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de Semi-Weekly Colonist,

VOL. L. NO. 338. VICTORIA, B. C., ERIDAY, MARCH 25, 1910.

NO GENERAL STRIKE

FIERCE BATTLE

WILKESBARRE, PA., Manch. *31—After being in session nearly all day, the executive counsel of the State Federation of Labor came to the conclusion that it would be inopportune to call a state-wide strike to aid the striking street car men in Philadelphia. This decision was reached unanimously, and it is said to have been hastened by the action of the textile workers of Philadelphia, who went on a sympathetic strike and last night voted to return to work. Instead of applying to the state uninsists of the state to quit work the council fell in with the movement started in Philadelphia on Tuesday night to form a labor party in the state.

Two Men of Posse Wounded by Revolver Bullets—Desperado Killed After Fight Lasting Over an Hour

OF BANKING ACT

Finance Minister Gives Up Hope of Being Able to Reach Measure at Present Session of Parliament

INSURANCE BILL MAY GO THROUGH

GET MORE WAGES

COMING TO VICTORIA MAY YET AGREE

Negotiations Between Canada Statement in the House!

CANNOT DISCLOSE ACTUAL POSITION

Two Artists Siwashed.

Two men under sentence for drunkeness were at their own request placed on the Siwash list by Magistrate Jay in police court yesterday. One drunk who had no such desire for preventative measures paid his five fared forth unhampered.

Foresters' Dues. egotiations Between Canada and United States Still in Progress — Mr. Fielding's

Oak Bay and Publicity.

The advisability of the Oak Bay council making a grant to the Vancouver Island Development league is understood to be under discussion. The sum suggested is \$500. There is an anxiliary branch of the league in the Oak Bay municipality, but as the interests of that district and Victoria are practically identical it is probable that the grant in question will be favorably entertained by the council.

APOLOS WILLINGTON
POLOGA J SAY
For Not for Police Higher Continues and a property of the continues of the co

FIFTIETH YEAR

till More Sensational Revelations Follow Grand Jury's Probing Into Bribery of Councilmen of Smoky City

SOME MEN BOUGHT

The work plant plant plant is a part of the work plant plant

DISCRIMINATION

WOUNDED BY INDIAN

The control of the co

DARK BLUES WIN

DARK BLUES WIN

THE GREAT RACE

THE GREAT RACE

Oxford Defeated Cambridge In Aquatic Classic Yester—day by Three and One-Half Lengths—Event in Detail.

PUTNEY, Eng. March 23—Oxford defeated Cambridge in the annual eightoured rounded to the amount eightoured rounded. The conductors you the suppose of the same on the New York, New Haven in Again trainmen on the New York, New Haven in Betalt of the conductors with the same of the suppose of the Stomach Putneys Wings and satisfactory settlement of the was an an attent of course, and the local suffer of the floods Mr. Landau says that the same of the sam

DISCRIMINATION

IN IMMIGRATION

Mr. Landau, Now in Victoria

Was Spectator of Fight in
Which His Brother Was a

Principal

Flour.

Royal Household, a bag Lake of the Woods, a bag Royal Standard, a bag Royal Standard, a bag Royal Standard, a bag Royal Huod, per sack.

Galgary, a bag Snowflake, a bag Snowflake,

to the Opera come here and let us play some of these beautiful 88208-"Flower Song" (Carmen) sung by Caruson 88021—"Lucia" (Mad Scene), by Tembrich. 87004-"Madame Butterfly." 87031-"Madame Butterfly", Ger-87030—"Madame Butterfly." 88124—"Gypsy Song" (Carmen), by Calve.

96200—Grand Sextette from Fletcher Bros.

89017-"Madame Butterfly," duet

by Caruso and Farran

Before Going



Sydney Mines, N. S., January 25th, 1910.

"For many years I suffered torture from Indigestion and Dyspepsia. Two years ago I was so bad that I vomited my food constantly. The agony I endured all these years, I cannot describe, and I lost over 25 pounds is weight. I also suffered with Constipation, which made the stomach trouble worse. I consulted physicians, as I was afraid the disease was cancer, but medicine gave only temporary relief, and then the disease was as bad as ever.

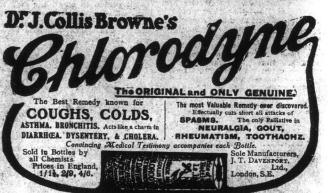
ever.

"I read in the "Maritime Baptist" about "Fruit-a-tives" and the cures this medicine was making, and I decided to try it. After taking three boxes, I found a great change for the better, and now I can say "Fruit-a-tives" has entirely cured me when every other treatment failed, and I reverently say "Thank God for Fruit-a-tives'!!

EDWIN ORAM, Sr.

"Fruit-a-tives" sweetens the stomach, increases the flow of gastric juice, strengthens the stomach muscles, and insures sound digestion. The wonderful powers of this famous fruit medicine are never more clearly shown than in curing the apparently hopeless cases of Dyspepsia and Constipation. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, ortrial size, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruitatives Limited, Ottawa.







SOOKE RIFLE ASSOCIATION The Annual Meeting will be held in

the schoolhouse, Sooke, at 8 p. m., on Saturday, 2nd April. J. A. FRENCH, Comdg. Sooke R.A.

HELP WANTED-MALE. WANTED-Persons to grow mushrooms for us. Small waste space in yard, garden or farm can be mad produce from \$15 to \$25 per week Write for illustrated booklet and ful particulars. Montreal Supply Co. Montreal.

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Fread) Disinfectant Soap Powder dusted in the bath, softens the water and disinfects

Friday, March 25 1910

President Taft Likes Arbitration Idea, But Still Sees Necessity for Being Ready to Go to War

NEW YORK, March 22 .- The president of the United States spoke in the cause of world-wide peace before such brilliant assemblage at the Hotel lative." He was the honored guest at a banquet of the Peace and Arbitration eague, and the principal speaker. International peace was the keynote of every address, but no speaker advocated nmediate disarmament of nations. on the other hand all agreed that armies and navies were necessary until a more utopian condition shall have come

on this point President Taft said:
"Because we are in favor of universal
peace and in favor of arbitration in orto secure it, we stand together on the declaration that we are not in favor of one country giving up that which we now use for the purpose securing

we now use for the purpose securing peace, to-wit. Our armaments in our army and our navy."

Applause greeted his declaration, and he continued: I may seem inconsistent in speaking so emphatically of peace by arbitration and in using every effort that I can bring to bear on conress to have two battleships this year I am hopeful that we will continue with that policy until the Fanama canal is constructed, so that the naval force will be doubled by reason of the connection between the two coasts, and then we can stop and think whether we Qui wish to go further. Perhaps by that the time there will be adopted a means of erreducing armaments, and when it freecomes I am sure we shall not be the power to interfere with the genera

movement.

"The expense of armament is working towards peace. The expense of war, I am sorry to say, is having greater weight in securing peace than the expense of lives. A nation does not lightly enter upon war now, and for two reasons: first because the expense is sol great that it is likely to lead her to bankruptcy even if she wins; and, second, that if she does not win, the government or dynasty or whatever it may be that is in control of the government is likely to go down under the immiliation of that defeat at the hands of her own people. These two links are working in a healthful way towards peace.

Fereonally, I do not see any more

things are working in a healthful way towards peace.

Tersonally, I do not see any more reason why matters of national honor should not be referred to a court of arbitration any more than matters of property of matters of national property. I can that it is soling further than most men are willing to so, but I do not see why questions of honor may not be submitted to a tribunal supposed to be composed of men.

but I do not see why questions to bor may not be submitted to a tribor of the submitted to be composed of men her bone whe understand questions of the submitted to the submitted t

HILADELPHIA STRIKE urn to Work-Strikers

PHH-ADELPHIA, March 22.—The first big break in the general sympathetic strike came today, when the journeymen bricklayers, numbering about 2,900 men, notified the master bricklayers that they were ready to return to work. The masters will act on the matter tomorrow, and it is expected work will be resumed Thursday.

day,
Thirty-five striking motormen and conductors who were arrested later last night following the dynamiting of a car in the Kensington district, were given hearing today and held in \$1.000 bail each on the charge of conspiracy to destroy property of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Co., and endangering the lives of passengers with the control of the property of th and the strike in the strike within a few days w

Alberta Farmer Killed MACLEOD, Alb., March 22.-F. Russel, a farmer living south of here, was killed by his team running away while ing on his farm

ritish Exchequer Bonds Sell Well LONDON, March 22.—The applications for the \$105,000,000 five-year exchequer bonds were so large that the lists were closed this morning instead of on Wednesday. The bonds were quoted at a fractional premium on the stock exchange.

Melon for Pullman Stockholders CHICAGO, March 22.—At a special meeting of the stockholders of the Pullman company here to-day the issuance of \$20,000,000 new stock against accumulated surplus to be dis-tributed gratis among stockholders of record April 30, was approved.

Owl Train For Calgary. CALGARY, March 22.—Commencing June 1st, the Canadian Pacific will rundar tri-weekly midnight train from Calgary to Strathcona. There has been considerable agitation for this service and the company will put it on for one month. If the patronage warrants the trains will be continued.

Settlement at Chicago. CHICAGO, March 22.—According to a announcement tonight, the 27,000 iremen on the western roads and the general managers will have arranged seneral managers, will have arranged a mode of adjustment of their differences by tomorrow night. This will appear of technical points regarding.

ave the wage dispute open to arbi-

Miracle Scotia

ancer of the Stomach

Cured Him



CHANTS gs Good Seeds

OWERS

PEATEST on object: SULTS

-SEED-CO:





KE RIFLE ASSOCIATION day, 2nd April. J. A. FRENCH,

TED—Persons to grow m

er's Y-Z (Wise Fread) Dist

PLEA FOR PEACE AND ARMAMENTS

PROSPEROUS TOO, IN NEW WESTMINSTER

AND ARMAMENTS

President Taft Likes Arbitration Idea, But Still Sees Necessity for Being Ready to Go to War

New York March 22—The president of the United States spoke in the cause of world-wide peace before such a brilliant assemblage at the Hotel Astor that he described it as "superlative." He was the honored quarter that he among the world-wide peace before such a brilliant assemblage at the Hotel Astor that he described it as "superlative." He was the honored superior in league, and the President President of the United States spoke in the Speaking of the Toward at the Astor that he described it as "superlative." He was the honored superior in league, and the President Speaker. In league, and the President Speaker. In league, and the President Speaker. In league, and the President Taft said mer uitiplan condition shall have come about the president of the Speaker of the Spea

PHILADELPHIA STRIKE

Pricklayers Return to Work—Strikers Accused to Dynamiting Street

Car.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.—The first big break in the general sympathetic strike came today, when the lourneyment british Columnia. The province, he said, was very little known yet in Kennucky, but some news of it was drifting in. Kentucktans, Mr. Harkness, said, have always been, ilke Scotsmen, great enigrants. They could be found spread all over the world and the old joke which the Yankees need to crack about Kentuckylans never wanting to be about the beautiful to be

FEATHER BOAS TO MATCH YOUR

SPRING SUIT



NEW ARRIVALS in BLOUSES, NECK-WEAR and BELTS

EASTER WEEK AT CAMPBELL'S

Eclipses all previous records. 'Tis a week of opportunities for those who aspire to be correctly dressed



Delightfully New and Exclusively Pretty are the many new Costumes, Coats and Dresses we are

You do not have to be a judge of quality to buy safely here--anybody can do it.

