

The Weekly Monitor

AND

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BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, AUGUST 26, 1914

NO 20

Sir Richard Cartwright on Prohibition

(Acadian Recorder.)

After the clash of arms which re-sounded during the recent political battle in Ontario, a correspondent of the Toronto Globe asks permission to draw the attention of its readers to the views of Sir Richard Cartwright on the question of prohibition—a question so closely connected with the respective policies of the two political parties in that contest. He says:—"To Sir Richard Cartwright, that rigorously honest though somewhat sombre statesman, even his most inveterate antagonists would, I think, be willing to concede that into social and economic questions he often saw deep and far. It may well, therefore, be profitable and interesting to listen to and ponder over the words of that valiant old warrior who was incomparably the strongest and most strenuous soldier in the old Imperial guard of Canadian Liberalism. "I doubt very much," says Sir Richard, in his usual incisive style, "the wisdom of attempting to enforce prohibition by law." Such enactments will never be successfully enforced unless there is quite an overwhelming majority of the residents of any given section in favor of them. Where such a state of opinion exists legal penalties are hardly necessary. Like many good causes, too, temperance has been doubly abused, partly by the undue interference with men's individual liberty, in itself a grave evil, and next by the somewhat serious mistake of making a sort of shibboleth of adherence to the cause of temperance a substitute for other and quite as important qualifications for public life. Not a few of the greatest scoundrels I have known, and my experience has been extensive, have been very ardent temperance advocates and their acceptance of extreme temperance dogmas has been held to justify preferring them for places of trust and responsibility to men infinitely their superiors in all other respects. Briefly in many cases their action may be described as zeal without knowledge. They have got to learn the difficult lesson for many earnest philanthropists to realize the moral reforms, to be lasting or valuable, must come from within, and not from legal enactments. I speak thus because the agitation for temperance legislation has been, and very likely will continue to be a disquieting factor in Canadian politics, and but rarely to good purpose.

(NOTE—See editorial remarks on this article, Ed. Mon.)

Gains 40 Pounds in 40 Days

Remarkable Results of the New Tissue Builder Tonaline Tablets in Many Cases of Run-Down Men and Women.

Prove it Yourself by Buying a Box of Tonaline Tablets Now.

"By George, I never saw anything like the effects of that new treatment, Tonaline Tablets, for building up of weight and lost nerve force. It acted more like a miracle than a medicine," said a well-known gentleman yesterday in speaking of the revolution that had taken place in his condition. "I began to think that there was nothing on earth that could make me fat. I tried tonics, digestives, heavy eating, diets, milk, beer, and almost everything else you could think of, but without result."

Any man or woman who is thin can recover normal weight by the best new treatment, Tonaline Tablets. "I have been thin for years and began to think it was natural for me to be that way. Finally I read about the remarkable processes brought about by use of Tonaline Tablets, so I decided to try myself. Well, when I looked at myself in the mirror now, I think it is somebody else. I have put on just forty pounds during the last forty days, and never felt stronger or more 'nervy' in my life."

Tonaline Tablets are a powerful inducer to nutrition, increase cell-growth, food, increases the number of blood-corpuscles and as a necessary result builds up muscles, and solid healthy flesh, and rounds out the figure.

For women who can never appear stylish in anything they wear because of their thinness this remarkable treatment may prove a revelation. It is a beauty maker as well as a form builder and nerve strengthener. Tonaline Tablets, cost \$1 for a 50-days' treatment, at druggists, or mailed by American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass.

This is to certify that I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT in my family for years, and consider it the best liniment on the market. I have found it excellent for horse flesh.

(Signed.)
W. S. PINCO,
"Woodlands," Middleton, N. S.

THE WEEK'S WAR NEWS

English Newspapers say "It's a Fight to a Finish"

MONITOR'S LATEST WAR BULLETIN

Austria declared war against Japan.
Belgium forces defeated strong German force yesterday.
Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons: English lost 2,000, in last engagement. Germans notified officials at Brussels, that city must pay, \$10,000,000 dollars within 3 days as a first instalment on total of \$40,000,000.
English newspapers say, British and Russians prepared to fight to a finish, whatever present outlook may be.
Main body of German troops have left, Brussels for the front, 18,000 Canadians at Valenciennes, ready to start for the front.

WAR BRIEFS

"We stand shoulder to shoulder with Britain and the other British Dominions in this quarrel. And that duty we shall not fail to fulfil as the honor of Canada demands."
—Sir Robert Borden.

"We propose to let the friends and foes of Britain know that a united Canada stands with the Mother Country."
"Our appeal is not to the God of Battles, but to the God of Mercy and Justice."
—Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The Rotterdam correspondent of the Daily Telegraph wires. Notwithstanding assurances that Germany is provided with plenty of coal, it is known that women are being employed in the collieries in the province of Rhine and Westphalia.

An official announcement says the rumor is persistent at the Hague, that the German Crown Prince had been seriously wounded and is lying at Aix La Chappelle, whither Emperor William has hastened to his side.

Mr. White, Minister of Finance, when presenting to Parliament the war-budget, said that certain brewers, distilling and liquors dealers, anticipating the budget had tried to dodge it, but, to meet the trick the taxation was dated back to Aug. 7th. Great cheering from both sides of the House followed announcement.

Ontario offers half million dollars to the war office.

"An infamous proposal," cried Mr. Asquith, when announcing in Parliament the bargain which the Kaiser tried to make with Britain for discarding Belgium.

Great Britain has decided to make a loan to Belgium of \$50,000,000.

The hospital will be able to accommodate about fifty men at an hour's notice. If cots can be obtained there will be room for many more men.

The Hon. E. H. Armstrong Commissioner of Public Works and Mines on behalf of the Province of Nova Scotia, has handed over the new building at the Nova Scotia Hospital to the Naval Department for the purpose of housing any wounded sailors that would be brought into this port. The staff of physicians and nurses at the Nova Scotia Hospital have most generously volunteered their services.

Toronto shirt factories are busy manufacturing thirty-thousand grey flannel shirts for the Canadian contingent. The Stanfield Co. Truro, has had a large, order for underwear for the militia.

Mr. Poincare, the President of France has conferred the ribbon of the Legion of Honor upon the city of Liege for its plucky defence against the Germans.

Gooch, in his History of Our Line says that in 1897, the Kaiser compelled China to lease to him Kiao-Chou, which has the finest harbor north of Hong Kong, and sent his sailor brother, Henry to take it, because of the murder of some German missionaries. At the timethe place was held by Japan. Now, Japan has given the Kaiser to Aug. 23rd to vacate Kiao-Chou.

Nine steamship sailed from New York on Saturday, the 16th inst, bound for ports in England, France, Holland, and Germany, carrying mails and all classes of passengers, as a result of the announcement of the Admiralty that the Atlantic is clear of German Cruisers.

Report says that the German Crown Prince co-operating with the more aggressive militarists, started the war while the Kaiser was yachting in Scandinavian waters, and when the latter returned he was angry and struck the Prince in the face and then fell back exhausted from the violence of his passion. This is from a Paris despatch.

So far will some editors go in the manufacture of arms with a view to the sale of their papers that the Montreal News had vivid account of the manner in which Glace Bay and Canso had been shelled by German Cruisers.

It costs \$50,000 to fire one broad side from a modern, Dreadnought. Tag day in Toronto in the interest of a hospital ship resulted in the raising of more than \$30,000.

The Governor General suggests that a fund be started in the interest of the families dependent upon the Canadian Volunteers who go to the front. It will be sure to meet a hearty response.

Fled From Brussels When Germans Appeared

Correspondent Describes the Scenes When the Enemy Entered the City—Huge German Force Fighting.

GHENT, Aug. 20.—The Prussian cavalry this morning was very active along the whole front of the allies. Small bodies of Germans have been close around Brussels and also in the neighborhood of Malines (11 miles northeast of Brussels.) My information does not enable me to say whether Malines is still occupied by the Belgians. A German aeroplane flew over Brussels this morning and was seen at Ghent just as I was leaving the latter city for the coast. (The censor has here evidently deleted the words "The German cavalry entered Brussels.")

They met with no resistance in accordance with instructions of the Belgian authorities. They were, however, coldly received. The streets were deserted and some persons manifested their grief by draping the national flag with black.

FUGITIVES EVERYWHERE

Late last evening the main road from Louvain towards Brussels was packed with retreating soldiers and fugitives. Everywhere people had turned light carts to account. Some of these were harnessed to teams of dogs which one sees everywhere in Flanders. Others had attached horses and when animal traction failed, some had harnessed themselves to vehicles and were laboriously toiling towards succor, dragging carts, laden with the aged and infirm, or weeping mothers, with young children and babies in arms.

I conversed with many of these homeless ones, both on the side of the road to Brussels and this morning in Ghent. One man whom I came across said that he lived just outside of Louvain and had been working in the nets up near the proximity of the Germans.

He turned round and saw his house in flames, and heard the cry of "Uhlans, it was impossible for him to approach his home so he fled in complete ignorance of the fate of his wife and children.

The Russian Army

News was published last week from St. Petersburg to the effect that an order from the Czar to his army, dealing with the drink evil had just been issued. Drunkenness is to be ruthlessly stamped out. Officers are forbidden to drink in camp, on manoeuvres or while on any duty with their men. All classes of drunkenness are to be dealt with in the severest manner. Commanding officers are ordered to discourage as much as possible the drinking of alcohol and Medical Officers are to deliver lectures periodically on the harmful effects of alcohol.

We look upon Russia as very benighted and much behind Canada in social reform but when did any of our governing bodies take action to teach the people the harmful effects of alcohol? Apart from the teaching in the schools no effort whatever has been made by Dominion, Provincial or Municipal authorities to let the people know the facts revealed by science. In England, France and Germany, great efforts have been made by means of bulletins, posters and other means to warn the people of the danger in the use of alcoholic liquors. The results, as far as we can judge show that more good is accomplished by teaching than by prohibition. Here the teaching is left to private enterprise which is very spasmodic and does not carry the weight or influence of governmental authority.

Teaching is very much needed as the ignorance on the subject is appalling. If we appealed to the Government to issue an authoritative warning on the subject, surely they would act.

H. ARNOTT, M. B., M.C.P.S.

A Gift from Brandon-Henderson Company, Ltd

Naval Department Presented With Forty Thousand Pounds Pure White Lead.

News comes from Ottawa, that on August 10th Mr. J. R. Henderson telegraphed Sir Robert Borden as follows:—

I have learned through my son that the Naval Service Department require forty-five thousand pounds White Lead and have wired the Deputy Minister as follows—With further reference Brandon-Henderson, Limited, quotation just called by attention thirty-thousand pound Pure White Lead required by the Naval Service at Halifax fifteen thousand pounds Esquimaux have pleasure in cancelling same and in offering material as a gift to the country and empire in this time of need.

(Signed.)

JOSEPH R. HENDERSON,

To this Sir Robert Borden sent the following reply:—

My colleagues and I most warmly appreciate your generous and patriotic offer and send our sincere thanks.

(Signed)

R. L. BORDEN.

The Hon. J. D. Hazen also expressed the thanks of the Government as follows:—

OTTAWA, August 11th, 1914

Dear Mr. Henderson:—

Mr. Desbarats, Deputy Minister of the Naval Service has informed me of your generous and timely offer to supply free of charge all our requirements of white lead for the Ships of the Naval Service in the present emergency.

As Minister of the Naval Service I desire to express to you on behalf of the Dominion Government their appreciation of your generous and patriotic offer. The Government accepts this timely gift as being doubly valuable in these anxious days. Actions such as these strengthen our hands and encourage us in the work of safeguarding the interests and honor of Canada and the Empire.

I have the honor to remain,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. D. HAZEN,

Minister of the Naval Service.

Regular Service via Yarmouth Line Being Maintained

The Steamers "Prince George" and "Prince Arthur" are punctually maintaining regular schedule between Yarmouth and Boston on the Yarmouth Line, and this will be gratifying news to our readers who are contemplating going to, or returning from, the States.

The Port of Yarmouth is no way interfered with, and the fact that it offers the shortest water route to Boston, makes this line a great favorite with the travelling public.

Steamers leave Yarmouth every day except Sunday (running time only about fifteen hours from Yarmouth to Boston), thus affording an exceptionally frequent and quick service.

For all information, stateroom reservations, etc., communicate with the Company's Agent, Mr. A. H. Williams, at Yarmouth, N. S.

Coal Strike Called Off

VANCOUVER, August 20.—At a mass meeting of the striking coal miners, at Nanaimo last night, the strike conducted since May, 1913, by the United Mine Workers, of America, was called off. Strike relief was stopped by the Union six weeks ago, and realizing the futility of continuing the strike without financial assistance the men by a large majority voted to call the strike off. As the mines of the district are working full force, but few of the striking miners will be able to secure employment.

Royal Bank of Canada

INCORPORATED 1869.

CAPITAL \$11,500,000
RESERVE FUNDS \$12,500,000
AGGREGATE ASSETS \$175,000,000

70 BRANCHES IN THE MARITIME PROVINCES

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest allowed at highest current rates.

A. F. LITTLE MANAGER, Bridgetown
F. G. PALFREY MANAGER, Lawrencetown
E. B. Mc DANIEL MANAGER, Annapolis Royal.



"Safety First"

You hear these words everywhere, and the thought they contain should be heeded particularly by bank depositors.

Since 1852 we have provided the public with a safe place for their money. Our Reserve Fund of \$11,000,000 is now 153% of our Paid-up Capital and we constantly maintain adequate holdings of Cash Assets. We invest Savings Accounts, large and small.

The Bank of Nova Scotia

Capital \$1,000,000
Surplus \$1,000,000
Total Resources \$2,000,000

BRIDGETOWN BRANCH
J. S. Lewis, Manager

Crop Reports

OTTAWA, Aug. 15.—The usual monthly bulletin of the Census and Statistics Office on field crops in Canada was issued today. The reports made by correspondents on July 31, show that the condition of grain crops has undergone a marked change since the last reports for June 29, due to excessive heat and continuous drought during the month of July, especially in the Northwest Provinces where the bulk of the grain crops is produced.

