



The Evening Times

VOL. V. No. 36

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1909

TWELVE PAGES—ONE CENT

DETROIT THE FAVORITES

Mostly Even Betting
But Some Slight
Odds on Them

RECORD CROWD

Indications for Biggest Assembly
Ever at a Ball Game—Mullin
to Pitch for Detroit, Adams
Likely for Pittsburgh

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 16.—What is believed to be the largest crowd that ever saw a baseball game in Detroit, went out to Bennett's Park today to witness the eighth and decisive game of the world championship series between Pittsburgh and Detroit. The weather was cold, with a thermometer registering between 35 and 40 degrees above zero. The sky was clear and although the weather forecast predicted snow flurries, the Detroit people turned out in masses for the final game of one of the finest baseball battles that has ever been fought. The great majority of the crowd that went to Bennett Park was confident of a victory for the American League champions.

Slight Odds for Detroit

Many wagers were made at even money and several were recorded with Detroit slight favorite at 4 to 5, or 9 to 10. George Mullin, the hero of the series, was the eyes of the Detroit supporters, who confidently expected to see the choice Manager Jennings as the man to pitch the crucial game. The day was too cold for Donovan. Mullin warmed up in fine shape and the crowd sent up a great cheer when it was seen that he was the pitcher upon whom Jennings was depending to win the world's championship. Mullin's work in the series has made him one of the greatest baseball heroes ever known in this city and if he wins today he will be in a position to at least make the great Ty Cobb share his niche in the hall of baseball. Manager Clarke refused to make any definite announcement concerning his selection for the Pittsburgh pitcher. He had Adams, Maddox and Phillips working out before the game. Adams has defeated Detroit twice and Maddox has done the same thing once. The veteran Phillips has held Detroit safely in the two games he has pitched and Manager Clarke may give him a chance to start a game, but it is thought almost certain that Adams will be the Pittsburgh pitcher.

Injured Men All Right

The three Detroit players who were injured in the ninth inning of Thursday's game were all in the line-up during the game. Tom Jones was apparently none the worse for his collision with Wilson. He worked snappily around the first base. Schmidt was behind the bat and showed no ill effects of the spiking he had received while Mortality's sore knee did not appear to cause him any trouble.

The regular Pittsburgh team was in the field and practiced in brilliant style. The infield worked well, with Wagner making some clever stops and catches. O'Rourke was the umpire behind the bat, with Johnstone on the bases and Klem and Evans along the outfield lines.

The following are the line-ups of the two teams:—
Pittsburgh—Byrne, 3b; Leach, cf; Clarke, 1b; Wagner, s.; Miller, 3b; Abstein, 1b; Wilson, rf; Gibson, Adams, p.
Detroit—D. Jones, 1b; Bush, s.; Cobb, rf; Crawford, cf; Delehanty, 2b; Mortality, 3b; T. Jones, 1b; Schmidt, c; Mullin, p.

F. W. SUMNER GIVES \$3,000 TO Y. M. C. A.

Designs it For Swimming Pool at Moncton—Physical Department Begins Work
Moncton, N. B., Oct. 16.—(Special)—The opening of the physical department of the Y. M. C. A. took place last night when a good programme was carried out. Speeches were made by Mayor Willett, Hon. C. W. Robinson, Dr. F. J. White, F. W. Sumner and others.
Mr. Sumner said that he would give \$3,000 towards a swimming pool for the Y. M. C. A., and suggested that a permanent committee be appointed to get subscriptions for the balance. He saw no reason why they should not have a swimming pool within a year.

PLENARY COUNCIL ADJOURNS TILL TUESDAY

Quebec, Oct. 16.—(Special)—The Plenary Council, which has been sitting here for some time, has adjourned until Tuesday next and several of the priests attending are taking advantage of the adjournment to visit friends in Montreal and other nearby places.

BRITISH AVIATOR IS A NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

Douglas, Oct. 16.—Disaster for the biplane of Captain Cody, and a miraculous escape from death for the aviator himself, furnished a sensational opening for the second day of aviation week. The weather was ideal for flying and a half dozen machines were out early in warming up spins of 200 or 300 yards.
A little before noon, Cody started on a more pretentious flight, and had traveled 1,000 yards when, taking a corner at

COOK TO GET RECORDS TO GIVE PROOF

Declares Guide Was Bought to Make Misleading Affidavit, on Mt. McKinley Climb—Another Row is on

New York, Oct. 16.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook refusing the charges that he did not scale Mount McKinley, in Alaska, in 1906, came out with a statement in New York tonight after three hours' consultation with his attorney, intimating that Edward N. Barrill, the guide who accompanied him, perjured himself in his recent affidavit for a consideration offered by his detractors.

To disprove Barrill's statements he further announced that he has taken preliminary steps to organize an expedition to ascend Mount McKinley, there to recover the records which he says he left there after his ascent. He has requested Anthony Fiala, the Arctic explorer, to head the expedition and has asked Prof. H. C. Parker, of Columbia University, to accompany Fiala.

Telegrams were sent to both Fiala and Parker tonight, and the answer is expected tomorrow.

Cook's Statement
New York, Oct. 16.—Dr. Cook made the following statement to the Associated Press tonight:—
"Upon my return from Atlantic City today I conferred with a confidential agent whom I had sent to Montana to investigate stories which had reached me in Kansas City, to the effect that strong documents had been offered Edward N. Barrill, the guide who accompanied me in the summer of 1906. This confidential agent returned from Montana this morning. For good reasons I do not care at the present time to make his name public."
(Continued on page 5, fourth column.)

DOCTOR SENDS IN BILL FOR \$50,000

New York, Oct. 16.—A claim for \$50,000 for professional services rendered the late Charles T. Barney in keeping him alive long enough to make his will and to settle his estate, was presented to the Barne Estate Company by Dr. George A. Dixon, Dr. Dixon practiced. Tom Jones was apparently none the worse for his collision with Wilson. He worked snappily around the first base. Schmidt was behind the bat and showed no ill effects of the spiking he had received while Mortality's sore knee did not appear to cause him any trouble.

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CONDUCTOR THOMPSON ASSUMES BLAME FOR HIS TRAIN IN THE DISASTER AT NASH'S CREEK

No Matter the Hour and Minute, He Says, They Were Encroaching on The Time of The Maritime Express—Inquest Adjourned Today Until November 16th

Campbellton, N. B., Oct. 16.—(Special)—The inquiry into the L. C. R. fatality at Nash's Creek resumed this morning before Coroner Ferguson. The time was largely occupied in reading over to witnesses a transcript of the evidence taken yesterday.

Train despatcher Ingram, of Campbellton, was questioned as to the rules of the road respecting station agents being always on duty. He said the agents were on duty practically the entire twenty-four hours.

Conductor Thompson, of the freight special, in reply to the coroner, on suggestion of Mr. Ralston, said it would have taken one and a half to two minutes for his train to have gone on the siding at Nash's Creek from the position they were in when the wreck occurred. He also said that his train was at fault, whether the collision occurred at 2:38, 2:41 or 2:45 o'clock, as they were encroaching on the Maritime's time.

Chief Train Despatcher Harry Bray, of

Campbellton, said that he had been informed of the accident while he was in bed. The night operator called him and he answered by wire at his bedside and then gave orders to Newcastle and Campbellton for auxiliary crews and doctors. An auxiliary train left Campbellton for the scene of the wreck at 4:10.

On the conclusion of Mr. Bray's evidence adjournment was made at 12:30 until Tuesday, Nov. 16, at 10 a. m., to take the evidence of Messrs. Cook, Jesulat and several others.

Mr. Justice Drysdale said he was quite in accord with the verdict. He did not see how it could have been otherwise. The offence occurred during a hot political contest, but the offence had been aggravated by pleading justification. He thought there were others behind Mr. Carruthers and in this light, regarding him as not the only culprit, under these conditions he sentenced him to pay a fine of \$100, or in default of payment six months' imprisonment. Seven days were given in which to pay the fine.

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POISONING SON'S COWS THE CHARGE

Belleville Farmer Arrested—Paris Green in Apples in the Pasture—Farm Wagon Crushes Out Child's Life

Belleville, Ont., Oct. 16.—(Special)—As a result of an investigation by Asst. Reburn, of Toronto, Lewis Leland, a farmer, 74 years old, has been committed for trial on a charge of poisoning a cow and horse belonging to his son, John W. Leland. Apples plugged with Paris Green were found in the pasture where the cow and horse were kept. Leland told Inspector Reburn he suspected his father-in-law of poisoning the animals.

Seaford, Ont., Oct. 16.—(Special)—While playing in a field where mangos were being gathered, the seven-year-old daughter of Fred Eckert was accidentally run over by a heavy wagon, dying of injuries a few hours afterwards.

W. I. WHITING IS DEAD IN NEW YORK

Was South Wharf Merchant Here and Well Remembered
News of the death of W. I. Whiting in New York reached here this morning in a telegram to H. A. Lyman, brother-in-law of Isaac Northrup. Mr. Northrup is a nephew of Mr. Whiting and has been in New York for a few days on account of his illness. The wire announcing Mr. Whiting's death came from Mr. Northrup.

Mr. Whiting was a great book lover, and was a Loyalist descendant. Some years ago he conducted a wholesale grocery business on South Market street. About thirty years ago he gave up the business and went to New York. He was succeeded in business by Northrup & Co. Mr. Whiting was a great book lover, and soon after he went to New York he opened up a book store in New street, off Wall street. He was unmarried. He leaves one brother, C. H. Whiting, of Kingston, Kings county, N. B. The body will be brought to Kingston early next week for burial.

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TEACHERS TO HEAR OF MEDICAL INSPECTION IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Dr. McInerney to Read a Paper at Teachers' Institute Meeting Next Week
The Teachers' Institute for St. John city will open on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock in the High School building, Union street. It is expected that there will be a large attendance of teachers at all the sessions. The convention will open with an address by Dr. McInerney, who will give a paper on "Medical Inspection in Public Schools." The afternoon session will begin with a paper on "Music in Schools," by Miss Catherine Robinson. Dr. McInerney will give a lecture on a subject of vital importance at the present time, namely, "Medical Inspection in Schools."

On Friday morning at 9 o'clock the institute will resume with a paper by Supr. Bridge, followed by a paper by the Superintendent, Mr. H. H. McInerney, on "Best Books for Children." At the afternoon session, beginning at 2 o'clock, the election of officers will be in order, and a number of new items of interest will be brought before the meeting. The last paper will be given by T. B. Kildner, superintendent of manual training, entitled "Raffia Work."

The institute will last for two days, during which time the public schools will be closed. The examinations in the High School will commence on Monday and will be finished by Wednesday. These will be for grades 10 and 11 only, and will be the first to be held since the opening of school this fall.

HALL CAINE IS ILL

London, Oct. 16.—Hall Caine, the author, who was seized with an attack of heart trouble Thursday night, is reported today as improving.

FIGHTERS ENTER RING CONFIDENT

Johnston and Ketchel Make Statements Before the Battle—Crowds Indicate a \$20,000 House for Coffroth

San Francisco, Oct. 16.—All roads lead to Colma today. With all chances for a hitch in the great championship battle between Jack Johnston, the negro, heavy weight title holder, and Stanley Ketchel, the middleweight leader, apparently set at rest by the assurance of the principals and their managers, attention of the fight-loving public this morning became focused upon Promoter Coffroth's arena.

A \$20,000 House
Thoroughfares leading to the arena were alive with automobiles, Colma bound, and streets long before the noon hour, carried heavy loads of men on their way to the hosiery. Before the gates opened at 11 o'clock there was a long line in waiting. There was every indication that Coffroth would come up to his expectations of a \$20,000 house. Sporting men are here from all parts of the country.

Johnston and Ketchel were in the ring at 10 o'clock. Johnston showed himself in the downtown streets driving his automobile, and smiling his golden smile. He talked with easy assurance and appeared to be in no shadow of doubt that he would pass the crisis in his career as a fighter with ease to witness a great battle.

Ketchel was out for a short run on the road. His manager said he was not doing any worrying over the outcome. Both men are reported to be in the best kind of shape. Fight enthusiasts and trainers who have watched both men in their work expect to witness a great battle.

Johnston's chances are told in his superior weight and reach, while Ketchel is a hard body and a gameness that is devoid of fear. Statements made by the principals and their managers tend to indicate their confidence.

"I expect to win, of course," said Ketchel, "I haven't a bit of fear of Johnston, although I appreciate his ability as a fighter. I will go after him in what looks the best way, but I never plan fights in advance. I am in the best shape that I ever was."

"I will win this fight, and then I will go to the States," said Johnston. "I can get Ketchel in the first round I am going to do so. I am sure, for I want to make people understand what a chance I have to whip Jeffries."

As there is no weight condition, the fighters are expected to enter the ring at 3 o'clock sharp. The preliminaries will start at 1:45 o'clock.

When the two champions enter the ring, the difference in weight will be around 25 pounds. Ketchel thinks he will weigh in at 178. Johnston's manager said that he was willing to have Johnston weighed in the ring and the figure would be between 164 and 165 pounds. In the betting Johnston still holds a ten to four favorite with even money on fifteen rounds. There is a healthy Ketchel support.

HIGHLAND INN BURNED

Somerset, Pa., Oct. 16.—The Highland Inn, regarded for many years as a popular resort and one of the largest hotels of this section of the state, was totally burned this morning, entailing a loss estimated at \$100,000.

Few patrons were in the hotel, owing to the lateness of the season. The fire originated in the kitchen and spread rapidly.

FATAL GRADE CROSSING

Little Falls, N. Y., Oct. 16.—Phil B. Casler, a prominent Granger and Democratic leader, and president of the Casler Book Co., was instantly killed today when a west shore passenger train struck a horse and buggy he was driving at a grade crossing in this city.

TRUST COMPANY FAILS

Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 16.—The City Bank & Trust Company, of this city, closed its doors this morning for the purpose of liquidation.

KINGSTON LOOKING FOR INDUSTRIES

\$2,000 a Year Man to Get Them—Montreal Masons May Strike—Bribery in Bonus Matter

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 16.—(Special)—The city council and board of trade are about to inaugurate a new policy, looking to the securing of industries for Kingston. To this end a commissioner will be appointed at a salary of \$2,000 a year. His duty will be to interview firms desirous of locating in Kingston.

Montreal, Oct. 16.—(Special)—A by-law and stoneasons of the city may go on strike. They have notified the builders they will withdraw their services unless non-union labor is employed, and the builders say they will not give up the open shop, so that a strike seems certain.

Toronto, Oct. 16.—(Special)—A by-law which the town of Barrie was to render financial assistance to the Barrie Carriage Co. to the extent of \$20,000 was quashed yesterday by Chief Justice Falconbridge. Money, it was shown, had been paid to a number of voters.

WILL REVIVE AN OLD FAVORITE AT BAND CONCERT

Plans for Band Stand Presentation About Completed—City Cornet Band Fair

The City Cornet Band have about completed their plans for the turning over of the band stand in King square to the band Monday afternoon. Thanksgiving day, 2:30 o'clock. The mayor and aldermen have been invited to be present, and the formal presentation of the band stand will be made by the president of the band, James Connolly. The band stand account will be prepared, probably on parchment, and presented to the mayor.

A special programme of music will be played, for which the band is making special preparation. A selection which the band is going to play by request will be of interest to the people of the last generation. It is entitled "Kids Are Out Today." This piece was popular quite a number of years ago, and was sung by the Cyprus Club at an entertainment given in the city.

In connection with the band's fair, to open on Nov. 1, the committee of ladies and gentlemen working for it met Wednesday evening next in the band room.

CANADIAN BUILT THE CLERMONT

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 16.—(Special)—It develops that the steamer Clermont, used in the Fulton river celebration, was built by James Clute, a Canadian, living in New York, and brother of Mrs. J. H. Metcalfe, of Kingston. James Clute, jr., was the engineer on the steambreak during the celebration and was personally thanked by Governor Hughes for his successful handling of the antiquated engine.

CRISIS FOR MCCARREN TODAY

New York, Oct. 16.—The slight improvement in Senator Patrick McCarren's condition noted last night seemed to be continuing today. Last night was the best he has passed since he was operated on for appendicitis. The crisis is expected today.

CARONIA REPORTED

New York, Oct. 16.—Steamer Caronia, Liverpool for New York, was 230 miles east of Sandy Hook at 7 a. m. Dock about 8 a. m. Sunday.

DYNAMITE ON ST. JOHN TRAIN

HUNDRED DOLLARS OR SIX MONTHS

Carruthers Sentenced at Kentville in Borden Case This Morning—Judge in Accord With the Verdict

Kentville, N. S., Oct. 16.—(Special)—The trial of the Kentville court room were all filled this morning when Judge Drysdale took his seat. Mr. Roscoe, K. C., asked that sentence be delivered in the case of the King vs. Carruthers.

A. E. Dunlop, representing the prisoner, said that confinement would be injurious to the prisoner. He lived with an old sister, who was ill with heart trouble. She took his conviction very hardly. He asked for leniency.

Mr. Justice Drysdale said he was quite in accord with the verdict. He did not see how it could have been otherwise. The offence occurred during a hot political contest, but the offence had been aggravated by pleading justification. He thought there were others behind Mr. Carruthers and in this light, regarding him as not the only culprit, under these conditions he sentenced him to pay a fine of \$100, or in default of payment six months' imprisonment. Seven days were given in which to pay the fine.

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VIOLENT SCENES IN SPANISH PARLIAMENT

Madrid, Oct. 16.—Notwithstanding opposition existed among the members of the senate and the chamber of deputies to a sitting at present, parliament was convened. In the senate only routine business was transacted and everything was calm, but in the chamber of deputies violent scenes were enacted.

The republican deputy Asasti started the trouble when he demanded that a speech be ruled out of order by the president, against which action the opposition protested uproariously. While Premier Masera was reading, the tumult culminated in the exasperated conservatives rushing upon the republicans with raised fists. Ushers however separated the combatants and the routine business was carried out although amid many ructions.

DEATH LIST AWFUL IN SOUTHERN STORM

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 16.—With the known deaths already numbering 37 and with 13 others reported dead, with scores seriously injured and many others painfully bruised and scarred and with the property damage amounting to a million dollars or more, the havoc wrought by the storm which swept middle and west Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia and Arkansas late Wednesday, grows as reports are received as conditions regain their normal state.

Halves of counties were laid waste, towns were destroyed, plantations were greatly damaged and from all sections of the storm-swept area come reports of loss of life.

DESTROY \$2,000 OF SEIZED LIQUOR

Sydney, C. B., Oct. 16.—License Inspector Norman Campbell, assisted by Police Sergeant McPhail, made a clean sweep of the city warehouse at the corner of George and Brookland streets, and dumped about \$2,000 worth of liquor into the sewer. All kinds of liquor were destroyed—beer, whisky, wine, gin and rum.

It required three and a half hours of the part of two men before all was spilled. The liquor destroyed was the result of a number of raids made by the inspector during the last couple of months.

RUSSIAN LEVY OF \$4,000,000 ON FINLAND

Helingsfors, Oct. 16.—An imperial manifesto is published ordering that the military contribution of \$4,000,000 shall be taken from the Finnish treasury and turned over to Russia.

The Finns have not decided upon any definite line of resistance and disorders are improbable. Russian reinforcements are expected to arrive here soon.

Twenty Sticks, Black Powder and Matches In Box Unlabelled

ARREST MADE

Boston Police Arrest Michle Senia of Bristol, N. B., When Discovery is Made—Enough Explosive to Blow Up North Station

Boston, Mass., Oct. 16.—(Special)—Twenty sticks of dynamite, fifty pounds of black powder, a quantity of cartridges and a box of matches, carried almost unperceived in a wooden box, were found among the baggage unloaded from one of the cars of the train which reached Boston from St. John yesterday. The box had been in the baggage car all the way from Bristol, N. B., with four hundred passengers on board.