EXCELLENT DESIGNS AND QUALITIES



In Our New Bags And

Purses



English Cape Gloves, I dome fastener, in tans

Children's Gloves, in Dent's and fine kids. Per

Wash Collars

A complete range of Ascots, in white, pink, blue and all colors, embroidered and plain,

Wash Jabots

Fine Lawn Jabots, trimmed with lace, colored spots and figures. Each 35¢ Very Fine Trimmed and Pleated Jabots, in all white, several designs. Each ... 35¢ Jabots, in lawn, trimmed with extra fine lace insertion, 75c and 90¢ The Fine Pleated New Lawn Side Frills, spotted and plain, with extra fine Valent Plant of the Pleated New Lawn Side Frills, spotted and plain, with extra fine Valent Plant of the Pleated New Lawn Side Frills, spotted and plain, with extra fine Valent Plant of the Plant of

Fancy Neckwear In our Spring arrival of Fancy Neckwear is included a big assortment of Round

Dutch Collars, in lace, green and white, from foc to \$1.75 Dutch Collars, in lace, green and white, from Job.

We are showing a very pretty and new line of Dutch Collars and Jabots combined, selling at 75c.

\$1.25

To this Mr. McPhillips replied that Company, as a matter of fact, as under no obligation to company.

Control to Opening agent and agent a

The Colonist.

Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

Six Months Three months Sent postpaid to Canada and the the way, proceeding with deliberation worst of it

ANGLO-CANADIAN PROGRESS

editor of the Standard of the Empire England. He says that we are going what she may be expected to do on a titled to seats in the House. to witness an exceptionally large emi- larger scale, if occasion demands. gration from the British Isles to the Dominion this year, in which he only confirms what has been said by other been the means of bringing not only this part of the Empire, but every of the people of the United Kingdom n a manner that secures for it intel- but he says "we (Germany) have no ligent consideration.

Mr. Dawson mentions the office over which Mr. J. H. Turner so efficiently brings us its testimony to the results of Mr. Turner's unceasing and intelligently directed labors. No man

occasion, namely that Canada wants a war with England and we do not will be could not hope to supply. British settlers in preference to all wish it." Having advanced this view others. There are many reasons for this, but only two need be mentioned. Canadians prefer people of their own nationality to assist them in building by saying that ne would in the House of Lords does not appear to commend itself to the Marquis such a powerful fleet, and he answers of Lansdowne. He sees difficulties in the way of securing suitable representand investors from foreign countries. We have not a word to say against to be seen just how good Britishers gaining it.

THE TIBET AFFAIR

The cablegrams have spoken several that Germany ought to endeavor to times of the occupation of Tibet by reach an understanding with the the Chinese and the flight of the Dalai Lama. In the press of other news of exists between the latter, and the story. Once a man awoke in the America little stress has been laid he says the fleet should be made as his mouth and a general feeling that upon this incident; but in England, large and formidable as possible. where there are men who keep, in teuch with the progress of events of Asia, the step on the part of the Chinese government is regarded as one of the most significant that has taken place in any country in recent years. It is generally known that China has exercised suzerainity over Tibet for a long time, but the control was almost nominal. Tibet is a long day the toastmaster, in honor of sev- per after the play, but I did way from Peking, and Chinese author- eral Canadians who were present; very much, and I don't remember ities have a very convenient way of proposed the health of "His Majesty drinking more than the rest. Then not seeing things at a distance, when King Henry VIII."; but the error did we dropped into Jack's and his wife to pay attention to them would occas- not get by the proofreader, who re- made a welsh rabbit, but I only ate a ion trouble. How long things would membered that the present King little, and only took one drink. That's have drifted on in the old way no one can tell, but when Col. Younghus-when the report appeared in print, it before I went to bed. That's what did it. Ry George I bear it was a limited that the present that the band reached L'hassa a few years ago, was to Henry VII. that the toast was it. By George, I knew it was somesaid to have been drunk. within Chine proper, the Peking authcrities saw fit to regard it as an abdication, and although he returned with
full authority from Peking to restablish his authority a clash occurred between him and the viceroy of the nearest Chinese province. In consequence
an expedition was sent to overawe him, and it entered the
Dalai's capital and he set out for
the borders of India for the
alleged purpose of making his way to proach and took refuge in territory the borders of India for the James proposes the establishment of with the object of placing the United alleged purpose of making his way to schools in every city, where motorists States at. any disadvantage. Other countries have seen their way clear alleged purpose of making his way to the Chinese capital and claiming the recognition of his rights. The Chinese and be given instructions as to the rights of other people. Evidently Sir James is not a motorist.

The Canadian Pacific proposes to the sample of the Ruddhist monasteries. These institutions are the bane of Tibet. No one that the recompany is showing itself the company is showing itself to make trade agreements with us, and if the United States has not done was in the rights of other people. Evidently Sir James is not a motorist.

The Canadian Pacific proposes to clear a considerable area of land near they have sought to affect commercial alliances with countries, whose trade is rot to be compared in value with currs. knows how many of them there are, but they are numerous, and they contain from one thousand to five thousand monks each, whereby not only is very large proportion of the ablebodied male population kept frem works of usefulness, but the remainder of the people are taxed heavily for their support. Those who are in a position to judge see in this step the dawn of a better era for Tibet.

But the Chinese expedition is remarkable not only for its possible re sults. It is even more significant for the manner in which it was carried on Hitherto a Chinese military exof "much ado about nothing"; but this stands on a different footing. The force consisted of 9,000 men, and it niust have traversed nearly, if not fully, a thousand miles in reaching its destination that is after it had passed beyond the confines of the part of the Empire which

urder the control of Peking. It was a to be a very capable colonization plendidly drilled and admirably equip- agency. ped force. Perhaps no expedition

we may mention that the force car-

GERMAN AMBITIONS

It will be 200 miles from Edmonto even in modern times ever set out with a better equipment. To show the thoroughness of the arrangements.

Peru has broken off diplomatic reried along several wireless telegraphic lations with Chile. There, is no talk plants, to be used in order to keep in of war as yet, but the situation must touch with Peking in the event of be very dangerous. When these two hostile tribes cutting the telegraph republics last tried conclusions with wires. The force was six months on each other Peru got very much the

and making its power felt by all the The Revelstoke Mail-Herald thinks nomadic people encountered on the it a scandalous thing to deprive judges route, so that when it reached L'hassa of the franchise. We venture to be-We have a very interesting letter it left behind it an effective demonstration of the prowess of China. No ration could have done better than ought not to yote seeing that they ought not to yote seeing that they in which he discusses the interest China has done in this matter. The may be called upon to determine taken in Canada by the people of achievement gives some indication of which of the candidates may be en

The Portland Canal Miner thinks the Department of Mines should give some Dr. Harms, Professor of Political attention to people who stake claims in competent observers. He also tells us that there will be many seekers after good investments in Canada. Mr. Dawson believes that some of this increased interest may be traced to the work done by the Standard of industrial progress of Germany. and the show it is not easy to see what the snow. It is not easy to see what the department can do about it, any more than it can prevent prospectors from staking barren claims on the solid ground. It would hardly do to have a divelle at length upon the wonderful industrial progress of Germany, and to the work done by the Standard of the Empire, and in this we think that he is quite justified. That paper has lead in this respect and in commerce. lead in this respect and in commerce ground. When a person is asked to inamong the nations of the world. That vest in a claim staked in the winter other part of it, under the attention there is rivalry along these lines bettime he ought to know enough to make tween the two countries he admitted inquiries about the snow.

igent consideration.

reason to exchange a peaceful rivalry

The Nanaimo Herald says that Mr.

Among other agencies that have that has been so exceedingly favor
E. B. Skinner, of that city, is about been aiding in this excellent work, able to us for martial rivalry whose to start what may be the largest outcome is certainly doubtful. He poultry farm in Canada. He has fifadds: "We should commit an egregi- teen acres on which he proposes to presides. Almost every English mail ous blunder were we to aim at a war raise 10,000 fowls a year. He is gowith England; we can be so extraor- ing to instal a 12-compartment in dinarily well satisfied with our econ- cubator, each compartment having a omic development in the world's capacity of 500 chicks, so that whe knows British Columbia better than markets, but especially with our suc- the whole machine is running he will, he, and no one can possibly be more cesses over England, that it would be if successful, turn out 6,000 chicks at absolute folly on our part to hazard a time. Mr. Skinner will have the We have only to repeat what we all this in a war. I repeat with all advantage of having a market that have already said on more than one possible distinctness: we do not need half a dozen such poultry raisers as he

The idea of Colonial representation others. There are many reasons for Dr. Harms recognized that he would in the House of Lords does not apup in the Dominion a nation that will course for the economic development atives. There is a great deal in this. be essentially British, and they desire to see the great potential wealth of the country, so that the supply of to see the great potential wealth of the country, so that the supply of the country to see the great potential wealth of the country to be a man of wealth leisure, talent, factured products shall not be interpolated and aptitude for public life. If he were the United Kingdom in preference to rupted. He professes to believe that not wealthy, he could not afford to atits being seized upon by immigrants if the British government once really tend the sessions; if he was not a man realizes the danger to the commercial of leisure he could not spare the time. supremacy of the county, it will not If he were not a man of ability, he aliens. As a rule they make excel-lent Canadians, although it remains nation on a war with the hope of re-portant questions. If he had no apti-Therefore he says Ger- tude for public affairs, he would be a some of them will become. We would be a many must have a fleet strong enough square peg in a round hole. Men possible of see this land of potential rot only to prevent an attack but to sessing the above qualities are not of the blood.

Therefore he says Ger tude for public affairs, he would be a many must have a fleet strong enough square peg in a round hole. Men possible of the sessing the above qualities are not tage of the weakness of the dverseas think the people of the overseas Dorontiers of the Empire, especially minions have any special wish to be those of India and Canada. He thinks represented in the House of Lords.

The farmers are now blamed for United Kingdom similar to that which the cost of living, which recalls a more direct interest to the people of United States, and for this purpose morning with a dark-brown taste in he was uncomfortable, and he solilo-quized as follows: "I can't account It is pleasant to be able to record for it. Let me see. I had dinner as that His Majesty's health is re- usual, and I only drank a quart of stored. Apparently he has been suffer- champagne. Yes, I did take a dash ing from what is spoken of as "the of whiskey and soda, but that was to influenza of 1910," which is about as help digestion. Then I went to the disagreeable an experience as any theatre. It was a four-act play, so only went out three times, and I did not take more than two drinks at any At a banquet in New York the other one time. Yes, we had a bit of a sup-

This great company is showing itself curs.

How's Your Appetite?

person need wish to have.

BOWES' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES

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Careful Attention Given to Mail Orders

Send for a Copy of Our Big Catalogue

FIVE FLOORS OF HOME COMFORTS

Come Where the Most Furniture Is Shown and Sold



Send Cut Glass

To the "After-Easter Bride"—Send Libbey

CUT GLASS—of all her gifts, most welcome. You cannot send anything at the price that'll be more appreciated. But let it be "Libbey's." Her first thought will be: "Is it Libbey's?" If it isn't disappointment. If it is-unrestrained delight. The name is graven in each piece-none genuine

We are the sole Victoria agents for this beautiful glass, and if you anticipate the purchase of a wedding gift, we strongly advise that you see our magnificent display in our special cut-glass room. Libbey cut-glass is conceded to be the World's standard, and our cut-glass room is the finest in Western Canada, if not in the whole Dominion. Don't miss the exhibit.

