

The Standard

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TEN PAGES

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 20, 1917.

WEATHER—FAIR

PRICE: TWO CENTS.

LEADING LIBERAL FOR COMPULSION; BRITISH CAMPIGNING IN GREECE

NEW HEAD OF SCOTIA STEEL CO.

Frank H. Crookard of T. C. I. Co., is Elected President.

MR. CANTLEY BECOMES CHAIRMAN OF BOARD

Resumption of Cash Dividends, Increase of Capital and Bonus.

Special to The Standard.

Montreal, June 19.—Announcements forthcoming from a meeting of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co. directors, held here today, covered a wide range of ground and included the resumption of cash dividends on the common stock, a new issue of common shares at par and a stock bonus of 20 per cent. in which holders of the old stock and the new issue as well will participate.

In addition to that it was announced that a new president had been elected in the person of Frank H. Crookard, vice-president and general manager of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Co., Col. Cantley, the retiring president, becoming chairman of the board.

Supplementing all this was a reiteration of a previous statement from the company that there was no intention to erect a steel plant in the United States.

Common stock dividends are resumed with a declaration of 2 1/2 p. c. for the first half of the current year. Shareholders of record June 30th will also be offered \$5,000,000 new common stock at par.

The effect of this will be to raise the issued common stock up from \$7,500,000 to \$12,500,000.

TWO LOST IN FLOOD

Quebec, June 19.—The booms of the Bessley Lumber Co. on the Chaudiere River broke today through the floods and thousands of cords of pulp and lumber wood are adrift on the St. Lawrence. Two persons, a young man and a girl, have been drowned.

DAUGHTER OF LATE JUDGE LANDRY WEDS

Dorchester, June 19.—St. Edward's R. C. church was the scene of an interesting wedding yesterday when Miss Marie Landry, daughter of the late Sir Pierre A. Landry became the bride of William A. Palmer, son of F. C. Palmer, a merchant of Dorchester. Rev. Father Dufour officiated. The wedding was a quiet affair on account of a recent bereavement in the bride's family.

A little boy was arrested last night by the police for stealing fifty cents from his sister.

THE CROSS-COUNTRY FOX CHASE

Now that Fox the Fugitive has been captured in St. John after being hunted fourteen days and the reward paid to his captor the Fugitive's Flight will be extended through the Province of New Brunswick; and The Standard will

Pay Cash Rewards in All Towns Where Caught

This is the opportunity for those who have been asking The Standard to give its readers through the province a chance. To be fair with every town the capture pays reward only to the residents of the community where Fox is caught.

No Notice When He is Coming to Each Town—Any Day You May See Him With You—Watch Strangers.

Story of how Fox was concealed in city—Page 3.

Laurier's Stand on the Conscription Issue is Rejected by Guthrie

Prominent Ontario Liberal Leader Announces That He Will Support Compulsion Measure of Sir Robert Borden's Government.

VOTE ON QUESTION MAY BE TAKEN SOMETIME BEFORE CLOSE OF WEEK

Other Liberals Will Undoubtedly Support Conscription—Sir Sam Hughes Supports Bill—Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux Makes Unpatriotic Address.

(By ALFRED E. McGINLEY.)

Ottawa, June 19, (Special to The Standard.)—If it is permissible to use the language of the sporting column to describe the situation at Ottawa today it can fairly be said that Sir George E. Foster by his eloquent address of Monday so completely put "the Indian sign" on the opposition to the conscription measure that the life seems to have gone out of it and it is an open question now whether a division on the measure will not be reached before the end of the present week.

In the House this afternoon Mr. Guthrie, the stalwart Liberal member for South Wellington, openly announced that he had broken with his leader on the question of compulsory service and would support the government measure. Mr. Guthrie is the first Liberal to do declare himself on the floors of the House, although it has been reported for several days that a majority of the opposition members from Ontario and the west will also support the measure designed to help win the war.

Speaks Two Hours.

Mr. Guthrie spoke for two hours resuming after the dinner recess. His address, which dealt thoroughly and fairly with all the phases of the difficulty now facing the Canadian people, was moderate in language and high in tone, and at the conclusion he expressed the hope that a coalition agreement would yet be reached by which both parties could solidly unite for the purpose of assisting in every way the measures necessary to the winning of the war. In opening Mr. Guthrie stated that he disagreed with Sir Wilfrid's contention that the government had no authority to conscript man power for military service. The military act now on the statute book gave that power in more drastic form than proposed by the new bill. He could not believe that the government would be content with the mere conscription of man-power and hoped a measure would be adopted which would cause the possession of large incomes to contribute more liberally in the future than in the past.

Equality With Britain.

In this matter he believed that the people of Canada earnestly desired to be placed on a straight equality with the people of Great Britain and that any sacrifice that Britain did not deem too great would not be too great for this country. If the government should decide to take wealth as well as men, he was sure they would be backed by tremendous majorities of

the people from the Atlantic to the Pacific. He then outlined the relationship in which Canada stood to the rest of the empire in this war, and again disagreed with his leader in Sir Wilfrid's contention that the government should have incepted conscription three years ago, and after promising to rely on the voluntary system so long had no right to change now without consulting the people. "It was not difficult to be all-wise," said Mr. Guthrie, "after events had transpired that made conscription necessary," but he did not believe any government would have seen at the outbreak of the war that it would ever be obliged to resort to such a method of filling the armies.

U. S. Had Experience.

The government of Great Britain did not think so or they would have incepted conscription methods three years ago. The people of the United States, who they started with compulsory service had had the experience of Great Britain and Canada as a guide, and consequently their case could not be used to judge our own. He introduced a new phase into the discussion by stating his belief that the bill gave the government power to draft men for service in the necessary pursuits of the country as well as in war, and instanced the value of this. In his own country he knew two farmers. One a young man of thirty had a 200 acre farm and 80 head of cattle, but could get no help. The other, adjoining, had 100 acres and two sons to help him work it. Three men on one farm and one on another and larger one, if in the measure proposed by the government there was a provision that one man could be taken from the smaller farm and sent to help his neighbor, so as to provide an equality of labor it would be of vast value to Canada.

Labor's Attitude.

Dealing with the attitude of the labor men, he said he did not regard it too seriously. Most of the opposition from that quarter came not from the real organized labor but from the few leaders of Social Democratic tendencies which he did not believe were helpful or valuable in such a time as this.

In conclusion he said: "The call is for men. It comes from the trenches, the hospitals, the returned soldiers and even from the dead. No one can successfully contend that the people of Canada are not under a distinct and solemn obligation to aid those boys who have gone overseas and will fight the battles of the Empire."

He announced that he would support the measure for conscription without a referendum, that he would also support an extension of the parliamentary term until the war was over and (Continued on page 4.)

TEACHERS WILL GET NO RAISE

Fredericton, June 20.—Premier Foster announced last night that he was not in a position to deal with the question of increasing the salaries of school teachers at this season.

The House met at 8 o'clock. Mr. Burchill presented the report of the corporation committee which among other things recommended that the St. John River Hydro-electric Company's bill be not further proceeded with.

Mr. Potts said the bill referred to related to one of the most important matters that the House had been asked to deal with for some time and he thought it should have the consideration of the whole House. One of the most urgent requirements of the present day was cheaper power which this bill was intended to promote. The bill was referred to the committee of the whole House.

Hon. Mr. Smith (Minister of Lands and Mines) laid before the House the report of the director of the Crown land survey.

Opposition Leader's Enquiries.

Hon. Mr. Murray (King) gave notice of enquiries as follows: "As to the amounts paid to each member of the present government for travelling expenses, what travelling had been done since the 17th of May by Mr. E. S. Carter in connection with his position as secretary of the Valley Railway, or in his position as secretary to the premier, and also what salary, if any, had been paid him in either capacity, what members of the government have visited England on public business since 1900 and what expenses were paid for each."

French Statement

Paris, June 19.—The official report

HON. MR. HANNA NAMED FOOD CONTROLLER

Provincial Secretary of Ontario and Leading Member of Bar of That Province.

Ottawa, June 19.—(Canadian Press) A. Robert Borden announced in the House this afternoon that Hon. W. J. Hanna had been appointed food controller for Canada.

TWO ARRESTED FOR MURDER

Fredericton, June 19.—By order of the attorney-general two arrests were made today in connection with the death of Marvin Thomas near Fredericton Junction on May 12—Thomas' remains were found in the ruins of his burned home.

A coroner's jury on June 9 found that suspicion rested on Mrs. Thomas and Frank Morey.

Inspector Wilson Talks

The bill to amend the prohibition act, with the section providing for the bringing into force of the Doherty act, left out, has been passed and it now only awaits the assent of the governor to bring it into force.