Experts on explosives say there was sufficient powder and dynamite in the box to blow the North Station to pieces. The discovery of the box caused excitement at the station. The police were notified and Michle Senia of Bristol, N. B., was arrested and held on a charge of transporting dynamite without having it marked "dynamite."

Senia was unable to account clearly for having the explosive in his possession. He had been working in the neighborhood of Bristol for some time on one of the railroads, when he determined to leave for Italy.

Confidence Man Gets Their \$85 On Broadway

New York, Oct. 16.—The fleeing of Gene and Arthur Sherbourne, of Quebec, province, was done so easily and their faith in the man who fled them was so implicit that even the police failed to notice it and gave the two lads almost half as much as they lost.

The \$85 had been all that they could save from five years' work on the farm, and they had it snugly sewed away as they stood at the corner of Broadway and Third street, wondering where to look for work.

The usual well-dressed stranger sauntered across the street and spoke to a confederate standing within earshot of the Canadian boys, offering work at his "auto plant at Hartford."

The Sherbourne lads rose to the bait. They were delighted when the stranger said he'd hire them, and they turned over their savings with pathetic gratefulness when the stranger advised them to put it in his hands for safekeeping.

When Policeman Wertheimer heard the story three hours later, he gave the lads a dollar himself, and supplemented it with a collection among the Tenderloin reserves.

RAILWAY LINE FROM ST. LAWRENCE TO UNGAVA

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—(Special)—Parliament will be asked to incorporate the St. Lawrence and Ungava Railroad, with power to build a line from the St. Lawrence River to Berthier county north through Ungava to Ungava Bay.

REVOLUTION SPREADS; WILD CONFUSION

New Orleans, Oct. 16.—A special to the Pictorial from Bluefields, Nicaragua, says: The revolutionary movement is spreading rapidly in Nicaragua and the wildest confusion prevails throughout the country. Thousands of people are flocking to the standard of General Estrada and the revolutionary leaders now have a formidable army.

The revolutionary government today received advice that the revolt had extended to the western coast of Nicaragua. The adherents of General Estrada said yesterday that they expected the revolt to extend to the city of Managua, the capital of the Republic, within forty-eight hours.

It is claimed by the Nicaraguan revolutionists that Guatemala and Salvador are in sympathy with them and are secretly furnishing aid. The revolt has completely paralyzed business.

LANARK PROTEST DROPPED

Almonite, Oct. 16.—(Special)—The protest of T. B. Caldwell, of Lanark, against Wm. Thoburn, M. P. for North Lanark, has been dropped. This step is the outcome of negotiations which have been under consideration for a short time.

REPORT SALE OF MINES TO GERMANY; IT MEANS MUCH

Paris, Oct. 16.—The Matin's correspondent at Oran, Algeria, telegraphs a sensational rumor to the effect that Mula Hadid, the Sultan of Morocco, has sold the Rif mines, which were the cause of the trouble between Spain and the Moors on the Rifian coast, to a German company.

The correspondent explains that such a transaction would be perfectly feasible as the Spanish held the mines by reason only of a payment of \$15,000 to Hough, the pretender, who was recently put to death by the Sultan. Should the fact of the sale be confirmed, consequences of the gravest character would appear inevitable.

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1909

PROMINENT CHURCHMEN DISCUSS DR. ELIOT'S STATEMENT ABOUT HEAVEN AND HELL

DR. ELIOT'S STATEMENT

"The fear of hell has not proved effective to deter men from wrongdoing, and heaven has never yet been described in terms very attractive to the average man or woman. Both are, indeed, unimaginable."

"The modern man would hardly feel any appreciable loss of motive power to ward good or away from evil if heaven were burnt or hell quenched. The prevailing Christian conceptions of heaven and hell have hardly any more influence with educated people in those days than Olympus and Hades have. The modern mind craves an immediate motive or leading, good for today on this earth."—From "The Religion of the Future," by Charles W. Eliot, ex-president of Harvard University.

The New York World publishes the following comments by various New York churchmen and Dr. Gidding of Columbia on Dr. Eliot's statement about heaven and hell.

Archbishop Ryan

The fear of hell has deterred men from wrongdoing in the past and is deterring them from wrongdoing to-day. Let us at the great motives of human action. The young man contending with the temptation, wrestling with some "lady demon." The pleasure promised is certain and alluring. Religion whispers in his ear: Fear God, listen to your conscience; you know that to yield is wrong. Remember the punishment which God has threatened. Remember the heaven you renounce if you yield, and the hell whose punishment you deserve. Now all this warning is based on doctrine. Only whisper in his ear: "There is no hell. God is indulgent, and takes no cognizance of human action." "Strike down the great truth and you strike down the great motive."

But some one may say that it is utterly impossible that we should go back to the paganism from which Christianity has liberated us; there is no danger of our going back to the paganism from which Christianity has liberated us. Yet one must remember that human nature is always the same and that there will be no change in it. Man is a religious being. If he worship not God he will worship himself. Deny the doctrines of faith and you try to kill Christianity and establish some form of paganism.

Dr. Franklin H. Giddings

The views of Dr. Franklin H. Giddings, professor of sociology in Columbia University, are very similar to those expressed by Dr. Eliot regarding the relationship of human conduct to conceptions of reward and punishment in a future world.

"The masses of people have never cared much about heaven or hell," he said to a World reporter who found him in his office in the Columbia Library. "and at the present day neither place is an appreciable factor in the make-up of any popular code of morals."

"Conduct is an extremely complex affair," he went on, "and is the combined effect of many contributory causes. Roughly speaking, inherited tendencies, habit and environment are the principal elements in determining any given act."

"It is generally admitted that experience is the best teacher. This truth can be applied quite as readily to the experience of the race as to the experience of the individual. Our ancestors have spent centuries in laboriously learning that certain lines of conduct are productive of pleasure and certain others of pain, just so that we might be born with the instinct to pursue the first and to avoid the second."

The professor smiled when he was asked whether various churches hadn't influenced men to a very great extent by the threat of hell to evil doers, and the promise of heaven to the virtuous.

"Special creed or dogma has always had an important influence on the lives of the masses. This influence I attribute, however, not to the fear or the hope concerning the next world which the priests were able to implant in the breasts of their congregations, but rather to the personal influence of themselves. If there has been a decline in the influence of the church it may be accounted for partially by the lessening of intellectual differences between priests and laymen. In the middle ages, for instance, the clergy had a monopoly of all the learning there was. It followed as a natural consequence that their authority on spiritual and intellectual questions should be unchallenged. The situation today is entirely different. The church will, nevertheless, always be a powerful factor in civilization, but its function will gradually change. Socialization and authority will be its ultimate role in the community. The fact that it usually stands for what is fair and decent and of good report is sufficient to make it a desirable if not an indispensable institution."

"How do you account for the New England conscience and the 'sense of sin' on the basis of a sense of right and wrong founded on the mere aggregation of experience?" was the next question. The professor answered it without hesitation.

"The New England conscience is simply the result of a middle-class Puritanism who were termed gentry in sixteenth-century England," he said. "The Puritans detested the class who ruled them, and as the men and women of this class loved the play and the hunt, and the dance, and the clothes, and rich food and wine, these things came to be associated in the mind of the governed with all that was to be shunned. The Puritan movement was colored by class struggle just as is the socialist movement of today."

Dr. Stephen S. Wise (Rabbi)

I think it is true that the fear of hell has in the past proved effective to deter men from wrongdoing, although it must be added that effectiveness is a relative term. But two questions remain to be asked. Can the fear of hell continue to prove effective? I do not believe so. Though the fear of hell may prove effective with some as the result of the teachings of certain religions, men are beginning to understand that it is true that hell is doomed rather than that they are doomed to hell. The fear of hell is passing, and this is to be deplored only by those who prefer the old terrors and falsehoods to the new truths and the new hopes."

The second and more important question is: Seeing that the teachings of religion can no longer honestly speak of hell, what right in the name of truth is there to regret the so-called ethical losses

which arise from inability to terrorize men into virtue? The churches of the world happily are beginning to realize that it is their office not so much to keep men out of hell in another life as to get something of heaven into the lives of men of today.

The highest duty of the church is not to guard the graves of the dead, but to safeguard the rights of the living, not to perpetuate childish rites, but to conserve and defend the rights of every man, woman and child, not so much to dwell upon the music of the choir invisible as to bring some harmony into the disordered life of the obviously disinherited of the earth, not so much to sing about the golden paved street of a Jerusalem that is to be as to secure decent and clean streets and livable homes for men, women and children here now.

The church that would constrain men to right living by the terrors of hell is a

policeman. The office of the church is prophetic—to impel men to right living and right doing because right is right.

Rev. Dr. Chas. A. Eaton

The hope of heaven has proved effective in deterring countless millions from wrongdoing in the future. Still, this fear is not as potent as it used to be. Of course there have been many men who have not been deterred from wrongdoing by fear of hell, just as there have been many men who have committed murder in the face of the death penalty. But the vast majority have been held in check by the fear of hell, just as the vast majority are held in check today by the fear of jail.

I believe that hell exists in the world as an evident fact; that the wages of sin is death is a grim reality, and hell exists in this world no matter where it is continued. In fact, it is one of the most terrible realities of the world.

It is impossible to describe heaven, but the hope of attaining it has undoubtedly aided many people in leading honest, upright lives. The idea of a heaven paved with golden streets is not attractive to me—I prefer green grass to golden cobbles stones—but it has been and still is the idea of many and has worked incalculable good.

Heaven and hell exist in this world, although personally I have seen more hell than heaven in it. It is all right for our philosopher friends to declare that there is no hell—they are entitled to their opinions and must be heard respectfully—but those who encounter the grim realities of life know differently.

The fear of hell may not deter college professors from wrongdoing, but for the masses it is still effective. A policeman is not necessary to make college professors behave, perhaps, but he is usually necessary to keep the masses in line.

The trouble seems to me to be with our conceptions of heaven and hell. No intelligent person accepts literally the descriptions of heaven and hell given by biblical writers or by Dante, Milton and the poets; for these only tried to imagine something that might convey some idea of these places of bliss and pain. Each man has a right to form his own conception of what they may be like.

The Pope Will Not Reply

Rome, Sept. 25—A short time ago a cablegram was sent from here to several American newspapers purporting to be an interview with Father Brand, editor of The Civiltà Cattolica, and stating on his authority that the Pope would make a formal reply to Dr. Eliot's pronouncement of a new religion. Father Brand has just returned from his holidays, now, and your correspondent took an early opportunity of calling upon him.

"Father Brand," I said, "a story has been cabled to America that the theory of a new religion broached by Dr. Eliot has so stirred up the Church, even here in Rome, that the Pope has decided to make a formal reply to the doctor. Is that right?"

"It is not,"

"Is it possible that the rumor arose by reason of some dignitary of the Church assuming such a task?"

"You can say for me that nobody in Rome has ever seriously thought of writing a reply to Dr. Eliot's pronouncement on the new religion. Why should they? The subject is not worth a reply. The ideas ventilated in Dr. Eliot's address were broached a long time ago by Herbert Spencer and others, and they were simply repeated at the time. There is really no need to broach old straw merely because it happens to be used again in an address by the President of Harvard."

Father Brand stands very high in authority in affairs of the Catholic Church in Rome.

Rev. Dr. Chas. F. Aked

Dr. Eliot is absolutely right. The theory of hell has never proved effective in deterring men from wrongdoing. I won't say the Christian fairy tale any longer as it has certainly not deterred men as a body from wrongdoing.

The most severe punishments have not deterred men from committing crimes. I would say that where murder is punishable by death, it is quite as common as in states where less severe punishments are in vogue. Years ago theft used to be punishable death in many countries, but thieves did not deterred from stealing. One of the greatest men I ever knew told me that the fear of hell had never made men good and I re-echo his belief. Hell is unimaginable, as Dr. Eliot says. Even great geniuses like Dante and Swedenborg have produced only fantastic and incredible pictures of it.

And, as Dr. Eliot says, heaven has never yet been described in terms very attractive to the average man or woman. It is, too, unthinkable. I don't think the descriptions of heaven please the men and women of today. They don't even sound attractive to the little boys in Sunday school. While the little boys are singing "I Want to Be an Angel" they want to be pirates—anything but angels.

In the future the subject of evil will be approached from a new standpoint—not of resistance and prevention. It is only Dr. Eliot who says so. These teachings come from the heart of orthodoxy and most important contribution to the most essential things of human life, but a matter of fact he has simply been killed

the slain Egyptians by the Dead Sea. What he says has been believed by thinking men and women for a long time. Thinking people have not believed for many years that the fear of hell has ever or ever will make people good.

We must remember that we are living in a new day. Many people have grown out of their old way of thinking, but they have not yet formulated a new. At the present time it is as if the Church were moving out of an old house into a new and larger one. Some things are worn out and have to be brightened up. Other things have to be given or thrown away. There is a little dust. The Church is moving out into larger premises, where it can entertain all its friends.

No living being can expound the religion of the present, much less the religion yet to be. There are tremendous gaps, omissions, that can be remedied only by the resignation of a personal Christ.

But this thing is to be remembered: We must approach the subject of evil from the standpoint of resistance and prevention; the fear of hell or the hope of heaven has never made men good.

Rev. Anna H. Shaw

Heaven and hell, as described to us in current terms of the Christian religion, are both unimaginable and unnecessary to the educated men and women of today. We are not afraid of being burned in a real red fire. We would be tremendously bored in a heaven of eternal rest and pain singing. Dr. Eliot is unquestionably voicing the modern conception as to the traditional hereafter—it simply doesn't count.

I would disagree with him only in his use of the past tense. Heaven and hell have counted in the centuries behind us; they have influenced 'generations of devout and learned,' as well as the unlearned masses. But now we have outgrown them.

We have learned to look at nature scientifically instead of emotionally, that is, all God's voice no longer speaks to us in the thunder. We know it is electric. "The blue heaven above us" is mere verbiage. We cannot accept the Christian fairy tale any longer as it has certainly not deterred men as a body from wrongdoing.

Men and women today are more and more growing to consider good and evil as an end in themselves, not as means toward an end. Very small children are encouraged to be 'good' by means of pennies. Likewise they are made to fear being 'bad' by threats of punishment to come. So, in the earlier stages of the world's development, it appeared necessary to bribe and threaten their children and women-children with future bliss or woe.

But suppose doing does mean just going into sleep, and never waking up. I, for one, would infinitely prefer that denouement of the typical Christian conception of an eternal halcyon concert. And suppose it to be a fact, this simple blotting out—does that change the goodness of good or the badness of bad for us—here—today?

We know we have this world and that what we do must have an effect in it. Why do we need to bother about what we don't know? Mr. Bernard Shaw wisely remarks somewhere that the religious soldier will never have won his final victory till he has conquered in himself the mean little personal wish to continue as a personal factor and till he becomes willing to be thrown on the scrap heap after he is no more.

Now—here—these are the voices that call both the saints and sinners of New York. Not afterward—hereafter.

NEW YORK AND ITS TAX RATE

A severe indictment of New York's present-day municipal methods is contained in an article on the "Budget and the Citizen," by Mary B. Sayle, which appears in the Outlook. The article is illustrated by charts which show in tabulated form how the money raised in taxes is spent.

The writer says that: But when we have learned that twenty-eight out of every hundred dollars paid in by the taxpayer are paid out in interest and redemption charges on the city debt, or in instalments thereof; that eighteen dollars go to the department of education, nine dollars to the police department, between one and two dollars each to the health department and the department of public charities, and so forth, we are as far as ever from an answer to the second half of our question: "Are we getting our money's worth?"

In New York, as in many another American city, large and small, it has long been a settled conviction in the public mind that we are not getting our money's worth. Specific proof in support of this conviction has been furnished from time to time by sporadic disclosures—or rather by sporadic deficiencies of "grat" or of conspicuous inefficiency on the part of public officials; and on several occasions the public has waxed wrathful enough to insist on the experiment of a "non-partisan" or a "reform" administration. In every instance, however, this mood has proved evanescent; reform has failed to "make good" in the eyes of sufficient numbers of the voters, and the city has been turned over again at the earliest opportunity to the tender mercies of the ever-watching Tammany tiger. Thus it has come about that the public has become more and more confirmed in pessimism.

The padding of the pay roll is described as one of the reasons why the tax rate of the city is high. The hope of the city, according to the writer, rests with the Bureau of Municipal Research.

Two Points Of View

"Every citizen should," says the writer, "consider the city budget from two points of view: that of the resident, anxious to secure the largest possible measure of protection and opportunity for himself and his fellow-residents—results to be compassed only by the expenditure of many millions annually by the great city

departments; and that of the taxpayer, direct or indirect, anxious to prevent unnecessary increases in the various departmental appropriations which make up the budget, and consequent increases in the tax rate."

It is that the Bureau of Municipal Research steps to the front with an answer and a solution—partial, as all things earthly must be, but practical, of immediate applicability, and yet so far-reaching in effect that we can scarcely yet begin to measure its probable consequences. "Yes," declares the Bureau, "there is a way out; not a way of entirely preventing the increase of taxes, indeed, for the city must be prepared to provide for its own growth, but a way to keep that increase within modest and reasonable limits. Insist on knowing exactly what your money is to be spent for, and on getting full value for your money; cut out the possibility of waste and graft; replace antiquated labor and money-wasting ways of doing the city's work by modern-business methods, as every private firm and corporation has to do if it is going to compete successfully in the business world. By such means you will save enough money now being expended without due return to pay for most of the developments in preventive health work and education, and so on, that you will need for years to come."

Budget Reform

"This answer makes clear at once both the importance of budget reform and its place as a part of a larger social and economic programme. If we do not know exactly what our money has been and is to be spent for, we cannot judge whether we are getting our money's worth when we do know, we are enabled to take the next step, to frame the next demand for information needed to guide us in deciding what we want and how to get it. If we should discover, for example, that salaries of five hundred dollars each were being asked for the wardens of a group of institutions who were already in the best private hospitals to care for the same number of patients; or that, while thousands of school children were being adequately instructed in essential elementary branches, it was proposed to spend thousands of dollars to provide teachers of some relatively unimportant subject, we should then be in a position

to ask for reasons, and to weigh replies in explanation of such expenditures, and to say definitely, when we had weighed them, 'Such and such things we do not want; bought with our money, such and such things we do want; bought with it.'"

"While the larger programme in which budget reform plays so important a part is far too broad for comprehensive review here, a glance at it will be of interest. At the same time that the Bureau of Municipal Research has been laboring for the reorganization of budget proceedings it has been conducting investigations into the business management of various city departments, among them the Department of Parks, the Police Department, and the department of gas, water supply and electricity, and has, by detailed examination of records and accounts been enabled to point out defective methods which have permitted paying out public money without assured equivalent return and have resulted in failure to collect revenues due the city from permits and privileges of all sorts. Thus the system—or lack of system—which permits the purchase of supplies in small quantities directly by the various divisions using them, has resulted in such absurdities.

Lessons For Other Cities

"What is the lesson which other cities can learn from the spectacle of this struggle of New York to free herself from the shackles of antiquated method and place her business on the same footing as that of any legitimately successful private corporation? Here and there, all over the country, groups of men are awaking to the existence in their own community of similar evils needing correction. In Philadelphia and Cincinnati the Bureau of Municipal Research are already organized; in Memphis, Buffalo, and other cities special investigation looking to the same end have been undertaken or are soon to be begun. We have often been told that municipal government is the weakest point in all our American system, and at the present moment it would seem that we are coming with a rush to the realization of the fact and the discovery and application of effective remedies. While it may be confidently hoped that evils in the smaller communities will be found to be less firmly rooted, it is safe to prophesy that there will be work enough to be done in many of them to keep their public-spirited citizens busy for more than one decade to come."

