

## Keen's Mustard Aids Digestion - Therefore Lengthens Life.



A well-known profestional purse, who at one time attended King Edmard during an ilness, recently ulad Christier Sodas for a typhoid feree patient in Cunads. "I have long;" she siic, "tried to get a soda biscuit thet, when grushed into powder, would give satisfactory results in soups I failed until I tried Christieh Sodas:



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ADOLPPE E. SUYLIE HENBY ROWLEY H, Y, PETHERERIDGE NATIONAL LICORICE CO.
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## Younce z SMMHE'S

 Pune Stiax Licancice

Sucoessert to
YOUNQ \& 8MYLIE BROOKIVN, N. Y.
8. V. BROOKLYN, N. YDPER

MELLOR © RITTENHOUSE 00.
H. W. PETHERBRIDCE

DOMINION LICORIOE, \& NOVELTY 00.
Y. As., SCUDDER, and M. \& R. Brand of PUBE MIICX LICORICE, Aome Licorice Pollots, I. ER. Whetors in bese, Licorioo Lozonges, and a full lino of Licorice spocialtion including the eolebrated sott licoriog lines sold mador the THE PLIABLE TCORICE, THE BI ATC TCOMTC.

OFFIOE-106 JOHN ST.
106-116 John St. Illustrated Catalogue on request.

THE AUER
GAS LAMP
"Turns nlght-time Into day-time" NEW MODELS.

LOWER PRUCES.
We offer you the best made lamp on the market, built scientifically.
We offer you a lamp that will light your store for half the cost of kerosene.
We offer you a lamp that is safer than a coal oil one.
We offer you a lamp which you can sell at a good profit.


Do you want the Agency for it?

## THEN WRITE FOR OUR CATALOGUE AND DISCOUNTS.

> EVERY LAMP GUNRNNTEED.

AUER LIGHT CO., I682 NOTRE DAME ST,, MOMTREAL.



## Messrs. Grimble \& Co. <br> LIMITED

The people who appreciate very fine dif-

## Sterling

 Brand Catsups win approval. ferences in quality are very pleased with these Catsups. The quality is always kept up to a very high standard. Grocers who handle this brand of Catsups are building up for themselves a reputation for handling the highest-grade goods. The market demand that is already created by these goods is invalu-Specially request the trade to consider quality when placing their orders for

## VINEGARS

note our grades.-Orleans No. 16, and Nos. 16, 18 and 21 malt concentrated and distilled

All inquiries addressed to their Canadian agent, Mr. I. S. Wotherspoon, 204 Board of Trade Building, Montreal, will receive prompt attention. able to the $g$ ocer who is knowii as always havirg them in stock.
I. S. WOTHERSPOON, 204 Board of Trade Building. MONTREAL, P.Q.

## Stretton's Table Relishes

Are you in business to make a reasonable profit?


Then buy goods that will produce the desired result.

## Stretton's Prize.Medal Sauce gives you a Liberal Profit.

 Dear Mr. Grocer:One of these days you are likely to be asked for Stretton's Prize Medal Sauce.
If you have none in stock it may be the means of sending your best customer around the corner to do her trading.

Get a case of pints and half-pints from your wholesale house and you won't be "locking the door after the horse is stolen."

## Manufactured by

## GOOD COFFEE.

If there is one line in particular that a grocer carries, that should be good, it's COFFEE. Nothing goes farther amongst a merchant's customers than a reputation for GOUD COFFEE. It means increased trade. You can gain this reputation by handling

## S. H. \& A. S. Ewing Hilahe Coffees

S. H. \& A. S. EWING

ESTABLISHED 1845
The Montreal Coffee and Spice Steam Mills.


## Paid For Itself.

C. WILLSON \& SON, Limited, Scale Manufacturers,

Toronto. Hamilton, Mar. 19th, 1903.
Dear Sirs:-
I have used your BALL-BEARING COMPUTING SCALE for several years now and I believe it has paid for itself a good many times over during that period. Most of my profits went to my customers in overweights in the past. Now 1 have a little left for myself.

Yours truly,
One of a hundred similar testimonials secured by us. Let us put you on the same road to prosperity. Catalogue frea for the asking.
C. WILSON \& SON, Limited, TORONTO.

## THE CANADIAN GROCER

## Borden's Brands of CONDENSED MILK and EVAPORATED CREAM ot Canadian Prices



We beg to announce that we have established a branch factory at Ingersoll, Ont., and that we are now prepared to fill all orders for the Canadian trade promptly, and at considerably reduced prices, owing to the establishment of the Canadian Branch. Our Eagle Brand Condensed Milk, Gold Seal Brand Condensed Milk and Peerless Brand Evaporated Cream, unsweetened, can be obtained through our local representatives.

## BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK CO.

Originators of Condensed Milk.
Established 1857. Selling representatives in Canada: W. H. Dunn, Montreal and Toronto. Erb \& RankIn, Halifax. W. S. Clawso
\& Co., St. John, N.B. Scott, Bathgate \& Co., Winnipeg, also Shallcross, Macaulay \& Co., Victoria and Vancouver, B.
Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Fruit, Etc., MACHINERY.
 -LATEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE TYPES
Patent Automatic TEA MILLING, SIFTING, BLENDING and PACKING MACHINERY SAMPLE TEA MILLS AND MIXERS:
Gas-Heated Roaster-External Flame with Air Pump. Gas-Heated Roaster-Internal Flame and Automatic Sampler. Coke, Wood, Etc., Roasters.

Sample and Window Roasters. Grinding Mills, Plain or Ornamental. Patent Chicory Nibber. Air Propellers. Air Compressors. Dressing Machinery. Dry Fruit Cleaners. Quick Sifter and Mixer for Coffee and Chicory and all dry powders
THE GROCERS' ENGINEERING CO.
COLE STREET, LONDON, S.E., ENG.
illustrated catalogue Quick Gas-Heated Cofree Roas
ter, with intornal flame and Automatic Sampler.
you might as well try to grow roses on thistles as to imitate

They please your customers
because they are pure, clean, and healthful-
and that is why you should sell

## Japan Teas

---it cannot be done---
---imitations may look like the teas
---of Japan, but when in the cup it
---is a poor judge of teas that is
---taken in---Japan Teas are in a
---class by themselves and ALWAYS
---WILL BE---

## Japan Teas

## How is Your Coffee Trade?

$\underset{\text { Then you must sell our famous }}{\text { Good, }}$ CLUB COFFEE
-Put up in 1-1b. and 2-1b. Tins.-
A POPULAR BLEND.
S. H. EWING \& SONS Toronto Branch, 29 Front St. West 96 KING ST., MONTREAL.

TELEPHONE MAIN 2059
Telephone Bell Main 65.
Telephone orders receive prompt attention.

THE
MOST PROFITABLE to the GROCER MOST SATISFACTORY to the LAUNDRESS cold STARCH
water
IVORINE

ASK
TRAVELLERS THE PRICE

THE ST, LAWRENCE STARCH CO., Limited,
PORT CREDIT, ONT.


Your stability depends upon your reputation.
Your reputation depends upon the quality of your goods.
Therefore sell only

## Pure CEYLON TEA

Black and Green

It will give you an unassailable reputation.

The large amount of essential oil preserved in the manufacture of CEYLON TEA makes it at once the most refreshing and invigorating tea on the market, and one that gives universal satisfaction.

Therefore buy only

## Pure CEYLON TEA

Black and Green

TEA.
AGENTS REQUIRED in Canada and United States to sell and oitain wholesale orders for Ceylon " COMMISSIONER,"

CANADIAN GROCER 109 Fleet Street E.C. London, Eng. Use Live Bait. R-O-Y-A-L S-A-L-A-D D-R-E-S-S-I-N-G

Catches Trade
and Holds all it catches.
Let your customers know you recommend the BEST.
It will make you money.
ROYAL SALAD DRESSING is making new friends every day.


The Horton-Cato Mfg. Co., DETROIT, MICH., - WIMDSOR, ONT. ARE YOU USING OUR
 Cold Blast or Jubilee Globes

Aetna or QuakerFlint Chimneys?
Give them e Trial.
THE SYDENHAM GLASS CO. of wallaceburg. limited.

## Some

Merchants Experience.
Solomon said in his
haste: haste LIARSIL: MEN
 with one man that he
ncluded all the rest. Sict us not fall into
solomosis
mistake.
We

 Mherwise we are as stupid as the cat who sat down on a



 We are ioing a lot of special engraving work now for mer-
hants who use books in large quantities. Our books are


Allison's name on a Coupon Book is Por Sale in Canada by
the eby, blain Co., Limited, toronto. c. o. beauchemin \&o fils, montreal. ALLISON COUPON OO., Manufacturers,

## Soup for Saturday

"The Burlington Way" of treating tomatoes removes skin, seeds and fibre, yet does not increase cost. Tomato Pulp for Tomato Soup. Sell it.
$\$ 1.00$ per doz. f.o.b. Burlington. The Buringtan Caming Co. BURLINGTON, ONT. t. ${ }^{\text {Limit }}$

Want Ads.

In this paper cost 2 cents per word firs sertions. Contractions count as one word but tive figures (such as 81.000 ) may pass cost must in all cases accompany orders, otherwise we cannot insert the advertisement. When replies come in our care 5 warding same. Many large husiness deals have been brought about through advertisements of 20 or 30 words. Clerks can be erured, articles sold and exchanged, at

An PUBLISHING CO., Limited Montreal and Toronto.


Sell Flower Pots
Our No. 1 and No. 2 Assortments. $\$ 5.10$ and $\$ 1.15$ respectively. Specially gotten up for grocers aud正

The FOSTER POTTERY CO.
HAMILTON ONT.

In manufact uring wrapping papers you have to think of the use to which they are put and manilia wrapping papers are

FULL COUNT FULL WEIGHT AND FULL STRENGTH
CANADA PAFER CO. Limited
Toronte, Montreal and Windsor Mills Oue.

## Waste Means Loss of Profits



THAT'S WHY THERE'S SO LITILE PKOFIT IN HAND. LING OIL OR GASOLINE IN THE OLD WAY.

## STOP THE WASTE

CAUSED BY EVAPORATION AND LOSS FROM LEAKY BARREIS AND DIRTY "SLOPPY" MEASURES BY INSTALLING AN IMPROVED
BOWSER 3 MEASURE .SELF.. MEASURING OIL TANK

It's the New Way It pumps a gallon, half gallon or quan without use of measure curtomer

No Waste of Oil
No Loss of Time or Labor
No Dirty Oil-soaked Floors
We shall be glad to explain
ask for catalogite "b." tr's free
S. F. BOWSER Q CO., rort wivne

## DURING LENT and AFTER.

During Lent people consume larger quantities of FISH than at any other season of the year.

The reason for this is, as everyone knows, that church regulations prescribe a large percentage of fish diet. The practice of eating fish is a beneficial one, and it is GOOD, NOT ONLY FOR LENT, BUT ALL THE TIME.

Perhaps one reason why people have not been more in the habit of eating fish has been the fact that the supply in many places has not been regular, and not always of dependable quality, while a great many people do not know much about the preparation of fish for the table, and fish is frequently not a desirable article to work with in the kitchen. But

## "Halifax," "Acadia" and Bluenose" Brands of Prepared Codfish.

Reverse the order completely. They are put up in attractive packages, they are convenient and clean to work with, the little book of receipts which goes with them shows how to prepare nice dishes for the table, and you can always depend upon the supply.

## BLACK BROS. \& CO., Limited, <br> OFFICE, Hallfax, N.S. <br> FACTORY LaHave, N.S. <br> A. H BRITTAIN \& CO, Selling Agents, Board of Trade Buiding, MONTREAL.

## SAVE $25 \%$ on your HOUSE PAINTING.

If the grocers who intend painting their residences next Spring will follow the directions given below and wash the buildings with a solution of GOLD DUST Washing Powder, they will use one-third less paint than if they merely attempted to brush the dust off the house without washing it.

## DIRECTIONS.

Dissolve one quarter pound of GOLD DUST in a pint of water, then add the solution to 4 gallons of hot water ; apply with a stiff brush, and follow with use of a hose. The stronger the hose is turned on the quicker and more effectual the work will be.

The use of less paint can be accounted for by the fact that after washing the house with GOLD DUST it leaves a smooth surface, so that the same quantity of paint will go fully one-fourth further. Furthermore, it leaves no layer of dirt between the paint and the woodwork, and, as a consequence, the paint will wear longer.

We have letters from several of our customers who used this method, and after washing their houses with GOLD DUST they were so well pleased with the appearance of them that they concluded not to paint them at all.

Retail grocers will do well to call this matter to the attention of their customers, as $\$ 3.00$ worth of GOLD DUST Washing Powder will make the house look as well as the expenditure of $\$ 100.00$ in re-painting it would.

Any grocer may experiment with a 5 c. package of GOLD DUST by emptying the contents into 8 gallons of hot water, which should convince him that it will pay him to continue

GOLD DUST can be used for any kind of outdoor work that needs renovating

## THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,

 Wellington and Ann Sts., montreal, eue.Chicago, New York, St. Lonis, New Orleans, San Francisco, Baltimore, Boston, Philadelphia, London, Eng., Hamburg, Ger.

## BUY RIGHT

and you have half sold your goods.

## JAMES' DOME BLACK LEAD

has been on the market for 64 years and still keeps first place.
W. G. A. LAMBE \& CO., Canadian Agents.

## Dr. Laing's Cream Sauce

No other Sauce to compare with it for flavor, richness, or worth Grocers on the lookout for good things will find Dr. Laing's Cream Sauce.

## Bromley's Coffee Essences

It s English. It satisfies the English. It is peerless among Coffee Essences. In Canada it should find another triumph. Grocers with an eye to good trade will sell it.

## Cerebos Salt

The finest of Table Salts. Also English. Used in the Royal Household and in the homes of the nobility. A Salt with peculiar and highly desirable properties that make for better health. Attractively packaged. For fine Canadian trade.

sole agents<br>FOR CANADA<br>W. G. PATRICK \& CO., \(\substack{meccanis,<br>29<br>mLINQ<br>st.,}\) TORONTO.

## HAVE YOU

inid your customers that they can get Condensed Milk that contains no sugar. Jersey Evaporated Cream

has no sugar in it, and many housekeepers don't know this. W. G. A. Lambe * Co., Agonts.

## THB CANADIAN GROCER

## AURORA siRiv

A Pure Golden Syrup Made from Giolden Grainf. A Great Spread for Daily Bread. Better in flavor and purity than any other.
Good for everybody. A pleasaant surprise to all.
2-1b. tins, cases, each 24 tins, $\$ 190$ per case.

W. H. GILLARD \& CO., Wholesale Grocers,


Ask our travellers about our Pure Maple Syrup.

Branch CANADA GROCERS LIMITED.

"BLUEOL" COMPETITION!
Full particulars on full page in issues of FEBRUARY 5, MARCH 4, MARCH 25 and APRIL 29 J. M. DOUGLAS \& CO., Manufacturers,

MONTREAL.
Established 1857
TEAS
HAVE THE LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.

## Over $53,000,000$ Packets were sold during 1903

SOLD ONLY IN AIR-TIGHT CANS, NEVER IN LEAD PACKETS.
LIPTON'S TEAS are far more popular in Canada than any other teas carried by the grocer. The only teas in Canada offered to the grocer direct from the tea gardens-packed by the grower.

AGENTS IN MONTREAL-Laporte, Martin \& Cie., and all wholesale grocers.
AGENTS IN TORONTO-Canada Grocers, Limited, and all wholesale grocors THOMAS J. LIPTON, 39 Pearl Street. New York City.

## PEPPER AND ITS CULTIVATION*



NE of the necessities for conducting a suceessful merchandising business, where the products are bought in a manufacturing state, is an ahoolute knowledge of the crude materials which enter into the manufactured ..rticle, and the cost of manufacturing; this being essential in order that the himer may have some accurate knowledge is to what is really the enst of the fin*hed material.
If this is true in the purchase of manuantured products, it is certainly true in Watters pertaining to nature; and in ..feler that a merchant may suceessfully of his crude products so that he may Cmmuacture them at a profit, he must Lhow when to buy, what to buy and what on pay for them. This knowledge he (ail not have unless he is well posted as ‥ crup seamens, usual raiufall, labor 4ne-a tins, excliange values, and all other meridentals which go to make up the - 1 if growing an article.

Th. grinders of spires, this is almost manrmomutable harrier. The seat of perations is so far away. and the aveof information are so beset with miferlities and deceit, owing to the na-

If the people with whom the mer(ont comes into contact. The lack of imation of the Arals and the Chinese - maraity place the average buyer in mation where he camot form a just 4. - miation of what it ensts to "grow." Stries of years, however, have demonanted to the European resident in the finpris, that at certain priees the naofi thase various countries do not - certain articles; but when prices c. they immediately commence to and this has been true of Which subjeet is under disensa. the moment. Although it is im(ilto to state at the moment what mat of growing pepper is (even the (amen who grow the stock, owing to then method of cultivation, hardly know this it is a well-known fact that when 11. price of pepper was around $61-2 \mathrm{c}$. Whatations were pulled up, tracts of lamia wer neglected, and the artiele came

into disfavor generally; whereas now that the price has adranced to around 14e. every Chinaman is planting a small tract, and pepper appears to be more plentiful. So to the ordinary inquirer as to the cost of prolucing pepper, one would say that at $7 c$. expenses were paid and anything over this was clean profit.

I said just now that the Chinamen knew absolutely nothing about the cost of growing pepper; and this is true in both a general and literal sense, for he has learned the law of averages and knows full well the uncertainties of life. and the impossibility of forecasting with certainty what nature will do in the matter of developing his crops. So he, with great ingenuity, arranges his plantation so that out of a large tract of say 100 or 200 acres, he will have at least 15 varieties of produce-which include coffee, tapioca, gambier, pepper. mutmegs, etc. ete.

His experience tells him that out of a line of 12 or 14 articles, at least thre.. or four will probably go wrong: some may be troubled with blight, others with need of rain, while those which require a dry period for growth may receive too much rain; he knows, however, that the average of his assortment, year br vear. will net him a profitable return on his investment, so that even the owner could not figure exactly the annual eost of his individual products.
Those who have studied the question seem to agree that at 7 e. pepper just pays the grower, while any profit he may receive over and above this figure must go towards paying the deficiency of one or the other of his mprofitable products.

## Where Pepper is Grown.

Practically no pepper is grown on the Island of Singapore: the stock is gathered from the adjacent islands and the mainland of the Malay Peninsula, where, unlike the Sumatra peppers, it is cultirated in small plantations owned by Chinamen, who seem to have pushed the native Malay back and farther back into the forests, and while still strangers in a strange land, to have dominated the entire business and social policy of both Malays and Europeans. The result is
that Lo-day no European house can do business in singapore except through their Chinese compradure or go-between. These wear the tinest chothes, live in the best houses, drive the best horses, and generally speaking, represent the wealth and power of the port.
Singapore pepper is grown on plantations. It is a tall climbing vine of the nature of hops, and is planted and cared for in the same way as our fields of Lima beans or ther tall vines of that variety, in rows of two or three feet apart. supported by poles.

## Cultivation.

Fertilization is mmecessary for nature has endowed that comery with such means of production that the native has unly to serateh the ground and she will reproduce herself. Plowing is almost maknown: scraping is the rule of the day. Inasmuch as the thermometer never changes more than tive degrees a year at the very most, areraging between 11.5 and 120 . it is always seed time and always harrest. The husbandman can plant his seed at any time or day of the year, and come on pertect development in the allotted time of growth: and were it not for the indulence of the natives and latk of desire to do any real work, three to four erops of almost every tropical product could be produced each year.
The rainy season, however, interfers very largely with the comfort of the native so that he doess as little work as he cam. and certamly no work which necessitates out-of-toor life. During that period rank vegetation flomishes apace and chokes off or kills much vegetable life. The pepper vine takes at least six years to grow before it arrives at maturity, and bears for seven years afterward, giving at tirst three or four pomeds of berries to the vine, and then woing up as high as eight or nine pounds and back again to three or fone pomuls, when the plant dies after 13 or 14 years of life. It has few enemies so far as parasites are concerned. Strange to say, it has no oder while growing, and the workers in the fields which surround the planta-

# RIISIN STOYEPOLISHMIUSUN PASTE CAKES Dunalle fropictic <br> WELL KNOWN moRELIABLE 3000 TONSSOCDYEARIG <br> inTINS <br> GUARANTEED тони TRADE 

Our packages are larger and more attractive in style than any others.
The quality of our goods is superior to anything else on the market.
MORSE BROS., Proprietors, Canton, Mass.
Fersale by all Wholesale Orecers; alse the MeClary Mfg. Co., London, Montreal, WInnlpeg, Vaneouvor and Torente.
tions derives no ill effects from their contiguity to such at phngent article.

When the pepper is half ripe, it is qreen, and as the perised of pertertion approaches it thens red, and ultimatoly the smı = rava turn it jet black. It is then stripped by hand, the bunchee beeine very like currants. hanming in chasters It is bext placed aver streens where is is dried, partly by the heat of the sum. and partly by gambier fires, which article is grown side by side with pepper. The movice. on mhaling a bag of new pepper "anmen help moticing that smoky odon which is found alme in Singapure kinds this is due to the fires by which it is dried. The stow is then sifted and made clean from dirt and stomes, parked into bage and sent by steamer to the -hipping port, singapore
Ail the trating is dome with thinia meel, althongh they are alien to the manme. Their trmatity, keemesen and general bu-ineos methods, hewever, phawe them sol far alkead of the native that they have laken from him atmost all business and protitable enterprise. Pep per phants are much the same wherever fonand, and sinee they require more on fon the same tratment when grown in plantation firm. it will bee needlese 1 therther diacuas heir swowh

## Dangers Beset the Pepper Trader

The weethed of colleetion and growth of the singapme varieties is mot in weque in such a wild country as Sumatra. Whese people are in the real semse of the word, salage, for in the nothern parts from whence come the Acheen (also (alled l'enang) grades. travellers never wo. and danger, which there generally means death, awaits those who attempt to penetrate the momatains lining the coast on all sides. To-day even steamers trading along the coasts carry armed soldiers for protection against
pinare and the water eaplain usmall wears maler his shirt a chain coat for pretertion against the dagger thrusts of the disappumintel or perlaps decerived dealer

Sumatra, Penang or Acheen peppers all being different terms for the same grade of pepper is mainly of jungle growth, plantations are moth the exception, and if rultivated at all, this pepper is found only in patches of less than an acre.

## Political Conditions in Sumatra.

The polition of the island are a prowerfinl feature in the rise or decline of pepper prices. consequently European buyers must have at all times an intimate acquaintance of raling conditions. The method of fovernment all wer the Fsland of sumatra, which belongs to the Hutch, is more or less of a patemal nature. The Rajah of the district is held responsible by both this people and the new wwners, the Dutch, for all that tanspires either wat, and has tor make restitution to beth ends. When difficulties arise

The Rajah, in his tarn, exereises eonsiderable influence wer the natives. and takes tribute from them in the shape of pepper and other momandities. besides being the business man of the district: so that a thader sailing aromed the Island of Sumatra, in seareh of its moducts. is only able to trade with the varions Malay Rajahs, the system of exchange and barter being still the only method of settlement, thongh the more enlightened ones prefer silver dollars, at their value per pound, and not at so much cach.
At present it is estimated that at least 50,000 bags of Acheen pepper are held in the island and owned by the Rajah of Acheen, the Duteh Government having levied on him a tax of $\$ 1$ per
hat, Mexican, in order to defray held by shipholders against the Dith fiovernment for acts of piracy are still a common and everyday rence. The old man stubbornly (1) pay the claims

The result is that the northern mat of the island is patrolled by gumboats and mothing of any moment, except wht stmall amome ran be smnggled the small prows, can be exported from that island, and until the Rajah meeds money to celebrate a wedding of a hew wife, or the birth of a child, or amtil there is a death in the family, this slow will be bottled up, and be held as ace to the entire market of the
Hence, as to foretelling the fature vimps on Acheen qualities, it is whe of grave doubt and great mucertaints, for mutil the whe m:an is brought to terms, his hage heldings will continue to be a menare to the market and prices ally.

Sumatra, Penang or Acheen Pepper.
The Acheen crop (called liecause this is the chief shipping is collected ell masse, without tion, usually by beating the pepper from the vines and sweeping in falls.
This pepper is taken by small wiling uesels, in its mixed state, lare and small. light and heavy, from Aelan to Penang, the main shipping port of the Malay Peninsula, where it is gron be means of floating in hoge tubs of two grades are then made. Tha lase size, or that which sinks in the ater, sometimes called "shot," is weol for the manufacture of Penang white pepper. and what little is not required for that is mixed off in various proportions with the light shelly stuff which flois, in order to make class A, class B.

## JUST TO HAND

Cases Gallon "Corn on the Cob," $1 / 2$-doz. each, very choice.
Quintals choice Dry Codfish. Army and Navy Molasses.

## LUCAS, STEELE \& BRISTOL, Wholesale Grocers, Hamilton.

## BROOMS FOR THE MILLIONS

 made from the finest selected Whisk Corn.Ask for "IMPERIAL" Brooms, the best on the market. Give us a trial order of 6 doz., and your customers will be satisfied.

We have also children's "Hearth Brooms" and Whisks, at very lowest prices, looking to value offered.

## James Turner \& Co.

## You can save money

by asking for our sample when open to buy-
TRY US.
We have a large stock of all kinds always on hand


Special values now in Japais to retail at 25 c ., 30c. and 35 c . Write for Samples-They'll Please You.
James Rutherford \& Co.
27 St. Saorament st.

## THE CANADIAN GROCER

or class D Penang pepper, which vary according to the weight per Imperial gallon. Clase A pepper weighs $t$ lhs 13 onnces to the Imperial gallon: "lass B pepper weighs 4 Ihs. . onnees: daso (0 pepper weighs 3 lls. 13 ounces: clas1) pepper weighs 3 Jhe. is onces. Penang pepper is phe of the important things which manufacturers of spices have to give comsideration to. especially when the pure food laws are such as to nefessitate an exact amomit of peprine or ash. Nalure dise not provide the same anmum of raintall very year, and her seasons of heat and eold are not regular. Consequently the woody part, or that portion, which surounds the outside of the peppers will vary from year to year, and the peremtage of ash or woody fibre will change aceording to weather conditions.

## Tellicherry Pepper.

Another pepper of interest to manmfactures, is the Teilichers pepper, grown on the Weat Coast of hadia, which finds its way to France in large quantities on acconant of the preferential rates of duty offered by her on this grade. Thus it happens in years of scarefty that Tellichery pepper, owing to the demand from France. will male rent- per pound higher value than singapore kinds. It is grown on plantations generally mader Euppean supervison. popery deaned. collected and dried, and affords the most aromatic and pungent pepper there is in the market. It is almost certain that it was the Tellidhery pepper, or pepper along the Westem Coast of Jodia, which was priceless in the time of solomon, and used as the barter for princes and a ransom for kings.
It was to that mast that the ships of Tarsish went, on anomat of the allurements of its flawor, the British East India Company was originally formed. whise versels had for a time a complete monoply of the East Indian trade; and who shall say that it was not the desire for fodian spices that finally gave Engfand this important possession; of all products of the word, not excepting the gold and diamend mines of the Transvaal, pepper has exerted the most influence on the people of the world and the geo graphy of nations.

To the bidian are we indebted for our knowledge of spice, and the education which be has given to the white man in culinary arts has been of vast profit and recompense to him.

## White Penners.

White peppers are the products of the same tinco as the blark pepper for the

Singapore white pepper is nothing more or less than the unripened berry of the black pepper vines. The pepper is gathered in its green state before the untside skin has had time to become red, or rains have had a chance to swell the onter skin and make it thick, or the sm has had an opportunity to turn the exterior black. It is then dried in the shade and the green skin rubbed off, leaving the hard kernel of the berry.

It would seem that white pepper of this variety could wet have the aromatic pungency of the ripe fruit, and were it an tor its color, which is desirable in some instances, the white pepper: would appear to be like a hard peach, lacking Havor, and all the qualities of the ripenel fruit.
White pepper is never used by natives. In fact they do not use pepper at all in the way Enropeans do. The article is used chiefly in making curries, and in urder that the heat of the black pepper may be lost, the berry is steeped in water and finally boiled so that nothing but the aromatic part of the fruat remains: this becoming soft, is then rolled into their curry pastes, and the heat that is necessary for a sucressful dish, is supplied by the addition of red pepper, and net the result of the usial heat found in the pepper berry

Penang white pepper is quite a different article, and is made from the ripened berry of the Penang, or what are commonly termed the Acheen peppers. The original pepper is thrown into large tubs of water; that which has a hand body. falls to the bottom, and is called "shot" pepper. This is then placed in huge troughs, which contain ammonia and water. Here it is allowed to soak for weeks. and when the water has penetrated sufficiently far into the skin of the pepper, the natives tread the pepper with their naked feet, rubbing the outside black skin off, which by this time has become decomposed. The troughs are then floeded with fresh water. the light skin floating over the top of the trough and eventually away to the around, while the heavy pepper still remains at the bottom. This heavy pepper is taken out, dried, covered with clay, and becomes the Penang white pepper of commerce

## HE WAS UP-TO-DATE.

'How many ounces in a pound ?" asked the teacher
"Troy, avoirdupois or grocers' weight?" inquired the boy who had seen a little of the world outside the schoolroom

## MYERS ROYAL SPICE CO., NIAGARA FALLS.

IN a recent issue The Grocer stated in error that the Myers Royal Spice Co. had only recently begun operations in Canada.
This firm was established thirty-five years ago in York, England, and as business increased they started a mill at IIull for their export trade and finally made London the centre for their European trade. About ten years ago the prominence of Canada as a cattle raising country was attracting a good deal of attention in England and Messrs. Myers thought the Dominion would prove a good market for their spices, so a branch was forthwith established at Toronto and Thomas Myers at once became a prominent figure in agricultural circles and exhibitions where the liberality of the firm in donating cups and prizes was much appreciated. It only took this enterprising firm a few years to secure a grip on the Canadian trade, so looking for other worlds to conquer they entered the United States like many others by the Suspension Bridge, and built a plain brick factory on the edge of the river Niagara, where from their office window they could keep one eye on Canada. Their factory has no architectural frills, no plate glass doors nor bronze trimmings, but Mr. Myers' private office contains twelve original paintings by Hogarth, which are valued at one hundred thousand dollars. Other valuable paintings and sketches around the office disclose the artistic tastes of the head of the firm.

