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JAPANESE DESTROY A RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP

Report of Fierce Engagement Between Fleets Outside Harbor of Port Arthur on March 18th--Rapidly of the Advance in Korea Has Surprised the Russians.

London, March 22.—A number of rumors are printed in the newspapers this morning, but they must be taken with great reserve. The Daily Telegraph's Tokio correspondent cables a newspaper report of the Japanese occupation of Port Arthur after a command land and sea attack Saturday and Sunday. It is asserted that a division of Japanese landed on the Liao Tung peninsula on Saturday and engaged the Russians near Port Arthur, while the fleet bombarded from Saturday evening until Sunday morning. The same correspondent reports a sharp encounter at Chyong, on the Yalu river, about 30 miles north-east of Wiju, in which the Russians lost 600 in killed and wounded.

large scale will take place, if it can possibly be avoided, until the Russians feel morally certain that they can deal the enemy a crushing blow. Ito Decorated. Seoul, March 21.—Marquis Ito has been decorated with the order of the Plum Blossom, usually given only to royalty. United States Minister Allan and Japanese Minister Hayashi have received decorations of the first class of Pal Kuk. Minister Allan's decoration was conferred in recognition of his valuable counsel and long intimacy with the Emperor. Marquis Ito has urged the gradual adoption of Korean reform measures, thus avoiding the confusion due to the precipitate measures of 1895.

“what excesses Japan may go to in violating international law. The obligations assumed by her, the feeling of solidarity among the nations and the defence of the fundamental principles of humanity must compel the world, if not to-day, then to-morrow, to say to Japan: ‘This far and no farther.’” The editorial concludes with expressing the hope that Russia's protest will make an impression on the other powers.

JAPS DID IT AGAIN.

Bombardment of Port Arthur by the Fleet—Movements of Soldiers in Korea.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The Emperor has received the following telegram from Alexieff: “Lieut-General Stoessel reports that at midnight of March 21st the Japanese torpedo boats were discovered by our searchlights. Our gunboats and fort batteries opened fire upon them, the firing lasting 20 minutes. At 6:30 in the morning four of the enemy's ships appeared from the south, followed by the whole squadron of eleven ships at 9 o'clock in the morning. A squadron left the roadstead to meet the enemy. At 9 o'clock the enemy's battleships opened fire on Liao Tshin, after which they took up a position behind the rocky eminence of Liao Tshin, and bombarded Port Arthur.”

IS IT TRUE?

Warships From Vladivostok Are Now Said to Have Reached Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The authorities are skeptical in regard to the report that a Japanese squadron has been sighted off the Port of Newchwang. There is confirmation here of the report, purporting to come from London, that the Vladivostok squadron has reached Port Arthur.

THE MANDUJR.

Russian Gunboat Is Still Lying at Shanghai.

San Francisco, March 22.—Officers of the Coptic, just arrived, saw the Russian gunboat Mandjur lying in the river at Shanghai and report that her commander is Capt. Carter, born in the United States, but a Russian by naturalization. When ordered to leave Chinese waters, Capt. Carter emphatically refused and invited somebody to make him move. At last accounts he was still at Shanghai with his boat. A Japanese battleship and a cruiser flying the same flag passed out of the river while the Coptic was at Shanghai.

JAPS IN SIBERIA.

No Arrangement Suggested to Enable Them to Return Home.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—United States Ambassador McCormick has not been instructed by the state department, at the request of M. Takahara, the Japanese minister at Washington, to ask the Russian government what facilities will be afforded the 40,000 Japanese in Siberia to return to Japan. According to information received here, comparatively few Japanese are now in Siberia. Most of them left there just previous to or after the outbreak of the war. The United States embassy, which is charged with safeguarding Japanese interests, has thus far only responded to appeals of a score of Japanese coming from Siberia through European Russia. The last batch of twelve from Irkutsk was sent to Berlin on Saturday. Not one of them has been molested, but it is considered safer that the Japanese be passed beyond the region of possible danger. No appeals have been received from the few Japanese residing in St. Petersburg and other cities of European Russia.

NOT YET RECEIVED.

Protest Has Not Reached the Japanese Government.

Tokio, March 22.—The Japanese government denies the Paris report that France, acting on behalf of Russia, has protested to the Japanese government on account of the bombardment of the quarantine station on the Shan Chan Tao islands on March 10th. No protest on the subject has reached the Tokio government.

RUSSIA'S PROTEST.

Alleges That Japan Bombarded Quarantine Hospital on Islands Opposite Dally.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The Russian editorial to-day on Russia's new protest against the violation of the Hague convention in bombarding the quarantine hospitals on the Shan Chan Tao islands (opposite Port Dally), declared Japan cannot meet the charge by pleading ignorance of the character of the buildings or the islands, as the bombardment of unfortified towns and buildings is forbidden by the same convention, and adds that Japan's act was a flouting of all the most solemn treaties.

“Who knows,” continues the Russ,

patrol opened fire, but our dispatch riders escaped unhurt. “According to a report 3,000 of the enemy's cavalry occupied Yong Puen, March 19th. Material for pontoon bridges has been placed in readiness north and south of Anju.” The Russians are continuing preparations for a prospective siege of Port Arthur by using large quantities of supplies to that point. As many as 40 camels loaded with barley, chickens and other foods arrive there daily. Europeans Killed. London, March 22.—The Tokio correspondent of the Times says it is rumored that the Korean government yesterday decided to open Yonampo to foreign trade. News from Newchwang that a south wind is blowing from the sea, and the imminence of effective action, which, it is predicted, will at least reveal the carefully laid plan of campaign. So far as known, the Japanese accomplished nothing yesterday. On the other hand, the Russians had better luck, a shell from the battleship Retzivan, which was firing over the hill, landed on one of the Japanese battleships. Of course it is admitted that these reports are trying to the garrison. Vice-Admiral Makaroff, the naval commander at Port Arthur, is being commended for his self-restraint in not risking his ships in an engagement with the enemy. A prominent Russian admiral explained to the correspondent of the Associated Press how absolutely essential conservatism on the part of the Russian naval commander at Port Arthur was at present. He said: “If Admiral Makaroff, whose disposition would be to go out and meet the enemy, should give battle upon the approach of the Russian fleet, his victory would be fruitless, as necessarily it would be purchased by some injuries to ships and our lack of adequate docking facilities at Port Arthur would render it impossible to refit them, whereas the Japanese have ample docks in which to repair their vessels.” The feeling here is that the Japanese tactics are preliminary to a landing on the peninsula in an attempt to cut off Port Arthur, simultaneously with a general bombardment and commencement of a siege. For this the Russians declare they are fully prepared. During the last few days a general shutting down upon newspaper telegrams from the Far East has been noticeable. This is owing to the increased precautions to prevent the enemy from gaining news of the movements of Russian troops.

BUSY ON LAND.

Advance of Japanese Has Been More Rapid Than Russians Expected.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—Admiral Togo's activity at Port Arthur is being envied by the commander of the Japanese forces in Korea. The advance of the Japanese shows that they are losing no time, and that they are more rapid than the Russians expected. Nevertheless, the fortification of Anju shows the Japanese operations are accompanied by all proper military precautions. So far as the Russians are concerned they have no intention of attacking Anju, but the presence of the five thousand or six thousand cavalry men under General Mitshchenko will be to harass and retard the Japanese in every way possible. The authorities here believe that it will be only a matter of a short time when active land operations will begin.

JAPS AT PING YANG.

Numbers Are Arriving at That Point—Correspondents Return to Seoul.

Washington, March 22.—The only direct information touching the progress of the war in the Far East that has reached the United States state department within the last three days came to-day in the following cablegram from United States Minister Allan, dated Seoul, to-day: “Japanese forces stopped a special caravan en route to the mines on this side of Anju. Miners on this side are not allowed to proceed to the mines. The newspaper correspondents have been sent to Seoul from the north. The censorship is very strict. Japanese forces are arriving at Ping Yang after a fortnight of marching.”

THE MKADDO'S CAVALRY.

Reports to St. Petersburg Says They Cannot Keep in Touch With Russians.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—4:35 p. m.—According to the government's reports, the Japanese cavalry seen north of Anju, Korea, this week, cannot keep in touch with the Russians. The military organ says the occupation of Anju, lying at the juncture of the best roads leading to Wiju, Seoul, Gensan and Kirin, afford a strong position as a screen to the movement of troops from Ping Yang, but much of this natural advantage has been lost by lack on the part of the Japanese of mounted skirmishers.

BUILDING FORTIFICATIONS.

Russians Preparing to Resist Japanese Attempt to Land on Liao Tung Peninsula.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—The correspondent of the Novl Kral, of Port Arthur, writes that he saw crowds of Chinese coolies throwing up earthworks

on the morning, impregnable heights at Ho Chon, north of Port Dally, showing that the Russians are determined to resist the Japanese attempt to land on the neck of the Liao Tung peninsula. The correspondent adds that the Chinese officials, who had invariably made official calls on the occasion of the Russian and Chinese New Year, failed to do so this year, believing that the Japanese are going to drive out the Russians. But they take a different view now on account of the failure of the Japanese to rush things, as evidenced by the fact that all the native pack drivers are carrying Russian flags.

SOLD INFORMATION.

Capt. Irkoff, Reported to Have Been Shot, Is in Prison.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—The statement that Capt. Irkoff, of the Manchuria commissariat service, was recently summarily court-martialed and shot as a spy is incorrect. The war office discovered that he had sold information in connection with the quartermaster's department to Lieut-Col. Akasaki, who was military attaché of the Japanese legation here, and he was dismissed from the army. He has now been arrested, and is awaiting trial. It is officially announced that the information he sold was of great importance.

THE CHEMULPO FIGHT.

French Official Report Says United States Commander Did Not Join in Protest.

Paris, March 23.—The foreign office here has received details of the bombardment of Port Arthur on March 21st and 22nd, similar to the St. Petersburg official report, and also a mail report of the Chemulpo engagement, detailing the actions of the foreign commanders and the non-participation of the commander of the United States gunboat Vicksburg in the protest against the attack on the Varing and Korietz.

WILL HOLD KOREA.

Japan's Preparations Are Being Pushed Forward—Advice to Government.

London, March 23.—The Seoul correspondent of the Times says that with depressing precipitancy in administrative construction Japan recommends that Korea shall gradually eliminate foreign advisers of the government and appoint no more to the present. Many of the foreigners, who are mostly French, occupy advisory positions with emoluments aggregating \$100,000 annually, and half of these posts are absolute sinecures. The Japanese are displaying great vigor in the construction of a light railway to Ping Yang and other strategic projects, according to the correspondent, who says that as an evidence of her plans, Japan is preparing for the possibility of military reverses in Manchuria, of the Japanese showing that they are losing no time, and that they are more rapid than the Russians expected. Nevertheless, the fortification of Anju shows the Japanese operations are accompanied by all proper military precautions.

REITENTEN'S TASK.

Ordered to Capture Japanese Battleship and Two Cruisers and Take Them to Vladivostok.

Paris, March 23.—The Echo de Paris correspondent at St. Petersburg says it is rumored in naval circles there that Captain Reitenten's Vladivostok squadron has been ordered to undertake at a certain port in the Pacific, the battleship and two cruisers bought from Chili by Japan and to return with them to Vladivostok. The correspondent says it is also rumored that Emperor William of Germany has refused to accept three cruisers built at Kiel and Stettin, on the ground that they did not conform to the terms of the contract, and that Russia is negotiating for their purchase. The Russian general staff, the correspondent says, estimates that the number of Japanese troops landed in Korea does not exceed 75,000.

ALLEGED SPY.

Committee of Japanese Representatives to Investigate Charge Against Member of Parliament.

Tokio, March 23.—The House of Representatives to-day appointed a committee of eighteen members to investigate the charge that Teisunke Aki Yama, a member of the parliament, is in the employ of the Russian government. Aki Yama is the publisher of the Nirokushiton, a Tokio paper, which has been bitterly assailing the government, particularly upon its financial policy. It has also charged the government with having forced capitalists to subscribe to the war bonds recently issued, and has predicted that a second loan will prove a failure. A local prosecution resulted in a decision yesterday ordering the permanent suspension of the publication and the imprisonment of the signatory for four months. The case was subsequently appealed, and both Aki Yama and his friends vigorously denied the charge that he is a spy. The hearing

before the committee and the discussion of the case in the House promises to be exceedingly bitter.

ANOTHER CONFLICT.

Japan Killed in Brush Between Opposing Outposts.

Seoul, March 23.—A brush between the opposing forces has occurred at the outposts north of Anju. One Japanese was killed.

NOVEL CONFISCATED.

It Deals With German Military Matters and Proceedings May Be Taken Against Author.

