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HERALD
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shall need such. a medi-
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ne Presylterian.
eatly and promptly


## (U) 


VOL. XXVIII MALIFAX, N.S., DECEMBER 23, $1876 . \quad$ NO.
WESLEYAN BOOK ROOM,
matifaz,
ALL METHODIST PUBLICATOONS
AND SCHOOL BOOKS

christmas. $18 \%$.


 Ring trongh the cose bolted
Do yout think of the poor p
 How fair she is at her playing,
As pure as the sweet Maidonan
 Do youthnik of the poor?





| " What!" I exclaimed, "is it possi. ble that the eyc of God can take cog | future let Thy grace bin imparted, <br> it will, I know, be suffieient. Hor |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |


 1876. He Lad nearly accomplfisbed Lis occasionally at the clock on the wall,
the hands of which were fast approach-
ing the hour of twelve. They reached
it at last. The clock struck, and the old man with a sigh closed the myste-
rious volume, and wis about to rise and place it on bis shelf among many others of a a siniliar size and shape, when name on the cgyer. stop and let me see the contents." " "Well then," he murnured, "have your will: come hither;" and he re
replaced the volume on bis knees, and sufirered me to torn over its pages.
found them to containa journal of all my aims and wisbes, thoughts snd feel ngs, words and deeds, through the pas whole. There was scarcely an entry that was not more or less dark and omwhich I had hoped the best were all of hem infected; eillher in the motives bat led to them, the feeling that ac companied them, or in some other lit cle matter that was otherwise connect ed with them ; the plague spot was still the whole. The wonderful minutenes Aso, of the details ntterly overwhelm me. Things that I had altogether over looked or forgotten were here carefully

## WESLEYAN' ALMANAC

## 







Giristmas festivitips in WESTMINSTER HALL.
Oar early kings kept this grea
Christian festival in the Grand Hall at Westminster-"Rufus'z Rouring Hall" from the Anglo-Norman times. Here ohn beld his Christmas feasts in 1218 and 1214; and Henry IIL in 1284, Tenry himself kept Ohristmas at Win hester, he commanded his treasure to fill the King's great hall from isision (January Ist) with poor people, and feast them there." In the next (Edward I.) reign, in 1277, Llewellyn; Prince of Wales, ant a guest at the
Christmas feast in Westminster Hall. n 1290, 1292, and 1303, Edward I woo kept Christmas here ; as did Edward II in 1817, when, however, few but in 1329, he kept Chritmas' bere Edward III. was a right royal pro der of Christmas cheer. The art of
cookery was now well understood; and pies, aud the preparing of rich soups cook's duties at this period. French and in the merchants' feast we find jel-
ties of ail colours, and in all figuresfruit. The wines were "a collection of
spiced liquors;" and cinnamonon, grains
of paradise, and ginger were in the des. Obristmas in Westminster Hall in $135^{\circ}$ the captive King of France, and David, ber at two grand ontertaiuments given
 ce of " protuse hospitality") when he

 the Mister Cook of Richard IIN." In
139, Richard kept Christas s siting in the reat hall, in cloth.of.g.gol, garIo 1478, EA ward IV. kept Christma rown, and waking costly presents to
iis hoosebold
Richard bis reign was short and turburlent eept two Christmases here in sumptles Pbilip de 1487 , when chroni a England for the last hundred sears. Aext year be solemnized the festiva






Wo
D And we had stid amet that nightic.

