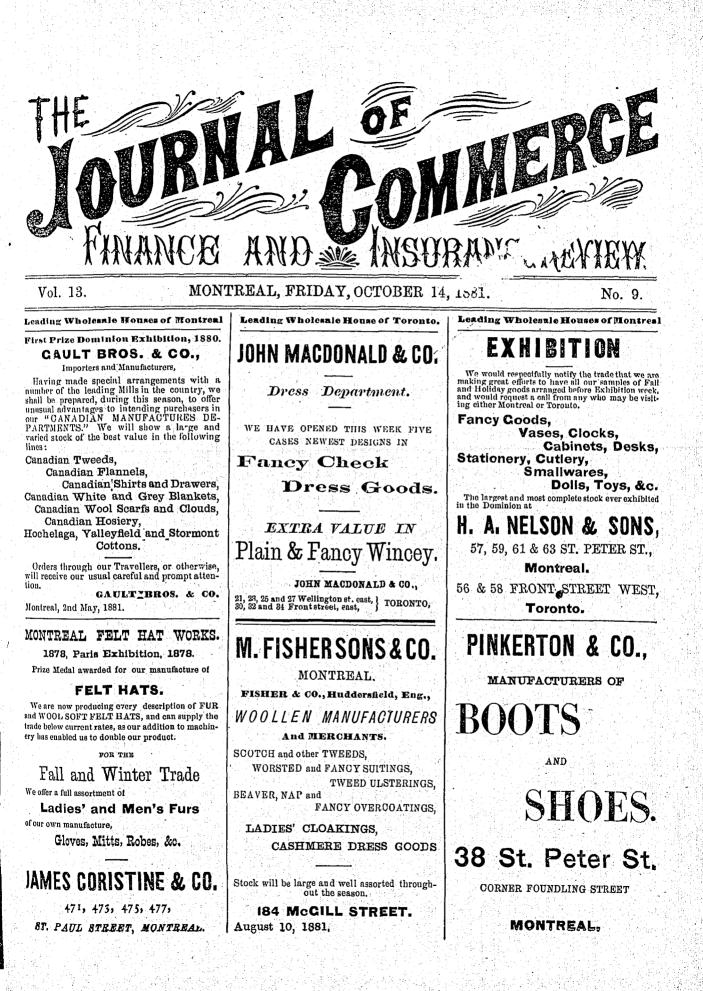
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THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter

Paid-up Capital, E1,000,000 Sterling.

London Uphce-3 Clement's Lane, Lombard St.

E. C,

HOUST OF DIRECTORS

1016	 rtore	 32	Pr

Bank	of	Montreal.
64	TABLIS	HADIN INTH
INCORPORATE	DBY	ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
Capital Authoriz	cd, -	512,000,000

Reserved Fund, -	÷	1	÷	•		÷	5,000,000
Head Office	э,				•	1	Aontreal.

Board of Directors.

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W. J. Buchanan, densrut Ma A. Macnider, Assistant Gener and Chief Inspector.

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Almonte, Ont.	Hamilton, Unt.	Picton, Ont.
Bellaville, Out	Kingston, "	Port Hope, "
Brantford, "	Lindsay, "	Quebec, Que.
Brookville, "	London, "	Sarnia, Ont.
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OF CANADA

9

REST,

GAPITAL PAID UP . \$500.000

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INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1855.

Capital, \$2,000,000 Rest, \$140,000

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Ingersoll,	Ridgetown,	Trenton.
London,	Smith's Falls	Waterloo, Ont.
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Ontario 9 acantoon-Ontario Bana, Quesco Sala Federal Bank and their Branches, New Branswick-Bank of N Brunswick, St. John. Nova Scotia-Halifax Banking Company and its

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OF CANADA.

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Brussels,	Mount Forest,	Port Perry
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Guelph, Lindsay,	Ottawa, Peterboro,	Toronto,
Winnipeg,		Whithy, ige la Prairie, Man.

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258

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Thomas Tiffin,

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Aylmer, Ont	, J. G. Billett,	do
Park Hill, Ont	T. L. Rogers,	do
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Interist allowed on Deposits. sold. Collections made promptly and remitted for ow rates.

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Ark Hill, Ont.	T. L. Rogers,	do
O C Land	E W Morgan	do l

200,000

MONTREAL.

1	BRANCHES,		
lamilton, Ont	. O. M. Counsell,		
ylmer, Ont.	J. G. Billett,	do	

Aylmer, Ont Park Hill, Ont	T. L. Rogers,	do do	
Bedford, P.Q.	E. W. Morgan,	do	

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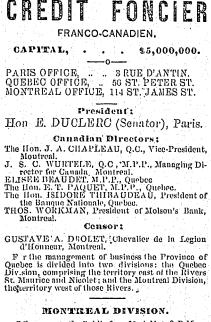
THE JOURNAL OF
The Charlored Banks.
THE CANADIAN
Bank of Commerce.
Easd Office, - Toronto.
Paid-up Capital \$6,000,000
Rest 1,400 000
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on favorable terms.

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Office open to the Public from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.

Manager: EDMOND J. BARBEAU.

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The objects of the CREDIT FONCIER FRANCO-CANADIEN are the following:— J. Hypothecary loans, either for a long term with payment by annullies, or for a short term without amortization.

amortization. 11. Loans on security of hypothecary or privileged datms, either for a long term with physical by an-nuities, or for a short term, without amortization. 11. Loans, for long or short term, to municipal or school corporations, or to fabriques. IV. The acquisition, by way of transfer or subro-gation, of hypothecary or privileged claims on real estate. V. The acquisition for bonds and debentures issued by municipal or school corporations, and by incor-porated companies doing business in the Dominion. VI. The acquisition of public funds.

тке н	AMILTON
Provident and	l Loan Society.
PRESIDENT, VICE-PRESIDENT, -	- Hon. ADAM HOPE. - W. E. SANFORD, Esq
Capital Subscribed ' Paid up Reserve, - Total Assets, -	, - \$1,000.000 947,247 150,000 \$2,185,060
TATE at lowest current THESOCIETY isorena	red to issue DEBENTURES INTEREST COUPONS at-

II. D. CAMERON, Treasurer.

Hamilton, Aug. 16th, 1881.

مستنبط بأرسم وحسران Private Banks. W. MOWAT & SON,

BANKERS.

STRATFORD, ONT. [Established 1863.]

Transact a general banking business. Make a specialty of COLLECTING DRAFTS on business men in this town and vicinity at low rates, and proupt returns. Drafts issued on any banking town in Can-ada, and on New York, payable anywhere in the United States. Agents in Canada: The Bank⁷ of Monircal. In United States. The Bank of New York, N.B.A.



Under Contract with the Governments of Canada and Newfoundland for the Conveyance of the Mails.

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Sardinian	
Polynosian	4,650 " J. E. Dutton. 4,650 " R. Brown.
Parantian	. 3,600 " John Graham.
Surmatian	A 000 IA W LI Smith R N R
Circassion	4,000 Lt. W. H. Smith, R. N. R.
Moravian	
Pornvien	
libornion	3 434 " 11020 WYRE
Austrian	2,700 Lieut. R. Barrett, R.N.R.
Nostorian	2,700 Capt. J. G. Stephen. 3.000 "D. J. James.
Prussian	2 000 " D J James.
Scandinavian	
Buenos Ayrean	3,800 " McLean.
Corean	
Grecian	
Manitoban	
(langellage	
Canadian.	
Phœnician	
Waldensian	
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The shortest sca route between America and Europe being only five days between land and land.

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Sailing from Liverpool every THURSDAY and from Quebee every SATURDAY, calling at Leugh Poyle to receive and land Mails and fuses gets to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched

FROM QUEBEC :

Moravian	Saturday,	Oct. 8
Peruvian		Oct. 15
Circassian		Oct. 22
Polynesian	. U . :	Oct. 29
Sardinian	. ••	Nov. 5
Parisian	41	Nov. 12

Rates of Passage from Quebec.

THE STEAMERS OF THE

LIVERPOOL, QUEENSTOWN AND QUEBEC , EVTPA SERVICE

	. ⊑/	N 1-1	NA SERVIC	C		
Are intended Liverpool :	to	bo	despatched 1	rom	Quebcc	for
Sonndinnyinn					Oct	10

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THE STEAMERS OF THE

CLASCOW AND QUEBEC SERVICE

Are intended	tυ	sail	from	Quebec	for	Glas	gow	ถร
follows :					1			
Corean	•••	• • • • •		•••••	۸	bout	Oct.	15

Manitobau		••	ມປ
Buenos Ayrean	"	"	17

80 State St., Boston, and Common st., Mon treal

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FURLONG & STEELE, Barristers and Attornog at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, etc., 10 King Si W. EDWARD FURLONG, LL.B. D. STEELE, JR.

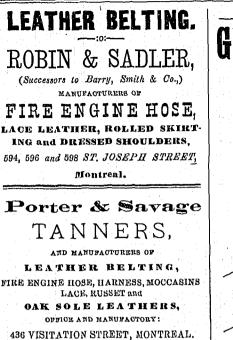
() SLER, GYWN & TEETZEL, BARCHISTERS, &c., Hamilton, ent. OSLER & GWYN, Barristers, &c., Dundas, Cut, B. S. OSLER, Q. C., (County Attorney,) H. C. GWYN, J. V. TEETZE.



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AT a meeting of the stockholders of the Grand Trunk Railway in London last week President Sir Henry Tyler said, with regard to the rate of competition, that the Oompany had no objection to the arbitration which had been suggested, but there was no prospect at present of other lines agreeing thereto.

W. CHARLES ANDERSON, wholesale and retail grocer, Halifax, has assigned to Messrs. Joseph Seaton and C. Thompson, of that city. At a meeting of his creditors, held last Friday, a committee was appointed to investigate the affairs of the estate. The liabilities are estimated at about \$50,000, with assets nominally the same. Mr. Anderson was also proprietor of the stemmer Seud.

Ma. GEORGE C. ROGERS, the enterprising miller at Ashburnham, Ont., has recently introduced in his large mill a complete elevator system, which enables him to handle and ship grain with despatch. The Midland Railway Company have built a track to his mill, and cars are being loaded there night and day, thus materially relieving the grain blockade that usually takes place at this season of the year.

A Monusauna, Ont., correspondent says: "The markets continue to be thronged with farmers disposing of butter, grain, and potatoes; large quantities of the latter, of which a large crop has been raised in this section, are coming in freely, and selling at 40c to 45c per bushel for exportation.

CLUXTON'S magnificent new block of buildings, at the corner of George and Hunter sts., in Peterboro', Ont., is about completed, and is alrendy occupied by Gironx & Sullivan, a new dry goods firm, and by Messrs. T. Dolan & Co., who have taken two of the stores, and are about to open out with a large stock. Garvey's new hotel, with stores, opposite the market, is approaching completion.

AT a recent meeting of the St. Andrews, (Que.) Junction Railway Company, held at St.



Leading Wholesale Trade of Montreal,

Andrews, the stock books were opened, and the necessary stock for the proper organization of the railway was subscribed. Instructions were given for the location of the road, plans of which were submitted, and the work will be pushed forward vigorously. The following named gentlemen were elected officers of the company :--Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, President; D. O. Beattie, Vice-President; T. Graig Field, Managing Director, and George Simpson and John Kelly, directors.

W. H. RANSFORD, bookseller, etc., Clinton, Ont, has made an assignment of his estate and effects, including his stock of stationery etc., to John Ridout, of Clinton, the intention being to get the creditors to accept what the estate will pay, evidently not very much. There are debts outstanding all over the town, but the matter has not been made public yet, and it is not known whether or not these will receive any better fare than the wholesale creditors. The business has paid well in proportion to the stock kept. It is intimated that: "There is an excellent opening for another enterprising man in the same line of business. Two stores of the kind would not support our townsman."

The merchants of Peterboro', Ont., are beginning to feel the effects of the large and profitable grain trade in that vicinity this full, in the increased cash business done, and the prospects for the winter are very encouraging. There seems to be little want of an Insolvent Gourt, or, in fact, of any other court, in Peterboro' county. The litigation for the past year has been so small that none of the Court Sessions have, on an average, lasted over a day or two at a time, and very little of the law business done has been in the way of making collections. The sheriff's fees in that county for the past year are the lowest, with one exception, in Ontario.

THE by-law granting a bonus of \$2,400 per mile to the Pontiac & Pacific Junction Railroad has been carried in the County of Pontiac by a majority of nearly 600 votes.

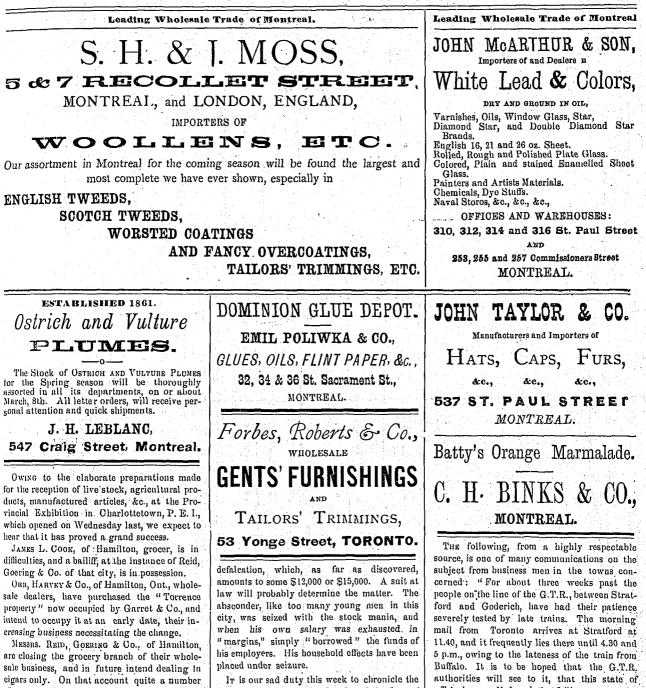
SHIPPING in Prince Edward Island has just commenced,—oats startling at 45 cents per bushel and potatoes at 35 cents. The market for other articles is also fair,—butter selling for 22 cents per pound by the print.