Inspector Wilson, in an interview with the Standard yesterday stated that according to this amendment no person without a license could sell, keep for sale or offer for sale any temperance drinks mentioned in sections 190 and 181 of the act, and he hopes that all interested will take note of the act accordingly. He also said that beer licenses would be issued the last of June or the first of July.

Round House Contracts

The contract for the extension to the C. P. R. round house at Bayshore has been awarded to the engineering and contracting firm of Grant & Horse. Work will be commenced immediately on its erection.

Police Force Snapped.

Chief of Police D. W. Simpson and the members of the force had their pictures taken yesterday afternoon in front of the police headquarters. There were about forty in the group.

BRITISH FORCES CLEAR NUMBER OF VILLAGES ON THE RIVER STRUMA

The Troops of Great Britain Withdraw from Point East of the Stream Because of Coming of the Malaria Season.

BRITISH PARTICIPATING IN THE OCCUPATION OF GREEK GROUND

No Fighting in France of Consequence—French Hold Important Points in Thessaly—Austrians Steal March on Italians.

London, June 19.—An official statement from British headquarters at Saloniki issued tonight reads: "Owing to the advent of the malaria season our troops east of the Struma have been somewhat withdrawn. Our patrols are active on the east bank and have cleared Homonios, Jenikoi, Cuncilik, Cavdarmah, Elisan and Hazar, which small hostile detachments had occupied. The ground evacuated by us is completely dominated by our positions on the hills west of the river.

"British detachments are participating in the occupation of Thessaly and Piraeus."

French Statement
Paris, June 19.—The official report

MR. TENNANT A PARTNER IN CONTRACTING CO.; NO MONEY USED FOR POLITICAL PURPOSES

Mr. Lindsay Swears His Company Was Never Asked to Contribute One Cent—Produces Agreement with Mr. Tennant Drawn by Liberal Lawyers Entitling Him to Share of Profits as Partner—Mr. Tennant Says Transaction Purely Business One and He Has Money Intact.

That no person connected with the late government, directly or indirectly, or in fact no citizen of New Brunswick had ever asked either him or his company to contribute one dollar to any alleged campaign fund was the statement made yesterday at the Valley Railway inquiry before Commissioner J. M. Stevens, K.C., by G. Howard Lindsay, vice-president and managing director of the Nova Scotia Construction Company, the contractors on the work, who also swore that he did not contribute to any fund for political purposes or for any other purpose. Mr. Lindsay further stated that the payments made to Mr. W. B. Tennant of this city were from the company's own bank account and as remuneration to Mr. Tennant for valuable services that he had carried on during the past four years in connection with large undertakings in which the company had been interested in New Brunswick. He presented written correspondence with Mr. Tennant appointing the latter the agent for the company in the province and taking him in as a partner on their contract with the St. John and Quebec Railway Co., as well as the sealed contract between the contracting company and Mr. Tennant, drawn by the well known firm of Liberal lawyers, Barnhill, Ewing and Sanford, and approved of by the company's solicitor, Chas. J. Burchell, K.C., of Halifax, a law partner of the Hon. A. K. McLean, one of the leaders of the Liberal party at Ottawa, providing for the payment to Mr. Tennant of the amounts he received. Mr. Lindsay swore that his company's tender for the work was the lowest received by the commissioners, that his dealings with Mr. Tennant were of a purely business character and that it being necessary under the provincial act to have an agent in New Brunswick, he appointed Mr. Tennant to that position using his own judgment entirely.

Several attempts to connect the payments to Mr. Tennant with campaign funds signally failed and Mr. Lindsay left no doubt whatever in the minds of his hearers that his relations with Mr. Tennant were of a strictly business character. He also made the statement that he himself signed the contract and that Mr. Coddino who was on the stand a few weeks ago had nothing what ever to do with the closing of it.

Mr. Tennant also took the stand yesterday morning and corroborated in every particular the testimony of Mr. Lindsay. He said he had received money as his profits as partner in the company, that he had not used a dollar of it for political purposes, di-

rectly or indirectly, and that he had the money in his business and intended to keep it there. He told of his connection with the company commencing four years ago until the present time and stated that his course in the matter had been similar to his dealings with other projects with which he had been associated.

The Times last evening misrepresented Mr. Tennant's evidence in an important particular. The Times stated that Mr. Tennant admitted that he did not expect the public to believe his statement, that none of the money he received was used for political purposes. Mr. Tennant made no such statement. What he did say was that he did not care whether the public

A CANADIAN COMMANDS CANADIANS

Sir Arthur Currie Succeeds Sir Julian Byng at the Front.

VICE-ADMIRAL SIMS HONORED BY BRITAIN

Native of Canada in Charge of Operations in Irish Waters.

Canadian Headquarters in France, via London, June 19.—(By Stewart Lyon, special correspondent of the Canadian Press)—Sir Arthur Currie, who has been acting commander of the Canadian corps since Sir Julian Byng left, returned to headquarters this morning, has been authorized to take over the command.

Sir Arthur came to France with the original Canadian overseas contingent as a brigadier, and has had a part in all the major engagements of the corps. His appointment greatly pleases the men in the trenches. He is the first Canadian to command the corps.

Admiral Sims Placed.
London, June 19.—Vice-Admiral Wm. S. Sims, U. S. N., has been appointed to take general charge of the operations of the Allied naval forces in Irish waters.

Admiral Sims will act in this capacity while the British naval commander-in-chief is absent from his post for a period, the official announcement of his appointment explains. The American admiral's flag meanwhile has been hoisted at the Allied senior officer in these waters. The vice-admiral is a native of Ontario.

CASUALTIES

Ottawa, June 19.—Casualties:

Infantry.
Wounded: Walker, Campbellton, N. B. W. T. Brennan, Clark's Harbor, N. S.

MOUNTED RIFLES.
Wounded: Degreche, Jacques River, N. B. Infantry.
Wounded: W. S. Hamilton, St. John's, N. B. J. G. Gagnier, Fredericton, N. B. Gas poisoning: C. D. Garnett, St. John's, N. B.

SUFFRAGE FOR WOMEN

London, June 19.—The House of Commons tonight, by a large majority, passed the final reading of the clause in the electoral reform bill dealing with the question of woman suffrage. It is expected that a proposal will now be made that the franchise be conferred on women.

It is believed it or not, but that he was stating what was true.

An attempt on the part of counsel for the government to show that there was collusion between Kennedy and Macdonald and the Nova Scotia Construction Company in making up their tenders was vigorously denied by Mr. Lindsay, who also explained that the increased prices his company received for the Centreville-and-over section of the railway were given in view of the extraordinary conditions of the increased cost of labor and material and the absolute certainty that the company could not perform the work at the figures of the tender for the Gagetown-Westfield section except at a big loss.

Mr. M. G. Teed, K.C., appeared for the Nova Scotia Construction Company, Ltd., and Mr. Tennant, at yesterday's session. No evidence was taken in the afternoon, the inquiry being adjourned for three weeks at the request of Mr. F. B. Carvell, who stated that he felt he should be in his seat in the Federal House, a belief which is entertained by every citizen of New Brunswick. Before the inquiry is resumed, Mr. Teed and Mr. Carvell will meet Mr. Tennant with a view of eliminating matters irrelevant to the inquiry. At yesterday's session the government counsel delivered into matters both relevant and irrelevant, but though his searchings were exhaustive, he failed to connect the payment of the money with any political fund, which seemed to be his whole purpose and desire.

Continued on page two.

FOX THE FUGITIVE WITH THREE ALIASES; TWO SEPARATE CHARACTERS HE ASSUMED

Blue Serge
in Doubt

a winner. An ample ready tailored. Some bright finish; some in cheviot; others in cheviot.

of the moderately rough we have sold for several with the utmost satisfaction. It is guaranteed when the to sold there's no more. The price is \$25—Costs and two button socks. to your measure by our

Suits at \$20, \$25, \$30 dependable in every respect.
ur's, 68 King St.
day Evenings.
Close Saturdays 1 p. m.

"Take the very day when fall was present, the leader ment asked me if I could on recruiting; and more- right honorable leader of the pointed out—if he wants story I will gladly give it— out that there was a tre- mark was made here in the about going out to find Fox The Fugitive."

I assured her that I overheard it. This conversation occurred in the large, bow window front parlor at No. 127 Duke street, where my luggage makes a congregation of four people, though the room is large. It's a fine locality, with cars passing the door and only three 'blocks' from King street, the central neighborhood with many shops on Charlotte street, a half block below, large and small.

Dick's drug store is just a few steps from our entrance. The street is Vanwert Bros. grocery, business places largely patronized and well known. Round the plumber in right nearby. And indeed it was in Rouse's girl gave me pointers about rooming places nearby. That was when a preliminary trip into St. John I spent a week before the first story of Fox The Fugitive appeared in "The Standard." At that time I registered at the Clifton Hotel, where while I was in the waiting room I overheard a travelling man looking over the register, read off my name and say to the clerk, "Fox the Fugitive. The travelling man didn't recognize me when I passed out. He had learned the connection between name and alias over in Nova Scotia where I had been chased and captured in Halifax and several outside towns. It made no difference for me, but it did for the man I met. I left the city that day after securing the pleasantest and most satisfactory living accommodations I have been accustomed to getting in the eleven years I have been chased.

