

THE OBSERVER

Vol. 4.

HARTLAND, N. B., APRIL 10, 1913.

No. 43.

Make Your Home Pleasant and and Attractive

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we carry the celebrated 'Maltese Cross' brand in all styles. None better at any price. Call in and inspect our goods. We will be pleased to show them to you, even if you do not buy. JUST ARRIVED:

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When in Hartland call on

W. E. THORNTON

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Barbering and Hairdressing

You cannot get better satisfaction in any barber shop north of Woodstock.

Exchange Hotel BATH

Turney Giberson, Proprietor.

Splendidly equipped. Good table. Livery, Sample Room, Hack to all trains. Special attention to commercial men.

Letter From Geo. M. Shaw.

Dear Editor: This town was a howling wilderness when the railroad went through here six years ago. Today it has between 4000 and 5000 population, and is in the midst of the largest winter garden in Texas, if not in the country, for purely winter gardening.

The main crops shipped out of here are cabbage, lettuce, and cucumbers with some cauliflower and collards and some eggplant.

They have here the only pre-cooling station east of the Rocky Mountains and the method of handling this perishable stuff is quite interesting.

While loading a car of lettuce they have the refrigerator car partially iced, then after it is filled with crates and hampers the car is set into the pre-cooling station where a close fitting air tight door is placed in the regular car door. Opening to this tight fitting door is attached a large flexible pipe and through this pipe is blown cold air, or air that has first circulated over a series of brine and ammonia pipes and stands at a temperature of about 38°F. This cold air as stated above is blown into the car of lettuce and by another large pipe fitted tightly over the ice bunker on top the car, the warm air that was in the car and in the crates of lettuce is drawn off, this leaves the temperature in the car at about 35 to 38° and then the ice bunkers are filled full of ice and the car sent on its way to Chicago or some other garden-sauce hungry city in the north.

The gentleman in charge of the pre-cooling plant told me that he cooled 14 carloads of lettuce within the last 24 hours.

Shipments of cabbage and other produce began about Feb. 1, and is now at its height.

The lettuce raised in this country is what is known as head lettuce, it looks much like a small cabbage of about four inches in diameter, and is very palatable when served with vinegar and salad oil or dressing.

I am told of ten acres on the confines of this town that six years ago were sold for \$150 that were re-sold this past summer for \$10,000.

A gentleman told me last spring that he sold \$3500 worth of cabbage off of eight acres. That was a year ago. This year the price of cabbage is very low and they are making their big money out of lettuce.

Cotton planting is at its height in this extreme south Texas. Last season's crop of cotton and sugar cane is all gone and the new plants will be coming up through the ground inside of two weeks again.

We are only 17 miles from old Mexico here. I go to Brownsville, right on the border, tomorrow. On account of the state of anarchy over in Mexico, there are many soldiers posted along the Rio Grande River, which makes one think of conditions along the borders between Germany and France and other European countries.

Very truly yours,
GEO. M. SHAW.

San Benito, Texas.

Wasson—Clark.

Married—at Minot, South Dakota, Robert L. Wasson of Velva, S. D., and Miss Jennie M. Clark, daughter of G. W. Clark of Mount Pleasant, on March 18. Among those who witnessed the ceremony were Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Wilson and George and Ena Wilson.

Job Printing at the Observer Office

Victoria School.

The following are the marks of the pupils, averaging 50 per cent and above, for March examinations.

Grade V (a)

Marion Somers 90

Kate Cook 85.6

Grade V (b)

Ada Boyer 90.4

Hazel Birmingham 89.8

Helen Oliver 78.8

Grade IV (a)

Pearl Albright 82.6

Donald McQuarrie 66.6

Aubrey Albright 58.6

Grade IV (b)

Harry Dickinson 74

Albert Boyer 73.6

Hope Somers 73

Charles Oliver 62.6

Beatrice Dickinson 59.6

Mildred Cook 59.6

Arehie McQuarrie 50

Grade III (a)

Kathleen Albright 91.6

Grade III (b)

Birket Letson 85

Ralph York 82.7

Grade II

Donovan Jenkins 87.3

Israel Boyer 71.3

Della Baker 57

Grade I

Frank Boyer 97.5

Basil Hoyt 97.5

Mary Birmingham 90

Philip Jenkins 87.5

John Albright 72.5

Madeline Oliver 62.5

Madeline Harper 57.5

HELEN HARPER

Teacher.

Hartland Superior School.

Those making over 70% in the Intermediate Department of the Hartland Superior school for the month of March were:

Grade VI

Mabel Morgan 92.

Frank McAdam 82.

Jean Miller 81.

Herbert Rogers 80.

Edna Allen 80.

Carrie Noble 78.

Paul Cox 70.

Grade V

Florence Smalley 88.

Dorothy Trafton 88.

Alice Ward 86.

Alfred Trafton 84.

Etta Stevens 83.

James Sipprell 83.

Ruth Sipprell 83.

Beatrice Tompkins 82.

Clara Boyer 81.

Grade IV

Evelyn Rogers 83.

Rita Hatfield 80

F. E. ROBERTSON, Teacher.

Those making over 60 in the advanced grades were:

Curtis Simms 65.6

Hilda Boyer 65.2

Mary Carr 69.4

Clara Hagerman 78.1

Ray Plummer 71.6

Grace Smalley 78.3

Anna Murdoch 69.4

Reta Murdoch 86.5

Kathleen Kennedy 78.1

Kenneth Keith 63.5

Weldon Ward 65.8

Barry Moores 61.4

Five others passed. Three failed to make 50%

E. J. ALEXANDER.

The Middlemore Home.

The usual number of children are expected to arrive from England about June 1, at the Middlemore Home, Fairview station, Halifax. The ages of the majority will run from 5 to 12, a few 1 to 5 and a small number 12 to 18 years.

The younger boys and girls have been giving the better satisfaction. They more readily adapt themselves to their new homes. Anyone wishing one should apply at once to the manager, J. Sterling King at above address.

Deeds, mortgages and bills of sale may be secured from The Observer at 5 cents each. They will be sent postpaid to any who remit with the order. Summons, capaises, executions, tax notices, etc., are 40 cents per 100 and will likewise be sent postpaid.

LATE NEWS

FROM THE

Every Day Bargain Store

We have just received:

1,100 yards English Print, 32 in. wide, in stylish light colors only. This is the regular 15c quality, but we will sell it for only 10c a yard.

400 yards Summer Silk, black and 15 beautiful shades. It is worth 75c a yard, but we will sell it for only 47c a yard.

These are carefully selected goods, bought right, so that we can sell at a price that defies any competition.

Make your selection early, as it will be a long day before we can again quote such prices on goods of equal value.

Mrs. C. A. PHILLIPS

Bristol, March 13

New Spring Goods

on hand and arriving daily, including

Ready-Made Suits for Men and Boys. The Largest Range, Prettiest Patterns and Best Values we have ever had.

Shoes for all feet and all wear. The famous Hart, Linton and McCready brands.

Dry Goods including all kinds of staples, as Prints, Cottons, Muslins, etc. and also a large range of fancy lines, all latest things direct from the manufacturers.

Rain Coats for Men and Women. Great values and wide range of colors; styles, etc., to choose from.

Wall Paper Large range of Latest Patterns, Good Values and Low Prices.

Timothy and Clover Seeds Government inspected and stamped. Highest Grades only. Special Prices to Early Buyers. See our samples and get our prices before buying.

S.W. SMITH

- - 2 Stores - -

East Florenceville

Mount Pleasant

C. M. Sherwood, Limited

CENTREVILLE

HAVE JUST RECEIVED

Clover and Timothy Seed

Quality Above the Average; Prices Low.

SEED WHEAT

HOME

Miscellaneous Recipes.

Rice Pudding with Fig Sauce.—Press hot boiled rice into buttered cups; then slip out on a hot dish and pour the sauce over. Look carefully over the figs to be used; place them in a pan and cover with cold water; cook until tender; chop very fine and press through a coarse sieve. To this pulp add the juice of one-half lemon and sugar if not sufficiently sweet.

Chicken Turnovers.—Make a rich baking powder biscuit dough; roll out one-fourth inch thick; cut into squares; place a spoonful of minced chicken seasoned with herbs and onion, and moisten with cold gravy; fold dough over; brush with milk and bake about fifteen minutes. Serve with left over gravy, to which add the chopped giblets.

Apple Graham Pudding.—Place a layer of graham crackers in bottom of buttered pan; then add layer of pared, cored, and chopped sour apples; continue with more crackers and apples until pan is two-thirds full. Beat one egg with one-fourth teaspoonful salt; add one pint of milk; turn over the apples and crackers and bake in moderate oven until puffy and brown.

Orange Sauce.—Thicken one pint of orange juice with one tablespoonful of cornstarch; cook until transparent and sweeten to suit.

Boiled Beef, Dutch Style.—Wipe three pounds of beef out from the rump, then place it in a kettle in which is some hot salt drippings, browning well. Add a medium sized onion cut in slices, a large carrot scraped and cut into slices an inch thick, a level tablespoonful of salt, and cover with boiling water. Place on the lid and simmer until the meat is tender. It may be left whole, but will require less time to cook tender if cut into pieces about the size of small apples.

Stuffed Lamb Chops.—Twelve lamb chops, one and one-half cups soft breadcrumbs, milk, one tablespoon minced parsley, one-quarter cup grated cheese, one-half teaspoon onion juice, one-half teaspoon celery salt, few grains pepper. If possible, select chops from the loin and bone and roll them. Make a stuffing of the other ingredients, moistening with milk as necessary; pan broil the chops lightly, browning the underside and seasoning them as they cook. Then cover with the stuffing and bake for fifteen minutes in a hot oven. Serve on toast, with a brown sauce.

Current Tea Cakes.—Three-quarters pound flour, half ounce of yeast, one teaspoonful castor sugar, 1 ounce butter, one and one-half gills milk, one egg, four ounces currants. Method.—Put the flour and a teaspoonful of salt into a basin; cream the yeast and castor sugar until liquid. Melt the butter, add the milk, and make it tepid; pour on to the yeast, and add the egg (well beaten). Stir into the flour, mix to a dough, sprinkle in the currants, and set to rise one hour. Divide into two parts, and put into two well-greased cake tins. Let the dough rise to the top of the tins. Bake for 20 minutes in a well-heated oven. Turn out of tins when half baked, and brush over the tops with egg or milk and castor sugar mixed. Replace and finish baking.

Apple and Rice Pudding.—One pound sour cooking apples, two ounces sugar, one-half gill water, piece of cinnamon, one clove, castor sugar, one ounce rice, 2 ounces currants, one pint milk, sugar to taste, two whites of eggs, ground cinnamon. Method.—Peel, core, and slice the apples, and cook them till tender in a stewpan with the sugar and water, a clove, and the piece of cinnamon. Put the pared slices into the milk, and cook till soft; sweeten to taste and add it to the apples. Cook both together for about ten minutes, and let cool a little. Whisk stiffly the whites of eggs, and incorporate them with the above mixture. Lastly, stir in the cleaned currants. Remove the mixture into a buttered deep soufflé or baking dish. Besprinkle the top with a little ground cinnamon and castor sugar, and bake in a moderate oven for about twenty minutes. Serve very hot.

Current Flapjacks.—Four ounces flour, one ounce sugar, one egg, one-half pint milk and water, two ounces currants. Method.—Mix the flour with a pinch of salt and the sugar; break the egg into the center, and add the milk by degrees until the batter is of the consistency of thick cream. Sprinkle in the cleaned currants last. Leave to stand one hour. Melt a small piece of lard in a little frying-pan of about four inches width. When smoking hot, pour in enough batter to cover the bottom, fry lightly, turn and brown on the other side. Continue this until all the batter has been used up. Drain each flapjack free from grease, dust over with a little grated nutmeg, and roll up pancake fashion. Serve, very hot, piled one on the other.

Cakes.

Fruit Cake.—One and a half cups butter, half cup each of butter and of lard, three eggs, a grated nutmeg, a teaspoon ground cloves, three teaspoons ground cinnamon, a teaspoon and a half baking soda, a cup each of currants and of raisins, the latter cooked in a little water until tender and all the water cooked away, a cup sour milk, a cup nut meats, walnut or any kind you choose, three cups flour.

Apple Sauce Cake.—One cup sugar, six tablespoons shortening, one-quarter teaspoon salt, one cup raisins, two cups flour, one-half teaspoon ground cloves, one teaspoon nutmeg, one-eighth teaspoon soda dissolved in one tablespoon warm water, one cup sour apple sauce. Cream together sugar and shortening. Mix together flour, salt and spices and add raisins. Dissolve soda in water, add to apple sauce and beat into creamed butter and sugar alternately with flour mixture. Bake in a moderate oven.

Left-Over Coffee.

Never serve warmed-over coffee. It is one of the worst of warmed-overs and has little justification. If it must be done pour the coffee from the grounds, strain and set in a tight glass jar in a cold place. When reheating the little fresh coffee in a lawn bag and bring to a boil with it. This gives more of the fresh-made flavor.

Left-over coffee is good strained and kept on the ice until lunch, it serves as iced coffee. This should have whipped cream and sugar passed with it. Have iced tea glasses half full of shaved ice and pour the cold coffee over it. Occasionally the whipped cream sweetened is mixed with the coffee, but tastes very too decidedly to make this feasible when strangers are to be consulted.

Another use for left-over coffee is to turn it into a dessert, a mousse, gelatine or ice cream, the coffee being the sole flavoring, though sometimes it is improved by adding a tablespoonful of sherry or brandy. More promise, left-over coffee can be sealed in glass jars and be ready to dilute to give lace curtains, nets and narrow laces a creamy tint after laundering.

Home Hints.

For ink stains on the fingers try lemon and salt.

Never sleep where the light from a window shines directly on the eyes.

Never leave a metal spoon in a saucepan if you wish the contents to boil quickly, for the spoon is the means of carrying off a great deal of heat.

If toasted bread is put in a double boiler and placed where the water in the outer kettle is kept warm, the toast will be delicious after an hour or more.

In stitching long pleats a gummed label the exact width of pleat or hem required fastened on the pressure foot of the sewing machine, just back of the needle, keeps the tuck even.

When the window shade falls down and the spring roller unwinds with a whirr it may be easily put into commission by slipping the flat piece of metal at one end between the prongs of a kitchen fork and turning it until strengthened.

SLEEPING A DISEASE.

Excessive Somnolence Is So Explained By a Doctor.

