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RECIPROCITY TALK TO BORDEN'S FACE

Governor Sulzer for Freer Trade

Says Canada and United States Need Each Other's Products

Canadian Premier Listens to This Attack on the "Interests" at Albany Banquet, and Contents Himself With an Address on the Value of Peace Between the Two Countries.

Canadian Press

New York, Feb. 24—The close ties of friendship existing between the United States and Canada were dwelt upon in addresses tonight by Premier Robert L. Borden of Canada and Governor Sulzer at the annual dinner of the University Club of Albany. "Canada and the United States," said Premier Borden, "have a common heritage in the language, the literature, the laws, the institutions and the traditions which have come down to them from the men of by-gone days.

"Perhaps no more instructive object lesson has ever been given to the world than the 4,000 miles of undefended boundary line from the Atlantic to the Pacific which bears silent but eloquent testimony to the mutual confidence and respect of the two nations.

"Time will shortly place upon the brow of each nation the laurel of 100 years of peace. It matters not so much as to the form of the outward celebration, but let me hope that its full significance may sink deep into the hearts of both nations and that whether north or south of the boundary we may stand with bowed and reverent heads, offering grateful thanks for the divine blessing of peace, and earnest prayers that in the century to come, mutual confidence, good will and respect may truly animate the ideals and inspirations of both nations."

Referring to the natural resources possessed by the United States and Canada, particularly along the St. Lawrence, the premier urged that they be "preserved and developed for the people."

Governor Sulzer for Reciprocity.

Governor Sulzer predicted that the great Canadian northwest is destined to become ere long the granary of North America. "Many of our best citizens, I regret to say," said the governor, are leaving our states for the west, and going into the northwest because of the fertility of its soil; the liberality of the Canadian government and the ability of these people to better their conditions there.

"We should extend to them a helping hand in their onward march of progress. Instead of closing our doors by tariff barriers against these countries and their products, in my opinion, we should open them wider and do everything in our power to facilitate closer commercial relations.

"We want their products and they want our products, and all restrictions to prevent a fairer and freer exchange of goods, wares and merchandise, should, in so far as possible, be eliminated."

The other speakrs were John Grier Hibben, president of Princeton University; Dr. Talcott Williams, head of the Pulitzer School of Journalism of Columbia University, and John W. Thomas, president of Middebury College.

"GENERAL" DRUMMOND

The woman who glories in the latest tactics of the suffragettes. "It's perfectly lovely," she says.

Fatal Quebec Accident.

Quebec, Feb. 24—A man named Beaton was instantly killed and another named Morency had a leg broken on the Louise embankment this afternoon. Both men were employed by the Montreal Dredging Company, and were assisting in removing a large piece of machinery for the dredge Fundy from a railway car.

TO PAY MORE FOR PAUPER LUNATICS

Government Bill Proposes $1 a Week Charge Per Patient Against Parishes

MAINTENANCE HIGHER

Premier Flemming Says it Costs the Province $3 Per Week a Head Now—Amendment to St. John Valley Railway Act—Other Business of Yesterday's Session.

Fredericton, Feb. 24—The house met at 3 o'clock.

Hon. Mr. McLeod presented a statement of the bonded debt of the town of Woodstock petition in favor of bill respecting the Dominion Trust Company.

Hon. Mr. Grimmer presented a petition in favor of a bill to authorize the town council of St. Stephen to issue debentures.

Mr. Humphrey asked leave of absence for Mr. Melanson until Monday next on account of urgent business.

The house went into committee with Mr. Black in the chair, and agreed to a bill respecting the election of councillors for the parishes of Clair and Baker Lake, Madawaska county, 1911.

Care of Pauper Lunatics.

The bill relating to the provincial hospital was then taken up.

Hon. Mr. Flemming said that under the acts of 1903 the cost of maintaining in the provincial hospital harmless patients had been provided so that $1.25 per week was payable by the municipality and the support of patients, classed as dangerous, was borne entirely by the province.

Disputes had been constantly arising as to which class a particular patient belonged and there had been more or less trouble in effecting settlements of the accounts with the various municipalities for that reason.

Notwithstanding the careful and excellent management by Dr. Anglin, the cost of maintaining patients was gradually increasing until during the past year the average cost per head for maintenance at the provincial hospital was $3 per week. The object of this bill is to have municipalities bear a small proportion of the cost of maintenance of all patients and thus put an end to disputes. If this legislation was enacted after Jan. 1 municipalities will pay $1 per week of the cost of maintenance of all pauper patients and the province will bear the balance, or about two-thirds of the cost. In Nova Scotia, the municipalities pay a much larger percentage and so it was in various other provinces of the dominion, municipalities paying $1.50 per week on all patients in the province of Quebec.

Mr. Woods said that at present the parish in each county had to pay a share charged to the municipality upon patients who had formerly resided in the respective parishes. He thought it would be better and would not place a hardship upon any particular parish if the municipality's share was made a county matter.

Hon. Mr. McLeod said that under the present act the secretary-treasurer of the municipality issues a check for the municipality's share and then apportions the charges among the parishes on the basis of the number of patients from each parish.

Mr. Stewart (Gloucester) said he thought it would be more equitable to have the counties pay the charges rather than to have the amount divided up among the parishes, as under the present act, and he suggested that a section with that provision be added to the bill.

Hon. Mr. Flemming said he had found instances where the present arrangement worked hardship on certain parishes. Personally, he did not have any objection to the suggestion of his hon. friend being incorporated in the bill if members of the committee felt convinced that it should be done.

Mr. Stewart (Northumberland) said that there was no agitation in Northumberland to change the assessment from the individual parishes to the county.

Hon. Mr. McLeod said that the suggestion, if adopted, might also necessitate an amendment to the municipalities act, which provided for an assessment for pauper lunatics.

Mr. Woods said that his object in suggesting the change was that in some of the smaller parishes the burden of supporting pauper lunatics would be lifted and placed on the county as a whole.

Mr. Slipp said that section 95, subsection 10, of the municipalities act provided for the assessment for the support of the poor. He did not think it wise to make the suggested change.

The bill was agreed to.

Valley Railway Act Amendment.

Hon. Mr. Flemming introduced a bill to amend the act to aid in the construction of the St. John Valley Railway. He explained that the bill provided for an amendment to the act passed at the last session which provided that when the bonds for the company were sold the money should be deposited with a trust company but in no case should the deposit be less than 98 per cent of the par value. The bonds had been sold for a fraction less than 96 per cent and it was therefore necessary for the company to deposit an amount of between $80,000 and

(Continued on page 8, sixth column.)

OFFER TO BUY STREET RAILWAY FOR $1,200,000

Would Build Many Suburban Lines Around St. John

A NEW SITUATION

Powerful Financial Group's Proposal Offers Prospect of Great Expansion to City—Lines to Rothesay, Westfield, Spruce Lake and Millidgeville, and Cheaper Lighting Rates.

Tuesday, Feb. 25.

Citizens who realize the extent to which St. John's future is tied up with its street and suburban railway development will read with keen interest, and possibly no little satisfaction, the news that developed at and after the annual meeting of the St. John Railway Company yesterday afternoon.

Action in street railway matters has developed with a rush. In the first place, the directors of the railway received and considered an offer of $1,200,000 for their stock, which is equivalent to $150 a share, and it was made known that the offer came from a group of men who have the money, the experience, and the progressive business habits necessary to put their plans through in short order if the local company will sell.

At yesterday's meeting the formal offer was referred to a small committee of the local directors, but it was said subsequently that a decision was reached not to sell at the figure offered, and Colonel McLean, the vice-president, added that the road was not in the market anyway.

This, however, is apparently by no means the end of the matter, for it turns out that the offer to buy comes from financiers and street railway and power men working with the N. B. Hydro-Electric Company, and that they have made a complete survey of the city and its suburbs, including Rothesay, Westfield, Spruce Lake, Millidgeville, Loch Lomond and the end of the Sandy Point road on the Kennebecasis, and are convinced that, with the development of the water power in Charlotte and St. John counties, suburban electric lines to all of these points would be good business, and that the situation is ripe for the introduction of cheaper electric light throughout the city and its surrounding territory.

This raises a question which many who heard of the situation yesterday put in about this form:

"If the present street car company will not or cannot make these extensions, how long can it stand in the way of those who have the money and the willingness to do so if the latter prove their readiness to proceed?"

The long delay in getting even a single track to Kane's Corner, and the general feeling that extensions in other directions are not to be expected under present conditions, have undoubtedly led to the developments of the last few days.

The new offer was submitted at yesterday's meeting are John R. Graham, president of the Bangor Street Railway and the Portland Street Railway, and Henry W. Cushman, president of the Merrill Trust Company, of Bangor. They represent the largest group of street railway and water-power owners and operators in the United States, owning and operating street car lines not only throughout Maine and adjoining territory but as far west as Portland (Ore.), and as far south as Galveston. They not only represent immense capital but claim to have a record of successful operation—from the standpoint of the public—in every place where they run cars or sell light and power. That assertion should be easily tested.

As has been said, they have with them in this project the owners of the N. B. Hydro-Electric enterprise, who have already applied to the legislature for suburban franchises covering lines from St. John to Westfield, Rothesay and Spruce Lake, to which it is proposed to add Millidgeville, Loch Lomond and the Sandy Point road. Their intention is if possible to secure a franchise for electric lighting as well, and it is their idea that lighting prices should not only be reduced but that the street railway should have many extensions even in the city proper and that its equipment should be brought up to date by the introduction of new cars of the large size used in the larger cities. It was said last evening that the men who are ready to buy the street railway are prepared to prove their ability to carry out the programme of expansion here outlined, and would give binding guarantees to complete the work within a definite and reasonable period if they can get the opportunity. If so the situation is decidedly interesting.

The New Directors.

At the meeting of the shareholders the following were selected as directors: James Ross, Montreal; Colonel H. H. McLean, James Manchester, R. B. Emerson, Fred E. Sayre, Fred R. Taylor, W. H. Thorne, and William Downie. W. H. Thorne was elected in the place of J. M. Robinson, who resigned. At a subsequent meeting of the directors James Ross was selected as president and Colonel H. H. McLean, vice-president. H. H. Hopper was appointed general manager and secretary and G. G. Peters was made treasurer.

Annual Report.

The annual report of the directors, presented by Colonel H. H. McLean, vice-president, included a financial statement showing net profits of $59,158.06, out of

(Continued on page 8, sixth column.)

MEDICAL BILL BEFORE PARLIAMENT SCORED

Some Members Called It An Effort to Form a Huge Combine—Narrowly Escaped Defeat but is Badly Mutilated Before Being Passed.

Special to The Telegraph.

Ottawa, Feb. 24—A bill to incorporate the Medical Protective Association of Canada took up most of the time of the commons today, the discussion lasting five hours and bringing out some rather sharp criticisms of the "close corporation" methods of the profession. The object of the bill is to enable the association to take any necessary steps towards protecting the honor and dignity of the profession against unauthorized practitioners, etc.

Mr. Knowles, of Moose Jaw, ventured the opinion that what the medical profession needed was "not greater protection, but more strict regulations to see that they do their work right." It was an imposition on the public that so many dishonorable practitioners were permitted to practice. It was a serious and vital matter to the public that dishonorable and careless practitioners should be permitted to continue in their misperformance of duty, and it was little wonder, after all, that an impression was gaining headway that "a great number of doctors are fakes." For the sake of the profession itself something should be done to prevent the hurried and careless manner in which members of the profession did their work and the way they "befooled and befuddled the patient who places himself in their hands."

Mr. Knowles added that he made no attack upon the medical profession, but though in its own interest it should remove many of the causes of anxiety, which existed.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson held that the medical associations in the various provinces should seek legislation, if required, from their respective legislatures. The result of the proposed bill would be to create a huge medical combine, and he urged that the bill be given a six months hoist.

The bill was defended by the medical men, reinforced by Hon. Mr. Hazen and Mr. Nickle, of Kingston. The latter thought it was somewhat drastic in its present form, but if amendments were added thought it might be adopted.

Dr. Steele made a vigorous defence. It was a measure, said he, with reputable men behind it, whereas much of the incorporation permitted by parliament was adopted when the men behind it "were only dummies."

The fate of the bill itself was saved by a narrow majority tonight, when the motion of Mr. Smith, of South Ontario, to throw the measure out altogether was only rejected by a vote of 36 to 34.

While the bill itself escaped, it was subjected to several amendments. In the case of these amendments which were submitted with a view to restricting the powers of the association, the doctors fared badly, however, the two votes taken registered their defeat by 42 to 24 and 44 to 25 respectively. In both cases the medical men were left practically unsupported in the house.

At 10 o'clock the bill was finally adopted with amendments.

SAYS NEW YORK HAS A "PRISON RING"

Man, Accused of Trying to Bribe Thaw's Release, Says State Officials Conduct a Brokerage Business in Pardons.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 24—Harry K. Thaw will be asked to tell Governor Sulzer's commission of inquiry what he knows concerning the most recent attempts to secure his release from Mattewan State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, where he has been confined for five years for the killing of Stanford White. This announcement by the committee today followed a bitter attack by William F. Clark, former secretary of the committee, upon what he termed "the so-called prison ring."

Clark, who at his own request was relieved from duty as secretary pending investigation of charges that he had used Governor Sulzer's name without the executive's authority in an attempt to bribing about the release of Thaw, was permitted to take the stand. Immediately he launched into an attack upon the prison authorities, including Colonel Joseph F. Scott, superintendent of state prisons, and D. J. W. Russell, superintendent of the institution at Matteawan. Dr. James V. May, chairman of the State Hospital Commission was also connected with Clark's insinuations.

Clark declared that in the early part of January information came to him that "the so-called prison ring," which was made up of Superintendent Scott and his immediate underlings, were in a conspiracy to involve the governor of the state so that they might be retained in their profitable business in a brokerage of pardons, which they had conducted under Governor Dix.

He declined to divulge from whom he had received his information but requested that Thaw himself be questioned.

JOHN BURNS DECLARES WAR ON SUFFRAGETTES

Tells London Audience He is Going to Do His Best to Stop the Reign of Terror.

London, Feb. 24—John Burns, president of the local government board, who has just begun a speech-making campaign in behalf of the progressive candidates for the London county council, has declared war against the militant suffragettes.

In the course of the next ten days, he announced tonight addressing a meet from which several suffragette disturbers were summarily ejected, "I am going to do my best to break down this tyranny of organized blackguardism. It is in the interest of the people and democracy that this despotism that has desecrated the cause of women and put back their movement many years, be terminated at once."

VALLEY RAILWAY DELEGATIONS AT FREDERICTON

Government to Hear Both Sides on Question of Route Into St. John Today

New Brunswick Branch of Dominion Alliance to Meet at Capital Today and May Ask for Prohibition.

Special to The Telegraph.

Fredericton, Feb. 24—The New Brunswick branch of the Dominion Alliance will meet here tomorrow in annual convention. Business sessions will be held in the Y. M. C. A. hall beginning at 10 a. m., and 2 p. m. At 8 p. m. a public mass meeting will be held at St. Paul's Presbyterian church at which the principal speakers will be Dr. Moore, of Toronto, secretary of temperance and moral reform work for the Methodist church in Canada, and Rev. Dr. W. H. Smith, pastor of St. Paul's church.

The intention is to have a delegation from the alliance wait upon the provincial government tomorrw afternoon and ask for the enactment of a prohibitory law for the province. Opposition to that course, however, is expected to develop among the Fredericton members, who believe that such a course would be useless. It will be decided tomorrow whether a delegation will wait upon the government or not.

Officers of the New Brunswick branch are: S. B. Bustin, St. John, president; J. W. Smith, St. John, first vice-president; Rev. George A. Lawson, Moncton, second vice-president; L. R. Hetherington, Newcastle, third vice-president; A. C. M. Lawson, Fredericton, treasurer.

Some of the officers and delegates are now in the city.

Valley Road Delegations.

St. John Valley Railway matters will loom large before the government tomorrow, when delegations will be heard favoring the route following the western bank of the St. John river south, of Gagetown, and another delegation supporting the original route on the eastern bank, crossing the St. John river at the Mistake.

The Fredericton Board of Trade executive held a meeting tonight to organize a delegation in support of the eastern route. Delegations from Woodstock, Meductic and Gagetown board of trade are to act jointly with the Fredericton board in this matter.

Those from Gagetown are—Morris Scovil, J. R. Dunn, R. H. Weston, T. S. Peters and S. L. Peters.

From Woodstock the delegates are—A. D. Holyoke, W. S. Suttor, J. W. Gallagher, J. T. A. Dibblee, W. M. Balmain.

Kingston delegates are—George Hennessy, Guy Flewelling, James Marshall and Adino Pitt.

A majority of the St. John delegates will arrive this morning. Those now here are J. M. Robinson, ex-Ald. W. E. Scully, F. R. aFirweather, F. Del. Clements, Thos. Bell, M. W. Doherty.

A strong delegation from Welsford is also present.

WANT PLEBISCITE ON NAVAL QUESTION

AMERICANS ORDER ARMY TO BORDER

Ten Thousand Troops to Be Ready for Eventualities in Mexico

REBELS STILL ACTIVE

Three Provinces Not Pacified Yet—New Government Gains in Favor in Mexican Capital and the Murder of Madero is Almost Forgotten—Powder Burns on Bodies Point to Assassination.

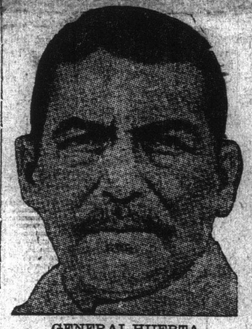
Canadian Press

Washington, Feb. 24—Military orders flew thick and fast today in redemption of President Taft's promise to have an army of 10,000 men assembled at Galveston, the most convenient port to Mexico, all equipped for foreign service and ready to execute any order that his successor might choose to issue upon the basis of the conditions that will exist after March 4.

These orders on the whole were supplementary to those which began to flow from the war department towards the end of last week and were calculated to insure the assemblage of the second division of the reorganized army at or in the neighborhood of Galveston.

The completion of the orders to move the entire division is intended as further warnig to Mexico and that there will be no departure from the established policy of preparedness during the remaining week of President Taft's administration.

All plans for the possible sending of troops into the republic to the south will continue with the same minuteness of detail which would characterize official orders, had the present acute condition arisen in Mexico at any time earlier in the strife which has rent that republic since the first uprising against Porfirio Diaz more than two years ago.



GENERAL HUERTA,
The New President of Mexico.

This course is justified on the ground that any cessation in the closing days or even hours of the Taft administration might be seized hold of by Mexican malcontents as an opportunity for a strike at Americans which could not be adequately overcome should officials here relax their vigilance. So far the state department has given little thought to the question of political recognition of the new government in Mexico inclining to await further developments in the situation and willing to regard it largely by the recommendation of Ambassador Wilson, whose course so far under extremely difficult and delicate circumstances has met with the unqualified approval of the department.

PRES. MADERO'S BROTHER,
Who Was Executed Almost Immediately After Being Captured by the Victorious Revolutionists.

Madero's Murder Almost Forgotten by Mexicans.

Mexico City, Feb. 24—Confidence in the new administration is growing in the capital, conservative Mexicans and foreigners alike regarding what appears to be a probable military regime as the solution of the present difficulty.

A revulsion of sentiment has been creat-

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Amendment Moved by Nationalists

Speaker Rules It is In Order and Debate Continues

Mr. Guilbault Wants People to Vote on the Matter Without Any Side Issues Being Dragged In, as Would Be the Case in a General Election.

Special to The Telegraph.

Ottawa, Feb. 24—The Nationalists have finally got an amendment of their very own on the naval question before the house of commons. Their two previous attempts on the resolution stage of the Borden proposals to secure consideration for their plebiscite idea without committing themselves to any naval policy whatever were frustrated by the speaker's ruling.

Mr. Verville had got in first with an amendment declaring for an appeal to the people before parliament accepted the Laurier proposals, in preference to the Borden contribution idea. Before the first vote was taken two weeks ago, two Nationalist amendments for the repeal of the Laurier naval act, for a plebiscite and for representation in Imepral councils before any permanent policy of imperial co-operation in naval defence was adopted, were ruled out of order, as either having been previously voted upon, or were in substance the same as the Verville amendment.

The Nationalists were obliged to vote both against the Laurier amendment and the Verville sub-amendment, and also against the Borden resolution, but they got no straight amendment and vote of their own before the house.

A Plebiscite Amendment.

Late tonight, after the private members' business on the order paper had been exhausted, Mr. Guilbault got in, as the first speaker on the resumption of the naval debate. He succeded in getting the speaker to declare in order an amendment setting forth that the appeal to the people contemplated in the Turriff amendment should be taken not by the medium of a general election, but by a plebiscite. For this the straight Nationalists will be able to vote as against both Liberals and Conservatives.

Mr. Guilbault urged that if the appeal was made by way of a general election, many extraneous issues would be dragged in and the real opinion of the people on the naval question would not be definitely declared.

Incidentally, although he did not say so, this would also obviate the necessity of the Nationalists appealing for re-election. He proposed that three questions should be submitted to the people. First, as to whether they favored the government's present emergency policy; second, as to whether they favored a permanent policy of a Canadian navy as proposed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier; third, as to whether they favored a policy of direct contribution.

Mr. Guilbault was opposed to the Laurier policy on the ground that it tended toward militarism, which was repugnant, he believed, to most Canadians. He believed the government's present proposals were not authorized by the people and the government majority did not truly represent what the people want.

As far as Quebec was concerned, he believed that the vote of 1911, which returned a majority of Laurier supporters from that province, did not mean an endorsation of the Laurier policy in naval matters. It was rather a triumph for the name and prestige of Sir Wilfrid in his native province. This might happen again if a general election were now brought on.

Mr. Guilbault's amendment was seconded by Mr. Boulay.

Mr. Loggie, of Northumberland, got the floor at midnight and condemned the view of Crocket, of York, that the Liberal proposal would produce a useless navy. On the contrary, he had a good deal of experience of marine affairs, and though the proposals were most practical. He reviewed the speeches of Premier Borden, Mr. Foster and Mr. Hazen, much to the disadvantage of those gentlemen.

Mr. Loggie said there should be a compromise to take this question out of politics and the compromise should be upon the resolution of 1909, to which both parties agreed. If the Conservatives would not agree to this "We should ask the people to decide between the two policies now before parliament, not by a plebiscite but by a general election."

KING GEORGE HONORS EXPLORER SCOTT'S WIDOW

Canadian Press.

London, Feb. 24—The widow of Captain Robert F. Scott, the Antarctic explorer, henceforth will be known as Lady Scott. King George today bestowed on her "the same rank, style and precedence as if her husband had been nominated a Knight Commander of the Bath, as he would have been had he survived."

FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

ROTHESAY

Rothesay, Feb. 20—On Saturday Mrs. F. E. Sayre, Mrs. Walter W. White, Mrs. J. T. Cudlip, Mrs. J. E. Moore, Mrs. Jas. Jack, Mrs. H. Miller, who have daughters at Netherwood, came from St. John at noon, and in the evening entertained about thirty of the Netherwood girls at high tea at the Kennedy House. The new dining room was gaily decorated with emblems suggestive of St. Valentin's Day, the table being specially attractive. Runners of white crepe paper printed with hearts and darts, of red and gold, were laid on the edges of the table, which had as a centre piece a large basket filled with daffodils. Small vases holding scarlet flowers were scattered about, dishes of bon-bons and dainty confections were numerous and cute valentine place cards (pretty maidens holding a slate on which the name was written) completed the artistic arrangement. A collection of parcels done up in white paper and tied with red ribbons told of coming contests for which prizes would be given. It was indeed a very merry gathering long to be remembered. The guests included Misses Mary White, Edith White, Doris Sayre, Edith Cudlip, Isobel Jack, Marion Moore, Edith Miller, Katherine Holly, Jean Foss, Aldythe Thom, Catherine Wilson, Edith Gilbert, Mary King, Dorothy Roy, Hazel McArthur, Edna Pickles, Mary Henderson, Marjory Rankine, Annie Armstrong, Gertrude Fleming, Louise Holly, Marjory Babbett, Dorothy Le Roy, Miriam Knowlton, Catherine Longley and others. During the evening Mr. G. P. Trites on behalf of the hostesses presented to Mrs. Kennedy a handsome silk waist, around the collar of which was a necklace of "hearts" of many sizes. The gift was enclosed in a giant heart of red, profusely decorated and tied with a bow of wide red satin ribbon.

Mr. Withers, who has been guest at the Kennedy House for some months and has made many friends in Rothesay, leaves tomorrow by the Empress of Britain for England. His going is much regretted.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard Mitchell, of Amherst, spent a few days here with Mr. and Mrs. John Mitchell. They were returning home from a visit to Boston.

The Ladies' Sewing Society held its last meeting at the home of Mrs. James Page, and tomorrow will be guests of Mrs. Domville.

On Tuesday evening in the Presbyterian Hall, Mrs. E. A. Smith, of St. John, delighted a large audience with her popular lecture "Across Canada with a Camera." The hope was expressed that Mrs. Smith might sometime in the near future prepare an illustrated lecture on our end of the dominion "The Maritime Provinces." A vote of thinks proposed by Mr. Peter Chisholm and seconded by Rev. A. W. Daniel was heartily approved by all present. Rev. John Mortimer presided. "O Canada" was sung by Mr. W. Izzard, the audience joining in the chorus and the evening's programme closed with the singing of God Save the King. Mrs. Smith and Rev. Mr. Mortimer were guests of Mrs. John Thomson.

Many Rothesay friends of Miss Tees will be interested to know she has been assisting with the Suffrage Exhibit and Shop which has been such a success in Montreal. Miss Tees helped in the tea room.

On Saturday afternoon a few members of the Outing Club walked to Gondola Point, where tea was enjoyed at Mr. Bell's camp, the party driving home in the moonlight. Some of those present were Mr. and Mrs. Bell, Miss Domville, Mr. and Mrs. Longley, Miss Purdy, Miss Daniel, Miss Brock, Mr. Harold Brock, Mr. Purdy and Mr. Cooper.

The French Club are this afternoon guests of Mrs. Fred Foster.

An exciting hockey match on College Hill Saturday afternoon attracted a large number of spectators both from the village and from St. John. The contesting teams were St. John High school and Rothesay College, the honors being won by the home players.

Rev. John Mortimer expects to leave tomorrow for Sackville where he will preach next Sunday. His pulpit here will be occupied by Mr. Rossbor Sunday evening.

Mrs. John Thomson addresed the members of the Loving Helpers Mission Band yesterday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Longley entertained at a bridge of three tables on Friday evening.

The Willing Workers Circle are meeting this afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. H. Henderson. Next Thursday the members will be guests of Mrs. Fred Foster. A business meeting was held last Thursday at the home of Miss Thomson, when the election of officers was postponed until April.

Two lectures are arranged for next Monday evening. At Netherwood Bishop Richardson is to talk to the school, his subject will be "The Holy Grael." On the same evening Mr. Adams, of Rothesay College, is to give the fifth number in the Monday evening lecture course. The meeting place will be the residence of the Misses Gilbert and the subject "The Vatican."

The many friends of Mrs. John Mitchell will regret to hear of her serious illness, and hope for her speedy recovery. Mrs. Stuart Mitchell and Miss Armstrong are with her.

ANDOVER

Andover, N. B., Feb. 19—Mrs. J. W. Niles spent a few days at Grand Falls last week to attend a meeting of the Poor Commissioners, who were lately appointed by the council to establish a poor farm. Mr. Niles returned on Monday.

On Thursday evening Miss Pearl Waite entertained a few friends at 6 o'clock dinner.

On Saturday afternoon Miss Miriam Baxter entertained her lady friends at afternoon bridge from 3 to 6.

Mrs. Gorden, who has been visiting her niece, Mrs. Wilson Hanson, for a few weeks, returned on Monday to St. John.

Mr. Wetmore Pickett and Mr. Spurdon Wright, of Hillandale, left on Monday for Fredericton as delegates to the Farmers' Convention from Andover Agricultural Society.

Mrs. Carolyn Armstrong and Miss Alma Armstrong, of Perth, left on Wednesday for Boston to be gone several weeks.

On Tuesday evening Mrs. N. J. Wortten entertained at a small bridge of three tables.

On Saturday afternoon Mrs. J. F. Johnson, of Perth, was hostess at 6 o'clock dinner, when covers were laid for ten.

ST. ANDREWS

St. Andrews, Feb. 20—T. A. Hartt, M. P., Ottawa, spent Sunday in town with his family.

Miss Hilda Hewitt and Miss Bessie Mallock, of the Deer Island teaching staff, were in town on Saturday.

Miss Carrie Rigby went to St. John on Saturday.

Rev. George Steele, of Shediac, was in town last week, a guest at the parsonage.

Mrs. Wheeler Mallock went to St. Stephen on Monday to visit her daughter, Mrs. C. A. MacCormick.

Miss Jennie and Ray Howe spent a few days in St. Stephen last week.

Mrs. G. H. Lamb has been confined to the house for several days, suffering from the effects of a severe fall.

Mrs. Benj. Follis spent a few days in Eastport last week.

Mrs. J. W. Richardson, of St. Stephen, has been the guest of Mrs. Isaac Richardson lately.

Mrs. C. Lank, of Campobello, has removed to Chamcook and is occupying one of the new cottages there.

Fishery Inspector Calder and Mr. J. J. Cowie, of the fisheries department, Ottawa, were in town last week.

SUSSEX

Sussex, N. B., Feb. 20—Friday evening of last week Judge and Mrs. McIntyre gave a most delightful dinner and bridge at their residence. Dinner was served at 7 o'clock, after which bridge was enjoyed until 12 o'clock, when a dainty supper was served. The parlors presented a charming appearance with their artistic decorations of pink roses and carnations. Miss Culbert and Mr. O. P. Wilbur won the prizes. Among the guests were Judge and Mrs. Jonah, Mayor and Mrs. Lamb, Mr. and Mrs. Kirk, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Adair, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. McLean, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Dryden, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. McLeod, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Hallett, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. DeBoo, Mrs. Ora King, Mrs. McAlister, Mrs. E. Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Wilbur, Mrs. Geo. H. Secord (Apohaqui), Miss H. Lenore Barnes (Hampton), Miss Blanche McLeod, Miss Marjorie Henderson, Miss Ethel Chapman, Miss Marjorie Chapman, Miss Marion Keith, D. J. Gilchrist, Mr. H. T. Begg, Mr. Wm. N. Robinson, and Mr. W. S. Fairweather.

Miss Vera Brown, of Salisbury, was a visitor here Wednesday.

The Younger Set Bridge Club met with Mrs. Ora King this week. Mrs. L. R. Murray won the prize. Those outside the club in for the evening were Mrs. L. R. Murray, Mrs. Wm. H. McLeod, Miss Jean B. Peacock, Miss H. L. Barnes, Miss Hazel DeBoo, Miss Mary Connely.

Miss Annie Mitton is spending a few weeks in Toronto, the guest of Miss Amy Dillon.

Mrs. John Macaulay and Miss Macaulay have returned from Norton, where they were the guests of Mrs. Mary Harrington.

Mrs. Geo. N. Pearson and Mrs. J. J. Daly have returned from a visit to Fredericton.

J. Everett Keith left Thursday for Toronto, where he will spend a few days.

Miss Caulie McInerney has returned from her home in Rexton.

Mrs. Thomas Davis, of Newtown, is in Fredericton this week, attending a meeting of the Women's Institute.

The bankers of Sussex gave a most enjoyable sleigh drive Tuesday evening to their lady friends.

The pupils of Grades X and XI had a most delightful sleigh ride Wednesday evening to Parlee Brook. After the drive supper was served in the Domestic Science room. Miss Bess Parker chaperoned the young people.

Dr. J. U. Burnett has returned from a trip to Montreal.

The business committee of the Ladies' Art Club met Thursday evening with Mrs. J. R. McLean.

Mrs. Nelson Arnold is very ill at her home, the Willows.

SACKVILLE

Sackville, Feb. 19—Mrs. H. C. Read was hostess on Thursday afternoon at a very large and charmingly arranged tea. The beautiful home was decorated with the lovely spring flowers and carnations. Mrs. Read was gowned in a very becoming gown of grey satin. Mrs. A. B. Copp, who conducted the guests to the dining room, wore white satin with net tunic and large white hat with plum. The table in the dining room was very atractive with its decorations of pink carnations. Presiding at the tea table were Mrs. Cann and Mrs. H. M. Wood. Assisting with the refreshments were Miss Christie, Amherst; Miss L. Ford, Miss Marjorie Bates and Miss Clark, Bear River.

Miss Tweedie, of Amherst, is the guest of Miss Lenora Tweedie, York street.

Miss Nan Cowie is visiting Miss Gretchen Allison.

Mrs. Charles Bruce and baby, of St. John, are spending a few weeks in town at the home of Mrs. L. P. Richardson.

Among those who went to St. John on Monday to attend the curling club bonspiel were Messrs. C. W. Fawcett, F. L. Graham, A. B. Copp, R. Trites, H. M. Wood, W. T. Wood, H. A. Ford, A. W. Dixon, W. Turner, T. Murray.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Wood entertained a few friends at supper on Saturday and a jolly evening spent at auction. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Fawcet, Mrs. Biglow, Miss L. Ford, Mr. W. T. Wood, Mr. R. Trites.

Dr. Bigelow visited his old home, Spencer's Island, last week. During his absence Mrs. Biglow was the guest of Mrs. H. M. Wood.

Mrs. John Humphrey gave a very enjoyable thimble party to a number of her friends.