Miss Snodgrass is a lady of benevolence. Such as one of the school with broad distinctions between lady and female—and a marked difference between hostess, such as I regarded her, and landlady.

The house is one of a double, high brick and stone front with triple-windowed bays out of which I could watch the procession from the security of real lace curtains.

I soon found that so far as Miss Snodgrass was concerned I was in safe concealment. But she had called her so well had I managed that I had little reason to fear unfortunate disclosures. I lived here, taking meals outside under an alias, and in present ed quite effective proofs that I was engaged in a professional career. From the public library, where Miss Vaughan kindly gave me assistance, I brought into my room scraps of writing from local history, which made plausible if they were noticed my representations that I was compiling a "history of St. John and New Brunswick."

My absence was accounted for to my hostess with letters I had mailed outside of the city. If it were charged in her presence that she was possibly harboring the fugitive for whom the town was hunting, she could point my history work in manuscript and mention my being "out of town" claims with which I had misled her, but were plausible reasons for not suspecting me. Evidently they were not needed here.

10c each
Orlando
10c each
WEBSTERS "Orlando" Cigars "The Prince of Good Smokes"
Pure Havana Filler—It looks good, smells good, tastes good and IS GOOD. 10c. at your dealer.

His Luggage Was Shipped in by Different Express Companies, Each Under a Separate Alias, While His Mail Was Received Under the Third Alias Through the Only Person in St. John in Touch with The Fugitive.

Many Places Fox Ate in and Purchased Supplies That Are Now Mentioned for the First Time, where Hereafter He Will Be Well Known.

(By Fox The Fugitive).
Miss Florence Howard, clerk in F. W. Daniel & Co's, recovered one of the prizes notes that were hidden by me last Friday. I delivered to her personally a pair of gold beauty pins.

"You were not Fox The Fugitive?" Indeed! No you were not," exclaimed Miss Sarah Snodgrass, not prepared to believe that the occupant of her first floor parlor chamber for three weeks could possibly have concealed his identity. Finally convinced this general hostess of mine who had placed at my disposal all the comforts of a roomer without a home could desire, burst into a hearty laugh.

"To think it could be possible! And there was over a hundred dollars in rewards." Then breaking into another laugh she exclaimed: "And last a remark was made here in the house about going out to find Fox The Fugitive."

I assured her that I overheard it. This conversation occurred in the large, bow window front parlor at No. 127 Duke street, where my luggage makes a congregation of four people, though the room is large. It's a fine locality, with cars passing the door and only three 'blocks' from King street, the central neighborhood with many shops on Charlotte street, a half block below, large and small.

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JOHN A. WARWICK
Who Captured Fox the Fugitive.

Now, that is what ran through my mind. Miss Ethel came forward with an innocent smile. I wondered if she thought that would hold me. "I guess I'll yamouse" was my unspoken decision.

The coffee and eggs were on the fire. I flipped a coin on the counter, knowing what their charges were, and said: "I have a severe headache. I can eat nothing this morning." Then I walked into Dick's drug store, only a few doors south where I make a purchase and kept out of sight until Mrs. McKenzie had time to get back into the place.

"If you had returned," she said laughingly over it, "we would have been ready for you." But the restaurant whose eggs were fresh and coffee prime had served my purpose for quite a while.

In the same neighborhood I frequented and patronized Mrs. Richardson's little candy and fruit shop which supplied my room with a good substitute for drinking water; and bought fruit, chocolate and delicatessen for corner Charlotte and Duke.

In the vicinity of my Germain street room among the places I most frequented were W. Alex. Porter's at Union and Waterloo streets, where I established myself on a visiting basis with Charlie Perley the clerk, Brown's drug store on the other corner, Brown's bakery on Waterloo street and the newsvendor next door, both of which are only a few doors from Porter's and the lunch room on the south side of Union, nearby opposite the opera house, where I ate breakfast more than once.

Mr. Porter was troubled from a former injury and was on that account absent from his store for some days. I used to tell Mr. Perley—I always said "Hello Charlie" when I came in. I would tell him how well I knew Mr. Porter and would talk of our old friendship.

I could mention many other places on King Square where I resorted. I ate at the White City, the La Tour eating rooms, and got my Sunday morning breakfast at the Boston. I was forced to keep away from the hotels by means of a quickly as possible in St. John is concerned. And I promise St. John readers that my stories in the chase through the province will interest them.

Mr. Tennant was the next witness called. Examined by counsel for the government:
Q—You have listened to the evidence of Mr. Lindsay?
A—Yes.
Q—And you admit the fact that you were a partner in the Nova Scotia Construction Company?
A—Yes.
Q—And you got the \$120,000?
A—Yes.
Q—What is your occupation?
A—Financial agent, broker, promoter and agent.
Q—You take some active part in politics?
A—Yes.
Q—As a very active supporter of the late government?
A—No, not a very active supporter, but my sympathies were with them.
Q—You were at one time an organizer for Mr. Baxter?
A—I was not.
Q—But you took an active interest?
A—I lived in the county for twelve years long before I knew Mr. Baxter.
Q—Do you know why there were

no other tenders on the second call than those from the Nova Scotia Construction Company and Kennedy & Macdonald?
A—No, I do not. It was a great surprise to me that other companies did not tender. I thought there would be tenders from Foley Bros., Walsh & Stewart and O'Brien, while Corbett was also in the province at the time and I expected was going to tender for the work.

Q—Can you tell me why O'Brien and Foley Bros. did not tender?
A—I have no idea in the world.
Q—Did you have anything to do in preventing them from tendering?
A—Nothing whatever.
Q—Why did you show so much anxiety in getting Kennedy & Macdonald to tender?
A—I wasn't especially anxious. Mr. Lindsay had told me on several occasions that the Westfield end of the contract would be a difficult end to sub-let. I suggested that he might get it, but he was ill, and then I suggested Kennedy & Macdonald as reliable contractors for these ten miles. That started Kennedy & Macdonald.

Q—Why were you anxious to get Kennedy & Macdonald to file a competitive tender for the main contract?
A—I wasn't especially anxious. Mr. Lindsay had told me on several occasions that the Westfield end of the contract would be a difficult end to sub-let. I suggested that he might get it, but he was ill, and then I suggested Kennedy & Macdonald as reliable contractors for these ten miles. That started Kennedy & Macdonald.

Q—Did you ever see that document?
A—I never did.
Q—You told me you never saw it before?
A—I never saw it in my life.
Q—Did you have any conversation with Kennedy & Macdonald about the time they put in their tender?
A—I did.
Q—Where was it?
A—In Mr. Nagle's office. It lasted about two minutes. He told me that Kennedy & Macdonald were putting in a tender, and if they were not successful they wanted me to see if I could get them a sub-contract on the Nova Scotia Construction Company, and I promised to use my best endeavors to get them a contract on as favorable terms as possible. They wanted favorable terms, as they said dynamite and other materials and labor were high, and I told them I thought the matter could be arranged.

Q—Didn't you and Nagle go away together?
A—I am positive we did not.
Q—You didn't leave Nagle's office together?
A—No, I left alone.
Q—Do you know who prepared Kennedy & Macdonald's main tender?
A—I do not know.
Q—Don't you know that Nagle got your figures?
A—I do not.
Q—Didn't you furnish them to him?
A—I did not.
Q—Were these figures not in your office, where Nagle could have got them?
A—They might have been.
Q—Now isn't it a fact that he went over to your office and got those figures?
A—He did not.
Q—So far as you were concerned it was purely accidental that the figures of the two tenders happened to be near the same?
A—Yes, but there was no connection between us. I did not know anything about the figures of Kennedy & Macdonald's tender.
Q—Who was in your office when Kennedy & Macdonald's tender was prepared?
A—I told you before it was not prepared in my office. I do not know who prepared it.
Q—Do you keep a stenographer?
A—Yes, but there was no outsider who had access to any papers of mine.
Q—Why was the \$20,000 given to you on the ninth day of February last?
A—Because I wanted the money.
Q—What did you do with it?
A—I still have it in my business.
Q—Did you agree to contribute it for election purposes?
A—I did not.
Q—Did you become liable for that or any other amount?
A—I became liable for about \$20,000, not at that time, neither did I expect to be called upon to pay it.
Q—Then you became liable about the same time?
A—No, it was not the same time. It was a few weeks previous. There was absolutely no connection between that transaction and the payment of this \$20,000 to me under the terms of my original agreement. That \$20,000 was paid me by Mr. Lindsay before he put it in my hands.
Q—Was the amount you became liable for in connection with election purposes?
A—Not altogether.
Q—Mr. Tennant has objected that it was not within the purview of the inquiry into the matter could be arranged.

