


## - <br> Camadian 羒ilatelist.

Vol. I:
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No. I.

## NEW ISSUES.

(Empire Statc Philatclist).
Argentine Republic-The $\frac{1}{2}$ on 5, 4 on 5 , and goc, have been surchaiged "Oficial."

Congo Free State-A new card printed in blue on blue, and having the words "address to be written on this side" added, has appeared. Also a new stamp, 5 francs violet.

Costa Rica-Two envelopes have been received; 5 c slate blue, anc 100 orange, both printed on white laid paper. In the upper right corner i: a rectangular stamp. A portrait is in the centre surrounded by an oval band, inscribed "Union Postal Universal" above, and " 10 Euro 1883 " below. Figures of value are in the four corners, "Costa Rica" above, "Centavos" below.

Cyprus-The $\frac{1}{2}$ piastre has been received surcharged again "㝔 $\frac{1}{2}$." This time in larger numerals.
Dominica-"One Penny" has been surcharged on the one shilling.

Faridrot-A new stamp has been received from here, $\frac{\substack{2 \\ 2}}{}$ anna, green.
$F_{\text {Rance-The }}$ Ioc card surcharged " 20 paras" noted last month, is another swindle.
Frf $\because$ h Colonies-The 25c dack on rose has appeared unperforated.

Gambia-- The 3 d is now gray.
Grenada--The following cards have appeared, all printed on buff. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} d$ green ; ixid carnine; ; rin xid brown.

Guatemala-The new stamps appeared last month. The values are as follows: ic blue, i2c red brown, 5 c purple, ioc red, 20, $25,50,75,100,150,200$.
India-A new stamp, value, 4a 6p has made its appearance. $\frac{1}{2}$ a. and ra. envelopes size $120 \times 9+\mathrm{min}$, and a registered envelope, 2a. blue, have also appeared.

Mexico-The stamps mentioned last month have come to hand. Ic green, $2 c$ lake, 5 c blue, $3 \mathrm{c}, 4 \mathrm{c}, 6 \mathrm{c}, 10 \mathrm{c}, 12 \mathrm{c}, 20 \mathrm{c}$, and $25 c$ all lilac. Deside these, there will appear soon 50 c violet, $\mathrm{r}, 2,5$ and to peso carmine.
Montserrat-Another card imid. carmine on buff.
Perak-"i cent Perak" has been surcharged on the 2 c of Sts. Settlements.
Puttialla-The 2 annas, service, has been issued. The surcharge is at the bottom in two lines. "Puttialla" is sometimes spelled Puttilla.
Reunion-The 300 (type of France, 1876) has appeared with the surcharge " 5 c " and also " 20 c ."
St. Christupher-..The 6d. has appeared with surcharge "One Penny" in two lines. Also cards, ixid. carmine, and $1 \frac{1}{2} \times 1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. brown on buff.
Tahiti-The wrappers have lately been surcharged with the same surcharge that appeared on the stamps. There are four values, $5,10,15$, and 25 c . The 15 C is formed by printing the 5 and loc side by side.

No Trouble to Show Goods.-Lady (in drug store)-Have you any postage stamps, sir? Polite clerk-Yes, madam, the largest and finest assortment in the city. Can I show you something in the way of stamps this morning?-N. Y. Times.

Written for the Canadian l'hilatelist.
Philatelic Societies and their Use.

## HY THEODORE SIDDALI.

There have been a number of articles written, lately, giving advice as to the formation of philatelic societies. These socicties, for the first few months while the novelty lasts, are of some benefit to their members; but after that time interest in them is loosened and their mectings drag along like a horse-car going up hill; and the members, finding nothing to interest them there, stay away, and then the suciety goes to the bow-wows.