NAPPIES, from, each	\$2.50
BOWLS, from, each	
VASES, from, each	\$3.50
SUGARS AND CREAMS, per pair	.\$10.00
WATER JUGS, from, each	\$7.50
WATER BOTTLES, from, each	
DECANTERS, from, each	
BUTTER DISHES, from, each	
COMPORTS, from, each	
FLOWER BASKETS, from, each	
PUNCH BOWLS, small size, at	
FINGER BOWLS, at, per doz	
A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDR	

ICE PLATES, at, per doz\$45.00
TUMBLERS, at, per doz\$20.00
OIL BOTTLES, from, each\$3.50
CANDLESTICKS, from, each \$6.00
ICE TUBS, from, each
ROSE BOWLS, from, each
KNIFE AND FORK RESTS, from, pair \$4.00
LOVING CUPS, from
PUFF BOXES, from, each\$9.00
HAIR RECEIVERS, from \$9.00
LARGE ICE CREAM PLATES, at \$15.00
PERFUME BOTTLES, from

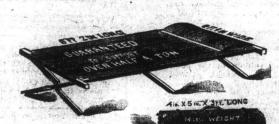
Special Values in China

Cups and Saucers-Dainty Pieces Marked Low

The have some dainty china cups and saucers, which we have specially priced to clear quickly. The reason for these reductions being that they are odd lines. Some are samples, some are lines we are discontinuing. These special pricings offer you an excellent opportunity to secure some charming china cups and saucers, suitable either for decorative use or active service

A great many of these come from that famous Aynsley pottery, and are hand-painted. Prices range from 25 per cent to 33 1-3 per cent lower than you would have to pay in the regular way. Come in and get some.







Furniture for Fishermen

Light, Compact, Folding Furniture-Best for Sportsmen

Fishing season this week, and it's too wet to sleep on the ground. But don't let that prevent you from spending the holidays on the banks of the stream or near the lake. Get one of these "Gold Medal" folding beds.

They are the ideal cot for the fisherman or sportsman. They fold very compactly and conveniently, and weigh but little. Strong-the \$4.50 is guaranteed to support over half a ton. Firm-adjusts itself to uneven ground when necessary. Get one this week and use it for fishing, hunting or camping. It is good for years of service. See what we have at \$4.50, \$3.00 and \$2.25

We have other camp furniture—the "Gold Medal" folding sort. Let us show you our offerings in the following:

CAMP STOOLS, at, each, 50c and40¢

CAMP CHAIRS, with back, at \$1.00 and 60¢ RECLINER CHAIRS, at \$2.00 and ... \$1.50 FOLDING CAMP TABLES, at \$5.25...\$4.50

Let Us Help You With the Spring Cleaning

We can help you with the Spring cleaning by taking in hand the most disagreeable task—the

Just phone us and let us take up your carpets, clean them in a thorough manner and re-lay them for you. We do all this for 10 cents per yard. Cost is very little—the labor and trouble saved, a great deal.

If you have some carpets that require repairs, or if you wish to alter some to fit another. room, let us make the necessary changes for you. Now is an excellent time to leave these orders.

Fisheries Commissioner Points Out that Local Fishermer Observe the Laws While Americans do Not

WIPE OUT LEGISLATION UNLESS THEY ACT

If the United States Does Not Enforce the Regulations Regarding Close Season Throw Down Bars to Local People

That it is useless for Canada to pro-test the sockeye salmon by the enactment and enforcement of fishery reg-ulations, so long as American laws are both inadequate to the situation and unenforced as they are, is the opinion continuous as they are, is the opinion of Deputy Commissioner John Rease:
Eabcock the expert of the British Columbia department of fisheries, expressed in his annual report recently laid before parliament, through Hon.
W. J. Bowser, his official chief. Suggestively Mr. Babcock holds that if the American precautionary legislation for the protection of the salmon are to continue the veriest farce, it would be just as well for Canada to wipe all her enforced and practical legislation from the statute book and permit her own citizens to get all they can in the big fisheries grab game before the samon, like the fur seal, is extermin-

"Our fishermen," says Mr. Babcock "Our fishermen," says Mr. Babcock in his report soon to be published by the government of British Columbia, "are by Dominion regulations restricted to the use of gill-nets in the capture of salmon in the Gulf of Georgia and the channels of the Fraser river which are south of Mission Bridge. Fishing above that bridge is prohibited at all times. Our fishermen are not permitted to take sockeye salmon before, July 1. or salmon of any variety between August 25, and September 15. between August 25 and September 15, and during the open season they may not fish from Friday midnight to 6 p.m. of the following Sunday—forty-two hours in each week. A force of both Dominion and provincial police using four power boats and acting in-dependently of each other, patrolled our fishing waters during the season. In no instance this year did the offi-cers of either service find the regulations being violated. It is not sur-prising that our fishermen and canprising that our fishermen and canners protest vigorously against regulations which they are forced to observe in competition with more favorable, unenforced regulations on the
American side, fully appreciating as
in they do the greater efficiency of the
apparatus allowed the Americans for apparatus allowed the Americans for the capture of selmon, and as a result of which a majority of the sockey's arrually taken are secured by them, that the weekly closed period under American law is six hours shorter than curs, and that when fishermen on the American side are arrested and corvirted, the fines imposed are much less than the offenders secure from the sale of their illicit catch.

"Unquestionably a very general sentiment exists in this province am-ong those interested in our fisheries ong those interested in our fisheries that the protective regulations provided for the American waters contiguous to the international boundary line are not strictly observed. Many believe and advocate that unless some practical measures are adopted and enforced in American waters for the preservation of the are adopted and enforced in American waters for the preservation of the salmon seeking entrance to the Fraser river, the protective regulations now in force in our waters should be greatly modified if not entirely repealed. It is evident to all concerned that under existing conditions the sockeye salmon fisheries if the Fraser liver cannot be maintained by nonriver cannot be maintained by pro-tecting them in Canadian waters only, and that the industry will be destroy-



In a Brillian of Styles an

Easter is the great turning parel-the time when Winte brightness and beauty of sp The whole Wardrobe greet in almost bewildering profu Frock Coats and Vests models in 1, 2 and 3 Button coats to suit every taste, "Topper" to the stately "Go Our display of spring styles the finest-in variety and ever shown.

ALLEN Fit-Reform

4, 4, 1277.7

1201 GOVERNMENT S

Send tor a Copy Big Catalogue

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ass room. he finest in

> \$45.00 .\$3.50 \$6.00 .\$15.00 .. \$7.00 air \$4.00 .\$16.00 \$9.00 \$9.00 .\$15.00 .\$7.00

Prices

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less than the offenders secure from the sale of their illicit catch.

"Unquestionably a very general sentiment exists in this province among those interested in our fisheries that the protective regulations provided for the American waters contiguous to the international boundary line are not strictly observed. Many believe and advocate that unless some practical measures are adopted and enforced in American waters for the prosective regulations of the salmon seeking entrance to the Fraser river, the protective regulations now in force in our waters should be greatly modified if not entirely repealed. It is evident to all concerned that under existing conditions the sockeye salmon fisheries of the Fraser river cannot be maintained by protecting them in Canadian waters only, and that the industry will be destroy-

Easter Suits and Overcoats

In a Brilliant Radiance of Styles and Patterns

Easter is the great turning point in gentlemen's apparel-the time when Winter garb is laid aside for the brightness and beauty of spring.

The whole Wardrobe greets you with spring styles in almost bewildering profusion.

Frock Coats and Vests for formal dress-superb models in 1, 2 and 3 Button Sack Suits-and Overcoats to suit every taste, from the smart little "Topper" to the stately "Governor Paddock."

Our display of spring styles is readily conceded to be the finest-in variety and quality-that we have ever shown.

ALLEN & CO., Fit-Reform Wardrobe

1201 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

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GANADIANS

The time to this are given the name and control to the first of the control to the contr

TORONTO. March 22—Mr. Justice Osler was this afternoon elected president of the Toronto General Trust Co., as was expected a few days ago, when he resigned from the bench.

Leaving For West TORONTO, March 22—Seven hundred homeseekers left to night for the prairies in the specials. Special trains of settlers' effects will leave to

Workmen's Pensions in France PARIS, March 22.—The senate to-night by a vote of 280 to 3 passed the workmen's pension bill. This marks the end of a legislative struggle ex-terding over four years, and of a poli-tical agitation in France reaching back to 1882.

1882. Lumsden Committee Reports. CTTAWA, March 22.—The members of the Lumsden committee who last night decided not to report the evidence taken so far to the house, reconsidered their position, and today Mr. Geoffrion, the chairman, reported both the evidence and proceedings taken so far to the house.

Poisoned by Pills

WINDSOR, March 22—Edith, the five-year-old daughter of Jas. Scholes of this city discovered a box of pills on the sideboard shelf this morning, and devoured half the contents of the box. She was immediately seized with convulsions, death resulting in half an hour.

Sugar Weigher's Sentence Sugar Weigher's Sentence

NEW YORK, March 22.—The jury
in the case of Simon J. Mescall, the
assistant government weigher, who
had been on trial before Judge Holt
in the U.S. Circuit court on an indictment charging conspiracy to defraud by underweighing, brought in a
verdict of guilty this afternoon. Judge
Holt sentenced Mescall to ten months
in the pentientiary, and imposed a
fine of \$12.

The Spring Replenishing Campaign

Invariably turns the model housewife's thoughts to Curtain and Drapery needs. An up-to-date woman always realizes that the Window Curtains are the index to her home within. We are showing a very broad assortment of unusually attractive designs in

NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS

	3 yards long, 52 inches wide. PER PAIR	.81.50	
	3 yards long, 54 inches wide. PER PAIR	\$1.75	ş
	2½ yards long, 36 inches wide. PER PAIR	750	
	21/2 yards long, 40 inches wide. PER PAIR	900	
	3 yards long, 48 inches wide. PER PAIR	81 25	
	3½ yards long, 60 inches wide. PER PAIR	82 50	
à	3½ yards long, 60 inches wide. PER PAIR	82.75	
	3½ yards long, 60 inches wide. PER PAIR	\$3.50	
	3½ yards long, 60 inches wide. PER PAIR	84.25	
	3½ yards long, 60 inches wide. PER PAIR		
	3½ yards long, 58 inches wide. PER PAIR	85 75	
	3½ yards long, 60 inches wide. PER PAIR	86.50	
	3½ yards long, 60 inches wide. PER PAIR	\$6.75	12
	#####################################	THE WASHINGTON	

Madras Muslins, in single and double tasselled borders, a magnificent selection of patterns and most

DENIMS, SATEENS AND CRETONNES for draperies, covers, etc., a splendid showing of the very latest designs in green, tan, red, blue, and other shades. POPULAR PRICES.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

THE WHITE HOUSE

1123-1125-1127 Government Street,

Victoria, B.C.

ORDER THESE NOW READY FOR EASTER

A busy week, and you will doubtless need these. Why not 'phone us for them today?

Easter 1	Eggs, 10c each, 5c each, 1c each and TEN CENT	's Doz
Easter	Novelties, each 15c and	10¢
	sland Eggs, per doz	
	ls, per doz., 25c and	
	Lilies, \$1.50 to	

BARGAIN THIS WEEK

DIXI H. ROSS & CO. Independent Grocers, 1317, Government Street

Tels. 50, 51, 52.

Ellwood BULL PROOF CHICKEN PROOF

Wire Fencing Diamond Mesh Cannot Sag or Lose Its Shape

Liquor Department Tel. 1590

The Hickman Tye Hardware Co. Victoria, B. C. Agents. 544-546 Yates St.