An attempt to explain the excessive somnolence of Pickwick's last boy is made by Dr. Frederick Taylor, F.R.C.P., in an interesting article on sleepiness in "Practitioner."

Dr. Taylor is sympathetic towards those with whom sleep is an affliction, and he thinks that the fat boy may possibly have suffered from some mysterious disease.

"There is no evidence that he was overworked mentally or physically," adds Dr. Taylor.

He cites the case of a prisoner who, when charged with sleeping in the roadway, went to sleep in the dock; tells of a housemaid who went to sleep in the act of announcing a visitor, and while carrying a tray with cups full of coffee; and mentions a woman "who was a nurse, till, in one of her sleeping paroxysms, she dropped the baby on the floor and nearly killed it."

"There are also on record other cases of a somewhat different kind," says Dr. Taylor, "in which the individual sleeps continuously for hours, days and months; some of these are described as narcolepsy, and they seem to present analogies with trance, catalepsy, hysteria and insanity."

"A man slept seven months without interruption; on another occasion fifteen months. Another man, in eight years, spent more than four and a half of them in sleep. The final attack lasted fifteen months."

Tea, coffee, and even tobacco are mentioned as remedies which will keep people awake when attacked by sleepiness. Dr. Taylor states that he has employed with success an egg beaten in coffee.

Many a great man has exclusive knowledge of the fact.

"L'AIGLON"

"You're L'Aiglon, are ye? An aristocrat, eh?"

The old man plunged his hands into a basin of water and suds, and bent himself vigorously to the task of washing his face, hands, and hair, an exercise from which he presently rose dripping and rosy, but still belligerent. He breathed deeply into the folds of the kitchen towel hanging from the roller behind the door, while he rubbed his ruddy cheeks and nose until their shining roundness denied beyond possibility of question the genuine quality in the tones directed toward a tiny fluff of grey, winding between his legs.

"Got a pedigree—was raised in a cattery, was ye?"

"What's a cattery, anyways?" he asked, raising his voice, and giving a final rumple to the low-lying and aggressively upstanding hair.

A little old woman appeared in the doorway, and stood regarding the unusual irritation plainly visible in the voice and attitude of her spouse.

"Why, pa, a cattery is a house where they raise cats—An—Anglo-r-r-a cats—cause some of 'em is awful expensive. You know what Clara said about that one that cost five hundred dollars," she continued, her voice sinking to an awed whisper; "and she said 'L'Aiglon—Laig-loo'."

"What a name for a cat!" exclaimed the old man. "I hate such tomfoolery. I just naturally despise it. He can go back where he came from. The old cat's good enough for me. She caught all the mice round here for a considerable lot 'o years, an' I ain't goin' back on her for any upstart, named L'Aiglon."

"Tain't as if we could change it; you know Clara wrote what it meant, and how to pronounce it, but she said we must suit ourselves about callin' him that. She said it's French, 'cause his father and mother was French—an' his grandfather—"

"His grandfather be—" Even in his disgust, the old man paused upon the brink of this exclamation.

"My sakes!" exclaimed Mrs. Pickering, the kitten, she fled to her remotest "piny" bed. "My sakes!" she repeated to the fragrant globes of pink and white.

Left thus, the old man peered through the window at the fugitives. He rubbed perplexedly at the high light on his polished bald head.

He opened the door of the cupboard and took out a small plate, muttering, "Cattery—pedigree—'ll see!" and other dissatisfied fragments. A brown paper parcel came forth from one of the shelves, and he untied it with fingers that fumbled clumsily at the knots. Unrolled, it disclosed a portion of liver, fresh and inviting.

The old man cut narrow strips of liver, and placed them carefully on the plate. Then he spoke to the old cat.

"Come on!" he said, ingratiatingly. "Come on an' get it." He went close to her and stroked her with his great rough hand.

"It's fresh," he declared. "Ye can smell." Thus importuned, the old cat rose slowly, stretched, yawned, sniffed once and again, arched her back under the rough caress, then turned indifferently to her cushion, from which she blinked unresponsively at him.

"Sense morning," an' it's nigh supper-time. "Pears like ye'd be a wantin' something."

But she did not heed him. Blind to the solicitude of the bent old shoulders, from which stretched the tremulous arm, with its offering, she turned away, and began washing her face imperturbably.

Outside the window he could see the "piny" waving in the breeze, as the little old woman walked among them. Upon a riotous kitchen, curvetting in their midst, up and down the gravel walks, they sent down showers of radiant petals.

"Little rascal!" he old man muttered, with absorbed interest at the leaping antics. "Mebbe he-like enough—"

The sentence remained unfinished.

ed as he walked towards the door, and there halted, gazing ruefully downward.

"L'Aiglon—cattery! Such nonsense, an' I ain't agoin' to put up with it," he announced, but the strength and finality of purpose that had rung through former utterances were lacking now.

"Them chickens'll be hungry, anyways, I reckon," he confided to the depths of a wooden pail hanging on its peg in the wood-shed. "Ma an' me an' the old cat's gettin' a little bit rickety, but them chickens," he said, hopefully, "they're young an' spry; they'll eat."

But they stood about in indolent, surfeited groups, regarding him with friendly affability, all unheeding the handful after handful of golden grains he threw among them. In dejection, the path by the currant-bushes back to the house was slowly retraced—and the dejection deepened as he stood again in the kitchen.

It came to him suddenly that he himself was not hungry, and that he was tired—tired of looking at things he had seen so often, the roller-towel, the dishes, the old cat. There was nothing for him to do, no one he could serve.

A plaintive quaver of sound arrested this melancholy turn of reflection. On the floor before him stood the son of flawless French pedigree, appealing like any plebeian, plainly, obviously hungry.

The man opened the cupboard door. "I don't aim to have anything starvin' round me," he said to the plate of liver, lifting it from the shelf.

"Here you, L'Aiglon-loo!" he pronounced the name with labor and distinctness. "Ye can have it, for the old cat don't want it. I give it to her first," he felt it necessary to explain.

L'Aiglon came to the feast; he was not particular who was invited first. In a moment, it seemed to the delighted old man, there was no vestige left, and the kitten searched industriously for more round the plate.

"Want some more, do ye? Well, if you don't beat the dickens." A few moments later, he added, with an ecstatic grin, "I don't reckon ye can hold any more, but if ye can—"

L'Aiglon had finished it; and was asking for more.

"Nigh starved, ain't ye?" The basin stood in the sink, and he poured it full of water, as if in the joy of giving he feared something empty might wish to be filled. Again he scooped great handfuls up to his face, and emerging red and chuckling, he beheld his standing apprehensively in the doorway.

"That there kitten," he said, impressively, striving to find words to maintain his former declarations, and to explain his too evident abandonment of them, "is the biggest little pig I ever see."

The towel hung conveniently near, and he buried his face in its folds.—Youth's Companion.

LESS DRUNKENNESS.

Signs That It Is Becoming Unpopular in Britain.

The increased sobriety of the people of Great Britain has been frequently and favorably commented on, and well-known social workers state that evidence was again forthcoming during the recent holidays to show that men are less inclined than formerly to squander their hard-earned savings in a few days' unrestrained excesses. Drunkenness, which used to be the most venial of vices, has become so discreditable as to rule a man out of Society. Statesmanship and hard drinking used to be considered quite compatible. Walpole made his son drink more port than he did on the principle that no son ought to be sober enough to see his father slide under the table, and the habits of the younger Pitt were such that if he were a Minister to-day his career would quickly end. It is gratifying to find that the change of view as to drunkenness is not confined to the higher walks of life. Among the superior artisan classes the habitual victim of alcohol is an object of contempt, and the more rational manner in which working men are spending their holidays is an impressive proof that in this important respect the nation is really on the up-grade.



NEVER HAD A CHANCE.

"What's the matter? Can't you skate without tumbling down?" "I haven't had a chance to find out yet."

STORIES FROM NORTHLAND

ANNUAL REPORT OF NORTH-WEST MOUNTED POLICE.

"The West," It Says, "Is Paying Penalty for Drawing Immigration from Europe."

The annual report of the Northwest Mounted Police is perhaps the exception which proves the rule that Blue Books are dry as dust. And certainly it is as far different from the ordinary run of departmental reports as an interesting novel from a statistical dissertation on the relative merits of quinquennial and decennial groups or the genealogy of Noah. In addition to a mass of statistical information, the report contains a summary of the work during the past year of what is perhaps the greatest police aggregation in the world, and an outline of the most important cases handled. Strange, indeed, are many of the stories and all the more strange and interesting for being true.

During the twelve months since the last report, no less than 13,391 cases were entered, 11,438 convictions secured, 1,707 dismissed or withdrawn, and 249 were awaiting trial on September 30, 1912. There was an increase of 3,973 cases over the figures for 1911, and 3,560 more convictions. The presence of a large floating population, composed of railway navvies, harvesters, etc., many of them foreigners, is reflected in the criminal statistics. There were no less than 59 crimes of violence, murder, attempted murder or manslaughter. Thirty-six were committed in Alberta; twenty-two in Saskatchewan, and one in the Yukon. These figures compare with a total of only twenty-three such cases in 1905, but in proportion to population there has been little increase. The names of the accused give unmistakable evidence that an undue proportion of the alien population is responsible for these crimes of violence. "The West," reports the commissioner, "is paying the penalty for drawing a large immigration from Europe." Among the motives appearing for the crimes are jealousy over women, 3; for gain, 2; quarrels over money, 4; drunken brawls, 4; preventing arrest, 3; uxoricide, 2; viciousness, 1.

Poisoned His Beefsteak.

In one of the most interesting and sensational cases, Jessie Wilson, wife of a settler near Adanac, Sask., was charged with having caused the death of her brother-in-law by means of strychnine poison. The trial was one carried over from 1911; the jury found a verdict of manslaughter, and a sentence of five years in the penitentiary was imposed. It appears that the deceased was passionately fond of tobacco, and with a view to curing him of the habit by making him a little indisposed, Mrs. Wilson placed the strychnine under his beefsteak at dinner. The sentence was intended rather as a warning to those who might be tempted to deal carelessly and recklessly with such dangerous drugs, than as a punishment to the prisoner.

A ghastly triple murder at Vaseog, Sask., was directly attributable to family differences. Alak, a Hungarian, murdered his wife, shot and killed his father-in-law, and mortally wounded his mother-in-law. He was executed. On the prairies of Western Canada the Mounted Police located an old country Frenchman, Peugeot by name, wanted by the police of St. Leger, France, for the ghastly murder of a woman committed at that place. He was extradited, and upon reaching France confessed his guilt and was sentenced to life imprisonment.

Inhuman Brutality.

Numerous are the cases of brutality, but few bear greater marks of maniacal frenzy than the death of an infant at Tompkins, Sask., at the hands of its step-father. The evidence showed almost inhuman cruelty, such as beating the baby's hand with a whip stock until the nails were black with bruises. The wretch would often kick the child in the stomach when he became angered. Marks on the abdomen were caused by beating and not by being placed on a hot stove as thought by some at the inquest. The sentence of twenty years in the penitentiary might well have been supplemented by periodic application of the lash. A case of almost revolting cruelty occurred at a Galician settlement near Skaro, Alta. A foreigner was found culpably responsible for the death of his infant son, not yet a year old. In a drunken frenzy the father struck the child repeatedly on the chest with his clenched fist, breaking its ribs. Only the brave act of an elder sister in grabbing the babe from its cradle and escaping with it under the bed saved the infant from even more revolting abuse.

Priest Flogged Half-Breed.

A story comes from a point 450 miles north of Prince Albert of how a priest, Rev. Father Percard,

flogged a Chippewyan half-breed for a bestial offence against a two-year-old girl. The accused is now awaiting trial in the Prince Albert jail.

Considerable difficulty has been experienced in a number of instances of bringing foreigners to justice, as they are assisted in evading the police by their fellow-countrymen. This seems to be especially true of the Galicians. In this connection it is interesting to quote a letter written by Superintendent A. R. Outhbert, commanding "G" Division, Edmonton. He says in part in reference to just such a case:

"Every available man has been detailed for the duty along the C.N.R. and in the settlements north of the C.N.R. The country is more or less wooded and the fugitive will receive assistance from compatriots. It is in a contingency of this kind that our inadequacy through lack of men to cope with the conditions is unpleasantly forced upon us. All other duties have to be laid aside and men taken from other investigations, and notwithstanding this, the ground is not sufficiently covered."

Enlisted in England.

The strength of the Northwest Mounted Police last September 30th was 54 officers, 400 non-commissioned officers and constables and 586 horses, or an increase of 4 officers, 21 men and 90 horses over the preceding year. They are distributed over a total of 11 divisional posts and with 185 detachments. Two hundred and three recruits were engaged during the year and 7 re-engaged, making a total of 210. As sufficient men could not be secured in Canada, Inspector West was sent to England with authority to engage recruits and advance them a part of their travelling expenses to the Northwest. He brought out 33 men. The strength, however, is still under the authorized 700.

"The personnel is of the first importance," writes Commissioner A. R. Perry. "Not only must we secure good material, but after training, retain them in the service. A trained man of good character and intelligence with the necessary actual experience is invaluable to us. Unfortunately, men do not enter the force as a career for life as they do in the Royal Irish Constabulary. Rather, they look upon it as a stepping stone to something better, or are attracted to it by a hazy idea that it is a life of ease varied by exciting pursuit of daring criminals."

"When they find that it is all work and severe discipline, they become dissatisfied and either purchase their discharge or desert." Increased remuneration is urged for the entire force.

A Veteran on the Force.

After a service record of 26 years, during which he participated in both the first and second rebellions, Superintendent Charles Constantine died at Long Beach. He was the first to command in the Yukon territory, and in the early days of the gold rush his tact and firmness established the reputation of that gold camp as the most orderly in the world. Subsequently he was employed in the far north and in the strenuous work of the Peace-Yukon road making contracted the disease which eventually caused his death.

Superintendent Deane, stationed at Calgary, writes of the "stampede" held there for the Indians in September. There were nearly 1,200 Redskins in the procession, and "Tom Three Persons," a Blood Indian young man, covered himself with glory by riding a celebrated bucking horse called "Cyclone" and by thus carrying off a thousand-dollar prize and the championship belt offered at the stampede.

Hay \$100 Per Ton.

Short paragraphs and in some cases even sentences give the skeleton of a story of hardship, suffering and death. Following is an example, from the pen of Superintendent Wroughton, of Arthabasca Landing:

"I regret to report that we have had no further news of Herbert Darrell, the intrepid 'dog-runner' and Arctic traveller, and I fear there is no question but that he has perished. Being intimately acquainted with the man and knowing his capabilities, if he were still alive I feel sure some word would have been received from him before this."

