

PARTY OF PROGRESS

Premier Laurier Promises Montreal That Canal and River Will be Deepened.

A Work That Will be of Immense Benefit to Both the West and East.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 3.—(Special) Premier Laurier has promised Mr. Bikerdike, president of the board of trade, Montreal, who was here yesterday, to give fourteen feet depth in the canals west of Montreal and thirty feet in the river east. It is said that provision will be made in the estimates next session to carry this work to completion. When finished it will be of immense advantage to the far west.

Mr. Boyd arrived here today on private business. He heard Bryan speak recently and considers we have better orators in the Canadian parliament.

Mr. Fraser, who conducted the oil borings near Edmonton for the government, made a report to the director of the survey to-day. He does not despair of getting oil at Athabasca Landing, but cannot get deep enough and will do nothing more until a new location is struck next spring.

The applications for admission to the civil service examinations next week closed on Saturday and reached 1,540, or almost double those of last year; 800 are for the qualifying and 700 for the preliminary.

Horse exporters are asking the government to draft regulations respecting the treatment of horses on shipboard.

Hon. Mr. Peters and Mr. Belline, counsel for Canada before the Behring sea claims commission, and Mr. Venning, chief clerk of the fisheries department, left for Victoria today.

Mr. Torrance, of the Dominion line, saw Hon. Mr. Laurier with the object of securing the mail steamer Canada to be subsidized for the mail service between Halifax and Liverpool.

Hon. Mr. Mallock is expected to bring into the house a bill for amending the laws relating to the Dominion line.

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STRANGE DEATHS.

Bishop of Killaloe Drops Dead on the Street as His Wife Dies at Home.

Dublin, Nov. 3.—The Rt. Rev. Frederick R. Wynne, D. D., Episcopal bishop of Killaloe, Killenora and Kilmacnagh, was found dead this morning on the sidewalk near his residence in this city. The wife of the bishop of Killaloe was found dead in her bedroom soon after his body was discovered on the sidewalk.

An investigation showed that the prelate recently left Killaloe for his home in Dublin on account of his wife's health, and had left the house to fetch a doctor for her about 5:30 a.m., when he fell dead near his residence. His wife, it seems, must have died soon after the bishop left the house.

DEFENDS HIS FATHER. Count Herbert Bismarck on the Recent Disclosures.

London, Nov. 2.—A dispatch from Paris to the Chronicle reports the arrival there of Count Herbert Bismarck and says that in conversation with his intimate associates he defends his father's disclosures regarding the entente between Russia and Germany between 1884 and 1890 as neither sensible nor unadvised, but as having been induced by patriotism.

The Morning Post has a dispatch from Berlin which reports that the government has decided not to prosecute the authors of the disclosures regarding Germany's relations with Russia.

SEVILLE CYCLONE. Caused a Number of Wrecks and Numerous Deaths.

Madrid, Nov. 3.—The sensational report circulated in the United States by a news agency that the town of Huelva had been swept by a tidal wave from the Atlantic ocean is false. It is also false that the steamship Cattania has been overwhelmed by a great wave and most of the persons on board her drowned. The two sensations were probably based on the effects of a cyclone which swept Seville on Wednesday last as announced exclusively by the Associated Press, and which caused a number of fatal wrecks. The bodies drowned are now coming ashore at Huelva, and at Cartagena, a Spanish seaport in the Mediterranean, and almost on the other side of Spain. Sailing vessels were endangered and it is feared several persons were drowned.

EAST OF THE ROCKIES. Religious Services Held at Mercier's Tomb on Sunday.

Sudbury, Nov. 2.—The alleged coal dig here is growing much larger. George Coleman, of Toronto, has made a deposit for the provincial government, and declares the deposit to be of good quality, but the Ottawa authorities, Dr. Dawson and others, cast doubt on the extent and value of the supposed mine. Meantime the owner has orders for all the coal he can mine at \$6 a ton.

Montreal, Nov. 2.—Ten thousand people attended religious services at Mercier's tomb yesterday, which was magnificently decorated. Abbe Le Noir, of Notre Dame, conducted the services. The "Libera" was sung by the Jesuit choir. There was no special speech making.

Coderich, Nov. 2.—Thomas Craig was sentenced to-day to 23 months in prison on each of six charges of forgery.

Quebec, Nov. 2.—In the court of review judgment was rendered against Paard to prevent him entering his \$100,000 Bailles-Chateau case in review.

Toronto, Nov. 2.—A vault in the office of the burser of Toronto University was entered on Saturday night and \$3000 in cash and checks stolen.

C. A. Farini, a wealthy South African mine owner, is here. Mr. Farini has purchased a half interest in the Black Eagle mine in Rossland, and is about completing the organization of a company to buy up another well known property.

Winnipeg, Nov. 2.—F. W. Peters, local freight agent of the C. P. R. here, has been appointed freight agent of the company for the Kootenay district, the British Columbia division having been divided. Mr. Allan Cameron will have charge of the Pacific coast division, with headquarters at Vancouver, while Mr. Peters will be stationed at Nelson.

Byron N. White, chief owner of the Sloane Star silver mine, is here en route home to Sandon, B. C. He has just returned from a trip to the Seine river district, near Rat Portage, and is greatly pleased with the outlook there.

SOUND MONEY WINS

Mark Hanna's Forecast of the Election was Not Very Far Out.

Overwhelming Majority for the Republicans in the Eastern States.

Many of the Doubtful Ones Also Fall into Line for Major McKinley.

Denver, Col., Nov. 3.—The women of this city voted in the presidential election to-day, this being their first opportunity. The weather promises to be favorable. The vote in this city will probably run close to 50,000. The total registration being about 55,000.

Philadelphia, Nov. 3.—The first bloodshed of the day was reported from the Fifth Ward, where Charles Johnson and Gus Glasgow became involved in a quarrel over politics, which ended in both drawing revolvers and blazing away at each other. Johnson had one finger shot away and Glasgow was wounded in the groin. Glasgow was removed to the hospital where the physicians say he is in danger of dying. Johnson was locked up after his wound had been dressed.

Canton, Nov. 3.—McKinley cast his vote at 9 o'clock this morning. It was straight Republican from top to bottom.

Hudson, Mich., Nov. 3.—The Abbott voting machine is being used in the election to-day and the result of the vote in this city will be known sooner than the result in any part of the country. The machine is simple in operation and as the different parts are designated by color, as well as in type, the most ignorant voters find little trouble in using it. Each vote is registered as cast and the total is known as soon as the polls close.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 3.—Bald, the wheelman, went into the White Elephant Hotel to-day with a large wad of money in every pocket. The place is a stronghold of Bryanites. Bald began a series of remarks bearing on the lack of nerve displayed by the silvermen in their betting. He offered to bet \$1000 to \$900 on McKinley. Finally he was taken up by a Canadian farmer, who produced the money in gold pieces. This display shamed two other Bryan men and they offered to do with the \$1000 took them up, leaving \$3000 in the hands of stakeholders. He was anxious to bet a little more, he being confident that Bryan will be among the "also rans."

Chicago, Nov. 3.—Considerable excitement was occasioned at 29th and Halsted streets, where one of the polling places is located, when it was discovered that a boy had died there from malignant diphtheria during the night and another was dying. Steps were at once taken to move the polling place. In the sixth ward an effigy of McKinley with a silver hat on was hanging on a telegraph pole this morning.

At 2 p.m. the Democratic county committee conceded Cook county to McKinley, but say they expect Alford will pull through by a narrow majority. Cook county includes the city of Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—The following table will be found approximately correct as viewed in this morning's light. For McKinley—Maine, 4000 plurality; New Hampshire, 20,000; Vermont, 35,000; Rhode Island, 15,000; Connecticut, 55,000; Massachusetts, 175,000; New York, 285,000; New Jersey, 83,000; Pennsylvania, 300,000; Ohio, 90,000; Delaware, 2500; Maryland, 10,000; West Virginia, 10,000; Kentucky, 10,000; Indiana, 15,000; Illinois, 75,000; Michigan, 25,000; Wisconsin, 140,000; Minnesota, 100,000; Iowa, 70,000; North Dakota, 30,000; South Dakota, 10,000.

For Bryan—Colorado, 110,000; Wyoming, 15,000; Idaho, 15,000; Montana, 14,000; Texas, 75,000; Arkansas, 25,000; Louisiana, 40,000; Mississippi, 50,000; Georgia, 25,000; Alabama, 35,000; Florida, 14,000; South Carolina, 50,000; North Carolina, 25,000; Virginia, 20,000.

Doubtful—Washington, Oregon, California, Kansas, Nebraska, Tennessee, Missouri.

The electoral votes in the McKinley states number 264, of Bryan states 119, of doubtful states, 64. Total, 447. Necessary to choice 224.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 4.—Further returns show that Bryan has carried the state. Taylor, Dem., has been elected governor. An exceedingly large vote was polled.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 4.—Kentucky seems safe for McKinley, though the majority is close. In 1285 precincts out of 1663 his plurality is 3506. The counties not heard from include strong Republican as well as silver ones. The silver counties, based on the percentage of the vote already recorded, would give the state to McKinley by 4744.

Topeka, Nov. 4.—It seems practically certain that Bryan has carried Kansas by a small majority. The chairman of the presidential Democratic state committee claims the state by 13,000. Chairman Simpson of the Republican state committee, however, refuses to surrender and declares complete returns will show a victory for the Republicans.

FAMINE IN INDIA

Relief Works Opened in the Districts Where There Will be Most Suffering.

Sir Richard Temple Thinks That the Work of Supplying Should be Left to Traders.

London, Nov. 2.—Severe distress is feared in the districts of Saugur, Jubulpur, Narsingpur, Poshangabad and a part of Raipur, and in the central provinces. The general prospects in Bengal are gloomy, and if there is no rain in November the distress may be serious in a part of Patna and Bihar. These fears, however, are perhaps exaggerated. Relief works have been opened in three districts of Upper Burma, and relief is likely to be wanted everywhere in Bihar. Distress is also expected in Hyderabad, Bhurpur, Dholpur, Jaisalmer, Bikanir, Tonk, Gwalior, and in parts of Bagkeikhand and Bundelkand. The prices of wheat in the Punjab are from eight to ten seers per rupee, in Bombay from ten to twelve. The effect of the railway facilities will be to make the distress less intense.

A few small riots have been reported, mostly owing to the export of wheat having the effect of raising prices. The troops have twice been called out, once in the Punjab and once in the districts of California wheat have reached Calcutta, and 30,000 tons are believed to have been bought for India, but the home prices are said to be rising. When the news of this report reached Jubulpur the price fell from 8 1/2 to 10 seers per rupee. There are 32,500 persons employed in relief work.

Sir Richard Temple, who has had experience in Indian affairs since 1846, who was at one time secretary to Sir John Lawrence, finance minister of India from 1868 to 1874, has been interviewed on the threatened Indian famine. Sir Richard alluded to the import of California wheat as a unique factor in the situation. He said: "It appears that this wheat can be loaded at Calcutta and sold from 8 to 10 seers per rupee. Such a possibility was dreamed of in my time. If this be true it will suffice to fill the shortage in the Indian supply. Certainly American wheat sold in India at that price will suffice the distressed districts. I do not see the need for the government to interfere in this matter. If the thing can be done by the market, let it be better. I think this is a matter of vital importance, which the government should immediately verify, if it is possible, and if so they should not intervene. If the American supply failed then do not think there is sufficient wheat in India to meet the scarcity, and the government may have to buy supplies wherever a favorable opportunity offers."

CONGRESS AND SENATE. Eastern Papers Predict Complexion of Next House.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—The Times-Herald prints a table of the next house of representatives as follows: Total Republicans 245; Democrats and Populists 195; Republican majorities in all States. Republican majorities in all States: Connecticut 3; Democrats and Populists 3; Republicans for silver 3; Democrats and Populists for silver 119; sound money majority 113. The present complexion of the house is 224 Republicans, 105 Democrats, 6 Populists and 1 silver party.

New York, Nov. 4.—The Tribune's estimate of the next senate of the United States is as follows: Republicans 42, Democrats 33, gold standard Democrats 4, Populists 5, and doubtful 6.

AGAINST THE ITALIANS. Demonstration in Brazil Against the Italian Residents.

New York, Nov. 2.—The Herald's correspondent in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, telegraphs that demonstrations against the Italian residents continue in Santa Paulo. The governor of the state reprimanded the aid of federal troops, but promises to punish those who are the chief offenders. There is a hitch in the settlement of the Italian claims against Brazil. The Italian commissioner, De Martino, and the foreign minister held another conference to-day. The municipalities in the Brazilian state of Piauy caused a conflict in which several lives were lost and many persons wounded. The riot became so serious that the police were compelled to fire upon the crowds in the streets. The Brazilian minister of finance insists that the only means of allaying the financial situation is to require a payment of all duties on imports in gold.

The Herald's correspondent in Montevideo, Uruguay, telegraphs that a duel is probable between Deputy Lemaire and Bachi as a result of the disturbance in the chamber last Thursday. Several deputies are reported to have indulged in insulting epithets.

A collision occurred in San Luis province between the legal authorities and the adherents of the governor, who was suspended. One man was killed and several wounded.

Senator Pelligrini has presented a motion to address a note to the president asking for information as to the condition of the treasury. The financial situation is reported to be strained.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS. Geo. Seales, a Well Known Contractor of Niagara Falls, Completely Restored by the Great South American Kidney Cure—Thousands More Can Bear the Same Testimony.

