TYPES.

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W. R. WATSON.

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T. HASZARD,

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HAZZETTS MAZETTE DECEMBER 2

PARALLES JOURNAL, AND COMMERCIAL ADVERTISIES.

Established 1823.

Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, Saturday, December 2, 1854.

New Series. No. 193.

Haszard's Gazette. GEORGE T. HASZARD, Fropristor and Publish Published every Tuesday evening and Saturday mornic Office, South side Queen Square, P. E. Island. TEGES—Annual Subscription, 15s. Discount for Ca

PRES OF ADVERTISING. Rot the first insertion, occupying the space of 4 lines, including head, 25.—6 lines, 2s. 6d.—9 lines, 3s.—12 lines, 2s. 6d.—86 lines, 3s.—12 lines, 2s. 6d.—86 lines, 3s.—12 lines, 5s.—50 lines, 5s.—6d.—86 lines, 5s.—50 lines, 5s.—6d.—86 lines, 5s.—6d.—86 lines, 6s.—and 2sl. for each additional line. One fourth of the above for each continuance. Advertisements sent without limitation, will be continued until forbid.

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TRAKE Principal of this Institution is prepared a to receive Pupils either as Bearders or Day Scholare, on terms recently established by the Gaverages of King's College, Windsor, as fel-

lows:

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Payments in both cases, to be nade quarterly, and in advance. Parents intending to send their comes at any time during the coming winter, are requested to nake early application. Further particulars may be known by reference, at Halifax, to the Reversed James C. Cochian, Secretary to the Board of Governors of King's College, or at Windsor, to at Windsor, to

D. W. PICKETT, Principal.

N. B.—Two annual exhibitions of £10 and £5 have been founded by the Alumni of King's College, and will be open for competition at the Enemaia, A. D. 1855.

BARLEY! WANTED a quantity of good clean four-rowed Barley, for which the highest price in CASH will be paid. GEO. BEER, Jun. October 4th, 1854.

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THE PSALMIST,
JUST RECEIVED, at GROUNT. HASSARD'S
J Bookstore, in various bindings. The above is the
Edition of Wate's Hymns used in the Saptist Chapel
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Timothy and Flax Seed. THE highest price will be paid for TIMOTHY and FLAX SEED, during the present year, at George T Hazzard's Book Store.

FOR the CURE of LIVER Complaints, Janudice Dyspersin, Rheumatien, Italigestien, Gout, Dysentry, Diarrhus, Disorders of the Kitheya and Bladder, Erysipelas, and all Diseases of the Skin. Erugitoes, Pains in the Head, Brant, Side, Back and Limbs, Palpitation of the Heart, Founde Complaints, and ill Diseases crising from an imperentate of the blood.

These invaluable Pills have been used with unparalled excess the private practice for more than thirty years, and seeme we direct to the public, with the fallest contriction that they will prove thomselves a public bisself.

They possess the power of attaulating the depurative seases the power of attaulating the depura-

the miles converses the power of stimulating the depurative against the power of stimulating the depurative against the heavy to a healthy action, then assisting nature to subvest disease size he own manner. Prepared only by D. TAYLOR, Ja. & Co., Mo. 25, Hanover sired, Boston.
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SEVERAL SCHOONERS to carry COAL from
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Freights will be given. Apply to
G. W. DEBLOIS, Charlottetown or
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August 4th, 1854.

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Incorporated by Act of Parliament in 1848.

THIS COMPANY offers the best guarantee in case of less, and accepts Risks at a caving of fully 50 per cent, to the assured.

The present reliable Capital exceds £1700. For cons having property in Charlottejown, or vicinity, should less no time in applying to the Secretary of this Company for Policies or Information.

To One of Philips' Fire Annihilators has been purchased by the Company, for the benefit of persons insured in this Office. In case of Fire, the use of it can be obtained immediately, by applying at this Secretary's Office.

w. HEARD, President HENRY PALMER. Sec'y and Tremsurer retary's Office, Kent Street, August 5th, 1853.

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LIPE AND FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY, LONDON.

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Octached Risks taken at low Premiums. No charge for Policies Forms of Application, and any other information, may be obtained from the Suscriber, at the Office of G. W. Deblois Esq. Charlotte-town. H. J. CUNDALL. Agent for P. E. I.

April 7th, 1854.

Dixon's Pulling, Dyeing and DRESSING ESTABLISHMENT,

ST. PETER'S BAY.

THESE MILLS are own in full operation, and finish the Cleth in a superior mauner. Specimens of the work can be seen of the following

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Charlottetown.—Geo. T. HAEZARD'S Book Store.
Georgetown.—Hon. Joseph Wightham.
Mount Stewart.—Mr. Kenner Copfin.
Pinette Mills.—Mr. ALEX. DIXON.
Verson River.—Mr. James Hayden, Alexander's

son.

IIP Two Prizes were awarded to pieces of cloth full dressed at the above Establishment.

Mr. Jacob Lippincott, of the firm of Lippincott & Co., Nova Scotia, is the Superintendent of the

JOHN DIXON. Notice to Travellers.

The become an established fact that accidents will happen notwithstanding the care and attention which may be paid to the safety and convenience of travellers. Explosions will take place, bridges will be left open, and care ran off the track as usual. It is well enough for the public and legislators to caution companies to "boware," and "take head," yet these casualties will occur, which result in severe contusions, broken limbs, burns, brusses, &c.

The Mexican Mustang Limiment,
Upon such occasions, is invaluable! The woodderful effects of its seething and thealing properties
have induced many, who have tried it, to always
officers were the soul of Russian as

nave induces many, was an early and an early carry a bottle of it with them when they are travelling.

Proquent tests have proven it to be efficacious in caring Rheumatism, Piles, Scrofulous discusses, Cancere, Ulcers, Old Scree, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earlache, &c. Also Spavin, Ring-bone, Scratches, Cracked Hoels, Chafee, Galla, &c., on Horses and other arinnels. It is external in its application, and we guallant with the care of Paina a wanter, in every case for which we recommend it.

Many Physicians use it because they can depend apon it—so can their patients.

Furmers and Livery stoble Keepers.

Say they Will have it, and will not be estisfied without it, after giving it a fair trial. Therefore we may to travellers upon highways and by-ways use the Mustang Liniussa! It has become so theroughly introduced throughout the United States, British Possessions, and West Indies, that it is almost impossible to step off the care at any Station without beholding the gay businer of the "Mustangs."

The prices are as follows:—35 cents, 50 cents, and \$1 per bottle; the 50 cent being three times as large as the 25 cent size, and the \$1 size nearly three times as large as the 25 cent size, and the \$1 size nearly three times as large as the 50 cent size, so that the large bottles are chappent.

D. TATIOR, jus. & Co., 25 Hanever street, Boston, Ganard Agents.

Agent for P. E. Island, M. W. SELERER, and add by dealers remeable.

THOMAS MANN, TAILOR, (Litte of Upper Queen Street,) bego to inform his municipus friends that he has just REMOVED his Success to the House lately nonepied by Man, Wrom, in Rose, NAS, STREET, aut. dop to Mt., Dadd. Rick. afer, and the besievers swamped

RUSSIA AND THE CZAR.

RUSSIA AND THE CAR.

RUSSIAN society—that is to say, aristocratic society on the surface resembles the society of other European countries, but on the whole it differs from it. It has two centres—St. Petersburg and Moscow. In St. Petersburg it is the court, or rather Nicholas himself, who fashions society according to his desires. If bears entirely the official stamp; preponderance is given to the officers, and to the high officials of the state. Dance, feasts, music, and ballet occupy the attention; politics and science are excluded from fashionable life. Times have changed since the epoch of Catharine, who cluded from fashionable life. Times have changed since the epoch of Catharine, who liked to be praised by Voltaire and the French Encyclopedists as a protectress of literature; they differ also from the epoch of Alexander, who delighted in the mystical dreams and sentimental philanthropy of Madame Krudener. Both sovereigns allowed to science some liberty; and Dershavin the poet, and Karamsin the historian, could, with the full approbation of the court, publish such compositions as now might be visited by banishment to the Caucasus. It is true, towards the end of their casus. It is true, towards the end of their reign, both Catharine and Alexander becasus. It is true, towards the end of their reign, both Catharine and Alexander became more cautious, and drew the fetters of censorship tighter; yet their reign, as compared with that of Nicholas, was a reign of liberty. In the eyes of the present czar, science and literature are too dangerous tools for despotism—a two-edged sword, which he does not like to wield, though he often becomes furious that the attacks on Russia cannot be met by the official Russian authors in a readable shape. Jealous of his power, he hates and fears any of his subjects whose name becomes known without the previous permission of his government. The fame of his generals throws an additional splendour on the czar, who has selected them for the command of his armies. He can unmake them, by putting them into some obscure corner of his empire. But an author may become popular without the emperor's leave; and though he sends him to Siberia, as he did with Betusheff, or to the Caucasus, as happened to Lermontoff, their thoughts cannot be banished, their exile does but enhance the excitement of the public, and the desire to read their productions. The czar, with all his unlimited power, cannot create talents, nor can he destroy their results. Still, Nicholas attempts to put down the spirit of independent Russian authors, by withholding from literature the imperial approbation; it is not fashionable in St. Petersburg to become an author. Nicholas is surrounded by mediocrity; by generals whose greatest come an author. Nicholas is surrounded by mediocrity; by generals whose greatest ambition is to be severe disciplinarians; by pliant German functionaries from the Balpliant German functionaries from the Bar-tic provinces; by servile conservative Rus-sians, enemies of all progress; himself cold; obstinate, distrustful, without compassion, without elevation of soul, as medicare as

without elevation of soul, as measore as the persons around him.