Berlin, March 23.—“First Class Men,” a military novel on the pattern of Lieut. Spieser's book, “A Little Garrison,” which related instances of the abuse of officers, was confiscated in the Berlin bookstores to-day. It is supposed that proceedings will immediately be initiated against the author of the book, Count Wolff Baudis.

The Socialists in the Reichstag recently taunted the minister of war with inactivity in this case, saying that every child in Berlin knew that the book referred to the elite Fusilier Guards regiment, the officers of which are depicted as immoral, corrupt, and despicable.

Some doubts are expressed regarding the wisdom of the action taken to-day as the book is described as coarse and clumsy, full of exaggerations, without the slightest literary pretensions, and consequently not worth notice. It is supposed that Count Baudis will try to establish the truthfulness of his charges, in which event the case will doubtless surpass Lieut. Reyson's book in public interest, since the Fusilier Guards are quartered in Berlin, while the scandal alleged in “A Little Garrison” took place in a frontier town.

TWO TRAGEDIES.

Man Killed His Wife and Daughter and Committed Suicide—Murder by Negro Janitor.

El Paso, Texas, March 23.—Because his wife, from whom he obtained a divorce a week ago, refused to remarry him or permit him to take their children to St. Louis, where he had secured employment, Max Vandervelt yesterday shot and killed her and their daughter, Cora, aged five years, mortally wounding another daughter, Eleanor, and then blew out his own brains.

Instantly Killed.

Boston, Mass., March 23.—Emanuel E. Barnett, a negro janitor, shot and killed his wife Mattie, aged 23, to-day. Barnett left his wife at home during the night and requested her to remain until she returned. She disobeyed him and he found her at a friend's house. He called her to the doorstep and fired five bullets from a revolver, which killed her instantly. The janitor was arrested.

MINISTERS MAY RESIGN.

Opinion Prevails in Paris That French Cabinet Will Shortly Give Up Reins.

Paris, March 23.—The belief steadily grows that the Cambon ministry may not be able to weather the recent minor reverses, and it is even said in high quarters that a culmination of the crisis is likely to come next Friday, with the retirement of Marine Minister Pelltan, and probably all the members of the present ministry.

The naval inquiry committee is expected to make its report on Friday, and this probably will bring on an issue in which the strength of M. Pelltan and the ministry will be tested. President Loubet is said to be prepared to invite M. Millerand or M. Doumer to form a new ministry in the event of the fall of the old cabinet.

The belief continues that M. Delcasse will retain the portfolio of foreign affairs if the ministry is reconstructed.

THE LITHOGRAPHERS.

Nearly Ten Thousand Men Reported to Be Locked Out.

New York, March 23.—It is asserted by President Pritchard, of the Lithographers International Protective and Beneficial Association, that fifteen large firms throughout the country have decided to employ members of his association, and end the lockout in their plants. There are nearly 10,000 workmen locked out in various parts of the country on account of the refusal to sign the employers' arbitration agreement.

POLE VAULTING.

Stanford Athlete Crossed Bar at Twelve Feet and Three-Quarters of an Inch.

Stanford University, Cal., March 23.—Norman Dole, a Stanford track athlete, yesterday broke the world's amateur record for the pole vault, crossing the bar at twelve feet and three-quarter inches, and one-one-hundredth inches above the world's record now held by R. G. Clapp, of Yale. As the record was not made in a regular inter-collegiate meet it cannot be recorded.

THE ST. LOUIS FAIR.

St. Louis, Mo., March 23.—The organization of the St. Louis fair has been completed, and the officials to reduce the price of admission one half after 6 o'clock during the exhibition period.

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NOTICE. is given hereby that 60 days after shall apply to the Chief Commis- Lands and Works for permission use 40 acres of land, more or less, about three miles south-west of B. C., and described as follows: ing at a post on the northwest the Indian Reserve No. 3 (Tweed), north 29 chains, thence east 29 hence south 29 chains, following ridings of the Bulkley river, west 29 chains to point of com- JANE HILL, B. C., February 17th, 1904.

IS NOW REPORTED AT VLADIVOSTOCK PRIVATE MESSAGE SAYS SQUADRON IS IN HARBOR

Japan Will Probably Land Her Main Army at Newchwang—Hold Strong Positions.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—No further dispatches, official or otherwise, arrived here from Port Arthur up to this morning. The officials have come to the conclusion that the bombardment of the Japanese fleet on the night of March 21st and the morning of March 22nd, failed to cause any damage considered worthy to be reported to the Emperor. In consequence considerable satisfaction at the continued fruitlessness of the Japanese assaults on Port Arthur prevail in high circles.

According to private advice from Vladivostok the Russian squadron is still there. Private telegrams received at the admiralty here say that immediately following the Port Arthur bombardment on Tuesday the Japanese again spread reports among the Chinese that the Russians had abandoned the town. The dispatch of troops to the Far East is proceeding with increased vigor. A rifle battalion left St. Petersburg yesterday and three others will follow this week, the largest contingent going from the Moscow district. The Grand Duke Sergius, the governor-general of Moscow, and brother-in-law of His Majesty, came to St. Petersburg especially to discuss with the Emperor the question of replacing the men drafted away. They conferred on the subject at the Winter Palace. The young Empress and the Grand Duchess Sergius, her sister, took a long drive in the streets yesterday afternoon. The crowds enthusiastically cheered the august sisters. The Emperor has decided not to go to Moscow. He will remain at the Winter Palace until the end of April. The Emperor then will go to the Sarkoye Selo, where His Majesty may stop all summer owing to the war.

The Emperor received the rector of the university and three students representing the student corporation, who presented His Majesty with a loyal address. The Emperor expressed his sincere thanks. This was the first time students had been granted an audience by the Emperor Nicholas.

The reports printed in Europe and the United States to the effect that a state of siege had been proclaimed in Siberia and at Saratoff provinces in Southeastern Russia through which the Siberian railroad runs, will be extended to the whole of European Russia, is officially declared to be absolutely false. No such measure has even been contemplated, it being considered quite unnecessary. The authorities express the greatest satisfaction with the internal situation of the Empire.

Two belated press dispatches, dated Mukden, March 22nd, have been received. They refer briefly to the last bombardment of Port Arthur, but shed no new light on the result of the combat. The Yovost holds that the failure of this bombardment, despite the disposition of the enemy's ships from the fruitless attacks of March 9th, confirms the opinion of the inability of the Japanese to effectively conduct war.

Japanese in Korea. London, March 24.—The stringent Japanese censorship is likely to be relaxed early in April, says the writer in the Daily Telegraph's Seoul correspondent. This coincides with the indications of imminence of land operations. In the meantime, however, has not been lifted, and not a word has yet been said either officially from Japan or unofficially from any other source, concerning the last bombardment of Port Arthur.

The Daily Mail's Chief correspondent comments on a report that United States Consul Fowler at Chefoo has received news of a native anti-rail riot at Chong An Chow, where the Germans were massacred in 1898, as giving Germany a pretext to safeguard her interests in the province of Shan Tung.

The Times this morning publishes an opinion of a correspondent that Japan will land her main army at Newchwang, and that she also probably will seize Hai Cheng, fifteen miles eastward and on the railroad, as an additional base, and that, without seriously attacking either Port Arthur or Vladivostok, the war will be fought out on the plains of Central Manchuria. It is almost certain, in the correspondent's opinion, that the war will be a long one and that at the worst Japan will retain a way to retreat overland into Korea. If she secures Newchwang, her prestige will be established, and he adds that the waterways of Southern Manchuria will be of inestimable value in somewhat counterbalancing the weakness of Japan in her cavalry.

A series of messages, dated between March 10th and March 17th, sent by a correspondent of the Daily Mail at Chinnampo, Korea, describe the perfect organization and arrangements for Japanese in Korea. Elaborate preparations have been made for landing troops and advancing them through the country and pontoon bridges and stables are built wherever they are found to be necessary. The greatest difficulty facing the Japanese is the commissariat, as, owing to the poor food supplies of Korea, it is only possible at present to maintain 90,000 men.

The Japanese hold two enormously strong positions, at Ping Yang and on the Miok-San range, between Hwang Ju and Seoul. The latter, the correspondent says, is probably impregnable and secures Seoul from land attacks from the northwest.

In the event of defeat it is intended to hold the passes at Kazan, thus protecting the Ping Yang valley. The Japanese troops are suffering from dysentery and pneumonia, and many of the cavalry horses, which the correspondent says are poor, have died, but the army is full of spirit.

There are probably 20,000 Japanese at Ping Yang, which town the correspondent points out might easily have been taken when the Russian scouts first arrived, there having been only 250 Japanese soldiers there at the time. The Russians intended to make Anju their base, but owing to the delay in the arrival of reinforcements they were afraid they would be cut off and so retreated. Meanwhile the Japanese advanced to Ping Yang by forced marches, the troops being almost without equipment.

According to this correspondent the Russians are preparing to prevent the Japanese landing at Pakchon, twenty miles west of Anju, and he says the Japanese sailors admit that Port Arthur is so protected by mines and torpedoes that it would mean death to approach it. Cavalry Patrols. Tokyo, March 24.—Semi-official reports received here state the Russians hold Kasan with a force of infantry whose numbers are estimated at 200. They also extend across the territory to advanced to Wiju, holding the territory with cavalry patrols.

AWAITING COMMANDER. Russian Troops Thirsting to Take Revenge on the Japanese. Liao Yang, Manchuria, March 24.—General Ma has transferred his headquarters to the Ung Cho, and his troops have been withdrawn westward of the Sin Mia Tung railroad.

It is reported that the Japanese propose to land troops at Cassia, north of Shan Hai Kwan. There are numerous Japanese spies at Shan Hai Kwan and elsewhere, on the railroad to Yin Kow. A detachment of Gen. Mischchenko's troops remains in North Korea reconnoitering. A party is always watching Anju, but the Russians have not endeavored any Japanese desert to the last few days.

On the arrival of Gen. Kouropatkin in Trans-Baikal territory, Gen. Linievich sent the commander-in-chief a telegram of welcome, saying the troops were thirsting to take revenge on the enemy, and were impatiently awaiting his arrival.

Advices from South Manchuria and North Korea say all is quiet there.

BAYAN IS SAFE. No Foundation for Report That She Has Been Blown Up. London, March 24.—It is officially denied that the Russian armored cruiser Bayan was blown up by a floating torpedo in the harbor of Port Arthur, March 16th, at the time a Russian torpedo was said to have been sunk owing to colliding with a mine.

to the same category belong the report published in London newspapers from Japanese sources, an informant alleged to have taken place at Port Arthur, March 19th (March 18th), and of the encounter at Chuyong Syong (on the Kahu river), in which the Russians were reported to have lost 600 men killed or wounded.

The Tai Tung Pass report was circulated by the London Daily Chronicle from Newchwang, via Shanghai, March 22nd. The Chuyong Syong rumor was published by the London Daily Telegraph from Tokio, March 22nd.

ALLEGED SPY. Investigating Charge Against Member of the Japanese Parliament. Tokyo, March 24.—The House committee which is investigating the charge that Teisuke Aki Yama, a member of parliament, was in the pay of the Russians, met to-day, privately questioned a number of witnesses and examined other evidence submitted. The committee furnished part of the evidence. According to reports another member of parliament is implicated with Aki Yama. It is expected that the House will discuss the whole matter to-morrow, when the committee has reported its findings.

MINISTER'S VIEWS. Geo. F. Seward Says His Sympathies Were With Japan. New York, March 24.—George F. Seward, formerly United States minister to China, and who has spent the last years of his life in the Far East, addressed the Unitarian Club last night on Japan, foreign powers in China and Japan, with special reference to the war.

Mr. Seward says his sympathies were with Japan. "Japan," he said, "is really fighting for all Asia against the peril of European encroachments." The speaker said the "yellow peril" Asia has more need to fear Europe than Europe has to fear Asia.

To round her eastern territory Russia needs Manchuria and Korea. She has now plunged into a war with Japan in order to get to the sea. England is not desirous of acquiring more territory. She is the natural ally and friend of China in Japan. England, like America, is desirous of maintaining the integrity of China.

"The alliance of France and Russia is chiefly sentimental, as France is not a dominating power, and as sustaining the integrity of China is a negative quality, Germany is an ambitious nation, whose people are ever yearning over the face of the world. Her government has not been idle, and she has seized a port of great value on the coast of China, just back of Shanghai. This port has the greatest iron and steel works in the world. This is Germany's objective point, and she will at no far distant day take up this territory, only a few hundred miles from the sea. With Germany in possession of these lands and Russia in possession of Manchuria and Korea, the rest of China would prove an easy victim. The division of the remaining territory would probably involve the nations of Europe in a war, the like of which this world never knew."

