St. John Chronicle.

AND COLONIAL CONSERVATIVE.

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THE ST. JOHN CHRONICLE,

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Visiting and Business Cards, (plain and ornamental) Handbills, Blanks, and Printing generally neatly executed.

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WILLIAM DURANT,
Chronicle Office, Saint John, N. B.

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JOHN FAIRWEATHER, Esquire, *President.*
J. W. LUGRIN, ZEBEDEE RYAN, } *Directors.*
S. L. TILLEY, S. K. FOSTER, }
J. M. ROBINSON, Esquire, *Solicitor.*
ISAAC WOODWARD, Esquire, *Secretary.*

Application for Insurance against Fire to be made at the Office of the Secretary, Wiggins' Brick Building, Princess-street.

THOMAS COW,
Plumber and Gass Fitter,
NEXT ADJOINING JERRETT'S BRICK BUILDING,
WATER STREET.

HOUSE and SHIP WATER-CLOSETS; Hot Cold, and Shower BATHS; Forcing, Lifting, Common, and Engine PUMPS; SHIPS' SCUPPERS, &c. &c.—on the most approved principles. LEAD PIPE of all sizes, and SHEET LEAD constantly on hand.

☞ LEAD BENDS made to order.
July 2, 1852. THOMAS COW.

CHARLES W. WELDON,
Attorney at Law & Notary Public
OFFICE—Over Messrs. Ranney, Sturdee & Co
Prince William-street, St. John, N. B.
May 28, 1852.

SOAP & CANDLE MANUFACTORY.
GEORGE WOODS,
Princess Street next adjoining Dunn's Steam Saw Mill, a few doors from the corner of Germain Street,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
August 29.

JUST RECEIVED and For Sale—15 doz. Cane and Wood Seat CHAIRS.
GEORGE NIXON,
April 27. Prince Wm -street.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE—400 lbs. of Extra Goose FEATHERS; 500 do.; Russian do.;
3 new and handsome Patterns of Cloth Paper HANGINGS.
April 13. GEORGE NIXON.

JOHN KINNEAR,—Prince Wm. Street,—Is receiving, just landing, and for Sale—50 Kegs Cut NAILS; 4 Bales Taper CORKS; 1 Barrels Crushed SUGAR; 3 Barrels FLUID; 8 Tierces RICE; 18 Dozen assorted CHAIRS.
March 28.

Assorted Crates of Earthenware.
75 CRATES Assorted EARTHENWARE, packed to suit the Country trade, guaranteed free from breakage, offered low, for sale by
FRAS. CLEMENTSON.
September 14. 29, Dock Street.

Magazines for September, &c.

FRANK Leslie's Gazette of Fashions,	Sept.;
Godey's Ladies Book, for	Sept.;
Chambers Journal,	Sept.;
Monthly Waverly Magazine,	Sept.;
Dickens's Household Words,	do;
Arthur's Home Magazine,	do;
New York National do.	do;

For sale by
Sept. 15. B. O'BRIEN.

BOWES & KENNEDY.
COPPER, TIN, and Sheet Iron Workers,
NO. 4, CROSS STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

TIN AND ZINC WATER SPOUTS, STOVES, STOVE PIPE, & TINWARE, ALWAYS ON HAND.

☞ All kinds of Jobbing and repairing in our line thankfully received and punctually attended to. (3m.) August 24, 1855.

50 tons JOHN BARBOUR'S from LIVERPOOL FIRE BRICK; Washing SODA;
Cottage INK; Roll BRIMSTONE;
Kegs of MUSTARD;
Kegs Yellow PAINT.
For Sale at
JOHN KINNEAR'S,
Prince Wm. Street.

STEAM ENGINE, BOILER, & CARDING MACHINES.—A small Steam Engine a new Boiler, manufactured by Fleming and Humbert, and two Carding Machines—will be sold separately or together, at a low price.
C. D. EVERETT & SON.
August 3. 15, King-street.

FALL OF SEBASTOPOL!
TYROLL'S Great Work on the present War, elegantly illustrated with Steel Plate Engravings, taken by the most eminent Artists of the day. The First Part just received. In order to secure this valuable Book, Subscribers will please leave their names at the Office, between 8 & 6 P. M. Premium Plate Gratis. Printed by the London Printing & Publishing Co. Terms of Subscription, 1s. 3d. per fortnight—delivered free of charge. Sold by R. HUNTER,
9 Market Square, over Kemp, Adams & Co.
Oct. 26, 1855.

DANDALION COFFEE.
A Novelty! A Rarity!! A Luxury!!
THE virtues of DANDALION have long been held in high estimation, but the difficulty of obtaining it in all seasons of the year, has impeded the wishes of the public in extending and promoting its more general use.

The above preparation is therefore offered to the public with confidence, as possessing all the properties of the plant, and when used according to direction, it forms a most agreeable drink. It is also found to improve the flavour of Coffee and Cocoa. Sold in packets at 1s. 9d. and 3s. 6d. stamps, by
FELLOWS & CO.,
July 25. Opposite lower end Market-street

OLD WINTER IS COMING!
Clothing for the Thousands.
CITIZENS AND STRANGERS!
You will find the largest and best assortment of
READY MADE CLOTHING,
AT
No. 1, Dock Street.

Got up expressly for FALL TRADE, and in point of quality will fully equal, if not surpass, the generality of Custom Work.
PRICES GUARANTEED
One-fifth less than any other concern in the City.
"*Coming to the Face*"
That I import my own Cloths and Trimmings direct from the Makers, and give my Customers the
IMPORTER'S PROFITS!
which they have to pay by purchasing elsewhere
Oct. 26. THOS. R. JONES.

We have obtained the Prize!
KENNAY & SCHRENER,
PIANOFORTE MANUFACTURERS
South side King Square, St. John, N. B.

HAVING taken the First and Second Prizes, and the Diploma for their instruments, at the Provincial Exhibition, beg leave to inform the public that they can supply Pianofortes at the following prices:

Square Front Mahogany Piccolo,	£30	0	0
Rosewood C. G. Piccolo,	35	0	0
Do. Elegant do.	40	0	0
Cottage,	42	0	0
Semi-Cabinet,	45	10	0
Full Cabinet,	50	0	0
Elegant, with French front, turn legs, and circular bottom,	65	0	0

The whole of the above Instruments are 6½ Octave to A above.

N. B.—All Instruments manufactured by K. & S. will be warranted for three years.

Every description of English and American pianofortes tuned and repaired. March 18th.

S. K. FOSTER'S
Ladies' Fashionable Shoe Store,
Foster's Corner—Germain Street.

NEW Summer BOOTS and SHOES, just received per Steamer *America*.

The Subscriber has lately received his Summer supply of Ladies, Misses', Children's, Gentlemen's, Boy's & Youth's BOOTS and SHOES, of the best and most fashionable description, to which he invites the attention of the community generally.

N. B.—Orders from all parts of the Province will receive prompt attention.
June 22. S. K. FOSTER.

Sweedish Leeches, &c
A FRESH Lot received by FELLOWS & CO., Germain street, opposite the lower end of Market Street.
ALSO—HOOPER'S FEMALE PILLS.
½ ton Blue Vitriol; ½ do ALUM;
5 cwt. SALTPETRE; 1 ton COPPERAS;
6 do Washing SODA; 1 ton Epsom SALTS;
6 do Cream Tartar; 4 do SULPHUR;
4 do Brimstone; 4 do Sal Soda;
1 do Carb. Magnesia; 2 tons Whiting, in bls.
½ ton Paris do. in do. Received direct from the Manufactures in Glasgow.
July 29. FELLOWS & CO.

Dr. Noble's Invigorating Balm.
THIS admirable preparation is the most effectual remedy known for Baldness and falling off of the Hair, giving it a rich glossy appearance, unequalled by anything of the kind. It contains no alcohol or alkaline substance, (as all the washes do which are now used,) and will restore the natural colour after those articles have deprived the hair of it. We can refer enquirers to persons, both old and young, many of them who have been bald several years, and have had their hair stored by this preparation. It acts by assisting nature and will in no way prove injurious. Prepared and Sold by FELLOWS & CO.
Germain-street,
October 5. opposite west end of country M'kt.

JOHN HARRY.
Silver Smith, Jeweller & Engraver
North side of King Street, St. John, N. B., a few doors below the *Waverley House.*

MANUFACTURER of all kinds Silver Plate viz: Tea, Table, and Dessert Spoons; Forks, Ladles, Fish and Butter Knives, &c. &c.; also, Silver Cups of different patterns, which he will furnish *Cheaper* than any other House in the City. The above work is warranted to be made of Sterling Silver, and for neatness of style and superiority of finish challenges competition.

JEWELLERY made to order and repaired.

All Kinds of ENGRAVING neatly executed.

Traders, Pedlers, and others furnished with plain Gold Finger RINGS *cheaper* than can be imported. In all cases punctuality may be relied on. Cash and the highest price given for Old Silver.

Hats, Caps, &c.
Opened per "Eastern City," at the CHEAP HAT, CAP, and FUR STORE, North side of King street, the following descriptions of new styles HATS and CAPS:—

GENTS' Drab Napoleon HATS;		
do.	do.	Gutta Percha do.;
do.	do.	Wide Awake do.;
do.	do.	Black Kossuth do.;
do.	do.	Warrior do.;
do.	do.	Beauties do.;
do.	do.	Silk Glazed Bangor CAPS;
do.	do.	Ringold do.;
do.	do.	Brown Cloth Emperor do.;
do.	do.	Black Satin Spring '55 HATS.

For sale at lowest market prices.
April 12. LOCKHART & CO.

COPAL VARNISH.—Best English and American—For Sale at
JOHN KINNEAR'S,
August 17. Prince Stree

HOLLOWAYS PILLS AND OINTMENT—Just received and for sale by
October 28, 1855. FELLOWS & CO.

Just Received
80 QTLS. large CODFISH,
30 do. small do. } in prime order
40 do. POLLOCK,
140 pieces of excellent GRIT GRIND STONES from 15 to 36 inches diameter. JOHN MARVEN.
August 10th. Ward-street.

JUST RECEIVED.
AT the "Golden Knife and Fork," Stanton's Brick Building, Dock street, by the *Middleton*, the following Goods, which being late for the Season, I now offer cheap for cash:—
600 doz. Table KNIVES & FORKS, in Ivory, Self Tip, White Bone, Black Tip, and Stag Horn Handles.
300 doz. of 1, 2, 3 and 4 bladed Pocket KNIVES;
60 doz. Scissors, of different sizes and patterns;
Just opening—1 case of the best Albata Silver Plated Cruet STANDS, 4 to 8 bottles; and 1 case of WAX DOLLS, fit for Christmas presents.
W. B. NICHOLSON,
January 19. Proprietor.

EAGLE FOUNDRY,
Steam Engine and Machine Shop.
SAINT DAVID AND ALBION STREETS,
Near Messrs. W. & R. Wright's Ship Yard Courtenay Bay.

ALWAYS on hand at the the above Establishment, Patent and Common WINDLASSES for Vessels of all sizes; Capstan Heads; Sheeves and Rollers; Bushes; Pump Chambers; Cambooses; Ploughs; Truck and Barrow Wheels; Waggon Boxes; Oven and Furnace Mouths; Treenail Machines.

The Subscriber in returning thanks to his friends and the Public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business, solicits a continuance of the same, and would further add, that having served a regular apprenticeship to the Engineering and Millwright business in Great Britain, and having the same the last thirty years continued to manufacture at the above Establishment all kinds of.

STEAM ENGINES.

High and low Pressure, For Boats, Saw, or Grist Mills; and for Propelling any kind of machinery. Steam Engine Boilers for Marine or Land purposes made and repaired; all kinds of Machinery repaired; Iron and Brass Castings made to order; BRASS AND IRON TURNING; Blacksmith Work of all kinds executed promptly and on favorable terms. ☞ As cheap or cheaper than any other Establishment in the Province. ☜
JOHN SMITH,
St. John, December 1, 1855. ENGINEER.

W. WEDDERBURN,
OPTICIAN:
No. 33, Dougall's Brick Building, South side of Prince William Street, and nearly opposite the Store of John Kinnear, Esquire, Saint John, N.B.
October 26, 1855.

LADIES' FORKS.—5 dozen superior Dinner FORKS. For Sale Cheap by
Dec. 7. A. A. COUGHLAN.

Teas, White Lead, &c.
Ex "Achilles" and "Eudocia"—
100 CHESTS Extra Souchong, } TEAS
10 do. superior family do }
25 do. Fine Congou.
5 Tons Brandram's WHITE LEAD;
1 do. Coloured PAINTS;
6 Casks Raw and Boiled OIL;
1 Ton PUTTY;
15 Bales COTTON WARPS;
25 Bales COTTON GOODS, &c.;
6 Cases INDIGO; 1 case Ladies' BOOTS;
2 Cases Ruled PAPER;
2 Cases NUTMEGS—For sale low by
L. H. DEVEBER & SONS.
St. John, June, 1854.

FELLOWS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
GERMAIN STREET,
Opposite lower end of Country Market,

Manufacture, in addition to their popular remedies, CONFECTIONELLY in every variety, viz. LOZENGES, CANDIES, DROPS, and PANWORK, all of which they warrant as being perfectly pure in every respect, containing no poisonous colours, and which will be sold as low as can be imported.

Soap and Candle Factory AGAIN
GEORGE WOODS,
THANKFUL for the extensive patronage received for the last twelve years, respectfully informs his customers that since the late disastrous fire in Water street, he has erected a new Factory on a more extensive scale in Princess street, a short distance above the Post office, and next adjoining Dunn's Steam Mill, where he expects to do a more extensive business than formerly, on the most accommodating terms, with punctual paying customers.

Orders from any part of the Country, prepaid, will be strictly attended to.

Small profit, quick sales and ready Money being the object; parties purchasing on those terms will do well to give a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ TALLOW for sale by the barrel or smaller quantity.
St. John, Oct 5, 1855. 3w

PAINTS AND OILS.—A few tons Brandram's best WHITE LEAD and coloured PAINTS. ALSO—Brandram's Boiled and Raw OIL, in casks or by the gallon. For sale by
June 15. FELLOWS & CO.

MONEY WANTED.—I want to sell for money, 1 hhd. Cuba SUGAR, 1 bbl. PORK, and 9 boxes No. 1 Cavendish TOBACCO—duty paid. Price nominal.
ALEXANDER A. COUGHLAN.
March 23. No. 5. Prince Wm. Street.

New Books.
CHAMBERS' Edinburgh Journal, for October
The Elder Sister and Ethel, two excellent Novels, by Marian James;
The Match Girl, or Life Scenes as they are;
The planter's victim, or incidents of American Slavery;
Representative Women from Eve, the wife of the first, to Mary, the mother of the second Adam, by G. C. Baldwin, D. D.;
The Schoolboy, and Seven Poor Travellers, by Dickens, 6d. each;
The Newcombe, by W. M. Thackeray, 2 vols., (ill.) 7s. 6d.;
Henry Esmond, by do., new ed., 2s.;
Hanny, by Charles Rowcroft, Esq.;
Susan Wylie, a Tale of Sea and Shore;
Roger's Poetical Works.
A further supply of Bits of Blarney, by Dr. McKenzie.
B. O'BRIEN.
P.S.—Harper's Magazine for October, and other late Publications just arrived. October 5.

CHEAPER THAN EVER.
R. HUNTER.—Having determined on *Clearing Out* his entire Stock of CLOTHING—has commenced SELLING OFF at an immense reduction—and at such prices as cannot be competed with and must ensure a SPEEDY CLEARANCE, being fully 10 *per cent. cheaper* than can be had at any other house in the trade.
NORTH AMERICAN CLOTHING STORE.
SEARS' BRICK BUILDING,
June 29. King Street.

Window Glass.
Just received from New York—250 boxes GLASS.

40	boxes	9x12;	20	boxes	9x14;
20	"	9x14;	30	"	10x14;
15	"	10x15,	10	"	11x14;
10	"	11x15;	10	"	11x17;
15	"	12x14;	15	"	12x16;
15	"	12x18;	5	"	12x20;
5	"	13x18;	5	"	14x16;
5	"	14x18;	5	"	14x20;
5	"	18x24.			

August 17. GEORGE NIXON.

Poetry

A WOMAN'S LAST WORDS.

Let's contend no more, love,
Strive nor weep—
All be as before, love,
— Only sleep.

What so wild as words are?
—I and thou
In debate, as birds are,
Bawk on bough!

See the creature stalking
While we speak—
Hush and hide the talking,
Cheek on cheek!

Where the apple reddens
Never pry—
Lest we lose our Edens,
Eve and I!

Be a god and hold me
With a charm—
Be a man and fold me
With thine arm!

Teach me, only teach, love!—
As I ought
I will speak thy speech, love,
Think thy thought—

Meet, if thou require it,
Both demands,
Laying down my spirit
In thy hands.

That shall be to-morrow
Not to-night:
I must bury sorrow
Out of sight.

—Must a little weep, love,
Foolish me!
And so fall asleep, love,
Loved by thee.

Miscellaneous Selections.

[FOR THE CHRONICLE.]

Mr. Durant,—I see you sometimes publish articles in favor of the Temperance cause, perhaps you will not be averse to insert the following relating to the Prohibitory Bill, from a Maine paper:—

NOT CONQUERED.

A party like ours, based upon the principles of temperance, freedom, and justice, cannot be conquered. We never felt more confidence in the ultimate triumph of these principles, than we do at this moment. Our success is certain, our triumph is sure.

"Wait a little longer!"

The battle of prohibition is not yet fought. The temperance men of Maine will yet show to the world that they will protect themselves from the grogshops. The reign of violence is not always.—The reign of rum is not for ever.

What though the demoniac shout of triumph goes up from every den in the land? This triumph is short. The hopes of humanity are not thus to be crushed forever, the woes of wives and children are not to be perpetuated always.

There is a stern logic in events, and elections which are carried as this has been, do not prove the backward tendency of revolutions. As "vaulting ambition [illegible] itself," so do such reactions [illegible] and you shall, in a few months, look for the successful party which is now shouting itself hoarse in our streets and it cannot be found.

Temperance men of Maine! hold to your integrity. "Don't give up the ship!" Organize! organize! and let us be up and doing, and the mad triumph of our enemies to-day will but hasten them to a speedier over throw.