In the time of Alexander, during the war with France, when so many Germans and French entered the Russian service, from hatred of Napoleon, and in the hope of finding in Russia the lever for raising European liberty and independence from French oppression, the army was sursurrounded by a halo of universal respect, as the refuge of European liberty. The ficers were the soul of Russian aristocratic society; they represented not only the gallantry, but likewise all that was liberal in the empire. But from the time of the accession of Nicholas to the throne, of the accession of Nicholas to the throne, and of the military conspiracy of 1826, the army has been purged of all the elements of independence. The czar gives a marked preference to the officers over the civilians; but he has introduced a coarse tone into the army—drilling seemed to be its only aim. Under Alexander, the troops were machines; but the officers felt themselves patriots, and were proud to be the most enlightened and progressive part of society. Now, they have become lifeless muchines, servile ministers of the czar, without any sentiment of their own dignity. During a Now, they have become mores, machines, servile ministers of the czar, without any sentiment of their own dignity. During a reign of twenty-seven years, the jealousy of Nicholas has, in St. Peteraburg, killed every feeling of independence: his government officials are his clerks, his officers of

three times as large as the 30 cest size, so that the large bottles are cheapent.

D. TAYLOR, jun. & Co., 25 Hanover street. Boston, General Agents.

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CHAMPAGNE.

CHAMPAGNE.

THIRTY CASES of prime CHAMPAGNE, just received at "Peoping Tom," from Liverpool.

Also, a quantity of OAEUM.

For and Coal Tay, Kegs of White and coloured paints, Roy and Boiled Linesed Oil.

For sale by

CHARLES STEWART.

June 7, 1854. If

THOMAS MANN, TAILOR, (Late of Upper Queen Street,) begs to inform his minimore friends that he has just REMOYED his Business to the House lately compiled by Mass. Woon, in Proceedings of the court and to public service, the House lately compiled by Mass. Woon, in Proceedings of the court and to public service, the House lately compiled by Mass. Woon, in Proceedings of the court and to public service, the court and the court and to public service, the court and th

devoured by servile ambition, expecting all from government only, and living upon it. Not to demand anything, to remain independent, and avoid public office, is in despotic countries a sign of opposition; and the czar is angry with those idlers who spend their winter in Moscow, and remain for the remainder of the year on their estates, reading aff that is published in Western Europe. To possess a library, belongs now to the necessities of the Russian country gentleman; and to have a secret cabinet filled with prohibited books, is the pitch of fashion.

man; and to have a secret cabinet filled with prohibited books, is the pitch of fashion.

Thus St. Petersburg and Moscow are the two opposite poles of Russian society, representing the Court and the Opposition; yet in such a despotic country as Russia, the personal tastes and inclination of the monarch have so great an influence, that even the life of Moscow is in a great degree controlled by his supreme will. The rich Moscovite prince may dare to despise government offices, after he has in his youth served for a few years in the army or in the bureaux, one or other of which is necessary to maintain his nobility; he may live far from the court, retired upon his estates, enjoying in secret the forbidden books he gets by the smuggler; yet he cannot but be sometimes reminded, that he lives under the sway of the despotic czar, who does not forget those silent opponents of his authority. Not that he would banish them; such punishment is reserved for those who talk of politics, not for those who look apatheforget those silent opponents of his authority. Not that he would banish them; such punishment is reserved for those who talk of politics, not for those who look apathetically on the doings of government; but he sends them word, that he expects them to do something for the progress of the country; to build a cotton-mill, and to employ their serfs in manufactories; or to raise wine on the hills of the Crimea, and on the banks of the Don; or to have mines in the Ural worked. The caar does not expect that they should make money by auch speculations; on the contrary, he is well aware that the mill and the vineyard will remain heavy incumbrances on the income of the persons to whose particitism he has appealed, and that the gold dug out in the Ural may perhaps cost twenty-five shillings the sovereign. But the glory of the country is to be raised in such ways; and the Manchester manufacturer, who finds one wing of the baronial castle turned into a workshop, it delighted to see the mighty aristocracy of Russia paying tribute to industry. And, in fact, it is a tribute which the aristocracy residing around Moscow willingly pays to the whim of the czar, in order to be allowed to remain undisturbed. However, the immense power of the czar, which changes the asnect of society in every new ever, the immense power of the czar, which changes the aspect of society in every new reign, has largely affected the mind of the Russian. Peter I. gave the first coat of Russian. Peter I. gave the first coat of varnish to the original barbarism of Russian aristocracy; he drilled them into soldiers, shipwrights, sailors, courtiers, and chamberlains. They had to accept German and French manners, but he did not educate them. Gluttony and luxury of every kind remained the inherent vices of the people. Under his successors—nearly all of them females, for most of the males soon died the natural death of czars—the scandalous conduct of the court demoralized society, though German and French forms were in turn adopted, and rigorously enforced. Rüssia was again, under Catherine II., ruled by an imperial mind; like Peter, she aimed continually at the aggrandizement of the empire. She was in correspondence with Voltaire, and protected science and literature; she gave the second and more brilliant varnish to Russian society, which, by her licentious example, was encouraged in debauchery. The madness of her son Paul, more fit for a drill-sergeant than for an emperor, again aroused the original rudeness of the Russians. But soon after his death, his successor, Alexander, did all he could to assimilate his aristocracy to the western civiized society, though German and French sians. But soon after his death, his successor, Alexander, did all he could to assimilate his aristocracy to the western civilized nations. In opposition to Napoleonic France, Russia became liberal; and the French and German emigrants instructed the Russians in good-manners and the elegances of life. Still, all their efforts acted only upon the surface. Napoleon knew it, and remarked, therefore, justly. Graties le Russa, et vous verrez le Tartare. Western civilization is in Russia only the varnish of the original savage. Yet Alexander's mystical and half-liberal turn of mind had, in his long reign, a smoothing influence on the character of the Russian aristocracy, which during the wars with Napoleon, had seen more of Europe in fifteen years than before in a century. Foreign literature proved to be fertilizing; it roused the native energies, and a national literature began to develope itself. At this time Russians began to read Russian books, and no longer only Branch and German; they began to warn in their sympathy for struggling Greece. A crisis was imponding, when Alexander died. The spirit of the higher classes and of the army was in a state of farmentation; but the oathwal of Dacember 36, 1826, which was te destroy.

the emergy and personal courage of Czar Nicholas. The conspirators and rioters were shot down with grape, and the tottering imperial throne was founded more firmly in the midst of a pool of blood, the flower of Russian aristocracy, the most generous hearts in the army, were executed, or sent to the mines of Siberia. The aspect of society suddenly changed; the French doctrinatre liberalism, and the visionary German mysileism of the time of Alexander, had to disappear: Nicholas is a matter-of-fact man, and despises speculation. Generous aspirations became dangerous; materialism, pedantry, discipline, were the watchwords for the new reign. Czar Nicholas transforms the organization of government into barracks and offices. He fears the influence of Western ideas, and throws difficulties into the easy intercommunication with foreign countries: to get a passport is now become a favour, whilst, formerly, travelling in Europe was encouraged; nor are foreigners any longer admitted into the empire, unless they are merchants, or above all suspicion. But, on the other side, he endeavours to arouse a national exclusive spirit, which may in future isolate Russia, and keep it back from the ways of Western Europe: the ladies at court must wear the Russian language, which since Peter I. has been excluded from society, becomes again fashionable by command of the czar. Peter I. worked for years to make the Russian language, and his successors followed his example for a whole century; Nicholas now works to separate them from the West, and once more to arouse their nationality. He has successors followed his example for a whole century; Nicholas now works to separate them from the West, and once more to arouse their nationality. He has successors followed his example for a whole century; Nicholas now works to separate them from the West, and once more to arouse their nationality. He has successors followed his example for a whole century; Richolas now works to separate them from the west, and once more to arouse their nationality. H equences very strikingly:

No traitor to my native land, Nor of my sizes unworthy am I; In that, unlike to you, to limp On home-made crutches, 'likes me as

For that I blush their doeds to see, Nor music hear in clausing chains, Nor glittering arms think behatiful; No patriot am I, they say!

Since not of the ancient mould I am, Since backward I decline to go, I (in their view) ill understand My country, and disparage it.

Haply they're right; the devil appreciates if; For here, who go but backwards, must advance, And carlier far they at the goal arrive Than I, who ouward ever took my way. With eyes God blessed me, and with feet to walk, With eyes God blessed me, and with feet to walk, With eyes to see, the prison was my doom.

