Weather Forecast: Very Cold

The London Advertiser

LONDON, CANADA—THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

HOME EDITION

53rd YEAR. No. 22668 THE LONDON, ONTARIO, ADVERTISER, MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 15, 1917. TEN PAGES. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

BERLIN ADMITS BRITISH SUCCESSES

RUSSIAN'S RIGA ADVANCE MAY RELIEVE RUMANIA :: ALLIES TAKE OVER ISLAND OWNED BY GREECE :: RUMANIANS AGAIN THROW BACK TEUTONS AT KASINO :: TEUTONS FAIL IN ATTACKS NORTH OF FOKSHANI

GERMANS SAY TERRIFIC FIRE DID NOT STOP BRITISH RUSH

Forced To Admit Successful Capture of Positions.

GRUDGING ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Effect of Boastful Story Is Spoiled By It.

EXPECT ATTACK ON SERRE

Another Attempt There Forecast by Overseas News Agency Report.

Berlin, Jan. 15—Via Wireless to Tuckerton.—The military critic of the semi-official Overseas News Agency writes regarding the violent fighting on the Somme front last week as follows: "For several days, as was reported, strong attacks were made in the vicinity of Beaumont-Hamel. On January 12 the British resolved to undertake a greater effort, directing it against the village of Serre.

Bathed in Steel Rain.

During the whole day the German positions and approaches were under a strong British fire from guns of the heaviest calibre. In the afternoon this bombardment became most violent. The British storming columns were sent to the attack from the west and south.

"The columns advancing from the west were mowed down by our machine guns and our well-directed curtain of fire, and in this quarter the British did not obtain the least success.

Get Foothold in Fierce Drive.

"The British who advanced from the south succeeded, notwithstanding the fact that they sustained the heaviest losses in approaching the advanced German positions, obtained a footing at the foremost trenches after fierce hand-to-hand fighting which continued until nightfall. They attempted to advance to the main German position, but failed. The main position and the town of Serre are firmly in the hands of the defenders.

"It is probable the British will continue their efforts to capture Serre. German troops are maintaining themselves stubbornly in an exposed salient."

CALLS AGITATORS AGAINST REGISTRATION TRAITORS

Premier Norris of Manitoba Arraigns Those Who Oppose National Service.

Winnipeg, Jan. 14.—"Agitators against national service should be called traitors, they are unworthy of the name of men, and should not be at liberty," stated Premier T. C. Norris, speaking before the Great War Veterans' Association this afternoon.

"These men who pass opinions against the better judgment of the leading men of the ten Allied armies would pass into oblivion as slackers of the first water," he stated. "In this matter I speak plainly, and in speaking so have nothing to apologize for.

"Men at the head of such organizations as are leading the movement against the Government have no right to liberty, and in the near future, will be surprised at their own smallness. They are not worthy of the name of men. They wrangle about matters of money, as I speak plainly on this matter, I speak plainly on the matter of capital today, and say, that when the right time comes money also will be divided.

"These men are doing the kaiser's will just as much as his armies."

The premier said: "Thank God, they are not allowed to do it. They are worthy of no other name but traitors. They stand behind the hand that assassinated Belgium, murdered Nurse Cavell, and performed other brutal atrocities."

ANOTHER SUBMARINE REPORTED SEEN IN ATLANTIC WATERS

British Freighter Passes One 800 Miles East of Newport.

New York, Jan. 15.—News that an unidentified submarine was moving westward in the Atlantic as late as last Thursday morning was brought to port here today by the British freighter Clematis, in from Bordeaux, France. Persons on the freighter thought the undersea boat might be the German submarine merchantman Deutschland on a third ocean voyage to America.

The stranger made no move to attack the Clematis, which was at the time approximately 800 miles east of Newport, R. I.

AMERICAN HERO OF MANILA BAY DYING

Admiral Dewey "Slowly Sinking," Says Report of Physicians.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 15.—Admiral Dewey, hero of Manila, who has been confined to his home here for the last five days by a general breakdown, was reported as "slowly sinking" by his doctors at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

ITALY'S TERRITORIAL ASPIRATIONS BORN IN ITS HOLY WARS

Independence and Redemption of Italians Under Austrian Domination Sole Cause of Them, Declares Famous Historian—Statesmen To World.

Rome, Sunday, Jan. 14—Via Paris, Jan. 15.—Italy's territorial aspirations in connection with the war were explained and defended today by Francesco Ruffini, minister of public instruction, and a historian of prominence, in a statement to the Associated Press.

"In the note of the Allies to President Wilson," he said, "they make a point which is understandable to neutrals, and particularly to America. Italy, no less than her Allies, awaits with calm confidence the realization of the aims set forth in that passage of the note which refers to the redemption of Italians subject to Austria. The German press seeks to depict Italy as desirous of conquests, but American public opinion, so far-seeing, so well educated to freedom and to a deep spirit of national unity, cannot confound brutal lust of conquest with a justified claim to territories with populations like those of the Trentino, Istria and Dalmatia.

Austria Responsible.

"These territories have had only one civilization in their history, that of Italy, and only one great humiliation—which must cease—that of foreign domination which attempted to destroy the principle of nationality. America knows well that Italy, notwithstanding these just claims, abstained from any provocation before the European conflagration, being occupied only with her peaceful development. Austria was responsible for the outbreak of the conflict, having willed war with Serbia, after provoking Italy a hundred times with violent persecutions of Italians of Trent, Trieste, Fiume and Seara, whom she denied even the right to educate themselves in their own language.

Resume Holy Work.

"Once the conflagration was ignited, Italy felt that fate called her to complete her national unity and resume her just and holy work and her wars of independence, which have been studied with such enthusiasm by your illustrious American historians. Only those who are ignorant of the history of Austria's violent usurpations were surprised by Italy's action, initiated by her victorious armies, or considered her just claims to be ambitious for conquest. Italy faced the terrible sacrifices of blood and riches imposed by the war with that same religious spirit which animated all the deeds of her national resurrection.

"Italy counts on the considered and tranquil judgment of American public opinion which, while justly desiring the return of peace, cannot, if it examines the origin of the conflict, and the problem raised thereby, wish that the European equilibrium, broken by violence in 1914, be replaced today by a premature and unfruitful peace containing the germs of graver conflicts in the future.

ALLIES OCCUPY ANOTHER ISLE TO STOP SUBS

Take Over Cergigo, Belonging to Greece, on Wednesday Last.

PREVENTS ENEMY USE

Submarine Bases in Greek Islands Being Routed Out By Entente.

Athens, Jan. 12, via London, Jan. 15 (delayed).—The Allies occupied the Island of Cergigo on Wednesday.

Cergigo is the southernmost of the principal of the Ionian Islands, belonging to Greece. It is in the Mediterranean, on the southern extremity of Morea. A number of other Greek insular possessions have been occupied by the Allies, supposedly on account of the establishment of bases for hostile submarines.

MACEDONIAN FRONT ACTIVITIES LIMITED

Despite Weather Conditions Allies' Successes Are Continued.

Paris, Jan. 15.—The war office communication today concerning the Macedonian front is as follows:

"Bad weather has resulted in many floods, and violent snowstorms are recorded from the region of Lake Presba.

The enemy has shown activity along the front held by the Italians, where an attack has been repulsed and prisoners have been taken. The Vardar positions have been violently bombarded, and in the region of Rapesh our artillery responded with energy.

A depot of munitions has been destroyed at Futures, to the north of Armatus. There have been several encounters to the south of Lake Ochrida, particularly at Veliterna, where one of our Indo-Chinese detachments was engaged. Another detachment has made a slight advance in front of Zvezda."

LIBERALS WOULD FIGHT SEVIGNY'S RE-ELECTION

Decision, However, Is Up to Those of Constituency.

Quebec, Jan. 15.—A meeting of the Liberal electors is called for Tuesday evening at Ste. Henedine, county of Dorchester, where it is expected a decision will be taken whether to oppose or not the election of Hon. Mr. Sevigny, the new member of the Borden cabinet.

There is a strong probability that Mr. Sevigny will be opposed in the coming by-elections, but the local organizers of the Liberal party state the entire matter will be left in the hands of the electors of Dorchester County.

In this regard it will be opportune to note that a number of Liberals of the county have openly expressed their determination to oppose the election of Hon. Mr. Sevigny and that a pressure has been made by Dorchester Liberals to have opposition made to the new federal minister.

RUSSIAN ARDOR SURMOUNTS ALL RIGA OBSTACLES

Weather, Cold, Marshes, Murderous Fire, Ignored by Soldiers of Czar.

MAY RELIEVE RUMANIA

This Continued Menace Stirs Teutons to Desperate Measures.

London, Jan. 15.—"Neither blinding snowstorms, nor paralyzing frosts, nor impassable marshes, could check your ardor." Such is the tribute of General Dimitrieff to the Russian forces on the Riga front. His message furnishes the key to the Russian attacks in the last week.

Despite long and furious hand-to-hand struggles, and the murderous fire of hundreds of machine guns, the Czar's troops have succeeded in breaking the German lines, almost entirely destroying three enemy regiments and routing another, and finally overrunning fortifications constructed only after fifteen months' hard labor.

The captures include 50 machine guns, 30 cannon and enormous equipment—even 100,000 bottles of brandy.

The Russian movement is still going on, and further successes might conceivably affect seriously Hindenburg's plans in Rumania. Realizing its importance, the Teutons are making every possible effort to check it before incalculable harm is done.

Still using the massed formation, with which Hindenburg beat back the Russians in the fall of 1914, the Germans are hurling attack after attack on the enemy's right in the Riga-Mitau sector.

The latest assault, south of Lake Babit, broke down like its predecessors in the face of a raking fire from the Russian batteries and sharp, swiftly executed counter blows.

DISTURB AUSTRIANS

Italian Gunners Pepper Enemy Troops on Move.

Rome, Jan. 15—Via London.—"On the Trentino front, our batteries disturbed troops movements in the area between the Adige and the Astico," says today's war office statement.

"On the Julian front the enemy artillery showed increased activity against our positions east of Gorizia and on the Carso. Our batteries replied vigorously, directing their fire on the enemy's lines of communication."

MORAL DEED NEEDED TO FREE THE WORLD!

This Was What World's Greatest (alias Kaiser Bill) Said When He Stepped Into Breach to End the War.

Amsterdam, Jan. 15.—Via London—The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung publishes the following autograph letter from the German emperor to Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, dated October 31, 1916:

"My Dear Bethmann.—I have since been turning over our conversation thoroughly in my mind. It is clear that the peoples in the enemy countries, who are kept in hard endurance of the war by lies and frauds and deluded by fighting and hatred, possess no men who are able or who have the moral courage to speak the word which will bring relief—to propose peace. What is wanted is a moral deed to free the world, including neutrals, from the pressure which weighs upon all. For such a deed it is necessary to find a ruler who has a conscience, who feels that he is responsible to God, who has a heart for his own people and for those who are his enemies, who is indifferent to any possible willful misinterpretation of his act, and possesses the will to free the world from its sufferings.

"I have the courage. Trusting in God, I shall dare to take this step. Please draft notes on these lines and submit them to me, and make all necessary arrangements without delay."

DIES AT PARENTS' HOME IN ENGLAND OF PLEURISY ATTACK



Advertiser Illustrations.

Pte. John Arthur Savill of London died on Wednesday, January 10, in England, according to a Marconigram received by his brother, Staff Sergt. Savill, 252 Oxford street, on Saturday.

He enlisted with the C. A. S. C., 16th Company, in this city at the outbreak of war, and previous to enlisting was employed at a local garage. He had been seriously ill for some time with pleurisy, and was removed from a military hospital a short while ago to his parents' home at Highbury, a London suburb, but failed to recover. He was a widower, leaving a daughter aged 5 years.

UNCERTAINTY SHROUDS SIMCOE ELECTION IN CLOUD OF MYSTERY

Electors Grimly Silent as They Go to Polls, But Liberals Optimistic.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Collingwood, Ont., Jan. 15.—West Simcoe electors are today marking their ballots. Never has there been an election in this riding regarding the result of which there were so much doubt on polling day. The town of Collingwood is the great uncertainty. There is a large silent vote which cannot be fathomed. The electors are disclosing nothing to indicate how their votes are being cast. They are grimly silent and resolute as they go to the polls.

A. H. Birmingham, Conservative organizer, and local Conservative workers admitted this morning that anything might happen in Collingwood. Liberals are confident that they will get the new shipyard vote, about 200 voters, and with it make gains of 50 in the town proper, which combined with the silent vote will wipe out the late Hon. James Duff's town majority of 303 in last election.

Climatic conditions are fairly good for getting out the vote. The light storm which blew on Saturday night and until noon yesterday, has made the roads heavy in the country districts but not sufficiently so to interfere seriously with the vote.

STEAMER MINNESOTA SUNK AFTER COLLISION

Lloyds' Announce Loss of Boat While at Dock—Identity Not Clear.

London, Jan. 15.—Lloyds announces that the steamship Minnesota has sunk while at a dock after a collision.

Maritime records give three steamships Minnesota, one American, one British and one Norwegian. The largest is the American liner of that name, owned by the Great Northern Steamship Company of New York, a vessel of 20,000 gross. She was damaged by fire in the Pacific late in 1915 and was taken to San Francisco for repairs, where she now is. It was reported she had been sold to the British Government for use as a troopship.

The British Minnesota, 3,116 tons gross, sailed from Philadelphia December 19 for London. There are no recent records of the movement of the Norwegian Minnesota, 1,261 tons gross.

UNITED STATES REFUSES POLAND RECOGNITION

Will Not Officially Recognize New Kingdom of Central Powers.

London, Jan. 16.—An Amsterdam dispatch to the Morning Post says the first session of the new Polish state council will be held on January 15. According to the Cracow newspaper Czas, the American consul-general at Warsaw has informed all neutral consuls there that his Government has instructed him not to officially recognize the kingdom of Poland until the end of the war. Nevertheless, he is quoted as saying, he will confer with the Polish Government and state council on purely political matters.

ALLIED VICTORY ONLY POSSIBLE BY MORE FORCES

Greatest Efforts Needed To Secure Adequate Strength For "Big Push."

STILL NEED 60 DIVISIONS

Britain Must Supply These Men To Smash Western Line by Superiority.

RECRUITING IS REMISS

London Times Expert Scores Failures To Provide Enough Men For Requirements.

London, Jan. 15.—The Times military correspondent maintains that the prolongation of the war, "as the result of the foredoomed failure of the peace move," throws upon all the Allies the duty of making greater efforts in order to deserve victory. He says that Germany did not wait for a reply to her peace offer, but initiated measures a month ago to expand her supply of men and munitions.

Efforts Still Inadequate.

"We ought to see," the correspondent writes, "clearly enough now that our efforts on land, especially on the western front, have not been adequate to secure a decision or even to deserve it."

In referring to the imputation "with a tendency to exaggerate" that the British have 2,000,000 men in France and the French have 3,000,000, he says:

"Statements of this nature serve rather to obscure the issues than to illuminate them. It ought to be known and admitted that the aggregate national strength does not express the real value of fighting armies. We all ought to count in bayonets and guns in order to ascertain our chances of victory and when we count in this manner the figures dwindle to quite a different total. The truth of the situation in the west is that Germany has 123 divisions opposed to us, and that the number of French, British and Belgian divisions is not yet such as to promise a decision in an offensive war.

Superiority Demanded.

"The offensive devolves on us in order that we may evict the enemy from the territories of our allies and such an offensive—against modern means of defence, demands a great superiority in strength, particularly in heavy guns, infantry and all other modern military means of enemy. Before the war we supposed a two or even three to one superiority not too great for the attacker, and I must repeat again and again that we have nothing like this superiority, and that victory depends on obtaining it. It is always possible for the Germans to place in the west the floating balance of strategic reserves which they used against Rumania, and if in 1917 we employ against the enemy only a slight superiority of force, nothing better than a slight success can reasonably be anticipated."

Need Sixty Divisions More.

The writer declares that there is a crying need for more men and that there has been a great remissness in the creation of new divisions along the lines of Kitchener's original conception. He refers to the military plan published in the Times in 1914 which, he says, Lord Kitchener himself revised and declared would insure Britain of being capable to continue the war when the other powers were exhausted. According to the correspondent, this plan has gradually lapsed from many reasons, chiefly the recruiting muddle in the autumn of 1915, which, he says, even now is far from cleared up. "We need another sixty divisions in the west," he concludes, "the necessary men exist, and there is every probability that their appearance in the field will decide the war."

SUFFRAGISTS' PAPER RAIDED BY POLICE

Criticism of Home Government Results in Confiscation.

London, Jan. 15.—The printing plant and the headquarters of the Women's Social and Political Union, as well as the homes of several of Mrs. Pankhurst's lieutenants, in widely separated sections of London, were simultaneously raided yesterday by the police and military authorities, acting under the defence of the realm act. The suffrage publication Britannia and two taxicabs full of documents were confiscated.

Britannia has been criticizing the Government, protesting that there were in reality two governments, one of Premier Lloyd George and the people who wanted to win the war, and the other a remnant of the late government which favored a peace compromise.

FATAL AUTO ACCIDENTS ON WESTERN COAST

Two Killed and Two Injured on Saturday.

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 14.—Three automobile accidents in Vancouver and district late Saturday caused the death of two persons and injuries to a soldier and a civilian, the latter, Louis Strom, being at the point of death.

Mrs. Dixon was killed and her husband, Lieut. E. A. Dixon, injured when they were run down by an automobile driven by Mrs. H. C. Johnston, wife of a C. P. R. conductor. Mrs. Dixon died en route to the hospital. Lieut. Dixon is a member of the Yukon Assembly. He was proceeding to his regiment, the Yukon Battalion, on leave, to join it in England. He is also a member of the R. N. W. M. P.

Near New Westminster, David Pendergast, a well-known resident of Surrey, was killed, when his automobile, driven by his daughter, turned turtle. Three others and his daughter escaped injury.

RUMANIAN KASINO DRIVE HURLS ENEMY BACKWARD MORE THAN HALF A MILE

Teutons Defeated Also by Russians at Fokshani.

INVADERS LOSE HEAVILY

Repulse of Attacks Brings Great Casualties To Enemy.

VON MACKENSEN ADVANCES

His Forces Force Another Withdrawal Toward Vadeni.

Petrograd, Jan. 15—Via London.—In the course of a violent engagement yesterday near the Kasino River, on the northern Rumanian front, the Rumanians threw back their opponents one verst (.66 mile), the war office announced yesterday. Teutonic attacks northeast of Fokshani were repulsed by the Russians, who inflicted heavy losses on their opponents. Field Marshal von Mackensen's army has made a further advance toward Galatz, causing the Russians to withdraw [illegible] wards the north in the vicinity of Vadini.

Bayonets Threw Them.

"The Rumanians attacked [illegible] occupying positions on [illegible] seven versts southeast of [illegible] Kaheinul, on the River Kasino. [illegible] violent bayonet fighting, the enemy was thrown back one verst toward [illegible] Enemy detachments which [illegible] offensive in this region, [illegible] assistance of Russian [illegible] repulsed but pressed [illegible] southward.

"In the region of [illegible] regiment strong, to [illegible] against our advance [illegible] withdrew slightly to th[illegible] emy detachments, after [illegible] preparation, attacked our [illegible] eral times in the regon of [illegible] ee twelve versts northeast of Fokshani. All attacks were repulsed with great losses to the enemy."

The statement says that the situation on the Russian-Galician and Caucasian front is unchanged.

Yesterday's official Petrograd statement said, in part:

Teutons Repulsed at Four Places.

"Moldavian front: The Austrians attempted to attack east of the Putna, but were repulsed by our fire. Their attacks north of the Saloniki and south of the Oituz River were repulsed. The enemy attacked the Rumanians six versts west of Braila and eighteen versts south of the confluence of the Slatina and Trotus rivers, but were repulsed by our fire. The enemy detachments which attempted to assume the offensive in the region of Radulesci, ten versts east of Fokshani, were driven back to their trenches by our fire.

Enemy Gains on Sereth.

"The enemy, three regiments strong and supported by artillery, launched an attack against our advanced guards from Kotumikhali on the Sereth as far as Vadeni, ten versts southwest of Ballov. After repelling several attacks our advanced detachments abandoned the village of Kotumikhali under pressure of superior enemy forces.

Put Turks to Flight.

"Caucasus front: On the night of January 12 our detachments attacked

(Continued on Page 3, Column 7.)

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 25; lowest, zero.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 8; lowest, 3 below.

TOMORROW—VERY COLD.

Toronto Jan. 15—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Today—Moderate winds; fair and decidedly cold.

Tuesday—Continued low temperature.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	40	30	Clear
Calgary	30	2	Clear
Winnipeg	—24	—32	Clear
Port Arthur	—8	—22	Clear
Parry Sound	14	2	Cloudy
Toronto	15	3	Cloudy
Ottawa	—2	—4	Clear
Montreal	33	8	Clear
Quebec	32	0	Clear
Father Point	36	8	Fair

Minus (—) means below zero.

Weather Notes.

A very pronounced area of high pressure covers Canada and the northern part of the United States from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The weather is everywhere very cold, and especially so in Manitoba, where the temperature is between 30 and 40 degrees below zero.

Four Children Perish in Blizzard

Cadillac, Sask., Jan. 15.—Four children were frozen to death in the blizzard of Thursday at a schoolhouse situated in Township 11, Range 15, West 3rd. It appears from a report brought in that two little boys were permitted to leave the schoolhouse during a supposed lull in the terrific gale. As they did not return a sister, aged about 14, went out to bring them in. In some unexplained manner another child got out, and all perished. The girl and two of the boys were all of one family, the children of Ovide Deschamps. When found the elder girl had the two little boys in her arms.

FIGHTING JACK MUNRO REFUSED TO LEAVE "PAT'S" MASCOT BEHIND AND MISSED TROOPSHIP FOR HOME

Famous Ex-Heavyweight Mayor of Porcupine Stayed Behind To Hunt "Jack," in Defiance of All Military Red Tape and Regulations.

St. John, N. B., Jan. 15.—So badly injured that they were unable to look after themselves, a carload of soldiers was dispatched west from here yesterday. The men, despite their afflictions, were bright and jolly. One of the liveliest was Pte. J. A. Waddell of Preston, Ont. He went to the front with the 1st Contingent. His experiences there were brief. He was so badly injured by a high explosive shell that both his legs had to be amputated at the trunk.

When refused permission to go to Scotland, his native country, because he was to be shipped to Canada, Waddell quietly stole away in his wheeled chair from the hospital, and by dint of assistance from kindly folk he met on the way, traveled from London to Scotland and back.

To be laid out by a tank was the fate of Harry Donaldson, a signaler with the 20th Battalion, Toronto. He was with infantry supports which went forward with the armorclad machines and, in a sudden lurch, the big tank struck him and passed on, leaving him helpless. He lay on the field for 21 hours with shells bursting all around him, and some of them taking effect on him, and several times he was buried. His injuries made necessary the amputation of his left arm and leg.

An interesting member of the party was Pte. John Munro, the former heavyweight fighter, who gave up a profitable business as mining engineer and promoter, to enlist in the ranks of the Princess Patricias. "Jack" returns with his right hand still in bandages, and does not expect to recover full use of it.

The story of how the big fighter missed the last steamer was told by a comrade. Munro was on board the steamer ready to sail, when he missed a dog which he was bringing with him. It was not merely a dog, it was the former mascot of the Princess Pats, which had been granted a furlough when "Jack" left the trenches. He found it the next day in Liverpool, and after a wait of a week brought it along with him, despite official rules

CANADA'S MESSAGE TO ALLIED POWERS

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—On the occasion of the Greek Church New Year (Saturday), the Government through the governor-general has sent messages to the Kings of Montenegro, Serbia and Rumania and the Czar of Russia, expressing admiration for the great services they and their armies have rendered the Allied cause, coupled with sympathy for the people who have suffered so nobly. The messages also express the determination of the people of Canada to continue unflinchingly until the common cause is vindicated and crowned through victory with an abiding peace.

12 FAMILIES HOMELESS; FOUR FIREMEN INJURED; HOTEL GUESTS ESCAPE

Montreal Fires Cause Heavy Damage—Quebec Hostelry Wiped Out.

Montreal, Jan. 15.—Twelve families were rendered homeless by an early morning fire which today destroyed their houses on St. Urbain street.

Three firemen, A. Bernotchy, Nap Brunet, O. Brown, were badly injured when the third floor gave away carrying them to the ground in the blazing ruins.

G. Lavere, another fireman, was injured when the roof of the Capital Lunch Rooms, Craig street, caved in, during another fire this morning.

QUEBEC HOTEL BURNS.

Quebec, Jan. 15.—The large hotel Des Marchands, a modern and well equipped hostelry at La Laque, Que., in the St. Maurice region, on the Quebec and Lake St. John Railway, was burned to the ground Saturday night. The loss will be figured at $30,000. There were fifty guests in the place when the fire caught, but all escaped though they all suffered greatly from the intense cold. The loss is covered by insurance.

"BIRDS OF FEATHER FLOCK TOGETHER"

Likewise Lying Words of Kaiser Echoed by Bavarian King.

London, Jan. 15.—The King of Bavaria, has sent a telegram to the German emperor congratulating him on his recent proclamation, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to Reuter's. The king telegraphed that the emperor's "strong words to the German people at the arrogant reply of our enemies find a lively echo in all hearts." He offers assurances that the Bavarians will continue "the fight which was forced upon us" in order to enforce peace.

TO PAY $75,000,000

Australian Government Making Advance on Wheat Purchase.

Melbourne, Australia, Saturday, Jan. 13 — Via London, Jan. 15. — Premier Hughes announced today that the Government on Monday would advance to farmers thirty pence a bushel on account of the amount due for Australian wheat recently purchased by the British Government. This will involve a payment of £15,000,000.

COAL DEALERS CAN SUPPLY DEMAND, BUT ARTICLE IS SCARCE

Stove a Minus Quantity in Some Yards.

ENOUGH AT INSTITUTIONS

But Are Only Getting It in Small Quantities Some Places.

While coal, both hard and soft, is scarce in London, the dealers are getting sufficient of both kinds to keep their customers supplied.

Most dealers today report a shortage of stove coal, while they have a sufficient supply of both egg and nut sizes for the present requirements.

"We have no stove," said one dealer to The Advertiser. "We are expecting some in almost any day, and they are going along in a 'hand to mouth' way, and are not supplying more than one or two tons to each customer.

"Can you keep your customers going throughout the winter?" he was asked.

"We will do our best and will try to keep them supplied, but we cannot guarantee anything," he replied.

Expects Some Soon.

Another large dealer stated that while he was out of stove size at present he expected it in in four or five days.

Regarding soft coal, the Advertiser was informed by a man who handles quite a large quantity of it, that it was coming in very slowly.

As an example, he stated that on one order of 5 cars, placed last November he had so far received only two cars. Other orders have been filled in a similar manner.

Owing to the congestion in the railroad yards at Detroit and Buffalo, it is said, the American railroads have refused to accept any more coal consigned via these points. The embargo is lifted a few hours a day and a few cars are let come through.

A number of factories are short of bituminous coal but the large public institutions in the city are apparently not seriously affected. Some, however, are suffering from the inconvenience of getting coal only in small quantities.

All Getting Along.

Superintendent Heard, of Victoria Hospital stated the contractor was keeping the hospital well supplied and hopes to continue to do so.

Governor Carter said that the jail was being supplied in small quantities. "It is very unsatisfactory, but it cannot be helped," he added.

Mount St. Joseph Orphanage informed The Advertiser that it was supplied and that the contractor expects to keep it supplied during the rest of the winter.

St. Joseph's Hospital informed The Advertiser that its stock was sufficiently large to last until March 1, and it expected more coal in the meantime.

$15,000,000 BOND DEAL

Morgan Firm Buying Argentine Railway Securities.

New York, Jan. 14.—A banking syndicate, which includes J. P. Morgan & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and the National City Bank, has concluded arrangements for the purchase of $15,000,000 ten-year six-per-cent convertible notes of the Central Argentine Railway Company. The proceeds of these notes will be applied to the retirement of an equal number of notes now held by British interests. Transfer of the financing from London will also have the effect of further stabilizing exchange on this market.

HURON BATTALION WORKED HAVOC ON 600 LBS. OF TURKEY

Chaplain Tells of Happy Time on Christmas Day.

OFFICERS AS WAITERS

Boys Drafted to France Each Remembered by a Gift.

Rev. G. K. Fairfull, formerly of Clinton, now overseas as chaplain of the 161st Huron Battalion, writes The Advertiser the following interesting letter:

Dear Mr. Editor:

When it was announced to the battalion after church parade on Christmas morning that dinner would be "served" at 11:30—all officers to be present—it goes without saying that every man "sat up and took notice." For, at that time, the men of the battalion were to be the guests of the officers at dinner.

Some dinner, believe me, and some scene! Just try and imagine, if you can, Lieut.-Col. Combe, Major Heaman, Capt. VanStone, Major Shaw, Capt. McTaggart and Capt. Town all armed with a carving-knife and fork and struggling with a turkey, and some 500 hungry men waiting to be served. For once the men gave orders and the officers were on parade. The officers, who were not carving, were flitting about from table to table with plates of turkey, etc. —and generous plates at that—and then it went from turkey to Christmas pudding.

A Happy Crowd.

I wish you home folks could have stepped in and seen us officers in white smocks and aprons: Capt. Allen at the dishwashing; the chaplain drying; our band playing or Pte. Cowell coaxing from the piano some favorite chorus such as, "Pack All Your Troubles in Your Old Kit Bag," etc. Those who were not eating were singing and serving at the same time.

Oh! it was a great time we had together, and it helped us to forget for a little while that we were so far from home.

What was the menu?

Turkey

Corn Cabbage Salad Potatoes

Plum Pudding and Sauce

Pickles and Relishes

Nuts Candies Oranges

Tea Coffee

Did we have enough? Well, we had enough to begin with, but I can assure you that when the "Hurons" got finished there was not much of the 600 pounds of turkey left, and as little of the 600 pounds of Christmas pudding.

Not Forgotten.

To our regret 262 of our boys were in France and could not join with us, but they were not forgotten; everyone of them was sent a five-franc note with our good wishes.

We may be together but a short time longer as a battalion, but our dinner together on Christmas Day, 1916, will always stand out as one of the happiest of the many hours spent together. We believe that our boys are just about as clean and manly a bunch of fellows as ever left Canada, and Huron may well be proud of them.

To the folks at home we would send greetings and may the new year bring to us peace that will enable us to return home to dear old Huron.

To Prevent The Grip.

Cause Grip—Laxative Bromo Quinine removes cause. There is only "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 25c. zxv

SOLDIER SUFFERS FROM SPINAL MENINGITIS

Pte. S. Guilford, Prospect Avenue, Dangerously Ill in England.

Pte. Samuel Guilford (401135) has been officially reported dangerously ill on January 13, according to a message received today by Mrs. Bertha Guilford, 8 Prospect avenue, West London. The message also states that he is suffering from spinal meningitis, and that he is unlikely to recover. The name of the hospital is not given.

YOUNG GIRLS DRUNK; SAY MEN GAVE LIQUOR

Five entries, each for a breach of the Ontario temperance act, appeared on the police court blotter today.

Two young girls pleaded guilty to intoxication, claiming that the liquor they had consumed was furnished by two young men, one married, while the party was out for a Sunday evening cutter ride.

Both were left at a point in the city where they were shortly afterwards picked up by a policeman.

Each was fined $10 and costs.

The third to answer to the charge pleaded not guilty to drunkenness, and claimed he had only one small drink of whisky before leaving home. Patrolman Middaugh testified he was drunk and had staggered on the street.

Sergt. Monahan thought the accused could have gone to his home with assistance.

On his own behalf the defendant made a strong plea, and his case was dismissed, he being the second person to escape without a fine since the act became effective on September 16th last.

Two others who were released early on Sunday morning each charged with being drunk, will appear tomorrow, satisfactory explanations being furnished that each was too ill to appear today.

Magistrates Macklin and Dyer presided.

MESSIAH PROCEEDS FOR BYRON PAVILION WILL BE OVER $100

Total Amount Taken In At Door $150.

EARLY REPORT A MISTAKE

Rumor Said Only $10 Had Been Turned Over To Fund.

Proceeds above expenses of the second presentation of "The Messiah" by the Musical Art Society last Thursday evening in the First Methodist Church for the benefit of the soldiers' pavilion at the Byron Sanatorium will amount to considerably over $100. This was the statement made today by Mrs. A. E. Cooper, treasurer of the London Red Cross branch, who added: "We very much regret that the report has gone abroad that the Musical Art Society turned over to us only $10. This is absolutely incorrect.

Took in $150.

"We took in $150 at the doors the night of the presentation, and since then I have received $2.50 more. The only expense to come out of this is for the newspaper advertising. Mr. Jordan kindly obtaining the advertising which covered the expense of the programs. We will have a full statement to give out to the press in the course of a few days. We feel deeply grateful to Mr. Jordan and the Musical Art Society for what they have done for us."

Form Nucleus Fund.

The proceeds of the presentation of the oratorio will form the nucleus of the fund for the furnishing of the new pavilion, an obligation undertaken by the London Red Cross branch. At the present time, some 30 soldiers suffering from tuberculosis are being cared for at the Byron Sanatorium, and the new building which is being erected by the Dominion and Provincial governments and city will provide for 120.

Campaign for $15,000.

A campaign is being inaugurated in the immediate future by the London Red Cross branch among the women's organizations of Western Ontario to raise $15,000, estimated as necessary for the furnishing of the building.

Any organization donating $500 will be entitled to the honor of having a ward of four beds named after it, and the same privilege applies to individual contributors.

HON. GEO. W. BROWN TO ADDRESS WOMEN'S CLUB

Will Speak on "A Greater Canada" on Thursday, January 25.

The Woman's Canadian Club has secured as a speaker for January 25, a prominent Canadian man of affairs, Hon. George W. Brown, late lieutenant-governor of Saskatchewan than whom it is said no Canadian has a better grasp of the problems of "A Greater Canada."

Mr. Brown is one of the many Ontario-born men who has had an important part in nation and Empire building in Western Canada. Born near Owen Sound, and educated at the Brantford Collegiate Institute and Toronto University, with his brothers he was a pioneer in the Northwest Territories away back in the early days, before the arrival of the C. P. R. and the rebellion.

Mr. Brown has been closely identified with every stage of development of Regina, the Province of Saskatchewan and, indeed, Western Canada as a whole, keeping at the same time closely in touch with affairs in the east. The evening of January 25, the London Symphony Orchestra, conducted by Roselle Pococke, and under the auspices of the Women's Canadian Club, is giving a concert in the Masonic Temple in aid of the Belgian Relief Fund. Mr. Brown is being asked to speak for fifteen or twenty minutes in the evening as well.

L. AND P. S. RATES PUT GLANWORTH OFF MAP

Cattle Shippers Say Charges Now Are Prohibitive.

Glanworth will not be on the map as a shipping centre unless freight rates on the London and Port Stanley are dropped, according to cattle shippers from that section.

Formerly they could send cattle from Glanworth to Toronto for 12 cents a hundredweight. Now the L. and P. S. gets 4 cents and the Grand Trunk 13 cents, a prohibitive rate according to G. T. Nickel of that village.

"The last car I shipped to Toronto cost me $39.25," he said. "It never cost me more than $28 before, and the advance has simply put Glanworth off the map as a shipping point. It is not fair to us, and I guess we will have to go elsewhere to ship our stock. We will either have to drive the stuff to London or St. Thomas, to get any kind of a rate."

The matter is causing the shippers a lot of uneasiness.

CANADIANS SUBSCRIBING TO "WIN-THE-WAR" LOAN

MONTREAL, Jan. 14.—Some large subscriptions have gone from Montreal for Lloyd George's "win-the-war" loan. The first sent away was from James Carruthers, of the Canada Steamships Company, for $100,000, cabled direct to the premier.

FOUR MORE YEARS FOR LIEBKNECHT

London, Jan. 15.—Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the German Socialist leader, has received an additional sentence of four and one-half years at hard labor and expulsion from the Berlin bar, according to a Central News disapatch from Amsterdam today.

A court-martial at Berlin last year sentenced Dr. Liebknecht to four years' imprisonment for military treason. He appealed to the imperial military tribunal, which gave a decision on November 5 last, rejecting the appeal.

Children Had Eczema Doctors Failed To Cure

Two Letters Which Prove the Efficiency of Dr. Chase's Ointment as a Cure for Eczema.

Fortunate are the mothers who know the virtues of Dr. Chase's Ointment, for there is no treatment so suitable for use after the bath to relieve irritation and chafing and to thereby prevent eczema and similar skin diseases.

Mrs. W. L. Barnes, Timmins, Ont., writes: "I want to tell you about the case of my little boy, who had baby eczema when he was three months old. It started on the top of his head, on his forehead and around his ears. The doctors failed to do him any good, so I tried Dr. Chase's Ointment on the recommendation of a friend, and in a month's time the child was entirely free of this disagreeable skin disease. He is now four years old, and has never had any further trouble from ailments of this kind. I also have great faith in Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and believe that it cannot be beaten as a restorative for pale, nervous women."