The Royal Cattle Spice is used for preparing cattle for prize competitions as well as for keeping them in good conditions at all times. It is not a cheap food br ans means, but a condiment for improving ordinary feed equally beneficial for horses, cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry. Messrs. Myers' system of doing business is to appoint exclusive local agents and those agents get a profit on all orders from their district, consequeatly whe of their agencies is very. profitable and much sought after in agricultural districts by storekeepers and soung farmers.
Messrs. Myers have in their possession testimonials from the representatives of King Edward, five or six continental royalties, the Prince of Wales and his brothers, besides fifteen dukes and lesser nobles by the hundred. In Canada the business has attained very large proportions, and the wholesale grocery establishments are handling their goods to considerable advantage.
Anvone interested in cattle or horses should drop a card to Myers \& Co., Suspension Bridqe, Niagara Falls, N. Y., asking for circulars and testimoniY.,

## A DOUBLE PROFIT

Royal Baking Powder yields a greater profit to the grocer in proportion to the number of cans sold than cheaper and inferior powders.

The profit per cent per can on cheap baking powders may look big - but if you will stop a minute to estimate the total profits on an equal number of cans of Royal, you will sell Royal every time.

Royal Baking Powder gives greater satisfaction to the housekeeper because it is pure and healthful and always sure in results.

You seldom have complaints about the flour, eggs, butter, etc., from a housekeeper who uses Royal Baking Powder. Why is this?

When you sell Royal you not only please your customers but maintain your reputation for selling only reliable goods.

This increases trade and swells your profits.
You profit doubly when you sell Royal Baking Powder.

# TEASWe are offering exceptional value in all grades of Tea- <br> INDIA <br> CEYLON <br> HYSON <br> JAPAN 

Our lines of Cireen Ceylon (Japan Style) surpass anything hitherto offered. Communicate with us or see our travellers before buying. It will pay your

## THOS. KINNEAR \& CO., Wholesale 49 Front St. E., Toronto

## BEAUCE

countr

## MAPLE SYRUP

## Put up as follows:



Ihelivered, freight prepaid, in lots of three cases and over to all railway points in Ontario, as far north as (1wen Sound and Gravenhurst, and on the main line of the C.P.K. (only) as far west as North Bay. To all points beyond these limits east of Winnipeg a freight allowance of 25 c . per 100 lbs .

## This is something that will please your trade.

WE GUARANTEE EVERY TIN.

To be had of all jobbers, or from
A. F. Maclaren imperial. Cheese Co., lamited,

Manufacturers and Agents, TORONTO, ONT.

ontario.
TiHf: F. Long d Bro. C'o., general merchants, wholesale grocers, fte., Collingwood, have been burnt out; loss is fully covered by insurance.

The Dresden Sugar (\% are removing irom Dresden.
Downs d Hinnegan, tobacconists, Wal laceburg, have sold out.
(i. Pirie, general merchant, Langton, has sold out to J. Pirie
A. Hotte, grocer, Alfred, has succeed ed 1. Lanthier in business.
E: J. Dunn, grocer, Chatham, has assigned to J. R. Gemmill.
The asoets of E. Lanne, general mer chant, St. Onge, have been sold.
T. Keys, general merchant, Wolfe Is tand, has sold out to R. J. Spoor.
G. Hutchinsoh, general merchant, Alliston, is asking for an extension.
The assets of the German Canadian Provision Co., Toronto, have been sold R. Curtis, general merchant, Mongo lia, has advertised his business for sale. (i. A. Galbraith, general merchant Croydoi, has assigned to M. A. Williams.
Mathews and Rehder, general merchants, Paris, have dissolved partnership.
F. A. Allingham, grocer and crockery dealer, Oil springs, has assigned to J . Marshall.
J. A. Bennet \& Co., general merchanits, Moose (reek, have sold out to L. A. Guerin.

The assets of the estate of A. E. Lee, Iruit dealer, etc., Strathroy, have been sold to J . White.
C. Biddle, general merchant, Port Rowan, has sold his stock to J. E. Biddle, and is trying to compromise.
C. E. Weldon, general merchant, Sault Ste. Marie, has assigned to W. R. Cun-

## THE CANADIAN GROCER

ningham. A meeting of creditors is to be held on the 21st inst
quebec.
F. X. St. Denis, grocer, Montreal, is dead.
J. Laroche, general merchant, St. Agapit, has registered.
The Diamond Starch Co., Montreal, $a 1$, have been burnt out.
The assets of A. Gagnon, grocer, Quehave dissolved partnership.
A. Jean \& Cie, tobacconists, Montrebee, were sold on the 15 th inst.
The Colonial Specialty Co., jam manufacturers, Montreal, have registered.

## 10

The assets of J. I. Bissonette, general merchant, La Prairie, are advertised for sale.
Houle d Frere, cheese manufacturers, La Presentation, have dissolved partnership.
E. Senecal, general merchants, St. Eugene De Grantham, has succeeded A. Lemoine.
F. Galipean, general merchant, Weedon Station, has assigned to V. E.
Paradis
The assets of A. G. McBean \& Co., produce dealers, Montreal, were sold on the 9 th inst
The stock of J. M. Sirois, general merchant, Cacoma, has been sold at bile on the doilar
J. Parent \& Co., semeral merchants, Rimonski are offierine to compromise at wie on the dollar.
C. Leblanc, grocer, Valleyfield, has been burned out; the loss is partially covered be insurance
A meeting of the creditors of Char bonheall d Co., grocers, Lachine Locks, Was held on March 14
R. Ness. meneral merchant, Vaudreuil Station, has been burnt out, loss parti ally covered by insurance.
La Societe de Fabrication de Beurre de Fromage de la Paroisse de St Joseph de Chambly, have registered
II. Pepin, general merchant, Stanfold. has assigned; Lefaivre and Tacherean have been appointed provisional guardians.
J. E. Robichand, grower, ete., Mont treal, has assigned. A meeting of creditors was 10 be held on the 15 th inst.
Petition for winding-up order has been granted la Compagnie de C'igars, de Montreal and N. St. Amour has been appointed provisional guardian.
The premises of (ienin, Trudeau d' ('ie wholesale importers of tobaceonists sundries, Montreal, have been damaged by smoke and water; loss covered by insurance.
A winding-up order has been granted the Greig Manufacturing Co., manufact.urers of essences, etc., Montreal; J McD. Hains has been appointed provisional liquidator, and a meeting of credit ors and shareholders announced for March 18.
nova scotia.
H. Betts, general merchant, Wallace, has assigned for the benefit of his creditors.
The premises of J. P. Mott \& Co spice manufacturers, Halifas, have been damaged by fire

## MANITOBA AND N.w.t.

C. J. Graham, coniectioner, Baldur, is dead.
P. McIntosh, confectioner, Manitou, has sold out.
P. W. Martin, general merchant, MacGregor, has sold out to S. Rourke.
The stock of C. Tomlin, general mercnant, Ashville, has been seized by the bailiff
Ross d Moeckel, coniectioners, Mac Gregor, have dissolved partuership. .J Ross continues in business.
A. B. Grant, general merchant, Swan River, has succeeded W. S. (irant dCo. II. II. Harvard general merchant. Fort gu Appelle, is dead.

## BRITISH COLIMBIA.

(c. Richards d Co., geteral merehants Fernie, have assigned to F. W Fergn son.

## Evapocated PECCHES

## Specialprice on choice

 fruit in bags. THEDavidson \& Hay, LIMITED,

Wholesale Groeers,
TORONTO.

## THE CANADIAN GROCER

## LONDON'S FOOD LUXURIES

THE cosmopolitan character of Lonand its grocery stores has impressed itself upon a correspondent of the Grocery World, who has been soing London.
There is in London one of the greatest grocery stores, he writes, 1 have ever seen. It is not the greatest in point of amount of business done, tor I suppose there are several retail grocery stores in the United States which do as much business or more. The store of Fortnum, Masolf \& Co., of this city, is great because there is not a food luxury produced in any part of the world which sooner or later does not find its way there
1 noticed in strollang through there several articles that bear this statement out, although I hnow it is true from wher sources. Ain example is the edible sea-slug from the west coast of Austraila. This is a gelatinous animal on the order of a shail and comes packed in cahs. It is hown as the Beche de Mer and retails here at from 75 cents to $\$ 1$ per tiil.
Another curosity moticed was mountan cabbage, which is grown in the West india. Istands. This comes shredded in cans, somethng like saner kraut, and stelis for 50 cents a tin.
Bombay duck is another novelly. This is not a fowl, as its name implies, but a tish caught at Bombay, India. It is dried and packed in cans and then irought is England to retail at about 50 cents.
Bamber shoets in fars are another ar ticle of the same dass. These are the tender showts of the bamboo plant, and come trom the West and East hadies and Coylon. They are packed in pickle and are wy temer and sweulent. The retan price is 50 cents a jar.
Birds-mests irom Shanghai and Hong hows, Chma, constitute another in stance. These are the edible bird'snest: st prized by the Chinese. They are bot as unatory as the name would im.pis, but are very delicious and appeiking These nests are buill by a bord which never occupies it. The raw material is a geiatimous seaweed, which is said io be much stronger and purer than the manalactured gelatine of this country.
Chinese birds-nests are imported into England pached in small individual boxes retailing at 50 cents each. They make a very rich soup stock. The stock is made and the nest cleaned and then allowed to float about in the liquid. Its substance gradually dissolves, resulting in an extremely rich soup.

Another curiosity noticed in this store was not for sale. It was plaited tea
from China, from gardens tended exclusively by priests. The leaves of this tea are picked only by virgins. This is considered the finest tea in the world and is not sold. It is simply exhibited under glass in Fortnun, Mason \& Co.'s as a curiosity
As is easily understood, there is no very large demand for these things. They are mostly bought by returned colonials who have become accustomed to foreign dishes while abroad and like to be able to get them when at home. There is a small but steady trade on them all the time, but besides that the store achieves its ambition of being a source of supply for atl the recognized ioods of the world

## DEVELOPING CATTLE TRADE.

1RESOLUTION has been adopted by the National Stock Breeders' Convention at Ottawa last week calling on the Dominion Government to take immediate steps to encourage a live stock trade with the South American republics, Mexico, Newfoundland, and the West Indies
The general impression prevailing in trade circles seems to be that a great opportunity presents itself for vaa:da to build up a large export trade in live stock with these countries, notwithstanding the difficulties of distance and stringent quarantine regulations with which she is confronted in several instances. In addition to the possibiaty of developing a live stock trade sith the Argentine Republic there are iarge openings there for trade in manufactured products, fish, etc., and for extensive trade on the Pacific Coast with Chili and Peru.

## A FRIENDLY CALL.

J.. STEWAR'T, general merchant, Exeter, was in Toronto recently in business, and paid his regular visit to The timeer. Mr. Stewart was good enough to say that The Grocer has become indispensable to him in his business, and that in fact he conld no more afford to be without it than he could his wrocery staples.

Mr. Stewart is carrying on the only cash business in . Wexeter, thanks fo a suggestion thrown out by The (irocer some eight years ago. It is reported that Mr . Stewart has been very successful, and even if he was too modest to go into particulars, he acknowledged that he made no mistake in dispensing with the primeval methods of a combined cash and credit business. "I tell you," remarked Mr. Stewart. " the only thing nowadays is a cash business through and
through, with one straight cash price for every commodity in stock."

## FROZEN RABBIT INDUSTRY

In his January report the ConsulGeneral of Melbourne, Australia, says that exports of frozen rabbits show considerable expansion. The figures are as follows:

|  |  | Pairs. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1900 | $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $2,839,112$ |
| 1901 | $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $2,092,727$ |
| 1902 | $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $3,274,210$ |
| 1903 | $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $3,650,000$ |

The industry has become an important one in Victoria. Over $20,000,000$ rabbits were utilized during the year for export purposes. Of these, $7,300,000$ were exported frozen in the fur and from 10 ,000,000 to $12,000,000$ skins were shipped and a large number of these animals tinned and disposed of.

## A LETTER FROM CHINA.

THE following is a letter received by J. L. Watt \& Scott, importers, Toronto, from one of the leading. tea firms of Shanghai, China.

Shanghai, Feb. 13th, 1904
Messrs. J. L. Watt \& Scott,

## Toronto.

## Dear sirs

Exchange has risen to $£ 210 \mathrm{~s}$. $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. for i's Bank C'redits, and a further advance might at any moment be recorded; this fact, coupled with the uncertainty relative to the production of tea in China and Japan next season, should ensure strong markets with you. As far as Ching teas of all descriptions from China teas of all descriptions from
Hankow and Shanghai go we are of the Hankow and Shanghai go we are of the
opinion that should war be prolonged ? opinion that should war be prolonged ${ }^{2}$
months, the crops will be appreciably curtailed; should 3 months clapse and hostilities continue, a distimet shortage would be noticcable which would tend to increase with the prolonging of unrest. The cause of this shortage would be the state of uncertainty which must always exist in China, under the present regime, as to how far trouble may spread when as to how far trouble may spread when
it is once on foot, and also a great lack it is once on foot, and also a great lack
of monetary facilities with the producers. Should actual wariare be confined to the North for the greater part of our season it is possible, however, that ample supplies of common blacks and of Pingsucys would be available, as such are produced in districts in comparative proximity to the ports of shipment.
We are, yours faithfully,
WISNER d CO
In explanation of the above it may be added that the rate of exchange at which most tea invoices were settled during the past season, was about 1 tael for 2 s . $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$., or 60 c . The rate now quoted per tael is 2 s . $10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. or 70 c . Therefore, assuming no change in the market (tael price) of tea, the cost laid down in Canada would be enhanced by one-sixth.

## LARGEST IMPORTS OF TEA EVER MADE BY A CANADIAN FIRM.

Last week I quoted figures obtained from the Customs Department, Ottawa, showing the importance of St. John as a tea importing port. I now give you figures and particulars of my imports into Canada for two months-JANUARY and FEBRUARY, 1904.

I believe this is a much larger quantity of Tea than has ever been imported by any Canadian firm in a like period of two months, and I know there are very few firms in Canada who sell that much Tea in a year.

| January 3 | SS. Clan Mackenzie | 166 chests $60 \frac{1}{2}$ " | 16,345 lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | " City of Venice. | $285{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ " | 26,426 " |
| 14 | " Marienfels. . | 2,005 " |  |
|  |  | $423 \frac{1}{2}$ " | 229,349 " |
| 18 | " Manica | 473 " |  |
|  |  | $14 \frac{1}{2}$ " | 44,553 " |
| 20 | " Dalton Hall. | 30 ." | 5,318 ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ " |
| 20 | Florence | $38 \frac{1}{2}$ - | 12, 738 - |
|  |  |  | 7,120 * |
| 20 | Athenian | 225 | 14,500 |
| 23 | Gulf of Venice. | $1 \because 2$ | 12,758 " |
|  |  | 270 boxes | 4,320 " |
| 25 | Clan Manchester | 441 chests |  |
| 25 | Empress of Japan | 160 $16 \frac{1}{2}$ ¢ ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ |  |
| February 1 | " Provon.......... | 1,645 | 149,669 . |
| - 2 | " Clan Sparta. | 245 | 22,480 " |
| 8 | " Schwarfenfels | 917 |  |
|  |  | $181 \frac{1}{2}$ " | 96,093 . |
| 3 | Clan Stuart | $161 \frac{1}{2}$ " |  |
| 5 |  | 127 ... | $-21,397$ |
| 5 10 | Haitan \& Ingrades Inkum | $5 \mathrm{5} 51{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ - | 28,576 " |
|  |  | $113 \frac{1}{2}$ | 5ั,707 . |
| 15 | Shimosa ... | $150 \frac{1}{2}$ | 12,000 " |
| 15 | City of Benares | 507 |  |
|  |  | 109 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ - ${ }^{1}$ | 49,900 ${ }^{\text {- }}$ |
| 22 | Kurdistan | $10{ }^{\frac{2}{2}}$ boxes | 5,600 " |
| 24 | " St. Croix | $115 \frac{1}{2}$ chests |  |
| 83 | Clan Cum | 100 boxes | 6,815 " |
| 2 | Clan Cumming | $57 \frac{1}{2}$ " | 9,066 - |
| 23 | " Gulf of Ancud | $53{ }^{2}$ " | 5,459 . |
| 24 | " Florence. | 8.) $\frac{1}{2}$ | 5,610 " |
|  |  | 10,570 pkgs. | 885,5886 " |

## T. H. ETSABROOKS, TEA IMPORTER AND BLENDER, ST. JOHN, N. B.

# DAIRY PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS 

and Cold Storage News.

## Egg Trade, 1903.

AII. GRINDINK, agent of the Department of Agricultare in (ireat Britam, reports as follows concerning this importan! branch of the Canadian expont trate in provisions as follows:
The Camadian "go trade is in a prosperous condition. best brands selling as high as fresh or Damish selected. Bugs are chiefly shipped ita the "Canadian box" "ith "fillers" holding 30 dozen. a style of package that is very popular. A limited number of eggs are shipped in the "Foreign box" which holds twelve longe humdreds (1.4th eges). The egoss in these large cases are packed in straw or excelsior at the request of importers. "Continental" and "Irish" eqgs are always parked thus

Both "fresh" and "olycerines" have come forward late in the year in large quantities: the quality was good, but the total shipments have not been so large owing to scarcity of eges in Canada.
According to a book recently published in Russia, that country boasts of having left Demmark behind as regards exportations of eggs. Russian competition in butter. eggs and poultry is be coning very serions by reason of it: having adopted up-to-date methois, and Russian products are becoming much more popular on the British markets. owing to the improsed quality. Russia. Wenmark and other foreign countries are now taking reater vare in selecting grading and parking cygs, as well as in getting them marketed as freshly as possible

These foreign egys now artive regnlarly several days every week, as well as regularly every week of the year. Their bulk is perfectly clean, and is graded into as many as six sizes, so that to-day the British importer is not inclined to speculate as in former years, and will have little if anything to do with stocks which have been held in (o) di storage. Since Canadian exporters have to meet this competition great care must be taken in selecting and sending forwand only rggs which are perfectly fresh. clean and graded into sizes

During 1903 the Inited Kingdom imported 19, 485,597 great hundreds (120) of eqgs. valued at £6,617,619. Canada's share of this large trade amounted to only 55T.080 great humdreds valued at £2 18,571 . The imports from Russia amounted to $£ 1.866,421$, and from Denmark to $£ 1,648,367$. (iermany, Belgium and France are the other leading exporters of eggs to Britain, each of these
countries sending from three to four times as many as Canada.

## Bacon and Ham Trade, 1903.

Mr. Girindley also reports as follows oncerning the bacon and ham trade:
Canadian mild-cured bacon and hams are becoming very popular in Great Britain and are preferred to those imported from the Vinted States, as they are leaner and there is always a demand for lean cuts. Canadian packing houses shonlal make a close study of the various British markets and supply them with the cuts which are in demand by the consumer.
There is still room for improvement as regards packing eases - these are often of knotty Jumber, badly nailed without battens at ends (same as American packers use) which give double nail bearings. Heavy split wood hoops should be used to bind round each end of the case, and for extra large cases an extra binder should be placed round the centre.
Shippers of mild-cured meats must take adrantage of the best means of transportation which are now provided. Goods should be shipped as little as possible to be sold on commission, and then only to reliable firms who will see that they are warehoused under proper conditions as regards cleanliness and temperature.

## Canadian Trade in Canned Goods.

T
CHE C'anadian export trade in canned and evaporated goods is a
(omparatively new one, but it is steadily increasing and promises to develop into one of large volume in the near future says Mr. A. W. Grindley in. his annual report to the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

British merchants have little or no idea of the large assortment of preserved meats, fish, fruits and vegetables which are packed by Canadian firms. In the past they have bought canned goods largely from France, Germany and Italy, but owing to the friendly feeling beI ween the "Mother Country" and her "Colonies" Canadian firms may expect a large increase in orders providing their goods give satisfaction as regards quality and price. It might pay Can adian exporters to examine the methods of certain large American houses who have representatives of their own in Great Britain to push their goods; or if they consign to Brrtish firms to sell on commission, fix the price at which their goods are to be sold, allowing a good commission, but not allowing prices
to be cut in order to effect sales. In addition to this they enclose handsome embossed cards in each case of goods upon which is plainly marked the retail price in English money. The goods themselves have attractive labels making a nice window ornament and the embossed card with reasonable price in plain figures attracts customers and sales are made where Canadian goods of equally good quality, but not having such an ai tractive label, and having no fixed price are "side-tracked."
It has been found that large quantities of timned and bottled peas, beans and spimach have been "greened"' by a treatment with salts of copper. The public have been warned against the consumption of these goods by leading medical and food journals and it only remains for Canadian packers to show that they put up goods of a reliable quality as the British merchant has been getting from ather countries (but which are entirely, free from adulteration) in order to create a large demand for Canadian brands. The British consumer prefers a smaller sized pea than is usually packed in Canada. Frencl peas are generally colored by using six tenths grain copper per pound of peas.
Great care should be taken with goods packed in glass that all roughness is ground off the necks of bottles before they are filled as pieces of glass have been found in the contents and a pre judice ereated against goods put up in glass.

## Butter Making in the Northwest.

One of the most interesting features of the town of Moose Jaw, Assa., is the large number of creameries under the supervision of the Government located in the immediate ricinity. Cream is brought in by team and by railway within a radius of 150 miles. There is ont factory south of Moose Jaw where 800 cows are kept, and large quantities of butter produced for exportation British Columbia and Great Britain.

## Provision Notes.

The annual meeting of the New Glasgow Dairying Company, Nova Scotia, was held March 8 , when the old board of directors were all re-elected for 1904.
The Lipton packing plant at Chicago has been sold to Armour \& Company. It is said that the price paid was in the neighborhood of $\$ 250,000$. The Lipton concern has been idle and closed for four months, and Sir Thos. Lipton has gradually closed out his Chicago packing interests.


We control the product of
"The Charlottetown Preserving Co."
Pure Fruit Jams,
Canned Fruits, etc.

## TO THE TRADE

Our travellers are now out with full samples of our new pack Canned Meats, etc We guarantee the quality equal to any packed on the American Continent. AII bright, artistic labels. Let us give you yuotations on your season's requirements it pays to look ahead.
C. C. Corned Beef, 1 's, 2's, 6's and 14 's, square tins.
Whole Ox Tongues, sizes, $1 / 2$ 's, 2 's
and $21 / 2$ 's.
Prime Roast Beef, sizes, 1's, 2's and 6's. Prime Roast Mutton, sizes, I's, 2 's and 6 's.
L.unch Tongue, size, 1's, 2 doz. to case. Oxford Sausage, sizes, 1 's and $1 / 2$ 's. Oxford Brawn, sizes, 1 's and 2 's, square tins.
Compressed Cooked Ham, sizes, I's and 2's, square tins.

Potted and Deviled Meats, sizes, 'z's and ' + 's.
Chipped Dried Beef, sizes, I's and $1 / 2$ 's. Honey comb Tripe, sizes, 1 's and 2 's. Royal Baked Beans, sizes, I's, z's and

3's, either plain or with sauce.
Lunch Sausage, size, $1 / 2$ 's, 4 doz. to case Vienna Sausage, size, $1 /$ 's, 4 doz to case. Soups, Ox-Tail, size, 2 's, 2 doz. to case Kidney Stew

Mutton Broth.

ABOVE ALL PACKED IN KEY=OPENING TINS.
Royal Condensed Mince Meat, $36-12 \mathrm{oz}$, Home-Made Wet Mince Meat, 2 and 5 lb .,
fibre packages; 7,14 and 25 lb . pails,
tubs and bbls.
Eranches at HALIFAX, SYDNEY and ST. JOHN'S, NFLD

TIIS year the Easter Season comes with the opening of the first Spring month, and after the long and continued cold weather, will be doubly welcome.

So will be your orders for "Star Brand" Sugar Cured Hams and Fearman's English Breakfast Bacon.

NONE FINER. NO OTHER QUITE SO GO0D. Order Your Easter Requirements Early.

## F. W. FEARMAN COMPANY,

 HAMILTON, ONT.
## Our Hams and . . Breakiast

are Sugar-Cured, Full-Flavored,

Delicious and Appetising.

Just the quality your trade demands.
Prepared from selected Pea-Fed Hogs only.

## WE ARE BOOKING EASTER TRADE REQUIREMENTS.

Order now to avoid disappointment.

> The Park, Blackwell Co., PORK AND BEEF PACKERS, TORONTO, ONT.

## SLICING HAMS

## FOR EASTER

The " Rose Brand," with its mild, sweet cure, and its bright, fresh-smoked appearance, makes the ideal ham for your fancy Easter trade.

Absolute reliability and highest quality are guaranteed in every ham bearing the name of Matthews.

## ORDER NOW FOR EASTER

The George Matthews Company, Limited. Established 1868.


WANTED.
quality only. Also Euys Chickens, Fowl and Ducks, best quality only. Also Esgs and Creamery Butter, 2-lb, prints and solids, tinest quality. quote prices f.o.b, or delivered here JOHN HOPKINS,
 Rovisons-Receipts awe still light on ceount of the demoralization of traftic an the railroads. As soon as the roads north and south are opened a decided improsement in the condition of the prodision market is expected, although at present trade from the east and west is brightening. The demand for lard contimmes sood. Long clear hacon is $1-4$ e. firmer. Medium hams have adsanced 1-2c. Mutton and lamb are scarce lamb has advanced from 1 to 2 .., and mutton shows a range of prices $1-2 \cdot$. less than those quoted last week. Veal remains muchanged. Onr quotations are as tullows

utter-Reciepts of dairy have in rrased during the past week and shipments which have been on the way for the past month are now being delivered. With increased supplies, prices will probably decline. Not much creamery matter is coming forward. Choicest grades are in good demand, but most of the butter being received is only medium quality. It is thought much stale shack will be unloaded shortly by counwy merchants. Supplies of butter on hand are equal to demand. Daity molls are lr. firmer, and dairy prints from 1. to 2e. firmer. We quote as fullows:
 aairy rolls, large....
10 $\begin{gathered}\text { prints.a.t. } \\ \text { in tubs, best. }\end{gathered}$ ader qualities. fheese market is dull cally or fory little moving either wes continue unchanged We wume a llows:

> Cheese, large. twing.


## Montreal.

Provisions-Business remains compar ively quet and prices are generally thont change. The tone of the market (onisidered steady. There is a notice
able demand for cored meats as Easter approaches. There is some probability of bacon increasing in price, which no doubt would please the cheese men as
if the working man both here and in if the working man both here and in
England camot affond to buy bacon, he England camot afford to buy bacon, he naturally eats more cheese. There has been an increased demand for dressed hogs, althongh the prices remain abont $\$ 7.25$ to $\$ 7.50$ for tresh killed stock. light comitry killed are the same as light romitry killed are the same as
last week, $\$ 6.75$ to $\$ 7.25$. There has last week, $\$ 6.75$ to $\$ 7.25$. There has
been no change in the price of lard. We quote:

```
Canadian short cut mess pork
American fat back
MBacon, per lb.
Exms.
Exatate beef. per bibl
Larr Boars Head
Carloads, less
``` \(\qquad\)

Carloads, less,
20-1. tin pails, tierce basis
Half-bbls., over tierce.

20-1b, wood
10.lb. tins,
5.lb,
3.lb, tins,
3-lb. tins, \(\quad\) Wood net, tin gross weight
Pure lard, pails.

\section*{}
\(\begin{array}{r}81750818 \\ 1650 \\ 17 \\ \hline 1700 \\ \hline\end{array}\)


Butter-Tintry or the firm ruality
But qualit Very scarce. The demand is excellent. Very little fresh goods are arriving, and What does rome in, does not in ans was equal the best hedtover Fall poods. In the Old Commary there is a repy much better feeling. There is practically no gmantity of summer goods available. Dairy rolls and dairy tubs remain the same as last week. Fancy creamery still brings 20 to 2 le, that means for well kept Fall goods. Winter creamery is bringing 19 to 20 c . We quote

Fancy creamery
Summer koods
Saummer roon
Dairy rolls.
and
Finest \(\begin{gathered}\text { tuhs } \\ \text { Fall made. ........... } \\ \text { fresh prints }\end{gathered}\)
\begin{tabular}{cccc}
0 & 19 & 0 & 20 \\
0 & 18 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 15 & 0 & 19 \\
0 & 15 & 1 & 16 \\
0 & 0 & 16 \\
0 & 21 & 0 & 21 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Cheese - I very decided improvement has taken place in the cheese market. while the guantity on hand is limited. cheese sells half a cent better than two weeks ago. The report that a Winter shipment had come to Montreal from Kingston, Ont.. has not been verified here; further, no importance is attached to it by bige exporters. A good demand has been noticed for second grade cheese at 9.5-8r, this having been paid instead ff Se of a month awo.
Stucks are small, and for very good cheese 12 e per it conld be obtained. Not a peand of it rall be got. Generally sneaking, the price is \(1-2\) to 3 -te better than a month ago. A well-known dealer has just retumed from a visit through the comentry districts, and he stated that owing to the tremendons sowfall ,and the bad condition of the country roads, the season will be month or a fortnight late. One of the largest holders of cheese here seems t. largest holiters of cheese here seems to
be expecting a big increase in price. be expecting a big increase in price.
This is not generally anticipated. It This is not generally anticipated. It
is believed that there are not more than is believed that there are not more than
from 40.000 to 50.000 boxes available at this pert.

