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# The Standard.

## OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

Earliest issued on the 1st of October. - C. C.

No 37] SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1854 [Vol. 21]

### THE STANDARD.

#### FREE NAVIGATION OF THE SAINT LAWRENCE.

A Circular has been published in the Quebec papers, addressed to the Collector of Customs, of that Port, by the Commissioner of Customs, intimating that—His Excellency the Governor General in Council, has been pleased to direct that the Free Navigation of the River St. Lawrence be extended to vessels of the United States, pending the action of the Imperial and Provincial Legislatures on the subject.

This appears to be taking time by the forelock with a vengeance—anticipating measures. Where is "Responsible Government" now?—Is this the way to "carry out the well understood wishes of the people as expressed through their Representatives?" How long are Colonists to be governed without having any voice in the management of their affairs? Their territory ceded away, their trade cut off, their interests disregarded, and treated like children. Is it not a patent fact that in every treaty made between Great Britain and the United States, the latter country has had the advantage? In truth they have circumvented us in every arrangement down to the Ashburton treaty. Much as we desire progress, and believe the free navigation of the St. Lawrence, to be an important and beneficial measure to Canada,—still we dislike the mode of bringing it about.

#### Arrival of the "Niagara."

##### SEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

##### Important Battle—Defeat of the Turks.

The Steamship Niagara arrived at Halifax on the 12th inst., with Liverpool dates to the 2nd. The Turkish army had been defeated by the Russians in a general engagement on the 7th Aug. in Asia. 4,000 Turks killed, Russians admit a loss of 1,000 men.

The harvest was progressing in Great Britain, and was very abundant, causing great depression in the market.

Flour had declined 3s per barrel, Wheat, 15d; Indian Corn lower. Canada Flour is quoted at 27s 10d. Money for short periods was in good demand.

Timber—Consumption demand dull.

Russia will not accept the Austrian invitation to commence negotiations upon the basis stipulated by the Western Powers.

##### THE WAR.

Baltic—France and England have decided to dismantle and abandon all the fortifications at Bomarsund and at Aland Islands, they were so badly damaged and wanted so large a garrison to hold against the enemy, that it was not considered expedient to retain them. It is said they were offered to Sweden on condition of declaring against Russia; but Sweden refuses to accept on those terms, is doubtfully reported that allies offer to pay Sweden a monthly subsidy if it will join in alliance.

On the 26th, Napier and Marshal d'Elliers proceeded to Hango; in their sight the Russians blew up the fortifications and retreated to Abo, where there are 15,000 men in garrison. One hundred and twenty mounted and eighty dismounted guns, taken at Bomarsund, will be divided between France and England.

Gen. Burgoyne d'Elliers is promoted Marshal of France.

Atland vessels now sail under the French flag.

A small engagement without loss occurred at Abo, 16th, between 18 Russian gunboats and some English steamers.

Black Sea.—Reports continue of preparation for that Crimea expedition, but to Aug. 21st nothing known of any embarkation. Cholera continues at Varna. Stormy weather prevailed on Black Sea. Private despatch, Varna, 24th, says:—Five ships with troops sailed yesterday and six to day, destination secret. Opinion gains ground that first destination of the expedition will be Anapa, and that fleets will winter there. Marshal Arnaud will hold general Military Council at Varna to enquire if army is fit for service during the present sickness.

Danube.—The Turks continue to occupy Bucharest and are strengthening all strategic positions, are fortifying Timova—which was razed by treaty of Adrianople.—Omer Pasha has ordered some rations to be delivered at Ohlitschitz, (Wallachia,) and reported that English division will be sent there.

A portion of the Turkish force is moving upon Galatz and Ibrail. Russians would be at Jassa, Sept. 20th. Head Quarters were at Berlad, Aug. 24th. A force still holds Galatz.

Hospitals and Magazines are being removed to Besarabia.

Austrians have entered Wallachia, but their further movements are not reported. General Cornorini has gone to Bucharest to consult Omer Pasha. In a recent fire at Varna half a million pounds bread, equal to two weeks consumption of English army, was burned. Fire supposed wilful, consequently a cordon for precaution is drawn around powder magazine. Great excitement against supposed Russian incendiaries.—Transports continue to arrive from Malta.

Greece.—Excitement caused by announcement of French Commander, that, as the Pyrrus is unhealthy, he will remove his troops to Athens. The delay granted by the Paris to Greece for adjustment of her difficulties with Turkey expired on Sept. 1st. No arrangement is yet made. Negotiations.—Russian reply to Prussia not in support of Austrian summation, and Austria's reply to Russian answer of June 26th, are now published as presented to German Bund: contents as previously known.

VIENNA, 31.—New proposals have been made by Russia, which will involve new negotiations. Particulars not transpired.

BRITAIN.—Weather extremely favourable; large proportion of crops secured. Parliamentary recess. No political news.

News from China, July 31st, says American Treaty with Japan is signed. Nothing from Russian fleet in Indian waters.

Archibald appointed Member of Council of Nova Scotia; and Neville Parker, Puisne Judge, New Brunswick.

The Times has an editorial congratulating itself that Russians can never invade India. Punch is distressingly funny on Dr. Cottman and American affairs generally.—Illustrated News gives portraits of Davenport, actor, and Gough, lecturer.

FRANCE.—Emperor returned from Biarritz to Paris, and left for camp at Boulogne.—Empress remains at Bath. Prince Albert will go to visit Emperor; so will King of Belgium.

Monteur publishes official account of fall of Bomarsund; discloses coding news. Report circulated on Paris Bourse that Sweden and Denmark were on point of signing treaty of alliance with Western Powers. Report very doubtful. M. Billault has completed re-organization of Ministry of Interior.

General Paixhain, inventor of Paixhain guns, dead.

BELOUM.—Ministry tendered resignation, not accepted. Cause unknown.

SPAIN.—Union Republican Club is closed by order of Government, and detachment of National Guards ordered to arrest members if they persist in assembling. Several smaller clubs also dispersed.

SINGULAR AND HORRIBLE STATE OF FACTS.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, writing from Franklin County, Ohio, relates the following:—A relative of his, named David Ward, who made his home with Thomas Ward, was taken with the cholera and died, having two negroes to take care of him during his illness—there being none of the neighbors who would go to the house. After his death, two men from Franklin went to Ward's, dressed the corpse and put it in a coffin. One of the negroes who had waited on David Ward lived on Thomas Ward's farm, and had a wife and three children. He was taken ill of the cholera, but was in a fair way of recovering, when his wife and one child died. At this he got out of bed and ran off. He was found dead a few days after, lying in Clear creek, with one of his arms broken. An undertaker had the bodies of his wife and child decently buried. The other negro man who had waited on David Ward, and the two remaining children, were at that time at Thomas Ward's. The man was taken with the cholera, when Tom Ward sent him out into the woods to die. One of the negro children being also taken with the cholera, Ward let it out into the woods, and laid it beside the sick man, where it died in a few hours. Ward dug a hole in some distance, threw a large stone on the sick negro, and ordered him to lay it around the corpse of the child, which being done, he dragged the body to the hole, pulling at the end of the rope, and then made the sick negro drag himself to the edge of the hole, and push in dirt until he covered the child. Some of the citizens of Franklin went and brought the man and the remaining child to town, where they have been cared for, and are getting well.

A FAMILY KILLED.—A correspondent of the Detroit Free Press, writing from Pecos, Texas, on the 14th inst., says:—

I witnessed yesterday one of the most melancholy scenes I ever beheld. In the town

of Lysander, one mile south of Pecos, a depot, there lay enshrouded in five coffins, a Mr. Merchant, two sons, and two daughters, all of whom were struck by lightning, during a thunder shower, about two o'clock, sitting in the family only the wife and one son, about 8 years old; both much injured by the shock; the woman remaining mentally deranged, and continually bemoaning the loss of her family. The night being very warm, they took off their beds and placed them on the floor in a cool room, where stood a stove, and the lightning coming down the stove pipe, divided on the stove hearth, and struck the whole family of seven, of whom only two survived.

THE CROPS in England and Ireland promise well—many of them unusually well.—

The blight has undoubtedly appeared among potatoes both in England and Ireland, and is

widely prevalent in Ireland; but it is said that the damage is by no means as great as it was last year, while the crop is nearly double, and in a much more advanced state. Not more than 15 per cent. of the crop is thought to be damaged. The wheat crop is pronounced a fair average crop, though somewhat affected by rust; the oat crop is said to be far above the average; barley luxuriant; turnips and other root crops, potatoes, excepted, never more flourishing.

THE RECIPROCITY TREATY.—The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce—generally a reliable writer—says that a letter has been received at Washington from Mr. Merritt, stating that the reciprocity treaty will receive the requisite assent of the Colonial Legislatures by the 17th Sept., and even if New Brunswick should withhold her sanction, matters will be so arranged that it will not prevent the execution of the treaty in regard to the fisheries, and also in regard to the reciprocity of trade with the other colonies assenting to it.

ANTIMONY CANNON BALLS.—English papers state, that an experiment is being made by order of the British Government, to test the effect of antimony cannon balls upon wooden surfaces. It is found that balls of this metal break upon striking the object at which they are fired, and the numerous metallic particles into which they separate are scattered in many directions, and would spread death and destruction on every side. An immediate supply of these antimony balls is to be despatched to the fleets in the Baltic and Black Seas.