God give to me a tongue; but I began To speak, sind had to rule. How atrange a land I The wise man, here, only to be a foel Uses his mind, and wants his tongue for alleaned.

Lermontoff had sufficient reason for his epigrams. When the untimely death of the great poet Pushkin by the pistel of Dantes d'Hecckeren, auddenly aroused the postical genius of the young man—who up to that time had lived a life of pleasure in St. Petersburg, and his indignation dictated to him some basetiful etanzas addressed

man—who up to that time had lived a life of pleasure in St. Petersburg, and his indignation dictated to him some beautiful stances addressed to the carr, claiming justice and revenge—he in three days had become a celebrated and reputed man. His stances were spread, in manuscript, all over the capital; they had, indeed, reached the crast; but in the same hour, the imperial order reached the young post, which benished bim to the Caucasus, on account of his boldness and sudden popularity. The cast does not allow any one to censure his conduct, even in the form of loyalty, or of hope for the future. His person as acced; and, like the idols of old, not to be assured and, like the idols of old, not to be assured and, like the idols of old, not to be assured and, like the idols of old, not to be assured and, like the idols of old, not to be assured as the season of the little of

that the caar remembered Worodzoff, and a death evid and military command of nucesain to the accomplished prince. I his aneedste from one of the Austrian and the camp of the state of the camp of the

Custine, the Preschman, and Hemingson, the Englishman—give was description of his character and of his necessures.

Custine says: It is easy to see that the emperor cannot forget who he is, nor the constant attention of which he is the object; if goes increasement (he attitudiness uncassingly), from whome results that he is never natural, even when he is shoere. His features have three distinct expressions, not one of which is that of simple heavelenes. The most habitual seems to me that of constant severity. Another expression, though more rare, better befits that for countenance—it is that of solemnity. The third is politieness; and into this glide a few shades of graciousness, which temper the cold astonishment caused by the other two. But notwithstanding this graciousness, which temper the cold astonishment caused by the other two. But notwithstanding this graciousness, which temper the cold astonishment caused by the other two. But notwithstanding this graciousness, which temper the cold astonishment caused by the other two. But notwithstanding this graciousness, which temper can be not a side completely, without leaving any trace of the preceding to modify the expression of the new. It is a change of some with upraised curtain, which no transaction prepares us for. It appears a time that the condition of the new that the temperor is always mindful of his part, and plays it like a great actor.'

Henningson cays of his character: 'The Emperor Nicholas has not the breatle instincts of the Car Peter I., any more than he reliminat intellect and her innate liberality: he has not the fiful ferwirty of Paul, his murdered sire, any more than her brilliant intellect and her innate liberality: he has not the fiful ferwirty of Paul, his murdered sire, any more than the relimination of Alexander, his breathers, impressible nature of Alexander, he has not the physical danger in which he sees a heavylance of intention.

'The Emperor Nicholas, who nervously shuddiers at the physical danger in which he sees a

the Presenter, surplies the Presenter and Presenter and Presenter and Presenter and Presenter and Probably not innately due it to have a private soldier placed, in probably not innately due it but absolute and irresponsible power, the self-defication to which his auto-reneration has lad, acting on a limited intellect and selfish heart, have made him think himself the irate Jupiter Tonans, whose wrath should be astered from competition with those of humanity. When they are so, he passes over them ruthlessly and remorse-lessly, without even apparently the consciousness of evil-doing.

petition with those of humanity. When they are so, he passes over them ruthleasly and remorrelessly, without even apparently the consciousness of evil-doing.

"The influence of wealth, of family, of customs, and of privileges, affords no longer any shelter. Prudent as he is in disposition, being aware that he possesses a power unparalleled, he uses it in a manner unprecedented. Not only does he hourly trample on both his great vanquished enemies—the nobility of his empire and the Polish nation; not only has he uprocted whole races, and succeeded in extirpating the religious creed of millions; but he seems now best both on destroying the nationality and religious faith of the whole of Poland, even, if required, by tramplanting its population to Asia. Political violence and creedites, the mère extirpation of races or of creeds would be nothing, however, to the condition to which his subjects are reduced—comparatively nothing—because races are doomed, according to the law of nature, to parish, and creede flourish and wither, and being immaterial, spring again from their sahes. But the dell, monotonous, hapsless, all-pervading oppression to which his subjects are reduced, producing the sums moral effect on the human mind as the alongh of his northern bogs on the human frame sinking into it, blinding the eye, illenting the tongue, and paralysing the agglutinated limbs, is infinitely more terrible—doubly terrible—because it is a destiny the anferers must not only endure, but propagate by foreign conquest, and by the natural reproduction and increase of population."

MARRIAGE. The following are the opinions of two promine ject of marriage :

"Marriage is to woman a state of slavery. It takes from her the right to her own property, and makes her submissive in all things to her husband."—Lucy Stone.

things to her husband."—Lucy Stone.

"Marriage a state of slavery! Aye, but the bonds are silken and easily worn. Marriage is the sanctifier of love—an institution which acknowledges the right of woman to be protected, and the duty of man to protect her. The offices of wife and mother are not those of slaves. What higher destiny beneath the skies than to instruct the infant mind in thoughts of purity! What holier mission than to soothe the turbid torrent of man's passions by a word—a look—a smile! It is to woman that this work is given. Woman, in her vocation, may cheer the tired spirit, may lend hope to the desponding, may whisper love to the lonely—while man may toil, and traffic, and tuss, and fret, and grow savege. Who would exchange place with him?"—Ells Wentworth's Journal.

Spinnois anono rat Startas.—It North Carolins, it is frequent, among her forests of fit pine, for a lover in distress to send the fair object of his affections a bit of its staple vegetable production, with an expainted upon it. This signifies: "I pine." If favourable to him, the young lady selects from the woodpile the best and amouthest specimens of a knot—this signifies, "pine not." But if, on the other hand, she detests him (there is no middle ground between detestation and adoration, with young wemen), she burns one end of his message, and this generally throws the young mun into despair, for it means I make fight of your," pining," will be soon.

Progress of the War.

Interesting Passlesses of the Biggs.

Prox. RELEGIONOUS DE ACCION.

The Collegion of the Collegion of the District Processing of the Collegion of the Coll

A piece of his skull was knocked out; he also had severe wounds on his face, and luckily he died 24 hours afterwards, but was not sensible. We anchored in our old diggins with our side and rigging beautifully cut up. We had five men killed and 16 wounded, besides several bruised with splinters. The Albion was the worst cut up. She had a narrow escape; a shell burst in the handing room of her magazine. She has gone down to Constantine ple to be docked. Fort Constantine was nearly silenced; it is cracked right down, and has been since propped up with spars. Most likely we shall go in again, when the troops storm the place.

RUSSIAN ATTACK ON THE ALLIED CAMP.

leagues from the lines of the shiegers is Balc Clava, where the magnines of the allies are established, and where the hatter communicate with the fleet. The protection of Balc Clava we confided to 1,000 rd 1,900 marines, supported by a datachment of exatiry and artillery. At 2 kind method to the intension of exatiry, and artillery. At 2 kind which leads to Schastopol, and at the point at which a eccond-coad leading to Simpheropol, and the men in consequence ran up the disto the intension of the Turic chain. These heights, which dominate, on the cost fleet and the communities of the theory of the fleet heights of the Turic chain. These heights, which dominate, on the cost fleet heights are occamped were defended by a miracle, was attended with the loss of only one man, which the guard of which was confided to the Turices trough. Finally, at the foot them to be a supposed to the transition of General Beoget apported to the carrier of the English, the devision of the English that the transport that the devision of the English that the transport that the devision of the English that the transport to the transport that the transport that the transport that t

ed from his temporary stupefaction at this sudden change of route, our friend of course commenced reflecting on the possibility of an escape. The Russian who escorted him on the left side held in his right hand his own firelock, and in his left the captured Minie. By a sudden spring the 33d man seized the Russian's firelock, and, on the speculation of its being loaded, discharged it at its owner. The man rolled over dead, and his companion was not less rapidly clubbed. Calmly picking up his own Minie, our friend returned towards the camp and joined his regiment. This little episode was witnessed by a sergeant and several other skirmishers. Another anecdote, somewhat cruel, is related of a skirmisher, who, having picked off his man, took the body to a covered spot and land it down. He issued forth, shot a second and atthird Russian skirmisher, and quietly deposited their bodies in a row with the first. Then, seeing a Highlander approach, he led him by the arm to the spot, and said, "That's not such a bad afternoon's bag, willie?"

Narrow Escars of the 83th.—A large puff of smoke ascended from within our lines, and excited some alarm. That it could not have been an explosion in a battery we easily perceived, for the guns continued their fire without interruption. It was ascertained later, that the explosion had proceeded from an ammunition waggon, which had been left in a ravine, the horses dragging it having been either killed or disabled. In this ravine, not twenty paces from the waggon, had been concealed since daylight a covering party, composed of RUSSIAN ATTACK ON THE ALLIED CAMP.