I was a great sufferer for years with acute kidney disorder and pain in my sides. When almost all other known remedies had been fairly tried and had failed, I was advised to take South American Kidney Cure. One bottle did me so much good I purchased two more. I am now completely restored—feel better than I have for five years. It is a great cure, will give relief in six hours, and I delight in recommending it to others.

FROM THE CAPITAL

A Heated Discussion at a Presbytery Meeting at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 4.—A heated discussion took place here last night at a meeting of the Ottawa presbytery over the ordination of a minister in Montebello, in the province of Quebec. Mr. Knowles, of the Stovorton Presbyterian church spoke out plainly on the subject, saying that money was wasted in this way when it could be used to advantage in English mission fields in the Northwest. Those of the Catholic religion were well enough where they were. He believed in looking after French Protestants. Knowles' speech created a warm debate but it was finally decided to extend the necessary money to have the Presbyterian missionary at Montebello ordained.

By Associated Press. The supreme court was to-day engaged in a very important case, that of the schooner F. Gerring, Jr., vs. the Queen. The Gerring was an American schooner seized within the three mile limit of the coast of Nova Scotia and condemned by the admiralty court of that province. Her cargo of 200 barrels of mackerel, equipment and everything was forfeited. The owners of the schooner appealed to the supreme court. The case was argued to-day, Mr. McEwen, Q.C., of Halifax, appearing for the owners of the schooner and Mr. E. L. Newcombe, Q.C., deputy minister of justice for the Crown. The defence of the owners is that the fish was caught outside the three-mile limit, and they were discharging their nets when the capture was made, having drifted with the wind over the line. The point is as to what constitutes "fishing" or "taking fish" within the meaning of the treaty. Judgment was reserved.

COMPANION OF SIRIUS. Observations Prove It to be in Its Predicted Position.

Lick Observatory, Nov. 3.—The bright star Sirius has a small companion which was discovered by Alvin Clark, Jr., in 1862. It is especially interesting because its existence was predicted in 1844 by Bessel from a consideration of the irregular motion of the larger star. The small star moved about Sirius in an orbit whose circuit is completed in about fifty years. The mass of the small star is about one-half the mass of Sirius, though it has only one ten-thousandth part of its light. The mass of the companion is substantially the same as the sun's mass.

Recent observations at Mount Hamilton by Prof. Aitken on October 24, 25 and 31, and by Prof. Schaeberle on October 29 and 31 show conclusively that Clark's companion of Sirius is in its predicted position. The observations are 3.70 seconds. The observations in full will be printed in the astronomical journals, officially announcing the rediscoversy at the Lick observatory of the object first found by Clark in 1862.

THE TARTE-GRENIER CASE. The Defendant's "Bluff" Telegram to Hon. Mr. Tarte.

Montreal Star: In answer to the dispatch sent Saturday to Hon. J. I. Tarte, by W. A. Grenier of La Libre Parole, calling on the minister not to delay his return so that the trial for libel might proceed, Messrs. Danurand & Brodeur state that at the same moment of the sending of the telegram they were served with the following copy of a motion to be presented on Nov. 2 by Messrs. Cornellier, Fontaine and La Belle, counsel for Mr. Grenier.

Whereas the defence in this case is specially long to prepare; Whereas the defendant has a plea of justification to offer; Whereas the facts, the justification of which must be pleaded, extend back a number of years, and that consequently the resources will be lengthy and difficult;

Whereas, for these causes, the defendant needs a supplementary delay to prepare his said defence;

There is granted to him by this court a delay of one month to produce the said defence, the whole with costs, distraits to the undersigned.

(Signed) W. A. Grenier. Cornellier, Fontaine & Labelle, Counsel for Defendant.

The above notice of motion is accompanied by the following sworn statement dated Oct. 23rd: "And the said W. A. Grenier, the defendant in this case, being sworn in the Holy Evangelists, disposes and says that all the allegations of the present motion are true, and that the delay asked for will be necessary to produce the defence.

"And has signed, etc. (Signed) W. A. Grenier. La Patrie, commenting on the above, says: "As all the facts are the same in the criminal as in the civil suit, how is it that lengthy researches are necessary in one case and not in the other? No bluff if you please. There was really no reason to send the dispatch in question."

How to Cure Bilious Colic. I suffered for weeks with colic and pains in my stomach caused by biliousness and had to take medicine all the while until I used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy which cured me. I have since recommended it to a good many people. Mrs. F. Butler, Fairhaven, Conn. Persons who are subject to bilious colic can ward off the attack by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms appear. Sold by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

B. Springer was a passenger on the Charming from Vancouver last evening.

Shipping notices, advertisements for 'Light P. Res. Ers.', 'OS., Ltd.', and 'Bridge'.

Advertisement for 'CASTORIA For Infants and Children' by J. C. Watson, including a testimonial and a signature.

SUGAR COATING

Europe Pleased at the Defeat of Silver, but Fears Protection.

Result Will Have Some Bearing on the Cuban Situation.

London, Nov. 4.—The Evening Standard to-day makes this statement: "Al- though McKinley is the champion of the fiscal policy designed to close the ports of the United States to British goods, there can be no doubt that his defeat of the free silver candidate is a matter of satisfaction in this country."

Paris, Nov. 4.—The election in the United States was watched with great interest in France and is commented on at length. "Europe has little reason to rejoice," McKinley means a sign of acute protectionism. While the defeat of bi-metalism in Europe is a blow to bi-metalism in Europe.

Le Journal des Debats remarks: "The result has delivered America from a great peril. It could not be a matter of humanity that one of the richest and most active nations was to be plunged into ruin, and probably menaced by a violent disorder and misery rising from the stoppage of work."

The Rogers typograph operators and composing staff of the Tribune newspaper went on strike this morning against a reduction in wages. The paper appears to-night presenting a fairly good appearance.

Chief Engineer Coste, of Ottawa, says that no engineering difficulties would be encountered in making improvements at the St. Andrew's rapids on the Red River.

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Sir Charles Tupper will be in Montreal on Thursday for the purpose of meeting the members of the Liberal Conservative organization of Montreal and conferring with them in regard to the reorganization of the party in the province.

The Tarte-Grenier criminal libel case was called in the court of Queen's bench yesterday, but owing to the absence of Mr. Tarte, it could not be proceeded with and an adjournment was made.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—The employees of the W. E. Stanford Manufacturing Co., who have been notified that their wages will be reduced ten per cent., from Nov. 1. Keen business competition is given as the reason for this.

Toronto, Nov. 4.—Prof. Coleman, mineralogist from the Ontario government, who returned from Sudbury to-day, where he went to investigate the alleged discovery of coal in Algoma, says there is no coal there. He found no trace of it that was all.

The Young Conservative Club have rejected a motion favoring the passage of a Dominion labor law.

The serious outbreak of diphtheria has occurred in the neighborhood of Dorset, Muskoka, caused by men suffering from disease being sent out from Gilmore's lumber camp. The disease is also reported from points in both Bruce and Simcoe counties.

There are no new developments in the Varsity safe blowing affair. The police are working on the theory that some one in the building is implicated.

VICTORS REJOICE

New York Papers Discuss the Defeat of Bryan and Free Silver.

Atgeld Blames the Democrats for the Defeat of the Party—Still Hopeful.

New York, Nov. 3.—The Tribune, editorially, says: "Thank God, the Tribune, with all its readers, all honest men and patriots in this country, and all men everywhere who believe in the reign of law and justice, of civil order, draws a long breath, and in concert with them all says: 'Thank God.' Nothing else fully expresses the profound emotion, the deep and almost unutterable sense of gratitude which pervades the whole country this morning. Even the most unyielding and skeptical unite in fervent and whole-souled ejaculations. It is the only adequate expression of the general sense that gives relief."

The Times says: "The end of the decision has been reached and now to business. We have had three years of silver panic and business depression. We have given three months to Bryan. Capital has been frightened, enterprise discouraged, industry paralyzed, and that we have utterly annihilated Bryan and sixteen to one, let everybody pluck up courage and get to work."

The Herald says: "Bryan was considered a stumbling block to prosperity and the people just put him out of the way. The government has been saved from invasion by the men who have backed Mr. Bryan in his enterprise, men who have never heretofore trusted, men who have openly advocated such changes that party lines have been erased in order that patriots might meet the menace with a solid front."

The Journal says: "We have no inclination to war with the jury of the people because of their verdict. If they have condemned the Democratic proposal to renege on silver, it is because they have not been sure of its expediency and have been made doubtful of its morality. Further time is needed to convince them that it is both expedient and right."

The Sun says: "The full dimensions of the victory yesterday by the American people cannot be measured exactly at the present time. The country has repudiated the repudiators, has warned the promoters of the revolution to keep their hands off our institutions, and voted to maintain unimpaired the nation's honor by one of the most impressive demonstrations of honest patriotism."

The World says: "Not since the fall of Richmond have patriotic Americans had such cause for rejoicing as they feel to-day. Then the integrity of union was secured, now its honor is preserved."

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Victor L. Stevenson, of the National Silver party, today issued the following statement: "If the final results show that Mr. Bryan is defeated, it does not demonstrate that free silver is defeated by the means of the 'extreme' party."

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EAST OF THE ROCKIES

Publisher of the Regina Leader Committed for Trial for Libel.

Dominion Line Steamer Canada Makes a Fast Trip Across the Atlantic.

Winnipeg, Nov. 4.—At Regina to-day Walter Scott, publisher of the Regina Leader, was committed to stand his trial on a charge of criminal libel preferred by Nicholas Flood Davin, M.P. for West Assiniboia. The alleged libel appeared in the Leader of October 15.

The Winnipeg Board of Trade has adopted a resolution concluding as follows: "Resolved, that the Dominion government be urgently requested to immediately take such steps as will result in the construction, at the earliest possible time, of the railway through Crow's Nest Pass, so that those portions of Canada lying east of British Columbia may have better means of communication and trade with the Kootenay and Okanagan districts of British Columbia, and so that such trade may not become diverted from Canada."

An Edmonton dispatch says: "The jury in the case against Kamekew Egart and Pierre Alexis at Island Lake returned a verdict of manslaughter. The prisoners were sentenced to ten years in the Manitoba penitentiary. Mary Gray for being an accessory after the fact will be tried to-morrow."

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THE WITNESSES FOR THE PROSECUTION HAVE ALL BEEN SUMMONED.

Messrs Miller, Croft, and Ditchburn Tell of Their Dealings With Lawrence.

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John W. Millar, ledger keeper of the Bank of B. N. A. was the first witness called; he produced and recognized the note which was discounted at the Bank by J. A. Lawrence, the accused.

W. E. Ditchburn was next called. He said he knew the accused, who on Sept. 12 last while at his house, told him of his property at Goldstream. On September 15 witness said he went to Goldstream with the object of taking up a claim. A week later, on Sept. 25, he went out again. He had two specimens of quartz taken from the mine, which he gave to the accused, who said they came from Goldstream. The witness could not say whether the quartz exhibited in court was that which he had.

Henry Croft, called, said that in September last accused made a proposition to him regarding the Goldstream mines. He wanted to sell him an interest in them. Accused told him of the high assays and showed him the assay certificate, but did not give him any. He also showed him some specimens of some gold and quartz. Witness said he visited Goldstream and brought back some rock with him which he had assayed, resulting in a trace of gold and a trace of silver. He did not say anything in regard to the proposition of the accused, who, he said, never mentioned the Ophir mine to him. Accused spoke to him of a mill test he was going to have made. Witness advised him that at that time it would be good as a mill test of a small quantity of rock would be a mere assay.

This closed the case for the prosecution. Accused, on the advice of his solicitor, did not make any statement. As the defence wish to call witnesses, the case was adjourned until this evening at 8 o'clock.

THE DEATH OF RHODERICK.

Foreman Keane Exonerated by the Coroner's Jury.

A coroner's jury sat at Camp McKinley on Wednesday of this week to inquire into the death of a man called Matthew Rhoderick.

Joseph Keane, foreman in employ of the Cariboo Mining Company, testified that he had been instructed by the police authorities to be on the watch for Rhoderick, who was suspected of having been connected with the highway robbery in August last when Mr. G. B. McAuley was "held-up" and relieved of gold bricks valued in the neighborhood of \$10,000. He (witness) was ordered to detain Rhoderick if necessary.

On the day that Rhoderick came by his death information had been received that the suspected highway man was in the vicinity, and he (witness) accompanied by another employe of the company named Graham left together to discover Rhoderick's whereabouts. They suddenly came upon their man walking along the road. Graham immediately hid behind a stump, but he (witness) had time to do so. He called out "Is that you, Mat?" when Rhoderick raised the Winchester rifle he was carrying and pointed it at witness who immediately fired his revolver, noticing by the flash that Rhoderick's rifle was pointed directly at his breast—instantly killing him. The witness evidently felt very keenly the position in which he was so unfortunately placed.

After other witnesses had been heard the jury brought in a verdict of "justifiable homicide," exonerating Keane from all blame. The jury was composed of: H. Nicholson (foreman), J. Atwood, W. H. Black, A. Cosens, Geo. M. Bennett, V. R. Swanson. Dr. Jakes, of Greenwood, coroner for this district, presided.—Boundary Creek Times.