Have You Tried

This is exceptional value where you obtain

Strength, Fragrance and Flavor Miss Thornton will be with us this week to demonstrate its excellence and we will be pleased if you will call and permit

us to convince you.

The Family Cash Grocery Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. Phone 312

Subscribe for THE COLONIST Advertise in THE COLONIST

WINES AND LIQUORS

Victoria's Fair-Priced Wine House

We are still doing business at the old reliable stand. We still handle the most reliable goods, especially in Rums, Ports and Rye Whiskies. We import direct from Spain, France, Australia, and Scotland, from the leading wine and whisky centres of the world.

Some Good Ones

	Fremont Grape Juice (non alcoholic), quarts, each, 65c; pints, 35c; half pints	
	King George IV. Scotch\$1.25	Ö
	Hudson Bay Special\$1.25	
	Watson's Glenlivet\$1.00	
	I De Kuymer Gin & to age and	
	J. De Kuyper Gin, \$1.10, 75c and35c	
	Gordon Dry Gin85c	
	Plymouth Gingoc	
	Guiness 'Stout, quarts, per dozen\$3.00	
	Guiness' Stout, pints, per dozen\$2.20	
	Guiness' Stout, half pints, per dozen\$1.50	
Ğ	Native Port35c	
	Colifornia Port	
	California Port 50c	
	Very Old Spanish Port\$1.00	
	Fine Old Sherry\$1.00	
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Copas & Young

THE WINE MERCHANTS.

Phones 94 and 95. FORT STREET.

Our Hobby Again

Proud of our fine All-Wool English Shawl Rugs: a large consignment just arrived. The appearance of your turnout would appeal to the close observer if it was equipped with one of these, or one of Chase's Genuine Mohair Rugs.

Call or write for prices. B. C. SADDLERY CO., LTD 566 VATES STREET.



CANAL PROJECT

been learned, passed through first an 18-inch seam of average quality, close to the surface; next finding a five-foot seam of coal of better grade, and

PACIFIC SUBSIDY

FOR CHIEFLE TO

How CRITICAL SUPPLY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERY

THE VERD QUESTION

THE VERD QUES

with his family to spend a portion of the winter at least. Speaking of Victoria's progress, Mr. Grant said that he had great faith in the future of the city and that now with railroads coming in and opening up the rich outlying districts there should be no cessation of the onward march. The people in the south he found were awake at last to the fact that there was really something in Canada and many of them from the very country that had been the Mecca FOR CONFERENCE

cropping out in the tariff laws of a number of nations.

"Seventh—The new tariff law has provided a permanent tariff board.

"Under this new law we have proceeded to great prosperity. Wage earners have all they can do, and at unusually high rates of pay. There have been some complaints about high prices, but I do not think they have been so high as to cause suffernate the course suffernate the repping out in the tariff laws of a

FOR MILLIONS

TO INVESTIGATE **ZINC PROCESSES**

House of Commons Passes Resolution Providing for Expenditure of \$50,000 for Purposes of Inquiry Abroad

MANY PRIVATE BILLS CLEARED FROM PAPER

Talk of Ending Session by First of May-Contentious St. Lawrence Power Transmission Bill Passed Over

ston in the House of Commons today ranged from the game of tariff bill, which is now progressing between Messrs. Fielding and Tart, to the appropriation of water powers by rail-way companies. The Minister of Finance was non-committal concerning the negotiations with Washington, and said he hoped soon to be able to take parliament and the country into his confidence. Mr. Fielding was chied for talking of such matters as tariff on the day of rest, but he retorted that he thought it was a proper Sunday occuthought it was a proper Sunday occ

pation.

In spite of the fact that nothing very exciting consumed the attention of the House, a good working day was put in, and the order paper was cleared of a host of private bills, while some minor Government measures were advanced a stare. stage.
It is confidently reported tonight

It is confidently reported tonight that some arrangements have been arrived at whereby prorogation will not be delayed beyond May 1. Corroboration of this view was given by the withdrawal for the time being of the contentious St. Lawrence Power Transmission Bill. It was the first order on the paper in private bills which had the right of way, but it was not proceeded with and will not be taken up until after the Easter holiday. There are many who express the opinion that the measure will not be heard of again this session and that it will make another advent next session in a much modified form.

Mrf Conmee succeeded in getting the House to accept one of his bills, al-

Mr Conmee succeeded in getting the House to accept one of his bills, although it was badly shorn in the railway committee. This was the Rainy, River Radial Railway bill, and the discussion respecting water powers cropped up once more.

Mr. Graham in the course of this talk expressed the opinion that no tailway should be given the right to expropriate water powers. The man

expropriate water powers. The man first in the field with the water powers should be permitted to go ahead with his undertaking, and not be compelled to give way to a larger cor-

on which a bill was introduced and read a first time was adopted. It provides that the salaries, pay and allowances of the commandant and of the superior and subordinate stoffs of the superior and subordinate staffs of the commandant and of the superior and subordinate staffs of the Royal Military College shall be as fixed from time to time by the governor in council. The discussion on this drew from Col. Sam Hughes the suggestion that the cadots should be brought to Ottawa occesionally and paraded and put through their exercises, so that rembers of both house could see what type of work was being performed.

formed.

Mr. Templeman's resolution also passed providing for the expenditure of \$50,000 for investigating the processes in use in the production of zinc, with a view to the promotion of the accordance in Canada of zinc and manufacture in Canada of zinc and zine products from native ores. Some of the processes in use in Europe will be investigated, and experiments will be made at Nelson, Eritish Columbia.

Tonight Frank Oliver is pressing forward his bulky immigration bill through committee of
the whole. This is a most
voluminous document, and has in
past sittings provoked some objections.
not confined by any means to the government side of the house. Tonight,
however, the most academic and non-Tonight Frank Oliver is presscontentions clauses are being proceeded with, and good progress is being ade.

Mr. Jameson advanced two amend-

nents to the immigration bill, which were defeated on division. The first was to exclude from Canada any perwas to exclude from Canada any person who had suffered from two attacks of insanity, and the other proposed to prevent the entry of anarchists and polygamists. Mr. Oliver's reply in each case was that the proposed amendments, as was found in the United States, would be incapable of enforcement. The House adjourned at 11 p. m.

HOOKWORM PLAGUE

Alabama Man Who Removed to New York State Afflicted.—Many Samoans Troubled.

UTICA, N.Y., March 21.—The hook-yorm has been discovered in Chenango country. The victim is a native of the south, who recently moved to Afton from Alabama. When taken sick he from Alabama. When taken sick he was operated on for appendicitis. His appendix was found to be in good condition, but suspicious looking worms were removed from the intestinal tract. They were sent to Binghamton for examination and promptly pronounced by the bacteriologists as hookworms.

PAGO PAGO, Samoa, Feb. 7.—via San Francisco, Mar. 21.—Fifty-one per cent of the natives of American Samoa ding to medical officer P. S. Rossiter.

Roosevelt Family in Egypt LUXOR, Upper Egypt, March 21.-ol, Roosevelt and his family arrived ere today from Assuan. They will each Cairo on Thursday.

Wants Toronto Graduates. TORONTO, March 21-The Pennsyl vania Railway company has applied to Prof. Fernow, dean of forestry in To-ronto university, for two graduates and a considerable number of student as-alstants for its huge forestry branch.

CONTRACTS. FOR MILLIONS

k on Several Canadian Paific Extensions Goes to oley, Welch & Stewart and e J. D. McArthur Co.

NCH LINES FOR GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

vy Contract on C. P. R. Irgation System in Alberta kely to Be Awarded Withthe Next Few Days

will involve an expenditure of s of dollars were let by the R. today through Assistant Engineer J. E. Schwitzer. the Farther West most of the work of the year will be done by Welch and Stewart, and near to lberta, the Kipp extension t by Foley, Weich and Stev

ty-mile job, the work beginning

at is stated to be the most imnt contract of its kind eyer let
estern Canada will be let within
lexi ten days and a number of
ontractors who are in the city
such interested in it. This is for
doving of twenty-five million
of earth. No such block of
it is said, has ever been tenderin the West, although larger
acts involving rock werk have same firm will unquestionabl on the work this season. In e firm of Corey Brothers had It is not known how soon this ndertaking will be dealt with, men who are in the city fr est, and who are interested in atter state that it will probably tled next week.

CER LEAVES FOR UNITED KINGDOM

Funnel Liner May Have Speed ontest With the Minnesota on Voyage to Yokohama

und to Liverpool via the Orient, a cargo of general merchandise in \$264.545 on board, of which handise to the value of \$103.382 taken on board at this port, the er Teucer, Capt. Parkinson, of Blue Funnel line, left the outer f yesterday morning, and, acong to the intention of her encome complement she will reach hama in advance of the steamer esota, the big Hill ther, which Seattle nearly a day before her. I is much interest taken, espeat Puget Sound ports, in the ective race across the Pacific nd to Liverpool via the Orient ective race across the Pacific he odds are on the Blue Funnel which is the greyhound of the fleet. The cargo taken from by the Teucer included 15.860 of canned salmon valued at \$95. and salt herring, whale oil, etc. ook 50 Chinese on board at the wharf.

contradistinction, to former deres of the steamers of the Blue
el line, the Teucer carries but a
amount of Oriental mail from
Sound, taking but a few sacks.
is due to the fact that two other
the Pacific Mail liner Korea,
the Great Northern liner Minnethe former from San Francisco
he latter from the Sound, clearesterday. The United States
I department ordered that mail
soints in Japan, China, Korea,
huria and Australia leave by
steamers.

steamers.
Teucer took 375.825 feet of lumwhich is valued at \$7,512. from ma. Other Items of her cargo 1.20' bundles of box shooks, valut \$4,500, 12 bales of hops, valut \$576; 24,968 sacks of four, d at \$29,378, and 23,500 pounds of valued at \$1,300. She also carging to cases of canned salmon, d at \$3,000; 1.329 sacks of according to the same of lime, valued at \$4,553, and 500 tons of general cargo.

ZINC PROCESSES

House of Commons Passes Resolution Providing for Expenditure of \$50,000 for Purposes of Inquiry Abroad

MANY PRIVATE BILLS

Talk of Ending Session by First

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Premier Asquith's Crestic resolutions, which make no previous provision for conferences of the two vision for conferences of the payment arise.

PROVINCIAL NEWS

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The House adjourned at 11 p. m.

HOOKWORM PLAGUE

Purposes of Inquiry Abroad

Washington, D.C., March 21.—
United States shipbuilders through the course which has been taken by the Turkish government, as reported to the state department have been deprived of the opportunity to submit blds for the consrucion of warships for the Ottoman government to cost approximately \$25,000,000. It had been understood that opportunity to bid was to be kept open for several weeks to give United States shipbuilders and tenders. The department now hears with great surprise that the contracts are to be awarded to English firms with great surprise that the contracts are to be awarded to English firms with great surprise that the contracts are to be awarded to English firms with great surprise that the contracts are to be awarded to English firms with great surprise that the contracts are to be awarded to English firms with great surprise that the contracts are to be awarded to English firms with great surprise that the contracts are to be awarded to English firms with great surprise that the contracts are to be awarded to English firms without open competition which course, it is said, is not usual in these cases.

cent of the natives of American Samoa are suffering from hook worm, according to medical officer P. S. Rossiter.

Rossevelt Family in Egypt
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Col. Roosevelt and his family arrived here today from Assuan. They will reach Cairo on Thursday.