RUSSIAN'S REQUEST. Military Attache Anxious to Interview Chinese General. Pekin, March 24.—The report that the Russian military attache here has applied for a passport and permission to visit Chang Wan Tsu, where General Ma's troops are stationed, and also for a special letter of introduction to the general, is confirmed. The Chinese foreign office is not inclined to comply with the attache's request.

CONTRABAND OF WAR. Sir Robert Hart's Advice to the Chinese Government. Pekin, March 24.—The Russian and Japanese notifications regarding contraband of war, differing somewhat, the Chinese government has applied to Sir Robert Hart, the inspector-general of customs in China, for advice on the matter. Sir R. Hart has advised it to prohibit the giving of any assistance to Japan, according to the Russian notification, or to Russia, according to the Japanese notification. Pekin is placidly noting the notices prohibiting assistance from assisting either of the belligerents.

DUMONT'S MISSION. Report That He Will Carry Out Experiments for Japanese Government. New York, March 24.—Commissioner, he says, by the Japanese government to experiment with war balloons and airships, and if possible to develop his plans of dropping dynamite on warships, Santos Dumont, the Brazilian aeronaut, is on the Kron Prinz Wilhelm off the North German Lloyd's line, speeding eastward upon his secret mission for the Mikado, and he is expected to leave for leaving this city on Monday, Santos Dumont confided his purpose to friends, and said he intended to proceed directly to Japan. He will take one of his airships stored in Paris.

FLIGHT FROM VLADIVOSTOK. Many People Left City Fearing Bombardment by Japanese Warships. Seattle, March 24.—Vladivostok is all but depopulated in consequence of war, the bulk of her population having taken flight, fearing a bombardment of the city by the Japanese naval forces.

W. J. Lippy, a well known fur trader, has arrived direct from Vladivostok, which port he left on February 20th. On a single vessel, a collier, 3,500 Japanese left Vladivostok the day prior to the first attack on Port Arthur. The Chinese residents, numbering about 15,000, sought to leave, and had chartered vessels with notice of foreign war, natives allow them to depart. Just before Mr. Lippy left, the Imperial bank of Vladivostok moved its treasure and all the banking equipment to a little town six hundred miles in the interior.

BANK OF ENGLAND. A Dividend Declared of 4% Per Cent. for Half Year. London, March 24.—The Bank of England, at its semi-annual meeting to-day, only declared a dividend of 4% per cent. for the past six months. This was the first time in several years that the dividend has been below ten per cent. per annum.

FUNERAL OF THE DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE

IMPRESSIVE SERVICE AT WESTMINSTER ABBEY King Edward and Queen Alexandra Were Present—Interment at Kensal Green Cemetery.

London, March 22.—The Duke of Cambridge was buried to-day after a funeral such as has been accorded to no English soldier since the death of the Duke of Wellington. King Edward, Queen Alexandra and nearly all the members of the royal family, representatives of foreign monarchs, the majority of the nobility, the diplomatic corps and representatives, British subjects of all walks in life attended the impressive funeral services at Westminster Abbey. The body of the "Old Duke," as he was affectionately known to the public, was taken to Kensal Green cemetery and buried beside that of his magnificent wife. Thousands of troops marched in silence and the troops, dense crowds watched the spectacle which, in military magnificence, rivaled the funeral of King Victoria.

The King, wearing a marshal's uniform, and the Queen, in the deepest mourning, drove from Buckingham Palace to the Abbey. The crowds uncovered in silence and the troops reversed arms on their arrival. The Abbey was then packed with dignitaries, privy councillors and army officers in full uniform. The King, King walked up the aisle, which was lined by Grenadiers, their bayonets bent low over the reversed arms, and took the fall title of the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke of Connaught and the other Princes stood behind him. Prince Albert of Prussia represented Emperor William.

Among the principal mourners were Admiral and Colonel Fitzgibbon, the late field marshal, who died in 1894, and the Duke of Devonshire, Lord Roberts, Lord North and Lord Curzon, and a score of other famous British generals, acted as pallbearers. In a corner of the Abbey stood a number of veterans who had fought with the Duke of Cambridge in the Crimea. Every branch of the army and of the volunteers was represented.

The Dean of Westminster read a service, and a dirge, which had not been played since the funeral of Queen Mary who died in 1694, echoed through the Abbey. The Norroy King-of-Arms (William Henry Veldon) hoarsely proclaimed the fall titles of the dead man, eight Grenadiers lifted the coffin, and it was carried behind it, followed by a throng of officers in crimson and gold uniforms.

In the bright sunshine the thousands of people outside the Abbey watched the coffin placed on the gun carriage. The old Duke's charger, with stirrups reversed, followed his master to the grave. The King, the Queen, the Duke and the generals entered 21 caissons, and started on the long journey to the cemetery.

Ahead of the gun carriage was an array of British troops seen in the streets of London. Life Guards, Lancers, Grenadiers, Hussars, Dragoons and Highlanders, with their bands, marched through a line of brilliant color formed by the infantry. Behind them the spectators formed a continuous black background. Carriages, plumes, swords and lances sparkled in the sunshine which had been so seldom seen of late.

Nearly two and a half hours elapsed before the gun carriage reached the cemetery, from which the public had been excluded. The King and others stood by the graveside while a squad of Grenadiers fired three volleys for the old field marshal, and the funeral came to an end. Throughout the day all the flags were half-masted, and many people wore mourning. These were genuine signs of popular sorrow at the death of the Duke.

TRAMWAY FOR EDMONTON. Agreement Ratified by Town Council After Mayor Short Had Left the Meeting. Edmonton, March 24.—The tramway agreement was ratified by the town council on Tuesday night. Mayor Short, who opposed the signing of the agreement, left the meeting saying: "I must refuse to have my name on a passing agreement. I will vacate the chair and leave the responsibility to you."

It was moved that Councillor Oushing take the chair. Councillor May then moved the following resolution: "That this council executes an agreement with W. Tretheway, of Montreal, providing for an electric tramway system for Edmonton and suburbs, as ratified by the ballots of the ratepayers." The motion carried, only one councillor voting against it.

RETIREES FROM TRACK. "Jimmy" Michael, the Cyclist, Will Not Take Part in Any More Races. New York, March 24.—"Jimmy" Michael, the bicycle rider, who had been for twelve years one of the leaders in making records, will be seen no more in the United States as a racer. After attempting in vain at Jacksonville, Fla., to train off the effects of a fall in Berlin, when his head was badly injured, he is stated to have sailed for his home in Wales with his brother.

DISCOVERED IN TIME. Infernal Machine Found on Windosill of Residence of Liege Police Commissioner. Liege, Belgium, March 22.—Another anarchist outrage was attempted this morning, but the infernal machine, which was placed in the windosill of the residence of Police Commissioner Binet, was discovered in time to prevent any damage done. The machine was identical with the one which was exploded on the morning of March 18th, outside the residence of Commissioner of Police Laurent, and which wrecked the house, killed an artillery officer, Major Papin, and seriously wounded half-a-dozen other persons.

DEFENDS HERREROS. Missionary in Southwest Africa Denies Charge That Natives Massacre Women and Children.

Berlin, March 22.—A missionary in Southwest Africa has written to the Reichsbote Afrika in defense of the Hereros against the charges of massacring women and children, and the indiscriminate slaughter of men. He gives the names of a number of women who had been reported killed, but who are still alive, although the Hereros had opportunities to murder them. Native Christians, the missionary adds, assisted a number of women and children to reach the military stations safely. One native, Eliphas, offered his oxen to carry the women and children into Okahandja, notwithstanding the danger that the oxen might be seized. A missionary named Brockmann went on foot through the hostile Hereros to Okahandja, and one German unmarried woman, who died at Okahandja through the warlike herds, arrived unharmed.

PELAGIC SEALING IN THE PACIFIC CANADA ASKED TO SURRENDER HER RIGHTS

Ottawa, March 22.—Russia has asked Canada to abandon pelagic sealing in the Pacific Ocean. A commission is now sitting in London, England, to assess the damages on a number of Canadian sealers seized in Behring Sea in the early eighties by Russian cruisers. The illegality of the seizures was decided upon some time ago, and all that this commission had to do was to fix the amount of damages which the Russian government would have to pay.

It now appears that a commissioner asked for a change in the regulations. This change is that pelagic sealing be abandoned in the Pacific. The United States has always been anxious for this, and there are those here who imagine that the hint to the Russian commissioner may have come from Washington.

At all events, Canada is not likely to consider any such proposition as abandoning pelagic sealing, which has been conceded to be the national right of the country. Of course Russia would agree to give some compensation.

HAWAIIAN FINANCES. Treasury Unable to Meet Warrants—Legislature Will Consider the Situation. Honolulu, March 21.—Governor Carter has called an extra session of the legislature to meet on April 4th to consider the finances to the treasury, which is unable to meet the warrants drawn upon it. For the present fiscal year the appropriations exceed the income by \$1,500,000. The reorganization of the territorial government on a less expensive basis is now proposed.

TO CONTEST WILL. Fight for New Yorker's Millions—Plaintiff Alleges Undue Influence. New York, March 22.—Notice of contest has been filed over the will of Geo. Winthrop Thorne, a New York millionaire, who died in Paris on February 1st. He bequeathed the bulk of his estate to Helen Leigh, of London, and Marie Valadier, of Paris. The former, a sister of Thorne's wife, is the wife of Hon. Dudley Leigh, son of Lord Leigh. The contest was brought by Helen H. Thorne, of this city. She is a second cousin of the dead millionaire, and she has been making a will, and through undue influence, practiced by Marie Valadier and Helen Leigh, or someone acting for them.

THE FRENCH PREMIER. M. Combes Denies That He Will Resign As Result of Recent Reverses. Paris, March 22.—Prime Minister Combes to-day denied the report that he will immediately retire from the premiership as a result of the recent cabinet reverses. M. Combes says he recognizes that the situation of the ministry is delicate, but that so far as he is concerned he proposes to pursue to the end the work he has undertaken without deviating a hair-breadth from the course planned. This statement is interpreted to the effect that the resignation of the premier is not contemplated.

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RECEIVED BY THE POPE. Rome, March 22.—The Pope to-day received in private audience Archbishop Begin, of Quebec.

PLEGGED TO HOME RULE. Lawrence Waldron Returned to Commons For One of the Divisions of Dublin.

Dublin, March 22.—The Nationalists in the St. Stephen's Green division of Dublin yesterday elected Lawrence Waldron to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons, caused by the death of Jas. McCann, by a majority of 620 over Mr. Matheson. Mr. Waldron is a wealthy stockbroker. While he was not an official Nationalist candidate, Mr. Waldron is pledged to support Home Rule and the proposal to establish a Catholic university in Dublin, and to oppose the present financial relations between Ireland and Great Britain.

SULLIVAN'S ILLNESS. Suffering From Wasting Disease—Blindness Also Threatens. New York, March 22.—John L. Sullivan is seriously ill at the home of his sister in Roxbury, says a dispatch to the World, from Boston. The greatest of all prize fighters is suffering from a wasting disease which has gradually undermined his Herculean frame, and it is not believed that he can live long. Sullivan is also suffering with his eyes, so that his sight has become impaired, and the indications are that before long he must go blind. The trouble with his eyes gives him great pain.

AMERICAN VESSELS BARRED. Canadian Goods Consigned to Dawson Must Be Carried in British Bottoms.

Yanconver, March 22.—Custom Collector Bowditch this morning received an order cancelling the previous order which allowed American bottoms to carry Canadian goods from here to St. Michael, en route to Dawson, and British steamers must thereafter take the goods if the owners of the latter do not pay duty.

WELL-KNOWN SHOT DEAD. Major Blackstock, Adjutant of 1889 Bisley Team, Passed Away at Denver.

Montreal, March 23.—Word was received here to-day from Denver, Col., of the death of Major Blackstock, formerly of this city. Major Blackstock was one of the most enthusiastic riflemen in Canada, and kept rifle shooting alive in this province for many years single-handed. He was adjutant of the Bisley team under Major Weston in 1889.

TURKS AND ALBANIANS. Revolutionists Said to Be Surrounded—Turkish Commander Asks for Reinforcements.

Salonica, March 23.—Twelve battalions of Turkish troops have surrounded the Albanian revolutionists at Babatope. Shaki Pasha, the commander, has asked for reinforcements. Ten additional battalions will be sent. Pending arrival he is negotiating with the Albanians.