Mrs. George McNair, River Charles, N. B., writes: "We use Dr. Chase's Ointment in our home, and would not wish for anything better for cuts, burns and bruises. A few years ago a friend of mine, whose baby was terribly afflicted with eczema had her child treated by their own family physician, but the little one got no better. They tried several remedies, but they all proved useless in this case. Upon the advice of a neighbor they got Dr. Chase's Ointment, and before the first box was used the child was completely cured. I can also recommend Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to suffering friends who I know will be glad to learn of something to relieve their nervous trouble. You have my permission to use this letter for the benefit of others."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

ROYAL FAMILY ENDEARED BECAUSE OF ITS EXAMPLE

King a Great Symbol to People, Says Rev. Dr. Dougall.

That the royal family is becoming more dear to the citizens of the Empire because of its personality, its disregard of danger in the cause of the Empire, and the splendid example it is setting to people in all walks of life, was the statement made by Rev. Dr. H. S. Dougall at the Lyric Theatre on Sunday afternoon, speaking on "The Ruler and the People."

"People do not see the spiritual significance of our ruler when they say, 'Why don't we have a president?' The King is a great sacred symbol and embodiment of all that to which we look up to. We see in him all for which the Empire stands, so that when we sing 'God Save the King,' we sing too 'God Save the Kingdom.'"

He pointed out that there is little doubt but that the English would have been a militaristic nation but for the long rule of Queen Victoria, and the peaceful administration of King Edward VII. The kaiser, he said, although a grandson of Victoria, did not get his militaristic blood from her.

Speaking of conditions likely to arise after the declaration of peace he said, "Nobody wants to obliterate Germany. We want merely to establish a different kind of leadership, to uplift the thought of the people." It was likely, he said, that if the Allies did not dethrone the German monarch, the German people would. It would be a hundred years, he said, before Germany would be a new nation.

PHARISAISM THE CURSE OF CHRISTIAN CHURCH

Rev. R. W. Norwood Denounces Opposition to the New—Christian Science in Way to Truth.

That Pharisaism is the curse of London, of the Dominion of Canada and of the Christian church was the statement made by Rev. R. W. Norwood at the Memorial Church last evening. The subject of his sermon was "Casting Out Devils by Beelzebub."

Mr. Norwood pointed out that the Pharisee was the product of the best thing in religion of his time. They were the best people in the nation, the exemplary people, who observed all religious rites, and who were very scrupulous in their conduct. They gave liberally, and were exceedingly unselfish in many ways. They were the good churchmen of their time.

"The pathos of it all is that these really good people disowned Jesus," he said. "This should give us pause in this the twentieth century.

"The Pharisee is one whose religion is based on some book, and who rules out all new thought or authority. He is more than a name—he is a type, and we have him today. He was the literalist of his time.

"Intellectual dishonesty is the worst immorality. Persistent, cowardly intellectual dishonesty cannot be forgiven. Jesus had power over the bodies and minds of men. He considered this power not supernatural, but natural. He said that His followers would do greater things than He did, but the Church has never believed that.

"The Pharisees called Jesus a fourflusher, and yet they were good religious people.

"There are Pharisees in London. They will not believe in the newer manifestations of Jesus. They believe that the last word has been said in religion, or do not believe that, neither do you. God is always manifesting Himself. The Pharisees are those who say that their father's religion or their mother's religion is good enough for them. That's the spirit that built Calvary. The Church is living on past performances now, on things in the past are they building their religion. I tell you this is sin against the Holy Ghost.

"They shout down Christian Science for instance. I believe that Christian stands in the way of a great truth, and has done much good. I have seen many reformed through it. There is a peace and a beauty on the faces of those who profess it which cannot, unfortunately, be found on the faces of those who oppose it. I do not believe all that Christian Science teaches, but I do know that they are in the way of a great truth.

"Pharisaism is rampant in literature, art and music. The Pharisees will not believe in a new voice. They impute motives to these voices and try to destroy them."

BEST MAN IN LONDON IS FAR FROM PERFECT

"I love to think of Christ as the standard man, and you know and I know how far we each fall short of the standard, the perfect man," said Rev. Llewellyn Brown of Brantford, addressing an audience of men at the Talbot Street Baptist Church on Sunday afternoon.

"If I could bring into this building the best man in London, the man recognized as the best, how far would he fall short of the perfect man, Jesus Christ?" he said.

"Christ was one of us, and even suffered our temptations, but He never sinned. Many great men, judges, lawyers, doctors, have come from obscure places. Even Lloyd George, who is directing the work of the Empire today, came from an obscure place and humble parents.

"You may say that your sphere is narrow, and you had the opportunities, the education, the pull, that other men have, you would make a success in life," said Mr. Brown.

"I point out to you the life of Christ. He had no modern advantages. He never traveled as far as from Brantford to London Railways, telegraphs and telephones were unknown. Yet he rose to be the greatest man, the one perfect man in the world. Do not imagine that if your life had been cast in a different mold you would do better. Think of the life of Christ.

"There are three qualities or marks, without which no life can be a success. One quality is thoroughness. The men who reach the high positions in business and professions are those who were thorough in their school days. If you are going to be a true follower of Christ you must learn to be thorough.

"The one compelling motive of the life of Jesus Christ was not power, not fame, but love. The cause of the world war is that the German nation has lost that love that Christ possessed. It was love that nailed Christ to the cross and held him there. Is there love in your life today? Are you thinking of 'how much can I give' or 'how much can I get'?

"The life of Christ was marked by an unbroken fellowship with God. God was with Him always. From the beginning of the life of Christ to the close that life was filled with the love of God. These are the marks of the perfect life," said Mr. Brown in conclusion.

ANOTHER $500 GIVEN TO BELGIAN RELIEF FUND

Mrs. A. T. Edwards, treasurer of the local Belgian Relief Fund, is today forwarding to Hector Prudhomme, treasurer of the National Belgian Relief committee, Montreal, a further check for $500, representing contributions received since the last remittance of $500, the third Thursday in December. Since Saturday morning, Mrs. Edwards has received the following donations, which are gratefully acknowledged:

London Junction Red Cross Auxiliary, $10; Mrs. J. H. Bowman, $15; Miss Welr, Hale street, $5; Mrs. J. Macpherson, $2; Melrose Sunday School, $3.20; Florence Patriotic League, $5; pupils of Pipe Line School, $8; Mr. Norman, $2.50; S. H. M., South oLndon, $2; M. C., Exeter, $3; Welsbeach Patriotic League, $10; James H. Lee, Alvinston, $2.50; Whalen Methodist Church, $9.35.

BORDERERS SECURED FIFTEEN RECRUITS AT LAST NIGHT'S RALLY

Rousing Addresses at a Big Meeting in the Majestic.

ZEPPELIN RAID NEEDED

Would Help Recruiting Here Immensely, Says Returned Soldier.

As a result of the recruiting meeting held Sunday night in the Majestic Theatre, under the auspices of the Hamilton Gault Chapter, I. O. D. E., which was addressed by Lieut. Solon Albright, of the 241st Scottish Borderers' Battalion, and Sergt. Joseph, a returned soldier of the 1st Battalion, fifteen recruits were signed on by the Windsor battalion, and will be attached to Lieut. Albright's company. Over $75 was realized by the collection.

Lieut. Albright and Sergt. Joseph made strong appeals to those present to come forward and sign up with the fine Scottish battalion. The kilties have always been favorites, and the boys secured at last night's meeting are all well-set-up youths.

Following are the names of the recruits:

James M. Wiol, 22 Euclid avenue.
Horace Taylor, 179 Sycamore street.
Robert Lowell, 142 York street.
Alvin Metz, 656 William street.
Roy Ridler, 4 Watson street.
Bert Carrigan, 568 William street.
Clarence Belcher, 576 William street.
Robert Sharman, Springbank.
Jim Whitelaw, 138 Queen's avenue.
H. Harris, 418 Ridout street.
Frank Dickson, 66 Blackfriars street.
R. Legget, R. R. No. 5, London.
Walter Day, 199 Bathurst street.
H. Rollie, Queen's Park.
Arthur Janes, Richmond House.

"Why is it necessary to appeal to men at this time?" asked Lieut. Albright. "In the first place, Canada is at war. Few people seem to realize this. The last thing that men on the street seem to be thinking of is war. We are paying absolutely no attention to conditions as they exist in the world today. The 241st Battalion is now at half-strength. Why cannot we fill up our battalion? Who are not doing their bit? ("Slackers," called a voice.) Every man in the 241st will fight, and fight well," the speaker continued. "There is a falling off in recruiting. Men say there is going to be peace. What is the use of going to war?

Canada's War.

"This is Canada's war and we are preparing to fight for Canada. 'Canada first!' If it were not for the British fleet, where would Canada be? You have been told for the last two years what it means for you not to do your part. Businessmen today are hindering recruiting in many places. They ask men to come into their shops to keep the wheels turning. However, fortunately there are many businessmen who tell their employees to enlist. The man who says, 'Bring on your conscription and then I'll enlist,' is a coward. If conscription comes you will not be consulted. You will have to go. It will be the women of the country who will suffer if conscription comes, not you.

"There are many men in Canada doing their part, while a great number are satisfied and content to be receiving large salaries, and turn away in horror when asked to enlist. I asked a young man to join the other day. He said: 'What! Is there a war on? Well, it's a nice day for it.' Can you imagine such a person existing?

Not Bloodthirsty.

"Do you think that the soldiers today are bloodthirsty hounds. They are not, but they are not too proud to fight. For 23 years England fought Napoleon on and off. Peace will never be declared until the emperor of Germany and his associates are banished like Napoleon, to the Island of St. Helena. You should do your part in putting him there. What do you think of the men who are keeping this very theatre open.

Poland will have to fight for Germany. There is too much liberty in Canada today for the young man who is shrinking from his duty. Do you realize that the German in Canada, even though naturalized, is still a German. And if he gets an opportunity he will come forward and show it. You have an example of this recently very close to your own city.

"We are training now to go away, and yet we are short a great number of men. You have a responsibility, and our organization is formed for you. Why are you not with us, and taking your responsibility in freeing the world.

There is only one reason that the enemy is not upon us, and that is that brave Canadians have gone before to hold them in their place. More men are dying every day than their are enlistments, and yet you say there is no need to wear the uniform.

Don't Want Conscription.

"Do you want to have Canada dominated by Prussianism, or live in a free country? Every young man in Canada has his heart divided into two parts. First he says, 'No, we are wrong,' but in the second place he knows differently, and that he should do his bit. Young men, you've got to come out in the open. We can't afford to have conscription in Canada. We can't leave the women and children alone. Are we going to take the British flag and paint a yellow streak down the centre of it because we've failed to do our part.

"We need men. You who are fit for service, we need you, we must have you. Will you come forward and put on our uniform? Will you come and do your bit with the 241st Battalion? You may pass up the opportunity now, but sooner or later you will awaken up and then you will join us.

"You will find the officers and non-commissioned officers willing and ready to shoulder a gun with you at the front." Three recruits came forward at this stage of the meeting amid hearty applause.

Praises Good Work.

Sergt. Joseph spoke next.

"I can't forget what the Daughters of the Empire have done for us boys," he said. "They have done more than tongue can tell."

"It would help recruiting a lot if we had a zeppelin raid right here in London. I would hate to see it, but I believe it would do the country good.

"What happened to the Belgian slackers? They said that they'd just as soon be under German rule, and what happened to them?

"Now they are slaves in Germany and you slackers would be the same were the Germans to invade Canada.

"The single man that won't get out and fight is a low down cur. It's a hard word to use, but it's true. London has done well in recruiting, but could do a lot better. Just walk into a dance hall and look round. And mark you, girls, if you would refuse to dance with a civilian, there would be more men join up. The returned men should not go back, but what can they do when the slackers refuse? Remember if you're turned down once it doesn't mean you are not to go. Some boys have been turned down three times, but have been accepted for the fourth time they applied."

Sergt. Joseph then made the appeal that touched a number of boys in the audience.

"I have had five good chums put out of business, and I want five lads to take their places," he said. "Is there any man to take the place of Sergt. Gillean?" There was, and by the time the sergeant finished his work many more were on the platform. A number of returned soldiers in the audience took up the solicitation for recruits, and helped the sergeant out.

Mayor's Address.

Mayor Stevenson, who presided, was given a warm reception. He declared that more hospital accommodation was necessary in London for the returned soldiers. Some difficulty would probably be found in doing this, but it would be done. At least $165,000 must absolutely be raised for patriotic purposes.

The mayor took occasion to thank the management of the Majestic Theatre for its kindness in allowing the I. O. D. E. the use of the theatre free for recruiting purposes.

The 149th Battalion band, under the leadership of Bandmaster M. W. Davies, rendered several selections. The 149th band is one of the best that Londoners have listened to since the war started, and last night's program was excellent.

Nicola D'Ippolito gave a finished flute solo, "Idillio Pensiero." He was heartily encored. Frank Swain acted as accompanist. Lieut. Brennan of the 241st Scottish Borderers rendered two solos in excellent voice. W. A. Bleuchne accompanied him. Maurice Poure gave violin selections that were greatly appreciated. A. D. Jordan was accompanist.

AMERICAN COLONEL GIVES FREE ADVICE TO RHEUMATICS

SAYS IT'S SHEER FOLLY FOR ANYONE TO SUFFER THESE DAYS.

Rheumatism can't be cured so long as your system is weak and rundown.

You must first build up and get strength to fight off the disease.

Ferrozone cures because it builds up, because it renews the blood and dissolves the Uric Acid and the poisons that cause rheumatism.

It is proved right here that Ferrozone does cure.

Col. H. M. Russ of Edwards, St. Lawrence County, one of the fine old heroes of the Civil War, was completely restored by Ferrozone. Read his statement:

"I couldn't get around without a cane, and then only with difficulty.

"Rheumatism took complete control of my limbs.

"Suffering was more intense than hardships on the battlefield.

"When my doctor had done his best I got Ferrozone.

"Then came a quick change.

"Ferrozone gave me comfort at once, eased the pain and took the stiffness out of my muscles.

"I am well today. Ferrozone cured me completely. I can jump and run like I did forty years ago."

Be sensible about your case. If your present medicine is useless give it up. Don't experiment again. Ferrozone is known on all sides to be a cure that does cure. Why not get a supply today? The sooner you begin Ferrozone the quicker you'll get well. Price 50c per box or six for $2.50, at all dealers, or direct by mail from The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

Annual White Sale

The Fashion Mirror

To have an opportunity to view the beautiful and costly lingerie of the most exclusive shops is a rare treat, and is entertainingly told about by Mrs. Westermann, America's foremost fashion artist.



It was not from idle curiosity, but just to test the keenness of the saleswoman that I asked the question, "What is the difference between muslin underwear and lingerie?" "The price" was the answer, for I had been a frequent visitor and we were upon terms "camaraderic." Seriously "lingerie" expresses the general classification of which muslin underwear is a part—but as a trade name muslin underwear is entirely too bourgeoisie. Lingerie expresses the delicacy of extreme femininity of piquant charms, of artistic beauty. And this is what you will see in shops where the zenith of perfection has been reached in the lingerie stocks.

Combinations are really the only garments to be considered, having the greatest popularity and being the most practical. Most of these are of the envelope model, or facetiously speaking, of the Theodora Bruin style, in the mose exquisite soft batiste, tub satins or crepe de chine. They are trimmed with narrow edges of exquisite torchon, thread lace, filet lace edges, bands and insertions, with here and there a medallion.

Camisoles and brassieres are things of dainty beauty; not a few are trimmed with Irish lace, which is returning in the favor of the exclusive. Altogether in all undergarments there is a marked tendency to simplicity.

White Sale Special This Week

GOWNS .....98c, $1.19 and $1.39
CORSET COVERS .....35c, 50c and 75c
DRAWERS .....23c, 50c and 75c
SKIRTS .....85c, $1.25 and $1.75



January White Sale Cottons

42-INCH QUEEN'S CLOTH, 28c YARD.

200 yards of this well-known Windsor Castle Queen's Cloth, the correct weight and finish for superior underwear, 42-inch width. Special .....28c yard

HORROCKSES LONGCLOTH, 20c YARD.

We can highly recommend this superior longcloth for hard use, absolutely free from dressing, 36 inches.....20c yard

SPECIAL

36-inch Fine Cambric.....
.....8 yards for $1.00

January Clearing Hand-Made Irish Crochet Laces and Insertions Less Than Half (Tuesday)

These will be sold in most cases much below half-price; many lines for not one-third the regular price, and when you consider that these same laces could not be imported today for less than double the price you may judge the real significance of this sale. It is a grouping of broken ranges in different designs suitable for dress trimmings or camisoles, linen centres or lunch cloths, in most cases only one piece of each. Lovers of Irish crochet, which is spoken of in above fashion letter as returning into strong favor, should be here early tomorrow. Following is the list:

20c to $6.00 Laces, Sale Prices 12½c to $1.98 Yard

3 pieces Irish Crochet Insertion and Lace Edge, 3¼ to 4¼ inches. Regular $4.00 to $6.00. Sale price .....$1.98 yard

2 pieces Irish Crochet Lace Edges, 1¾ and 2 inches. Regular $2.25 and $3.50. Sale price .....98c yard

1 piece Irish Crochet Finished Edge Insertion, 3 inches. Regular $3.50. Sale price.....98c yard

4 pieces Irish Crochet Insertion, 2 and 2¼ inches. Regular $2.25 to $3.00. Sale price .....98c yard

1 piece Irish Crochet Lace, 2½ inches. Regular $2.50. Sale price .....89c yard

A few pieces Crochet Lace and Insertion. Regular $1.75, $1.65 and $1.50. Sale price.....69c yard

A few pieces Crochet Lace and Insertion. Regular $1.25, 85c and 75c. Sale price.....39c yard

A few pieces Crochet Lace and Insertion. Regular 20c and 25c. Sale price 12½c yard

ON SALE TUESDAY MORNING.

Light Wool and Cotton Underwear



Just received an early spring shipment of cotton combinations, white, low neck, short sleeves, umbrella drawers, size 38; 5 dozen only. Price .....35c suit

White Cotton Vests, low or V-neck, elbow sleeves or high neck, long sleeves, drawers ankle length to match. Price.....25c per garment

White Cotton Vests, low neck, short or no sleeves; sizes 36 to 38. Special .....19c each, or 3 for 50c

Light Weight Wool Vests, low neck, long sleeves; sizes 36 and 38. Price .....50c each

Second Floor.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK.
Chicken Salad 20c
Buttered Toast with Grated Cheese, Grape Jelly, Cup of Tea or Coffee.. 20c

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

SPECIAL, 3 TO 5:30.
Toasted English Muffins with Maple Syrup, Cup of Tea or Coffee 15c
Brown Bread and Butter Sandwich, Cup of Tea or Coffee 10c

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY — CHANGE OF TIME, TO TAKE EFFECT JAN. 14, 1917.

Effective Sunday, Jan. 14, the following changes will be made on the Canadian Pacific Railway, in and out of London:

Train No. 636, "The Queen City Special," now leaving London at 9:00 a.m. for Toronto, will be cancelled.

Train No. 635, now leaving London at 4:10 a.m. for Detroit, will be cancelled.

Train No. 635, now arriving from Toronto at 4:00 a.m., will be cancelled.

Train No. 674 (mixed), now arriving from Detroit at 11:55 p.m., will be cancelled.

Train No. 630 (local), now leaving London at 6:30 a.m., daily, except Sunday, will leave London at 7:40 a.m., arriving Toronto at 11:50 a.m., daily, except Sunday.

Train No. 671 (local), now leaving London at 8:00 a.m., daily, except Sunday, for Chatham and intermediate stations, will leave London at 7:00 a.m., due Chatham at 9:50 a.m., and run through to Windsor 11:50 a.m., daily except Sunday.

Train No. 672 (local), now leaving Chatham 5:00 p.m. daily, except Sunday, and arriving London at 8:30 p.m., will run through from Windsor, leaving Windsor at 3:00 p.m., and arrive London at 8:30 p.m., daily except Sunday.

The Canadian Pacific is continuing its Montreal to Chicago service, which leaves London at 11:20 a.m. and 10 p.m. for Detroit and Chicago. 686

Thermogene as applied in a case of Sore Throat



IN all affections of the throat and breathing passages, THERMOGENE brings immediate and certain relief.

Under the influence of its soothing, healing warmth, pain subsides, aching and throbbing cease, breathing becomes easier, and coughing, if present, vanishes.

THERMOGENE is a scientifically prepared form of absorbent cotton, medicinally treated, possessing strong curative and heat generating properties. It is a clean, dry, fleecy wadding and does not cause any discomfort or inconvenience like the old-fashioned messy poultices and plasters.

THERMOGENE CURATIVE WADDING



—invented by Vandenbroeck, the famous Belgian chemist, is British made and has won the gratitude of thousands of sufferers. Its merits have gained for it the recognition of the British Red Cross Society, the Royal Navy, Military Authorities and many hospitals.

Look for the orange colored box

Price 50 cents from your Druggist or from Sales Agents for Canada:
Harold F. Ritchie & Co. Limited
10 McCaul Street, Toronto

THERMOGENE CO. LIMITED, HAYWARDS HEATH, ENGLAND

L. AND P. S. BOARD WANTS TO CUT OUT ALL SHAREHOLDERS

Recommends That All Mortgages Be Closed.

CHEAPER FARES ASKED

And Mayor Thinks Winter Excursions Would Pay Well.

The London and Port Stanley Railway Board, at a meeting of the shareholders today, decided to recommend to the council that all mortgages against the London and Port Stanley Railway be closed at once. The city solicitor will be asked to take the necessary steps.

The idea in the mind of Mayor Stevenson and others behind the move is to control absolutely of the railway, wiping out all shareholders, who might in future have some claims against the railway.

The city has 3,837 shares of stock on which it elects directors, and another issue of 1,887 shares. Private owners have probably 2,000 shares, while the Grand Trunk Railway owns about 1,500 shares.

Want All Returns.

The foreclosing of the mortgages would wipe out these shares, with the result that if at any time in the future the railway pays a dividend all the returns would come to the city.

T. G. Meredith, K. C., will be consulted before any action is taken, however.

The board decided to ask the London Railway Commission to give 30-cent fares on Sundays during the summer, instead of 40 cents, as has been the usual charge.

Winter Excursions.

Mayor Stevenson thinks that winter excursions to Port Stanley might be made profitable. There is plenty of opportunity for tobogganing, skiing, etc., there, and the mayor considers that the road could be made profitable by encouraging the sports.

The city auditors will be the auditors for the London and Port Stanley and also for the commission.

Controller J. H. Saunders was elected vice-president of the L. and P. S. Mayor Stevenson is president by virtue of his office.

CONTEST NOW ASSURED IN TORONTO ELECTION

Liberal Candidate Named to Oppose New Agriculture Minister.

Toronto, Jan. 15.—James Gilbert Cane, wholesale lumber merchant, Liberal, and Hon. W. D. McPherson, barrister, Conservative, were nominated today to contest the seat in Northwest Toronto vacated by the appointment of the latter to be minister of agriculture in the Provincial Government.

ONLY 3 WOMEN OUT OF 250 PROVE UNWORTHY

County Clerk Stuart, on behalf of the Middlesex Patriotic Association, states that because of the cancellation of the allowance of three women, the members of the association do not wish the impression to be left that soldiers' wives in the county are generally of a character that such action would be necessary.

"I have had over 250 women, all wives of soldiers, to deal with, and have only found it necessary to take drastic action in the case of the three whose allowances were cancelled on Saturday. With the exception of these three the conduct of Middlesex women, whose husbands are at the front, is above reproach," said County Clerk Stuart today.

$25.00 FOR A LETTER

CAN YOU WRITE ONE?

Thirteen Prizes To Be Awarded in a Letter Writing Competition.

Some years ago the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company of Brockville, Ont., offered a series of prizes to residents of Ontario for the best letters describing cures wrought by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Hundreds of letters were submitted in this competition, and yet there must have been thousands of other users of the pills who did not avail themselves of the opportunity to win a prize. To all these another letter-writing competition is offered. Thousands of cures through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have never been reported. There is no demand upon the imagination: every letter must deal with facts, and facts only.

THE PRIZES.

The Dr. Williams Medicine Company of Brockville, Ont., will award a prize of $25 for the best letter received on or before the 17th day of February, 1917, from residents of Ontario, on the subject, "Why I Recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills." A prize of $10 will be awarded for the second best letter received; a prize of $5 for the third best letter, and ten prizes of $2 each for the next best ten letters.

THE CONDITIONS.

The cure or benefit from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills described in the letter may be in the writer's own case, or one that has come under his or her personal observation.

More than one cure may be described in the letter, but every statement must be literally and absolutely true.

The letter should be not longer than is necessary to relate the benefit obtained from the remedy in the case described.

Every letter must be signed by the full name and correct address of the person sending it. If it describes the cure of some person other than the writer of the letter, it must also be signed by the person whose cure is described, as a guarantee of the truth of the statement made.

The writer of each letter must state the name and date of the paper in which he or she saw this announcement.

Fine writing will not win the prize unless you have a good case to describe. The strength of the recommendation and not the style of the letter will be the basis of the award.

It is understood that The Dr. Williams Medicine Company shall have the right to publish any letter entered in this contest if they desire to do so, whether it wins a prize or not.

The contest will close on February 17, 1917, and the prizes will be awarded as soon as possible thereafter. Do not delay. If you know of a cure, write your letter now. Observe the above conditions carefully or your letter may be thrown out.

Address all letters as follows:
The Dr. Williams Medicine Company,
Brockville, Ont.
Letter Contest Department. b

LOCAL NEWS

GOES TO GUELPH.—Lieut. G. L. Wright, 6th Battery, has been appointed to the 64th Depot Battery in Guelph.

APPOINTMENT CANCELLED.—The appointment of Lieut. A. J. Grigg as recruiting officer in Clinton has been cancelled.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.—Mr. and Mrs. Omer Hunt, Talbotville, announce the engagement of their only daughter, Cherette Mae, to Leo W. Misner, the marriage to take place January 30.

WILL RECEIVE TUESDAY. — Mrs. Charles E. Stephenson, nee Miss Giles of St. Thomas, will receive for the first time since her marriage on Tuesday, January 16, from 4 to 6 at her home, 2 east court, Alexandra Apartments.

CAPT. McEVOY APPOINTED.—The appointment of Lieut. W. J. Yorke-Hardy as recruiting officer and D.A. P.M. in St. Thomas has been cancelled. Capt. Max McEvoy, late 33rd Battalion, has been given the appointment.

ADDRESSING TEACHERS. — Prof. Buckley of the Western University is addressing the Woman Teachers' Guild this afternoon in the Alexandra School on the subject of "The Women of Shakespeare's Plays."

ATTENDING ALLIES' BAZAAR.—Mrs. R. M. Graham, secretary of the Municipal Chapter, I.O.D.E., has gone to Chicago to attend the Allies' Bazaar in progress there this week. While there she is a guest in the home of her brother, W. R. Lackie.

BOARD TO ORGANIZE.—The board of health will meet on Tuesday afternoon to organize. C. R. Somerville will almost certainly be elected chairman. The board will continue its program of 1916, and will also pay close attention to the plumbing problem.

SELECTING JURORS.—Judge Judd, Crown Attorney McKillop, Sheriff Cameron and Squire Chittick are making the selection of five jury panels today. The jurors selected will be called to act at either the March assizes or the June sessions.

THANKS FOR MAYOR. — Mayor Stevenson has received a letter of thanks from Hon. W. D. McPherson, provincial secretary, for securing coal for the London Hospital for the Insane. The mayor has had a couple more cars sent up to that institution.

GOING STILL HIGHER.—Maj. Frank B. Ware, D. A. A. G. of the 1st Canadian Division in France, has been sent to England, where he is taking a course to fit himself for a higher staff position. His many friends in London have expressed great pleasure at his impending promotion.

CHARACTER BUILDING.—Rev. R. W. Norwood will address the Chesley Avenue Mothers' Club on Thursday evening on the subject of "Character Building," a special invitation being extended to the fathers of the school district to attend as well as the mothers. A musical program and refreshments will be added attractions.

WILL PAY WAGES. — Nicholas Hriskos, proprietor of the Alexandra Cafe, appeared in police court today on a charge of failure to pay wages to a former employee, Hones Varn. Arrangements were made whereby he is to pay $5 a week into court until the $26.50 claim is settled. He paid the first installment of $5 in court this morning.

WANT CONCERT REPEATED. — The oldtime concert given in Dundas Centre Methodist Church last week under the direction of Miss Belle Brown and Bert Hannah, proved so popular that a request has been made to have it repeated early in February for the benefit of the Ridout Street Methodist Church, the second presentation to take place in the Ridout Street Church.

HOUSEHOLD ECONOMICS—At the regular meeting of St. George's Mothers' Club in the school on Tuesday evening, the discussion of household economics—of such absorbing interest at former meetings this season—will be continued. It will be considered on this occasion in relation to "Financing the Home From the Woman's Point of View." In addition to the discussion there will be a musical program and refreshments.

MISS WARD VISITS.—Miss Ada L. Ward, the cartoonist-lecturer, paid a brief visit to the city on Saturday, on her way through from Toronto to St. Thomas, where she addressed a large gathering of the Elgin and St. Thomas Women's Patriotic League. Since speaking in London a week ago, Miss Ward, otherwise Mrs. Grisson, has addressed a number of meetings in Toronto in connection with the Red Cross campaign there.

GOES BACK TO WAR.—Lieut. W. N. Cooke, who went to France with the first detached company of the 33rd Battalion, and who was wounded twice, later being invalided to London, where he has been an instructor of late, has been ordered to report for duty with the 1st Battalion in France. He leaves tonight for the east, and will later sail for England. Lieut. Cooke has been doing good work here as instructor in the bombing courses.

FAVORS VOTES FOR WOMEN—At the services yesterday in the Hyatt Avenue Methodist Church the pastor, Rev. H. D. Moyer, announced himself as fully in sympathy with the women's suffrage petition which is being circulated at the present time, and which will be presented to the Ontario Legislature at the coming session. He further stated that he will make "Votes for Women" the subject of his morning sermon next Sunday, because of his conviction that the future welfare of the country depends largely upon the placing of the ballot in the hands of the women.

CHARGE DISMISSED

James F. Smith Goes Free on False Pretences Charge.

Judge Judd, presiding today at the trial of James F. Smith, charged with obtaining money under false pretences, gave the prisoner the benefit of the doubt, and dismissed the charge against him. The evidence as taken at the preliminary hearing in police court and again at the trial today was to the effect that Smith had borrowed $7 from Chris Cross, an employee in a local shoe shining parlor, and had given as security a watch worth less than $2, the claim being made by Cross that Smith had represented the timepiece to be worth $45.

The story told by Smith today was that he had been lent the money by Cross before anything had been said about the watch, and that it had been given later as security.

Smith agreed to return the $7 to Cross at once, and the charge was accordingly dismissed.

The fine of $10 and costs against Smith, imposed because of drunkenness was still unpaid, and he was taken back to jail until arrangements could be made to settle it.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. H. Vincent and family of 182 Wreay street wish to extend their heartfelt thanks to the many friends and acquaintances for the kindness and sympathy shown them during their recent sad bereavement.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. William Border of 208 Tecumseh avenue wish to thank their own as well as Winnie's many friends for the beautiful flowers and the many kind expressions of sympathy shown them in their recent bereavement. b

PERSONAL MENTION

Will Hand has returned to St. Michael's College, Toronto, after spending the holidays with his parents.

STUDENTS' HOLIDAY.

The theological students at St. Peter's Seminary leave on Tuesday for their mid-year vacation. They will return on January 27, when the Easter term begins.

SUNDAY WONDERFUL DAY IN FLANDERS THEATRE OF WAR

White With Fog, Snow and Fields, But Guns Roar Continuously.

With the British Armies in France, Via London, Jan. 14.—This has been one of the strangest days in the strange world war. It has been a wonderfully white day—a day of snow, white fog, white fields and strange white trees glistening in magical mantles of clear white frost. Even the brown, gripping, remorseless mud of the Somme—the mud that has been almost the master of the war for these past two months—had hidden its treacherous depth, for the time at least, beneath the soft,fleecy flakes that came during the night to spread a Sabbath vestment of purity over the wretched, squalid and sombre battle grounds of Northern France.

In most of the front-line trenches there was the mystic quiet that comes with snow. No Man's Land had been lifted for the moment out of its degraded and abject state of melancholic desolation and placed on a picturesquely white equality with the untrammeled lands that lie without the fighting zones. The tortuous rusted barriers of grim barbed wire in front of the enemy positions had been transformed into tangled and graceful strands of crystal ice and clinging snow.

Back of the lines the British guns that never seem to tire or sleep—guns that winter cannot muzzle or frost subdue—spoke with a white-hot breath from hiding places screened and secure beneath the white-cover of the newly-fallen snow. Under the spell of the snow and the mist there was, what is not often the case out here, an almost tangible touch of Sunday in the air.

But the messengers that the guns sent smashing through miles of glacial space spoke to their foes in the same determined tones that have been heard with such unrelenting regularity during all these wintry days. The war that stretches out over the years is a war that necessarily resolves itself into a routine of much the same thing over and over again. Today, however, in all its whiteness, it seemed just a wee bit different.

WAR HAS SHOWN WORLD BRITISH LOVE OF LIBERTY

Terrible as It Is, Struggle Has Compensations, Says Rev. J. H. Boyd.

Preaching last night in Adelaide Street Baptist Church on "The Present Call of God to the Nation," the Rev. James H. Boyd said, in part: "We all deplore the present great war in which the nations of Europe are engaged. We curse the unholy ambition of the nation and its leaders which brought about the conflict, and we long for the day when the strife shall cease, and the sword, hacked, and stained with human blood, shal once more rest peacefully in its sheath.

"But war, cruel, merciless and devastating as it is, is not all loss; it has its compensations. We should probably never have known the moral and physical strength of the Empire but for this unprovoked conflict.

"If Germany, during the 40 years preceding the war, worked hard, and laid up great stores of food and ammunition against the day of trial, the British people also amassed great stores of wealth, with the result that in this, the greatest trial in their history, they are able to command almost unlimited wealth for the carrying on of the conflict, for the securing of the rights and privileges of small nations. I feel that God has made Great Britain the custodian of the welfare of the small nations of Europe, and laid upon her the burden of preserving and securing for them the liberties he has designed and willed they shall enjoy.

"The war has also disclosed to us the people's great love of liberty. Everything that is worth having is worth striving for, and until the war broke upon us and made demands upon our patriotism we did not know whether the people appreciated the blessings of the freedom they enjoyed. We had come to think that Jeshuvan had grown so fat that he either would not, or could not fight; that he had become so lethargic and lazy that nothing could stir him up, but the past two and a half years have caused us to change our opinion: we now know that the average Briton loves liberty, that he desires other nations to share the priceless boon, and that he is prepared to make unlimited sacrifices, and counts not his life dear unto him that he may secure and preserve for those who may come after him the blessings he enjoys."

PASSENGER TRAFFIC HAS CHANGED WITH SCHEDULE

Many Travelers Turn Out in Time for the 6:05 a.m.

The new train schedules of both the Grand Trunk and C. P. R., which became effective at midnight Saturday, have resulted in the passenger traffic, which was formerly distributed over twelve more trains to become more congested.

The morning train on the Grand Trunk, which left at 6:05 o'clock, was crowded to capacity with travelers.

Many of the travelers, who always commenced their Monday labors at some point on the Huron and Bruce, were compelled to take the Stratford train in order to get to points that they were unable to reach since the cancellation of the Bruce morning train.

Hundreds of morning papers at points along the Bruce, between here and Lucan, were taken on the Stratford train to be transferred there to the westbound Sarnia-Stratford accommodation and later transferred at Lucan crossing to the southbound Huron and Bruce at 9:30 o'clock.

The rearrangement of train crews has been made, and although all the older men will retain their positions, the junior trainmen have been transferred to freight runs.

The new schedule is being accepted cheerfully by the traveling public, who realize that action was necessary in order to facilitate freight movements, particularly war materials and coal.

CLAIMS I. O. F. POLICY PAID UP AT 70 YEARS

G. Le Gendice Asks Court Order Giving Him Rights Claimed.

Guiseppe Le Gindice has taken action in the supreme court against the Independent Order of Foresters to have a court order issued giving him certain rights claimed under an endowment certificate, No. 21313, issued some years ago.

He is over 70 years of age, and claims that the I. O. F. holds he has a right to continue to pay in premiums on the policy, whereas he maintains in his policy a certain clause stated that when he has passed the age of 70 his policy would be considered paid in full.

The Foresters, on the other hand, maintain that under a modification made by the statues of Canada, the order has a right to charge on a policy such as held by Le Gindice until the latter's death.

The case will be in the form of a test action, and many members of the order who are past the 70-year age period will await with interest the outcome of the action.

ROBBING FREIGHT CARS.