THE Montreal Cotton Co. paid the regular buarterly dividend of 5 per cent. this week.— The demurrer filed by the Great North-Western Telegraph Company to Mr. Low's action was dismissed, on motion of counsel, on Monday last. The case will now proceed on its merits.

F. A. EAKINS, a dentist, formerly of Mitchell, Ont., took a moonlight departure from that place a short time ago. There were a few small creditors but everything is said to have been arranged satisfactorily to all concerned.

The insurance losses by the recent disastrons fire in Collingwood, Out., are as follow: Lancashire \$13,763, Queen \$9,950, Royal \$9,901, Commercial Union \$8,803, Hand-In-Hand \$8,800, Canada Fire and Marine \$8,788, Pheenix \$3,957, North British and Mercantile \$3,345, Sovereign \$2,600, British America, \$2,801, Quebec \$2,000, Alliance \$2,000 Northern \$1,515, Imperial \$1,500, Scottish Imperial \$1,000, Western \$552, Norwich Union \$550, Union \$215, Chizens' \$30 r altogether over \$80,000.

The Customs revenue, at Charlottelown, P. E. I., for the quarter ending 30th Sept., 1881, shows an increase of nearly \$6000 over that of 1880, the revenue of the Post office for the year ending 30th June, 1881, exclusive of money order business, shows an increase of over 33 per cent, within the last 5 years.



of grocers in a small way, who have been deal. ing with them, now find themselves pressed for payment by means of suits entered against them in the Division Court.

MR. ROBERT HEUSTIS has opened a first-class hardware store on Queens street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.-The Starch Factory just completed at Mount Stewart on the Island, has been furnished with a large boiler and two engines from the foundry of Messrs. McKinnon and McLean of Charlottetown.

CHARLES BOURNE, treasurer of the Montreal Telegraph Co. in this city, referred to last week, has been traced to New York. Although in the lion's den there, the new masters of the Telegraph Uo. refuse to have him arrested, saying they shall look to the Montreal Telegraph Co, to make up the amount of the

death of Mr. Thomas McCready, of the firm of James McCready & Co., wholesale boot and shoe manufacturers of this city, which took p'ace suddenly last Sunday morning. In opening the shutter of a very low-silled window in order to throw more light into his bedroom while preparing to attend Divine worship, he lost his balance and fell out head foremost; death was instantaneous. The deceased was 25 years of age, and apart from his position as partner in a prosperous firm, was possessed of those qualities which contribute to make the successful man of business: rarely indeed have brighter prospects been cut short by the hand of death. Ilis brother J mes, the head of the firm, was about to sail from Europe, where himself and wife have been travelling for some months, when the sad news was gabled over,

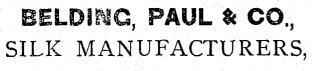
affairs be remedied, and, that failing, commercial men in the large centres should deal leniently with those who suffer the annoyance of irregular mails. The mail has been more irregular of late than it was during the most severe storms of last winter." The people of Montreal have similar cause for complaints; the morning mails from the west have been very irregular for some weeks. The Grand Trunk mail train from Toronto

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was over twelve hours late yesterday.

THE "Mutual Benefit Associates" of Rochester, New York, have not yet settled the Lacolle. case. Mr. Stryker is expected "in a few days'? rom Rochester.

THE Railway Conference held Wednesday between the Syndicate leaders and Cabinet Ministers upon the special train from Ottawa



MONTREAL,

Beg to notify the trade they are preparing, and will have ready February 1, 1881, a full stock of

KNITTING SILK

Of very superior quality and variety of Colors, especially adapted for

Hose, Mittens, Wristlets, Purses, &c.

NOTICE.

W E hereby notify having relinquished our business in this city in favour of Mr. WM. JOHNSON, our late Manager, who has assumed all assets and liabilities pertaining thereto since 30th April last.

LEWIS BERGER & SONS, Limited. Montreal, 30th June, 1881.

Referring to the above notice, in which you are acquainted that I have taken over the

PAINT AND COLOUR BUSINESS

Messre, LEWIS BERGER & SONS, Limited,

I would take this opportunity to inform my friends and the paint trade generally that I intend to carry on the businers in all its branches, assisted by the entire state lately employed by the Messrs. Berger, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the kind patronage so liberally extended to them. Yours truly, WILLIAM JOHNSON.

to the Mattawan is supposed to have been in regard to the running of branch lines in Manitoba and the North-West and other matters connected with the construction of the Canada Pacific.

THERE has been some difficulty between the settlers upon the southern portion of the Mennonite reserve in Manitoba and the Government. The latter concluded to allow the settlers to remain upon the lands on payment of \$3 an acre. It is stated the settlers threaten to remove across into Dakota if payment is forced.

ADESPATOR from Memphis, Tem., yesterday, says: A New York broker has bought \$250,000 Confederate bonds at \$2 per thousand dollars. Many persons in Memphis have thousands of dollars in these bonds, but are not willing to part with them. The only reasons given for this speculation is that the Confederate Goverment during the war deposited seven millions in gold in Eugland, and this has never been touched. If the bonds can be collected they will probably entitle the holder to this deposit, the English Government having refused to recognizes the right of the Federal Government to the money."

SUBSCRIBERS resident at remote points in the Dominion will receive the present issue of the JOUNAL a day later than usual. We much regret the unavoidable delay, which has been caused by several accidents to trains to and from Montreal.

In the paragraph in our last issue, referring to the Union Bank, the compositor made as say that the Directors of that Bank were "about to open an agency in Ottawa," instead of *Winnipeg*. The Union Bank have had an agency in the Capital of the Dominion for several years. S. CLOUTHER, tanner, Quebec, is reported to have failed.—L. Senécal, groceries and hardware, etc., Sorel, referred to in a previous issue has effected a settlement at 75c on the dollar, 55c secured, and 20c his own note.

SAMUEL PRICE, a shoemaker by trade, was recently detected in the act of carrying off the goods of his employer at Napance, where he acted as foreman in a shop. It was found that he had removed about \$75 worth of stock to Deseronto, but before he could be arrested on a warrant he had make his escape. Price was formerly employed in Toronto, also at Stayner, Ont., from which latter place he fled some years ago.

JOHN MOORE, dry goods dealer and grocer, Uxbridge, Ont., has called a meeting of creditors. Joseph Stovel, tailor, Meaford, referred to last week, has compromised at 60 per cent. of his liabilities, payable quarterly over a period of twelve months—John Landerkin, general storekeeper, Drayton, Ont., has at last been obliged to assign—Messrs. J. Neill & Son, founders, Toronto, have assigned, with liabilities of about \$10,000, and assets amounting to \$8,500.

The firm of McLachlan Bros. & Co., this city, have dissolved, Mr. Charles Morton retiring at the expiration of five years, the period agreed upon, to enter into partnership with Wm. Denoon, formerly of McIniyre, Denoon & French, but more recently of Messrs. Denoon, Drake & Dodds, of this city—in the establishment of a new house on St. Peter street. The new firm are fortified with ample capital, and possessing both capacity and experience, have a promising future; they are starting at a time when the field seems large enough for recruits, and will no doubt meet with success.

CANADA TOBACCO WORKS, A. D. PORCHERON, . . . Proprietor,

22 & 24 ST. GEORGE ST., MONTREAL.

To the Trade:



The PACIFIC TWIST is the most reliable Chewing Tobacco made in the Dominion. No scraps or sweepings can be used in this tobacco on account of its shape, and none but first-class leaf is used. This Tobacco is retailed by the foot.

If you want to serve your own interest buy Porcheron's ROUGH AND READY 13s; its novelty and quality are both a guarantee to the buyer tha he may turn out some profit and please his customers.

A. D. PORCHERON, Montreal.

Manitoba and the North West Territory FARMING AND STOCK-RAISING LANDS FOR SALE BY THE

HUDSON'<u>s bay c</u>ompany,

Under agreement with the Crown, the Hud on's Bay Company are entitled to one-twentieth of the Lands in the tertile belt, estimated at about seven millions of acres, and they are prepared to offer for sale land in the Townships already surveyed by the Government of Canada.

Pumphlets and full information in regard to these Lands will be given by the undersigned at the offices of the Company in Montreal and Winnipeg.

C. J. BRYDGES,

Land Commissioner.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Montreal Harbor Commissioners, held last Thursday afternoon, the statement read of the revenue of the port showed the customs' receipts for September, ult., to have been \$31,000, as against \$41,500 for like period last year; local traffic dues, \$6,218, as against \$5,591; total revenue for September this year \$47,091, last year \$37,-218; total revenue this season \$178,108, as against \$234,014 to the same date last year. The Harbour Master's report showed 462 scagoing vessels in port this year, with a tonnage of 431,859 tons, while to the same date last year there had been 569 vessels, representing a tonnage of 519,564.

WITHOUT CAPITAL OR EXPERIENCE .- About six months ago three young men, eager to make a fortune in a hurry, conceived the idea of embarking their small savings in the manufacture of Brass, Babbet and King Silver in the City of Hamilton. Neither of them had more than \$1,010 capital, and each was without experience in the proposed line of business. One of them was a bank clerk, another bookkeeper in a Loan and Mortgage Company's office, and the third a news agent. They bought a large quantity of patterns, lathes, and other machinery necessary for their purpose, rented a small foundry premises on John street, and put out their shingle, bearing the firm name of Blakeslee & Co. Having expended all the means in getting their equipments, they had to borrow capital to supply stock and pay wages. As might be expected under the circumstances, the senior partner absconded two weeks ago, and the second followed last week, leaving creditors to the amount of over \$3,000, with not more than \$600 of assets, cash value, to



ago application was made for a bond for Mr. Robertson, the railway people persistently pleading their cashiers' long service and wellattested probity as known to several leading.



capacity to treat the subject must be manifest. If he were not ignorant, then it must be equally manifest that he has endeavored to mislead his readers. He can choose either horn of the dilemma. We shall cite from an article in this journal of the date of 13th Dec., 1878: "According to "the latest quotations that we have seen, "Imperial guaranteed 4 per cent. bonds " were worth 104, and Canada 4's 92, the "difference being 12 per cent., the average " being 98, or, allowing a margin of profit "to the contractor, 964, which seems about " a fair price for the two stocks. This "would be equal to a sale of Canada 4's at "901 should the loan be taken. Mr. Tilley " may be congratulated on his success, " and especially if tenders should be made "by contractors outside of the ordinary "operators in Canadian securities."

A most unwise course in our judgment was pursued by the opposition of the day in attacking Mr. Cartwright's loan, and especially in attributing to the London linancial agents a desire to obtain advantages for themselves in the allotment of the loan. The result of their criticism was to fetter the action of their own Minister, and to compel him to adopt a course not exactly similar to Mr. Cartwright's, but practically the same. Instead of offering the loan at a fixed price, he named a minimum rate, which was much the same thing. There never was any just ground for attacking Mr. Cartwright's loan because it was issued at a fixed price. It is a matter of notoriety that this is the ordinary practice with regard to loans of a similar character, and that it is the one that is most acceptable to the lenders. We have referred to the advice of the financial agents, and will here reproduce an extract from an article in this journal on 15th December, 1876:

"We have observed with deep regret that "the journals opposed to the Government have "not scrupled to attribute the advice of the "financial agents to interested and corrupt " motives. This we think a most unfortunate "line of action. The character and standing " of the eminent firms which have been so long " the financial agents of Uanada in London are "so high that insinuations such as those to "which we refer can only injure those who "make them. Mr. Cartwright himself is pro-"nounced even by his opponents to be too. "honorable a man to be guilty of corruption " of any kind, but it is broadly insinuated that "he has been a tool in the hands of the finan-"cial agents in perpetrating a job for their "benefit. We deprecate this kind of attack, " Mr. Cartwright can defend himself, or he has "influence enough with the press of his own " party to secure a fair hearing; at all events "no great harm can result from the free dis-" cussion of his acts. The attacks on the finan-"cial agents can only be productive of deep

" injury to the Dominion and to its credit. The "securities of the Dominion are now, and always " have been, held mainly by the clients, if we " may use such a term, of the great houses who " have negotiated our loans. With regard to " the terms of the loan, we must observe that " no greater mistake can be committed than to " maintain that a new loan can be floated at " anything like the price at which small sales " are made in the market. It cannot be sup-" posed for a moment that any capitalist will " take the risk of a large loan at the rate at " which small sales have been made to inves-" tors. We deprecate the general tone of the " press opposed to the Government, chiefly on " the ground of the insinuations against the " financial agents, but likewise because we be-" lieve the loan to have been negotiated on as "favorable terms as could reasonably have " been expected."

It will doubtless be recollected that when Mr. Tilley's composite loan was offered at the minimum of 96½ only a portion of it was taken, and some days elapsed before the whole was subscribed. If we are not mistaken, the financial agents came forward and took the amount, or the greater portion of it, which was on the market. Our impressions at the time will be found in the following extract from our article of 13th Dec., 1878:

"Owing to the course taken by the opponents " of the late Government, which we considered "at the time a serious mistake, Mr. Tilley was " not altogether a free agent. He was unable "to place the loan on the market at a fixed " price, however desirable it might have been " to do so. It is the interest of borrowers to " conform even to the prejudices of lenders, and " certainly they are not likely to suffer by doing "so. The loan was not taken at once, which " was unfortunate, and was in all probability " owing to the London agents having refrained "from tendering in the first instance owing " to the offensive remarks made regarding " them by leading Canadian statesmen, in " connection with the last loan. We infer that " they stepped in to support Canadian credit " after the first failure to place the entire loan, "It may be hoped that our loan transactions " will in future be kept out of the political "arena. In all questions of an Imperial char-" acter Canada shou ld be a unit."