We never felt more like doing battle, than we do now, and if Heaven spares our life, we will not cease to labour in this good cause, till the last grog-shop IS DRIVEN FROM THE SOIL OF MAINE!

From forty-five to fifty thousand men are with us, and they are men that can be counted on. In such a party, and such men we will do and dare. We are with them in good report and evil report, in victory and defeat.

We had rather be defeated with a good cause, than to succeed with a bad one.

—"Mere fine joy Marcellus exiled feels,
Than Cæsar with the senate at his heels."

When the truth is apparently at a discount, when justice is turned backward, and equity is prostrate, we will betake us to the side of truth, and share her fate rather than shout the praises of wrong for any temporary gain to us vouchsafed.

"Then to side with truth is noble,
When we share her humble crust,
Ere the cause brings fame and profit,
And 'tis prosperous to be just.
Then it is the brave man chooses,
While the wavering stand aside,
Doubting in his abject spirit,
Till his Lord is crucified,
And the multitude make virtue
Of the faith they once denied."

The temperance men of Maine will not be disheartened, though temporarily defeated, for in the end their triumph is sure.—*Maine paper.*

WHAT IS MODERATE DRINKING.

It is the great deceiver of nations, promising health and long life, yet destroying more by its tendencies than war, famine, or the plague.

It is a sweet morsel in the mouth, but gravel in the stomach.

It is the A B C of drinking; the picture book, leading the young and thoughtless to the worst lessons of intemperance.

It is regular quack medicine, making splendid promises, but performing no cure, and yet demanding enormous pay.

It is the sterling point to the work-house, the asylum, and the gallows.

It is a light fingered gentleman, who feels every corner of the drawer, and to the very bottom of the purse!

It is the first step in an inclined plane of rapid descent, smooth as marble, and slippery as glass, ending in an abyss of ruin.

It is a beautiful serpent, whose fangs and deadly venom are concealed by the dazzling of his coils.

It is hypocrisy personified, an affected outside sobriety, while all is agitation and uncleanness within.

It is an *ignis fatuus* tempting its fated followers over trembling bogs, and tumbling them down a frightful precipice.

It is the whirlpool of rum in which thousands have sunk to rise no more.

It appears an angel of light, assuming a smiling countenance, but in reality a demon of the bottomless pit.

WAR IN A DRY GOODS STORE.

The following rich affair is reported in one of the Philadelphia papers as having come off in that city a few days ago. The incident of the day was an assault on a distinguished dry goods man in Second street by Mrs. Dorothy Owen, a lady who sells country produce in High street market. Mrs. Owen, with a basket full on her arm, went to Mr. ——'s store to buy three quarters of a yard of pink sarsanet. The storekeeper misunderstanding her, gave her three yards and a quarter of silk instead of the quantity required. Mrs. O. laid down a half eagle, and Mr. —— of course took payment for three yards and a quarter. Mrs. O. protested that she had called for only three quarters of a yard. Mr. —— boldly asserted that the quantity demanded was three yards and a quarter. Mrs. Owen now fired up, and let Mr. —— know that she had always entertained a suspicion that he was a rogue, but now suspicion was changed into certainty. Some other hard words passed between them, and as hard words often lead to something harder, Mrs. Owen made a punch at his phizog.

Then Mr. —— made a masterly retreat to an elevated perch where his desk is fixed, and there, like the indignant baron in his turreted tower, bade defiance to his furious assailant. But Mr. —— in his imaginary security forgot that the improvements of modern warfare make the defence of castellated holds a very precarious undertaking; he forgot, in short, that the science of projectiles had been added to military tactics, and that balls and shells do tremendous execution at a great distance. He was soon reminded of this fact, or something like it, when Mrs. Owen had thought herself of her basket of eggs, an expensive ammunition at the present time, being very scarce and costly in proportion. Mrs. Owen considered that offensive war cannot be carried on without a pecuniary sacrifice, and submitting to the necessities of the case, she began to bombard the tower of lofty sort in which Mr.—— had intrenched himself.

The first missile aimed at Mr.——'s face, was avoided by a timely dodge, but it took effect on the face of the clock; which was placed just behind the desk, and a fragment of shattered glass cut off a small slice of the storekeeper's ear leaving enough of the organ, however, for any use or ornament. The next two or three discharges were highly creditable to Mrs. Owen's skill in gunnery. One of the rockets hit Mr. ——, in the middle of the forehead, and bursting there, poured its unavoidable contents downwards over his nose and mouth. Another, exploding on his black satin vest, left an orange coloured line that appeared to be a burlesque imitation of a gold guard chain. The clerks perceiving in what easiness their employer was placed, hastily endeavored to erect on the counter breastwork parapet composed of bales of Osnaburg, Russia duck, and brown s'irings to cover besieged fortress. But Mrs Owen was not to be balked by any such engineering stratagem, or a chair and thence straight, the elevation of the counter and having thus surrounded the enemy's work, she poured in her fire with such overwhelming effect that the besieged party capitulated, begging a cessation of hostilities, and promised to "make all right." This surrender however, was only a stratagem of war; for Mr.—— had secretly dispatched one of his clerks for a reinforcement which come from the police office, and Mrs. Owen yielding to superior numbers was made prisoner.

ADVICE TO CONSUMPTIVE PERSONS.—Giving advice to consumptives, Dr. Hall says:—"Let all you can do, even be a great deal in the open air, to convert what you eat into pure healthful blood. Do not be afraid of out-door air, day or night. Do not be afraid of sudden changes of weather; let no changes, hot or cold, keep you in doors. If it is rainy weather, the more need of your going out, because you eat as much on a rainy day as a clear day, and if you exercise less, that much more remains in the system that ought to be thrown off by exercise, and some ill result, some consequent symptom or illbeeing is the certain issue. If it is cold out of doors do not muffle your nose, eyes and mouth, in furs, veils, woollen comforters and the like; nature has supplied you with the best muffler, with the best inhaling regulator, that is, two lips, shut them before you step out of a warm room into the cold air, and keep them shut, until you have walked briskly a few rods and quickened the circulation a little; walk fast enough to keep off a feeling of chilliness, and taking cold will be impossible. What are the facts of the case? Look at a railway conductor going out of hot air into the piercing cold of winter, and in again every five or ten minutes, and yet they do not take cold oftener than others; you will scarcely find a consumptive man in a thousand of them. It is wonderful how afraid consumptive people are of cold air, the very thing that would cure them, the only obstacle to a cure being that they do not get enough of it, especially if it is cold, when it is known, that the colder the purer it must be; yet if people cannot go to a hotter climate, they will make an artificial one, and imprison themselves for a whole winter in a warm room, with a temperature not varying ten degrees in six months; all such people die and yet we follow in their footsteps. If I was seriously ill of consumption, I would live out of doors day and night, except it was raining or mid-winter, then I would sleep in an unplastered log house. My consumptive friends, you want air not physic; you want pure air, not medicated air; you want nutrition such as plenty of bread and meat will give, and they alone; physic has no nutriment, gaspings for air cannot cure; monkey capers in a gymnasium cannot cure you. And stimulants cannot cure you. If you want to get well, go in for beef and out-door air, and do not be deluded into the grave by advertisements and unreliable certifiers."

HOW TO KEEP YOUR HUSBAND IN ORDER AND IN TUNE.—*The outline for a revolution.*—Mrs. Mackeyline (brandishing her tea-spoon) *logician*:—"We have a man, dears, who comes regularly to wind up the clocks, and a man to tune the pianos. Now, what I want dears, is a man who will come say once a-week, and at the same time that he looks at the clocks will regulate our husbands a bit, so that they be kept properly in order—neither too fast nor too slow—for the next eight days, and I want, also, another man, who, after he has examined the pianos, will run his fingers over our husband's temper, and by administering a judicious turn here, and putting on the screw there, will keep him in tune just another week. By this happy regulation, dears, our husbands will probably jar less, and be more regular in their movements. We shall not find them, loves, every time we happened to play a little upon their tempers, breaking out into a violent discord, worse than any marine piano you hire at Brighton? nor will the fine gentlemen, dears, when you have ordered a nice toad-in-the-hole, or set your hearts upon a lovely dog-in-the-blanket, which is to be done to a turn precisely at six think of walking in quietly at eight, and inquiring in the coolest manner, "Is dinner ready?"—(Great clattering of cups and saucers, and other loud demonstrations of applause, only checked in their growth by the sudden appearance of the husbands after their wine, so that the end of the revolution was never known.

With a true wife, the husband's faults should be secret. A woman forgets what is due to herself, when she condescends to that refuge of weakness, a female confident. A wife's bosom should be the tomb of her husband's failings, and this character far more valuable, in her estimation, than his life.

To pronounce a man happy because he is rich, is just about as absurd as to call a man healthy because he has enough to eat. A very common mistake.

PRIESTS' PROTECTION SOCIETY.

The *fourfold object* of this Society is:—1. To protect priests who abandon the apostacy of Rome. 2. To protect and educate young men originally intended for the priesthood in the Romish Church. 3. To disseminate Scriptural and Anti-Popish instruction. 4. To reform Romish Priests throughout Great Britain, Ireland, and foreign countries.

NINTH ADDRESS
TO
CHRISTIANS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

MEN AND BRETHREN!

Were we to judge of Christianity to-day by the progress she has made on earth during the past twelve months, since the day we last addressed you, we should say, that her course has not been onward; that she has rather hidden in heaven her wounded head, as it subsumed of pugnacious man, in its still wild, uncultured nature; of religion misrepresented under the guise of the Gospel; of truth torn from the seamless garment of Christ; of wisdom insulted, while the divine lessons of the Son of Thunder, of the sword unsheathed, forbidden by the word of the Spirit, on the Mountain of Lebanon; and of wars waged and maintained both by sea and land, unauthorized and uncommanded by the Prince of Peace.

We are reminded that we spoke to you, on that Anniversary, on the momentous subjects of WAR; of the Lies of Calmet; of the Pains of raw Wounds; of the Carnagine of Gog. We shall now invite your attention to the consideration of other matters, no less stupendous in their character, whether we view them as affecting the temporal or eternal interests of our fellow mortals, as individuals or as nations, in the countless family of man.

That corruption of Christianity, akin to human nature, foretold by the Apostle Paul, which found its embodiment at Rome, in the sixth century, in the 302d year of the Christian Era, has issued a decretal, in contrary to the code of Jesus Christ, and to revelling to His brethren and followers that it may be termed a Lie on Christianity. It is false in doctrine, unsound in argument, and devoid of truth: We mean the

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION OF THE VIRGIN MARY.

That new decree only passed on the 8th December, 1854, in the face of enlightened Christendom, is accompanied by a penalty, in the seventh section, of excommunication on every priest of Romanism who declines to believe and teach it.—That is, every priest of her's is sworn to credit and inculcate what he knows in his heart is fabulous, vain and foolish; and, if tested by the canon of Revelation, he will find it to be groundless, hopeless, and idolatrous!! But, to perfect the Bull in that which is still more monstrous, the concluding clause enacts that—"If any one be so guilty as to impugn the definition, or to stop the Bull, let him know that he will incur the wrath of Almighty God, and of the blessed Apostles Peter and Paul!

How any man, much less a Pope Pius, could conceive such a fiction, and promulgate it as a reality for an article of human creedness, is beyond our conception, except this Pius is mad, and that in his madness he has reached the very bottom of the apostacy; and from that pathos of degradation he shall set up, unexpectedly and unintentionally a *new supposition*, or religion, if you will, to be called hereafter, the

MARYISM

of Pio Nono, and her adherents shall be denominated by the style and title of Maryites.

In Maryism, then, the *Immaculate birth* of the Virgin can be no more be proved from the Book of Revelation than the *worship* of the Virgin, and her *perpetual virginity*. Each doctrine, as absurd as it is, is alike untenable from that foundation of truth by all the writings of the Vatican. For Maryism be maintained by the sages of Rome, with a *goddess* at its head, as a religious system distinct from Christianity, and we have no objection to their *human invention*; but, so long as they claim for it identity with the followers of Christ, and the Creed of the Apostles, we must protest against the union, and deny its divinity. Christ the Saviour did not undervalue his Virgin Mother, when He said—"Whosoever shall do the will of my Father which is in heaven, the same is my brother, and sister, and mother." Nor did He exalt her above her other children—"James, and Joses, and Simon, and Judas, and his sisters."

What saith the Scripture, brethren, in favour of this new decree? It is absolutely and positively silent. Not one plain, honest, fair, explicit text can be adduced in its favour; while there are recorded almost an innumerable number against it; and the whole tenor of the Sacred Volume is opposed to the Franciscan or Dominican fancy.

Alas! for "Catholic" unity!

What saith the Holy Spirit. All men are conceived and born in sin—"Adam begat a son after his own likeness, after his image." "What is man that he should be clean; and he which is born of a woman, that he should be righteous? Behold he putteth no trust in his saints; yea, the heavens are not clean in his sight. How much more abominable and filthy is man, which drinketh iniquity like water? How then can man be justified with God? or, how can man be clean that is born of a woman." "Behold I was shapen in iniquity; and in sin did my mother conceive me." No man is without sin. "For there is no man that sinneth not." There is not a just man upon earth, that doeth good and sinneth not." Christ alone was without sin. "For he hath made Him to be sin for us who knew no sin, that we might be made the righteousness of God in Him." "He was in all points tempted like as we are, yet without sin." "And in Him is no sin."

Again, the early doctors of primitive Christianity, improperly called, by a pagan name, the *Fathers of the Church*, have not left us one word on Mary's immaculate conception. So true is this, that Melchior Canus, a monk and a bishop, in his treatise on "Theological Texts," which, up to this day, has been considered a master-piece of divinity says, in the first chapter of his seventh book—"All the saints who have mentioned this subject have all unanimously asserted, that the Blessed Virgin was conceived with orginal sin." And St. Bonaventure, whose authority as a Cardinal and Franciscan cannot be impugned by any Romanist, after having quoted St. Paul, St. Augustine, and the tradition of the Church, made the following eclerated declaration:—"Now no man, of all those whom we have seen or heard to this day, has ever dared to say, that the Blessed Virgin was conceived without original sin." These authorities, beyond a doubt, are amply sufficient to establish the fact, that the primitive Church did not for many centuries, entertain any idea of the Immaculate Conception.

Of modern divines, Dr. Parisis, the very ultramontane Bishop of Langres, says—"That the proofs of Mary's immaculate conception, though gathered from all Christian authorities, *do not go beyond the limits of human certainty.*" Cardinal Lambruschini, in his dissertation makes the following very candid remark—"It is true that the Holy Scriptures do not say explicitly that this extraordinary privilege was ever bestowed on Mary."

DEARLY BELOVED ROMAN-CATHOLIC FELLOW-MEN!—We appeal now in solemn earnestness to your common sense, to banish this heretical article from your new creed! It has neither God, nor antiquitity, nor the Virgin Mary herself in its favour. She rejoiced in Christ her Saviour, and so, in like manner, should you; for He has invited ALL, every child, son and daughter of Adam, including his Virgin Mother, to come unto Him and be saved. Accept, therefore, eternal redemption and salvation in His name with her, for "there

is none other name under Heaven," as St. Peter declares, "given among men whereby we can be saved."

The rising generation of all nations, who, now, through the aid of schoolmaster and the printing-press, can read and think for themselves, will laugh, by-and-bye, at your credulity and ignorance, and wonder that the superstition and fanaticism, originating in Spain on this subject in the eleventh century, and sometimes displayed afterwards in fiery contentions among monastic schools and infallible Popes, should so long have stultified and misled you; and that that fabulous immaculacy, which was only received even as a *pious opinion* among the cardinals and doctors of Rome, from the eleventh to the middle of the nineteenth century, should then have been named by a runaway Pope into the form of a Bull, and made compulsory on your consciences to believe, on pain of excommunication and eternal damnation! Pause, then, this year, and consider this Papal invasion and innovation on your Christianity, ere it be too late; before the title of Maryism be given to your religion, and it be handed down to posterity, with other traditions, stereotyped with that unhallowed distinction. God the Father, God the Son, and God the Holy Ghost, forbids Maryism in His Church, and shall you assume it?

Heaven forbid! May you have grace given you from above to reject it, and to flee from that path of idolatory—the end of which is MORAL!

It is now, dear Roman-catholics, clearly manifest to every child, as bright as the sunbeam to every vision, that you must choose one of the following alternatives, either to explode Maryism from your creed, or

BURN THE BIBLE

from the world. Both cannot co-exist, even in your Christianity. The Bible, you say, is your written tradition. We have tried it by this code, and with the interpretation of *your fathers*, and you perceive it is unfounded and indefensible. If you blindly suffer yourselves to be duped, and retain it in future as a divine institution for your credence, you will be compelled, by the law of public opinion, to burn every Bible on the globe, and stop the printing-press; for every reader of that blessed Book, by the teaching of the Spirit, will be competent, at any time, to examine this tenet, and to detect it as a FORGERY. To destroy the oracles of God, to accomplish that purpose, is a simple impossibility. You might as well effect the decomposition of the earth on which we stand, as consume the Book and the press from the world.

So long therefore, as Maryism remains inscribed on the roll of Romanism, so long shall the Scriptures of truth bear their irrepressible testimony against this Pope's presumptious usurpation of the spiritual liberty of his subjects, and on their Christian profession.

The Bull *In Coena Domini*, in the "real and complete code of the Church," the canon law, excommunicates and curses every sincere believer in God's truth; and the decree of Gratian authorized the "faithful" to flagellate and slay the bad, or excommunicated, and makes this atrocity *justifiable homicide!*

But, strong as these remedies are for the suppression of true religion, and the edification of error and superstition, we most firmly believe that the day will never dawn, nor the sun ever shine, on the man who shall have power to apply them, even to rational enlightened Romanists themselves, in this advanced age of the world's progress towards its predicted consummation. The Bible and the press, open and free, may, with God's blessing, defy all the powers of blackness and darkness, earth and hell, to stay in their march to that general universal peace, which we are assured from heaven, shall prevail in the world, through the dissemination and diffusion of the ever-glorious GOSPEL OF THE LORD JESUS CHRIST.