to question the witness along this line, as he had stated that he still had the money in his possession, and he was not bound to go into the private details of what he had done with other moneys of his own. The commissioner, however, ruled that the questioning was in order and Mr. Tennant said he was willing to answer.
Q—Then tell us about this other transaction?
A—A note was made partially in connection with the recent election, about \$16,000 or \$17,000, but it had absolutely nothing to do with the payment to me of the \$20,000 under my contract.
Q—And you hope to make the people of New Brunswick believe it had no connection?
A—I don't care what the people of New Brunswick believe. My connection with the Nova Scotia Construction Company I want to tell you was absolutely the same, and along the same lines as I pursued with all my business projects. I considered it a business transaction and that I was being paid for these and other services I rendered the company during the past four years. It is true I made considerable money, but I still have it. This note of \$16,000 or \$17,000 had nothing whatever to do with the payment to me of \$20,000 under my contract, and I am telling you what is true.
Mr. Carvell—"Don't play to the galleries."
Mr. Teed—"He is not playing to the galleries, but you are."
Q—Did you have anything to do with the securing of the second contract for the construction of the road?
(Continued on Page 8)

Mr. Business Man
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Manager.

Q—Did you ever see that document?
A—I never did.
Q—You told me you never saw it before?
A—I never saw it in my life.
Q—Did you have any conversation with Kennedy & Macdonald about the time they put in their tender?
A—I did.
Q—Where was it?
A—In Mr. Nagle's office. It lasted about two minutes. He told me that Kennedy & Macdonald were putting in a tender, and if they were not successful they wanted me to see if I could get them a sub-contract on the Nova Scotia Construction Company, and I promised to use my best endeavors to get them a contract on as favorable terms as possible. They wanted favorable terms, as they said dynamite and other materials and labor were high, and I told them I thought the matter could be arranged.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 20, 1917.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.
 TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

THE FIRST BREAK.

Judging from Ottawa despatches published this morning the first open break in the solid ranks of the Liberal party came yesterday when Hugh Guthrie, for seventeen years member for Wellington in the Canadian Commons and during all that time a staunch supporter of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, announced that he was forced to take issue with his leader on the question of compulsory military service. For several days the news from Ottawa has been that the Liberal party split in twain on the conscription issue. It had been reported that caucuses were storm centres and that in his effort to straddle two horses, appease his anti-conscriptionist, anti-National service colleagues in Quebec, and at the same time, preserve the solidarity of his party in Ontario and the west, Laurier was riding to a sudden and disgraceful fall. Mr. Guthrie, Mr. Pardoe, Dr. Michael Clark, Dr. Neely, Dr. Cash, Mr. McCraney, Mr. Buchanan, Hon. George F. Graham, General H. H. McLean, F. B. Carvell and others were mentioned as being lifelong Liberals who on this occasion, would put politics below patriotism and support the conscription issue.

These reports, however, were scouted by the Liberal press and characterized as "irresponsible Conservative conjecture." On Monday afternoon when Sir Wilfrid himself admitted that the bill had made a deep cleavage in his party, the country at large commenced to believe that after all the reports might have some foundation. Yesterday when the member for Wellington impressively announced that he was forced to forsake his leader for the interest of his country, the full extent of the defection from the Liberal ranks was, to some degree, realized. And it is expected that each succeeding day will see further additions to that section of the Liberal party which believes that the war and the interest of the Empire have first call upon the hearts and minds and allegiance of true Canadians and true Imperialists in this day and hour.

The Standard does not anticipate that the debate at Ottawa will wreck the Liberal party, but this newspaper does believe and there is ample evidence to support our view, that Laurier as a national force or a national figure is in the last stage of his decline. No matter what may happen at Ottawa during the next week or two, Sir Wilfrid can never again count upon the solid support of the men who sit beside and around him. He will continue to lead a section of his party and, possibly, some men now numbered in the ranks of the Conservatives. But it will be the leadership of a group held together by bonds of race and language, and that race not the British, that language not the official tongue of the Motherland.

Sir Wilfrid has made a fatal blunder for which not only he and his party must pay but which will so greatly injure and retard the progress of good fellowship between Quebec and the other provinces in the Canadian confederacy that fifty years of unremitting endeavor will slowly suffice to eradicate the last vestige of the suspicion and distrust developed by the events of the last three weeks of June, 1917.

In less than two weeks this country will celebrate the golden jubilee of the birth of the Dominion of Canada and not since the days when east and west first met to consider the question of a welding into one confederacy has the situation been more serious as regards the future of the two great races in this country. The French-Canadians of themselves are not to be blamed. Had they enjoyed the same wise leadership as the Acadians of New Brunswick their lot would have been happier.

But they listened to Laurier and the false prophets allied with him and today, as judged by the attitude of Mr. Guthrie, what does the situation at Ottawa reveal? The French-Canadians led by Laurier stand aloof and apart from the east of the Dominion in matters pertaining to this war. Sir Wilfrid Laurier started his political career thirty years ago as a French-Canadian leader. The events of the present week indicate that he will end it in the same capacity. Mr. Guthrie has opened the war and thousands of English Liberals will follow the eloquent member for Wellington.

THE VALLEY RAILWAY.
 The people of New Brunswick who are familiar with Carvellian methods and Carvellian tactics will not be surprised that the startling revelations predicted by the government counsel in connection with the St. John Valley Railway did not materialize at yesterday's sitting of Commissioner Steven's court. No matter how Mr. Carvell and the provincial government press may try to twist, torture or distort the important testimony given yesterday by Mr. Howard Lindsay, vice-president of the Nova Scotia Construction Company, Ltd., and Mr. W. B. Tennant, provincial agent for the contracting company, the facts remained undoubted that not one dollar of the money paid Mr. Tennant for his services on behalf of the company went into any campaign fund, that no member of the late Government or of the Legislature had any connection directly or indirectly with the transaction, and that the tender of the Nova Scotia Construction Company, Ltd., for the construction of the railway was accepted by the board of commissioners solely because it was the lowest tender presented.

From the plain, straightforward testimony given yesterday by Mr. Lindsay and Mr. Tennant it is also evident that the advance to Mr. Tennant was made out of the company's own bank account and before one cent had been received from the progress estimates submitted by the contractors.

Mr. Carvell labored incessantly at yesterday's hearing to connect the payment of the money to Mr. Tennant with the raising of an alleged campaign fund to be used by the late Government in its bye-elections and in the recent general election. But his efforts in this direction were entirely futile. Both Mr. Lindsay and Mr. Tennant stated the truth of the transaction without any hesitancy. Their testimony showed that the money advanced went to pay Mr. Tennant for his services on behalf of the company extending over a period of four years and including many important projects in which he had acted on behalf of the company. Mr. Lindsay, moreover, presented the contract with Mr. Tennant. That contract was prepared by the well known legal firm of Burnhill, Bwing & Sanford, and sets out clearly the consideration involved for the moneys which Mr. Tennant received. Furthermore that contract was scrutinized and inspected by Mr. C. J. Burchell, K. C. of Halifax, solicitor for the company, and a law partner of the Hon. A. K. McLean, one of the leaders of the Liberal opposition in the Dominion Parliament. Where, therefore, was there any attempt to conceal the facts? Where was the connection with the alleged campaign fund to which the contractors were supposed to have contributed?

Yesterday's testimony showed clearly that neither the members of the late Government nor of the late Legislature were interested in the matter in any way, shape or manner. The evidence simply revealed a purely business transaction between a local financial agent and the contractors. And Mr. Tennant swore before the commissioner that he kept every dollar of the money received for his services and the amount is still intact.

While the government press may continue to assail the late administration in connection with the transaction, the fair-minded people of the province on reading the testimony given at yesterday's session of the commission must be convinced that the matter was of a purely business character involving no member of the Government and that the public interests did not suffer in any respect.

FUTURE OF THE FATHERLAND.
 Plainly enough the changes that will take place in Germany after the war and as a consequence of it will be quite as prodigious as elsewhere throughout the world. Had that country been able to restrain its impetuosity for world-domination for but another decade or thereabouts, few will deny that whatever need there might be at that time have been for her to assert her military pre-eminence over other nations, there would have remained but little reason for a strenuous conquest for her by the year 1917 as year by year the German merchant or his agent was increasingly gobbling up the world's markets in every corner of which his goods were to be found.

Surely the German war-party cruelly sinned against the German merchant-trader. The impatience of the former has involved the latter in ruin. Nor shall he be very well able to recover his lost customers after the war. Not that we are saying that it is the purpose of the Allies to effect-

ively exclude the German huckster from the world's markets or indeed to introduce any other arbitrary methods by which the struggle hold upon German trade might be lightened. Aside altogether from such agreements between the Allies, the fact remains that the practical monopoly of certain lines which Germany had before the war has now been effectively and forever broken by the development of manufactures in other lands.

