

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1916

VOL. XLV., No. 20

LIME!

We have on hand a quantity of

St. John

LIME

In Barrels and Casks.

PHONE 111

C. LYONS & Co.

April 26, 1916—1f

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire.

ACT NOW: CALL UP

DeBLOIS BROS.,

Charlottetown.

Water Street, Phone 521.

June 30, 1915—3m

Morson & Duffy

Barristers and Attorneys

Brown's Block, Charlottetown

P. E. Island.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$5.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

Homesteader who has exhausted homestead right and cannot obtain pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$5.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a homestead worth \$500.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M.D.
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE
205 KENT STREET
CHARLOTTETOWN.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS Prince Edward Island Railway.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY 8th, 1916.

Trains Outward, Read Down.				Trains Inward, Read Up.			
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
3.45	11.50	7.35	Dep. Charlottetown Ar.	11.40	10.15		10.20
5.00	1.15	8.30	" Hunter River "	10.36	9.20		9.03
5.45	2.06	9.02	" Emerald Jet. "	9.59	8.45	6.15	8.00
6.22	2.49	9.27	" Kensington "	9.27	8.23	5.30	
7.00	3.30	9.50	Ar. Summerside Dep.	9.00	8.00	4.50	
8.10		12.15	Dep. Summerside Ar.	8.45	5.05		
9.57		3.32	" Fox Hill "	7.46	2.31		
10.38		4.40	" O'Leary "	7.08	2.07		
11.15		5.40	" Alberton "	6.19	1.00		
			Ar. Tignish Dep.	5.45	12.00		
	Mon. Wed. Tues. & Sat.	Thurs. & Fri.			Tues. & Sat.		
8.55	8.55	6.30	Dep. Emerald Jet. Ar.		8.35		7.50
9.30	9.50	7.25	Ar. Cape Traverse Dep.		8.00		7.00
P. M.		A. M.			P. M.		
3.00		6.50	Dep. Charlottetown Ar.	9.45	5.50		
4.10		8.40	" Mt. Stewart "	8.35	4.10		
4.36		9.17	" Morell "	8.07	3.24		
4.57		9.47	" St. Peter's "	7.44	2.50		
6.00		11.15	Ar. Souris Dep.	6.40	1.25		
7.10			Ar. Elmira Dep.	5.30			
		A. M.			P. M.		
4.15		8.50	Dep. Mt. Stewart Ar.	8.35	3.50		
5.04		10.00	" Cardigan "	7.40	2.39		
5.25		10.30	" Montague "	7.16	2.10		
6.09		11.10	Ar. Georgetown Dep.	6.40	1.30		
	Sat. ex. Sat. only & Sun.	Daily P. M.			Sat. ex. Sat. only & Sun.		
	3.10	3.10	Dep. Charlottetown Ar.	10.10	9.45		
	4.25	4.55	" Vernon River "	8.27	8.31		
	5.55	7.05	Ar. Murray Harbor Dep.	6.30	7.00		

All trains, unless otherwise marked, run daily, Sunday excepted.

Suffered Awfully

FROM BILIOUS HEADACHES!

When the liver becomes sluggish and inactive the bowels become constipated, the tongue becomes coated, the stomach foal and bilious headaches are the result.

Milburn's Lax-Liver Pills will stimulate the sluggish liver, clean the foal-coated tongue, do away with the stomach gases and banish the disagreeable bilious headaches.

Mrs. J. C. Kidd, Spring, B.C., writes: "I have used Milburn's Lax-Liver Pills for bilious headaches. I suffered awfully until I started to take them. They were the only thing that ever did me any good. I never have any bilious headaches any more."

5 vials for \$1.00, at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

Mr Jones had recently become the father of twins. The minister stopped him in the street to congratulate him.

"Well Jones," he said, "I hear that the Lord has smiled on you."

"Smiled on me?" repeated Jones. "He laughed out loud."

Divine Master. A SENSIBLE MERCHANT

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains, and leave no bad after effects what ever. Be sure you get Milburn's Price 25 and 50 cts.

"One wife too many" exclaimed Mrs. Wederly, as she glanced at the headlines of her husband's paper. "I suppose that is an account of the doings of some bigamist?"

"Not necessarily, my dear," replied her husband without daring to look up.

BEWARE OF WORMS.

Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

"Such a vicious temper! What did the child ever get it from—not from me, I'm sure," grumbled Mrs. Perkins.

"No my dear," replied Mr. Perkins, sadly, "you certainly haven't lost any of yours."—Judge.

There is nothing harsh about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25 cts.

"I must work off some of this weight."

"Reducing, eh?"

"Yep. I don't mind skipping the rope, but I hate skipping dinner."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTEMPER.

His Face Was Covered With Pimples.

Pimples are not a serious trouble, but they are very unsightly. Pimples are caused wholly by bad blood, and to get rid of them it is necessary to purify the blood of all its impurities.

Burdock Blood Bitters has made many remarkable cures; the pimples have all disappeared, and a bright, clean, complexion left behind.

Mr. Lennox D. Cooke, Indian Path, N.S., writes: "I am writing you a few lines to tell you what Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. Last winter my face was covered with pimples. I tried different kinds of medicine, and all seemed to fail. I was one day to a friend's house, and there they advised me to use B. B. B., so I purchased two bottles, and before I had them taken I found I was getting better. I got two more, and when they were finished I was completely cured. I had it is a great blessing, and I recommend it to all."

Burdock Blood Bitters has been on the market for the past forty years, and is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The "Ocean Limited"

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS' POPULAR TRAIN HALIFAX AND MONTREAL, MAY 15th

From its initial run the "Ocean" won popular favour, has retained its friends and is always making more. It will be welcome news to thousands of travellers that the "Ocean" is to be restored to its regular run on its regular schedule May 14th, from Montreal at 7.25 p. m. and daily except Sunday thereafter, arriving at Halifax 10.45 p. m. the following day; May 15th, from Halifax at 8.00 a. m., and daily except Sunday thereafter, arriving Montreal 8.05 a. m. the following day.