The same officer states that "hay was being sold (during the last winter) at the Little Smoky River at \$100 per ton, and at the Athabasca River at \$75 per ton."

There is much of interest in the diary reports of the officers commanding patrols in the far north. Temperatures as low as 52 below zero were reported, and in one case the mercury dropped from 8 above zero in the morning to 46 below during the afternoon. "This sudden change in the weather," writes the sergeant, "gave us all colds, something we never got before."

Proud Mother.—"Such enormous sums that we've spent on dear Clara's voice." Sympathetic Visitor.—"And you can really do nothing for it?"

THE OBSERVER

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The Observer will be sent to any Canadian address from now until July 1 for only 10 cents.

SHIPBUILDING AT PORT OF ST. JOHN.

F. B. Carvell's Remarks in Parliament—A Word to Mr. Hazen.

"For many years it has been the dream and prayer of the people of St. John, Halifax, Sydney and Montreal that great ship-yards should be established, and I believe that if each were established for the building of war vessels, they would also be used for the construction of commercial vessels. Therefore, I say, establish great lines of industry. Let us do something for our workmen, our own industries, and let us make this country more prosperous year by year."

Such was the declaration of F. B. Carvell, M.P., in a recent speech in parliament.

Mr. Carvell went on to say that he had information that Cammell, Laird & Co., the lowest tenders for the Canadian ships in 1911, had at that time an agreement with Norton-Griffiths & Co., tenders for a harbor works at St. John, that for a million dollars spent in connection with the latter's drydock they would be able to build vessels of the British type. That drydock is now under construction, and, said Mr. Carvell, "my honorable friend the minister of marine is well aware that it is the natural first step towards a ship-building plant." The same machinery required for building the one could economically be utilized in constructing the other.

Our Neighbours

Bath.

Miss Kathleen Doherty of St. John spent the Easter holidays with her sister, Mrs. Matt Gallagher.

Miss Alma Hatfield, Truro, has taken charge of the millinery department of Bohan & Co. The work of this department has been carried on very successfully during the past two years by Miss Vera Jones of Sussex.

Miss Marie Ward has returned to P. P. Brennan's for the millinery season.

Miss Bessie Armstrong is spending a few days with Mrs. N. Smith.

Miss Ada Giberson spent the Easter holidays in Sussex, a guest of Miss Vera Jones.

Mrs. Harris has returned from a visit with relatives at Presque Isle.

A great many from Bath attended the dedication services held in the new Baptist church at East Florenceville on Sunday, Mar. 30.

Miss Jessie Squires has been obliged to resign her school at Lower Kintore on account of ill health, and her place has been taken by Miss Nellie Ingraham.

The P.N.S. students who spent Easter in and near Bath were Miss Lella Giberson, Miss Pickard, Miss Heron, Miss Ethel Simms and Bertram Campbell.

Powers & Brewer have removed the machinery which has been used in the construction of the new railroad bridge.

Avondale.

Mrs. Frank Watson of Topsfield, Mass., has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Laskey. She started for her home on Monday last.

G. W. Green is home from St. John for awhile.

Mrs. Edward Sherwood who was taken suddenly ill last week has somewhat recovered.

Mrs. McLean is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jas. Barter.

Mrs. Fred Thornton is in Hartland at present.

Leo Crandemire and Harry Carter attended the Minstrel show at Hartland, Tuesday night.

O. S. Tidd has moved to Wilnot where he intends keeping store. He will be much missed in the place.

The woodworking factory is closed for a few days.

Harry Barter was in Hartland on Tuesday.

Thomas Hourigan of Newburg,

Jct., who has been visiting his uncle returned to his home on Thursday.

Little Clayton Crandemire has been quite ill of the mumps.

Mrs. C. J. Laskey is gaining slowly. G. C. Jones was visiting friends in Knoxford last week.

Mrs. J. Campbell of St. Thomas has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Fewer.

Mrs. Alice Plummer of Waterville spent last week at C. J. Laskeys.

Ora Sherwood was in Avondale last Thursday.

Miss Annie Upton has returned home after visiting her sister, Mrs. Harry McIntyre of Canterbury.

Carlisle.

It looks as though spring had opened to stay. Several robins and barn swallows have been seen here, and one of our neighbors killed a large field snake.

Miss Mae, youngest daughter of D. Prosser, died at her home on March 25. Paralysis was the cause. The funeral was held on Thursday at 2 p. m.

Addington Newell had his thumb crushed in Stockford's mill on Thursday last. Dr. Curtis was summoned and it was found necessary to amputate it close to the hand.

A number of the young people from Rockland and Windsor went to W. L. Craig's to spend the evening on Monday. The young ladies each taking a box of dainties, and the boys a can of oysters. After spending the early part of the evening in music and games they were seated to a sumptuous dinner. The party was a genuine surprise to both Mr. and Mrs. Craig, but all reported a good time.

Crawford & Long have finished their lumber operations.

Mrs. Frank Sharp spent Tuesday at Mrs. W. L. Craig's.

Mrs. Harvey Faulkner was the guest of Mrs. Robert Clendenning on Tuesday.

Mrs. J. Sterling King was calling at several of the homes in this locality where there are immigrant children, this week.

Robert Clendenning has returned from hauling lumber from Welch's mill.

Mrs. Barter of Avondale has been visiting at Mrs. Colby Orser's.

Bath.

Elias J. Kearney has placed his ferry on the route between here and Wicklow. It has been something over three weeks since teams discontinued crossing. This shows the urgent need of a bridge at the point to accommodate the people.

J. N. Drost has the contract for driving the mail between this point and Summerfield. This is a new route lately established and second of the rural mail delivery routes opposite here.

J. W. Wolverton and Ernest Sewell were callers here last week.

Several residents of this place paid a visit to Woodstock on Friday last.

Rev. E. C. Turner occupied the Methodist pulpit on Sunday at 11 a. m., and Rev. Kenneth McLennan the Baptist at 7.30 p. m.

Mrs. Biggar of Biggar Ridge is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jas. J. Lister.

Harry Kinney returned to Houlton, Me., after a short visit at his home here.

C. E. Giberson is finishing up two fine tenements in his new house, one of which is to be occupied by Mr. McGee and wife.

G. E. Nixon is making some changes in the interior of his shop. This shop was formerly known as the M. A. Tompkins harness shop.

Florenceville.

Stephen Ross is suffering from a severe attack of neuralgia.

Rev. C. W. Waldon will preach in the Baptist church on afternoon of April 13.

James Barrett has moved to Charleston.

Herbert Haughn has gone to Augusta, Maine, to spend the summer with his sister.

East Florenceville.

Rev. E. B. McLatchey is holding special meetings in the new United Baptist church, and will continue here until the end of the month.

Mr. Beag, the new manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia has arrived. On Monday evening about 30 friends of James Powrie, the retiring manager, banquetted him at Day's hotel. A delightful repast was served in Host Day's best style. At the close Mr. Powrie was presented with a fine silk umbrella.

Rev. E. C. Turner has been preaching a series of sermons on the Commandments. The one on Sunday evening was especially instructive and forcible.

Two young farmers residing on the

Centreville road are frequent visitors to town and rumor reports a series of weddings for the near future.

Wiley, son of D. T. Day, is suffering severely from measles. Dr. Phipps is the attending physician.

Miss Edith Haughn of the N. B. telephone office is ill of appendicitis.

Greenfield.

Bernice McKay has gone to Caribou where she is employed in the millinery trade.

Ronnie Long spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in this place.

Allen Wallace of Bairdville was the guest of Alex Ritchie on Friday.

Mrs. James Ritchie and son, Archie, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in River de Chute.

Friends of this place were very sorry to hear of the death of Mrs. Gideon Fulton of Lowell, Mass.

Mr. Dill and Mr. Lawson of Plaster Rock were guests of Arthur Armstrong last week.

Mrs. Robert McKay is reported ill at this writing.

Wynna Golding entertained the Y.P.S.C. Saturday afternoon and evening. All reported a good time.

Edna Ritchie and Lottie Kilpatrick spent the week-end at their homes in this place.

Roy and Lulu Kilpatrick spent Sunday at Washington Kilpatrick's, Lower Greenfield.

The young people enjoyed a sing at Joseph Ritchie's Sunday evening.

Gay Carmichael was the guest of Robert McKay on Sunday.

Bristol.

The Bristol wood-working factory opened last week after being closed down for the winter. The same crew is running it as last year.

Josiah Giberson and William Jones left on Monday last for British Columbia. They plan on taking their families west later in the season.

Mrs. Belle Delong Lockhart who is now selling out preparatory to removing west is offering some sure bargains which will pay anyone to take advantage of.

Miss Mona Phillips who spent Easter with her parents has returned to her studies at Mount Allison.

Arthur Frost of South Knowlesville is visiting relatives and friends in the village.

Mrs. Gibbons who came here from England a little over a year ago, is now on her way back again having left Bristol on Thursday last.

Rev. David Brooks who has been quite ill is now on the road to recovery.

Rev. E. B. McLatchey occupied the pulpit of the United Baptist church on Sunday evening after an absence of several weeks.

River Bank.

Herbert Smalley started for Vancouver on April 2.

Mrs. F. McCluskey of Woodstock is visiting at Mrs. C. M. Dow's and Mrs. R. J. Long's.

Minnie Bell, Upper Peel, has been sewing for her aunt, Mrs. J. N. Bell.

Mrs. B. E. Tompkins entertained a few of her friends one evening last week. Those present were Mesdames C. M. Shaw, R. J. Long, McCluskey, J. D. Lovely, B. Ebbett, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. McDonald, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bell and Minnie Bell.

Mrs. F. Turner and Mrs. E. W. Bell of Stickney and Mrs. B. Tompkins called on Mrs. G. F. Jones Sunday afternoon. We are sorry to say she is in poor health.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Kennedy of Hartland are visiting her grandmother, Mrs. H. C. Hunter.

Mr. and Mrs. Gideon Holmes was calling in Stickney one day recently.

South Wakefield.

We are glad to hear of the recovery of Mrs. Gifford Gray who has been quite sick with bronchitis.

Harry Shaw has purchased a new horse to take the place of the one he lost recently.

Russel Hatfield was calling on friends in this place on Sunday.

Ward Clark is spending a few days in Fredericton.

Miss Frances Britton was calling on Mrs. Fred Britton on Sunday.

Raymond Dickinson of Pembroke spent Sunday at the home of Harry Shaw.

Frank Britton passed through this place last week on his way to Presque Isle.

Davis, Nita and Lottie Shaw and Raymond Dickinson spent Sunday evening at John Sharp's.

Mrs. Alex. Duthie is spending a few days with Mrs. William Duthie.

Job Printing at the Observer Office

Jacksonville Superior School.

In the March examinations the advanced department was led by Serena True, the primary by Hattie Johnson. Below are the averages of those who made over 70 per cent in the advanced and of all the pupils of the primary department:

Grade XI—Serena True 92
Grade X—Tva Thomas 91, Robert Hannah 81.

Grade IX—Zella McBride 78, Grace Everett 78, Lillian Harper 77, Rowena Kinney 72, Frank Lipsett 72, Grace Emery 71, Stanley Henderson 70, Basil Palmer 87.

Grade VIII—Earl Hayward 75, Hazel Palmer 73, Goldie Havens 72, Thelma Lipsett 71, Bessie Kinney 70.

Grade VII—Katherine Emery 90, Gertrude Harper 86, Walter Wray 77.

RUTH HARPER, Teacher.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT

Grade V—Hattie Johnson 97, Sheldon London 93, Annie Palmer 86, Charlie Kinney 69, Roy Hayward 66, Jamie Gibson 63, Irving Everett 60, Walter Frazier 59, Allen Nelson 50.

Grade IV—Charlie Kearney 93, Ray Hayward 84, Howard Gibson 72.

Grade III—Maud Kinney 89, Frank Gibson 84, Lizzie Greag 75, Allan Turner 68, Norman Palmer 56.

Grade II—Earl Gartley 93, Elizabeth Johnson 90, Jennie Everett 78.

Grade I—Amelia Hayward 97, Arthur Kearney 86, Doris London 78, Gerald Lipsett 77, Carl Gibson 53, Gerald Johnson 50.

WILHELMINA HAYWARD, Teacher.

Middle Simonds School.

The monthly report of the Middle Simonds school, Dist. No. 1, for the month of March:

Grade I—Dorothy Hatfield 71; Helen Shaw 70.

Grade II—Dora Hatfield 72.

Grade III—Harry Hatfield 75.5.

Grade IV—Randolph Hatfield 66; Verna Shaw 61.

Grade V—Lucy Raymond 79; Arthur Shaw 74.6.

Helen Shaw, Mildred Shaw, Verna Shaw and Dora Hatfield made perfect attendance during the month.

R. ESPY CRAIG, Teacher.

PILES Do not suffer another day with itching, bleeding, or protruding piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. See a box; all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

THE HOULTON Business COLLECT.

More than 75 of our students are from New Brunswick, and we could assist twice as many. If you have been considering the matter, why not enter now.

YOU WILL FIND FRIENDS HERE

O. A. HODGINS, Prin., Houlton, Me.

Building Lot For Sale!

Situated next north of C. W. Hurst's residence, being a part of the Albert Orser property. Has 100 feet front and 100 feet depth, with apple trees and small fruits. Owing to my desire to go back to the west at an early date this is offered for a quick sale. Mrs. M. E. Thornton, Bath, N. B. Further particulars may be had of W. F. Thornton at Exchange hotel.

FARM FOR SALE

I wish to sell my farm, consisting of 100 acres, situated in Somerville, just opposite Hartland. Will sell with or without stock and machinery.

J. HARVEY BELYEA

Driving Boots

Made to Measure in the best manner from best of stock. Prices reasonable. Order early.

C. S. HALLETT, Lower Windsor

Watches, Clocks, Wedding and Engagement Rings.

Repair work neatly done. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Agent Crown Tailoring Co.

T. B. THISTLE, Hartland, N. B.

Money to Loan

on Real Estate
Large or Small Amounts
M. L. HAYWARD,
Hartland, N. B.

W. P. Jones, K. C.

Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor, etc.

WOODSTOCK N. B.

We Leave It to You to Decide



WE BELIEVE that we have the best line of Winter Suits and Overcoats for Men to be seen anywhere about here—the most handsome styles, the best fitting models, the best qualities, and the most reasonable prices—but we do not ask you to accept our belief alone.