\section*{YOU}

\section*{WHO BUY}

IN CARLOADS,
take up with us the subject of

\section*{MACARONI}

We have a better article and a better selling and a better selling article and a more pro-
fitable article than that imported-you to be the judge.
send for samples
and price list.
NAPOLI MAGARONI CO.,
Hayter and Teraulay Sts
TORONTO, CANADA


medal, Queber, 1901, Diplomas: Toronto, stylawa, Monis C. P FABIEN,
\(\qquad\)
ame so Montreal, Can.
Write-for Illustrated Gatalone

\section*{B Bemes \\ askets}

\section*{B \\ utter Ware \\ utter Paper \\ utter Tubs}

\section*{\(T T^{\text {ooden }}\) are
lllow are \\ Talter oods \& Co}

Hamilton and Winnipeg

\section*{Mrs. Dooley}
reports "all's well." Putting a new soap on the market is a giant taska task that some would shun. If

\section*{Mrs. Dooley's Laundry Soap}
-the borax soapwas not better than other soaps it would be foolish to try to push it.

No splurge about Mrs. Dooley nothing but quiet persistence.

The soap is good.
I cent cash for every 4 wrappers is better than premiums.

\section*{the \\ Metropolitan Soap Co. TORONTO.}

\section*{ORANGE MEAT}

It is strictly Canadian in every particular.

It is prepared with the utmost care.

It is treated generously with pure honey, to add flavor.

It is a large flaked cereal.

It has qualities that will never lets its sale diminish.

> PRICES AS FOLLOWS
> Single cases, \(\quad \$ 4.50\)
> 5 and 10 cases, 4.40

> THR PRONTENAC CRRRAL COO., 43 Scott St., Toronto.

\section*{Fresh and Cured Fish}

\section*{To Protect Lake Fish.}


T the fisheries conference held in Detroit last week the following resolutions to regulate the fisheries of the great lakes were passed
'That all fishing be prohibited in Lake Erie between November 15 and March 15, in Lake Huron between October 31 and December 15, in Lake Superior between October 15 and November 15 ;
'That the netting, sale and export of black bass, maskinonge and speckled trout be prohibited
'That a close season be established for black bass from January 1 to June 15 , except in the vicinity of Pelee Is land, where it shall be from May 25 to July 15, for maskinonge between January 1 and June 15 , for wall-eyed pike be tween January 1 and May 15, dates inclusive; a close season for blue pickerel was not considered necessary, these fish being very destructive to the finer qualities ;
"That the taking of sturgeon in the great lakes and waters connecting the same be prohibited for a period of five years from June 1, 1905

That a size or weight limit be established for the following fish, under which none shall be retained: Bass, 12 inches, maskinonge, 30 inches; yellow pickerel (Dore), 15 inches; blue pickerel and saugers, 10 inches; yellow perch, ? inches; whitefish and lake trout, 2 pounds (dressed), measurements to be from tip of snout to centre of fork of tail.'

To Exterminate the Dog Fish.
NICKERSON, an authority on Atlantic fisheries, and at the same time a member of the Legislature of Nova Scotia, has moved a resolution in the local house requesting the appointment of a commission to investigate the dog fish problem.
For some years the presence of dog fish on the coasts of the Maritime Provinces has been a great source of annoyance and loss to fishermen, and the situation is becoming more aggravated every tear. Two years ago the fishery intelligence officer for Lunenburg, N. S., reported as follows: "If the dog fish are not soon checked, the fisheries will be ruined. They are already a great hindrance to the successful operation of the fisheries, especially in our coastal waters. They were also reported by the
bankers on Western, Middle, Quero Bradley and Grand Banks, this being the first year fishermen found them on the Grand Banks.
"It has been suggested that the Gov ernment offer a bonus for the destruc tion of dog fish. Municipal authoritie pay for the destruction of certain wil animals, and it is felt that the value the fisheries is such that the admini tration might well adopt some metho to prevent the increase of dog fish ai the consequent depletion of our foo fishes on which they prey

Whaling in Eastern Canadian Waters As a result of repeated application from fishermen in the Maritime Prov inces for the exclusive privileges taking whales in Eastern waters, legi. lation may be adopted next session regulate the whaling industry fro which Americans are reaping a hand some profit at the present time. Pa iiament will be asked to sanction thit adoption of measures such as to enable Canadian fishermen to profit by the industry, and at the same time save the species from extinction.

\section*{Millions of Young Fish}

1903 was a record year in fish propa gation carried on under the direction the Commissioner of Eisheries. A total of \(314,511,500\) young fish were put out, being an increase of \(40,000,000\) over the previous year. For the first time the department reared a number of salmon up to the fingerling stage in the hatchi ery at Campbelltown, and placed them in the Restigouche River to the number of a hundred thousand.

\section*{Fish Notes.}

Commodore J. U. Gregory, agent ior the Department of Marine and Fisherics, in Quebec, has had the Imperial Service Order conferred upon him by His Majesty King Edward.
The Dominion Government have pointed Captain Bernier to go to Geimany for the steamer Gauss, which has just been purchased by the Government for service in Hudson's Bay. He will be accompanied by six pupils of the cal school of marine.
An application of the State of Mic gan for fish eggs from the Domin Government hatchery has been refused recommendation of the Canadian Fi. eries Inspector, because the United States authorities have not shown the selves willing to enforce regula measures for the protection of the eries on the great lakes except unter threat of retaliation by Canadi.

\section*{Three Opportunities-}
"HE WHO HESITATES IS LOST" IS PARTICULARLY TRUE OF THESE OPPORTUNITIES AS THEY DEMAND QUICK DECISION. 1 -We made our contracts when the markets were at the lowest, consequently are able to give you the benefit of our purchases.

JAPANS - POLISHED and UNPOLISHED-BAGS ioo lbs., due March 2oth NEW CROP-Also sacks 224 lbs., due April 15 th.
PATNAS - NEW CROP-FANCY sacks 224 lbs -due April 15 th.
RANGOONS-NEW CROP-DUE end of April.-Our quotations are especially low. Also for immediate shipment FANCY RANGOONS-PRICES LOW.
PICKleS-ROWAT'S PICKLES - ALL. SIZES - Our quotations for immediate shipment will command your orders.
Maple
a Pint tin to retail at io Cents
The only roc. package of Maple Syrup on the market.
Syrup only a limited quantity to be had order at once

\section*{THE FDV D/AMP Wholesale Grocers, limited, \\ TORONTO.}

\section*{CLOVES ON THE MOVE.}

ASUBJECT which has recently been receiving the close attention not only of spice importers and brokers, but also of merchants in other lines, is the advancing tendency in prices for cloves, due to the decreased production and the increased consumption.
*Cloves are probably the greatest speculative article in the spice trade, and have been so for many hundreds of years, because they have always come from small and restricted areas of cultivation, and have been used as tribute, almost taking the place of money in ancient times. They have been mostly grown on the two small islands of Zanzibar and Pemba, on the east coast of Africa. The production has been steady tor years at an average of 90,000 to 100,000 bales per annum, while the consumption has steadily increased until now it is 120,000 to 130 ,000 bales a year. This augmentation in the consumptive demand is due to the increased use of pure ground cloves, to the greater demand for oil of cloves in medicine and to its increased use in the manufacture of vanillin during the last three years.

The clove crop of \(1902-3\) was fairly full, being 100,000 to 110,000 bales. The crop of \(1903-4\) so far is 27,000 bales, and possibly 30,000 bales, altogether. As a rule a good crop is always succeeded by a moderately short crop the next year. The Bombay operators this year bought the entire crop and shipped it to Bombay. Last Fall they had already taken up all future deliveries offered by European bear operators, and latet on had purchased a large proportion of the London and Holland stocks, which were already very small.

\section*{Sure \\ Information \({ }_{\text {ray }} 3190\) \\ In Coffee Mills}
\({ }^{2 \times *}\) National

EXCELS
ALL
OTHERS
FOR
RUNNING EASE,
LONG LIFE
AND
RETURNED
EXCELLENCE
of results. MAY


Cut Bot
umirib
SOLE AGENTS
IN CANADA.
TORONTO.

\section*{THE CANADIAN GROCER}

\section*{TORONTO RETAIL GROCERS MEET.}

IHE regular monthly meeting of the retail grocers of Toronto was held on March 14, when the Assessment Act and other matters were discussed, F. W. Johnson, president, occupying the chair.
Satisfaction was expressed at the rating of the business tax on retailers at 2.5 per cent., as compared with 50 per cent. in departmental stores, which was considered much better than the original propesal.
Hugh Blain, of the Eby, Blain Co. delivered the first of a series of addresses to be given by members of the Wholesalers Association. He said they had many things in common, standing togeiher as guardians of the publice healuh. Pure ford was of the first impertance and a heary responsibility rested upon wholesalers and retailers which should be assmmed by the assot\(\therefore\) Ciations. Individual responsibility was fast disappearing and co-operation and mited effort was taking its place.
The whelesale trade was responsibile for the creation of Toronto as a great distributing centre. The retailers should form a Dominion assuciation so that the same influence conld be brought to bear on ontside wholesalers as on those in Toronto. There was no doubt but that the wholesalers sold many goods that the retailers should sell, but if they did not do it, others at outside points would.
Mr. Blain then spoke on insurance, of Which every merchant should carry sufficient to protect himself and family. The advantages of good bookkeeping, on the detrimental effects of the long credit system and bankrupt stecks. Athough the trade was now in a healthy condition there was no other branch of trade in which industry and intelligence received so small a recompense.

\section*{LONDON TEA MERCHANT VISITS MONTREAL.}

II.R. HINT, of the firm of Hunt \& Co.. of London, Eng., and Yokohama. one of the biggest Japan tea dealer: in the word, was in town this week visiting the firm's Montreal offices. Mr. Hunt is a young man who is thoroughly conversant with his business. Regarding the tea trade, he speaks as most Britishers do, in a calm deliberate manner, and gave some interesting facts. Incidentally he stated that he was on his way to attend the annual market, which opened towards the end of April in Yokohama.

As King Charles' head was always getting in the story that Mr. Dick (in David Copperfield. Was writing, so it is impossible to interview anyone on their way to dapan withont taking into account the war between Russia and Japan. Mr. Hunt, however, does not take the war sery seriously as a trade issue, especially in the tea trade, principally because the tea picking is done by women and chiddren, and in preparing the tea at Yokohama his firm do most of the work by machinery. There is another fact that may bear upon the situation. and that is that up comntry where there is not much machinery, plenty of stalwart men will be called to the war, and this will ranse a large percentage of the second crop, which is due here in about four months, to be of a much coarser quality than it would be otherwise. He does not anticipate a large increase in the price. Notwithstanding this fact, the probabilities are that high insurance and scarcity of labor may raise the price. This will not affect the consumer in Canada, however, as the price usually paid to the retailer is 25 e for Japan tea; to go higher would mean to lose that constituency, and normal conditions will have to be a waited. Tea wholesalers are pretty well cleaned out of the old stock which was the custom, and not caused by the war at all.
Mr. Hunt has just arrived from Lomdone and at their New York office the consumption of first quality Japan tea is reported still strong everywhere. The information that might be gathered by newspaper reports, that it would be a wise thing to buy all the Japan tea now that could be obtained is valueless, because no one except the big dealers in Yokohama can estimate how much tea the Japs have in reserve, and as stated before, the consamer in Canada will not pay more than the price quoted, 2.5. Mr. Hunt will be in C'anada for some time prior to sailing for Japan, and he will visit-different branches of the big house in the Dominion.

\section*{ALL-CANADIAN GRAIN ROUTE}

I\(T\) is reported that the Dominion Government will be asked to erect a grain elevator at Port Cobborne, with a view to making it one of the leading grain ports on the lakes. They will also be asked to keep Canadian canals free of tolls, to keep them open every day through the season of navigation, to make the national port of Montreal free
of ordinary freight charges, and to construct a second grain elevator at the latter port. All this looks as if Canada was beginning to wake up to the importance of controlling grain traffic from the great West en route to the Atlantic seaboard.

\section*{AN OTTAWA CASE.}

On March 14 Chief Justice Falconbridge dismissed the action of J. Castle, wholesale tea merchant of Ottawa, against Chaput \& Company, wholesale grocers of Montreal, and their commercial traveller, J. C. Campbell. The action was tried at Ottawa in January and was brought by Mr. Castle for damages for non-delivery of goods alleged to have been sold to him by Chaput Co. through Campbell, or in the alternative claiming damages against Mr. Campbell personally.

\section*{A RECENT LEGAL DECISION}

ARECENT decision of Judge Newlands of Moose Jaw, Assa., on a case in court between a local landlord and his tenant, may prove interesting to readers of The Grocer. The judgment, which explains the case, is as follows:
The plaintiff was a leaseholder of the defendant for one year at a monthly rental. After the expiration of the lease, the defendant remained in possession, and paid two months' rent. During this time the plaintiff gave the defendant one month's notice to ritit and refused to accept further rent. Considerable correspondence took place between the interested parties both before and after the termination of the lease, and one letter in particular in which the plaintiff refused to lease the building for a year as his tenant had requested, but agreed to keep the latter as a monthly tenant. By the mere posting of such a letter the landlord claimed he had rebutted the implication of the law which is that by remaining in possession of property after the expiration of a lease, a yearly tenancy is established on the condition of payment of rent to a landlond. The judge's decision was to the effect that mader the circumstances a new proposition from the tenant or an acceptance of the same would have in validated the claim of the tenant to yearly tenancy; no new tenancy could be created by an offer which was intended only as a further confirmation of rights whirh the law already afforded the tenant.

Hasty conclusions lead to speedy repentance. Do not buy your coffees thoughtlessly on the spur of the moment. Exercise the same care in selecting coffee as you do in buying the other necessities of life. Be sure of obtaining the best by securing

\section*{CHASE \& SANBORN'S COFFEES.}

\footnotetext{




It's a handsome package, and will look well in your window, on your counter or shelves. It will help you sell more starch -more good starch.

We pack our very best quality

\section*{LILY WHITE GLOSS STARCH}
in these handsome drum packages, each containing 6 pounds, 8 drums to a case, and a pair of drum sticks are supplied with each drum.

Who will be first in your district to show the new package ?
THE BRANTFORD STARCH WORKS, Limited, BRANTFORD, CANADA.
}

\title{
SOME INTERESTING LINES
}

Be wise and place your orders with the right people.
We offer you \(\mathbf{2 5 , 0 0 0}\) GALLONS VINEGAR
(BOUGHT BEFORE THE ADVANCE.)
"OWL," 1 Star, 80 grains. "OWL," 3 Stars, 100 grains.
"OWL," 2 Stars, 90 grains. "OWL," 4 Stars, 118 grains.
GOVERNMENT PROOF STRENGTH.
Barrels, Half-Barrels and Kegs.
Quality, the best, and guaranteed. We prepay the freight to any railway or boat station. We will send FREE to buyers of 100 gallons or more, a nice "VINEGAR PUMP," (non-corrodible), worth \(\mathbf{\$ 2 . 5 0}\).

This weather is very bad for colds and bronchitis. We recommend the famous

\section*{Mathieu's Syrup of Tar and Cod Liver Oil (no taste)}

We have just received into store

\section*{Another Carload, 120 GROSS}

Beware of imitations. There are many. But see that you get MATHIEU'S. "Try a Bottle."

\section*{SPRING CLEANING AND SWEEPING.}

You need some good Brooms, we have them.
We offer 1,000 DOZ. Assorted Quality and Prices.
L . C . H . A . P . U . T . F
Talking about brooms. We prepay freight on shipment of 6 doz. Give us trial order.
We are Headquarters for THE BEST ASSORTMENT of FINE GROCERIES. WINES, LIQUORS and TEAS.

Quickest Sbippers. No Blockade in Montreal.
L. CHAPUT, FILS \& CII. Wholesale Grocers and Importers,

\section*{Tomato Mustard Tomato Chutney Chili Sauce Worcestershire Sauce \\ RED SEAL}

4 delicious relishes, equal in quality and attractiveness to the best imported, and no higher in price than inferior goods.

Prepared under the personal supervision of an expert processor secured from the United States for this especial purpose.

Send at once to your wholesale house for a sample asscrted case. If they cannot supply you write us for names of wholesalers who can.

Be a leader: Let your competitor follow. You will have to have them sooner or later-better, sooner.

\author{
CANADIAN CANNERS' CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES HAMILTON, ONTARIO.
}

\section*{In Stove Polishes}

\section*{Enameline} stands without a peer.
-your customers often take your
—advice as to Best goods to buy.
-You are safe in recommending Enameline. They run no risk, you run no risk, they are satisfied you get and hold their trade.

Order ENAMELINE next time and all the time
W. H. DUNN, Agent, MONTREAL.

In recommending the best selling Tea on the market

\section*{Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea}
to your customers you are guaranteeing to yourself their continued patronage.

\section*{Push the Red Label Brand.}

Each grocer our agent.

\section*{-you will be busy as bees}
by looking over this list and buying, then selling

brand goods.
Since tirst placed on the market they have won popularity
with every merchant who has bought them; they will please you and your trade ; they are profitable; they are sure sellers. Look over the list and see prices in "Current Market Qlotations" in this issue.
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Cigars, Tobaccos. Bic.
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Hanmilton Cot Cocounut.
Greib, Roblt, Co.. Toronto
Cocoas and Chocolates.
Baker, Walter, \(\&\) Co, Dor


 Coffee Essence.
Bromley \(\mathrm{s}-\mathrm{W} . \mathrm{G}\). Patrick \& Co., Toronto. Commission Merchants and Brokers. Clark, R. W, \& Co, Victoria, B.








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Flours and Cereals.
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Fruits-Dried, Green and Nuts.
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Polishes-Stove

Toront. - \(\mathbf{W}\).
Pottery
Foster
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Poultry Food.
Refriger ibert, Co., Toronto.
Refrigerators.
Safes.


So ip D Metropolitan siad Co. Toront.
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Winn s Holland, Muntreal.
 Brantions starch Works, Brantiond Edwardsturs starch co. Cardiall Ont. st. lawience
Steel Shingles. Sugars, Svrups Co. Toronto


Teas, Cotees. and Stices.
Blue Ribton Tea Co. Torronto. ceslon Tea Traters Assin int
 Eby. Blainc Co, Toronto Ewingso A \& \& A. Montreal Gilliari w. H. ©C. Hamuitoi. himear. T. \& \&
 Postum Cerait Co. Battle Creek, Mich




Telephones.
Vinegars.
 Warehousing.
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 Woodencoare.
Woonle, Walter, \(\mathrm{A} C \mathrm{C}\), , Hamilton. Hrapping Paper. Toronto.
\(\underset{\substack{\text { Yeast. } \\ \text { cillet, E. W., Co, Torouto. }}}{ }\)
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Simpson, R. \& .I southwell \& Co \\
 St. Lawrence s Sutton, \(\mathbf{R E}_{\text {. }} \mathbf{F}\), Son
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\section*{THE CANADIAN GROCER}

WE are sorry for our friends in the North, who are snow blocked, and will do our best to rush shipments by first freights.
phone or write.
BALFOUR \& COMPANY, Branch canada brocoers, Limitod, HAMILTON. Sole Proprietors of "TARTAN" BRAND.



\footnotetext{
DO IT NOW.
Write us for samples of and quotations for

\section*{Indian : Ceylon Teas}
black or green. You can make your selection from the best assorted stock in the country, comprising teas from the best gardens only. Bought by us previous to advance in the market you can buy them on the same basis-but do it now.

\section*{Warren Bros. © Co.} TORONTO.
}

\section*{EDITORIAL}


Prosident :
JOHN BA YNE MACLEAN. Montreal.
the MacLean Publishing Co.

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\section*{MAPLE SUGAR FRAUDS}

I'T is apropos for the grocer to exhibit the sign "Fresh Maple Sugar " at This time of year, indeed there are many proper things much more difficult to do. The nearness of the sugar season prompts the suggestion, and even now the sign may be seen all over the city. The regular markets will shortly be flooded with what is called "Pure Maple Sugar,' too often made up of granulated sugar that has never seen the fresh sap of the maple tree.

Adulteration has been written about in The Grocer for years, especially in view of the continued prevalence of the evil in the Province of Quebec. It is not, however, because there is no law to protect either wholesaler or retailer that the fraud arises; it is because the laws in this particular are not carried out. In the middle of March there is no real maple sugar; still there are two classes of individuals to be considered; one which has lived in the country, and the
other which knows nothing of countr life. The former class cannot be fooled by the plausible " Pure Maple Sugar"; they know it. In fact the genuine sugar has left such a strong impress on their memory that it is linked with the big black pot, of running sap, and perchance pleasant memories of merry-making. It has the flaver of the tree and cannot be mistaken for the mixture of white and granulated sugar which may have been dipped in the wood of the maple to give it the requisite flavor. Glucose is often used to give fraudulent stuff the necessary firmness. There is another sort of sugar, made from old brown stoek which is melted and made to acquire a smooth appearance and the significant dark brown color, granulated sugar being sprinkled over the cakes. This delusion is offered by the deceiver to the undiscriminating public without the least compunction
Montreal confectioners receive from time to time circulars from certain American firms, offering to sell a "maple" essence at \(\$ 12\) a gallon, which in erery way they claim carries out the ".just as good"' absurdity. About a vear ago a well-known sugar firm in Quebec failed owing to having filled orders extensivels with the spurious article. Their fate has been chronicled before; it serves however, as a reminder that Canadian: as a rule know maple sugar. The amaz ing quantities shipped to the English market where the consumer has a reputation for being hypercritical if anything, is somewhat reassuring and goes to shon that the fraud of adulterating and substitution is the exception in Canada.

There is amother side of the story; i must be admitted that many a dealer thinks he is selling the genuine article. when he is not, which fact increases the difficulty of procuring the real thing. It is tobe hoped that Canadian firms will be warned of the peril they rum in attempt ing to adulterate such a food product as maple sugar. There should be enough native pride in the Canadian producer to make him scorn such a proceeding or at least to enable him to get along with out resorting thereto.

\section*{Che}

\section*{A MONTREAL EXHIBITION.}

THERE seems every reason to expect that Montreal will again have an annual exhibition, and if such turns out to be the case every effort will be expended to make it one that will surpass any yet held. It is some vears now since the last one took place, but ever since, a few indomitable spirits have year after year brought the subject up. and at last their efforts bid fair to be realized in the Summer or Fall of 1905. The Business Men's League - an association which is never behind when Montreal's interests are concerned-have taken the matter up with characteristic energy, and at a meeting on March 9, at which their president, Mr. Henry Miles, took the chair, the plan was outlined. Men representing all important interests, agriculturists, capitalists. manufacturers, merchants and railway men were present, and were plainly thoroughly interested in the project.
In many ways the Toronto Exhibition is taken as a model. Mr. Miles in his address to the meeting, pointed out that that exhibition had been run for some years before it paid, but that the advertising gained meanwhile by Toronto had been recognized by the people of the Queen City to be of sreat value to them, whether a protit was obtained direet from the exhibition or not.
The number of tourists, American and English, who visit Montreal now every year is immense, and constantly growing, though there is nest to nothing in the way of advertising done for the city. Its historical associations are alone the attraction. With a yearly exhibition, of sufficient merit, another drawing card would be added which would doubtless greatly lengthen the roll of visitors. All these visitors are gooel customers. Montreal merchants in almost all lines of trade fully appreciate that fact, and the great majority of them are showing their appreciation by the hearty support they are giving to the proposed exhibition.

A permanent board of directors has been elected as follows: H. Laporte, Mayor of Montreal; S. D. Vallieres,

\section*{The}

Chairman Finance Committee, Montreal L. A. Lapminte, L. Payette. H. A Ekers. (C. B. (arter, I). L. Lockerby R. Wilsen-Smith. Col. Labelle, Hon F. L. Beique. (. H. Catelli, J. X Perteault. Hon. J. I). Rolland, James Cochame. Hon. (i. A. Drmmond, Henry Miles, T. Gauthier, Hon. W. (' Edwards, W. E. Davis, A. H. Harris and Dr. Lalonde, representing the agriculturists.

At the meeting of the directors the following eflicers were chosen:
Hon. Presidents-Hon. Sidney Fisher and Hon Mr. Tourgeon.
President-Senator Drummond
Vice-Presidents - Senator Beique and Mayor Laporte.
Sec.-Treas.--Mr. Henry Miles.

\section*{CANNED GOODS}

THFRE is a queer motion extant in the grocery trade, that has a poli tical flavor. But leaving political prejudice out of the question, it is certain that Canatian camers are not making the best use of the Old comutry market, especially cammers of froit. One paper says that if the camess were not under the "namotic." of high duties they would be better off. Another says, that protection or politics has nothing to do with the situation in camed fruits. The daily newopaper suggestion of the natwre quoted, smack of combine. As a matter of fact protection has about as little to do with the absence of goods of Canadian packers in the British mar ket, as it could possibly have.

Judging from English trade papers in many lines of cammed fruits, it is like bringing coals to Newcastle to send (anadian goods to the old land. There is a scarcity of English fruits this year however, and the attractive prices of Califomia and other fruits is likely to create an increased demand, which should help, Canadian packers
In cammed meats there is a tendency to wards the continuance of present high prices. The salmon market for instance has been firm throughout Lent and the demand from the country during the past week has been surprisingly poor
For special lines of Canadian pre served vegetables there is a demand.

\section*{EDITORIAL}

It might just as well be understood now as at any time, that the Britisher is more of an exporter than an importer of this line of goods. Anyone who uses jams or pickles will confess this without argument, as the British manufacturer in these articles has never been surpassed. In connection with sardines it might be mentioned that unsatisfactory reports have come from the fishery centres, and the stocks held are said to be strall. Another fact too which is worth noting, is that some packers of meat expect an advance in price early next month.

\section*{THE SPRING TRADE OUTLOOK.}

D
SPITE the exceptionally unfavorable weather of the Winter months and notwithstanding the pessimism which was expressed in some quarters early in the Winter, the Sprine of 1904 opens with business prospects iti Canada as favorable as has been the case for many years
It is probably true that considerable

NOTICE TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.
A man signing himself \(F\). B. Kenneth has been collecting and soliciting subscriptions for our publications in Ontario, but has not remitted to us he money so obtained.
Our readers are warned against paying this man any money as he is not authorized by us to transact business for us in any way. He is not and never was in our employ, and we cannot hold ourselves responsible for his actions.
Mr. Alex. Wales is our authorized agent in Ontario
trade has been lost as a result of the heavy snow storms and the severe wedther
It may still be argued by sonse, ats was done a few months ago by many, that Canada is in imminent danger of the "dumping" of American goods on this market. But there is little indication that any movement of this nature will attain serious proportions. The general verdict is that the danger of it is less serious than six or nine months ago.
On the other hand there are many factors which give reason for confidence in and satisfaction with the prospects.

The past six or seven years have constituted an era of development unprecedented in the country's history. This development has reached a stage that ensures, always barring a severe crop
failure, admittedly a remore possibility an era of exceptional constructive ac tivity in all parts of the Dominion.
The building of the Grand Trunk Pa cific and hundreds, if not thousands, of miles of branch lines on other railways a record volume of immigration to the farm lands of Manitoba and the North west Territories; a continued expansion of the mineral and industrial developments of Ontario, Nova Scotia, Queber and British Columbia, steady activity in the lumbering districts of Quebec, Nell Brunswick, Ontario and British Columbia, all combine to increase the demand for the necessities of life, and to keep the factories in all parts of C'anadi working at full time and to ensure for the employes a continuance of the high scale of wages of recent years

\section*{DON'T BE JUST OUT.}

THE past Winter has taught the ma jority of Canadian grocers the wistom and necessity of laying up supplies for a stormy day. With con ditions of traffic in such a demoralized state throughout the country that for time merchandise could not be distribut ed except by express, village after vill age was reduced to the ridiculous ex tremity of moulding its own candles for illuminating purposes as in the olf pioncer days. In certain towns, supplie of sugar became practically exhausted and the citizens had to content them selves with comparatively plain living for a considerable period

The rub comes nearer home, howevel A grocer ought not to allow himself th "be just out of" any article belongimb to the category of a grocery stock, evel supposing he had never received his re cent warning to be always prepared for a big emergency
The successful grocer has established reputation for himself, and the lesset lights in the trade are emulating his ex ample. His customers have some ided or another that their grocer is infallible and that he can supply their wants bet ter than any one else living. Unfortii nate man, if he allows such customer to go a-hunting for any article of which they are in need. His \(\sin\) is one whict is fertile in practical results. First, h endangers his reputation, second, hi loses his grip on his customers, anm third, he sacrifices trade. The fal sighted grocer will see to it that he i never "just out of" anything. If such chances to happen, he does not rest un iil he has sent out for the article it question. Come what may, he realize the importance of always being ne plus ultra in the eyes of his customers

IHE CANADIAN GROCER
GRAIN SECTION MEETS.
THE annual meeting of the grain section of the Board of Trade, Toronto, was held Mareh 15, J. (C. McKeggie, the chairman, presiding. In his ammal report Mr. McKeggie commented upon the fact that, although representations had been made to the Dominion Government wrging the appointment of official weighers and also the fixing of flow standards, nothing had been done in either of these matters.

The following were appointed ofticers for the ensuing year:

Chairman, Hedley Shaw.
Vice-Chariman, 1). Plewes, Jr.
Executive, F. W. Hay, W. D. Matthews, (: B. Watts, John Carrick, John Fisher, C. W. Band and A. N. Pearce. Complaint Committee, C'. Goode, D. (1. Ellis, J. C. McKeggie, Hedley Shaw. Membership Committee, D. O. Ellis, J. L. Fisher, W. Russ, M.P., D. Plewes, Jr., Thomas Martin, F. W. Hay.

