

Canada Is Forced Into Surrender By Big Stick Of Taft Administration

Continued From Page One.

some reductions in its present scale of duties as applied to products of the United States.

While unable to waive any of the contentions which Canada has held throughout our discussion of the exception-act, I have appreciated the exceptional circumstances and reasons advanced by the president in support of his request.

Of Gravest Concern.

"A tariff conflict between the two countries would undoubtedly be a matter of the gravest concern for both, involving widespread disturbance of trade, heavy loss to citizens of both countries, and the breaking of much friction at a time when the cultivation of happier relations is most desirable.

Both parties to the differences should, I realize, be willing to go as far as possible to avoid such a conflict.

I have observed with satisfaction that your government are not disposed to press some of their earlier contentions respecting our commercial treaties, which from our point of view we could not admit.

This being the case, I feel that our government should go as far as possible to meet the views of the president and to respond to the good spirit which he has expressed on the subject.

On behalf of the Canadian government I agree that we shall forthwith recommend to the Parliament of Canada such amendments to the Canadian customs tariff as will reduce the duties on the list of articles agreed upon such articles and the reduced rates of duty being as follows:

The Reductions.
Canadian tariff No. 94—Dates and figs, dried, per 100 pounds, 25 cents.

95—Figs and dried plums, unpeeled, raisins and dried currents, per lb., 23 cents.

109—Almonds, walnuts, Brazil nuts, pecans and shelled peanuts, N.O.P., per lb., 2 cents.

112—Nuts of all kinds N.O.P., per lb., 2 cents.

180—Photographs, pictures, crochets, chromotypes, artotypes, crochets, paintings, drawings, decalcomania transfers of all kinds, engraved and all other transfers, and similar works of art, N.O.P., blue-prints, building plans, maps and charts, N.O.P., 2 1/2 p.c.; soap, mineral soap and soap, N.O.P., 32 1/2 p.c.

234—Perfumery, including toilet preparations, N.O.P., excepted; hair brushes, tooth and other powders and washes, pomatums, pastes and all other perfumed preparations, N.O.P., used for the hair, mouth and skin, 32 1/2 p.c.

287—Tableware of china, porcelain, white granite or ironstone, 27 1/2 p.c.

318—Common and colorless window glass, 12 1/2 p.c.

366—Watch actions and movements and parts thereof, including watch cases and sleeves, 12 1/2 p.c.

604—Dongola, cordovan, calf, sheep, lumps, kid or goat, kangaroo, and all other leathers, dressed, waxed, glazed or further finished than tanned, N.O.P.; harness leather and chamois skin, 15 p.c.

834—Feathers and manufactures of feathers, N.O.P.; artificial feathers, fruits, grains, leaves and flowers, suitable for ornamenting, etc., 27 1/2 p.c.

All goods not enumerated in this schedule as subject to any other rate of duty, and not otherwise declared free of duty, shall be subject to the rate of duty provided for by law prohibited 17 1/2 p.c.

Mr. Fielding adds a paragraph making it clear that the proposed changes are to be universal in application to all countries, the general tariff being scaled down to the intermediate figures.

Secretary Knox.
Secretary Knox's letter is:—
Department of State, Washington, March 26th, 1910.

"My dear Mr. Fielding:—
The adjustment of trade relations between Canada and United States under the existing tariff legislation, conducted through you at the instance of the British Ambassador and brought to a successful conclusion so largely through your own patient and earnest efforts, can not fail to be a cause of mutual felicitation between the thoughtful people of both countries.

so closely related geographically and socially, as indicated by the president in his recent public utterances.

"I am, my dear Mr. Minister, very truly yours,
"Omnibus Clause."
"Sincerely,
"P. C. KNOX."

Outside of the final item, which is what Mr. Fielding termed an omnibus clause, designed to cover articles which crop up from time to time and which are not provided for in the schedules, the importations affected by the reductions total \$2,842,596. The figures are:

Articles.
Dates, figs dried, per cwt., 62 1/2 p.c.; reduced rate, 55c.; value of imports in 1909, \$125,421.

Figs, etc., per lb., 1c.; reduced rate, 3/8c.; value, \$728,085.

Almonds, etc., per lb., 3c.; reduced rate, 2c.; value, \$112,533.

Nuts, per lb., 3c.; reduced rate, 2c.; value, \$175,375.

Photos, etc., 25 p.c.; reduced rate, 22 1/2 p.c.; value, \$422,571.

Soap, etc., 35 p.c.; reduced rate, 32 1/2 p.c.; value, \$494,036.

Perfumery, etc., 35 p.c.; reduced rate, 32 1/2 p.c.; value, \$371,935.

Tableware, etc., 30 p.c.; reduced rate, 27 1/2 p.c.; value, \$216,604.

Window glass, etc., 15 p.c.; reduced rate, 12 1/2 p.c.; value, \$209,811.

Watch actions, etc., 15 p.c.; reduced rate, 12 1/2 p.c.; value, \$638,336.

Dongola, etc., 17 1/2 p.c.; reduced rate, 15 p.c.; value, \$310,634.

Feathers, etc., 30 p.c.; reduced rate, 27 1/2 p.c.; value, \$137,840.

Mr. Fielding's reply to Mr. Knox's letter is also dated at Washington, March 26 and is:

"I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter of this date. The Canadian Government very heartily reciprocates your expressions as to the desirability of improving the commercial relations between the United States and Canada and will gladly avail themselves of the invitation of the president to take up with the government, at such time and in such manner, as may be mutually satisfactory, the consideration of a reciprocal trade agreement.

The public utterances of the president in that direction have afforded much satisfaction to the Canadian people, who will receive with pleasure the formal confirmation of them which is now conveyed to our government through you. I am confident that your government will receive also with much gratification by His Majesty's government in London who will find in them further evidence of the united desire of the government of the United States to maintain the most cordial relations with the British Empire."

The concluding paragraph is one of thanks for countries, and the thought is given notice of a resolution to change the tariff as indicated by his letter.

At Washington.
Washington, March 30.—Secretary of State Knox today made public the concessions granted by Canada in return for which the minimum rates of the Payne Aldrich Act will be given to Canadian imports into the United States. The Canadian concessions will reduce the duty on American shipments to Canada estimated by the state department at a yearly value of \$5,900,000 out of an annual export trade to Canada of something like \$150,000,000. It is the opinion here that the concessions are not strikingly important. But the negotiations leading up to the peaceful settlement of the tariff difficulties have been being chiefly significant for the promise held out of a still more liberal settlement and permanent adjustment of commercial relations by means of a reciprocal trade treaty.

