

# Monthly Letter. 

PUBLISHED BY
The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Chureh, Canada. ROOM 20, WESLEY BUILDINGS.
Vol. XVII.
No. 11-12. $] \quad$ TORONTO, AUGUST-SEPIEMBER, $1900 . \quad\left[\begin{array}{c}\text { Price 5c. } \\ \text { a year. }\end{array}\right.$

## Subjects for Prayer and S.udy for the Month:

August-"African and Jewish Missions."
September-Our Boards of Management. Officers and Committees. All Sister Socièties.

## Japan.

## EDUCATIONAL WORK.

Report for the Quarter Ending March 31st, 1900.

## TOKYO.

THE recent promotion examinations in the school show that good classwork hasbeen done through the year. Threegirls were graduated from the full course. Two of these having been supported by the Society, enter at once on their duties as helfers-one going to Kofu to assist in the school work there, and one to Nagano. We huped that the third, though a fullpay pupil, would remain with us as a helper for a time, but her father has called her home. She has been in the school twelve years, and we trust has developed a Christian character that will enable her to walk in the straight path of right through the difficulties and temptations which we know she must now meet. As these girls go out from the school we look with
dismay at the vacancies which they leave in Sunday Scluol work, King's Daughters' Society, etc., etc., and with anxious misgivings arrange for the respunsibilities which they late carried to be passed on to younger and less experienced gish, and then we smole at our own fears as we remeniber not so why long ago, with the same feelings we saw the "now graduatus" first step into these positions, and how as the months passel they grew into the full measure of the demands made upun them. School closed with seventy-nine names on the rolione, a traned nurse, having withdrawn shortly before, becawe her services were required in the hospital.

King's Daughters' School.-Mrs. Ito's place had to be supplied by a very young helper, so both teachers this quarter have been more inexperienced than those who previously carried on this work. The President of the King's Daughters' Society was appointed Principal of the sct ool, and the work has gone on very well. We have not thought it wise to encourage new pupils to enter, as these are always harder to manaje The boys' class had to be dropped, as neither of the young teachers was strong enough to undertake it in addition to work with the girls.

ORPHANAGE.-One of the pupils of the girls' school was marned early in the New Year, and asked to have one of our orphans for a little maid in her new home. We hesitated as we had no child large enough to really gu out to service, yet we did not wish to lose so gond an opening. However, Mrs. Hara said she did not mind the child's being small, and we knew she would be kindly zared for, so another of our little band has started out in life.

Our orphans are gaining a reputation. A few weeks ago a teacher in the school for deaf, dumb or blind children, asked if we would let him have one for his home, saying he had heard of their being well trained children. As he is not a Christian his request could not be entertained.
I. S. Blackmore.

SHIDZUOKA.
Our prayer for the last three months has been for wisdom to make the best use of each hour of every day. There was so sauch work that could be done, and to have wisdom to choose out of much we longed to do what would tell best for eternity has been the strongest desire of our hearts.

Mrs. Large and Mr. Miyama visited Shidzuoka in the early part of the year in the interests of the temperance cause. Having heard much of the good results which followed their
work in other towns, we expccted the same benefit here, nor were we disappointed.

Mr. Mıyama, besides being a temperance worker, is also an evangelist, and wherever he goes, preaches Christ.

Hr. Myama's public temperance meeting was held in the chach on Tuesday evening, March 4th. As our boarding puphls, whose homes are in Shidzuoka, are allowed to visit them on the first and third Friday of each month, returning on the following afternoon, one of our girls went home on the alternoon of the fourth, determined, if possible, to get her steptather and step-brother to attend the evening meeting. She came in a little late bringing both men with her. The stepfather was much impressed with Mr. Miyama's earnestness, and the iruth of his words. The next morning at six o'clock a prayer-meeting was held in the church. To this the girl came, bringing her step-father. The man there decided that he would give up drinking wine himself, and also that never again would he offer it to a guest. At this time he was preparing to celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of his grandfather's death. A number of guests had been invited, and he had had a winebottle and wine-cup made for each guest. He had also put aside ten yen to be spent in wine. As he had pledged himself never again to offer wine to a guest, he sent the ten yen as a present to the school to be spent in any way we wished After consultation with teachers and pupils, we decided to buy a tree. We got a beautiful weeping willow over forty feet in height, and as removing a tree in Japan, no matter how large, seldom puts it back, it is now in full leaf. In Japa: willow trees are planted in front of hotels and tea-houses, anu the waving branches beckon people to come. Some of our girls thought a willow tree a most appropriate one to be placed in front of our school, where it could stand, and " with. its long hands call pupils to come and hear of Christ."

Mrs. Large was presented with the wine-bottle and cup which had been intended for the Buddhist priest in charge of the temple where the ceremony was to be held. A woman's meeting, addressed by Mrs. Jarge, was held in the church on Saturday afternoon, and sixteen women signed the pledge.

Sunday morning Mrs. Large addressed the teachers and girls of the school. Her earnest words will not soon be forgotten. In the afternoon, nearly two hundred children assembled in the church. They listened most attentively, and when at the close of her address Mrs. Large asked how many would begin to fight the wine and tobacco serpents, every child in the church arose.

The principal of the "Chu Gakko" (Middle School) in-
vited Mrs. Large to address his students. There are over five hundred boys in the school, ranging in age from fourteer to twenty-two. As Mis. Large had arranged to leave Shidzonka on Monday murning, it was impossible to do so then, so she promised to stop off a day in April, on her next trip through the country.

Mr. Miyama is a Methodist, and on Sunday evening he zonducted a real home revival service in the church. The Christians were greatly blessed. The girls spoke particularly of the prayer of one mas, who had been growing cold in God's service. It was as the prayer of a little child returning to its father. All our Christian teachers and older girls gave themselves anew to Christ, and eight of our younger girls decided to openly acknowledge themselves as Chistians by receiving baptism.

The good work continued in the scbool, and seven mure gurls asked for bapusm. Of these, two were daily pupils. Besides these, four other datly pupils have begun to attend the Sunday afternoon class-meeting. This interest among the daily pupils makes us especially glad, as it is always so hard to really come into touch with those who do not board in the school.