THE LATE PETER F. COLLIER

Founder and head of Collier's Weekly, and the great publishing house which bears his name, was a firm believer in life insurance.

HIS CONFIDENCE IN

The Prudential

was shown by his voluntary and unsolicited selection of this company.

The following letter from his son and executor, Mr. Robert J. Collier, shows the wisdom of his choice.

Hon. John F. Dryden, President,
The Prudential Ins. Co. of America,
Newark, N. J.

My Dear Sir:

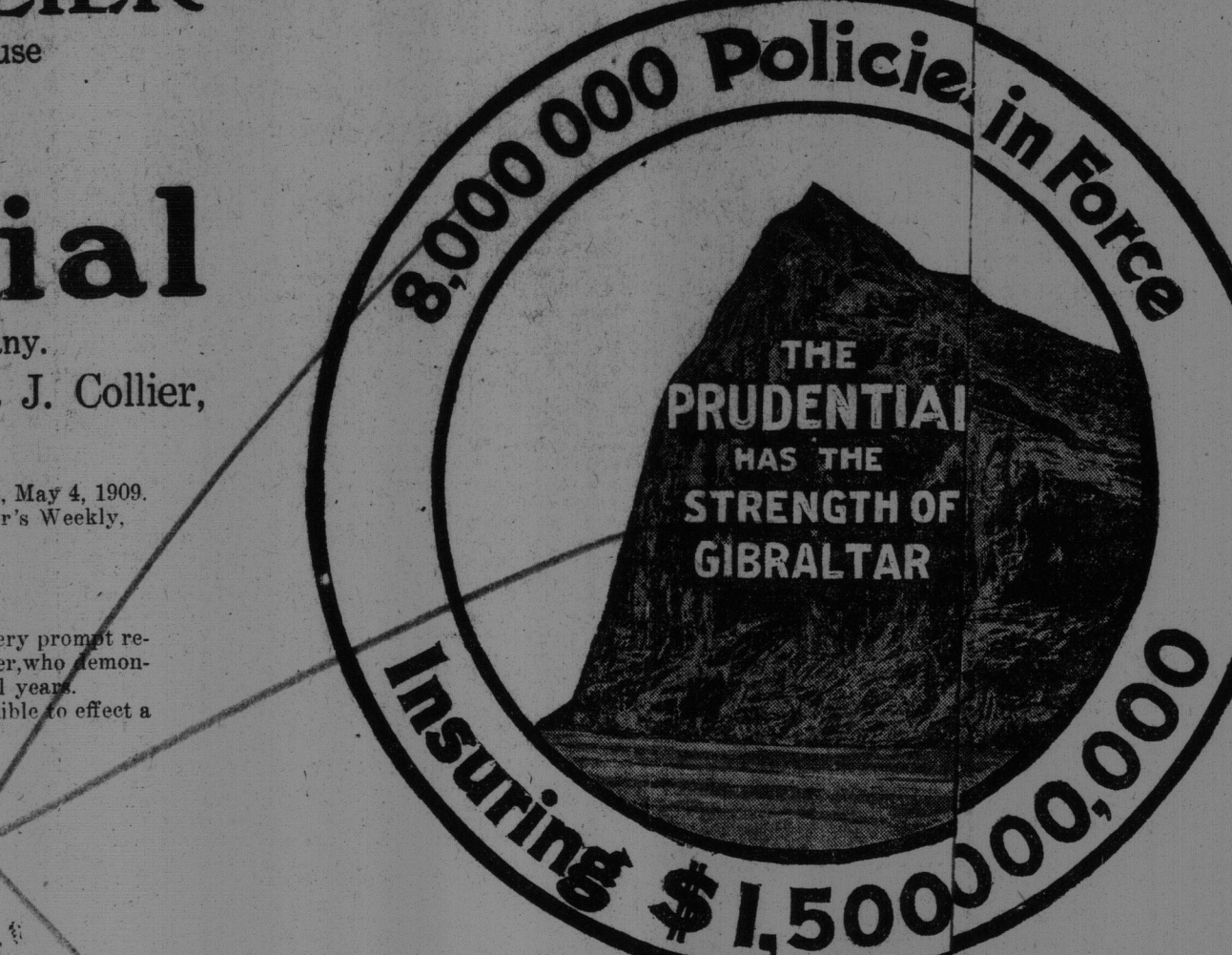
Permit me to thank you, and through you The Prudential Insurance Company of America, for the very prompt receipt of checks for \$50,000, in full cash settlement of claim on the life of my father, Peter Fenelon Collier, who demonstrated his belief in Life Insurance in The Prudential by carrying policies of your Company for several years. Proofs were completed and checks delivered the same day, and your company did everything possible to effect a quick payment of claim.

Assuring you of my appreciation,

I remain,
Yours very truly,

Robert J. Collier

(New York, May 4, 1909.
Office of Collier's Weekly.



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NEWS OF THE SHIPPING WORLD

REPORTS AND DISASTERS.

Boston, Oct. 14.—Reports from Key state that there is a possibility of a Schre Medford and Frontenac. The dragged about 4½ miles and now lies from Key West lighthouse, with two feet water over deck; cargo all on board. Frontenac dragged about five miles; if water is jettisoned it is probable that can be floated; ship's own pumps too weak to get her afloat last night. It is probable that assistance will be sent to stranded vessels tomorrow.

Key West, Oct. 13.—Schooner Pleroma (Br.), from West Indies, with coconuts for Yvannah, arrived here today with masts broken by rigging, anchors and chains gone missing. The Pleroma brought master and crew of scho. Florence R. Hewson (Br.), Mobile Oct. 4, for Demerara, which was found waterlogged 45 miles SE by S here.

VESSELS IN PORT

VESSELS IN PORT.

STEAMERS.

SCHOONERS.

Annie M Parker, 307, R C Elkin.
Aldine, 299, A W Adams.
Arthur M Gibson, 296, J W Smith.
Adonis, 316, A Cushing & Co.
Dara C, 402, J W Smith.
E Merriam, 331, A W Adams.
Elma, 289, A W Adams.
Harry Miller, 346, A W Adams.
Harry H Chamberlain, 204, A W Adams.
Lucia Porter, 285, P McIntyre.

Lois V Cople, 132, A W Adams.
 Lucille, 164, O M Kerrison.
 Mosma, 389, P McIntyre.
 Margaret May Riley, 241, A Cushing &
 Minnie Slauson, 271, A W Adams.
 Peter C Schultz, 373, A W Adams.
 Pandora, 98, C M Kerrison.
 Preference, 242, J Spiane & Co.
 Ronald, 263, J W Smith.
 Noromberg, 266, R C Elkin.
 R Bowers, 874, R C Elkin.
 Roger Drury, 1067, R C Elkin.
 Romeo, 411, P McIntyre.
 Sallie E Ludlam, 139, D J Purdy.
 Winnie Lawry, 215, D J Purdy.
 Wlitch Hazel, 238, A W Adams.

MARINE NEWS

British steamer *Simondeis*, Captain J. Steele, sailed from Cardiff last Wednesday for Cruz.

British schooner *Lady of Aron*, Captain Steele, arrived at Philadelphia last Thursday from Sackville, N. B., with lumber.

Cable advises from Bergen, N. J., that the Norwegian steamer *Sterk*, a freighter, foundered yesterday off Maine. The crew of 12 were lost.

The schooner *Samuel J. Guicher*, of Hart, Baltimore, for Boston, with coal, was floated from West Chop, where grounded Wednesday, and is in tow for destination apparently uninjured.

Steamship *Nunimidan*, Captain Moore, came from Boston for Glasgow yesterday. She will call at Halifax to load 6,000 barrels of

Yarmouth, N. S., Light, Oct. 14—The Brookside, Capt. Calvin Morrell, sailed day for Buenos Ayres with a cargo of about two feet of lumber. On her return she will meet next April, Capt. Morrell expects to retire.

E. J. Robicheaux, lumber dealer at Metton, has a gasoline engine placed in the schooner Emily R., and returning tomorrow on her trip, also near returning with spring ale. The cargo was considerably portland.

Friday's Portland Argus says:—"The schedule of sailings from this port of the Atlantic and Thomson lines for the coming season have not yet been given out, but are expected in a few days. It is understood even if the report that the Canadian Pa-

the railway has acquired the Glasgow service from the Caledonian. The Glasgow service from Aberdeen will be maintained this year. As regards the Thomson line it has just announced that a change has been made in the ownership, their entire fleet of 11 steamers, managed by the Robert Reford Co., having been purchased by the Cairn line, added to the Cairn line fleet which now consists of 28 steamers. The sale of the fleet, however, will make no change in the character of the boats coming in from the port, as the regular scheduled sailings on the Cairn line will be maintained.

and the company will place some of the forest and largest boats on the route they are looking forward to an unusually busy season."

EXPORTS

For Cardif, per stmr Leuctra, 2,781.775 spruce deals, W. Malmcom Mackay.
For Manchester, per stmr Manchester chant, 542,620 feet spruce deals, 14,815 pine deals, 2,778 feet birch plank, 30,000

hemlock plank.
For Philadelphia, 650,600 laths.

DEATHS.

WHITING—In New York on Friday n
W. I. Witting, formerly of this city. In
ment will be at Kingston, Kings Co., N.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS
(Too late for Classification.)

WANTED—COUPLE TO OCCUPY **Box**
of furnished house. G. L., 44
1990-10

BOARDING—LARGE SUNNY ROOM W
board. Apply 222 Duke street.
1989

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL
housework. Apply 163 Charlotte st.
1931-10

WANTED—A GOOD PLAIN COOK.
washing. Good wages. Apply with
reference to MRS. W. E. FOSTER, 27
street. 1931-10

SECOND HAND FURNITURE—ALL KINDS
of second-hand furniture bought
and sold. Refreshening rattan chairs, baby
beds, etc. 1931-10

FOR SALE-A NICE LOT OF CHILDREN'S TAMMS and a sample lot of large hose. Tams selling from 15c. to 30c. c. Hose 10c. to 50c pair. **McGRATH'S DEPARTMENT AND FURNITURE STORE** and 176 Brussels street.

**LIKELY FINISH
CURRENCY CASE**

The argument in the Currey divorce was continued this morning before Honor Justice McKeown. M. G. T. for Mrs. Currey, continued his address claimed that Dr. Currey in his evid contradicted the statements made by on previous occasions, and said that lawyers on Mrs. Currey's side were al

willing and ready to secure witnesses corroborate Mrs. Currey's statements. At 1 o'clock Mr. Teed was still addressing the court. His honor decided to adjourn the court until next Friday at 10 a. m. It is likely that the case will be finished by Friday night.

Rheumatism and all Blood Diseases. The great Kidney and Bladder medicine. Obtainable at all leading drug stores, or by mail from J. C. Catharines, Ontario.

R. WASSON,



The Evening Times.

ST. JOHN, N. B., OCTOBER 16, 1909.

The St. John Evening Times is published at 27 and 29 Canterbury street, every evening (Sunday excepted) by the St. John Times Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd., a company incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Act.

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No Graft

No Deals

"The Shamrock, Thistle, Rose entwined
The Maple Leaf forever."

DOCKS AND SLIPS

There is nothing surprising in the statement that a British shipbuilding firm is looking to Canada with a view to the establishment of works in this country. The announcement of the government's naval intentions have altered the whole aspect of affairs in relation to marine development. Canada is to have a navy, and to build one. Add this to the fact that the trade of the country is growing very rapidly, and the shipping interests must also develop along commercial lines, and there is the very best of reasons why a shipbuilding company would desire to take advantage of the opportunity for business.

That St. John would be considered in connection with the establishment of the proposed works is equally natural. It is the chief winter port of Canada, and a railway terminus that must grow in importance with the growth of the country. In its proximity to the great natural resources required for the development of industries it possesses great advantages. Of course any British firm seeking a location will study the commercial map and examine carefully the claims of each port. St. John must take care that its claims and advantages are put forward in the most convincing way.

PROVINCIAL POLICE

At the time the Italian murders were exciting attention in New Brunswick, and at other times when there seemed difficulty in running down criminals in more or less remote districts, it was suggested that a system of provincial police would be of material assistance. It was pointed out that as the province develops, and more of the foreign element is introduced there will be the greater need for such a system. One of the Anglican Synod committees the other day declared itself in favor of such a system in all the provinces.

It is interesting to note in this connection that the province of Ontario has just reorganized its provincial department of criminal investigation, and changed the name of the force of constables to the Ontario Provincial Police, whose members will devote all their time and attention to police service. There are at present about 60 provincial constables, but not organized under the reorganization of the department will be under the attorney general, and there will be a superintendent, a senior and two divisional inspectors. The police officers will be in uniform. As to the scope of their work the Mail and Empire says:

"As a result of the reorganization and consolidation, the provincial police will work under the orders of the central office, free from the interference of local authorities. They will moreover, co-operate henceforth with the officers of the Liquor License Department and the Game and Fishery Department in the enforcement of the laws with which they are concerned. In the past they dealt only with criminal cases. Constables are enjoined by the regulations to devote all their time to enforcing the criminal laws of Canada, the Ontario game and fishery laws and other provincial Acts. No excuse will be tolerated for allowing unlicensed liquor vendors or disorderly houses to exist in their district. The violation of this rule will mean instant dismissal," say the rules of the department. Constables are required to comply with requests for assistance from Crown Attorneys, license inspectors, game and fishery wardens and coroners in their districts. Inspectors and constables are to be considered to be on duty at all times, and must be prepared to act promptly should their services be required. These regulations will no doubt prevent delays in the commencement of the investigation of crimes."

SIR FREDERICK BORDEN

The jury in Kentville yesterday declared that the charges made against Sir Frederick Borden were not true. Some of the minister's political opponents may have hoped for a different verdict, but if so they were disappointed. The Standard this morning expresses the opinion that the

good many questions which the public might desire to have answered were ruled out," but adds:

"In view of the contradictions in the evidence, and the obvious perjuries committed by several of them, it would be difficult for any fair-minded juror on such testimony to convict a minister of the Crown, and condemn him to the loss of his position. That would have been the effect of the acquittal of Carleton. The jurors had the advantage of seeing the witnesses and could form some opinion of their relative credibility. They were warned to clear their minds of all matters not brought before them directly in the alleged libel. They have found that the statements of Mrs. Allison were untrue, which must be a satisfactory conclusion to the minister and his friends."

MR. BORDEN ONCE MORE

While Mr. R. L. Borden is beating the air in Nova Scotia, denouncing the government and making wild charges against the administration, and even against parliament itself, the Toronto News is delicately pointing out to him that there is a little matter of party business urgently requiring his personal attention. The News says:

"But a convention is needed to unify opinion within the Conservative party, to bind the east and west into a more intimate relationship, and to declare an authoritative programme which no one can misunderstand, and which in all the provinces will be received as the national policy of the Conservative party. A convention is not necessary in order to reconcile any acute conflict of feeling. It is necessary, however, in order that there may be a better mutual understanding between all sections of the opposition, that Mr. Borden may speak with greater authority in parliament, and that the country may know exactly what is the programme of the party, and what will be the course of legislation when it returns to office at Ottawa."

The News is a Conservative paper, of the most pronounced opposition type. It tells Mr. Borden that the party is in need of a policy, and that the country has a right to know exactly what the Conservative programme is. The St. John Standard, which prints portions of Mr. Borden's speech in Halifax last night in black type, is not able to discover in the speech anything but "scandals." But the scandal policy is played out. Parliament and the country have pronounced on the Mayes affair, and all the others to which Mr. Borden refers. He is wasting valuable time, that should be devoted to the task to which the Toronto News directs his attention.

The Grand Trunk Pacific will not traverse a barren wilderness between Quebec and Winnipeg. Canon Tucker told the Canadian Club the other evening of the riches of New Ontario, and an Ottawa despatch adds this information: "The annual report of the National Transcontinental commission shows that a preliminary examination has been made of the country along the whole route from Moncton to Winnipeg, and the result is the discovery that a good many million acres of first class agricultural land has been disclosed, particularly in Quebec and Ontario."

The Massachusetts Democrats are making trade relations with Canada an issue in the state campaign. Speaking at Pittsfield this week, Eugene N. Foss, candidate for lieutenant-governor, attacked Senator Lodge on the reciprocity issue, declaring it was due to him that the Hay-Bond treaty was killed. He asserted that high tariff laws have so irritated Canada that she has built a tariff wall against them. "With freer commerce between the United States and Canada," said Mr. Foss, "we should see our New England exports once more alive with shipping. We would be able to cut down the cost of living tremendously." He denounced the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill for not only shutting off the people from the cheaper commodities of life, but as being liable to bring the United States into almost open rupture in its commercial relations with Canada.

STUDENTS IN RE-UNION

Waterville, Me., Oct. 16.—Nearly 300 students and alumni attended Colby's "Old Home" night exercises in the gymnasium last night. Speeches were made by President A. J. Roberts, Principal Harry B. Watson of the Good Will Farm High School, Prof. Anton Marquardt, Emory B. Gibbs, '38, Brookline, Mass., Harold F. Dow, '10, and Captain Ralph Good of the football team.

A Colby song, written by George A. Gould, '09, was sung by him and Coach McDevitt of the football team. Selections were rendered by the college glee club and orchestra.

Exercises were held at Foss Hall by the women's division.

WANTS TO GIVE MILLION

Albany, Oct. 16.—A New York philanthropist, whose name is withheld, has expressed a desire, through his attorney, to give \$1,000,000 for some worthy charity in this state or in New Jersey.

Dr. Robert W. Hill, secretary of the State Board of Charities, received a letter from the attorney asking the best way to distribute the fund. Dr. Hill advised him to consult William R. Stewart, president of the State Board of Charities.

Millinery oddities include an uncurled white ostrich demi-plume, the quill covered with a strip of feather from the peacock's breast.

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1909

Stores Open till 11 o'clock Tonight. St. John, Oct. 16th, 1909

Are You Paying Too Much For Your Clothing

There are men who have been buying their clothing at the same place for years and years; it is true that they are not just satisfied; they know that other men are dressing better and at a smaller cost, but they don't just understand how the other fellow does it. Nor they won't until they visit the J. N. HARVEY Clothing, Hat and Furnishing Stores in the Opera House Block.

Men's Overcoats, \$7.50 to \$22.50
Men's Suits, 5.00 to 20.00
Boys' Overcoats, 3.50 to 15.00
Boys' Suits, 2.00 to 12.00

A New Line of Fancy Winter Vests Arrived Yesterday

J. N. HARVEY, Tailoring and Clothing
199 to 207 Union St.

Shoe Dont's and Do's

Don't buy your Shoes of a House that always advertises to give something for nothing. It can't be done!

Don't buy shoes of a House that advertises \$5.00 Shoes for \$1.98. There's nothing in it—it's a delusion and a snare.

Do buy your Shoes of a House that always does business in a straightforward manner—with no misrepresentation of any kind.

Do buy your Shoes of a House that never disappoints you in any way—durability, style or price—tie to such a Shoe House.

We're That Kind!

D. MONAHAN, 32 CHARLOTTE STREET.
THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES

Telephones: 1802-11 80-41 West End

The One Place Where Appropriate Wedding Gifts of
Jewelry, Watches, Silverware
Cut Glass, Clocks
Fancy Bronze Ornaments

And an endless variety of other useful and ornamental articles can be easily selected at the store of

FERGUSON & PAGE
Diamond Importers and Jewelers
41 KING STREET.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Violin Strings, Violin Bows, Accordions, Harmonicas, etc.