Mr. Knox at the same time made public today the correspondence between himself and Minister of Finance Fielding through which on Saturday the new agreement was concluded. In both letters unmistakable reference is made to the speedy opening of negotiations looking to the making of a trade treaty on broad lines of reciprocity between the two countries and both officials speak of the proposal as acceptable to their respective governments and as likely to be endorsed by the people.

To Repeal Tariff.
For the United States to enter into a tariff treaty with Canada undoubtedly means that the Payne Aldrich Act will have to be repealed. The fact that the president should be considering at this time so difficult a step indicates clearly how sincere he is in his efforts to bring the commercial relations of the two countries into closer bonds. It also indicates that he realizes that the present "agreement" with Canada is far from satisfactory and that he feels the necessity of extra steps to open the way for American merchants fair opportunities in the country to the north.

The Payne Tariff Act expressly repeals all tariff treaties and agreement and provides without qualification only two sets of schedules. One is the maximum for use against countries and the other is the minimum or normal rate given to all countries declared by the president not to be unduly discriminatory against the United States. Accordingly before a treaty establishing reciprocal rates can be ratified by the senate, the Payne act will have to be amended so as to make such a treaty legal.

Mr. Knox evidently considers the successful broaching of the question of more importance than the concessions actually won from Canada at this juncture for in his official statement setting forth the results of the past few months of negotiations he gives the first place to the letters in which he possibilities of a reciprocal trade is discussed.

AT WASHINGTON.
Washington, D. C., Mar. 29.—The proclamations of the president granting the minimum rates of tariff under the Payne-Aldrich act to Canada, Australia and a number of countries less important commercially, signed today with those which will be signed tomorrow, complete the extension to the country's minimum rates to the whole world. About one hundred and thirty

nations and dependencies are included in the list.

The work involved in determining whether or not any of the nations included in this long list were discriminating in their tariffs against the products of the United States has occupied the attention of the tariff officers of the Government almost continually since the passage of the tariff last August.

Although no official statement is available at this time as to the net result of the negotiations with all of the nations of the world, so far as the rates of American products are concerned, the Government officials regard them as eminently satisfactory. A semi-official statement is made, however, that the United States will be admitted to the Government of the products of the United States will be admitted to foreign countries free of duty and that of the products which pay a duty in foreign countries, 89 per cent. will be entitled to the minimum foreign rates.

The unofficial story of negotiations with Canada looking to the settlement announced today by which Canada is declared entitled to the minimum rates of the Payne-Aldrich act, is one of the most interesting that the specific announcement as to just what articles are included in the concessions granted on either side.

The Albany Conference.
President Taft from the first, did not hesitate to let it be known that he would go a long way to avoid a tariff war with Canada. Such a war, he believed, would fall heavily upon American interests and manufacturers. It was the president who took the initiative in inviting Finance Minister Fielding to Albany to discuss the differences between the two countries. The exchange of views at Albany was such as to indicate that peace was assured.

The charge that Canada was unduly discriminatory against the United States originally grew out of the Canadian treaty with France, where, by the latter country, was given a reduction of from 2 1/2 to 5 per cent. President Taft, did not take the view that this was discriminatory, inasmuch as France in return offered concessions to the United States. The United States, never having offered concessions to Canada, Mr. Taft held, could not expect such preferential treatment from the other side.

There stood in the way, however, the fact that the reductions granted by Canada to France were automatically extended to the United States. These included in Great Britain's "favored nation" policy. This, the President held, amounted to discrimination against the United States.

It was also recommended that an eight inch pipe be laid in Union street, West, from St. John street, northwest to the intersection of Rodney street, a distance of 350 feet, and that the main sewerage pipe to be extended through this building and into the upper part of No. 4 warehouse, on the corner of Union and Rodney streets.

City Engineer Recommended.
The city engineer recommended the laying of a 12 inch main on Watson street, from Prince to Queen street, West. The value of the property at Sand Point demands, he held, that adequate fire protection be provided. Some pipes had been laid some years ago, but the properties on Sand Point would not be tolerably safe if the 12 inch main was laid in Watson street. The cost of this main which had often been recommended would be about \$11,000. The engineer also recommended that an eight inch pipe be laid in Union street, West, from St. John street, northwest to the intersection of Rodney street, a distance of 350 feet, and that the main sewerage pipe to be extended through this building and into the upper part of No. 4 warehouse, on the corner of Union and Rodney streets.

Connection with the 8-inch main.
In connection with the 8-inch main being discussed, it was recommended that a 2-way hydrant be placed in the middle of Union street to take the place of the hydrant which formerly existed near No. 4 warehouse and was supplied from Rodney street. The main sewerage pipe which supplied it was removed when dredging operations were going on in Rodney street.

Estimated cost of \$4,500 for an 8-inch pipe and sprinkler had been submitted to the city engineer, and he estimated cost \$1,000 and the sprinkler system \$3,500.

Ald. Hayes moved that renewals be made of the distribution system to the extent of \$20,000 and that the chairman and city engineer be a committee to decide what renewals should be made.

Ald. Likely withdrew his original motion, and submitted another endorsing the recommendations of the city engineer, and that the work of making renewals be done as fast as possible. This was carried.

A petition was received from Ed. W. Little and L. McLean and W. J. Pennington requesting that sewer and water mains be placed in the street recently known as Campbell street, from the intersection of the Strait Shore Road, along the western line of the railway. The engineer estimated the cost at \$5,000. In addition it would be necessary to build the road and sidewalk.

Guarantee the Cost.
Ald. Scully thought they should endeavor to encourage anybody who wanted to buy the sewer and water mains. Ald. Likely moved that the request of the petitioners be complied with.

The city engineer stated that the installation of the sewer would divert the sewage of Douglas Avenue from 20 houses lying between Jane Nevins and this street to a distance of about 40 feet and thereby diminish the nuisance complained of at the outlet of this sewer in Marble Cove. From the water works standpoint it would facilitate the flow in the event of a conflagration either at the Strait Shore Road or Douglas Avenue.

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WILL RECEIVE WATER MAINS Board Decided Last Evening To Start Spending \$37,000 On Distribution System—Sprinklers for No. 4 Shed.

The formal examination in connection with the stranding of the steamer Lansdowne, on Jan. 24, at Public Rock buoy and found it was in position to be repaired February 5, and came off on March 4. About 25 feet of her false keel forward and 75 or 80 feet amidships and aft were carried away; also five planks broken on the port side.

Afternoon Session.

On the inquiry being resumed in the afternoon Capt. Burns was further examined. Sometime before stranding, he said, the compass was northeast by east. He knew the difference between the steering and the standard compass at this time. Before getting to St. Annes Point, he had noticed that the vessel was steering to the westward. He noticed the bearing of the light at St. Annes by the course he was steering with the compass. He was under the impression that he was closer to the light than he was. If he had been as far away from the western shore as he thought he was, stranding would not have occurred.

