

43RD YEAR NO. 18043

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**STIRRING ENTHUSIASM AT HYMAN HALL
MARKS RECEPTION TO NEW EXECUTIVE**

Mention of Hon. Mr. Hyman's Name Greeted With Tremendous Ovation.

Mr. Beal Taken on Executive
—The Retiring President's Address.

Hyman Hall was packed to the doors last night by the young Liberals of London, and quite a number of the older Liberals, who desired to hear the returns of the elections for the club officers. The meeting was intensely enthusiastic, and the reception given the staff for 1907 was one which must have demonstrated to them the fact that they have the undivided support of one of the finest political and social organizations in Canada.

The defeated candidates for office showed by their addresses a manly spirit, and promised to do all in their power to further the interest of the club and assist the new officers in the various duties.

Cheers For Hon. Mr. Hyman.

A feature of the evening was the demonstration evoked by a shout for a cheer for Hon. Mr. Hyman. The magic of the name moved the crowd to a pitch of enthusiasm equaling the ardor of the old days when London Liberals fought their way up with Hyman from the lower rung of a political ladder, stock to the highest position in the gift of the people of London. Cheers for cheer for "Charlie," as Mr. Hyman is known to his friends, shook the hall, old and young joining in the mighty ovation.

The New Executive.

The retiring president, the popular Harry Ramsay, took the chair, and addressed the gathering briefly. He read the following list of elected officers, which had been furnished him by Returning Officer Frank Butler:

President—Arthur Sippl.
Vice-President—Archie Black.
Secretary—Treasurer—Dr. Claude Brown.

Executive—Ward 1, Dr. George Fraser; Ward 2, James McCormick; Ward 3, John Brock; Ward 4, Percy Stone; Ward 5, J. G. Arthur; Ward 6, Thomas Gerry.

He called upon each of the above-named gentlemen to take seats on the platform with him, and as each walked forward he was given an ovation by the enthusiastic gathering.

Before vacating the chair for the new president, Mr. Ramsay bespoke for the new officers the hearty goodwill and support of every Liberal in London, young and old.

"No matter how hard the officers may work," he said, "they can do nothing unless everybody takes an interest in the club."

President Sippl was cheered for five minutes when he arose to speak. He thanked his fellow Liberals for the honor they had done him in electing him to the presidency, and he promised to do his duty by the club and by Liberalism in London to the best of his ability.

"I thank you one and all for what you have done for me," he said, "but I desire to especially thank my friends from East London. I trust I will prove as good a president as the last president you had from East London, namely, the late William Wainman."

"We have, gentlemen, the finest political and social club quarters in Ontario today. We want to do our duty by this club. We want every Liberal in London, young and old, to take an interest in it, to speak a good word for it, and to help it along in every way he can. (Cheers.)"

"I know you will join me in regretting the illness of our worthy representative, Hon. C. S. Hyman, minister of public works, and I guarantee that when he returns, the young Liberals of London will give him the grandest reception ever given any man in London." (Tremendous cheering.)

Mr. Beal on Executive.
In accordance with a resolution passed at the last meeting, authorizing the president to add six names to the executive, President Sippl called Mr. Arthur Beal, the unsuccessful candidate for the presidency, to the platform, and announced that Mr. Beal would be taken on the executive.

Mr. Beal paid a warm tribute to the worth of the newly-elected president. He knew of no man in the Liberal ranks better fitted to fill the office of president than Mr. Sippl. (Cheers.) The club was very fortunate indeed to have such a body of men at the head of its affairs as those elected this year.

After addresses by Vice-President Black and the members of the executive, an entertaining programme was carried out.

Mr. William Saunders favored with a solo, "The Veteran Song," and he was compelled to respond to two encores. Indeed, Mr. Saunders rather surprised his friends of the club by his splendid vocal powers.

Mr. Tom Mack, the funny minstrel man, who is on at Bennett's this week, made himself solid with the club by singing songs and telling stories for half an hour. The crowd liked him so well that he had difficulty in making his escape, so as to allow someone else to have a chance on the bill.

Mr. Kenneth Finlay, the star of the Seventh Regiment Minstrels, won hearty applause for his rendition of a very fine military song and two or three popular ballads.

Mr. Chester Smith rendered a piano solo in excellent style, and Mr. M. Delaney gave a dance in a manner which won the approbation of all present.

**Another Branch Postoffice
Likely To Be Established**

A new postoffice for the northeast end of the city is a possibility in the near future.

Some time ago the people of the district lying in the County of Middlesex to the northeast of the city petitioned the Government for a postoffice. The petition was very largely signed, and it appears to have some weight with the Government.

Ex-Mayor Campbell, inspector of postoffices, is now working on the scheme, and is furnishing the department with information in case it should be decided to grant the prayer of the petition.

Today Dr. Campbell had a short talk with Mayor Judd regarding the matter. The idea of the inspector is to establish the postoffice in the extreme northeast corner of the city, if it can be located there with convenience to the people who petitioned for it.

A population of about 2,000 persons in the northeast end would be benefited by such a postoffice, which would be a branch of the central office.

At present there are postoffices at St. James' Park, in South London; Belling, in the southeast end of the city, and at Mr. A. J. Denney's, on Dundas street, near Adelaide.

The matter of establishing the new postoffice will be decided within a short time.

**NEW IMMIGRATION
INSPECTOR NAMED**

Mr. Robt. Boston, Ex-M. P., Appointed to Important Position Under Ottawa Government.

Mr. Robert Boston, ex-M. P. for South Middlesex, has been appointed an inspector of immigration by the Minister of the Interior, the head of the immigration department of Canada. Mr. Boston's duty will be to keep an eye on a certain class of emigrants, and arrange for the return of undesirable newcomers to the countries from which they were brought by steamship companies and other official agencies. London will be his headquarters, but his duties will take him to all points in the country.

Mr. Boston's appointment will give great satisfaction to his numerous friends throughout the western district, and it will be the general opinion that no better man could have been chosen for the work.

The new inspector was born in the Township of Lobo, and for twenty years continuously served in the township and county councils. He was elected member of the county in 1889. Mr. Boston was elected member of the House of Commons for South Middlesex in 1892, sitting for three years, and later he received the appointment of inspector of Middlesex county jail, a position which he held for two years.

It is safe to say that there is no more popular man in Middlesex than "Bob" Boston.

CANADA SENDS RELIEF

Steamer Beta Sails With Foodstuffs and Tents.

Halifax, N. S., Jan. 21.—The steamer Beta, which sailed from here tonight for Kingston, Jamaica, took \$16,000 worth of foodstuffs, consignments of fish, potatoes, beans, peas, butter, etc. This is sent by the Canadian Government, and is the first installment of Canada's \$50,000 voted for the relief of the earthquake sufferers. The steamer will also take 500 tents, which were supplied from the military stores at Halifax.

FUEL FAMINE AT WINNIPEG

Daily Consumption Is 100 Cars, While Only 50 Can Be Secured.

Toronto, Jan. 22.—This city faces a fuel famine. The daily consumption of coal is 100 cars, and not more than 50 can be secured. The schools will have to be closed. Many dealers cannot deliver any coal.

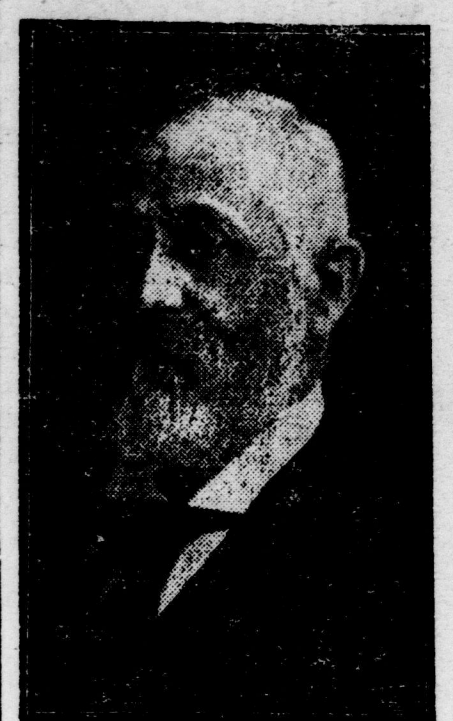
SOLDIERS RUN AMUCK

U. S. Recruits Resist Ejection of Comrade by a Negro.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 22.—A party of soldiers from the United States army recruiting station here ran amuck last night, hurling missiles through windows and working general havoc. Major Glenn sent a detail of 200 men, who arrested 30 soldiers. The trouble is said to have followed the ejection of a soldier from a resort by a negro.

JAPS AND 'FRISCO.

Tokio, Jan. 22.—Speaking in the House of Peers today Premier Saionji, after saying that the San Francisco school trouble will probably settle soon, said that the Japanese Government had determined to facilitate the advancement of interests common to all nations in Manchuria, and added that the negotiations with Russia in regard to the new treaty were progressing favorably.



MR. ROBERT BOSTON,
Newly-Appointed Inspector of Immigration.

**TORONTO FIGHTS
STREET RAILWAY**

Police Compel Resumption of Old Routes and Company Withdraws Service.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Jan. 22.—Bathurst, Arthur and Winchester street cars were stopped by the police this morning on an order from the city council to divert these cars to the old routes. Great interest centered in the result of the action. The street car company offered no resistance, but as soon as the cars were stopped they were returned to the service on the new routes. Inconvenience will be felt acutely when the usual rush comes between 5 and 6 p.m. The company is now awaiting the next move of the city.

TYPHOID AT RIDEAU HALL

Lady Victoria Grenfell Ill and Festivities Are Off.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—Secretary Root and party leave this afternoon instead of tomorrow, on account of Lady Victoria Grenfell, eldest daughter of Lord and Lady Grey, being ill with typhoid fever at Rideau Hall.

AUTHOR FLYNT DEAD

Was a Nephew of Frances Willard and an Authority on Tramps.

Chicago, Jan. 22.—Josiah Flynt Willard, whose experience as a tramp, author and sociologist under the name of Josiah Flynt have given him a wide reputation, is dead of pneumonia. He was a friend of Ibsen and of Tolstol. He was born in Appleton, Wis., in January, 1858. Francis E. Willard was his aunt. He was a graduate of the University of Berlin. He had been staying for several months at the hotel where he died, while writing a series of articles exposing gambling.

CASE FELL THROUGH

Wm. Wheeler Could Not Prove Assault Charge in Police Court.

William Wheeler was one of the central figures at the police court this morning. He appeared as the complainant in a case against James Harrison, whom he accused of assault when he (Harrison) ejected him from a barroom. Wheeler could not prove the charge, and the case was dismissed.

According to Wheeler's story, Harrison had attacked him without cause, and ushered him out of the room onto the cement sidewalk in such a hurry that he fell, injuring his hand.

Harrison did not deny putting Wheeler out of the place, but he denied that he had assaulted him. He said that Wheeler had tried to interfere while he was selling some cigars to a customer. Charles Gray answered a charge of assault, laid by Hugh Horsner. The case was dismissed.

W. Best appeared on a charge of non-payment of wages laid by George Sadler. The case was adjourned for one week.

THE OHIO FLOOD.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 22.—The Ohio River at 8:30 this morning stood at 41.2 feet and had been stationary for half an hour. The weather bureau officials think the crest of the flood has been reached.

**PREMIER IN TOUCH
WITH MR. HYMAN**

To Make Definite Statement Shortly as to Resignation.

IS THERE A LUMBER COMBINE?

Motion for a Committee to Investigate the Matter Accepted by the Government.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—In the House today Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in reply to questions, stated that there was no change in the situation regarding Mr. Hyman's resignation, but that as that gentleman was now able to receive communications, he would within two weeks be in a position to make an announcement. The office of solicitor-general would be filled as soon as the tariff measure is disposed of.

Mr. Foster, who, in the absence of Mr. R. L. Borden, was leading the Opposition, asked when the position of solicitor-general, which has for a long time been vacant, would be filled. He also asked when some definite information might be expected in reference to the situation created by the resignation of the representative for London. The Opposition, he thought, the Premier would admit, had not pressed the matter unduly. But at the same time he suggested that there came an end to things, and he thought the situation by this time had become pretty well established, and that the House should have some definite information as to what the Premier proposed to do.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in reply, said: "With regard to the most important matter to which Mr. Foster has referred, this is the position in which the resignation of the Minister of Public Works now stands: I think that the request made by the member for North Toronto is very reasonable, and I am certain that it will be met in the manner in which he and his friends have dealt with this matter. They have shown nothing but a kindly disposition towards Mr. Hyman, and that is a disposition which we on this side most gratefully appreciate. (Heard.)"

