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Vol 30

THE COQUETTE'S REWARD.

BY AMY RANDOLPH.

The delicate fragrance of hot-house flowers floated through the half-lighted parlors, like reminiscences of the "sweet south," breathing upon a bank of violets, although the thermometer pointed out December as the month, and the thermometer without stood uncomfortably near zero. But the marble vases on either side of the fireplace were filled with roses and heliotropes, fresh from the tropic warmth of conservatories, and a single dazzling japonica gleamed, like carved pearls, among the jetty folds of Ella Wardlaw's hair, as she stood smiling beside her harp, listening to the regretful adieux of him whom the world called her lover.

"Good bye, Ella; I shall come again very soon."

Miss Wardlaw's heart throbbed high. Charles Forrest had never before called her "Ella," and she felt triumphantly conscious that her proud beauty, and the seductive notes of her silver-stringed harp, had very nearly brought him to the "proposing point." One or two more such vigorous sieges, and the fortress would be her own.

She sank, yawning, on a sofa, as the outer door closed upon her lover, and clasped her white hands carelessly over her head, the full crimson lips apart, and the veined lids drooping over eyes that were full of another fire—the very impersonation of a lovely even, whose vocation it was to conquer hearts by the score, and carry them about her, as trophies of her coquette lures.

"Mrs. Charles Forrest," she repeated to herself—that doesn't sound very badly, does it?—particularly as the address Mrs. Charles Forrest will step into a brown stone palace, a chocolate-colored carriage, and a perfect carmine of family diamonds! Yes, I believe he is safely entrapped, and if I play my cards as well as I can do, the matter will be settled within three days! Heigho! this husband-hunting is a wearisome business, after all; and rather hazardous, unless one is very skillful. That reminds me," she added, starting suddenly, and throwing off her soft languor as one might lay aside a useless garment, "I must write to Ralph Thorneby to-night; if the love-stricken wretch should find his intended inclination to coning to see me, it might possibly be awkward. Poor dear Ralph," continued the beauty, with curling lip, as she opened her dainty writing desk, and selected a sheet of rose-colored paper, redolent of some faint Parisian perfume, "what a *preux chevalier* he was! I really liked the handsome boy; but Charles Forrest is rich, and that must decide matters, for such an extravagant little body as I am can't live without money."

I am sorry, though, I wrote Ralph that very sentimental letter, but that was when I supposed he was the best investment I could make of my precious self. But I'll sprinkle cold water on the flame of his love, before the affair becomes any more serious. I wonder, pursued Ella, biting the end of her pen thoughtfully, "whether I've got to leave off flirting when I'm married to Charles. I do this driving three or four hours in hand, I confess; it's splendid fun! Twelve o'clock! can it be possible that it is so late? I must make haste and finish this tiresome letter, and then to bed, to dream of diamonds and carriages!"

It was nearly one, however, and the fire had burned very low, before Ella finished the carefully worded note, and sealed it with a fairy-like device of entwined initials in pink wax. For Ella was exquisitely fastidious and elaborate in all her doings, even down to her flirtations.

The beautiful velvet-covered coquette, with her dreamy eyelids, and voice attuned to the sweetest and softest key—one would not have thought as she placed that letter on the marble mantel, that she knew its contents were meant to break the heart of a noble and true-souled man! But, patience, Ella Wardlaw—your day of retribution will arrive yet!

When Charles Forrest descended the broad stone steps of the Wardlaw mansion, and walked down the lamp-lighted street, he felt dizzy and happy, like the voyager who steers his bark away from the soft, bewildering fragrance of lotus-blossomed isles in the far East. The siren's spell was on him—and yet some warning and watchful pulse coven deep in his heart kept beating the old, incomprehensible tune, "Beware, beware!"

Onward he passed through the noisy tumult of Broadway, that vast artery through which pushes the fevered tide of everlasting humanity, until he paused where the brilliant lights from a great hotel office threw a line of radiance out to the very middle of the street. "A crowd had assembled there—the midnight mails had just arrived, and Forrest mingled with the throng, to glance over the evening papers and hear the fleeting rumors of war which then vexed the public mind.

"Forest! old fellow, can it be possible that this is you?"

"Myself, and no other, Thorneby, for I conclude it is either you or your ghost. But I thought you were safely settled in Chicago, practicing law, instead of—"

"Instead of running wild about the country, you were going to say. But I have granted myself a temporary holiday to—"

"Pshaw, I can't tell you about it here; come up to my room, and we'll have a cosy, old-fashioned chat."

The delightful little impromptu supper of well-seasoned dainties, washed down by champagne, was over, and two gentlemen were smoking sundry spicy-scented cigars, in front of a bright fire, when Thorneby abruptly plunged into the subject which was uppermost in his mind.

"Charles, I'm in love!"

"You are? My dear fellow, so am I!"

"I am glad of that, because you can sympathize with me. I have come here expressly to see her, and have the day fixed for our wedding."

"I haven't got quite so far as that," said Forrest, smiling.

"But, Charles, she is the loveliest creature that the sun ever shone on—an angel—a divinity!"

"Hold on, Ralph—not quite the loveliest, I trust; for the lady whom I worship is alone entitled to that superlative degree of praise!"

"You're in love too, my dear boy, so I'll excuse any little symptoms of insanity," rejoined Thorneby, laughing; "but really, if you could see Ella—hold on, I believe I've got her picture somewhere about me!"

He searched eagerly in his pockets, while Forrest repeated the soft name over.

"Ella? Why, that is the name of the young lady whom I admire so much; and by Jove," he added, as Thorneby unclasped a little velvet miniature case, and held it to wards him, "that is the very face! You don't mean to say you are engaged to that girl?"

"To be sure I am;—what do you mean? Surely there is some mistake. I can show you her last letter!"

He drew out the self-same, "very sentimental" epistle which Miss Wardlaw had referred to in her unnumbered soliloquy. Forrest glanced over it with bewildered eyes, and then biting his white lip until the blood started, took from his own pocket-book a pretty white note from Ella, which he had received that morning.

"The handwriting is precisely similar. Ralph, we are both the dupes of an artful, unprincipled woman. This same Ella Wardlaw, while she is corresponding with you in this impassioned strain, is doing her best to lure me on to a proposal!"

"It cannot be," gasped Ralph, feeling as if he were in a dream.

"But I know it to be so! Heavens! what a narrow escape I have had! And you also, Thorneby, should rejoice at your escape from the wiles of a false-hearted coquette!"

Still Ralph Thorneby repeated, between his clinched teeth:

"I will not believe it—Ella is truth itself."