Bat no, alas! t'mas all in rain

 And dreai, a Saint so mondous ol.
w $\stackrel{1}{\text { In }}$
No

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\left.\right|_{\mathbf{A}_{i}} ^{\underline{N}}
$$ $\triangle$

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A
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D. WiDDr mas the brightest andmost vivid of tmen in society. No one
thate ever pasased a free hourt in socialthat ever pasesed a frec hour in sooinaeven Stdoes Smith wian witiere man,
or ittered more or more pungent oreor attered more, or more pungenty, or
more briliant mote. Every sentenceapartled, every repartee fleshed. Nowgrtaeful, now cauatio, now jrresitibly
comic apd spiteque, the play of hismit was incoed rat gand inezabautibleop multiply in troveptnees- that theysumfeient provodation he could be se-recived from him at table a helpingthat seemed rather bountiful. " $0, \mathbf{M} \mathbf{M}$,
Waddy sie sid.given me-quite a cartload f ', In due
time, however, with a sort of andshe intimated to him that the fare wasma'am,", was the smart reply;" batek
your art up." Sitting at innuer near
an oren window that opened towardthoroughare interifered with the thow
of conversation, and he asked for the
wndow to ce closed. "I thought,"
Waddy." "It is not the air," he r
plied, "t "t which I $I$ objeet, but the ac
companiement $t$ "lisped out an inquiry as to whether he
would have any objection if he smoked
ir of criticism, ssidid bandly, " My only
bjeetions is that I fear it
just idea of tne everlasting flow of wi
from his ips. The watititue and in
ceessacy of his witticims, indeed prevented more than a a very few from being
remenbered. Thes effacedremembered. Thes effaced each other.
One, however, just occarsWrite, and was about to quit the sub-
ject, which I cannot refrain from giving
it so comical, and at the same time of
so pustoral a character. Dr. Waddy
chaplain of Westey College, Sbeffieldings of the district session an excellent
brot ther-had been appointed to preach what shouldhave been the principel sermon of the
district seasion. Unfortuantely thepreacher was neither enay nor powerful
livinas.

 How sorels puzzed we have been,
Wondering
what the moold ever do,
 Ind me had staid amake that nigbse
Natebing for santa Clans to oome,
 o one cond mertey inito and boys. We almays thonght it mas so nice


$$
\left.\right|_{W_{W} A_{i}}
$$$\stackrel{A}{A}$

$\stackrel{A_{0}}{A_{0}}$Ea Within our coos litite room. We took bat preionos little slo osleep again was oo be bad And as the ears rolled round again
We watcoed thy coming from alar ;
 Which rone upon the happy earth,
Sheffield District.
ings of the distric nad the glad Ohritidmeme long ago.
 da angele $a$ gibepberde let their fold

and

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serrice was over, went into the veatry, and found Dr. Waddy there, the preach-
er having disappeared. The miniter expressed to the doctor his regret tha protracted "Ah, well! was the instan reply you see it was a conci oad clerum,"
(ad [to] clear 'emo) (ad [to] clear'em.) Many an address
to the clergy before has been a to clear 'em ; but never, perhaps, had to clear em ; but never, perbaps, had
so felicitous and at the same time grotsion. $\backslash$ English Cor. Advocate. Dr. Shliemann's Discoverigs I
Grece.-Dr. Schliemann, the German ex o tre, King of Greece :-
To His Majesty King George.
Your Majesty that I have disco vered th Pausanius, indicates as the tombse of Aga
menmons. menmon, Cassandras, Edrymedon and
their companions who were killed while her lover Egisthus.
Yhese tombs are surrouuded by a double
paralell circle, with tablets undoubtedly erected to the bonor of the victims, In these tombs I bave found immense arch
mological treasures and numbers of articles of pure gold.
The treasure
The treasure alone is sufficient to fill
large museum, and the most splendid in large museum, and the most splendid in
the world. In succeeding ages Iam sure strangers from abroad. As I am laboring simply for the love of science I waive all claim to the treasure, aud offer it with in
tenese enthasiasm, entirisl to Greece. blessing, become the corner, stone of an national wealth.
Dr. Hevri Dr. Hevri
Mycene, Nov. $28,1876$.

