



SUMMARY OF NEWS.

The Great Fire at Montreal.—The Montreal papers contain particulars of the destructive conflagration which occurred in that city on the 24th inst.

The fire commenced in a livery stable in Craig street, and spread with great rapidity, destroying a block of stone houses from which the inmates barely escaped with their lives, leaving a great amount of furniture and other property to be destroyed.

Men, women and children, who had hardly escaped with their lives, and with no coverings beyond their night-dresses, were distractedly running about in search of shelter. Some succeeded in placing their furniture and goods in safety on the Champ de Mars, and we regret to say, that the great majority of the sufferers lost their all—not only what they had been forced to abandon in their houses, but what they had in the first instance removed to the houses of their neighbours, in the hope that the conflagration would not reach them.

Many houses not consumed were partially injured and rendered temporarily uninhabitable, so that hundreds of people were rendered homeless. There seems to have been a deficiency in the supply of water, and also in the fire apparatus, and in the strength of the fire department. The Herald attributes the extension of the fire to the general use of shingles in roofing houses—although the houses and stores for the most part are stone.

Property to the amount of \$100,000 was insured; but the loss is estimated to exceed \$250,000. The Hartford, Etna, and Protection companies had risks to the amount of \$20,000.

The Arbitrator.—Mr. Webster is said to have selected Louis Napoleon as arbitrator in the case of the claims of the United States upon the Portuguese Government. The New York Evening Post considers the nomination a most injudicious one, and thinks that the Grant Treaty would have been an infinitely better choice.

It is said that Professor Webster made an error of confession last week, in which he acknowledged that the murder of Parkman was a deed tried. The document is said to be in the hands of the authorities, but was not to be made public until after his death.

The Railroad contemplated from Niagara Falls via Hamilton, to Sandwich opposite Detroit, is put under contract and will be commenced forthwith. From the suspension bridge at the Falls, to Sandwich, is 240 miles—and with the exception of getting up and down a mountain at Hamilton, the grade of the road is almost a dead level. It is an extraordinary fact, that between Hamilton and Sandwich there is one portion of the road running fifty miles in a straight line. It is expected to make the run from the Niagara Falls to Detroit in six hours.

Prince Edward Island.—We learn by the papers from this island, that all the inland mails have been stopped and the Post offices closed, in consequence of the Legislature making no provision for their transportation. The revenue of the office is insufficient to meet the expense incurred in forwarding the mails, and as the Legislature of Prince Edward Island refused to adopt the course pursued by the Legislatures of the other Colonies, in reference to the Imperial bill conferring on them the control of the Post Office Establishment, and also neglected to grant the usual supplies, the Home Government has given orders for the discontinuance of all the inland mails. Meanwhile, the Governor and Council have resolved to continue the postal communication between Charlottetown and Pictou until further orders from the Post Master General.—New-Brunswick.

THE POLICE AND THE MILITARY—TO BLAME ALL ROUND.

A policeman arrests a Major Wolford for a breach of the law against furious driving. The case is heard and dismissed by the police magistrate, (Col. Peters) who declares that he had hitherto acted upon an erroneous construction of the law. The Major is not satisfied; insists upon the dismissal of the policeman; and will not be appeased until his demand is complied with; takes an opportunity, shortly afterwards, to retaliate, by sending a file of soldiers with fixed bayonets, to arrest four policemen who were on duty in the barrack enclosure, where they had a right to go, and who were accordingly taken into custody. The men are released by order of the Major, after receiving a reprimand. The policeman, on second thought, is discharged. The policeman was to blame in the mode of arresting the Major—taking his horse by the bridle, and leading him to the police office, unless he had reason to apprehend an escape, but for nothing more. Whether the Magistrate was correct in deciding as he did, may be a question, but he was bound to protect his officer, and he was to blame in dismissing him from his service, for performing his duty, as he understood it, and as it was enjoined upon him by his superior. The Major was to blame for his vindictiveness towards the policeman, and his conduct in arresting the army at the barrack is reprehensible in the extreme, and calculated to make bad blood between the soldiers and the citizens. Common justice requires the restoration of the dismissed policeman, and the outrage committed by the military on the civil authority should be made the subject of public investigation.—[Tem. Telegraph.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.—The beautiful Church, recently erected in Sidney Street for the congregation under the spiritual

charge of the Rev. Mr. Thomson, who came here from the Free Church of Scotland, was opened on Sunday last, on which occasion there were three services. The able pastor of the congregation was assisted by the Rev. Mr. Forrester, of Halifax, who preached in the morning and evening.—Mr. Thomson preaching in the afternoon. The building is a very handsome edifice, surmounted by an elegant and chaste spire, which, we think, would bear a comparison with any we have in the Province as yet, and the workmanship is very creditable to Mr. Wisdom the builder.—The inside is very plain, but neat, and is seated for a large number of persons. We understand that about £70 was collected on Sunday.

A number of news were leased on the following day, when they brought good prices. As the gentleman who officiates in the church is a most powerful preacher, we have no doubt that he will draw a large body of hearers before long.—[Courier.

Arrival of the Steamship



America.

The steamship America arrived at Halifax at 7 o'clock on Friday 27th ult, bringing Liverpool dates to the 17th inst.

The Asia arrived at Liverpool at 7 1/2 o'clock on Saturday morning, the 17th, in a little over 9 days from Boston, which is the quickest trip ever made across the Atlantic.

The American steamer Atlantic was to sail on the 21st ult. for New York, full of passengers, among whom is Jenny Lind.

The commercial news is satisfactory. Trade in the Manufacturing districts continues brisk.

