

Citizens: Vote for KELLY for Mayor.

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE."

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. III. No. 137.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, THURSDAY, JUNE 22, 1916.

Price: 1 Cent.

HUNS REPULSED BY RUSSIANS ON STOKHOD RIVER

Total Number of Prisoners Taken By Russians From June 3rd to 15th is 172,484—Large Quantities of War Supplies Are Also Captured by General Brussiloff

PETROGRAD, June 22.—The War Office announced to-day that the number of men captured by the Russians in their offensive in Volhynia and Galicia, up to Thursday last week, was 172,484. The total number of prisoners taken by General Brussiloff from June 3rd to 15th inclusive, says the statement, was 3,350 officers, 139,134 men, and also captured 550 machine guns, 189 bomb throwers, 119 artillery limbers, 34 searchlights and a large quantity of other war material. An official announcement says: In a severe engagement on Stokhod River, the German troops, which made an attack in massed formation, were repulsed and took to flight.

Germans Gain In Verdun Sector

PARIS, June 22.—After violent attacks lasting all night the Germans captured the front line trenches between Fumin Wood and Chenois in the Verdun sector, according to an official statement. The Germans attacked in force on both banks of the Meuse. Later the usual heavy bombardment and an attack on the south slope of Deadmen Hill, was checked by grenade detachments. On the right bank of the river there were violent engagements west and south of Fort Vaux, during which the Germans gained a footing in a corner of Fumin Wood, but were immediately expelled. Later they returned to the attack then some trenches were captured. A German grenade assault north of Hill 321 was stopped by French fire.

Is Mentioned in Canadian List

OTTAWA, June 22.—The name of William Ladre, of Newfoundland, appears in the casualty list of wounded.

READ THE MAIL & ADVOCATE

DESPERATE FIGHTING AT KISOLINE

Germans Attack Russian Lines on Stokhod River in Mass Formation—Unable to Resist Steady Pressure of Russians—Germans Took Flight Leaving Prisoners Behind Them in Their Haste

PETROGRAD, June 22.—At 3 o'clock yesterday morning in region of the Village of Rajnasto, on the Stokhod River, northeast of Vorontachine, the enemy attacked in mass formation. The engagement became a hand to hand fight, with the Germans unable to sustain our steady pressure, took flight and left in our hands wounded prisoners not yet counted. Desperate fighting is in progress in the region of Kisoline. Further south, on the extreme left wing, we are still pursuing the enemy who have crossed the Sereth River.

Lightship Sunk

YARMOUTH, June 22.—The Gorton, lightship, stationed several miles off the English coast, has been sunk by a mine, according to survivors, two in number. They say that Captain Russ, who was at the bow, sighted the mine and gave warning of the explosion, which came in an instant later. The force was so terrific that the vessel was raised out of water and completely broken up.

LONDON, June 22.—The "G. Gorton" lightship, situated several miles off the English East coast, has been sunk with the loss of five members of her crew drowned or killed, says a Central News despatch to-day from Great Yarmouth. Whether the sinking was due to a mine or submarine is unknown. Survivors of the disaster badly injured have been landed.

Verdun Sector.

PARIS, June 22.—The Germans exploded two mines before launching their infantry attack against the French trenches. Their repulse was, the statement says, to the effectiveness of the French screen of fire. In Verdun sector no infantry action was reported, but mutual bombardment was maintained during the night.



THE LATEST STYLE
SCOTTIE: "I never liked, Alce, I felt like that myself when I put it on first."—Passing Show.

AMERICANS CLASH WITH THE MEXICANS

U. S. Cavalry Have Engagement With Carranza's Forces 90 Miles South of El Paso—Both Sides Suffer Losses—Americans Lose 40 Men—Mexican General Felix Gomez Reported Dead.

EL PASO, June 21.—A detachment of American cavalry clashed with Carranza's forces at Carrizal about 90 miles south of El Paso early to-day, both sides suffering heavy casualties. According to unofficial reports received by the Mexican military authorities who are investigating, forty Americans were killed by machine gun fire in a surprise attack. The Mexican casualties are said not to have been so heavy, but General Felix Gomez is named as being among the Mexican dead.

An American command, said to have been a part of a scouting patrol from Anzman, is returning to General Pershing's line of communication. Gen. Gonzalez, a Mexican commander in Juarez, gave out the statement which he announced as official, that the Mexican commander had taken 17 American prisoners; he also said that Gen. Gomez' death is confirmed, but said he had no official reports.

HUNS NOW TRY TO RESUME INITIATIVE

Heavy Fight is in Progress Around Gouziatyn—Germans Make Fresh Attacks in Smorgon and Riga District—General Letchitzky Out-generalled Austrian Commander and Cuts His Force in Half

LONDON, June 21.—Official issued today by Austrian and Russian War Office all indicate what has been anticipated, that the Germans are making a determined effort to resume the initiative lost by the Russian Gen. Brussiloff's diversion, by a strong attack on Gen. Kuropatkin's army in the north, especially in Volhynia, on the Styr and Stokhod rivers in an effort to prevent the Russians receiving reinforcements. Although up to the present the Germans are making no striking advances, they are clearly holding up their opponents, most stubborn fighting, with fluctuating results proceeding around Gouziatyn, west of Kolk. The Germans are again attacking farther north in Smorgon district, and in the region of Riga. Military experts say that it remains to be seen whether the Germans will be able to bring sufficient pressure in those sections to relieve the hard pressed Austrians in Bukowina and enable them to make a fresh stand on a new line.

LONDON, June 21.—Confirmatory reports of the cutting in two of Gen. Pflianger's army in Bukowina are contained in a despatch to the Star from Petrograd today. When the Austrians retreated due south along the Rumanian border and others towards the

TAKES OVER CONTROL OF OIL SUPPLY

British Government Will Henceforth Control the Supply of Petrol For Which a License of Sixpence per Gallon Must Be Paid at Time of Purchase

LONDON, June 21.—The Government have declared that a more effective diminution in the use of petrol by motor cars will be obtained by control than by increasing taxes on cars. Henceforth, according to the announcement made in the House of Commons today, increased taxes are to be restricted to a central authority to be created, with power to grant permits for the purchase of a specified amount of petrol for which a license of six pence per gallon must be paid at the time of purchase. For commercial cars or those of doctors and veterinary surgeons, permits will be issued at half rates. The discussion in the Commons elicited the general opinion that control of petrol would be more equitable than increasing the tax on motor cars, though one member of the House pointed out that the extra cost of petrol would be more than the amount of the extra tax.

Efforts were made in the House of Commons to have the maximum income tax reduced from five to four shillings per pound, but the Government declined to do anything except to endeavour to relieve the incidence of tax on small unearned incomes.

SUSPECTED FIRMS MUST SHOW CAUSE

Two Firms Who, it is Alleged, Are Controlled by Foreign Parties, Get Four Days to Show Why They Should Not be Wound Up as Enemy Firms

LONDON, June 22.—The Board of Trade has ordered the Hop Extract Company and Horst Co., whose officials state they are controlled by S. J. Partello, of Chicago, to show the cause within four days why they should not be wound up as enemy firms. One of the organizers of both companies, Baron Von Horst, a Californian, who was interned in England soon after the war began, stated that the Baron, who has lived in England for years, accepted a German title after leaving the United States, and no longer owns shares in stock of either company.

Carpathians the hope was to save time and hold the Russians on a fortified line running from Kutly to the Sereth and along the rivers Mikhodra and Sereth, but despite the delay caused by the prolonged defence of Czernowitz, General Letchitzky threw his reserves upon the heels of the retreating Austrians with such speed that he succeeded in reaching that line simultaneously with them, with the result that Pflianger's force was cut in half midway between Kutly and Sereth, at Strogoin.

OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

NOT PREVIOUSLY REPORTED
2nd. Lieut. Kevin J. Keegan, General Hospital. Admitted to 3rd. London General Hospital, Wandsworth; valvular disease of heart.
389 Private Charles D. Rogers, 88 George Street, Admitted to 3rd. London General Hospital, Wandsworth; debility.

J. R. BENNETT, Colonial Secretary

'T WAS LEFT TO OVERSEAS DELEGATES

Representatives of Canada and Australia at Mansion House Meeting Under Auspices of British Empire Producers' Association Drive Home Some Lessons of the Great War.

LONDON, June 22.—Coinciding with the publication of the resolution adopted by the Paris Economic Conference to-day at a Mansion House meeting, under the auspices of the British Empire Producers' Association, created a deep interest. It was left to the overseas delegates, Premier Hughes of Australia, and Sir Geo. Foster of Canada, to drive the lesson home. Sir George pointed out that the war has performed a great service in sweeping away old prejudices and bringing the nations of the Empire into closer union. He hoped when peace came there would be some willingness and ability to banish old controversies and disputes. He emphasized the fact that production was the only basis of trade within the British Empire, the diversity of climate rendering it possible to produce all requirements. He believed in nationalization, particularly as regards raw materials, when there was an attempt at monopoly. Referring to sacrifices made for the military struggle, the Minister thought that the Allies would be capable of similar sacrifices in any trade war against the Central Powers. The Australian Premier, in his usual vigorous style, urged the Paris resolutions be given effect by an immediate organization. He said there must be control of raw material within the Empire, re-peopleing of the land and inter-Empire trade.

CHANGES MADE BY MCKENNA IN FINANCE BILL

Duty on Cocoa and Coffee Now Reduced From 6d to 4½d per lb.—New Scale of Duty Comes Into Immediate Effect—McKenna Explains Reason for Change.

LONDON, June 22.—During the discussion on the Finance bill in the Commons to-day, Reginald McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer, announced the reduction from 6d to 4½d per pound in the duty on cocoa and coffee, which comes into force to-day. McKenna explained that owing to the general admission of unfairness on taxes on tea, coffee and cocoa a thorough investigation resulted in this conclusion and true relations in the taxes was made, that on coffee and cocoa four and one halfpence per pound, and that on tea 12 pence per pound. This relation meant, he said, a cup of tea would bear the same taxation as a cup of cocoa or coffee, and hoped in any further alterations in the taxation they could still bear the same relation.

GERMAN AGENCIES ARE BEHIND CARRANZA, IT IS THOUGHT

Entente Allies Are Very Anxious That Nothing Should Occur Between Two Republics Just Now to Shut Off Oil Supplies From Tampico—Washington Learns European Diplomats Are Exerting Pressure on Carranza.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Some intimation as to what General Carranza's next step will be was expected hourly to-night at the State Department. Official advices reported the American rejection of the demand for the recall of General Pershing's troops from Mexico under consideration by the first Chief and his Cabinet. Special Agent Rogers, who made a report, was unable to forecast the action of the de facto Government, and threw little light on what was going on in Mexico. The Capital, from other sources, however, learned that European diplomats were exerting pressure upon Carranza to prevent him from going to war with the States. The Entente Allies are particularly anxious, it is understood, that nothing should occur at this time to shut off oil supplies for the French and British navies from the Tampico fields.