In answer to a question of Capt. Hayes as to the condition of the weather at the time of the stranding witness said there was a haze over the harbor.

Murdoch McLean, the chief officer of the ship was the next witness. He produced a certificate showing that he was a duly registered mate. He said that he had been on the Lansdowne since December 1909. He remembered the day the steamer went out for the buoy in Public Harbor. It was the day previous to the stranding. The first order he received from the captain on January 24 was a little before the stranding. He was told to get the anchor ready. He had heard the captain tell the boatswain to go to the anchor, but he did not hear the boatswain taking any soundings.

When he was getting the anchor ready it was quite foggy. He could not see land on the port side. The light at St. Annes Point was on the port bow before stranding. From where he was he could not hear the captain giving orders to the man at the wheel. When the vessel struck he was standing on the forecabin. After the stranding he got orders from the captain to raise the anchor. The vessel came off rather easily. He had been in and out of this harbor quite often.

No Place to Take Soundings.
The ship was leaning considerably when she came off the bottom, and he got orders to take soundings. There was no proper place to take soundings on board the Lansdowne.

Captain Hayes remarked that on board a government vessel, it was very strange that there was not a proper place to take soundings.

Continuing witness said he went down in the forehold and into the engine room and noticed that there was about four feet of water over the keelson. The keelson was about level with the flooring.

Capt. Hayes was then called.

Do you consider Captain Burns an efficient captain?
Ans.—Yes, sir. He was always careful.

Captain Lugar.—Do you consider the captain a nervous man?
Ans.—I do not know anything about his nerves. I know he does not swear and get excited when anything goes wrong.

The hearing was then adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

Lansdowne Without Sailing Directions

Capt. Burns Testifies at Inquiry Into Stranding That He Had Applied But Had Not Received Any—Nautical Assessor Thinks It Strange There Was No Place To Take Soundings On Government Steamer—Hearing Resumed Today.

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Government Brings Down Correspondence In Purchase Of Cruisers Rainbow & Niobe—More Salary For Officers.

Special To The Standard.

Ottawa, March 30.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier tabled in the house today the correspondence in connection with the purchase by the Canadian government of the cruisers Rainbow and Niobe from the imperial authorities for use as training ships in the Atlantic coast.

On Nov. 6, 1909 Admiral Kingsmill sent to Mr. DeBorja, deputy minister of marine and fisheries, a memorandum in which was quoted a telegram from the admiralty as follows: "Arrangement discussed with Brodeur was purchase of one cruiser of Apollo type, fitted for sea service in April next, money not being available for second vessel, detailed report now received indicates such cruiser could be supplied for fifty thousand pounds sterling. First Lord of Admiralty desires to know whether this arrangement is to be approved or not. If approved, will be forthcoming for second cruiser. Otherwise Brodeur should state specifically what Canadian government wish as an alternative."

The Reply.
Five days later, a reply was sent to the Admiralty to the effect that the Canadian government was desirous of having the arrangements for one vessel of the "Apollo" class proceeded with and inquiring as to whether or not the "Spartaco" could be procured for a second training ship and what terms.

In a report made on November 23, Hon. Mr. Brodeur stated that at the Imperial Defence conference, the Admiralty offered to supply for service on the Canadian coast one third class cruiser of the "Apollo" type ready for sea in April 1910. The report received by Mr. Laurier from the cabinet council, and the course of the Admiralty was notified.

In reply to a cable sent on January 13 asking when the training would be completed, the Admiralty stated that it could not give definite information more than to say that the vessel would probably be out of the dock yard by the end of May.

The communications which passed between the Canadian and Imperial authorities in respect to the purchase of the Niobe show that there was some indication as to whether the vessels of the "Spartaco" or "Hawk" class would be the best for training purposes. On Nov. 17, Mr. Brodeur received a cable from the Admiralty to the effect that the "Hawk" class were not as good as the "Spartaco" for training purposes. It is interesting to note that the "Spartaco" is a more modern armament.

At the opening of the House today Sir Wilfrid Laurier announced that the Government had assented to the ratification of the waterways treaty.

Mr. Lemieux is giving notice of a resolution providing for the salaries of the officers of the navy to be increased as follows: \$2500, with annual increase of \$100 to a maximum of \$3500. Assistant post office inspectors and superintendents of the railways mail service on appointment, \$1800, annual increase \$100, maximum \$2500. Assistant post masters on appointment from \$1100 to \$2500.

While Mr. Laurier is moving that morning sittings commence on Monday next.

SYNOPSIS OF BOSTON N.S. STEEL FIGHT

Continued from Page 1.

President Harris ruled that they were valid when accompanied by a declaration from the telegraph office and filed with the company at his head office.

Greenhields protested, but Harris said: "If I am wrong, you have your remedy." He made no further declaration on the subject.

J. J. Ritchie filed a protest, and Mr. Forset, said, though his remarks were not addressed to the steel fight, he would secure an injunction to prevent the management's board from acting, should they be elected.

When the proxies were handed in, the vote stood, for the present administration 37,830, for Forset syndicate 9,640. The scrutineers took an hour to frame their report which included ballots received personally as well as by proxy.

R. E. Harris in moving the adoption of the directors' report made a few remarks upon the business of the company.

He said during the greater part of the year 1909 the iron and coal business was poorer than at any time during the last twenty five years, yet the profits for the year amounted to \$907,844.

Since 1904 when I first became president of the company," he continued, "its earnings have shown an increase of over 50 per cent, and the mining output has increased 67 per cent." He further stated since the report was distributed \$1,500,000 of the company's bonds have been disposed of in London and favorably, so that there had been a saving of \$1,000,000 of the remaining \$1,000,000 of bonds as the money was not paid to the company.

Regarding the important question of future dividends on the common stock of the company, Mr. Harris said he saw no reason in view of the company's healthy financial condition, why a reasonable proportion of the yearly earnings of the company should not be paid to the common stockholder. The board have already declared a dividend of one per cent, and indicated that a substantial dividend should be made before the end of the present rate of dividend common stock.

He thought the year of 1910 would prove the best in the company's history.

At the conclusion of his address a vote of thanks moved by Dr. A. Pierce Crockett, and seconded by Dr. H. Curran was unanimously tendered the speaker.

During the evening Dr. H. B. Birkett, of Montreal, was introduced by the chairman, Dr. J. S. Bentley, and delivered a lecture on the Early History of British Ology. Dr. Birkett is a professor at McGill, and late president of the American Society of Laryngologists.

In the absence of further witnesses the prisoner was remanded to jail until 12 o'clock today when the hearing will be continued.