"Shall we put it to the test?" asked Forrest, rather indignantly.

"Do what you please. I will stake my life on her single-mindedness!"

Thorneby took out a pencil and dashed off a hurried proposal in form.

"There—I will send this to-morrow morning, with a request for an immediate answer. When that answer comes, will you believe its testimony?"

Thorneby nodded, and the hand which, upon Charles Forrest's was cold and damp as marble.

"Good night, then, my poor fellow," said Forrest, as he rose to take leave. "I am sorry for you from the very bottom of my heart, for you feel this more than I can do."

But Thorneby did not answer—he was gazing absently into the fire. Could it be possible that his worshiped idol was shipping, slowly but surely, from her high pedestal? Then what remained on earth to trust?

Head and heart both rebelled sadly that night; but the weariness of travel was nothing to the sick sensation of distrust and apprehension that had taken possession of his mind. Therefore, it happened that he was still lounging over his almost untasted breakfast when Charles Forrest was announced by a waiter.

"Well," was his greeting. Forrest replied:

"I have dispatched my missive and here is the answer. See, the seal is yet unbroken—we will peruse it together."

It was a skillfully written note of glad acceptance. Ella wrote that "she had long loved Mr. Forrest—that her greatest happiness through life would be to secure his contentment, with a variety of little added, such as, yesterday, would have filled Charles Forrest's heart with rapture. You, they were false, idle rhapsodies!"

"Are you convinced?" was Forrest's simple question, as the letter dropped from his companion's trembling hand.

"I am. It has been a pleasant dream; but I am effectually roused at last. Charles, I have been a fool—a dupe!"

"And so have I, Ralph; just give me that enthusiastic letter—let me show it to my last night?"

"For what?"

"Charles made no reply; but he took the letter from Thorneby's unresisting hand, and folding it with the note of acceptance he had just received, wrote one pencilled line on the margin. The compliments of Messrs. Thorneby and Forrest, and enclosed both in one envelope, directed to Miss Wardlaw."

"There," he said, quietly. "When she receives this, she will see that her carefully arranged plans are disconnected."

And thence forward the name of Ella Wardlaw was never mentioned between the two friends. Thorneby returned a sadder and a wiser man to Chicago, and Forrest sailed for Europe by the next steamer, having very sensibly resolved not even to risk a chance meeting with Ella, whose subtle art he dreaded exceedingly.

Ella Wardlaw was practicing a difficult Italian sonata on her harp as the eventful note was handed her. She tore it hurriedly open, and gazed with wide open, bewildered eyes upon the enclosures. The next instant they fell from her nerveless fingers—she had fainted for the first and last time in her life.

Years have passed since then. Ralph Thorneby is married to a lovely young Chicago heiress; Charles Forrest has a blooming wife, and two rosy little girls; but Ella Wardlaw is a hopeless old maid, with not the faintest chance of a husband. She says she never intended to marry—but we've heard old maids say that before!

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A PHILOSOPHICAL DILEMMA.—A correspondent of the Cincinnati "Gazette," writing from the Cumberland river, gives the following humorous colloquy with a philosophical dandy:—

"I noticed upon the hurricane deck to-day an elderly dandy with a very philosophical and retrospective cast of countenance, squatted upon his bundle, toasting his shins against the chimney, and apparently plunged into a state of profound meditation. Fearing upon inquiry that he belonged to the North Illinois, one of the most gallantly belated and heavy loading regiments at the Fort Donelson battle, and part of which was about to begin to interrogate him upon the subject. His philosophy was so much in the Falstaffian vein, that I will give his views in his own words as near as my memory serves me.

"Were you in the fight?"

"Had a little taste of it, sir."

"Stood your ground did you?"

"No, sir, I run."

"Run at the first fire, did you?"

"Yes, and would have run sooner, had I known it was coming."

"Why, that wasn't very creditable to your courage."

"That isn't in my line, sir, cooking's my profession."

"Well, but have you no regard for your reputation?"

"Reputation's a ruffin to me by de side ob life."

"Do you consider your life worth more than other people's?"

"It's worth more to me, sir."

"Then you must value your life very highly."

"Yes, sir, I do—more than all dis world—more than a million ob dollars, sir, for what wad be worth to a man w'd be dref ob him?"

"Self-preservation am de fust law wid me."

"But why should you act upon a different rule from other different men set different values upon dar lives—mine is not in de market."

"But if you lost it, you would have the satisfaction of knowing that you died for your country."

"What satisfaction would that be to me when the power of feelin' was gone?"

"Then patriotism and honor are nothing to you?"

"Nuffin whatever, as—I regard them among de vanities."

"Four soldiers were like you, traitors might have broken up the Government without a disturbance."

"Yes, sir, dar would hab been no help for it, wouldn't put my life in de scale against any Government that eber existed, for no Government could re-lace the loss to me."

"Do you think any of your company would have missed you if you'd been killed?"

"May be not, sir—a dead white man ain't much to dese sogers, let alone a dead nigger—but I missed myself, and dat was de pint wid me."

It is safe to say the dusky corpse of that African will never darken the field of carnage.

GEN. FREMONT'S WEALTH.—The Herald and Tribune intimate that Gen. Fremont has become very wealthy from the sale of his mining lands in California. The Herald says he has "some eight or ten millions of capital on his hands." He has been appointed President of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, and will, it is said, at once enter upon the duties of that position enlisting several thousand freed blacks in work of building the road from Kansas to the connecting line on the Pacific side.

The Steamship "Alpha," from Bermuda, 12th, St. Thomas, 7th, arrived at Halifax, on the 15th.

Extraordinary Collection of Diamonds.