CHATHAM, Jan. 13.—For the third time within a few weeks Pere Marquette cars have been broken into in the city, and large quantities of merchandise stolen, but the burglaries so far have baffled the county police and the detectives who are working on the cases.

CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED FOR ARMENIAN RELIEF

The local Armenian relief committee thankfully acknowledges the following gifts:

J. F. Maine	$ 25 00
Miss Scanarett	2 00
Mrs. Mauley	1 00
Mrs. Shoebottom	10 00
Southern Congregational Church (second donation)	10 00
Mr. and Miss Shipley	5 00
A widow's mite	1 00
London South Baptist Church (second donation)	2 00
St. James Church, London South	24 39
Mrs. Jerdon	2 00
Miss Batzner	50
"Contributed"	1 00
Miss Elliott	2 00
Mrs. Bullen	2 00
Mrs. John Anderson	5 00
Rev. G. M. Cox	10 00
Clarence Hill	2 55
Mrs. John Marr	25 00
Mrs. Wenger, Ayton, Ont.	1 00
A friend, Alvinston	2 00
Mrs. Peters	50
Mrs. Howson	1 00
W. Craig	1 00
Miss Creighton	1 00
A young friend	1 00
King St. Presbyterian S. S.	49 09
Miss Haskett	2 00
Miss H. B. Gibson	1 00
Mrs. H. A. Boomer	2 00
Mrs. A. B., per Mrs. Boomer	1 00
	$193 33
Previously acknowledged	224 05
Total	$417 38

Rev. F. A. Steven, 598 Princess avenue, secretary; Rowland Hill, 189 Dundas street, treasurer.

This amount has already been forwarded, but the fund is open for further donations, as the need is still very great.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

DEATH OF MRS. GILLIES.

Mrs. Elizabeth H. Gillies, widow of John Gillies, died on Sunday, January 14, after being ill for some time. She is survived by three daughters—Misses Maud, Cora and Elizabeth, all at home, and one son—Gilbert Gillies of this city.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, 551 St. James street, at 3 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. The service will be conducted by Rev. James MacKay of New St. James' Presbyterian Church. Interment will be made at Woodland Cemetery.

DEATH OF JOHN IRWIN.

John Irwin, a resident of London for the past eleven years, died at his home, 745 Dundas street, on Sunday, after an illness of six weeks.

Mr. Irwin was a valued employee of the Grand Trunk Railway, and was one of its most careful engineers. He had the proud distinction of a perfectly clear record without accident. He entered the railway's employ when a boy and was very much esteemed by his fellow employees.

Mr. Irwin was born in this city, but his employment took him to Port Rowan and Stratford, and he came back to this city from the latter place. He was a 32nd Degree Mason, being a life member of Stratford Lodge, No. 332; a member of Tecumseh Chapter, No. 24, and St. Elmo, No. 22, Stratford, and a charter member of Mocha Temple, this city. He also belonged to the Oddfellows, being a member of Romeo Lodge, No. 164, Stratford, and had been for many years secretary-treasurer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

He is survived by his wife, his mother one brother, Robert Irwin of Toronto, and five sisters, Mrs. D. J. Matthew of Georgetown, and Mrs. J. Cooper, Misses Flora, Annie and Emily.

The funeral will be held Wednesday afternoon from his late residence, 745 Dundas street. Services will be held at 2 p.m., and interment will be made in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

DEATH OF ARCHIBALD ARMOUR.

The death occurred on Sunday, January 14, of Archibald Armour, aged 73 years. The funeral will be held from his late residence, 355 Ashland avenue, to St. George's Presbyterian Church, London Junction. The service will be at 1 p.m., and interment will be at Dorchester Union Cemetery.

FUNERAL AT HENSALL.

The death occurred in this city on Saturday, after a long illness, of Ann Jane Robertson, wife of William D. Robertson, aged 52 years.

Besides her husband, she is survived by one daughter, Mrs. J. M. Cruickshank of Alvinston.

The body will be taken on the 4:40 G. T. R. train to Hensall on Monday. The funeral will take place Tuesday at Hensall.

DEATH OF MRS. ROBISON.

Ellen Robison, wife of Thomas Robison, died on Saturday, January 13, at the family residence, 821 King street. Three sons and one daughter survive her—Fred of the 18th Battalion, now in France; Charles and John and Mrs. W. Rawlings of this city.

Four brothers also survive—William McKeen of Copper Cliff, James McKeen of Bradford, John McKeen of Essex and Alexander McKeen of Lambeth.

The funeral will be held at 2:30 o'clock on Tuesday to Woodland Cemetery. Rev. J. H. Boyd will conduct the service at 2 o'clock.

BURIED AT MOUNT PLEASANT.

The death occurred on Friday, January 12th, in Victoria Hospital of Mrs. Martha Brown of this city. The funeral took place today at 11 o'clock from the funeral parlors of J. Ferguson's Sons to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. The service was at 10:30, in charge of Rev. H. F. Logan of B. M. E. Church.

BURIED AT WOODLAND.

Mrs. Katharine Johnston died on Friday, January 12th, at St. Joseph's Hospital after a long illness. She was born in London Township, and was the widow of Robert Johnston, formerly a well known grocer in this city. She is survived by her mother, Mrs. Jane Stevens, one daughter, Mrs. Clyde Sevener, and a son, Ernest, now with the 12th Field Battery at the front. The funeral took place on Sunday at 2:30 o'clock, from the undertaking parlors of J. Ferguson's Sons to Woodland Cemetery. The service was in charge of Rev. D. C. Macgregor. The pallbearers were J. Whittaker, W. Whittaker, A. R. Boug, D. Steele, A. B. Powell and Boyce Powell.

DEATH OF J. A. SCOTT.

The death of John A. Scott, aged 85 years, occurred suddenly on Sunday at the residence of his son-in-law, W. H. Udy, 368 Eva street.

He is survived by three sons, Joseph, of Melbourne, Walter of Capmust, Michigan, and Oscar of Detroit. Five daughters also survive him, Mary of Melbourne, Alice of this city, Mrs. Watkinson, Mrs. Udy of this city and another residing in Bonham.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday at 2:30 o'clock to Woodland Cemetery.

DEATH OF MRS. TIPPETT.

Edith May Tippett, wife of William C. Tippett of Thorndale, died today in St. Joseph's Hospital, after an illness of one week.

Besides her husband, she is survived by three children at home, and an infant son in the hospital here.

She is also survived by one sister, Clara Bates, National City, California, and one brother, William Bates of Drayton.

The remains will be forwarded to Thorndale on Tuesday at 2:30 p.m., via the G. T. R. The funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon, and the service will be held in the Thorndale Methodist Church at 2:30 o'clock. Interment will be made at the North Presbyterian Cemetery.

BURIED AT BRUSSELS.

BRUSSELS, Jan. 14.—The funeral of Mrs. Alex. McLauchlin, formerly of Brussels, who died suddenly at her home in Toronto, was held here. She was 73 years old.

Temporary reduction, passenger train service to facilitate freight movements, effective Sunday, January 14, 1917. Particulars from ticket agent, Canadian Pacific Railway, or W. B. Howard, district passenger agent, Toronto. Jan.15

"LOCAL OPTION" IN CHURCH UNION ONE WAY OF SETTLING IT

Rev. W. R. McIntosh Believes It Could Be Done.

MEETING OF ALLIANCE

Rev. G. A. Mackenzie Says Non-Churchgoers Going To Hell.

A brief discussion of the program to be followed at shop meetings for workingmen and a paper by Rev. W. R. McIntosh of the King Street Presbyterian Church on "Church Union" characterized today's meeting of the Ministerial Alliance at the Y. M. C. A.

"Presbyterians," said Mr. McIntosh, "seem to outsiders to be in a lamentable plight. There seems to be nothing unanimous in their church, but there is no cause for worry because that is one of our principles, nothing is unanimous."

The question, the minister said, should be approached from the standpoint of the prophet, whether the question be of God or hostile to his plans. "I don't think God goes the same way all the time. God has a program which changes," he stated, and claimed that God may have at one time been opposed to church union and be in favor of it now. In the middle ages diversity would be wanted by God for the purpose of producing religious conviction. "What God is anxious about now is to get the most difficult of all things, the enshrinement of Christ in the life of the people."

Social science, he said, had shown that life was never for one, but always for more than one. Mental science had shown that what were thought to be fundamental differences were merely matters of principle.

Now a Book of Life.

"The day of literal interpretation of the Bible is gone, too," he continued. "The Bible is now a book of life, not a book of letters. It was not meant to be a document of constitutional government." Immersion and child baptism, he stated, were questions on which the churches could not afford to be divided. The trend of the world at present is back to Jesus.

"There has been a change in the view of function of the church. There is unrest among the people." He stated it as his belief that in the future churches would be known as "The Temperance Church, "The Social Service Church," and similar designations, not in fact but known as such among the people.

The church, he said, should be a communal centre.

The question of union could be approached in the same manner as that of the drink evil, by the "local option" method.

More Interest Needed.

Secretary Wilson of the Y. M. C. A. urged a greater interest in the shop-meetings for workingmen. The firemen, he said, had greatly appreciated the work done for them. About six shops are being reached now with an audience of between 1,100 and 1,200 men.

There was some difference of opinion as to what topics the men should be addressed on, it being pointed out that many of them are not church-goers.

Rev. G. A. Mackenzie remarked that he believed that the men who don't go to church should be told they are going to hell. "Not because they don't go to church, but because something is keeping them away," he said. "Their labor problems will perish with them. They are going to be damned if they don't get saved."

FIRST HONORARY MEMBER OF ROTARY CLUB ELECTED

Robert Wallace Honored—Club Will Assist Canadian Patriotic Fund.

The London Rotary Club elected its first honorary member today at its weekly luncheon at the Tecumseh, the member so designated being Robert Wallace, until recently manager of the Toasted Corn Flakes Company. Mr. Wallace was the oldest member of the club and has retired from active business, going to California to make his future home. The action of the London club will make him eligible for membership in the local club at his new home.

The club also decided to exert its best influence toward aiding the Canadian patriotic fund, and as many of the members as possible will appear before the city council this evening to urge that three mills of this year's tax rate be devoted to patriotic fund purposes.

The question of affiliating with the Western Fair Association was considered upon invitation of the secretary, A. M. Hunt. It was unanimously agreed that representation be accepted upon the fair board, provided the directors of the fair approve.

Sympathy of the members was extended to Frank Adams and A. M. Hunt, each of whom recently was bereaved of his father.

W. A. Martin, F. J. Jewell and E. G. Yeates were elected directors for the next year.

At the next meeting the program for the year will be considered.

ATTEMPTING AGAIN TO GET LAWSON'S NAMES

American House Committee Resumes Probe This Afternoon.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The House rules committee today resumed its efforts to get Thomas W. Lawson to give the names of officials whom he intimated in previous testimony might be involved in his charges relating to a leak of advance information on President Wilson's peace note. Before the hearings began the committee met in secret session.

While the committee was deliberating behind closed doors, a message was received from Lawson saying he could not reach Washington at the time specified for his appearance, but would arrive later in the day.

Chairman Henry then directed the sergeant-at-arms to get immediate service on Lawson to bring him before the committee. A recess was then taken pending his arrival. The committee voted to recommend to the House the addition of another resolution which would broaden the scope of the inquiry still further and extend the time in which the committee might report to ninety days. This, members say, would give ample opportunity to investigate everything that might develop.

Later Chairman Henry received a telegram from Lawson saying he would arrive at 2 p.m. Henry then set the time for the hearing to resume at 3 o'clock.

PERSONAL ESCAPADES UNDER MANN ACT

Supreme Court So Decides, Though Admitting Blackmail Possibility.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Interpreting the Mann white slave law, the supreme court decided that prosecutions under the law for transporting women in interstate commerce are not limited to commercialized vice, and include personal, immoral escapades. Conviction of F. Drew Caminetti and Maury I. Biggs, of Sacramento, was affirmed.

The court was divided. The majority opinion was given by Justice Day, who said: "The plain terms of the act must take precedence over the designation and the report that accompanied it to Congress.

"It is said it will open the door to blackmail, but that is to be considered by Congress. We think the power of Congress to regulate transportation of passengers affords ample basis to exercise our authority in the case of this statute."

ACTIVE ARTILLERY SUMS UP REPORTS ON SOMME FRONT

British Raiding Parties Still Adding To Number of Prisoners.

Paris, Jan. 15.—There was active artillery firing last night in the vicinity of the Avre River, and in the sector between the Aisne and the Argonne. Otherwise the night was uneventful, this afternoon's war office announcement reports.

The text of the communication follows:

"No important developments were reported last night. There was, however, fairly spirited artillery activity on the River Avre and between the Aisne and the Argonne."

ALLIES ADVANCING.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—Via Sayville.—"North of the Somme lively artillery fire continues," says today's army headquarters reports on the western front operations. "While at several places advances by hostile patrols were repulsed, our reconnoitering detachments in successful enterprises brought in prisoners and machine guns."

CHECK GERMAN ATTEMPTS.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The war office communication issued this evening says:

'Early last night a hostile party endeavored to raid one of our posts northwest of Gueudecourt. The attempt failed completely, the enemy being driven off with losses.

"During the night our patrols carried out successful enterprises in the neighborhood of Neuve Chapelle and Armentieres.

"We bombarded enemy trenches northwest of the Ancre this afternoon with good results.

"Elsewhere there was the usual artillery activity, which was most marked opposite Serre, south of Armentieres and northeast of Ypres."

More Prisoners Taken.

The report from British headquarters in France Saturday night reads:

"Early this morning the enemy temporarily forced his way into one of our posts northwest of Serre, but was immediately driven out and the post reoccupied by us. A further thirteen German prisoners, including two officers, were taken in this area.

"Yesterday morning an enemy raiding party attacked another small post held by us west of Vimy, but was driven off.

"A minor enterprise undertaken by us during the night against enemy trenches west of Wytschaete was entirely successful. A few additional prisoners were secured in the course of these two encounters.

"This morning the enemy exploded a small mine north of Guinchy. No damage was done to our trenches. Elsewhere the usual artillery and trench-mortar activity continued."

DECISION TOMORROW

Quebec, Jan. 15.—Judge Langelier of the police court announced today that his decision will be handed out tomorrow in the case of the theft of nickel and copper at the arsenal. It is surmised the court's decision will clearly establish that not a single ounce of the stolen material went across the border.

WOULD SECURE EXTRA PARKS EAST AND WEST

Chairman Dennis Says There Is Vacant Land Which Would Be Useful.

Chairman E. R. Dennis of the parks board will endeavor to secure parks in West London and in East London to be used for playgrounds. He points out that there is plenty of vacant land in both sections which can be secured, and it would prove of great benefit.

He will recommend that William Moore, J. W. Metheral, E. B. Hamilton and A. T. Taylor be the parks commission for the year.

TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.

Toronto, Jan. 15.—Brazilian absorbed about half the trading on the local stock exchange today. Opening at 45½, it declined to 44½, and closed at 44¾; sales, 713. Otherwise the market was entirely featureless. Quotations:

[Reported by Edward Cronyn & Co.]

	Ask.	Bid.		Ask.	Bid.
Am Cy..	27	22	Rogers..	78	..
do pfd.	54	49	do pfd.	93	90
Barcel...	13¼	13	Russell.	75	70
Brazilian	45	44⅝	do pfd.	104	100
B C Fish	60	..	SWheat	139	..
Bell Tel.	147	..	Spanish.	17	16
Burt, c..	79	75	do pfd.	58	56
do pfd.	92	..	Stl Can.	65¾	65⅛
C Bread.	17	16	do pfd.	96½	95
do pfd.	90	86	T Paper.	74½	73
C Car...	30	28	Tor Ry.	76	75½
do pfd.	65	64	Tucketts	..	22½
Cement..	63½	63	Tw City.	94	93
do pfd.	95¼		Win Ry.	85	75
C S L..	34¾	34½	Banks—		
do pfd.	92½	91	Com'rce	185	184⅝
CG Elec.	11 ¾	1.1	Dom ...	212	..
C P R...	160	159	Hamil'n	192½	190½
C Salt..	140	120	Imperial	200½	..
ConLife	335	320	Ottawa.	202	..
Coniag.	460	440	Royal ..	214	211½
C Smelt.	33	32½	Standard	..	21'½
Con Gas.	165	..	Union...	..	138
Cr Nest.	73	..	Loans, etc.—		
Canners.	20	19½	C Land.	..	158
Detroit.	127	124	C Perm.	..	170
Dome...	..	2400	C Invest	..	75
D I & S,p	..	93	H Prov.	..	140
D Steel C	66¼	66	H & E..	..	209
Dom Tel.	..	90	20% p'd	..	196
Duluth..	46	45½	L Bank.	..	144
Mackay.	88	87½	Ont Loan	..	175
do pfd.	67½	66¾	T Trusts	..	211
M Leaf.	..	98	T Mort..	..	140
do pfd.	95	93	Bonds—		
Monarch	40	35	C Bread.	94	93½
do pfd.	85	80	C Loco..	95	..
NStl Car	20	18	Mex Elec	30	..
do pfd.	70	..	M L & P	45	35
Nipis'g.	860	825	Penmans	..	84½
NSSteel	115½	114½	Quebec..	69	67
P Burt.	30	29	Rio, 1st.	..	86
do pfd.	..	80	Spanish.	88	..
Petrol.	1150	1050	Stl Can.	..	97
P Rico..	..	35	War Loan,		
Quebec..	31¼	31	1925...	98¼	98
Riordan	123	121	War Loan,		
			1931...	98¼	98⅛

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]
Chicago, Jan. 15.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Sept. ..	135⅜	136	134¼	134¾	135
May ...	185¼	186⅜	184	184¾	184½
July ...	149½	150⅞	148½	148½	150
Corn—					
May ...	98¾	99⅝	98⅜	98½	98½
July ...	97½	98¼	97¼	97⅜	97⅜
Oats—					
May ...	57¼	57⅝	56⅞	57⅛	56⅞
July ...	54½	55	54⅜	54⅝	54¾

CHICAGO PROVISION MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]
Chicago, Jan. 15.

Pork—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Jan.	$29 25	$29 25	$29 25	$29 25
May	28 70	28 70	28 70	28 70
Lard—				
Jan.	15 52	15 52	15 52	15 52

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]
Winnipeg, Jan. 15.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May ...	188⅝	188⅝	180⅞	187½	187½
July ...	186	186	184⅝	184⅝	184⅝
Oats—					
May ...	60⅝	60⅞	60½	60½	60½
July ...	59⅞	60	59⅜	59⅜	59¾
Flax—					
May ...	268⅝	270	268⅝	269⅝	268⅝
July ...	272½	272½	272½	272⅝	272⅝

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Minneapolis, Jan. 15.—Wheat—Close—May, $1 58½; July, $1 50½.

KANSAS CITY GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Kansas City, Jan. 15.—Wheat—Close—May, $1 81½; July, 145⅝.

Ashplant's Ashplant's

Of Interest To Women

Who Appreciate a Real Shoe Bargain

AN 8-INCH LACE BOOT, FOR $3.95.

Patent Colt Vamp, GLAZED KID leg, plain toes, high arch and half Louis heels.

This lot ordered last May, hence the low cost. They have just arrived, all sizes; while they last,



$3.95 the Pair

Ashplant's

ITALIANS TAKE TWO SUBS FROM AUSTRIA

Dutch Find German U-Boat in Holland Waters, But Later Release It.

London, Jan. 15.—A Flushing dispatch to Reuter's says a Dutch warship brought into Flushing last night a German submarine which was found in Dutch waters.

A later dispatch says the submarine was released after an investigation and escorted outside the territorial waters.

Rome, Jan. 14—Via Paris.—The capture of two submarines is reported in an announcement today from the war office. The statement follows:

"The enemy submarine VC12, which the German navy ceded to Austria-Hungary, has fallen into our hands and become a unit of our torpedo squadrons. Another enemy submarine, the VT12, belonging to the Austro-Hungarian navy, also is in our possession.

"Italian and French hydroplanes on Friday dropped bombs on the enemy's works at Pola. Enemy airplanes made a counter-attack, but were repulsed. One of our hydroplanes successfully fought three enemy airplanes. Enemy airplanes bombed our torpedo boats at sea without effect. All our units returned to their base undamaged."

MOVEMENT MADE FOR MUNICIPAL COAL YARD

Figures on One Obtained, But ex-Alderman Said to Have Interfered.

The movement to purchase a municipal coal yard is not dead, and it has some interesting angles. A definite proposition was to be submitted at any early date when something went wrong.

Figures were obtained on a certain coal yard, and the amount of money necessary to purchase it was to be included in the city of London bill.

It is stated that an ex-alderman heard of the deal, and secured an option on the coal yard in question, and is holding it.

The option, however, expires Thursday at noon, and the council will do nothing in the meantime. When the option expires, negotiations may be opened to get the yard.

From information received, the ex-alderman would like to have the backing of the city for his coal yard, but this will not be given. The city will go into the thing on its own account, if at all.

Those behind the scheme of a municipal coal yard claim that with all the city business, the business of the institutions supported in whole or in part by the municipality, and the schools, a sufficient quantity can be sold to pay overhead charges. If the yard got any support from the citizens, a considerable amount of money could be made, the claim is.

Mayor Stevenson is working out the proposition, and will have a report to be submitted to the council shortly.

WANTS TO CONNECT WITH NATURAL GAS

McClary Company to Ask Council's Permission—Needs Fuel.

The city council will meet this evening, and there should be no difficulty in getting the business through in a reasonable length of time.

The McClary Manufacturing Company will ask the council to allow it to connect with the natural gas mains of the Southern Ontario Company, in order to obtain fuel for its plant. It is explained that the gas is within each reach of the company, and it is short of coal.

The audit question will not likely be discussed, but there may be other subjects that will start a debate.

Continued From Page One

RUMANIAN KASINO

the Turks south of the village of Pilkelme, twenty versts northwest of Kalkit. They were put to flight. We captured prisoners and munitions, and destroyed their defences."

ADMIT HEAVY ATTACKS.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—Via Sayville.—Strong attacks were made yesterday by Russian and Rumanian troops on the recently captured Teutonic positions north of the Suchitza Valley, on the Northern Rumanian front. Today's official announcement says these attacks were repulsed.

The text of the statement today reads:

"Front of Archduke Joseph: North of the Suchitsa Valley, the positions we recently captured were attacked by stronger Russo-Rumanian forces. The enemy was everywhere repulsed.

"Army group of Field Marshal von Mackensen: Between the Buzeu and the mouth of the Sereth, in spite of unfavorable weather, Vadini, the last town held by the Russians south of the Serth, was taken by storm and in hand-to-hand fighting."

The statement announces conditions on the Macedonian front unchanged.

Little Russian Front Activity.

"The weather being cloudy, the fighting activity was small," says today's German army headquarters statement regarding operations along the Russian front.

ALLIES' MONITORS AT WORK.

Berlin, Jan. 14.—Via wireless to Tuckerton.—The Bulgarian official report of January 12, as received here from Sofia, says:

"Hostile monitors shelled Tultcha, and an enemy aviator dropped bombs on Tultcha and Isakishe (towns in the northern part of Dubrudja on the Danube-. At Tultcha women and children were killed, and numerous homes were destroyed."

AUSTRIAN STATEMENT.

Berlin, Jan. 15—Via Sayville.—An official statement issued by the Austro-Hungarian war department under date of January 14, reads:

"Eastern War Theatre: West of Valeni Turkish troops repulsed an attempt of the Russians to advance. Otherwise in the Rumanian plain, owing to the bad weather, there was no important fighting activity.

"Southwest of Herestraw yesterday morning our battalions, under command of Gen. Goldbach, captured by surprise height No. 704.

"In the Sector of Tolgyes, Moldavian border, successful enterprises of German detachments inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

"Italian War Theatre: The situation was calm.

"Southeastern War Theatre: On January 11 detachments of three French regiments attacked the Austro-Hungarian positions on the southern end of Ochrida Lake from the eastward. The French attack was repulsed.

"Yesterday morning our troops launched a counter-attack and drove the enemy back across the River Cerna."

FOUR LOCAL SOLDIERS REACH QUEBEC TODAY

Are Included in Party Reaching Discharge Depot There.

Quebec, Jan. 15.—Following is the list of invalided soldiers who returned to Quebec this morning:

Sherbrooke—G. L. Summers.

Hull—D. Legault.

Montreal—F. Stamp, A. Vandal, Brown, E. Cutler, L. Cantin, E. Drew, T. Edwards, A. Fautoux, R. Hillrich, W. Jones, A. Attree, J. Bevdzumaz, C. Eliker, S. Finlay, W. Hedges, A. Jennings, W. Korwood, J. Miller, C. Miller, C. D. Smith, W. A. Stanley.

Toronto—K. Adamson, H. Campbell, J. R. Cottrell, F. W. Fallon, S. Gariddo, J. Hudson, F. W. Holland, W. Logan, F. Moss, W. McPherson, J. Osborn, H. Oberts, H. R. Robinson, J. Smith, W. Tomlinson, J. H. Waterworth, L. A. Airhart, H. Cook, T. A. Darricott, A. Gedge, W. Clifford, J. Johnstone, H. J. Johnson, A. H. March, A. Martin, J. D. McLeen, J. L. Mills, E. H. K. Russell, W. Reid, R. J. Roberts, J. Stannard, J. N. Whiston, H. A. Webb, A. Whyte.

Ottawa—J. Barry, F. Donaldson, F. Hudson, W. T. McElligott.

Hamilton—O. Adams, W. G. Perkins.

Niagara Falls—G. Ashlee.

Brantford—H. Bool.

Kingston—F. P. Block, C. Waunders, G. Ramant, H. A. McAdoo.

Oshawa—W. Gilmore.

Brantford—A. Holman, S. Meadowcroft.

Weston—J. Puseny.

Delhi—E. Tookes.

London—H. E. Copeland, G. T. Gardner, C. Gilker, C. Turcot.

Kingston—G. Self.

Hamilton—A. Marshall.

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Fine, Medium Weight
Combinations
Sizes 34 to 42,
$1.00, $1.35 and $1.50 Suit.
Graham Bros.

ONE IN EVERY SIX will be disabled by accident or illness this year. It may be one of the other five, and it may be you. PLAY SAFE. PROTECT YOURSELF WITH
The George H. Davis Insurance Agency
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776 PHONES 2922.

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Bought in any condition, full or broken sets, also bridges, crowns, etc. Mail or bring direct to
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THE LONDON ADVERTISER ... COMPANY, LIMITED.
...ndon, Ont., Monday, Jan. 15.

...MATERIAL AND MORAL.

A...N ENGLISH WRITER remarks that ... "this war has dealt a deadly ...ow to the dreary, comfortable, ma...rialistic conception of history. It has ...ut an end to the tyranny of the dismal ...cience of political economy. It has ...discredited the gospel according to ...Saint Marx. It has proved that nothing ...in this world ultimately counts but ...moral, intellectual and spiritual values."

This is a statement of obvious extravagance, in part at least. The writer goes on, however, to support it by a semblance of argument. He points out that the superior man-power and wealth of the Allies "have not proved decisive," while "the only two factors which are decisive" are "the moral factor and the intellectual factor." "Organizing brains" and military leadership, patriotism and propaganda, he names as the decisive intellectual and moral powers. He seems to suggest that precisely through superiority in these points the Germans have achieved thus far a measure of success. Their political and military leaders have planned, and carried out their plans with thoroughness, an active propaganda of one kind and another has been ...ried on among neutrals and even ...ttle belligerents by German agencies, ... the German patriotism in its in...se vindictiveness has been wonder... if perverted.

Now one can see with half an eye ...t this is only part of the truth. Any...e will admit that it is intellectual and ...ral forces that ultimately count, but ...y have to have the material means ... work with, and it is not so much the ...elligence and passion of the German ...aders and people since the war began ... the deliberate calculation for many ...ars before the war in accumulating ...e material wherewithal to wage it, ...ut has brought Germany her tempor... conquests of territory. If the Ger...n had any superior intelligence or ...oral energy in West or East Africa, ... certainly has not staved off defeat ... loss of colonies. No, wherever ... has been a superior material ...ment on one side or the other, ... side has won in this war.

It is ridiculous to fail to recognize that Germany advanced to the Marne, got through superior generalship, patriotism or courageous resolution, but simply because she had great guns, many of them, and also a considerable preponderance of numbers. Similarly the British army began in 1916 to advance because of increase in material means. "Give us plenty of shot and shell, and we will send all Huns to hell," the British soldiers have sung, so they say. Intellectual and moral forces will never dispose of the Huns by comparative figures, absent treatment, telepathy and righteous indignation.

Napoleon said that battles were won by the big battalions. No doubt it takes intelligence, and passion too, to get the big battalions on the spot, but it takes the battalions as well as the directing intelligence to win the battles. In this present war it is the machine guns, the big guns, the field guns and all the rest that will gain the victory, the brains and the hands behind the guns being about equal on the whole. At the outset Germany gained ground by prepared numbers and big guns kept a secret, but in 1917, as Lloyd George says, the Allies will win in their turn by the same material preponderance, in men, in guns, and in the silver bullet. The gospel of Saint Marx is not so altogether discredited yet.

THE C. P. FUND.

ONE REASON given by the executive committee of the Canadian Patriotic Fund for its decision to retain voluntaryism as the basis of the fund was thus pungently put in its report for October:

"The glory of the Patriotic Fund has always been that it afforded an opportunity for the man who could not enlist to make a sacrifice in some degree commensurate with that of the man in the trenches, and it is felt that so long as the soldier stuck to his post, the stay-at-homes in Canada should continue their support to his family."

THE DISENFRANCHISED.

MORE THAN half a million people in Canada, 535,684 to be exact, have no representation in the Canadian Parliament at the present time. The constituencies which have no member and their populations are as follows:

Lisgar, Man., 23,501; Brandon, Man., 39,734; Carlton, Ont., 28,406; East Grey, Ont., 19,650; East Hamilton, Ont., 39,793; Lincoln, Ont., 35,429; London, Ont., 58,600; Kings, N.S., 21,780; Antigonish, N.S., 11,952; Yarmouth, N.S., 23,230; Colchester, N.S., 23,364; Montmagny, Que., 17,356; Bellechasse, Que., 21,141; Nicolet, Que., 30,055; Brome, Que., 13,216; Stanstead, Que., 20,765; Regina, Sask., 70,556; Prince, P.E.I., 32,779; Restigouche, N.B., 16,687. Total, 535,684.

Every voter in the city of London is disenfranchised until some system or election permits a representative to be chosen. Altogether, one-fourteenth of the population of Canada is deprived of a voice in the affairs of state.

The vacant constituencies all have matters which require attention. In another year it is more than possible, it is almost certain, that twenty or twenty-five constituencies will be without members.

London today has to depend for representation in her federal affairs upon outside members, who should have quite enough to occupy their attention. The same condition is to be found in all of the nineteen constituencies without representation at the present time. Their interests at Ottawa are altogether in the hands of men who have no direct interest in the memberless communities.

Whatever may be the desire of parties and people as to an election, it is certain that the present system of unrepresentation cannot be permitted to go much further.

HATS OFF TO "CENTRAL."

A TRIBUTE should be paid to the pluck and courage of telephone girls, who remain faithfully at their posts during times of fire, sending lifeleasing messages over the wires. The great bush fires which sweep over some parts of the country, consuming property and harvests, would also reap a huge toll of life were it not for these brave sentries who refuse to leave the switchboard until the very wires are severed or the last warning has been sent. The action of the telephone operators in the recent munitions factory fires is but another incident to be added to the long list of incidents which prove the heroism of the telephone girl.

It is so easy to be cross and sometimes worse than cross, when the girl at the switchboard does not give prompt service. There is a tendency on our part to ignore the fact that anybody else is privileged to telephone but ourselves, or perhaps we assume that a telephone girl has been engaged for our sole benefit. If we took the trouble to think the matter over, we would realize that the duties of the telephone operator are exceedingly strenuous, and that perhaps other calls were more important than ours. Indeed, if rage completely overcomes us, the most considerate thing we can do is to bang the hook up and down violently, for then as rapidly as me make it the current is broken, and no signal light appearing in front of the telephone girl, she is in ignorance of our existence.

Remember, no matter how she appears to serve us now, there may come a time when the very telephone girl on whom we impose our impatience today will feel it her duty to risk her life for our lives. On her much depends, and there is not much glory in her job. It is not hers to rush into a flame-swept building and rescue life. She frequently has the much less spectacular job of sitting coolly at a fire-girded switchboard, sending off messages which will mean the safety of not one life, but of perhaps thousands of lives. She is worthy of consideration and gratitude. Don't you think so?

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Berlin is back on the map. What is the idea, Mr. Blondin? Pacification or sanction?

It's well those "suspects" in San Francisco were captured, else what a blazing of munition factories by this time!

The "war to victory" loan in Britain, doesn't look like peace or defeat either. It must be great to be a Fritz these days!

The Englishman, whose diet is stinted on account of the new food regulations, tries to comfort himself with the fact that extravagant eating is bad form.

It is an established fact that the Canadians invented the trench raid. The other little treats which they dole out to the enemy are probably not so well-known, but no doubt just as effective.

A Windsor woman suspects that old dry batteries are dynamite bombs. It's well to be on the safe side, but don't imagine that your flour barrel is a powder magazine or that onions are deadly bombs. The over-worked police require some consideration.

The tank is a British invention, deny it who can. Could France or Germany have produced such a huge, lumbering, square-jawed, invulnerable thing as that? Why it is the bulldog "inmechanate"! To France belongs the achievement of the air, the frail, swift-flying aeroplane, which depends on speed and dexterity rather than on durability. Germany is responsible for the treacherous submarine, whose efficiency is rated in proportion to its power to deceive. But Britain is proud to claim as hers the great, ugly tank which, dependent neither on speed like the aeroplane nor on treachery as the submarine, moves out against the enemy boldly and openly, trusting only to its invulnerability.

THE CALL.
[Amy E. Campbell.]

This did we ask: A sunny window's view
Of winter's sky and network of the trees,
Bereft of leaves—a quiet country way,
Where dreams go drifting in pure ecstacies.

Just little lovely joys—as dawn of day,
All tender rose—and set of amber sun;
And clear young moon adrift with night's first star,
Just these to muse about when day is done.

A shaded lamp, our places by the fire;
Your book and mine, and quiet brooding night;
Your eyes to hold mine own in tenderest love;
Your soul to look on mine with tremulous light.

You asked it with me—such a little prayer—
And yet, dear heart, how glad I am to know
God touched your soul, and Duty lit your eyes—
And ah, how proud I am to have you go!

Where men go out to death all fearlessly,
I know the courage that will keep you there—
I know whose hand will guide us when apart—
I know whose heart will keep our little prayer.

ANOTHER BLOW.
[Guelph Mercury.]

The man who has room for three rows of spuds and half a dozen hills of corn will take a keen and intelligent interest in the statement emanating from the college this week that good seeds are scarce.

WHILE THE PICKING'S GOOD



—Baltimore American

The Advertiser's Daily Short Story

(Copyright, 1916, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

The Rose

By Izola Forrester.

It fell at Bartram's feet as he was hurrying to the elevated station and lay in the trodden snow, a pink La France rose. He was late, yet he stopped and picked it up, trying to see where it had come from.

The neighborhood was far from fashionable. Rows of second-rate apartment houses lined both side of the street, with stores on the ground floors and the elevated tracks between them. But as he looked up he caught a glimpse of a face at a second-story window, a face that matched the rose. Young and very girlish it was, with eyes full of mischief, and dismay, too, seeing him with the rose in his hand. Just a moment and it was out of sight in the room back of the window.

Bartram went up the long stairs to the elevated railway station with a curious tingling at his heartstrings. Romance did not usually stalk his footsteps. He led a monotonous sort of life, day in and day out. There was the three-and-a-half-a-week room on a side street near the park, his meals caught at hazard here and there wherever he happened to be during the day, and the business routine at the office where he filled a niche as eastern sales manager.

All the way downtown and during the day's work he was vividly conscious of the rose in his waistcoat pocket. Several times he surreptitiously took it out and looked at it when he was alone in the office. Its fragrance brought forth memories of other roses. Back home in Georgia his mother had had a beautiful old-time rose garden. He could remember its flagged walks, with grass and myrtle growing up between the rock crevices, and flowering almond bushes on each side. Her dresses made a soft, swishing sound as she passed along, and he walked behind her, a lad of 9 or 10, just after sundown. He had not been home since her death.

Then came another rose memory. The girl he had banked all his hopes on—oh, but that was years ago. He had been 20, just fresh up from the south in New York life. She had seemed like a rose to him, tall and brilliant and full of grace. He knew that money lay between them, but when she had led him on, he had imagined the miracle might happen, that she might love him. She had loved roses, not the pink ones, but American Beauties and the dark red Jacqueminots. He had used his last dollar many a time buying them for her. And then when he had finally mustered up the courage to tell her, she had laughed at him and told him not to be a foolish boy.

The next morning when he came to the news stand at the foot of the elevated stairs he glanced up at the window. There was no sign of the face he wanted to see, and he rode downtown feeling the joy of the day gone.