It is quite natural that he should want to know something more definite. I can assure him that if very shortly—within a couple of weeks, for instance—we do not receive favorable news from Mr. Hyman, we shall have to press him for a definite answer as to his intention. His intention will be to resign, but, unfortunately, he omitted a formality which has prevented the Speaker from issuing his warrant. We have sent communications to Mr. Hyman, but unfortunately they were not able to reach him. We have reason to believe that we can reach him, and we expect to have an answer at an early day. I did not press on him my view that he should not resign his cabinet position because of reasons which induced his resignation as a member of Parliament. It may, however, happen that for reasons of ill-health we may have to accept his resignation. In making this statement I wish to express to Mr. Foster and his colleagues on the Opposition benches my gratification at the very fair manner in which the Opposition have acted in this matter. With regard to the solicitor-generalship I have said—and have no reason to change my view—that as soon as the tariff can be disposed of I shall be able to make an announcement to the House. With regard to the Australian papers I am glad to be able to gratify Mr. Foster's legitimate curiosity. These will be brought down at the end of this week, or at the latest, the beginning of next week."

BOUNDARIES OF MANITOBA.

Replying to a question by Mr. Greenway, whether the Government intended to deal with the extension of the boundary of Manitoba, the Minister of the Interior said: "Continued on Page Eight."

THE WEATHER.**TOMORROW—VERY COLD.**

Toronto, Jan. 22.—8 p.m. Fine, cold weather prevails in all parts of the Dominion. The temperature remains very low in Manitoba and Saskatchewan, but it has risen slightly in the west.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 56 below—40 below; Atlin, 40 below—18 below; Victoria, 42—48; Vancouver, 31—37; Edmonton, 22 below—2 below; Calgary, 8 below—20 below; Qu'Appelle, 10 below—20 below; Winnipeg, 22 below—10 below; Toronto, 10—20; Ottawa, 2 below—2; Montreal, 2 below—4; Quebec, 6 below—20; Halifax, 14—48.

FORECASTS.

Tuesday, Jan. 22—8 a.m. Fresh northerly winds; fair and very cold tonight and on Wednesday, with temperatures much below zero in most localities.

Detroit, Jan. 21.—Lower Michigan: Tuesday—Snow and warmer. Wednesday—Partly cloudy; colder in central and east portions; variable winds, becoming north and fresh.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	24	-4	Cloudy
Winnipeg	34	-38	Cloudy
Port Arthur	22	-24	Clear
Perry Sound	36	-2	Snow
Toronto	12	10	Snow
Ottawa	10	8	Snow
Montreal	6	-12	Snow
Quebec	16	-16	Cloudy
Father Point	8	-10	Clear

The sign indicates below zero.

WEATHER NOTES.

The weather is turning milder in British Columbia and in Alberta. Elsewhere in Canada it is for the most part very cold. A pronounced cold wave centered in Manitoba, promises decidedly low temperatures from Ontario to the Maritime Provinces.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Monday were: Highest, 15°; lowest, 10° above.

Municipal Figures—No. 17

OLIVER ELLWOOD,
Secretary of Waterworks Department.

**MORE QUIVERS
AT KINGSTON**

Two Heavy Shocks Were Felt in the Wrecked Capital of Jamaica.

New York, Jan. 22.—A dispatch from Kingston says: A heavy earthquake shock was felt here at 3 o'clock this morning, and a still heavier one 45 minutes after 2 this afternoon.

FUN AT RIDEAU HALL

Vice-Regal Party and American Guests Skating Today.

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—Secretary of State Root spent the forenoon at Rideau Hall, and was the guest of the Canadian Club at luncheon. This afternoon there will be a skating party at Government House. Another dinner will take place tonight at Rideau Hall, and the United States Secretary will leave for Washington tomorrow morning.

LONDON'S HEALTH GOOD

M. H. O. Says There Are Few Cases of Contagious Diseases.

"London is in a particularly healthy condition at present," Medical Health Officer Hutchinson said to The Advertiser today. "We have a case of smallpox, it is true, but it was brought to us from Oil Springs, and we only have one case of diphtheria and a couple of scarlet fever cases. The measles outbreak is subsiding and altogether it may be said of London that the city occupies an enviable position from a health standpoint."

TOLL ROAD PURCHASE

London Township's Request to Come Before Aldermen Tonight.

The regular meeting of the city council, which was scheduled for last night, but which was postponed because the city hall was being used for the Masonic reception, will be held tonight. One of the most important matters to come up will be the request from the Township of London for a grant of \$2,000 to aid in the purchase of the Proof Line road, so that the tollgates may be abolished.

The opinion of the city fathers is pretty well divided, as to whether it would be to the city's direct interests to make a grant for the abolition of the toll road at this time. However, the question will be threshed out tonight.

THE PREFERENCE

Government Caucus Over Resolution to Confine It to Ports.

Ottawa, Jan. 22.—There was a Government caucus today to discuss Mr. Logan's resolution confining British preference to Canadian sea ports. There was strong opposition to the resolution going into effect at present. It would mean a blow to British preference. The Premier has already declared himself in favor of the principle of the resolution, but his opinion is that it is premature to put it into force now. That view will no doubt prevail. In that case a new resolution will be submitted, or Mr. Logan's will be modified, providing that it will come into effect at the time when the country is ready for it. All the western members were opposed to the increased protection which such a resolution would cause just now. They oppose anything that interferes with the British preference.

GREAT TOKIO FIRE.

Tokio, Jan. 22.—The department of communications buildings were burned today at a loss of \$500,000. Most of the documents were destroyed.

**The British Govt. Regrets
Gov. Swettenham's Letter**

U. S. State Department Informed That Inquiry Will Be Made Into the Matter—Haldane Repudiates Action of Jamaican Executive.

Washington, Jan. 22.—The state department today made public the text of the note delivered to Acting Secretary Bacon yesterday by the British embassy, as follows:

"Sir,—I have the honor to inform you, under instructions received today from his majesty's principal secretary of state for foreign affairs, that his majesty's Government are causing official inquiry to be made as to the authenticity of the letter which appeared in the public press this morning, purporting to be written by the governor of Jamaica, and addressed to Admiral Davis, commanding the United States squadron lately in Jamaican waters."

"Sir Edward Grey desires me to say that, while he is entirely dependent on the press only for information, with regard to this incident, he deeply regrets if the published text proves correct, that a British official should have addressed such a letter to the gallant admiral, who had rendered valuable assistance to British subjects at a time of great suffering and distress, and that he is certain that his feeling of regret is shared by everyone in Great Britain. 'I have the honor to be, with the highest consideration, sir, your most obedient humble servant,' (Signed) ESME HOWARD."

Deplored By People.

Philadelphia, Jan. 22.—In response to an offer of aid sent by Mayor Weaver

of this city, this cablegram was received today:

"Kingston, Jamaica, Jan. 22.—Many thanks. Money and building material urgently required. Departure of warships deplored by people. (Signed) TAIT, Mayor."

Swettenham to Root

Washington, Jan. 22.—The state department today made public the following cablegram:

Kingston, Jamaica, Jan. 20.—The Hon. E. H. Root, State Secretary, Washington, D. C., Jamaica profoundly grateful to your excellency for the very practical aid so kindly given by Admiral Davis and the entire particular service squadron of the United States navy. (Signed) Governor.

The cablegram was received in this city at 9 o'clock last night.

What Berlin Thinks

Berlin, Jan. 22.—The newspapers here print all the news available regarding the Swettenham-Davis incident, and receive the quieting statements from Washington with a certain degree of skepticism. Editorially, the incident is regarded as being more of a personal affair than an incident between the two governments, and the friction is ascribed to Swettenham's "tired nerves" and sensitive national pride. Some of the papers say that the feeling of Germany against the declaration of the United States to assist foreign relief for the San Francisco earthquake sufferers, although it is at the same time admitted that the circumstances in the two cases were quite different.

Continued on page nine.

**THISTLES LIFT THE STANLEY CUP;
DEFEAT WANDERERS TWO STRAIGHT****BOULEVARD WILL
SURELY DISAPPEAR**

Extension of Business District on Dundas Street, East of Wellington, Demands It.

The steady industrial roll of the city to the eastward is causing property owners of Dundas street to sit up and take notice.

For some years a pavement for Dundas street between Wellington and Adelaide, has been talked about, and now it appears a certainty that the pavement will go down this year.

On the south side of the street, between Wellington and Waterloo, there is a boulevard of perhaps 20 feet between the sidewalk and the frontage line.

The matter of the pavement has now raised the question, will it be a good investment for the property owners of this block to allow the boulevard to remain, and keep the business away from their frontages?

Some of them think not. It is understood that the business of the McCormick Manufacturing Company is growing so rapidly that within a year or two at the outside the company must have more room. Addition after addition has been built to the factory, but the business of the firm has increased at a greater rate than the facilities.

Sooner or later the factory will go eastward, and when it does the present building will, it is said, be cut into stores.

Thus there is a reason why the McCormicks should want the street to be paved right up to the frontage line, so as to bring the business to the stores which will most assuredly be established on the south side all the way to the armories.

At the present time all the property owners are said to be figuring very much on the future, and there is a chance that the boulevard will be wiped out altogether and that the street will be paved from walk to walk, as it is from Wellington street west.

FIRST CONTRACT LET

Cost \$2 a Foot to Bore Artesian Well at Queen's Park.

The water commissioners have let the contract for the first of the artesian wells which are to be bored, with a view to increasing the city's water supply.

The price is \$2 a foot for every foot it is sunk.

The well will be bored in the loop used by the London street railway on the Western Fair grounds in the east end.

Superintendent Moore says that even if water is struck in large quantities in the wells the cost of pumping will be very great.

If the well referred to should yield, say, 100,000 gallons per day, it will require 10-horsepower to pump it. And a 10-horsepower motor at \$50 per horsepower will cost to operate it exactly \$500 per annum.

**Spectacular Game Before 6,000
People Sends Silver Mug
to the West.**

Montreal, Jan. 21.—Kenora has lifted the cup, and the famous silver mug goes west. Kenora defeated Wanderers tonight in a spectacular game by 8 to 6. The arena was crowded with over 6,000 spectators, who yelled themselves hoarse over the good plays of their respective favorites. The Wanderers replaced Kennedy at cover by Sirichan, but he was no great find, and after he had hit Hod Stuart on the head in trying to lift the puck, he was replaced by Jack Marshall, of the Montagnards. "The little man of iron," Glass was moved back, and Marshall played forward.

The game was of the whirlwind nature from the start, but during the first half many minor accidents occurred, and the casualty list grew apace; also the number who decorated the fence. Referee Chitty was strict, but impartial, and in rapid order Phillips and Glass were ruled off. Big Hod Stuart started things going for the Wanderers, and made some great rushes, and also used his great size to check counter-rushes. During the first part of the game the advantage was with the Wanderers.

Russell and Beaudro were ruled off, and during their absence Patrick, of the Wanderers, scored the first goal. Kenora followed in half a minute with a tally by Hooper, followed in another minute by a second by Hooper. Patrick was sent to the fence for cross-checking and Ross soon followed.

Phillips was the star of the Kenora team. Time and again he carried the puck through the Wanderers' line, only to lose it to Stuart, or to have his goal stopped by Harn, in the nets. Phillips scored the third goal for Kenora, and repeated in half a minute, making the score 4 to 1.

The Wanderers scored the next, and Patrick was sent to the fence for ten minutes for tripping, and Johnston for cross-checking.

Kenora's last tally in the first half was by McGimsie. This made the half-time score 5 to 2 in favor of Kenora.

The second half opened faster, and while the going rapid the result was in doubt. Rushes and counter-rushes, no lifting, but short passes and spectacular plays, brought the crowds to their feet again and again.

Hooper scored the sixth for Kenora, and then in rapid succession the Wanderers poured shot after shot on the Kenora goal. Ross was sent to the fence, and in his absence goals were netted for the Wanderers, making the score six all.

