

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO

AND BAY OF QUINTE CHI

ESTABLISHED 1841

BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1918.

MORTON Proprietors

Took Poison in Mistake for Rochelle Salts

New York, Dec. 4.—Major John F. Murtagh, U.S.A., stationed at Governor's Island, a former member of the New York State Senate, died at the Hotel Ansonia from the effects of poison taken in mistake for Rochelle salts. He became very ill early in morning and sent a bellboy to a drug store for the medicine. His death occurred a few hours later. Major Murtagh's home was in Bel...

Headstones Over Graves in France

Imperial War Graves Commission Describes Plans for Cemeteries.

London, Dec. 4.—The Imperial War Graves Commission, describing its plan for the maintenance of war cemeteries abroad, propose the erection of headstones of a uniform design which are to replace the temporary wooden crosses and the headstones. They will be 30 inches high and 15 inches wide. At the eastern end of the cemetery a great altar stone will be raised with broad steps. Each headstone will bear the badge of the soldier's regiment or other unit in metal, and a cross and an inscription bearing the name, rank, regiment, date of death, and next of kin will be permitted. A three-line inscription will be also allowed. The graves of non-Christian soldiers will be treated in accordance with their own religious beliefs.

Mrs. Fairbanks Ge's Divorce

New Rochelle, Dec. 4.—Mrs. Beth H. Fairbanks won an interlocutory decree of divorce from Douglas Fairbanks, moving picture actor, in the Supreme Court here Saturday. She was awarded the custody of their son, Douglas Fairbanks, Jr., eight years old.

Over 3,000 Victims Flu at Montreal

Montreal, Dec. 4.—In the recent epidemic of Spanish influenza 133,000 cases were reported from the city of Montreal to the Quebec Superior Board of Health, and 3,173 deaths from the disease were recorded in the city, according to a report issued by Dr. J. A. Beaudry, inspector-general for the board. For the whole province, exclusive of the city of Montreal, 479,535 cases and 9,228 deaths were reported.

3,621 Flu Victims.

Winnipeg, Dec. 4.—New cases of influenza reported to the local health officials totalled 123, while there were 12 deaths from the disease. Since the epidemic first started in this city, October, 3,621 citizens have died and 9,866 have been stricken down with the disease.

Dr. Coates Dies Result of Poisoning

A distressing affair took place at Caesarea on Sunday, Nov. 24th, when Dr. George A. Coates, V.S., passed away. At the inquest which was held at Blackstock, witnesses testified that Dr. Coates, who was a young man 39 years of age, died as a result of taking pills which poisoned his system. It was also stated that on Saturday while at his place of business in Port Perry he was noticed to be under the influence of liquor.

In London, a cable says, apples have been selling at the almost incredible price of 75 cents a pound.

It is sometimes easier to get what you like than to keep on liking it after you get it.

Opposes Any Form of Militarism; Wilson Leaves For Europe

Seas Safe Only Because Britain Rules the Waves, Roosevelt and Beatty Declare—Allies Divide German Black Sea Fleet—Allies Endorse Lloyd George's Plan to Make Germany Pay in Full.

GERMAN NAVY A BEAST SAYS BEATTY

LONDON, Dec. 4.—Admiral Sir David Beatty tells his sailors that the German navy is a despicable beast and still needs watching.

BRITISH NAVY GUARANTEES SEA FREEDOM

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Roosevelt says the freedom of seas is assured only by a big British navy.

TORONTO POLICE MAY STRIKE

TORONTO, Dec. 4.—The police will go on strike on Friday unless their union with the Trades and Labor Council is recognized by the Board of Commissioners.

\$25,000,000 FOR HOUSING OPERATIONS

OTTAWA, Dec. 4.—The government sets apart \$25,000,000 for housing operations.

MORE CANADIAN FILMS ORDERED

TORONTO, Dec. 4.—Film exchanges in Ontario are ordered to distribute more Canadian soldier and patriotic pictures and not so many Yankee ones.

TRAWLERS MAY BE LOST ON SUPERIOR

PORT ARTHUR, Dec. 4.—It is feared here that the trawlers Inkerman and Cerisola have been lost with all on board.

ALLIES DIVIDED GERMAN BLACK SEA

SEBASTOPOLE, Dec. 4.—The allied fleet of British, French, Italian and Greek war vessels have taken from the Germans ten warships including small craft in harbor here. The Russian Decavolia is now under the British flag. Five destroyers were apportioned among the Allies, the British taking two, the French two and the Italians one. Four submarines, all German were divided between the French and British. All the remaining warships and merchant vessels of German Black Sea fleet will be held here. There are about 11,000 German troops in the Crimea. They have requested permission to proceed to Germany by way of Trieste, so as to avoid repetition of an incident three weeks ago at Odessa where German soldiers were attacked by hostile citizens and some were killed.

ALLIES AGREE TO MAKE GERMANY PAY IN FULL

LONDON, (Tuesday)—All the nations represented at the interallied conference here today may be regarded as in agreement with the policy of Lloyd George as to compelling Germany to pay to the limit of her capacity. The Allied representatives were also agreed on a proposition of bringing to trial those responsible for the outrages on humanity during the war.

NEWSPAPER MEN IN CONFERENCE

TORONTO, Dec. 4.—Proprietors and managers of daily papers in smaller cities of Ontario are today meeting at the King Edward Hotel here to discuss measures to be taken to meet the ever upward increase of production of newspapers. Measures to meet this, possibly by increasing the price of newspapers and increasing the advertising rates will be put forward at the meeting today.

WILSON AGAINST MILITARISM

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Prior to President Wilson's departure today for Europe to attend

the peace conference it became known that he goes prepared against militarism in any form. The crushing of Prussian militarism was part of his plan for the future peace of the whole world, the president feels according to those persons who conferred with him on the transport George Washington before it sailed.

HEAVY EARTHQUAKE TODAY

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—A heavy earthquake was in progress today at 8.30 a.m., the Georgetown University observatory announced.

WHAT DOES KING THINK OF EX-KAISER?

LONDON, Dec. 4.—What does King George really think of his cousin, William Hohenzollern, the former German Emperor? That is the question that has been often asked, but has never received anything approaching an authoritative answer. According to a writer in The Daily News which is usually very careful as to the trustworthiness of what it prints, King George regards him as a "despicable beast" in the world today and that he has not only permitted atrocities to proceed but was in many cases personally an assenter to them and that for such a man no retributive penalty however severe would be undeserved.

PRESIDENT WILSON LEFT FOR EUROPE TODAY

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States sailed at 10.05 a.m. today on the transport George Washington, for Europe to participate as one of the five representatives of the United States to the peace conference to be held in France.

CROWN PRINCE DENIES HE HELPED TO START WAR

OOSTERLAND, Holland, Dec. 3.—"I have not renounced anything, and I have not signed any document whatever."

Frederick William Hohenzollern, who still claims the title of crown prince, thus answered the question of the Associated Press in the course of a lengthy conversation today which took place in the small cottage of the village pastor on the island of Wieringen, where he is interned.

"However," he continued, "should the German Government decide to form a republic similar to the United States or France, I shall be perfectly content to return to Germany as a simple citizen, ready to do anything to assist my country. I should even be happy to work as a laborer in a factory."

"At present everything appears chaos in Germany, but I hope things will right themselves."

"I was convinced early in October, 1914, that we had lost the war. I considered our position hopeless after the battle of the Marne, which we should not have lost if the chiefs of our general staff had not succumbed a case of nerves."

"I tried to persuade the general staff to see peace then, even at a great sacrifice, going so far as to give up Alsace-Lorraine, but I was told to mind my own business and confine my activities to commanding my armies. I have proof of this."

What finally brought about the downfall of the German military power, he declared, was a revolution induced by four years of hunger among the civilians and the troops in the rear, together with the overwhelming numbers being gathered by the entente powers since America's entry into the war.

LATEST

NEW ULTIMATUM SENT TO GERMANY DEMANDING FULFILLMENT OF AGREEMENT

LONDON, Dec. 3.—Events moved swiftly today to complete the allied victory over Germany and the Hohenzollerns. Of equal importance in London today are the decision to take drastic action against the Kaiser and the accepted belief that the allies must occupy Germany, including Berlin and Austria in order to enforce the armistice terms.

The press here inclines to be exultant in the probability of the occupation of Berlin and Vienna which is deemed necessary because of countless infractions of the armistice terms. While such information comes solely from enemy sources, the report that Marshal Foch has sent an ultimatum to Berlin demanding that Germany surrender the rest of the locomotives agreed to in the armistice is probably correct.

Marshal Foch sent a new ultimatum to the German armistice delegates demanding that Germany give up the rest of the locomotives agreed to, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Copenhagen transmitting advices from Berlin. Mathias Erzberger, leader of the German armistice commission, protested that it was impossible and asked for a respite. The ultimatum expired Monday forenoon with what result it has not been learned.

A Ruter despatch from Berlin today confirms the delivery of the ultimatum, the time limit of which is 24 hours. It says Mathias Erzberger, of the German armistice commission, offered to deliver all the locomotives as soon as they were repaired. The German newspapers, adds the despatch, point out that there is no hope of prolonging the armistice and that the allies will occupy Germany.

BORDEN CONFERS WITH LLOYD GEORGE

LONDON, Dec. 4.—Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada with other colonial premiers was engaged with premier Lloyd George and the members of the British cabinet today in long discussions regarding the dominions' attitude re permanent peace terms.

EARLIEST CANADIAN UNITS HOME FIRST

OTTAWA, Dec. 4.—That Canadian soldiers serving overseas will be brought home as units, by seniority of divisions and not split up in England and sent home by trades and occupations, as previously arranged was the information contained in a letter received from Major General Morrison, commander Canadian Artillery overseas. Militia department today agrees that this plan will be carried out as far as possible.

DEMAND ARREST OF VON HINDENBURG

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 4.—The Soldiers' and workers' congress at Leipzig has demanded that German general headquarters shall be dissolved and Field Marshal Von Hindenburg arrested.

Dr. Boyce Opens Wilson Inquest

Further Evidence to be Taken Next Monday into Victoria Avenue Fatality

Coroner Dr. Boyce last evening opened at Tickell's morgue an inquest into the fatal coasting accident on Victoria Avenue whereby Bertram F. Wilson lost his life. The jury is composed of S. T. Vandervoort, foreman, J. L. Simpson, E. T. Cherry, J. B. Perkins, W. S. Clarke, H. McGinnis, H. McKay and J. S. Peck. The jury viewed the remains and heard identification evidence offered by Mr. D. M. Farrell and Mr. J. L. Tickell and evidence as to the summoning of the jury by the Coroner's Constable, Mr. John M. Truesick. The inquest was adjourned until Monday evening next.

Life is compensatory to this extent: The man who is afraid of death is the one who isn't facing it.

RITCHIE'S

The Ideal Time and The Ideal Place To Do Your Christmas Shopping



Remember just 18 more shopping days before Xmas and as every day passes it will get busier at the Ritchie Store. The stocks now are replete with a countless array of Giveable and Practical Gift Suggestions—every department has made extra efforts to be in a position to serve you wisely and well this "Peace" Season. Shop Early.

See The Timely Handkerchief Display In The Centre Window

centre show window there are actually thousands of Handkerchiefs on display—Handkerchiefs in Dairy Gift Boxes from 45c to \$2.00 a box of three. Plain White and Colored Lawn at 12½c to 25c. Pure Linen Handkerchiefs 15c up to 60c and appropriate Handkerchiefs for the Kiddies, all kinds, all and prices, suitable for every sort of giving—see the timely showing and choose early and often at Ritchie's.

Silk Camisoles

A choice selection in Crepe De Chine, Jap Silk, Wash Satin, all prettily adorned with fancy lace and embroidery and displayed in shades of flesh, white, black, maize, etc., special \$1.95 to \$3.75

Silk Night Gowns \$4.50 to \$15.00

Perrin's Chamois Gloves

Very new for Xmas—Perrin's white or natural washable Gloves with cuff—a full range of sizes, priced \$2.00 pair

Ladies' All Wool Gloves—grey, natural, beaver, brown, black and white, very special at 75c pair

RITCHIE'S MENS STORE

Gift Giving Suggestions That The Mens' Store Brings to Your Attention



Right now the problem of what to give him is probably one of your chief worries. Naturally you want the gift to be of a practical nature and reflect the taste he'd exercise if he bought it himself. Our Men's Store is crowded with such Gift Things. Come in now while the selections are large and varied, and let us help you choose those "Men's" Gifts. We will be pleased to offer suggestions and show you the latest Christmas novelties.

The RITCHIE Co., Ltd

Christmas Novelties

Handkerchiefs
Fancy Collars
Gloves
Hosiery
Fancy Lingerie
Stamped Goods

MEN'S WEAR

Neckties
Gloves
Braces
Mitts
Socks
Underwear
Armlets
Garters
Mufflers

The Store is Full of New Goods

Wims & Co.

Belleville Boy Grew Potatoes

In Hun Prison Camp Unknown to the Huns—Three Bags From Potatoes Saved From the Sewer

Mrs. James Hudgins, 66 Dunbar street, has received a letter from her brother, George J. Thompson, who was a prisoner in Germany. He writes from Camp de Friedrichsfeld, near Wesel, in the Rhineland, as follows, under date of Oct. 15th:

"Well, sister, I thought we were going to have peace but we just heard tonight that Wilson has refused the offer. I am sorry for us fellows but not for the others as they deserve all they can get, and more. However, it can't last long, as they cannot stand it.

"I will tell you something about myself now. I am as well as ever and stand it better than a lot of the young fellows. I am very stout, but I have not the nourishment to back it up. I am lucky, I don't have to work hard. Roy smashed his big toe and is laid up. Our parcels and biscuits are coming very good lately, but you know what canned stuff is like. Roy and I work together in a sewerage place. Our work consists of pushing wagons loaded with manure out on the land, so you see how pleasant it is.

"Roy and I have saved the old spuds that came through the sewer last winter and planted them in the spring out where we dump the manure. So we got about three bags out of it on the quiet and they were good enough to last us all winter as we only have one meal a day, at night, for which we depend solely on parcels. We do not eat any of the Dutch stuff. We use our own tea or cocoa in the morning. We have two or three biscuits and tea or cocoa for our breakfast according to our supply and at noon we usually have cold boiled rice with jam or prunes, providing we have it. We also cook all our own stuff.

"Sunday is my worst time. We are closed in from Saturday until Monday and I find it harder on me than any time as I cannot sleep Sunday night through the confinement. But don't worry about me. I am as sound as a gold dollar and may be home sooner than expected.

"The boys all have the blues tonight on account of the bad news. My only bad habit now is smoking and I cannot do much of that as I have not got the food to back it up. Well, good-bye to everybody."

GRAND TRUNK APPOINTMENT

Mr. M. S. Blacklock, engineer, Maintenance of Way, Grand Trunk Railway System, announces the appointment of Mr. C. H. Tillett, as Acting Signal Engineer, with headquarters in Montreal. Mr. Tillett has held the posts of Chief Signal Inspector, Supervisor of Signals and Electrical Engineer with the Grand Trunk. He succeeds Mr. B. Wheelwright, who has been appointed Engineer of Maintenance of Way of the Grand Trunk lines in New England, under the United States Railroad Administration.

The best talkers are those who know when to stop.

It's a wise plan not to take even advice unless it belongs to you.

It is estimated that more than a million and a half prisoners of various nationalities have been released by the Germans.

Bruce Kincaide is Wounded

Mrs. W. Kincaide, of 32 Matilda street, Toronto, has just received word that her youngest son, Bruce, is wounded and is in England. Bruce went overseas with his brother, Stanley, in 1915 with the 23rd Battalion from Kingston. Bruce writes home as follows:

War Hospital Wilson, Reading, England, Nov. 13, 1918.

My Dear Mother,—
Just a few lines to let you know I am getting along nicely, as I suppose you have heard I have been wounded but it is not serious. I was wounded in three places and two of them are just healing up, although it will take my left arm a long time to heal as it is in the fleshy part. And to make it worse I was just transferred from the battery into headquarters with brother Stan when ill luck on the part of Fritzle parted us. Such were the horrors of the war.

It seems kind of strange being in England, as it is the first time since I was sent over, all the while being in France, and you can expect me home most any time in the next three months, as I will be in one of the first embarkations on account of being wounded.

You cannot imagine the joy in England when the news was wired that peace was declared. The people were so happy, some of them cried and others beat dishes through the streets while at night the searchlights spell peace in the air, it was simply wonderful.

It seems hard to have been in France for three years and ten days before peace was declared to get wounded. Hoping this letter finds you in the best of health and happiness and also a happy Thanksgiving.

Your beloved son,
Bruce.

Rush for Ocean Tickets

Four years ago scores of English women were left stranded in Toronto and other Canadian points when the order came restricting women from sailing from Canadian ports. This week this restriction was lifted for the first time, and among the applicants for passage to the Toronto office was a woman who left her two children with a sister at Liverpool whom she has not seen in four years. In her eagerness to return she forgot passports and other necessary documents.

No less than 100 women arranged for their transportation in the first four hours of lifted restrictions, and officials at the steamship offices believe the rush will increase. Although the ocean services advertised the fact that the ban had been lifted hundreds have probably not yet had their attention called to it. Applicants, it is expected, will run 200 per day for a while.

Establish Branch at Dashwood

Mr. F. S. Kent To Become Manager of New Office of B. of C.

Mr. F. S. Kent, accountant at the Belleville branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, will leave in a week's time to establish a branch at Dashwood, Ontario. Mr. Kent will be manager. He has been a resident of Belleville for five or six years and is held in high esteem in social and financial circles. The public will wish him every success in his new field and congratulate him on his well-earned promotion.

Hockey Club is Organized

Belleville to Have Intermediate and Juniors This Winter.
Belleville will have two hockey teams—Junior and Intermediate—this winter. Last evening the Belleville Hockey Club was organized under the following management:
Hon. President—William Carney.
Hon. Vice-President—Lt.-Col. H. R. Wilson.
President—Lt.-Col. E. D. O'Flynn.
1st Vice-President—George Graham.
2nd Vice-President—P. F. Brockel.
Sec. Treasurer—W. Green.
Manager—Ed. A. Thomas.
Trainer—Oscar Simpson.

The players will include some new men. A number of the eligibles are training three evenings per week at the Y.M.C.A. building.

Liberal Carries North Huron

Liberal Has a Majority of 1,208. Only 139 Less Than Both Conservatives Put Together—Strongly Supported by Farmers.

WINGHAM, Dec. 2.—After one of the most bitter factional political contests in the history of North Huron, Mr. W. H. Fraser, Liberal, a farmer of Morris township, was elected in to-day's by-election for the Legislature by a majority of 1,208. The total vote polled by Mr. Fraser was 3,090, only 139 less than the combined votes of his two opponents, Dr. T. E. Case, who had the Government endorsement, came second with 1,887, and Mr. George Spotton, the Independent Conservative was third with 1,842.

Was Peculiar Election
The election was peculiar in the fact that none of the candidates had a platform, and that the successful contestant, Mr. Fraser, held no meetings whatever during the entire campaign. He did not have the endorsement of Mr. William Proudfoot, K. C., M. P., the Opposition Leader, and all his efforts were concentrated on personal canvassing. The election of Mr. Fraser was largely due to the farmers, who compose a large part of the electorate in the riding although even in Wingham, the principal town in the constituency he polled a very considerable vote.

With the exception of the western end of the riding, the farmers almost solidly supported Mr. Fraser. He polled a larger vote in the six townships than Dr. Case and Mr. Spotton together. In his own township of Morris, where as a member of the Council for seven years, he had become favorably known, he received hearty endorsement, polling 520 votes. West Wawanosh in which Duggan, Dr. Case's home town, is located, and Ashfield, the adjoining township, polled large votes for the Government candidate. Many Liberals in those two townships supported Dr. Case on personal grounds. Elsewhere in the riding Dr. Case was but little known.

Was Strong in Wingham
The Independent Conservative candidate, Mr. Spotton, polled his largest vote in Wingham. This was to be expected as he has lived here for the last 15 years, has been Mayor twice and at present owns a business college. Mr. Spotton stamped the riding from one end to the other many times in the last few years for the Conservatives, and he was depending to a large extent on this acquaintanceship to elect him. At two polls in Ashfield township Mr. Spotton failed to get a single vote.

Prime Minister's Statement
Sir William Hearst last night gave out the following statement in reference to the result:
"The result is what was expected. In fact the Liberal candidate's majority is not any more than was anticipated. Mr. Spotton, the Independent Conservative candidate, was well known in the riding and carried on his campaign with considerable vigor. Dr. Case, on the other hand, was unknown in many parts of the riding and was not an experienced campaigner. A number of Conservative voters did not want to be mixed up in the quarrel and abstained from taking any part in the election. A very bitter spirit developed between the different factions of the Conservative party over the convention, and it was generally conceded while Mr. Spotton could not be elected if he remained in the field, he would draw enough votes from Dr. Case to render that gentleman's election impossible.

"The result is not pleasing to the Government. We had hoped that the expense and bitterness of an election might have been avoided at this time. The fact, however, that the combined votes of the two Conservative candidates exceeded the vote polled by Mr. Fraser would not indicate a lack of popularity on the part of the Government in the riding. As far as one could judge, had Mr. Spotton kept out of the contest, Dr. Case would have been elected by a satisfactory majority."

The seat was made vacant by the resignation of the sitting member, A. H. Masgrove, Conservative, who was appointed Postmaster of Wingham some months ago.

On the theory that a person is comfortable in cold weather if his feet be warm, a Virginian has invented a heater using charcoal or coke to be attached to horseman's stirrups.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT

CONDUCTOR SERIOUSLY INJURED

Disease in Frontenac Cattle

His Excuse
A Kingston man, who has not appeared in church since last spring, produced some splendid reasons. He was away in the country all summer, when he got back the health officer had closed the churches there, and when they opened he took sick.

Enforce the Use of Soft Coal
Orders have been received by the local fuel commissioners to have forms filled in of users of more than twenty tons of coal in all public buildings, including banks, churches, schools, etc. In these forms will be shown whether the furnace, or heating appliances, are adapted for soft coal. If soft coal can be burned it will have to be used, owing to the great shortage of anthracite coal.—Port Hope Guide.

Prospects for Skating Rink
There is every prospect that Tweed will have a skating rink this winter, which will be welcome news to all lovers of this health-giving exercise. Negotiations are on foot for the formation of a company to buy the old rink equipment, or purchase new and prepare the grounds. The long winter evenings cannot be spent by the young people to better advantage than participating in Canada's popular winter sport, and with the formation of a rink team we may look forward to a real live Tweed throughout the winter months. Last winter there was no rink in Tweed and the town was as blue as indigo, especially to the young people. We heartily endorse the movement and trust that the promoters will meet with the success they deserve.—Tweed Advocate.

Preston—Montgomery
In Toronto, by the Rev. Thomas H. Mitchell, of Old St. Andrew's Church, on Wednesday, Nov. 20th, 1918, Nursing Sister Frances Irene Montgomery, daughter of Mr. Geo. S. Montgomery, of Brockville, to Capt. Harold Ewing Preston, A.M.C., son of Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Preston, of Tweed Ont.—Tweed News.

Cattle Suffer from Black Leg
Cattle throughout Frontenac County are suffering from black leg, and Dr. G. W. Bell is engaged every day in vaccinating dairy herds. The disease first shows its presence by lameness in one leg, which is soon followed by swelling and it rapidly spreads all through the animal's body, resulting fatally within a few days. There is really no cure for this disease, but vaccination is used as a preventative measure and is pronounced a success. The animals should be vaccinated both spring and fall.

Mine Sold by Auction
Kingston, Dec. 3.—The land, buildings and machinery of the Big Dipper Mining & Milling Company were sold by auction at the Court House on a writ issued by Sheriff Dawson in favor of James S. Waldron and Adolph A. Thrum. The property consisted of 1,404 acres of land in the Township of Barrie, Frontenac County, and all the fixtures and appurtenances of the company. The mines on the property are said to be valuable but have not been on a paying basis for some time. They were knocked down to E. P. Huntington, of Potters County, Pennsylvania, a former director and manager of the company, for \$2,000.

Conductor Hurt in Wreck
While travelling at a high rate of speed Saturday morning at a point just below Bonar Law, the C.P.R. Montreal-Toronto train struck a broken rail and six coaches plunged into the ditch, only one turning over. Conductor Webb, in charge of the train, suffered a fractured shoulder

blade, the brakeman was slightly injured, and some of the passengers badly shaken up. Passengers from the wrecked train arrived in Peterboro about 9.30 Saturday morning and state that there was only the engine and sleeping car left standing on the tracks after the accident. Train No. 23 is a fast night train from Montreal and its destination is the C.P.R. station at North Toronto. It is usually composed of sleepers and one day coach.—Peterboro Review.

Was Reported Killed
Washington, Dec. 3.—The name of Captain Ward Ellis, Cobourg, Ont., appears in the American casualty list made public recently, as having been severely wounded in action. He was previously reported killed.

Balloon Thought to Be Found
W. G. McMurray, telegraph operator, Gilmour, Ont., has definite information regarding the location of the lost balloon for which Messrs. Bickle and Sergeant, two Americans, are searching. The balloon is said to have broken loose from its moorings at Akron, Ohio.

Release from Custody?
An effort is being made on the ground of ill-health to have a prisoner named Bergevin, sentenced to six months in the counties' jail for blind-piggling, released from custody.—Port Hope Guide.

Honor Roll

QUEEN ALEXANDER SCHOOL
Jr. Primary

Class D.—
Bruce Lattimer, Hilda Branton, Dorothy Worden, Winnie Dime, Doris Morey, Charles Rushlow, Billy Hem.

Class C.—
Frances Hill, Louie Yanover and Richard Dean equal, Gladys Wheeler Bernice Worden, Edith Hines.

Class B.—
William Jackson, Mabel Brown-Phyllis Walls, Norma Cook, Louie Marakas, Gladys Knott, Kitty Howie.

Class A.—
Norah Ely, Bertha Gilbert, Karl Smith, Clarence McBrien, Ettie Lowna, Ellen Siesons, Adam Dodds.
A. M. MacKay, Teacher.
Primer

Class I.—
Gladys Munnings, Clara Asseltine Robert Taylor, Reta Barry, Marjorie Moore, Archie Boyd, Ralph McAlpine, Clifford Gibson.

Class II.—
Emma Westlake, Eddie Turner, Gladys Clarke, Westfall Adamson.

Class III.—
Lum How, Robert McCullough, Margaret Sutherland, Alice Simpson, Earl Thompson.

Class IV.—
Eddie Wells, Grace Ablard, Lyman Mitchell, Allan Browning, Stephen Burrows, Irene Wells.
L. M. Aull, Teacher.

Belleville Carpet Bowling Club

The members of the above club met last evening for the purpose of playing one of their regular schedule matches and some very interesting play was witnessed, and although the form displayed was not of the highest order, a very enjoyable evening was spent. The teams were skipped by Mr. G. W. Kerr and Mr. P. K. Fisher. Mr. Fisher winning by 14 points. The teams lined up as follows:
Mr. P. K. Fisher, Skip, Mr. J. B. Kelley, Mr. P. Skinner, Mr. H. A. Lennox, Vice Skip, Mr. A. H. Brien, Mr. W. Parrish.
Mr. G. W. Kerr, Skip, Mr. H. B. Salsbury, Mr. B. O. Frederick, Mr. F. Naylor, Vice Skip, Mr. J. W. Robinson, Mr. G. G. Wood.
The final scores were 37 to 23 in favour of Mr. P. K. Fisher's team. After the schedule match was finished, a game was played by scratched teams, skipped by Mr. P. K. Fisher on the one side and Mr. H. Salsbury on the other. This match was more evenly contested and some sterling play was witnessed, the result being a win for Mr. Fisher's team by the very narrow margin of 1 point. The first score being 29 to 23 points.

Alleged Girl Spy

Detroit, Dec. 3.—Anne Dorin, employed at a Liberty motor plant here, was arrested and charged with violation of the espionage act in connection with the disappearance of plans for the airplane motor.



SINCLAIR'S

SINCLAIRS
Holiday Stock Aids In
Practical Xmas Giving

Gift Frocks That Appeal To Every Miss

The selection of a new Christmas Frock will occasion you no worry or tiresome searching if you visit this delightfully attractive showing of superior Misses' dress modes. There is a very youthful model in Blue Jersey Cloth, button or braid trimmed with a collarless neckline, priced at \$35.00. In Pussy Willow Silk there are many styles and colors. The new narrow skirt predominates. These priced at \$24.50. Another choice is a model in Navy Blue Serge, with narrow skirt and braided overskirt. Priced at \$27.50. Rather plainer yet no less smart are the models in Silk Poplin. The colors are many, brown being most popular.—priced at \$18.50.

Silk Scarfs
The newest wrinkle in styles is a Silk Scarf of contrasting color worn round the neck and tucked in at the belt of the coat. Silk Scarfs in a variety of colors and combinations 50c to \$4.00

Silk Hosiery
No gift will be more welcome than Crown Brown silk. Here, it's practical and there is the added advantage of unusual quality a pair \$1.65

Silk Poblins at 1.19 a yd

Many charming color tones are here in Silk Poplin of rare excellence. Its popularity and practical merit is indeed sufficient to place Silk Poplin at the head of appropriate Christmas Gifts.

Distinctive Blouses of Rare Beauty



The Christmas shopper will find a pleasing array of new Blouses to select from in this showing. All those little touches, which go to make a blouse different are very much in evidence. Blouses that button up snugly at the throat or those with round necks, outlined with beads or silk embroidery are very popular. The prices range from \$3.65 to \$17.50.

Juniors and Misses Should have Warm Winter Coats

Here are cozy Coats that will keep the young people in comfort out of doors. They button up so snugly and have big collars to keep out the cold winds. Excellently made and youthful in style are these Coats of Whitney Cloth, Wool Velour and Cheviot, sizes 13, 15 and 17 years. Prices \$13.50, \$17.50, \$18.50, \$23.50 and \$25.00

Choose Silk Undies For Gifts

They are so daintily made, the lace and embroidery trimmings breathe an air of charm and elegance, the materials are of fine texture—distinctly a practical gift and a pleasing one. Crepe De Chine combinations in White and Flesh \$2.50, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.65, \$6.50. Crepe De Chine Camisoles in White and Flesh \$2, \$2.25, \$2.50 and \$3.00. Crepe De Chine Nightgowns \$6 and \$16.50; Crepe De Chine Bloomers \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50

Beautiful Christmas Linen

We know you will be specially interested in our Christmas Linens as they are more than usually beautiful. John Brown and Sons' pure Shamrock Table Linen, Napkins, Runners, Centre Pieces and Maderia sets make a most attractive showing. We doubt if another store in Central Ontario could make such a display. See our Linen display in the North Show Window.