LAUDANUM FOR CHOLERA.—We have been told by a number of respectable physicians, both in this city and Brooklyn, that they have no doubt that a great many deaths have been caused this summer by the administration by ignorant persons of overdoses of laudanum to cholera patients. Laudanum is an excellent remedy in the incipient stages, but it should be given with great caution.—(N. Y. Herald.)

CINCINNATI, 6th.—A young man named Short, a clerk in a dry goods store in this city, and a young lawyer named Peacock from Chicago, fought a duel yesterday.

Short was fatally wounded in the left breast at the second fire. They fought about a young lady to whom Short was engaged to be married.

HARTFORD, Sept. 7th.—The Protection Insurance Company of this city, failed this afternoon. It was an old company with a capital of \$300,000, but their losses have

been so heavy by the recent numerous and devastating fires, that they have been compelled to make an assignment of assets.

TO THE POINT.—The Woonsocket Patriot has the following:—

"There are various kinds of 'measiness' in the world, but there is none more contemptible than receiving a newspaper, for years, and then sneaking off without paying for it. We have had some experience of the kind. The Postmaster will write that Mr. Samuel Sneak has left town, and that his paper is not called for. We always write such a chap down as an unmitigated scoundrel, who would steal his grand-mother's grave-clothes."

THE PEER AND THE PAINTER.—The Duke of Somerset, (the Seymour) commonly called the proud Duke, employed Seymour, the painter, to paint the portraits of his horses at Retford. One day at dinner the Duke filled his glass, and saying with a sneer, "Cousin Seymour, your health, drink it off." "My Lord," said the artist, "I believe I have the honor of being related to your Grace." The proud Peer rose from the table, and ordered his steward to dismiss the presumptuous painter, and employ an humble brother of the brush. This was accordingly done; but when the new painter saw the spirited works of his predecessors, he shook his head, and retired, saying, "No

man in the world can compete with James Seymour."

The Duke now condescended to recall his discarded cousin. "My Lord," was the answer of Seymour, "I will now prove to the world that I am of your blood—I won't come." Upon receiving this com-

mon reply, the Duke sent his steward to demand a former loan of £100. Seymour briefly replied that he would write to his Grace. He did so, but directed his letter, "Opposite the Trunk Maker's, Charing-Cross." Enraged at this additional insult, the Duke threw the letter into the fire without opening it, and immediately ordered his steward to have him arrested. But Seymour, struck with an opportunity of evasion, carefully remarked, that it was heavy in his Grace to burn his letter, because it contained a bank note of £100, and that therefore they were now quits.

A JEWISH MORALIST ON THE USE OF WINE.—If a man drinks one glass, he loses a fourth part of his reason; if he drinks two, he loses one-half; if he drinks three, three-fourths of his reason are gone; he becomes vicious and begins to talk at random; if he drinks four, his reason is entirely overthrown—his vicious propensities reign; his tongue refuses its office, and though he may wish to speak, he cannot.—Shoetgan on Eph. v. 18.

THE BABY.

O, yes, take the baby along by all means. Babies love dearly to ride in the cars and

toddle about in steamboats. Why, the baby is the life of the party. We have known a

whole room full of people entertained by one, hour after hour. Sleeping or waking, the baby little creature, that has a little English or French, once can hardly tell which, is the universal delight, and many a party has been stupid just for the want of one.

In old times when they used to journey in stages, a lady who had a sweet little child with her, could scarcely call it her own. The whole way, the gentlemen were so fond of carrying, keeping and kissing. Why, the babies loved to play with, and dandle on their knees, though at first they might be a little bashful, and awkward in taking hold of the strange and unaccustomed thing. But the smiles and winning ways of the baby were always irresistible, and sure to overcome at last the most obstinate of bachelors. People love babies as they do flowers—Gentlemen especially, who are fond of flowers, like babies, the sweetest of them all to carry in their hands, just as they would put a carnation in their button holes.

How babies and butterflies do swarm in summer to be sure! It is then, they are on the wing. Pray, don't try to keep them from flying about and alighting here and there when something strikes their fancy, opening and shutting their wings, and—why, when then flitting away again. Ye, that have babies! don't go anywhere without them. Better leave your purse behind it will be less missed. The light of your eyes will be quenched, and your tongue will miss its inspiration. What a literally everlasting topic is the baby! She does this, she did that. Baby laughed in her sleep. Her mother does believe, it was because she saw something, which one so lately from the skies could only behold. Baby can say this word and hides away sometimes from her mamma though all but nose and eyes are in plain sight.

Yes, who have no babies! get the latest number of the Standard, and you will find out how to keep them. The baby is the life of the party. The baby is the life of the party. The baby is the life of the party.

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#### LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS.

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# COMMUNICATION.

To the Editor of the Standard.

SIR,—A correspondent of the Reporter, X. Y. Z., doubtless writes with the very best intentions to advance the interests of the St. Andrews & Quebec Railroad, as one section of the line by the Valley of the St. John, which he rightly considers as a measure of vital importance to this Province; and it cannot indeed be attributed to him as a fault, with such limited time for acquiring information concerning the state of our Road, as they were "passing through St. Andrews on a hurried trip to the States," could he afford, that he appears to have seen everything under a "colour de rose," and to imagine that it is progressing in the most favourable manner.

I perfectly agree in opinion with X. Y. Z. on the importance of the undertaking, and indeed, consider the line commencing from this town of such "vital" consequence to us all, as inhabitants and owners of property in the place, that I have several times been on the point of speaking to the President on the subject of the affairs of the Company; but as it is sometimes as unpleasant vocally to give utterance to one's opinion as it may be to oblige to hear it, and not wishing to mix myself up publicly with either party whether in the old or new Board, I have at last determined to write to you, and I hope my motives will not be misconstrued in taking this mode of expressing my sentiments: for I conceive that the most sure and effectual means of benefiting the Road and expediting its completion is, not by puffing, but by letting the truth as regards its position and affairs be freely known. I have no objection to X. Y. Z.'s gratification at the "youthful enthusiasm of the gallant Colonel," or to his agreeable intercourse with "the gentlemanly and talented Engineer," and the no less polite and accommodating Mr. Brookfield, or to the delight he experienced in hearing so much Yorkshire dialect from Bill the driver, and Jim the stoker; but surely, Mr. Editor, this is all puff. What does it amount to? To be sure he tells us afterwards, that the road is better built and finished than all the lines in the New England States, and that a few more miles will bring it into a fine lumber country. Now both these points are doubtless true enough and may be freely admitted. But the main point of importance, however, is not mentioned, and in all the information "so promptly afforded" by the President, we hear of nothing that gives us any clear whatever as to whom the advantages to be derived from reaching this fine lumber country are to be experienced. Now, Sir, this appears to me to be the question which most nearly concerns the public, and therefore I am led to review, as far as my information will permit, the actual prospects and position of the Company. I am of course aware that I may be in error in the conclusions I have drawn—and shall be glad to find such is the case—but I don't think I am, although I have only the out-of-door talk to guide me: I have, however, listened attentively to everything that has been said on both sides of the question, and I know that the majority of our fellow citizens entertain the same feelings that I do.

The new Board have now been in office going on four months; and what have they done for us? Literally nothing: nay, worse than nothing, for they have not only failed in everything they have attempted, but have actually already come to a dead lock. A deputation went up to Head Quarters to press the claim of the Company to an issue of some \$150,000 Bonds, and Col. Hatch stated before leaving, that he had everything at his fingers' ends, and understood all about it; and yet we find they returned empty handed, and that by their entire ignorance and utter inability to afford the explanations required, they necessitated the appointment of another Government Commission of Inquiry—and most ungenerously and unjustly tried, but happily without success, to lay the blame of their own mistakes on the Secretary.

Well, Sir, the committee has made its investigation, and the result of it is, that, more than as a right, an issue of \$50,000 Debentures is to take place to clear off the liabilities of the Company up to the present moment. But I would ask, What is to be done next? Where is more money to come from to carry on the work?

As far as I can understand the matter, the old Board had struck out a positive line of policy which would have put at least 40 miles of the road in running order this season, and they had taken the first step towards carrying it out by making the Baiter on the Line, which has been so much talked about. It certainly appears that this was the right course to pursue, and equally certain that the Contractors did not deserve a better fate after the very unsatisfactory way in which they have hitherto managed their affairs—and which was apparent to every body more than a year ago, when they allowed so many to leave almost as quickly as they arrived from England; and, doubtless, had the late President and his colleagues been left undisturbed to carry out their designs, they would have done so successfully. I have heard Mr. Wilson express his favorable opinion of the Baiter, but yet, nevertheless, the new Board of which he is a member, has not only virtually cancelled it, but if all be true that we have heard, has complicated the affairs of the Road by claiming arrears of the 54th, 66th, and 71st Regiments from Canada, and also, it appears, been countermanded for the present.

S. Parsons & Son's Tannery and Shoe Factory burned last night. Supposed loss, \$20,000. No insurance.—(By Tel. from Woodstock, Sept. 16.)

Messrs. Sykes & Co., until further work to that amount had been executed, and yet it is well known that some of the members of the Board here, only a few weeks ago, incurred a liability to the St. Stephens Bank for (£1,500), which was given to them, and besides this, a considerable portion of the Debentures about to be issued, will, it is understood, also be paid over to them.