There is not so very much to say about philately after all. There is a great deal of "blowing" done, arguing for and arainst, but very little new matter is brought up, and what is old is talked dry. Those who argue that philately is a sciene ought to bring out a fact or so occasionally. In the older sciences there is always something new going on, or news to talk about. Again, they argue that philately teaches history, geography, languages, etc., etc., but in prapers edited by the upholders of the "science" howl, we do not find that they put into practice their pet doctrines -no bistorical items, except perhaps that perennial chestnat about the int intor of postage stamps, or the first postal service.
I think the aim of philatelic sucieties and philatelic papers ought to be to instruct and interest those who now collect stamps, as well as to induce outsiders to take up the hobby. The meetings of societies could be made very interesting by discussions upon living topics, or contemporary history, without having too much "stamp" in it-for all who ever tried will agree with me when I say it is decidedly a dry job to be forever licking stamps. Societies could in many ways be more attractive to outsiders, who, when they see the charm of collecting stamps, would take it up and make good and useful members of the society, and at the same time still further spread stamp col-lecting-which last is, or should be, the object of all right minded philatelists.
This is not a merely theoritcal article,
but is written by one who knows something about the needs of philatelie societies. Some may object to this introduction of outside subjects as tending to draw off interest from stamp collecting, and also as bning out of place in a stamp socicty-in answer to which I would say, that if they camot make their meetings interesting with stamps alone, and want to keep their society alive, they will suffer a disappointment. As I said abore, there is little to be said about stamps, and it has been nearly ali said, and about the best way to do it is for a number of collectors to get up a society haring an aim, or joint object, of promoti:is stamp collecting, then make meetings interesting to outsiders, and they will most likely follow the example of the collectors who should be in the majority, and take up the collection of stamps.

## Questions wanting Answers.

BY QUERY.
When and where is the next mectung of the Toronto Philatelic Socicty to be held?

Why not rent a hall for our regular metings? Surely we are in a position to du so, we number about twenty five collectors, other socreties with far less members than ours supporta hall. If wecannot do the same, it ivould appear as though there was something radically wrong in the State of Denmark.
How is it that so many philatelic papers suspend publication duing the summer months? Is it bearase all their contributors are away on their holidays, and they have no articles for their columns?

Or is it the worry of their extensive publishing and stamp business, or the heat that affects the editor's brains so much that he is bound to rusticate at the sea side.or go camping for a month or two?

Or is it because the stamp business being so duil and the advertisers so few that he camot mise sufficient funds to pay his printer? He is probably like Macawber. " waiting for something to turn up."

Written for the Canadian Philatelist.

## The Connell Stamp.

By suldexas.
I notice in the June rumber of the Empire State Philatedist an article by Mr. Evane, in' which ho states his belief that the "Comnell Stamp" was used on postal service. I have made enquiry and havz come to the decision that it is really nothing more than an essay, although many allege to have used specimens in their collections, none however passed through the mails.

In 1861, Mr. Charles Connell, then Post-master-General of New Brunswick, issued five stamps of the following values: ic, $5 \mathrm{c}, 10 \mathrm{c}, 12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$ and 17 c ; the 5 c bearing his own portrait, and which has been known ever since as the "Comnell Stamp."

On being presented to the Government, they were rejected, and a new ofe stamp prepared bearing the profile of the Queen. These were the only 5 e stamps used by New Brunswick.

A few sheets of the "Connell Stamp" were struck off, nearly all of which were destroyed aloner with the plates.

A few however fell into the hands of collectors.
These stamps were eonsidered very rare, and have been sold as high as $\$ 50.00$ each. But the "Connell Stamp" no longer brings such fancy prices, the market is over stocked with them, and can now be bought at a very low figure.
The latter are evidently not of the original plates. Where they como from has been a mystery to everyone, they probably are some of the "Greenslade manufacture."

In 1SS0, Mr. Greenslade, then a siamp dealer of Toronto, carried on an cestensive business in the Mail Building.

Being personally acquainted with an engraving firm, they executed an engraving of the "Connell Stamp" for him. So well was this exceuted that it could not, be told from the original.