Breakfasts were declining in consequence of the favourable reports of the harvest.

Parliament has been prorogued by the Queen in person, which is the principal topic of interest during the week. The following are extracts from the Speech.—

It has afforded me great satisfaction to give my attention to the Act which you have passed for the improvement of Merchants' Naval service of this country. It is, I trust, calculated to promote the welfare of every class connected with this essential branch of national interests. The Act for the gradual discontinuance of internments within the limits of the Metropolis is in conformity with those enlightened views which have for their object the improvement of the public health.—I look for the most beneficial consequences from the measure which has been framed with a view to give my people in Ireland a fair participation in the benefits of our representative system. The improvement of the Revenue and the large reductions which have been made in the various branches of expenditure have tended to add to our financial condition, stability and security. I am encouraged in hope that the Treaty between Germany and Denmark which has been concluded at Berlin under my mediation may lead to no distant period to the restoration of peace in the North of France. I continue to maintain the most friendly relations with all foreign powers.

Some of the leading papers, in reviewing the session of Parliament just closed, characterize the Ministerial management as not very sagacious, systematic or business-like. Among the more important Government measures which have fallen through, are—the Jews Emancipation Bill, the Savings Banks Bill, the Lord Lieutenantcy (Ireland) Bill and the Marriage Bill. They say the Whig Ministers not selected by the House of Commons, but forced into office by circumstances—not a desire, but a disaster gave them place.

The Caors.—The potato disease is spreading in numerous districts both in England and Ireland, and it is generally admitted that a considerable per centage of the crop will be taken off by it. All other crops promise well. Cutting is now general, and the weather is most favourable for harvest operations.

The overland Mail from India, was announced by telegraph at London on Saturday, just before the America sailed, but no particulars given.

At a concert given in Liverpool on Friday by Jenny Lind, the house was crowded to suffocation, and the tickets sold at a high premium. She is said to be more beautiful and accomplished than ever.

The Harvest.—Accounts of the potato crop received to day are decidedly more favorable, and it would appear from various communications before us that the progress of the blight has been stayed during the present week. Regarding oats as well as green crops, we have the most encouraging accounts. The harvest is now in progress pretty generally with as favourable weather as could be desired.—[Dublin Evening Post.

English Tourists in Ireland. The number of English tourists now in Ireland is far greater than in any previous season. In consequence of the numbers waiting a passage across the channel at Holyhead, owing to the arrival of a crowded excursion train, an extra steamer, the Agulha, was dispatched from Kingstown on Tuesday morning, to afford the requisite accommodation to the influx of English tourists.

The O'Connell Estates in the County of Kerry.—Three estates spread over 11,000 acres, and were put up for sale in twenty-four lots on Thursday week in Dublin. The bidding was at first slack, and many of the earlier lots were withdrawn until later in the day, when they were again put up with better

success. In the whole, eighteen lots were sold, in sums varying from £350 to £8,000; the whole producing £38,930. The income-brances on this fine property is said to be £60,000. There are however, six valuable lots still left for sale.

The Tenant Right Conference.—The conference concluded its labours on Thursday week, and having proclaimed its charter, resolved itself into a league. A public meeting was held on Saturday evening at the Music Hall, at which nearly all the delegates attended. The room was crammed, and the proceedings passed off with great enthusiasm. The chair was taken by Dr. Mc Knight. The Speakers were the Rev. John Rodgers, a Presbyterian clergyman; the Rev. Dr. Kearney, Catholic; Rev. Dr. Bell, Presbyterian, (and pronounced the best order of the evening); Mr. Godkin of the Londonderry Standard; the Rev. Mr. McGover, Catholic; Mr. Ternan, tenant farmer; the Rev. Mr. Rentoul, Presbyterian; the Rev. Mr. Doherty, Presbyterian; Mr. Maguire, of the Cork Examiner; Dr. Gray, of the Freeman's Journal, and others.—The last resolution is the key to all the others.—That an adequate fund, ascertained by some fixed standard, and certain in amount, will be indispensable for carrying out the objects of the league, we recommend for the adoption of the country, a general and voluntary assessment on the poor law valuation, of such an amount, and under such regulations as the council of the league may hereafter recommend, taking into consideration the circumstances of each locality, and the raising thereby, at as early a period as may be considered practicable and convenient a sum of £19,000 in the first instance.

The Gurkha Controversy Again.—The Bishop of Exeter, it is said, is taking steps to bring Mr. Gorham before the Archdeacon Court, for heresy, as held and taught by his book.—With reference to this case in particular, as well as the integrity of the church's doctrine generally, the committee of church unions appointed immediately after the recent great church meeting, is understood to be preparing some most important propositions to be submitted to another great meeting.—Oxford University Herald.—[Mr. Gorham was duly installed in his vicarage of Hampton Speke on Sunday last, when he delivered an excellent sermon.

It is rumored that Lord John Russell will shortly retire from the Ministry, both on account of ill health, and his gradual loss of the confidence of his party. It appears to be even doubtful whether he would again stand for London, in the event of a new election, but would likely fall back on Tavistock, under the interest of his brother, the Duke of Bedford.

The will of Sir Robert Peel was produced on Saturday, and probate passed for assets under £500,000.

Railway from Quebec to Halifax.—In the House of Commons, on Wednesday, in reply to a question relative to the proposed Railway from Halifax to Quebec, Mr. Havelock said it was not the intention of Government to bring forward any measure on this subject. The proposition made to Government was, that they should give a guarantee, and that they refused. This undertaking was one of the highest importance, but whether any scheme would be undertaken by Government he was not prepared to say, though he believed there were parties who were turning their attention to the subject.