There are various other matters, as you well know Sir, which form items in the general conversation about our Railway affairs; upon which, as well as upon those to which I have alluded; I think the Shareholders are entitled to an immediate explanation under existing circumstances; and I think it is the duty of the Board—(confessedly at a standstill as they are)—at once to call the Stockholders together, and submit a full statement of all their affairs, as well as a full explanation of their intentions for the future. Until this is done, it is evident that distrust and dissatisfaction will prevail; and as one, although a very humble and unimportant member of this community, I call upon you, Sir, as the organ of public opinion, to use the influence of your columns to get this distrust and dissatisfaction allayed—and to urge upon the Directors to pursue the only course which is left to them under the crisis in which they stand.

I am, Sir,  
Your obdt. Servt.,  
C. L. V. S.

St. Andrews, Sept. 16, 1854.

RECIPROCITY TREATY.—It has been generally understood that before the Reciprocity Treaty, which was lately negotiated between Lord Elgin and Mr. Marcy, could be ratified, the several Provinces interested would have to give their assent to it. As the time for ratification was fixed for the 6th of December next, it was supposed that a Special Session of the Legislature would be held in each Province for that purpose. We have been informed, however, that this was a misapprehension; that the ratification named was that of the British and United States Governments; and that such ratification has already been accomplished at Washington, the necessary documents having come out by the last mail. The Treaty is therefore now absolute; but before it can come into operation each of the Provinces to be affected by it, namely, Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island, must give assent, and that if any of these Provinces refuses its assent, the Treaty remains a dead letter. We learn that it is almost certain that both Canada and Prince Edward Island will give their assent. The Legislature of Canada is now in session, and that of Prince Edward Island meets on the 26th of this month. A considerable modification of the tariff of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick will have to be made to meet the new state of things, it is not probable that the Legislature of either of these Provinces will be called together before the usual time in February next. The assent given by the British Government to the request of Mr. Marcy, that the American fishermen should not be molested if they now make use of our fishing grounds, cannot be regarded as more than a graceful act of courtesy, the fishing season being nearly over; and if any of the Lower Provinces should conclude not to accept of the Treaty, the burden of defending the fisheries will hereafter fall upon themselves. From all we can gather of public opinion, however, we think it extremely probable that either Nova Scotia or New Brunswick will hesitate about accepting what, if not all that could be desired, will certainly be a great boon. We are satisfied that the operation of the Treaty will introduce a state of prosperity to these Provinces far exceeding anything we have yet experienced. So long as our chief export is the raw material of timber and deals to one market, our business must necessarily be uncertain and unsafe, and any thing that can increase the exchange of surplus products with the millions of people in our neighbourhood must insure stability and prosperity to our trade.—[Courier.

We understand that the Standard Weights and Measures, ordered by the Government of this Province, were shipped from England by the Mail Steamer of the 2d inst., and may be expected here in the course of next week.—[Id.

Encouraging from California.—The steamer Star of the West arrived at New York on the 9th inst., from San Juan with about one million in specie, and dates from San Francisco to the 16th August.

The state of California was never in a more prosperous condition than at present.—The harvesting is all over, and the amount of breadstuffs which have been raised will be more than sufficient to meet all our wants during the coming year. The miners are generally doing as well as in 1849 and 1850, comparing the prices of living, &c.

Building operations and general improvements of the City were rapidly progressing at San Francisco, notwithstanding the continued depression of trade, and the tightness of the money market.

The Halifax Chronicle says that the order for the immediate embarkation of the 72nd Highlanders and a Company of Artillery from that garrison, has been countermanded. They will not leave for the present.

The contemplated removal of the 54th, 66th, and 71st Regiments from Canada, has also, it appears, been countermanded for the present.

## Arrival of the "Atlantic."

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.  
The Atlantic arrived at New York this morning. The Arabia at Liverpool, on the night of the 2nd.  
Breadstuffs declined. Wheat fallen 4s to 6s per quarter.—Cotton a shade lower.

Russia unconditionally refuses to accept peace proposals of Four Powers—would rather sacrifice everything. Officially announced at Bucharest, that Austria occupies Principality, as ally of Turkey.

An Austrian division had passed the Rensselaer Pass.  
Cholera abating among troops.  
Some vessels sailed for Yarna to cruise near or blockade Odessa.

Reports conflicting.  
French embarking storming materials.  
Queen Christina is insane from excitement of recent events.

## THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, SEP. 20, 1854.

### COMMON PLEAS.

The Courts of General Sessions of the Peace and Common Pleas, were opened yesterday, Tuesday, the Hon H. Hatch, presiding. Not one cause was entered for trial.

In his Honor's address to the Grand Jury, he said that though the Court had nothing to offer them, to which their consideration might be called,—they as conservators of the Peace, under the oath they had taken, should any of them know of their own knowledge of any infringement or breach of the law, they were bound to disclose such circumstance to their fellow Grand Jurymen to the end, that a presentment might be made thereon, and handed to the Court for their action. That the old license act was re-nacted with several stringent additions for the prevention of selling liquor without license, but to carry the object of the act into effective operation, it was necessary to have a proper constabulary force, a part of whose duty would be to look after delinquents, and give information to the Magistrates, that proceedings might be instituted against them; the matter as population increases would press its own importance. He was always desirous that the County expenditure of the money assessed should be made known through the Grand Jury to the people at large. For this purpose he had obtained from the County Treasurer, a statement of the pecuniary affairs of the County, which he read, and by which it appeared, the County at the time, only owed £20, and two thirds of the assessment remains to be collected. He congratulated the G. Jury that the potato disease had disappeared this season, whereby that vegetable could be made available in the present high price of provisions.

Adding, there was another subject of great thankfulness to Him, who ruleth over all, that this County has not been visited with the Cholera, while a great part of the habitable world was infested with that disease, which would have allowed no time for thought or preparation, and hurried them to that bourne from which no person has, or ever will return. In addition to all these advantages, we enjoyed religious liberty, and realize as much, if not more freedom, than any part of the civilized world.

PLENTY TO EAT.—The Portland Electric a well written paper, and good authority, alluding to the present exorbitant price of flour says:—"Notwithstanding the universal cry raised of short crops on account of the drought, it appears that the amount of breadstuffs raised this year will, if anything exceed that of last year, when we had a great abundance. The markets abroad, which draw last year largely on our surplus, with this year be supplied from their own grain fields. All accounts from the old world speak favorably of the large quantities of cereals produced this year, so that our harvests will only be needed for home consumption. This being the case, there is no reason under heaven why breadstuffs should not fall greatly in price. Speculators will undoubtedly do their best to keep them up to their present rates, but it will not avail. Flour must be cheap."

The corner stone of the suspension bridge over the Montmorency river, a short distance from Quebec, in Canada, was to have been laid on the 7th inst., with becoming Masonic ceremonies.

His Honor Judge Street.—We learn from the Miramichi Gleaner that Judge Street was taken very ill at Bathurst, and was unable to open the Circuit Court there. He was conveyed to Fredericton by his brother, the Attorney General; and we regret to state that his Honor is considered dangerously ill, from disease of the heart.

The Yarmouth (N. S.) Herald says that within the last ten days the blight has committed serious ravages on the potato crop in various parts of that township. It is estimated that one half of the entire crop will be destroyed.

The Canadian Steam Navigation Company's steamer Sarah Sands has been chartered by the Government to convey the 71st Highland Light Infantry to England. She was to sail from Quebec on the 9th inst.

Destructive Storm in Charleston.—Charleston Sept. 9.—A violent storm has prevailed here the forty eight hours, doing immense damage to property in this city and vicinity.

The wharves have been overflowed and warehouses filled, injuring a vast quantity of merchandises. The damage to wharves alone is estimated at a quarter of a million of dollars.

The shipping in port sustained considerable injury. Old Point House on Sullivan's Island was swept away, and it is feared several lives were lost.

The sea made a complete breach through the Moultrie House, and the occupants retreated to the cupola of the building. Most of the Islanders took refuge in Fort Moultrie.

in three hours and forty minutes. Many persons in Town, were disappointed at the Adelaide's not stopping in the harbor, as advertised, but we believe the tide was too low. We trust she will pay us a visit, and give an Excursion trip either to St. John or Boston.

THE BLACK BALL LINE.—With the usual punctuality which characterizes the ships of this line, the John Bannerian arrived at St. John on Wednesday last, in 34 days from Liverpool, bringing 64 passengers—all well. The spirited owners of the line, Messrs. J. & R. Reed, understand how to manage their ships—they are officered by experienced men, well found both in provisions and tackle and are despatched with punctuality.

From our contemporary the St. Stephen "Patriot," we gather the following information respecting the destructive fire which took place there on the 12th inst.:—the fire commenced in rear of the buildings owned and occupied by Messrs. Abbot and Campbell, 9 dwelling houses, 13 business places, one Drug store, and one Hotel, total number of buildings burned about 30.

Among the principal sufferers we may mention Robert Watson, Esq., Mr. Atherton, and Mr. Campbell, Druggist—the latter person, perhaps the greatest of all. A Mr. Denmore, had an excellent Horse, 7 years old, and valued at \$150; burned in his stable—and several hogs were also burned. We are happy to state that no human life was lost nor any very serious bodily injury sustained. All the Boarders at Mrs. Atherton's Hotel lost their wearing apparel, trunks, &c. about 17 families have been left homeless by this appalling fire. Too much praise cannot be bestowed on the several engine companies.

MAINE.—The elections in Maine we learn from our exchanges, have terminated unfavorably to the present U. S. Administration. The rapidly increasing society of "Know Nothing," supported the successful candidates—in fact this new Society have carried the elections in all departments. The results of the late political contest are reported to be—"An entire anti-administration Legislature to Congress, and a Governor and Legislature the same way, are, briefly, the results of this battle."