The Duke of Brunswick, now residing in Paris, has an extraordinary collection of diamonds, valued at £150,000. A catalogue of his gems, which he has published contains 362 quarto pages, and he gives in it the history of each individual stone. One came from a Turkish sultan, and after many adventures became the property of a Jew in Europe; and has sparkled in a regal diadem; a third glistened on the chest of a German Emperor; a fourth adorned the hat of an archduke. A black diamond, obtained from the treasury of a nabob, served for centuries in India as the eye of an idol. A wondrously fine pink brilliant once belonged to the jews of the Emperor Baber, at Agra, and is said to be invaluable. A *solitaire* of twelve studs was once worn by the Emperor Pedro, of Brazil, as waistcoat buttons. A diamond of the purest water belonged to Marie Stuart, as her arms and "M. S." engraved on it prove. A pair of diamond ear-rings were once the property of the unfortunate Marie Antoinette. In this way, one curiosity follows the other. The Duke has a quantity of diamonds at £3000, £4000, and £6000, three at £10,500, and another at £12,000. But, in spite of this, he is at present bargaining for two gems—one estimated at £35,000, the other £97,500. The millionaire, however, is the slave of his treasure—he dares not leave Paris, for his diamonds constitute the chain which binds him—he dares not even sleep away from home a single night, through fear of being robbed of his hoard. He resides in a house which is built less for comfort than for safety; it is proof against fire or thieves. It is surrounded by a lofty, thick wall, on the top of which is a *chevaux des frise*, so arranged that when a strange hand is laid on one of the spikes, a bell immediately begins ringing. This defence cost the Duke no less than £2000 in being made, owing to its peculiar nature. The diamonds are kept in a safe let into the wall, and the Duke's bed stands before it, so that no thief can break in without waking or murdering him. On the other hand, he can enjoy the sight of all his treasures without leaving his bed. Were the safe to be broken open forcibly, four guns would be discharged, and kill the burglar on the spot; and with the discharge of the guns is connected the ring of an alarm bell in every room to arouse the household. The Duke's bedroom has only one small window; the bolt and lock of his door are of the stoutest iron, and can be opened only by a man who knows the secret. A case, containing twelve loaded revolvers, stands by the side of the bed. Who would be willing to change places with this rich poor man?

THE SOURCE OF THE NILE.—The great geographical secret which has puzzled mankind for ages has been solved, Julius Caesar declared that he would abandon his career of conquest in a moment if he thought he could discover the fountain of the Nile.—

Bayard Taylor wrote a few years ago:—

"Since Columbus first looked upon San Salvador, the earth has but one question of triumph left in her bosom, and that she reserved for him who shall drink from the fountains of the White Nile." This brave drinker has been found. It is Captain Speke, an Englishman who really discovered the lake Victoria Nyanza on the 3rd of August, 1858, but his claim that this was the true source of the Nile having been discredited, he has just returned from a second trip which confirms the claim beyond a doubt. The lake lies between the equator and four degrees south, and between longitude 31° and 32°. This is near the locality which the general conjecture of scientific men had fixed upon. The river had been formerly traced by expeditions sent out by the Pasha of Egypt, to within five degrees of the equator—and, there the exploration had stopped. The length of the Nile as now ascertained, is something over 3000 miles. It is peculiar among large rivers in having no affluent within 1400 miles from its mouth, and in having a periodical inundation of great regularity and fertilizing value. The latter begins in June and ends in September, and is owing to the periodical rains in the regions around the river's source. In the days of Herodotus 15 cubits was considered a rise necessary for a fair overflow. Now 22 cubits is the average, which indicates the elevation of the valley by reason of the successive deposits.

FISH FOOD.—There is much nourishment in fish, little less than butchers' meat, weight for weight; and in effect it may be more nourishing, considering how, from its soft fiber, fish is more easily digested. Moreover, there is in fish a substance which does not exist in the flesh of land animals, viz: iodine—a substance which may have a beneficial effect on health, and tend to prevent

the production of scrofulous tubercular disease, the latter in the form of pulmonary consumption, one of the most cruel and fatal with which the civilized, the highly educated and refined are afflicted. Comparative trials prove that, in the majority of fish, the proportion of solid matter—that is, the matter which remains after perfect digestion, or the excretion of the aqueous part—is little inferior to the several kinds of butcher's meat, game or poultry. And if we give attention to classes of people classed as to the quality of food they principally subsist on, we find that the ichthyophagous class are especially strong, healthy, and prolific. In no class than that of fishers do we see larger families, handsomer women, more robust and active men, or a greater exemption from maladies.

A PRESENTATION AT COURT.—It is by no means a duty to encourage the abandonment of the old distinctions of station, the love for show, the silly pretences involved in a general rush to Court of nobodies—of ladies who are not in Court circles, nor the wives nor daughters of distinguished men. It is a very moderate estimate to say that at least a fourth of those who go would be much better at home. Even if the Sovereign is not entitled actually to exclude them, the Sovereign is not bound to facilitate their trying to blow themselves out to the size of the proper Court visitor. Many families, perhaps, will date the beginning of the nervousness that will harass and cripple them for years, from the evil day when vanity prompted the desire to sit in one of those blocked carriages, and fight in that disastrous crush. The conservatism of the English Court in this respect has therefore not been without its use and justification. [Saturday Review.]

SUNLIGHT IN HOUSES.—The following fact has been established by careful observations: That where sunlight penetrates all the rooms of a dwelling, the inmates are less liable to sickness than in a house where the apartments lose their health-injuring influence. Basement rooms are the nurseries of indigestion. It is a great mistake to compel human beings to reside partially underground. There is a defective condition of the air in such rooms, connected with dampness, besides the decomposing point on the walls, and the escape of noxious gases from pipes and drains. All school rooms, especially should be open to the sunlight; yet, as a general rule, they are darkened like a parlour.

FROM THE STATES.

BANGOR, July 15. Riots re-assembled in New York yesterday morning up town, numbering, in the vicinity of 3rd Avenue, 15,000, invading the 5th Avenue Hotel; were persuaded away with whiskey.

Many citizens robbed in the streets; several streets barricaded to prevent movement of troops.

Several houses and stores sacked in 4th and 5th Wards, the rioters alleging that the owners were black Republicans.

Tribune office again threatened; military dispersing assemblage.

Gov. Seymour addressed the mob from the City Hall steps saying that Government had been requested to suspend the draft.

Postmaster Wademan's house sacked and burnt on Monday night; Mayor's saved.

Several reported killed by the military.

Broadway Stores generally closed—business suspended; markets unsettled.

Boston mob broke into several gunshops; several rioters killed and wounded.

All quiet last night—no further trouble anticipated.

Rains again swollen the Potomac.

BANGOR, July 16. New York riot partially subsided yesterday, the remnants of the mob only seeking plunder.

Brooks Brothers' great clothing establishment was gutted and seventy thousand dollars worth of clothing carried off. Several other clothing and hat stores were sacked on Tuesday night.

A dozen houses of ill fame were gutted on Staten Island. Mob burned a number of negro houses, killing several.

Similar disturbances reported in Brooklyn; the negroes being horribly maltreated, and their houses pillaged.

The general impression yesterday, at noon, was that the worst was over—the fear of the arrival of tried troops from the South.

Beauregard is at Charleston and announces partial Federal possession of Morris Island on the 10th.