Bartram puzzled for several days, seeking to meet her. Once he caught a glimpse of her from the station platform, but she recognized him and slipped back into the room out of sight. Then toward the end of the week there came a sudden, blessed relief. A small, discreet sign hung in the upper left-hand corner of one window.

"Room To Let."

Bartram took his noon hour, and went up to engage the room. The door in the second hallway was opened by a middle-aged woman, pleasant faced and hopeful. Yes, she had a room to let, the front bedroom off the parlor, very airy, light and clean. The young lady who had occupied it before had just left.

Bartram stared at her. Could fate be so unkind? He followed her into the little front bedroom. It was scrupulously clean, as she had said. In a small glass tray on the bureau lay a few rose leaves, withered, and two gilt hairpins.

"Nothing happened to her, I hope?" he said slowly.

"Oh, nothing contagious, sir," replied the woman. "She was just hurt a little bit in an automobile accident—run down on Columbus Circle. She's at the hospital now, but you mustn't, be afraid of that. It didn't hurt the room a bit."

"No," Bartram answered. "I'll take the room. I—I expect to be called out of town for a little while, but I'll keep the room."

He paid a couple of weeks in advance, got the name of the hospital and went out on the street again. From a booth in a cigar store he telephoned to the office. They must excuse him that afternoon. He was not well and had gone home. That done, he started for the hospital. He had her name now, Dorothy Bennett. It sounded like the name of a girl who loved roses. At the desk he asked for her. They looked up the name, said it had been an emergency case brought in during the night. She was not badly injured. He could go up to the ward to see her. Bartram held tightly the big cluster of pink roses he had bought and made his way to the elevator.

At the door of the ward a nurse directed him to the right cot, and he tiptoed to it cautiously. She was sleeping. Her hair was braided in two girlish plaits down her shoulders. She looked pale and wistful. There was no flowers on the little stand beside her. After Bartram had sat down the nurse took the roses and brought them back in a tall green glass vase. Then he waited. And sitting there beside her, there stole over him a curious uplifting sense of love and protectorship.

When she opened her eyes without stirring there was no alarm or surprise in them. She smiled at him, ever so little, and looked at the roses understandingly.

"I wondered if you'd find out," she said. "I'm not hurt much."

Bartram told her of the sign on her empty room, and how it had led him up the dark stairs to find her. Then, as the minutes passed, he found himself telling more, right from that morning when the rose had fallen at his feet, and he tried to let her know what it had meant to him, with the glimpse of her face at the window.

Dorothy smiled up at him when he left, and watched him as he went down the room. It had been horribly lonely, coming into the strange hospital with no friends at all. She had been in New York two months now trying to get work, and each day had made the quest more hopeless. When they had asked for the name of her nearest friend at the hospital the night before she could not tell them, but she had thought of him. She lay smiling at the roses a long while, thinking of all he had said. He had promised to come every day to see her.

It was a month before the broken ankle was healed and her shoulder felt right, but there came the day when she was to be discharged. Bartram came for her in a taxi, his eyes eager and purposeful. Out of doors it was cold and stormy.

"You know," Dorothy said, as she came down the wide steps, leaning on his arm, "it's so good to get out again but I haven't any idea where I'm going. Do you suppose Mrs. Kinney would take me back into my same little room just until I could get work?"

"It's waiting for you now," Bartram told her. "Warm as toast, and you're going to stay there until we're married. Oh, I know I haven't asked you regularly before; but you knew, didn't you? I haven't a soul in New York that cares whether I live or die, and when you dropped that rose at my feet in the snow, it was like a message right out of the skies. You meant to drop it, didn't you?"

Dorothy's lashes raised as she smiled up at him.

"I'd watched you pass by every single day," she said, "and just the minute I let it fall, I was frightened, but now I think it just was to be."

The taxi whirled on downtown toward Mrs. Kinney's rooming-house, and only stopped once, when Bartram saw a boy on a corner selling roses. And when Dorothy buried her face in their pink fragrance he took out one small withered one from his pocket.

"I wouldn't give up this one for all the others in the world," he said.

Wait a Minute!

By J. H. F.

It will be interesting to see Lieut.-Col. J. A. Currie, Howard Ferguson, L. B. Lucas and some other Tories stand on the hustings and give three rousing cheers for Billy Weichel, Sir Adam Beck and a few others of German extraction. They are so mad at Charlie Bowman because they say his ancestors came from Germany.

* * *

Over 20,000 Chicago janitors will strike for more pay, it is said. Who would be a tenant in Chicago?

* * *

A gent who asked for a position in President Wilson's cabinet has been taken to an asylum. However, some of them stay on the job.

* * *

This Philadelphia is getting to be quite a city. First there is the murder of the model, followed by a sensational suicide. Then H. Knut Thaw starts something in its midst. If this keeps up Philadelphia will be the Hamilton of the United States.

* * *

About the only thing H. Knut Thaw ever accomplished was the killing of White. He has bloomered everything he has tackled outside that, even suicid

* * *

It might be mentioned that Hon. Mr. Blondin has discovered ways of shooting holes in the British flag, without using firearms. Look at Berlin, Ont.

* * *

Peace may be near, but the dispatches do not say that it is exactly at hand. It will come when it comes, and will be rather welcome when it lands.

* * *

The United States may pension all indigents. That would give some congressmen a little pin-money.

* * *

Germany is fighting for the smaller nations, it says, but the way Belgium was treated does not fill the smaller nations with joy at the prospect. Far better have all the world enemies than such friends.

* * *

Col. J. A. Currie, M. P., former commander of the 48th Highlanders, is much afraid of C. M. Bowman, M. P., because he may have had some German blood. Col. Currie might tell us something interesting about German attacks and how he met them. Once again, that might be most interesting.

* * *

Tommy Church has given his O. K. to the Conservative party. That's all that was needed to put it out of business.

* * *

Glanworth, by John Noble.—A munificent acquisition was made recently to the multifarious collection of foxes in captivity by Messrs. Brodie and Wright, Glanworth, a commodity of Geo. Wrightman, Dexter, at the maximum price of $220. Miss Mary Bucks, preceptor of the Payne's Mills, is stricken with pneumonia, and is languishing in Amasa Wood Hospital, St. Thomas.

* * *

It seems that H. Thaw did not have the gumption to meet F. Camp in court.

* * *

Alcohol is the coming automobile fuel, and souse artists will have to make a noise like a six-cylinder to get loaded.

* * *

A lot of women with nothing to do have a silent patrol around the White House. A lot of men are lucky in the women they don't marry.

* * *

Ambassador Gerard, address Berlin, Germany, is the dove of peace, the Germans say. Judging from the temper of the American people, he certainly is not a parrot. Just crow.

* * *

The only trouble about ideal husbands is that they are always dead.

* * *

Ball players may strike, but they most probably strike out.

* * *

Prize-fighting or boxing may be a manly art, but with Les Darcy, Wildfang, Freddie Welsh and a few others dancing, we are strong for some other kind of frolic.

* * *

There are over one million pounds of butter in storage in Toronto, it is said. Smooth work!

* * *

We hear that there will be little change in men's suits this year. Oh, well, the missus took our last quarter, so we should be agitated.

* * *

A fool-proof aeroplane will soon be invented, we hear. Can't be done. Some guy would go joy riding to Mars.

* * *

A Texas paper says that "the bride attired in her pure white lingerie was indeed a lovely and attractive picture of a bride." One good eye is enough here, gents. Nice, eh?

* * *

A lot of men think that fortune smiles on them when fortune is merely laughing itself sick. We ain't worried.

* * *

Villa may be a bandit, and everything that folks call him, but you got to hand it to him for sticking to a job, and seeing it through, in spite of the fact that he has been killed (in dispatches) a score of times. He's not the worst Mexican.

* * *

Tripe is wholesome, a doc says. You don't have to eat it though.

* * *

A woman lawyer convicted some German plottists in San Francisco. The U. S. A. should employ only women prosecutors. They might get somewhere.

THE LITERARY TRAWLER

A Symposium of Current Opinion.

[From Today.]

BACK TO THE LAND.

We have two problems before us. One to provide generously for the army that has fought for us, the other to raise the production of the land of England to its possible. In nationalizing the land, we provide for our peasant soldiers by creating an immense demand for what they have to sell—labor. And we determine a reflux of population from our congested cities by opening to it the obstructed channels by which its waters can reach the land. All the lands needs is to be peopled. Give it that, and its productivity will put all Europe to shame. We are sacrificing the food of England to the elbow-room demanded by the convenience of squires and farmers.—D. C. Pedder, Lieutenant-Colonel.

INCREASE THE WHEAT SUPPLY.

Production should be stimulated by intrusting the county agricultural war committees with wide duties and considerable powers. They should be requested to make forthwith returns of the areas which could be, and should be, sown with wheat, and, in consultation with the board of agriculture, they should delimit minimum wheat areas. As to these, the Government should guarantee a minimum price for wheat, not only for the period of the war, but for a considerable time thereafter, for the future in this connection is of exceeding importance.

These county committees should also be intrusted with powers to pool machinery, to buy new machinery, and to train new labor. They should perform the national duty of increasing our wheat supply (which also means increasing other supplies), and every financial and other aid should be afforded them.—Sir Leo Chiozza Money, M. P.

WASTE.

The scales must be held more evenly between all classes of the community. A visit to the West End hotels and expensive restaurants and to a good many private homes would show that there is still considerable waste and extravagance. The home that should first be considered is the home of the plain workmen doing long hours of physical toil.—W. C. Anderson, M. P.

THE IMPORTANCE OF FOOD PRODUCTION.

Food production must in future be regarded as a matter of national importance. The reduction in the food output of the country which we now see taking place is largely due to the inaction of the Government.—Lord Henry Cavendish-Bentinck.

A LESSON FROM GERMANY.

What English statesman could not, owing to English selfishness, put through, the German Government is now setting to work to do, namely, applying in practice the principle that in times of war the individual is nothing and the state everything. The manufacture of munitions has assumed such size that a disproportionately large number of men capable of bearing arms will be lost to the army if substitutes are not produced. The also continually increasing organization for the provision of food demands a growing army of helpers. Hard necessity, therefore, forces the undeniable moral right to be turned into a literal one, and the placing in the service of the state the laboring forces the undeniable moral right to be conscription as a symbol of a people that has been welded together.—Kolnische Zeitung.

STATE FARMS.

The Government have taken over 4,000 factories; would it not have been simpler to take over 4,000 farms? If I were put in the position to do it I would do the whole thing in six weeks. If you have national shell factories, why not national farms? As to the potato crop the estimated shortage was no more than 10 or 15 per cent; why, then, had prices been allowed to go up 100 per cent? I am told they cannot fix prices for potatoes. How did you fix the prices for hay and straw?—Sir Alfred Mond, M. P.

HOME PRODUCTION AS A WEAPON.

There is no reason why when the war comes to an end we should allow Germany to get back to the industrial and commercial position she occupied prior to the war. To do so would be to allow the lesson of the war to be lost. There is nothing for the comfort and sustenance of man which cannot be produced on British territory. Why not produce our own requirements instead of placing our orders in a country and with a people who have proved the most deadly foes of our race and Empire?—Right Hon. W. F. Massey, Prime Minister New Zealand.

THE CURSE OF MATERIALISM.

Germany has for forty years made students strong physically and intellectually, and they have raised Samsons and Solomons, but bereft of moral strength and shorn of spiritual locks they have become a curse and not a blessing.—The Bishop of Chelmsford.

TAKE NOTE!

Within the last eighteen months no fewer than eleven separate interrogatories have been submitted to the German Government as to Belgium. The question has been asked, by the United States, Spain, Denmark, Holland, Sweden, Switzerland, Norway and other neutrals, if Germany will give a formal assurance of the restoration of Belgian entity at the end of the war—and not once has this assurance been given.—Herbert Bayard Swope, Special Correspondent New York World.

THOSE BELLS.

As a rule neither Roman Catholics nor Nonconformists use bells for calling the faithful, and no harm would be done if the Church of England were to dispense with a large proportion of its anything but silvery-toned tintinabulations.—The Guardian.

HOTEL ASTOR NEW YORK
—2906
Residents of Canada registered at Hotel Astor during the past year.
Single Rooms, without bath .. $2.50 and $3.00
Double...$3.50 and $4.00
Single Rooms, with bath .. $3.50 to $6.00
Double .. $4.50 to $7.00
Parlor, Bedroom and bath...$10.00 to $14.00
TIMES SQUARE
At Broadway, 44th to 45th Streets—the center of New York's social and business activities. In close proximity to all railway terminals.

CUNARD LINE
CANADIAN SERVICE.
LONDON TO HALIFAX
Via Plymouth.
HALIFAX TO LONDON.
Calling Falmouth to land passengers.
For particulars of sailings and rates apply to local agents or to The Robert Reford Company, Limited, General Agents, 50 King street east, Toronto.
Jan. 31.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
IN ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
NUMBER 23 THE P...

AT ONCE! STOPS STOMACH MISERY AND INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" makes sick, sour, gassy Stomachs Feel Fine.

Do some foods you eat hit back—taste good, but work badly; ferment into stubborn lumps and cause a sick, sour, gassy stomach? Now, Mr. or Mrs. Dyspeptic, jot this down: Pape's Diapepsin digests everything, leaving nothing to sour and upset you. There never was anything so safely quick, so certainly effective. No difference how badly your stomach is disordered you will get happy relief in five minutes, but what pleases you most is that it strengthens and regulates your stomach so you can eat your favorite foods without fear.

Most remedies give you relief sometimes—they are slow, but not sure. "Pape's Diapepsin" is quick, positive and puts your stomach in a healthy condition so the misery won't come back.

You feel different as soon as "Pape's Diapepsin" comes in contact with the stomach—distress just vanishes—your stomach gets sweet, no gases, no belching, no eructations of undigested food, your head clears and you feel fine.

Go now, make the best investment you ever made, by getting a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. You realize in five minutes how needless it is to suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia or any stomach disorder.

CHILD'S TONGUE BECOMES COATED IF CONSTIPATED

If cross, bilious, sick, feverish, or full of cold, take no chances.

"California Syrup of Figs" can't harm tender stomach, liver, bowels.

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is, they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sours, then your little one becomes cross, half sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhoea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system, and you have a well, playful child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.

REALLY THE LIMIT.

[Ottawa Journal.]

Everybody is waiting for the invention of a dance to be known as "limit"—and to mean what it says.

LONDON AND PORT STANLEY RAILWAY
EFFECTIVE OCTOBER 1.
To Port Stanley: 6:20, 8:20, 10:20 a.m., 1:20, 3:20, 5:20, 7:20, 10:20 p.m.
To St. Thomas: *5:20, *6:20, 7:20, 9:20, 10:20, 11:20 a.m., 12:20, 1:20, 3:20, 4:20, 5:20, 6:20, 7:20, 8:20, 10:20, *11:20 p.m.
Heavy type denotes no local stops tween London and St. Thomas.
*Daily, except Sunday.

Traction Company
EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 17.
To St. Thomas and Port Stanley—7:30 a.m., *9:30, *11:30, *1:30 p.m., *3:30, *5:30, *7:30, *9:15 p.m.
To Tempo, 4:30. To St. Thomas, 6:15 p.m. and 11:15 p.m.
Sunday cars marked with a star (*

RECRUITS WANTED
149th Battalion
LONDON
If you are not eligible yourself you can do a great service for your country by sending the name of someone who is.
HIS NAME
Name .....
Address .....
Occupation .....
Where does he work? .....
Please cut out and mail, and we will do the rest. Send to Recruiting Officer, 149th O. S. Battalion, C. E. F., London, Ont. LIEUT.-COL. W. W. MacVICAR, O. C.
It is not necessary to sign your name. Simply fill in the name of the prospect. We do the rest.
Jan.6,10,15,20

Then shall the King say unto them on his right hand.....
"I was an hungered, and ye gave me meat; I was thirsty, and ye gave me drink..... naked, and ye clothed me....."
Then shall they answer him, saying—"Lord, when saw we thee an hungered, and fed thee? or thirsty, and gave thee drink? ....or naked, and clothed thee?"
And the King shall answer.....
"Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me".
Overseas, in ravaged Belgium, more than 3,000,000 of "the least of these" are hungry, thirsty, thinly clad—looking to us! Have you done what you could for any of them?
Whatever you can give, send your subscription weekly, monthly or in one lump sum to Local or Provincial Committees or
SEND CHEQUES PAYABLE TO TREASURER
Belgian Relief Fund
59 St. Peter Street, Montreal
The Greatest Relief Work in History.
SUBSCRIPTIONS MAY BE SENT TO LOCAL LONDON COMMITTEE, M... A. T. EDWARDS, TREASURER, 183 OXFORD ST., LONDON.

A Wonderful Remedy For Coughs and Colds
The reason chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis yield to Vinol is because it is a constitutional remedy. Unlike cough syrups, Vinol removes the cause. This is due to the wonderful combination of the oldest and most famous reconstructive tonics,—Beef and Cod Liver Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptonates, Glycerophosphates, etc., with a mild tonic wine. This is a splendid remedy for coughs and colds.
Vinol
Full Formula on Every Bottle
is always sold with a definite guarantee to return the purchaser's money if it fails to give satisfaction. Very few bottles are returned.
TAYLOR DRUG CO.
LONDON, ONT.
Also the best druggist in all Ontario towns.

A PAGE OF GENERAL INTEREST TO WOMEN READERS



...ood bye
...d good luck!"

"Thank you for the wishes and for

WRIGLEY'S

"THE FLAVOR LASTS"

This great little pick-me-up is full of vigor and vim for the jaded soldier. It quenches thirst, allays fatigue, gives new life to enervated spirits—sustaining and refreshing.

5¢

MADE IN CANADA

Every package or parcel for your soldier friend should contain a few packages or a box. Appetite, digestion and spirits are the better for it.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT THE PERFECT GUM THE FLAVOR LASTS MINT LEAF FLAVOR

SEALED TIGHT—KEPT RIGHT

WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM PEPPERMINT

Sold Everywhere

WM. WRIGLEY JR. CO., Ltd., Wrigley Bldg., Toronto

...he Flavor Lasts!

CHEW IT AFTER EVERY MEAL

C47

Cynthia Grey's Mail-Box

[Correspondents are requested to make their inquiries as brief as possible, and to write on one side of the paper only. It is impossible to give replies within a stated time, as all letters have to be answered in turn. No letter can be answered privately.]

A Lucky Lad.

Dear Miss Grey,—Thank you very much for sending lonely soldier's address. I have written and am sending bag tomorrow, and I sincerely hope he gets it all right. Have you given his name to anybody else? I have promised him I will send him a box of goodies every month. I am inclosing a list of things I am sending and sincerely hope that if there is anything you can suggest, please let me know. Wishing you all kinds of luck and good health, I still remain, curled up and purring, PUSSY CAT.

List of contents—2 pairs of woolen socks, 6 handkerchiefs, 3 bars toilet soap, 3 shaving soap, 2-pound fruit cake, 1 box sugar (loaf), 1 pound butter, 1 pound cocoa, 2 cans of Silver-cow milk, 25c chewing gum, 1 pound good mixed candy, 2 cans sardines.

Ans.—I think that the lad whom "Pussy Cat" has adopted is a very fortunate one. Your box contains an excellent assortment, and the only suggestion I can make is to include a box or two of oxo, and a box of some good, healing salve, in place perhaps of something else.

"Pussy Cat" surely deserves a nice fat mouse for her kindness to a "lonely."

From Somewhere Else.

Dear Miss Grey,—Would you be kind enough to publish this in your columns, as to the piece in a recent paper about mail carriers? I am sure it is from the mail man on my route. He thinks he has a hard time of it, and some days cannot get around. What is he paid for? If he does not like it, why does he not give it up? I know lots on our route would be pleased if he did. Also I see where it says "buy your stamps and do not bother the mail man," but what else can you do but put the money on the letter and leave it in the box when the mail man does not carry stamps, and sometimes he does not have his book with him to give you a receipt when you want to send a postoffice order. I think it is time that someone had better do some complaining. Trusting I am not taking up too much of your space, I will now close, wishing you a hawny new year. Hoping to see this in your page soon, I will sign myself,

A R. R. BOX-HOLDER.

Ans.—No, my friend, you are quite wrong. The protest did not come from your postoffice, or even from your county; so you must be mistaken.

Warms Her Up.

Dear Miss Grey,—This is some interesting page. My, but I do like to hear all the scrapping that goes on! It kind of warms me up these cold days. Say, you city girls, have a heart and think a little more kindly of your country sisters. Remember you are no better, for we all have our failings. The time shall come, and is coming, when all shall be equal, from the greatest to the least. Now bear this in mind, as we sometimes begin to think too highly of ourselves.

Now for questions:

1. Should a bride wear her veil after the wedding ceremony?
2. How old would you think me to be?
3. May I call again?

I am, LITTLE ANNETTE.

Ans.—If you mean during the reception or at the wedding repast, yes. Not on any subsequent occasion, however. Many brides wear their wedding gown at evening affairs during the first season of their married life. Others prefer to store it carefully away for anniversary wear.

2. Oh, Annette! After all that philosophy I'd be scared to guess.
3. Yes'm.

A Mother's Pity.

Dear Miss Grey,—I inclose $2 note for prisoners' fund. I take a great interest in your Page and was very sorry to see the war between the "women." I think there is enough war. I have my eldest boy fighting in France, and can truly pity all those that have lost dear ones. We never know whose turn is next, and the poor prisoners! My heart bleeds for them. I saw where Miss Gunn was saying how they needed boots and thought I would send this to you. Will try and send some later on, and let you do as you like about it. Hoping this will be a happier year than the last. All good luck to the Mail-Box, I'll sign,

A FRIEND TO PRISONERS.

Ans.—I am informing Miss Gunn of your desire that the money be applied for "boots." You will note elsewhere in our column that our readers are responding generously to the needs of the men imprisoned in German camps.

May your own kind wish come true for yourself, dear lady.

Advises a Tax.

Dear Miss Grey,—I see so much in the papers about how to get the men of the Dominion of Canada to enlist. It looks to me as if they are not paid enough for the risk they take. The Government don't seem to have any provision made for them when they are taken prisoners to feed and clothe them properly. You might say it is left to charity. There are some who will give all they can spare, while there is a class of people who will give no more than they can help. They are heaping up money to be rich after the war, and have a good time now, and every luxury. If the Government would put a tax on all men 18 and up, that have money and can earn money, of say $1 per week, while the war lasts, then the Government would have money to properly care for the men that are risking all for our protection. A happy new year to you and all the Mail-Box, will sign myself,

ONLOOKER.

Ans.—Your idea may be an excellent one; I'm not very clever at seeing into things. To me though, the difficulty is this: A young man of eighteen may earn, say $10 a week. A fellow employee earns $25 or $30 per week. They may have the same obligations—the support of a widowed mother. Would it be just fair for them to be equally taxed? Or should such a tax not rather be regulated by salaries? I'd like to hear again from "Onlooker," and from others, re this.

"Peaches" Passes.

Dear Miss Grey,—I, like many other silent readers, have come at last with my troublesome questions and to pass my opinion on the war.

I don't think it is right to force the boys out to war by always giving them the cold shoulder, and as for girls taking the position of a recruiter, it is terrible. For the same girls would not go if they were boys. You so-called recruiting girls, stand in the place of the boys and ask yourself the question of going overseas and fighting face to face with death. I'll bet you won't be so anxious to go. And the idea of thinking a boy of sixteen should shoulder the rifle. Even eighteen is getting down pretty well in tender years. Let everyone recruit themselves.

As for city and country folks arguing I say one has as hard a time as the other. The city folks have to buy everything they eat and wear, and pay very high taxes, for city taxes are always higher than country taxes. They see farmers coming to the market with hay, grain, apples, vegetables and live stock. They then think that the country folks have clear profit. But no, they have not. They have just as many places for the money, as the city folks have. They have taxes to pay, implements to pay for, paying for their farm (which is the hardest), for stock, and also provide for the family. So I guess it is six of one, and half a dozen of the other.

Now for a question or two:

1. How to care for a Japanese lily when through blooming?
2. What is King George's surname?
3. The surname of the Duke of Connaught?

Wishing you and the Cynthians luck,

PEACHES.

Ans.—1. Someone may give us better information re the care of the lily, but if it is like most bulbs, it should be allowed gradually to "dry out," the earth loosened, and the bulb removed, or the pot containing the dried bulb and earth may be set on its side and left for a month or two, in a dry place not too warm.

2. It is rather a disputed question whether Wettin or Guelph is his surname. Queen Victoria (his grandmother) belonged to the royal family of Guelph; by her marriage with the Prince consort she became "Mrs. Wettin," but owing to the fact that she was the "ruling sovereign, it is claimed that he took her name, reversing the order, and hence her descendants' surname is still "Guelph."

3. The same applies.

An Orphan's Home.

Dear Miss Grey,—Am a constant reader of your page, but have never written to you before. Could you give me the address of any orphan home in Ontario where they give out children? Will inclose a quarter for the prisoners' fund. Thanking you in advance,

A CONSTANT READER.

Ans.—The Children's Aid shelters in London or Toronto very often supply kiddies for adoption. Address your letter to the superintendent. Thank you for your contribution.

Studies, Not Beaux.

Dear Miss Grey and Mail-Box Readers,—I have come to bother you, to ask you a few questions.

1. Do you think it right for a girl of 14 to have the company of a young man to her home?
2. What should you say when a boy and candy is handed to you?
3. What do you think of my writing? I will now close, hoping I have not aroused too much anger. Wishing the Box success, BUNCH.

Ans.—In my opinion, a little girl of 14 should be home studying, rather than thinking of beaux. If you chance to be out and a young man offers to accompany you home, accept his escort, of course.

2. Thank the giver, open the box then or soon after, and ask him to partake.
3. It is not very bad.

Pink and Blue.

Dear Miss Grey,—Would you answer the following questions for me, please?

1. Is pink for a baby girl and blue for a baby boy?
2. What is the meaning of "For official purposes presumed to have died"? It is in the casualty list.

Do you know if skirts are going to be short and full, and if large collars are going to be worn next summer, and will silk crepe be worn?

Thanking you for your trouble, I am,

A YANKEE GIRL.

P. S.—What do you think of my writing?

Ans.—1. Yes. Some mothers, though, choose the color according to complexion (pink for the darke babe and blue for the fair one), ignoring this old custom.

2. I understand that this is the official report when the death of a soldier is certain, but not actually proven. Without an official declaration of his death, relatives could not claim his insurance.

3. The fashion reviews predict less flare and a little more length for spring skirts. A glimpse at a style book will show you that all sorts of weird, ungraceful collars are to appear when we shed our coats. Cape collars and shawl collars of great variety are being shown.

4. Fairly good. Haven't you written before?

Cynthia Grey.—To settle a historical date of local interest, will you be good enough, through your columns, to give the date of the Donnelly tragedy, and some fact regarding the same? Also what date did the Civic Holiday fall on in 1916. HISTORIAN.

Ans.—I appeal to some of our "old-timers." This information has appeared on more than one occasion in The Advertiser, but just now I can find no trace of it. Shall be glad to hear from any reader with the date, etc.

2. August 7, 1916, was the date of London's Civic Holiday.

Was Not Acknowledged.

Silverita.—I am sorry to learn that your December payment of $1 for the prisoners' fund, escaped an acknowledgment. It was received safely, also the one for January.

A Sock Yarn.

Some little time ago a kind-hearted Pageite—"Snowbird"—sent Miss Grey a pair of home-knit grey socks for a "Prisoner in Germany." While waiting for a prisoner's name, unfortunately the regulations prohibiting the sending of parcels from Canada, went into force. Hence the grey woolly socks couldn't travel overseas to warm the heart, and incidentally the feet, of a Canadian prisoner in Germany. But "Snowbird" having given permission they've gone "post haste" to a lonely trench lad, who will, I hope, pen "Snowbird" a line to say he got them, and that they fit.

Our Prisoners' Fund.

Miss Gray is pleased to acknowledge receipt of the following amounts towards the Mail-Box fund for prisoners: Pledges.—Jan. 13, "Silverite" (January) $1; Jan. 11, "F. W.," Glencoe (January and February), $1.06.

General Receipts: Jan. 8, "Jane Jellicoe," $1; Jan. 10, "Constant Reader," 25c; Jan. 11, "Friend to Prisoners," 93; "Snowbird," 25c.

Should Be Happy.

Dear Miss Grey,—I made up a song about the Red Cross Nurse, sung to the tune of chorus of "Good Luck to the Boys of the Allies."

"Good luck to the nurse of the Red Cross,
Good luck to the nurse of the Red Cross,
Just cheer her in her work,
The red cross she is proud of,
While nursing day by day.
When the band plays that tune called
Nurse Cavell,
There's joy right in her eyes,
God save our gracious King,
Good luck to the nurse of the Red Cross."

What do you think of my writing? Must close. BROTHERLESS GIRL.

Ans.—Your verse is printed, so please smile and be happy. You ask for coupons, but I must state that we are not printing any exchange requests of this sort at all.

You write very well.

Advertiser Patterns



A SIMPLE SCHOOL OR HOME DRESS.

1864—Girl's Dress, with Sleeve in either of Two Lengths.

Serge, gabardine, galatea, gingham, chambrey, linene, linen, lawn, percale, cheviot, mixed and plaid suiting are nice for this style. The closing of waist and skirt is at the centre front. The sleeve may be finished with a deep cuff at wrist length or in elbow length, with a turnback cuff having pointed edges. The pattern is cut in four sizes: 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. It requires 3½ yards of 44-inch material for a 12-year size.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

ADVERTISER PATTERN DEPT.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to:

Name .....

Town .....

Province .....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern) .....

Measurement: Bust ..... Waist .....

Caution: Be careful to inclose the above illustration, and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure you need only mark 32, 34 or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26 or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from



JANUARY WHITE SALE

Exceptional Values in Ladies' Voile and Silk Waists

White Voile Waists at $1.00

A splendid range of New Voile Waists just received. They have large collars prettily embroidered or trimmed with lace, fancy embroidered fronts; other styles in neat stripes with convertible collar. There are many different styles to choose from. Very special value at.....$1.00

White Wash Silk Waists at $1.50

A Habutai Silk Waist in a pretty style, with a fancy front and a large, stylish collar neatly trimmed with lace, and narrow pleats in front; all sizes. Special value at $1.50

Brassieres at 25c

Brassieres made of fine quality cotton, neatly trimmed with embroidery; sizes from 34 to 44. Very special at 25c

Corsets, Reg. $1.00 Value, Sale Price 79c

These are made of fine coutil with lace-trimmed top, medium bust and long hip, four hose supporters attached; sizes 19 to 26. Special sale price .....79c pair

In the Hosiery Section

Ladies' Fine Ribbed Cashmere Hose, in O. S. sizes, full-fashioned leg, grey heel and toe; sizes 9, 9½ and 10. Special value at 75c pair

Children's Hose Supporters, all sizes, in black and white .....15c pair

Items Representing Special Value in the Linen Section

300 yards of Factory Cotton, 40 inches wide, to sell at a special price .....10c yard

Factory Cotton of extra fine quality, that we advise you to buy a supply of now, as it is very special value at .....10c yard

1,000 yards of White Crash Toweling. Special at .....10c yard

24-inch Plain Huck Toweling. Price 23c yard

Huck Towels, very special, at .....19c pair

Gray's LIMITED

Agents for the Ladies' Home Journal Patterns.

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Phones 115, 116.

Gray's LIMITED

VE ROSES FLOUR

FOR BREADS—CAKES PUDDINGS—PASTRIES



YOUR neighbour, famous for her baking—maybe she uses Five Roses.

ODDS AND ENDS

Picked Up by Penlope Penn.

...onder sometimes just what some ...s girls think "getting married" ...means. Judging by the eagerness ...her the holy bonds," wedded life ...ght but roses and kisses and ... loving all the way through. Now ... of the girl readers of this family ...l have that idea, maybe they will ...rehend more of the stern realities. ... I tell you of a conversation I re- ... overheard between three of my ... married friends the other day. ...no; they won't mind me telling, ...erhaps none of them will see this). ...e is the first one's experience: ...ver seem to go anywhere now. It is ... the breakfast dishes, then think what for dinner? Wash the dinner dishes, now what for supper? I would just love to go away and eat, and not have to cook anything for a week."

Said Young Matron No. 2: "The dishes and meal-getting don't worry me much, but oh the ashes! My soul just loathes and abhors ashes. My husband goes away so early in the morning he hasn't time to attend to the furnace. It's an old-fashioned one, and honest to goodness girls, I seem to be stuffing coal into the old thing, or sifting ashes, every hour of the day. I fairly taste ashes in my meals, at times."

But the Third Bride-Lady's sob-story was equally tragic. "Ashes? Meals? Dishes? What are they compared to socks and buttons? Gee, what could be worse than darning! I really didn't know a man wore holes in his socks so quick, and buttons!—some of Will's must jump off every time he breathes."

Now I know for a positive fact that each of those three Bride-Ladies is firmly convinced that Her Husband is the best one on earth, and Her Home the happiest. And yet—you see? So, Miss Sixteen or Miss Eighteen, don't jump into matrimony without taking into consideration the fact that even the best of men must be fed, and darned (in the dictionary sense, of course), and washed for, regularly. And if you can't do these things, and glory in the doing of them, then you're not yet ready for matrimony. Mark my word!

And now that we're speaking of brides, did you hear about the Chinese woman suffragist who was married in Pittsburg the other day? Her name is Regina Yee Quil, and she is believed to be the only Chinese "votes for women" lady in America. The happy man was George King, a wealthy young Oriental. The Christian wedding ceremony was used for the event, but the word "obey" was carefully eliminated in accordance with the wishes of the bridal couple.

Some Man Person has the nerve to write us thus: "Dear Penlope Penn.—Did you make up the pomes a la Mother Goose, appearing in Tuesday's issue? You're really wonderful. Give us another. Something classical. Mary and her lamb, preferred."

Now isn't he the horrid thing to expend such sarcasm on us! But just to show him how versatile we are, here goes:

Mary had a little doll,
It's mouth was made to kiss,
But Mary loved to carry it
All upside down like this.

We read quite a bit of what the war means to England and Englishwomen in the matter of food prices. Now comes a description of prices and conditions in the Riviera. The quotation is from an article in Harper's bazaar: "But France still remains the inexhaustible, the wonderful country. On the Riviera, in spite of the cry against the cost of living, nothing is really lacking, and the high price of necessary commodities is more of a scarecrow than a reality. . . Sugar is fourteen cents a pound, but there is plenty of it. A centre-filet, large enough for two people costs 30 cents. Delicious butter, both sweet and salted, costs 50 cents a pound, and a quality quite good is much cheaper. Bread with just a dash of bran, enough to tint it slightly and make it properly moist, is one cent for more than any person of ordinary appetite can eat. Potatoes are three cents a pound, onions are the same, and figs and oranges are one cent apiece. The price of gas has not been increased, being three and one-half cents the cubic metre, and here on the Riviera where very little heat suffices, it is largely used for heating purposes.

"Society women are frightfully busy. All who can, maintain hospitals, and they have their own dear blesses to look after. And in this connection they annex all their friends who engage themselves for so many hours per day. The wife of the American consul at Nice runs a neat little hospital of forty beds, which is a wonder of comfort and efficiency. Here a soldier is said to have not only ninety-nine chances out of a hundred for recovery, but to be sent out cap-a-pie when he is ready to return to the front. He has been made into a new man, physically and materially."

PENNLOPE PENN.

...D-STANDING COUGHS

Cured by

...o's Lightning Cough Cure.

...no's Lightning Cough Cure is just ...uick to relieve the coughs and ...hial troubles of the old, as it is ... of the young. Veno's cures at all ... and its wonderfully soothing and ...g effect is never more strikingly ... than in the treatment of those ...anding coughs and wheezings, ... asthmatic breathlessness from ... so many old folks suffer. All ...s yield to Veno's Lightning Cough ... Price, 30 cents and 60 cents, ... druggists and stores throughout ...da.

The New Year's Dreamer

[By Kathleen Norris.]

Quoted from Pictorial Review for January, 1917:

A woman fell asleep, one New Year's Eve, and dreamed a strange dream. And when she woke, she told a neighbor about it, in some such words as these:

"I thought I was in a strange country," she said, "which belonged to us all—there was no King. And I thought that in that country shoes were ready-made, not fashioned clumsily of leather, as we fashion them now, and that the flax was all spun for us, and the flour all ground. I thought that the very cows were milked without our aid, and that we lived in cities with clean pavements between clean, bright houses, that milk and meat and bread and ...s were brought to our doors, day after ...y. I thought that there was somethin... called gas, that made our cooking clea... and quick, and things called cars th... carried us safely from place to place.

"And in my dream we were all taught, taught to read and even to write, as only the scribes do now, and that we read books, books about strange things and wonderful places—and saw pictures—the greatest in the world!—and that we could hear music whenever we chose. And there were wise doctors to keep us well, and to give us magic sleep in our pain.