The time table is so arranged as to permit day-light views of some of the most picturesque parts of Canada—the Wentworth Valley, La Baie de Chaleur, the Matapedia Valley. And when you travel on the Ocean you travel on one of the best trains in America.

May 17, 1916 2i.

Production And Thrift. Women And Thrift

Upon the women of the land will rest the greatest burden of success in the campaign for thrift that has been inaugurated. As heads of the household they are the chancellors of domestic exchequers. It is for them to bear in mind that expenditure upon articles that are not actually needed is not alone lessening their own resources but also depriving the country of something that might be more profitably applied. The majority of men will agree that so far as the household is concerned their women are pretty thrifty. But stinginess, parsimoniousness, or miserliness is not thrift. The thrifty woman combines with a natural aptitude for economy the wisdom of selection and utilization. She knows what is necessary and what can be done without and she makes the best use of everything. Neither does she do all things herself. When help is at hand she utilizes it with discretion.

The great aid to thrift is thoughtfulness. In fact without that element thrift is utterly out of the question. The thrifty woman, too, not only exercises wisdom herself but sees that her children do the same thing not by indulging them but by delegating to them sundry offices of which they are capable, by making them self-reliant. But the woman cannot do all these things by herself. She must enjoy the support, countenance and influence of her own kind. The greatest enemy to thrift is the promiscuous doling out of the money. It is not to boys and girls a sign of good nature; it is death to the recipient. It poisons their disposition and sows seeds of weeds that can never be eradicated. For that sort of thing women are but little responsible, but where their efforts are in allowing nothing to go to waste, in making use of everything, and in exercising ingenuity in food, dress, household labour and the bringing up of children. An incentive to the accomplishment of these things is a reflection upon the times, upon the needs and experience of their male relatives at the front, and upon the fact that every ounce saved is a contribution to the welfare of the country and perhaps to winning the war.

In aiding man to achieve his eternal end, the wonderful Providence of God has moved Him to consider man's human nature and that nature's needs. If we had been constituted without bodies and were pure spirits, we are the angels, Almighty God would doubtless have established for us a purely spiritual religion. But as we are composed of both body and soul, and depend to such an extent on our senses, it has pleased Him to so provide for us, that the faculties of our bodily nature may be considered, at the same time that our spiritual wants are being cared for. Thus do we explain the introduction into all our religious worship of those outward signs, by the preception of which our souls are the more readily elevated to spiritual things; as witness the splendour and magnificence of our churches and altars, the pomp and solemnity of our ecclesiastical ceremonies, the invented beauties of our music and prayers, all, in themselves, exterior to man's union with God and nevertheless encouraged by Him to foster and accomplish that union. It is in like manner with the intimate infusion of Heavenly Grace into our souls, while God might have decreed to communicate that divine aid to us without the use of outward agencies, He has, nevertheless, been pleased to employ those means which serve both to signify and to confer the graces of each individual Sacrament, which strengthens the soul of the worthy recipient, and enables him to perform those duties and accomplish those ends for which each particular Sacrament was intended.

Greatest Event of Life.

A happy death is the seal of our earthly career, and no event of our life can equal it. If you were to inherit a million, you, untold millions; if you had the fulfilment of all your desires; if you could live to be as old as Methusalem and pass all these years in undisturbed happiness, in the enjoyment of perfect health,

without the least adversity of any kind, you would say that life were worth living. And just what would all this amount to if you should not die a happy death? A happy death is therefore the greatest event of your life, to which you must look forward with intense attention. It is the great prize you must obtain: "So run," says St. Paul, "that you may obtain it." (I Cor. ix, 24.)

Who will guarantee this prize? Who will assure you a seat in the heavenly kingdom, a dwelling in the eternal mansions?

If there were a place in the world where insurance for a happy death and the inheritance of a seat in the kingdom of God were sold, people would hurry there from the extremities of the world and pay fabulous sums to obtain them.

And yet the golden key to heaven is within the reach of everybody, the poor as well as the rich, the ignorant as well as the learned. The golden key is the Crucifix, for the Crucified is the fountain head of salvation.

If, therefore, you dread the coming judgment; if your sins fill you with terror and despair, look up to the Crucified on Calvary. There is your Judge, His arm stretched out to embrace you. Yet He is in your hands. Appeal His anger now, settle your accounts and crave forgiveness of your sins. Love Him who has loved you with exceedingly great love. Make the vision of Calvary your daily practice, the vision of Christ's Calvary and of your own.

Nature of the Sacraments

A Sacrament, as we learned in our tiny Catechism, is an outward sign, instituted by Jesus Christ, to give grace to our souls. In each of the seven Sacraments of our holy religion, then, there must be found these three requirements: First, that some outward, sensible action take place; secondly, that Jesus Christ be its author, and lastly, that as an inevitable result of the action grace be infused into our souls. The "action" connected with each of the Sacraments consists of something that is said—certain words that are spoken, and there lies the Sacrament's "form." It consists, moreover, of something that is done—some act that is performed, and which constitutes the "matter," the material of the Sacraments.