Dr. Fairweather Of Rothesay Receives a Congratulatory Letter From Edinburgh University At Meeting.

At a largely attended meeting of the St. John Medical Society last evening, a letter from the Senate of Edinburgh, was read, congratulating Dr. W. A. Fairweather, of Rothesay, on having completed 45 years in the practice of his profession. The attention of the university, of which Dr. Fairweather is a graduate, was called to his long and honorable service by Dr. W. Baxter McVeay.

The letter received by Dr. Fairweather is signed by Le T. Grant, secretary of the Senate Academicus and conveys the gratification with which the university had learned of his long and successful practice.

It recalls that it was at the University of Edinburgh the doctor received his medical training under such famous men as Gooder, Syme, Christie, Simpson and Sir William Turner.

They are gratefully sensible that Dr. Fairweather has most worthily maintained the reputation of the University of Edinburgh as a school of medicine, in conclusion the letter expresses the hope that many years of health and of useful activity may be spared the venerable doctor.

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C. L. Smith Charged in Police Court With Stealing From Schooner, Says Captain Has Wheels in His Head.

In the police court yesterday afternoon Charles Lorne Smith appeared before the magistrate charged with stealing and entering the schooner Domain, lying at North wharf, and stealing therefrom a bag of clothes valued at \$66.00, the property of Captain John Stewart. Smith who was arrested by Sgt. Ross yesterday morning, pleaded not guilty to the charge.

John Stewart, captain of the schooner Domain, said defendant shipped with him last fall but deserted in Boston. He next saw him under arrest here Tuesday morning.

When the schooner was laid up he left a bag in his berth containing articles of clothing. The place was locked. On going to the ship Tuesday morning he discovered the door broken open. He found two envelopes on the table in his berth. Witness believed that the writing on the envelope was that of the prisoner. When defendant deserted his ship in Boston \$65.00 of witness money disappeared.

Defendant in cross-examination Capt. Stewart asked if he was sure that he was the man who signed articles on the vessel?

Witness replied that he was.

Defendant remarked that the captain had wheels in his head.

Police Officer Corry told of meeting the prisoner on Rock street at 11:20 Monday night. The prisoner asked him where he could procure a team to take a clothes bag to the station as he wished to take a train for Houlton. Upon being told that it was impossible to get a team at that time of night, the prisoner told him that he had been drinking on board a schooner or during the earlier part of the evening. In answer to a question the prisoner told him that he had been paid off from a schooner that day. He

Beautiful Straws From Paris



Here are two of the good new models in rough straw. Ribbon plays a large part in the trimming of one of them, and the band about the crown is festooned with a wreath of tiny roses. The other hat is turned up sharply on one side, and its trimming savors of the chantecler.

THEY FIGHT SHY OF MANY

Sailors' Life Distasteful to German Princes -- Prince Joachim to Enter The Service Next Month.

Berlin, Mar. 30.—Prince Joachim, of Prussia, the youngest son of the German emperor, who is now 19 years old having outgrown the delicacy of his youth is to enter the navy early next month and devote himself henceforth to a maritime career. That he should have delayed going to sea until his 19th year, instead of joining a school of officers or entering a naval academy at the age of fourteen is due not only to his former conditions of health, but also to the new regulations inaugurated by the emperor, according to which young men are no longer to be accepted as probationers for commission in the navy until they have completed their diploma of graduation. This rule has been instituted owing to the fact that nowadays a much higher degree of general instruction is required on the part of naval officers than formerly. Young men can obtain more of this general instruction at the so-called gymnasia and high schools than at naval colleges, and it is held that they should know quite as much as the ordinary well educated civilians before taking up the special branches of study needed for the navy.

Prince Joachim is to join the naval schoolship ship Hertha, which has about 150 naval cadets on board, and which has more than once been seen in American waters. It is the schoolship on which Prince Joachim's elder brother, Prince Adalbert, served. Now that the Kaiser's brother, Prince Henry, has been placed on the retired list, with the rank of grand admiral, these two sons of his name—by Adalbert and Joachim—will be the only two Prussian princes in the German navy. For, although Prince Henry's two sons, Prince Waldemar and Prince Sigismund, hold honorary commissions of lieutenant in the navy, these father does not wish them to actually join the service, Waldemar, the elder of the two princes, who has just celebrated his 21st birthday, being in all intents and purposes an invalid and just at the present moment the inmate of a sanatorium near Dresden.

Emperor William deserves a great deal of credit for thus putting his boys in the navy and thereby endeavoring to popularize the service; for of all the two sworn reigning houses of the sovereign states constituting the German empire, there are not more than three or four that have any representative in the navy, and the ranks of the Teuton fleet, indeed, about the only one is that young Prince Reuss, who two years ago was seized with such sudden illness at Havana as to necessitate an immediate operation, his mother, a duchess of Mecklenburg-Schwerin by birth, crossing the Atlantic to bring him home. There was also a Duke Frederick William, of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, who lost his life through the foundering of the destroyer which he commanded, along with all his crew, in one of those hurricanes that periodically sweep over the Baltic. He was engaged at the time to the German empress's sister, Princess Feodora of Schleswig-Holstein, who has declined all subsequent offers of marriage and greatly beloved by both the emperor and empress, and is credited for herself a name in literature as the author of a couple of very successful novels.

DEATH CAME SUDDENLY TO NORTH SHORE PASTOR

Rev. T. H. Cuthbert Drops Dead Upon Reaching Home At Blackville—The Deceased a Native of England.

Chatham, N. B., March 30.—Rev. T. H. Cuthbert, rector of Blackville and Dorby parishes, dropped dead on Tuesday. He had just crossed the river from Blackville and reached his home.

Rev. Mr. Cuthbert was a native of England and had preached in and about Northumberland county for 30 years. He was about 60 years of age and leaves a wife and two children.

WHAT ABOUT DR. PUGSLEY

Will He Be Allowed to Continue His Practice of Jeopardizing Interests of Canada, Asks Montreal Star.

(Montreal Star.) With the reassembling of the House after Easter will come the beginning of the slaughter of private bills and government measures which is the inevitable prelude to prorogation. Mr. Fielding is prepared to sacrifice his revision of the Banking Act, Mr. MacKenzie King's anti-combine legislation will probably postpone a further appearance until next year, and Mr. Lemieux's proposals for bringing the cable companies under the jurisdiction of the Railway Commission apparently has little chance of taking definite form before the end of the present session. But what about Mr. Pugsley and his contribution to this year's enactments for the benefit of Canada and the conservation of her resources? Will he be able by again dragging into five ministers of the crown and a proportionate number of the rank and file into the ranks of the Standard Oil Company's Ottawa contingent, to hand over the Long Sault water power to the American syndicate IN WHOSE SERVICE HE IS SO SEDULOUS, or must the consummation of this "deal" wait until there has been an opportunity of looking into the subject with at least a semblance of regard for the interests of Canada?