In dyes and chemicals as well as in many lines of textile products the German trader has simply lost his customer. France and England and Canada and Italy have all helped to make good the shortage caused at the beginning of the war by the exclusion of German goods and so successful have been these attempts to develop manufactures along these lines that Germany will never get her former customers back.

This certainly serves Germany right. Her utter disregard of the necessities of humanity has cast her out from the family of civilized nations, and there, out in the desert of her own choosing, let her remain until she has not only gotten rid of her Kaiser and her Junkers but until also she has had time to expel from her blood the poison virus with which she has been inoculated. This will take longer than to get rid of her autocracy. Germany has made her bed and she must lie on it. Her repentance is still remote and her rehabilitation as a member of the family of nations is even more so.

THE GREAT FIRE.
 St. John today is a vastly different place from the St. John of forty years ago. On June 20, 1877, a large part of the city extending from York Point to the Lower Cove was laid in ashes and thousands of persons were made homeless. The property loss was estimated at \$12,500,000.

The city of that day was largely of wooden construction and the citizens and firemen were helpless. Shipbuilding was prosperous at that time and the people were generally well to do, although a period of dull times was gradually spreading over Canada. Many citizens lost their all and the removal from town were so many and frequent that those who remained became discouraged. But only for a short time did despondency prevail. The city was rebuilt of brick and stone and has continued to grow and progress until today it is the leading winter port of Canada.

The appointment of Hon. W. J. Hanna of Sarnia, Ont., as Dominion food controller by the Borden Government is an excellent choice and one which will be widely commended. His political opponents have usually spoken well of him and he is undoubtedly the right man in the right place. The Toronto Globe, the leading Liberal newspaper in Canada, once said: "He is a man with a big heart and a brainy head."

Laurier refused to join Borden in an appeal for recruits. Now he refuses to join him for compulsory equal service. Is it unreasonable to say that he has heart for neither voluntarism nor compulsion?

Laurier, Lavergne, Bourassa, Choquette and Cannon all stand on the same anti-war platform.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has turned his gaze from the trenches in Flanders to the polling booths in Quebec.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has turned his back upon the cry from the trenches for aid.

A vote against conscription is a vote for Bourassa.

Laurier's Stand on Conscription Rejected by Guthrie.
 (Continued from page 1)
 that he would dearly like to see a getting-together of both parties with the one idea of winning the war.

He opposed an election, either now or at any time before the termination of the war. "The very thing we want to avoid is a general election," said he to the accompaniment of loud and prolonged applause from the Conservative benches. "We are in this war to the last ditch. In that I believe the leader of the opposition is sincere and I believe that the prime minister is sincere. There has been much criticism, principally in the newspapers and insinuations to overlook but let us get together and fight this war through to a finish. Then we shall have done our whole duty and if the people want to condemn us for it afterwards why let them do so. Mr. Guthrie's speech caused a deep impression in the house and the most eloquent, most forcible and finest presentation of the true Canadian spirit that has come from the opposition side since the war commenced.

Sir Sam Hughes.

Sir Sam Hughes spoke for an hour and a half earlier this afternoon. In his address he dealt with the measures he had taken when Minister of Militia to raise the Canadian forces to their present point. He also defended at some length the Ross rifle and related to events leading up to his retirement from the cabinet. He announced himself as in favor of the government measure to enforce conscription at once without a referendum. Such a plan was practical, would meet the need for men and could be enforced without serious difficulty in any part of Canada. Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux followed in support of the Laurier line of argument.

Little Benny's Note Book.

This afternoon Kumplay B marched over to the empty lot to practice digging trenches, the intire Kumplay being present, as follows, General Martin, Kapitn Potts, Lieutenant Wernick, Kerrel Stinkins, Sergeant Hunt and Private Pery Weaver, the trench tool being a shovel out of Kapitn Potts's house with Private Pery Weaver carried over his shoulder, on account of being ordered to.

And wea got to the empty lot, General Martin sed, Private Weaver, dig a trench.

Private Weaver, dig a trench, sed all us other officers.

Wernick, dig a trench, sed.

Sergeant officers never digs, sed General Martin.

Well then, O heek, y dont you get some more privates? sed Private Weaver.

Private Weaver, sed General Martin.

Private Weaver, sed all us other officers. And Pery began to dig a trench with the shovel, not being any slinch on account of the ground being as hard as anything, and us officers stood around talking. Sergeant Hunt saying, I wish officers was allowed to dig, if they was id be glad to dig some of it myself.

Can't you portend youre a private for a little while? sed Private Weaver.

Sergeant Hunt not saying weather he cood or not, and jest than Kerrel Stinkins, sed, Cheese it, the enemy. Meening Platfoot the cop walking across the lot to see wat we was doing, and Kumplay B quick retreated without losing a man, except one, on account of Private Weaver mysteriously disappearing.

Hon. Mr. Lemieux claimed that under the voluntary system Canada had done enough. It had raised by that method 400,000 men from a population of 8,000,000. The United States to do as well should raise 5,000,000 men. Even Napoleon under conscription had raised but four per cent of the population of France, while Canada by the voluntary system had secured a five per cent enlistment. The Liberals of Quebec had promised that province that there would be no conscription and he himself would prefer to resign his seat before he would go back on that pledge. He then made a bitter attack upon Hon. Mr. Severyn, who he charged had forsaken his Nationalist principles. He also charged that Sir Herbert Ames, who, since the war had been very active in patriotic causes, had in reality financed the Nationalist campaign in Quebec. He also held that before the government passed a measure for the conscription of man-power it should take means to conserve the accumulated wealth of the country.

A Lively Thrill.

There was a lively thrill at this juncture between Mr. Lemieux and Sir Herbert Ames. Lemieux was starting to assail the latter gentleman and said, "I will say to the honorable member for St. Antoine," when Sir Herbert arose and asked, "do you want to hear from me? If so, I will tell you what I think. I think instead of wasting time talking here we should be sending men to the front."

This caused a storm of dissent from the French members of the opposition and one back-bencher shouted, "we'll go together to war." When quiet had been restored Mr. Lemieux attempted to say that Canada's duty was to look after the poor men at home instead of sending more men to war.

W. F. Nickle, Conservative, Kingston, asked, "Do you consider it more important than to reinforce the Canadian boys who are now holding the lines in France?"

Mr. Lemieux "I consider it more important than conscripting blood for election purposes."

Cries of Shame.

There were cries of "shame" "shame" from the government benches.

Continuing Mr. Lemieux said instead of sending men to the war he would put them on the farms of Canada to help feed the men who had gone overseas.

As a representative of the province of Quebec and the French Canadian people he claimed there should be no conscription of blood without a referendum. Altogether Mr. Lemieux was a dramatic noisy, demagogic and inflammatory but in no way conciliatory. His immoderate address following as it did the high-tempered patriotic utterance of Mr. Guthrie, has done the French-Canadian people and the province of Quebec more harm than good. He has out-Lauriered Laurier.

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 but will not get a chance to do so as some of our students would be incompetent thereby. We can stand it, however, as St. John's Summer weather is ideal for study. One of the principals and other experienced teachers always in attendance.
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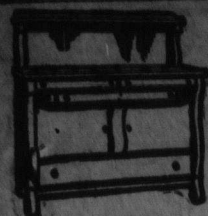
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Red Ball Beverage is made to comply with the provisions of Chapter 20 of Acts of 1916 of the Province of New Brunswick and does not contain more than two per cent. by weight of proof spirits.

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On Wednesday, June 20th, I. C. R. suburban train No. 235, due to leave at 12.20 p. m., will be held until 1.15 p. m., to accommodate parties attending closing exercises of Rothery Collegiate School.

Announcing The Re-Organization and Opening of New Departments on Thursday, June 21st

We invite everyone to come and see the improvements made and the beautiful summer show of new goods assembled for this occasion.

We believe that the changes effected will inaugurate a larger scope in the women's ready-to-wear business of the city and give these departments of our business the much needed facilities to accommodate their growing custom, and at the same time give better service.

We also take this opportunity of thanking the people of St. John, who, through their generous support, have made this development possible.

Yours truly,

F. W. DANIEL & CO.

P. S.—Put it down on your memo to drop in during these opening days, Thursday and Friday.

THE CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN NOVA SCOTIA CONSTRUCTION CO. AND MR. TENNANT RE CONTRACT

Shows Conclusively That Payment to Him Was for Services Extending Over a Period of Several Years—Company Appointed Mr. Tennant Their Agent and Made Him a Partner—Transaction a Purely Business One and Mr. Lindsay, Company's Vice-President, Has No Complaint.