Among the boarding pupils, as far as we can judge, there is now not one who is not trying to follow Christ. Seven of the girls were baptized on Sunday, March 4th. Of the remaining erght, two have not yet permissuon from their families, and as the others are young, one of them having been in the schuol only about six months, we felt that it was better that they should watt a little longer, until they understand the way mure perfectly.

Of the two who have not yet received permission to be baptized, one comes from a wealthy country home. Her parencs are dead, and this little one is much loved by her grand mother. She entered the school a year ago, and her daily Bible-class teacher says. "Duing the past few months there have been tumes when O Iwa San could not understand the lesson with her head, but she always seemed to be able to understand it with her heart." Her brother, in answering the letter, in which permission was ashed for her baptism, said that her family knew nothung about the Christian religion, but when the long summer holndays came, she could tell her grandmother all about the new religion, and could explain what baptism meant, and then her grandmothes would decide.

The girls sometimes speak of $U$ Iwa San as a "tsumi no nai hito," that is, "a person without sin." She has received Christ with such simple faith, and she talks of the time when
she can tell her grandmother about Him. She has a peculaarly teautiful disposition, and it may be God has sent her here to learn of Him, then to go back and begin a work in an otd conservative family-a work which possibly might not be begun in any other way. She is one who will "adorn the cospel of our Lord Jesus Christ." That, and her simple fath may help her so to present Christ that her grandmother may be won, not only to grant the asked-for permission, to acknowledge Him openly, but may herself be brought to Him.
M. J. Cunningiham.

## Kofu.

As the calenaar has to be revised, new text-bocks considered, preparations for closing exercises thought about, and grading eadminations conducted, the winter term is always the busiest of the year, the one just closed being no exception to the general rule. A number of girls who have been with us during the past year return to their homes, exchanging school life for one of domestic duties.

The routine work of the school varies little. The usual class, prayer-meetings and other services are well attended. Among the girls a growing knowledge of the importance of carefulness in little things is shown in the way many of them prepare their daily work.

Every Saturday evening the gills engaged in Sunday work have met together for prepatation of the next day's lesson. Lately this meeting has been converted into a normal class, under Miss Just's direction, in which a model lesson is taught by one of the workers to a class of little children gathered for the purpose.

Iwo more pupils have received baptism this term, one of whom asked that she might have the privilege of helping in the bunday work among the children. She is one of two who were mentooned in a former report as having come in for English only, and became a Christian in spite of herself. The open heart responsive to thz Father's message is surely hers, and a blessing she will prove wherever she goes. The other girl who "as baptized has been long in the school, one for whom many prayers have been offered. It was a joy to see her come at last. Three others have explessed a desire for baptism, but in one case the parents have not yet consented. One of them sad the influence of the school the few weeks she had been a Loarder far outweighed what she had felt during the two years she was a daily student.

Five girls were graduated, one from the English course, who graduated in Japanese last year, three from the Japaicse course, and one from the sewing department.
Already a goodly numiber of applications are on file, and we begin to wish for more room that we might accommodate ah who wish to cume. If success be counted by numbers we an certainly count the coming term a successful one. Minnie A. Robertson.

## Nagano.

The average attendance for the past quarter has been tiveaty-five. Two items-the forming of a Y.W.C.T.U. Society, and the baptizing of three of our girls-mark the teı. n , and give us great cause for rejoicing.
Ever since Mrs. Large's visit last fall, when she gave us some very earnest and interesting talks in connection with the temperance work, there has been an increasing interest in the temperance movement, and a desire to organize a " Y " Snciety. Early in February tweive of the girls signed the pledge ; later eighteen more joined, and we formally organized, and elected the officers, having Mrs. Yamaji, a former pupil of our Azabu School, as president. This little band make the first organized temperance workers in Nagano. They are very much interested, and I am sure the future will find them making their mark in connection with the temperance cause.
The first Sunday in April three of our girls were baptized. Two of them are boarders, and one a day pupil. The latter is a doctor's daughter; she has a brother who is an earnest Christian. This makes five of our girls who are Christians, two being baptized before they came to us.
The Father has graciously owned and honored our efforts, I have no words to express my gratitude. When I look out and see much land yet to be possessed, my prayer is, "Help us that in future we may give a more willing and, in every way possible, a more perfect service.
Kindergarten.-There are sixteen names on the roll for the past term, but the average attendance has been only ten. January and February being our cold, snowy weather, the little ones often found it inpossible to venture out.
Our head teacher, who was to have been baptized in April, has been absent for two months on account of sickness. We expect her to return by the first of May.
Three of "our babies" leave us to attend the public schools. We are sorry to part with them, but are glad to know that two
of tnem belong to Christian mothers, and all three attend our Cluurch Sunday School, so we will still have a care over them.
the English Bible classes with the young men have been $\mathrm{kc}, \mathrm{l}$ up, and have been very interesting. One young man, a numnal student, who is in Miss Wigle's class, has asked for bapusm, and two in my class are almost decided.
the social side of the work has claimed considerable of our tume. Over two hundred and thirty-four visitors have been received in our home.
I have visited at all the homes of the kindergarten children, and at a good many of the homes of the school girls. The way is opening up, and we see many more opportunities than we are able to take up.
Asking for an interest in your prayers that the Father may contanue to use us in His service here,

Isabella M. Hargrave.

## EVANGELISTIC WORK.

Report for the Quarter Ending March 3rst, 1900.

## Токуо.

We are glad to be able to report an addition to our number of workers. Mrs. Kataoka, who has had six years of experience as a Bible-woman in the South, has been put in charge of the Ushigome District.
Kubo San is failing fast, still she works when she can. She 15 much loved and respected by all who know her, and will be greatly missed when her work is done.
A former pupil of our Azabu School, who is living in the Atagoshita District, has of late used her influence with success in getting a number of the neighbors to come to her home for a mothers' meeting. We trust it will be the means of much good.
The unusual severity of the cold this winter, the freque it snow storms, and the wide-spread prevalence of infuenza, urought the attendance at the women's meetings during Jannary and February down to two or three, a few times one only, so that the quarter's average is very small. I suppose the same reasons account for the smaller attendance at our Sunday children's meetings.
A few weeks ago Mrs. Hayashi succeeded in getting a children's meeting started in a part of the city where no Christian work is being done. There were twenty-six children and a
few grown folk at the first meeting. The attendance has increased to thirty-five.