Man may forge, and rage, and fume, and swell, and labour hard to forward his own invention; but let him know, that whatever he may cunningly contrive contrary to the Divine purpose, shall not prosper; and like the ancient sect of the Pharisees, now rooted out, and every other branch of Romanism which has not God for its author, shall be cut off, and shall be finally consumed by the breath of His mouth, at the advent of the adorable Redeemer. Then shall all corrupters of His Holy Word, all liars and idolaters, have their part in the lake that burneth with fire and brimstone; and they shall call in vain to the mountains and rocks: "*fall on us, and hide us from the face of Him that sitteth on the Throne, and from the wrath of the Lamb; for the great day of His wrath is come, and who shall be able to stand?*"

BUT, CHRISTIAN BRETHREN! apart from our holy religion, the wisdom of the world should teach us to reject whatever instructions and dogmas are unproductive of *real temporal goods*. If we mark the history of Popery, from its rise with the invocation of saints in the fourth century, and its gradual progress and development to the sale of indulgences in the sixteenth, what traces do we discover of the world's greatness in science, civilization, commerce, and constructiveness? They are groveling, they are diminutive, in comparison with the gigantic productions of genius in her almost supernatural advancement, since the exposure of that baneful and pernicious traffic! The voice of Heaven, speaking against that merchandize, is imprinted in immeasurable characters in a passage in the life of man, which shall survive the duration of time, and be written for ever on the portals of eternity—ANSWERABLE ONLY TO THE MORAL OF JESUS, PATRON, FREEDOM, LIBERTY.

The printing-press then, simultaneously ushered into clearer light this gospel GEM; and even nations now, who do not know its everlasting preciousness, enjoy unconsciously the emanations of its blessed spirit, in the pursuit of their affairs in governmental policy.

A modern instance will suffice to prove our argument.

If we pause for a moment, and contemplate the condition of the respective states of modern Europe, our attention is immediately attracted by the sudden rise of one dominion pre-eminently above the rest, the Kingdom of Sardinia, with

VICTOR EMMANUEL

at its head as Sovereign. Only seven years ago, in the year 1849, when the Roman Pontiff favoured liberty of thought and action, and the whole Italian peninsula was moved to freedom, the House of Savoy, in the person of Charles Albert, father of Victor Emmanuel, laid the foundation of a constitution in that kingdom, which is likely to endure, ere long, the entire territorial government of that beautiful land. From his sub-Alpine dominion, he may now look down on her verdant valleys and classic cities, and anticipate the triumph of struggling populations on the road to freedom. They ardently desire the blessings granted by Emmanuel to his partly-regenerated subjects in Sardinia, and if not soon conferred on them by their respective rulers, the day is not far distant when they shall fearlessly and resolutely claim them for themselves as their natural and religious birthright. Even now, their future monarch has only to speak the word, and they shall willingly submit to his sceptre, as a reformed, emancipated people, from Mont Blanc to Cape Leuca, from the Adriatic to the Rhone; and this a bloodless general reformation may be caused in Italy, that land renowned in history for Pagan and Papal rites, through the firmness, intrepidity, and wisdom of a single king, whose name, interpreted, is believed by us,

In his short reign, only begun since the abdication of Charles his father, in March, 1849, was had married a daughter of the House of Hapsburgh, brother of Leopold II., Grand Duke of Tuscany, who acquired an unenviable notoriety by the imprisonment of the martyrs, Francesco and Rosa Madiai, we may reckon the gifts bestowed on his grateful people. And these boons shall be esteemed the greater and more extraordinary by us, when we remember that this kingly scion, the offspring of the Houses of Savoy and Hapsburgh, is still himself, by religious profession, a Roman-catholic, his Government Roman-catholic, and his subjects chiefly Romanists, though signalized by the admixture of the Waldenses, whose living testimony in their mountain homes, to the pure Gospel, has ever been faithful and unshaken.

Among the privileges conferred on the realm by the Sardinian Government, we may mention the free press, the expulsion of the Jesuits, and the female Jesuits, the Ladies of the Sacred Heart, the suppression of monasteries and convents, the abolition of the *foro ecclesiastico*, the immunities of the priests, the right of asylum at at the altar, the exemption of the clergy from the public burdens, and their non-liability for debt, the subjection of the bulls, briefs and indulgences from Rome to the Royal Exequatur, the emancipation and toleration of about 8,000 Jews and 24,000 Waldenses, inhabiting the three valleys of the Alps, and above all, the education of the people.

Hitherto the Kingdom of Sardinia has been ground down under the oppressive yoke of abuses, which these privileges imply, and the king and his people are, at this moment, under an interdict of the Pope until they surrender to his Holiness again these rights of man, to be guided by his infallibility.

We have shewn already that the Sovereign Pontiff is a *bad theologian*, and his counsellors have learned, too, that he is *an unskilful politician*. We would, therefore, exhort the Piedmontese to take the *former*, the Pope's divinity, into their mature deliberation, as well as the *latter*, his political ability; and they will soon discover that he has erred in the one no less than in the other. Of the aptitude of the Papacy to enlighten the human race, we will adduce the following practical exemplification.

In the island of Sardinia, which gives a name to the kingdom, and is about a fourth part of the size of Ireland, the population is somewhat more than *half a million*, or 547,112, in exact numbers. There are *three* archbishops, *eight* bishops, *eleven* seminaries, *three* abbacies, *eight* collegiate churches, *three hundred and ninety-one* parishes, *one-hundred* convents or monastic establishments! One would suppose that, with this ecclesiastical staff, that island in the Mediterranean is a kind of earthly paradise, superior to the "Island of Saints," the inhabitants are so instructed, so educated, and so civilized; but, in point of fact, the people are, heathen or semi-barbarous, as by a return lately made, it appears that *one only in every eighteen* can read and write!! This fact is more convincing than half a million of arguments, to prove that the priests of Rome are not the most successful teachers, and that in their estimation, "ignorance is bliss," and that it is not a blessing to be wise.

The present King and his counsellors, discovering that "knowledge is power," have set out with their people in fruitless search of it; and, on their march to intelligence, have already established in Turin, the capital of Sardinia, in a population of 110,000 souls, no less than thirty journals; and they have appointed a Royal Commission to superintend the education of the people, instead of the corporation of the priesthood, which for ages has been found so miserably defective.

Thus this Victor Emmanuel, in the exercise of his manly, independent judgement, has commenced a good work for the *secular* reformation of his subjects, which will eventually develop the resources of his kingdom, physically, intellectually, and "religiously." His army has taken the field, amid the acclamations of the world, side by side with the two most formidable nations upon earth, in defence and vindication of the oppressed Ottoman, and have exhibited a fortitude and prowess not unworthy of that triple alliance, in the estimation of those who delight in war and physical force. Again the youth of his metropolis have expressed such a thirst for literature, that their desire for mental culture is not satiated with less than thirty periodicals, to promote intellectual skill and superiority. And, last of all, the time may not be far remote when the inquiring ascendant mind of Sardinia, raised above cumbrous craft and priestly superstition, shall investigate, in the canon of Revelation, that glorious Gospel which St. Paul preached in the Eternal City, and left recorded in his imperishable Epistle to the Romans, to guide them and all Italians, to safety, to that everlasting rest that remaineth to the people of God.

(To be concluded in our next.)

Miscellaneous Items.

The Government of San Salvador, Honduras and Costa Rica protest against the recognition of Walker's Government in Nicaragua. They say they have resolved to extermi nate foreign adventurers who shall invade their States. This Walker business will be apt to lead to some trouble yet.

The troubles in Kansas are becoming very serious—assuming the character of rebellion. All the population are under arms, and the authorities unable to overcome them. The Federal Government refuses to interfere.

The British discovery of the ship Resolute, abandoned in the Arctic ice, was brought by Captain Buddington into New London on Saturday, with all her armament, stores and equipments.—She is a new and handsome barque, worth about $100,000; when found she had drifted over one thousand miles from where she was abandoned.

Mdme. Jenny Lind has arrived in Paris, accompanied by her husband. She comes from Geneva, where she appeared in a concert given for the benefit of Ernst, the vocalist, and in another for the poor. She will remain a fortnight in Paris, and then proceed to London.

The total exports from the principal cities of the Sea of Azoff in 1854, amounted to $15,000,000 per annum. The trade is now entirely destroyed by the war.

Cholera is raging with great fury among the Negroes at Havana.

A vessel called the Robert Peel, which has lately arrived in the Loire from Sumatra, has brought a magnificent royal tiger for one of the public menageries. Forty armed men were sent to capture him, but he killed ten and injured thirteen of them before he could be secured.

The Orange cause has had a field day in Dublin. Lord Dungannon was the great gun on the occasion, and discoursed fluently upon the "The Orange Institution, and may its influence be felt in the Court and the Cabinet, in the castle and the cottage." He made the following enunciation of its principles: "It teaches those who are placed by Providence in the higher classes to be instruments for the good of those around them and that they will one day have to render an account of the manner in which they have exercised the talents committed to their care; while as to the lower classes, it aims at making them good men and good Christians as well as firm supporters of the Protestant constitution of this country."

We learn from the Buffalo *Express* that a scow, with a man on board, was observed from Chippewa last Friday afternoon, drifting its fearful way towards the rapids, above Niagara Falls, when a man in a skiff gallantly put off and rescued the person from his perilous situation, both being very much exhausted on reaching the shore The scow went over the Falls.

The Rochester *Union* says, that agents of the French Emperor have been largely engaged this fall in purchasing wheat in the west on his account. They have purchased 369,000 bushels, of which 650,000 came to Buffalo, and 256,000 went to Oswego. All but 50,000 went down the Erie Canal. The same agents are still buying in Illinois and other Western States, to go go down the Mississippi and out by New Orleans.

Letters from Corfu of the 10th of November mention that from the first appearance of the disease on the 4th of October, to the 4th of November, there had been 319 attacks; 160 proved fatal, 47 were only cured, and 114 remained under medical treatment. Among the military out of 57 cases, chiefly among the Royal Perks Militia, the deaths numbered 21.

It is stated that there are 200 iron guns and mortar boats building or ordered to be built, for the Crown by British and Scotch shipbuilders.—They will be all steamers, and the mortar boats will be so built as to form pontoon bridge.

A fire which has destroyed property worth about £15,000 occurred at the extensive soap and oil works of Messrs. George Hutchinson & Co., port Dundas, Scotland.

FIRE IN STERLING CASTLE.—A fire broke out in the upper square of this garrison. It continued to rage with fearful rapidity, the roof falling in at two separate intervals. A great quantity of private property, chiefly belonging to the officers of the 50th Sterling-shire Militia had been destroyed.—By far the most interesting part of Sterling Castle is what is called the Douglas Room, where Douglas was stabbed by one of the James's. This ancient and interesting apartment, with several others has been wholly destroyed.

The Ballinasloe *Star*, (Ireland) states that whilst Mr. Remsbottom, land agent, and Mr. Beacham, his assistant, were taking possession of land in the King's County, three miles from Ballinasloe, Mr. Beacham was shot through the neck with a ball and several slugs lodged in his face and breast.

DEATH OF THE POET ROGERS.—Samuel Rogers, the friend of Byron, Moore, Campbell, and Wordsworth, and author of "The Pleasures of Memory," and other poems, died at his house in St. James Place London, on the night of December 18, at the venerable age of 93 years.

SINGULAR HUMAN BEING.—We have in this village one of the most singular human beings, (all things considered,) to be found in this corner of the world. He is a dwarf, about 18 years of age quite small and deformed, and not exactly an opium eater, but a laudanum drinker. He has been a victim of the habit for years and all attempts to prevent his indulgence in the stupifying drug has been in vain. The desire for more and more is steadily gaining on him, until at the present time, he actually drinks two ounces of laudanum every day; and what is still more remarkable, at one time! This enormous potation is swallowed at a regular hour in the afternoon of each day; a pipe and tobacco then follow, smoking on in order till midnight, unless, indeed the subject—which is sometimes the case—falls asleep, when he is helped to bed. The only object for which this strange creature seems to live, is this deadly narcotic, and his only care and ambition is centered in procuring the little means required to buy the two ounce draught. As it has been found impossible to place any effectual barrier between the drug and the drugged—the attempt has been abandoned, and it has been thought best heretofore to interpose no obstacle in the way of his free indulgence. In accordance with this determination, we understand that the victim—whose yellow and haggard visage gives fearful evidence of the presence of the coiled serpent, which alternately watches and slumbers in his bosom—has made a contract for the daily supply at reduced prices, with one of our drug stores, from whence he draws the living death," whose influences have been likened to shadowy glimpses of heaven, followed by realities of hell, with the most punctilious punctuality.—*Elmira Advertiser.*

THE VICTORIA BRIDGE.—The London *Mining Journal* thus speaks of the bridge now constructing for the Grand Trunk Railway at Montreal:—

STUPENDOUS ENGINEERING MONUMENT ENGINEERING.—That stupendous undertaking, the Victoria Bridge, across the St. Lawrence, on the Grand Trunk Railway, Canada, which was commenced just before the close of last year, is now rapidly progressing. The total length on completion will be 9,092 feet—that is to say, embankments in approaches, 2,035 feet; abutments, 154; tubular railway bridge, 6,903 feet. The weight of the wrought iron tube, through which the railway will pass, is estimated by the engineer at no less than 10,200 tons, and the masonry, in supports and abutments, as containing 27,000,000 cubic feet. The number of bearings or openings (spans) arches, by which the river will be spanned is 33. The height of the centre of the tube above the waterline will be sixty feet, which at the abutments will be 33 feet. The depth of the tube in the centre is 21 feet, and that at the abutments 18 feet 6 inches. The width is 16 feet. Mr. R. Stephenson, M. P., and Mr. Alexander Mackenzie Ross, are the engineers, and Messrs. Peto, Brassey, Betts, and Jackson, the contractors. This magnificent work when completed, in design resembling that of the bridge across the Menai, will be the most extensive viaduct on this principle which the science of modern engineering can so essentially claim as its own.

DEATH OF ANOTHER ROTHSCHILD.

Advices have been received of the death of the eldest brother of the house of Rothschild, at Frankfort, on the 6th ult. Baron Anselm von Rothschild is the third of the brothers Rothschild who has departed this life in 1855, the chief of the house in Naples, [illegible] and the chief of the house in Vienna, Solomon, [illegible] already died this year. Of the five brothers [illegible] remains now only James, the chief of the house in Paris. Baron Anselm was looked on as the founder of the great financial Rothschild power, and though possessed of less cultivation and education than his brother was a decided genius in money matters; he died childless, and has left to the house a fortune of 30,000,000 gulden. The funeral took place on the morning of the 8th ult., and, devoid of any attempt at external splendor, it was attended by more than one hundred carriages of persons to whom, during life he had stood in so many varied positions of man of business, patron, friend and benefactor, including all religions and confessions.

THE MONSTER MORTAR.—The *Dublin Daily Express* says, we have every reason to believe that the difficulties experienced in constructing a monster gun or mortar are likely to be overcome through the genius and skill of our scientific countryman, Mr. Robert Mallet. The attempt to weld together longitudinal bars, so as to form a cylinder, failed in the hands of one of the ablest English engineers, from the circumstance that the long continued high temperature maintained during the process of welding produced a tendency of crystallization, and therefore was destructive of that fibrous structure essential to the strength of iron for artillery purposes. In Mr. Mallet's mortar the cylinder is formed by a series of flat rings, fitting on one another by flanges, and clamped together by strong external bolts. The force exerted by the explosive gas is chiefly lateral, and not longitudinal; that is, it has a tendency to burst the cylinder in a direction of right angles to its axis, and only requires a small force comparatively to separate these rings in a direction parallel to the axis. We understand that one of these mortars has been completed at Millwall and already cast. The dimensions are startling. Instead of the 13 inch (the largest hitherto) weighing about 200 lb., and carrying thirty pounds inside, we are to have a shell of 36 inches diameter, weighing about 2,400 pounds, and charged with half a ton of gunpowder The range will be about half as far again as that of the 13 inch mortar.

CAPTURE OF FRENCH OFFICERS.—A letter from the Crimea of the 24th ult., mentions that a French Lieut-Col. M. Bayvet, and a Captain belonging to one of the newly arrived regiments encamped at Alma, on the Tchernaya, having gone astray, were taken prisoners by a party of Cossacks on the 17th. These two officers were conducted to Bakhsiserai, where they were received in the most courteous manner by General Gortschakoff, who placed the Russian telegraph at the disposal of M. Bayvet to apprise his family of his position. A despatch, received by his relatives in Paris, contains the most reassuring information as the health and treatment of the two officers. The General in Chief, however, had thought proper to send them to the interior of Russia until an exchange of prisoners should take place.

A HUSBAND SOLD FOR $500.—The Cleveland *Plaindealer* says a that lady passed through that city a few days since in hot pursuit of her husband, who had been smitten with a smart attack of "passional attraction," and had run away with another woman from Wyoming county, N.Y., to Lorain county. She took a brace of officers from Cleveland and went to Elyria. The gentleman, scenting the approach of danger, left his money with a nephew, to effect a diversion with the enemy, and took the cars for the south. On reflecting, suspecting the honesty of his nephew, he took the next train back to look after his money. Here he encountered the pursuing party, and negociations were opened. It resulted in the lady's selling out all her right, title and good will in and to her husband, and his purchasing a dishonorable peace for $500. The lady returned to Wyoming without a husband.

SALE OF A WOMAN.—The disgusting scene of the sale of a woman took place recently at Thirsk, Great Britain. A young woman, the wife of M. W. Marshall of Wombleton, near Kirby Moorside, has been sold for the sum of two shillings and six pence to a shoemaker. At the time of his marriage Mr. Marshal was 61 years of age, and his wife only 19. The two however had continued to live together amicably for sixteen years; but Mr. Marshal finding that the common infirmities of old age were rapidly overpowering him; the fond couple agreed between them that the bond which had held them untired in marriage ought to be broken.—*British Exchange.*

A Gascon having made a portfolio into an umbrella, a Norman, in order not to be beat in ingenuity, made a snuff box in the shape of a pistol, and by means of a small spring, fired the snuff up his nose.

Laugh at no man for his pug nose—you can't tell what may turn up.