We find nothing in the extracts which we have quoted which we should wish to modify. The chief ground of the attack on Mr. Cartwright's loan was its having been issued at a fixed price, although it is notorious that such has been the usual custom in floating loans in London, and that. it is the mode preferred by the lenders. Since the negotiation of that loan several cases have occurred to the knowledge of Canadians and without hostile criticism. of loans being placed at a fixed price. We have quite recently had an instance in the Pacific Railway bonds, and prior to that the French loan to the Quebec Government. A previous case had occurred of a loan obtained by the Quebec Government in New York at a fixed rate.

Sir Leonard Tilley's loan is open to the objection that two securities of a different character were offered en bloc. The Imperial guaranteed bonds are a kind of security that are looked on in the same light as the British funds, and would be sought, not only by a class of capitalists who do not deal in Canadian securities, but also by various public companies whose regulations prohibit them from buying Canadians bonds. It is a matter of notoriety that after Sir John Rose's experiment of placing the two classes of bonds together on the market, very in fluential loan contractors such as the Rothschilds expressed their regret at having tendered for the loan. Not being ordinary dealers in Canadian securities they complained at having them, in a measure, forced upon them. We are not aware that similar complaints were made on the last occasion, but this may have been because such houses as the Rothschilds did not tender. It is, of course, difficult to pronounce an opinion whether more could have been realized by offering the two classes of securities separately or in the mode adopted, but it is clear that Sir Leonard Tilley has had the credit of floating a 4 per cent. Canadian loan at 964 when in reality it was placed much at the same rate as that of Sir Richard Cartwright. It would be thought a most extraordinary proceeding for the Dominion Government to propose to Canadian capitalists a loan one half in their own bonds and the other half in those of the Province of Quebec, and we know of no other instance in which two classes of bonds differing materially in value have been offered together. It may, however, have been a wise proceeding. If recommended by the London financial agents. as we presume that it was, there were doubtless good reasons for taking the course which was adopted. It may have contributed to float the Canadian 4 per cents. to offer them along with the Imperial guaranteed bonds. Those who have been so ready to criticize Sir Richard Cartwright's loan should bear in mind that at the period when Sir Leonard Tilley negotiated his loan in 1878 Canada 4's were selling at 92, which is satisfactory evidence that the original sale at 91 was a good one.

QUEBEC · AFFAIRS.

There is good reason to believe that the elections for the Provincial Legislature will take place very speedily, and yet there can hardly be said to be any well defined ssue before the people. Under these circumstances it seems far from improbable that the votes will be cast rather on Dominion than on Provincial issues. The principal question at the last general election for the Dominion was "Protection against Free Trade," and this, certainly, has no bearing on the Quebec issues. It has been surmised that some of the late demonstrations, and especially that in honor of Mr. Caron at Lorette, were intended to influence the local elections. If not specially intended for that object, it was, at all events, made available to promote it. The County of Quebec returned a liberal at the last Provincial elections, and the Quebec Premier, who, with his colleagues was at the pic-nic, made special reference to the local member, and, as might naturally be expected, said little in his favor. The indications are that the present Quebec Government will obtain a considerable majority in the event of the election taking place within a few weeks. Their weakest point appears to be the peculiar position of one of the members of the Ministry, who was, during the last session, subjected to a charge, which the House deemed it proper to refer to a Committee of Enquiry, which was still sitting, when the prorogation took place, rather suddenly, but after a distinct promise, as is currently rumored, that it would meet again. We are inclined to think that it would be difficult to find a precedent under Parliamentary Government for the prorogation of a Legislature pending an investigation into a serious charge against one of the Ministers. Whatever may have been the understanding arrived at, it seems to be improbable under present circumstances that the Legislature will again be called together, and the country should be prepared for the impending dissolution.

It is but recently that rumors were in circulation, apparently well founded, that there had been negotiations between the leader of the Government and some prominent members of the Opposition with a view to a coalition, and this coalition, unlike the last, was to be based on a mutual agreement to settle at least one question, on which we have little doubt public opinion is nearly unanimous. We refer of course, to the abolition of the Legislative Council, which, after the experience of the sister Province of Ontario, is generally considered too expensive a piece of machinery to be any longer maintained. It is a significant fact that, if current rumor can be believed, the negotiations were broken off not on any question of public policy but solely on personal grounds. It seems tolerably certain that some important members of the Opposition were opposed to the coalition, and this alone would have ensured the failure of the negotiations.

An extraordinary article appeared in a recent number of our evening contemporary, the Star, the purport of which was that there was a serious misunderstanding between those hitherto faithful allies, the Dominion and Quebec Governments "in reference more particularly to the railway interests of the Province," and some alleged utterances of the Hon. Mr. Chapleau are said to be corroborative of this impression. Mr. Chapleau's utterance was to the effect that the Dominion Government should come to the aid of that of Quebec and endeavor to induce the Canadian Pacific Company to buy the Occidental at the price demanded. It is to be presumed, if there is any truth in the rumors afloat, that the Dominion Government has declined to interfere in such a matter. Mr. Chapleau is said to be pressed by Liberals, as well as Conservatives, to form a new party " with a view to counterbalance the influence of Ontario at Ottawa." It will be news to the people of Ontario to learn that their Province " has an all preponderating influence with the Federal Government." The impression which prevails in that Province is that Quebec has had just such an influence as that attributed to Ontario, and most assuredly if the Dominion Government was to interfere in the sale of a railway, constructed by Quebec, and in which the Dominion has no pecuniary interest, it would lay itself fairly open to such an imputation.

We do not profess to know anything regarding the negotiations between the Quebec Government and the Pacific Company, for the sale of the railroad to the latter, but we can draw no other inference from the proceedings of the Company than that the price demanded was so high as to lead them to determine to obtain the desired connection between their main line, including the Toronto branch, and the city of Montreal in a different way. Why Ontario should be dragged into the controversy it is difficult to comprehend, as the Maritime Provinces are equally interested in objecting to Dominion interference with a strictly local question. It is not unworthy of notice that one of the chief promoters of this new party is Mr. Joseph Perrault, who is an avowed Annexationist, and rather a strange ally of the Conservatives of Quebec. He is the authority for the statement that the Quebec Liberals are prepared "to form a united Quebec First party, and to protect our interests."

In view of the statements which have

been publicly made, it seems desirable that if any Liberal party exists in the Province of Quebec, holding constitutional views, its leaders should come forward with a declaration of the principles on which they claim public confidence and support. If the Quebec Liberals really intend to enlist under the standard of Mr. Joseph Perrault, and to attempt to bully and levy black mail from the Dominion. they will find that there will be another "First party" formed very soon, which will embrace all the other Provinces with the exception of Quebec. When Mr. Perrault explains what he means by "not getting fair play at Ottawa " it will probably be more easy to discuss the subject which he has forced on public attention.

FAIR TRADE.

We have on previous occasions vindicated so clearly what we consider the true policy for Canada to adopt, with regard to the "fair trade" agitation in England, that we should not have deemed it necessary to revert to the subject had we not learned, on authority on which we can rely, that an attempt is about to be made to commit her still further to a policy, that, in our judgment, would be most disastrous. We mentioned in our last number that the "fair, trade move-"ment originated with Canadian dele-"gates from our Dominion Board of "Trade, and that the principal plank in "the platform is Commercial Union be-" tween Great Britain and her Colonies on "the basis of each giving to the other "reciprocal advantages." We feel assured that we are doing no injustice to Mr. Dobell, an extensive lumber merchant in Quebec, when we designate him as one of the most prominent supporters of this new policy, and when we state, further, that he is at the present time endeavoring to have his hands strengthened by Canadian Boards of Trade in carrying on the agitation for the "Commercial Union," of which he is one of the most prominent advocates. Mr. Dobell, as is well known, is nearly connected with a member of the present Government, and, moreover, Sir Alexander Galt, the Canadian High Commissioner, has given expression to opinions that, if not in complete accordance with those of Mr. Dobell, are, in our judgment, equally objectionable.

The time has arrived when the Dominian Government should decide as to the policy which it is prepared to adopt. Of course if its decision should be in favor of reciprocal tariff arrangements with Great Britain, under which British

manufactures shall be admitted into Canada at a duty of ten per cent., while Canadian breadstuffs and timber shall be protected in the United Kingdom, and if that decision should be acquiesced in by its Parliamentary supporters, there will be a new and most important issue before the country. The Ministerial organs have, with hardly an exception. written in favor of the "fair trade" policy, but they have, as a rule, evaded the discussion of its effect upon Canada. We can perfectly understand the importance, to those who are engaged in the lumber trade, of obtaining a protection in the British markets by means of a dis criminating duty ; and we can imagine the possibility of persons engaged in agricultural pursuits being deluded into the idea that the Imperial Parliament could he induced to place duties on the food of the people. The imposition of import duties on food by the Imperial Parliament is the couleur de rose view of " fair trade" as regards Canada. It remains to be ascertained whether the supporters of the Canadian National policy, those who oried out "so much the worse for British connection," will give their adhesion to the new policy of admitting British imports at a low duty while maintaining the present tariff against the United States. There are, no doubt, many free traders who would not regret the adoption of any policy which would tend to check the progress of Canadian manufactures. Still the announcement by authority that the Government was favorable to the scheme of "commercial union" with Great Britain would cause a complete disruption of our political parties. It is simply incredible that the manufacturing interests in Canada would support a tariff under which British imports would be admitted at a duty of ten per cent. Among other industries that would most assuredly suffer is that of sugar refining. Under the present tariff the large imports of refined sugar from Glasgow have been seriously checked, and without doubt the "fair traders " would demand the repeal of the prohibitory sugar duties.

The question has, however, to be considered most thoughtfully with reference to our relations with the United States. Hitherto Canadian exports have been admitted to the markets of the United States on the same terms as the most favored nations, and for a period of nearly forty years there have been no discriminating duties in Canada in favor of Great Britain. Can any one who is acquainted with the state of public opinion in the United States believe for a moment that Congress would tolerate the imposition by Canada of discriminating duties against her exports? That retaliation would follow seems to us not to admit of doubt. What form it would assume, it is much more difficult to forecast, but we may be assured that it would be that form that would inflict upon us the greatest amount of injury.

We need not pursue the subject, highly important as it is, but we think that we have sufficiently established our point, that it is high time that the Canadian Government should adopt a policy on the subject, and that the public should be enlightened as to its views. The subject is altogether too important to be entrusted to the management of Mr. Dobell and other members of the Board of Trade, who have already seriously compromised Canada. Sir Alexander Galt is in a different position. It may be assumed that he is thoroughly acquainted with the policy of the Government on this question, which he has had ample opportunities of learning within the last few weeks. In the position which he occupies, he can hardly avoid giving expression to the views of his Government, after his return to England, which we understand is likely to take place almost immediately. If the Canadian Government is wise it will at once make an authoritative announcement of its determination not to interfere, directly or indirectly, with the "fair trade" agitation. In all probability, judging from the utterances of the British Premier, that agitation will very shortly cease, but it must be sufficiently obvious that it would be most unwise for Canada to commit itself in any way to such a movement as that which has been advocated by Mr. Eckroyd and others.

THE ONTARIO BANK.

There has been a good deal of speculation within the last few days in the stock of the Ontario Bank, owing to prevalent rumors as to the proposed reduction of the capital. It has been surmised that it would be deemed advisable to reduce the capital stock, owing to the losses sustained during the last few years, and rumors have been set affoat that the new manager had recommended a greater reduction than the directors were willing to consent to. There is good reason for believing that the Manager's report had not been made at the time when the rumors alluded to were put in circulation. The tendency of a new Manager will be to take the most gloomy view of the assets, but there is as yet no reason to doubt that the directors are prepared to deal with the emergency, so as to place

the Bank on a thoroughly sound footing. We sincerely hope that before many days have elapsed it will be found possible to make an authoritative statement that will allay the panic that has been felt by a large number of shareholders, owing to rumors, the truth of which they have had no means of verifying.

From the latest accounts we infer that the report has been in the hands of the President, Sir Wm. Howland, for about a fortnight, but how the Montreal shareholders have got information about it we don't know. Pending the discussion of the subject by the Board of Directors the report should have been strictly confidential, and the President would naturally have desired time to investigate the report for himself before committing himself to any opinion.

THE MOLSONS BANK.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Molsons Bank was held on Monday at the head office on St. James street, in this city, the President, Thomas Workman, Esq., in the chair. The report, which will be found elsewhere, was most satisfactory. Like every monied institution in the Dominion the Bank had suffered losses during the period of depression, and had been under the necessity of writing off a portion of its accumulated rest. Last year the profits have been so considerable that the directors have been able to transfer no less than \$110,000 to the rest account after paying a dividend of 6 per cent. The President, as is well known, has been a successful merchant, and has the great advantage of an intimate knowledge of the business people of Montreal. He has given a large portion of his time to the Bank, and has it in contemplation to make another round of visits to the agencies in company with the General Manager, Mr. Thomas. Mr. Nelson, M.P.P., paid a well-merited compliment to the various employes of the Bank, which will, we have no doubt, encourage them to labor with increased zeal in the performance of their duties.