QUEBEC, Sept. 9.—Sir Allan McNab, who was charged with the formation of a new Ministry, has made overtures to the larger party of the French Canadians, who insist upon the secularization of the clergy reserves being made the basis of negotiations, and it is thought Sir Allan will yield the point.—Ministerial negotiations are still continued.—It is rumored that Sir Allan McNab will consent to the secularization of the clergy reserves being made a government measure, which will give him the support of Upper Canada. The Liberal party have made John Wilson their leader in the House of Assembly. Mr. Hinks will not, under any circumstances, return to power at present.—Postmaster-General Cameron retires from public life.

Sept. 11.—The new cabinet arrangements are nearly completed, and Sir Allan McNab consents to adopt the entire programme of the late ministry, leaving the Lower Canadian section as it stood before, and giving the Upper Canadian Liberals two seats in the cabinet.

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The Yellow Fever.—In the New Orleans Charity Hospital, during the week ending Sept. 5, there occurred 164 deaths, 74 were occasioned by the epidemic. Of the whole number, 113 were whites, exhibiting a remarkable mortality, when it is remembered that there are not more than six or seven thousand whites in the city.

MARRIAGES.  
At St. John, on the 9th inst., by the Rev. W. Donald, A. M., Mr. James A. Ingham, of St. Stephen, to Miss Charlotte L. Wolfendale, of the former place.

DEATHS.  
On the 14th inst., ARTHUR, fourth son of A. L. Street, Esq., aged 19 years.—Universally respected, and his early death, is much regretted by his numerous friends.

BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.



THE HYDROMAGEN,  
OR  
WATERPROOF, ANTI-CONSUMPTIVE,  
CORK SOLES.

Manufactured by  
HARCOET, BRADLEY & CO.,  
44 MARKET ST. MANCHESTER.  
Principal Warehouse, 102 Wood Street, Chesapeake, London, England.  
American Establishments, 32 Ann Street and 102 Nassau Street, New York, United States.

The Hydromagen is a valuable discovery for protecting the feet from damp or cold, and therefore a preventative of many Lung diseases, with out any doctoring whatever. The Hydromagen is in the form of a sole, and worn inside the boot or shoe. Its medicated character is a powerful antidote to disease.

For Gentlemen it will be found agreeable, warm, and healthy, to wear in the coldest or rainiest weather, as the foot cannot become wet if the Hydromagen is inserted. Ladies may wear the lightest and softest shoes in the most inclement weather with impunity; while Consumption, so prevalent among the young of our country, may be thwarted by their general adoption. They entirely supersede over-shoes, as the latter cause the feet to perspire in a very unhealthy manner; and, besides, are not dangerous wear to pedestrians in icy weather, like India rubbers. While the latter cause the feet to appear extremely large, the Hydromagen, being a mere thin slice of cork prepared, peculiarly placed inside, does not increase the size of the foot, or cause the foot to appear untidy. To Children they are extremely valuable, as they may engage in exercise with comfort and healthy effects. Their expense is so slight, as to scarce need mention; besides, those who patronize them will find their yearly doctor's bills much diminished thereby.

As the Hydromagen is becoming more known, its sale is increasing to an almost incredible extent. Last year in London, Manchester, Birmingham, Liverpool, Glasgow, Leeds, Dublin, Paris, Antwerp, Hamburg and Berlin, our sales reached 1,702,450 pairs of Cork Soles. This year the number will far surpass that.

Ask the Faculty their opinion of their value as a preventative for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Men's Size, per pair, 3s. 6d.  
Ladies' do. do. 3s. 0d.  
Boys' & Misses' do. 2s. 6d.

Notice.—From the Retail Prices we make a very liberal allowance to Jobbers and Wholesalers, so that any storekeeper may make a fine profit on their sale, while they are an article that may be kept in any store, among any class of goods.

For terms, apply to  
HARCOET, BRADLEY & CO.,  
38 Ann Street, New-York.

## Flour, Sugar, &c.

NOW LANDING, ex UTICA from BOSTON:—  
6) Bbls. Extra Superfine FLOUR, made from new Wheat and warranted.

20 Hhds. bright Muscovado SUGAR; & 4r. Casks treble grape PORT WINE, (in Bond). J. W. STREET.

Sept. 19, 1854.

Woodstock Pipes, EX "CARNATIC" from Liverpool, 12 Boxes WOODSTOCK PIPES. J. W. STREET.

Sept. 19, 1854.

## NOTICE.

TO BE SOLD at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Tuesday the seventeenth day of October next, at twelve o'clock noon, THAT certain piece of LAND situated in the Parish of Grand Manan, in the County of Charlotte, known as the Northern half of Lot numbered "Twenty Three" in the first division of lots in said Parish; with the buildings and improvements thereon.—The same lately owned and occupied by Sullivan Gupitil of Grand Manan aforesaid, and now wanted in the undersigned as Trustees for his Creditors.

ALEXR. T. PAUL, W. HATCH, JOHN PARKINSON, Trustees for the Creditors of SULLIVAN GUPITIL. St. Andrews, 18th Sept. 1854.

## Brandy Cherries.

EX MARINER via New York. 19 Cases 1 doz. bottles each Brandy Cherries direct from Bordeaux (in Bond.) For sale by J. W. STREET.

July 21 1854.



**T**HE Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Common Pleas for the County of Charlotte, will sit at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Tuesday the 19th day of October next, at 12 o'clock.

The Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Nisi Prius for the said County, will be held at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Tuesday the 31st day of October next, at 12 o'clock.

At which time and place all Magistrates Coroners and Constables of said County, and all persons required to be at the these Courts, are hereby Publicly Notified to give their attendance.

**A** FRAME suitable for a SHIP of  
1000 Tons, to class 7 years. Also  
600 Hachmetac Knees. Apply to  
H. A. or J. L. CAMERON,  
St. George, N. B.  
September 5, 1854 pti

**WHEREAS** Jesse Christie, of Saint Andrew's Parish, in the County of Saint Andrew, in the Parish of Saint David, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, has this day filed his Petition duly verified, in the Court of Probate for the said County, for Licence to tell the Real Estate which the said Aaron Gray died seized of, or some part thereof for the payment of the debts due from the said Estate. Notice is hereby given to the heirs of the said Aaron Gray, and all other persons interested, that the said Petition will be taken into consideration at a Court to be holden at the office of the Clerk of the Peace in Saint Andrews, on Tuesday the third day of August next at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon - Dated the 30th day of August 1854.

By the Court,  
**GEO. D. STREET,**  
31 *Register*

To be sold at Public Auction, on the Premises, on the 3d day of October next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon:—  
**A.** All that certain FARM, or LOT of LAND owned by Henry T. Emory in his life time, containing about four acres and 20 rods.

opposite the old Grist Mill. There is a good one story HOUSE on the premises, three rooms of which are well finished, and a good suitable Barn. Terms of sale will be made known at the time of sale.

JOHN M'KINNEY, Administrator.  
Deer Island, Aug. 28, 1854. 4i.

The Subscriber has just received an assortment of  
**GOLD & SILVER Patent LEVER**  
**WATCHES, GUARD and Albert**  
**CHAINS, KEYS, RINGS, &c.**  
 Gold, Silver plated, and Berlin Iron  
**BROOCHES, Ladies and Gents** gold stone  
 set Finger Rings; gold and silver Pencil  
 Cases; gold **LOCKETS**; Jet, Stone and  
 fancy steel Bracelets, Sealrings, Pins  
 Brooches, gold and Cameo, Earrings;  
 gold, plated, pearl and bone Shirt Studs;  
 Ladies Companions in silver & steel fings,  
 Scent Bottles—**SILVER, PLATED and**  
**Albata Table & Tea SPOONS**; Silver &  
 Plated Butter Knives, Plated Cake Baskets  
 and Waiters; Plated & Britannia Metal  
 Candlesticks; Brass, Britannia metal and  
 Griffin P metal & Block tin Water Kettles;  
 Coffee & Tea Pots; Egg Codlars;  
 Plated & Britannia metal Crust Stands &  
 Toast Racks; Glass & China Vases;  
 Papier mache Porte Folios;  
 Gens. **DRESSING CASES**;  
 Hair, Nail, Tooth Shaving, Crumb,  
 Paste, Whitewash and Shoe **BRUSHES**.  
 Razor & Razor Staps, Scissors, Drawing  
 and Carpenter's Pencil, Visiting Cards,  
 Old Brown Windsor & Fancy Soap, Table  
 and Hand Bells, Accordions, Pens, Ink,  
 Note, Letter and Foolscap Paper, Envelopes;  
 Funeral Cards; Work Boxes;  
 Writing Desks; Cake & Spice Boxes;  
 Bears Grease & Hair Oils;  
 Lubin's, Cleaver's & Harrison's  
**PERFUMERY** assorted;  
 Nursery & Work Baskets; Reticules;  
 Pocket Knives; Scissors;  
 Sets Ivory handled Knives and Forks;  
 Carvers; Steels; Tea Trays;  
 Fire Irons; Iron Stands;  
 Guns; Pistols;  
 Caps; Powder; Shot;  
 Powder Flasks & Shot Belts;  
 Spirit Level; Violins, Preserving Kettles;  
 Mill, Pit and Hand Saw **FILES**;  
 Brass & Bus; Looking Glasses; Scales  
 and Weights; Sauce & Frying Pans;  
 Brass & Iron Screens; Whips and whip  
 Lashes; Gun case Toys; Luxenby & Sons  
 Pickles & Sauces; with a great variety of  
 other articles.  
 Clocks, Watches and Jewellery, repaired  
 and cleaned, &c.  
**Agent for F. Wills & Co. Sassa-**  
**parilla, Dipepsia Bitters, Speedy Relief**  
**and Lemon Syrup &c. Lyons Kathairon**;  
 B.erry's Tonicopherous.  
**GEO. F. STICKNEY**  
 August 23, 1854. rm

**A**Ll Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of John McVicar, late of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, and also against the estate of Archibald McVicar late of the same place, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within 3 months to the undersigned; and all persons indebted to the said estates, are requested to make immediate payment to

**JOHN McVICAR,**  
Administrator of the Goods of  
John McVicar, and  
Administrator of the Goods of  
Archibald McVicar.