During the quarter we have held fifty-three women's and thirty-six children's meetings, with an average attendance of six and thirty-seven.
We have had four requests for baptism. C. E. Hart.

## Shidzuoka.

As another result of Mrs. Large's and Mr. Miyama's visit with us in February, a temperance society has been organized. Thirty-nine members are enrolled. Our aim has been to divide the responsibility of this work, and have the women of the American Methodist Protestant Church, also the teachers and older girls of the Jo Gakko, and our own church women represented. With these difierent agents using their influence, we hope to reach many outside of the churches.

The wife of the Principal of the High School is vice-president. She found it harder to give up tobacco than wine. So many recognize the evil effects of intemperance, but the custom of offering wine to guests is so universal it needs moral courage to be the first, or even the second, to banish it from the home. It is when they come to the point of signing the pledge, we find the hold this habit has on the people.

If only we can get the mothers to feel the responsibility of their own sons and daughters and "lend a hand" in this work. The inducements to drink are many. Even if the smallest boy is successful in his aim at the "shooting stand," he wins a glass. If successful a number of times, he receives a bottle, and after winning so many bottles he is entitled to a watch. It is not, however, only outside of the home " pitfalls" are waiting. Wine is used so extensively in the cooking it is more a natural appetite than an acquired one.

Our work along temperance lines is educative. May God help us to awaken the consciences of the people so they may see the awfulness of this curse. To this end scientific temperance is taught in our monthly meeting, and a regular programme prepared along educative lines.

In all our work temperance is taughi From three homes we have heard of the children returning from the Sunday School to tell their parents and friends it was not good for the body to drink and smoke. In one case, after seeing the picture of the wine cup with the snake curled up in the bottom. one buy was so impressed he said to his father when next he saw him drink, "Father, there's a snake in that glass." This
the repeated from time to time, and finally succeeded in getting his father to stop.
Uur work is in the Father's hands, and when He wills, a twhen of encouragement is given to us. We are never utterly cast down. Bessie h. Adcorn.

## Kofu.

The meeting held every two weeks in Kofu is particularly encuulaging, both in increase of numbers and in the deepening interest shown.
At Matsushima, where meetings have been begun and closed several times, we have been obliged to close again. Usually only two women were present, one of these being the duughter of the house where the meeting was held. We shall nake Bible calls at all the houses open to us, as often as pussible, and start a meeting again when we can do so.
The three silk factories where we hold meetings closed in December, and will not re-open until the middle or end of June. In February we started a branch of the W.C. T. U. in connection with our women's meeting and at Katsunuma.
The members of our W.C.T.U. here at Kofu, together with the members of our other women's meetings, are beginning a night school for littie nurses. Many a mere child is sent out of the house with a baby on her back, that she and the little one may be out of the way of the older members of the family, and these children wander the streets till late at night nowhere to go. As we are just beginning work among them, we will speak more fully later.
In a letter to the Outlook, written in March, we gave a full account of our temperance work among the children, so will not speak of that here.
During the term we have held 110 women's meetings, with an average attendance of 10 ; 35 children's week-day meetmgs, with an average of $24 ; 76$ children's Sunday meetings, with an average of $29 ; 6$ factory and special meetings, with an average of 78 . We have made in Christian homes 234 calls, in non-Christian homes 261, and in new homes 8, giving a total of 503 ; baptized 3 . Edith E. Washington.

## Nagano.

The evanyelistic department of our Nagano work reports for the quarter. Women's meetings, 24 ; average attendance, 6. Special meetings, 2 ; average attendance, 33 . Children's
meetinss, 124, average attendance, 34. Visits, 131. New homes entered, 15. West Naganu free kindergarten averaze attendance, 13. Yashiro free kindergarten average atte.adance, 11 .

Since Mrs. Large's and Mr. Miyama's visits to this distact last year temperance work has been making steady progress. In Komoro Mr. Miyama organized a W. C. T. U. in December, which has now nearly thirty very earnest members. In Ianasa nineteen women have joined. One is a young woman whuse father is a slave to buth wine and tobacco, and whose litte brother of five yearo, who likes to imitate his father and " see the smoke curl "Lp" has already learned to like smoking so well that one day he smoked at one time all but one of a bux of cigarettes. Of course he was very sick afterwards. It is, indeed, causff for great rejoicing that Parliament has recently passed a law forbidding the use of tobacco by any one under twenty years of age.

In Ueda we have formed a Y. W. C. T. U. of twenty-three bright young girls, and as we pinned on their white ribbon we prayed that He who is holy will help them to keep their sous and bodies pute and consecrated to His service. Here, as in other cases our hope lies in educating the chiddren, and we ate trying to enlist them in the Loyal Temperance Legion. At at children's temperance meeting not long ago the man of the house and two of his friends sat by the fire at one side of the room making free use of their bottles and cups, histen'ng to our talk between times.

A recent number of the daily paper speaks of a Womans Drinking Club lately formed in a city of this land, at whin some of the women, espucially the older ones, driok veiy heavily. How we long to make all the lovely young gitis around us proof against any such fate. But there are many difficulties, and they all, young and uld, need the prayers of their Christian sisters in other lands that divine strength may be given them in every time of need.

Laura A. Wigle.

## China.

From Miss Foster, Chentu, April r3th, 1900.

THE work of the past quarter has been quite satisfactory. The day-school has been very well attended since the Chinese New Year. The orphans have all had good health Since the ist of April two children have entered the Orphanage, making nine in this department. Eighty-five
stuet children and one hundred and fifty three women have Lu cut taubht in out Sunday Schoul during the yuarter. Oh, for nwewe wurkers, so that I niblht give my whie time to the evangelistic work. I am counting the months till Miss BrackL..i shall return to us. By that time Di. Henry and Miss la..ustin will be able to help with the woth. They an very di.; ently studying the language.