PERSONAL MENTION.
Mr. W. Wilson, president of the Wilson, Lytle \& Badgerow Co., vinegar manmacturers, Toronto, died on March 11th.
A. S. Bowman is now representing the Tillson Company. "Tillson", stands for quality and commands the lighest market prices.

Mr. F. P. Sawyer, president of the Gireat Western Cereal Co., Chicago, has been in Canada this week looking into the oatmeal situation.

Mr. Henria Jonas, of Henri Jonas \& Co., Montreal, who has been confined to his home with an attack of rheumatism for the past few weeks, is able to get around again to his offices.
Mr. J. M. Agnew, who has been connected with the Hanbury Manufacturing (io., Brandon, Man., for the past nine years, left on March 15 to assume control of the North Star Lumber Company, Cranbrook, B. C.

Mr. 1I. T. Connoliy, manager of Barker's White Store, Moncton, N. B., has severed his connection with this firm and accepted a position with Bryant \& Macdonald, tea importers, Halifax, as traveller for New Brunswick.
Mr. W. Dobie returned to Toronto on Saturday, having been in Chicago since the 5th inst., where he went to attend the funeral of the late Mr. E. W. Gillett, president of E. W. Gillett Company, Limited, Toronto.
Mr. B. O. Beland, Montreal, has secured the services, with interests, of Mr. R. Carignan, for many years travdling representative of D. Masson \&

Co. Mr. Carignan enjoys a good connection with the trade of Montreal and district.
(c. L. Farnworth, representing the \(\mathbf{F}\). F. Dalley Co., Hamilton, Ont., between Ottawa and Quebec, was in Montreal this week. He reports business good and though weather conditions have in a measure made it harder to interest buyers, the feeling on his ground is that the current year will be a good one.
Mr. W. A. Winterstein, the manager of the Montreal branch of the Canada Flour Mills Co.. Chatham, Ont., has made many friends since he came to the city, and it may be mentioned that he is is known as one of the most capable men.in the business, notwithstanding the fact that he is one of the youngest in the trade.
J. Reed, representing J. F.: Baillie, produce and commission merchant, Toronto, passed through Montreal this week on his way to the Maritime Provinces. Mr. Reed also covers Eastern Ontario and Quebec, and reports business satisfactory despite the hard weather and worse roads.
Mr. W. Calvert, of Myers' Royal Spice Company, Niagara Falls, N. Y., is on his way to Calgary, Alta., to introduce Myers' Royal Spices to the customers of J. Turner \& Co., Calgary. Mr. Calvert is one of the oldest representatives of Myers' Royal Spice Co., and as he has won an enviable reputation as a salesman, it is not unlikely that large sales of this firm's goods will be made in the West.
Mr. E. N. Smith, of Smith. Baker \& Co., New York and Yokohama, was in the city recently looking for orders. Mr. Smith called on Mr. Marcean, one of our local dealers, and spoke of the ever present war. He, however, said that it had not affected his business very much here, in as much as orders were generous and business seemed good in Canada.

Mr. J. A. Courtemanche, a well-known Montreal traveHer \({ }_{\$}\) is leaving for Winnipeg and the West, where he will represent the Ocean Mills, Montreal, the famed originators of Chinese starch. The other products of the mills also will be in his capable hands, and it is expected that they will all become as much appreciated in the West as in the East.

Mr. H. J. Colville, one of the biggest grocers in Wimnipeg, was in Montreal for a few days recently, and was welcomed by a large number of old friends here. He was on 'Change and very much appreciated the development in the grocery trade in Montreal, where some of the finest wholesale houses in the Dominion are located:

Mr. F. M. Beamish, grain merchant, Wimnipeg, is dead. The late Mr. Beamish moved to Manitoba sixteen years ago from Port Hope, Ont., where he had been interested in milling, grain buying and farming. On taking up his residence in Manitoba he went into wheat raising on a large scale. Two years ago he gave up active farming operations, and engaged in grain trading in Wimnipeg, in which business he continued until the time of his death.

PURE FOOD BILL BEFORE U. S. CONGRESS.
" 0 bill now pending in Congress the people of the I nited states than the Pure Food Bill now before Congress, should it become law." says H. D. Perky, president of the Natural Food Company, Niagara Falls, N.Y., in his letter to intluence luited States senators.

Mr. Perky is one of the men who are working earnestly for the passage of the Pure Food Bill, and an enthusiastic: advocate of pure toodstuffs. Is he has devoted his life to the study of foods there is perhaps no American better qualified to speak with authority on the subject. At the present time there are pure food laws in force in most of the states of the Union but these are not serving the purpose even in a measure, Mr. Perky is emphatic in urging the enforcement of a common pure food law all wer the linited states as absolutely necessary if the best interests of the nation are to be conserved.

AGENCY FOR ONTARIO SUGAR REFINERY.
W. H. Millman © Sons have recently been appointed agents for Toronto and ontside tributory points for the Ontario Sugar Retinery. Berlin, and report large sales with gand prospects. .

CANADIAN AGENT FOR AMERICAN GRAPE JUICE.
J. H. Maiden, Youville square, Monreal, has secured the agency for Montreal and the Province of Quebec for the Gleason Grape Juice Company's (F'redonia, N. Y.) products. These goods, which have secured a reputation for absolute purity in the United States, should meet with ready acceptation by the grocery trade. Certainly if Government analytical reports may be relied on Gleason's grape juices cannot be excelled. Grape fruit juices have of late years secured a prominent place among the necessities, not only for the sick room but as table beverages, and the grocery trade is the true channel through which the consuming public is becoming acquainted with these delicious beverages. Ther are put up in bottles to retail at 25 c and 50 c .

\section*{"Be not the first by whom the new are tried,}

\section*{Nor yet the last to lay the old aside."}



BRANCHES and AGENCIES
 Hontreal
st Jomen
Halifas. Halitax
Winnipey
Vincer Vancoperer
Vew York.
Bowlon Chitato
Butalo
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\section*{Are you Sharing in this Profitable Trade?}

\section*{Manufacturers}

We can take on one more good line.

Up-to-date Representation.
We create a demand on all the markets of Great Britain for your goods, through our branches.

Dominion Brokerage Co. TORONTO, - CANADA
Branches: New York, London, Liverpool and Cape Town, South Africa. Wealso wish a corresponding broker on all markets of \(C\) inada to offer our American Specialties in conjunciton with us.

\section*{Domestic Sardines}

BRUNSWICK BRAND are reliable, because guaranteed. Specify them in a future order. "Brunswick" branded on Canned Fish is a sure mark of good qualuy. We pack SARDINES, in Oil 1/4s, Mustard \(1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}\), Tomato \(1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}\), Mustard 3/4 ; HERRINGS, in Tomato Siuce, Kippered ; CLAMS, SCALLOPS, CLAM CHOWDER, BONELESS CODFISH, FIN. NAN HADDIES, BONELESS FISH.

\section*{-We ofter in season Fresh Herring and} Codfish.
-If open \(f r\) any of these, order promptly, as the season is short
-Send for prices:
Connors Bros., Limited, packers of sea foods, black's harbour, - N. B.













































\section*{ONTARIO MARKETS}

Toronto，March 17， \(190+\) fair demand at firm prices．Canned weats are being freely booked for future delivery．Beans 2 ＇s are 5e firmer，als： enn 2 ＇s．Cohoes are 1－4e easier．Our urtatirns are as follows：









































Tomatoon
Nomer hill hate is not improbable，although it is too early to speak with certainty The strength of the raw market has been re－ fected in N ．Y．reflned markel where prices have risen fully 10 e per 100 lbs for the week and the market closes firm on net basis of 1.50 for standard granu－ lated．On Monday， 141 h inst．，all Can－ adian prices advanced 5 c per 100 lbs ． and thev are now firm on basis of 1.23 for Montreal granulated and 4.13 for Acarlia and Berlingramulated．Sugar in bars is sold at 10 ec per 100 lhs ．less than in bbls．
Receipts at I．S．Atlantic ports for the week ending March 9 were 45,113 tons with meltings 41.000 tons the same as on the previous week，thus increasing stocks for the week by over 11,000 tons to 114,641 tons of which slightly over 93,000 tons are in refiners＇hands．It will be observed that on the present basis of melting this is equal to less

than 3 weeks supply Combined stocks of I．S．and Cuba at latest advices were 311,611 tons，a decrease of 10 s ． 11 ． tons from last year．Combined stocks of I．S．and Europe at latest uneven dates were 357,610 an increase of 15. 275 tons as compared with an increase of 83,709 tons last week and 209.885 tons on Jatwary 1,1901 ．There are 170 central factories srinding in C＇uba as against the same number grinding las year．The decrease in stocks there is because of much freer selling by the planters．The immediate indications for the raw market are favorable to firm prices without the probability of much further advance，and the same may be said to apply to refined．It would seem safe policy though to carry fair stocks for all immediate requirements．We re－ vise quotations below as follows








SYRUPS AND MOLASSES．
The demand for symp and melases ontimes fair：：n the save time the market is musetted amb will remain su mitil the New Orlean－zrain test whes ren is settled．Buyers are cantimols wolding back：they will bux ame wa onls，namels，duty maid and in view of this fact are emsidewing the advisabil ity of bringing in srmp and molasos from the West hadien．Wi．Hen te as

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The demand tor tea is tamb active this week．Considerable ditionhts ha－ been experienced in setting suitable mar－ kets for buyers en acoomt of firm prices． Latest advices from Londom．End ．．say Latest advices from london．Eno．\(\because\) saly
there has been an adrance of from \(1-4 d\) ． to 1－2d．in the market since the week of previous sale，and that prosiects for brisk sales are good．An almest com－
piete absence of ferton teas possessims a full desimable flawor is noted in the London market. If the import tax on Indian and Ceglon teas is abolished it will have the effeet of booming the London market. The war in the East is keeping people whesing te Japans and Chinas: the views of local holders of Japans are streng thening and some ship, pers of dapans are holding asite and will mot diseluse business. Cevlons. Indias and greens are strong. and the demand for them is brisk with prices unchanged. A harge shipment of China tea was sent down fiom Canada to Xell Somk last week, to take adrantage of the relatively higher prices prevailing there Clearances of all teas from London ware homses for the month of Febrnars were 18.763.919 Jbse and for the same month
 Indias was well maintained at slights advanced priets. mediums were fully firm to dearer. While any Auman Hawor-
 compretition. extremely high prices be ing paid tor a shipment from okayti Deliveries for the month were satiofac tory being nearly datater million bla in excess of las February. Stocks have been reduced bs four milion pounds dur ing the month. Brisk competition was experjenced in Ceglons, the imporement moticed in lant report being further ar centuated. Commen kinds ruled strons 10) a fractional adrance, and medium leserpitions contimed to stow in favor with buyers. particularly Pekoes and Orange Pekoes with good (elly. Colomber telegrams estimate Mareh shipments 1 . Great Britain at seren and a quarter million pounds, as against seven and a half millions las year. English imports of Java for the year have been \(1,066,000\) fos, as against \(509,000 \mathrm{lb}\) in 1903. We quote as follows:

\section*{Congou-half-chests. Kais \\ Indian -} \(\begin{array}{ll}0 \\ 0 & 50 \\ 0 & 55 \\ 0 & 40 \\ 0 & 25 \\ 0 & 42 \\ 03 & 35 \\ 0 & 35 \\ 0 & 50 \\ 0 & 28 \\ 0 & 50 \\ 0 & 40 \\ 0 & 38 \\ 0 & 23 \\ 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 15 \\ 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 19 \\ 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 40 \\ 0 & 37 \\ 0 & 32 \\ 0 & 30 \\ 0 & 28 \\ 0 & 23 \\ 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 1\end{array}\)

\section*{COFFEES.}

The eoffee market continues firm but miet this week, very little trading has fing been done. The demand for Rios is impored: other brands are quint. Any change in prices of coffees is makely at least for some weeks. The coffee (wop) is being picked in Brazil at the wresent time, and nothing is certain yet as to the extent of this season's coffee (ron) Latest reports advise that the coffee berry this year is particularly good qual ity and lint at a lighter coffee crop than usual. Any idea as to the exact
extent of the crop, or an intelligent fore cast of prices will not be possible for several weeks yet, meanwhile the market is murertain. Last week's prices continue machanged. Gur chotation are is follows


\section*{SPICES.}

The markets are holding firm and business is queler than usual this week. The propects for most spices are fair. Our chetations are as follows:

\section*{ Ginger}

\section*{RICE AND TAPIOCA}

Rice is in good demand this well at full prices: the same remark apmilies to lapioca amb sago. Stocks of Japan rices He exhamsted amd ne"l stortis have mo ret arrived: the matkets in the combry of growth are high which would seem to mean high prices here for Japan rice. Rogoon rices, contrary to usual experihee are easter. The rice maket adrancing right along. althongh it is not likely to hold thas. Our quotations are as follow:

\section*{}

Per
031
031
03
03
0
0

\section*{Foreign Dried Fruits}

Trade in dried froits is fair but quiet with firm prices of last week unchanged. Letters from Spain say stocks of raisin. are steatily reducing without any apprectable change in prices. Curants are also in fair demand with no changes in prices: an particular inguiges from jobbers in Canada having been received during the week. Pranes are becomins active in the market. There is a small demand for apricots and peaches at firm prices. Waporated apples are reported quict. We quate as follows

\section*{\(100-110 \mathrm{~s}\)
\(90-100 \mathrm{~s}\).
80.90 s.
\(70-80 \mathrm{~s} \ldots\)}

Lemon.

Tapnets.
Naturals

\section*{\(\begin{array}{ll}0 & 04 \\ 0 & 05 \\ 0 & 051 \\ 0 & 06\end{array}\)}

CANDIED PEELS
Per lb.
\(\begin{aligned} & \text { P. } 10 \\ & 0.11 \\ & 0\end{aligned} 1 \frac{12}{2}\) Citron

FIGS.
\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Per lb. } \\
\hdashline 0063 \\
0003 \\
0
\end{gathered}
\]
APRICOTS.


\({ }_{0} \mathrm{Perll}_{15} \mathrm{lb}_{\text {i8 }}\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{PEACHES.} \\
\hline Californian evaporated & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Per lb. } \\
& 008 \frac{1}{2} 012
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline CURR & NTS. \\
\hline  & \[
\text { Vostizzas ........ } 0.0 \begin{array}{ccc}
\text { Per lb. } & 07 & 0 \\
0
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


The demand for ermed fish is still brisk. Stocks are holding out well. Last week's prices continue unchanged. We quote as follows:

Herring, No. 1 , Labrador, in bbls
spit shore, \(\frac{1}{2}\) - bbls
Large dried cod in quintals
Coin steak, \(1-\mathrm{lh}\). blocks.
Boneless fish, i-ll. blocks.
scaled herring \(25-1 \mathrm{l}\), boxes, per ih


Country Produce.
EgGS.
The egg market is firmer than it was last week and stocks are barely sufficient to supply the demand even with ship. ments from local someces gradually inrrasing. One provision firm had 1 , resort to an importation of 150 case from Chicago, on which they paid a dut of 3 Be per dozen. As The Grocer pre dicted the price of eggs dropped to 20. it is, however slightly firmer this week. and a wider range of prices is recorded. We quote as follows
Eggs, fresh laid, per doz
\(021 \quad 024\)

\section*{poultry.}

The poultry market continues steads and quiet with very little coming for ward. Last week's prices continue michanged. Our quotations are as follows

\section*{Chickens, live per lib
Oid hens \\ Ohickens, "" "
Chessed, per ii
Old hens, \\ Chickens, d
Oid hens,}
\(\begin{array}{lllll}0 & 09 & 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 05 \\ 0 & 05 & 0 & 06 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 14\end{array}\)
beans.
The demand for beans comtimes fain at last week's quotation prices. A somb general quality of bean is selling better than hand-picked. Our quotations are as follows


\section*{honey}

Honey continues quiet this week and the market is featureless. Last week' raotations continue unchanged. Wo quote as follows:
Honey, extracted clover, per lb
\(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 068 \\ 150 & 0 & 076 \\ 1 & 070\end{array}\)

\section*{Fish.}

The fish market continues active thi week. Present indications are that ther will be a scarcity in whitefish and trout. Sea herring and bloaters are out of the market, otherwise stocks are holding out all right. Fresh herrings are 21-2c easier, and oysters 55c easier. Finnan
haddies have advanced 1c. Our qoutaions are as follow
Whitetish, frozen, per lb
rout, frozen, per er
Herrings, fresh, per 1
British. Columbian salm
Halibut, frozen, per 1 b .
Perch, per \(\mathrm{lb} . \ldots \ldots . .\).
Hackerel, froz
Haddocis, per
Cod, ijer \(16 .\).
Tullibees, per ii
resh-water herriog, fozozen, per ib
Finnan haddies, per lb....


\section*{Green Fruits}

The general condition of the market in green firuits continues much the same as last week, the local trade being brisk and outside distribution of fruit largely hindered except in express lots, on ac combt of the demoralized state of rail way tratife, especially in Northern On tario where trains have not been monning for a tortmight. There is very little de mand at present for Florida and Japan tangarines, which are practically out of he market. Supplies of California tanfarines are easily available if theit imiportation was warranted by the demand of the frut trade. Califormia navel wranges easily lead in the orange market, with a big demand and plentiful supplies of stocks of first-class qualiy. Bitter oranges are quieter than hey were last week. There is an im moved demand for Mexican oranges, ind stocks are excellent quality. Val dhe ala ranges are easier this week and will be cheaper still. The market is queter than it has been. Stocks of Falencias are coming freely: they rank bler California navels, however The lemand for lemons is good, and there is very little change of the price declinmg. Stocks of California lemons are plentifal in the United States, but the Canadian trade does not care for them mineipally on account of their poor reeping qualities. The demand for ETapefruit is brisk and improving stead ily. although this is a combarative movelty on the market. Pincapples are asier in price. The local hamana mar ket is brisk, but it is lifticult to determme the evact state of the torm me the exact state of the general mar sen becallyse filled of town orders are not nsually filled until the week-end after The firocer has gone to press. Orders, atrerer, are coming in freely. Apples we plentiful and a little easier in price Florida tomatoes are becoming plentiall on the market. The demand for mies is brisk. Strawherries are on the market in smal lots and are selling at finc a box. We quote as follows:
Florida tangarines, in straps...
.
in 1 -straps.
per bunde 2 o.
per bos
per bo
per bo
Hexican oranges, pe
Tarmalade oranges, per bex per....
Bitter oranges, batter. per box.....
Messina lemonos, Meessina lemong, noterwo, ber bes
Valencia oranges. 714 case.
Valencias, large, per case ...
lorida prape fruit, per box.
Bananas, Iarge bunches...
Apples. perbbl
lorida tomatatoes, per crate
Tomatoes, green house, per ib
Limes. per case ....
Limes. 1 nt thtraps
Strawberries, per

\section*{Vegetables}

There is a brisk demand for vegetables of every description this week, although supplies continue to come in verv slowly and do not begin to meet the demand. The city market is supplied largely by market gardeners in the outlying com try districts who find it absolutely impossible to market their vegetables on account of the impassable state of the roads. Parsnips, cabbage, and beetare scarce, particularly the two former. Onions are plentiful but the demand is not so great as it was. Parsley is particularly scarce. (ireen-house asparagus has appeared on the market in small luts and is selling at 2 ge a bunch. Last week asparagus sold on the New. York market for the fancy price of \(\$ 12\) to *1S per dozen buches. Supplies of lettuce and rhubarb are plentiful but the market for them is slow. Potatoes are 10e easier. The demand for California celery is fair, but suffers by comparison with that of former years. There is a brisk demand for green cucumbers which are 25 e firmer than last week's guotation prices. Canadian green cocumbers are on the market this week for the first time and are quoted at from *1.7.5 to *2 per dozent-Our quotations are as follows

\section*{Cabbage, per doz. \\ Potatoes, per, par doz.
Potatoes, per bag, car}

Potatoes, per bag, car lota........
Sweet potatoes, per bush. crater
Onions per peck...
Onions white, per ba
Onions, red, per bag
Spanish onions, par crate
Spanish (Valencia) onions, la
Bunch lettuce
Spanish Valencial onions. large casees.
Bunch ettuce, per doz. bunches
Mulishes, per doz bunches
Mushrooms. per lib. .
Parsiey,
Sage, per doz.

Beets, per hush
Beeta, per bag
Carrosis. per bag.
Artichokes, per bush...
Vellow turnips,
Vellow turnips, per bag.
Oyster plants, per doz.
Ieeks,
Oyster plants,
Leeks, per doz.
Celery, per doz

Rhuharb, per doz
Green onions, per bunde.
Green onions, per doz,
Green house water cress. per doz
Green cucumber
Asparagus, zreen house , Caner per pun, per doz.


\section*{Seeds.}

The seed market is showing increasing signs of life and is steadily improving as weather conditions become more farorable. Last week's prices continue unchanged. Our quotations are as follows:
Red clover, per bush
Alsike
Timony, per it in
flaii threshed

Grain, Flour and Breakfast Foods. grain.
The grain market is inactive this week, and prices continue to fluctuate on account of the manipulations of speculators. During the last 12 days there has been a rise and subsequent fall in prices in Chicago, so that in the market then and now as far as prices are concerned there is not much difference. Manitoba wheat, northern, No. 1 and No. 2, are \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}\) and 1 c firmer re

\section*{Special Ampouccemanit!}

McGREGOR'S MARMALADE
'ABSOLUTELY PURE'"
```

A staple article in all first-class grocery
Mregor-Harris Co..Ltd., under the per
originator. For sale by all leqhing

```

PRICES-Doolittle Quarts, \(\$ 3.25\); pound jars, \(\$ 1.50\); tumblers, \(\$ 1.00\) per doz. F.O.B. Toronto ; Quaker Marmalade, \(\$ 1.70\) per doz

McGregor - Harris Co., 33 Pearl St., TORONTO.

\section*{TOBLER'S \\ SWISS MILK CHOCOLATE} is delicious. Try it.

BROWNE \& WELLS, Limited, TORONTO canadian agents.

\section*{FISH ano OYSTERS}

WHOLHSALE.
The F. T. JAMES C0., Limited
76 Colborne Street, TORONTO.

\section*{EGGS}

We will buy your eggs F.0.B. all year.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
The WM. RYAN CO., Limited
70 and 72 Front St. E., Toronto,

\section*{BUTTER no EGGS BUYERS and SELLERS}

Correspondence solicited from ONTARIO MANITOBA and LOWER PROVINCES.
Rintefofori, Massiall \& Co.
Wholesale Produce Merchants, TORONTO.


FLOUR
The demand for flour is fair with prices firm, but the market continues uncertain owing to the manipulations of grain speculators. Until the gram market becomes steadier a forecast of the flour market is out of the question. Very little wheat is coming in from local sources, although srain from the West has begun to move more freely. Last week's quetations are unchanged. We quete as follows:

\section*{Manitoba whea \\ Strong bakers
Ontario wheat \\ patents}

\section*{BREAKFAST FOODS}

The market in breakfast foods con tinues brisk this week with raw materials reri firm in price. Indications point to a further adrance in prices if anything. Last week's quotations remain unchanged. We quote the follow ing prices

Oatmeal, standard and granulated, carlots, on
track, per bbb
track, per bbl
Rolled oats, stand \(\qquad\) i., in bags.
for broken lots
Rolled whe
Split peae
Pot harley in bass.
Swiss food, per case.

\section*{Hides Skins and Wool}

Trade in these lines continues fair No chanses in prices are noted. We ancte as fellows:

\section*{HIDES.}

\section*{}

\section*{CALFSKINS}

washed wool, yer. 1 b ...
Unwashed w
Fliece wool,
Pulled wools,
Tallow. per lbet...
```

super, per

```

\section*{QUEBEC MARKETS.}

Montreal, March 17th, 1904

\section*{Groceries}

()NCE more the simning of the weather has proven a foe to trade. The long looked for thaw lasted only a couple of days and the country roads are in serious shape. No doubt there will be a rush shortly and things will be humming in all branches of

\section*{THE MARKETS}
trade. The feature of the market was sugar again this week, which advanced another 5 c per hundred; tio doubt in sympathy with the strong Nieli fo. markets, that is, for both raw and refined. This marks an advance of 10 c per hundred withiin a week. Syrups and per hundred withïn a week. Syrups and inolasses are featureless although the market is strong, no change in prices is recorded. Some rather noticeable reatures in connection with the war have cropped up. One is the price of sulphur which has risen from \(1_{4}^{3}\) to \(2 c\) per lb . Camphor has jumped up from 75 c to \(\$ 1\) a lb. When it is known, however, that most of the camphor comes from Japan, his is not surprising. For tapioca the iemand has been first-rate, while sago is firm but slower. There seems to be a simpathetic movement prevailing for all ines of breakfast cereals. Low grades of rice have declined 10 c , effecting only rocers in the Quebec Guild. Grenoble walnuts have become much firmer and are quoted at 12 c and 13 c , according to size and quantity. Brazil nuts are much asier, being quoted at 10 c and 11 c , according to size and quantity. Dried ruits are still dead. and the demand is rimited. For green fruit there is a good demand for fine sound California stock Florida grape iruit has jumped up \(\$ 1.50\) In fish there are some noticeable changes as quotations will show. Oysters have Iropped a little and Tom Cods have dropped awav down, in some cases as low as \(\$ 1\). Fish is verv scarce. Japan eas have advanced a penny in inn.... and Cevlons and other teas are expected to follow.

\section*{sugar}

Yesterdav sugar aqaiu advanced, showing 10 c per hundred rise within a week This takes effect in Ontario, Quebec and Manitoba, and strange to say a half an hour after a similar advance was quoted for the Maritime Provinces. On the local market there is a marked firmness and a very decided probability of an inreased demand keeping right up.
We quote

\section*{}

\section*{SVRUPS AND MOLASSES}

Dullness marked syrup and molasses this week, and while the markets are strong the demand is good from day to day, and a decided increase in strength is expected. There is no doubt about the statement already made, that there is an abundance of old molasses in Newfoundland and other places, and that Barbadoes will be low. We quote as Barbad
follow



\section*{COFFEE.}

The demand for Cofiee is increasing, and it is expected prices will steadily harden, as the receipts are reported tu be smaller than usual. However, no marked advance has been quoted locally; although in New York there have beet some wild quotations during the week. The big dealers report that the longer buyers hold off, the greater must be the demand later on. We quote as follows


TEA.
Tea has dominated the interest locally by noticeable advances in Japans anti Ceylons. One large dealer stated that he had disposed of 5,000 half chest paciages of Japan tea, since Feb. 8th. There has been an active demand ant the market has developed a strong tendency for all descriptions of tea. There is every prospect that the recent adrances will be maintained. The median qualities have noticeably hardened up especially Japan style China Congous which advanced from 8 to 10 c , and 1 10 and \(10 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}\). An interview with Mr Hunt, the well-known tea dealer, else where in this issue, tells tersely the Japanese situation. However, there is another important feature in teas, in-asmuch as the Ceylon and India tea is expected to advance. The tea market will no doubt be verv interesting rifht aiong. Our quotations are as follows

\section*{Gived to medium Japans \\ Fine to choice}

Indian greens
Japan style China congoes
ealeaf and Pinhead Gunpowders
Ceylon blacks.

\(\begin{array}{ll}0 & 24 \\ 0 & 24 \\ 0 & 35 \\ 0 & 20 \\ 0 & 30 \\ 0 & 102 \\ 0 & 40 \\ 0 & 22 \\ 0 & 30 \\ 0 & 30\end{array}\)

\section*{CANNED GOODS}

The condition of the market remain. about the same as last week, except that the old stocks are getting low, is thev usually do at this time of the year. and there is very little change in prices. The probabilities are that some lines of canned goods will be very low before the new pack, as the trader calls it, come in. We quote

\section*{THE MARKETS}

\section*{Foreign Dried Fruits.}

The demand for dried fruits is limited but improvements in currants has been maintained, and even accentuated. From abroad it is learned that holders show every disposition to meet buyers, and business may be expected to continue and develop in activity. An improve ment is also reported from abroad in he demand for Sultanas. Holders in his line as not so iriendiy, as they seem to think that the excessive yiel of Smyrna fruit this season will be averaged by the corresponding diminuion in the ensuing one. Dates have hown a remarkably good demand, but the price has changed to \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) to \(3 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{c}\) per lb. Our quotations are as follows
valencia raisins,
New, finest off-stalk, per lb
0060061 New, inest offes
Selected. per 1 lb .
Layers, ........................ 0 öt 0007

Comadres, per tapnet.
 DATES.
Dates, Hallowees, per lb.......................... 00314003
CALIFORNIAN EVAPORATED FRUITS.
Apricots, per lb.
踢
malaga raisins.
London Layers. ciusters Royal Buckingham Olusters,",
Excelsior Windsor Clusters Excelsior Windsor Clusters" \({ }^{7}\)...

CALIFORNIAN RAISINS.
Loose muscatels, per 1 b

 Perlb. Perlb.