New Orleans Era, 10th, announces unconditional surrender of Port Hudson on the 9th.

In attacking Lee's rear guard, the Confederate General Pettigrew was killed.

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FROM THE STATES.

BANNOCK, July 17th.
New York riots continued yesterday. A desperate fight occurred on 1st Avenue, when some thirty rioters and a dozen soldiers were killed. Inquests were held on fifty bodies.
Dry goods stores on 6th Avenue were sacked of \$40,000 worth of goods.
Riotous demonstrations in a burban small towns prevented by counsels of Catholic priests.
Archbishop Hughes invites his people to assemble at his house to-day to hear him.
Seventh and several other regiments arrived.
Gen. Dix ordered to relieve Gen. Wool.
Mob in Brooklyn on Wednesday night burnt elevator valued at \$100,000.
President Lincoln appoints Aug. 6th as a day of Thanksgiving for the Mississippi victories.
Federal cavalry overtook Lee's rear on Wednesday near Charleston, capturing a hundred.
Meade's army is resting in Maryland.
Gold quoted at 125.
A severe fight occurred last night between the rioters and the 7th Regiment on 29th street. Mob occupied several blocks on either side of the street. Fifteen soldiers reported killed; 11 rioters killed and 18 wounded; 35 prisoners. Everything quiet this morning.
Gen. Kilpatrick arrived and organizing cavalry.
Archbishop Hughes placard a hoax.
Lee moving to Culpepper, whither trains have been sent.
Federal cavalry occupy Gaps and are harassing the retreat.
Vicksburg advances report Sherman pursuing Johnston, with prospect of utterly destroying it.
Gen. Dodge routed Forrest and Blier's near Corinth.
Morgan's forces passed through Pickett yesterday, evidently making for the river.
Two arrived vessels report an engagement 20 miles South of Portland this forenoon; firing quite heavy, fog thick.

July 18.
New York riot ended.
Business resumed usual channels.
Some 6,000 troops in the city. 7th Regt. suffered no casualties Thursday night, but killed 20 rioters.
Fire Marshals estimate loss by mob's incendiarianism four hundred thousand dollars.
Government will maintain the draft with adequate force.
Rumors of capture of Charleston.
Sherman's force reported hemmed in near Gillispie.
Ohio "Post's" special says Lee's army not yet moved out of Shenandoah Valley.
Late arrival report great gloom at Richmond over late union victories.
Gold 125 3/4.

July 20.
Whole of Meade's army reported again beyond Potomac. Lee supposed making to Culpepper and Gordonsville.
Gen. Blunt reported captured Little Rock Arkansas, with a large number of prisoners.
Three hundred of Morgan's men reported captured near Buffington, Ohio.
Blockade running steamer K. to Driver destroyed near Wilmington, N. C.
North Carolina papers admit the existence of secret Union Societies in that State.
Releigh Standard favors reconstruction of Union.
Charleston despatch of the 16th to Richmond, says Confederates attacked a portion of the Federal force, that day, on James Island, driving them to protection of gunboats in Stono. Loss severe on both sides.
Fort Wagner under fire all day from monitors and gunboats, suffering little damage.
Supposed firing off Portland on Friday night thought to have been a thunder storm.

RIOT IN BOSTON.

Boston, July 15th.
Last evening a mob attacked the Armory of the Light Artillery in Cooper street, and smashed in the doors. The building at the time was occupied by the 11th Battery, Capt. Jones, Co. D. Heavy Artillery, and by Maj. Cabot and a detachment of the 11th U. S. Infantry. As soon as the doors gave way, the Artillery fired cannon into the crowd, killing three and wounding quite a number. The mob then dispersed, but immediately made a rush for the gun stores in Dock Square. Barnes' gun store was completely gutted. Wm. Read & Sons store was next assailed, but before they got into it a strong body of police and troops arrived and drove them off killing one man. This morning all is quiet. Dock Square is guarded by six pieces of Artillery loaded with grape. Cavalry, Artillery and Infantry are parading the North End. No further trouble is feared as the mob see that the authorities are in earnest.
—9.30. A. M.
All is quiet here. A field piece is stationed in Dock Square, and armed soldiers patrolling. No trouble anticipated to-day, but it is thought that there may be another outbreak to night. Boston is fully prepared to put down the rioters.
News from Charleston states that Charleston harbor, Morris' Island, with the exception of Fort Wagner, is in the possession of the Federal forces. The rebels lost between six and eight hundred in killed and wounded.
New York, 16th. —We have some particulars of the riot in 35th St. to-day. It

appears that another attack on the 7th Avenue Arsenal was to be made. A detachment of 250 men with an artillery company with four 12-pound howitzers and proceeded to the corner of the 25th St. and Broadway, the street from 6th to 7th Avenue was crowded with men women and children.
PORTLAND, 17th.—The report that Provost Marshal Davis of Augusta was shot is contradicted.
New York, 17th, 8 A. M. —Everything is reported quiet in this city this morning.
The Times Washington special says Surgeon Hammond had gone to Gettysburg. There are about 5000 Union and 6000 rebel wounded there who are being rapidly sent to northern hospitals. Lee's headquarters on the 15th was reported to be at Bunker Hill, between Winchester and Martinsburg. Rebel officers say Lee will not make another stand this side of Richmond. His trains were all sent to Culpepper. Our Cavalry are after the trains.

A later despatch to the Times says that our cavalry crossed yesterday and now occupy all the passes as far South as Chester Gap and ahead of the rebel Army at Front Royal. The entire rebel force are now moving down the Valley as rapidly as possible. Their trains of cavalry, infantry and artillery and our cavalry harassing them. Hundreds of prisoners are being captured.
New York, 17th, 10.30 A. M. —The probability is that the last fight of any consequence between the military and rioters took place last night near 29th street where a military force had been sent to drive away the scoundrels plundering there. The mob concentrated strongly and the military withdrew. Nearly every house for 3 or 4 blocks on both sides of the street were filled with the mob who fired bullets, stones and other deadly missiles on the soldiers.
The Times report says 15 members of the 7th regt., are reported killed by stones and brickbats; 700 regulars were sent up as reinforcements when a terrible battle took place; 11 rioters were killed 18 wounded and 35 taken prisoners; 2 of the rioters were run through with bayonets.