HON. SENATOR PENNY. We have to express our sincere participation in the general expression of deep grief at the removal from amongst us of the Hon. Edward Goff Penny, for many years Editor-in-chief of the Montreal Herald, and since 1874 a Senator of the Dominion. Mr. Penny emigrated to Canada about the year 1844, and shortly afterwards commenced his career as a journalist. At that time the Montreal Herald was one of the principal organs of

the party then designated as Tory, though it was likewise called the British party in contradistinction to the French, which was at that period of our history more united than it has been recently. Under the editorial management of Mr. Adam Thom the Herald had been very violent; but his successor, Mr. David Kinnear, was more moderate, although in the great Metcalfe controversy, which was terminated by the complete establishment of Parliamentary Government, he gave no lukewarm support to the opponents of that principle. It is to the credit of Mr. Penny that, although brought into contact with persons holding views which could not have harmonized with those which he had imbibed in his native country, he preserved his liberal principles. He was for several years the principal writer for the Herald, under Mr. Kinnear's responsibility, but about 1858 became the chief editor and part proprietor. Under his management the Herald became an influential organ of the Liberal party, which obtained a large accession to its ranks from the Englishspeaking portion of the community. It would be interesting to trace the changes which took place in the opinions of the citizens of Montreal during the period of Mr. Penny's editorial career. This, however, is not a suitable occasion for such reminiscences. As a public man, Mr. Penny will be a great loss to the political party with which he was connected, and by which he was highly trusted, and as a citizen of Montreal he will be deeply lamented by a large circle of private friends, to whom he was endeared by his many amiable qualities.

MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES.

THE new blanket factory in this city, referred to in these columns some time ago, has been opened near the canal basin, with 35 men employed and seven or eight looms in operation.

The foundation of the Windsor, N.S., cotton factory has been completed ; bricklaying has been commenced, and with favorable weather it s expected that the building will be roofed in before winter.

An enterprising manufacturer is said to be looking for a site in or around the city of London, Ont., for the establishment of a wincey factory that, will furnish employment to about 200 persons. He has been cordially received by the London wholesale merchants, and it is expected that the C ty Council will be willing to grant concessions which will encourage the enterprise.

THE MOLSONS' BANK.

The annual meeting of the share olders of the Molsons' Bank was held last. Monday, the President, Mr. Thos. Workman, in the chair. There were present :- Messrs, N. B. Corse, David Rae, H. A. Nelson, S. H. Ewing, J. H. R. Molson, Candide Roy, R. W. Shepherd, Geo. Smith, A.

Girard, F. W. Thomas, James Elliott, and others

On the motion of the CHAIRMAN, Mr. Elliott was appointed Secretary of the meeting. Messrs. C. Roy and D. Rae were appointed scrutineers. Mr. Thomas, the general manager, then read the following

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS.

GENTLEMEN,-The profit and loss account and general statement of affairs which have been submitted to you are the best indications of the reviving prosperity of the Bank, the earnings of which in the face of prolonged low rates for of which in the face of prolonged low rates for money have been but once exceeded in its his-tory. The shareholders will be gratified to ob-serve the addition of \$110,000 to the rest, bring-ing it up to \$250,000. The liquidation of debts of old standing has absorbed \$47,500 of the year's profits, which procluded your directors from entertaining the question of increased dividend for the past six months. The advances of the Bank have had our careful considera-tion and although it is scarcely nossible to tion, and although it is scarcely possible to state with certainty that every bad debt has been provided for, yet we are of opinion that from the liberal writing off in the last and pre-ceding years there will remain a margin amply will be presented and an antisufficient to meet any unanticipated loss. Since our last meeting we have closed the Milbrook agency, its business having been found of too small a volume to render its continuance desirable, and have established a branch at Water-loo, Ontario, which bids fair to be remunera-The branches and agencies of the Bank tive. have been inspected once or oftener during the year, and we are happy to inform you that they are all in an efficient and improving position.

	Ĺ
Balance at credit of profit and loss on 30th September, 1850 \$20,279 37 Net profits of the year,	
after deducting ex-	1
penses of manage-	
ment and reserva-	1
tion for interest ac-	
	- 1
crued on deposits,	
and exchange, are \$296,632 69	
From which has been	
paid—	-
51st dividend,	
at 6 per	
cent, 1 st	
April, 1881.\$60,000_00 52nd dividend	
at 6 per	
cent,1st Oc-	
tober, 1881. 60,000 00	
Am'nt writ-	
ten off for	
bad and	
doubtful	
debts 71,040 88	
<u> </u>	
Leaving a surplus of 99,591 81	
\$119,862 18	3
From which deduct amount trans- ferred to Rest Account 110,000 00	
Leaving at credit of Profit and	
Leaving at credit of Profit and Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881	5
Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881 \$9,862 19	5
Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881	
Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881	4
Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881	4
Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881	4
Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881	0
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Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881	000000
Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881	0000000
Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881	0000000
Loss Account on 30th Septem- ber, 1881	5 0

Other deposits payable after no-

tice..... 1,589,874 13

Due to other Banks in Canada	304,535 86
Due to other Branches	26,289 22
Due to Foreign Agents	120,480 01
Profit and Loss	9,862 18
Rest	250,000 00
Fifty-second dividend	60,000 00
Dividends unclaimed	2,382 60
Interest, exchange, &c., reserved	64,882 94

\$9,030,443 20

	ASSETS.		
Specie Dominion	\$270,361 36 Notes 519,935 00		
· · · ·		\$790,296	36
	l cheques of other Banks.	398,452	33
	due from other Banks in		
		87,548	47
	due from Dominion Gov-		
	L	5,303	
Balances	due from Foreign Agents	53,733	21 .
LOADS R	nd Bills discounted on		
Bouds,	Debentures, &c Corporations	217,556	45
Loans to	Corporations	24,770	00 -
Bills disc	ounted and current	7,012,528	87
Bills disc	ounted, past due, secured	70,085	
Bills disc	ounted, past due and not		
	1		96
Real Esta	ate, other than Bank pre-		
		138,360	79
	mises at Head Office and	100,000	
	les at their actual cost		inn.
Other on	sets		
O ther its	ac barrer	26,831	. 22
		\$9,030,433	
		wo, ww, 400	- <u>-</u>

The Molsons' Bank, Montreal, 5th October, 1881.

The Chairman-Gentlemen, the report is now before you for discussion. If any gentleman present wishes to ask any questions we shall be very happy to answer them. If not, I will move "That the report now rend be adopted and printed for distribution amongst the shareholders.

Mr. Molson seconded the resolution.

The Chairman then said :-Before putting the motion, gentlemen, I may be permitted to say a few words. As the annual report just read is a few words. As the annual report just read is very brief, I doubt not many stockholders would like to obtain some additional information in reference to the past year's business, as well as to the future prospects of the Bank. I think I am justified in saying our report rather tunk i an justified in saying our report rather understates our actual position, and that our real profits were somewhat in excess of those mentioned. We have paid our usual dividend of six per cent. per annum, and carried the handsome sum of \$110,000 to "The Rest," bringing it up to \$250,000. This shows the net profit of the year, after making ample prov-sion for bad and doubtful debts, to be about 114 ber cent. In reference to the amount written per cent. In reference to the amount written off this year, the directors entertain strong hopes that a considerable portion of it will be recouped by the sale of valuable lands in Dakota and lowa, and timber limits in Canada. Our actual losses this year have been very light—many of our agencies have not lost one dollar,—the Montreal office escaped with a very limited amount indeed. I am uware many of our shareholders, think with such favorable results we ought to have paid a larger dividend. This subject was carefully considered by the directors and general manager; they deemed it safer and more prudent to strengthen our resources than to increase our dividends, for this year at least. We make no promises for the future, but should the next year be as pros-perous as the one just closed, we may reasonably hope to meet the wishes of our stockhold-ers in this respect. We must bear in mind that at present every branch of business is pros-perous, and becoming more and more expanded every day. Vast public works are being carried on, many of which will be unproduc-tive for years; new mills and factories are being built, old ones enlarged. Railroad, municipal and other bonds, to an enormous amount, are being floated, and foreign imports increas-ing by many millions per annum. All these are absorbing large amounts of money, and must, as a natural consequence, produce a stringency in the money market ere long to be succeeded by failures and heavy losses. It therefore beby failures and heavy losses. comes the duty of your directors to build up a good reserve, and, as far as possible, guard against such a contingency. At present money is abundant and cheap, but be assured a change is near at hand, newithstanding our very abundant harvest. I have much pleasure in bearing testimony to the zeal and ability of our General Manager, Managers, cashiers and officers generally. To their careful judgment officers generally. and laborious attention to their important duties we are mainly indebted for the prosper-ous condition of the bank to day. It is the ous condition of the bank to day. It is the intention of the General Manager and myself to visit the different agencies ere long, and enquire into their condition. We have found former visits of this nature were highly suits factory as well as profitable to our stockholders and the employes generally. If you have any thing more to say, gentlemen, or any remarks to make, we would be glad to hear them. Mr. Nelson—I would like to say a word as to

the employes and officers of the bank. You, Mr. The Chairman, allude to the General Manager. The Chairman—The General Manager and the officers generally.

Mr. Nelsou-It perhaps may not be known to all gentlemen present that the officers of this institution in umber about ninety. There are fourteen agencies altogether, I think, and when out of ninety gentlemen you cannot find a black sheep, I think it is a good deal to say. I believe there is no institution in the country that employs ninely officers that possesses more efficient men than we have. I am not prepared to point to one man who is not fit for the position he occupies. I would like to make an allusion to the crisis through which the whole world his passed during the last six or seven years. This bank met with large losses, com-paratively speaking. Every monetary institu-tion met with large losses, but our capital was at no time depleted. At every annual meeting we were able to show you that the capital of the bank was intact, and you have received— every stockholder who has called for it has received-a dividend at the rate of six per cent, To-day we show you that the capital is not only intact, but that we have a rest of \$250,000. The rest was \$400,000, I think; before the crisis came upon us, but it was in consequence of that crisis reduced. We are, however, gradually drawing it up again. The sum of S110,000 has been added this year, and that shows that we have met with rather more than ordnary success during the few years succeeding the crisis, which not only Canada, but the whole world has passed through. I am very prond to be able to add my testimony to the efficient working of this institution. There are older working of this institution. There are older directors present than I am, Mr. Shepherd, for instance, but I have taken the liberty to make these few remarks because I thought that something stronger and more decisive was due on bolk if of the off more of the institution of the officers of this institution. on behalf

The Chairman - I might mention incidentally that it was the wish of the officers that no vote of thanks should be passed specially to them. The report was adopted.

Mr. Corse moved the following resolution, "That the thanks of the shareholders are rendered to the President and directors for their attention to the interests of the bank during the past year."

The resolution was adopted unanimously.

The Chairman-In returning thanks on behalf of myself-and some of the other Directors I hope will reply for themselves-I do so with a great deal of pleasure and satisfaction. I can assure you that the Directors of this bank do their work faithfully and well. They devote probably from two hours to three hours at every meeting, and our General Manager brings before us every matter of detail. Every letter of any consequence the Manager of the bank submits to our consideration, and it is only after the most careful consideration and attention that these matters are decided. I doubt very much if there is any bank in the Dominon that is more careful in that respect, and there-fore there is a great deal of responsibility

devolving upon the shoulders of the Directors. This year especially, and probably to some extent last year, we were very fortunate in escaping from losses of any consequence, and I hope we will succeed in doing the same for the year we are just entering upon. Mr. Thomas-If you will permit me to do so

I desire to say just a word in this connection. It was the wish of the officers with whom I consulted that the stereotyped recognition of the duties discharged by them should not be repeated. It has been done annually, and whether we deserved it or not it would be passed. As I look at it we receive what is considered full remuneration for our services, and we are simply doing our duty as efficiently as we can and no more. I should not have risen and said so much upon this subject had it not been for the voluntary remarks of our worthy director, Mr. Nelson, on the subject. I was quite unaware that he was about to do it; however, [am sure that I only express the feeling of my fellow officers as well as myself in thanking you for that voluntary recognition of our services. I may say, speaking as general manager of the bank, that we can congratulate ourselves upon having, not only a staff of officers who dis-charge their duties efficiently in the office during their official hours, but out of the office I be-lieve they conduct themselves in a very exemplary manner. As general manager I have the fullest satisfaction with our officers in that respect; if our officers conduct themselves improperly or indiscreetly it is soon made known property of indiscreetly 16 is soon made known-to us, and unless we bring them to a sense of their improprieties we quickly get rid of them. In this way we have managed to secure for ourselves the very good and efficient staff which t think may be used by the secure for I think we now have

I think we solve have a solution of the soluti It strikes me as a singular item. It does not say what the "other assets" are. It merely gives the amount. The Chairman—That refers to packages of

money, cheques and drafts in transmission be-tween the branches and the head office.

Mr. Thomas—It is not a lock up of any kind. They are assets which can be turned into each in twenty-four hours. The election of directors was then proceeded

with.

Mr. Corse-Could not a resident director be

Appointed in the place of Mr. Williams? Mr. Thomas—Mr. Williams is coming back shortly to reside here permanently. He is not He is not then going back to Europe.

The Scrutineers shortly afterwards made the

The Settlineers shortly intervatus indec the following report.—" MONTREAL, October 10, 1881. "We have to report that having counted the votes at a meeting of the shareholders of the Molsous Bank, held this day, we find the fol-lowing gentlemen unanimously re-elected directors for the ensuing year. "David Ras.

" DAVID RAE.

"C. Roy. Directors-S. H. Ewing, J. H. R. Molson, Hon. D. L. Macpherson, H. A. Nelson, R. W. Shepherd, Miles Williams and Thos. Workman. The Chairman-Gentlemen, we are very much obliged to you for your attendance.