NOT YET SUPPRESSED. London, March 23.—The announcement from Salonica on March 3rd, that the Albanian revolt had been suppressed, was, it appears, somewhat premature. It originated from Turkish sources, where it was believed that the acceptance of the offer of exemption from the cattle tax at Ipek, Albania, would satisfy the Albanians. New evidences of determined revolutionary movement were reported from Mitrovitz on March 4th and 9th, and it was announced at Constantinople that the Albanians had increased their demands, refusing to recognize the reform scheme of the powers and demanding the withdrawal of new taxes, the abolition of the new civil tribunals, exemption from military service, and of their own province and the pardon of Hassan Bey, the revolutionist, who was exiled in 1903.

Since then, Shakh Pasha, with a large force, has been parleying with the revolutionists under instructions from the Porte, which is desirous of settling the Albanian movement so as to avoid complications while negotiations with Bulgaria and in the fact of continued trouble in Macedonia.

The diatribe tactics of Shakh Pasha are reported to have emboldened the Albanian revolutionists, who, according to the meagre information contained in the dispatches received since March 9th, have been massing at various points, and it would appear from the Salonica advices received to-day, which was the first of any considerable assembling of the revolutionists, that Shakh Pasha is still continuing the negotiations looking to a settlement, and that the dispatch of reinforcements may be intended as a demonstration in force with the object of securing a final acceptance of his terms.

INTERIOR LIBERALS. Officers Elected and Resolutions Passed at Annual Convention at Rossland.

Rossland, March 23.—The annual convention of the interior district Liberal council opened here this morning, with nine ridings out of twelve represented by delegations. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President, Duncan Ross, Greenwood; vice-president, John Anthony Turner, Nelson; secretary-treasurer, F. E. Simpson, Cranbrook; executive, Dr. Ker, Rossland; J. F. Huchcroft, Cranbrook; Archie Campbell, Ymir; R. B. Ker, Greenwood; F. J. Deane, Nelson; John Keen, Kaslo; W. J. Snodgrass, Similkameen; E. Hugo, Revelstoke; Fred Stork, Fernie; D. McVannell, Sloon; W. H. P. Clement, Grand Forks; W. C. Wells, Columbia. Resolutions were adopted as follows: Dealing with a tariff on rough lumber and a federal department of mine, but both were referred to committees which are to report them. Delegates will be tendered a banquet by the Rossland Association to-morrow night.

THE CANADIAN NAVAL MILITIA BILL TO BE SUBMITTED TO HOUSE NEXT WEEK

Ottawa, March 24.—The minister of marine's bill for an establishment of Canadian naval militia will be presented to parliament next week. It will make provision for a force at first of 20,000 men, the nucleus of which is already to be found in the naval militia regiments in the Canadian fisheries protection cruisers. One cruiser will be secured for the Atlantic and another for the Pacific coast, and Hon. Mr. Prefontaine is going over to the Old Country as soon as the session is over to arrange for the boats. Sunday Observance. Trades and labor representatives waited on Sir Wilfrid Laurier to-day, and endorsed the proposed Sunday observance bill. Speaks at Windsor. Ralph Smith has been asked to address a large meeting of labor men at Windsor, Ont., in the drill hall on Friday night. He has accepted the invitation. Seeking Extension of Time. W. A. Gulliber in the House to-day introduced a bill respecting the B. C. Southern railway. It is for an extension of time. No Information. The government has not received any information that the Chinese government demands the free entry of Chinese into Canada. Grand Trunk Pacific. In reply to a question to-day, Hon. W. S. Fielding said that the \$5,000,000 deposit in connection with the G. T. P. was made in cash on March 1st. The government would not pay interest. The deposit first made of Grand Trunk securities would be released. PAID FULL PRICE. Queen Alexandra Enjoyed Nice Dinner in East End of London. London, March 24.—The routine of royal life was interestingly broken to-day when the Queen went to the bank for formal visit to the Alexandra Dock, and there enjoyed a nine cent dinner among the factory employees and children of the East End of London. The Queen has always taken great interest in the institution, which was founded on her plan to give the poor the cheapest possible food without sacrifice of quality. Her Majesty arranged to-day's visit privately with Sir Thomas Lipton, who is the principal contributor of the institution. After the Queen's departure, the dining room was packed. Like a factory girl, who had just preceded her, the Queen went to the bank and asked for eight dinner tickets, tendering half a crown (60 cents). She was told that they would be six pence each, when the Queen, who Earl De Grey promptly contributed. TRANSFERS. Several Changes in the Mechanical Department of the C. P. R. Montreal, March 24.—Changes in the mechanical department of the C. P. R. will involve four positions, and will be as follows: R. Patterson, locomotive foreman at Kamloops, will be transferred to Rat Portage with the position of acting locomotive foreman, to succeed W. Pitts; Mr. Pitts will be transferred to Moose Jaw, with the office of locomotive foreman; J. Anthony, foreman, Est. William, will be transferred to Revelstoke, where he will serve in similar capacity, and A. M. Allison, now foreman at Moose Jaw, will be transferred to Fort William as general foreman. NOTES FROM WINNIPEG. Inquest Into the Death of C. P. R. Brake-man—Flour Mill for Morris, Manitoba. Winnipeg, March 22.—The inquest over the remains of the late C. P. R. brakeman, at Port Arthur, killed on Friday by an Italian named Donato, continued all Monday. Evidence favorable to the deceased's conduct was given by many witnesses. Sixty Guns. Winnipeg field battery, commencing at 11 o'clock to-day, fired 69 guns on the occasion of the Duke of Cambridge's funeral. Anniversary. The elaborate observance of Archbishop Langevin's anniversary of his consecration is in progress here and in St. Boniface. New Steamers. Work will soon start on a fleet of steamers to be built at Prince Albert for the Hudson's Bay Company, to ply on the Saskatchewan river. Flour Mill. Residents of Morris, Man., have pledged \$12,000 towards building a flour mill in the village. Cancer a Constitutional Disease. Recent experiments all go to show that there is a peculiar condition of the blood that favors the growth of Cancer just as there are certain atmospheric conditions that favor the growth of mildew. It is the special mission of our Constitutional treatment to so alter this condition that the Cancer cannot exist. That we have been successful is easily proven by testimony of reliable persons who have been cured in all parts of the Dominion. Send 6 cents in stamps for our book, "Cancer, Its Cause and Cure." V. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

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PAID FULL PRICE. Seven Alexander Enjoys Nine Cent Dinner in East End of London.

London, March 24.—The routine of life was interestingly broken to-day when Queen Alexandra, just as she was about to leave for the Victoria and Albert Museum, was asked to dine at the Victoria and Albert Museum. She was accompanied by her husband, Prince George, and their children. The party was seated at a table in the restaurant, and the Queen enjoyed a nine cent dinner, and her husband a nine cent dinner, and their children a nine cent dinner.

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Anniversary. An elaborate observance of Archbishop Peppin's anniversary by his consecration progress here and in St. Boniface.

New Steamers. The new steamer will start on a fleet of steamers to be built at Prince Albert for the Saskatchewan Bay Company, to ply on the Saskatchewan river.

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Foot Elm Free For Chilblains. We know from experience that Foot Elm will cure Chilblains. If you try it you will find it will cheerfully return your money. Eighteen powders by mail, 25c., and your money returned by mail, 50c. You can get it in stamps for 25c. "Cancer, Its Cause and Cure," by J. C. J. Stott & Co., Toronto, Ont.

LIKELY TO PUT UP CEMENT WORKS

A NEW ENTERPRISE FOR THIS PROVINCE Will Be Located on Tod Creek at Deep Water in Saanich Inlet.

It is more than probable that within a short time the manufacture of cement will be commenced with easy reach of the market. The work is in the hands of a practical man, which insures success.

Mr. Butchart has a thorough knowledge of the subject. He is interested in the manufacture of cement at Shallow Lake, near Owen Sound, and also at Lakeside, in Ontario. He has been particularly successful in consequence of his ability displayed by Mr. Butchart and his associates.

At Shallow Lake, the first of the two enterprises to be commenced in the province, the work is in a most advanced stage. It is expected that the work will be completed in the near future.

Mr. Butchart has examined the deposits at Tod Creek, on the Saanich peninsula. He is thoroughly satisfied with the prospects, and feels confident of being able to put a cement on the market soon.

He has gone carefully into the matter of the establishment of works at Tod Creek from the standpoint, and has about decided to build the manufacture. Mr. Butchart seeks to establish the works as a business basis. The trade in cement is a promising development. He has already looked into the prospects for a cement market, and believes that in the near future the cement industry will be a profitable one.

Mr. Butchart approached the local government, and proposed that the local government should purchase the land for the purpose of facilitating the work by making some arrangement for a partial exemption from taxation on the land. His proposal was to put in the local government, and he has been successful in securing the land.

Mr. Butchart is delighted with Victoria, and will take charge of the work himself. Situated close to deep water the shipping facilities will be excellent, and private members of the legislature are expected to work up a very good trade. It will mean the employment of a considerable number of men. Mr. Butchart is proceeding with the work, and he is very desirous of establishing works, but wants it done on a business basis. There is little doubt, however, that the work will be done, and that the cement industry will be a profitable one.

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NOT YET PAID. Government Want to Refer Commissioners' Costs to Registrar of Court for Settlement.

The commission which inquired into the Government House controversy has not yet been paid for its services. The bill presented by the commission amounts to about \$4,500. Before approving of the payment the chief commissioner of lands and works is said to have referred it to the local registrar of the Supreme court for taxation of costs.

The matter was held by the registrar to be without his duties, and he declined to act. Now it is sought to have the matter settled in that way by agreement of the parties concerned. Thus, Hooper and A. Maxwell Muir, it is said, are agreeable to the matter being disposed of by the registrar, but Mr. Dalton, of Vancouver, the remaining commissioner, seeks the right to file a petition of right in the matter.

It is not known whether he will finally refer to the bill of costs going before the registrar for settlement or not.

PERMANENT SIDEWALKS To Be Laid on Yates Street From Blanchard to Cadboro Bay Road.

In response to a largely signed petition from street property owners the city council Wednesday decided to take the necessary steps towards laying permanent sidewalks on both sides of the thoroughfare from Blanchard street to Cadboro Bay road. A number of the residents have striven for this improvement for some time, but it was only recently that the co-operation of all the interested parties was secured.

The work, which will be carried out on the local improvement principle, will wonderfully enhance the appearance of the street. Great plots will be cleared on the outside of the walks, as in the California cities, and which this plan is completed Yates street will be one of the finest thoroughfares in Victoria.

OFFICERS ELECTED At the Annual General Meeting of the Fish and Game Club Held Wednesday Evening.

The annual general meeting of the Fish and Game Club was held Wednesday night at the Grand hotel. There was a good attendance, and the chair was occupied by H. Dallas Helmcken, K. C.

After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting by J. Musgrave, secretary, the treasurer, P. C. MacGregor, submitted his report, which showed the club to be in a flourishing condition, having a balance in hand of \$27.03. This report was adopted.

Capt. Barkley, R. N., of Cowichan, then addressed the meeting. He spoke of the difficulties of the branch of the association in that locality had to contend with, and said that an amalgamation with the Victoria club was desirable. A secretary could be appointed at Cowichan to collect the members' fees and look after other business. Under these conditions there would be no difficulty in securing members in the Cowichan district. He had already done some canvassing and had the names of sixty-two residents who were willing to join. In his opinion, the club was in a flourishing condition, having a balance in hand of \$27.03. This report was adopted.

Mr. Mills then proposed Mr. Barnard, recommending that the Mayor of the city be the permanent president-elect of the club. Mr. Mann nominated Richard Hall, M. P. It was then decided to leave the matter of the selection of a president to another meeting, the secretary to ascertain in the meantime whether either of the two candidates will act in that capacity.

It was then moved by Mr. Mills, and seconded by Mr. Mann, that the association incorporate under the Benevolent Societies' Act. The papers for this purpose had been prepared by the mover.

The meeting then adjourned.

APPOINTMENTS MADE. This week's Gazette contains notice of the following appointments:

George Huston, of Sandon, to be a justice of the peace in and for the province of British Columbia.

Arthur C. Sutton, of Grand Forks, barrister-at-law, to be official administrator for that portion of the county of Yale comprised within the Grand Forks and Greenwood electoral districts, vice A. D. McIntyre, whose jurisdiction for the county of Yale is curtailed accordingly.

Rowland Edward Green, William Henry Wood and Charles Joseph Harding, of Vancouver, to be commissioners for taking affidavits for the purpose of acting under the "Provincial Elections Act" for the Vancouver city electoral district during the year 1904.

William Mason, of Nanaimo, D. D. S., to be a member of the dental board of examiners, vice C. H. Gatewood, resigned.

Charles Percival, Dunsmuir, of the city of Vernon, solicitor, to be a notary public in and for the province of British Columbia.