Mrs. H. H. Mackenzie, who has been visiting friends in Halifax the last two weeks, is expected home on Friday.

Mrs. Biglow entertained a few friends at the tea hour last Friday at her apartments at the University residence.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Black, of New Glasgow, are spending a few days with their niece, Mrs. A. W. Bennett.

Miss Greta Ogden entertained the Monday bridge club this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Wheaton, of Upper Sackville, gave a very enjoyable party t otheir lady and gentlemen friends last Thursday evening.

Mrs. Edgar Dixon left last week for Califonia and other parts of the west, where she will spend some months.

Miss Gretchen Allison entertained informally on Wednesday afternoon to two tables of bridge for her guest, Miss Cowie. Miss Cowie won the prize and Mrs. Biglow the booby prize.

Mrs. J. F. Alison and Mrs. F. B. Black returned from Fredericton last Saturday.

Mr. James Smith and Miss Helen Smith left on Tuesday for a six weeks trip to California and the Western States as well.

Mrs. H. M. Wood gave one of her very enjoyable small bridges on Tuesday afternoon when Miss Annie Sprague won the pretty prize. At 6.30 the guests were invited to the dining room where they sat down to a delicious supper. Those present were Mrs. R. C. Read, Mrs. F. B. Black, Miss Tweedie, Amherst; Miss Lenora Tweedie, Mrs. D. Alison, Mrs. Biglow and Miss Sprague.

Mr. Dwight Pickard and Mrs. Charles Pickard visited St. John last week.

The firemen held a very successful carnival in Copp's rink on Monday evening. There was a particularly large number of skaters on the ice, which was in good condition, and the costumes taken as a whole were superior to those seen heretofore. The band provided a choice musical programme. Perhaps the costume that attracted most atention during the evening was the Giraffe, one of the combinations, and the boys who got it up are to be congratulated upon their success.

The young ladies' sewing circle of the Methodist church met Wedensday evening at Mrs. J. M. Palmers. A large number of members were present and a very pleasant evening was spent. Refreshments were served at the close of the evening.

Rev. Mr. Howard visited St. John last week.

Mrs. C. W. Cahill visited her sister in Springhill last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar P. Smith are rejoicing over the arrival of a Canadian born son.

The funeral of the late Mr. John Ford was held Sunday afternoon from his late residence and was largely attended. The deceased is survived by a widow, formerly a Miss Chapman, of Amherst, and by two sons and two daughters, viz., Mr. Horace, of Sackville; Mr. Harry, of Boston; Mrs. J. W. McDonald and Miss Jessie, of Sackville. The brothers are Mr. George E. Ford, Mrs. Alex. Ford. One sister, Mrs. Woodford Turner, of this town, also survives.

Mrs. J. M. Palmer and Miss Vandyne spent Saturday in Amherst.

Mrs. Woodworth has been confined to the house the last ten days with neuraliga of the eye

Mr. W. S. Fisher, of St. John, is in town for a few days.

CHATHAM

Chatham, N. B., Feb. 19—Bishop-elect Henry O'Leary, D.D., of Bathurst, arrived in town yesterday and is a guest of Rt. Rev. Bishop Barry at the palace.

Rev. Father O'Leary has returned from a trip to Ottawa and Montreal.

Miss Annie Synnott has returned home after a two week's visit with friends in Bathurst.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thornton and daughter, Margaret, of Amherst, are in town, the guests of Mrs. Thornton's mother, Mrs. Margaret Gordon.

Miss Elsie Mills, of Halifax, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. R. V. McCabe, of Ferryville, for a few days, returned home on Monday.

Mrs. Gordon H. Loggie is home for a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Fraser.

Miss Fraser was hostess at a most enjoyable valentine party Friday evening, when she entertained seven tables of guests at "Five Hundred." All the decorations were most appropriate to the occasion and elicited many exclamations of delight on the part of the guests. The prize winners for the evening were Miss Dick and Mr. H. E. Danville.

The members of St. John's Ladies' Aid Society were very pleasantly entertained last evening at the home of Mrs. Walter Crosbie. The attendance of members was large.

Miss Jean McLennan, of Campbelltin, who has spent the past month with her cousin, Mrs. John Giggie, of Ferryville, returned home last week. Miss McLennan was accompanied by her cousin, David McDonald.

Mrs. George Foster was hostess at a most enjoyable afternoon tea on Saturday. Mrs. Fraser was assisted in receiving her guests by her sister, Mrs. Mowatt, of St. Andrews, and her daughter, Mrs. Gordon H. Logie.

Mr. M. R. Morrow, of Halifax, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. V. McCabe, Ferryville, over Sunday.

NEWCASTLE

Newcastle, Feb. 19—Mrs. John Russell was hostess at a most enjoyable bridge of five tables at her home last Friday evening. Among those present were Mrs. C. C. Hubbard, Mrs. Jas. O. Fish, Mrs. Osborne Nicholson, Mrs. Howard Williston, Mrs. Robt. Armstrong, Mrs. Don. Grimmer, Mrs. James Stables, Mrs. Gillespie, Mrs. Charles Cargeant, Mrs. Allen Ferguson, Mrs. Robert Nicholson, Mrs. Henry T. Ball (Stanstead, Que.), Mrs. William Stables, and Miss Ritchie, Miss Crocker, Miss Stables, Miss Granley, Miss Williston, Miss Helen Stables.

Miss Edith Burchill left last Friday for Halifax, where she will be the guest of Mrs. W. Deane for some time.

Master Blanchard and Miss Margaret McCurdy are visiting relatives in Halifax.

Mrs. Chester Hayward and son Eldon left last Friday for St. John, where they will visit Miss Jean Clark, for some time.

Miss Mary Falconer left last week for Amherst (N. S.), where she will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. Pearl Jonah.

Miss Alice Burchill, who has been the guest of Mrs. John S. Lewis, of Stellarton (N. S.), for the past month, arrived home last Saturday.

Mrs. Jas. McCurdy, of Clifton (N. S.), who has been visiting in Toronto for some time, arrived in town last Saturday and is the guest of Mrs. E. A. McCurdy.

Mrs. O. Larsen, who received such a bad fall on the ice a couple of weeks ago, is still confined to her bed.

Monday night there was a most successful social given by Mesdames J. D. McAulay, W. H. Bell, and Allingham, of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid, in St. James' hall.

Mrs. Henry T. Bell and daughter, Miss Elizabeth of Stanstead, Quebec, who have been the guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Timothy Crocker, for the past two months, returned home last Monday. Miss Crocker accompanied them and will remain with her sister, Mrs. Ball for some time.

Mrs. Henley and two daughters, of Halifax, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. A. McCurdy, returned to their home Monday morning. Mr. E. A. McCurdy accompanied them.

Mrs. Henry Ingram's many friends are pleased to hear that she is convalescing from her recent illness.

Among those who attended the bonspiel in St. John were: Dr. F. L. Pedolin, Rev. S. J. McArthur, A. E. Shaw, R. Corey Clark, Waldo Crocker, Robert Galloway, Mayor Belyea, Gilmour Stothart, Fred Loche, Pearl Russell, Alex. McKay and Don. Creaghan.

Miss Florence Simpson is the guest of friends in Loggieville this week.

Mrs. Gilmour Stothart's many friends are pleased to learn that she is slowly improving from her recent severe illness, although still confined to her room.

Mrs. Freeman Copp returned today from a pleasant visit with friends in Campbellton and Dalhousie.

Miss Pinkie Ingram returned last Thursday from a pleasant visit of several weeks spent with friends in St. John and Moncton.

Miss Irene Shaw, who has been so seriously ill with appendicitis, at her home in St. John, is slowly recovering. Miss Shaw's many friends in Newcastle are pleased to learn of her convalescence.

Mr. Victor Cousins left last week on a trip to the Canadian West.

Miss Addie Stables is teaching Grade VI in the Academy this week in place of Miss Dunnett, who is ill with grippe.

SHEDIAC

Shediac, N. B., Feb. 20—Mrs. Clarke, of Dorchester (Mass.), arrived in town on Wednesday of this week to spend some days with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. White.

Mrs. A. F. Burt, who has been enjoying a few weeks with friends in Moncton recently returned to her home, Shediac Cape.

Mrs. C. Hickman, of Dorchester, and Mrs. H. Schaffer, of St. John, have been visiting in town guests of Mrs. E. A. Smith.

Miss DeBerger has returned to Moncton after a visit of some days in town at the home of her friend, Miss Evangeline Melanson.

Mrs. Humphrey, who has been enjoying the past wo weeks in town, the guest of Mrs. Geo. Steel, returned on Monday to her home in Sackville.

Mrs. A. J. Tait very pleasantly entertained the ladies of the Methodist Aid on Tuesday afternoon of this week at her home.

Mrs. J. Wortman, Mrs. O. M. Melanson and Mrs. A. J. Webster were recently guests of Mrs. H. S. Bell, of Moncton.

The Misses May and eBatrice Harper entertained a number of their young friends at and after rink supper on Friday evening of last week. After enjoying a couple of hours skating at the rink the young people repaired to Sunny Brae, where supper was served after which dancing and music were indulged in, Mr. Leon Melanson favoring the party with a number of his popular vocal selections. Those present were Miss Elsie Weldon, the Mises Bessie and Mollie Lawton, Miss Alberta Murray, Miss Bessie Wortman, Miss Hilda Tait, Miss Minnie Tait, Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Murray, Messrs. R. S. Murray, Leon Melanson, C. Blair, B. Melling, S. McQueen.

Miss S. Bourque has been visiting in Moncton at the home of her brother, Dr. L. N. Bourque.

Rev. W. R. Campbell, who has been in Shediac for some months past, in company with his wife, left town this week for Tusket (N. S.), where Rev. M. Campbell will have a charge in future. Mrs. Campbell before going to her new home in Tusket, intends spending some time with relatives in St. John.

Mrs. Jardine entertained at bridge on Friday afternoon and evening of last week in honor of Mrs. Hickman, Dorchester, and Mrs. Schaeffer, of St. John, guests of Mrs. E. A. Smith.

The many friends of Mr. Hal Weldon, of this town, for some time past in the Bank of Montreal in Mexico City, have been extremely interested concerning his welfare during the recent Mexican troubles and are pleased to know that, up to date his safety has been assurred.

Miss Bessie Wortman was recently the guest of Moncton friends for a few days.

Miss Eleanor and Master Allan Tait returned to Mt. Allison on Monday from spending the week end at their home in town.

Mrs. Ovid Weldon, of Buctouche, has been spending some days at her old home, Dorchester Road, the guest of her mother, Mrs. G. Mugridge.

Mrs. Puddington and litle child left this week for Collingwood(N. S.), to join Mr. Puddington, who has been occupying a position in that place for some months past.

Judge Russell, who has been confined to his residence for some days past, owing to a heavy cold, is again able to be out.

The death occurred on Tuesday evening of this week at the home of Mr. Alvin Mugridge, of Mr. James McKenzie, formerly of Moncton, but for some months past a resident of Mr. Mugridge's home. Deceased was of an advanced age. The funeral is taking place this afternoon (Thursday), Rev. Geo. Steel conducting the services.

Mrs. Bell, of San Diego, California, is expected in Shediac this week to be the guest of her relatives, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Murray.

Mr. Arthur Bourque, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Bourque, of this town, was recently transferred from his position on the staff of the Bank of Montreal, St. Hycainthe (Que.), to Vancouver, and is now occupying his western position.

Miss Hazel Tait, who has been the guest of friends in Quebec for the past fortnight, is at present visiting friends in Otawa.

Mr. J. Hebert, of Richibucto, was in Shediac this week attending the funeral of his sister, the late Mrs. A. Bourque, whose death from pneumonia occurred at her home, Shediac Tast, on Monday morning of this week, interment taking place in the R. C. Cementery on Wedensday morning.

CAMPBELLTON

Campbellton, Feb. 20—A very pleasont event was the bridge given by Mrs. Geo. G. Glennie last Thursday evening. The prize winners were Mrs. R. Malcolm Hope and Mrs. L. G. Pinault. Those present were Mrs. F. E. Blackhall, Mrs. F. F. Matheson, Mrs. Harry Smith, Mrs. H. F. McLatchey, Mrs. Geo. F. Miles, Mrs. D. A. Stewart, Mrs. R. K. Shives, Mrs. Jas. W. Morton, Mrs. John G. Christie, Mrs. R. Malcolm Hope, Mrs. H. H. Lunam, Mrs. Fairbanks, Mrs. F. W. Napier, Mrs L. G. Pinault, Miss Francis Fish, Miss Isa Cameron and Miss Ruth Cameron.

Miss Maud Appleton was the hostess at a delightful sewing party and valentine tea last Friday afternoon. In the dining room the tea table, which was presided over by Mrs. W. J. Appleton, was very prettily decorated with hearts and cupids. The guests included Mrs. Geo. F. Miles, Mrs. Donald McLean, Miss Gertrude Adams, Miss Sadie Mowat, Miss Isa Cameron, Miss Beatrice Richards, Miss Annie Anderson and Miss Jessie Moore.

Two rinks of Campbellton curlers left on the Limited Monday morning for St. John to take part in the curling bonspeil. The local rinks were: Mr. E. H. Anderson, Mr. Wendell Thompson, Mr. Jas. Miller, Mr. Allan Miller, Mr. Wm. Ferguson, Mr. M. M. Mowat, Mr. Fred Wetmore and Mr. J. A. Theberge.

Mr. S. W. Dimock entertained the firemen at a turkey supper last Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Payne and two children, of Kentville, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Matheson.

Miss Bernice Dickie has returned to her home in Charlo after a pleasant visit with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. John White are receiving the congratulations of their many friends on the arrival of a baby boy recently.

The valentine dance held in the Oddfellows' Hall last Friday evening was well attended and a splendid success. The hall was very nicely decorated with red hearts, crepe paper and Japanese lanterns. The chaperones were Mrs. J. T. Reid, Mrs. W. H. Wallace, Mrs. D. Murray and Mrs. Chas. Alexander. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Graham, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ferguson, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Alexander, Dr. and Mrs. Murray, Dr. and Mrs. Mann, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Reid, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Shirley, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Miles, Mr. and Mrs. John Gilker, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Davison, Mr. and Mrs. E. Sullivan, Miss Irene Murray, Miss Eva Wilson, Miss Greta Adams, Miss Sadie Mowat, Miss Emma Mowat, Miss Isa Cameron, Miss Lucy Nelson, Miss Annie Anderson, Miss Grace Burgess, Miss Helen Davison, Miss Flora Goss, Miss Francis Fish, Miss Ruth Cameron, Miss Bertha Ferguson, Miss Jennie Sheals, Miss Estelle McKenzie, Miss Hattie Millican, Miss Robena Miller, Miss Mary Graham, Miss Muriel Mowat, Miss Vanwart, Miss Bessie Redden, Miss Jean Henderson, Miss Jean McLennan, Miss Mona McLennan, Miss Tessie Lingley, Miss Annette Theberge, Mr. Charles Burgess, Mr. Wm. Ferguson, Mr. Cecil Messereau, Mr. Harry Ferguson, Mr. F. F. Matheson, Mr. S. Moores, Mr. Clifford Shirley, Mr. Jack Lutz, Mr. Dodge, Mr. O. Mowat, Mr. Wendell Thompson, Mr. A. Mitchell, Mr. Hugh Carr, Mr. Fred Carr, Mr. R. Fraser, Mr. Fred Mowat, Mr. Olden Mowat, Mr. Davison, Mr. A. Allison, Mr. Vans McDonald, Mr. R. Bambrick, Mr. Ross Malcolm, Mr. B. Malcolm, Mr. Roy O'Brien, Mr. Herbert Jellet, Mr. A. K. Shives, Mr. George Wallace, Mr. Gordon Wallace, Mr. R. J. McColl, Mr. Kenneth Wingate, Mr. Harry Miller, Mr. Allan Milles.

Mr. and Mrs. James Pritchard and children are in town, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Shives.

Miss B. A. Alchorn, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Sargeant, returned to her home in St. John last week.

Miss Dean Vanwart, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Collins, returned to her home in St. John Monday morning.

Miss Margaret Hennessy spent last Sunday in Dalhousie, the guest of Miss Lena Harquail.

Rev. Thos. Roy and Mrs. Roy are guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Evans.

Mrs. F E. Dennison, of Moncton, is in town, the guest of her father, Mr. David Richards.

Miss Clara Adams left this morning to visit friends in Charlo.

Miss Malre Caine has returned to Moncton after a visit with friends here.

The formal opening and dedication of the Campbellton Baptist church took place last Sunday. The first service was held at 10.30 when the two magnificent memorial windows presented in the first case by the children of the late Mrs. David Richards in her memory and presented in the second case by the children of the late Deacon J. E. Miller to his memory were unveiled. The prayer of dedication was offered by Rev. B. H. Thomas and the dedication sermon was delivered by Rev. P. J. Stackhouse, of Amherst. The afternoon service opened at 2.30 led by the Rev. T. S. Roy, of Digby (N. S.) The platform meeting consisted of addresses by Revs. B. H. Thomas and G. A. Lawson. Cordial greetings were extended by Rev. T. P. Drumm, of St. Tndrew's Presbyterian church. The evening service was held at 7 and the sermon was delivered by the Rev. G. A. Lawson, of Moncton. The combined offerings of the day in cash and pledges amounted to $2,613.69.

DORCHESTER

Dorchester, N. B., Feb. 19—Mrs. Fred Foster, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Pipes, has returned to her home in Rothesay.

Miss Muriel Thomas has returned from Amherst where she has been the guest of Miss Maud Reid.

Miss Mina Palmer, who has been visiting relatives in Sackville, has returned home.

Rev. Canon Robinson was in Annapolis (N. S.), last week, having been summoned there by the death of his uncle.

Mr. Philip Palmer left on Saturday for the west, after spending some time here with his mother, Mrs. J. A. Palmer.

Miss Donnelly, of New York, who is here visiting her brother, T. D. Donnelly, had the misfortune to fall while skating last Wednesday evening and had her arm broken.

A number of young people from Sackville drove over last Wednesday evening to attend the Sackville Citizen's Band's skating party, held in the rink here, and were very enjoyably entertained after rink by Mr. and Mrs. Giillespie.

Mrs. H. H. Schaffer, who has been visiting Mrs. C. S. Hickman, has returned to her home in Rothesay.

Mr. Will McQueen, of Mount Allison, Sackville, spent Sunday at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Palmer and Miss Jennie Palmer arrived home on Saturday from Boston, where they have been for the past two months.

Miss Dysart, of Middleton, spent Sunday in town, the guest of friends.

Miss Alice Hickman was in Moncton last week.

Mr. A. A. Chapman, who spent a few days in town this week, has returned to Cape Breton.

Miss Josephine Oulton spent the week-end in Sackville.

Mrs. J. H. Hickman entertained a few friends very pleasantly at bridge last Wednesday afternoon. Those present were Mrs. C. S. Hickman, Mrs. H. H. Schaffer, Rothesay; Mrs. A. B. Tait, Mrs. E. J. De Blois, Mrs. G. E. Mahon, Miss Donnelly, New York.

Miss Gardy Tingley spent Saturday in Sackville.

A skating party numbering about 30 young people from Moncton attended the rink here on Thursday evening. The band rendered a delightful programme of music, which was greatly appreciated. The party returned to Moncton on No. 9 Friday morning.

Miss S. K. Kelly, who has been visiting in town the guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Friel, returned to her home in St. John on Saturday.

Mrs. A. B. Pipes entertained a few people very pleasantly on Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock tea. Those invited were: Misses Mabel McDonald, Nina Tait, Josephine Oulton, Carmelita Richard, Muriel Chapman, Messrs. William Tait, Everett Oulton, Harrison Thomas, Cyril Chapman, Herbert Palmer.

ST. GEORGE

St. George, Feb. 20—Mrs. Joseph Clarke left on Thursday afternoon for St. John to visit her niece, Miss Jean Clark.

Arthur Murray left last week for Fredericton to take a position as telegraph operator in the house of assembly.

Miss Julia Murray, while attending he hockey match on the rink Wednesday evening, received a wound on her nose from one of the sticks.

Mrs. James McLean is visiting in Calais.

Mrs. James Chase entertained the Thimble Club on Tuesday evening last.

Rev. E. and Mrs. Buchanan, Second Falls, spent Thursday in town.

Miss Boyce-Goss entertained a party of friends on Friday evening.

In the Baptist church on Sunday evening just before the opening of service as the chandelier was pulled down to adjust one of the lights, the spring gave way, all the lamps but one falling out. Two caught fire, but were soon extinguished. There was very little excitement and the services went on as usual.

FREDERICTON

Fredericton, Feb. 19—On Thursday evening Mrs. J. W. McCready was hostess at a bridge of nine tables, when Mrs. W. C. Crocket and Mrs. R. M. Campbell were the prize winners. Those present included Mrs. F. B. Edgecombe, Mrs. W. H. Steeves, Mrs. C. W. Hall, Mrs. R. M. Campbell, Mrs. J. C. Allen, Mrs. R. B. Hanson, Mrs. Herbert D. Hanson, Mrs. Daily (Sussex), Mrs. B. C. Foster, Mrs. G. W. Scott, Mrs. Mersereau, Mrs. G. Stewart Neil, Miss Edna Logan, Mrs. Sherman, Miss Cunningham, Mrs. A. T. McMurray, Mrs. Harold McMurray, Mrs. R. W. McLellan, Mrs. W. A. McLellan, Mrs. C. Fred. Chestnut, Mrs. G. Clowes Vanwart, Miss Jeannette Beverly, Mrs. H. H. McNally, Mrs. W. C. Crocket, Mrs. Wesley Vanwart, Mrs. Holyoke (Woodstock), Mrs. J. Hugh Calder, Mrs. H. G. Chestnut, Mrs. A. M. Gibson, Mrs. F. L. Cooper, Mrs. Thos. Fowler, Mrs. Luke Morrison, Mrs. W. S. Thomas, Mrs. Pearson, Mrs. Price.

Mrs. Landry, wife of Hon. Dr. Landry, commissioner for agriculture, arrived from Buctouche last evening and is here for the session.

Mrs. Thos. Bullock, of St. John, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Henry Chestnut.

Mrs. Bebbington, Sr., received a cable from England today, informing her of the death of her mother, Mrs. Bowcle, at Wethersfield, Essex, on Feb. 17.

Miss Valerie Steeves was hostess of the Monday Club this week with a few other friends, of five tables, when Miss Mattie McLauchlan was the winner of the club prize and Mrs. W. S. Thomas took the guest prize.

Miss Palmer entertained informally at the tea hour on Saturday for Miss Tait, of Sackville.

Mrs. F. S. Hilyard and daughter, Miss Hilyard, have taken apartments at Grape Cottage and will be at home to their friends on Friday afternoons.

Mrs. W. A. McLellan entertained at an old-fashioned tea on Tuesday evening, when covers were laid for twelve, in honor of Miss Tait, of Sackville.

Mrs. R. D. Hanson was on Monday evening hostess at a bridge of six tables. The prize winners were Mrs. Harold McMurray, Mrs. Pearson, of Sussex, Mrs. Mersereau getting the consolation prize. Mrs. Hanson is also entertaining a house party consisting of Mrs. G. N. Pearson and Mrs. Daily of Sussex and Mrs. Shearer of Fredericton Junction.

An interesting ceremony was performed today at Christ church Cathedral, when the infant son of Prof. and Mrs. John Stevens was baptized by Very Rev. Dean Schofield, taking the name of Thomas Ketchum Crethe. Mrs. Ketchum and Prof. Gordon, of U. N. B., were sponsors for the child.

The Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Wood will entertain at a double dinner this evening, when covers will be laid for thirty-six. The guests will include Dr. and Mrs. T. Carleton Allen, the Dean and Mrs. Schofield, Rev. and Mrs. Neil MacLauchlan, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Harrison, Dr. and Mrs. H. V. B. Bridges, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Osborne, Mrs. H. G. C. Ketchum, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Stopford, Dr. O. E. Moorehouse, M. P. P., Major F. B. Black, A. D. C., Mr. P. G. Mahoney, M. P. P., and Mrs. Mahoney, Miss Mahoney, Dr. O. B. Price, M. P. P., and Mrs. Price, Mr. P. Grannan, M. P. P., and Mrs. Grannan, Mr. A. J. H. Stewart, M. P. P., Colonel John Sheridan, M. P. P., Mr. W. B. Dickson, M. P. P., and Mrs. Dickson, Mr. J. L. Stewart, M. P. P., Miss Tait, Miss de Soyres, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. B. McLellan, Miss Palmer, Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Jones.

The Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Wood held their second reception on Wednesday afternoon, when about 150 ladies and gentlemen called. His honor's staff, Major Hamilton-Grey, A. D. C., and Mrs. W. E. Cruikshank, P. S., were in attendance. Miss Tait, of Shediac, and Miss de Soyres, of St. John, assisted Mrs. Wood in receiving. In the tea room Mrs. H. F. McLeod and Miss Weddall poured, while Miss Stella Sherman, Miss Grace Winslow and Miss Campbell, of Apohaqui, assisted.

Mrs. Landry, wife of Hon. Dr. Landry, Mrs. Dickson, of Albert; Mrs. Price and Mrs. Prescott, received their friends at the Barker House this afternoon.

Mrs. Stewart entertained at dinner last evening, when covers were laid for six, in honor of Mrs. L. W. Johnston.

Miss Campbell, of Apohaqui, is the guest of Miss Winslow.

Mrs. Ketchum gave a small tea on Monday in honor of Miss Tait, of Shediac.

Mr. Donald Davidson, manager of the Royal Bank at Alberta, will leave on March 5 for a trip to Fredericton and on his return will be accompanied by his bride, who is one of Fredericton's popular and clever young ladies.

Miss Hazel Winter and Miss Daisy Harrison were chosen as delegates to represent the institute at the local council of women's conference at St. John on March 2, at yesterday's closing session of the convention, which has lately been held here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Holyoke, of Woodstock, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Taylor.

Miss M. V. Powell, of Ontario; Mrs. Roberts, of Blissville; Mrs. H. H. Smith, of Hoyt Station; Miss A. Smith and Mrs. M. H. Smith are guests at Windsor Hall, having come to attend the Women's Institute.

The Ministering Circle of the King's Daughters were at home today at the residence of Senator Thompson, when a large number of invited guests were present. The guests were received by Mrs. Lee Babbitt, Mrs. J. W. Scott, Mrs. Barbour and Miss Alice Perley. Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Wood were among the guests. In the tea room Mrs. C. C. Jones and the Countess of Ashburnham presided over a prettily appointed table, while a number of young ladies served the guests. Miss Thompson, Miss Dolan, Miss Edgecombe, and Mrs. W. A. McLellan each sang very sweetly.

Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 20—In the Supreme court this morning the case of Ryder vs. the St. John Railway Company was taken up. It will occupy all day. F. R. Taylor moved that the verdict be set aside and a verdict entered for the defendant. Daniel Mullin, K. C., is opposing the motion.

The body of Louis Lavine, a junk dealer, who died last evening, was taken to St. John this morning for burial. He was a Russian Hebrew, and had been living here for about fifteen years.

A meeting of the provincial magistrates is being held today. They are anxious that some provision be made in the act to provide them with offices at the public expense.

Fredericton, Feb. 22—The contract for the construction of the spur line to Marysville in connection with the Gibson and Minto railways has been awarded to A. E. Trites & Son. Construction work will commence in March. The sub-contract for the concrete work has been awarded to G. Fred Baird, of this city. Mr. Baird has just completed the concrete work on the Noonan Brook bridge on the Gibson & Minto Railway.

The Little River bridge is the only one on the Gibson & Minto line for which the concrete work is not now completed. D. C. Burpee & Son, who have the contract for that work, recently completed the substructure for the bridge across the mouth of the Nashwaak River.

The congregation of the Brunswick street United Baptist church Friday evening passed a resolution accepting with regret the resignation of their pastor, Rev. Dr. J. H. MacDonald, who has accepted a call to the McPhail Memorial church, Ottawa, and decided to present Rev. Dr. MacDonald with a parting gift of $500.

DON'T SCOLD BABY FOR BEING CROSS

Mothers, don't scold your little ones for being cross. A baby's nature is to be happy and if he is cross it is not his fault—crossness shows that he is unwell and needs a good medicine to bring him back to the healthy, happy state again. Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine a mother can give her litle ones to keep them happy and well. There is a smile in every dose. They cure constipation, indigestion, expel worms, break up colds and make teething easy. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

BORDER TOWNS

St. Stephen, Feb. 19—Mrs. John M. Flewelling entertained with bridge at her home on Saturday evening.

Mrs. Augustus Cameron was hostess to the Neighborhood Club on Monday afternoon.

Miss Pearle Murchie gave a most delightful tea on Monday evening at her pretty home, entertaining her young lady friends of the popular Wa-Wa Club. It being Miss Murchie's birthday, she was presented with a pretty watch charm, as a souvenir of the occasion.

A most delightful luncheon was given on St. Valentine's Day at high noon by Mrs. Arthur D. Ganong in honor of her guest, Mrs. Ambrose E. Vessey, of St. John. Covers were laid for twelve guests, and the table decorations were American Beauty roses. At the plate of each guest were placed crimson hearts with appropriate mottos, and a crimson basket filled with heart-shaped bon-bons in red and white, souvenirs of the occasion. After the luncheon, bridge was enjoyed, and the prize won by Mrs. Robinson Bosworth, of Calais. The guests were Mrs. Vessey, Mrs. Wells Fraser, Mrs. Bosworth, Mrs. Horace Trimble, Mrs. Frank Murchie, Mrs. Frank Lane, Mrs. Harold Purves, Mrs. B. G. Curran, Misses Louise Purves, Emma McCullough and Miriam Eaton.

The Antiquarian party given by Mrs. Frederick Douglas last Thursday evening at her pretty home, was one of the most enjoyed of the many delightful winter entertainments. The guests were attired in costumes of by-gone days and fashions, and nearly all of rich material and quaint designs. Mrs. Douglas wore her wedding gown of white satin, of a style of seventeen years ago, a rich, handsome dress and still most becoming to the wearer. The evening's amusement consisted of old-fashioned games. A spelling match, which made great fun and meriment, and a guessing contest, which was won by Mrs. J. W. Richardson, who received first prize, the second prize was awarded to Mrs. Hill M. Grimmer. Music and dancing filled the latter part of the evening, and at 12 o'clock a splendid supper was served. The party was one of great pleasure to all who were Mrs. Douglas' guests, and many pleasant comments are made upon her happy way of entertaining.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Sinclair, who recently returned from several weeks' trip in the northwestern provinces, were in town for a brief visit to relatives, when en route to their home in Houlton (Me.)

Miss Verna Brown, of Fredericton, is the guest this week of her grandmother, Mrs. P. M. Abbot.

Miss Florence Boardman gave a very pleasant thimble party at her home on Tuesday night, which was much enjoyed by the ladies who were her guests.

Mrs. A. E. Vessey left on Saturday evening for St. John, after a pleasant visit of two weeks, the guest of Mrs. Arthur D. Ganong.

Mrs. E. E. Bates, of Houlton (Me.), has been spending a few days with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Deinstadt.

Mr. W. L. Algar has gone to Portland (Me.), on a business trip. He will also visit his sister, Miss Mabel Algar, at Rutland (Mass.), before he returns.

Hon. George A. Murchie and Mrs. Murchie have returned from a visit in St. John.

Mrs. J. D. Lawson has gone to Montreal to visit her sisters, Mrs. W. H. Torrance and Mrs. Edwin G. Vroom.

Much sympathy is expressed for Mrs. Charles Cooke, who had the misfortune to fall on the sidewalk in Calais and fractured her hip. Mrs. Cooke is now at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William Andrews Mills, to remain during her illness.

Miss Alma Fitzmaurice left on Saturday evening for St. John to visit relatives before going to Boston and New York cities to spend a few weeks.

Miss Lilla McKinnon, of Lynn (Mass.), is visiting Calais relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. McInnich and their grandson, Ralph Rose, have returned to their home in Woodstock, after a pleasant visit in Calais with Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Rose.

Misses Bessie and Louise MacMonagle are enjoying southern life at Altamonte Spring, Florida.

Miss Agnes Algar, of St. Andrews, is the guest this week of Mrs. John E. Algar.

Ven. Archdeacon Newnham, of Christ Church, was at Elmsville this week attending a meeting of the Deanery of St. Andrews.

Miss Harriett Hill made a brief visit to Fredericton this week.

MONCTON

Moncton, Feb. 20—Mrs. John R. Gillespie, of New York, is the guest of friends in the city.

Miss Etta McCormick has returned to her home in St. John after spending a few days with relatives in the city.

A very pretty wedding took place at high noon on Thursday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel West, when their daughter, Miss Winnifred, was united in marriage with Rev. F. P. Dennison. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. A. Lawson, pastor of the First Baptist church, assisted by Rev. Mr. Cochrane, pastor of the Highfield street Baptist church. As the bridal party entered the drawing room Miss Ada West, a sister of the bride, rendered the wedding march. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a traveling costume of brown broadcloth with mink furs and brown hat. At the conclusion of the ceremony luncheon was served, the dining room being prettily decorated in pink and green. The bride received many beautiful gifts, among them being a pearl brooch from the Sunshine Society of the First Baptist church. The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome pearl necklace. Mr. and Mrs. Denison left on the C. P. R. for Boston, where the honeymoon will be spent.

Mrs. Lane, wife of Rev. W. G. Lane, who has been so seriously ill for several weeks, is now able to ... her friends are pleased ... danger is passed.