**S<sup>t</sup>. Andrews, Sep. 7. 1854.**

**T**HE Subscriber has opened a Shop on  
Milltown street, three doors south of  
Main street, where he carries on all kinds  
of **MARBLE WORK**, such as  
**MONUMENTS, GRAVE STONES,**  
**CHIMNEY PIECES,**  
**CENTRE TABLES,**  
in Italian and American Marble. Having  
worked in some of the best shops in the  
U. States, he offers to the public as good work  
as can be bought in the New England  
States.

All kinds of Marble work executed cheaper  
than at any other establishment in the  
country.

Calais, } **FRED. G. SMITH,**  
Sep. 12. 1854. } **L. J. CHASE,**  
Agent.

**R**ESPECTFULLY informs the Inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity, that he is prepared to receive Pupils desirous of being instructed on the *Organ, Piano, Flute or Violin*, or in *Vocal Music*, either at his own residence, or the houses of pupils.

From his extensive practice and experience as a Teacher of Music in the Provinces and the United States, he trusts he will receive a liberal share of patronage, from those requiring his professional services.

Mr. Beyer has just received and opened in the shop nearly opposite the British House, a choice selection of the latest

**Music. Musical Instruments, Instruction Books, Stationery, Mantel Ornaments, a great variety of Toys, Ladies Work Boxes, and numerous other articles, all of which will be disposed of at the lowest prices for cash.**

**Organs, Pianos, and other musical instruments.**

**Musical Academy.**  
St. Andrews, Sep. 5, 1864.

**A. BEYER.**

On Saturday the 23d day of December next, at 12 o'clock, will be sold by Public Auction, at the Court House in Saint Andrews:—  
**A**LL the right, title, interest and claim whatsoever of Otis Turner, to the following properties situate in the Parish of St. Andrew.

The Lot at present occupied by the said  
 Otis Turner, containing 25 acres, more or  
 less, with the buildings thereon.  
 The same having been seized and taken  
 by virtue of an execution of *Fieri Facias*  
 issued out of the Supreme Court, at the  
 suit of George Hobbs, endorsed to levy  
 \$59 7 10, with interest on the sum of  
 \$53 16 10, from the 26th May, 1849,  
 besides Sheriff's fee.  
 THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte  
 Sheriff's Office,  
 13th June, 1854.

**Brandy.**  
 Ex the "Robert" from Charente :  
**FIFTY** Hhds. & Qr. Casks "Hennes-  
 sy's & Martell's" BRANDY, vint-  
 age 1851.  
 J. W. STREET.

BETWEEN  
**ST. ANDREWS, ST. STEPHENS &  
UPPER MILLS.**

THE Subscriber having taken the contract for the conveyance of the Mills between the above named places, will run daily (Sundays excepted) leaving Upper Mills at half-past 4 A. M., St. Stephens half-past 5 A. M. Returning will leave St. Andrews at 12 o'clock, noon. Having quick horses, a comfortable Wagon, and covered Carriage, he is prepared to carry Passengers, to whom every attention will be paid. He trusts by punctuality and care, to merit a share of patronage.

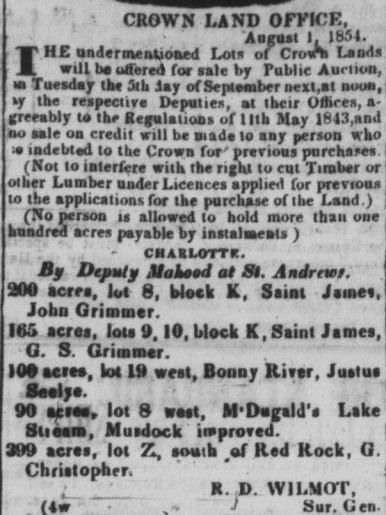
Books kept at Bradford's hotel, St. Andrews, L. Ryder, St. Stephens, and at his own house, Upper Mills.

**JOHN O'BRIEN.**

Witness: 22, 1854

**I** HEREBY forbid all persons, purchasing or negotiating a Note drawn by me in favour of George Hobbs, for \$270 55 dated April 21, 1854, as I never received any value for the same.

**ROBT. P. McFARLANE.**  
Dorchester, May 2, 1854.



**NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.**  
**T**HE subscriber respectfully returns his acknowledgements to the Public, for the patronage so liberally extended to him for upwards of twenty years; and can state with confidence, that

**Dry Goods.**  
*Deer offered in this Market :*

And in addition, he begs to state, that these Goods have been selected from the best cash establishments in London, Manchester, Leeds, Bradford and Glasgow, which his Patrons will find from the extraordinary change in prices this season. His present stock is so much more extensive than in the previous year, he will be satisfied with the cost alone of many of the Goods, although the prices are from ten to fifteen per cent. less than goods purchased in the Province.

Goods from Glasgow have been received by the packet ship "Liberia" from Bradford by the "Middleton;" from Manchester per "Dundonald;" via St. John's, and direct to this port per ship "Cedar;" and by the "Hesperus" from the steamship "Canada," via Boston. The Goods from Glasgow are daily expected by the "Salica."

[Stock advertisement in our next.]

D. BRADLEY.

St. Andrews, May 31, 1854

**MOLASSES.**  
JUNE 1st 1854.  
**FIFTY** Hhds. prime retailing **MOLASSES**  
(just received) J. W. STREET.

**DR. E. N. Harris,**  
**SURGEON DENTIST**  
CALAIS, MAINE.  
GRADUATE of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, respectfully offers his services to the public of St. Andrews and vicinity, in all cases of disease of the Teeth and Mouth.  
Full or parts of sets of  
**MINERAL TEETH,**  
inserted on Gold or Platinum, so perfectly imitating Nature as to deceive the keenest observer.  
Teeth cleaned, filled, and extracted in a skillful manner.  
Particular attention given to regulating children's teeth.  
*Office in SAWYER'S BLOCK, Main Street, recently occupied by Dr. Adams. Opposite the Post Office, Calais.*  
E. D. H. has the pleasure of referring to the numerous patrons in Calais and St. Stephen, to C. K. Fink, M. D., Dentist, St. John, and to the Professors of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.  
July 11, 1854.

Ex "Glasgow" Just arrived from London,  
ONE Hoghead superior PORT WINE,  
One do. do. PALE SHERRY,  
Dark and Pale BRANDY, of superior  
brands, consigned to and for sale by  
THOMPSON & Co.  
St. Andrews, 19th June, 1854.

COMPANY'S  
fast and favourite Steamer  
"NEQUASSIN",  
Capt. T. Carey, is again on the Route and will  
run every day (Sunday excepted) between East-  
port, St. Andrews, Robbinston and Calais ac-  
cording to a weekly arrangement to be seen at the  
Agent's.

ROBERT KER,  
Agent.  
St. Andrews, 26th April 1864.

**THE** Subscriber has lately received a very extensive assortment of  
**British and American**  
**MERCHANDIZE,**  
which together with a  
large stock of Groceries and Dry  
Stuffs, will be sold at a small profit for cash.  
**JOHN LOCHARY.**

**R. STORR & CO.,**  
**BEG** respectfully to inform the Inhabitants  
 of St. Andrews and its vicinity, that they h  
 taken the Store in Water-street, immediately  
 beside the Post Office, and that they have  
**OPENED IT UNDER THE ABOVE TIT**  
 with a  
**MAGNIFICENT & MOST EXTENSIVE**  
**STOCK OF DRY GOODS**  
 of every description.

tage for buying goods from a  
**WARE, WELL ASSORTED AND FASHIONABLE**  
 stock, that the extent and importance of  
 view of affording this desideratum, a  
 This Establishment has visited the European  
 and American markets, and has been supplied  
 with the most select and valuable goods  
 of quality and CUMPARANS, cannot be too  
 ased by that of any house in the Province.  
 would be impossible in the limits of an adverti-  
 sement, to particularize, but on inspection  
 of the goods, it will be found that they are  
 to most extensive houses in the first cities in  
 America, from the minutest article in Hal-  
 lishery to those of the more costly character  
**DRESSES, SILKS, SHAWLS,**  
**VELVETS, &c**  
 Particular notice is hereby paid to the Wo-  
 men's department, which will contain every novel  
 of the season, together with a large supply of  
**BROADCLOTHS, DOCKINGS,**  
**CASSIMERES, &c.**  
 with a full assortment of Linings, trimmings  
 and notions, and that the most liberal and  
 will encourage us in this undertaking and  
 erge ourselves to continue on this business in  
 spirit of liberality and continuity to offer pur-  
 chasers advantages which we will have no doubt  
 appreciated. The above will be disposed of

**COBBLE & TURNER,**  
IMPORTERS OF  
**BRITISH AND FOREIGN GOODS**  
Have received their first consignment of  
**Summer Goods,**  
viz. consisting of  
HAWKS, BONNETS, RIBBONS, SILKS, PARASOLS,  
DRESS GOODS in Neapolitan, Milanese, Florentine,  
Gloace Gaze, Bazar, and other styles, also a variety of  
Linen, &c. French & English Flowered  
Dress Trimmings, LINENS, Corsies, Muslins,  
Prints, Shirtings, LINENS, Hosiery, Gaiters,  
Ladies Work and work boxes, BUSTS, Sewing  
Machines, Sewing Machines, CARPETS, S  
Socks, Hosiery, Hosiery, Hosiery, Hosiery,  
Pickings, Sup'line BROAD CLOTH, Cassimeres,  
JACKSON'S TWEEDS, TAILORS' TRIMMINGS,  
MOURNING and FURNISHING GOODS,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.  
To arrive  
Casks CUTLERY, Hardware & Joiners' Tools  
Trunks London Stationery,  
Crates assorted Earthenware,  
2000 Bars and Rods, and refined iron  
S. Andrews, May 31, 1854.