In aiding man to achieve his eternal end, the wonderful Providence of God has moved Him to consider man's human nature and that nature's needs. If we had been constituted without bodies and were pure spirits, we are the angels, Almighty God would doubtless have established for us a purely spiritual religion. But as we are composed of both body and soul, and depend to such an extent on our senses, it has pleased Him to so provide for us, that the faculties of our bodily nature may be considered, at the same time that our spiritual wants are being cared for. Thus do we explain the introduction into all our religious worship of those outward signs, by the preception of which our souls are the more readily elevated to spiritual things; as witness the splendour and magnificence of our churches and altars, the pomp and solemnity of our ecclesiastical ceremonies, the invented beauties of our music and prayers, all, in themselves, exterior to man's union with God and nevertheless encouraged by Him to foster and accomplish that union. It is in like manner with the intimate infusion of Heavenly Grace into our souls, while God might have decreed to communicate that divine aid to us without the use of outward agencies, He has, nevertheless, been pleased to employ those means which serve both to signify and to confer the graces of each individual Sacrament, which strengthens the soul of the worthy recipient, and enables him to perform those duties and accomplish those ends for which each particular Sacrament was intended.

There are two kinds of Sacraments, called those of the living, and those of the dead. These latter are intended, not for the faithful who have passed away from this earthly life, but for those whose souls are dead, as the result of sin. We know that the grace of God, which is the life of the soul, is withdrawn just as soon as we fall into deliberate, grievous sin; in that moment our soul is rendered lifeless. Through the worthy reception of Penance, or Baptism, as the case may be, the soul is raised from the death of sin, and given the life of justifying grace. If a person be already living in the state of grace, and receives properly any of the seven Sacraments, he receives through them an increase of the grace he already possesses, by which his soul is made more pure and holy, more beautiful in the sight of God; these Sacraments are called Sacraments of the living, therefore, since only he can receive them worthy whose soul is already alive in the possession of Divine Grace. There are circumstances, under which one who is in the state of grace may participate in the Sacraments of the dead, as in the frequent case of those who approach the Sacrament of Penance, even though they be conscious of no grievous sin. Here further life is given—a fresh amount of grace that adds to the strength of the soul. In addition, moreover, to justifying grace, there is sacramental grace—that peculiar, actual help, proper to each individual Sacrament, which strengthens the soul of the worthy recipient, and enables him to perform those duties and accomplish those ends for which each particular Sacrament was intended.

Continued from page two)

London, May 12.—The latest peace overtures said to be of German origin, while not as insolent and impossible as previous statements on the same subject, certainly do not yet offer a basis for negotiations, said Lord Robert Cecil, minister of war trade, in discussing with the Associated Press the latest reputed German peace terms. Lord Robert continued: "We have never received either officially or unofficially, any direct peace suggestions from Germany, and the only indirect overtures we are aware of appear in the speeches of Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg and the recent German note to America. We would not think of discussing or even considering any overtures without consulting our allies. No formal or informal conference for this purpose has yet taken place. In diplomatic procedure a neutral is hardly likely to make any suggestion of peace terms unless certain they are acceptable to the recipient. If Germany should decide to approach us through the medium of the United States, the latter would have to use its own judgment as to whether or not to deliver the request." While disclaiming any knowledge of the internal condition of Germany, Lord Robert declared that the increasing reports of peace overtures indicate there is some truth to the stories that the Central Powers are in desperate straits.

London, May 14.—The British official statement of the campaign in the western zone, issued tonight, reads: "After a heavy bombardment last night against our trenches between the river Somme and Maricourt the enemy made three attacks, one of which succeeded in getting into our trenches, but was at once driven out. Some dead Germans were observed on our wire entanglements and one prisoner was taken. We lost one prisoner. On the rest of the front there have been artillery and trench mortar actions at various points, the heaviest firing taking place about Auberterre, Souchez, Garenne, the Hohenzollern cester and the area about St. Eloi. There has been mining activity on the part of the enemy near Maquisait and northwest of Wythchaete."

Paris, May 14.—French positions near Dead Man's Hill on the Verdun front, were bombarded violently last night but there was no infantry attack. A German thrust south of Roye was repulsed, the war office statement of this afternoon says. The announcement follows: "South of Roye, we repulsed an attack on one of our trenches in the wood of Loges. In the region of Verdun there was no event of importance during the night, with the exception of a violent bombardment in the vicinity of Dead Man's Hill. Elsewhere on the front the night passed quietly."

Construction Corps

Montreal, May 11.—Gigantic steam shovels weighing sixty-five tons each, capable of eating up the earth at the rate of 150 to 200 cubic yards an hour, and self-propelling extension track pile drivers are part of the equipment recently purchased by the government for Col. C. W. P. Ramsay of the Canadian Overseas Railway Construction Corps. This plant was selected by Col. Ramsay's colleagues in the engineering department of the Canadian Pacific Railway and is being prepared by that company at the request of the government for shipment abroad. The Canadian Overseas Railway Construction Corps has already built many miles of track at strategic points and is all the while engaged in surveys for further construction. The work has often to be done under fire, and though there have been so many narrow escapes there have been no serious casualties. Out of the non-commissioned officers and sappers that enlisted on the foundation of the corps 18 have already received commissions in the Royal Engineers, a remarkable tribute to their efficiency while Col. Ramsay and Major Harvey have been mentioned in dispatches. The splendid work of these Canadian engineers has been highly appreciated by the allied commanders.

Local and Other Items

The British troops now are holding ninety miles of Western front, from North of Ypres to near the Somme.

At least nine persons were killed and twenty-two injured when a restaurant collapsed because of blasting operations near Akron Ohio.

A great storm has swept over the Zulu Islands, destroying many buildings. Four pearl fishing vessels were sunk and sixteen persons drowned.

All married Englishmen eligible for military service who are living abroad, but ordinarily are residents of Great Britain, must return to England forthwith and report for military duty.

On Monday last the new ice-breaking steamer "J. D. Hazen" was launched at the Canadian Vickers plant at Longue Pointe. A special train conveyed the invited guests from Ottawa for the ceremony.

Food riots have occurred in Manheim, Germany. According to a Geneva correspondent, the Military brought machine guns into play, to quell mobs, 300 persons were killed or wounded on Saturday last.