The even score turned the audience into a yelling, frantic mob, and it seemed as if the Wanderers would win after all, but, with only four minutes to play, Stuart was sent off for tripping Phillips. After that Kenora had things easy. With the big star gone, it was an easy matter to tally two more goals and win the match half an hour. At the end the teams were playing five a side, as McGimsie, Phillips, Patrick and Stuart were all off.

It was a hurricane finish to a game full of sensational features, and one of the fastest, cleanest games ever played here. Kenora intend playing in Ottawa on Wednesday night of this week and in Toronto Friday night. In Toronto they purpose taking the measure

Continued on Page Eight.

WOODS' FAIR

Big Ribbon Sale Wednesday

500 yards of Baby Ribbon, silk or satin, in assorted shades. Special sale price 10 yard

Large assortment of Silk or Duchess Ribbon, in all the beautiful shades. Wednesday 10c yard

Fancy Stripes and Plain Taffeta Ribbon, in assorted shades, 4 inches wide. Sale price 15c yard

Taffeta Ribbon, in green, pink, blue, white, brown and navy, 5 inches wide, suitable for hair ribbon, cushion frills, etc., Special price Wednesday 15c yard

Ladies' Gloves, 25c

Ladies' Fine Cashmere Gloves, light fleeced, 2 dome, sizes 6 1/2 to 8, Sale price 25c pair

Ladies' White Wool Golf Gloves, fancy stitched back, all sizes. Sale price 40c pair

Latest Hand Purses

Beaded Hand Purses, in blue, gold, pink and steel, nickel clasp and frame; also nickel chain, very natty. Sale price 75c

Children's Bibs, fleeced back, lace edge. Wednesday 15c

Be sure and see our grand display of China in our Art Room in the basement.

J. M. THOMSON, Proprietor.

THE DISCIPLING OF THE LORDS

England Curious as to How "C.-B." Will Go About the Difficult Task.

London, Jan. 21.—The Prime Minister does not hold Parliament out of session. He keeps his own state secret and welcomes brilliant flashes of silence from his colleagues.

In advance of the King's speech the question of supreme importance is the Government method of disciplining the Lords, who have enabled the leader of the discredited Opposition to save his own education act by defeating the new bill. Mr. Birrell has spoken at Bristol without throwing much light upon the problem.

The main grievance of the Free Churchmen can be redressed by a financial bill less drastic than Mr. Gladstone's procedure in overriding the Lords' veto of the repeal of the paper duties and the abolition of army purchase. That is less important than the discovery of a practical method of managing the House of Lords and carrying out the will of the democratic electorate.

The retiring member of the cabinet is the only one who takes up the relations of the Lords and Commons. It is not clear whether the Prime Minister has encouraged him to start the discussion or whether he felt entirely at liberty in his valedictory to his supporters at Aberdeen to introduce a half of his most urgent question of the day. Mr. Bryce's speeches have commanded more attention than any previous utterances from him. This is proof that his full measure as a statesman had never been taken here until his appointment to the Washington embassy. His method of converting the House of Lords into a truly representative chamber is on the lines originally proposed by Lord Rosebery. He discussed it in an academic way without citing precedents for it. The legislative Lords representing both parties would follow the analogy of the law Lords and the constitution. The Upper Chamber has been often regulated by the creation of life peers and the inclusion of opposition of the bishops by act of Parliament.

The cabinet changes are still deferred until February, with a strong probability that Winston Churchill must wait even longer for promotion to the cabinet. The colonial conference will give him the center of the stage for a season.

The conference will be limited both in personnel and range of subjects. Australia and Canada will be treated as federated commonwealths, the individual states or colonies not being represented either by their premiers or agents-general.

It will be attended by the premiers of Canada, Newfoundland, Australia, Cape Colony, Natal and New Zealand. The federation operates to reduce the representation.

The programme is not yet disclosed, but the expediency of creating an imperial council will probably be the chief number. Colonial preference will not receive enough attention from Downing street, even if the premiers insist upon dragging it in for discussion.

COMMISSION APPOINTED TO FORMULATE PLANS FOR TREATING CONSUMPTION

A commission has been appointed by the governor of Indiana to investigate tuberculosis conditions in the state and to make recommendation to the next general assembly of the legislature that a state farm for the cure of consumption be established.

The commission has prepared plans that include the expenditure of \$100,000 for the purchase of about 200 acres of good land and provide the necessary buildings, to care for about 300 people—150 male and 150 female.

This movement is quite in accord with the general tendency throughout the country looking toward the eradication of the deadly white plague. The disease is so much more easily prevented than cured that it appears criminal to neglect even the simplest precaution.

An ordinary cough or cold tends to weaken the lungs and make them especially receptive to the tubercular germ. What is probably the most efficient means to promptly check a cold or cough, is the prescription of a noted authority on lung trouble. It is claimed this will not only break up a cold quickly, but will cure any cough that is curable. The formula calls for a half ounce Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure), two ounces of glycerine and a half pint of good whiskey. Mix well, and take a teaspoonful every four hours.

The necessary ingredients cost little and can be purchased at any good drug store. Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) is put up for dispensing only, in half ounce vials, each vial securely sealed in a round wooden case with an engraved wrapper, showing the name—Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure), prepared only by Leach Chemical Co., Cincinnati, Ohio—plainly printed thereon. The oil sold in bulk, and the sundry cheap imitations of Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) put out under similar name and style of package are not only ineffective for the purpose, but are often dangerous. It is always well to remember that the object of an imitator is to deceive. There is no known substitute for Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure).

A Graphic Pen Picture of Kingston Earthquake

Brother of Novelist Hall Caine Tells Thrilling Story of Disaster.

Kingston, Jamaica, Jan. 18.—[Delayed.]—The advance of Jamaica toward prosperity and the growth of her trade as shown by the increasing balance of income over expenditure and representing the efforts of her administrators for over half a century, have been arrested and turned into disaster in less than fifty seconds.

Kingston, the island's capital, is today no more than a mass of debris. Every street in the city tells a story of desolation and ruin, and at night the sky is illuminated by the deep red glow of fires still burning in half a dozen parts of the city.

Writing this message in the calm security of the Elder-Dempster steamer Port Kingston, lying at its wharf, I am led to believe that the outside world from which we have been cut off for more than three days, has been thrilled and horrified by such brief messages as have got through, but it would wrong the truth to say that anyone here in Kingston has fully realized the awful gravity of the happening. Time alone will enable us to comprehend fully the scenes of the last few days.

Dead Thrown Into Flames.

I have been all over the destroyed town and have seen the fires into which the bodies of many victims have been cast, despite the appeal of the government for Christian burial, wherever possible.

In the city itself the number of dead buried up to noon of Tuesday was officially reported as 413, but the real death toll will never be revealed until the ruins give up their dead.

It is said that as soon as the extent of the disaster was realized the imperial government was appealed to for the presence of warships, but in an atmosphere charged with conflicting rumors it is almost impossible to believe anything outside of one's personal knowledge or experience.

Arrival of the Americans.

I certainly know that the situation is now immensely relieved by the arrival of three American warships, the battleships Missouri and Indiana, and one torpedo boat, the Whipple, under command of Rear Admiral Davis, with men ready to offer guard and surgeons, with medical comforts and supplies.

Without a moment's delay the admiral landed a body of men as guards. He also tendered the services of his medical staff, but Sir Alexander Swettenham, who exchanged courtesies with Admiral Davis on board the Missouri, declined the offer on the ground that he saw no justification in the situation for accepting it.

Yet I know the presence of the American bluejackets quelled the opportunity of a rising among the prisoners of the penitentiary and established a sense of power and authority impossible to overestimate in value.

American Doctors Refused.

I cannot appreciate the precise feeling behind this diplomatic snub, but how far the governor is acting under pressure of medical etiquette, but I do know that the American admiral's offer was made in the cause of our common humanity and that the aid of eight surgeons was declined while the hospital is crowded with 400 or 500 patients, though the accommodation is barely sufficient for half that number.

I came to Jamaica less than a week ago as one of the guests of Sir Alfred Jones, and among those on board the Port Kingston who were anxious and ready to co-operate with him in his noble, patriotic efforts to help Jamaica, were Lord and Lady Dudley, Mr. Jesse Collins, Sir Thomas Hughes, an ex-lord mayor of Liverpool; Sir Ralph Moore, an adviser to the British Cotton Growers' Association; Viscount Mountmorres of the Liverpool University; Mr. Henniker Heaton and Mr. Arnold-Forster among other members of parliament, together with many merchants and cotton spinners prominent in Liverpool and Manchester.

Imperial Conference Meets.

These men, together with planters from all the West Indian Islands, and headed by Sir Alexander Swettenham, governor of Jamaica, and Sir Daniel Morris, chief of the West Indian agricultural commission, opened on Monday an imperial conference at which the whole trade of the island would have been reviewed, including the sugar, rum, banana, coffee and cocoa outputs, and a new start from cassava, from which great results are expected.

But over and above all these it was the dream of Sir Alfred Jones, as president of the Cotton Growers' Association, to re-establish cotton plantations in Jamaica and thus provide the Lancashire market with an ever increasing supply of sea island cotton, from which the most beautiful French laces and embroideries are made.

Then Came the Earthquake.

The conference had concluded its morning session on Monday last, and was more than half way through its afternoon business when the first shock came, and blank consternation fell upon the densely crowded room.

There was no panic, but everybody understood the portentous sign, and through the large open windows and doors the company made their hasty exit into the street. But by one of those strange dispensations of Providence, as if heaven itself wished to hold its hand on the work designed for the good of all, the conference hall, alone among the many prominent buildings of Kingston, remained unharmed.

Sir Alfred Jones and many of his party had lunched at the Myrtle Bank Hotel on the sea front. They were slowly returning to that house when the ground beneath their feet began to

quake and shudder as if the earth itself were in agony. In a moment the hotel building collapsed. The sides fell out and the whole structure became as grotesque, as Lord Dudley described it, as a wrecked doll's house. Mr. Jesse Collins stumbled on the moving earth, but was quickly picked up by his nearest neighbor without harm.

In a moment nothing could be seen for the blinding dust and smoke which began to arise. A boat was obtained and by way of the sea Sir Alfred and his party safely reached their ship, the Port Kingston.

Close Call for Steamer.

Fire had started on the wharf quite near and a fresh wind was blowing the flames toward the vessel. With no steam power available the ship seemed bound to fall the victim to an enemy as deadly and irresistible as the earthquake itself. To make matters worse, one boiler was under repair, but the crew soon restored this temporary working order. The fires under the boilers were relit and not a single moment was lost in one supreme effort to make the ship master of its own destiny.

If ever Sir Alfred Jones was in danger of losing his life it was at the moment when Captain Parsons gave orders for the starboard boats to be lowered and made ready for the emergency, now so near, and for leaving the ship to its fate if it became necessary.

The steam, however, steadily advanced, and the chief engineer soon reported that there was sufficient accumulated energy to move the ship. The crew were at their posts in a moment and as the last link with the shore was broken the vessel was backed out into the main channel and then moved to the railway wharf, which had not caught fire.

Scenes on Hospital Ship.

All on board soon began to see something of the awful human sacrifice demanded by the earthquake and fire. Prompt steps to give aid were taken. Many of the injured were taken to the streets were brought to the wharf, but only those cases in which there was hope of saving life were brought on board the Port Kingston. While space allowed none of these was refused.

When the decks became congested with suffering people, Sir Alfred Jones obtained the use of an adjoining wharf. Here in the open, and under cover when cover could be found, the crew improvised beds and everyone who was able joined in caring for the suffering.

Dr. Evans, the ship's doctor, worked all night, and the supply of anaesthetics having been lost in the chaos of the town, amputations were carried out under the most difficult circumstances and with the greatest pain to those operated on. Sheets and pillowcases belonging to the ship were torn up to make bandages.

The ship stores, medicine and other, were similarly requisitioned and every possession of the Elder-Dempster Company was called into use to relieve the overwhelming scene of distress.

The death roll among those carried to the ship was considerable and at the earliest gleam of daylight the bodies were removed in carts.

Escape of Other Tourists.

Another large body of English visitors to the island was at the Constant Spring Hotel, six miles outside of Kingston. Others were spending the day at Spanish Town, an old capital. Those in Kingston sought the ship, but others drove in carts to the hotel, and great distances to get back to the hotel. The structure was badly injured and the whole front of the west wing, standing clear, threatened to fall at any moment. But it still remains within the flagstaff above it and the cross of St. George floated in calm breeze.