For Port Adelaide.—The barque Candace, belonging to Liverpool, Charles Ashby, master, 402 tons, cleared out at the Custom house on Saturday last, for Port Adelaide, Australia with a cargo consisting of 225,112 feet Boards, Plank and Scantling; Pickets, Laths, Window Sashes, Whiting Casks and Whaling gear, Grindstones, Corn Brooms, Buckets, Tubs, Boxes: Wine and Rum—valued in all at £774 sterling. The cargo was shipped by Messrs Allison & Spurr of this City, to whom we wish every success in the undertaking. We believe this is the first cargo shipped from this Port for that place.—[St. John Courier.

Improvement in lowering Ships' boats.—A model, showing a simple but efficient improvement in the mode of lowering ships' boats into the water, in a great hurry in case of accident, has been publicly exhibited in Liverpool. It is the invention of Mr. Grayson, a ship-builder of that town. The improvement consist in having "both ends of the falls, or ropes, brought through the rail to a central winch-barrel, by which one man only, instead of two, is required to lower the boat which necessarily descends fairly into the water, thus avoiding the loss of life which so frequently takes place by the swamping of boats alongside the vessel, owing to the impossibility which exists, amidst the uproar and confusion inseparable from an accident at sea, of getting any two qualified persons to act in unison, which, in the ordinary method of lowering ships' boats, is indispensable." The plan is commended to the serious consideration of the owners of emigrant ships, steamers, &c., as a valuable improvement on the present system—the imperfect working of which has lately caused some fatal disasters on the English coast.

FRANCE.

The Assembly was prorogued on the 10th inst., and most of the Members have left Paris. The city, although more peaceful, is less gay than it was some months ago. The Mountain party had presented the public with their promised report on the Parliamentary proceedings. The document is remarkably free from inflation and violence, temperate in its language, and is signed by 68 members. The President is now on his tour through the provinces; he has in most places been well received, but in others not so. At Lyons it is said, the people were worse than elsewhere; no address was presented, and no public rejoicing.

The weather throughout France has been exceedingly wet and unfavorable for harvesting; in consequence, there had been an advance of 2s 6d per sack on flour. The manufacturing interests of Paris are progressing favourably, there being large orders for goods and operators fully employed.

DENMARK AND THE DUCHES.

A slight engagement had taken place on the 8th, between the outposts of the contending armies. An explosion of General Willisen's Laboratory of Artillery took place on the morning of that day, which caused a great loss of life and property. Already ninety-nine persons, killed by the explosion, had been buried, (among whom were twenty-two cadets of the Artillery school) 35 wounded, some severely, and 11 were still missing. The effect of this catastrophe on the public mind has been very depressing, and scarcely a house in town had entirely escaped from the concussion. About noon on the same day, the Danish army, taking advantage of the confusion thus produced, pushed forward to attack the Schleswig Holsteiners. A struggle ensued, which lasted for an hour; the Danes were driven back at the point of the bayonet, although far outnumbering the Holsteiners, and fell in such haste that they left behind all their killed and wounded.

The last intelligence from the seat of war, says, that a cessation of hostilities had been agreed pending the result of negotiation now going on at Schleswig between the English, French and Prussian envoys, in order to put an end to the effusion of blood. Advice from Copenhagen states that the King of Denmark, amid all this turmoil and trouble, has been pursuing his usual amours and dissipation, and the despatch has been his clandestine marriage with a lively and fascinating young dressmaker of that city!

AUSTRIA.

No news of much interest from Austria.—The Government appears to be striving hard to gain a preponderance in German affairs, but with little success so far. The butcher Haynau has returned from the Austrian dominions to join the traitor Georgey in his exile.

SPAIN.

The Cortes has been dissolved and new Elections ordered. The Queen of Spain has completely recovered.

THE ROMAN STATES.

It is stated that the Great powers have addressed a note to the Pope, recommending him to grant a constitution to the States of the Church, on the model of that which Austria has given to the Lombard Venetian Kingdom.

RUSSIA.

The inhabitants of St. Petersburg and Cracow are busy in repairing the damage done to those cities by the late conflagration which is stated to be much greater than was at first reported. There is nothing new from Portugal, or the other parts of the coast.

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, SEP. 3, 1850

Charlotte County Bank  
Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.  
T. B. WILSON, Esq., Solicitor.

Discount Day—TUESDAY.

Hours of Business, from 10 to 2.

Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Atlas and Book House.  
Commissioners—Robert Ker, C. Dimock  
John Lockhart, D. Bradley, Henry O'Neil  
St. Andrews  
Steam Mills and Manufacturing Company  
R. M. ANDREWS, Esq., President.  
J. Wetmore, Agent  
Saint Stephens Bank  
Wm. Todd, Esq., President.

Discount Day—SATURDAY.

Hours of business, from 10 to 1.

Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

GOLD MINES.—The Canadian Provincial Geologist, Mr. Logan, in his Report for the present year, alludes to the occurrence of gold in the gravel of the Valley of the Touffes des Pins, a tributary of the Chaudiere. He says, "from the inspection which he was able to make he found the auriferous gravel extended over an area of 60 to 80 square miles; and gold was found in five out of seven places tried, not in great quantities; but still sufficient to justify the belief that the precious metal is obtainable." It is often the case, however, that a soil abounding with the precious metal is not valuable, as the expense of obtaining it may exceed the value of the metal. The Chaudiere gold region, however, is daily increasing in value; the net profits to the Company now engaged in extracting the gold are stated to be £5 per day.—Occasionally, pieces of pure gold have been found, some of which have weighed over a quarter of a pound. We would much sooner hear of Coal and Iron having been discovered in this locality than a gold mine, from the simple fact, that while Coal and Iron are easily obtained in large quantities, are in great demand, and are gold to the owners, gold and silver mines have often proved

ruinous to the possessors. We understand, that there is an extensive bed of Coal, of an excellent quality, in the vicinity of the Magdavic River, in this County, which will, no doubt, be worked, so soon as our Railway is in operation to the head waters of the Dig-dequash; and it has long been an established fact, that silver exists in the same locality,—in fact, the Province abounds in great natural resources, and all that is required to develop them is, some capital, and more energy on the part of the people. Open up these fertile regions by means of Railways, and there is no calculating the immense trade which would follow. The country would be thickly populated—and would increase in value—a ready and cheap mode of transit would be established—and a market created for the surplus produce of the farmer. The Province, it is true, has suffered severely, and the people generally have little money to invest in Railways; but that much may be done, with very small means, where there is a will, is sufficiently indicated by the progress which has been made by the people of Canada and the United States.

We observe that the Act for taking the Census, or, more correctly speaking, for ascertaining the population of the Province, and for other purposes therein mentioned, does not come into operation until the 1st January, 1851; and the persons appointed under the Act to take the account of the population, &c., are to make returns in duplicate to the Clerks of the Peace for the several Counties, on or before the 1st of November following, from whom they will receive forms for the purpose.

Imposition.—We notice by the U States' papers that a gross deception has been practised by some of the Steam Packet offices on persons emigrating to California. They sell what are called, through tickets to San Francisco for \$150. Some persons who went out in the Steamer Georgia purchased these tickets, and, upon their arrival at Panama, found they were deceived and robbed, as there was no provision made for their passage up the Pacific; and they had no means either to go to San Francisco, or return to New York. This may serve as a caution to intending emigrants to that land of Ophir.

We learn from Boston papers that Professor Webster was executed in the Jail Yard on Wednesday morning last. His family visited him, for the last time, on Tuesday afternoon. He was perfectly calm until the last moment.

We are happy to learn that there are no serious indications of blight, to alarm us for the safety of the potato crop. In some districts the leaves have withered and died, but the potatoes are sound and of good quality, though the yield is not so abundant in proportion to the quantity planted, as that of last season. As yet we have not heard of the weevil having attacked the grain crops. Turnips look well and promise an abundant crop.

Church Matters.—On Wednesday last, the Quarterly Meeting of the Clergy of the Diocese of St. Andrews was held at St. Stephen's; after the usual business of the Diocese was concluded, the Clergy proceeded to Church, as usual, for Divine Service; the Sermon was preached by the Rev. J. McGivern, Rector of St. George.

On Thursday morning, the Rev. J. S. Thomson was duly inducted into the Rectory of St. David, in this County, by the Rev. Dr. Alley, Rector of this Parish, under a mandate from the Lord Bishop of Fredericton. After the induction, Divine Service was celebrated, and the Sermon preached by Dr. Alley.—Com.

Prince Albert and the Freemasons.—We understand that the Grand Lodge of Freemasons of Scotland has come to the resolution that the different lodges cannot walk in procession, at the laying of the foundation stone on the Mound, at the 30th inst., Prince Albert not being one of the craft, and having scruples about being initiated. Thus one of the greatest features of the Queen's visit of 1850 will be done away with. The brethren, however, are to dine at their respective rendezvous on the evening in question.

Fire at Gravesend.—A fire broke out at Gravesend on Saturday morning last, which resulted in the destruction of twenty-four houses and other property to the value of £50,000. The buildings were almost all shops, and well stocked, and in fact were the principal houses of business in the town.

A Bad Leg cured by Holloway's Ointment and Pills, after Twenty years of suffering.—Extract of a letter from Mr. Andrew Brack, halesmith, Eyemouth, dated August 10, 1848.—To Professor Holloway: Sir, I have the pleasure to inform you that I have obtained a most extraordinary cure by the use of your celebrated Ointment and Pills. For upwards of twenty years I suffered with a disabled bad leg, and during that time I consulted several eminent Surgeons, but their efforts failed to do any good. I then had recourse to your Ointment and Pills,

which, with the blessing of Providence healed my leg, and made me free.

SHERIFFS SALES

To be Sold by Public Auction the 15th day of MARCH, at 12 o'clock, at HOUSE in St. Andrew's. All the right, title, interest, demand whatsoever MELONEY, of in and to Property, viz:—

All that certain lot, piece of land situate lying and being (so called) in the Parish of St. Andrew's, in the County of Charlotte, and situate on the road leading from Hill's Wharf, or nearly so, to the upper side of the said Parish, of St. Stephen, taken from the upper side of M. land, and adjoins the McHast lot, (so called) the North side said lot, and runs from the road four rods, thence right angles to the last line or rods, thence Westward four rods, beginning containing forty or one fourth of an acre; be conveyed to said Michael Mitchell Young, together with house and other buildings the same having been seized to satisfy executions issued in the County Court, in and to the Sheriff's Office, &c. &c.

THOS. Sheriff of St. Andrew's, August 30, 1850.

Meeting of Co

The Courts of General Sessions (Common Pleas, for the County of St. Andrew's) will be held at the Court House in St. Andrew's, on the 1st of September, instant, at 12 o'clock, at which time and place all Messrs. and Constables of said County are required to be at their Courts duly notified to give their accounts. By Order of Her Majesty's Justices, THOS. Sheriff of St. Andrew's, September 2, 1850.