The Constitutioned gives the following narrative of the attack made by General Liprandi on the 25th and 25th, on the English and French camps:—" It is known that the allied army forms a semicircle around Sebastopol: the French extend from Cape Chersoneous and the sea to the rivulet which flows into the military port of Sebastopol, and the English from that rivulet to the river Tehernaia. At about two and a-half leagues from the lines of the besiegers is Bala Clava, where the magazines of the allies are established, and where the latter communicate with the floet. The protection of Bala Clava was confided to 1,000 or 1,200 marines, supported by spot, and the men in consequence ran up the

assault should be delayed till the cannonade and bombardment have done the work of destruction more completely; and Lord Raglan's judgment is said to be in favour of the latter plan, as sparing the lives of his troops, and equally ensuring the capture of the place. Sebastopol, swarming with defenders, is in the best condition to meet an assault, and in the worst to bear cannonade and bombardment, for every shot and every fragment of shell must tell upon the over-crowded garrison. But there is a counter-consideration on our side, namely, whether, in protracting the siege, our troops may not suffer more by sickness through hardships and exposure to bud weather, than they would lose even by an assault. And it is to be borne in mind that an array wasted by the sword, for the spirit of the men, which will rise in carnage, sinks under the unseen enemies fever and looses more than an army wasted by the aword, for the spirit of the men, which will rise in carnage, sinks under the unseer enemies fever and cholers. The health of the troops will doubtless, therefore, be an important element in the decision of the Allied Generals as to the operations, and the time which it may or not be advisable to assign to them. There is however, still another point to be considered. It may be expedient for the Allies to hold Sebastopol egainst the Russians, and in that case any destruction of the works exceeding what is necessary for the capture of the place must be so much detriment to those who in their turn will need the defences. To reduce the fortress to a heap of ruins might not suit alterior occasions and purposes, so little so that the Russians themselves in the last extremity are too likely to contribute to that consummation. Moscow is, indeed, the one idea which always seems to be in their heads, when their hands can no longer avail, them. Hence they sink their ships at the mouth of their port, and, in consistency, their troops at Alma should have cut their own through by word of command to deprive the Allied armies of the glory of conquering them, fulfilling the words of the old Irish song upon the marvels of St. Patrick.—

"The beasts committed suicide

How a Siege is Carried on .- The Row A Sigor 15 Carried on the first object is to establish a body of men in a protected position within a certain distance of the place to be attacked, or, in technical language, to "open the trench-ee." The trench, as its name implies, is an a direction parallel with that of the enemy's fortifications, and of such dimensions that troops and guns can move along it at please thrown up on the side towards the town, so that a bank or parapet is raised for the further protection of the troops in the trench. At the most favourable points of this covered road batteries are constructed, which open upon the works of the place, and, when sufficient advantage has been subtained through their fire, a second trench, parallel to the first, and connected with the yardiagonal cut, is opened at a shorter distance from the town, and armed with fresh butteries, which go to work an before the parallel to the first, and connected with the yardiagonal cut, is opened at a shorter distance from the town, and armed with fresh butteries, which go to work an before the parallel to the first, and connected with the yardiagonal cut, is opened at a shorter distance from the town, and armed with fresh butteries, which go to work an before the parallel to the first, and connected with the yardiagonal cut, is opened at a shorter distance from the town, and armed with fresh butteries, which go to work an before the parallel to the first, and connected with the yardiagonal cut, is opened at a shorter distance from the town, and armed with fresh butteries, which go to work an before and the "approaches," as they are termed, and the "approaches," as they are termed, are pushed forward by successive "parallel to the first, and connected with the yardiagonal cut, is opened at a shorter distance from the town, and armed with the wardiagonal cut, is opened at a shorter distance from the town, and armed with yardiagonal cut, is opened at a shorter distance from the town, and armed with yardiagonal cut, is opened at a shorter distance from the town, an first object is to establish a body of men in a protected position within a certain dis-tance of the place to be attacked, or, in

their posts. If the garrison, too, is very their posts. If the garrison, too, is very strong, it may make successful sorties, sill up the trenches opened by the enemy, spike their guns, and greatly delay the approach of the batteries to the walls of the town. In the absence, however, of any such impediments to the works, it is perfectly understood at the present day, that every place, however strongly fortified, must ultimately full.

Forgeries and Frauds in San Francisco

The disappearance from San Francisco of Henry Meiggs, in liabilities to the extent of \$300,000, and guilty of frauds to a still greater amount, had caused great excitement there. Parties who had loaned large sums of money to him on deposits of comptroller's warrants as securities, instantly began to ascertain, if they were genuine.

stantly began to ascertain, if they were genuine.

Dr. Crowell had received warrants to the amount of \$15,000 from Meiggs, as security for a loan of \$6000; and discovered by an examination of the comptroller's books, that the warrants were forged. Adams & Co. discovered that warrants for \$40,000, which they had received, were forged. Wm. Neely Thompson & Co. discovered that a forged promissory note for \$40,000; purporting to be drawn by their house in favor of Meiggs, had been negotiated by him.

The first forged warrant was presented to the comptroller's office at 2 P. M. on Saturday, and at half-past 4, when the office closed, 250,000 dollars had been brought in.

During the afternoon and evening, it was discovered that the forgeries of comptroller's warrants amounted to about 1,000,000 dollars; stock of the California Lumber Com-

warrants amounted to about 1,000,000 don-lars; stock of the California Lumber Com-pany, of which H. Meiggs was President, had been forged to the amount of 300,000 dollars; and his debts incurred in regular business transactions amount to about 300,business transactions amount to about 800, 000 dollars. It is said that county script has been forged by Meiggs, but the is not known

The manner in which the forger managed to raise money, with the least risk to himself, was to borrow money pledging double the amount of warrants as security.

The effect of the failure and forgeries

will be most injurious upon the business of the city. Confidence among business men is weakened. Probably not less than 200 persons who were a week ago considered to be sound for their engagements, are now broken, so far as they could be broken. It is supposed that Meiggs carried off with him not less than \$400,000 in east, He was accompanied by his brother by his wife and three children. speculation exists as to the destination of the barque American, which he had bought and in which he so secretly took his de-parture. Meiggs was born in Catskill, N. Y. and lived for many years in Williamsburgh, where he was long a member of the City Council. He was a prominent men of the City Council in San Francisco.

The total loss occasioned by his failure and defalcations is not less than \$2,100,000. He was, we are told, a very bold speculator, and had three favorites for speculation, land, lumber and music. He built Musical Hall, and made great efforts and m sacrifices to have excellent musical perfo "treasons, stratagems, and spoils;" but the case of Meiggs shows that a man may be infinitely regulsh at heart, and musical

A REPRIEVE.—We do not refer to a reprieve from Capital Punishment. There is a slow torture, from which a respite is equally desirable. We refer to Dyspepsis—a word in which all the horrors of Indigestion are summed up. To the sufferers by this painful and harassing disease, we can hold out not only bright hopes, but the certainty of immediate relief and permanent cure. Vhere is a tonic, cordial and alterative principle in Hoofland's German. Bitters, which inevitably arrests and changes the morbid action of, the stomach and the secretive organs, removes the disease, and restores to health. Prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia.

HASZARD'S GAZETTE.

Satuday, December 2, 1854

whest, jotalos, porated into her the calculation of upon commerce trade in the re-established bet is a market, market, and thi market, and the future. The Bend will fac route, and if through the I considerable or for we do not few years that to the Bay Ve a steam line ports of the Isl duce of all ki the requireme Scheries be pr which it is but a market near farmers who li tions, for much eggs, poultry, adding conside may be at the

may be then degree of cert preserved from such a scourge and we trust the use of the experience has the use of the experience has ing off diseas present, may we are, and breezes on events the corrible a thores. On the sand, if we, and if we, and if we lation on our pages it holds adaptation of atoly calcula famor basis the on to yakes a ment prosperit on to raise a ment prosperit not be looked of weisty, or task their podeyote themsel ing to their a with calm jud the conduct of wise and use to the change to the change will be in the which, indivi-degrees of pr greate, prod wealth, accom-of improveme departments of Island.

ast P. E. I. M in time for H.
the Lady Le
of Pictou in a
up the harbo
Island Mail Our reade apology from communicati

n-law of Mr. town Jail, . C.

CAST WEAR SERRATOROL.

Ally Dear LOAN,

Ally Dear LOAN,

Ally Dear LOAN,

Ally Dear LOAN,

September isst, by the time; perhaps the following account will get be uninteresting to you. At day light the Resident appared in great numbers on the highest a few mitted off; as we determined, they settled unit after mid-day, when they get their whole force, drivers up in builts of the uninteresting upon the Resident of the highest a few mitted off; as we determined, they settled unit after mid-day, when they get their whole force, drivers upon the Resident of the control of the Our readers will require, we think, no apology from us for the following original communication: Sergeant Reid is the son-in-law of Mr. Logen, the Jailer of George-town Jail. At Charlottetown, on Monday the 27th altimo, Lidon Capt. William Griffiths, aged 54 years. His rejude to the control of the co HASZARD'S GAZETTE, DECEMB THE subscriber intimates to the mercantile comad THE subscriber intimates to the mercantile comad The subscriber intimates to the mercantile comad The subscriber intimates to the mercantile combeen appointed to act as the Prescriber Agent for the
Previocal Interase Company of Toronto, C. W.,
in classe of fore, the insured are expected to make
the same known to me, before survey is held.
in:

Neventher 20, 1894. Under the patronage of Mrs. Daly.