The British four-masted ship, Calgate, has been sunk in the Atlantic by a German submarine. Despite a terrific gale and high sea, the crew were cast adrift in open boats, and one drifted 45 hours before being picked up.

The Stanley arrived here from Picton about 2.30 o'clock this morning, instead of the usual time in the forenoon. She discharged her freight and left right off for Glace Bay, where she was ordered to relieve a schooner in distress.

The first steamer, clear of the Winter steamer, to enter the port of Charlottetown this spring was the S. S. Caspasia of the Quebec Steamship Line which arrived about 8.30 o'clock last night from Montreal via Summerside. She brought a large cargo of general merchandise and sails at noon today.

A flagman and a negro fireman were killed when the Seaboard Air Line, New York-Florida express was derailed at Manson North Carolina last Wednesday night. No passengers were injured. It was stated the train struck a defective rail, while running fifty miles an hour, the engine and express car overturning.

The Canadian Pacific steamship Missanabie Captain Evans, arrived at Quebec at 11.40 o'clock last Saturday night. She carried 543 passengers, 237 of whom were returned Canadian soldiers in charge of Major Baty, of the 3rd Canadian Mounted Rifles. Officers in the party included Lt. Col. Ings, 105th Highland Regiment of P. E. I.

Four or five wooden warehouses belonging to Sumner & Co., wholesale and retail hardware men, and three wooden buildings of the Reed Co. wholesale grocers, were destroyed by a fire in London, which broke out at 4 o'clock Saturday morning. The loss is placed at 25,000, with about three quarters covered by insurance. It was the worst fire there since the Intercolonial Railway million dollar conflagration of 1906.

With the arrival of the Gulf sealing steamer Ranger at St John's with a catch of 3,500, the season of 1916, and one of the best for many years, was brought to a close. In speaking of this years success the St John's Telegram says that considering the extraordinary weight of the whitecoats and the equally extraordinary high price of \$6 paid for young fat, this year's catch of a quarter of a million will be more valuable than 300,000 of an ordinary year with ordinary prices ruling. We estimate that the fat brought in this spring will be worth to the country over \$800,000, which added to the value of the skins, approximately another \$400,000, will yield a grand total of over one million dollars.

Submarine War Paired.

London, May 11.—What purports to be a summary of the speech of Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg the German imperial chancellor, at the secret sitting of the general committee of the Reichstag on May 5 concerning Germany's reply to America, is published by the wireless press states that the following remarks by the chancellor may be accepted as unquestionably authentic: "I have said before that we must drop all sentimentalities. I repeat that, with regard to our dispute with America our self-respect was wounded by the aggressive wording of the American note to Germany. Our feelings urge us to repel this interference with our legitimate methods of warfare, and tell America to mind her own business, but considerations of policy compel us to subordinate patriotic zeal to patriotic reason. We must be guided, however, not by our feelings but by the coolest judgment. We have one aim and one duty, namely, to win the war; therefore any policy which endangers our victory must be avoided. The overwhelming majority of expert opinion regards a rupture of relations with America as a grave peril. A great mistake has been committed in overestimating the value of the submarine campaign against England. Our naval experts no longer believe in the probability of reducing England to starvation and ruin by submarines, even if the war lasts another two years. It is true that these instruments can inflict a frightful amount of damage, but this damage would be insufficient to outweigh the danger to ourselves of America's hostility. It is folly to underestimate the consequences of a conflict with America, nor should we risk only America's enmity. Our information leads us to believe that other neutrals might follow America's lead. The imperial government has weighed every factor and is convinced of the necessity of avoiding a breach with America. These are the hard facts of the present situation. We have worded a reply such as may reserve future liberty of action. If the situation changes we may cancel our concessions to America and resume unrestricted submarine operations, but for the present we must overcome our feeling and pursue the policy most conducive to final victory over all our enemies."

Irish Party's Manifesto.

London, May 10.—The Irish Parliamentary party has issued a manifesto to the people of Ireland, calling upon them to support the constitutional movement as the only one by which their aspiration for self-government can possibly be realized. "Another tragedy," says the manifesto, "has been added to the long tale of tragedies of Irish history. The capital of Ireland has been the scene of a mad and unsuccessful attempt at revolution. Blood has been shed freely. It is true that Ireland had been bitterly provoked by the growth of a similar revolutionary and illegal movement in another part of Ireland, backed by an army in revolt. It is true that the grave responsibility for these events in Dublin rests upon the leaders of that movement. These things will here be discussed at the proper time. It is true that Ireland has been shocked and horrified by a series of military executions by a military tribunal in Dublin. These things have been done in the face of incessant and vehement protests of the Irish leaders, and these protests will be pressed continually and strongly until the unchecked control of military authorities in Ireland is abolished. But it is also true that, in spite of bitter provocations, the people of Ireland have had no hesitation in condemning the rising in Dublin as a dangerous blow at the heart and hopes of Ireland. On the morrow of this tragedy we feel called upon to make a solemn appeal to the people of Ireland to draw the conclusions which these events force upon them. We must leave no misunderstanding in their minds as to our convictions and our resolves. Either Ireland is to be given over to unsuccessful revolution and anarchy, or the constitutional movement is to have the full support of the Irish people and go on until it has completed its work."

DIED.

McDONALD—Suddenly at Montague on the 11th inst. Norman J. McDonald, aged 70 years. For many years he had conducted the well-known Montague Mills, and though his instrumentality the electrical lighting plant was introduced. His wife, a sister of the late Judge McLeod, one daughter and two sons survive him. The sons are Mr. Maynard, proprietor of the McDonald Hotel, Montague, and Mr. James checker on the Car Ferry steamer. Deceased was wounded by the aggressive wording of the American note to Germany.