New York, 17th, via Albany. —The placard posted about the street last night requesting persons whom the newspapers called rioters, to congregate this afternoon at Arch Bishop Hughes' residence was an unmitigated and senseless hoax, got up by sympathisers with the rioters. General Kilpatrick arrived this evening and a force of cavalry is to be immediately organized for mounted patrol. From military movements this morning quietly made there will be but little opportunity for the rioters to carry on their hellish designs. An attempt that will meet with a most terrible check.
INCIDENTS OF THE DRAFT.—Here is an incident of filial devotion.—A young couple of this city recently started for Boston bent on matrimony. They returned last week, and yesterday Commissioner Morris drew John for a conscript. The young wife immediately returned to her former workshop in our neighborhood, with the avowed purpose of keeping her husband at home. We believe that the needle is plied more nimbly than ever—sure we are that the face is radiant with hope and determination, and if John does go the fault will not be with his vow.—[Portland Ev. Courier.

EXPOSURE OF CONSPIRACIES.—We are informed that Daville Junction to-day found a goodly number of faces familiar to many of our citizens. The St. John boat, we also understand, carried away on her last trip, a large number of citizens who are in search of a more genial clime.—[Ib.
WASHINGTON, July 14th.
The following dispatch has just been received: Headquarters Army of Potomac, 3 o'clock P. M. July 4th.—To H. W. Halleck, Gen-in-Chief.—New York Cavalry now occupy Falling Water, having overtaken and captured a brigade of infantry 1500 strong, two guns, two cannons, two battle flags and a large number of small arms.
The enemy are all across the Potomac. (Signed.) G. G. MEADE.

A LADY IN TROUBLE.—A fashionable light-fingered lady has been ignominiously exposed in her thievish proclivities in Chicago. On her arrest and commitment to prison, there was found in her house a large quantity of valuable silks, laces, shawls, robes, collars, &c., the values of which is said to be about one thousand dollars. The officers state that the house is elegantly furnished, and that Mrs. Burgett's wardrobe is as costly and extensive as a millionaire's. The Times says that the affair has created no little excitement among those who knew the lady. From her high standing in society, and the general esteem in which she was held—being an active member of the church—she commanded considerable sympathy, from the fact that her husband is tottering upon the verge of the grave with consumption. The examination was attended by a large number of her sympathizing neighbors, and the testimony was overwhelming.
Country people, who have been in the habit of anathematizing St. John fog, when they have visited the City, now begin to find that it is really a great advantage in warm weather. While our country cousins are grumbling or sweating in consequence of excessive heat in the rural districts, the citizens of St. John may frequently be found enjoying deliciously cool weather through the agency of fog. Halifax is also often visited with fog clouds as an antidote to unbearable heat.—[Long apb.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ADVANCE IN REBEL LOAN!—Latest by Persia—by telegraph to Queenstown, Liverpool, July 4th. Cotton unchanged, provisions dull unchanged. London 4th, P. M. Consols closed 92 and 92 1/2 for money. The steamer Gibraltar sailed to-day for Nassau. The Africa's news caused an advance in the rebel loan. The steam fire engine experiments are concluded. The American engines failed. The Manhattan was too much injured by previous accident for fair trial. Paris 4th. The minister contradicts the statement that Napoleon attempts to influence the British government to recognize the South. He cannot take the initiative after the rejection of the former proposal. If England thinks recognition will stop the war the emperor will join her willingly in recognition of the South.

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, JULY 22, 1863.

WOODSTOCK.—On Monday morning of last week, we took the train for Woodstock station; in due time arrived at the Woodstock road, where English's accommodation stage was in waiting, and after about an hour's ride over a very hilly road were safely landed at the "Blanchard House," the proprietor of which is English, attentive, and understands his business. The building is a large brick edifice, furnished in modern style, and admirably arranged for visitors; the table is well supplied, the waiters are attentive; in a word the Blanchard house is a first-class hotel.

During the evening we took a stroll through the town, which has been much altered and improved, within the last few years. The old residences which were destroyed by the fire four or five years ago, have been replaced by large brick and wooden buildings, many of them elegantly finished; several buildings are in course of erection, among which we may mention the Mechanics' Institute. There are a large number of stores supplied with the latest importations, with which the proprietors decorate the windows. Want of time prevented us accepting an invitation to visit the iron works, manufactories, and other places of interest. Woodstock can boast of having three ably conducted newspapers, the Sentinel, Journal, and the Times, the latter but a few weeks established. The land for several miles around the town is of the best description; we must not omit to state that the farms are well cultivated as the growing crops attested,—wheat, barley, oats, and potatoes promise an abundant harvest, and the grass crop was much better than any we had seen elsewhere this season. The County of Carleton may be justly termed the mineral County of the Province,—iron, copper, lead, and it is reported that silver has been discovered in the immediate vicinity of the shire town; and all that is required to develop these natural resources is capital, which we trust will ere long flow into our sister county.

Brief as our visit necessarily was, we beg to acknowledge the courtesy and attention of the gentlemen of the press, as well as many other respected friends, whom we had the pleasure of knowing for many years, and whose prosperity afforded much satisfaction. We returned next morning by the train.

At the temporary station, Richmond, or as it is called in the time table Woodstock Road, several buildings are in course of erection; but the terminus for the line is located nearly half a mile above at Hillman's valley, where station buildings have been commenced, but owing to the cessation of the works, are still unfinished. McKenzie's corner two miles below, is a pretty hamlet of neat looking farm houses, with a handsome new Church, of which the Rev. James Kidd, M. A., is the pastor; and who we learned, is universally loved by his flock, and deservedly respected in the neighbourhood.

Canterbury station for some time the terminus of the road, is quite a village, several stores give the place an air of business. Here also is a neat little Church erected on the property of its minister, the Rev. Mr. Haxin, of the Church of England. At Barber Dam, the train stopped a few minutes, which enabled us to see the large steam saw mill recently erected by our townsman, Mr. Clinch; as the mill will be in operation in a few days, we reserve a notice of it at present, expressing the hope that it may prove a profitable investment to its enterprising owner.

At the various stations the train made a halt, to attach the loaded cars; which was done with precision, rapidity and system, by the conductor, Mr. Hipwell, who not only understands his business, but attends to it, that the stoppages rarely exceeded the time

allotted to remain. Owing to the large and heavy train it did not arrive at St. Andrews until nearly six o'clock.

To business men and tourists visiting Houlton, Woodstock, and the upper St. John, we can confidently recommend our railway as the most rapid conveyance, as well as the cheapest and best route, which is fully established by the expeditions punctuality of Tobin's Express. Passengers are now conveyed from Boston to Houlton and Woodstock, by the International Steamship Company and this railway, in thirty-four hours for \$7.50. What more can be desired.

"LEE'S ESCAPE" ACCOUNTED FOR.