The beardin's schoul has its usual number of pupiis. They accall busy and happy in the work. We have all had good health during the winter.
I du wish you could come in sume afternoon ar.i see how :..arty we are in our nice home. The roses are all in bloom fun, and these make our compound look hume like.

## Chinese Gir!'s Home, Victoria, B.C.

## From Mrs. Snyder.

JANこARY was a very busy month, as our family was increased by Mrs. Dr. Chony, her daughter Victoria, and a Japanese woman named O Sata. Mrs. Chong came to i..iprove herself in English, and it was decided by the Advisur) I:u.id that she shuuld pay her share of the capenses for fuod, but in other ways be treated just as the giris.
The baby (Fictoriaj has proved ta teasure to all, and we feel that her cute baby words and ways make the old house more home like and the girls more gentle and loving.
O Sata was bruught to us from a Japanese boarding hou ee with a request tha: she 'je taught English, but she soon tired of the restraint ar 1 one Saturday evening took "French leave," duwerer, we insistea upon her returning the next week to wash hes bedding before her trunk was given to her. Miss Morgan and the Japanese missiuna:y said all they could to influence her, but she insisted on going, and we can only pray for the poor deluded girl. The last of January the oher Japanese women left in the care oi their husbands to take positions as servants, and our family settled down to five Chinese girls and the baby.
The work was very irregular during February on account of the Chinese New Year, and we are truly thanlful it "comes but once a year," as it was a wearsome piocess. After three days of calling, clinbing steep, darh stairways. sitting in dirty ivoms, drinking untrimmed tea, and eating Chincie candy, I nas forced to rest, and Miss Morgan finished the calling withvut me. I-cilled at forty stores and homes, besides many
cabins, opium and gambling dens. When we returned tised out in body we had to be prepared to entertain the Churse who called upon us, and each day we had a group of from five to ten visitors. It was during this time that Ah Yute fell into disgrace. While I was out one day she "took" enough tobacco to make two cigarettes, and when I returned I punished her by putting all the tobacco in the stove, and her look of real sorrow was ludicrous. She has had no tobacco since and seems to be in good health. She has always been very gentle and obedient to the teachers.

Ah You and Ah Kin are very easily managed, very helpful about the house, and have their English clothes almost ready for wearing. Bessie has really been much gentle: and has shown more humility after her outbreak. As I was not feeling able to do double duty, Miss Morgan kindly undertook the home-work and school, while I visited the women on the mainland.

In Vancouver, with the help of Mrs. Fu Tuk, (Rose) and Mrs. Chan, the wife of the missionary there, I visited nineteen women and in each home they told me that Mrs. Chan had told them of Jesus. Rose accompanied me to Westminster We were pleased to find Martha much better, and both she and her husband were very grateful for our care of her in the winter. With her assistance we gained an entrance into every home but one, and talked to eight women and two slave girls. In one home I cut a dress for a little girl at the request of the mother and then told her of Jesus-dressmaking and teaching hand in hand.

The Friday meetings have been held regularly with an average attendance of sixteen, and a great number of the worst class have attended them-no doubt with the hope of influencing the girls, but while we have tried to guard our flock we have also endeavored to send the truth home to these darkened souls.

The little Sunday School meets in the Home, with an average attendance of fourteen. The little girls are very quiet, but the boys very restless. The work though not large is moving along evenly, and we realize our work is not in vain, and that we have the prayers of sisters at home to strengthen our hearts and hands.

## From Miss Morgan, Ľictoria, B.C.

Since January we have registered eleven names in our "Home" school-eight Chinese and three Japanese, three of the former being day pupils who only attend occasionally.

The school work has been very satisfactory, our new girls having made good progress in their English. They are greatly intcrested in Bible stories, and have committed to memory in bu:h English and Chinese a number of Bible texts. We have hat what has been a very great pleasure to me and what I hwe long felt the need of, viz.: A Bible lesson taught in Canese every day. Dr. Chong is a good Bible student and makes the Scriptures very plain to our girls. Several times when she has been absent I have taken the lesson myself, very imperfectly of course, but sufficiently well to give the pupils an idea of its meaning. We rejoice over the fact that our girls are well and happy, and appreciate the privilege of living in a Christian home.

The outside work has been, as usual during the winter term, very much interrupted by the Chinese New Year festivities. It was impossible to hold meetings or make profitable visits in February. During the first week of the new year we called on all the people in Chinatown we knew, which means a great deal of hard labor. One night three of us, in the company of a policeman, visited the opium dens. We began our trip at 12 o'clock p.m., and got home shortly after one. I was prepared to see horrors untold, and certainly the dens we entered were titthy and close, but I was agreeably surprised to find nothing more than I have often seen while by myself in Chinatown. Everywhere we were most kindly treated and asked to partake of their New Year's cheer, even to liquor and cigars.

In January and March we had our regular Sabbath meetings which have been held at six different places, averaging three meetings every week; then, during our week-day visits meetings were held in five homes. One hundred and forty visits have been made by myself and Dr. Chong. We have found five new women. The three homes spoken of in a previous report are still closed to us.

We have tried to rescue two more girls from Chinatown, but so far are unsuccessful. However, we have not given them up, and hope they may still be reclaimed.

The work among the Japanese women has been very discouraging; they are being imported to this country in large numbers for inmmoral purposes, and are so hedgod in by their own countrymen that it seems impossible to reach them. The woman who was imprisoned in December gets her liberty next week; she must come to the Home until arrangements can be made to send her back to Japan where her husband wishes her to go. I visited her yesterday, and while speaking of the past and the temptations that would again assail her she said, with tears in her eyes, "Oh take me with you, I never want to see
the boarding-house again, nor go on the street alone." Cun. stant contart with this kind of work makes the heart sick, and there are times at night when one's overcharged brain refuses to yield to nature's sleep.

The girls keep up their interest in the Mission Band. They have worked well this year. Last summer it was decided that each would try and earn special money for our Mission band. To-dav the earnings were brought in amounting to over eleven dollars. This money, together with membership fees, monthiy collections, and the result of our sale last December, with one life membership, has made our offering for the year over filty dollars. The delegate to the Branch meeting was also chosen to-day. The lot fell on Katie, (Mrs. Ah Tou). She is very much delighted at the thought of going. We want our girls to take turns in representing us at the annual meeting.