Wants Toronto Graduates.

TORONTO, March 21—The Pennsylvania Railway company has applied to Prof. Fernow, dean of forestry in Toboth ouniversity, for two graduates and acconsiderable number of student as sistants for its huge forestry branch.

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The Phoenix steam laundry has been re-e-opened, after being closed down for over two years, by H. C. Miles and W. G. Dawson.

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F. B. Skinner, of the Five Acre Lofs, near Nanaimo, will shortly have the smelter employees with a handsome watch, and brother of the mine with a diamond-field university, for two graduates and acconsiderable number of student as sistants for its huge forestry branch.

CONFERENCE

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Comments of Landon Passed

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will the strong of men mount of the checked of the support of the VANCOUVER, March 21.—The Victoria hockey eleven asked for a postponement of Saturday's scheduled with Vancouver, but in view of the fourth, who recently moved to Afton from Alabama. When taken sick he was operated on for appendicitis. His appendix was found to be in good condition, but suspicious looking worms were removed from the intestinal tract. They were sent to Binghamton for examination and promptily pronounced by the bacteriologists as hookworms.

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.25 @ .35 1.50 .20 @ .25 .08@.10 1.75@2.50

floor alone remained. The day coach sane at New Westmann the Coquit-likewise was torn almost to spilnters. ter of Works next visited the Coquit-ter of Works next visited the Coquit-lam Retreat farm, where the West-holms Lumber Company has some

and valuables, and even a fountain pen disappeared in a most mysterious manner.

Miss Louise M. Irwin, a preminent woman of Honolulu, missed her handbag while she was in the music hall. It contained \$80 in cash and a check for \$100. Later the check was found in one of the alleyways.

Mrs. J. T. Warren complained that her fountain pen went out of sight in the same remarkable way, while other losses of a minor nature were reported.

On the outward veyage of the Kerea a valuable clock beloming to Mrs. Burdette, wife of Rev. "Boh" Burdette, disappeared from her stateroom,

McGee road, and this strip (a mile or a mile and a quarter in length) will also be carried through to completion during the present season.

At the Normal School, construction has some time ago been completed and the school is in use, but a contract has been let, approximating \$4,000 in amount, for the making of lawns, laying of paversents, etc., this work also being satisfactorily initiated.

Lumsden Committee

Lumsden Committee
OTTAWA, March 21.—The four
Liberal members of the Lumsden committee met tonight and passed the following motion: "That this committee,
in pursuance of its powers to report
from time to time conferred by the order of reference, do report its proceedings up to and inclusive of this
meeting to the House."

For State-Wide Strike. PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—President Greenawalt of the State Federation of Labor, this afternoon telegraphed the committee of nine in charge graphed the committee or nine in charge of the state-wide strike to report at Wilkesbarre at once "for an executive council meeting to forward a state-wide strike," Mr. Greenawalt expected to leave here this afternoon for Wilkes-

Peter Togino was seriously injured in a barroom quarrel at Vancouver Satur-day evening, the sequal to an old feud. Tony Portello, a compatriot, is in custody, charged with using a stiletto



Mark Hambourg THE WORLD'S GREATEST PIANIST

..... \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 Mail orders should be addressed to The Manager, Victoria Theatre, and



Exacts that her bathroom shall be pure and sweet in atmosphere and free from the odors that come from imperfect plumbing. We are adepts at first-class bathroom work, using the very best material and competent men. Our Phone No. 1854.

Hayward & Dods
Santary Planted
927 FORT STREET Opposite Skating Rink

Latest English and Foreign Designs

Mantels

The above described land containing 208 acres, more or less.

Dated March 7th, 1910.

Farn, for Sale: Good buildings, with or without stock and imple-

Comox, B.C.

Still another section of surveyed land thoroughly adapted to the purposes of general settlement has been made available for the homesteader and the pre-emptor as a result of the present season's work in the field of Surveyor T. H. Taylor, business partner of Mr. James F. Garden, ex-M.P.P., for Vancouver, whose report on his operations and discoveries in the Anaham and Tatla lake countries as just been received by Surveyor-General E. B. McKay.

With the usual professional reticence of his craft, Mr. Taylor in his report has confined himself very strictly to the professional features of his season afield, there being little in his report to suggest the pleasing fact that he found the territory visited to be one of the best game areas in Northern British Columbia, abounding in both feathered spoil and the larger wild animals—trophies worth to tempt the sportsman from afar, as attested emphatically by two magnificent caribon heads which Mr. Taylor secured and brought out with him to be "labelled exhibit 'A."

It was in June last that Mr. Taylor went into Bella Coola, where he completed his outfitting, securing pack horses with considerable difficulty as they were unusually scarce and held for high prices accordingly.

"It then proceeded to Anaham lake," he reports, "along the Bella Coola road and trail, a distance of about ninety miles, some fifty five miles of which is along a fair wagon road, the balance being over an exceedingly rocky trail in places practically precipitous, so that fifteen miles is a fair average day's journey with packs. Some expenditure of Government money was made this year along this trail, mostly in clearing right-of-way, which will eventually make a good road.

"I commenced my survey at Anaham lake, commencing at Lot 25—an old Crown Grant at the elevation of 3,600 at Anaham lake. The surface of the country hereabouts is covered with small jack pines averaging about six inches in diameter, interspersed with small meadows that afford excellent grazing.

"There are also, mostly along the banks of the creeks, large open short grass meadows, of which the stock appear to be very fond. If these meadows could be irrigated, I think good timothy hay could be raised. The meadows are from fifty to one hundred feet above the level of the lake. The general surface of the country is rolling and scattered over in places with lava rock.

Along the lake and the river there are good wild hay meadows. Hay is cut and stacked in case of an exceptionally severe winter, but usually stock runs out all winter, and need but very little hay. The country is dry and subject to early frosts, and is essentially well adapted to grazing, stock raising and dairying. is very deceptive to pass through

from the trail that it was practically worth-

less, as the good land lies back from the trail.
"Mr. A. Blaney has a ranche about half way up the lake, and appears to be doing well. Kapposse also has a ranche close by, and the West Squamish and other natives have a settlement at the head of the lake.

"The lakes abound with fish, ducks and

geese. Trout are plentiful, and a few pelican make their home here.

"I next proceed 27½ miles down the Salmon river, surveying a few hundred acres along my route, the country surveyed being very much the same as described above.

"From here I went on to Towdystan lake, where Mr. Jacob Lunos, an old settler, has a

ranche, raising mostly horses and cattle. "I surveyed a few thousand acres of fair grazing land here and then proceeded to Cariboo Flats, about eight miles south, and surveyed three sections which is the watershed of the country, the water running into the Fraser river and into Bentinck Arm and Dean

"I then went to Tatla Lake, a distance of about thirty-four miles, passing a fine hay meadow ranche owned by Mr. Pat. McClinchy. I ran a tree line between the old Crown Grant Lot 53 R. at the head of Tatla like, down the north side of the lake for about seven miles where I commenced my survey, as the land intervening did not look good enough to me to survey at the present time, the sidehills being steep and running up from the lake, al-though covered with bunch grass.

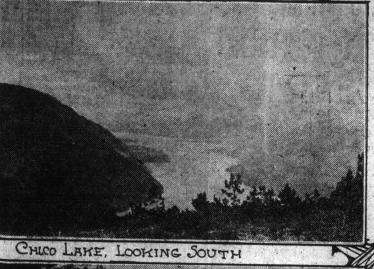
"The portion I surveyed consisted generally speaking of a gentle slope running on an average about half a mile back from the lake, with then a steep ascent to the top of a level bench. This slope is covered with bunch-grass which affords good feed for stock. The bench is covered with small jack-pines, and is generally rocky with not much feed.

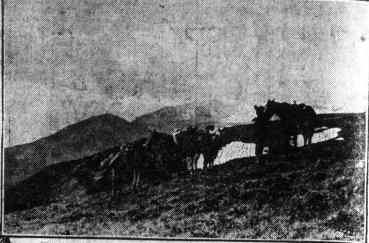
"If the slope land could be irrigated, I believe good crops of vegetables, hay, fruits, etc., could be raised on it; but as there are very few creeks running into Tatla lake, it would be a difficult matter to irrigate it, although I think that eventually water will be raised from the lake or some other means devised to procure the same.

"The elevation of Tatla lake is 2,975 feet. "From Tatla lake there is a good wagon road connecting with the Cariboo road, except the first few miles, which can be put in good shape by the expenditure of a very little

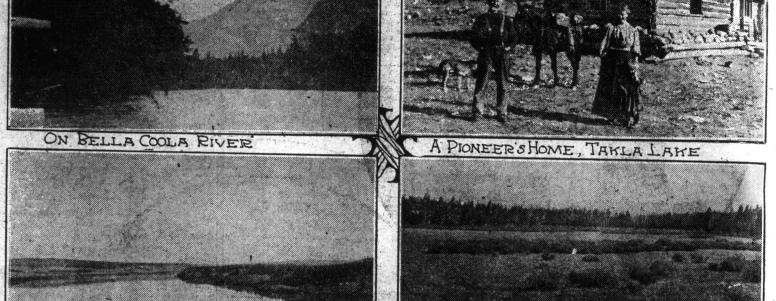
"From Tatla lake, around its foot and crossing over by a ford, I proceeded to Cochin lake over a wagon road made by the settlers, and over which it is barely possible to run a wagon in places, a distance of twenty-seven miles. The first thirteen miles was on a southwesterly course, and the balance S. 10 E. I surveyed about 15,000 acres between Cochin lake and the Chilco river. This is all good grazing and open jack-pine country, with bunch-grass, vetch and pea-vine in amongst

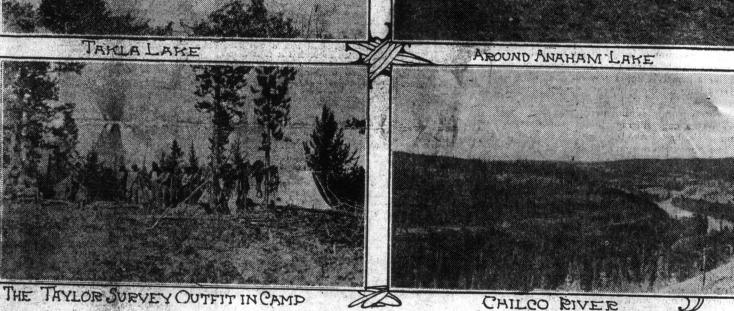
"A few thousand acres more of good land it on the trail; you would think, viewing it can still be surveyed here. I could not com-





BUNCH GRASS GROWING TO THE SNOWLINE





plete the work as my supplies ran out and I could not procure any more within less than one hundred miles. Mr. C. E. Skinner has a "The settlers all along my line of survey" "The settlers all along my line of survey

were very kind to me, helping me in every way possible, and I wish to express my thanks to

Is Mars Inhabited

Once more interest is given to the speculations of astronomers as to the possibility of Mars being the home of "intelligent beings" by the statement that Professor Percival Lowell has detected another canal on the planet. The brief announcement of the discovery of the astronomer does not carry the problem any nearer solution, and, while any fresh knowledge which that deep student of the stars may communicate to his fellowscientists will always be welcomed by them, the latest news does not point to a more ready acceptance of his theory of the canals in Mars than have his earlier contributions. In the words of an eminent astronomer to whom the telegram from Arizona was communicated yesterday, the conclusions at which Professor Lowell has arrived are "highly speculative," and seemingly they are endorsed by very few well-known astronomers. Indeed, it may be said that, taking the whole of the astronomers of the first rank, you have on this Martian question Professor Lowell on one side and all the other eminent men on the other. The latter are sceptics. They do not say the whole of the evidence is against Professor Lowell, but that there is not sufficient evidence, that

M. Antonaardi observing at Meudon with the 30 inch telescope, has by long observations recently confirmed his opinion that the so-called canals are wide diffused shadows, and not narrow channels. He could not see enough to say what the shadows represent, but his drawings show that they are not narrow, welldefined lines. M. Antonaardi is supported by

means of the 60 inch reflecting telescope. These are probably the best photographs ever procured of the planet, and they again do not show well-defined canals, but one or two broad diffused shadowings similar to the pictures of M. Antonaardi. The 60 inch reflector at Mount Wilson is bigger than anything previously employed, save, of course, the 72 inch Ross. mirror erected many years ago in Ireland. The latter, however did not give a good "figure," and proper views of the planet were not obtainable with it. Professor Lowell's telescope is an instrument with a diameter of 27 inches. The Mount Wilson telescope will not for long hold the record for size, as American astronomical students are contemplating the erection of a 100 inch reflecting telescope, which is now in process of manufacture.