## REVIVAL PREACHIVG

 Baptist Union.The great revivala which from time
to time have visited Christendom have been associated with peculiar atyles of preaching. Each epoch has been specially its own; but in all caser these great results have tollowed in the line fundamental truytif of the gospel. The men under whom these spiritual movements have occerred haye, in their
preaching, insisted on some great docrinp, which in its unfoldings antagonsed the tendencies of the age in which hey lived. Sentimeutal, sensational, or even philosophical utterances have
not been the weapons which the Spirit has employed so mightily to the pulling Luther ronsed Europe from its slumbers by preaching justification, by
faith. Edwards insisted doctrines of the retributive justice of
God, and necessity of regenerition. Wesley effected his great reform by demanding spiritual life in distinction
from worldly pounded the operation of the law of
God on the conscience, and the atonement of Christ. But in all
cases revival preaching, has been al cases revival preaching, has been doc-
trinal preaching, and the preaching of
those truths which real
 and helplessness of human nature. These are doctrines which pre-eminetly
belong to the sphere of revelation. intellect, and the rebell and bum-
ind human heart. They exalt Christ, and make up the message of the gospel and
prove it to be the power of God salvation.
The preaching of just these ioned doctrines in some and all of
their phases is needed at the present
day-a dar of shallow
$\qquad$ or afford to dispense with the Word of Such preaching brings Christians their knees, leads them to realise their power from on high." It reaches and searches the devices of self-rightassess, and brings the sinner to feel
his lost condition, and to trust in the overelgn and atoning efficacy of the
cross. It honours the Spirit of Con

Reader, reuew your subseription for
1877. Wo think we bave given youn
 Wrasprys, If willt be our gim to d
oren more next year.

 Now that the long dark night thathy
And souls are hangry for the day.
On mountain tope bright heralds stand,
Witt beantifl
And pubbish over and stinning feet. And pubbish over asea and land fee
The welcome tiding glad and



OBITUAET.
in memorian

 protesed Clurist during the meetionge Uetbodist Church of treeived nato the rethodiet Chrch of this place. On Sume any, the 1sth Oitober, sbe attended deburcib tho afternoon ; it mas about four odol loek
 was death from the firta hurr. Sber Sor no food for the seven diys bbob lived, her mind expanded wonderfolthitiog in thot eeven days of onffering; the ectinity or
her naturally
sotire mind magreuty ber naturally a otire mind was greatly ii.:
tensified, and ber proeeptione derfally clear.
other sting tha
 death were very hard, aid about man bour
before she died, obe turrned ber hoe doum

 Priday me thought her dying, bot obl it
was so bard to give ber up
 lingerod and suffered in the geonien of
death, we mere conotrained to aut out Heavenly fatber to rolease ber, tor iit aeemed as thongh ber departuro nu ooly

 tal face before. $A$ mid the moot interim

 glorions. About five minate bet nus left us, all pain ceased. sto fell the end
was reached was reached, "Mam Ma, do not mep tor
me! Good bye, ppapa; $;$, papp, on
$\qquad$
come to me in heaven!"' She then babe
thelo thers, even the doctor, good bye, lear.
ing the siane earnest request. I had
moved, to give others a place beide en
She then looked to me; $I$ knelt beide
slosed her mouth and her eqes, and mas
gone. As she turned her face she smided
and the angel of deatb left the suile oo
sweet and so perfect, that all who looked
 Whyso soon het had pien her her






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 Revisizaz
 Naymatis rixazizut
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THEWESエ円YAN
DECEMBER 23, 1876
$\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { its first session-November 20. Our } \\ & \text { doubts about the organ's prophecy of }\end{aligned}\right.$ doubts about the organ's prophecy of
the committee's success in making hymn hook should be shaken when we contemplate the organ's advance know. ledge of the aforesaid "methods."
Nothing remains now for the new born Repository but to follow in earnest
Sidney Smith's joking proposal to reSidner Smith's joking proposal to review a book before reading it, in order hereby to avoid being prejudiced. The organ aiso expresses regret that the
hymn book will destroy a million dollars now invested in the old hymn book, and thereby outrage. Wesley's words about unnecessary expense. What a world it is, needed !-steel rails wasting iron rails, steamers wasting the value in sail vessels, cars smashing canal boats and stage coaches, and new editions superseding the old-alack-a-
day ! With all possible modesty we day ! With all possible modesty we
hope the committee will wurk hopefully hope the committee sucessfully, and conquer both the atural obstacles and