"The worst cold I ever had in my life was cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes W. H. Norton, of Surter Creek, Cal. "This cold left me with a cough and I was expecting all the time. The Remedy cured me, and I want all my friends when troubled with a cough or cold to use it, for it will do them good." Sold by all druggists. Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Warning... \$100 REWARD

It has come to our knowledge that certain persons, for the purpose of helping off their unseizable stock of clothing, have taken our guarantee cards from the pockets of garments of our make and have put them in the pockets of other goods of inferior make, thus leading the purchaser to believe he was getting Shorey's clothing and thereby damaging our reputation.

We therefore wish to give notice to our customers and the public, that we will prosecute, to the full rigour of the law, any one whom we can prove to have done this, and we will pay a reward of \$100.00 to the person who will give us sufficient evidence to convict any dealer of this offence.

H. SHOREY & CO., Montreal.

N.B.—We are spending a great deal of money to make the merits of our clothing known to the public and we insist upon dealers giving us the names of their customers.

On Sunday the Northern Pacific liner Olympian sailed for this port from Vancouver. Among her cargo she has 100 bales of silk, a large quantity of tea, curios, etc. Her passenger list is very large. The Victoria, of the same line, will sail outward on Friday morning with 100 passengers. She has a large cargo of machinery, cotton goods, lumber and flour. Twelve of the inward bound Chinese are still being held on the Victoria awaiting further examination.

The Mexico left for San Francisco last evening with the following passengers on board: E. Duchemin, A. D. Campbell, F. J. Rob and wife, Miss J. L. Brown, J. L. McBain, R. Hocking and Edward Donald.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Retail Quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Corrected.

Table listing market prices for various goods including flour, sugar, and other commodities.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date, application will be made to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works by me for the purchase of 100 acres of land (more or less) situated on the north shore of the mouth of Marib creek, in the West side of the mouth of the Klaskan river, bounded as follows: Starting from a post planted on the north bank of the above river, thence running north 40 chains, thence west to a point on the shore of the above river, thence southerly and easterly following the contour of the shore to place of commencement.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 8th day of September, A.D. 1896.

(SIGNED) T. WALKER.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date, application will be made to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works by me for the purchase of 100 acres of land (more or less) situated on the north shore of the Klaskan river, bounded as follows: Starting at a post planted on the north bank of the Klaskan river, thence running easterly along the north bank of said river for a distance of 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence west to a point on the shore of the Klaskan river, thence southerly following the contour of the shore to place of commencement.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 9th day of September, A.D. 1896.

(SIGNED) H. CHAPMAN.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at a stake marked "J. H." on the shore line of the east coast of Prince Rupert Island, thence westerly 40 chains; thence southerly forty chains; thence easterly forty chains; thence northerly forty chains; thence southerly following the contour of the shore to place of commencement.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 9th day of September, A.D. 1896.

(SIGNED) A. E. GREEN.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands: Situated on Rivers' Inlet, commencing at a stake planted at the northeast corner, running south along the shore 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence back to place of commencement.

Staked August 22nd, 1896.

(SIGNED) E. J. GREEN.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for leave to purchase a piece of land about 2 miles north of China Hat Reserve, commencing at a post planted at the northeast corner, running north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains to place of commencement.

October 22nd, 1896.

(SIGNED) J. D. WARREN.

BRITAIN IS PLEASED

All the London Papers Comment Favorably on Bryan's Defeat.

Causes Considerable Excitement and Buying on the Stock Exchange.

High Tariff is Not as Bad as Free Silver, Says the London Star.

London, Nov. 4.—The election of McKinley as president of the United States has had a marked effect upon American securities here to-day. Business on the stock exchange opened with a rush to buy Milwaukee and Louisvilles, which advanced quickly and were followed by the entire list advancing from \$2 to \$9, which sent brokers flying hither and yon in every direction.

The Star remarks: "We, in England, have reason to rejoice over the overwhelming defeat of the attack upon the gold standard. Great bills may be in store, but no high tariff can imperil the title of the ruin which Bryan's victory would have entailed. There will be an immediate improvement of business, for the election of McKinley, or rather defeat of Bryan will restore confidence in the financial honesty and stability of the United States. The sound, common sense of the American people has saved the Republic from worse than civil or foreign war."

The Globe states: "Had the polling run close encouragement would have been afforded to Democrats to maintain soft money and socialism as planks in their platform, but, in face of the ignominious rejection of these revolutionary principles by the American electors, the managers of that party can scarcely keep alive an agitation which ended so disastrously. From an outside standpoint, the most satisfactory outcome of the battle is the convincing blow it strikes at the cause of confiscation all the way over and the event clearly proves the average American elector declines to associate himself directly or indirectly with the expropriation of property by confiscation."

The Canadian Gazette has this to say on the subject: "Canadians join with the English in hearty congratulations to the great republic over this fresh evidence of its good sense and honesty." The St. James' Gazette congratulates the United States upon the result and adds: "Especially the rout of Altgeld, the Anarchist governor of Illinois, who made the personal fight against President Cleveland." The same paper writes the following comments: "The movement will take more than one defeat before finally killed and looks very much as if our American kinsmen were more likely beginning a great social and economic struggle."

A financial article in the Daily Telegraph suggests that possibly the silverites in the United States, smarting under defeat, will foment an agitation-taking forms of riots, which may seriously affect the price, at least temporarily. The Sun says: "The great republic has risen magnificently to a great occasion. By the rising of an almost unfeeling nation the silver craze has been effectively scorched, if not killed." The Westminster Gazette says: "With the election of McKinley, the great scare vanishes for the moment. But, while the perils of free silver are avoided for the present, the perils of protection and capitalism in more extreme forms, remain to be encountered. Putting out of sight the results to this country, which must follow the fresh access of McKinleyism, no one friendly to the United States can view the prospect without alarm. If the tyranny of commercial and financial corporations is not abandoned there must be a growth of Populism and aggravation of the ill feeling which, when the next struggle comes, will threaten more dangerous consequences."

The Pall Mall Gazette, during the course of an editorial headed "A Land Slide," says: "The decision is accepted with universal consent in this country as being emphatically to the credit of the great American electorate. It implies that the democracy, when confronted with issues vital to its future, will rally to the reality and repudiate the sham. Between Altgeld and Bryan, they succeeded in pulverizing their cause until dust is substantial in comparison." The article in the Pall Mall concludes with a tribute to President Cleveland, whom it says "has discarded the traditions of a lifetime and lent authority to financial righteousness."

FIRE AT COLDSTREAM. Lord Aberdeen's Study Completely Destroyed. Vernon, B. C., Nov. 3.—The Governor-General's study was completely destroyed by fire last night. Nothing in the office was saved. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is about \$600, partly insured. The office is about 100 yards from their house, but the house was saved.

All cases of weak or lame back, backache, rheumatism, will find relief by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Plasters. Price 25 cents. Try them.

TO GLORIFY BERNHARDT

Arrangements Being Made for the Fair by a Committee.

London, Nov. 3.—A Fair in honor of the Gravelle says a committee has been formed, including Vicomte Henri de Borne, Francois Coppee, Ludovic Halévy, Jules Lemaître, Victorien Sardou, M. Sully Prudhomme and a host of other distinguished Frenchmen. Letters, to arrange for a solemn festival to glorify Mme. Sara Bernhardt. M. Sadoy presided at the inaugural meeting of the committee at which a plan was proposed for a luncheon by Mme. Bernhardt's admirers, followed by a special performance at the Theatre de la Renaissance, in which Mme. Bernhardt will appear in three of her principal roles. M. Coppee, Heredia, Cantelme, Médias and André Theuriot will then recite complimentary verses, and M. Theuriot will crown her queen of the French drama.

TO VISIT OUR MINES.

The Representative of a Prominent California Mining Journal Arrives.

Amongst the arrivals by yesterday's City of Puebla was R. W. Wilson, a special travelling correspondent of the Mining and Scientific Press, of San Francisco, who will spend some time in visiting the mining districts of the province. Mr. Wilson has spent the greater part of the last year in reporting on the mines of the great mother lode of California, and says that wherever he went amongst the miners he found the greatest interest being taken in the new discoveries in British Columbia. In an interview Mr. Wilson said this morning: "For the past few months I have heard so much talk about the new discoveries here that I have been anxious to visit the ground and furnish through the Mining and Scientific Press some of the latest news of popular information, a little more accurate than what finds its way as a rule into papers published outside the district itself. I am satisfied that next spring there will be a large influx of miners and mining men from California, and the paper I represent wishes to be early in the field with correct information. I have met a large number of English miners along the California mother lode who are now steadily working to acquire a stake in the intention of coming here in the spring. The laws here are better for the miner, and particularly so for the miner who is an alien. A mistaken impression is widely spread amongst American miners that men coming here must become British subjects before they can take up a mining claim. Of course a man must take out his naturalization papers in the United States before he can locate a claim there, and the belief is almost universal that the reverse process is necessary here. But for this misunderstanding of the facts hundreds of men who went to Alaska last summer would have come to British Columbia. They will come here by next spring. It is important to note the attention that San Francisco journals are giving to mining matters here, and the British Columbia newspapers are receiving the attention of the exchange editors to an extent that has hitherto been unusual. The greatest satisfaction that is everywhere expressed is that the studios moderation adopted by the local newspaper press in describing the commenting on the new discoveries. It is giving the news fully, but with perfect impartiality and absence of any attempt to create a 'boom,' the newspapers of British Columbia are doing an excellent service, with the outside world. There is a feeling of security and confidence in the future, and to the practical miner there is a feeling of positive relief that his lot is not treated with the hysterical exaggeration which is usually characteristic of new gold discoveries."

Mr. Wilson will stay for a few days in Victoria and thereafter visit the different mining districts, returning to San Francisco about the end of the year.

UNIVERSITY OF OTTAWA.

High Authority gives Unimpeachable Testimony for RYCKMAN'S KOOTENAY CURE.

He Used the Medicine Himself and Recommends It.

BE SURE AND READ HIS LETTER.

University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Canada, April 10, 1896.

Dear Mr. Ryckman, I wrote to you in July last stating that I derived much benefit to my health from taking two bottles of your truly marvellous remedy "Kootenay Cure." Since then I have taken three more bottles, and am now pleased to be able to inform you that I am freed from chronic and acute rheumatism, Diabetes and La Grippe. This is the first winter since 1890 that I have escaped from having several severe attacks of La Grippe, and notwithstanding the incessant and onerous duties of my position in this university, I have, thank God, enjoyed excellent health since August last.

I have recommended the remedy to many persons, both inside and outside of the university and in most cases with entire success. These include persons suffering from Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, Polio, Salt Rheum, Loss of Appetite, General Debility, Insomnia, Somnambulism, Skin Diseases, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, La Grippe, etc. In some of these cases the patients had been under the care of physicians for several months without relief and were cured by using a bottle or two of "Kootenay." I shall add, as the "Family Medicine for this Institution."

Yours truly and gratefully, (Sd.) J. M. McGuckin, O.M.I., D.D., Rector.

The funeral of the infant son of Mr. Charlton took place from the family residence, 14 Milne street, this afternoon. Rev. Mr. Cleaver conducted the services.

TO ATTACK HAVANA

That is said to be the object of the insurgent General Maceo.

Spanish Vessels Captured and the Provisions Given to the Insurgents.

New York, Nov. 3.—A dispatch to the Herald from Key West, Fla., says: A prominent Cuban resident of this city said to your correspondent that without assuming the role of a prophet, the Herald could positively announce that the city of Havana would be besieged by Maximo Gomez within the next sixty days. To that end, he said, Gomez and all the rebel forces were now marching westward toward the capital. This Cuban direct communication with the insurgents. He also stated that there was no confirmation of a rumor circulated by Cuban passengers who arrived here last night that towns in the immediate outskirts of the city of Havana had been already besieged by the insurgents.

While the Havana papers, many of which were received by the steamer last night, continue to maintain silence in regard to Maceo's movements since his flight from the city, the other Cuban papers here, apparently equally well informed, express doubt that Maceo has left the province of Pinar del Rio, which movement, they say, would imply defeat for the cause of the insurgents. The explanation is offered, however, that an abandonment of the territory has been made, as General Ruiz Ribiera, veteran of the last war, has been left in command of the Havana province, and that although he has not yet been ordered to leave the island, he is in the process of preparing to do so. Gomez has not been heard from since his attack upon the town of Casacero. The ominous silence of Gomez is said to preclude the possibility of a series of important attacks on the principal cities of the Havana province, and the other provinces. Philadelphia, Nov. 3.—A letter received in this city by Saturday's mail from Havana throws light upon recent events on the Island of Cuba. One letter in particular, with the late occurrence in mind, gives a very hopeful view of the present Cuban situation. This letter says that Antonio Maceo has not attempted to reach Havana province, and that although he has not yet been ordered to leave the island, he is in the process of preparing to do so. Gomez has not been heard from since his attack upon the town of Casacero. The ominous silence of Gomez is said to preclude the possibility of a series of important attacks on the principal cities of the Havana province, and the other provinces. Philadelphia, Nov. 3.—A letter received in this city by Saturday's mail from Havana throws light upon recent events on the Island of Cuba. One letter in particular, with the late occurrence in mind, gives a very hopeful view of the present Cuban situation. This letter says that Antonio Maceo has not attempted to reach Havana province, and that although he has not yet been ordered to leave the island, he is in the process of preparing to do so. Gomez has not been heard from since his attack upon the town of Casacero. The ominous silence of Gomez is said to preclude the possibility of a series of important attacks on the principal cities of the Havana province, and the other provinces.