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Priest Approves as Champion

Hon. Dr.

Rev. Fr. Minnehan, of
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The young man who enjoys wearing clothes with life worked into them can be suited here. Our Fall Suits for Young Fellows are handsome and smartly tailored — they have the distinctive "swing" and "hang" Young Men like!

\$18, \$20, \$22, \$25 and \$28

We've chosen these garments from the production of the most noted Tailors of Young Men's Clothes! We're Young Men's Clothes Specialists! We ask Young Men who have clothes ideas of their own to call to see our showing of exclusive clothes.

Quick & Robertson
Clothes Specialists for Men

EXPLAINING MISCONCEPTIONS REGARDING VOCATIONAL TRAINING

The most important man, and the man who will need most attention during the next few years is the returned soldier. Here in Canada there will be a quarter of a million men who will return home, and will have to be re-established in civil life. Of these there will be many who will be able to resume their former occupation, but large numbers, disabled in body or mind, will have to be re-fitted or re-equipped before they can be returned to civil occupations. This work of re-education is in the hands of the department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment, and their work is of such interest that inquiries are constantly being received as to their programme. These inquiries are often so worded as to indicate fundamental misconceptions of the Vocational Branch.

The programme is divided into two distinct classifications. One is industrial re-education and the other is occupational therapy. How totally different these two branches of vocational training are may be gathered from the fact that the United States, which copied the Canadian system very closely in its legislation, placed them with two totally different departments of the government. Occupational therapy will be carried out by the surgeon-general's department and industrial re-education by the federal board for vocational education.

Industrial re-education was established as a means of saving disabled men from being a dead loss, both to themselves and the country. It is intended for disabled men who are so handicapped by their disabilities that they cannot return to their former occupations. There is no desire to take all the square pegs in the army and to fit them into round holes for the sheer fun of changing things all around. Round pegs which have been squared by the scars of war are unfortunate in having to be re-adjusted to holes of another shape, but the re-establishment organization is efficiently doing that work. Be it said to the credit of young Canada, that of nearly five thousand men who have been found in need of occupational re-education to enable them to maintain themselves and their families as independent, self-supporting citizens, only three hundred refused the opportunity offered them.

In the United States also there seems to exist a great misconception of the work of the civil re-establishment and re-education department, and that department, like the Canadian one, is often beset with inquiries. In an issue of the Vocational Summary, there appears an answer under the heading of "Clearing Up a Point." It explains exactly the same situation as that which confronts the Canadian authorities. It says: "There appears to exist in the minds of many people a total misconception of what vocational re-education really is, as applied to disabled soldiers and sailors. The federal board for vocational education, which is charged with the duty of re-educating the injured

men, is constantly receiving communications from people who have this, that or the other supposed art or craft which is offered as being just the thing to teach the poor, dear, wounded soldiers. These suggestions run all the way from making paper flowers, and gliding pine cones, to constructing alleged ornaments out of nutty. The authorities do not intend to teach any such rubbish. The education to be given will, in the main, be in highly specialized occupations, which are good paying, recognized and manly callings, which have a definite, useful place in the business world and a steady demand for such work or the products thereof.

Success of Prayer Meetings

The cottage prayer meetings which were held last evening for the purpose of special prayers for a revival of christian activity in our city proved a splendid success. In Murray ward the meeting was held at the residence of Mr. R. B. Wiseman. It was well attended and the Friday night's meeting will be held at the residence of Mr. George F. Stewart, Commercial street.

The services for Bleeker and Baldwin wards were held at the residence of Mr. E. A. Ridley. There was a splendid attendance and the Friday night meeting will be at the residence of Mr. Arthur Marsh, 295 Albert St.

In Ketcheson ward the meeting was held at the residence of His Honor Judge Deroche corner of Campbell and Church streets. The meeting for Samson ward was held at the residence of Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, east Bridge street and the meeting for Friday night will be held at the same place.

In Foster ward the meeting was held at the residence of Mr. E. M. Flack and on Friday night the meeting will be held in the same place. There was a good attendance at all of the meetings and the christian people from the different wards are taking a splendid interest in them. The meetings are held at the request of Rev. Dr. J. E. Honeywell who is expected here in January to conduct special services for the month.

Constable Ellis Enters Business

Police Constable George J. Ellis, who has been a faithful police officer of the City of Belleville for the past six years, tendered his resignation last evening to Chief Newton, to take effect the end of the month. Mr. Ellis has purchased the fishery business of Mr. William Day and intends to devote the most of his attention to this. He has been an excellent police officer, having been very successful in detecting crime. Doubtless his business success will equal that as a police officer. He will be greatly missed by his comrades.

Electric Power in Moira River

A short time ago Mr. W. C. Mikel directed the attention of the citizens of Belleville, through the press, to the power possibilities of the River Moira. Few seemed to have thought that the river which raged in torrents in the Spring frightening people and destroying property and almost dried up in the summer, was capable of a uniform flow every hour of the day during the whole year, and from an engine of destruction could be changed to a source of great benefit to the community. In these days when industrial success depends so much upon power the fullest investigation should be made of the Moira River.

We understand the President of the Board of Trade has asked Mr. Mikel to lay before the Board at its next meeting on the 10th of December the information he has as to the Moira power. This is a question of so much importance to the community that the meeting should be open to any citizen whether he is a member of the Board of Trade or no.

The Minister of Agriculture is calling upon farmers and live stock

\$1.98

36 Pairs Ladies' high-grade cloth top lace and button boots.

Regular price 5.00 and \$6.00, sizes 2 1-2 and 3. Only **\$1.98** while they last.

Haines Shoe House
Belleville Napanee
Smith's Falls

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We Are Ready For The Xmas Rush

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DAINTY BLOUSES Voile Blouses \$1.50 to \$7.00 Crepe Blouses \$4. to \$8.50 Georgette Blouses at \$6.00 to \$9.00. Wash Satin Blouses at \$5.00	FANCY COLLARS A great variety of fancy Collars at 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 up to \$2.50. FANCY PILLOW CASES Hemstitched and embroidered Pillow Cases at 50c, 60c, 75c, \$1.00 each. FANCY CRASH TOWELS A good assortment of white Crash Towels with colored borders at 75c, 90c and \$1.00 each. HANKERCHIEFS A big assortment to choose from at 10c to 75c. Box Handkerchiefs at 40c to \$1.
WOOL SETS A large variety of Wool Sets, Scarfs, Caps, etc. Wool Sets at \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50. Scarfs at \$1.25 and \$1.50. Caps at \$1.00 and \$1.25. Wool Clouds at 50c, 65c, and 75c. Wool Spencers at \$2.00, \$2.75 and \$3.00. Sweater Coats at \$5.50, \$8.50, \$10.00 and \$11.50.	GLOVES Cashmerette Gloves at 40c. Silk Gloves at 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Chamoisette Gloves at \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Earle & Cook Co.

s Giving

Only three weeks to Christmas. Have you yet decided what it shall be for them? Be it father, mother, sister or brother nothing is more appropriate and practical than some article of fur.

For men we suggest fur lined gloves and mitts or a nice fur cap, ranging from \$5.00 to \$28.50.

For ladies we suggest a nice fur set, coat, cape or coat, ranging from \$10.00 to \$425.00.

We invite your inspection.

J. T. Delaney
Manufacturing Furrier
17 Campbell Street

At the present time we have a full stock of

Fancy Colored Wool s

for Pullovers and Sweaters. We also have a full stock of slipper cottons in all colors for slippers, pullovers and sweaters. Now is a good time to get what you require.

(The Beehive) CHAS. N. SULMAN

man to maintain their operations on the war-time scale.

The population of Vienna is in a desperate condition for want of food. Soup kitchens are feeding ten thousand men, women and children daily.

Frank McCullough, alleged murderer of Acting Detective Frank Williams, will come for trial before a jury at the present Assizes in Toronto.

Priest Appears as Champion of Hon. Dr. Cody

Rev. Fr. Minnehan, of Toronto Answers Attacks on Minister.

SENTIMENT PROMPTED RETENTION OF PULPIT

Attitude of Canadian Baptist Held To Be "Fanatically Narrow."

Toronto, Dec. 3.—Hon. Dr. Cody, Minister of Education, has a defender from an unexpected source in the campaign waged against him by the Canadian Baptist, the official organ of the Baptist Church in Canada, for retaining the pastorate of St. Paul's Church while Ontario's Minister of Education. This defender is Rev. Father Minnehan, the noted Roman Catholic divine, pastor of St. Vincent De Paul Church, Toronto.

Father Minnehan contends that Dr. Cody only retains the rectorship of his church in an honorary capacity and in this case, he says, the connection is maintained not out of any desire for gain, but for sentimental reasons, honorable alike to the Minister and his former congregation.

"Fanatically Narrow."

"The Baptist organ, in its zeal for the complete separation of church and state, is fanatically narrow, and as invariably happens in such cases, inconsistent. We do not wish the state to take sides with us, or the denomination to discriminate in favor of any one creed, but we do expect the state to give every opportunity to all creeds to bring out, without trammel, their best. To ignore religion is by the very fact to be hostile. He that is not with me is against me" is supremely true of the attitude of the state to religion. Indifference is reason. The non-religious state is agnostic, and as such is arranged with the foes of religion."

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Answers Toronto Star.

Referring to the suggestion in a Toronto Star editorial that there would be a tremendous outcry throughout Ontario if Rev. Dr. Minnehan had retained his pulpit if he had been chosen Minister of Education, the pastor of St. Vincent de Paul says:

"I agree with the Star that, under the circumstances mentioned, there would be an awful howl. But I maintain that this howl would prove nothing save Ontario's mentality." To that howl Dr. Minnehan answers: "The people of Ontario have a right to demand results from me. By those results I stand or fall. They have no right whatever to say beforehand that I cannot do this or that. A Minister of Education might undertake to write a book. This would be a greater drain on his time and vigor than the work of an honorary pastorate. Yet, it would be an act of impertinence to tell him that he must not write a book whilst he is Minister of Education."

Away With Suspicion.

"But writing a book is different from holding a pastoral charge. The latter is open to the suspicion of injecting clerical influence into civic affairs. Yes, the suspicion, but the sooner we get rid of suspicious and fix our minds on results the better for the true interests of this province. Hon. Dr. Cody will be scrutinized twice as keenly because of his retention of an honorary pastorate. The Canadian Baptist will have an unfeeling theme to fall back on in dull times. For that reason it ought not to press its present campaign too far."

An Oil That is Priced Everywhere

Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil was put upon the market without any flourish thirty years ago. It was put up to meet the wants of a small section, but as soon as its merits became known it had a whole continent for a field, and it is now known and prized throughout this hemisphere. There is nothing equal to it.

One merchant told us this morning that he would be delighted to have freight delivery by aeroplane. At the present time it is almost impossible to receive the goods by rail.

SCHOOL BOY LOST LIFE IN SLEIGH RIDE DOWN HILL

Bertram F. Wilson, Aged 12 Years, Victim of Shocking Accident Last Evening on Victoria Avenue

A most shocking fatal accident occurred last evening at 7.30 at the corner of Pinnacle St. and Victoria Avenue, when Bertram Frederick Wilson, aged 12 years and 11 months who was riding down the Bank of Montreal hill on the roadway on a sleigh ran into a motor vehicle driven by Mr. Wm. Gilbert, a local baker. He passed away in Belleville Hospital at five o'clock this morning. Dr. W. W. Boyce, coroner, will open an inquest at seven o'clock this evening at Messrs. Tickell and Sons Company's morgue. Bertram F. Wilson who was the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wilson, 28 Great St. James Street, was with two other boys, Wm. McLeod, 73 Mill Street and Clarence McCoschie, 44 Great St. James Street, enjoying coasting on the hill on Victoria Avenue on the roadway north of the Bank of Montreal building. About 7.30 young Wilson happened to be riding down the hill, making a noise as all boys do when coasting. He was on the north side of the road. A motor driven by Mr. W. Gilbert came up Victoria Avenue from

Front Street. The boy apparently saw it and as his sleigh reached the G.T.R. track he seemed to turn to the left side of the road a little but then hesitated and turned back to the right. When about ten feet from the curb in front of the Victoria Ave Baptist Church he collided with the right wheel of the car. An eyewitness says the car was not speeding at all. Mr. Gilbert brought the machine to a dead stop, the front wheel resting on the boy's thighs. His head was injured between the right and left wheels seven and a half feet from the sidewalk at the Baptist Church corner. Mr. Albert Blackburn who happened to be a witness of the accident ran to the lad's assistance and with Mr. Gilbert took the injured boy into Dr. Boyce's surgery office, on Victoria Avenue. Dr. Boyce made an examination and was satisfied that the case was very serious and had the boy moved to the hospital in the ambulance. Both thighs were fractured badly and in one case the bone came through the flesh. There was also a severe scalp wound. At the hospital he was given every at-

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO.

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One year, post office box or gen. del. \$3.00
One year, to U.S.A. \$3.50
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H. H. Morton, Business Manager. J. O. Herby, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1918.

MONEY AND MORAL OBLIGATIONS

A prominent American journalist, just back from Europe, declares that because of the stupendous financial obligations of Great Britain and France to the United States, Mr. Wilson will hold the leading cards at the peace meeting, and will so deal them as to dominate the conference and dictate the new world policies. We do not believe this is the mood in which the President is going to Paris nor that it represents the sentiments of the American nation as a whole. Assuming such a position would indicate an absence of that tact and sound business judgment upon which America has based much of its wonderful commercial and financial success. American knows that London and Paris are good for the debts, no matter how many billions are involved. To antagonize these two great powers by selfishly using a temporary financial embarrassment as a club would be a great folly. No banker acts in that fashion towards a borrower whose resources are unlimited and who can be depended upon to liquidate the loan to the last cent.

But if obligations are to be used as pawns at the peace conference what of the moral obligation towards Great Britain and France which rests upon the United States? Clear-thinking Americans recognize now from what they were saved by the valiant Allied armies and fleets during the first three years of war. It seems hardly necessary to point out at this late day that Great Britain and France were fighting America's battle quite as much as their own. Had the Hun in that first mighty sweep overcome the Allies the United States could not have escaped agreeing to conditions that would have been humiliating. The unpreparedness of the American nation would have made them an easy victim for the Kaiser and his war lords and brought on long years of agonizing warfare. If such an obligation as this were convertible to figures compared to that debt the billions loaned Great Britain and France would appear trifling and pikerish. One of the things that culture sought to destroy was the necessity of meeting moral obligations. President Wilson and the Washington Government will not brush it aside in order to secure a diplomatic advantage. That would be too Hun-like.

THE AWAKENING OF CANADA

It must be a matter of considerable pride to all Canadians to know the high estimation in which they are held by the American people. Canada's record in the war is held up as an enviable one, indeed. Here is a fair sample of the comments made. It is taken from the Public Bulletin of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States:

The people of Canada have found themselves. Their extraordinary resourcefulness and achievements in supporting the cause of the Allies have astounded the world. The courage and spirit of sacrifice of the Canadians and the valor of their troops can only be characterized as glorious. But this was to be expected. The surprise came in the economic field.

The population of Canada is about seven millions and the people are thinly scattered over a vast territory.

While there had been but little development in manufacturing, the people were joggling along happy and prosperous, chiefly engaged in agriculture.

Suddenly they were called upon to raise not only a large number of soldiers, but large sums of money to equip them and to loan to the mother country.

The suggestion of the first loan of 50 million dollars almost staggered them, but their total loans to the Government now aggregate more than one billion dollars.

Thus an idea may be gained of the extent of their awakening and of the magnificent effort which they have put forth, and also of the unshaken confidence they have in their economic future.

High prices for necessities, constantly increasing taxes, the diversion of labor from farms and commercial activities to war service, have no terrors for them. The fact that they have developed ship building and manufacturing to an extent that has enabled them to take close on to two billion dollars in war orders and to increase to an extraordinary extent their foreign trade indicates their remarkable advance.

The record of the achievements in production and finance as well as in their marvelous military accomplishments indicates clearly that every Canadian must be working to his full capacity—a lesson which Americans may well profit by.

They have shown a noble and inspiring devotion to principle demonstrated by extraordinary personal sacrifice and physical effort. And every one of them may be assured that their resourcefulness, their war endurance and the glorious efficiency of their soldiers are matters of sincere pride to their brothers across the border.

How sweet is the thought of hardships valiantly endured after victory has been achieved. Three hundred thousand people in Strasbourg rejoice over the entry of the French and publicly proclaim that "such a spectacle repays all our sufferings."

The mental make up of the Prussian continues to amaze. It is a bizarre and wonderful thing that has never been equalled and will never be surpassed. Dr. Sol's latest is a vivid example of it. He declares he does not understand why the Allied nations will not believe him when he says that Germany is starving. Why, he asks, should the word of himself or his colleagues be questioned. If he really expects Germany's leaders to be trusted after four years of the most stupendous lying, deception and trickery in the history of international affairs his is indeed a mentality that requires the attention of a battalion of alienists. Much more likely is it the same old brazenness that no humiliation or humbling seems to shake from its hold on the Prussian mind.

It need hardly be pointed out that if the world is inclined to brand any statement of the German leaders as a falsehood, Germany is herself to blame. Germany has not had the slightest regard for the truth. Pacts and treaties that to others have been sacred have been to Germany but "scraps of paper." She has lied and deceived at every turn. Now that she is walling for food is it not natural that the humane nations of the Entente alliance fear another Prussian trick?

There is but one way in which this matter of food for Germany can be settled, and that is by a thorough investigation made by experts of the Allied governments. That well-poisoning, hospital-bombing, word-breaking band of murders and thieves are no more to be trusted now than before Foch hammered them into submission.

RAID ON THE TREASURY

The Premiers came down like the wolf on the fold, Their object was farm lands, and forests, and gold;

Sir Thomas they tackled both early and late, To make him disgorge the rich assets of state.

Each one was supported by colleagues galore, For dignity must be upheld, and, what's more, If you hold sweets of office, why surely, 'tis meet To travel the land with an official suite.

There was Murray, the vet'ran from down by the sea, And Foster, much younger, scarce forty and three, There was Gouin, the pride of the French-speaking race, And Martin, the handsome of figure and face.

There was Stewart, the ruler of Alberta's plains, A Scot who knows well to come in when it rains,

There was Oliver, Norris, and one or two others, United to fight, like the Corsican brothers.

But 'gainst this strong force Sir Tom was dug in He was camouflaged well, and he thought it no sin,

To meet the attack with most skillful evasion, And leave the result as an unsolved equation.

They are gone, these fine men from the east and the west, And they do not know yet the result of their quest,

But this fact emerges, I tell you it's true, The Chateau was richer before they got through

Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1918. —A. T. Thompson

OTHER EDITORS' OPINIONS

SOCIALISM IS A WORSE CURSE THAN CZARISM TO RUSSIA

Socialism has made it impossible for patriots in the classes to secure a \$10,000, \$20,000, \$30,000, \$40,000 or \$50,000 per annum income in Russia. Socialism has made it equally impossible for plebeians in the masses to secure a \$10 per week income in Russia. Poor Russia is the victim of crude and crooked attempts to translate the profundities of Socialistic literature into the facts of industrial economic and other phases of national life.

Russian Socialism has proved itself more blood-thirsty and murderous than czarism. The Reign of the Red Flag is associated with more hunger and starvation than the reign of the Grand Dukes ever produced. The conqueror who "made a solitude and called it peace" was no greater moral failure than the Russians who make a chaos of hunger, murder and starvation, and call it Socialism. Socialism has achieved more than czarism ever could achieve in the destruction of industry and the wreckage of agriculture. Socialism has made Russia more than ever a land of poverty and starvation for everybody save Socialist leaders. These patriots steal themselves rich out of the revenues of the country and coin the miseries of the people into money themselves.—Toronto Telegram.

NURSES ARE BORN, NOT MADE

"All women are not nurses and all nurses are not women," was the comment of an English soldier who had been particularly fortunate in doing repeated bits at the various hospitals behind the lines. "This idea that any individual of the female sex has only to slip on a nurse's frock and a kerchief with a red cross on it to become a Florence Nightingale, is one of the many illusions the chronic hospital patient soon finds is all mirage. Nurses are born, not made, as surely as are non-commissioned officers and army cooks, and it makes no difference how pretty you appear in your hospital uniform; if you haven't the healing touch you'll never be a nurse even if you do look an angel or a soap advertisement in that photo to you had taken of yourself."—New Orleans Times-Picayune.

WAR CHANGES THE WORLD

The world can never be the same. Ambitions and jealousies will still continue. Unscrupulous men will try to play the same old game and use the nation to promote class ends. But a definite advance has been made. Democracy does not lend itself to the persistent plotting for aggression which is possible for autocracy. The plain man will have far more to say regarding his government throughout the politically undeveloped countries of Europe than ever before. The war has vindicated his right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness where before he was the pawn of privileged interests.—Kansas City Star.

THE EXCEPTION

The red-blooded male of every species much above the starfish protects the female. When the Kaiser and the crown prince ran away and left the empress on a sick-bed and the princess nursing her, they set a new example of anthropoidal degeneracy.—Brooklyn Eagle.

INTERNATIONAL LAW NO HELP TO THE HUNS

"Bunk, bunk, bunk." is a lawyer's colloquial dissection of Lord Robert Cecil's latest exposition of international law. "It's a dream," is the same lawyer's word of comment on Lord Robert Cecil's continuance in argument to the effect that international law will not permit the extradition and execution of William Hohenzollern and his associate malefactor.

International law did not prevent the arrest and exile of Napoleon Bonaparte, first to Elba, and then to St. Helena.

International law cannot be perverted into a shelter for murderers and ravishers and torturers a thousand times more deserving of death than a thousand Napoleon Bonapartes could ever be.—Toronto Telegram.

STIRLING

Winter seems to have come right on time but the farm work is pretty well "caught up," so this section is ready for the cold season. With the advent of the cold weather the ravages of the "Flu" will be stopped. Several homes in Rawdon have been afflicted lately. The eldest son of Mr. Wilson Harlow being a victim. He was ill only about one week; was in running their farm. He was of a quiet unassuming disposition and always at home on the job. The funeral was held Saturday, 30th ult., in Stirling cemetery. His mother, Mrs. Harlow, has been very ill with the same disease, but is reported better this morning. There are others in the same section, but all are reported as improving.

On short notice, a good reception was accorded Lieut. Bryson Donnan on his arrival by the Saturday evening train. He was accompanied by his English bride and a hearty welcome was extended to them by the various speakers who addressed the crowd assembled on the square at Morton's corner. Lieut. Donnan won his commission in the field.

The Anniversary services in the Methodist church were largely attended yesterday. The preacher of the day was the Rev. Mr. Archer, of Brighton, who gave two very thoughtful and instructive discourses. The choir were out in full force and rendered some good selections, introducing new features for an evangelistic church, but at the same time not at all objectionable.

Mr. Ramsey, of John street Presbyterian church, Belleville, preached in the afternoon in St. Andrew's church, here. He was also engaged in holding Anniversary services in the Presbyterian church at West Huntingdon.

The Rev. J. T. Hall took Mr. Ramsey's services for him at John St. church on Sunday.

Mr. Fred Thrasher and wife, who have been residing in the West, are visiting relatives and friends at and near Snel.

Mr. Cyril McMullen, son of Wm. McMullen, 2nd line Sidney, of the C. E. F., was visiting relatives here and in Rawdon last week.

VICTORIA

Church was well attended on Sunday; very glad to see our minister out again after a severe attack of "flu." No church next Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Bush and Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Brickman motored to Stirling on Tuesday last.

Miss Vera Brickman has returned to Belleville after a two weeks' stay at home owing to a severe cold.

Mr. and Mrs. G. French and Mr. and Mrs. Hubbs are visiting at W. Hubbs' for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Weese visited Trenton on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Brickman and son of Allisonville, visited at Mr. D. Calnan's on Sunday.

Rev. Mr. Sharp took dinner at C. Brickman's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Brickman and Mrs. E. A. Trumpp's on Thursday last.

Miss Vera Brickman spent the week-end visiting Miss Marie Weese at Albany.

REDNERSVILLE & ALBURY

Miss Vera Brickman, of Victoria, spent the week-end with Miss Marie Weese.

Miss Minnie passed away Saturday noon, at the home of her brother, Mr. Bert Russell.

Mr. W. C. McDonald and son, Manly, of Point Anne, spent Monday afternoon with Mr. E. W. Brickman.

Miss Etta Mary Brickman spent Sunday under the parental roof.

RICH RED BLOOD RESISTS INFLUENZA

Its Victims Are Largely Among Weak, Anemic People.

In the epidemic of la grippe, or influenza, that has swept over Canada, in common with the rest of the world, it has been noticeable that its earliest victims were the thin-blooded anemic people whose power of resistance is greatly weakened because of the watery condition of their blood. When a person is strong, hearty, able to enjoy a brisk cold day, chills and infections are set at defiance. But when the system is run down, when the nerves are shaky and the blood watery, the germs of influenza are quick to seize their opportunity. It is therefore good policy to keep the blood always rich, red and strong, and the nerves well nourished by the use of such a reliable tonic as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. People who take these pills from time to time are usually able to resist colds, influenza and other ailments, and enjoy good health while many about them are weak, ailing and miserable.

To those who have been attacked by influenza, the after effects are more dangerous than the attack itself. They are left at the mercy of relapses and complications. There is a persistent weakness of the limbs, shortness of breath at the least exertion, poor indigestion and a tendency to take cold easily. This condition will persist and will grow worse unless the blood is built up and the shattered nerves strengthened. For this purpose there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. From first to last these pills make new, rich, red blood, which reaches every organ and every nerve in the body. Thus the lingering germs are driven out, the appetite is improved, and the despondent victims of influenza are transformed into cheerful, healthy, happy men and women. If you have passed through an attack of influenza you will find Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the one thing needed to restore you to full health and strength. If the trouble has passed you, you can further strengthen yourself against its insidious advance by the use of this same tonic medicine.

Medicine dealers everywhere sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or you can procure them by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

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Rouquet Cheese —Jars 25c

At Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Cream Cheese, Jars 30.
Dill Picklestins 30c
New Standard Green Peas 15c
Chili Con Carne . . .20c & 30c
New Season's Pumpkin . . . 2 tins 25c
Chateau Baked Beanstins, 18c & 30c
Smoked Sausages . . .tins, 25c
Canned Beef Hash . . .tins, 20c
Beefsteak and Onions, tins 30c.
Fancy Molasses in tins15c, 18c & 30c.
Spaghetti, Cheese and Tomato 15c & 25c.
California Prunes . . .tins 30c.
Plum Puddings . . .25c & 45c.
CHRISTMAS FRUITS.
SPICES, NUTS, EXTRACTS.
At Wallbridge & Clarke's.
Food Board Licenses 8-2252 & 8-2253.



You have seen men pushing a paper back and forth to get at the right distance for reading. Such actions indicate the need of glasses. The man in the centre has glasses. He holds his paper naturally. Let us examine your eyes for glasses now.

Angus McFee M.F.G. OPTICIAN

Hot Water Bottles

\$1.50 to \$3.00 EACH
Mother would just appreciate one this CHRISTMAS

and listen, I know big brother wants an AUTOSTOP RAZOR—only \$5.00.
"The Best in Drugs."

OSTROMS DRUG STORE

"The Best in Drugs"

DEAF PEOPLE

"FRENCH ORLENE" absolutely cures Deafness and Noise in the Head, no matter how severe or longstanding the case may be. Hundreds of persons whose cases were supposed to be incurable have been permanently cured by this New Remedy.
This Wonderful Preparation goes direct to the actual seat of the trouble, and One Box is ample to effectually cure any ordinary case of Deafness.
Mrs. Roy, of Portland Crescent, Leeds, says: "The 'Orlene' has completely cured me after twelve years' suffering."
Many other equally good reports. Try one Box today. It costs \$1.00, and there is nothing better at any price.
Address: "ORLENE" Co., 14 SOUTH VIEW, WATLING ST., DARTFORD, KENT.

MONEY

PRIVATE MONEY TO LOAN ON Mortgages on farm and city property, at lowest rates of interest, on terms to suit borrowers.
F. S. WALLBRIDGE, Barrister, Etc.
Cor. Front & Bridge Sts., Belleville (Over Dominion Bank)

FRALOCK & ABBOTT, Barristers etc. Offices Robertson Block Front Street, Belleville, East Side E. B. Fralock, A. Abbott.

Proved Hun a Savage

One of the Results Learned From The War.

Speaking on "The Intellectual Consequences of the War," Prof. F. H. Stedding, of Columbia University, New York, told an audience in Convocation Hall that "they will spell human liberty and happiness in the days to come."
"The German Empire proclaimed itself savage, and proved the proposition," he said. "The war showed us that one-half of Europe had made material progress only, but that the other half had made substantial moral progress."

Edward H. Robins, of appearing with Thomas day night.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT

Napanee Girl Lost
BROTHER AND SISTER OF "FLU"
Wm. Casey Appointed of C.L.C.

Seven Years Ago
Seven years ago on Saturday morning, at Kingston. To mark the Saturday morning, was celebrated by His Grace, with Rev. Father Smith Falls, as assist. Rev. Father MacDonald, mouth, as deacon; Rev. hoe, of Gananoque, as master of ceremonies. The priests from outside parishes in the sanctuary. The boys under the leadership of Lucien Nourry, who presided. A solo was also during the offertory by P. sr. After the mass he received the congratulations of the priests who were present.

Unseasonable Weather
A rather severe electrical storm passed over the north of day night. A barn was three miles from Kinmo.

Rush of Students Look
Kingston, Dec. 4.—Tories at Queen's University to have Grant Hall the military authorities and it is understood that the building for college purposes would be vacated by the six months after the war is over. It is expected there will be a big rush at Queen's. Many who had studies to take up arms' back, and with the number of students who are expected there is almost certain to be a large attendance at the next session.

Martin Will Appear at the
The quarterly session of the counties court and general sessions of the peace open at Coburn on Monday, Dec. 9, Judge Martin case from Bowman assailing License Inspector, comes up at this court.

Brother and Sister Succumb
Cobourg, Dec. 4.—An infant, a double funeral of his sister, John Carpenter and A. Harper, took place here were taken sick with influenza the same time and were taken to hospital on the same day.