\section*{\({ }^{30-5}\) \\ \(80.90 .\).
\(90-100 \mathrm{~s}\). \\ Oregon Prunes (Italian style) 40-50 \({ }^{50}\)...... \\  \\ currants.}
 Finest Vostizzas.."
Amalias
in 1-1b. cartons. Amalias SULTANA RAISINS.
Sultana raisins, per sulta
per lb. cart

\section*{Green Fruits}

Things are awakening in the green fruit trade, and that lot of frozen oranges referred to last week is still clogging the market, some of them selling as low as \(\$ 1.50\) to \(\$ 2\). Good stock, however, is bringing good prices, and Florida oranges have advanced from \(\$ 4.75\) to \(\$ 5.25\) a box. Valencia oranges, 420 s , have dropped 25 c and are selling freely at \(\$ 3.75\). Florida grape fruit advanced from \(\$ 5.50\) to \(\$ 7\). Lemons have a good demand, \(\$ 2.50\) to \(\$ 3\). There has been a noticeable drop in Florida tomatoes of \(\$ 1\) per crate, and a drop also in

California cauliflowers owing to the poor quality of the goods on the mar ket. Apples are selling freely at full prices. The risk in handling naturaliy increases as the season advances, and retailers should buy from hand to mouth. Boston lettuce is selling well at \(\$ 1\) a dozen. Cucumbers at \(\$ 2.75\) a dozen, and watercress at 60 c a dozen We quote :

> Oranberries. . . . .
Cocoanuts per bag of 100
Canadian apples, in bbls.
> Canadian apples, in bbl
Pineapples, 24 to case.
30 to case
> Bananas.
Valencias
> Sweat potatoess. per bob
Spanish onions.
> Spanish onions, cases.
Fivench onions. \(110-1 \mathrm{bb}\) cases.
New Messins lemons \(3000^{\circ} \mathrm{s}\).
> Florida oranges, per box 360
> California navels per crate.
> Florida tomatoes, per crate...
Calfornia celery
Californian caulitower, case Californian caulitio
Florida grape fruit
Jamaica oranges Florida grape fruit
Jamaica oranges.
Jamaica grape fruit

\section*{Fish.}

With the sanity of nature, fish grows less interesting as Lent fades. Fresh fish is easier in price owing to the better supply. Salt fish continues in good demand, and frozen herring are practically finished for the season. Prices for other lines are slightly higher. Apart from this the fish market is in good shape, and stocks are very light. I slight error was made in the drop in salmon last issue, which was quoted as


Suppose you yourself had a valuable horse taken suddenly sick or had a fine lot of hogs being destroyed by cholera, or a herd of dairy cows ailing, or poultry dying-and immediate rclief was imperative to save you from serious losswould you hesitate about deciding to have the best and surest remedy ? Would it pay you to take an indifferent article? Would you think your dealer was doing the square thing by you not to give you the best so as to insure reliet and prevent loss and trouble for you? Surely not.

In Pratts Food you have just such an article with over 30 years of the hardest kind of test behind it, and the assurance of quick and certain results. In Pratts Food you have more than a commercial article, you have a business maker that will not only insure you future sales, but also gratitude from stock owners and increased patronage. You have also the conviction that you are selling the oldest and best Stock and Poultry Food in America.

We have some attractive literature showing how we advertise the goods in connection with your own business. A postal card will fetch it.

THE ROBT. GREIG CO., Limited

\section*{The}

Ganadian Grocer
THE MARKETS
\(\$ 1\) instead of 5 th. Onster have the prevailitig price oi \(\$ 1.10\) for standards and \(\$ 1.64\) for selects. Fish, however, of all kinds is very sarce. We quote

\section*{Frozen
Haddies
Smoked}

Sroked herring, yer box
Dore, per ild, frozen, fancy Winter
Pike,
Halibut, frozen, ver il
Gaspe salmon, frozen, per ib
Frozen B.C salmon, per lb.
Frozen B
Smelts

\section*{Smelts}

Choice round tro
Whitetish, sma
No. 1 labralor herrint in 20 -ib pails
No. 1 ferring, Labrador, per bbl
No. 1 Holland herring, per half
No. 1 Scotch herring
Holland herring, per per keg.
No. 1 grean codfish
Holland herring, per keg.
No. 1 green coddith, new , 200
No. 2 green cod. bbls. 200 .
No. 2 green cod, bbls. \(200 \ldots\)
No. 1 green haddock. hbls.
No. 1 rreen hadidock, bbls. \(200 . .\).
Green pollock, bbls 20
Salt eels. bbls. 200 it.
Salt eels, bbls. 200 it
salt maekerel pail of 20 ibs
Boneless cod, \(j\) and \(2-10\). bloch
Boneless fish, in crates, in boxes
Soneless fish, in crates, 12
B. C. salmou, choice rea, per bil
B. salnoon, 1, bibl

Marshalls kippered herring, per doz.
Canadian kippered, per doz
Canadian
4
Cained cove oysters, No. 1 size, per doz
Canned cove oysters. No. 2 size, per doz
Canned cove oysters. No. 2 size, per doz
Standar
Selects
Selects.
\(\begin{array}{ccc}300 & 4 & 0 \\ \cdots & 1 & 5 \\ 007 & 0 & 7\end{array}\)

\section*{Country Produce}

\section*{EGGS.}

The tresh egy which has been almost atinct for the past lew months, excep for millionaires, has been discovered, and the conditions are improving. There is no immediate likelihood however of there being any sarp break in the marhet, and retailers are advised to be careiul and to adjust their prices from one to two cents irom day to day. Report from the country indicates that the roads are still had and large supplies are not expected until there is some improvement in the means of getting about. The market has again weakened, howerer, and in: -ingle cases 26 c is quoted. with sales of fair sized lots at 2.5c. As Faster nears the price of eggs will diminish.

\section*{BEANS}

The bean market is still stronger, and Western dealers are blamed for this, in fact one wholesaler stated yesternay That he could not understand the bean market. Primes sold at \(\$ 1.40\) to \(\$ 1.59\) per bushel in car lots. Smaller lots at \(\$ 1.55\) to \(\$ 1.65\), and lots of one to five barrels \(\$ 1.60\) to \(\$ 1.65\)

Hone! is very scarce, and there is a decided advance in price. White clover comb honey is bringing from 14c to 16 c . There is not a bit of buckwheat on the market. The price if available remaning the same, of to 7c. Extracted white clover remains unchanged at \(8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{C}\) 109 c

\section*{potatoes}

Americans have been after our potatoes this last week, and an advance in price has been the result. Shipments have been made to Boston and New York. and other New England points. Dealers have been compelled to pay higher prices for first-class stock. higher prices for first-class stock.
Stocks are very light here, and 75 c to
fic was quoted in car lots on track, be ing a decided advance of nearly 10 c , and \(85{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{c}\) to 90 c per bag was quoted. Offerings are fair.
maple products.
The season is at hand for new maple products of all kinds, and great care should be taken in avoiding fraudulent goods. It is all very well for the dealer to say he has pure maple syrup, but there is really no new maple syrup on the market now. If the dealer is sufficiently honest to leave out the word "pure", and is willing to confess that the maple sugar he is selling you is mixed with granulated or any pure promixed with granulated or any pure pro-
duct, he could not be subject to critiduct, he could not be subject to criti-
cism. Prices remain about the same Sugar was quoted very scarce. We quote
Maple syrup, in wood, per lb.
Maple syrup, in large tins ....
Pure sugar, p
Pure Beauce
\(\begin{array}{llll}0 & 053 & 0 & 06 \\ 0 & 70 & 0 & 06 \\ 0 & 07 & 0 & 75 \\ 0 & 07 & 074 \\ 0 & 08 & 0 & 07\end{array}\)

\section*{Flour and Feed.}

Flour remains firm and very similar o the market of last week. A weakening is anticipated in Manitoba grades should the same tendenev continue in wheat, meantime prices remain steady. We quote :
Manitoba spring wheat patents
Vinter wheat patents bakers
Winter wh
Straight ro
Extra.
Extraigh

There is a better demand for feed, and rade is much better every way. The advance in Ontario brand has been maintained, and shorts also remain strong. We quote :
Ontario bran, in bulk..


OATMEAL.
Oatmeal has kept firm and rolled oats has held steadily to the advance made There is a good demand everywhere Plenty of jobbing is done on the basis of \(\$ 2.50\) a bag and \(\$ 5.15\) to \(\$ 5.20\) a barrel. Oatmeals are quoted by the wholesale houses as follows
Fine oatmeal, bags ....
Standard oa
Granulated
Rolled oats,
Rolled oats, bays

\section*{HIDES.}

Prices in hides remain the same. There are plenty of receipts but the quality is not considered of the finest. We quote as follows
No. 1 beef hides.
Lambskins.....
No. 1 calfokins.

\section*{BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKETS.}

Vancouver, B. C., Mar. 11, 1904

MUTTON from the pulp of sugar beets is certainly a novel "byproduct" of the beet sugar industry. That, however, is one of the results of the commencement of the beet sugar industrỳ at Raymond, Alberta. The big beet sugar refinery there built by the Mormon settlement, and now in operation, has been finishing off between three and four thousand muttons on the pulp, and as the cost of the pulp for the
purpose is but 50 c per ton it is a very cheap feed. The pulp is not good as an exclusive ration, having to be combined with hay and grain, but it has turned out most satisfactorily

A proof that the mutton is all right is that \(P\). Burns, the millionaire cattleman and butcher, has purchased the lot. It has always been urged as the great fault of Western feeding of all butcher's stock that it is not "finished" as the same stock would be in the East. In this one instance that difficulty is removed. Following the establishment of the sugar refinery at Raymond, there is to be a consequent extension of the area in beets this season. The Winter has been favorable for the preparation of the land and in addition to the ground last year several thousand acres of new territory have been contracted for It is largely owing to the prospects of this industry that such a large influx of Mormon settlers to the district now oc cupied in Southern Alberta is expected The report is that three thousand families are expected to come in this year The town of Raymond, the centre of the Mormon settlement, now has a populaMormon settlement, now has a popula-
tion of 2,000 . This trade, like all that tion of 2,000 . This trade, like all that
of Western Alberta, is largely tributary to the Vancouver wholesale trade

The results oi the recent provincial mining convention in Victoria are making themselves felt in Vancouver. There have been some meetings held here to accentuate the effects of the convention in the way of increasing the interest taken by the business community generally in the welfare of the mining indus try. Many wholesale merchants not directly interested or engaged in mining enterprises have taken hold of the movement to establish a flourishing branch of the mining association here, and it is likely to be a big success

The wholesale trade is deeply interested in the welfare of mining in the province, and they recognize the fact. It is a well understood thing that the trade sends a large number of travellers to the Kootenays and receives a large patronage from the mining centres there. The value of coast mining to the business of the coast cities in not so well understood because not so prominent. There has been wonderful development, however, in the trade with upcoast points, and large quantities oi supplies for many prospectors and miners are shipped from here, especially in the Spring, Summer and Fall seasons. In order to meet this rapidly growing interest and aid it in every possible way, the wholesale and other business men of the city are taking hold of the mining association.

Some very encouraging reports from White Horse received by the steamer

\section*{SITUATION VACANT.}

W
ANTED.-A Processor for a Canning Factory with the latest up-to-date machinery, having capacity of three million cans, consisting of Corn Peas, Tomatoes and Beans, all kinds of Fruits and Tomato Pulps and Ketchups. Applicants must understand Pipe Fitting and Can Making. No one need apply without the highest references as to his capability to handle such machinery and to pack the above line of goods. A rare chance for a first class man. Married man preferred. Address The Old Homestead Canning Co., Picton, Ont Can.

\section*{BARCAIINS \\ IN \\ CANNED GOODS}

Hickmott's Golden Crown Asparagus, \(2 \frac{1}{2}-\mathrm{lb}\). Siquare Tins, Cases 2 doz. .
\(\$ 3.50\) per doz.
Loggie's Eagle Brand Blueberries, \(\boldsymbol{2}\)-lb. Tins, Cases
\(\xrightarrow{2} \mathrm{~d}^{7}\).
1.00
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & Canners net prices to the Wholesale Trade & Our prices to the Retail Trade \\
\hline Preserved Apples.................. . 3 lb. & Cases 2 doz. & \$1.25. & \$1.25 per doz. \\
\hline Preserved Grapes. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3 lb. & Cases 2 doz. & 1.26 & 1.2. \\
\hline Preserved Grapes. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(2.2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}\). & Cases 2 doz. & \(1.57 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(1.57 \frac{1}{2}\) \\
\hline Yellow Peaches . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3 lb. & Cases 2 doz. & 2.34 & 2.35 \\
\hline Bartlett Pears . .................. \(2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}\). & Cases 2 doz. & \(1.75 \frac{1}{2}\) & 1.75 \\
\hline Bartlett Pears . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3 lb. & Cases 2 doz. & 1.89 & 1.90 \\
\hline Standard Pears . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Gall. & Cases \(\frac{1}{2}\) doz. & 3.15 & 3.15 \\
\hline Pine Apples, Sliced. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2 lb . & Cases 2 doz. & 2.00 & 2.00 \\
\hline Pine Apples, Whole ............... 3 lb. & Cases 2 doz. & 2.35 & 2.35 \\
\hline Pine Apples, Grated . . . . . . . . . . . . 22 lb . & Cases 2 doz. & 2.25 & 2.5 \\
\hline Lombard Plums, Heavy Syrup ...... 2 lb . & Cases 2 doz. & 1.17 & 1.15 \\
\hline Lombard Plums, Heavy Syrup ...... \(2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lb}\). & Cases 2 doz. & \(1.39 \frac{1}{2}\) & 1.35 \\
\hline Rhubarb, Preserved................ 31. & Cases 2 doz. & 1.62 & 1.60 \\
\hline Strawberries in Heavy S, rup........ 2 lb & Cases 2 doz. & 1.26 & 1.2.) \\
\hline Strawberries, Preserved............ 2 lb . & Cases 2 doz. & 1.44 & 1.40 \\
\hline Standard Strawberries . . . . . . . . . . . . Gall. & Cases \(\frac{1}{2}\) doz. & 4.50 & 4.50 \\
\hline Beets, Sliced....................... . 2 lb. & Cases 2 doz. & . 81 & . 60 \\
\hline Beets, Whole . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2 lb. & Cases 2 doz. & . 81 & . 60 \\
\hline Beets, Whole . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3 lb. & Cases 2 dożz & . 90 & . 70 \\
\hline Onions, Select Table . . . . . . . . . . . . . lb . & Cases 2 doz. & 1.25 & 1.25 \\
\hline Parsnips, Select Table . . . . . . . . . . . . 2 lb . & Cases \(\simeq\) doz & . 81 & . 75 \\
\hline Spinach, Select Table . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2 lb. & Cases 2 doz & 1.26 & 1.25 \\
\hline Turnips, Select Table . . . . . . . . . . . . 3 3 lb. & Cases 2 doz. & . 90 & . 75 \\
\hline Succotash, Log Cabin ............ 2 lb . & Cases 2 doz. & \(1.12 \frac{1}{2}\) & 1.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TERMS : F.O.B. MONTREAL, Net 30 days or \(\mathbf{1} \% 10\) days.

\section*{Hudon, rlebert \& Cie. MONTREAL.}

\section*{Canadian Grocer}

Princess May, which arrived a day or two ago from Skagway, give particulars of development on Bullion creek and other properties in the new Alsek district. The trade being done by White Horse merchauts in out-itting parties and miners who are going in to the new fields is rapidly increasing. Every steamer northbound takes a full complement of passengers, and now it is difficult to get accommodation without booking some time ahead.
There has been a slight falling ofi. in he size of shipments, due partly to the tact that over-the-ice consignments to Dawson have practically all gone forward, and that the stocks at White Horse have been liberally filled up in advance. As soon as large parties now preparing to go North start out, there will be a heavy movement of goods North. Shipments for the open season on the Yukon river have of course not ret begun. It is not to be expected that that trade will begin until the end of next month, as the river does not open till then.

Local wholesale and retail trade has been rather quiet. Interior orders have been lighter, as there is so much snow in the country the commencement of season's operations has not begun. On the coast, there has been so much catchy weather of late that from the logging camps up coast to the building trade in the cities there has been much interruption. The fact that the weather in the Northwest and Manitoba has been severe keeps back the lumber shipments which would otherwise have begun to be heavy by this time. The unsettled conditions in the lumber market are also partially responsible for the slowness

In local markets there has not been much to reature. The condition of the staple grocery market is steady. Two ships from the Old Country have arrived on the coast this week. The China Mutual steamer Ping Suey discharged at Victoria and has moved up to Vancou-
ver, where she will deliver several hunver, where she will deliver several hun-
dred tons to local merchants. The sailing ship Hougomont, also from Liverpool, has reached Victoria and her full cargo is for the wholesale trade of that city and Vancouver.

From Vancouver, Wash., the namesake city of this metropolis, comes the report that the Fruit Growers' Association of Clarke Country are discouraged with the results from their efiorts in the prune packing industry. They have a prune packing plant which is being run on only a small scale. Weaker condition of the market, they say, has caused the association to look gloomily on the outlook. The probability is that many of the orchards will be grubbed out this season, in fact some growers have begun to take out prune trees

In the provision trade there is a marked scarcity of good butter. Some Eastern Canadian fresh made creamery is expected at present, but it has not arrived here yet. The supply of local dairy is slightly improved, but it cuts no figure to any extent in the market. Most of it comes direct to the retail trade from the makers or is bought in a jobbing wa: ov the trade at the weekly New Westminster market. The lo-
cal creameries are not yet putting up any great quantity. Price of California is still too high to bring it in here, and there is little likelihood at the present moment that there will be any importations from there this year.
Eggs locally and from California are easier this week. The local fresh stock will now sell at 35 e retail, while the will now sell at California stock is easy at 28 c to the California stock is easy at 28 c to the
trade. Next week it is likely, that suptrade. Next week it is likely, that sup-
plies from California will be still cheaper. There is no possibility of any from the East yet for some time.

Fruits are fairly active for the sorts that are in the market. While oranges have been very cheap owing to big have been very cheap owing lo stocks in California with very light mand, there is a decided firming up of quotations from 'Frisco this week. The weather in states east of the mountains has been so severe that the early season for oranges was a dead failure. Now, however, demand is brightening up and prices are therefore better. There were a few frosted oranges received here this week, which are about the last "bar-gain-day" oranges this season. Prices are now quoted for navels all the way up to \(\$ 2.75\) from \(\$ 2\) per case. No seedlings moving. Lemons are selling fairly well at \(\$ 3\) to \(\$ 3.50\) for fancy, and \(\$ 2.50\) to \(\$ 3\) for choice.
Apples locally are scarce. Some Coldstreams are still in the market and a iew are arriving, but it is reported that they are oversold, and will thus be short at the end. The lower mainland stock is practically out. Principal receipts are now from Washington, with a few from Oregon. Prices are about \(\$ 1.75\) for these with \(\$ 2\) and \(\$ 2.25\) quoted for the fancy Okanagan fruit of the Coldstream ranch.

Whether tomatoes should be classed as fruit or vegetable, it is interesting to note that this market has them all the year round. Before the last of local grown stocks in the late Fall are out, the hot-house stocks from California are coming in early in the Winter, long before Xmas. That supply keeps up steadily. Now the stock is coming from Mexico, via 'Frisco. The market is supplied with the Mexican fruit now and plied with the Mexican fruit now and
will have it until the California stock will have it until the California stock
comes on. Then the local Victoria and comes on. Then the local victoria and
Vancouver hot-house stocks will begin to come in and later on in the early Summer there will be open air growl stock from Spence's Bridge. After that the later growths of the lower mainland round out the year's supply. The fact is that the market has not been bare of ripe tomatoes all Winter.
Fresh cauliflower at \(\$ 1.25\) per doz. to the trade, asparagus tips at 15c per lb., celery at 80 c per doz., and rhubarb at 15 c per lb., are the features of the iresh vegetable supply this week. All these stocks are coming from California. Other lines are, of course, stocked regularly as well.
Some little movement upward in the potato market is noted this week, as Asherofts, which were down to \(\$ 20\) wholesale, are again up to \(\$ 22\) per ton. There may be considerabfe quantities in the hands of growers on the lower mainland but not in any large lots, as these are usually heard of before this date Chances of higher prices are very probable.

Local onions are really out, very few dealers having any stock to speak of There was a small quantity, the last o the season, offering from Asheroft this week. and it was all taken up readily at \(3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}\) per lb . by the jobbing trade. As noted formerly, there will be a stock from New Zealand by the next Austra lian steamer.

\section*{NOVA SCOTIA MARKETS}

Halifax, March 14, 1904

ABOUT the usual March business is being done. Matters might be brisker and no doubt there will be more activity in the course of a few weeks. Considerable interest attaches o the numerous market changes of the ast few weeks. Conditions throughul the province are more favorable from a commercial standpoint than earlier in the year. During February there were only three assignments in the province and these were small traders whose to tal liabilities amounted to less than tel thousand dollars. One trader abscound ed, but the liabilities were not large Three others are seeking compromises or extensions of time. The record since January has therefore been very favor bble and it is hoped that with the opening of spring collections generally wil improve.

Locally the flour market is very strong; in addition to the advances at the mills, an important factor is the carcity of supplies at this point and the difficulty of getting more from On tario. An idea of the prices may be gathered from the fact that hard wheat patents are quoted at \(\$ 6\) to \(\$ 6.10\) it ar lots. Oatmeal and rolled oats are 40 cents a barrel higher than at last report, and we now quote \(\$ 5.10\) to \(\$ 5.20\) in a jobbing way. Cornmeal has. advanced to \(\$ 3.05\) per barrel

There have been several advances in canned goods. British Columbia salmon has been advanced to \(\$ 5.75\) per case lur No. 1 and \(\$ 5\) for No. 2. Beans, pea. and corn were all advanced about 5 c a dozen by jobbers last week. Americal ork is firmer and 50 c higher at \(\$ 20\) for clear fat back. Lard has advanced \(\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}\) a pound.

Eggs, which have been high all Winter, are dropping rapidly and are now jobbing at 22 c . Cheese is rather dull and the market is easier at 12c. Some very fair shipments have been made to the West Indies during the last month and jobbers hope to get rid of their stocks beiore the new make is marketed Oats have advanced to 48c a bushel. Hay is scarce throughout the province and at some country points \(\$ 16\) a ton are being paid. A Halifax, where hay is brought in from Quebec, quotations run from \(\$ 13.50\) to \(\$ 14.50\) per ton. Feeds also are about 50 c a ton dearer

There has been quite a change in the salt trade of this province in the last ten years. At one time about all the salt sold here was imported from Liverpool. Better grades are now sold almost exclusively, the well known Windsor and Rice's salt of domestic produc tion having supplanted the imported article for household purposes.

\section*{THE MARKETS}

\section*{Chenadian Grocer}

\section*{MANITOBA MARKETS}

A
HEAVY fall of snow during the week has again tied up traffic considerably and this has had its effect in reducing the volume of trade. It is like making bricks without straw to get anything in the way of actual news in the grocery trade Sugars ad newsed the and adfor granulated and \(\$ 4.20\) for bright yelfor granulated and \(\$ 4.20\) for bright yel-
lows; everything else is holding firm at the prices quoted last week
Green Fruit-So far as can be learned there have been no further developments in the matter of auctioning oranges which was reported last week. At present it is not possible to quote oranges accurately, but other lines are moving along without much change, shipments to country points being necessarily restricted. Apples are quoted at \(\$ 3.50\) to \(\$ 4.50\) for spies. Malaga grapes \(\$ 9\) per keg, bananas \(\$ 4\) per bunch; tomatoes \(\$ 1.25\) per basket; lettuce 7 hc per dozen; cucumbers \(\$ 2\) per dozen.

Cured Meats-Markets are firm at the prices quoted last week and there is a heavy demand from British Columbia and all Western points for all lines of cured meats, with prices inclined to go higher. The trade expect the demand to increase still further with the influx of immigration now setting in.
Eggs-Eggs were just beginning to ease up a little when the snowstorm retarded shipments and dealers are still offering 28 to 30 c . for fresh gathered. A short run of mild weather will inevitably bring the prices down with a thump.
Butter-At present nothing is being done in creamery except to dispose of small lots of storage goods. Dairy butter is offering in very limited quantities, in fact it cannot be said to be coming in at all in a wholesale way and dealers quote 25 c per lb . for separator made bricks for anything at all choice. A good many potatoes have come in during the week and prices have declined: farmers' loads are now worth 6.5 to 70 c and the retail price is 90 c as against \(\$ 1\). Carrots are exceptionally scarce on this market ; in fact the supply seems to be almost exhansted, the crop last Fall being a small one

\section*{HINTS TO BUYERS.} Coutributors are requested to send news only, not puffs of
goods they handle, or the arrival of standard goods goods they handle, or the arrival of standard good that everyone has in stock, or that they are offering
goods at close figures, or that they have had an
H. P. Eckardt \& Co. are selling Ore gon prunes at very low prices.
E. D. Marceau, Montreal, is offering special values in Japan, Ceylon and Indian teas this week. See ad. in another section.
White \& Co., Toronto, received a shipment of fresh picked plums from South Africa last week. The shipment, after travelling by sea to London, and thence to New York, reached Toronto in prime condition. The experimeot goes to show that with the good sys-
tem of ventilation and cold storage in use on Atlantic steamers, fruit can be carried such remarkable distances and still be marketable on arrival.
J. H. Maiden, Montreal, and district agent for Smith Bros.' (Beachvill, Ont.) Star Fly Felts, reports meeting with good demand for Spring orders.
The extra special Scotch whisky of Macleay, Duff \& Co., Glasgow, with B. O. Beland, of Montreal, as sole Canadian agent, is taking an important place in the market, the last order consisting of 500 cases-one of many others.
Quaker Oats and Banner Oats are now coming along in good style. The slight delay caused by the fire at the American Cereal Company's Peterborough mill is overcome, so H. Wright, their Toronto broker, is wearing the smile-that-won't-come-off.
Two cars California celery arrived this week for White \& Co., Toronto.
A shipment of genuine Roquefort Cheese of very fine quality has just been received by A. F. MacLaren Imperial Cheese Co., Toronto. The MacLaren Co. control the sale on this continent of the finest brand of Roqueiort Cheese which is made and are, therefore, able to offer to Canadian buyers the choicest of French Roquefort Cheese. They will be pleased to quote you if you will communicate with them.
"Humpty Dumpty" egg crates are in stock with the Eby, Blain Co., Torontowho report very satisfactory sales for this line.
D. M. Rennoldson, wholesale grocer, Montreal, reports good sales of G. F. Sutton, Sons \& Co.'s (London) table delicacies. The quality of this company's products which are well known and exten(ively sold in Great Britain, should bring good orders to Mr. Rennoldson.
McWiliiam \& Everist, Toronto, have engaged in the early Spring vegetable trade, and are receiving large quantities of lettuce, radishes, rhubarb, ete.
The Eby, Blain Co., Toronto, are quoting very low figures on new crop Japan "Patna" and "Rangoon" Rice, to arrive.
L. Chaput, Fils \& Cie, Montreal, advertise having some two million automatic paper bags to offer at less than manufacturers' prices. This should interest the trade.
The prices quoted by Hudon, Hebert \& Cie, Montreal, in their ad. in another part of this issue, should tempt buyers -the figures speak for themselves.
McWilliam \& Everist, Toronto, have received a car of "Rose" brand, California navel oranges, also a car of " V " brand, extra choice navels.

The offer on brooms made by L. Chaput, File \& Cie, Montreal in their advertisement in another section this week, should tempt buyers. The payment of freight in 6 doz. lots looks at tractive.

Buyers of Rio coffee should communicate with H. P. Eckardt \& Co.
J. M. Douglas \& C'o., Montreal, manufacturers of Blueol advise the trade that in buying Blueol the merchant obtains 10 packages more to the box than any other blue. Blueol contains 50 packages each, 4 squares to the box The pecuniary advantage is obvious and should interest all dealers

Dawson d Co., Toronto, report the arrival of two cars of California celery, one car of "Magnolia" brand and "California Beauty" Calitornia navel oranges, one car of Valencia onions and a shipment of tomatoes from Florida.

The attention of the trade is called ta the advertisement in another part of this issue of L. Chaput, Fils \& Cie., Montreal, who offer in vinegars some 25,000 gallons bought before the advance. A non-corrosive pump goes with every 100 gallon order
The Eby, Blain Co., Toronto, have a special snap in an imported pickle to retail at 10 c .

\section*{ST. JOHN'S TEA IMPORTATIONS}

READERS of Grocer are directed to the statistics which appear on page 15 of this week's issue. T. H. Estabrooks, tea importer and blender, St. John, N. B., is authority for the statement that St. John is the natural port ior the distribution of Ceylon and Indian teas in Canada, having imported \(3,377,165 \mathrm{lbs}\). of black and green tea direct irom Ceylon and India during the year ending June 30, 1903. Direct importations of tea from the country of growth are growing more and more in favor, Russia playing a leading part in importing direct in large quantities via the Siberian Railway from China, etc., instead of buying indirectly through the London, Eng., market as heretofore.
Large quantities of tea are imported by Canada indirectly through London and other intermediate centres, however. Mr. Estabrook also places the port of St. John very near the top of the list of Canadian cities importing the largest amounts of tea from all sources, giving it third place. Montreal and Toronto coming first and second respectively with the largest total imports of tea from all sources and are closely followed by St. John with a total of 4,448 ,942 lbs ., for the year ending June 30 , 1903.

\section*{NEW BRUNSWICK MARKETS.}

\author{
Otice of the Camadiam firocer.
} St. John, N.B., March 17, 1904.