Miss Lena Elliott, of ... early part of the wee... guest of her aunt, Mrs. ...

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Miss DeBerger is spe... in Shediac, the guest o... Melanson.

Mrs. J. McD. Cooke h... Shediac, where she was ... and Mrs. A. J. Webster.

Miss Blanche Keith h... castle to spend a week ... Mrs. William Stothart.

Miss Atkinson is spend... Campbellton, the guest ... Ward.

Miss Ella Hunter, wh... guest of friends in the c... to her home at Amherst.

Mrs. S. W. Burgess h... Amherst, where she was ... aunt, Mrs. George Hews...

Mrs. E. E. MacManus, ... spent Saturday with frie...

Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Tay... the week in Petitcodiac, ... and Mrs. C. C. Goggin.

Mrs. B. E. Gogg, who ... friends in the city, has ... home at Petitcodiac.

Miss Minnie Brickley ... Crocker, of Harcourt, spe... with friends in the city.

Miss Patterson, teach... science at the Laides' C... spent the week-end in th... of Miss Swanson.

Mrs. George Low has ... to spend a few weeks wi...

Mrs. A. F. Burt, who ... ing several weeks in the c... has returned to her home...

Miss Eunice Welch en... friends at bridge on Mon...

Mr. E. W. Givan is sp... at Toronto.

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Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fi... ing a few days with relat...

The valentine tea given ... by the Ladies' Aid of St... terian church at the home ... McKenzie, was well atte... to be a decided success. ... Odrum and Mrs. McKen... guests. Tea was served ... Girvan and Mrs. E. L. D... sisted by several dalies. ... very daintily decorated ... crimson, the tea table h... ance of crimson carnation... hearts.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene ... receiving congratulations ... of a young daughter at t...

Miss Marion Smith, of ... the week-end in the city, ... uncle, Judge Borden.

Miss Davis, of Sussex, i... days in the city, the guest ... Ira Davis.

Mrs. G. M. Campbell, of ... the week-end with Mrs. O...

Miss Mollie Carter, of St... is the guest of Miss Grace...

Mrs. A. J. Webster, Mr... man and Mrs. O. M. Mela... spent Friday in the city ... Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Bell.

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Miss Dora Norton has ... visit with friends in Sa...

Capt. C. C. Edgett left ... on a trip to the Pacific ... will spend some time wi... W. H. Edgett, who is livi... Mrs. Edgett accompanied ... far as Ottawa, where she ... of friends for a few week...

Moncton, Feb. 21—Follo... address by Dr. Kierstead ... Club will hold a meeting ... exhaustive debate on the...

The legislature may b... vide for compulsory atte... of all boys and girls in ... the ages of six and fou... lation would be similar to ... St. John, Fredericton, ... Chatham.

Dr. R. L. Botsford, c... board of health, who is ... in measures to prevent t... berculosis, will go to Ne... Dr. Friedmann, the fam... claims to have discovere... disease.

There is great activity ... near Moncton in hauli... wood. Every available ...

The Knights of Pythias ... last night and heard an ... Palmer, grand chancellor...

The police report that ... eleven o'clock fire was se... the Victoria building, cor... Robinson streets. It was... ed. It was found that ... been saturated with oil.

A big shipment of sil... arrived in Moncton toda... is attracting attention. ... shipped by the Coniages... of St. Catharines, Ont., ... Goldsmidd, of London.

It is understood that a... ing of the M. P. H. A... submit a proposition t... transacted this season b... A. be referred to Emmet... of the N. H. A. for his ...

Andy Kyle, point pla... torias, who received an o... Ottawa for the remainde... did not secure his rel... ton and therefore will n... this season. He is to r... 25 at Mobile, Ala. to be ... baseball playing with the ... but it is thought he will ... sion of time to enable h... series with the Victorias...

HAMPTO...

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MONCTON

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Mrs. Lane, wife of Rev. W. G. Lane, ho has been so seriously ill for several

weeks, is now able to be about again and her friends are pleased to know that all danger is passed.

Miss Lena Elliott, of Shediac, spent the early part of the week in the city the guest of her aunt, Mrs. J. H. Chapman.

Miss Roberta Wisely has returned to her home in St. John after a pleasant visit with friends in the city.

Mrs. M. Buck and little daughter, of Dorchester, are the guests of friends in the city.

Rev. Canon Sisam has returned from Dorchester, where he was attending a meeting of the deanery.

Miss DeBerger is spending a few days in Shediac, the guest of Miss Evangeline Melanson.

Mrs. J. McD. Cooke has returned from Shediac, where she was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Webster.

Miss Blanche Keith has gone to Newcastle to spend a week with her aunt, Mrs. William Stothart.

Miss Atkinson is spending a few days in Campbellton, the guest of Miss Mary Ward.

Miss Ella Hunter, who has been the guest of friends in the city, has returned to her home at Amherst.

Mrs. S. W. Burgess has returned from Amherst, where she was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. George Hewson.

Mrs. E. E. MacManus, of Memramcook, spent Saturday with friends in the city.

Dr. and Mrs. F. A. Taylor spent part of the week in Petitcodiac, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Goggin.

Mrs. B. E. Gogg, who has been visiting friends in the city, has returned to her home at Petitcodiac.

Miss Minnie Brickley and Miss Louise Crocker, of Harcourt, spent the week-end with friends in the city.

Miss Patterson, teacher of domestic science at the Laides' College, Sackville, spent the week-end in the city, the guest of Miss Swanson.

Mrs. George Low has gone to Halifax to spend a few weeks with relatives.

Mrs. A. F. Burt, who has been spending several weeks in the city with friends, has returned to her home at Shediac.

Miss Eunice Welch entertained a few friends at bridge on Monday evening.

Mr. E. W. Givan is spending the week at Toronto.

Mrs. R. A. Steeves and Miss Steeves are spending a few days with friends in Toronto.

Mrs. James McLaren has gone to Portland (Ore.), to spend several months with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fillmore are spending a few days with relatives at Albert.

The valentine tea given Friday afternoon by the Ladies' Aid of St. John's Presbyterian church at the home of Mrs. William McKenzie, was well attended and proved to be a decided success. Mrs. D. MacOdrum and Mrs. McKenzie received the guests. Tea was served by Mrs. E. W. Girvan and Mrs. E. L. Day, who were assisted by several dalies. The rooms were very daintily decorated with white and crimson, the tea table having an abundance of crimson carnations and pretty red hearts.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene McSweeney are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a young daughter at their home.

Miss Marion Smith, of Sackville, spent the week-end in the city, the guest of her uncle, Judge Borden.

Miss Davis, of Sussex, is spending a few days in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Davis.

Mrs. G. M. Campbell, of Sackville, spent the week-end with Mrs. O. J. McCully.

Miss Mollie Carter, of St. John's (Nfld.), is the guest of Miss Grace Warman.

Mrs. A. J. Webster, Mrs. J. W. Wortman and Mrs. O. M. Melanson, of Shediac, spent Friday in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Bell.

Mrs. P. Gallagher is spending the week with friends at Montreal.

Mrs. William Glendinning, who has been the guest of relatives in the city, has returned to her home at Campbellton.

Miss Evelyn Doherty, of Memramcook, is spending a week with Miss Margaret Gallagher.

Miss Burnett, of Dorchester, is spending a few days in the city, the guest of Miss Blanche O'Brien.

On Saturday evening a number of the young friends of Miss Hazel Scott met at her home and enjoyed a very pleasant time with music and games. Miss Scott is leaving shortly with her parents to make her home in Lewiston (Me.), and the gathering was a farewell party. During the evening Miss Scott was presented with a very pretty watch bracelet. Among the guests were the Misses Alice Gross, Loretta Black, Nellie Godsoe, Trix Gordon, Greta Capson, Ruth Wran, Annie McNevin, Myrtle McClure, Dorothy Ferguson, Eleanor Hanselpacker, Audrey Winter, Mildred Newcombe, Bessie Weldon and Reba Bailey.

Miss Dora Norton has returned from a visit with friends in Sackville.

Capt. C. C. Edgett left on Wednesday on a trip to the Pacific coast where he will spend some time with his son, Mr. W. H. Edgett, who is living in Vancouver. Mrs. Edgett accompanied her husband as far as Ottawa, where she will be the guest of friends for a few weeks.

Moncton, Feb. 21—Following the recent address by Dr. Kierstead, the Canadian Club will hold a meeting tonight for an exhaustive debate on the land tax.

The legislature may be asked to provide for compulsory attendance at school of all boys and girls in Moncton between the ages of six and fourteen. The legislation would be similar to that enjoyed by St John, Fredericton, Newcastle and Chatham.

Dr. R. L. Botsford, chairman of the board of health, who is deeply interested in measures to prevent the ravages of tuberculosis, will go to New York to meet Dr. Friedmann, the famous German who claims to have discovered a cure for the disease.

There is great activity this week in and near Moncton in hauling lumber and wood. Every available team is engaged.

The Knights of Pythias held an at home last night and heard an address by G. N. Palmer, grand chancellor.

The police report that last night about eleven o'clock fire was seen at the rear of the Victoria building, corner of Main and Robinson streets. It was soon extinguished. It was found that the building had been saturated with oil.

A big shipment of silver bricks which arrived in Moncton today from Montreal is attracting attention. There are 207, shipped by the Coniages Reduction Co., of St. Catharines, Ont., to Mocatta & Goldsmidd, of London.

It is understood that at the next meeting of the M. P. H. A. Moncton will submit a proposition that all business transacted this season by the M. P. H. A. be referred to Emmet Quinn, president of the N. H. A. for his consideration.

Andy Kyle, point player of the Victorias, who received an offer of $400 from Ottawa for the remainder of the season did not secure his release from Moncton and therefore will not go to Ottawa this season. He is to report about Feb. 25 at Mobile, Ala. to begin the season's baseball playing with the Cincinnati Reds, but it is thought he will secure an extension of time to enable him to finish the series with the Victorias.

HAMPTON

Hampton, N. B., Feb. 20—Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Flewwelling and Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Flewwelling are in the United States seeking expert medical aid, the former in Philadelphia and the latter in Boston.

Mr. Edwin J. Peters, of Elmhurst, went to Montreal on Monday, accompanied by Dr. Burnett, to consult specialists in regard to his physical condition, with a view to a possible operation.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Titus, of Central Norton, are mourning the loss of their youngest child, Dorothy, 15 months old, who died on Monday from convulsions, and was buried this afternoon.

The whole family of Mr. and Mrs. Brewster, Hampton Station, eight in number, who have been down with measles, are now convalescing. Satisfactory conditions are also reported in other families where this disease has prevailed.

Mrs. E. G. Evans has been and is yet closely confined under medical treatment from a serious attack of blood poisoning. Happily conditions are improving and a rapid recovery is looked for.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Baird returned to their home, Hampton Station, early this week, having spent a pleasant visit to Boston and other places. Miss Jean Langstroth, of Sussex, was the guest of Miss Hazel Baird during her parents absence.

Mrs. Wililam Langstroth, of the Wayside Inn, went to Sackville on Tuesday to visit her friend, Mrs. Charles Pickard.

The Maritime Provinces Dairy Association held a meeting in Methodist Hall on Saturday afternoon and evening, business of an executive nature being transacted. Among those present were J. F. Roach, Sussex; R. J. Huggard, Norton; E. Allan, Schofield, Hampton; Hedley V. Dickson, M. P. P., Jubilee; A. E. Floyd, Titusville; J. E. McAulay, Apohaqui, and many others.

HAMPTON VILLAGE

Hampton Village, Feb. 20—Mr. and Mrs. Gabriel Worden, of Evandale; Mr. Hiram Worden, of Calgary, and Mr. G. N. Golding, of Wickham, were guests on Saturday of Mr. and Mrs. A. Mabee.

Mr. A. Colwell, who has been looking over several farms in this vicinity with a view to purchasing, has bought the place in Bloomfield recently owned by Mr. John McVey. Mr. Colwell has gone to his home in Boston and will return with his family about the last of March. Mr. McVey expects to make his home at Norton Station.

The many friends of Mrs. Joseph Barnes will be sorry to hear that she has been suffering from an attack of pneumonia. She is now improving, and it is hoped will be about again in a short time.

Miss Madeline Flewwelling entertained a number of her friends at a valentine party on Friday evening last.

Miss Jennie Barnes, of Barnesville, is the guest this week of Mrs. William Robertson.

Miss Florrie Cobman, of Boston, is paying a visit to her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter, of Cambridge, Queens county, were guests on Friday of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Fairweather. On Saturday, Mr. and Mrs. Fairweather drove with them to Cambridge, returning on Sunday evening.

WOODSTOCK

Woodstock, Feb. 19—Donald Munro, M. P. P., is attending the legislature at Fredericton.

Dr. E. N. Case and Mrs. Case, of Chicago, were guests of Dr. Weston McLean and Mrs. McLean last week.

Mrs. Ernest Milton, of Andover (Mass.) is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jones, of Drysdale.

Mrs. I. N. W. Baker is visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. F. Currier, in New York.

Col. William C. Good was one of Gov. Wood's military staff at the opening of the legislature on Thursday.

A. B. Connell, K. C., spent part of last week in Fredericton.

Mrs. Willard L. Carr spent part of last week with friends in Hartland.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard E. Burtt arrived home on Friday, after a visit with their daughter, Mrs. John LePage, at St. Boniface, Manitoba.

Dr. W. D. Rankin returned on Saturday after a trip to Boston.

Mr. Clarke, of the staff of the Bank of New Brunswick at East Florenceville, has been transferred to the Woodstock branch of the Bank of Nova Scotia.

Mrs. A. D. Holyoke is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George Taylor at Fredericton.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Currie spent last week in Fredericton, guests at the Barker House.

Mrs. Horace Lockwood is making a visit in New York.

Miss M. A. Jewett, of Houlton, is the guest of Mrs. Stephen B. Appleby.

Miss Mary D. Clarke was the guest of Mrs. T. J. Carter at Andover last week.

Mrs. Tappan Adney is spending a few days in Boston.

PETITCODIAC

Petitcodiac, N. B., Feb. 20—Mr. H. B. Turnbull, of "Ferryville," Chatham, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Charles S. Munro.

Mrs. W. B. Fawcett is visiting friends in Moncton.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee B. Stockton, Miss Eva Stockton and Miss Bessie Turnbull attended the hockey match in Moncton on Tuesday evening.

Rev. Thomas Marshall, Charlottetown (P. E. I.), was in town last week, guest of Dr. and Mrs. N. Ayer.

Quite a number from town attended the dance in Havelock on Monday evening, given by the Woodbine Club.

Mrs. Addison, wife of the pastor of the United Baptist church here, was surprised by a number of her friends on her birthday Tuesday and was presented with a handsome set of china.

Mrs. Sterling L. Stockton spent Thursday in Sussex with friends.

The many friends of Arthur Bourns, who was injured in Boston, will be glad to hear favorable reports. His father, Mr. A. H. Bourns, who was called there on account of the accident, is still with him.

Quite a number from town attended the dance given by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gordon, Glenvale, on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Wm. Bleakney spent part of last week in Salisbury, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Wilson.

Miss Bessie Turnbull has returned from a pleasant visit with relatives in Chatham.

Miss Kathleen Jones has returned from St. John, where she has been Miss Annie Hatfield's guest for the past week.

Mrs. Robert Wilmot is visiting relatives and friends in Boston.

Miss Annie Mitton left last week for Winnipeg, where she will be the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. B. Ellis, for a few months.

Mrs. Wilmot, sr., entertained the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church on Tuesday.

Mrs. Stanley C. Goggin has returned from a pleasant visit with friends in Moncton.

BATHURST

Bathurst, N. B., Feb. 20—Misses Ella and Marion Hinton have returned from a visit to friends in Chatham.

Mrs. P. J. Burns, who has been spending some weeks with her daughter, Mrs. C. P. Hickey, in Chatham, has returned.

Miss Lea Landry returned last week from a visit to friends in Dorchester.

Mrs. Arthur Levesque, who was a guest of Mrs. J. N. Michaud, returned during the week to her home in St. Flavie (P. Q.)

Miss Lou Abbott, who was visiting friends in Chatham, is again at home.

Mr. Cleo Melanson, of the Royal Bank staff, was last week transferred to the branch at Newcastle.

Mrs. Edward Fitzpatrick has returned to her home in Caraquet, after making a visit to her parents here.

Mr. Roy McInerney, of Rexton, has come to fill a vacancy on the staff of the Royal Bank.

Mr. Stewart Ellis went last week to Moncton, where he has a position on the I. C. R. staff.

Miss Addie McKendy, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. B. C. Mullins, has returned to her home in Douglastown.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. McKay spent several days in St. John last week.

Mrs. J. B. Hachey is visiting friends in Chatham and Fredericton.

Mrs. A. McLean, of Montreal, was a guest of Mrs. E. P. McKay last week.

Mr. R. McInerney was called to his home in Rexton last week by the death of his sister.

Miss M. DeWolfe, of Nordin, visited her uncle, Mr. P. J. DeWolfe, here recently.

Messrs. F. Heckbert tnd Douglas Williamson made a short visit to St. John during the week.

Misses Shirley entertained a number of their friends very enjoyably on Monday evening at a small dancing party at which cards and music were also agreeable features. The invited guests were: Mr. and Mrs. O. Fenwick, Mr. and Mrs. P. Leger, Mr. and Mrs. L. Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Williamson, Misses Hubert, Miss Synott, Miss Sullivan, Miss Williamson, Miss Branch, Misses Miller, Miss Marion Miller, Miss Allie Connors, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ellis, Miss Goodwin, Messrs. G. Schryer, D. J. Barrett (St. John), H. Crofoot, A. McIntosh, Frank Gatain, Fred Gatain, R. Smith, W. Payne, A. B. Baird, G. Allison.

Miss Synott, of Chatham, who has been visiting Mrs. P. Leger, returned to her home in Chatham during the week.

The death occurred on Saturday of Mr. Edward McTomney after an illness of some months, at the home of his brother, Mrs. John McTomney. Mr. McTomney, who was born in Campbellton, has lived here for several years. He is survived by one sister, Miss Greta, of Boston (Mass.); and one brother, Mr. John McTomney, to whom much sympathy is offered. His funeral took place on Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock to the S. H. church, where services were conducted by Rev. H. J. O'Leary. The pallbearers were Messrs. A. O'Donnell, A. Meahan, J. Connolly, F. Foley, Geo. Metzer and H. Burbridge.

Mrs. Richard Hinton died at her home here on Monday, the 10th inst., at the age of 83. Besides her husband she leaves to mourn a family of five sons and three daughters. The latter are Mrs. Fred Bastin, Mrs. Scott, of Newcastle, and Mrs. D. Miller, of Moose Jaw, and the sons are Thomas, of Clinton (Iowa.); William, of Millinoicket (Me.); George, of Doaktown; Hiriam, of Boston (Mass.); and Stuart and Albert, of Bathurst. Mrs. Hinton was a member of the Episcopal church and a lady of very estimable character. Much sympathy is felt for those bereft.

WESTFIELD BEACH

Westfield Beach, N. B., Feb. 21—Miss Robertson, of St. John, was the week-end guest of Miss Marion Machum.

Miss Pearla Hubeley, of St. John, spent Sunday at her home here.

Mrs. W. H. Lingley is spending some weeks with her daughter in St. John, Mrs. W. H. Sharpe.

E. S. Stephenson is spending some days at Brownville (Me.), where he went to attend his brother's funeral.

The death of R. A. Stephenson at Brownville (Me.) came as a great surprise to his many friends here. A number of friends from here attended the funeral at Hoyt (N. B.)

Miss Cornelia Lingley, of St. John, spent Sunday at her home here.

The death of Mrs. Belyea occurred at her home in St. John on Sunday. She was a sister of Leander Lingley and visited here this autumn. The funeral was held on Tuesday with interment in St. John.

Miss Grace Morrell, of Freeport (N. S.), is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Set Prime this week.

A most enjoyable evening was spent on Wednesday by the Methodist adult Bible class, when they had their social evening at the residence of Mr. Stephenson at Hillandale.

E. R. Machum has returned from Ottawa and other upper Canada cities where he has been on a business trip.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Baxter gathered at their home on Friday evening to help them celebrate their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary. Everybody present had a delightful time and all voiced in wishing both the bride and groom of twenty-five years ago many more years of happy wedded life. Friends from this side of the river presented them with a beautiful couch, while those across the river, where they recently resided, presented them with a chair.

A sleighing party, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Prime, came out from the city on Friday and took dinner at Mr. Prime's residence here. The party arrived here about 5 o'clock and the return to the city was made early in the evening. Among those in the party were Rev. and Mrs. J. J. McCaskill, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Jordan, Mrs. J. V. Russell, Mrs. L. B. Knight, Miss Bessie Knight, Miss Marjorie Knight, Mrs. Arthur de Forest, Miss de Forest, Miss Burton, Dr. and Mrs. L. M. Curren, and Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Prime.

AMHERST

Amherst, Feb. 19—Miss Jennie McAlister, who has been the guest of Mrs. C. F. Campbell for the past week, has returned to her home in Moncton.

Mr. William F. Beattie left on Friday for a two weeks' trip to Boston.

Mr. Warner M. Christie has gone to Montreal on a short business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thornton and little daughter are paying a visit to Mrs. Thornton's people at Chatham (N. B.)

Miss Jean McRae, of Yarmouth, is spending a few weeks in Amherst, the guest of Mrs. E. S. Matheson, Spring street.

Mrs. Parsons and Mrs. Fuller, who have been the guests of Mrs. A. W. Foster for the past week, have returned to their home in Springhill.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard Mitchell have returned from a two week's stay in Boston.

Miss Edith Copp, of Cambridge (Mass.), arrived in Amherst on Monday, being called here by the death of her little niece, Kathleen Schurman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Schurman.

Mr. and Mrs. Garnet K. C. Chapman are on an extended trip to the Southern States. They will spend some days at Atlantic City en route to the South.

Miss Annie Morris, who has been spending the past three months with her brother, Mr. E. J. Morris, returned to her home in Boston yesterday.

Mr. Andrew Dunn, chief train despatcher of the I. C. R. at Sydney, came to Amherst on Friday to attend the funeral of his mother, the late Mrs. George Dunn.

Mrs. David Marchbank, of Montrose (P. E. I.), is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Johnson Clark. Mr. William F. Magee, of Calgary and bride (nee Marchbank) are also guests of Mrs. Magee's sister, Mrs. Johnson Clark.

Mrs. T. Curry, of Halifax, is in Amherst visiting her sister, Miss Wade, of Highland View Hospital staff.

Miss Genevieve Schurman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur P. Schurman, who is training for a nurse in one of the hospitals in Cambridge (Mass.), came home on Saturday, being called by the illness and death of her sister.

Mr. M. B. Vail is leaving today for an extended trip to the west.

Miss Ada Millett, of Chester (N. S.), is the guest of her sister, Mrs. H. D. Hawboldt, and Dr. Hawboldt.

Mrs. C. E. Ratchford is paying a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Worrell in Souris (P. E. I.)

Miss Fanny Zinck left for her home in Lunenburg last week to remain for some weeks.

Mr. Albert Downey has accepted a position with the Burrill Johnson Company, at Yarmouth, and left on Thursday to enter upon his duties.

Mr. G. C. Lewis, who has been managing the St. Regis Hotel since it first opened to the public, has severed his connection with it and with Mrs. Lewis intends to leave Amherst shortly. During their stay in town Mr. and Mrs. Lewis have made many friends who will sincerely regret their departure.

Mrs. Boyd Brownell, Clarence street, gave a very enjoyable 500 party of twelve tables on Friday evening last. Miss Alice Downey won the ladies' prize, and Mr. Will Fraser the gentleman's prize.

The Golf Bridge Club met at Mrs. C. L. McLeod's on Friday evening. The hostesses were: Mrs. Thomas Dunlap, Mrs. D. S. Biggs, Miss White and Miss Knight. The prizes were won by Mrs. Cornell, sr., and Mr. P. M. Robertson. Cards were played at nine tables.

Mrs. Harry McLean, formerly Miss Mabel Cook, held her post-nuptial receptions on Tuesday and Wednesday afternoons last, at her pretty home on Dale street. Mrs. McLean was assisted in receiving on Tuesday by Mrs. A. W. Foster and wore a very lovely gown of pale blue silk. Mrs. Cook, mother of Mrs. McLean, poured tea on Tuesday at the prettily appointed tea table and was assisted by Mrs. Abijah McLean and Mrs. Max Watling. On Wednesday Mrs. Abijah McLean received with the little bride. Mrs. A. A. Barker presided over the tea cups, assisted by Mrs. Watling and Miss Olla McLeod.

Mrs. Clarence Purdy fave a very pleasant thimble party on Thursday afternoon last, and this afternoon is the hostess of a very large at home.

Mrs. A. W. Foster entertained at the tea hour on Wednesday last for her guests, Mrs. Fuller and Mrs. Parsons, of Springhill.

Mrs. B. McLaughlin gave a very delightful valentine party on Friday evening.

Mrs. David Rowley, Academy street, was the hostess of a very enjoyable tea on Wednesday afternoon. She was assisted in receiving by Mrs. James Curry and Mrs. Morris, of Truro. Mrs. A. W. Foster conducted the ladies to the dining room where Mrs. C. MacQ. Avard poured tea and coffee at a beautifully decorated table. Miss Mollie Curry, Miss Hazel Marston and Miss Muriel Craig assisted with the dainty refreshments.

Mrs. Leander Tranholm was the hostess of a very nice 500 party of ten tables last week. The very pretty prizes were won by Mrs. Walter Campbell and Mr. Aubrey Cram.

Mrs. Robert Taylor entertained at a very large at home at her beautiful new home on Adelaide street, on Thursday last. Mrs. C. J. Purdy had charge of the flower decorated tea table. Mrs. Josiah H. Lusby cut the ices, Mrs. Howard Black conducted the guests to the tea room. The young ladies assisting were Miss May Purdy, Miss Martha Gourley, Miss Myrtle Atkinson, Miss Agnes Black and Miss Pearl Wigle. Mrs. Taylor was the hostess on Friday of a thimble party.

Mrs. W. H. Tennant is giving a young folks, party for Miss Dorothy on Friday evening.

Mrs. Burgess, wife of Dr. Burgess, Moncton, has been spending a week with her sister, Mrs. George Hewson.

Mrs. William Beattie received word on Friday of the death of her brother, Captain Seymour Suthergreen, of Advocate, and left for that place on Saturday, accompanied by the daughter, Miss Eleaine Suthergreen, who is teaching school near Amherst. Professor Harold Bigelow, of Mt. Allison University, who is a nephew of the deceased, also left on Saturday to attend the funeral.

Mrs. Morris, of Truro, is the guest of her brother, Mr. James Curry and Mrs. Curry.

Rev. Louis Blackhall, of Mount Whatley, left for Halifax on Monday to meet his wife, who is returning from England on the steamship Canada.

The death of little Kathleen Schurman, the bright little two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Schurman, is sincerely regretted by a large circle of friends of the family. It is only a little over a year since Mr. and Mrs. Schurman were called upon to mourn the death of a young son, and this second bereavement coming so shortly after the first, has practically prostrated both parents. The funeral took place yesterday, Rev. P. J. Stackhouse, pastor of the First Baptist church, in charge of the services, assisted by Dr. Steele. The Baptist choir rendered a number of selections, Mrs. C. C. Black singing Jesus Cares with great effect.

Rev. P. J. Stackhouse has returned home from Campbellton, where he preached the dedicatory sermon at the re-opening of the new Baptist church on Sunday.

Letters received from Mr. and Mrs. Harvey L. Hewson last week, say they are still at the Maderia Islands enjoying the perfect weather for which this group of islands is noted. Mr. and Mrs. Hewson will not be returning to Amherst before July.

Mr. R. Byron Atkinson, manager of the Atlantic Lumber Company, at Truro, spent Sunday with his family here.

Mr. A. E. Bloss, formerly of Hewson's Limited, but who has been in Massachusetts for the past two months has returned to resume his old position in this town and is being very warmly welcomed back by a host of friends.

Mr. Chester Pugsley, principal of the West Highlands school, left yesterday for Halifax, from which city he will sail for Bermuda on an extended vacation. Mr. Pugsley is in poor health and has been granted a leave of absence by the school board.

Mr. Wilfrid Chesley left on Monday for a visit to friends in Bridgewater.

Miss Mildred Paul, of Springhill, has been the guest of Mrs. Peter Gordon for a few days.

Miss Bessie Babineau left on Monday for Toronto and New York.

At the annual general meeting of the Rhodes Curry Company, in Montreal, Mr. C. D. Dennis was elected a director of the company, and at a subsequent meeting of the board was appointed secretary-treasurer, succeeding Mr. John M. Curry. Mr. Dennis is receiving the congratulations of his many friends upon his very popular appointment.

Mr. J. L. Ralston, M. L. A., of Halifax, is spending some days in town.

A MOTHER'S DUTY TO HER DAUGHTER

Requires That Her Blood Supply Be Kept Rich, Red and Pure.

Every mother who calls to mind her own girlhood knows how urgently her daughter is likely to need help and strength during the years between school days and womanhood. It is then that growing girls droop and become fragile, bloodless and nervous. Nature is calling for more nourishment than the blood can supply and signs of distress are plainly evident in dull eyes, pallid cheeks, aching backs, a languid step, fits of depression, headaches and a dislike for food. These signs mean anaemia—that is bloodlessness.

The watchful mother takes prompt steps to give her girl the new, rich blood her system is thirsting for by giving Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which make new blood and transform unhappy anaemic girls into robust, happy, bright-eyed young women. No other medicine has ever succeeded like Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, because no other medicine can make that new, rich, red blood which brings health and vitality to weak, bloodless systems. Miss Mamie Krouse, Copetown, Ont., says: "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been a blessing to me. I had been a sufferer for almost two years from anaemia, and seemed, no matter what I tried, to be growing worse. I was very pale and seemed bloodless, suffered from frequent headaches, the least exertion would leave me completely tired out, and I was very much discouraged and fretful. At last I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and got a half dozen boxes, and by the time they were used I was feeling much better. A few more boxes fully restored my health and I have since been well and strong and able once more to enjoy life."

These pills are sold by all medicine dealers or will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

PARRSBORO

Parrsboro, Feb. 20—Miss Alice Smith returned from Amherst on Tuesday.

Mrs. A. B. Lusby spent last week with relatives in Truro.

Rev. W. J. W. Sweatnam and little son Carl, have returned from a visit to friends in Oxford.

Messrs. F. Lawson Jenks and Fred Pierce spent a couple of days in Economy last week.

Mrs. J. R. McNamara and Miss Margaret McNamara went to St. John on Wednesday to visit Mrs. Canty.

Miss Deta Day left yesterday for Bermuda to visit friends. She was accompanied to Halifax by her father, Mr. C. E. Day.

Rev. J. B. Woodland and Mrs. Woodland, of Windsor, are guests of Dr. and Mrs. Rand.

Mr. C. H. McGuirk returned from Boston on Saturday.

Mr. Clarence Fullerton and Capt. Stewart Salter spent a couple of days in Amherst last week.

Miss Bessie Forsythe, who has been visiting Mrs. G. G. Hughes, in Charlottetown, returned on Saturday.

Miss Jean Clay spent a couple of days in Springhill with her father, Dr. H. Clay.

Mrs. C. T. Knowlton and Miss Margaret McPherson, of Wharton, have been visiting friends in Halifax.

Mr. Earl Woods, who has been taking a course in automobiling in Portland (Me.) arrived home on Friday.

YARMOUTH

Yarmouth, N. S., Feb. 20—During the past week, death has removed several of the town's oldest residents. Last Thursday, Miss Abbie Thomas, a native of St. John, but who has made her home with Mrs. George H. Lovitt, for years, passed away at the home of the latter.

On Saturday last, Alexander Wilson died at the home of Mrs. W. E. Perry, with whom he had boarded for the last ten years. Mr. Wilson was a native of Halifax, and was for many years a leading figure in the theatrical world, having been associated with such men as the famous English tragedian MacCready, while later he was manager for Laura Keene. Mr. Wilson, after retiring from the stage, selected Yarmouth as the spot in which to end his days, and for over thirty years he was one of the well-known and picturesque figures on the streets, being a gentleman of the old school, and of very courtly manners. He was ninety-two years of age.

On Sunday afternoon, Mrs. Phebe J. Sykes, widow of James Sykes, passed into eternity, after a short illness of paralysis. Deceased, who was a daughter of the late John Gavel, was just two months past eighty years of age, and was the third member of her family to die within a month, her brother, John Gavel, of Kemptville, being the first to pass out, followed by a sister, Mrs. Merritt, of Connecticut. The news of the latter's death was a shock from which the deceased never recovered.

Word was received here on Friday evening last of the death, at Santa Rosalie, California, of Capt. George N. Rogers, a native of Yarmouth, and a son of Mrs. Margaret Rogers. Deceased had just arrived in California, after having spent a month here visiting his relatives. He had gone to take charge of the British ship Celticburn, accompanied by his wife and little son George. Deceased was about fifty years of age, a member of St. John's Presbyterian church, and leaves a widow, a native of New Zealand, and three daughters and one son. He also leaves beside his mother as above stated, one brother E. Budd Rogers, and one sister, Mrs. John B. Killam, both of Yarmouth.

Yarmouthians were treated to an address on Sunday afternoon, which was both instructive and highly interesting, when Colonel Bullard of the Salvation Army, returned missionary to Japan and who has had charge of the army's work in that distant land, spoke in Brayley's Theatre before a large and representative gathering. Mayor Hood was chairman, and around him on the platform were representatives of the Ministerial Institute of the town.