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Edward H. Robins, of the Royal Alexander, Toronto Stock Company, appearing with Thomas A. Wise in "General Post" at Griffin's next Friday night.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT

Napanee Girl Lost Her Leg

BROTHER AND SISTER DIE OF "FLU"

Wm. Casey Appointed Manager of C.L.C.

Seven Years Ago

Seven years ago on Saturday Archbishop Spratt was consecrated at Kingston. To mark the event on Saturday morning, pontifical mass was celebrated by His Grace at nine o'clock, with Rev. Father Kelly, of Smiths Falls, as assistant priest; Rev. Father MacDonald, of Portsmouth, as deacon; Rev. Father Kehoe, of Gananoque, as sub-deacon; and Rev. Father A. J. Hanley as master of ceremonies. A number of priests from outside parishes were in the sanctuary. The mass was sung by the combined choir of men and boys under the leadership of Prof. Lucien Nourry, who presided at the organ. A solo was also rendered during the offertory by Prof. Nourry, sr. After the mass His Grace received the congratulations of the priests who were present.

Unseasonable Weather

A rather severe electrical storm passed over the north country Sunday night. A barn was destroyed three miles from Kilmount.

Rush of Students Looked For

Kingston, Dec. 4.—The authorities at Queen's University are anxious to have Grant Hall released by the military authorities by next fall, and it is understood that a request has been made for the use of the building for college purposes. The understanding was that the building would be vacated by the military six months after the war. Now that the war is over, it is expected that there will be a big rush of students at Queen's. Many who dropped their studies to take up arms will soon be back, and with the number of new students who are expected to enroll, there is almost certain to be a record attendance at the next session of the university.

Martin Will Appear at the Assizes

The quarterly sessions of the counties court and general sessions of the peace open at Cobourg on December 10th before Judge Ward. The Martin case from Bowmanville, for assaulting License Inspector Goodrich, comes up at this court.

Brother and Sister Succumbed

Cobourg, Dec. 4.—An unusual event, a double funeral of brother and sister, John Carpenter and Mrs. Geo. A. Harper, took place here. Both were taken sick with influenza about the same time and were taken to the hospital on the same day, where both

succumbed to pneumonia. Mrs. Harper went to her brother's help to care for the sick there and contracted the influenza herself. She is survived by her husband. Mr. Carpenter, who was thirty-three years of age, leaves a wife and four children. The mother of the deceased and one sister, Mrs. Dominic Allen, also survive.

Hardwood \$8 Per Cord

A farmer was in Penetanguishene the other day, offering to deliver at the G.T.R. siding a quantity of first-class hardwood at \$8 a cord. Wish he would make us such an offer.—Port Hope Guide.

Miss F. Gould Lost Her Leg

Napanee, Dec. 4.—A distressing accident happened on Saturday morning about eleven o'clock at the Thomas street crossing of the G.T.R., when Miss Florence Gould, daughter of Thomas Gould, Gosport, lost her leg. Miss Gould came along when a freight train was standing on the crossing. She thought she would cross over between the cars but before she had reached the opposite side the train was suddenly jerked backward, throwing the young lady, who fell, and before she could extricate herself the car wheels had passed over one leg. She was rushed to the Kingston hospital on the 11.49 o'clock train, where it was found necessary to amputate the injured limb.

Sandbag of Paper

From the list of names published a few days ago of institutions and officers from whom acknowledgments had been received of parcels sent overseas by the Tipperary Club, the following were inadvertently omitted: Capt. R. E. Craig, 26th Battery, C.F.A.; Capt. W. L. Gibson, 4th Canadian Infantry Battalion; Capt. E. B. Moles, M.D., C.M., No. 2 Canadian General Hospital. The friends of Capt. Craig will be pleased to learn that he has sufficiently recovered to be about on crutches. Capt. Gibson, who is a brother of Miss Gould of the Eastern Hospital staff, has sent an interesting souvenir of Cambrai in the form of a German sandbag which has all the appearance of a linen canvas but which on examination is found to be entirely made of paper rolled into coarse threads and machine woven.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Appointed C.L.C. Gen. Manager

Kingston, Dec. 4.—Mr. William A. Casey, who has been shop manager of the Canadian Locomotive Works for the past two years, has been appointed general manager of the company, the appointment taking place a week ago. Mr. Casey's rise has been brought about through hard work. He entered the Locomotive Company as a boy and worked his way up to the position of manager. His appointment as general manager is a popular one and Mr. Casey is being congratulated on his promotion. For the past year there has been no

general manager of the company Mr. Wallace, the former general manager, devoting his entire time to the position of vice-president of the company.

Over 500 Convicts Now in Penitentiary

With the arrival of four more prisoners on Friday the number of inmates at the Portsmouth Penitentiary is now slightly over 500, as compared with 413 at the end of the fiscal year last March, an increase of almost 100 in eight months. This is rather a remarkable increase, though it is to be remembered that contributing to this increase are some 40 or more conscientious objectors who are not criminals in the ordinary sense of the word.

BABY'S BATTLE FOR HEALTH

Mothers you can win the battle for the health of your little ones if you will fight it with Baby's Own Tablets—the ideal childhood medicine. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which never fail to banish constipation; indigestion; worms; colds or simple fevers or any other of the minor ills of little ones. Concerning them Mrs. J. P. Hypell, Causapscal, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are a great medicine for children. They quickly cured my baby of constipation and I can highly recommend them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

First Air Line in Canada Plan of A. N. B. Member

CHARTER ASKED FOR \$2,500,000 COMPANY

Operate Commercial Air Service from St. John, N.B., as Far as Montreal

When the Avero Company of Canada completes its plans which are now in the making, the business man in St. John, N.B., who wishes to get to Halifax, Montreal, Boston or New York without waiting for the conventional methods of surface transportation, can hop aboard a waiting aeroplane and land in Halifax in two hours, in Montreal in four, in Boston in four and one-half, and in New York in less than seven hours from the time of starting.

Stanley E. Elkin, Unionist member for St. John and Albert, is the prime mover in a plan to establish an air mail and express line between the points named and later to carry passengers as well. Mr. Elkin and other St. John business men secured the rights for America to the Avero Company's product and also the right to form a company to be known as the Canadian Avero Company, to manufacture aeroplanes of all sorts from the small "ace" to the heaviest type of bombing machine with a lifting and carrying capacity of at least twelve to fifteen tons. The capital stock of the company, as indicated in their application for a charter, is \$2,500,000 with permission to increase when necessary.

To Build Big Factory

The plan is to establish an immense manufacturing factory for aeroplanes in St. John and for that purpose the company will take over a large building situated on the outskirts of that city and recently occupied as the Maritime Provinces assembly plant of the Ford Motor Company. Until necessary manufacturing machinery can be installed there, the machines will be brought to St. John in parts and assembled. Material has already been ordered for the first machine. This will be of the heaviest type and will be used in the carriage of mails and express matter.

It is intended for the first year to operate a daily service between St. John and Halifax, and St. John and Montreal, with a tri-weekly service to Boston and New York. Later the services to New York and Boston will be daily, and it is the company's hope to, eventually, extend its operations all over America. Associated with Mr. Elkin as provisional directors of the Canadian Avero Company, are Dr. J. Roy Campbell, K.C., M.P.P.; E. A. Schofield, of the Schofield Paper Company; Major S. S. Wetmore and Captain Hay, all of St. John. Captain Hay has seen much service overseas as a member of the Royal Air Forces, and for the present will be the expert in charge of operations.

Four Hours From Montreal

Speaking of the company's plans, Mr. Elkin recently said: "There is a better opportunity for such a venture in Canada than for the company which is at present operating an air mail service between New York, Washington, and that service is commercially successful. Our plan is to carry mail and express matter first, passengers will come later, for the carriage of passengers involves a liability. We can maintain a two-hour service between St. John and Halifax, a four-hour service to Montreal, and a four and a half-hour service to Boston, with less than seven hours to New York. We can operate successfully on a rate of eight cents per ounce for letters between St. John and Halifax, twelve cents to Montreal, and sixteen cents to New York. In Europe they are carrying mail at a profit at two pence per ounce, and we could operate on that rate also, if the volume of business was sufficiently large. The present New York-Washington rate is sixteen cents, and if they can make money at that figure, we can do it here.

"For the first year we plan to run 150 round trips between St. John and New York, with a daily service between St. John, Halifax and Montreal. We have already ordered the material for the first ship and expect to have it assembled, tested and ready to work in a few weeks, when the service will be commenced. I am going to England in January to complete final details with the Avero people. We expect to manufacture a complete range of airships in our factory at St. John and that will eventually become the big end of the business."

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"Do you purpose to ask for a Dominion subsidy for the carriage of mails?" "I do not think so. We will merely ask for permission to carry mails and will also engage in express carriage. Passengers will be a later development. The plant will be located in the general vicinity of Courtenay Bay, St. John, the factory being in the Ford Motor Company's assembling plant and an aerodrome to be constructed near at hand. Work on the aerodrome will be commenced at once. I have received assurance of support from many business men in St. John and Montreal and I am certain that the Canadian Avero Company will be a distinct success. The war has demonstrated the possibilities of aerial navigation to a degree formerly only dreamed of and the air is certain to be very generally utilized as a field for commercial transport, much sooner than people expect. The passenger and express flying machine is a natural development of the war successes and it will be in general use very soon."

Two Men Are Missing After Railway Wreck

Sherbrooke, Que., Dec. 4.—Two men of the engine crew are missing and believed to have been crushed to death, three others seriously injured, and damage estimated at half a million dollars caused as a result of a rear-end collision between two freight trains west of Scottstown on the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Cavell Murder to be Probed

New German Government is to Investigate Crimes in Belgium. London, Dec. 4.—The German government is starting an investigation into the German crimes in Belgium, the deportation of Belgian workmen, defect of Belgian machinery and the murder of Edith Cavell and Captain Fryatt.

Major W. E. Steacy Dead

Deceased Was One of Kingston's Well-known Artillery Officers—Was Wounded at Lens Last Year. News was received in Kingston on Saturday of the death of one of its prominent soldier sons in France. Major William E. Steacy, son of the late Edward T. Steacy, died in No. 12 Stationary Hospital of pneumonia on Nov. 25th. The deceased soldier was born in Kingston twenty-nine years ago. He was educated at St. Mary's school, Kingston, and later spent five years at Upper Canada College, Toronto. He graduated at the Royal Military College, and immediately joined the permanent Canadian forces.

Diamond Wedding at Renfrew

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hunter of Renfrew, recently celebrated their diamond wedding. Samuel Hunter and Sarah Ann Holder were united in matrimony by Rev. Mr. Seymour. Mr. Hunter had been born near Kemptonville, Miss Holden at Carleton Place. For five years they lived at Calabogie when they emigrated to Minnesota, where they remained for 20 years, then returned to Calabogie. On September 22nd of this year they went to Renfrew to live with their daughter, Mrs. James Barry. Mr. Hunter is yet very smart, despite his years, though dull of hearing; Mrs. Hunter for the past four years has suffered from the affliction of blindness, her sight having been gradually falling for some years preceding. She is nevertheless very alert. Their family comprises three sons, W. E. Hunter of St. Paul, Minn.; S. E. and G. R. of Calabogie; and five daughters, Mrs. W. Hake, Garry, Indiana; Mrs. Harriet Kilmartin, of Minneapolis, Minn.; Mrs. F. Brown, Dakota; Mrs. J. Barry and Miss Eva Hunter of Renfrew. There are numerous grandchildren. Mr. Hunter has been a man of quiet ways, never seeking

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After a short illness he died of pneumonia last Monday. The deceased is survived by his widow and a young daughter, who reside in Halifax, and four brothers and one sister. One brother, Walter, lost an eye at the front and is now engaged in farm work in Canada.

DANGER LURKS IN EVERY ONE OF US

We Are As Full of Deadly Poisons As A Germ Laboratory.

AUTO-INTOXICATION OR SELF-POISONING

"FRUIT-A-LIVES" Absolutely Prevents This Dangerous Condition.

The chief cause of poor health is our neglect of the bowels. Waste matter, instead of passing from the lower intestine regularly every day, is allowed to remain there, generating poisons which are absorbed by the blood. In other words, a person who is habitually constipated, is poisoning himself. We know now that Auto-intoxication, due to non-action of the bowels, is directly responsible for serious Kidney and Bladder Troubles; that it upsets the Stomach, causes Indigestion, Loss of Appetite and Sleeplessness; that chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Pain In The Back, are relieved as soon as the bowels become regular; and that Pimples, Rash, Eczema and other Skin Affections disappear when "Fruit-a-lives" are taken to correct Constipation. "Fruit-a-lives" will protect you against Auto-intoxication because this wonderful fruit medicine acts directly on all the eliminating organs. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

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or accepting public office of any kind like Mrs. Hunter he has enjoyed the esteem of all who knew him.

No Restrictions on Retail of Gasoline

Fuel Controller Announces Removal of Sunday Sales Now Also Allowed.

Ottawa, Dec. 4.—Removal of all restrictions on the retail sale of gasoline is announced by the fuel controller. Dealers may therefore continue to do business as in the past. The recent regulations were adopted following upon an investigation and report by Dr. McFall, of the cost of living branch, of the department of labor.

Since then a further investigation and report has been made and submitted by him and as the conditions which necessitated regulation of the gasoline trade have now been relieved by the practical cessation of the war, an order-in-council has been passed on the fuel controller's recommendation, entirely cancelling the present regulations. Dealers may now sell gasoline without license from the fuel controller, and the fees already paid will be returned to the applicants. The repeal of the regulations in question also removes the restrictions regarding the sale of gasoline on Sundays.

Brewing of Beer in U. S. Stopped Saturday Night

Washington, Dec. 4.—Brewing of beer and other malt beverages stopped at midnight last night throughout the United States. The special presidential committee which recommended the presidential proclamation prohibiting brewing as a war conservation measure decided today to make no recommendation to President Wilson on suggestions that the proclamation should be rescinded in view of the armistice.

Nothing as Good for Asthma

Asthma remedies come and go but every year the sales of the original Dr. J. D. Kellogg Asthma Remedy grow greater and greater. No further evidence could be asked of its remarkable merit. It relieves. It is always the same unvarying quality which the sufferer from asthma learns to know. Do not suffer another attack, but get this splendid remedy today.

Merchandise Movement Almost Normal Here

London reports to Bradstreet's that the movement of seasonable merchandise is again about normal, following the depression that existed during the Spanish influenza epidemic and the unsettlement of trade immediately following the signing of the armistice. There is some holding back in the matter of purchases for spring, as many tradesmen, believing that price reductions are inevitable, do not want to be too heavily stocked when the declines take place. Offerings of country produce are light and prices high. Deliveries of grain to country elevators are slow. Payments are expected to show up better in the next month.

Miller's Worm Powders act mildly and without injury to the child, and here can be no doubt of their deadly effect upon worms. They have been a successful use for a long time and are recognized as a leading preparation for the purpose. They have proved their power in numberless cases and have given relief to thousands of children, who, but for the good offices of this superior compound, would have continued weak and enfeebled.

2,680 in R. A. F. Killed

Missing And Prisoners Numbered 4,900 on Nov. 11th.

London, Dec. 4.—Casualties in the Royal Air Force from April when the air forces were amalgamated to November 11th, were: Killed, 2,680; wounded, missing and prisoners, 4,900, according to an official statement by the Air Ministry. The total air casualties throughout the war will be announced later.

A brave struggle is being made by science to show that radium will do enough to make it worth what it costs. The longshoremen at St. John, N.B., who are demanding 75 cents an hour instead of the 45 which has been paid, are still idle.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND OTHER CLAIMANTS

In the Surrogate Court of the County of Hastings, in the Estate of the late GEORGE WEART COUNTRYMAN, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Chapter 121, and amending Acts, that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of George Weart Countryman, late of the Township of Hangerford, deceased, who died on the twenty-fourth day of April, 1918, are required to deliver or send by Post Prepaid to Messrs. Ponton & Ponton, Solicitors for the administratrix on or before the 7th day of December, 1918, their names and addresses and full particulars in writing of their claims and statements of their account and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them duly verified.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after the 7th day of December, 1918, the administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice and that the said administratrix will not be liable for the assets or any part to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

Ponton & Ponton, 28 Bridge Street, Belleville, Ontario
Solicitors for Florence Countryman Administratrix.
Dated at Belleville, this 19th day of November, 1918.
n21-1td,wn28,d5

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JOHN MCGURN, late of the Township of Tyendinaga, in the County of Hastings, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Chapter 121, Section 56 that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said John McGurn, who died on or about the 30th day of October, 1918, are required on or before the 10th day of January, 1919, to send post prepaid or deliver to Joseph White, Marysville, Post Office, Ontario, the administrator of said estate their Christian names and surnames and their addresses with full particulars in writing of their claims and statements of their accounts and nature of the securities, if any, held by them duly verified by Statutory Declaration, and TAKE NOTICE that after the 10th day of January, 1919 the administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice and the administrator of the said estate will not be liable for said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

DATED this 26th day of November, 1918.
F. S. Wallbridge,
Solicitor for Administrator.
n28-4tw

Solf a Delegate

Berlin, Dec. 4.—(Via Amsterdam.)—Dr. Hartmann has handed Dr. Solf, the German Foreign Secretary, credentials to the peace conference as representative of the German-Austrian republic. Dr. Solf on receiving Dr. Hartmann said he was deeply impressed by the decision of German-Austria to join Germany, as this was the long-fostered desire of Germany.

Great Ovation to Marshal Foch by Crowds in London

London, Dec. 4.—Marshal Foch, Clemenceau, the French Premier, Vittorio Orlando, the Italian Premier, and Baron Sonnino, the Italian Foreign Minister, were received by Premier Lloyd George, the Duke of Connaught and other high officials on their arrival in London. Troops lined the route to the French embassy, where M. Clemenceau was immediately taken and to the hotels where the others are staying.

All the members of the party were enthusiastically received, but Marshal Foch came in for particular attention in this direction. Hundreds of Americans on leave augmented the roar after roar of cheers for Foch as he drove through the streets. The marshal had his hand at salute almost constantly. The cheering was punctuated frequently with the cry of "Good Old Tiger" for Clemenceau. Trafalgar Square and other vantage points were black with people. The visit is purely a business one, for the arrangement of certain peace preliminaries.

The Farmer-Banker Alliance
You go to your lawyer for legal advice; to the doctor for medical advice; why not to The Merchants Bank for financial advice?
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Wet Storage

consists of charging the battery regularly and adding distilled water as necessary. As the chemical action and wear of plates and separators is constantly going on, the insulation or separators in one or more cells of any battery is sure to break down sooner or later and may do so during the period of storage.


Dry Storage

consists of disassembling the battery, cleaning out the cells, curing the plates and storing in a dry place. In the Spring the battery is reassembled, with new separators, fresh electrolyte and the plates reformed. All chemical action and wear of the plates and separators is stopped by this method.

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FARMERS ANNOUNCE ACTION ON TARIFF AND TAXATION

Canadian Council of Agriculture Adopts Sweeping Progressive Platform as New National Policy—To Seek Co-operation of Soldiers and Labor in Fighting Trusts, Combines, and Profiteers.

Immediate and substantial all-round reduction of the customs tariff.

Reduction of customs duty on goods imported from Britain to one-half of rates charged under the general tariff.

Acceptance of the reciprocity agreement of 1911, and the placing of all foodstuffs not included in said agreement on the free list.

Agricultural implements, farm machinery, vehicles, fertilizers, coal, lumber, cement, illuminating fuel and lubricating oils to be placed on free list.

All tariff concessions granted to other countries to be immediately extended to Britain.

All corporations manufacturing products protected by tariff to be required to publish accurate statements of their earnings.

Every claim for tariff protection to be heard publicly by special Parliamentary Committee.

The resulting reduction in revenue to be met by direct taxation on unimproved land values, graduated income and inheritance taxation, a graduated tax on corporate profits and by basing the levying and collecting of the business profits tax upon the actual cash invested.

Winnipeg, Dec. 2. — Organized farmers through the Canadian Council of Agriculture, representing Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, and Ontario—have made their pronouncement upon a new national policy for Canada. It was issued to the press Friday evening. It embraces the adoption of advanced tariff and taxation policy, important pronouncements affecting reconstruction work in Canada. It declares for public ownership of public utilities; the abolition of titles, the reform of the senate, the termination of government by order in Council, the abolition of patronage, the removal of press censorship, the publication by newspapers of the facts concerning the ownership and control, the repeal of the Wartime Elections Act, and for other radical measures of reform. The council has held its sessions during the past four days. They have been devoted to the formulation of the platform which was adopted.

Hon. Mr. Creer Takes Part.

Hon. T. A. Creer, who has been in attendance at the meetings of the Canadian Council of Agriculture, of which he is a member, saw the platform completed and left for Ottawa today. Mr. Creer, on questions of economic and social reform, stands exactly where he stood before entering the Union Government a year ago. The farmers' platform has been amplified to include many new recommendations which were considered necessary in the light of the war and the prospective period of reconstruction. Its economic teaching, however, is identical with that of former pronouncements by organized agriculturists.

Altogether it represents the point of view of the vast majority of the people of Western Canada, including Hon. T. A. Creer.

Not To Form New Party.

While the Grain Growers of the West and the United Farmers of Ontario through their central organization have formulated a strikingly progressive platform, they have not done so as a political party. They hope to be able to use their expressed policy in strengthening and developing an electorate rather than in creating a party. Issues will be the dominating influence of their politics, not the party machine. There will be no third party or special class in politics, so far as the organized farmers are concerned. They seek the co-operation of every Canadian voter in giving effect to a policy which, they think, is in the best interests of the nation as a whole. In the ordinary sense of the word, therefore, the organized farmers will not go into politics. That was their decision coincident with the adoption of their platform.

An Empire of Nations.

The platform adopted reads as follows: "The Canadian Council of Agriculture hereby recommend the following measures adopted, at the meeting in Winnipeg on November 29, 1918.

- (1) A league of nations, as an international organization to give permanence to the world's peace by removing old causes of conflict.
- (2) We believe that the further development of the British Empire should be sought along the lines of partnership between nations free and equal, under the present Governmental system of British constitutional authority. We are strongly opposed to any attempt to centralize Imperial control. Any attempt to set up an independent authority with power to bind the Dominions, whether this authority be termed Parliament, Council or Cabinet, would hamper the growth of responsible and informed democracy in the Dominions.
- (3) Follow Britain's Lead.

(4) Whereas Canada is now confronted with a huge national war debt, and other greatly increased financial obligations, which can most readily and effectively be reduced

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Large Harness Horse classes. Pure bred Stallion sale. For railway rates see local agents.

Apply to the secretary for prize lists.

Wm. Smith, M.P., Pres. Columbus, Ont.

W. D. Jackson, Secretary, Carp, Ont.

by the development of our national resources, chief of which is agricultural lands.

And whereas it is desirable that an agricultural career should be made attractive to our returned soldiers and the large anticipated immigration, and owing to the fact that this can be best accomplished by the development of a national policy which will reduce to a minimum the cost of living and the cost of production:

And whereas the war has revealed the amazing financial strength of Great Britain, which has enabled her to finance not only her own part in the struggle, but also to assist in financing her allies to an extent of hundreds of millions of pounds, this enviable position being due to the free-trade policy which has enabled her to draw her supplies freely from every quarter of the globe, and consequently to undersell her competitors on the world's market, and because this policy has not only been profitable to Great Britain, but has greatly strengthened the bonds of Empire by facilitating trade between the Motherland and her overseas Dominions—we believe that the best interests of the Empire and of Canada would be served by reciprocal action on the part of Canada through gradual reductions of the tariff on British imports, having for its object a closer union and a better understanding between Canada and the Motherland, and at the same time bring about a great reduction in the cost of living to our Canadian people:

The Effect of High Tariffs.

And whereas the protective tariff has fostered combines, trusts and "gentlemen's agreements" in almost every line of Canadian industrial enterprise, by means of which the people of Canada—both urban and rural—have been shamefully exploited through the elimination of competition, the ruination of many of our smaller industries and the advancement of prices on practically all manufactured goods to the full extent permitted by the tariff.

And whereas, agriculture—the basic industry upon which the success of all other industries primarily depends—is unduly handicapped throughout Canada, as shown by the declining rural population in both Eastern and Western Canada, due largely to the greatly increased cost of agricultural implements and machinery, clothing, boots and shoes, building material, and practically everything the farmer has to buy, caused by the protective tariff, so that it is becoming impossible for farmers generally, under normal conditions, to carry on farming operations profitably.

Wasteful and Costly Method.

And whereas the protective tariff is the most wasteful and costly method ever designed for raising national revenue, because for every dollar obtained thereby for the public treasury at least three dollars pass into the pocket of the protected interests, thereby building up a privileged class at the expense of the masses, thus making the rich richer and the poor poorer.

And whereas the protective tariff has been and is a chief corrupting influence on national life because the protected interests, in order to maintain their unjust privileges, have contributed lavishly to political campaign funds, thus encouraging both political parties to look to them for support, thereby lowering the standard of public morality;

Make Specific Recommendations

Therefore, be it resolved, that the Canadian Council of Agriculture, representing the organized farmers of Canada, urges that as a means of remedying these evils and bringing about much-needed social and economic reforms, our tariff laws should be amended as follows:

- (1) By an immediate and substantial all-round reduction of the customs tariff.
- (2) By reducing the customs duty on goods imported from Great Britain to one-half the rates charged under the General Tariff, and that further gradual uniform reductions be made in the remaining tariff on British imports that will ensure complete free trade between Great Britain and Canada in five years.
- (3) That the reciprocity agreement of 1911, which will remain on the United States statute books be accepted by the Parliament of Canada.
- (4) That all foodstuffs not included in the reciprocity agreement be placed on the free list.
- (5) Free Agricultural Implements.
- (6) That Agricultural implements, farm machinery, vehicles, fertilizers, coal, lumber, cement, illuminating fuel and lubricating oils be placed on the free list, and that all raw materials and machinery used in their manufacture also be placed on the free list.
- (7) That all tariff concessions granted to other countries be immediately extended to Great Britain.
- (8) That all corporations engaged in the manufacture of products protected by the customs tariff, be obligated to publish annually comprehensive and accurate statements of their earnings.


To be Heard in Public.

- (1) By a direct tax on unimproved land values including all natural resources.
- (2) By a graduated personal income tax.
- (3) By a graduated inheritance tax on large estates.
- (4) By a graduated income tax on the profits of corporations.
- (5) That in levying and collecting the business profits tax the Dominion Government should insist that it be absolutely upon the basis of the actual cash invested in the business, and that no consideration be allowed for what is popularly known as watered stock.
- (6) That no more natural resources be alienated from the Crown, but brought into use only under short-term leases, in which the interests of the public shall be properly safeguarded, such leases to be granted only by public auction.
- (7) Care of Returned Soldiers.
- (8) With regard to the returned soldier we urge:
 - (a) That it is the recognized duty of Canada to exercise all due diligence for the future well being of the returned soldier and his dependents.
 - (b) That demobilization should take place only after return to Canada.
 - (c) That first selection for return and demobilization should be made in the order of length of service of those who have definite occupation awaiting them or have other assured means of support, preference being given first to married men and then to the relative need of industries, with care to transfer as far as possible the discharges of farmers in time for the opening of spring work upon the land.
 - (d) That general demobilization should be gradual, aiming at the discharge of men only as it is found possible to secure steady employment.
 - (e) It is highly desirable that if physically fit discharged men should endeavor to return to their former occupations, and employers should be urged to reinstatement such men in their former positions wherever possible.
 - (f) That vocational training should be confined to those who while in the service have become unskilled for their former occupations.
 - (g) That provision should be made for insurance at the public expense for unpositioned men who have become undesirable insurance risks while in the service.
 - (h) That facilities should be provided at the public expense that will enable returned soldiers to settle upon farming lands when by training or experience they are qualified to do so.
- (9) Relation of Labor and Capital.
 - (i) We recognize the very serious problem confronting labor in urban industry resulting from the cessation of war, and we urge that every means, economically feasible and practicable, should be used by Federal, Provincial and municipal authorities in relieving unemployment in the cities and towns, and further recommend the adoption of the principle of co-operation as the guiding spirit in the future relations between employer and employees.
 - (j) Land settlement scheme based on a regulating influence in the selling price of land. Owners of idle areas should be obliged to file a selling price on their lands, that price also to be regarded as an assessable value for purposes of taxation.
 - (k) Extension of co-operative agencies in agriculture to cover the whole field of marketing, including arrangements with consumers' societies for the supplying of foodstuffs at the lowest rates and with the minimum of middleman handling.
 - (l) Public Ownership of Utilities.
 - (m) Public ownership and control of railway, water and aerial transportation, telephone, telegraph and express systems; all projects in the development of natural power, and of the coal mining industry.
 - (n) To bring about a greater measure of democracy in government, we recommend the immediate repeal of the War Time Election Act; the discontinuance of the practice of conferring titles upon citizens of Canada, the reform of the Federal Senate, and immediate check upon the growth of government by order in Council, and increased responsibility of individual members of Parliament in all legislation; the complete abolition of the patronage system; the publication of all contributions and expenditures, both before and after elections campaigns; the removal of press censorship upon the restoration of peace, and the immediate restoration of the rights of free speech; the setting forth by daily newspapers and periodical publications of the facts of their ownership and control; the establishment of measures of direct legislation through the initiative, referendum and recall, and the opening of seats in Parliament to women on the same terms as men.

McINTOSH BROS Great Display of Beautiful Xmas Dolls

Truly you will be amused at this wonderful showing of Dolls, every kind is represented in this display that will please the Wee Tots as well as older Girls. Some are dressed up all prim and proper ready for play, while others are to be dressed and all are Canadian made and will stand a tremendous lot of rough usage from the cheapest to the higher priced ones, and are marked at special prices, for this week. Early buying is advisable, while the price, range and variety is complete. We will lay aside any Doll you may select by paying a small deposit.

Buy Now and save Money. Prices range from 25c. to \$5.00



The Canada Food Board

Having Lifted the ban on Fried Cakes we are now making them again.

Chas. S. Clapp

Rose, G. Burkit, R. Bush, M. Sine, W. Rose and W. Pierson.

The service was held in Scott's church on Thursday afternoon and was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Wallace, who spoke very feelingly from the verse found in 11th chapter of St. John's, 35th verse: "Jesus Wept." He was assisted by Rev. J. D. P. Knox, of Frankfort. The remains were laid to rest in the Frankfort cemetery.

Safe in the arms of Jesus,
Safe on his gentle breast,
There by His love o'er shadowed
Sweetly her soul shall rest.
—Courier please copy.