Ex the "Anke Berg," direct from Rotterdam  
"St. John,"  
10 Hhds best Hollands Gin, DeKuyers brand  
J. W. STREIBER

**REMEDY !!!**  
**Holloway's Ointment**  
most astonishing cure of Scrofulous  
cers—a case certified by the Mayor  
Boston.  
copy of a letter from J. Noble, Esq., Ma

Dear Sir,—Mrs. Sarah Dixon, of Liquor  
and street, Boston, has this day deposi  
before me, that for a considerable time  
she was severely afflicted with Scrofulous Sores  
and Ulcers in her arms, feet, legs, and other  
parts of her body: and although the best  
of medical advice was obtained, at the ex-  
pense of a large sum of money, she obtained  
no permanent benefit of suffering, but gradually grew  
worse.

I remain, dear Sir, your's truly,  
(Signed) J. NOBLE

Copy of a letter from Mrs. Elizabeth Yeats of the Post Office, Aldwick Road, Baginbun, Surrey, dated Jan. 12th 1891.

person, - a servant for a considerable period of time, - severe attack of Strychia, - which I long battled in my leg, and resisted medical treatment. My sufferings were very great, and I quite despairing of recovery, when I was advised to have recourse to your Ointment and Pils. I did so without delay, and am happy to say the result was eminently successful, for I effected a radical cure of my leg, and restored me to the enjoyment of health. I shall ever speak with the utmost confidence of your medicines, and have recommended them to others in this neighbourhood who are similarly afflicted, who derived equal benefit. I am, Sir, your obliged and faithful servant  
(Signed) ELIZABETH YEAT

A dreadfully diseased Ankle cured &c  
being given up by the Faculty at M  
& Portsmouth Hospitals.

Copy of a letter from Captain Smith, of Great Yarmouth, dated January 19, 1863.

To Mr. Dixon,

Dear Sir, I send you the particulars of a cure effected by Professor Halloway's invaluable medicines.—Mr. John Walton, late in Her Majesty's Service, in the British fleet at Malta, had a very bad ulcerated leg, which was coming in the Malta Hospital for six months, was sent to England and was obliged to Portsmouth Hospital, where he remained an inmate four months, there, at Malta, refusing to have the limb amputated, he was turned out incurable. He then came to Yarmouth, and was under a medical gentleman for about three months, but his leg became so much worse that all hope was lost. At this period, by my advice he tried Halloway's Ointment and Pills, and in a few days his application, healed all the ulcers, and restored him to perfect health and strength.

Surprising cure of a bad Breast, Nervous  
Debility, and general ill health.  
Copy of a letter from Mr. T. F. Ker, Chem-  
ist, &c., Lower Moss lane, Manchester,

extraordinary cure of a bad breast, effected solely by the use of your celebrated Ointment and Pills. Mrs. Martha Bell, of Pitts-  
street, in this town, had been for a con- siderable time under a nervous debility, loss of appetite, and general languor, occasioned by ulcerated wounds in the breast. She had much experience in the use of all the known remedies for the cure of ulcers, but without any beneficial result. In fact she had nearly lost all faith and hope of a cure being effected. In this distressing and painful condition of body, she was persuaded to have recourse to your valuable Ointment and Pills, which she immediately commenced. The course of a very short time she produced was most astonishing; her appetite was speedily improved, the sores in the breast gradually healed, and her nervous system restored. She must have been wholly renovated.

Bad Legs	Chiango-foot
Bad Breasts	Chiblaina
Burns	Chapped hands
Bunions	Corns (soft)
Bite of Mosquitoes	Cancers
and Sand Flies	Contracted and Stiff
Coco-bay	Joints
Elephantiasis	Fistulas
Gout	Glandular Swelling
Scurvy	Lumbago
Sore Heads	Files
Tumours	Rheumatism
Ulcers	Scalds
Wounds	Sore Nipples

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder, are affixed to each Pot.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout New Brunswick, and by A H Thompson, St Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport, and

**TO LET.**

House, together with the Wharf, belonging to the estate of F. A. Schuchman, formerly known as Col. Wyers Wharf.

**EX** the "Star of Freedom," from Liverpool

100 S. W. STREET.  
Notice

Clerk of the Peace, at Saint,  
which all persons will take  
Sur J.

The Courts will be held  
in each month, at noon.



ON THE  
Philosophy of Marriage and the Secret In-  
firmities of Youth and Maturity.  
With fifty Coloured Engravings on Steel,  
in a Sealed Envelope, price 2s 6d sterling.

**SELF PRESERVATION:** an Analytic  
and Investigation of the Physiology  
and Functions of Marriage, in all the bear-  
ings in which that important subject affects  
the health and happiness of man, with its  
dysfunctions, and impediments, tracing  
their origin to the effects of juvenile soli-  
tary habits, youthful excess, tropical climates,  
or close study; followed by practical re-  
marks, founded on twenty years experi-  
ence in the treatment of impotence, ner-  
vous debility, local weakness, spermator-  
rhoea, syphilis, and all diseases of the urinary  
and generative system. Illustrated by  
fifty Coloured Engravings on the anatomy  
of the reproductive organs and their re-  
lative conditions in health and disease. By  
S. MUEL LAMBERT, M.D., No. 37,  
Bodford-square, London, Doctor of Medi-  
cine, Matriculated Member of the University  
of Edinburgh, Honorary Member of the  
London Hospital Medical Society, Licenti-  
ate of Apothecaries' Hall, London, &c.

The essential object of this treatise is to  
point out, the fearful consequences result-  
ing from certain habits, irregularities and  
excesses, which have produced more mis-  
ery in youth, degradation in manhood, and  
premature decay at all stages of life, than  
perhaps, any other class of disease known  
to modern pathologists. Its perusal is par-  
ticularly recommended to persons entertain-  
ing secret doubts of their physical condi-  
tion, and who are conscious of having haz-  
arded the health, happiness and privileges  
to which every human being is entitled.—  
The contents embrace the origin, effects,  
prevention and treatment of the deplorable  
catalogue of maladies connected with ner-  
vous debility, exhaustion of the vital ener-  
gies, prostration of mental and physical  
capacity local and general weakness, acute  
and chronic spermatorrhoea, and their end-  
less modifications. The treatment adopted  
is based on experience gained in the most  
built and famed schools of medicine, and by the  
New England practitioners, both in Great  
Britain and Continental Europe. Every  
try. Now both, going to the physiology, pe-  
tious enough in general treatment of the dis-  
ease, the main point, the generative system is  
mentioned, and in all the internal imma-  
dately afforded by the described in-  
detail. Thinking of the reputation of Dr.  
Lamert, who has taken the most distin-  
guished medical and academic honours, at-  
home and abroad, is in itself a sufficient  
guarantee that those who may place them-  
selves under his care will, in every instance  
meet with that delicate, consideration and  
invaluable secrecy which are so requisite in  
the treatment of these cases.

**CAUTION.**—In consequence of the exten-  
sive sale of this work, which has now at-  
tained its sixteenth edition, several spurious  
and imperfect copies are in circulation.—  
The genuine edition can be had only of the  
Author or his advertised agents.  
The work may be had in St. John, of H.  
Chubb & Co., price 2s. 6d. sig.; Halifax,  
Messrs. Morton & Co.; Quebec, at the  
Gazette Office; Montreal, Mr. Dawson,  
bookseller.  
Dec. 14, 1853-6

**STEAM BREWERY.**  
MESSRS. THOMPSON & CO. having com-  
pleted the erection of their Patent Steam  
Brewery, beg respectfully to announce, that after  
the 1st October, they will be ready to supply  
Families and the Public in general, with BEER  
in casks of various sizes.  
W. B. Malt, Hops, Grains, and Yeast, now on  
sale.

**CHAMPAGNE.**  
JUST RECEIVED 50 Baskets first quality  
Champagne "Queen Victoria" and "Lalle-  
mand Cordon Rouge" brands.  
June 7, 1854. J. W. STREET

**CHARLOTTE COUNTY  
GRAMMAR SCHOOL.**  
RALPH E. SMITH, B.A.,  
Principal.  
The classes in this Institution, which is held  
on Monday afternoon, from 2 to 4 o'clock,  
are as follows:—  
English Language and Literature, 20 to 30  
Pupils; Mathematics, 10 to 15; Latin, 10 to 15;  
Classical with all the above, 10 to 15.