2500 PAPER COVER BOOKS
All the latest Magazines and Papers on hand.
New lot of Cheap Crockery, Granite and Tinware at

WATSON & CO.'S,
Cor. Charlotte and Union Sts.
Phone 1685. Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

Get-Candy-Wise!
Know the best to eat. Know the pure and wholesome kind. Know where to get it. Know Rowntree's!

Hard to beat Rowntree's! Kind we just received are those delicious pastilles. Rich in all their pure fruit flavors, they can't be equalled when there's an unaccountable craving for satisfying sweetmeats. Get some for tomorrow's munching.

"Reliable" ROBB The Prescription Druggist
137 CHARLOTTE ST.

Times Want Ads.
ARE WILLING WORKERS.

MEN'S WHITE DRESS SHIRTS 75c and 90c EACH

Men's Strong Braces, Leather Ends 25c. pair
Men's Fine Braces, 25c. to 50c. pair
Men's White Lawn Handkerchiefs, 3 for 20c.

WETMORE, GARDEN ST. NICE VARIETY. 25c. NECKTIES

REGRETTIN'

The days are gittin' shorter,
And although I thought that I
Would be glad the long and glary
Days of summer had gone by,
Yet I catch myself a-wishin'
For the summer days once more,
For the bare feet of the babies
Of a mornin' on the floor.

Used to be when days were longer,
When the daylight came at four,
I would hear a sudden patter
And the creaking of a door,
I would hear a little giggle,
And a footfall on the stair,
And I'd fix myself all ready
For a most outlandish scare.

But I'd keep right on a-tattin'
Like I didn't hear at all,
Didn't hear the little giggle,
Didn't hear the creaking fall
Of the bare feet of the baby
Comin' down to stir her pop,
Just a-catin' and a-eatin'
Like I never meant to stop.

Then there'd be a rush and scramble,
And a giggling, shrieking, "Boo!"
And I'd be excited and excited,
That he scare knew what to do.
Then a baby's white little hand
Would be laid on my nose,
Sitting snugly to her daddy,
Munching on a piece of bread.

Now the days are so much shorter
That I finish up, and take
Up my hat and dinner bucket
For the babies are awake!
Daddy seldom gets to see them
'Till the nighttime, and that's why
I regret that you long days
Of the summertime are by.

IN LIGHTER VEIN

OH!
Summer's going. Say good-bye!
Fascinations fade away and die.
Summer girls are going, too.
Oh you soft built for two!
—Philadelphia Star.

PROOF POSITIVE.
Bliss—"The theorists are fools."
Knox—"Is that your theory?"
Knox—"Then we will let it go at that."

HELPS HIS MEMORY.
Little Willie—"Say, pa, what is a forget-me-not?"

"It is a knot in the string a woman ties around her husband's finger, my son."

SKEPTICAL.
"Darling," he said, "you are the only woman I ever loved. I swear it!"
She replied, "You talk like an Arctic explorer."

OF MORE INTEREST.
"Papa," confided the pretty girl, shyly, "there is a rumor about that I am to be the wife of Count Bluffness."

"Bosh!" snorted the old man with a frown. "But—don't you know the rumor is gaining currency every day?"

"What gain?" he asked, "What I want to know is—is the count gaining any currency?"

SMALL PIECE.
It was at a bacon-and-bean dinner given by a lady to the prisoners in an American jail.

A supply of bacon was always very limited, and a prisoner, having received his share, called out: "If my wife were here, I'd give her the whole lot!"

The warden continued: "Oh, no, I beg your pardon. I had the bacon had got hidden under one of the benches."

A FINANCIER.
The negro, although proverbially improvident, sometimes has his weather eye open.

A man gave a dime to a young dandy who had done him some trifling service. The dandy handed it back, saying: "Now, Marrow Billy, he said, 'you know I don't want no pay for what I do for you. Des summe day ole suit 'o' close yowse set on.'—Youth's Companion.

GETTING INFORMATION OUT OF PA.

My pa, he didn't go down no more.
Last evening after dark
But got a book an' settled down
I'll tell you I was awful glad
To have my pa settle down
To answer all the things I had
Been tryin' to find out.

And so I asked him why the world
Is round instead of square,
And why the pig don't live in shells,
And why the moon don't shine at night,
And why the grass is always green,
Instead of sometimes blue.

And why a horse can't learn to moo,
And why the fairies live on dew,
And what makes hair grow gray,
And then my pa got up and said,
"The world's a puzzle, my son, but I
Just sent me off to bed."

—Selected.

20 pay-life rate

Endowment

One of our special Reserve

Dividend Policies.

You pay the ordinary 20 pay

life premium, and policy will

mature at a an

En low amount

at expectation

of life.

Booklet Free.

London

Life

POLICIES

GOOD AS GOLD

WETMORE, GARDEN ST. NICE VARIETY. 25c. NECKTIES

R. P. Pierce, Supt. Industrial Branch,
Globe Building, St. John.

KIDNEY TROUBLE JUST VANISHES

Backache and Distress From
Out-of Order Kidneys or
Weak Bladder End.

The most effective and harmless way to cure backache and regulate out-of-order kidneys, or and bladder troubles, is to take several doses of Pape's Diuretic.

You will distinctly feel that your kidneys and urinary organs are being cleaned, healed and vitalized, and all the miserable symptoms such as backache, headache, nervousness, rheumatism and darting pains, inflamed or swollen eyelids, irritability, sleeplessness, suppressed, painful or frequent urination (especially at night) and other distress, leaving after taking the first few doses.

The moment you suspect and kidney or urinary disorder, or rheumatism, begin taking this harmless preparation as directed, with the knowledge that there is no other medicine, at any price, made anywhere else in the world, which will effect so thorough and proper a cure as a fifty-cent treatment of Pape's Diuretic, which any druggist can supply.

Your physician, pharmacist, banker or any mercantile agency will tell you that Pape, Thompson & Pape, of Cincinnati, is a large and responsible medicine concern, thoroughly worthy of your confidence.

Don't be miserable or worried another moment with a lame back or clogged, inactive kidneys or bladder misery. All this goes after you start taking Pape's Diuretic, and in a few days you feel and know that your kidneys, liver and urinary system are healthy, clean and normal, and all danger passed.

Accept only Pape's Diuretic—fifty-cent treatment—from any drug store—anywhere in the world.

WOOD When You Want
a Big Load
of DRY WOOD,
HARDWOOD, SOFT WOOD or KIND-
LING, try City Fuel Co. Telephone 645

GLOVER'S
DOG REMEDIES

The complete line in stock. A free
dog book for the asking

F. E. PORTER
DRUGGIST, 303 UNION ST.

ST. JOHN COUNTY SUNDAY
SCHOOL CONVENTION

R. H. Parsons Elected President
—Delegates to Maritime Convention

The St. John County Sunday School Association held their annual convention in Ludlow street Baptist church, Carleton, yesterday afternoon and evening. Much important business was transacted at the meetings and interesting addresses were delivered on Sunday school and church work.

Officers for the next year were elected and new committees appointed. The nomination of delegates from the county to attend the Maritime Convention at Philadelphia under the direction of John Morrison, which has the largest membership of any school in America. This service, took an hour and the exercises were most interesting.

After an address by the newly elected president, Rev. J. H. Anderson, B. D., spoke on "The Personal Touch." Mr. Cork delivered a short address on "The Preparation of Ourselves." Mr. Cork's address was well delivered and he brought out many points of interest in religious life.

The convention closed with the benediction by Rev. W. R. Robinson, B. D., and the business accomplished was most satisfactory.

Phosphorol—The Electric Restorer for Lost Manhood.

Restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension, restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness, asserted at once. Phosphorol will make you a new man. Price \$3.00 a box, or two for \$5.00. Mailed to any address on receipt of price. The Seaboard Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont., or at your druggist.

W. N. Collins and Chris. Nichols returned yesterday from Montreal, where they attended a meeting of the contributors to the I. C. R. Provident Fund. A report of the business done will be laid before the dominion parliament next session.

PREMEDITATED MURDER

You Will Benefit Yourself and All Humanity By Killing Dandruff Germs.

Microbes cause baldness, falling hair, dandruff, irritated scalp and other diseases. It is no crime to kill them.

Get rid of all hair or scalp troubles by using Parisian Sage. The remedy that never fails to kill dandruff germs.

For sale by leading druggists for 50 cents a large bottle and in St. John by Charles W. Watson, 109 King street, who guarantees it to stop itching scalp, falling hair, splitting hair and dandruff or money back.

Parisian Sage is the favorite with discriminating women, for it will make their hair grow luxuriant and beautiful. It is not sticky or greasy but it is a most delightful hair dressing.

"I am a good and true friend of Parisian Sage. It appealed to my scalp trouble at once while I was using the first bottle. I also suffered with an itching of the scalp which caused large sores to form. The use of Parisian Sage took away all the trouble, healed and removed the sores, made my head feel cool, and caused the hair to grow in nicely." J. W. Moody, 1908 Bainbridge St., Manchester, Va., April 2, 1909.

The delegates appointed to represent the County Association at the Maritime Convention to be held in Chatham next week are: R. H. Parsons, Mrs. W. Smith, Mrs.

Boys' Boots

We have an assortment of Boys' Boots that will please about everybody—all the latest lasts and finishing touches, and every pair made to wear.

See Our Window.

Box Calf, leather lined, full double sole, \$4.25

Velour Calf and Tan Calf on the new high toe last \$4

Patent Colt Blucher, dull calf top, \$3.00

Box Calf Blucher, full double sole, slugged, \$2.15, 2.50, 2.75

Box Kip Blucher, \$1.60, 1.75, 2.00, 2.25

Oil Grain, Waterproof, rubbers not required, \$1.70, 1.90, 2.15, 2.25, 3.00

Buff Balmorals, \$1.15, 1.35, 1.50

Open evenings until 8

Francis & Vaughan
19 KING STREET

As an IDEAL FOOD for Infants or for General Household Use

BORDEN'S
EAGLE
BRAND CONDENSED
MILK

Made with Scrupulous Care for those who demand the best

Mother who buys unknown brands of Condensed Milk for the baby, because of the saving of a few cents may find the experiment a costly one.

Send for "My Biography"

Borden's Condensed Milk Co.
"Leaders of Quality"

WM. H. DUNN
Sales Representative, Montreal

Robert Reid, M. E. Fletcher, Rev. Wellington Camp.

After the appointment of delegates Hugh Cork, assistant international secretary, held a conference with the delegates on the teacher's work between Sundays and on methods of instruction and extension.

The conference was very instructive and Mr. Cork brought up some important matters in connection with the teaching of Sunday school.

A Sunday school service was held similar to that held by the Sunday school in Philadelphia under the direction of John Morrison, which has the largest membership of any school in America. This service, took an hour and the exercises were most interesting.

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THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1909

After Supper Sale

SPECIALS

In selecting items for our After Supper Sale tonight we have found conditions such that we are able to quote items more valuable than ordinary. Those who attend our After Supper Sales regularly will know the importance of that statement. Come early to choose before varieties in the special lots are depleted.

Men's Furnishings

NECKWEAR

Men's silk ties in four-in-hand or bow tie styles, in all new plain shades or fancy stripes or figures in combination color effects. Special 25c. each.

NIGHTSHIRTS

Men's nightshirts of fine English flannel, made with collar, full length. Special 50c. each.

HOSIERY

Men's black cashmere half hose, "Penang" quality, made of 2-ply botany yarn, with everlasting heels and toes. Special 25c. a pair.

UNDERWEAR

Men's Canadian wool vests and drawers, Shetland shade; the correct weight for winter wear. Special 50c. a suit.

CURTAINS

Nottingham lace curtains, handsome reproduction designs in ecru, 3 1/2 yards long. Special \$1.50 a pair.

SILK

300 yards of black chiffon tulle or rich "Paillette" silk, in sky, mauve, blue, cardinal or brown; 18 inch. Special 40c. a yard.

HATS

Nobby tailored hats in a wide range of shapes. Dainty creations in Taupe, Wisteria, Mauve, New Green, etc., trimmed with quills, wings, silks, ribbons or velvets. Special \$5.00 each.

UNDERSKIRTS

Black underskirts, of lustrous prunella sateen, made full with deep flounce of shirring and knife pleating. Special \$1.18 each.

CORSETS

Fine white Coutil corsets, made in new directive style, long hips, suspenders attached. Special 75c. a pair.

ROSE SUPPORTERS

Women's pad hose suspenders, with four elastic drop fasteners, in black, white and sky. Special 25c. a pair.

FRILLING

Dainty lace neck frilling, now so popular, in white or ecru. Special 15c. a yard.

BELTS

Fancy gold braid belts, edged with colored trimming, with fancy Medallion buckles. Special 25c. each.

STAMPED WORK

Plain or cross bar lawn slip waists, stamped with dainty designs, with material for working. Special 25c. each.

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

The New Shapes in Men's Derby Hats

You can always find at Magee's, and such a variety of styles you'll not find at any other store. We keep in close touch with the large factories in England and America and get the very latest blocks as soon as they make them up. As to the quality, you get full value for every cent you spend, as we are particular that our customers are satisfied. Try us for your Fall Hat.

Stetson's Special, \$6.00 - Knox & Stetson, \$5.00
Hats made to our special order - \$2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 4.00
Soft Hats - \$1.50 to \$5.00

D. Magee's Sons, 63 King St.

E. D. C. AUTUMN FAIR TUESDAY NIGHT

Mayor Bullock Will Officiate—
Mission Hall Nicely Decorated—Some Features

The interior of the Mission Hall on Waterloo street is being literally transformed for the autumn fair of the Every Day Club, which will be formally opened by Mayor Bullock next Tuesday evening. A line of booths extends in a graceful curve down the north side, with a break to give entrance to the shooting and hall

galleries and bean boards, that are close to the wall. At the west end is a great evergreen pagoda, with kitchen concealed behind it. In this pagoda, filled with balsamic odors of fir and spruce and illuminated by soft lights, ice cream and refreshments will be served. The hand-painted menu cards are themselves a work of art, and pretty maidens will serve the patrons at small tables, a la carte.

The booths along the north side will contain candy table, fancy tables, and cut flowers and potted plants. The fancy table will make a dressed dry goods window appear commonplace. On the south side of the room will be the tent of the fortune teller, the fish pond, the platform for the orchestra, and the booth for the sale of cool drinks. From the ceiling will depend numerous flags and banners. The pagoda will be decorated with a great green, autumn leaves, rowan berries and other decorations will beautify the booths.

WARM FALL GARMENTS OF EVERY KIND

Hold Attention At Our Store Tonight and Monday.

On Sale Tonight.
300 Boxes Ruchings
6 lengths to box

Value 35c. 10c. per box
Special in New Jabot Collars
Pretty "Baby Irish" and Lace
Net Collars with pleated jabot—
wonderful collars at the price.
Don't miss seeing this line in window. Sale Tonight and Monday.
29c. each

Dark Extra Thick Velours for Men's Dressing Gowns

German Velours in Prussian grey or dark red designs, double thick 33c. yd.

Great Bargains in Good Net and Lace Waists

Tonight and Monday.
Just to clear balance and odd numbers left from last week's sale we offer Tonight and Monday:—
\$5.25 and \$5.65 Net Waists for \$3.38

\$3.75 Net Waists for . . . \$2.48

Boys' Good Sweaters
Fancy Knit Strong Sweaters in navy, grey or red . . . 50c. each
Roll Collar Sweaters, laced up in front, fancy knit . . . 75c. each

Little Buster Coats

Fancy Knit Buster Coats with belt in navy or cardinal, sizes 6 to 12 years. \$1.15 each
Fine fancy stitch in cardinal or white and cardinal . . . \$1.50 each

25 Ladies Handsome Costumes at Quite a Concession in Price

On Monday we will offer at special prices 25 of the finest costumes shown this season. There are fine Venetian Broadcloths and Cheviot Costumes at prices from \$14.30 up to \$35.00 each. This offer holds good for Tonight and Monday only.

Roman Striped Couch Covers at \$1.35 each

For cosy corners, couches etc. Fancy Roman Striped Covers with fringe all round—Another lot just to hand . . . \$1.35 each

New American Belts
Very pretty Belts of Jetted Elastic with fancy cut work, leather front and dome fasteners. A remarkably stylish belt for the price and just the newest 50c. each

1000 Yards New Venetian Dress Suitings of Special Value

See Union St. Window.

All Wool French Venetians in self colored stripes or plain self colors. New greens, navys, rose, wisteria, taupe and all the warm dark tones of reds, Prices: 55c. to 85c. yd.

Warm Underwear
WOMEN'S
Pure white or natural heavy ribbed Vests with Drawers to match 30c. each
Fine cotton and wool unshrinkable ribbed Vests in white or natural with Drawers to match garment 50c.
Combinations—Special
Women's pure white or natural combination or union suits—unshrinkable and most comfortable. 85c. garment
Children's natural heavy rib Vests and Drawers—The best to be found for the price, all sizes, 25c. to 50c.

MEN'S
Twenty dozen Men's unshrinkable flat knit Shirts and Drawers as a special, all sizes, at 50c. each
Penman's fleeced Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, very superior to the ordinary line of fleeced Underwear—
Value 60c. One price 50c.
"Stanfield's" Pure wool unshrinkable Shirts and Drawers. The greatest comfort and service for the money \$1.00 each

Infants' Pure Wool Vests
Rueben Vests or buttoned up in front, finest white wool and yet unshrinkable 38c. each
Men's Coat Sweaters
Heavy Fancy Knit Coat Sweaters of extra value, come in navy with red bands or plain grey or navy, warm and full size . . . \$1.00 each

F. W. DANIEL & CO., LTD.,

London House
Charlotte Street

COOK TO GET RECORDS TO GIVE PROOF

(Continued from page 1.)

"After thorough investigation there, he reports to me that an offer of a considerable sum of money was made to Mr. Barrill on the condition that he prepare and sign an affidavit which would be calculated to discredit my claim that I succeeded in scaling the Alaskan Peak. This offer, so my representative informs me, was made to Mr. Barrill in the presence of C. G. Bridgeford, a reputable citizen of Hamilton, Mont., who is associated with Mr. Barrill in the real estate business. Barrill at that time, according to the statements of Mr. Bridgeford to my representative, declined to make such an affidavit and informed the men who had requested him to swear that I did not reach the top of Mount McKinley that to make such an affidavit he would have to 'commit perjury and sell his soul to the devil.'"

"Several days after this proposal was made to Mr. Barrill, he, in company with Frederick Prinz, who was also a member of my expedition, and Walter P. Miller, the official photographer of that expedition, in Missoula, Mont., and accompanied him to Seattle and Tacoma. It was while on this trip, I am informed, that Barrill made the affidavit which was printed in New York for the first time yesterday."

Word Against His

"Since Barrill and myself were the only two members of the party to reach the top of Mount McKinley, it is now simply a question of my word against his statement. Within the next forty-eight hours, however, affidavits made by prominent citizens of Hamilton, Mont., will be handed over to the Associated Press, and will be to the effect that during the last three years Barrill has continually rehearsed the Mount McKinley story and has at all times insisted that we succeeded in reaching the summit of the mountain. No one has been found in Hamilton who can testify that at any time he has ever heard him in his sworn affidavit."

"I have today received numerous telegrams from reputable witnesses of Montana, who have talked with Barrill and are willing to make affidavits as to his former version of the Mount McKinley trip."

"I have tonight forwarded a telegram to Anthony Fiala, asking him to head an expedition to Mount McKinley to bring back my records. Another telegram has been sent to Prof. Parker, of Columbia University, who accompanied me in the early stages of my last Mount McKinley expedition, asking him to join Fiala on this expedition. If these gentlemen accept the invitation I have the assurance that the necessary funds for the expedition will be forthcoming, and the expedition will be entirely under supervision and direction of my friends. The preliminary arrangements for the trip will be made at once, and the expedition will start as soon as the weather permits next year."