H. G. Thaxter, of Bangor, trotted his horse to Frankfort, a distance of thirteen miles, in forty-four minutes.

The first printing office in Russia was established in 1560, but was destroyed by the people from a superstitious fear that it would cause some confusion or change in their religion.

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

THE RUSSIAN ARMY IN ANTOLIA.

A letter from Warsaw, in the *Augsburg Gazette*, states that when General Mouravieff crossed the Arpatchai to match against Kars, he had only a body of infantry of 27 battalions, and the whole of the corps did not exceed 35,000 men, including cavalry and artillery. The writer proceeding from statement to speculation adds:

"Lately, and up to the time of his assault on Kars, he had received considerable reinforcements, for in the regret's regiments are mentioned which before that were in the Caucasus. The present number of these forces, after making an allowance for the losses at Kars, may be estimated at 50,000 men but to this force must be added the brigade of Grenadiers of the Caucasus of 500 men, the battalion of Chasseurs of the Caucasus of 1000 The battalion of nobles and the artillery, which must be reckoned at least 5000.

"In cavalry, there are in Turkey in Asia three regiments of dragoons, three of Mussulmans, three of Cossacks, two of Kurds, and the militia mountineers. The corps of Erivan, under General Ramsay and General Sabroff, is also in communication with the army of Gen. Mouravieff, who, notwithstanding his losses, has at his disposal 50,000 men, if not before Kars, at least in Antolia. This explains why he did not raise the siege immediately after his assault was repulsed. The army of the Caucasus has also been transferred.

THE RUSSIAN ARMY IN FINLAND.

The *Augsburg Gazette*, discussing the rumours of an alliance between Sweden and the Western Powers, volunteers a numerical statement of the forces collected by Russia in Finland and St. Petersburg:—

"Every one" (says the *Gazette*) admits "that the Swedish army is excellent, and the annals of military history have preserved the memory of its ancient exploits. Nevertheless, the Swedish force is not sufficiently strong for advantageously assuming the offensive, even against that part of the Russian army which defends the empire in the North; the aid to be expected from an Anglo-French fleet and a landing corps would not suffice to restore the balance.

"Of good troops, Russia has in the Northern Provinces; the first division of Grenadiers, with the battalion of Chasseurs Carbineers in all 18,000; six reserve regiments of Grenadiers, each 3,600 strong in all 18,000 men; 22 Finnish battalions of the line, of 600 each, in 13,000 men (the number of these battalions increases every day) three Finish battalions of Chasseurs under Gen. Ramsay, at 1000 each, in all 3000 men. There are besides 3000 of the naval crews, and the number of batteries corresponding with these divisions. Thus Finland is defended by an army of the best troops more than 50,000 strong, distributed throughout the chain of fortresses that line the coast.

"But General Arbusoff has under his orders at St. Petersburg an army of 150,000 men with the excellent reserves of the Guards. The troops of the infantry corps of the Guard and of the first infantry corps, with the reserves, occupying Revel and Courland. In case of attack Russia is able to concentrate on the point threatened by Sweden imposing forces, in estimating the amount of which we have taken into account neither the 100,000 men of the militia nor the irregular troops. In this state of things, an offensive war on the part of Sweden against Russia, armed with so considerable a defensive power, presents no chance of success, and ought not to be placed in the category of probable eventualities."

RUSSIAN ARMY IN THE CRIMEA.

It is thoroughly believed by the war party at St. Petersburg that Prince Gortschakoff will hold his position in the Crimea throughout the winter, when, it is stated, an army of 500,000 men formed of the militia is to relieve him, and drive the allies from the Russian soil! The recruiting according to the extended age, as I lately decreed, would produce a much larger amount of men than stated, 500,000. A quantity of rifles had arrived from America, which have been distributed to the troops, with crosses sent to be blessed by particular saints from heaven. We hear, says the writer, that the Emperor is highly satisfied with the state of the army in the Crimea, and that he has given Gortschakoff orders to hold his position, but not by any means to attack the allies until spring array is at hand. The nobles are verbally promised great reward. The tax on slaves is to be removed, but no one believes much in these assertions. The public finance is in a worse condition than is generally known. A very large issue of paper money is expected to take place.

INACTIVITY OF MARSHAL PELLISSIER.

(From the London Times.)

* * * They had just achieved a victory at which the world stood amazed, and in comparison with which everything else seemed easy of accomplishment. What has been done with this splendid army and this glorious situation—these elements of triumph, these materials of almost certain success? Let us see. Omar Pasha has been sent to Asia to rouse Christian populations against Christian Russia, without a single brigade of the allied troops to bear him company and counteract the prejudice of the inhabitants against the Turks. Yet, even so, his success has been far greater than anything achieved by the allies. Kinburn has been taken, but no attempt has been made to advance from the basis of operations thus obtained upon Cherson or Nicolaieff.

From Eupatoria, a place fortified with so much care and cost as if for the express purpose of throwing ourselves upon the communications of the Russian army, the operations of the allies have been ludicrously ineffective and inadequate.—After one sharp cavalry action, in which just enough was done to show how much more was possible, the allies have contented themselves with advancing towards the Russian position three or four times, and then returning by the way they came without honor or without loss. Equally energetic has been the conduct of the main army.—It has walked into defiles and fastnesses only to walk out of them again, and after a series of objectless manœuvres finds itself after a wilful waste of ten invaluable weeks, just where it was when the Malakoff fell into its power.

The Russian communications are not interrupted, and they are left by a force of two hundred thousand men, and a fleet of unexampled strength to make their preparations as best they may against the coming winter—the only enemy they have to dread, and the rigors of which are happy not under our control. Meanwhile our fleet is coming home; our marines—a force fully equal to any we possess—are being landed in England; the Imperial Guard has returned to France; Malta, Scutari and Paris are looking forward to a winter enlivened by the presence of many a Crimean hero, and our cavalry, having done nothing at the camp, are about to repeat the same process in the suburbs of Constantinople. Road making and hut building have been the occupation of the victors during the best season of the year, and the sterner pursuits of war are agreeably relieved by theatricals and steeple chases. Except for the enormous cost—except for the great anxiety, for the risk of disease, and the possibility of calamities like the great explosion of the 14th of November, this mighty land and naval armament, adequate in competent hands for the conquest of the world, might as well have been anywhere since the 8th of September as in the dominions of our obstinate and vigilant adversary. We talk at home of "the vigorous prosecution of the war," and here everybody is in earnest, but since the 8th of September that great business seems to have stood entirely still.

Who is to blame for this miserable and ludicrous fifth act to the great and glorious tragedy, the first act of which was Alma, the second Inkerman, and the third the repulse of the 18th June, the fourth the battle of Tchernaya and the storming of the Malakoff? There is no difficulty in answering the question. We have never been slow to censure the English commander; but with the English commanders in this instance, the blame does not rest. The recall of Gen. Pilkington followed so immediately after the 8th September, that it necessarily paralyzed all exertions on his part, and General Codrington has been so short a time in command that it would be utterly unreasonable to censure his inaction. But Marshal Pelissier was encumbered by no such hindrances. The telegraph wire that brought to Paris the news of the fall of Sebastopol, bore back to him for answer the baton of marshal. He possessed the confidence of his government and of his army, men, material, boundless resources and opportunities, and from the 8th of September to the present day he has done nothing—absolutely nothing. Was the season too far advanced? On the 2nd of December, exactly fifty years ago, Napoleon, with an army which he had marched from Boulogne to Austerlitz, fought and won a great battle, a portion of the conflict actually taking place on the ice. Were his forces inadequate? In how many of the great battles of the world has one-half the force at the disposal of the allies in the Crimea ever been brought into action? Did he dread an attack from the Russians? On the 16th of August a few thousand men defeated on the Tchernaya with ease the attempt of five times their number to force his lines. Then they had Sebastopol to fight for; now they could hope nothing beyond a barren and most improbable victory.—We have waited till the last moment in hope that something may be done. There is hardly any enterprize in which the French General had not a fair chance of success, or in which, had he failed, we should have ventured to blame him; but to attempt nothing at all—to waste two months and a half of valuable time in utter inaction—to give the enemy time to recover, and the enthusiasm of his own troops time to evaporate—to stand on the defensive when a thousand means of offensive warfare were open to him—to play a losing game when a winning one was in hands, are faults so grave that we can no longer keep silence, or pretend to acquiesce in the propriety of a line of conduct so fatal to our troops and so inglorious to our arms.

NEWS FROM THE RUSSIAN CAMP.

The *Pays* has the following:—Several Germans have been recently serving amateurs with the Russians in the Crimea. Two of them have just arrived at Berlin, where they at once become objects of great curiosity. One of them has just come from Simpferopol, and the other from Kars, which place he quitted the day after the unsuccessful assault, and he crossed the whole of Circassia About the middle of October the state of things at Simpferopol was pretty tolerable. The troops were naturally a little discouraged by such a long series of defeats, by there was no want of provisions, and Imperial recompenses were lavishly distributed. It is believed here that 110,000 Russians perished during the siege of Sebastopol, that 30,000 have been crippled for life. The best officers have disappeared, and have been replaced by young men, not less brave, but very inexperienced. Sebastopol is about to declared a holy city. The soldiers who have left it have almost all of them in their knapsacks a bit of wood, a stone, or the splinter of a shell, coming from the "Sanctuary," as Sebastopol now called in Russia, which they send as precious relics to their families.

Menchikoff is appointed military Governor of Cronstadt.

ASIA.

Omar Pasha has arrived at Suchum-Kale, renouncing his intention to attack Kutais.

The Russian general Sasloff took possession of Assain Kalch as soon as Selim Pasha retreated to Erzeroum.

The greater part of the Russian army will winter at Kars.

The *Invalide Russe* publishes a proclamation by General Mouravieff, calling on the entire population Lazeritis, Queirales, and Mingrelia, to wage a war extermination against the enemies of the Cross. It is this measure which is supposed to have induced Omar Pasha's retreat.

RUSSIA.

The Czar has ordered the Commandants in the Finland and Baltic Provinces to report the status of defence at their command to the Grand Council of war now in session at St. Petersburgh.

Contracts are advertised for immense quantities of artillery and stores, and new rifle regiments are being enrolled.

Emancipation from bondage is offered as a boon to the serfs; while some restrictions, imposed by the Czar Nicholas on the nobles, have also been repealed.

The Czar has issued a decree conferring on the peasants the right to possess landed property in Poland. Personal serfdom is abolished by an annual payment. Three years is allowed for the execution of the decree.

We find that one of our cotemporaries, more distinguished of late, however, for scurrility and virulence, than for the observance of the motto of his paper, which is conspicuously emblazoned as "Love, Prayer, Industry," soundly belaboring his Worship the Mayor, for not perpetrating, what in our estimation, would have been a work of supererogation, that is, for not organizing an armed force to resist the movements of the anti-Prohibition crowds, assembled in our streets on Tuesday and Thursday of last week. Justices Lee and Bennard are also most grossly abused by the same journal because they performed their duty according to the dictates of their own judgments, and such performance did not exactly harmonize with that of an ignorant fanatic, with whose slander constitutes logic, and malignancy is substituted for sound argument.

In the first place, we are strongly impressed with the conviction that the official conduct of his Worship in general, and that to which we have above alluded will be approved of by the constituency of St. John *at the proper time* notwithstanding the machinations of such *men* as the editor of the *Temperance Telegraph*, who glories in the name of "spy" and "informer," and approves of eaves-dropping and other low practices in order that (to use the language of the *Telegraph*) "Rum selling rascals" may have the penalties of the law duly meted out to them.

In the second place, we are yet to learn that "men with one idea," men possessing one virtue united to a thousand errors," are to ride roughshod over a free people, who have, since the year '56 has made its appearance afforded them very substantial proofs that they deride their malice, despise *their* "love," detest *their* "purity" and spit upon *their* "fidelity."

We have received the Second number of the *Anglo Saxon*, a newspaper published in Boston, edited by Dr. Bartlett, formerly editor of the New York *Albion* Its general appearance is creditable. We wish the spirited proprietor every success in his new undertaking. Mr. W. K. Crawford of this city is the appointed agent.

At the last meeting of the Common Council, held on Wednesday last, a letter was read from the Rev. James Porter, stating that he could not consent to the appointment of "City Rum Seller," on the conditions required by the Act. His reverence must try something else for the present.

NEW CANADIAN BISHOPRIC.

(*From the London Globe*)

Two new sees are to be formed forthwith out of the present diocese of Toronto, the sanction of the bishop (Dr. Strachan) having been received. The seat of one of the bishoprics will be at London, and the other at Kingston. It is believed that the bishopric of London, will be conferred upon the Rev. Dr. Cronyn, a rural dean of the diocese; and the Bishopric of Kingston upon the Rev. Mr. Hincks, a clergyman at present holding a benefice in the diocese of Down and Connor, a brother of Mr. Hincks, whom Sir William Molesworth recently appointed to the governorship of Barbadoes.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT THE TORONTO LYCEUM THEATRE.—We regret much to have to record one of those accidents from fire, which often occur, to the young, and the scene having taken place in the Theatre might have been attended with sad consequences, owing to the number of people present, but for the good sense of the audience. Miss Rosa Cook, whom our readers may recollect as an interesting young *danseuse*, generally dressed in boy's attire, is the sufferer; and to cast more gloom on the circumstance we have to add that she was hardly fourteen. The accident occurred during the performance of the *Enchanted Isle*, in which piece the unfortunate young lady played the part of a fairy, and was customed in light muslin. We learn that in each wing there is a large stove, which the exposed situation of the stage renders necessary should be kept at a good heat. In passing one of these the skirts of Miss Cook's dress, was brought into contact with the red hot stove and in one second she was in a blaze of flame She gave a cry of fear and rushed round towards the second "fly," when Mr. Petrie who was dressed for the King, not having any means of succouring her, tore off his hanging cloak and covered the young girl with it, thus stifling the flames. Mr. Nickinson who heard the tumult, through that the sufferer was his youngest daughter, and thinking the flames extinct, raised the cloak, but they again burst forth. They were, however, immediately extinguished. All this took but a few seconds, and fortunately the accident happened out of sight of the audience, for although it occurred during the progress of the piece, the scene which was on, was but a little distance from the footlights. The commotion was by this time communicated to the front, and a cry was somewhere raised, that the house was on fire, and anxiety was depicted on every face. Many prepared to leave their seats, and had not some steps been taken, there would have been probably a long list of casualties to relate. The forethought of Miss Nickinson however relieved, the the audience from suspense and in a very few brief sentences she called upon the people to be quiet,—told them that there was no danger—no fire—and simply to remain in their places. It is some consolation to have to add in the sad circumstances, that audience at once obeyed the injunction. The noise was immediately stilled, and it is no exaggeration to say, that one could have heard a pin fall. The effect was electrical. After a few minutes delay, Mr. Nickinson come to the front and informed the audience of the accident, without exciting them by a recital of its extent—stating that under the circumstances the preformance would not continue. The audience consequently left the Theatre. In the meantime, the poor young girl was carried into the dressing room attended by Dr. Scott, and other medical gentlemen. The whole of her dress was burnt to a cinder, and it was evident, from the first, that the injuries which she undergone were very serious, for she never spoke and appeared insensible to all the cares which were extended to her, and, at half past four yesterday morning she breathed her last. When gives a more melancholy, interest to the affair is the fact that the child's father, who is the leader of the orchestra, being at once informed of the accident, rushed on the stage. His friends however prevented him from hearing the worst, but this morning they no longer delayed the sad intelligence. It will be seen that the Theatre is closed until further notice, and so far as sympathy can extend consolation, the family of Mr. Nickinson, have spared no efforts to sooth the excited feelings of the poor child's family.—*Toronto Leader, 20th December.*

The Chronicle.

Saint John, N.B., January 18, 1856.

(*By Telegraph to the News Room.*)

ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE!

HALIFAX, Jan. 17.

The "America" arrived at 7 o'clock last evening. Atlantic sailed from Liverpool Saturday 28th. A slight injury happened to cylinder, and put into Cork to fix; was delayed there by fog, sailed Wednesday, 9 a. m. Holiday in Liverpool market, so no later news to Telegraph to Cork.

There is nothing new of an official character, with respect to Peace Negotiations, but in quarters usually well informed there is a growing impression that negotiations will terminate in a satisfactory manner.

Count Nesselrode has addressed circular Note, to representatives of Russia at chief foreign courts, dated Petersburg, Dec. 22. In this Note is stated Russia accepts the third point relative to the neutralization of the Black Sea, in following sense: "That Turkey's right to close the Straits be maintained. That no ships of war be admitted in the Black Sea, except those of Russia and Turkey. That the number of ships to be to maintained be mutually arranged by Russia and Turkey, and ratified by direct special Treaty between the two powers, without the interference of other nations." This interpretation the Allies consider to be inadmissible.

Circular owns that the desire expressed by the Emperor of the French at a public solemnity in favour of a prompt and durable peace, was at the same time and still his dearest wish of the Emperor Alexander.

Referring to Vienna Conferences circular casts upon Allies the blame of having rendered them abortive.

So long as enemies resolved to substitute force for the spirit of justice and conciliation, the Czar was obliged to remain silent: but as soon as he heard that his enemies were disposed to take up again the negotiations on the basis of the four points, he did not hesitate to come forward frankly to meet those pacific dispositions, and to seek frankly a possible solution for the third point.

The Russian propositions are already known.

Circular concludes by saying that Russia calmly and confidently awaits the decision her enemies.

When Austria and Western powers agreed on conditions to be sent to St. Petersburg she agreed not to communicate to other powers what those terms were until they should have reached their destination.

Secrecy was kept, Count Esterhazy reached St. Petersburg 26th, and next day laid propositions before Russian cabinet.

On the 28th Count

Married.

By the Rev. W. T. Cardy, on the 31st Dec., Mr. Robert Finlay to Miss Margaret Anderson.

By the same, on the 7th inst., Mr. Lindsay Little to Miss Elizabeth Kelly, all of this City.

On the 26 inst., by the Rev. John Perry, Mr. Vincent Wilson, to Miss Margaret Delilah Black, all of the Parish of Cambridge Q. C.

On the 10th inst., by the Rev. James Baird, Mr. John McAvour, to Miss Stephenson, both of Fredericton.

Died.

This Morning, John, second son, of John R. Campbell, of this city in the 25th years of his age.