The P. O. authorities however got an inkling of the matter, and poor Greenslade had to slip "by the light of the moon" to the States.

He is now in California publishing T'he Last Anyels' Trumpet Call, a sheet devoted to the infidels of that place.

His plates and whatever stamps could be found were destroyed, but it is supposed that when Greenslade left Toronto he carried a quantity of the "Connell Stamps" with him.

## National Philatelic Society.

(Stamp and Coin Gazette).
The National Philatelical Society which it is proposed shall be organized, canne* but be successful, as it will have a department of exchange conducted by some able, self-sacrificing collector as superintendent, and a department of purchase at cost, conducted by another collector. Both will serve the Society gratuitously, and will be held to strict accountability. The president will be in one city, the secretary in another, the treasurer somewhere else, and so forth; so you see the organization will not be localized, and could not very well be controlled by a clique.

Every city of any account will have its local philatelical society whose president is to be a vice-president of the national body, and the other officers of the latter will be ballotted for by the membership at large, each local society having a right to nominate its own ticket. Can you desire or propose anything more equitable and fair? If so, I wish you would do it in your next issue.

I would be obliged if you would tell your readers that they should organize local societies immediately, and let their secretaries communicate with me for further particulars. Yours truly, Theo. F. Cuno.
"Familiarity breeds contempt" is not true of the stamp collector and his collection. The more he looks at it the more he likes it.-Stamp.

The first stamp dealer and collector in the United States arose in 1861; the first iand book appeared in 1863, and the first ${ }^{\prime}$, hilatelic paper in 1864.-Ex.

## THE <br> Ganadian 巴hilamelism

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GEO. A. LOWE, Publisher,
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TORONTO, SEPTEMBER, 1886.
We beg to hand you the intial number of The Canadian Philatelist, and trust that it will meet with your approval. Our intention was to make our del,ut under the name of the British Amorican Philatelist, but thinking it rather lengthy we decided upon the Canadian Philatelist, the name of which will probably sound familiar to many philatelists, as it will be remembered this was the name of Mr. Barker's paper which was published in Whitby about a year ago.

We devote our whole time to the philatelic business, and are therefore enabled to produce a first-class publication. Our paper will at all times be found to contain articles by the leading philatelic writers. The following have promised us their contributions: F. H. Best, Lieut. J. M. T. Partello, Theodore Siddall, W. G. Whild. n Jr., H. G. Spaulding and others.

Collectors may rely upon those dealers whose names appear in these columns, as we only insert advertisements for bona fide dealers.

Mr. R. R. Bogert, of New York, has entered into partnership with Mr. Philip Comstock.
A collection of old bills that was found in a log hut at Niagara re on exhibition in a Yonge street store window.
The organization of a National Philatelic Society is a good scheme, and cannot but be successful while such good men are at the wheel.
The late King of Bavaria who committed suicide some time ago, is said to have had one of the largest collections of foreign stamps in Europe.
Scort \& Co.'s new International Album has spaces for the U. S. Revenues. We are glad to see that it no longer gives space to Har:isurg locals.

Colléctors will find that the approval sheets of stamps sent out by Frank H. Best, of this city, are well worth seeing as they contain many rare and scarce specimens.
If you want to work up a good Canadian trede, advertise in the Canadian Philatelist. This magazine is read by hundreds of collectors which other papers fail to reach.

A valuable collection of old Canadian coins were found a few weeks ago on the grounds at the corner of Yonge and McGill streets, where the new Y. M. C. A. building is being erected.

The Fimp:ic State Philatelist still takes the lead as a first-clsss magazine.
The Capital City Philatelist is one of our best exchanges.
The Stamp, published in Denver, is a bright paper, and is always full of interesting news.
Has The Toronto Philatelic zournal given up the ghost? We have seen the May number.

We have rcceived the following, publishers accept our thanks:
Ptiluelic Tribunc.
Philatelic Herald.
Philatelic Notes.

Stamp and Coin Gazettc. Mohawk Standard.
Philatelic World.