Mr. Corse-I hope you will do as well in the coming year as you have done during the past year.

The Chairman—We do not promise to do any better, but we will do our best. Mr. Corse—That is all we ask.

The meeting then adjourned.

Correspondence.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of JOURNAL OF COMMERCE. Sin,—In your last issue is a paragraph to the effect that John Garrett & Co, had opened a retail store in this city. Will you kindly con-tradict this report in your next, and say for us,

we are not in the retail business, either here or elsewhere.

Yours truly, Join GARRETT & Co. ' Hamilton, 10th Oct., 1981.

The information contained in the paragraph referred to in the above letter was furnished to us by a reliable correspondent; we however readily publish the contradiction .- Eo. J of C]

financial and Commercial

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

THURSDAY, 13th October, 1881. The general merchandise markets, excepting a few departments in which the bulk of the Fall trade has been done, have shown increased activity for the week, the colder weather having afforded an impulse to the distributive trade. Manufactured goods for autumn and winter use are notably in improved demand, and, as a rule, the markets are firmly supported, there being a "boom" in prices for several commodities, especially iron and metals, grean fulls, notices, buys, and other kinds green fruits, potatoes, hops and other kinds of farm produce. Values for such leading staples as butter and cheese, however, are held considerably above export limits, and bread-stulls have, until within the last day or two, tended in the same direction ; as a consequence, our shipping interests at the close of the season are in a somewhat languishing condition. The local money market rules firm and is gradually becoming more stringent; to commercial br-rowers 6 to 7 per cent. discount, as to name and date is charged, and for advances on stocks the quoted rates are 5 to 6 per cent. Sterling Exchange continues duil, at logs between banks and 1084 over the counter. Drafts on New York firm at 4 to 5-16 prem. On the local Stock Exchange Ontario Bank stock has been the chief subject of interest, and with a weak market efforts to depress the stock have been partially successful, large transactions having been recorded at declining figures. Yesterday the aggregate of sales were 4,768 shares, at a range of 664 to 674, closing at the inside rate. To-day the market opened weaker all round, and Ontario sold down to 624 for four hundred shares, while Montreal Bank de-clined to 2004, but closed at 2013; for this stock ex-div. 1973 was bid and 199 asked. Merchants' and Commerce were a fraction stronger than yesterday, selling at 125 for the former and 144 for the latter. Telegraph steady at 1284. There was no afternoon session of the Board, on account of the Races at Lepine Park. partially successful, large transactions having at Lepine Park.

Sales to-day :-- Morning Board--10 Montreal Sales to-day: --Morning Board--10 Montreal at 200 $\frac{3}{4}$; 75 do at 200 $\frac{1}{4}$; 85 do at 201; 50 do at 201 $\frac{3}{4}$; 155 Ontario at 66; 50 do at 65 $\frac{3}{4}$; 50 do at 64; 25 do at 65 $\frac{3}{4}$; 250 do at 63; 175 do at 62 $\frac{3}{4}$; 400 do at 62 $\frac{1}{4}$; 25 Merchants at 125; 60 Com-merce at 145 $\frac{1}{4}$; 180 do at 144; 200 Montreal Telegraph at 128 $\frac{1}{4}$; 10 Richelien at 47 $\frac{1}{4}$; 50 do at 41 $\frac{1}{4}$; 50 City Gas at 141 $\frac{1}{4}$; 400 do at 141.

BOOTS AND SHOES .- Manufacturers continue busy on the remnants of old orders for Fall goods and new sorting-up business. One or two report that they have not yet linished on orders for September delivery, while others are about through, and commencing to get up about through, and commencing to get up Spring samples; until these are ready to be sent out no change in prices is likely to be made. Travellers have been leaving this week on their sorting-up trip, which, with favorable weather, promises good results. Stocks in the country appear to be getting low, as the recent cold weather has stimulated a brisk demand for the immediate shipment of goods ordered. Labor is still somewhat scarce, and althourb Labor is still somewhat scarce, and although remittances are generally reported first-class, manufacturers complain of small profits.

CATTLE, ETC.-A slight business was done in the local markets on Monday. There was a

full supply of butchers' eattle, but a marked absence of choice stock; only a few small lots of shipping cattle changed hands at $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{6}$ per 1b., live weight, 5c being mentioned as the top figure obtainable for anything choice. Several good heifers and steers were sold at 4c to $4\frac{1}{2}$ e per 1b., while fat cows and medium to fair butchers' cattle sold at 3c to $3\frac{1}{2}$ cpr 1b; rough and lean stock brought $2\frac{1}{2}$ c to $2\frac{1}{2}$. About 400 hogs were offered at Point St. Charles, and sales were reported at \$6.75, \$6 $3\frac{1}{2}$ and \$7 per 100 lbs, which shows a considerable decline from last week. One choice lot was reported sold at \$7.124. There was a good demand for sheep, at \$6.25 to \$6.75 each, a line lot selling at the latter figure. Lambs in good request, selling at \$2.50 to \$2.75. Cable advices from Glasgow report a good demand for best Chundian cattle at 7d to $7\frac{1}{2}$ dep 1b, live weight; and medium to fair grades at 6d to $6\frac{1}{2}$. Shipments of live stock from this port for the week ending October 15th inst., as reported by O. H. Chandler, insurance and shipping agent: SS. "Riversdale," Bristol, 72 cattle, 400 sheep. "Ontario," Liverpool, 210 cattle, 330 sheep. "Ontario," Liverpool, 210 cattle, 430 sheep. Total shipments for week, 900 cattle, 936 sheep. Total previous week, 900 cattle, 976 sheep.

DAIRY PRODUCE.-The local market for Butter and Cheese has remained in the same dull, stagmant condition reported a week ago. The English markets, according to late cable ad-vices, continue dull, with the supply consider-ably in excess of the demand, consequently sales cannot be forced over there except at satis enhance to be forced over there except at a ruinous shorifice, and the tendency in values, especially for *Uhesse*, appears to be downward. On this side much the same state of affairs exists; the same leading shippers who were paying what seemed to be unwarrantably high prices in the country all season are still the notive power which keeps the market so much above the reach of buyers, and which inspires holders of large stocks in the country with hopes of obtaining extreme, if not, indeed, impossible, prices. When it is remembered however, that the English markets are declining, the public Liverpool Cable yesterday quoting cheese down 1s to 58s per cwt., and that one or two Montreal operators are said to hold heavy stocks in Liverpool as well as in this city, it is difficult to define the prospects upon which the hopes of higher prices in the near future are based. Moreover, the bulk of the supply here appears to be of the medium quality, which is difficulty to move, and holders themselves ad-mit that the poorer qualities of *Checse* especially will have to be worked off at low prices. Some in the trade here state that they do not remember such a dull October since they have been in business, the demand being contined to the wants of the local trade and an occasional order from the Lower Ports. The only quotable transactions in butter this week that have come to the surface were made on p.t., and comprised about 350 tubs creating sold at the factories. In *Cheese* there is nothing at all doing; it is to highly a solution of the interval of the interval of the interval of the highest bids obtainable, while factorymen's exaggerated ideas lead them to ask L_2 to l_2 for September make. The total exports of batter from this port from the commencement of the present season up to the loth inst. aggregated 95,834 packages, against 120,199 packages for the like period last year, showing a decrease of 33,365 packages. The total exports of cheese from this port from the commencement of the senson up till the 10th inst. amounted to 470,833 boxes against 340,970 boxes for the like period of 1880, showing an increase of 29,863 boxes. In New York the Butter market is reported firm, with no im-Butter insprovement on export account, as boyers and sellers are apart. New York *Cheese* market is flat and nominal, shippers being brought to the same dead-lock as beer, owing to the unwarrantably high rates which have accupaid in the interior and which are now bsked.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.—There has been a little improvement since our last, but the amount of business doing is moderate for the season. In Sul Soda there has been some movement and sules took place, beginning at 95c and advancing to 97½c, and closing at 10°c, and at these figures considerable sales were made. These prices were for large lots to arrive; in the ordinary way of trade \$1.10 to \$1.20 are the current prices. In other heavy goods there is not much movement. In Englund there is not much movement. In Engthere there well filled. Liverpool is the only port open to importers here now, as we learn there will be no more steamers from Newcastle this season. In finer drugs there is a fuir business doing, and travellers from the leading houses now on the road are sending in orders pretty freely. Optim and Morphius are slightly firmer. Quinine still drooping and languid. In Essential Oils, almost all lines firmer.

Day Goons.—Business at wholesale has continued quiet, with few buyers visiting the market. Travellers are starting out on their regular Fall sorting-up trip, and, with continued seasonable weather, there will likely be a good demand experienced for heavy woolens. Buyers for the Montreal houses are leaving for the English market, some having already gone; the ravelling agents for English firms are asking higher prices this senson for liuen goods, while there is some uncertainty yet as to the ruling prices for English cottous for the Spring trade. Canadian cottons are still reported searce in this market, the mills being being withere fulfilment of orders. Payments have improved within the past ten days, and are everywhere reported good; in many instances country buyers are paying cash for the goods. This is aid to be more customary even than last year, when it will be remembered that the trade here complained of the losses sustained by the large discounts demanded for cash. The city retail trade, as a rule, have been kept busy during the week supplying customers.

FARIGHTS.—Ocean grain freights continue quiet at 4s to London, 2s 9d to 3s to Liverpool; and 2s 6d to 2s 9d to Glasgow.

FRUITS.—Considerable excitement has been created by the American demand for Canadian winter apples; heavy transactions are already reported to have been made in Ontario, including sales of 11,000 barrels in Picton to a Philadelphia buyer at \$2.50 per barrel, and of other large lots in the Niagara district for shipment to Chicago at the same figure. In this market also there have been some American buyers this week, but the first shipment of Canadian winter fruit to Montreal is expected to arrive to-day, and holders are asking \$3.50 per barrel. Stocks of Fall apples held here are not of the best quality, and the demand for these is light, hence prices rule low. A lot of 150 barrels was sold yesterday at \$1.50. Caole advices from Eugland note an advance of 5s to 8s in that market for good Canadian apples. *Pears* scarce, and selling at \$6 per barrel for the few lots offering. *Grapes* in good demand, at \$5.50 per barrel for Almerias; whito Concords in good condition bring 6c per lb. Straggling lots of late Crawford *Peaches* are arriving, and selling at \$1.75 per basket. *Quinces* rather slow of sale, at \$1 per basket. *Lemons* in fair demand, at \$5 per chest. Sweet potatoes worth \$5.50 per barrel.

HARDWARE AND IRON.—A brisk business continues to be done in supplying the country trade with assortments of heavy and shelf goods of all kinds, at advancing prices still for some lines. The English and other foreign markets seem to be stillening for iron and tin, in plates, etc., and this, together with the winter ocean freights, which show an advance of at least 1s per 100 lbs. on the Summer rates tends to make holders here much firmer in their views; accordingly prices for not only Pig*Iron*, but for *Tin* and *Tin Plates*, have been further advanced in this market during the week. A large movement in *Tin Plates* is reported, several thousand boxes having changed hands at \$4.75 for L. C. Cokes, and \$5.50 for Charcoals. Coke plates are now quoted at \$4.75 to \$5, and Charcoals at \$5.50 to 55.75, while in New York holders are also firmer, and asking \$5.25 for Cokes. *Tin* is a scarce article in this market, and is quoted now at 27c for block and 28c for grain; for round lots, doubtless, these prices would be shaded. *Bar Iron* continues to move off freely in car lots, at our minimum quotation, \$1.90, and the market for *Pig Iron* has continued remarkably strong, in sympathy with cable advices from Great Britain. As previously stated, stocks held here are almost *nil*, and any arriving is quickly taken by dealers to fill orders in hand. Only small lots are now offered, the latest transaction reported being in Summerlee at \$24 yesterday; an advance of 60c per ton on all kinds is asked to day, as compared with last week, and, if the winter freights talked of are enforced, still higher prices may be expected. A local firm, in reply to enquiries, received a cable placing winter freights from Ghagow at 25s to Montreal, and 30s to Western Gaadian points; it seems questionable, however, if such extraordinary high rates can be maintained. Remittances are uniformly regarded as satisfactory.

HIDES AND SRIWS.—The demand for *Hides* is not as brisk as might be expected at this time of year, when the quality is generally good; the ianners having been holding off somewhat, dealers have reduced prices this week, and are now paying \$9, \$8 and \$7 respectively for Nos. 1, 2 and 3. Offerings are as large as ever, but prices were found to be too high in proportion to value of leather and outside markets. Sheepskins—All offering are wanted at 90c to 95c each. Nothing deing in *Callskins*, which are nominally quoted at 12c per 1b.

LEATHER.—There is still a scarcity of good stock, especially of plump Sole leather, for which there is a continued good enquiry. The market, however, continues inactive, with values firm except for Upper, which is reported rather easier, though no quotable change has occurred. There have been no shipments to England this week, and the only large transactious reported here are in Splits leather, of which some eight tons in two lots have changed hands at 24c to 25c; also other round lots at 29c to 30c, the last named figure being exceptional

OILS.—Linseed is reported easier, under a lighter demand, and prices are quote 1c lower the last week, at 72c to 74c per Imp. gal. for raw, and 76c to 78c for boiled, as to size of lot. There has been a good enquiry for Cod and Steam Refined Seal oils, at firm but unchanged prices; with the erception, however, of a lot of 100 bris. A Cod, sold to a local dealer on p. t., understood to be slightly under our quotations, no large sales can be noted. Of Pale Scal stocks here are light. Spirils of Turpentine quiet and unchanged.