We Leave That for You to Decide

Call and see these elegant Winter Clothes—note the quality of the goods, the careful workmanship and the stylish models in which they are made. Try on a few and observe their perfect fit and graceful lines. Surely you will say: "These are faultless clothes."

Our line for winter comprises clothes to please every taste, from the conservative to the most extreme. The right Suit or Overcoat to please every taste and every purse is here.

The John McLauchlan Co. Limited
Hartland and Woodstock

Saturday - April 12

A SPECIAL

COMB SALE

We have a variety of Combs of high quality and worth 25 cents apiece. The lot includes Ladies' 8-inch Black Rubber or White Celluloid Combs, a 7-inch Barber's Comb for men, or a very good pocket comb—we have just what you want whether you are a lady or a gentleman. Next Saturday—the day of our Special Sale—we will give

A Comb, your choice,	worth 25c.
A Box of Finest Camphor Ice	" 10c.
A Bottle of Liquid Court Plaster	" 10c.
The selection is	" 45c.

You get ALL for only 25c. if you come Saturday, April 12

The Camphor Ice is good as can be bought. For cracked, rough or chapped skin, for the hands and lips; it cools, soothes, heals.

The Liquid Court Plaster is a colorless, transparent, waterproof, germ-proof material in liquid form which dries when applied to any cut, bruise or skin abrasion, forming a false skin which remains until the wound is well.

More Gold Fish Coming.

about two weeks. These will be in larger globes than the last lot. Leave your order on Saturday.

ESTEY & CURTIS CO., LTD.

Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Hartland.

Accuracy } What About } Quality
Carefulness } Reliability }
Your Ice Cream Supply for the Summer?

Owing to the fact that we are this year doubling our Ice Cream Plant, we are prepared much better than ever to meet the demand of our wholesale trade.

We have installed the largest Ice Cream Freezer in Woodstock and are prepared to fill all orders at any time—winter or summer.

We desire to correspond with all parties intending to handle Ice Cream this season.

Wholesale Trade Price, \$1.00 per Gallon

We would make it better if we could
We could make it cheaper if we would

Give us a trial this season. Absolute satisfaction guaranteed.

OUR AIM: } **Stevens Bros.** } YOUR WISH:
The Best Drugs } Lowest Prices }

"The Reliable Druggists"

J. C. STEVENS, Centreville Manager

2 STORES:

Centreville and Woodstock,

Local News and Personal Items

Mrs. D. H. Keswick has returned from Cabano.

J. R. H. Simms, Bath, was here one day last week.

Dean H. Shaw returned from the woods on Friday.

Miss Sadie Clowes visited Woodstock on Saturday.

FOR SALE: 1 Horse Cheap. Enoch B. Estabrooks, Coldstream.

Miss French of Woodstock was last week the guest of Mrs. S. S. Miller.

WANTED—two good new milch cows. Shaw Bros., Highland Farm, Victoria, N. B.

Mellon Foster, who has resided in Hartland for some time, has removed to Florenceville.

Rev. C. H. Orser of Mars Hill was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. White the first of the week.

T. W. McAfee is confined to the house with rheumatism. He boards at the home of John Reid.

The board of examiners of stationary engineers will hold an examination at Woodstock tomorrow.

Do not neglect to attend the Agricultural meeting in the Forester's hall on Saturday afternoon.

John A. Bowes of St. John, one of the best known of New Brunswick journalists, died on Saturday.

Rev. P. A. Fitzpatrick was a guest of Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Gray, Caribou, Me., a few days last week.

LOST—A lady's belt buckle with amethyst colored setting. Finder will please leave at the drug store.

H. N. Boyer has a Home Comfort steel range, nearly new, which he offers at a bargain, and on easy terms.

The people of Caribou, Me., have shipped a carload of potatoes to the sufferers from flood at Dayton, Ohio.

There will be Church of England service in Burtt's hall on the coming Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Rev. Nicole Franchette, rector of Brighton and Aberdeen, has been authorized to solemnize marriages in this province.

FOR SALE: A limited number of choice pure bred Yorkshire pigs from the best of McDonald College stock. Fiske Bros., Florenceville.

Roy Letson has opened a store in the N. B. Telephone Company building. He is stocking fruit, light groceries, tobacco, etc., and will also run a lunch counter.

For Sale: A FAIRBANKS HAY SCALE in good condition. Weighs up to 3½ tons. Certificate of correctness furnished. Address P. O. Box 177, Hartland, N. B.

R. A. Rideout of Mount Pleasant came to Hartland on Friday and took the train for Woodstock, having with him his son, Charles, whom he took to Dr. Crockett for treatment of the eyes.

Four Scott Act cases, from Bath and Florenceville, were tried before Police Magistrate Holyoke at Woodstock, Saturday, and three convictions were made, the fourth being dismissed.

The Observer is informed that the Department of Public Works has assented to the use of the assembly room in the post office building for the purposes of a reading room, and the movement is likely to be brought to a successful issue.

M. L. Hayward went to Woodstock on Thursday evening.

There were no morning papers from St. John on Tuesday by reason of a freight wreck east of McAdam.

Estey & Curtis' last bargain sale was enlivened by a display of gold-fish. Seventy-two pairs went off like hot-cakes. At their sale next Saturday enquire for particulars about the next lot.

WANTED—Foxes, all colors, bears, mink, marten, sable, fishers, lynx, skunks, moose. Write describing what you have to offer and best cash price. J. D. Frier, Sussex, N. B.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. Ebbett of Stickney announce the engagement of their daughter, Mabel Armanella to Ward Beecher Crain of Bath. The marriage is to take place this month.

READ THIS: H. R. Nixon is giving away with ten pounds of Nixon's Special Tea one of those fancy jet tea pots; something new. He has them in the window. Look at them when you go by.

On Wednesday of last week W. D. Keith and his son, Kenneth, returned from Boston whither they had gone to be near Mrs. Keith at the time of her serious operation. They brought the cheering news that Mrs. Keith withstood the shock well and was likely to make a speedy recovery.

Never has local talent been more warmly praised than for the performance given last week in support of the baseball team. From old and young and from all classes have words of commendation come. The boys comprising the entertainment company are likely to repeat the performance when the roads become more passable. They may also give the show in the upriver towns.

The Woodstock Board of Trade on Friday listened to the report of the committee appointed to look into the matter of securing grounds for the use of the Agricultural Society. The land required is owned by the town and in the hands of trustees who told the commission that no proposition would be entertained that required land for the purpose that would include a race track.

A distressing accident occurred at Lower Brighton on Thursday of last week when Harry Glass, a man about 40 years of age had his arm so badly mangled in the beater of a threshing machine that amputation was necessary. Dr. Curtis and Dr. Macintosh rendered the necessary surgical aid, and while the man's condition is serious, he is likely to make a good recovery. Mr. Glass is unmarried.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held at the home of Mrs. Taylor on April 3. After the business was transacted the plan of work was read and discussed. At the close refreshments were served by Mrs. Taylor. The next meeting, on April 17, is to be a parlor meeting at the home of Mrs. Sipprell at 7.30 p.m. A fine program is being prepared, consisting of music, readings and prepared papers. We cordially invite all interested in the work to meet with us and enjoy a pleasant evening. Refreshments will be served and home-made candy will be offered for sale. A silver collection will be taken to help in the work.

Pneumonia Stops Your Pain
or breaks up your cold in one hour. It's marvellous. Applied externally. All Druggists.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

Used 102 Years for Internal and External Ills

Are you prepared to relieve sudden cramps and pains that may come any time?

Johnson's Anodyne Liniment responds quickly in relieving coughs, colds, bowel troubles, burns, cuts, chaps, etc.

25c and 50c everywhere

I. S. JOHNSON & CO. Boston, Mass.

Parsons' Pills Help The Liver

Fort Fairfield.

George Young and Miss Helen McCormick of Kincardine, were guests at the Exchange Hotel Sunday.

Master Wendell Boyd and his young sisters Elva and Ada have been visiting their mother's people in Victoria.

Miss Ethel Armstrong, bookkeeper for L. K. Cary Company, was in Andover Tuesday and Wednesday to attend the Baird-Kupkey wedding.

Charles Taylor, a C.P.R. conductor between Presque Isle and St. Stephen recently fell from a ladder of a box car and broke his ankle. Mr. Taylor is a half brother to George W. Richardson of this village.

Rev. Alfred H. Trafton, pastor of the Reformed Baptist church in Perth, spent some time in Fort Fairfield last week with his son Rev. M. S. Trafton, pastor of the church in this village.

Miss Ennis Perkins of Centerville who has been a telephone girl at the Fort Fairfield central office for some time, has severed her connection with that company, and goes to her home shortly. Her place is taken by Miss Clara Hendrickson of Fort Fairfield. Miss Perkins' companions tendered her a nice little supper Tuesday evening.

Sites and rumors of sites are all the rage now in Fort Fairfield—sites for hotels, sites for C.P.R. depot, sites for federal buildings, etc., etc.

The ridiculous story that has been spread in the region and through various parts of Victoria county, N. B., that Dr. A. C. Moffat of Kiburn, N. B., is dead, might as well be refuted now as any time. The genial doctor writes the editor of the Review that the report of his death has been considerably exaggerated, and that he is not dead and has no idea of dying now. It beats all what starts such stories, doesn't it?—Review.

Produce Prices.

This week there is an increase in the egg supply and dealers are paying 20 cents. Butter remains in good demand at 25 cents.

Potatoes of which there are still many in the country, are quoted at 70 cents. On account of the state of the roads none are coming in.

Hay remains at \$7. to \$9. per ton and oats at \$8 to 40 cents.

Buckwheat is quoted at 45 cents and meal at \$2. Beans are scarce. Imported yellow eyes sell at retail for 7 cents a pound but the native product brings \$3. per bushel.

Dressed pork brings 10 to 10½ and live beef about 7 cents.

Regrets.

(Hubert McBean Johnston)
Yesterday, I spanked him;
Today, as he lies there,
Poor, hotly fevered little wight,
With towed, golden hair,
I wonder was it right
Sometimes I've called him bad;
I guess it's only play
And just mere boyish fun
That makes him act that way;
But what is done is done.
Tomorrow, says the doctor,
We'll know what to expect;
His temperature is higher and,
As though I could protect,
I sit and hold his hand.
He can't be really ill;
Why, yesterday, he played
—and made a noise; I spanked him—my!
I wish instead I'd prayed,
What—what if he should die!

People's Agricultural Society Gaining Ground.

During the past few weeks a good canvas has been put up in the promotion of the People's Agricultural Society, and with fairly good results. It is necessary to secure a hundred names before incorporation is possible and it is expected that this will be accomplished this week. The secret

tary of agriculture, with W. H. Moore and Andrew Elliot will be present at the meeting Apr. 12. During the week Mr. Elliot, who is a Dominion expert of known ability, will be in this section visiting among the farmers and giving informal interviews on subjects that pertain to local interests and conditions.

Answer to Squire Orser's Question.

The question put to the readers of the Observer by Squire Albert Orser in the issue of two weeks ago was put rather ambiguously. The editor in writing the paragraph understood Mr. Orser that the answer was the name of a person. This was not so, but the word referred to a common noun. Several answers have been received, a number of them giving the name Melchizedek, in fact all of the answers but one gave that name. That one was given to the editor within two hours after the paper containing the question was mailed. It was handed in by Miss Clara Boyer, daughter of H. N. Boyer, and she gave John the Baptist as the greatest name mentioned in the Bible. She cited as proof Matt. 11:11. Anyone who will take the trouble to look this up will see that the answer comes very near to filling the requirements of the question.

Keith & Plummer wish to announce that they have installed the Farmers' Telephone for the convenience of their customers, and orders sent over this line will have prompt attention.

Property for Sale

100 acre Farm at Mainstream.
100 acre Wood Lot in the Parish of Simonds.
80 acre Wood Lot at Highgate.
105 acre Farm on Highgate Road.

House and Lot at Avondale on proposed Valley Railway.

All will be sold on easy terms. Enquire of

M. L. HAYWARD,
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FOR SALE

As the owner intends going away, he will sell at a bargain—
One Cook Stove (Lansdowne Improved), with Pipe
One Rubber Tired Wagon
One Single Harness.

ROY L. CRAIG,
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Blacksmithing and Horse

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Jobbing Promptly attended to
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... DEALER IN ...

Real Estate, Insurance

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General Merchandise

Agent for the sale of Lots and Acreage in and around the growing towns of

Fort George and New Hazelton, B. C.

Now is the time to buy. Prices have already advanced, but the big money will be made in the near future. Lots can be bought for 10 per cent. discount for cash or in payments of \$10 per month.

Insurance

When a man insures he wants to know that the company he deals with is SAFE. I am agent for some of the largest and soundest companies in the world, amongst them **The Liverpool and London and Globe, Queen, New York Underwriters, etc.**

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Am now closing out this line. Can give great bargains in Fur Goods, Clothing, Ladies' Coats, Millinery, Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Hardware, Crockeryware, etc.

JOHN T. G. CARR

Hartland

Millinery!

SPRING AND SUMMER

Hats for Ladies and Children

An endless variety of styles. Come early and place your orders. Work is in charge of an experienced lady who can suit the most fastidious tastes. Our Cotton and Muslin Dresses are expected daily. New Gingham, Muslin and Prints just received. An immense range of shades for old and young.

Slater, McCready and Model Shoes

CLOTHING—Raincoats as low as \$4.75. Hats and Caps, Umbrellas and Rubbers.

Seed Time is Near. Don't forget that we have Grass Seed as low as \$2.85 bushel!

Lime, Brick, Cement, Shingles, Furniture

BOHAN & CO.

Do You Intend to Build

or repair your house this year?

Call and see us. We can quote you on anything you require.

Plans and MATERIALS at lowest Prices

Doors, Sashes, Mouldings, Stair Finish, Hardwood, Spruce and Pine Flooring, Verandah Posts, solid or built, Rail, Flooring and Ballusters, Clapboards and Siding

Ask to see Sketches of Verandahs and Porch Fronts

We handle the very best grade of Roofing.

Hartland Woodworking Co., Ltd.

Shaw Bros.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Wagon Repairing

New Crank Axles, Wood and Iron Work of all kinds

Shaw Bros., General Blacksmiths

Rich AND Mellow



You'll Like the Flavor

35¢-40¢-50¢ Per Pound

To Secure the Best Results

Use York and Kent Timothys
GOVERNMENT STANDARDS

Chest Colds, Wheezing Cured Over Night

You Can Break Up Cold, Feel Fine
Next Morning, by Following
the "Nerviline" Method.