**Refined Crushed & Loaf Sugar.**  
To arrive per "Louisa Munroe."  
A. Pierces Refined Crushed & Loaf Sugar.  
J. W. STREET

**Just Received**  
Flour, Tea, Sugar, Molasses,  
Candles, Soap, &c. For sale low  
by  
JOS. WALTON.

**APPRENTICES.**  
Boys from 14 to 16 years of  
age, for learning business.  
STANDARD OFFICE.

**STANDARD OFFICE.**  
from Boston,  
superfine FLOUR,  
FLOUR.  
J. W. STREET.

Now Publishing  
By JOHN TALLIS & CO. OF LONDON  
THE LIFE AND TIMES OF THE LATE  
**Duke of Wellington;**

By Lieut. Col. Williams; (a Companion in  
Arms, of His Grace.)

Comprising the Campaigns and Battle  
Fields of Wellington and his Comrades,  
the Political Life of the Duke and his  
Contemporaries, and a detailed account  
of England's Battles by Sea and Land,  
from the commencement of the Great  
French Revolution to the present time,  
interspersed with Anecdotes, Personal  
Incidents, and Adventures, etc.

**ADDRESS.**  
The earthly career of Arthur Duke  
Wellington has closed; one of the greatest  
men of the nineteenth century, the fore-  
most military commander of any age has  
paid the debt of nature. The time has not  
arrived for giving to the world a History  
of the Great Captain—the Events of his  
Life and Time—a life marked by patriot-  
ism and honour, and events the greatest  
which have ever agitated the civilized  
world, and whose influence will be felt  
upon society till the end of time. Such a  
work must appeal to the best and proudest  
feelings in the heart of every Briton—the  
glory of his country, the honour of its name  
and position among the nations—may his  
own existence as a freeman, are recorded  
and engraven in the annals of the "wel-  
fought fields," and the deadly imminent  
breaches, the immortal battles and the glori-  
ous sieges in which Wellington and his  
Companions gathered undying laurels,  
placed their country's honour and  
renown on the highest pinnacle of fame and  
glory, and tore the victor's wreath from the  
brows of heroes decorated with the trophies  
of Italy, Egypt, and Germany.

To supply such a desideratum in En-  
glish literature, the publishers of The Life  
and Times of the Duke of Wellington have  
determined to produce a work which shall  
present to the reader, not only the details  
which a mere biographical sketch would  
afford, but a comprehensive work, em-  
bracing the contemporaneous history of  
the period; exhibiting the circumstances  
which brought about the great events in  
which the Duke and his contemporaries  
were engaged, and giving to the reader a  
connected narrative of the lives and actions  
of the Warriors and Statesmen of the nine-  
teenth century; and this from the pen of  
one who was a companion in arms of the  
great hero, and participated with him in  
many a well-fought field.

In order to carry out their views, the Pub-  
lishers have determined that the work shall  
be profusely illustrated by Portraits of the  
Warriors and Statesmen of the last half  
century who have shed a lustre upon the  
history of their country; also representations  
of the most important engagements by  
sea and land from the period of 1780 till  
1852; so that the work, when finished, shall  
form an illustrated Gallery of the Naval and  
Military Exploits of England.

It has been well said, "Character is the  
true strength of nations; true glory their  
best inheritance. When the time shall  
come that the British heart no longer thrill  
at the names of Ctesey, Poitiers, Agin-  
court, Blenheim, Ramillies, Oudenard,  
Malplaquet, of Talavera, Salamanca, Tou-  
ou, Waterloo—the last hour of the  
British Empire will be struck." The pro-  
motion and elevation of national spirit and  
feeling is therefore the duty and interest  
of every true and loyal son of England.  
May Heaven inspire the hearts of every  
one of us with that spirit and feeling.

Conditions of Publication.—The work  
will be issued on the 1st and 15th of every  
month, in Parts at 1s. 3d. and Divisions  
handsomely bound at 9s. 4d. printed on Im-  
perial 8vo. double columns, each part will  
be embellished by two highly finished steel  
Engravings, and will contain 32 pages of  
letter press. A beautiful steel Engraving  
13 by 19 inches, the storming of Seringapa-  
m, the first victory in India, the Duke  
of Wellington's engagement in India, to  
every subscriber to the work.

**REMOVAL.**  
E. BAYARD, M.D.,  
Has removed to Mr. Thomas Watt's cottage  
opposite the Brewery.  
Office in same building—entrance south end.

**FLOUR &c.**  
Ex. Flour from Boston—just received.  
60 Bbls. superfine flour; 100 do. Rye do.  
10 Bbls. printing paper (Royal).  
J. W. STREET.  
7th March 1854.

**TO LET.**  
And Possession given 1st of May.  
A large and comfortable house, with  
a fine garden and premises, at the  
Corner of Parr and King Streets, re-  
cently occupied by Mr. King. The  
house has been thoroughly repaired  
and painted, and put in good repair, and is ad-  
apted for a general private residence. The  
Sheds, Barns, &c. are well fitted up and an excel-  
lent garden is also attached to the premises. For  
terms &c. please apply at the  
STANDARD OFFICE.  
Feb. 1, 1854.

**NOTICE.**  
To the Proprietors and Managers of the St. An-  
drews & Quebec Railway.  
NOT being able to get any satisfaction from  
the above, we hereby give Notice, that  
we are about to put up Fencing which will ob-  
struct the Engine from running through our  
property, and will prevent any person or persons  
removing the same.  
WM. THOMAS,  
CALDER BARTLETT,  
FARVER BARTLETT,  
GAWD NIXON,  
ROBERT HAWTHORN  
17th May, 1854

**NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.**  
TABLE of the Days and Hours on which MAILS for the United Kingdom will be closed at this  
Office.

Mails Close in St. Andrews	Days by which the MAILS are forwarded	PACKET	Port and date of Sail- ing	Destination
Wednesday Aug. 23, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York Aug. 26	Shanghai
Sunday " 27, 9 A.M.	Halifax	British	Boston " 30	Liverpool
Wednesday " 30, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York " 2	Liverpool
Thursday " 31, 4 A.M.	New York	British	New York " 6	Liverpool
Wednesday " 6, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York " 9	Shanghai
Thursday " 10, 9 A.M.	Halifax	British	Boston " 13	Liverpool
Wednesday " 13, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York " 16	Liverpool
Thursday " 16, 4 A.M.	New York	British	New York " 20	Liverpool
Wednesday " 20, 4 A.M.	New York	U States	New York " 23	Shanghai
Thursday " 24, 9 A.M.	Halifax	British	Boston " 27	Liverpool

N. B.—Letters and Papers to be forwarded through the United States, when, on by the British or  
the United States lines of Packets, must be specially addressed "via United States," or "via New  
York," otherwise they will be forwarded by the Halifax Route.  
Letters and Newspapers will be forwarded if posted within thirty minutes after the hours appoint-  
ed, on payment of a fee of sixpence each for Letters, and one penny each for Newspapers.  
G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.  
Post Office, St. Andrews.

**ST. JOHN AND LIVERPOOL  
LINE OF PACKET SHIPS.**  
Appointed to sail from Liverpool as under—  
Ships Captains Tonnage To sail  
Eudora, Doane, 1015, 5th June.  
Middleton, Delaney, 996 20th Ditto  
David Fleming, Nichols, 1425 5th July  
John Barbour, Marshall, 990 20th do  
John Bannerman, Robertson, 1200 5th Aug.  
Joseph Tarrant, Smith, 942 20th do  
Imperial, Moran, 1279 5th Sept.  
Liberal, Cruickshank, 575 20th do

These Ships are built of the best materials, sail  
remarkably fast, are classed A 1 at Lloyd's, and  
coppered, and will be dispatched punctually on the  
days appointed.  
They are commanded by men of the greatest ex-  
perience and nautical skill, and no expense or ex-  
ertion will be spared to make this line efficient in  
every respect for the safe and speedy conveyance  
of Goods.  
Orders for shipment of Goods by this line are re-  
sponsibly solicited.  
For Freight of Passage, apply in Liverpool, to  
Messrs. FERNIE BROTHERS & Co, Orange  
Court, Castle Street, or at St. John, to  
J. & R. REED  
April 3, 1854.

**20th March 1854.**  
The Subscriber offers for sale at reduced  
prices the remainder of his stock of Har-  
ware among which are the following:  
60 Bags Deck Spikes assorted from 3  
inch to 8 inch.  
25 do Fine cut Rose nails assorted.  
16 " Best Horse and Ox nails assorted.  
20 Boxes sheet tin assorted.  
25 Bags shot assorted.  
15 Tons Pig Iron.  
40 Bundles sheet iron.  
2 " Hill's " Warranted axles together  
with a great variety of other articles in the  
Hardware line. ALSO.  
2 Tons C Gunpowder.  
1 1/2 do F F do  
1 1/4 do London and Liverpool white  
paint.  
9 Hhds. Boiled and Raw Oil.  
Casks whiting.  
2 Bbls. lamp black &c. &c.  
J. W. STREET.

**Valuable Property for Sale.**  
100 ACRES of finely timbered Land, 27  
miles from Fowls, on the St. An-  
drews and Quebec Railroad.  
A New Cottage delightfully situated on the  
Commons, with 18 acres of Land, only a mile  
from Town.  
Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE  
February 1, 1854.