Allied diplomatic representatives in Mexico believe too that German influence has been working on Carranza in an effort to create a situation which might embarrass the enemies of the Central Powers. They have asserted German agencies have been active in stirring up a feeling against the States, not only in Mexico, but throughout South Central America, to prevent this country from securing the trade formerly controlled by German merchants. The State Department had no official reports of peace-making effort in Mexico City, although it has been informed directly what is transpiring. The study of all General Carranza's communications and actions during the last few months, however, has given little ground in official circles to feel for a hopeful view. His attitude is one growing of hostility, and officials are not inclined to believe how it could be readily overcome at the War Department. Telegrams came during the mobilization of scores in regiments under canvas to-night, as yet no marching orders for the border have been given, but they will go before the week is out.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—General known. The number of Americans Funsten reported late to-night that killed or wounded is also unknown.

OFFICIAL BRITISH

LONDON, June 21.—The following communication was issued by the War Office tonight:—

"The day being devoid of any important incident, passed quietly on most parts of the front. An intermittent shelling occurred near Hebuterne, Souchez Valley and Frelingheim, while mining continued briskly near Neuville St. Vaast and Loos salient, near Labassee. "Yesterday evening five of the enemy's ammunition lorries came under the fire of our artillery. One of them was hit, and all of them exploded."

Russian Advance Continues On Both Flanks

PETROGRAD, June 22.—A correspondent observes the Germans are making a stand before Kevel Vardimir, Volynski, but that the Russians' advance continues on both flanks, encountering a stubborn resistance only on the direct road to Lemberg and lower reaches of the Tigris. The correspondent adds, the German lines on the Russian front are assuming a zig-zag appearance, suggesting the many possibilities had better be left for the present to conjecture.

Another Cabinet For Greece

ATHENS, June 21.—King Constantine is taking up the question of changes in the Ministry, as a result of the continuation of the blockade by the Allies, and it is believed that former Premier Zaimis will be asked to try and form a Cabinet which will be acceptable to the Entente.

he had received an official confirmation of a clash between Carranza and American troops early to-day near Carrizal, Mexico. He transmitted to the War Department the following report from General Bell at El Paso:—"There was a clash this morning at Carrizal near Villa, Ahumada, between Carranza and American troops, in which General Gomez and other Mexicans were killed, number is unknown. The number of Americans killed or wounded is also unknown."

NOTICE!

The Friends and Supporters of the undersigned are requested to meet this Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, in the C. C. Hall, Mechanics' Building.

W. G. GOSLING,
C. P. AYRE,
F. W. BRADSHAW,
F. MacNAMARA,
JAMES McGRATH,
I. C. MORRIS,
J. W. WITHERS.

Notice to Citizens!

The Members of WALTER A. O'D. KELLEY'S Mayoralty Committee and Supporters are requested to meet at the Basement of the Star Hall TO-MORROW (Friday) Evening, at 8.30 o'clock, for the purpose of receiving reports and making arrangements for Polling Day. A full attendance is requested. Candidate will be present at 9.30 and address the meeting.

CLEANING AND PRESSING.

Leave your order for Cleaning and Pressing with us, and we will do the rest of it right at reasonable prices. Every detail of the work is carefully looked after, to insure satisfaction to our customers.

W. H. JACKMAN,
39 WATER STREET WEST. 2 Doors East Railway Station.
Phone 795. P. O. Box 186.

BRITISH
THE POWER OF PROTECTION

Buying a **BRITISH SUIT** Means **PROTECTION** from High Prices

BRITISH

- PROTECTION** in Material.
- PROTECTION** in Style.
- PROTECTION** in Fit.

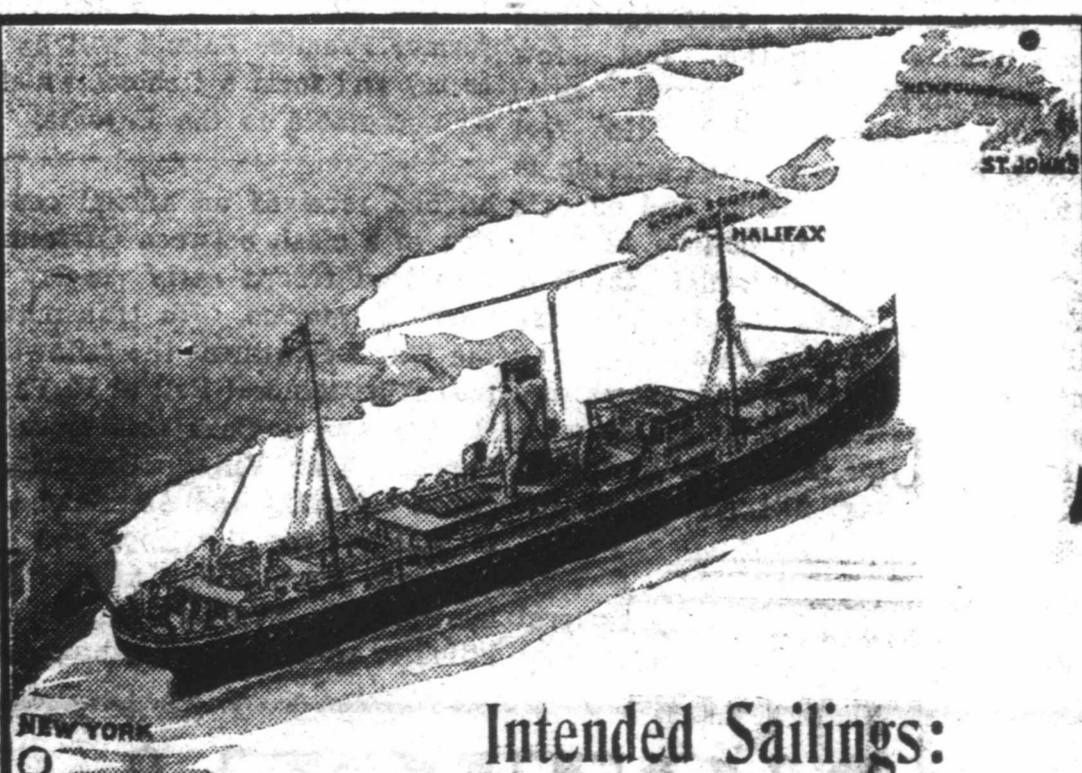
Every Man and Boy Needs **PROTECTION** Have It!

The **British Clothing Co., Ltd.**,
Sinnott's Building
Duckworth Street, St. John's.

CHISLETT'S MARBLE WORKS
(Opp Baine Johnston's, Water Street)
P. O. Box 86.

IF you want a **Headstone** or **Monument** visit our store and inspect our stock. We have the most up-to-date finished work in the City. Write for **DESIGN BOOKS** and actual **PHOTOS** of our work. **PRICES** to suit everybody. **FIRST CLASS SOCKET** given free with each **Headstone**. Out-poor orders especially attended to. **LOCAL CEMETERY** work done cheaply.

Red Cross Line



Intended Sailings:

FROM ST. JOHN'S FROM NEW YORK
FLORIZEL, June 27th. STEPHANO, June 27th.
STEPHANO, July 6th. FLORIZEL, July 8th.

Harvey & Co, Limited
Agents.

ORANGES, CABBAGE, ONIONS.

Due To-Day, Per S.S. Florizel,
140 Crates NEW CABBAGE,
25 Cases CALIFORNIA ORANGES,
50 Crses TEXAS ONIONS.

GEORGE NEAL,
PHONE 264.

GUARDS LEAVE MID SHOUT AND SONG FOR "BANDIT-LAND."

Company G from Waco Claims Distinction of Being First to Quit Camp Wilson-- "Little German Band" Second Infantry from Brenham Plays "Tipperary."

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June 18.—They are bandit-land bound today. They are off for the border with shining eyes and weighed belts, these Texas boys who came when they were called. They have plenty of courage and cartridges and Uncle Sam has dressed them up in brand new uniforms and put a numbered metal identification tag around each one's neck. They left with a shout or a song. They left with faces that were eager and alight. It may be just a novel sort of summer vacation that will make muscle and character and men. And then again there may be some ugly work to be done. But whether bandit-land boils over or not there's one thing that might as well be chalked up right now: Texas will never have occasion to be other than proud of these outfits that are bound for the border today.

Long before reveille they were up and about, and they had worked half the night before getting ready. In the crystal freshness of the dawn they broke camp and filled knapsacks and adjusted blanket rolls and rifles. While yet the east was crimson they swung away by companies, with long buoyant strides, fully equipped for the field, a business-like looking bunch—a wonderful improvement over the half-uniformed swarm of a week ago. And so, in the early morning, as soldierly a crowd as you would want to see, they marched away from Camp Wilson and said farewell, and ere that day was done troop trains were winding south and west, over several railroads—trains carrying the first movement of Texas militia in Federal service, to the Rio Grande country.

Teutons Play "Tipperary."
The "little German band" of the Second Infantry, from Brenham, played "Tipperary," and most of these Brenham musicians who were playing the martial jingle of the Allies are of Teutonic descent, he it said. They played "Tipperary" as the Second was entraining, and never a camp in England or in France cheered more excitedly than the militiamen milling around the "Sap" station in San Antonio. At each depot of railroad lines running to the border, and at several loading stations in the yards, the guardsmen have been entraining. There has been dust and tumult and confusion, and a mingling of pride and happiness and sorrow. For mothers have been there from distant towns in Texas to tell their boys good-bye—and sisters and sweethearts, too.

Big, gray army trucks, covered with khaki sheets and looking like old fashioned prairie schooners swollen to enormous proportions, ripped around with loads of ammunition and tentage and supplies. Pretty girls spoiled their new style slippers as they scurried about the greasy freight yards. A woman with a parasol trudged along in the dust with one company, staying by the side of her boy to the last. She wanted to hold the parasol over him—but of course he couldn't stand for that. Her father died in a uniform of gray, and her husband went to the front in '98—so what could you expect? A tender pat on the back from the big, husky boy, to the frail woman perhaps still seemed to be the "little spony" of the past. She stood with a small group gazing after them as the train, backed out behind a line of box cars. There were waving handkerchiefs—mothers and sisters and sweethearts—but there wasn't a tear, not a single, solitary tear—then. What may or may not have happened afterward is a different proposition. Bravely they watched their boys go to the border—just to the border. But does any person doubt that they would have flinched had it been the real thing? No matter how severely it would have wrenched their heart strings they would have said farewell with just the same courage and devotion and sacrifice and patriotism—these Texas mothers would—and the boys would have gone, too, in quite the manner that they have been going—with a grin and a cheer and a song, and an emotion expressed by an awkward parting embrace.

Love vs. Pride.
"Don't you hate to see him go?" a young girl asked a mother at one of the stations.
"Yes," she said simply. "Worse than anything in the world," she repeated, and then as her lips trembled a trifle she put her arm around the girl and added, "But I don't think I could stand it for him to be afraid to go. I don't think I could stand that."