The guests and servants spent the night on the tennis lawn, some in chairs and others on rugs and mattresses spread on the grass. The earth was in a state of perpetual tremor, and every few hours the violence of these quakes became more and more marked that everyone feared the worst.

The English and American guests met the danger usually without a word, but the black servants and nurses filled the air with their bemoanings and lamentations. They prayed: "Good Lord, have mercy on us. Christ, have mercy on us."

Rescued Her Powder Puff.

One woman who had, by heavy bribes persuaded servants to rescue all her possessions from the hotel, suddenly discovered that her powder puff was missing. Even in an earthquake she could not forget personal adornment, and with startling callousness she bribed the black servants to re-enter the wrecked building and get the powder puff from her dressing table.

Sir James Fergusson, who was associated with the Royal Mail line, was here with Mr. Gerald Loder, newly arrived from Panama. Sir James was in the street at the time of the earthquake and was killed by the falling walls of a shop. Captain Constantine, local agent of the Royal Mail Company, was also killed, while his wife was dangerously injured standing at her dressing table in her home five miles away.

Escapes Almost Marvelous.

But with these exceptions probably all the English visitors have escaped harm in the most miraculous way. We of the steamer Port Kingston were spread over every quarter of the town in shops, and houses that are now masses of ruins yet all escaped usually without a scratch. Ours have been indeed charmed lives, and everyone is now a firm believer in his good luck and the divine and unseen death is not his fate. I am.

The only looting I have seen is in the case of the Montpelier cigar factory. Here under the eyes and with the hearty goodwill of the native policemen women and children were clambering over the debris and carrying away with as many as a dozen boxes of cigars each, only to lose a share of their plunder to their fellows of less venturesome enterprise.

Natives Are Unconcerned.

Elsewhere the natives were squatting outside their wrecked tenements smoking, and in a condition of sublime resignation, waiting for the government

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY. A little milder. THE SATISFACTORY STORE

An Inviting Lingerie Display Awaits You

When you visit our second floor. Bewitchingly fresh and dainty, as spic and span new goods always are. A multitude of new styles to become acquainted with. All in all, a lingerie display that will delight all who accept our cordial invitation to pay us a visit. Come to day or tomorrow.

Illustrated on the right is a LADIES' very beautiful UNDERSKIRT of fine cambric. It is a very elaborate style. Has a deep muslin flounce set with six rows of fine lace insertion and finished with lace at bottom over foundation of self and dust frill of muslin. The price is indeed very reasonable..... \$2.75

If you would like A VERY Dainty NIGHTGOWN at a very moderate price allow us to show this pretty style in nice quality cotton. A neat yoke is charmingly finished with groups of tucks, and the gown is trimmed with a frill of embroidery around neck and sleeves. Full sizes. Just..... 85c

All sizes in these LADIES' COTTON DRAWERS at a quarter of a dollar a pair. Good width. Wide frill of self, finished with tuck and hemstitched hem..... 25c

LADIES' CORSET COVERS in full front style, with neck and arms lace trimmed. One row of insertion at front. All sizes..... 25c

White wear—Second Floor.

Flannel Sheetting, 35c to 85c Yard

36-inch Flannel Sheetting. Union. At, per yard..... 35c

72-inch Flannel Sheetting. Union. At, per yard..... 70c

72-inch Flannel Sheetting. Extra heavy. Union. Per yard..... 85c

70-inch Bleached Flannel Sheetting. Nice and soft. Per yard..... 50c

Flannel Department—East Store.

Silk Warp Henrietta, Regular \$1.25 Yard, On Sale Now at 95c

Beautiful, soft, clinging materials, dyed in France. A large range of colors admirably adapted for elegant afternoon gowns and dressy shirtwaist suits. Regular \$1.25 yard. On sale now at..... 95c

Colored Dress Goods—Main Floor.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street

and the white man generally to handle the situation. Nature is so bountiful in this land of eternal sunshine that a man's wants are few, and are provided more often than not by wages earned by the wife.

The governor has asked for laborers to clear the streets, and though the pay offered is three times as much as they could earn in normal times, the men seem more than ever disposed to wait and see what will happen next. They are lying about in idleness along the ruins.

Meanwhile a large proportion of the white residents have left for the country districts.

THE RAVAGES OF RHEUMATISM

Are Checked by Bileans—A Woman's Sensational Cure.

Mrs. Selma Davis, a resident of Abingdon, has proved how wonderfully effective Bileans are in cases of rheumatism and debility. She says: "I had pains in the limbs and across the back, weighing down symptoms and great weakness. Two years ago the pains in the back and about the loins became almost unbearable. This condition continued and so worked upon me that last year I was completely laid up. I tried various pills and physics, and still found no relief. In October came a crisis. I was rendered completely helpless by acute rheumatism. By the doctor's advice I went into the hospital, where I remained under treatment for nine weeks. On returning I was confined to my bed again for seven weeks. I read a description of the good work Bileans were doing. This induced me to obtain a supply. By following the directions given for their use I improved in health from day to day. After a little while I regained the use of my limbs, and after that my progress was rapid. For some time now I have been able to resume my ordinary life and work, and am altogether a different person from what I was during the last few years."

Rheumatism is due to the presence of certain poisonous acids in the blood. These "acidic" fluids, the blood, are the liver and the kidneys. Through these organs the blood passes, and when the organs are in healthy operation they filter out the harmful substances. When they are not in healthy operation they allow the acids to remain in the blood, and this is the cause of rheumatism. It is one of the many diseases that do not act directly on the blood, but they act upon and correct the liver and kidneys. They thus correct the real cause of rheumatism by an indirect action, just as indirectly the flagman stops a train! Bileans are also a sure cure for indigestion, liver troubles, headache, gas, belching, pains in the chest, constipation, piles, female ailments, and all blood impurities. All druggists sell at 50c a box, or post free from the Bilean Co., Toronto, for price. Six boxes for \$2.50.

MURDERED IN HER SCHOOL

A Kansas Country Teacher is Slain, and Her Admirer Accused.

El Dorado, Kas., Jan. 21.—Miss Mary H. Glass, a 23-year-old country school teacher, was found dead with her throat cut late last night in her schoolhouse in the western part of this county. A few hours previously Robert Hall, a young farmer living in the same neighborhood, who had been attentive to Miss Glass, staggered into his mother's home and fell unconscious at her feet from a deep gash in his throat.

When revived Hall told in whispers that Miss Glass had slashed him during a quarrel. He refused to tell how she met her death.

According to the young man's story, which was told in whispers because of his gashed throat, he drove to the schoolhouse at 3:30 o'clock Friday afternoon and remained until after the pupils departed for their homes, as had been his custom. He said that he and Miss Glass talked over their affairs and that he reproached her for having received the attention of another young man. Angry words followed, he said, and she attacked him and cut his throat.

When asked who cut Miss Glass' throat young Hall refused to make any reply whatever. No weapon of any kind was found in the schoolhouse or Hall's pockets.

The wounds in the throat of each show plainly that the cuts were inflicted with a similar weapon and a keen one. The schoolhouse had the appearance of having been the scene of a terrific struggle.

Hall is 27 years old. He was born and raised in Butler County, is fairly good looking, and is popular with his set. It is thought his wounds are fatal.

Miss Glass had taught in Butler County school for four years. Her parents are well to do and old settlers of Murdock township.

The coroner's jury returned a verdict that Miss Glass came to her death at the hands of Hall.

T. AND N. O. SECRETARY RESIGNS.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—Mr. W. H. Pearson, secretary of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway commission, has resigned to accept an outside position in the business world.

He will probably be succeeded by Mr. A. J. McGee, the present general accountant of the commission.

THE GALE AT ERIE.

Blenheim, Jan. 21.—The windstorm that swept Western Ontario Saturday night and Sunday did considerable damage at Erie. The large icehouse of the Erie Ice Company, in course of construction, was blown flat to the ground and the company has suffered a loss of several hundreds of dollars. The building was 210 feet long by 100 feet wide, and was divided into seven compartments, each 30 feet wide. The work of construction was over half done and it is reported that the company will not rebuild this season. The large coal hoists of the Lake Erie Coal Company were also damaged to some extent.



Purity in Candy

is the first consideration. All the Confectionery we sell is guaranteed in that respect. The most important thing is delicious flavor, for which all our Candies are noted. Our special offerings in the line of Candies, put up in fancy boxes for gift purposes, etc., is especially directed to your notice.

Olympia Candy Store
186 Dundas Street. Phone 473

COWAN'S MILK CHOCOLATE

Oroquettes, Medallions, Sticks, Etc.

These are delicious goods and we ask everyone to try them.

THE COWAN CO., Ltd.
TORONTO

SPECIAL SALE

Food Choppers

For One Week Only.

\$1.00, \$1.25
\$1.50

500 Choppers to be cleared out. See our window display. They will cut raw or cooked meat, vegetables and fruit, coarse or fine, as desired.

Westman's Hardware
121 Dundas St. and Market Sq.

Condensed Advertisements.

No Advertisement Less Than Fifteen Words.

Meetings—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion. Articles for Sale, To Let, Help Wanted, Situations Wanted, Board and Lodgings, Lost and Found, Rooms to Let and all similar condensed advertisements—First insertion, one cent a word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than fifteen words.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

DEATHS.
HOBBS—At Guelph, Jan. 22, 1907, Richard Hobbs.
Funeral private, from the residence of Mrs. Fields, 252 Talbot street, on Thursday, at 2:30. 43u

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

BENNETT'S This Week
Daisy Harcourt
THE REAL GIRL
OTHER FEATURES.
VAUDEVILLE
HOCKEY
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 23.
City Championship Games
Fast and exciting. Disk field at 8 o'clock sharp. Jubilee rink, admission, 25 cts.

ALLAN LINE

Low rates to the Old Country or to bring passengers out. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

C. P. R. ATLANTIC SERVICE—FAST

Express steamships. Fastest record, 6 days, 7 hours, 55 minutes, port to port. Sure connections. The Empress and other ships wait arrival of C. P. R. train No. 3, landing passengers on dock. St. John. Lowest rates and all other accommodations to and from the Old Country. Excursion tickets good to return via Allan Line, via New York, P. E. Clarke, Richmond street, Bank of Commerce.

SIMCOE STREET RINK—RAND TONIGHT

and every night this week. Fancy dress carnival Friday night. Skating every afternoon. Phone 1668. b

ANCHOR LINE—FAST STEAMSHIPS, NEW

York to Glasgow direct, calling at New York, F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce, agent. 2

JUBILEE RINK—OPEN EVERY AFTERNOON

and night. Band tonight. Ice in excellent condition. b

"ROME, THE CITY ON THE SEVEN

Hills," is the subject of an illustrated lecture by Rev. J. J. Ross in First Congregational Church, Tuesday evening, Jan. 22. Under the auspices of Y. W. C. A. extension work. Admission, 10c. 26c-wty

DANCING—NEW CLASSES NOW FORMING

ladies. Thursday evening; children, Saturday afternoon. Private lessons, any hour. Call or phone 1774. Dayton & McCormick.

Ideal Bowling Alleys and Billiard Parlors

Largest Amusement House in the City. EVERYBODY WELCOME. 195 KING STREET. ywt

RICHMOND STREET RINK—SKATING

every afternoon and night. Music in attendance. 43f

WESTMINSTER RINK—CADET BAND

every night. Independent Order of Foresters' Carnival, Tuesday, Feb. 12. b

SPECIAL CARS EVERY TEN MINUTES

from 7 to 7:30 p.m., for Pittsburgh Concert, 8. Thomas, 24, South. Western Traction Company. 49u

JUBILEE RINK—ICE SKATING EVERY

afternoon and evening. Band Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. 42f

WESTMINSTER RINK—CADET BAND

tonight and Saturday afternoon matinee and night. b

DANCING SEASON NOW OPEN—LESSONS

any hour. Call and enquire. R. B. Millard, 345 Princess avenue. b

TONY CORTESE—ORIGINAL LONDON

Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple. Phone 1570. b

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES

balls, banquets. Phone 1266. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers. 122 Queen's avenue. b

MEETINGS.