## John Wesley's Bible is still to the

 fore and likely to be so for centuries to come. It is the insignia of the Wesley-an Presidential office, and is handed from the outgoing occupant of the con from the outgoing occupant of it is the badge of prerogativa and authority as well as office. John Knox's Bible is now Esq. It contains the signature of the turdy reformer, the ink and handwriting of which correspond with copious notes written in a cypher on the mar-
gin, in which hand the Psalms are digin, in which hand the Psalms are di-
vided into morning and evening porvided into morning and evening por-
tions. The following affldavit is also inscribed :
"The book was printed by a gentleman
named Richard Cameron, in the year of our Lord 1530, and was presented to th
oun
 which bappened at Edinburge in the year
of our Lord, , 572 , being tevele years in
his possession. It next tell into the hands his possession. It next fill into the hand
of his successor, Mr. Carson, where itcon
inged till his death, and passed into the of his successor, Mr. Carson, wed into the
tinued till bis death, and passed inte
hands of his widow, whose name was Page hands of his widow, whose name was Page,
where it continued till the present ypar
of our Lord, 1683 . (Signed) Thomas Page.
The Bible was transferred from the aame of Page to that of Housten on account of marriage, and it continued
in the hands of the Houstens till it was in the hands of the Houstens till it was
next transferred by Margaret Housten to the name of Elder, and at his de it came into the hands of his son, Hugh Elder, now residing in Edinburgh. It
was purchased from him by Wm. Glen. y of the same city, and at his deat was sold by his wife to the Hon. Roger
Rollo, whose son now has it. It ought to become the property of some branch Wesley's Bible is now used by the Wesleyan Church.-Ch. Advocate.

A Bishop's Convention was recent ly held by the dignitaries of the M. E
Church, at which among numerous appointments we find that Dr. Upham, of the New England Conference, was nom inated fraternal delegate to the Methu dist Church of Canada. A Committee was appointed to consider the propriety of iutroducing Lay delegation into the Annual Conferences; also a large Com mittee to correspond upon and prepare
for an Encumenical Methodist Conferfor an Encumenical Methodist Confer
ence. All this means progression. Lay delegation to Annual Conferences will come everywhere, sooner or later. An
assembly of representatives from the various branches of the great Method-
doubtless having the posthumous bio-
grapher in mind, aud means that the
path of glory shall extend beyond the path of glory shall extend beyond the grave. His wife and stal wart sons are
his chief companions. Beyond them, he has little desire for society.

## Pr juge lowin was year no nym uc Gen how you you ugh oug liam bath " pren ter. wil

 owing first rate: Rer. Thomas Williams
was met one day in Providence, many was met one day in Providence, many
years sgo, by the late General Carpenter, jears sigo, by the late General and one of the sympa thizers in Dorr's insurrection :,
"Good morning, Father Williams," sa General Carpenter, "How do you do?
how bave you been! do wish I conld hear
you preach once more, Inave not beard you preach once more, I
you now for a long time.,
"If you had bave be
"Ight yo have been,", rejoined Mhere you Wr. Wi.
oum you would have heard me last Sab-
liams, you "ath", Where were yon $P$ where did you
"Ahench last Sabbath ?" said Gen. Carpen.
"In the State's Prison." retorted Father
If Methodists in this country are at the op of the list in numbers, they appear to
anse of Missions. The following is the
"The Congregationalists give 82.42 ; the
Canada Methodists
nd 1.80 the Northenn

