

# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JULY 11, 1900.

Vol. XXIX, No. 28

Calendar for July, 1900.

MOON'S PHASES.  
First Quarter, 4th, 4h. 25m. p.m.  
Last Quarter, 18th, 9h. 45m. a.m.  
New Moon, 25th, 6h. 54m. a.m.

D	Day of Week.	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High Water	Cd's
1	Sunday	6. 20	7. 48	10. 05	0. 56	18
2	Monday	5. 29	7. 38	9. 27	1. 45	19
3	Tuesday	21. 49	11. 18	9. 15	2. 34	20
4	Wednesday	22. 47	8. 01	2. 05	3. 23	21
5	Thursday	24. 46	4. 29	3. 00	4. 12	22
6	Friday	25. 45	2. 56	5. 02	5. 01	23
7	Saturday	26. 45	3. 26	5. 02	5. 50	24
8	Sunday	27. 44	8. 22	9. 15	6. 39	25
9	Monday	28. 43	7. 63	10. 05	7. 28	26
10	Tuesday	29. 42	6. 29	10. 25	8. 17	27
11	Wednesday	30. 41	5. 14	9. 23	9. 06	28
12	Thursday	31. 41	9. 1	11. 51	9. 55	29
13	Friday	32. 40	9. 36	0. 33	10. 44	30
14	Saturday	33. 39	10. 28	1. 11	11. 33	31
15	Sunday	34. 38	8. 26	2. 59	12. 22	1
16	Monday	35. 37	9. 02	3. 20	1. 11	2
17	Tuesday	36. 36	2. 5	3. 01	2. 00	3
18	Wednesday	37. 35	3. 13	3. 25	2. 49	4
19	Thursday	38. 34	4. 29	3. 44	3. 38	5
20	Friday	39. 33	5. 14	7. 04	4. 27	6
21	Saturday	40. 32	6. 1	8. 57	5. 16	7
22	Sunday	41. 31	6. 41	9. 15	6. 05	8
23	Monday	42. 30	7. 29	10. 40	6. 94	9
24	Tuesday	43. 29	8. 08	11. 14	7. 83	10
25	Wednesday	45. 27	7. 43	11. 14	8. 72	11
26	Thursday	46. 26	8. 22	11. 14	9. 61	12
27	Friday	47. 25	8. 31	0. 31	10. 50	13
28	Saturday	48. 24	9. 6	0. 31	11. 39	14
29	Sunday	49. 23	10. 6	1. 2	12. 28	15
30	Monday	50. 22	10. 6	1. 2	1. 17	16
31	Tuesday	50. 21	10. 6	1. 2	2. 06	17

Time to give  
The  
Little Folks  
An Airing,  
And we have just the  
Carriages  
For the purpose

Most comfortable for  
the baby — easiest to  
push — easiest to buy  
because the

Prices are right.

John Newson

That Boy  
Of yours,

He's the pride of your  
heart; he wants one  
of those nice

Four wheel Cart or Wagons,  
We have the  
Very one he wants.

Or perhaps it's the  
Woo Daughter.

Well, we have the  
very Doll's Carriage  
to make her heart  
glad. Big new stock  
of Carriages, Go-carts,  
Express Wagons &  
Wheelbarrows, Doll's  
Carriages, all marked  
at low prices for cash.

Hazard

— AND —  
Moore.

ENEAS A. MACDONALD,  
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
Agent for Credit Foncier Franco-Canada,  
Lancaster Fire Insurance Co.,  
Great West Life Assurance Co.

Office, Great George St.,  
New Bank Nova Scotia, Charlottetown,  
Nov. 22-23.

JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A. LL. B.  
Barrister & Attorney-at-Law,  
NOTARY PUBLIC, etc.

CHANLOTTETOWN, P. E. I. LAND  
Office — London House Building.

Collecting, conveying, and all kinds  
of Legal Services, always on  
hand to customers. Your

BIG SALE  
— OF —  
CROCKERY,  
GLASSWARE  
— AND —  
Groceries

All Goods at Low Prices.

A large assortment of Table Sets,  
Berry Sets and Lemonade Sets, suitable  
for wedding presents, to which  
we specially invite inspection. Our  
customers will be astonished at our low  
quotations.