Picked Up Around Town

—Mrs. Harold Baxter, of Deseronto yesterday at Belleville hospital, gave birth to triplets—Harold, Gerald and Geraldine, but they did not survive.

—The funeral of the late Miss Ellen Woodcock took place yesterday. Rev. S. C. Moore officiating. Interment was in Belleville cemetery. The bearers were Messrs. J. F. Orr, B. Moore, G. B. Denyes, W. Donahue, J. Orr, and G. M. Imbach.

—A silver mesh bag was found on the street last night.

—Mr. Wm. H. Nugent, secretary for Hastings County of the Soldiers' Aid Commission has notified Mayor Platt of the arrival of the following Belleville men in Canada: H. T. York, W. Edwards, W. W. Greatrix, W. C. Donovan, L. D. M. Waters, H. B. Vickers, Fred W. Coon and C. E. Moutenay.

—There was a very successful dance in the Johnstone academy last evening under the auspices of the Canadian War Contingent Association. The attendance was fairly large and a nice sum was realized for comforts for the overseas men.

—Aldred Levesque, who was arrested by Constable Smith a week ago on a charge of stealing a pair of boots belonging to a foreigner, was this morning sentenced to eight days in jail, to date from the time of his arrest and was given his liberty accordingly, as the term had expired. The boots were recovered as Levesque was wearing them.

—In police court this morning Edward Cronk, Hunter Serviss and Leo Carnahan were given a preliminary hearing on a charge of having stolen an automobile belonging to Greenleaf's Ltd. and were committed by Magistrate Masson for trial. Crown Attorney Carnew prosecuted and Mr. W. J. Diamond and Lt.-Col. O'Flynn represented the accused.

—Many horses fell on the streets and hills this morning, so icy were the roadways. Some were unable to climb the hills. On Bridge St. near the Opera House a load of hay had to be backed against the curb, the horses having fallen before getting up the incline.

Scene in Mons on November 11

Signaller A. L. Brown Describes Festivities in That Town

Mrs. Gilbert Brown, Holloway St. has received a letter from her son, Sig. A. L. Brown, written in Belgium, stating that he was in Mons the day of the signing of the armistice and telling of the torch-light procession by the population in the evening and how the dense crowd stood outside the building where the Canadians were quartered and cheered themselves hoarse so great was their enthusiasm. He expected to be leaving in a few days for the Rhine. He also stated that he received a card from his old chum Ted Yeomans, who is a prisoner of war in Germany, dated July 30th, in which he stated he was well.

Obituary

MRS. WILLIAM DAFOE
Ira Chesabro, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Chesabro, Trenton, Ont., and beloved wife of Mr. William Dafeo, passed from this world to the Great Beyond on Tuesday, Nov. 19th, 1918.

Mrs. Dafeo was ill only two weeks, taken first with the "flu," together with other complications which proved more than her weakened vitality could stand.

Mrs. Dafeo will not only be missed by a wide circle of friends in the vicinity in which she lived, having only enjoyed her new home since spring, but also from the 4th Con. Sidney, in which she spent the greater part of her life, being in her 55th year. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband, four daughters and three sons—Mrs. Harvey Pitcher, Murray; Mrs. Roy Ross, Wooler; Misses Mable and Vera at home, also Lloyd, Claud and Earl at home, beside an aged father and mother, two brothers and one sister, all of whom have the sympathy of the community in their deep sorrow and bereavement.

The floral tributes were a wreath from the family and sheet from Mr. and Mrs. Egbert Brown, Belleville. The bearers were Messrs. B. I.

Death of Mr. John Cummins

Young Belleville Merchant Cumbered in Detroit

Mr. John Cummins, known harness merchant, died yesterday in Detroit, where he had been time. Mrs. Cummins has been attending him since his arrival here this morning.

The late John Cummins of the late James Cummins born in Belleville. He was in the harness trade and latterly had been in the business since the father. He was a member of the Church and of the Council of Knights of St. James Cummins of Ch. Michael Cummins of H. brothers, and Mrs. B. Holland and Mrs. B. sisters.

Automobile Turned

Narrow Escape of Two Near Cannifton, Ont.

About midnight an automobile turned turtle on the road just north of the Cannifton. Mr. Thomas Campbell, Mr. Michael Campbell, were in the machine. They were fortunate in escaping lives. They had been in the steering gear when the car lurched to the side and turned over. Mr. Campbell was caught under it and knee, although it was his leg was broken. He suffered a few bruises. They left for home this morning.

Obituary

MISS ELLEN WOODCOCK
Miss Ellen Woodcock at an early hour Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mattis, 13 Grove street has resided and been during the past year. She was 184th and was according to her own statement lived in Belleville. Miss Woodcock was the last of her family, E.H. preceding her five years ago. Miss Woodcock was a member of the Methodist Church. She for several years. Her husband died and she was left to the care and comfort of her brothers and doing what she could for others. One of her home life was that she away from her own home life.

RICHARD S. LANSING

Obsequies

The funeral of the late Cocks took place from residence, 8th concession dinaga to Rosin Methodist Rev. Mr. White, of Pleasanton, Bural was at the head of the casket. The bearers were Messrs. W. Coulter, S. McLean, B. W. Cross and J. C. Charter.

Mrs. Minnie Catherine whose death was announced yesterday was a native of Ontario and was 53 years of age. She was the widow of the late James Hunt who died two years ago. She was a Methodist and leaves two sons, S. B. Russell and J. H. Prince Edward. The funeral place today to Albury.

DIED
LANSING — in Belleville Dec. 1st, 1918. R. Lansing, aged 85 years

Death of Mr. John Cummins

Young Belleville Merchant Succumbed in Detroit on Sunday

Mr. John Cummins, the well-known harness merchant of Belleville, died yesterday morning in Detroit, where he had been ill for some time. Mrs. Cummins had been at his bedside attending him. The remains arrived here this afternoon.

The late John Cummins was a son of the late James Cummins, and was born in Belleville. He was engaged in the harness trade with his father and latterly had been carrying on the business since the death of his father. He was a member of St. Michael's Church and of Belleville Council, Knights of Columbus. Mr. James Cummins of Chicago and Mr. Michael Cummins of Belleville are brothers, and Mrs. Brennan, Mrs. Holland and Mrs. Blanchard are sisters.

Automobile Turned Turtle

Narrow Escape of Tweed Residents Near Cannifton-Crossing

About midnight an automobile turned turtle on the Cannifton Road just north of the Grand Trunk track. Mr. Thomas Caskey and his brother, Mr. Michael Caskey who were in the machine were most fortunate in escaping with their lives. They had been to Trenton and were making their way home when the steering gear refused to work. The car lurched to the side and turned upside down. Mr. T. Caskey was caught under it and sprained his knee, although it was first thought his leg was broken. His brother suffered a few bruises to his head. They left for home this afternoon.

Obituary

MISS ELLEN WOODCOCK

Miss Ellen Woodcock passed away at an early hour Sunday morning at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Mattis, 13 Grove street, where she has resided and been cared for during the past year. She was born in Thurlow, second concession in 1840 and was accordingly in her 79th year. Since girlhood she had lived in Belleville. Miss Woodcock was the last of her family, her brother, Eli, preceding her to the tomb five years ago. Miss Woodcock was a member of the Tabernacle Methodist Church. She had been ill for several years. Her life was devoted to the care and comfort of her brothers and doing what she could do for others. One feature of her home life was that she was never away from her own home a night in her life.

RICHARD S. LANSING

Mr. Richard S. Lansing died Sunday afternoon at his residence, 149 Charles street south. He was born in Richard township in 1833. Next March he would have celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of his marriage. Most of his life was spent in Hungerford. He came to Belleville about 14 years ago. For a year past he had been ill. Mr. Lansing was a Methodist. He leaves his widow, one son, Reuben Lansing, of Stirling, three daughters, Mrs. Ryerson Badgley, Melrose, Mrs. John Phillips, Blyth, and Mrs. Dan Phillips, fourth of Thurlow.

Obsequies

The funeral of the late Mrs. Annie Cockins took place from her late residence, 8th concession of Tyendinaga to Roslin Methodist church. Rev. Mr. White, of Plainfield officiating. Burial was at Roslin. The bearers were Messrs. W. Jordan, J. Coulter, S. McLean, B. Colden, J. Cross and J. C. Charter.

Mrs. Minnie Catherine Hunt, whose death was announced on Saturday was a native of Prince Edward and was 53 years of age. She was the widow of the late Peter James Hunt who died two and a half years ago. She was a Methodist in religion and leaves two sons, Capt. S. B. Russell and J. H. Russell, Prince Edward. The funeral took place today to Albany.

DIED

LANSING — in Belleville, Sunday, Dec. 1st, 1918, Richard S. Lansing, aged 85 years.

Horse Killed on Crossing

But Driver Escaped Without Injury

Mr. Thomas Keene, of the second of Thurlow is thanking his stars today for a narrow escape from death on Saturday evening. He was crossing the "Y" near the G.T.R. round house in Thurlow driving a team of horses when an engine ran into the outfit, killing one of the horses and upsetting the vehicle. Mr. Keene did not suffer any injury but shock. The narrow escape he had may be inferred by the fact that a portion of his overcoat was cut off torn off by the engine.

Wedding Bells

SHANNON-POWER

The marriage took place quietly on Wednesday, Nov. 27, at St. Charles' Church, Read, the nuptial mass was celebrated by the Rev. Father McCarthy, when Edward V. second son of P. A. Shannon and Mrs. Shannon, of Latta, was united in marriage to Agnes B. second daughter of the late James Power and Mrs. Power, of Read. After their honeymoon which is being spent at Detroit and Bay City they will take up their residence in Latta.

More Details of the Shipwreck

Thrilling Experience of the Survivors of the North-west

Further details of the shipwreck of the Northwest, which was published exclusively in the Daily Ontario on Saturday are to hand. Capt. McMinn and his six surviving members of the crew of nine are in farm houses near Consocon recovering from the effects of exposure following the foundering of their vessel off the Scotch Bunnets. After the bow section of the Northwest had broken away on Wednesday from the tug, J. D. Burke, of Toronto, it commenced to drift across the lake.

Capt. McMinn and his men succeeded in riding the rough waves until they were within distance of Prince Edward County shore, when the bulkheads were broken in. The crew made a raft of wreckage and when the section sunk in one hundred feet of water, the nine men were tossed into the cold water. They made to the raft and drifted east from Consocon. They wandered for some miles along the beach before they reached a farm house and secured shelter. One was in a critical condition, Charles Jardine and Albert Tryon, the men who succumbed, died on the beach.

Receives His Military Cross

Lieut. D. V. Ketcheson Won Treasured Decoration in 1917.

Lieut. David Vanderwater Ketcheson, son of Ex-Mayor H. F. Ketcheson, received today the Military Cross which was awarded him in the spring of 1917.

Lieut. Ketcheson was the first Belleville boy to win the M.C. The cross is of solid silver and is beautiful in design. The deed for which the decoration was awarded is given as follows in an extract from the London Gazette, dated April 17th, 1918:

"Military Cross, Lieut. David Vanderwater Ketcheson, 38th Battalion, Canadian Infantry."
"For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty when in command of a raiding party. Although wounded, he continued in command of his men and led the assault on the enemy trench in a most determined manner. Later he was again severely wounded."

The winner of the cross enlisted in 1914 in the 21st Battalion as a private. He was for a while on the headquarters staff of the 4th Brigade and was later with the 4th Machine Gun Co. Finally he was with the 38th Battalion. He won his commission about two years ago.

Mr. H. Romley-Williams spent the week end in town bidding his numerous friends good bye before departure from this district. He left on the noon train for Montreal to join his mother, where he intends to reside.

Canada and Claims Against Hun Warfare

List is Being Prepared By Under-Secretary of State—File Without Delay.

The government has directed the preparation of a list of claims by Canadians arising out of the illegal methods of warfare by the enemies during the war. These claims arise through the torpedoing of ships without warning, the aerial bombing of unfortified places, and commandeering or requisitioning without compensation, destruction and similar illegal acts on land. The Canadian claims are largely limited to the first class mentioned. The claims relate to loss of life, as well as of property.

A further list is also to be made covering claims for damages arising out of breaches of contracts with neutrals which were declared illegal because of the neutrals making the claims, being on the statutory list of persons in neutral countries, commonly called the Black List. All persons having claims indicated should file them without delay. The making of this list does not imply an undertaking on the part of the government to put forward the claims at the peace conference, or any assurance that if put forward they will be paid. But the list should be completed without delay so as to enable the government to make a demand if an occasion therefor should arise.

Instructions showing the method of filing claims and the proof to be forwarded may be obtained from Thomas Mulvey, Under-Secretary of State, the officer appointed by order in council to prepare, examine and report upon the claims.

The order in council dealing with the subject passed on November 15 is as follows:

The committee of the privy council have had before them a report, dated November 14, 1918, from the Secretary of State, stating that during the period of the present war, persons residing and carrying on business in Canada have been subjected to loss and pecuniary damage, and have claims arising from the destruction of life and property through the illegal warfare of the enemy, and that, through the operation of the consolidated orders respecting trading with the enemy, persons residing and carrying on business in Canada have been subjected to claims for damages for breaches of contract, which contracts they were prevented from carrying out owing to the operation of the statutory list of persons in neutral countries with whom they were prohibited from trading and that it is advisable that a list of all such claims should be prepared for such action as may hereafter be considered advisable.

The Minister, therefore, recommends that Thomas Mulvey, Under-Secretary of State, be appointed an officer to take such steps as may be necessary to obtain a complete list of:

(a) Claims of persons residing or carrying on business in Canada who have been subjected to loss and pecuniary damage, arising from the destruction of life and property through the illegal warfare of the enemy, and

(b) Claims for damages to which persons residing or carrying on business in Canada have been subjected for breaches of contracts, which contracts were prevented from being carried out owing to the operation of the statutory list of persons in neutral countries with whom such contracts were declared illegal.

and to examine and report upon all such claims aforesaid.

The committee concur in the foregoing recommendation, and submit the same for approval.

Rodolphe Boudreau, Clerk of the Privy Council.

Shocking Case of Cruelty

TO DUMB ANIMALS THAT EQUAL GERMAN BARBARITIES

Peterboro, Dec. 3.—A shocking case of cruelty to dumb animals was brought to light when Herb Dolg, a junk dealer living at Crawford's Grove, appeared in Police Court and was fined \$20 and \$10.10 costs on two charges.

It appears that on Oct. 27th Dolg caught a fine collie dog owned by Joseph Allan, which had been causing the former some annoyance by frequenting his place. He tied a rope about its neck, strung it up to a beam in his barn and twisted bands of hay wire around its legs and tail until they cut to the bone. He then released the half-strangled brute after partially gouging out one of its eyes, and the unfortunate animal staggered towards home but was caught in a fence, where it was later found and shot by its owner.

Two days later Dolg captured a terrier owned by M. Meade and amused himself at the dog's expense by lassoing it and allowing it to reach the end of the rope with a jerk which almost caused strangulation. He then tied tin cans to its tail and allowed it to go, making a boy a present of its collar.

Dolg made a mistake, however, in parting with the collar, as it was through it that the atrocity was traced and its perpetrator brought to justice.

Magistrate Dumble when imposing the fine remarked that this case was the most brutal and revolting of its kind with which he had been confronted during his career on the bench.

Soldier Robbed

May Lose Sight as Result of Attack.

Hamilton, Dec. 3.—Discharged from the army only Friday, E. J. Thompson, 185 Mill street, is lying in St. Joseph's hospital today, a victim of an assault. His left eye is so badly burned that he is likely to lose it, both cheeks are severely burned, and \$150 of this soldier's discharge pay is gone.

Thompson came to Hamilton to visit a friend, Fred Smith, on the mountain. As he was proceeding down the Jolley on his way to the terminal station at 10.30 o'clock two men jumped out from behind the Ferguson avenue steps. One demanded his money and the other threw the contents of a can of vitriolic acid into his face. This so blinded Thompson that the robbers were able to "risk" his clothes for the \$150. They then ran away.

Despite the fact that he was partially blinded and in terrible pain, Thompson made his way to St. Joseph's hospital without assistance. From there the alarm was sent out to the police.—Herald.

Obituary

In the early hours of Sunday morning, November 17th, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. R. Huyck, Tweed, Margaret Douglas, widow of the late Richard Douglas, passed peacefully away at the ripe age of 86 years and 9 months.

The deceased was an enthusiastic and loyal contributor of the Anglican church, always anxious to do all in her power, to further the church's interest and work. In spite of her advancing years, she maintained the spirit of good cheer, a bright, keen intellect and hearty interest in every day events and church life. Although suffering with a lingering illness she was bright and cheerful, and was supported by every possible loving care and attention. The deceased leaves to mourn her loss two daughters, Mrs. E. R. Huyck, Tweed and Mrs. W. J. Dollar, Napanee, and one son Edward A. Douglas, Buffalo, N.Y.

The funeral took place from the home, at which a short service was held, at Christ Church, Tamworth, on the arrival of the C.N.R. train.

The Rev. A. E. Smart, of Tweed, officiated, assisted by the Rev. S. E. Harrington, of Tamworth, a goodly number of friends, being present at the service. In the address of comfort a reference was made to the zealous work of the deceased in the early Church Work at Tamworth. May she rest in peace and eternal light be her portion for ever.—Tweed News.

Gohr is Found Not Guilty of Murder of John Bohn

Pembroke, Dec. 3.—Adolf Gohr was Friday afternoon found not guilty of the murder of John Bohn, the Golden Lake farmer found dead from gunshot wounds, near his home, last September. The jury brought in its acquittal verdict after several hours deliberations.

Gohr's term of freedom after the jury delivered its verdict of not guilty was a very brief one. He was taken downstairs and turned over to the military police, and three-quarters of an hour later, shackled to one of the officers, was speeding to Ottawa to face a court martial on another serious charge, desertion from the Canadian Expeditionary Force. He was drafted last March and was given week-end leave last July, but failed to return, and the efforts of the military police to locate him were unsuccessful.

Ten pairs of live foxes were shipped by Dr. Leo Frank from Prince Edward Island to Japan. They were accompanied by a rancher, who will spend a year in Japan teaching the business to the purchaser.



Unexcelled as a Christmas Gift

YOU ARE undecided what to buy for your family. Nothing would bring them more pleasure than an Edison Amberola. It will make the evenings more enjoyable and will insure for you a pleasure which will extend over many years to come.



Picture to yourself, without stirring from your own fireside, the pleasure of hearing the most famous artists sing or play, the old heart songs which you loved in bygone days. You will be able to enjoy on

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the songs and music which has kept our boys at the front fit and thus enabled them to win such glorious victories.

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Mr. Goodsell knows the Edison and what it will do as few do and will be pleased to show you this wonderful instrument.

THE J. M. GREENE MUSIC CO., LIMITED

The Home of Good Music
316, Front St., Belleville Stores at Peterboro, Kingston, Lindsay, etc.

Victory Trees are Memorial to Dead

Nation-wide Movement is Started in The States.

Washington, Dec. 3.—A nation-wide movement has been started by the American Forestry Association for the planting of memorial trees for the soldier dead.

Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the Association, has written to every governor asking co-operation. The plan is to have each state plant memorial trees along the great trans-continental motor highways.

P. S. Ridsdale, secretary of the Association, says many towns and cities have taken up the idea, and the General Federation of Women's Clubs is considering a similar plan for the Lincoln highway, to be carried out by the state organizations. "Nothing could be more appropriate," says Mr. Pack, "than to have each state, through which a motor highway passes, plant 'victory oaks' or 'victory elms' or other trees for the soldiers who have died in battle. The motor has played a mighty part in winning the war."

"Wood has played a big part in victory, too. Our stocks must be replenished. With earth state co-operating with the highway authorities, a living age-long lesson could be taught the coming generation as to the beauties and value of forestry."

Many War Contracts Not Legally Binding

Confusion Caused Over United States War Orders.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The Government's maturing programme for cancelling big war orders with a minimum of disturbance to business conditions was thrown into confusion yesterday by a decision of Comptroller Warwick of the Treasury that thousands of orders placed by telegram, telephone or mail are not legally binding, and that consequently they may not be recognized through the negotiation of terminating contracts without special legislation by Congress. Officials estimated that hundreds of millions of dollars in contracts are involved.

At the same time, Secretary of War Baker announced that the War Department will direct its own cancelling of contracts "in a spirit of fairness and helpfulness to all concerned."

Attorney-General Gregory will be asked to pass on this apparent conflict between the law, as it is strictly interpreted by Comptroller Warwick, whose authority grows out of his supervision of payments from the Treasury, and the desire of the War Department to terminate contracts—both those backed up by formally signed documents and those undertaken on informal agreements—by making some sort of a lump sum payment to the con-

tractors. If legislation is found to be necessary, it is said that an attempt will be made to rush it through Congress immediately, to avoid holding up the Government's great industrial demobilization and readjustment plans.

MARMORA

Dr. H. Crawford was in Toronto last week.

Mr. S. C. Boyd was in Toronto on business a couple of days last week. Mrs. N. B. Lavar, of Governor, N. Y., is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. McFarlane.

Mr. Dan Osborne is moving his family into one of The Pearce Company's houses on Main Street.

Rev. W. P. Woodger preached in Peterboro, morning and evening last Sunday, while Rev. Mr. Clarke of Cavan, conducted the services on Marmora circuit.

Mrs. S. M. Bleecker left last Saturday for Los Angeles, Cal., where she will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Mulloy.

Miss M. Gillett has resigned her position as teller in the Dominion Bank here, and Mr. Nicholls, of Guelph, has been transferred to Marmora to fill the vacant position. During the time Miss Gillett has been in the bank she has been very popular with the public. Her efficient service combined with her unfailing courtesy won the esteem of the patrons of the bank.—Herald

Cashier Ends Life

Montreal, Dec. 2.—Real Lareau, cashier of the Notre Dame de Grace branch of the bank of Montreal, was found dead with a bullet wound in the head, lying under the counter of the cage. His salary had only recently been increased and his death, which was self-inflicted, is thought due to mental disturbances from which he had been suffering for some time.

OTTAWA WINTER FAIR.

The Ottawa Winter Fair, which was cancelled in January last in order that the buildings might be used for quartering troops, will be held in January 1919, as usual. Word has just been received from the Militia Department that the buildings would be available and the directors are completing arrangements for the show. The prize list which will be issued inside of the next few days, will contain an increased classification in all departments. Bull calf classes have been added to both the beef and dairy classes, as well as harness horse classes in the horse department which will make an excellent horse show. Arrangements are being made for the holding of a pure bred stallion sale at the time of the Winter Fair, full particulars of which will be issued later.

The officers of the Winter Fair are: President, Wm. Smith, M.P., Columbia, Ont.; Vice-President, J. C. Stuart, Toronto; Executive, J. H. Chisdale, George Robertson, John Brant, Secretary, W. D. Jackson, Carp, Ont.

A humorist in an American paper says: "The Kaiser has been sent to his St. Helena shortly after Germany's unconditional surrender. A little later he died—dead. The Reichstag convened a special session received a message sent by the guard of the Island: 'Wilhelm is dead, cremated or buried?' The answer went back promptly: 'Do all three; take no chances.'"

The Kaiser may go back to Germany because of disturbances in Holland. Case of "all dressed up and nowhere to go."

The engagement of Miss Margaret Carnegie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, to Roswell Miller is announced.

Women Should Take

special care to keep free from headache, backache, constipation, weakness and depression. For these recurring ailments and other conditions peculiar to women, Beecham's Pills are a tested and effectual remedy. They act gently and promptly on the stomach, liver and bowels, and exert a tonic, strengthening effect on the bodily functions. These famous pills are purely vegetable, contain no habit-forming drug, and produce no disagreeable after-effects. Women the world over, find needed help and strength in

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"Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World"
Worth a Guinea a Box
Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U.S.A. In boxes, 25 cents.

Reconstruction After War Offers Many Advantages

Detroit Writer Dwells on Canada's Industrial Position.

WAR IS REALLY A BOON Dominion Has Found Self-Realization Through Enlargement Made Necessary by War.

Francis H. Sisson, in Detroit Free Press.

To Canada the war has meant self-realization. That a meagre population, still largely in the agricultural stage, should be able to lend more than \$769,000,000 to the government to take war orders aggregating nearly \$2,000,000,000, and to expand foreign trade by more than \$1,000,000,000 was certainly beyond the calculation of the most sanguine.

Canada has crowded into a few years an experience usually timed by generations. While nothing like a complete transformation has yet taken place in the economic life of the country, nevertheless, the world struggle has forced changes in the relative importance of various activities, and if the suggestions therein contained are judiciously availed of, Canada will move forward to a new and unassailable position among the manufacturing and trading nations of the world.

Canada has hardly yet considered the after-war period as a separate problem. Lacking the experience of Great Britain or Germany, she is incapable of the nice discriminations that in these countries have created an elaborate machinery for each possible phase of the economic situation. Yet she is not merely blundering into the future. In her case the immediate needs and those which must be attended to later are so interwoven that for the most part programmes give way to performances, and the country grows into economic power before creating the formulas for attaining it. Her hopes for the future are measured by the disproportion between what she has done and what it was thought she could do four years ago.

The financial achievement of 7,000,000 people, various in nationality, scattered over nearly 4,000,000 square miles of territory, is more noteworthy in view of the extent of the American declaration of war. Before that there was a restricted market for Dominion government bonds in Canada, and municipal bonds sold with better in England and the United States than at home, so that Canada paid out annually not less than \$125,000,000 to British and \$50,000,000 to American investors for interest charges. In the first year of the war a bond issue of even \$50,000,000 would have been regarded as an impossibility except for the existence of surplus funds in this country. With the aid of American investors, a loan of \$100,000,000 was actually floated in 1915 and another of similar amount a year later. In March, 1917, when it still appeared possible that the United States would not enter the war, a third loan totalling \$150,000,000 was determined upon. Each loan was issued below par with interest at 5 per cent.

Most financial observers thought that the declaration of war by the United States would mean loans and heavy taxation and undoubted curtailment of the American market for foreign securities. Exactly that happened, and yet in November, 1917, the Canadian people subscribed for \$418,000,000 of the Victory loan, issued at 100. Meanwhile loans totalling more than \$198,000,000 had been made from Great Britain and the United States, and war savings certificates to the amount of \$12,000,000 had been disposed of.

That the net debt of the country has increased from \$335,996,850 in March, 1914, to \$1,010,780,470 in March, 1918, is no small matter, but that 75 per cent. of this indebtedness represents the savings of those who believe in Canada's ability to pay is an indication of reserve strength that overshadows every liability.

The output of steel products has more than doubled since the war began, despite the shortage of raw materials, labor and transportation. A large part has consisted of munitions but progress has been made in other directions, notably in agricultural implements. Along with manufacturing is growing the shipbuilding industry. From the outset there have been certain difficulties in the way of both these developments. In the case of the steel industry there are comparatively few places which afford easy access to the market, and at the same time permit an economical assemblage in quantity of such necessary materials as coal, ore and limestone, and such places as there are have already been taken. For shipbuilding there are inadequate facilities, and

lack of experience in the machine shops from which marine engines are produced, and materials are expensive. Heretofore Canada has produced no steel plates and shipbuilders must pay \$85 a ton for them as against \$65 paid by the United States Emergency Fleet corporation and \$30 in England.

To solve both problems it has been decided, first to extend and modernize the existing steel plants which possess the necessary economic advantages. The variety of products to be enlarged. Whereas steel rails have heretofore been manufactured mostly in rectangular plate will be rolled and other commercial shapes now imported from the United States will be turned out. Attention is given to the small industries in Quebec and Ontario which produce tool steel, crucible steel and alloys. As for shipbuilding requirements there has been a great increase in the number of machine shops of all kinds, and for four years there has been going forward a transformation of labor that means eventually a sufficient number of trained machinists.

In 1874 there were produced in Canada, 19056 tons of ships, but that was when the wooden vessels held sway. In 1914 Canadian production had fallen to 43,346 tons. Since March 1, 1917, contracts totalling \$64,500,000 have been let for the construction of ships in Canadian yards. Fourteen yards are at work on steel ships, mostly for the Imperial Munitions Board. The money for these ships is advanced by the Dominion, and, for the first time, large vessels are being built in Canada with Canadian money for the Canadian government. When they are to continue building new government contracts amounting, according to present plans, to from \$30,000,000 to \$50,000,000 a year. These later ships will probably come under the control of the minister of marine and fisheries.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries has made an agreement with the Dominion Iron and Steel Corporation to provide for the manufacture of 150,000 tons of ship plates a year. The government will not contribute to the cost of plant extension, but will take 50,000 tons of the product annually.

Canada is much in the position of other countries which never realized the value of their natural resources until the war. The surplus of raw materials and manufactured articles brought them into international trade, created new commercial routes, and inspired them with golden visions of the future. In the last fiscal year Canada's exports of domestic and foreign merchandise totalled \$1,586,169,732, and her imports \$982,521,347. Her foreign trade has more than doubled in two years. In 1914 her exports to the United States totalled \$200,459,375, and imports from this country were valued at \$200,736,991. In 1917 exports to the United States reached \$439,870,960, and imports from here \$328,387,573. Canada desires not only to enlarge and improve her new enterprises, but also to develop more efficiently certain natural advantages which war conditions and the prospect of an extended period of competition have emphasized.

One quarter of the world's supply of fish comes from the United States and Canada. The value of the Canadian yearly catch is \$40,000,000, as compared with \$150,000,000 for the United States, \$50,000,000 for Great Britain, \$50,000,000 for Japan, \$50,000,000 for Russia, and \$33,000,000 for France. Germany's annual production is valued at \$12,000,000, and that of Norway, Sweden and Denmark at \$25,000,000. The Canadian yearly catch, before the war, was 112 1/2 lbs. a person, of which 29 lbs. a person was consumed by the Canadians, while 83 1/2 lbs. a person was exported, chiefly to Great Britain and the United States. The suggestion is now made, therefore, that the government turn to the Canadian fisheries as a debt-paying source.

Exploitation of Canada's timber resources is also contemplated. Great Britain used 650,000,000 cubic feet of lumber annually and will use a great deal more in carrying out her building programme after the war. Heretofore 35% of this supply has come from Russia, Norway and Sweden, because of their rates from Baltic ports are less than one-half those from Canada and the United States. Labor costs are also lower, and the result is that Australia, New Zealand and South Africa also have bought largely from Northern Europe.