True, the magnates who control the New York Central Railway are, in all probability, not at all concerned when we revise the Banking Act this year, next year, or not at all, but they are magnanimous enough to be willing to accept from Messrs. Pugsley and Pardee everything that the House of Commons can be induced to give them in the way of water power and in the shortest possible time. Neither does the syndicate which is "cornering" all the water powers within or contiguous to the United States oppose any objections to our revising our insurance legislation provided we pass the clever and ingenious little bill which won MR. PUGSLEY'S AFFECTIONS that he insisted on fighting—and on making his party fight—all night for it, in spite of the fact that a former colleague pointed out to the House that it practically gave all rights to whatever water power may in future be generated at the Long Sault to the United States syndicate which, ten years ago, secured permission to dam the St. Lawrence at this point. The scheme was well planned and innocent enough in appearance, but it has deceived anyone not accustomed to tracking distinguished New Brunswick politicians through the devious meanderings which they they customarily adopt in argument at the House. Under the circumstances it scarcely seems too much to expect that the St. Lawrence Power Transmission Bill will be allowed to mature for a year before the House is asked to come to a decision as to whether or not it is a fair and reasonable proposition. The exposure of the trickery by which its parliamentary advocates had hoped to secure for the promoters' rights and powers to the lasting disadvantage of Canada makes it difficult to consider the proposition itself without a certain amount of prejudice.

NEW NAME FOR CHANTECLER FRILL

Claudine Collar Takes Its Place in Estimation of Fashionably Dressed Women—Latest in Smart Neckwear.

There is another new name now for the chantecler frill, and that is the Claudine collar. The Claudine collar differs, however, a little from the chantecler, in that its fulness is laid in box pleats instead of in side pleating. It is made both in the rounded neck and pointed front style. Made of fine lace and sheer ticked lawn or net, this form of neckwear gives a delicate and pretty finish at the throat. These collars may be fastened with a brooch or with one of the butterfly

THEY SANG IN THE EARLY MORN

And Just at the Most Beautiful Time They Heard An Awful Roar Not In The Programme.

New York, March 30.—"Wouldn't it be nice," asked the first tenor of the male quartet of the Garwood Presbyterian Church, of Cranford, N. J., "if we serenaded the minister?" "I know he would be pleased," said the second tenor. "Let us stand under his window just before sunrise and greet him with song," said the barytone. "So they did. 'Let's take half a dozen of our nicest hymns with us," said the bass. Before dawn they stood under the window, cleared their throats unobtrusively, got the pitch and sailed into the first selection of their programme. They sang it through, but there was no sign of life in the house. "The Rev. Gordon M. Russel probably knows we brought more than one hymn with us," said the first tenor. "He will not greet us till we have sung the others. Now sing No. 524."

They sang No. 524. Then they sang two others—or, rather, they sang all of one and low part of the second—when a window above them creaked open and a man's voice was heard to inquire so loudly that all the residents of the street heard: "What the hell's all this noise?" The quartet, stricken with amazement stood with open mouths. The bass spoke first. "A profane servant," said he; "let us resume our song." They got another start, and the voice from above boomed out again: "What's the matter with you guys? Didn't you hear me the first time? Now cut that noise out or I'll be down there with a ball bat. Beat it!" The first tenor was not to be intimidated. "I'll have you discharged for this," said he. "Go tell Mr. Russel that the male quartet from the church is serenading him."

"Tell him yourself," said the man above. "He lives up the street." "And who are you?" stammered the second tenor. "I'm Policeman Hennessy," said a man in blue coming from behind the bush, "and you're to come to the station house with me for disturbing the peace." At the station house the choristers learned they had been lifting their voices under the window of P. W. Wink, Police Commissioner. When they explained they had made the mistake in good faith they were released. The Rev. Mr. Gordon M. Russel, who by some confidante of the male quartet, had been warned in advance of the impending serenade, waited for it in vain.

How made of black tulle or velvet ribbon. Nimble fingers can easily arrange the velvet bow at small expense as it takes only 3/4 of a yard of 2 1/2 inch wide ribbon for it. The ends must be turned in so as to form a centre point. Then the centre is gathered into as small compass as possible and a tiny crosspiece is added. Of course such bows can be made of colored velvet ribbon also, but black or brown will be worn with costumes of any color. It is not necessary to have the bow match the color of the gown. An attractive left side jabot of fine Brussels lace is made with attached stock collar. A soft black satin ribbon three inches wide is laid in folds about the lower edge of the collar. The ribbon also finishes the right side of the jabot, the long end being arranged in a series of loose knots throughout its length. Coat sets consisting of collar and cuffs are well beloved of most American women, and these will be to the force once more in Irish lace, embroidered batiste and linen. They are a great addition to the plain tailored suit of plain colored cloth as well as to the linen and silk tailored suit. There will be great use for lace yokes with attached collars and for lace and net gimpes. The yokes are to be had in a wide variety of different shapes, so that it will not be difficult to find just the one suitable for each gown. Many of these lace yokes are now made with the back almost as deep as the front, so that the gown can be cut out in the back as well as the front.

GREAT MEETING AT NEWCASTLE

Delegates to Conservative Convention at Ottawa, Elected at Rousing Meeting at Northumberland's Shire Town.

Newcastle, N. B., March 30.—The second convention of Liberal-Conservative Association of Northumberland county was held here yesterday afternoon. T. L. Stewart, president, presided. The following delegates were in attendance:—Blissfield—Frank D. Swim. Blackville—R. M. Grindley, Chas. E. Dunphy, Jas. Dale, Donald A. Cowie, Edward Hayes, Sr. Southesk—Joseph Sutherland, Dan. Arton, James Power, Flinday D. Sutherland. Matchets—Wm. Forsythe, Percy Tozer, Chas. Mullin, J. B. Johnston, Patrick K. Hogan, Fred. Tozer. Newcastle Town—T. W. Butler, Hon. D. Morrison, James B. Russell, Allan Russell, Thomas Russell, John Clark, W. H. Belyea, John Kingston, Geo. Bethune, Col. R. L. Maltby. Alnwick—Alfred Morrison. Newcastle, N.B. (Downtown)—H. Lamont, L. Doyle, Thos. J. Barnett, Manfred Lloyd. Loggieville—A. J. Fraser. Whitteville—Wp. Forsythe. Chatham—F. S. Stewart, J. McCull, J. L. Stewart, W. L. T. Weldon, J. J. Lahay, H. A. Eagles. President Stewart opened the convention with a ringing denunciation of the Ottawa and London conventions. The defeated candidate and executive officers were ex-officio delegates, and twenty were to be selected.