STREET COLONIAL AND EXPRESS

THE Public are respectfully informed that the Express is now the City in St. John, as full for City delivery, twice daily. Frederick and Woodstock. Saturdays Excepted. St. Andrew's, daily, Sun Head of Pictou, M. Saturday, at 3, p. m. Digby & Annapolis, Sat Windsor and Halifax, of Nova Scotia, Pictou land, and Cape Breton Thursday Evenings. Eastport, Calais and thence to any part of Canada—Thursday, at 7, a. m. Newfoundland and other Monday. Jamaica, Havana, & CALIFORNIA, to be sailing from New York 28th, and 30th, of each Liverpool and London, Steamers, to and from On the above routes will by Steamers or Sailing Vessels large Parcels, or Package any kind of Heavy Freight be collected, Goods purchased, N. B. Parcels of the value or upwards, must be booked Proprietor will not be held The Proprietor pledges himself attention and punctuality entrusted to his Express. Arrangements have been made agreement, and will be amended when required. The charges will be as usual. Further information of the Offices.

OFFICES.

St. John—Corner of Church William Streets. Fredericton—Mr. James T. Myhrall's, Queen St. Andrew's—Standard Office Woodstock—Mr. William R. Windsor—Mr. D. E. Gelder. Annapolis—Mr. Lawrence H. Halifax—Mr. E. G. Fuller, Jr. Boston—No 7, State street, Liverpool, G. B.—Mr. Richard 39 South John street St. John. CHARLES J.

HOLLOWAY'S

260 CORDS of Hemlock wanted by the S will pay CASH at Oak Bay, Weymouth, B.C. apply to JANE St. Andrew's, Aug. 14, 1850.

which, with the blessing of Providence, have completely healed my leg, and made it as sound as ever.

### SHERIFFS SALE.

To be Sold by Public Auction on Saturday the 15th day of MARCH 1851, at the hour of 12 o'clock, at the COURT HOUSE in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand whatsoever of MICHAEL MELONEY, in and to the following Property, viz:—

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate lying and being at the Ledge, (so called) in the Parish of St. Stephens in the County of Charlotte, and described as follows: commencing at the intersection of the road from Hill's Wharf, running up stream with the road leading at right angles or nearly so, to the main road from Oak Point to the head of the tide waters in the said Parish of St. Stephens, which road is taken from the upper side of Michael Youngs land, and adjoins the McMaster or Cargill lot, (so called) thence Northerly along the said last mentioned road ten rods, thence Easterly at right angles to the said last mentioned road four rods, thence Southerly at right angles to the last line or boundary ten rods, thence Westerly four rods to the place of beginning, containing forty square rods, or one fourth of an acre; being the same conveyed to said Michael Meloney by Michael Young, together with the Dwelling house and other buildings thereon.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy execution issued out of the Supreme Court, indorsed to levy 293 15/100 besides Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, August 30, 1850.

### Meeting of Courts.

The Courts of General Sessions of the Peace and Common Pleas, for the County of Charlotte will sit at the Court House in St. Andrews on Tuesday the 17th September, instant, at 12 o'clock. At which time and place all Magistrates, Coroners, and Constables of said County and all persons required to be at these Courts are hereby Publicly Nominated to give their attendance.

### STREETS COLONIAL AND FOREIGN EXPRESS.

THE Public are respectfully informed that EXPRESSES are now made up at the Office in St. John, as follows:—

- For City delivery, Twice daily.
- Fredrickton & Woodstock, Daily, Sundays Excepted.
- St. Andrews, Daily, Sundays excepted.
- Head of Pictouchead, Miramichi, &c., Saturday, at 3, p. m.
- Digby & Annapolis, Saturday, at 8, a. m.
- Windsor and Halifax, and other parts of Nova Scotia, Prince Edwards Island, and Cape Breton—Monday and Thursday Evenings.
- Eastport, Calais and Boston, and thence to any part of the U. States and Canada—Thursday and Friday, at 7, a. m.
- Newfoundland and Bermuda, every other Monday.
- Jamaica, Havana, Cienfuegos and CALIFORNIA, to meet Steamers sailing from New York, on the 13th, 25th, and 30th, of each month.
- Liverpool and London, G. B., by Mail Steamers, to and from Halifax, N. S.

On the above routes will be forwarded by Steamers or Sailing Vessels—Small and large Parcels, or Packages, Specie, and any kind of Heavy Freight Bills, Notes, &c. collected, Goods purchased, &c.

N. B. Parcels of the value of Two Pounds or upwards, must be booked as such, or the Proprietor will not be held responsible. The Proprietor pledges himself to the strict attention and punctuality in all matters entrusted to his Express. Extensive arrangements have been made to meet every requirement, and will be added to and amended when required.

The charges will be moderate in all cases. Further information afforded at any of the Offices.

OFFICES: St. John—Corner of Church and Prince William Streets. Fredericton—Mr. James T. Nash, at Mr. Myhrall's, Queen street. St. Andrews—Standard Office. Woodstock—Mr. William R. Newcomb. Windsor—Mr. D. E. Gelder. Annapolis—Mr. Lawrence Hall. Halifax—Mr. E. G. Fuller, Hollis street, Boston—No 7, State street, Liverpool, G. B.—Mr. Richard Thos. Cook, 49 South John street. St. John. CHARLES A. STREET.

### HENLOCK BARK WANTED.

260 CORDS of Hemlock Bark, are wanted by the Subscriber, who will pay CASH for it, delivered at Oak Bay, Waweg, Beccles, or Digdequash. Apply to JAMES CLARKE, St. Andrews, Aug. 14, 1850.