Experiences of a Trained Nurse.

Every mother knows how difficult it is to get a young child to take a cough mixture. Seldom will one help unless given in large doses, and the result is to completely upset the stomach and make the child sick.

Speaking of the prompt cure for chest troubles and children's colds, Nurse Carrington says: "In all my experience in nursing I haven't met any preparation so dependable as Nerviline. It is the ideal liniment. Every drop you rub on is absorbed quickly, sinks through the pores to the congested mucous, eases, relieves and cures quickly. Especially for chest colds, pain in the side, stiff neck, earache, toothache, I have found Nerviline invaluable. In treating the minor ailments of children Nerviline has no equal. I think Nerviline should be in every home."

Hundreds of thousands of bottles of Nerviline meet every year—proof that it is the ideal liniment for the home. Refuse anything your dealer may offer instead of Nerviline. Large family size bottles, 50¢, trial size, 25¢. All dealers or the Catarrhine Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and Kingston, Ont.

Small Worries.

Worry is a habit, like biting the finger nails, turning in the toes, or talking slang. It comes in time to be not only a habit, but a painful indulgence, almost as over-eating, or a violent temper, or scandal and tale-bearing. The mind readily falls a victim to bad mental habits. To make much of small things is to be little life. To magnify and give importance to little evils is to distort out of all reality the actual things worth living for. When the peace of a whole family is upset because the breakfast coffee is cold, or some one has mislaid the morning paper, things have lost due proportion. To be happy one should look at the evils and worries of life as if from the large end of an opera-glass; while for pleasant things the small end of the glass should be held to the eyes. This mental adjustment is possible. It is practised constantly by people who "look upon the bright side."

Marvels of Heat.

Of all the remarkable developments of science in its relation to modern industry none is more marvellous than the utilization of extreme heat. The romance of heat is more fascinating than any of the stories of adventure which captivate the imagination of the reader at the present day. For some years past scientific men have been striving to produce heat fiercer than any temperature of which we have experience in ordinary life. The greatest heat ever developed by the agency of man was obtained by Sir Andrew Noble, who exploded cordite in closed vessels so that a pressure of 50 tons to the square inch was registered and a degree of heat never previously recorded.

The Servant Problem.

"How many servants have you at your little suburban home?"
"Three."
"You surprise me. I should think that one would be enough. How can you find employment for three servants?"
"We always have one coming, one going and one there."

Shivery Mornings

You can have a taste of the summer sunshine of the corn fields by serving a dish of

Post Toasties

These crisp flavoured bits of toasted white corn make an appetizing dish at any time of year.

Try them in February and taste the delicate true maize flavour.

A dish of Toasties served either with cream or milk, or fruit, is surprisingly good.

"The Memory Lingers"

Grocers everywhere sell
Toasties.

Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Windsor, Ontario.

VERY STRANGE COMMUNITY

MUTINOUS SAILORS START
HOME IN FAR SPOT.

Insurrection of the Seamen Resulted
in New Settlement in
Tahiti.

Political economists are little given to dreaming, but for purposes of illustration they often imagine the case of a man cast on a solitary island and speculate on what he would do and what he could accomplish. Robinson Crusoe is their example.

But what would a band of nine criminals do if they set themselves up in a hitherto uninhabited island 1,800 miles from the nearest point of land? Suppose they took wives from among the women of Tahiti and impressed six South Sea Island men to act as servants and went to a blooming isle where all that was necessary to sustain life was to sleep under a bread fruit tree until breakfast, dinner and supper fell down to wake them up? The offspring of these people would be degenerate, especially after they intermarried for 100 years, most persons would say.

Would they?
It was in 1789 that the British warship *Bounty* sailed for Tahiti, following the suite of Captain Cook. The expedition was to gather bread fruit and other tropical plants to be taken to the West Indies for transplanting.

When the ship anchored at Tahiti all hands, from the commander, Captain Bligh, down to the seamen, started in on

A Lazy, Luxurious Existence.

There was little or no work to be done, the weather was balmy, fruit and other good things were plentiful, and when the time came to set sail the men were inclined to grumble at the prospect of sea fare and work again. To make matters worse, Captain Bligh was a man with a short temper and a sharp tongue, and he made matters worse by giving most of his crew a turn in irons. He vented his petty spite furthermore by cutting down their allowance of food and grog and threatening to work them to death if they didn't starve.

It ended in mutiny.
Captain Bligh awoke one morning to find his bunk surrounded by armed sailors. Already one of the ship's boats had been dropped astern, and in it sat 18 men who refused to join the mutineers. The captain was forced into the boat and a small supply of food and water lowered after him. The ship sailed off, leaving the faithful few without a compass or any means of discovering land.

Bligh was a blunt man, but he was a brave and determined sailor, and he made a plucky fight for life. He won, too, after sailing 3,600 miles in an open boat, fighting storms and hunger, he reached land without the loss of a single life.

When he arrived in England Bligh cleared himself of all blame, and was made an admiral a little later, when he distinguished himself in battle and was complimented by Nelson.

A man-of-war was sent out to search the Pacific for the mutineers. The ones who had joined unwillingly in the revolt were found at Tahiti, and

Three of Them were Hanged.

But nine of the most desperate, led by Fletcher Christian, who seemed to have been driven half insane by the commander's cruelty, had set out in the *Bounty* to find a lonely isle where they could hide from all mankind.

All the world supposed that the *Bounty* had gone down, and it was 20 years before the truth was known. It was an American whaler that discovered the retreat of the mutineers in 1808. It had stopped at the island charted as Pitcairn for water, and the crew was thunderstruck at being hailed from the shore in good English. The man who hailed them was the only survivor of the piratical nine who had escaped.

According to the story of this man, John Adams, about four years after their arrival the six men from Tahiti they had brought with them revolted from the tyranny of the white men and killed all except him. The same night the widows of the Englishmen arose and put to death the whole of the Tahitians, leaving him the only man alive on the island, with eight or nine women and several children.

For a time, it seemed, the mutineers had lived peacefully, having divided the tillable land into nine parts, and used the Polynesian men as servants. All went well until the wife of Christian died, and he determined to fill her place with the wife of his servant. The man shot Christian and anarchy began.

The Down-trodden Savages withdrew to the slope of the mountain (the island is only a great peak surrounded by a coral reef, and it contains about two square miles). Then a Scotchman and a companion went off in the forest and found a root, out of which they made a very

satisfactory substitute for whiskey. Under the influence of this they terrorized their more peaceable neighbors until the two fell, or were pushed, over a cliff. Further trouble over the women was ended only when Adams was the only man left alive.

Some elements of conscience were revived in Adams by these bloody scenes. When the whaler landed there he found about 35 inhabitants, most of them young grownups, who acknowledged Adams as their commander, and had been educated by him in a religious and moral way. He had found an old prayer book, and every morning commenced the day with religious service. They all spoke English fluently.

Adams was an old man by this time, and was greatly in fear of being carried back to England for punishment. Two English warships called there six years later, but so well was the little community prospering that it was left in peace. Shortly afterwards a whaler, John Buffett, was so taken with the simple life he found that he remained on the island and built a school-house. Trouble knew them not for several years, until George Nobbs, a young man with colossal nerve, decided to cast his lot with them. By virtue of his superior education he declared himself their ruler, and established a system of taxes, with the result that he was

The Only Man Who Did No Work.

Nobbs and a companion were put on a ship a few years later and exiled.

The Pitcairn Islanders do not often have visitors, but recently the inhabitants of that romantic place were hosts to Robert Heektoel, a British scientist, while on his way from Valparaiso, Chile, to Australia. The population now consists of 150 persons, all Seventh Day Adventists, having been converted by a missionary ship in the '60s. There are 67 children under 16. The food consists of sweet potatoes, a little wheat, pumpkins and tropical fruits. The use of medicine is discouraged and the usual cause of death is old age. Smoking and drinking are habits unknown.

All rise at 5 o'clock and, after religious services, work until 2 in the afternoon on public work, building roads and in producing articles and food to be held in common. The rest of the day the inhabitants have to themselves, to work or play, as pleases them. After the evening religious services most of the colonists retire at sundown. Their total wealth, this recent visitor reports, is about \$50. The community is governed by a council.

A Bad Heart, Its Cause and Cure

Many Firmly Convinced They Are
Dying of Heart Trouble, Have Often
the Strongest Hearts.

Sometimes you wake up at night, heart throbbing like a steam engine. Your breathing is short and irregular; pains shoot through the chest and abdomen, and cause horrible anxiety.

Your trouble isn't with the heart at all. These sensations are the outcome of indigestion, which has caused gas to form on the stomach and press against the heart.

Just read what happened to Isaac Malloux, of Belle River, Ont.:

"Three months ago I was a weak, sickly man. My appetite was poor, food ferreted in my stomach. I had sour regurgitation. At night I would often wake with gas in the stomach and heart palpitation.

"I consulted my doctor and used remedies that my friends advised. Nothing helped.

"One day I received a sample of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, and my cure commenced. Today I have a vigorous appetite, strong heart action, and no sign of indigestion. I feel younger and healthier than ever before."

Your druggist or storekeeper sells Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 50¢ per box or five boxes for \$2.50. By mail from The Catarrhine Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and Kingston, Canada.

Boastfully Arrogant.

"Some men do like to brag about their wealth."

"What's the matter now?"

"Bartlett stopped me yesterday to tell me proudly that he has hens in his backyard that are still laying eggs."



Veteran (with sieve)—While yer up there, Ned, look if yer can see the postman a-comin'.

TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE

INTERESTING BITS OF GOSSIP FROM
THE QUEEN CITY.

The Late Dr. Beattie Nesbitt—Toronto Has Some Rich Men—Workmen's Compensation—Passing of James Young.

Always delightful in life in dramatic situations, the spirit of the late Beattie Nesbitt must have found some satisfaction in the chain of circumstances which found a climax in his death. In the court room his lawyers pleading for the quashing of the indictments against him, at his bedside his doctors struggling to retain the breath of life. The lawyers gained their point; but one short hour later Beattie Nesbitt was dead.

Beattie Nesbitt's hero in history was Napoleon. His living rooms were filled with pictures and books pertaining to the Emperor, and it is said that he devoted every line of Napoleon literature he could find. No doubt this fact explains why Nesbitt's life was in some striking respects not excluding the misery of later years) an imitation of Napoleon.

Nesbitt was an organizer. He had the restless energy of his imagination made the promoter. He was resourceful. But it is hardly correct to say that he was either very strong or a very great man. He had the heart to resolve and the head to contrive but he rarely had the hand to execute.

Organized Ward Associations.
He has left his mark on the political life of Toronto. The Conservative Ward Association as they exist to-day are a monument to his work. They are exceedingly influential and effective in their work. His original idea, it is said, was to introduce an organization that would be effective as a summary, but in this he was thwarted by what is known as the silk-stocking element in the ward, with whom he was in conflict.

There was some disappointment among his friends when he was not taken into the Whitney Cabinet, which was organized in 1902 and it was not long afterward that he retired from the Legislature to accept the Regency. The Regency was a fact for which Nesbitt must be thanked. His original idea, it is said, was to introduce an organization that would be effective as a summary, but in this he was thwarted by what is known as the silk-stocking element in the ward, with whom he was in conflict.

His Physical Strength.
Many stories are told of his enormous strength. Once single-handed he cleaned over a dozen of the city's streets, making trouble in a northern camp. Again getting into an altercation with a man on account of some trifling matter, he had been done to the ground in which Nesbitt was riding, he bought the outfit for \$250 and then returned it up to the street.

He was an active Orangeman. As a young man he broke his party in the Dalton McCarthy days, but later was instrumental in bringing Mr. Clarke and Sir Charles Finnerley together on the same platform in Massey Hall. He arranged for them to shake hands, when the audience in the hall exclaimed, "Is not that a great pair to draw to?" He was an admirer, however, of the Rev. Dr. Scholastic Church, and frequently said that if he had been born a Roman Catholic he would have become a Bishop.

Toronto's first bell was erected in the list of twenty-three men who, according to Ron. H. K. Emerson, control practically all of the business in the country. Of the twenty-three named by Mr. Emerson, nine belong to Toronto. Two of these, of course, are Sir William Mackenzie and Sir Donald Mann, the twins of the Canadian Northern Railway system, who have spent their lives in getting public utility franchises of one sort and another all over the world, turning them into going concerns and making tremendous profits in the process. It is present impossible to compute how much these two men are worth. No doubt they could not do so themselves. It is generally admitted, however, that the great camp has yet to come when they will put on the market the stock of the C. N. R. corporation. This stock, running into tens of thousands of miles of track, has been built entirely by the efforts of these two men, and is a value which these days will have a value when it will be put on the market, and the return to Mackenzie and Mann may be sufficient to pay them in a list of a dozen of the wealthiest men in the world.

The C. N. R. Group.
Of the others named in the list, Mr. Z. A. Lash, Mr. D. B. Hanna, Mr. Frederick Nichols and Sir Henry Pellatt are more or less intimately associated with Mackenzie and Mann's corporations. Mr. Lash is undoubtedly the ablest Corporation Counsel in Canada. Mr. D. B. Hanna is Vice-President of the C. N. R. and the active force in its direct management. Sir Henry Pellatt and Frederick Nichols are interested in many industrial undertakings.

Pellatt realized over a million dollars in cold cash from his sale of the control of the Toronto Electric Light Co. He immediately proceeded to put a large portion of this amount into a residence on the hill, now nearing completion, which is a marvel to all beholders.

Sir Edmund Osler and Mr. W. D. Matthews are Toronto's representatives among the Canadian Pacific Railway's group of financiers, while the ninth man on the list, Senator George A. Cox, is closely associated with the Grand Trunk Pacific enterprise. While not competing in the spectacular achievements of Sir William Mackenzie and Sir Donald Mann, Senator Cox is in many respects one of the shrewdest financiers in Toronto or in the country.

The Ten Richest Men.
An estimate of the ten wealthiest men in Toronto and their fortunes has been published as follows:

Sir William Mackenzie \$15,000,000
J. C. Eaton 12,000,000

Senator Cox	5,000,000
Sir Edmund Osler	4,000,000
Sir Henry Pellatt	3,500,000
W. G. Gooderham	3,500,000
B. E. Wood	3,000,000
Sir Henry Pellatt	3,000,000
Sir Donald Mann	3,000,000
J. W. Flavelle	2,000,000

At the Legislature.