Hetbodists 42 cents.,
We faer that we in the South have not
done as well as our Northern brethren.-
BAD HABITS IN CONVERSATION. Among the many bad habits which
way be observed in society, is that of indulging in expressions which are not literally true. Truth is a jewel of such inestimable value that it ought on account to be sullied or disregarded. The bad babit of expressing ourselves make us undervalue the truth, and must into this error thpough want of thought or attention. The few following cxpressions, drawn from every-day life,
may furnish useful suggestions to those who are frious to avoid evil in
all ths degrees:"I was solll that $I$ thought I should
have died."- Nothing could have been further from the thoughts than dying "The doctor said, if it had been a
hair's breadth deeper it would have killed me."-A skilful surgeon that
same doctor. "He leaps a five-barred gate and comes an impediment better than I can. "She turned pale as a sheet."-
Somewhat paler than the truth, I fear. Somewhat paler than the truth, I fear.
"My hands wero cold as ice."-I rather doubt that.
"His face was as black as my hat."
-What ! that is blacker than a blackamoor.
"I am tired to death."-Then I hope
"He was as fat as a porpoise, she
thin as a herring."-An ill-matched
pair, truly.
" We were up to our knees in dirt. "It was enough to kill me."-Strange " I did not.
"I have called on him fifty times." "I have told you of that fault a dred and ninety-nine.
I had not a wink of sleep all night "I would not do it for the world." The above apirit atove bribery. The above remarks apply to the bad
habits of many. There are two persons and the reader.-Weekly Visitor. MINISTERS' WIVES. We bardly see a religious paper now. the hardships of ministers' wives. Innot only to look after the congregation,
but the minister. The pastor's wife has to be the friendly critic of the bus-
band's sermon and its delivery. If the preacher comes home with
$\qquad$
${ }^{\text {bim }}$
may sometimes result in a great har-
vest ; that she liked it better this time
than when he preached it in the other than when he preached it in the other
settlements, \&c. She has to stand besettlements, sc. She has to stand be-
tween him 'and the door-bell; suppress unpleasant things brought to the house ing pestiferous gossips ; tear up insult
ing leters ; and of ten, on small salary, narigate a household around the Cape Horn of large ex-
penses. But oh, the joys of being a ministers' wife! Is she not generally the pet of the congregation? If she has culture tention shown her than any other lady in the neighborhood receives. She is
sought after, bowed to, and consulted sought after, bowed to, and consulted
on all sides. She has an open door to on all sides. She has an open door $t$
all the confidences of the people. In word, no one has so so fair a chance as about the hardships of her station, but she 1s really so well satisfied with her
pla je that she would not exchange with plase thar she would not exchange with
any one else sition more desirable than that of a minister's wife, except that of a minis-
ter. Trials-of course. What wome ter. Trials-of course. What women are withour them ? Ever since Eve was
down sick from eating too many harvest apples, woman has had troubles; but the parsonage is not the favourite
place for their congregating. The merplace for their congregaing. The mer
riest wives we have seen, all up and down the land, are minister's compan. of Christendom!

COREESPONDENCE.