Lumber merchants in both Eastern Canada and British Columbia are hoping that somewhere in the reconstruction programme, provision will be made to offset the factors in lumber marketing that have militated against Canada. The Canada Wool Growers' Association

is developing a scheme to bring the various provinces into co-operation in selling and marketing wool. An organization limited to sheep producers and agriculturists has incorporated both Dominion and provincial incorporation, with powers that mean ultimate control of the business and privileges to the directors that indicate the permanence of the arrangement.

In the manufacturing field the Export Association of Canada is working with the Dominion government to formulate plans for the development of the country's natural resources, their conversion into finished products and their sale in world markets. The Canadian mining institute is on record as favoring a national organization of all technical and industrial bodies to prepare for after-war problems. The institute favors two organizations within each industry, one to encourage production and the other to secure trade. Employers and employees in equal numbers, it is suggested, will be appointed to the production boards.

The Canadian Industrial Reconstruction Association is now being organized. Its object is to maintain industrial stability and to consider reconstructional problems as a whole. It will investigate industrial conditions, labor, prices, market possibilities and transportation facilities. Under the general head of reconstruction the association will inquire into the condition of technical and general education, land settlement, co-operation among rural producers, rural conditions, differences between capital and labor, and the welfare of women in industry.

The Canadian National Reconstruction group is still another organization formed to study the problems which will arise after the war. The department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment has already done a great deal for those who have returned maimed or in poor physical condition from the battlefield. These men are being nursed back to health and self-confidence whenever it is possible.

Altogether, Canada is making a record that holds the brightest promise for her future.

Explains System of Demobilization

GEN. MEWBURN AT HAMILTON TELLS HOW MEN WILL BE BROUGHT BACK

Hamilton, Nov. 30.—Demobilization was the important subject dealt with by Major-Gen. S. C. Meuburn, minister of Militia and Defence, during an address at a victory luncheon held by the Canadian Club of Hamilton in the Royal Connaught.

Major-Gen. Meuburn, who was greeted with three cheers and a tiffin, stated that those who expected the Canadians to be home in time to eat the Christmas pudding, would be disappointed, as it was an impossibility. Demobilization plans were already made and the first Canadians to come back would be married men and widowers, according to their length of service overseas. There would be no priority, and the minister declared that he could not conceive of any officer who would so degrade his uniform as to wish to come back ahead of his men.

Demobilization depended on two factors, he stated. The first was railways and the second shipping. The Department had at its disposal two winter ports, Halifax and St. John, and four in the summer with Quebec and Montreal added.

The maximum number that could be handled was 8,000 per week, or 32,000 per month. The men would be brought back in lots of 500, and it was expected that it would only take one day to turn them into civilians.

Canada, the general declared, had been divided into twenty-three demobilization areas. The troops would not come back in divisions, as they had fought at the front, owing to the fact that they had been split up overseas. They would be permitted to be demobilized in any part of the Dominion, which meant that men received in British Columbia, and whose home was in Ontario, would be demobilized in Ontario. Already literature classifying all the industries, trades and callings in the Dominion had been sent overseas to the soldiers to act as a guide to re-establish them upon their return. Furthermore, they were also being supplied with pamphlets to enable them to immediately learn where their particular demobilizing centre was located.

One of the present problems of demobilization confronting the Government was the 40,000 women and children of Canadian soldiers in England. Major-General Meuburn stated that the Government wanted all the dependents to return to Canada before the troops started to come home, but that in any event they would not return on transport carrying troops. There were 2,300 widows of Canadian soldiers in England, a large number of whom had never seen the shores of Canada, and the Government would provide transportation for those who were destitute.

Steps were being taken by the Government to secure the release of Canadian prisoners in Germany, so that they could be brought back to England and sent to Canada with the unit they left with. Major-General Meuburn stated that there were also 32,000 wounded Canadians in England and 10,000 in France, but they were not severe cases and their relatives could rest assured that while in the English hospitals they could receive the most wonderful medical treatment.

many has rights in Alsace-Lorraine which the rest of the world must respect. It is an attempt to nullify all the provisions of the armistice intended to take from the Germans the power to repudiate the armistice, and to strike treacherous blows at the nations which have combined to establish a just peace. For unmitigated gall it has never been equalled in the history of civilized man.

Not only does Dr. Solf ask that Germany be permitted to administer Alsace-Lorraine; he also demands that Germans be permitted to administer all other Rhineland, on the west as well as on the east bank of the river, occupation of which by the United States and the allies is provided for by the armistice. Germany needs these lands for her industrial rehabilitation, he says, and should have them.

The sullying whimper which comes from Dr. Solf is like that from a yellow dog, waiting for a chance to bite the hand that leads it. If Germany is a yellow dog, the sooner the United States and the allies find it out the better. Every day that has passed since the armistice was signed has proved that it was none too severe. The provision that all occupied territory, including Alsace-Lorraine, should be evacuated within fourteen days and that the German troops remaining after that date should be prisoners of war, was made with full knowledge of the kind of nation with which we were dealing. The allowance of thirty-one days for evacuating the Rhineland of Germany was an act of grace to give the German authorities time to turn over to the allies that part of the country which is to be held as a pledge of good faith.

Dr. Solf wants to take everything back which would make that pledge worth anything. The armistice provides that the upkeep of the allied and American troops in the Rhineland shall be charged to the German Government. The natural and obvious way to get the needed money is out of the revenues of the district. The occupying forces will also occupy the Custom houses as a matter of course. If there are any surplus revenues they will be held for such disposition as the peace conference may think proper.

The campaign of propaganda on which Dr. Solf and his fellow-junkies are engaged in an effort to arouse the sympathies of the jelly-brained in America and elsewhere will affect no others. We all know that none but the Germans are responsible for the deplorable condition in which they find themselves. We all know that they have forfeited the confidence of mankind and cannot be trusted out of sight. We all know that until the peace treaty is signed and ratified, restoring the life nations to their rights, and until guarantees have been secured that Germany will make reparation and restoration, she must be held at the mercy of the armed forces now moving into her territory. There is no other course open to intelligent men.

Sympathy for Germany now is like sympathy for a brutal murderer awaiting sentence for his crimes, indulged in only by maudlin sentimentalists. Dr. Solf is appealing to such in the desperate hope that he can influence events.

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REAL ESTATE

BIG OUTCRY RAISED AT CORRUPT ACTS BY BERLIN RULERS

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 1.—The German revolutionary government, according to estimates made by the Berlin correspondent of the Cologne Volks Zeitung has spent 800,000,000 marks in the last three weeks. The newspaper declares that a storm of vehemence has burst against corruption in Berlin, which "it is hoped, will sweep away the dishonest rabble." The newspaper continues: "Unless resolute resistance is offered the country will be precipitated into terrible misfortune. All that can be done for the healthy regions is for them to take affairs into their own hands. On the Rhine and on the Danube there exists a strong resolve to do this."

Field Marshal von Hindenburg has issued a proclamation according to The Cologne Volks Zeitung, declaring that conflicts with soldier's and workmen's councils will be avoided. He requested at the same time that the central government instruct the councils to abstain from interfering with the army commanders. No offence will be taken to the display of the red flag "if it is displayed in a worthy manner," says the field marshal, and the same attitude must be expected from the soldiers' and workmen's councils toward troop emblems.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 1.—The people's council at Breslau today sent an ultimatum to the German government, demanding immediate convocation of the constituent assembly, and threatening that Silesia would separate from Prussia unless a satisfactory answer is received within 48 hours.

BIG BERTHAS SHIPPED TO CENTRAL GERMANY

With the American Army of Occupation, Dec. 1.—The inside facts regarding Big Bertha and the other monster German guns may be locked up with the numerous secrets of Germany. Information that reaches the American army officials is to the effect that the German guns of heavy calibre at various points have been shipped to the interior on flat cars. Shipments of parts of big gun emplacements also are reported. Germans interrogated as to the disposition of "Big Bertha" and the other calibre cannon claim to be ignorant of their present whereabouts.

THE DAY

The late Kaiser, now a refugee from his own land, always boasted of "the day" when Germany would dominate the world. In August, 1914, he thought "the day" had come, but another kind of day came and the world is free from all fear of such a calamity. The following poem is appropriate at this time:—

You hoisted the Day, and you toasted the Day,
And now the Day has come.
Bisphemer, braggart and coward all,
Little you reck of the numbing ball,
The blasting shell, or the "white arm" fall,
As they speed poor humans home.

You spied for the Day, you lied for the Day,
And woke the Day's red spleen,
Monster who asked God's aid Divine,
Then strove His seas' with the ghastly miasme;
Not all the waters of the Rhine
Can wash thy foul hands' clean.

You dreamed for the day, you schemed for the Day,
Watch how the Day will go,
Slayer of age and youth and prime
(Defenceless slain for never a crime)
Thou art steeped in blood as a hog in slime,
False and cowardly too.

You have sown for the Day, you have grown for the Day
You're in the harvest red,
Can you hear the groans and the awful cries?
Can you see the heap of slain that lies,
And sightless turned to the flame-lit skies
The glassy eyes of the dead?

You have wronged for the Day, you have longed for the Day
That lit the awful flame
The nothing to you that hill and plain
Yield sheaves of men amid the grain;
That widows mourn for their loved one slain,
And mothers curse thy name.

But after the Day, there's a price to pay
For the sleepers under the sod,
And He you have mocked for many a day—
Listen, and hear what He has to say:
"Vengeance is mine, I will repay."
What can you say to God?

The principal of the Binscarth Man, schools, carried on a correspondence course of study with his high school pupils while the school was closed on account of the influenza.

Germans Will Take Watching up to Their Old Tricks

Philadelphia, Nov. 29.—The Evening Ledger says: It is becoming increasingly evident that Dr. Solf, German Foreign Secretary, does not yet realize that Germany is defeated and is at the mercy of her conquerors.

On the very day that the armistice was signed he sent a message to Secretary Lansing protesting against its conditions and containing a thinly veiled threat that its enforcement would prevent a durable peace. Since then he has sent out several similar messages. His latest, made public yesterday, in the form of a demand that Germany be allowed to administer all the territory within her old boundaries and to collect Customs dues there as usual. The old boundaries of Germany included Alsace-Lorraine. This is a demand that Alsace-Lorraine remain German territory, that its revenues be collected by Germany, and that its government be in German hands.

The preposterousness of such a demand surprises belief. It is based on the assumption that Ger-

Destroying Our Frankenstein

Written for The Ontar. by Chas. M. Rice, Lawyer, Denver, Colorado.

"What would happen if the moral effort of humanity should turn in its tracks at the moment of attaining its goal, and if some diabolical contrivance should cause it to produce the mechanization of spirit instead of spiritualization of matter? There was a people predestined to try the experiment." Henri Bergson, author of "Creative Evolution."

Once this quotation from the most original thinker now living—one more contribution from France to philosophic thought—has been read and reread, we will ask the reader to apply it to his own nation. Mr. Bergson had in mind the Germany that brought ruin and destruction upon a greater part of the civilized world and the reason for the loss of its soul and its degradation into the barbarian that has threatened our civilization. For many years Germany had been preparing for this struggle by eliminating the individual and making all powerful the machine. The single atom of humanity counted for nothing in the German scheme of things. It was the State that was all important, and it was the State that must be guarded. The individual who could not contribute to the State was left to himself, to die or live; the one who could serve the State was encouraged—to live for the State.

It was the law of the jungle, or more properly, as we see it in every-day affairs, the law of the ant colony, that lives for the mass, not for the single ant. State socialism we call it.

The United States has in force and effect a great deal of State socialism, as a means to fight the common enemy. Germany's methods must be to a great extent our methods, until Germany has been laid low, not to rise again until the beast in her has been mauled out of her, until there is a glimmer of a soul in the German nation.

We have in this country a bureaucracy that goes with State socialism; and we have a government ownership, which is the arch-stone and foundation stone of State socialism—the "materialization of the spirit" as Bergson calls it. The individual has disappeared for the time being in the interest of the State.

The citizen willingly gives up all his rights for the one grand purpose of saving his country from the accursed thing called "Prussianism."

Our principal business corpora-

tions were turned over to the government for the use of the nation. The heads of these corporations are in the service of the government all, however, as war measures, as emergencies, as the necessity that knows no law—an act of self-preservation which quickly becomes the law of nature when danger threatens as it threatened the civilized world four years ago and continues so to threaten.

Will State socialism—the State as supreme—continue after the war? This seems to be the whole problem of RECONSTRUCTION. The world is now discussing this question. Shall we adopt as a national policy the "mechanization of the spirit" involved in a worship of the State? Or shall we return to the instinct of the nation and give heed to the individual, give adherence to individualism as a relief from what we have been undergoing? Shall we continue when peace comes the experiment that has brought a world to grief and filled its people with woe and lamentation. It would be strange if, after starting out to destroy the German Frankenstein, we should adopt it and clasp it to our bosom and repeat to ourselves if it made Germany a power, with a huge war machine that almost overcame the nations united against her, why not for us? Why should we have domination over the earth by slaying the individual to strengthen the machine—the State?

Reconstruction is the supreme issue of the moment. A month ago it might have been winning the war, today the war has been won physically, and it only remains to see that victory does not squirm from our grasp through too much politics and sentimentalism and high-falutin ideas of universal love and brotherhood.

We believe in the "spiritualization of matter," and hence we plead for a return to former conditions as near as may be; no humanism, to respect the individual with a soul, instead of a soulless machine. Individualism and internationalism are at the two poles. Socialism is the soul of internationalism.

If, for instance, the third of the fourteen Wilson requirements, already accepted by Germany, is to be included in the treaty. It will be necessary for all the nations to become socialist, in theory at least, because whatever is to be done must come through the State. Reconstruction involves grave problems for all the nations to solve. It is rightful that the government should regulate but not own the industries. This should be the starting point, the basic principle of the deliberations.

French Editor's Tribute to All Allies of France

Paris, Nov. 28.—In this time of celebration, when everybody is so much interested to live completely in the present, Gustave Hervé, the eloquent editor of La Victoire, who is known for his patriotic articles, always to the point, addresses the Allies, and particularly his own countrymen, with an appeal to remember the debt we all owe to the heroes of the war.

"Only the dead will not see again," he says. "Yesterday morning, as my windows were being adorned with a flag, which a pious hand had draped with crepe in honour of two deaths in the family, a woman of the middle class, in mourning, who did not know me, cried out in a voice muffled with emotion: 'Vive La France!'"

"How fine have been our French women during these four years! Without them we should not have held. Thanks to them, our gallies have been so magnificent!"

"It can be acknowledged today that even civilians as well stuck to it. It is less difficult you will say. No doubt. But a people as civilized as ours, that has had to combat brutal forces with the glorious tradition of humanity, in whom there is a grain of idealism, has some merit, for holding out for years without nervousness, without foolish acts."

Names Leaders of France. Continuing, M. Hervé claims full recognition for services of the President in choosing the right leaders; Mitterand for organizing the workshops in 1914; Briand, in Salonika; and lastly, Clemenceau.

"Others there are," he adds, "whom all France hails with enthusiasm."

Insurance for the Spinsters

German Scheme for Women Falling To Wed Before They are 37.

In order to make more endurable the lot of the hundreds of thousands of German girls who are condemned to more or less permanent "single blessedness" because of the ravages wrought amongst the male population by the war, German socialists and publicists have begun discussing a plan of insurance against spinsterhood. The chief advocate of this scheme is a mathematician named Dr. Karl Littenberger, and a detailed description of his idea is found in a copy of the Kolnische Zeitung, recently received in London.

According to the census of 1910 there were 890,000 more women than men within the empire's borders. All authorities admit that the danger of permanent spinsterhood for many German women has been vastly aggravated by the war, so that the insurance project, according to the Kolnische Zeitung, is sure to arouse widespread attention and calm many anxious hearts. Dr. Littenberger thinks that the project will be commercially profitable on the "mathematical" basis he has worked out.

The underlying motive of the scheme is to guarantee girls against the possible poverty of husbandless days. Girls may take out the insurance themselves or it may be taken for them by their parents. It is intended that premiums shall be paid when a girl is still in her babyhood, so that this extra cost of bringing her up may fall upon her parents at the lowest possible point. Premiums are payable up to the insured's twentieth year. If the young woman has not married by the time she is 37 she will thereafter be entitled to draw an annuity, which will be paid in quarterly instalments. She will continue to derive this income even if she finds a husband after passing her thirty-seventh birthday.

I Am Now Conscience Clear

SO SAYS REV. BEN SPENCE

"Parasite" Matter Cleared Up—Had No Intention of Bucking the Govt.—Desire Was For Good Only

"To help win the war was my object in seeking to publish 'The Parasite.' There was not at any time an attempt on my part to violate any order of the Government. In regard to my action in this whole connection, I am absolutely conscience-clear, without anything to regret, without anything to retract." This is the conclusion of a long statement by Rev. Ben H. Spence, which is published in The Pioneer.

"Fighting the liquor traffic has been my life job. In this war there has been and there will be no armistice," he says, and proceeds: "After the Canadian book was in the printer's hands, but before it had been completed, the Dominion censorship authorities placed the English edition of 'The Parasite,' for which Mr. Arthur Moe was wholly responsible, and which was published by Morgan & Scott, of London, on the list of prohibited publications."

Had 2,000 Copies

"Although assured that the action of the Government did not at all affect the book in question, and although two thousand copies of the book were in my possession and could have been distributed freely had I been minded to do so, and moreover, although exceptional facilities were at hand for such distribution owing to the fact that at the time a great provincial prohibition convention was in session in Massey Hall, without compulsion, or even suggestion, the distribution of the book was voluntarily withheld and the copies were therefore sent to the chief censor, the secretary of State and the prime minister. A few other copies, perhaps thirty or forty at most, were sent to prominent men in different parts of Canada as a matter of information. General distribution was not attempted."

Letters to Censor

"In a letter to Col. Ernest J. Chambers, chief press censor, dated March 6th, I said: 'The book, copy of which I am sending you herewith, is not yet issued. It contains twenty-eight pages more than does the English edition of 'The Parasite,' and at the same time much of the matter of the original book is omitted. What matter is used is materially altered, making it entirely a new and different book. The book has not yet been circulated in Canada, nor will it be, without the consent of the Department of the secretary of State."

"In a letter to the secretary of State, under the same date, I said: 'It is not my intention to in any way go contrary to the instructions of your Department, and if this book is proscribed it will not be circulated; indeed, the whole edition, so far as I am concerned, will be destroyed, nor in the meantime, awaiting your decision, will it be circulated. I wish to be in every respect loyal to your decision. I do desire, however, that you withhold your decision in regard to the book until I have an opportunity of seeing you and presenting my side of the case.'

Went to Ottawa

"Following this correspondence I went to Ottawa on March 15th, and by appointment interviewed the minister of Justice, Hon. C. J. Doherty, who is also chairman of the censorship committee, and to whom the matter was referred by the prime minister. At this interview Hon. Mr. Doherty was asked and courteously agreed that final decision of the Cabinet in the matter should be deferred until opportunity was given for presenting a full statement of the case. This decision of the minister of Justice was concurred in by the prime minister, Sir Robert Borden, and a statement was sent to the Government on March 15th.

Prosecution Was Previous

"It was while these negotiations with the censorship authorities and with the Government were in progress that proceedings were instituted on March 15th against me by the local police. I appeared in the Toronto Police Court on March 18th. As a matter of fact the order-in-Council banning 'The Parasite' was not passed until March 23rd and was not published in the Canada Gazette until March 26th. This prosecution, therefore, was instituted by the local

Sad Circumstances Surround Deaths Of Parents

Couple Moved to Peterborough a Few Days Before the Outbreak of Influenza.

Peterboro, Nov. 28.—A few weeks ago William Laurin Wood, a munition worker, his wife and three little children moved to Peterboro, where the father had obtained work. Full of hope of providing for his little family at the Henry Hope Munition Factory, he rented a comfortable but unpretentious furnished home at Brantford, and went happily to his work. Just about that time, Oct. 16th, Spanish influenza began to rage in the city, and Mrs. Wood contracted the disease. In three days her husband became ill with the same disease.

Guaranteed Expenses

Unconscious, the mother could do nothing for her husband or report the case. When at last it was discovered Mr. Wood was advised to go at once to the hospital. This he protested against. Not having any reserve fund he did not wish to run up expenses. The factory for which he had worked for the three days came forward and guaranteed his hospital fees, and he was at once removed, but beyond medical aid, he died on October 25th.

A Quarry

A quarry faced the authorities as the wife being unconscious and the children too young to give any information, no trace could be found of where the family came from or who the relatives were. Search among his clothes at last revealed his marriage certificate, and his home town, St. Pierre, was communicated with. Shortly after the body was shipped to his people.

Mrs. Wood Dies

Meanwhile Mrs. Wood's condition took a more serious turn in the hospital, and to which she had been removed and her parents came to take the children in case of her death, which occurred last week. The parents, Mr. and Mrs. Rohs, who were unable to pay for the funeral expenses left the body and returned to Leaching with the three little orphan children.

The Law

The law provides that the unclaimed body of any patient dying in an institution which obtains funds from the Government may be handed over to the Medical School.

Two Societies

Days passed, and still unclaimed, the woman's body lay in a local undertaker's establishment, ready for shipping to Toronto if provision was not made otherwise. Two societies in the city, the Business Girl's Club and Peter Robinson Chapter, I. O. O. E., hearing of the case, came forward and guaranteed the cost of burying the body and a fitting interment was made with no publicity of the humane act done by the two societies but a paper bearing evidence of the Christian burial was sent to inform Mrs. Wood's family of the final disposition of the body.

Forget The Past

Burgomaster Max was more reticent and refused to speak concerning his treatment by the Germans, refusing even to mention the words of war, he said.

"I don't wish to pose as a martyr," said the burgomaster. "I wish to forget the past and think of the future."

Burgomaster Max is already installed in the City Hall, and has resumed the duties of his office. Referring to the more than four years of war, he said:

"That has been a long time, but we have not suffered in vain. This magnificent result is a great compensation and reward for all our sufferings. A new era is dawning upon the world; an era of freedom, liberty and democracy. Never again shall the powers of autocracy precipitate the world in another such horrible conflict. The blood of our soldiers was not shed in vain. We have won and liberty has triumphed."

Death of Babies Would Follow These Milkmen's Threats

New York, November 29.—Asserting that the New York milk distributors are threatening to increase the price of milk to 20 cents a quart, and that such an increase "means death to thousands of babies this winter," Mayor Hylan called on District Attorney Swann to start a public investigation of the "milk trust."

Mercier Was A Prisoner

TELLS ABOUT GERMAN.

Belgian Cardinal Says There Was Not Much to Choose Between Falkenhansen and Von Bissing.

Brussels, Nov. 29.—Cardinal Mercier and Burgomaster Max, two of the most prominent figures of the war in Belgium, excepting King Albert, received the Associated Press correspondent.

Cardinal Mercier is tall and dignified. He was garbed in a purple soutane. He chatted with the correspondent for more than half an hour.

Was Held Prisoner

"I never despaired, I never lost hope, although at times my heart was very full," the cardinal said referring to an incident in December, 1914, when Baron Von Bissing, military governor of Belgium, virtually made him a prisoner in his Episcopal Palace. "I received a telegram from the Associated Press and have never been able to answer it. I wish to reply to it now."

"Yes, Bissing treated me as a prisoner for four days." Concerning the governors of Belgium during the war, Cardinal Mercier said that Falkenhansen was more cruel and inhuman than Bissing and more perfidious, insidious and dangerous.

There was not much to choose between them, however," he said.

Seemed Like Eight Years

Referring to his suite recent birthday the correspondent complimented the cardinal upon his robust appearance and health. The cardinal replied: "It is true that I am sixty-seven, but rather it is my seventy-first birthday because the last four years seemed like eight to me."

Referring to the change in the government of Germany, Cardinal Mercier said:

"I am no politician. However, the changes there seem too sudden to be lasting. The new Government appears to me like a camouflage of the autocracy and the change seems to have been made to order according to pre-arranged schedule.

"It is God's justice and the public conscience is satisfied. The triumph of justice is complete. The barbarian device that might is right has received its death blow, the dream of pan-German domination has been shattered, and evaporated like noxious gas in the wind, and, thanks to God's justice, right has triumphed and the Belgians once more are free and independent. We have won the war."

A Canadian V. C.

The first—and the only—Victoria Cross won by a member of any of the overseas parliaments in the great war just ended comes to Canada. It was won for valor by Lieut.-Col. J. W. Peck, D.S.O., Conservative Liberal member for the new constituency of Skeena, British Columbia. Col. Peck was a successful candidate in the general elections of last December. He is a lifelong Liberal, and strongly supported the military service act in order to "back up the boys at the front." In his absence on the fighting field he was elected victor over an anti-conscriptionist.

The official description of the action which won the Victoria Cross for Lieut.-Col. Peck, now commanding officer of the Canadian Scottish battalion, is as follows:

"For most conspicuous bravery and skillful leadership when in an attack under intense fire, his command, quickly captured its first objective, but progress was held up by enemy machine-gun fire on his right flank. The situation being extremely difficult, Lieut.-Col. Peck pushed forward and made a personal reconnaissance under heavy machine-gun fire, across a stretch of ground which was heavily swept with fire. Having reconnoitered the position, he returned and reorganized his battalion, and acting upon knowledge personally gained

Heir to Turkish Throne Favors Allied Control

Must Not, However, Menace Authority of the Caliph.

Medjid Effendi Says They Were Against Will of Present Sultan Constantine, Nov. 29.—"This last war was the most disastrous in the history of Turkey, not because she was beaten, but because it made enemies of nations naturally our friends," declared Abdul Medjid Effendi, heir to the Ottoman throne, to the correspondent of the Associated Press whom he received yesterday.

"The present Sultan and myself," he continued, "denounced the proposal that Turkey enter the war. Mohammed V., who was then reigning, showed weakness before a clique of adventurers like Talat Bey and Enver Bey. Our Cabinet Ministers and now fugitives, whom Attermyan had fed with dreams of power."

"I am more ashamed of the Armenian atrocities committed during the war than of anything in our history, but I must insist that during the war the will of the present Sultan and the nation as a whole. They were instigated by unpatriotic Ministers who were guaranteed in their places by their services to German militarism. The fanaticism of remote tribes in their dislike for their neighbors and the brutality of provincial officers served as the mediums, while the censored press here concealed the facts from the general public. The members of the Imperial Family tried to make use of their prestige against this, but were imprisoned in the palace."

"Of the future, I can say we must have foreign assistance, as the country is exhausted. We prefer to deal with one nation, because the difficulties of international control have been shown elsewhere, but we welcome any control not menacing the sovereignty of the Caliph."

Murder Charge at Pembroke Assizes

Adolph Gohr is Accused of Killing John Bohn, of Golden Lake.

Pembroke, Ont., Nov. 29.—After hearing evidence for several hours the grand jury brought in a true bill against Adolph Gohr, of Fraser township, charged with the murder of John Bohn, who was killed a short distance from his home, near Golden Lake, in September last.

The case has aroused great interest and the court room was more than enough to accommodate more than half of the large crowd that had assembled for the hearing.

The prisoner is a young man of about 23 years, who deserted from the Canadian military forces, and military police are here to see that he is taken into custody again should he be freed of the murder charge. It is said that the evidence against him is entirely circumstantial but provincial detectives have been working on the case for some time, and some new evidence may be adduced.

Obituary

DR. JAMES MCKENZIE

There died in Vancouver, Nov. 25th, of Spanish influenza, Dr. James T. McKenzie, former resident of Trenton, where he practiced his profession a number of years. He was a brother of the late Fletcher McKenzie of Thurlow and was in his 72nd year. In religion he was a Methodist. He leaves a widow but no family.

Canada's ban on shipment of apples to Britain has been lifted. Apples may now be shipped subject to controlled prices.

Annual Bazaar Was A Success

Many Spectators Brought Attend Bridge St. Cafeteria

Yesterday Bridge church held their annual Christmas bazaar and the room was gay with variegated booths and arrangements were artistically set one in an indoor scheme, the whole effect festive appearance.

Hours of time had to be expert needle workers. The work booth and before was over very few of bags, holders and towels various kinds remained. Handkerchiefs were in the booth devoted accessory and some of femininity they were too. On the table exhibiting tidily hand worked "articles" also to be found. Garments for the stern while not quite as especially were one of the things to tempt the many to buy.

Soft pale colored silk ribbon trimmed made and houndcap a delightful feminine eye and settled Christmas shopper's profit.

A Surprise and a Question. Much speculation was in the "touch and go" where one paid for a "mystery." Of the secret immediately after the revelation was in agreeable one.

The convener of the affair informed us that before was well opened, nearly a dozen aprons of the gold and if the new

Is It

Written for The Ontar.

For months the eyes have been fixed expectantly in the hope of a revolution against militarism and autocracy to believe the faintest out broadcast during the past few weeks for revolution and get there seem lacking. Reported revolution do not mind. The reason for this is the majority of the people justify an opposite of a genuine political people against their government by them. Evidence to prove the word of men who said that government. Some minister of foreign affairs, office, Hindenburg, greatest general, commander of the army. Only persons out of whom are the Kaiser. And it seems now the nation to return to the Kaiser? The German people denounce the Kaiser, repudiated militarism not acknowledged by the criminal response Kaiser and his clique, the war, neither have sorrow or regret that they only regret that they have not admitted 'atrocities' committed soldiers, much less than they have made no of the promoters of the war, they are not asked the reason for their closeness to the German people but things, their protest 'government of and' will certainly be coldly received. They have food to ally their hands nothing about the pitying innocent people.

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Is It Bona Fide?

Written for The Ontario by Chas. M. Rice, Lawyer, Denver, Colorado.

For months the eyes of the world have been fixed expectantly on Germany in the hope of seeing signs of a revolution against Kaiserism, militarism and autocracy. If we are to believe the frantic assurances sent out broadcast from Germany during the past few weeks, the long-looked for revolution has occurred. And yet there seems to be something lacking. Reports of the so-called revolution do not satisfy the mind. The reason is that circumstances fail to carry conviction of the sincerity of the movement, but justify an opposite conclusion.

A genuine political revolution of a people against their government necessarily implies repudiation of that government by them. There is no evidence to prove that the German people have repudiated the Kaiser and his government, other than the word of men who were a part of that government. Still, the Kaiser's minister of foreign affairs, remains in office. Hindenburg, the Kaiser's greatest general, continues at the head of the army. Apparently the only persons out of office at this moment are the Kaiser and his sons. And it seems how that they are permitted to return to Germany.

