

St. John, N. B., Feb. 1, 1905

BISHOP CASEY

Honored by His Holiness Pope Pius X. Received in Special Audience and Made Agent of His Holiness.

A letter written to the New Freeman by Bishop Casey and dated at Rome January 7th contains among other things the following paragraphs: Sir—I must express to you my regret that I was not able to find an English typewriter to take some of my reflections on the magnificent scenes that it was my happiness to witness since my arrival in the Eternal City.

It is perfectly true, however, to say that no Catholic, still less a priest or bishop, can feel otherwise than "at home" here. Is it not the see of the common father of the faithful? And I do not think I ever realized what fatherhood meant until I had the happiness to enter the presence of Pius X. One is overwhelmed by his sweetness and paternal kindness. I had the happiness of being very near him and saluting him many times, and one special audience all to myself. This was spent in talking about my flock in the diocese of St. John and asking the apostolic benediction for you all in general and in particular.

I cannot begin to describe to you the wonderful vestiges of pagan as well as Christian Rome—the Coliseum, the baths, the arches of Titus and Constantine; then the churches, St. Peter's, St. John Lateran, St. Mary Major and hundreds of others—any one of these wonderful structures would suffice for a long essay.

We are not less than seven bishops and twenty-five priests from Canada here, and even many more from the United States, and with a little knowledge of Latin, French and English, one can make his way very well in these parts. Thus you see it is not surprising that at home people even so far away from the dear spot on earth he reveres as "home."

We all Canadians had a special audience with the holy father yesterday, and when the minister of finance of Canada and Mrs. Fielding in the Vatican Palace, Father Leconte, superior of the Grand Seminary in Montreal, at present visiting the Canadian College at Rome, read an address to the holy father, and he replied graciously and eloquently. He expressed his paternal love for the people of Canada and said that "although all the other nations had long ago colleges established in Rome, he hoped the Canadians, though late, would be first." You might easily imagine how delighted we all were to hear such sweet words from the sovereign pontiff.

Yesterday the Feast of the Epiphany, I had the happiness to celebrate high mass pontifically in the magnificent church of St. Joachim, founded by the late Pope Leo XIII, and now in charge of the Redemptorist fathers. You will, without doubt, understand how well they treated us when I tell you they are just as loyal in their hospitality as are our own fathers at St. Peter's in our own city.

On Tuesday next Bishop McDonald of Charlottetown, Monsignor Chaffoy and Father Viancourt of Sherbrooke, Father Meahan and myself will start on a journey still further east, even to the Holy Land. We will stop at Athens, Smyrna, Constantinople, Jaffa, then to Jerusalem and Bethlehem, Nazareth, etc. In forty-two days we hope to be again in Rome, and after spending a few more days here we will leave for the land we love best.

CHURCH BURNED.

LEAMINGTON, Ont., Jan. 30.—Fire today destroyed the Methodist Church. Loss, \$50,000.

FRICTION REVEALED

Between Col. Younghusband and the Government.

The Story is Told in a Voluminous Blue Book Issued on the Tibetan Affairs.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—A voluminous blue book issued on the Tibetan affairs has unusual interest as revealing strong friction between the government and Col. Younghusband concerning indemnity, which Younghusband fixed at \$3,750,000, payable in 75 annual instalments which would have resulted in British occupation of the Chumbi valley for seventy-five years. Mr. Broderick, secretary of state for India, on Sept. 13 telegraphed suggesting a reduction to \$1,250,000. Col. Younghusband's response to this and other government protests strongly deprecated alteration of the treaty as tending to defeat the object of the mission. Finally a lengthy correspondence between Secretary Broderick and Lord Curzon of Kedleston, the viceroy of India, ended in the government accepting the situation as regards the \$3,750,000 indemnity, but refusing to permit of the occupation of the Chumbi valley beyond three years and protesting that Younghusband had expressed instructions, the government's policy being to avoid interference in the internal affairs of Tibet and stipulating that should the Tibetans break the treaty it would be necessary to reorganize the government's policy. The bluebook shows that Foreign Minister Lansdowne last spring gave Russia an emphatic assurance that so long as no other power endeavored to intervene in the affairs of Tibet the British government will neither attempt to annex, establish a protectorate or in any other way control its internal administration. It further appears that after the mission returned the Indian government, as an "act of grace" reduced the indemnity to \$1,250,000.

MONCTON SCHOOL BOARD

Had Stormy Meeting Over Miss McBeath's Action—Chairman Hawke Will Resign.

MONCTON, Jan. 29.—There was an interesting meeting of the school trustees yesterday over the action of Miss McBeath in resigning to accept the position of principal of the Dorchester schools. It was stated that Miss McBeath, who has been receiving \$240 here, was to get \$750 at Dorchester. There was some objection to Miss McBeath going, but finally a motion passed by a vote of six to one cancelling the contract. Chairman Hawke, who led in objecting to Miss McBeath's action, said he would resign his position in consequence of the action of the majority of the board. Edward McCarthy of the Royal Bank of Canada here has been transferred to Halifax. He leaves tomorrow for Halifax. The change is in line of promotion.

WEST HURON CONSERVATIVE.

GODERICH, Ont., Jan. 29.—Official returns show the election of Holmes (con.) in West Huron by 15.

KINGSTON, Jan. 29.—Pense (lib.) is elected in Kingston by 17 majority according to the official ballots. There will be a recount. Forty ballots were rejected.

George Hall, the prisoner from St. Stephen, N. B., who tried to get into Mr. Chery's residence on Emery street, and was captured by Mr. Macready, went down to Thomaston for two years—Portland Press.

CARLETON COUNTY

Council Would Not Pay For Radcliff's Work.

And Thought That George Gee Was Not Entitled to a Thirty Dollar Gasket.

WOODSTOCK, Jan. 28.—At the regular meeting of the Carleton County Council considerable discussion took place on the expenses attending the execution and burial of the late George Gee. The Council also received attention. Constable Woolverson sent in a bill as follows: Assisting Foster to arrest Cammack, \$55. Three days work as prisoner at Cammack's residence, \$10. Attending execution of Cammack, \$2. Attending execution of Gee, \$5. Several of the councillors objected to the item for watching Cammack, and thought the charge exorbitant. But others thought that looking for a murderer was no soft snap. Councillor Tompkins remarked that it looked as though Woolverson were charging for taking care of the old man at the same time as he was away after Walter Cammack. The bill was finally passed.

A. Henderson put in a bill of \$40 for burying Gee, \$30 of which was for the casket. This was objected to. Some councillors thought that if a man were punished to death, his property should go to the crown. But it was pointed out that this was not the law now. Many objections were raised to the price of the casket, it being considered that a decent casket could have been got for \$12 or \$15. Councillor Connelly thought that precautions should be taken against such an occurrence in the future. An inmate of the poorhouse had died, and the man who would deliberately take a rifle or pistol and take the life of his fellow man had any more right to be buried in pomp and splendor than the man who is unfortunate enough to become an invalid and die in the hospital. He believed it a shame and disgrace, the way the Gee matter had been handled. The bill was paid and instructions given about such matters in future.

Sheriff Hayward sent in bills for \$197.87 and \$408.20, on the Gee case, the latter amount including \$100 paid Radcliffe for execution and \$30 for his own attention. This latter bill was objected to. The sheriff, it was pointed out, holds a good office, with an income of \$1000 a year, and he farms in the county. When he takes his office, he takes the risks that go with it. If a man enlisted in the army he may be expected to fight, and it is fortunate if he escapes out of it with his life. The sheriff is in somewhat the same position.

The sheriff has a pretty good job, and if he hired a man and paid him \$100 a year to execute a man, he would be out of his own pocket. On the other hand it was pointed out that other municipalities paid expenses of the sheriff. Mr. Hayward never had any experience in the office. Councillor McDonald remarked that it was necessary to get some one who understood the business, to erect a gallows, and do it in decent shape. He would be willing to pay for the work that the work was done well rather than have it go over the dominion that they butchered a man in Carleton county. If the sheriff had performed the duty himself he would be entitled to his money.

It was finally decided that the bill should be paid less \$100.

Inspector Colpitts reported that there had been 73 Scott Act cases during the year; 38 convictions made, and 15 cases dismissed. A balance of \$308.68 remained after all bills were paid.

Dr. Brown presented a bill of \$120 for attending Millie Gee and performing an operation. Dr. Brown stated that the operation had been performed under instructions from the cybersers of the poor. He had not refused to perform the operation unless his pay was guaranteed.

The committee on Scott Act inspectors reported that the act is run for revenue for some people, but the county does not seem to get its share. In one case against A. P. Wyman, there was a conviction for \$160, and the county was charged costs, amounting to \$160. This being a conviction, they did not understand why the county should pay the whole costs.

Councillor Bailey thought the Scott act was run for the purpose of revenue and not to stop drunkenness. It was pointed out that where fifteen summonses were served on one man, the whole fifteen cases were settled for \$450, out of which \$138 went to the detective, \$48 to magistrate and \$40 to the prosecuting attorney.

CANADIAN DESPATCHES.

TORONTO, Jan. 28.—Toronto Street Railway Company will equip the Emory system with air brakes at a cost of a hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

TORONTO, Jan. 28.—A petition for commutation of sentence of death imposed upon the murderer, the child murderer, is in circulation and being fairly signed.