## Written for the Canadian Philatelist.

The Difference in Philatelic Societies.

## by norge.

I have visited quite a number of societies, but shall only occupy space in your paper in describing two in which I noticed the greatest contrast.

The manner in which the Philadelphia Soriety is conducted is far superior to that of any other society which I have had the pleasure of noticing. This society is held at the corner of Eile jenth and Arch streets, in a large spacious hall, wich seems especially adapted for the purpose, if it had been buils especially for them I doubt if it could 'ave been improved upen.

At the time of my visit there was about twenty members present ranging arom eighteen years upwards, and as jolly a lot of fellow: as ever beeathed the word philately.

After the minutes of the lasi meetines had been read and the other business of the evening gone thro ? members among whom were MLr. Lyude and Mr. McCalla gave comic readings and recitations, and last of all came the exchanging of duplicates which lasted a while, then the me ting adjourned.

A few deys later while visiting another city, not a thousand miles from the Quaker City, I recoived an invitation to attend a meeting of their philatelic society which I had experted to be a large affair. At 8 p.m. after making several enr uiries as to their headquarters, I was zhown to the building, which vas a dv. slting house of limited dimensicas.

After ringing the bell, which was answered by a pale faced boy, of about fifteen winters, I was conducted up two flights of stairs, and ushere: into their meetin room, a small room "r caining a table, four chairs and a bed. 1 was introduced to each of the eix meabers th:: twere present, the eldest of whom was not over seventeen years of age, and each of whom was an officer of the society.

Three of the men'vers were engaged in pasting stamps in their collections, while the other three sitting on the bed, were busy exchanging duplicates.

This seemed to be the only business of the evening, and after having oxamined their collections and passing a few ramarts I rade an excuse and fook my departure: thirking at the vast differenco that existed between the two societies.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

Under this heading we are prepared to answer all questions that lie in our power, reiating to philitely. Correspondent: wishint reply by mail must enclose 3c stamp for retuin postage.
W. W.-The samp yo mention is Helsingfors, 1871 issue.
:V. V. Nicholson (Erie).-Surry not to have seen you when you called, but was in Detroit at time.
J. H. T.-In reference to T. P. J. we must say that Vol. II. is $2 n$ improvement, the editor of the P. H. makes a mistake when he says it is better printed than Vol. I.
G. W. P.-You are mistaken, Mr. H. N. Gilkison is not the only mute stamp dealer in the world. One of the largest stamp dealers of this city is a deaf-mute, as for collectors we are acquainted with at least a dinzen who are mutes.
S. M. (Eng!and).-The cost for publishing philatelic papers in England is about one-third of what it costs here. The largest stamp paper England publishes does rast exceed $f, f$ or $\notin \mathrm{I}$ Ios. per 1000 each issue. You cannot therefore expect our advertising rates to be as low as yours.
A Queer Collection.-An old bachelor in Berlin has for many years past been engased in for:nins a collection of bont and shoe heels, of which he has now over 1,000, which are exposed to view in a handsome glass case and numbered and catalogued with the dates and name of their original owners. The notion wis first stiggested to him on the 5th June, 1861, when on a visit to the ancient castle of Kinast in the company of a beautiful Swedish lady who lost the heel off one or ber bools. That particular boot-heed becam the first and most valued item is the entire collection. -Il Pungolo.

## Only an Old Hair Trunk.

(Ifom the N. Y. World Herald.)
The sun had gone down hehind the hills, but the peaks of the western monntains were still bathed in sunlight and covered with that glory no painter's brush can re. produce. The shadow that had fallen corered the small but quaint and pieturesque farm-house to its chimney-topand stretched across the closely eropped green meadowland and up the sloping hill-side, its yellow stuble taking a golden tint that deepened at the edges of the irregular swaths, ans if labor had set its signature upon the field.