FISH.—No Labrador Herrings in the market yet, but a cargo reported down the river is expected here about the end of this week; some holders have asked \$6.25 per brl. to arrive, but prices cannot be fixed until the arrival of the fish, as the quality will be the chief factor in determining values. In the absence of "Labradors," Nova Scotis herrings, of which three is a full supply, have been in increased demand, and holders have therefore advanced prices to \$5 to \$5.25 for No. 1, as to size of lot. No. 2 have been sold at \$3.75, but of this grade there is none left. No fresh arrivals of North Shore Salmon, and prices remain unchanged, at \$20, \$19, and \$18, respectively for Nos. 1, 2 and 3. No arrivals yet of California Salmon. Good

qualities of dry cod fish would meet with a ready quarties of all your usit, would meet with a ready sale, but stocks held here as reported not very good, and only small lots have changed hands at \$3.90 to \$4 per 112 ibs A small stock of No. 3 Muckerel still in the market, and held at \$4.

GROCERIES-Sugars .- A reduction is to be noted on Granulated, held 91c to 10c as to lot. Vellow Refined about #c to #c lower. Demand for Yellow is good. In West India Sugars not much to notice. Teas firm for desirable Japan much to notice. much to notice. *Teus* firm for desirable Japan grades, both at places of growth and in our markets; some advance is reported from Japan for such. Low grades neglected. In Black Teas ordinary fair sales of low qualities chiefly. *Molasses.*—Barbadoes steady but not specially active. Surups firm at advance of ic to ic per But Coffees.-Not much business doing on previous basis. Rice dull. Sprees.-Trade is light in Pepper, efforts are continued abroad to keep prices stiff. Fruits.-Activity prevails in keep prices stift. Fruits.—Activity prevails in Valentias, and quite an advance maintained. Syme large lots were sold awhile since in vicin-ity of 8kc, now 94c to 10c and held firmly. Malaga Fruit again advanced. New Layers are here, at \$3 to \$3.40. Loose Muscatels \$3.25 to \$3.50, London Layers \$3.40 to \$3.70. Cur-rents reported higher at Patras. New held here 6kc to 8c as to quality and lots. Sultanas firm. The Boston Journal in referring to the sugar market says: "The Ouba market, from which point we draw our principal supplies of sugar, is advancing, and what little Guba sugars there are to come forward for some months will cost high. For the first nine months of the year we received from Cuba 387,954 tons, and from all sources of supply 631,965 tons, so that more than half the sugars received and consumed come from Cuba. In some years the imports show even a larger average. In 1880 we reshow even a larger average. In 1880 we re-ceived from all points 732,830 tons foreign sugar, of which 436,891 tons were from Ouba, and in 1879 our entire receipts were 687,367 tons, of which 499,952 tons were from Cuba. The movements in sugar since the commence-ment of the year to date have been as follows :

	Imports.	Consumption.	Stocks.
1881, tons	. 642,033	619,876	89,945
1580, "	634,033	569,835	127,756
1879, "	. 600,636	568,233	83,176
1878, "	551,914		66,256
1877, "	570,508	498,917	97,476

It will be seen that while our receipts have been 8,789 tons more than. Last year, the con-sumption shows an increase of 50,044 tons, and the stocks now on hand a falling off of 37,811 the stocks now on hand a falling off of 37,811 tons. The present prices of raw sugars are 84c to 84c, and but few sellers at these prices, while last year the price was 74c to 75c per pound for fair and good refining grades. The advance in refined sugars does not keep pace with the advance in raw. The present price in granulated in 101c new pound and this price in granulated is 104c per pound, and this leaves but a small margin for refiners. It is questionable if there is any profit in the busi-ness at present rates. Last year granulated augars were selling at 950, and good refining. At 71, a margin of 24c per pound, while now the difference between granulated and good refin-ing is only. 2c per pound. The demand for some days past has been more active, and there is a prospect of an advance.

FLOUR AND GRAIN .- Advices from the English breadstuffs markets this week have been anything but encouraging ; yesterday the weak feeling was more marked than at any time since the re-action set in. Wheat off coast since the re-action set in. Wheat off coast declined 6d to 1s per cental, and Liverpool spot wheat and corn. were depressed, the former being 1d to 2d per cental lower. The Chicago wheat market has been considerably excited this week by speculative influences, the "bulls" and "bears" having had a most severe encoun-ter, in which the latter were successful, No. 2 Spring wheat declining there on Tuesday 4gc to 4gc per bush, and ugain about 1c further yes-As one bush, and again about 1c further yes-day. For to-day's closing prices, our readers are referred to "American markets," in another columa. The casic condition of the foreign breadstuffs markets and the recently adopted police of burster being the total states. policy of buyers here in restricting their pur-

chases to immediate wants have had a weakening effect upon holders in this market, who have been offering easier terms the last day or two, especially for *flour*; sales of Superior Extra were made yesterday at \$6.60 to \$6.65, which is a decline of 30c from the highest point touched during the recent "boom." Ontario bags have been in demand, and selling at \$3.25, but in other grades business has been light. The local grain market for the week has ruled quiet, with comparatively little business report-ed. Canada White Winter wheat is lower, and has been sold at \$1.40, and Canada Red is quoted at \$1.44, with no recent sales. A cargo of No. 2 Chicago Spring in store was sold here on Tuesday at \$1.35. Pease quiet; a cargo of 40,000 bush sold on Tuesday at 952c, and a cargo of corn at 722c. Onts quiet, at 40c to 42c; Lower Canada barley worth 70c to 71c, as to quality, and rye remains quiet, at \$1.02 to \$1.03. Unble advices received to-day announce the English markets quiet and unchanged, but, in Chicago wheat opened 3c lower than yesterday's closing figure for November. In the home market the only dealings in grain re-ported were a cargo of peas, between 20,000 and 30,000 bush, at 9.c, and a cargo of rye at \$1.

LUMBER .- No change to report; owing to stoppage of manufacturing, and from drouth, business is almost at a stand still. The wharves are comparatively described as few boats are carrying. Rain that comes now will be of little avail as the sawing season is about over. Prices are bound to keep high until next Summer.

PROVISIONS .- Since the "break" in the Chicago provision market a few days ago the supply of hog products there has been steadily decreasing; the estimated stocks on hand to-day are 88,000 to 90,000 brls pork, and 93,000 to 95,-000 tierces lard. Chicago market was very irre-gular yesterday, and closed 35c per brl. lower for November pork, and 20c higher for January de-livery, while lard advanced 10c to 15c per 100 lbs for November and December delivery. Trade in this market has continued quiet, limit-ed to supplying the jobbing demand. The market has been lightly supplied with Mess Pork, but, in consequence of the sharp decline in the west, prices are easier, quoted at 323 to 323.50, while sales of lots to arrive within the next ten days have been made at a reduction of about \$1 per brl on these quotations. Of Lard the market is almost bare of stocks, but the dethe market is almost bare of stocks, but the de-mand also is light; quotations are more or less nominal, at 15c to 15½c for city rendered in pails. No American lard yet arrived. Hams are in moderate request, at 13c to 13½c for city cured. No canvassed hams here. Eggs-Receipts continue light, while the demand keeps firm, consequently values have been again advanced, quoted-yesterday at 20c to 21c. In Boston Canadian eggs are selling at 25c to 26c, and P. E. I. stock is held at 27c.

WINDOW GLASS .- Cable advices received here yesterday note a further advance in Germany, and state that in consequence of the heavy American demand makers are full of orders up till December next. The local market continues bare with sizes short, and stocks are also reported extremely light in Western Canada, while the demand continues active. Under these circumstances a further advance in values would not be surprising; glass is now sold at \$1.75 for the first break between houses, while for small lots \$1.80 is demanded

WINES AND LIQUORS .- Business continues fairly active, at firm prices. A large Fall jobbing trade is being done, and some Manitoba buyers in the market this week have been laying in rather large stocks. No case Brandy in the market, and *Hin* is also very scarce and high, the advance in Europe at the time direct orders were placed having been firmly maintained. Cheap Tarragona wines and cheap Sherries are almost unobtainable, consequently prices indicate an upward tendency. Payments good.

POTATORS .- The activity of the American demand for Canadian grown potatoes this senson is said to be unprecedented. Spot supplies in this market have all been bought up at advancing prices, large quantities having been sold during the week at 7Cc per bug of 9J lbs. A lot of 1,000 bags of Chili were pur-chased within a short distance of this city at 68c, for shipment to the States. A Quebec pespatch states that some twenty thousand bushels of potatoes have just been bought up. in different parishes along the line of the Intercolonial Railway for shipment to the States. Farmers, it is said, are holding back the crop.

WOOL -The markets, local and foreign, for fine wools continue as stiff as possible, with an upward tendency in values. A local importer states that every invoice received shows an advance on the figures quoted in the preced-ing one. Manufacturers are now purchasing with considerable freedom, and never lose an opportunity to secure a bargain. Medium sized lots of Australian have been sold during the week at from 23c to 32c, according to grade, while *Greasy Cape*, of which stocks continue very light, is quoted firm at 20c to 22c, the latter figure being seldom realized. A 22c, the factor figure of the section realized. A cargo of about 1,200 bales Cape wool, from Algua Bay, consigned to a leading Montreal firm, arrived here yesterday, but a large portion of it had been already sold to arrive. Domestic descriptions have also been selling more freely, in small lots though, at from 33c to 24c for extra fine and the lower grades down to C. Super. Stocks of Extra Super down to C. Super. Stocks of Extra Super very light. In Boston, where large sales have recently been made, Cape wool is quoted at 21c in bond, or 324c, duty paid. The London wool sales closed fast Friday, with good competi-tion; 8,300 bales of Sydney, Victoria and Cape were disposed of. The rates of the series as compared with those obtained in June last shows a small advance for Port Philip better classes of scoured, but faulty and inferior classes of scoured, but faulty and inferior grades of Australian and Cape were rather lower, while fine cross-bred, were unchanged. The date fixed for the next series is 22nd November.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

(By Telegraph.)

Boston, Oct. 13 .- Butter is fi m. The sales of Northern and Western creameries have been of Northern and Western creating nave ocen at 32c to 34c for Unoice, and 28c to 30c for fair and good; New York and Vermont duiries at 26c to 31c for Choice, and 20c to 25c for fair and good. *Cheese* firm and in good demand. Sales of Choice at 122c to 132c, fair and good Sales of Choice at 124c to 134c, fair and good at 11c to 12c. E_{igg} are firm. Sales of North-ern and Eastern at 24c to 25c, Canada and P. E. Island at 23c to 24c, and Western at 22c to 23c a dozen. White Brans are firm and higher. Sales of Preus at \$3.60 to \$3.75, choice mediums at \$3.50 to \$3.60, and Yellow Eyes at \$3 to \$3.10 per bushel Canada Pras are firm, with sales of choice new at \$110 per bushel with sales of choice new at \$1.10 per bushel. Potatoes are in steady demand, at from 90c o \$1 per bushel. Chions are plentiful at \$2.75 to \$3 per bushel. Pork is steady at \$16 to \$16.50 \$3 per bushel. Pork is stendy at \$16 to \$16.50 for prime, \$20.25 to \$25.50 for mess. Lard sells at 13c to 13kc for city and Western.

at 13c to 13 $\frac{1}{2}$ c for city and Western. Chicago, Oct. 13, 1.02 p.m.—Pork, \$16.77 to \$16 80, nominal, Oct.; \$16.80 Nov.; \$16 70 to \$16.80, nominal, year; \$18.50 J.n. Làrd, \$11.55 to \$11.60, nominal, Oct.; \$11.60 Nov.; \$11.55 to \$11.60, nominal, Oct.; \$12.0 $\frac{1}{2}$ Jan. Wheat, hard, \$1.31, nominal, Oct.; \$1.32 $\frac{1}{2}$ Nov.; \$134 $\frac{1}{2}$ Dec. Corn, 59 $\frac{3}{2}$ c, nominal, Oct.; 612c Nov.; 61 $\frac{1}{2}$ c Dec.; 101x, $2\frac{1}{2}$ c Nov.; \$134 $\frac{1}{2}$ Dec. Milwaukee Wheat, \$1.32 to \$1.31 $\frac{3}{2}$ cash, Oct.; \$1.32 $\frac{1}{2}$ Nov.; \$1.33 $\frac{1}{2}$ Dec. New York, Oct. 13, 2.00 p.m.—Wheat, No. 2 Red, \$1.47 $\frac{1}{2}$ Oct.; \$1.49 $\frac{1}{2}$ Nov.; \$1.53, Dec.; \$156 Jan. Corni, irregular, 68c to 70c cash; 68 $\frac{1}{2}$ c Oct.; 69 $\frac{1}{2}$ c Nov.; 72 $\frac{1}{2}$ c Dec. Oats lower.

TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS.

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(By Telegraph from our Special Correspondent.) Tonorro, Uct. 6, 1881.