After all, it sounds very much like some of the stories that came from Europe when the war broke out, doesn't it? Perhaps that is because mothers seem to be the same the world over, and real patriotism is a thing of equal beauty everywhere. We may take the case of a certain Sergeant in one of the Waco companies, a clean-cut young chap, as clever a business man as you can find. He has a wife and he has two babies, and when the Guard was called out, he of course, responded instantly, and his company assembled at its home station, entrained, and was on its way to San Antonio without his having an opportunity to go home even long enough to kiss his wife and babies good-bye.

The day his company started for the border he stood in the sand and dust by the platform where some tired soldiers were sleeping on the planks—they had been up packing most of the night—he stood there with a blanket roll over his shoulder and his rifle under his arm, reading a letter from his wife.
"It seems hard," she said—among other things—"It seems hard, and I am heartbroken, but at the same time proud and happy. I do not believe I could have loved you and I know I would not have respected you if you had not gone."

"Nothing Else to Do."
The young, clean-cut Sergeant read that much of the letter to a close and intimate personal friend. "She wouldn't have loved me if I hadn't gone," he repeated. "She wouldn't have loved me if I hadn't gone!" He straightened up and his blanket roll and knapsack and cartridge belt, must have seemed lighter, "I wish I could see my babies," he said, half to himself, "but there wasn't anything else for me to do."
He is down in the Rio Grande Valley today at a border post. And "why all this to do about it? It is only border patrolling," some one may say. But what peril confronting his country could cause him to do more than he has done—respond instantly to the call, adhering so strictly to duty that he leaves for he knows not what without an opportunity to kiss his wife and babies good-bye—and this takes no account of his financial sacrifice. And if the very existence of the United States were at stake what more could that little wife do than write him that, however hard it be she could not have loved him had he remained at home?

There are brisk commands now, one or two assembly calls, the dog mascots are leaping and bounding and barking frantically, and resenting being cooped up in the baggage cars. They conduct themselves as though all this had been arranged merely as a setting for their capers and a medium for their entertainment as though the President and General Funston had gone to all this trouble and expense for no other reason than to provide a soft berth for a few mongrel pups of uncertain pedigree. A red-headed soldier in his undershirt leans far out of a coach window and waves wildly. A girl throws him a kiss and he repeats, and then with a freckled fist hurls his imaginary oculations right and left to all the maidens, with absolute impartiality. Two exceedingly attractive young ladies scamper down the tracks, eagerly peering at the windows in search of some particular soldier.

Accept No Substitute.
"Here I am! Here I am!" a score of voices shout—every man perfectly willing to volunteer as a substitute for the one the girls are seeking. They blush furiously and laugh and run along, and refuse to accept any substitute—and finally locate the very fortunate person they were after.

A Mexican with tamales to sell crouches by his basket and smokes corn shuck cigarettes and gazes at the trim khaki-clad soldiers and the troop train made up of real passenger coaches—Pullman tourist sleepers and baggage cars and no canteen cars at all! One imagines that he must be marvelling at this new evidence of the gringos' vagaries—if he has ever watched the military trains of his own land—that he must be wondering why the Americans do not put their soldiers in box cars and cattle cars, and why the women and children do not go along! And it is just possible, also, that the tamale man might have been startled at the number of soldiers the gringos showed signs of having—not that an enormous crowd was assembled, of course, but because he has been informed we have practically

no army at all. The tamale man was greatly interested.

"Good-bye," yells another shirtless, flush-faced lad—for it was very hot, and many, when they entered the cars, removed their outer khaki—"good bye I'm a-leavin' you!"

And to Texas it makes this border business seem quite a bit more real—it makes it seem lot better now, more of an actuality, instead of just reports of trouble at places with foreign names you can't pronounce. It is brought home, as it were, now, that the boys from Greenville and Hillsboro and Dallas, Houston and Galveston and Beaumont, the boys from Amarillo and Orange and Port Arthur and Denison—the boys from Texas—are out in the sand and cactus guarding their own border from Brownsville to the Big Bend—helping Funston to watch bandit-land.

M. JOULLES GOUFFE, Chef de Cuisine to the Jockey Club, "I recommend very particularly the Gas Kitchener from which one can obtain such excellent results."

THE HOTWATER QUESTION.
What at one time was an obstacle to the more general use of gas for cooking, namely the difficulty of obtaining hot water when the kitchen range was out of use, has been overcome by the invention of efficient and economical gas-heated apparatus, whereby a constant supply of hot water can be secured at reasonable cost quite independently of the kitchen range boiler.

St. John's Gas Light Co.

Just Arrived:

PATRIOTIC MATCH BOX HOLDERS. . .
The very latest
10c each.

Also a large shipment of **PETERSON'S PATENT IPES**

Always in stock a full line of **Smokers' Requisites.**

S. G. Faour
378 WATER STREET.

Has Kind Word for Mail Courier

(Editor Mail and Advocate)
Dear Sir.—Permit me space in your paper to publish a few remarks about our good mail courier. He is one of our best couriers that we had here this long time. He has been six or nine years carrying the mail from Grate's Cove to Old Perlican and never stays a day from duty. Mr. Ed-itor its very cold blustering travel-ling our barrens in winter, but Mr. Simeon Benson has traveled there when the birds were almost frozen around our coast. We will never have another man to travel like Mr. Benson. Its worth any money to face our barrens in winter. He is one of the old timers. If all do their duty faithfully like Mr. Benson there would be no need of kicking.

Thanking you for space, Mr. Editor,
Yours, etc.,
JOSHUA STANSFORD,
Grate's Cove, June 19, 1916.

STILL MISTRESS OF THE SEAS

The North Sea engagement proves the Germans to be very efficient at sea, as, indeed, other naval incidents had already indicated. Britain has suffered the loss of numerous fine ships, and perhaps a dent has been made in her pride, if not in her prestige at sea. However, to be perfectly sane in our judgments, let us remember that Britain is at sea on a long vigil. That the Germans would steal out in small force and do considerable damage was always a possibility. It will even happen again.

Britain has everything to lose in the way of sea power, Germany has nothing at present. The mistress of the seas get her hair pulled and her nose tweaked at intervals. It is perfectly shocking, and a lot of her jewels have been sunk to the bottom of the sea. But the engagement is only an incident. Britain is still as much mistress of the seas as she was the day before. If any one thinks to the contrary, let him try sending a letter to Copenhagen.—Detroit Journal.

Knew What He Was Doing.
Tommy (dictating letter to be sent to his wife)—The nurses here are a very plain lot—
Nurse—Oh, come! I say. That's not very polite to us.
Tommy—Never mind nurse, put it down. It will please her.
Home, Sweet Home.
Husband (at the door)—Is my wife in?
Butler—No, Sir.
Husband—Ah! Then she got word that I was coming.

J. J. St. John

The **TEA** with strength and flavor is **ECLIPSE**, which we sell at **45c. lb.**

ROYAL PALACE BAKING POWDER
20c. per lb. Small Tins 5 cts.

SCOTCH OATMEAL, PATNA RICE, JACOBS' BISCUITS, HARTLEYS' JAMS, 1s. and 2s.

J. J. St. John
Duckworth St & LeMarchant Rd



THE HEIGHT OF SATISFACTION
is reached at our market. You get the best of Meats, the right cuts, the correct weight, sanitary handling and good service. Can you ask more?
Come here when you are looking for satisfaction in **CHOICE MEATS.**
M. CONNOLLY
Duckworth Street.

Mats and Rugs.
A New Lot Just in.

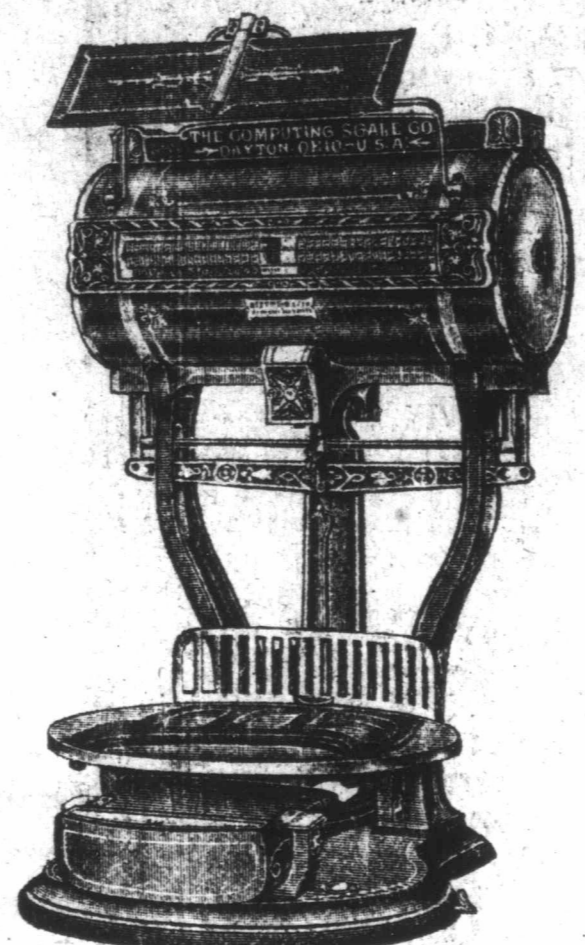
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| DOOR MATS--- Rope, Crimson Bordered—25c., 30c., 35c. and 40c. | CARPETS AND RUGS | HEARTH RUGS--- Jute Fringed—40c. to \$1.10. |
| PLAIN COCO BRUSH —35c., 55c. and 70c. | FLOWERED JUTE Fringed—17c., 20c., 25c., 30c. and 35c. | JUTE TAPESTRY— Fringed—\$2.00. |
| VELVET— Fringed and Unfringed—50c., 55c., 65c., & 70c. | PLAIN PLUSH— In Crimson, Old Gold and Blue—80c. | TAPESTRY— Plain Ends—\$1.10, \$2, \$2.20. |
| COCOA BRUSH-- Crimson & Green Border, \$1.25. | VELVET— Axminster—\$2.50, \$3, \$3.50, \$4.00 and \$4.50. CONGOLEUM MATS AND SQUARES. | |

Steer Bros

Another Popular Experienced Business Firm Appreciates

DAYTON MONEYWEIGHT SCALES.

THE ROYAL STORES have ordered Two "DAYTON MONEYWEIGHT SCALES" for their Grocery Department. When these Scales arrive THE ROYAL STORES will have the most up to date Grocery Department in Newfoundland. This is another evidence that the management of THE ROYAL STORES is determined to protect its Customers and assist its Employees by using the best appliances for securing absolute accuracy in Weights and Measures.