Professor Lowell in the last few weeks has published some articles with a view to showing that the verv big telescopes looking at a fixed star will not show the diffraction rings. These ought to be sharp, clear rings, but the professor contends that with an extremely large telescope the atmospheric tremora prevent the rings being sharp. He declares that that which is a narrow marking on the planet would look diffused and broken through a very big telescope. Professor Lowell's fellow-observers think it is rather begging the question to say that he is seeing perfectly while other astronomers have imperfect observations. That is making a big claim. No one disputes that there is something on the planet but other experts than Professor Lowell do not agree that the canals, or whatever they may be, are artificial. Some of the shaded portions of photographs of Mars represent what are described as "canals" to be some 3,000 the Yerkes Observatory, whose principal of-ficials have congratulated the French scien-tist on his drawings. At the Mount Wilson Observatory, California, Professor Hale has

taken very beautiful photographs of Mars by tory, Greenwich, recently drew on a photograph of Mars the main outlines of the so-called continents and oceans and placing the drawing at one end of a room, got a number of schoolboys without any knowledge of the planet to sketch what they thought they saw. It is a curious fact that they all drew the complicated markings as narrow, straight canals, very like those of the network in Professor Lowell's pictures. The defining power of the eye is certainly limited.

Size of Mars

In an extremely interesting paper which Mr. Maunder contributed to the "Journal of the British Astronomical Association," that gentleman gave some comparisons between the sizes of the Earth and Mars.

Surface 197,000,000 square miles Volume 260,000,000,000 cubic miles Surface...........55,400,000 square miles Volume.... 39,000,000,000 cubic miles Mass..... 650 trillions of tons

Not only do we beat Mars in size, but we are infinitely better off in climatic conditions. The man who attributes his dose of influenza to the vagaries of our climate may thank his stars he is not a Martian. Here a difference of 20 deg. of temperature in a day gives the Britisher a desire to seek some other quarter of this terrestrial globe, but in the world of Mars a change of anything approaching 150 deg. would appear to be an everyday occurrence. The inhabitants of Mars must possess a constitution which even an Arctic explorer would envy. Mr. Maunder considers that the picture which is presented to us of even the tropical region of Mars is not an

in any part of the earth; so cold that we Monthly.

may well suppose all bodies of water are frozen to their very bottom; the atmosphere thinner by far than we experience at the top of our highest mountains, or even than Coxwell and Glaisher experienced in their record balloon ascent; followed by a day in which the temperature rises to that of our own tropics, and at which water freey passes into vapour.

The mean temperature of Mars resembles that suggested by places on the earth like Archangel! If they have a Regent street in one of the populous centres of the planet, one can conjure up the vision of an emporium in which the fair dames may, in the same showroom, purchase diaphanous attire for sunlight wear, and heavy furs for the theatre.

PASSING OF THE OLD BACHELOR

The typical old bachelor-crusty, irritable, solitary—seems to be passing away, if indeed he is not afready extinct. Nowadays there is every encouragement for bachelordom, until it has developed from a single state to a united kingdom with royal palaces in all great cities. There was a time when the typical bachelor was pictured seated alone in a sadly neglected room, pushing a reluctant needle through unyielding cloth, as he strove awkwardly to sew button on his coat, using the side wall of his room for a thimble, That is all done away with now, when the Universal Valet Company, Unlimited, sends its motor to the door of the Bachelor Apartments, and carries away the garments of Benedick, returning them at nightfall, every button reinforced, every spot and stain effaced. And in what careless comfort does Benedick live! Unhampered by feminine niceties, he sets down his pipe where he will, and swings about his room in easy halfdress, shouting the Stein Song at the top of It is that of a night colder than is known his voice without let or hindrance.—Atlantic

About Education

The following sentences from Sir Oliver Lodge to the Workers' Educational Association in Birmingham, will be of interest to those who have followed, we hope in agreement, much that has been written here on education. Sir Oliver Lodge, the head of Birmingham University, urged his hearers not to be misled as to what education really was. It meant a great deal more than the acquiring of information, however useful in practical life that might be. Real education—higher education-was a very large term. Culture was a very long process. It meant the power of appreciating the best things in the world, the great men of the past and their great works. It meant the power of understanding why, and in what way, they were really great. It was quite easy to look at a work of art and not to see it. It was quite easy to read a poem or a work of literature and not to be able to appreciate it. Culture meant the cultivation of the faculty of appreciation. A great building or a statue, he expected, meant very little to a savage as long as he was a savage. We were all, without exception, pretty much in that predicament with regard to the universe and the things of the universe. We did not see, we did not realize, we did not know one-tenth of the things which were really about us. The workers of this country, in particular, were at present feeling more and more the need of the culture which enriched life. He believed that earth and heaven were not two places, but one place. We did not make it so at present, and we had to learn how to make it so.

D. Broke, 12-"Send a dozen roses to this address." Salesman—"Yes, sir." D.B.—"Will you trust me?" S.—"Certainly." D.B.—
"Then make it two dozen.

STORY & JIM THE RIGHT SIDE of JIM

We had examined Jim Chris had seen the plainly-marked scarsshaped like a grizzly's upper jaw oragged and long on the other, and straight across like a knife slash that had allowed his skull-covering his neck like a cape during the to to camp. We had looked at his which had hung down against his had seen the mark of the bear's

arm and in his thigh. And then said in a matter-of-fact way, for of the silent places who imagines "The queer part of it to me is the old cuss charged on me, and the didn't use his paws. I never hear silver-tip acting that way before." A bit more pow-wow about t the kindness of Dr. Hasell and Dr. the nurses at the hospital where been treated, and then he told mbroidery or fancy-work of any story of an adventure with a grizz like of which does not exist in the bear hunting. He talked straigh he same undramatic manner that man would use in relating to a companion how his rheumatism from his small toe to his left sho The story contained the explanat fact that Christie had been for mor a nervous wreck and that he was Dawson, Yukon Territory, to the Ju pital, in Victoria, B. C., to be put working shape again.

Christie came from Carman, M he has relatives living now, and we North in '98. He never worked for prospected in summer and trapped all over the North, and he learned t as a child learns the A B C's. S time he acted as guide for gover ties, and it was on one of these tr met Agnes Deans Cameron's part on the headwaters of the Mackenz other occasion Christie took a geo vey outfit across the unknown Dawson to Edmonton, and then c to Carman to visit his folks. Meant struck up a pal-ship with George and when he went back North he field grubstaked and lit out for River, setting up camp at a point miles east of Dawson, in the he

During these years of his app n the North. Christie had learned i the silent places, had trapped much ed much, and a grizzly bear was abo some a thing to him as a bot is to norse. That is to say, something to be brushed aside. Christie he tude towards grizzly bears when out over a light snow about the mic October along the course of the Ro to look up the trapping possibilit years before a horde of lynx had in country and small furs were scarce. day out Christie shot a moose and ground cache to be called for late plored up river for two suns and t back toward camp. His trail led his out-track, and he decided to ha at the cache. When he got within found a pack of timber wolve ork excavating, and he took a s of them. It was this shot, which r saved Christie's life. For two day



HESNOWLINE



LALAKE



AKE

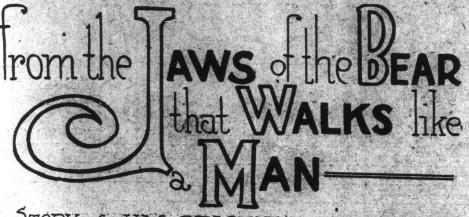


helping me in every way to express my thanks to

Education

sentences from Sir Oliver rkers' Educational Associaam, will be of interest to ollowed, we hope in agreeas been written here on edu-Lodge, the head of Birmwhat education really was. eal more than the acquiring owever useful in practical e. Real education—higher very large term. Culture rocess. It meant the power e best things in the world, the past and their great the power of understanding way, they were really great to look at a work of art and as quite easy to read a poem ture and not to be able to ture meant the cultivation ppreciation. A great buildexpected, meant very little g as he was a savage. We exception, pretty much in with regard to the universe ne universe. We did not see, we did not know one-tentl were really about us. The entry, in particular, were at re and more the need of the thed life. He believed that ere not two places, but one make it so at present, and w to make it so.

Send a dozen roses to this n—"Yes, sir." D.B.—"Will S.—"Certainly." D.B.—



STORY of JIM CRISTIE the CANADIAN TRAPPER HERE RECUPERATING AFTER his BATTLE with a GRIZZLY

We had examined Jim Christie's 'scalp, had seen the plainly-marked scars-horse-shoe shaped like a grizzly's upper jaw on one side, ragged and long on the other, and on the top, straight across like a knife slash-the scars that had allowed his skull-covering to drape his neck like a cape during the terrible hike to camp. We had looked at his lower jaw which had hung down against his chest; we had seen the mark of the bear's tusk in his arm and in his thigh. And then Jim Christie said, in a matter-of-fact way, for he is a man

THE RICHT SIDE of JIM CHRISTIE'S

of the silent places who imagines nothing.

"The queer part of it to me is the fact that the old cuss charged on me, and then that he didn't use his paws. I never heard tell of a

A bit more pow-wow about the surgery, the kindness of Dr. Hasell and Dr. Jones, and the nurses at the hospital where Christie has been treated, and then he told us—without embroidery or fancy-work of any nature—the story of an adventure with a grizzly bear the like of which does not exist in the annals of bear hunting. He talked straight ahead in the same undramatic manner that the average man would use in relating to a sympathetic companion how his rheumatism had spread from his small toe to his left shoulder blade. The story contained the explanation of the fact that Christie had been for months almost nervous wreck and that he was sent from Dawson, Yukon Territory, to the Jubilee Hospital, in Victoria, B. C., to be put back into orking shape again.