### TO LET.

THAT Three Story House, in Queen Street, next to Mr. Stevenson's Hotel. A reasonable sum for repairs to the building will be allowed out of the rent.

F. A. BABCOCK, for BLACK & MURISON, St. Andrews, Aug. 26th, 1850.

### Valuable Real Estate for sale.

THAT pleasantly situated COTTAGE with Out Buildings, at present in the occupation of the Subscriber, and one Town Lot and two-thirds belonging thereto. The house is well situated, and has a front porch, and on the premises is an excellent well of water.

Also, 4 TOWN LOTS in Morrison's Division being Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8, in Block G, Aug. 14.] Apply to Mrs. STRACHAN.

### I. J. F. ROGERS, FASHIONABLE TAILOR, LATELY FROM NEW YORK.

HAS the honor to announce to the inhabitants of St. George, and its vicinity, that he has commenced business in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Wm. Armstrong, fronting the Public Landing, where he is prepared to execute all orders in his line, in the most fashionable style, with neatness and promptitude. Having just arrived from the United States, where he has been employed in some of the most celebrated Establishments in Philadelphia, New York and Boston, trusts that his long experience, knowledge, and superior workmanship, with a desire to please, will entitle him to public patronage. Garments warranted to fit, before leaving his shop.

The Fashions received Quarterly from New York. St. George, Aug. 6, 1850.

### G. S. GRIMMER, ATTORNEY AND BARRISTER AT LAW, AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY. ST. STEPHEN.

### NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. HEMLOCK LOGS.

THE Undersigned will require a large quantity of Hemlock Logs for the line of Railway now under construction, and will contract for the required quantities, deliverable on the line between Leonard Bartlett's, at Waweg, and the N. W. Branch of the Digdequash, between this present month and 1st March 1851. None of said logs are to be under 14 inches diameter at the top end, and as long as can be obtained, sound and free of bark. It will be advisable for persons in the County to improve the time of peeling the bark.

Information will be received from J. G. & L. W. MYERS & CO. Contractors. Chamaok, July 15th, 1850.

### CALAIS HOUSE, CALAIS, STATE OF MAINE.

THE subscriber, in tendering thanks to his former patrons and friends, the inhabitants of New-Brunswick, and especially of St. Andrews, for the patronage they have heretofore afforded him, respectfully advises them and the Public generally, that his Establishment, the CALAIS HOUSE, is again open for the reception of company, renovated and fitted up, he believes, to suit the taste of the most fastidious, where it will give him pleasure to serve his former customers, and the travelling public generally, and promises to use his best exertions for their comfort.

HENRY BATES. Calais, June 24, 1850.

### WHISKY.—See "John Kerr," from the Clyde, via St. John.

1 Paa. best Malt WHISKY. J. W. STREET. June 20, 1850.

### ST. ANDREWS AND QUEBEC RAILROAD.

500 MEN WANTED! 500 MEN are now wanted by the Contractors, to work on the SAINT ANDREWS AND QUEBEC RAILROAD.

Whom immediate employment will be given at the following wages: Excavating Earth, &c. 4s per day. Shanties will be provided on the Road by the Contractors for the accommodation of the laborers.

J. G. and J. W. MYERS & CO. Contractors. St. Andrews, June 24, 1850.—if.

### CHARLOTTE COUNTY GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

RANALD E. SMITH, A. B. of King's College, Windsor, N. S.—Principal.

The Classes in the above Institution, will be reopened on Monday, July 29th instant. Terms.—English branches, including Reading, Writing, Spelling, Geography and use of the Globes, History, Arithmetic, 10s. per Qr. Mensuration, Trigonometry, &c., with or without the above, 15s. per Qr. Classics with or without all the above 20s. per Qr. St. Andrews, July 27, 1850.

### GREAT AGRICULTURAL WORK!

THE FARMER'S GUIDE TO Scientific and Practical Agriculture. By HENRY STEPHENS F.R.S.E., Author of the "Book of the Farm," Editor of the "Quarterly Journal of Agriculture," &c., &c.

Assisted by JOHN N. NORTON, A. M., Professor of Scientific Agriculture in Yale College, New Haven, Author of Agricultural Prize Essays, &c., &c.

This highly valuable work will comprise two large royal octavo volumes, containing over 1400 pages, 18 or 20 splendid steel engravings, and more than 600 etgravings on wood, in the highest style of the art, illustrating almost every implement of husbandry now in use by the best farmers, the best methods of ploughing, planting, haying, harvesting, &c., &c., the various domestic animals in their highest perfection; in short, the pictorial feature of the book is unique, and will render it of incalculable value to the student of agriculture.

This great work is the joint production of two of the most talented agricultural scholars of the day; the one eminent as an author and editor in Great Britain, and the other as a Professor in Yale College. Both are eminently practical as well as scientific men, and all they say may be relied on as the result of profound research, tested and sustained by practical experiment. The contributions of Professor Norton are chiefly designed to adapt the British portion of the book to this country, and thus to make it an Anglo American work, giving to its readers all the really useful agricultural knowledge at present available in either country.

The work is divided into four departments, distinguished by the four seasons of the year, commencing with Winter, and Prof. Norton's notes will be published as an appendix to each part. The first chapter treats of the following subjects, under the head of INITIATION. On the best of the existing Methods for acquiring a thorough knowledge of Practical Husbandry. On the Difficulties to be encountered in learning Practical Husbandry, and on the Means of overcoming them. On the Different kinds of Farming. On the Persons required to Conduct and Execute the Labor of the Farm. On the Branches of Science most applicable to Agriculture. On the Institutions of Education best suited to Agricultural Science. On the evils attending the neglect of Landowners and others to learn practical Agriculture.