Measured by a standard of 100 representing the promise of a full crop the average condition for fall wheat in Canada is returned for fall wheat as 71.5, compared with 78 on June 30 and 77.7 on July 31, 1913, for Spring wheat at 77.4 against 86.3 last month and 87.6 a year ago, for oats as 77.9 against 87.3 last month and 87.4 in 1913, for barley as 77.4 against 86.2 last month and 87.5 last year and for rye as 78.5 against 84.7 and 85. In the Maritime Provinces conditions show excellent, and in Quebec and Ontario, though drought is reported as having shortened the straw, the grain was said to be filling well and the figures of condition, which for most of the grain crops exceed or approach 90 are not greatly different from those of a month ago. For spring wheat in Manitoba the condition is 68.2 against 82.4 a month ago, for oats it is 62 against 87.6, for barley 62 against 79.8 and for rye 68.5 against 100. In Saskatchewan the figures are on July 31, for Spring wheat 66 against 90 on June 30, for oats 57.8 against 83.9, for barley 59.6 against 89.4 and for rye 74.4 against 92. In Alberta the condition is represented by 68 for Fall wheat against 73 last month, 75.4 for Spring wheat against 84.3, 71.5 for oats against 85.9 and 77 for rye against 83.7. In some cases western correspondents state that there was still time for rains to effect an improvement before harvest which would begin about the end of the first week in August. Crops after Summer fallows are distinctly superior to those prepared by Fall or Spring ploughing. Converting the figures of the standard condition at July 21 into those of a scale where 100 represents the average condition at July 31, for the six years 1908 to 1913 the condition for Fall wheat is 90, for Spring wheat, 93, for oats, 89, for barley, 92 and for rye, 94. That is to say the yield per acre this year is expected to be for Fall wheat, 10, for Spring wheat, 7, for oats, 11, for barley, 8, and for rye, 6 p. c., below the six year average.

Potatoes in the Maritime Provinces give an excellent promise with figures of condition ranging from 93 to 96.

A preliminary estimate of the yield per acre of Fall wheat gives 29.35 bushels as compared with 23.29 bushels in 1913. For the harvested area of Fall wheat in the five Provinces of Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, amounting to 373,300 acres, the estimated total yield is 29,394,000 bushels as compared with 22,592,000 bushels, the final estimate of 1913. The drought has naturally affected the yield of hay and clover, the yield per acre of which for all Canada is according to the preliminary estimate, 1.15 ton as against 1.32 ton the final estimate of 1913. The estimated total yield is 9,206,000 tons as compared with 10,859,000 tons, the final estimate of 1913. The yield of alfalfa is placed at 123,730 tons against 237,770 tons last year.

FOR CHILDREN'S SORES
Resistol Chemical Co., Boston, Mass.

FOR CHILDREN'S SORES
MIDDLETON'S TICKS
Corner Queen and Granville Streets Phone 48-2

Plumber and Tinsmith
Furnace work a specialty. Job work promptly attended to
Phone 56-4 Bridgetown, N. S.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its use is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and cures Colic. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Feeding Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*
In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

A Hard Nut to Crack

There has been a determined effort made for the past few years to produce something "Just as Good" as

GOLDEN SWEET MOLASSES

But all efforts have failed.

GOLDEN SWEET is in a class by itself, and its quality is beyond competition, it is beautifully clear, free from sediment, and the Golden Sweet flavor, like Lea & Perrins' sauce, cannot be excelled.

GOLDEN SWEET is making new friends every day.

Price 45 cents per gallon
Extra Fancy Barbados 35 cents per gallon

J. H. CHARLTON & CO.

MIDDLETON, N. S.

Get our prices on Double Re-cleaned Seed Oats, Timothy and Clover Seeds.

A. W. ALLEN & SON

Manufacturers of
Doors, Sashes, Mouldings and Building Material

FINISH OF ALL KINDS

Lumber Clapboards, Shingles, Lathes Staves, Heading, Etc.

MIDDLETON, Annapolis Co., N. S.

Here's a New Book on *the Elevator* Scientific Management

OR, to be more specific, a book dealing with that important phase of Scientific Management which has to do with the economy of floor space in the factory, store, warehouse, garage, hotel or printing plant.

This Book tells a story of how these failures might have been turned into successes. It points the way to increased profits through greater efficiency. It lays bare the causes of many business failures and shows how they can be avoided.

OTIS-FENSON ELEVATOR COMPANY LIMITED
50 BAY ST., TORONTO

Fill in and mail this coupon TO-DAY. Do not put it off until another time. Better fear it off and mail NOW, while the thought is fresh in your mind.

COUPON "N"
Please send me your Book
Name.....
Address.....

Middleton

Aug. 24.

Senator Ross left the first of the week for Ottawa.

Arthur Potter is spending a few days at his home.

Mrs. James Reagh, of Margareville, is the guest of Mrs. H. A. Tate.

Mrs. W. A. Baker is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Moore, of Oxford, N. S.

Mr. W. A. Ryan and sister, Miss Eileen, of Halifax, spent a few days in town last week.

Geo. Elliott arrived home Thursday from P. E. I., where he has been spending his vacation.

Dr. R. R. Gates arrived Thursday, and is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Gates.

Mont Neily, Harold Cox, Clare Cox and Hazel Cox left for Alberta on Tuesday last week.

Miss Adelaide E. Baltzer left on Saturday for Truro, where she has joined the teaching staff.

Mrs. F. E. Bentley and Doris spent a few days at Margareville last week, guests at the Willow House.

Mrs. Isaac Young went to Liverpool on Saturday to visit her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Mulhall.

Mrs. L. Gullivan and Miss Gullivan left last week for St. John, where they intend spending several weeks.

Principal and Mrs. Ruggles have returned to Middleton having spent the vacation in Bear River and Bridgetown.

Miss Mary Raymond, of Wolfville, spent Sunday in town, the guest of her grandfather, Mr. Theodore Marshall.

Mr. and Mrs. Harding, of St. John, are visiting at "Woodlands," the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Pineo.

Mrs. J. E. Crowe and Miss Crowe, of Annapolis Royal, were recent visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Crowe.

Mrs. G. M. Durling, of Springfield, who has been in Middleton for several weeks went to Berwick last week to visit her cousin, Mrs. John Obit.

Mrs. W. L. Hatfield, who has been spending the Summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. I. Phinney, left last Wednesday for her home in Plumans, N. S.

Mrs. J. D. Sperry, of Petite Riviere, who attended the Rebekah Assembly at Woodstock, spent several days last week with Dr. and Mrs. F. S. Messenger.

J. W. Armstrong, with his wife and two children, arrived from Boston on Wednesday last, and are staying with Mr. Armstrong's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Armstrong.

Leslie T. Acker, John Peinade, Andrew Morris, Melbourne Neily and Mac Reed have joined No. 2 Clearing Hospital corps, which mobilized at Liverpool, N. S., for overseas services. They left on Thursday for Valcartier, Quebec.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hawksworth and Mrs. Grace Chipman, of Annapolis Royal, and Mr. Milner, of Round Hill, came to Middleton by auto on Wednesday evening, and attended the reception in the Bijou Dream. Mr. Milner, like Mrs. Chipman, had a son in the volunteer contingent.

MELVERN SQUARE

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Morse recently spent a few days with friends in Waterville.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Martin and family spent last Thursday at Margareville.

Miss Morse was the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. C. Spurr, a few days last week.

Miss Chute, of Woodville, Kings County, is visiting her friend, Miss Hazel McNeil.

Fred VanBusvirk, one of our Melvern boys, left for Belgium last week as a volunteer.

Miss Carrie Bishop, of Somerset, was the guest of her cousins the Misses Spurr, during last week.

Mrs. E. Hall, of Lawrencetown, was a guest at the home of her niece, Mrs. D. M. Outhit, quite recently.

Miss Josephine Gates, accompanied by her niece, Miss Winnifred Jacques, spent last week very pleasantly with friends in Auburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Harris, returned to their home on Friday last, after a pleasant visit with friends in the United States.

Among those from Melvern, who received the Red Cross last week, were, Messrs. Joseph and Reis Baker, and Col. Spurr—a neat little windfall for farmers just now.

Miss Lillah Goucher, of Digby made an auto trip to Melvern one day last week, where she visited her mother, Mrs. I. P. Goucher, returning to Digby the following day.

Our school reopened today (Monday) with Miss Staple, of Belmont, Colchester County as Principal, and Miss Winnifred Jacques in the Primary Department.

Mrs. Minnetta Prall, of Windsor, has been a recent guest of her daughter, Mrs. Ellery Baker, who is spending the Summer here at her Summer home near the beautiful "Vault."

The young people of this place will give an open-air concert tonight on the grounds of Mrs. Elsie Copeland, in aid of the Hospital Ship Fund, as the object is a worthy one, a good attendance is expected.

Mrs. Joseph Baker passed peacefully away on Thursday, the 25th, after an illness of several months' duration. Funeral services were conducted at the home on Saturday afternoon by Rev. A. E. Wheeler.

The majority of the farmers here have about finished haying, and with serious men are discussing the war, hard times, etc., and it really begins to look ominous for the most of us, even though we have much to be thankful for at this critical time.

MARGAREVILLE

Aug. 24.

Miss Annie Stronach spent a few days with friends in Lawrencetown, this week.

Miss Nellie McNelly, who has been visiting her mother, returned to Massachusetts on Saturday.

Miss Hattie Baker returned from Springfield last week, where she has been visiting friends.

Mr. R. W. Tufts, of Wolfville, spent a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Smith recently.

Mr. J. T. McLean, of Laurence, Mass., is spending his vacation at his home in this place.

Mr. C. E. Stronach, who has been ill, has improved sufficiently to go to the sanatorium in Kentville for treatment.

Mr. A. G. Blair, of Dorchester, Mass., is spending a few weeks here with his family in their Summer cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Balcom were at home to a number of friends on Wednesday evening in honor of Mrs. J. A. Balcom.

Mr. E. Jeffery and Mr. Mason, of Kings College, visited Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Balcom on Tuesday, before leaving for Quebec to join the Canadian Contingent.

On Saturday, August 15, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. McLean received the sad news that their son, Irving, who was in Ottawa, had died of typhoid. He was a young man of excellent character and his early death was a great shock to his many friends in this place.

PORT GEORGE

Aug. 24.

Preaching service for Sunday, Aug. 30, 7:30 p. m.

John Hall, Junior, and Harold Balcom are spending their vacation at this place.

Miss Sheehan has returned to her home in Lynn, after spending two weeks here, the guest of Mrs. G. A. Fader.

There were two Sunday School picnics at this place last week; the South Williamston Baptist School, and Lawrencetown Methodist School. They all enjoyed the day and report a good time. We hope that they will come again.

Recent visitors at the Bayside House were: Mr. and Mrs. Frank Whitman, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hall, Frank Gesmer, Wm. Hatt, Lawrencetown; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Magee, Mr. and Mrs. H. Jacques, and daughter, Pauline, Middleton.

TORBROOK

Aug. 24.

Mrs. Nelson Pierce is visiting at S. Pierce's.

Mr. and Mrs. Willoughby Barkhouse are home from Cobalt.

Miss Eva McAloney has taken the school at Victoria Vale.

J.B. Barteaux and sons are putting in a six-horse-power steam thrasher.

Mr. T. H. Spinney has the Torbrook High School and Miss Francis Buddle the Primary Department. Mr. Knox has the Mines school.

Mr. John Lily, of Lynn, who spent a year here some twenty-five years ago for his health is renewing old friendships, accompanied by Mrs. Lily.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper.

Lawrencetown

Aug. 24.

Miss L. Ritzey, of Bridgewater, is the guest of Mrs. Jones.

Rev. and Mrs. L. F. Wallace left for Br. Lynn, N. Y., on Saturday.

Mrs. T. A. Elliott, of Halifax, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Young.

Miss Muriel Bishop is spending her vacation with friends in Yarmouth County.

Mrs. Wallace Illaley and daughter, Miss Jean, of Berwick, are visiting Mrs. Graves.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Corbitt are spending the week-end at Dalhousie, visiting relatives.

Freeman Phinney is spending a fortnight with relatives at Union Square, Kings County.

Mrs. Arthur Reid and daughter, Miss Hilda, of Perwick, are guests of Mrs. Horace Reid.

Rev. Mr. Beck will occupy the pulpit in the Methodist Church on Sunday morning, Aug. 30th.

The Baptist Sunday School will hold their annual picnic in the Park on Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Frank Palfrey, of the Union Bank of Canada, Sydney, is spending his holidays with his mother.

Services for Sunday, August 30th: Baptist, 11 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.; Methodist, 11 a. m.; Episcopal, 8 p. m.

The Misses McLaughlin, of United States, have returned to their home, after visiting their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hatt.

Miss Minnie Archibald, of Truro, and the Misses Grace and Etta Whitman, of Roxbury, Mass., were guests of Mrs. F. M. Whitman last week.

The following pupils were successful in obtaining their C certificates:—Misses Hazel Harlow, Alice Hunt, Lizzie Harvey, Helene Durling, Eva Whitman and Master Malcolm Shaffner.

Messrs. Abner Phinney, Malcolm Shaffner, Ben Prince, Leonard Mellick and Donald Messenger spent last week camping out at Port Lorne and are spending this week at Port George.

Mr. George Daniels, of Brockton, Mass., who has been the guest of his parents, returned home last week, but anticipates coming back in a month's time with his family to occupy his residence in town.

Rev. Mr. England, of Wolfville, preached to an appreciative audience in the Methodist Church on Sunday evening. The music was excellent led by Miss Robb, of Windsor. A solo "Thy Will Be Done" was rendered by R. J. Messinger.

Miss Minnie Jefferson and Mr. Walter Dukeshire, of Bear River, were united in marriage on Thursday morning, August 20th, and drove to Lawrencetown, where they were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Phinney for a few days.

The sad intelligence reached here last week of the serious illness of Mrs. F. A. Walker, who has spent many pleasant months in this place and made many friends. By the advice of physicians in Florida where they have resided for some years, Dr. Walker came with her to Boston and consulted specialists. She is now in the Peter Bent Brigham Hospital, and very little hope is entertained for her recovery.

Principal E. S. Banks, Miss Leck, and Miss Morgan will attend the Teachers' Convention, which convenes at Halifax this week. School re-opens on Monday, August 31st, with an efficient staff of teachers.

The singing class taught by Miss Robb, of Windsor; the sewing class and manual training will be continued this year all of which are a credit to the teachers, scholars and all interested in this progressive movement.

VICTORIAVALE

Aug. 24.