OE feature of interest to the gro(er) trade is the small stocks of fisii held. In some lines these are smaller than for years. In dry codtish it is said prices have not been as high for 10 or 15 years. In general all lines are high and firmly held. The rise is a rery noticeable exception as prices are generally low. Flour, which has shown the most active advance, while firm, is at leath he higher. Winter pert business is drawing to a close. The number of immigrants landiug here this season has not beell as large as last. Less live stock has been exported: of course last season, in this line. was exceptional. owing to the embargo in connection with American ports. In other ways business has beell satisfactory. The Canadian Pacitic Railway which now carry goods all the way from Liverpool to Hong Kong without once letting them out of their hands, are easily the greatest tramsont company in the world.
The Winter is breaking up and the trade is preparing for spring husiness. lin dry goods, in particular. St. Jolun shows rery wide expansion, and this: Spring the imports have been grealy in advance of any former season. John, which now has the largest number of wholesale grocers of any eity of its size in Canada, is to have one mome. There is no doubt business would be in better condition with fewer wholesale homses or so-called wholesale houses. The population with which we call do busines is not large
Oil-This is a line showing few changes lately. Burnmg oil continues high. Lubricating oils are firm but this is a line in which value rather than price is the factor. The low price of linseed oil has resulted in large sales. Tuppentine continues high. Fisis oils are high and stocks are light.
Salt-In Liverpoul coarse salt large stock- are held. Coal is the large factor in the const of this line and as the coal supply is usisully quickly effected "by war. dealers feel it is safe to carry full stocks. Freights are also eavily effected by war which is a large item in the price. In fine salt it is early for much demand. Stocks are light. Canadian prices. particularly in bulk salt, are slighty lower. Considerable quantitien of box salt are now packed here.
Canned Goods-Our market seems well supplied. Holders in some lines are getting some advance but the market has shown less change here than in the West. Tomatoes show an advance and corn is higher. Blueberries also show a good profit. In meats prices are higher. Dealers lad bought freely at the lower prices. Salmon is held firm. Lobsters are firm. Clams are light stock. Haddies are very scarce. There is still a light supply of domestic sardines and kippers.
Green Fruit-There is improved business. Apples are higher, stock is light.

There is good enquiry. Valencia oranges are ligher and have a large sale. California oranges are low but sale is light and Floridas and Jamaicas are about out of the market. Lemons continne low. In other lines business is small at this season.
Dried Fruit-Business is dull. In raisins full stocks are held and market is easy. Pruies have a fair sale, small sizes are scarce. Apricots are too high for business. Dates are low and market well supplied. Figs and peets have little sale at this season. Evaporated apples are firm, and sales are firm. Currants have a regular demand at evell figures. Onions are higher. Valencias are more freely sold than at any previous season. In peanuts prices are still advancing
Styar-There has been a further adrance. so that the last two weeks show an advance of 15 cents. Prices are very firm and dealers are holding full stocks.
Molasses-In both Barbadoes and Porto Rico further supply of new goods is expected. The market is easy. The new Customs regulations will have little effect here as no low grade New Orleans is imported.
Fish - In dry codfish the price is highor than for many years. Stock held is very light and there has been little chance of lower prices for sometime. Pollock are scarce and high. Smoked herring are almost ont of the market. Pickled fish are light supply and fresh fish are scarce. Haddies are higher and the season is about over. These are bad conditions for Lept.
Flour. Feed and Meal-In flowr while the advance is firmls held there is mo change. Stock was light owing to slow deliveries by the railway but in this regard there is improvement. In oatmeal very high prices rule and oats are high. Barley and peas rule at full figures. Beans are unchanged. Seeds are rather higher. Dealers are now pushing sales. Cornmeal rules firm.

\section*{MAPLE SYRUP QUOTATIONS.}

The following quotations on maple srups were unavoidably crowded out of "prices current" this week
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \%eal & Per case \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{1 gal.tins, square, 6 in case \(\ldots\)......... \(\$ 4.40\)} \\
\hline \(1 / 2 \mathrm{gal}\). tins, round. 12 in case. & 4.50 \\
\hline 1/4 gal. tins, round 24 in case. & 4.60 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{small's brand.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Standard.} \\
\hline & Per case \\
\hline I gal. tins, square, 6 in case & \$4.70 \\
\hline 1/2 gal. tins, round, i2 in cas & 4.90 \\
\hline \(1 / 4 \mathrm{gal}\). tins, round, 24 in case & \(5 \cdot 30\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{CANADIAN CATSUP ABROAD.}

The Organ, Elliot Co., Montreal, have recently closed a contract with an English house for the sale of their Royal Hygienic Tomato Catsup. The contract calls for delivery of not less than 200 gross per month. The first shipments to London met with ready acceptation by
the trade. It speaks well for the qual ity of the goods put up by the Organ, Elliot Co., to receive the endorsation of a prominent London firm. 'Representation in several of the leading Canadian cities is still open.

A commission agent in Belfast writes to The Canadian (irocer saying that he is anxious to represent Canadian firms in that city. Anyone in Canada desiring his services may correspond with him through The Canadian Grocer

\section*{DIDN'T KNOW BEANS.}

T0 know beans "is a famons slang expression which originated in Boston. It means much there Here, however, it does not apply in trade to a man's knowledge, except when it refers to the beans we grow in the garden. The Province of Quebec has been somewhat rebellions in the bean market. So much so that the great western bean companies such as the Canada Bean Co., of Chatham; Ont.. who control about seven-eighths of the bean business of this country also rebelled: Beans went up in price last week which no doubt was cansed by the fact that the coop is almost entirely out of the handof the farmers, and the snow blockade has deterred shipment.
N. H. Stevens, president of the Can ada Flour Mills Co.. Chatham, and R. Newman, of the Canada Bean Company were in Montreal this week as ambassadors to sift the bean question, in fact it was from these gentlemen that the factquoted were obtained. Their mission here should interest every grocer on provision dealer. They wish to estallish a grade for beans which will prevent framd. Hand-picked and primeare familiar to all dealers. To tell the difference is another question. Messrs. Newman and Stevens have a bean testel which does the trick. Only last night they tested some beans for a big wholesale grocery house of Montreal, which were found to pick six pounds instead of three, and were worth about 15 c bushel less than what they were reputed to be. The man who sold these beans is well-known, and perhaps he was unconscious of the fraud in which he was participating. If not, it is well for him and others so inclined, to take warnins that no such action will be tolerated in the markets of Montreal : in fact Mr. Stevens has arranged with W. A. Win terstein, local manager for the Canadit Flour Mills Co., to have a bean tester at the Montreal branch. which may be used by any firm in Montreal. Thes are doing this for the benefit of the trade, and would consider it a favor if firms would use it at their own pleasure

Owing to disorganization of freight traffic the R. \& J. H. Simpson Company, Guelph, report that large quanti ties of goods have been received in their district and delivered by team, a distance of 30 to 40 miles.

\section*{qual- \\ THE IMPORT DUIY ON TEA.} Organ. ion of :sentanadian

TH15: Indian Tea Association, London, Eng., and the Ceylon Association in London, have sent a memorial to Mr. Austin Chamberlain, II. P., Chancellor of the Exchequer, on he subject of the import duty on tea. The document states that for 16 years before 1900 the increase in consumption averagectg \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) million lbs. per annum, but since that date consumption has practically remained stationary, the figures heing-1901, \(255,873,082\) lbs.; 1902, 254 ,\(110,188 \mathrm{lbs} . ; 1903,255,365,953\) lbs. The natural increase in consumption due to the normal growth of the population in these last two years should have been s, million of tbs.; so that it is evident that Englishmen are consuming less tea per head than formerly, which no doubt is in a large measure due to the raising of the duty to \(6 d\). per lb . This rate of duty has most injuriously afiec cid the tea producers of India and Ceyloa in another manner. Increased supplies if the commonest grades of China tea have been imported into England, a not meonsiderable quantity of which it been rejected by the Enited States customs authorities as unfit for consumption. This class of tea is admitted into the tuited Kingdom without question, as there is no enactment to prevent it, and sold to importers under the cost of production. Being blended here with the higher qualities of British-grown teas, it has in large measure had the effect of saving the consumer from the incidence of the extra duty and thus throwing the burden on the producer of British-grown tea. Figures are giveli to show the extent to which Indian and Ceylon teas have been displaced in England by other growths since 1900 , and the memorial states that if the people of this country were protected from the dumping of refected teas from other countries and standards of quality enacted by Government, the association believe that, with the importation of uniformly good tea, coupled with a reduction in the duty, consumption would increase instead of remaining stationary as it is now doing. They urge that in other countries the diuty on tea is being generally reduced abolished, and say in conclusion: - We desire to point out that although we were aware when the duty was increased on account of the late war that 11. incidence would fall heavily on the industry we made no formal protest, as we felt that our loyalty to the Empire demanded that we should in no way emharrass the Government in its scheme of faxation at such a critical time; but we now feel we are entitled to receive the cullest consideration and relief that the Government can afiord

\section*{Quality and Quantity}

\section*{Explain the Prestige of}

\section*{Clark's Pork and Beans in Chili Sauce.}

You See Them EVERYWHERE.


\section*{CAPSTAN BRAND Pure Baking Powder.}

Put up in \(1 / 4-\mathrm{lb}\)., \(1 / 2-\mathrm{lb}\)., \(14-\mathrm{oz}\)., \(1-\mathrm{lb}\). and \(5-\mathrm{lb}\). Tins. Guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction.
If our traveller does not reach you, write for quotations, or ask your wholesale grocer for it.
The Capstan Mig. Co., Toronto, Ont., Can.

EPPS'S
IN K-LB. LABELLED TINS.
Special Agents for the ontire Dominion, C. E. COLSON a SON, Montroal.
In Mova Scotia, E. D. adams, Halifax.
In Manitobe. BUCHANAN \& GORDON, Wianipes

\section*{THE MOST}

NUTRITIOUS.
COCOA
Genuine Pratts Astral Lamp Oil
Sold in all countries and recognized as the highest grade oil manufactured. WHOLESALE ONLY
THE QUEEN CITY OIL COBMPANY, Limited, - TORONTO, ONT.

\section*{James Ewart}
manufacturer of High-Grade Delivery WAGONS

Grocer, Baker, Confeetionery, Laundry Wagons of every description. 257-9 QUEEN ST. EAST TORONTO.
Write for Prices. Phone Main 1188


\section*{2 highly reputed lines}

\section*{Ph. Richard's BRANDIES}
have conquered all opposition--They are the product of the celebrated wines of Charentes --- the wine which produces the genuine true Cognac -.- Connoisseurs in Cognac give them preference. Ph. Richard's Brandies satisfy in point of quality the most fastidious taste.
we are agents for canada. WRITE FOR PRICE LIST.
are firmly planted in Canada, where they have received the most enthusiastic and flattering reception at the hands of consumers. Agreeable to the taste, comforting to the body, they tone the system and reconstruct the most shatterd constitution.
They are generous wines, highly appreciated and enjoyed by connoisseurs with sincere pleasure.

\section*{YOUR ORDERS, LARGE OR SMALL, WILL RECEIVE OUR PROMPT ATTENTION.}

\section*{Laporte, Martin \& Cie. WHOLESALE GROCERS, WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS, MONTREAL.}

\section*{the canadian arocer}

\section*{NEWEST ARTISTIC}

\section*{IDEAS}
are embodied in the decorations found in our

> Metallic Ceilings and Walls.

They make a most beautiful interior finish, and in addition are so practically durable and sanitary that it is easy to understand their immense popularity.
Equally well suited for use in old or new buildings. You will find them thoroughly satisfactory.

THE
Metallic Roofing \(\mathrm{C}_{0}\)., Limited
TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG.

\section*{Merchants Who Buy Hides}

I vurchase Hides, Caltskins, Sheep Pelts, Tallow and
Bones. I pay spot cash, full market values, freights, customs Bones. I pay spot cash, full market values, freights, customs
charges. I want ant ingent in every town and village in
Canada. I I \(\begin{aligned} & \text { Inrnish the money and keep my agents fully }\end{aligned}\) Canada. I furnish the money and keep my agents fully
posted. Write me for fuller particulars.
CARROLL S. PAGE, = HYDE PARK, VT.
Orlan Clyde Cullen, C.E.L.L.M.
Counseller at Law U.S. Supreme Court.
Registered Attorney U.S. Patent Office.
U. S. and Foreign patents, Caveats, Copyrights and Trade Marks. Military and Naval inventions a specialty. Address,
Box 264, Station G., Washington, D. C.
GUN SHOP and MODEL SHOP, Warren White Sulphur Springs,

Totten P. O. Virginia.


If Birds Could Speak
they would say :
Nicholson \& Brock's, please, The Best Bird Seed on the Market. NICHOLSON \& BROCK, = TORONTO

\section*{SOAP TREE OF ALGERIA}

Steps are being taken in Algeria to manufacture natural soap on a large scale from a tree known as sapindus utilis. This plant, which has long been known in Japan, China, and India, bears a fruit of about the size of a horsechestnut, smooth and round. The color varies from a vellowish green to brown. The inner part is of a dark color a" has an oily kernal. The tree bears fruit in its sixth year and yields from 551. 220 pounds of fruit, which can easily be harvested in the Fall. By using water or alcohol the saponaceous ingredient of the fruit is extracted. The cost of production is said to be small and the soap. on account of possessing no alkaline qualities, is superior to the ordinary soap of commerce.

\section*{ENQUIRIES FOR CANADIAN TRADE}

The following were among the inquiries relating to Canadian trade recently received at the Canadian Government office in London, Eng
1. A London firm with South African connections has asked to be placed in touch with reliable shippers of flour from Canada.
put in communication with a few requested to be put in communication with a few of the largest ex-
porters of eggs from Canada who are not already represented in their district.
[The names of those making inquiries may be obtained from the Editor of The Canadian Grocer.]

\section*{PEANUTS ARE "CORNERED.'}

Private telegrams from Norfolk, Va.. show that the recent sensational advance in the price of Spanish peanuts was due to the working of a "corner" by large speculators. Spanish peanuts advanced to the highest price in 15 years. Speculators bought up 30,000 bags of the nats for a syndicate in North Carolina, thereby "cornering" the market. The price of Spanish nuts has advanced so high that it is now profitable to import this grade of peanuts from Marseilles, France, the world's largest market for African and Asian nuts.

\section*{CANADIAN TRADE.}

The trade returns for the eight months which terminated on February 29 show an increase in Canada's foreign trade over the same period of the year previous of over \(\$ 13,000,000\). The aggregate was \(\$ 313,627,519\), which includes imports for consumption, exports, and coin and bullion. The exports exhibit a falling off in several lines amounting to \(\$ 5,232,247\). This is undoubtedly due to the severe weather and heavy snowstorms which have crippled the railways, especially in Western Ontario, and prevented the movement of much freight.

\section*{CONDENSED OR " WANT"} ADVERTISEIENTS.

Advertisements under this heading, 2c. a word first insertion; ic. a word each subsequent insertion. Contractions count as one word, but five figures (as \(\$ 1,000\) ) are allowed as one word.
remittance to cover cost mist accompany all advertisements. In nn case can this rule be overlooked. Advertisements received without remittance cannot be ackn wwledged.
Where replies come to our care to be forwarded five cents must be added to cost to cover postages, etc.

\section*{BUSINESS CHANCES.}

IF you contemplate seeking business, any kind, Locators, Leading Business Chance Brokers of Northwest, Merchants Block, Winnipeg, Man.(I3)

\section*{FOR SALE.}

CROCERY business in Brandon, doing a large G and regular city trade. Property to be sold with the business includes store, warehouse, dwelling and stable. Apply to Box 346 , Brandon
Man. Man

SITUATIONS WANTED.
\(W^{\text {ANTED-Position as clerk in wholesale gro- }}\) cery by young man with two years' experiio, Canadian Grocer, Toronto. (I2)

SITUATION VACANT.
WANTED-Head clerk for a good store in a must be a good grocer and have knowledge of crockery business; to the right man this will eventually mean a partnership in a good business. Apply, with references, stating age, experience and salary, Box 113, The Canadian Grocer Taronto.
Tole
(12)

The Canadian Vineraar Company high-grade vinegars

Under Excise Supervision
Reputed the best on the market
Factory and Office: \(35 \mathrm{a}, 3 \mathrm{Jc}, 37 \mathrm{St}\). Autoine Street, MONTREAL.

\section*{IRELAND}

Wants Canadian products. If you have any to sell communicate with
J. H. SHERIDAN,
(12)

6 D'Olier St., Dublin


\title{
SPRING IS COMING. \\ VAN HOUTEN'SCOCOA
}

Is absolutely the most Wholesome Spring Beverage. Please make this known to your customers.

\section*{MOLASSES}

\section*{New Crop 1904 Barbados.}

We have just landed a small lot of the above which is very choice No. I quality. We can offer it at a low price. Send for sample.

\section*{The Dominion Molasses Cor,}

\author{
Limited \\ NDVA SCDTIA.
}


Received Highest Award COLD MEDAL \(\begin{gathered}\text { Pan-America } \\ \text { Exposition }\end{gathered}\) The full flavor, the delicous quality, the absolute purity of Lowney's Cocoa dis-
tinguish if from all thers. It is a natural product no "treatment with alk
 THE WALTER M LOWNEV COMPA

\section*{WE ARE ALWAYS}
introducing new lines both in Biscuits and Candy. See our samples before buying.

\section*{THE CANADA BISCUIT CO., LIMITED}

\author{
King St. West and Bathurst St. Cars pass our Works.
}

King and Bathurst Streets, TORONTO.

\section*{Biscuits And Confectionery}

British Candy Trade in 1903.

TE year 1903 was one of the least prosperous known to the British confectioner for a long time. The wave of depression all over the comry modoubtedly had much to do with the mesatisfactory state of the candy trate. Directly, confectioners had to "r utend with a comparatively high price for raw materials. After having been at le to buy raw material at cheap prices for many years they found it difficult to alapt themselves to the new condtions prevailing.
A large portion of the confectioner's trade is in what is known as 2 oz . 1d . goods. Buyers refuse to pay more than a certain price for these goods. It was therefore imperative that goods be kept somewhere near prevailing prices if any hosiness was to be done. The manufacturer had the other alternative, to reduce the quality of the product, which meant all immediate curtainlment of the demand. British candy makers up to the present, have kept up the quality and adranced their prices only the merest 1 ritle.
Nonelties were scarce. No epoch marchines made their appearance in the trate, althongh a greater tendency was misticed in the more important factories to install labor-saving machinery. Prob ably the greatest attention was paid to the varions chocolate covering machines. owe of which have reached a point of high efficieney although there is much sope for improvement in the matter of -peed. The pulling machine, which has raused so much controversy in America found its way into certain works, but the taste for pulled candies among the Bmish people will have to be much more developed than it is, before exinded employment can be given to such a machine.
It must be confessed that the outlook for the trade is by no means promising. the fiscal agitation is producing a feeling of uncertainty in commercial cirrles, and until the poliey is put on a certain basis-one way or the otheran improvement can hardly be hoped for. Again, the relatively high cost of the basic material is a main factor against any considerable return of prosperity;
and until that is reduced a return to ohd conditions is impossible. In the face of all the difficulties attendant upon existing times confectioners look forward in 1904 to the bare maintenance of the present volume of trade; but until there is some modification of the prices of raw material and greater stability in the general trade conditions of the commtry, no great increase in demand or ent hancement of profits is expected.

\section*{Cakes Will be Dearer.}

ILLOWING the example of Toronto confectioners who recently increased the prices of cakes from 2.) to 30 per rent. on accomit of the high prices of flour and butter, and the scarcity of eggs, Lomdon confectioners are said to be considering the advisability of taking similar action..
A lecal ernfertioner states that at present prices of the raw ingredients there is mo money in cakes. Prices should have been raised long ago, but London confectioners are not bound together by an association, and each confectioner fears the other's competition in case he raises the price. But the prices of cakes must go up, and that very shertly
The increase in Torento is for one month only ending the 1st of April.

\section*{Confectionery for April 1st.}

Tempting looking chocolates. whos interior consists of cotton, salwdust. soap, etc.. ate quickly bought by the would-be "focler" for April Fool Day. fincers and confectioners should provide a small stock of these for the approaching afrasion.

Supplementary letters patent have been granted to the White Candy Co. St. John, N.B., increasing their capital stoek to \(\$ 75,000\).
J. F. Roelofsom, managing director of A. J. Stewart, confectioner, Toronto, was in New York recently negotiating for expert trade. He was successful in opening up, some very desirable foreign accounts, and in this connection it is pleasing to note that in the face of keen competition on the part of leading American makers, Canadian goods were chesen .o. the score of quality.

\section*{WHEN WHEAT ADVANCES}
it is hard on us. We will not use inferior flour in making

\section*{Perfection \\ Cream Sodas}

It is this rigid adherence to our standard that has made these Sodas unapproached in excellence.

Cards or Tins.
Send us your order.
> \({ }^{\text {THE }}\) Mooney
> Biscuit \& Candy Company, LIMITED,

Stratford,
Canada.

FOR A BRAND that you can profitably make A STAPLE there is nothing on the market to equal

MOTT'S
Diamond Chocolate

\section*{THE CANADIAN GROCER}

\section*{PURE GOLD TALK.}

No. 9.

One of the much abused articles of the grocery trade is Tomato Catsup. Makers abuse their opportunity for one thing; and the grocer abuses the goods after he buys them. Tomato Catsup is put in the window and has to submit to fierce sunlight or to the rigorous treatment accorded by Jack Frost. Between these extremes lies the uneven temperature of every grocery store. Can it be wondered at that Tomato Catsup sometimes goes bad or leses its peculiar quality?

\section*{With all abuse}

\section*{Puie Cold Tomato Calsup}
fulfils the Pure Gold claims, and is sustained by the Pure Gold guarantee, which says " Money back" if the goods fall down on the score of attractiveness, saleability and quality. Given tomato fruit of the finest sorting and pure spices, and Pure Gold preparation, it is not to be wondered at that Pure Gold Tomato Catsup is trustworthy if given fair treatment.

And the grocery trade has this satisfaction-that those who KNOW buy Pure Gold goods. We haven't every grocer in Canada on our books we are sorry to confess.

\section*{the}

\section*{Pure Gold Mfg. Co. limited}

\author{
Toronto.
}

\section*{STOCK BREEDERS MEET IN OTTAWA.}

The first annual meeting of the Na tional Association of Canadian Stock Breeders held in Ottawa last week, was attended by delegates from all parts of Canada. Among other subjects discussed were "Canada's Relation to Other Countries in the Matter of Exporting and Importing Horses, Cattle, and Sheep," and "The Dead Meat Trade With Great Britain." The aim of the directors is to have the various provinces convene regularly for the discussion of their respective needs with a view to bringing about a better understanding among them and concerted action on the part of all interested in the development of Canadian trade.

WINNIPEG GRAIN AND PRODUCE EXCHANGE.

The annual meeting of the Winnipeg Grain and Produce Exchange Clearing Association was held on March 7, when the directorate and executive for 1904 were elected.

The new directorate is composed as follows: C. A. Young, W. J. Bettingen, Capel Tilt, S. P. Clark, T. L. Morton, W. L. Parrish, W. H. MeWilliams, F. Phillips and A. Cavanagh. The officers for 1904 are as follows: President, C. A. Young.
Vice-President, W. J. Bettingen.
Secretary-Treasurer, Capel Tilt.
Manager, F. O. Fowler.

\section*{JAMAICA STARCH.}

A new industry has been started in Jamaica, that of starch making. The first consignment has already arrived in England, and it is said that the quality is entirely satisfactory. Such an industry ought to do much to revive the fortunes of the island.

\section*{AN ALUM MOUNTAIN.}

One of the recently discovered nautral curiosities of China is an "alum mountain,' 1,900 feet in height and about 10 miles in circumference at the base. The Chinese quarry the alum or masses containing alum, in large blocks, which are heated in ovens made for the purpose, and afterwards dissolved in boiling water. The alum then crystallises in layers about half a foot in thickness, and is cut up into 10 -pound pieces. Its principal use is in the purification of water.


\section*{TABLE SALT}

Ask your wholeaslo grocer for it. Put up in 248 mb . cartoons in 2 oase, and in \(50-\mathrm{lb}\). box.
TORONTO SALT WORKS, Toronto, Ont.
Harvey's Ammonia.
Gives the Wholesale Grocer over 38 per cent. profit. Always full strength. Put up in quart and pint sizes-also Dry Powdered Ammo., the strong kind.

Manufactaring Chemist,
Todmorden, Onth

\section*{YOUR ADVERTISEMENT}
that is now running in your loca paper is it bringing results? If not, there is something wrong. You should have a copy of the book entitled

\section*{One Hundred Good Ads.}
for a grocery store. It is full of bright, valuable suggestions for writing retail ads. It costs you one dollar and it's a good dollar's worth.
The Canadian Grocer,
Toronto Office: 10 Front St. E.


\section*{thenew -EL-O dessert}

Sell the best. And Gel-o is it
A Jelly Powder which jells quicker and firmer than any other. 8 flavors. Send for sample lot. Cases hold 4 and 12 doz.
the canadian gelatine co. 52s-530 Pront St. W.,
TORONTO, OANADA.

An
Irresistibly Delicious Confection

COWAN'SCowan's Swiss Milk Chocolate, Famous Blend Coffee, etc., etc.
Are the standard goods for purity and excellence.

Manufacturers
THE COWAN CO., Limited
TORONTO
Perfection Cocoa (Maple Leaf Label). Royal Navy Chocolate, Queen's Dessert Chocolate, Chocolate Cream Bars, Cowan's Cake Icings, chocolito, Pink, Lemon color and waw
\(\qquad\)


Gives Eating' Chocolate a New Meaning A Wholesome Food, Especially Nourishing and Sustaining. Recommended for Invalids and Persons of Weak Digestion. Push Peter's. The Original. Other Brands are Imitations. Send for Sample. LAMONT, CORLISS \& CO., Agills, 27 Common St., Montreal

\section*{IT PAYS}
to handle the best, that is why you are asked

\section*{TO HANDLE}
our lines. The give satisfaction or money refunded.

\section*{Kagale Baking Powder}
is a steady seller.
Write for Sample and Prices.
Eagle Manufacturing Co. montreal.


\section*{the canadian arocer}

\section*{BETTER CHEESE BOXES}

1STRONG appeal has been made fir b better cheese boxes by J. A. Roddick. chief of the dairy division. Ottawa, at the satons dairy conrentions recently held through the " inntry. " Boxes are," said he, "necessary to protert the cheese from injury in tramsprtation. to facilitate their handling and to permit their being piled several hems deep in a warehouse withc.in beniz crushed oit of shape. With-- 111 such buxes cheese camot be delivered in Great Britain in presentable condition. At present a large percentage If dheese shipments are landed on the - Hher side with 25 per cent. of the boxes broken: but what is more serious, brokẹ boxes in a shipment. not only detracts firm the actial value of the cheese Which they hee comtaned. but make the while hot less altractive to a pur'haser.'
- Varions reasons are accomitable for this unsatisfactory state of affairs. In the first place the weight of C'anadian cheeses has been increased, but at the same time the strength of the box has been redned. The latter discrepancy is probably wing to the increasing cost :ad soacity of elm, and the demands of cheese manutactures for a cheap box."
- As a matter of fact the veneer slombl hever be cut less than full tive to the inch whereas a great deal in use fir cheese boses is six or seven to the incls. An ther fant in the reneer is that the hg is wften not boiled suffiriently tie siften the wood: consequently the weneet knife shaters it while eutting. and gives it a tendency to split easily. Anmber result of insulficient be iline of steaming is that the salts of the wod are not extracted: consequently boxes made from such stock mould very readily.
". When I began buying boxes for the atal curin! rans:." said Mr. Ruddick, - I insisted on getting heary selected feneers. The box makers tried to persuade ne to: accept the thin veneer, some claming that it would stand more rough usage than the thicker material. I have had to gise 2 e. above the regulan price for such boxes, but it paid to do so, for the reperts on shipments from the curing rons showed only one and two per cent. brolen. Of coure these shipments were all carefully loaded into the cars and not left standing four or five tiers high, to he thrown down and smashed by the first shmut. Hundreds of boxes are broken in that way. I believe there is令
almost enough wasted in trimming boxes either in the cheese factory, or at the warehouse to make iq, this difference of two cents. Boxes are now worth at least one cent per inch in depth. and that part which is cut away is absolute waste.
- If boxes are not thoroughly dro when put on the cheese, the growth of mould is started. This is particularly the case in cold weather when the boxes dry slowly
- In aiming to have the cheese fit the boxes without trimming, it is well to remember that a box, which measures twelve inches deep when newly made. will shrink to eleven and a half inches as it dries out. The same box will expand again to nearly its original denth after it has been in a wareh use for a week or so, because it absorbs moisture from the cheese. In fitting dry boxes to the cheese it is neressary. therefore, to have the cheese project at least one-quarter of an inch above the edge of the box. One would think it hardly necessary to call attention t, the importance of having the box of the proper diameter to fit the cheese sintoly. No box will stand the handling that is not supperted by the cheese on the inside.

\section*{TEA IMPORTS AT ST. JOHN, N.B.}

Editor Canadian Grocer: In an advertisement in your last week's issue, figures were quoted to show that in the direct importation of tea irom ©eyon and India, the Port of st. John, \(N\) I: took first place and third place of the cities, of the Dominion in the total importation of tea. One reading these figures might be led to believe that the St. John merchants imported sea to the extent of the figures quoted; but this would manifestly be a very imozrect conclusion, because it is well known in the trade that large quantities of tea are imported on through bills of lading to Toronto atid other points West in C'anada, but conveniences are given by the carrying companies for entering these teas at the St. John custom house, and storing them there to await tinal orders as to their destination, so that a Western merchant or agent of a foreign shipper, bri: i cas wht f:om India or Ceylon, does not need to declare to the carrying companies the destination of the goods until he has actually sold the teas.
The custom's returns from St. John would, of course, include all this vast quantity of tea in its returns of tea entered at that point, and would not meanthat the merchants of St. John had any-
thing to do with the handling of this tea. Besides this fact, the figures given are simply direct importations from Ceylon and india, and as vast quantities of Ceylon and India tea are imported from London, and as nearly all the tiner grades are imported from London, (that being well known as the large market for fine teas), the figures given in the advertisement last week da not at all represent the respective tea trades of the cities hamed in the adverisement.

SALADA TEA CO.
Toronto, March 12.