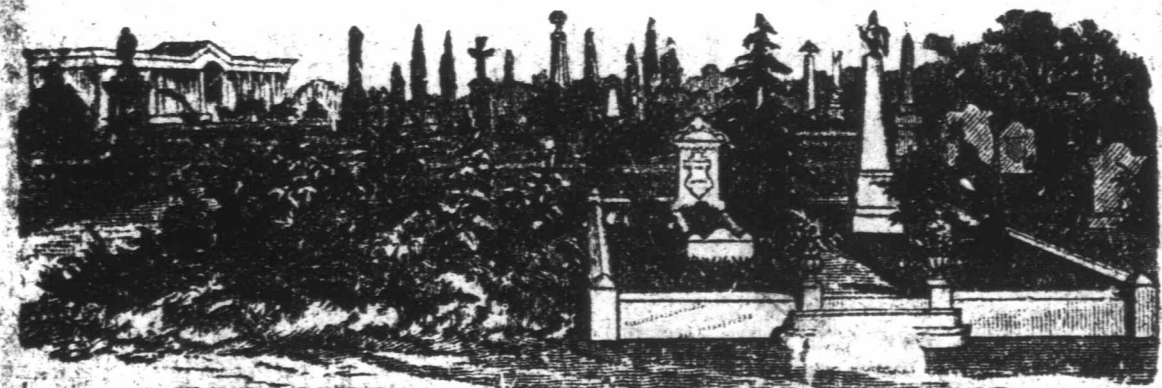
"DAYTON MONEYWEIGHT SCALES" together, with "Dayton Meat Slicers" and "Cheese Cutters," may be obtained from the

Nfld. Specialty Company,
RENOUF BUILDING,
SOLE AGENTS FOR NEWFOUNDLAND.

SKINNER'S MONUMENTAL WORKS

Established 1874—and still growing stronger

St. John's, N.F. 329 & 333 Duckworth St.



On hand a large selection of

MONUMENTS and HEADSTONES

Our new catalogue of Photo Designs now ready for Outport customers. Thousands have testified their satisfaction with our Mail Order system of buying Headstone and Monuments.

N.B.—None but genuine Frost Proof Tested Stone Sockets supplied with all orders; refuse imitations now in the market. Give us a trial order and get the best there is. Price List sent to any address on receipt of postal.

Fishermen, Notice!

We want to purchase at our stores
3,000 BRLS. CODROES.

The following instructions must be closely followed by all packing Codroes to sell at our stores:

"First put the roes in a tight package in strong pickle for 3 or 4 days, then put them on a clean floor and leave them drain, afterwards salt them dry in bulk and leave them till you are prepared to pack them in flour or pork barrels, then pack these in flour or pork barrels and put a good iron hoop on each chime and securely nail the heads, putting 250 pounds of roes in each barrel and place your name on each barrel either in writing on the barrel or on a ticket."

We won't buy roes after August 1st. Take notice and have your roes all shipped before that date.

F. UNION TRADING CO., Ltd

HOUSE-DRINKING ON THE INCREASE

Women Who Drank, Now Drink More Than Ever, Says Committee

London, June 12.—Drinking in the homes is growing, and there is an increase of excess among those women who drank before the war, according to a report by a committee of prominent women which has investigated the subject.

Remedial suggestions offered included more drastic restrictions as to the distribution and canvassing for the sale of liquor, the withdrawal of the proposal that the wives of sailors should not be ar-

rested for drunkenness except after a first or second offence; the extension of a plan of trusteeship for the payment of separation allowances granted to wives whose husbands are fighting; and the appointment of special plainclothes inspectors for saloons and of women police at police courts.

London, June 10.—The Hudson Bay Company, it is reliably reported, has put at the disposition of the allies about 160 vessels, averaging between 3,000 and 4,000 tons, to be used principally in the Archangel trade, victualling and munitioning Russia from the United States and Canada.

What She Needed.
Mistress—"What do we want for dinner?"
Servant—"Sure, ma'am, and I've tripped over the rug an' we need a new set of dishes."

A Pen Picture of General Francisco Villa

A VICIOUS-FACED man of 38 very much in need of a shave; a person of big muscles and swagging gait, unkempt of dress and body, and crude of speech. His head is covered with black hair as crisp and curly as a negro's; his skin is the color of a well smoked meerschaum; and a small dark mustache serves to mask a mouth which is cruel even when it is smiling.

He is General Francisco Villa the Mexican bandit, or, as known to many, "Pancho" Villa, the "Tiger." Villa is the man whom soldiers of Uncle Sam have been ordered to get "dead or alive," following the massacre of civilians and troops at Columbus N.M.

Francisco Villa (he was christened Doroteo Arango) was born at El Rodeo, on the River Nazas whose fertilizing mire has enriched the cotton district of La Laguna. Villa's mother died a few days after his birth. His father broken-hearted over the escapades of the wayward son, went to his grave when Villa was still a young man.

Arango had sacrificed many comforts to give the boy a good education. Villa learned by heart the catechism at a parochial school; but, however, he took very little interest in the Ten Commandments, unless it was just enough to break them. The mischievousness of his nature was manifest in his early youth. After six months in the school of the priest, Ladislao Martinez, he came near to killing his preceptor by placing a lighted fuse in the ear of the horse the priest had mounted to hurry to the bedside of a dying man. The horse became so frightened that he jumped from the top of a high cliff into the river, which at that time of the year was dry. The horse was killed. The priest emerged alive and, with his leg broken in several places, spent two months in bed thinking over his pupil's brutality. Villa was then in his fourteenth year.

Villa had his eyes on the herds of cattle that were grazing on the prairie near his home town. He made himself conspicuous by the extraordinary cunning and ingenuity he exhibited as a "cattle thief." At the age of 14 he was already a "general"—a general all-round thief. But despite his recognized craftiness he fell into the hands of the rurales, with all the boys who were his truant followers. Don Arango, his father, cried, begged, and did everything he could, and finally obtained the release of his son from prison with the promise that he would send him far from home.

Villa left the Sierra de San Francisco for the Sierra del Rosario, but in spite of the warnings of his father and the discipline of

Kitchener's Work Constructive

Rescued Soudan From Chronic Slaughter and Rapine—Colonel Roosevelt Pays Him a Striking Tribute

OYSTER BAY, N.Y., June 10.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt last night paid the following tribute to Lord Kitchener:

"Six years ago I passed through the Soudan and was more deeply impressed than I can well express by the extraordinary benefits secured to the names of the country Lord Kitchener's conquest and the administration of himself and of his lieutenant and successor, General Wingate. He rescued it from a condition of chronic slaughter and rapine, under which the population had diminished by considerably more than half, and of the younger children over nine-tenths died of disease or starvation. The result of the conquest was to establish absolute peace and justice under the orderly reign of law. Industry flourished amazingly, slavery and the oppression of weaker tribes were completely abolished; schools were established everywhere and the Soudan entered upon a career of peace, prosperity and justice which it had never before known in its history.

"Kitchener and Wingate did in the Soudan exactly what Admiral Dewey, Governor-General Taft, Luke Wright, Smith, Forbes and their associates, and Generals Leonard Wood, Bell, Funston, Barry and others like them did for the Philippines. In each case the gain was immeasurable for the natives themselves and was also large from the standpoint of humanity as a whole."

Regarding his work in India and Egypt, Col. Roosevelt says Lord Kitchener was one of the great figures in that work of spreading civilization, which has been the greatest permanent achievement of the civilized powers of the world during recent decades.

"Taken as a whole," Col. Roosevelt said, "nothing has meant more for humanity than this work of spreading civilization over the world's waste spaces, and as a whole it has reflected the highest credit on the various nations engaged in the task. The death of Kitchener, who has been so prominent in this work, illustrates in striking fashion what a lamentable and evil thing it is that these great civilized nations should be taking out one another's lives."

Terrible Strain

"Is your father finding it hard to give up smoking?"
"Oh, he's sticking to his resolution all right but he's so ugly that the family is likely to crack under the strain any minute."

Added Years After Marriage

Wife—Tomorrow will be my 26th birthday.
Hubby—Why a year ago you told me you were 22.
Wife—Yes, but women age rapidly after marriage.

a severe employer he again started on a career of crime. A few years later he committed his first murder, shooting the lover of his sister, who had run off with her without the formality of a marriage. Villa, so his friends say, compelled a priest to marry them, and then shot the man.

For more than fourteen years after that night of tragedy "Pancho" roamed the woods and the hills, hunted by the rurales, always terrorizing them and eluding their grasp. Time after time he escaped capture by strategy. He made his pursuers appear as blunders and blunderers. Under their very noses the bandit would perpetrate his deeds of daring, laugh at the rurales, then escape to the hills. The posses invariably returned in a day or two, shame-faced and discouraged. With each new raid "Pancho" was known as a dare devil and a fighter among fighters.

A GREAT BIG HOLIDAY PROGRAMME AT THE NICKEL

"The Death Cloud,"
AND THE SEARCH FOR THE MISSING DETECTIVE, CRAIG KENNEDY, IN
"THE ROMANCE OF ELAINE."
"LOVE AND LAW." (A Vitagraph Comedy-Drama.)
"TOO MUCH TURKEY." (An Essanay Comedy-Drama.)
"BREEZY BILL, OUTCAST."
A Powerful Two Act Melo-Drama produced by the Mustang Coy. presenting JACK RICHARDSON and HELENE ROSEN.
"BERT STANLEY." (Singing latest novelty song hits.)
"THE GIRL ON THE BRIDGE." (A thrilling railroad melo-drama.)

FRIDAY—A Picturization of CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY'S Story—"WEST WIND"—produced by Vitagraph in three parts.

A Potato Famine

AMSTERDAM, June 21.—According to the Vorwärts, a potato famine is threatening Cologne. The quantity available at the present time is two and one-half pounds per head per week, but the paper declares that the sale of potatoes is to be completely stopped in the next few days.

Norg Steamer Sunk By Austrian Sub

LONDON, June 21.—The Norwegian steamer Aquilla has been torpedoed by an Austrian submarine 100 miles off Marzilles. The crew were saved.

Poviga Sunk

LONDON, June 21.—The Italian steamer Poviga was sunk last night, according to Lloyds.

The Prospero left Griquet at 10 a.m. today and is due here Sunday.

The S.S. Sagona is due at Twillingate on return from Labrador this afternoon and should arrive here to-morrow.

His former co-workers at Parker & Monroe's had a service card from Pte. Hy. Cranford by the last mail. Harry is now in Ayr, is delighted with the place and people and says all of the boys of the Regiment are well and in good spirits. He wishes to be remembered to all.

Go the Limit.

The bridegroom (just before the ceremony)—I must take a brace, but I don't want to overdo it. How much ought I to take, old fellow?
Best Man—Well, I should keep on taking them till I didn't care whether I was married or not.

Code.

Assistant (to old lady who has handed in a badly spelled telegram)—What's this word, please?
Old Lady—Never mind that, Miss. It's none of your business. They'll know at the other end.