Thus, W. H. Fowler, given during the last two or three years, the association is largely indebted for its present healthy condition, next addressed the convention. Many important questions he said awaited satisfactory solution, such as railway extension, tunnel communication with P. E. I., conservation of our natural resources, encouragement of home manufactures, etc. Col. McCully, John Betts, Allan A. M. Saunders, James Power and F. D. Swim were appointed a committee to study the Ottawa and London conventions. The defeated candidate and executive officers were ex-officio delegates, and twenty were to be selected.

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World Not For Women



MISS MARY MANNERING AS HEROINE IN RACHEL CROTHERS' PLAY.

This world is being operated solely for the benefit of men, just at present. Rachel Crothers raises her voice about this fact in her new play, "A Man's World." Her heroine, who is a splendid, noble young woman, with high aspirations, tries to follow her natural inclinations. She is an authoress and when she goes about seeking local color her acquaintances question her discretion. She is almost ingulfed in this flood of fortune when she discovers that her unfortunate girl who had been betrayed. When the girl dies she adopts the baby boy. Her writings attract the attention of the forces her sweetheart to him. And then she falls in love, for the first time. The man is young, forceful, prominent, a man of affairs. And immediately her acquaintances note that the boy, now 6, resembles the heroine's sweetheart. The heroine is almost ingulfed in this flood of fortune when she discovers that her unfortunate girl who had been betrayed. When the girl dies she adopts the baby boy. 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Bowling
Basket Ball
Curling

TWO H'S WIN FROM RAMBLERS

Take Three Points from Runners Up in City League... McAvitys Wallop McAulays in Commercial League.

The Two H's put a crimp in the advance of the Ramblers last evening when they took the wandering quintette into camp by drawing the long end of the score...

Table with 2 columns: Name and Score. Includes Ramblers, Two H's, and individual player scores.

McAvity's Win. In the Commercial series the T. McAvity team won three points from the McAulay Brothers aggregation...

Table with 2 columns: Name and Score. Lists players like Howard, O'Brien, Harris, etc.

EXMOUTH WINS OVER ST. ANDREWS

In a cyclone basketball match played on the Exmouth Y.M.A. floor last evening the Exmouth intermediates defeated the St. Andrews' by the close score of 11-10.

Table with 2 columns: Name and Score. Lists players like McAllister, McLeod, etc.

PAYNE IS OUT AFTER TITLE ONCE AGAIN

Boston, Mar. 30.—Emory Payne, of New York, ex-champion amateur heavyweight boxer, whom the Boston sports enjoy seeing defeated, but can't tell you why, has again entered the national championship to be held here April 11 and 12.

Everett Edridge, of Winthrop, is a boxer in the same position as Payne. The patrons of the sport are always rooting against him, but they cannot tell you why they should have that feeling.

SAND LOTS AND CAMPUS HOMES OF FUTURE STARS

Herrmann in First Article of Series Written for Standard Tells of Embryo Stars.

Collegian Has Benefit of Coaching but Sand Lotter Climbs By Sheer Ability.

BY AUGUST HERRMANN, Chairman National Base Ball Commission. (Copyright, 1910.)

I have been asked to write upon base ball, and I believe that the first article should be about the boys—the boys on the sand lots and on the campus, for it is in these environments the great players of tomorrow are found today.



GARRY HERRMANN.

high school he has a graduated starter, he only needs the finishing polish. The collegian and sand lotter don't break into the game as they would get a job—by personal application.

Baseball The Ring Hockey

James E. Sullivan Off to Boom Athletics—Owen Moran's Coming Fight With Abe Attell.

NOTIONS OF TRUE ATHLETES

New York, March 30.—James E. Sullivan, secretary of the Amateur Athletic Union, left on Saturday afternoon for an extended tour through the Middle West in the interest of athletics generally, but more particularly in that of the schools and playgrounds.

Ted Crook, of Fall River, Mass., has been entered for the second annual Marathon Derby, which will be run at the Polo Grounds on Saturday afternoon.

VILLA MODEL RANGES. Save half your fuel bill by using one of our VILLA MODEL RANGES. BUY ONE - TRY ONE and if not perfectly satisfied we will refund your money.

WHY WRITE. By hand when you can have a Typewriter for \$60.00 fully guaranteed. THE EMPIRE. FRANK R. FAIRWEATHER, Agent.

A GOOD SCHEME IS TO START THE YEAR RIGHT. By Getting Your SHOW CARDS From W. O. STAPLES, CARD WRITER and WINDOW DECORATOR.

He Coached Corbett To Defeat Sullivan

(By Prof. Mike Donovan.) I discovered it accidentally in my fight with Wm. McClellan in San Francisco in August, 1878. In the fourth round of that fight my shoulder was dislocated, and thereafter I had to keep my right elbow at my side.

Later I tried this same shift, putting my left into his stomach, and I fooled him up it almost every time. I knew then I had a new blow.

AMERICANS TO IMPORT RESIGN CABLE CHESS GAMES

New York, Mar. 30.—H. G. Volght, of Philadelphia, fourth board in the recent cable chess match with Great Britain, has acknowledged defeat in his unfinished position against V. L. Wauhtuch, of Manchester, Eng., and the Brooklyn Chess Club accordingly has cabled his resignation.

Table with 4 columns: Name, Wins, Losses, Draws. Lists chess players like Marshall, Alkinds, Lawrence, etc.

LARRY McLEAN SUSPENDED FOR THE YEAR

Hot Springs, Ark., March 30.—Larry McLean, the Cincinnati steeplechaser, was suspended last night for one year, or the term of his present contract.

It is generally believed here that the decision to prohibit American owners of horses from maritime turf meets will lead to the importation of animals by local horsemen.

FRANCE FOR BIG AMATURE TOURNAMENT

New York, March 30.—France may be selected as the place for holding the International aviation contest for 1910, the date of which has been set for October 22, by the board of governors of the Aero Club of America.

John Kling refuses to worry. Kansas City, Mo., March 30.—John Kling is not worrying about the amount of fine the national commission has assessed in his case.

FRANCE FOR BIG AMATURE TOURNAMENT

INSPECTING BARRACKS AT CAPITAL CITY. Fredericton, March 30.—The District Military Board, consisting of Lieut.-Colonel Humphrey, D.O.C., St. John's; Lieut.-Colonel Armstrong, O.S., St. John, and Major Fiset, R.C.R., are today examining condemned barracks at the barracks.