Miss George Lent from Freeport, has been visiting her friends in this place.

Mr. Oswald Parker, who has been staying at Middleton for medical treatment, has returned home.

Dr. Colin Craig, of Amherst, who has been visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Craig returned home yesterday.

Mrs. J. F. Tilden and children from Winchester, Mass., are visiting the former's sisters, Mrs. W. W. Clark and Mrs. E. J. Mosher.

Mr. J. I. Phinney and family of Spa Springs, are moving into their house. We are very much pleased to welcome them to our community.

Will Still Celebrate the Peace Centenary

OTTAWA, Aug. 19.—Despite the European war the Canadian Peace Centenary Association decided at a meeting held in the Senate this morning to continue their arrangements for the celebration of the hundred years of peace between Canada and the United States. In a resolution in which this decision is recorded the Association agrees that "there should be an appropriate celebration though having regard for the very serious nature of events arising out of the war, it would be inexpedient to attempt any present definite arrangements as to time and place of a commemoration of an international character. With this exception the Association will proceed with its educational and other work."

Sir Edmund Walker, who presided, received letters from Sir Robert Borden, Prime Minister, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, leader of the Opposition, both of whom agreed that the one hundred years of peace should be recognized and emphasized as an example of how two nations could live beside each other in amity.

The Postmaster General, Hon. L. P. Pelletier, indicated that the Government was considering reciprocal action with the United States as regards the issue of stamps in commemoration of the peace celebration.

Take Good Care Of The Colts

It's cheaper to raise colts than to buy horses. But it's costly if you lose the colts. Keep a bottle of Kendall's Spavin Cure handy. For thirty-five years has proved it the safe, reliable remedy for spavin, splint, curb, ringbone, bony growths and lameness from many causes.

Kendall's Spavin Cure

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Dr. E. J. KENDALL CO., Essexbury Falls, Vt.

Appreciation

The fact that we had two cars of flour on hand when the War was declared and that we sold and are selling same at the old price (only a few bbls left) is being appreciated by our customers.

Some tell us it is poor business, but that is just how you look at it. We have always tried to play the game on the square and you won't find us wanting at the critical time. All goods we have in stock will be sold at regular prices.

We are fairly well covered on

Molasses and Tea

so there will not be any advance on these two lines with us, whilst present stock holds out. Of course any lines we have to go into the market to buy we will have to add our legitimate profit to cost of goods.

This is our position. What do you think of it?

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TORONTO

Capt. S. M. Beardsey, Wolfville, Provincial Manager

Canadian Women are Deprived of Jewelry

LONDON, August 8.—The stirring stories of the mad rush from the continent and prominent Canadians in the vanguard. Hon. J. P. Perceau, of Montreal, a member of the Quebec Legislative Council, who has been touring through the northern countries of Europe, was arrested in the ancient city of Hildesheim, being liberated just in time to catch the last passenger train crossing the German frontier.

Mr. Perceau had gone to Berlin to meet his son, who is studying Russian. They met in the German capital on the first of August, and saw many demonstrations on the eve of the declaration of war with Russia. At that time both thought German territory more safe than that of the Czar's domain, and decided to go on to Hildesheim, near Hanover. While dining on Sunday the police entered and put both under arrest. They managed to obtain their freedom, however, in time to catch the last possible train to the Hook of Holland, reaching London after a tedious journey. They were compelled to leave their motor car behind.

Hon. N. Perceau is booked to sail by the Royal Edward, on the 25th of August.

Sir Loomer Gotin, who has had some adventures, has left for Bristol to join the Royal George, which is due to sail on Monday next.

Some very unpleasant experiences were suffered by Dr. George E. Cook, of Toronto, and his family who on crossing the German frontier were subjected to much rough treatment. Both father and daughters were taken to searching rooms, and the ladies were deprived of their jewelry, including their rings. They have now gone to Scotland in the hope of securing passage for Canada.

The Misses White and Miss Alice Reed, of Montreal, who had been to Switzerland on a short holiday trip, arrived in London on Thursday after a terrible journey. They saw stacks of baggage at the frontier station, abandoned in the rush to get out. They are booked to sail on the Scotian, due to leave on August 23rd.

Mr. and Mrs. Rene Edmond, J. B. Allen and Professor Lafleur have arrived from the Continent minus their automobiles and baggage.

There is no news of Sir Horace Archambault, who was last seen in Paris.

Sir William Mackenzie is still here engaged in business. Up to the moment he has made no plans for returning.

The fraternal spirit toward distressed Americans was manifested yesterday when the Bank of Montreal offered thousands of pounds in aid. The American committee dealing with their stranded fellow-countrymen gladly accepted this offer.

The Canada Lodge of Free Masons is organizing a voluntary field hospital contingent.

Minard's Liniment cures Colic, etc.

Advertise in the MONITOR. It has a large and increasing circulation

Cetaria Boy Goes Whaling

By Herbert Collier

It was most opportune, while at Victoria, B. C., that I met an old friend, now one of the chief men in the Pacific Whaling Company. A very pleasant chat followed. The outcome of it all was a hearty invitation for us to participate in a "whale hunt." At the same time he gave a letter of introduction to the master of the whaling steamer St. Lawrence.

Of course such a prospect of adventure excited me. And well it might, for it proved to be one continuous thrill. "George," said father, "this is rare good fortune for us. Captain Macaulay is to take us with him on his next cruise."

Two days later we took passage for the whaling station at Sechart, on the west coast of Vancouver Island, where we soon found our ship and met its genial captain. He gave us a most cordial welcome, assuring us in his hearty, sincere manner of his desire to make the trip as pleasant as possible; we would share his cabin with his guests, and he would willingly give whatever information he could to help us to understand this strange business and all connected therewith.

The boat was to leave very early next morning, so we decided upon bed at once, in order to be on deck at daylight. Morning found us well out on the ocean, dashing away from land at full speed. Behind us lay the fast-fading outline of Vancouver Island. Ahead the ocean met the sky, curved downward and disappeared. It was interesting to contemplate that great layer of water on the earth. Like a cover to a baseball, one edge is sewed to the continent of America and the other is pulled around with a snug fit to the circular world and fastened to Asia. "As flat as water" may be all very well for an expression, but when you see the great ocean properly you realize the error, for the surface is bent in perfect spherical form.

Breakfast over, Captain Macaulay personally escorted us over his wonderful ship, explaining the reasons for its peculiar shape and special equipment. The steamer was built in Norway by Norwegians who know what such a boat must possess to be efficient and to withstand the severe tests put upon it by such experiences as it was sure to have in this whaling industry. Seaworthy it must be first and last, as the ocean plays some naughty tricks with very little warning, wild storms and great tidal waves coming most unexpectedly. Speed and ability to turn quickly often determine the gain or loss of a valuable cetacean. And finally the boat must be like a bulldog, able to hang on once he has set his teeth upon his victim, for a harpooned whale will sometimes tow the boat around for hours at great speed.

The most interesting feature of the equipment of the whaler is the great harpoon-gun mounted on the bow of the boat. By this means a flanged spear, with exploding shell attached, is thrown with tremendous force into the body of the whale. Fastened to the end of the harpoon is a long, strong rope capable of being run out or wound up quickly by a steam-operated winch below deck. The shell is timed to explode about three seconds after being fired, thus permitting it to penetrate to the vital parts of the whale and perform its duty promptly. If the aim is true, death is almost instantaneous through the effects of a bursting shell. But if a vital spot is not touched, a giant struggle ensues, a fight between man and a monster.

Great skill and rare judgment is necessary to operate this gun. In a rolling sea, with the steamer bobbing up and down, the target also on the move, and the waves themselves obstructing, the gunner must be one clear of eye and quick of thought. And we found Franz Norda, our gunner, more than ordinarily expert. As we stood about the gun, with Franz and the captain explaining its operation and its peculiarities, I asked Franz if he found a little liquor of any kind helpful to his nerves when he was about to perform his special duties. "Young man," he answered, "let me tell you frankly that even the lightest wine is detrimental. The brain and the whole nervous system is stimulated for a very short period. Then follows a reaction of a most depressing nature, carrying all downward to a point far below normal. No, I dare not touch the slightest amount of alcoholic liquids." Franz Norda proved himself to be an educated gentleman of culture, and such a declaration by him meant much. And as most sailors smoke, I made bold to ask him further about tobacco. "Tobacco is particularly injurious to the young man under twenty years of age," said he. "Its effect is similar to swing of the pendulum, it carries the nervous system; but, like the other way, and reduces your vitality."

Suddenly a loud voice, from the barrel-shaped lookout-house, perched high on the mast, interrupted our conversation with "Larboard ahoy! Larboard ahoy!" We looked, and far away to our left we faintly discerned a number of objects in the water. The helmsman immediately changed our course, in order to approach them. Of course I at once concluded that we were about to attempt the capture of a whale. But I was not

taken. Yes, beyond a doubt there was a whale, yet not a move was made to secure him. We simply dazed. The sight was one of the most unusual records. As we came nearer we heard a great barking and howling, as a monster infuriated bull plunged about in desperation, seeking to escape from a half-dozen of his most dreaded enemies, orcas, or "killer whales."

In size from fifteen to twenty feet long, these ferocious brutes are the common enemy of all marine animals. Their great jaws equipped with row after row of teeth, long, sharp and powerful, give evidence of their terribly voracious nature. With a vicious snap they close upon their victim and teeth interlocking, the jaws operate as a shredding machine, tearing the flesh into bits. Fish of all kinds are devoured. None are exempt. Even the sea-squid, a species of devil-fish, flies from before this awful monster. Using his eight long, thin arms to flip himself along the surface of the water at great speed, the squid travels. But the orca is the greyhound of the ocean, the swiftest of all, and escape is impossible by flight. They enter bays and lagoons, where they spread terror and death among the dolphins. They pursue with deadly and relentless purpose the seal and the walrus and the sea-lion, and never give up until they secure their prey. Sometimes they will even undertake a dash up the larger coast rivers on a marauding expedition, where they will tear and devour an inconceivable number of large fish and water animals. No wonder this wolfish, ferocious brute creates fear and consternation wherever he goes.

And now before our eyes raged a huge battle, the strangest and bloodiest. Here was a mighty whale, a Goliath of the ocean, on one side. Surely he could easily dispose of these much smaller antagonists? The orca, besides his equipment of teeth, carries a remarkable weapon upon his back, a foot or more in breadth at the base and extending straight upward from three to six feet, tapers to a point. With this huge natural spear the orca proves very skillful. Ofttimes have I seen frolicsome fish throw themselves far out of the water in their games. The athletic orca possesses this power to a remarkable degree.

Like a torpedo in its silent, swift motion, we see one now darting through the water at great speed. His nose almost touches the skin of the whale, when, like an aeroplanist, he flings himself high in the air, quickly turns belly upward, and with all his weight drops upon the back of the big mammal. Such a daring is appalling. His purpose is, beyond a doubt, to force that spear-like dorsal fin, with all his weight behind it, into either of two very vulnerable spots. Leading to the tail of the whale is a great artery, and also a caudal cord controlling this, the most powerful defensive weapon of the animal. A properly directed blow here results in his bleeding to death, or possibly in instant paralysis, and the fight would then be at an end. If the orca, with his lance, should fall upon the spiracles or blow-holes of the whale, it would so interfere with the breathing as to compel the whale to open his mouth for this purpose. Breathe he must, just like a person. If the nostrils be closed the mouth must be used instead. If the whale opens his mouth his time has come, as the killer-whales are ever on the watch for this very moment. With a lightning dash they grab his tongue and tear it to pieces.

As the orca descended, spear downward, a mighty roar followed, and with a terrible churning of the sea the whale "sounded," followed by his tenacious enemies. It was evident that a deep wound had been inflicted. We stood, tense with excitement, anxiously awaiting the next move in this tragedy of the sea. Five minutes passed, ten, fifteen, as with bated breath our eyes searched the sea in every direction for the first indication of their return to the surface. Suddenly the great, dark snout of the whale parted the water not three hundred feet to our right, and as though with one mighty effort to escape his tormentors, he shot high in the air, almost completely exposing his entire body. Strange indeed was the sight which met our gaze. There, upon the middle of his back, was the orca, a self-made prisoner. His weapon had penetrated to such a depth that he could not free himself. He had remained a passenger during the plunge in sub-ocean. Now, however, the whale shakes him loose and he falls back into the sea.

Like exhaust from a mighty mogul engine getting under way, the breath of the whale, mingled with water and blood, hissed forth in fine spray from the spiracles, a double fountain fully thirty feet in height. The "killers" were for a short time thrown into confusion. But seemingly with even greater ferocity than before they renewed the attack. Rushing at the lips, they tore great pieces therefrom. Others bit at the flippers or forward fins, while at every opportunity attempts were made to reach the blow-holes, to close the breathing passages. The great tail lashed the sea furiously, but with little avail. The whale sounded frequently, each time getting farther and farther away from us. For a time we followed, noting the great trail of blood, from a hundred to two hundred feet wide in places. Then we turned away in pity from such a capture of a whale. But I was not

taken. Yes, beyond a doubt there was a whale, yet not a move was made to secure him. We simply dazed. The sight was one of the most unusual records. As we came nearer we heard a great barking and howling, as a monster infuriated bull plunged about in desperation, seeking to escape from a half-dozen of his most dreaded enemies, orcas, or "killer whales."

To me it seemed remarkable that practically no attempt at defence was made by the colossus, the largest of animals in the world today. It evidently only sought to avoid its miserable enemies. I was able later to understand better the reason for this when the structure of a whale was more fully explained to me, and with my own eyes I beheld its anatomy. Only certain species of whales, the sperm or cachalot are known to make any particular defence against their enemies. This is not because of cowardice. Though its disposition does not appear to contain much of the element of combativeness, there is the further reason in that but few of the species have been provided by nature with the necessary weapons. Teeth are entirely absent, or not of a character to prove formidable in a contest.