McMILLAN—In this city Saturday morning, 13th inst after a lingering illness Mr. Hillary McMillan, aged 78. The deceased had been conducting a tailoring business on Dorchester Street, until his health began to fail. He was highly respected by all who knew him. He leaves a widow, also one son in New York, and two sons in Western Canada. The funeral took place Monday morning at 8.30 from his late residence, Dorchester Street, to St. Dunstan's Cathedral thence by boat to South Shore where interment took place. Deceased was a native of St. Peter's but had lived in this city for many years. He was a last survivor of a family of four brothers and two sisters. May his soul rest in peace.

LESLIE—At his home at Morell, on Monday, May 8th, 1916. Howard Malcolm, aged 7 years, youngest son of Capt. George and Mrs. Leslie. Capt. Leslie was pursuer on the Stanley during the past winter.

GALLANT—At Charlottetown, Monday May 15th 1916, Mrs. Emily Gallant aged 71 years. R. I. P.

GARRETT—In Souris on May 8th Annie, beloved daughter of John T. and Mrs. Garrot, aged 17 years.

McMILLAN—At Covehead, May 10th, Charles McMillan, in the 90th year of his age.

FINNIGAN—At Roxberry Mass. May 6th Winifred, wife of Francis Finnigan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William McIntyre, formerly of this City.

THOMAS—At St. Avaris, May the 14th Hannah Thomas, widow of the late John Tomas, aged 77 years.

JOHNSON—At Peters Road, on May 9th of Mrs. Samuel Johnson, aged 67.

SHAW—At Strathorn Grange, Brudnell, May 3th 1916, of pneumonia David Kaye Shaw, aged 67 years.

HAGAN—At Westmoreland, Tuesday morning May 9th Mrs. Patrick Hagan, aged 56 years. R. I. P.

McKINNON—At his home at Goose River, on Thursday May the 4th, 1916, of pneumonia, Michael MacKinnon, aged 79 years. May his soul rest in peace.

Mortgage Sale

There will be sold, in front of the Court House, Souris, in King's County on Saturday the seventeenth day of June A. D. 1916 at the hour of twelve o'clock noon, ALL THAT tract, piece or parcel of land situate lying and being at St. Peter's Bay Lot or Township Number Forty-one in King's County aforesaid bounded and described as follows that is to say—Bounded on the West by the land of James D. McLeod as far as the Fortune Road and after crossing said Road bounded on the North by the rear line of farms fronting on the New Action Road, on the East by land of James Larkins to the Fortune Road and after crossing said Road bounded on the South by the St. Peter's River containing ninety-seven and one-half acres of land a little more or less being made up of four pieces of land formerly owned by Ronald McMillan, Michael McMillan, Sr., James Miller and Michael McMillan, Jr. The above sale is made under and by virtue of and pursuant to a power of sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the twelfth day of February A. D. 1906 and made between Alexander McMillan of St. Peter's Bay Lot or Township Number 41 in King's County in Prince Edward Island, Farmer and Grace McMillan his wife of the one part and the undersigned of the other part, and because of default having been made in the payment of the principal and interest secured thereby. For further particulars apply to A. F. McLeod, Esq., Solicitor, Souris, P. E. I. Date this fifteenth day of May, A. D. 1916. DANIEL McRACHERN, Mortgagee. May 17, 1916 41.

The Market Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes Butter (0.37 to 0.38), Eggs (0.20 to 0.22), Fowls (0.50 to 0.80), Chickens (0.85 to 1.00), Flour (0.00 to 0.00), Beef (0.10 to 0.14), Beef (quarter) (0.08 to 0.00), Mutton (0.08 to 0.09), Pork (0.13 to 0.13), Potatoes (0.85 to 0.90), Hay (0.75 to 0.80), Black Oats (0.52 to 0.53), Hides (0.00 to 0.15), Calf Skins (0.14 to 0.00), Sheep Pelts (0.75 to 0.80), Oatmeal (0.00 to 0.15), Turkeys (0.12 to 0.00), Pressed Hay (14.00 to 17.00), Straw (0.30 to 0.35), Ducks (1.55 to 1.60), Lamb Pelts (0.75 to 0.80).

RECRUITS WANTED

For the Fourth Divisional Train of the Army Service Corps.

A few men having a knowledge of horses and driving, also a few horseshoers, carriage and harness makers required. A good chance to get to France by the middle of June. Apply to nearest recruiting officer, or Lieut. Col. E. C. Dean, South Barracks, Halifax, N. S. May 17, 1916-2i



Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 23d June, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years six times per week. Over Rural Mail route No 1 from Vernon Bridge, P. E. Island from the 1st October next. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Vernon Bridge and at the office of the Post Office Inspector. JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector. Ch'own, P. E. I. May 12th, 1916 May 12th, 1916-3i.



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McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors.

MONEY TO LOAN

Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.

NOTICE.

All persons having Accounts, Notes of hand, etc., unpaid at close of past year, are requested to settle same or make satisfactory arrangement without further notice.

Dr. D. E. MORRIS, Dundas, May 3, 1916-4i

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law. Charlottetown, P. E. Island

LET US MAKE Your New Suit. When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered. You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price. This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trimmings of every kind allowed to go into a suit. We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and all our clothes have that smooth, stylish, well tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers. If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you. MacLellan Bros. TAILORS AND FURNISHERS 153 Queen Street.

1916 For the New Year We have quite a lot of NEW GOODS. We include plain and fancy Rings, Wrist Watches—some with luminating dials. Ladies' Watches in handsome designs. Young Men's Watches in the popular sizes. Watches for the MEN and boys; also some very fine and close timekeeping ones among them. Solid Gold and Rollplate Pendants, Necklets, Bracelets, Fobs, Cuff Links, Studs, Brooches, fancy and useful Clocks. The latest and best in Eyeglasses, Silverware, etc. etc. E. W. TAYLOR 142 Richmond Street.