There promises to be a hitch in the Workmen's Compensation legislation, due this session, over the question of whether clerks in stores and farm laborers are to be included in the provisions of the Act. The general principle in modern Workmen's Compensation legislation is that a fund is established to which employers of labor contribute, and out of this fund damages are paid to workmen whenever accidents occur. Industries are graded according to the hazard, so that the employees in hazardous occupations have to pay more than those in less hazardous occupations. The workmen themselves contribute nothing and the fund is administered by the State.

Theoretically, legislation of this kind should apply to everybody, but it is feared that representatives of rural constituencies will object to farm laborers and store clerks being included. There is, therefore, a possibility that these classes will be dropped in the legislation which is to be recommended by Sir William Meredith, the special commissioner, who has been investigating the subject, and that the labor unions which have been acting for the Act will not object, fearing that if they do so they would jeopardize their chances of getting any legislation.

This will probably be the most important piece of general legislation to come before the House this session. Tax Reform and Temperance legislation will so doubt furnish the basis for what are known as dress debates.

Passing of James Young.
The death of Hon. James Young at Galt removes a liberal of the Old Guard, who for years past has taken a keen, though an unlovely, interest in passing events. His two volumes of "Reminiscences," just published, have proved to be a very different work to that of Sir Richard Cartwright, with whom he was contemporaneous. Mr. Young's work is largely from the view point of a spectator. Sir Richard was a crusading participant in the campaigns he describes.

BELLS OF ALL KINDS.

Remarkable Collection of Over
Three Hundred of Them.

The enthusiasm of the collector extends itself on objects of many kinds; but few collections are so interesting as that of Mr. Frank Miller of Riverside, California, who has spent a great many years and a great deal of energy in getting together his remarkable collection of over three hundred bells.

Every quarter of the globe, every oddity of shape and material, almost every historical era is represented. There are bells from the United States, Mexico, England, Scotland, France, Spain, Germany, Holland, Belgium, Russia, Sweden, Switzerland, Italy, Greece, Turkey, Egypt, Arabia, India, Ceylon, Tibet, Borneo, Burma, China, Manchuria, Japan, the Philippines, Alaska, and the Hawaiian Islands. There is a cow-bell with the name and family name of Pope Paul III., who excommunicated Henry VIII.

It was used on the bell cow of the Vatican herd of that day. A huge bell from Avignon was once part of the city clock in the town of the Popes. A ship's bell once tolled the watches on one of the vessels that carried the unhappy Academics from their homes, as Longfellow's poem of "Evangeline" tells. There is an iron bell from a temple in Mukden, taken by Japanese soldiers in the Russian war. The very bell which hung in the chapel of Melokai, where Father Damien ministered to the lepers, is there. One bell comes from a monastery near Lhasa, and another is a Chinese stone bell, probably over two thousand years old.

Perhaps the most interesting of all is one that was cast for a church in Valencia, Spain, in 1247. At that time King James of Aragon had just added Valencia to his dominions, and was establishing Christian churches all over the province. The inscription cast on the bell bears the names of the Virgin Mary, to whom the church was dedicated, of Jesus, of the King of Aragon, and of the bell-founders Quintana and Salvador, as well as the year in which the bell was cast.

The special value of this bell lies in the fact that it is the oldest dated bell in existence. Until Mr. Miller found it in the scrap-heap in a London bell-founder's shop, that distinction was held by a bell in Fribourg, Germany, which bears the date 1288.

How this fine old bell got to London can only be conjectured. It may have come as a ship's bell on one of the ill-fated Armada, or as a papal present to an English monastery, or as booty from some of the daring raids of Sir Francis Drake on the coast cities of Spain. However it got there, no one suspected its value, or indeed its existence, until Mr. Miller unearthed it. Once found, it was not so easily got out of England, for the British Museum learned of the discovery, and made every effort to prevent its being carried to America. But Mr. Miller had bought and paid for it, and after negotiations that lasted almost a year, he was permitted to take it home with him.

Pat Explains.

A tourist, calling at an Irish cabin to obtain a glass of milk, noticed on the top of a chest of drawers a glass shade under which was a brick and a faded rose. Naturally he inquired why the owner of the shanty should cherish two such dissimilar objects. "Shure, sor, there's memories attached to them," said the Irishman. "Feel this big dent in me head? Well, it was the brick that made it." "But the rose?" said the visitor. "The rose is off the grave of the man that threw the brick," replied the host.

A GOOD HABIT

Tea when you are tired,
particularly if it's

LIPTON'S TEA

Goes farthest for the money

MET BY ARMY OF MONKEYS.

Lone English Officer Saved From
Death by Woman Keeper.

In various parts of India monkeys are regarded as objects of worship. One of the principal monkey temples is at Nuddee. Such veneration is shown here to Hanuman, the monkey god, that visitors may not enter the court of the temple without removing their shoes.

On one occasion an English officer, in passing up the country near Nuddee, chanced to stroll into a bamboo jungle, when his boat had "let to" for the night. He had not advanced far before he heard a terrific uproar all about him, and was not a little alarmed to behold a whole army of the largest monkeys he had ever seen making toward him from all quarters.

Some jumped on the ground before him, others swung by the bamboo over his head, and many closed up the path in his rear. Several females had young ones clinging to them, but this fact did not seem to render them less agile than the others.

The Englishman knew not what to do. He yelled at the top of his voice for assistance. To his intense relief, each time that he yelled the monkeys retreated a bit. This encouraged him to persevere in his shouting, but he observed that when he himself began to retreat the monkeys would again begin to close in upon him.

Then he stood still and gave one tremendous shout, whereat the monkeys went back again. This time the man had gained fully twenty yards and was about to repeat the call when there appeared a new figure upon the scene in the person of an aged, decrepit woman hobbling through the midst of the animals.

This aged person shook two or three of the monkeys by the paws as she passed. No sooner had she come within hearing of the Britisher than she opened upon him the vilest of her wrath for disturbing the sacred animals in their retirement. She bade the intruder depart, and that quickly, an order which he lost no time in executing. The monkeys all seemed implicitly to obey the old woman's bidding, making a way for the man's retreat.

The old woman, it appeared, was employed by the Brahmins to supply the monkeys with their food each day. They were worshipped by all the people in the country round, who brought offerings of rice and sweetmeats to them continually.

Pertinent.
"You know Brown?"
"Yes. In addition to a fur overcoat what other claim to fame has he?"

ON
Wash Day

**JAR
BLUE**

25
Blaings
10
cents.

Makes the Clothes as
White as Snow

Try It!

Manufactured by
The Johnson-Richardson Co.
Limited, Montreal, Can.

Any little girl can do the
churning with

MAXWELL'S

Favorite Churn.

It makes the smoothest, richest, most delicious butter you ever tasted. The roller bearings—and hand and foot levers—make churning an easy task, even for a child. All sizes from 1/4 to 30 gallons. Write for catalogue to your dealer does not handle this churn and Maxwell's "Champion" Washer.

David Maxwell & Sons,
St. Mary's, Ont.

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ATROCITIES IN BOKHARA

HOW RUSSIA IS TREATING THE INHABITANTS.

7,000 Persons Are Tortured and 700 Die under Torture in One Year.

Ever since 1868 Bokhara, a country lying immediately north of Afghanistan, has been a Russian province. It is governed by Russia, possesses Russian garrisons, a Russian railroad, and no one is allowed within its borders without a Russian passport. When Russia assumed suzerainty over Bokhara it was understood that there would be some compensating advantages to the population, which is composed for the most part of Mussulmans. They were to be civilized, if not indeed won over to the sort of Christianity that passes as religion in Russia. It must be said that in the forty years of the Russian occupation there have been few complaints from Bokhara. Whatever has happened there appears to have suited the people, or rather that portion of the population that otherwise would have attracted attention by protest. On the part of outsiders there has been no protest, for the passport rule kept out travellers who might give an unfavorable opinion of the Russian regime.

A Russian Mukrakar.

A few weeks ago there was heard in certain Russian newspapers the first cry from Bokhara, and it was an exceedingly bitter cry. A Russian traveller had been through the country, and on his return he sought to rouse his fellow-countrymen to the atrocities practised there. Since a very small percentage of the Russian people read newspapers, and since the censorship is still strict, we may safely conclude that people in Canada and in other parts of the world will be talking about the situation in Bokhara before the people of Russia are aroused. In either event talking is not likely to do much good. However, in view of the fact that the atrocious atrocities which the Russian traveller, Alexander Petkoff, discovered were not, in the majority of cases, practised by Russian officials, but by native authorities, there is some prospect that Russia, having little to gain by their perpetration, will forbid them, and will thus seek to show herself the friend to her charges, the Bokharans.

Torture and Execution.

Mr. Petkoff happened to be in a hotel one night when he was awakened by screams from the adjoining room. He found out that the room was being used as a local court of justice. By bribing the sentry he secured admittance while the trial was going on. The trial consisted of torturing a poor wretch, accused of petty theft. One by one his fingers were twisted until they broke. As the eighth bone was broken he confessed. Next morning as Mr. Petkoff was driving away he passed the market place, and saw there the victim of the previous night. He was being executed. He was bound, but refusing the adjurations of the executioner to look up, the man kept his face down, and the swordman could not for some time strike the fatal blow. Before he did so the man's face was slashed out of recognition. Finally the executioner made a feint. The man ducked his head, and when he looked up the descending sword caught him full in the throat and severed his head.

Tortured for Every Offence.

Horried at the spectacle, Mr. Petkoff decided to investigate the administration of justice in Bokhara, and what he discovered subsequently formed the substance of his disclosures in the Russian press. He found that under the Russian regime the old savage methods of punishment remained in vogue, and that even though the Russian officials did not personally witness the tortures they were well aware that they were going on. They were simply bribed by the local authorities to close their eyes. For every offence there was some penalty of torture, granted not according to the heinousness of the crime, but according to the prosperity of the

BOYS AND GIRLS

Don't Miss This

It's the "Best Ever"

Send Post Card to-day for particulars. 74 St. Antoine St., Montreal, Can.

prisoner. On the payment of fines torture sentences were remitted. A man sentenced to have his ears twisted off could escape on payment of \$25. In every case the judge simply put the fine in his own pocket, though it is supposed that afterwards he would have to "split" with the accomplice who laid the charge.

Death for Infidelity.

Prisoners who have no money at all are beheaded, or are hanged "Russian fashion." That is to say, they are strung up for a few moments, taken down, flogged, strung up, taken down and flogged, and hung up for the third time. Women guilty of infidelity are killed. A favorite method is to tie them in a sack and throw them off an 80-foot parapet. Sometimes a faithless husband is killed, but only if his wife happens to be the daughter of some influential citizen. It is estimated that every year 7,000 persons are tortured in Bokhara, and that 700 die under torture. In view of the fact that the total population does not exceed 1,500,000, it would appear that the horrors of the Putumayo and the Congo are equalled, if they are not surpassed, in a country that is supposed to be under Christian government.

A JAPANESE PEARL "FARM."

Famous Experiment of a Zoologist and Marine Scholar.

The pearl oyster "farm" was founded by Dr. Mikimoto, a famous Japanese zoologist and marine scholar. Its headquarters are on Tokokujima Island, in Ago Bay. Here on a little peninsula jutting out into the bay are the many buildings which comprise the institution, consisting of a laboratory for experimental work, sorting sheds, packing rooms, offices and manager's residence. In summer, particularly, it is a charming little place. The farm proper has a total area of some 29 nautical square miles. The pearl oyster found on these grounds belongs to the species *M. mantoni*, which is very abundant in the bay, and found more or less in all parts of Japan. The oysters resemble the specimens found in Ceylon, famous for producing the finest pearls in the world.

Dr. Mikimoto began his experiments some twenty years ago. At first it seemed almost like pursuing a fleeting shadow, and his friends laughed at him for "throwing his money into the sea." He persisted in this work, however, testing all sorts of theories and changing his methods from time to time, until results were obtained which seemed to promise success. In 1896 things had so far progressed that the experimental stage was a thing of the past and the enterprise was put on a commercial basis. A patent for the new method was obtained from the Government, and the cultivation of the pearl oyster on an extensive scale was undertaken. At the end of 1898 the first small crop of pearls was harvested and placed upon the market.

The manner in which the pearls are cultivated is simplicity itself. Every year, during the months of July and August, small pieces of rock and stone are placed at those spots where the larvae of the pearl oysters have been found to be most abundant. Soon small oyster spat is found attached to them. As the rocks are placed in shallow water, not more than a few fathoms in depth, the oysters would die from cold if left there during the winter, so the rocks, with their adherent colonies are removed to deeper waters and carefully laid out in beds prepared for them. Here the oysters lie until their third year, when they are taken out of the sea and undergo an operation which leads to pearl formation. This consists chiefly in introducing into them the small pearls or round pieces of nautilus, which serve as the nuclei of the pearls-to-be. The shells are then put back into the sea and left undisturbed for at least four years more. At the end of that time they are taken out, and it is then found that the mollusc has covered the inserted nucleus with many layers of nautilus, or, in other words, has produced a pearl.—Wide World Magazine.

"Great dinner, eh?" "Yep." "You are missing some of the brilliant repartees at the end of the table." "Never mind. I'm getting my share of the turkey."

Ted—If you make love to that girl you'd better look out for her big brother. Ned—If there's any trouble, it's more likely to be caused by her little brother.

DUCHESS AS DOG-FANCIER

Following the example of her brother, Wm. K. Vanderbilt, the Duchess of Marlborough is building up a reputation as an enthusiastic dog fancier.

At one time the Duchess ignored the dog craze and it was a matter of common talk that she was practically the only woman in the "smart set" circle who did not possess a dog of some class among her household pets. Now she appears to be falling into line with her friends and is paying fancy prices for bulldog breeds and water spaniels.

Her experiences have not been up to the present entirely favor-



Duchess of Marlborough.

able, for a few days ago a valuable animal which was being consigned to her from Ireland got suffocated on the journey, and as the consignment was at owner's risk the loss will mean something in the neighborhood of \$5,000.

Next year the Duchess hopes to join the ranks of the society women who have been for a number of years an active and conspicuous element in the Ladies' Kennel Club.

A WOMAN AS SHIP SURGEON.

British Board of Trade Law Does Not Forbid It.

Heretofore the position of ship's surgeon has been monopolized by men, but all doubt as to the eligibility of women for the position has been set at rest by a Scottish steamship company.