\section*{THE COMING COFFEE CROP IN BRAZIL.}

The consul-general at Rio de Janerio, predicts that the coming coffee crop (harvest of 1904-5) in Brazil will be below the average. The coffee trees have suffered a great deal-lately; first. on account of exhaustion in consequence of consecutive abundant bearing, and second, through severe droughts that have prevailed for the last few months. There has already been a considerable rise in the price of cofiee in Brazil as well as abroad, although this seems lo be caused more by speculation than the inatural conditions of the market, as the visible supply abroad is sufficient 10 satisiy a year's consumption without lurther receipts. The present rise in prices will mostly benefit dealers abroad who hoid large stocks, the producers having aiready disposed of the bulk of their holdings

\section*{IMPORTS FROM CANADA.}

The imports to Gireaf Britain from Canada for the month of Febriary were as follows: Cattle 5,158 head, valued at Es8.279: sheep and lambs, 3,273 head. valued at e5,086; wheat, ewts., 475,000. valued at \(£ 172,093\); wheat. meal and Hour, ewts., 141,600 valued at \(£ 70,870\) : peas, ewts.. 22,180 , valued at \(£ 7,796\) : bacon, whts., 53,064 , valued at \(£ 117,511\) : hams, cwts., 13,496, valued at \(£ 35,940\) : butter, cwts., 2,205 , valued at \(£ 9,72 \mathrm{~S}\) : cheese, ckts., 75,446 , valued at \(£ 193,219\) : eggs, great hundreds, 150 , valued at £7.

\section*{THE SCARCITY OF TAPIOCA}

The shipments of all kinds of tapioca to America and Europe so far this year are away below those of previous years. Advices from Singapore and Penang for the last year have been that the manufacture of tapioca at present is a losing proposition, and only the largest are continuing in business.

\section*{900}

\section*{Half-Chests} gherler cellis
-AT-

\section*{15 to \(20 c\).}

Bought before the advance.

\section*{Gen. Phoertson \& Son, KINGSTON.}

\section*{O Yes!}

Know all men by these presents that Batty's Nabob Sauce has never been surpassed.

We received the Gold Medal in 1851. We received the Gold Medal in 1903, and we were not idle all the time in between.

No store is complete without it.
In witness thereof we have affixed our name :

\section*{Batty \& C0.}

Limited
Sauce and Pickle Specialists,
LONDON, S.E.

A customer leaving your store must have done one of five things:
1. Bought something for cash.
2. Bought something on credit
3. Paid money on account.
4. Collected money from you.
5. Had a coin or bill changed as an accommodation.

A National Cash Register takes care of all these things with positively no chances for mistakes.

Our \(190+\) models are particularly well adapted to the grocery trade because great improvements have been made in the methods of taking care of cash and credit sales.

393 styles and sizes. Prices, \(\$ 25\) to \(\$ 650\).

If you want to know how a 1904 "National" will help you to make money and advertise your business, send in the attached coupon. It will put you under no obligation to buy.


National
Cash Register Co.
Dayton, Ohio



Blend of Céplorabd In ian Black Teas, in lead packets, 50 lbs . assorted, \(1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}\) and i lb ., per lb., at

20, 26, 35 and 45 c
In fancy 1 lb . tins, 50 lbs . per case, per lb . at
\(321 / 2,421 / 2\) and 50c.
A fine, rich, fragrant blend, most satisfactory to handle. It has real merit.

> CONDOR

Ceylon Black, in lead packets, \(60-\mathrm{lb}\). cases, assorted, \(1 / 4 \mathrm{~s}, 1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}\) and I lb ., at
\(20,23,26,30,34\) and 40 c .
Nothing but fine hill-grown teas used for this brand.
If you want delicacy of aroma and fine flavor buy this. It is the tea for high-class trade.

Japan Tea, in lead packets, \(60-\mathrm{lb}\). cases, assorted, \(1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}\) and I lb , an early picked tea of fine, bright, strong flavory liquor, at

The finest 40c. tea on the market.

\section*{SPECIAL THIS WEEK. JUST IN.}

198 half chests Japan Tea, an extra value, at - - - - \(16 \frac{1 / 2}{2}\)
A good, clean leaf, a bright liquor.
It is branded strawberry, but is a peach.
85 boxes Imperial Gunpowder, a well-rolled leaf, and a bargain at
37 half-chests fine sun-dried Japan Tea, choice, early liquor, fancy leaf, at
Ask for Samples, it pays.
specialty of high-class goods in teas, coffees, spices and vinegars.


281-285 ST. PAUL STREET
MONTREAL

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS AND BROKERS.
\(\frac{\text { torunto. }}{\overline{\text { W. G. PATRICK \& CO. }} \text { ( }}\)

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29 Melinda St., - TORONTO
W. G. A. LAMBE \& CO.

TORONTO.
Grocery Brokers and Agents.
Established 1885
WEST LORNE.

REANS \(\begin{aligned} & \text { Hand-Picked Beans a } \\ & \text { specialty }\end{aligned}\) in Jute Bags, Cotton Bags, or Barrels, to suit customers. Good broker wanted to represent me.
J. G McKILLOP, - West Lorne, Ont. quebec, p. \(\mathbf{Q}\)


TRADE \(\begin{gathered}\text { China and Australia can be nego-- } \\ \text { tiated } \\ \text { best through us. }\end{gathered}\) DE tated best through us. WITH \(\begin{aligned} & \text { maintain a special representative, } \\ & \text { Mr. A. R. TuFTS at Kobe in the } \\ & \text { interests. }\end{aligned}\) JAPAN facturers and Shippers doing busiJAPAN \(\begin{aligned} & \text { facturers and } \\ & \text { ness } \\ & \text { pit the Orient shers sould corres }\end{aligned}\)
R. W. Clark \& Co., Brokers, Victoria, B.C.

\section*{To Manufacturers' Agents}

The Canadian Grocer has enquiries from time to time from manufacturers and others wanting representatives in the leading business entres here and abroad.
Firms or individuals open for agencies in Canada or abroad may have their names and addresses placed on a Special list kept for the ous offices throughout Canada variin Great Britain without Canada

Address, Business Manager, CANADIAN GROCER, Montreal and Toronto.

C. Gardiner Jomanon \& Co.
VANCOUVER, B. C.

Importers of .
Skinner's queensland Turtle Soup. Sole Agents for Canada
Supply C.P.R. Company's Cars, Steamers and Hotels, and leading Clubs of Canada.

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\section*{Dingle \& Stewart}

WINNIPEG.
COMMISSION BROKERS
Excellent Storage Accomodation.
Consign Your Cars to Us.

\section*{IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING TOSELL WRITE GOI GORDONACO CaMEROM wholesale COMMISSION AGENTS WÍNNIPEG MANITOBA}

\section*{EASTERN MANUFACTURERS}

\section*{SHIPPERS.}

All EYES are turned on
manitoba and the west. WHㅂ
Represent some of the leading houses in GANADA and the U.S. imerease vour trade. write us NICHOLSON \& BAIN, WINNIPEG, Wholesale Commission Merchants and Brokers.

BRANDON.

BRANDON, MAN.
Let Us Push Your Goods
we are prepared to SELL GOODS,

STORE GOODS,
DISTRIBUTE FROM CARS AND MAKE COLLECTIONS.
the mantiose counassour co.,
S. P. WILSON, Manager. Limite

Cold storage in Connection.
Prompt Returns Made.


Bring your "ads" with you.

\section*{ILLUSTRATE!!}

By doing so you illumine and release from obscurity many a cheerless "type ad" that is suffering for the want of a little pictorial light.

We furnish the kind of pictures that give to your "ads" a bright and smiling countenance. A cheerful tace gains favor every time.

Estimates on all and every style of design cordially furnished.
art dfpartment
Maclean publishing co.
Montreal. Toronto. Winnipe:

\section*{mamuan Mc. \({ }^{2}\) E. EVERIST}

\author{
25-27 Church St., \\ TORONTO
}

\section*{Pine Apples.}

We have Pines, (Case and Barrel). They're fine. They're ripened in our rooms. It matters not to us how green they arrive, we can ripen them to our taste, which means to suit yours and your customers. Our method of ripening (which is exEclusively ours) has made Pine handling with us a pleasure, and ready sale for us means ready sale for you. You know what they were like last Spring; they're as good this. Mail your order now.

\section*{The}

\section*{DAWSON}

FRUIT, PRODUCE AND COIIIIISSION MERCHANTS.

Cor. Market and
Colborne Streets. \(\quad\) TORONTO
WE BUY
BRIGHT DRIED APPLES. HIGHEST MARKET PRICES.

The W. A. GIBB CO.
5 and 7 Market St.,
HAMILTON

\section*{TWO SNAPS.}

Fancy Navel Oranges, all sizes, \(\$ 3.00\) bx. Messina Lemons, \(300{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{s}, 360^{\circ} \mathrm{s}, \$ 2.25\) to 2.50 " Fresh Sea Herring, in barrels and casks. ORDER QUICK. HUSBAND \(\underset{\text { cos. }}{\text { gro }}\)

Wholerale Fruit and Commission Merchants. 82 Colborne St., TORONTO
Mata-Matu bs, Main ar2s.

\section*{\(t+++++++t\) \\ Fruit Growers and Co-operation. \\ THE following is the substance of an address given recently by the chief of the fruit division. Ottawa, before the}

\section*{GREEN FRUITS}

Assectation
Ci-operation is the most important subject before the fruit growers of Canada to-day. Individuals can accomplish very little if they work entirely alone. All the fruit growers' societies and asseciations should co-operate and pull together. Several objects are to be obtained by co-operation. First of all, growers who are beginning to blant in a new district might co-operate to secure information and purchase the best varieties of trees for that district at the lowest price. Seven or eight varieties are plenty for any district, and each man would probably want three or four -f these. Then these growers might get together and agree to adopt miform methods of culture pruning, spraying, which wond result in an entirely uni form quality of fruit. Growers within a radius of five miles, with a total of say. 4.060 trees, could co-operate to secure effective and systematic spraying by means of power outlits.
Another advantage of co-operation is in securing cheap and reliable supplies, such as implements, chemicals for spraying and packages for shipping fruit. The man who wants only 200 barrels must pay a higher price for them than if he were buying all the barrels reguired in the distriet. By putting up packing houses at proper centres it will be possible to secure uniform grading and packing by experts, who will pack the fruit like machines and turn out an even grade all through. A great deal of the success of Califormia fruit is due to this system, and it was reported recently at the Ontario Fruit Crowers. Association that Ohio growers had prospered greatly miler the co-operative method of packing and marketing peaches. Large quantities of one grade if fruit are packed in exactly similar packages, and purchasers know that they can get as many as they want of that particular kind in one place. This facilitites sales and enables the growers to avoid glutted markets, for even with
apples there is a time to shiv, and a time not to ship. With the best of orchard management there will always be some culls, which might be disposed of economically if a number of farmerowned a co-operative evaporator.
Advertising can be done much more effectively by co-operation. For instance, buyers attending the sales conducted by a co-opekative association would be able to depend upon the fruit and would buy without hesitation. The value of such advertising cannot be overestimated. Co-operation also mean: increased influence with transportation companies to get fair rates, reasonable care and better cars. The transportation companies are groups of stockholders who want dividends but it is well 1 ., remember that the fruit growers want dividends too. Pressure must be brought to bear upon the managers of such companies and upon the Railway Commission to secure the removal of all real grievances.

\section*{Niagara Fruit Growers}

The Niagara Peninsula Fruit Grower: are holding a series of meetings this week, commencing at Stoney Creek on Monday, the 14th; Grimsby, Tuesday; Beamsville, Wednesday; Jordan Station, Thursday; St. David's, Friday; St. Catharines, Saturday. The forenoon sessions are being devoted to demonstrations of power and other sprayers and the afternoon sessions will be taken up with addresses and discussions.

\section*{Hints to Canadian Apple Shippers.}

Mr. Ball, commercial agent, in Birmingham, England, writes the Department of Trade and Commerce stating that apples sold in that market have been coming in boxes. The plan of sending in boxes is all right, and he much commends it. At the same time he complains that the material of which the boxes are made is too slight, and does not stand the wear and tear of the voyage. He points out as hints to shippers that no apples are too good for the English market, especially for that part of the market situate in the Black Comtry. Shippers, he points out, make mistake in consigning all their shipments

\section*{Shippers.}
to the port of destination of the vessel. The consequence is that the apples on arrival are all sold by auction, and then there is a surfeit for that particular market, whilst there is a scarcity at an inland market not many miles away. If apples were consigned to Birmingham and other places the chances are that better prices would result.

\section*{Florida Oranges Scarce.}

Mail advices from a prominent orange shipper in Florida say that not more than 100,000 boxes of Florida oranges remain in that state for shipment north and west. The Florida orange crop was not as large as estimated, the total not being over \(1,500,000\) boxes.

\section*{British Columbia Apples Abroad.}

'T'HE following laudatory notice of British Columbia apples appears in an English exchance
The Government of British Columbia is not to be outdone by that Brunswick, which has recently been at tracting the attention of English fruit importers and intenaing emigrants to the fertility of the Annapolis Valles and other famous apple-growing portions of that province. This week we received from the agent-general for British Columbia samples of apples grown both in the interior of the province near L.ytion, on the Fraser river, and also on Vancouver Island. These, both in size, flavor and appearance, are everything that could be desired, and not inferior to those produced in Eastern Canada. Considering that this consignment has been almost two months on the way, having been shipped from Victoria on December 8 , the excellent condition in which they arrived speaks well for their keeping qualities. Although land British Columbia is not to be obtained on quite such easy terms as in the Northwest Territories, the life of a settler there is in many ways more comfortable, and for fruit growing there is no portion of the continent which ofiers 10-day greater possibilities. In making this statement we are not unminatia California, but it is well known that the northern fruit is greatly superior in fla vor and keeping qualities, in addition 1 which the enormous market that is op ening up in the Northwest Territorie for fruit of all kinds can be better supplied by fruit growers in British Columbia than from elsewhere. The age. general informs us that he would be glad to supply all information possible on fruit culture in British Columbia to those interested, and to callers at his offices he will show tangible proofs of the fertility of the soil.'

\section*{ORANGES \(\overline{\operatorname{AND}}\) LEMONS}

\section*{we are offering special values this week in}

\section*{CALIFORNIA NAVEL ORANGES, VALENCIA ORANGES, MESSINA LEMONS.}

\author{
Our brands are the best and our prices low. Send for our weekly Price List.
}

\section*{WHITE \& CO., \({ }^{64 \text { front st }}\) TORCNTIO.}

PHONE Main 4108. Wholesale Fruit and Produce.

\section*{When You Want}

\author{
EXTRA FANCY ORANGES, EXTRA FANCY LEMONS, EXTRA FANCY BANANAS,
} EXTRA FANCY SPANISH ONIONS,
or anything in our line, write or phone us. Prices and Quality Always Right.

\section*{Hugh Walker \& Son, Wholosails, Guelph, Ont.}

\section*{Red Bananas.}
'Red bananas are not oiten seen in the market these days," said a local commission man, "and when we do get them they bring fancy prices. Fifteen or twenty years ago the reds were the leading banana and sold for a lower price than the yellow.
The change is due to commercial rea-sons-the yellow banana is more profitable, requires less time in its care and cultivation, and consequently, costs less. More of the yellows grow on a bunch, they stick to the stem better, and stand handing far better than the red variety. With these advantages, the reds have been practically driven out of the market. The comparatively few bunches brought here are soon gobble: up by fancy fruit dealers. who get his: prices for them. Some people prefer the llavor of the red banana, and some like that of the yellow; but the price has had most to do with their practical dis appearance from the market

\section*{Pineapples in Texas.}

Around Corpus Christi, Tex., a few growers are testing pineapples. About 5, 000 plants have been set in that vicinity and an experienced Florida grower reports that they are doing remarkably well. Those who are interested are enthusiastic over the prospects and declare that the future production of pineapples in Texas is assured

\section*{Fruit Notes.}

The directors of the Crystal Palace Exhibition, London, Eng., have awarded

\section*{Dried Fruit}
cleaned and renovated by the latest umproved machinery and appliances.
Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction.

\section*{J. T. ADAMSON \& CO}

27 St. Sacrament Street, MONTREAL
Tol. Main 778 .
a speeial commemorative medal to the (iovernment of Nova Scotia for its display of green fruits.
F. Fitch. Dominion froit inspector, of Clarence N.S.. hats pene to England to visit Lomden, Liverpoal, , tiasgow and ather apple markets. His intention is to examine closely into the condition of spring shipments of fruit and see them in competition with the early shipments from Australia and New Zealand.
In regard to the complaint of Ontario fruit grovers and others that they have teen diseriminated agamst by the railways, Hon. Mr. Blair salys they will be asked to state their case, after which the railways will be duly notified. A date will then be arranged as which both sides will be present for an official hearing of the complaints.
Fruit growers at Cirimsby. Stoney Creek and the surrounding district. complain that field mice are damaging the bark of the fruit trees, eating it away from the ground up. They are at away from the ground up. They are at
a loss to know what to do to st \(p\) the a loss to know what to do to
destructive work of the mice.
dressed stock bring a fancy PRICE.
T HE large exhibit of dressed poultry beef carcasses. dressed pork, ete. at the show of the Eastern Ontario Lixe Sow and Poultry Association in OHtawa lant week, was bought in by a lowal dealer at a price much in advance of current city qumations. Chickens and turkers each brought 1se a pound. wherea the market prices are 10 and 1.5. reapectively. Duck- and geese brought 15. at pomed: the ruling price of beth these is 10 . Beef by the carcas. .ond at sol-2e a pound as against (6) 1 ?2. on the market, and lamb brought at. at compared wih \(71-2 \times\) on the market
Such price an thee shomid satisty the mont posingisti, fammer, that his alling. if properly attended to, is quite as profitable at the pathes of city industry. tempting thongh the latter may be An authority on stock and poultry raising says it is about the nearest ap, proach to the "get rich quick" game that ran be lecated in this twentieth rentury. The above evidence at any rate is sulficient to show that it pays in stowk and pooltry raising as in any haine slo. to be rareful

CIGAR MANUFACTURER EN TOUR.
I. M. Fortier, son of J. M. Fortier J. M. Fintier \& (C... Montreal), and rice-pereident of the company, is on a maneor thip to the 1 nited states. Mr. Fowtier. who. is accompanied by E. Mathmint, superintemdent of the factory. will wisit New Lork. Philadelphia, A. Lemis. Chicage and other large cenfee with : view to stadying the condithans of the cigar trate in those cities. Mr. Fontier:- obsertatons will ne hombl prowe interesting and instractive. and as the application of practical ideas is one of the eharacteristice of his house it may bee expected that the trade will be laredy benctithed
.J. F. Fintior, who lately returned from a trip to. Cuba, repurts the condition of the leat twhacee, trade in that comber as cery satisfactory. His purchaves were large and the quality of the stock seceneed was of the highest. The ontlowk for bosinese in Canada is very pmomising and as som an the roads are in sood condition and transportation facilities properly available onee more trade is bound to boom.
1. 1.emoine, general merchant, St Engene de (irantham, has sold out.

Two Good Reasons


BETTER VALUE TO YOUR CUSTOM: ERS AND MORE PROFIT FOR YOURSELF. ORDER A SAMPLE CASE DELIVERED. P. O. Box 292.
The Duncan Company of Montreal.

40 HIGHEST AWARDS In Europe and America Walter Baker \& Co. Itd. The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of

PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS CHOCOLATES
No Chemicals are used in their manufacture.
Their Breakfast Cocoa is ab. Their Breakiast cocoa is ab-
solutely pure, delicious, nutritious,
cent a cup.
Trade-mark. and costs less than one cent a cup.
Their Premium No. 1 Chocolate, put up in Blue Their Premium No. 1 Chocolate, put up in Blue Wrappers and Yellow Labels, is chocolete in the market for family use.
Their German Sweet Chocolate is good to eat and good to drink. It is palatable, nutritious, and healthful a great favorite with children.
Buyers should ask for and make sure that they get the genuine goods. The above trade-mark is on every
Walter Baker \& Co. Ltd. Established 1780. Dorchester, Mass.
Branch House, 12 and 14 St. John St., Montraal

\section*{TRUCKS} for Warehouse and Factory.


Our Trucks are guaranteed satisfactory. Turn in their own length.

MADE IN CANADA.
H. C. Slingsby for Canada.

Factory, Ontario 8treet, MONTREAL.

BUY
Star Brand COTTON CLOTHES LINES
-ano-
COTTON
TWINE
Cotton Lines are as cheap as Sisal or Manila and much better.

For asle by all Wholesale Dealers See that youget them.


OAKEY'S
 'WELLINGTON' KNIFE POLISH JOHN OAKEY \& SONS, LIMITED Emery, Black Lead, Emery, Glass and Flint Cloths and Papers, etc. Wellington Mills, London, England John formans, 844 Craig street montreal.

CHAS. F. CLARK, President.
...ESTABLISHED 1849...

\section*{ERADSTREET'S}

Capital and Surplus, \(81,500,000\)
Offices Throughout the Civilized World. Executive Offices: Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway, New York City, U.S.A. The THE BRADSTREET COMPANY gathers information that reflects the financial condition and merchants, by the merchants, for the merchants. In procuring, verifying and promulgating information no effort is spared, and no reasonable expense considered too great, that the results may justify its claim as an been steadily extended. and it furnishes informatio: concerning mercantile persons throughout the
Suuscriptions are based on the service furnished, and are available only by reputable wholesale, jobbing and manufacturing concerns, and by responsible and worthy financial, fiduciary and business corporations. Specific terms may be obtained by addressing the Company at any of is offices. Correspondence Invited.

\section*{OFFICES IN CANADA-}

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ThOS. C. IRVING, Gen. Man. Western Canada. Toronto.

FEED
CEREALS
Place a Trial Order with Us for a Full Line of Our Goods. QUALITTY UNEXGELLED.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

Ontario Winter Patents, Manitoba Blends,
Pure Manitoba.

Rolled Oats (Standard and Granulated
". Barley, Oatmeal,
" Wheat, Pot and Pearl Barley Wheatlet, Farina, Split Peas.

> "Matohless" Feed.

THE G. CARTER, SON \& CO., Limited, ST. MARYE, ONTARIO.

\section*{Crosse \&. Blackwell, Limited Dickles, Sauces, Jams an Dreserved Provisions. C. E. COLSON \& SON, AaENTS. MONTREAL}

We consider the

\title{
"Wee McGregor's" Breakiast Food
}
the most economical.
"It's Gran' for the Morn's Mornin'"
The F. J. Castle Co., Limited, wholesale OTTAWA, OANADA.

\section*{FLOUR and CEREAL FOODS}

Newfoundland Abolishes Duty on Flour.

MONTREAL merchants, and particularly those interested in the flow trade, are congratulating themselves wer the recent decision of the Gimemment of Newfoudland to abolish the duty on Hour. In the old days this duty, which applied against all combtres alike amomed to soce per barrel. It was then reduced to ese. per barrel, at which figute it has remained u1) to the preestit.
Considering the ppulation of Newfoundland an astoni-hing amount of flow is imported into that comatry from Canada. Last year the total imports anmented to 383,000 barrels, and of this amonnt Canada probably supplied about theothirds. The duties upori this flomer anmonted to +95.000 .
At different times the flow trade from (amata 1o Newfomatiand has fallen off to an apprectable degree the Vinted states mills rapturing a large propor1i. 1 enf the trade. This was owing mainIy to the fae that the rival milis across Hee berice mannfactured flome of the orade most desired by Newfomullanders. Latlerly, however, the Canadian miller have been getting the business back matil mow they have the sreater share of it.

Milling at the Soo.

IT is sumised that the day of ascendaney of the Minneapolis milling inrerests are abont over, so far as zrinding for export is concerned. American exponts of flom and grain will gw, w les and less becanse the Cinited State necels its ropp for home consumption. With the vast area of splendid wheat lands in Westem Canada coming into ciltivation, Canada and not the Thited isates will berome the great exporter.

In view of this fact, and with the assurance that the Algoma Central will be finished and the Hudson's Bay opened, an advantageous spot for the establishment of a milling centre in Canada will be a question of the utmost importance. Milling interests have already been pros-
pering around the Soo. Having water power in abundance, and a magnificent new water power canal, the Soo will be a most advantageous spot for export grinding, since it is also easy of access beth from the West and to the sea whether the northern or southern route is taken.

\section*{Canadian Flour for War Rations in Japan.}

A recent arrival from Shanghai, China, says that in the event of a prolonged war in the East Canada will have a chance of supplying Japan with flour, as Canadian flour is especially adapted for the making of the biscuits required by the troops at the front. Trade in this particular however, will develop gradually as Japan is well supplied with flow at the present time.

\section*{The Price of Bread.}

The Master Bakers of Toronto, at their regular monthly meeting last week decided not to raise the price of bread for the present.

\section*{Seed Grain Men.}

AT the regular meeting of the Easteqn Ontario firain Association, in Ottawa, Marelı 9, Professor Lavitz, experimentalist of the Agricultural College, Ciuelph, delivered an interesting address on "The Best Variety of (irain for Seeding."
Discussing the varieties of grain the speaker said that in oats Siberian was the most prolific yielding 5t bushels to the acre with Liberty second and Alaskan third. In six-rowed barley, Mandscheuri stood highest in the yield, Oderbrucker next and Sucess third. In hulless barley, the black variety vielded 24 bushels to the arre and the white 20. The speaker recommended Silver Hull as a prolific kind of buckwheat with Japanese as second. For peas, the Early Britain stood highest and the Canadian Beauty second. In the line of poy beans, the Early Yellow and Green varieties were recommended and in corn, King Philip and North Star.

\section*{Large Demand for Seed Grain.}

Farmers who made exhibits at the Eastern Ontario Seed Fair held in conjunction with the live stock and poultry show in Ottawa last week, benefited by receiving large orders for seed grain. The prices paid are about 25 ber cent. above the market quotations on account of the purer quality of the grains offered. Wheat sells at \(\$ 1.25\) a bushel oats 50 to 55 cents, barley 75 cents, timothy seed \(\$ 2.50\) to \(\$ 3\), Soja beans 10 rents a pound, Giant sugar mangels 20 cents a pound, Dwarf Essex rape seed 6 cents a pound and purple top Swede turnips 15 cents a pound.

\section*{Cereal Notes.}

Three acres are devoted to the display of pure foods at the World's Fair at St. Louis this year.

The firm of Hanham \& MeColl have purchased the Lake View flour mills, Welland, which are being extensively improved to meet the demands of inrreased business.

It is reported that American grain merchants are building line houses all over the Canadian Northwest, with terminal elevators in preparation for the bonding of a big crop this Fall.
A. MeLean, Ottawa, has been appointed Canadian commercial agent in Japan to push trade with the empire of the rising sum. Mr. Mclean will leave at an early date to take advantage of the special opportumity which the war should afford for the sale of Canadian foodstuffs

The Department of Agriculture. Ottawa, is in receipt of a cablegram from the Queensland Department of Agriculture at Brisbane, asking that some Manitoba seed wheat be forwarded by steamship via Vancouver at an early date

The Grain Growers' Association of Manitoba and the Northwest have appointed W. (i. Rogers of Carberry, to represent them on the Exhibition Board of the province. The object in view is that the grain growers shall have entire charge of the exhibits in their classes at the coming Dominion Fair.

\section*{THE CANADIAN GROCER}


\section*{66 Force-thoughts \({ }^{9}\) \\ by susxy jim}
IV.

ITHINK that many fulks dodge breakfast because they can't look it squarely in the face.
4. They are never sure of breahfast anyway-sure of what it means fur them, I mean.

These people, you will find, are wobbly on pretty nearly everything die that's worth while.
\({ }^{4}\) I am sure that breahfast is something besides the first meal of the day.

I am surer every day that what I eat and what you eat makes us what we are. If we are eating for happiness we'd better eat the food that brings it.

The sun must be in the fuod before you can get it out.
- There is just so much sunniness in the world. if jou haven't your share, then it is still in that breakfast of "Force" that you did not eat.
"Force" is not a philosophy.
It merely enables you to be philosophical.
\& Which is a long way of saying,
Be Sunny.


Buffalo, U.S.A.
(To be contimued.)
I still have some celluloid buttons bearing my photograph and mi) motlo.

> "BE SUNNY."

They are nearly \(11 / 4\) inches in diameter and are attractively ci; ared with a patent stick pin on the back. They can be worn 4. man, woman or child. and they will be mighty glad to get them. ther are sent upon request of any grocer. You ought to see my bok, "The G satile Art of Using Forsa" Fres for the asking.

" Perfectly clean from our kitchen to your customer's."
The ease with which delicious pics may be made with

\section*{Wethey's Mince Meat}
appeals to the housewife. And the rapidity and ease with which it is sold should appeal to you. Always keep your Wethey's Mince Meat stock up, for is is a staple, all-the-year-'round article.
J. H. Wethey, Limited ST. CATHARINES, ONT.

\section*{Fruit Jars}


\section*{The Schram}

Automatic Sealer

\section*{A PERFECT SEALER}
-SEALED in a moment.
- UNSEALED IN AN INSTANT
- easy to sea'.
-easy to C.ean.
-EASY TO OPEN.
The best looking jar ever offered to the public.

Just notice tho "knoeks" it is getting, and then you will realize its value.