WEYLER AT WORK.

Necessary Witnesses and Others Thrown into Jail.

New York, Nov. 2.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: Owing to a notice of protest from Consul-General Lee, taking exception to the new court martial of the Competitor's crew, begun in Fort Cassabane recently, the proceedings in the case have been temporarily suspended. A summons has, however, been published in the local papers requiring various witnesses to appear and file written evidence against the prisoners. One member of the expedition, George Ferran, who after landing in Havana, was captured by the Spaniards and was pardoned under General Weyler's amnesty decree, has just been arrested to await trial as a witness. James Brown, a British subject, and a resident of Havana, business circles, has been imprisoned upon a political charge.

TO PROTECT BELL.

Representative of the United States Will Watch his Case.

London, Nov. 3.—Ivory, alias Bell, the alleged dynamite maker, is now producing fifteen years ago, is now producing the material at the rate of over 800,000 tons a year. Scotland is not making quite the same amount of progress, but even there the advance has been marvellous seeing that 222,782 tons were produced there in the first half of the present year, where only a few thousand tons were produced at the only works of the kind established in Scotland a few years ago.

A BRITISH OPINION.

What Mr. Drucker Thinks of Our Mining Regions. London, Nov. 3.—Adolphus Drucker, Conservative member of parliament in Northampton, has just returned from a trip to British Columbia. Upon being interviewed he said he thought there was a tremendous future for the country and that it was going ahead nearly every where. American capital, he said, had been developing the country, but Englishmen were now spoiling it by the enormous prices they were asking for every mining claim. Americans were doing it in the most unbecoming manner. Mr. Drucker said he had met with an English element well travelling in British Columbia.

AT STITTSVILLE!

The Town's Leading Merchant Laid Up.

Rheumatism in various forms is one of the most common diseases there is. It arises generally from impure blood and a broken down system. In the limbs it is painful; in most of the internal organs it is dangerous, and in the heart usually fatal.

The experience of Mr. S. Mann, the well known general merchant of Stittsville, is interesting: "Last winter I was badly afflicted with rheumatism. I decided to try Dr. Chase's Pills. To my surprise, I got immediate relief, and before I had used one box my affliction was gone. "I was also troubled with biliousness for years, and at intervals of three or four weeks would be laid up with a severe headache and sick stomach. Since using Chase's Pills I have not had an attack of either. "I may add that Dr. Chase's Ointment for piles and skin diseases is just as effective as Dr. Chase's Pills for blood troubles. I have a clerk who suffers terribly from bleeding piles. He tried Chase's Ointment and in a few days was completely cured." All dealers and Edmondson, Bates & Co., manufacturers, Toronto, 25c. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for cures, 25c. The inspection of the new uniforms of the city police force took place this afternoon.

Called Out.

That is what we are doing every day.

CHALLENGING competition, meeting every man, woman and child equally.

No squit guns at long range or nauseous compounds at all, but a straight shot at the heart of a big parcel for your money and wing our opponents every time for cash. No seconds. Market advancing, all bread-stuffs are up, flour jumping, rolled oats following suit and canned goods in the procession. We make no change in prices this week.

Put up in Tins and Bottles.

Dixie H. Ross & Co. Government Street.

BRITISH STEEL MAKING.

During the last week the British Iron Trade Association has collected and published the statistics of the production of steel in the United Kingdom for the first half of the present year. The figures show an almost unprecedented increase of output, which is a specially interesting fact in view of the discussion that has been going on for the last year or more as to the alleged superiority of German methods and the success of Continental competition. It appears that the total production of steel for the first six months of the present year, was as much as 1,909,320 tons, or, at the rate of 3,038,040 tons a year, which is far the largest output of steel hitherto arrived at in any single year by any European country. The figures have, however, in several years been exceeded by the steel output of the United States. The largest increase of output seems to have taken place in the open hearth steel industry, which, although not much over 25 years old, and scarcely worked on a commercial scale 20 years ago, now yields over 2,100,000 tons per annum. This is an advantage which is without parallel in any other branch of British iron making, and is perhaps, unique in the history of British industry. The north of England, where only a few hundred tons of open hearth steel were produced fifteen years ago, is now producing the material at the rate of over 800,000 tons a year. Scotland is not making quite the same amount of progress, but even there the advance has been marvellous seeing that 222,782 tons were produced there in the first half of the present year, where only a few thousand tons were produced at the only works of the kind established in Scotland a few years ago.

JEALOUS RIVALS

Cannot turn back the Tide.—The demand for Dr. Agnew's Little Pills is a marvel.

It's the old story, "The Survival of the Fittest" and "Jealousy its own destroyer." Cheap to buy, but diamonds in quality—banish nausea, coated tongue, water brash, pain after eating, sick headache, never grip operate pleasantly, 40 doses in a vial. 10 cents at all druggists.

SOUDAN EXPEDITION.

Sir Herbert Kitchener to Confer With British War Office.

London, Nov. 2.—Sir H. H. Kitchener, commander-in-chief of the Egyptian troops, started from Cairo for London this morning to confer with the British war office in regard to the immediate advance of the Soudan expedition from Dongola to Khartoum.

THE O. R. & N. STEAMER MOUNT LEBANON

has arrived at Portland from the Orient. She is due here on the 10th inst.

BLOOD-THIRST.

The passion of which the word "blood-thirst" is truly descriptive seems to be a kind of temporary mania excited in human beings by killing human beings, and in them only by that act. Animals are free of it. Even the great felines, with their ferocity developed by generations of hunger, never display it—never, for example, attack whole herds for the pleasure of killing beasts which they cannot eat. There is a faint approach to it in the dog who "worries" a flock of sheep, but he does not kill the spot, and seems at all events to be actuated not by lust of blood or even by the spirit of tyranny, but by an insane desire for a special dainty—the fat of the sheep's liver.

ACHE

is the base of so many lives that here where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it without a word.

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Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all said here—

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A Pointer for Athletes

Johnston's Fluid Beef

GIVES STRENGTH Without Increase of Flesh

Put up in Tins and Bottles.

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CHALLENGING competition, meeting every man, woman and child equally.

No squit guns at long range or nauseous compounds at all, but a straight shot at the heart of a big parcel for your money and wing our opponents every time for cash. No seconds. Market advancing, all bread-stuffs are up, flour jumping, rolled oats following suit and canned goods in the procession. We make no change in prices this week.

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EAST OF THE

Announcement of Settlement

Montreal, Nov. 4.—The east end of the ship last night three children of the shipboard. They were aged 13, Florrie, aged 9. The fire broke out in the case of the baby of Gerlie was disfigured. The skull was casual observer, it had been struck severely by the building. The boiler, the other two injured, but in the case of three, all the evidence that the poor children were taken to death. A part of it all was that mother vainly attempted at the risk of their lives to pick up a bundle of the fondly believed children till she felt the fireman who caught damage to the building.

Winnipeg, Nov. 3.—I today visiting Prince expected to return to row. Yesterday at Re-sented with a civic hon. gentleman as he travelled across the border what account it was and one of which was a land of which he was proud. He was peace and harmony in the streets, rattle and of the was glad to find that had existed in the N-gard to his position as he works, he said that the best position for one of the straggling of human nature—increasing with the absence of resistance. It might, indeed, be possible to hold them partly irresponsible, but for the fact that they can instantly be reduced to order and sanity by appealing to their fears. A few soldiers, a volley, and the wildest mob made, literally mad to all appearance with blood-thirst, will become on the instant reasonable, will take orders, will abandon, and in some instances even regret, its frightful excesses. A whiff of grape shot would have calmed the French Terrorists at any moment, and a thousand of the Irish Constabulary with rifles would restore the worst mob of Constantinople to comparative sanity in ten minutes.—London Spectator.

Collingwood Schriepke for the West deputy minister's trip work done by the C.P. loops and Yale. If his factory, which averages work, \$579,000, will be nearly completed. Mr. he would not inspect Pass with a view of deterring of burglary lately. There is too much movement to permit inspection will return next week. The Victoria Hockey of Canada, has raised erection of a monument of Free Hibernians, a member of the champion and was accidentally killed and his body buried at Bowmanville, Ont.

Winnipeg has been again the scene of a robbery, the cleaning out of a dry store. To-day a great caused by the arrest of thony Egan, member known railroad country. The robbery was a jewelry was found in the Robert Morran, a we farmer of Holland settlement here for the murder heart Hannah Hatton, of Free Hibernians, was March 30 she was ran and next morning found on the prairie with Blood stains were four clothes.

Toronto, Nov. 4.—The school settlement can be learned, will be maintaining the national schools, unity of system, principle of state control, a certain amount of de-struction that as Prussia will not satisfy everybody, render them unacceptable, a difficulty of the plan suggested by the authorities, leaving the matter the control of parents.

Winnipeg, Nov. 4.—Pr with great interest by Hon. Mr. Durré will on to Winnipeg from Reg conference with the Gt settlement. It is consid-Prize public announce made of the settlement, the nature of the comp-carefully kept a secret, are merely guesses.

For 25 Years, Says Mrs. of Ashley Park, N. J. Bottles of Dr. Agnew's for the Heart by the Lost Treat.

For twenty-five years great sufferer from heart-pitiation, dizziness and I saw Dr. Agnew's Cure advertised, and determined to try it. One of two pills made a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action cause all who use them. In vials of 50 pills. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

clean shipping ore in the bottom, and a drift has been started to the west into the hill on the vein which now shows and has shown from the start two feet of absolutely clean fine-grained pyrrhotite. This ore carries very little copper, but averages over \$30 per ton in gold.

VANCOUVER.

The report that the C. P. R. intended to build a ferry boat to carry loaded cars of freight from Vancouver to Nanaimo appears to be without foundation. Superintendent Abbott denies all knowledge of such a plan.

Mr. Glover's store on Hastings street was broken into by thieves recently and \$25 worth of goods taken out. Although the matter was kept out of the newspapers as a favor to the police, no trace of the thieves has been found.

The C. P. R. intend to immediately construct a steamer for service on Skeena lake. The steamer will be built on the plan of the Aberdeen, plying on Okanagan lake; will be 100 feet long and handsomely fitted up.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

For the week ending Nov. 3 five claims a day have been registered at the mining recorder's office. The claims were located in Chilliwack, North Arm, Harrison River, Howe Sound and Fort Douglas.

Acting Chief Cartey has been appointed permanent chief of the police force, and Constable Dillabough sergeant.

Aulay Morrison, M.P., has been thanked by the council for promptly bringing before the governing matters connected with the city.

The council has received word from Mr. Morrison that the penitentiary water supply trouble will be adjusted at an early date. Mr. Morosey writes to the council that the government would ask for a rebate of a portion of the amount charged to them for water. The government object to paying regular rates.

NANAIMO.

Mrs. Hannah Smithurst, relict of the late Elijah Smithurst, of Union, was drowned on Tuesday evening while endeavoring to board the steamer Princess Louise, having mistaken that boat for the City of Nanaimo, by which she intended to return home.

The body was recovered from the water on the 4th, falling between the boat and the wharf. Her body was recovered. Mrs. Smithurst was born in Turner Wood, Yorkshire, England, and has lived in Nanaimo and vicinity for over thirty years. She was 56 years of age, and has a married daughter at Northfield and a son at Union. Deceased also has a brother and sister in England, and Mr. Geo. Shillito, of Wellington, is her brother-in-law.

Mr. A. L. Brownlee, chief engineer on the Princess Louise, has resigned his position and accepted one in the Kootenay, for which section he is now on his way.

Adm. C. N. Westwood, who returned on Monday evening from Alberni mines, brought down some excellent samples from the Central Star, belonging to the Westwood Bros. Work is progressing favorably at this mine, and the indications point to a big strike. It is probable that work will be continued during the winter. Snow fell to a depth of three inches on Mineral Hill on Saturday.

SLOCAN DISTRICT.

Nelson returns. The Bondholder people have just finished an excellent rail-trail from their property to the Enterprise wagon road, connecting just below the Neepawa grade. Last week a rich strike of high grade ore was made in the workings, and the indications are favorable for still larger bodies of mineral. R. C. Campbell-Johnston is making a valuable property of this group. He has staked two claims adjoining for the company.

Documents have been signed here conveying the controlling interest in the Alpine group on the head of Lemon Creek to a foreign syndicate represented by Green, of Spokane. The consideration is in the vicinity of \$60,000 for the whole.

Murdock McLean has a gang of men engaged in building a large dock and ore chute at the lake terminus of the Ten Mile wagon road.

The Westmont, owned by Griffiths and West and opposite Neepawa, is badly wanted by several parties, but it is likely to go to the Bell-Irving syndicate.

The assessment on the Meteor on Springer creek, owned by Finch and Sheehan, has been completed and showing wonderfully improved. It says high in gold and silver.

Five men are working on the Oregon City just opposite the Neepawa and a fine showing of ore has been exposed in the second tunnel.

Ore will be shipped from the Bondholder, Neepawa, Oregon City and Enterprise so soon as the snow flies, the latter putting out five tons a day at least.

At the Enterprise everything is in a flourishing condition, some 26 men in all being employed. This number will be largely increased so soon as the stopping commences next month.