THE MIDDLESEX HISTORICAL SOCIETY meets Jan. 22, in Normal School, when Rev. W. J. Spence will give limelight views on England in the past century. Everybody welcome. b

OFFICE OF CITY GAS COMPANY OF

London—Notice is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the City Gas Company of London will be held at the company's office, 215 Dundas street, in the City of London, Ontario, on Monday, the 4th day of February, 1907, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of directors, and such general business as may be transacted at such meeting. R. W. KIDDER, secretary. Dated at London, Ont., this 22nd day of January, 1907. b

A MEETING OF THE LONDON BRANCH

of the Ontario Fish and Game Protective Association will be held at the City Hall on Thursday, 24th inst., at 8 p.m. A. Kelly Evans, Esq., secretary. b

RELIGIOUS MEETINGS.

REVIVAL! REVIVAL! REVIVAL! TO-NIGHT at 8. Christian Workers, King street, opposite McClary's. No collection. Come. 42u

SITUATION WANTED.

ENGLISHMAN (YOUNG) WANTS EMPLOYMENT in any capacity; abstracter; filling and obliging. Apply Box 45, Advertiser. 41c

DERMATOLOGY.

BUTLER'S, 235 DUNDAS—HAIR GOODS, hairdressing, face and scalp treatment. Superbous hair removed. b

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

LANGLEY, MY VALET—CLEANING, pressing, repairing. 263 Dundas. Phone 1721. Wagon calls. b

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—Thomas G. Knott, real estate broker, Room 101, Masonic Temple. b

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES—

M. P. McDonough, barrister, 413 Talbot. b

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST

rates. Buchner & Gunn, 63 Dundas. b

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 93 Dundas street. b

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A MAN TO TAKE CARE OF horses. Apply at 180 King street, city. 43c

GOOD BOY TO LEARN TRADE. APPLY

Advertiser Job Department. 43f

WANTED FOR WHOLESALE HAT AND

cap house—Experienced packer and shipper, also boy from high school preferred, about 16 years of age; must be good penman and quick at figures. Apply P. O. Box 556, city. 43c

A TELEGRAPHER EARNED FOR SIX HUN-

DRED to eighteen hundred dollars per year. Do you? If not, let us qualify you to do so. Write for free booklet explaining how Dominion School of Telegraphy and Radiotelegraphy, 10 Adelaide east, Toronto. 55f-y

TRAVELER WANTED—MUST BE WELL

acquainted with the drug business, preferably a graduate. State age and experience. W. E. Saunders & Co. 41u

SALESMAN WANTED FOR SEED POTAT-

TOES; latest and choicest varieties in the market. Cavers Brca. 99f-yw

I MADE \$50,000 IN FIVE YEARS IN THE

mail order business, began with \$5. Any one can do the work home. Send for free booklet; tells how to get started. Manager, Box 570, Lookport, N. Y. 99f-yw

COATMAKERS WANTED—STEADY WORK

all year; highest wages paid in Canada. The Lowndes Company, Limited, opposite Union Station, Toronto. 55f

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY EARN

\$75 to \$100 monthly corresponding for newspaper, sure, steady work; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y. 43f

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—COMPETENT MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Apply Mrs. W. G. Young, 500 Colborne street. 43c

WANTED—HOUSEMAID AT TUCUMSEH,

at once; good wages. 43f

WANTED AT ONCE—EXPERIENCED DIN-

ING-ROOM GIRL. Britannia House. 42c

LADY AGENTS WANTED. APPLY 355

Clarence street. b

EXPERIENCED CHOCOLATE DIPPER

wanted. D. S. Perrin & Co. Limited. 57f

SIX GENERAL SERVANTS, FIVE HOUSE-

keepers, three nurses. Engagements can be made from 1 to 4. 309 Dundas street. Telephone 1870. b

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY EARN

\$75 to \$100 monthly corresponding for newspaper, sure, steady work; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y. 43f

WANTED.

WANTED, BY FEB. 1—SEVEN-ROOM house, all conveniences, central location. Apply Box 43, Advertiser. 41c

BOARDING ROOMS, ETC.

TO LET—FRONT ROOMS, NICELY FURNISHED, in private home. 314 Dundas street. Modern conveniences. 43u

WANTED BY YOUNG LADY—ROOM AND

board with private family, about ten minutes' walk from Grand Trunk Hotel, London; state terms. Address Miss B. 172 Macdonell avenue, Toronto, Ont. 42k

FURNISHED BEDROOM, WITH OR

without board. Apply 375 Dundas street. 41c

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SMALL BLACK PURSE, CONTAINING small sum of money, between corner Carling, Ridout and Talbot streets. Saturday night. Finder please return to 428 Ridout street. 43u

LOST—AMERICAN FOXHOUND BITCH,

white and tan; answers to "Merry Girl." Reward at 73 York. 43u

LOST—PEARL CRESCENT ON RIDOUT

street south of Bruce street. Reward if returned to this office. b

LOST IN SOUTH LONDON—A GOLDEN

pheasant. Finder rewarded on returning to 25 Craig street. 41c

STRAYED ON THE PREMISES OF THE

undersigned, Oct. 1, one yearling red heifer. W. P. Chaffin, London. 41c

BUSINESS CHANCES.

RELIABLE N. Y. BUSINESS, PAYING \$1,500 yearly, easily increased. For sale to hustler with few hundred dollars capital. Investigate quick. Box 24, Advertiser. 41k

FOR SALE—WALKER'S BLACKSMITH

and wood shops, with two acres of land, suitable for garden purposes, with good house and barns also nice home near city limits, good new house and large lot, with three acres of land. Apply Wm. Walker, Odell. 27f

HOTEL CARDS.

BOSWELL HOUSE, KING STREET—BEST modern day-house in London. B. Harrison. b

DOMINION HOUSE, ADJOINING GRAND

Trunk Railway Station, London. J. J. Cox, proprietor. b

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

NEW STORE TO RENT—457 Talbot street. Apply Tamin & Scott, 453 Talbot. 43c

TO LET—THREE OFFICES, STEAM-HEAT-

ED, in Albion block, Richmond street. Apply T. H. Carling, or F. J. Hammond, Wm. Buckle, Albion block. 43f-yw

TO LET—COMFORTABLY FURNISHED

room, with board; modern conveniences; centrally located. Apply Box 47, Advertiser. b

COTTAGE TO LET. APPLY 515 KING

street. 41f

TWO STORES TO LET IN THE BEST

business block on Wellington street. See the plate glass store with living apartments upstairs, also one small store with out living apartments. Apply J. Dudley, corner Wellington and Bathurst streets. 41k

ON FEBRUARY FIRST, SECOND-FLOOR

Merchants Bank Building, now occupied by Dominion Salt Agency, steam-heated. Apply to manager of bank. 41c

TO RENT—A WARM, BRIGHT FURNISH-

ED, modern room; can have breakfast if desired. 344 William street. 41g

TO LET—UNIT FURNITURE VANS.

Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce streets, South London. Phone 310. b

STORAGE AND VANS—HEAD OFFICE, 97

Carling; phone 1162; night phone 1167. East London, 702 Dundas. H. Porter & Co. b

PROPER MOVING VANS—LARGEST IN

City. A. Henderson, corner Colborne and Cheapside. Phone 1724. b

FOREST CITY IMPROVED MOVING VANS—

W. Broughton, 455 Piccadilly street. Phone 1444. b

HOUSE TO LET—FIRST-CLASS HOUSE,

large and modern. Apply 616 Wellington street. 56f

BROKERS.

FOR SALE—LONDON LOAN COMPANY'S stock. John Wright, stockbroker, 473 Richmond street, London, Ont. Phone 691. b

LEGAL CARDS.

JARVIS & VING, BARRISTERS, ETC., 161 Dundas. C. G. Jarvis, Jared Vining. B. A. 43c

PURDON & PURDON, BARRISTERS,

solicitors, etc., Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King. Thomas H. Purdon, K.C.; Alexander Purdon. b

MCKILLOP & MURPHY, BARRISTERS,

solicitors, notaries, etc., corner Richmond and Dundas. J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy. b

TENNENT & COLERIDGE, BARRISTERS,

solicitors, notaries, etc. Money to loan, lowest rates. 78 Dundas. b

FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, BARRIS-

TERS. Money to loan. Masonic Temple, London. b

R. M. C. TOOTHE, BARRISTER, ETC.,

Robinson Hall, opposite Court House. Specialty, office work and consultations. b

CRONIN & BETTS, BARRISTERS, SOLI-

TORES, notaries public, etc. Huron and Elder buildings. b

SCANDRETT & PROUDFOOT, BARRIS-

TERS, solicitors, etc. Money to loan. 58 Dundas. T. W. Scandrett; W. A. Proudfoot, B.A. b

EDMUND WELLS—

Barrister, 425 Richmond Street. b

FAULDS & CAMPBELL, BARRISTERS,

etc., Robinson Hall Chambers. b

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLI-

TOR, etc., Office, 59 Dundas street. b

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS,

solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers. b

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,

Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan. 43 Dundas. Phone 99. Money to loan. U. A. Buchner; J. M. Gunn, B.A. b

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLI-

TOR, etc., 169 Dundas, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates. b

A. GRENFELS, BARRISTER, ETC., 422

Richmond street. Private funds to loan. b

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, BAR-

RISTERS, etc., corner Richmond and Carling. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons. b

LIVORIES AND HACKS.

DYER'S LIVELY, NEXT ADVERTISER—Telephone 1277. Coupes, hacks, etc. Open day and night. b

WANTED.

WANTED, BY FEB. 1—SEVEN-ROOM house, all conveniences, central location. Apply Box 43, Advertiser. 41c

BOARDING ROOMS, ETC.

TO LET—FRONT ROOMS, NICELY FURNISHED, in private home. 314 Dundas street. Modern conveniences. 43u

WANTED BY YOUNG LADY—ROOM AND

board with private family, about ten minutes' walk from Grand Trunk Hotel, London; state terms. Address Miss B. 172 Macdonell avenue, Toronto, Ont. 42k

FURNISHED BEDROOM, WITH OR

without board. Apply 375 Dundas street. 41c

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SMALL BLACK PURSE, CONTAINING small sum of money, between corner Carling, Ridout and Talbot streets. Saturday night. Finder please return to 428 Ridout street. 43u

LOST—AMERICAN FOXHOUND BITCH,

white and tan; answers to "Merry Girl." Reward at 73 York. 43u

LOST—PEARL CRESCENT ON RIDOUT

street south of Bruce street. Reward if returned to this office. b

LOST IN SOUTH LONDON—A GOLDEN

pheasant. Finder rewarded on returning to 25 Craig street. 41c

STRAYED ON THE PREMISES OF THE

undersigned, Oct. 1, one yearling red heifer. W. P. Chaffin, London. 41c

BUSINESS CHANCES.

RELIABLE N. Y. BUSINESS, PAYING \$1,500 yearly, easily increased. For sale to hustler with few hundred dollars capital. Investigate quick. Box 24, Advertiser. 41k

FOR SALE—WALKER'S BLACKSMITH

and wood shops, with two acres of land, suitable for garden purposes, with good house and barns also nice home near city limits, good new house and large lot, with three acres of land. Apply Wm. Walker, Odell. 27f

HOTEL CARDS.

BOSWELL HOUSE, KING STREET—BEST modern day-house in London. B. Harrison. b

DOMINION HOUSE, ADJOINING GRAND

Trunk Railway Station, London. J. J. Cox, proprietor. b

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

NEW STORE TO RENT—457 Talbot street. Apply Tamin & Scott, 453 Talbot. 43c

TO LET—THREE OFFICES, STEAM-HEAT-

ED, in Albion block, Richmond street. Apply T. H. Carling, or F. J. Hammond, Wm. Buckle, Albion block. 43f-yw

TO LET—COMFORTABLY FURNISHED

room, with board; modern conveniences; centrally located. Apply Box 47, Advertiser. b

COTTAGE TO LET. APPLY 515 KING

street. 41f

TWO STORES TO LET IN THE BEST

business block on Wellington street. See the plate glass store with living apartments upstairs, also one small store with out living apartments. Apply J. Dudley, corner Wellington and Bathurst streets. 41k

ON FEBRUARY FIRST, SECOND-FLOOR

Merchants Bank Building, now occupied by Dominion Salt Agency, steam-heated. Apply to manager of bank. 41c

TO RENT—A WARM, BRIGHT FURNISH-

ED, modern room; can have breakfast if desired. 344 William street. 41g

TO LET—UNIT FURNITURE VANS.

Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce streets, South London. Phone 310. b

STORAGE AND VANS—HEAD OFFICE, 97

Carling; phone 1162; night phone 1167. East London, 702 Dundas. H. Porter & Co. b

PROPER MOVING VANS—LARGEST IN

City. A. Henderson, corner Colborne and Cheapside. Phone 1724. b

FOREST CITY IMPROVED MOVING VANS—

London Advertiser

FOUNDED IN 1863.
10 EDITIONS DAILY — WEEKLY
TELEPHONE CALLS.

Business Office 107
Editorial Department 134
Advertising Department 175
The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.
Readers of The Advertiser are re-
quested to favor the management by
porting any irregularities in deliv-
ery. Communicate with the Circula-
tion Department or phone 107.

LONDON, TUESDAY, JAN. 22, 1907.

GOVERNOR SWETENHAM'S BLUNDER.

The Governor of Jamaica finds him-
self for the moment the most un-
popular person in the English-speaking
world. Assuming that the text of the
correspondence between Admiral Davis
and himself has been given accurately
to the press, his conduct has been so
hereditarily maladroitness as to suggest that
he has been half-crazed by an excess
of responsibility.

His version of the affair has not
been published at this time of writing.
It may be that the American marines
were landed against his orders, and
that their work conflicted with his own
plans, but nothing could excuse the
insulting tone of his letter to Rear
Admiral Davis.

Perhaps Governor Swettenham's pub-
lic training will help to explain his
atrocious blunder. He was over 30
years in the Indian civil service, and
was later Governor of the Straits Set-
tlement, and of British Guiana. The
British administrator among the black
and brown subjects of the empire is
necessarily invested with autocratic
powers, and is likely to develop an
arrogant spirit and a keen sense of
official dignity. These qualities may
comport with excellent traits of char-
acter, and efficient and unselfish dis-
charge of duty, for there is no finer
body of public servants in the world
than the British civil service at home
and abroad. Governor Swettenham
has had a distinguished career, and has
no doubt many of the virtues of his
class, but he appears to have some of
its defects in an exaggerated degree.
We in Canada had a taste of this
sort of thing over 60 years ago,
when Sir Charles Metcalfe brought
to his position as governor the auto-
cratic habits acquired by years of ser-
vice in India and Jamaica.

The good sense of the American peo-
ple may be relied upon to regard the
Kingston incident as purely an isolated
one, due to the inflated official dignity
of an individual who has been almost
out of touch with western civilization
for the best part of his life. Rear-Ad-
miral Davis displayed the sentiment of
brotherhood which binds the British
and the American people by rushing
informally to the relief of the stricken
city. The temper in which he took the
rebuff of the governor of Jamaica was
wholly admirable. The British Govern-
ment has lost no time in virtually re-
pudiating the governor's action, and
giving formal expression of the grate-
ful feeling of the British people to-
ward the American admiral.

GERMANY'S COSTLY AMBITION.

Interest in the German general elec-
tions, which take place on Friday next,
is not confined to Germany. European
nations are attentive to the struggle,
which is largely one to decide whether
or not the autocratic powers of the
Emperor and his immediate executive
council shall be curtailed. On one
point, the opponents of the imperial
policy take a decided stand. They are
opposed to the foreign policy of the
Emperor in so far as the continually
increasing expenditure on colonies and
the navy is concerned, and they sup-
ply some very significant figures. In
the years from 1893 to 1897, when Baron
von Marschall was foreign secretary,
Germany expended in round numbers,
on colonies and protectorates, \$7,500,000,
and \$108,000,000 on the navy. From 1898
to 1906 under Prince von Buelow there
has been expended on the colonies and
protectorates, \$236,000,000, and on the
navy \$421,000,000. New taxes were voted
in the spring of 1906, but a large de-
ficit is anticipated in the year just en-
tered on, and a loan of \$65,000,000 must
be provided for in the estimates to be
passed by the new Parliament. When
the late Parliament balked at these
very large outlays, the question was
asked, what equivalent does the coun-
try get for all this expenditure? The
answer made by the Catholic Center
and Socialists, who united in op-
position to the imperial policy, was
that the much-vaulted "Welt-politik"
connotes extravagance and running the
empire into unnecessary debt.

The logical outcome of a victory for
the Clericals and Socialists would be a
policy of retrenchment in expenditure
for colonial purposes and the navy.
The fate of parties may not be sealed,
however, by the election of next Fri-
day, for under certain conditions there

must be second ballots, and these will
not be cast till the first week in
February.

Meanwhile, it is apparent that Prince
von Buelow, the imperial chancellor,
who may be said to speak for Em-
peror William, has been making a
most extraordinary appeal on behalf
of the Government. He has ad-
dressed it to General von Liebert,
president of "The Imperial Associa-
tion for Combating the Social
Democracy," who, at the recent Pan-
German congress, expressed his belief
in the efficacy of "the mailed fist" by
declaring that Germany's want of
diplomats must be compensated for,
as he put it, by brute force (brutale
gewalt), to wit, the army and navy.
The chancellor reviews the past, and
justifies his one-time alliance with the
Center on the plea that it was necessary
to get their assistance to solve im-
portant problems in the navy, in com-
merce, and in finance. His hope now
is that the Conservatives and various
Radical groups that for the time have
made a strange alliance may win
enough seats to make the Government
independent of the Center, whose de-
termination to exercise some sort of
parliamentary control over colonial
and military expenditure is treated as
unpardonable. The chancellor makes
a savage onslaught on the Social
Democrats. Many interpretations as
to the nature of the policy it fore-
shadows or conceals have been placed
on the following passage from his
manifesto:

"Not only are the (Socialists') com-
munist dreams of the future
inimical to progress, and not only is
brutal compulsion the means con-
templated for their realization, but
every element of reactionary senti-
ment which may anywhere be found
in Germany gains strength and
justification through the Socialists'
efforts to undermine constituted
authority, property, religion and the
fatherland. Robespierre, the frenzied
narrow-minded bourgeois, the
leveler intoxicated with his own
phrases, was succeeded by the sword
of Bonaparte. Bonaparte had to
come in order to emancipate the
French nation from the reign of ter-
ror of the Jacobins and communists."
The vote of non-confidence in the
Government, engineered by the Center
and the Socialists in coalition, is thus
described as a blow at the national
dignity, and one to which the Govern-
ment could not submit. For this rea-
son the chancellor appeals to the whole
people to unite to fight for the honor
and welfare of the nation against the
Social Democrats, Poles, Guelphs, and
Center. The outbreak of the chan-
cellor does not appear to have fright-
ened the Government's combination of
opponents. They are working hard to
overturn the Von Buelow regime. It
is a big contract.

IMPROPER TREATMENT.

A press dispatch from Port Arthur,
Ont., last week, reads:

"Several convicts for the Central
Prison were taken to Toronto by Pro-
vincial Jailer Simser and Warden
Ryan. There were ten in the chain
gang—Walter, eighteen months for
theft; John Hanlon, six months for
vagrancy; Wm. Knolls, insani-
ty; John G. Spaul, larceny, six months;
William Burton, robbery, six months;
Jas. Findlay, larceny, six months;
Ambrose Crooks, insanity; B. Mc-
Donald, six months, forgery; Frank
T. Allen, forgery, eighteen months.
Insanity is not a crime, but a mis-
fortune. Why should insane persons
be herded with criminals during a long
and tedious journey of hundreds of
miles? If this is the ordinary practice
in Ontario, the Government should put
an end to it at once. An insane man
treated in this way may have lucid
intervals, and be conscious of the
character of his associates and feel his
position keenly. The experience would
scarcely have an improving effect upon
his mental condition. None of these
unfortunates should be humiliated by
being classed as criminals, or referred
to as members of a 'chain gang.'"

Toronto is to have a new railway sta-
tion. London has heard the same story.

Governor Swettenham is a horrible
example of red tape.

Canada is not in the banana belt,
neither does she grow earthquakes nor
volcanoes.

Cobalt is to have a daily newspaper.
Three years ago Cobalt was a section-
man's shanty. The wonders are not all
in the west.

WHAT CHANGES!

(Chicago Record-Herald.)

If all could practice what they preach,
What changes we would straightway find;
Then "Each for all, and all for each"
Would be the motto of mankind.
And I would love my neighbor, who
is young and sweet and blithe and fair,
And he would have to love me, too!
Ah, but if this could come to pass,
'Twould be my beastly luck, alas!
To hear she'd moved away somewhere.

THE INDUSTRIAL COW.

(Belleville Intelligencer.)

Thirty-two million dollars is one contribu-
tion of the cows of Canada for this year
of grace, made up of \$25,000,000 worth of
butter sent out of the country to help
feed the armies of England, and for
which they have paid pretty roundly. Of
course, this \$25,000,000 is not all, by a good
deal. Not all the milk was sent abroad,
and we at home have been beholden to the
queen of the barnyard for the butter and
milk we used as well as for the millions

that come in. So all hail to the cow! Long
may prosperity attend her!

HIS REASON.

(Washington Star.)
"Why did you vote against an increase
in your salary? Were you afraid you
couldn't earn it?"
"No," answered the member of Congress.
"I was afraid my constituents might not
give me another chance to earn it."

ALWAYS BUSY.

(Washington Star.)
All the votes are counted:
All the work is done;
The crisis is surmounted.
And another race is run!
But the candidates are steady.
And they'll want to run again:
So now we're getting ready
For the next cam-
paign!

With courage undiminished
We're bound to persevere;
Today is scarcely finished
Before tomorrow's here.
We're bound to save the nation.
So we work with might and main
A-makin' preparation
For the next cam-
paign!

A VACANT POSITION.

(Saturday Evening Post.)
Secretary Shaw went to a cabinet meet-
ing with a newspaper in his hand, and
while the President was waiting for one or
two tardy ministers, Shaw read the paper.
He came across a headline that read:
"Rough Rider Incarcerated."
"Here, Mr. President," he said, "what do
you think of this? I read here that a
Rough Rider has been put in jail."
"Oh," the President replied, "these were
rough fellows, and from time to time one
of them falls from grace."
"I know," said Secretary Shaw, "but
doesn't this leave a vacancy somewhere in
the government service?"

A BABY'S PRAYER.

(Cora A. Matson-Dolson in National
Magazine.)
"Please God, and give to my Dolly a soul:
So, if she gets broken and dead,
There'll be something left to fly up to
heaven.
One night-time my baby girl said:
Next morning, a call from the rose-
wreathed porch,
Of, 'Mamma, do see to me there!—
I looked where a burnished-winged butter-
fly
Was alight on the dolly's hair."

"I prayed for my Dolly to have a soul,
And God has sent down from his sky.
A little doll-dangle to bring her one
And that angel's a butterfly."

TEETH IN WRONG PLACE.

(Winamac (Ind.) Dispatch to Cincinnati
Inquirer.)

James Knarr, a farmer of Pulaski
County, was hunking corn in a field last
November, when he suffered an attack of
violent coughing. When it passed, a mo-
ment later, he noticed that his new set of
false teeth had departed, whether he knew
not, but he had a suspicion that he swallowed
them.
However, a young heifer expired on the
farm today, evidently as the result of
starvation. It had eaten nothing in weeks.
Examination of its stomach disclosed the
missing stone teeth.

THE FIRST STEP.

(Toronto Star.)
Pondering over the statement that Can-
ada is to be the predominant partner in
the empire, we have decided that our first
exercise of authority will be to alter the
top-tofty manners of the British tourists.
"FOR THE NIGHT COMETH."
[Harper's Weekly.]

Across the dial-plate, where sleeps
A lizard, drunken with the light.
Aver-shining shadow on the wall,
The outstretched finger of the night.
Uncropped, unclipped, around the base
The high grass springs, the mullen tow-
ers.
Hiding the legend on the face,
"I Cannot Count in Shade or Showers."

A friend of sunny days alone.
It hath no light for dark days;
When clouds across the sun are blown,
It hunkers for the warming rays.
It hunkers for the warming rays.
It hunkers for the warming rays.
Content beneath the sun's full powers;
Above, the legend reads aright,
"I Number but the Sunny Hours."

But carved beneath, another line
Cries its short message to mankind:
Half hid beneath the rank woodbine
To eyes that see, and yet are blind.
Out of the wilderness, unheard,
It calls through winter-time and June,
Shouting to all to wake and find:
"Man, Seize the Hour While Yet 'tis
Noon."