Christie came from Carman, Man., where has relatives living now, and went into the North in '08. He never worked for wages; he prospected in summer and trapped in winter all over the North, and he learned the country as a child learns the A B C's. Some of the time he acted as guide for government parties, and it was on one of these trips that he met Agnes Deans Cameron's party away up on the headwaters of the Mackenzie. On another occasion Christie took a geological survey outfit across the unknown North from Dawson to Edmonton, and then came down Carman to visit his folks. Meantime he had struck up a pal-ship with George Christfield, and when he went back North he and Christfield grubstaked and lit out for the Rogue River, setting up camp at a point about 350 miles east of Dawson, in the heart of the

wilderness. During these years of his apprenticeship in the North, Christie had learned much about the silent places, had trapped much and hunted much, and a grizzly bear was about as fear-some a thing to him as a bot is to a ploughhorse. That is to say, something unpleasant to be brushed aside. Christie held this attitude towards grizzly bears when he struck out over a light snow about the middle of last ctober along the course of the Rogue River, lo look up the trapping possibilities. Two years before a horde of lynx had infested the country and small furs were scarce. The first day out Christie shot a moose and hid it in a ound cache to be called for later. He exred up river for two suns and then circled ack toward camp, His trail led him across out-track, and he decided to have a look the cache. When he got within sight of it found a pack of timber wolves hard at rk excavating, and he took a shot at one

them. It was this shot, which missed, that ed Christie's life. For two days he had

packed his Ross rifle through the scrub with-out having to use it, and when he missed the wolf, he noticed that the sights had slipped down. He stopped at once and adjusted them properly, dropped his pack and snow-shoes, and went on to the cache. When he got there he learned what had attracted the wolves.

DRUIN

The earth about the cache was thrown up and rooted about as if a dredge had been at work, and, leading from the cache straight over the river, across an open bar, was a trail as big as a house. Christie knew as soon as he saw it what had happened. Grizzly tracks a foot long were plain in the snow all about, and the mark made by the moose's body dragging in the snow formed a path like a city street. Christie needed that meat and the longer he looked at the empty cache the sorer he got. Finally he decided to punish Old Nosey, to teach him to kill his own moose and leave other folks' meat alone, and it was with this decision that got Christie into trouble.

A brief examination of the trail showed that the track was fresh, had been made within the hour, in fact, and, sure that he would come across the bear in a very short time, Christie set out to follow the trail. As it turned out afterwards, the grizzly could see him crossing the river and was lying in wait for him in the scrub above the opposite bank. The wolves had undoubtedly been pestering him, and he was in a very nasty frame of mind.

Knowing nothing of this, and probably caring less, Christie pushed on up the opposite slope of the river and into the brush. The bushes and small trees here were so thick and close that he could not pass through them without great difficulty. He kicked out of his snow-shoes and was shouldering his way through the growth when he heard a sudden ferocious snort not thirty feet distant, and next moment he saw an enormous silver-tip, measuring four feet from heel to shoulder, at least nine feet in height and probably weighing 1,000 pounds, coming at him with the speed of an express train. The bear's fore legs were as thick as the thighs of a big man, and he had a mouth like a cave. The thick scrub gave him not the slightest bother; he came along just as if it wasn't there.

Christie had little or no time to think, but action with him was second nature. Almost in the same second he heard the snort he threw up his rifle and fired. The shot struck the best plan would be to pick out the softest spot, about midnight, and then set off for an Indian Greek or Roman bear, at a range of twenty icet, full in the crawl into it, and die. But something inside camp about seven miles distant. He returned is not the peer?

body and although the bullet was soft-nosed and driven by a powerful charge, it didn't stop him for a second. Christie pumped his gun like lightning, but the bear was within four feet of him before he could send another bullet crashing into the massive head. On the crack of his second shot Christie jumped aside and felt for his knife. But as he jumped his foot struck a snag. He fell—and before he touched the snow the bear was on top of him.

"He didn't use his forelegs," said Christie, in telling of it. "He just naturally started in chewing. The shock of the fall had taken the wind out of me for a minute, and when I opened my eyes things looked sort of bad. I was right between the old boy's legs and he was just drooling on me. When I moved my hand he let out a grunt that would make your hair curl, opened his enorwould make your hair curl, opened his enormous jaws and took my head in his mouth. I felt something give, and I thought it was all off. I thought he had gone through my skull and would reach my brain. With that I swung my right arm up and tried to get it into his jaws to pry them loose, because usually a grizzly is like a bull dog, he just gets a hold and hangs on. I got my arm in all right, but I pried so hard that I snapped it off. This seemed to disconcert Old Nosey, for he let go my head and bit through my hand. With another snap he broke my jaw and tore my eye. Then I thought sure it was all off. He was snapping like a fox terrier with the fleas, and every time he snapped he clamped his jaws on my skull. The finish was just about due, and I was so blind and weak that I didn't give a heary when the kell every that I didn't give a hang when the bell rang. Then, suddenly the old boy let go my head and sank his tusks into my thigh. I was trembling with pain and shock, and I guess I

him wouldn't let him do that without a fight, and, against what seemed impossible odds, the man began to win his way home.

On figuring matters out, Christie remembered that his partner, Christfield, would not think of looking for him if he didn't show up for two or three days, because the arrangement had been that Christie should be away for some time. Christie also remembered that there were no medicines at camp, because he and his partner had not moved all of their stores yet. His own common sense told him again and again that he was only giving himself needless agony to try to reach camp; that he would die on the trail or soon after he got home at most. But the something inside of him wouldn't let him lie down and invite the

Half an hour elapsed before Christie could get on his feet. Once there, he tottered about like a drunken man. The first move was to try to staunch the flow of blood, but the unds were so many and so varied that this was almost impossible. Christie couldn't use his right arm at all, and his left arm was strained. Using this arm as best he could, he pulled the torn pieces of scalp together and bound it rightly with his neckerchief. Then he put his jacket over his head, lifted his lower jaw into place and caught the ends of his acket under his chin. In this fashion Christie set out on the seven mile tramp over the river ice to camp. On the way, as a precaution, he made a painful detour of half a mile to a deserted prospector's cabin to leave a message. He knew that Christfield would call at this shack sooner or later. Christie wrote a laborious left-handed note and left it in the cabin. In the note he told whomsoever found it that he had fought with and been mauled by a bear, that he was starting for camp and that if he didn't arrive there, his body would be found on the ice of the river, while a dead grizely would be found at the moose cache. Then, Christie set out in the cold to stagger to

Fighting with himself, dragging his legs, which became knotted and cramped from loss of blood, battling with the insistent desire to sit down and die, the man tolled over the rough ground, to camp. He arrived at the lonely shack in the late afternoon. His partner was away, Christie did not know for how long. He crept inside and pitched headlong into a bunk. There he lay, too weak to move, hour after hour. Darkness had fallen before Christfield came in. He knew that Christie was at home, for he had seen the bloody trail the wounded man left.
"What's up, Jim?" were Christfield's first

words when he opened the door.
Christie told him briefly of the fight and the result. "Take a shot of Scotch before you lightup, George," he said. "You'll need your nerve before you look at me."

Christfield did as he was bid, and then lighted a lantern. The sight of his partner



lay for full a minute half doped before I realized that the fight was over and that Old Nosey was dead. The whole affair didn't last fifteen seconds, and the two bullets, one right through the body and the other in the head, had taken effect at last. I couldn't help won-dering why the bear hadn't hit me a swat with his paw. If he had one swat would have finished me. For the matter of that, one crunch of his jaws would have been plenty if he hadn't been weakened by the shots. He was dying when he reached me, but it takes those silvertips the deuce of a time to die."

Christie, when he tells the story, touches lightly on the events which followed the death of the bear. When the pain and the cold brought him back to full consciousness, the prospect that lay before him was one calculated to daunt the stoutest. The snow, was red with blood for four feet surrounding the scene of the struggle. Christie's clothes were saturated with it and he was fast becoming weak. His scalp was draped down from his bare skull at the back and on both sides, like the flat of a patent cap; his lower jaw fell down limp; his left eye was torn so that he could not see-would never see, he thought at the time; his right arm was broken and torn; his thigh was bitten through, and his right eye was blinded with blood. All in all, with camp seven miles away; Christie thought the

almost knocked him out. Christie could talk only with great difficulty owing' to his fractured jaw, but when Christfield came close to him he showed him where the worst wounds were. "Look me over, George," he instructed his partner, "and see if I'm worth the saving." At this time Christie had a haunting fear that his brain had been injured and that, while he might live, he would not be right in his mind. If this proved to be the case, he had made up his mind to die quick and get it done with Christfield's hasty investigation proved that, except for one spot, the skull had not been pierced, and that Christie's brain was not af-

There were not medicines other than Scotch whisky at the camp, and Christie tried to drink some of the liquor. Holding his jaw with his hand, he had his partner hold the botthe to his mouth; but he could not swallow in this manner. Eventually the difficulty was solved when Christfield poured some of the whisky into a shallow basin along with some cold tea. Christie put his head right into the basin and drank. This revived him and he felt

By this time the two men had decided that the only thing to be done was to have Christie taken as soon as possible to Lansing, a lone trading post fifty miles away, over rough country. Accordingly Christfield rested until at daylight with two dog trains and Indian mushers. One of the toboggans was rigged into a rude carible and Christie, now so sore and stiff that the least move was agony, was

tucked in among blankets and furs.

The journey to Lansing, Christie says now, was the most terrible feature of the entire incident. The trail, or rather the course, for there was no trail, lay through very rugged country. The snow was not yet deep enough to make good sledding. Time and again with the dogs in full progress, the sled would strike a sunken log and bound high; again it would strike bare ground and jerk suddenly; at other times the half-broken dogs would stop, and start again with a terrific jerk that stretched the hauling throngs to their utmost. The slightest motion meant pain to Christie; the sudden rude jerks and starts were hell. The blood, which had been stopped to some extent, began to ooze from the wounds again, and at every jolt of the sled the man felt as if his head would come off. Even the bliss of unconseiousness was denied him, and he lay hour after hour in exquisite agony, feeling the life ebbing out of him, growing steadily weaker and weaker, and praying, for speedy death. On the afternoon of the fourth day after

the fight with the bear, the dog trains reached Lansing. Lansing consists of a small stockade and one or two buildings, and is kept by. a trader named Ferrell, a personal friend of Christie. There was no physician nearer than Dawson City, but Ferrell had some skill as an amateur, and an endless store of antiseptics. He bound Christie's head and his jaw and set broken arm and then, for two months, he and Christfield nursed the injured man.

The wonderful vitality of the man, heritage of the open and the simple life, began to evince itself now, and although his nerves were fairly shot to bits, Christie began to recover. His torn scalp-grew together of its own accord with plaster-cast or stitches; his jaw hitched itself into a semblance of its proper shape, although it had to be tinkered, with later; and the arm knitted together.

On New Year's Day, Christie, now as good as new, to use his own expression, was ready to start for Dawson. The journey by sled this time was pleasant compared to the trip from the Rogue River to Lansing. Christfield, overjoyed at his partner's rapid recovery, accompanied the party as far as Mayo, and then turned back to hold down the camp on the distant Rogue alone until Christie was ready for wor'r again. Christie reached Dawson City on January 17. The physician he saw there had nothing more to do than tap an abcess that had formed in Christie's cheek. He advised him, however, to go out to Vic-toria as soon as possible and place himself under the case of Dr. O. M. Jones. Consequent-Christie came south for the remainder of the winter. His arm had to be reset and his jaw needed attention before it could be made to close properly, but Christie will be ready for business again before the summer of 1910 is far advanced.

"Nervous about bears?" he said, with a smile, in reply to a question; "no, not particularly. I reckon I'll take it out on the next old silver-tip I hit when I get back there on the

Rogue."
Christie is still wondering what made Old Nosey charge on him and then fail to use his enormous arms. "I've shot bears and bears," Christie said to the writer, "but I never heard tell of a grizzly acting like this one did, and if somebody else told me the story I've just told you, I wouldn't believe him on oath. Usually I don't monkey with bears, and they leave me alone, but this fellow was the exception that proves a good rule."