The correspondence and contract submitted at yesterday's session of the Valley Railway inquiry shows the business relations which existed between W. B. Tennant and the Nova Scotia Construction Company. As stated by both Messrs. Tennant and Lindsay in their evidence yesterday, the transaction was of a purely business character and the press will find it utterly impossible to connect any member of the late government or of the House with the matter.

The correspondence is as follows: Halifax, N. S., Oct. 2, 1916. W. B. TENNANT, St. John, N. B. Dear Sir,—As we are about to undertake a more extensive canvass for business in the adjoining provinces, and as it is necessary under your act respecting Extra Provincial Corporations, to have an agent in your province, we desire to know whether you will act not only in that capacity, but also to continue to act as our general representative in your province keeping in touch with large works that we might reasonably undertake.

We will appreciate it very much if you will favorably commence negotiations with a view to our landing the contract. Yours very truly, H. LINDSAY, The Nova Scotia Construction Co., Ltd., Halifax, N. S.

Mr. Tennant's reply is as follows: St. John, N. B., October 4, 1916. The Nova Scotia Construction Co., Ltd., Halifax, N. S. Dear Sir,—I have your favor of Oct. 2 and will be glad to continue my efforts in your behalf in respect of all large works in this province, which you may be willing to undertake, and will also serve as your agent under the act as requested.

Your suggestion in regard to remuneration is satisfactory to me. You will understand that while you shall have my exclusive good will in regard to all such works, yet it is impossible that I can give my time exclusively to serving as your representative. However, I will be glad to give to your undertakings within this province such time as may be necessary in an advisory and consulting capacity and such time as I may think necessary in a general oversight of your undertakings in this province. In respect to the latter matter, however, I must be the sole judge for the reason above stated.

Witnesseth that the said Construction Company in further consideration of the premises does also hereby agree to employ the said William B. Tennant commencing from the date of this contract as its consulting manager in the province of New Brunswick in respect of all work to be done by the said Construction Company during the continuance and until the completion of said contract and to pay the said William B. Tennant a salary of five thousand dollars per year to be paid monthly in twelve equal payments and to continue such salary until the said work is taken over by the said Saint John and Quebec Railway Company.

William B. Tennant hereby agrees to accept said office of consulting manager as aforesaid and agrees to give to the duties of said office his best services and to do such things only as he shall be directed by the directors of the said Nova Scotia Construction Company, Limited, during the past four years in the various capacities in which the said William B. Tennant and the said Nova Scotia Construction Company, Limited, have had business relations.

In witness whereof the said Construction Company has caused this agreement to be executed under its common corporate seal and the signatures of its proper signing officers and the said William B. Tennant has hereunto set his hand and seal, the day and year first above written. H. LINDSAY, W. B. TENNANT.

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of K. Logan. GREAT BRITAIN SENDS MORE GOLD TO THE U. S. Special to The Standard, New York, June 19.—Additional gold amounting to \$11,000,000 was received from Canada today by J. P. Morgan and Co., and will be deposited in the local Federal Reserve Bank to the credit of Great Britain. This makes a total of \$33,000,000 for the present movement.

Washable Suits For Boys 3 to 8 Years

Something to romp and play in, and when soiled—away to the wash—Much more healthful than heavy woolen garments.

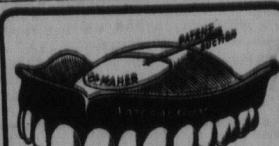
The styles this season are full of originality. Some are made pinch-back style like the bigger boys wear. Some are made Norfolk model; also Tommy Tucker and a number of other jaunty designs.

Good stout wearing materials such as Galateas, Chambray, Coutel and Drill. Full range of prices, 90c. to \$3.00.



OAK HALL

SCOVIL BROS. Limited ST. JOHN, N. B.



Painless Extraction Only 25c.

Boston Dental Parlors. Head Office 527 Main Street 'Phone 683. Branch Office 85 Charlotte St. 'Phone 38. DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor. Open 9 a. m. until 9 p. m.



OUR BUSINESS is to examine eyesight, prescribe and make the proper glasses. Our charges are moderate. D. BOYANER, 111 Charlotte Street

Take Plenty of Rest this Summer. Leave baking till autumn, and EAT BUTTERNUT BREAD. Tempting, tasty, clean healthful. At Your Grocer's

Salmon 18 Cents by the Fish. We Have Lots of Them. BUY NOW. VANWART BROS. Corner Charlotte and Duke Streets. Tel. M. 108.

Oysters and Clams. Usual variety of fresh, smoked and salt fish. Smith's Fish Market 25 Sydney St. Phone 1704.

IN STOCK 20 Tons Linseed Oil Cake Meal. C. H. PETERS SONS, Ltd. Peter's Wharf, St. John.

81 GERMAIN STREET. A friend in the office—making dust sweep better. Service smoother, saving time and expense.—The Remington Typewriter. A. Milne Fraser, Jas. A. Milne, Mar. 21 Lock street, St. John, N. B.

Straw Hat Days Are Here At Last. You will find the most up-to-date Styles at W. E. Ward's to choose from. Prices \$2.00 to \$9.00.

Semi-Ready Store 53 King St. Cor. Germain

ELECTRIC IRONS Fully Guaranteed for All Time. HELP OUT YOUR SUMMER DAY'S WORK For Sale By Hiram Webb & Son, Electrical Contractors 91 Germain Street. 'Phones M. 2579-11, M. 1898-11.

Arriving Daily: FLOUR, OATS, MIDLINGS, BRAN, ETC. Write for Prices R. G. & F. W. DYKEMAN — 68 Adelaide Street

THE UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER Corona Portable Typewriters, Re-built Typewriters of all makes. Machines Repaired and Rented: Supplies for all Typewriters. UNITED TYPEWRITER COMPANY, LTD. 56 PRINCE WILLIAM STREET.

GRAVEL ROOFING ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF SHEET METAL WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. COPPER AND GALVANIZED IRON WORK FOR BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY. J. E. WILSON, LTD., 17-19 Sydney St. 'Phone M. 336.

The Union Foundry and Machine Works, Ltd. Engineers and Mechanists IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS West St. John. 'Phone West 15. G. H. WARING, Manager.

WM. LEWIS & SON MANUFACTURERS OF Bolts, Bridge Work and Fire Escapes Britain Street. 'Phone M. 736

THOMAS BELL & CO., St. John, N. B. Pugsley Building, 48 Princess Street. Lumber and General Brokers SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, BIRCH, SOUTHERN PINE, OAK, CYPRESS SPRUCE PILING AND CREOSOTED PILING

ESTABLISHED 1870 GILBERT G. MURDOCH A. M. Can. Soc. C. E. Civil Engineer and Crown Land Surveyor Surveys, Plans, Estimates, Superintendence, Blue Prints, Black Line Prints. Maps of St. John and Surroundings. 74 Carmarthen St., St. John

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G. B. CHOCOLATES A FEW FAVORITES—Cocoas, Almondines, Almond Crispetts, Nougats, Buns, Almonds, Maple Walnuts, Caramels, Cream Drops, Milk Chocolates, Creams, Fruit Creams, etc. DISPLAY CARDS WITH GOODS. EMERY BROS. * * * * * 82 Germain Street SELLING AGENTS FOR GANONG BROS., LTD.

81 GERMAIN STREET. EDGECOMBE & CHAISSON THERE

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WESLEY CO

THE HOME THE WORLD

NEW SPECIAL INTEREST

THE MOVIES THE PLAYERS

Here are Related Facts and Fancies Concerning the Activities of Individuals and Organizations, the Home, Fashions and Other Matters.

HOW TO STOP MUCH OF THE \$700,000,000 FOOD WASTE

Good food is wasted: If it gets into the garbage pail. If thrown to spoil in the home. If ruined by careless cooking. By careless...

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher...

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher In Use For Over 30 Years

TEETH Free Examinations, Advice and Exact Estimates of the Cost of Putting Your Teeth in Perfect Condition. This is a day of specialists. If you intend getting false teeth made, or if you are wearing teeth that are unsatisfactory, why not consult a specialist? It costs you nothing.

Wanted Engine Room Artificer There are several vacancies in the Canadian Naval Patrol for Engine Room Artificers. Must be British Subjects ages 18-45, and have at least 4th class Engineer Certificate as issued by the Department of Marine or its English Equivalent. Pay \$1.85 to \$2.50 per day, free food, lodgings and kit, and \$25.00 per month separation allowance to dependents.

WHEN USING WILSON'S FLY PADS READ DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY AND FOLLOW THEM EXACTLY. For more effective than Sticky Fly Catchers. Clean to handle. Sold by Drugists and Grocers everywhere.

THE VITAGRAPH STUDIOS FROM A PERSONAL VISIT Miss Fairweather of The Standard Staff Sees Big V Studios at Flatbush, N. J.—Some of the Inner Workings of the Film Manufacture.