The sunlight still danced in the topmost banches of the tall maple that stood on the erest when a wason was driven slowly up tle little lilac-lined lane that led to the barn. Before the wheels could have been heard by any bat an anxions and waiting ean, a sweet-faced woman whose hair alone betrayed the fact that she was far beyond the middle ase came to the dour and was at the side of the wagron at the driver slowly desended.
"Don't sriere, father," she said, taking his hand. "The darkest clond has a silver lining. We have Dick still."
"And that's all, mother," he replied, with a catch in his roice.

The woman's sensitive fice paled and seemed in grow older in a moment, for though her husband's manner had shown that his: mission had failed, some hope had still remained despite her brave words, and, while expection the blow that wori, 1 deprive them of the honse and land upon which both had lived since childhood, there had been expectation that some way out of it might be found or that the blow might be in some way softened.
"Then Nichols would not give you time?
"Not a day. He is mereiless. and the sale will take place Saturday. He must have the cash, he says, on Saturday, and will only sell for money down. Williams is away in New jork. I saw erery one who might, be able to let me have the money, but none could lend me so much by Saturday. He will buy it in himself. Barker says he can get the money for me
in ten days, but when I asked Nichols to give me one more week, he replied that he had not forgotten his oath if I had."
"The villain!" said the woman indignantly. "But is it legai, father?" she asked. "Can he rob us of a farm worth six times the mortgage and have the law on his side?"
"I asked 'Squire Andrews, and he went over the papers carefully. 'He has planed his rengeance well,' Andrews said. 'Every legal form has been complied with,' and he added that I would be morally, but not legally, justified in shoeting him."
"Poor Diek!" said the mother. "Come, f.ther, the house is ours fo: three days longer anywaty. Something may happen. Let us talk of other things. Supper is ready and Dick is coming across the field."

While talking the light wagon had been put in the carriage-house and the iovse had been fed and watered.

It was easy to see that the bright-faced broad shouldered joung man who met them at the door was their son and that he was a " mother's boy." His arm fell naturally round her waist, and he stopped to kiss her as they passed into the kitchen.
"Well, Mimi, are you ready to feed a bear after his winter's sleep?" he added playfully. "Why, mother, there are lears in jour eyes! Father, what is the matter?" he asked as for the first time he saw his dawn, set face.

His mother's arms were round his neek, and she was erying softly on his breast.
"It means, Dick, that Nichols bought the mortgage from Secor before he went to Mexico; it has been due, as you know, for four years; but Nichols did not want the mones, and wished me to let it rua on, as I needed it more than lee did. Secor knew that Nichols was my son-in-law, and, from what Nichols said, supposed he wanted to clear it off. Secor told Jim Ferguson that he was going to do it."
"Secor did not know how he treated Nellic?" asked Dick.
"No," was the weary reply. "Been you, Dick, don't know that when I brought Nellic home-a wreck, dying from his brutal treatment-that he swore an oath to hare
revenge on me and mine, because I would Mimi. It will have to be postpored for a not let him take her back to the city to dic. He hated her because she would not help) him in his wickedness, and when he saw her day's were numbered, told her that she should never see one of us while she lived, and none of us would know where she was buried when she was dead. A friend of hers wrote to me. I went to New York and brought her home. When he came, in hot haste, for her, I hieked him out. You were only a little lad of five then, Dick. He has waited all these years, and now he has his revenge.'
"But how, father?" We e a sasily pay the $\$ 1,200$ in a week or ten $\dot{C} . . "$
"He has given me the legal t.irty days" notice by publication in the Ble mfield licgister, which never comes to this jerst-office, Mrs. Winters salw it yesterday add sent me word. The sale is for Saturday. He requ'res spot cash. No one can get $\$ 1,200$ in so short a time and he will buy it in himself."

The young man's eyes blazed. "If he does-if he dares to show himself-I will put a bullet in him!"