TORONTO, Jan. 28.—The body of an unidentified man was found in High Park frozen stiff with a revolver clutched in a hand and a wound in his head.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 28.—The Manitoba government is to guarantee the Canadian Northern railway bonds to the extent of three million dollars.

Judge Gregory of the supreme court of New Brunswick is the guest of his sister, Mrs. D. St. George Fraser, at her street—Portland Press.

RIOTING AND PILLAGE IN PROGRESS IN WARSAW.

Emperor Nicholas Said to Have Been Advised By Grand Duke Sergius Ever Since Trouble Began—Ministers Apparently Powerless—Arrests Still Continue—Strike Broke Out at 60 ml.

Rioting and pillage are in progress in Warsaw, in spite of the presence of large numbers of troops. British consular officers at Moscow have been assaulted by Hussars, and the matter, it is said, has been called to the attention of the St. Petersburg government by the British ambassador. A severe storm at Moscow has caused the authorities there in averting disorder, which was thought to be impending. There were no disturbances in St. Petersburg. In Batoum, Prince Guriev, an officer of the police, was assassinated.

The influence of Grand Duke Sergius, the foremost of the reactionaries, is alleged to have governed Emperor Nicholas ever since the strike trouble began, and that members of the imperial family are represented to be determined on drastic measures for the suppression of all agitation for economic or political reform. Reports continue to be received that the terrorists are prepared to resume their activity.

Father Gopon, the leader of the St. Petersburg workmen, is reported to have escaped to Stockholm. The Holy Synod has denounced him as a "criminal priest," a betrayer of his sacred office.

EMPEROR ACTED ON ADVICE OF GRAND DUKE SERGIUS.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 30, 12.25 p.m.—Evidence is accumulating that Emperor Nicholas has acted largely upon the advice of Grand Duke Sergius, who is the most reactionary member of the imperial family, the head of what is denominated the "black party," and whom the liberals stigmatize as Russia's evil genius. With the first appearance of Father Gopon in the movement, Sergius urged the necessity of putting down the demonstration in the most energetic manner. Since Sunday last his hand is considered to have been visible in the appointment of General Treppoff to the governor-generalship of St. Petersburg, with the exceptional privilege of eliminating from the Grand Duke Sergius is known to be responsible for the charges placarded by Deputy Chief of Police Roudneff of Moscow, which is causing foreign ministers' embarrassment, and now, it is believed, he is about to prevail in the matter of naming as Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky's successor in the ministry of the interior, M. Boulguin, formerly governor general of Moscow, who, like his patron, is an extreme reactionary.

The Associated Press is informed from a high source that Grand Duke Sergius more than M. Witte is responsible for the elimination from the imperial manifesto of Minister Sviatopolk-Mirsky's plan for an elected Zemstvo council of the empire.

ARRESTS CONTINUE.

Against Sergius continue the ministers are present are apparently unimpaired. Sergius remains in the little palace inside the strong ramparts of the Kremlin fortress in Moscow, from whence he dispatches daily a courier to St. Petersburg.

Arrests continue. Among those seized last night and conveyed to St. Peter and St. Paul fortress were Yakonovich, the editor, who served a term of exile in 1887 for connection with the revolutionaries; Madame Pimenoff, an aged writer, and her daughter.

Father Gopon, it has now been definitely established, escaped to Finland and was conveyed across the gulf to Sweden by sympathetic Finns. At present he is supposed to be in Stockholm. A story has been started, and which is attributed to the police, that Gopon is a Jew.

The Zemstvos of Saratov, Nijni Novgorod and Vladimir have adjourned because the St. Petersburg Zemstvos are practically in control of the governmental machinery of the province, and some of the liberals are trying to induce others to close with the object of further harassing the government and compelling it to yield to the demand for the convocation of constituent assembly.

STRIKE AT GOMEL.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 29.—Chief Russian Censor Swereff is about to resign.

A strike of laborers, clerks, bank officials and servants has broken out at Gomel.

There is great indignation at Saratov because a Cossack patrol mercilessly beating boys with whips as they were leaving school, many of them being terribly punished.

MORE SERIOUS.

WARSAW, Jan. 28.—The strike disorders are becoming more serious. The orderly life of the city is quite suspended. On Saturday the strikers stopped the street railway service, but remained otherwise orderly. Today, however, they began wholesale pillage. The majority of the shops in Marshal Kowalski street and the state vodka shops were looted, and the factories, shops, schools and theatres are closed and the street lamps are extinguished. There have been several collisions between the police and strikers and many arrests have taken place. Peace-abiding inhabitants are terror-stricken.

BUY OVERCOATS NOW

AS PRICES ARE GREATLY REDUCED.

There will be two long cold months yet to wear heavy Overcoats, and 'twill pay you to buy now even for next winter. The stock we have must go as we want the room. Those who buy now get the advantage of our scarcity of room. See them anyway.

Men's Overcoats, formerly \$6 to \$12 | Now \$3.95, 4.95, 6.98 and 8.75

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothier, 199 and 201 Union St.

REV. D. HUTCHINSON PLANS TO BUILD.

Who is the New Pastor in Challenger to Try For the America's Cup.

Main Street Church

Is An Englishman By Birth, But Has Spent Considerable Time in Eastern Canada.

Sir Thomas Lipton Say He Will Cross the Atlantic With Boat Designed by Mylne

Rev. D. Hutchinson of Moncton will preach his first sermon as pastor of Main Street church on the first Sunday in April.

Rev. Mr. Hutchinson is an Englishman by birth. He is a native of Hertfordshire. He is a Baptist by inheritance as well as conviction, for both his father and grandfather were Baptist ministers. His father, Rev. Henry Hutchinson, was for eighteen years pastor of a Baptist church near the historic city of St. Albans.

GLASGOW, Scotland, Jan. 27.—Sir Thomas Lipton, in a recent visit here, admitted that he will try to win the America's Cup in 1906. He will challenge with a freak boat designed by Alfred Mylne.

"The possibilities of freak building and the impossibility of taking such a freak as might be useful in racing across the Atlantic is surely a big handicap to face," said Sir Thomas. "If a freak boat is the best boat for the purpose, I do not see why we should shy at the building of one. As for the impossibility of taking one across the ocean, I do not think that any kind of yacht, properly fitted and strengthened for the voyage, would be one whit more dangerous than fifty per cent. of the yachts which are constantly upon the way."

"I may tell you," continued Sir Thomas, "that I have already beside me plans of a cup challenger which would probably deserve the description of a 'freak' better than those of any yacht ever built for the purpose. She is no amateur effort, either, but the production of a designer who in small yachts has earned a reputation for his boldness, originality and success of his theories."

"It is such a craft as I might decline to start across the Atlantic upon my own responsibility, but the designer offers every possible test and guarantee of its safety for the passage. A competent, skilful and experienced navigator offers to undertake the contract for taking her across and to deliver her safely on the other side if I will have her built."

THE MERCATOR AT HALIFAX.

Canada and Jamaica Company's Ship Had Rough Weather

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 29.—The Canada and Jamaica Steamship Company's steamer Mercator has reached port from Jamaica and is discharging a cargo of fruit, most of which is for Montreal and Toronto. The Mercator was twelve days coming up and met with beautiful weather. The steamer was within forty miles of Halifax last Wednesday at noon, when the blizzard caught her, and from that until Friday morning she had a bad time. After the storm came on the engines were put at full speed, but so strong was the gale and current that the log only registered a mile an hour. She was kept head on the sea with the engines continuing at full speed until Thursday night, when, instead of making headway, the ship had drifted 30 miles out to sea. The steamer shipped sea after sea, which stove in the lights and flooding the cabins and the refrigerator containing the fresh meat and the chicken coup were washed overboard.

HIS USUAL CONFIDENCE.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson Makes Sanguine Speech in Montreal.

MONTEAL, Jan. 29.—Hon. Mr. Emmerson was the guest of honor at the Reform Club dinner Saturday evening. He began his speech by referring to the result of the last election as far as New Brunswick was concerned, saying two Montreal gentlemen had taken a spectacular and costly part, and that it was wonderful the government had been able to carry the majority of seats so great were the efforts to defeat it. He added that if the election had to be fought again New Brunswick would go solid for the government, as Nova Scotia had done.

KILLED BY TRAIN.

HALIFAX, Jan. 30.—Emmanuel Heenan, a man eighty years old, was killed on the Halifax and Southwestern railway today. He was walking on the track, hauling a sled load of wood. He saw the engine approaching, and leaving the track he stood on the bank, but kept hold of the sled rope. The engine struck the sled, and the force of the blow drew the man back on the rails. He was struck on the head by the flier, from the result of which he soon afterwards died.

PAINS IN THE CHEST.

Mr. John Clark, Port Hope, Ont., states: "Last winter I was so bad with a cold that I could not speak above a whisper, and had great pains in the chest. A friend advised me to try Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, and one bottle cured my cold, which I believe would have proven very serious if I had not used this medicine."

WHITE LEAD



Brandram's Genuine. London Pure. Brandram's Number One. London Number One. Superfine and Thorne's Pure.

The very best value in White Lead on the market.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd.

42 and 46 Prince Wm. St., St. John, N. B.

Advertisement on the left edge of the page, partially cut off, mentioning 'In Use Overears RIA' and 'Tranquility look'.

RESULT OF BOYCOTT.

The only place in the United States that the manna-freedom from strikes lockouts and labor warfare is Battle Creek, Mich.