On Tuesday, inst., Alice Lime, aged 15 months, daughter of John W. Craig.

On Saturday morning, after a short illness, Mr. James Maguire, aged 40 years, a native of Ballinkillen, County Fermanagh, Ireland.

On Thursday, the 10th inst., Mr. John Boothe, aged 55 years.

At Springhill, King's County, on Christmas morning last, Phoebe Ann, wife of Joseph McMacken, and the eldest daughter of Mr. George Ferry, of New Canaan, in the 30th year of her age, leaving a husband, seven children, and a large number of relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

At Wickham, Q. C., on the 22d ult., after a tedious illness, Mr. James Mullin, aged 60 years, leaving a wife and seven children to mourn their loss.

Marine List.

PORT OF ST. JOHN—ARRIVED—

Friday—Schr Comet, Edgett, Boston—J. Mahony, Ballast.

Saturday—Brigt. Conductor, Wyman, Boston, 2—C. McLauchlan, ballast.

Tuesday—Bark Cecilia, Williams Boston, 8—C. McLauchlan, ballast.

Brig Frances Dove, Allen, Boston C. McLauchlan, Brigt. Pilot, Fish, Savage, Boston, 2—Garrison & Marsters, gen. cargo.

W. H. Brown, Smith, Boston, 10—Garrison & Marsters, ballast.

CLEARED.

10th—Ship Talisman, Jochin, Liverpool, timber, deals, lathwood; bark Empress, Mahoney, Savannah, boards and hay.

11th—Schr. Groveland, Sullivan, Boston, boards and laths.

16th—Ship John Barbour, Marshall, Liverpool, timber, deals; Barque Helen, Lockhart, Montrose; brigt. Benj. Franklin, Willingale, Porto Rico, boards & shingles.

CORPORATION CONTRACT,

For Removing Buildings on Canterbury Street.

SEALED TENDERS will be received at Alderman FAIRWEATHER'S office until Saturday the 26th instant, at 12 o'clock, from persons willing to CONTRACT for removing all buildings now standing on CANTERBURY STREET, and for cutting down levelling and completely finishing the said street, according to a Plan and Specification to be seen at Mr. Fairweather's office.

Any further information can be obtained on application to the undersigned Committee of the Common Council.

J. FAIRWEATHER,
S. K. FOSTER,
J. WOODWARD,
THOS. M'AVITY.

St. John, Jan. 18th, 1856. [Nbkr. & News.]

Loyal Orange Association.

THE Annual Meeting of Queen's County Lodge will be holden at McCracken's Hotel in Gagetown, on MONDAY the 4th day of Feby. next at 11 o'clock A. M.

Members of the County Lodge, District Masters, and Masters of private Lodges throughout the County, will take notice thereof, and govern themselves accordingly. By order of the W. C. M.

ARTHUR MULLIN,
Gagetown, January 18, 1856. County Secretary.

South Bay Boom Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of Five per cent. for the half year, on the paid up Capital Stock of the South Bay Boom Company, has been declared payable to the Stockholders, at the office of the President, on the thirtieth day of January next.

THOMAS A. McMACKIN,
29th December, 1855. Secretary.

South Bay Boom Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a further assessment of Ten Shillings per share on the increased Capital Stock of the South Bay Boom Company, is required to be paid in by the Stockholders, at the office of the President, within thirty days.

THOS. A. McMACKIN.
29th December, 1855. *Secretary.*

VICTORIA COLLEGE.

THE Subscribers to the projected Educational Institution, to be styled VICTORIA COLLEGE, are requested to attend a general Meeting of said Subscribers, at the COMMERCIAL SCHOOL ROOM, on WEDNESDAY Evening, the 16th January, 1856, at 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of adopting the necessary preliminary measures for procuring an Act of Incorporation.

St. John, January 4, 1856.

HALL & FAIRWEATHER

Have removed to C. M. Gove's New Brick Building, Johnston's Wharf, near the Carleton Ferry Landing, and having engaged the use of the Ashburn Mills, they will continue business in the new stand as

IMPORTERS & MANUFACTURERS OF FLOUR.

N. B. Entrance to Johnston's Wharf from Water Street, nearly opposite Messrs. Berton Brothers.

St. John, N. B., Jan. 1856.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted for Instalments on Crown Lands are desired to pay the same on or before the first day of March 1856, to the Local Deputy as the respective Counties for that purpose appointed.

And notice is hereby given to the purchasers of such Lands, and to all persons occupying or claiming right to the same, that after the first day of March 1856, every lot upon which any balance may be due and unpaid will be considered vacant, and as such will from that time be open for applications for purchase or license.

61. JAMES BROWN, *Sur. Gen.*

TOP COATS, At GRANITE HALL.

A SUPERIOR lot just finished in time for the Holidays, in Broad Cloth, Beaver, Siberian, Mohair, and other fabrics, cut and made in the well known style of this Establishment.

And Observe—To effect a speedy clearance, they are Selling at a price that will be on a lower par than the times.

January 4, 1856. THOMAS R. JONES.

For Liverpool.

THE PACKET SHIP JOHN BARBOUR, *Captain Marshall*, Will sail for Liverpool on or about 12th January. For passage, apply to

January 4. J. & R. REED.

Ladies Elastic Florence Nightingale Indispensables.

A FEW Dozen of the above a superior article double stitched, warranted not to rip. For Sale by A. A. COUGHLAN,

St. John, December 7, 1855. No. 5, Prince Wm. Street.

CRUSHED SUGAR.—12 Barrels, now landing and for sail by JOHN KINNEAR.

July 12.

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, &c.

—The Subscriber has just received from London—his Fall Supply of English Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, &c.; Brandreth's No. 1 White Lead and colored PAINTS—ground and dry. Also, per Packet Ship *Liberia*, from Liverpool—12 casks Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL. For Sale by

S. L. TILLEY,
January 11. No. 15 King-Street.

Ground Coffee, Cassia, Pimento, Pepper, &c.

1500 POUNDS Ground COFFEE, in pound papers—good flavour;
200 pounds Ground PEPPER, in qr. pound papers; and also loose;
200 pounds whole and Ground CASSIA;
30 pounds Ground PIMENTO;
100 pounds American CREAM of TARTAR.
For Sale by

January 11. JOHN KINNEAR.

"The Morning News."

THE Subscriber begs to return his most sincere thanks to his friends, the various Engine Companies, and Fire Department generally for the prompt and kind manner in which they came to his aid on Friday night—when his Building took fire, from some mysterious cause—thereby enabling him to save an immense deal of valuable property the Press and Engine of themselves (saved) being worth £500.

In consequence of the disarrangement and injury of some of the new paper type, (which will require to be replaced in order to have the News complete and in working order,) the Subscriber regrets to say that the publication of the *Morning News* will have to be suspended for about a week; but he fully confides in the friendship of his old patrons and friends, and believes that they will be indulgent with him under the unfortunate circumstances. The time for which the paper will be suspended will be fully made up to Subscribers.

January 11. G. E. FENETY.

Saint John & Liverpool Line of Packet Ships. 1856.

Appointed to Sail from Liverpool as under.

Ships.	Capt's.	Tonnage.	To Sail.
Peter Maxwell.	Delaney.	1056	5th Feby.
Fredonia.	Spurr.	1015	5th March.
John Barbour.	Marshall.	990	20th do.
Imperial.	Morse.	1279	5th April.
Middleton.	Cooper.	996	20th do.
John Duncan.	Kenny.	921	5th May.
John Owens.	Doane.	1236	20th do.

These Ships are built of the best materials, sail remarkably fast, classed A 1 at Lloyds and coppered, and will be despatched punctually on the day appointed.

They are commanded by men of the greatest perseverance and nautical skill, and no expense or exertion will be spared to make this line efficient in every respect for the safe and speedy conveyance of goods and passengers.

Orders for Shipment of goods by this Line are respectfully solicited.

For Freight or Passage apply in Liverpool to Messrs. FRASER HAUGHTON & Co., Wolmer Buildings, Water Street, or here to

J. & R. REED.

DOOLEY'S

MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE HOTEL, State Street, Boston. Conducted on the European Plan.

Rooms per day,	50 cts.
Rooms per week,	$3,00
Lodging	37 1-2 cts.

N. B.—A Restaurant is attached, where Meals will be served at all hours of the day.

January 11, 1856. 1y.

TOYS! TOYS!

JUST received—The Subscriber now respectfully informs his customers and the public generally that he has just received a very large assortment of TOYS and FANCY GOODS, suitable for the coming season. Wholesale and Retail.

☞ Please call and examine. A. PAGE,
No. 165, Prince William Street

Nov. 23.—1 m.

NOTICE.

Jellies L. Inches, of the City of Saint John, Dry Goods Merchant, (heretofore carrying on Trade and Business under the firm and style of *Gilchrist & Inches,*) having by Deed of Assignment, transferred to us all his Estate and Effects, in Trust for the benefit of his Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the said Deed of Assignment lies at the office of Messrs. BEARD & VENNING, for inspection and signature. All Creditors not executing the said deed of Assignment within four calendar Months from the date hereof, will be excluded from any participation in the said Estate and Effects, as assigned as aforesaid. Dated 14th December, 1855.

WM. PARKS,
JOHN W. BEARD, } *Trustees.*

CHEAP GOODS,

—SELLING OFF—

THE Subscriber intending to make a change in his business, will from this date commence SELLING OFF all his surplus STOCK. The following is a partial list of the Cheapest Stock of GOODS, ever offered in this City.

BOOTS, SHOES, and RUBBERS, Tea, Sugar, and Rice, Tobacco, Cegars, Pipes, Socks, Stockings, Mittens, Combs, Brushes, hair Pins, Shawls, Scarfs, Mufflers, Hats, Caps, and South Westers, Blankets, Beds, and Rugs, red, white and blue Flannels, Cobourgs, Orleans, Callicoes, and Ladies Stays, Garters, and Gum Ruche, Needles, Thread, Pins, and READY MADE CLOTHING, and general Stock of Seamen's Outfits, constantly on hand. ALEX. A. COUGHLAN,

P.S.—We will continue this Sale for five months and no longer.

St. John, December 7, 1855.

Second-hand Furniture.

25 BED ROOM TABLES; 36 do. Wash Stands; 25 double and single Patent BED-STEADS, with canvas bottoms; 4 small Mahogany dining TABLES. The above Goods are all in good order and will be sold low on immediate application. ALEX. A. COUGHLAN,

Dec. 7, 1855. No. 5, Prince Wm. Street.

MANGLE.—One first rate English MANGLE For Sale by the Subscriber.

Dec. 7. A. A. COUGHLAN.

Cheap Flour.

30 BRLS FLOUR. For Sale by the Subscriber.

10 Barrels Double Extra Superfine FLOUR.

ALEX. A. COUGHLAN,
December 7. No. 5. Prince Wm. Street

TO LET

AND POSSESSION GIVEN, ON OR BEFORE THE 1st OF MAY NEXT,

THE Basement Story of that splendid Fire-proof Brick Building, owned and occupied by the Subscriber, and situated on the Eastern side of MILL STREET, suitable for any kind of business beneath which is a spacious Cellar, 40 by 53 feet. The Shop is handsomely fitted with shelves and counters, and has been used as a business stand for many years past.

Dwelling Appartments in the same building can be had if required, and further particulars known on application to

D. SPILLANE.

NEW FURS.

OPENED this day via Steamer *America*, direct from London:

LADIES' FURS, in Stone Martin, Fitch, and Sable;

Gents' FUR CAPS, in Otter, Beaver, and Seal, newest patterns;

With a large variety in Store, at the lowest prices. LOCKHART & CO.,

Dec. 14. 41, King-street.

LEECHES.—Just received—100 Swedish LEECHES. Also—Dr. Kennedy's Medical Discovery, for the cure of Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, and all diseases of the blood—for sale by S. L. TILLEY,

April 20. No. 15 King Street

IT IS REASON TOGETHER!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

WHY ARE WE SICK?

It has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are especially adapted to the relief of the WEAK, the NERVOUS, the DELICATE, and the INFIRM, of all climes, ages, sexes, and constitutions. Professor Holloway personally superintends the manufacture of his medicines, and offers them to a free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

THESE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD.

These famous Pills are expressly combined to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the skin, and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountain of life, and thus curing disease in all its forms.

DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills. It has been proved in all parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disorders of the liver, dyspepsia, and stomach complaints generally. They soon give a healthy tone those organs, however much deranged, and when all other means have failed.

GENERAL DEBILITY.—ILL HEALTH.

Many of the most despotic Governments have opened their Custom Houses to the introduction of these Pills, that they may become the medicine of the masses. Learned Colleges admit that this medicine is the best remedy ever known for persons of delicate health, or where the system has been impaired, as its invigorating properties never fail to afford relief.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

No Female, young or old, should be without this celebrated medicine. It corrects and regulates the monthly courses at all periods, acting in many cases like a charm. It is also the best and safest medicine that can be given to children of all ages, and for any complaint; consequently no family should be without it.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:—

Ague,	Fevers of all kinds,	Sore Throats,
Asthma,		Stone & Gravel
Bilious Complaints,	Gout,	Secondary
Bitch on the Skin,	Headache,	Symptoms,
Bowel Complaints,	Indigestion,	Tic Doloureux,
Colics,	Inflammation,	Tumours,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Jaundice,	Ulcers,
	Liver Complaints,	Venereal Affections,
Consumption,		
Debility,	Lumbago,	Worms of all kinds,
Dropsy,	Piles,	
Dysentry,	Rheumatism,	Weakness, to
Erysipelas,	Retention of Urine,	whatever cause, &c. &c.
Female Irregularities,		
	Scrofula, or King's Evil,	
Fits,		

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar, London), and 80, Maiden Lane, New York; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices—1s. 3d.; 3s. 9d.; and 5s. sterling each Box.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

S. L. TILLEY, *Provincial Agent*, No. 2, King St. St. John, N. B.; A. Coy & Son Fredericton; W. T. Baird Woodstock; Alex. Lockhart, Queen; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. E. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; John Lewis, Hillsborough; Jot n Curry, Canning; and Jas. Gilbert White, Belleisle.

TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS AND NEW YEAR' GIFTS

THE Subscriber has received a large assortment of German, English and American TOYS, to supply all his little Customers with Christmas Presents and New Year's Gifts.

ALSO—A good assortment, of Ladies' Frizettes, Braids and Ringlets, always on hand.

Dec. 21. WM. MAJOR.

TO LET.—Two new HOUSES on Cliff-street. THOS. FAIRWEATHER.

Saint John, N. B., December 21, 1855.

AN APPEAL.

IN order to manufacture a large supply of the most choice and elegant CONFECTIONS, something entirely different from anything heretofore offered to the citizens of Saint John, and in every way suitable for the coming Christmas, the Subscribers will not execute Wholesale orders in the Confectionary Department until the 15th day of December next, when they will open out a Stock with which every one will be delighted. They deem this necessary, having but three persons employed in the said department, and owing to the extensive demand for the commodity.

They therefore appeal to their generous patrons who have so kindly supported them since their removal to the New Store, No. 8, Germain Street, to defer sending their orders until the before mentioned date.

December 7. FELLOWS & CO.

J. CORAM'S,

Ladies Fashionable Shoe Store.

Protection Street, Sand Point, Carleton.

RECEIVED PER LATE ARRIVALS.

LADIES' Fashionable Boarers—Paris make; Ladies' superior London Boots and Shoes; Misses', Girls', and Children's Boots and Shoes of all the newest and most fashionable styles;

Ladies' Satin, French Kid and Enamelled Boots, Shoes and Slippers;

Gentlemen's, Boys' and Youths' Boots & Shoes of every quality and style;

House Slippers;

Prunella Boots;

An almost endless variety of cheap Boots, and Shoes, suitable for the Season.

ALSO—A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CHINA, GLASS, & EARTHENWARE,

At as Cheap rates as can be had at any other Store in the City.

Carleton, November 30, 1855.

THOMAS RANTON,

MANUFACTURER OF

Steamboat, Locomotive, Flue, and Cylinder

BOILERS,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

—ALSO—

SHIPS' WATER TANKS, &c., &c., &c.

Britain Street, (near Reed's Point,) Saint John, N.B. Particular attention paid to repairs.

November 30, 1855.

JUST LANDING ex Tomah—A large and well selected assortment of American GRATE FRONTS, with summer Pieces to match. Also—2 Folding Iron Bedsteads, a beautiful article, and new in this market.

August 24. 1m E. STEPHEN.

300 BOXES SMOKED HERRINGS. For Sale by

St. John, Oct. 19, 1855. A. A. COUGHLAN.

American Oyster Saloon.

THE Subscriber would inform his friends and customers that having refitted his old stand in Water street since the late fire, he is now prepared to furnish them with all the delicacies of the season.

Just received from Boston—15 Barrels prime OYSTERS, and 5 ditto from Shediac, which will be served up as usual, or sold by the measure.

☞ MEALS at all hours.

NEW CARPETINGS, Floor Oil Cloths, and other Fashionable GOODS.

HORSFALL & SHEARATON have received per Achilles from London, and Egyptian, from Liverpool:

100 pieces CARPETING, of the newest styles, in Velvet Pile Tapestry, Brussells, Kidderminister, 4-ply, and Scotch.

The patterns of the above are all new, particularly the Velvet Piles, which are very rich, and copies of those sent to the Exhibition at Paris.

ALSO—87 Pieces of Floor Oil Cloths all width from 2 feet to 16, thoroughly seasoned, and warranted the best quality.

Rich Gilt Window Poles, and CORNICES. Also, Mahogany Poles, with Fixtures.

DAMASKS, MOREENS, and WINDOW DRAPERY, of all kinds, with Gimps, Fringes, &c., to match.

HEARTH RUGS to match Carpets.

The above with the whole of their well assorted Stock of DRY GOODS, will be sold at the lowest market rates. November 30.