ASLO.

The Kootenalan. The Payne has 500 tons of ore sacked and ready for shipment. It will probably be held until the wagon road to Sandon is completed.

William Flager and the McLean brothers have, it is reported, sold to Owens & Co., of Vancouver, the Nonpareil group, composed of five claims in the dry ore belt near the divide between Bear Lake and the north fork of Carpenter creek. The figure is said to have been \$30,000.

Two Cascade stores were burglarized sometime during Wednesday night and while the booty was small there is cause for alarm in the fact that the man who did the work was no bungling novice but the real article, polished up and at the tip-top of this light-footed and fingered profession.

F. M. O'Brien, the broker, closed a deal at Nelson last Monday by which he placed 15,000 shares of Noble Five Consolidated stock at a figure not stated, but which is understood to be a big advance over that at which the treasury stock went. Wm. Hennessy was the seller and James McLaren who not long ago bought Harry Stimmet's block of Le Roi at a lump figure of \$63,000, was the purchaser.

T. G. Proctor and Hamilton Byers came down from the Lajlon, the other night with a most encouraging report of that fine property. A force of ten men is at work in both the upper and lower workings, two shifts on each. In the lower workings the tunnel, now in 300 feet, is going ahead and the lead may be cut any day. High grade shipping ore, of which about 5 tons were shipped to Nelson this week, is being steadily taken out of the upper workings.

E. Poyle Smith, of this city, is over from Eight Mile creek, on Slocan lake, where he has put a force of 12 men at work putting up cabins, building trails, and preparing to do the winter's work on the Silver Beach. Two shifts are to be put at work on a tunnel at once to open up to the lead, and it is not unlikely that they will be shipping ore in 90 days. The Silver Beach was staked in Victoria a few weeks ago for \$250,000 in one million 25 cent shares. A small block of treasury stock was offered for sale at ten cents, and was immediately taken up. No more stock will be offered at less than 25 cents, so the stock now practically stands at par. The ore is ferruginous quartz, containing galena, chloride of silver and native silver. The quartz is associated with highly argenteous cerussite (carbonate of lead) and assays high, ranging from 133 to as high as 548 ounces silver. The lead is in the granite formation and runs from five to eight feet, well defined and mineralized throughout.

juritor of Elkins, and the latter was under the impression he came here to do police work. Elkins and the government agent agreed to call it a draw. Constable O'Loane got into some difficulty this week with Recorder Rashall over a check. He was arrested on a charge of larceny, but on turning over the check in question, the charge was withdrawn. O'Loane is no longer a member of the provincial police.

SALMON RIVER.

Nelson Tribune. The prospects along the north fork of the Salmon have received considerable attention during the past two weeks, and a number of transfers, involving nine claims in all, have been made. There are now seven buildings at the north fork station on the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway, and two others are in course of erection.

Among the recent deals is the purchase of the Victoria Albert and Daisy claims by Herbert Cuthbert, of Victoria, on behalf of a company organized in the east. The consideration was \$7000.

Fred Cummings of New York has taken a working bond on the Good Hope and Greenhorn, which are located about eight miles up the stream from the north fork. There are no payments due under the bond until May, 1897, when half of the \$20,000 becomes payable, and the balance in three months later. Work is being pushed upon the claims.

Thomas Gallon, of Spokane, has bonded the Martha Washington for \$2000, and the Rambler and Ben Bolt for \$5000. The Second Relief, a claim located about nine miles above the north fork from the siding, and directly north of the Good Hope and Greenhorn, is conceded to the summer at the head of the east fork. A 14 foot cut has been run across the Second Relief ledge, which is 12 feet wide. At a depth of six feet two assays were made from two four pound samples. The assay returns were \$2.87 and \$24.45 in gold respectively. The Second Relief is owned and being worked by George McKay, of Boundary.

Joe Maxwell, of Rossland, is prospecting the Porto Rico, a location made late in the summer at the head of the east fork of the north fork of Salmon, about 11 miles from the railway siding.

John Empey, of Spokane, will work a small force of men on the Mand S. The showing on this claim at present consists of a 4 foot vein in the bottom of a 15 foot shaft. This ore assays \$39.50 in gold per ton.

There are at least 75 men working on different claims in the vicinity of the north fork. Nearly all the properties are now being worked. The cost of about one-half of the cost entailed in opening up claims in Rossland, and if the properties continue to develop favorably, the North Fork will make a big camp.

The Times' Saanich correspondent notes that the concluding sentence of his item, referring to the coal lands mentioned as being owned by "Mr. Chapman," should have read "Mr. Copeland," who is erecting a residence on another lot which he owns near Sidney. Mr. Copeland's land near Coal Point is not bonded to any syndicate as are the lands of Messrs. Towner, Downie, McQuay, and Wain, and Mr. Wain's name French, also mentioned in the paragraph referred to, should have read "Capt. French," and the name of the non-raiser should have read "Mr. Towner."

The funeral of the late W. R. Higgins took place from the family residence at 2:30 this afternoon and later in the afternoon at the Reform Episcopal Church. So large was the attendance that a great many were forced to remain outside while the beautiful and impressive service was conducted by Rev. Dr. Wilson. The funeral cortege was headed by the Fifth Regiment band, and behind the long line of carriages were the members of the Masonic orders and the "James Bay Athletic Association." The coffin was covered with many beautiful floral offerings. The pallbearers were Messrs. T. B. Macmillan, H. Hall, Joseph Wilson, A. J. Dallaire, E. E. Wootton, H. Kent, Parker Hibben, Dr. Pope, Major F. B. Gregory and R. F. Toimie.

Capt. A. C. Folger was charged before Police Magistrate Macrae this morning with aggravated assault on G. Stewart. Stewart, it seems, went to the accused's house and knocked at the back door. He thought he heard some one say "Come in," and he opened the door and went in. Mrs. Folger was lying on a lounge. Stewart spoke to her, and when Capt. Folger entered the room he was turning around to speak to him when he was caught by the throat and thrown into the street. Folger standing over him then and kicking him. Police Constable Abel was telephoned for, but he did not arrest Capt. Folger, who was summoned to appear, as he said "he was a strong man and could be kept at any time." The case was remanded until Friday morning.

From Wednesday's Daily. Frank, a Ninat Indian, was fined \$25 by Magistrate Macrae this morning for being found with liquor in his possession. Jennie, an Indian woman, who was charged with being found drunk, did not appear when her case was called. Her bail of \$10 was forfeited.

The Knights of Pythias will shortly remove their place of meeting from Castle hall to the brick building at present occupied by the Salvation Army on Broad street.

Rev. Dr. Campbell has again been appointed by the federal government the principal examiner for British Columbia. The annual examinations will begin next Tuesday morning in the city hall.

Yesterday afternoon the funeral of Maggie Lane, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Lane, took place. Rev. Solomon Cleaver conducted the funeral services. The pallbearers were: Mabel Billingsley, Millie Billingsley, Flossie Mills and Mary Renfu.

A lecture will be delivered on Friday evening at South Park school by Principal McIntyre of the Manitoba Normal school in aid of the library fund. S. D. Pope, superintendent of education, will act as chairman. The subject of the discourse will be "The mission of the public school."

Rev. Dr. Lucas repeated his lecture "Thumbs up or Thumbs down" at Emmanuel church yesterday evening. Mr. Wilfrid Lucas recited and sang very creditably during the evening. "Light" is the topic on which Rev. Dr. Lucas will speak to-night in the Centennial Methodist church.

John Savill was fined \$20 and condemned to pay damages to the extent of \$20 or in default two months' imprisonment this morning by the police magistrate for having thrown rocks through the plate glass window of the Mirror saloon yesterday afternoon.

For the first time since June last the sitting of the small debts court was held by Magistrate Macrae this morning. The magistrate dealt with ordinary summonses at 10:30 o'clock and judgment summonses at 2:30 o'clock. A number of the cases were further adjourned until Wednesday next.

The members of the Y.W.C.A. held a meeting yesterday in the rooms on Johnson street to prepare for the annual meeting to be held next week. A report of the proceedings of the bi-annual conference of the society held last September in Hamilton will be read at the meeting by Mrs. McKillop.

At a meeting of the Vancouver city council held Monday evening, Ex-Chief of Police J. M. Stuart was again appointed chief on the third ballot. Stuart secured 6 votes, Ex-Chief MacLaren 4, and B. McBride 1. There were no less than 20 applications for the position, a number being from the eastern provinces.

The funeral of the late William Hooper Saunders took place yesterday. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. W. D. Barbour and Rev. O. Enor Sharp, both at the church and graveside. The pallbearers were Messrs. N. Hardie, H. S. Henderson, H. Fuller, L. Hardie, E. Plinning and Beaumont.

Rev. J. F. Betts officiated yesterday at the marriage of Mr. William Jones and Miss Sarah Kermod. The bride was given away by her father, Mr. E. Kermod, and Miss Florence Kermod, a sister, and Miss Millie Newby, a cousin of the bride, acted as bridesmaids. Mr. and Mrs. Jones left last night for Revelstoke, where they will reside.

The residents of Foul Bay and Ross Bay district have petitioned the post-office department for postal delivery. The district, within the city limits and is entitled to the same treatment as other portions of the city in respect to postal facilities. The petition was signed by over fifty names and will be forwarded to the postmaster-general by the postoffice inspector.

Yesterday afternoon a meeting of the Quadra Mining Company was held. George Brown, of Alberni, a well known mining man of that district, was appointed superintendent. The company decided to immediately proceed to open up the Quadra and Ophi claims, some of the company's mines on Mineral Hill, Alberni. A gang of men will be put to work at once on the property.

The Hebrew Ladies' Association has been fortunate in obtaining the following well-known local talent to assist at their concert in the hall of the association on Blanchard street: Madame Laird, Miss McGravy, Miss Marrack, Misses Schl, Wolf, Brash and Frank, and Messrs. Wolfe, North, Richardson, Ireland, Lang, Grizzle, Sheddin, Sehl and Pratt. There will no doubt be a very large attendance.

Yesterday being the Japanese emperor's forty-fifth birthday, the Japanese residents of the city celebrated the event with a banquet in Pythian hall. The hall was gaily decorated with flags and evergreens. The banquet, which started at 8 o'clock, after which an entertainment was held in the rooms of the Japanese Christian Endeavor Society, 126 Yates street. Rev. Goro Kaburagi, of Vancouver, gave an interesting account of the history of Japan.

Frederick Schneider, the proprietor of the London saloon, was charged before the police magistrate this morning with having discharged a revolver in that saloon. His defence was that he went off as he was taking it from the drawer to put it in his pocket. When arrested by Sgt. Hawton and Officer Palmer, who heard the report of the firearm, and immediately took the accused in charge, he denied having the revolver. Officer Palmer, however, took it from his hip pocket. He was fined \$25 or a month's imprisonment by Magistrate Macrae, and the revolver was confiscated.

During last month 1,968 books were lent by the Victoria public library. The lenties borrowed the larger percentage, taking 1,046 and the gentlemen 922. The average number lent daily was 78 and the highest number in one day was 148. Forty-six new names were placed on the book during the past month, 21 being ladies and 25 gentlemen. The following books were presented to the library during October: "Hypatia," by Charles Kingsley; "The Mesmerist's Victim," by A. Dumas; "Campaign Echoes," by Yonpans, and a series of maps of British Columbia, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, by the Geological Survey of Canada, from Ottawa.

A very successful concert was given in the East Ferrowood Presbyterian church last evening. The attendance was large and the programme was an excellent one. Alderman Macmillan, who was in the chair, assisted materially in entertaining the audience. Below is the programme as carried out: Piano solo, Mr. Ball; recitation, Miss Lee; solo, Mrs. Watson; recitation, Mr. Payne; song, Mr. Cave; song, Mr. Boslock; recitation, Miss Johnston; song, Mr. J. G. Brown; song, Mr. Holly; song, Mr. R. H. Jameson; recitation, Miss Woods; solo, Mr. J. Russell; recitation, Little Fred; concertina solo, Mr. Oliver; solo, Mr. Ball; solo, Mr. Cave; piano and harjo duet, Mr. Laurie and Miss McDougal; and recitation, Mr. Irvine.

Perseverance lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T., held its quarterly meeting in Temperance Hall last evening. The officers' reports, which showed the lodge to be in a flourishing condition, were read and adopted. The lodge now has 77 members in good standing. The lodge deputy, Mrs. Jones, installed the following officers: Chief Templar, R. C. Wilson; Vice Templar, Miss Annie Graham; Past Chief Templar, A. Rumble; Chaplain, Miss M. J. Wilson; Secretary, Mrs. S. Graham; Assistant Secretary, Mrs. W. Sinclair; Marshal, Mr. McGregor; Deputy Marshal, Miss A. Wilson; Financial Secretary, Miss Huxtable; Treasurer, Mr. Rogerson; Guard, Mr. Ayres; Sentinel, Mr. Tonery; Supt. Juvenile Templars, Mrs. Lewis Hall; Lodge Reporter, W. Cormack.

From Thursday's Daily. The case of Capt. A. E. McCallum, charged with destroying furniture and threatening to publish a libel called this morning in the city police court. A

remand was asked for until the 12th inst. This was granted by the magistrate.

The St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society meet on Friday evening next when officers for the ensuing term will be elected.