ISLAND SOLDIERS At the Front Are Asking For Hickey's Black Twist CHEWING TOBACCO BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST Hickey & Nicholson Tobacco Co., Ltd. PHONE 345

LIME! We have on hand a quantity of St. John LIME In Barrels and Casks. PHONE 111 C. LYONS & Co. April 26, 1916-tf

Fire Insurance Possibly from an oversight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire. ACT NOW: CALL UP DeBLOIS BROS., Charlottetown. Water Street, Phone 521. June 30, 1915-3m

Morson & Duffy Barristers and Attorneys Brown's Block, Charlottetown P. E. Island. MONEY TO LOAN. Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations. Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency or the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M. D. PHYSICIAN & SURGEON OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 205 KENT STREET CHARLOTTETOWN. Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Newson's Block, Charlottetown Barristers, Solicitors, etc. McDonald Bros. Building Georgetown July 26th 1912-tf

Count Your Blessings.

Have you sorrows? You must bear them Without murmur, without moan; Think not you may shrink or share them— Keep them for your self alone But if you have joys—Oh, sow them Broadcast to the winds go throw them. Seedlike through the world go sow them, And be glad when they are sown! Have you trials you must bear them Without grumble, without groan; Then be sure to place them On no shoulders but your own. But if you have aught that's cheerful, Give it forth to calm the fearful. Sing it, ring it, make it known. Thus it is the noble-hearted Live until their life is flown, Thus they lift, and thus they lighten, A bugle blast is blown; Thus it is they help and heighten, Thus they live and thus they lighten, Souls less steadfast than their own. —DENNIS A. McCARTHY.

Painters from Heaven.

BY GEORGE A. SHIPMAN in "The Ave Maria." I know the angels paint the trees Each leaf a different hue,— Tint colors are too bright and fair For any man to do. S) when the sun has gone to bed And covered up his light, Tint painters of the heaven come And labor all the night.

A Few Rules.

Don't contradict people, even if you are sure you are right. Don't underrate anything because you yourself do not possess it. Don't repeat gossip. Learn to hide your aches and pains under a pleasant smile. Do not try to be anything but a man, and that means one who has consideration for the whole world and whose life is governed by the Golden Rule. "Do unto others as you would be done by others."

The Lords of Life.

The Lords of Life, the Lords of Life, I saw them pass In their own guise, Like and unlike Portly and grin, Use and Surprise, Succession swift and spectral Wrong, Temperament without a tongue, And the inventor of the game, Omnipresent without a name. Some to see some to be guessed, They marched from East to West Little man, least of all, Among the legs of his guardians tall, Walked about with puzzled look: Him by the hand kind Nature took; Dearest Nature, strong and mild Whispered, "Darling, never mind! Tomorrow they will wear another face!" The Founder thou! these are thy race. —EMMERSON.

That Easter Bonnet.

FATHER GILES, O. F. M., in The Franciscan Herald. (Concluded) "Thank you, Mrs. West. I think you will find the Gioberti very deserving of your charity and, if I am not altogether mistaken in my estimation of character," Father Roch went on rising and taking his hat to go, "you will arrive at a satisfactory solution of your Easter bonnet difficulty before evening." "What do you mean, Father?" Roch seemed not to hear her question, and turning to Mr. West he began to discuss some Tertiary activity in the juvenile court in which he and Mrs. West were much interested.

An Ancient Foe

To health and happiness is heretic— as ugly as ever since time immemorial. It causes bunches in the neck, disfigures the skin, inflames the mucous membrane, wastes the muscles, weakens the bones, reduces the power of resistance to disease and the capacity for recovery, and develops into consumption. "Two of my children had scrofula sores which kept growing deeper and kept them from going to school for three months.ointments and medicines did no good until began giving them Wood's Sarsaparilla. His medicine caused the sores to heal, and the children have shown no signs of scrofula since." J. W. McGraw, Woodstock, Ont.

Food's Sarsaparilla

will rid you of it, radically and permanently, as it has rid thousands. mentation on Twelfth Street had surprised Father Roch, accustomed though he was to visit the dwellings of the poor, it quite startled Mrs. West. Nevertheless, she spoke and acted with such undisguised Christian charity, so that she at once gained the love and confidence of the simple-hearted people, who were dumfounded that so grand a "Signora" should come and minister to them. Mrs. West found the larder entirely bare of food, and repaired to one of the neighboring stores to buy groceries and other necessities, directing them to be delivered at once. Returning to the tenement she washed and combed the smaller children and then set about preparing a meal. The half-starved children thought they had never in their life before tasted so good a dinner, and the sick mother, too, was visibly refreshed by the cup of bouillon Mrs. West made her. Indeed they were all quite beside themselves with joy, and winsome little Lucia naively asked her mother in a whisper, "Mamma, is 'la buona Signora' the fairy queen you told us about the other day?" The children assisted the "fairy queen" as well as they could to wash the dishes and to put them away in the cupboard. Then they also helped her to tidy the four small rooms, chatting all the while as if they had known each other for years. It was not surprising, therefore, that when Mrs. West after doing all she could, bade them good-by, twelve big black eyes were glittering with tears, six little throats chokingly lisped, "Gooda-bye, Missus, gooda-bye."

Leaving the tenement, Mrs. West started for the hospital. On her way thither she passed Meredith's millinery store, and paused to see whether the hat that had caught her fancy the day before was still for sale. Yes there it was—a dreamy creation of ribbons and plumes—and she remarked how well it would match her new spring coat, and seemed to hear already the flattering comments of her friends, when suddenly, another scene presented itself to her mind; it was the scene she had just left in the wretched old tenement, and she recalled at the same time Father Roch's parting words: "If I am not altogether mistaken as to your character, you will arrive at a satisfactory solution of your Easter bonnet difficulty before evening."