NOTICE TO MOTOR OWNERS

Kerosene Oil in 8 hooped bbls.
Motor Gasoline in Wood and Steel bbls and cases.
Polarine Motor Oil (in 5 gall. tins) @ \$2.95 each.
Special Standard Motor Oil (in 5 gall. tins) @ \$2.90 each.
Special Standard Motor Oil in bbls and half bbls. @ 55c. per gallon.
Motor Greases at lowest prices.
See us before placing your order.

P. H. Cowan & Co.,
276 Water Street.

PORTABLE AIR-O-LITE LAMPS AND LANTERNS



MEANS plenty of light, and the best of light. Give a most brilliant illumination with little attention, and at trifling expense. Satisfactory to an extent not thought possible in former years. Burns only one quart of ordinary kerosene in 15 hours.

Robert Templeton,
Agent,
333 Water Street,
St. John's.

THE CRESCENT PICTURE PALACE.

EVERY AFTERNOON 2.15. EVERY NIGHT AT 7.15.

Presenting Henry B. Walthall with Warda Howard in

"THE CIRCULAR PATH"

A powerful feature in 3 reels produced by the Essanay Coy.

"HIS BIRTHDAY GIFT"

A Biograph Drama with a strong cast including Augusta Anderson and Charles Perley.

"Weary Goes Awooing"

A Western Comedy featuring Tom Mix.

PROFESSOR McCARTHY PLAYING THE PIANO.
A CLASSY MUSICAL PROGRAMME AND EFFECTS.

A COMFORTABLE AND WELL VENTILATED THEATRE.

Summer Costumes

WE are now showing the finest selection of Ladies' Costumes we have ever received. Elegant Models in Serge, Gabardine, Jersey Cloth and Shepherd's Plaid in styles suitable for all occasions. The predominating shades are Blues, Submarine Grey and the very popular Khaki.

These Costumes are in all shades. There are no two alike. All are of the most fashionable designs and are very reasonably priced.

U. S. PICTURE & PORTRAIT CO.

JUST ARRIVED

Another Car-load of

FERRO ENGINES

3, 4, 5 1-2, and 7 1-2 H.P.'s.

Order early for immediate delivery as they are going fast and it will be too late to get any more for this season.

Lowest Prices on
BATTERIES, COILS, PROPELLORS, SHAFTS, LUBRICATING OIL, ETC.

L. M. TRASK & CO.,

P. O. Box 1217,
140 Water Street, St. John, Nfld.

JUST IN:

25 Barrels
Large

PEANUTS

J. J. ROSSITER,

Our Motto: "Suum Cuique."



("To Every Man His Own.")

The Mail and Advocate

Issued every day from the office of publication, 167 Water Street, St. John's, Newfoundland, Union Publishing Company Limited, Proprietors.

Editor and Business Manager: JOHN J. ST. JOHN.

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., JUNE 22, 1916.

MEXICO

GENERAL PAUL MADERO, brother of the murdered President of Mexico, warns America regarding alienating the Latin-American countries by a misdirected policy in its solution of the Mexican problem. He sets forth his views in a very exhaustive article appearing in the New York Times of a recent date, and by way of preface makes the statement that there still exists in Latin-America a general misunderstanding as to the political motives of the United States, and conversely there exists in the United States a lamentable inability to understand the Latin-American character, coupled with a deplorable indifference as to the value of Latin-American friendship.

General Madero (who is a graduate of an American University) says that the party with which he has been allied in his native land, which has been striving in every way to foster and cultivate closer relations with their great northern neighbor, has had to contend with two chief obstacles, viz., Mexican demagogues, and cheap politicians, and the American speculator. Discussing this obstacle, General Madero says: "It has to strive against the indifference of the American; his failure to try to understand the Latin-American character and temperament; his ignorance of the history, geography, or language of the people who jointly inhabit the New World with him, and, if I must say it, his patronizing attitude toward any one living south of the Rio Grande. He probably does not

mean to be so, but unconsciously he is; the contemptuous references made by the vast majority when speaking of their Latin-speaking neighbors as 'greasers,' or 'spiggottys' do not endear them to Latin-Americans."

President Wilson's attitude towards Mexico, according to General Madero, has been thoroughly appreciated by most thinking people amongst Latin-Americans; but he says that the sending of United States troops into Mexico, even if it be only a "punitive expedition," will be regarded as sinister, and the action will be misinterpreted in every newspaper in South America which is prone to resent any and all interference on the part of the Colossus of the North. Madero warns the President that as the object of the United States expedition has been, at least partially accomplished, it would be wise for the United States to withdraw its troops to its own frontier, and maintain there such a force as would preclude the possibility of incidents like that of the Columbus raid.

This would naturally be displeasing to extreme interventionists (those who advocate intervention for their own purposes, and those who advocate it for the purpose of territorial aggrandizement.) The question now arises, Which is of the more value to the United States—the acquisition of territory in Mexico, at the cost of a huge sacrifice of men or money, with an insecure tenure afterward, and the loss of the friendship of all Latin-America, or commercial supremacy in those countries, with the lasting regard and alliance of its southern neighbors? General Madero does not deny that the United States would eventually be able to conquer Mexico, but he says, "The cost (in men and money) would be staggering, for after completing the job, which would require several years, it would be necessary to maintain for many years afterward this huge assembly of men to do police duty."

He warns President Wilson that "every moment the expeditionary force remains (in Mexico) is a moment of danger to the continued good relations between the United States and Mexico; it is, in fact, like sitting on a keg of dynamite. Were all the population of Mexico of the educated classe the danger would not be quite so great, but the ignorant peon in the remote interior cannot comprehend the meaning conveyed in Mr. Wilson's message (regarding the sending of the expeditionary force.)"

The danger confronting the United States at the moment is two-fold, one arising from the Mexicans, the other from American speculators. Conditions along the border are normally more or less acute, but the inability of the United States to understand the presence of United States troops in the interior of Mexico, with an inflammatory press fanning the breezes of hatred, it is quite easy to see what elements of mischief the situation contains. Then, on the American side of the border there are American speculators who envisage large profits from their

property in States like Chihuahua and Sonora, and who will not hesitate to take advantage of the situation to stir up trouble. "Mr. Wilson," says General Madero, "has now the opportunity, by refusing to allow himself to be drawn into a prolonged intervention in Mexico, to allay suspicion, prejudice, and general dislike of North America south of the Rio Grande, in the removing as quickly as possible of the source of danger which menaces continued good relations between the two countries, viz., the retaining of American troops beyond the border."

Latest advices from Washington are confirmatory of the position assumed by General Madero in his warning to the United States. Measures have been taken by the Mexican "authorities" to prevent the sending of more American troops into Mexican territory. There has been a raid at Glenn Spring, Texas, resulting in the death of three troopers and one civilian. The raid, according to the statement of Senor Arredondo, Mexican Ambassador at Washington, was organized in the United States by American conspirators who, he alleges, endeavoring to stir up mutiny among the Carranza troops, and to inflame border sentiment. The situation has become so serious that President Wilson has called out the militia, and has directed them to duty. Where will this embroglio end?

W.P.A.

In Aid of Our Sick and Wounded, and of Our Soldiers and Sailors at the Front.

Subscriptions may be sent to Lady Davidson, Mrs. Emerson, Treasurer, or any of the following ladies of the Finance Committee—Mrs. John Ayre, Mrs. Garrett Byrne, Miss Browning, Mrs. Duley, Mrs. T. J. Edens, Miss Hayward, Mrs. Archibald Macpherson and Mrs. Herbert Rendell.

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| Amount acknowledged | \$22,214.82 |
| Part proceeds of Girls' Friendly Society Members Sale | 46.50 |
| Proceeds of Concert given in St. Mary's Hall on May 24th by Miss Audrey Knight, 355 South Side, after paying for Hall and other expenses | 23.87 |
| Mr. George Rideout, Gull Island Lighthouse, per Daily News | 3.00 |
| Miss Worrall (for Red Cross Work) | 5.00 |
| Proceeds of Lecture, at Whitbourne, by Private Phil Jensen (for Red Cross Work) | 19.00 |
| From W.P.A., Belleoram | 127.00 |
| Money Box from St. Thomas's Women's Association | 7.70 |
| Money Box No. 48, per Miss Minnie Moore | 49 |
| Money Box No. 49, per Miss Minnie Moore | 17 |
| Total | \$22,447.46 |

KATHERINE EMERSON, Treasurer

Cupids and Burnt Head—50 pairs socks, 1 pair mitts.
Mrs. Nash—2 pairs socks.
Chunnel—20 shirts, 46 pairs socks.
Port Rexton—23 pairs socks, 1 pair mitts.
Unmarked parcel—12 pairs socks.
Lamaline—24 pairs socks.
Herring Neck—48 pairs socks.
Catalina—31 pairs socks, 1 pair mitts, old white material, 5 bandages.
Corner Brook—25 pairs socks, 6 shirts.

KITCHENER'S OWN

FROM counter, desk and bench we come.
Mechanic, tradesman, artisan, Master and servant, youth and man;
And some desert the plough, and some
The college gown for khaki doff,
And some their baser selves slough off
To join us; some have lived by Law,
Some by the brush, the pen;
The newest Forces of the Crown,
From every rank our ranks we draw.
And thus we route-march through the town.
Kitchener's Fighting men are we,
Kitchener's Own—and proud to be!
Kitchener's Fighting-men!

Where those great daughters of the race—
Vigorous democracies, which drew
Their milk from Empire's breast and grew,
Nurtured within her wide embrace—
Responsive to their Mother's need
Have sent their sons to fight and bleed;
In that long snake-like battle line—
There, in the trenches, when
Amid the combat's hellish din,
Exultant, we and they combine,
It is not we will shame our kin,
Kitchener's Fighting-men—not we,
Kitchener's Own—and proud to be!
Kitchener's Fighting-men!

Such valor and such steadfastness
As theirs who, of their little State
To keep the soil inviolate,
Sustained the conflict's first fierce stress,
Be ours at need! * * * who gained delay
Who held the oncoming hordes at bay
And held the onlooking world at gaze:
And in the end—ah, then
Endured inexpiable wrong,
But won a meed of deathless praise
Like some small State in ancient Song,
"Kitchener's Fighting-men, their way,
Kitchener's Own!" then some may say,
Kitchener's Fighting-men,
—Elsie Cooper, in London Chronicle.

Burgynnes Cove—22 pairs socks,
ANNIE H. HAYWARD,
Convener of Packing and Shipping Com.

F. P. U. NOTES.

The sch. Encore, Capt. Martin, is ready to sail for Catalina with a load of construction material for the new Union premises.

Schr. S. M. Prince, Capt. Robt. Prince of Princeton, is taking supplies at the Union Wharf. She will prosecute the Labrador fishery.

The F.P.U. Motor Boat left this morning for Catalina with President Coaker on board. President Coaker will visit Bonaventure, Port Rexton, Champneys and Bonavista during the next few days, and proceed on his annual trip North, after the Union Electric Co.'s meeting on the 28th which takes place at Catalina. He will return to St. John's about the 10th of August.