The mother's arms were aro:nd him. His father laid his hand upon his shoulder-
"Leave him to God. Dick; don't make our burden harder than we can bear. Let us have our boy for the few years left to us."
"Inemember Susic," sobbed the mother-
The young man conquered his emotion, kissed his mother and shook his father's hand-the Anglo-Sacon caress between males. Women kiss; men shake hands.
"I will do nothing rash; nothing to bring you addition worry; but if I meet him he will have to keep his temper. Come, let us try your biscuits, Mimi, and forgel for the moment."

The form of a meal was gone through with, but the talk drifted into the only subject tuat any one could think about.
"Dick, you haven't said a word about your marriage. It is two weeks frome today. We will hare no home 10. Susie to come to."

Dick smiled for his mother's benefit and answered brighty: "Never mind that,
litule while. Don't worry about that."
'- But, Dick, it may make a great difference to Susie," said his father: "You will no longer have a sung farm at your back, and yon may have to wait a year or two before you can get forebanded enough to marry. Will Susie be willing to wait and take the chances when she can have her cousin Will, who is rich ?"
"Susie is as true as steel, dad. Will Hartshoran cannot take her from me," said Dick laughing lightly. "We may not he able to marry for a jear or two, but we are both joung and life is before us. Don': fret on our account. I must so over and tell her:"

It was not 10 when he returned, but it was the first time in many months that both his parents had been found up at that hour Praces of tars on their cheeks showed that the subject of conversation had not been changed.
"Susic will wait," he replied to his mother"s unspoken question, "until 1 have made a home for us three and it has grown bis enough for her to enter. I saty what she said. She wont mary me till I have. Our marriase is postponed for a year. She will work in the rubber factory and help me. Her uncle has been appointed manazer, and was out to see her yesterday to see if he could get her as his chicf clerk. He wants some one who understands bookkecping, shorthand and telegraphy; and offered her $\$ 12$ per week. She refused, of course; but she has written to-night accepting it. You see, dad, she didn't wasts hey time, as you thought, in learning those accomplishments last year. Her investment of $\$ 120$ will come back many fold."

His mother laid her hand apon his arm.
"Susie says that we can get the Wilsons" house at the bridge. It's quite as comfortable as this and we will soon forget all about this trouble. You are only tretting for us and Susic says you must not and shall not. Susie's word is law to mother and me; and, father, will you not dn what
I we three want you to?"
"Dick," said his father with deep feeling, "I should have named you Benjamin. Su-
sic will make a good wife. I take back all I said about her spending money. She was wiser than J , but $I$ didn't think it was wo. man's work."
"Even her spending \$4 for cancelled postage stamps?" asked Dick, mischievonsly.
"Well!" said his father with a smile and a shake of the head, "that was a ranity. Twenty-five cents fer a yard of ribbon I ean understand, but 25 cents for an old onecent postage stamp which I bought new only a few years ago for a cent I cannot anderstand. I think it would be more natural for a pretty girl to spend hor money for ribbons than for little pieces of soiled paper:"
"She says that her collection which wst her less than $\$ 20$, can be sold any day to a dealer for $\$ 35$ and that he will sell it agam for $\$ 100$. The stamps she paid 25 cents cach for are now sold for $\$ 3.25$ and $\$ 1.50$. She intends to sell them all to have a nestcerg to start with."
"I don't want a better girl than Susie for a daughter. I always said that, Dicis. That there stamp business was the orly vanity I crer knew in her; but she has a right to some ranity. Dhe has the Lrockwood grit and truth. Let us ask God to bless her."

At noon the next day Mrs. Ferris asked Dick to give her an hour's help in the gamet, as she wished to go orer the accumulated rubbish of a century to see what would be worth movin.s.
"What is in this old hair trunk, mother?" asked Diek, as he sorted out the relices of five gencrations.
(To le continued.)

## A゚TTEINTIONI

I desire $t^{\circ}$ enter into correspondenee with collectors in South and Central America, West Indics, Africa and Asia, with a view to a mutual cxchange of postage stamps.

## D. H. K. MACMAHON

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