Mr. George Coldwell, the well known lacrosse player, and Miss Mabel Brown of this city were united in marriage by Rev. T. J. McCrossan yesterday evening.

A company of Calgary amateurs, known as the "La Tigre Comedy Company," have been touring the interior of the province and are now visiting the city. They will play in Dunn hall, Vancouver, on Monday and Tuesday, and afterwards in Victoria. The proceeds go to assist the Calgary hospital.

Rev. Dr. Lucas gave another of his eloquent temperance lectures at the Centennial Methodist church last evening. The Rev. Dr. Lucas gave some interesting reflections on the subject of "Political Economy."

A dispatch from Windsor, Ont., says: "Mrs. Angus J. McColl, of New Westminister, who is residing here, has received a telegram from her husband, A. J. McColl, Q.C., stating that he has decided to accept the position of judge of the supreme court of British Columbia."

The funeral of the late James Potts took place yesterday afternoon and was largely attended by members of the R. Services at the R. C. Cathedral, conducted by Rev. Father Nicholas. The pall bearers were Bombardiers C. Kelly and Brennan, and Gunners Nunn, Lyons, Kelly and Sweeney.

Mr. Robt. Winters and Miss Frances Skilton were married yesterday evening at Christ Church Cathedral by the Rev. Canon Beaulieu. A large gathering of friends and acquaintances witnessed the ceremony. Mr. James Hay supported the groom and Miss Jessie Winter attended the bride. The newly married couple were the recipients of many handsome presents. They will reside on Madure street.

The fortunes of Mr. Charles O'ris Burns and Miss Christina Gertrude Stapledon were united yesterday by the Rev. Dr. Campbell at the residence of the father of the bride, King's road. The principals were supported by Messrs. F. J. Stapledon and T. G. Moody and Misses M. Stapledon and S. Warren.

William Halpeny died to-day at the Old Men's Home. Deceased was one that crossed the water from Fort Garry in the early days, and until sickness overtook him a few years ago, was a government guide, principally in Alberni district, which was then a primitive wilderness. The funeral will take place on Saturday from Hanna's undertaking parlors.

The bicyclists of the city are circulating a petition requesting the city council to have the sidewalks on the north side of the city widened to the next four months. That is, outside the limits of Floral avenue on the north, Douglas street on the east, Humboldt street on the south and the waterfront on the west. A condition is put in that they dismount when meeting pedestrians and ride at a moderate pace.

A letter from Rev. James H. Easton, of Dodge's Cove, contains the information that Julia, an Indian woman, was accidentally shot by her husband, Frenchy. While Frenchy was getting ready to shoot a hair seal the gun was accidentally discharged, the shot striking the unfortunate woman in the back of the head. With the assistance of two white men and another Indian, Frenchy attempted to take his wife to Alberni for medical treatment, but she died before reaching there. Julia was well known as an expert seal hunter.

At the Calvary Baptist church last evening Rev. Ralph W. Trotter was welcomed home, not only by the members of his own congregation but also by the pastors of the other Baptist churches in the province. Rev. J. H. Best, New Westminister, president of the Northwest Baptist convention, was in the chair and addresses of welcome were read by Miss Walker from the congregation, Miss Strachan from the B. Y. P. U., Rev. W. A. Gunton from the provincial Baptist church, and Rev. Mr. Stackhouse from the Baptist church extension society. To all these addresses Mr. Trotter replied in an eloquent speech in which he gave an interesting account of his very successful trip in Ontario and the Maritime provinces. Besides securing over \$6000 in cash for church extension in this province, Mr. Trotter was also presented with a set of harness for the local preachers, and an organ for the Chilliwack church.

PROMINENT DIVINE DEAD. Dr. Quint, New England Congregationalist, Dies Very Suddenly. Boston, Mass., Nov. 4.—Dr. Abaza H. Quint, D.D., one of the most prominent Congregationalists in New England, died suddenly this morning of heart disease, while at the Congregational House.

FAITHFUL INDEED. Dog Attempts to Drag a Wounded Farmer to His House. Newburgh, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Charles E. Irving, a milk dealer of this city, met with a tragic death on his farm near Newburgh yesterday. Climbing over a wall Irvine fell and the tines of a pitchfork ran into his groin severing an artery. His large blood hound dragged him some distance towards his house, Irvine died to death. When found an hour later the faithful dog was guarding him with his head on his master's body.

The British bark Orealla, Capt. Stuart, has finished loading salmon at the outer wharf and will leave for London tomorrow evening. Her cargo consists of over 81,000 cases.

The tug Lorne returned last evening from towing the lumber-laden ship Greata to sea.

Total. FOR BRY. Colorado. Wyoming. Idaho. Montana. Texas. Arkansas. Louisiana. Mississippi. Georgia. Alabama. Florida. South Carolina. North Carolina. Virginia. Washington. Nebraska. Kansas. Oklahoma. Missouri. Utah. Nevada.

Total. FOR BRY. Chicago, Nov. 5.—The United States and Canada line starting at the same river on Chesapeake leaving the Potomac between the two Virginia lines to the Tennessee river, leaving Tennessee and Kentucky above the Mississippi river to the Iowa and turn the corner trace along the south line Dakotas and thence north to the new line of demarcation the gold standard forest silver element of the Every state north and described, is for McKim and the Tennessee and Kentucky above the Mississippi river to the Iowa and turn the corner trace along the south line Dakotas and thence north to the new line of demarcation the gold standard forest silver element of the Every state north and described, is for McKim and the Tennessee and Kentucky above the Mississippi river to the Iowa and turn the corner trace along the south line Dakotas and thence north to the new line of demarcation the gold standard forest silver element of the Every state north and described, is for McKim and the Tennessee and Kentucky 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NEW DIVIDING LINE

"Solid South" Has No Longer Any Political Significance in the United States.

McKinley Has Two Hundred and Seventy-Seven Votes to Bryan's Hundred and Seventy.

Some States May be Changed on Official Count, but Will Make no Difference.

FOR MCKINLEY.

Table listing electoral votes for McKinley by state: Maine (3), New Hampshire (3), Vermont (3), Rhode Island (4), Connecticut (4), Massachusetts (11), New York (32), New Jersey (10), Pennsylvania (23), Delaware (3), Maryland (8), West Virginia (12), Kentucky (12), Indiana (11), Illinois (12), Michigan (10), Wisconsin (10), Minnesota (10), Iowa (7), North Dakota (3), South Dakota (3), California (9), Oregon (3).

FOR BRYAN.

Table listing electoral votes for Bryan by state: Colorado (3), Wyoming (3), Montana (3), Texas (10), Arkansas (7), Louisiana (8), Mississippi (7), Alabama (9), Florida (9), South Carolina (7), North Carolina (7), Virginia (12), Washington (3), Kansas (6), Nebraska (3), Tennessee (7), Missouri (9), Utah (3), Nevada (3).

Total. 277

have given McKinley 111,288 and Bryan 107,923. This makes McKinley's plurality 3,365. This includes the complete returns from San Francisco where McKinley has a plurality of 44,444.

San Francisco, Nov. 5.—Phelan for mayor has a large majority. California is probably Republican by five thousand, although the Democrats claim the state may yet be theirs through the failure of the election boards to totalize the Democratic and Populist vote.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 5.—The following officials were removed from the treasury to-day: Judge W. E. Fleming, of Kentucky, chief of the law and record division; Thomas A. Brantly, chief of the army and navy pension division; and Burton T. Doyle, first chief of the warrant division.

Paris, Nov. 5.—Gill Bias publishes an interview with a Paris representative of the Cuban republican committee in which he is reported as declaring the result of the election is a triumph for Cuba which, however, he declares, will be free before the new president arrives at the White House.

London, Nov. 5.—The Westminster Gazette expresses the opinion that the "cleavage of the east from the west is very apparent, and is an alarming feature of the situation."

There is a story of Sir Henry Irving in connection with a meeting of a literary society in London, when the topic under discussion was Shakespeare.

London, Nov. 5.—The excitement on the stock exchange is subsiding. The markets are quiet today and the fluctuating in American securities is small.

He Made the Treaty Disclosure Because the Czar Did Not Visit Him.

London, Nov. 4.—The Daily News' Berlin correspondent says: "There is a rumor which it is impossible to confirm or disprove, that Bismarck's disclosures regarding the Russo-German treaty were made in revenge for the Emperor dissuading the Czar from making a visit to Bismarck."

The Month for Coloring and Re-creating.

Diamond Dyes Makes Old Things Look Like New.

This month thousands of women will be coloring dresses, shawls, coats, vests, pants, knitting yarns, carpet rugs, sheepskin mats, etc.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 5.—Returns received at this hour seem to leave no doubt that California has gone for McKinley by from three to five thousand and that the Republicans have elected probably five of the seven congressmen.

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FROM THE CAPITAL

The Tariff Commission to Hold the First Meeting at Toronto.

Sir Richard Cartwright Discusses the American Election.

Ottawa, Nov. 5. (Special).—The tariff commission will commence work at Toronto. It is doubtful, however, owing to the absence of Mr. Fielding, if the operations can be started on the 10th inst., but they will a few days later.

Sir Richard Cartwright when asked to-day what he thought of the result of the presidential election, said: "I am very well pleased, without, of course, making any distinction between the Republican and Democratic parties. It would have been a very great misfortune if the stability of things had been disturbed by the election of Mr. Bryan and it had reacted on us. If Mr. Bryan had been elected the consequences could not well be predicted. I think the people of the States will think that they have had a fair choice. Now that the election is over, I think that the Canadian lumber trade, which has been depressed, will feel the good effects immediately."

In reply to a question Sir Richard said that he did not think the people of the United States will repeat the experiment of a high protective tariff.

An astronomical and triangulation survey of Lake Erie is now being carried on by the surveyors of the interior department to more accurately determine the international boundary.

The government freight station at Prince Albert turned out 21,108 pounds of butter this season, and at Indian Head 32,322. In two or three years Mr. Robertson hopes the Territories will be shipping butter to the East, in tin packages.

The postmaster-general expects to attend the international postal conference at Washington next May.

Hon. Mr. Mulock has asked all post-office inspectors to report on all mail contracts by water conveyance with a view to revising them. Two hundred contracts have already been cancelled.

As under the postal law licensed stamp vendors cannot purchase stamps from merchants and outsiders, but only from the department, in order to make it easier for merchants to seek the redemption of postage stamps sent to them as remittances, Hon. Mr. Mulock has reduced the discount from 5 to 1 per cent on stamps aggregating in value one dollar and over. They must be pasted on sheets and sent to the department here. No postage is required on the letters.

The militia department will encourage marching and shooting competitions as recently carried out in No. 2 street; that is, teams to march eight miles in two hours and immediately commence target practice.

Local veterinary inspectors of sheep for export have been appointed all over Canada as the United States government now requires a certificate of health on all shipments of sheep from this country.

The property owners of Ottawa have rejected a by-law providing \$444.00 for main drainage in the added portion of the city.

AT IT AGAIN.

Bismarck Reveals Some More State Secrets.

London, Nov. 5.—The Standard's Vienna correspondent telegraphs that the Neue Freie Presse, doubtless inspired by Bismarck, reveals another important state secret. It alleges that early in 1876 Russia asked Prince Bismarck whether Germany would remain neutral if Russia attacked Austria, as the Russian army was tired of inaction. Bismarck in reply called the German ambassador in St. Petersburg and informed Austria of the proposition. The result was that the war cloud burst further east, over Turkey.

PRINCE OF ORLEANS MARRIED.

Ceremony Celebrated This Morning at Vienna.

Vienna, Nov. 5.—At 11 o'clock this morning in the chapel of Hofburg, Louis Philippe Robert, Duke of Orleans, pretender to the throne of France, head of the royal house of the country, was married to the archduchess Dorothea, who yesterday formally renounced all her rights of succession to the throne of Austria. Amid a flourish of trumpets and a rolling of drums the wedding procession entered the church, where it was received by Cardinal Cruscha, Archbishop of Vienna, who sprinkled the bride with holy water. After the marriage ceremony mass was celebrated.

UNITED STATES AND CUBA.

General Lee Has Some Questions to Submit to the President.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 4.—Cuban leaders here and in Key West declare that they have reliable information that the relations of the United States and Spain have reached a crisis, and that developments of great international importance in regard to Cuba may be expected within the next month.

"Advices from Havana are to the effect that the departure of Consul-General Lee for Washington City was caused by the crisis, and that his report to President Cleveland will be of such a character that it will almost certainly result in action being taken by the United States. It is understood that the case of the Compositor prisoners was the immediate cause of the departure of Gen. Lee."

The Spanish authorities have been disposed to proceed in a high-handed way in regard to those prisoners, and without regard to treaty rights. After the court at Madrid set aside the sentence of the military court, these prisoners by the first court, it was understood that they would be given a civil trial. Instead of this, however, Capt. Laborde, the American correspondent Melton, and the other Compositor prisoners, were taken to Havana and not civilly confined at Havana and required to file written declarations as preliminary to a new court martial. The prisoners, however, refused to make any statement save in the presence of General Lee.

Gen. Lee had not been advised by Captain-General Weyler that the prisoners would be retried, but as soon as the consul learned unofficially what was going on, and that the case had been called up for military and not civil consideration, he sent an energetic note to Captain-General Weyler against any retrial not in accordance with the treaty stipulations, and entering exceptions to the proceedings as inaugurated. Captain-General Weyler evaded making a direct response, pleading lack of authority to treat on diplomatic matters, and questioning General Lee's right to discuss matters which it had been the custom to submit to Madrid for settlement with the American minister and the Spanish foreign office.