Miss May Potts was the recipient of a miscellaneous shower, on Tuesday evening, which was given by a large number of her girl friends at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Israel Porter. Miss Potts will become a bride on March 19.

Capt. Augustus Cann accompanied by his sisters, Mrs. Charles C. Richards, and Mrs. Rupert Haley, of St. John, also by Mr. Haley, left New York last week for a trip on the Mediterranean. They will be gone several months.

Mrs. Fuller, who has been visiting her daughter, Miss Caroline, in Lynn (Mass.), returned home by steamer last Saturday morning.

Miss Millicent Burrill has gone to Hopedale (Mass.), to visit her sister, Mrs. Archie Rogers, for a few weeks.

H. B. Churchill, of the Pines Hotel, Digby, is at present in town trying to interest capital to take hold of a hotel proposition which he wishes to start here. Several properties are spoken of as a possible site for such.

Harry Allen, manager of the Cosmos Cotton Co., who has been on a trip to Boston, returned on Saturday morning last.

SOUTHAMPTON

Southampton, Feb. 17—Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Grant went to Fredericton to the opening of the legislature in which Mrs. Grant has a brother, Mr. John Young, a member.

Miss Coy, of Upper Gagetown, daughter of George Coy, has the school at the parish hall.

Miss Vera Brooks is teaching at Belvison, her second term.

Ex-Councillor Grant, of Shogomoc, slipped on the ice recently and fell, breaking a rib in his right side. Dr. Turner, of Meductic was called.

H. C. Grant has bought a fine driving mare from Alex. Fox. The price paid was $250.

The Amateur Dramatic Society, that so successfully played The Volley Farm, last winter at a number of places, are now rehearsing The County Doctor, which will be in the Orange hall after Easter. Proceeds to finish paying for the new school ground.

J. F. Grant is putting in a million feet of spruce to the Dunham steam mill, which he has nearly completed. The mill is one hundred feet long, and all new and up-to-date machinery. It is built on the site of the one burnt last fall. Dunbar & Sons, of Woodstock, are the builders.

As the result of a fall on the ice, George S. Ingraham has been going about on crutches for two months. He is slowly improving.

Alex. Munroe, Jr., has just returned from Portland (Me.), where he was attending a meeting of a pulp and paper company in which he is a large shareholder.

Sydney Braydon, of Hartfield, will move to Hartland in the spring to run a hotel. His son Earlin will run the farm in his absence.

While standing in the Sullivan Creek cut close by the steamshovel, one of the contractors, Mr. Purpaugh, had four teeth (two upper and two lower) knocked out by a small stone falling from above just as he was looking up.

Mrs. George Ingraham has returned from a month's visit to her son, Barry, in Woodstock.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Brooks and Mr. and Mrs. Burns Akerley drove to Fredericton to attend Miss Winnifred Currie's funeral.

HOPEWELL HILL

Hopewell Hill, Feb. 18—Dr. Lewis, of Hillsboro, was down to Riverside on Sunday to see Dr. Carnwath, who has been quite ill for several days with an attack of grippe. He is now slightly improving.

Mrs. Wm. Fullerton, of Albert, was very low tonight, being hardly expected to live until morning.

P. P. McClelan has been quite ill the past week.

Miss Helena Nichol is visiting in Moncton.

Hopewell Hill, Feb. 19—The death has occurred at Midway, Harvey, of Mrs. Stevens, widow of Wm. Stevens. Mrs. Stevens was sixty-seven years of age, and was much respected. Theodore and Geo. Stevens are sons, and Miss Carrie Stevens, trainde nurse, a daughter. Her husband died some years ago.

Dr. McAlister, of Sussex, came to Albert by today's train, to see P. J. McClelan, who continues in a very unsatisfactory condition of health. The doctor was driven to Moncton tonight on his return home.

Miss Helena Nichol returned yesterday from a trip to Moncton.

Mrs. Wm. Fullerton, of Albert, continues very low at her home there.

Hopewell Hill, Feb. 20—Mrs. William Fullerton, of Albert, died at her home there this morning, after a short illness. She was about thirty years of age, and was formerly Miss Beatrice Sinclair. She leaves, besides her husband, four young children, the youngest only a few days old.

Dr. Carnwath, who has been confined to the house for some days with la grippe, is about again.

P. J. McClelan, of Albert, continues in a critical condition. He is suffering from pneumonia and pleurisy, which, with a weakened condition of health, renders his case very serious.

RICHIBUCTO

Richibucto, Feb. 20—On the 24th inst., Division No. 42, Sons of Temperance, will have completed its fifty-ninth year. It had planned on having a public celebration, but owing to the death of an old and faithful member, William P. Bell, the members decided to mark the anniversary in a more quiet way. Only the Band of Hope and others belonging to the families of the members will be invited.

Miss Venolia Vantour, who has been training for a nurse in the Notre Dame Hospital, Montreal, has been spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Vantour. She will go tomorrow to Moncton to take a position on the hospital staff.

O. R. Black has returned from a visit to Fredericton.

Mrs. Robert Hutchinson, of Moulies River, spent a few days of last week in town, the guest of Mrs. Wm. P. Bell. She returned with Mr. Hutchinson to her home after the funeral of her cousin, Mr. Bell.

Mrs. Currie Garland, of Moncton, with her two children, are visiting at the home of her mother, Mrs. J. M. O'Brien. Mr. Garland, who accompanied them here, returned to Moncton on Monday.

Miss Margaret Grierson has severed her connection with the Review office. Miss Edith Long and Harry Kavanagh are now on the Review office staff.

Miss Lizzie Robichaud, who has been in Moncton for some months, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Robichaud.

HARCOURT

Harcourt, Feb. 21—Miss Bessie Ingram returned on Monday from a very pleasant visit with friends in Campbellton and Rexton.

Miss Irene Lutes went to Moncton on Saturday to enter the hospital there for the study of professional nursing.

Mrs. English went to Millerton this week, having been called there on account of the serious illness of her sister, Miss Ellen Campbell.

Mrs. R. G. Girvan and children, of Rexton, and Miss Nessie Girvan, of St. John, spent a short time with friends in the village on Thursday on their way to St. John.

Rev. Mr. Ives, of Millerton, was in the village this week, the guest of Rev. E. H. Creed.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Cumming are receiving congratulations on the arrival of a baby boy.

Milledge Van Buskirk was in town on Thursday on a business trip.

Mrs. John Beattie spent part of the week in Moncton, the guest of her brother, Thomas McPherson.

The members of the sewing circle were entertained by Mrs. Leonard Barrett on Thursday, when a very pleasant evening was spent.

Colds

Don't trifle with a cold; no one can tell what the end may be. Pneumonia, catarrh, chronic bronchitis and consumption invariably result from neglected colds. Nothing can be compared with

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

as a quick cure for colds and grip, and by its use the more serious diseases may be avoided.

SALISBURY

Salisbury, N. B., Feb. 21—The funeral of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Lindley W. Carter, of Moncton took place after the arrival of the Maritime express this morning from the residence of Capt. J. W. Carter. The service at the house and grave was conducted by Rev. A. E. Chapman, pastor of the Petitcodiac Methodist church. Burial took place in Pine Hill cemetery beside the graves of the little child's grandparents, the late Dr. and Mrs. Edmund Moore. Much sympathy is felt for the young parents in the death of their only child.

The special religious services at the Baptist church here are being largely attended and are creating much interest. Six or more candidates for baptism will be immersed next Sunday evening after the close of the regular service.

SANITARIUM TO BE READY ABOUT MARCH 1

Charge of Seven Dollars a Week to Be Made—What It Includes.

The commissioners of the Jordan Memorial Sanitarium announce that the sanitarium at River Glade will be ready to receive patients about March 1. According to the act patients afflicted only with incipient tuberculosis of the lungs are to be admitted. The fee to be charged each patient is $1 a day or $7 a week, which includes medical and nursing care, medicines, room and board and laundry.

Patients will be examined for admission as follows:—

Fredericton—Victoria Public Hospital, first Wednesday each month.

St. John—Anti-Tuberculosis Dispensary, first Thursday each month.

Moncton—Moncton Hospital, second Thursday each month.

The hour at each place will be two o'clock in the afternoon and at the sanatarium at any time by appointment.

Mrs. J. A. Jordan, Hon. J. K. Flemming, Hon. Dr. D. V. Landry, Hon. A. R. McClellan, Hon. C. W. Robinson, Dr. A. F. McAvenny and F. W. Sumner are the commissioners.

LIONEL DAKIN OF CENTREVILLE DROWNED IN BAY

Digby, N. S., Feb. 20—A sad event occurred today at noon which has cast a gloom over Centreville and in fact the whole of Digby Neck.

It appears that Lionel Dakin, who recently returned from the hospital at Halifax, where he had gone for special treatment, left his home this morning and walked towards the Bay of Fundy shore. As he did not return, as usual, at noon, the neighbors began to look for him. His tracks were soon discovered in the snow along the Bay of Fundy shore leading west towards Shingle Cove. Walking close to the edge of the tide he evidently slipped and fell into the cold waters of the Bay of Fundy and was drowned. His body was discovered by his brother, Kenneth. An inquest was not thought necessary.

Dakin, who was about 31 years of age, was one of Centreville's most prosperous boat fishermen and leaves a comfortable home in that village. He is survived by a wife and two children, who have the sympathy of a host of friends in their sad and sudden bereavement. Mr. Dakin was a son of the late William M. B. Dakin, who was drowned from a boat off Centreville several years ago. He leaves, besides his mother, five brothers and two sisters—Kenneth Dakin, at Centreville; Roy, at college in Chicago; Ellery, at King's College, Windsor; Guy, in Winnipeg; Boyd and Mrs. H. H. Haskell, in Waltham (Mass.), and Mrs. Aubrey Brown, in New London (Conn.)

He was a member of the Centreville Methodist church and also the Knights of Maccabees. The funeral will take place from his late home Sunday with interment at Centreville, the services being conducted by Rev. Joseph Hale, pastor of the Digby Neck Methodist church.

DOUGLASTOWN PRESENTATION

Newcastle, Feb. 20—Miss Janie Jessamin, of Douglastown, was very agreeably surprised on her birthday, Monday evening last, by about forty of her young friends, who, chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Phillips, called upon her and presented her with an address and handsome stirling silver jewel case. The address was read by Miss Bessie Wood, and the presentation made by Miss Evelyn Cameron. Games and music then became the order of the evening, and at midnight lunch was served; the party breaking up soon after, with the best wishes for Miss Jessamin's long life and prosperity.

Among those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Phillips, Misses Zelda Johnston, Annie Alexander, Bessie Wood, Belle Bransfield, Annie and Alice Daver (Chatham), Katie Kirkpatrick, Eliza Simpson, Emma Morrison, Sydney Wood, Blanche Wood, Gladys Buie, Lillian Atkinson and Annie Jessamin, and Messrs. Justin McCarthy and Joseph Kerrie (Chatham), Charles Phillips, Luther McKenzie, Kendall Wood, Robert Cowie, W. McKenzie, Geo. Cassie, David Gulliver, Chester Sleeth, Robt. Kirkpatrick, Wm. Bransfield, Sterling Wood, Allan Alexander and Charles Johnston and others.

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THE DAILY TELEGRAPH
THE SEMI WEEKLY TELEGRAPH
THE EVENING TIMES

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These newspapers advocate:
British connection
Honesty in public life
Measures for the material progress and moral advancement of our great Dominion.
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No deals!
"The Thistle, Shamrock, Rose entwine, The Maple Leaf forever."

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 26, 1913.

WHAT ATTRACTS MONEY

Some of our politicians whose patriotism is largely political are in the habit of reminding us that British capital flows freely into Canada to finance all our undertakings, and that, therefore, we should never resist or oppose any Conservative policy which is in any way associated, however remotely, with Imperial progress. The London Economist, the reputation of which must be known in some measure even to the average Conservative politician, has just published an article which is of timely interest in this connection. This article deals with the astonishing advance of the Argentine Republic, which, the Economist points out, is one of the most remarkable phenomena of our day—and the London journal reminds its readers that one of the chief factors in this development of the Argentine has been the immense and continuous stream of British capital going into that country, the present amount of British money invested there being estimated by the Economist at £500,000,000 or $2,500,000,000.

In this connection the Economist has a word to say to those politicians who are leading the protectionist movement in Great Britain. "It is worth while to remember," it says, "that any artificial measures aimed at restricting the entrance (into the United Kingdom) of foreign grain and meat, so far as they are successful, will strike a blow at some of our most meritorious countrymen across the sea."

Thus every proposal of the British protectionists places them face to face with new difficulties. At the present time Great Britain finds a good investment for its capital in countries like the Argentine, which, in turn, send great supplies of grain and cattle to the Old Country. The people of the United Kingdom, by permitting the free entry of these products from every other country, enjoy an unlimited supply of untaxed food. The protectionists tell them that it is proposed now not to tax food, but only to put a small tariff upon manufactured articles. This causes the British farmer to revolt, saying that if he is not to have the advantage of protection, there shall not be any protection. And, when a low tariff is talked of, the Liberals ask why it should be kept low if, as the protectionists contend, the foreigner really pays the tax. To this there has been no effective reply.

Our Conservative friends in Canada will scarcely tell us that because Great Britain has found a good investment for $2,500,000,000 in the Argentine that the people of that country are under obligations, other than the ordinary business ones, to Great Britain. The fact is that British money goes where it finds security accompanied by a satisfactory rate of interest. The Conservatives should leave out this question of money, and be content with the much more important fact that Canada is an integral part of the British Empire and that the sentimental bond, the relation between members of the one family, is the true link of empire, and that it does not need the taxing of the people of the United Kingdom for our benefit, or the taxing of Canadians for their benefit, to keep relations as they should be.

The protectionists in Great Britain and in Canada have fallen upon evil days. In the Old Country protection has had many falls within the last year, and in Canada the Borden government today dare not give its protectionist allies the price promised them before they financed the last campaign so lavishly

THE UNIONIST LEADERSHIP

A waggish British Minister said the other day: "We are always digging graves for ourselves, but Bonar Law always comes along and fills them up again." It is convenient for the government to have an opposition leader of that calibre, but there is another man coming to the fore who may not fill up the graves; he may indeed dig some on his own account. This man is Sir Frederick Banbury.

He was responsible for that memorable snap division where the government suffered defeat, and it is no secret that the point of procedure on which the Speaker gave his fatal ruling on the Franchise Bill was due to that resourceful gentleman. The opinion of the Speaker that the proposed amendment on woman suffrage was not germane to the bill has made things rather awkward for the cabinet. The House has several times accepted the principle of woman suffrage. This choice of means to carry the principle into effect was undertaken on the advice of Mr. Asquith. He declared it to be superior to any other device to secure the free expression of the opinion of parliament. When the opening test was applied the speaker discovered that it upset an elementary rule of parliamentary practice. It is possible that Sir Frederick Banbury will be spoken of more and more as a possible leader.

Mr. Law continues to surprise expectation. The Statesman of India of January 9, contains a crushing exposure of Mr. Law's treatment of Indian finance in relation to Protection. After showing his apparently invincible ignorance of the elementary facts of Indian finance, The Statesman goes on to expose the "nonsense" of his suggestion that the competition which India has most to fear is not with Lancashire, but with Japan and China. It says: "The statistics show, however, that so far from Lancashire being a competitor of no account in comparison with Japan, ninety-nine per cent. of the grey piece goods, 98.2 per cent. of the white goods, and 94.2 per cent. of the colored goods imported into India last year came from Great Britain. Not much margin is left therefore for Japan and China. Nor is the case improved if we turn to yarn. The great bulk of the yarn consumed in India is not produced in the mills of Bombay, only eight per cent. being imported. Of yarn imports, eighty-nine per cent. is supplied by Great Britain, and the dreaded competition of Japan was represented in 1911-12 by a percentage of 1.4, or an advance of 0.4 upon the previous year."

It is not strange that the squirearchy of Britain, even with their blind and foolish appetite for mere power, are getting restive under this leadership.

ONE CITY'S WAY

Lethbridge owns its own street railway, its waterworks, its own coal mine, its own electric light plant, its parks, athletic grounds and lakeside resorts, its own sewerage and sewage disposal plants. The Lethbridge system of taxation is single tax. In 1909-10 the town made a profit of $38,000 on its electric plant, and this was followed by a reduction of twenty-five per cent. in the price of light and power. In 1910-11 the profit was $24,000, and this was followed by a reduction of ten per cent. in the prices to consumers. The municipal street railway began operation on September 13 last, and it has paid from the start.

When Lethbridge began to talk about carrying on some of these enterprises on behalf of the public rather than entrusting them to private corporations, many well-meaning citizens said that such innovations might be all very well in Australia, or in British Columbia, or even in certain cities of the United Kingdom, but that they never would do at all in Lethbridge. But the progressive party insisted upon going ahead with its plans, and the electors endorsed them. Then Lethbridge decided to adopt the St. John plan of commission government, and thus it will be the second city in Canada to bring that system into force.

So far as our information goes at present Lethbridge has not been ruined or depopulated by its new policies. But, of course, we must wait in order to be sure. Meantime, in spite of gloomy warnings from some quarters, St. John shows a growing inclination to try more and more of the plans which progressive communities have found good.

A STRONG PLEA

In his speech in the United States Senate the other day on the Panama treaty Senator Root recalled Mr. Roosevelt's message in 1906 in regard to the second Hague conference. Mr. Roosevelt wrote:

"I earnestly hope that the conference may be able to devise some way to make arbitration between nations the customary way of settling international disputes in all save a few classes of cases, which should themselves be sharply defined and rigidly limited as the present governmental and social development of the world will permit. If possible, there should be a general arbitration treaty negotiated among all nations represented at the conference."

Mr. Root, having read the foregoing, went on to say:

"Oh, Mr. President, are we Pharisees? Have we been insincere and false? Have we been pretending in all these long years of resolution and declaration and proposal and urgency for arbitration? Are we ready now to admit that our country, that its Congresses and its Presidents, have all been guilty of false pretence, or humbug, of talking to the galleries, of fine words to secure applause, and that the instant we have an interest we are ready to falsify every declaration, every promise, and every principle? But we must do that if we arrogantly insist that we alone will determine upon the interpretation of this treaty and will refuse to abide by the agreement of our treaty of arbitration."

And in closing he said:

"Mr. President, how sad it would be if we were to dim the splendor of that great achievement by drawing across it the mark of petty selfishness; if we were to diminish and reduce for generations to come the power and influence of this free Republic for the uplifting and the progress of mankind by destroying the respect of mankind for us! How sad it would be if you and I, Senators, were to make ourselves responsible for destroying that bright and inspiring ideal which has enabled free America to lead the world in progress toward liberty and justice!"

But President Taft, Mr. Secretary Knox, and a majority of the Senators are evidently determined to repudiate the clear intent of the treaty. They rejected Senator Root's motion to rescind the objectionable clause in the bill—but that does not end the matter. It will probably be left to President Wilson and the next Congress to decide finally whether or not the bond of the United States is to pass at par among the leading nations of the world.

PLAY AND AMUSEMENTS

When the Mayor and Commissioners allow the children to coast down many of our streets, undisturbed by the police and unafraid of the law, they recognize the place of play in education. At the cost of some slight inconvenience to pedestrians, some slight anxiety on the part of mothers, and slight danger to life and limb for the coasters, we are securing results quite as important as those achieved by our expensive school system.

Play is the first poetry of the human being. It is the most spiritual activity of man at the child stage, and it is at the same time typical of human life as a whole. It holds the source of all that is good. As long ago as the Greek Plato, wise men discovered that the man who does not hold his work as a delight and recreation accomplishes little of lasting value. They taught that education should not be by compulsion, but as a sort of amusement. Opportunities for play and streets for single and double-runners have wonderful reforming and regenerating powers. They are better than all our reformatories and reform movements. Indeed, the latter are in some degree made necessary by lack of provision for the former.

Free play, whose end is in itself a necessary condition of a sound body, a long life, an even temper, and a cheerful and wholesome disposition. The joints stiffen, the muscles remain undeveloped, and the moral nature is almost sure to be biassed if youth is passed in the mere mechanical processes of useful labor. Play is a great reforming agent, and not only is it so for children but for men. Man is wholly man only when he plays. Every time a man comes into the conscious enjoyment of a new activity he is armed with a new weapon against idleness and the irregular appetites.

We have to a similar extent failed to appreciate the power of recreation in life. New England Puritanism has never quite forgiven Shakespeare, the greatest soul that lived since the prophets, for being an actor—for thinking of all the world as a stage and all the men and women merely players. The theatre has possibilities for vice, and these possibilities have often been in evidence. But we have not yet worked out way through to a just discrimination on the subject. In the current number of the Theologue, the organ of the Presbyterian College in Halifax, Rev. Mr. Nicholson calls attention to the fact that there are in that city three buildings erected and used originally as temples of worship which now serve as moving picture theatres. When owned by the people and attempting to minister to one deep side of their need, the people went thither with reluctant feet and often the aisles were deserted; now, when under private management, the aisles are crowded and individuals are making much gain out of the people's need of recreation.

In the early days there was a union between religion and play, and it is possible that such a union in the future may make religion the dominant factor in the growth of our communities. At present, in the matter of play, our young people are largely without insight, principles or guidance. The appeal of the church has been uncritical and without authority. She either praises unreservedly or condemns uncritically. This is not only true about the theatre, but it is true of card-playing, dancing and all recreations. Times have not changed much since Lowell wrote his essay on the Tract Society: "They would hold their peace about the body of Cuffee dancing to the music of the cart-whip, provided only they could save the soul of Sambo alive by presenting him with a pamphlet, which he could not read, on the depravity of the double shuffle." Mere harangues about worldliness react upon the speaker and rob him of moral influence. Manhood is the product of an exceedingly complex machinery, and the machinery requires constant thought and readjustment for its smooth running.

We have passed the stage of chaos in dealing with books and papers, fiction and poetry. We select and discriminate. We acknowledge the mighty art of story-telling as a vehicle of noble sentiment. Polluting printed matter we hunt down and consign to the flames, and we have definite laws in favor of summary methods. There is no reason why we should not arrive at similar clear and definite standards in regard to the theatre. Just criticism is difficult, but the quality of study that has been given to discrimination in fiction, if directed to this subject, would build up a defensible and intelligible standard, and make it a greater power for wholesome and rational life.

THE ETHICS OF CAPITAL

In the field of distribution it is in the question of wages and human effort that we find the most obvious problems of ethics. In the face of the large accumulations of capital today in the hands of a few, it is a common thing to hear that no member of society has a right to such a disproportionate share of the common wealth. One of the richest men in the world declared that it is a disgrace to die rich. On this reasoning no man should ever be rich, for he knows not the moment he may die. Large accumulations of capital loom big alongside the poverty of the many, but the question of how to correct this condition is more difficult than would-be reformers imagine.

If such large accumulations of capital are wrong, they are wrong only because they have been accumulated at the expense of others. If it is possible, however, to gather large sums honestly, by good business management, reinvestment, and by careful economy, then no one else is wronged; in fact others are thereby aided in getting employment. On the other hand, if a man grows rich in despoiling others, the wrong is in the man, and he should be brought to book, just like a common thief would be. The abnormal fortunes that are accumulated today—fortunes so great that their owners find it impossible to administer them or to dispose of them—indicate a condition that is quite beyond the folly or fraud of the individual. Many men of great wealth are seriously trying to decrease the enormous excess they find themselves possessed of, and fail. They gather art treasures from the ends of the earth, build palaces, buy castles, jewels and fine raiment, but still the golden store increases. In many cases that golden store has had its origin in golden water. With cunning and foresight they have secured possession of the natural resources of the country, and in many cases issued ten dollars in stock for every one dollar in intrinsic value of these resources; the toil of the country is continually taxed to pay dividends on these "capitalizations of hope," as the fictitious values created may be called.

The so-called evils of captalism cannot be removed by taking away the incentives to saving, or by subtracting from the returns to foresight and prudence by special legislation and taxation against capital. It is nothing against a man that he is a capitalist; it is nothing against him that he is saving and efficient and accumulates; it is, rather, against a man that he is thriftless and inefficient and has not capital. It is against him, capitalist or not, if he is a dishonorable man—whether he reaps where he has not sown, or whether he robs and steals. The indictment runs against the morality of the man, not against the tools he uses. It is not the pistol but the assassin that is convicted, when justice is done upon the murderer.

It is the golden water in the large corporations that make them an evil. In the past governments have aided and abetted men in these capitalizations of hope. They have stood by them with high protective tariffs, enabling them to increase still more their exactions from industry. Governments should do everything to encourage men to save and to accumulate capital. Society cannot be regenerated in the twinkling of an eye, but when security is thrown around investments and self-help encouraged, the foundation is laid for all civil, industrial, and religious advance in any land. But society will require the same care against abnormal accumulations. For a man to be allowed to have his gains roll up into hundreds of millions of profits is a disgrace. It is a disgrace to the individual and to the community. Some time ago when financiers dying left tens of millions to charity or churches, they were lauded for their generosity. Today there is a different spirit abroad in the land. The charity or the church asks, "Where did you get the check?" If they decide that he accumulated by reaping where he did not sow and gathering where he had bestowed no labor, by protecting himself in his vast possessions by the corrupt control of councils, legislatures and courts, they give him no honor or they leave his bloated dividends to be as dishonorably spent by his heirs as they were dishonorably won by himself.

The evils in the public eye can only be fully removed by making men square. In the last analysis it is a question of character. At present, as was clearly brought in the United States investigation into colossal combinations, it is altogether a question of the personnel of the men. This is not a comfortable situation for any country to be in. The defence against enormous accumulations and trusts is legislation prohibiting watered stock, and with that society should refuse recognition, or public office, or the esteem of his fellows to dishonest wealth.

EXCITING POLITICS

The recent election in Derry, which transferred the Unionist majority in Ulster to a Home Rule majority, furnished many instances of the seriousness with which the battle was fought. It was a kind of grim sport with death and fate. Men on the eve of givmg up the ghost were carried to the polls. One Unionist voter even died through the excitement of the hour.

Some of the lighter incidents of the event were recorded by The Times correspondent. "A striking instance of the attachment of the electors of Derry to the cause which they espouse was that of a paralytic, who, on being taken to the booth, was unable to say more than 'Pack.' The broken work was accepted by the presiding officer as sufficient evidence of the voter's intention, and his ballot paper was marked for the Unionist candidate. . . . About a month ago a Unionist voter fled to Glasgow to evade the execution of a warrant for his arrest. He landed in a remote fishing village yesterday, and by night was brought to Derry in a motor car and lodged in a private house. This morning, in the disguise of a patient, he was driven to the polling-station in a private brougham, and when his identity was disclosed, the Nationalist personation agent, in his dismay, could only exclaim, 'You have done us nicely.' All the morning there were detectives looking out for him at railway stations with warrants for his arrest."

The plebeian vote at Derry, in which the halt and the maimed were carried to the poll by the Unionists, took place on the same day that the Lords were rejecting the Home Rule Bill at Westminster. It was rejected by a hostile majority of 257, in the name of Ulster, at the very time that Ulster was voting for a representation that gave Home Rule seventeen votes to sixteen Unionists. There was no interest taken in the aristocratic politics in the House of Lords; the debate was merely of academic interest; but there was not lacking excitement in Derry.

EARTH WAITS FOR HER QUEEN

"Beware of women," said a brilliant French writer; "if they do not crown you they will strangle you." Woman lies at the base of all life whether for good or evil. In Great Britain she is becoming terrible and must be propitiated, as the Egyptians hung gorgeous bracelets on the captive crocodile. She has indeed become a fine high-spirited creature, advanced in politics and philosophy, cultured, learned and independent, resolute in will and fearless in her efforts to break all bondage for herself and others, as a Jael, or a Judith, or a Syliva Pankhurst.

In boasting of futile criminalities, Mrs. Pankhurst is at least original. "We have," she said, "blown up the Chancellor of the Exchequer's house. The authorities need not look for the women who did it. I personally accept full responsibility for it. If I am sentenced to penal servitude I will go on the hunger strike. The government will then either have to set me free or let me die." Mrs. "General" Drummond pronounced that feat a "grand demonstration," and when informed of the Kew Gardens incendiarism, "How perfectly lovely!" she said. "We are proud to have such women in our ranks. They help the cause."

In the fierce Middle Ages, when society was a camp and a battleground—when knights, iron-handed and iron-souled, fought and died at the tournament for a lady's smile—life used to be a temple where woman was priestess or a court where woman was queen; now life is a terrible thing, with woman carrying a stiletto at the end of her fan, a whip at the end of her parasol, a cigarette in her mouth, in her hand a roll of resolutions and in her heart an inflexible purpose. Feeling to an appalling degree the weary weight of an unintelligible world, and blaming man for all of its weariness and most of its unintelligibility, she becomes a very broom of destruction. She goes from petty crime to serious outrage, for her anger is fierce and her wrath cruel. The brilliant Frenchman was right: "If they do not crown you, they will strangle you." From Eden to England, woman is the first word written on the page of every history and of every religion. Throughout these epochs the feminine instinct has been to aid the work of man, and to intensify the spirit and tendency of the age which he lead and dominated; but now the energy of decision is in her very footsteps, in the swing of her arms, in the tilt of her cigarette, and levelling and destroying all the old barriers of form and usage, she would leave nothing of the pleasant conventions of false humanity.

The inner meaning of her protest against these conventions is typified in the suffragette hatred for plate glass. The battle tactics of emancipation have widened so as to include many forms of arson and assault and battery, but the smashing of shop windows still seems to be the favorite form of protest. Glass is readily accessible to the suffragette's hammer, and it produces highly disturbing noises on being broken. But glass has a symbolic meaning; it typifies civilization, and at the same time the conventions upon which civilization rests. Glass is fragile against the play of elemental passions, and in that it is not unlike our present civilization. To break glass in defense of woman's rights is to threaten civilization as well. For civilization is hardly more than a veneer; it has not yet penetrated to the heart and core of societies of men.

John Stuart Mill brought a terrible indictment against nature, in which he said, among many other things: "Nature impales men, breaks them as if on a wheel, casts them to be devoured by wild beasts, burns them to death, crushes them with stones like the first Christian martyr, starves them with hunger, freezes them with cold, poisons them with the quick or slow venom of her exhalations, and has hundreds of other hideous deaths in reserve." The suffragettes write the same indictment against man, and then they go forward to their end without regarding what or whom they crush on the road. But nature, not man, is the enemy.

In early days they buried the baking utensils with a woman; the bow and arrows with a man. In those ages, when men were warring or hunting, the women of the family performed all the household duties; drawing water from the well, like Rebecca; or cooking the food, like Sarah, who went forth to knead cakes while angels were conversing with her husband. Today we are reminded with wearying reiteration of the narrowness of domesticity and the drudgery of housekeeping. Assuming that it is drudgery, is it greater drudgery than that of most men in business? Is the work of the household more monotonous than feeding blocks to a mill day after day and removing shingles, than heating one iron bar after another, week after week, year after year, or than adding up one column of figures after another? Women do not have a monopoly of the drudgery of life. Nature imposes disagreeable duties and distasteful tasks upon all, because it is written from the beginning that man must earn his bread by toil and struggle. The home must be managed or abandoned, and its management is in no particular an easy or an inferior task. Empires find their reason for being in the family circle.

RETRACTED CHARGES

Britain justly glories in the high honor of her public men, and it is satisfactory, though not in the least surprising, to find that the allegations of a corrupt relation between the eminent men of the British ministry and the Marconi Company, have turned out to be pure guesswork. Mr. Lawson, the founder of the charges, has been subjected to a severe cross-examination in the course of which he withdrew, or evaded, or denied, every one of the statements, and admitted that he had never verified any of the rumors he had published. The following series of questions and answers occurred:

Mr. Falconer—So far as your own knowledge is concerned, apart from rumors, are you aware of any foundation for any of these rumors?

A.—No; I cannot say that I was ever able to verify any of the rumors.

Lord Robert Cecil—Did you ever try?

A.—Well, I have heard a great many people speak about them.

Mr. Falconer—Did you ever test any of the rumors, and, if so, what, and with what result?

A.—No; I say frankly, I never discovered any.

Mr. Falconer—Therefore, so far as your knowledge goes, no minister or official of any department was associated in this gamble in the sense of taking any part in it himself, or drawing any profit from it—that is, so far as your knowledge goes?

A.—Yes.

The complete disclaimer from Mr. Lawson makes the position of such journals as the Outlook, the National Review, and the New Witness, which supported him, a somewhat awkward one. The most damaging of all Mr. Lawson's confessions was that he himself was a "bear" on Marconi shares, and that his disappointment in the gamble was at the foundation of his attack on ministers.

NOTE AND COMMENT

Is this short session at Fredericton going to result in any real progress regarding good roads? It ought not to require more than five years to get started; and this government came into power in 1908.

* * *

Speaking of the situation at Ottawa the Toronto Globe says the Liberals "are under no obligation, and certainly they are under no necessity, to accept any compromise, because they are in a position to prevent the passage of the naval bill either through the House of Commons or through the Senate, as they may see fit to elect." Which, with other things, would indicate that the decision is for war.

* * *

Madero, says a Mexican despatch, is dead. Murdered? Oh no! "His friends tried to rescue him—misguided men!—and he and they were shot in the confusion." All of which means merely that there are more ways than one of killing a cat. In Mexico a common form of assassination is to urge or tempt a prisoner to try to escape. It then becomes the duty of the guards to fire. Being ready, they seldom miss.