## ARE MINISTERS OVERPAID?

Mr. Ediror,-I have bad the pleasur reading a number of your correspon have been waiting to see some reply from a Laywan to A subscr:ber, but
have not seen any up to this date. The
correspondence shows how much some correspondence shows how much some
families can spend and how much les others can get along with. While "Lay
man" needs $\$ 900$ (we dont know whethe
he could stop short of e3000) for his fami
ly and horse, "A City Lawyer" can feast on beef-stealk, roast goose and boiled tar key for s750. While a "Circuit Rider
and his family (we presume he has one) plainly that families, as well as horses, can subsist on a very $8 m a l l$ amonnt.
While "A Layman" wants $\$ 800$ and up wards for himself and family, and $\$ 100$
for his horse. I will venture to say (and I think I have lived long enongh to know
what it takes to support o f one half of the families, as well as the
horses, in New Brunswick and Nova Sco.
tia do not have one half of that amount yearly to expend or keep them, and one
half of that number of families and horses Iive on less than one third of that amoun
It is quite likely that "A Layman" spend $\$ 100$ or more on a horse tbrougb
the year; but I can tell him that I kept two horses last year on less than one halt fid as much, work as one of his. ""
dircuit Rider" bas not told us whether he has any children (I write from memory
as the Wesleyan is going the rounds other families), but we presume, by his
correspondence, that he has to be an uufortunate circumstance for
him that he has not. Had he been blessed with eight or ten children, their income
would have exceeded his. There seems to be something wrong in the distribution
of the children's fond of the children's fund, for whle ehe hae
only received $\$ 360$, he bas to pay out $\$ 60$ and what for? To support those minis.
ters children who are receiving the $\$ 750$ and upwards; and if he has eight chil-
dren, his salary would be $\$ 320$ mote. Then there is the dowation and educational al.
lowance for his children-say some soon or $\$ 300$ more, which would raise the
amount he would receive sumewhere the neighborhood of $\$ 1370$. wnile "C. R. R."
gets only $\$ 300$, and quite likely has the
same same aurount of labour, perbaps double,
and only receives about one quarter of the there is something wrong in this item, and
until there is a change made, the Station. cis mstances will allow, to place thuse dependent circuits; then "Circait Rider,"
and otbers like him, will be eased, and the others, perbaps, not overburdened with
too great an amount of the things of this
life. I would throw out these bints, trusting that others, far more conpeteut to
deal with the matter, will endeavour to as will equalize the matter, so that none
shall be bridered at the expense of other Thanking yon, Mr. Editor, for your val
ceived a paper addressed days since I Board of the Nora Scotia Confrerence,
conceroing 1. The Childrens Fund 2. The Loon Fund, \&c.
Concerning Concerning the latter, I've nonght just
now to say. When I saw the announce.
ment of the scheme, I nent of the scheme, I thought-now we
have a happy issue out of all our troubles
Then reason said to Then reason said to impunse- Wait a
min nte, friend, let us scan it a little put on my glasses-these are not fashion.
able glasses--they are not blue nor green, able glasses--they are not blue nor green,
nor do they show good and bad just alike
read, "Any Iread, "Any suggestions, dc.. concera-
ing the Loan Fand, \&.., thanffunly re.
ceived." Please allow me a trial or tho at the sc hemee before it is launched.
From moy first entrance nnto the From my first entrance into the Co n.
ference (and I would say from your's dear sir, only I saw the silver thread :
coming the other day when I called you, which made me pray, as I went out,
" God bless our editor on his uncusher "God bless our editor on his uncushoned
chair, and send him an easier one", but from my first days in the Conference, the
Children's Fund has been rearded it I could judge from the objections, , I 1 could juage from the objections, com.
plaints, threats , ,c., as one of our chief
dofects. And if I have any memory, the dofects. And if I have any memory, the
chief difficuty, the real toouble, was the chief difficuty, the real toonble, was the
asseessing of circuits according to mea. bership, thus keeping down the lists, and
putting the same tax on the putting the same tax on the poor as the
rich. Theee dufficulties, thuugh apparently removed, are really retaned and aug. mented by the proposed scheme.
Year after year the Year after year the trouble became
worse and worse-confusion became worte worse and worse-confasion became wore
confounded. A committee was uppointed at the last Conference to bring in a scheme,
sc. This committee reports,"After a careful examination of mer.
eral proposed pluns, it was unanimuousy
resulved that the following be recom. resolved that the following, be recom.
mended as the most feasible." Well, truy, I would she to see some of
the plans that were less feasibl. I won.
der what they were like, and who brought " 1 . Tbe Independent, Cirenits to pro-
vide for the Minister's chldren ppon them, accolding to an apportionment to
be made annually by a Cpmite appoint:
ed by the Conference." So, our so-called Independent Grreuits
are not jet to be allowed to bcome sueh.
Nay, are s:ill to receive grants for their are not jet to be allowed to brecme sueh.
Nay, are s:ill to receive grants for their
ministers children; and worse still, ,this ministers children ; and worse still, -this
is to be done by an annual commitue of -mostly-fallible men, who may be inences to do, of course, innocently, the
most unjust things ; and there is no remost
medy. A fine basis for a grand chareh
scheme, truly. An irresponsibet, ehang. men. At the last Conference, a commit.
tee, something like this, was appointet to the tax for the Children's Fund on cer-
tian Independent Circuits. and, of course,
ook it out of the dependent ones, that took it out of the dependent ones, that is
took from the men who were getting s. 500 year, and gave it to those who were get every year under the new scheme "2. The claims of the children of Min.
isters upon Dependent Ciriouta to we
first claim upon the Missionary Graut." What does this amount to? They hare
always got their children's claims ; and if al ways got teir childrens, caa matter bor
r read cort ectly, the others, no malar the circuit, or bigh the ealary, will et exactly the same. "3. All Circults bereafter attaining
to an Independent relation to be re. lieved of any assessment, for the
Childrens Fund for the firsy yero their
independence ; the claiments to dram ndependence; the claiments to draw
their allowance for that year from the
Missionary Grant. The esoond year, soch
and