"But, best of all," she said, in a low tone still tinged with the radiance of her dream, "best of all, was that the children were safe! There were no nobles to seize our girls for their own pleasure, and to send our boys like cattle into the wars. No man could kill another, and even women were of value, and children were beloved. It seemed to me a world of peace, and sunshine, and safety!"

"You dreamed of heaven!" said the listener, her incredulous laughter changed to wistful awe. The other sighed and shook her head.

"No," she said sadly, "for in that country they were all mad!"

"Mad!" came the astonished echo. "Well, better our hardships than such a state. Better the village well that poisons our children, and the tax that holds our men in bondage, and the pestilences that sweep us! Better the dark houses, and the smoking coal fires, the heats of summer and the freezing winters, better even the agony and terror of bearing, unhelped. But tell me, how were they mad?"

They Were Mad.

"They do not see the sunshine, they do not hear the music, and they do not taste freedom," said the dreamer. Their thoughts are chained to little things—the stitches in a skirt, the chopped nuts that must go into a dish they cook, the shape of a chair. They long for idleness—who have heaven! They look at this one enviously because she can come and go to another city at will, and at that one enviously because her picture is printed in the books they read. They weep because they must buy flax spun on their side of the ocean rather than that which comes to them in ships, and they weep because the papers they have pasted on the walls of their rooms are too green or too blue!"

"Mad—quite mad!" agreed the neighbor, struck. "Did they live long ago?"

"No, their time has not yet come," the dreaming woman answered. "They will not live for another thousand years. They will spring from us—we live and work and die without the touch of one linen on our bodies, or the help of a single hand with the planting and roasting and spinning and brewing, the bearing and rearing. We are their mothers, who will never read a book, or write a letter, or enter a playhouse. Let us make them a new year's wish, that their eyes may be opened and that they may see!"

They knelt down together.

DAILY BIBLE QUESTION CLUB

By Rev. T. S. Linscott, D.D.

(All Rights Reserved.)

The six daily studies for this week constitute the International S. S. Lesson for next Sunday. Read the Bible Story on which this study is based, as you ponder the following questions:

"First Disciples of the Lord Jesus." John, 1., 35-51.

Golden Text—"Jesus saith unto him, Follow me." John, 1., 43.

1. Verses 35-36—When a man praises another in the same calling, and puts him above himself, how would you size him up?
2. When did you last introduce any person to Jesus?
3. What is Jesus like, and what does he do, to be called "The Lamb of God"?

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Billy Coffybean says:—
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Of a bean with a flavor blest,
Well, I'm the bean who put it
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In 'Rideau Hall.'"

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the handy remedy that quickly heals all cuts, scrapes bruises, etc.

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THAT LIVER IS NO GOOD

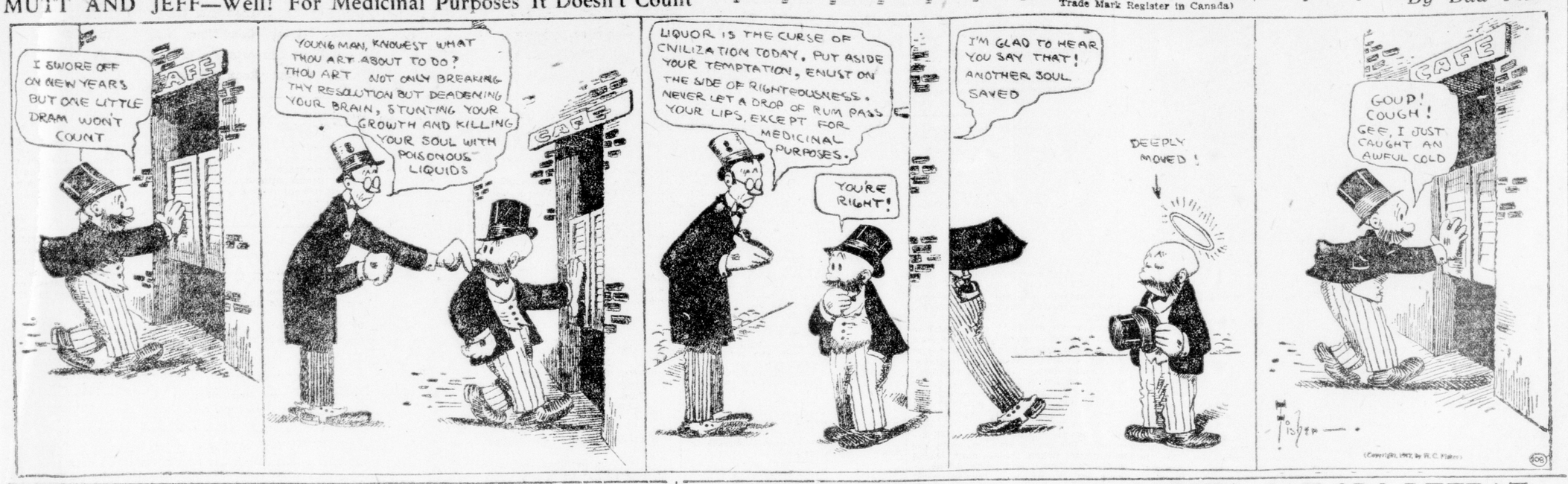
that is so lazy it lets the skin do part of its work. The skin turns yellow doing it. Such a liver upsets the whole system. Take Hood's Pills, they put the liver to work; best for biliousness, yellowness, constipation. Do not irritate nor gripe. Price 25c, of druggists or C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

STRAIGHT NEWS AND SIDE SLANTS ON SPORT

MUTT AND JEFF—Well! For Medicinal Purposes It Doesn't Count

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By Bud Fisher



149th BATTALION WINS FROM ST. THOMAS SEXTET

Lambton Soldier Boys Grab First Northern League Senior Fixture by 4 to 3—Game Close and Exciting—McRichie, in Goal, a Star.

The 149th Battalion hockey team got away to a good start in the senior series of the Northern Hockey League Saturday night at the London Curling Club rink, when the Lambton soldiers defeated the 153rd Battalion septet of St. Thomas 4—3 in a game that had both good and bad hockey mixed up careless like in it. The 149th did not display as much teamwork as the St. Thomas boys, but their individual work was good. After the local soldiers have had a little more practice they will be a much more formidable aggregation than they were Saturday night.

A Close Game.

The game throughout was close, and kept the small crowd of spectators on the jump all the time. Both goalkeepers were on the job, and some hair-raising stops were made by both McRichie and Hamilton. McRichie sure put up one grand game, and it is more than likely he will be given a tryout on the 118th O. H. A. team. Time and again he stopped shots that were ticketed for a score. His work throughout the whole pastime was sensational.

Bill Phillips, who used to cavort around right wing for last year's Lord Roberts junior O. H. A. team played defence for the Lambton gang. He put up a good game, but would have been more effective on the forward line. Bill was the best little stick-handler on the ice, and shot dead on goal. Mr. Hamilton showed great agility when William was on the job, and was always at home when Bill knocked at the door. Cotch played a nice game at centre ice. He is not very big but he was generally on the job, and scored two goals for the local seven. Harding at left wing, though awkward, was very effective. He scored the other brace of goals for the 149th. When this boy gets to know the game better he will be some star. Art Nelles, a former player of the London juniors, was pressed into service, and played a steady game. It was the first time Art has been on skates this winter, and considering that fact, his game was remarkable. Mr. Dodds on the defence was generally among those present, and broke up a number of rushes.

Gray Plays Great Game.

Gray was the shining light of the 153rd's attack. He scored two of the visitors' goals, and made himself generally useful. He also checked back well, and did some wicked shooting. Mr. McRichie testifying to this effect. Lawrence was also effective, and scored the first goal of the evening's entertainment. The St. Thomas lads showed flashes of combination that were real good, and would have scored more frequently had not Mr. McRichie been guarding the nets like the Germans do their eats.

Lawrence started the goal-getting by slipping a hot one past McRichie three minutes after the puck-off. There was nothing doing in the scoring line until two minutes before the period was up, when Harding evened the count with a nice shot. In the second period the game waxed fast. Some good healthy slugging was indulged in which made the boys peeved. Bill Phillips, especially, got het up, and played like a demon. He gave a great exhibition of skating and stick-handling, but the heavy St. Thomas defence was strong on body checking, and played for Bill every trip. Harding spanked the rubber behind Hamilton half a minute after the face-off in this period, and eight minutes later Gray beat the local goal-minder on a nice poke. He repeated the offence three minutes later, putting the visiting crew into the lead. This ended the scoring for the period, although the Lambton boys tried desperately to even matters up.

Hands Out Advice.

Manager Smythe of the 149th gave his boys a good talking to during the intermission, and they came out for the last period determined to walk away with the pastime. Phillips played up on the forward line, and the St. Thomas goal was soon in danger, Cotch bringing the teams on a level once more by batting the rubber past Hamilton. Cotch gained immortal fame for himself by repeating the dose shortly afterwards. It was the last goal of the evening.

Bill Legg refereed a good game. He was strictly impartial, and had his hands full, both teams being anxious to mix things up. He nipped several fights in the bud, and chased the boys to the side until their ardor cooled somewhat.

Following are the teams:

McRichie	Goal	Lawrence
Phillips	Defence	Thompson
Dodds	Defence	Lawrence
Cotch	Centre	Gray
Harding	L. wing	Weatherton
Nelles	R. wing	Burrows

Referee—Wm. Legg, London.

Goals—First Period.

153rd Battn.—Lawrence, 3 minutes.
149th Battn—Harding, 18 minutes.

Second Period.

149th Battn.—Harding, ½ minute.
153rd Battn—Gray, 9 minutes.
153rd Battn.—Gray, 12 minutes.

Third Period.

149th Battn.—Cotch, 4 minutes.
149th Battn—Cotch, 15 minutes.

149TH SOLDIERS TO FIGHT FRIDAY NIGHT

Lambton Boys to Take Part in Big Boxing Entertainment at Liberal Club.

There will be one fine evening of boxing and wrestling at the Liberal Club Friday night under the auspices of the S. P. A. Some fine matches have been arranged, two soldiers of the 149th being billed on the program.

Eddie Brennan, who is well known locally as being one of the cleanest and best fighters that ever stepped into a ring, will go ten rounds with Scotty Jenkins, the pride of the 241st Canadian Scottish Borderers. Jenkins is no slouch, according to advices from the border city, and a number of soldiers will make the trip from Windsor to see their champion in action. It will be a scrap worth going a long way to see.

149th Has Some Good Ones.

Brennan has been doing some scouting around the 149th Battalion, and has discovered some promising flistic material among the Lambton boys. Pte. E. Diamond is a promising lad, and will take on George Trudell in one of the preliminaries. Corp. De Louche is acting as manager for Diamond and will have his man in good condition for the fight.

A big Indian chief, who rejoices in the name of Chief Ashkwee, has issued a challenge to any man weighing 145 pounds, to meet him in a wrestling match. It is expected that he will have a soldier opponent.

The officers and men of the 149th Battalion are taking great interest in the coming battles, and it is expected that the audience will be largely a khaki one.

DYSPEPSIA

MOST DIFFICULT TO CURE BUT B. B. B. DOES IT

Dyspepsia is one of the most difficult diseases of the stomach there is to cure.

You eat too much; drink too much; make the stomach work overtime. You make it perform more than it should be called on to do. The natural result is that it is going to rebel against the amount of work put on it. It is only a matter of time before dyspepsia follows.

That forty-year-old remedy, Burdock Blood Bitters, will cure the dyspepsia, and will cure to stay cured, as we can prove by the thousands of testimonials we receive from time to time.

Mr. Neil A. Cameron, Kiltarlity, N. S., writes: "I am writing you a few lines to tell you what your great medicine Burdock Blood Bitters has done for me. I was troubled very much with dyspepsia for the past two years. I was recommended all kinds of medicines, but they did not help me any. At last a friend advised me to try a bottle of B. B. B. I took four bottles and was totally cured. I will gladly recommend it to all sufferers."

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THREE-CORNERED TIE FOR N. H. A. HONORS

Free-for-All Scraps at Ottawa and Toronto.

TORONTO SOLDIERS LOSE

Canadiens, 228th Battalion and Ottawa in a Bunch.

OTTAWA, Jan. 14.—After one of the most gruelling games of the season the Ottawas defeated the 228th Battalion team at the local arena last night, thus creating a three-cornered tie in the race of the National Hockey Association. A protest may follow the Ottawa victory as the visitors kicked about the winning goal, and threatened to carry the case to the league executive.

Ottawa scored one by Darragh in the first period, and in the second Howard McNamara tied it up. Five minutes after the start of the third, Nighbor, Gerard and Darragh rushed. McNamara, who was then serving a penalty, jumped out on the ice. Nighbor shot. Timer Walton rang the goug but Smeaton held his head, and Nighbor's shot landed in the net. Smeaton ruled that the goal counted because play should not have stopped until the non-offending side had lost possession of the puck. He ordered McNamara off again and gave him a major.

Just before the whistle blew for the finish McNamara slashed Nighbor, and was again waved toward the bench. He accused Smeaton of robbing the 228th, whereupon Smeaton gave him another major and a fine of $5. McNamara then rushed at the referee and Smeaton swung back, but players interfered, and no damage was done. It was a close checking game, with Ottawa outskating and outplaying the soldiers. The 228th, however, played a triple defence, and Lockhart's gilt-edged work in the nets kept down the score. Benedict had very little to do, and Gerald held Prodger without a goal. Six thousand persons saw the game, every inch of space being taken. The score was Ottawa 3, 228th Battalion 1.

Lineup:		
Ottawa.		228th Battn.
Benedict	Goal	Lockhart
Merrill	Point	H. McNamara
Shore	Cover	Duncan
Nighbor	Centre	Oatman
Darragh	Wing	Prodger
Gerard	Wing	Arbour

Subs, Ottawa—Boucher, Kennedy, Fournier, Lowrey.
Subs, 228th Battn.—G. McNamara, G. Mecking, Beaudro.
Referee—Cooper Smeaton.

WANDERERS WIN FIRST GAME.

MONTREAL, Jan. 13.—The Wanderers, strengthened by the addition of Harry Hyland and Billy Bell to the team, won their first game of this season at the arena here Saturday night, when they defeated Quebec by a score of 12 to 3. The game lacked interest, and it was witnessed by a small crowd. Quebec failed to take advantage of several opportunities to score, and it was only in the final period, when two of their three goals were scored, that they showed to advantage.

Lineup:		
Wanderers.		Quebec.
Lindsay	Goal	Moran
S. Cleghorn	Defence	J. Hall
Art Ross	Defence	D. Ritchie
C. Cleghorn	Centre	Malone
Bell	Wing	Crawford
Hyland	Wing	McDonald

Referee—Harvey Pulford.

FIGHTING IN TORONTO, TOO.

TORONTO, Jan. 14.—By defeating Torontos, 6 to 2, at the Arena last night, Canadiens are now tied with Ottawa and the 228th battalion for the N. H. A. leadership.

The game was marred by fistic encounters and rough work. Laviolette and Corbeau scored for Canadiens in the initial period, Cameron tallied for Toronto and the period ended with Canadiens leading 2 to 1. The winners scored one in the second period, and outplayed Toronto throughout. During the closing stages of the game Toronto endeavored to overcome their opponents' lead but found it impossible. Lalonde, Pitre and Laviolette scored in the last period for Canadiens without any difficulty. Teams:

Canadiens—Goal, Vezina; defence, Mummery, Corbeau; forwards, Lalonde, Pitre and Laviolette; substitutes, Poulin, Cotoure, Berlinquette.

Torontos—Goal, Nicholson; defence, Cameron and Randall; forwards, Keats, Skinner and Noble; substitutes, Denneny, Kyle and Briden.

Referee—Dr. Wood.

ALL-CANADIAN HOCKEY TEAM TO TOUR STATES

A movement is on foot by Eccles J. Gott of Windsor, Ont., to form an all Canadian amateur hockey team for a tour of the United States, proposing to play in Detroit, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Boston, New York and other American cities.

Mr. Gott is desirous of obtaining ten of the best stick-handlers that the game produces, and expects to start the tour about February 12. He is now engaged drawing up the schedule, and making arrangements with the American magnates.

Those desirous of trying for the "all Canadian" amateur team will communicate with Mr. Gott, 13 LaBelle Building, Windsor, Ont., forwarding qualifications, newspaper clippings, etc.

PLAYERS WILL REFUSE TO SIGN CONTRACTS

Looks Like War for Magnates of National Pastime.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14. — Reports that Players Alexander, J. C. Smith and Janvrin have refused to sign contracts "should be significant," declared David L. Fultz, president of the Players' Fraternity, last night. Fultz added that there will be many more refusals in the next few weeks.

"Attempts have been made to inject the salary question into this controversy," read the statement. "The salary question is in no way involved. Only one of our requests, the one regarding traveling expenses, has anything to do with money, and the amounts of these expenses are entirely in the discretion of the clubs. That is the reason we think they should pay them."

President Fultz declared the players are ready to have their grievances heard by an impartial tribunal.

"The fraternity is not hungry for power," asserted the statement. "It was only enough to get a square deal, and is now, and always will be, willing to have any of its grievances decided by an impartial tribunal. If the national board thinks its position is right, let it agree to give the national commission jurisdiction. We should be very glad to strongly recommend to the fraternity that it agree to abide by any decision of the commission. We use the word 'recommend' because, in spite of the reports to the contrary, the players run their own organization and are right in behind it. Now let us hear what the board has to say, and let the public decide whose position is fair."

McCALL WINS THE TRAVELERS' SPIEL

H. H. McColl's rink won the Travelers Bonspiel Saturday afternoon at the Thistle Club. His foursome won three straight games and rolled up 16 points. Following are the scores:

G. S. Stark	W. H. Rhodes
G. E. Coombe	O. C. Barrie
G. C. English	Bob. Hamilton
F. H. Hinoma'h, s. Won 2, plus 3.	A. D. Hefferman, s Won 1, plus 2.
H. H. Rennie	T. Patterson
Mac. Aikenhead	H. C. McKellar
J. W. Firth	W. J. Sneigrove
A. D. McLean, sk. Won 1, even.	Willis Cox, sk. Won 2, plus 2.
E. W. Gairns	O. McCallum
J. H. K. Pope	P. C. Powell
R. D. McDonald	E. Schieding
H. H. McColl, sk. Won 3, plus 16.	F. N. Allen, sk. Won 1, plus 6.
W. J. Lashbrook	Geo. Delter
A. J. Smith	F. Sage
W. E. Mortimer	W. T. Murray
C. K. Bluett, sk. Won 1, minus 9	G. H. Backus, sk. Won 1, minus 2.

OLD COUNTRY SOCCER

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The following are the results of the principal English and Scottish games decided today:

ENGLISH LEAGUES.

—Lancashire Section.—
Bolton Wanderers 0, Southport Central 0.
Burnley 0, Liverpool 1.
Burslem Port Vale 1, Stoke 2.
Everton 0, Manchester City 2.
Manchester United 3, Blackpool 2.
Oldham Athletic 1, Bury 4.
Preston North End 2, Stockport County 0.
Rochdale 3, Blackburn Rovers 0.
—Midland Section.—
Barnsley 2, Sheffield Wednesday 0.
Bradford City 3, Rotherham County 0.
Chesterfield Town 4, Grimsby Town 5.
Hull City 0, Birmingham 1.
Leeds City 3, Lincoln City 0.
Leicester Fosse 0, Notts County 1.
Notts Forest 0, Bradford 1.
Sheffield United 1, Huddersfield Town 0.
—London Combination.—
Brentford 4, Watford 1.
Arsenal 1, Portsmouth 0.
Southampton 3, Luton 0.
Tottenham Hotspur 1, Fulham 0.
West Ham United 5, Queen's Park Rangers 3.
Crystal Palace 2, Clapton Orient 0.
Chelsea 4, Millwall 0.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Ayr United 1, Motherwell 0.
Clyde 0, Rangers 1.
Dundee-Dumbarton game abandoned.
Hamilton Acads. 1, Airdrieonians 0.
Hearts 0, Celtic 1.
Morton 3, Third Lanark 0.
Partick Thistle 1, Falkirk 0.
Queen's Rovers 2, Hibernians 1.
St. Mirren 2, Kilmarnock 1.

NORWEGIAN SHIP SUNK.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Lloyd's reports the sinking of the Norwegian steamship Vestfold, 1,823 tons gross.

RIDE A
Brantford Bicycle
SAVE TIME AND CAR FARE.
62tf

THIS WEEK'S CURLING PROGRAM

MONDAY.
7:15—London Curling Club bonspiel.

TUESDAY.
Western Ontario tankard primaries at London Curling Club, 1:30 p.m. Two-rink competition, Londons, Thistles, Ingersoll, St. Thomas and Woodstock.
Thistle bonspiel, 7 p.m.

THURSDAY.
London Curling Club bonspiel, 4:15 p.m.

FRIDAY.
District cup primaries at Thistle Club. Two-rink competition, London Curling Club, Thistles, Sarnia, Ingersoll, St. Thomas and London Asylum.

WILL PLAY IN SARNIA ON JANUARY 30

[Special to The Advertiser.]

SARNIA, Jan. 14.—Unless present plans are altered the 118th Battalion team of London will play a return exhibition tilt with the local seven in this city on Saturday night, January 20. The following week, the two regular scheduled O. H. A. contests will probably be staged, as it is thought that the soldiers will be in possession of their certificates to that date.

SARNIA SAILORS DEFEAT FAST PRESTON SENIORS

Imperial City Seven Win Thrilling, Clean and Exciting Contest by 8 to 6—Rock and Rose Star for Tunnel Aggregation—Preston Scores First.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

SARNIA, Jan. 14.—Sarnia's stellar senior seven triumphed over the Preston seniors last night by a score of 8 to 6. This contest will go down in the annals of the game in this city as one of the most interesting and exciting contests ever witnessed by local fans. Marvelous goalkeeping, beautiful combination work, and superb stick handling, in fact every known angle of the game was displayed throughout, and the spectators were thrilled with blood-stirring episodes from bell to bell.

Rock and Rose Good.

It was utterly impossible to pick any one individual star on either team, but the work of Rock and Rose for the locals was especially commendable. The former for his wonderful back checking ability, and the latter for his cleverness in breaking up the combination work of the visitors' forward line. From the moment that Referee Whitehead dropped the disk between the sticks o' Hillman and Schlegel, until the final bell rang, the two teams were at it hammer and tongs. The game was remarkably clean, only four penalties being handed out. Dore and Hillman combined in a neat rush at the start of the game, but failed to score. Dodds was penalized for tripping.

Preston Scores First.

Ruppel notched the first goal of the contest for the visitors after three minutes of play, and in combination with Schlegel almost duplicated this feat one minute later, but Dwyer broke up the rush. Rock evened up for the Sailors, and Dore put them ahead with a neat shot from left wing. Following a series of end to end rushes, Williams brought the visitors' total up to two, but Hillman again put the locals ahead about three minutes later. The period ended with both teams fighting hard for the rubber. E. Bowman was given two minutes rest for tripping.

The locals made a shift in their forward line in the second period, Rose moving up to centre and Hillman dropping back to rover. After two minutes of play, Dore took a trip to the penalty box. Schlegel, who was playing a magnificent game at centre made it three all, on a lone rush. Dore put the locals ahead by banging in a rebound from Shortt's [illegible] increased it to five b[illegible] the period.

The visitors opened [illegible] Sarnia net at the st[illegible] period, and A. Bowm[illegible] on a shot in the corn[illegible] Hillman batted in a [illegible] minutes later, and S[illegible] Rock's high shot into [illegible] Hillman went off for a[illegible] with a nose bleed, but [illegible] Truchinski and E. Bowm[illegible] hearts of the fans to b[illegible] they ran in two goals i[illegible] sion, leaving the locals [illegible] point lead, 7 to 6, bu[illegible] stored them back to no[illegible] ing Sarnia's eighth and [illegible] fore the final bell, the f[illegible] ing 8 to 6.

Lawson Whitehead ha[illegible] in a most satisfactory [illegible] concensus of opinion is[illegible] one of the greatest ga[illegible] was or ever will be play[illegible]

The teams lined up a[illegible] Sarnia—Goal, Dwyer; [illegible] Dodds; right defence, M[illegible] Hillman, Rose; rover, H[illegible] right wing, Rock; left w[illegible]

Preston—Goal, Shortt; [illegible] Truchinski; right defence[illegible] left wing, Ruppel.

HOCKEY RES[illegible]

O. H. A. Senior.
Sarnia.....8 Preston[illegible]

NORTHERN LEA[illegible]
Senior.
149th Battalion...4 153rd [illegible]

National Hockey Ass[illegible]
Canadiens 6, Torontos [illegible]
Ottawa 2, 228th Battalio[illegible]
Wanderers 12, Quebec [illegible]

GAMES TONIGH[illegible]
O. H. A. Intermed[illegible]
Frontenacs at Depot Bar[illegible] ston.
Bowmanville at Whitby.
Oshawa at Port Hope.
Waterloo at 122nd Battali[illegible]

O. H. A. Junio[illegible]
U. T. S. at St. Andrew[illegible]
228th Batalion at 220th [illegible]
Elmira at Stratford.
Woodstock College at In[illegible]

Northern League [illegible]
Owen Sound at Chesley.

"COULD NOT ST[illegible] STRAIGHT"

Cornwallis, Ja[illegible]

"About a year ago I [illegible] fering from a dreadful la[illegible] and hips, so much so [illegible] could not stand up str[illegible] spells. A friend told m[illegible]

GinPi[illegible]
FOR THE KID[illegible]

I got a box; they helped [illegible] mediately.

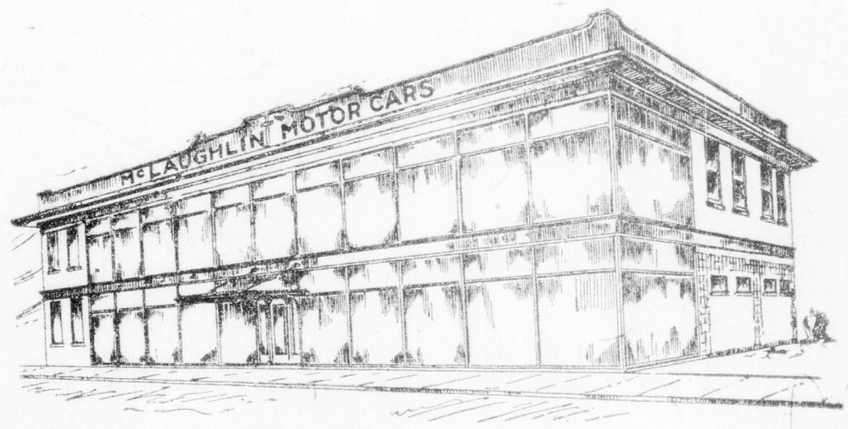
"I have taken about 1[illegible] The pains in my back a[illegible] are all gone. I cannot sp[illegible] highly of the wonderful e[illegible] your Gin Pills. You may [illegible] if you see fit to.

Sincerely yours,
E. C[illegible]

All druggists sell Gin [illegible] 50c. a box, or 6 boxes fo[illegible] Sample free if yo[illegible] write

NATIONAL DRUG & CHE[illegible] CO. OF CANADA, LIMI[illegible] Toronto, Ont.

McLAUGHLIN



The Formal Opening
of Our Magnificent New Show-rooms
Will Be Held January 17 to 31

Come and see the New Series of McLaughlin Cars in Touring, Roadster and Sedan types at prices ranging from $895.00 to $2,350.00.

F. O. B. Oshawa. Special bodies, in five different colors

McLaughlin Carriage Co., Limited
Corner of Richmond and Bathurst Streets, London

WHEN BETTER AUTOMOBILES ARE BUILT
McLAUGHLIN WILL BUILD THEM

This appropriate phrase is more than a working motto, more than a stirring slogan—it is a promise backed by performance.

McLaughlin builders have won to-day's undisputed leadership on a big idea—a right principle, rightly applied, the famous McLaughlin Valve-in-Head Motor.

But McLaughlin science, skill and building honesty are ever ready to make that "better" automobile whenever it can be built.

The constant aim toward the greater service is the way McLaughlin builders prove their appreciation of Canada's indorsement.

Canada's Standard Car

L GROWTH IAN BANKS PAST YEAR

rector of Royal esting Figures.

DEVELOPMENT

oyal Bank Alone n Increase of ,000,000.

ent of the Royal sented excels any it. During the past, l assets of the Bank -five million dollars. go they were sixty- dollars; today they are and fifty-three million HERBERT HOLT.

cial and economic veloped by Canada inning of the war is f marvellous. In the a months, the country a debtor to a creditor a balance of $206,- favor. In the past s the balance has ,000,000. More re- till is the transition ual borrower in Lon- nder to the Imperial —EDSON L. PEASE.

Jan. 15.—The addresses he 48th annual meeting ank of Canada, held at s, drew attention in the g manner to the won- made by both the Bank during the past twelve so drew attention to the aracter of much of the vity the country is now the necessity of con- ing more fully prepared table readjustment that o be faced just as soon mes to an end.

the general manager, re- larly to the chief causes ted in the bank enjoying nprecedented growth and d paid a touching tribute record of the staff over- e desire of the Bank to and compensate for the le.

eeting the final arrange- made in connection with n of the Quebec Bank by ree of the shareholders of Bank being added to the of the Royal. The new ppointed were: John T. c, who was for so many resident of the Quebec MacD. Paterson, Montreal, tuart, K.C., Quebec.

atures of Report.

Neill, general manager, re- e principal features of the rt for the past year, stating markable results could be o four causes: Prosperous n Canada and the West advantageous location of -operation on the part of s and a loyal and efficient deposits now exceed $200,- orty-two per cent of the ad- in the savings department. tisfactory feature that those luded no large or unusual a temporary nature.

id position of the Bank has maintained, liquid assets be- per cent of the liabilities to as compared with 49.03 per year.

rease in investment repre- scriptions to British Govern- s, the proceeds of which were at extent expended in this

ilts for the year were 17..57 on the capital, as compared per cent last year, or 8.68 on combined capital and re- serve, as compared with 7.90 per cent last year.

President's Address.

Sir Herbert Holt, the president, dealt particularly with the general future of the Bank's business, with a special mention of the character of the business of the country at the moment, and conditions that might be looked for at the close of the European war. Sir Herbert said, in part:

"During the past year, total assets of the Bank have increased $55,000,000. Seven years ago they were $67,000,000. Today they are $253,000,000. We are not singular, however, in respect of the year's growth. The wonderful prosperity of the country is reflected in the assets of the Canadian banks in general, the total increase amounting to $255,000,000.

"Liabilities of manufacturers and others to their bankers have been greatly reduced, in many cases wiped out—and large credit balances created. We should bear in mind that there is no permanence in war prosperity; that it is war business which has so accelerated the wheels of industry; and the termination of this must react on industrial activities with far-reaching results. Factories employed exclusively in this connection will close down. Kindred industries stimulated by high prices will suffer by the establishment of more ordinary conditions. Exports will decline as Europe imports less, and commodity prices will recede. Labor will become a glut on the market, aggravated by the return of soldiers in large numbers. All this appears certain to follow the establishment of peace, and the longer the war endures the more drastic will be the depression, because of the greater economic exhaustion of Europe and the effect upon her buying power. We have already seen the stock markets convulsed by a most improbable suggestion of peace.

"However, after the first shock of readjustment, we may expect a great demand for our farm products, building material, farming implements, etc., etc., in the rehabilitation of Europe. Pending this demand, and in preparation for the dark days that must intervene, the prudent man will put his house in order.

"The war is now in its third year, and prospects of peace in the near future are not bright, but the people of Canada are increasingly determined to help at any cost to bring about a complete victory for the Allies.

"Last winter six of your directors, including the Managing Director and myself, made a tour of inspection of our branches in the South. None of us had previously visited any branch south of Cuba. We returned most favorably impressed with the excellent connection acquired in Cuba, Porto Rico, Santo Domingo, Costa Rica and the British West Indies, by many years of patient work. It was distinctly advantageous to obtain a personal knowledge of local conditions, and to meet our leading customers. We were pleased with the buildings erected by the bank and our locations in general, and were happy to learn that the bank is held throughout the South in the highest esteem.

"We also visited the republics of Venezuela and Columbia. Since then we have opened one branch and will open two others forthwith in Venezuela, where the outlook is promising. We were gratified to receive from Viscount Grey, the late Foreign Secretary, his approval of the establishment of branches in that country, and a promise of support from the British Government."

Mr. E. L. Pease, the Vice-President and Managing Director, referred interestingly to many features of the general situation. In this connection Mr. Pease said, in part:

"The financial and economic strength developed in Canada since the beginning of the war is little short of marvellous. In the first seventeen months she evolved from a debtor to a creditor country, with a balance of $206,706,000 in her favor. In the past twelve months the balance has reached $329,000,000. More remarkable still is the transition from an habitual borrower in London to a lender to the Imperial Government, coincident with the raising of large domestic loans.

"In July, 1914, before the war, the percentage of liquid assets of the associated banks to their liabilities to the public, as it is commonly determined, was 43.34 per cent. On November 30th, 1915, this percentage stood at 50.55, and on November 30th, 1916, at 55.73. During the period between November 15, 1915, and December 15, 1916, the Dominion Government floated two domestic loans of $100,000,000 each, the first of this character put out in Canada. The banks underwrote $25,000,000 of the first loan and $50,000,000 of the second, but were relieved of the latter underwriting as public subscriptions aggregated $200,000,000. Despite withdrawals of savings for investment in these loans and the fact that during the same period the Canadian banks advanced the Imperial Government $100,000,000 (expended for munitions of war in Canada and still current), their combined deposits on November 30 last were $232,000,000 greater than at the beginning of the year, and the liquid percentage was higher. Of the increase in deposits $122,000,000 was in the savings department in Canada. This extraordinary showing is due to larg expenditures for munitions, to a rich harvest; to the sale of surplus wheat (estimated at 30,000,000 bushels) from the previous year's bumper crop at very high prices; and to the sale in the United States of $75,000,000 Dominion Government and $75,000,000 miscellaneous securities. It is probable, however, that a large proportion of these security sales represented renewals of obligations. Be that as it may, the accession of national wealth has been great."

Success of Internal Loans.

"It was a wise and courageous departure of the Government to take advantage of the great improvement in the monetary situation in Canada to float internal loans. The vigorous response by the public was a general surprise, both offerings being subscribed twice over. The benefit of the investment of the country's savings in our own Government bonds is obvious. Another notable feature of the times is the loan of $100,000,000 made by the associated banks during the year to the Imperial Government on treasury bills at twelve months' date for the purpose of purchasing munitions. Since the close of our fiscal year $20,000,000 additional at six months' date has been advanced by a syndicate of six banks, including ourselves, for the purpose of buying wheat and storing it over the winter. A further munitions credit of $50,000,000 having a currency of twelve months has also been recently extended. The affording of credits to the Imperial Government will have a very beneficial influence on Canadian finance, and the possession of short date British treasury bills will place the banks after the war in a very strong position.

"The great factor in support of the financial situation in Canada since the beginning of the war has been the collaboration of the chartered banks, through the intermediary of the Canadian Bankers' Association with the minister of finance. They may be depended upon to co-operate loyally in assisting the minister to the utmost limit, having due regard to the needs of commercial borrowers and the maintenance of proper liquid reserves, in his arduous task of financing Canada's a.. The banks are also co operating with the minister of agriculture in his praiseworthy efforts to increase production and expand the country's live stock trade.

Foreign Trade Opportunities.

"In addition to revealing to us our economic power, the war has created a great opportunity in the field of foreign trade. The primary essentials to success in this direction are immig ation, which should be stimulated to a sufficient extent to provide for a large development of our natural resources, and encouragement by the Government in some form to industrial interests, without which, as a young manufacturing country, it would be difficult to take full advantage of the coming opportunity to enter competitive markets.

"We believe the present prosperity will probably continue while the war lasts, to be followed by an inevitable reaction during the readjustment period. But with the triumph of the Allies—a foregone conclusion— a new era of prosperity will eventually come to us. We should have less to fear from the readjustment if the people of this country would curb their propensity to reckless speculation and extravagance in this time of plenty."

Board of Directors.

The following were elected directors for the ensuing year:

Sir Herbert S. Holt, K. B., E. L. Pease, E. F. B. Johnston, K. C., J. Redmond, G. R. Crowe, D. K. Elliott, Hon. W. H. Thorne, Hugh Paton, Wm. Robertson, A. J. Brown, K.C., W. J. Sheppard, C. S. Wilcox, A. E. Dyment, C. E. Neill, M. B. Davis, G. H. Duggan, C. C. Blackader, J. T. Ross, R. Mac. D. Paterson, G. G. Stuart, K.C.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors Sir Herbert S. Holt was unanimously re-elected president, Mr. E. L. Pease, vice-president, and managing director, and Mr. E. F. B. Johnston, K.C., second vice-president.

LOBO LIBERALS PLAN BIG MASS MEETING

Lyman Chapman New President of Association.