Edwin Ezra Chapman, of Kaslo, government agent, to be a registrar for the purposes of the "Marriage Act."

GAMBLING CASE IN THE POLICE COURT

SATURDAY'S RAID IS DESCRIBED BY CHIEF Witnesses on Both Sides Were Excluded While He Gave Evidence—Continued This Afternoon.

Certain members of the police force were excluded from the police court this morning by Magistrate Hall. It was not because of disorderly behavior nor because they were in any way out of harmony with their environment, but simply because they happened to be witnesses in the Chinese gambling case which was proceeded with to-day. When the machinery of justice began its operation there were sixteen accused present. One was missing, but finally he, too, made his appearance, and occupied a seat in the row.

One case was taken up first. The accused in this instance was Gurn Dait, who enjoyed the distinguished honor of heading the parade when the chief lined the prisoners up in the court the other day. He listened philosophically to the reading of the charge, and pleaded not guilty. Chief Langley then took the witness stand. Just before he began his evidence Mr. Moresby, on behalf of the defendant, requested the exclusion of the other witnesses.

In return the chief asked that the defendant's evidence be excluded. These applications were granted, and that was why two of the detectives and several constables were not allowed in the room during the examination of the witness. The latter, on being sworn, described the raid of last Saturday night, and the interior of the establishment raided. The officers, he said, entered the apartment on the left-hand side of this apartment were some tables and implements for the game of pie-gow, while Chinese lottery tickets were on the wall. In the rear room were two tables covered with matting and canvas, on which were fan tan playing paraphernalia. When he reached this room the officers were gathering all these implements.

On cross-examination by Mr. Moresby, the chief said he entered No. 25 Fisgard street armed with a search warrant, in consequence of certain information received by him.

"What was the information," inquired counsel.

"I don't propose to give you the source of my information unless His Honor orders it," replied the chief.

"The police do not have to divulge their source of information," observed the magistrate.

"I didn't ask for the source of information," returned Mr. Moresby. "I inquired for the information."

The witness replied that the information was to the effect that gambling was going on at 25 Fisgard street. The tables in the front room were used for pie-gow. This, he believed, was a gambling game.

Mr. Moresby asked the chief to describe how the game was played. He said that he was only one white man in town who knew how it was played.

"How do you know it is a gambling game?"

The chief said he had seen money used, and he was led to believe that it was a game which had no other chances.

Mr. Moresby pointed out that it did not necessarily follow that gaming was going on because money was used. Poker games were not considered a gambling game under the law because money was used.

The chief stuck to his belief that in playing pie-gow the Chinese were gambling. He then described the interior of the tables in which the seventeen Chinamen were arrested, and the fan tan paraphernalia seized. This was all in the court room.

Asked to tell what he knew of fan tan, the witness initiated the court and counsel into the fine points of the game as far as his familiarity with it went. In fact the chief testified himself as one of the tables in the room, with the exception of the interpreters, gazed wonderingly at the witness, doubtless pondering over the strange case of the pie-gow.

The chief was followed on the witness stand by Sergeant Hawton, who went more fully into the details of the raid. He explained that the door leading to the inner room—the apartment in which the seizure was made—had to be broken open. The doorkeeper, he said, slammed and bolted it in the face of the officers. When they got in a number of the occupants escaped, some going upstairs. The accused, Lum Dait, was arrested in the room. After the sergeant's evidence was finished an adjournment until this afternoon was ordered.

A PRESENTATION. Letter Carriers Express Their Appreciation of Secretary's Services—Other Business.

The regular monthly meeting of the Letter Carriers' Association was held Wednesday evening when the committee having charge of winding up business in connection with the recent entertainment reported that after all expenses had been paid there was a substantial balance in hand. The sum of \$10 was voted towards furnishing the wards of the new Strafford wing of the Jubilee hospital. The following address, together with a fountain pen, was then presented Secretary C. Sivert.

Dear Sir and Brother—Having no thought of remuneration in our minds at this time for the valuable services you have rendered us during your time of office, but wishing in some way to show our appreciation of the very careful and competent manner in which you, as our secretary, have carried out instructions, we wish you to accept this fountain pen as a small token of respect from our union.

Trusting that you may live long to enjoy

what we believe is to you a pleasure, and wishing you and your family every success in life. I am yours in behalf of the union, A. C. CHARLTON, President. Victoria, March 23rd, 1904.

CASE OF CAMSUSA VERSUS COIGDARIPPE Supreme Court is Still Occupied With Hearing of the Evidence in Action.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) The hearing of the case of Camsusa vs. Coigdarippe is still before Mr. Justice Irving in the Supreme court. After Mrs. Coigdarippe had finished her evidence the business carried on by her late husband, A. W. Jones was called to testify to the rate of interest prevailing in 1888. He gave it as from 8 per cent. to 10 per cent. Other witnesses, including Henry Saunders and R. S. Byrne, gave evidence as to the business carried on by Boucherat & Camsusa, and the rate of interest in the large trade in liquors and tobacco. The firm had several special brands of liquors in which they did a large trade.

Their evidence went to show that the business was a valuable one.

The witnesses were cross-examined by E. V. Bodwell, K. C., representing Mr. Coigdarippe, and by A. McPhillips, K. C., representing the trustees of the estate of L. Erb, the other trustee for the estate of the late Mr. Camsusa.

This morning the case was resumed. The deposit was not entered into the account of the British ship Lamorna. An entry of \$1,000 in the latter account was not withdrawn for some years. When he entered the business he gave his note for \$1,000. This \$1,000 was not entered into the account of the British ship Lamorna. Although Boucherat wanted him to transfer it to the capital account, but witness would not do so, as he feared the success of the enterprise.

Mr. Coigdarippe was still on the witness stand when an adjournment was taken at noon.

TRAGEDY AT YMIR. A Miner is in Custody—Makes a Statement That He Acted in Self-Defence.

Nelson, March 22.—A special from Ymir says that Coroner McArthur held an inquest there to-day to ascertain the cause of death of Alexander McDermid, a well known figure in Ymir for the past few years.

It is from the evidence that McDermid had been drinking for the past few days, and on Sunday evening fell from a cliff, a miner, whom he had called upon to help him, was standing by following evening the two men met again in the Ymir saloon, when McDermid resumed his abusive language, and the two men were talking to each other. Campbell, who quietly walked away, crossed the street towards the Cosmopolitan hotel, where he spoke excitedly to a few men standing opposite that building. He went back to the saloon, and meeting McDermid, the two men clinched. McDermid was knocked down, and Campbell was hit and kicked by McDermid, who quietly walked away.

Some minutes afterward, a man who went into the Cosmopolitan to avoid witnessing the row, came out and told McDermid had been bleeding, and apparently dead. Other help arrived, and the dying man was removed to the Cosmopolitan hotel, where the doctor was being summoned. McDermid was removed to the hospital and examined, Doctor Duncan pronouncing him dead.

Some time after the report was circulated round town that "McDermid had been murdered," Campbell hunted up Police Constable Forrester and gave the occurrence place between 7:30 and 8 p.m.

There were only three witnesses examined, including the doctor, to-day, and the above facts were those elicited. The prisoner made the statement that he knocked the deceased down, but pleaded that the deceased had attacked him first.

A post-mortem examination was held this morning, as a result of which Dr. Duncan testified that a wound on the side of the head, which deceased had received, was sufficient to cause death. The jury found a verdict in accordance with the evidence. "That the deceased died of a blow inflicted by Ymir, on the evening of March 21st."

MEDICINE FOR MEN. Something That Will Banish Worries and Brace Up the System.

Has it ever occurred to you that you need medicine as men—and not only men or young men, but all men? Are you never conscious that the special wear and tear of life which men sustain need relief? Do you wear a man out quicker than work, but worry is not an accident, it is a symptom—a symptom of nervous exhaustion. Other symptoms are: nervous headache; morning laziness; that makes it difficult to get out of bed; a weak feeling in the back; indigestion; breathlessness after slight exertion; irritable temper—perhaps some nerve pain such as neuralgia, sciatica or incipient paralysis. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as a medicine for men, act directly upon the source of discomfort. They restore manly vigor and energy, improve the appetite and tone up the nerves and the whole system. Mr. Neil H. McDonald, Estmere, N. B., is one of the many men who has proved the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He says: "I am glad to be able to say that I have found Dr. Williams' Pink Pills all that is claimed for them. I was completely run down; my appetite was poor, and I suffered much from severe headaches. Doctors' medicine did not give me the needed relief, so I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I used only a few boxes when my former health returned, and now I feel like a new man."

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DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

The Dominion Parliament had sooner elected its Speaker and listened to the Speech from the Throne than it buckled to business with determination.

It is evidently the intention of the government to make the session as short as possible consistent with strict attention to the legislative necessities of the country.

In contrast to the state of the opposition, the Liberal party was probably never in a more enthusiastic state. This is natural considering that everything to which the administration has set its hand has been justified by marked success.

"But, sir, where is that Conservative reaction? Where is the Conservative party to-day? Where is the protectionist party? Men who were supposed to be Conservatives at one time, and who took pride, and properly so, in the name of Conservative, have disappeared, and they have been replaced by the protectionist party. It is a new name. What is there in a name? The rose by any other name smells as sweet.

Turning to the opposition leader's comments on the condition of Canada, Sir Wilfrid said that never in any part of the world had there been such a change as had taken place in Canada since 1896. The Dominion had progressed in a manner which was simply unsurpassed.

Complaint was made that the Speech from the Throne said nothing about revision of the tariff. It was not usual to announce tariff revision in the speech, thus provoking uncertainty and speculation, but such matters were deferred until the Finance Minister announced the budget.

Blair's high qualities, great talents and marked ability he fully concurred, and he recognized that gentleman as a man of great ability and talents, and he had no hesitation in saying that a better man could not have been found in Canada to administer the law of which he was the author.

The Premier repudiated with indignation the insinuation, and recalled Mr. Blair's assertion, not upon one but upon many occasions, that he sided with the government upon everything but the railway policy, and that he could not side with the opposition even upon that question, because the policy proposed by the leader of the Opposition was far more to be condemned than that of the government.

Regarding the supplementary contract with the Grand Trunk Pacific, Sir Wilfrid said he would not at this stage discuss the matter which must come up later for discussion. He failed, however, to understand the manner in which Mr. Borden spoke of it, as though the government had been deceived.

Turning to the opposition leader's comments on the condition of Canada, Sir Wilfrid said that never in any part of the world had there been such a change as had taken place in Canada since 1896. The Dominion had progressed in a manner which was simply unsurpassed.

Complaint was made that the Speech from the Throne said nothing about revision of the tariff. It was not usual to announce tariff revision in the speech, thus provoking uncertainty and speculation, but such matters were deferred until the Finance Minister announced the budget.

A better one could be found in Canada, where we had better institutions and a better fiscal policy. Our fiscal policy was one of moderation; that of the United States was one of extravagance.

BETWEEN THE DEVIL, ETC. The Colonist has "touched on" the question of fish traps, but it has not ventured to express an opinion on the subject.

It is well known that the Hon. Richard Bedford Bennett, Premier of the Dominion, is a man of great ability and talents, and he had no hesitation in saying that a better man could not have been found in Canada to administer the law of which he was the author.

RUSSIANS VERY CAUTIOUS.

We are disappointed in Admiral Makaroff. His bold utterances when he was en route to take charge of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur led us to believe he was a man of action, not one of the lethargic kind such as his predecessor, who waited for the enemy to take the initiative.

EFFECTS OF TARIFFS.

The fates are very unkind to the Conservative party. The organs of the opposition have never ceased their demands for a revision of the tariff under a penalty of business demoralization, to be followed by a severe depression.

his enemies and that news of a real storm-blast might be expected at any time, but on land and on sea the Russians are on the defensive.

BRITAIN AND RUSSIA.

Mr. Henry Norman, member of the Imperial Parliament, is a prominent figure in the peculiar class of person who can twist every social and political question into a question of Russia and Japan.

It would be profitless, perhaps, to enter into a speculative analysis of cause and effect in this case. We are dealing just now with the M. P. correspondent's opinions on the way between Russia and Japan, and its ultimate effect upon Great Britain.

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cultural implement firm has expended a sum in excess of a million in the construction of works in Hamilton, Ont. These two cases are but samples of a general movement. We have all read of the enormous increase in the trade of the Dominion, of the influx of immigrants, and of the expanding revenue.

CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier expressed the opinion in the House of Commons that the best means of preserving cordial relations and a permanent understanding with the United States was for Canadians to go about their own business, taking no heed of their neighbors.

FRUIT TREES AND REGULATIONS.