 Grant. The third year, such Circuirs
be assossed their full amount as otber In.
dependent Circuits." By this, certain Independent Cirevits

## 





 neither consulted the Repopireter or orate,
but the thers that adm rataitu is the fact that the depa


## Fas

$\square$ Hom God stires. Aceraliog to th




GOING HOME TO CLOUD.
HEAVEN. Deas, dear, but it was cold on Christ mes morning. The air was keenly bittare the snow was crusted with ice, and eneril. Turie Quiltr drew her thin legs up into ber chair, and sat on her feet with a pathetic idea of warming them. As she sat, her fingers, though numb andeold, knitted busily, and ber thoughts flew as fast. Nowhere ! Nothn' for milk no sugar, nor coal, nor jelly! A egg yes. Thm, coming!"
The half-muttered monologue re solved itself into this cheery, sweet
oned, "Yes, Tim coming." The smal eet were placed stiffly down on th loor, and Turie was in motion. As suredly "in motion," for such comi getting over the floor could not be sty ed walking. One hand was flung abov the same beight, and the other twist d itself along, and tbrough the open nore comfortable, but poor enough a the best. A whirl of a second on one toe, and breathless the girl looked down on a white face lying so tired and weak
on the pillow. Then the owner of the hite face spoke proudly
That was a stunner.
Yed, that if I can only get a little fatter can soon earn a shilling a weet. Think of that Tim! What do you waut ?" Tim looked down nervousty, befo be answered with a patient yet childish"I It one : ner time, and I didn't smell no fire, and I tho