Will be held (D. V.) at the Temperance in the January carr, in add of benevalent purposes. The public are invited to contribute.

Nov. 22, 1854. THE Mails for the neighbouring Provinces and the United States will be made up at this produce and downwarded, during the mostle of December in causing, every Tuesday and Friday marking, at the Nice o'clock; and a Mail for England will be made up and sent on the 1st, cht, 1st, 1sth, and 29th.

Protranster General.

General Post Office, November 20, 1834.

General Post Office, Desbriasy's Baildings, Queen Street of Charlotteeven. ON Friday evening last, between Reddin's Wharf, ount of Schneribus Store, as Iton Kag, contribuig 1 over of White Lead. The dades will be, rewarded by delicating it to WILLIAM HEARD.

Charlottetown, Oct. 17th, 1884. Pine and Cedar Shingles
FOR SALE.

AMES PURDIE.

Charlottetown, Nov. 28. 143w

House to Let.

LET, pair of that new HOUSE, fivating on
Kant Street, pessession given immediately.

Apply to THOMAS W. DODD. THE SUBSCRIBER bugs to announce to his friends and the Public, that he offers his services in the above line of business.

Those who may favour by on his acting under their property for Sale, may rely on his acting under their property for Sale, may rely on his acting under their property for Sale, may rely on his acting under their histories, as well as on his best efferts to serve their interest.

P. S. Mr. DAVIES intimates advice of the ships ment of a considerable consignment of SRITISH GOODS, TEA, &C. on now daily expected per the ships Pepping Tom, the Sir Alexander from Liverpool, and by the Cicely from London; they are well worth the consideration of country contourns and will be held on Sale some time for their accommodation.

R. October 16th. Steamer! _______ Steamer!

Stady LE MARCHANT!!

THE subscribers have just received, per the above Steamer, from St. John N. B., their see. PALL SUPPLY OF CLOTHS, compression of the above stricke, can suit hemselves from their asplection as well as in any other establishment in Su Charletteorem, they would recommend the public to call and examine before making purchases of Clothing cleewhere.

C. & J. BELL, Merchant Tailors, Nov. S. Queen Square.

Nov. S. Queen Square.

NEW GOODS.

A large lot Ready made Clothing.

A large lot Ready made Clothing.

A large lot Ready made Clothing.

Re Queen Square, Near the Market. Isl.

Re Queen Square, Near the Market. Isl. NOTICE.

A 8 the undersigned intends to make an alteration A in his business, he would respectfully request all persons indebted to him by Book or other Accounts, to call and suits the same on or before the 20th of n. Decreases in wex., when the Books will be placed as in the hands of an Atterney.

WILLIAM TANTON, Sen. WEST OF ENGLAND POUSE. JOHN T. THOMAS AND WILLIAM E. DAWSON,

AVING this day entered into Partnership, will conduct their
GENERAL MERCANTILE Business under the Style or

THOMAS & DANSON JOHN T. THOMAS

WILL be obliged to all persons industed to him, (by Note of Head, or Book Debt), by an immediate estimated.

Nor 9th. NATHAN WRIGHT. THOMAS & DAWSON,

And hope that their united efforts to meet the demands of their friends and the public, will ensure the continuance of the patronage conferred on the business lately conducted by John T. Thomas, their FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS

Just arrived by the Sir Alexander and Prefixe Tom.

Charlottetown, October 25, 1854. JAMES MILLNER. Blankets and Blanketing, White & Blae Surges, White, Blae, Green, Scarlet and Striped Flamesle, White, Blae, Green, Scarlet and Striped Flamesle, White, Blace, Green, Scarlet and Striped Flamesle, DRESSES.

Galk, Saxony & Wealth Flamesle,
ER Galk, Saxony & Wealth Flamesle,
Phald Dresses, Silks, Gatina, Twelli Glace and
Stains, Newrish Dresses, Silks, Bastin, Satissters,
DaCapes, Silk & Catton Velvets, French and British Merinces, Coburgin, Approxes, Lastres, Orienze and
Catton for Dresses in griet variety.

MILLINER Y &C.

Boanets , Cape, Flowers, French Stays, Mantles, Searle,
HOSIER Y AND GLOVES.

Mink, Stone Marten, Squirrel and Mock Nestrin,
Meffs, Capes, Boas, Victorines, Coffs and Mits,
Sas, Lastreds and Mock Nestrin, Winter Capes,
Lestred Scal, Coats, Gloves and Gasatles.

Stall Nesses, Proxes and Gasatles.

Mink, Stone Marten, Squirrel and Dock Nestrin,
Meffs, Capes, Boas, Victorines, Coffs and Mits,
Sas, Lastreds and Satt Spoons, Table and Dessert
Prictias, Titu and Satt Spoons, Table and Dessert
Prictias, Tota, Sugar Youge and Sifters, Toss

and Stone, Total State Spoons, Table and Dessert
Spoons and Forts, Sugar Youge and Sifters, Toss

of Gold and Silver watches, Chaines, Brooches,
Bracelets, Fracilla, Watch Keye & Seals, Rings,
Stude & Figs: in gold and plated.

Papier Machina, and other laternals, Card Baskets,
Nisting Boxes, Hothers, Lava Baskets and Basts;
Writing Dotes, Hothers, Lava Baskets and Basts;
Writing Dotes, Hothers, Lava Baskets and Basts;
Writing Dotes, Work Boxes, Dressing Cases, Cledis,
the Market State, States, States, Transed
Basis, Crest Goats, Fig Skins, Hog Skins, Laather
Tranket, Tweth, Gras Saledes,

Wassel Call, Striped Scale and Cape, Asserted
Basis, Crest Goats, Fig Skins, Hog Skins, Laather
Tranket, Tranket, States, States, Streeve, Fis and
at Croaccut Saves, Hond, Strees & Greis, Strees and
Silt, Angers, Ginèses, Squares, Steelynds, Shipe'
Charletter of Market, Squares, Steelynds, Shipe'
Charletter of Market, Squares, Steelynds, Shipe'
Charletter of Market, Squares, Ste WINTER SUPPLY.

WILLIAM HEARD.

AS just received per Cicely, from Lenden, the very large of his Full Supply of BRITISH & FOREIGN GOODS, which are now ready for eate at unessally low prices.

W. H. bags to call especial notice to the following goods. APPLES, APPLES, APPLES,
JUST RECEIVED, or Schr. Algride from
Anapolie
110 Barrels APPLES—Baldwins, Greenings,
100 Russets, Golden Physics, dec. dec., esteemed dur
100 Family use: 3 Working Horeas. 3 Mijch Cows.
3 History. 1 Doubley
1 Wengen with Pole and Shafts.
2 Carts, (fren Ashe).
2 Wood Sleigh.
3 Wood Sleigh.
4 Wongen History. 1 Horea Raits.
5 Plough and Swingletrees.
6 Sett Harrows. 1 Horea Raits.
6 Commit. Suddle, 1 Ladies do.
6 Gent. Suddle, 1 Ladies do.
7 Control of Forks, Raitss.
8 Francis o Tours, consisting of Forks, Raitss.
8 HOUSEHOLD FURNITUEE.
Commissing of 2 Bedreads and Bedfurnium, Tubles, Chairs,
Benches. 2 Franklin Stores, 1 Cooking Stores.
1 Churn with Crank, Milch Dishes, and several other Bbla. Apples, for winer use, Onions, Candy, Tobacco, Cheese, Crackers, Soap, Candies, Burning Fluid, Bouts, Shoes, Hats, Cape in great to variety, Baffalo Robes, all of which he offices or cheap at his Brick Store in Pownal Street.

THOMAS W. DODD.

Nov. 8. (All the papers 4w) CLOTHS.

West of England and Verbahire Superfine Broad Cloths, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Mohair, Pilot and Whitney. A quantity of HAY, STRAW, POTATOES, TURNIPS, &c. &c.
Terms, all sums under £5 cash, over £5, 3 months approved Notes. The CARGO. Also, using of 6,000 pieces of DEALS. JAMES KINLAY, Broker, est Point, Nov. 27, 1864. Apply to WILLIAM T. PAW,

San Francisco.
San Francisco.
San Francisco.
San Francisco.
San Francisco.
San Grade to a still de great exertical and large and large on deposits of securities, in a fifth warrants to the siggs, as security society by an aller's books, that Adams & Co.
\$40,000, which of 679,000, purple of the security security in a stumber Completely in a security in the office closed by him was presented to P. M. on Sature the office closed by him of security in a security in a security in the office closed by him was presented to T. 1,000,000 doi: 1,000,

The Nerveus Affections, Convulsions, Favor, Insailon of the Bowels, &c. that attend thin period
diren, sits recommends it as sare to produce the
defact, giving Rest to the Mother, and Relief
Health to the Infant.
child in Congress-Street was cured by the
ing Syrap, of Infantile Dysentery or Diarrheatoning given over by the attending Physician.
Blackman, of Eddington says, it has never
do care the Dysentery or Diarrhea in children
seves used in the villags. Lots of it is sold.
in parset informs me his child has suffered to an
ing extant, with Flatulence or Wind Cholic,
y they have used the Southing Syrap, and it
ys effects a speedy cure.
mitreds of like instances might be outmorsted.