"But there were several circumstances which conspired in this case to Lee's escape. In the first place, the battle of Gettysburg, as we stated at the time, "was simply a repulse of the rebels," although it was a decisive one, over men, "considerably outnumbered," (this means in hazy and over-whelming numbers,) "stood on the defensive, encountered the rebel attacks and repelled them. But the end of the fight, though comparatively much more injurious to the rebels," (who in the meantime secured their seven mile train of plunder) "left us in no condition to assume the offensive in pursuit. Had Gen. Meade done so" (under any circumstances) "he would have run the risk of undoing all and more than he had done. (And not running the risk whereby in all probability he knew he would have risked the run; he deserves his full meed of praise.)" "He had to wait therefore for reinforcements, while keeping on the track of the retreating rebels. Time was thus necessarily lost." (Much more unfortunately than necessarily,) "and Lee, probably, having a tolerably correct estimate of Gen. Meade's situation (undoubtedly he had, being the General,) "was able to take such precautions as ensured his escape, just prior to the moment when it would have no longer been possible." (So that the time "thus necessarily lost" was but a moment, strange catastrophe!) "The heavy state of the roads, the unreliable character of the greater part of General Couch's troops, and the distance from which reinforcements had to be brought, all favored the (happy) result which has providentially ensued."—[Boston Journal.

We are of opinion that the foregoing attempt, because General Meade's had-
enough of it sort; of tardiness in not pursuing Gen. Lee, after such a decisive repulse, is, like unto the character of Gen. Couch's troops, as couched in the language of the Journal unreliable, and were it not for our own interlineation and explanations would be altogether unintelligible.

The following appears to be the true reason, why Gen. Lee and his army escaped:—
HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF POTOMAC,
July 14th.

Gen. Meade held a council of war on Saturday and Sunday evenings consisting of his corps commanders, when the question of attack was freely discussed. All the Generals assembled were in favor of an immediate attack except Gen. Sedwick, Slocum, Sykes and French. Gen. Meade himself was in favor of active operations, but finding his corps commanders equally divided, he hesitated to give the order, and the rebel army was allowed to make its escape.

From late American papers we glean the following:—

Gen. Meade offered the President to resign, if he stood in the way of success.—The President ordered him to continue in command.—The riots in New York have been quelled. Exemptions are to be paid for the poor.—Huron is again quiet.—Morris Island has been captured.—Blockade runner Kate Driver was destroyed by gunboats, near Wilmington. Reported that a breach has been made in Fort Sumter by gunboats.

RATHER SMART.—A Squaw who had been placed in the Chatham "lock up" on Tuesday evening last for some misdemeanor manifested her ingratitude for the kindness of the policeman in placing her in such comfortable quarters, by abstracting from the breast pocket of his coat the sum of \$10. The theft was not discovered until she had been released; but after some time she was again arrested and would have been severely dealt with, only that her husband interceded for her, and promised to refund the money if she was set at liberty. This was done after some consideration, and the happy couple went on their way rejoicing.—[Hiramichi Times.

At the Sessions in Northumberland the Colonial Times says:—

In receiving the fines, a St. Stephens Bank Note turned up, and the Clerk of the Peace asked if he should receive it as payment. Mr. Williston said the question was a very proper one, and Mr. Sutton, Deputy Treasurer, rose and said he would take all he got of them and give others in their place.

NEW BRUNSWICK AND CANADA RAILWAY AND LAND COMPANY.—(LIMITED)

Report of the Committee appointed at a Meeting of the Debenture-holders of the Company, held on the 15th January, 1863.
Your Committee have carefully considered the position of this undertaking, and have received from Mr. Osburn, the Manager, who is now in England, full and minute details on all subjects connected with the traffic, the lands, the works and the rolling stock, and also as to the existing liabilities, and the present position of the undertaking as regards the government of the Province.

It is obvious that the interest of the Debenture-holders would be best served by an immediate sale; but your Committee are satisfied that in the present position of the undertaking, a sale even for the amount of the Debenture Debt, would be found to be impracticable.
Your Committee deem it to be of the greatest importance with a view to an advantageous sale, that the line shall be shown to be capable of being worked to a profit; and they are of opinion that, to obtain this result, it is necessary that an additional sum of £7,500 be forthwith raised and expended partly in the completion of necessary works and maintenance of works, and partly in payment for some additional waggon (already made to the order of the Company, but withheld by the maker until payment,) and for some other disbursements necessary, in the opinion of your Committee, for the security and proper working of the line.

As the proposed oulay independently of its necessity, under the special circumstances of the case, will tend to improve the security of the Debenture-holders your Committee invite their co-operation in raising the money by means of a pro rata indemnity and charge on the debentures, and they invite their attendance at a Meeting of the Debenture-holders, to be held at No. 5 Whitehall, on the 12th day of June instant, when further information in detail, will be given, and resolutions proposed for carrying into effect the foregoing recommendations.

H. W. WICKHAM,
JOHN EVAN,
CHAS. FIELD THOMAS,
PHILIP ROSE,
T. R. TUFNELL.

ST. ANDREWS AND QUEBEC RAILWAY.

On Saturday a special meeting of the A shareholders in this undertaking was held in the offices of the New Brunswick and Canada Company, 5, Whitehall, Mr. Richard Fry in the chair, to consider the measures to be adopted in order to give a value to the company's landed property. The Chairman in opening the proceedings, explained that for some time past the Company had had possession of 20,530 acres, but had been unable to turn it to a profitable use, while in the meantime it was exposed to the depredations of lumberers. They also claimed a right in 42,576 other acres, which was disputed by the New Brunswick and Canada Company. The Court of Pines, however, and subsequently the Master of the Rolls had decided the question in their favor, but the other company had nevertheless appealed against the decision. Still there could be little doubt the judgment of his honor would be confirmed, and it was now time, having as he might say, a territory of 63,300 acres on hand, to take measures for a profitable disposition of it. He therefore moved a resolution to the effect that the directors be empowered to make arrangements for the management of the property, or to enter into a contract for its sale, lease, or other disposition. Mr. Grestor seconded the motion. Mr. Spaeth considered the resolution premature. They could not take any steps with respect to the 42,576 acres in litigation until it absolutely became their property. He consequently moved as an amendment, "That the directors be instructed to take no steps which might interfere with the right of individual shareholders conveyed to them in severity." Mr. Conlybore seconded the amendment, and observed that the public were induced to subscribe to the undertaking on the pledge and distinct understanding that four acres of this land would be allotted with each share in the order of the priority of application. Neither he nor the other shareholders had yet received the lands to which they were entitled, and which, for his own part he now demanded. The ownership of the land was an individual right, with which the meeting was incompetent to deal. After a long discussion the chairman put the amendment, which was lost on a show of hands, and the original resolution was adopted. A poll, which was demanded by Mr. Sharpe, confirmed the vote.—[London Daily News, June 15.