P. MONAGHAN.  
Queen St., Charlottetown.

June 13 — 14.



Our Watches  
FOR LADIES

Are Gems of Beauty.

SOME GENTS' WATCHES

Are beautifully engraved,  
others plain, solid and  
substantial.

WATCHES from \$6.00 to \$100

Specially recommended for  
time-keeping.

FINE SHOW OF SILVERWARE,  
suitable for presents.

Solid Silver Souvenir Spoons  
with scene stamped in bowl,  
"Stanley crossing through  
ice," or "Parliament Building."  
Charlottetown.

E. W. Taylor,

Cameron Block, City.

HOW  
IS  
THIS?

Ladies' Hockey Boots with straps,  
warm lined, worth \$2.50; now  
\$1.50; now is your chance to  
secure a bargain; cost us far more  
money; want to clear them out.  
Headquarters for Ladies' Garters.  
We have them as low as 20 cents  
a pair.

A. K. McKACHEN,  
THE SHOE MAN.

FIRE  
INSURANCE,  
LIFE  
INSURANCE.

The Royal Insurance Co. of  
Liverpool,

The Sun Fire Office of London,

The Phenix Insurance Co. of  
Brooklyn,

The Mutual Life Insurance  
Co. of New York.

Combined Assets of above Companies,  
\$200,000,000.00.

Lowest Rates.

Prompt Settlements.

JOHN McLEOD & CO.

Agent.

We invite our patrons to examine our stock.

All Clothes made by us are guaranteed to fit.

Tailors for Ladies and Gentlemen.

COME TO  
HEADQUARTERS  
— FOR —  
HIGH QUALITY  
— AND —  
LOW PRICES  
— ON —  
MADE-TO-ORDER SUITS,  
Overcoats and Trouserings.

LARGE STOCK, Nobby Patterns, Exclusive Designs.

Leave your orders NOW before the great rush  
comes; besides you will have FIRST CHOICE.

Men's Furnishing Department.

New White & Colored Shirts, New Neckwear, New Gloves.

GORDON & MCLELLAN,

Men's Stylish Outfitters.

A Large Assortment of  
Finished Monuments  
AND HEADSTONES

To be cleared out quick, AT GREATLY REDUCED  
PRICES.

Agents will tell you they can sell as cheap as you can  
buy from the manufacturer.

Buy from us direct, and we will convince you that this  
is told to effect a sale and make something out of you.

We employ no agents, as we prefer to make all sales  
right in our shop, where customers can see what they are  
buying.

Cairns & McFadyen.

June 8, 1898 — y

Kent Street, Charlottetown.

Thos. Driscoll.

F. J. Hornsby.

Seeds of Quality.

In the Grocery business it has been our constant aim  
to give satisfaction, and we try to please.

NOW that we have to sell Seeds we pur-  
pose to sell nothing but the best.

We have imported our own Seeds, and you can depend  
on getting them clean and fresh.

If you want the best Wheat (White Russian and Fife),  
Timothy, Clover, Peas, Vetches, etc., etc., etc., buy from us,  
but don't take our word for it. Come in, compare, and see for  
yourself.

Our Island Timothy defies competition. Yours for  
Good Seeds.

Driscoll & Hornsby

Queen Street.

Our Suitings  
ARE TO HAND.

They are the prettiest lot of  
Clothes we have ever had.

We are busy making them up into

STYLISH SUITS.

We invite our patrons to examine our stock.

All Clothes made by us are guaranteed to fit.

John McLeod & Co.

Tailors for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Prepared by G. J. Hood & Son, Liverpool, Me.

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THE HERALD  
WEDNESDAY, July 11th, 1900.  
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR,  
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY  
JAMES MCISAAC,  
Editor & Proprietor.

## AT OTTAWA.

(Special Correspondence to THE HERALD)

Ottawa, July 7.  
Two discussions and divisions of a most interesting character took place this week. The first which occurred on Tuesday, disposed of the prohibition issue for the time being. On Thursday the House was called upon to discuss and deal with the emergency food reports.

## PROHIBITION VOTED DOWN.

At the Plebiscite of 1898, only about twenty-three per cent of the registered electors of the Dominion voted for prohibition in the Provinces and Territories, excluding Quebec, only 27 per cent of the registered electors voted for prohibition. These results showed that there is not an active prohibition sentiment sufficiently pronounced to justify the expectation that a prohibition law could be successfully enforced and therefore, in the opinion of this House such a prohibitory law should not be enacted at present.