Does all this sound like revolution? The German people have not denounced the Kaiser, nor have they repudiated militarism. They have not acknowledged before the world the criminal responsibility of the Kaiser and his clique for causing the war, neither have they expressed sorrow or regret at making war. They only regret that they lost it. They have not admitted the horrible atrocities committed by their soldiers, much less repented of them. They have made no effort to punish the promoters of militarism. They have not asked the world to forgive them for their colossal crimes. Until the German people have done these things, their protestations of a new "government of and by the people" will certainly be coldly and skeptically received. They have asked for food to allay their hunger but have said nothing about their forcibly depriving innocent people of their subsistence.

A prisoner stands before the bar of justice. The judge is about to pass sentence upon him. He has been tried and convicted of theft, burglary, arson, mayhem, rape and

murder. He was caught red handed. It is indisputable. Before sentencing him, the judge asks him if he has anything to say for himself. He replies: "Your honor, I am innocent, and say how I have repented and reformed and won't do it again." Suppose the judge says: "Very well I'll take your word for it. You are discharged." Is there anyone, man or woman, socialist or pacifist, who would approve the judge's action? Would not the judge who so acted be guilty of a great moral crime? Would he not make himself an accessory after the fact, as the lawyers term it?

Germany stands before the world in the exact position of the prisoner in suppositious case. She has been convicted of the crimes mentioned. Yet there are those who through a mistaken sense of humanitarianism and magnanimity are willing to do as the judge did and let Germany off with a reprimand accepting without question its assertion of reformation. Punishing Germany for her crimes is not "biting a man when he is down." It is not revenge; it is not inhuman. It is simply justice. And it must not be forgotten that the entire German nation—the people as well as those higher up, are involved. To say that all the blame rests on the junkers and military leaders and that the German people are not responsible for their acts, is sentimental poppycock. Can any one imagine a French, or a British or an Italian soldier bayonetting a German child? or murdering helpless civilians in cold blood? or crucifying German prisoners of war? An American could not kill a child, though he were to be shot for refusing to do so. The German authorities endorsed and encouraged the practice of frightfulness. It is true, but the German people composing the army did these horrible deeds willingly, and the people at home rejoiced in them as they did by celebrating the sinking of the Lusitania with its precious freight of defenceless men, women and children. The entire German people are morally responsible for these cruel acts, and should be made to suffer accordingly. To let Germany go unpunished, would exhibit a false standard of humanitarianism and an exaggerated sentimentalism. It would be more than a perversion of justice, it would be absolutely wicked.

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Annual Bazaar Was A Success

Many Spectators Brave Storm Attend Bridge St. Bazaar and Cafeteria Tea.

Yesterday Bridge St. Methodist church held their annual Christmas bazaar and tea. The room was gay with variegated colors and the booths arranged in classic rooms were artistically decorated, each one in an individual color scheme, the whole effect having a festive appearance.

Hours of time had been spent by expert needle workers in intricate patterns on the articles in the fancy work booth and before the evening was over very few of the dainty bags, holders and towels cases of various kinds remained.

Handkerchiefs were in profusion, in the booth devoted to that accessory and some dainty bits of femininity were, too.

On the table exhibiting some beautifully hand worked "nighties" were also to be found, a few nightgowns for the sterner sex and while not quite as pretty, they certainly were one of the few offerings to tempt the many men present to buy.

Soft pale colored silks, lace and ribbon trimmed made the camisole and bodice cap a delight to the feminine eye and settled many a Christmas shopper's problem.

A Surprise and a Quick Sale. Much speculation was indulged in at the "touch and take" booth where one paid for a gaily wrapped "mystery." Of the several opened immediately after the transaction the revelation was invariably a wearable one.

The convener of the apron booth informed us that before the bazaar was well opened, nearly every one of the dozens of aprons they had, were sold and if the few left were of

samples of the purchases some splendid bargains they were.

An Opportunity For Santa Claus. On Christmas morning many little girls, whose mothers were lucky enough to see the doll booth, will not be able to contain their delight. They will be able to walk on with their dolls dressed in imported clothes, all the way from New York and Chicago and they designed and donated by one of Belleville's leading milliners. The best of it is all their clothes come off and others were applied. A bed and cradle with all the trappings necessary to complete them were also on exhibition and small girls hovered over the booth all day whose expression of delight was sufficient evidence of the acceptability of such gifts.

Beautiful lace little garments and every accessory were for sale at the baby booth and a couple of baby dolls, quite as large as a real five legged, exhibited some exquisite creations for the wee tot.

Comforts For Our Heroes. The soldier boys were not forgotten either as the ladies know that our dear lads cannot all get home for many months, to come and suitcases were in abundance. Some cozy, warm, knitted socks, soap of various good kinds, powder, chocolate, khaki handkerchiefs and a complete little bag, called "week-end," containing all the accessories for a soldier on short leave.

The Tea Room Arrangements. In the centre of a large room the tables were arranged for the cafeteria. Big fluffy yellow mums in the centre of the table while wide yellow bands flowed gracefully to the corners and at either end Mrs. (Rev.) C. F. Scott and Mrs. C. M. Reid were busily engaged pouring tea and coffee. Several tempting "sunshine" cakes were donated for sale. At the front of the room stood a large table loaded with delicious food, the odor of which permeated the air, causing a constant line up of hungry individuals and many

ladies passed well filled plates to the crowds who immediately moved away to many small tables artistically decorated with tiny vases containing yellow chrysanthemums, to partake of their evening meal.

The Dilemma Undertaking a Success. The president of the Ladies' Aid, Mrs. Gardner, the convener of the bazaar, Mrs. W. H. Ackerman, the convener of the booths, with their able assistants are to be congratulated upon the many splendid offerings which only needed to be seen to realize their excellent value, and the fun of other people who braved the disagreeable weather to attend this annual event, was in itself an expression of the success which always attend the efforts of the ladies of Bridge St. Church.

Justice Benedict Will Not Sanction Changes in His Court. Supreme Court Justice Benedict in Brooklyn has returned the petition of Dr. Isadora Charles Weizberg, of 14 Lewis place, Brooklyn, to change his name to Irving Warner. The physician, recited in his petition that the German name was a detriment and embarrassment in his business.

Must Keep German Names

"It is true," said Justice Benedict, "that persons may adopt such names as may suit their fancy. But when they apply for leave to change their names under the sanction of the court, I for one, will not grant such leave, where the effect of doing so is to enable persons of Germanic extraction to conceal their origin and practice deception on persons who deal with them in ignorance of such origin."

Neither will I permit the adoption of the name of American families of foreigners. Such surnames cannot, or at least, ought not to be tolerated. While it is undoubtedly disagreeable in those days to bear names which suggest our enemy, old citizens of foreign birth can exert themselves by act and deed to exhibit their loyalty, rather than by assuming names to which they have no proper claim or just grounds for adoption.

Fine Address at St. Andrew's

Rev. Mr. Hiltz Spoke on Work of Florence Nightingale

The life and work of Florence Nightingale formed the subject of an illustrated address delivered last evening in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Sunday School by the Rev. J. A. Hiltz, of Toronto, a former Belleville pastor. The lecture was closely followed by the large number who were present. The event was under the auspices of the Sunday School and its aim was to secure funds for improving the Sunday School library. The Rev. A. S. Kerr, pastor of St. Andrew's introduced the speaker of the evening.

Rev. Mr. Hiltz had made excellent slides relating to the work of Miss Nightingale. These showed her home and surroundings. How she answered the call for nurses in the Crimea war was pointed out. Views of the home of the Red Cross at Geneva were shown and the development of the work was explained. Some fine views were those relating to the present war, illustrating hospitals and the treatment of the wounded under present day system of military nursing.

Additional features of the program were songs by Miss Lobb and Mr. Stallworthy and a recitation by Master Hiltz.

Kaiser Hopelul to Last

WARNING WAS UNHEEDED. Ballin, Shipping Magnate, Disciplined by Ludendorff, Led Quittins Before Wilhelm Without Avail.

London, Nov. 29.—The secret of the suicide of Albert Ballin, Germany's greatest shipping magnate, is revealed by the Amsterdam correspondent of the London Daily Express as a consequence of a heated discussion with the Kaiser at German headquarters in October.

Herr Ballin had been summoned to headquarters by Gen. Ludendorff, then practically dictator in all military affairs, who lectured him at length for opposing the orders of the military party in regard to national reconstruction after the war. Ballin informed Ludendorff that reconstruction was not a business for a general who was plunging Germany into the

abyss of defeat, and intimated that he would bring the matter before the Kaiser.

Kaiser Spurns Warning. The Kaiser received Herr Ballin on the same day, and strongly supported Ludendorff's views. He hinted that Ballin must either accept those views or retire from public life. Ballin made a lengthy reply in which he foretold much that since has happened, and urged the Kaiser not to allow himself to be blinded to real situation and, above all, not to make an understanding with England impossible.

"Unless we are on decent terms with England," he declared, "Germany cannot live." Ludendorff's reply was that the Kaiser shivered his shoulders and said he believed Germany would fight her way out, despite England. Ballin then hinted at the possibility of a revolution in Germany in view of the increasing discontent. On the same day Ballin made a minute record of the conversation and forwarded it to a Berlin journalist friend, Dr. Hahn, with a letter, which has been published, in which he stated that President Wilson's answer to Germany's application for an armistice was much more favorable than she had a right to expect.

After his meeting with the Kaiser Ballin was a broken man. He spoke often of killing himself, and when the Soviet at Hamburg commandeered the Hamburg-American building for its headquarters Ballin shot himself.

Belleville A Real Live City

Tribute Paid by Trade Commissioner Who Visited Here.

In a note to Col. Ponson, secretary of the Belleville Board of Trade, Mr. Fred W. Fields, Trade Commissioner of His Majesty's Government, who was in town this week, said: "Many thanks indeed for your and Mr. Deacon's kindness and assistance. Belleville is a real live city and in a splendid district and of great possibilities." Mr. Field's tribute is noteworthy as he was here for the express purpose of looking into the possibilities of trade.

"God Will Save Him" Said Heartless Hun

U. S. Officer's Description of Sinking of Armed-Supply Ship, Ticonderoga.

London, Nov. 29.—Lt. Fulcher, U. S. N., describing the sinking of the U. S. armed supply ship Ticonderoga to the correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, said the Deutschland's commander left an American sailor aboard on a raft after the Ticonderoga sank, with the calm remark: "God will save him."

The first shots from the submarine, Lt. Fulcher said, "badly wounded the captain, killed the gun crew, and set our ship on fire. The decks were quickly littered with dead. We managed to get the fire extinguished, and to lower the boats, but in the excitement and confusion, most of the poor fellows were drowned."

"The submarine again attacked us and we kept up our fire until we realized the ship was sinking, and that it was useless to continue. We then decided to surrender."

Although wounded, according to the correspondent, Lt. Fulcher took a pillow slip and waved it in place of a white flag. The submarine came alongside and he was taken, together with another American officer, aboard the vessel. The submarine commander, revolver in hand, asked the lieutenant where his chief gunner was. The lieutenant told him all the gunners were killed. It was then that a German speaking American on a raft asked for help, but the submarine commander ignored him, except to say: "God will save him," and then left the man to his fate.

Confesses to Murder

New York, Nov. 29.—James Rogan, a Sing-Sing convict, confessed that it was he who killed Mrs. Helen Hamel in her boarding house here last February, exonerating Miss Elizabeth Baska, of Freeburg, Pa., nineteen years old, now on trial charged with the murder.

Cold Intense on East Front

Allies Sleep With Their Machine Guns Rolled in Blankets.

GUNBOATS OF BOLSHEVIKI FORCED TO WITHDRAW FROM THE DVINA RIVER.

Lest They May Be Frozen In—The Freeze-Up Makes Possible Flank Attacks by the Enemy.

Archangel, Nov. 28.—Winter has begun in earnest over the whole of the northern Russian front, where the Canadian gunners are fighting. All rivers are ice-bound, and the Bolsheviki gunboats, which have long menaced the Allied forces on the Dvina, have been forced to withdraw to escape being frozen in. The Bolsheviki, however, have mounted big guns along the front south of the Allied armies. Operations are limited to spasmodic artillery exchanges, but the Bolsheviki forces are reported to be receiving heavy reinforcements.

The freeze up increases the danger of the Allied forces, making possible flank attacks by the enemy. The cold is so intense in some sectors of the front that the Allies sleep with their machine guns rolled in blankets with them to prevent the water cooling chambers of the guns from freezing.

A Woman With Mysterious Code is Ordered Interned

Hun Spy Suspect Declared to Have Communicated With Agent in Colombia.

New York, Nov. 28.—The internment by the Alien Enemy Bureau of Miss Emmy Wiedenroffer as a dangerous enemy alien revealed one of the most puzzling cases of suspected German spy that the Military Intelligence officials have had to deal with since the beginning of the war. Although she is known to have been in communication through several codes with Gustave Labrousse, German Consul General in Colombia, South America, so cleverly did the woman conceal her movements the army officials admit they have been unable to gather sufficient evidence upon which to obtain her indictment under the Espionage act.

A telegraph code and an unusual cryptogram code, which the government officials are convinced she used in communicating information to Labrousse in South America, are in the possession of the authorities, but army experts in Washington admit that after trying in every conceivable manner to decipher the cryptogram code, their efforts have gone for naught.

Unusually intelligent and possessing the words of a thirty-year-old man, she is steadily refused to divulge any clue that might aid the government in its quest for definite evidence.

Cervals Tried to Strangle Himself

Prince Albert, Sask., Nov. 29.—"Dr. Gervais, one of the Stoop Creek gang, attempted to commit suicide yesterday in his cell. He took the sheet off his bed, tied it around his neck, and fastened the other end to a hook on the wall, then jumped from the bed. He was almost strangled when the jail guards found him. He says that he does not desire to live. He appears to be in great mental distress."

Herchimer Ave. Dwelling Burned

No Time to Save Building and Furnishings.

Fire at nine o'clock this morning destroyed the residence of the east side of Herchimer Avenue which was occupied by Mrs. Denyse and her family. The cause is unknown. The building which was of frame construction, none of the contents saved. By ten o'clock the building was a pile of rubble but none help was sent for. There are no hydrants in the vicinity. Mrs. Denyse's husband is overseas. The building is owned by Mr. Logan.

Shot 82 Deer

The following extract from the Comber Herald of Essex County, will make interesting reading: "Our local hunters returned Saturday night from their annual hunt at Pickering. There were 41 men in the party and they brought home their full quota of 82 deer." The luck of those hunters is a striking contrast to that of nearly every hunting party in this section of Ontario, seldom being able to bring home more than a few deer brought over.

Only the uninformed endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Holloway's Corn Cure and get relief.

N Friendly Word Spoken to Huns at Foch Meeting

One of the Germans There Tells of Cold Attitude of the Allies.

"NO SMILE OF TRIUMPH, BUT SAW THEIR HATRED."

Still the Coldness Displayed by Foch Wasn't Ill-mannered or Rough.

Amsterdam, Nov. 28.—The amicable conferences between the German delegates and Marshal Foch and his associates early this month were conducted in a most business-like manner, possible and apparently without notable incidents, according to a long account of the conference given by a member of the German party.

Shown the Devastation. After the French met the German Commissioners they were driven for ten hours in automobiles to an appointed rendezvous. "It seemed to me," said the narrator, "that the drive was intentionally prolonged in order to carry us through the devastated provinces and prepare us for the hardest conditions which hatred and revenge might demand. One of the Frenchmen pointed to a heap of ruins, saying: 'Behold St. Quentin!' We entered a train with blinds drawn, in the evening, and awoke in the morning in the midst of the forest of Compeigne, surrounded by soldiers. There were two trains, one occupied by Marshal Foch and his staff, and the other by the Germans. In these we lived, worked and negotiated for three days. We had everything in abundance. There was nothing to find fault with. The great enmity and hatred that apparently prevailed against us were shown, however, in the negotiations and in the terms imposed.

A Cold Attitude. The narrator remarks that the French officers and Vice Admiral Weymann, British representative, maintained a cold attitude, "never tempered by a friendly word. The Marshal Foch whom we only saw twice, at the beginning and at the end of the conference, is a stern plain man. He did not speak a single word to us in the tone which formerly distinguished the chivalrous French nation. It is not true that Foch told us there could not be any question of negotiations, only the imposition of conditions, and whatever coldness he displayed was never ill-mannered or rough.

Really, there was nothing to negotiate. We pointed out the technical impossibility of some conditions. Finally we were obliged to sign. During the discussion the French handed the Germans the Paris newspaper announcing the abdication of Emperor William.

"We observed no smile of triumph on their faces," adds the writer, "but could discern their hatred."

Denotes Privilege Title

"Von" before a name in German denotes a privilege title, either inherited or bestowed by a monarch upon his subject for meritorious services. While formerly this prefix was found in military or feudal families only, many commoners, captains of industry, scientists, financiers and artists were so honored by their monarchs. The title is either hereditary or ceases with the death of the distinguished person.

Rev. J.R. Real Hurt by a Motor Car

Rev. J. R. Real, of 183 Havelock street, Toronto, was injured about the head yesterday afternoon when he was knocked down by an automobile on Bloor street, near the corner of Salem avenue. Mr. Real was crossing the street and stopped in front of a car driven by Dr. Henry Murray, of 1447 Queen street west. Dr. Murray accompanied Mr. Real into the office of Dr. Conboy, 1025 Bloor street, and from there took him to the Western Hospital. He had recovered sufficiently last evening to return to his home. He was at one time pastor of Holloway street Methodist Church, Belleville.

Sugar is selling for 40 cents a pound and coffee at \$8 a pound in Luxembourg.

The Italian government has appropriated \$700,000,000 for reconstruction.

The Hungarian government has decided that the official title of Hungary from now on shall be the Hungarian People's Republic.

Expert Looks for Recurrence of Flu

Dr. C. J. Hastings Says We Must Guard Against 1919 and 1920.

Recurrence of the influenza epidemic next year and even the year after is probable, according to Dr. C. J. Hastings, president of the American Public Health Association, whose invitation to the city and delegates to the annual meeting of the association in Chicago, December 3 to 13, was dealt with by the Board of Control Tuesday afternoon.

Dr. Hastings said that every phase of the influenza problem should be discussed at the convention. The board recommended that representatives of the Health Department be sent. Dr. Hastings wrote:

"If the experience of the epidemic of 1889-90 and 91 can be taken as a guide, we may fear a recurrence of the epidemic next year and probably the year after."

Wave of Suicide Sweeps Philadelphia

Philadelphia, Nov. 29.—A suicidal wave has been sweeping over Philadelphia. In the last 48 hours there have been twelve self-inflicted deaths. Physicians connected with the coroner's office declare that the suicides are a psychological result of the ending of the war.

It is explained by the physicians that a general nervous impression has followed the excitement due to the jubilation over the triumph of the Allies and that the reaction has been most marked in persons of morbid disposition. With such individuals personal troubles have been exaggerated, leading to great despondency and in many cases to self-destruction.

Jumped From Window

Man Registered From Toronto at Montreal Hotel Tells Queer Story.

Montreal, Nov. 29.—A guest at the St. Lawrence Hotel, who registered Sunday night as Steven Coule, of Toronto, caused considerable excitement at the hotel by jumping through the window of his room on the third floor to a balcony two stories below, then breaking through the windows of an occupied suite to the veranda overlooking Craig street and leaping to the sidewalk. He was out about the face and hands by broken glass, and apparently had a bruise on his forehead.

As the man struck the sidewalk a constable ran forward and grabbed him, taking him to the police station on a charge of disturbing the peace. Coule said that he had heard news outside his door threatening to shoot him, and that he had leaped to save his life.

Threatens to Shut Down Paper Mills

Ottawa, Nov. 29.—It is understood although no statement could be obtained from the company Monday night that J. E. Booth has informed the workers who are on strike that unless they return to their duties under old conditions, he is prepared to close his mills indefinitely. Practically every one of the employees of the big industry at the Chaudiere plant are now out on strike, and all work, even repairs, is now at a standstill.

The committee of the strikes state that it is their intention to try and ascertain the Ottawa newspapers emergency source of news of newsprint supply, and if it was coming from a mill operated by organized union labor, to make an endeavor to have that supply to the Ottawa newspapers discontinued.

Shot 82 Deer

The following extract from the Comber Herald of Essex County, will make interesting reading: "Our local hunters returned Saturday night from their annual hunt at Pickering. There were 41 men in the party and they brought home their full quota of 82 deer." The luck of those hunters is a striking contrast to that of nearly every hunting party in this section of Ontario, seldom being able to bring home more than a few deer brought over.

Only the uninformed endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Holloway's Corn Cure and get relief.



On Monday, December 2nd, 1918, will be offered the First Issue of Canadian Government

War-Savings Stamps

"War-Savings Stamps will provide financial assistance to the Government; an excellent investment for small savings; and a strong incentive to every-day economy."

-Sir THOMAS WHITE, Minister of Finance.

Order-in-Council P.C. No. 2462 authorizes the issue of War-Savings Stamps for the purpose of assisting in the financing of Government expenditures.

The Stamps may be obtained at all Money Order Post Offices, Banks, and at other authorized agencies, and are interest bearing.

Issue of 1919—Payable January 1st, 1924

The first issue will be offered from December, 1918, to December 31st, 1919, and each War-Savings Stamp of this issue constitutes the Government's promise to pay the sum of Five Dollars on January First, 1924.

Price, \$4.00 and Interest

During December, 1918, and January, 1919, the price of a War-Savings Stamp is \$4.00. In February, 1919, the price is \$4.01, and it increases one cent each month until in December, 1919, the price is \$4.11—the extra cents representing interest earned.

\$4.00 Grows to \$5.00

Instead of paying interest twice a year, like a Victory Bond, the interest on a War-Savings Stamp accumulates, and is paid with the principal at the end of the term. Your \$4.00 grows to \$5.00 in the 5 years.

Surrender Privilege

When a person buys his first War-Savings Stamp, a certificate is issued, without charge, providing space for ten such stamps. If circumstances compel him to realize on his investment, his money is available. On the back of the certificate will be found the cash surrender value of the stamp at various dates before the end of the full term.

Registration Against Loss

A certificate with one or more W.S.S. thereon will be registered for you without charge by the Post Master at any Money Order Post Office. This protects the owner in case such certificates are lost, stolen or destroyed. By applying at the Post Office where your certificate was registered, you can have your money refunded.

In order to make it easier to acquire War-Savings Stamps, THRIFT STAMPS are issued at 25 cents each. These do not bear interest, but 16 of them affixed to a Thrift Card will be exchanged for a W.S.S.



Issued under Authorization of National War-Savings Committee. Sir HERBERT AMES, Chairman.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT

WOUNDED HERO GETS D.S.O.

John Young Accidentally Shot Himself

License Inspector McCammon, of Kingston, reported that beaver are very plentiful in that district. Dams once erected by the lumber companies and long since fallen into a state of approaching ruin, have been repaired by the beavers in such an excellent way as to suggest the help of human artisans. The object of the beavers in repairing the dams is to raise the water in order to float poplar wood down the stream and store it away under water for a winter supply of food.

Beavers at Work

Hunters who have returned from Haliburton County report that beaver are very plentiful in that district. Dams once erected by the lumber companies and long since fallen into a state of approaching ruin, have been repaired by the beavers in such an excellent way as to suggest the help of human artisans. The object of the beavers in repairing the dams is to raise the water in order to float poplar wood down the stream and store it away under water for a winter supply of food.

Going to England

Bishop Bidwell left Kingston today for St. John, N.B., whence he will sail for England. His Lordship will deal with various matters at

feeling the Anglican church in Canada as the result of the coming of peace. He will also receive the honorary degree of D.D. from Oxford University. Ven. Archdeacon Dobbs has been appointed the bishop's commissary during His Lordship's absence. Brockville Recorder and Times.

Major Massey Gets D.S.O.

Yesterday morning His Honor the Lieutenant-governor decorated Major Robert Massey, Cobourg, R.C.F.A. with the medal of the Distinguished Services Order, conferred on him by the King. Major Massey was badly wounded and is now recovering. His Honor was attended by Col. Fraser and Mr. Percy Arnold, Lady Headrick being present and Mrs. Massey, Mr. Massey and Miss Massey from New Mexico.—Port Hope Guide.

Accidentally Shot Himself

John Young, son of Mr. D. T. Young, of Boulter, accidentally shot himself on Nov. 11 and died on Thursday last. The accident took place while he was hunting with some companions near Burgess Mines. He was leaning on his rifle. The butt was on the ground and his hand was over the muzzle. He lifted his foot and evidently hit the hammer, as the gun was discharged and the bullet passed through his hand, struck him in the side and passed upwards, lodging just behind the shoulder blade. Dr. Collier of Maynooth was summoned and succeeded in extracting the bullet, which had penetrated one of the lungs. The unfortunate young man was so weak that it was not considered advisable to remove him to his home; he was taken to the home of Michael Stewart, when pneumonia developed and he passed away on the date above mentioned. He was twenty-two years of age.—Bancroft Times.

A Chicken Thief at Work

A farmer living near Lindsay reported to the police on Monday that thieves visited his place on Saturday night and carried off seventy hens. He believes the parties visited his place in a wagon, but how they got away with the goods without making a noise is more than can be

understood. The farmer has a dog, but it was locked up in the stable. 180th Man Wins M. M.

We have the sincere pleasure again this week of announcing that another of our Bowmanville boys has won the Military Medal—Lance Sergt. F. Max Quick, 2nd Canadian Infantry Battalion, Eastern Ontario Regiment. The brigadier general commanding 1st Canadian Infantry Brigade, under date of Oct. 5, 1918, writes: "On behalf of all ranks in this brigade I desire to congratulate you upon this award and to thank you for the valuable service which is recognized by this decoration." Max's many friends at home gladly join in the congratulations.—Bowmanville Statesman.

Met With Accident

On Monday night Bert Nichol, G. T.R. trainman, met with a painful accident while on duty at Coteau. He fell from the top of the tender of an engine and received a bad shaking. He returned home last night.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

CAMPBELLFORD

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Bailey spent the week-end with friends in Peterboro.

Mrs. Henry Gay and child have been seriously ill of influenza but are recovering.

Mrs. Charles French and Miss Bessie returned to town Tuesday of this week, after spending the past six months at their cottage at Trent River.

Misses Annie and Mary Black came home last week to assist in caring for their brother, D. Black, Jr., who was seriously ill of pneumonia, but is now making satisfactory progress toward recovery.

Mrs. W. C. Connell, of Buffalo, N.Y., who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Eleanor Kelleher, for the past week, returned home on Tuesday. Mrs. Kelleher accompanied her and will remain for a few weeks. We sympathize with Mr. and Mrs. David Stillman in the death of their little six-year-old son, William, who succumbed to an attack of scarlet fever. The funeral was held on Saturday afternoon. Interment in Centre Church cemetery.—Herald.

BANCROFT

Mr. Corey Vallean, of Warkworth, was in town last week.

House are at a premium in this village at the present time.

Mrs. Robt. Robinson, of Montezuma, died on Thursday last from influenza.

Mrs. Joe. McDonald, of Craigmount, died on the 11th inst. She was a victim of the "flu."

Kenneth Watson and Miss Mary Hawley, of this village, were married in Toronto on Monday.

The Hydro-Electric Co., having finished cutting up their pulp wood, have rented Mr. Frank Kelusky's mill and are cutting a small drive of logs.

Mr. E. Guss-Porter, M.P., attended the Division Court sittings here on Friday last.

The thermometer showed an average above zero Monday night. It is not often that we have weather as cold as this and no snow, but motor cars are still running and the roads are fairly good.—Times.

STIRLING

Mrs. Ralph Scott, of Kingston, spent the week-end with Mrs. W. S. Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Bird and children, of Toronto, are guests of Mr. M. Bird.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Thompson left this week for their new home in Toronto.

Mrs. E. C. Moynes and children spent a few days at Gardenville recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. E. McMullen were Sunday guests at Mr. Allan Sharp's.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Clements spent Sunday with their son George Clements in Sydney.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Sharp, Owen Sound, were Sunday guests at Mr. Elijah McMullen's.

Mr. and Mrs. P. D. McMullen and Miss Eileen spent Sunday at Mr. Edward Montgomery's.

Rev. J. A. and Mrs. Hilda and Master Leo are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Reid during the week, and are calling on friends and acquaintances in the village and surrounding country.—News-Argus.

Miss Lottie Eggleton is the guest of Mrs. Luther Phillips.

Mrs. J. R. Griggs, of Toronto, is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. Mosher, and Mrs. Henry Reid.

Mr. Geo. Eggleton is in Bowmanville visiting his daughter, Mrs. Kenneth Vallean.

Mrs. Ralph Scott, of Kingston, visited her father, W. S. Martin and Mrs. Martin for a few days last week.

Mrs. Wallace, of Campbellford, and Mrs. Geo. Weaver were guests of Mrs. A. Bailey on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Eggleton, Mrs. T. Eggleton and Mrs. Geo. Eggleton motored to Belleville yesterday and spent the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Gay, of Foxboro, spent Sunday with Mrs. M. Wickens.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. H. Cook and family, of Trenton, spent Sunday with Mrs. Cook's aunt, Mrs. Jno. W. Chard.

The young people from Stirling who attended the Deloro Club Dance on Friday night report a very enjoyable evening.

Messrs. Morden Bird, Warden Montgomery, Henry Wallace and A. D. McIntosh attended the banquet given by Mr. John Elliott, manager of the Standard Bank, Belleville, at Hotel Quinte on Friday last.—Leader.

Crew Did as They Pleased

Discipline on Kaiser Low At Time Of Surrender.

London, Nov. 29.—During the examination of the German ships which surrendered on Thursday a strange state of affairs was found to prevail on the battleship Kaiser. All the brass and copper fittings had been removed. Only five German officers remained aboard, and discipline was at a low ebb. Sailors wearing the white armlets of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Council were exercising authority among the crew. The interior of the vessel, no longer kept in a state of strict cleanliness, was odorous and stuffy. The portraits of the ex-emperor in the captain's cabin and the ward room remained untouched. The Kaiser had hung inscribed with his own name, in the German dialect on the Mount of Olives. The great bells were the gift of Herr Hohenzollern—the German Emperor—to the Turkish Administration on the occasion of Wilhelm's historic triumphal state entry into the Holy City.

Planes Travel 150 Miles an Hour

U. STATES TO BUILD NUMBER OF THESE.

21 Coastal Air Stations to be Constructed.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Naval plans for the permanent establishment and construction of 21 coastal air stations, building of war plane including a new type of tri-plane, which in experiments made 150 miles an hour and the purchase of hundreds of dirigibles and other lighter aircraft were laid before the House Naval Affairs Committee by Admiral Taylor and Capt. Steele, of the naval aviation.