Earthenware, China & Glass.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, *Dock Street, Saint John, N. B.*

THE Subscriber invites the attention of the Public to his Extensive Assortment of China, EARTHENWARE and GLASS, (imported from our own Manufactory,) of the newest designs and patterns, in China, Ironstone, Whitestone, and Earthenware, Breakfast, Dinner, Dessert and Tea Sets; Toilet Sets, in Moreen, China and Whitestone; China and Parian Ornaments; Figures, Statuettes; Glass, in Plain Moulded and Cut Decanters, Claret Jugs, Pitchers, Hocks, Claret and Wine Glasses, Champaigns, Goblets, Tumblers, Butter Coolers, Ice Cream Plates, Centres, Round and Square Dishes, Dinner Bottles, Finger Cups, Toilet Bottles; Plates, Salts, Sugars and Cream, Cruet Frames; Glass Shades and Artificial Flowers; WINDOW GLASS all sizes; German and Smithwick Cream and Butter Crocks; Preserve and covered Crocks; Jars, 1-2 3-4 gallons, and all descriptions common Earthenware, suitable for the Country, can be selected from a large and varied Stock.

November 9. FRAS. CLEMENTSON.

CAUTION.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEIT NOTES.

THE Subscribers are prepared to furnish from their Bank good Musical Notes, having secured the services of the most competent Musicians in the City, are now prepared to furnish Balls, Parties, Tea Nice, Dinner Parties, &c., with the best Quadrille and Brass BAND, that ever before was in this City. Apply to Avery's Book Store, or JAMES PRICE, Germain Street.

Russians Defeated!

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN!

Nov. 16.—1m. PRICE & ATKINS.

CAUTION.

ALL Persons are hereby cautioned against cutting or carrying away any WOOD, LOGS, or TIMBER, or in any way trespassing on the LOT of LAND belonging to the subscriber, situate in the Parish of PETERSVILLE, in the County of of Queen's fronting on the Eastern side of the Nerepis Road, and adjoining the Property of Thomas Smith, and Edward Kearns; as all Persons hereafter found so Trespassing will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the LAW.

JOHN S. GARRICK.

November 16, 1855.

Custom Tailoring Establishment.

A few doors South of the Bank of New Brunswick near Stubb's Hotel.

THOSE who believe Economy is the mother of Wealth, will seek Retrenchment in their Tailor's Bills, which in a Gentlemans annual expences is a considerable item!

T. W. KELLY,

Late Foreman in the Woollen Hall, from his long experience respectfully suggests, that Gentlemen who may require his services, would do well to procure their own material, and by employing Mechanical skill in the construction of their Garments discover the advantages resulting from this mode of Business—and emphatically pronounce it progress. T. W. K. has concluded to give the community the opportunity of making the experiment, pledging himself that all the skill he possesses shall be faithfully exercised for the benefit of his Customers.

Credentials authentic and abundant are in his possession as to his ability as a practical Mechanic, and he trusts his NEW IDEA will meet with public patronage.

Procure materials for your FALL CLOTHING and call at the "FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT," Prince Wm. street.

St. John, Nov. 27, 1855.

RICH & RARE.

Wilson's Celebrated TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 70, Prince William-Street, Saint John, N. B.

THE whole Community are respectfully invited to call and examine the superior style in which the Cutting and Fitting is done in the Manufacture of my Stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

On hand a large, and elegant assortment of West of England Cloths, all ready for the Scissors.

ALSO, an expensive lot of Ready-made articles suited to all classes and sizes, from Tom Thumb, to Golish the Giant.

CALL AND SEE.

My Goods are Rare
My prices fair,
My cutting undenial
My natty Shop
Is quite tip top,
I only ask a trial.

November 9. SAMUEL WILSON

HATS AND CAPS

THE Subscriber has received per Packet Ship "Imperial;"—A large assortment of HATS and CAPS, suitable for the coming season; which he will dispose of Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest prices.

Also—ON HAND.—HATS and CAPS of his own Manufacture, warranted equal to any in the Province, and sold at as reasonable prices.

A. MAGEE,

Hat and Cap Store, King Street, a few doors below the St. John, Hotel.

November 3d, 1854.

NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the firm of WHITING & McNAUGHTON, as Lumber dealers, is this day mutually dissolved. All parties indebted to the said Firm are requested to make immediate payment to J. M. F. WHITING, who is duly authorised, and with whom rests the settlement of all claims.

JAS. M. F. WHITING,
ALEX. McNAUGHTON.

November 30, 1855. (1in.)

PUTTY, FIRE PROOF PAINT, &c.—Landing and for Sale:—1½ Tons PUTTY;
5 Brls. Fire Proof PAINTS;
10 casks Pine OIL;
1 case NUTMEGS, RICE, BARLEY, &c.

JOHN KINNEAR,
November 16. Prince Wm. street

AN INVOICE of English Plate GLASS—for sale as follows:
48 Plates 17 inches wide by 4 inch long;
40 do. 17 inch, wide by 35 inch. long. Will be sold at cost and charges, by

Nov. 7. JOHN KINNEAR.

NOW LANDING—600 weight of FEATHERS, 600 weight Ground COFFEE, in papers;
200 do. Cream of Tartar;
100 assorted warranted CHAIRS. For sale by

JOHN KINNEAR,
November 23. Prince Wm. street

PAINTS.

120 KEGS of Brandrums PAINTS, assorted colours. For Sale by

ALEXANDER A. COUGHLAN.

St. John, October 19, 1855.

Cane Seat Chairs.—Just received and for Sale. 15 Dozen Cane & Wood Seat CHAIRS

GEORGE NIXON,

(573) CROWN LAND OFFICE,
December 20, 1855.

THE undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Tuesday the 5th day of February next, at noon, by the respective Deputies, at their offices, agreeably to the regulations of 11th May, 1849, and no sale on credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases.

(*Not to interfere with the right to cut Timber or other Lumber under Licenses applied for previous to the applications for the purchase of the Land.*)

(*No person is allowed to bid for more than one hundred acres payable by instalments.*)

ST. JOHN.

By Deputy Joseph B. Whipple, at the Government Emigration Office.

65 acres, lot 35, block 21, Lancaster, Wm. Clark.
103 acres, lot —, block 23, Lancaster, John Dolan.
149 acres, southeast of Perch Lake, A. Gormley.
115 acres, east of Perch Lake, M. Murphy.
107 acres, west of Perch Lake, Jas. Summerville.
200 acres, west of Perch Lake, John Summerville.

KING'S.

By Deputy Arnold, at Sussex.

100 acres, lot 20, tier 4, Barberie's survey, Wm. McEwen improved.
100 acres, lot 43, block F, Sussex, James Grady; improved by John M'Garrigle.
100 acres, lots 1 and 2 north, range 1, Mechanics, John Parlee.
102 acres, lot 53, block, Studholm, W. M'Knight improved.
102 acres, lot 17, block 17, Studholm, S. Carson.
83 acres, lot 60, Cornhill, John Burgess.
80 acres, lot 16, block 25, Studholm, James Mullin.

(5w) JAMES BROWN, *Sur. Gen.*

S. K. FOSTER'S

Ladies Fashionable Shoe Store.

Foster's Corner Germain Street.

LADIES' Flannel and Chamois lined, Goloish'd and all Cloth BOOTS; Black Beaver Cloth Snow Boots; Felt Boots and Slippers; superior Merino Walking Boots; White and Black Satin Boots; Bronze Kid Boots and Slippers; Black & Bronze Elastic Shoes; Prunella, Cashmere and Merino BOOTS; India Rubber Lace and Long BOOTS.

GIRLS—Black Cloth, Beaver, Prunella, Cashmere, Merino, Kid, Grain Leather, and Rubber BOOTS; White and Black Satin, Bronze, Black, Drab and Fawn Kid SLIPPERS; Patent Leather, Lace and Ankle Tie SHOES.

CHILDREN'S—Cloth, Merino, Patent, Kid, Prunella, Leather, and every quality of BOOT & SHOE suitable for the season.

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES, for Ladies, Gentlemen, Boys, Youths, Misses and Children.

"DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES."

Gentlemen's Patent, English and French Calf Wellington BOOTS.

Black and Drab Cloth Top Side Elastic BOOTS

Bronze and Black Kid Side Spring BOOTS;

Youths and Boys BOOTS—Oxonians and other styles.

Men's, Boys', Youths' and Children's Calf, Kip, and Patent BOOTEES.

November 9. S. K. FOSTER.

SELLING OUT—Without Reserve.

AT THE ST. JOHN CLOTHING MART,

Sign of the Royal Arms, No. 3, Water Street.

THE Large and Splendid STOCK of Fall and Winter CLOTHING, which will be sold at such *tremendous low prices*, as cannot fail to secure a host of ready customers! Observe the following list of prices:—

Superfine Black SACK,	£1 2 6
Fine Black Beaver Over COATS, heavy lined,	1 15 0
Spring Bottom PANTS a beautiful article,	0 17 6
Warm Pilot Cloth Over COATS, a good article,	1 5 0
Best Reefing JACKETS that can be got up, from	15s. to 30s.
Good Comfortable Winter VESTS,	0 7 6

AND

BOYS' CLOTHING of every description, too numerous to mention, will be sold lower than can be purchased elsewhere, and all other Goods in proportion. ALSO—Heavy WOLLEN SHIRTS and DRAWERS, that will defy competition.

☞ Wholesale and Retail customers will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

St. John, October 7, 1855. P. NEILL.

Keating's Cough Lozenges.

A certain remedy for disorders of the *Pulmonary Organs*; in difficulty of Breathing—in redundancy of Phlegm—in Incipent CONSUMPTION (of which Cough is the most positive indication) they are of unerring efficacy. In ASTHMA and in WINTER COUGH, they have *never* been known to fail.

Keatings' Cough Lozenges are free from every deleterious ingredient; they may, therefore be taken at all times BY THE MOST DELICATE FEMALE AND BY THE YOUNGEST CHILD; while the PUBLIC SPEAKER and the PROFESSIONAL SINGER will find them invaluable in allaying the hoarseness and irritation incidental to vocal exertion, and consequently a powerful auxiliary in the production of MELODIOUS ENUNCIATION.

Prepared and sold in Boxes, and Tins of various sizes, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, &c., No. 79, St. Paul's Church Yard, London. Sold Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Venders in the World.

N. B.—To prevent spurious imitations, please to observe that the words "KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES" are engraved on the Government Stamp of each box, without which none are genuine.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONIAL.

Copy of a Letter from the late COLONEL HAWKER, (the well-known Author on "GUNS AND SHOOTING,"

Longparish House, near Whitchurch, Hants. October 21st, 1846.

SIR,—I cannot resist informing you of the extraordinary effect I have experienced by taking only a few of your LOZENGES. I had a cough for several weeks, that defied all that had been prescribed for me; and yet I got completely rid of it by taking about half a small box of your lozenges, which I find are the only ones that relieve the cough without deranging the stomach or digestive organs.

I am, Sir, your humble servant,
P. HAWKER.

To Mr. KEATING, 79, St. Paul's Church Yard.

☞ Agent for St. John—Messrs. CHUBB & Co.

For Fredericton—Mr. GALE, Druggist.

November 30, 1855. (8in.)

HORSE SHOEING.

[Shop one door north of the Country Market]

WILLIAM GABRIEL begs to Tender his sincere thanks to his friends and the Public for the extensive patronage hitherto received from them; and he takes this method further to inform them that he is prepared at all times to execute orders in his line of business, in the best possible manner, and in the style that is most suitable to this Country.

January 29, 1854.

Cars! Cars!! Cars!!!

THE subscriber has for Sale One Hundred and Fifty Pair (150) of rough Spruce from 12 to 18 feet long

—ALSO—

Twenty Pair of Dressed ditto, from 12 to 18 feet long. Apply to THOMAS SMITH, Spar Maker, Storment Street, Sydney Ward. Dec. 11, 1854

Trial Bottles, 25 Cents Only!

VERY LARGE "BOTTLES" 75 CENTS.

We assert with Confidence that—

J. RUSSELL SPALDING'S

ROSE MARY

AND CASTOR OIL

IS decidedly the nicest and best toilet article in the world, for the Hair. The ablest chemist who have examined it testify that as an agent for preserving the Hair and promoting its growth it surpasses any other article.

After a long series of experiments, Mr. SPALDING succeeded, by an intricate process, in freeing the Castor Oil used in this preparation from its *peculiar odor* and *all greasiness*, and in blending it with the ROSEMARY, &c., in such manner as to form the cheapest and best *OIL OR WASH* Ever made, for which all who desire to preserve a good head of Hair until late in life, will be grateful.

The Sale of the Article has been Immense!

And its Success Astonishing—Use it if you wish.

1st. To beautify the hair.
2d. To curl the hair elegantly.
3d. To remove dandruff effectually.
4th. To restore the hair to bald heads.
5th. To give the whiskers a beautiful appearance
6th. To prevent the hair from falling off.
7th. To cure all diseases of the scalp.
8th. To dress false hair richly.
9th. To cure the headache.
10th. To kill hair eaters.
11th. To keep the hair from turning
12th. To dress children's hair beautifully, and lay the foundation for a good head of hair.
13th. If you do *not wish* to grease and soil the bonnet, cap, hat, pillow, and everything coming in contact with the hair, the SPALDING'S ROSEMARY, and be sure to *get the Genuine* of the manufacturer and proprietor.

December, 1854.

J. RUSSELL SPALDING,
Chemist and Apothecary.

Wholesale and Retail Depot at No. 27, formerly 29, Tremont, row, directly opposite the museum, Boston Mass.

All Genuine will have his Signature.

N. B.—Remarkable terms given to dealers, who buy to sell again, and no dealer should fail to have this GOOD AND STAPLE ARTICLE.

Caution.

Be sure you get the Genuine with the Signature of—J. RUSSELL SPALDING.

Sold in St. John by appointment by S. L. TILLEY, and THOS. WALKER & SON, who will supply Dealers on favourable Terms.

December 1, 1855. 1y.

NEW BOOKS—New York Journal, January; Harper, do.; Peterson and National, do.; With an immense assortment of other late publications, Newspapers, &c.

January 4. B. O'BRIEN.

FEATHERS.—Just received at the New Paper Store—100 lbs. Goose FEATHERS, for sale low for cash. GEORGE NIXON,

January 4, 1856. Prince Wm. Street.

ST. ANDREWS' ALE.

THE Subscriber having been appointed AGENT for the sale of the above excellent ALE, begs to inform the public that he will in future keep on hand a constant supply, which will be furnished to his customers and the trade on very favorable terms.

Just Received—64 Casks, containing 10, 15, 20, 30 and 60 gallons each.

JOHN McCOSKERY.

November 17, 1855. tf.

MODEL MELODEONS.

NEWLY improved "MODEL MELODEONS," Sold at the Cabinet Ware-Rooms of the Messrs. J. & G. LAWRENCE, head of King Street. These Instruments have received the approbation of the best judges for the Durability and Beauty of the workmanship and excellent Tone.

St. John, N.B., March 27th, 1855.

Mr. STEVENS:

DEAR SIR.—It is with pleasure I make known to you the opinion of myself and many others of the MELODEON purchased from you a few months ago. This instrument manufactured by MASON & HAMLIN, has given the utmost satisfaction, both in TONE, TOUCH, and POWER, and I do freely, and cheerfully admit it is the best I have ever seen. Since the introduction of this instrument in our Choir Practice we find a great improvement, thereby sustaining the Voice, and procuring a perfect Tone to every Note.

I am dear Sir, yours truly,
R. D. McARTHUR,
Conductor of St. Andrews' Church Choir.

M. A. STEVENS, Agent, Teacher of the Piano Forte and Cultivation of the Voice. (March 9.

YOUNG'S BOARDING HOUSE,

NEAR THE KING'S SQUARE.

THE Subscriber wishes to inform the public that he has moved to the premises formerly occupied by J. K. CAMPBELL, nearly opposite Country Market, which he has fitted and furnished in a superior manner, and where the best of attention will be paid to all who may favour him with a call.

N.B.—The Stabling attached to the premises need no comment, being the best in the City, with careful grooms always in attendance.

23d June, 1855.

Hats, Caps, &c.

Opened per "Eastern City," at the CHEAP HAT, CAP, and FUR STORE, North side of King street, the following descriptions of new styles HATS and CAPS:—

GENTS' Drab Napoleon HATS;
do. do. Gutta Percha do.;
do. do. Wide Awake do.;
do. Black Kossuth do.;
do. do. Warrior do.;
do. do. Beauties do.;
do. Silk Glazed Danger CAPS;
do. do. Ringed do.;
do. Brown Cloth Emperor do.;
do. Black Satin Spring '55 HATS.

For sale at lowest market prices.

April 18. LOCKHART & CO.

OPAL VARNISH.—Best English and American—For Sale at JOHN KINNEAR'S,

August 17. Prince Stree

Just Received

80 QTLS. large CODFISH,
30 do. small do.
40 do. POLLOCK, } in prime order

140 pieces of excellent GRIT GRIND STONES from 15 to36 inches diameter. JOHN MARVEN.

August 16th, Ward-street.

Acoustic Instruments.

No Excuse for Deafness.

THE Subscribers have just received a varied assortment of the above, suited to assist the patient and imperceptibly disguise the defect of deafness, in a manner strictly in accordance to the science of Acoustics.

June 15. FELLOWS & CO.

JUST RECEIVED.

AT the "Golden Knife and Fork," Stanton's Brick Building, Dock street, by the *

THE RIGHT MAN COME AT LAST!

OR, THE PROGRESS OF MEDICINE.

It was with no ordinary pride and satisfaction that we lately had the honor of an introduction to one of the most eminent men of the age, Professor THOMAS HOLLOWAY, a gentleman who has done more for the advancement of medical science than any other that can be named, not excluding such renowned "shrines" as ABERNETHEY, RUSH, CLARK, or MAGENDIE. The Professor has recently travelled in the United States, having visited this country for the purpose of establishing a depot for the sale of his medicines in New York. It is true that our public have long been familiar with his great reputation, but partly owing to the heavy duty imposed upon imported medicines, and partly to the unwillingness of physicians and druggists to advance the interests of a professional brother, whose superior knowledge and skill threatened to cast their own pretensions into the shade, the sale (although great) in America of his wonderful remedies has not yet equalled the enormous demand which exists throughout the whole of Europe, Australia, the East Indies, and most other parts of the civilized world. It was for this reason that the Professor, a few months ago, determined to make New York the location of a great American Depot for the preparation and sale of his medicines, rivalling in extent and usefulness his celebrated establishment in London, which as all travellers know, is one of the "institutions" of that city. We have reason to congratulate ourselves, and especially our sick and afflicted fellow citizens, upon his felicitous resolutions.