This week we note the continuance of a fairly active trade in general merchandise. The volume of transactions at this season is generally small, but comparatively speaking this year is an e: esption. On account of high prices of grain and large crops of wheat and barley, the circulation of money has increased considerably, and payments have never been met more promptly by the country retail trade. tage of to a large extent by dealers in dry ange of to a large extent by denters in dry goods, hurdware, groceries, &c. A depression has been felt in breadstuffs since the commen-cement of the week, in sympathy with British and United States markets. Flour is 10c to 15c, per barrel lower and wheat 5c, to 7c, per bushel lower. Barley is also lower in absence of demand, and the feeling among dealers who had bought at prices 5c. to 8c. above current ones is one of demoralization. In the dry goods line a fair number of sorting-up orders have been received. There is considerable attention paid to most classes of woollen goods, prices of which continue steady. There is a fair movewhich continue steady. There is a fair move-ment in flaunels, blankets, tweeds, shirtings, cloakings, dress goods, &c. Cottons are in loss demand and in small stock. It is expected that prices of the latter will rule firm, their manufacture being less than the demand. The wholes ale hardware and iron trude is active with numerous orders for heavy goods. These how-ever, are scarce and many orders have to be delayed until the arrival of fresh stocks. Prices rule firm throughout. Groceries are quiet at firm prices, and in some departments stocks are bare. Valencia Raisins are in good demand and firm at 94 c. and new Currants are quoted at 74c. to 74c. Sugars are firm and Syrups a shade better. Provisions are quiet, with little demand, and stocks almost exhausted. The money market has had a hardening tendency since our last. ket has had a hardening tendency since our last. Gall loans are 5½ to 6 per cent, on go d collat-erais. Among sales the past few days were the following :--Toronto at 166, 165, and 166½; Ontario at 70½, 67, 66, 66½, 67 and 67½; Merchants at 124½; Standard at 112, 111, 112 and 113½; Federal at 150½, 150½, 152 and 153; Domnion at 182½; 185, 186 and 1874; Imperial at 133, 132¼ and 132½. Loan and miscellaneous shares were quiet but the feeling somewhat firmer. Loan at long were Marmer's Loan at shares were quiet but the termine somewhere firmer. Among sales were Farmers' Loan at 131; Hamilton Provident at 135; Outario In-vestment at 127; Freehold at 164; Building and Loan at 1014; Manitoba Loan at 119; Western Canada at 173, and Consumers Gas at 1444; 1443, 1424, 141 and 1414. Market closes irregu-lar with sales of Ontario at 63, 634 and 634; Suandard at 112; Federal at 1524, and Building and Loan at 103.

Following are the closing bids to day as compared with those of last Thursday :

Banks.	Bid Oct. 13,	Bid Oct. 6.	Loan Cos	Bid Oct. 13	Bid Oct. 6.
Montreal.	200	198	Can. Permanent	2044	204
Toronto	ЬĎ	165	Freehold.	1641	1643
Outario	63		Western Can.	172	1171
Merchants	1241	124 j	Bldg. & Lonn.	102;	101
Commerce	144	1 1443	Imp. Savings	l	
Dominion	180^{3}_{4}	1965	Farmers' Loan.	131	
Hamilton	122		Lond. & Can'du		
Standard.,	113	11.5	Huron & Erie	156	150
Federal	152	1513	Dom, Savings	120	1
Imperial .	-131	135	Outario Loan.	134	134
Molsons .	116	1 - 114	Plamiton Prov-	135	135

BOOTS AND SHOES,—Trade has been rather quiet during the week, with orders chiefly of a sorting-up description. Prices are fairly maintained, and factories appear to be busy. Fayments are generally reported as prompt.

COAL AND WOOD.—Deliveries of coal have been large this week owing to colder weather. Prices continue firm, with all kinds of hard solling at \$6.50, the best soft at \$6.50 and second quality at \$6. Wood is higher at \$6 per cord for the best hard and \$4 for pine.

COAL OIL.—The refined market has been fairly active, and prices continue firm. City stocks are small, and hardly sufficient for the demand. Barrel lots sell at 24c. for imperial gallon, and fire to ten barrel lots at $23\frac{1}{2}$ c. Grude in Petrolia is dull and easier at \$1.80 to \$1.90 per barrel.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Apples.—The demand for export lots of winter fruit is good at prices ranging from \$1.75 to \$2.50 per barrel. Fall apples quiet and steady at \$1.25 to \$1.75 for good lots. Beans are scarce and firm, jobbing lots selling at \$1.75 to \$1.90 per bushel. Eggs are in limited supply and firm; dealers pay 19c. in case lots. Hops firm with few sales; choice lots are worth 17c. to 18c. and old lots 5c. to 8c. Hogs are steady at \$7.75 to \$8.50 for small lots on street. Onions quiet and steady at \$3.00 to \$2.50 per barrel. Potatoes are firmer under a better demand, with sales of ear lots at 70c. to 75c. per bag. Poultry in fair supply and unchanged in price; chickens and fowls, 45c. to 60c. per pair; geese, 74c. to 8c. per 1b. and turkeys 10c. to 11c. per 1b. Tallow is scarce and higher, with sales of small lots at 8c.; dealers pay 4c. for rough and 74c for rendered.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Flour has been dull all week, with little demand and none offering. Sules of superior extra were made the latter part of last week at outside points at equal to \$6.324. Since the decl ne in the west, buyers show a disposition to hold back and quotations are nominal. Superior Extra would probably bring \$6.25 to \$6.30 on the spot, and Extra and Spring Extra \$6.15 to \$6.20. The stock in store is 625 barrels against 1,058 barrels last week, and 1,440 barrels the corresponding week of 1880. Bran is dull and easier at \$14 on track. Oatmeal has been in moderate demand and firm at \$4.50 for car lots. Cornmeal quiet and steady, with transactions confined to small lots at \$3.75 to \$4.]

WHEAT.— 'he volume of trade has been less than that of the previous week, and values show a decline. Receipts continue fair, they being from 12,000 to 15,000 bus. a day, but the decline is attributed to the general weakness of all leading markets. No. 2 Fall, sold the latter part of last week at \$1.38 and \$1.37, and on Thesday at \$1.35. No. 1 Spring sold at \$1.40 on Friday and No. 2 at \$1.38. A few cars of No. 1 Spring sold down to \$1.37 on Monday; one car of No. 2 Spring at \$1.30 the same day. Yesterday, No. 2 Spring at \$1.30 the same day. Yesterday, No. 2 Spring was nominal at \$1.35. The tone of the market to-day is weak, with buyers and sollers apart. For No. 2 Fall, November delivery, \$1.25 bid, and cash \$1.30 bid; No. 2 Spring nat \$1.32 to \$1.35. Coarse Grans.—Barley—This market has been in a demoralized state since the beginning of the week. A number of our dealers purchased largely early in the season in anticipation of much higher prices, but instead of ad-

COARSE GRAINS.--Barley--This market has been in a demoralized state since the beginning of the week. A number of our dealers purchased largely early in the season in anticipation of much higher prices, but instead of advancing they have declined. The supply is undoubtedly large, and brewers and malsters in the States have been keeping out of the market in anticipation of lower, prices. Sales of No. 1 were made the latter part of last week at 94c. ; No. 2 choice at 90c.; No. 2 ordinary at 88c, and No. 3 Extra at 83c. On Monday No. 1 sold at 91c.; No. 2 choice at 89c.; No. 2 at 86c and 87c, and No. 3 Extra at 80c. A car of No. 1 sold on Thesday at 90c, and No. 3 Extra offered at 80c, without bids. No sales to-day, but the feeling is firmer; No. 1 is nominal at 90c, and 83c was bid to day for 83,000 bush No. 2. Oars.--Arc quiet and unchanged; receipts are small as well as the demand; sales almost daily at 42c, on track: No stock in store. Peas firm on limited offerings; No. 1 are worth 80c.

Outs.—Are quiet and unchanged; receipts are small as well as the demand; sales almost daily at 42c, on track. No stock in store. *Peas* firm on limited offerings; No. 1 are worth 80c, to 81c and a car of No. 2 sold on Tuesday at 7.c. The stock in store is 3,891 bushels against 2,647 bushels last week and 14,875 bushels the corresponding week of 1880. *Rye* is steady, with fair offerings; sales of 5000 bushels were made on Saturday.at 96c, and a car yesterday at the same price. *Corn* is dull and nominal at 78c, to 80c. FREIGHTS.—Rail freights are firm at last weeks quotations. Lake rates are still with few vessels offering.

GROCENES.—The movement is only moderate, orders being principally from the country for small parcels. Fish are firm and unchanged. The supply of fruit is limited and prices are somewhat firmer; there were sales of round lots of Valencies to arrive at 94c., and new currants are firm at 74c. Sugars are uncharged at 94c. to 10c. for granulated. Syrups have advanced two cents, and are now quoted at 60c. for common and 68c. for choice. Liquors are firm at the advance of last week. To baccos are fairly active and firm, and dealers expect a further advance son.

HAROWARE AND IRON.—Shelf goods continue fairly active, and prices are fully maintained Stocks as a rule are small, and cable orders have been delayed on account of the activity in the British markets. Nails are 'generally firm, but it is said that one house is selling below last week's quotations. Canada Plates are firm at \$3.20 to \$3.35. Glass in good demand. Bar Irou, ordinary, \$1.95 to \$2.00. Siemen's horse shee bars, \$2.40. Black sheet, \$2.75. Swedish Iron, \$4.50; and Norway, \$4.50 per 100 hs, Pig Iron is firm, Siemen's being quoted at \$25.50, and other descriptions at \$34 to \$25. Tron Wire—No. 6, per bundle, \$1.90 to \$2.00. No. 9, \$2.25 to \$2.20; No. 12, \$2.55 to \$2.05; No. 16, \$3.15 to \$3.25. Tin Plates unchanged at last week's prices. Block Tin, 28 to 30c; grain 30c to 32c per lb.

HIDES AND SKINS.—Hides quiet and steady, sales of a number of cars of cured at 94c; dealers pay 9c for cows and 94c for steers. Calf-skins are dull and nominal, with few offering; we quote 14c to 15c. Sheepskins are in good demand and firm, with dealers paying \$1.

LEATHER.—There has been a fair enquiry from the city trade and orders are free from the country for small packages. Stocks are comparatively small and prices maintained. Following are the quotations to the country trade : Spanish Sole No. 1, all weights, 27c to 29c; Spanish Sole No. 2, to 25c to 27c; slaughter sole heavy, 29c to 29c; slaughter sole. light 27c to 29c; Buffalo sole, 23c to 25c. Other descriptions unchanged.

Live Sroex.—Cattle—The market has been fairly active during the week, with little change in quotations. About forty cars offered since our lust report, but the bulk of them were of ordinary quality. Shippers are not buying to any extent, and the highest price pail was 42. for stock averaging 1,200 lbs. Good butchers' eattle are worth 35 to 1,100 lbs. Sheep are quiet and steady at 4c to 44c, per lb.; offerings small. Lambs in good demand and firm, with sales at \$3 to \$4 a head. Only es unchanged at \$7 to \$10 for first-class, and \$4 to \$0 for ordinary. Hogs offer more freely and are steady at 64c, to 64c, for good and 64c for first quality.

A. W. CRAIG & CO., SHIRT and COLLAR MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF GENTS' FURNISHINGS, 130 ST. JAMES STREET, OLD POST OFFICE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

Goods Warranted First-class in all .

PROVISIONS.—Butter.—The market has been quiet and steady, but receipts towards the close show a slight inercase; prices are rather high for export, car lots of selections in the country heing worth 19c to 20c.; choice lots of tub job at 22c. to 23c. Bacon is firm, with little stock on the market; long clear sells at 124c. Hams also scarce with a slack demand; prices are nuchanged at 144c. to 15c. for canvassed. Mess Pork is easier at \$22 for car lots in sympathy with Chicago, but business is confined to small lots. Lard is scarce and firm at 16c. for American relined and 154 for Canadian in small lots. Cheese is in fair demand and easier at 13c for the best and 124c. for good. Dried Apples are dull and noninally incharged at 54c to 6c. for old lots.

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SEEDS. - Clover is dull, with no mevement except in small lots from store at \$5.25 to \$5.50 per bushel. *Timothy* is also quiet, and prices steady at \$3.25 to \$3.35 per bushel. *Hax* sells in jobhing lots at \$1.45 to \$1.50 a bushel.

 W_{00L} .—The feeling has somewhat improved this week, and several large transactions are reported. There were sales of about 40,000 lbs. of fleece at 25c. and dealers are paying 24c onstreet. Supers are firm, with sales of ordinary at 212c, and 28c, and choice at 282c. Extra sold at 35c; for a lot of 3,000 lbs.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that the Dundee Land Investment Company, Limited, will apply at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada for an act enabling it to take hold and convey real property within the Dominion of Canada.

DRUMMOND BROS. &. CO., Montreal, 10th September, 1881. Agents.

NOTICE.

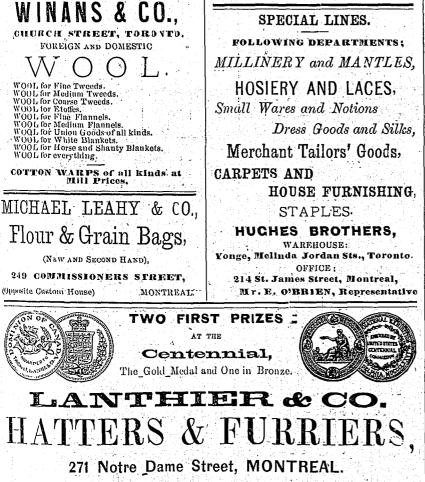
Is hereby given that the Scottish Canada Company, Limited, will apply at the next session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada for an act enabling it to take hold and convey real property within the Dominion of Canada:

A. T. DRUMMOND, Montreal, 10th Sept., 1881. Managing Director.

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A University graduate, qualified with a thorough business knowledge, desires employment as Financial Manager in an established buness, Brokerage, Loan, Insurance or Agency Office. Could invest small capital, furnish Security and best references. Address by letter

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FALL 1881.

All purchases or orders we may be favored with between now and the last of September, will be dated as 1st October.

The trade will do well in reserving a portion of their orders until seeing our samples or stock.

The remark is often heard that the ugh our lerms are the shortest, our value is undoubtedly the best.

Long Credit always has and always will mean Long Prices.

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113 ST. PETER STREET, Montreal.