With these words the House of Commons on Tuesday disposed of the prohibition question. They are found in Mr. Parlance's amendment to Mr. McClure's amendment to Mr. Flint's resolution for provincial prohibition. Mr. Flint asked for prohibition in those provinces which voted in favor of it, that is all the provinces but Quebec. Mr. McClure asked for "the enactment and enforcement of a law prohibiting the importation, manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes." Mr. Parlance's amendment, which is supported by the Government, is given above.

## HOW THE PARTIES VOTED.

The vote was 98 to 41. Every minister present, including Mr. Fisher, the temperance representative in the Cabinet, voted for the Parlance motion. Of the 97 Liberals present 82 responded to the call of the Premier, Mr. Fielding, Sir Louis Davies and Mr. Fisher. All these made appeals to the House to vote down both prohibition motions by supporting the "second amendment." On the Conservative side 26 voted against the amendment and 16 for it.

## SIR WILFRID'S POSITION.

The discussion occupied the greater part of the afternoon and evening. It was on the whole a vigorous debate. Sir Wilfrid Laurier's speech was rather significant. The Premier protested strongly against provincial prohibition, declaring that Quebec would not adopt it, and that it would be a most unfortunate thing if one law were made for Quebec and another for the rest of the Dominion, thus emphasizing the difference between the English and French provinces.

## HE ALSO KNEW THE GROUND STRONGLY.

That general prohibition was not called for as was shown by the vote. The conclusion from the Premier's speech was that the rest of Canada would wait for Quebec and another for the rest of the Dominion, thus emphasizing the difference between the English and French provinces.

## THE PLEBISCITE FRAUD.

Mr. Foster reviewed the record of the Government and the Liberal party since the plebiscite clause was placed in the platform. He quoted Sir Wilfrid's various statements in answer to temperature delegations and representatives of religious bodies, and at public meetings showing that at no time did the Premier ever hint that the prohibitionists would be required to pay a majority of the registered vote. At Winnipeg, for example, the Premier said he pledged no honor that as soon as the Liberals come into power in Ottawa they will take a plebiscite of the Dominion, by which the party will stand, and the will of the people will be carried out, even were it to cost power forever to the Liberal party." Mr. Foster observed that this assurance filled the temperance people with hope. The Premier did not say "I am going to grant you a plebiscite because I want you to be put in a position to be polled, but I am not going to follow it up by any action unless there is a majority polled of the total number of names on the voter's list." Sir Wilfrid had said that he would have done an entire survey down the border to his satisfaction before he would do so.

## AN ANXIOUS TIME.

While the discussion was going on the Minister was very busy. It became apparent that a number of Liberals were not disposed to whitewash the Department of Militia. For hours the Premier and his colleagues moved about among their friends and labored with them. How many were persuaded is not known. A dozen or so who could not be induced to vote in the majority report were won over by all who assisted. Not the least pleasing feature of the affair was the consideration of some excellent vocal and instrumental music. On Thursday his Excellency, in company with his Lordship the Bishop and Father Fisher, his Excellency's Secretary, drove to Rosedale and Hope River and lunched with Rev. J. McDonald at St. Ann's Rectory. After their return in the evening they, in company with Rev. Dr. Morris and some other guests, were entertained at Government House to a banquet given in honor of the Delegate by the Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. McIntyre. During Friday diocesan institutions were visited, and on Friday evening his Excellency was waited upon at the Falls Hotel by the members of the 216 of the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association, and presented with an address. The Society marched in parade from the hall, by way of Queen Street, Victoria Row and Great George Street to the Palace. The members, dressed in black suits, silk hats and white gloves, presented a fine appearance. They wore small badges of the Papal colors. The members of the society were ushered into the grand drawing-room of the Palace, where the address was presented to his Excellency, in the presence of his Lordship, the Bishop, and several members of the clergy. The address was read by Brother James McLean, Grand Deputy, and is as follows:

## THE EXCUSE OF THE MINISTERS.

Sir Wilfrid said that he never yet made a pledge to introduce prohibitory law as a result of a minority vote. Mr. Fisher argued that as the true prohibitionists all went to the polls, and as the vote was so small it is evident that the temperance sentiment is not strong enough to justify action. Sir Louis Davis said that such good prohibitionists as Mr. Spence and McLaren justified the government's action.