* * *

In demanding the suffrage from Premier Asquith or Lloyd George the suffragettes forgot the lesson of Aesop's wagoner who prayed to Jupiter to lift the wheel out of the rut. In everything political a Premier's power is rigidly circumscribed by the will of Parliament and the will of the people. While seeming omnipotent, politically, he can move only within strictly defined limits.—Toronto Globe.

Jupiter Flemming and Ajax Stewart lifted for all they were worth at Fredericton yesterday, but an ungallant majority of the trousered legislators said the ladies ought to go on minding their knitting. No man will suppose, however, that this is an end of the matter. This is only the first skirmish. The war is to come. If we escape without a season of militant tactics we shall be lucky. The peril of standing between a she-bear and her cubs is no greater than that to be encountered by him who stands up in meeting to say that woman shall not vote. But what would life be without a dash of variety?

* * *

Hon. Mr. Fielding is doing great missionary work in London. In his last letter to the Morning Post he wrote:

"There was," you say, "only a difference of method between the two political parties in Canada." Differences of method are sometimes very important. In this case the difference was vital; it was the difference between giving a Preference to Great Britain and not giving it. Mr. Borden and his associates, as I have clearly pointed out, advocated a "mutual Preference," which could only mean that Canada should give no Preference to Great Britain until Great Britain was ready to reciprocate. Now, as you well know, the moment when Great Britain was ready to reciprocate never arrived. Mr. Borden's mutual Preference never came into existence. If any of your readers can derive comfort from a kind of Preference that could only be found in dreamland, I would not wish to deprive them of that comfort. But the world is disposed to be practical in these matters. The British Preferential Tariff that has been in operation in Canada for so many years, and that has been so justly commended by the Morning Post, and by most other good Britishers, is not the mutual Preference of Mr. Borden and dreamland. It is the real living Preference, established and maintained by the government of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in the face of the known hostility of Mr. Borden and his associates.

DR. JAMES TELLS OF AGRICULTURAL GRANT TO PROVINCES

Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 20—Dr. C. C. James, special commissioner of the federal department of agriculture, addressed the committee on agriculture this morning. Lieut.-Governor Wood presided and introduced the speaker.

Dr. James spoke on what was to be done in connection with $10,000,000 grant by dominion government for assistance of agriculture.

It was not intended that this money should be handed over in a lump sum but should be given out gradually during ten years so that as the work increased large sums would be granted.

Dr. James said that if at the end of five years the $65,000 which would then be available annually for carrying on the work proved to be insufficient and it could be shown that good results had come, there was no reason why further amounts could not be obtained.

A vote of thanks to Dr. James was moved by Hon. Dr. Landry, seconded by Hon. Mr. Flemming. Mr. Dickson of Albert was elected chairman of the committee and H. G. Fenety secretary. The committee adjourned until next Tuesday

A good and simple orange salad is made of sliced oranges on lettuce leaves, covered with French dressing.

KINGSTON WANTS BRIDGE ACROSS THE KENNEBECCASIS

Rousing Public Meeting Condemns Present Transportation Facilities

Wooden Structure at Perry's Point Was Destroyed Four Years Ago, and the People Have Been in Sore Straits Since — Larger Subsidies for Gondola Point Ferry and Stmr. Hampton Favored.

Perry's Point, N. B., Feb. 22—A large and representative non-political meeting of the ratepayers and residents of the parish of Kingston was held in Kingston hall on Thursday evening, Feb. 20.

The meeting was called to order at 9 o'clock. S. H. Scribner was elected chairman and Guy H. Flewwelling, secretary.

The chairman explained that the purpose of the meeting was to lay before the government in a proper way the matter of better transportation across the Kennebeccasis river between the parishes of Kingston and Rothesay, also a means of transportation for the farmers of the parish of Kingston to the markets at St. John. Then in a brief address he explained the conditions of transportation as they are at present and laid the matter before the meeting for discussion.

The matter was ably discussed by different speakers and although both political parties were strongly in evidence nothing of a party nature was brought up and the meeting was unanimous in the resolution that a better means than was now available of free transportation across the Kennebeccasis river between the parishes of Kingston and Rothesay was of vital interest to the people of Kingston parish.

It was moved and unanimously carried that a delegation be sent to Fredericton to interview the government as to our means of transportation out of Kingston parish and to lay before the government the views of the people of the parish.

A committee was then appointed to draw up resolutions to lay before the government.

The following resolutions were accordingly drawn up and unanimously passed:

That whereas the wooden passenger bridge across the Kennebeccasis river at Perry's Point was destroyed by flood in January, 1909, and has not been rebuilt; and

Whereas, the interests of the greater part of the parish are not as adequately served by the free sail ferry at Perry's Point, as they would be by a bridge; and

Whereas, the steamer Hampton cannot be kept on her route between Hampton and St. John under the present subsidy; and

Whereas, the wire ferry at Gondola Point cannot run without loss of money under the present subsidy; and

Whereas, for a considerable time every year there is no means of transportation across the Kennebeccasis river between the parishes of Kingston and Rothesay; and

Whereas, our means of transportation are worse than they have been at any time during the last forty years; therefore,

Resolved, that the ratepayers of the parish of Kingston humbly and respectfully ask that immediate steps be taken towards the building of a passenger bridge across the Kennebeccasis river connecting the parishes of Kingston and Rothesay; further

Resolved, that a subsidy of not less than $6,000 yearly be granted to the Gondola Point ferry to enable the continuance of the wire ferry; further

Resolved, that a subsidy of not less than $1,000 yearly be granted to the owners of the steamer Hampton to enable the said steamer to continue her present service between Hampton and St. John.

The following delegates were then appointed to wait on the government at Fredericton: A. R. Wetmore, A. P. Pitt, George Hennessey, Sr., Guy H. Flewwelling and others.

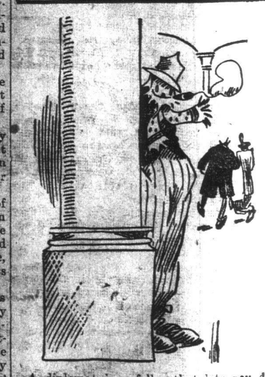
It was then unanimously carried that the meeting put themselves on record as being opposed to any change in the route of the Valley Railway, except that route for which the contract has been signed.

The meeting was then adjourned until called together by the delegates to hear the report of their interview with the government.

WILLIAM FRASER, RETIRED D. A. R. OFFICIAL, DEAD

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 20—(Special)—William Fraser, one of the oldest railway men in eastern Canada, and said to be one of the best informed, died tonight at Kentville. He had been superannuated a year ago by the Dominion Atlantic Railway, retiring from the position of traffic superintendent of the road.

ABE MARTIN



A diplomat is a feller that lets you do all th' talkin' while he's gittin' what he wants. Stew Nugent is not doin' anything this winter as his mother lives here.

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Official Account Sa
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Mexico City, Feb.
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Two of the party
killed in the exchange

Mexico City, Feb. 23—Fr
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were killed.
The circumstances surroun
of the deposed president
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The only witnesses were
concerned in the killing.
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neither knows.
An official investigation ha
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guilty will be punished.

Widow Hears the New

Senora Madero, the wid
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friends had endeavored up
to prevent her from learni
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Soon afterward, accompa
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a sister of Francisco, Senora
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Senora Suarez was also deni
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autopsy.
In contrast to the widow
was of a pitiably silent char
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young woman, educated in P
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Mercedes Madero Furio

By the side of the two w
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"Cowards," "assassins," sh
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Madero's father and Rafe
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Henry Lane Wilson, had i
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Madero Shot from Behi

The body of Madero sh
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There are no signs of a
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to the American ambassad
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The memorial extends since
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The Official Account.

Mexico City, Feb. 23—Fr
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the British minister and

Dr. J.
Wholesale Agent

MADERO AND EX-VICE PRESIDENT MURDERED

Shot to Death in Automobile Conveying Them to Another Prison

Official Account Says Guard Was Attacked in Midnight Trip and Deposed Officials Were Slain in the Melee—Widows Denied Admission to See Bodies of Husbands—New Government Professes Regret at the Tragedy.

Mexico City, Feb. 23—Francisco I. Madero and Jose Pino Suarez, deposed President and Vice President, respectively, of the Mexican republic were shot and killed today, when an attempt was made to rescue them from an automobile that was transferring them to the penitentiary.

News of the death of Madero and Suarez was confirmed by General Huerta. Previously it had been announced that the transfer from the National Palace to the penitentiary had been made successfully.

Two of the party that attacked the automobile were reported killed in the exchange of shots.

Mexico City, Feb. 23—Francisco I. Madero and Jose Pino Suarez are dead. In a midnight ride, under guard, from the National Palace to the penitentiary, they were killed.

The circumstances surrounding the death of the deposed president and vice-president of the republic are unknown except as given in the official accounts, which do not conform in all cases.

The only witnesses were those actually concerned in the killing. The provisional president, General Victorina Huerta, said that the killing of the two men was incidental to a fight between their guard and a party attempting to liberate them. The minister of foreign relations, Francisco De La Barra, adds that the prisoners attempted to escape. Neither makes a definite statement as to which side fired the fatal shots. It is not impossible that neither knows.

An official investigation has been ordered to determine the responsibility, and solemn promises have been made that the guilty will be punished.

Widow Hears the News.

Senora Madero, the widow of the ex-president, received the first definite information of his death from the Spanish minister, Senor Cologan Y Cologan. She already had heard reports that something unusual and serious had occurred, but friends had endeavored up to that time to prevent her from learning the whole truth.

Soon afterward, accompanied by her brother, Jose Perez, and Mercedes Madero, a sister of Francisco, Senora Madero drove to the penitentiary but was refused permission to see the body of her husband. Senora Suarez was also denied admittance to the mortuary, where physicians, in accordance with the law, were performing an autopsy.

In contrast to the widow, whose grief was of a pitiably silent character, expressed in sobs, Mercedes Madero, a beautiful young woman, educated in Paris, who has been a brilliant leader of society since the revolution of 1910, was dry-eyed and tigerish in her emotions.

Mercedes Madero Furious.

By the side of the two women whose husbands had been killed the girl hurled accusations at the officers who barred the entrance.

"Cowards," "assassins," she called them, her voice pitched high. The officers stared impassively. "You the man who fired on a defenceless man, you and your superior officers are traitors." No effort was made to remove the women, nor did the officers attempt to silence them.

Madero's father, and Rafesl Hernandez, former minister of the interior, and other friends made efforts early in the day to recover the bodies, but it was stated this afternoon that the American ambassador, Henry Lane Wilson, had interested himself and secured the promise of Minister De La Barra that the bodies should be delivered to their families for burial.

Madero Shot from Behind.

The body of Madero shows only one wound. A bullet entered the back of the head and emerged from in front. Both president and ministers deeply deplored the affair and decided upon a full investigation to fix the responsibility and to punish the guilty. Already formal action has been taken by the authorities, and the members of the escort are under arrest pending the inquiry.

There are no signs of a demonstration in the central part of the city during the day. The news was received quietly and apparently philosophically.

One hundred representative members of the British colony have sent a memorial to the American ambassador expressing "appreciation for the able manner in which the ambassador has handled the delicate situation caused by the recent disturbance. The memorial extends sincere thanks "for the help afforded all foreigners by the American embassy without distinction of nationality, and more especially all British residents."

The Official Account.

Mexico City, Feb. 23—Francisco De La Barra, the foreign minister, sent an official statement to the foreign diplomatic representatives, in which he said:

"The department of foreign relations desires to make known, as already announced to the ambassador of the United States, the British minister and other members of the diplomatic corps on various occasion, that the government decided at a council of the ministers that all acts relating to Madero and Pino Suarez should be adjudicated strictly according to law, as was their due, and that in consequence the accusation process, if such had taken place, would not have departed one jota from the legal measures applicable to the case.

"That after taking this decision, the government agreed to remove Madero and Suarez to the penitentiary, where they would have the necessary security, consideration and comforts.

"That yesterday morning the minister of foreign relations so informed Ambassador Wilson, saying that the Mexican government would proceed always in accord with the law and that the removal of the ex-president and the ex-vice-president to the penitentiary would be for the reasons afore indicated.

How it Happened.

"Last night about 11.30 o'clock I was called with all haste to the National Palace by the chief of staff of the president. An automobile was sent with an aide to take me as well as the secretary of the interior, Alberto Garcia Granados. Surprised by the unusual calm, I attempted to talk by telephone with General Blanquet, the military commander, who made known that something serious had occurred.

"On our arrival at midnight at the palace the president explained that Francisco Madero and Jose Pino Suarez, while being conducted to the penitentiary in automobiles were killed in an encounter which the escort, guarding the prisoners, had had with a group of individuals who attempted to liberate the two men.

"Other members of the cabinet having arrived, it was agreed that it was an absolute necessity for the honor of the government that not only it proceed in a minute investigation of this act, according to the law's demands, but, going further, that immediate notice should be given to the chief attorney of the military court, Jose Vasquez Tagle, that he with the judge advocate, should make investigations and consign those responsible, whoever they might be, to custody, and that he proceed to examine them in conformity with the law.

"It was agreed also that Attorney-General Castellanoes, whose energy and competency are well known, should take action in this most unfortunate affair.

"According to the reports which President Huerta received and communicated to the ministers, a group of five individuals at a point about half way between the palace and the penitentiary fired upon the chauffeur of the automobile which was under escort. The order was given for more speed. Shortly afterwards another group more numerous sallied from the cross streets, firing on the escort. It seems that Madero and Suarez at this point attempted to escape.

"President Huerta communicated to the ministers the news of the death of the ex-president and the ex-vice-president, adding that there was another person killed and two persons wounded, according to the information he had at the moment, without being exact as to which group these belonged. He also informed the ministers that there had been some arrests.

"The secretary of foreign relations, echoing the feeling of the government, and moved by personal sentiments which have caused him to view with horror the shedding of blood outside those cases wherein the law has imposed the punishment, not only laments the affair, but is convinced that the honor of the republic demands a careful investigation and exemplary punishment for those who may be proven guilty of this act, whose transcendency cannot be hidden."

LIGHTS OUT!

(In Memory of Captain Oates.)

The goal achieved; the need for haste
In lonely land accursed and lost;
A tent, a speck amidst the waste
Of blighting forces, ice and frost.

From mocking dreams to hopeless day,
The screeching blizzard lashing round.
The sick man wakes, makes clear the way
For trusty comrades homeward bound.

He staggers into the Unknown,
The furies rage within, without,
He meets at last the Great Alone.
Afar the bugles ring "Lights Out!"

—John Stephen.

FOSTER BIDES HIS CHANCE IN SILENCE

The Tory "Word Spinner" Said to Be Sore at Not Getting His Old Job

IS NURSING A SWEET REVENGE

H. F. Gadsby Describes the "Lank and Lean One" in Far Off China Getting Pointers from Yuan Shi Kai How to Get Even With Tom White.

(Special to The Telegraph and Toronto Star.)

BY H. F. GADSBY.

SCENE I.

Ottawa, Feb. 18—The little, lean, lank man with the long face nibbles at his red pencil and strokes his chin. He is well pleased with himself, for he chews the cud of a lingering revenge. There is nothing like a good hatred to keep a man young. Moreover, hating is a great virtue, for has not Zarathustra said that to have friends one must be capable of making enemies? The little, lean, lank man has plenty of enemies and is a good hater, make no doubt of that. Just now he is pleasantly engaged in hating his present company. It warms the cockles of his heart to think how much he despises everybody in the Borden cabinet except himself. He feels toward them a good-natured contempt. He is Mutt and the rest of them are Jeffs.

The little, lean, lank man chuckles inwardly at the way he is getting even. They would choose a young scout for finance minister, would they, just because he had no past had had never broken the eleventh commandment—thou shalt not be found out? They would brush the veteran aside, would they, for somebody young and plastic? They would choose a white page rather than a printed one? They would turn over a new leaf by turning down an old one would they? They would slight seasoned rhetoric for budding precocity, would they? They would, would they? Very well. Let the dumb government perish of its dumbness. The little, lean, lank man will make no speeches to help them out. It is easier to be silent than to be second fiddle. The irony of it! The most eloquent Tory voice in Canada as mute as Tara's harp!

Thought they had his voice, when they had him, did they? Well they have another think coming. Paid for a balking horse, didn't they? The little, lean, lank man smiles grimly. Let their youthful champion do the work. Watch that infant prodigy now. See him spread his tail like a peacock in his pride because there is a government house crowd in the gallery. Observe him patronizing Adam Smith and Bastint and the other apostles for whom the little man has a great respect even if it is not expedient to agree with them. Listen to those sneers at Dr. Michael Clarke as he last surviving free trader in captivity. The little man would never make a mistake like that. He knows that free trade is not dead but sleeping and that the way to recall it to life is to mock it in and out of season. How ready this brash supplanter is to make speeches! What will he be like when he is old if this lecture habit grows? Pity him in his anecdotage. Will time never teach him the wisdom of closed lips? Can't the fellow get it into his head that sitting tight is the better half of statesmanship.

The little man pulls himself up with a jerk. The young Alcibiades, who sits for Leeds, has gone far enough with his political ocenomy.

"Come, come," he raps out. "There is a bill before the house." Alcibiades subsides, and Demothenes gets down to business, the treaty with the West Indies. The little man is in great good humor all afternoon. He has been waiting for this chance to take Alcibiades down for months. Everything comes to the man who waits.

SCENE II.

The middle of the Pacific Ocean—The little, lean, lank man, in peaked cap and tweeds, sits in his deck-chair and gazes wanly at the waves. The wind harps in the rigging, as is the wind's habit. It also blows through the little man's whiskers and brings color to his pale face. It seems a pity that travel which is such a great educator should act so often as an emetic. Probably that is the way it takes to broaden the mind. Among other things a sea-voyage expels are doubtless one's preconceived opinions. The little man will not admit that he has been sea sick. The food on the C. P. R. boats is excellent. It was the thought of Tom White that upset him. But he is happy now. He is recovering. Tomorrow he will find his sea-legs. Meanwhile the ship rolls about ten degrees too much for perfect comfort. The Pacific ocean has never been quite the same since Colonel Sam delivered that stirring speech at Vancouver a year ago.

The little man is in as high spirits as a total abstainer can be. He is the kind of Wandering Jew that never complains of sore feet. Any place but home for him. Every hour takes him twenty miles further away from that bunch of misfits, his colleagues at Ottawa. Every hour China is twenty miles nearer. Better a cycle of Cathay than the fag end of a session with the Borden cabinet. The little man is not thinking of Parliament Hill, or the blue Laurentian Mountains—or the Borden emergency or the bank act. They are as forgotten as yesterday's marmalade. He is thinking of China. He loves China because it is so far from Bob Rogers and the rest of the outfit.

Tears of joy glisten in his eyes. He is grateful to the Pacific ocean. Although he is a dry little man to look at and a dry little man when he writes for the magazines and a dry little man in anything but his speeches, he is grateful to the Pacific ocean because it is so wet. Water has always been a great boon to the little man. It launched him on his political career as a temperance reformer. It serves now in the shape of oceans to put thousands of leagues between him and his despised associates. Water, water everywhere and not a drop to wash with that won't take your skin off! The little, lean, lank man is in his element. The ship plunges. The little man totters to the rail, leans over, and makes another thank offering to the Pacific ocean. He pours out his soul. Neptune is a jealous god. Even the minister of trade and commerce cannot forget that.

SCENE III.

Who is this coming out of the pagoda with a Chinese lantern in his hand? It is the little, lean, lank man from Ottawa (Ont.) After honk-honking through Hong Kong in a benzine devil-wagon he has pesked in at Pekin and is now camping in one of the deserted palaces in the Forbidden City. China is a republic now and a Canadian ambassador can rent an imperial palace with a dozen roofs for fifty brass coat checks a day. The Six Power Loan has got to be repaid and the government must raise the wind some way. Consequently the little man from Ottawa is getting his local color cheap.

A well-fed smile wreathes his features. Sitting cross-legged on a divan he has just eaten a Chinese dinner of twenty-four courses, including bird's-nest soup, shredded shark fins, preserved rat, topped off with a tasty dried egg laid down 300 years ago in the reign of Wun Lung. Just now he is picking his teeth with the sharpened end of a chop stick. The other chop stick he wears jauntily behind his left ear.

He has, of course, adopted the native dress. He wears a mushroom hat with a green button, a yellow jacket (being Orange in his sympathies), a padded silk cassock, and felt shoes, in a word the costume of a Mandarin of the First Class. By a dexterous touch or two with the pencil he has given his eyes a slant. Never having had a queue he finds himself strictly in fashion. There is nothing to distinguish him from a Manchu except a slight difficulty in pronouncing the Chinese language. Although he has been in the country only a month he can write the tea chest script with ease. The 800 sacred books which constitute a Chinese education he has committed to memory without any trouble. He is known far and wide as a pundit who combines western culture with eastern learning and is in such favor with the new government that he can have a province to rule and rob any day he likes, if he will only consent to be naturalized. But this honor he stoutly declines because he is never a better Canadian than when he is away from home.

A great mandarin is Gee Ee Fost Ah, as fertile in moral precept as Confucius. He rediscovers all the things that China discovered a thousand years before anybody else, and, then, with the true Chinese spirit, drops them, saying: "What's the use?" He is the confidential adviser of President Yuan Shi Kai, who imparts to him the pleasing information that suicide is considered a practical joke in China." "Ah, ha," says Gee Ee Fost Ah. "I will go back to Canada and do it on Tom White's doorstep. Then I will have the laugh on him."

"Very clever," says Yuan Shi Kai," but one good hint deserves another. What am I to do with the Great Wall of China? Shall I abolish it?"

"Abolish it," exclaims Gee Ee Fost Ah, "Never! I am a protectionist. Make it higher. Make it as high as Haman's gallows."

JOSHUA PETERS, OF MONCTON, DEAD

Was Leading Citizen and Long Identified With the Record Foundry.

Moncton, N. B., Feb. 23—(Special)—Joshua Peters, a leading resident of Moncton, and for many years, until ill health caused his retirement, actively identified with the Record Foundry & Machine Company, died on Saturday evening in the 63rd year of his age.

He was a native of Kent county, but for the past forty-three years had been a resident of Moncton. He is survived by three sons, Seymour, Charles and Jashua, who are connected with the Montreal branch of the foundry, Alfred L., Oswald J. and Frank Peters, of Moncton, are brothers, are Mrs. Keswick, of Vancouver, and Mrs. B. F. Reade, of Moncton, are sisters.

AGED AMHERST MAN SERIOUSLY INJURED

Amherst, N. S., Feb. 23—(Special)—Joseph Goodwin, an old and prominent citizen of Amherst, met with a serious accident last evening from the result of which he is now a patient in the Highland View hospital and his condition is regarded as very critical.

Mr. Goodwin was crossing the intersection of Church street with Victoria street at Fuller's Corner when a horse and sleigh driving at a moderate rate turned the corner, striking and throwing him under the horse's feet. He was rendered unconscious by the accident and when removed to the hospital it was found that he had sustained a severe fracture at the base of the skull and had a number of ribs broken, besides sustaining other injuries.

Mr. Goodwin has been conducting a blacksmithing in Amherst for more than thirty years.

Don't set leaky vessels on the range, or spill cold water on it. These things cause it to crack and warp.

MASTER WORKMAN SMOKING TOBACCO

His First Smoke:

My choice fell on

"Master Workman"

SMOKING TOBACCO

It's fine!

The Young Smoker.

This world-famous Brand can now be obtained for 15c. a cut at all the best Stores.

AGRICULTURE

The Use of Glass for the Forcing of Flowers and Vegetables —Some Idea of the Business Done in America.

Vegetation is rapid in the east but the seasons are not long. The gardener considers himself fortunate if he gets four months without frost. Marketmen are fast learning how they may secure a crop in advance of its normal season; how to grow long season crops in a short season country; how to get two crops in one season on the same piece of land. "Glass," in some form, has largely solved these problems for the grower, so that glass is regarder as essential to the best success in the garden. The term "glass" covers the whole range of forcing hills, cold frames, hotbeds and glasshouses.

Glass in any form is expensive—so expensive that many are deterred from its use. The returns are also large. The largest growers are among the most extensive users of glass, and among the most successful.

To build what greenhouses that may be accommodated on an acre would require a primary outlay of $30,000. Interest on money invested, coal, help, etc., will require an outlay of between $7,000 and $8,000. Twenty thousand feet of bench area producing fifty cents worth of produce per year, a modest estimate, would sell for $10,000. Not every acre on the farm is cleaning up $2,000.

An acre may be covered with hotbeds at a very much less cost. A frame, with the necessary sash to cover, will cost from $14 to $18 depending upon locality. When we allow for proper space between, say seven feet, it will be found that about 280 frames may be placed on an acre, at a total cost og $4,000. The cost of cold frames would be the same, while forcing hills may be cheaply constructed by the handy man on the farm.

Some idea of the extent of the business done under glass in America may be gleaned from the following: Wholesale values of roses, $7,000,000; carnations, $5,000,000; violets, $1,000,; chrysanthemums, $1,000,000; bulbs, $3,000,000; bedding plants, $3,000,000; lettuce, $4,000,000; cucumbers, $2,000,000; other plants, $2,000,000.

The use of glass for the forcing of flowers and vegetables is not new. It is known that the old Romans were able to secure fresh fruits and vegetables, for their banquents, the year round. They did it by retarding the growth of some and accelerating the growth of others. Their metheds were primitive, of course, but quite effective. Pits, covered with slabs of talc, heated by decomposing manure were the structures used. Talc was here made to take the place of glass. Gradually the forcing house has evolved, the while more and more glass has been used in the construction, until the house of today is nearly, or quite ninety-five per cent. glass.

A forcinghill is an arrangement by means of which a single plant, or a single hills of plants may be forced where it permanently stands. A number of such devices have been designed and placed on the market. Not any, except one or two, have become popular.

The device, in my opinion, which is the most useful is a box without bottom or top. This should measure about 16x16 inches and eight inches high. The plants which are to be grown may be planted in the open ground in advance of their normal season. The box is placed over, and covered with a pane of glass. The glass is usually tipped toward the south in the early season, so that the rays of the sun may be concentrated on the desired area. As the season advances such forcing hills require close watching. The writer has seen plants burned white under the boxes in a few minutes at noon. Tilting the boxes, so that fresh air may gain access, and a handful of grass on the top of the hill, furnishing shade, will prevent this.

A cold-frame is a box covered with glass. Cold-frames of every shape and size srye in use, but the standard frame measures 6x12 feet. Such a frame is covered by four sash measuring 3x6 feet. Sometimes cotton cloth is used for the purpose. A cold-frame has no bottom heat.

Plants are sometimes started in the cold-frame, but its chief use is for receiving partially hardened plants which have been started earlier in hotbeds and forcing houses; and for wintering young cabbage, lettuce and other hardy plants, which have been sown in the fall. In the vicinity of our large cities cold-frames are much in evidence. Some market garden crops are planted permanently under the frames. As the season advances the corners of the frame are lifted, to supply ventilation and to permit the plants (if vines) to grow out beyond the frames. Later the sash are removed, and later still the entirt frame.

Hot beds are the same as cold-frames except that bottom heat is supplied by means of heating manure, heating sawdust, hot air furnaces or exhause steam. The making of hot beds and the manipulation of sash will be dealt with at some future time.

Glass houses the increasing in number and popularity. They are driving out hot beds for the forcing of winter produce. They furnish protection for the grower as well as the plants. While the wind howls without, the grower enjoys heat and sunshine under glass while working with his plants.

A peculiar kind of glass farming, seldom seen in this country, is the use of the bell-jar. The writer has done an amount of experimenting with them, and has concluded that they are not to be recommended for American conditions. They are very popular in France and becoming more so in England. In the old land the profits per acre under this system are remarkable. We have found them to require such exact and constant care that they seldom pay, where labor is high. In some parts of Europe, labor is so cheap that men may be hired to carry manure on their backs to force plants under bell-jars for fifty cents a day. This method of farming is usually spoken of as the French system of gardening.

Farming under glass has certain attractions which never fail to please. Such farming, however, requires patience, forethought and perseverance. When properly carried on, it always pays.—E. M. Straight.

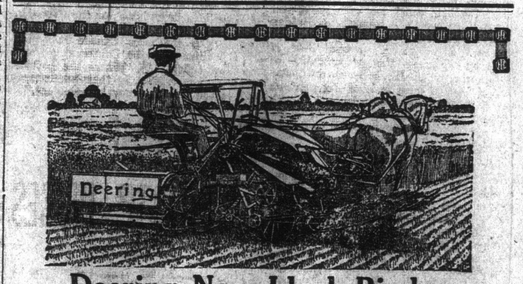
BENEFITS OF EDUCATION.

First man—"There's nothing like classical education with a university finish for getting a man along in the world."

Second man—"Quite right, sir. My son was at Cambridge, and when he had graduated there I sent him to Germany to finish off."

First Man—"Excellent! Excellent! And what is he doing now?"

Second Man—"He's running a good-paying glue factory in East London."



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NGSTON WANTS RIDGE ACROSS THE KENNEBECCASIS

Using Public Meeting Condemns Present Transportation Facilities

Wooden Structure at Perry's Point Was Destroyed Four Years Ago, and the People Have Been in Sore Straits Since — Larger Subsidies for Gondola Point Ferry and Stmr. Hampton Favored.

Perry's Point, N. B., Feb. 22—A large representative non-political meeting of ratepayers and residents of the parish Kingston was held in Kingston hall on Sday evening, Feb. 20.

The meeting was called to order at 9 ock. S. H. Scribner was elected chair- and Guy H. Flewwelling, secretary.

The chairman explained that the pur- of the meeting was to lay before the ernment in a proper way the matter etter transportation across the Kenne- asis river between the parishes of gston and Rothesay, also a means of sportation for the farmers of the par- of Kingston to the markets at St. n. Then in a brief address he explained conditions of transportation as they are resent and laid the matter before the ting for discussion.

The matter was ably discussed by different speakers and although both political ies were strongly in evidence nothing party nature was brought up and the ting was unanimous in the resolution a better means than was now avail- of free transportation across the Ken- eccasis river between the parishes of gston and Rothesay was of vital inter- to the people of Kingston parish.

was moved and unanimously carried a delegation be sent to Fredericton interview the government as to our ns of transportation out of Kingston sh and to lay before the government views of the people of the parish.

committee was then appointed to w up resolutions to lay before the gov- ment.

The following resolutions were accord- drawn up and unanimously passed:

hat whereas the wooden passenger ge across the Kennebeccasis river at ry's Point was destroyed by flood in uary, 1909, and has not been rebuilt;

Whereas, the interests of the greater of the parish are not as adequately ed by the free sail ferry at Perry's nt, as they would be by a bridge; and Whereas, the steamer Hampton cannot cept on her route between Hampton St. John under the present subsidy;

Whereas, the wire ferry at Gondola nt cannot run without loss of money er the present subsidy; and

Whereas, for a considerable time every there is no means of transportation ss the Kennebeccasis river between the shes of Kingston and Rothesay; and

Whereas, our means of transportation worse than they have been at any time ng the last forty years; therefore,

esolved, that the ratepayers of the par- of Kingston humbly and respectfully that immediate steps be taken towards building of a passenger bridge across Kennebeccasis river connecting the shes of Kingston and Rothesay; fur-

esolved, that a subsidy of not less than 00 yearly be granted to the Gondola nt ferry to enable the continuance of wire ferry; further

esolved, that a subsidy of not less than 00 yearly be granted to the owners of steamer Hampton to enable the said mer to continue her present service een Hampton and St. John.

he following delegates were then ap- nted to wait on the government at dericton: A. R. Wetmore, A. P. Pitt, rge Hennessey, Sr., Guy H. Flewwelling others.

was then unanimously carried that the ting put themselves on record as being posed to any change in the route of the ley Railway, except that route for ch the contract has been signed.

he meeting was then adjourned until ed together by the delegates to hear report of their interview with the gov- ment.

WILLIAM FRASER, RETIRED D. A. R. OFFICIAL, DEAD

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 20—(Special)—William Fraser, one of the oldest railway in eastern Canada, and said to be of the best informed, died tonight at ntville. He had been superannuated a r ago by the Dominion Atlantic Railway, retiring from the position of traffic erintendent of the road.

ABE MARTIN

diplomat is a feller that lets you do th' talkin' while he's gittin' what he nts. Stew Nugent is not doin' anything winter as his mother lives here.

DARE TORIES TO BRING ON ELECTION

Challenges Hurled in the House

Dreadnoughts Only a Loan to Britain Says Crothers

Hon. A. K. MacLean, in Slashing Speech, Defies Government to Show Where Any Emergency Exists Outside of Unholy Alliance With Nationalists—No Trouble for Canada to Man a Navy.

Ottawa, Feb. 21—After a caucus by the Liberals in the morning, at which it was decided to give the naval issue a thorough discussion and to resist closure, the debate upon Mr. Borden's proposals was continued throughout the day. Four speeches were delivered, two being made by each side.

Resuming the naval debate today Hon. Mr. Crothers declared that the loan to Britain of thre dreadnoughts did not constitute tribute. He maintained that the opposition to the Borden proposals was based upon three false premises, and that the present proposals constituted the whole naval policy of the government, that the people had not been consulted, and that the people had approved of the Laurier policy.

Mr. Crothers charged the Laurier policy had twice been rejected by the people. It was rejected in the election of 1911 and it was rejected in 1908, when the people approved of his do-nothing policy.

The Liberals were challenging the government to appeal to the people on the issue. "They are talking that way to muster their courage," said Mr. Crothers. "They know the atmosphere in this country would be most unhealthy for them. An election would so decimate their ranks that they would be hopeless and ineffectual in this house."