To the Editor:—I see in the local news of the Colonist, of the 19th inst., that a Mr. Henry says that if the nursery law is enforced it will be strongly objected to by all of the nurserymen in the province (barring the license).

THE LIBERAL LEADER.

Mr. Macdonald is not of the type of public man so common in the present day, who makes of politics a fascinating game, the winning or losing of which is not taken hard. He is in his politics as in all else, intensely serious-politics, now that he has taken them up, are treated by him with deep sincerity.

TRAPS AND HATCHERIES.

To the Editor:—The announcement in the press these last few days that trap licenses for salmon fishing are going to be allowed in British Columbia, also that the government are to build several more hatcheries in the province, I would like to make a few suggestions.

Golds Usually Result and Coughs in Consumption and Catarrh and Consumption. If you wish to avoid dangerous results you should at once employ CATARRHOZONE.

Catarrhozone is the only remedy that has ever been known to cure Catarrh or Consumption, and as a speedy cure for coughs and colds it is unequalled. CATARRHOZONE quickly destroys all germs that excite disease. It cannot fail to cure, as it draws the inflammation and soreness out of the throat, thereby relieving Coughs, Colds or Bronchitis almost immediately.

CATARRHOZONE is not only the most effective method of curing Coughs, Colds and Bronchitis, but it is the most pleasant and convenient. Price, 25c and \$1.00, at all druggists, or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., or Hartford, Conn.

ocean by way of Johnston Straits, between the island of Vancouver and the American traps at Point Roberts. I think that if the members of the board of trade were to lay their matter before our representatives with the government that something might be done in the matter which would be a great benefit, not only to Vancouver Island, but the whole province.

PROGRESS.

LICENSE COMMISSIONERS.

To the Editor:—As one of last year's license commissioners, I take exception to the remarks of His Worship the Mayor at the meeting of the board of trade, of the 19th inst., of the Colonist, when he is reported as having said that the late board of licensing commissioners issued licenses to the Chiboutas. There is no truth in the statement.

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HAROLD BAUER, THE ARTIST AND CELEBRATED PIANIST REACHES VICTORIA. Interviewed by a Times Reporter. —Calls Himself a Dabbler in Many Things.

The Times received a distinguished visitor on Monday afternoon. The visitor is used advisedly, because Bauer, the noted pianist, wears a crown bestowed on him by more than a dozen sovereigns of Europe. He has been crowned by the Queen of the Netherlands, by the King of Spain, by the Emperor of Austria, and the lately dignified Emperor of Germany.

Mr. Bauer looks the artist; a case of any particular outward appearance, but because the sun of his personality shines brightly on the pedestal which holds but few rivaled names. He has now reached the most notable point of his career, and after a career which will return to the cause of art, he is a dabbler in many things. Mr. Bauer looks the artist; a case of any particular outward appearance, but because the sun of his personality shines brightly on the pedestal which holds but few rivaled names.

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Wood's Phospholine. The Great Relief. It is an old, well established, and reliable preparation. Has been prescribed and used over 40 years. All druggists in the Dominion of Canada sell it. Recommend as being the only medicine of its kind that cures and gives universal satisfaction. It promptly and permanently cures all forms of Asthma, Weakness, Emotions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, Malaria, etc.

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ever been known to cure for coughs and colds it is a liquid that is carried through the throat, lungs and bronchial tubes. It destroys all germs and relieves the inflammation thereby relieving the patient immediately.

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way of Johnston Strait, between the Mainland, thus the possibility of going round by sea traps at Point Roberts.

PROGRESS. Editor:—As one of last year's commissioners, I take exception to the late board of licensing commission license to the Chinese.

LIBERAL LEADER. Donald is not of the type of public opinion in the present day, who politics a fascinating game, the losing of which is not taken in his political career.

her way down from Nanaimo a few days ago the tug Eagle was storm in which she lost 100 al.

Phosphodine. The Great English Remedy. It is an old well established and reliable preparation. Has been prescribed and used over 40 years.

Widow, Ont., Canada. Phosphodine is sold in Victoria possible druggists.

HAROLD BAUER, THE ARTIST AND MAN CELEBRATED PIANIST REACHES VICTORIA

Interviewed by a Times Representative —Calls Himself a Dabbler in Many Things.

The Times received a distinguished visitor on Monday afternoon. The adjective is most aptly, because Harold Bauer, the noted pianist, wears decorations bestowed on him by more than one sovereign of Europe.

Mr. Bauer's conversation is that of a man of affairs. He says he doesn't wrap himself up in his art and shy at everything else.

It was because Dreyfus's isolation in the army, his lack of friends, Mr. Bauer continued, that he was used as a scapegoat.

A number of biographical sketches of his career were brought to Mr. Bauer's attention by a representative of the Times.

His father was a German and his mother a Welsh lady. He is a British subject, and yet he is forbidden to wear his foreign decorations.

OFFICIALLY NOTICED That Oils Used in Concentration of Ores Will Be Admitted Free.

The Times the other day announced that the Dominion government had decided to allow the free importation of oils for use in the concentration of ores.

The Secretary of the Provincial Mining Association of B. C., Victoria, B. C., Dear Sir—I am directed by the Hon. the Minister of Customs to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 4th instant.

JOHN BAIN, Assistant-Commissioner. B. E. OLESON DEAD.

Pioneer Passed Away Tuesday Morning at Jubilee Hospital.

Another pioneer, B. E. Oleson, passed away at the Jubilee hospital on Tuesday. Death was the result of an accident which occurred on Wednesday.

Following this Mr. Oleson became engaged with C. Hayward and B. Pettigrew in the Kootenay, which were operated for a short time, but eventually proved a failure.

OLD FOLK'S CONCERT. Successful Entertainment Given in the First Presbyterian Church Monday Evening.

On Monday at the First Presbyterian church the Old Folk's concert, under the auspices of the choir, proved a great success.

The grace and dignity with which all comported themselves was extremely enjoyable to witness.

The directors of the Northern Securities Company have issued a statement in which they make the following recommendations to the stockholders.

CITY COUNCIL AND THE SCHOOL BOARD RELATIONS BETWEEN THEM DISCUSSED

Disposition on Part of Civic Body to Seek Alteration of System—Both Sides.

There is every reason to expect that sooner or later the city council will endeavor to alter the relationship which now exists between it and the school board.

That oil (petroleum) be transferred to the list of goods which may be imported into Canada free of duty, when imported by miners or mining companies or concerns to be used in the concentration of ores or metal in their own concentrating establishments.

On the other hand members of the school board point out that it is a generally accepted fact that the education of children is secondary only to the safeguarding of the public health.

To meet the demands of the board the council has three sources of revenue. These are the levy of two mills, and is city council for the well-being of the schools, but to the people who elect them.

Deceased leaves a widow and nine children, of whom five are unmarried, and four sons—Carl, Charles, Emil and Earl.

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Get the Best!

WHETHER for garden or farm you can't afford to do any guesswork in regard to seeds. The everlasting mania for cheapness induces some people to insist on a low price, but a whole season's work depends on the kind you use.

Steele, Briggs Seeds

are genuinely good, because tried, proved and tested by every means known to responsible growers. They are known and endorsed all over Canada as the most reliable, and people who buy them run absolutely no risk of disappointment.

The Steele, Briggs Seed Co. LIMITED

THE YMR CAMP. Prosperity of the District Evidenced by the Large Number of Workers.

A representative of the Rossland World has returned from Ymir and reports that the old Quartz creek camp is doing very well.

The Wilcox has just started up with a force of 25 men, and the other mines and Gold Cup are also resuming work.

These are the chief industries of the place, but there are several other minor properties in the neighborhood which are rapidly coming to the front.

Well Balanced Nerves

YOUR SUCCESS IN LIFE DEPENDS UPON THEM.

If Lacking in Nerve Force, Build Up Your System With Ferrozone—It Has Helped Others—Let It Help You Too.

Happy is the man who can work unceasingly without fear of an attack of nervousness.

Ferozone is unexcelled as a rebuilding tonic for children, women and men, the young and old, in fact everybody can derive benefit from Ferrozone.

LIFEBOAT ASSOCIATION. Some of the Recommendations to Be Submitted at a Public Meeting.

Tuesday afternoon the organizing committee of the proposed Lifeboat Association held a meeting at the office of J. Peirson.

It was reported by the secretary that he had arranged with Mayor Barnard for a public meeting to be held at the city hall on Wednesday, April 6th.

Communications were received from Great Yarmouth and Gorleston, England, with a large photograph of the lifeboat.

A LIBERAL RESPONSE. Chinese Merchants Subscribe \$252 for Victoria's Annual Exhibition.

Good progress is being made by the different canvassing committees in collecting subscriptions for the annual fair exhibition of the British Columbia Agricultural Association.

The members of the association expressed themselves as greatly interested in the proposed exhibition and pledged themselves to do their utmost to support it.

Their success is shown by the following list of subscribers: Tai Yuen, \$30; Lee Gee Wing, of Tai Wo, \$20; Gim Fook Yung, \$20; Charlie Bo, \$10; Wah Yuen, \$10; Ah Hor, \$5; Wo Sang, \$5; Charlie Oytung, \$5; Kwong On Long, \$5; Ying Chong Lung, \$5; Yuen Lung, \$5; Kong Wo, \$5; Chung Lung, \$5; Tim Kee, \$5; Kwong Chun Sang, \$5; Dan Yuck Tong, \$5; On Hing Bro, \$5; Wing Chong & Co., \$5; Quong Man Fung Co., \$5; Sing Lee & Co., \$5; Shon Yuen Co., \$5; Tai Chung Lung, \$5; Hop Kee, \$5; Lai Chell, \$5; Gum Wo Tai, \$2.50; Kwong Fook Tai Co., \$2.50; L. Mong Lee, \$2.50; Kai Chung, \$2; Wa Lung, \$2; Sam Sang Lung, \$2; Fow Yuen, \$2; Ham Yick, \$2; Mon Yuen Co., \$2; Chong Wo, \$2; Bow Lung, \$2; Yung Lung, \$2; Ching Chong, \$2; Wing Chong Tai, \$2; Kwong Sun Tai, \$2; Yick Lung, \$2; Fook Lung, \$2; Hing Wo Lung, \$2; Ching Kee, \$1.50; Mee Lung, \$1.50; Good Friend, \$1; Chong Shon, \$1; Quan On, \$1; Hong Lee, \$1; Wing On, \$1; Man Hing, \$1; Hop Sing, \$1; Sam Wo, \$1; Quan Yick, \$1; Yick Yuen, \$1; Wing Wo Tai, \$1; On Tai, \$1; Ching Yuen, \$1; Wing On Chong, \$1; Hung Far Low, \$1; Chung Tai, \$1; Yet Wo Lung, \$1; Kwong Yee Hing, \$1; Wah Lung, \$1; Wing Mow Que, \$1; See Wo, \$1; Loy Sing Goom, \$1; Kwong Sing Wing, \$1; Wo Yuen, \$1; Bo Kee, \$1; Sun Lee Yuen, \$1; Tai Wo, \$1; Charlie Dunn, \$2; Yu Luen, \$1; Look Den, \$6c; Fow Yuen, \$1. Total, \$252.

Christians Kirshoffer, a boarding house keeper of Brooklyn, on Tuesday shot and dangerously wounded his wife and four-year-old son, and then committed suicide by shooting. Jealousy is supposed to have been the cause of the crime.

THE PLANTERS SUCCESS Steele Briggs FAMOUS GARDEN SEEDS. A large advertisement for garden seeds with various seed packets and a central logo.

HEARING IN PROGRESS. Chinaman Charged With Snatching Watch From Young Lady.

The case of the Chinaman charged with stealing a gold watch from Miss Walsh on the street some time ago was proceeding when in the police court this morning.

Some of the recommendations which the committee is prepared to make follow: 1. That a steam lifeboat be obtained for Victoria.

JAPANESE MISSIONARY TALKS OF CONFLICT

Port Arthur is Expected to Fall in June —Is Confident of Ultimate Victory.

"All Japanese are loyal to their country. This fact was very strikingly demonstrated by the eagerness of their response when subscriptions were called for the augmentation of the war fund.

At a well attended meeting of the Chinese Redemptive Association, A. B. Fraser explained the benefits that accrued to the city from holding these exhibitions.

Rev. Mr. Terasawa was of the opinion that, since the Russian fleet on the Pacific Coast had been practically disposed of, the Japanese government would confer their whole attention towards the transportation of troops into Korea.

Generally speaking, Rev. Mr. Terasawa says, the opinion throughout Japan is that once their army is firmly established at certain points of strategical value beyond the frontier of Korea, a combined assault by the navy and a detachment of the army will be made on Port Arthur and Vladivostok.