The story? The work people, merchants, lawyers, doctors and other citizens became aroused and indignation at the efforts of the labor unions throughout the country to destroy the business of one of our largest industries—the Postum Cereal Co. Ltd., and at the open threats in the official union papers, that the entire power of the National and State Federations of Labor would be brought to bear to "punish" the industries of Battle Creek, and particularly the Postum Co.

This spring from the refusal of C. unions in their conspiracy to "ruin" unions to take the Postum advertising away from various papers that refused to purchase labor of the labor trust—the unions.

Mr. Post was ordered to join the unions in the conspiracy to "ruin" and "put out of business" these publishers who had worked faithfully for him for years, and helped build up his business. They had done no wrong, but had found it inconvenient and against their best judgment to buy labor of the labor trust. It seems a rule of the unions to conspire to ruin anyone who does not purchase from them upon their own terms.

An ink maker or paper maker who failed to sell ink or paper would have the same reason to order Post to help rain these publishers. So the peddler in the street might stonify you if you refused to buy his apples; the cabman to run over you if you refused to ride with him; the grocery store manufacturer to discharge certain people because they did not patronize him, and so on to the ridiculous and villainous limit of all this boycott nonsense.

Trying to force people to buy what they do not want.

If a man has labor to sell let him sell it at the best price that he can get, just as he would sell wheat, but he has no right to even intimate that he will obstruct the business, or attempt its ruin because the owner will not purchase of him.

The unions have become so tyrannous and arrogant with their despotism that a common citizen who has some time to spare and innocently thinks he has a right to put a little paint on his own house finds he must have that paint taken off and put on again by "the union" or all sorts of dire things happen to him, his employer is ordered to discharge him, his publisher is boycotted if he furnishes him supplies, his family followed and insulted and his life made more miserable than that of a black slave before being ordered to discharge him, his plumber is boycotted if he repairs the house or barn the carpenter's "union" hounds him. He takes a pipe wrench to stop leaking pipe and prevent damage to his property and the plumber says, "He's a free thing to him. He cannot put a little mortar to a loose brick on his chimney or the bricklayers' plasters or his roof carriers' "unions" are in arms, and if he refuses to give them a little money they will stop the water from his house. A small baker's "union" proceeds to make life miserable for him.

So the white slave is tied hand and foot unable to lift a hand to better himself or do the useful things with out first obtaining permission from some haughty, ignorant and abusive tyrant of some labor "union."

It would all seem rather like a comic opera, if it did not rob people of their freedom; that kind of work will not be permitted long in America.

Some smooth managers have built up the labor trust in the last few years, to bring themselves money and power and by managing workmen, have succeeded in making a market for their power to lay down the law in some cities and force workmen and citizens to "obey" implicitly, stripping their right and left of their rights.

They have used boycotting, picketing, assaults, dynamiting of property and murder to enforce their orders and rule the people. They have gone far enough to order the burning of homes, to move certain citizens from office because the "unions" weren't pleased.

That means they propose to make the law of the unions, replace the law of this government, and the union leaders dominate even the chief executive.

This is a government of and for the people and no organization or trust should have any voice in it. If it is every now and then, led by desperate men as shown in their defiance of law and support of law breakers.

The "unions" record of assaults, crippling, dynamiting of property and murder of American citizens during the past two years is perhaps ten times the volume of crime and abuse perpetrated by slave owners during the past two years previous to the civil war. We are in a horrible period of lethargy, which permits us to stand idly by while our American citizens are abused, crippled and murdered in dozens and hundreds by an organization or trust, having for its purpose thrusting what it has to sell (labor) upon us whether or no.

Suppose an American in a foreign city should be chased by a mob, caught and beaten unconscious, then his mouth pried open and carbolic acid poured down his throat, then his ribs kicked in and his face well stamped with iron nails, murdered because he tried to earn bread for his children. By the Eternal, sir, a fleet of American men-of-war would assemble there, clear for action and blow something off the face of the earth, if reparation were not made for the blood of one of our citizens.

And what answer do we make to the appeals of the hundreds of widows and orphans of those Americans murdered by labor unions? How do we try to protect the thousands of intelligent citizens who, with reason, prefer not to join any labor union and are subject to the tyranny of the heavily paid rulers of the labor trust?

Upon a firm refusal by Mr. Post to join this criminal conspiracy a general boycott was ordered on Grape-Nuts and Postum in every country, which sent the good red blood of our ancestors in motion, bringing forth the reply that has now passed into history: "We refuse to join any conspiracy of organized labor to ruin publishers, nor will we discharge any of our trusted employees upon the orders of any labor union. If they can make their boycott effectively and success will furnish weekly reports of the labor market from different and in command."

This set the writers in labor papers craxy and they redoubled their abuse. Finally one of their official organs came out with a large double column denunciation of Battle Creek, calling it "a running sore on the face of Michigan," because it would not become "organized" and pay in dues to their labor leaders. The usual coarse, villainous epithets common to labor union writers were indulged in, and the result was to weld public sentiment in Battle Creek for protection. A citizens' association was started and mass meetings held. Good citizens who happened to be members of local unions, in some cases quit the unions entirely for there is small need of them there.

The working people of Battle Creek are of the highest order of American mechanics. The majority are not union members, for practically all of the manufacturers have for years declined to employ union men because of disturbances about 11 years ago, and the union men now in the city are among the best citizens.

No city in the state of Michigan pays as high average wages as Battle Creek, no city of its size is as prosperous, and no city has so large a proportion of the best grade of mechanics who own their own homes.

So the work people massed together with the other citizens in the organization of the Citizens' Association with the following preamble and constitution:

Whereas, from 1881 to 1884 the strikes instigated by Labor Unions in Battle Creek resulted in the destruction of property and loss of large sums of money in wages that would have been expended here; and

Whereas, these acts caused serious damage to the city and in a marked way delayed its progress at that time; and

Whereas, since the year 1884 the citizens have been enabled, by public sentiment, to prevent the recurrence of strikes and Labor Union disturbances which have been prevalent elsewhere; and

Whereas, the attitude of the citizens have steadfastly refused to place the management of their business under the control of Labor Unions, but have maintained the highest standard of propriety and the highest standard of wages paid in like unions anywhere in the United States, and hereinafter to continue such policy; and the employees of this city, a large percentage of whom own homes and have families reared and educated under conditions of peace and the well-earned prosperity of steady employment, have steadfastly maintained their right as free citizens to work for wages without the dictation and tyranny of Labor Union leaders, the bitter experience of the past offering sufficient reason for a determination to keep free freedom;

Whereas, the attitude of the citizens on this subject has been the means of preserving peaceful conditions and continuous prosperity in market conditions existing in other cities suffering from the dictation of trades unions; it is therefore,

Resolved, that the continuance of the present conditions in Battle Creek can be maintained, and the destructive work of outside interference avoided under the combined effort and action of all our people by the formation of a Citizens' Association.

CONSTITUTION.

Article 1.—Name.

Article 2.—Objects.

First—To insure, so far as possible, a permanent condition of peace, prosperity and steady employment to the people of Battle Creek.

Second—To energetically assist in maintaining law and order at all times and under all conditions.

Third—To protect its members in their rights and manage their property and to dispose of their labor in a legal, lawful manner without restraint or interference.

Fourth—To insure and permanently maintain fair, just treatment, one with another in all the relations of life.

Fifth—To preserve the existing right of any capable person to obtain employment and sell his labor, without being obliged to join any particular church, secret society, labor union or any other organization, and to support all such persons in their efforts to resist compulsory methods on the part of any organized body whatsoever.

Sixth—To promote among employers a fair and equitable condition of employment, and to promote among workmen the spirit of industry, thrift, faithfulness to their employers and to their fellow citizens.

Seventh—To so amalgamate the public sentiment of all the best citizens of Battle Creek, that a guarantee can be given to the world of a continuous and peaceful condition, and under such guarantee and protection manufacturers and capitalists can be induced to locate their business enterprise in Battle Creek.

These follow articles relating to membership, officers, duties, etc., etc.

This constitution has been signed by the great majority of representative citizens including our work people.

A number of manufacturers from other cities, where they have been suffering all sorts of indignities, inconveniences and hardships from the general hall of labor union strikes, picketing, assaults and other interference, proposed to move, providing they could be guaranteed protection.

The subject now in importance under all the relations of life. Absolute protection can be guaranteed by the citizens of Battle Creek on the following broad and evenly balanced terms: while guaranteeing to the working men and to the manufacturers a fair, just, steady work and regularity of output.

The new coming manufacturer agrees to maintain the standard rate of wages paid elsewhere for like services under similar conditions, the rate to be determined from time to time from well authenticated reports from competing cities. The tabulated wage reports issued by the government department of commerce and labor can also be used to show the standard rate, and it is expected later on that this government department will furnish weekly reports of the labor market from different centers, so that the workmen may

he is ready to sell his labor and the employer when he is ready to buy, may each have reliable information as to the marketing or ruling price.

The new coming manufacturer also agrees to maintain the standard rate of wages paid elsewhere for like services under similar conditions provided for by the state laws and to refrain from any lock-outs to reduce wages below the standard; reserving to himself the right to discharge any employee for cause.

The Citizens' Association on its part agrees to furnish, in such numbers as it is possible to obtain, first class workmen who will not strike, contract to sell their labor at the standard price for each period as may be fixed upon, agreeing not to strike, picket, assault other workmen, destroy property, or to any of the criminal acts common to labor unionism. Each workman reserving to himself the right to quit work for cause, and the Citizens' Association further pledges its members to use its associated power to enforce the contracts between the employer and employee and to act en masse to uphold the law at all times.