Armed with letters from Mr. N. Strong, Publicity Manager for Vitagraph, and accompanied by Miss Bromheim who proved a delightful guide, I sallied forth to visit the Vitagraph Studios at Flatbush, N. J.

MARRIAGES. BENNETT, June 19, in the Charlotte street United Methodist church, by the Rev. J. H. Jenner Alexander William Bennett, to Alma Louise McKenzie, both of West St. John.

A Minister's Evidence That Piles, or Hemorrhoids, Can be Quickly Cured—A Justice of the Peace Cured Many Years Ago.

Patricia at Unique. Patricia leaves New York for the Mexican border, with the Randall her chaperone and Capt. Donald Parr. Across the Rio Grande, the Mexican forces gather headed by Baron Morales. Rodman Pillsbury, Patricia's old playmate is now superintendent of her ranch with Bud Morgan as foreman. Spies are everywhere about and Patricia is constantly watched.

Who's Who and What's What in the Picture World and on the Stage—Favorites and What They Say and Do.

there is plenty to keep you watching this week's instalment of the Unique closely. The riding is splendid and the battle with the Mexicans remarkably well staged. The Loyal's Leap is very spectacular.

Miss Anglin's Plans. Margaret Anglin is accumulating a repertoire of new plays in all of which she is to be seen in the early fall. She recently procured the rights to a dramatization of Emerson Hough's new novel, "The Broken Gate," to a play by Hubert Footner, "Getters and Givers," and to a comedy by an anonymous author, entitled "The pot of Shamrock."

Another Victory. At Collette on the outskirts of Lens, a veteran Canadian Division forced the enemy back 800 yards on a mile front. It was another striking success for Canadian arms. The war record of the Dominion has astonished the world.

Fulfills Every Claim No furnace can do more than satisfy—but the "Sunshine" furnace absolutely and invariably does satisfy fully and completely when properly installed. Ask our local dealer to show you this good furnace, or write for free booklet.

McClary's SUNSHINE FURNACE LONDON TORONTO MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER ST. JOHN'S HALLOWAY BARRINGTON EDMONTON

OPERA HOUSE THE VALDARES 4 Sensational Cyclists, Singers and a Real Novelty. McLOUD and CARP A Unique Musical Offering with Violin and Banjo. PAUL BRADY Some Singer, Dancer, Tumbler and a Little Live Patter.

Along in reel five, If one would survive And get villain's goat, Just dash off a note!

Along in reel four To make interest more And promise things dire— Just dash off a wire!

Along in reel two, The right things to do To make the plot better, Is open a letter!

A misspelled word has spoiled many a movie film.—Selig Sage.

Some are born great and some become motion picture stars. Comedy cops in the movies seem to have answered their purpose.

A b-flat cornet and a five reel feature film have very little in common. Without the telephone many a movie would be a delusion and a snare.

ALICE FAIRWEATHER. ANOTHER VICTORY. At Collette on the outskirts of Lens, a veteran Canadian Division forced the enemy back 800 yards on a mile front.

Mary Madison learns this in her fight for vengeance against the man who had cast her off. She wins, but she realizes the injustice of her method only after she has brought suffering to all.

VALESKA SURATT Plays the part of Mary in WILLIAM FOX'S newest story of a woman's quest for happiness.

THE STRAIGHT WAY IS THE SHORTEST WAY. "PATHE NEWS"

IMPERIAL INTRODUCES WILLIAM S. HART In the Living, Virile Western Story "THE SQUARE DEAL MAN" A Good "Bad Man" of the Plains. HERE WE HAVE A STORY of the early West with humanity mirrored to perfection. You will see flesh-and-blood men, lovable womanly women and appealing children. They will envelop you in their vital gripping realism, because they are so very human. Triangle Plays are always woven of the threads of life itself. They are full of every-day experiences. That is why young and old, rich and poor go miles to see them.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast: Maritime—Moderate to fresh southerly winds, fair and warm today, some local showers or thunder storms during the night or on Thursday.

Washington, June 19.—Forecast: Northern New England—Probably local thunder showers Wednesday; Thursday fair, moderate south winds.

Toronto, June 19.—The depression which was over Lake Superior last night is now situated to the northward on the Georgian Bay. Showers have occurred locally today in Alberta and Saskatchewan and thunder storms have been almost general in Ontario.

Around the City

Today the Anniversary. It was just forty years ago today, or June 20th, 1877, that the greater part of this city was swept by fire. The total loss was \$12,500,000.

Care to Hire. Special rates to persons living in suburban homes having missed their train. Call West 480, or night call West 474, Fairville Garage, George A. Clark, Manager.

In Critical Condition. The condition of Robert Harris, who was hit on the head by a stone last week and taken to the St. John Infirmary, was reported still critical at an early hour this morning.

A Slight Fire. A slight fire in the kitchen of Dr. Corbett's residence, Coburg street, yesterday afternoon, was the cause of the fire department responding to box 4. The fire was caused by children playing with matches and the damage was slight.

To Tax Movies? A delegation of motion picture managers interviewed the government at Fredericton yesterday with respect to the proposed measure providing a provincial tax on picture houses. The bill will likely be introduced in the House today. The delegation returned to the city last evening.

Partial Eclipse of the Sun. The residents of the Western portion of the country at they rose early enough probably saw a partial eclipse of the sun yesterday. The phenomenon was not visible in the East. Throughout British Columbia the sun rose more or less eclipsed. At Edmonton the eclipse began at 4:06 a.m. and ended at 4:40 a.m.

Roadbed Made Passable. The last piece of track on the section where the washouts occurred on the C.P.R. near the Maine border was made passable last evening at 6 o'clock and the Montreal train left here on time. General Superintendent H. C. Grout said last night that as yet it was not possible to make any estimate of the amount of damage in dollars and cents caused by the floods, and it would be some time before the roadbed was as good as before the trouble occurred, but they would be able to operate their trains on the schedule time unless more washouts developed.

Canadian Enlistments for Past Two Weeks. Total Number 3,665 as Against 3,941 in Preceding Fortnight—Maritime Provinces Number Fifth on the List.

HONOR ROLL. A. Richard, Kent Co., N. B. Canadian Engineers. J. Dempster, Kings Co., N. B. Forestry Unit. A. Rucinski, Poland. Machine Gun Draft.

Canadian enlistments for the two weeks ending June 15th numbered 3,665 as against 3,941 in the preceding fortnight. The Maritime Provinces number fifth on the list. Four hundred and fifty-three men enlisted in the Maritime Provinces for the past fortnight. Toronto contributed the largest number of men of any district, 629 signing on with the two weeks preceding June 15th. Montreal came next with 493.

The official list by districts follows: Toronto, 629; Montreal, 493; Manitoba, 483; Kingston-Ottawa, 466; Maritime Provinces, 453; British Columbia, 391; London, 391; Alberta, 189; Saskatchewan, 58; Quebec, 12.

The total enlistment of the Dominion since the commencement of the war has reached the grand total of 421,767 men.

EXCESS LOADING OF STRUCTURE CAUSED SHED TO COLLAPSE

Report from Engineer Murdoch Received by the Council—The Mayor on Coal Prices—The Assessment Bill Matter Is Discussed.

The date for discount on taxes was fixed yesterday by the Common Council for August 2nd. The Mayor reported that he had not yet obtained all the information he wanted in connection with coal prices, and stated that he would get in touch with Mr. McGrath, the fuel controller, he also reported that he had not heard any official yet in connection with the assessment bill. The New Brunswick Telephone Co. were given permission to erect three poles on Short street, subject to the approval of the Commissioners of Safety and Public Works. Mayor Hayes presided and all the commissioners were in attendance. The committee of the whole recommended that the letter of Hanington and Hanington with respect to the retaining wall on Clarendon street be filed and the work proceeded with as outlined; that the communication from W. D. Lightall, with reference to the railway act, be referred to the mayor and city solicitor; that the mayor and city solicitor be authorized to accept the offer of the Lancaster water extension be confirmed. These were adopted.

Report on Collapsed Shed. On motion of Commissioner Russell the report of the city engineer on the collapse of No. 5 shed was referred to himself. The report was in part as follows: On Wednesday last, the thirteenth day of June at about fifteen minutes after noon, the eastern portion of shed No. five on the western side of the harbor collapsed and fell while stored with a large quantity of goods placed from the Canadian Pacific Railway for shipment.

There were two classes of cases observed by me, although there might have been more. Samples of these, when taken from the shed, were found to weigh as follows: One package, 195 lbs.; another package, 104 lbs. As arranged on the floor and piled, each layer of one certain class of package was found to weigh about 66 pounds per square foot of surface covered and the smaller packages weighed about 65.6 pounds per square foot of surface covered per layer of boxes.

INCENDIARY CASE RESUMED YESTERDAY. Several Witnesses Give Evidence in Police Court in Case Against O'Brien and Hughes—Adjourned Until Saturday Morning.