General Lee and Secretary Olney were in continual cable correspondence about the matter, and the general was returned to Washington City. For diplomatic reasons Consul-General Lee would probably deny it, but it is a fact nevertheless that he said to an intimate friend before leaving for the United States: "It would not surprise me if I should return to Havana on a warship."

The Cuban leaders here are jubilant, as they say that the result would be either made interesting by the United States or an ignominious backdown on the part of Spain, which would destroy what little prestige she has left.

HOTEL ETIQUETTE.

Following are the "rules for the guidance of guests" posted in a hotel at Little Cayuse Creek, Col.

"All guests with shooting irons or other weapons must check them before entering the dining room. Waiters are forbidden to be killed."

"Guests are requested not to attract waiters' attention by throwing things at them. This is no deaf mute asylum."

"Seven kinds of pie are given with every dinner."

"Tablecloths are changed every Sunday."

"Our food is all of the best quality. Our milk is pure, eggs new laid and the butter speaks for itself."

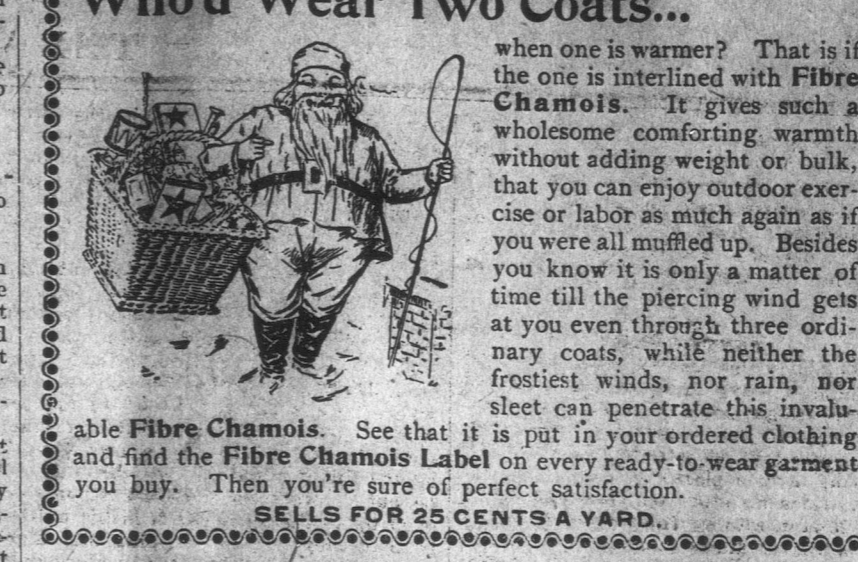
"Guests tipping waiters must pay full amount in case one should die from heart disease."

"No more than six eggs will be given to each guest at one sitting. Any guest found trying to work off his shells on a neighbor will be fired from the table."

"Dishes found riveted together can be opened with a chisel supplied by a waiter the use of dynamite is strictly forbidden."

"Disputes over articles of food must be settled outside."

Who'd Wear Two Coats...



when one is warmer? That is if the one is interlined with Fibre Chamois. It gives such a wholesome comforting warmth without adding weight or bulk, that you can enjoy outdoor exercise or labor as much again as if you were all muffled up. Besides you know it is only a matter of time till the piercing wind gets at you even through three ordinary coats, while neither the frostiest winds, nor rain, nor sleet can penetrate this invaluable Fibre Chamois. See that it is put in your ordered clothing and find the Fibre Chamois Label on every ready-to-wear garment you buy. Then you're sure of perfect satisfaction.

SELLS FOR 25 CENTS A YARD.

THE ORIGINAL STAR CHAMBER.

Something About This Famous Scheme of Oppression.

When the Earl of Richmond had defeated Richard III. at Bosworth, and had been crowned King as Henry VII., he found the times in so troubled a state that men whose rights were infringed upon or denied them dared not apply for justice to the ordinary courts. The unflinching manner in which bribes and threats were resorted to by those that influenced over the proceedings of these courts denied to them the security of a juror's oath.

To reach a mischief that had grown so intolerable, Henry, feeling himself strong enough with his second parliament, created a court, made up of the highest officers of the kingdom, embracing, theoretically, the king himself, who was considered the author of all justice, to which was confided unlimited power and discretion over a large undefined class of offenders, many of which were of a political character, without the restraint of a jury, and subject to no revision by appeal. This was afterward known as the court of the star chamber, so called because the ceiling of the room in which it met was studded with stars, or because in this apartment, prior to the time of Edward I., the contracts of the Jews, called "stars," were deposited in boxes or chests.

This scheme had good results at first. Wealthy landowners who had oppressed their neighbors with impunity were brought before this court, and tried for their offenses. The greatest merit of the court was that it was not dependent on a jury, for juries were unable or unwilling to render a verdict in keeping with their consciences.

One said "a court thus constituted, with powers so broad and a discretion unlimited by prescribed rules, though called into existence for wise and salutary purposes, was in the end like invoking the spirit of mischief without a corresponding power in reserve to lay it or check its excesses, if inclined to abuse its authority."

Instead of losing power as the necessity for its existence passed away, it drew to itself new elements of strength and enlarged the extent of its jurisdiction. It became, after successive administrations, under the hands of ambitious monarchs and unscrupulous prelates, such as flourished in the times of Henry VIII., Elizabeth and the two Stuarts, a most potent engine of despotic rule and intolerance. Torture, intimidation and other devices were used to compel self-incrimination.

Charles I., through the star chamber, filled his coffers. During his reign such enormous fines were imposed for trivial offences that the audience gathered about the court room at three o'clock in the morning to secure seats to hear the proceedings. The discretionary power made it a means of cruel injustice in the hands of bad men, instances of which disgrace the history of the administration during the reign of James I. and Charles I.

St. Anthony Roper was fined £4,000 for violating a law made in the time of Henry VII., for converting arable land into pasture. Richard Grenville said of the Earl of Suffolk, with whom he had some difficulty, that he was "a base lord." He was fined £8,000 for such a slander.

One of the most remarkable cases was that of Bishop Williams, who had been lord keeper of the seal, a popular prelate, a man of learning and spirit and at one time a specious and popular James'. While enjoying his patronage he exercised his influence on behalf of Laud, afterward archbishop, who owed his first promotion to his good offices. Some disagreement arose between them. Nothing would satisfy Laud but the ruin of the man that had befriended him.

On some slight pretext the bishop was brought before the star chamber and fined £10,000, committed to the tower during the King's pleasure, and suspended from office. His furniture and books were levied upon to pay the fine. Among some refuse papers were found some letters from Obaldist, a schoolmaster, directed to the bishop. In these letters the writer spoke of a "little great man," and in one place of a "little great man." As Laud was small of stature, it was conjectured that these terms referred to him. They were both tried, one for receiving such scandalous letters, and the other for writing them. Williams paid a fine of £8,000 and Obaldist £5,000, and had his cars and sleds to the pillory in sight of his own school.

Prinne, a barrister-at-law of Lincoln's Inn, a Puritan of the strictest sect, published his famous "Histrio-Matrix," a huge volume of 1,000 quarto pages, aimed at stage plays, music, dancing, public festivals, Christmas sports, bonfires and May poles. For this alleged libel on the stage he was arraigned before the star chamber. The trial occupied three days, and the fourth was consumed in pronouncing sentence against him. He was fined £300 and committed to the pillory. He was also arraigned for his "historical illustration of the mischief of frequenting plays, referred to Nero, and spoke of Flavius and others who conspired against him for his bad examples upon the magistrature and the people. The chief instruction from this in favor of the theatre was that it tended to investigate the people. He was fined £100 and Prinne was deprived of his right to stand in the pillory at Westminster and Chertside, to lose his ears, one at each of these places, to pay a fine of £5,000, and to be imprisoned for life.

There was hardly a man in the realm who had not personal experience of the harshness and greediness of the star chamber. It became odious and not without reason. It was abolished in 1641, as one of the acts of concession made by Charles I. to the demands of an indignant nation. Prinne and his fellow-martyrs were recalled from prison. They entered London in triumph amid the shouts of the multitude, who threw laurels in their path.

BRITISH RAILWAYS.

Last Year's Operations Show Improvement in Trade.

Citizens of United States who are fortunate enough to hold shares in British railways must find matter for reflection in the contrast between the meagre returns which they receive from their lines in the United States and the handsome dividends which are paid to their shareholders by the great majority of British railways. The return as to the financial position of British railways in the year 1895, which has just been published, is a particularly satisfactory document. Not only does it tell of good progress made in 1895, but it gives reasons for believing that when the facts and figures for 1896 are published this year will be found to be even better than 1895.

The railway interest in the United Kingdom may be regarded as affording one of the earliest and surest tests of the condition of trade in the country. A falling off in the traffic has always for its cause some trouble, either local or general, which the reduced receipts serve as a guide to measure, and, if possible, to devise a remedy for; while an increase of traffic above the average is the first and most reliable evidence of commercial prosperity. Viewed in this light the financial record of the railways of the United Kingdom gives reasons to believe that business was in a more satisfactory condition in the country last year than in 1894.

The paid-up capital of the railways of the United Kingdom reached the enormous total of one thousand millions in the course of 1895. In 1894 the paid-up capital of the railways was £985,378,000, so that a substantial increase has for a year or two the round number of a thousand millions of money will serve very well to represent the capital invested in British railways. Divided over the number of miles of railway open, this represents an average of, as nearly as possible, £47,200 per mile as the prime cost of the railways. And it must be admitted that in proportion to other countries, the railways of the United Kingdom require more money to construct them and more money to work them than the railways elsewhere. The increase of expenditure arises partly from the initial expenses, caused by the high claims of landowners, the legal expenses before parliament in the case of railways that are opposed, and the restrictions that are imposed on the railways in order to ensure the greater safety of the railway servants and the public. Still, in spite of all restrictions and of all additions to the expenses of the companies, the average dividend over all the lines in 1895 comes up to a very minute fraction over four per cent, while the money actually distributed to shareholders of all classes exceeded that distributed in 1894 by £900,000.

As regards the sources from which the revenue of the railways comes, there is in 1895, for the first time in several years, a distinct increase in the money received from first-class passengers. £80,000 is the increase under this head as compared with 1894, and as 1894 decreased by almost exactly the same sum first-class passengers in 1895 stand just where they stood in 1893. But the second-class continues to decrease, being £37,000 less than in 1894; and little wonder, for railway managers themselves seem now to have accepted the idea that the second-class is doomed to die. In Scotland it is not used at all, and in more conservative England several lines have abandoned it. But the third-class traffic has increased by £520,000, the receipts from this class of traffic being now equal to about three-fifths of the whole money derived from passengers. Were it not that some of the English lines still decline to give third-class season tickets, and thus drive travellers into higher classes for the sake of reduction in fares, the third-class traffic would show better still.

General merchandise, as contrasted with mineral traffic, shows an increase in 1895; and, while in Scotland the mineral traffic shows an increase when compared with the strike period in 1894, there is no advance in the English mineral traffic. But, viewed as a whole, there is every reason for the investor to have confidence in British railways, considered as a source of investment. It is not often that a source of investment can be so conservative and, at the same time, so profitable. The fear of yielding too much to the third-class passenger seems to be still before the eyes of the railway manager; but, if he is somewhat slow, he is certainly sure, and people who invest their money in him will seldom be disappointed of a fair dividend.

until the 12th by the magis-

and Caledonian evening next being term will

all, the well and Miss Mabel united in mar-Crossan yester-

ary amateurs, Conedy Com- the interior of the visiting the in Duna hall on Tuesday, and The proceeds hospital.

another of his res at the Cen- last evening. the chair. Mr. ne interesting Lucas lectur- ing this evening. ical Economy."

Windsor, Ont., McColl, of New- iting here, has a her husband, ing that he has a situation of judge British Colum-

James Potts rnoon and was bers of the R. hizing friends. Cathedral were her Nicolay. Bombardiers C. and Gunners Sweeney.

Miss Frances terday evening al by the Rev. gathering of witnessed the Hay supported sie Winter at- newly married rts of many will reside on

Charles Otis dia Gertrude sterday by the residence of King's road, supported by and T. G. pleodon and S.

to-day at the asse was one of Canadians in Fort Garr- until sickness ago, was a ally in Alberni ally take place s undertaking

ity are circling the city privilege of ing the next side the line's north, Doug- mboldt struck on the in that they pedestrians and

mes H. East- tain the Indian woman her husband, was getting the gun was he shot strik- in the back assistance of her Indian, e his wife to ment, but she first time in the last thirty years the phrase "Solid South" has no particu- significance. Late arriving returns from points remote, which have been re- ceived during the past twenty-four hours give conviction to the approximate tables of the day before, Nebraska, Washing- ton and Kansas may now be added to the Bryan table and Oregon to the McKinley table. The totals of the electoral vote are: For McKinley, 277; for Bryan, 170. In Wyoming, however, the latest dispatches say one Republican elector has at least been elected, and the result on the other two are very close. This may give Bryan one or two less electoral votes and McKinley one or two more. Later returns from Ken- tucky, North Carolina and South Da- kota indicate that the Republicans estimated yesterday in those states may be reduced, and that the result is close in each of them.