The company had a steamer on the Clyde ready to sail for Australia with a large number of passengers, including emigrants, on board. All that kept it from leaving was the lack of a surgeon.

A qualified woman doctor, the daughter of a marine engineer, heard of the difficulty and offered her services. The board of trade officer who had to certify the ship looked up all precedents, and, although he found that no woman had ever before been signed on as surgeon of a ship, he could find nothing against it, and the woman doctor went out with the steamer.

Winter Care of Drafters.

Most farmers do not get full use of their horses through failure to provide work for them during the winter months. There is generally not much doing on the farm then except, perhaps, hauling of a little produce to town, dragging in the logs for firewood and scattering manure on the snow fields.

Altogether they are kept idle for so many days that the average number of hours worked per day for a year is even less than two, counting those days in summer overtime is the rule for man and beast.

This condition is unprofitable from an economic point of view, and from the viewpoint of the horse's health. Heavy drafters in good flesh and fed liberally on oats and timothy will need exercise and plenty of it to keep in fair health during the winter. They will need warm stables properly ventilated; there must be no cement or other damp floors for them to lie on; there must be plenty of air and sunshine. One winter we fed scarcely anything but straw and just a little grain and the horses came through in better shape than those of a neighbor who fed liberally, but who did not have any more work for his horses than we had. There was not so much rich stuff to poison the blood.

I know of a farmer who regularly hires a teamster to take his magnificent drafters out into the employ of the local ice company, and so keeps them busy during the winter. Another engages his two teams in the cordwood business for the same purpose.

Neither of these men makes very much money through the deal, but they force their horses to pay for their winter board and to come through in splendid shape for the summer's heavy grind.

FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

The National School, near New Ross, has been burned to the ground.

The death has occurred of Mrs. M. Murrigan, Carriekbeg, at the age of 101 years.

Clonmel branch of the Gaelic League are to hold an Industrial Exhibition in Clonmel next June. Considerable damage was done by fire in the out offices of McLeigh's Hotel in Ballynahinch.

Dr. Byrne, Medical Officer of Drogheda, and Coroner for the district, has died at the age of 52 years.

The licensed premises of James Corrigan, Main Street, Newtownstewart, have been destroyed by fire.

Twenty-five tons of hay, the property of William Flahive, of Mile-eigh, Kerry, has been destroyed by fire.

A man named O'Brien, a native of Roseleigh, has died of blood-poisoning, the result of a scratch by a cat.

The death has occurred of Mr. William, Lorrha, County Tipperary, at the advanced age of 109 years.

An old man named James Fegan of Jenkinstown district, suddenly expired in Church Street, Dundalk. He was 85 years of age.

At a meeting of the Clonmel Corporation it was decided to adopt the report recommending the formation of a regular fire brigade.

A little girl named Sheridan, aged four years, was killed at Cranahan, Ballycornell, by the falling of the gable wall of the house.

Mrs. Mary Fahy has just passed away in her 104th year, at her daughter's residence, Middleton. The old lady was a regular smoker.

A man named Patrick O'Connor was killed in Mallow while engaged in felling a decayed poplar, near the Spa House, which fell on him.

Mrs. L. Poole, one of the two lady members of the Waterford Corporation, has announced her intention of being a candidate for the mayoralty this year.

The magistrates at the Carrick-on-Suir petty sessions have decided to inflict terms of imprisonment in all cases of drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

The Portadown weavers have obtained an increase in wages amounting to from 5 to 7½ per cent., according to the quality of the work they were employed on.

The town tenants of Westport have been negotiating with the middlemen with a view to opening a way for the early purchase of the tenants of their holdings.

The hemstitchers employed in the firm of Messrs. Chisholm and Donegan, Belfast, have struck on a question of wages. About 200 girls are involved in the dispute.

An alarming and widespread outbreak of paratuberculosis has manifested itself in Dublin city and suburbs within the past few weeks. Upwards of 200 horses have been isolated.

Captain Thomas Crotty has died at Waterford at an advanced age. The deceased was commander of the ill-fated S.S. Silkstone which was lost in Waterford Harbor many years ago.

The Limerick Corporation have unanimously agreed to oppose the Limerick Harbor Commissioners in the application for a bill to remove the present swing bridge leading to Wellesley Bridge.

Waning Diseases.

In the annual Harveian oration before the Royal College of Physicians in London last October, Sir James Goodhart spoke of the changes in the nature of disease in the last 40 years. "Typhus is almost forgotten; typhoid fever has altered; diphtheria seldom attains the initial severity that so often characterized it, and is much more amenable to treatment than it formerly was; erysipelas is more of a rarity; malaria and Malta fever have been run to earth; lardaceous disease, so common in earlier days, is now seldom seen; and doctors have come to the closing struggle with acute rheumatism, and it is to be hoped, with tuberculosis. Probably as much might be said of other diseases, and good old age is both more prevalent and more enjoyable."

NA-DRU-CO LAXATIVES

are entirely different from others both in their composition and their effect—complete evacuation without purging or discomfort.

25c. a box at your druggist. NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.

IMITATIONS ABOUND

Every one shows the dealer a larger profit, but none possess the flavour of

"SALADA"

or give the same satisfaction to the tea drinker. Black, Mixed and Green. Sealed lead packets only.

Robbing the Jam Closet.
"What is your wife doing in the jam closet with a magnifying glass?"
"She's getting to be quite an expert on finger prints. Who's the culprit this time, my dear?"

Charity.

"There is nothing to be said for an author who will steal all his good ideas."
"At least you might give him credit for not stealing bad ones."

90% Of All Fine FURS

worn in the United States are manufactured in New York, the world's best market. Send for price list and ship to R. F. Finster & Co., 6 E. 12th St. (Desk 75), N. Y.

WE HAVE STARTED A

PRIZE COMPETITION

\$500 MAPLE SYRUP PRIZE CONTEST

In the interest of purity of goods involving an outlay of \$500, divided into 44 prizes varying from \$100 (first prize) down to \$5.00.

Competition is limited to users of the GRIMM CHAMPION EVAPORATOR. Should you own a grove and want to get the best value out of it, and are not using one of our EVAPORATORS, write to us, stating how many trees you tap and we will quote you necessary cost suited to your needs. You can then enter contest and may win a cash prize, thus reducing cost of outfit. Prizes will be given for the best samples of syrup and sugar sent in by April 15th, closing date of competition. Samples from every competitor will be exhibited in the magnificent show windows of "The Montreal Star," Montreal, during the last two weeks of April.

Don't fail to write at once for copy of our "Prize Contest Circular," giving the fullest information.

THE GRIMM MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD.
58 Wellington St., Montreal, Que.

Canada's finest sugar at its best

Your love of cleanliness and purity will be gratified by this 5-Pound Sealed Package of

Redpath Extra Granulated Sugar

It's Canada's finest sugar, fresh from the Refinery, untouched by human hands. Each Package contains 5 full pounds of sugar. Your Grocer can supply you.

Canada Sugar Refining Company, Limited, Montreal.

THE CURSE OF FARM LIFE

The outside closet—that abominable accumulation of disease-laden filth—is the curse of farm life—directly responsible for nine-tenths of the diseases existing in the rural districts.

There Can Be No Doubt About This

Just consider. Here within a few steps of your home—poisoning every breath of air you breathe—you have built a pest house—a foul-smelling sink—which must be used by you and your family.

And you willingly subject your wife, daughters and sons to this risk of disease, publicity and discomfort—in all weathers—winter and summer. Probably you never thought of the outside closet in this light before. Now you know. Make up your mind to blot it off your farm at once. Install a Good Health Sanitary Closet—it doesn't cost much—and you can have it right in your home. Think of the convenience, comfort and protection from ill health. Make up your mind to have one without another day's delay. Let us tell you more about the Good Health Closet.

Mail This Coupon to Us RIGHT NOW

THE GOOD HEALTH COMPANY

Brockville Ontario

COUPON

The Good Health Co.

Gentlemen—Please send me literature giving full particulars of the Good Health Sanitary Closet.

Name

Address

Home Dyeing

Has no equals for me—It's simple my delight

From Dyeing to Dyeing—Dyeing is my delight

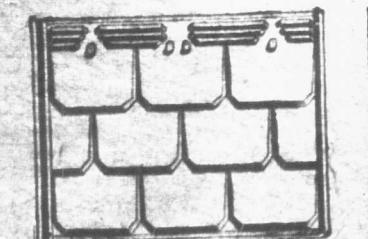
Send for Free Color Card, Story Booklet, and Booklet giving results of Dyeing over 100 different colors.

THE JOHNSON-RICHARDSON CO., Limited, Montreal, Canada.

DYOLA

ONE DYE—ALL KINDS OF COLORS

It's the CLEANEST, SIMPLEST, and BEST HOME DYE, one can buy—Why don't you even have to know what KIND of Cloth your Goods are made of—No Mistakes are Impossible.



Eastlake Steel Shingles

Are Always Reliable. They are more economically durable and quicker to apply than any other, fitting accurately and therefore most easily laid. They have been thoroughly tested in all kinds of climates, invariably proving **Fire, Lightning, Rust and Weather Proof.**

If you're building, make sure of satisfaction by ordering Eastlake for the roof—best information if you write.

Metallic Roofing Co., Limited,
WHOLESALE MFRS., TORONTO, CANADA.

Metallic Roofing Co.

Ceilings,
Clapboard Siding,
Eastlake Shingles,
Eve Troughs,
Conductor Pipe

for inside or outside work, direct from the factory. Latest Designs. Measures taken; diagrams made free. Give us a call and save money.

L. E. McFarland,
Agent, Hartland, N. B.

WHY IMPORT FERTILIZER?

when you can get the best that can be made, manufactured within 100 miles of your home town. Best of references. Buy Dominion High Grade Brands and be satisfied.

Frank Hagerman

Wholesale and Retail Agent

HARTLAND

RELIABLE INSURANCE

FIRE, LIFE & ACCIDENT

Perley S. Marsten,

Successor to

Astle & Cosman,

Representing the

OLDEST AND STRONGEST COMPANIES

Queen Street, Woodstock, N. B.

P. R. SEMPLE

East Florenceville, N. B.

Dealer in

Hardware, Plumbing, Tinware, Furnaces and Stoves

The **New Empress Range**

manufactured by the National Mfg. Co. of Ottawa and Brockville, is the best on the market today. Come and see it. Ask us to prove the assertion.

New Meat Shop

We have opened a Meat Store in Taylor's Building, opposite the Exchange hotel, with a full line of

Beef, Pork, Poultry, Fish, etc.

You will find our service good and prices right.

Luskey & Nevers.

Dionne Hotel

Dionne & Stevenson, Props.
Perth, N. B.

Modern equipment. Free hack from station. Good sample rooms and livery in connection.

Dentistry

Dr. J. E. Jewett

in Hartland every Monday.

THRILLING STORY OF LUMBERMEN'S LIFE.

Crew Narrowly Escaped With Their Lives on St. John River.

A thrilling story of how Albert M. Currier, of Seven Islands, a little Maine settlement in the midst of the St. John River in its course across the northerly part of the State of Maine, just escaped with his life and those of his crew of thirty or forty men when a midnight jam flooded their camp, was brought to this city by returning employees of the lumbering operations at the extreme northwest portion of the forest district of Maine.

Mr. Currier, who is one of the leading lumbermen in his section, lives at Seven Islands, which is situated in the St. John where it crosses Range 11, well over toward the Quebec boundary. He operates several lumber camps at various points throughout that region, cutting a large quantity of logs.

He had landed all of his logs for the driving, with the exception of those at one of his camps with a crew of some 30 or 40 men and with 12 of his finest horses, had gone there to rush the logs to the water so that they might be in readiness with the breaking up of the ice, which was daily anticipated.

As the night of Tuesday approached it was seen that the ice was breaking up, but it was believed that it was passing down the river all right and the men went to bed in perfect security, leaving the horses in the hovel near the main camp, without a thought of danger.

Some time in the night they were awakened by the water flowing into the bunks where they lay and with instant alarm the entire crew was aroused. The only way of escape from the flooded camp was through the roof and with the back water creeping steadily up over the places where but a few minutes before they had lain asleep. Hearing the poor imprisoned horses plunging about in the hovel as they struggled against the rising flood, but helpless to aid them in any way, the marooned lumbermen were forced to await the coming of dawn and the finding of a way of escape from their uncomfortable position.

Not very much later the water began to recede, the ice jam at the narrow place in the river having given way before the awful pressure of the spring freshet behind it and permitted the waters to return to their natural course, but not until Mr. Currier had lost his most valuable animals in the flood and the supplies collected at that camp ruined, except in such cases as those goods which were canned and thus protected.

The Primitive Baptist Quarterly Meetings.

The Primitive Baptist quarterly meeting convened with the church at East Kempville, N. S., March 8. Services as follows:

Saturday 2:30: Met in quarterly conference with good representation and good interest. 7:30 p.m. service was led by Rev. J. M. Mallory, and a good social evening followed.

The Sunday morning service was led by Rev. Archibald Hatfield, and a very impressive sermon was much enjoyed by all present. The 2:30 meeting was led by Rev. J. M. Mallory resulted in a sacred sense of the power of God, manifest in the hearts of his children. At the close of this service communion was served. At 7:30 divine worship was conducted by Rev. A. Hatfield. This service resulted in good; at the close a number manifested a desire to follow the Saviour.

At 9:30 a.m. on Monday the business session opened in regular form with Bro. Henry Crowell, chairman, (pro tem.) and J. M. Mallory, secretary, (pro tem.) After the regular business was gone through, a motion of adjournment was passed to meet in quarterly session first Saturday in June to be located by committee. 7:30 p.m. Sermon by Rev. A. Hatfield which was well received by the laity. This was the closing service of the session. Special meetings continue through the week and over the next Sunday.

J. M. MALLORY
Clerk.

A \$40,000 Bridge at Grand Falls.

A new highway bridge is to be erected at Grand Falls which will cost about \$40,000.

The contract for the substructure has been awarded by the Provincial Board of Works to W. Roy Smith, of St. John and formerly of Montreal, the contract price being in the vicinity of \$40,000. It is expected that the superstructure will cost about \$35,000.

The contract for the Doherty Brook arch culvert in the Parish of Wakefield has been awarded to Wm. D. Steeves of Woodstock, the contract price being in the vicinity of \$3,000.

PROVINCIAL EGG LAYING CONTEST.

Work of Pens in Carleton County Association.