The case of the King vs. John Hughes and Joseph O'Brien, charged on suspicion of setting fire to W. J. Crawford's summer home on the Loch Lomond road on Friday night, was resumed before Magistrate Ritchie yesterday afternoon in the police court. Several witnesses were examined for the crown. At the conclusion of the session Police Constable Saunders requested that the case be adjourned until he could arrange to have three other witnesses present. This request was granted. J. A. Sinclair, then made application for bail on the ground, that the prosecution had asked for the adjournment. However as Mr. Sinclair had named the day for the adjournment the application was refused. The Magistrate in refusing the application stated that had the evidence for the prosecution been concluded, it might be possible for him to consider bail. But inasmuch as there was other evidence to go submitted and as it may be more important than that already before the court, it was not within his jurisdiction to grant bail. The case will be resumed at 10 o'clock on Saturday morning, and as there are only about three witnesses for the prosecution it is likely that the hearing will be concluded on that day.

M. T. Gibson, who conducts a livery business on Union street was the first witness examined. He stated that Hughes was at his stable on Friday night, the night of the fire, and asked for a rig, but he (Gibson) refused to hire a team to him. The witness said that Hughes asked that he wanted the team to drive out to Mayalls. This was about 7 o'clock. The witness was not cross examined by other Mr. Sinclair or Mr. Hennegory. Detective W. Duncan with policeman Saunders went to Hughes' house and told Hughes that he wanted him to go with them to the police headquarters on a matter of investigation. He explained to him that he was not under arrest.

On the way to the station he (Duncan) passed Hughes over to Sergeant Journey, and that he was not to be locked up. They then went to O'Brien and told him also that he was wanted for a matter of investigation. There was considerable discussion at this stage of the proceedings whether the defendants were under arrest, or whether they were not. The counsel for the prisoner contended that they were, and if they were under arrest it was contended that their statements to the officers should not be admissible in evidence, as they were not taken in the presence of a magistrate. The witness in evidence the statement made by O'Brien. This was objected strongly to by the counsel, but was taken in evidence in the preliminary hearing, the Magistrate stating that if the case went up for trial the point could be argued there. The witness resuming his evidence said that O'Brien told him they left the city about 9 o'clock and went to Lydon's. From there they went to the Three Mile House. They stopped at Lydon's about an hour, and at the Three Mile House they stayed about an hour and remained there about an hour. They arrived about 8.30. They left there and drove into the Three Mile House. They remained there about half an hour, then returned to the city. This was about 10.30.

Cross examined by Mr. Sinclair the witness was asked to state just what he (Duncan) considered an arrest. The witness replied that when a man is locked up he is under arrest. Witness said that Hughes was in the guard room when O'Brien was examined. The witness did not tell the defendant that he need not come. Cross examined by Hennegory the witness said that he did not remember policeman Saunders saying to O'Brien "Hughes has told a straight story." He did not recall that he had told policeman Saunders to take O'Brien along, when he (O'Brien) asked to see Mr. Bruce. He did not recall that he did not consider the defendant (O'Brien) under arrest.

Mrs. Thomas Lydon testified that the prisoners were out at her place on Friday night. They left about 10.10. The conversation while at the house was of a general nature. The witness stated that both men were in good condition, and she could not see any signs of intoxication. She could not state which way they went when they left the house. She said it was not unusual for O'Brien to call at the house.

Clifford Padlock testified to seeing a carriage at the Lydon gate on Friday night. The horse was a dark bay and weighed about 900 lbs. A Hoarford testified that the defendants came into Donnelly's stable and hired a team from him on Friday night. He said that the accused were in good condition and there was no sign of liquor.

CONFIDENCE. There is a great deal of satisfaction in doing business with a house in which one has absolute confidence, for after all confidence is the real basis to every commercial transaction. The steady increasing patronage of this house is due to confidence inspiring business methods. It is proof that the public desires the superior quality of Dykeman's merchandise at Dykeman's prices.

The organization behind this business is one to inspire confidence. Its standard of business and adherence to style requires are guarantees that every garment in the store is desirable and right. In the selection of your Summer Prock, Wash Skirt, or Middy, whether you wish to spend \$1.00 or any other amount, we pay, follow the lead of St. John's best dressers by placing your confidence in Dykeman's clothes. They will be the most completely satisfying clothes you ever bought.

F. A. DYKEMAN & CO.

Well Kept Food Makes for Health and Prevents Waste. THE proper care of good food is very closely related to the health of your family; therefore, every precaution should be taken to keep it clean and free from mold which breeds disease germs, and incidentally results in waste which can ill be afforded, especially at the present time when economy is the watchword. Our SANITARY REFRIGERATORS have been chosen with special regard to their scientific construction, and give the best results with smallest possible consumption of ice. They are easy to clean, attractively finished, and will give long, satisfactory service.

Summer Millinery with Georgette Crepe and Maline Brim, from Gage and Fisk Marr Millinery Co., Limited

We Want Every Housekeeper to See Enterprise Magic Range. A range that is roomy, will bake easily and well—will give the most heat for the least fuel—so strong and durable that it will not burn out but will last for years. MADE TO PLEASE THE COOK. Let us demonstrate this range to you. If you cannot call send for circular. Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

MANCHESTER ROBERTSON ALLISON LTD. Boys' Suits For School Closing. On Closing Day in the Class Room perhaps your boy will take a prominent part. Put him at his ease by clothing him in a manner that will stand comparison with his schoolmates.

FLOUR AND BRAN DROPS. Wheat products seem to have run into another decline. Manitoba flour dropped forty cents per barrel yesterday, bringing it down to \$14.40 wholesale. Middlings and bran followed suit, falling off two dollars per ton. Quotations on these are now: Middlings, \$40; bran, \$34 per ton. The following despatch from Montreal tells of a drop there as well in spring wheat flour: Montreal, June 19.—At the close of the market today local millers reduced spring wheat flour forty cents per barrel, making first patents \$13.50, second patents \$13 and strong bakers \$12.80. Bennett-McKenzie. A pretty wedding was solemnized in the Charlotte street United Baptist Church yesterday morning at six o'clock when Miss Alma Louise McKenzie was united in marriage to Alexander William Bennett, both of West St. John. The bride who was given away by her uncle was attired in a suit of taupe silk with old rose hat and wore a corsage of white roses. She was attended by Miss Olive Purdy who wore a tailored suit of blue with white hat and carried a bouquet of pink and white carnations. The groom was supported by Mansford Melvin. Miss Stella Kirkpatrick played the wedding march. The groom's present to the bride was a gold wrist watch, and to the groomsmen a gold pin, the organist receiving a cameo ring. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Bennett left on the train for Fredericton and other parts of the Province. On their return, they will reside at 116 Queen Street West End. PRINCE WILLIAM HOTEL, ST. JOHN. Write for special rates. June 15 to June 30. Notwithstanding that QUINQUAGES is equipped with the best optical work in the city you will find that the cost of an EYE EXAMINATION including properly fitted glasses is very moderate. By the modern DIRECT SYSTEM OF TESTING guess work is eliminated.

Little Ronald Totten Still Missing—Last Seen with Man in Rockwood Park Sunday Afternoon—Boy Scouts Are Searching. No trace of Ronald Totten, the three and a half year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Totten of 85 Lombard street, was found yesterday, though an extensive search was made for him by Boy Scouts and friends. Though many clues to his whereabouts have been investigated nothing has come of them so far. An interesting turn to the case was given last evening by Mrs. Totten. She stated that the proprietor of the ice cream booth at Rockwood Park had served a dish of ice cream to a boy on Sunday afternoon, the boy being accompanied by a man. The man had given the boy five cents to pay for his ice cream and after he had eaten it the couple walked away. Yesterday morning, when shown a photo of Ronald Totten, the proprietor of the booth said that it was the same boy that he had served Sunday afternoon. As to who the man was, and where the couple went to, still remains a mystery. Mrs. Totten has also received a letter from a woman who stated that she saw the man and boy out at Rockwood Park on Sunday afternoon. The county police were notified to keep a lookout for gypsies, as they are reported to have been in the city within a few days, but no word has yet been received from the police as to the success of their investigations. A number of city Boy Scouts were engaged in searching for the lost boy from 3:30 yesterday afternoon till 10 o'clock last night, working under the instructions of their patrol leaders. Sixty to eighty boys were used in the hunt, and they traversed the section from Cradle Hill and Seely street, through the park grounds. Members of the scout patrol from Queen St., Stone, St. Paul's, Mission and St. James' churches took part under the command of District Scoutmaster Haman and Deputy Commissioner Waring. The scouts covered five miles, walking single, each scout being eight paces from the next in the line. The boys were given a signal code so that if one of them found the lost boy he could notify his companions. During the evening hours flash lights were used.