God grant that the hearts of our girls may go out in loving sympathy to their less favored and benighted sisters.

## Tidings from the Indian Work.

From W. T. Rush, M.D., Lak-Kalzap, Naas River, B.C.

1AST week witnessed quite an important evert: in our village. The chief of the whole river, a very old man, was latd away in the Lak-Kalzap cemetry. On the morning of his death the cannon was brought into requisition and thundered forth the announcement that a chief had died. Report after report sounded up and down the river, bringing to LakKalzap the people from the neighboring villages, of which there are three within close call. The body lay in state for a -few days, and friends gathered to pay their last respects to the old chief. The funeral procession was led by the village brass band, which played the "Dead March," and played it well. (Music is the one branch of study that seems to be no trouble to these people.) Two men, presumably the tolulas, were dressed in conspicuous uniform and marched next to the band. A tolula is one whose duty it is to care for the sick person previous to death, and pay all expenses connected with the sickness and funeral. In return for his services he receives a certaın sum varying according to the circumstances of the family of the deceased. Although honor is paid to the chiefs now, the position does not signify all that it did in heathen days. In the Christian village one man is about as good as another so long as he behaves himself Rank is of secondary importance, and the motto of our village is "Equal rights to all and special privileges to none."

Every man is obliged to give three days' work each year for the improvement of the village, and failing to obey the order of the Chief Councillor a fine of $\$ 1.50$ per day is imposed upon the delinquent. An amusing incident occurred in this connection last year, when the people turned out en masse to fix the hosputal. One man pleaded sickness, and the Chief Counctitive told him that he must have a certificate from the doctor to wat effect. He replied that he was not sick that way, but that has nerk was stiff and he could not do the work assigned hui, which required looking up most of the time. The Chief Cuuncillor listened to his story, and told him that the couucil was a humane body and would not demand impossibilities from anjone. "If you are not sick enough," he said, "to get a ductor's certificate, come alons with the others and I will see that you get work that will require you only to look down." Itus was an unanswerable argument, and the sould-be shirker was forced to fall into line with the others. L.ast year three days were given by every man in the village to fixing up an unoccupied store for an hospital, which proved a boon to the sich ones during the small fishing season. This year the village grounds have been thoroughly drained and a new road cut through the woods to the cemetery.

Lak-Kalzap is laid out in the shape of a T. The majority of the Indian houses are on the river road which forms the hurizontal portion of the $T$. The mission house, church and school-house are situated at the extreme lower end of the stranght road which forms the vertical portion of the $T$, so that we have a rear view of the entire villaye. The natives are very proud of their home, and aspire to make it the chief place on the river. Already we have welcomed quite a number of new converts who have come to make this their home, and we are praying that the Lord will pour out His spirit upon us this winter and move mightily the heats of the people. We ask you to continue with us in prayer that those now living away from the Saviour may be brought into the fold of Jesus Christ.

We organzed a League this winter and have now over fifty members enrolled. Three meetings are held weekly, besides the regular Sabbath services, and several visits were made to the neighboring heathen villages during the winter, where the story of the Cross was again told and eloquent and fervent appeals made by various members of the League to their friends, and in many instances relatives, to forsake the ways of evil and come to the Saviour for pardon. Some of our leading members are excellent preachers and their native ability far exceeds anything I had ever anticipated. It seems unfortunate that the Church is using so few of these gifted fellows, but the train ing of such men for our regular work is not an easy matter

Missionaries to the fisher folk are seriously handicapped by the nomadic habits of the people, and we cannot expect an un. interrupted work for more than five months out of the twelve, and the long absence from school practically undoes what we have tried to do during the school term.

In the Woman's Missionary Society Homes at Por: ©ımpson. Kitamaat and Chilliwack, the work goes on uninterrupted during the whole year and much is gained in every way. A similar work is carried on among the boys by the Parent Society, and in these institutions the teachers have the advantage in having their pupils with them the most of the tume. This is particularly true in regard to the girls.

Our medical work includes the treatment of most of the com. mon diseases to which human flesh is heir ; pneumona, rheumatism, heart trouble, and skin diseases playing the most important part among the adults, and measles, whooping cough, and kindred diseases among the children. The surgery consists chiefly of simple operations, but now and then a case comes along that occasions not a little ansiety, and requires the strictest attention. At a pot-latch, or feast, held in a large heathen village forty or fifty miles up the river from Lak-Kalzap about six weeks ago, a small cannon used on such occasions burst, owing to some mismanagement, and pieces of ron were hurled in all directions with great force. Several valuable cannon were smashed into kindling wood, so I am told, and one prece struck a spectator on the leg, tearing away completely the lower part, and hurling it against another's face, inflicting such injuries that will spoil his good looks for some tume to come, Mir. McCullough, the English Church missionary at Ayansh (Iance), gave the injured men such attention $z, s$ he could, and sent the man with the shattered limb down to me. The accident occurred on Friday, but owing to the difficulties of travel at this season of the year the patient did not reach Lak-Kalzap until late Sunday night. The condition of the leg was such that I was obliged to amputate just below the knee joint. I operated under rather adverse circumstances, having nothing but native assistance. In spite of the fact that the patient spent the greater part of three days reaching here, and that strict asepsis was practically impossible, the man has made a good recovery, and what is left of his leg will be of considerable use to him.

The accident may be all for the best, for he and his wife have decided to come out on the Lord's side, and a number of his heathen associates have promised him that they too will give up their heathen ways, and go to live in a Christian village. Let us hope that they will keep their promse, and leave forever the service of the evil one.