Friends Stand By Him

Copenhagen, Oct. 15.—The affidavit of Edward N. Barrill denying that Frederick A. Cook reached the summit of Mount McKinley and what is considered here as a vague reply to the affidavit by Dr. Cook, which is believed to have weakened somewhat the American explorer's position that he ascended the mountain to its apex. Publication, however, still favors the claim that he reached the North Pole. The newspapers are reticent on the subject, but the authorities and the explorers continue to believe in Cook.

Prof. Torp, rector of the University of Copenhagen, said in an interview today: "I cannot give the particulars regarding the Mount McKinley story, but it is clear that Dr. Cook is being pursued by enemies. There is no reason for me to change my mind because the stories are printed. It is impossible to check them. Nevertheless we cannot understand the Cook case, and we believe that the observations he made at the North Pole before two months."

Capt. Otto Sverdrup, the Arctic explorer, also thought that the denial of Dr. Cook's conquest of Mount McKinley was due to his enemies. The impatience over Dr. Cook's submission of his polar records

Disease Germs

Cannot harm healthy human bodies. We cannot have healthy bodies unless we have pure blood, the kind of blood that Hood's Sarsaparilla makes.

This great medicine has an unequalled, unapproached record for purifying and enriching the blood.

It cures eruptions, eczema, eruptions, catarrh, rheumatism, anemia, nervousness, that tired feeling, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, general debility, and builds up the whole system.

Get Hood's Sarsaparilla today.

Captain Sverdrup said it was unreasonable because he thought Dr. Cook was too busy lecturing in the United States to arrange to send his observations.

Commander Howard, also an Arctic explorer of note, said: "I have not changed my mind about Dr. Cook. I know nothing about Mount McKinley, but I think he can prove that he reached the pole."

Prof. Thorpe informed The Associated Press that the University of Copenhagen would not appoint a commission to investigate Dr. Cook's North Pole data until the records arrived in Copenhagen. It is considered likely, however, that Prof. Stroom, the Scandinavian astronomer, will head the committee which also will include several explorers and representatives of the meteorological office.

Hartford, Ark., Oct. 15.—James A. Bolen, a coal mining operator, well known in the southwest, and who says he has hunted with the companions who made the Mount McKinley trip with Dr. Frederick A. Cook, declared here today that he did believe Edward Barrill had signed the Mount McKinley affidavit credited to him in the story sent out from New York yesterday.

C. OF E. INSTITUTE

A large congregation attended the anniversary service of the Church of England Institute which was held in Trinity church last night. The service, which was choral throughout, was sung by Rev. E. B. Hooper, rector of St. Paul's church. The lessons were all read by Bishop Farthing, of Montreal, and a very eloquent sermon was preached by Bishop Mills, of Ontario. Bishop Mills took for his text, "With joy ye shall draw water from the well of Salvation." In a very masterly sermon, the bishop dealt with the conversion of the Church of England to the text.

The change of time on the Dominion Atlantic railway, which will go into effect tomorrow, will not affect the St. John-Digby service.

"77"

Humphreys' Seventy-Seven

Famous Remedy for Grip &

COLDS

To reiterate, attend to the "first feeling" of a cold; lassitude and weakness by taking a dose of "Seventy-seven" at once, the immediate cure will be certain. If you delay until the evening, Coughing and sneezing will set in, and the cure may take longer.

Handy for everybody, fits the vest pocket. All Druggists, 25c.

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., Cor. William and Ann Streets, New York.

BARGAINS IN Ladies' and Gents' Footwear

9 Cases of \$5.00 Oxfords for \$2.98

See Our Full Line of

"LIBERTY BOOTS"
FOR FALL

Wilcox Bros.

DOCK STREET AND MARKET SQUARE

FOR SALE

Large Office SAFE At a Bargain

APPLY TO **LOCKHART & RITCHIE**

114 Prince Wm. St.

GLOVES

100 dozen Sample Gloves.
Ladies' Black Cashmere Gloves—12c.
16c., 18c., 20c., 22c., 24c., 26c. pair.
Ladies' Black and Fancy Knitted Gloves—18c., 20c., 22c., 24c., 26c., 28c.
Children's Fancy Knitted Gloves—18c., 20c., 22c., 24c., 26c., 28c.
Hosiery and Underwear, best values in Canada.

Arnold's Department Store
Tel. 1765. 83-85 Charlotte St.

Insure

Your

Automobile

WITH

Jarvis & Whittaker

74 Prince Wm. Street

REMEMBER!

When buying Biscuit to ask for the

Best 10c. Value

THE VILLAGE

BISCUIT.

BABCOCK'S CORYLOPSIS

Talcum Powder 25c., Perfume

\$1.00, Toilet Water \$1.00

The Drug Store, 100 King Street, **CHAS. R. WASSON**

TEN CENTS DUE, INSURANCE LOST

Widow Sues For Husband's Policy But Court Rules For Company

Toronto, Oct. 16.—(Special).—When Harry Whitehorn, laborer, of Hamilton, was killed by the falling of a tree, he was ten cents behind an instalment due to Canadian Guardian Assurance Company, and when the widow sued before Judge Snider, she is now appealing to the divisional court.

John S. Wells says the agent was in the habit of calling for the money, but did not do so on this occasion. When ten cents was offered to him on Monday, after Whitehorn's death, he declined to take it, saying his agency had terminated on the preceding Saturday. Mrs. Whitehorn claims \$20.

MORNING NEWS OVER THE WIRES

In connection with the Tiverton, R. I., tragedy, the autopsy on the portions of the girl's body found indicate that an illegal operation had been attempted, and the Fall River police allege that Thibault and Hill had been consulted concerning an operation by Amelia St. Jean, a young woman who disappeared from Fall River a week ago.

John S. Wells was the unanimous choice of a Liberal-Conservative convention on Guysboro last night, to run for election in a vacant seat in the county.

Winfield Kirkpatrick, of Debec Junction, was badly injured last night by being knocked down by a horse which he was unharmed.

MORNING LOCALS

William Boyd, who escaped from the chain gang some time ago, was arrested last night in Carleton Place by Sergeant Ross and Policeman Lee.

Pastor Russell did not speak in Calvin church last night, but used the York assembly rooms, where about fifty people heard his lecture on "Where Are the Dead?"

The Tobique Dam committee of the Board of Trade met yesterday. The views given by Fisheries Inspectors Calder and Harrison will be incorporated in a report to the local government.

Carmarthen street Methodist church will celebrate its fortieth anniversary tomorrow. Rev. James Rogers, D. D., of Sussex, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rally day in the Sunday school will be observed at 2.30, when Dr. Rogers and Rev. Mr. McLaughlin will speak. There will be special music at all the services.

Among the colors that will be much worn are the blues, pink, brown and a great deal of green.

The Man Who

Chops

Wood

With

a

Razor

And sharpens it in a few seconds is now demonstrating again the wonderful

Nev-a-Hone

Razor

Strop

in the window of

The Drug Store

100 KING STREET

Chas. R. Wasson

SILLY AND PROFANE

Three Baby Lions Christened With Champagne

Edinburgh, Oct. 15.—The christening of three baby lions at the Marine Gardens the other day by George Alexander, the actor, seems likely to arouse a storm of indignation in Scottish ecclesiastical circles. The ceremony, which was performed with champagne in place of water, is variously designated "an outrage," "a silly and somewhat profane misapplication of a Christian rite," and "a burlesque of the Christian service." Only one clergyman so far—a Free Churchman—has taken a more charitable view of the ceremony.

The newest fur muffs are finished with dangling heads and tails that almost sweep the ground.

WOLGAST NEXT OPPONENT FOR BATTLING NELSON

Latter to Receive \$10,000, Win, Lose or Draw
—Ring, Baseball, Turf and General Sporting
News

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Max Baker of Boston and Ralph Tickle of Pawtucket, fought six rounds at Woonsocket, R. I., Wednesday. While no decision was given, it was generally conceded that the fighters quit about even. Both were going fast at the finish.

The ten-round fight between Monte Atell, champion lightweight, and Danny Webster, at Los Angeles, Wednesday, went the limit. The decision, which was left to the morning newspapers, went to Webster. No decision was permitted from the ring.

Boston fight fans will have an opportunity to see shift fast Harry Lewis in action at the next meeting of the Armory, A. A., Tuesday night. Opposed to the Philadelphia will be Dan Sullivan, a brother to the Cambridge "Twins," who won the American middleweight championship last season.

Battling Nelson, who is at present resting at his home at Hegewisch, Ill., has sent forth a report that he has been offered \$10,000 guarantee from San Francisco promoters to meet either Lew Powell or Johnny Payne, Nov. 12. Nelson has done no active training of late, but still remains an active fighter.

Willie Lewis, who sailed for Europe Tuesday, claims that he has several engagements on the other side for attractive purses.

Baseball Notes
The National Commission and the managers of the Pittsburgh and Detroit teams are madder than hatters over the publication of an article in Pittsburgh newspaper on Wednesday, alleging that the championship games are being manipulated from a box office standpoint rather than on the principle that the best club shall win. In part, an alleged sporting man is quoted as follows:

"It now looks as though the next two games will be a foregone conclusion, which will insure the playing off of the tie and conclude the entire series of seven games."

Manager Clarke of the Pirates said: "Charges of crookedness and fraud are among the most serious matters that can effect an organized sport, such as baseball. Not only are the two teams maligned by the utterances in a morning paper, but it is an insult to the whole profession. The players themselves have excellent grounds for libel suits in this case. I think and I will not be surprised to see legal complications ensue."

"I don't care who the man is," said Manager Jennings, and the Irish in his make-up came to the fore. "It's a shame. Dan Johnson, president of the American league, and a member of the National Commission, said:

"There is absolutely no truth to the article."

President Heydler also vigorously denied the allegation that the games were being fixed.

The National Commission at a meeting Wednesday afternoon at Charles Murphy of the Chicago club, that it would give him until Sunday to make good the fine of \$800 imposed on him for tampering with pitcher Pfeffer of Toronto. Chairman August Hermann received a reply by wire to the effect that, for the amount had been mailed. This, of course, will close the incident, but a warning was sent notifying the Chicago manager that in the future, should any more trouble occur, a heavy fine would result.

A close friend of President Murphy said that because of the \$800 fine imposed on the Chicago club in the Pfeffer case, the Cub magnate contemplates filing charges of tampering with John Kling, the Cub hold-out catcher, and demanding heavy damages against President August Hermann of the Cincinnati club.

Football
The football season will open with a rush on the Every Day game, which will be a triple-header, making continuous football from 2 o'clock to 5:30. There will be an intermediate game between Carleton and the Minnacs at 2

o'clock, followed by a senior contest between the Algonquins and Alton. John at 3:30, and a match between Rothesay College and the Y. M. C. A. at 4:30.

The star attraction will be the clash of the big teams. Both fifteen, in fact, all six teams have been taking advantage of the spell of fine weather and have been practicing faithfully, and some excellent football is promised. As it is the announced intention to bring some of the college teams here, and probably the Halifax Wanderers and Moncton, followers of the gridiron game will have a chance to get a line on the available material.

Some of the older enthusiasts will be surprised at the lot of new material that is on hand by the graduation of the fast set of the intermediates into senior company. At practice these players have been putting up whirlwind football and a treat is in store.

As some of the players in the senior match are announced as playing in the intermediate teams also, the management of both the Algonquins and Alton-St. John insist that it will be impossible that such an arrangement can be carried, and a choice will have to be made between the two. They assert that it is impossible to play good football and do so. Arthur McCloskey will referee all three games. There will be no admission fee for ladies.

Tuesday's practice of the Ottawa football team was interspersed by a vicious fight between Scrimmage Pete Ferguson, of the senior team, and Rance Dunning, of the intermediate half-backs. The pair got into an altercation during the heat of the workout and Dunning, while much smaller than Ferguson, is of sturdy build, shot a haymaker over that caught the scrimmage on the jaw. Before much damage was done the pair were separated, only to clash again a minutes later. In attempting to separate them someone held Ferguson's arms and Dunning took advantage of the opportunity to plant him again. This was the one to give both a free-hand and for several seconds the two battered each other relentlessly. "Change the referee," the referee called out. "Change the referee," the referee called out. "Change the referee," the referee called out.

St. Francis Xavier will play Mount Allison at Sackville on Wednesday afternoon. Among the Antigonish players is Arthur Mahoney, who pitched for St. Peter's base ball team last summer.

The U. N. B. football team will have their first real try-out of the season today, when Capt. Archie Babbitt's team will meet a special team being selected by Fred Baird, who is taking a post graduate course at the University.

The U. N. B. forward line looks pretty strong again this year, notwithstanding the removal of Spier to the half line. A former Rothesay player, Kahring, who last year played in Upper Canada, is to be tried out at quarterback and should make a valuable young player.

Princeton showed a return to form on Wednesday, defeating Virginia Polytechnic Institute by the score of 8 to 6.

Aquatic
London, Oct. 15.—Sir Thomas Lipton has engaged passage on the steamer Cedric for New York today. While in New York Sir Thomas expects to discuss with members of the New York Yacht Club the status of international yachting. There is reason to believe that he cherishes little hope of arranging another race for the America's cup. He will reiterate his desire to challenge under the universal rule.

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Albert H. Crawford, of Nyack, N. Y., last year's stroke car on the Cornell four-cared crew, was elected commodore of the Cornell Yacht Club.

Crawford is a senior in mechanical engineering and stroked his freshmen crew.

The Turf
Beaucoup, the Ornament colt, owned by R. T. Wilson, Jr., surprised the talent Wednesday at New York when he beat home an easy victor in the Garden City stakes, with the juicy odds of 10 to 1 against him. He was ridden by the winner was Nimbus, which carried all the weight coin at 4 to 5. Nimbus led up the backstretch, and on the far turn looked like a sure winner. When he straightened out for the final drive, Creevy brought Beaucoup up with a flash, grabbing the favorite and went on to take wire gallop.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 15.—The Kentucky Stakes, \$2,000, for three-year-old trotters, and the October prize, \$3,000

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 1909

GIVEN UP TO LIE

No. 100 George St., Sorel, Quebec.

"I suffered from womb disease for seven years, with dreadful pains over the front of the body, over the back and down the legs. I had indigestion and chronic constipation and the constipation was so bad that I went sometimes for ten to fifteen days without action of the bowels."

"I was ill in bed for one whole year. At one time I was so low that everyone thought I was going to die, and I was Rites of the Church were administered to me. I was treated by six different doctors without any benefit. Then I got a

handicap, a dash of one mile and a half, for trotters, and the \$1,000 purse race for the card of seven races the breeders' meeting today, and they provided good sport, though the weather was cloudy and chilly and the track far from fast.

First Race, 2:12 Class, Pacing, Purse \$1,000, 3 in 5, Four heats, Yesterday.

Meadowbrook, b.m., by Silent Brook (Trotter) 1 2 4 2 1
Flora Coffee, chm. (Snow) 2 1 1 5 3
Helen Tell, b.m. (Wright) 3 4 1 2 2
The Grater, b.g. (Horne) 4 4 2 4 2
Helen Tell, b.m. (Wright) 5 5 2 2 2
Mabel, b.m. (McDowell) 6 6 4 4 2
Dus R. b.m. (Patterson) 7 7 4 4 2
H. Rogers, b.m. (Rogers) 8 8 4 4 2
Time—2:19, 2:09, 2:15, 2:14, 2:19, 2:12.

Second Race, 2:11 Class, Trotting, Purse \$1,000, 3 in 5.

Demarest, b.g. by Ariel Highwood (Trotter) 1 1
Starlie, b.g. (Gahagan) 2 2
Belle Bird, b.m. (McDonald) 3 3
Belle Bird, b.m. (McDonald) 4 4
Belle Bird, b.m. (McDonald) 5 5
Belle Bird, b.m. (McDonald) 6 6
Belle Bird, b.m. (McDonald) 7 7
Belle Bird, b.m. (McDonald) 8 8
Time—2:11, 2:11, 2:11.

2:05 Class, Pacing, Purse \$1,000.

Mejia J. b.m., by Peter the Great (Trotter) 1 1
Martha A. b.m. (Wright) 2 2
Parfalla, b.m. (Dickerson) 3 3
Parfalla, b.m. (Dickerson) 4 4
Parfalla, b.m. (Dickerson) 5 5
Parfalla, b.m. (Dickerson) 6 6
Parfalla, b.m. (Dickerson) 7 7
Parfalla, b.m. (Dickerson) 8 8
Time—2:05, 2:05, 2:05.

2:03 Class, Pacing, Purse \$1,000.

Lady Maud, chm., by Chitwood (Trotter) 1 1
Lady Maud, chm., by Chitwood (Trotter) 2 2
Lady Maud, chm., by Chitwood (Trotter) 3 3
Lady Maud, chm., by Chitwood (Trotter) 4 4
Lady Maud, chm., by Chitwood (Trotter) 5 5
Lady Maud, chm., by Chitwood (Trotter) 6 6
Lady Maud, chm., by Chitwood (Trotter) 7 7
Lady Maud, chm., by Chitwood (Trotter) 8 8
Time—2:03, 2:03, 2:03.

The October prize, \$5,000, handicap, trotters, dash of one mile and a half, \$1,000 to second, \$750 to third and \$500 to fourth.

Alice Roosevelt, chm., by The Seacher (Trotter) 1 1
Alice Roosevelt, chm., by The Seacher (Trotter) 2 2
Alice Roosevelt, chm., by The Seacher (Trotter) 3 3
Alice Roosevelt, chm., by The Seacher (Trotter) 4 4
Alice Roosevelt, chm., by The Seacher (Trotter) 5 5
Alice Roosevelt, chm., by The Seacher (Trotter) 6 6
Alice Roosevelt, chm., by The Seacher (Trotter) 7 7
Alice Roosevelt, chm., by The Seacher (Trotter) 8 8
Time—2:04, 2:04, 2:04.

2:04 Class, Pacing, Purse \$1,000.

Rug D. b.m., by Todd (Wright) 1 1
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Max Baker of Boston and Ralph Tickle of Pawtucket, fought six rounds at Woonsocket, R. I., Wednesday. While no decision was given, it was generally conceded that the fighters quit about even. Both were going fast at the finish.

The ten-round fight between Monte Atell, champion lightweight, and Danny Webster, at Los Angeles, Wednesday, went the limit. The decision, which was left to the morning newspapers, went to Webster. No decision was permitted from the ring.

Boston fight fans will have an opportunity to see shift fast Harry Lewis in action at the next meeting of the Armory, A. A., Tuesday night. Opposed to the Philadelphia will be Dan Sullivan, a brother to the Cambridge "Twins," who won the American middleweight championship last season.

Battling Nelson, who is at present resting at his home at Hegewisch, Ill., has sent forth a report that he has been offered \$10,000 guarantee from San Francisco promoters to meet either Lew Powell or Johnny Payne, Nov. 12. Nelson has done no active training of late, but still remains an active fighter.

Willie Lewis, who sailed for Europe Tuesday, claims that he has several engagements on the other side for attractive purses.

Baseball Notes
The National Commission and the managers of the Pittsburgh and Detroit teams are madder than hatters over the publication of an article in Pittsburgh newspaper on Wednesday, alleging that the championship games are being manipulated from a box office standpoint rather than on the principle that the best club shall win. In part, an alleged sporting man is quoted as follows:

"It now looks as though the next two games will be a foregone conclusion, which will insure the playing off of the tie and conclude the entire series of seven games."

Manager Clarke of the Pirates said: "Charges of crookedness and fraud are among the most serious matters that can effect an organized sport, such as baseball. Not only are the two teams maligned by the utterances in a morning paper, but it is an insult to the whole profession. The players themselves have excellent grounds for libel suits in this case. I think and I will not be surprised to see legal complications ensue."