Rev. Mr. Terasawa was of the opinion that the war would last several years. Japan would not back down until what she was fighting for had been won.

Russian Empire has practically controlled the former country, and her influence in Manchuria has long been threatening the integrity of the Chinese Empire.

Rev. Mr. Terasawa has been the pastor of a mission in Osaka for the past 20 years. Hearing that there was a large colony of Japanese in San Francisco who would appreciate the services of a native instructor, he decided to make a trip to America.

JUDGMENT RESERVED. In Board of Trade vs. Tupper—Another Case Before the Supreme Court.

In the Supreme court yesterday afternoon the hearing of the case B. C. Board of Trade vs. Tupper, was completed.

MRS. KEATING DEAD. Popular Victorian Lady Succumbs at Santa Monica, California.

The many friends of Mrs. Alfred V. Keating, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theo. J. Burnes, of this city, were plunged in sorrow Tuesday by the announcement of her death at Santa Monica, California.

FARMER'S SUICIDE. Ended His Life With Gun—Man Threw Himself in Front of Shunting Engine.

Winnipeg, March 23.—Antonia Welch, firing a few miles west of the city, at St. Charles, shot herself dead with a gun this morning.

Alberta farmer, Calgary, has been purchased for \$75,000 by D. Jackson. James Shonice, aged about 50 years, committed suicide last night at the C. P. R. depot, Brandon, by throwing himself in front of the shunting engine.

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A SECRET OF THE SEA

By MRS. C. N. WILLIAMSON,

Author of "Lady Mary of the Dark House," "His Grace," "Queen Sweetheart," "Behind a Veil," "Fortune's Sport," "A Woman in Grey," "The Barn Stormers," &c.

CHAPTER I.

What the Moon Saw. "Oh, you dear, beautiful white moon!" said Eve. "What a shame it is to waste you!"

The moon was rising, and she apostrophized it, out of an opal sea, pearly in the east with moonrays, pink in the west with the aftermath of sunset.

Eve signed as she leant two dimpled cheeks on the yacht's rail. She had come up on deck directly after the cup and then to have it dashed away just as the exquisite flavor touched his lips was worse than never having tasted it.

"You are a fool to love my daughter, Knight," said Sir Peter Markham, who had been lifted up to an ethereal region above the world by the things she had said to him.

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and out. I couldn't sleep or eat. I made him tell me. It wasn't this fault at all."

"Eve, go below!" said her father. "Dad, I simply won't!" returned the millionaire's daughter.

Nevertheless, she did. For Sir Peter Markham's eyes were of a different grey from little Eve's, and they could at times be terrible. She went below, to her cabin, but not to cry, though at first she fully intended to cry a great deal.

"Dear, handsome boy!" she apostrophized Dick Knight, as she had apostrophized the moon. "You're the only man in the world, and somehow I don't know a bit how you shall have me, and I shall have you!"

Dick Knight had not her confidence in the future. He wanted the girl more than anything else in this world, and he had been lifted up to an ethereal region above the world by the things she had said to him.

But he was down again now, deeper in the depths than ever, by way of contrast; for to have kissed the cup and then to have it dashed away just as the exquisite flavor touched his lips was worse than never having tasted it.

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BY-LAW PROVIDING FOR A CITY LOAN

INTRODUCED AT LAST NIGHT'S MEETING

Plans for More Light—Other Routine Business Before the Council Board.

A by-law authorizing the city council to borrow \$40,000 for the erection of a new school in Victoria West and other school improvements was introduced by Ald. Vincent at Monday's meeting of the municipal board. This, with a report from the city electrician, recommending certain improvements to the power plant, were the two most important matters coming before the meeting.

Hon. Mr. Justice Martin wrote in regard to placing a light on St. Charles street, and wanted to know what steps were to be taken in remedying the defects in the electric light system. Laid on the table.

A. T. Goward, local manager of the B. C. Electric Railway Company, approved the appointment of a pointsman on the James Bay bridge, who would be regarded as one of the company's employees. Received and filed.

The secretary of the Retail Grocers' Association wrote asking that the matters set forth in former communications in reference to the raising of peddlers' licenses be considered at the earliest possible date.

Ald. Fell said that the communication brought up the old question of licenses. The system reported recommending.

The letter was laid on the table, the writer to be informed that the matter will be considered at an early date.

The secretary of the License Victualary Association asked that the license fee be reduced to its former amount, namely, \$200 per year, in accordance with the prayers of petitions previously sent in. The writer pointed out that a large amount of liquor had been imported by Chinese into the city and sold, for which no license had been charged.

Ald. Beckwith responded by stating that a fee of \$900 had been charged by the license commissioners which entitled the Chinese to make any kind of disposal of their liquors.

Ald. Vincent said some such arrangement was made, but not by the commissioners.

The communication was laid on the table.

A. Michaels wrote stating that he had bought a property on Elliott street on which he intended to build a residence. There was no water or sewer connection on the street, and he asked what steps might be taken to secure the same.

Referred to the water commissioner and city engineer for report.

Mrs. Jackson offered her house and property of five acres on Hillside avenue and Cook street to the city for an Old Men's Home for \$7,000.

Referred to the Home committee.

James Phillips, whose place on Beacon street was destroyed by the city, asked some compensation. Received and filed.

W. S. Eden complained of an unsightly building on Fort street. Referred to the city solicitor with power to act.

W. J. Murray wanted to know why he was delinquent in getting a share of the city's horse shoeing.

Referred to the chief of the fire department with instructions to divide the city's shoeing among the different establishments.

The water commissioner wrote stating that he had already reported four times on the extension of a water pipe on Tomlin avenue. He considered it too expensive. The petitioners will be informed that they may lay a four-inch pipe at their own expense.

The city solicitor reported regarding the extension of Richardson street, stating that he believed that the council could carry out the extension asked for if the city took it under its control.

Referred to the streets, bridges and sewers committee.

City Engineer Topp recommended the laying of a pipe up Lightton road at a cost of \$200. Carried.

The city electrician reported as follows:

Gentlemen—I beg to submit the following report having reference to the overhead condition of circuits Nos. 1 and 2, operating in James Bay and East End districts respectively. This condition could be relieved temporarily by transferring part of the load from the above-mentioned circuits to circuit No. 4, which has a margin of capacity to accommodate 29 additional lamps. I find that by expending \$400 on line changes, provision could be made to accommodate five extra lamps in each of the above-mentioned districts, at the same time leaving a margin for slight extension in all other districts. By the addition of extra lamps from time to time the spare capacity of plant as a whole has been reduced, and there is at present only margin for 30 extra lights, three of which have already been taken up since January 1st, 1904. In order to permit of further extension and improvement in the service, it would be necessary to install a dynamo having at least 100 extra lamps, this, together with 40 extra lamps, driving pulley and belt, would cost approximately \$3,000, and would allow of 65 additional lamps being placed. The cost of installing the lamps is not included in the above estimate.

The communication suggesting alterations was adopted.

Mr. Justice Martin's letter was then taken from the table, Ald. Kinsman believing that the light asked for should be given.

A motion providing for the same was adopted.

City Clerk Dowler reported the receipt of a number of communications which he had referred to the different departments dealing with the same.

Moore & Whitford et al petitioned for a permanent sidewalk on both sides of upper Yates street. Received and laid on the table, the petitioners to be informed that the necessary steps will be taken to carry out the work.

D. Oakes and about 80 others petitioned

of the council protesting against any by-law being enforced restraining the selling of milk by those owning one or two cows within the city. Laid on the table.

Mr. Brewster and others petitioned against the raising of the tax on milk vendors to \$25. Laid on the table.

B. Haughton and others petitioned for an electric light on San Juan avenue. Referred to the electric light committee.

Wm. Hare and six other residents on Bellot street petitioned to have that thoroughfare extended to intersect with Linden avenue.

Referred to the streets, bridges and sewers committee.

The fire wardens recommended the repair of the John Grant fire engine at a cost of \$50 and of the hose reel at \$5. Carried.

The purchasing committee recommended that Messrs. Sprinkling & Co. be awarded the contract for making the police uniforms.

The streets, bridges and sewers committee recommended that the Belleville street embankment be put in good condition, including grass, and that brackets be provided at Point Ellice bridge to carry telephone and electric wires. Carried.

The finance committee reported accounts aggregating \$7,972. Adopted.

Ald. Vincent's motion providing for the introduction of a by-law to borrow \$40,000 for the erection of a school in Victoria West, etc., was adopted, and the by-law was put through its initial stages, the council thereafter adjourning.

DR. CAMPBELL SPEAKS ON VITAL SUBJECT

Delivered an Address on the Gospel and the Labor Question Last Sunday.

Dr. Campbell last Sunday evening, in a lecture at the First Presbyterian church on the relation of the Gospel to the labor question, said:

"A year ago Canada, the American republic, and many of the countries of Europe, were much disturbed by what is called the labor problem, or the war between capital and labor. Now that there is truce for a time, and calm after the storm, we can consider the question from the Gospel viewpoint, without danger of doing harm to others, or being decapitated ourselves. Machinery seems to be at the bottom of the trouble, innocent as machinery may seem to be.

"Before the introduction of machinery into the field there was no labor problem, and there is no such problem in countries where there is little machinery now. It used to be that employees and employers were thrown more together by the old order of things than they are now, and their sympathy was mutual, which accounts for much of the producing the lubricating oil that enables the machinery to run with as little friction as possible. The result of this want of sympathy is combined on the one hand and unions on the other, with the natural outcome of strikes and lockouts. The aim is to get rich as quickly as possible, by means of machinery, and instead of the aim being to live for the elevation of character and the betterment of the world, money and not money is the standard by which every man is measured, hence the mad rush to amass riches, and is the disease of which combines and strikes are the result.

"The employer wants to get rich, and the employee wants to get rich, and this ambition to become rich honestly is quite right, and the man who speaks against it is almost sure to be a man who found riches as the fox found the sower grapes. But no one should become rich at the expense of another, or by wrongful gain, or by the employer and employee, by which both participate in the profits, will not remedy the trouble as it presented itself during the last decade. It is necessary for a time, for even on the principles of the laws of political economy co-operation may become an evil to the working man, and must govern the situation.

"The motive principle of the Gospel, which is love, out of which grows sympathy between man and man, is the key to solve this much-vexed and difficult problem of labor and capital. When employer and employee, government and co-operations act on the Golden Rule: 'Do unto others as ye would have them do unto you,' the trouble between labor and capital disappears, and strikes and lockouts shall become things of the past, and considered as relics of an age whose Christianity was not very high, and whose selfishness was not many leagues removed from barbarism.

"Christianity is greater than man, and a man has not fulfilled all his duty to his fellow man when he has simply paid him the wages agreed on. Each man should take an interest in the surroundings, comforts and well-being of others. This applies to the employer and employee mutually. The law of Heaven is not only 'Thou shalt love God,' but 'Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself.' The Gospel law God made for this world, and is practical, and our duty is to adopt it as the line and planner of our every transaction of life. Unions, royal commissions, government arbitrators, or even co-operations of employer and employee, in which the profits are shared, will not solve the trouble between labor and capital. The only solution is the realization that we are all in the great family of man, and all responsible to God, and that we should love one another, and in all business transactions adopt the Golden Rule."

"Then let us pray that come it may—As come it will for a' that—That man to man the world o'er, Shall brothers be for a' that."

WOMAN, WHY?—You have sallow skin, pimples, eruptions, discolorations. Why?—Because you have pores that are clogged with dirt. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills regulate the system and restore to the cheek the healthy rosy bloom and peach blush of youth. From one to two pills three or four times a day, and you will see the difference in the complexion in short order. 10 cents for 40 doses. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—157.

THE KIND THAT GROW

THE GREATEST SEED HOUSE IN CANADA has staked its reputation for years on the quality and value of its Flower and Vegetable Seeds. We're ready this spring with the finest line we've ever had, put up in uniform style to sell at

5 cents a Package, vastly better than we anticipated with an enormously big demand last year, and the promise of still greater increase this spring. All of which means that

Steele, Briggs Seeds are the kind that grow. People are shrewd enough to insist on something they know to be good, and the very enthusiasm of trade has prompted us to do better than ever before.

Look for Steele, Briggs Seeds next time you go to the store. If your dealer doesn't keep them send direct to us, sure.

THE STEELE, BRIGGS SEED CO., LIMITED

"CANADA'S GREATEST SEED HOUSE."

Branch Store in WINNIPEG TORONTO, Ont.

COMPANIES ARE BEING ORGANIZED

CANNERIES WILL BE BUILT ON THE COAST

Fishery Commissioner Babcock's Report Shows Run of Salmon is Along This Shore.