Steele revealed that the navy has been experimenting since August, with the new tri-plane which is known as the Kirkham. He said it would be the fastest in the world and is the product of the Curtiss plant.

Taylor and Steele also defended the use of dirigibles for coastal defence. Taylor said he had heard on reliable authority that a German Zeppelin had made a trip from Bulgaria to German East Africa, and back. He also declared that dirigibles were an indispensable arm of coastal aircraft. Coastal air stations according to Steele, will be located at the following places: Boston, New York, Chatham, Mass.; Narragansett Bay, Rockaway Point, N.Y.; Cape May, N. J.; Hampton Roads, Brunswick, Ga.; Miami, Fla.; Key West, Galveston, the canal zone, St. Thomas, West Indies; Port Arthur, Texas, San Francisco, Seward, Alaska; two in Hawaii, Guam, Cavite, P.I.; and one between Portland and Rockland in Maine.

Proposal to Sink Ships is Surprise to Washington

Washington, Nov. 30.—The suggestion from London that naval vessels surrendered by Germany under the armistice may be sunk to avoid possible disagreement among the associated nations as to their disposal, was received by naval officers here with a surprised expression. Secretary of the Navy Daniels said last night that the proposition had never been mentioned to him, and he was certain American naval representatives had suggested no such plan.

No intimation has been given as to the policy of the United States in this regard.

Weir Only Temporary Dam in Long Sault Merely Approved For Term of Five Years.

Ottawa, Nov. 29.—The International Joint Commission, in an opinion which has been placed in the hands of the Government, defends its action of some weeks ago in approving the application of the St. Lawrence Power Company for permission to construct a submerged weir in the Long Sault channel of the St. Lawrence river.

It points out that the principle which dominates the order for approval of the application is that the construction of the submerged weir is approved merely for a term of five years, or until the termination of the war. The question, the opinion proceeds, therefore remains an open one, and no right of any Government or interest to object to the weir as a permanent structure is affected by the order of approval.

It is understood here that the construction of the weir by the St. Lawrence River Power Company was commenced about the middle of September and that it is now completed, or practically so.

Kaiser's Bells Told of German Defeat

How News of Armistice Was Broken To People of Jerusalem.

Cairo, Nov. 29.—Jerusalem received the first intimation of Germany's acceptance of the armistice conditions through the pealing of the huge bells which the Kaiser had hung inscribed with his own name, in the German dialect on the Mount of Olives. The great bells were the gift of Herr Hohenzollern—the German Emperor—to the Turkish Administration on the occasion of Wilhelm's historic triumphal state entry into the Holy City.

RECEIVED BY QUINTE CHAPTER L.O.D.E. FOR PRISONERS OF WAR, NOVEMBER.

Prev. Acknowledged	\$1,400.55
Mrs. Charles Mott	2.50
Dr. J. J. Farley	2.00
Dr. W. J. Gibson	2.00
Mrs. W. J. Gibson	3.00
Miss Helen Rathburn	2.00
Miss Edith Anning	2.00
Miss A. M. Corby	2.00
Mrs. J. F. Graham	2.00
Mrs. R. J. Graham	2.00
Mrs. H. Corby	2.00
Mrs. Forest S. Deacon	2.00
Mrs. W. N. Parry	2.00
Mrs. H. C. Earle	1.00
Mrs. E. G. Porter	1.00
Mrs. W. N. Boyce	1.00
Mrs. W. E. Deacon	1.00
Mrs. C. C. Walker	1.00
Mrs. John Williams	1.00
Mrs. C. B. Coughlin	1.00
Miss Sarah Richards	1.00
Miss M. Fralick	1.00
Miss A. A. Miller	1.00
Miss Palen	1.00
Miss H. Palen, Toronto	1.80
Mrs. Thomas Ritchie	.50
Mrs. Cardaw	.50
Mrs. E. B. Fralick	.50
Mrs. Fred Smith	.50
Mrs. J. O'Callahan	.50
Mrs. W. Lattimer	.50
Mrs. Tom Ketcheson	.50
Mrs. W. H. Ketcheson	.50
Mrs. W. C. Mikel	.50
Mrs. Robertson	.50
Mrs. F. S. Anderson	.25
Mrs. J. W. Kinnear	.25
Mrs. J. W. Johnson	.25
Mrs. A. McGinness	.25
Mrs. Curtis Bogart	.25
Mrs. J. D. MacMillan	.25
Mrs. James St. Charles	.25
Mrs. A. Abbott	.25
Mrs. E. F. Milburn	.25
Mrs. S. Bongard	.25
Miss Linn, O.S.D.	.50
Miss Kate Lazier	.50
Miss Gillies	.25
Miss Pantler	.25
Miss H. Fralick	.25
Miss M. Holden	.25
Mrs. John McKeown	.25

\$1,446.80 I received notice from Mrs. J. C. Galloway, hon. sec. for Canadian Red Cross, Prisoners of War Dept., Ottawa, saying: "Have received instructions from head quarters to continue receiving subscriptions for Prisoners of War until further notice."

Annie A. Dolan, Treas. of Local Branch, 17 Victoria Ave.

RECEIVED BY QUINTE CHAPTER L.O.D.E. FOR BELGIAN RELIEF, FOR NOV.

Prev. Acknowledged	\$359.90
Miss Annie	35.00
Master Denrich Wells and Clement Allen, selling lemonade	4.00
Miss Mary E. Stapley	2.50
Miss Harriett Stanley	2.50
Miss A. A. Miller	2.50
Miss Sarah Richards	1.00
Mrs. John Williams	1.00
Primary Class of Rednerville Sunday School	1.00
Miss Linn, O.S.D.	.50
Miss Helena Lynch	.25
Mrs. A. Abbott	.25
Mrs. J. D. Miller	.25
Mrs. St. Charles	.25

\$979.40 Annie A. Dolan, Treas. of Fund, 17 Victoria Ave.

TODAY'S CASUALTIES

Died—J. McDermott, Port Hope. Prisoners of War Repatriated—Harold Phillips, Kingston. P. Richards, Castleton. HI—F. Gabourne, Tweed. A. Nicholson, Whitby. J. McArthur, Orillia. Cancel Report Wounded—R. Wallace, Lindsay. Wounded—W. MacDonald, Pembroke. R. Stringer, Fort Stewart.

Newest Methods

Benjamin Ford, who has a pig farm near Boston, saw a limousine stop near a field where he had a number of little pigs running around. The men in the limousine got out and began feeding the little pigs with bread. Then they grabbed six of them, chucked them into the limousine and put off before Mr. Ford could stop them or see the automobile's number. Real up-to-date bandits.

Miss Clara Snarr, of Albert College and her friend, Miss Josephine Bryce of Port Hope, also a student at Albert, spent the week end with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Snarr, Homewood farm, Wilframs.—Stirling News-Argus.

Bright Young Girl Passed Away

On Nov. 10th, Mary Magdalen Daly, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Daly passed away after an illness of several months.

Deceased, who was in her 25th year, attended Campbellford High School and also took a course at Belleville Business College. She then took a position with the C. P. R. at Schriber, subsequently going to Toronto. About five months previous to her death she came home on account of ill-health.

Deceased was a clever student and was a favorite with all. The funeral was held on the 12th instant. A private service was held in St. Mary's church, the remains being interred in St. Mary's cemetery.—Campbellford Herald.

Not Always "Dry" in Wind-or

Notwithstanding the fact that Ontario is dry John Barleycorn was almost as popular during October as he ever was. Figures of the Windsor Government "dispensary" indicate that approximately one thousand more prescriptions for whiskey were issued in October than during the previous month. Each prescription is good for one quart. Shell shock, influenza, colds and weak heart were given as the causes for issuing most of the whiskey orders.

A Valuable Medicine For the Baby

Baby's Own Tablets are a valuable medicine for all little ones. They are a mild but thorough laxative which never fail to regulate the bowels and stomach; drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers; banish colic and worms and make teething easy. Concerning them Mrs. S. P. Monlon, St. Stephen, N.B., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for a long time and find them a most effective and valuable medicine. I would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Entered Into Rest

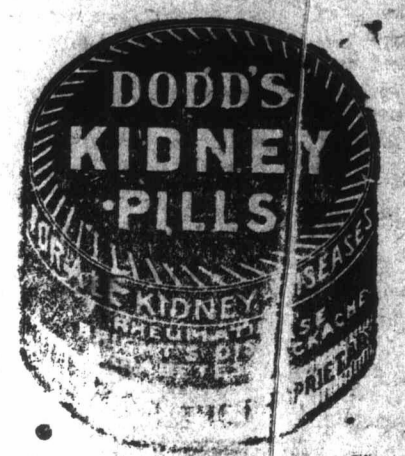
The sad death occurred at Lamont hospital, Sask., on Wednesday, Oct. 23rd, ten minutes after being innoculated with anti-influenza serum, of A. Ernest Chard, manager of the Union Bank at Bruderheim, Sask. Instructions were issued by the banks that all the staff be inoculated and as Mr. Chard was anxious to obey orders, he, with his wife and staff motored to the hospital. He was the last to be inoculated and went into the room smiling. About five minutes later he complained of weakness and lost consciousness. After three hours artificial respiration he still remained in the same attitude. Everthink that loving hands could do was done for him but without avail.

Deceased was in the 27th year of his age and the eldest son of John Wilson and Catherine Chad of Stirling, and was born in Stirling Township. After attending Public school there, he accepted a position in Mr. Hadley's jewelry store where he remained until his departure for the west eight years ago. On account of ill health he was given special care and consideration by all the family who were devoted to him and truly mourn the loss of a loving son and brother.

Five years ago he was home on a visit. At Fort Saskatchewan he was in the employ of the Union Bank and in 1915 was appointed manager of the branch at Bruderheim.

He was very popular and his loss is deeply regretted by many friends. Deceased is survived by a young wife and little daughter, Kathleen Lillian, aged 2 years; his parents, two brothers, Walter overseas, and Percy at home; and three sisters, May, Jean and Kathleen, at home.—Stirling Leader.

Mrs. D. S. Sargent and children, who have been spending the past few months with her daughter here, and other relatives near Belleville, have left for Grand Rapids, Mich., accompanied by her daughter, Lillian, who has for the past six years been living with her sister, Mrs. Harry Fife, of Daisyworth.—Norwood Reporter.



We are good outside and Mink!

These are spring, today!

A Sample

THE ME

Head Office: Montreal

N. D. McFADYEN, Sr.

The Stand

Head Office

Thrill A

Thrill brings success practice it. By thrills guarded against. Make thrill a habit. Daily in this Bank. Pounded or paid half.

JOHN ELLIOTT, ...

Shannonville office

Foxboro office

Rednersville office

Insp

Phaetons, Auto Seats

Wagons, Steel Tubular

Mail Delivery Wagon

Painting, Trimming, repaired, painted and

The FINNEGAN

BE

Cadets Yearn

Civilian

Only 60 Out of 1,200 Sign To Complete Course

Very few of the cadets Royal Air Force are anxious to continue their training. When ceased the R.A.F. had 1,200 and out of this number only

OAK HALL

Men's FurLined Coats

We are offering a line of Men's Coats, good outside covering, Mink Marmot Lining and Mink Marmot Collar at

\$75.00

These are very choice Coats, bought last spring, today the price would be a lot higher.

A Sample Coat in Our Window

OAK HALL

"The Store For Men"

BOW SECTION OF "NORTHWEST" FOUNDERED OFF CONSECON

Crew Escaped to Shore on Raft But Engineer and Cook Later Succumbed to Exposure — Vessel was in Two Sections and was Being Towed to Montreal from Upper Lakes — Bow Broke Away and Drifted to Prince Edward Shore.

When the bow section of the steamer Northwest sank in Lake Ontario some miles from Consecon near the point on Thursday night in a storm, the crew escaped on a raft to the shore but two died of exposure following their landing. It appears that the bow section parted company with the stern section and the barge Schoocraft, which was towing both sections from the Upper Lakes to Montreal.

Yesterday the crew of the Rochester Life Saving Station aboard the Schoocraft and several tugs returned to Rochester harbor, report that an all day search had been fruitless. The tugs and schooner searched the lake in a sixty-mile circle about the spot where the missing section was hailed by the Rochester lifesavers on Wednesday. The crew on the section is said to have been given assistance at that time, thinking it unnecessary.

On Fri. at 2.30 a.m. the village of Consecon was the scene of excitement when it was learned that a life-boat had come ashore with nine men aboard from a section of the Northwest which had foundered off the shore. It will be remembered that at that time there was a heavy gale accompanied by a heavy down-pour of rain.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT

SAD RETURN FOR HERO

Influenza at Whitby Soldiers' Hospital
Whitby, Dec. 2.—The influenza which has been afflicting the patients housed in a wooden structure central to the construction of the great hospital buildings, now the convalescent soldiers' hospital, the building is situated nearest the lake shore and some distance to the southeast from the village. A hundred soldiers' hospital are to arrive this week to make room in the hospital for the influenza soldiers to be concentrated there.

Wilson Henry Lloyd and Thomas McGhie, of Kingston, have passed the fall examinations of the Ontario College of Physicians and Surgeons.

She Stole For Story Material

New York Times.—Mrs. Inez Termatt, who said she was a Western school teacher and a widow, living temporarily at New Brunswick, N.J., pleaded guilty in Special Sessions to the theft of \$11.50 worth of goods from Wanamaker's and then she told the court that she had turned shoplifter on this occasion only for the purpose of getting "human interest" material for "short stories."

Others Suggest Same Remedy
The influenza is increasing again in Indianapolis, and excepting at home or out of doors everybody has to wear a mask. Warning is given that any business house or theatre admitting a person without a mask will be ordered closed.

Six Cars Lays Stock Shipped
Mr. W. H. Giddy shipped a car of hogs to Peterboro and two cars of cattle and lambs to Toronto yesterday.

Winter Sets In
Rice Lake was frozen over a considerable distance yesterday morning. It was impossible to leave the shores at Bewdley by boat. But ice at Bewdley is preferable to mosquitoes.

Widow Wished to Write About an Offender's Emotions.
The Herald finds the increasing cost and accumulated burden beyond endurance, and submitted to a receivership.

Subscriptions For Memorial
The fifteenth band will next week launch a campaign to raise by subscriptions funds for the erection of a soldiers' monument, their proposal having been sanctioned by the city council executive on Thursday evening.

To the Fallen Belleville Boys Campaign to be Launched Next Week
Chairman—W. J. Carter
Secretary—L. E. Walmley
Treasurer—Arthur Jones
Executive—Ald. Charles Hanna, Walter Asseltine and Albert Wannacott.

Mr. Wm. Johnson, of Belleville, is visiting at Rev. F. H. Howard's, Stirling News-Argus.

BURR'S

Some day Burr's school is going to have a flag pole. The contract was let over six years ago and last week the foundation was fixed. Perhaps before the last of the boys get home from the war it will be up waving the flag aloft so they will see they are not the only ones who are loyal to the flag.

Mr. Ed. Blakely and Carl Bannockburn visited at F. Burkett's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Noxon visited Mr. D. S. Doellittle on Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Doellittle at F. Burkett's on Sunday evening.
Mr. and Mrs. S. Leavens, Wellington was at Mr. H. Thomas' Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fox, Norman and Howard visited J. R. Marvin's Sunday.

Mrs. Tutts, Detroit, is the guest of her brother, Murney Parks, a few days last week.
Mr. and Mrs. A. Mitchell visited Picton last Friday.

Mrs. Rogers, Sarnia, is in town.
Mr. I. Frith Fraser is in Toronto this week in the interest of the Fraser store.

Miss Frankie Tait, Toronto, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Kelly, Centre street.
Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hamly will leave next week to spend the winter in Toronto.

Mr. C. M. Tripp left on Tuesday for Moose Jaw, Sask., where he expects to spend the winter.
Mr. and Mrs. Cortland Dahard, have returned from Shaunavon, Sask., and are at their home at Millford.

Mr. and Mrs. Thornton Blakely and family left Monday afternoon for Lakeland, Florida, where they expect to reside for a time.
Mr. Hiram Moran and Mr. Hubert Goodmurphy, Big Island, left on Saturday on a trip to Detroit.

Mrs. James Worrell has been in Toronto owing to the illness of her daughter, Gertrude, nurse-in-training at Welsley Hospital.

Mr. J. Wesley McKibbin has been appointed agent for the well-known nurseries of E. D. Smith & Son, Winona.

Messrs. Peir and Albert Collier shipped a carload of cattle to Toronto on Monday and received tickets while there to attend the complimentary dinner to be given in honor of Hon. Robert Rogers at the King Edward Hotel.

The body of Cadet Willet Bedell who died aboard ship en route to England, October 20, arrived in Picton on the afternoon train on Wednesday and was taken to the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Bedell, Centre street. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon.—Times

Montreal Herald Ceases Publication

Submits to Receivership Because of Increased Costs.
Montreal, Dec. 2.—The Herald publishes the following:
"During the past four and a half years the newspapers of the world have been compelled to carry heavy burdens. The cost of every item of the administration has risen by leaps and bounds until the total cost has been, for a long time, out of all proportion to the revenue. Hundreds of newspapers have suspended publication; hundreds of others have been merged with other journals.

"The Herald finds the increasing cost and accumulated burden beyond endurance, and submitted to a receivership."

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Treasurer—Arthur Jones
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The committee have no plans yet as to what form the memorial will take, except that it will be a monument. Much will depend on the amount of the subscriptions.

Belleville Boy's Two Decorations

Belgian Cross of War and Military Medal Won by Sergt. Harry Dawkins, Received By Parents

Mr. and Mrs. George Dawkins, 95 George street, received the Military Medal and Croix de Guerre (Belgian) won by 410260, Corporal H. Dawkins, 38th Canadian Battalion, Eastern Ontario Regiment.

Lt. Col. H. A. Genet, A.A.G., M.D., No. 2, Kingston, in forwarding the decorations stated:
"The General Officer commanding the district desires me to express the greatest appreciation for the services of this gallant soldier and I am also directed by the Honourable Minister to express his most sincere personal appreciation for the services of so brave a man."

"On my behalf, please accept my sincerest compliments that you are a relative of so brave a man."

"Details of action for which award was granted, enclosed herewith."

His Gallant Deed.
"Military Medal awarded to 410260 Cpl. Dawkins, H. 38th Battalion, Authority London Gazette No. 30573.

13-3-18
"Deed—For conspicuous gallantry in action during the battle of Passchendaele Ridge on the 30th October, 1917. While in charge of his Lewis gun, his company left its support position to reinforce the 85th Battalion. Corporal Dawkins was not aware of this move, but learning of it afterwards he immediately provided a gun crew, his own having become a casualty. He pushed up to the 85th front line, got his gun into position where assistance was desired and materially assisted in maintaining the position. This gun on the night of the 30th and 31st of October, did excellent work against a body of about 35 of the enemy. This N.C.O. displayed gallantry and initiative."

Corporal Harry Dawkins was wounded during the latter part of the year 1917, a shell grazing his chest. For months he was in a precarious state but ultimately he recovered. He was promoted sergeant and returned to France and was acting as machine gun instructor up to the date of the signing of the armistice. Prior to enlistment he was fireman in the service of the G.T.R.

Mr. H. Romley-Williams, Bidden Farewell by Trenton Friends.

Presentation at Trenton

A very pleasing event took place Thursday evening when Mrs. (Dr.) H. M. Caverley entertained a few of the friends of Mr. H. Romley-Williams prior to his departure from Trenton, where he has been attached to the British Chemical Co. Ltd. During the evening, bridge, whist and other social games were freely indulged in, whilst the hostess attended to the musical programme. After dainty refreshments were served Mr. Owen Fortune with a few appropriate remarks presented Mr. Williams with a handsome club bag as a mark of the esteem and appreciation felt for him by his many friends in Trenton. In replying, Mr. Williams after expressing his pleasure at the gift, said that he considered it more than a privilege to have been able to render any help however slight, in all patriotic and red cross work and so adhere to Lord Nelson's famous signal, "England expects that every man this day will do his duty." (cheers.) The party broke up at midnight after singing "He's a Jolly Good Fellow" with heartfelt good wishes for his future good fortune.

Local Citizen Saw "Bloody" Circular

"Wade in blood up to the knees, if necessary," is exhortation contained in a Bolshevik manifesto which is being sent freely to returned soldiers in Toronto. About 20,000 of the circulars have been distributed to date. It is understood. The introductory word to veterans and citizens generally is to "arise and seize what is rightfully yours." A copy is being digested and its origin investigated by the Detective Department.

Mailbag Robbery Turns Out A Hoax; "Postie" is Held

Quebec, Dec. 2.—All the sensational stories told about the robbery of \$6,000 worth of mails some weeks ago at Arthabaska were shattered today, and A. Houde, mail carrier, who reported being robbed at the point of revolvers by masked bandits, was arrested and held as a material witness. The two mail pouches, containing the mail robbed, were found by the roadside Monday at a spot that has been gone over scores of times since the robbery. A hole was discovered in the bush not far from the road where the mail bags had been hidden and later dug out, and a trail was found, indicating that someone had unscrupulously placed them in a conspicuous spot on the highway. Houde was held without bail as a material witness.

Widow Wished to Write About an Offender's Emotions.

The Herald finds the increasing cost and accumulated burden beyond endurance, and submitted to a receivership.

Impurities of the Blood Counteracted.

Impurities in the blood come from defects in the action of the liver. They are revealed by pimples and unsightly blotches on the skin. They must be treated inwardly, and for this purpose there is no more effective compound to be used than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They act directly on the liver and by setting up healthy processes have a beneficial effect upon the blood, so that impurities are eliminated.

The Chinese government will destroy \$14,000,000 worth of opium purchased from Shanghai merchants who were unable to dispose of it because of law against shipping it into the interior.

Just a little more than three weeks until we know whether our friends have bought us a red necktie or a box of cigars.

Barred Kisses From Old Men

Lachine Officer Got Warm Reception in Evacuated Village.

The following is an extract from a letter sent by Lieut. R. M. Robertson, B.E.F., under date of October 27, son of R. Robertson of Riverside Drive, Lachine:

"I must tell you about the very unique and interesting experience I had not long ago. It was after the Huns had evacuated one of the villages. I happened to be the first person to get there. Well, you ought to have seen the reception I got. King George never had a better service of this kind and I just as I got to the edge of the village an old lady and little girl about 11 stopped me.

"The old lady said to the little girl, Embrassez Monsieur." So the little girl gave me a hug and a kiss. Soon a crowd of 50 were around me, all wanting to follow the example of the little girl, but I had to draw the line when it came to some of the old men. Everybody had something they wanted to give me; flowers, cigars, cigarettes, etc., not to speak of coffee and cognac.

"Well, I wish I could have got pictures of myself sitting on the cycle in the middle of the road with that crowd of excited people all round and all of them trying to talk at once. I had to go through the same performance every 100 yards through the village.

"These French people certainly are glad to be free again and some of them do look as if they had suffered a lot. Nevertheless they are all very cheerful and cannot do enough for us. Maybe they will get over it by and bye.

"How they ever managed to exist I don't know. The other day I was in a store buying some matches, which cost me 8c for a small box, and the lady was telling me that she had to pay 50 francs for a kilo of butter, which works out at \$5.00 a pound. Rather expensive, isn't it?"

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Just a little more than three weeks until we know whether our friends have bought us a red necktie or a box of cigars.

If Your "Victory Bonds" Were Burnt or Stolen

They might prove a total loss. So with Stock Certificates Promissory Notes and other Negotiable Securities. Do not leave Valuable Papers at home or at the office, where there is always danger of fire or theft. Keep them in a Safety Deposit Box in the vaults of this Bank. The highest measure of security and protection against loss is afforded, at a small annual rental.

THE MERCHANTS BANK
Head Office: Montreal, OF CANADA, Established 1864.
BELLEVILLE BRANCH,
N. D. McFADYEN, Manager.
Safety Deposit Boxes to Rent.

The Standard Bank of Canada Head Office Toronto

Thrifty Assures Protection

Thrifty brings success to all countries or individuals who practice it. By thrifty, hard times are forestalled and emergencies guarded against.

Make thrifty a habit and deposit your surplus earning regularly in this Bank. Interest allowed at current rate and compounded or paid half-yearly on all Savings Accounts.

JOHN ELLIOTT, Manager Belleville Branch
Shannonville office open Mondays and Tuesdays.
Foxboro office open Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville office open Wednesdays.

Inspect These

Phaetons, Auto Seat Top Buggies, Platform Spring Democrat Wagons, Steel Tubular Axle Wagons, Bolster Spring, Royal Mail Delivery Wagons, Factory Milk Wagons, Repairing Painting, Trimming, Rubber Tires. All kinds of Automobiles repaired, painted and upholstered.

The FINNEGAN CARRIAGE & WAGON CO. BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Cadets Yearn for Civilian Life

Only 60 Out of 1,200 Signify Desire To Complete Course.
Very few of the cadets in the Royal Air Force are anxious to continue flying with a view to completing their training. When training ceased the R.A.F. had 1,200 cadets, liners sailed, being unable to get and cut of this number only 60 have accommodation on board the ships.

signified their desire to complete the course. All the rest are anxious to get back to civil life as speedily as possible. At the present time 500 mechanics who applied for the annulment of their transfer from the R.F.C. to the R.A.F., are being discharged.

It is estimated 25,000 persons anxious to go abroad remained in New York when three large Atlantic liners sailed, being unable to get accommodation on board the ships.

GAMES THAT TEACH TEAM WORK GOOD FOR GIRLS AS FOR BOYS

By Dr. Leonard K. Hildebrand. From early childhood the sports of boys and girls have, carefully but separately separated. The result is that the latter grow up physically weaker than they should be.

Games That Aid. A power to organize and execute are perhaps developed to a large extent by games. Games, themselves, are carefully organized, and a good player must know the whole game in order to play effectively.

THE COMING OF THE ITINERANT PREACHER

First Methodist Circuit From Kingston to Toronto. On the bank of the majestic St. Lawrence near the town of Prescott is a lonely graveyard, which is one of the most hallowed spots on the continent of America.

between occasional cultivated fields, which alone broke the monotony of the wooded country. Other families approached working, the father carrying the youngest child, the mother holding the hand of another, while seated upon a hillock two rosy-cheeked youngsters hastily donned shoes and stockings in order that they might appear decently and properly clad in the House of God.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT MEMORIAL HOME FOR SOLDIERS

Conductor Killed by Train. The police have taken timely measures to keep young boys off the street at night. Many complaints have been made about the boy staying out till a late hour and getting into mischief, and from now on boys are to be taken to the police station when found on the street after eight p.m.

K. of C. Army Hut Collections

Table with 2 columns: Location, Amount. Total Receipts K. of C. Hut Fund: Belleville Subscriptions \$4,600.14, Trenton 1,563.78, Marmora and Delora 600.00, etc.

False Exemption Papers to Avoid Going Into Army

Sensational Evidence of Extorting Money From Parents. GET THEIR SONS FREED. One Youth Had Daily Reported and After Examination Was Exempted. Quebec, Nov. 28.—Further evidence of a sensational nature was brought out here on Saturday in the preliminary investigation which is going on in the court of session on the accusations made against George Plon, M.P., of Montmagny, Ontario, and Capt. Goulet, who are charged with extorting money from M. S. A. draftees and their relatives for false exemption papers.

Mr. Smith, civil engineer, Lindsay, made a survey of the side-line between lots 30 and 31 in the ninth concession of Clarke, on behalf of the Township Council to determine the correct line between the farms of Robert Morgan and Ephraim White, there being a block of timber in dispute between these parties owing to lack of any marks that would show the correct line of road allowance.

MARYSVILLE

The snow storm of Wednesday last was a reminder that winter is near. The congregation of St. Mary's church was delighted with an unexpected visit from His Grace, Archbishop Spratt on Sunday last. There has been much sickness but few deaths from the "flu" around here.

Obituary

MRS. ANNIE COCKINS. The death occurred on Wednesday, November 27th of Mrs. Annie Cockins, of the eighth concession of Tyendinaga. She was 70 years of age and a member of the Methodist church. Surviving are one son, Robert at home, two daughters, Mrs. Edwina Anderson and Mrs. Alfred Coulter of Tyendinaga, one brother, Thos Gray of Michigan and two sisters, Mrs. R. Lybeck of Marmora, and Mrs. John McNeil, of Rosebush, Michigan. The funeral will be held tomorrow (Friday).

HARRY ALLAN SHANE

After eight weeks' illness from influenza, which had been complicated for four weeks past by bronchopneumonia, Harry Allan Shane, 12-year old son of Mrs. Peter Shane, Donald street, died on Wednesday afternoon. He was a very bright student and his school chums at Greer street school mourn his passing. Surviving are his mother, three brothers, William, James and Frank and two sisters, Elizabeth and Annie.

WILLIAM HUNTER

The funeral of the late Mr. Wm. Hunter, (whose sudden death at the P. M. Hospital, on the 4th inst., was a shock to his friends and relatives, but before making of stated that he would call again. The second chapter will come later on "The Port" mouth philosopher, who heard about the affair, stated that this was the first time he had ever heard of a girl making a complaint of this kind. Out in Portsmouth the girls like to be admired.

MELROSE

Great rejoicing over the armistice being signed, gladness instead of sadness is written on the countenance of everybody. Farmers are still trying to find fall plowing. Rev. Mr. Brown, of Orillia, occupied the pulpit in the Methodist church on Sunday. An excellent address was given along the line of missionary work.

MRS. BETTY MCCARTHY

Mrs. Betty McCarthy, widow of the late Charles McCarthy died this morning at her home Station street. She was born in Cork, Ireland, 79 years ago. She was a member of St. Michael's church. Surviving are three sons—John of Belleville, Charles of Chicago, and Jeremiah of Toronto and one daughter, Mrs. T. Daly, Belleville. Mrs. McCarthy's husband passed away some years ago in Ohio.

MR. THOMAS H. DANCY

The death occurred after a protracted illness, of Mr. Thomas H. Dancy in Peterborough. He leaves beside his wife, three sons, Captain S. N. Dancy, translator in the American army, but formerly in the Canadian army, Percy a teacher in Saskatchewan and Herald of Toronto.

Report of the West Belleville War Workers

The business meeting of the W. B. W. W. Association was held in the Queen Mary School, Tuesday, Nov. 26th, Mrs. S. Vandervoort, 2nd vice-president, presiding. The secretary's report was given and adopted. Treasurer's report:

Receipts: Balance from Sept. \$74.40, Total receipts 151.04, Donation 33.65, Nov. Penny Bag Collection 41.53. Total \$240.62.