In an instant she grasped the meaning of the words that had been puzzling her more or less all morning. Grace and vanity struggled stubbornly for a few minutes in her soul, but Grace came out victorious. Turning quickly from the gorgeous mass of silk and ribbons and plumes in the show window, Mrs. West hastened to the hospital, where she made the necessary arrangements with Dr. Woodbury and Miss Bernard, and then she turned her steps homeward. She had hardly entered her home, when a delivery boy from a dry good store brought her some purchases she had made on her way back; a goodly assortment of gingham and pretty calicoes several dozen handkerchiefs, some towelling, a number of suits of underwear, several little children's hats and caps, and various other articles of clothing. Placing the goods on the table she drew forth her pocket book which had contained almost a month's allowance of pin money besides the ten dollars she had received that morning for her Easter bonnet—but it was empty! Looking from the empty purse

to the heap of articles lying on the table, she smiled and said half-aloud to herself: "Thank you, Father Roch! I've solved my difficulty."

A glorious sunrise in the cloudless sky ushered in the happy feast of Easter, and from a hundred steeples the church bells rang out their glad alleluias inviting the faithful to come and chant the praises of the risen Saviour. Mrs. West hastened to answer their call. Her heart beat light, for the season of Lent had been indeed a time of penance and of grace for her. The resolution formed in a moment before the s'low window at Meredith's and carried out in the first heat of fervour, had nevertheless given her more occasions than one of withstanding the assaults of vanity and human respect. But with the assistance of prayer and of various little acts of self-denial she had succeeded in overcoming them all.

As she entered the church, she noticed in one of the rear benches Mr and Mrs Gioberti with their six children, all clothed from head to foot with the garments she had procured for them at the cost of her new Easter bonnet. They recognized her as she passed on to her pew, and the happy smile on their now healthy olive-colored faces expressed better than words the gratitude of their hearts towards "la buona Signora," and Mrs. West felt supremely happy for having sacrificed vanity on the altar of Christian charity. "Gertie, I must compliment you on your new Easter bonnet," commented Mrs. Woodbury as she accompanied her friend, Mrs. West, home after the services. "You are always so happy in your choice of hats, and this one becomes you admirably." "Thank you, Mildred," replied Mrs. West. "I think the hat rather pretty myself." But being human and a woman, she did not add that it had been made over from her last year's hat at a cost of considerably less than twenty-five dollars.

The First English Poet.

Can you picture to yourself England, not just as we know it now, but England just beginning to emerge from the dark days before civilization and Christian teaching of the monks had fairly controlled her? An England fighting with wild Saxons, Danes and savage northern tribes, but still an England where St. Augustine had come with his monks, where Christianity was softening the rough natures, and teaching something higher than an "eye for an eye," in pity for the weak and forgiveness of trespasses. An England where stately abbeys were beginning to rise, harbors of learning and refuges for the oppressed, an England in short midway between the England of the Normans and the England of the Druid and the Celt. St. Hilda had founded the Abbey of Whitby, and about the year 680 lived there the poet Caedmon, the first true English poet. His story is very beautiful, and the Venerable Bede, speaking of him, tells us that he did not learn the art of music from man but from God, having lived in a secular habit till he was well advanced in years, being employed as one of the servants of the monastery, and that when, as was the custom, the harp was handed in turn to each person at the table, when it came Caedmon's turn he rose and left the room, for he could not sing. Once when this had happened he went to the stable to take care of the horses, which was his duty, and having performed it, he lay down and went to sleep. An angel came to him as he slept and said to him: "Caedmon, sing me a song," and the poor, humble monk replied: "I cannot sing, and therefore left the entertainment." And the angel said: "Nevertheless thou shalt sing!" And he asked: "What shall I sing?" Said the angel: "The beginning of created things." And immediately Caedmon began to sing praises of God, and of all things, and when he awoke he remembered what he had sung, and his vision. The next day he was brought to St. Hilda, the abbess, who received him into her community, and had him instructed in Holy Scriptures, which as he studied he converted into verse. He passed his life happily and peacefully and died full of days, his last words being uttered as he signed himself with the sign of the cross.

HONESTLY BELIEVED

HE WAS GOING INTO CONSUMPTION. DR. WOOD'S Norway Pine Syrup CURED HIM.

Mr. Frank E. Anthony, 69 Ellen Street, Winnipeg, Man., writes: "Having taken several bottles of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, during the past few weeks, to relieve a chronic cough and general throat trouble, allow me to express my unbounded satisfaction and thanks as to its sterling qualities. A short time ago I became suddenly subject to violent coughing fits at night, and directly after rising in the morning, for about an hour, and found I was gradually losing weight. All my friends cheerfully informed me that I looked as though I were going into consumption, and I honestly believed such was the case. However, after having taken several bottles of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, I am pleased to relate that the cough has entirely disappeared, along with all the nasty symptoms, and I have since regained the lost weight. I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup as a sure cure for all those troubled in a like manner."

What you ask for "Dr. Wood's" see that you get what you ask for. It is put up in a yellow wrapper, three pine trees the trade mark; the price, 25c and 50c. Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

I cured a horse of the Mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT. CHRISTOPHER SAUNDERS, Dalhousie.

I cured a horse, badly torn by a pitch fork, with MINARD'S LINIMENT. ST. PETER'S, C. B. EDW. LINLIEF

I cured a horse of a bad swelling by MINARD'S LINIMENT. THOS. W. PAYNE, Bathurst, N. B.

In a recent examination paper for a boy clerk's post was this question, "If the Premier and all the members of the Cabinet should die, who would officiate?" Robert, a boy of fourteen, thought for a time, trying in vain to recall who came next in succession. At last a happy inspiration came to him, and he answered:—"The undertaker."