**PICKED UP.**  
A "Large Scow"  
In the River St. Croix.  
The owner can receive the same by paying ex-  
penses on application to  
MARTIN WATSON.  
St. Andrews, May 16, 1854.

**SPRING IMPORTATION  
OF  
BOOTS & SHOES.**  
AT THE  
LADIES' Fashionable SHOE STORE,  
NEXT THE POST OFFICE,  
Water-Street, Saint Andrews.  
The Subscriber begs to inform the Public  
that he has just received from New York, a  
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT  
of Ladies', Gentlemen's, Misses', and Children's  
Boots, Shoes and Slippers,  
from the best manufacturers in the United States.  
The Subscriber calls attention to his Gentle-  
man's Dress Boots, made under his own su-  
pervision, also to his Men's and Youth's Boots  
suitable for Town or Country. Women and  
Girl's House Slippers; Children's Boots and Shoes  
of various styles.  
The whole are offered for sale wholesale or  
retail, at reasonable prices for cash.  
J. LITTLE.  
April 26, 1854.

**NOTICE.**  
To the Proprietors and Managers of the St. An-  
drews & Quebec Railway.  
NOT being able to get any satisfaction from  
the above, we hereby give Notice, that  
we are about to put up Fencing which will ob-  
struct the Engine from running through our  
property, and will prevent any person or persons  
removing the same.  
WM. THOMAS,  
CALDER BARTLETT,  
FARVER BARTLETT,  
GAWD NIXON,  
ROBERT HAWTHORN  
17th May, 1854

**HEALTH RESTORED!!  
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.**  
Surprising Cure of a confirmed Asthma,  
after five years' suffering.  
The following testimonial has been sent to  
Professor Holloway, by a Gentleman  
named Middleton, of Scotland road, Li-  
verpool.  
SIR,—Your Pills have been the  
means, under Providence, of restoring me  
to sound health, after five years of severe  
suffering. During the whole of that period  
I suffered the most dreadful attacks of  
Asthma, frequently of several weeks dura-  
tion, attended with a violent cough, and  
continual spitting of phlegm intermixed  
with blood. This so shook my constitu-  
tion that I was unfitted for any of the ac-  
tivities of life. I was attended by some of  
the most eminent medical men of this town,  
but they failed to give me the slightest  
relief. As a last remedy I tried your Pills,  
and in about three months they effected a  
perfect cure of the disease, totally eradicated  
the cough, and restored tone and  
vigour to the chest and digestive organs.—  
I am, Sir, your obedient servant,  
(Signed) H. MIDDLETON.  
Dated Jan. 1st, 1853.

A Permanent Cure of a Diseased Liver,  
of many years duration.  
Copy of a letter from Mr. Gamie, Chemist,  
Yeovil, to Professor Holloway.  
Dear Sir,—In this district your Pills  
command a more extensive sale than any  
other proprietary medicine, before the pub-  
lic. As a proof of their efficacy in Liver  
and Bilious Complaints I may mention the  
following case. A lady of this town with  
whom I am personally acquainted, for years  
was a severe sufferer from disease of the  
Liver and digestive organs; her medical  
attendant assured her that he could do  
nothing to relieve her sufferings, and it was  
not likely she could survive many months.  
This announcement naturally caused great  
alarm among her friends and relations, and  
they induced her to make a trial of your  
Pills, which so improved her general health  
that she was induced to continue them un-  
til she received a perfect cure. This is  
twelve months ago, and she has not experi-  
enced any symptoms of relapse, and often  
declares that your Pills have been the  
means of saving her life.  
I remain, dear Sir, yours truly,  
(Signed) J. GAMIE  
Nov. 22, 1852.

An astonishing Cure of Chronic Rheuma-  
tism, after being discharged from the  
Hospital incurable.  
Copy of a Letter from Mr. W. Moon, of  
the Square, Winchester,  
To Professor Holloway.  
SIR,—I beg to inform you that for  
years I was a sufferer from Chronic Rheu-  
matism, and was often laid up for weeks  
together by its severe and painful attacks.  
I tried every thing that was recommended,  
and was attended by one of the most emi-  
nent surgeons in this town; but obtained  
no relief whatever, and fearing that my  
health would be entirely broken up, I was  
induced to go into our County Hospital,  
where I had the best medical treatment the  
Institution afforded, of which I professed  
no avail, and I came out no better than I  
went in. I was then advised to try your  
Pills, and by persevering with them was  
perfectly cured, and enabled to resume my  
occupation, and although a considerable  
period has elapsed, I have felt no return  
whatever of the complaint.  
I am, Sir, your obliged servant,  
(Signed) W. MOON.  
Oct. 8, 1852.

An extraordinary Cure of Dropsy, after  
suffering for eighteen months.  
Copy of a letter from Mr. G. Briggs, Chem-  
ist, Goole, dated February 15th, 1853.  
To Professor Holloway.  
SIR,—I have much pleasure in in-  
forming you of a most surprising cure of  
Dropsy recently effected by your valuable  
medicines. Captain Jackson of this place  
was afflicted with Dropsy for upwards of  
eighteen months, to such an extent that it  
caused his body and limbs to be much  
swollen, and water oozed as it were from  
his skin, so that a daily change of apparel  
became necessary, notwithstanding the  
various remedies tried, and the different  
medical men consulted, all was of no avail  
until he commenced using your Pills, by  
which, and a strict attention to the printed  
directions, he was effectually cured, and  
his health perfectly reestablished. If you

deem this worthy of publicity, you are at  
liberty to use it.  
I am, Sir, yours respectfully,  
(Signed) G. BRIGGS.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully  
efficacious in the following complaints:  
Ague Jaundice  
Asthma Liver complaints  
Bilious complaints Lumbago  
Bloaches on the skin  
Bowel complaints Rheumatism  
Colic Retention of Urine  
Constipation of the  
Bowels Scrofula, or  
Consumption King's Evil  
Debility Stone and Gravel  
Dropsy Secondary symptoms  
Dysentery Tic Douloureux  
Erysipelas Tumours  
Female Irregularities  
Fever of all kinds Venereal Affections  
Fits Worms of all kinds  
Gout Weakness, from  
Head-ache whatever cause  
Indigestion &c. &c.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor  
Holloway, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar,  
London, and by all respectable Druggists  
and Dealers in Medicines throughout the  
Civilized World, at the following prices:—  
1s 1d; 3s 6d; 5s 6d each box.  
There is a considerable saving by taking  
the larger sizes.  
N. B.—Directions for the guidance of  
patients in every disorder are affixed to  
each Box.  
Sold by all Venders of Medicine through-  
out New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thomp-  
son, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, East-  
port, and  
TURNER & ODELL,  
Of Saint Andrews,  
Wholesale Agents for the County Charlotte  
July 19, 1854.

**THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR  
SALE THE REAL ESTATE HERE-  
—INFTER MENTIONED—  
A FARM situated one mile  
from the lower, and 7 miles  
from the upper Falls, on the  
beautifully romantic River,  
Magaguadavic, containing  
about 300 acres of excellent  
LAND, well timbered with the usual in-  
digenous growth, suitable for fuel, fence, ship  
timber, and other purposes. The River  
forms its Western boundary, and Lake U-  
topia constitutes its Eastern limit. There  
are on the place a convenient FARM HOUSE,  
Barn, and Out Houses, good fences, and  
about 40 acres on the front well cleared.  
The Farm is 45 miles from St. John, 20  
from St. Andrews, and from Eastport, by  
water, about 6 leagues. The scenery on the  
margins of the River and Lake, and of the  
surrounding country, cannot be surpassed for  
native beauty in any other part of the Pro-  
vince.**

A Tract of LAND, some 200 acres, front-  
ing on the East side of Lake Utopia, situated  
on the highway leading from the St. John  
Road to Fredericton, and being about 3 miles  
from the Magaguadavic Village. There are  
some 50 acres cleared and under improve-  
ment; the tract is covered with all sorts of  
wood common to the country, and is abun-  
dantly supplied with brooks and springs of  
salubrious water.

A Lot of LAND, 200 acres, on the West  
side of Lake Utopia, having about 30 acres  
under improvement; there are a House and  
Barn on the place, and a small Orchard, and  
the premises affords opportunity for the  
grazing of cattle and it abounds with a fine  
growth of wood, of all the varieties common  
to the country; this Lot is on its front bound-  
ed by the lake shore, and is in immediate  
proximity to the most famous trout-  
stream.

Also, a small LOT of LAND, about 30  
acres, on the North East side of the Digde-  
guash River, near the Episcopal Church,  
being part of a farm belonging to Alexander  
Cockburn.

A liberal time will be given for the pay-  
ment of the purchase money, 4, 5, or 6  
years, in annual payments, one fifth of the  
amount only will be required at the time of  
sale.  
Apply by letter, or otherwise, directed to  
the subscriber, Magaguadavic.  
EDWARD DEWOLFE.

**NOTICE.**  
IS hereby given that any Person or Per-  
sons found trespassing, or cutting and  
hauling away any timber of any description,  
from off the Lot known as the "Seely Lot,"  
on the Eastern side of Lake Utopia, be-  
longing to the Estate of the late James  
Rait; containing two thousand eight hun-  
dred acres more or less; will be prosecuted  
as the Law directs.  
WILLIAM KER,  
Trustee on Estate of J. Rait,  
May 4th, 1854.

**Blanks**  
For Sale at this Office.