"I don't care who the man is," said Manager Jennings, and the Irish in his make-up came to the fore. "It's a shame. Dan Johnson, president of the American league, and a member of the National Commission, said:

"There is absolutely no truth to the article."

President Heydler also vigorously denied the allegation that the games were being fixed.

The National Commission at a meeting Wednesday afternoon at Charles Murphy of the Chicago club, that it would give him until Sunday to make good the fine of \$800 imposed on him for tampering with pitcher Pfeffer of Toronto. Chairman August Hermann received a reply by wire to the effect that, for the amount had been mailed. This, of course, will close the incident, but a warning was sent notifying the Chicago manager that in the future, should any more trouble occur, a heavy fine would result.

A close friend of President Murphy said that because of the \$800 fine imposed on the Chicago club in the Pfeffer case, the Cub magnate contemplates filing charges of tampering with John Kling, the Cub hold-out catcher, and demanding heavy damages against President August Hermann of the Cincinnati club.

Football
The football season will open with a rush on the Every Day game, which will be a triple-header, making continuous football from 2 o'clock to 5:30. There will be an intermediate game between Carleton and the Minnacs at 2

o'clock, followed by a senior contest between the Algonquins and Alton. John at 3:30, and a match between Rothesay College and the Y. M. C. A. at 4:30.

The star attraction will be the clash of the big teams. Both fifteen, in fact, all six teams have been taking advantage of the spell of fine weather and have been practicing faithfully, and some excellent football is promised. As it is the announced intention to bring some of the college teams here, and probably the Halifax Wanderers and Moncton, followers of the gridiron game will have a chance to get a line on the available material.

Some of the older enthusiasts will be surprised at the lot of new material that is on hand by the graduation of the fast set of the intermediates into senior company. At practice these players have been putting up whirlwind football and a treat is in store.

As some of the players in the senior match are announced as playing in the intermediate teams also, the management of both the Algonquins and Alton-St. John insist that it will be impossible that such an arrangement can be carried, and a choice will have to be made between the two. They assert that it is impossible to play good football and do so. Arthur McCloskey will referee all three games. There will be no admission fee for ladies.

Tuesday's practice of the Ottawa football team was interspersed by a vicious fight between Scrimmage Pete Ferguson, of the senior team, and Rance Dunning, of the intermediate half-backs. The pair got into an altercation during the heat of the workout and Dunning, while much smaller than Ferguson, is of sturdy build, shot a haymaker over that caught the scrimmage on the jaw. Before much damage was done the pair were separated, only to clash again a minutes later. In attempting to separate them someone held Ferguson's arms and Dunning took advantage of the opportunity to plant him again. This was the one to give both a free-hand and for several seconds the two battered each other relentlessly. "Change the referee," the referee called out. "Change the referee," the referee called out. "Change the referee," the referee called out.

St. Francis Xavier will play Mount Allison at Sackville on Wednesday afternoon. Among the Antigonish players is Arthur Mahoney, who pitched for St. Peter's base ball team last summer.

The U. N. B. football team will have their first real try-out of the season today, when Capt. Archie Babbitt's team will meet a special team being selected by Fred Baird, who is taking a post graduate course at the University.

The U. N. B. forward line looks pretty strong again this year, notwithstanding the removal of Spier to the half line. A former Rothesay player, Kahring, who last year played in Upper Canada, is to be tried out at quarterback and should make a valuable young player.

Princeton showed a return to form on Wednesday, defeating Virginia Polytechnic Institute by the score of 8 to 6.

Aquatic
London, Oct. 15.—Sir Thomas Lipton has engaged passage on the steamer Cedric for New York today. While in New York Sir Thomas expects to discuss with members of the New York Yacht Club the status of international yachting. There is reason to believe that he cherishes little hope of arranging another race for the America's cup. He will reiterate his desire to challenge under the universal rule.

Ithaca, N. Y., Oct. 15.—Albert H. Crawford, of Nyack, N. Y., last year's stroke car on the Cornell four-cared crew, was elected commodore of the Cornell Yacht Club.

Crawford is a senior in mechanical engineering and stroked his freshmen crew.

The Turf
Beaucoup, the Ornament colt, owned by R. T. Wilson, Jr., surprised the talent Wednesday at New York when he beat home an easy victor in the Garden City stakes, with the juicy odds of 10 to 1 against him. He was ridden by the winner was Nimbus, which carried all the weight coin at 4 to 5. Nimbus led up the backstretch, and on the far turn looked like a sure winner. When he straightened out for the final drive, Creevy brought Beaucoup up with a flash, grabbing the favorite and went on to take wire gallop.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 15.—The Kentucky Stakes, \$2,000, for three-year-old trotters, and the October prize, \$3,000

for trotters, and the October prize, \$3,000

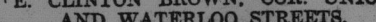
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SIR FREDERICK BORDEN WINS HIS LIBEL SUIT AGAINST CARRUTHERS

Kentville, N. S., Oct. 15.—After being out four hours the jury in the famous libel suit of the King vs. Carruthers, commenced at 3 o'clock, when Judge Drysdale began the delivery of his lengthy charge to the jury. Again the court room was crowded. The names of the jurors were once again called and amid breathless silence his lordship arose. The judge said he had kept the jury together for several reasons. Political feeling was running high and this was the case everywhere. Political considerations must not come into the trial and because political men are interested, the duty of the jury was not changed. Politics must not be considered. The judge must state the law. The jury must reach a conclusion independent of side issues. The definition of defamatory libel was given. The libel in question, was on its face, one of the worst possible in reference to a public man. The first charge was that Sir Frederick had enticed a girl away from home for immoral purposes. Secondly, he was charged with separating another woman from her husband. The last charge was that he had kept the girl at 882 Palace street, Montreal, for immoral purposes. In regard to the charges, defendant had pleaded that the statements were true, and that he believed on reasonable grounds that they were true. In regard to the belief that the libel was true, the judge said reasonable grounds did not exist, and he withdrew this from the consideration of the jury. The second justification advanced was that the matter was one of public interest. He had ruled that matters of long ago having relation to the present position of a man, in order to guide the electorate should be discussed, if they were true. The judge held that if the charges could be proved, the libel would be justified. Each statement would have to be considered separately as there were several libels. In regard to his rulings, Mr. Justice Drysdale said he had used his best judgment. He would reserve any case he was asked to reserve. In reference to one ruling, counsel complained to the jury. He thought it was rather queer. It could do no good, as he was open to correction. The matter of Sir Frederick Borden's past life and the past life of Mr. Carruthers was the point on which his ruling was not accepted. He had used his discretion and had given large latitude until Mr. Ritchie went too far. He could make his complaint to the proper tribunal. An appeal to the jury was useless. The world would have to be content with the best service from judge and jury. The evidence was then reviewed as the legal situation appeared to him. In regard to the first libel, so regarded, it was evident that it was published, the defendant was guilty of libel. To start with, Are the libels true? is the question. Defendant must satisfy the jury as reasonable men of the truth of the charges to be acquitted. Those testifying to the truth of the libel were several. The first was Mrs. Maria Allison. The judge thought that even if Sir Frederick called on Hester Chalefour at Montreal it was doubtful if this was ground for the assumption that he had enticed her there. Where is the evidence that Sir Frederick kept the girl at 882 Palace street, Montreal, for immoral purposes asked the judge. He found no evidence to this effect. In regard to Mrs. McParland having been separated from her husband by Sir Frederick, the judge said there was no reasonable ground to this effect. He mentioned the evidence of Mrs. Maria Allison. In the absence of reasonable evidence the charge fell through. Miss Archambault's evidence was then reviewed. He told the jury to consider if Sir Frederick was ever seen at her house. Judge Drysdale thought it would be well to disregard the evidence of Hester Chalefour. She admitted herself a blackmailer, a liar, a prostitute and an abandoned person. No stock should be taken in her statements. He suggested this course. The judge pointed out that this witness could not be believed for ten minutes at a time. Judge Drysdale told the jury to consider very carefully the evidence and draw their own conclusions. The justice said the evidence of Hester Chalefour was not to be taken into consideration. The four counts were grouped as three libels. He said each count could be considered separately; the indictment could be considered in whole or part. If no judgment was shown a verdict of guilty should be rendered. If the truth were shown the verdict should not be guilty. The judge alone had the power to give sentence. The punishment provided in case of guilty was a minimum of one year imprisonment or a fine of \$100 or both. An unanimous decision would have to be given for a verdict.

GENERAL STRIKE IN NAPLES OVER FERRER EXECUTION

Parade and Trouble—Attempt to Set Fire to the Cathedral in Pisa

Naples, Oct. 16.—All the workmen of Naples except the employees of the street railway, participated yesterday in the general strike called in protest against the execution of Ferrer. Three thousand of the strikers held a meeting and afterwards paraded through the city. During the march they attacked a street car, but the

police charged and dispersed them. A few men were wounded. Later the strikers rallied and reached the monument erected to the memory of the Martires of the Parthenopean republic of 1799, where fiery speeches were delivered. The strikers passed the monument bareheaded and went to the municipality building with the intention of forcing the mayor to lower the flag to half mast. Again, however, the police charged and dispersed the procession. Pisa, Italy, Oct. 15.—During a demonstration here today a mob attempted to set fire to the cathedral, but succeeded only in burning one of its doors. The Fairville Superior school was closed yesterday on account of a case of diptheria, which compelled a disinfection of the building.

BORDEN TRIES TO MAKE CAPITAL OF MAYES CONSPIRACY

Halifax, Oct. 15.—R. L. Borden, the Liberal-Conservative leader, addressed a large party gathering in his own constituency this evening and leaves for the west tomorrow. He referred to various matters which were dealt with last session of parliament as characteristic examples of the present administration. He enumerated some of these things as follows: The reckless squandering of public money for partisan purposes. The systematic encouragement and protection of camp followers engaged in plundering the public treasury. The degrading of public life by lowering those high standards of public honor which prevail in the mother country. The colossal blundering of the government in the administration of great national undertakings. Then he instanced the Newmarket canal which had cost \$1,250,000 and was a byword as water must be supplied by artificial wells. He referred to the Mayes conspiracy of which he attempted to make capital, and to the Cassels' inquiry. He condemned the withholding of information which the public had a right to receive. He mentioned the New Brunswick Central Railway at some length in order to attack Hon. Mr. Popley. He deplored the government's failure to deal with the fast Atlantic service and the nationalization of the leading ports. The Conservative leader attacked the premier and his party for the great difference between the cost and estimate for the National Transcontinental Railway.

SETTLEMENT ALONG THE G. T. P. LINE

Ottawa, Oct. 15.—The indications are there will be a good deal of settlement along the National Transcontinental between Moncton and Winnipeg, in spite of the fact that opponents of the line contend that the country was all rock and swamp and unfit for farming. In fact the immigration authorities state that they are already having applications for locations on the company's section just west of Winnipeg, extending to Superior Junction, and that settlers are locating there in considerable numbers. The annual report of the National Transcontinental commission shows that a preliminary examination has been made of the country along the whole route from Moncton to Winnipeg and the result is the discovery that a good many million acres of first class agricultural land has been disclosed, particularly in Quebec and Ontario. Hugh Lumsden states: "From time to time I have received reports from district and other engineers on the nature of country along the line, particularly in Western Quebec and Eastern Ontario. The land fit for cultivation in district 'C' in Western Quebec, commences at the Bell River and extends west to the Ontario boundary. Most of this land will be fit for cultivation, being a good clay soil, easily drained. No doubt this arable land extends a good deal further to the north than is shown on the map, but we report on the country so far explored by our engineers. On this section there are 8,900 square miles of which 2,900,000 acres will make good farming land and another 1,500,000 acres can probably be drained afterward." In district 'D' extending west from the Ontario boundary he reports that the engineers have found about 10,000,000 acres of good farming land immediately along the route of the road.

ENDS HIS LIFE, FATHER WAS SUICIDE ALSO

Amherst, N. S., Oct. 15.—About four years ago the inhabitants of Trumansville, a country section about eight miles from Amherst, were shocked by the death of Abel Smith, a well-to-do and prosperous farmer, who went to the barn for the ostensible purpose of attending his cattle, but really to put a bullet through his heart. His wife died shortly after this event, and the oldest son, Walter, was so broken up by the tragedy that he left the farm and went to the Mount Hope Hospital, Dartmouth. After comparatively a short stay there he recovered and has since been living on the homestead with the younger brother and two sisters, attending to the farm and apparently doing well. This morning he was left alone in the house, his two sisters and brother being called away. The younger brother returned at noon and on going through the house found the bedroom door of his brother locked. He went outside and, peering through the window, was horrified to see the body of his brother lying on the floor in a pool of blood. He alarmed the neighbors and broke into the room, but life was extinct. The deceased was only 24 years of age. He had deliberately sat in a chair and drawn the keen edge of the razor across his throat, inflicting a frightful wound from which death must have been instantaneous.

REPAIR EMPRESS AT HALIFAX

Montreal, Oct. 15.—It has been decided that the passengers booked for the Empress of Ireland, scheduled to sail from Quebec for Liverpool on Friday of next week, shall be transferred to the Cordian, of the Allan line, leaving on the same day from Montreal and Quebec. In the meantime a survey is being made of the damaged Empress at Quebec and divers are investigating the condition of the ship's bottom. After her accident on Thursday the Empress was towed to the wharf and the passengers were taken ashore. After temporary repairs have been made at Quebec the Empress of Ireland will steam to Halifax for dry docking. The Lewis dry dock is not large enough to accommodate vessels of such size, a fact which has been adversely commented on by St. Lawrence shipowners. It is possible that the Empress may be patched up sufficiently at Quebec to cross the Atlantic for permanent repairs, but if this is done she will carry no passengers. It is not known yet whether the Empress struck a submerged derelict or whether she ran too close to the shore and grazed the ledge, but this will be brought out in the investigation which will be held.

ALLANS TO BUILD SHIPS?

Ottawa, Oct. 15.—(Special)—H. & A. Allan, Ltd., has been granted incorporation with an authorized capital of \$800,000, the head office to be in Montreal and with power to build and operate steamships. The incorporators are Sir Hugh Morrison, Allan, Anderson & Allan, Ltd. of Montreal; W. Macdonnell, of Montreal; B. J. Allan, of Boston. New winter materials are rough for street and crepe, and dull-finished for the house.

BARRIE FREED WIFE BECAUSE SHE LOVED ANOTHER

Author and Playwright, Only Witness on Stand, Tells Why He Sought Divorce. James M. Barrie, the novelist and playwright, whose suit for divorce caused a sensation on both sides of the Atlantic when the news was announced a few days ago, appeared as the principal witness in the trial of the case in London. He was granted a divorce on the grounds of his wife's misconduct with Gilbert Cannan, a young author. One of the surprises of the day was that Mrs. Barrie, who was formerly Mary Ansell, an actress, entered no defense, although she must have been aware that serious charges would be made against her. It was understood that both Mr. Barrie and his wife were anxious for a divorce—that Mrs. Barrie desired freedom that she might marry Mr. Cannan, and that Mr. Barrie probably would wed Pauline Chase, the beautiful young American actress who was almost an adopted child of Mr. Barrie and his wife. In the absence of any defense, Mrs. Barrie's name was not introduced in the court. The case was called and calmly related the circumstances leading up to a cottage for divorce. He said that in 1908 he permitted Mr. Cannan the use of a cottage which the novelist owned at Frimham. It was at this cottage that the alleged misconduct took place. The plaintiff said that the matter first came to his ears from the servants at his home, and when the accusations were made known to his wife, she said that she could not deny that they were true. "I offered to forgive her offenses on the condition that she would break off her acquaintance with Cannan," said Mr. Barrie, his voice for the first time betraying emotion. My offer was refused. "Then I offered the give-up separation. This also was refused, and then she began to plead with me to set her free, declaring that Cannan was the only man in the world she had ever cared for and that our marriage had been a mistake." This concluded Mr. Barrie's testimony. The court promptly granted Mr. Barrie a divorce. No damages were asked for by Mr. Barrie, but under the law of the English courts, Cannan, the co-respondent, must pay the costs of the action.

HUNGER STRIKE EFFECTIVE

Lady Constance Lytton and Mrs. H. N. Brailford, who were sentenced to a month's imprisonment for taking part in a suffragette demonstration against David Lloyd-George, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, several movements have taken place in the government order, owing to their weak condition. Lady Constance and Mrs. Brailford had carried on a hunger strike, but they say that no attempt was made to feed them forcibly, as was done in the case of others condemned at the same time. Black still indicates that it means to rule in favor as well as in afternoon growth. Stripes prevail in the latest French fashion, and some of them are highly effective. Many a hot-air dispenser develops cold feet. The mosquito sings sweetest just before he presents his bill.

MISS HARRIMAN PROVIDES SCHOOL FOR CONSUMPTIVES

Ferryboat Fitted Up With Teaching Appliances, and an Instructor Is Provided. New York, Oct. 16.—Through the philanthropy of Miss Mary Harriman, eldest daughter of the late E. H. Harriman, the poor children of Brooklyn who are afflicted with tuberculosis are able to keep up with their classes in the public schools and be cured at the same time. The ferryboat Susquehanna, which Miss Harriman loaned to the Brooklyn committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis during the summer as a day camp, is being used as a public school for the little consumptives who are not allowed by law to attend the regular schools. The boat is moored at the foot of Columbia street, Brooklyn, in the Erie Basin. The board of education has co-operated with Miss Harriman and the committee, and made the spacious ferryboat an annex of Public School No. 27. It is fitted with desks, blackboards and all the furniture of the modern schoolroom. Its method of instruction, however, is that of the old-fashioned country school. As there are less than forty pupils from every grade, one teacher must suffice for all, in order to have a teacher who will be sympathetic and not push the children too hard when they are tired, the school has been in the charge of a man who has had consumption, John Birdsell. Wealthy Brooklyn women are providing milk and eggs for the children during school hours.

FORTUNE WILL NOT KEEP HER FROM STAGE

New York, Oct. 16.—Miss Frances Sayre, the young society girl who recently surprised her friends by announcing that she intended to go upon the stage, has just been seen in a performance at the Lyceum theatre, where she is appearing in a stock company. "She is well pleased with what she has already achieved. She is very sincere in her desire to win fame and seems adapted to the work. In fact, I don't think there is any inducement that could cause her to give it up. She is in love with the stage. "She realizes it is hard work, but she has begun at the bottom and intends to make her way to the front ranks." Miss Sayre is a granddaughter of the late Dr. Louis A. Sayre and the niece of Dr. Reginald Sayre. Black still indicates that it means to rule in favor as well as in afternoon growth. Stripes prevail in the latest French fashion, and some of them are highly effective. Many a hot-air dispenser develops cold feet. The mosquito sings sweetest just before he presents his bill.