Like bugles in the dead of night,
The high call startles, and the heart
Leaps, as a lark, to meet the light.
Eager to do its promised part,
Man, seize the hour, thy work to bless;
Heed not the dawn and chase the instant noon;
Hear ye across the wilderness,
"Use Well the Time; the Night Comes
Soon."

STANFORD WHITE ON JURY LIST.

(New York Sun.)

When Deputy Wagon started
to impeach a jury at the opening of the
January term of the criminal branch of
the United States circuit court yesterday
morning, one of the first cards that came
out of the wheel was that of Stanford
White, for whose murder Harry Thaw will
be brought to trial this month. Besides his
home address in East Twenty-first street,
Mr. White's card bore three business ad-
dresses: 156 Fifth avenue, 1123 Broadway
and 51 Madison avenue. The last named is
the tower of which Mr. White had a studio.

CORSETS CAUSE DIVORCE.

(New York World.)

A South Dakota divorce court has freed
Mrs. Edith McKillan Harbottle, for several
years the private stenographer of John
Byron Taylor, son-in-law of the late Gov.
Roosevelt P. Flower, from her husband, and
permits her to marry, she to take her
maiden name.
This action was brought on the sole
ground, the defendant's local attorney
says, who was instrumental in securing
in the furnishing of evidence, that the
defendant neglected and refused to pay
for a single pair of corsets which the
plaintiff purchased.

MR. ROSS AS A TEACHER.

(Parkville Gazette-Review.)

He received his early education in the
public schools in East Williams in the
days when the teacher "boarded round,"
in the days when the curriculum was large-
ly a matter of the teacher's capableness and
the pupils' receptiveness, in the days when
the birch rod was a power in the land and

6th Food That Builds

Maybe you think of
Mooney's Sodas only as a
toothsome tidbit. Don't
overlook their food value

Mooney's Perfection Cream Sodas

are made of finest Cana-
dian wheat flour, pure but-
ter and rich cream. There's
nothing else of equal size
and cost that contains so
much wholesome nour-
ishment.

An ideal food.
All grocers have them—fresh
and crisp in air-tight packages.



moral sensation was unknown. After receiv-
ing a few lines country head-quarters, he
taught school for a time at, as he puts
it himself, "the magnificent salary of \$18
per month and glad to get it."

GAS IN SARNIA TUNNEL

Several Workmen Have a Narrow Escape
From Asphyxiation.

Sarnia, Jan. 21.—A number of men
at work in the Sarnia Tunnel on Sat-
urday afternoon were overcome by gas
and had a narrow escape from as-
phyxiation. Fortunately their condi-
tion was discovered by some train-
men, and they were hastily removed to
the open air, where they received prop-
er attention and wore afterward
taken to their homes. A large force
of men are now employed at the tunnel
and at the G. T. R. tunnel yards put-
ting in the equipment for electrifica-
tion.

The first meeting of the 1907 county
council for Lambton County will be
held at the court house here on Tues-
day afternoon, commencing at 2 o'clock.

RHODES' PARTNER DEAD.

New York, Jan. 21.—Wm. C. Ashwell,
of the stock exchange firm of Ashwell &
Co., was killed today by a street car.
Mr. Ashwell was one of the early part-
ners of the late Cecil Rhodes in the
diamond fields of South Africa.

In 1879 Mr. Ashwell disposed of his
interest in the mines for nearly three-
quarters of a million dollars and came
to New York and engaged in business
with the New York Produce Exchange.
Later he became a stockbroker. He was
employed by James R. Keene in some of
the latter's most effective bear cam-
paigns.
He was one of the world's leading
diamond experts.

Tired, Off Color, Lacking in Strength

You feel real weary.
No snap, no ambition or spirit.
You've noticed your color is miser-
able.

Noticed that your blood is thin, that
you feel the cold, that trifles bother
and worry you.
You ought to be vigorous and ruddy
—you that are so tired and weary—
but still that listless feeling hangs
right on.

To overcome this condition all the
vital functions must be stimulated.
You accomplish this by taking
Ferrozone.

How it makes the appetite jump.
There follows as a natural conse-
quence an abundant supply of rich,
red blood.

Vitality and strength you'll soon
find throbbing within you, because
your food is digested so thoroughly
that it's readily assimilated.

You soon notice that your color is
coming back, and endurance too, and
soon the joy of life, health, vigor,
strength—and with these come the
old-time zest for everything that
makes life worth living.

Ferrozone is a marvelous body-
builder, blood-former and strength-
giver.
Ferrozone, by supplying the aid the
body needs to build up, gives the re-
cuperative power that will enable you
to do your work easily, and to main-
tain strength.

Try it for a month.
See if you don't find it just the
thing you need to make you strong.
Not a man, woman or child who
needs more strength, better nerves
and surer health who won't find it
in Ferrozone. This nourishing tonic
makes you feel like new—brings back
the feeling of spirit and ambition you
had years ago. Try Ferrozone, sold
everywhere in 60c boxes.

THEY ARE A POWERFUL NERVE-
Dyspepsia causes derangement of the
digestive system and nervous debility once
engendered is difficult to deal with. There
are many testimonials as to the efficacy of
Parmed's Vegetable Pills in treating
this disorder, showing that they never
fail to produce good results. By giving
proper tone to the digestive organs, they
restore equilibrium to the nerve centers.

J. H. CHAPMAN & CO

Anniversary Sale

Anniversary Sale of Splendid Hosiery

The Hosiery Counter is giving its best
bargains of the season for this anniversary sale.
Regular 40c Plain Fine Black Cashmere Hose,
all wool, seamless, some have double heel and
toe. The best 40c hose in the city, as comparison
will prove. On sale this week, at **3 pairs \$1**
A special showing of Ladies' Fancy Em-
broided Cashmere Hose, Pair **40c to \$1.50**

High-Grade Underwear

Celebrated Cee Tee Underwear, made of
fine Australian wool, soft warm garments,
guaranteed not to shrink. Ask for this brand
when you want the best. A garment **\$1.65**
Scotch Lambswool Vests and Drawers,
heavy and warm, large size, full fashioned and
unshrinkable. At **\$1.50 and \$1.75**
10 dozen Misses' Union Drawers. Worth
50c garment, on sale tomorrow **43c**
Continuation of Ribbed Fleece Underwear.

Clean-Up of Linens

The last you'll hear of those Bleached Linen
Seconds.

The lot is almost gone.
6 only Table Cloths 2x2½ yards. Ordinary
way \$2.00 and \$3.00, for **\$1.50**
8 only Table Cloths 2x3 yards. Worth \$2.50
to \$4.00. Clean-up price **\$1.75**
2 only Table Cloths 2x3 yards, worth \$5 for \$3.25
6 only Table Cloths, 2½x2½ yards, worth \$3.50
to \$4.50 for **\$2.00**
6 only Table Cloths, 2½x2½ yards, worth \$5 to
\$6, for **\$3.00**
4 only Table Cloths, 2½x3 yards, worth \$5 for \$3.00
2 only Table Cloths, 2½x3 yards, worth \$7.50 for \$5
2 only Table Cloths, 2½x3 yards, worth \$4, for \$2.40
3 only Table Cloths, 2½x3½ yards, worth \$6.50,
for **\$4.50**
5 only Table Cloths, 2½x4 yards, worth \$10 to
\$15, for **\$7.00**

Maids' and Children's Aprons

Maids' Aprons, embroidery bibs. To clear
at **25c**
Children's Aprons, good lawn, sizes 3 to 7
years, slightly soiled. Worth 85c at **68c**

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

LOCAL HOUSE OPENING

Brilliant Ceremonies Mark Reopening at
Toronto Thursday.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—The opening of the
Legislature on Thursday afternoon will
be attended with all the customary cer-
emonial. A "traveling escort" of Royal
Canadian Dragoons will accompany the
Lieutenant-Governor from Government
House to the Parliament Buildings,
where he will be received by a Queen's
Own guard of honor and a Royal Artil-
lery salute of guns.
In addition to the usual opening pro-
ceedings the three new members will
probably be introduced—Messrs. Fer-
guson, Cardwell, Studholme, Hamilton,
and Preston, Rainy River District. On
Friday the address in reply to the
speech from the throne will be moved
by Mr. J. H. Ferguson, Grenville, and
seconded by Mr. Donald Sutherland, of
South Oxford.

ANIMALS WITH JAGS

Elephants and Camels Fed on Barrel
and Half of Whisky.

Peru, Ind., Jan. 21.—Twenty-one ele-
phants and sixteen camels, all laboring
under the influence of whisky, bawling
trumpeting, staggering and nearly fall-
ing in the slush-covered streets, was
the strange sight seen by Peru this
morning. The scene on the streets was
one of wild alarm, as the drunken ani-
mals were forced unwillingly along, and
threatened to stampede.

The managers feared the animals
would take cold, and a barrel and a
half of whisky was mixed with bran
for their breakfast. The animals all
ate heartily of the meal, and when they
reached the city on their way to
winter quarters they were drunk.

When their feet came in contact with
the snow they shivered with cold and
showed signs of stampeding. Five hun-
dred persons, who were present to see
them unloaded, were panic-stricken for
a moment.

At the bridge over the Mississinewa
River the elephant, in terror at the rag-
ing waters, refused to cross, and broke
away and ran down a country road, but
after much labor they were safely
housed.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Bears the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Bears the
Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

If your kicking doesn't get you what you
want, it may get what some one else
wants.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
has been used for over THIRTY YEARS
by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their
CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with
PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE
CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS
ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is
the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by
druggists in every part of the world. Be
sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

Township Councils.

WEST NISSOURI.
The first meeting of the West Nissouri
council was held Jan. 14. The members
elect are: Reeve, John McFarlane; coun-
cils, James Wheaton, Joseph A. Vining,
Joshua B. Moore and Peter Elgie. The
usual declarations of property and of office
being made and filed, the reeve addressed
the council.

The following officers were then ap-
pointed: Auditors, Wm. McVey and John B.
Elliott; assessor, James H. Davis; collector,
Alfred Bailey; member of local board of
health, Charles Switzer; sanitary inspec-
tor, James Sitson; medical health officer,
Dr. Ford.

Accounts were paid as follows: M. J.
Davis, printing, \$17.90; F. W. Farncombe,
fee re day drain, \$18; deputy returning of-
ficer, \$8 each, \$64; M. N. Wright, rent of
hall for council meetings, \$20; James Har-
dison, rent of hall for nomination meeting,
\$8; George Aiken, for gravel, \$33.25, and re-
pairing bill, \$2.50; Stanley Burch, ditching,
\$3.50; John Johnston, gravel, \$1.15; M.
Stine, gravel, \$4.25. The above accounts
were under the county bylaw No. 580, re
good roads system.

Mr. Vining, seconded by Mr. Moore, moved
that bylaw No. 153, re local option, be
now read a third time and passed. Carried,
and corporate seal attached.

The printing for 1907 was given to M. J.
Davis at 65 cents per page.
Council adjourned until Feb. 6, W. Lee,
clerk.

EAST WILLIAMS.

The council met, signed the proper pa-
pers and passed the minutes of last
meeting. Accounts passed as follows:
Municipal World, for six copies of the
World and election supplies, \$6.60; Lobo
Township, 91 loads gravel, \$8.50; Kate Mc-
Donald, county grant, \$18.75; John Ames,
repairing Wilson's bill, \$5; Stewart Mar-
shall, repairing on con. 2, \$1; D. McIntyre,
gravel, \$2.32; N. Chisholm, extra over-
draft, \$13.50; Hospital for Sick Children,
\$5; N. Chisholm, poll clerk, \$2; W. G. Mc-
Kenzie, deputy returning officer, \$3; G. S.
Fraser, do, \$3; D. A. McIntyre, poll clerk,
\$2; Edward Pook, constable, \$1; O. S.
Fraser, collector, \$51; D. A. McIntyre,
spikes, \$20.

Moved by Councillor McCallum, seconded
by Councillor McFarlane, that this council
comply with the request of the Municipal
Association of Ontario by petitioning the
Legislature to amend section 606 of the
municipal act and relieve municipalities
from a portion of their heavy responsi-
bility for the non-repairs of highways, and
that C. O. Hodgins, M.P.P., our representa-
tive in the Local House, be requested to
present this petition and support the bill
when it comes up for consideration. Car-
ried.