The Crown Land sales have been continued for some days, and have attracted a large number of purchasers. We notice that the sales were conducted by ballots, the Surveyor-General himself officiating as salesman; and as the consecutive numbers published enabled the applicants to know the birth offered at sale, no time was lost. The ballot is said to have operated most admirably, and a larger quantity has been disposed of at any other annual sale for some years.—[Reporter.

The York County Municipality, at a recent meeting, passed a resolution appropriating \$1200 towards the Provincial Exhibition Buildings, making \$2400, granted by City and County for this purpose.—[Reporter.

STRANGE ACCIDENT.—A few days ago while a young man was at work in the Messrs. Scott's steam saw mill at Shediac, he was caught in the belting of some part of the machinery and whirled "over and over and round and round" in the air, until every shred of clothing was torn from his person leaving only his socks and boots on his feet! It is said that the elevated party received no serious injury.—[Telegraph.

St. Thomas, June 10, arrived Brig Retriquer, Balson, from St. John.

ACCIDENT.—We learn from Times that a ship carpenter fell from a staging near the vessel on Tuesday afternoon very severe, his head being the top, and his body badly

Riot in Troy.—Boston A riot occurred in Troy, Times office was destroyed and closed. At last accounts the riot of the city. A riot fear

A twelve-ton cutter, built begun and launched in the of the novelties on the Thames.

Nearly the whole of gan, was destroyed by fire.

The draft has been a of the cities and towns States.

The colonies of Great B less than 33,500,000 square govern and manage them nation five dollars for every

In Robinson, suddenly Mary, wife of Seth Gerry, years. She was apparently healthy, and died instantly of chair, without any premonition. Mr. Gerry, who had left home after a brief absence of half a week, returned to find the patient in the arms of death.

At Fredericton, on the 4th, a relief of the late Amherst years.
At Liverpool, England, Sarah Hannah, wife of Cason, in the 27th year of her

Ladies' Society.

MRS. KENDALL will number of young Ladies as to her daily pupils.
The course of instruction English, French, Writing and Arithmetic, the use of the Globes, Music and Singing, plain Sewing.
The French, Italian, Mus, are open to ladies who these branches of study excel.
The greatest attention is morals, manners, religious in neatness of the pupils.
TERM:—Board and Tuition, including except Italian, £50 per annum.
English, Latin, including French Music, Fuel for season.

To Consume
THE ADVERTISER RESTORED to be by a very simple remedy, aff years with a severe it dread disease. Consumption known to his fellow-sufferer. To all who desire it, he prescription used (free of c) tions for preparing and u they will find a sure cure thma, Bronchitis, &c. The advertiser is sending the P the afflicted, and spread convalescence to be invaluable sufferer will try his remedy nothing, and may prove a Parties wishing the press dress.
Rev. EDWARD W. Kings July 22.—3ms.

DR. PAJ Has returned to St. And practice of his profession St. Andrews July 1, 1863.

W A N A BOY from 14 to 16 y read and write, to business.
June 24, 1863. A

2 WINCHES, 1 TR For sale by J. V. FLOUR CO. To arrive Ex. N. W. 150 BLS superfine 100 Bags C 6 Boxes No. 1 Tola Apl. 25. J. W.

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DENTAL O. R. MACKAY has ar at Pheasant's Hotel to practice his profession His stay will be limited a professional service will ly call.

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ACCIDENT.—We learn from the Moncton Times that a ship carpenter named Alexander Sutherland, employed in Sumner's yard, fell from a staging near the stern of the vessel on Tuesday afternoon. His injuries are very severe, his head being much cut on the top, and his body badly bruised.

Riot in Troy.—Boston, July 16th.—A riot occurred in Troy yesterday. The Times office was destroyed and the telegraph closed. At last accounts the mob had control of the city. A riot feared in Albany.

A twelve-ton cutter, built of steel plates, begun and launched in three weeks, is one of the novelties on the Thames.

Nearly the whole of Bay City, Michigan, was destroyed by fire on Sunday last.

The draft has been suspended in several of the cities and towns throughout the States.

The colonies of Great Britain cover not less than 33,500,000 square miles, and to govern and manage them costs the British nation five dollars for every mile.

DEATH.
In Robinson, suddenly, 224 mt. Mrs. Mary, wife of Seth Gerry, Esq., aged 67 years. She was apparently in perfect health, and died instantly while sitting in a chair, without any premonition of illness.—Mr. Gerry, who had left home at one o'clock, after a brief absence of half an hour, was called home to find the partner of his life stricken in the arms of death. She was a member of the Congregational Church for many years, and died as she had lived a Christian; leaving an afflicted husband and children to mourn her unexpected death, and emulate her many virtues.
At Fredericton, on the 4th instant, Mary S., relict of the late Amasa Coy, aged 87 years.
At Liverpool, England, on the 1st instant Sarah Hannah, wife of Capt. Israel S. Lawson, in the 27th year of her age.

Ladies Seminary, ST. ANDREWS, N.B.

MRS. KENDALL will receive a limited number of young ladies as boarders, in addition to her daily pupils.
The course of instruction comprises the English, French, and Italian Languages; Writing and Arithmetic; Geography, including the use of the Globes; Astronomy, History, Music and Singing, plain and ornamental Needle Work.
The French, Italian, Music, and Singing classes, are open to ladies who desire to pursue any of these branches of study exclusively.
The greatest attention is paid to the comfort, morals, manners, religious instruction, and personal neatness of the pupils.
Board and Tuition, including all the branch fees except Italian, £50 per annum.
DAY PUPILS.
English, £3 0 0 per ann.
Folio, including French, 8 0 0
Music, 5 0 0
Fuel for season 0 5 0

To Consumptives.
THE ADVERTISER HAVING BEEN RESTORED to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.
To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.
Parties wishing the prescription will please address—
Rev. EDWARD WILSON, Williamsburgh, July 22.—Jms. Kings County, New York.

DR. PARKER
Has returned to St. Andrews, and will resume the practice of his profession as heretofore.
St. Andrews July 1, 1863.

WANTED.
A BOY from 14 to 16 years of age, who can read and write, to work at the Printing business. Apply at the
June 24, 1863. STANDARD OFFICE.