EARLY ROSE POTATO MAN THE DADDY OF THEM ALL

The Khan Soliloquizes on Great Men, and Makes Unhesitating Choice

(The Khan in Toronto Star.) I have met a vast number of so-called "great men" in my time. I have met Sir John A. Macdonald, Henry Ward Beecher, Archbishop Lynch, George Brown, and a greater than he—his brother Gordon. I have met Paderewski and Mark Twain and John T. Raymond and Henry Irving and Hon. Frank Smith—I have met them all somewhere at some time; but after all I haven't met the greatest men that this continent has produced. For instance, I have never met the man who introduced the Early Rose potato. The Early Rose potato was a revolution. It put new potatoes on the market from six weeks to two months earlier than in the past. More than that, it made it possible for even the poorest in the land to eat potatoes every day in the year, three times a day at that, if he felt so disposed. Before the advent of the Early Rose potato there was a hiatus from the middle of June to the middle of September at the least. The old potatoes were done all over the country, but the new potatoes hadn't come in. People talk about the good old days. There weren't any such things as good old days. We have had the potatoless summer in the alleged good old days. Folks ate beans instead of potatoes in the hottest part of the summer—just think of it! But the great genius who invented the Early Rose potato laughed all that. Before the old potatoes had lost their flavor the new potatoes were on the market in abundance. Can anyone figure out what this discoverer's enterprise meant to mankind? And, by the way, who was he? The man who benefited his race as this man did should be known. His name should be familiar in our mouths as household words. There should be an engraving of him in every dining room. There should be a sketch of him in the public school readers. There should be a monument to him on every market square in the land; but as a matter of fact we don't know who he was. We have forgotten his name; we don't know whether he is dead or alive. But lesser great men than he are unknown. Who was it that evolved the Manchester or Michigan Amber or abundance wheat? They have added a bushel to every wheat acre in the land, and can you figure out what that means? Where is the man who grew the first bunch of Concord grapes and gave to this continent the immeasurable blessing of the Concord grape vine? Nobody knows. It is likely he lived at Concord and made the place forever famous, but I'll bet a quarter against a cancelled stamp that there are not ten persons in Concord who could tell you who he was. When I go to the fall fairs I realize that our greatest men are wholly unknown. In this walk of life inventors seem so modest. The man who invented the priceless knitter on a harvester will never be so well known as Dr. Cook or Commandeur Pesty, and yet he is by far the greatest of the three, and has done more for mankind. It would be worth while to find out who it was that was responsible for the Early Rose potato. If he be alive yet, he should be crowned with a crown of gold and his name inscribed among the immortals. THE KHAN.

A Native Beauty

A Princess

Hawaiian Fisherman

THE NATIVE POPULATION

By Forbes Lindesay

Weaving Mats from Native Fibre

easy labor they could not be induced to exert themselves, and the sugar planters soon learned that the native population could not be depended on to furnish the field hands needed. With the approval of the government, they were employed as coolies, and the response was prompt and satisfactory. Chinese emigrated to Hawaii in a constantly increasing flood until their numbers, especially as the native population was steadily decreasing. The Chinese influx was checked and the planters were required to draw the greater part of their imported labor from Japan. The event proved that this measure involved the process of jumping from the frying pan into the fire. Gradually the Japanese element expanded until it is now the most numerous in the country and represents 45 per cent. of the total population. Whilst the Japanese have been efficient laborers, they have exhibited tendency to be aggressive and unruly. The present disturbances in the sugar districts are by no means the first chargeable to them. Riots and strikes in the past have been carried on by them when the other workers were peaceful and satisfied. Even the Chinese have never joined them in these agitations, which have more than once called for the intervention of the Japanese consuls. The majority of these Japanese are drawn from the cities of their country, and many of them are of the hoodlum class. They have gradually pushed other nationalities out of the sugar fields, and now have a practical monopoly of the labor.

While the planters were gathering labor from China, Japan and Korea, they made efforts to procure men from various parts of Europe as well as from Porto Rico and America. Only in the case of the Portuguese have these endeavors been completely successful. They have been, on the whole, the most desirable of all laborers imported. Their practice is to bring their families, and the women and older children do a respectable share of work. As a result the monthly earnings of a family of five or six persons are from \$80 to \$100. They are very thrifty and soon accumulate enough to buy a little property. As soon as they have acquired a little property they become independent cultivators. In this way the Portuguese have almost entirely drifted away from the plantations and the anti-contract labor laws of the United States have prevented fresh importations in recent years. In the past several movements have been started with a view to inducing small farmers from the mainland to settle on the soil. So far success has been conspicuously absent from these projects. Colonies of Americans have generally resulted in the formation of sugar companies. Capital has been poured into the territory of the colonists, after securing their agreement to put their lands into cane, and ultimately has substituted for their labor that of Orientals who are paid \$18 a month. Or the colonist has found in his land an opportunity for speculation and instead of working it has sold it to some neighboring plantation. Then a detrimental condition is the natural repugnance of Americans to do manual labor in a country where such work is almost entirely performed by coolies of colored race, and which are employed as overseers and managers. There is nothing in the climate or physical conditions to prevent an American from making a comfortable living from a small holding—say 60 acres—in Hawaii. In the newly opened portions of our Far West there are many better and more exciting places in which a good market exists are entirely neglected or inadequately cultivated. The government has recently interested itself in this question and form Secre-

at about 180,000, native Americans account for slightly more than 5 per cent. The Kanakas, who are on the decrease, and the half-breeds number approximately 33,000; the Portuguese and other Latin people 25,000. The majority of the population, more than 100,000 of it, in fact, is Chinese and Japanese, the latter numbering 75,000. The children of these orientals will, unless measures are taken to counteract the impending development, form a powerful, if not a dominant, element of the body politic in the comparatively near future.

There is little occasion for apprehension on the score of the future Chinese citizenship. The majority of Chinese in Hawaii are respectable members of the community and are desirous of making their children Americans in the true sense of the word. The Chinese boys are the brightest and most promising of the public schools. Business men find the Chinese youths best qualified to fill positions of trust and intelligence. A large proportion of this race in Hawaii are property-owners, and therefore disposed to be law-abiding supporters of the constituted authorities.

The Japanese of Hawaii, on the other hand, display in a marked degree the traits which distinguish them in other parts of the world. They are bumptious and quarrelsome, entertain an exaggerated idea of the power of their country, and cherish all sorts of wild dreams of its expansion by conquest. No doubt their government encourages this tendency. It is ghastly, and it is quite possible to attempt, if a fair opportunity offered, to repeat in Hawaii the tactics which have made Korea an appanage of Nipon.

Little bands and angles of Irish lace add a quaint touch to imported lingerie gowns. Stockings match every variety of shoe. There is a noticeable demand just now for jabots, cuffs with frills and dainty little cravats.

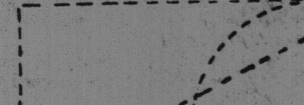
BY MAUD WALKER.

Saturday morning came clear and bright. It was the last week in September, and the Jones children had planned all week on going nutting on this day if the weather man were kind enough to send them fine sunshine and cool breezes. And the weather man had responded to their wish by keeping the sky clear and the sun bright, and the wind mild and bracing.

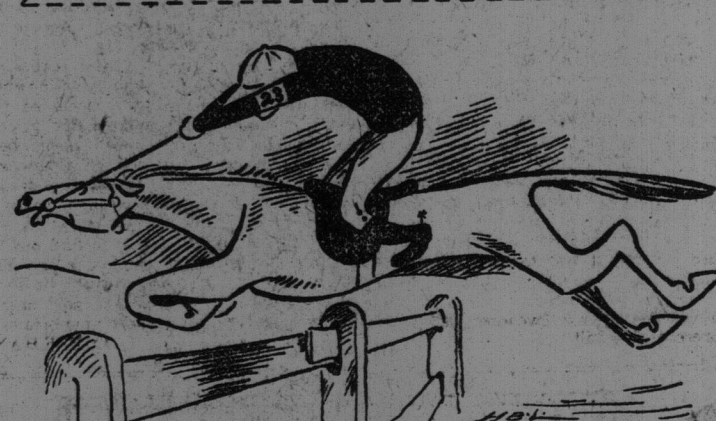
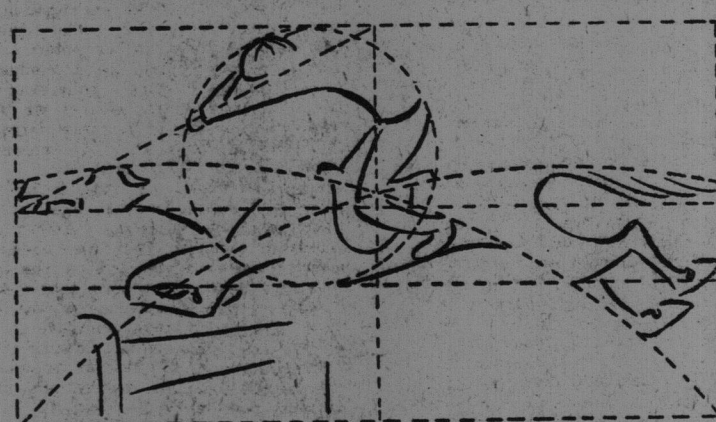
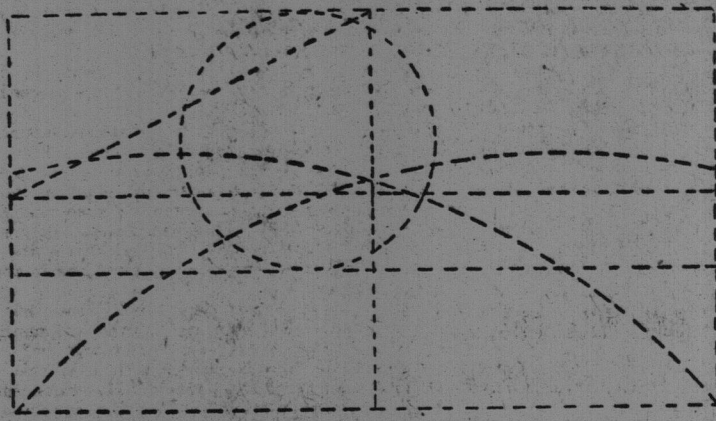
"Is there any time in all the year so glorious as the early autumn?" asked Agette, the oldest of the three Jones children. She was putting on her hat prepar-

Helpful Hints for

LESSON NO. 66—A



LESSON NO. 69—A HURDLE RACE



Florencio was a little boy. He lived a long, long time ago in the country known as the Kingdom of Castile. He lived with his uncle and aunt, very wicked people, who had a son and daughter of their own, but who treated Florencio as if he were a slave. They obliged him to wait upon their own children from morning till night. Florencio's cousins and his own brothers and sisters, who were as domineering and unkind as their parents, gave him many duties set for Florencio to perform for his cousins was the gathering of honey. And as he lived before the time when the beekeepers were obliged to run the risk of being seri-

ous bees. Go you and fetch in a full earthen jar of honey; and be quick about it."

Florencio, sore and suffering in arms and hands, heavy of heart, went off toward the hills, where he had heard the bees were to be found.

To fill that large vessel would mean to work all day among the bee trees, and to suffer more pain from the bees than he could bear.

But Florencio feared that he would be stung more while his arms and hands were in this condition than he would be by the bees' hurt. But, after all, death held no terror for him, for he was a truthful, honorable boy, and he would rather die than live in such an unhappy condition in his present life and

A black and white illustration of a young boy in a sailor's outfit standing on a rocky shore, looking out at a small boat with a person inside. A large, striped buoy is in the foreground, and a city skyline is visible in the background. A bee is flying above the boy.

He found himself in a pretty fishing village. Only using by the little home-makers, and whenever he made a visit on their shore, he was in some hollow stump or tree-trunk.

One day, while suffering from beatings and blows, he was before. Florento was called to his aunt's room. "Go and gather enough honey for this day's supper," she ordered. "Yesterday you brought it from the forest for Adalberto. Today you must fetch enough for the entire household, barring the servants, of course."

"Yes, aunt, I got so badly stung yesterday that my arms and hands are swollen and sore. Just look at my hands," he said, holding them up. On inspection a swollen and sore hand, the result of his gathering honey from rebellious bees on the previous day.

"You must learn how to gather honey without fighting with the bees," declared the unsympathetic aunt. "There are people who have learned from me how to be so little trouble to either themselves or

no promise for him.

After entering the edge of a heavy forest Florento sat down beside a brook to bathe his feverish hands. While thus engaged a great bee came flying along and alighted on his hand. He spoke to him, where Florento sat. Florento, too much occupied with his painful hands, did not notice the bee. He spoke to him again. Then, in amazement, he sat up and looked all about for the owner of the voice, which did not sound like that of a human being. He saw the bee, and he spoke the language of Florento.


"Little bee," said the bee, "I have come to help you. I have a tasty honey to disguise a bee. Now, I have been watching you for some time, and I have seen how you are mistreated in the honey house. I will help you to escape from mere slave, whose business it is to fetch and carry for them, to wait upon their hand and foot. Now, will you accept my offer?"

Florento was trembling with excitement

on his arm ready for the task of filling them with nuts. "I'm primed for the start and ready to go off."

"All right," said May, "and we'll be with you on the last figure," called down Annette. Then she and May hustled about, completing their preparations for starting. As their brother called out "Ten!" they both started. They ran as fast as they could, their mother good-by and were off, going merrily down the street leading to the outskirts of the town. From there their road would be among country fields and through a beautiful wood two miles from town. The children often went nutting in this wood and felt as safe there as in their own pretty, hedged yard at home.

They were not alone. The Reverend, and Paul left Annette and May into a shady path which rambled through the woods toward a spring that welled up under



The children enjoyed an exhibition of bear tricks.

shadowing ledge of rock. There they refreshed themselves with a drink from the sweet, pure water, having provided their lunch basket with a small tin cup for the purpose.

"Say, give her's a fine place to eat our lunch," said Paul. "Suppose we put our lunch basket here in the cool nook beside the spring. It will be secure."

"Yes, and we'll go over the hill for the nuts," said Annette. "You know there are always so many beyond the hill. It seems that no one ever looks for nuts beyond the line of the spring brook. Do you remember how many we got there last year?"

"Almost a businet," declared Paul. "We had such a load that we couldn't carry it, and I had to make a second trip here, bringing a big grain bag to carry the nuts home in."

May placed the lunch basket in a safe hiding place beneath some autumn-tinted bushes that grew beside the spring. Then, Paul, swinging the big nut baskets on his arms, the three went off over the wooded hill descending on the opposite

ment. A fairy had come to help him! Ah, he had heard of the fairies very often, but had never dared to hope that they would ever take pity on him, a poor orphan. "Oh, yes, good fairy," he cried, "I should be glad if you would do something to make me feel easier. I am so unhappy, so, so miserable!"

"Do as I bid you, my boy," said the bee. "Lie down and sleep while I fill your jar with honey. You need the rest."

Florence was very glad of the opportunity, and stretched himself out on the cool ground in the shade of the trees. Soon he was fast asleep, for the fairy bee had fanned his arms and hands with her gossamer wings, healing the sore and feverish parts which had been poisoned by the bees' stings.

Stumber, Florence was awakened by the bee. "Come, boy, awake! Let's go to the home of your uncle," said the fairy voice. "I have a plan to make you see the saw on the ground beside him the jar of oil, beautiful honey. And, how quite clear, the fairy said. "And were you not stung at all?"

"No," said Larry laughed. "Don't you see, boy?"

"Yes," said the fairy. "I have taken on the form of a gnat because? And while in this disguise I would go among the bees at will. They would not know I was there. I am a friend of the bees. They are often robbed of their store of provisions by fairy people, and I am here to help them. I have expressed. I often assist the bees in their battles against intruding man-kind, and against the robbers of their honey. And their enemies are stung to their death, and it is only what they deserve, for they will attack the store of food of the bees. I am not a robber, but I am a friend of the bees. And, come, you must go. I will follow you. Be not afraid of anyone while I am with you."

Refreshed from his sleep and the sweet sleep gone from his arms and hands, Florence started up. He was now on the hill overlooking the hills homeward, carrying the jar on his shoulder as lightly as though it had no weight. He was now on the hill, and a few and buzzed the big bee.

On entering his cousin's home Florento was surprised to find the door open. "Come in," called Edward. "Ah, what brings you here so quickly?" asked Edward. "If you haven't filled the jar with honey, my mother will be angry."

"I have a jar brimful," said Florento. "And he placed the vessel of honey on the table."

Adalina ran to fetch her mother, who upon seeing the jar of fine, clear honey called to her husband to come and partake of the honey. "Come, dear," said the plates and bread, saying that they would eat of the honey there in the cool out-of-doors.

Pretty soon the family of four were seated about the deal table, their plates of bread spread thick with honey. But as the honey was so good, the children's mouths the honey became alive with bees, and the bees began to sting them viciously. With a loud cry of pain the uncle and aunt, the mother and father, turned to them and at the same moment the children fell to the stone floor, crying out with pain. "What is the matter?" cried the uncle, their heads and hands. But faint as the night, the bees swarmed about them, stinging and stinging. Florento was amazed to see his mother and father, his mother and father. He watched the bees fighting his uncle, aunt and cousins, but had no chance of going to drive away the vicious insects.

"Well, I guess they have enough

side to a spot where grew several great trees from whose abundant branches nuts rained in great numbers. The children, with their brown nuts, gleaming through the fallen leaves, and shower of nuts and leaves fell with every fresh gust of wind that shook the branches. The three children, who were gathering nuts, were laughing and talking and throwing away any that were marked by worms.

"The worms that the entered nuts have a prior claim," said Paul. "They have the right to eat them before we have any claim, and possession is nine points of the law."

"Well, I guess it isn't so much in respect to the worm that you discard the hole-marked nuts as you would have us do," laughed Annette. "You don't want to carry home a useless nut."

"That's it," said Paul with mock gravity and wounded feelings. "One is never

appreciated when performing deeds of kindness. The motive is considered a selfish one. I am charitable to the worm in the nut, and am accused of acting on personal motives only. Cruel, cruel world."

May and Annette laughed merrily over Paul's pretense at being hurt. Then, having filled the first basket with nuts, they started to fill the second one.

"Say, you girls return to camp with this basket," said Paul. "I'll fill the second one in short order and follow you. You can have the lunch spread by the time I get there."

Annette and May thought this a good suggestion, and started to return to the spreaded basket carried between them.

It was a pretty good load, but the little girls did not mind it. They were so glad to have found so many fine nuts.

On reaching the spring they drew forth the lunch basket and took from it a large towel, which they spread over a huge flat rock. This was to be their luncheon-table. Then they spread the sandwiches, cake, cold chicken, jelly-bread, hard-boiled

Dear little Bo-Peep
Went fast asleep
In the shadow of a tree.
The clock struck one,
And still he slept on,
And he didn't wake until three.

Then home he went,
 For the day was far spent
 (He must go to bed at eight!);
 On his mother's knee
 He sat until tea,
 Which they never had until late.

[illegible]

WHEN VACATIONS ARE DUE.

Sing a song of roses,
 Frimmon, hearts of gold,
 Till the dawn disposes
 When the night is old.

Sing a song of fishes
 To the river deep,
 Where no ripples swishes,
 Where the river sleeps.

Whippoorwill are calling
 To the murky water,
 When the due is falling
 In the grassy glade.

Feeling pretty lazy,
 I would be at ease
 Where the air is hazy
 Nodderneath the trees.

Come the summer showers,
 Cooling of the air,
 Like to smell the flowers,
 Full of perfume rare.

Hate to think of labor,
 Should say I do,
 Tell the truth, poor neighbor,
 Honestly, don't you.

—Chicago News.

"Is it in connection with your late summer vacation?" was asked.

It is, but it's nothing about me. I was up to Lake George, you know. Great place for canoes. Great place for moonlight nights. Great place for a fellow to sit down in a canoe and let her drift o'er the shimmering waters and do some meditating."

"And you did it?"

"I did."

"And the shimmer?"

"Oh, it was right there. Say every little wavelet seemed made of molten silver and the reflection of the stars was like diamonds bobbing up to the surface."

"I got set on with the ignorance. What was ignorant?"

"I was a floating o'er that shimmering silver sea when a gun went off and a load of buckshot tore the bow of the canoe to shreds. It was fired from the shore."

[illegible]

In a horse trough—New York Times.

THE AVIDGE MAN

We men are alls klickin' 'bout the thing the women wear.

They say, "Look, the way they talk, they know we do their hair."

Common sense we're 'fore married, an' friv'olus, an' rich,

They say, "We're 'fore marry ter the lass we've bein' rich."

Say, now look here, my feller men, let's be wise an' be master straight.

The women ain't ter blame becuz we scold 'em 'bout their hair."

Per goodness knows they change their hair the way we want."