## THE EMERGENCY FOOD.

The worst day that the government has seen during the five sessions of this term was passed by the Ministers over the emergency food report. Previous letters have given the details of these charges, and of the evidence and a synopsis of the majority and minority reports.

The debate was set down for Thursday and it was agreed by all that the discussion of the reports would be left to six members of the committee, three on each side. Chairman Belcourt opened by moving and supporting the majority report, Mr. Monk following by moving and arguing for the report of the minority. Mr. Russell and Mr. Britton on the government side and Mr. Cragin and Mr. Clarke contra continued the discussion. The ground was pretty well covered at this stage and it was nearly midnight.

## THE DEAL DEFENDED.

On the government side the speakers defended everything they seriously desired, and the Minister of Militia had taken all necessary steps and refused to admit that the purchase of Dr. Devilin's food was open to objection. They even justified the majority report which justified the Government and which declared the charge not proved. The majority was thus cut down to fourteen, the vote standing 68 to 82. It is believed that if the Government supporters who refused to vote the report had done so, but who consented to go out and refuse from voting, had remained and voted as they thought, the Government would have a very close call.

NOTES.

Another discussion was taken on a motion of Mr. Boselli condemning the government for allowing free coasting privileges to United States coasting vessels plying on the great lakes to and from Port Arthur and Fort William, a concession made last year and repeated for this session. Canadian vessels cannot buy between United States ports, and 32 members voted against the one-sided system. They were voted down.

It is still a bad time. The largest number of vessels in the history of the country were bought down at the beginning of the session. The largest supplementary estimates ever known on account came down last month. On Wednesday of this week a railway subsidy bill of unusual vastness appeared. This little bill asks for subsidies for bridges and railways as follows:

In Ontario.....	\$1,162,400
in Quebec.....	229,400
in New Brunswick.....	40,100
in Nova Scotia.....	465,000
In New Brunswick.....	555,000
	\$3,492,000

Mr. Sifton can come home. It is too late to investigate anything, and his estimates are the best. He would have been well earlier.

The session has continued five months and one week. Government supporters have the satisfaction of observing that the Hansard shows that the ministerial side has talked several hundred columns about the Opium Bill and is giving about five columns a day.

## THE OTHER SIDE.

Mr. Monk and his colleagues presented the other side in a manner which gave concern to Mr. Sifton. He was however consoled by the fact that Mr. Monk said he was not paid more than \$4,000 plundered from the treasury for a worthless article.

But he recognized in the country a deep interest in the question from another point of view.

Our soldiers had been sent into the field with the so called emergency rations, one can of which they were told was sufficient for a day's rations. It was proved that no less than eight would be required to maintain a man for a day on active service, and that any soldier who depended on this food would suffer and might lose his life.

Mr. Monk and his two comrades pointed out that a switch which might cause this disaster and damage was not the fault of any single kind of switch, and on deserving the most severe punishment. Mr. Monk stated his conviction that Dr. Devilin had been compelled to share with others the profits made from this dark transaction.

Mr. Cragin declared that the food purchased was nothing more nor less than ground up dog biscuit, or the refuse of some biscuit factory. Mr. Clarke affirmed that the majority of the Committee and the Government has done their utmost to prevent the expense of facts, and that the ones who appear disposed to protect the interests of the soldiers and the treasury was the man who lied.

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10c Each  
ros.  
nd Black  
1 Sailors,  
-50 each,

10c Each

ast week  
.00 each,  
his lot we  
about 100  
s importa-  
to \$1.50

C each.

BROS.

d Caps  
THING

nd Caps are  
t value that  
can sell you  
m 50c. up to  
m 25c. up to  
e Caps from

Hat or Cap

THING.

lines in D. B.  
pure Tweed  
y Suit guar-  
respect, at  
to pay. We  
y in buying  
ing. Try us.