A chef recently reclaimed from heathenism presented Mrs Rush with a number of curios which had been formerly used in the tamly in connection with their heathen customs. One was a large horn spoon, or rather ladle, beautifully carved and intaid with colored shells. Another was a lip saucer used by the women of high rank in the tribe. This little saucer is cut out of stone, and somewhat resembles a small individual butter plate. In order to hold this in the proper position a hole is made $m$ the lower lip and gradually enlarged until it completely encircles the saucer. If soup is too hot it is placed in this convenient receptical, and when cool enough to eat the Indian woman tosses back her head and swallows her soup. I might add that such customs are rarely, if ever, seen now, but I have otten noticed old women with large holes in their lower lips, which evidences their former habits.
i he medical missionary meets with a variety of experiences 1 have been treating an old woman for some months for an incurable disease, and to my surprise on opening the door the other morning I found a coffin in the room. I stepped over to where the supposed corpse lay and found my patient breathing quetly and much the same as she appeared on my previous visits. The friends explained that she could not live very much longer and that they were just getting her ready for burial It is not an unusual thing for a man to buy his tombstone, and have it erected previous to his death but I never happened to meet another instance of just this kind before.
We have not had such a reviral as the Lord graciously sent us last year, but there has been a steady i:.crease from heathenism to Christianity, and about twenty people have left their heathen customs and come to live in Lak-Kalzap, a Christian village where the surroundings are more conducine to Christian growth.

Yours in the Master's service,
W. T. Rush.

## Request.

Le. us remember in special prayer our missionaries in West China, that in these troublous times they may be kept in perfect peace. To-day as in the days of old, God cares tor His children in times of danger and peril, for "as the mountains are round about Jerusalem, so the Lord is round about his people from henceforth even forever." The instant and earnest prayer of the early Christian Church to God for Yeter in prison was answered. Paul and Silas prayed, and the God who delivered them is our God, the same yesterday, to-day, and forever. "For the eyes of the Lord run to and fro throughout the whole earth to show himself strong in the behalf of them whose heart is perfect toward him."

## Suggested Programme-October.

Subjects for Prayer and Study:
"The Forward Movement for Missions. Givinu to Gob."

1. Opening Exercises.
II. Business.
III. Hymn.
IV. The Watch-Tower.
V. Question Drawer-Subject-- "The History and Organization of the Forward Movement."*
(Questions will be found on the last page of the Leaflet.)
VI. A Comparative Study of the Missionary Income of the Church.**
I. Give
the amount annually contributed by
(a) Subscription to the General Society.
(b) Juvenile Offerings.
(c) Ep. Leagues for the Forward Movement.
(d) The Woman's Missionary Society.
2. Give the amounts contributed by the above departments through your own Church, District and Conference $\dagger \dagger$
VII. Bible Reading-Subject-"Giving to God." $\ddagger$
[^0]
## Increase.

Bay of Quinte Conference Branch.-Mission Band "Lady Roberts," organized at McLean's, on the Spencerville charge.

Nova Scotia and Newfoundland.-Mission Band " Mayflower," in Maitland, N.S.

Hamilton Conference Branch.-Mount Forest District, Letter Breen ; Milton District, Zimmerman.

## Bible Reading-Giving to God.

## 1. What Should we Give?

$\mathrm{F}^{\mathrm{E}}$EAD Matt. 22: 37. 1. What does this include? See 1 Cor. 6: 19, 20. It also includes my ability, time and possessions. ${ }^{2 .}$ Read Matt. 25: 37-39; Acts 9:36, etc., John 12: 2 and Luke $8: 1,3$, for suggestions as to some forms of giving. 3. "All manner of work," Ex. 35: 5-19: How many cccupations are there mentioned in which men and women are able to serve God. Will not serving Him in these things give ample development to, all our abilities, and full employment to all our time and means? Read i Peter 4: io.

## iI. Do not say your Gifts are too Insignificant.

1. Recall the feeding of the five thousand from a slender store. (bee John $6: 9$, latter part, and Matt. 14: 18.) What resulted from placing them at Jesus' disposal ? 2. Draw illustrations from the Bible of sinall things and humble persons being used by God-Moses' rod, David's sling, the captive maid in Naaman's household, a little girl watcling an ark of bulrushes, etc. ; also illustrations from your own observation and reading.

## III. Personal Thoughts.

(a) Enumerate as many benefits as you can that may come to you through giving of your abilities, time and possessions to God's service. (b) What common-place talents do I possess that God can use? (c) How much of my money is at my Lord's disposal now if He wants to use it ?

## Notes from Room 20.

The successful debut of the "Flag Exercise," but recently added to the list of publications issued at Room 20, is most gratifying to the Committee on Literature. Arranged with the hope of interesting the younger portion of the Church in our own missions, and as a substitute for the aimless recitations, dualogues and music of wo many entertainments, it cannot fail to find favor with the leaders of Mission Bands, Junior Leagues and Sunday Schools.

Mrs. Deacon, of Stanstead, Que., who had the pleasure of superintending its first presentation writes: "The juniors gave the flag exercise on Saturday evening ; it was beautiful -everyone was charmed. We wished the juniors only to take part, and, as suggested, the recitations were cut down. The little folks did nobly; I wish you could have seen them.
had no idea that fopty children from four to fourteen years

## THE FLAG EXERCISE.

 could be trained to do so well. One lady remarked, 'It is not often children have so much religion taught them for a public exhibition.' We are requested to repeat it, and will probably do so soon. If you prepare any more exercises I shall want to try them."The Stanstead Journal says: "Then came the programme. showing much care and patient work on the part of children and teacher. This was an unusually pretty exercise, a combination of missionary hymns and recitations. The music was strikingly pretty and taking. The flags gave a pretty effect, and the children remembered remarkably well." Price 5 cents a copy at Room 20 and the Depots.

From The St. Lazwrence News.-The Mission Bands ot the Presbyterian and Methodist Churches united to give a novel entertainment in the Town Hall, Friday evening, February 23 rd. Part of the programme consisted of readings and instrumental solos and duets, which were well received, but the unique feature of the concert was a flag exercise given by the members of the two bands. The audience was delighted by the exercise which was partly of the nature of a drill but, perhaps, more like a cantata. Interesting missionary sketches and statistics were read by the larger members, and these were interspersed with lively choruses, duets, etc., in which the flays were used with very pretty effects. The singing of the choruses was very hearty and worthy of special mention. Altogether this marks a new departure in Mission Band work in !roquos, and one which may profitably be followed by more of the same character.