W. H. O. Wilkinson, Stratford says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price 50c a box.

She—The man from the gas company called to see the broken pipe today. He—What did he say about the gas that was going to waste? She—He said it wasn't really going to waste—we would find it all in the bill.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES COLDS, ETC. Butcher—Will you have a round steak, ma'am? Mrs. Youngbride—I don't care what shape it is, so it's tender.

Mary Ovington, Jasper Ont writes—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days. Price 25 cents."

Captain—What's he charged with, Casey? Officer—I don't know the regular name for it, captain; but I caught him a-flirting in the park.

Captain—Oh, that's impersonating an officer. MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF.

He that can have patience can have what he will.—Franklin. Was Not Much of a Believer in Patent Medicines. But Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills Are All Right.

Mrs. Wm. McElwain, Temperance Vale, N. B., writes: "I am not much of a believer in medicines, but I must say Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are all right. Some years ago I was troubled with smothering spells. In the night I would wake up with my breath all gone and think I never would get it back. I was telling a friend of my trouble, and he advised me to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. He gave me a box, and I had only taken a few of them when I could sleep all night without any trouble. I did not finish the box until some years after when I felt my trouble coming back, so I took the rest of them and they cured me."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have been on the market for the past twenty-five years. The testimony of the users should be enough to convince you that what we claim for them is true. H. and N. Pills are 50c per box, 3 boxes for \$1.25. at all druggists or dealers, mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

1916 For the New Year

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We include plain and fancy Rings, Wrist Watches—some with luminating dials. Ladies' Watches in handsome designs. Young Men's Watches in the popular sizes. Watches for the MEN and boys; also some very fine and close timekeeping ones among them. Solid Gold and Rollplate Pendants, Necklets, Bracelets, Fobs, Cuff Links, Studs, Brooches, fancy and useful Clocks. The latest and best in Eyeglasses, Silverware, etc. etc.

E. W. TAYLOR 142 Richmond Street.

ISLAND SOLDIERS

At the Front Are Asking For Hickey's Black Twist CHEWING TOBACCO BECAUSE IT IS THE BEST Hickey & Nicholson Tobacco Co., Ltd. PHONE 345

LET US MAKE Your New Suit

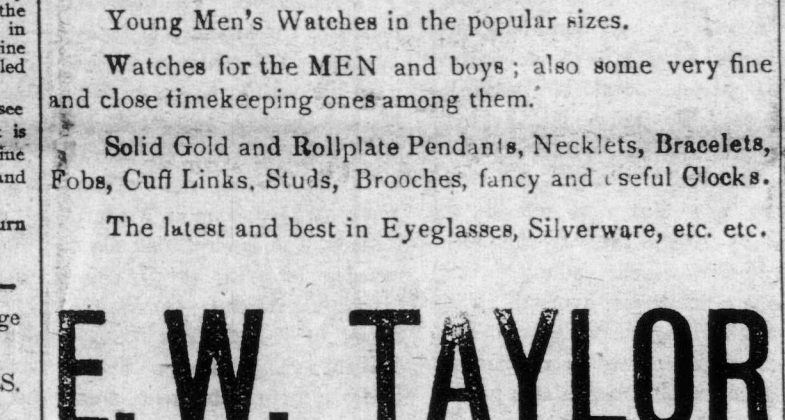
When it comes to the question of buying clothes, there are several things to be considered. You want good material, you want perfect fitting qualities, and you want your clothes to be made fashionable and stylish, and then you want to get them at a reasonable price. This store is noted for the excellent quality of the goods carried in stock, and nothing but the very best in trimmings of every kind allowed to go into a suit. We guarantee to fit you perfectly, and all our clothes have that smooth, stylish, well tailored appearance, which is approved by all good dressers. If you have had trouble getting clothes to suit you, give us a trial. We will please you. MacLellan Bros. TAILORS AND FURNISHERS 163 Queen Street.

Grand Showing OF SPRING FOOTWEAR

LADIES Our Stock of Ladies' Shoes cannot be beaten. We have you Shoes here at the price you want to pay. Button & Lace Styles. \$2.50 to \$5.50



MEN This season finds us better prepared than ever before to supply you with the latest and best footwear. \$2.50 to \$6.00



ALLEY & CO. Agents Queen Quality, Invictus & Amherst for Shoes & Kant Krack Rubbers

MUST-SELL-SALE!

AT L. J. REDDIN'S. Ladies' Cloth Coats About 40 in all to be cleared at 25 to 33 1-3 per cent. discount. Furs Also Separate Muffs in above Furs. Men's Coon Coats, \$60 for \$50. " " " \$85 " \$70. Overalls. A special line of Overalls at 90c. and \$1.00. Dress Goods. All lines of Dress Goods selling at cut rates. L. J. REDDIN 117 Queen Street. The Store that always has Snaps to offer.

The Live Stock Breeders' Association

STALLION ENROLLMENT Every Stallion standing for service in Prince Edward Island, must be enrolled at the Department of Agriculture, and all Certificates of Enrollment must be renewed annually. Every bill, poster and newspaper advertisement advertising a stallion must show his enrollment number and state whether he is a pure bred, a grade or a cross bred. For further particulars apply to the DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

NEW SERIES

LIME

We have on hand quantity of St. John LIME In Barrels and Casks. PHONE 111 C. LYONS & CO. April 26, 1916—1f

Fire Insurance

Possibly from an oversight or want of thought you have put off insuring, or placing additional insurance to adequately protect yourself against loss by fire. ACT NOW. CALL UP DeLOIS BROS., Charlottetown Water Street, Phone 521. June 30, 1915—3m

Morson & Duff

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W. J. P. McMillan, M.D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON OFFICE AND RESIDENCE 205 KENT STREET CHARLOTTETOWN.