Mr. Halfyard, M.H.A. will join Mr. Coaker at Newtown, and will visit the important settlements in Fogo District with President Coaker. Mr. Coaker will inspect all the Union stores during his trip North and arrange for the extension of several of the stores. Mr. Geo. Soper, the Inspector of the Union stores, will join President Coaker at Lewisporte or Twillingate and accompany him on the inspection of the stores in Twillingate District.

GLEANINGS OF GONE BY DAYS

June 22

BISHOP HOWLEY and visiting prelates arrived, 1892.
Bartholemew Connors, keeper of old Orphan Asylum, buried, 1887.
Vail's mill, and houses in vicinity, burnt to the ground, 1879.
Loss of H.M.S. Victoria by collision with Camperdown in Mediterranean, 1893.
President Carnot, of France, assassinated, 1894.
Queen's Jubilee, celebrated in Newfoundland, 1897.
Corner stone of Victoria wing to St. John's hospital laid, 1897.
Corner stone of Cabot tower laid by Bishop Howley, 1897.
Thirty-seven persons drowned at Blackwall, England, at launching of battleship Albion, 1898.
First section of Manchester ship canal opened, 1891.
The S.S. Nord which was here with a coal cargo will return with another load of "black diamonds" from Sydney.
The S.S. Florizel left Halifax at 1 p.m. yesterday and should arrive here to-morrow morning.

OAKUM

Ex. "Durango"
75 BALES OAKUM,
Spun and Unspun.

The Direct Agencies, Ltd.

HAVING enjoyed the confidence of our outport customers for many years, we beg to remind them that we are "doing business as usual" at the old stand. Remember Maunder's clothes stand for durability and style combined with good fit.



John Maunder
Tailor and Clothier
281 & 283 Duckworth Street

GEORGE KNOWLING

Men's and Boys' Clothing Dept.

Our Men's and Boys' Clothing Department has always been noted for Best Value for the Money. We keep the largest and best selected stock in the City. We now are showing Spring and Summer Clothing Raincoats Macintoshes Shirts Caps Ties Footwear

PROVISIONS and GROCERIES.

We have the best selected and lowest priced stock obtainable. Flour Pork Molasses Teas Seeds Medicines. Call and get our prices or write if you cannot come.

Largest and Best Selected Stock - Lowest Prices.

Hardware Department.

Fishery Supplies, Manila Rope, Coir Rope, Hemp Rope, Marlin, Fish Hooks, Patent Logs Ship Side Lights, Steering Wheels, Anchors Motor Ignition Batteries, Spirit Compasses Dory Compasses, Motor Engine Oil and Grease, Washing Machines, Wringing Machines, Garden and Farm Tools, Carpenters Tools, Fish Beams and Weights, Electric Lanterns, Pocket Flash Lights, Oil Cooking Stoves, Office Safes.

Women's and Children's Clothing

We have now open and ready the largest and best selected stock of Costumes Underclothing Blouses Skirts Corsets Raincoats Dressmaking and Millinery done on premises. Dress Muslins Linens and Silks.

GEORGE KNOWLING

Reid-Newfoundland Co.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.

BOWRING PARK.

First Train leaves West End Promenade at 2.15 p.m. and every hour during the evening.

TORS COVE.

Train leaves St. John's Station at 2.00 p.m., and leaves Tors Cove returning at 7.30 p.m.

KELLIGREWS.

Train leaves St. John's Station at 2.30 p.m., and leaves Kelligrews returning at 8.07 p.m.

(This Train will not stop at Waterford Bridge leaving St. John's)

Reid Newfoundland Co.

BUY A "BEACON"

And Be Guided Aright.

You can buy one at BLAIR'S.

"BEACON" stands for quality at the lowest price.

BLAIR'S stand for service.

We sell you first a good Electric Light and second a light in Standard Sizes, so that you will have no trouble any time in fitting fresh batteries, wherever you may be.

But you can always get the Good Long Lived Beacon Batteries from us at as low prices as cheaper makers.

And we can always give you Spare Bulbs in the reliable Tungsten makes, for your lamp, at 25c. each.

Also we keep the biggest stock of Electric Flashlights and Fittings in St. John's. Below are our prices for some standard lights:—

- Vest Pocket Nickel Lamps, complete, @ 95c. each. Spare Batteries, 35c. each.
- Small Nickel Pocket Lamps, complete, @ \$1.10 each. Spare Batteries, 40c. each.
- Beautifully finished Nickel Cigarette Holder, Shaped Lamps @ \$1.40 and \$1.50 each. Spare Batteries, 40c. each.

Special Value in a Pocket Lamp @ 75c. each only. Spare Batteries, 30c. each.

This is a fair sized lamp covered with Imitation Leather, and is a Bargain, and while cheap is quite a reliable light.

Special Lamp to take any No. 6 Cell. Price, without Battery, \$1.50 each.

This lamp will stand or can be hung, or carried as a lantern and is the best lamp for a No. 6 Cell obtainable, and with a good make of Cell will give surprisingly long and economical service.

HENRY BLAIR.

Notice of Poll and Candidates.

The Town of St. John's

Public notice is hereby given to the Electors residing within the Municipal limits of the town of St. John's, aforesaid, that a Poll has been demanded at the Election now pending for the same, and that I have granted such Poll; and that the persons duly nominated as Candidates at the said Election and for whom only votes will be received, are:

CANDIDATES FOR MAYOR

- GOSLING, WILLIAM GILBERT GOSLING, Merchant.
- KELLY, W. A. O'D. KELLY, Dealer in Building Supplies.

CANDIDATES FOR COUNCILLORS

- AYRE, C. P. AYRE, Merchant.
- BRADSHAW, F. W. BRADSHAW, Merchant.
- BROWNBRIGG, H. J. BROWNBRIGG, Commission Merchant.
- MORRIS, I. C. MORRIS, Sallmaker.
- MULLALLY, J. J. MULLALLY, Master Cooper.
- MCGRATH, J. J. MCGRATH, Delegate L. S. P. U.
- MCMAMARA, F. MCMAMARA, Provision Merchant.
- TAIT, J. S. TAIT, M. D.
- VINCOMBE, N. J. VINCOMBE, Licensed Victualler.
- WHITE, T. M. WHITE, Mechanic.
- WITHERS, J. W. WITHERS, King's Printer.

Of which all persons are hereby required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly. Given under my hand, at St. John's, the 19th day of June, 1916.

F. J. DOYLE, Returning Officer.

DIRECTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF ELECTORS IN VOTING.

Each elector, on entering the room where the poll is being held, shall declare his name, surname, and addition. After so doing he shall receive two ballot papers, one of the above forms respectively. Each elector, if required by the Deputy Returning Officer, the Poll Clerk, one of the Candidates, or one of their agents shall, before receiving his ballot papers, take an oath of qualification. The voter is to vote only for one candidate for Mayor and for six candidates as Councillors.

After receiving the ballot papers the voter shall go into one of the compartments and with a pencil, there provided, place a cross in the division containing the name of the candidate for Mayor, and the six candidates for Councillors, for whom he intends to vote, thus—X.

The voter will then fold each ballot paper, so as to show a portion of the back only, with the initials of the Deputy Returning Officer and shall hand them so folded up to the Deputy Returning Officer, and the Deputy Returning Officer shall, with unfolding them, ascertain that they are the ballot papers which he furnished to place them in the Ballot Box. The voter shall forthwith leave the Polling Station.

If a voter inadvertently spoils a ballot paper, he may return it to the Deputy Returning Officer, who will give him another.

If a voter votes for more candidates than he is entitled to vote for, or places any mark on the ballot papers by which he can afterwards be identified, his vote will be void and will not be counted.

If a voter takes a ballot or ballot paper out of the Polling Station, or fraudulently puts any other paper into the Ballot Box than the papers given him by the Deputy Returning Officer, he will be subject to punishment by a fine of Five Hundred Dollars or by imprisonment for a time not exceeding six months, with or without hard labour.

F. J. DOYLE, Returning Officer.

The following is published for the information of the public: ST. JOHN'S MUNICIPAL ELECTION

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS.

A voter must be a male British subject of the age of 21 years and upwards. He must have resided for one year next preceding the election within the limits of the town of St. John's as defined in the St. John's Municipal Act, 1902.

Being qualified as above, he may vote if he

- Has occupied a dwelling house within the above limit for the period, or if he
- Has been liable to and actually paid rates or assessments to the St. John's Municipal Council as (a) Ground landlord, or (b) Owner lessee or occupier of any lands, tenements, buildings, or any interest therein, or (c) Any taxes under the St. John's Municipal Act, 1902, or any former Act relating to the Municipal affairs of St. John's.

The mere fact of the purchase of coal upon which a revenue has been paid to the Customs does not in itself qualify the purchaser to vote.

F. J. DOYLE, Returning Officer.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Town of St. John's

TO WIT: Public Notice is hereby given to the Electors residing within the Municipal limits of the Town of St. John's, aforesaid, that the Polling Stations hereinafter set forth will be open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. on Thursday the 29th June in the following places, viz.:

NO. 1 DIVISION.

No. 1 Booth—At the house of Mrs. French, No. 7 York Street, for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters A. B. C. D.

No. 2 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Ready, No. 9 York St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L.

No. 3 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Porter, No. 34 Gower St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters M. N. O. P. Q.

No. 4 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Gullivan, No. 6 Bond St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters R. S. T. U. V. W. X. Y. Z.

NO. 2 DIVISION.

No. 1 Booth—At the house of Miss Sullivan, No. 10 Prospect St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters A. B. C. D.

No. 2 Booth—At the house of John Burke, No. 62 Prescott Street, for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L.

No. 3 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Kelly, No. 55 Victoria St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters M. N. O. P. Q.

No. 4 Booth—At the house of James Miron, No. 26 Bond St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters R. S. T. U. V. W. X. Y. Z.

NO. 3 DIVISION.

No. 1 Booth—At the house of Miss Murphy, No. 20 Livingstone St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters A. B. C.

No. 2 Booth—At the house of Miss Carroll, No. 22 Livingstone St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters D. E. F. G. H.

No. 3 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Wilson, No. 27 Livingstone St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters I. J. K. L. M. N.

No. 4 Booth—At the house of John Earl, No. 18 Allan's Square, for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters O. P. Q. R. S.

No. 5 Booth—At the house of Mrs. O'Toole, cor. of James' and New Gower Streets, for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters T. U. V. W. X. Y. Z.

NO. 4 DIVISION.

No. 1 Booth—At the house of Chas. Truscott, No. 9 New Gower St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters A. B. C.

No. 2 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Finn, No. 32 Adelaide St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters D. E. F. G. H.

No. 3 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Finn, No. 32 Adelaide St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters I. J. K. L. M. N.

No. 4 Booth—At the house of Mrs. McGrath, No. 97 New Gower St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters O. P. Q. R. S.