Night came upon us and darkness fell. Above, an occasional star peered through the veiling of the cloud, but on the surface of the ocean appeared lights, a sky inverted and magnified a thousand powers, myriads of stars crowded into groups. There were "milky ways" everywhere, forming great streaks of pale light. Apparently an oil of silver had been lavishly poured here and there on the water in irregular patches. It was a strangely weird sight. It was uncanny. Seemed like the abode of spooks, those creatures of your remorseful nature. In the wake of our steamer the effect was even more pronounced. The water, violently agitated by contact with the swift moving boat, and particularly with the churning propeller, became aerated to a milky white. This only served to intensify the luminous water. I was puzzled to know the cause of this strange phenomena, and greatly surprised to learn it was all due to the presence of little animals in the water, a species of jelly fish. The light is a phosphorescent glow similar to that of the firefly frequenting our home marshes. The chief characteristic of the jelly fish is that it is mostly all stomach, though it has no definite organism. When the food comes to it—for it possesses no locomotive power of its own kind—the jelly mass embraces it affectionately and clings desperately thereto. It simply wraps itself around its prey and soon has it on the inside. On a similar plan mother secretes a small coin in a loaf of bread. When the dough is soft she places the silver piece anywhere on the mass. Presto, and it is swallowed by the dough! The dough is all mouth, just like the jelly fish. Even though the jelly fish is one of the lowest forms of life, there is an excellent lesson in its life for us. It makes its feeble light shine in the darkest places, and undoubtedly thereby makes the world a more pleasant place of abode.

Throughout the night our boat sped onward, and the day had well advanced when we noticed the ocean changing color. A pinkish hue became apparent. Everyone on board ship, from the captain to the stoker, became interested. Inquiry elicited the fact that we were now entering the feeding grounds of whales, and that the color of the water was due to the food of these animals, shrimps. So vast were the shoals that their pinkish bodies tinted the water in all directions. Everybody appeared eager and expectant. We had not long to wait, for the man in the look-out barrel, by the aid of his powerful glasses, soon announced the good tidings that about a mile away on our starboard bow were whales. Our eyes followed the indicated direction, and, sure enough, there were the infallible signs, streams of water shooting up from the surface of the ocean like the play of a great fountain. The whales were "spouting."

Topsy and Bum

I suppose some of your readers think me extreme, or even doubt my assertions. Let me advise such to purchase a little book which they can get in any bookstore for twenty-five cents. It is entitled "Hygiene for Young People," by Knight, a Professor in Queens University, Kingston, and recommended by the Minister of Education. In it will be found much useful information for young and old about the preservation of health, the care of the eyes, ears, teeth and skin, etc. If read and applied, it is "worth many times its price." Please turn to page 177, "Alcohol and Animals." There you will read a very interesting account of how Dr. Hodge, of Clark University, Worcester, Mass., sought to find out whether the moderate use of alcohol is harmful or not.

He took two puppies which he called Topsy and Bum and began mixing a little alcohol with their food. Two other puppies of the same age, which he called Topsy and Nig, were treated in every way the same as the others only that they were given no alcohol. For the first six months they all seemed to grow alike but those to which the alcohol was given were not nearly so attractive nor so strong, and they were much more liable to sickness. By the aid of a pedometer attached to their collars Dr. Hodge found out that for every 100 yards that Nig went, Bum went only 71; and for every hundred yards that Topsy went, Nig went only 57. In fact the drinkers were always lazy and were not able to keep up the running so long. Topsy and Bum were also more timid and nervous than Nig and Topsy. "In short these dogs behaved in exactly the same way as drinkers who work in mines, factories or mills." Employers tell us that drinkers lose much more time than non-drinkers and that they cannot work as hard or as long.

When these dogs were two years old, a disease broke out among the dogs of the town and these four took it. Topsy and Nig, the dogs that had no alcohol, had it very lightly and recovered. Topsy and Bum, the dogs that had the alcohol, took it very severely and died.

This accords with the effect of alcohol on men and women. It weakens the delicate little organisms that defend us against the germs of disease and so renders us more liable to have disease and to have it more severely. Experiments conducted in certain German Schools, by giving certain pupils a small quantity of beer or wine and setting them to work at a similar task with those who did not have any beer or wine, showed that even in small quantities beer and wine weakened the mental powers. (Signed.)

H. ARNOTT, M. B., M.C.P.S.

Electoral Corruption

(Weekly Witness.)

Money wherewith to carry on elections is by far the greatest source of political corruption in Canada. England has striven to overcome the difficulty by limiting the amount of election expenses for each candidate, and also by forcing the candidates to give sworn statements of all their expenses. The United States only adopted these measures partially, but has added to them a third measure which is more effective for good than either of the other two. It is necessary to the United States that every candidate for office file a sworn report of all contributions to his campaign funds, as well as applications by the way in which the money was spent. By the adoption of these three measures, Canada might come fairly close to clean elections, if we had in this country crown prosecutors who would look after the people's interests by prosecuting offences committed against the public in a way that a crown official is supposed to do. Unfortunately we all together lack such officials. We have men called crown prosecutors. They however, only act when prosecution is initiated by aggrieved persons or when asked to by the attorney-general of the province. The aggrieved in the matter of elections are the opposing parties who do not act from principle but purely from party interests. They indulge in saw-offs. The attorney-general is a member of the cabinet, therefore, a politician supporting the party in power, and would not think of giving the crown prosecutor to seek indictment against men whose crime is an over-zeal in the support of his party. Until we have crown prosecutors that are independent of politics and responsible to the people, we will not have impartial and vigorous steps taken to secure the prosecution of all such as commit offences against the people. Here we only have one crown prosecutor for each province. In the United States every city and every county elects its own prosecuting attorney, a man whose business it is to protect the interests of the public from fraudulent, vicious and criminal dealings. The people who elect, watch over the career of the prosecuting attorney and see that he does protect them.

(To be continued.)

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WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1914.

The Cartoons of the week deal chiefly with war. One represents the aged Francis Joseph standing on a hill starting a great burning bomb to roll down, carrying destruction and death in its path, and impossible to stop until it bursts and exhausts itself.

Another cartoon presents three grim and ghastly figures, Death, Debt, Devastation; the first wielding the sword, the second brandishing the bank notes, the third brandishing the torch and all three crying, "Three cheers for war."

Still another represents a number of men seated in a theatre watching the scenes of the war as they pass before them. It is easy to tell by their faces who these men are. Here are the Chinaman; the Mohammedan with his turban; the native African, with his hair standing in stiff curls; several types of the aborigines of the Southern Seas, every one of them with a broad grin upon his cheeks watching with delight the needless butchery. As we look at these specimens of uncivilized humanity, as we are accustomed to speak of them, they seem to say, "These are Christian nations at war with each other. Here they are with their ponderous, murderous weapons, pouring a very rain of shells and bullets into each other's ranks and killing them by thousands. In comparison with this, our wars are only child's play."

What they say is only too true. When wealth and science are employed to perfect the machinery of destruction, rather than to promote the arts of peace, one might be tempted to lose hope of the real progress and betterment of humanity, were it not for the proof that history furnishes that the wrath of man may be overruled for good, and for the voice of prophecy which foretells a time when men "shall beat their swords into plowshares, and their spears into pruning hooks; nations shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more."

The entrance of the troops of the United States into Mexico has brought to light many things hitherto unknown to the general public. One of these things is the deplorable condition of the Mexican prisons.

Just outside of the harbor of Vera Cruz are two small islands, one of which is partly fortress and partly prison. Here are rows of cells into which the tide flows every day, covering more or less the unfortunate prisoners confined in them. Here, too, are long dark rooms in which prisoners are chained to the wall and kept in absolute idleness and filth. Some were confined in dark cells. One cell was known as "the tuberculosis cell," because a prisoner had died in it of the disease. Others were put into this cell without any attempt to disinfect it, and were sure to catch the disease.

These methods of dealing with political prisoners are not relics of ages past, as are the instruments of torture of the times of the Inquisition and absolute monarchy, but they are relics of the days of Don Porfirio Diaz. Madero, during the time of his brief ascendancy, liberated many of the sufferers and sent them to their homes, but some had been so long incarcerated that their families and friends could not be traced. Report says that Huerta promised to clean up this and other prisons, but did nothing. Now that he is disposed of, the prospect seems good for reconciliation between the remaining belligerents and the establishment of a government more humane and just in the interest of all classes of the people.

In another column will be found an article entitled "Sir Richard Cartwright on Prohibition." We reprint the article through deference to the wishes of the gentleman who mailed

us the clipping, and not because we are in harmony with all the opinions it expresses.

We agree with the eulogy pronounced upon the late Sir Richard Cartwright. But the world moves. The convictions of men change. Truth comes into clearer light and fuller recognition and acceptance. The last ten years have witnessed a great advance in knowledge and attitude throughout Europe and America on the subject of alcoholic beverages. The voices of the most distinguished scientists and physicians proclaim alcohol to be a poison. Statesmen and philanthropists, searching for a remedy for the crime, unrest and poverty, which are such distressing features of our civilization, especially in the great centres of population, are pointing to alcohol as the chief contributing cause. Even in the army and navy where until recently the regular ration of grog was regarded essential to the health and vigor of the soldiers and sailors, it is now being condemned.

Dr. Matthei, one of the staff physicians in the German army, says, "We cannot discuss moderation with any man," implying that moderation in any form is not a remedy for the evil. The Review of Reviews, from which we make this quotation, adds: "In Germany the movement touches all classes from the Kaiser on the throne to the poorest Socialists on the back streets of Berlin. Absolute suppression is the demand."

So we say the world moves even though it be slowly. "Knowledge comes but wisdom lingers." Men learn slowly, especially what touches their appetites, pockets and cherished ideas. Legislation which at one period may be in advance of the times at a later period may be behind the times.

In the opinion of some persons, some legislation is always in advance of the times. So some people in the United States think concerning the legislation which now puts about half the present population of the nation under no-license laws. So some people think in England concerning "Home Rule" and "The Parliament Act."

So far as Nova Scotia is concerned there can be no doubt that a large majority of our people, male and female, are in favor of Prohibition. The trouble is that the majority do not always act in unison. The supposed needs of the political parties interfere with united action. There is schism in the body. One member refuses the wishes of the other members. Halifax seeks to have its own way and the other members suffer. But for the good of the whole, the rebellious members must be made to yield. To change the figure, in a democratic state, majorities must rule. Those who believe themselves injured by majority action must air their grievances and truth and right will prevail.

Finally the article to which we have referred, in its advocacy of an anti-prohibition policy, remarks: "Not a few of the greatest scoundrels I have known have been very ardent temperance advocates," etc. Now that is no argument against temperance legislation in any form. There have been great scoundrels in the church, in politics, in all the professions who have prated loudly of good causes, so as to lead astray if possible even the elect."

But this admitted fact does not argue against the value of the church, or the usefulness of politicians, or the necessity of the professions to the general welfare. The attempt to employ such an assertion as an argument against the suppression of the liquor traffic is as futile as inept, as absurd as it would be to denounce Christianity because one of its first disciples was a certain Judas.

A very pretty home wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Withers, in Granville Centre, Aug. 20, at 9.30 a. m., when their daughter, Hester Elizabeth, was united in marriage to Mr. Chester Allen Wade, both of Granville Centre. As the wedding march was being played the young couple marched into the parlor and took their place in the presence of their immediate friends and relations, and the ceremony was then performed by the Rev. R. F. Allen, of Annapolis Royal. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served, after which the young couple took their way to Annapolis where they took the Bluenose en route for Quebec, on their wedding trip from which place they will go to Bassano, Alberta, where Mr. Wade holds a position as Railroad Telegrapher, and where they will make their future home. Both young people are held in high esteem in Granville Centre and the best wishes of their many friends go with them.

HYME MEAL
WADE-WITHERS

Annual Masquerade Ball at Colonial Arms
Seventy-Five Quaintly Costumed Guests Took Part in a Brilliant Event.
The annual masquerade ball took place at Colonial Arms Hotel on Wednesday evening, August 19th. Upwards of 75 guests appeared in costumes and fully two hundred people witnessed the event. There the Gypsy met the East Indian, the Chinaman met the Negro, and the fashion of 1860 came hand in hand with the Fall styles of 1914. Music was rendered by the Colonial Arms Orchestra and was all that could be desired.

Those appearing in costume assembled in the upper halls at 8.30, and when the music began the Grande March was started, down the stairs two by two through the entrance hall into the drawing room, then out into the ball room where each tried to find their private partner for the first waltz. Those going in costume were:

Ladies.
Coed—Miss Dora Winchester, Colonial Arms.
Gypsy Queen—Mrs. W. I. Newmarch, Montreal.
Japanese Lady—Miss Groover, Georgia.
Syrian—Miss McMartin, Montreal.
Keenie Doll—Little Miss Francis Chaplin, Montreal.
Domino—Miss K. Green, Boston.
Gypsy—Miss H. Green, Boston.
Lady Professor—Mrs. Green, Boston.
Latest Fall Styles—Mrs. Dr. Broadbridge, Boston.
Gypsy—Mrs. Wales, Boston.
Cowboy—Miss E. Rhineland, New York.
Bo-Peep—Mrs. A. Lambert, Worcester.
Milk-Maid—Mrs. McLean, Boston.
Nun—Miss E. Hallamore, St. John.
Swiss Girl—Joyce Hallamore, St. John.
Mother Goose—Miss Marian Spurr, Colonial Arms.
Japanese Lady—Mrs. Ross Vroom, Boston.
Sunflower—Miss O. Morgan, Marshalltown.
Queen of Diamonds—Miss E. Kane, Halifax.
Queen of Hearts—Miss Chandler, Boston.
Queen of Clubs—Miss H. Kane, Halifax.
Queen of Spades—Miss Porter, Boston.
Norwegian Girl—Miss L. Aylen, Montreal.
Gold Dust Twins—Mr. and Mrs. Binford, Boston.
Gentlemen.
Crown—Dr. W. H. Broadbridge, Boston.
Coon—Dr. W. H. Broadbridge, Boston.
Chinaman—Mr. Chaplain, Montreal.
Debutante—Mr. Paul Groover, Georgia.
Old Sailor—Mr. McLean, Boston.
Jew Peddler—Mr. A. Lambert, Worcester.
Tramp—Dr. Ryder, Boston.
Fashion of 1860—Mr. Wales, Boston.
Motor Girl—Dr. Ross Vroom, Boston.
Others went in costume but did not register.

Concert Given at Colonial Arms in Aid of Hospital Ship
On Friday evening, August 21, a Concert and Social Evening was enjoyed by the guests at "Colonial Arms," given in aid of the "Hospital Ship."
At 8.15 o'clock the guests assembled in the drawing room of the Hotel, and the concert was opened by Dr. H. N. Broadbridge, who made some very appropriate remarks, showing how best we could help the boys, who had gone to the front, in behalf of the Empire, by contributing to this noble cause, which the "Daughters of the Empire" had undertaken.