PROOF POSITIVE.

Mesers. Curris & Pankins: Please send us further supply of Soothing Syrap. We are selling argo quantities of it, and from what we can learn it used with uniform success, both by children and dalts, in all cases of Dysentry or Distribute. Yours respectfully, W.D. Cursmans, J. Monnitt.

New-York, July 10th, 1868, 318 Boursey.

New-York, July 10th, 1850, 318 Sourcey.

Hear the Brooklyn Daily Advertiser, of
June 13th 1853.

We cheerfully comply with the request of a
friend to insent the following letter which we are
assured is from a lady of the first respectability,
residing in Lowell, Mass., believing that a vast
amount of suffering may be prevented, and many
valuable lives saved, by calling the attention of mothers to this valuable prescription of an old and
experienced surse:

calcable, lives awed, by calling the attention of mothers to this valuable prescription of an old and experienced nurse:

Liver Sirz-wd am-happy to be able, to certify to the efficiency of Mr. Winslow's Soothing, Syrap, and to the trath of what it is represented to accomplish. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could be a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could be a little of the little of the control of the little of Soothing Syrap, in order to test the remedy,—and when given to the boy according at the drevilons, its effect upon him was like magic, he soon went to sleep, and all pair and derivousness disappaired. When have had no trouble with him sinces, and the little fellow will peas through with comfort, the expericating process of secthing, by the sole aid for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrap. Every mother who signards the health and life of her children, should possess it.

Lowell, Mass., May 20, 1853.

Reise only 25 etc. z bottle.

SELEPOLOGY. or SCIATIC RHEUMA.**

Rice only 25 etc. a bottle.

NEUROLOGY, or SCIATIC RHEUMATISSA CURED.

This may certify, that for about four years I was certosely efficied with a disease in the hip, which Physicians returned Neurology, or Sciatic Rheumatism, and remorted to various remodies without any permanent relief; have been under the care of a regular Physician for aix months at a time. Last spring, had a very violent aginck; which laid me up, when I mide use of the Orden and Pain Killer, propared by Mesers. Curtis & Perkins, of Bangor. It gave me immediate relief, and it do not besitate to any, that it is the best artiple I ever used. I cheerfully recommend it to all who may be afflicted with similar complaints.

Staton, Dec. 2, 1847.

sting, the eigner of the foregoing certificate, of undoubted verseity and high standing in N. B.—Be sure and call for Curtis & Perkine'
Gramp and Pain Killer. As all others bearing this
name are base imutations. Price 121, 25, 374 cts

WILD CHERRY BITTERS.

For the cure of Bilious and Janudice complaints, and general debility. They quicken the blood and give new its and energy to the whole system. Price only 374 cents in Prist Butles.

Likewise for sale as above,

STA cents in Pini Bottles.

Likewise for sale as above,

HUNTER'S PULMONARY BALSAM.
Hear what the Daily Mercury of Bangor says of Doct. Pomroy.

Hunter's Balsam. It is not often that we can say anything favorable of patent medicines, on the testimony of those with whom we are acquainted, twho have used and tested their merits. But in regard to Hunter's Balsam, put up by our fellow citizen, Jeremial Curtis, Eag. we have the testimony of many of our own citizens and those of neighbour ing towns, unanimous in its praise. The testimony of one individual with whom the public are acquainted, extrics with it more weight than whole culumns of sertificates from strangers, whose faces we never saw, and whose certificates, for aught we know, may have been procured by fraud. See Dr. Benjamin L. Pomroy's testimony, in agent's hands, or

Hear the People's Press, Skowhegen, Me.

Henric's Pulmonary Balsam.—To those afflicted with Coughs, Codds, Consumptions, Ashma, Spitting, of Blood, and all affections of the Langs, we recommend flunter's Pulmonary Balsam. It is believed to be the best article ever yet invented for these complaints. Price 30 cts, a bottle.

INDIAN DISPERSIA PILLS,

For cure of Contiveness, Acidity of the Stomach, Billions Habits, Hendache, Dizziness, Heart Burgin, Pain in the Side, Lung and Liver Complaints.

DYSPEPSIA AND IDIGESTION, With Contiveness, Acidity of the Stomach, Heart Burning, Billions Complaints, producing Headache, Pain in the side, Luce of Appetite, and general Delity,—can be remedied, removed, and entirely cured, by the use of the Indian Dispepsic Pills. Theorem Pills have effected the most astonishing cures in hundred of cases of the above complaints, and an invaluable remedy, in an especial manner, for Dispepsia. They are a mid-an gastle Catharity, operating mostly upon the blood, cleansing and parifying the same, and cassing the dispective organs to preferre their appropriate duties, with regularity.

COSTIPENESS.

Habitual Contineness is, if not removed in time, cause of more than half of the disorders and pains, to which humanity is subject. The medicines to generally had recourse to, do more harm than good, so they are an disk headache, they are an valeable Remody, in the stomach and the Light Blood vended with Pain in the Side in the High Shoulder Blode, with a dila callow counteriance. In all Distribuse, Agus and Fever, Blions Fover and cisk headache, they are an valeable Remody, in the world.

Son the Side August Andrews and boysels in a healthy state. Price 35 cause per hot.

For pairiting the blood, restoring the appetite, and leaving the stomach and boysels in a healthy state. Price 35 cause per hot.

For pairiting the Blood we do not helicov these Pills have their equal in the world.

Son by Doyn t Paul, No. 40, Corland Street, Nowleas, 1987, Sign, and Ornamental Paintings and by the Complaints, and Law and the Company of the Compan

RICHARD BAGRALA, Malpeque, Road. WILLAM GLOVER, BRITCH'S Cross Roads. JAMES MACKAY, Darnley. WILLIAM COUSINS, Park Corner GRONGE SINCLAIR, Frincetown. CHARLES A. CROSDY and JAMES PROPERS. French River, JAMES MUININGS & EDWIN PARKER, Traveller's Rest. James C. Pope & PATRICK POWER, Summerside. JAMES C. Pope & PATRICK POWER, SUMMERSID. JAMES J. FRANK, JAMES C. ANDARD CAMPBELL, Suint Edeanor's CHARLES C. HUNT, Misconch. JAMES, TRO. PORT-HIR. HERBERT BELL & ADDARS G. FIFE, Canadipopue. WILLIAM HUBBRARD, ALEE LARKIN and FRANCIS ANDREAUX, Tignish. W. R. WATSON.

BENJAMIN CHAPPELL

BEING GROUND CHART'S ELLI

AS the following, among other things, for sale,
I which he will dispose of on reasonable terms:
Rather Boots, and Shoes; Leather Boots, Shoes
and Brogans; Oil-Cloth Suits, Glazed Hats, Sen'
Westers, Striped and Upblenched Cotton; Cotton
Warp, Time Ficers, Brooms, Buckets, Indigo, and
other dysemife; Cracifora, Tal, Stylen, Mollasse,
Sonp, Candles, Rice, Chocolate, Blue, Starch, Tobacco, Spices, Table Salt, Shovels, Hay and Manure
Forks.

Perks.

150 Basheis LIVERPOOL SALT.
200,000 Shingles, 15,000 feet Pine Boards,
6000 feet Reluss Deals, 6000 feet Studding.
2000 feet Scantling, 50 Cords Firewood.

100 acres of Land, besing No. 35 [Fifty-feve],
simute on the Road leading from Frederick Cove to
Birtles's Mills, on Lot or Township Number Eleven,
in Prince County.

Clinricttetetown, Oct. 3.

LONDON HOUSE. NEW PALL GOODS, 1854.

UST RECEIVED per Cicety, from London, Peeping Tom, and Annie Hall, from Liverpool, an EXTENSIVE SUPPLY of BRITISH and FOREIGN GOODS, selected by the subscriber in the different markets, on the most favorable terms, which enables him to sell at the lowest cash price. DRESSES

DRESSES.

Bayadere, Cloth, Alpacea, rich and fancy Robes in great variety, plain plaid and fancy Dress Cloths, Satin Stripe Lustres, Moire Antique, black and coloured, Radgamere, Du Cape, fancy and figüred Silks, Satins, Satinettes plain and embossed, French Merinoes, and Delaines, Alpaceas, Coburghs, Orlans, and Delaines figured and plain, and very cheap, black and coloured eilk and cotton Velvets, for Plashes.

MILLINERY. MILLINERY.