For proceeding step by step, on strictly scientific principles, the Professor, at the early part of his career, attained to a discovery, which placed him above all competition in the triumphs of the healing art. He noticed how much of the boasted medical knowledge of the present day was empirical, and how little was really known of the laws of human physiology. Continuing his investigations, a happy thought struck him, like an inspiration, and he located the seat of every disease,—no matter what its nature and diagnosis,—in the blood. The blood has vitality;—the blood is alive; it is indeed in the language of Scripture, "the *life* of man." If that stream of existence is impure, how can the human being be otherwise than feeble, exhausted, emaciated and afflicted by various forms of disease? To purify the blood, and keep it pure, is virtually, to banish sickness from the earth. Here, then is hope for the sufferer. The poor invalid, despairing of recovery, may go forth into the world a renovated and strong man. Professor HOLLOWAY's treatment eradicates all our ailments; whether they are of the stomach, liver, kidneys lungs, heart or skin, he refers their origin to the blood & restores the apparently diseased organ to prestine and perfect health. Knowing this, as we do, from the experience of our friends, as well as from our own, we discharge but a Samaritan duty to the public, by a cordial recommendation of HOLLOWAY's PILLS and OINTMENT—the former for internal derangements of the system; the later for external application to wounds and sores, which have resisted every other so called remedy.—*N. Y. Atlas.*

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE.—Edward James of this town committed suicide last Wednesday morning, by hanging himself with a clothes line in his barn.

This is perhaps the most mysterious circumstance of the kind that has transpired within this State. He was about 42 years old, and an exemplary member of the society of Friends from youth, and a constant attendant of their meeting twice a week. The same can be said of his parents. He was what is properly termed an independent farmer, with several hundred dollars at interest, provisions on hand for a year, free from debt. He was scarcely known to be sick a day, and was strictly temperate in his habits, diligent at his business, and honorable in his business transactions. His family had not discovered the least sign of insanity, nor had his neighbors during life. With regard to his domestic relations, they were of the most pleasant character. We have lived a neighbor to him for ten years, and could but notice his marked attention, and his agreeable manner towards the members of his family on all occasions, both public and private. He leaves an affectionate wife and four very promising children that he always seemed to love, and treated with the warmest tokens of parental regard.—*Brunswick Tel.*

THE BEST BREAD.—The best bread is that made of *unboiled wheat flour*. In some cases a small portion of wheat bread may desirable, but the brown, after a short time, will be found more palatable, and conductive to a more regular and healthy condition of the system. It has been ascertained that even dogs cannot live over fifty days fed upon fine flour bread and water; when fed upon such as contained the whole or a large portion of the brand, they are found in no respect to suffer.—*Water cure Journal.*

OATMEAL PUDDING.—Put two pints of milk to a pint of oatmeal, and let it soak all night. In the morning, add two well beating eggs, and half a teaspoonful of salt. Pour the mixture into a greased basin, or pudding mould; tie it securely in a floured cloth, and boil an hour and a half. This pudding is very nice eaten with a bit of cold butter and salt, or a little melted butter or hot dripping. Should any be left cold, it will be found very nice toasted or fried, and rubbed over with a morsel of butter.

TO MAKE SCRAPPLE.—The following mode of making scrapple is highly approved of by many families in the country:

Boil two or three pig's "faces," a liver, chine-bones, &c., (or emit the liver, if you choose,) till the meat comes off the bones and will pick to pieces readily. Take out the meat, and half thicken the liquid with Indian meal, which allow to boil, while you pick the meat off the bones, and chop the liver fine; then return the meat, &c., into the pot, and stir in buckwheat flour, till it is as thick as mush. This done, season the mixture with pepper, salt and powdered sage, and put it into pans to cool. Next morning, fry it brown in slices, and see if your children will nor decide that the waste is the *best* after all.'

TO POACH EGGS.—Have on the fire a frying-pan with water fast boiling, break each egg into a separate cup, slip them carefully in the boiling water; when the white is quite set, the eggs are done. Take them up with a slice, and serve on buttered toast or bread and butter. Fried eggs are done in the same manner, only instead of water a little fat is used, or a rasher of bacon.

TO PREVENT CANDLES GUTTERING.—A scientific correspondent informs us that by using the frustrum of a cone of wire gauze or preforated metal on the shoulder of a candle, it will keep the the candle from flickering and the grease from guttering. This is certainly a good device for such a purpose.

BETTER MOLASSES.—When molasses is used in cooking, it is a very great improvement to boil and skim it before you use it. It takes out the raw taste, and makes it almost as good as sugar. Where molasses is used much for cooking, it is well to prepare one or two gallons in this way at time.

TO TEST OF FLOUR.—To judge if flour be pure and good, take a little in the hand, and squeeze it for half a minute; if good, it can be put out of the hand in a lump, retaining the form given to it by the hand; if adulterated it will fall apart as soon as it leaves the hand.

BUTTER.—Get all the buttermilk out of your but ter, salt with pure salt, pack in a stone pot, cover the pack, with cotton cloth saturated with melted tallow, and your butter will keep all summer or winter. Air and butter-milk are the agent that spoil the butter that is kept a great while. Exclude these from well made and salted butter, and it will keep a great while.

FALL & WINTER CLOTHING, &c.

NORTH AMERICAN CLOTHING STORE,

SEARS' BRICK BUILDING, NORTH SIDE OF KING STRT.

Wholesale and Retail General outfitting Establishment.

R. HUNTER,

HAS now made up, and offers for Sale, the largest and most general assortment of CLOTHING, ever previously offered for Sale in this market, with a great variety of all other Goods, suitable to the trade.

R. H. would respectfully intimate that as he possess advantages superior to any other in the trade—importing his own Cloths and Trimmings direct, on the most advantageous terms, and having the Clothing made up on his own premises, by the best of workmen, under the immediate inspection of a superior Foreman, Mr. J. McNiegon; he therefore offers his present Stock of Goods, by *Wholesale and Retail*, undoubtedly very much cheaper than similar Goods can be had at any other Establishment of the kind in the City.

The Stock consists of—

Over Coats,—Under Coats,—Vests,—Pants,

in all the various materials now in use, and made up in the most fashionable styles;

A splendid assortment of CLOTHS, comprising Siberian, Hunsley, Mohair, double Mill'd Kersey, Beaver, and Pilot CLOTH, suitable for Coats; Superfine BROAD CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Doeskins, Tweeds, Satinetts, Corduroys, Homespuns, Moleskins, &c

Gents' Furnishing Goods, consisting of—Shirts, Collars, Shirt Fronts, Stocks, Opera Ties, Scarfs, Handkerchiefs, Braces, Umbrellas, Hosiery, Gloves, Mufflers, Trunks, Valises, &c.

HATS, CAPS,

Goodyears' Patent India Rubber Coats, Capes and Leggins, Hats, Gloves.

☞ Gents who would prefer selecting the Cloth, and leaving their orders can have their Garments made up to the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms, and in the most fashionable style.

No second price—all Goods marked in plain Figures.

Oct. 26. R. HUNTER.

FOUNTAIN HOUSE.

THE Subscriber wishes respectfully to inform his friends and the public that in order to provide the travelling community with a large and commodious house of entertainment in this City, he has purchased and fitted up at great expense that large and convenient Hotel, situated on the North side of Kings Square, and known as the FOUNTAIN HOUSE, where he intends to serve the public, and will be able to accomodate a large number of persons with well furnished single bed rooms, good Sitting Rooms, and all other conveniences for the comfort of travellers or permanent boarders. Also—a splendid Barn—none to exceed it in the City, with stalls for forty horses, and a large yard attached, all under cover, whereon sleighs, carriages, and loads of country produce can be driven in free from storms.

The subscriber is thankful to his friends and the public for the liberal manner in which he has been patronised and assures them that strict attention will still be paid to those who favour him with their patronage.

August 10. G. RIX PRICE.

CLOTHING BY WHOLESALE, AT GRANITE HALL,

No. 1 DOCK STREET.

ENGLISH and Domestic Manufacture for Sale at very Low Prices, for Cash or approved payments.

Received by "Liberia"—8 Cases London Made CLOTHING.

Oct. 26. T. R. JONES.

Valuable Farms for Sale.—The Subscriber offers for Sale, Lot No. 6, at Salmon Creek, Johnston Parish, Q. C., containing 100 acres. The lot is most valuable for WOOD of almost every description, including Maple, Birch, Spruce, White Pine, etc. It is situated within a mile and a half of Green's Cove, where a wood-boat may load at any time while the navigation is open. The Post road to Judge Perry's landing runs across the front of the property. Persons wishing to view the place will please apply to Mr Robert Strong, living in the vicinity.

Also, a Lot of Land, containing 200 acres, situated on the English settlement, head of Washademoak Lake, thirty to forty acres of which are cleared, ten acres having been ploughed. It has on it a good Frame Barn, in the vicinity there are Episcopal, Presbyterian, and Methodist Churches, several Schools, a Saw Mill, Grist Mill, Oat Mill, and a Carding Machine.

The post road runs through the property, and it is well timbered. There is a Stream by which a Mill may be driven. There is likewise between fifteen and twenty acres of interval not cleared. Mr. Richard Pearson, on the adjoining property, may be applied to by persons who may desire to see the premises. Apply to W. H. ADAMS, or to

(Sept 28) JOHN HALL, *Saint John.*

Notice to the Public generally.

GAS PIPES AND FITTINGS, AT GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES,

At the Store of JAMES DYALL, Water Street.

LIST of Prices:—1 inch Block Tin Tube, 1s. 9d. per foot; 7-8 do. do. 1s. 6d; 3-4 do. do. 1s. 3d.; 5-8 do. do. 1s; 1-2 do. do. 9d; 3-8 do. do. 6d; 1-4 do. do. 4d;

1 inch Stop COCKS, 16s; 7-8 do. 12s 6d; 3-4 do. 9s.; 5-8 do. 8s 6d; 1-2 do. 4s 7d; 3-8 do. 3s;

1 inch CUPLINGS, 2s 6d; 7-8 do 2s. 6d; 3-4 do. 2s; 5-8 do. 1s. 6d; 1-2 do. 1s. 3d; 3-8 do. 1s; 1-4 do. 9d.

1-2 inch Drop Screw, 9d; 3-8 do 7 1-2d. Work, 1s per hour.

P. S.—Parties wanting New Houses Fitted up, would do well to call at the Subscriber's Shop, next to the Coal Shed, Water Street.

August 31. JAMES DYALL.

TAR, TAR.—91 brls. Wilmington TAR, For Sale at lowest market rates.

G. M. BURNS.

July 20. South Market Wharf

JOHN KINNEAR,

PRINCE WILLIAM STREET,

IS NOW RECEIVING, FOR SALE:—

300 BOXES 7x9, 8x10, 9x12, 10x12, and 10x14 Window GLASS;
100 Rocking and other CHAIRS;
50 boxes CLOTHES PINS;
TUBS, PAILS, and other Wood Ware
12 William CABS, falling Tops.

ALSO—In Warehouse and in Store:—
250 boxes Window GLASS, from 12x16 to 18x24;
100 boxes half white, 10x12, a superior article. Aug. 17.

To Close up Small Lots.

LOT Superior Linnen COATS, only 5s.;
Lot Men's do. do., 3s. 4d.;
Lot Men's Black Alpaca COATS, only 12s. 6d.;
" " Mixed do. do., " 10s. 6d.;
" " Black Russell Cord do., " 11s. 3d.;

GRANITE HALL,

June 1. No. 1 Dock-street

NEW! NEW!!

Received per Steamers, at New Number, 41 King Street, a few Cases new style Hats:—

IN Young ENGLAND'S;
In Young FRANK'S;
In Young AMERICA'S;
In Young RUSSE'S;
In Young AUSTRIA'S.

For Sale at selling off prices.

July 20. LOCKHART & CO.

Fish, Oil, Rice, &c.

Now landing at South Wharf—

250 QUINTALS first quality CODFISH;
100 do. do. POLLOCK;
6 Barrels COD OIL, *good*;

—IN STORE—

80 Qths. large COD; 56 do. do. small;
3 Tierces RICE; 15 boxes No. 1 & 2 Soap;
10 Boxes Mould CANDLES—For sale by

October 5, 1855. JOHN MARVEN.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON Fire and Life Insurance Company.

Established in 1836—Empowered by Special Acts of Parliament.

OFFICES—57, Castle Street, Liverpool; 20 and 21 Poultry, London; 61, King-Street, Manchester 56, Wall Street, New-York; 3, Bridge Street, Sydney; and Elizabeth Street, South Melbourne.

Capital, Two Millions Sterling.

TRUSTEES.

Sir Thomas Bernard Birch, Bart.
Adam Hodgson, Esq.
Samuel Henry Thompson, Esq.

DIRECTORS IN LIVERPOOL.

Thomas Brocklebank, Esq., *Chairman.*
Francis Haywood, Esquire, } *Deputy Chairmen.*
Joseph Christ Ewart, Esq.,

Thomas Booth, Esq.	Harrold Littledale, Esq.
Francis Shand, Esq.	William Lowe, Esq.
William Earle, Esq.	Alex. Macgregor, Esq
George Grant, Esq.	John Marriot, Esq.
Francis A. Hamilton, "	Thomas Seller, Esq.
Thomas Haigh, Esq.	Charles Saunders, Esq.
Robert Higgin, Esq.,	John Swainson, Esq.
James Aspinall Tobin, "	George Holt, Esq.
Geo. Hall Lawrence, "	Hugh Hornby, Esq.

SWINTON BOULT, Esq., *Secretary.*

DIRECTORS IN LONDON:

Matthew Forster, Esquire, *Chairman.*
George Fred. Young, Esq., *Deputy Chairman.*

Edwd. Barnard, Esq.,	R. D. Mangles, Esq, M.P.
W. Brown, Esq., M. P.	Hon. F. Ponsonby,
Sir W. P. DeBatie, Bt.	John Ranking, Esq.,
Wm. Ewart, Esq., M. P.	E. Thomson, Esq.,
Fred. Harrison, Esq.,	S. Boult, Esq., Secretary to the Company.
Donald Lamarch, Esq.,	

Resident Secretary, Benj. Henderson, Esq.,

DIRECTORS IN MANCHESTER:

Samuel Ashton, Esq., *Chairman.*

E. R. Longworthy, Esq.,	Thomas Wrigley, Esq.,
Ewd. Tootal Esq.,	Swinton Boult, Esq., Secretary to the Company.
J. Aspinall Turner, Esq.,	

Resident Secretary, R. A. Kennedy, Esq.

Medical Referee—E. Blackmore, Esq.

Auditors—T. B. Blackbourne, Esq., and Dunle James, Esq., H. B. Cannan, Esq., London.

Capital and Resources—1853—£596,225 14s. 9d.; accumulated funds and capital paid up 1854—£686,724 18s. 3d.

Constitution—Liability of the entire body of shareholders unlimited. All Directors must be proprietors in the Company.

Business—Insurance against loss by fire of every description, both at home and abroad.

SWINTON BOULT, *See'y to the Company.*

The undersigned, as the authorised Agents of above Company, continues to issue the policies of the Company, which will protect the assured from loss by fire upon every description of property usually covered by fire policies.

☞ All losses which may occur under policies, issued at this Agency will be paid *immediately*, on the production of the usual proofs to establish the claim. Apply to either A. Jack, or

May 25. EDWARD ALLISON, *Agent.*

National Loan Fund LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY of London.

EMPOWERED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

Capital, £500,000 sterling.

Exclusive of a Reserved Fund (Surplus Premiums) of £51,000 sterling.

BOARD OF LOCAL DIRECTORS AT ST. JOHN, N. B (Office Nelson street.)

ROBERT F. HAZEN, *Chairman.*

Edward Allison, Esq. William Wright, Esq.
John H. Gray, Esq.

Medical Examiner.—Wm. Bayard, Esq., M. D.

Advantages offered by this Society.

PERFECT SECURITY, arising from a large Capital totally independent of the Premium Fund.

LOANS.—Two-thirds of the Annual Premiums paid, or half the Premiums for the first five years, which half may remain on interest, to be deducted from the amount of the Policy at the death of the insured.

LOW RATES OF PREMIUM.—The rates of Premium are as low as any society of equal standing.

DIVISIONS OF PROFITS.—The Bonus in the Society are declared annually, and each year the Assured has the option of receiving the profits in Cash in reduction of Premium, or in addition to the sum insured.—The Bonus are permanent.

Premiums may be paid Annually, Half-Yearly or Quarterly.

Insurance may be effected for one year, for five years, or for life, with or without participation in the profits of the society.

A liberal allowance for the surrender of policies.

Every information to the Society's Rates of Premium, mode of Insurance, and blank forms of application, may be had at the Office of the subscribers, or of the sub-Agents, who have Pamphlets for gratuitous distribution, and all documents required for effecting Insurance.

CALIFORNIA.—Parties proceeding to California can effect insurance on liberal terms.

SUB-AGENTS FOR NEW BRUNSWICK.

Woodstock: James Robertson, Esq.
Bathurst: Theophilus Deshriesy, Esq.
Chatham: William Carman, junior, Esq.,
Dorchester: Albert J. Smith, Esquire,
Dalhousie: William S. Smith, Esq.
Fredericton: J. Henry Phair, Esq.
Hampton: Samuel Hallett, Esq.
Hopewell: Thomas B. Moore, Esq.
Moncton (the Bend) Bliss Botsford, Esq.
Newcastle: Edward Williston, Esq.
Richibucto: William Bowser, Esq.
St. Andrews: George D. Street, Esq.
St. Stephens: W. T. Rose, Esq.
Shediac and Cocagne: Richard C. Scovil, Esq.

WILLIAM J. STAIR,
February, 1856. *Manager, St. John, N. B*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

VALENTINE & CO'S EXPRESS, will leave ST. JOHN, for PORTLAND and BOSTON every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY, by Steamers *Adelaide* and *Eastern City.*

ANSLEY & TUFFS, AGENTS,
June 15. No. 2 South Market Wharf.

Children's Socks and Stockings.

45 DOZEN Pairs Children's White Cotton SOCKS and STOCKINGS, very superior quality, for sale cheap by

A. A. COUGHLAN.

PURE COD-LIVER OIL & LIME.—A further supply of this Valuable Medicine received by Steamer from Boston. W. O. SMITH.