LOBO, Jan. 14.—At the annual meeting of the Lobo Liberal Association officers for the year were elected with the exception of the committee for No. 2 ward, there being no representatives from this ward. With one or two exceptions the committees were reappointed.

Lyman Chapman was elected president for the ensuing year, and Walt Campbell secretary-treasurer. The retiring president, Malcolm McLean, was tendered a hearty vote of thanks by the meeting.

It is the intention of the executive to call a mass meeting of all the Liberals in the near future for the purpose of forming a Liberal Club. It is expected the representatives, D. C. Ross, M.P., and J. C. Elliot, will be present to take part. At the close of the meeting the president-elect furnished all members present with light refreshments.

The meeting, through not being properly advertised, was not very well attended. The trouble was caused by the mail matter, which the secretary placed in the rural mail box going astray or being lost in the snow by the rural carrier. Other complaints of this sort are reported.

2,715 Canadians Have Won Honor and Decoration

OTTAWA, Jan. 14.—Canadians at the front by bravery and distinguished service have won decorations, medals and mention in dispatches, to the number of 2,715, up to December 31, 1916. Of this number 41 were awarded by the French and 42 by the Russian Governments.

A summary based upon the record classifies the decorations as follows:

Victoria Cross	6
Knight Commander of the Bath (civil)	1
Knight Commander of the Bath (military)	1
Companion of the Bath (civil)	2
Companion of the Bath (military)	6
Knight Bachelor	1
Companion of St. Michael and George	28
Distinguished Service Order	114
Military Cross	329
Bar to Military Cross	9
Royal Red Cross	35
Distinguished Conduct Medal	371
Clasp to Distinguished Conduct Medal	1
Bar to Distinguished Conduct Medal	4
Military Medal	1,138
Bar to Military Medal	21
Meritorious Service Medal	22
Mentioned in Dispatches	542
FRENCH.	
Legion of Honor	14
Croix de Guerre	15
Medaille Militaire	12
RUSSIAN.	
Medal of St. George	24
Cross of St. George	15
Order of St. Anne	2
Order of St. Stanislas	1
Total	2,715

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

At	Steamer	From.
New York	New York	Liverpool
New York	Chicago	Bordeaux
New York	Montserrat	Barelona
Bordeaux	Rochambeau	New York
Christiania	Oscar II.	New York

TABLOID NEWS OF CANADA, THE WAR AND THE WORLD

WESTERN ONTARIO

George Wagner, a Stratford boarding-house keeper, was convicted on Saturday of having liquor illegally in his possession, and fined $200 and costs.

Thee 3-year-old child of Harry C. Milligan, who resides near Walkerville, was found smothered to death in the bedclothes when its parents returned from the theatre.

A serious wreck on the Wabash at Canfield Junction occurred Saturday night, when a brake beam threw 20 cars from the rails. No one was hurt.

George Turkuke, Windsor, was found demented, and with his feet so badly frozen that it may be necessary to amputate them.

Jack Leathorne, a London bartender, was mulcted $209.50 for the illegal sale of liquor at Port Stanley when he appeared before County Magistrate Hunt of St. Thomas on Saturday.

Charles Powers of Sarnia was arrested with a package of German papers in his possession all ready to mail. He was fined only $5 and costs, when he explained that he was asked by a Port Huron man to mail them.

The county council of Wellington will ask in conjunction with the Guelph City Council that the permanent work on the joint city and county roads be postponed until a more opportune time to secure funds.

The Lambton County Council meeting has been postponed until January 23.

Freight car robberies in Chatham are becoming more frequent.

For selling liquor without a license, James Smith of Brantford was fined $200.

Art Torosian, a Brantford Armenian, claims that he had been robbed of $1,250 by four compatriots, who are being held by the police. The men say the money was lost in a poker game.

Owen Sound reports a shortage of hard coal.

Three more Austrians have been fined $25 at Sarnia for violation of the immigration act.

Mrs. Alice Calder-Fish, wife of Smith V. Smith, state manager of the Fidelity and Deposit Company in Michigan, died in Detroit on Saturday. She was a native of Mount Forest, and had a successful career as a concert soloist.

Speedy work on the raising of the steamer Frontier, now lying in the bottom of the Thames near Chatham, will be commenced by the Reid Wrecking Company of Sarnia.

David D. Ratz, manager of the Royal Bank for the last 15 years at Elmira, died there suddenly.

Thirty-two Chinamen were arrested at Windsor on Sunday night when police officers found them engaged in playing fan-tan.

CANADIAN

The jury which investigated the death of six people killed in the St. Polycarpe Junction collision, on December 27, brought in a verdict of accidental death. It found that the collision was caused by a misunderstanding between the brakeman of the Cornwall local, which was rammed by the C. P. R. Chicago-Montreal express, and an agent at the junction.

Five skaters, four of whom were in one party, were drowned near Sydney, N. S., yesterday after crashing through the ice. Four young men, John E. and Mike McEcheran of Victoria Bridge, Joseph McDonald of Victoria Bridge, and John L. McKinnon of Caledonia, broke through the ice at Grand Mira while skating back from church.

Mary Power, aged 18, of New Waterford, was drowned there when she went through the ice with a companion. The companion was saved.

Government operation of the Fernie, B. C. coal mines was foreshadowed in a statement given out at Ottawa last night.

H. C. Brewster, premier of British Columbia, on his return from the interprovincial conference at Ottawa, gave a Toronto interview, in which he stated that he had been successful in securing financial assistance towards the development of the immense mineral resources of the province in the establishment of a steel plant, which could be kept in operation for an indefinite time, and the erection of a smelting plant which would greatly reduce the quantity of copper now going to the United States' refineries.

Dr. Freeman, a graduate of the Ontario eVterinary College, died suddenly at Meredith, New Hampshire.

Word has just been received of the sudden death in Sacramento of James Beveridge, head of the firm of William Beveridge Company, tea and coffee importers, Vancouver. Mr. Beveridge succumbed to pneumonia after a brief illness. He was 61 years old, and had lived in Vancouver for a quarter of a century. He leaves a widow, three sons and two daughters.

The thermometer at Brandon, Man., took a big drop Saturday night, the lowest point this winter being reached. The experimental farm reported 52 degrees below zero Sunday morning.

The Doukhobors have been assured of immunity from any war service by Hon. Arthur Meighen.

R. A. Pringle, counsel for Knox Magee, the Winnipeg editor charged with contempt of court. He claims that the Manitoba attorney-general's department has passed up similar cases.

AMERICAN

Creation of an American court of arbitration, empowered to effect peaceful settlement of controversies among the nations on the American continent, was suggested at the annual meeting of the New York Bar Association in Brooklyn Saturday. Charles Evans Hughes was elected president of the association.

Haniel Von Haimhausen, counseller of the German embassy at Washington, was informed by the German foreign office that Emperor William had appointed him minister plenipotentiary in the German diplomatic service. He will remain attached to the German embassy for the present.

The two-cent rate case, in which 28 railroads sought to restrain the Illinois Public Utilities Commission from forcing the state passenger rate of two cents a mile, was dismissed Saturday by Judge Landis in the United States district court in Chicago for want of equity.

After a five-hours' struggle with her husband to prevent him from forcing her to drink liquor, Mrs. John Lawrence Smith on Saturday shot Smith to death in their home in a fashionable residence district of Denver. Mrs. Smith is the divorced wife of William A. Moore, a Denver attorney. She is 43 years old. Smith, who was formerly a chauffeur in the employ of Moore, was 38 years old.

An early statement from President Wilson on the withdrawal of American troops from Mexico is expected at Washington.

Capt. Raold Amundsen, the explorer, will start in the summer of 1918 for Arctic explorations, according to a New York announcement. Capt. Robert A. Bartlett starts at the same time by way of Bering Straits. The two will co-operate.

The Seims-Carey Company of St. Paul has secured another order for 300 miles of railway from China despite the protests of the Russian and Japanese governments at the last similar contract given this firm.

Advices from the commander of the U. S. cruiser Milwaukee, ashore at Eureka, Cal., say that she will be a total loss unless floated at once.

The steamer Indiana, with a crew of 75 men, is ashore on rocks at the mouth of the Chicago harbor, and closing ice floes have rendered the position of the men dangerous.

Car robbers in Detroit escaped after a pistol battle with the police. They were trying to steal $5,000 worth of brass from the Hamtramck yards of the Grand Trunk.

GENERAL

According to the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger, Prince Friedrich Sigismund and Prince Friedrich Karl, sons of Prince Friedrich Leopold of Prussia, have joined the German flying corps. Prince Friedrich Sigismund is 25 years old, and his brother two years younger. They are cousins of the emperor.

The Berlin Vossische Zeitung says that in order to safeguard the food supply the Prussian ministry has created a war economy board in each province. The boards consist of Government officials and farmers, whose duty it is to encourage agricultural production and supply labor, horses and machinery. The boards have no power to requisition goods for distribution or as aids to production.

An official communication issued at Berlin today says the neutral governments represented at Bucharest were required to recall their ministers, and they left Bucharest January 13 on a special train placed at their disposal.

It is estimated that half the wage-earners of Great Britain will be made idle by peace, between 6,000,000 and 8,000,000 being engaged in munitions work.

The progressive element in the Duma element has been replaced by the new appointments.

Dr. Alfred Meyer, a leading tuberculosis expert, speaking at Baltimore yesterday, declared that in Germany the number of tubercular cases had increased by 300 per cent.

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY MAKES GREAT STRIDES IN FIRST YEAR AS TRANSCONTINENTAL LINE

Transcontinental Railway For Last Fiscal Year Reports Tremendous Gains in Freight Traffic —System, Notwithstanding Most Severe Winter Conditions, Comes Close To Earning Total Fixed Charges And Now Plays Important Part in Supplying Mother Country With Its Wheat Requirements.

TORONTO, Jan. 13.—"That another transcontinental railway system is rapidly coming into its own is strikingly illustrated by the annual report of the Canadian Northern Railway System, made public today.

The remarkable progress made during the past twelve months is likely to prove one of the spectacular achievements of the leading Canadian corporations, even in a year during which many Canadian companies have reported exceptional growth of business.

Every Canadian may with pride regard the performance of the Canadian Northern in its first year as a transcontinental. This line, conceived and constructed by Canadians and linked up just a year ago, shows in its annual report an indication of the part that the system is bound to play in solving the transportation problems of the country it is so well located to serve. While the report only covers a seven-months' period of transcontinental operation, yet the figures show a wonderful advance when view from any standpoint.

Some of the principal features of the report are as follows: Gross earnings of $35,476,275, an increase of $9,564,168, or 36.91 per cent, over the previous year; freight earnings $26,560,213, a gain of $8,352,412, or 45.37 per cent, a new high record in the amount of grain handled over the system's lines, the amount totalling over 131,000,000 bushels, compared with over 58,000,000 bushels in the previous year, an increase of 125.31 per cent. Such a showing is sure to be of greatest benefit to the new transcontinental system, as it is bound to result in Canadians taking a very different view of the road and its prospects than those which have been noticed in certain political circles on a few occasions during the past couple of years. In fact, the strides made will likely go a long way towards establishing a great change in the views held in Canada, as well as in England and the United States, regarding the railway system in the Dominion.

DIVISION OF EARNINGS.

The results of the operations of the system for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1916, and comparisons with the previous year are as follows:

Gross Earnings.	1916.	1915.
From Passenger Traffic	$ 6,128,470.	$ 5,411,224.
From Freight Traffic	26,560,213.	18,207,800.
From Express, Mail, Telegraph, Interest and Profits from Elevators and other Subsidiary Companies, Investments, Etc.	2,787,591.	2,293,081.
	$35,476,275.	$25,912,106.
Working Expenses (Including Taxes, etc.)	26,102,744.	19,288,814.
Net Earnings	$ 9,373,530.	$ 6,623,291.
Deducting Fixed Charges	9,621,657.	8,263,574.
Net Loss or Deficit	$248,127.	$1,640,283.

During the year the system had under operation an average of 8,048 miles, as compared with an average of 7,269 miles, an increase of 779 miles, or 10.72 per cent over the previous year.

As was to be expected, a large part of the system's increase in freight revenue originated from the grain traffic. The system during the year carried a total of 131,878,809 bushels of grain, as compared with 58,575,520 bushels in 1915, an increase of 73,403,289 bushels, or 125.31 per cent. The great advantage this traffic has been to the mother country is touched upon in a striking manner in the directors' report, in which they state:

"Inasmuch as many of the security holders invested their funds in the company's undertakings believing that the heart of the Empire would some day need to draw heavily upon the wheat fields of the Canadian West, it is with pride that the directors present these figures, illustrating the extent to which the prairies have been opened up, made productive, and the produce marketable by the company's railways. There were probably few who thought that the crucial necessity would come so soon; but, having come, it must be considered fortunate that the Canadian Northern Railway System and the country tributary to it were sufficiently developed to take an important part in supplying the Empire's food requirements."

Result of New Mileage.

The report gives complete information regarding the returns obtained on the Pacific Coast and Northern Ontario divisions, which were operated for the first time during the course of the year. The report says:

The system's new mileage on the Pacific Coast and the Northern Ontario Divisions have not yet come into their full earning power, as operation on these divisions was only commenced in the late autumn of last year. The British Columbia section from the commencement produced each month substantial increases in revenue, and before the close of the fiscal year yielded most encouraging revenues. Much of the business offering is from the Pacific Coast to points inland, but a commencement has been made in the marketing of the excellent timber tributary to the line and in the cultivation of the rich lands in the valleys, through which the railway traverses the mountain country. The excellent showing made by the mileage in British Columbia, after only seven months of operation, may be well considered an outstanding feature in the year's operations.

The colonization of Northern Ontario has been retarded by the war, but, peculiarly enough, there is a compensating feature in the inordinate demand for paper and its consequent startling increase in cost. Arrangements are being made for the establishment of pulp and paper mills in this section and in the meantime large shipments of pulpwood will be made to the mills already in operation in the older sections of the country. Mills for the sawing of merchantable timber are also being erected along the company's lines.

Terminals Under Construction.

The system's passenger and freight earnings during the year were affected by the lack of two important terminals which are under construction but were not completed in time to take care of the transcontinental business. It is expected that the tunnel under Mount Royal and a station for the system's business in the heart of Montreal will be ready for operation in the spring of 1917. The Vancouver terminal is under construction, and it is expected will be available for the system's business in the summer of 1917. The station at Toronto, which the system will occupy with the Canadian Pacific Railway, has been completed. The system has also been handicapped by not having a line from Toronto to the Niagara Peninsula, connecting with the railway systems of the United States converging at the Niagara frontier. When this line is constructed it will give the system the further advantage of railway connections with its electric subsidiary line, the Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto Railway, now serving the important manufacturing district of the Peninsula.

The fact that the general traffic of the system is showing steady gains and making the road less dependent on the grain traffic from the western provinces is shown by the gross figures of the first four months of the current year, as compared with those of the year 1916 now under review. Comparisons are as follows:

GROSS EARNINGS.

	1916.	1915.	Increase.
July	$ 3,834,200.	$ 1,961,700.	$1,872,500.
August	3,684,900.	1,983,600.	1,701,300.
September	3,187,900.	2,757,000.	430,900.
October	3,716,800.	3,678,500.	38,300.
Totals	$14,423,800.	$10,380,800.	$4,043,000.

Operation and Maintenance.

Some of the features of the report that will be especially interesting to railway interests who are in touch with the development of business and the manner in which it is handled are the following:

Operating expenses were $23,102,744, compared with $19,288,814, an increase of $6,512,930, or 35.23 per cent. A portion of this increase is due to the operation of a greater mileage and to the expenses incidental to taking over new lines which were operated for only a portion of the year. But with the heavier traffic, the system was naturally compelled to expend a relatively larger amount in operation, spending for this purpose $3,242.38 per mile as compared with $2,653.57 per mile the previous year.

To the preponderance of grain traffic—this commodity being carried at a low rate—is due the decrease in the revenue per ton mile from 09.831 cents to 09.679 cents or 18.29 per cent.

It is interesting to note, however, that the average distance a ton of freight was hauled increased from 204.98 miles to 288.46 miles or 41.35 per cent with, of course, a marked advantage in operating results. The passenger train earnings per train mile increased from 87.499 cents to 93.379 cents, or 6.83 per cent.

PEACE

Gen. Jecoff, commander-in-chief of the Bulgarian army, in a declaration, tells his troops the fate of the nation rests with them following the Allies' rejection of the peace offer.

WAR

An official statement issued by the Austro-Hungarian admiralty says that on the night of January 12 an Austrian seaplane squadron successfully dropped bombs on the Italian airdrome near Belegna. Several full hits, the statement adds, were obtained in the new hangars.

The Midi of Paris says the zeppelin alarm in Paris on Thursday night was sounded by mistake by a military watcher, who believed he heard from a microphone the noise of a zeppelin's propellers. No zeppelin crossed the French lines that night.

The German claim that a transport was sunk in the British channel on December 23 is denied absolutely by the British admiralty.

Lieut. Crompton, commander of German U boat 41, has sent a statement to the German admiralty concerning the alleged attempt of British seamen to run him down after his submarine was destroyed by a British patrol boat which flew the American flag.

Capt. Gabriel D'Annunzio, the French poet, has ben decorated with the War Cross.

Norway's loss in ships since the declaration of war to November last was 242 vessels. The insurance on these amounted to $41,000,000.

Fearing that Britain may devise means to defeat the sub menace, the Berlin Kreuzzeitung editorially demands the immediate opening of a ruthless submarine campaign.

Bad weather is again interfering with the Italian fighting, according to the announcement made on Sunday from Rome.

APPAM PRIZE SHIP CASE BEGINS TODAY

WASHINGTON, D.C., Jan. 14.—Important litigation comes before the supreme court this week, beginning tomorrow with the hearing of cases to determine possession of the German prize ship Appam and her cargo, held at Newport News, Va.

The Appam suits involve interpretation of ancient treaties between Germany and the United States. Prominent international lawyers will appear in behalf of the German claimants. After capture by the German raider, Moewe, a year ago, the ship was taken by a prize crew on a cross-Atlantic dash of 3,000 miles to Hampton Roads. The former British owners are now claiming the prize for alleged violation of American neutrality laws.

ITALIAN GENERAL LOST ON WARSHIP

ROME, via Paris, Jan. 14.—Lieut.-General Bandini, commander of the Italian Albanian expeditionary corps, was among those lost aboard the Italian battleship Regina Margherita, the sinking of which by a mine on December 11 was recently officially confirmed.

153 KILLED, 157 HURT WHEN CRUISER SINKS

Japan Hard Hit by Explosion on Warship Lying at Anchor.

TOKIO, Jan. 14.—The Japanese battle cruiser Tsukuba was destroyed by an explosion today in the harbor of Yokosuka.

One hundred and fifty-three members of the crew of the Tsukuba were killed and 157 injured, many of them seriously. Numerous members of the ship's company were rescued from the water. Most of the officers of the cruiser were ashore.

The cause of the explosion is not known.

The Tsukuba was laid down in 1903 and displaced 13,750 tons. She was 440 feet long, and was armed with four 12-inch, twelve 6-inch, twelve 4.7-inch and four 3-inch guns, three 3-pounders and five torpedo tubes. Her complement was 817 men. The Tsukuba was sent to Hampton Roads in 1907, at the time of the Jamestown Exposition.

Yokosuka is an important naval station thirteen miles southwest of Yokohama.



The Power behind the Strong Vigorous Iron Men of Today
NUXATED IRON

Dr. Ferdinand King, a New York City physician and author, says: "There can be no strong, vigorous, iron men, nor beautiful, healthy, rosy-cheeked women without iron—Nuxated Iron, taken three times per day after meals, will increase the strength and endurance of weak, nervous, run-down folks 200 per cent in two weeks' time in many instances. Avoid the old forms of metallic iron, which may injure the teeth and corrode the stomach, and thereby do more harm than good. Take only organic iron—Nuxated Iron." It is dispensed in this city by Standard Drug Company, Limited, and all good druggists.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES.

GRAND FANCY DRESS
CARNIVAL
TUESDAY NIGHT, JAN. 16

Gorgeous Array of Spectacular Beauty Laughing Dancing Singing Orchestra

$40.00 IN COSTUME Prizes
$10 Best Fancy
$10 Best Comic
$10 Best Historic
$10 in Juvenile Prizes
12 Judges Will Select Winners.

Music Starts at 8 p.m. Grand March at 8:30. Catchy Music and the Latest Song Hits.

DANCING, 8:30 to 11:30.
Accommodation for 1,200 Onlookers.

WINTER GARDEN
The Home of Homey Entertainment. b

ALL THIS WEEK. Phone 12. LYRIC THEATRE ALL THIS WEEK. Phone 12.

We have secured as an extra attraction the master of mental mystery,

DR. ZELL HUNT
HYPNOTIST AND MIND READER.

Direct from a run of three weeks at the Park Theatre, Toronto—a sensation. Positively the limit for laughs and thrills.

As a special local attraction Dr. Hunt will hypnotize a young lady in London and awaken her on the Lyric Theatre stage Tuesday night. Be there Monday night—try to get in.

DAILY CHANGE OF PROGRAM.

Dr. Hunt convinces skeptics—you'll like it—come early. The laugh of your life. Questions answered by clairvoyant power. See the local subjects.

ALSO THE REGULAR PROGRAM OF FEATURE PICTURES WILL BE SHOWN PRECEDING THE PERFORMANCE OF DR. HUNT.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday "A Man's Making" A VIVID STORY OF LIFE

Thursday, Friday, Saturday "Phantom Fortunes" A ROLLICKING COMEDY-DRAMA

AND THE USUAL ADDED NUMBERS.

Matinees at 2:30. All seats 10c. Evenings, 7:15—one show only. Adults 25c all seats; Children 15c. b

JUMBO
By special request, presented by Miss Anthistle and Robert Norwood, in MEMORIAL CHURCH PARISH HOUSE Monday, Jan. 15, at 8:15. Admission, 15c and 25c. 67u

Canadian Northern Railway
To the east, Ottawa, Quebec, etc. To the west, Port Arthur, Winnipeg, Vancouver. Inquire for rates.
F. B. CLARKE
416 RICHMOND STREET.
Next Bank of Commerce, London, Ont. zxv

WESTMINSTER RINK — HUSSARS Band every night. Admission 15c. 68tf

SKATING TONIGHT — GARLAND Rink, Hamilton road. zxv-tf

ELITE ORCHESTRA—MUSIC FURNISHED for all occasions. Particulars phone 3137. Evenings 3829.

MASSAGE AND BATHS — HYDROTHERAPY a specialty. Scientific masseuse and masseur. London Mineral Baths. Phone 2198.

DANCING LESSONS, PALACE ACADEMY—Strictly a school—not a public dance hall. Private lessons any time. Five expert instructors. Popular club dances every Wednesday and Saturday evening. Phone. Dayton & McCormick.

CENTRAL ICE RINK — SKATING afternoons and evenings. Take North Belt or Normal cars. 62tf

VINCENT G. PERRY, ELOCUTIONIST —Concert engagements accepted. Humorous and dramatic repertoire. 578 King street. Telephone.

EAST END RINK—SKATING EVERY afternoon and night. Admission: Adults, 10c, children, 5c. 46tf

ROBERT HANNAH, ELOCUTIONIST and entertainer. Concert engagements accepted. Address, 867 Princess avenue. Telephone 3735.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

TONY CORTESE & SON, ORCHESTRA, original, 161 Maple. Phone 1570. Violins and wood instruments repaired. Bows rehaired.

GEORGE A. STEER, ELOCUTIONIST and soloist. Concert engagements accepted. Care The Purdom Hardware Company, London.

IROQUOIS HOTEL BILLIARD PARLOR—Soldiers in khaki, 30c hour.

PERSONAL.

GLENWOOD PRIVATE HOSPITAL—Nervous cases a specialty. 435 Ridout street. Phone 1705.

SCIENTIFIC PALMISTRY AND Phrenology—Accurate, scientific and reliable advice on business, health, love, marriage, travel, investments, changes, choice of occupation, etc. When in doubt consult Mrs. Morris, 565a Queen's avenue. Hours of consultation, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.; Saturday to 5 p.m.

CANCERS CURED BY PLASTER method—Established 40 years. Henry Edwards' Cancer Hospital, 388½ Ridout street. Phone 2666.

SURVEYORS.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER, Surveyor—Edge Block. Phone 262.

MEETINGS

LONDON AND MIDDLESEX HISTORICAL Society, Tuesday evening, Jan. 16, in Public Library room. "London Village," by Dr. Cl. T. Campbell. Public invited. 68u

I. O. O. F.—FOREST CITY, NO. 38, meets tonight (Monday) at 8 o'clock, in their hall, Richmond street. Members are requested to attend. Visitors welcome. W. Sibbald, N. G. P

WANTED.

WANTED TO BUY—FRAME BUILDING, suitable for workshop, 12x14 or 16x18 feet. Box 29, Advertiser. 68c

WANTED TO RENT—BY 1ST MARCH, 25 acres, near city. Box 28, Advertiser. 68c

WANTED AT ONCE — NEW AMERICAN sawmill, No. 2 or 2½. Give particulars and lowest price for quick sale. Fred Kennedy, Ridgetown, Ont. 68c zxv

EXPERIENCED FARMER (MARRIED) wants 100 acres to work on shares, with everything found; or could take full charge of farm. Box 24, Advertiser. 68n

SMALL, HEATED, FURNISHED FLAT or apartment, centrally located. Box 26, Advertiser. 68c

CREAM SEPARATOR, NEARLY NEW —State price, etc. Box 27, Advertiser. 68c

MELODEONS WANTED AT KEENE'S Antique Store, 342 Talbot street.

WANTED — DEAD HORSES AND cattle; will pay $5 to $7 for live animals. London Fertilizer Company. Phone 638.

WANTED
Live Stock of All Kinds
Also Dressed Hogs and Veal.
ANDERSON BROS.
Market House. 55tf

We Pay Highest Prices for HIDES Of All Kinds.
Horse hides, beef hides, calf and sheep skins, wool and furs.
T. W. WRIGHTON & SONS,
York and Talbot Streets. Phone 4008.
Consignments solicited. zxv

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—CHILD'S COON CAP, ON PICCADILLY or Richmond. Please return to 715 Richmond. b

LOST—WHITE BULL PUP, TRIMMED ears, white spot on root of tail. Any person detaining will be prosecuted. Reward 278 Ridout street. 68c

LOST—GATE-TOP SILVER MESH purse, containing amethyst rosary beads. Return to 800 Princess or phone 5425. Reward. 67c

FOUND—FOURTEEN KEYS, ON DUNDAS. Owner can have same by applying at Advertiser and paying for advertisement. 67c

LOST—SMALL BROOCH, SET IN PLATINUM, on Dundas car, or between Majestic and Smallman's. Reward this office. 66c

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. R. C. BARKLIE, GRADUATE Osteopath and Chiropractor—Twelfth year London. Magnificent electrical equipment. 226 Central avenue. Phone 2565.

DR. H. V. CATON, GRADUATE OSTEOPATH—Fifteen years' practice. Lady attendant. 645 Richmond street. Phone 1573.

CONDENSED ADS.

Amusements—Fifteen cents per line each insertion, or two cents per word if set solid.

Meetings—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion.

Births, Marriages and Deaths—One insertion, 50 cents; each subsequent insertion, 25 cents.

Articles For Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Vacant, Board and Lodgings, Lost and Found, Rooms To Let, and all similar condensed advertisements—First insertion, one cent per word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than fifteen cents.

An extra charge of ten cents is made for all transient advertisements that are charged.

BORN, MARRIED, DIED.

BORN.

ROBERTSON—To Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Robertson, 755 Elizabeth street, on Saturday, Jan. 13, 1917, a daughter (Blossom Wilma). b

DIED.

ARMOUR—At 355 Ashland avenue, Archibald Armour, aged 73 years.
Funeral on Wednesday, Jan. 17, from his late residence, to St. George's Presbyterian Church, London Junction. Services at 1 p.m. Interment at Dorchester Union Cemetery. b

BATTINSBY—In Victoria Hospital, on Sunday, Jan. 14, 1917, Lizzie, beloved wife of William Battinsby of 792 Lorne avenue, in her 50th year.
Funeral notice later. 68u

IRWIN—At his late residence, 745 Dundas street, on Jan. 14, 1917, John Irwin, beloved husband of Anna Isabella Irwin.
Funeral on Wednesday at 2:30 p.m. Services at 2 o'clock. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.
(Hamilton, Simcoe and Stratford papers please copy.) 68u

MORRISON—At Dorchester, Jan. 13, William Morrison, aged 73 years.
Funeral on Tuesday, Jan. 16, at 1:30 p.m., from his late residence. Interment at Dorchester Union Cemetery. b

ROBINSON—At her late residence, 831 King street, on Jan. 13, 1917, Ellen, beloved wife of Thomas Robinson.
Funeral from the above address on Tuesday, Jan. 16, at 2:30 p.m. Services at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. b

SCOTT—At the residence of his son-in-law, 368 Eva street, on Jan. 14, 1917, John Scott, beloved husband of the late Mary Ann Scott.
Funeral from the above address on Wednesday, Jan. 17, 1917, at 2:30 p.m.; services at 2 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Interment at Woodland Cemetery. 68u

TIPPETT—At St. Joseph's Hospital, on Monday, Jan. 15, 1917, Edith Mary, dearly beloved wife of William C. Tippett, in her 31st year.
Funeral at Thorndale, on Wednesday afternoon. Services in the Methodist Church at 2:30 p.m. Interment in North Presbyterian Cemetery. 68u

WARRICK—At Victoria Hospital, on Saturday, Jan. 13, 1917, Lillias, beloved wife of John Warrick, aged 43 years.
Funeral from her late residence, 26 Wreay street, Tuesday at 2:30 o'clock. Services at 2 p.m. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery. b

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Central, 2-story frame, modern, lot 53x165 feet. Will sell for less than the value of the lot to close an estate. Call at once for particulars.
THOS. C. KNOTT,
117 Dominion Savings Building, London, Ont. zyxwv

100 ACRES, NEAR CITY, FIRST-CLASS building, five acres of wheat; if not sold, will rent for term of years. Patterson, Imperial Bank Chambers.

S. WILSON, BUILDING CONTRACTOR —Open to figure on any contracts. Money to loan. Agent for three good fire insurance companies. Office, 216 Richmond street. st

$3,500 BUYS A RESIDENCE, ALL modern; easy terms; on Traction line, stop 4½. Apply Benj. Holtby, on premises. 62-bu

$1,500—Dreaney avenue, brick cottage, 7 rooms, electric light, gas, water, chicken coop. Terms, $200.
$2,400—East end, 7-roomed modern frame cottage, $2,400.
$2,700—Hamilton road, 1½-story modern brick, 7 rooms; barn; $2,700.
ANDERSON & CO., 12 MARKET LANE zyxwv

CALIFORNIA LITTLE SUBURBAN farms, near Los Angeles, for sale; easy payments. Write E. R. Waite, Shawnee, Oklahoma. 67t

100 ACRES, NISSOURI TOWNSHIP; splendid land and buildings; thirteen acres bush. If not sold, will rent or let on shares. Patterson, Imperial Bank Chambers.

MODERN HOME ATTRACTIVE design, best locality; will be sacrificed for quick sale. Box 329, Advertiser.

HOUSES, ROOMS TO LET.

FRONT ROOM, SUITABLE FOR GENTLEMAN or lady. 651 Richmond street. b

COMFORTABLE ROOMS AND FIRST-CLASS board. 426 Princess avenue. 68c

S. J. HENDERSON'S LARGEST moving vans and storage. Phone 1254; residence, 460 King.

NICE COMFORTABLE ROOM, WITH board, for two respectable girls; home privileges; private family; central. Box 22, Advertiser. 67c

TO LET—UNFURNISHED OR FURNISHED rooms at 475 King. Apply 376 Ridout street. 67c

ALL MODERN HOUSE, WITH BARN; 840 Queen's avenue. Phone 1965. 67u

ROOMS TO RENT—BY DAY, WEEK or month; special rates to boarders; most central place in town, Clyde Hotel, 149 King street, 3 doors from Richmond; half-minute walk from G. T. R. 67c

SMALL FLAT TO LET, OVER 286 Dundas street. Apply Joe Smith, 308 Princess avenue. 67c-tzx

APARTMENT—6 ROOMS AND BATH; steam heated, hot and cold water; laundry tubs in kitchen; janitor service. W. J. Clark, tobacconist. 66c

HOUSE TO LET — ON BRISCOE street. Apply 279 Wortley road. Phone 5725. 66c

TWO LARGE FRONT ROOMS, FURNISHED, for light housekeeping; modern conveniences; furnish own heat. 57 Craig street (side door). 66c

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping, central, ground floor; $6 per month. Box 16, Advertiser. 66c

TO LET—EIGHT-ROOMED HOUSE; modern; 375 Princess. Apply 387 Central. 56wtz Jan. 31.

STORE OR OFFICE ON GROUND floor. Ashplant Sample Building, Carling street. 64bh

BRICK COTTAGE — 42 WALNUT street, West London; vacant. Apply 32 Alma street, forenoons and evenings. 63n

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY the Mover." Moving vans. Fireproof storage at reasonable rates. Residence 480 Maitland; phone 2887. H. F. Day.

BROUGHTON, THE MOVER—SPECIALTY crating and shipping. Phone 1444.

UP-TO-DATE MOVING VANS—FURNITURE and pianos carefully handled. W. R. Flowers, 863½ Colborne street. Phone 2636.

BIGGS' FURNITURE STORAGE.—Clean and dry. Prices reasonable. The Forest City Moving Vans. Phone 1162. 97 Carling street zxv

MOVING VAN, DRAY FOR HIRE; prompt attention; good service. Phone 2839.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

W. McDONALD, VETERINARY SURGEON—237 Horton street. Phone 688. Phone 1786.

WILLIAM J. WILSON, VETERINARY —Horse and dog hospital. 84 King street. Phone 783.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

MAID FOR FAMILY OF THREE; good wages. Phone 4706. 68c

WANTED—WOMAN, FOR HAND-WASHING department; steady work. Apply Parisian Laundry Company. 68c

MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK —Two in family. Apply evenings, 294 Princess avenue. 68c

YOUNG WOMAN WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking; one to go home nights preferred. Apply Box 18, Advertiser. 68c

GOOD SMART KITCHEN GIRL wanted—Apply Black Bell Inn, corner Talbot and King. 67c

GIRLS, TO RUN SEWING MACHINES, on repair work, mostly. Girls with some experience preferred, but must be willing to learn our ways. Baldwin Garment Company, 98 Carling street. 67c

MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK —No laundry or upstairs work; or woman to work part of each day. Apply 116 Mill street, corner of Talbot. 67c

GIRL WANTED FOR LIGHT HOUSEWORK—Three in family. No washing; one to go home nights. Apply 63 Elmwood avenue. 66c

GIRL WANTED FOR LIGHT HOUSEWORK. Apply 232 Dundas street. 66c

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CHAUFFEUR. Apply Hunter's Livery. 68c

JUNIOR CLERK WANTED—GRAND Trunk freight office. 68c

MACHINISTS AND TOOLMAKERS — Also night foreman for shell shop. We will pay highest wages for good men. National Hardware Company, Orillia, Ont. 68n

WANTED — MAN FOR CUTTING ICE —Apply 105 Pipe Line road. b

PASSPORT CIGAR FACTORY— Wanted 20 clear Havana cigarmakers immediately at the corner of Market Lane and Dundas; union shop. Sugden & Hunter, cigar manufacturers. 67c

CANADIAN RAILWAYS REQUIRE young men as station agents, telegraphers, freight and ticket clerks. Most practical business to learn. Steady employment and rapid promotion assured. Positions secured all graduates. Easy to learn. Write for our free book explaining day and mail courses. Dominion School Railroading, Dept. O., Toronto. zw

EXPERIENCED CAP BLOCKER wanted—Apply Tip Top Cap Company, Greene-Swift Building. 67c

FIREMEN, BRAKEMEN, BEGINNERS paid $120 monthly; permanent; no strike. Railway, care Advertiser. zyx-Jan.31

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN AND stockkeeper. Apply the Wright Sons' Company, wholesale hats and furs. 67u

WANTED—FORTY FIRST-CLASS LABORERS
for building construction; wages 33 1-3c per hour. Work all winter. Wells & Gray, Limited, care Ford Motor Company, Ford, Ont. 66n

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS HIRED man, single; must be good milker; will hire yearly. Box 12, Advertiser. 66c

A RELIABLE SALESMAN WANTED in every town and district in Western Ontario where not represented. Spring planting list now ready. Send for terms and new catalogue. Start now at best selling time. Stone & Wellington, The Fonthill Nurseries, Toronto, Ont. 25tf

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED—DUTIES TO commence March 1, for S. S. No. 20, London Township, 1½ miles west of city car line. State qualifications and salary expected. Apply A. J. Cody, London, R. R. No. 7. 66c

TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. NO. 26, London—Duties to commence at once. Apply with qualifications and salary required, to E. Howard, secretary-treasurer, R. R. No. 2, Denfield, Ont. 65tf

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EXPERIENCED NURSE OPEN FOR engagements; terms moderate. Apply Box 23, Advertiser. 67c

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WARM, COMFORTABLE ROOMS, with board, lady or gentleman. 534 Talbot street. 68c

BOARD BY THE DAY OR WEEK — Evening dinner served. Apply 213 Queen's avenue. 67n

YOUNG GIRL BOARDING IN NICE home wants another girl for a roommate; dandy board. Box 14, Advertiser. 66c

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RENWICK'S TAXI SERVICE—CITY or country driving. Phone 5673.