No. 5 Booth—At the house of P. Flynn, No. 111 New Gower St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters T. U. V. W. X. Y. Z.

NO. 5 DIVISION.

No. 1 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Wall, No. 226 New Gower St., for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters A. B. C. D.

No. 2 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Hart, No. 138 Water St. West, for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters E. F. G. H. I. J. K.

No. 3 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Hayse, No. 182 Water St. West, for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters L. M. N. O. P. Q.

No. 4 Booth—At the house of Edward Kavanagh, No. 222 Water St. West, for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters R. S. T. U. V. W. X. Y. Z.

No. 5 Booth—At the house of Mrs. Southside, No. 222 Water St. West, for Electors only whose surnames begin with the letters A. B. C. D. E. F. G. H. I. J. K. L. M. N. O. P. Q. R. S. T. U. V. W. X. Y. Z.

F. J. DOYLE, Returning Officer.

The Trials and Woes of Married Life

(From the Bingville Bugle.)

Whilst we was setting here in the sanktitty of our eddytorial sanktum with our eddytorial pen in our hand full of ink and our poor racked head in tother all redly to dash off a eddytorial pervided we could think of a subject to write about it suddintly ockurd to us that we be in the midst of June which is cald the muntth of brides and grooms and marriages, et cetera, so we made up our mind to write a eddytorial on the sacredd subject of "Marriage."

In our opinyun marriage is a turrible silum & critikal step for a person to take regardless of sex, former condishion of sevrytood or ennythink else. Before two yung folks take a holt of each others hands and prance right up to the alter to be jined in the holy bonds & fetters of wedlock they ort to both be shure that they love one another suffishient to fase adversitty & joys & sorrers & everythink else that is liable to happen to a person.

We calkilate that the reason more married folks aint happy is becuuz they diddnt know each other well enuff before they got spliced and went outen their way to conceal their falts until after they got hitched, then they jest asked natcher and the result is they fite like cats & dogs.

When a boy & a girl is engaged they allus put their best foot forrerd jest for appearance sake. She thinks she is gettin a fine husband and he thinks he is gettin a angel for a wife whereas the honeymoon aint no mosen over until she wishes she was seperated from him and he thinks he would ruther fase a wildcat than her when shee loses her temper.

We wouldn't go so far as to say that marriage is allus a faillyure becuuz it aint. We know of some people right in this here town who is happy even if they be married. Take Lon Wilkins and his wife Sary for instants. Lon says he has never spoke a unkind word to Sary in 20 yrs of married life and we believe it. We also believe if Lon did give Sary enny bad talk shed jest jerk the clothes offen his back and shake him till his teeth rattled being as shees boss and allus has been.

It has ben our observashon that in most cases of married folks one or tother holds the whip-hand as we might say. In other words one has got to nuckel to tother. When a man gets married he promises to love and cherish his wife but so far as we can discover there aint nothink in the ceremony that makes him promise to stand up and let her throw flat irons and rolling pins and dishes and pokers at him.

Now in our own case when we married our 1st wife (which is the last one also) we have often thort that we

started in wrong by givin in to her too much insid of asserting our rights becuuz 1st thing we knowd we diddnt have enny rights and now its too late to assert em even if we did have enny.

Knowing our own personal wife as we do we calkilate if we was to assert our rights at this late date it wouldn't help our general helth enny and might cripple us for life. Our wife is a strong minded woman & also strong fittikal and we would prefer to continue not to have enny rights than to assert same in her presence.

Be that as it may however, June is here and for the good of Bingville we urge our yung folks to enter into the blissful state of matrimony. If marriage was to stop in Bingville it wouldn't be long until this town went to the dogs. Besides you mite as well go ahead and take a chnast —praps your marriage will turn out aht-right and you'll live with your wife happy ever afterward, who knows? Nobody.

MORE FISHERY NEWS.

The following reports of the fishery dated June 17th were received by the Board of Trade:

From P. J. Wade (Salmon Cove Pt. to Collier's North Pt.)—The catch to date is 30 qtls with 25 for last week. Prospects are much improved since last report and there is a plentiful supply of herring and caplin. The lobster catch is fair. Codfish is scarce with hook and line.

From A. J. Pearce (Twillingate to Trump Island)—There is no improvement in codfishery prospects but caplin is plentiful for bait. Owing to stormy weather the traps have been unable to fish only part of the week in sheltered places where they averaged from half to one brl. The hook and line men did poor also, having only a good sign part of the week.

WANTED!

2 SCHOONERS, From 50 to 100 tons,

To freight SALT

from St. John's to West Coast.

SMITH CO. Ltd. Telephone 506.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL AND PARTNERSHIP!

Hon. R. A. Squires, K.C., LL.B.

ANNOUNCES the removal of his LAW OFFICES to the New BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA Building at the corner of Beck's Cove and Water Street, and the formation of a PARTNERSHIP for general practice as Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, with MR. J. A. WINTER, eldest son of the late Sir James S. Winter, K.C., under the firm name of Squires & Winter.

Address: Bank of Nova Scotia Building, January 3rd, 1916. St. John's.

Hon. R. A. Squires, K.C., LL.B. Mr. J. A. Winter

Squires & Winter, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries.

New Bank of Nova Scotia Building, Corner Beck's Cove and Water Street.

'SKIPPER' Kerosene Oil

Specially Refined to meet the Newfoundland climate. Best for Motor Boats and Lamps.

Standard Oil Co. of New York. Franklin's Agencies, Limited.

Amendments to the Local Affairs Act

An Act to amend the Act 6 George V., Cap 18, entitled "An Act respecting the Administration of Local Affairs."

[Passed May 4th, 1916.]

Be it enacted by the Governor, the Legislative Council and House of Assembly, in Legislative Session convened, as follows:—

1. Section two of the Act 6 Geo. V., Cap. 18, entitled "An Act respecting the Administration of Local Affairs," is hereby repealed, and the following is substituted therefor:—

2 (a) An area within the limits of which any Road Board existing at the time of the passing of this Act now exercises and performs its powers, duties and functions shall be an area for the purposes of this Act, and the Board elected hereunder in any such area shall, within the same area, exercise and perform the powers, duties and functions by this Act conferred and imposed upon Boards.

(b) Any such area may hereafter be subdivided or amalgamated with others, or have its boundaries or limits altered or re-arranged, as hereinafter provided.

(c) This Act shall not apply to the Councils at present existing in the District of Burin until such time as the voters under the jurisdiction of such Councils shall proceed as provided in Section 3 of this Act.

2. Section 3 of the said Act is hereby repealed and the following is substituted therefor:—

3 (a) A majority of the qualified electors residing within the limits of any area in this Colony within which not less than eighty qualified electors reside, and desiring to have such area defined as an area for the purposes of this Act, may, whether such limits do or do not include the whole or any part of an area already so defined, prefer a petition to the Governor in Council praying that the area within the said limits, which limits shall be specified in such petition, may be so defined.

(b) Such petition shall be sent to the nearest Stipendiary Magistrate or Justice of the Peace; and if upon due scrutiny thereof he shall be satisfied that not less than eighty

qualified electors reside within the limits specified in such petition contains the bona fide signatures of a majority of the said electors, he shall forthwith make a certificate to that effect, endorsed on or attached to such petition, and forward the same to the Colonial Secretary; and such certificate shall be conclusive proof that the persons signing are qualified electors, and that the number of such persons signing constitute a majority of electors as aforesaid: Provided that such Magistrate or Justice may, before granting such certificate, require proof to be made before him of the bona fide signature of any of the names subscribed to such petition, upon the oath of either the party whose name purports to be signed or of a witness to such signature.

(c) If the area, the definition of which is sought by such petition, includes a part only of an area already defined, electors residing in the remaining part of such last-mentioned area may, if qualified in number and otherwise to prefer a petition under Sub-section (a) of this section, prefer a counter-petition to the Governor in Council, opposing the prayer of the said petition, provided that such counter-petition shall be verified in the manner prescribed in Sub-section (b) of this section, and lodged with the Colonial Secretary within thirty days after the receipt by him of the original petition.

3. Section four of the said Act is hereby amended by striking out therefrom the word "protest" and substituting therefor the word "counter-petition."

4. Section twelve of the said Act is hereby repealed and the following is substituted therefor:—

12 The Governor in Council shall in every year, until every area either existing at the time of the passing of this Act, or subsequently defined under this Act, shall have only and validly elected a Board thereunder, fix in accordance with the provisions of Section 8 of this Act, a date for the holding of a first

election in each Electoral District of this Colony, in which the same may be necessary.

5. Part IV. of "The Election Act, 1913," relating to corrupt and illegal practices in connection with elections under that Act, shall with the exception of Sections 150 to 152, inclusive 154 and 158 to 161 inclusive of said Part IV., and with substitution of the words "the entry of his vote" for the words "a ballot paper" in Section 144, and of the words "on the Board" for "in the House of Assembly" in Section 146 of said Part IV., apply in so far as the same can be applied to elections under this Act; and all penalties by said Part IV. imposed shall in the application thereof to elections under this Act, be enforceable or recoverable before a Stipendiary Magistrate.

Military Ten Commandments.

Besides verse-production in the trenches, British soldiers, with a literary inclination, take to writing fairy tales, comic stories, parodies on German "Kultur," and Open Letters addressed to such worthies as the Crown Prince, von Hindenburg, and the Kaiser.

The other day an officer tried his hand at "improving" the Ten Commandments: the nature of the attempt will be gleaned from four of the most popular "laws":

Thou shalt kill only Huns, slugs, lice, rats, and other vermin which frequent dugouts.

Thou shalt not adulterate thy section's rum ration.

Thou shalt not bear false witness in the Orderly Room.

Thou shalt not covet the A. S. C.'s job, thou shalt not covet the A. S. C.'s pay, nor his motors, nor his wagons, nor his tents, nor his billets, nor his horse, nor his asses, nor any other cushy (soft) thing that is his.

The King's Ministers

Church Times (London).—Affairs are in the hands of the King's Ministers. For the most part they are, rather ordinary men, not conspicuously endowed with the qualities to be sought in organizers of victory, but under combination has the surpassing merit of holding the nation together. This war is to be won by the united effort of the nation; mediocre men who hold it together are more useful than men of genius who might possibly divide it. If the Cabinet can find a Chatham of a Carnot—always a rare kind of being—they will be well advised to make the utmost use of him. Otherwise, they must themselves do the best they can.

In Store: 5,000 Brls. "Victory" Flour, 2,000 Brls. "Royal Gold" Flour. FRANKLIN'S AGENCIES, LTD. J. B. URQUHART, Manager

TO THE RATEPAYERS OF ST. JOHN'S

AT the request of a large number of my friends, both East and West, I have decided to place myself in nomination at the forthcoming Municipal Election.

H. J. BROWNRIGG

CARD

To the Electors of the Municipality of St. John's, Gentlemen: I beg to offer my services as Councillor at the forthcoming general election.