They useter wear their skirts a-trailin' 'bout their ankles."

We growled that women cared no more fer bein' clean and neat."

Wise as we are, we can clear the ground 'bout an' inch or so."

Wise as we are, why ain't it plain the way we want their feet 'fore show?"

They say, "We've got to go ag'in—we've vowed we'd leave 'em first."

They say, "We've got to go ag'in by immortals we've cursed."

An' they say, "We can't begin how we play or harp an' things."

The avenge man won't the way the women wear their wigs."

—Beach Bluff, in Puck.


LETTER ENIGMA. **HAS 1,000 KEYS.**

My first is in lake, but not in ocean;
My second is in move, but not in motion;
Probably the most unique county in
United States is Monroe county, Fla.

My third is in arm, but not in leg;
My fourth is in poor, but not in beg;
My fifth is in nest, but not in bed;
My sixth is in chicken, but not in lay;
My seventh is the same as my five, you see;
My eighth is in bug, but not in flea.

My whole is that.
Which all children love;
And you'll know what it is
When you solve the above.

PUZZLE PICTURE.



This country, or the larger part of
made up of a group of islands, called
and these are both on the east and
coast. All the buildings in the count
in view of both coasts, on the east
west.

ZIGZAG PUZZLE.

All the words of this *zigzag* contain
same number of letters. If the word
correctly guessed and written one
another in their rightful order, the
zig letters, beginning with the upper
hand letter, and ending with the
left-hand letter, will spell the name
prophet of the Holy Writ. The
words are: 1. Something used for
floors. 2. A boy's toy. 3. A per
sonification of the masculine gender. 4.
which a sea fisherman cannot do with
5. That which a drinking man is su

become sooner or later.

ANSWERS TO LAST

WEEK'S PUZZLE

Letter Enigma—School.

Primal Acrostic—Inventor. Cross-
1. Ivory. 2. Nurse. 3. Verse. 4. A.
5. Prime. 6. Trunk. 7. Organ. 8. B.
Rehearsal—1. Bunion-union. 2. I.
dine. 3. Burn-urn.
Curtailings—1. Cotton-cut. 2. B.
buck. 3. Fine-fin.
Primal Animal Acrostic—Moose. V.
pictured—1. Moose. 2. Orang-outan.
Zebra. 4. Alligator. 5. Rhinocero.
Tiger.

ILLUSTRATED PRIMAL ACROSTIC

This old gentleman is very angry. He
is waiting for James, the butler, to bring
him his daily paper. Find James.

CONUNDRUMS.

When does a dog become larger or
smaller?
When let out in the morning and taken
in at night.

1

2

Why does a boy horse never get foul?
Because his master pays it for him.
What is the strangest thing about flowers?
They shoot before they have pistols.

PRIMAL ACROSTIC.

Each word of this acrostic contains five letters. If the words are rightly guessed and written one below another their initial letters will spell the name applied to a professional singer. The cross-words are: 1. That with which one speaks. 2. A very large body of water. 3. Something we get from rick. 4. A vine-covered summer-house. 5. One who adores. 6. A person who will not work. 7. That which comes from newly built fires. 8. Something attached to a lady's evening gown.

VERY FASHIONABLE.

Miss Quackelnda Duck is not pretty, is she?
"No," but she has the most graceful waddle you ever saw.

The words of this acrostic are placed instead of described. If the words are rightly guessed it will be found that their initial letters will spell the name of the presidents of the United States



THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1909

DOWLING BROS.The Largest Retail Distributors of
Ladies' Coats, Skirts and Blouses
Wales in the Maritime Provinces.**LADIES' COATS**

Jaunty, swagger, staid, medium or extreme styles, whatever your choice. It's here in these generous assortments of the season's

Most Approved Coat Creations

Don't waste valuable time in looking around other stores, one visit here will convince you that you can do better here than anywhere else.

COATS FROM \$3.00 to \$37.50**DOWLING BROS.** 95 and 101 King St.

A Customer's Reasonable Wish is This Store's Pleasure.

DYKEMAN'S**Another Big Shipment of Those Fall Dress Goods**

in the popular shades of wisteria, taupe, catwaba, green, new blue and black. While the above shades are popular, black is one of the strongest features for this season's trade. These goods are shown in a large variety of materials and at prices ranging from 25 cents to \$2.25 a yard.

This store carries one of the largest stocks of DRESS GOODS to be found in the city and as we import them from first hands they are sold at the closest possible prices.

We gladly furnish samples to out-of-town customers. We sponge goods at the nominal charge of 5 cents a yard for goods up to 50 inches wide, 7 cents for goods 50 inches wide or above.

A strong range of the above shades in English Wool Suiting at 75 cents a yard. This is 46 inches wide, is a beautiful winter texture and a thoroughly serviceable material.

At \$1.00 a yard, we are showing a Self Striped French Suiting, good weight, 48 inches wide, and shown in all the newest colorings.

F. A. DYKEMAN & CO.

59 Charlotte Street

Children's FeltsThe most up-to-date showing in the city.
Style and Quality.Shades in
Navy, Royal, Alice, Olive, Moss and
Champagne.**Natty Nest and Mushroom shapes with cords**
75 cents to \$1.50

(Fur repairing a specialty)

ANDERSON & CO., 55 Charlotte St.

Manufacturing Furriers.

**It's a Very Pleasant Sight**

to watch people leaving our store, for without exception, they wear a look of having been most agreeably surprised. We share their enjoyment, for we know they will come back here whenever they need DRESS GOODS.

WHY NOT COME AND SEE the goods that other people are so well pleased with. You'll not be urged to buy. The urging we leave to the attractiveness of our goods and prices.

S. W. McMACKIN,
335 Main St., N. E.**SUPERIOR PAINLESS DENTISTRY!**

"There is a world wide cry against the dentists that they torture their patients. Those of strong physique submit and endure the agony. With a second class this is simply impossible, and thousands of teeth are neglected and lost even though the patients may be able to pay for our most skillful services. Then there is a third class who, after months of mental torture in anticipation, finally come into our hands, and, with nerves strung to a hurtful point, pass through the ordeal, but at what a cost! We do not sufficiently consider the consequences of shock in the dental chair, yet undoubtedly many suffer for months and even years from injuries to the nervous system received whilst in our hands."

The greatest duty of our profession today is to discover and adopt a mode of painlessly performing our operations.

NOTE.—The above is an abstract from a paper read by an eminent dentist of New York City before a society of dentists in Philadelphia. The famous Hale Method of painless dentistry, for which we are sole agents for Canada is the best Method on earth.

BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS,237 Barrington St., Halifax, N. S.
Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor. Tel. Main 683**CIRCULATION**

The following is the average daily circulation of the Times for the last eight months:—

January	6,716
February	6,978
March	7,165
April	7,189
May	7,003
June	7,029
July	7,038
August	7,022

The Times does not get its largest sale through newspapers. It is delivered at the homes. That is the kind of circulation which is of value to advertisers.

LOCAL NEWS

Large baskets of peaches for 50c. at the 2 Bakers.

Boston steamer Governor Cobb is due at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Rev. J. H. A. Anderson will be the speaker at the Every Day Club tomorrow at 8:30 o'clock.

All members of the Every Day Club who can do so are urged to be at the hall, Waterloo street, this evening.

If entries are received, a feature of the Thanksgiving Day sports will be a policeman's race for half a mile.

C. P. R. steamship Empress of Britain arrived at Liverpool at 3 o'clock this morning.

Schooner S. A. Fowles put in for a harbor this morning from Dorchester, lumber laden, bound to a United States port.

Conductor J. D. Foster of the Halifax and Southwestern Railway, has resigned, and will enter the service of the Grand Trunk Pacific.

The Chatham, N. B. schooner Luella, Captain King, arrived today from New York with 220 tons of fire sand for the Portland Rolling Mills.

West India steamship Almeria, Captain Hanks, will sail this afternoon for Halifax and the West Indies with a general cargo.

Parrboro, N. S. schooner Exilda, Captain Tower, from Fire Island, N. S., for Boston, laden with piling, put into this port this morning for a harbor.

The annual meeting of the Natural History Society will be held on Tuesday evening, Oct. 19, at 8 o'clock, in the museum, 72 Union street.

The annual meeting of St. Vincent's Alumnae Association will be held in the St. Vincent de Paul building, 146 Waterloo street, on Monday evening, at 7:30.

The W. S. Harkins Co. are billed for the Yarmouth, N. S. Royal Opera House, Oct. 20 and 21, in "Pierre of the Plains" and "Before and After."

No. 1 company Artillery will receive their annual drill pay at their armory on Tuesday next at 8 p. m. All rifles and uniforms must be returned before pay will be issued.

Warm fall garments of all kinds hold attention by their prices and qualities at F. W. Daniel & Comp's, Charlotte street, tonight and Monday. Specials in men's and women's underwear, sweater coats, dress goods, ladies' costumes, &c. Read advertisement, page 5.

Two services will be held on Monday, the day of Intercession for Sunday schools, one at St. John's (Stone) church at 10:30 a. m., at which there will be Holy Communion, and one at 5 p. m. in Trinity church.

The Pythian orchestra, of twenty pieces, has kindly consented to play at the autumn fair of the Every Day Club next Thursday evening. Those who have heard this orchestra say they have heard no finer music by any local organization.

At St. Mary's church, tomorrow evening, a missionary service will be held. The sermon will be preached by the Right Rev. Bishop Thorneycroft of Algoma. The St. Mary's Band will assist in the musical part of the service.

Factory Inspector Kenney, in conversation with a Times man, stated that on his recent visit to Carleton county he heard considerable complaint among farmers concerning the damage done by rot to the potato crop. One farmer expressed the opinion that half of his crop was affected.

The young men of St. Joseph's Society will have their first reunion on next Monday night. Since the beginning of the present season, quite a number have rejoined this excellent society, and the outlook is promising. The social affair for Monday is in the hands of an efficient committee, and is expected to prove of great benefit to the society.

The Halifax Recorder says:—"The 1909 Provincial Exhibition has come to a close. The attendance was about the smallest in the history of this annual institution, and if rumors are correct, there is likely to be a deficit nearing the \$20,000 mark. The weather was decidedly unfavorable, but the weather is always an uncertain factor in the calculation."

The damage done by the fire in the St. John Iron Works has been adjusted by Edgar H. Fairweather, acting for the insurance companies interested. The moulding shop was insured for \$2,000, which is held by a number of companies. The loss to this shop amounted to about \$125. In the blacksmith shop and machinery, on which the company had \$1,000, the payment is total.

THE FERRY COLLECTIONS

The new system of collecting fares from passengers on the ferry boat went in force today. For two cents passengers get a ticket from the collector, and deposit it in the box. Once in a while passengers forgot and dropped money in the boxes, but the collectors have placed strips of cardboard over the boxes, thus preventing any money being deposited.

The new system seemed to be working pretty well today, but it will take some time to get people used to it. Although an order was passed by the council some time ago ordering the return to the old method regarding tickets, the rule making teamsters secure tickets from the collector is still in force, but it is hoped to do away with this system next week.

JUDGE RITCHIE'S JUVENILE COURT**One Lad for Cigarette Smoking, Two for Bothering a Chinese**

Three juvenile offenders faced Judge Ritchie in the police court this morning and they were quite leniently dealt with, after being severely reprimanded by his honor. James Wood, aged 14, was charged with smoking cigarettes. His honor strongly commented on this growing evil among boys all ages, which was becoming more prevalent every day, and which helped towards the crime which was being committed in the country today. After lecturing the lad at some length, the judge allowed him to go.

Frederick Foley, aged 12, and Thos. Grady, aged 13, charged with throwing stones at Ham Wing, a Chinese, were sent below and placed in separate cells. The Celestial was in court and told his tale of woe, with many gestures, and complained that the boys had annoyed him greatly. His honor once again delivered some straight talk to the youngsters. The Chinese were peaceable citizens, said the judge, and there was no reason why young boys should bother them. The boys' parents in the majority of cases were to blame for not looking after their children properly.

The lads were sent below and the sergeant was instructed to see that they were placed in separate cells. In the guardroom, before the door leading downstairs was opened by the policeman in charge, tears swelled in the younger boy's eyes but the older lad seemed not to mind being sent below.

QUANGONDY SELLS FOR \$510**Harbor Veteran Bought By F. S. Walker, at the Corner Today**

Today the old ferry steamer Quangondy was sold at auction at Chubb's corner by Auctioneer F. L. Potts. Quite a large crowd was at the corner, but the bidding was not very brisk. The first bid made was \$100, which was advanced to \$200, and at that figure the old veteran was sold to Francis S. Walker, plumber, of this city.

The Quangondy was built in Carleton in the year 1870 by Isaac Olive, now dominion inspector of hulls.

POLICE COURT**A Bench Full Today, Drinking Main Cause of Their Appearance**

A full bench greeted Judge Ritchie in the police court this morning, drunkenness being the main cause of offence. Wilnot Heston, charged with being drunk in Prince William street, was fined \$4. John Donovan pleaded guilty to a charge of drunkenness in Mill street and was fined \$5. He did not know anything about a charge of begging preferred against him. Policeman Perry, who made the arrest, testified that the prisoner had been following men about asking for money.

His honor recalled to the memory of Donovan that only a short time ago he had come and pleaded to have his brother, who was in jail, allowed his liberty, and at that time his breath was very pungent, saying strongly of intoxicating drinks. Donovan was remanded on the charge of begging.

Henry Cochran, charged with drunkenness in St. John street, was fined \$4, and John Kingston, charged with a similar offence in Charlotte street, and Frank Boone, in Beussels street, were each fined \$8. Boone said that this was the first time he had been in jail for twelve years.

"You've been here within twelve months," said his honor.

Walter McKay, arrested in Sheriff street last night, charged with drunkenness and profanity, was fined \$4 for the first offence and \$8 for the second. He denied having been profane, but the policeman who made the arrest swore to the truth of the charge.

James Boyd, charged with escaping from the custody of the police, pleaded guilty, but asked for a chance to get out of town, as he could get work in Chipman.

"You had the chance," said the judge. "Why did you not stay away when you were out of town? We don't want you back here, you are no help to the community, you are a hindrance. You had better go back to the gang, I think, to serve the full time."

By appearance in court this morning, Thos. Powers, charged with assaulting Dennis Murphy in Charlotte street last night, forfeited a deposit of \$20. Murphy, the complainant, was in court and stated that he had been hired to drive a man to the Dufferin and was waiting for him to come out when Powers and him, Sands came out of the hotel and Powers demanded that Murphy should drive Sands and the coachman refused to do so, and the result, he said, was that Powers struck him.

John Carlin forfeited a deposit of \$8 on drunkenness charge.

Samuel Devine, reported by Detective Killen for doing a business in junk without a license, was ordered to secure one, though he poured out a voluminous explanation which caused the judge to ask him if he was quoting from Genesis.

BASEBALL TROUBLES

The Standard this morning states that Manager Donald, of the Marshbros, "has much to be proud of." It is to be regretted that to his laurels cannot be added a certificate of character from Rev. George Titus, who is featured as a member of the team. Mr. Titus' experience was unfortunate. He was a member of the Every Day Club, and when the dispute about the championship games was on, he agreed with Mr. Titus that the club was not being fairly used. That admission cost Mr. Titus his place on the Marshbros management, and Mr. Donald gravely explained that Mr. Titus never had any authority, but only "a betting chance." He did not explain why a Y. M. C. A. director should ever have encouraged "betting chances." But Mr. Titus, while assenting that the club was right and Mr. Donald wrong, continued to play on the team, even to the game put on in deliberate opposition to the Every Day Club sports. In the end he learned how great had been his mistake, and he denounced Manager Donald in the most severe terms.

Another member of the team, whose name is given in the line up, told the Times today that he would never play another game under Mr. Donald's management.

GOLDEN
BREAD MADE OF EAGLE FLOUR**EAGLE**
KEEPS MOIST**What About That Heating Stove or That New Kitchen Range?**

Are you still on the lookout for a second-hand Heater or Range? Well it won't pay you to buy an old Range or Heater that has been thrown out of someone's house because it would not do the work. When you can get a new Range or Heater by paying a little more and have one that is guaranteed to give satisfaction. Our Glenwood Ranges are best that can be found on the market. The large sale of them proves all we tell you about them is right. Our Glenwood Oak Heaters are made for wood or coal and they will give you a small or large heat. They are neat and handsome in appearance. Call and see our line of Stoves and Ranges, made in St. John.

McLEAN, HOLT & CO.

Phone 1545.

155 Union St.

Oct. 16, '09

Men's Underwear**Largest and Best Stock in the City**

These are the treacherous days—one hour warm, the other cold; but you can throw off all ills by keeping your skin warm, and only buy your underwear where you can depend upon what they tell you.

The immense purchases we make in underwear—and direct from the mills—secure us concessions in prices that we can give you the benefit of by offering you the very best garments to be had at a less cost than you would have to pay elsewhere.

Lay in your fall and winter supplies now.

Men's heavy elastic ribbed shirts and drawers for workmen. Made especially for us and having our "Oakley" label. Every garment guaranteed unshrinkable. **Special price 90c. per garment.**Stanfield's extra heavy and medium weight shirts and drawers made of pure Nova Scotia wool. **\$1.00 per garment.**Stanfield's extra heavy and medium weight shirts and drawers, elastic ribbed, made from pure Nova Scotia wool. Every garment guaranteed unshrinkable. **\$1.25 per garment.**Men's unshrinkable all wool shirts and drawers made from finest quality of Canadian wool. **\$1.50, \$1.75 per garment.**Men's natural wool and Merino shirts and drawers in medium and heavy weights. **50c. to \$2.75 per garment.**Lamb's wool shirts and drawers in all weights. Canadian and English makes. Guaranteed unshrinkable. **50c. to \$2.75 per garment.**Men's fleeced lined shirts and drawers. **50c., 75c., \$1.00 per garment.**

Also a big range of the following celebrated makes: "Wolsey," "Pesco," "Oakley," "Britannia," "Penmans," "Dr. Deimel."

King Street
Cor. Germain**GREATER OAK HALL****SCOVIL BROS. LIMITED, St. John, N. B.****Extraordinary Sale of Furniture****Magnificent Bargain Offering of Handsome and Durable Pieces for Bedroom, Dining-room, Living Room, Parlor, Hall.**

Housekeepers everywhere will welcome this announcement of an interesting out-going of surplus stock preparatory to removal to new addition to present warehouse, and which consists of odd pieces of almost every line to the value of \$9,000.

The entire three floors of the corner building will be taken up with sale goods and the opportunity to save money on furniture is as exceptional as the offering is timely for making the home more snug and cozy for the long winter.

COMMENCING MONDAY MORNING**BEDROOM FURNITURE**, odd pieces consisting of Chiffoniers, Dressers, Commodes, Dressing Tables, Enameled and Brass Beds, Somnoses, etc., in Tuna Mahogany, Circassian Walnut, Oak in dull or polished gold-veneer, Oak fumed or early English, Mahogany Veneer, Bird Eye Maple, White Enamel and Curly Birch.**LIVING ROOM FURNITURE**, a variety of attractive chairs in Rattan, Prairie Grass and Weathered Oak, also several Sofa Beds.**PARLOR FURNITURE**, odd chairs, Divans, Sofas, Parlor Cabinets, Ladies' Desks, Parlor Tables, Pedestals, Magazine Stands, Piano Benches, Jardiniere Stands, Curio Tables, Music Cabinets, Parlor Mirrors, etc.**HALL FURNITURE**, Hall Stands, Hall Seats and Mirrors; grandfather's Clock in dull Mahogany.**Sale Starts Promptly at Eight O'clock**
IN FURNITURE DEPARTMENT, MARKET SQUARE**Manchester Robertson Allison, Ltd.**