The new industries locating in Battle Creek will not strike, and in property of labor union domination whatsoever, but will make individual contracts with each employee, those contracts being fair and equitable and guaranteed on the part of the employer.

Thus from the abuse of labor unions and their insane efforts to ruin every one who does not "obey" has evolved this plan which replaces the old conditions of injustice, lock-outs, strikes, violence, loss of money and property, and general industrial warfare; and inaugurates an era of perfect balance and fairness between employer and employee, a steady continuance of industry and consequent prosperity. The entire community pledged by public sentiment and private act to restore to each man his sacred right to "peace, freedom and the pursuit of happiness."

Other cities will be driven to protect their work people, merchants and citizens as well as their industries from the wages of strikes, lock-outs, violence brought on by labor unionism ruin amount, by adopting the "Battle Creek plan," but this city offers industrial peace now with cheap coal, fair wages, water, gas, electric light, facilities and the best grade of fair, capable and peaceable mechanics known.

Get the Doctor Quick!

When accidents happen in the home quickly get the bottle of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. Doan's Pills always cure. Doan's Pills are always ready to hand. Doan's Pills are always ready to hand. Doan's Pills are always ready to hand.

ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTE.

FROM "PRODIGAL SONG."

I will arise and turn my face unto the morning,
I will arise, arise, and go away!
I stoken of idle praise and idle scorn,
And members close shut against the day;
And empty-shrilling, meaningless laughter,
And weak tears following after:
And unfaith, and unreasoning away!

Last night, as on my pillow I lay
I dreamed,
I heard the swift whir of gusty wings,
I heard sea gulls to their gay mates
As of old, were the wild south current
swinging;
Caught the old tank, the salt perfume,
Of the sea's glorious spuming
When on the shore the joyous tide be flings.

Midnight came on with gusty groaning,
With sound of the far and driving gale;
And then—on my pillow I lay moaning,
With down in the casement, foul and pale!
On my sick thought memories stirring,
Of all that is hope deferring
And nameless and lean of joy and staid.

Oh! for the old life, strong and fearless!
Oh! for what is honest, free and wild!
The old days, be they bright or cheerless,
The old sleep, sound as that of a child!
For a soul washed clean in the good
of the blowing,
For the sound of God coming and going,
And all that is pure and undefiled!

Give me of pastures for my tilling,
Toil of the upland hot and gray;
For joy, strain of the sail aloft and
filling,
And the bright waves dancing in the bay.

Oh! for a man's work and a man's
duty!
And, and still brow of beauty . . .
I will arise, arise and go away!
—Evelyn Phinney, in the February
Atlantic.

ISLANDER KILLED.

John Ross, a Railroad Engineer, Was Leaning Out of Cab When Struck.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—John A. Ross, a native of Grand View, P. E. I., an engineer on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, is dead as the result of a peculiar accident. While leaning out of the cab of his locomotive at Sharon, near here, he was struck by an abutment of a bridge and knocked out. He fell in such a position that the wheels of his engine derailed him. Ross was 37 years of age. The interment will be in P. E. I.

It Cleanses
all kinds of clothes—
injure none.
Flannels washed with
Surprise Soap
never shrink.

Laces washed with it
are preserved as
beirlooms.

It makes
child's play
of wash-day.

Keep in mind:
**Surprise is a pure,
hard Soap.**

VALUABLE HORSE SOLD.

W. H. Moody Will Go to Boston—Death in Victoria Hospital.

FREDERICTON, N. B., Jan. 25.—John McCoy has sold his chestnut Arabian stallion, W. H. Moody, to Boston parties and forwarded him to Boston by this evening's train. It is said that Mr. McCoy has purchased another horse in the place of Moody, and that it was a white Arabian.

In the case of Donald Fraser & Sons v. John A. Humble, tried before Judge Wilson in chambers, his honor this morning gave a decision in favor of the plaintiffs for the full amount of their claim, viz., \$178. R. B. Hanson appeared for the plaintiffs, and R. W. McLellan for the defendant. Notice of appeal was given. The action was on a bill of exchange.

The Scottish concert given in the Auld Kirk this evening in commemoration of Burns' anniversary was largely attended. An excellent program was rendered, which was thoroughly enjoyed.

The Dawson hockey team is scheduled to play here Feb. 3rd at the Auld Kirk. The team is made up of Gov. Snowball will face the puck.

The death is announced at Bowdoin of Mrs. Richards, wife of J. Howard Richards of the firm of Richards & Gunn. Deceased had been ill but a short time. She was formerly Miss Bell of Tisbury, and is survived by a husband and a young daughter.

One of Fredericton's best known citizens, viz., the Hon. E. L. Phillips, who has been here adjusting the loss in the fire at Cooper's Carriage Factory has completed his work. The total loss was \$18,000. Mr. Phillips is now in the United States and will return to the city in a few days.

This afternoon Mr. Wright, of Hampton, an expert on boilers and machinery, was working at adjusting the boiler at the factory. There was \$8,000 insurance on the boiler and engine, which were practically destroyed.

Last night the thermometer here registered 32 degrees below zero. It was an exceptionally cold month, but this one beats it to a standstill. Thirteen days out of the twenty-five the mercury has been below zero.

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SHEEP BREEDING.

The Essential Principles for Ultimate Success. Some British Methods Explained By F. W. Hodson at the Maritime Winter Fair.

In his illustrated address on "The Mutton Breeds of Sheep" at the recent winter fair, F. W. Hodson, live stock commissioner, outlined the principles essential to success in breeding live stock. There are, said he, four features of the live stock business which our people pay too little attention to, viz., environment, continuity, utility, and crossing.

A man commencing business as a stock grower should carefully consider his environment. Is his farm best suited to the production of horses, cattle, sheep or swine, and if so, what breeds are likely to give the best results? He can only know this by making a careful study of conditions in the district to which he is venturing. There have been carefully studied, and breeds developed that are best suited to the district. The British farmer is famous for his selection and breeding of his live stock. He is famous for his selection and breeding of his live stock.

The next important principle is continuity. Here again we may learn a lesson from British methods. The British farmer, having learned what his environment requires, continues to breed the same breed, year after year, generation after generation, producing the same family of the same breed, being extremely careful about infusing new blood. It has been frequently pointed out that the Canadian farmer, generally speaking, is without regard to his environment he has chosen something that caught his fancy and launched out on it as a breeder.

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Another important principle is crossing. In British it means the selection of ewes of a certain breed which are crossed with a male of another breed in order to produce market lambs, but the produce of this cross is never used for breeding purposes.

For instance, Cheviot ewes are sometimes crossed with Down rams and sometimes with Wensleydale or others of the Leicester family, in order to produce lambs with better feeding qualities and better selling qualities than the purebred Cheviots. But in order to keep up a constant supply of Cheviot ewes a certain number of the best ewes are mated with the best Cheviot rams. These are kept for breeding purposes, while the half-breeds are sold to the local farmers for feeding purposes.

The breeder thinks of using these cross-bred animals for breeding purposes. Why not? Because hundreds of years of experience have shown that good results cannot be obtained. No British farmer, therefore, in order to obtain the best results environment must be studied, effort must be continued along the one line, utility must always be kept in mind, and crossing must never be done, except for a special purpose, and then the offspring must always be fattened and sold. If conducted in this way the flocks of Canada will be firmly established upon a proper basis, and we shall receive the greatest profit for feed consumed in the case of both wool and mutton, and Canadian mutton will become as

MAY BE

What a N. Think's About

Consul General Hill

Dominion is Sure

By United

BOSTON, Mass., States Vice Consul Halifax has attracted in this country by which he says it vast" of Canada fact, and that the coming Americanized drift of Mr. Hill's statement is of the following bearing is appended for "Nova Scotia has Boston then with a people resemble America they do the English manners, customs, and decidedly American in dollars and cents money passes freely of the Dominion. pounds, shillings or outside of the custom postage is incurred, and weights, methods and education similar to those of the Rev. Dr. W. W. field, formerly a resident in this country, who well informed his added would never be United States. Dr. field during his stay Toronto had never person. He thought Canada would be great commercial representative J. ton has evolved which he hopes to a short time. He resolution in the annexation of Canada

POOR, WEAK CREATURE.

George Meredith Thus Describes His Czar.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—George Meredith, the author, in the course of an interview given to the Chronicle yesterday, expressed a strong conviction that the "Long reign of despotism which blocks eastern Europe is slowly but surely coming to an end."

"The emperor is a poor, weak creature," said Mr. Meredith, "I must all pity him in his fall. He has no will of his own, but as for the grand dukes, they are the enemies of human kind. Nobody in the world will regret their disappearance. They are the real authors of the terrible events in St. Petersburg and Moscow. We know now that it is the bureaucracy with the grand dukes at its head that rules Russia. By meeting the petitioners the emperor might have averted bloodshed and delayed revolution for a few years, but nothing, I can imagine, can now prevent the early downfall of the government. I do not think the rising will be immediately successful. The revolutionaries are scattered and have few leaders. The poor creatures cannot hope to resist the troops. If the sailor remains loyal to the superintendent the revolution will be crushed now but not killed. I think events will take the following course:

"The strike will stop preparations for carrying on the war, and the necessity of dragging the people into submission will prevent reinforcing the army in Manchuria. Kuropatkin with supplies and reinforcements cut off will have no choice but to attempt a stroke against the west coast. The strike will send a wave back on St. Petersburg which will overwhelm the emperor and the grand dukes. In that way the revolution will be effected. In conclusion, Mr. Meredith contended that it is impossible that Russia can long escape the spirit of liberalism that has over swept Europe and the emperor's misdeeds himself, is weak. It means nothing after the appointment of such a man as Trapoff. Sympathizing Englishmen should give practical support in the shape of money to the Russian reformers."