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RS" is our motto. We aim  
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## THE CHARLOTTETOWN HERALD

# BIG Anniversary SALE OF DRY GOODS.

Sale Begins July 12th, 1900

Yes, it's just two years the 12th day of July since we bought Messrs. Beer Bros. Stock. Our business has grown in leaps and bounds. We keep the

## BEST GOODS

No firm did or ever will sell Dry Goods at as low a price as "MY STORE." It's called My Store because every one that wants to get good goods and save money buy their Dry Goods and Clothing at this store. Naturally they call it "Their Store." Here is the way our business has increased:

July 12th 1898 to July 12th 1899.

July 12th 1899 to July 12th 1900.

There must be some reason for it. If you don't deal here try us now.

\$10,000 WORTH OF SEASONABLE

## DRY GOODS, Clothing AND MILLINERY,

At a Big Discount all this Month.

### READ THE LIST.

All Summer Dress Goods must go.  
All Ladies' Hats have got to go.  
All Ladies' Night Dresses will go.  
All Ladies' White Skirts must go.  
All Ladies' Corset Covers must go.  
All Ladies' Blouses are in this sale.  
All Ladies' Knickers must go.  
All summer Dress Goods to go.  
All Children's Head Wear is in it.  
All White Muslins have got to go.

### READ THE LIST.

All Print Cottons are in this sale.  
All Cotton Hosiery for Children.  
All Cotton Hosiery for Ladies.  
All Cotton Socks for men.  
All Lace Curtains greatly reduced.  
All Summer Silks at batch-  
ery prices.  
All Ladies' Summer Gloves must move.  
All Children's Summer Gloves are in it.  
All Ladies' Summer Jack-  
ets must go.  
All Ladies' Summer Suits are in it.

All Boys', Youths' and Gents' Clothing must go.

A fierce and furious sale of Sunshades.

The balance of our Gents' Summer Underwear, a big lot of Men's Summer Shirts.

A great big lot of Ties four-in-hand, knots, bows, etc., almost given away.

All Summer Goods at give-away prices.

When we advertise snaps you get them. We are going to increase our business thousands of dollars this year, suppose we don't make one dollar on the increase. It will pay you to come 100 miles to buy your

## Dry Goods AT SENTNER, MCLEOD & CO'S

Successors to Beer Bros.

THE BUSIEST SHOP IN CHARLOTTETOWN

Wholesale and Retail.

### LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Two warships are due here tomorrow morning.

Bread has advanced two cents per loaf in Montreal.

Sugar has taken another advance of five cents per hundred pounds on all grades.

The Summer School of Science meets this year at Bear River, N. S. on July 29th.

The Grande Duchesse brought 100 passengers on her trip to this port Monday night.

Owing to the war in the East, Chinese tea has advanced 25 cents on the pound in Montreal. Japanese tea is on the 25c. and 50c.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto, has decided to absorb the Bank of British Columbia, with all its assets and business throughout Canada.

The first bulletin issued by the Prince Edward Island Fishing Association will be issued this week. A copy goes to every patron of every cheese and butter factory on the Island.

Mr. H. J. Wilkinson, of Boston, is here looking for information about the pearl deposits in the eastern end of the Province, and is, it is understood command any amount of capital to develop the pearl industry, which by a special process can be made to take the place of coal, and can be sold cheaper.

White splitting a block of granite the other day, the master working at the Colonial Building discovered in the solid granite what is generally called a "bulb"; it being an almost spherical piece of stone of a different composition from that in which it was enclosed. The average diameter of the stone is about one foot.

Thomas Perry, a young man about 20 years of age, belonging to Summerside, was drowned at North Shore, about eight miles from Cape Spearings on Sunday, July 1st, by the swamping of his boat. His companion Chester Burns, who was in the boat with him was saved by another boat. Perry's body was not recovered.

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The lifeless body of an infant was found on Wednesday morning last, and was laid to rest in the garden of Hon. B. Rogers, Upper Town St. It had evidently been there seven or eight days. An inquest was held, but no one was discovered as to the parentage, the jury concluding that the child came to its death by foul means.

The non-irritating cathartic-Hood's Pill.

### LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

If you don't feel quite well, try a bottle of Hood's Samparilla. It is a wonderful tonic and invigorator. It will help you.

An American writer once said, "Go West, young man, go West!" That was a good suggestion at the time, but if it is recession you need, you should "go East to the Orient Tea," on July 10th.