2 WINCHES; 1 TREENAIL MACHINE.
For sale by
July 1st, 1863. J. W. STREET & SON.

FLOUR CORN, &C.
To arrive Ex "Harriet" from New York.
150 BLS super fine & Ex state flour;
100 Bags Corn. Barrels Beans & Boxes No. 1 Tobacco, &c. &c.
Apl. 25. J. W. STREET & SON.

MARSHALL HOUSE
(ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN)
No. 16 Marshall Street,
Between hanover and union sts. BOSTON.
J & G. WADSWORTH. Proprietors.
Single Rooms 37 1-2 Cents.

DENTAL NOTICE!
DR. MACKEY has arrived and taken rooms at Pheasant's Hotel where he is prepared to practice his profession in all its branches.—His stay will be limited and those requiring his professional services will please give him an early call.
J. L. MACKEY.

GOVE'S HALL! 'ONE NIGHT ONLY!

First Tour through the British Provinces:
WHITING'S MINSTRELS,
FROM NEW YORK.

have the honor to announce that they will give one of their first class CONCERTS at GOVE'S HALL, St. Andrews, on TUESDAY night, July 28th.
For particular see Programmes.
Tickets 25 cents. Doors open at 7; Concert to begin at 8 o'clock.

CERT.—Mr. Whiting begs to assure the public, that his Company has been selected with a special regard to vocal excellence, and while in other respects he can confidently claim for them a high place in negro minstrelsy, he would add that nothing shall be sung, said, or done in any of the performances which can possibly be considered offensive, to good taste or propriety.

ARRANGEMENT FOR 1863.

**THROUGH ROUTE FROM
ARROOCH, PRESQUE
ISLE, HOULTON, AND
WOODSTOCK, N. B.
VIA
NEW BRUNSWICK & CANADA RAIL-
WAY AND
International Steamship Co.,
To New York, Boston, Portland,
ST. JOHN EASTPORT,
AND CALAIS.**

**NO. 1. PASSENGER AND FREIGHT
TRAINS** will leave St. Andrews, for Woodstock Station, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 A. M., passing the down train (No. 2.) on Wednesday at Woodstock Station, and will leave Woodstock Station, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at the above hours.
No. 2. EXPRESS TRAIN, will leave St. Andrews every Monday after arrival of boat from St. John, and every Friday on arrival of boat from Boston, and will leave Woodstock Station every Monday in time for boat same day for Boston, and every Wednesday at 9 A. M., passing the up train (No. 1.) at Woodstock.
Through Fares each way as follows:—
Woodstock Station to Boston, \$7.00
do. Portland, 6.00
do. St. John, 3.00
do. Calais, 2.50
do. Eastport, 2.50
Tickets may be had from the undermentioned Agents, at the different Railway Stations, and on board any of the Boats.
O. JONES, Sup't.
HENRY OSBURN, Manager.

Whitney & Bridges, 38 Water street, Boston;
Thos. Johnson, Calais, Me.; E. E. Eaton, Steam-
boat Wharf, Portland; George Hayes, Eastport;
D. J. Seely, Water street, St. John; Vanwert &
Stevenson, Woodstock. July 15th.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE For Sale.

THE undersigned Trustees of the Estate of S. H. Whitlock, Esq., offer for Sale TOWN LOTS No. 5 and 6 in Block 14, Parish division of the Town Plat, together with the building.
If not previously disposed of, the said premises will be sold at Public Auction, on Friday, the twenty eighth day of August next, at eleven o'clock, A. M., at the Market Square Saint John, N. B.
W. HATCHE, C. KENNEDY, Trustees.
St. Andrews, July 15, 1863.

MEETING OF COURTS.

THE Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the County of Charlotte, will sit at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on Tuesday the 4th day of August next, at 12 o'clock.
The Courts of Common Pleas and General Sessions of the Peace, will be held at the Court House on Tuesday the 15th of September next.
At which time and place all Magistrates, Coroners, and Constables of said County and all persons required to be at these Courts are hereby publicly notified to give their attendance.
THOS. JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, July 8, 1863.

MOLASSES.

Just received at the UNION STORE, and for sale low.
30 H HDS bright Muscovado Molasses.
30 BLS superior quality Brown Sugar
April 22, 1863. J. R. BRADFORD.

**EDWARD F. LAW,
Watch and Clockmaker,**
RESPECTFULLY announces to the Public, that he has commenced business in the shop adjoining H. Whittakers opposite Bradford's Hotel Water Street; and, trusts by attention and promptness to receive a share of patronage. Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry neatly repaired.—
St. Andrews Dec. 10, 1862.

JUST RECEIVED.

By the schooners "G. D. King" and "Til" from New York:
350 BLS. Flour, different grades;
20 boxes best black Tea;
10 boxes Tobacco;
2 tons of smoked and dried Bacon;
Boxes Cigars, different qualities.
Together with a great assortment of GROCERIES, and the best of LIQUORS, will be sold as low as any other establishment in this town, for cash only. American notes taken at their current value.
June 24th. JAMES BOYD.

BLANKS FOR SALE
At this Office.
And Printed to Order.

Albion House? Water Street, St. Andrews!

Ladies and Children's Boots and shoes—in CALFSKIN, GOATSKIN, SERGE CLOTH, CONGRESS—BAMORALS—ANKLETIES.

All of Provincial manufacture and every pair warranted—and will be sold at a very small advance on cost.
JOHN J. MAGEE.
Take notice. No second price. No use to try to beat us down.
\$5,000 Charlotte County Bank Bills will be taken in Exchange for Dry Goods—24 per cent premium paid.
June 24, 1863.

Live and Let Live.

HIGHLY important to those who want cottons—and who it is that does not. Everybody wanted to come with cash in their pockets to buy.
MAGEE'S Cheap Cottons.
FACTORY COTTON, 10 to 20cts per yard
WHITE SHIRTING 12 1/2 to 22cts do
STRIPED SHIRTING 18 20 & 22cts do
BED TICKET 14cts do
PRINTED COTTON 10cts do
PRINTED COTTON 14cts do
PRINTED COTTON 16cts do
One Price! One Price!
No Second Price.
Albion House Water Street.
JOHN S. MAGEE, Proprietor.
St. Stephen Bank Bills taken at the face. June 24, 1863.

Skeleton Skirts! CHEAP FOR CASH.

Childrens Skirts 12 1-2
Childrens Skirts 15
Childrens Skirts 20
Childrens Skirts 25
Ladies Skirts 30
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Ladies Skirts 40
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