SENTENCED TO PRISON.

Said to be George Hall, of St. Stephen, Passengers With out Food.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 27.—The Flying Yankee, which left St. John yesterday morning, arrived today twelve hours late. She was stuck in a huge drift at Bearbrook Crossing, Maine, all night and most of the passengers were without food.

George Hall of St. Stephen, was sentenced to two years in the state prison by the Portland court today for burglary.

ST. STEPHEN, N. B., Jan. 27.—There is nobody known here by the name of George Hall.

PRINGLE KELLY'S FUNERAL.

Pringle Kelly, who died suddenly in the parish of Gordon, Victoria county, N. B., on the 22nd inst, in the 68th year of his age, was late of Alma, Albert Co., but for the past four years a resident of Andover, Victoria Co., leaving a wife, three sons and two daughters to mourn their loss. He was buried in the Freshybreen cemetery, Andover, on the 25th inst. Service at the house and graveside was conducted by Rev. Gordon Pringle of Kincairdine. Deceased was up till the last four years a resident of Alma, Albert county.

THE ICE-BOND FLEET.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Jan. 27.—The ice-bound schooners in this port include: Ida M. Shafter, from Providence for Annapolis; Clayoia, from Guttenberg for St. John, N. B.; Rewa, from Port Johnson for do; William L. Elkins, from Port Reading for Fox-bay; Norman, from New York for Boston; Leora M. Thurow, and Pardon G. Thompson, from Port Reading for Provincetown; John J. Perry, from South Amboy for Rockland; Anna, from Ellsborough for Portland; Wm. H. Davenport, from New York, bound east.

BOSTON, Jan. 27.—St. John reports that the gas buoy on Pollock Rip was cut drifted this morning during the northerly gale.

AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL IMPROVED (COMBINED) KETTLE AND STEAMER

Need in every family. Three sizes. Best and steam in separate compartments. STEEL ENGINES. Most useful and best boiler made. FURNACE. Write quick.

TARBOS BROS., Toronto, Ont.

MARRIED AT SALISBURY.

SALISBURY, Jan. 25.—At the Methodist church this afternoon was witnessed the marriage of James Humphreys of Petticoat, to Miss Aggie Wilnot of this place.

A large crowd had gathered, many being present from Moncton, Petticoat, and other nearby places. The Rev. Isaac Howie performed the ceremony and the ushers were Messrs. Will Smith and Edgar Barzaas.

The bride was unattended and entered the church on her brother's arm. After the ceremony the choir sang very sweetly "The Voice that Breathed O'er Eden."

Mr. and Mrs. Humphreys left by the C. P. R. for Montreal, where they will remain for a week or ten days, after which they will make Petticoat their future home. The bride was given a travelling suit of brown with hat to match. There were many rich and beautiful gifts, including silver, cut glass, china, etc.

WAITING FOR NEWS.

People of Andover Anxious for the Daily Papers to Arrive.

ANDOVER, Jan. 27.—The funeral of Mrs. Sloan, sister of Mrs. A. J. Beveridge, was held at St. John's, where she was interred in the Methodist burying ground yesterday at 2.30 p. m., Rev. Mr. Deming officiating. Deceased had been an exceptionally old woman, but this one beats it to a standstill. Thirteen days out of the twenty-five the mercury has been below zero.

On Thursday afternoon, owing to the storm, the boat train, with two engines and a snow plough, was late, and leaving the Andover station under good speed she had not proceeded far when the snow plough left the track and struck the boat train. The head engine exploded on the opposite side of the track with the tender partly off the track. Engineer McGibbon and his fireman remained in their engine, and strange to say escaped unhurt. Conductor Dow was in charge of the train. The passengers went to Perley's Hotel.

About 4 o'clock in the morning an engine came from Amherst and hauled the train back, which returned to Edmundston. There has been no up train since Wednesday.

News reached here over the wires that the Post government had been defeated, and the papers are anxiously looked for to hear the details.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Fickett of Hilland Dale died on Wednesday last.

MONCTON NEWS.

Westmorland Council Criticised for Manner in Which Scott Act is Being Enforced.

MONCTON, Jan. 25.—There was considerable criticism at the annual meeting of the Westmorland County Council of the manner in which the Scott Act is being enforced. The total number of cases tried last year was 39, of which two were appeals to the supreme court and convictions sustained. The total amount collected in fines was \$657.20, but this did not meet the expenses, the deficit being \$213.79. The council were appealed to to relax in his duty, and is making more for himself than for the county. It was suggested that a new man should be appointed, but nothing was done.

The secretary of the County Board of Health reports a very favorable condition of affairs in regard to contagious diseases in Westmorland last year. Typhoid fever cases numbered 69, with two deaths; diphtheria, 39 cases, with no deaths; scarlet fever, 45 cases, with no deaths; chicken-pox and measles broke out in several places, but owing to precautions taken there was no spread of these diseases. The cost of the board last year was about \$300.

Miss Mary McBeth, B. A., of Moncton High School, has accepted the position of principal of the Dorchester school. Miss McBeth is a graduate of the University of New Brunswick.

The ladies' curling club held a skating party and dance at the rink on Friday evening. The affair was largely attended and most enjoyable.

Mrs. Alex. Leslie has returned from Montreal to her mother, Mrs. Maclearen, in Moncton.

W. A. Cowperthwaite, teacher in the High School, who has been seriously ill for some time, is slowly improving.

WHEN ALL ELSE HAD FAILED.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED HIS BLADDER TROUBLES.

James Atwell Proves that Lumbago and Bladder Troubles are Caused by Diseased Kidneys.

CAMPBELLFORD, Ont., Jan. 27.—(Special).—That Lumbago and Bladder Trouble are both caused by diseased kidneys has been shown in the case of Mr. James Atwell of this place. Mr. Atwell says:

"I had Lumbago and Bladder Trouble. In passing my urine would hurt me so as to almost cause tears to come to my eyes. I used medicines and medicine prescribed by my doctor, but got no relief. Then I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills and they cured me for good and all. I will never be without Dodd's Kidney Pills in the house."

Cure your Kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills and they will strain the causes of Lumbago, Rheumatism, Dropsy or Bladder Troubles out of the Blood.

HALIFAX LADY DEAD.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 27.—The death occurred this morning of Helen, wife of W. R. Scriven, of the firm of J. J. Scriven & Son, bakers. She was ill about two weeks. She leaves a husband and two children. Mr. Scriven is well known to many in St. John, being prominently connected with the Lorne Club, and always taking an interest in sports.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—W. H. Hunt, who was connected with the Pan-American Bank of Chicago, which closed its doors several days ago, has been arrested charged with embezzlement.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

At

Doan's Cotton Root Compound

It is especially used monthly by every woman in the family. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all the ailments of women. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all the ailments of women.

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MAY BE MISTAKEN What a N. S. Official Thinks About Canada.

Consul General Hill at Halifax, Says

Dominion is Sure to be Absorbed By United States.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 27.—United States Vice Consul General Hill at Halifax has attracted much attention in this country by a published report in which he says the "American invasion" of Canada is an established fact, and that the provinces are becoming Americanized.

WEAVER'S SYRUP It purifies the Blood and cures Boils, Humors, Salt Rheum

FIFTY YEARS AGO

Rev. Joseph Nobel Was Pastor of Free Baptist Church,

And Will Lead the Meeting in Commemoration of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the Founding of the Church.

Rev. Joseph Nobel, ninety years of age, who fifty years ago was the pastor of the Carleton Free Baptist church,

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Wednesday evening arrived here at 9 o'clock tonight. The Frederick curiers tonight selected the following slips against St. Andrew's, Thistles and St. Stephen's.

MONCTON NEWS.

Business of Westmorland Council Finished.

Granted One Thousand Dollars to Moncton Hospital—Debt on the Institution About Cleared

MONCTON, Jan. 27.—The County Council was in session at Dorchester last evening through the business in two days.

MONCTON, Jan. 27.—Among recent deaths of former provincialists were the following: In Wallham, Jan. 24, Margaret Connor, aged 74 years.

FORMER PROVINCIALISTS

Who Have Recently Died in the United States.

ANDOVER.

Sudden Death of Pringle Kelley in Lumber Camp.

ANDOVER, Jan. 25.—The second lecture of the Trinity church course was given on Monday night in Beveridge's Hill. The Rev. Mr. Bedell presided.

TEMPERANCE AT CHATHAM.

Considerable Discussion at Public Meeting in Regard to the Scott Act.

CHATHAM, Jan. 26.—The temperance meeting, called at the instance of some of the adherents, was held at the John hall last night.

FARMERS ASSOCIATION.

Elected Officers Yesterday — C. F. Award, of Havelock, President—

TOOK HIS LIFE.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 27.—Wm. Groons, a young married man aged 23, committed suicide last night by throwing himself over a banister at a dancing at the end of a short rope until dead.

RHEUMATISM ROBS MEN

of many pleasures of life. Too many people are misled by consulting family physicians when attacked by this disease and when these doctors pronounce their cases incurable, they are content to take the verdict as final.