Ladies', Mantles, Capes, Jackets and Visattes,
Bonnet dress and other Cape, Eaglish and French
Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, Paisley, Cashmere, and
woollen long Shawis and Squares, Swanskin, Plesh,
plain and fancy Cloaking, Braids, Gimps, Fringes,
silk and cotton Velvet Trimming, dress Buttons in
every variety, Infant's Robes and clothing of all kinds,
Habit Shirts, Sleeves and Collars, ladies Skirting and
Cord, Laces, Edgings and Scolloping, &c.

CLOTHS.

Pilot, Whitney, Petersham, Mohair, and specifics.

CLOTHS.

Pilot, Whitney, Petersham, Mohair, and superfine
West of England and Yorkshire Broad Cloths in all
prices and coloirs, Doeskins, Beaver and Satara
Cloths and Cassimeres. CARPETS AND FLANNELS.

CARPETS AND PLANNELS.

Tapes ry, Brassels, Kidderminster and Victoria Felt Carpets, Hearth Rags and Hassocks, Draggets and other floor Cloths, Cocoa and other Mats, Tapes-ry, Worsted, Linen, Oil, and embosed Table Covers, Stair dispers, Draggets, and Carpets, Horse Blankets, Collar Cloth, Blankets all prices Sleigh Blankets, Ladies flannel Coating, Iron Blankets, white blue and scarlet Serges and flannels, Oil floor Cloth all widths.

FURS FURS

Sable, Stone Martin, Mink and Squirrel in acta Victorinea, Bons, Mitts, Muffs and Coffs in great va-riety, Far Gloves and Gauntlets, large assortment, Seal Far Coate, mens, and hoy's Far Caps all shapes Gold, Silver Plated and Fancy Goods.

Gold, Silver Plated and Fancy Goods,
Gold wedding Rings and Pencil Cases, Silver
Rings, Pencil Cases, and shawl Broaches, Electroplated in Spoons, Forks, Candlesticke Suuffers and
Trays, Sugar Yongs, Nuterackers, and soup Ladles,
fancy goods, Paper Machie, Tea Trays, Ink stands
and Port Folios, Work Boxes, fancy Bags, Writing
Desks, Broaches, Bracelets, Shirt Studs, Shawl
Pins and fancy broaches in great variety, Brashes &
Contbe of all kinds—Soaps and Perfumery, China
vasos in every form.

READY MADE CLOTHING
Over, and shortists Casts, Troussers, Vasts, Shirts

Over, and shooting Coats, Trowsers, Vests, Shirts white, fancy and striped, Shirt Frosts, Collars in all shapes, Paris silk, felt and glazed Hats, Cloth, Seglette, and Plash Cape—blue and carriet segge Shirts, Merino and Lambs Wool Vests and Pants, &c. MOURNING.

Black Clothe and Deeskins, very low, Velvett Coburghs, Leatres, Crapes, Habit Shirts, Sleaves white & black crape Collars, white and black cotte and kid Gloves, Caps & Ribbons, Prints, Delains and Closkings, & Coffin Mounting, &c. BOOTS AND SHOES.

Ladies black and white attin Slippers, French hoes, Slippers and Boots, Bronzed kid slipper and For cure of Costiveness, Acidity of the Stomach, Bitions Hisbits, Headache, Dizziness, Heart Burping, Pala in the Side, Lung and Liver Complaints.

DYSPEPSIA AND IDIGESTION, Acidity of the Stomach, Heart Shoes, Cloth Goleshed, Cashmere, Moire Antique, Lasting and Leather Boots, Misses and children's Boots and Shoes in great variety, Men's Boots & Shoes English and American, Rubber Shoes and

FRESH CURRANTS. JUST respiced a further apply, of superior quality for sale at "King Square-House."

New 10, 30 Sept. 0008 Age.

Electroplate.

As now been before the public since 1841, and after the most severe test of wear, in the assess of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, the Penninsular and Oriental Company, the General Serves Steam Ship Company, the Pacific Steam Navigation Company, and answerous Clab Housen, Hotels, and Prigate Housen, an every para of she world, continues to give the most unqualified entisfaction, supplying as it does all the advantages of silver in utility and beauty of effect; and it will be found that the interest of source approach the cost of silver Goods for a period of sever years, is alone afficient to purchase Electro Phite, and this, with the new established fact of its extremis drarbility, makes it a matter of great importance to all purchasers of such articles. It must be evident that the swear of all acticles depends on the . thickness of the deposit, and the Patentees refer with great entisfaction to the award made by the Royal Commission of the Great Entibition, 4881, or THE FIRST CLASS, On COUNCEL MEAL (or these productions.

A large nesoriment of the shove Goods has just arrived per Cicely, direct from the manufacturers, and is now ready for sule.

PROSPECTUS SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

Tenth Year .- Splendid Engravings and Prizes THE Tenth Annual Volume of this useful publication commences on the 17th day of Sep-

mber next.
THE "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN" is an ILLUSTRATED PERIODICAL, devoted chiefly to the promulgation of information relating to the various Mechanic and Chemic Arts, Industrial Manufactures, Agriculture, Patents, Inventions, Engineering, Milwork, and all interests which the light of PRACTICAL SCIENCE is calculated to the control of the control o Its general contents embrace notices of the

Its general contents embrace notices of the LATEST AND REST SCIENTIFIC, MECHANICAL, CHEMICAL, AND AGRICULTURAL, DISCOVERIES,—with Editorial comments explaining their application: notices of NEW PROCESSES in all branches of Manufactures; PRACTICAL HINTS on-Machinery; information as to STEAM, and all processes; to which it is applicable; also Mining, millwriting, Dyeing, and all arts involving CHEMICAL SCIENCE: Engineering, Architecture, comprehensive SCIENTIFIC MEMORANDA: Proceedings of Scientific Bodies: Accounts of Exhittions,—logsther with news and information upon THOUSANDS OF OTHER SUBJECTS. Reports of U. S. PATENTS granted are also be published every week, including OppicIAL Copus of all the PATENT CLAIMS; these Claims are published in the Scientific American in Advance.

The Contributions to the Scientific American re among the MOST EMINENT ecientific and are among the MUSA EMERKER I eccenting and practical men of the times. The Editorial Department is universally acknowledged to be conducted with GREAT ABILITY, and to be distinguished, not only for the excellence and truth fulness of its discussions, but for the fearlessness with which error is combated and false theories are

with which error is compared and passe theories are exploded.

Mechanics, Inventors, Engineers, Chemists, Manufacturers, Agriculturists, and PEOPLE IN EVERY PROFESSION IN LIFE, will find the SCIENTIFIE Augancan to be of great value in their respective callings. Its counsels and suggestions will save them HUNDREUS OF DOL. RLAS annually, besides affording them a continual source of knowledge, the experience of which is beyond pecuniary estimate.

which is beyone pecuniary estimate.

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Subscriptions received by George T. Haszard, Agent for P. E. Island.

Richmond Bay, about one-fourth of a mile from

Estemmend Bay, about one-fourth of a mile from Princetown.

This Island contains about 80 acres, and as a fishing station is unequalled in this Island,—having a sufficient depth of water on one side for vessels of large butthen, and being entirely free from drift sand. An indisputable Title will be given; and for further particulars, apply to Wat. Forcare, Eeq., Charlottown. April 22, 1854.

FOR SALE. NEW Carding Machines, Machine Cards, Combo, Crank Plates, Wool Pickers, &c., and patent

All orders punctually attended to.
Address John Morris & Son, Sackville, County of
Westmoreland, New Branewick, or Mr. David
Stewart, Charlottetown.

Lumber; Lumber; Lumber; Aumber; Lumber; Lumber;

LWAYS on hand, and for sale, a quantity of 1,

A, 1½, 1½, and 2-inch Pine; Merchantable and
Refuse DEAL, and DEAL ENDS, 284, 285, 386,
and 237 eaven SCANTLING, hew Scanting and
Studding, Shingles and Birch Bark, all of which may
be had on application at the Lumber Yard of the
Subscriber, North-East and of the Wesleyan Chapel.

BERTRAM MOORE.

FOR SALE.

THAT valuable plot of GROUND at the head of Prince Street, formerly the site of the Baptist Chapel, fronting 100 feet on Easten Street, and 104 on Upper Prince Street. It is one of the most desirable eitentionain the suberbs for a gentlemen's residence, or is capable of being divided into three good building Lots. For Terms, &c. apply to W. H. POPE.

June 8.

FOR SALE

A BEAUTIFULLY shared HOUSE and LOT;
A on the North side of Hillsborough Square. For further particulars, apply on the Frenince to RICHARD SMITH.

October 4. entf

On hand s FEW FIGURE and BILLET
HEADS, Great George Street sear the Catholic
Chappel.

GEORGE MILLNER.

Sheep Skins, Butter, Wool, to
in Casn, for any quantity of BUTTES, WOOL, SHEEP and LABS SKINS.

ROBERT BELL.

Charlettetown, Jane 6th, 1854, 6m.

Charlettetown, Jane 6th, 1854, 6m.

HYMN BOOKS.

TUSE RECEIVED at large supply of HYMN
BOOKS, used in the Church of England.