Montreal, July 15, 1881,



278

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Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers,

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WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT-THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1881

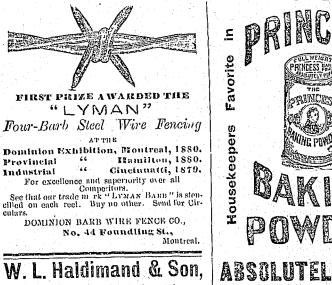
Name of Article;	Wholesale	Name of		Wholesale	Nome of Article.	Wholesale	Name of Article.	Wholesale
Boots and Shoes. Men's Thick Boots Wax. 'g Split " ' Kip Boots Call Boots, pegged ' Kip Brogans " Buff Congress " Buff Congress " Buff Congress " Buff Congress " Buff Congress " Buff Congress " Split do Shoo Packs " Dranella do " Cong. do " Gong. do " Bufferior do " Gong. do " Buskins. do	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Soda Ash Soda BiCarb Soda BiCarb Sal Soda Tartaric Aeid Camphor Eng, "Tau. Conphor Eng, "Tau. Copperas por 1 Blue Vitrol Blue Vitrol Dry Go (See Manuf's Flou Superior Ext Superior Ext Supering Extr Superfine Middlings Ont. Bags Ont. Bags Ont. Bags Coruneal Granda Wh Extra While Canada Wh Extra While Katra Mich Red Extra While Spring, Chic Spring, Milw Outs, No. 2 Barley Corn In Soo Corn In Soo Corn In Soo Corn In Soo Corn In Soo Corn In Soo Spring, Chic Spring, Milw Outs, No. 2 Barley Corn In Soo Corn In So	der. Ref.,	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Anne of Arboie. Japan, fine to choice ib. Japan Nagaski" Y. Hyson common to gd Y. Hyson fine to finesf, ib Gunpd. fair to med. "Gody to fine to finesf, ib Gunpd. Finest" Twankay, com.to gd "Fine to finest" Colong,	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Spices: Cassiaper lb. Maceper lb. Cloves	Rates Sc. Sc. 0 90 1 00 036 0 47 0 90 1 00 036 0 47 0 90 1 00 036 0 47 0 10 0 13 018 0 21 0 13 0 141 0 16 0 13 0 13 018 0 21 0 13 0 13 036 0 09 0 24 0 26 355 3 55 0 05 1 06 0 09 0 07 0 09 0 09 1 50 0 00 1 1 90 0 00 0 2 0 00 0 2 0 00 0
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WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1881.

Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates,	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates,	Name of Article.	Wholesalo Rates.
linch and heary Clinch: and 11 in, per 15	\$ c. \$ c. 0 081 0 08	Tin Plate: IC Coke IC Charcoal	\$ c, \$ c. 4 75 5 00 5 50 5 75 7 00 7 50	No. 2 " ", Buffalo Sole No.1 Do. do. 2	022 023	Spirits Turpentine, brls Whale, refined	\$ c. \$ c. 0 \$5 \$7 CO 0 70 0 0K
2 " 21 " 24 23. 3 in. and up	0 071 0 071 0 07 0 063 0 061 0 00	IXX " DC	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Do. do. 2 China Sole No. 1 No. 2 Zanzibar, No. 1	0 20 0 22 0 23 0 24 0 22 0 23 0 23 0 00	Cool Oil ; Imp. Gals. f.o.b. (London) Car lots Broken lots	0 18 0 00 0 234 0 24
at s sharp pres'd N'ls: 1 and 11 in. per lb 14 '' 14 '' 2 '' 24 ''	0 101 0 093 0 091 0 083	DXX " Anchors per lb	S 50 9 00 4 75 5 75 5 00 0 00	No. 2 slaughter, No. 1			0 24 0 25 0 24 0 26
21 " 23 " 3 in, and up "	0 081 0 073 0 071 0 07 0 061 0 00	Lead : Bar per 100 lbs Pig " "	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Harness Upper heavy		Cape, Nos. 1 to 3 Mongador, Nos. 1 to 3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
" " Sib. "]	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Powder : Canada Blasting. F. F., to F. F. F.	3 50 0 00 4 75 5 00	Grained Upper Scotch Grain Kip Skins, French English	0 40 0 40 0 40 0 44 0 75 0 85 0 65 0 75	Egypt, Nrs. 1 to 3 Domestic Plumes \$1 lower for higher Nos., and 25c. to 50c. encaper for lower Nos.	700075
P. & F. Bright 50 to 55 p. c. dis. Horse Shoes	0 22 0 24	Emil Polivka's Specialties: Glues—No. 1 Cabinetb T. F. French Medal.	0 13 0 15	Ganada, kip Hemlock Calf Do. light.	0 45 0 55 0 70 0 50 0 65 0 75	Bunches, 3 tips Speedoons, 4 doz Bunches Vult. tips	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Jalvanizea Iron: No. 24	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 0.5 & 0.75 \\ 0 & 0.6 & 0 & 0.061 \\ 0 & 0.65 & 0 & 0.75 \\ 0 & 0.7 & 0 & 0.74 \end{array}$	Imperial White	0 18 0 35 6 50 0 00	French Calf. Splits Light & Medium.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	A mazous, j doz Natural Grey Boos, doz Disc. 5 p.c. 30 days.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
ig Iron : Siemens No. 1. Coltness Langloan	22 (0 24 00° 24 50 25 00	No. 1 and 2 Favorite Getatinebox	10 00 S 00 3 60 0 00	Splits, imall Leather Board, Can Enamelled Cow, per ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Meats, Eggs, &c. Pork, mess, new	50 F0 00 F
Summeriee Gartsherrie Glengarnock	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Hides and Skins. Freen Hides, No. 1 p 100 lbs		Patent Pobble Grain	0 15 0 16 0 12 0 15	Do thin mess Hams, City cured Lard pails and tubs	22 00 0 0 0 13 0 1
Carubree Eglinton	23 0 2 50 22 50 22 00	Lambskins each Calfskinsper lb	5 00 0 00 7 00 0 00 0 90 0 95	B. Calf Brush Kid	0 14 0 16 0 14 0 16 0 14 0 16 0 45 0 50	Bacon per lb Eggs fresh	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Ifematite tr Iron,-per 100 lbs Best Refined	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Inks, (Dalley's).	0 12 0 00	Russetts, light Russetts heavy Oils.	0 35 0 40	Tallow rendered.	0 07 0 0
Siemens. Swedes Sheet I ron to No. 20	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Imp. pts. & qts. stone p doz '' ½ '' & ½ pts. '' p '' Pyr. 2½ oz. black, per gross.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cod Oil, Newfoundland, Straits Oil-American Straw Seal.	0 46 0 48 0 46 0 47	Beef, mess per bri Prime mess do Manuf's. of Cotion.	000000
Boiler Plates Hoops and Bands Canada Plates : Hatton.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Wool. Flecce Pulled, unassorted	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	S. R. Pale Seal Pale Seal, ordinary Lard Oil	0 48 0 50 0 90 0 95	Valleyfield (blch'd) B 28 in. "X 30 in	0 071 0 0
Ponn and W. P. & Co on Wire: No.6, p. bdle.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Do Extra Super Do B Super Do C "	0 32 0 34	Linseed raw " boiled Olive machinery	0 76 0 78	" XX 33 in " XXX 36 in " Q36 in	0 051 0 0
No 16, perhundle VrghtIron pipe 66 p. c. dis.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Australian Cape	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Olive oating Olive qt., per case " pts., per case	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	⁶ E 36 in. Soft Finish ⁶ OO36 in ⁶ EE36 soft finish	0 09 0 0 0 091 0 1 0 093 0 1
Sleel, cast, par lb "Snring 100 " teel, Tire, "	3 25 3 50 3 00 3 25	Leather (at6 m'ths:) No. 1 B. A. Sole,	0.95 0.97	Olive 4pts., per case Olive Lucca, Flasks Antonini's Qfs, case 1 doz.	5 00 0 00 7 25 0 00	" OOO36 in " EEE 36 soft finish " BB36 ex. h'y	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 12 \\ 1 & 0 \\ \end{array}$
" Sleigh Shoe, " " Blister, "	2 25 2 50 0 (8 0 10	No. 2 B. A. Sole, No. 1 Ordinary Sole	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ery, and for quantities name	8 25 0 00 5 38 0 00	"CC 36 in. [heavy] "LLL. 36 in. (fine)	0 111 0

Terms for cut, casing, box and hook, and fushing nails. Sire cash within 30 days; or 4 months Note, adding interest from the date of delivery at seven cent. For Clinch and Pressed, barrel, and tobacco box nails, 6 per cent dis. for cash thirty days, or 4 months' note. per cent.



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SOREL. Que., Canada.

Do.	do. 5 per ct., 1885	1043
Domi	nion 5 per et. stock	114
Mont	nion 5 per et. stock	1064 x d
Mont	real Harbor Bonds 6 p. c	105 1064
Do	Corporation 6 per ct. Bonds.	100 1003
	7 venet Stool	
Topo	7 per ct. Stock	+17
TOLOI	no City o per ci	117
00. D	ebentures, (Out.) 20 years 6 per ct.	110
TOMD	ship Debentures, (Ont.) 6 per et.	108
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	Can Central 5 pc 1st M Bds Int. guar by	
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	Do 5 p c 1885, Jan and July	1013
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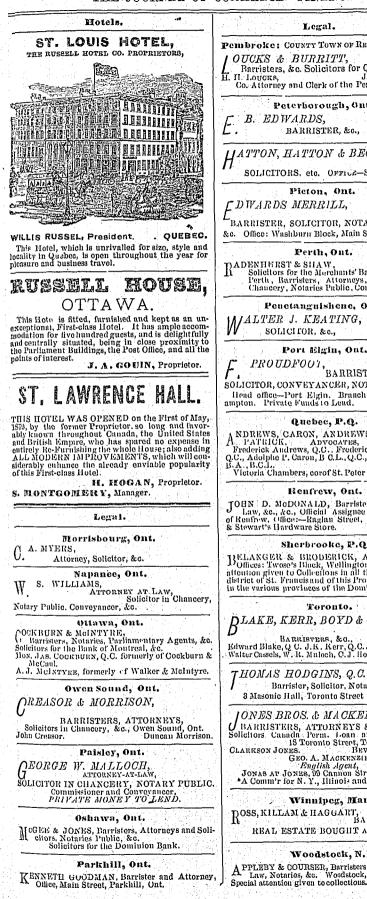
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	WI	HOLESALE PRICES	5 CURRE	NTTHURSDAY, OCT	OBER 13, 1	881.	
Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesale Rates,
Hochelagg (Brown), G30 in " A 27 in" " B 27 in" " H 1135 in" " H H36 in" " H H36 in" " H H36 in" " XX36 in. full(std'u) " M drilling" R K. Sheeting, 8-4 plain X " 8-4 twil'd Stormont (Brown) A 30 in" " A A33 in" " A A33 in" " A A33 in" " A C36 in" " A A 33 in" " A C36 in" " A A 35 in" " A A 36 in" " A B 35 in" " A B 35 in" " A C36 in" " A B 35 in" " A B 30 in" " A B 30 in" " A B 30 in" " BB 30 in" " A A 32 in" " Clyde Checks" " No. 2, 32 in" " Bo 30 in" " No. 2, 32 in	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 $	Tickings:C 30 in	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Do do Ist quality Cedar, round, lineal foot. Cedar, fat, lineal foot. Cedar, fat, lineal foot. Eim, soft, 1st. Eim, Rock. Itemlock, 1to 3 in., M. Hennlock, 1to 3 in., M. Hennlock, 1to 3 in., M. Hennlock, 1to 3 in., M. Hennlock, 1to 3 in., M. Soft, do. Oak, M. Soft, do. Soft, do. Cat, M. Tobacco. Tobacco in BoudDuty 20cp. 1b, Spruce, 1to 2 in., M. Tobacco. Solace Fair. "Good. Solace Fair. "Good. Solace Fair. "Good. Solace Fair. "Good. Bars, 6 and 12 inoh. Mahogany Navy, 38. Bright Navy, 38. Bright Navy, 38.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Bisquit, Dubouché & Co.gal """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \ \ 60 \ \ 1 \ \ 6 \ \ 0 \ \ \ \ \ 0 \$
of LON capita montreal, e fhe "SWEI	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{SSURA} \\ \mathbf{DO} \\ \mathbf{N} \\ \mathbf{L}, \\ \mathbf{L}, \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{ST} \\ \mathbf{F} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{N} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{N} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf{N} \\ \mathbf{C} \\ \mathbf$	IAL UN NCE CO. C, ENGLA 2,500,000 Sterling. RANCOIS XAVIE FREE, COLE, Genera D LATHE CH SRSAL and ECCENTRIC.	<i>]V⊉</i> . 2 R ST.	have a continual ar subscribe to the Mo ket Reports in the ness and correctne man can afford to d scription to all par Address, METROPOL Head Office, President: WM. DONAHUM (or Evans I	nd reliablé gu NTREAL JOI JOURNAL a ss of detail. Io without it ts of Canada JOURNAL JOURNAL SOC SOC	to keep abreast of the time ide to the leading markets, JRNAL OF COMMERCE. Th re unequalled for compreh No Merchant or other b . Published every Friday. , except Montreal, \$2.00 . OF COMMERCE, Mont HE MUTUAL BEI I E T Y. . Montreal lorchant. <i>Vice-President</i> : 1 <i>Manager</i> , A. W. Bissox, niv. Toronto, L.F.P.S. Glasge dvoene, M.P. G BOVIN, ic. Montreal. C. ILEFOUR	should e Mar- ensive- usiness Sub- a year. real. VEFI

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