South American Rheumatic Cure

STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS

Hampton Lady Seriously Ill—Highway Act Applied.

HAMPTON STATION, Jan. 27.—Mrs. Hicks, mother of Mrs. R. H. Smith, was stricken with paralysis at one o'clock today.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH CURE

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower, which is a most reliable and safe remedy.

WEEK CREATURE.

With Thus Describable

Jan. 27.—George Meredith, in the course of an interview with the Chronicle yesterday, from conviction that the despotism which blocks is slowly but surely

AGED TO PRISON.

George Hall, of St. Passengers With out Food.

RELLY'S FUNERAL.

Mass, Jan. 27.—The Rev. which led St. John yesterday, arrived today twice

KELLY'S FUNERAL.

Mass, Jan. 27.—The Rev. which led St. John yesterday, arrived today twice

ICE-BOND FLEET.

ND HAVEN, Mass., Jan. 27. and schooners in this port

AGENTS WANTED

AND STEAMER

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c. CATARRH CURE

NO INFORMATION

About G. T. P. Surveys is Available.

Laurier and Emerson Do Not know Committees Organized.

OTTAWA, Jan. 27.—The attention of the house today was occupied entirely with passing estimates in connection with the departments of Indian affairs, customs and legislation.

PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, Jan. 26.—Though the attendance was very all right today owing to the interest taken by members in the Ontario election, the house sat three hours and got through considerable business.

QUESTIONS ASKED BY THE OPPOSITION.

In answer to Mr. Fowler, Mr. Mulock stated that the contract for carrying mails from Macaula had been let by tender to Robert J. Harrison for \$97 per annum.

MEMBER FOR WRIGHT CO.

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 26.—J. Francis Gregg had an interview with members of the government today and extracted the promise that a communication would immediately be sent to the House of Commons regarding the boom at Van Buren on the St. John river, which is the cause of the complaint.

FRAUDULENT WORK.

An interesting insight into the manner in which the government with members of the public and how they are protected from punishment was given by Mr. Ames, who pointed out that the employes of the Montreal post office had been secretly using the office stamp on letters that never went through the office, helped liberal help-

PRINCE ETIEL'S CONDITION.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—The princeling in attendance on Prince Etiel issued a bulletin at 8 o'clock this morning, saying that during the day the prince's pulse was strong at 90 and that he had repeated perspirations.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

After the first of July all monies received for subscriptions will be acknowledged by changing the date stamped on the paper immediately after the name.

Should any subscriber notice that the date is not changed on the first, second or third paper after the money is sent, he should at once send a postal card to the Sun Office, stating when he sent the money and how it was sent, by registered letter, post office order or Express order—SUN PRINTING CO

NOTICE.

When a subscriber wishes the address on the paper changed to another Post Office, the OLD ADDRESS should ALWAYS be sent with the new one

NOTICE.

\$1.00 per inch for ordinary transient advertising. For Sale, Wanted, etc., four lines or less, 25 cents each insertion.

Special contracts made for time advertisements. Sample copies cheerfully sent to any address on application.

The subscription rate is \$1.00 a year, but if 75 cents is sent ONE YEAR IN ADVANCE the paper will be sent to any address in Canada or United States for one year.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY, ALFRED MARKHAM, Manager.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 1, 1905

PROVINCIAL SUBSIDIES AND THE ONTARIO ELECTION.

It will be interesting to note the effect of the defeat of the Ross government on the movement for the increase of provincial subsidies.

From the material standpoint the telephone would be of great advantage to rural districts remote from trading centres, and to farms which are a long distance even from the nearest town.

MORE FIGHTING.

The official reports to St. Petersburg and Tokio from the armies in Manchuria show that heavy fighting has taken place. It would appear that both armies were engaged in considerable force, one report stating that eight corps of Russians were in the fight.

Both sides claim the victory, which is not a new thing in reports from the battle fields. Nor will it be easy for the reader to determine which claim is the stronger, except by recalling the reports of previous engagements concerning which conflicting reports were sent to the respective capitals.

LORD GREY AND THE EIGHTY CLUB.

The admirable members of the Eighty Club, who are supposed to be advocates of personal and national liberty, are not disposed to give Lord Grey the privilege of other British subjects.

advocates of personal and national liberty, are not disposed to give Lord Grey the privilege of other British subjects. It seems that the governor general and Sir Charles Tupper are placed on the executive of a society whose avowed object is the encouragement of inter-imperial trade and the closer union of the Empire.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

The Manitoba legislature is giving consideration to the question of establishing a provincial telephone system chiefly for the benefit of the rural districts. If this scheme can be carried out it will be a happy idea.

Much has been accomplished in the way of devising automatic machinery to take the place of the central. Probably there are great improvements yet to be made. If ultimately the only expense shall be the cost of the original equipment, the maintenance charges, and the small allowance for general management it will be possible to provide a telephone service for even the scattered country people generally at a moderate cost.

From the material standpoint the telephone would be of great advantage to rural districts remote from trading centres, and to farms which are a long distance even from the nearest town. The farmer could know on what day to deliver his produce for sale. He could compare prices offered by various buyers, take advice from others or give some to his friends.

Better roads, the consolidated schools with special training, the telephone, and more frequent mails, furnace heating, will go far to give the farmer and his family the best that the city has to offer him, while leaving him much that the wisest people in the towns would like to possess.

COST OF THE NAVY.

The heavy burden of a modern navy is illustrated by a comparison of the cost of a ship of the King Edward class with the most expensive ships of say forty years ago. Great Britain is building or has recently completed ten ships of 16,350 to 15,600 tons displacement. These are to be ready for sea between 1904 and 1908, with others of other classes.

From the Statesman's Year Book of 1894 we find that the naval estimate of that year is \$10,728,000. The same publication for 1904 makes the item \$20,878,000, or three times as much. The navy of 1894 numbered 1,014 ships. That of 1904 numbered only 234. The number of officers and men in the sea service has been increased from 40,000 to 30,000. The coast guard is reduced from 9,000 to 4,000; marines remain 18,000 to 15,000. There are now fewer boys, and instead of 8,000 coast volunteers, there are some 20,000 in the naval reserve.

This is explained when we consider the best that existed at the different periods. The high water mark in the war ships of 1894 was the Agincourt class, of which none were quite ready for sea when the 1894 Year Book was

issued. But the Black Prince, and her mates, the Warrior and Achilles, were new ships. The Black Prince cost \$270,000, less than one-fourth the cost of the first-class battleship of today, while £400,000 seems to have been the outlay for the somewhat larger Ironclads launched in 1854 and 1865. The whole armament of the present programme over the programme of forty years ago is not surprising. The Black Prince was an ironclad of 6,100 tons. The King Edward is a steel ship, clad with hardened plate twelve inches thick. The former was equipped with engines of 1,200 horse power, while the indicated horse power of the King Edward's engine is 18,000. The whole cost of the Black Prince, except that of the hull, when ready for sea was less than \$120,000, which would be less than the price of the armament alone of the Lord Nelson, while the working machinery of the modern ship would more than pay for the Black Prince.

In 1864 there were still about 103 sailing ships which were as effective. The best of them probably cost \$20,000, and the best forty might cost about as much as the Lord Nelson.

A SELF-DENYING ORDINANCE.

Mr. P. D. Ross, the opposition candidate who was not elected in Ottawa, is, with his colleague, Mr. Murphy, entitled by usage to the provincial patronage of the city. But Mr. Ross is a philosopher and an observer. He sees that patronage exercised during a legislative term has great power for harm to the patron. Many politicians have been defeated by their use of patronage who might have remained in public life if they had not been in a position to give or refuse personal favors.

Mr. Ross has decided that the newspaper business is sufficient for him. He does not propose to administer patronage, and has already made his position clear by writing to the conservative association by which he had been nominated to give or refuse personal favors.

THE APPLE SWINDLE.

The Nova Scotia fruit-growers have been discussing the reason why the St. John people purchase so many apples from Ontario when they could get them much nearer. It was pointed out by one of themselves that the Ontario fruit is more honestly packed. This witness was true. Perhaps the fruit inspection has been and is more effective in Ontario, so that the fruit-growers have found it unsafe to cheat. Perhaps the consequence of a large percentage of Nova Scotia growers falls more in this direction. It is certainly true that the purchaser of Nova Scotia apples finds much to exasperate him. Unless he knows the packer whose fruit he buys he has not the feeling of security that he would like to enjoy when he opens the apple barrel.

It is suggested that the public works official in Montreal who used the post office stamp to assist an electoral fraud was influenced by the promotions and other rewards given by Sir Wilfrid Laurier to another public official who went to the Magdalen Islands and acted under a false name as the agent of the liberal candidate.

The distance from the Capitol to "The Tarpstan Rock" is rapidly reduced in our days of steam, electricity and "the wireless telegraph." Mr. Tartie observes with classic philosophy. Perhaps Mr. Tweedie also might take the lesson to heart—Star.

The parliament has been in session more than two weeks, and no minister or supporter of a minister has suggested an investigation of the great Blair-Russell conspiracy. The Star therefore expected that the demand for a full inquiry would subside when the opposition came—Star.

It is expected that Mr. Ross, whose government has gone to pieces, will be made a senator. There is also a report that his admirers are making him a present of \$25,000 subscribed some time ago. It is possible that Mr. Ross boys, and instead of 8,000 coast volunteers, there are some 20,000 in the naval reserve.