The following programme was then rendered:
Selection by the "Colonial Arms" Orchestra.
Solo—Miss C. MacMartin, Montreal.
Reading—Miss Ethel Kane, Halifax, N. S.
Piano Solo—Miss Helen Kane, Halifax, N. S.
Violin Solo—Miss B. Porter, Boston.
Piano Solo—Miss M. Groover, Georgia.
Humorous Song—Dr. H. N. Broadbridge, Boston.
At the conclusion of the entertainment the contributions were taken up by Dr. Broadbridge and Mr. Chaplain, when \$37.00 was realized.
The guests then adjourned to the "Kitchen" where a "Candy Pull" was greatly enjoyed.

Tip Top Tea
The Outcome of Year's Experience

St. James Parish Church Notes
The services on Sunday next will be:
ST. JAMES, BRIDGETOWN.
8 a. m., Holy Communion; 11 a. m., and 7.30 p. m., the usual services.
ST. MARY'S, BELLE ISLE.
3 p. m., Evening Prayer and Sermon.
The Sunday School will meet at the usual hour at all stations.

Methodist Church Circuit Notes
Public worship next Sunday, Aug. 30, as follows—Bridgetown, 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m.
Bentville, 11 a. m.
Granville, 3 p. m.
Prayer meeting this (Wednesday) evening at 7.30. Epworth League, Friday evening at 7.30.

Bridgetown United Baptist Church
Prayer meeting on Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.
B. Y. P. U. on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.
Sunday services: Bible School at 10 a. m. Public worship at 11 a. m., and at 7.30.

AGENTS WANTED
Oxygenonath is the best patented Oxygenic device marketed. Exclusive territory open in your district. If you feel you can handle a good article, one that pays, write for information to J. R. Cote, Kingston, Ont.

G. B. WISWELL, M. D. C. M.
Successor to Dr. O. R. Peters
Physician, Surgeon
ANNAPOLIS ROYAL, N. S.
Office and Residence, West Building, George St.

BORN
DARALE—At Round Hill, Aug. 20th to Mr. and Mrs. W. C. L. Dargie, a daughter—weight 10 1/2 lbs.

A Great VICTORY WON
We are glad to be able to state that Ben's Bread is master of the bread situation. Have you tried Ben's Famous Buttered Bread? If not you are missing a treat.

Saturday Specials
REGULAR SPECIAL
10c lb. Family Pilot Biscuit... 73c lb
15c " Mixed Cakes... 12c lb
20c " Puffs Soda Crackers... 15c lb
30c " Puffs Soda Crackers... 22c lb
40c " Ice Cream Wafers... 28c lb

Just received a fresh shipment of Chocolates and Penny Goods. We carry the best and largest assortment in town.

Ken's Restaurant
Phone 81

Get the Best out of Your Farm
When you fail to fertilize your farm, to till it right and drain it right, you will fail to get the best out of it. Successful farming today means scientific farming. And there is no farm today giving forth its fullest capacity of crops that isn't properly drained.

Use Drain Tile Freely
Use it correctly, use it judiciously and Mother Earth will respond with a willingness that will surprise you. Take away the surplus water. Use our burned Clay Drain Tile and you will never have to do the work a second time. Send for price list today.

NOVA SCOTIA CLAY WORKS LIMITED
WORKS—Annapolis, Pngwash, Elmsdale, Middleton, Shubenacadie, Avenport.
Head Office Halifax, N. S.

For Sale
A small property in Lawrencetown, consisting of a cottage house of seven rooms and 1 1/2 acres of land, containing 70 apple trees, (fall varieties) 12 trees. Also eleven pear trees and five plum trees.
A garden in an advanced state of cultivation no water tax. The best of reasons for selling. For further particulars apply to THOMAS GREEN
Lawrencetown
Annapolis Co
13, St.

S N A P S
We are Offering
A few Goods selling at very low prices
Soda Biscuit, 3-lb pail, 23c
Graham Biscuit, 1/2 lb pkg 8c
Puffed Wheat pkg. 10c
Cow Brand Soda " 4c
Jello " 7c
Fig Bars, per lb 16c
Other 20c Biscuit 16c
Cheese, Pork, Mackerel, Herring, Boneless Cod-Fish, 2 lbs 25c
Lynch's Bread, best can be made, only 8c loaf

Mrs. S. C. Turner
VARIETY STORE

Boots and Shoes
Try Our Special Lines for Summer Wear
Men's Tan Calf Bluchers \$4.75
" " Oxfords 3.45
" Gun Metal Bluchers 4.25
Ladies' Pat. Button Pump 3.00
" " Counter " 3.00

Overalls
We have a large line of Men's Overalls, with or without bib.

Flour, Meal and Feed
Purity, Five Roses, Rain-bow and Star Flour, Cornmeal Middlings, Bran, Feed Flour, Chop, etc.

J. I. FOSTER

Straw Hat Sale

Ladies' Straw Sailors
Regular Price 60c 98c
Clearing-Out Price 39c 59c
Black only.

Men's and Boys Straw Hats
Reg. Price 40c 45c 50c 60c 75c
Sale Price —29c— 35c 39c 49c
Reg. Price 85c \$1.10 \$1.25 \$1.50 \$1.75
Sale Price .55c —79— .98 1.25

Misses' and Children's Straw Hats
Reg. Price 12c 18c 19c 25c 28c 30c
Sale Price 8c —12c— —19c—
Reg. Price 38c 39c 40c 48c 55c 55c
Sale Price —27c— 35c —39c—

Ladies' Untrimmed Outing Hats
65c for 80c. White only

VERANDA SCREENS

Split Bamboo
6x8 feet, Regular Price \$1.35 Now 98c.
8x8 feet Regular Price \$1.75 Now \$1.25.
10x8 ft. Regular Price \$2.25 Now \$1.65
Only a few left

VERANDA CUSHIONS

GOING—6 for only 25c
Ask to see them.

Discounts will continue on goods previously advertised

STRONG & WHITMAN
Phone 32 : : : : Ruggles Block

SCHOOL SHOES



School opens Monday and we're all ready with the best School Shoes that experience and money could secure. A general impression exists that this is the best place to secure School Shoes, and **IT'S RIGHT!** We won the reputation by exercising the utmost care in selecting our lines.

J. H. LONGMIRE & SONS

Fruit Jars
Get Your Self-Sealing Jars at K. Freeman's
ALL SIZES IN STOCK
Parafine, Wax and Rubber Rings
Preserving Kettles, Etc.
White Rose Gasoline at 25 cents a gallon,
Motor Gasoline at 21 cents a gallon,
Feed Molasses and Crushed Oyster Shells
always in stock.

KARL FREEMAN
HARDWARE STORE

SAINT JOHN EXHIBITION
SEPT. 5 TO 12 1914
SPECIAL AGRICULTURAL FEATURES
SPLENDID DISPLAY OF INDUSTRIES
INCREASED SCOPE IN WOMEN'S WORK
CHILD'S WELFARE EXHIBIT

GREAT PROGRAM OF FREE ATTRACTIONS
CHEAP EXCURSIONS ON ALL "LINE" H.A. PORTER MANAGER

Advertise in the MONITOR. It has a large and increasing circulation

LOCAL AND SPECIAL

Mrs. Gordon C. Warren will receive on Thursday and Friday afternoons of this week.

Joseph Steadman of Young's Cove, was successful in obtaining his "C" certificate.

Mass will be celebrated in St. Alfonso's Church by Rev. Father Grace, on Sunday, Aug. 30, at 11 o'clock.

The Eastern Steel Company of New Glasgow have the contract to build thirteen new bridges in Nova Scotia.

The death of Mrs. Chas. D'Arcy occurred at her home in East Boston, Aug. 13th. Mrs. D'Arcy was well known in Bridgetown, having spent several Summers here.

Schr. Dorothy, Captain Hill, arrived in port last week from Portboro with a load of soft coal for J. H. Longmire & Sons. She cleared this port on Monday.

Please take notice that on and after Sept. 1st, our coals will be sold for cash only.

J. H. LONGMIRE & SONS.

The Bishop of Nova Scotia has appointed Friday, August 28, to be especially observed in all the Anglican Churches throughout the Diocese, as a day for intercessory prayer in connection with the war in Europe.

Our esteemed townsman, Mr. J. E. Lloyd, leaves today for the West, and anticipates going to the Coast. The Monitor wishes Mr. Lloyd a pleasant trip and trusts that his absence from Bridgetown may not be of long duration.

Our esteemed contemporary The Digby Courier entered upon its forty-first year with its last issue. Its present editor and manager, Mr. O. S. Dunham has been at the helm for twenty-six years and has made the Courier one of our brightest and newest exchanges.

INVITATION.

We are holding a Tea Demonstration in Young's Block, on Friday, Aug. 28th, from 2 until 6 u. m., and cordially invite all our friends and customers to test a cup of the famous Dickson's English Breakfast Tea. (Signed.) G. K. DODGE.

According to the London Statist, the United States is the richest country, having some one hundred and fifty billion of wealth in all forms, against eighty-five billion and eighty billion, for Great Britain and Germany. If this war keeps up long, the disproportion will be even greater.

The town's stone crusher was put into commission again on Monday, and the crushed stone is now being put on the street leading from Queen to Washington St., passing Mr. Forrest Connell's blacksmith shop. We are informed that Washington and Water streets will be the next in order for permanent improvement.

The Young People's Union of the Baptist Church held a social at the home of Deacon Phinney last Friday evening. Despite the inclemency of the weather a goodly number of young people assembled and a pleasant evening was whiled away with games and music. Ice cream and cake were served. After giving three rousing cheers to the host and hostess for their kind hospitality, the company dispersed.

The Ottawa Free Press says: "Death occurred in a local hospital on Saturday, of Irving McLean, of Margareville, Nova Scotia. The late Mr. McLean, who was only 19 years old, came to this city only three weeks ago to take up a position in the civil service. Shortly after he arrived he developed typhoid fever, and just a week later succumbed in the hospital." The remains were shipped to Margareville, where interment will be made.

The large freight car (100,000 lbs. capacity) ever put off on the Bridgetown sidings of the D. A. R., was being unloaded here yesterday. The car was filled with lengths of 16-inch hard pine pipes which were brought from the Pacific Coast by Mr. J. W. Beckwith and will be laid from the power house of the Bridgetown Electric Company to their dam. These pipes will replace the 14-inch pipes now in use. The new pipes are strongly banded with round iron bands and thoroughly coated with tar.

All citizens are requested to assist in making the Celebration on Labor Day a grand success, by decorating their premises with flags, etc. All automobiles in Annapolis, Lawrence town, Middleton, Bridgetown and vicinity are requested to enter their cars in the grand auto parade, a suitable prize being given for the best decoration. Every merchant in town is especially requested to place a decorated carriage in the Big Trades Procession. Special trains are being arranged to Middleton and Annapolis in the evening.

The citizens of the town of Middleton save the Annapolis County contingent to the overseas service a splendid "send-off" last Wednesday evening. The exercises were held in the Methodist Church, Mayor Goucher presented an address and several patriotic speeches followed by prominent business men of the town. A chorus composed of the combined choirs of the churches of the town, under the leadership of Mr. D. L. Shaffer, rendered several selections. The Lawrence Town Band also assisted in the musical programme.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Mrs. Smith of New York is the guest of her friend, Miss Ann E. James.

Mr. Wm. H. Brown has returned home after an absence of one year in Keene, N. H.

Miss Louise Felton, of Lawrence town, was the week-end guest of her friend, Miss Grace Todd.

Mr. Owen Parker, of Union Street, Kings County, was a week-end guest of his sister, Mrs. W. A. Craig.

Mrs. S. C. Turner is visiting at the home of her father, W. H. Weldon, Annapolis Royal, a few days.

Mrs. George Avery, of Houlton, Maine, spent the week-end at the home of her aunt, Mrs. S. C. Turner.

Mr. John Lowe, of Clementsport, a former Superintendent of the County Home is in town renewing old acquaintances.

Miss Gladys Reed returned home on Monday from a very pleasant vacation of two weeks spent in Wolfville and Halifax.

Mr. Gordon Thompson, of Halifax was a week-end guest at "Mt. Pleasant Farm," the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. I. Munro.

Mrs. E. E. Miller has recently removed from her farm in Granville to her town property on Court Street near the Foundry.

Miss May Gordon, of Cambridge, Mass., Miss Susie Van Blaricom, Digby, were guests last week of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. DeWitt.

Mr. Fred Young, of the Monitor Staff, accompanied by Mrs. Young and Miss Ruth, went to Freeport, Digby County, on Tuesday.

Mrs. M. L. Baxter has returned home after a very pleasant visit with relatives and friends in Windsor, Mosherville and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Connell and son, and Mr. and Mrs. P. N. Lowe spent Sunday at Kingston, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Roger Parks.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Hogan arrived from Boston on Saturday, and are visiting relatives and friends in Bridgetown before returning to their home in Granville.

Mr. Gordon W. C. Brown, of the Sydney Staff of the Royal Bank of Canada, is spending a few days at his home here, the guest of his mother, Mrs. John Piggott.

Mrs. D. Gormley and little daughter, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Marshall, Church St., returned to their home in Halifax on Thursday last, after a very pleasant visit.

Mrs. Edwin Ruggles and daughter, Miss Beattie, and Mrs. Owen Kelly, of Annapolis, went to Halifax on Monday, and will return with Mr. Frank Ruggles and party by auto today.

Miss Ruth Young, who has been spending the week-end with her aunt, Miss Gibson, has returned to her home at Belle Isle, and was accompanied by her aunt, Josephine Gesner.

Hon. E. H. Armstrong and wife, were guests over Sunday of his brother, Dr. M. E. Armstrong, coming out from Halifax on Saturday by auto and returning to the city, Monday by train.

The Misses Gertrude and Ruby Hearn, of Taunton, Mass., are paying a visit to their father, Mr. Reuben Hearn. These young ladies since leaving Bridgetown have been taking a course in nursing in a hospital in Trenton.

Miss Myrtle Hayward, who has been spending the Summer vacation in town with her mother, left for the West on Monday to take the position of principal instructor in Domestic Science in Clarholm College, Alberta.