## $* * *$

MAPS of Japan and China have been prepared in outline, which is to be heavily traced with chalk or crayon, and the points of interest added as required.
 The maps are on manilla paper, $34 \times 46$ inches, and are 5 cents each. For 5 cents additional, a small printed map of Japan will be sent to assist in locating our mission stations and the natural features of the country. For China, the public school atlas can be used in connection with the Annual Report.

## $* * *$

The Literature Committee at Room 20, and the Branch Depots in Sackville, N.B., and Winnipeg, Man. (for addresses see foot of last page), will receive deposits of $\$ 1.00$ for the iterature to be used in connection with the Suggested Pro-
gramme for Auxiliaries, and will send the necessary literature whenever called for by the Programme as long as the money lasts, and without it being necessary for the Auxiliary to write for it. The usual charge of two cents, for wrapping and postage, will be deducted for each parcel. Subscribers will be notifed when their deposit is expended.

IHE new binder, to hold two years' numbers of the Outtook, has only to le used to be appreciated. It is the most convenient binder made, as single copies of the magazine can be inserted and removed at pleasure, without disturbing the rest of the contents. Price, in strong cloth covers, 60 cents, postage and wrapping 15 cents additional.

When your Auxiliary is planning, at the beginning of the W. M. S. year, for a systematic gathering oi small sums, do not forget to send for collection envelopes. One large, containing twelve small, one cent.

## 

All of the above may be ordered from Roon 20 or the Depots. For addresses see foot of catalogue.

## Back Numbers of Monthly Letter.

SUBSCRIBERS who wish to have complete sets of their Munimfy leiters may secure back numbers by sending to Koom 20. The following can be supplied. All of 1893,1897 and 1898; 1890, January, March to December inclusive; 1891, January to September, October (I copy), December; 1892, January, February, April (i copy), June, July, August, September, October ( 2 copies), November, December; 1894, June (I copy), August-September, November, December; 1895. January, February, March (I copy), April (2 copies), June (i copy), August-September, October, November, December ; 1896, January (i copy), February, March, May, June, July-August, October (I copy), November. Price, I cent each.

## ジ * *

SUBSCRIPIIONS for the following missionary periodicals will be received and forwarded by Miss OgDEN :
Missionary Review of the World, per year, \$2.25; Gospel in all Lands, beginning with July, 40 cents. (Subscriptions to this magazine may begin at any time, but must continue tull December and then end.) Message and Deaconess World, 50 cents.

# Leaflets and Other Publications For Sale. 

Please Send Remittance With Order.<br>Those Leaflets marked thus * hare just been added to the llst. Free leaffets sent in small quantities only.

(A, signifies adult; J, Juvenile.)
Each. Per doz.
Ponntrios-A Powerful Factor (Fronch-Canada) ..... 10
A Thirsty Land (Sexico) ..... 10
China. By Dr. J. T. Gracey ..... 15
Foot Rinding in China. ..... 08
How the Teacher Came for Tatchnee ..... 10
Home Life in Lands Not Christian. ..... 35 ..... 16
" " " " " India
" " " " " India
India, By Rov. E. Storrow. In two parss ..... 35
*Missionary Poster. Japan .....  05