\section*{GOWANS, KENT \& CO.,}

16 Front St., East, - TORONTO.


Shrinkage in North Carolina Leaf


DVICES from North Carolina are to the effect that about 70) per cent. of the present year's tobaceo crop has already been bul on the market, and that within a couple of monthes at the latest the entire crop will have been sold. It now appears that tobace, men in eeneral were fooled in their first estimate of the erep for this rear, whech they thought would be at least to per cent. more than the crop of last year. From present indications the erop will be alonent to per rent smaller than last vear's crop.
With a large suphly of tobace, ion hand manufacturers started to buy slowIy at the begiming of the season, and the result was that there was a big drop in the prices. Later, when it was evident the erpp would be short, the buyfrs began to pay better priaes, with the result that fair prices have beed paid lately. During the week of February 2.5 10 March 3 something like 500,000 pomids of tobaceo were sold in Durham. the of the chief tobacen centres of the Sonth, averaging about ten rents, this being the same average of the preceding vear. 'pto date nearly all of the sombl Care lina crop has been sold, as well as a co hasiderable part of the eathern North Cand lina rTr.p. In Durhann and the b, ightht whater, rewion there is lese than. - We-thind of the rop to be offered to the manulaturer, and from now on it i. anticipated the prices will be better. Well intermed toblacemists are of the - pinion that there will be a great falling off in nexi sears cmp. with the monlt hat high prices will prevail. It is said then many farmers of Sombli Carolima and the catern part of North Carolina will waver their whacen bands into, whtom tields
The unsatiofartory state of the toblareo, trade has cansed some 60 planters in the tobacee, bell of the adjoining belt of Temessee to abandon the exclusive cultivation of tobaceo and to devote their attention largely to a diversity of cris.

English Matches Advance in Price.
\(\triangle\) CCORDING io a leading exchange the leating match honses in the Cinted Kingdom have combined for the purpose of advancing the price of wax vestas, each firm having deposit ed \(\pm 250\) with the chairman of Bryant \& May. In case of breach of the rules or underselling that gentleman has power th intlict fines. Wax vestas which coold be purchased previous to .Jannary 1 at *1 per gress, are now raised to *1..50 per groes se that the very lowest price the wholesale dealer can resell at in +1.60. The street hawker will sitfier wonsiderably, as he will have th pay 3 eents per dozen more for his materbes than formerly. Aceording to an exp.et the sole purpose of the movement is to supersede wax westas by placing pine wood matches on the market. Twelve months ago a similar scheme was wied. but it fariled, as them was then no penally for underselling. The expert saythe British manufacturers have fallen headlong into an American trap. '. All along American manufaturers have had designs on our matcin trade, which is wontined th some ejeht firms. Two years
ago the Diamond Matel Company a sorbed Brayant \& May, who, rather th: face a ruinous war, came to an mud. standing with the newest form of vasion."

\section*{A Train of Tobacco} Probably the longest train of mai factured tobacco ever shipped to single firm in the history of the wn left Durham, North Carolina, for cage on Febrnary es. The train

\section*{Old Chum}

CUT PLUG SMOKING TOBACCO satisfies the most exacting customers.

\section*{CURRENCY}

Plug Chewing Tobacco
is a

\section*{Quick Seller.}

Handled by all Leading Wholesale Houses.

Figure it out. Cigars v. Tobaccos for profits.

1,000 Cigars, express paid, assorted as you please. At the end of three months if you want cash for unsold stock, write us. We give you invoice price.

\section*{"Pebble" 5c. and \\ }

800 Cigars, 5 centers \(\underline{200}\) " Io centers 1,000 " yield \$60 00 and the profits in this \(\$ 60.00\) turnover will equal that in a turnover of \(\$ 200\) in tobaccos.

SEND THE ORDER TO-DAY.
It is the first step that counts.
J. BRUCE PAYNE, Limited nfr. Granby, Que.


\section*{We Know Ilim}

He is the man who turns his back on any tobacco except \(\boldsymbol{T}\). \(\boldsymbol{d}\) B., and he groes to a certain grocery store just because he can always get their T. \(\boldsymbol{A}\) B. He buys more than tobacco to our certain knowledge.

The Geo. E. Tuckett \& Son Co., Limited hamilton.

\section*{Cho \\ }

\section*{Making Money} Easily.

Selling Pipes is one way, and the grocer has the chance, and the pipes and prices obtained from us are a big help. Write.
W. B. REID \& CO., TORONTO.


The Erie Tobacco Company WINDSOR, ONTARIO.

British Navy Queen's Navy U. \& I. King's Navy Beaver

CHEWING TOBACCOS. NOT MADE BY A TRUST

\section*{T. J. Horrocks,}

Wholesale Distributors 176 King St. East, TORONTO WRITE FOR PRICE LIST

\section*{The Chamberlain Cigar}

The best value in Canada! Sold the world over! It will help your trade tremendously! Order a sample lot to-day!

SAVE THE BANDS AND RETURN THEM TO
J. M. FORTIER, Limited MONTREAL.


OBACCOS are not all the same. There are some tobaccos better than others. We know our tobaccos to be good,-better,best. If they were not all this the sale of them would not have the steady in crease they are having month by month.

\section*{SMOKING}

TONKA
SOLID COMFORT
PINCHINS
HAND-MADE

CHEWING-
BRITISH NAVY, KINGS NAVY, BEAVER, APRICO F .

McALPIN CONSUMERS TOBACCO CO., Limited, TORONTO

促
isted of 30 cars full of one brand of smoking tobaceo. The shipment contained \(2,880,000\) packages of tobaceo, emongh, it is said, to give every adult person in the United States three pipes of tobaceo. When sold to the consumer the shipment will bring about \(\$ 144,000\) The train was a quarter of a mile in length and had no other cars save those loaded with tobaceo and the caboose

Tobacco Growing and Curing in Japan.

WHILE nothing but war operations in Japan against Russia are heard of in the newspapers, it is a relief to hear something of the tri umph of peace in connection with grow ing and curing of tobacco in the Flowery Kingdom, as related in a recent letter from the Japanese Experimental Tohar (1) Station. at Nishigahara. Tokio.

Regarding the last crop of Tobacen aised there he writes as follows:

We harvested and cured here last vear the best crop of bright yellow to bareo in years. Flue curing bright yellow tobaceo has passed the experimental tage, and is now a well understood method, and we estimate that about a half million pounds will be produced to the cure here in 1904 . Our experiments have proved that the flue barns can be used to good advantage in curing out the regular Japanese varieties, and get ting that much esteemed 'dark cherry red' color used mainly for fine-cut for -mall pipe filling. The tobaceo depart ment of the Japanese Government is now publishing a farmers' bulletin, which will he distributed and will explain the cormula of heat manipulation."

Philippinos Petition U. S Congress.

1PETITION from the Tobaceo Workers' Guild of the Philippines is before Congress at the present the asking for the free entry of Philippine tobaceo into the Customs houses of he. Vinited States.
The petition has been submitted on the found that the Dingley tariff which movides for a duty of 75 per cent. on mamufactured tobaceo is practically quivalent to making the exportation of Philippine tobaceo to the United. States market in impossibility.
The policy of the United States to protect the wealth and trade of the Filipino people, they claim, demands nothing less, since at the present time no less than 14,000 tobacco workers in that country are living in the greatest indigence. Their plight has been made worse by the fact that the markets of

Japan and Australia, once great consumers of Filippino tobacco, no longer favor them with those large orders that in the past so greatly stimulated production in that country

\section*{Exports and Imports of Tobacco.}

The quantity of leaf tobacco imported by England from the United States during the month of January, 1904, according to the Western Tobaceo Journal was \(2,918,726\) pounds, a large increase over the importation for the corresponding month a year ago. The same is the of importations by Belgimm, Mexico, and Japan, the rate of increase in the latter country being particularly remarkable Importations by Canada from the same sumre have largely decreased

For the seven months of the current fiscal year experts of reaf tobacen from the United States have fallen off to the value of \(\$ 4,929,501\). Importations of leaf tobacco for the same period show a steady increase in wrapper leaf, but a decrease in fillers and the manufactured product.

\section*{Tobacco Growing in Ireland}

THE British Government has decided to allow experimetnal cultivation of tobaceo in Ireland upon a considerable scale for a period of five years under the supervision of the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instrue tion. A rebate of one-third the existing duty will be granted to any tobaceo producer as the result of the experiments.

An English exchange comments afollows: " Ireland will be glad to hear than the Chancellor of the Exchequer has given leave to grow tobaceo for five vears on very favorable fiscal terms, for Ireland badly needs a staple industry This experiment, however, touches only the begiming of the difficulty. There is no question as to the possibility of growing tobaceo in the United Kingdom; it was grown a few years ago as an experiment by the late Mr. Fannce de lame in Kent. It was grown largely in Ireland until the industry was suppressed in the interests of our colonies in America. Nor should there be any difficulty about collecting the duty on tobaceo, for Anstralia which grows much tobacco, manages the collection as easily as excise officers in England colleet the duty for breweries. The real problem arises when the leaf comes to he treated, and here is the reason why the comparatively small crops of Australia, though confessed by American experts to be equal in some cases to Vir-

\section*{IT'S FREE SEND AT ONCE. \\ SILENT DRUMMER 1904 \\ - ILLUSTRATED}

Giving the most valuable information to the retai trade. Great bargains in PIPES,
CIGARS, etc. A tremendous stock that must be unloaded at vour own price.

\author{
W. H. STEELE CO., иuiteo Importers and Wholesale Tohacconists.
Scott St., -
TORONTO \\ 40 Scott St., - \(-\quad\) TORONTO
}

Should be in the mouth of every smoker. What ? a
Mclougall Soctch Clay Pipe
D. MeDougall \& Co., Glasgow. Scotland.


\section*{Dominion Show Case Co.} 63 Richmond St. East. toronto
qimia growths, have never succeeded in rivalling thie Imerican exports. A small industry camot afford to employ the highest experts in the selection and treatment of the leaf. And, though it is quite certain that Ireland can grow tobaceo, it is equally certain that Ireland can only set up a paying tobaceo industry by growing on a large and generons scale."

\section*{Tobacco Notes.}
A. (i. Jamieson, western representative of the American Tobaceo Company, will in future make Brandon his headquarters
L. Naurie, well known to the tobaceo trade, has been appointed manager of the Padrone Cigar Company, Portage la Prairie.
A new firm of manufacturers' agents to be known as the F. W. Law Company, has started up in Wimnipeg and have placed in stock a full line of pipes, tobaces s, cigars. ete.


\section*{The Hallwood}

\section*{IHE GOOD DOINTS IN THE HALLWODD CASH REGISTER:}

Indications.
Key Board.
Resettirg Adding Wheels.
Lid Lock Counter.
Total Adder
Drawer.
Lever.
Tape Printers.
In every feature the best cash register being made.
Send for descriptive literature. No worrying salesmen to force you to buy.

\section*{THE}

Hallwand Gadi Rodictop Go. of candid
78.80 King St. E. TORONTO.

1782 Notre Dame St. MONTREAL.


\section*{Never Used a Loose Leaf System?}

That is what they all say until they have seen The Briggs Ledger System which saves you from one to five days per month in rendering accounts.

It consists of a ledger, journal, index, merchandise account, and itemized bill heads under one perpetual binding which is so simple that anyone can operate.

Can not get out of order. Has stood the test of years.
Catalog sent upon request.

\section*{The Briggs Ledger System Co.,} 25 York St., - Toronto, Can.
 Does It All

CLEANS AND POLISHES LUBRICATES WITHOUT GUMMING. PREVENTS RUST.

And does each better than anything else.

Dealers make lasting customers by selling " 3 in I"

Sold by Jobbers in
HAMILTON WINNIPEG
MONTREAL ST. JOHN, N. B.
TORONTO VANCOUVER

\section*{G. W. COLE CO.}

141 Washington Life Bldg., New York.

\section*{THE OFFICE}

DEVOTED TO THE OFFICE STAFFS OF BUSINESS ESTABLISHMENTS

\section*{A SYSTEM OF BOOKKEEPING FOR COUNTRY MERCHANTS.}

By Henry C. Nelsoni. Kankue (ity. Mo

BOOKKEEPING is not a new subject by any means; we know that it has been practised and in vogue since the time that mercantile business was started. Of course there are a number of merchants who have taken up a course of bookkeeping and can therefore readily understand its use, but I feel confident that there are many merchants who do not recognize that bookeeping is a necessity towards obtaining success in the business world. The probable reason for the ignorance of some of these merchants is the fact that bookkeeping as taught in the schools and colleges of to-day is too complicated, and they do not feel like spending the time learning the theory. I sincerely believe that if the retail merchants could be interested in a very simple system of bookkeeping which would not require much thought or experience, it would be appreciated and perhaps would induce some of them to keep such records as would show their financial condition at any time.

The system I have in view is verv simple, and I believe that the busiest merchant could not give the excuse, substantially, that it would require too much time to operate it. I would use three cards; one would be the ledger card, another a day book, or, properly called, a journal. and the last a credit book, or, in other words, eash book. which is of different color, as follows
\(\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{K}}\)
John Smith, Smithville, Mo.
Cr.


Day Book or Journal.
Dr.


Cash or Credit Book Cr.


It is about as simple as could be made to get the results which we are after by posting on the day book or cash book each item as it is sold or received, as the case may be; then the only entry required for the time being is made, and at the end of the day a balance can be taken with the cash on hand, showing the exact amount of busi-
ness done for that day. The ledger could be posted from the journal or cash book either at the end of the day or whenever convenient during the month.

I would also suggest that a separate ledger card be made for merchandise sold for eash and posted the same as an account. This would bring the books into balance without any trouble whatever. As regards the individual accounts that the merchant carries on his ledger, I would suggest that a card for each one be made and each item posted at the merchant's convenience. so that should he be called upon by his customer for a statement of his account he will have no trouble in giving the information desired, consequently it is to his interest to have his books posted up to date.

Now to get at the merchant's financial condition, I would suggest the following system of bookkeeping in connection with the above. Post invoices when goods are received on the cash card, just as if so much cash had been received. When the bill is paid, it should be posted on the journal, just as if so much goods had been sold and taken out of the store; for money paid out by the merchant for bills that are due will decrease his resources that amount. Should he be called unon to render a statement of his financial condition, it will be necessary for him to take an inventory of his stock on hand, then refer to his ledgers, adding accounts that are owing him, together with what eash he has on hand and his balance in bank, his mexpired insurance, and other assets, such as real estate, furniture and fixtures, etc., etc., deducting bills which he is owing for goods and any further existing liabilities.

If the system was operated as above, and books were balanced each month, he could, after taking inventory, which in my opinion would only be necessary twice a year, give a true and complete statement of his financial condition, showing all assets and liabilities, together with his net worth, and there would then be no occasion for any man to estimate his condition when called upon to make a statement of his affairs. It may appear to you now that the system is a little complicated, and I admit it is not perfection as yet, but the idea is there, and I have already installed the system among our customers, and I will make it a point to personally visit these people to see whereby any improvements can be made to make it more simple. There is no doubt in my mind but that this system of bookkeeping, properly installed and properly operated, will prevent many of the failures now recorded.

I have interviewed customers who have requested credit and have inquired is an off-hand way regarding their condition. Some of them have replied, estimating their worth, and have afterwards found out that they were entirely wrong. We had a case in Missouri which I beg permission to cite. The party in question was a good customer and had always met his bills promptly, was con-

\section*{THE OFFICE}
sidered honest, although he was not worth very much over and above exemptions. A few months ago he had a very gcod and prosperous business, and after the busy season he contemplated taking a rest and went on a visit to some of his relatives in Colorado, taking \(\$ 500\) with him, which he thought he could spare. After his return he kegan to figure how much ahead he was on the season and found out that he had overestimated his profits and had taken \(\$ 250\) more to spend on his vacation than he had really made. Of course it put him in a very embarrassing position, but he reported his affairs to our representative and stated that the next time he wanted a vacation he would first find out how much he could afford to spend. He has since been using our system on our recommendation and considers it a success. He was a man that did not believe in bookkeeping, as he considered it too complicated for such a small business as he had been doing, and altheugh he was honest, the weakness of his condition nearly finished him.

Sonetimes failures are due to carelessness and not dishonesty, and a thorough system of bookkeeping will no doubt prerent carelessness in the majority of cases. On every cceasion that an out-of-town customers pays us a visit, we take up the system of bookkeeping with him thoroughly, and it is surprising to find how willing they are to learn a system which will prevent errors. In reporting their condition there is no doubt but that many of the statements given to the mercantile agencies are made in good faith, but are entirely wrong through the merchant being obliged to give a hap-hazard account of his cendition. In some cases the wholesale house suffers when giving credit to a man apparently in good condition, according to his statement, who afterwards makes an assignment or is forced into bankruptcy.

As I have stated before, I am not satisfied until some improvement can be made on the above system, and any suggestions for its betterment will be a further step towards the common end we all have in riew. If we can interest merchants to adopt a system of bookkeeping which will prevent even a few failures, I think we will be amply repaid for any efforts we may make.

\section*{" CLOSED FOR LUNCHEON."}

THE: practice of closing commercial offices during lunch hour, which is general on the Continent and has been largely adopted by houses in Manchester, Glasgow, and other large cities, is now being introduced in London. Last Summer the proposition was made that the warehouses should be closed during the middle of the day, but the suggestion was not taken up very readily. The idea has been revived again, however, and, amongst others, E. \& H. Tidswell \& Co., of Wood street, are now following the custom, and it is said to be greatly appreciated on the part of the firm's customers as well as the staff. This firm is well-known to readers of Bookseller through their advertisements, and the adoption of this new idea is quite ia line with their progressive business policy.

\section*{A QUESTION OF CASH DISCOUNT.}

0NE of the subscribers to the Bookkecper ventilates an interesting question which recently came up for solution in his business. He says :
"Our friend sold to a customer July 1st a bill amounting to \(\$ 4,286\). Terms cash, 10 days, less 4 per cent. The customer remitted \(\$ 4,000\) on account within the time
limit. How much discount should we credit to his necount? He may settle the balance within the time iimit or possibly not for several months."

That is, should the customer be credited with 4 per cent. discount on that amount of bill covered by remittance supposing same had been in full settlement, or is he only entitled to 4 per cent. discount on the actual amount of his remittance?

One authority decides one way-another authority decides in favor of the other. Which is right? Perhaps some of our subscribers might be disposed to favor us with their views on the subject.

\section*{THE APPEARANCE OF LETTERS.}

ABUSINESS man may well tremble to think of the good or bad impressions being constantly multiplied and sent out from his stenographic department, iemarks Mahin's Magazine.

The position of typist is a very responsible one. A business letter is the representative of a firm. If it is slovenly and careless in appearance it creates instant prejudice.

If neatly and intelligently written it inspires confidence and respect.

Only a small percentage of the patrons of most concerns ever come in personal contact with the house. Iliey judge of the firm's intelligence, its enterprise and business management by the smartness and finish of such work as comes to hand.

A typist may look upon a letter merely as something to be done and gotten out of the way, but a letter has a long life. It is filed away and preserved for years. It may be referred to many times. A letter written to-day may be criticised or complimented ten years hence.

It is a mistake to suppose that no one cares or notices when work is well done. It is always noticed; besides, good work is worth while if only for the self-satisfaction it gives.

It is something to feel that one is improving a little every day; going forward, instead of backward; becoming more capable and efficient.

The habit of good work makes everything easier, makes the day pass more quickly, and puts one on good terms with one's self.

A letterhead placed in the machine is merely a sheet of paper, like a piece of white sketching board before the artist.

The operator can make something beautiful of it if she will give it form, expression and character.

A perfect typewritten letter is really a thing of beau'ty. attractive to the eye and the mind.

\section*{YOUR SIGNATURE \\ and a plate that any printer can use for for 50. and a plate that any printer can use for
Exact size of original. Remit \(P\).} Fent in three days Make your signature in hlack, dark
blue or red ink. ive make all kinds of advertising cuts GEO. J. SMITH BUREAU, 621 Broadway, N.Y., U.S.A.


PRINTING


Sond for Samplea
G. A. Weese \& Son, 44 Yonge St. Toronto.



\section*{Educational Department.}

The following institutions for the education
business men's sons and daughters are recommended by this paper

\section*{Be Successful.}

There is no doubt that an education helps a maia to success Why not learn Commercial Book-keeping and Commercial Law. With a knowledge of these matters the business world is open to you.
We teach them BY MAIL at a very small cost.
Write fur our information about our Commercial Course
Canadian Corresponit:
Walter James B own, LL.B., Principal.
toronro, cavada.


BEST COMMERCIAL SCHOOL IN ONTARIO. Write for Handsome Catalogue. W. J. ELLIOTT, Principal.

\section*{Western Business College}

Cor. College and TORONTO.
Spadina avenue,
Thorough courses in Bookkeeping, Stencgraphy, Typewriting
and Penmanship; individual instruction.

> A. J. HOARE, Principal.

\section*{St. Margaret's College, Toronto}

A Boarding and Day School for Girls.
Thorough courses in every departmeut.
Only teachers of the highest academical and professional standing employed. GEORGE DICKSON, M.A. Director. MRS. GEORGE DICKSON

\section*{The Belleville Business College,}

Limited.
BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO
Send for handsome catalogue
describing fully all courses
J. Frith Jeffers, M.A., Principal

Book keeping and Shorthand are
sure stepping-stones to success
sure stepping-stones to success. Teachers who have had practical
business experience teach these
branches in
NeSS COLLEGE
THE WILLIS BUSINESS COLLEGE
A school of genuine merit. Send for our beautiful catalogue.

\section*{THE CANADIAN GROCER}

FLOWER POTS FOR GROCERS.

WITH the approach of Spring, it behsoves grocers handling flower pots, hanging baskets, fem pans. lawn vases, etc., to make preparations for supplying the needs of their sections in this direction. We are inclined to think that many grocers who do not handle this class of merchandise should do so, not only because of the anoney made through the addition of such a saleable line but also because they owe it to their constitnency to provide hang ing baskets, lawn rases and similar goods.
Mosi people are only too ready to pos sess themselves with such helps to hone adoming, and reguire merely to have some attractive pots, baskets and rases brought to their attention to become frompt purchasers. The love of Howers is minersal and the accessories to their culture and display are iery proper atticles of merchandise for every grocer and gencral storekeeper.
In this connection a reference to the Foster Pottery Co., of Hamiltom, is timely. This concern was founded in 1878 by the late Leonard Foster and was successfully carried on by him until his death in 1890. He was succeeded by his suns who continued the business mintil the present company was formed, with F. L. Foster as manager and S. Foster secretary-treasmer of the new company
A large sum of money has been expended in installing the most improved and modem machinery, and it is safe to say that there is not a better equipped flower pot factory in Canada. The company controls some of the finest clay beds in the country, and turns out a class of pots unexcelled in quality and durability. In 1903 the output was something wer \(5,000,000\) pots. The capacity of the plant under pressure is double this amount.

Inasmuch as grocers haves better opportunity than florists for selling flower pots it is hoped that they will appreciate the value of the above suggestions regarding flower pots. The Foster Pottery Co. issues a very attractive and helpful price list which will be furnished to any desiring it.

\section*{RADIUM TO PRESERVE FOODS.}

A
NEW agent for preserving foods of all kinds has been discovered by H. Leiber, New York, who has performed some interesting experiments showing the preservative qualities of radium and thorium.

There is almost no substance that encourages the development and growth of germs as much as bouillon. Mr. Lieber, therefore, inoculated a quantity of bouillon with so-called mold taken from infected food. He divided this solution into eight parts, keeping each of the parts in an open glass jar at a temperature of about 80 degrees.

In each of two of these jars was placed a small tube containing radium.

Two other jars of bonillon were contubing with an air-tight glass bottle containing radium solution, so that the emanation from the radium could enter the solution.

Two other jars of bullon were connected with a glass bulb containing thorium oxide and the emanaions from this were applied to the bouillon in the lwo jars.

The two renaining jars of boullon were left in their original state. Close examination showed that the mold in these began to thrive at once, and after three days the surface of the botillon in the two receptarles was movered. By the end of two weeks the matter had become so thickly infected with germs that it had to be destroyed.

There was no growth of the mold in the jars treated by radium and thorium, and after two months the bouillon was as good as when first exposed.

Experiments were made with other food materials, with similar results. This opens up a field for the use of radium as a food preservative which is of the utmost importance.

\section*{THE CURRANT QUESTION.}

ACOMPANY of English capitalists: have submitted to the Government of Greece a proposal to take over the management of the currant crop in that country for the benefit of the Greek growers on a fixed commission; to purchase the entire crop; to adopt special methods for treating the excess crop and to make advances to growers, the minimum amount which the company will advance to be equal to 200 drachmas per \(1,000 \mathrm{v} \cdot \mathrm{p}\).; the profits secured for account of the growers to be paid them direct, and at once. The company also propose to maintain the currant bank by means of a fixed payment and to erect warehouses in Greece and at the consuming markets abroad.

They ask for a three years' term to make out lists of the currant properties, and to formulate a basis on which to regulate the question of debts, ete., and with this in view undertake to grant
the nation a loan of \(£ 300,000\). The company assures the Government that these proposals will secure the acceptance of the Governments of the consuming comtries, and that in the manner the advances will be made there will be assured to each grower three-fourths at least of his expenses of cultivation, even in cases where such should prove unre munerative or a failure.

\section*{THE MODERN RETAIL GROCERY}
"THE evolution of the grocery business during the last 60 yearhas been most marked," sala leading exchange.
- Among other things dry goods anl boot and shoe departments have disappeared and meat departments have been installed in every up-to-date grocery throughout the combtry. In the early days \(n\) attention was paid to the display of goods, or to making a store look neat and inviting. Everything was helter skelter, and it would puzale a Philadelphia lawser to find anything. Hhat was apparent on the goods and shelves, and the hrom was used but ver little. Now everything is changed. An "p-to-date store is a thing of beauty, and the artistic display is very noticeable.
- There is also a great change in the matter of protits. Some years ago the small grocer considered a trade of \(\$\), a day pretty good, and figured his pror lits at 100 per cent. At the present time the margin is so small that profits have to be figured on the bulk of business done. A revolution has also taken place in the matter of eredits. Formerly it was the custom to let accounts rim six months, or even a year some times, to accommodate customers, while now, 30 days is considered the limit, and some are demanding the cash, giving no credit whatever.'

\section*{STORAGE IN BRANDON.}

For the convenience of business firms wishing to extend their business in Manitoba and the territories, and for that purpose to secure storage facilities in the West, the Manitoba Commission Company of Brandon have opened warehouses in that busy town. They have a large warehouse \(48 \times 100\) feet, with two flats and a cellar; also two cold storage rooms, and are thus in a position 10 render important services to their cii ents. They are the only commissiou company in Brandon and are open to receive communications from persons or firms who want the sale of their fords, pushed in Brandon and its dependeat surrounding country.

OF

\section*{G00DWILLIE'S FRUITS}

\section*{BATGER'S}

\section*{MARMALADES}

ARE THE RESULT OF OVER
150 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
AND ARE MADE FROM THE

\section*{FINEST INGREDIENTS.}

A TRIAL ORDER from your jobber will convince you that they are

\section*{TRADE WINNERS.}

Agents,
ROSE \& LAFLAMME,
MONTREAL
Current Market Quotations for Proprietary Articles


"Look for the "Crown" on the package."
the guiding mark to the Best Table Syrup in Canada is the "Crown" on the tin or package. See that when you order Table Syrup that you get "Crown"

Always Ready and Promptly Shipped: 2 lb. tins-case 2 doz. Also in Brls., \(1 / 2-\mathrm{Brls}\), 5 ". ". " \(\quad\) ". 10 Kegs and Pails. Kegs and Pails. 20 " \({ }^{1}\) " \(\quad\) " \(1 / 2\)

Freight paid on 5 cases and over to all railway stations East of North Bay. brand. It is being imitated in every way except quality, that can never be done by any other manufacturer, "Crown" brand stands alone and at THE TOP.

EDWARDSBURG STARCH CO'Y, Limited ESTABLISHED 1858

63 Frent St. East
TORONTO, ONT.

Works: CARDINAL, ONT.

64 St. James St MONTREAL, P.Q.

\section*{THE CANADIAN GROCER}

\section*{Two} Lines That Lead.

\section*{A Vinegar with Advantages.}

You want a brand absolutely pure. One which will keep a long time without deteriorating. One known for its delicate aroma and its excellent flavour. Hill, Evans \& Co. (Worcester, Eng), produce the one. A Malt Vinegar which is unapproached by any other for these essential properties. A Vinegar you may always rely upon.

\section*{Quinine Wine with a Reputation.}

Robert Waters' Quinine Wine enjoys a 50 -year reputation as the finest tonic known.

Export Agents-ROBT. CROOKS \& CO., Botolph House, Eastcheap London, England.


We solicit your orders for Spring Trade, for


Prices and Terms on application.
J. II. DOvelas a CO., Ganadian Agents,

MONTREAL.
 ERUNNIER, MOND \& OO.'S SODAS

Blearb
Sal
Concentrated Sal Caustio

EVERVVVHEFE NNOVNN TO BE THE BEST.

WINN \& HOLLAND, Sole Agente for Canada, MONTREAL

Agenta for Cazade:
C. E. cotioy enem, Mentrel ARTEOOP, Ho

THE PEOPLEOF JAMAICA are now buying thinge in the United States whichtheyought to buy in Cenades. They don't know what we can do. A small advertisement in the
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"GLEANLR" might bring inguivio. Phetrix write for rithe te



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\title{
A Wonderful Canvass of the Northwest
}
has been made to ascertain what proportion of the people used breakfast foods, and the proportion using beverages other than coffee or tea.

This canvass was conducted in a most systematic manner by the "Northwestern Agrieulturist" of Minneapolis. The inquiries covered many other subjects, such as "What make of Chocolate do you use ?" "What Soap?" "Washington Powder?" "Watches?" etc., but we here direct your attention to the prepared breakfast foods and Postum Cereal Coffee upon which the report showed as follows

PREPARED BREAKFAST FOODS.


You will observe that almost double the number of families use Grape-Nats than use any other prepared food, Out of 1587 families who use some kind of bevarage, including coffeo, Postum, tea, cocoa, etc., nearly one-sixth or \(15 \%\) use Postum. We submit that is a tremandina volume, and gives some sort of an explanation as to where the many thousands of tons of Poptum so to. It has emphasized the further fact that Postum is'as firmly established a national beverage (8omarhat less in volume, but just as surely built) as coffee or tea.

\section*{Postum Cereal Co., Limited, Batle Creok, Mich.}```