What has the lieutenant governor been doing to Editor Hawke? The Transcript has an almost daily sneer at the wardrobe of Mr. Snowball and now it is beginning to slur the man himself—Star.

STORM AT DIGBY.

Trains Were Completely Stalled.

Amusing Story of a Runaway Engine—Fled Past the Depot Like a Japanese Shell.

DIGBY, Jan. 27.—The heaviest and most continuous snow storm of the winter set in on Wednesday, 25th, from the northeast, veering the next day to the north, with heavy wind and much blustering. The eastern express left for Yarmouth Wednesday afternoon during the storm, but got no further than Jackson's Crossing, two miles from this station, and became stalled. At that night and the next day efforts were made to extricate the train, which was accomplished about five of the afternoon of the 26th. Gangs of men were digging and powerful engines from Kentville yesterday were detailed to get the train out of the difficulty. There were about 50 passengers on board. Provisions were taken from the train, and the engine was looked after. The employees of the D. A. R. here deserve a great deal of praise for their untiring efforts and for whole-heartedness in seeing to the comforts of the passengers, especially the infants. This train was hauled back into this station, where it is, and likely will rest until some time tomorrow, as a heavy and long drift is being wrestled with at Jordan's Town Cut, three miles from Digby, and the freight train which left Yarmouth for Digby Wednesday morning, and became stalled at North Range, is anxiously waiting the efforts of the gang and snow plow at that cutting. Engine No. 19, with plow and tender attached, C. Ritchie driver, was sent from Kentville yesterday to assist, and when coming into town, south end, the plow left the rails and turned completely around but did not quite clear the engine, which struck the plow, smashing it. The engine was badly injured and most of the cab ripped off. The driver was hurled out, his foot caught in the wreckage and he was hauled head downwards by his seat belt. Fortunately the driver was shaken from his perilous position when the engine struck another drift. When the driver was thrown out the "throttle" was thrown wide open, as he had hold of the throttle lever, and naturally clung to it. The fireman was on the opposite side of the cab, and wondered why the engine was flying about in the air. He peered around and about the cab for the driver, but could see nothing for the steam which was escaping from some broken tubes and when the engine moved through the station and he caught a glimpse of the lights he became alarmed and crossed to where the driver should be. He then grasped the situation and attempted to shut off steam, but could not, owing to the lever being bent and other damages. The engine sped on until steam exhausted, and the engine dashed into another drift, and was stuck in it. A powerful engine was sent out after the runaway engine and found her helpless and broken down and brought her back to the station, where she was repaired. The driver, Mr. Ritchie, limped into the station and asked if any one saw an engine, No. 19, "Oberon." He was informed that it was the general station engine, which was thought to be a Japanese shell was on the way, and when he got out on the platform he could see nothing.

There are five engines here and there are two at Digby. There have been no reports of marine disasters in this vicinity. The schooner Charles W. Allen, Knovilton master, intended sailing, but the captain changed his mind and attempted to start on Monday, riding out the storm safely. This vessel has started seven times for New York.

The fine row of trees on Water street, owned by H. B. Havey and occupied by W. L. Turnbull as a tea store, was damaged in the basement by sea and ice, and some stock at the store, dispatched the express for Yarmouth after a delay of sixty hours. Two crippled engines were also towed to Kentville for repairs.

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CAUGHT BY THE GRIP. RELEASED BY PE-RU-NA.



"The world of medicine recognizes Grip as epidemic catarrh." Medical Talk. I A GRIPPE is epidemic catarrh. It attacks the class of nationality. The catarrh and the ignorant, the aristocrat and the pauper, the masses and the classes are alike subject to la grippe. None are exempt—All are liable.

AMHERST, N. S., Jan. 29.—About eleven o'clock Saturday night a telephone message from Oxford instructed Chief of Police Arthur to apprehend a young man by the name of Frank S. Vickery, who was wanted there on the charge of forgery.

Salisbury, N. B., Jan. 30.—Last Tuesday the remains of Harry A. Steeves of Cherryvale, Covalde, were interred in Pine Hill cemetery of this place. He was the oldest son of Jas. A. and Keitrah E. Steeves and had been ill for nearly two years. Rev. Mr. Hutchinson of Moncton conducted the services.

MR. WHITNEY IN TORONTO. TORONTO, Jan. 30.—J. P. Whitney, premier elect of Ontario, arrived rather unexpectedly tonight and was in consultation with a score of the older members at Queen's Hotel all the evening. Whitney had previously announced that he desired no public demonstration and told reporters he had nothing to say for publication tonight.

Treated by Three Doctors for a Severe Attack of Dyspepsia. Got No Relief From Medicines, But Found It At Last In Burdock Blood Bitters.

Mrs. Frank Hutt, Morrisburg, Ont., was one of those troubled with this most common of stomach troubles. She writes:—"After being treated by three doctors, and using many advertised medicines, for a severe attack of Dyspepsia, and receiving no benefit, I gave up all hope of ever being cured. Hearing Burdock Blood Bitters so highly spoken of, I decided to get a bottle, and give it a trial. Before I had taken it I began to feel better, and by the time I had taken the second one I was completely cured. I cannot recommend Burdock Blood Bitters too highly, and would advise all sufferers from dyspepsia to give it a trial."

NEW YORK HORSE SALE. NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—Interest at the Fasig Tipton horse auction in Madison Square Garden, which opened today, centred in the sale of Chimes, sire of the Abbot, and other fast horses, from the farm of C. J. and Harry Hamlin. Chimes was sold to B. L. Tutt of Salem, N. J., for \$2,750.

Accused of Forgery. AMHERST, N. S., Jan. 29.—About eleven o'clock Saturday night a telephone message from Oxford instructed Chief of Police Arthur to apprehend a young man by the name of Frank S. Vickery, who was wanted there on the charge of forgery.

Salisbury Merchants Inaugurate a New Paying System—Albert Train Snowed up—Social Events.

STANDSTILL AT WARSAW. WARSAW, Poland, Jan. 30.—The number of killed or wounded during the rioting here is estimated at 160. Out of door life in the city is at a complete standstill. All the restaurants, cafes and shops are closed.

what it is, serving on public boards a number of times. He endorses Peruna in the following words: "I am 65 years old, am hale and hearty, and Peruna has helped me a great deal. Two years ago I had la grippe—my life was despaired of. Peruna saved me."—J. R. Guill.

A Relative of Abraham Lincoln. Mr. Elias S. Lincoln, who resides at 913 L Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., has the honor of being third cousin to Abraham Lincoln. He writes:

"I had la grippe five times before using your medicine. Four years ago I began the use of Peruna, since which time I have not been troubled with that disease. I can now do as much work as my desk as I ever could in my life. I have gained more than ten pounds in weight."—S. S. Lincoln.

Pe-Ru-Na Not Only Cured La Grippe but Benefited the Whole System. Miss Alice M. Dressler, 1212 N. Bryant Ave., Minneapolis, Minn., writes: "Last spring I suffered from la grippe and was partially cured but the bad after effects remained through the summer and somehow I did not get strong as I was before. One of my college friends who was visiting me asked me to try Peruna and I did so and found it all and more than I had expected. It not only cured me of the catarrh but restored me to perfect health, built up the entire system and brought a happy feeling of buoyancy which I had not known for years."—Alice M. Dressler.

An Actress' Testimonial. Miss Joan Cowgill, Griswold Opera House, Troy, N. Y., is the leading lady with the Aubrey Stock Co. She writes the following: "During the past winter of 1901, I suffered for several weeks from a severe attack of grippe, which left a serious catarrhal condition of the throat and head. "Some one suggested Peruna. As a last resort, after wasting much time and money on physicians, I tried the remedy faithfully, and in a few weeks was as well as ever."—Joan Cowgill.

A Southern Judge Cured. Judge Horatio J. Goss, Hartwell, Ga., writes: "Some five or six years ago I had a very severe spell of grippe, which left me with systemic catarrh. A friend advised me to try your Peruna which I did, and was immediately benefited and cured. The third bottle completed the cure. I feel as well as ever."—Judge H. J. Goss.

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CITY Recent Events

Together With Correspondence

To cure Headache, Kumbort Headache

The wedding of Robert C. January 28th eldest daughter city, and Ernest B. C., a former

The Sun has Dartmouth, N. separators, with the office at the Sun Office.

A GUARANTEE. Itching, Blind, Piles. Your money if PAZO cure you in 60 days.

C. W. Wetton New Brunswick will with la grippe for some days, but he will be some little time

Tired A. Mrs. George Colchester Co. spring I was tired all the time have life or not work. Three Nerve Food did and made work

FAIRY. Spots of Europe evening in the Rev. M. M. of the Ep. The extra crew in Fairville by snow storm

The people here not had a share in the contribution to any with.

PEOPLE and next too thing in the year before doesn't get any buds days of a week's rest, and breath bad and the same with the poor man.

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RU-NA.

ving on public boards a... He endorses Peruna...
...old, sin hale and beauty...
...I had a gripe—my life...
...of Abraham Lincoln.

CITY NEWS.

Recent Events In and Around St. John.
Together With Country Items From Correspondents and Exchanges.

TO CURE HEADACHE...

To cure Headache in ten minutes use Kumford Headache Powders, 10 cents.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES...

itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund you if FAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 14 to 14 days. 60c.

TIED ALL THE TIME.