Liberals Dare Tories to Appeal to People.

"Are you sincere about that," inquired Mr. McLean, of Halifax.

"Suppose you try it," suggested Mr. McMillian, of Glengarry.

"If you believe that why don't you put it to the test?" commented Hon. Mr. Graham.

Mr. Crothers quoted Premier Borden's pre-election declaration that he would consult the admiralty that if he found need for emergency action he would take it and if the action was denied by the opposition he would appeal to the country.

"Is that promise to be relied upon," asked Mr. Graham, "or is it just like the Borden policy of 1908."

"Mr. Borden can always be relied upon to stick to his promises," declared Mr. Crothers, while the Liberals cheered.

Mr. Crothers concluded with an appeal to the labor people to support the Borden proposals as being in reality a peace measure. It meant a guaranteeing of peace by ensuring the preparedness of Britain for war. He believed the labor men of Canada were as loyal and patriotic as any class of the community and though opposed to war and militarism would recognize that the government's proposal was a short cut to peace.

Hon. A. K. MacLean.

Hon. A. K. McLean, in the course of one of the most cogent and effective addresses on the naval issue yet given to the house, covered all the salient aspects of the issue. At the outset, he referred to the three cardinal criticisms of the Laurier policy mentioned by Mr. Crothers. It was true that the Liberals asserted that Britain had not asked for aid. The admiralty could not be so construed. It had been obtained practically under pressure from the Canadian ministers and did not really reflect the opinion of the admiralty or of any leader of public thought in Britain. It was the outcome of the government's necessity here, or some remedy for their ill-advised and unpatriotic pre-election stands on the naval question.

Nor did the Liberals admit that Britain really needed the assistance as contemplated at present. There was not a shadow or a shade of evidence as to the alleged emergency contained either in the admiralty memorandum or in the statement of any reputable public man in Britain. The emergency was purely a political emergency resulting from the alliance of Nationalists and Conservatives. The emergency was not even as great as it was in 1909 when parliament hadw unanimsuosly decided that a direct contribution was unnecessary and that the situation then called only for the "speedy" construction of a Canadian navy.

If Premier Borden believed there was an emergency why had he delayed over a year after assuming office before bringing down his proposals? As a matter of fact, the emergency argument had been almost dropped by the government apologists during the last stages of the debate.

Mr. MacLean believed that in the judgment of the Canadian electors as a whole and even in the judgment of the men sitting in the shadow of the parliament buildings at London there was no strong opinion in favor of the principle of a contribution, as opposed to the principle of a Canadian navy.

Government speakers seemed to think that the word of the premier as to the existence of an emergency should be accepted without cavil by the members of parliament. In view of the premier's frequent changes of policy on the naval question it could hardly be expected that his last word should not be accepted without examination of the actual facts of the situation in Britain.

The opposition has a right to know on what grounds the government was now departing from the policy unanimously accepted by both parties in 1909. They had a right to demand a statement as to what would be the permanent policy in naval matters. They had a right to criticize the manner in which the government had appealed to the prejudices and passions of one section of the community against any naval defence whatever.

The Unholy Alliance.

The pre-election appeal of the Conservative-Nationalist coalition in Quebec, declared Mr. MacLean, had been the greatest political crime ever committed by any party in Canada. Now they were seeking to salve their consciences by a policy of expediency which was not based on any sound principles of good economy, good imperialism, or good Canadianism. Even if the house should endorse the policy of contribution, he believed that that contribution would more properly express the real desire of the Canadian people and not a "contribution of ships with a string attached."

The policy advocated by the government could only emanate from those who were blind to the teachings of history or who would not learn a lesson from human nature. Centralization, not based on responsible government, would not make for the permanent unity of the empire and cordiality of the imperial relations. On the other hand the Laurier policy meant the gradual education of the people of Canada along sound lines of naval defence and co-operation within the empire. It was in accord with the best opinions of British statesmen and of all students of political history.

Mr. MacLean dealt in a somewhat humorous vein with Premier Borden's fulsome declaration in England of the loyalty of the Canadian people. He noted that one result of these loyal orations had been to produce a statement from a lady at Stratford-on-Avon. This lady had announced her determination to present to the Canadian government "a small museum of relics of royalty among which are a few pieces of genuine old and venerable crockery, these articles being a direct reward also for defeating that horrid reciprocity." (Laughter.)

Continuing at night, Mr. MacLean pointed out that at the last election the navy was not an issue except in Quebec, where the Laurier policy was sustained despite the joint efforts of Nationalists and Conservatives. The union of these factions was a marriage of convenience.

"Let me suggest," said he, "that the postmaster-general and the minister of inland revenue should go to their constituents at once and test public opinion." (Liberal cheers.) Mr. MacLean added that the premier should take until next week to consider this suggestion and then let the house know what he thought about it.

Dealing with Canada's ability to man her own fleet units, Mr. MacLean pointed out that the service of young Canadians in training on the Niobe had been discouraged by Conservative politicians all over the country, who had spoken sneeringly of the "tin-pot navy." "Their conduct," observed Mr. MacLean, "was worthy of the tin-pot patriots who talk that way."

The largest fighting ships required about 1,000 men. "I say," declared Mr. MacLean, "that you could place two such ships on the Atlantic coast and within two years they could be fully manned, outside the technical officers and experts, by men from the maritime provinces and Newfoundland coasts. I make that statement on the very best authority in the British Empire."

Conservatives claimed a Canadian navy was a separatist navy, yet they declared for a Canadian navy in the future. If a Canadian navy was a separatist navy now, it would be a separatist navy ten years hence, but it was not a separatist navy now.

Mr. MacLean challenged the government to carry out its pre-election promise to the Nationalists, to repeal the existing naval service act. They dare not do it. As far as they dare go was to leave the training cruiser Niobe tied up in Halifax harbor instead of going out on cruises with a full complement of enlisted Canadians in training for the Canadian navy. The Niobe is tied up to a wharf and that is the price Canada is paying for the alliance of the Conservatives and the Nationalists. "I charge the government with cowardice in their administration of the Canadian naval service act."

BIG SLUMP IN POTATO PRICES

Woodstock, N. B., Feb. 21—Potatoes today dropped to seventy cents a barrel. Farmers have been rushing them in and it is feared they will go still lower.

In Houlton in spite of the strike on the Bangor & Aroostook, and the great difficulty in handling, at no time has the price been lower than $1.10 a barrel, while at other points in Aroostook the prices are higher.

Before Hon. Martin Burrell commences the agricultural education of the farmer he had better find a bigger market for his crops. Good markets will make the farmers realize their possibilities much more than schemes of education.

Colonel F. H. J. Dibblee left today to attend the funeral of Mrs. George R. Anderson who died in Victoria (B. C.), Tuesday and whose body is being brought to Halifax for interment.

The 67th Regiment Band has at last been granted the use of a room in the Armory for rehearsals. The friction over the matter was settled a few days ago by peremptory orders from Halifax to give the band immediate possession.

John Cogger sold his house today to Robert Walsh, the caretaker of the armory. The new owner will move in at once.

F. B. Carvell, M. P., is expected here tomorrow, when the arbitration cases between the St. John & Quebec Railway will be taken up. Mr. Carvell is counsel for the land owners.

There are rumors of a deal in which the two big opera houses in town may be put under one management. Negotiations with this end in view have been going on for some time, but parties interested have no definite announcement to make yet.

The woman who was taken off the train Wednesday and rushed to the hospital, was refused admission on her arrival there, and while two officials were hunted up to give the proper authority for her admission, she gave birth to a child in the coach. The attitude of those in charge under such exceptional circumstances has caused considerable comment. It may result in some changes in the rules at this public institution.

Word was received here today of the death in Virginia of George R. Burtt, of Hartland, a prominent lumberman. He had gone to Virginia at the first of the winter to visit his daughter. His remains will probably be brought to Hartland for burial.

Nothing is sweeter for a valentine than a package of tiny sachets, ready to be scattered through the recipient's bureau drawers or pinned inside her dresses.

LEGISLATURE AGAINST FRANCHISE TO WOMEN

Resolution Beaten 21 to 10

Premier Flemming and Hon. John E. Wilson only Members of the Government in Favor of It—Lively Debate in Local House Yesterday Marked by Cheers From Suffragists in the Gallery.

Fredericton, Feb. 21—For the first time in a good many years there was applause from the gallery of the legislature this afternoon when the mover of the resolution in favor of women's suffrage made an argument that sounded well to the ladies who occupied the seats of the spectators. In spite, however, of Mr. Munro's very earnest and very deliberate argument, in spite of his reproduction of the speeches of the St. John suffragettes, who talked before the Carpenters & Joiners' Union, in spite also of the advocacy of the seconder, Mr. Swim, of Doaktown, who made his maiden speech in the house upon the subject, and of Editor Stewart, of the Chatham World, the motion in favor of the ladies was defeated in a very slim house by a vote of 21 to 10.

Hon. Premier Flemming and Hon. J. E. Wilson were the only members of the government who supported the resolution. Hon. Mr. Morrissy was absent. Mr. Tilley of St. John, and Col. Sheridan, of Kent, objected vigorously to its passage and were applauded with considerable vigor.

There were some features of the debate that were amusing, particularly when Mr. Stewart, of Northumberland, thanked the ladies, who had, when sending him letters, tacked M. L. A. after his name. He felt that such a degree was an honor, because in certain institutions the ladies were permitted by law to receive such a degree, which signified "Mistress Liberal Arts." The members of the government evidently appreciated the significance of Mr. Stewart's remarks, because it was very evident that he was referring indirectly to the change in title given this year to the members of the legislature, changing it from M. P. P. to M. L. A.

The debate upon the suffrage resolution was listened to by a large number of ladies in the galleries, quite a number of whom came from St. John for that purpose.

Budget Speech Thursday.

The provincial secretary brought down the report of the auditor-general on the public accounts, and announced that the budget speech would be delivered on next Thursday afternoon.

The report of the auditor-general is made up in the usual manner, with some slight changes in the wording of the accounts for bridges, wharves and roads. The principal statements, showing the receipts and expenditures, on consolidated revenue account, ended Oct. 31 of last year, appeared in the Royal Gazette and in the newspapers the latter part of December.

It is noticed that in the minutes of the treasury board some of the appropriations were exhausted quite early in the year, for example, that for public printing seems to have been exhausted on June 24, when another $1,000 was asked for; again on Aug. 7 it was necessary to get $800 more for more printing, and on Sept. 6 another $1,000 was asked for on the same account, while on the same date bills amounting to $752.75 for printing were paid by a special order. On Sept. 30 the secretary of the board of works made application for $25,000 additional for roads and bridges, the appropriation having become exhausted, and this was granted on Oct. 2 following.

There is a special warrant for $12,000 for the purchase of Bishopscote, the former residence of the Bishop of Fredericton, which seems to have been required for the purpose of the governor's office and the agricultural department.

An order in council was passed on Nov. 6, authorizing the opening of a "Special Permanent Bridge Account," because the provincial engineer had classed a number of bridges built throughout the province as being of a permanent nature, and the total sum expended upon these bridges was $26,341.32.

The report on public accounts was referred to the committee on public accounts which will probably hold the first meeting early next week.

Bills and Petitions.

Fredericton, Feb. 21—The house met at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Tilley presented a petition in favor of a bill to incorporate the Riverside Golf and Country Club.

Hon. Mr. Murray presented a petition in favor of a bill to allow the trustees of school district No. 2 of Westfield, Kings county, to sell certain lands.

Mr. Baxter presented petitions in favor of bills to amend the act relating to union of St. John and Portland; to amend the act relating to the sale of part of estate of Trinity church, St. John; respecting supplying of water to portion of parish of Simonds by the city of St. John, and to allow Edward Partington Pulp & Paper Company to establish sorting booms at the mouth of the Nashwaak River.

Hon. Mr. Wilson, on behalf of Mr. Lockhart, presented a petition in favor of a bill to prevent a conflagration in the city of St. John.

Hon. Dr. Landry presented the annual report of the St. Basil Hospital, Madawaska county.

Hon Mr. Grimmer presented a petition in favor of a bill to amend the act incorporating the St. Stephen Railway Company.

Mr. Baxter moved for suspension of rules to allow the introduction of the bill to amend the St. John city court act.

Mr. Tilley introduced a bill to amend the St. John city assessment act, 1909.

Hon. Mr. McLeod presented the auditor-general's report for 1912.

Hon. Mr. McLeod moved that the auditor-general's report and provincial accounts be referred to the committee on public accounts.

Hon. Mr. McLeod gave notice that the house go into committee on supply for Thursday next.

Mr. Tilley, on behalf of Mr. Grannan, introduced bills to establish a municipal farm in St. John city and county, and to determine what safeguard shall be placed by the St. John railway company near their track on North Rodney wharf.

Mr. Munro moved, seconded by Mr. Swim, for leave to introduce a bill to amend the New Brunswick election act. He said that the object of the bill was to give to women the same right to vote at elections for the provincial legislature which they now enjoy in municipal elections. The bill was supported by Canadian Suffrage Association and by resolutions passed by Women's Christian Temperance Unions and Carpenters and Joiners Brotherhood of St. John and by largely signed petitions in different sections of the province.

It was said this year by those who were opposed to this bill that it emanated only from some of the women of the city of St. John.

Some hon. members—"Hear, hear."

Women's Franchise Resolution.

Mr. Munro said that was not so and that it was backed up by largely signed petitions from different sections of the province. The object of the bill was to give to women who own property and pay taxes the right to vote at provincial elections.

Those opposed to the bill say that they do not want to bring women down to the level of politics, but speaking of his own county he could say and he believed it was true of the rest of the province that women could go to the polling places and deposit their ballots and return to their homes again without having anything of an objectionable nature occur. He believed it was right that widows should be given the right to vote. A woman who was left upon the death of her husband with some property and perhaps a large family to support should have every privilege which the country has to place at her disposal.

Mr. Swim, in seconding the motion, said that women had proved themselves the equal of men. Whether the men of the country possessed great wealth or held no property whatever they were entitled to exercise the franchise in provincial elections. This province had many women in business and possessing property and yet these women were forced to sit back and see men who had no property at all have the right to vote.

Mr. Sheridan.

Mr. Sheridan said the question of women's suffrage was a great ont, a question that merited most serious consideration on the part of hon. members of this house. His hon. friend from Carleton (Mr. Munro) had pointed out that a large number of ladies had set forth the claim that they should be permitted to vote in provincial elections, but he had utterly failed to show how many had made this demand or how many would be entitled to this franchise.

If the women who hold property were accorded the right of franchise what would hon. members say to the other ladies of the province if they wanted the right to vote, too? He had learned on good authority that more divorces had resulted in the United States from political differences in the homes, due to the fact that women's suffrage was in vogue, than from any other cause. A comparison of methods pursued by Mrs. Pankhurst and Carrie Nation showed that the latter had undertaken to drive out the saloons in the United States and she had the sympathy of a great many people, but Mrs. Pankhurst went out to break plate glass windows of the city of London and instead of holding the sympathy of the people had landed in jail. He strongly hoped that hon. members would recognize their responsibility and vote against the motion.

J. L. Stewart.

Mr. Stewart (Northumberland) said it seemed to him that the only way for hon. members to discuss the question was to pass a motion enabling the bill to be introduced.

His hon. friend, among other things, had said that if women had any grievance in regard to the taxation of their property they could rectify it by placing the right councillors in office, but he (Stewart) thought that there were many other questions which would demand the attention of women and even if they had a small grievance as to whether their tax bills should be 15.25 or more cents less, that was only a very small matter and he hoped that the franchise of women was not merely a matter of dollars and cents. Statistics showed that there were fewer women getting married for a living and a greater number going in for earning their own livelihood. If men were not going to marry and support women surely the time had arrived when women who supported themselves should have the right to vote. Men owed a great deal to the energy and ability of women. Honorable members must realize that they learned their multiplication tables from female teachers who persistently taught and whacked the tables to pupils, while honorable members also owed much of the other education they had acquired to the energy of ladies. It was that education that fitted them to take their place in public life today. What was the use of considering a bill for universal franchise when the bill it was desired to introduce provided for a limited franchise. It was a fact that a number of women were enabled to vote in municipal and civic elections because they were tax payers and this bill merely provided for extension of this privilege to this class of women in provincial elections. If these women gave intelligent votes for county councillors why could they not give intelligent votes for their representatives in this house.

Continuing, he dwelt of the justice of the claim for women's franchise, and said that there was not one jot of evidence that the franchise granted to women in municipal affairs had had any detrimental effects. He had always found ladies ready and willing to recognize all the rights of men and as an illustration he had a letter from one of the ladies of a suffrage association addressed J. L. Stewart, M. L. A. Reference to the consolidated statutes found that this legislature had given the power to a ladies' college to grant the degree of M. L. A., which stood for "Mistress of Liberal Arts." He appreciated the generosity of ladies in having conferred this degree on him, although he felt he did not deserve such a favor.

Mr. Tilley.

Mr. Tilley said that the question was one that had presented itself from year to year and it seemed to be pretty nearly in the same condition today as it was fifteen or twenty years ago. He had decided after careful thought and consideration that it would be wise for him to speak in favor of the ladies.

Some hon. members: "Hear, hear."

Mr. Tilley, continuing, said that his hon. friend from Carleton applauded too soon because he (Tilley) desired to speak in favor of from seventy-five to eighty per cent. of the women of New Brunswick who did not want and did not ask for the franchise. Those women were entitled to more consideration that twenty per cent., who had much ability and energy, and came before this house and asked for the franchise but if the eighty per cent. who opposed it were to be assembled they would, pack this assembly chamber and galleries and would form a line from the parliament buildings to the Queen hotel. They were simply indifferent about the question of franchise, but they trusted to their fathers and sons to speak against it on the floors of this house. He considered it somewhat of a slight to say that men could not come to this legislature and protect the interests and welfare of women. It seemed to him that the interest of women and children had always been considered first and men afterwards, and he felt that throughout Canada and the British empire the interests of women were well protected and safeguarded.

According to a brief, which one of the ladies had given him, there were several reasons put forward why women should vote. One was that women must obey the laws just as men do. That all men and women should certainly obey the laws of the land. Another reason why women felt they deserved the franchise was that women paid taxes just as men do, thus supporting the government. But women did not pay taxes just as men do and very few of them paid taxes on their property. If widows and spinsters who held property were granted the franchise, why should not wives who held property be granted equal suffrage?

The brief contained other reasons, including the fact that over 5,000,000 women in the United States were wage earners and their health and that of future citizens was often endangered by evil working conditions that could only be remedies by legislation. That, however, was hardly a substantial reason for granting of suffrage to women, because many labor unions saw to it that the interests of wage earners were looked after. Hon. gentlemen were also told in the brief that women should vote because women are consumers and consumers needed fuller representation in politics. However, a child of four or five years was a large consumer and he felt that the interests of consumers too could be well looked after by men.

His hon. friend and mover had referred to the right granted to women to vote in municipal and civic elections and he (Tilley) had no objection to that. His hon. friend had also made the statement that women should vote because the provincial elections in his (Munro's) county at least were pure and wholesome and he (Tilley) was glad to learn that conditions in Carleton county were so superior to the rest of the province.

If hon. members placed women on the same footing as men, from a political standpoint they must naturally allow them to run for representatives of this house. If women were placed on the same level, on a political basis, men could not look up to them and tender them that respect which they deserve. He would say: "God bless women and keep them in a position where men can be proud of them and continue to raise their hats to them." He trusted that hon. members would vote against the motion and defeat it by such substantial majority as to convince its supporters that the consensus of opinion of this house was wholly against granting the franchise to women and that it would be utterly unavailing to continue to press for this franchise.

On the motion being put it was defeated by the following vote:

Yeas—Hon. Mr. Flemming, Hon. Mr. Wilson, Mr. Munro, Mr. White (Carleton), Mr. Young, Mr. Stewart (Northumberland), Mr. Perley, Mr. Swim, Dr. Price—10.

Nays—Hon. Mr. Grimmer, Hon. Mr. McLeod, Hon. Mr. Landry, Hon. Mr. Murray, Mr. Guptill, Mr. Woods, Mr. Slipp, Baxter, Mr. Witzell, Mr. Stewart (Gloucester), Mr. Robichaud, Mr. Glasier, Mr. Dickson (Kings), Mr. Dugal, Mr. Tilley, Mr. Melanson, Mr. Humphrey, Dr. Bourque, Mr. Carter, Mr. Sheridan, Mr. Culligan.—21.

The house adjourned at 5.20 o'clock until Monday.

MILLER NOW IN OTTAWA JAIL FOR CONTEMPT

The central figure is R. C. Miller, of Montreal, who was sentenced by parliament to Carleton county jail for refusing to answer a question before the public accounts committee.

WHO'S WHO IN THE LEGISLATURE

Only Seven Lawyers Among the Forty-eight Members—Nine Are Interested in Lumbering Wholly or Partially—Four Medicos and Several Mercantile Men—Some Particulars of the New Fire Insurance Bill.

Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 21—Of the forty-eight members in the house, there are only seven lawyers and one of these sits in the chair of the speaker, two others are in the government, Hon. Attorney General Grimmer and the Hon. Provincial Secretary, H. F. McLeod. Recorder Baxter, of the city of St. John, is another, and L. P. D. Tilley, A. R. Slipp and Titus J. Carter make up the seven.

Quite a number of the members are interested in the lumber business. Before he was premier, Hon. J. K. Flemming was quite largely engaged in his dealings with King Spruce. Geo. D. Prescott, of Albert; J. B. Hachey, of Gloucester, (who has represented the Snowball interests in that county); George B. Jones, of Kings, Frank Swim, of Northumberland; H. W. Woods, of Queens; Arthur Cullingan, of Restigouche; Parker Glasier, of Sunbury; Patrick G. Mahney, of Westmorland, and James K. Pinder, of York, are all more or less acquainted with the needs of the lumbermen.

Hon. J. E. Wilson, of St. John, and Donald Munro, of Carleton, are interested in the iron business. William F. Humphrey, of Westmorland, is a woollen manufacturer. George L. White, of Carleton, is a country merchant; F. B. Black, of Sackville, a merchant, and something of a lumberman. J. L. White, of Victoria; Oliver M. Melanson, of Westmorland; Phillip Grannan, of St. John, and Hon. John Morrissy, of Northumberland, are also in the mercantile business.

Among the medical men there are Dr. Taylor, of Charlotte; Dr. Landry and Dr. Bourque, of Kent, and Dr. Morehouse, of York; Dr. O. B. Price, of Moncton, is dentist.

S. D. Guptill, of Charlotte, and A. J. H. Stewart, of Gloucester, are accountants. Mr. Witzell, of Gloucester, is in the agency business. J. L. Stewart, of Northumberland county, is the only newspaper man in the house, while Mr. Stewart, of Restigouche county, is a contractor. Mr. Dugal, of Madawaska county, is in the metal and plumbing business, and Mr. Pelletier, of the same county, is general agent for farming implements.

Among the farmers are to be found Col. Sheridan, of Kent; H. V. Dixon, of Kings; T. B. Carson, of St. John; George A. Perley, of Sunbury, and there are many others who might well be classed under the same head, inasmuch as they are interested in and do carry on a little farming.

Hon. Mr. Murray, of Kings, is a manufacturers' agent; C. B. Lockhart, of St. John, in the dredging business, and John A. Young, of York, is an insurance agent. Wm. L. Allain, of Northumberland, is a general agent.

W. B. Dickson, of Albert, is well known as the political organizer in the Conservative interest. Just at the present time, he is assistant speaker of the house of assembly. His chief, the Hon. Mr. Clark, is away, for a little while, and Mr. Dickson his discharged the duties, which naturally fell to him, in the absence of the speaker, to the satisfaction of everybody.

There are three Stewarts, two Dicksons and two Whites in the house.

After this year, there will be nearly, if not quite, one hundred thousand dollars to spend in New Brunswick for agriculture, in addition to the regular provincial grant. Last year, New Brunswick, in common with other provinces in the dominion, received an agricultural grant from the federal government and this is being spent in enlarging the different departments, securing additional assistance and keeping agriculture to the fore, as much as possible. The recent conventions, including not only the old style standard farmer, but the dairymen, the purebred stock men, the poultry men, the fruit raisers, the seed men, were arranged so as to impart as much information as possible. To this end, well known lecturers upon agricultural topics, such as Dr. Standish; Professor Stephenson, of the Nova Scotia Agricultural College; S. L. Paters, inspector under the Fruit Marks, and Andrew Elliott, with some gentlemen of good local reputation, have spent the week telling the farmers all they know about certain lines of farming. Some of those present felt there was too much lecturing and too little discussion and that will likely be remedied in the future.

The visit of the two first agriculturists in Canada, J. H. Grisdale, the director of all the experimental farms in Canada, and C. C. James, special commissioner of the federal department, gave a better idea of the importance of the meeting to the farmers and agricultural farm in this, the capital of the province, and the placing of the schools of agriculture at Woodstock and Fredericton, show that the farmer is at last getting some of the attention his important industry demands.

Much good must result of such meetings as were held here this week, especially if every delegate will make a report of interest to those who sent him.

In view of the fact that there are tens of thousands of people who carry fire insurance in the province, it is interesting to note that in the bill just introduced into the house respecting conditions in policies of fire insurance, it is distinctly stated as to what course any person entitled to make a claim shall pursue, when he is in the unfortunate position of having suffered by fire. The act says:

"He is forthwith after loss to give notice in writing to the insurer.

He is to deliver, as soon after as practicable, as particular an account of the loss as the nature of the case permits.

He is also to furnish therewith a satisfactory declaration declaring:

That the said account is just and true.

When and how the fire originated, so far as the declarant knows or believes.

That the fire was not caused by his wilful act, or neglect, procurement, means or contrivance.

The amount of other insurances.

All liens and incumberances on the subject of insurance.

The place where the property insured, if movable, was deposited at the time of the fire.

He is in support of his claim if required, and if practicable, to produce books of account, warehouse receipts, and stock lists, and furnish invoices and other vouchers; to furnish copies of the written portion of all policies; to separate as far as resonably may be the damaged from the undamaged goods, and to exhibit for examination all that remains of the property which was covered by the policy.

He is to produce, if required, a certificate under the hand of a justice of the peace, notary public, commissioner for taking affidavits, or municipal clerk, town clerk or city clerk residing in the vicinity in which the fire happened, and not concerned in the loss of related to the assured or sufferers, eating that he has examined the circumstances attending the fire, loss or damage alleged, that he is acquainted with the character and circumstances of the assured or claimant, and that he verily believes that the assured has by misfortune and without fraud or evil practice sustained loss and damage on the subject insured to the amount certified.

The above proofs of loss may be made by the agent of the assured, in case of the absence or inability of the assured himself to make the same, such absence or inability being satisfactorily accounted for.

Any fraud or false statement in a satutory declaration in relation to any of the above particulars, shall vitiate the claim.

The loss shall not be payable until sixty days after the completion of the proofs of loss, unless otherwise provided by the contract of insurance.

The insurer, instead of making payment, may repair, rebuild or replace within a reasonable time, the property damaged or lost, giving notice of his intention within fifteen days receipt of the proofs by the policy required.

THEN THE STORM BROKE.

Wife—Do you know, Henry, you haven't given me a kiss for a week?

Professor (very absent-mindedly): Is it possible? Dear me, I wonder who it can be I've been kissing the past week then?

When underwear shrinks uncomfortably it is often possible to eave the drawers and sleeves by crocheting a sufficient length to cover the bare spots.

COAL MINE FIRED BY SPONTANEOUS COMBUSTION

Halifax, Feb. 23—Spontaneous combustion at No. 8 landing of the Intercolonial Coal Company's mine at Westville occurred early this morning.

The fire is in the Drummond mine 2,500 feet down the slope. No flame was seen but there was a very marked increase in temperature and smoke. The fire was found in a section of underworking where there is a mass of waste material of about fifteen running feet.

Prompt measures were taken, water being poured on the fire and the debris removed so that Manager Floyd believes tonight that the fire is under control and that the mine will be available for work today as usual.

Inspector Blackwood says the fire will not spread. It is the mine's first experience of spontaneous combustion.

THREE HALIFAX CONCERNS SUFFER IN $10,000 BLAZE

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 23—Shortly after midnight Saturday the whole of the fire department were summoned to the of Barrington and Prince streets for a blaze in the cetnre of the city which eventually caused a loss of over about $10,000.

The property burned was owned by Clayton & Sons and they had been considering the erection upon the site of a modern office building. William Crowe, fancy goods, was burned out and so were James Walsh, tobacconist, and A. Cox, photographs. Crowe was one of those burned out in the heavy fire in Granville and Barrington streets, about a year ago.

The losses generally are covered by insurance.

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e under the hand of a justice of the
ce, notary public, commissioner for tak-
affidavits, or municipal clerk, town
k or city clerk residing in the vicinity
which the fire happened, and not con-
ned in the loss of related to the assured
sufferers, sating that he has examined
circumstances attending the fire, loss
damage alleged, that he is acquainted
h the character and circumstances of
assured or claimant, and that he verily
ieves that the assured has by misfor-
ne and without fraud or evil practice
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The above proofs of loss may be made by
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WANTED

WANTED—Spruce Gum—No. 1 and No. 2, in any quantity, at highest market value. Will also buy uncleaned gum of good quality. Harry Davis, Monson, Me. 3-1

WANTED—First or second class female teacher for school district No. 10, parish of Aberdeen, county of Carleton, begin March 1. Apply, stating salary, to Frank J. Staten, Secretary to Trustees, Foreston, Carleton Co., N. B. 284-tf

WANTED—A second or third class teacher to commence school March 1. Apply, stating salary, to N. H. Johnston, Secretary, Clarendon Sta., N. B. 1866-2-26

WANTED—A teacher (second class) for School District No. 6, Andover, N. B.; rated poor. For particulars apply to James Miller, Secretary Andover, N. B., R. R. No. 1. 1561-3-1

WANTED immediately; reliable agents; good pay weekly; outfit free, exclusive stock and territory. Our agencies are valuable. For particulars write, Pelham Nursery Company, Toronto, Ontario.

AGENTS WANTED

SALESMEN WANTED for nursery stock and automatic sprayers, either or both; liberal terms. Cavers Bros., Galt, Ont. s.w-3-9.

RELIABLE representative wanted, to meet the tremendous demand for fruit trees throughout New Brunswick at present. We wish to secure three or four good men to represent us as local and general agents. The special interest taken in the fruit-growing business in New Brunswick offers exceptional opportunities for men of enterprise. We offer a permanent position and liberal pay to the right men. Stone & Wellington, Toronto, Ont. sw

POULTRY

SUCCESSFUL lessons in poultry raising. Twenty complete lessons. The Successful Poultry Book. Treatise on the care of domestic fowls. Sent free on request. O. Rolland, sole agent Des Moines Incubator, Dept. 4, P. O. Box 2363, Montreal. 3-29

We will have a hard time to beat last year's record, but will try to do it, and have already had a good start.

Enter as soon as you can, so as to be ready for work as soon as the call comes. Our new catalogue gives our rates and just the information you need.

Send for it today.

The St. John Business College — S. KERR, Principal

MISSIONAY MEETING AT LOWER CAMBRIDGE

The forty-third annual meeting of the Lower Cambridge branch of the United Baptist Women's Missionary Aid Society was held in the Baptist church on the 19th inst. Deacon C. L. Slipp presided. The attendance was not so large as usual on account of heavy traveling. The secretary, Miss Susie McDonald, read the report which showed the membership to be twenty-four, one more than last year, and expressed the hope that all the ladies of the congregation would see their way clear to become members during the ensuing year and so help on so good a cause as the sending of the gospel to those who have it not. The treasurer, Mrs. L. B. Flowers, read the financial statement which showed $25 on hand which, with the evening's collection added, would bring the total up to the encouraging figure of $39.03. This was a larger sum up to date than had ever before been paid in. Last year $42 were sent to headquarters and the prospects were that this sum would be exceeded this year. The officers for the ensuing year are: President, Mrs. A. Colwell; secretary, Miss Susie McDonald; treasurer, Mrs. L. B. Flowers. During the evening interesting addresses were given by the Rev. C. G. Pincombe and Deacon C. L. Slipp. Miss Ollie Merritt presided at the organ.

The prisoner was charged with so trivial an offence that the judge told him that if he would plead guilty he would be left off with a fine.

"Before we plead guilty," replied the man's lawyer, "we'd like to know what the fine will be?"

"Isn't it rather unusual to attempt to bargain with the court?" asked the judge.

"Perhaps it is, your honor," replied the lawyer, "but in this case it is important. You see the prisoner has only $12, and as my fee is $10, we can't afford to plead guilty if you intend to fine him more than $2."

The many friends of Miss Fay B. Carpenter, of Wickham, Queens county, will be pleased to hear she has successfully passed her examination at the Worcester City Hospital.

For layer cakes the oven should be hotter than for loaf cakes.

We carry in stock a complete variety of

Men's Long Leg Leather Boots

At $3, $3.50, 4, 4.50 4.90 and 5.25

Our $4.50 and $4.90 Boots are the Best Kip and every inch Hand-Made.

Our $5.25 Grain Boots could not be better if they cost $10.00.

Men's Best Rubber Boots $4 per pair.

Men's Best 3-4 Length Rubber Boots $5.00 per pair.

Francis & Vaughan
19 King Street, St. John, N. B.

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF ST JOHN.

Arrived.

Thursday, Feb. 20.

Str Ravn, 795, Kristensen, Halifax, Wm Thomson & Co.