Any of these three states may possibly, but not probably, be transferred to the opposite column. Kansas makes the fourth close state, but is generally conceded to the Bryan columns. In no event will McKinley's total reach 300 or Bryan's total reach 200, but in any event the majority in favor of McKinley will be about 100 electoral votes.

Reed, Nov. 5.—Returns from the state at large are very meagre, but indications are that a fusion ticket will be carried by a large majority. At noon half of the local vote had been polled.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 5.—Meagre re- turns show large Democratic gains. The chairman of the Democratic state com- mittee claims that Kind, Democrat for congress, is elected by 3,000 majority, and that the Democrats have carried 45 out of 63 members of the legislature.

Tacoma, Nov. 5.—Potter Charles Sul- livan, Republican candidate for gover- nor, concedes the election of Rogers, his fusion opponent. Mr. Bryan and the state ticket have apparently carried T- state by a majority of about 5,000 and will control the legislature. John H. Rogers has been elected governor Thurston Daniels, lieutenant-governor James H. Lewis, congressman; Wm. C. Jones, congressman.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 5.—Returns received at this hour seem to leave no doubt that California has gone for McKinley by from three to five thousand and that the Republicans have elected probably five of the seven congressmen.

Second district and Magazine (Dem- crat) in the Fourth district. Fif- hundred and fifty-three precincts in- state out of a total of 2,576 precinct

last evening on ship Great

BY-LAW GUILLOTINED

Ald. Marchant, Re-division By-Law a Victim of the Mayor's Casting Vote.

Council Decided Not to Negotiate for the Purchase of the Tramway.

Continued Delay in Point Ellice Bridge Construction—Railway to Kootenay.

Ald. Marchant's ward re-division by-law, which had for its object the equalization of the wards and which had successfully run the blockade of several council meetings was last evening headed at the very threshold of its final adoption.

Before proceeding with the regular business Ald. Marchant and Macmillan pointed out the necessity for an electric light on Alpha street.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Captain Smith for a deer and Mr. Joseph Levy for a maple presented to the city park.

A. C. Ewart, architect for the new Leaser building notified the council that a 12 foot cement sidewalk was about to be laid and asked for the usual payment granted in such cases.

A communication from the city barrister asking for more definite information regarding the McTavish property damage controversy was referred to the city barrister to secure the necessary information from the solicitors for Mrs. McTavish.

J. G. Elliott, secretary of the Victoria board of fire underwriters, forwarded the following resolution unanimously adopted by the board at the annual meeting held on the 21st ult.:

"That the city council be requested to appoint Mr. Hutchison, chief engineer of the city electric light department, inspector of electric wire installations in all dwellings and buildings in the city of Victoria and that the council be further requested to introduce a by-law regulating the same as a measure of public safety."

"That the secretary be instructed to write the city council stating that this association is greatly in favor of the recommendation made from time to time by the chief engineer of the fire department as to the advisability of having a fully paid fire department instead of the present call system.

The first resolution was referred to the electric light committee and the second to the incoming council. Ald. Marchant pointed out that the work of building the Point Ellice bridge was progressing but slowly.

Ald. Marchant said he felt so vexed about the whole matter that before 24 hours passed he would post a resolution pointing to the dismissal of the city engineer.

Ald. Partridge and Williams also spoke strongly along the same lines, the latter alderman suggesting that the trouble was with the head of the department.

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LONG LIST OF WANTS

Council of the Board of Trade Prepare for the Visit of the Ministers.

Delegates Appointed to Confer With Other Boards re the Kootenay Railway.

The council of the board of trade at its meeting held this morning prepared a long list of necessary government works to which the attention of the ministers will be drawn upon their arrival.

The council then discussed the Kootenay railway project. The consensus of opinion was to the effect that before any further steps be taken in the matter it would be wise to secure a conference with other provincial boards.

Those matters which are to be brought to the attention of the visiting ministers were then considered. Among others the council decided to ask the minister of marine and fisheries to place the Quada in commission all the year round to prevent smuggling and illicit fishing.

Among the lighthouse improvements to be suggested are the following: Fog alarm entrance to Victoria harbor; light on Fiddle Reef; light or gas buoy on Brochic ledge; light on Bare Point; Chamaelus; fog signal, Sand Heads; light and fog bell at English Bay.

The committee reported progress and asked leave to sit again. Ald. Marchant moved that the ward re-division by-law be reconsidered and finally passed.

Ald. Partridge moved in amendment: That the wards by-law, 1896, be not further proceeded with by the council until after a vote of the electors entitled to vote on a by-law for raising money upon the credit of the municipality has been taken and the by-law has received the assent of a majority of the voters polled by such election.

This was seconded by Ald. Williams. Ald. Partridge held that Ald. Marchant's figures were based on land value only and did not include improvements.

Ald. Marchant said he had nothing whatever to do with framing the by-law. He accepted the figures of the city assessor and repudiated the charge of unfairness.

Ald. Partridge pointed out that Ald. Partridge was a believer in single tax. When he wished to refer the by-law to those holding land only.

Ald. Cameron maintained the by-law did no one an injustice and was worthy of better treatment than the opposition which it encountered.

Eleven o'clock then struck, but the council decided to remain until the matter was finally settled.

Ald. Glover admired Ald. Partridge for his persistence, but his conduct was simply an outrage.

Ald. Macmillan said he would like to move an amendment to the effect that all the electors entitled to vote for mayor be allowed to vote on the by-law.

The Mayor—Such an amendment can be introduced if the resolution carries. Ald. Partridge's resolution was then put and the following was the division: Ayes—Ald. Wilson, Williams, Partridge and Thibault.

Noes—Ald. Macmillan, Cameron, Marchant and Glover. The Mayor—Well, I'll vote for the resolution. It is carried.

Ald. Macmillan—You then endorse the referendum, and that to land owners only? The Mayor—But you are going to introduce an amendment to include all the electors.

TO RUN TO VICTORIA.

Reported That C. P. R. Will Run Cars Over the E. & N. Ry.

A well defined rumor is in circulation to the effect that the Canadian Pacific Railway company has become alarmed because of the agitation of Victoria business men for better railway communication and that it will make a strong effort to secure and retain the Victoria trade.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

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SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

THE OAR. TO COACH HARVARD. New York, Nov. 2.—A special to the World from Boston says: The Harvard athletic committee, through its chairman, J. H. Beale, has sent a telegram to Mr. R. C. Leaman, the celebrated English rowing authority, asking him to coach the Harvard University crew for the season of 1896-97.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 3.—Judge C. H. Hanford today handed down his decision in the famous salvage case of the Canadian-Australian steamship line, owner of the Miowera and the Pacific Improvement line, owner of the steamer Minicola vs. the steamship Strathnevis, in which he decreed the former company \$26,279 and the latter \$23,500 for their efforts in saving the Strathnevis, which foundered in the Pacific ocean several hundred miles off Cape Flattery in the terrific storm that prevailed in December, 1895.

Mr. James Dunsmuir is confined to his house through illness, and therefore could not be seen today, but it is learned on very good authority that such a proposition was favorably considered by both the railway companies interested.

LAW INTELLIGENCE. The full court this morning took up the appeal in C.P.R. vs. Parke and Pinchard. The action was brought by the plaintiff for damages for flooding their railway track by an overflow of water from defendants' lands, the water being brought on defendants' lands by them under statutory powers for the purpose of irrigation.

It will be remembered that the Miowera while towing the Strathnevis to Destruction Island parted the hawser and on the following morning could not get sight of the stranded steamer anywhere. Instead of steaming to Tatoosh island and telegraphing the news that he had towed the Strathnevis to where the hawser parted, Capt. Stott continued on his way to China.

Representatives of Vancouver Syndicate at Nanaimo. A deputation representing the Vancouver Victoria & Eastern Railway & Navigation Company waited on the Nanaimo city council on Monday to enlist support for that scheme.

Full Court: Pacific Casket and Furniture Company vs. Scottish Union & National Insurance Co. This is an appeal from a judgment of the Chief Justice given at Vancouver allowing the plaintiffs \$1,500.

There are no funds. The ladies' committee of the Protestant Orphan's Home held their usual monthly meeting yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Kent, the president.

After the routine business had been disposed of and the accounts examined, it was reported by the lady treasurer that there were no funds on hand. This is the first time this has occurred in the history of the institution.

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Major Davison asked how it would be intended to connect Nanaimo and Victoria with the proposed railway.

Mr. Templeton said that he understood that board of trade had passed resolutions recommending that the government should arrange for the construction.

Ald. McDonald contended that if the government built the road, it would be to the people, but if it were built by the syndicate with government assistance, it would belong to the syndicate.

Mr. Templeton stated that the syndicate was not a close syndicate, and others would be admitted. The building of the road is the paramount object, and the recommendation of the board of trade is for the Dominion and provincial governments to assist.

Ald. McDonald said that it would mean that the people would own the roads, and he instanced how the city of Glasgow owned all the public roads, and had brought them to such a state of perfection that the profits paid all the city's expenses, without imposing taxation.

Mr. Templeton said that if the matter had not been considered, but if the traffic justified it that would be the mode. It was 23 miles from Point Roberts to Sydney.

In the end Ald. Planta suggested that the council might request the city and district representatives to ascertain from the government if they had any intention of constructing this line.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FOR SAVING STRATHNEVIS. Salvage Amounting to \$46,700 Given Miowera and Minicola.

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Twice-a-Week

Admission to Military College

Premier Laurier at Mowat Conference School Qu

FROM THE

Canadian Appeals to the Judicial Committee Privy Council

(By Associated)

Ottawa, Nov. 3.—The special examination for military college on the time for receiving applications yesterday. There appeared a number of candidates. Not one entrance has yet been reported.

Premier Laurier and his party had a conference today at some dispatches they had received from the schools. There was nothing so far as the public.

The supreme court decision yesterday, but the judgment on December 9th. Mr. Justice King left Columbia in a day or two.

The Canadian appeal committee of the London cause off on the 1st. There was talk of the visiting the Old Count with the Robinson treaty out of the arbitration Dominion and province.

However, for him the Governor-General ranch at Coldstream, erden is now staying, destroyed by fire, the public duplicate the official which were there destroyed. Mr. Whitehead of the and Mr. Tait of the Controller Patterson re the

GOLD MOVE. The "Thunderer" Discretion in a Financial

London, Nov. 3.—The annual column again disableness of the gold market will for the return of the recent from the United States while the payment of A from Europe will not until 1897, and those some extent be offset by changes of American securities does not think the Times does not think the buy securities of sound credit have been negotiated du score. "The present in fore are." The Times of the United States will be two more before the year early in 1897, an influx

STORM ON THE Several Barges and T done by T

Buffalo, Nov. 3.—Greed done to shipping interests last night. The wind gusts of high velocity. The steam canal boat D. Chamney Morgan came night. The captain of that half way between the storm struck him. A between the Delta and between the Morgan trip up but the sea was run and the consorts were let the consorts missing call two men each. The wind along at an average near was to block off a other wrecks are reported Niagara river, the ste has rarely occurred before has risen two feet. The cars are running with all

KENTUCKY IN Bryan Has Gained in S on Recount

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 6. Kentucky on the president more doubtful than ever. Figures in some districts in majority on either side of small margin. Bryan by votes in Galloway county. Herdun county, by the d rors in the counting.

London, Nov. 6.—A Pa the Standard says: "M. writing to Brock says that Mr. McKinley's vic served the world from an amity. Mr. Bryan's pol would have disgraced would forever have a credit.

CASTO For Infants and C

The de- child's ailments

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DR. AGNEW'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS—WORLD'S FAIR, DR. AGNEW'S CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

your child You note the difference in children. Some have nearly every ailment, even with the best of care. Others far more exposed pass through unharmed. Weak children will have continuous colds in winter, poor digestion in summer. They are without power to resist disease, they have no reserve strength. Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil, with hypophosphites, is cod-liver oil partly digested and adapted to the weaker digestions of children.

KILLED THE SECOND OFFICER. Third Officer of the Whaler Balena Under Arrest. San Francisco, Nov. 3.—Shortly after the whaler Balena came into port her third officer, Harry C. Bowen, who is charged with the murder of Second Officer Frank Jones, was turned over in double irons to the U. S. marshal, who placed him in a cell at the county jail. Bowen shot and killed Jones at Henechee Island on August 24 during a quarrel. Jones was a bully, it is said, and frequently went out of his way to insult and abuse Bowen and the pair had two open fights, the last of which ended in the death of Jones. Much sympathy is expressed for Bowen by officers and men of the ship, and it is believed a majority of them will testify in his favor at the trial. Bowen when asked to make a statement of his case declared he was desirous of doing so but that he did not think it would be wise until he had consulted an attorney.

Rand & Wallbridge MINING BROKERS, Sandon, - - - B. C. We take pleasure in announcing that we have opened an office at Sandon, for the transaction of a general mining brokerage business. We shall devote our energies to the mines of the Slovan district, and hope to interest our friends in some of the valuable properties located in this vicinity.

J. PIERCY & CO. WHOLESALE DRY GOODS. FULL LINES OF... BLANKETS, FLANNELS, UNDERWEAR, UMBRELLAS and WINTER CLOTHING. N STOCK AND ARRIVING. VICTORIA, B. C.

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