JOHN KINNEAR, Prince W. Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

SPIKES, NAILS, &c.

Per 'Liberia,' and on hand

60 KEGS 5, 6, 7, and 8 in. SPIKES;
40 kegs Ox and Horse NAILS;
Brandram's White LEAD and Boiled OIL;
2 tons PUTTY, and 50 tons Black PAINT
10 brls. Spirits of TURPENTINE;
Copal and Bright Varnish;
Refined Bees WAX and BORAX, &c.

St. John, June 22, 1855.

CLOSING BUSINESS AT Granite Hall, No. 1, Dock Street.

THE whole Stock of CLOTHING will be sold off at Retail, at cost prices, and will be continued, until the whole Stock is DISPOSED OF.

☞ Parties will now have the opportunity of a choice of SUPERIOR CLOTHING, at an

Immense Sacrifice!

As the whole must and will be cleared.

May 25. THOS R. JONES.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL & PILLS.—Just received a fresh supply and for sale by Jan. 19. FELLOWS & CO.

CRUSHED SUGAR.—12 Barrels, now landing and for sail by JOHN KINNEAR.

July 13.

JOHN KINNEAR,

Prince Wm. street,

Offers for sale the following Goods on hand, in quantities or by retail:

BOXES ARROW ROOT; boxes ground and whole ALLSPICE; ALUM, in lumps; Tartaric Acid; American AXES and Handles; barrels Brimstone; Beeswax; Borax; Button Blue; Paste Blacking; Baskets; Wash Boards; BELLOWS and Brushes;

BLANK BOOKS;

Glass Bottles; Wood and Paper BLINDS;
700 Wood and Cane seat assorted CHAIRS;
750 gross Vial, Common, and Taper CORKS;
Boxes of ground COFFEE; barrels of Copperas
500 lbs. English Cream of Tartar;

CHOCOLATE;

Bed Cords; Bird Cages; Cassia and CLOVES; ground and whole;
Chalk in bulk; Camphor; Glass Decanters;
15 Cwt. Hen and Geese FEATHERS, (of extraordinary)—assorted prices; Envelopes;
Fire Proof PAINT; bags English GLUE;
Barrels and Kegs Root and Ground GINGER;
Window Glass, of various kinds and qualities—almost every size required. Also,
Figured and Coloured GLASS;
Champagne, Show and Jelly Glasses
Assorted sizes bottles of INK; Bbls. Lamp Black;
About 100 Dozen LOOKING GLASSES and Looking Glass Plates;
Black Lead for cleaning Stoves; Fluid and Calcined Magnesia, in glass bottles;
Kegs and Tins of Ground MUSTARD;
GLASS MILK PANS; Door Mats;
Horse, Ox, Boot Sheathing; Wrought and Cut NAILS; 1 barrel Nutmegs;
Barrels Linseed, Lard, Castor, Sea Elephant and Machinery OILS; Sweet Oil, in tin and bottles;
Red and Yellow OCHRE;
1000 Yards FLOOR OIL CLOTH, 1-2 yard to two yards wide; boxes ground Pepper and Pimento;
Barrels SPLIT PEAS;
WHITE, RED, AND GREEN PAINT, in tins and kegs; PUTTY, in bladders;
WRITING PAPERS;
250 different patterns PAPER HANGINGS;
Boxes Raisins; Cooking do; Bags SENNA;
Washing, Carbonite, and Baking SODA;
Patent and Blue Starch; Sulphur and Saltpetre
Casks Epsom SALTS; kegs Saleratus;
Sago and Snuff; Brown SUGAR; Carraway Seed
SOAP; Bags Shot; bales TWINE;

CHESTS TEA;

Barrels Turpentine, (spirits); Copal and Bright Varnish; 4 cwt. Blue Vitriol;
15 tons WHITING, in barrels and casks;
Wine Glasses in Crates, and barrels ground Red Wood. Feb. 9.

NEW HORSE SHOEING AND GENERAL BLACKSMITH ESTABLISHMENT

JAMES SCRYMGEOUR—beg leave to state to the Public of New-Brunswick that he has commenced Business on his own account next to the Golden Ball corner where he is prepared to execute all work in his line in a scientific and approved system.

MR. SCRYMGEOUR having served under the celebrated Professor Dick and been taught the business of SHOEING in the most scientific manner and with all the modern improvements, he conceives himself fully master of his trade, and above making any attempt to imitate or adopt any other persons' system. The method pursued by Mr. Scrymgeour is calculated when horses have been injured in their feet by bad shoeing, to remedy the evil, and restore them again to perfect usefulness.

The subscriber respectfully solicit a call from the public, as he feels assured of giving ample satisfaction.

St. John, June 29, 1855.

Sunbury Cotton and Woollen

FACTORY.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the inhabitants of this Province, that at a vast expense he has established an extensive POWER LOOM WEAVING ESTABLISHMENT, for the manufacture of COTTON AND WOOLLEN CLOTHS, suitable for Domestic Wear.

To parties furnishing the Woollen Yarn, white warp and weaving, twilled or plain, 7d pr yard.

Blue warp and weaving, twilled, plain or satinett, 8d pr yard.

Ladies' Plaid Dresses, made to pattern, with warp and weaving, 9d pr yard.

If ALL WOOL, twilled or plain, 50 yards and upwards, 4d pr yard. If under 50 yards, 4d 1-2d. Plaided ditto, 5d 1-2.

AGENTS.

Seeley & Beckwith, *Oromocto;*
J. & J. Hegan, *Saint John;*
Lauchlen McLean, *Fredericton;*
M. Muldoon, *Nerepis;*
George Kingston, South Branch Oromocto;
John Watson, *Run Gunnish.*

JOSEPH KINGSTON,
ROCKWELL FACTORY—NEAR THE OROMOCTO.

October, 1855.

THE HORSE, In Health and Disease.

THE Subscriber begs to intimate to his friends and the Public generally that he is prepared to give his entire attention to all matters relating to the Purchase, Sale, and Treatment in Disease, of Horses entrusted to his charge. He does not arrogate to himself (as others have done) the *sole* right and qualification to give advice and administer Medicines in Veterinary cases, but simply refers to his many years experience and to the multitude of successful cases which have been confided to his care by the leading men of St. John and its vicinity.

ROLAND BUNTING, VETERINARIAN.

☞ Office at H. Austin's Livery Stable, King's Square. Residence, St. George's Street, near the Centenary Chapel. August 17.

One Thousand Stoves.

E. STEPHEN has on hand at his STOVE WARE house, Water street, upwards of One Thousand STOVES, of all sizes, and almost of every possible description, which he offers at prices as low or lower than can be had at any Stoveshop in the city. No doubt it is the best and most extensive assortment of Stoves for Retail to be found in any Warehouse within a circle of 500 miles.

October 5. 1m.

Just Opened.

A Few cases of Black and Drab FELT HATS, of all the various styles and fashions of the season. Know Nothings, and Know Everything Hats; Young America, England, Russia, and Blueness Hats; Inkerman, Alma, and Balaclava, &c., &c. The remainder of our Panama and Leghorn Hats will be disposed of at reduced prices.

Summer CAPS, of various styles and qualities.

C. D. EVERETT & SON.

August 3. 15, King-street.

Hams, Tea, Apples, &c.

JUST Received—1 ton superior smoked HAMS; 40 bbls Apples; 2 Bales Cotton WARP; 25 Chests TEA; 20 boxes SOAP; 20 do. GLASS; 1 ton Redwood; 1 do. Logwood; 1 do. Fustic—for sale by G. M. BURNS,

May 18. South Market Wharf.

Stone Butter Crocks and Jars,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

LANDING ex ship Imperial—5000 CREAM CROCKS, ass'd sizes;
4000 JARS, 1, 2, 3, 4 Gals.;
2000 BUTTER CROCKS.

For Sale at Lowest Rates.

FRANCIS CLEMENTSON,

August 24. 10 Dock-street.

English Looking Glass Plates.

FOUR THOUSAND PLATES of the following sizes—4 1-2 Inches by 6 1-2. Five Inches by Seven. 5 Inches by 8 1-2. Eight Inches by 10. 12 Inches by 18 Inches, 12 by 20, and 20 by 24 Inches—For sale at low prices if taken to sell again. JOHN KINNEAR,

September 14. Prince William Street

New-Brunswick Branch OF THE ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000 STERLING.

TRUSTEES.

John Shaw Leigh, and R. B. H. Blundell, Esqrs

Directors, &c., in Liverpool.

Charles Turner, Esq., Chairman.—John Campbell, Esq., and J. Bramley Moore, Esq., Deputy Chairmen.

George Armstrong, Esq.	Edward Johnston Esq.
Ralph Brocklebank, Esq.	Roger Lyon Jones, Esq.
Michael Bousfield, Esq.	James Lawrence, Esq.
David Cannon, Esq.	Francis Maxwell, Esq.
William Claxton, Esq.	George Maxwell, Esq.
Thomas Boyer, Esq.,	Robert M'Andrew, Esq.
Richd. Harbord, Esq.	Ed. Molyneux, Esq.
R. Brodhurst Hill, Esq.	Henry Moore, Esq.
Thos. D. Rowley, Esq.	William Smith, Esq.
John Chas. Jack, Esq.	John Torr, Esq.

Manager and Actuary—Percy M. Dove, Esq

Directors, &c., in London.

Samuel Baker, Esq.	Edw. Mackmurdo, Esq
Robert B. Byass, Esq.	Daniel H. Rucker, Esq
Richard C. Coles, Esq.	Wm. Wainwright, Esq

John Westmorland, Esq.

The Subscriber having been appointed Agent to the above Company for New-Brunswick, begs to announce that he is prepared to receive Proposals for FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE. The large Capital of the Company, and the number and influence of its Proprietors, enable it to rank with the most eligible Offices, either in America or Europe, with respect to the advantages offered to the Public.

FIRE BRANCH.

Persons Assured by this Company are not subject to any covenants or calls to make good losses which may happen to themselves or other, nor do they depend on any uncertain fund or contribution, the Capital Stock of this Company, being an unquestionable security to the Assured in case of Loss or Damage by Fire.

LIFE BRANCH.

In addition to the more customary methods of Insurance, the Company likewise Assures Lives on any of the following contingencies:—

For the terms of One Year, Seven Years, or any other definite period.

For the whole continuance of Life—The Premiums to cease, after a limited number of Annual Payments.

For Two Joint Lives.—The sum assured to be paid on the death of either.

On the longest of Two or Three Lives.—The sum assured to be payable at the death of the last survivor; or,

The Survivorships.—To secure the payment of the sum assured, if a life A die before another life B.

For a sum to be payable at age 60, or at death.

Premiums on Credit.—A portion of the Premiums on Credit. Assurances may be effected in various ways, not enumerated, to meet the convenience of parties.

The important advantages afforded by the Company in the Life Branch will include the following, viz:—

The Guarantee of an ample Capital, and Exemption of the Assured from liability of Partnership.

Moderate Premiums.

Large Participation of Profits by the Assured amounting to Two-thirds of its net amount, which may be applied at the option of the party effecting the Assurance:—1st. By the immediate payment of the sum so apportioned.—2nd. By an equivalent increase of the sum assured.

Small Charge for Management.—The expenses of the Office being borne in due proportion by the two Branches.

Prompt Settlement of Claims.

Policies lapsed by non-payment of the Premium may be renewed within three months, by paying the premium, with a fine of 10s per cent., on the production of evidence to the satisfaction of the Directors of the good health of the life assured.

The Company will always be prepared to Purchase the Policies of this Office at their equitable value or will grant a New Policy in lieu thereo without any further payment of Premium, for a sum to be agreed on.

Extra Premiums, suitable to special circumstances, will be accepted to enable a party possessing a Policy on the life of another to guard against the possibility of its being vitiated by the Life departing beyond limits, or by any other cause.

Thirty Days are allowed for the Payment of Premiums after the day on which they respectively

Additional Advantages offered to Lives Assured with this Company at St. John, N. B.

I.—RESIDENCE.—Persons assured for the whole term of life will have permission, without the payment of extra Premium, to reside in any part of Europe, or in any place in North America to the north of 33 degrees of North Latitude, but not to the westward of the Mississippi River.

II. VOYAGES.—They will also, if not seafaring by profession, be allowed, without any extra charge—

To cross and re-cross the Atlantic Ocean, in steamers or first class sailing-vessels;

To pass from any part of Europe to any other, or from any part of North America to another within the limits above specified; also,

To pass to and from, but not to reside in any place which shall not be further south than 33 degrees of North Latitude, but not to the westward of the Mississippi River.

☞ *Office, in Wiggins' new Brick Building, Princess Street, immediately above the Office of the Electric Telegraph Company, and nearly opposite the General Post Office, St. John.*

JAMES J. KAYE, *Agent.*

January 2nd, 1852.

TO BUILDERS and others.

JOHN KINNEAR, Prince WILLIAM STREET, has on hand for Sale—

Sheet and Crown English and German WINDOW GLASS of every size, from 6x8 40x50;
English Polished PLATE GLASS, 1-8 to 3-8 thick, from 8x10 to 30x40;
English Rough PLATE GLASS, 16x21 to 16x30;
English Diamond GLASS, 6x8 to 10x12.

—ALSO—

Wrought and Cut NAILS, assorted sizes;
Red, Yellow, and Green OCHRES;
White and Coloured PAINTS;
Raw and Boiled Linseed OILS;
PUTTY, in bladders and Casks;
PAINT BRUSHES;
WHITING, in Barrels and Casks;
Spirit of TURPENTINE and VARNISH.

☞ Parties wanting Glass *cut* when a purchase is made can have it done. *March* 17.

Milk Pans and Butter Crocks.

In Store and to arrive—

300 DOZEN MILK PANS;
1000 BUTTER CROCKS;
1500 Covered STEW POTS;
1500 Jars.
100 Crates assorted EARTHENWARE packed suitable for the Country Trade.
600 Boxes WINDOW GLASS, (assorted sizes)

The above are offered at the present Market rates, Wholesale and Retail.

No. 10, Dock-Street.

March 23. FRAS. CLEMENTSON.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

F. CLEMENTSON has received his first Spring Importations, consisting of those Goods which are particularly required by the Wholesale purchaser for the country trade, and including his Stock in Store, makes the best and largest assortment ever imported into this City. Merchants have now the opportunity of selecting any description of Goods they may require, and which are offered on the most liberal terms.

April 24. 10, Dock-street.

HOLLOWAYS PILLS AND OINTMENT.—Robert's Poor Man's Friend; do. anti Scorbutic Pills; Morrison's Pills; Locock's Pulmonic Wafers; Cockle's Antibilious Pills; and many other English Remedies. Sold by

Feb. 18 FELLOWS & CO

PAPER HANGINGS. More new Patterns of PAPER HANGINGS, just received at the new Paper Store—4000 Rolls, all good patterns, now open. For sale low by

GEORGE NIXON

COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE.

PETER C. JONES, No. , Water st., Corner of Devonshire, Boston, has on hand and for Sale, a large assortment of Paper Stock as below.

WRITING PAPERS.

Blue and White Letter, Plain and Ruled.
" Cap, "
" Flat Cap, "
" Flat Cap,
" Note Papers,
" Bath Post,
" Demy and Medium,
" Folio,
" Packet and Commercial Post,
Plain and Ruled.

The above are from the best Manufacturers, and are offered at the lowest prices.

ENGLISH PAPERS.—Blue and Cream Laid and Wove Letter, Plain and Ruled; Blue and Cream Laid and Wove Foolscap; Blue and Cream Laid and Wove Folio Post; Blue and Cream Laid and Wove Note Papers.

Tissue Papers of various colors.

FRENCH PAPERS.—Blue and White Letter, Plain and Ruled—Blue and White Folio Post—Blue and White Note Papers.

HARDWARE & CLOTH PAPERS.

16 by 21,	21 by 26,	21 by 30,	22 by 32,
24 by 34,	24 by 38,	25 by 38,	36 by 36,
36 by 40,	40 by 46.		

And any other size made to order at short notice

MANILLA PAPERS.

14 by 20,	15 by 20,	16 by 21,	19 by 24,
21 by 26,	24 by 36,	25 by 38,	36 by 36,
36 by 40,	40 by 46.		

Wrapping Papers.

Single and Double Cap Rag and Straw,
" Crown Rag and Straw,
White and Colored Sugar and Tea Papers.

BALING PAPERS.

26 by 36, 36 by 36, 36 by 40, 40 by 60.

And any other size made to order at short notice.

Colored Papers, of all Colors, Glazed and Unglazed, White and Colored Blotting and Filtering Papers, Log, Envelop, and Post Office Papers

PRESS PAPERS.

For Clothiers, Printers and Manufacturers, furnished at manufacturers' prices, of any size required.

Bonnet Papers, Binders', Trunk and Bandbox Boards, Envelopes, of all sizes and kinds, English American and French.

P. C. JONES is Agent for Smith & Peters' Celebrated Enamelled cards, and has constantly on hand a large assortment of the various qualities, both Sheets and Cut Cards.

He is also Agent for Fisk's Boston Playing Cards, *which are considered to be the best manufactured in the United States*; and Fisk's Marble and Box Papers, a variety of patterns constantly on hand, at prices lower than the same article can be furnished for elsewhere.

Dry and Tarred Sheating for Ships and Houses

Printing and Book Paper,

Of all sizes, on hand and made to order.

Cash paid for RAGS.

June 29.

M. N. POWERS, Undertaker, &c.

Fourth Door North Trinity Church, Germain-st

ST. JOHN, N. B.

WOULD inform the public that he has purchased that beautiful and much admired Gothic Hearse from the Messrs. Lawrence, which he will furnish to parties requiring the same, with a careful driver.

He likewise attends to Funerals and furnishes every article in the above line in a superior style, and at prices more moderate than any other establishment in this City.

☞ Orders from the Country attended to with care at the shortest notice.

FURNITURE.

M. N. P. will make to order all descriptions of MAHOGANY, WALNUT, BUTTERNUT, and PINE FURNITURE, at short notice, of superior material and workmanship. Prices moderate.

☞ Every description of Upholstery, Curtains, Carpets, &