GOLDWIN SMITH ON LITERARY STYLE

Professor Goldwin Smith, himself a consummate master of style, thus spoke on style in his inaugural address as Regius professor

of history at Oxford, in 1859:
The style of the classical historians, at least of those we read here, undoubtedly is a model of purity and greatness, and far be it from us to disregard style in choosing books of education. To appreciate language is partly to com-mand it, and to command beautiful and forcible language is to have a key, with which no man who is to rule through opinion can dispense, to the heart and mind of man. To be the master of that talisman you need not be its slave. Nor will a man be a master of it without being the master of better things. Language is not a musical instrument into which, if a fool breathe, it will make melody. Its tones are eyoked only by the spirit of high or tender thought; and though truth is not always eloquent, real eloquence has always the glow of truth. The language of the an-cients is of the time when the writer sought only to give plain expression to his thought, and when thought was fresh and young. The composition of the ancient historians is a model of simple narrative for the imitation of all time. But if they told their tale so simply it was partly because they had a simple tale to tell. Such themes as Latin Christianity, European Civilization, the Reformation, the French Revolution, are not so easily reducible to the proportions of artistic beauty, nor are the passions they excite so easily calmed to the sefenity of Sophoclean art. Nor are all the moderns devoid of classical beauty. No narrative so complicated was ever conducted with so much skill as that of Lord Macaulay. No historical painting was ever so vivid as that which lures the reader through all that is extravagant in Caryle. Gibbon's shallow and satirical view of the church and churchmen has made him miss the grand action and the great actors on the stage. But turn to the style and structure of his great work, its condensed thought, its lofty and sustained diction, its luminous grandeur and august proportions, reared as it is out of a heap of materials the most confused and mean, and ask of what Greek or Roman edifice, however elassical, it

Easter Novelties Candy Dept.

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED

Attractive Frocks of Practical Worth for Girls

Chocolates Are Made Fresh Daily. Pure. Wholesome and Delicious .



The styles which we are showing for the growing girls are indeed very attractive. The dainty lawns, ginghams, batistes, and beautiful Swiss material that they are made of being of exceptional quality, and, moreover, priced at such modest figures, as would make it imperative that you should purchase here. Among the bewildering variety shown are a great number of wash or tub dresses that hold a particular fascination for all mothers of taste. For instance, here is a beautiful dress in princess style, made of shadow check, zephyr gingham, in pink and pale blue, tucked yoke and trimmed with fine insertion and embroidered edging. Priced at \$4.50

Then you will find dresses made of fine cambric, with stripes and coin spots, made with pleated skirt and waists with tucks and

A Charming Showing of Stylish Waists, Illustrating Fashion's Latest Creations for 1910

Nothing could be smarter or more chic than these new Waists for spring. The illustration shown here will convey but a small idea of their beauty. Words would fail in many instances to reveal to you the many charming effects, but nevertheless the Spencer store leads both in quality, style and low price.

style, made of very fine linette

in latest Gibson style. Front

Shirt waist sleeves, finished

with stiff laundered link cuffs

and detachable linen turndown collar, Priced at \$1.75

Swiss Lawn Waist at \$1.00

Ladies' Waist, made of very fine quality Swiss lawn. Has allover embroidery on front in very dainty designs, and trimmed with clusters of pin tucking. New style bishop sleeve, finished with tucked cuff, edged with Valenciennes lace.

Tailor-Made Waists at \$1.75 Mercerized Waist at \$1.50 Ladies' Waist, in tailor-made

Ladies' Waist, made of fancy white mercerized vesting, in tailored effect. Open front, buttoning down centre. Box has box pleat down centre. pleat, with pearl buttons. All-over tucked front. Inverted box pleat in back. Detachable linen collar. Long sleeves, with laundered linked cuffs. Price \$1.50



Without a Rival

The best medium priced corset made are those bearing the trade-mark name "Royal Worcester." No other feminine garment is more essential than the correct corset, for the corset is the base—the starting point of all fashionably designed. perfect fitting gowns.

Royal Worcester

Are correct from every viewpoint-the result of many years of progress and improvement in the corset art.

For those who seek perfect style, fit and long service, at a moderate price, the "Royal Worcester" will meet every requirement. Let us show you the new

Style 56r has medium high bust, very long hips and cutaway front! Very long back extending below ends of boning several inches. Non-rustable boning. Six supporters. White batiste. Sizes 18 to 30. Price \$3.00

A Few Money-Savers from Our Patent Medicine Department

- open entities
Burdock Blood Bitters 75¢
Gude's Peptomangan\$1.00
Pinkham's Compound \$1.00
Six bottles for
Syrup of Hypophosphites, 160z. 75¢
Enos' Fruit Salt
Abbey's Salt—large50¢
Beet, Iron and Wine
Orange Quinine Wine, qt. bottle 45¢
Scott's Emulsion, 90c and45¢
Wampole's Cod Liver Oil90¢
Quinine and Iron Tonic, 60z. bot. 25¢
Parrish's Chemical Food, 6oz. bot-
Williams' Pink Pills 40¢
Blaud's Pills, 100 in bottle 25¢
We sell all the high grade Toilet

Requisites at equally low prices.

Our Showing of Millinery Illustrates the Very Latest Accomplishments from Paris as Well as



Our interpretations of the new Millinery Modes are decidedly distinctive. Nowhere in the West will you find a more comprehensive or charming display. It is a showing depicting the latest achievements in hats suitable for every occasion. In introducing the new ideas of beautiful French Millinery, we are revealing the very latest developments in authoritative styles. Notwithstanding the unvarying fashion perfection of these handsome models, their diversity and richness, the prices are without exception low in the extreme, and we venture to say that wherever your decision may rest, you may be sure—yes, absolutely certain—that you can accomplish more here, taking into consideration style for style, quality for quality, and dollar for dollar.

Fashion's New Models in Costumes for the Miss or Small Lady



That the Spencer establishment is fully prepared to meet every desire, every wish of all misses or young women, can be readily seen by a visit to our Mantle Department, on the second floor. Piquancy is indeed the dominant note in the new fashions. They are indeed modish without being extreme. The Russian influence is a very conspicuous feature in the suits for misses this year, while prices are such as to allow even the most modest purse to par-ticipate, ranging from \$20.00

New Spring Coats Are Ready

The new coats that women will The new coats that women will wear day in and day out, the kind that are suitable to go travelling in, that keep the dust off in the summer time, while you are motoring, are all ready for you to select from. This season the long coat will be most popular. There are dark blue serges and silks, also pongees and colored effects, all most beautifully finished, quite unusual in quality and appearance, while all bend their efforts towards satisfaction.

Children's Sweater Coats

We have just received a splendid line of Children's Sweater Coats, just the thing for these days. They are in colors of cardinal, white and grey, also blue, ranging in price

A New Shipment of Men's Suits That Possess Style, Fit and Long-Wearing Qualities

We have just opened up one of the finest lot of Men's Suits that we have ever had. The best thoughts of the world's leading creators are given expression here, representing the latest New York styles. The materials of these are better, styles more snappy. In fact they are the stay satisfactory kind. Made with extra long roll collar, in a number of different materials and priced from \$15.00 to\$32.50

Ladies' Shoes of All Kinds and at Every Price Shown Here. Satisfaction Guaranteed



When you are selecting your new suit and hat, think how a pair of really stylish shoes would enhance the pleasing ef-

We have an immense stock of "Correct style" shoes on hand, the kind you see on a Paris boulevard, Fifth avenue,

All that is new and good in patent leather, glazed kid, black and tan calf, suede, cravennette, etc. Greater variety now than later. Best be on the safe side-select now.

We mention a few, but would advise an inspection of

Ladies' Cravennette Button Boots, su-Ladies' Patent Colt Button Boots, short vamp, exceedingly popular \$5.50 Ladies' Tan Russia Calf Lace Boot, circular fox, tip perforated\$5.00 Ladies' Tan Russia Calf Blucher Boot, low heel and medium stout sole \$4.50 Ladies' Patent Colt Button Oxford Shoe, Ladies' Patent Colt Button Oxford Shoe, with cloth top, medium shape. \$4.50



Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher Oxford Shoe, short vamp, high heel\$4.50 Ladies' Black Suede Ankle Strap Pumps, Goodyear welt sole\$4.50

Ladies Patent Colt Ankle Strap Pumps, Goodyear welt sole\$4.50 Ladies' Tan Russia Calf Oxford Shoe, short vamp, perforated fox\$4.50 Ladies' Tan Russia Calf Blucher Oxford Shoes, low heel\$4.50 Ladies' Tan Russia Ankle Strap Pump, Ladies' Tan Russia Calf Blucher Oxford



CONCESSIONS TO UNITED STATES

Canadian Ministers and Gove ernment at Washington Have Arrived at Agreemen on Question of Tariff Rates

ON TREATY BASIS

Washington Report Says Arrangement Will Be Forerunner of General Trade Treaty Between the Two Countries

WASHINGTON, March 26. — General WASHINGTON, March 26. — General satisfaction is expressed here at the announcement made today that an agreement practically has been reached between the officials representing the Canadian government and President Taft and Secretary of State Knox, respecting the adjustment of the tarifs of Canada and the United States.

No one in authority is willing to discuss the details, but there is good ground for the belief that material concessions had been granted by Canada, and that the United States will receive in return for its minimum tariff the intermediate

twelve other countries on a consider

This understanding is said to have been reached after a prolonged conference today, participated in by Hon. W. S. Fielding, the Canadian Minister of Finance; Hon. George P. Graham, the Canadian Minister of Railways, President Taft, Secretary of State Knox and Charles N. Pepper, of the bureau of trade relations of the state department. Under the existing treaty between Canada and France, the latter country receives the conventional rate of about ninety articles. As to many of these, to pyer, the United States has little or the conventional trade of these of the conventional rate of about ninety articles.

Although details of the arrangements are refused at this moment, it is understood that the agreement will be concluded as the basis of future negotiations between Canada and the United States for a general treaty between the two countries.

States for a general treaty between the two countries.

Canada has four rates of tariff which differ materially from one another. The rate which the United States probably will receive is rate number three, the treaty rate, and, within the limitations as to the number of articles involved, is the same as that allowed to France under the existing treaty.

Up to this date about one hundred and two nations and their dependecies have been granted an American minimum rate, and this leaves only about twelve countries upon which action is still to be taken. These include Canada.

SLOCAN LOOKS UP

Rumor of Good Strike in Rambler Cariboo Mine Gives Encourage-ment to District.

NELSON, B. C., March 26.—The latest news from the Slocan country indicates an important strike at depth in the Rambler Cariboo, with the result that the company's stock, long held around 8 cents and 10 cents has jumped up to 30 cents, with no sellers. The find, if confirmed, will give all the holders of surrounding properties courage to push on development.

development.

The Consolidated company at Trail inthines to obtain increasing shipents, the total this year to date best very much in advance of any preus year at this time and the prosets of further increase are decided!

B. C. Copper Co. ... 9,559 Total tons 41,501 541,368

SUICIDE'S NOTE

ancouver Man Shoots Himself and Leaves Directions as to Inquest and Funeral.

VANCOUVER, March 26—Leaving chind a note saying that he desired have a coroner's verdict brought after the English "felo de se" style, and that he would prefer to be buried consecrated ground, but without hristian service, F. P. Vaughan, an analineer in the employ of the B. C.