Miss Grace Healy, the obliging operator at the Western Union Telegraph Office, has been taking a well-earned vacation the past week. Her place during her absence has been filled by Miss Brown, of Halifax.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Weldon, of Annapolis Royal, and Mrs. Brown, of Patterson, N. J., and Mrs. Lee and little son, of New York City, motored to Bridgetown and were guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Turner.

Mrs. A. E. Hartt, of St. John, was a week-end guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Peters. Miss Jessie Hartt, who has also been a guest of Mrs. Peters, returned to St. John on Monday to resume her duties as teacher in the schools of that city.

Every Citizen Will Bear His Share of War Budget

Taxes Imposed on Sugar, Coffee, Tobacco, Liquors and Other Articles Estimated to Add Seven Millions More to the Revenue.

The percentage of increase in rates of duty and excise on the principal items in the War Budget are as follows:—

- Customs—Raw Sugar—147 per cent. Refined sugar—93 per cent. Canned fruits—25 per cent. Condensed Milk—15.3 per cent. Dried coconut—12 1/2 per cent. Bottled Beer—87 1/2 per cent. Beer in cases—75 per cent. Spirits—25 per cent. Manufactured tobacco—20 per cent. Cigars and cigarettes—16.2-3 per cent. Excise on domestic products—Spirits—25 per cent. Beers, cigars, tobacco—50 per cent. The percentage customs increase on imports exclusive of raw sugar is reckoned on the intermediate tariff, in view of the fact that the increase will at the present juncture effect principally imports from the United States under the intermediate tariff. In the case of raw sugar which comes from the British West Indies, the increase is reckoned on the British preferential rate.

Dupont's Tooth Brushes

Are the last word in quality. We bought a good stock before the war and advanced prices, and we are selling at the old price—25c. In this assortment are lines regularly sold at 35c. We have but the one price, and every brush is absolutely guaranteed, if bristles come out we replace free of cost. We try to offer you the best goods at the most reasonable prices, and our guarantee stands unchallenged. We have never been known not to 'make good.' Now is your time to stock up on tooth brushes. We cannot promise this price after the present lot is sold.

Royal Pharmacy The Renall Store W. A. Warren, Phm. E.

FOR SALE

One pair of four-year-old Oxen thoroughly broken. Apply to JOHN HALL, Lawrence town.

Business Notices

For Sale.—15,000 Hoops. Price right. Apply to A. FitzRandolph.

Go to Mrs. Turner's for nice fresh chocolates and penny goods.

See Ken's Adv., for Saturday Bargains. KEN'S RESTAURANT.

2 cans Pumpkin 25c. MRS. TURNER'S

FOR SALE.—2 Cows; also 3,500 hoops. N. E. DANIELS, West Paradise.

2 Cans Reindeer Milk 25c. MRS. TURNER'S

TO LET—TWO HOUSES IN GOOD REPAIR. J. B. HALL, Lawrence town.

TO LET—Lower flat of house on Granville Street east. Apply to MR. T. JOHNSON

FOR SALE.—At a bargain, one pneumatic Rubber-tired "Buggy" also one steel-tired Buggy. Apply to B. N. MESSINGER, 18-21, Bridgetown, N. S.

J. W. Beckwith is now daily opening quantities of Canadian and Foreign goods for the Fall trade. His first installment of Ladies' Northway Coats are now in. They are beautiful. Call and see them.

Men and women wanted in all localities who are willing to work a few hours in spare time showing samples to their friends and neighbors. Position will pay \$15 weekly, sample case with samples free. THE CONSUMER'S ASSOCIATION, WINDSOR, ONT.

HAIR WORK DONE. Combs or cut hair made into Puffs, Transformations and Switches. Terms moderate. Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders promptly attended to. MISS GEORGINA BANCROFT Annapolis Royal, R. F. D. No. 1.

BOSTON & YARMOUTH STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd. Summer Service Steamships "PRINCE ARTHUR" and "PRINCE GEORGE" Six trips per week in each direction between Yarmouth and Boston. Leave Yarmouth daily except Sundays at 6.00 p. m. for Boston. Leave Boston daily except Saturdays at 2.00 p. m. for Yarmouth. Tickets and staterooms at Wharf Office. A. E. WILLIAMS, Agent Yarmouth, N. S.

Big Slaughter Sale Refrigerators Ice Cream Freezers Fishing Rods and Baskets Flies and Lines Base Ball Gloves, Bats and Mitts Hammocks at Cost Window Screens and Doors See our window with these Goods. The PRICES will SURPRISE you. Buy NOW and SAVE MONEY. Crowe, Elliott Co, Bridgetown, Nova Scotia

Teacher Wanted

St. Croix School Section a Grade C or D teacher. Apply stating salary and qualifications to MINARD L. BRINTON, Sec'y Port Lotne, N. S.

Teacher Wanted

At Arlington School section a grade D teacher for a year's term. Apply to ADELBERT JOHNSON, Sec'y Mount Rose



14th King's Canadian Hussars

Officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the 14th Canadian Hussars are to hold themselves in readiness for mobilization on short notice. B. W. ROSCOE Capt. and Adjutant 14th King's Canadian Hussars

GARAGE

Everything in the Motor line repaired. Best service on engines of every description. Cars overhauled, bought and sold on commission.

Cutlery of all kinds sharpened Bicycles Repaired Soldering done Prices Reasonable

R. C. FLETT Telephone, Bridgetown 69

Notice

All county taxes not paid on or before December 1st 1914 in polling districts No 8 & 27 in Ward No 8 will be left for collection. W. J. RAWDING 20 3 mo Clementsport, N. S.

For Sale

1 Goddard Buggy, 1 Piano Box-end Spring, 1 Top Buggy, all made by Steven Brothers, in good order. Sold at low price, call for inspection at the residence of J. H. F. RANDOLPH Granville

FOUND

Stranded, a small boat ten feet long, flat bottom, painted blue on outside, inside white. Apply to WATSON BENT, Phinney's Cove, N. S.

Property for Sale

Including house and barn. House containing seven rooms, bath, hot and cold water, Furnace and Electric Lights. Pleasantly situated on Church Street, Bridgetown, N. S. Corner lot. Apply to 14 L.F. MRS. M. L. BLANCHARD

Horse for Sale

Weight about 1150, kind, splendid worker, fair roader. Prices right Apply to J. H. TUPPER, Bridgetown, N. S.

The Bridgetown Importing House Our Importations for the Spring Trade are now complete and we cheerfully invite inspection. Our range of House Furnishings is more attractive than ever. Axminster, Velvet, Brussels and Tapestry Carpet Squares and Rugs in all sizes and prices. Scotch Linoleums and Oil Carpets, 1 to 4 yards wide. Curtains and Curtain Materials in all the newest effects. DRESS GOODS in greater variety than ever, in which we are showing all the newest productions. In our Ladies' Special Ready-to-wear Department which we have fitted up this season will be found the all latest styles in Northway Suits, Dresses, Coats, Skirts, Wa s's, etc. Penman's Hosiery and Watson's Underwear in Ladies' and Men's. D. & A. Corsets. Ladies' and Men's Waterproof Coats We call special attention to our exceptional values in Men's Pants. J. W. BECKWITH

S N A P S We offer ten thousand feet of mixed No. 1 and No. 2 HARDWOOD FLOORING for only \$25.00 per thousand, as we need the storage space. Also a new JUMP SEAT COVERED WAGGON at sacrifice price. We have just received a carload of GALVANIZED STEEL SHINGLES and CONDUCTOR PIPE We have just received a carload of CEDAR and SPRUCE SHINGLES. J. H. HICKS & SONS QUEEN STREET, BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

Don't Miss The Great MILLINERY BARGAINS Dearness & Phelan's 24 p. c. off Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats, Straw, Braids, Flowers and Babies' Bonnets Queen St., Bridgetown

Engraving Work Done I have just installed a New Century Engraving Machine, the best in the market and am prepared to do all styles of engraving including Single Initials, Monograms, Memorial and Coffin Plates, in Old English or Script letters Prices Right

Ross, A Bishop Lockett Block EXECUTOR'S NOTICE All persons having any legal demands against the estate of Isaac Longley, late of Paradise, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within twelve months from the date hereof; and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payment to JOSEPH S. LONGLEY, Exrs. CLARA A. LONGLEY

For Sale Building lot in Bridgetown on South Street adjoining property of Charles Hicks. Price \$200.00 Apply to J. B. WHITMAN, Box 1004, Halifax, N. S.

Notice To Farmers It is fully 30 days before the outside market on Hay will develop and we would advise farmers not to pledge their Hay at any specified price. If you have Hay to sell send your name and address to us and we will keep you advised from time to time the market price. We will advance you money on your Hay at once and pay you the highest market price that Hay is selling for when you instruct us to bale and ship it. Our thresher starts, at old stand back of D. A. R. Station today, August 26.

Bridgetown Hay & Feed Company, LIMITED Fisher's Wharf Water Street

Flour and Feeds Landed this week a car of FLOUR, and FEEDS. Call and get our prices before buying as they are LOW for CASH Also a fresh line of Groceries and Confectionery In stock, Give us a call. WOOD & PARKS Granville Street, Bridgetown, N. S.

SPECIAL DISCOUNT SALE

CLARKE BROS.

Radical Reduction in many lines of
Dry Goods, Women's Shirt Waists, White Muslin Underwear, Lace Curtains, Art Draperies, Wall Papers, Carpet Samples, Etc.

Quick selling is the order. Let all Attend

Sale begins on August 1st and will continue until September 15th, 1914

A BIG BUSINESS during April, May, June and July has left us with many broken lines which we do not want to carry over. We are determined to keep our stock fresh and good. We believe it pays. To do this we are occasionally compelled to sell some lines at a loss, but we do not feel badly about it as it enables our friends to secure some excellent bargains. This is the reason for this sale and the motive that prompted the unusual price reductions quoted below.

WASH DRESS GOODS

Cisalpine Suitings, self pattern, satin stripe, a splendid weaver. Colors in stock: Reseda, Heliotrope and Grey.
Regular price 25c. Sale price 15c

DRESS LINENS

Colors in stock: Tan, Natural, Heliotrope and White.
Regular price 25c. Sale price 18c
Regular price 37c. Sale price 27c

TOBRALCO SUITINGS

Fast Dye, one of the best Tab Dress Goods made. Colors in stock: Pale Blue, Champagne and White.
Regular price 35c. Sale price 27c

COLORED COTTON FOULARDS

Colors in stock: Grey, Navy and Black
Regular price 25c. Sale price 15c yd

MARQUISSETTES

Plain and colored
Colors in stock: Pale Blue, Lavender and Black
Regular price (plain) 25c. Sale price 15c
Regular price 35c. Sale price 10c

SILK MUSLINS

Brown, plaid, grey, reseda, heliotrope, pink, pale blue
Regular price 37c. Sale price 25c yd

SILK STRIPED POPLINS

Fine even weave with silk stripe. Colors in stock, Black and White, Pale Blue and White, Champagne and Blue
Regular price 40c. Sale price 30c yd

DRESS MUSLINS

A nice assortment of patterns in striped and floral designs
Reg. prices 8c to 20c per yd. Sale price 20 per cent off

WOOL DRESS GOODS

Per Yard
British Broadcloth \$1.00 to \$2.00
British Dress Serges .55 to 1.35
Wool Poplins .50
Fancy Worsteds .60 to 1.75
Vermillion Cloths .25 to 1.25
French Duchess Cloths 1.40
Victoria Cloths 1.35
Shepherd Checks and Tartan Plaids .25 to 1.00

Every Wednesday we will give you a special Five Per Cent (5 p.c.) Discount on any Wool Dress Goods purchases you make at our store.

GINGHAMS

Anderson's Gingham, balance in stock
Sale Price 20c per yd

SCOTCH GINGHAMS

We have many nice patterns left in plaids and stripes
Prices 8c to 20c. Sale price 20 p. c. off

SUNRESISTA SUITINGS

This Wash Dress Fabric is "Queen of all Wash Dress Goods" absolutely fast dye and permanent finish. Colors in stock: White, Heliotrope, Champagne, Pale Blue and Black
Regular Price 25c. Sale Price 20c yd.

NOVELTY RATINES

White Grounds with Black, Pale Blue, Brown and Tan stripes. Also plain Colors: White Old Rose, Tango, Navy and Black
Price 37c. Sale price 25c yd
Price 50c. Sale price 42c yd

WHITE WAISTINGS

A large range of patterns suitable for Blouse Waists and Skirts
Prices: 15c to 40c. Sale Price 10 p.c. off

Butterick Patterns Given Away

We give to every customer who buys a suit length costing 50c per yard or more a pattern FREE! You select the pattern you want from the large catalogue book and we mail it to your address.

CLARKE BROS. BEAR RIVER

PRINCE DALE

Mr. Thomas Milner and son spent Sunday at their home here.
Mrs. Charles Dondale arrived from Cambridge, Mass., Monday.
Mrs. Wisley Berry entertained friends from Cambridge, Mass., Friday.
Mrs. Zenas Sanford and Mrs. Harold Fish left Saturday for Allston, Mass.
Mr. and Mrs. Elder Fraser spent Saturday in East Walpole and Deep Brook.
Mr. David B. Wright, of Clements-ville, was the week-end guest of his children here.
Mrs. Ira Wright and Miss Nina Hutchinson spent Sunday at the Milford House.
Mr. and Mrs. Ward Wright and daughter, Thelma, arrived from Ipswich, Mass., Thursday.
Miss Nina Hutchinson, of Roxville, Digby County, spent a few days recently at Mrs. G. H. Wright's.
Mr. and Mrs. George Wright attended the Dukeshire-Jefferson wedding at Bear River East, Thursday.
Mr. and Mrs. John Milner, of Lake Jolly, Mr. Charles Berry and sister, Mrs. Waggoner of Clements-ville, visited relatives here Sunday.

MORGANVILLE

Mrs. Frank Alcorn, of Milford Corner, visited friends here for a few days.
Miss Mildred Snell, who has been visiting in Digby, returned home on Friday.
Mr. John Milner has purchased the Stewart Harris farm and taken possession this week.
Day school begins on Monday, 24th of August with Miss Hattie Wentzell as teacher.
Mr. Bernard Parter, of Bear River, was in Morganville surveying out land for certain persons.
Mr. Wallace Morgan, of Boston, spent a week with friends in Morganville, returning home on Saturday.
Mrs. Chute, of Morganville, and Mrs. Hamilton, of Sydney, C. B., spent Tuesday with Mrs. George D. Morgan.