The announcement that licenses for trap fishing will be allowed in British Columbia waters has been received with the greatest satisfaction in this city. It is regarded as especially important to Victoria and the southern part of Vancouver Island. Business men are in a position to judge of the results are of the opinion that the allowing of fish traps will make Victoria the most important centre for the salmon canning business in this province. It will be the base of supply for the many canneries which will be established along Vancouver Island coast, and will also be the shipping point for the output. Some of those interested who have been awaiting an announcement on the question have lost no time in taking the preliminary steps towards profiting by the reported action of the government. Already there are canneries organizing, and within a few days announcements will be made.

It is felt that if advantage is to be taken of the license this year, even for the Fraser, past Point Roberts, and on beyond announcements will be made.

The primary purpose of trap fishing is to overcome the unequal competition from United States canneries men who use traps. Therefore, it is believed that the run of salmon in the Fraser will be appreciably affected by allowing traps along the Vancouver Island coast.

Referring to the movements of the sockeye salmon through Juan de Fuca Strait, J. P. Babcock, the fisheries commissioner for British Columbia, says: "All the sockeye which enter the Fraser Strait in the month of June and July pass through Juan de Fuca Strait. There seems to be no evidence that any portion of the sockeye run comes from the north through Johnstone Strait, the straits which come in through Juan de Fuca Strait strike the southwest coast of Vancouver Island between Port San Juan and Sherringham Point, and appear to come from the open sea to the northwest. An examination of some of the sockeye which have been captured in the Straits discloses the fact that their stomachs are contracted and devoid of food, which indicates that they have come a considerable distance from their feeding grounds, which are unknown.

"The first fish of this annual movement of sockeye are usually reported from Sherringham or Otter Points. After the season advances their presence is at times disclosed as far west as Port San Juan. From Sherringham Point along the Vancouver side of the Strait east their movement is clearly defined as they pass close in shore. They come in rapidly with the flood tides, at times close to the surface, and break water frequently.

"Passing Beadly Head they homestead to Race Rocks and pass to the northeast as far as Discovery Island, and thence east towards Rosario Strait. Men who have studied their movements at these places state that the first of the run after passing Race Rocks move to the east, heading for Rosario, and that many of these runs pass to the south of the traps at the salmon banks on the southern end of San Juan Island, while the later runs are freely taken at these banks and in the purse nets and traps to the north of them.

"The state of the tides and weather conditions have a marked effect upon their movements. With strong westerly winds and flood tides they pass more directly towards Rosario. On bright windless days they strike the shores of San Juan Island further to the north, and many continue through the Strait of

PRUNING.

Some Hints By W. T. Macdon, Horticulturist, Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

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It is felt that if advantage is to be taken of the license this year, even for the Fraser, past Point Roberts, and on beyond announcements will be made.

DRESSED STONE.

The stone quarries on Newcastle Island at Nanaimo seem destined to become an important factor in the commercial life of that city.

"Mr. Dawes, superintendent of the Newcastle Island quarries, stated that he will be ready in a week or two to ship his first cargo of dressed stone to San Francisco," says the Nanaimo Free Press.

"Arrangements are now being made to charter a vessel for this purpose. The cargo will consist of several thousand tons of stone, and will include the fine blocks which have been cut to measure for the handsome mausoleum being erected at Napan, California, to the memory of a millionaire by his widow. These stones have been chosen with the greatest care, and are absolutely without flaw. They had to be dressed on two faces and sometimes on more."

"Mr. Dawes forwarded samples of the stone some time ago to Washington, where it is being submitted along with tenders for certain government buildings. Mr. Dawes has little doubt that the contracts will be obtained, and expects before very long to increase his force of men considerably."

ANOTHER LOCKOUT.

Five Hundred Shoe Factory Employees Are Idle—Trouble May Spread.

Lynn, Mass., March 23.—Thirty-three shoe manufacturers of this city locked out 500 turn workmen today, and unless settlement is effected within a week or ten days, 3,000 hands will be idle.

The present difficulty is the most serious that has occurred in Lynn since the fight between the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union and the Knights of Labor, early in 1903. The trouble is due to the strike of turn workmen in three factories over the question of wages, and it is said that the lockout is part of a plan adopted by the Manufacturers' Association looking towards a general readjustment of prices.

THE GREAT SERPENT OF ALL DISEASES.

Kidney disease may well be called the "big constrictor" disease, unsuspecting and unrelenting, it gets the victim in its coils and gradually tightens till life is crushed out, but the great South American Kidney Cure treatment has proved its power over the monster, and no matter how firmly established, it will release, heal and cure. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—158.

RADIUM AND CANCER.

Treatment Has Been Abandoned in London Hospital.

New York, March 23.—A cable to the Herald from London says: "The radium treatment for cancer has been finally abandoned at the cancer hospital, the only favorable case being an occasional cessation of pain."

THE GREAT SERPENT OF ALL DISEASES.—Kidney disease may well be called the "big constrictor" disease, unsuspecting and unrelenting, it gets the victim in its coils and gradually tightens till life is crushed out, but the great South American Kidney Cure treatment has proved its power over the monster, and no matter how firmly established, it will release, heal and cure. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—158.

The Paterson Shoe Co. Ltd.

(WHOLESALE AND RETAIL)

Boots and Shoes, Rubber Boots, Etc.

We are the largest exclusive dealers in Boots and Shoes in the province, and carry complete stocks of every description of Boots and Shoes, Rubbers, Rubber Boots, etc., etc. in each of our five large stores. Mined Footwear a Specialty. Letter orders promptly and carefully filled. Write for Catalogue to

The Paterson Shoe Co. Ltd.

VICTORIA, B. C.

Branch Stores: Vancouver, B.O.; Nanaimo, B.S.

THE Tye Copper Co., Ltd.

Purchasers and Smelters of Copper, Gold and Silver Ores.

Smelting Works at LADYSMITH, VANCOUVER ISLAND, B. C.

Convenient to E. & N. Ry. or the sea.

CLERMONT LIVINGSTON, General Manager THOS. KIDDIE, Smelter Manager.

FERTILIZERS! FERTILIZERS!

NOW IS THE TIME TO APPLY ARTIFICIAL MANURES.

No weeds, no inconvenience in handling. It will pay you to use them whether you have a ranch, small vegetable garden or a few flowers. Price, \$2.25 per 100 lbs., sufficient for your spare lot, 60x60. For list of testimonials and for further particulars call or write,

VICTORIA CHEMICAL CO., LTD.

TELEPHONE 402 OUTER WHARF

Just a Reminder

That the celebrated "Gilt Edge" Shirts, manufactured only by the firm of J. Piercy & Co., cannot be excelled. Once used, always used. Use no other.

J. PIERCY & CO.,

Wholesale Dry Goods VICTORIA

Get Into the Habit of Going to Bowes' Drug Store

Throat Pastilles 25c
Bowes' Bronchial Lozenges... 10c
Baby's Cough Syrup 25c
Balsam of Aniseed 25c
Bronchial Balm 25c and 50c

We carry a large stock of Toilet Accessories, and will be pleased to have you call and see them.

Cyrus H. Bowes,

CHEMIST,
98 Government St., Near Yates St.
PHONES 425 AND 450.

Breeders, Attention!

The Dalmatian and Live Stock Association have again elected me as their secretary, and I have been instructed to arrange for a shipment of Breeding Stock from the Eastern Provinces, and I am now prepared to quote you prices, and give such other information that will insure getting you serviceable stock at reasonable prices.

It will be my earnest endeavor to give the same satisfaction to the patrons of the Association in the future as I have in the past two years.

Any persons wanting stock out, can do so by applying for space on or before the first day of April next.

Address all communications to
L. W. FAISLEY,
Secy.-Treas. of the Dalmatian and Live Stock Association, Chilliwack, B. C.

WANTED—We have continual inquiries for Vancouver Island farm lands. If you have property for sale write us at once, giving full particulars, and we will sell it for the best price. Heisterman & Co., Victoria, B. C.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS—Maroon, Improved Sharpless, Royal Sovereign, etc. Write for free descriptive price list. Tannet Bros., Avonville, Strawberry Farms, 40 acres more or less. FRANK ROUNDY, Feb. 15th, 1904.

\$1.00 PER CAN

\$1.00 PER CAN

VOL. 34.

RUSSIANS BUSY ON FORTIFICATIONS

PREPARING FOR THE JAPS AT NEW

It is Again Rumored That the to Port Arthur Has Closed.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—Information received here indicates that the Japanese have erected a fence of Harbin and Liao Ya. The construction of battery-chang continues to be fevered and it is believed that the be shortly in a condition to determine assault by the Eighty-two field engineers in the front for service in connection with the Russian works incident to the Russian Orders have been called. Greece will keep its attention on the Japanese. The Japanese make representations, earnest, but that it will give friendly neutrality which played with their information about, the French port on Aden.

Grand Duke Cyril, cousin of the Emperor, has been appointed as a military attaché to the Russian Legation in London. The devotion of the young to the work of the Red Cross has aroused the admiration of the British people. She has through heart and soul into this dutifully assisting in the preparation. As an evidence of the devotion of the British to the work of the Red Cross, she started to work at 8 o'clock and did not stop until 3 o'clock afternoon not even taking the little daughter's story as an example of their mother's collecting and placing the Russian agents report of the Japanese on the west coast of the Gulf of Liao Tung. The conveyed by these agents is not without further interest, a complete change in the Japanese campaign or of its end second stage, practically a complete change in the Japanese troops in Korea.

According to advices received from government there is only Japanese possession of the Korean peninsula. It is only at present, it is considered that the Japanese reckoned complete mobilization there must be that the Japanese have many more soldiers to be sent to Manchuria before the arrival in sufficient number. The Russians have little Chinese general Ma and might disregard orders from Join forces with Japan. military authorities have failed to consider the foregoing precautions. Closed?

London, March 24.—The graph publishes a dispatch from Tokyo correspondent under date, which says: "On March 22nd the Japanese attempt to bottle up sixteen warships escorted about steamers to the harbor, and under cover of them, the steamers ran in a desirable position. Of Japanese officers and blue-teared for the duty. An expected this evening."

A special dispatch from the report sent from the Japanese made an at Arthur on March 18th and a British ship.

Asks Chinese to Withdraw from London, March 25.—The British circulars sent to Tokyo correspondent that succeeded in bottling up on the night of March 22nd. From the report sent a special dispatch to the papers announce no development situation, but throw a sidelong glance at the situation.

The Standard's Tientsin correspondent says that Viceroy Li

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE GOODS OF ARTHUR ROBINSON, DECEASED, LATE OF SAULT-LAM, B. C.

All persons having claims against the estate of Arthur Robinson, who died on the 10th February, 1904, are required, before the 12th June, 1904, to send to the undersigned administrator full particulars of their claims, duly verified, and the nature of any securities held by them. They are required to send to the undersigned administrator a copy of the receipt of the assets of said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims which I shall then have notice, and I will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person notice of whose claim shall not have been received by me at the time of such distribution.

Dated 11th March, 1904.
EMILIE ANNIE ROBINSON,
Duncan, B. C.

NOTICE.

Notice is given hereby that 60 days after date I shall apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 40 acres of land, more or less, situate about three miles southeast of Hazelton, B. C., and described as follows: Commencing at a post on the northwest corner of the Indian Reserve No. 8 (Ditah), thence north 20 chains, thence east 20 chains, thence south 20 chains, following the meanderings of the Bulkley river, thence west 20 chains to point of commencement.

JANE HILL,
Hazelton, B. C., February 17th, 1904.

WANTED—Competent working housekeeper with long experience, desirable position. Address X. Y. Z., Times Office.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at the present session thereof by the Pacific Northern & Ontario Railway Company for an Act extending the times limited by section 12 of the Company's Act of Incorporation, being 2 Edward VII, Chapter 90, of the Statutes of Canada, for the commencement and completion of the railway and for the expending of 15 per cent. of the capital stock of the company thereon.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 15th day of March, 1904.
M'PHILLIPS, WOOTTON & BARNARD,
Solicitors for the Company.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post marked F. R. S. E. corner, which is set at high tide mark on the shore at the head of Nasoga Gulf, Coast District, R. S., and thence running north along the west boundary of Lot 50, R. S. 20 chains, thence west 20 chains, thence south 20 chains more or less, to the shore line, and thence easterly along the shore line to point of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less.

FRANK ROUNDY,
Feb. 15th, 1904.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land: Commencing at a post marked F. R. S. E. corner, which is set at high tide mark on the shore at the head of Nasoga Gulf, Coast District, R. S., and thence running north along the west boundary of Lot 50, R. S. 20 chains, thence west 20 chains, thence south 20 chains more or less, to the shore line, and thence easterly along the shore line to point of commencement, containing 40 acres more or less.

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