MAD TO MALLIN G. T. HASZARD.

Pictoriows Road, 19, 1854.

(21 Miles) Aug. 19, 1854.

World's Fair PRIZE MEDAL SOAPS!



Mrs. Partington's Toilet Sonp. This beat OHLET SOAP, possessing in its composition ombined virtues of the vegetable kingdom to clet unify and perfeme, as by permission dedicate its Partington be her obd't serve's.

Boston, January, 1854.,

Boston, January, 1854.,

Beck & CO. Mrs Parlington to the Proprietors.

Gestlemen .— The education of your beautiful and flagmas conp to me, as a mark of a steam, is very pleasant. From my experience in roots and herbs, in forty years that I have made conp. I must say that I never made any half as good and I will recommend it to my young freinds all over the world for their twilight tables.

ber Ruth # Partington. Boston, Jan., 1854. mark

Baston, Jan., 1854. mark.

Also,

Also,

Batract Perfumes for the Handkerchief—which, for deliency of fragrance and lasting oder, are prosessed by Chemists and those who have tested them to be separior to the best imported article.

Purified Ox-Marrow with Ex. of Rosemary,—for preserving and dressing the Hair. This article is so prepared as not to become rancid, and is free after being put on the hair from all disagrable ador. For preserving the Hair, restoring it where hald places uppear, and causing it to retain beauty and lustre to old ago—

Dr. Adam's Colcastin Ambra,—An article that has gained a reputation by the really excellent qualities it possesses for the purposes intended.

Particular care is taken in PREPARATIONS

Particular care is taken in PREPARATIONS FOR THE TEETH. Experience has proved that the most efficacious to remove the animalcular from the Teeth is a paste chemically prepared in suspand to meet the wants of those who prefer clean teeth and firm Game, is their Suponary Tooth Paste an article that has achived the highest enconiums from ecientific Dentists and Physicans.

Also Cooking Extracts, for flavoring Pastrys, Jellya, etc, etc, which will be found pure in their compound, and such as will suit the taste of the most delicate. Also—Boston Chemical Washing Powder—admired because it makes washing easy and

D. Taylor, jun. & Co. 25 Hanover street, Boston, General Agents. Agents for Prince Edward Island, M. W. SEINNER Also, sold by W. R. WATSON. June 28. 6m

PROCLAMATION Good People of P. E I.

Good People of P. E I.

DROBABLY there is not a family in your Province I but what some inembers of it are more or less afflicted by Humours or Chronic Affections. As a remedy for these various complaints, there are numerous preparations brought into the market, but all of them of little or no good. But there is a discovery which has recently been made in chemical analysis that is wonderful in its operation. It has been long enough tried and we have proof sufficient to antisty—all from men holding the highest effices the people of the United States can give—that the medicine will do just wint it is recommended. It is nocron Haasprovi's Vecerable TimeTures. The medicine is compounded from the Veigetable Kingdom and may be used by any person without injurious consequences. By a wise obvice and combination of some of the best of each class of co-operative, simple remedies, it fully recohes all the assential organs of the human system and there it has proved itself so effectually curative of the whole a old in the north and sent during the last five years.

Three to five bottles is warranted to cure the worst case of Rheumatism.

Two bottles will check the worst case of Dyspep-

We could give hundreds of cases where the cures were truly wonderful, but we request all to get a pamphlet and read the hundreds of certificates of its curve. Prace \$1,00 per bottle.

General Agent for P. E. I., W. R. WATSON. Sold also by H. W. SKINNER.

Wshing made easy and Pleasant BY USB OF BOSTON Chemical Washing Powder.



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

OLCERS-A CASE CERTIFIED BY THE MAYOR OF BOSTON.

Copy of a Letter from J. Noble, Hop., Mayor of

Boston, Lincolvehire.

To Professor Holland AV.

Dear Sig.—Mrs. Sarab Dison, of Lieusepund stress. Boston, has this day deposed before me that for a considerable period she was severely efficient with Serolulous Sores and Ulcere in her arms, fact, lage, and other parts of her body; and although the first of medical advice was obtained, at the cost of a large sum of money, she obtained no abatement of influencing, but gradually grow worse.

Being recommended by a friend to try your Olistment, the procured a small pot, and a boar of the ment, the procured a small pot, and a boar of the ment, the procured a small pot, and a boar of the ment, the procured a small pot, and a boar of the ment, the procured a small pot, and a boar of the ment, and soften that was all used, symptoms of amendment appeared. By persevering with the institute of the street of the street

Dated August 12th, 1852.

AN EXTRAORDINARY AND RAPID CURE OF ERYSIPELAS IN THE LEG, AFTER MEDICAL AID HAD PAILED.

MEDICAL AID HAD PALED.

Copy of a Letter from Afr. Elizabeth Feates, of the Peak Office, Aldwick Road, near Bogner;

Sussex, dated January 12th, 1852.

To Professor Hollow Ax,

Sir,—I suffered for a considerable period from a evere attack of Erysipelas, which at length cettled on my leg, and resisted all medical treatment. By sufferings were very great, and I quite despaired of any permanent amendment, when I was advised to have recourse to your Ontrement and Pills. I did to without delay, and am happy to any the result was commonly successful, for they effected a radical care of my leg and restored me to the enjoyment of health. I shall ever speak with the utmost confidence of your medicines, and have recommended them to others in

DREADFULLY DISEASED ANCLE CURES AFTER BEING GIVEN UP BY THE PACULTY, AT MALTA AND PORTSMOUTH HOSPITALS. The following important communication has been forwarded to Professor Holloway for publication, by Mr. B. Dixon, Chemist, King-st., Norwich.

Copy of a Letter from Captain Smith, of Great Yarmoulh, dated January. 19th, 1883.

Farmouth, dates somery arm,
To Mr. Dixon,
Dear Sir.—I send you the particulars of a care
effected by Professor Holloway's invaluable medicines:—Mr. John Walton, late in Her Binjesty's Service, in the British Fleet at Malta, had a very had
learned and a and after having been in the Malta vice, in the British Fleet at Malta, and a very had clearated ancle, and after having been in the Malta Hospital for six months, was sent to England as an invalid to Portsmouth Hospital, where he remained an inmate four months, there, as at Malta, refusing to have the limb amputated, he was turned out incurable. He then came to Yarmouth, and was indice a medical gentleman for about three menths, but his anole became so much worse that all hope was less. At this period, by my advice, he tried 'Heldoway's Ointment and Fills, which, by unremitted application, healed, all the ulcore, and restored him to purfest health and strength.

nelth and strength.

I remain, Dear Sir, years very truly,
(Signed) JOHN SMITH.

Albert Hotel, Great Yarmouth.

SURPRISING CURE OF A BAD BREAST, NER-VOUS DEBILITY, AND GENERAL ILL

may be used by any person sequences. By a way choice and combination once of the best of each class of co-operative ple remedies, it fully resches all the essential ans of the human system and there it has proved all so effectually curative of the whole nound for other than and seed during the load fire years.

Three to five bottles have been sold in the orth and seed during the load five years.

Three to five bottles is warranted to cure the worst case of Erystyles.

Three bottles are warranted to cure the severest case of Erystyles.

Three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of Erystyles.

Three bottles is guarranteed to cure the worst hind of Phinles on the Face.

Two to three bottles is warranted to cure the worst hind of Phinles on the Face.

Two to three bottles is warranted to cure the worst case of Ring Worm.

Three bottles are a certain remedy for the Piles. Five bottles will cure the worst case of Goul.

Three bottles are a certain remedy for the Piles. Five bottles will cure the worst case of Cough.

Asshma, Sco.,

The Pilla should be used conjointly with the Olemani. in most of the following cases 2—
Bad Legs Cancers Bares Contracted and Stiff Skindhennes Bares Jointe Searcy Business Etophantineis Sore-threats Buses Etophantineis Sore-threats Bite of Mosquitoes and Sand Gout Soft Corne Files Glandniar swellings Tumours Coo-bay Lambage Uleas Tumours Chiego-foot Piles Wounds Chilblains Rheumatism Yawa.
Chappad hands Sealds Sold at the establishment of Profusor Hollowal Sold at the establishment of Prof

APOTRECARIES HALL

H DRGE T. H lighted every 'ee, South side an us -- Anna

THO 5. PLATI tor und 1

HEAVY ENG Of the Premit-Bits, Axes,

Wholesal 15, KING BRITISH

Patent Medicin Oile, Glass,

GARRI CUSTOM I COMMER Castom H

Goods fro be forwarded to or P. E. Island enclosing Invoi MO

Auction THE Subseri

ATTORN BENJ AT AND Office

Margate, Lot WIL

Under the WAT ILL be ! VV HALL January next, public are invit Nov. 23, 18 THE anders that they purpose of carr Business in the above, business their experience and experience and experience and experience and experience and experience and experience are consistent to the consistent t

N. B — Mee advances spon Rayanawo P. E. falsad. N. B. Willian er, Chapman S James Taft, E 189 Giaz

AND NOW open Stand. Approtaice was May 18, 181 The Nati