Coastwise—Sch Page, 30, Hatt, Beaver Harbor.

Friday, Feb. 21.

Stmr Parthenia, 3310, Whinster, Glasgow, Robert Reford, gen cargo.

Coastwise—Stmr Westport III, 49, MacKinnon, Westport; schr Lizzie McGee, 13, French, Lord's Cove.

Saturday, Feb. 22.

Stmr Rappahannock, 2490, Hanks, London via Halifax, Wm Thomson & Co, general.

Cleared.

Thursday, Feb. 20.

Str Athenia, Black, Glasgow, Robert Reford Co, pass and general cargo.

Str Shenandoah, Lee, London via Halifax, Wm Thomson, general cargo.

Str Calvin Austin, Mitchell, Boston via Maine ports, W G Lee, pass and general cargo.

Str Manchester Commerce, Couch, Manchester, Wm Thomson & Co.

Coastwise—Str Amelia, Geldert, Westport.

Friday, Feb. 21.

Stmr Ravn, Kristensen, West Indies via Halifax, Wm Thomson Co, general cargo.

R M S S Empress of Britain, Murray, Liverpool via Halifax, C P R, pass and gen cargo.

Coastwise—Stmr Westport III, MacKinnon, Triverton. Schrs Page, Hatt, Dipper Harbor; Lizzie McGee, French, Back Bay.

Allan liner Grampian, Williams, Liverpool via Halifax, Wm Thomson & Co, pass and gen cargo.

Sailed.

Thursday, Feb. 20.

Str Shenandoah, Lee, London via Halifax.

Str Calvin Austin, Mitchell, Boston via Maine ports.

Str Louisburg, Hardt, Louisburg.

Wednesday, Feb. 19.

Sch Isaiah K Stetson, Hamilton, Annapolis, in tow of str Mabel Reid.

Friday, Feb. 21.

Stmr Empress of Britain, Murray, Liverpool via Halifax, C P R, pass and gen cargo.

Stmr Athenia, Black, Glasgow, Robert Reford Co, pass and gen cargo.

Stmr Manchester Commerce, Couch, Manchester via Halifax, Wm Thomson Co, gen cargo.

Stmr Ravn, Kristensen, West Indies via Halifax, Wm Thomson Co.

Sante Fe, Feb 22—Ard, stmr Albuera, Lockhart, Santos.

Havre, Feb 22—Sld, stmr Leuctra, Butler, Antwerp.

Allan liner Grampian, Liverpool via Halifax.

CANADIAN PORTS.

Ingram Docks, Feb 13—Sld previously, sch Grace Darling, Barbados.

Halifax, Feb 20—Ard, str Rappahannock, London for St John.

Annapolis, Feb 20—Ard, sch Isaiah K Stetson, St John.

Halifax, Feb 20—Ard, strs Norfolk, Varvik; Rappahannock, London.

Sld—Strs Oruro, Demerara and West Indies; Royal Edward, Bristol.

Parrsboro, Feb 20—Ard, stmr Easington, Stevenson, Rockland, and cld for Portland.

Halifax, Feb 21—Ard, stmrs Batiscan, Antwerp (for coal), for Delaware Breakwater.

Sld—Stmrs Rappahannock, St John; Almeriana, Liverpool via St Johns.

Halifax, Feb 23—Ard, stmrs Manchester Commerce, Manchester; Empress of Britain, St John; Tunisian, Liverpool; Ravn, St John; Scotian, Glasgow.

Sld—Stmrs Willkommen (Ger), New York; Teutnoic, Portland; Empress of Britain, Liverpool; Tunisian, St John.

BRITISH PORTS.

Dublin, Feb 17—Ard, str Bengore Head, Murphy, St John.

Melbourne, Feb 15—Ard, str Tokomaru, Kelly, St John via Table Bay.

London, Feb 20—Ard, strs Ascania, Portland; Montezuma, St John.

Glasgow, Feb 20—Ard, str Sardinian, Philadelphia via St John's (Nfld.)

Liverpool, Feb 21—Sld, stmrs Empress of Ireland, St. John; Hesperian, do.

Barbados, Feb 3, Sld, bqe Cariolanus, Bridgewater (NS).

London, Feb 20—Ard, stmrs Ascania, Portland; Montezuma, St John and Halifax.

Southampton, Feb 22—Ard, stmr Philadelphia, New York.

Glasgow, Feb 22—Stmr Cassandra, St John.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Kurrachee, Jan 22—Sld, str Melville, Keene, Port Said.

Newport News, Feb 18—Ard, str Strathtay, Louisburg (and sld for Port Mann, B C.)

Boston, Feb. 20—Ard, sch Vineyard, St John.

Boothbay Harbor, Me, Feb 18—Ard and sld, schs Centennial, Calais for Boston; King Josiah, Parrsboro for do.

Boston, Feb 19—Ard, schs Klondyke, Peterboro (N S) via Southwest Harbor; Vere B Roberts, St John for Scituate.

Portland, Feb 18—Sld, sch Hazel Trahey, St John.

Portland, Feb 20—Ard, sch Ann Louise Lockwood, St John (leaking).

New York, Feb 20—Sld, sch James William, Halifax.

New York, Feb 20—Ard, str Majestic, Southampton, Cherbourg and Queenstown.

Newport News, Feb 21—Ard, schr Brooklin, Yarmouth (NS).

Gloucester, Feb 21—Ard, schr Bluenose, New York.

Saunderstown, RI, Feb 21—Ard. schr Charles C Lister, St John.

Portland, Feb 21—Ard, schrs Harry W Lewis, Parrsboro (NS); Ruth Robinson, St John.

Boothbay Harbor, Feb 21—Ard, schrs Grace Darling, Hazel Trahey, New York.

Calais, Feb 21—Ard, schrs Ann J Trainor, New York; Seguin, New York.

Newport News, Feb 21—Ard, schr Brookline, Carrigan, Weymouth (NS).

Neuvitas, Cuba, Feb 22—Ard, schr Lavonia, Pratt, master, Pensacola.

Scituate, Feb 21—Ard, schr Vere B Roberts, in tow from St John via Boston.

New York, Feb 22—Ard, schrs Moama, Rebecca M Wall, St John; Flora Condon, Machias (Me).

New York, Feb 22—Sld, schrs Village Belle, Halifax (NS); Rebecca G Willden, Harold B Cousens, Calais (Me.)

Portland, Feb 22—Ard, stmr Teutonic, Liverpool.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Capt Byrnes, of str Kanawha, at Searsport from Sewalls Point, reports Feb 14, in lat 42, lon 74.03, passed close to a large log about 25 feet long; dangerous obstruction.

Str El Sud reports Feb 11, lat 28.10 N, lon 91.45 W, passed large quantities of drift wood, tree stumps, heavy logs and roots; Feb 10, lat 25.27 N, lon 83.27 W, passed a piece of timber about 16 feet long and one foot square.

Str Monterey reports Feb 5, lat 18.40 N, lon 94.48 W, saw a red buoy with a small ring on top.

Str Elswick Manor reports Jan 6, lat 42.20 N, lon 38.40 W, saw several pine logs from 20 to 40 feet long.

Stmr Howth Head (Br) reports Jan 23, lat 40 N, lon 63 08 W, passed a spar standing upright and projecting about 3 feet out of water, apparently attached to submerged wreckage.

Stmr Chesapeake reports Feb 16, about 3 miles NW by N from Tail of Horseshoe lightship, Chesapeake Bay, passed a spar wrapped with chains and wire projecting about 4 feet out of water.

Stmr El Rio reports Feb 9, lat 27 38 N, lon 90 55 W, passed several logs from 30 to 40 feet long and 2 to 3 feet in diameter.

Stmr Peru reports Jan 21, lat 9 32 N, lon 85 07 W, saw several large logs about 40 feet long and 2 feet in diameter.

Stmr Pennsylvania (Ger), reports Feb 6, lat 41 18 N, lon 45 14 W, passed about 20 pieces of timber about 30 feet long.

Stmr Czar (Rus) reports Feb 3, lat 50 07 N, lon 3 25 W, saw a green conical buoy.

CHARTERS.

Coal freight rates at Philadelphia are reported firm, the following being quoted: To Boston, 70 to 90 cents; to Portland and Portsmouth, $1.25; to Starsport, $1.75, and to Sound ports, 75 to 90 cents.

MARINE NOTES.

A Halifax despatch says: Early this morning there steamed up the harbor the Norwegian steamer Norfolk, bound from Narvik, Norway, to Philadelphia with ore. When Captain Olsen came ashore he had a thrilling story to tell. They were twenty-eight days out and their coal supply was almost gone. They had had an exciting voyage and had undergone severe hardships in the heavy weather. One of the lifeboats was washed overboard, the bulkheads smashed and such other damage done that the crew were able to use only one cabin for eleven days. The ship was in danger from floating ice.

Steamer Patella, at Boston from London, reports had a succession of heavy gales and rough seas, in which lost a blade of the propeller, caused by the engines racing.

The Gloucester fishing fleet operating on the Nova Scotia coast are reported to have suffered a serious loss of trawls last week. A fleet of thirty sail were caught in a blinding snow storm off Liverpool and Sandy Point (N S) a week ago and were forced to run to port for shelter, leaving practically their entire strings out. They were obliged to remain in port for three days and it is expected their entire outfit was lost, entailing a loss of from $18,000 to $20,000.

A large amount of copper ore coming from Canada is being shipped to New York every week in barges which load at the No 1 Grand Trunk wharf. The barge Strafford left for New York yesterday in tow and the Radnor has followed her at the loading berth.—Portland Argus.

The schooner Calabria, J. W. Smith, will go to Ingram docks to load for New York.

The British schooner R. B. Hardwick was sold at public auction at Portland on Wednesday to Captain W. G. Small, of Bath, for $475.

The revenue cutter Woodbury of Portland, Maine, has gone to Annapolis to rescue four United States fishing schooners which are frozen in the harbor.

A cable was received by Hendry, Limited, Liverpool, owners of the schooner Ponhook, announcing her arrival in Santos, Brazil, after the remarkably short run of thirty-seven days, having sailed from Halifax Jan 14. This is a record breaker for a sailing vessel, showing Liverpool-built vessels to be among the speediest.

The C. P. R. liner Lake Champlain sailed from London for Trieste at 1 p.m. yesterday. On arrival at the Adriatic port she will be renamed the Ruthenia, and will sail from Trieste on March 20 for Halifax and St. John, being the first boat of the company's new Austro-Canadian service. The Ruthenia will be followed from Trieste about four weeks later by the Lake Erie, which will by then have been renamed the Tyrolia, but the latter sailing will be for Quebec and Montreal, as will subsequent sailings t the close of the St. Lawrence navigation season.

Capt. W. G. Small of Bath, who purchased the disabled schooner R. B. Hardwick at U. S. marshal sale on Wednesday, did not long retain his ownership of the vessel, as he resold her to the former owner, Capt. H. W. B. Warner, of Annapolis (N. S.), at an advance on the price he paid the day before. The schooner's bottom is to be thoroughly repaired. She is a remarkably strongly built vessel and although the cost of repairs will be heavy the owner believes she is well worth it. He complains that while the craft was hung up on the ledges at Small Point, with no one on her, she was boarded by unknown parties who stripped her of everything that could be carried off, the expense of replacing which will cost the captain several hundred dollars.

BIRTHS

CLARK—To Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Clark, Sussex, February 22, a son.

DEATHS

DILLON—At Winnipeg, on Feb. 19, Joseph P. Dillon, son of Patrick and the late Ellen Dillon, of this city, leaving two brothers and three sisters.

HOYT—At the home of her daughter, Bloomfield (N. B.), after a lingering illness, Harriett M., widow of the late S. Edwin Hoyt, aged 78.

BARRETT—On Saturday, February, 22, Joseph Kenneth, infant son of Fred. L. and Mary Sabina Barrett, aged 7 months.

O'NEIL—In this city, on the 22nd inst., Dennis O'Neil, leaving his wife, one son, two brothers and two sisters to mourn.

LOVE—In this city, on February 22, Doris G. M., beloved daughter of Arthur L. and Margaret Love, aged 5 years and 8 months.

IN MEMORIAM

GILCHRIST—In loving memory of Walter Byron Gilchrist, Apohaqui, who died Feb. 23, 1912, aged 1 year 3 months:

Years will come, and years will go,
But the form we loved so well
It has vanished from our home—
How we miss him none can tell.
Angels to their starry home,
Called the gem we could not keep.
There he waits until we come—
Little Byron's gone to sleep.
MOTHER.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. T. A. Stevenson, Brownville Junction, wishes to thank her many friends for their kindnesses to her during her recent double bereavement.

PRODUCTION OF LIME

Growth of Western Canadian Centres Indicated by the Increase Which Amounts to 24 Per Cent. of Total.

(Moncton Times.)

The production of lime in Canada in 1911, according to returns from the producers, was 7,533,525 bushels, this being the amount sold or used, equivalent to about 263,673 tons, and valued at $1,517,599, or an average of 20 per cent. per bushel, or $5.75 per ton, states Mr. J. McLeish, B. A., chief of the division of mineral resources and statistics, in a recent report. The production in 1910 was reported as 5,848,146 bushels (204,685 tons), valued at $1,137,079, an average of 19 cents per bushel, thus showing an increased production in 1911 of 1,685,579 bushels or 22 per cent.

Returns were received from seventy-five active firms in 1911, as compared with seventy firms in 1910. The average number of men employed was 1,056, and wages paid $523,518 during 1911, as against 976 employed and $466,876 paid in wages in 1910. Statistics of labor and wages should be used with discrimination, however, as many firms producing lime are also engaged in quarrying stone for purposes other than lime making and are unable to make separate reports to labor employed. This is particularly evident in the record for Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, since for the first mentioned record includes only the labor employed at the kilns, while for the latter the quarry costs are also reckoned.

The average price per bushel varied from a minimum of 16 cents in Ontario to a maximum of 34 cents in British Columbia.

Hydrated lime was produced by three firms only, the sales being 5,023 tons.

A small quantity of lime is annually made in Prince Edward Island.

The value of the lime exported during the calendar year 1911 was $39,536, the destination of shipments being mainly the United States. The quantity is not reported, but at the average price of lime in Canada (20 cents a bushel) the quantity would be about 692 tons.

The imports of lime during the same period were 228,538 barrels (22,853 tons), valued at $161,985; an average of 70 cents per barrel, or $7.08 per ton, and were derived chiefly from the United States.

In reviewing the production of lime by provinces it will be observed that the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, being the chief centres of population, are the largest producers, the former contributing in 1911 over 35 per cent. of the total quantity, and the latter 23 per cent.; the production west of the great lakes has, however, been rapidly increasing, these provinces accounting for nearly 24 per cent. of the totals in 1911, as against 14 per cent. in 1908.

REAL ESTATE

Friday, Feb. 21.

George McArthur has sold to a local investor the lot lying to the north of the Salvation Army headquarters and extending through from Prince William to Water streets, with a frontage of twenty-five feet on each street. The sale was made through Allison & Thomas.

H. M. Stanbury has purchased a lot in Cedar Grove Crescent and will erect a residence there in the spring for his own use.

Thomas Bell and Stephen A. Payne of this city, H. W. Binning, of Fredericton, J. Duff Mitchell, of Lincoln, Sunbury county and J. W. Wilson of Welsford, are applying for incorporation as the New Brunswick Coal, Iron and Clay Co., Ltd., capitalized at $275,000, with head office in St. John. They ask for power to carry on general mining and clay manufacturing business, etc. The new company will take over the mining rights and licenses to search already granted in Queens ciunty.

The block of property bounded by Union street, Carmarthen street and the northern side of the old burying ground is now entirely in the hands of the Melick estate. Some time ago Vassie & Co., Ltd., purchased a part interest in the land from the estate and also bought the buildings from various owners. If they had completed the purchase of the entire property it was their intention to erect a warehouse there for their wholesale dry goods business. Since then they secured a site in Prince William street, and as they had no further use for the Union street property they sold their holdings to the Melick estate, which still retained part of the land. The fact that the property is now all held by the one estate may make its purchase easier the next time a big concern wants it.

Another office building is to be added to the number in this city through the enterprise of Armstrong & Bruce. They recently purchased the Lynch building, in Prince William street, near Duke, and are now calling for tenders to have it remodelled as a modern office building. In taking this step they were actuated by their knowledge of business conditions in St. John and by their faith in the future. Although the advertisement for tenders appeared only yesterday morning they already have received several applications for offices.

The building will be entirely remodelled throughout. The walls will be strengthened with steel truss girders and the front changed. A modern plate glass front will be installed on the ground floor and on the upper flats large new windows of the double type will be put in. There will be two large offices on the ground floor with private offices in the rear. The main entrance, which will give access to one of the ground floor suites and to the upper floors will be at the north-east corner. On the second and third floors there will be nine offices, which may be used singly or in suites.

The building will be heated with hot water and lighted with electricity and up-to date lavatories will be installed on each floor. The interior fittings will be of a handsome type in keeping with the rest of the building.

One of the finest properties in Douglas avenue changed hands recently, when John F. Gleeson became the owner of the large four-story brick house near the corner of Main street. There are two large stores underneath, and flats on the second floor. The property was owned by Miss Mary G. Robinson, but was better known as the Watson property. The lot on which the house stands is 40 feet by 150 feet depth, and there is a vacant lot attached of the same size. The price is said to have been $14,000.

Last December the firm of Messrs. Jardine & Rive purchased the residence of R. J. Greene, 177 King street. One of the members of the firm, R. M. Rive, purchased it on Wednesday and will remodel it.

Charles S. Hanington expects to leave St. John within the next few days and take up his residence in Moncton, where he will supervise the sale of a large tract of land, which was lately acquired by a syndicate with which he and his father, A. H. Hanington, are identified. Mr. Hanington's family will go to the railway town later.

Saturday, Feb. 22.

Plans have been prepared by St. John Council No. 937, Knights of Columbus, for the erection of a fine brick building as an extension of their present structure in Coburg street, and it is expected that the work will be commenced soon. It has long been realized that an assembly hall would be a valuable adjunct to the present handsome property, in fact, a necessity. The matter has been in the hands of the K. of C. Property Co. for some time, and it has at last been decided to proceed. Architect Mott has drawn plans.

Provision is made for a large auditorium which will accommodate about 500 people. There will be ante-rooms of fair size. The whole interior will be finished in modern style, and in favorable comparison with the rooms of the present building. The structure will be of brick. It will give the Knights a depth of 200 feet from Coburg street and still allow them plenty of room on their spacious lawn. There will be no pillars to interfere in the hall, and this, with hardwood floors, will make an excellent floor space of sixty-six by thirty-seven feet, making one of the best assembly rooms in the city. Steel girders will take the place of the pillars. The new building will be one story in height.

The following transfers of freehold properties have been recorded:

Alfred Burley to E. F. Lawson, property in old Fredericton road.

J. S. Clark to J. M. Galbraith, property in King street, W. E.

Gandy & Allison to P. M. O'Neil, property in Robertson Place.

B. Ida Garson and H. J. Garson to F. Neil Brodie, property in Douglas avenue.

Robert Magee, et al to Germain street Baptist church, property at Simonds.

F. A. Millidge to H. L. Codner, $400, property in Cranston avenue.

Harriett M. Millidge to H. L. Codner, $400, property in Cranston avenue.

Louisa and R. S. Ritchie to G. A. Black, property in Lancaster.

Eliza A. and M. G. White, to Daniel Mullin, property in Germain street.

Monday, Feb. 24.

Canada, London, says:

The importance of St. John (N. B.), as a shipping centre, and the extensive harbor and other works which are being carried out there at present, afford a solid foundation on which its increased commercial activity is being built. Under such circumstances real estate in the city is affording to investors an excellent opportunity to place funds advantageously.

A good dividend-yielding investment, which is rendered more attractive by the conservative basis on which it is handled, is afforded by the real estate proprietary bonds, which are issued by the Canadian Consolidated Lands, Limited. These bonds cover about 60 acres of high class residential property in Carleton, St. John. The company develops this property by putting in necessary improvements and constructing residences of an attractive type. The mere construction of the improvements naturally enhances the value of the property and the proprietary bonds which the company issues constitute a first mortgage on the entire assets of the company, all of which are under deed of trust assigned to the Prudential Trust Company as trustee. These proprietary bonds are in convenient denominations, from $100 upwards, and the yield of 6.31 per cent. renders them attractive, in view of the substantial secur'ty behind them.

The freehold property at 174 Adelaide street, with lot 156x156 feet, and building containing six tenements and store, was sold at autction at Chubb's corner Saturday by F. L. Potts. It was purchased by R. W. Mayer for $3,550 above a mortgage of $3,000. A bid of $3,600 was made but was withdrawn when the bidder realized that it was in addition to the amount of the mortgage.

The work of constructing the new Sunday school to be built as an attachment to Germain street Baptist church will be proceeded with very soon.

It has been intimated by a prominent C. P. R. official that the action of the C. P. R. in calling for tenders for a new concrete machine-shop at McAdam does not necessarily indicate that the company is not contemplating transferring their shops to St. John. Even if this were done it would still be necessary to maintain a machine shop at McAdam for repair work and this would not interfere with the larger project in or around St. John. While there is no indication that the company intends to undertake the change in the near future it is believed that arrangements which they have made have been undertaken with this in view.

Good progress is being made on the work of excavating for the foundations of the new sugar refinery and the first of the week will witness another step in the operations. At present the workmen are digging for the foundations, which will have to go to a depth of twenty-five to thirty feet. Most of the openings have been excavated to the depth of eight feet, which is as far as can be reached by hand methods. Power apparatus for the deeper work has been brought in and will be ready for work on Monday and this will enable the company to proceed with the balance of the excavation.

So far only day shifts have been employed, but as soon as the lighting system which is being installed is ready the work will be kept going twenty-four hours a day. Owing to the immense size of the buildings the foundation work is a big undertaking in itself and will take at least two or three months.

Found His Sister.

After forty years of separation, Henry Kelley and Mrs. James McHugh, his sister, both of the North End, have been reunited. The happy incident took place last week. The two had lived within a few doors of each other for some time, but neither knew the other. It was through a conversation which Mr. Kelley had with an acquaintance of his, and which was repeated to Mr. McHugh, that they discovered they were brother and sister.

Henry and his sister, Elizabeth, were left orphans when the latter was about two years of age. They went to the St. Vincent's Convent in Cliff street, where they remained for some years. Henry was separated from his sister and was sent to Norton. She went to Sadleback. After many years Elizabeth returned to this city and became the bride of James McHugh. Henry returned to St. John about five years ago.

THE METHODIST CHURCH

A scheme to build and further endow a new Wesleyan theological college in Montreal on the site of the present college building adjoining McGill University was successfully launched last week at a banquet held in the rooms of the Montreal club. Addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. Carman, general superintendent, and by Rev. Drs. Young, Sparling and Graham. Before the banquet closed the sum of $202,610 was subscribed. It is expected that $300,000 will eventually be reached.

New England Methodism is being profoundly moved, at present, by an aggressive evangelistic campaign, the programme of which has four main features: A ten per cent increase in membership; a Methodist periodical in every home; the scriptural basis of giving; enlistment of young people in Christian service.

The Methodist Brotherhood of the United States has selected Rev. Dr. William S. Bovard vice-president of the University of Chattanooga to succeed the late Dr. Thompson as general secretary. Dr. Bovard is a graduate of the Boston University School of Theology.

The year 1912 has been one of marked success among the Methodist churches of Australia. All the synods in South Australia reported increases in members, the net increase being over 1,500, with 250 on trial, making the total membership for the first time over 20,000. A fund for the erection of a theological institution is being raised towards which £25,000 have been subscribed.

Dr. F. Roesch, a devoted missionary of the Methodist Episcopal church in Algiers, North Africa, has just declined a most tempting call from the Imperial German Archaeological Institute to leave his present work and take up that of an archaeologist in Cairo. Dr. Roesch is one of two extraordinary linguists educated in Strassburg University, and was early promoted to the doctorate because of original studies in old Egyptian texts.

C. T. Studd, the famous cricketer of Eton, who is about to leave for Central Africa to engage in missionary work, addressed the Methodist Brotherhood of Eastbrook, England, recently on the subject: Play the Game. "If you believe," said he, "what I have said, then 'play the game,' be in dead level earnest for Jesus Christ. be done with 'parlor Christianity,' and strip for the conflict."

Under the title, Rifle Shooting in Educational Instittuions, the war department at Washington (D. C.) has issued a report on the inside cover of which is the picture of Cedric B. Long, who has the honor of being "a college rifle shot who has gained the highest shooting honor in the land," being winner of the individual championship of the U. S. for 1912. We note this fact because Mr. Long is a member of the Epworth League of the First Methodist church in Medford (Mass.) and is characterized as possessing a disposition peace-loving, eager, aspiring, yet balanced, industrious and lovable.

Chancellor Burwash, who recently resigned from the presidency of Victoria University, will make a tour of the mission stations in Japan and will deliver a course of lectures.

Methodists generally, and all others interested in higher education as well, will give sympathetic support to the campaign which is about to be inaugurated for the purpose of raising an endowment fund of $250,000 for Mount Allison University, Sackville (N. B.) There are few educational institutions which can point so definitely to the results of its work as this institution, her sons and daughters being found in the front rank in all the professions both in Canada and elsewhere, and a hearty response to this appeal may reasonably be expected. The campaign, soon to be begun, will be continued until early in May. This endowment fund is absolutely necessary if the present high character of the institution is to be maintained and further aggressive enterprises be undertaken.

Rev. David Hickey is supplying the pulpit in Truro, made vacant by the death of its pastor.

Rev. James Strothard, of Summerside (P. E. I.), will seek for a transfer from the N. B. and P. E. Island conference into the Nova Scotia conference, having accepted an invitation to Truro.

Rev. Dr. W. H. Heartz will assist in evangelistic services in Carmarthen street church commencing March 2.

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MR. MILL MAN: Get your **Mill Repair Work** done by the Sussex Manufacture Co. We are fully equipped for all kinds and can guarantee satisfaction. Orders will be promptly attended to.

We also manufacture Trimmers; Mill Rollers in all sizes.

Arbors to order, Smokestacks, Frictions, Wood Pulleys, split or solid; Boxes in all sizes, Flanges, Set Collars, Couplings, etc.

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SUSSEX, N. B. 1197 2-26

SPECIAL ADVICE FOR MEN

Vitality Restored By New Method

Manly Men Are the World's Power Today

The little book described below (which I gladly send free, sealed by mail, to any young or elderly man anywhere) contains in its 85 beautifully illustrated pages, everything a man need know with regard to certain strictly personal subjects, and as a guide through his entire life, from the delicate period of youth, when wholesome advice is most needed, on through early manhood to a ripe, vigorous, healthy old age. Over a million of these books have been thus distributed by me all over the world. Therefore, please use coupons below and get YOUR free copy by return mail. SANDEN CO., DISTRIBUTORS.

Do you know, my friends, that there is a wonderful new way to apply a certain, great, natural FORCE to your body, and by which you may, without effort, trouble or inconvenience, treat your own self in the privacy of your home for debility and lost vitality, without using a single drug or medicine? This great FORCE, as a restorer of vitality and as a means to overcome those weaknesses which result from indiscretion and unnatural practices, is today being used all over the civilized world, and I give it as my honest opinion, based upon a vast observation and study, that any man anywhere, who leads a decent, manly life and who applies this marvellous FORCE in a scientific and rational way, can without employing a single drug, be restored again to a state of perfect, rugged health and vigor, without a remaining ache, pain or weakness.

As we all know, these various weaknesses handicap a man in every condition of life, while on the other hand, a perfect specimen of vigorous, lusty manhood is ever admired by both women nad men alike, while, of course, it is certainly only such a man who can attain the really great successes of life. Therefore, I say to you, no matter what your size, whether you are small or large, no matter what your occupation, no matter whether you are a college graduate or working on a farm or in the factory, no matter whether you are young or elderly, it is all a question of your vigor and your vitality, and if I can give you a good, abundant supply of this same great power or VITAL FORCE, then it is easy to believe that I can completely restore your vogirous health, can overcome the evil effect of past indiscretion so you will be exactly the same in your influence over people, exactly the same in your manly bearing as other manly, strong-nerved, warm-blooded fellows of your acquaintance.

With an idea of attaining all this for you, I recommend you to investigate a simple little VITALIZING APPLIANCE of my invention, which I am now sending out in great numbers for use by men everywhere who need new manly strength. This little VITALIZER is very light, weighing only several ounces, and can be worn without any one suspecting that you are wearing it. You buckle it on your body upon going to bed and take it off mornings. Thus while you sleep it sends its wonderful power, which I call VITALITY or VITAL FORCE, into your blood, nerves and organs. Users say it takes pain and weakness outof the back from one application, and further say 60 to 90 days' time is sufficient to restore a state of health, strength and vigor. I am not offering this VITALIZER here for sale, but want you to first send for my book that you may learn all about the whole wonderful subject, and why I get such quantities of testimonials from users everywhere telling of results after drugs completely and utterly fail.

NOTE—With special attachments my VITALIZER is used by women as well as men for rheumatism, kidney, liver, stomach, bladder disorders, nervousness and general ill health. Please write for book today, or, if near by, I should like you to call. Hours—9 to 6, Sundays excepted.

Use Coupon; Get Free Book

Remember, the little illustrated book which I send free, sealed by mail, as per coupon below, not only fully describes my VITALIZER, telling of a special offer by which you may get one on special terms for use in your own case, but contains a great fund of private advice for men, some good wholesome cautions, and a lot of general information that might be of value to you to the end of your days. Therefore, please write or call.

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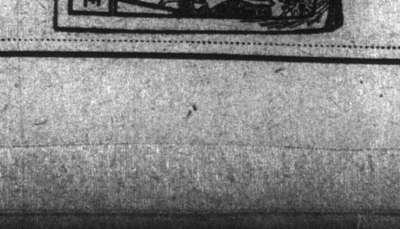
Dear Sirs—Please forward me your book, as advertised, free, sealed.



NAME ....

ADDRESS ....

WHICH WAY IS VALLEY RAILWAY TO ENTER ST. JOHN?

Friends of West Side Route and Navy Island Bridge Are Numerous

KINGSTON PARISH OPPOSES

Agreed on All Sides That Valley Line Must Be Independent of C. P. R. and Make Its Terminals With Grand Trunk Pacific at Courtenay Bay—Some Arguments Pro and Con.

Monday, Feb. 24.

The Telegraph yesterday asked several men interested in the Valley Railroad what was behind the recent movement in favor of having the road follow the western bank of the river all the way down and reach the Courtenay Bay terminals by means of a bridge across Navy Island.

One of these men, who spoke for those favoring the west side route and harbor bridge, gave The Telegraph considerable information about the whole situation. In the first place, he said, every man in every county served by the Intercolonial and its branches, by the Valley road, and by the Transcontinental, and every resident of St. John, had a direct interest in the change of route. He was asked to explain this and said:

"Well, on all import and export traffic by the European steamers, from the Intercolonial or any of its branches, there is an extra charge of fifty cents per ton on carload lots and seventy-five cents per ton in lots less than 20,000 pounds.

"Traffic coming over the Intercolonial and bound for steamers in West St. John going to Cuba, has to pay an extra charge of three cents per 100 pounds, or sixty cents a ton.

Now, you must remember that fifty cents a ton means $15 on every car of thirty tons, and seventy-five cents a ton means half as much more. Figure that up for a year or two.

"These charges constitute a big handicap on all shippers along the Intercolonial and its branches, and if the Valley Railroad (which will be operated by the Intercolonial) and the Grand Trunk Pacific come into Courtenay Bay from the eastward, all their freight which goes over to the west side docks, will be subject to an extra charge of from $15 to $20 for each small car load. In other words, the more the Intercolonial freight increases, and the more freight that is brought here over the Grand Trunk and Valley road, the more money the shippers will be paying out on every ton of it which has to go through to the west side docks.

Bridge Approaches.

"When people talk about the possible extra cost of approaches to a harbor bridge they want to remember this—that when you buy a right of way you pay your money once and the transaction is complete for all time; but until you get a bridge across the harbor a great army of shippers will go on paying $15 or $20 a car for no good purpose. When you buy a right of away or a bridge approach, that is a purchase, but this extra charge for access to the west side dock is a mortgage; and there is no end to it but a harbor bridge."

He went on to say that in time the Grand Trunk Pacific would be expected to bring as much freight to this port as the C. P. R. now brings or more. For a long time to come most of the steamers will be loaded on the west side, and, as the number of piers there is being increased, perhaps half the steamers or more will always be loaded there; and he pointed out that all the people living along the Intercolonial, or the Valley Railway, or the Grand Trunk Pacific are just as much interested in cheap access to the west side piers as are the people of St. John.

This man said further that if the west side route is only from two to five miles longer than the route via Perry's Point, the interests of almost everybody living along the Intercolonial, the Valley Railroad and the Transcontinental would be best served by having the Valley road follow the western bank of the St. John all the way down to the city. He added that the difference in the length of the routes would not affect freight charges.

Another man interested in the matter was asked what would be said in favor of the Perry Point route. He said it was the shortest and most direct way to reach Courtenay Bay and there were fewer risks and complications about it than were connected with the longer route. He regarded the harbor bridge as something that would come some day, but thought it ought not to be tacked on to the Valley road. He also seemed to think that if the Valley Railroad came down to Westfield there would be danger of it falling under the control of the C. P. R.

Other Views.

Others who spoke about the matter and favored the west side route presented certain considerations which they believed important, such as these:

The Valley Railroad must remain independent of the C. P. R., and must be carried through to Courtenay Bay, which is the natural terminus for it and the Grand Trunk Pacific.