On observing the details and recording the facts of Farming by the Agricultural Student. Terms of the Work.—The American edition, the first number of which is already issued, will be published in semi-monthly parts of 61 pages with an English steel engraving in each number, of which there will be about 22 in all. PRICE, 25 CENTS PER NUMBER. CLUBBING. Three Copies will be sent to one address for \$15; 5 copies for 18. Cash in all cases to be remitted direct to the Publishers, and not through Agents.

The work will be sent in numbers at periodical rates of postage, and mail remittances may be made at the risk of the Publishers. All orders and communications should be addressed, post-paid, to LEONARD SCOTT & CO., Publishers, 79 Fulton Street, Entrance 54 Gold Street, New York.

### Assessor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned Assessors will receive at the office of Edward Wilson, until the tenth day of June next, statements from all who are liable to be assessed, for the current year, in the Parish of St. Andrews, of the real and personal properties and incomes they possess, in order that correct information may be received, and complaints prevented after the assessment is completed. These statements must be sworn to before a Justice of the Peace, as the Law requires.

THOMAS JONES, } Assessors  
THOMAS BERRY, } of  
EDWARD WILSON, } Rates.  
St. Andrews, May 9, 1850.

### TO LET.

And possession given on the first day of May next, the Houses and Premises at present in the Occupation of William Ker Esq. & Mr. D. Bradley, situated in Queen Street. Apply to J. W. STREET.

### MARCH 30th, 1850.

Now in Store and for sale by the Under- signed as follows:

- 11 Hhds. prime retailing Molasses,
  - 1 Hhd. best Muscovado SUGAR,
  - 5 Bbls.
  - 1 Tierce
  - 3 Bbls. Refined crushed Sugar,
  - 3 Chests Congou Tea, 2 bags Coffee,
  - 4 Pipe Hennessy
  - 2 Hhds N V & Co. best Cognac Brandy,
  - 6 best Holland GIN,
  - Best Old London Particular Madeira Wine in wood and bottles,
  - Best Old Port Wine
  - Best Old Sherry
  - Champagne, Old Jamaica Rum &c.
  - 4 Crates well assorted Earthenware,
  - 8 Boxes Tobacco Pipes,
  - 5 Cwt. best White Paint,
  - 4 Yellow, Black and Red Paint.
- The above goods will be sold at very low rates for approved payment.

### CARTS! CARTS! CARTS!

For Sale or Hire, on liberal terms, CARIS suitable for work on the Railroad. Also, all kinds of BLACKSMITH work Apply to EDWARD STENIFORD, St. Andrews, June 26, 1850.

### REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has REMOVED his CLOCK and WATCH Making Establishment to the Shop formerly occupied by Mrs. Chetlock and next door to the store of W. Whitlock, Esq. where he will attend to any business in his line at the shortest notice. G. F. STICKNEY, April 30, 1850.—if

### Sheet Iron, Tin Plates &c. &c.

Ex Columbus from Liverpool, Via St. John, the Subscriber has received, 40 B Bundles sheet Iron assorted, 12 boxes Tin plates, 24 Stone Iron Wire, 20 doz Single & Double cut mill Files, 50 " Pit & Hand saw Files, Marbles and Shepherds' malle, 10 Bags best Horse and Ox Nails, &c. &c. J. W. STREET.

### TO LET.

THAT pleasantly situated COTTAGE, with Garden attached, owned by the subscriber, together with Barns, Out-houses &c. In the cellar is an excellent Well of Water. Possession given on the 1st May. JAMES M. CARTHY, St. Andrews, Apr 30, 1850.

### NOTICE.

The Subscribers having received a deed of 2,500 Acres of Land, situated in the Parish of Penfield, near Lake Utopia, in the County of Charlotte, are ready to grant Licenses to cut and haul off said land, Spruce and Pine Logs by paying the usual stampage. On the said Land there is plenty of Spruce timber well adapted for Banding for House frames &c., for the California market.

WILLIAM KER, } Trustees of  
THOS TURNER, } estate  
St. Andrews, July 22d 1850, Jas. Rain.

The above Land will be offered for SALE on the 6th June next in lots to suit purchasers or the whole as may be agreed on. St. Andrews, May 15, 1850.

### Charlotte County Agricultural Society Seeds.

Received by the Charlotte County Agricultural Society and for sale at the store of Mr. M. S. Hannah.

- 60 Bushels Timothy seed, growth of 1849 from the Hayve Settlement.
  - 25 do imported Black Sea Wheat,
  - 20 do " Polish Oats,
  - 5 do " Hopstony Oats,
  - 5 do " Potatoe Oats,
  - 5 do " Barley,
  - 20 lbs. Purple topped Swedish Turnip
  - 40 lbs. Aberdeen Yellow " Seed.
  - 500 lbs. best Northern Red Clover seed.
- ALEX. T. PAUL, Secretary. Saint Andrews, May 6th, 1850.

### MAIL CONTRACTS.

### NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, St. John, 37th May, 1850. THE subject of the Post Office CONTRACTS having been under the consideration of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, I have been instructed to continue the present Contracts until October next, or until such time as the new Post Office Act shall come into operation. The Public will please take notice therefore that the advertisements issued from this Office on the 23d and 25th ultimo, are cancelled. J. HOWE, D. P. M. G.