PORT WADE

Fishing in Bay is considered very good at this time, but bait is very scarce.
Miss Gladys Hoffman of Nictaux, has been visiting the past week at the home of her uncle A. B. Kendall.
Mr. Gilford Haynes, of St. John, joined his family here last week and will stay for a short vacation.
W. Rogers and Frank Snow went West last week to engage in the harvesting of a bumper crop of wheat.
Our local dealers here are only giving 12 lbs of sugar for \$1.00, and asking 60c per lb for cream of tartar. We hope this state of trade does not exist everywhere.
Twelve candidates received the right of baptism at Victoria Beach on Sunday afternoon, Rev. MacWilliam, pastor officiating. The special meetings which have been held the past two weeks here, and at Victoria Beach will be continued this week at Kersdale United Baptist Church.
Haying is about over in this vicinity. Oats will be above the average. Barley and oat straw very heavy. Very little buckwheat raised here. The growing of this splendid grain should be encouraged. Those who have good grain crops this year should be congratulated as they have their living largely in their own hands and war prices will not effect them.

LOWER GRANVILLE

Mrs. Ralph Polaker, and son, left on Saturday to visit friends in Lynn.
Miss Eva Newcomb of Kings County is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Robblee.
Mr. Maurice Robbins and Reginald Young left on the 18th for the Canadian West.
Mrs. F. Simons, who has been visiting at Sheffield Mills, Kings County returned last week.
Mrs. A. Anders and children, Mrs. A. Hilde and little daughter, went to Paradise on Monday to visit friends.
Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Daly of New York; Rev. A. S. Lewis, wife, and son are stopping at the "River View."
Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Rehling and Mrs. G. C. Waugh, who have been stopping at the "River View," have returned to their homes in Boston.
Mrs. H. Dunbar, Mrs. W. W. Nichols, son and daughter, Mrs. Dyer and family, and Miss Silver who have been spending the Summer at the Farnsworth house left on Monday for Montreal.

HOW CHILDREN GROW

Children grow by nourishment—not overloaded stomachs or rich foods but qualities that are readily converted into life-sustaining blood; too often their digestive powers cannot procure these qualities from ordinary foods which results in weakness, dullness and sickness.
If your children are under-size, underweight, catch cold easily, are languid, backward, pale or frail, give them Scott's Emulsion which is pure medicinal fish-liver oil. It sharpens the appetite, builds healthy flesh, firm muscles and active brains. Scott's is growing-food for children. Refuse alcoholic substitutes.

Heligoland Compared to Gibraltar

Strong German Naval Base was Ceded by Britain in 1890—The Greatest Menace to British Fleet.
The Island of Heligoland (near which the British fleet sank a German submarine) is called the Gibraltar of the North Sea. It dominates the approaches to all German ports on the North Sea and the Kiel Canal and constitutes the greatest menace to the British fleet if it attempts to close in blockade of German ports. It was ceded to Germany by England as recently as 1890, in compensation for territorial concessions in Africa by Germany.
Discussion of the strategic value of the little island less than a square mile in extent, which lies 25 miles off the mouth of the Elbe, waded back and forth between the English military authorities while the Bill for its cession was under discussion in Parliament. Some asserted that it would be worth the fleet to England in case of war with Germany. Others contended it was of no value as a coaling station for a blockading force. Its nearness to the mainland would expose it to the risk of capture immediately upon declaration of war, they said, and in case of war with any other Power it would require a fleet to defend it. German and French critics both agreed that in the event of war between their countries possession of the little island would set free an army corps.
WAS REPUBLIC ONCE.

Heligoland from the middle of the 10th century was an independent republic of Frisians but became the possession of the Dukes of Schleswig in the 14th century. In the beginning of the 18th century Denmark captured it. It was taken from Denmark in 1807 by the English, who used it during the last Napoleonic wars as a storehouse from which to smuggle goods to the continent. By the Treaty of Kiel it was ceded to England by Denmark in 1814. The British Government wished to retain it then because of its proximity to Hanover, then united to England in the person of the sovereign, and because of its supposed strategic value. Up to the time of its cession to Germany it was used as the headquarters of the English fishing fleets in the North Sea and was also a favorite watering place for Germans and Danes.
After the formation of the German Empire, Bismarck made many liberal offers to England for the purchase of the island, and the desire for its possession by the Germans was ardent. When the Bill for its cession came up in 1890 in the British House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone and Sir W. Vernon Harcourt, with many of their followers, urged a vote, declaring that the Conservative Ministry had tampered with the treaty making prerogative of the Crown by submitting the question of a cession of territory to two Houses of Parliament.
The weight which the Germans attached at the time to the acquisition of Heligoland, after Prince Bismarck had repeatedly made offers of substantial compensation, suggests the suspicion when the island was handed over to William II. after his dismissal of the old Chancellor for apparently inadequate cause, that some secret pact of alliance was at the root of the matter. The British subjects on the island opposed the transfer, saying that they would lose their fishing and bathing privileges when Germany started building their fortifications on their home. Their rights as British subjects were to have been preserved in the transaction.

On August 9, 1890, the British Governor, Arthur C. S. Barkly, received the German representative, Herr von Botticher, and next day Kaiser Wilhelm landed, hoisted the German flag, and informally took possession, declaring:
"This island is chosen as a bulwark of the sea, a protection to German fisheries, a safe port for my ships of war, and a strong place and harbor of refuge in the German ocean against all enemies who dare to show themselves upon it."

CAN'T LOSE HAIR

Twenty Years From Today a Bald-headed Man Will Be An Unusual Sight.
One of the most prominent druggists of America made a statement a few weeks ago which has caused a great deal of discussion among scientists in the medical press.
He said: "The new hair grower, Mildredina Hair Remedy, increases its sales as it has during the past year, it will be used by nearly every man, woman and child in America within eight years."
"When Mildredina Hair Remedy is used almost universally, dandruff will disappear and with its departure baldness, itching scalp, splitting hair and all scalp diseases will follow and in seven years from now a bald head will be a rarity."
There is only one way to cure dandruff, and that is to kill the germs. There is only one hair preparation that will kill the germs and that is Mildredina Hair Remedy. This unusual hair restorer with its record of thousands of cures will grow on any head where there is any life left; it will cure dandruff, stop falling hair and itching of the scalp in three weeks or more by back.
It is the most pleasant and invigorating tonic, is not sticky or greasy and is used extensively by ladies of refinement who desire to have and to keep their hair soft, lustrous and luxuriant. Fifty cents for a large bottle at druggists everywhere. Mail orders filled by American Proprietary Co., Boston, Mass.

Kidnappers Get Fifty Years

The maximum sentence of from 25 to 50 years in Sing Sing was last week in New York imposed upon Pasquale Milione, leader of the band that kidnaped eight-year-old Frank Longo and held him captive for 49 days. Francesco Malacuso was sentenced to from 12 to 25 years in Sing Sing, while a third, Vincenzo Arena, was given from 20 to 30 years. Six more alleged members of the band are awaiting trial.
The kidnapers of the Longo boy threatened to dismember his body and shoot his parents unless money was forthcoming. Seven hundred dollars was given to the leaders by the boy's father. After his release, Frank led the police to the place where he had been held and pointed out his captors.

SPRING SEASON 1914

NEW EAT BOBBY Boots and Shoes

FOR Men, Women and Children
The Shoes that Wears Best Value, Quality Considered
Look at Window Display
A. B. MARSHALL
BEAR RIVER, N. S.

Amateur Photographers

Send us your Developing and Printing orders. We guarantee our work to be satisfactory or to refund the money. We pay postage on orders amounting to 25 cts. or more. We keep a regular stock
Eastman's Kodaks and Supplies
and shall be pleased to receive your orders by mail.
Send a post card for a free Kodak catalogue if you would like to have one.

BEAR RIVER DRUG STORE

L. V. HARRIS, Proprietor Bear River, N. S.

"Good Dress Goes Hand in Hand With Good Manners"

To be well dressed you must first select stylish goods and then find a first-class tailor. If you can find Bear River any one can direct you to
F. A. BURRAGE'S
where a complete assortment of foreign and domestic wools can be found including all the latest shades and designs in browns which lead this season

F. A. BURRAGE

Merchant Tailor, Bear River, N. S.

I have just opened a Dandy Line of

Men's Oil Tanned Boots

suitable for the coming muggy weather
Call and look them over prices Right
Anthony's 40 cent Tea
C. O. ANTHONY
BEAR RIVER

GROCERIES DRY GOODS HARDWARE BOOTS AND SHOES

Tobacco and Cigars
Drinks For Hot Weather
Kill the Bugs and Grubs
By using Bug Death, Paris Green or Arsenate of Lead
Fruits and Candies always in Stock
FRED SCHMIDT
BEAR RIVER, N. S.

Luxury vs. Missions

More than five billions of dollars for luxuries and only \$12,000,000 for Christian missions was the record of expenditures of people of the United States last year as given by Rev. Dr. W. B. Biederwolf, superintendent of the commission of Evangelism of the Federal Council of the Church of Christ in America, at the Bible conference at Baltimore, Maryland, the cost of some of the necessities of life, according to Dr. Biederwolf was: jewelry \$800,000,000; candy \$200,000,000; chewing gum, \$21,000,000; soft drinks, \$120,000,000; theatres, \$750,000; tobacco, \$1,200,000,000; millinery \$90,000,000; intoxicants, \$2,000,000,000.

The Skunk Industry

THE SKUNK.—The skunk brings annually to trappers of the United States about \$3,000,000. It stands second in importance only to the muskrat among our fur-bearing animals. The value of a skunk skin in the raw fur market averaged from about 25 cents to \$3.50 in December, 1913, and usually runs higher. In 1911 over 2,000,000 skins were exported to London alone. Although this fur is not very popular in America, Europeans favor it because it wears well and has a lustre which makes it rival the Russian sable in appearance.

TORTURED BY CONSTIPATION

"Fruit-a-lives" Cured Paralyzed Bowels and Digestion

ST. BONIFACE DR. SHAWINGAN, QUE. Feb. 3rd, 1914. "It is a pleasure to me to inform you that after suffering from Chronic Constipation for 2 1/2 years, I have been cured by 'Fruit-a-lives'...

MAGLOIRE PAQUIN "Fruit-a-lives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

Hoch, Der Kaiser!

(From the European Edition of the Herald.)

Der Kaiser auf der Vaterland Und Gott on high all things command. Ve two! Ach! don't you understand? Meinself-und Gott!

While some men sing der power di- vine, Mein soldiers sing der "Wacht am Rhein," Und drink der heat in Rheinisch wein. Auf me-und Gott.

Der's France dot swaggers all around, She's ausgepleit-she's no ag-round; To much we dinks, she don't amount; Meinself-und Gott.

She will not dare to fight again, But, if she would, I'll show her blain. Dot Elsass und (in French) Lorraine Are mein, (in Gott).

Der's cramm's dinks she's nicht schonn bier, Mit Boars and dings she interfere-She'll learn none owns die hesse-puter But me-und Gott.

She dinks, dot frau, some ship she's rot, Und soldiers mit der scarlet coat-Acht! Ve could knock dem-sent-like dot! Meinself-und Gott.

In dimes auf peace prepared for wars, I bear der helm und visor of Mars, Und care nicht for ten thousand Czars- Meinself-und Gott.

In short, I humor every whim, Mit aspect, dark und visor crim; Gott pulls mit me and I mit him- Meinself-und Gott.

-ANON.

Home is Where the Heart Is

To the mother who sits in the twilight alone There comes a deep sigh of unrest, Like that of a bird in the Fall of the year That sings to an empty nest. She sighs that the harvest of life is past.

That her work for the children is done, For the sweetness of life that ebbed slowly away, As they left her one by one.

With folded hands as the night comes on, She sits by the open door, Watching in dreams the faces aglow As she saw them in days of yore. There was Ned, the first-born, noble and true.

With his father's stature and face, And Alice, light-hearted, whose laugh sent a ray Of sunshine to every place.

Then Robert, the thoughtful, and Reuben his twin, And Ruth, the musician, whose sweet happy song And Henry, their studious boy, Filled the hearts in the home full of joy.

Then Bessie, the wee one, who ruled all the rest, With her innocent, winsome way, Twenty years she was "baby," but now she is gone— The bride of a week and a day.

"There are none in the home now but father and I," She moans in the deepening gloom— "The bright happy faces I see in my dreams Are but shadows about the bare room.

Soon we, too, will leave the once happy home For another that's brighter than this, There to gather the children back one by one In our arms for the good-morning-kiss.

Then a day like the old days, with the circle complete, Will dawn under heaven's bright dome. If we find when the archangel calls the long fall That Robert and Reuben, Henry and Ned, Ruth, Alice and Bessie so fair, Are gathered about us, ah, then we shall know It is home, for the children are there.

"What would be more than a man without a country?" feelingly asked the high school teacher of her class.

"A country without men," responded a pretty girl just as feelingly.

Flowers and Fruit in Cuba

(Montreal Witness.)

"At this season of the year, when our gardens are showing the fruit of our labors, when weeds are fairly well conquered, when flowers are in bloom and vegetables and fruit coming on finely, we can afford to take a little time to read and think about other gardens than our own. The following letter from one of our old friends gives us a glimpse of a climate where our problems of heat and frost are forgotten, and nature is the same year round. It is delightful to garden in, but lacks the wonderful variety of our seasons, and the invigorating and healthgiving cold of our winters. We would all enjoy a visit to Cuba, however, and are glad to hear of its attractions, but to most of us, 'East west, home's best,' and Canada full of more opportunities than we can take advantage of.

To the Editor of Gardening Department.

Dear Sir:—Being a member of the "Witness" family for over forty years, I am taking the liberty of writing to you for information about my wax plant, but do not know that botanical name, but send you a leaf, with others. It was grown from a slip from one in Trinidad, Cuba, that covered a wall, have had it about four years. The first year it grew well, vine about thirty inches or longer, bearing at short intervals from one to three fine bunches of little pink and white, wax-like flowers. It then began to cease growing and leaves turned quite yellow. Enriching the earth and working it in did not help it any. A few months ago, took it up found no worms; the end of the main or tap root was dead and cut it off to fresh root, repotted it in soil from creek bank, a mixture of fine, black muck and decaying leaves and wood, with a little fine sand, but apparently no clay constituent. It responded very quickly; leaves turned to a fine green color. Have always kept it well watered, washed and showered, but not to keep the soil soggy. Have it in a large, wooden flowerpot with plenty of drainage holes. It has not grown any more length of vine, but had two small bunches of flowers some months ago, and now the leaves are again turning yellow after some new ones had grown. The wax plant is a favorite with me.

