elected Grand Worthy Patriarch

GAINS DURING YEAR

There is an Increase in Membership, and Financial Report is Good--Government's Reply to Temperance Delegation Referred To.

H. C. Tilley was elected grand worthy patriarch at the annual meeting of the Sons of Temperance held in the Temperance hall, Market building, Wednesday night.

The report dealt with the convention in Leinster street, Baptist church on June 22 at which all other temperance bodies had been most enthusiastic and inspiring.

At the present time there are 32 subordinate divisions on the roll. The total membership from these is 2216, as against 2150 last year.

On the financial side there had been an improvement since the last annual session and a larger balance was in the hands of the grand treasurer.

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WE'D LIKE TO SHOW YOU Our Overcoats Whether you want to buy an Overcoat now or not, do us honor of looking through our stock.

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothier, 199 and 201 Union St. If Farmers knew how Durable and Inexpensive Flintkote Roofing was they wouldn't use any other kind.

I Know What I Want An Ingersoll Dollar Watch - The Boy and His Father Both Want It - IT'S HARD WORK to convince a great many people that a real watch can be bought for one dollar.

The Victoria Acetylene Mfg. Co. of Canada, Limited Manufacturers of the Victoria Acetylene Gas Machine and Dealers in Lump Carbide

CENTENARY'S PASTOR Rev. H. Strothard of Chatham - Mentioned as Rev. Mr. Campbell's Successor

BIRTHS. To Mr. and Mrs. Coleman, of Spring Kings county, on November 7, a son.

DEATHS. WHITTAKER--On the morning of the 11th, Gordon Pritchard, aged 29 years, son of Fredric S. and Ella G. Whittaker.

37 Years Old And Getting Better All the Time In experience in Teaching Methods, in knowledge of the wants of the public, in facilities for providing for those wants, and in up-to-date features, we are improving all the time.