The Grande Duchesse brought 100 passengers on her trip to this port Monday night.

Owing to the war in the East, Chinese tea has advanced 25 cents on the pound in Montreal. Japanese tea is on the 25c. and 50c.

Reports from China are very conflicting. A Shanghai despatch dated the 8th says: "The massacre of foreign Ministers, women, children and European Guards at Pekin after eighteen days of hopeless resistance, is confirmed. When their ammunition and food were exhausted the Chinese fled closed in upon the Legation and butchered all who remained alive. Afterward they set fire to the Legation buildings and the remains of the victims were consumed in one horrible holocaust. It is not stated what became of the men who fled."

Reports of the atrocities committed by Prince Tsien upon the Chinese are appalling. He had 4,000 leading Chinese butchered for merely daring to petition him to control the ergies of blood.

A despatch states that the Viceroy Chel Li Wang Wen Chou has been murdered by the Boxers. Quiet continues at Canton. Li Hung Chang stationed troops in the streets to prevent disturbances.

Jesuit, Matheus and Telegraph to London, however that the British legation was standing guard July 2d. Japan telegraphed to England that its agents had carried out the suggestion of sending large armaments to China and would do so immediately.

A despatch dated July 5 says: "Intense excitement has been caused here by a despatch from Sir Robert Hart, to the effect that the British Legation in Pekin is in flames. Fears are entertained here that the foreign Ministers have been massacred. The entire French colony has fled from Tong Chueh. The mission station there has been converted into a little fort. The foreign forts on the Canton River have been reinforced by 2,000 rice sold soldiers. Starters of any uprising will be at once headed off. Those spreading false alarms will be severely punished and severely punished. I may explain that the phrase 'Severely punished' means execution by the Gaungs. Wholesale execution by the Boxers."

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## Chest Felt Raw.

"I caught a severe cold which made my chest feel raw and tight. I used Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup which loosened the phlegm, heated the lungs, and made me perfectly well."

NELLIE MCKAY,  
Riley, Ont.

## AT OTTAWA.

(Special Correspondence to This Herald.)

The Emergency Food enquiry is completed, and the committee has submitted two reports. Only the majority report is recognized by parliamentary procedure. The minority statement will come in as an amendment to the motion for the adoption of the report.

## A CASE OF ELOPMENT.

The reports will be discussed next week. In the meantime it is interesting to mention a case of mysterious disappearance. Mr. Devlin, the contractor, attended all the meetings of the committee, but the last one. He hovered over the quartette of liberal committee men, whispering to one after another, coaxing them in this examination of witnesses. Dr. Devlin was himself a most competent witness, as he had much information in regard to this contract that could not be obtained from others. It was arranged that he should be a witness on the last evening. The contractor was present in the afternoon. In the evening he had disappeared, leaving a letter stating that he had been suddenly called to New York. It only remains to be said that Dr. Devlin was heard from the next day in Montreal and never went to New York.

## TROUBLE WITH TARTE.

Speaking of Mr. Tarte, that gentleman continues to have a great time in France. He seems to have given unmeasured delight to all who hate him. And there are many such in Paris, when he insisted that President Loubet should not pass through the Canadian exhibit as he did those of Australia but should make a formal entrance and be received with special formalities, in order that Canada might appear as an independent nation and not as a colony of the British Empire. When Mr. Tarte told the British Commissioner that he would close the Canadian show if Canada were not allowed an independent status, as a nation all by himself, he won the applause of the whole anti English fraternity. And when he said at Rouen that the French Canadians were more French than they were ten years ago, or one year ago, he added to that applause. But in this country the English speaking supporters of the government are growing small. Even the stalwart Montreal Herald, one of the most devoted of the government organs, puts in a protest. Twice this week the matter was brought up in the house. The Premier showed on both occasions that he was getting nervous over the matter, and fell back on the plea that perhaps Mr. Tarte had been misinterpreted.