MARLEY TAXI SERVICE — OPEN or closed cars, day or night. Phone 2859.

CHARLTON TAXI SERVICE—BY hour or trip. Phone 5886.

OPEN AND CLOSED CARS FOR HIRE.
Laughton's Taxi Service
PHONE 5337. zxv

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Musical Art Society
Rehearsal Tonight
NORMAL SCHOOL, 8 O'CLOCK.
Ladies at 7:45.

GWENDOLYN ANTHISTLE TEACHER of reading and dramatic art. Studio, 264½ Dundas street. Concerts accepted. Phone 693.

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GUITAR, MANDOLIN, UKULELE, and steel guitar instruction. Thomas Shuter, 470 Dundas street. Phone.

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Splendid staff, teaching music and elocution in all their branches. Piano, violin, singing, organ, elocution, harmony, etc.
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PROF. P. VENUTA—TWO MEDALS and diplomas. Teaches all instruments, harmony, transposition, reading. Music arranged. Terms moderate. 512 Talbot.

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LARGE CREAM BABY BUGGY, NEARLY new, cheap. Apply 14 Josephine street, Chelsea Green. 68c

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WINTER FRUITS—SPECIAL FRIDAY and Saturday, fresh navel oranges, 15c dozen and up; grapefruit, Malaga grapes, apples. C. Franks, 318 Dundas. Phone 4841.

FOR SALE—ONE STACK OF WHEAT straw. Apply David Jackson, Gianworth. b

OLIVER TYPEWRITER, NEW NO. 9 model; bargain price. E. O. Graves, 110 Dundas street.

FOR SALE — 6-HORSEPOWER GASOLINE engine, in good running order; cheap. G. McIntyre, Hyde Park. b

FOR SALE—GASOLINE ENGINE, 2½-horsepower, in good running order. 18 Pipe Line road. 67c

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DOUBLE RECORDS, 75c, BY THE best English artists, at C. Crawford's Piano Store, 326 Dundas street. 67n

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AT McKIM'S AUCTION ROOMS— Electric lights for Ford cars (new); 3-H. gas plate and ovens; household goods of all kinds. Phone 4820.

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WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL the latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job.

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RELIABLE SECOND-HAND GOODS, housefurnishings, also household goods stored, at Lewis', 101½ King.

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Frank Smith, Market Lane

Lipton's Tea	38c
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Cranberries, per quart	10c
One Can Peas, one Can Corn	25c
Prunes, 2 lbs.	25c
One Can Baking Powder	15c

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TO OUR CUSTOMERS
You have tried our cakes, ice cream and mincemeat and know their quality. We are manufacturing a high grade of peanut butter. We roast and blanch our own peanuts, so you can always depend on it being freshly made. Why not reduce the cost of butter by using part peanut butter, which is more healthful, and the children cry for it? You can get it at your grocer's at 25c per lb. Be sure and get Leach's home-made, which is guaranteed pure and clean.
C. J. LEACH
PHONES 1059—1035. zxv

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Stocktaking Sale Now On!
A Monster Bargain: Ladies' White and Colored Waists, regular $3.50 value, sale 98c each. Come and see them at MARSHALL'S, 328 DUNDAS STREET.
Oposite Entrance to Armories. zxv

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THE BIG STORE.
Phones 4520, 500 and 455.
Stalls 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Market House.
Four deliveries, all sections of city daily—9 a.m., 11 a.m., 2:30 p.m., and 4:30 p.m.

EMPIRE TYPEWRITER IN PERFECT running order. Bargain for quick sale. E. O. Graves, 110 Dundas.

WATCH OUR BIG AD.
FOR ENAMELWARE SALE.
J. A. BROWNLEE
385-387 TALBOT STREET. zxv

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Those famous Johnston Brand Florida Oranges have just arrived. Sweet and juicy—nothing finer. Remember the brand. Insist on having it; no other is quite so good. For sale by all the leading grocers in London and Western Ontario.
LANGFORD & EDWARDS.
WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS. zxv

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Gillette, 35c dozen. Single edge, 25c dozen. Durham, 50c dozen. Guaranteed equal to new blades.
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SPECIAL!
For Sunday dessert or Sunday afternoon tea nothing quite takes the place of ICE CREAM. Order one of our Week-End Specials. Delivery Saturday afternoon. Packed to keep until the next day.
SILVERWOODS, LIMITED. 66u

HAVE YOU Considered Hydraulic Water System for farm, house and barn? If not, why not consult us about the L. E. S. Waterworks System? Write today.
LONDON ENGINE SUPPLY CO.,
83-85 Dundas Street, London Ont. zxt

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SUMNER, THE JEWELER
380 RICHMOND STREET. zxv

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We have a number of stoves to clear from $20 to $50. Buy yours this week on our club plan.
COLLETT FURNITURE COMPANY,
95-97 King Street. zxv

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MISS CHEETHAM, PRACTICAL nurse, open for engagements. Apply 70 Byron avenue. Feb.20

PRACTICAL NURSE FOR ENGAGEMENTS—Charges moderate. Phone 1439. 66n

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219 DUNDAS STREET,
4 Doors West of Majestic Theatre. zxt

The Most Beautiful Dining-Room
Live Lobsters
Little Neck Clams
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DR. HOCKEN—CORNER ADELAIDE and Dundas streets. Phone 2463. Consultation by appointment.

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Dr. Fred L. Wood
Artificial Teeth, $6.00.
No charge for extraction. Open evenings, 8 to 9:30.
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DR. SEPTIMUS THO[...] avenue, corner Que[...] nose and throat.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—E[...] and throat. 394 Dund[...]

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F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.[...] (Edinburgh)—Diseases [...] dren. 461 Waterloo. [...]

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DR. GEORGE McNEIL—[...] residence, 244 Queen's [...] cialty, diseases of women[...]

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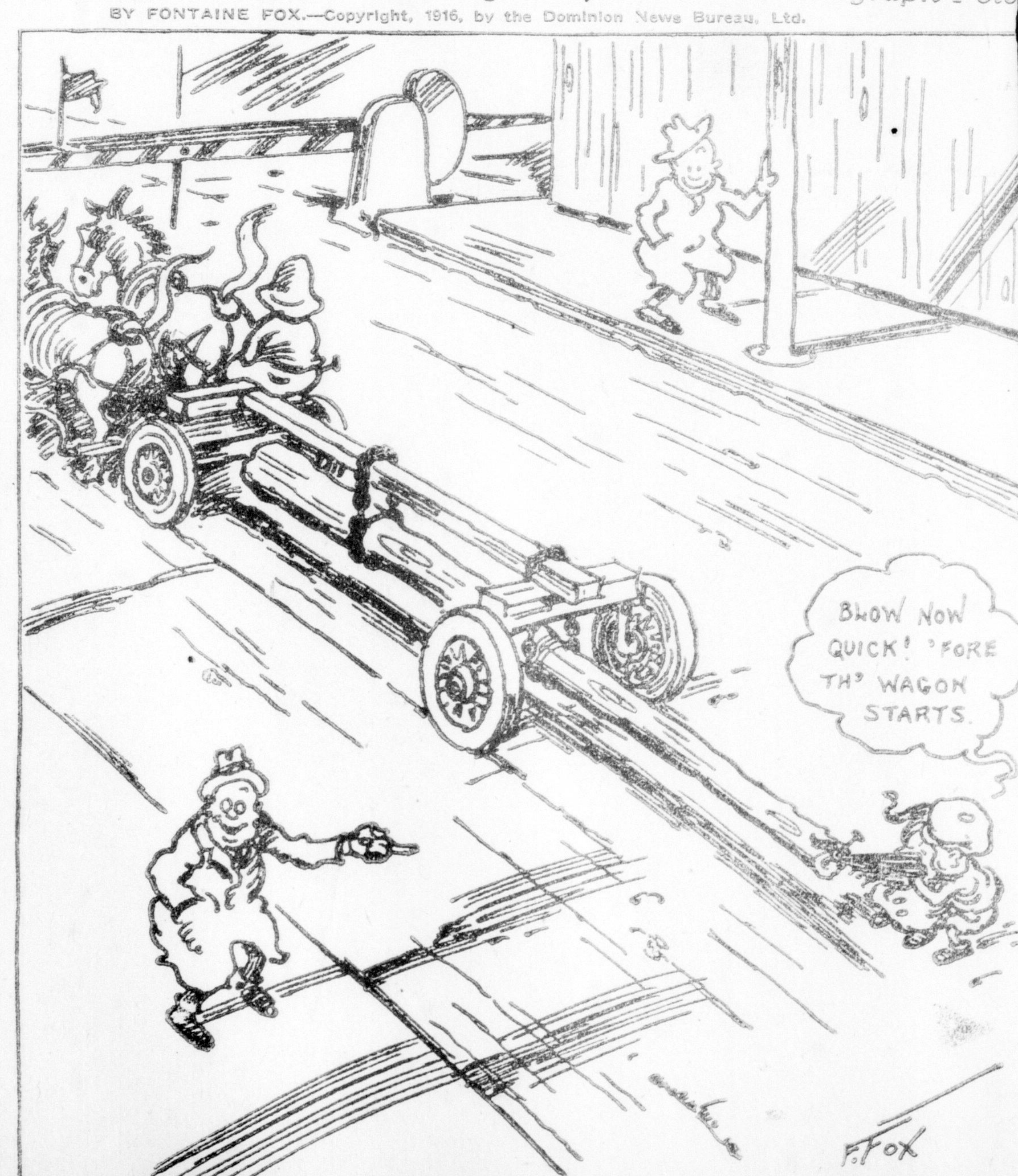
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Dont i[...]



There's a job open for you. You'll find it in my situation wanted columns in the
ADVERTISER

Just When His Little Brother's Face Needed Attention, Al[...] Comes a Piece of Red Flag on the End of a Telegraph Pole
BY FONTAINE FOX.—Copyright, 1916, by the Dominion News Bureau, Ltd.



S SPIRIT AMY SIDE SS POLITICS

tic Tone to Com- etrograd News- Denotes This.

14.—Via London, Jan. f the Russian New d the seamy side of s been exhibited for so mns of the press, and ers, although pursuing of political comment, stic reviews of the past the future. Leaders of ons such as the Zemsky atriotic work in the fficulties has gained the nd appreciation of the expressing the convic- nternal affairs of Russia repair or so bad as they ed.

rs find another cause of the Allies' reply to the and comment on what recision and dignity as opposite qualities al- played in the notes of wers. 'The Rech, how- ose sight of the political new strength of the re- hown in the recent Min- .

emier," says this paper, the many laudable senti- edecessors, but in each of s there is a 'but.' Col- the Duma is necessary ernment cannot tolerate took place recently. Pub- ons are necessary—but as they carry out their s can be allowed—but a reason for such meet- words everything can be verything must be under of the bureaucracy."

EXPLOSION ANADIAN CAR ENEMY'S WORK

ORK, Jan. 15.—One man ed today, and two others, ted, will be taken in cus- row, following an investi- o the explosion at the enemours works, accord- tatement tonight by Chief Miller of Pompton Lakes, man under arrest, it was employed at the plant only ys. He is charged with

the belief expressed today icer of the powder com- the explosion was due to uses, the police are work- theory that enemies of the governments were respon- the explosion of the Can- r and Foundry and the plants.

SEINE RISING; SITUATION SERIOUS

an. 14.—The Seine continues all navigation on the river

tion is serious and may be- so if the rain continues to

ARCHITECTS.

E. NUTTER, ARCHITECT— 15, 16, Dominion Bank Cham- undas and Richmond. Tele- 356.

& BLACKWELL, MEMBERS Association of Architects— of Toronto Building, London; Chambers, Hamilton.

M G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT, en Savings Building, top floor. : Office 1557. house 1584.

JOHN M. MOORE, hitect and Civil Engineer, 5 RICHMOND STREET.

CARROTHERS, ARCHITECT— r Ontario Association Archi- Room 58, Bank of Toronto bers.

McBRIDE, MEMBER ONTARIO iation of Architects, etc. Edge Phone 262.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DUE MERCHANTS OR collected anywhere. No collec- no charge. Rates and references plication. Canadian Bureau of s, Dominion Bank Chambers.

LAR LETTERS, NOTICES, ncements, etc.; perfect imita- ypewriting, done on our Flexo- machines at short notice. The Shop, 8 Dominion Bank Cham- Nov.13

ARMENT CUTTING.

N GARMENT CUTTING AND e a first-class position. Our ates design advanced styles to ure or stock size. Cutting ol, 227 Dundas street.

PAWNBROKERS.

ALE—ALL MY UNREDEEMED coats that I have in stock at the st prices, from $2 up, to clear out. s Siskind, pawnbroker, 338 Rich- d street.

NTED—ANYTHING YOU DON'T WANT.

ng, shoes, bicycles, tools—any- Highest prices paid. Call or 5288 Silverman, 211 King street. 74tf-zxv

MONEY TO LOAN.

ATE AND TRUST MONEY TO n on farm and city property: low rates; terms to suit. T. W. Scan- t, 98 Dundas street.

EY TO LOAN AT LOWEST s—Thomas C. Knott, real estate ker, 117 Dominion Savings Build- (first floor up).

ATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOW- T rates. U. A. Buchner, corner bot and Carling.

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RINELLA SYSTEM FOR FACE, alp, chiropody. Removal of super- us hair permanently. Miss Beattie, rner Talbot and Fullarton. Phone 27.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

RRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas.

RRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY G. R. Bartram, 59 Dundas.

RRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY C. Fitzgerald, 110 Dundas street.

SIGNS.

KELING SIGN COMPANY— igns, showcards, scene painting and ictorial advertising. 296½ Dundas. hone 2183

EN BROS., SIGN PAINTERS— esigns and estimates furnished free. 20 Talbot street. Phone 1842.

CHIROPRACTIC.

KREIGER—MODERN ELEC- RICITY. Specialty, nervous dis- ases. Examination, consultation free. ffice, 495 Dundas

ARA KILBORNE, UNIVERSAL College of Chiropractic graduate. ffice, 321 Queen's avenue. Telephone 253.

. MACFIE, CHIROPRACTOR—RE- MOVED to Room 212, Dominion Sav- gs Building, corner King and Rich- ond. Phones: Office, 4710; Resi- ence, 5710.

Borden Making Bid for Term Extension

Paves the Way by Publishing Correspondence on Last Extension.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

OTTAWA, Jan. 14.—Sir Robert Borden has given out to the Government press for publication copies of the letters exchanged between himself and Sir Wilfrid Laurier on the extension of Parliament. The correspondence was discussed in Parliament last session, the extension was granted, and it is not quite understood why the publication is insisted upon again at this time. It is taken, however, as an evidence that he is going to make a hard drive for another extension this year, and proposes to base it on last year's correspondence.

BRITAIN ANSWERS LIES OF KAISER'S NEUTRALS' NOTE

Authoritative Statement, Issued at London, Shows Truth of Claims.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—An authoritative statement issued here Saturday gives the British view of the German and Austrian notes to neutrals. It repeats the assertion that Germany was responsible for starting the war, inasmuch as the proposal for a conference was rejected. This refusal, it is pointed out, was given on July 27, 1914, while it was not until July 31 that orders were given for a general mobilization by the Russian Government.

The statement deals at length with the German charge that the proposals of the Allies regarding the rights of small nationalities lacked sincerity in view of the treatment of the Irish and the Boers, the subjection of northern Africa, the suppression of foreign nationalities in Russia and the treatment of Greece. On this point the statement says:

Here Is an Answer.

"As for Ireland and South Africa, their sons have shown on many battlefields, as the Germans know to their cost, that whatever differences there may have been between these countries and Great Britain, they are now united with the rest of the empire in repelling German aggression. As for northern Africa, at the beginning of the war had not Germany, too, great colonies in Africa? Did not they obtain those colonies by similar means to those which placed the French, Italian and British in coastal northern Africa?"

It is pointed out that the whole of Russia is united against the central powers, while as regards Greece, "the Allies have done no more than exact in their capacity of protecting powers the guarantees to which they were entitled against German intrigue to protect the safety of their own armies."

Mines Unlawfully Sown.

Dealing with the charge that the Allies were the first to violate the laws of war at sea, the statement says: "From the very beginning the Germans sowed mines indiscriminately on trade routes in definace of all international law and with total disrespect of the rights and lives of neutrals. The right of cutting off supplies of an enemy is a well recognized belligerent right practiced by all nations. The avowed purpose of the submarine measures of Germany was to cut off the supplies of these islands. This campaign has been carried out ruthlessly and with total disregard of the rights of neutrals and of their lives. Even the Germans cannot pretend to excuse such crimes as those of the Lusitania, the Arabic, the Sussex and many others.

Precedent For Starving.

"The Germans profess to regard as inhuman the employment of starvation as a weapon. Were they of the same opinion in 1870, when they starved the city of Paris?"

The statement charges that Germany herself started the war in Africa by an attempt to raise an insurrection in South Africa, and says the Germans are better supplied with munitions and machine guns in Africa than are the Allies. Denial also is made of the charges of bad treatment of prisoners, and attention is drawn to the events in Belgium, the Armenian massacres and alleged ill-treatment of prisoners in the Wittenburg camp and elsewhere.

"Have the Germans forgotten," the statement continues, "that the chancellor admitted the violation of Belgian neutrality was wrong, but claimed it was justified by military necessity? As for the treatment of Belgium, of Aerschot and Louvain, the forced levies of Belgian funds, and the inhuman, barbarous deportations which are being carried out this day."

It is improbable the Allies will make any further comment on the German and Austrian notes.

AUSTRIAN EMPRESS'S BROTHERS PRAISED BY FRENCH ORDERS

Bravery and Devotion of Young Princes in Belgian Service Commended.

Paris, Jan. 15.—Prince Sixtus of Bourbon de Parma, and his brother, Prince Xavier, brothers of the Austrian empress, who are serving in the Belgian army, have been commended in French army orders in the following terms:

"They spontaneously offered their services in the cause of right and, attached to the section of stretcher-bearers in the first line, have on all occasions given proof of devotion and complete contempt of danger.

"At the beginning of the war the two princes sought to enlist in the French army, but could not be taken on account of the law excluding from the army all members of the former French royal family, whereupon they joined the Belgian forces."

KAISER THREATENS TO ISSUE MANIFESTO AGAIN

London, Jan. 14.—It is reported by the Amsterdam correspondent of the Daily Telegraph that on the occasion of Emperor William's forthcoming birthday (he will be 58 years old January 27), Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary, King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, and the Turkish heir apaprent will go to Berlin to attend the birthday celebration, and that while they are there the three rulers and the Turkish representative will issue a manifesto to the world, placing responsibility on the Entente for continuation of the war.

The Sultan of Turkey will not attend the celebration, on account of his advanced age.

AUSTRIAN MINISTER ILL.

LONDON, Jan. 15. — Count Ottokar Czernin von Chudenitz, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, is ill in bed as a result of an abscess of the upper jaw, says Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent, quoting a Vienna dispatch. The emperor visited Count Czernin half an hour Saturday.

48 HOURS ENOUGH TO EQUAL SHELLS OF WHOLE YEAR

British Factores Turning Out Immense Quantities.

INCREASING WEEKLY, TOO

Official Statements Indicate Growth of Munitions Production.

New York, Jan. 15.—The following Associated Press correspondence from London, dated January 5, is published here today:

English munitions factories are now turning out every forty-eight hours more heavy gun ammunition than they manufactured in the entire first year of the war. And the production is still increasing weekly in preparation for the great offensive on the western front, which British military critics believe will come next spring.

Although figures of the actual production of guns, and munitions are jealously guarded, and there is no avowal on the part of the ministry of munitions of any intention to discontinue the importations from America, there is an evident feeling of optimism among the officials in the big munitions headquarters just off Whitehall, as well as a willingness to give out "comparative figures," to justify that optimism.

"The improvements in our position may be illustrated in this way," remarks an official of the ministry. "We are now manufacturing every week three times as many 155 millimetre shells, five times as many 200 millimetre shells, and three times as many 230 millimeter shells as we manufactured during the whole first year of the war.

Greater Than Pre-War Reserve.

"Of smaller shells, we are turning out in about a week the same quantity as was produced during the first year. Finally, the number of shells of all kinds completed during the past week exceeded by about thirty per cent the entire stock of munitions held in reserve at the outbreak of hostilities."

Dealing with guns in the same way, it is found that ,representing the number of guns manufactured during the first year of war by 100, the number for the second year would be 841, and for the third year will be somewhere in the neighborhood of 1,350. The manufacture of lighter pieces has had to be slackened recently, owing to the fact that the squipment of the British army in light field pieces is approximately complete, and it is only necessary to provide for replacement and renewals.

The improvement in the manufacture of machine guns, rifles, grenades and explosives has been equally satisfactory.

Sixty Fold Increase.

Representing the total number of machine guns delivered to the army during the first year as 100, the total for the second year was 1,250 and for the third year will exceed 6,000.

The production of trench mortar ammunition and grenades has been so much developed that any further increase scarcely seems necessary.

The increase in the manufacture of explosives has been tremendous. For every ton of explosive employed in September, 1914, 350 tons were employed in July, 1915, and 12,000 tons in July, 1916.

TORTURE PRUSSIAN WHO FOUGHT FOR FRANCE

Germans Open Arteries of Naturalized Officer Who Led Company to Attack.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—The New York Tribune this morning has the following from Fred B. Pitney:

Paris, Jan. 14.—Heinrich Muller was born a Prussian and achieved his military education in the German army as a conscript, but he was a soldier by trade, and fifteen years ago, when his service in the German army was ended, he wanted to see some real fighting, and went to Africa and enlisted in the French foreign legion. After several years of service in Africa he was naturalized as a Frenchman and became an officer of Chasseurs Alpins. He held that position when the war broke out, and despite his German birth and strong German accent he entered the war as a French officer.

"A Hard Job for You."

"Muller," the colonel said, "I have a hard job for you."

"Thanks," replied Muller.

"We have not been able to advance for four days," said the colonel. "We have been held up. The whole brigade has been held up by a group of German mitrailleuses in the sunken road. Because of their position our artillery has not been able to reach them. We are shelling them all the time, but we have not been able to put them out of action. Exactly at nightfall this evening your chance will come—that is to say, in 35 minutes. The artillery will extend its fire. You will take your section and throw yourself on that group of mitrailleuses. The trench is 50 yards long. As soon as you are in the sunken road with your men the brigade will support you on both sides to right and left. But we count on you to take the time and attention of those mitrailleuses for five minutes."

Declares "I Will."

"Understand," replied Muller, saluting. "I will attack the sunken road at 20 minutes after 4."

"Muller"—the colonel caled him back—"perhaps we will not see each other again."

"I will capture the sunken road," said Muller.

His men sprang after him and disappeared in the darkness toward the sunken road. Five minutes later the brigade followed, passed the sunken road and installed themselves in the captured German lines.

The colonel went back to the sunken road. It was in French hands, but not those of Muller and his men. Not Muller nor one of his men remained alive. The next morning Muller was found under a mound of corpses. There was not a wound on him, but his arteries had been cut in his wrists and his throat. He had been bled to death as a pig is bled.

From one of the German prisoners the story was learned. Muller led his men into the sunken road and they fought like devils turned loose to hold the crush of the machine guns and give the brigade time to get over the line. But they were too few to conquer. They could only hold the Germans for five minutes. One of the Germans succeeded in pinning Muller's hands behind his back.

He shouted in German then. He told who he was, his birthplace. A German officer struck Muller with his pistol butt.

Muller shouted: "Vive la France!"

They cut the arteries in his wrists. They cut his throat. For the last time Muller shouted: "Vive la France!"

CAPTURE DANISH SHIP.

LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Aftonbladet of Stockholm, as quoted by the Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company, says that a German destroyer yesterday captured in Swedish territorial waters the Danish steamer Thyra of Copenhagen.

CANADA TO BUILD NEW AIRPLANE PLANTS

Purposes to Establish Series to Produce More Fliers.

TORONTO, Jan. 14.—In an address before the Women's Canadian Club yesterday, J. W. Flavelle, chairman of the imperial munitions board, again strongly emphasized the importance to the cause of the Allies of prompt delivery of shells from Canada, and also paid a tribute to the efficiency of women as munitions workers. He also urged that every woman who had been brought up on the land should return to it in order to increase the food supply.

Authorized expenditures, he said, including those already made totalled $200,000,000, and operations had been carried on in 600 factories, located in every province with the exception of Prince Edward Island. Over four hundred thousand men and women were engaged in these factories. He added:

"We are at the moment constructing national factories for the manufacture of various munitions. One commenced a few weeks ago will cost $2,250,000, and another we hope to complete in 30 days, using 900 men in the building, will cost about $2,000,000. Another we decided to erect a few days ago, and which we hope to complete by mid-summer, is estimated to cost $1,750,000. A series of factories in connection with the proposed establi... ment of airplanes, will entail an expenditure of between ten and fifteen millions."

STATES MUST AGREE TO ALLIES' CLAIMS, DECLARES OBSERVER

London Paper Sees Dawn of Great Deliverance in the Entente Reply To Wilson.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Observer, commenting on the Entente's reply to President Wilson, says:

"The opinion of the United States is already profound, and will become deeper as more thought can be given to the issues now raised. The United States will not try to stop the clock of progress toward wider liberty and equality in Europe. The United States never can be asked to resist the claim of France to Alsace-Lorraine, to support the war caste in Germany, to keep Italians, Poles, Czechs, Slovacs, Serbs and Rumanians under a foreign yoke, to abet the Turks on this side of the Bosphorus, or to aid a bloody tyranny beyond it. No! It is the dawn of the great deliverance."

Referring to the silence of the Entente note on the German colonies, the Observer says:

Will Lose Territories.

"South Africa, Australia and New Zealand are free communities, each with its own Monroe Doctrine, and they will never allow the German menace to reappear in their neighborhood. Not one single inch of colonial territory will Germany ever get back until the guarantees for her future good behavior are as absolute as human contrivance can provide. Consistently with that condition there is no desire to deprive the German people with adequate economic opportunities outside of their frontiers.

"Probably the best thing would be to create in the Ottoman Empire and in Africa an international domain open to equal terms to Germany as to all countries, including, of course, the United States. This is a big question. In this matter British statesmanship ought to be foremost in the councils of wisdom and moderation when the main aims of the war are obtained, if at the same time there is a change of system and heart in Germany itself."

SWISS COMPARE REPLY TO STATUE OF LIBERTY.

GENEVA, Jan. 14.—Via Paris.—President Wilson rendered a great service to the Entente Allies by transmitting his peace note to the belligerents, in the opinion of the Journal De Geneve. It says Europe was under the impression that the peace offer of the central powers had been rejected by their adversaries, but that it is now plain that Germany expressed a desire for peace without disclosing terms, whereas the Entente has explained its conditions with all clearness, and the world is now awaiting Germany's reply.

La Suisse says the reply of the Allies to President Wilson, like the statue of liberty, enlightens the world.

La Revue of Lausanne, considers that the president's act, although premature, has had a good effect in that it has permitted the Allies to make known to the world why they are continuing the war.

WASHINGTON DOES NOT EXPECT EARLY PEACE.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Jan. 14.—There were no developments here today in the peace movement, and if President Wilson has determined what shall be his next step he has not let it be known.

In all quarters German press comment on the Entente reply to the president's note is being followed with great interest. The trend of this comment has served to confirm the belief of some officials that an early peace is not possible in view of the Entente's statement of its broad terms.

So far as can be learned, the Entente note has not yet been cabled to the American diplomats in Teutonic countries. It is known, however, that a general statement of terms in some form from the central powers is looked for in the near future.

"CRIMINAL DEMENTIA," SAYS LOKAL ANZEIGER.

BERLIN, Jan. 14, via Sayville—The evening edition of the Lokal Anzeiger treats the Entente note purely from the standpoint of its attitude towards the regrouping of Europe in accordance with nationalities, characterizing such designs as "nothing more or less than criminal dementia" in that the vision raised before the eyes of the peoples is calculated, it says, merely to make them dissatisfied with their lot and stir them to rebellion.

The newspaper points out the impossibility of freeing Czechs and Slavs without simultaneously subjugating thousands of Germans, on account of the universal mixture of races all over Europe.

GERMANS FORCE SWEDES TO DESTROY MAIL BAGS

LONDON, Jan. 14.—A Reuter dispatch from Stockholm says:

"The captain of the Swedish steamer Ingeborg, belonging to the Thule Line, who has returned to Gothenburg from England, states that his steamer was stopped in the North Sea by a German submarine and that he was compelled to throw into the sea all the mail from Entente countries, consisting of 700 sacks. Otherwise, he said, the German commander threatened to take the ship to Germany."

RETURNED SOLDIERS UNABLE TO OBTAIN WORK, CLAIM MADE

Fifty Walking Streets Here, Says R. S. A. Member.

SOME FULLY CAPABLE

Others Only Fit For Light Work, But Want Occupation.

Fifty returned soldiers walking the streets of the city, out of work, willing to work but still unable to procure it, is the situation as presented by the Returned Soldiers' Association.

Of this number, it is said over half are members of the association.

In speaking of the problem of getting the returned men back into positions suitable to their needs, a member of the association said to a reporter today. "We have on the list a number of men, quite capable of taking and doing almost any kind of work and on the other hand we have men fit only to do the lightest kind of work.

"Efforts have been made by the men themselves, by the Returned Soldiers' Association and by the Soldiers' Aid Commission to secure positions, but it seems that for some reason or other there is no place for a returned soldier."

It is further claimed that some of the returned soldiers who were unable to make good in civil life as quickly as expected were released.

The men believe that more leniency should be shown and that they should not be expected to do so much until they become accustomed to the new order of things. With more returned soldiers coming every week and others being discharged from the hospital, the problem of finding employment for them groks daily more acute.

"Some solution must be found for the problem and unless something is done quickly the returned men out of employment may be compelled to force the issue." said a returned man, and added he had searched the local factories in an unsuccessful quest of work.

762 HAVE ENLISTED FROM ROYAL BANK STAFF

Ninety-Two of This Number in the Casualty List.

(From Our Own Correspondent, Montreal.)

MONTREAL, Jan. 13.—C. E. Neill, general manager of the Royal Bank, in replying to the vote of thanks to the general manager and staff at the annual meeting, made an interesting announcement regarding the record of the bank overseas and the consideration the bank was giving to the problems that might arise at the close of the war. In this connection Mr. Neill said:

"The number enlisted from our ranks is now 762, and we have heard of 92 casualties: 45 wounded, 38 killed or died of wounds, 1 missing and 8 prisoners of war. I take this opportunity of expressing publicly our sense of loss and our sympathy for the relatives of those who will not return.

"To those who are fighting our battles unflinchingly in the midst of inconceivable hardship, we owe a heavy debt of gratitude, and we feel that this is realized by none more keenly than the men who bear the brunt of their departure to a great extent. I refer to the many officers who are putting forth splendid efforts with unfailing cheerfulness under increasing duties. It is not easy to conduct the business without so many of our trained men. The depleted ranks must be filled almost entirely by junior clerks and by girls without banking experience, and the labors of our trained men are thus intensified. Had we not been able to secure the services of a large number of capable girls as clerks, the staff situation would have been serious indeed. The total number of girls employed on all posts has grown to 715.

18TH LIEUTENANT IN RETURNING PARTY

Among Officers and Men Who Landed at St. John Saturday.

St. John, N. B., Jan. 15.—Among the party or returned men to reach this city on Saturday evening, after participating in the world's greatest struggle were 24 Maritime-province men. In the party were several members of parliament who were called home to attend the session which opens this week.

Notwithstanding the sacrifices which some have made, the men were in the very best of spirits and spoke very lightly of their experiences at the front.

The following men are from Upper Canada:

Lieut.-Col. J. D. Taylor, M.P., Capt. J. M. S. Burns, Major E. H. Lewis, Major J. MacKay, Lieut. E. Gamble.

The list includes the following officers, men and nursing sisters: Major R. Gramm, 25th Batt., officer in charge; Capt. D. A. MacLeod, C.A.M.C.; Capt. W. L. Whitmore, medical officer, C. A.M.C.; Nursing Sister C. Younghusband, Capt. J. A. Kneale, Y.M.C.A. transport officer; Lieut.-Col. J. D. Taylor, 181st Batt.; Capt. J. S. Burns, Div. Artillery; Major E. Y. MacFay, 179th Batt.; Lieut. E. Gamble, 4th C.M.R.; Lieut. J. Brown, 18th Batt.; Lieut. E. E. Smith, Canadian Engineers; Lieut. H. Boyd, 2nd Pioneer Batt.; Lieut. H. M. Taylor, 38th Batt.; Major E. B. O'Reilly, C.A.M.C.; Capt, J. Laurier, C.A.M.C.; Lieut. W. A. Curmie; Nursing Sister S. M. Driver; Staff Sergt. F. H. Bowden.

—One bandmaster and 26 men.

C.C.A.C., all privates unless otherwise designated:

Sergt. A. Brewer, Sergt. W. G. Bruce, A. Fauleaux, J. McFarlane, D. McLevin, W. B. Sinclair, J. Brown, E. Cutler, E. Drew, C. Gilker, S. Gleason, J. Hartley, J. Neary, J. Peterson, C. Turcott, J. M. Whiston, Bombardier L. Cantin, Sergt. T. A. Darricott, Sergt. A. Plourde, Gunner R. McHaig, Gunner H. Cook, T. Bennington, G. T. Gardner, F. Surley, W. Jones, W. L. Milles, A. Marshall, J. Munro, W. J. Hocklington, A. L. Rex, W. R. Record, W. Reid, J. R. Read, N. W. Steves, J. Brettin, W. H. Goodrich, A. J. Sweeney, G. G. Babcock, W. J. Brennan, E. G. Brown, E. J. Edginton, Sergt. W. A. Stanley, Sergt. H. A. Webb.

IMPROVEMENT OF EAST END HALL NOT LIKELY

Board of Works, However, Will Discuss Proposed $2,500 Expenditure.

A recommendation that $2,500 be expended on the east end hall will be discussed by the board of works tomorrow night.

The spending of this amount on this old building under existing conditions is not favored at the present time.

Controller Saunders suggests that the building be held for a year or two more and then sold. He says a fire hall and library could be erected in a better location with the proceeds

Financial, Market and Commercial Section

THE LOCAL MARKET

Hay was the only commodity on the local market today, and it was scarce. The price was steady at $12 to $13.50 a ton. Straw is scarce also, the price being a little firmer at $10 to $10.50 a ton. No oats have been offered for some time, but the price is unchanged at $2.03 to $2.10 a cwt. Wheat is steady at $1.50 a bushel for new, and $1.30 to $1.40 a bushel for old.

Vegetables have been scarce for some weeks, owing to the cold weather. Potatoes are selling for $2.10 to $2.25 a bag. Cabbages bring 60c to $1.50 a dozen. Lettuce sells for 40c a dozen, and celery for 30c to 50c.

Butter is a little weaker, dairy butter, in rolls, retailing for 43c and 44c a pound. Eggs are a little easier, although it is expected that a protracted cold spell would send them up again. They sell now for 50c to 55c a dozen, retail.

Poultry prices are steady.

Live hogs are unchanged at $12.25 a cwt. Small pigs are becoming scarce, and the price is firmer at $5 to $7 a pair.

Beef is a little firmer at $12 to $14 a cwt. Hides and wool are steady.