A bridge across the St. John river at the Mistake would interfere with logging and rafting operations, and all this trouble would be avoided by following the west bank.

Bringing the railroad into St. John by following the western route would abolish the toll bridge at the falls, and would give freight from the east and west access to the wharves and steamers at the same cost, instead of subjecting all Intercolonial, Grand Trunk Pacific and Valley Railroad freight to an additional charge of $15 to $20 a carload to reach the west side steamers as at present.

They pointed out that all hay, potatoes, lumber and similar freight coming from Amherst, from Westmorland and Kings counties, and all the North Shore today is at a tremendous disadvantage in regard to charges as compared with freight brought over the C. P. R.

Estimates.

From another source The Telegraph secured the estimates prepared by an engineer of the Valley Railroad for bridges of various kinds across the St. John and Kennebeccasis rivers, and across the harbor at Navy Island. These estimates are as follows:

Estimates of the cost of river crossings on alternative routes between the "Mistake" and city of St. John, made by the firm of Waddell & Harrington:

St. John River at Mistake and Gorham's Cove	$ 991,400
Kennebeccasis River, Perry's Point	468,000
Kennebeccasis River, Gondola Point	1,500,000
St. John, Navy Island:	
One steam railway track, two electric railway tracks, lower deck; thirty foot roadway, two five foot sidewalks, upper deck	972,000
One steam railway track, two 14 foot roadway, lower deck; one electric railway track, two five feet sidewalks, upper deck	940,800
One steam railway, lower deck; 40 foot roadway with two electric railway tracks on it, two five foot sidewalks, upper deck	1,031,000
One steam railway track	436,000

Comparison in Miles.

Another estimate gives a comparison in miles of the route to St. John from the Mistake by way of Perry's Point, and from the Mistake by way of Navy Island. This estimate follows:

1. Mistake to Union depot, St. John, via Kennebeccasis route:

	Miles.
Mistake to Perry's Point by St. John and Quebec survey	11.61
Perry's to Gondola Point by St. John and Quebec survey	4.93
Gondola Point to Rothesay by St. John and Quebec survey	4.65
Rothesay to St. John, I. C. R. time table	8.8
Total	29.99

2. Mistake to Union depot, St. John, via Westfield route:

	Miles.
Mistake to Westfield, by survey, D. F. Maxwell	18
Westfield to St. John, by C. P. R. time table	14
Total	32

It is understood those who favor the western route expect to show that the Valley Railroad Company is not unfavorable to the change, and that an estimate of population in both districts shows the number of people to be served by a railway is greater on the western bank of the St. John than along the proposed Perry's Point route.

When asked if it was proposed to swing the road round to Welsford Station, some of those interested said that this was a matter for the engineers, but that their own idea was simply to show that the road should be kept on the western side of the river and should follow the shortest practicable route from Gagetown to St. John on that side, always remembering that no grade heavier than twenty-one feet in the mile would be allowed.

Friends of the western route have heard that the C. P. R. would like to get a more favorable entrance into St. John from a point beyond Westfield, as there is now a very heavy grade going out of St. John; and it is thought that the C. P. R. might join in the project to use a railroad bridge across Navy Island, which bridge might well be owned by the dominion government.

It is pointed out that the government is proceeding to construct more steamship piers on the west side, and is making other heavy expenditures there, although up to this day the government railroad freight can only reach those piers after paying a very heavy extra charge, which falls upon all shippers.

Right of Way.

A citizen asked The Telegraph yesterday if the cost of a right of way through Westfield, which some people said would be excessive, would be any more costly than a right of way through Rothesay and that vicinity. He also asked if the $15 or $20 a ton were saved by a harbor bridge how long it would take to effect a saving more than sufficient to equal the interest and sinking fund charges on the cost of all the bridges now being discussed. This man said the harbor bridge would benefit every interest concerned, and that talk of its excessive cost was due to ignorance of the cost of the bridges and other costs in connection with the Perry's Point route.

Meantime the people of the Kingston district are up in arms over the proposal to change the route, and the report of a meeting held at Perry's Point on February 20 is to be found in another part of today's Telegraph.

No doubt any attempt to change the route will be contested stoutly by the people in Kingston parish who have been badly used in transportation matters, but on the other hand the friends of the west side route believe they will bring unexpected strength to bear by showing that their plan will be money in the pocket of every man who is interested in the shipment of freight over the Valley railroad, the Intercolonial or the Transcontinental. The whole question is likely to have an airing at Fredericton on Tuesday, when various delegates are to wait on the government.

P. E. ISLAND MAN KILLED BY BURSTING OF THRESHER'S FLYWHEEL

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Feb. 23—A distressing fatality occurred yesterday afternoon at North River (P. E. I.), when Jacob Cummings was instantly killed.

Cummings was at the time engaged in threshing with a horse power mill at the barn of C. E. Rodd. By some mischance the belt slipped off the fly wheel and Rodd ran to apply the brake, under the pressure the fly wheel flew to pieces, one or more of them striking Cummings. His skull was fractured, both jaws, his neck and shoulders were broken. Death was instantaneous.

PROVINCIAL PERSONALS

Chatham Commercial—Mr. Charles J. Morrissy, of Newcastle, is now much improved in health.

Halifax Echo, 20th—Mr. D. A. Story, district traffic superintendent of the I. C. R., and Miss Story, arrived from Moncton this morning and are at the Halifax. They leave this evening on a trip to the West Indies. T. E. G. Armstrong, of St. John, is at the Halifax hotel.

Kings County Record—Mr. Albert Watson left for St. John on Monday night, after a visit of four weeks with his aunts, Mrs. Frank Brooks and Mrs. Robert Perry. Mrs. D. W. Davidson has returned from St. John after a very pleasant visit. Miss Agnes P. Ryan has returned home, after visiting friends in St. John and vicinity. Mr. Robert Boyce, St. John, spent Sunday here, the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Boyce.

Fredericton Mail—Mrs. S. T. Waite, of Andover, has returned from St. John and is visiting Mrs. Wesley Kitchen.

Campbellton Tribune—Mr. A. W. Le Blanc has returned from St. John and Fredericton.

OBITUARY

Ora Burton Allaby.

The death of Ora Burton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Allaby, took place on Feb. 13 at Salt Springs, Kings county. He was two months old and is survived by his parents, three sisters, one brother and an aged grandmother. The funeral took place on Sunday morning. The services were conducted by Rev. James McCluckie.

Dr. Frank Thomas.

Annapolis, N. S., Feb. 20—(Special)—Word was received here from Sand Coulee, Montana, last night, informing the friends of Frank Thomas, M. D., of Montana, that he was critically ill, and this morning another dispatch was received conveying the intelligence of his death. He was a young man of much promise and commanded a large and lucrative practice in Sand Coulee, Montana, and was also interested in mining. Mr. Thomas was thirty-three years old, and had been in practice there for over three years, and his sudden death was a great shock to his many friends here in Nova Scotia. Mr. Thomas was a son of Mrs. George King of this town. A wife and one son survive him.

Mr. and Mrs. George King left here today for Montana to be present at the funeral ceremony.

George Oram.

Friday, Feb. 21.

The death of George Oram, a well known resident of the North End, took place yesterday morning at his home, 15 Merritt street, in his 72nd year. He was a native of North End, and lived there all his life. Besides his wife he is survived by three sons and two daughters. The sons are: William, of Boston, and Joseph and George, of this city. The daughters are: Mrs. Daniel McManus and Mrs. John Hatfield, of this city. The funeral will be held on Saturday morning from his late home in Merritt street.

H. B. Johnston.

Friday, Feb. 21.

News has been received telling of the death of Harold Everett Johnston, aged 28 years, in New York yesterday, Feb. 19. He was a son of Joseph A. and Martha E. Johnston of Quispamsis. Mr. Johnston has been living in the United States for ten years. He had lately been engaged in the butter and egg trade in New York. He suffered an attack of pleuro-pneumonia, was taken to the hospital on last Wednesday and died yesterday.

Besides his parents he is survived by his sisters, Mrs. C. W. Richardson of New York, who was with him at the end; Mrs. Wm. Mitchell of St. John, north, and Miss Ada of the George F. Baird Company of Perth; one brother Joseph, with Haley Bros. & Co., and two younger brothers and a sister at home. His body will be brought to St. John tomorrow, and the funeral will take place probably on Saturday from Chamberlain's undertaking rooms to Fernhill. Many friends will sympathize deeply with the bereaved family.

J. P. Dillon.

Many people will regret to hear of the death of Joseph P. Dillon which took place at Winnipeg, on February 19. The late Mr. Dillon was well known and much esteemed in this city, and his death will come as a great shock to his many friends. He left here for Winnipeg last August and was apparently in his usual health until a day or two ago, when his relatives here had a message to the effect that he was laid up with pleurisy. There survive him his father, Patrick Dillon, three sisters, Mrs. Timothy Collins, Mrs. John McGraw, of this city, and Miss Alice at home, and two brothers, Thomas E. and John, both of this town.

Miss Katie McPhee.

Salisbury, N. B., Feb. 21—It was learned with deep regret here this morning of the death at the Moncton hospital of Miss Katie McPhee, which occurred Thursday evening. Miss McPhee, with her brother, E. D. McPhee, came to Salisbury from Tryon (P. E. I.) last summer and at the beginning of the autumn term entered upon their duties as teachers on the Salisbury school staff, the latter as principal of the school and the former in charge of the intermediate department. During her short residence here Miss McPhee made many friends, in addition to her being an exceptionally successful teacher. She was a young woman of pleasing personality and splendid Christian character. She took an active part in the work of the Baptist church and Sunday school and was a valued member of the church choir.

A short time before the Christmas holidays she gave up her school on account of failing health and entered the Moncton hospital for treatment for tubercular trouble. Her condition gradually grew worse until the end came on Thursday evening.

Miss McPhee's mother and her brother will leave Moncton with the body today for their home in Tryon, where the funeral will take place. Mr. McPhee's department of the school here will be closed until Wednesday.

Mrs. William Searle.

Chatham, N. B., Feb. 21—The death of Mrs. William Searle occurred on Wednesday afternoon in Douglastown. She was 76 years of age. She is survived by her husband and one brother and two sisters, David McLean, of Napan; Mrs. Thomas Vanstone, of Fredericton, and Mrs. Finley McDiarmid, of Napan. Mrs. Searle was a daughter of the late John McLean, of Napan.

William McAllister.

The death of William McAllister took place at Selina, Kings county, last Monday morning. He was 83 years of age and is survived by his wife, two sons, David, of Titusville, and William, of Selina, and one daughter, Margaret, at home. The funeral took place on Thursday at Titusville with Rev. Mr. McQuarrie officiating at the house and grave.

Dennis O'Neill.

Saturday, Feb. 22.

Many people will regret to hear of the death of Dennis O'Neill early this morning at his residence, 600 Main street, North End. The late Mr. O'Neill was a well known and much respected resident of the North End, and though he had been ill for the last two months, news of his death will come as a great shock to his many friends. He leaves, besides his wife, one son, Mansell, at home; two brothers, Felix and James, of this city, and one sister, Mrs. Gary, of St. John.

Samuel L. Nason.

Fredericton, Feb. 22—The death took place last night at Tracey Station of Samuel L. Nason, aged 72 years, of pneumonia. Five sons—Odbur, Lamberts Lake (Me.); Dallas, Sherman (Me.); Edward, Keewatin (Ont.), and Spafford and Oran, at home; and one daughter, Mrs. Harry Higgins, of Mobray (Man.), survive. Two sisters, Mrs. Manasey Feero, of Danforth (Me.), and Mrs. Maria McLaughlin, Woodside, Sunbury county, and one brother, Murray Nason, in Maine, also survive.

Doris G. M. Love.

Monday, Feb. 24.

The death of Doris G. M., daughter of Arthur L. and Margaret Love, took place Saturday afternoon. She had been in poor health for several weeks. She was five years and eight months old. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from her parents' residence, 102 Exmouth street.

Samuel Marsh.

The death took place Saturday morning at his home, Ludlow street, Carleton, of Samuel Marsh, one of the oldest and best known residents of the west side. Mr. Marsh was a native of England, and was upwards of eighty years of age. He was a mere lad when he came here, and for a time he worked at railroad building, and, among other work, was engaged on the great rock cutting on the C. P. R. near Grand Bay. Later he engaged in mercantile work, and for nearly half a century carried on a furniture and stove business in Carleton. He is survived by his wife and two daughters, Mrs. Edward Schubert, wife of the caretaker of the city property at Spruce Lake, and Miss Gertrude, at home.

Dennis O'Neill.

The many friends of Dennis O'Neill will regret to hear of his death, which took place at an early hour Saturday morning at his residence, 600 Main street. He had been in poor health for some time. Besides his wife, he is survived by one son, Mansell, two brothers, Messrs. Felix and John, and two sisters, Mrs. Margaret Garey and Mrs. Mary McBride, all of this city. P. M. O'Neill and Officer F. L. O'Neill are both nephews of the deceased. Mr. O'Neill was a well known and highly respected citizen and his death came as a great shock to his many friends.

Mrs. Nelson Arnold.

The death of Mrs. Anna Maria Arnold, widow of Nelson Arnold, occurred Saturday at her home in Sussex. Mrs. Arnold was eighty-five years of age, one of the oldest and most highly respected residents of the community. Previous to her marriage she was Miss Smith, and came from her birthplace in London, Eng., to this province at an early age, with her parents. Quiet and unassuming in her manner, she was a woman of fine character and was respected and esteemed by all who knew her.

She is survived by five sons and one daughter, Percy, of Los Angeles; Fenwick W., of Toronto; Herbert E., of Wolfville, N. S.; Chas. M., of Moncton; A. Edward, of Sussex, and Mrs. T. C. Brown, at home. The funeral will be held from her late residence to Trinity church where services will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon, Rev. Canon Neales officiating. The interment will be at Sussex Corner, beside the grave of her husband.

Ralph Colwell Ward.

Monday, Feb. 24.

The death of Ralph Colwell, youngest child of Orland C. and Mary A. Ward, took place Saturday afternoon. He was seventeen months old and is survived by his parents and four sisters, Hazel, Elsie, Grace and Edna, and one brother, Samuel, all at home. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from his parents' residence, 261 Duke street.

SUPREME COURT JUDGMENTS

Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 21—Judgments were given in a considerable number of cases by the supreme court this afternoon. They were as follows:

The king vs. board of assessors and city treasurer of Fredericton ex-parte William T. Howe. Order nisi to quash assessment discharged.

The same vs. the same ex-parte John F. Timmins, order nisi to quash assessment discharged.

Canadian Fairbanks Company (Limited, vs. Moore et al. Appeal dismissed with costs.

Bellisle vs. Bouchea. Appeal allowed with costs.

Ayer executor vs. Kelley. Appeal dismissed with costs.

McGowan administratrix vs. Warner. New trial granted.

Worden vs. Hatfield. Appeal dismissed with costs.

Knowles vs. McLaughlin. Appeal allowed by reducing costs of verdict to $60.71 and enter non suit in respect to count for use and occupation without costs.

The king vs. John W. Allen. Conviction and sentence set aside and new trial granted on counts upon which defendant was convicted.

Ex parte Gallagher. Rule granted.

Ex parte Teed. Rule refused.

Ex parte Oscar D. Hansen. Rule absolute for certiorari.

The king vs. Allingham, stipendiary magistrate of St. John, ex-parte David Keefe. Rule for certiorari refused.

In the case of Ryder vs. St. John Railway Company argument was completed this afternoon. The court considers.

City Clerk McCready has been notified by the deputy postmaster general that the proposed free mail delivery for this city has been held up for the present. It is said that the streets have not all been properly named or the houses numbered and where this is the case the rules of the department will not permit establishment of a free mail delivery.

The announcement has caused considerable general disappointment here as well as among the six young men who have been recommended for appointment as letter carriers. It does not look now as if the system would be inaugurated this year.

Yesterday was the last day for payment of taxes to qualify for a vote at the city elections to be held on March 10. There was not so much of a rush at the city treasurer's office as in former years, but considerable money was paid in. The indications point to a lively election.

In the supreme court this morning, Hon. W. P. Jones, ex parte John Riordon, moved for a rule nisi to set aside a rule of the court under the New Brunswick Railway Act and other proceedings therein with costs; rule nisi granted.

Ex parte Oscar D. Hanson vs. Joseph Nase, H. J. Smith moved for rule absolute to quash an order on review of the St. John county court, setting aside a conviction before Stipendiary Allingham and ordering a non suit.

Exparte Teed, Phinney, K. C., moved for certiorari to quash a conviction before Magistrate Matheson of Campbellton for selling liquor without license.

In the supreme court this morning L. J. Conlon and L. A. Smith were sworn in barristers.

Cold macaroni au gratin may be made into delicious croquettes.

ADVANTAGES OF HARBOR BRIDGE

Prominent C. P. R. Official Favors It from All Points of View

WOULD OVERCOME GRADES

Understood Company is Seriously Considering the Erection of New Railway Bridge at the Reversing Falls—Would Use Navy Island Structure.

Saturday, Feb. 22.

A Fredericton despatch yesterday said: "A member of the government said this morning that the C. P. R. had announced its intention of constructing a new railway bridge across the falls near the present cantilever as soon as possible. William Downie, the superintendent of the Atlantic division, has been here for a couple of days and two of the engineers of the C. P. R. staff of St. John, Messrs. Wetmore and Waring, were engaged early in the week looking over the plans of the new bridge to be built by the provincial government between the present highway and railway bridge at that point.

"It is understood that the engineers consulted in order that there should be no misunderstanding regarding the approaches.

"The government member, who said the information was authoritative, was in doubt as to which side of the cantilever the new railway bridge would be built. The railway wishes to build below the present cantilever, but it has not been decided if this is possible."

William Downie, superintendent of the Atlantic division of the C. P. R., when asked yesterday by a Telegraph reporter regarding the proposed new C. P. R. bridge at the falls, said that he had no statement to make at the present time.

It is understood, however, that the matter is receiving the serious consideration of the C. P. R. and while the necessities of the traffic are not pressing the C. P. R. officials too hard, there is a prospect of a new bridge being built at no distant date. The safety of the existing bridge, which has been questioned from time to time, is regarded by the C. P. R. as fully up to the necessities of the traffic that passes over it just now and while it might not be sufficient for the heavy mountain engines of the C. P. R., it is said to be adequate for the traffic at present.

"In what manner would the building of the Valley railway all the way down the west side of the river, and the consequent building of a bridge across the harbor at Navy Island, affect the C. P. R. and the proposed new bridge?" a Telegraph reporter asked a prominent official of the C. P. R. yesterday.

"The harbor bridge would be used by the C. P. R.," was the answer. "It would save the heavy grade into St. John which is so much in evidence at present, and it is quite as practical an entrance to the city as that in use at the present time.

"This new route of the Valley railway," this official went on to say, "is to my mind the most practical one, and as well as being used for the railway there would be of course a footway and carriage way, bringing the west and east sides of the city together. The change in the route would not affect the Grand Trunk Pacific at all. It could just as well enter the city by the west side as by the east. The plan of the Navy Island bridge would appear to be advantageous from all points of view."

CONDENSED NEWS; LOCAL AND GENERAL

Nine burial permits were issued by the Board of Health during the last week. The causes of death were as follows:—Cardiac disease, two; senility, enteritis, inanition, peritonitis, pneumonia, cancer of intestine and carcinoma of stomach, one each.

A contract has been awarded for the erection of two modern houses in Fairville plateau to Messrs. Peck & Duffy, proprietors of The Hillsboro Manufacturing & Wood Working Company. The work will be started in a few weeks and rushed until completion.

In the supreme court, writs have been issued in the suits of Ella and A. H. Brown vs. George Bartlett, Southampton, declarants claiming $3,115 damages for negligence; and in the case of the Bishop of Fredericton vs. Harvey Mills and Kingarth Cook, for the recovery of land.

Rev. G. Foster Camp, son of Dr. Camp, of Sheffield (N. B.), who is now attending the Baptist Seminary at Newton (Mass.), has accepted a call from the church at Tiverton (R. I.) He will begin his duties at the end of the college year. Rev. Mr. Camp has many friends in New Brunswick who will hear with pleasure of his success.

It is possible that some of the appointments recently recommended by the local patronage committee for the customs service may not go through. An official from the department at Ottawa was in the city last week and it is understood his business here was to confer regarding the matter with the applicants, requiring them according to the amendments to the civil service act to pass an examination, which they would not be allowed to take if they were more than thirty-six years of age. Some of those who were recommended for the positions are more than this, and thus may be prevented from landing the positions unless they have sufficient influence to override the objections.

Knowledge of the farming possibilities of New Brunswick has spread even to France, and a company is being formed in that country which will operate there, and with French capital buy up farms in New Brunswick, sell them to the French immigrants on the installment system, and induce a flow of French immigration to this province. The organizers of the company are R. Wilby, of this city, and Paul Jean, who has resided in this city at one time and another for a considerable time. Mr. Wilby will manage the new company and left for Europe Saturday to complete the organization. It is not the intention to confine the immigrants to the French people, and the company will also operate in England to some extent.

MOUNT ALLISON'S CAMPAIGN ON

The campaign committe of Mount Allison University at Sackville has secured the services of R. A. Cassidy, of New York, in the forward movement planned for next month. Mr. Cassidy has had wide experience in work of this nature and is said to be an organizer of exceptional ability.

Mount Allison requires a new science building, and it is felt that $50,000 set apart for this purpose from the $250,000 which the committee hope to raise, will give the institution an equipment of science equal to any in the eastern provinces, and sufficient for many years to come. This, however, is not a first consideration of the campaign. Mount Allison's most pressing need is a sufficient regular annual income to entirely eliminate all possibility of further deficits, and to guarantee that for the future, the university will be self-supporting, in so far as this term may be applied to a denominational institution, and with this end in view, the first efforts of the committee will be directed to securing $200,000 as an addition to the permanent endowment, and only after this has been obtained will the proposed new science building be given consideration. The annual deficit on operation has averaged $3,000 a year for some years, so it will be seen that with $8,000 of $10,000 additional income, the university should be able to get along very comfortably.

OFFER TO BUY STREET RAILWAY FOR $1,200,000

(Continued from page 1.)

which had been declared quarterly dividends of one and a half per cent. These took $48,000 and left $10,158.06 to profit and loss account.

The report declared that earnings were reduced because of reduction of the service in the rush season because of the paving work in Mill, Dock, King and Charlotte streets. An increase in wages of employes was referred to and the plant was declared equal to that of any electric light and street railway system in Canada. The purchase of six pay-as-you-enter cars, the purchase of land at Seeside, the wiring to Rothesay and Crouchville, and the work on buildings were spoken of with a statement that there are on hand all the rails, ties, etc., required for the extension of the railway to Crouchville, the cemetery, and for the new line in Broad street.

The report then continued:

"We propose during the coming year to purchase additional new cars, to erect another fireproof car barn, to install additional engine and generators, to extend our street railway system to Crouchville, the cemetery, and to lay a new track in Broad street. Other extensions of the street railway are also proposed.

"We were able to come to an agreement with the local government as to crossing the new bridge to be erected at the falls. We regret to report that the terms exacted by the government are in our opinion too onerous. Our company is required to pay an annual rental starting with $3,000, increasing to $5,000. In addition to this we are obliged to pay one-half the cost of protecting the railway crossing, which includes the wages of the gatemen. We are also to pay the cost of connecting our railway system and laying tracks on the bridge. This will require an expenditure of upwards of $8,000. When the bridge is completed, it will enable us to give a through service between East and West St. John."

The Kane's Corner extension matter was resolved with a statement that what the council wanted would mean a cost of $30,000 to the company, which was regarded as too much.

Permission had been given to the Canadian government to cross the I. C. R. tracks at Haymarket square. The report stated that conditions here were not such as to permit operating large double track cars.

Financial Statement.

The financial statement showed, for the year ended Dec. 31:

Assets.

Cost of Property	$2,056,598.91
Accounts Receivable	68,084.19
Stores	39,455.81
Cash on hand	1,300.00
Cash in Bank	7,257.40
Treasury Bonds	131,400.00
	$2,304,096.31

Liabilities.

Capital Stock	$ 800,000.00
Bonds	1,160,000.00
Accounts Payable	56,913.00
Accrued Interest on Bonds	8,571.66
Dividend Payable Jan. 15	12,000.00
Notes Payable	85,000.00
Outstanding Tickets	3,560.45
Contingent and Depreciation	45,960.14
Profit and Loss	132,091.06
	$2,304,096.31

Income Account.

Dividends:—	
Paid 17th April	$12,000.00
Paid 17th July	12,000.00
Paid 16th October	12,000.00
Payable January 15	12,000.00
Transferred to Profit and Loss	10,158.06
	$58,158.06
Profits for the year after providing for Interest on Bonds and other charges	$58,158.06

TO PAY MORE FOR PAUPER LUNATICS

(Continued from page 1.)

$90,000 in addition to the proceeds of bonds to make up the difference. The intention of the original bill was to provide a safeguard that the amount of the proceeds of bonds would be deposited with a trust company and this had been done. This bill changed the amount to be deposited from 98 per cent to 96 per cent of the par value.

Hon. Mr. Grimmer introduced a bill to amend the towns incorporations act. He explained that the bill provided for an extension of time for service of a police court summons from six to thirty days. This change was necessitated to make it possible to serve non-residents who it was almost impossible to reach within the time now allowed.

Hon. Mr. Flemming moved that time for introduction of private bills be extended for one week. He said that it had been the practice to make several extensions, but he trusted that hon. members would make it possible to get along without any lengthy extensions this session.

Hon. Mr. Flemming asked for leave of absence for Mr. Stewart (Restigouche) until Wednesday next on account of urgent business.

The house adjourned at 5.10 o'clock.

Painted woodwork can be made to look like new by rubbing it with a cloth dipped in whiting. When the whiting is dry, remove with soft cloth.

YARMOUTH MAN WAS AN ACTOR WITH THE BOOTHS

Alexander Wilson Also Knew Thackeray—Died at Age of 92.

(Yarmouth Times.)

Many people in Yarmouth will regret to hear of the death of Alexander Wilson, a well known retired actor, who had been a resident of this town for more than thirty years. He passed away at the residence of Mrs. W. E. Perry in Milton, on Saturday at the age of ninety-one years and eleven months.

Mr. Wilson was a native of Halifax, son of the late Colin Wilson, clothier for the army and navy, many years ago. In early life he chose the stage as a career, and was associated with the Booths and also with Charlotte Sanders Cushman in the height of her career. He made several trips to England and played in several important centres in that country. On one of these trips he met William Makepeace Thackeray, celebrated novelist and satirist, for whom he had a deep and sincere admiration.

During his early life he appeared professionally in Halifax at the old Lyceum. During the last seven years of his professional life he was manager for Laura Kean, who was just then in the limelight. Increasing deafness compelled his retirement at the age of sixty.

He went first to Halifax to live, but stayed there only a few months before coming to Yarmouth. With the exception of a few short periods, when he resided in Bridgetown, he had been here ever since. For many years he lived with the late T. M. Lewis and afterwards with the late William Lewis, but for the last ten years had made his home with Mrs. W. E. Perry. He was unmarried, keeping faithful to the end the memory of one to whom he was engaged, but who was removed by death. As a young man he was intimate with the Drews, particularly the elder Drews, for many years.

As far as is known Mr. Wilson leaves no relatives. When he came to Yarmouth he had a brother and sister living. The brother has since died in New York and as no word has been had from the sister in more than twenty years, it is presumed that she too, is dead.

AMERICANS ORDER ARMY TO BORDER

(Continued from page 1.)

ed by the death of Francisco Madero and Pino Suarez, but the great majority of the Mexican people merely shrug their shoulders. It is likely that there are a few chapters of that tragedy still to be written. The bodies have been removed from the penitentiary, pending the transference of Madero's to the family home at San Pedro De Los Pinos, in the State of Coahuila and that of Suarez to Yutcan, permission having already been granted.

One afternoon paper in Mexico denies the stories of the attack on the Madero guard, alleging that the affair was carried out in accordance with pre-arranged plans. But the Mexican government appears honest in its endeavor to place the facts before the world by means of judicial investigation. This investigation will probably not be concluded for some days. Already the political world is turning to the elections. It is said that General Felix Diaz will have as opponents in his candidacy for the presidency, Francisco De La Barra, the present minister of foreign relations; Rodolfe Reyes, son of General Bernardo Reyes, who was killed in the first attack on the palace, and Dr. Francisco Vasquez Gomez. Friends have begun a campaign in behalf of these various candidates.

The holding of the elections will depend upon the state of the country but Huerta insists upon a free choice of the people when peace is restored, which will make this possible. Reports are not altogether reassuring from the states of Coahuila, Nuevo Leon and San Luis Potosa where rebels are committing depredations. The Zapatistas in the South are giving trouble and it is reported that one town in the State of Puebla has been sacked.

This, however, is characterized by the government as the work of a small and insignificant portion of the rebel army in the south and is due perhaps to ignorance of the developments in the capital. It is said that the new revolution attempted by Emilio and Raoul Madero, brothers of the late president, is making little headway.

Evidence of Murder on Bodies.

Mexico City, Feb. 24—It is popular belief today that the formality of a government autopsy over the bodies of Madero and Suarez was held mainly for the purpose of covering up powder marks and other indications tending to show that the men were slain by executioners among their supposed guard, who stood close behind them.

It is reported that Madero's head was actually burned by the flames from the weapons that killed him, and that when the body which was examined after being turned over to his family, it was found that the hair had been entirely cut away from the wounds. Suarez's clothing, it is said, bore powder stains around the bullet holes. The clothing had been changed when the body was sent to his relations.

Sonora on the Fence.

Hermosillo, Sonora, Mexico, Feb. 24—The opening session of the special meeting of the Sonora State Congress today was as uproarious as a stock market in a panic.

Epithets and charges were shouted across the chamber. Deputies almost came to blows, but no definite commitment was made either way on the question of whether Sonora should declare loyalty to or open a rebellion against the provisional government of Huerta.

Diaz adherents, declaring themselves Porfirioistas, charged that Governor Maytorena's loyalty to Madero was the result of a payment by Madero to him of 118,000 pesos, as "damages to buildings and crops of the Maytorena hacienda." Appearing in greater number than expected the "Porfirioista" deputies demanded that congress declare Sonora loyal to Huerta.

Huerta Promises Reforms.

Mexico City, Feb. 24—Answering the offer made by General Emiliano Zapata, the southern rebel leader, that he would recognize the new government if its programme was along promised progressive lines, General Huerta, the provisional president, today sent envoys with assurance to that effect to the insurgent chiefs in the states of Mexico, Guerraro and Morelos. Through his secretary, General Huerta said the government would adopt such principles of the San Luis Potosi plan as revised in Tacubaya, as were compatible.

VOL. LII.

RUSHIN THE

Budget Speec Supp

Provincial Secret Increased Rev Increased Def $5,000 a Ye Flemming to S for the U. N.

Special to The Teleg

Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 2 Secretary McLeod took an he noon to make his budget sp motion to go into supply w few minutes later.

For the first time, it is history of New Brunswick criticism of the financial stat government. The secretary' delivered with vigor and was most conclusive answer to who have been asserting th would not permit him to pres ment of his office.

His most important annou the substantial increase in s premier, whose services after the province $5,000 a year, i 600.

In making this statement, greeted with emphatic applau vincial secretary dwelt brief importance of the office of l government.

This and the increase of $ grant to the university were features of the budget speech of the absence of the strong last year, and felt that becau presentation might be some and lack its usual zest.

The fact that a special sink been started from the sale assets gave the speaker an op claim for wisdom and force part of the government.

He figured that the net in public debt in 1912 would 599,70. The real increase was 900, but it was reduced by for the Grand Falls power, way of the Transcontinenta smaller amounts, so that the in debt was only $44,599.

How the Debt Grows.

As compared with this th round numbers in 1908 was 1909, $217,000; in 1910, $185, $246,000. Next year, howeve the St. John Suspension, the and the Newcastle bridges, that the debt would be large

He hinted at an additional crown lands sinking fund by large tract of government la ney Junction for a manoeuvre revenues of the province we enough yet, but they were in idly. They expected more licenses and the provincial secretary's office were gr

The Telegraph drew a fire from the provincial secretar some statements he said ap Dec. 27 regarding the provinc

He devoted some attention ments in a recent issue up cost of some of the perma which were paid for out of permanent bridge account, claimi sums were first payment bridges. As there was no order in council or in the counts to show that the bri completed, the criticism was fied.

Mr. McLeod went somewh way to attack the honesty a of the former government, financial statements "Absolu "Absolutely lies."

Still Blaming the Old G

The increase in the intere blamed the old government f the next sentence he dwelt u rates of interest being called ent and the fact that ther $800,000 of treasury bills of wick afloat.

He touched briefly upon th question and the government mating that he would even g give free primary text books in the public schools.

Education and how nobly wick's sons and the univers represented her, furnished some eloquence.

The importance of agricul large expenditure of over $100 including both provincial grants, was also dwelt upon.

The necessity for increasing of officials, because of the hig ing, a reduction in the cost small estates, and the succes migration policy all furnished extended reference.

Nothing, however, was sa additional expenditures upon in the line of permanent road in the present policy of adm road moneys.

No hint was given, in this an speech of the session, o ment policy with respect to of the lumber leases.

No reference was made to t guarantee for the Valley, the and the Southampton railw were many other omissions character. The farm settleme not come in even for mentio

It is thought that the incre