Since the egg laying contest was started February 14th, several changes have been made in order to simplify the work of those conducting it, as much as possible. One great saving of time is made by arranging to have the reports made up monthly instead of weekly as was at first announced. This arrangement came into effect in the fourth week of the contest, so that at this date I have the complete returns for the first three weeks which I will give below, and in future monthly reports will be made.

Our association leads the competing societies in point of entries, and, though some of the pens were slow in starting it begins to look as though there was something doing amongst the hens in Carleton County.

The average of pen No. 1 is good and these hens are keeping up a wonderful clip, but future reports promise to make things interesting as the dark horses are beginning to strike their pace.

Pen 1, Buff Orpingtons, 127 eggs; owned by E. A. Britton.

Pen 2, W. Leghorns, 105 eggs; pen 2 A, W. Orpington, 89 eggs; owned by Mrs. Hovey.

Pen 3 Barred Rocks, 26 eggs; pen 3 B, Brown Leghorns, 43 eggs; owned by Hartland Poultry Yds.

Pen 4 Black Leghorn, 26 eggs; pen 4 C, Black and S. P. Hamburgs, 39 eggs; owned by Mrs. Ethel Kidney.

Pen 5 Buff Leghorn, 8 eggs; pen 5 D, R.C.W. and R.C.B. Leghorn, 8 eggs; owned by Thos. Pankhurst.

Pen 6 W. Leghorn and Indian Game, 8 eggs; owned by Dr. Macintosh.

Pen 7 Anconas, 75 eggs; owned by Deep Creek Poultry Yds.

Pen 8 W. Wyandottes 94 eggs; owned by R. A. McKay, Centreville.

Pen 9 Rhode Island Reds, 48 eggs; owned by Chas. E. Shaw.

CHAS. M. SHAW,
Secretary.

THE POTATO MARKET.

St. John Merchant's Summary of Conditions.

Timothy Collins returned last evening after a trip to the North Shore of the province. Speaking of conditions there he said today that farmers were suffering severe losses because of the failure of the potato market, and there was thousands of barrels left unsold with little prospect of their being disposed of. The market in Upper Canada had fallen flat and it seemed impossible to get rid of their holdings at almost any price. Many of them were talking of buying pigs and using the potatoes for seedling purposes, but the market in hogs was also very firm and with little tendency to be easier.

The extraordinary large crop of potatoes last year over-stocked the market and the demand at present was slim. Local dealers are very well supplied. Throughout the province the conditions were about the same, for in Carleton county the potatoes were selling at low quotation as well. —St. John Times.

Victoria County Seed Fair.

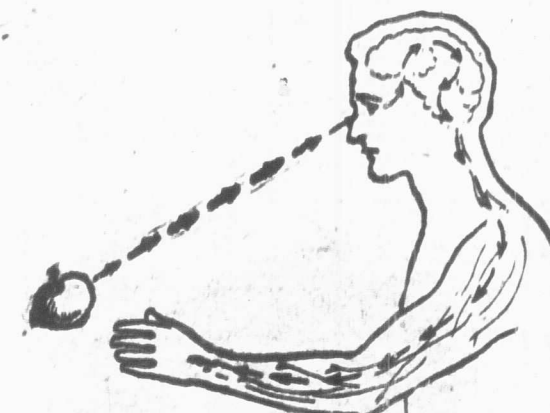
The following is a list of the prize winners in the Victoria county seed fair.

EXHIBITOR	ARTICLE	PRIZE
Donald Innes	Red Fife Wheat	1
J. W. Stevenson	do	2
Donald Innes	Wh. Fife	1
Arch Smith	do	2
Wm. Porter	do	3
Alex. Phillip	Wh. Russian	1
J. W. Stevenson	Banner Oats	1
Robt. Henderson	do	2
Arch Smith	do	3
John A. Graham	do	4
F. E. Henderson	Russian Oats	1
Alex. Phillip	do	2
W. S. Phillips	do	3
John A. Graham	do	4
Donald Innes	Any Variety Wh.	1
Robt. Henderson	do	2
W. S. Phillip	do	3
Arch Smith	do	4
J. W. Stevenson	Any Variety Bk.	1
Donald Innes	do	2
Donald Innes	2 Rowed Barley	1
J. W. Stevenson	do	2
J. W. Stevenson	Buckwheat	1
W. S. Phillip	do	2
Donald Innes	do	3
Alex. Phillip	Pease Wh.	1
Donald Innes	do	2
Benj. Bull	do	3
David Currie	Beaus Y. E.	1
Benj. Bull	do	2
J. W. Stevenson	do	3
David Currie	Beaus Any Kind	1

There were no entries in clover seed class. A splendid opportunity presents itself to any farmer who will engage in raising this crop. The seeds must be absolutely free from the seeds of weeds or any other kinds of grass. Heretofore difficulty has been experienced in the threshing of clover

Some Mysteries of the Nervous System Explained

THERE are two sets of nerves in the human body—those which have to do with external objects, and control seeing, hearing, feeling, moving, etc., and the involuntary nerves, which control the action of the vital organs, as the heart, lungs, stomach and bowels.



NO. 1—VOLUNTARY NERVES.

purpose fully one-fifth of all the blood in the human body is consumed. This explains the necessity of looking to the condition of the blood at the first sign of nervous trouble, and shows how it is that Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, the great blood-builder, is so remarkably successful in curing diseases of the nerves.

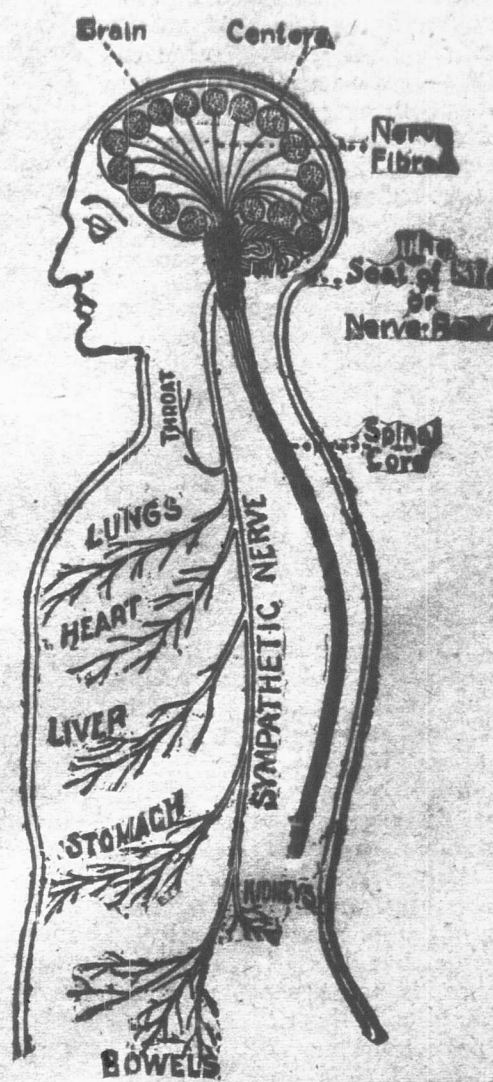
Now, when we turn to the great sympathetic nervous system, illustration No. 2, by which are operated the vital organs of the body, we find conditions somewhat different. For who, by taking thought, can cause his heart to beat or his stomach to digest food?

To be more definite, consider the stomach, which is a regular network of nerves. Some of these report to the brain sensations of hunger, others keep up the peculiar churning motion, and again others control the flow of the all-essential gastric juices by which digestion is brought about.

From this you can readily understand that when nerve force is consumed by excessive mental strain, worry, intense emotion or disease, the supply to the stomach becomes limited, and nervous indigestion is the result, and similarly other organs are deranged and weakened when the nervous system becomes exhausted.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

cures nervous exhaustion and resulting derangements by supplying to the brain an abundance of pure, rich blood, the material from which alone nerve force can be manufactured. Because exhaustion of the nerves leads slowly and surely to locomotor ataxia, paralysis, and even insanity, it is most important that effective treatment, such as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, be employed just as soon as warning symptoms appear. Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers, or Edmansons, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Every box of the genuine bears portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author.



NO. 2—SYMPATHETIC NERVES.

seed. Special machinery is required to separate the seed from the husk, and the local government will this year send such a machine through Carleton and Victoria counties for the purposes of demonstration.

J. W. Stevenson Timothy Seal
Thos. Stevenson do
Donald Innes do

POTATOES	COBBLER
Arch Smith	do
Herbert Smith	do
F. E. Henderson	do
Robt. Henderson	do
Wellie Sison	Mountain
F. E. Henderson	do
Frank Baird	do
D. W. Pickett	do
J. W. Stevenson	Carmen
F. E. Henderson	do
Arch Smith	Bliss
Robt. Henderson	do
F. E. Henderson	do
David Currie	do
J. W. Stevenson	Wh. a. v.
F. E. Henderson	do
Thos. Stevenson	do
Herbert Manzer	do
Elijah Sison	Red a. v.
Donald Innes	do
Wm. Porter	do
David Currie	do
Wm. Miller	Blue a. v.
J. W. Stevenson	do
David Currie	do
Thos. Stevenson	do

SPECIAL PRIZES.

For best bushel of wheat, any variety, one horse blanket, donated by Marsten & Gillman, won by Donald Innes.

For best bushel of banner oats, one

Sight is Priceless!

If you are troubled with your eyesight don't neglect nature's best gift. My testing is scientific and prices right.

H. M. Martell, Graduate Optician

Day's Hotel, East Florenceville. Drop me a line and I will call and do your work at your home.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **Marvel Douche**. Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. **WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont.** General Agents for Canada.

pail of stock food, donated by J. J. Weldon, won by J. W. Stevenson.

For best bushel of cobbler potatoes suit case, donated by C. L. Olmstead, won by Arch Smith.

For best bushel of rough buckwheat 3 lbs of tea, donated by D. R. Bedell, won by J. W. Stevenson.

For best bushel of oats, one pair of

Slater shoes, donated by A. Fine, won by J. W. Stevenson.

Special prize for farm produce one wicker chair, donated by J. W. McPhail, won by Donald Innes.

For bargains in Men's and Boy's Suits, Overcoats, Pants, etc., go to CARR'S.

15 Men Wanted

To complete the organization list of **The People's Agricultural Society**

fifteen more names are necessary. This is your opportunity to help.

A Monster Meeting

IS TO BE HELD ON

Saturday Afternoon, April 12, FORESTERS' HALL

See article elsewhere in this issue.

Exchange Hotel FOR SALE

I desire to sell the Exchange Hotel and its complete equipment. This well known house has the exclusive run of commercial trade, and is one of the best paying properties on the river. Completely furnished and equipped; central location, close to post office and station. Livery stable and small store, now used as sample room, also on premises. Can give satisfactory reasons for selling.

W. F. THORNTON,

Hartland, N. B.

THE OBSERVER

SUPPLEMENT

Vol. IV.

HARTLAND, N. B., APRIL 10, 1913

No. 43

FOR ASSAULTING AN OFFICER

Tom and Jesse Foster will be Tried

A case in the court of John Barnett, J. P., on Tuesday created some excitement. The circumstances through which the case arose was that on Apr. 2, George Foster, constable, of Lansdowne went to the home of Thomas Foster at Mainstream with an execution for taxes. Thomas informed the constable that he would not accept service of the paper and he violently resisted arrest. He used his fists rather freely and the efforts of this was useful evidence for the prosecution. In the row other men by the name of Foster became implicated and fighting became quite prevalent for a few minutes. Before the constable left, however, he had the amount of the taxes and also an offer of \$5 to close the matter up. George Foster considered the matter serious enough to be carried to court, which was done. At the examination on Tuesday M. L. Hayward appeared as prosecuting attorney, while Albert Orser, Esq. appeared for the defence. The case was sent up for trial and Thomas and Jesse Foster, the accused, were released on bail.

The accused in this case figured similarly a year or two ago.

From an Aged Poet.

"On January 28, 1913, Albert Orser, Esq., wrote The Observer as follows:

"Being 81 years old today, and one of the oldest residents of the little town of Hartland, I would give a short account of its beginning and as it is now, in verse if you think it appropriate.

Hartland is a little town
On the east side of the St. John,
The pioneers who settled here
Are long since dead and gone.

The place where once the old log house
Stood close beside the shore
Is now replaced with brick and stone
And houses in galore.

There are churches and creeds of different kinds
And preachers good, likewise,
Who tell their hearers to keep God's laws—

The man that shuns them dies,
They profess to have that glorious gift,
The gospel trump to sound—

Salvation free to all mankind
To earth's remotest bound.

It's the mystery that contains the key
That will unlock the door,
Where Christ is king and angels sing
And life forevermore.

There are doctors and lawyers versed
In law

AT THE PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE

Clearance Sale of Shoes

To make room for our heavy Spring Stock of Footwear, which is coming in every day, we will for the next

Few Days

offer at Great Reductions a lot of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes that have been left over from last season. The only trouble with this stock is that the boxes containing the shoes are a little soiled from exposure on our shelves. The shoes themselves have got style and wear in them—good as ever.

No reasonable offer will be refused on these goods, and they must go in a few days. Here are Real Bargains for you. Good, serviceable Shoes at less than wholesale cost.

Call in and See Them

H. R. NIXON

And men of various hue
And old veterans here have lived and died

Who fought at Waterloo
But they with others have passed away;

Now slumbering in the ground
With the sleeping millions there to wait

Until the last trumpet's sound,
Now if my account, it suits in rhyme,
I will write some more another time."

ALBERT ORSER.

Wear White When Travelling at Night.

A physician who has had a good deal of experience attending the

victims of railroad wrecks sounds the knell of the black dressing gown, silk, muslin or wool, no matter what the material, so often worn by women travelling at night.

"When travelling at night women should make it a point to wear white even more than sleeping safely at home in their own beds," said this doctor. "More than once in my own experience among railroad wrecks I have known women wearing black travelling nightgown or dressing gown to be passed by in search for victims.

They had been made unconscious by injury or else had fainted through shock and fright; nurses and doctors searching for victims failed to find them simply because their carefully donned black night robes made them

indistinguishable in the surrounding darkness."

Exchange Hotel

W. F. Thornton, Proprietor

Well equipped in every way. Livery Stable in connection.

Main St., Hartland, N. B.

Farm For Sale

WANTED—A purchaser for a Farm at Ashland. Ninety-six acres, 4 1/2 miles from Hartland. Price only \$800. Can be bought with small payment down and 10 years for balance at 5 per cent. Will also sell machinery at less than half price—all in fine condition. Also a pair horses.

GEORGE G. McCOLLOM.
Hartland, N. B.