RUMOR OF JEFFS HURT IS DENIED

Mojave, Calif., March 30.—Rumors that James J. Jeffries had been injured in an accident while hunting were dispelled today when John Hayes, an automobile stage driver, came in from the desert and reported that the pugilist was enjoying himself at Little Lake.

A MILLION DOLLARS FOR BIBLE SOCIETY

New York, March 30.—The American Bible Society announced today that the efforts to raise \$500,000 to meet an equal amount from Mrs. Russell Sage had at last been successful.

JUMPED ON HAT OF ST. LOUIS WOMAN

St. Louis, Mar. 30.—While Mrs. Agnes June was walking in Pine street today, two policemen snatched her new Easter hat from her head and trampled it under their feet.

AMUSEMENTS

NOVELTY. SENSATIONAL PICTURE SHOW. MISS KING In Big Song Hits. NEW SHOW TODAY.

Subscriptions Acknowledged. The following subscriptions are gratefully acknowledged by the board of management of the St. John Protestant Orphan's Home.

Merchant, if you would take in VVV, and XXX, oh be YYY. Right now your golden chances CCC. And widely advert III. For if you don't you'll end S.O. DAAA. A silent business soon de KKK.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Northeast and east winds fair and cool. Toronto, Mar. 30.—A disturbance is moving northeastward across the great lakes. The weather has been quite warm today in western Ontario and comparatively cool from the Ottawa valley to the Maritime Provinces. The temperature has risen again throughout the western provinces. Winnipeg—32, 42. Parry Sound—44, 52. London—34, 44. Ottawa—38, 54. Montreal—42, 50. Quebec—38, 48. St. John—36, 50. Halifax—32, 48.

AROUND THE CITY

On the Sick List. Policeman Charles Hughes of the West Side is ill at his home. Night detective Lucas was on duty on the West Side last evening.

Empress is Reported. The Str. Empress of Britain from Liverpool for Halifax and St. John, was reported by wireless 650 miles east of Halifax at 12.30 p. m. yesterday.

Tea and Sale. The Ladies' Association of the Church of England Institute, will hold their annual 5 o'clock tea and sale this afternoon from 3 to 7 o'clock, in St. John's (Stone) church school room.

New England Forecast. Washington, D.C. March 30.—Forecast for New England: Unsettled, local showers Thursday or Thursday night and on Friday, cooler in the interior Friday. Moderate southeast and south winds.

Creditors' Meeting. A meeting of the creditors of W. C. R. Allan was held yesterday afternoon to deal with matters in connection with closing up the estate. A further meeting will be called next month. It is understood that a small dividend will be paid.

To Produce Chemical Colors. E. J. Hobs, consulting analyst, representing the Canadian Oil Company, will give an exemplification in producing chemical colors in the rooms of the Master Painters' Association this evening. Any who are interested in the work are invited to attend.

Lost Tip of His Finger. While Beverly Appleby, aged 16, of 35 Albert street, was working at a linotype machine in the printing office of Patterson and Co., yesterday, his left hand was caught in the mechanism and half an inch was taken off the end of his index finger.

Jubilee Society's Concert. The Jubilee Society of the Carleton Presbyterian church will give an excellent concert in the church school room this evening, beginning at eight o'clock. Readings as well as instrumental and vocal music have been provided. A special feature of the programme will be a toy symphony.

P. O. to Cash British Postal Notes. On and after April next British postal notes in the United Kingdom and British possessions may be paid on presentation at twenty-one of the principal postoffices in Canada, of which St. John is one. In the past such postal orders (postal notes) have been entirely for local use in the country in which issued, and frequently when parties received them as returns they were obliged to either return them or have them cashed through a broker. The new regulations, therefore, will be found to be a convenience to the public.

Charged with Theft. Cecil Gammon was arrested yesterday afternoon by Police Officer Goggin on a warrant, charging him with stealing \$2.75 from the New Brunswick Telephone Company at Campbellton on February 4th. Gammon is said to be in the employ of the telephone company when he committed the theft. On discovering that he was suspected he left Campbellton and came to St. John. His whereabouts was discovered by the company and the police were communicated with. Gammon was found to be working on the West side. A warrant was sworn out for his arrest and he was taken into custody at 5 o'clock yesterday. He will probably be detained here until he is sent for by the authorities at Campbellton.

In Fairville Police Court. In the Fairville police court yesterday afternoon, three boys, Geo Walker, Louis Mullin and Arthur Wright were before Justice Masson on the charges of wilfully destroying property, belonging to the named Morris and also property belonging to Cushing and Co. Mullin and Wright had succeeded in evading the police for a considerable time, but were arrested at Westfield by Police Officer Lawson and Constables Lucas and Taylor on Tuesday evening. The Morris case was taken up under the summary convictions act. Mr. Daniel Mullin, K. C., conducted the prosecution and Mr. J. A. Barry appeared for the prisoners. Two ladies, Mrs. Walsh and Miss Cunningham were examined as witnesses, and told of seeing the boys near the Morris property and hearing glass fall from the windows of the building. The case was then adjourned until tomorrow afternoon.

Bottlers Form Association. At a meeting held last evening in the office of W. B. Daley, the St. John Bottlers Protective Association was organized, for the purpose of affording better protection to the manufacturers and wholesale dealers in soft drinks, who it is claimed annually lose considerable money through bottles not being returned. It is said that during last summer more than 2000 bottles were lost by one firm. It was proposed that in the future manufacturers and wholesalers should charge retailers extra for bottles, the amount to be deducted when the bottles are returned. Another meeting will be held in the near future to make further arrangements. Officers of the new organization were elected last evening as follows: President, Daniel Connolly; vice-president, E. McPherson; secretary, Joseph O'Brien; executive, D. Connolly, Joe O'Brien, Martin Dolan, Louis Ready, and W. B. Daley.

FORMER NEW BRUNSWICK HAS WIERD TALE TO TELL

Horton B. Hetherington Superintendent Of Hobo Y. M. C. A. In Wisconsin Reveals Himself as One Time Well Known Queens County Politician—Lost Memory and Identity for Years.