* " " Indian Work ..... 05
* " " Chinese Work ..... 05
* " 11 Deaconess Work ..... An.
" " French Work ..... 05
The set of Five Posters for 25 cents.
*Map of Japan, small size, on paper ..... 05
*Man's Inhumanity to Man20
- My People Israel .....  24
*Our Neightors in Quebeo ..... 12
Our Work Series-No. 2, Our Chinese Resoue Ilome; No. 3,Our Work in Japan; No. 1, Medical Work Among theIndians in B.O.; No. 5, Manners and Oustoms of the In-dians of Simpson District, B.C.; No. 6, Manners, Customsand Religion of the French-Canadians; No 7, Trials andTriumphs of Bethodism in the North-West; No. 8, ABeaoon-Light in Japan; No. 9, Present State of the WorkAmong the French-Canadians; No. 10, Some Facts AboutOur Erench-Canadian Mission; No. 11, How the GospelCame to Port Simpson; *No. 12, A Sunday at 14 Torii Zaka;per 100, 75 cents0110
(A J) Question Book Series-Japan and Korea, China, Chinese in America, Mexico, India, Slam and Laos, Africa, Persia, South America, and Syria, 10 in set, 500. ..... 05
"Readings on India ..... 01
Some Curious Things About Japan ..... 10 .....  20
The New Palestine
The New Palestine
The Chinese Women of this Country ..... 12 ..... 12
The Claims of India ..... 10 ..... 24
The Needs of South America. ..... 24
Woman in Ohina
Women of the Lower Congo ..... 10 ..... 10
(A J) Who Will Open the Door for Ling Te? ..... 15
Medienl-
Medical Work Among the Indians in B.O. ..... 10
Kania, A Story ..... 20
Supply-Beginaings at Muday Creek ..... 15
Mr8. Howe's Black Silk ..... 10
Eiolps for Workern-Do They Understand? ..... 12
A Question of Delegates and One of Expenses ..... 15
(A J) Brioks for Builders (for Presidents of Mission Circles, Bands and Leagues). By Mrs. Cayfer ..... : 05 .....  60
Each. Per dor.
juties of Auxiliary Officers free
Constitution for Auxiliary and Mission Band ..... free ..... free
Experience of an Auxiliary President ..... 01
(J) Four and Twenty Blackbirds 70 cents a hundred ..... 01 ..... 10 ..... 10
Happy Ilinte for Mission Bands-mutic and programmes ..... 05
Methods of Work and Suggestions for Young People's So- ..... 50 ..... 50
cicties. Sample copy free 08
Rules of Order ..... 05 ..... 30
Scattered Helpers' Leaflet.................
Thoughts on District Work....................00c. per hundred ..... 12
The Importance of Mission Bande. By Mrs. Jackson, Manitoba Branch ..... 12
The Watch Tower, IIow Conducted ..... 10
The Auxiliary Member Between Mectings. 85 cents hundred ..... 01 ..... 10
Appeal-
*Another Appeal to the Women of the Methodist Church free
Christian Missions and the Temperance Reform ..... 02 ..... 15
(A J) Cicero's Call*Eleven Reasons Why I Should Attend Missionary Jectingsfree
How Much Do I Owe? ..... free
Hindu Widowhood ..... 15
She Hath Done What She Thought She Couldn't ..... 01 .....  10
The Responsibility of Not Doing ..... free.
Why Our Society Did Not Disband ..... 20
Winding Up a Horse ..... free
Glving-*A Mosaic on Giring ..... 02 .....  20
a Farmer's Wife on Tithing $\$ 1.50$ per hundred ..... 02 ..... 20
A Tithe for the Lord 50c. per hundred ..... 01 ..... 10
(J) A Partnership. A Penny a Week and a Prayer ..... 24
Her Tithes S1.00 per hundred ..... 01 ..... 12
How Much Do I Owe? ..... free
Miss Witterly's China .....  10
Mr. Adbury's Stupid Thanksgiving Day and How It Ended. 80 cents per hundred ..... 01 .....  12
Propertionate Giving (an exercise). By M. B. Willmott. 35 cents per hundred ..... 01 ..... 05
Stewardship and Proportionate Giving. Pritchard ..... :50
(J) Tother and Which .....  08
Ten Reasons for Tithing. ..... free
What We Owe and Why we Owe It 31.00 per hundred ..... 12
What We Owe and How to Pay It. 81.00 per hundred .....  01 ..... 12
Winding Up a Eorse ..... free
Miscellaneous-
A Slissionary's Outfit 50 cents per hundred ..... 01 ..... 10
Charlotte Maria Tucker (A. L.O.E.) ..... 03
Facts on Foreign Missions. By D. Wanless.50
John G. Paton. Story of His Life ..... 10
(J) Little Corners10
(A J) Missionary Game ..... 50
Missionary Standard of Living and What It Means to be a Foreign Missionary ..... free
Organization and Work of the W.BI.S. (new edition) ..... free
"Pray Without Ceasing (from The " Mlinistry of Intercession," by Andrew Murray). ..... 03
2435
The Pundita Ramabai. .... ..... 10
Why Are We Protestants? ..... 05 .....  60
Dialogues and Exercises-
Arguments for and Against Slissionary Work. By MIrs. Iardy.An exercise30
Bible Responses to डrissionary Questions......05c. per hundred . 01 ..... 10
*Flag Exercise for Mission Bards, Epworth Leagues, Boys' Brigades and Sunilay Schools..... .81 .00 per hundred05Happy Hints for Mission Bands. Susic and Programmes.... . 0550
*Little Lights, exercise for 22 children ..... 02
*alissionary Exercises, No. 2 ..... 25
"Missionary Exercises, No. 4 ..... 25
Proportionate Giving. An exercise ..... 01
*Programme on India. ..... 1005
*Programme on the Jews ..... 10
"Responsive Scripture
75 cents per hundred ..... 01 12
*Responsive Scripture Reading, arranged by L. W. Ross 60 cents per hundred ..... 01 10
Responsive Scripture Reading, arranged by Henretta Bic- Callum, 60 cents per hundred ..... 01 ..... 10
-The Story of the Dollies (for four little girls)..... 1 for 10 cents ..... 03
I'oems-Unawares ..... 0108
What is That in Thine Hand? ..... 10
A Lady ..... 01 ..... 10
So Much to Do at Home ..... 02 ..... 15
*A Little Brown Penny. 90 cents per hundred ..... 01
Muaio-(J) A Mite-Box Song ..... 03
(A J) Behold, the Fields are White ..... 03
I'H Tell Jeaus, He Will Know Three copies for 10 cents ..... 04
Purim Iymm $\$ 1.70$ per hundred .....  02
Blissionary Songs. By E. Lorenz, words and ruusio ..... 25
12202025
Twenty fire Selections from Missionary Sougs (words only).
Twenty fire Selections from Missionary Sougs (words only). ..... 10 ..... 10
Songs for Ycung People. E. O. Exceli ..... 25242.5060
Dlease enciose 2 cents additional for postage and wrapping.
Binder for OrTloon, holds two years' numbers, pace, 60 cents;postage and wrapping 15 cents additional.
W.M.S. Books-Bec. Sec and Treas., 00c. each, the set, $\$ 1.00$.
Treasurer's Quarterly Report Book, free, postare, etc. 2 cents.(Blue Pasteboard Mite-Boxesfreo
Postage and wrapping, 2 cents each, 16 cents per doz.- or per express, carriage paid on delivery.Per Per
\& Blue Pastebnard Site Boxes, for Ladies Aid Societies. Ep- ..... Hoz. 100.
worth Leagues, etc., postage or express additional. ..... Each. Perdoz
Collection Envelopes, one large containing 12 small ..... 01
W.M.S. Pin, Silver Sta: ..... 20
W.M.S. Pin. Pendant, superior quality ..... 25
Missions Band Pin, anall silver star ..... 151.50
w.m.S. Gold Star Pendant ..... each ..... 3.50
\{Life MHembership Certifeate, Auxiliary ..... freePostage and wrapping, 5 cents
Lafe Membership cartificate, Illuminated ..... 75
\{ Life MIembership Certificate Mission Band ..... freePostage and wrapping, 3 cents each, 12 cents for 6.
For the above, Address MISS A. Z. OGDEN,
Rooy 20, Wheslet Betldings, Ricismond St. West, Toronto, Ont.
Also, Jlrs. O. Stewart, Box 97, Sackville, N.B. Or, Mrs. Caldsr, 187 Smith Street, Finnipeg, Man.
487 Please note that no Reports are to be ordered from the Branch Depote. Write to Room 9 , Wesley Buildinge, Toronto, for them.


[^0]:    *Leaflet, price 5 c at Room 20 , and the depots.
    *"See General Missionary Society's Report for 1893-99. Page xiv.
    tSee W.M.S. Report for $\mathbf{1 8 9 8} 99$.
    ItSee Missionary Reports.
    \$Monthly Letter, page 19.