It was well for bis tender heart that he could not see her face as she stoop. its brightest colors should lie where he should see them. That face was full of lismay; and it was quite a moment be regained her feti and epring, he regai
You great baby! It was not the ner you wanted, bat me! Don' rou go for to say you're hungry! I
must go out, but I'll give you a crack
With a great show of bustle and fuss, she produced one from a stone jar, and only one. Not daring to look at him again, she danced out and shut the
door. All the life died out of her whirling figure, and she sank down in
the farthest corner of the bleak garret "Ob, Tim ; oh, poor Tim! He's
hangry, and I've nothin' to give him;" rove to think calmly.
They were orphans. Tim crippled $\begin{aligned} & \text { great and heavy cloud of gray, } \\ & \text { thought, mast be the bome of his fathe }\end{aligned}$ their father had fallen from a scaffold,
and been brought home to them-dead. ing the laces and crochet tidies, in the
day, that her fingers wore so deftly at father, then a carpenter in a minorthea in retuca Madomisselle Corinue ( $\mathbf{C a r y}$. o dane2. Through all their poverty Turis bad been an apt pupil. A great
gricf to Curinne was the fact that Turie
couldn't wouldn't grow fat; and
mary were the cosical cousultations held with Tin on the subject. Turie
entertained the shrewd idea that mor fee. would saire the difficulty; but she
kept this ides ecret, and the others had
not yet stuabled on it. 4f, Corinne bei been away with ber
troupe in the berth country towns, or Terie would hare gone to her, sare of
kindly belp. Paor little woman then kindly belp. Poor little woman: the
Christmas Day wsen not a very hopeful or happy one. Tim's rapidy faiking health had kfot her more at honie of
late, and bephistock of pennies had dwindled to one. ber tears, she started up and wrapped her rageed shawl about her. A straw bonnet without trimming of any kind, and so large that it slipped down and rested on her ears, she fastened by ty-
 and hunger was tempting ber sorely
Keeping her head well up, so that sight of the cakes might make her false to Tim, she started for the opposite
side of the street. The roadway was crowded with carts, but Turie was no prosite side when an that gained the opposite from its master's guiding hand,
broke and sprang forward. Turie heard the warning shonts, and even then would have been safe, but her bat fell forward, blinding ber eyes, and in the next in-
stant she was under the tramping boofs, down in the spow, with the wheels crushing out her life. Around the pale form a pitying crowd gathered, some only curious-many with the Christ
mas softness resting in their moisten For
For she was dead. Her fragile ber face, unhurt and smiling with the triumph of a vanquished temptation, and one hand grasping the precious food, were all that looked bike Turie. Just before a boot-boy bad ridiculed
her comical bat; now, with his bare her comical hat; now, with his bare
cold hand he strove to shape it round cold hand he strove to shape it round
the still face. No one meemed to know who she was, or where she lived. A laid ber on its rough boards. With an ashamed movement, he pulled off his warm coat, covered the broken form with it, then drove away. With the po-
lieeman, and faced the bitter day, barearmed. The metron at the bospital dropped tears of sympathy on the white
flowers she laid round the child fute then kissed the peaceful lips, and saw them close her last frail house, and
bear Turie to the field of everlasting quiet. No more of dancing, no more immortal, a peace eternal, and the rai ment and the glory of the angels for
Turie. Tim lay quiet after Turie bad left him alone, eating his cracker slowly
and trying to believe that it satistied
him. When it was bim. When it was gone be watche
the clouds passing by, and thoughts the clouds passing by, and thoughts of
the angels that Turie had taught him to believe dwelt in them. Surely Turie
was staying long! He covered his thin arms more cli,sely, for the scrap of fir
she had left was cold and dull. thought, ansest be the bome of his father
sturdy and strong of yore, and chang
ed in no way in his son's mind. An hold bis young mother, who left him a
his birth: and he knew ber waiting marcely lift in tead fast, and Turie was 2 latig time coming.
It was getting so dark, the shadow
were gathering so fast, but he heard
footstep. He felt faint and wealk from Want of iod blowly the tears rose
and dropped silently one by one. I
was co dark! A frightened sob, and the child natare conqured as the still
ness of the room was broktn br hi
sobs. He was soon exhausted, avd la
terrified and stuoddering. Then te call ed. "Turie, Iurie." No answer, and
with a fratic effort he raised himself
and slid off the bed, felling so beaty that he was stitnned.
He woke with the raws of the randle Those arm his head was pillowede, and
kis crooked limbe cerered by the fold spalk; butss. following the too weal totion th
tion Corinne thourht he mat lipi, Corinne thought he was trying to
prace and she said aloud the words of
peace that came to bur
roice was still, Tim bad gone to find
his lowed ones, and Turie among them.
little es be nnew it. Corinne learned one day of Turie's
death from a chance witness of the scene: and through all ber life the memory of the tender, self-denying, sufering children kept her heart more
fresh and pure than it might otberwise fresh and pure than it might otherwise
hase been. The large white cloud, with the golden edges, and \& red ligth
showing through, lying at sunget in the
fit showing through, lying at sunetin in the
far \#eatern sky is it not the beine)
Timothy


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