Grain, Per Cwt.			
Oats, per cwt.	$2 03	to	$2 10
Barley, per cwt.	2 00	to	2 00
Wheat, per cwt.	2 23	to	2 33
Grain, Per Bushel.			
Oats, per bu.	68	to	68
Wheat, new, per bu.	1 50	to	1 50
Wheat, old, per bu.	1 30	to	1 40
Vegetables.			
Potatoes, per peck	40	to	45
Potatoes, per bu.	1 50	to	1 60
Potatoes, per bag	2 10	to	2 25
Cabbage, per doz.	60	to	1 50
Dry onions, per bu.	2 25	to	2 50
Parsley, per doz.	30	to	40
Carrots, per bu.	90	to	1 00
Celery, per doz.	30	to	50
Spinach, per bu.	75	to	75
Hubbard squash, each	10	to	20
Parsnips, a bu.	1 10	to	1 25
Turnips, a bu.	50	to	60
Lettuce, per doz.	40	to	40
Beans, per bu.	6 00	to	6 50
Fruit.			
Apples, per bu.	1 00	to	1 40
Spy apples, per bbl.	4 25	to	5 00
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, new, per ton	12 00	to	13 50
Straw, per ton	10 00	to	10 50
Dairy Produce, Retail.			
Butter, creamery, lb.	47	to	48
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	43	to	44
Butter, crocks, lb.	41	to	42
Eggs, per doz	50	to	55
Honey, 10 lbs.	1 20	to	1 40
Honey, sections, doz.	2 40	to	2 50
Dairy Produce, Wholesale.			
Butter, creamery, lb.	44	to	44
Butter, dairy, in rolls	40	to	40
Butter, store lots, lb.	36	to	38
Eggs, crate, doz.	48	to	50
Wholesalers to Farmers.			
Butter, dairy, lb.	38	to	39
Eggs, basket, doz.	44	to	48
Eggs, crate, doz.	45	to	46
Chickens, per lb.	13	to	15
Old fowl, lb.	11	to	13
Poultry, Alive, Wholesale.			
Young chickens, lb.	16	to	17
Old fowl, per lb.	15	to	15
Ducks, per lb.	15	to	16
Geese, per lb.	19	to	20
Poultry, Dressed, Wholesale.			
Chickens, per lb.	20	to	22
Ducks, per lb.	20	to	20
Old fowl, per lb.	16	to	16
Geese, per lb.	19	to	20
Poultry, Dressed, Retail.			
Chickens, per paid	1 50	to	1 70
Ducks, each	80	to	1 25
Turkeys, per lb.	30	to	32
Geese, per lb	21	to	22
Live Stock.			
Hogs, per cwt	12 25	to	12 25
Fat sows, per cwt.	9 50	to	9 50
Small pigs, pair	5 00	to	7 00
Butchers' Meats.			
Dressed hogs, cwt.	17 00	to	17 00
Veal, per cwt.	15 00	to	16 00
Beef, per cwt.	12 00	to	14 00
Heifer beef, cwt.	13 00	to	14 00
Lamb, per cwt.	18 00	to	20 00
Hides and Wool.			
Wool, per lb.	30	to	40
Cow hides, No. 1	21	to	28
Cow hides, No. 2	20	to	21
Lambskins, each	1 00	to	1 75
Calfskins, per lb.	40	to	45

GRAIN.

Winnipeg, Jan. 13.—Wheat closed ⅝c higher for May, and ⅝c up for July. Oats were ¼c higher for May, and ¼c up for July. Barley dropped ½c. Flax gained 1¼c. The fluctuations were narrow.

The changes in the week-end prices were narrow. Wheat declined 1⅝c to 2¼c, oats ½c to ⅝c, and flax 1c for the week. Barley was 1c higher for the week.

The trading in the local market was extremely light, as the fluctuations show. A little scalping and some evening up occupied the floor crowd, while the outside interest was a minimum.

In the cash market there was a fair demand, but the holders have no encouragement to sell at the present premiums, which are only carrying charges. The elevator companies bought a few cars. Oats were in fair demand at the same spreads.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Wheat prices tended upward today, owing largely to the diminishing stocks and enlarging clearances for Europe. According to a leading authority, the amount of wheat available for export from the United States between now and July 1 had been reduced to 74,000,000 bushels. On the other hand, the estimated probable clearances this week from Galveston, Texas, and New Orleans alone were 3,000 bushels, and it was said that vessel tonnage at the Gulf ports was becoming more abundant.

Opening prices, which ranged from ¼c off to ⅞c advance, with May at $1 85@1 85¼, and July at $1 49½@1 50¼, were followed by a material upturn all around, but then something of a reaction.

FLOUR.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.—Flour—Winter patents, 47s.

HOPS.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.—Hops (in London)—Pacific coast, £4 15@5 15s.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.—Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 99s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, 95s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, 109s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, 94s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, new, 96s; do. old, 98s; American refined, in pails, 98s 3d; do, boxes, 97s.

CHEESE.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.—Cheese—Canadian finest white, 137s; do, colored, 138s.

Toronto, Jan. 13.—Cheese—New, large 25½c @ 26c; twins, 26c @ 26½c; triplets 26½c @ 27c; Stiltons, 27c @ 27½c.

Montreal, Jan. 13.—Cheese was firm with a fair inquiry and small offerings. Receipts 902 boxes as compared with 2,074 a year ago.

Cheese—Finest westerns, 25c; finest easterns, 24c.

Detroit, Jan. 13.—Cheese—Michigan flats, 22½c; Wisconsin flats, 23¾c; Wisconsin double daisies, 23¾c; New York flats, 25c; long horns, 24½c; Michigan daisies, 23¾c; imported Swiss, 55c @ 60c; domestic Swiss, 27c @ 32c; brick, 23½c; limburger, 1-lb. packages, 24c; do., 2-lb. packages, 23½c per lb.

Liverpool, Jan. 13.—Cheese—Canadian finest white, new, 136s do, colored, new, 137s.

OILS.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.—Tallow—Australan (in London), 55s.

Turpentine Spirits—52s 6d.

Rosin—Common, 23s 9d.

Petroleum—Refined, 1s 2¼d.

Linseed Oil—54s 6d.

Cottonseed Oil (Hull refined)—Spot, 48s 6d.

LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, Jan. 15.—Receipts at the Union Stockyards today were 3,761 cattle, 202 calves, 740 hogs and 678 sheep. Prices were firm, as follows:

Cattle—Exporters, choice, per cwt, $9 75@10 50; butchers, choice, $8 75@9 50; do, medium, $7 50@8 50; do. common, $6 50@7; do, cows, choice, $7 50@8; do, medium, $6@7; do, canners, $4@4 40; do, bulls, $5@9; feeding steers, $6 75@7 25; stockers, choice, $6 25@7 25; stockers, choice, $6 25@6 60; do, light, $5@6; milkers, choice, each, $50@90; springers, each, $50@90; calves, $5@13.

Sheep—Ewes, cwt, $9@10; bucks and culls, $3@8 50; lambs, $8@14.

Hogs—Fed and watered, cwt, $13 25.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Jan. 13.—Latest livestock quotations here are:

Choice weighty steers	$9 75 to	$10 50
Do. medium	9 00	9 50
Butchers choice handy	8 75	9 50
Do. good	8 25	8 75
Do. medium	7 50	8 75
Do. common	6 50	7 00
Butchers choice cows	7 50	8 00
Do. good	7 25	7 50
Do. medium	5 50	6 75
Butchers bulls choice	7 50	9 00
Do. good	6 75	7 25
Do. medium	5 75	6 50
Do. bologna	5 00	5 50
Feeders, 900 to 1,000 lbs.	6 75	7 25
Do. med. 700 to 800 lbs.	6 00	6 40
Stockers, 700 to 900 lbs.	6 25	6 60
Do. com., light	5 00	5 75
Cutters	4 50	5 25
Canners	4 10	4 40
Milkers, good to choice	80 00	100 00
Do. com. to med	50 00	70 00
Springers	55 00	100 00
Calves, veal, choice	12 00	13 00
Do. medium	8 00	10 50
Do. common	5 00	7 50
Do. grass	5 00	6 00
Spring lambs, choice	13 00	14 00
Do. culls	8 00	10 50
Sheep, ewes, light	9 00	10 00
Do. heavy and bucks	7 50	8 50
Do. culls	3 00	5 00
Hogs, weighed off cars	13 50	....
Do. fed and watered	13 25	....

Less $1 to $2 on light, less $2.50 to $3.50 on sows; less half per cent Government condemnation.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 24,000; market firm; beeves, native, $7 75@11 80; western steers, $7 50@10; stockers and feeders, $5 50@8 85; cows and heifers, $4 45@10; calves, $9 75@14 25.

Hogs—Receipts, 68,000; market slow; light, $10@10 70; mixed, $10 40@10 85; heavy, $10 40@10 90; rough, $10 40@10 55; pigs, $7 85@9 75; bulk of sales at $10 55@10 80.

Sheep—Receipts, 13,000; market firm; wethers, $9 60@10 70; lambs, native, $11 60@14 15.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Jan. 15.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,100 head; steady; shipping steers, $8 50@11 25; butchers, $7@10; heifers, $5 50@9 50; cows, $4 50@8 25; bulls, $5 25@8 50; stockers and feeders, $5 25@7 50; fresh cows and springers steady, $50@115.

Veals—Receipts, 600 head; active, at $5@15 50.

Hogs—Receipts, 8,000 head; active; heavy, mixed and yorkers, $11 50; light yorkers, $10 50@11; pigs, $10 50@10 75; roughs, $10@10 25; stags, $8@8 75.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5,000; active; lambs, $10@14 60; yearlings, $9@13; wethers, $10@10 50; ewes, $5@9 75; mixed sheep, $9 75@10.

COTTON

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

New York, Jan. 15.

	Open.	High.	Low.	2 p.m.
January	17.70	17.70	17.10	17.40
March	17.68	17.70	17.32	17.42
May	17.80	17.86	17.52	17.68
July	17.82	17.86	17.54	17.68
October	16.80	16.80	16.33	16.48
December	16.75	16.80	16.42	16.56

Liverpool, Jan. 15.—Cotton—Futures closed weak; January; 10.43d; January and February, 10.43d; February and March, 10.45d; March and April, 10.50d; April and May, 10.50d; May and June, 10.54d; June and July, 10.52d; July and August, 10.51d; August and September, 10.28d; September and October, 10.05d; October and November, 9.92d; November and December, 9.85d; December and January, 9.81d; January and February, 9.78d.

MONEY.

Paris, Jan. 15.—Prices were firmer on the bourse today. Three per cent rentes, 62 francs 75 centimes for cash; exchange on London, 27 francs 81½ centimes.

New York, Jan. 15.—Bar silver, 74⅝c per ounce.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Jan. 15.—The money market was only slightly affected by applications for the new loan today, as numbers of treasury bills are falling due. Discount rates were quiet.

Banks and other institutions are busy with the loan details, and the stock market was distinctly dull. Even dealings in the old war loan slackened, and it is expected business will not improve for at least a month. Rubber, diamond and a few industrials shares were supported, while American securities were idly steady.

Closing prices were:

Consols, for money	53¼
New 4½ per cent. War Loan	99⅞
Anaconda, £10 shares	£17 7s 6d
Atchison, com.	109⅝
Baltimore & Ohio, xd.	85½
Canadian Pacific	170
Chesapeake & Ohio	66½
Chicago Great Western	14½
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	93½
De Beers	13⅞
Denver & Rio Grande	18
Erie, com.	34¼
Erie, 1st pfd.	49⅝
Grand Trunk	10⅝
Illinois Central	111
Louisville & Nashville	135½
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	9⅞
New York Central	106½
Norfolk & Western	140
Ontario & Western	30
Pennsylvania Railway	59⅝
Rand Mines	3⅝
Reading Railway	104½
Southern Railway	32⅜
Southern Pacific	101½
Union Pacific	153½
United States Steel	117½

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montreal, Jan. 15.—Sales: Bell Telephone, 30 at 144@145; Brazilian, 311 at 45½@44¾; Civic Investment, 33 at 82; Quebec Railway, 25 at 31½; Toronto Railway, 10 at 77; Canada Car, 435 at 28; do., pfd., 488 at 66@67½; Canada Cement, 95 at 63½@63¾; do., pfd., 10 at 95; Canada Locomotive, 35 at 57; Smelting, 25 at 33; Ogilvie, 25 at 142; do., pfd., 25 at 114; MacDonald, 45 at 12¼@13½; Laurentide, 25 at 190; Dominion Steel, 730 at 66@66½; Scotia, 60 at 114½@115⅞; Steel of Canada, 395 at 65¼@66; Wayagamack, 35 at 95; Montreal Cottons, pfd., 10 at 102; Riordan Paper, pfd., 10 at 93; War Loan, $33,200 at 98¼@98⅜; Crown Reserve, 750 at 44; Bank of Montreal, 30 at 234; Royal Bank, 28 at 214. Bonds: National Brewery, $1,000 at 87½; Ogilvie (Series A), $1,000 at 103¾.

WALL STREET.

New York, Jan. 15—Wall Street, 10:30 a.m.—A recovery of 2½ points in United States Rubber and a decline of 2¾ in Central Leather were almost the sole features of interest during today's early dealings. Other active stocks were mostly at higher levels. Motors and accessories also responded to the improvement in rubber shares, with advances ranging from fractions to a point in United States Steel, International Nickel, Marines, Pacific Mail and Pressed Steel Car. Rails were sluggish and irregular, with a 3-point gain in Long Island.

Noon.—Trading became slightly more active later, and prices made additional upward progress, except for a further decline in Central Leather and a setback in Rubber. Most of the better known equipments, coppers, oils, shippings and motors were higher by 1 to 2 points, with 2¼ for Pressed Steel Car. Except for Canadian Pacific, which rose 2 points, rails held back on very light dealings. Little attention was paid to last Saturday's bank statement and other developments over the week-end. Bonds were firm.

1:30—The market was almost motionless during the early afternoon, and changes were mainly towards higher levels. Steel, Reading and Anaconda led the prominent stocks with 1 to 2 points for Industrial Alcohol, New York Airbrake and more obscure specialties.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thomson & McKinnon, brokers, Royal Bank Building, report fluctuations in New York stocks for The Advertiser as follows:

New York, Jan. 15.

	Open.	High.	Low.	1:30.
Trunk Lines and Grangers—				
Baltimore & Ohio	83⅝	83⅞	83⅝	83⅞
Erie, 1st pfd.	47¼	47¼	47⅛	47⅛
Great Northern	116	..	..	..
Illinois Central	105½	105½	105¼	105¼
New Haven	47	..	..	..
N. Y. Central	101	101¼	101	101
Rock Island	30⅞	31¼	30⅞	31
St. Paul	89⅞	90¼	89¾	90
Wabash, com.	14½	..	..	..
Pacifics and Southerns—				
Atchison, com.	104½	..	..	..
Canadian Pacific	158½	160¼	158½	160¼
Louis. & Nash.	131⅝	..	..	..
Southern Pacific	96⅞	..	..	..
Southern Railway	30½	30⅝	30¼	30½
Union Pacific	143¼	144	143½	143¾
Coalers—				
Ches. & Ohio	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝
Lehigh Valley	77⅛	..	..	..
Norfolk & West.	134	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	56⅜	56½	56⅜	56½
Reading Railway	99⅝	100¼	99⅛	100⅛
Industrials—				
Allis-Chalmers	27	27¼	27	27¼
Am. Beet Sugar	92½	..	..	..
American Can	45	45½	45	45¼
American Car	67	67	66⅛	66⅛
Am. Locomotive	75½	76	75½	76
Am. Smelters	106⅜	107⅝	106¼	107⅜
Am. Tel. & Tel.	123½	123½	123⅜	123⅜
American Wool	45⅛	45⅝	45⅛	45⅛
Baldwin Loco	55⅞	56	55¼	55⅜
Central Leather	90½	90¾	88⅛	89½
Corn Products	21⅛	..	..	..
Col. Fuel & Iron	45¼	45⅝	45¼	45⅝
Distillers	25⅛	..	..	..
General Electric	168½	..	..	..
General Motors	109¼	109⅝	107½	109½
G. Northern Ore	35⅜	35½	35⅜	35½
Inter. Nickel	41¼	41¾	41⅛	41¾
Ice Securities	30	..	..	..
Maxwell Motor	52¾	53⅝	52¼	53⅜
Marine, com.	25¼	25½	24¾	25¼
Marine, pfd.	80½	82	80⅛	81½
Studebaker	104¾	105¾	104½	105
U. S. Rubber	60	60	57¼	58
Westinghouse	53	53	52¼	53
Coppers—				
Anaconda Copper	82⅞	84¼	82⅞	84
Butte & Superior	46	46⅜	46	46⅜
Chino Copper	55	55	54½	54½
Inspiration	56	56½	55¾	56½
Miami Copper	40¾	41	40¾	41
Nevada Con.	23½	24⅜	23½	24⅜
Tennessee Copper	14⅜	..	..	..
Utah Copepr	104¾	105¾	104⅝	105⅜
Oils—				
Am. Cotton Oil	49	49	48½	48½
Cal. Petroleum	24¼	..	..	..
New Mexican	104	104½	104	104
Texas Oil	230½	232	229½	232
Steels—				
Crucible Steel	62½	63¾	62	63
Lackawanna	83½	84¼	83½	84¼
Pressed Steel Car	77	78¼	77	78
Railway Steel	50	..	..	..
U. S. Steel	111⅝	112½	111¼	112⅜
U. S. Steel, pfd.	120	..	..	..
Bonds—				
Anglo-French 5's	92⅞	93⅛	92¾	93

Sales to noon, 227,600 shares.

TORONTO MINING EXCHANGE.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Jan. 15.—Morning mining sales: Apex, 500 at 13; Dome Extension, 1000 at 28½, 500 at 28⅜; Dome Lake, 1000 at 62, 30 at 60; Eldorado, 23,500 at 1½, 8000 at 2; Gold Ref. 10,250 at 4⅛; Hollinger, 10 at 690; Home Stake, 500 at 56; Imperial, 1800 at 4¾; Inspiration, 1000 at 24; Jupiter, 100 at 32; McIntyre, 1250 at 197; New Ray, 3200 at 140; Plenarum, 100 at 85; Porcupine Crown, 100 at 83, 1200 at 80, 250 at 79; Tommy Burns, 500 at 50; Tisdale, 1000 at 3⅝; Vipond, 4200 at 50; West Dome, 1500 at 30, 1500 at 30¼; Beaver, 500 at 39¼, 100 at 39; Boston Creek, 2000 at 116, 2600 at 117, 5700 at 118; Chambers, 500 at 16; Coniagas, 5 at 440; Crown Reserve, 300 at 45, 350 at 44; Gifford, 5500 at 4⅞, 300 at 5, 25 at 5¼, 1000 at 5¼ Great Northern, 1200 at 14 Hargraves, 3500 at 18⅜, 1500 at 19; Kenabeek, 500 at 40¼, 12,800 at 40, 2000 at 41¼ (buyers 30); Kerr Lake, 5 at 470; La Rose, 500 at 53; Lorain, 100 at 52; McKinley, 1500 at 50; Peterson, 3000 at 10¾, 200 at 10½; Right of Way, 500 at 5½; Temiskaming, 200 at 62, 2800 at 61.

An investment that never depreciates or defaults—Compound Investment Policy.

Crown Life Insurance Company TORONTO. zywv

ANGLO-FRENCH BONDS—BEST INVESTMENT in the world. Conversion privilege worth ten points. Send for circular. EDWARD CRONYN & CO CRONYN BUILDING, TORONTO.

AZALEAS $1.00 DICKS The Quality Flower Shop. 235 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 1297. zxv

Good Dry Slabs Per Load $2.25 D. H. Gillies & Son PHONE 1312.

London: Ground Floor, Royal Bank Bldg. Phone 213 — Thomson & Mckinnon BROKERS — The Rookery, Chicago.

Stocks Bonds — MEMBERS New York Stock Exchange. New York Cotton Exchange. Chicago Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade. — Grain Cotton

Direct Wires New York, Chicago, Toronto, Winnipeg.

DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING

ROOM 16, ON GROUND FLOOR, WILL BE VACANT 1ST JANUARY, 1917. GOOD FOR BROKER'S OFFICE. APPLY

THE DOMINION SAVINGS AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY

NATHANIEL MILLS, Manager. zx

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OUR SPECIAL BLEND OF COFFEE

BEST VALUE IN THE CITY FOR 45c PER POUND.

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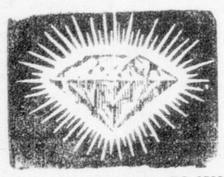
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Ten-pound pail $1.40

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Diamond Merchants and Jewelers.

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EYES EXAMINED

No drugs used.

GLASSES GROUND AND FITTED

At very moderate cost.



A GOOD SHOE

That Will Give You Great Satisfaction,

All Black Kid $5 50.

THE SAME SHOE IN DRESS QUALITY.

In black kid, with white kid top; in tan calf, with dark brown kid top; also in tan calf with brown suede calf top. All high laced, with Louis heel, and in all sizes and widths.

$7, $7.50, $8, $8 50

AT

COOK'S,

Two-In-One Shoe Store,

Richmond and Dundas.

BOTH CALLS SUSTAINED.

BLYTH, Jan. 12.—The Huron Presbytery has sustained the call of Rev. J. E. Hogg, B.D., of Southampton, to the Willis Presbyterian Church, Clinton, and to Mr. George Telford of Carleton Place, who has been called to the St. Andrew's congregation at Blyth. Mr. Telford is soon to be ordained. Rev. Hogg will be inducted at Clinton on January 25.

AN EVENING'S COMFORT.

Nothing conduces more to one's comfort on these winter evenings than to have the feet warmly ensconced in cosy slippers. We carry a full line at popular prices. Come in and supply yourself with a pair. Casselman Bros., 171 Dundas street. b

MAY COME TO LONDON.

CHATHAM, Jan. 13.—Col. Neil Smith, 186th Kent Battalion, is confined to his home with a severe cold. In his absence Major J. Baxter, formerly of the 18th Battalion, and who has been recently attached to the 186th, is in command. There are presistent rumors that the Kents will leave very shortly for London or the east.

WAS ANAEMIC FOR OVER A YEAR

Anaemia, or blood turning to water, is caused by the heart becoming deranged, and if the heart becomes weakened it cannot pump the blood as it should. As a result the blood becomes impoverished, and it loses its nourishing qualities. The face becomes pale and thin, and the lips bloodless. There is a weakness, tiredness and loss of weight.

When those suffering from thin or watery blood start taking Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills they can see a change from the outset.

Every dose introduces into the blood those vital elements necessary to mak it rich and red. The pale cheeks take on the rosy hue of health, the weight increases, and the whole being thrills with a new life.

Mrs. R. J. Grey, Fredericton, N. B., writes "When I was a girl working at general house work I overtaxed my strength and became completely run down. For over a year I was very bad with anaemia. A friend told me to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills so I got a box and when it was done I felt and looked so much better I decided to get six more. When I had taken them I had gained not only in strength, but in flesh and color, and best of all was good health."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are 50c a box, three boxes for $1.25 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

RAISE $200,000 FOR PATRIOTIC WORK IS ASSOCIATION PLAN

Will Ask Council to Put Three Mills on Taxes.

ALL NOT CONTRIBUTING

Wealthy Citizen Told Collectors He Could Not Give Anything.

The first meeting of the members of the London Patriotic Association for 1917 was held in the city hall on Saturday afternoon. If the large number of citizens present, and the enthusiasm they displayed, may be taken as an indication, the work of the association will certainly be done this year as well in previous years.

The minutes of the previous meeting on January 27, 1916, were read and adopted. In the minutes was a summary of the new constitution, which had been adopted, doing away with the executive committee and affiliating the London association with the Canadian Patriotic Association, with headquarters at Ottawa.

On motion it was decided that the organization be known as the London Patriotic Association instead of the executive committee, and that the relief and finance committees be in charge of the work.

$8,000 Not Paid.

The treasurer's report showed that of $140,000 subscribed last year, about $8,000 was unpaid. A letter from Honorary Secretary Sir Herbert B. Ames stated that the slogan for the Canadian fund for 1917 would be "a million a month." This amount would be required for the work this year. Of the $12,000,000 required, the various provincial governments will be asked to raise $3,000,000 and the remainder will be left for the various branches of the association to collect.

The letter also stated that Ontario had supplied 42 per cent of the enlisted men and 45 per cent of the money raised for the association. It was suggested that Toronto raise $2,000,000, Hamilton $400,000, Ottawa $350,000 and London $200,000.

The report of the relief committee was presented by Chairman W. M. Spencer. About 2,000 families have received assistance in the two years. About 1,200 have been removed through various causes, leaving 778 on the list at present. One of the great tasks of the committee has been to see that those who no longer needed the assistance were taken off the list as soon as possible. Much information and advice has also been given out at the office of the committee. When the interest received on the funds in the bank was deducted, it was found that the expense of handling the fund amounted to less than 1 per cent of the amount of money distributed. In other words over 99 cents out of every dollar paid in was paid out to those receiving the fund.

Striking Committee.

It was decided on a motion that a striking committee be appointed to choose members of the finance and relief committees and to report to a meeting to be held two weeks later. President Gartshore chose the following: George H. Belton, Ray Lawson, A. W. White, T. W. McFarland, J. P. Moore.

The methods by which the $200,000 was to be raised, called forth considerable discussion. It was urged that some people who were well able to pay, were dodging, and that the only way to reach them, and avoid placing the burden on the few, was through the tax rate.

One very wealthy citizen was mentioned, who, it was stated, told one collector that he would make his donation to a certain other collector. When collector number two called, he was told that number one was the only man he would care to give to. Number one called again and was told the same story as before. Number two again called and was told by the wealthy citizen that he couldn't give anything as he was afraid he would die in the poorhouse.

Three Mill Rate.

On a motion by Arthur White, it was decided to ask the council to levy a three mill rate, and the exemptions on business buildings or factories to be waived. In audition it was decided to name a committee to call on a list of citizens and that popular subscriptions be solicited through a newspaper campaign.

It was also decided that a completely audited account of both the Red Cross and patriotic fund funds be published, containing an appended list of those who subscribed, the amounts paid by each person, and the reason, if any, why the amount promised was not paid.

A standing vote of thanks was carried amid loud applause to W. M. Spencer, chairman of the relief committee, for the excellent manner in which he had accomplished his work. His resignation was accepted with regret.

Coming to London.

A communication from Sir Herbert Ames was read, stating that he would be in London on Friday, January 26, to address the county council and meet the local committee.

Both the board of trade, through George H. Belton, and the Canadian Club through Dr. Waller, offered to have him address the Patriotic Association under their auspices. It was left to a committee composed of Dr. Waller, Major Cronyn, W. M. Spencer and Col. Gartshore, to decide what arrangements should be made to meet Sir Herbert Ames.

PHOTOPLAY NEWS

An Extraordinary Attraction at the Lyric All This Week.

Dr. Zeil Hunt, the deaf-mute, who learned to talk, will be the feature attraction at the Lyric all the week beginning today. His program will include music, comedy, dancing, art, hypontism and mind reading. Dr. Hunt deals mostly with the scientific phases of hypnosis, and will perform operations using hypnosis instead of ether or chloroform, and do other sensational feats showing the power of a master mind. This will be the talk of the town.

Lyric, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, "A Man's Making"

Is just what its title indicates—the making of a man. In this photoplay feature of five wonderful acts as produced by the Lubin Company, featuring Richard Buhler and Rosetta Brice, is shown a story of success in life as won against terrific odds. Its hero goes down to the very depths of despair, he goes hungry, his pride and heart are both broken. Disgusted with life he is about to give up, when she, the right girl, comes into the way of the human derelict. From thence on step by step he rises in the world until he regenerates himself in the eyes of mankind. His father, who had cast him off, is saved from ruin by the boy. Together the two men fight their way to victory and success. The boy and the girl, two loving hearts, are united and all is well.

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THE SUPREME QUALITY

40c, 45c, 55c, 65c and $1.00 per pound.

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SHUDDERS FOR FATE OF WHOLE WORLD IF GERMANY SHOULD WIN

Ghastly, Horrible and Devilishly Cruel, Says Dr. Silcox.

ARE DAMNABLY INHUMAN

Treatment of Belgians, Armenians and Serbians Most Revolting.

"In these days," said Dr. Silcox, in the course of his sermon on "Why Do We Fight?" last evening, "one hardly knows how to preach or what to preach about—other than the great moral issues facing us in this great war.

"The laws of God are for the nation as well as for the individual.

"As nation-builders, the people of this Dominion to whom God in his marvellous providence has given millions upon millions of virgin soil to be occupied in the years to come, should remember and consider what God requires of us as a nation.

"Let us to the fullest extent of our ability build up this nation to do justice to all nations and peoples. This is statesmanship, for statesmanship consists in finding out the way Almighty God is going, and then going that way ourselves.

"But you say, 'Does it not seem that war is the contradiction of all these high divine ideals of national life'

"Can we, as a Christian nation, engage in deadly warfare with other nations?

"If statesmanship means walking in the way Almighty God leads, can we say God is leading us to war against the nations leagued against us over the seas?

"What are we warring for?

"Our sons, the best of Canada's young manhood have gone over the seas, and are going, to stand with Great Britain, and her allies, in deadly warfare with Germany, and her allies. Why do we fight? Great Britain and her allies have given their answer to that question within the last three days.

Got His Answer.

"The president of the United States asked that the nations at war, should state definitely what they are warring for and on what conditions they would consent to peace.

"This is in itself a reasonable request, and to it, Great Britain and her allies have given to the world an intelligent and reasonable reply.

"The neutral nations of Europe commend the reply.

"We are fighting in a war which we neither willed nor provoked. We are fighting in a war which we did everything we could to avoid. We are fighting in a war which we desire to terminate as soon as it is possible to do so with honor to ourselves and justice to the oppressed.

"We are fighting to liberate Europe from the brutal covetousness of Prussian militarism.

"We are fighting for the enfranchisement of populations, subject to the bloody tyranny of Turks. We are fighting to maintain the supremacy and sanctity of international law, among the nations of the earth.

"We are fighting to maintain the principle that the small nations of the earth have equal right with the large nations, to their own language, religion, institutions, government, so long as they do not interfere with their neighbor nation.

"Naboth has as much right to his little vineyard as Ahab to his wide estates. We are fighting to safeguard the independence of people, of rights, of humanity, and for the continuance and supremacy of a Christian civilization on earth, in opposition to the reign of barbaric brute force.

Would End Justice.

"If the Teuton and the Turk are victorious in this great world-war, if the things that Teuton and Turks stand for, gain the supremacy and are triumphant, what basis have we to hope for liberty, justice, humanity, democracy, in Europe and the east?

"The Teuton's treatment of the Belgians, the Turks' treatment of the Armenians, are so ghastly horrible, so damnably inhuman, so devilishly cruel, that one shudders for the fate of the world, if these enemies of righteousness and mercy should conquer and prevail.

"The enthronement of Teuton and Turk over the world's destinies means the enthronement of militarism and massacre over this fair world of God.

"I speak words of fact and truth when I say that today the kaiser stands out before the world as the embodiment of monarchic militarism, just as the sultan stands out as the embodiment of merciless massacre.

"These twin enemies of God and man, militarism and massacre, must be struck to the death, and be buried in a grave so deep that resurrection will be forever impossible, if philanthropy and humanity are to have a place on this broad earth, and 'the angels' song of goodwill to man be a working principle wherever man is found.

"You ask me, 'Why do we fight?' I answer, to rescue mankind from the blackest catastrophe that ever threatened the world since the day Cain lifted his impious hand against his innocent brother at the altar. Search the pages of history as far back as its records reach, and you will fail to find crimes blacker or fouler than the crimes that the Teuton and the Turk have committed and gloried in this present war began.

"These rulers have covered themselves and their nations in a shame so black that there is not rain enough in God's sweet heaven to wash their garments white again.

"What the name Judas is among men, the name Germany and Turkey will be among the nations in all the circles of the sun.

The woe that God pronounced upon Nineveh and Thebes because of their lustful savagery and cruelty, will fall upon modern nations who practice the same vilenesses.

Colossal Crimes.

"The colossal crimes committed by Germany and Turkey since this war began should make these nations tremble for the coming retribution.

"We must keep before us the purpose that led England to enter the war.

"It is true, as Lloyd George said recently: 'There is a time in every prolonged war, in the passionate rage of the conflict when men forget the high purpose with which they entered into it.'

"Why do we fight is a question we must ever be ready to answer. Just as we should be ready to give answer for the faith that is in us. So we should be ready to give answer for the fight that is in us, especially when we are in a fight that we did not provoke, and tried to avoid, but being once in are bound to continue until the ends we fight for are attained.

"'Thrice is he armed who has his quarrel just.'

"We believe that the things we fight for are worth fighting for, and for these things we will fight till fighting days are over. The task rolled upon us is so momentous that we dare not shrink back until it is accomplished.

"To see clearly and answer definitely why we fight, consider the situation that confronts us as a nation and a people.

"Consider the vital issues that are at stake, and which make their mute appeal for decision.

"The situation of Great Britain and her allies, the evils she has been called on to battle against and overcome, have been well stated by a manifesto issued by a few of the clearest thinkers in United States. These men deplore war, and long for peace, but they say distinctly that peace without righteousness at this time would be a disaster to civilization and the world.

"These men jurists, editors, educators, bishops, ministers, statesmen, men versed in ethical problems, men with keen and accurate insight into the righteousness and wrongness of human actions, have put the situation in the form of questions, these questions constituting a terrible arraignment of the nations leagued against us.

Belgium's Treatment.

"These are the question: The ravage of Belgium and the enslavement of her people—was it right or wrong?

"Was it a permissible precaution or an unpardonable crime—the massacre of a million Armenians?

"Was the desolation of Serbia and Poland a regrettable necessity or a frightful injustice?

"Was the destruction of life through the sinking of the Lusitania and other ships an ordinary incident of warfare, or a deliberate and premeditated murder?

"Is the starvation of Jews and Syrians in the Holy Land an accident of economics, or a violation of the laws of God and man?

"Was the attempt to array Moslems against Christians in a 'holy war' a laudable act of imperial statesmanship, or was it the treachery of a Christian monarch?

"The intimidation of small nations and the violation of international agreements, are these things excusable under provocation, or damnable under all circumstances?

"Ponder these questions, study the arraignment of the nations against us. Consider those fitting statements, 'frightful injustice,' 'deliberate and premeditated murder,' 'violation of the laws of God and man,' 'treachery of a Christian monarch,' 'damnable under all circumstances' and then ask—why do we fight!

Must Be Punished.

"Nations that deliberately and continuously commit such colossal crimes as are here enumerated should not be allowed to go on in that career of crime, unchecked and unmolested.

"The neutral nations of the world know that Germany and Turkey are criminal nations, and should be treated as such. They have no right to stand among decent nations so long as they hold and practice the theory that might makes right, and that moral laws have no jurisdiction over nations. If the things Great Britain stands for are right, they are worth fighting for, and every man with red blood in his veins and a sense of right in his soul will stand up and fight for them until they are dominant on this earth everywhere.

"Duty calls us to arise and defend the civilization that has been bequeathed to us by the generations preceding us. We face a crisis such as no nation or people before us ever faced. A world crisis faces us, a crisis that will issue either in glorious achievement or disastrous failure.

"No man in the Dominion can say this is no fight of mine. The man who says so is playing the fool. The fate of freedom for ages is being decided by this great world conflict. The hour that confronts us is serious and perilous.

We, individually and personally, must take this conflict on our hearts and consciences and pledge that we will do to our utmost, the duty placed on us. Shame, eternal shame, to the one who shrinks today from answering that high call of heroic devotion to the flag that stands for justice, liberty, humanity, wherever its folds of freedom wave."

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Taylor's 6 Cut-Rate Drug Stores

2

IS 101 YEARS OLD.

OWEN SOUND, Jan. 14.—Mrs. Ann Brown, Grey County's centenarian, has just celebrated her 101st birthday. She is in excellent health.

Balance your living accounts each day, and happy you if you find the credit on the side of BEING, instead of HAVING.—Oliver V. Rich.

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Mammoth Shoe Sale

Starting Thursday Morning, Jan 18. Watch Tomorrow's Papers for the Biggest List of Bargains Ever Announced.

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Opp. Majestic Theatre

Knechtel & Company

JUMPED TRACKS.

G. T. R. mogul No. 671 jumped the tracks at Adelaide street Sunday while backing to the coal chutes. The tender stared south on Adelaide street. The engine was pulled back by other locomotives and no damage was done.

STEADILY IMPROVING.

Rev. Dr. Silcox of the First Congregational Church has received word that his son, Lance-Corp. A. B. Silcox, who is ill with pneumonia in England is steadily improving.

DEATH OF JOHN

John Irwin, one of t engineers on the Gra secretary of the local lo Engineers, died at his l das street, last evening ill for several weeks.

The Story Of 1916

THE business of the London Life Insurance Compan showed continued remarkable progress in 1916. Th new business written, entirely in Canada, was $2,000,00 greater than in the previous year---a gain of 18 per cen The increase in business in force was $3,000,000 greater tha in the previous year---making the total in force at 31st Decem ber 1916, 20 per cent greater than at the end of the previou year.

The following comparative statement shows the progress for the past ten years:

	1906	1911	1916
Insurance in Force	$10,376,413	$20,237,984	$41,715,317
Insurance Issued	3,387,774	7,369,183	13,036,445
Total Assets	2,100,394	3,589,797	6,975,763
Policy Reserves	1,901,815	3,278,616	6,294,974
Income	543,660	959,194	1,973,780
Policies in Force	66,025	99,627	151,544

The Company's action in waiving all restrictions as to Active Service under policies issued prior to the declaration of war has meant a very considerable additional strain, which however, has been fully met out of the earnings of the Company, in addition to the amount required to maintain the present liberal profit scale. Quinquennial distributions of profits in 1917 will be larger than ever.

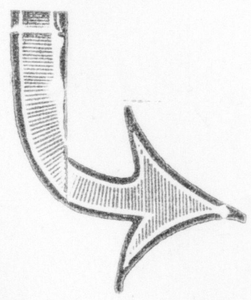
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