A weird story of being robbed of his identity and memory of his former life for years by a blow received in a fight with political enemies, is told by Horton B. Hetherington, at one time a prominent politician and lawyer of Queens county, New Brunswick, and at present superintendent of the "Hobo" Y. M. C. A. at La Crosse, Wisconsin. Recently Mr. Hetherington recovered his memory, and the surprising story he told his friends induced them to start an investigation. A committee of ministers at La Crosse took up the matter, and their inquiries have developed evidence fully substantiating his story that he was at one time a prominent politician in this province. Mr. Hetherington left New Brunswick about ten years ago for Boston, and few if any of his friends had any trace of his whereabouts. Unable to remember his past, he says, he wandered about the states in a vain search for his family or friends—somebody or something that would give him a clue to his former existence—till growing weary of the quest, he settled down in La Crosse, and obtained the position of superintendent of the "hobo" mission there. He claims that he once possessed business interests of some magnitude; but, as during the time his memory was a blank these have wasted away, he intends to remain in La Crosse as head of the mission for the reclamation of tramps. Whether the story that his temporary loss of memory was caused by a blow delivered by a political enemy is true or not, Mr. Hetherington's statement that he was active in politics and business in this province is quite correct. He was a candidate for the legislature, Queens Co., in Jan., 1898, as a colleague of Mr. Harry Woods, the present member, when he polled a very good vote leading the poll in his own parish of Johnston. Mr. Hetherington is a native of Queens. When a young man he went to start an investigation. A committee of ministers at La Crosse took up the matter, and their inquiries have developed evidence fully substantiating his story that he was at one time a prominent politician in this province. Mr. Hetherington left New Brunswick about ten years ago for Boston, and few if any of his friends had any trace of his whereabouts. Unable to remember his past, he says, he wandered about the states in a vain search for his family or friends—somebody or something that would give him a clue to his former existence—till growing weary of the quest, he settled down in La Crosse, and obtained the position of superintendent of the "hobo" mission there. He claims that he once possessed business interests of some magnitude; but, as during the time his memory was a blank these have wasted away, he intends to remain in La Crosse as head of the mission for the reclamation of tramps. Whether the story that his temporary

PAINLESS DENTISTRY. Teeth filled or extracted free of pain by the celebrated "HALE METHOD." All branches of dental work done in the most skillful manner. BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 527 Main St., Tel. 853 DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.

NEW BOOKS. THE KINGDOM OF SLENDER SWORDS by Hattie Ermline Rives. THE MAN OUTSIDE by Wyndham Martin. THE NEST OF THE SPARROWHAWK by Baroness Orczy. THE FORTUNE HUNTER by Louis Joseph Vance. WHITE MAGIC by David Graham Phillips. E. G. Nelson & Co., 56 King Street.

Which Do You Prefer BOOTS or LOW SHOES?



Let your choice be what it may, we feel confident that we can fit and please you. Try us once.

WATERBURY & RISING, King Street, Mill Street, Union Street.

Walker THE PLUMBER. HOT WATER and STEAM HEATER, GAS FITTER. F. S. WALKER, Phone, Main 1025, 18 GERMAIN STREET.

PERSONAL. The many friends of Mrs. C. E. McPherson will be glad to learn that she successfully underwent an operation in the General Public Hospital on Monday and is making good progress towards recovery. Mr. McPherson, who is passenger agent of the C. P. R. with headquarters at Winnipeg, and has been the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Walter W. White, will return west today. Mr. E. J. Payson, manager of the Moncton Times, was in the city last evening en route home from Fredericton, where he has been reporting the recent sitting of the legislature in the interests of his paper.

Wash Your Windows WITH A JOINT OF OUR HOSE! Plain Rubber, Wire Bound, Cotton Covered. Also the Multi-Ped Kinkproof Rubber Hose. Sizes 3-4 18c. per ft. 1-2 15c. per ft. Other Kinds 7 1-2c. per ft. up.

HOSE NOZZLES AND COUPLINGS. W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd. Market Square, St. John, N. B. Light Weight Overcoats. are now in order—and of course economy and style should be taken into consideration along with comfort. We have seldom handled a line of Spring Overcoats that were as thoroughly well made and such excellent values as these we are now selling. The 20th Century Line, especially, embodies excellence of workmanship and careful attention to detail in a most unusual degree. The result is an added touch of elegance which will hardly fail to please our appreciative customers tremendously. Long and medium lengths, light and medium weights, also showerproofs. \$12.00 to \$27.00. Sole agent for the 20th Century Brand Clothing. GILMOUR'S, 68 KING STREET. "A GOOD PLACE TO BUY GOOD CLOTHES"

UNNEEDA 5c BISCUIT. Biscuit are more than mere soda crackers. They are a distinct individual food article, made from special materials, by special methods, in specially constructed bakeries. They are sealed in a special way which gives them crispness, cleanliness and freshness which "crackers" from the paper bag always lack. They are the nation's accepted. National Biscuit Co. Ask Your Grocer.

Store closes at 8 p. m. St. John, March 31, 1910. SWEEPING REDUCTIONS ON BOYS' SUITS AT THE ANNIVERSARY SALE. The demand for Boys' Suits of all ages has been so great at this sale that we found it necessary to bring forward and place on sale, at greatly reduced prices more new suits which had just been received, but which had been withheld from the first day's of the sale; this means that those who buy Boys' Suits here this week will get even greater bargains than were given last week. Don't miss this chance if you have a boy. Boys' Two Piece Suits. Sizes 22 to 25. Regular \$1.50 Suits Sale Price 98c. \$2.50 to \$3.50 Suits Sale Price \$1.49 \$4 Suits, pure wool for . . . \$1.98 \$2.50 and \$3 Suits, Sale price . . \$1.98 \$3.50 to \$4.50 Suits Sale price \$2.98 Sizes 29 to 32. \$3 to \$3.25 Suits for . . . \$2.50 \$3.75 to \$4.50 Suits for . . . \$2.98 Boys' Three Piece Suits. Sizes 28 and 29 only. \$4 and \$5 Suits, Sale price . . \$2.98 \$4.50 and \$5 Suits, Sale price . . \$3.95 \$6.00 Suits for . . . \$4.95 \$7.50 Suits, for . . . \$5.00 Sizes 33 to 35. \$4.50 and \$5 Suits, Sale Price . . \$3.95 \$6.50 and \$7 Suits, Sale Price . . \$5.00 \$8.50 Suits, Sale Price . . . \$5.95 \$12.00 Suits, Sale Price . . . \$9.95 ALSO MEN'S SUITS, PANTS, HATS, CAPS and FURNISHINGS at SALE PRICES. J. N. HARVEY, Tailoring and Clothing, Opera House Block, 199 to 207 UNION STREET

High in Degree of Quality, Perfect in Fit and Finish. Men's Suits for Spring. These are finely tailored suits with such inimitable grace and cleverness of design that even the inexperienced in clothes selecting will quickly note their superiority. Until you see these suits you can form no idea of their extreme stylishness and when you view them you can't help observing how reasonably priced they are for such extremely classy and out of the ordinary models. Suits for men in handsomely patterned Worsteds, Cheviots and Saxons in popular shades of grey, green and brown. \$10.00 to \$27.00. Stoutly Made Suits for Boys. In Two-Piece Style, from \$2.50 to \$10.00. In Three-Piece Style from \$4.25 to \$12.00. CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

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