Mrs. George Beattie, Carr's Brook, Colchester Co., N. S., writes: "Last spring I was very much run down, felt tired all the time, and did not seem to have life or energy enough to do my work."

FAIRVILLE NEWS.

The postponed lecture on Beauty Spots of Europe will be delivered this evening in the Methodist school room by Rev. G. M. Young under the auspices of the Epworth League.

HOPEWELL HILL.

HOPEWELL HILL, Jan. 29.—Albert county has again been cut off from the outside world, by what was by far the worst snowstorm this season, and the most severe experienced here for years.

PEOPLE EAT TOO MUCH.

and rest too little. They eat the first thing in the morning and the last thing before retiring at night. The stomach doesn't get anything but abuse in these busy days of modern times.

STILL AT WARSAW.

Poland, Jan. 30.—The killed or wounded during here is estimated at 100,000 for life in the city is at a standstill. All the restaurants and shops are closed.

Bathurst.

BATHURST, Jan. 30.—Percy Wilbur, proprietor of the Wilbur House here, has received the news from his brother, James H., formerly proprietor of the Aberdeen Hotel of Woodstock, that he has purchased the Mills House in Manitou, Man., from Empire Brock of that place.

CHANGES IN DUTY.

Still More Have Been Decried Upon. By the Board of Customs—Circular Issued Regarding Customs Invoice Forms and Entries—Labor Items.

HOPEWELL HILL.

HOPEWELL HILL, Jan. 29.—A circular issued yesterday by the labor department gives an interesting account of the general condition of industry in Canada during the past year.

KILLED IN I. C. R. YARD.

Gregorie Melanson, a Moncton Man, Terribly Crushed by Snow Train. MONCTON, Jan. 29.—Gregorie Melanson, a man about 60 years of age, was fatally injured while shovelling snow in the I. C. R. yard here this morning.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY...

MAUGERVILLE, Jan. 28.—Geo. F. Banks, late supervisor of the road from Nainville Point to Queens county line, has been appointed by the government as superintendent of the roads in this parish.

NEURALGIA MAY NOT BE DANGEROUS...

NEURALGIA may not be dangerous, but it hurts. It seems to stay the face with red-hot pinners. Stay indoors and use Perry Davis' Painkiller.

MEN WANTED.

We have a position open for one good man in each locality, local travelling, at \$840 a year and expenses \$200 a day tacking up show-boards and generally advertising a New Discovery. No experience necessary. Write for particulars to SALUS MEDICINAL CO., London, Ont.

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NORTH SEA ENQUIRY.

Russian Officers Will Begin Their Testimony Tomorrow—Some Interesting Evidence.

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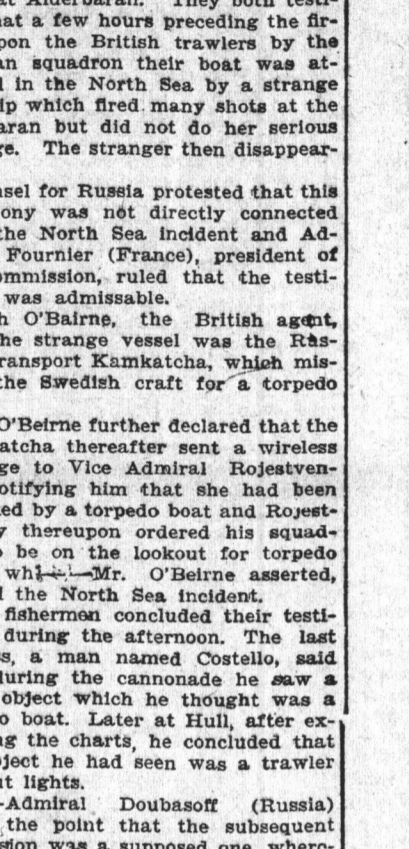
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ALBERT'S NEW SCHOOL.

A Fine Building Stands Midway Between the Towns of Albert and Riverside --A Credit to the County--Will Open Next Autumn.



HOPEWELL HILL, Jan. 29.—When fully completed the new consolidated school building, now in course of construction at Riverside, will be one of the finest structures of the kind in the province; imposing as to exterior, convenient, commodious and modern in all its interior arrangements, and well adapted, in every detail, for the purposes for which it was designed.

TWAS A LIVE MAN.

Undertaker Rescues 'Corpse' Bled in River, Head Out. UTICA, Jan. 28.—Fred Brant reported in Whitesboro that he saw a corpse protruding from the ice of the Mohawk river, not far from the bridge.

BATTLESHIP MAINE.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 29.—The battleship Maine, which came to this port Saturday for the presentation of a banner by the Daughters of the American Revolution, sailed after one o'clock this afternoon. The ship will go to New York to be docked and cleaned preparatory to going south to join the squadron, of which she will be the flagship.

Why a Torpid Liver Makes the Temper Bad. The Real Cause of Indigestion, Biliousness and Constipation Due to Inactivity of the Liver—Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a Great Liver Regulator. Symptoms: Coated Tongue, Headache and Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Muddy Complexion, Wind in the Stomach, Feelings of Weight and Oppression, Smothering Sensations in the Chest, Pains Under Left Shoulder Blade, Drowsiness After Meals, Despondency, Bad Temper, Biliousness, Constipation.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto. The portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, the famous receipt book author, are on every box.

PROVINCIAL NEWS

SACKVILLE, Jan. 24.—Mr. and Mrs. Davidson of Winnipeg are spending a few days in town.

"Pure soap!" You've heard the words. In Sunlight Soap you have the fact.



Miss Stella, of Marysville visited relatives in this vicinity recently.

MARITIME UNION.

The subject of Maritime Union, discussed at a meeting of the St. John Conservative Club on Tuesday evening last, having attracted some public attention, the Star today publishes a summary of the address delivered by J. E. McEwen.

The net debts not more than \$4,000,000, or about \$7.70 per head.

house of forty-five members with a cabinet consisting of an attorney-general, solicitor-general, provincial secretary, commissioner of public works, commissioner of agriculture and education, commissioner of forests and mines and a commissioner of labor would seem to be adequate for our government.

ST. JOHN SEMI-WEEKLY SUN. 4,992 Columns a Year. 8 Pages Twice a Week. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. If Paid in advance, 75 Cents.

The Best Family Paper for old and young in the Maritime Provinces. RELIABLE MARKET REPORTS. FULL SHIPPING NEWS. SERMONS. STORIES BY EMINENT AUTHORS. THE TURF, THE FIELD AND THE FARM.

Advertisement for The ST. JOHN DAILY SUN, featuring a price of \$4.00 per year and subscription details.

Advertisement for One Horizontal Centrifugal Pump! One Submerged Centrifugal Pump! with technical specifications.

Advertisement for THE LEADING RAILROADS USE Ideal Fencing, highlighting its durability and cost-effectiveness.

Advertisement for GROW APPLES. New Brunswick is Well Adapted to This Branch. Alex. McNeill, Chief of the Fruit Division, Says the Province Has Everything Necessary.

Advertisement for No Breakfast Table complete without EPPS'S COCOA, describing its nutritional benefits.

Table showing revenues summarized for 1904, categorized by province (N.S., N.B., P.E.I.) and type of revenue (Subsidy, Mines, Crown lands, etc.).

The revenues may be summarized as follows: 1904. N.S. N.B. P.E.I.

When we reflect that until recent years the west of the United States has been almost entirely dominated by the money power of the east; that the lack of great water ways leading to the interior of their country compelled the people of the centre and the west to wait until the east was old, rich and established; and that the power thus gained is beginning gradually but surely to pass away towards the west.

GRAND FALLS, Jan. 23.—Henry Kellie sold his valuable farm and has removed to this place. It is thought he will engage in the dry goods business in the spring.

JACKSONVILLE, Jan. 24.—Mrs. Charles Wylie returned from Fredericton on Thursday, where she had went to attend the home Monday evening.

MILLTOWN, Jan. 24.—The marriage of Miss Maggie Dunham and William Casey, both of this place, was solemnized on Monday evening last.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of J. C. Tatler.

and in Prince Edward Island, agriculture. Besides these all have fisheries. As the receipts and expenditures of each province are differently classified in their accounts, it is very difficult to construct a table giving a fair comparison of details.

Let us now look at the statistics, all of which are taken from the Canadian year book, 1903. First, as to population last census:

NEW BRUNSWICK IS WELL ADAPTED TO THIS BRANCH. Alex. McNeill, Chief of the Fruit Division, Says the Province Has Everything Necessary.

It does not seem, therefore, that from the standpoint of either debt, resources or annual housekeeping there is any insuperable obstacle to union. Difficulties, of course, there must be, but these it is the office of statecraft to minimize or remove.

The union suggested would, of course, be a merger of the three maritime provinces—not a federal union. We therefore can get no assistance in the problem from the terms of the Canadian confederation nor those of the Australian Commonwealth.

Advertisement for FERROVIM, a splendid tonic that builds up the system and strengthens the muscles.

is in the rear with one tree for every ten acres. Mr. McNeill expects to see great strides made in fruit growing in New Brunswick in the next few years.

The proposition to erect a large apple warehouse here, Mr. McNeill views with the warmest approval. He thinks it would be an excellent investment.

Advertisement for COCOA, The Most Nutritious and Economical, highlighting its health benefits.

KNOW

At the banquet of the Iron and Hardware Association, Mr. McDonald, responding to the Iron and Hardware Association...

Others Know in... This is strange, mark or had not a and I failed to no...