THE CLIMATE FOR FLOWERS.

This is a delightful climate for flower gardening the year round; no cold frames, hot beds nor hot houses needed or used; no taking up of roots except for dividing or changing earth or location. In my eight and a half years' experience in gardening here, find it beneficial to have partial shade, a few tall trees with small, open tops,—to moderate the noon heat on occasional very hot days when the thermometer goes above the average of 85 degrees or 87 degrees (F.) and gets into the nineties, or even to 100 per cent. In the public parks and patios, private gardens in Cuba, ornamental shrubs, flowering and fancy leafed, are grown in endless variety, instead of so large a proportion of flower plants as are usually seen in Canadian gardens. This arises probably from the fact that when once set out, need little care year after year, as do with annuals, and here, never have frost or blighting winds.

GREAT VARIETY OF SHRUBS.

To a northerner, on his first visit to Cuba, the first sight of a well stocked park or patio is a revelation, beyond all his former conception, as to the great variety of shrubs, in forms, colors and brilliancy. If you ever visited this pearl of islands, you will endorse my words. There are many varieties of forest trees here of large size, that for more or less length of time, are so covered with brilliant colored flowers as to hide the foliage more or less. For ordinary parks these are too large but are usually to be seen at all good farm or ranch houses. Many varieties of the flowers, and shrubs grown in Canada are to be seen here, and do well, but all of our attempts to grow strawberries, blackberries, raspberries and gooseberries were failures, though the first-named are grown in some places. In my garden, have of flowers grown in Canada, fine roses, 5 varieties; zinnias, (8 to 10); oleus, (5); canna, (7); canary vine, (2); crysanthemums, (2); caladiums, (3); ox-combs, (2); ferns and moss ferns, (4); amaryllis, (3); marvel of Berg, (2); phlox, (2); sweet Williams, (2); balsams, (2); copaliba, (2); begonias, (2); verbenas, (2); and of one variety only, have cyperus, marguerite, madder vine, nasturtium, petunias, (white); pinks, tuberose, violets, geranium, etc., and some native lilacs.

BEGONIAS.

My tuberose begonia is very fine, measures 45 x 42 inches, and leaves the largest ones, 11 x 7 1/2 inches, and the bunches of flowers are fine, one is fully as long as a man's hand with fingers extended. The native wild begonia is small but pretty; mine is 23 x 23 inches, and trailing; leaves all green, flowers, lovely pink, white edged, stalk red, and at days in bloom. Have a fine native grape, here called the "para," self planted, with 40 or 50 bunches of grapes, from 7 to 9 inches long, are black and sour, like the wild grape in Ontario, make a fine wine grape juice. They grow very plentifully in the forests; often 75 to

100 feet of vine, much branched; the bulk of the stem is 6 to 8 inches diameter, sometimes more, but seldom bear. In my garden have some fruit trees, orange, citron, lemon, lime, pomegranate, fig, nectarine, cials, (cuban wild plum), mamaseva, banana, plantain, guanabano, name; anon, cocoanut, mangos, (6); aguacatti, (or alligator pear, one of the finest native fruits), (about 26 of them). These are all young yet; my first grown, some bearing now, are planted in one or both of my sons' farms; do no farming myself.

ONE SERIOUS DRAWBACK.

Our only serious drawback in gardening is the prevalence of the large ant called bibijaguas, (pronounced ve-ve-haw-ways); are very destructive, stripping the leaves from plants, shrubs, and fruit trees of many kinds; often clean a young tree or one 8 to 10 feet high in one night, carrying the cut up leaves to their underground nests, which are of great extent, often 10 feet or more across, and 3 to 4 feet high; one near here is 6 feet high. They can be exterminated by digging out, or using carbon bisulphide, or liberal use of coal oil, entailing considerable labor, and some expense. Our object in locating here, was mainly for coffee planting and saw-milling, there being much virgin forest on our properties. My two sons, have now planted on their own places over 20,000 coffee trees, setting out a few thousand each year; some now bearing. One son has a fifth interest in an adjoining property, with a Canadian company, on which they have probably over 100,000 coffee trees, nearly all bearing. High land Cuban coffee is ranked as equal in quality to any other grown elsewhere.

I came here in March 1906, bringing my two sons with me, not expecting to live long owing to increasing trouble from throat abscess, which I had for over 30 years, but it disappeared within a month after coming and have no return of it; never enjoyed better health than since living here, though I am within a month of 71 years of age; live alone in a little shack, but take my meals at my sons, close by.

We all love this country and climate, probably none other better, for comfort and health. Nearly all the year round is like your finest days in Summer. Before coming here I lived in Hastings County, Ontario, my native place, where I engaged in lumbering, then mining, most of my life. No part of the "Witness" interests me more than that on gardening. I have no books on the subject, for many years made clippings or copies of articles bearing on flowers, etc., and gardening, and now have several strap books of these, and all indexed, handy for reference.

Yours respectfully,

J. E. HARRISON

It is not possible to identify the wax plant without the flower, but from your description it seems probable that it is one of the many tropical or semi-tropical plants which require a season of rest. Possibly you have kept the soil too moist at that time and so thwarted its natural instinct to stop growing for a season. The specimens of variegated leaves enclosed are truly remarkable and must make a wonderful effect when entire shrubs are so colored.

It would be interesting to graft or bud good raisin grapes or some of our best hot house species on the wild stock, and see what could be done with them. There are few things more interesting than this branch of gardening.

PRUNING FRUIT TREES.

Summer pruning is a great practice that is of great value in inducing fruitfulness, yet sadly neglected by amateur growers. Pears, plums, and sweet cherries bear fruit very largely on short stunted growths, known as spurs, that form on the branches. The formation of spurs is helped by summer pruning, which is accomplished by shortening the side growths to such an extent that only five or six leaves remain. Smaller, secondary growths will subsequently develop, and they must be "stopped" after one or two leaves have formed. Summer pruning thus prevents much superfluous growth that would be cut off later, and is generally considered to aid the development of fruiting spurs. Peaches, nectarines, and morello cherries bear fruit chiefly on stems of the previous year's growth, so that instead of being shortened, the green shoots, or as many as there is room for, are tied in at full length to replace those that have produced fruit when the latter are cut out in late Summer or early Autumn. The green shoots of peaches and nectarines often become branched owing to the presence of secondary growths that arise from the base of the leaves; these should be cut altogether. At Summer pruning the leading shoots, those that extend the spread of the tree, are not interfered with; only the side or lateral growths are "stopped."

Sheep More Popular

Probably no branch of husbandry has ever risen more rapidly into a deserved popularity than has the sheep raising in Saskatchewan. The latest estimate gives the province approximately 30,000 sheep of which farm flocks constitute about 15 per cent, the remainder representing range flocks.

Waiting 70 Years For a Monument. Next year, being the seven hundredth anniversary of the sealing of the Magna Charta at Runnymede by King John, it is proposed to raise a fund for the erection of a memorial to Baron Robert Fitzwalter of Little Dunmow, Essex, the leader of the "army of God" who forced the king to concede the charter.—London Chronicle.

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria.

WHEN BUYING YEAST INSIST ON HAVING THIS PACKAGE. ROYAL YEAST. ONLY RICH MAY DARE. Average Man Meets the Privilege of Talking Poverty.

DECLINE SUBSTITUTES. RAIN BY WIRELESS.

Weather control—rain ordered for Monday, day after tomorrow—may be a wireless victory in the next generation.

Weather control—rain ordered for Monday, day after tomorrow—may be a wireless victory in the next generation. Now it is being and vision, not Sir Oliver Lodge, who is the rank of living scientists, thinks it not improbable and is busy working on this purpose.

Almost every one knows that wireless telegraphy works better by night than by day and has peculiar jumps of efficiency at times.

The total eclipse of the sun on August 17, 1914, in New York began to be a serious menace ten years ago, but in those days Egan had an hour or two to himself. Nowadays bombs are coming so fast he calls up the bureau of combustibles every half hour to let one of the three bosses know where he is.

EGAN, THE BOMB MAN.

No One Else on Earth Has a Job Just Like This New Yorker.

Owen Egan, an inspector of New York's bureau of combustibles, has spent, analyzed and destroyed over 5,000 bombs in nineteen years of un- interrupted and dangerous duty. He receives a salary of \$1,500 a year, and no one has ever offered to succeed him when he quits.

Very interesting is Capt. Bailey's account of the Dadas, a savage people of that region.

They are the wildest men I ever saw. They have never been of white people. They know nothing about India. They would not accept money for their honey; they appeared to be rather afraid of it.

What They Thought. The cartier brought a heavy load of coal to the doors of an English society lunatic asylum, and getting no answer to his ring, entered and strolled along the corridors.

Orthography of Shakespeare. Some interesting Shakespeareans appear in The London Record. It is well known that in Shakespeare's time orthography was little accounted of.

Revival of the Mustache. Is the mustache coming into fashion again? Five of this year's rowing crew for Oxford university wore decorations on the upper lip.

Women in Prison. The combined army and navy strength of the Latin American republics is Army, including total available strength, 3,600,000; navy, including all kinds of craft, eighty-four vessels, with personnel of 27,000 officers and men.

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Joker's Corner

An old lady was compelled to carry an ear trumpet with her wherever she went. Upon visiting a small church in Scotland not long ago she was watched very suspiciously by the sexton until she reached her seat.

An old Scotch woman was famous for speaking kindly. No sheep was so dark but she could discover some white spot to point out to those who could see only its blackness.

Among many amusing stories told by the Bishop of London at his own expense, is the following. On one occasion, when preaching in Westminster Abbey, he closed his eyes in order to concentrate his thoughts better on his theme.

"Patrick, you were on a bad spree yesterday," said a friend reproachfully. "Yes, sir, I was that," replied Patrick. "Bless me, if I wasn't jay in the gutter with a pig. Father Dunn come along an' looked at me, an' he says, says he—"

"One is known by the company he keeps." "And did you get up, Patrick?" "O' did you, but the pig did."

A story is told of a "printer's error" that once caused consternation in a country village. An arch in the church had become dilapidated, and a fund was started for its repair.

"You must have had a terrible experience with no food and mosquitoes swarming round you," said a friend to the ship-wrecked mariner, who had been cast away upon a tropical island.

"You just bet I had a terrible experience," he acknowledged. "My experience was worse than that of the man who wrote, 'Water, water everywhere, but not a drop to drink.' With me it was bites, bites everywhere, but not a bite to eat."

This school teacher concerns a little girl who could not grasp her lessons in geography. The teacher had tried various means to impart knowledge—all in vain, however, and as a last resource she one forenoon punished the girl. Perhaps the punishment "fitted the crime," but the girl's mother thought otherwise, and in the afternoon, she bounced into the school room, in quest of an explanation.

"She could not say her geography," was the teacher's bland answer to her inquiry. "Geography! I dinna ken geography, and I got a man! Oor Jean dinna ken geography, and she got a man! And there's you, who kens a' about geography—and you canna get ane at a'."

When the Right Hon. G. Ward Hunt was the First Lord of the Admiralty he had an amusing experience of which he loved to tell the story. One day he boarded a man-of-war at Plymouth, and desired to be shown over the ship, a duty which was cheerfully undertaken by a young midship in the absence of his senior officers.

When the tour was complete the visitor handed his card to the guide, with the words, "Young gentleman, you are a very smart youth indeed, a repository of very curious information. Will you add to your kindness by seeing that my card reaches your captain's hands?"

The old gentleman, walked away with a smile and a wave of the hand, may be left to the imagination.

Billousness. Is certainly one of the most disagreeable ailments which flesh is heir to. Coated tongue—litter taste in the mouth—nausea—dizziness—these combine to make life a burden.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

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Have You Bilious Attacks?

Chamberlain Tablets keep the liver right up to normal all the time—and that's why they are so effective in cure of Stomach Disorders, Fermentation, Indigestion, and all ailments which are the forerunners of biliousness.

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DOMINION ATLANTIC RY. "LAND OF EVANGELINE ROUTE". On and after June 29th, 1914, train services on this railway is as follows: Express for Yarmouth, 12.00 p.m. Blincoose for Yarmouth, 1.00 p.m. Express for Halifax, 2.00 p.m. Blincoose for Halifax, 2.00 p.m. Express for Annapolis, 3.00 p.m. Saturday only, 7.53 p.m. Express for Halifax, 4.13 a.m. Monday only, 4.13 a.m. Express for Halifax, 5.50 a.m. Express for Annapolis, 6.05 p.m.

Midland Division. Trains of the Midland Division leave Windsor daily (except Sunday) for Truro at 7.05 a.m., 6.15 p.m., and 7.30 a.m. and from Truro at 6.45 a.m., 2.30 p.m., and 12.25 noon, connecting at Truro with trains of the Intercolonial Railway, and at Windsor with express trains to and from Halifax and Yarmouth.

St. John - Digby. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE (Sunday Excepted). Canadian Pacific Steamship "YAR-MOUTH" leaves St. John 7.00 a.m. leaves Digby 1.00 p.m., arrives in St. John about 4.15 p.m. B. S. "St. George" leaves St. John 12.00 noon, arrives Digby 2.15 p.m., leaves Digby 2.45 p.m., arrives St. John 5.00 p.m. "St. John" with Canadian Pacific trains for Montreal and the West.

Boston Service. Steamers of the Boston & Yarmouth B. S. Company sail from Yarmouth for Boston after arrival of Express train from Halifax and Truro, daily, except Sunday. P. GIFFKINS, General Manager, Kentville.

TO ENGLAND BY THE S. S. "DIGBY". Monthly sailings from Halifax to St. John's, Newfoundland, and Liverpool. The "Digby" is one of the most popular ships in the Atlantic service. You get every comfort at minimum price. \$65.00 Saloon, 45.00 Second Class, 18.00 Saloon to St. John's, 12.00 Second Class. Next sailing at about September 26th. Make reservations at once.

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