During Oct. and Nov. the following were packed and shipped overseas: Oct. 3.—1 hospital box containing 12 suits of pyjamas, 15 hospital shirts, 340 handkerchiefs, 4 pneumonia jackets, 24 binders with pins and 1 hospital quilt. Oct. 24.—6 trench boxes of Xmas parcels containing 113 prs. socks, 182 towels, 182 cakes of soap, 125 washcloths, 182 pgs. candy, 182 pgs. gum, 182 pgs. cigarettes, 182 pgs. cigarette paper, 182 handkerchiefs, 364 candles, 182 writing pads, 182 pencils, 1485 envelopes, 15 quaters and 182 Xmas cards.

WESTERN AMELIASBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rathburn spent Wednesday evening at Albert Lott's, Ameliasburg. The Collingswood people returned home on Friday. Mr. Henry Arrhart spent Saturday at Belleville. On Saturday evening about forty of the friends and neighbors gathered at the home of Mr. Thos. Arrhart and presented them with a china tea set and silver bowl, as they are leaving the neighborhood to reside in Wellington.

Machinery Has Arrived

Four cartons here for Rubber Factory Plant. Four cartons of machinery for the Belleville Rubber Company's factory has arrived here and will be installed at the plant immediately. The directors are very optimistic over the outlook.

Present Wage Levels to Continue in U.S.

Washington, Nov. 29.—Frank P. Walsh, joint chairman of the national war labor board, said that labor must not be expected to return to the pre-war basis of wages and working hours. The only hope for a safe, orderly national development, he declared, is in the maintenance of present wage levels and continuous improvements of conditions of labor.

Pre-War Prices Not to Return for At Least Five Years.

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Hymn of Happiness

A war that lasts four years or five is worse than claimed by Sherman. But oh, it's good to be alive. And NOT to be a German. —Brooklyn Eagle

A Sun in Ram in So in Engl. Written for T.

To those who have something of English, a ramble through country hedge-grows or moor along the wayside, at branches overhead, at stiles instead of gates topped hills from which can be seen a beautiful landscape. Of a great land this is a true spot and there are odd spots thickly in English.

On a recent Sunday I chanced upon one of the war veterans of the Netherlands—with military sash and medals, and flanked on the great dykes. A winding great whin completed. For two months my been whetted by an road that left the main from my quarters and over a knoll. Mentally ed to find out whether, as, my footsteps took grass-infused surface to knoll. From that point it winding in and out level fields, crossing the ditches on brick walls. Little town, and finally as a crooked white line post hills of the South.

In centuries past this had been part of the sea the eighteenth century man transformed it from ground of Neptune's sheep grazing ground of sheep. Protected from the boisterous breezes by the great Beachy Head, it made a for the landing of William at the time of the Normans and today one may pass where his ships anchored miles inland, see the spot under first set foot on. To this day this part of known as Norman's Bay. From the knoll, my eye peered me to go farther, at objective being the plainly visible with a great castle ruin overshadowed appeared to the eye to be of a mile, some development, and I found myself my resolution, but pressed to the outskirts of the to mediate all my regrets.

Increase Grain Decrease

"CHANGING WORK" ED WITH FALL TATION

"The hay crop was meagre, while straw was mal and well saved," says Gifford. "All kinds of crops were very good, especially grain. Mangel is a favorite turnip here now sown also fair. Very early sown seems as if feed supplies will be in this section. "Although help is so many farmers have lost time through "the prospect season's production are quite able. A lot of plowing is already favorable. Many farmers plowed a lot of sod with a view to an increased area next year, while fall wheat this year looks exceptional.

More Grain—Less St. With the breaking up land there is, not unfortunatly, a tendency to reduce holding stock. The heaviest reduction has been in dairy cows. Scarce for accounts for this. Farmers who formerly spent spare time from the house, have had to spend this the general operations of the As a result of the reductions herds prices of milkers has showing a weakening tendency in sales."

Changing Work Lessened

Things are not looking well in Prince Edward County—and well done—for this work having been a farming standpoint, according to Mr. James R. Anderson, Mr. Anderson says, "very de

A Sunday Ramble in Sussex England

Being a Narrative of a Grass-Grown Road and Where it Led to.

Written for The Ontario by Sergt. T. C. Lapp.

To those who have seen or read something of English rural scenery...

On a recent Sunday afternoon I chanced upon one of these spots. It was very suggestive of scenes in the Netherlands...

In centuries past this fertile plain had been part of the sea, but during the eighteenth century the hand of man transformed it from a play ground of Neptune's children to a grazing ground of sheep and cattle...

From the knoll, my curiosity impelled me to go farther, my immediate objective being the little town, plainly visible with a great frowning castle ruin overshadowing it.

Increase Grain: Decrease Stock

CHANGING WORK INTERFERED WITH FALL CULTIVATION

The hay crop was fair about Meaford, while straw was above normal and well saved.

Although help is so scarce, and many farmers have lost a lot of time through "flu," prospects for next season's production are quite favorable.

More Grain—Less Stock

With the breaking up of grassland there is, not unnaturally, a tendency to reduce holdings in live stock.

Changing Work Lessened Plowing

Things are not looking any too well in Prince Edward County from dawn—well done—the weather for this work having been exceptional.

The High street, leading to the castle, was flanked on either side by picturesque old houses of the 15th and 16th century.

The castle is of greater antiquity than I had thought, having been built first by the Romans, and then re-built by the Norman Conqueror in 1066.

The average of land sown to winter wheat is less than usual, discouraging returns this year, drouth in August and lack of help being the causes.

Live stock are in a healthy condition, but complaint is that animals have not put on flesh as heretofore.

Feed is plentiful, but it is doubtful if as many cattle will be put into stalls as usual.

The pageant of English history passed in mental pictures before my eyes as I examined the ancient structure and it was with difficulty that I forced myself to commence the homeward journey.

Prospects for food production in this section are not too encouraging because of farmers being unable to make the necessary fall preparation.

Effect on Next Year's Crop

Prospects for food production in this section are not too encouraging because of farmers being unable to make the necessary fall preparation.

Increase Mainly in Sheep

Everything is looking well around here," says Mr. W. H. Hunter of Varney.

BORN

IRWIN—At the Belleville General Hospital, on Thursday, Nov. 23th, to Mr. and Mrs. Norman Alan Irwin, a daughter.

DIED

MCCARTHY—In Belleville, Nov. 27, 1918, Mrs. Hetty McCarthy.

United States shipping losses caused by the war amounted to 124 vessels.

Mutton have been good and sheep require less labor than any other kind of live stock.

Coarse Grains Above Normal

"It is doubtful if fall wheat in Waterloo returned the seed sown," says Mr. Andrew Elliott.

Despite the scarcity and poor quality of seed corn the crop in this line was fairly good, but hardly up to the average.

Less Fall Wheat

The average of land sown to winter wheat is less than usual, discouraging returns this year, drouth in August and lack of help being the causes.

Feed is plentiful, but it is doubtful if as many cattle will be put into stalls as usual.

Most Profitable Line of Live Stock

"Sheep are being inquired for and there is an increase in numbers of this class of live stock."

Going Back for Lack of Help

"The fly in the ointment of the general situation is lack of help. For years this lack has been the farmer's great handicap."

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The German Spirit Typified

Written for The Ontario by Mas. M. Bice, Law, & Dewar

It was to be expected that Hindenburg should be at this moment the radiating centre for Germany, and makes them different from those of Russia.

The German people, said to be the most energetic, the most energetic, the most energetic, the most energetic, the most energetic.

Never was a franker statement issued from Berlin. It is true in every detail. Hindenburg is the god.

There is, however, I need hardly say, no wish on the part of the allied nation to crush or destroy the peoples of Germany.

Wrongs by Germany Compel Stern Peace

Archbishop of Canterbury Insists That Allies Must Have Security Against Repetition of Outrages Committed by Enemy.

London, Nov. 29.—The Archbishop of Canterbury, in replying to a message from Prof. Delsmann, of Berlin University, transmitted by Archbishop Soderblom, of Upsala, imploring merciful treatment at the peace conference.

Professor Delsmann's statement as to the present situation is not one which I can accept as correct. He speaks of the European situation as the all that is needed on the part of the Christian churches in the belligerent nations is mutual forgiveness and conciliation in order to fight in unison against the terrible consequences of the war.

Crime Against Humanity

"But we cannot forget the terrible crime wrought against humanity and civilization when this stupendous war with its irreparable agony and cruelty was let loose in Europe."

TOUGH!

And now, to have the tailboard of the breakdown cart of Prussian Germany lifted and William, the disappointed, dumped on them makes a sad day for neutral Holland.

Married at Picton

Picton, Nov. 29.—The marriage took place at Picton on November 23rd of Miss Ethel Hicks, only daughter of O. W. Hicks, reeve of North Marysburg, and Clair McCornock, son of D. T. McCornock, of Bongard's, Rev. Alfred Brown officiated.

triumph the German people paid tribute to Hindenburg in statues and other ways. He was not an artificial hero but a real one.

If Hindenburg failed it was not his fault. He saved his army, it is the spirit of the German nation that had been equal to the machine commanded by him.

In the Washington reports yesterday regarding the President's intended presence at Versailles it was given out that one of his purposes was to see that justice was done to Germany.

Washington, Nov. 29.—Charges that the corporations which control the anthracite coal field declined to permit the output to be increased, were made before the Senate investigating committee by William Wilhelm, a lawyer of Pottsville.

Serious Charge Made Against Coal Operators

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Huns Killed 49 Belgian Priests

Cardinal Mercier Says 12,000 Men Were Forcibly Removed from His Diocese.

Malines, Belgium, Nov. 29.—Forty nine Belgian priests were tortured and put to death by the Germans during the occupation of Belgium.

Other crimes committed by the Germans, the Cardinal said, were too long and too terrible to relate briefly.

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MADOC JCT. Friends here were shocked on Tuesday to hear that J. Danford, a G.T.R. conductor, had been killed during the night near Millbrook.

The news has cast a gloom over the whole neighborhood as he was known to young and old as "Jack" and had many friends whose sympathy will go out to his wife and all who mourn. The funeral will be held here, it is expected, on Thursday.

A number from other appointments attended the quarterly service here last Sunday in Eggleton Church. The pastor, Rev. G. C. R. McQuade, preached a very impressive sermon.

The service next Sunday will be conducted by the Rev. Mr. Wallace, of Sidney circuit. Those who attended the L.O.O.F. reception for Capt. R. H. Pearce last Wednesday evening in Stirling report a very delightful evening.

Mr. Sidney Murphy, the Noble Grand, made an excellent chairman and is to be congratulated upon the success of the evening.

Miss Mildred Clarke spent Sunday at her home here and returned to her school at Wellman on Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Burke were among those who attended the quarterly service here.

VICTORIA

We have had no church for a few Sundays on account of the illness of our minister who has been confined to the house with influenza. We hope to see him out again soon.

The Ladies' Aid was well attended on Thursday at Mrs. H. Pulver's. Next meeting at the home of Miss Ethel Glenn on Thursday, Nov. 28.

A gloom was cast over this locality on Sunday last when one of our bright young lads, the late Clifford Redner, became a victim of the "flu."

Mr. and Mrs. L. Brickman and Mr. and Mrs. Will Bush motored to Stirling on Tuesday and spent the day at Mr. Wm. Bush's.

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confined to the house with the "flu" and pneumonia.

FRANKFORD Mr. Stephen Badgley has purchased the property from Mr. Williamson better known as the John Chapman home, and intends moving here in the near future.

A few from here attended the funeral of Mrs. Wm. Dufos in the sixth con. of Sidney on Thursday afternoon.

The regular meeting of the W.M.S. was held at the home of Mrs. G. E. Sine on Thursday afternoon, a large number being present and the meeting of great interest.

We are glad to report that Mr. W. W. Carter was in town on Wednesday moving the rest of their household goods to Conseccon. He is giving up cheese making and is buying a farm near Conseccon.

Rev. Hill of Hilton, preached in the Methodist church both morning and evening on Sunday, Rev. Knox taking the Hilton appointments.

FULLER

Here we are again, and so much has occurred since we last were talking we scarcely know where to begin.

The terms of the armistice have been signed, the ex-kaiser had "flashed" and now we read certainly has another "flu" as well; we feel that he must surely have a sore head and heart.

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Several carloads of potatoes have been shipped from points along the C.P.R. between Kenora and Zurich to Eastern Ontario for seed. The shipments were composed chiefly of the Irish Candler variety.

ENGLISH ELECTION DEC. 14

Written for The Ontario by Chas. M. Bice, Lawyer, Denver, Colo.

Almost before the ink was dry on the Foch armistice paper, the spokesmen at Westminster for Lloyd George were announcing from Parliament that a general election would be held in Great Britain on Dec. 14th.

The election will be held under conditions new to the nation. Plans had been made for it long before. In the heat of four years of war, when the empire was hanging in the balance, a number of important legislative measures were enacted by Parliament, including the latest reform bill.

It has been determined already that the Lloyd George government shall stand together—a coalition government of Liberal, Unionist and Labor—at the election, and if successful, for the reconstruction period.

Mr. Balfour will uphold the government on the hustings; so will Mr. Corne, Laborite, a member of the administration, Lord Curzon and Winston Churchill will speak from the same platform.

The issue is not war—it is war reconstruction; and this means to Lloyd George, reconstruction of Europe and of Great Britain. Recently he appeared at a conference of the Liberal party leaders and explained broadly the policies of the government for the immediate future, and asked a vote of confidence, which was given him by unanimous vote, although up until that moment

it was claimed that the Asquith faction had control of the party machinery. At the same time Mr. George was addressing the Liberals, his chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Bonar Law, was speaking to Unionist leaders on the same theme and after listening to him it was determined that the Unionist party would abide by the government in the campaign election.

The prevailing opinion in England is that the George government will have a clear working majority in the next Parliament, and that the present Cabinet will continue until after the peace treaties have been signed at least.

Opposed to Lloyd George will be Arthur Henderson, head of the British Labor party. But of late Mr. George has been cutting the ground from under Mr. Henderson's feet. A recent address by the premier went almost as far as the Henderson program in internationalism. So in international politics it is a question of degrees between the two.

The premier is heartily in favor of a league of nations to guarantee peace. A league of nations seems essential if the powers are to reduce their armaments, and make up war's losses. Reconstruction itself would require state-aid and labor, that had done so much and well during the war.

The Henderson program was full-filled many weeks ago. It sticks closely to internationalism undiluted—international Socialism through labor more than international good feeling among governments. He takes several steps in advance of his opponent. He is also for state Socialism in the extreme.

Of course, the Irish question is in the foreground as usual, but it is in an entirely new form. The Nationalist party of Redmond and Dillon is going to its political grave next month. The Sinn Fein movement has given it its quietus. And the Sinn Fein party has taken added strength and hope from the "self-determination talk" rife in so many countries.

It is generally conceded that the Sinn Fein party will sweep all of Ireland, except the north part, this time, and that the Nationalist party will have barely enough to fill a jaunting car. Those who are opposed to the Sinn Fein movement will doubtless uphold the Unionist party in Ireland.

The Irish party in England and Scotland will support the Henderson party, while the Sinn Fein outfit are for separation and a republic. John Bull's experience in four and a half years may cause him to tighten his reins on "Neo-Fenianism."

THE LAST OF THE CAESARS

Written For The Ontario By Chas. M. Bice, Lawyer, Denver, Colo.

Pomp and pageantry have always enthralled the human mind. The lust for power of one kind or another of it. If we lack the power ourselves we admire it in others.

It is this predilection which makes the pages of history glow for us. Indeed, it has made history—for what has history been, until a comparatively recent date, but a chronicle of kings and queens, their armors and their battles, their rise and their fall?

Hence it follows that it is not by the sword alone that tyrants have ruled. Their trappings, splendid courts, ostentatious ceremonials, symbolic revels, splendid equipages, the flourish of trumpets, the evolutions of troops and ships, salves of prosperity and boom of cannon—all these have bound and enchanted the imagination of their subjects, making their bodies pliant to the rulers' will.

Nor is it only the ignorant and the crude who are thus enthralled, for the pages of history record the shameful servility to royalty of men distinguished for intellectual achievements. But the price, the terrific price of the despot's diadem is the infatigability which men attach to their deity, unvarying, continuous, like a law of nature. Let the monarch stub his toe and fall, and let his subjects leap upon him like wolves upon a wounded stag.

Nicholas, Ferdinand, Karl and Wilhelm failed. The first was done to death by his erstwhile serfs; the others are fugitives, and any hour may flash to the four corners of the earth the tidings that they too have tasted the assassin's steel.

Wilhelm, prematurely old and bent, has sought refuge in Holland. He failed. Events as uncontrollable

as the whirlwind's wrath stripped him of his pseudo divinity, and he fled from his throne as from a nest of scorpions, with only a little group of parasites left to make him obnoxious. "My Army!" Gone. "My Navy!" Gone. "My subjects!" Gone. Power, pomp, adulation and honor—all gone.

This cataclysmic crash of empires, this flying assunder in four short years of the gigantic accretions of centuries, is a solemn thing to contemplate. Its moral significance is writ large. No institution reared up on the bondage of men, either of soul or body, can endure. The seeds of destruction are planted with its corner stone.

And the same is equally true of the life of each of us, however humble our sphere. The immutable laws of God show no large or small, no high or low, but deal out reward or punishment alike to all.

DRUGS STILL

The price of drugs, which during the period of the war soared higher than for any other class of commodity, is still far above normal. In some cases the cost of standard drugs increased ten-fold, notably camphor, which from 45 cents a pound rose to \$4.50; and phenacetin, the rose from 70 cents a pound to \$4.50. It is expected that with a good crop of herbs, from which many drugs are manufactured, in Canada, and the lifting of the embargo by the Government, a return to somewhat normal conditions will follow. This influenza epidemic has resulted in a shortage of the kind of supplies used in fighting the disease.

Currie Was Presented With a Gold Medal

Replicas Will Be Distributed Among Men Who Captured Mons.

France, Dec. 3.—With the Canadian Corps—before leaving Mons, which the Canadians captured just before the armistice, was signed, Sir Arthur Currie, the Commander of the Canadian Corps, was presented by the city with a medal in gold especially struck in his honour and inscribed, as a souvenir of the liberation of the city by the Canadian corps. Replicas will be distributed among the troops who took part.

The men of the First Division were given a great reception upon their entry into the city of Nivelles, on their march to Germany. Leave was granted to the men for visits to Waterloo and the historic battlefields in the neighborhood and considerable contingents of Canadians attended the official entry of the King and Queen of the Belgians into Brussels.

The public plans of the demobilization of the Canadian army have not been received with enthusiasm by the men, who hoped and believed that they would have an opportunity of returning to their homes as soldiers of units with which they have so long been associated.

"Instead of this," one western soldier put it, "we are to return, not as soldiers at all, but as a mob of farmers or bakers or clerks, which our country apparently wants to get rid of as quickly as possible. I and thousands like me, wanted to march into our own home town with our regimental flag waving and band playing the fighting battalion march that won fame on every field from Ypres to Cambrai, where the Canadian arms have been engaged."

Capt. Hodge, M. C., Dies in Hospital

The following is taken from the Vancouver Daily Sun of October 30: Capt. Harry E. Hodge, M.C., a returned officer of the First Contingent, died at the General Hospital last night after a short illness. In his death another of the soldiers who made Canada famous in the early days of the war has gone and the thinning ranks of the First Contingent has lost one of its most brilliant officers.

Captain Hodge went over as a lieutenant with the original 2nd Battalion in 1914 and took part in the early fighting in the Ypres salient. At the second battle of Ypres, where the Hun used the first gas in the war, Captain Hodge was in charge of a machine gun crew and, after all his men were killed, he held his post firing into the masses of the enemy with such effect that he completely held up their advance at that point. After the battle, by official count, there were no fewer than 675 German bodies in front of the machine gun emplacement held by Captain Hodge.

For this he was recommended for the French Legion of Honor, mentioned in despatches and promoted to the rank of captain on the field, as well as being personally congratulated by Premier Lloyd George on one of the latter's tours of the front.

He was wounded in this engagement and returned to Canada, but as soon as he was fit again, returned to the front and took part in the Somme battles of 1916, winning the Military Cross and the personal thanks on parade of General Byng. Wounded again, he was sent to England, and for some time was musketry officer in the Sherbrooke area for the Canadians. For the second time he was returned to Canada and this time was placed on the reserve of officers and retired to civilian life.

The presentation of the Military Cross was delayed for some time and when Captain Hodge received it he was living in Bellingham, Washington. Permission was obtained to present the decoration to him there and it was done by the senior officer in the military district. The presentation on American soil was the first ever made to a Canadian officer and excited great interest at the time.

For the past six months Captain Hodge had been working as an electrician in the Squemish, and it was there that he contracted the influenza that resulted in his death. He was hurried to the General Hospital as soon as possible but the dreaded disease had taken an acute form and he died in a very few days.

A Lindsay citizen, who was in Toronto last week, saw a copy of the circular and it is just as they and blood curdling as is reported.—Lindsay Post.

Frankford Continuation School Examination

EXAMINATIONS FOR OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER.

Form I.—Maximum 700. Eva Morrow... 76 per cent. Agnes Sullivan... 62 Roy Rosborough... 58 Hugh Sine... 53 Jessie Whitton... 53 Florence Hearn... 51 Fleeta Habbie... 49 Willie O'Malley... 48

Form II.—Maximum 750. Maggie Peel... 72 per cent. Thelma Buell... 67 Thelma Lowery... 65 Sylvia Bull... 60 Ross Snider... 60 Vera Bush... 60 Roy Pollard... 59 Helen Windover... 52 Carman Pettit... 48 Olyver Reid... 43 Raymond Mikel... 40

Form III.—Maximum 600. Myrtle Bark... 78 per cent. Kathleen Simmons... 78 Katie Sullivan... 76 Hazel Fox... 75 Mary Peel... 72 Silbourn Theod... 61 Arthur Osterhout... 44

Trenton

Mrs. Patten gave four tables of bridge Thursday at her home.

Mr. R. Livingston leaves to day for Portland, Maine.

Mrs. W. P. Saunders, of Colborne, arrived in town Saturday.

Mr. Robt Whyte, B.A., was a visitor to Belleville Saturday.

Mr. Ewan McLean has returned to town after several months absence with the troops.

Capt. H. C. Charlton Sallsbury, R.C.N.V.R., arrived in town today from Parry Sound, on his way to Sydney, N.S. During his stay he is the guest of his sisters, the Misses Amy and Kate Sallsbury, Dundas street.

Miss E. Barford left for Ottawa Saturday.

Mr. Leonard Barry left for Oshawa Saturday noon.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas S. Parson left for a few days visit at Toronto Saturday.

Miss E. K. Matthews left for Kingston Saturday.

Trenton has purchased a new fire machine costing over \$5,000.00.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Barclay are guests of the Vanderbilt hotel, New York City.

Miss Thompson, of Perth, arrived in town Saturday.

Mrs. Morton Murdock has leased a very fine apartment on Indian road, Toronto.

Mrs. Fortune has returned from Toronto.

Mrs. A. L. Rogers was hostess to a 4 o'clock tea Wednesday.

Mrs. (Dr.) H. M. Caverly was hostess to tea Saturday at her new home, Dundas street.

Fair Sized Market Today — Fowl Quite Plentiful

Today's market was not of very large proportions and prices were somewhat higher in most lines. Fresh eggs brought 60c to 65c per dozen and butter 53c to 55c per lb. Chickens were plentiful at 21 each, and upwards. Ducks sold at \$1.25 to \$1.50 each. Turkeys were high at \$3 and upwards.

Potatoes ranged from \$1.75 to \$2 per bag. A few sold at 1.50 but better quality brought \$1.80 to \$2.

Apples were fairly plentiful. Oats wholesale at 30c, barley \$1.05 to \$1.08, buckwheat \$1.25 to \$1.35.

Hay was not offered today. Meats are practically unchanged. Eggs sell at \$17.50 liveweight. Turkeys are worth 13c per pound.

Obsequies

The funeral of the late Mrs. Hetty McCarthy took place this morning from her late residence, Stratton St. to St. Michael's Church, Rev. Father Killeen celebrating requiem mass. The interment was made in St. James Cemetery. Father McNeill officiating. The bearers were Messrs John McCarthy, Charles McCarthy, Jeremiah McCarthy, T. Daly, D. Deacon and T. Manley.

Victory Loan Convassers Give Send-Off to Mr. W. B. Evans—Happy Gathering Last Night—Receives Cabinet of Silver

At the Royal Cafe last night there gathered convassers from Belleville and representatives of the convassers of Hastings County from outside the city to do honor to Mr. W. B. Evans, official organizer for Hastings county of the Victory Loan campaign of 1918.

Mr. W. B. Evans, official organizer for Hastings county of the Victory Loan campaign of 1918, Mr. Mark Sprague was elected to the chair, and after a generous repast assembled tributes of regard and affection were aimed at Mr. W. B. Evans, the guest of the evening. Mr. Mark Sprague paid tribute to the sterling qualities on behalf of the convassers of Hastings County and the city of Belleville. He spoke particularly of the encouragement, received at all times from Mr. Evans and his unflinching good nature and patience.

Mr. Harry Ackerman, on behalf of the headquarters staff, paid his tribute to Mr. Evans. Two years now Mr. Evans has been associated with the city of Belleville and the county of Hastings, and his presence here has endeared him to all with whom he came in contact. Mr. Ackerman, being secretary of the Hastings County Victory Loan Committee and thereby associated with him, knew better than anyone else the competence and disposition of the guest and, said Mr. Ackerman, the longer we knew him, the better we liked him.

Mr. R. W. Evans was first of the Belleville convassers to speak, and he as well as the speakers following spoke particularly of the fairness of Mr. Evans' decisions, although in many cases he did not receive the benefit of the decision he knew they were fair.

Mr. Geo. Reid, official convasser for Thurlow, who carried his Twp. through, with his associate, Mr. Denyes, in such grand style was first to speak on behalf of the out-of-town convassers. Mr. Reid said that Mr. Evans was always in favour of fair play and with men of that kind at the helm, convassers not only in the district, but outside could be sure of fair treatment at the headquarters of Hastings County Victory Loan committee.

Mr. W. L. Doyle spoke on behalf of the publicity committee, of Hastings county, expressing enjoyment from their association for the past two years with Mr. Evans in Belleville.

Mr. Hinchie, of Tyendinaga spoke for himself as well as Sergt-Major Gerald Spafford, who was unable to be present. The encouragement received from Mr. Evans, said Mr. Hinchie, throughout the campaign was particularly responsible for the magnificent success that they had achieved in Tyendinaga. No matter at what time they called up or at what place in Tyendinaga during the campaign, the answer of cheerfulness and encouragement always came back over the wire, which was an incentive to go back to work. It was due to this that they were able to report such a magnificent result from the old Twp.

Mr. A. S. White, R. W. White, W. D. Woodley, Charles Bonisteel, Aid. Whalen and Walter Lingham also spoke on behalf of the Belleville convassers.

Mr. W. B. Deacon, county chairman, next spoke on behalf of the executive committee, conveying the regrets of the outside convassers for their inability to be present. Letters of glowing tribute to Mr. Evans were read. The Trenton delegation phoned their regrets at the last moment. Mr. Deacon particularly wished Mr. Evans to convey to his wife the good wishes of the convassers and citizens of Belleville and Hastings county.

After this Mr. Mark Sprague presented Mr. Evans with a cabinet of silver. Mr. Evans replied most feelingly to the tributes that had been paid. When he had come to the supper he had expected to have some oysters as an associate of the convassers but it was a surprise for him to be the guest. He thanked, from the bottom of his heart, the convassers of Hastings county for the magnificent present and for the kind wishes that had been spoken. From the start, said Mr. Evans, I have had the co-operation of the men of Belleville and Hastings county. I will take away nothing but the best of feeling for the good old city and Hastings county. The co-operation was marvellous. At first we were under a heavy handicap, but the returns afterwards were most gratifying. He was proud to receive the present now. Always he would be glad to see anyone from Belleville in Toronto at any time, and any information or assistance that he could give them in Toronto would be given gladly.

After the singing of "He's a Jolly Good Fellow" the meeting broke up.

The flu has left Harold very nicely having cost no deaths.

Our Cheese and Butter factory has closed on Monday, November 25.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Heath spent Sunday in Trenton.

Mr. and Mrs. David Cotton spent an evening at Mr. John West's.

Mr. C. F. Lloyd and Mr. C. Rannels have brought a fine bunch of colts off the island.

Mr. B. Cotton is spending a few days in Toronto.

Word was received of the death of Mr. J. Danford, of Peterboro. He had spent four years at Harold and his sudden death was a shock to his friends.

Mr. N. Fleming spent the week-

ly with Mr. A. D. Rannels, and Mr. Wm. Rannels, post master of Harold, has bought the groceries from Mr. Thom. McCann and is running a good business.

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ESTABLISH SUGGEST

Board of Trade will in Belleville

The Board of Trade adopted a resolution to suggest a committee to suggest the office of mayor for the city of Belleville for 1919. There is opposition to the motion what there was, was some thought the election on dangerous territory province of the board. Some council resented the position and one challenged three members of board to stand themselves as candidates for a future that awaits an election behind the movement mentioned by those suggestions.

Members present were March, President; Col. F. Wills, W. B. Riggs, E. L. Zuffelt, Aid. W. Donohew, Aid. Hanna, W. W. H. Panter, H. P. K. Mansley, W. J. Wray, D. R. S. Deacon, W. C. Milsan, A. Gaeil, J. Cook, E. O. H. Scott, J. Elliott, G. Hurley and W. C. Sprin.

The Canadian Club of the Board of Trade to attend meetings.

The question of a campaign was taken up. "I don't see why we can't get a gold storage would be a great asset."

Mr. H. F. Ketcheson bought fish from Mr. W. 2 cents above the whole. "It is impossible for me to consume one half of the week. I am told there is one white fish that were one week. The trouble with it is that the people the cash and carry kind."

The Great War Veteran and Prince Edward branch of the board meet a of veterans regarding town and a housing scheme.

The Veterans were asked the board at the next meeting. "It is a live question, can't be going to subdivisions he has been used Mr. H. F. Ketcheson."

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

INSURANCE
WHEATLEY MUSIC STUDIO COMPANY
LEGAL
MIKEL & ALFORD, Barristers, Etc. Solicitors for the Molebank Bank.
W. C. MIKEL, K.C