### Contract for Oil.

TENDERS will be received till the 14th June next at noon, at the office of John Wilson, Esq. St. Andrews, for 650 Gallons Pale Seal Oil, and 300 Gallons Porpoise Oil, to be delivered at St. Andrews on or before the 20th July next, in casks not exceeding 50 gallons each. The Oil to be free of dregs and sediment, and of this year's catch. Payment will be made on delivery of the oil.—Security will be required for the due performance of the contract.

JOHN WILSON, } Commissioner of  
Light Houses. } St. Andrews, May 8, 1850.

### Wanted.

At this OFFICE, TWO BOYS from 12 to 16 years of age, to learn the Printing business. STANDARD OFFICE, April 23rd, 1850.

### FLOUR & HAY.

Just received ex Schooner "Melrose" from New York. 200 Bbls. Canada FLOUR, 50 Bundles Hay, For sale low by the Subscriber. JUSTUS WETMORE.

Ships Articles for sale at this Office.

### LOOKHART & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEAP HAT, CAP, AND FUR STORE.

Now opening by the Lisbon, Faside, Oúce, and Maid of Erin, and from Manufactory—40 dozen Men's Paris end Plave HATS, 60 do. Men's and Youth's Irish, Brown, and Green Sporting HATS, 40 do. Mens & Youth's Pearl Tampico Hats, 40 do. Mens & Youth's Cloth CAPS, every style, 30 do. GLAZED HATS, 10 do. Brussels CARPET BAGS, Glazed HATS in Variety; Table Oil Cloth Gent's FURNISHING GOODS. Orders received for rich heavy CUL-CAIN FRINGE, newest patterns, on sight, CASH and the highest price paid for Furs, LOOKHART & CO. No 1, Prince William Street, St. John, May 16, 1850.—if

### TO LET.

And possession given on the first of May next, THAT pleasantly situated COTTAGE, with out-houses and Garden attached, the property of Captain Nehemiah K. Clements, at present occupied by L. White, Esq. For further particulars apply to D. H. FITZGERALD, Agent.

### FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A FARM, containing about 30 acres of Land, with a Dwelling House and Barn thereon, situated in Saint George, near the head of L'Etang River, now in the occupation of Mr. Stephen Munson. For terms apply to SIMEON HOWE, St. George, April 1, 1850.

### TO LET.

THE commodious Brick Dwelling HOUSE and Premises, which are well calculated for a Public House, situate in St. George, and now in the occupation of T. F. Shaw, Esq. Possession will be given on the 1st of May. For terms or full particulars apply to SIMEON HOWE, St. George, April 1, 1850.

### TO LET.

THE commodious Brick Dwelling HOUSE and Premises, which are well calculated for a Public House, situate in St. George, and now in the occupation of T. F. Shaw, Esq. Possession will be given on the 1st of May. For terms or full particulars apply to SIMEON HOWE, St. George, April 1, 1850.

### Holloway's Ointment.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF A CASE ABANDONED BY OTHER MEDICAL MEN. KING'S COLLEGE, AND CHURCH CROSS HOSPITAL, LONDON.

This Affidavit was sworn to before the Lord Mayor of London. WILLIAM BROOKE, of No. 2, Union Street Southwark, London, Esq., deposes, making Oath and swears that he (this deponent) was afflicted with FIFTEEN RUSSO ULCERS on his left Arm and Ulcerated Sores and Wounds on both Legs, for which the deponent was admitted an out-patient at the METROPOLITAN HOSPITAL, in April 1841, where he continued nearly Four Weeks unable to receive a cure there.

THE DEPONENT sought relief at the three following Hospitals—KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL, in May, for six weeks, at Guy's Hospital, in July, for six weeks, and at CHARING CROSS HOSPITAL, at the end of August, for some weeks more; which the deponent left in a worse condition than that in which he had quitted Guy's when Sir BRADSHAW COOPER, and other medical Officers of the Establishment held the deponent, "that the only chance of saving his life was to lose his Arm."

THE DEPONENT, thereupon, called on Dr. BRIGHT, chief Physician of Guy's, who, on viewing deponent's condition, kindly and liberally advised deponent, "I am utterly at a loss what to do for you, but try it in half sovereigns, go to Mr. Holloway, and let what he tells you, and I will be bound to do it, I have frequently witnessed the wonderful Effects the same in Desperate Cases! You can't see your legs!"

THIS UNPREJUDICED advice was followed by the deponent, and a perfect Cure was effected in THREE WEEKS by the use of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, after THREE HOSPITALS had failed! When Dr. BRIGHT was shown, by the deponent, the result of his advice and therapy, he said, "I am both astonished and delighted! For I thought, that if ever I saw you again it would be without your Arm—I can only compare this cure to a charm!"

Witnessed at the Mansion House, in the City of London this 6th day of March, 1842. Before me, J. FIRIE, Mayor

This extraordinary Ointment will cure the most Dangerous Wounds and Ulcers, Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Sore Throats, Sore Throats, Chieftest, Yaws and Crooked-leg, on Armies, King's Eruptions, Stoney and Ulcerated Cancri, Piles, Tumours, Swellings, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Scourfuls, Ringworms, Burning Scalds, Chapped Hands, Chills, Gout Rheumatism, and almost every other External Disease.—The Bite of the Mosquitoes, and Sand Flies—Sold at the Proprietor's Establishment, 24, STRAND, LONDON, and by all respectable Vendors of Medicines throughout the Civilized World.

### TO IMPORTERS.

Parties wishing to import Goods in the Spring, are informed that the Barque "Vigant", is now loading for Liverpool, and will return here direct. She will probably be leaving Liverpool on her return Voyage about 15th March; she can also accommodate a few Passengers. J. W. STREET, St. Andrews 5th February 1850.