## PAY, PAY.

A notable event of this week is the production of the supplementary estimates for the coming year. This interesting document asks for a larger sum than was ever before seen in a supplementary. Mr. Fielding wants the House to vote him seven and a quarter millions, of which more than three millions belong to current account. The total expenditure, now estimated for the year 1900-1901 is over fifty-six millions, as follows:

Main estimates.....\$49,068,391

Supplementary.....7,244,136

Total.....\$56,312,527

But this is not the whole story. The same vote last session for the current year included main and supplementary estimates, but before the fiscal year was out this session began, and a further sum of four millions was voted to help the Government through. The same thing happened the year before and will happen next year. The total amount that will be voted this session, exclusive of railway subsidies, will certainly not be less than sixty millions. Of this sum more than \$48,000,000 is demanded on regular or current account. This is a clear \$11,000,000 in excess of the expenditure at the time of the change of government. At that date the Ministers now in office "viewed with alarm" the annual expenditure.

It will be admitted that the Ministers have pretty well recovered from their timidity.

## SOME ITEMS.

The wonderful Paris Exposition, which under Mr. Tarte's tricolor management seems to have an unlimited capacity for absorbing funds, wants still another \$10,000. Mr. Blair asks for \$1,960,000 for capital expenditure on the Intercolonial. It may be remarked here that the Minister of Railways made a three and a half hour speech this week in which he claimed that the Intercolonial was now saving \$100,000 a year more than the working expenses. They want something stronger. On the other hand the venerable Dr. Christie for once departed from his attitude of submission to the Premier, and protested against anti Chinese legislation of any kind. Mr. Edwards, another Liberal, said the same, but the dissenters did not force a vote.

## ABOUT LABOR.

On Tuesday Mr. Mulock introduced the measure known as the Contract Bill. It follows the British statute in providing boards to settle amicably disputes between employers and employees. It also provides for the collection of information and the issue of a monthly publication of the character of which is not very clearly set forth. Mr. Mulock closed his brief explanation by a somewhat grandiloquent passage about the importance of the proposed legislation. Members on the other side of the House, including Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Foster, suggested that the Government need not keep back this important and far-reaching measure until the 20th day of the session, after half of the members had gone away. There will be no opposition to the principle of the bill.

## AN ENQUIRY AGAIN REPUGNED.

The Committee recommend that in the matter of purchase of concentrated foods for troops on active service, samples be secured and analyzed before contract, and full security required.

2.—The emergency food supplied by the contractor was totally unfit for the purpose intended, and an inspection was practised upon the department. The contractor is certainly civilly liable to the Government. He seems furthermore to have committed an infraction of section 14 of the Adulteration Act. He violated section 445 of the Criminal Code, 1892, by offering for sale an article bearing a false trade description as defined by subsection C of article 445 of said Code.

2.—After the warning contained in the letter of the 25th January last, quoted in the evidence, and the report of the Adulteration Act, he failed to make any reparation. The Department of Militia should have given payment of the \$6,000 which

was made on the 14th February. The Minister should have immediately communicated with the Canadian contingent.

## On the whole your Committee find that the Minister of Militia and the Department of Militia were guilty of culpable negligence in purchasing and providing the Canadian soldiers with an article totally unfit for the purposes for which it was intended.

In this connection the Committee recommend that the Military authorities in South Africa be given immediately by cable the benefit of the report of the Chief Analyst.

## A CASE OF ELOPMENT.

The reports will be discussed next week. In the meantime it is interesting to mention a case of mysterious disappearance. Mr. Devlin, the contractor, attended all the meetings of the committee, but the last one. He hovered over the quartette of liberal committee men, whispering to one after another, coaxing them in this examination of witnesses. Dr. Devlin was himself a most competent witness, as he had much information in regard to this contract that could not be obtained from others. It was arranged that he should be a witness on the last evening. The contractor was present in the afternoon. In the evening he had disappeared, leaving a letter stating that he had been suddenly called to New York. It only remains to be said that Dr. Devlin was heard from the next day in Montreal and never went to New York.

## The report of the majority of the committee does not surprise any one.

It was apparent to any one that if Dr. Devlin had delivered corn meal and charged ten dollars per pound the majority would have commanded the transaction as a piece of high statesmanship.

## PAY, PAY.

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## WHAT IT COST.

The minority report that the ultimate cost of this food to the contractor, including travelling expenses and incidentals, and taking Dr. Devlin's own statement, was \$1,350. It is made up as follows:

2,333 pounds imported at 30 cents per pound.....\$690.90

Grinding.....22.00

Tin cans (\$25 per 1,000)....175.00

Labelling.....12.00

Customs dues (for which unaccepted cheques were given).....140.00

Total.....\$1,049.90

The minority allow \$300 for other expenses, making \$1,349.90. The Government paid \$4,666 for this food, leaving a profit of \$3,515.