TO THE CITY RATEPAYERS

At the request of a large number of my friends and supporters I have decided to place myself in nomination at the forthcoming election.

N. J. VINICOMBE

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Will Receive Our Returning Soldiers

To-day Mr. H. D. Reid gave instructions to the officials of the Company, and the Railway Station is decorated with bunting, as a result, in honour of the officers and soldiers of our regiment who will return by the Kyle's express this afternoon.

VANDALS STILL ABOUT

A couple of days ago the Mail and Advocate referred to the destruction of the rail on Mullins' bridge and the tearing down of gates and fences on Hamilton Avenue.

WILL AID STRANDED SHIP.

We hear to-day from reliable authority that both the steamers Portia and Florizel will go to the aid of the S.S. Arachne, now ashore at Point Platte, Anquielon.

INTOXICATED GIRL CAUSES DISTURBANCE IN MOTHER'S HOME

Yesterday evening at the instigation of her mother the police were called to a Duckworth St. residence, where a girl was making things lively for her mother.

REID'S STEAMER REPORT.

Argyle left Durin 7 a.m. to-day inward. Clyde arrived Lewisporte 3.30 p.m. yesterday.

TRAIN REPORT.

Tuesday's No. 1. Arrived Port aux Basques 1.20 a.m. Yesterday's No. 1. Left Alexander Bay 8.30 a.m.

TWO DIPHTHERIA CASES

Two cases of diphtheria were reported to the Board of Health yesterday. One was a boy 2 1/2 years old, of Rocky Lane, living in a house already infected, and the other was a girl of two years of Newtown Road.

OILING THE ROADS

To in some measure ally the dust nuisance, the Civic Commission is now spreading road oil up about the Cross Roads, Topsail and Kilbride Roads and up on the Square just east of the Railway Station.

The volunteers yesterday were put through squad and section drills yesterday and were given leave in the afternoon.

WEDDING BELLS

SELLARS-TAYLOR.

A very pretty wedding took place last night at the residence of the bride's parents, 21 John Street, the contracting parties being Miss Bessie Taylor, daughter of Mr. P. Taylor, cooper, and Mr. George Sellars of Bonavista.

LIVING IN FOREST

For the past three weeks a married couple of this city have been residing in the woods at the head of Long Pond. The woman is employed in the city and comes out to work every morning early.

LOCAL ITEMS

LEAGUE FOOTBALL.—St. George's Field this evening at 7 o'clock sharp. St. Bon's vs. Saints, Andrews.

The S.S. Jacobsen which was here with a coal cargo for A. H. Murray, left yesterday for Sydney.

The schr. "Violet Courteney" entered yesterday and will load coals from G. M. Barr for Europe.

The S.S. Waganda, arrived at Port aux Basques to-day to load limestone for Sydney.

The S.S. Heliopolis arrived at Botwood yesterday to load pulp and paper from the A. N. D. Co. for England.

The S.S. Kite, Capt. Edgecombe, hauled into the stream yesterday and sails to-day for New York to fit out for a voyage to Baffin's Land.

Mr. Gosling and several of the Commissioners will hold a Committee meeting in the new C. C. Hall to-night. Mr. T. M. White will also have a meeting in the T. A. Armoury.

The lobster fishery up to date this year has been very poor all around the Island except in one or two places. The outlook is a poor one for those prosecuting this branch of the fishery.

The church ship "Amazon" has arrived at Boston after a run of 11 days in command of Capt. J. Callahan. She will be sold at that port.

The excursion train to Kelligrews yesterday, owing to the wet weather, only took out 25 people, the smallest number for the season.

It is likely that the S.S. Lyngford will dry dock next week for repairs. The work of discharging her cargo of grain is being prosecuted with dispatch, the labourers being engaged at it nightly.

TO-NIGHT'S FOOTBALL

The second game of the football series will be played this evening by the St. Bon's and Saints teams. The line-up will be:

ST. BON'S—Kilgoh, goal; Ryan, Power, backs; McGrath, DuBourdieu, Rawlins, halves; Callahan, Kent, Godden, St. John, forwards.

ST. ANDREWS—L. Ewing, goal; Pearce, Barnes, backs; Kerr, Burns, Foster, halves; Elton, McCowen, Bastow, Ewing, Auckinleck, forwards.

War Messages.

WILL HOLD AN IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

The Whole Future of the Nationalist Party is Wrapped Up in Friday's Meeting, Which Will Have Most Important Results on Irish Crisis—Redmond Will Attend Meeting.

BELFAST, June 22.—Conference of Ulster Nationalists in Belfast Friday will decide on a great deal more than the accepting or rejection of Lloyd-George proposals. It will determine whether the nationalists' Govt. is in future to be dominated by clergy or laity.

"Stermout" Lost East of Halifax

HALIFAX, June 22.—Crashing on the rocks of Mattie Joseph Island, East of Halifax, during a dense fog, Tuesday morning, the Montreal Transportation Co. steamer "Stermout" became a total wreck.

A Big Battle Is Developing.

LONDON, June 22.—Military experts say a great battle is developing on the line of the River Bug, or a parallel line to be drawn through Kovel, Vladimiri Volynski and Lemberg, where the Germans are making desperate efforts to arrest the Russian advance in order to prevent the important railway junction of Kovel from falling into Russian hands.

Will Reduce Size Of Berlin Papers.

LONDON, June 22.—The majority of Berlin newspaper proprietors have decided to reduce the size of their publications from July 1st, owing to the increasing cost of paper.

For King Alfonso.

MADRID, June 22.—A German submarine arrived to-day at Cartagena. The officers disembarked and left for Madrid with confidential letters for King Alfonso.

German East Africa.

HAVRE, June 22.—Further successes for the Belgian column invading German East Africa are claimed in an official statement issued by the Belgian war office to-day.

Unless Given Special Permission

LONDON, June 21.—After Monday next no relative of sick or wounded officers will be permitted to visit France, unless their condition is dangerous and special permission has been granted, it was announced to-day. This restriction has been imposed owing to the necessities of the military situation.

German Guardship Sunk by Mine

STOCKHOLM, June 21.—A small German guardship has been blown up by a mine off Falsterbo.

OUR THEATRES

THE NICKEL

Immense audiences attended the Nickel theatre yesterday and all were highly delighted with the performance. "The Romance of Elaine" was continued and the chapter was a most sensational one.

THE CRESCENT

To-day's show at the Crescent Picture Palace is a great one, the principal stars in filmdom are screened. Henry B. Walthall and Warda Howard appear in "The Circular Path."

OBITUARY

MRS B. S. WILLIAMS The death occurred last evening of a very estimable and highly respected lady in the person of Mrs. B. S. Williams. Her death occurred at the residence of Mrs. Josephine Murphy, 77 Prescott Street.

French Repulse German Attack

PARIS, June 21.—A violent attack on the French positions north-west of Rheims, was made by the Germans last night at Hill 108 and in the direction of Berry au Bac. The attack was repulsed by French artillery fire.

Greece Appeals to United States

WASHINGTON, June 21.—An identical note, protesting vigorously against the interference by the Allies with the marine trade of Greece, has been presented by the Greek Minister to the State Department, diplomatic representatives and Secretary Lansing of the American Government.

German East Africa.

LONDON, June 21.—The Allied forces invading German West Africa are continuing to advance successfully. It was announced officially to-day, a column moving from British East Africa into the north-eastern section of the German Colony, has occupied Kandani. Another column, advancing from the south, has taken Lanfenburg.

German Guardship Sunk by Mine

STOCKHOLM, June 21.—A small German guardship has been blown up by a mine off Falsterbo.

Christian Brother Lost in Naval Battle

Rev. Brother O'Hehir, one of the well-known and respected teachers of the Christian Brothers' schools, St. Patrick's Hall, this city, had sad news conveyed to him in a letter from Ireland a couple of days ago. It was to the effect that his brother, who has been for sometime in the British Naval service, went down in the ship in which he served in the recent engagement, in the Skaggerack Rock. The Rev. Gentleman will have the sympathy of the whole public in his sad bereavement.

ARACHNE STILL STRANDED.

Last night Mr. H. A. Saunders, Supt. of the Anglo Co., had a wire which said that the S.S. Arachne which went ashore at Point Platte, Miquelon, Monday night, is still aground. She is making no water, the members of the crew are now on the ship, the weather is fine and she will likely be got off shortly.

A CONTEMPTIBLE PROCEEDING

Last night the Committee who are working for Mr. W. A. O'D. Kelly, candidate for Mayor, put up some posters on Gower Street, near the C. of E. Cathedral. Hardly had they been placed on the telephone posts and other places along there, and hardly had the men who put them there left before they were taken down by someone evidently opposed to Mr. Kelly, and transferred to the side of Victoria Hill, where they were placed up side down.

SUPREME COURT.

The Full Bench attended the Supreme Court to-day, when the members of the Grand Jury, through their foreman, Mr. George Williams, made their presentment a lengthy document, which it was impossible for us to handle to-day. Several civil cases were set for hearing on different dates but nothing of a criminal nature. Before the Court opened Mr. James Voy presented the members of the Grand Jury with photographs of groups of the jurors taken at the Court House entrance and also while they were on a visit to the consumption camps.

BASEBALL MATCH POSTPONED

Owing to the wet weather prevailing yesterday afternoon the baseball match, Red Lions and Wanderers, did not come off. The teams will meet Wednesday next and a good game is looked for.

Portia left Salmonier this morning bound west.

At Portugal Cove yesterday the Messrs. Summerton took a haul of 14 qtls. codfish from their trap.

T. M. WHITE'S

Friends and Supporters will meet in the T. A. Armoury at 8 o'clock on Thursday evening, for the purpose of arranging Committee Work.

NOTICE

THERE will be a meeting of the St. Bonaventure's Association on Sunday, the 9th of July next, immediately after Last Mass. A large attendance is urged. Business important. CYRIL JAMES FOX, Act. Secy. jne22,29,jy6

V. C. and British Colonel

Dark, Mixed IS GREAT. TRY IT

At the Royal Cigar Store, Bank Square, Water Street.

CHRISTIAN'S BORAX SOAP

Best to be Had. SAVE THE WRAPPERS. \$10.00 in Gold will be given in person saving the most for 1916.

M. A. DUFFY, AGENT.

WASH GOODS

We are up to date with all kinds of Washing Goods for Children of all ages and classes.

- BOYS' Galeata Blouses, from 35c. up. Jean Sailor Blouses, in White, Light and Dark Blue Collars, from 70c. up. Jean Sailor Suits, "Long Pants," from . . . \$1.30 up. Also— Fancy Wash Suits of all descriptions and Hats to match. GIRLS' Middy Blouses, from 70c. up. Childs' Underskirts, from 25c. up. Childs' Nickers, from 25c. up.

Inspection of our Showroom is specially invited for all kinds of Millinery.

Nicholle, Inkpen & Chafe Limited.

315 WATER STREET 315 Agents for Ungars Laundry & Dye Works.