## THE CONCLUSIONS.

The minority in summing up repeat the following statements and conclusions:

1.—That under the circumstances disclosed by the evidence, the contract of the 4th of January last for the supply of emergency rations to the Canadian contingents, was entered into with undue and unnecessary haste by the Minister of Militia and Defence.

Tenders were excluded, sufficient enquiry was not made and the sample offered by the contractor was not properly examined.

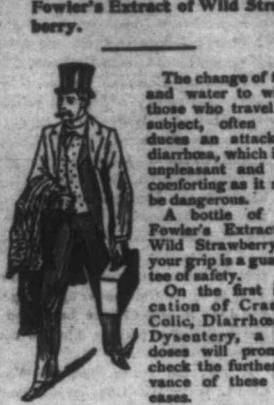
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## When Travelling

Always take with you a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.



The change of food and water among those who travel are subjects often productive of diarrhoea, which is as unpleasant and discomforting as it may be dangerous.

A bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry will be a great deal to a traveler.

On the first indication of Cramps, Colic, Diarrhoea or Dysentery, a few drops of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry will be a sure cure.

Mr. Oliver J. Morris, Charlottetown, P.E.I., writes as follows:

"I was troubled with painful colic, for which I took Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. One bottle completely rid me of boils, and my health was never better than at present."

## MISCELLANEOUS.

## CURES SCROFULA.

Mrs. James Carr, Hastings Co., Ont., writes:

"My son, a boy of two and a half years old, was a terrible case of scrofula, and suffered greatly from it.

On account of this wonderful cure I have recommended Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry to all who suffer from any disease arising from bad diet.

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"I was troubled with painful colic, for which I took Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. One bottle completely rid me of boils, and my health was never better than at present."

To take his leave from the time. He is expected to get back in six weeks, when he proposes to start on a campaign tour. Mr. Foster is now, of course, the leader of the Opposition in the House.

MISCELLANEOUS.

## CANADIAN BORN.

We first saw light in Canada, the land be-

loved of God.

We are the pride of Canada; it is our

country, our home, our birthplace.

And we, the men of Canada, can face the

world and brag

that we were born in Canada beneath the

sunshine of God.

Few of us have the blood of kings, few

are of royal birth,

but we are vagabonds or rogues of doubtful

name and worth,

and are the descendants of that entitles

us to brag

that we were born in Canada beneath the

British Flag.

Blunder—(looking at female portrait): Great gracious! What a hideous face. Where did you find that sitter?

Artist (coldly): That, sir, is a portrait of my sister.

Blunder—I beg your pardon.

My mistake, I'm sure. After all,

I ought to have noticed the family

resemblance.

Mindhar's Liniment cures

Garget in Cows.

Frosting Weather in July

Would cause great discomfort and loss, but fortunately it is golden known.

A vast amount of misery is caused at this season, however, by impoverished blood, poor appetite and general debility. These conditions may be remedied by enriching the blood and toning the stomach.

As the weather is hot, the British Flag.

The Dutch may have their Holland, the Spaniard have their Spain.

The Yankee to the South of us must have his Yankee.

For not a man dare lift a hand against

the men who bring

the British Flag.

E. PAULINE JOHNSON.

Frosty Maiden (a summer border)—How

sadly that looks at me.

Farmer—it's your red parrot, man.

Fair Maiden—Dear me! I knew it was a little out of fashion, but I didn't suppose a country cow could notice it.

I'd like to know where they sell 'em," remarked an old lady in the audience, who is always mislaying her glasses.

CARD.

WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP.

If you take a Lava-Liver Pill to

night before retiring, it will work

while you sleep without a grippe or

cough, biliousness, constipation, dyspepsia, &c.

It will do you good as a six weeks vacation.

It is the best medicine that money can buy.

Fair Maiden—Can't stay long, Mrs.

Snow, I just come to see you wouldn't

make me go.

John Mader—Well, if you're

not going to be a grippe, I'll

make you feel better in the

mean time.

John Mader—Well, if you're

not going to be a grippe, I'll

make you feel better in the

mean time.</