By Councillors Fraser and McFarlane—
That the salary of the township treasurer
be \$85. Carried.
By Councillors Fraser and Massie—that
the collector's roll be accepted and his
bondsmen released.

Knot of Blue

BY WILLIAM R. A. WILSON.
Copyright by LITTLE, BROWN & CO., BOSTON.

Ringing to the door. "Almeida!" cried anxiously. A sound as of the protecting bar was heard. The door swung open, and with a joy bounded over his head into the room and seized the arms of the man who had been his beloved, and for one moment he poured into her ears a flood of words. Only for a moment, however, for loud shouts and the sound of running feet were heard in the hall, and Raoul looked out of the door, sword drawn, and his face and flashing eyes, and a dozen of his heels. Almeida, more beautiful than ever, the blushes that suffused her features, slipped past Raoul and flung herself into the Governor's outstretched arms.

Finally disengaging himself, he advanced to Raoul, who stood with blazing eyes, and chest still heaving from the recent struggle, and, seizing his hand, laid one of his own upon the young man's shoulder. "Raoul, my son, I see we have come too late. You have done good work this night," he said.

They then joined Armand, who was examining the extent of Berthier's wound as he lay groaning in the place where he had fallen. They soon found that the point of Raoul's sword, striking a rib, glanced off, inflicting an ugly flesh wound, but one not necessarily serious. This was soon stanching, and the sufferer made more comfortable. Almeida's quick eye caught a glimpse of the old housekeeper seated in her corner, still holding the lifeless head of her much abused offspring in her lap. She had removed the helmet, and now was stroking his brow gently with her withered hand, while

perching fondly unaccustomed words of endearment into his that ears. Almeida approached, knelt down beside her, and leaning over kissed the pale forehead of her defender, while a tear of pity and gratitude fell, bedewing his mass of tangled hair. A smile of surprise and delight still lingered about the old man's mouth. Farouche, as though a sudden breath of icy air had struck her, she advanced toward the Governor, and, like a tired child, laid her hand in his, murmuring, "Take me home, Pere Philippe."

Horses were obtained from the stable, and the entire party, the wounded Berthier and the drunken Gaudais supported in their saddles, were wending their way slowly back to the city.

Within the desolate walls of La Maison Sombre quiet reigned, the servants, leaving Marie Giroi alone with her dead. Absorbed in her grief, she sat until the hour of midnight resounded through the gloomy halls. Aroused by the noise, she arose and lifting carefully the shattered frame of her long-neglected child, she parily carried, partly dragged him down the stairs into the great hall below. Returning, she repugnantly seized the body of Gaspard and conveyed it to the same place. She then slipped from the house and going to the stable soon returned with an armful of hay, she repeated her errand a score of times, until she had accumulated a large quantity of the dry material, out of which she made two small piles, one on each side of the slab beneath which old Pierre Roguin lay. With some difficulty she placed the two bodies, one on each pile. Having done this she surveyed the results of her labor with satisfaction. "At last," she murmured, "they are in their right places; the two sons, one on each side of his father, the proud, cruel man who refused to recognize them, both in life, but who is powerless now to prevent the outcome one, the elder born, from taking his lawful position upon his right hand. How proud, how calm he looks, compared with that silly woman's brat who supplanted him! My son has at last come into his own, and I am satisfied."

She then began a careful distribution of the remaining huge heap of hay about the room, upstairs in all the dismal chambers and throughout the lower floor. When all was arranged to her satisfaction, she seized a candle and, passing rapidly from pile to pile of the inflammable material, applied the light, and chuckled as she heard the ready crackling. A few moments more and all the curtain hangings were also lighted. As she heard the roar of the advancing flames she burst into a laughing cry, crying in a shrill voice, "They shall have no other burial, but shall burn all together, with the rest of this accursed house." Running to the upper floor, she roused the servants so that they could escape, and returned once more to the scene of destruction.

The old woodwork, dry and blackened, caught fire and soon involved the whole interior. Flames broke their way through the windows, letting in more air to fan their fury. High above the roar of destruction came the voice of the exulting Marie Giroi as fire spirit, singing a weird song of defiance and triumph, oblivious of fear, careless of the sparks falling about her. At length she was obliged to withdraw, but hovered near, chanting like a witch above a seething caldron until finally as day broke, a blackened heap of smoldering ruins was all that remained of La Maison Sombre.

CHAPTER XXVI.
The next day, when a party of soldiers arrived on the desolate scene, sent by the Governor at Almeida's request to bring the remains of her gallant defender to Quebec and give them Christian burial, they found a worn figure stretched motionless upon the hay in the stables. Whether it was the superhuman exertions of the previous night or the last desperate flicker of a light already doomed to extinguishment, or whether the injury inflicted by the brutal foot of Gaspard Roguin had developed into a fatal illness, could not be determined. At any rate the rough men, as they stood about the ugly, worn form of the old housekeeper, recognized upon her the mark of death. She begged them in a weak, but insistent tone, that they return to the city with all speed and summon the Governor and Almeida de Marsay to her side, saying that she had strange yet highly important information to deliver to them before she died. Her request was heeded, and before many hours both the Governor and his ward were hastening to her. By the aid of restoratives she was strengthened sufficiently to deliver the message that was on her mind.

"Strange though it may seem now," she began, looking at Almeida with a softened glance, "when I was young I was possessed of beauty not for inferior to your own. But, alas, I had not the good fortune, and fell a victim to the importunities of Pierre Roguin, my master. I was a great favorite of his, and lived in a fool's heaven, dreaming of the time when I should become the lawful mistress of the grand house in which he lived. When Parouche was born to me, all was changed. My master soon found he was a willing, and from that time his regard for me began to wane, and a dislike, almost a hatred, took its place. He rushed off to Montreal one day and soon reappeared with a wife, a weak, silly thing, and was doomed to serve in the home where I hoped to rule. Years passed on and I still lived on. Whenever I looked at the weak babe in my arms, the cause of all my troubles—the wrecker of my future plans and hopes—I hated him. A score

of times did my itching fingers seek his throat as he lay in the cradle, to strangle the little life that had come between me and my happiness. But I drew back in time. Wicked though I was, I would not kill my own flesh and blood, so I contented myself with the thought, that, feeble in brain and body, he could not live long. With this in mind, I took little care of him, hoping to hasten the end. But the greater my neglect, the stronger he grew, until I realized that he was destined to live on, a constant reproach and irritation to me. So it was that I lost all natural feeling, and veiled on him by blows and harsh words the full bitterness of my miserable life. It was only when I saw in his brave defence of this young lady a glimpse of the old reckless spirit of his father, and in his brutal murder by his wicked brother the working out of a cruel destiny whereby I and mine were continually sacrificed to the advantage of the other woman's child, that there awakened in my breast all the old mother's love that I thought had died with his child's birth. And when I saw by your sympathetic kiss upon his dead brow, Mademoiselle, that others recognized in him traits worthy of admiration and kindly gratitude, I was ashamed, and loved you for so shaming me."

"But my strength is going fast, and I must tell you the more important part of my story. As you know, your excellency, Pierre Roguin was originally the steward of Felix de Marsay, and looked after his estates while he was away bravely fighting for the colony, or wasting his time in Paris, vainly endeavoring to interest the King and his minister more fully in New France. His long absences gave ample opportunity to an unscrupulous man to gain many advantages for himself. Such a man was Pierre Roguin, yet I loved him fondly, despite his many faults. Often he told me, with a chuckle of delight, of the various ways in which he tried to cheat the absent employer; how, pretending necessity for the sale of a piece of land to make up for a bad crop, he had been able to purchase it himself for a song while the owner was away from the good Monsieur de Marsay. You also know how, because of his master's careless habits of business, Pierre Roguin was found in practical possession of his entire estate at his death."

"Gaspard was the joy and delight of his father's life, after his foolish wife sickened and died. On him was centered every hope. But the son seemed to have inherited only the evil traits of his father. His temper was a terrible temper, that when aroused, brooked no interference from anyone. I will remember the day when Gaspard was 15. He made some outrageous demand upon his father which was indignantly refused. This aroused the tiger in the boy's soul. He knew no bounds. He stormed at his father, threatened him with physical harm, and cursed him to his face. He refused to eat, and soon he was reduced to a skeleton. His mother, unable to stand the sight of his writing materials, Young Gaspard stalked in later, and without a glance at his father, went off to bed. The light burned late that night. As I passed by, my master called me in and bade me read to him. He was in the first time in many years that he talked to me in the kindly confidence I once had been used to. He opened his heart as he talked, and told me how he had come to realize that Gaspard would grow up to an unworthy man. 'He has too much of me in him, and not enough of his angel-mother,' I clenched my hands at those last words, but said nothing, hoping that at last he was going to acknowledge as his legal child the offspring of his early infatuation. But no, his mood was strange that night, one I had never seen before, a mood of an awakened conscience. 'I robbed old Felix de Marsay when he lived, leaving his baby-girl penniless that I might enrich the son who this day has shown me his unworthiness. I have made a will tonight, restoring all that I possess to the heir of the rightful owner, leaving only a small sum to my worthless child, that will afford him either support while he works out an honorable career, or an opportunity of hastening his profligate end. Tomorrow I shall have the legal witnesses sign this paper, and shall deposit it here.' He walked to an old secretary and pressing a spring, he showed me a secret drawer. 'You alone know where it is hidden. When I die you must deliver it to the governor.' That was all, save that he turned and kissed me in a dreamy sort of way as though I saw him standing before him as of old in all the freshness of my youth."

[To be Continued.]

WHO PAYS FOR BILLY?

Goat Was Killed to Get Woman's Money and Odd Problem Follows.

Paris, Jan. 22. — A couple of days ago there arose a knotty question that would have delighted the arts of Solomon. A widow named Poisson, who had drawn a sum of money from a bank, while returning home let one of the bank notes fall in counting them. Perceiving her loss a few minutes later she turned back and began to search for the note. She was delighted when a passerby told her he had seen a man leading a goat pick up something just after Mme. Poisson had passed.

The man at first denied having picked up the bank note, but finally said that just as he was picking it up his goat had snatched it out of his hands and he had eaten it with much apparent relish. This was too much for Mme. Poisson's credulity. After a stormy dispute the widow, man and goat, surrounded by a crowd, were taken to a neighboring police station. Where the owner of the goat repeated the story, but the officials laughed in his face. They were proceeding to draw up a charge of theft against him when in desperation the man cried: "The bank note is in the goat. I tell you, as you could easily determine by killing it."

A police commissary at once sent a policeman with the goat to a slaughterhouse, where the animal was killed and dissected. Sure enough, among the contents was the bank note, badly chewed, but sufficiently recognizable to insure its payment by the Bank of France.

But Mme. Poisson's joy over the recovery of her note was dashed when the owner of the goat demanded payment for the animal. As the woman refused to pay, the commissary at once placed an embargo on the note pending a decision of the judges, who he called upon to decide whether damages for the dead goat be due its owner, or escape from accusation through the slaughter of the animal is sufficient indemnity.

Piracy is no new thing in the waters around Hong Kong. As long ago as the thirteenth century the island of Hong Kong was a piratical stronghold, and for centuries the Chinese Government was unable to drive the sea robbers out. All craft passing what is now Hong Kong harbor were compelled to pay tribute. The higher elevations of the island served as lookout stations, and no boat that approached was permitted to leave until it had paid toll.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Professor Frederick Starr, of the University of Chicago, regards the dress suit as a joke on modern society and a relic of barbarism in the bargain. The evening coat is the direct descendant of the ordinary riding coat worn in England centuries ago by the rich and their servants, he told his class in anthropology yesterday.

According to the professor, the "cut-away" effect at the waist of the dress coat once served the utilitarian purpose of preventing the coat skirts from getting in the way in riding, while the buttons on the back were used to fasten up the skirts. The notches in the collar formerly were for the purpose of permitting the wearer to turn the collar up, while the silk facings are reminders of the ordinary lining which was once used.

"When the riding coats became old the master handed them down to the servants," said Prof. Starr. "We do not give our cast-off suits to the servants today, but the fact that servants wear them shows to what extent the imitation has been followed."

BUILD HOUSES OF PORCELAIN

Ideal for Working Persons and Hailed as Solvers of Big Problem.

London, Jan. 20.—The dweller in glass houses may be a more or less mythical personage, but the dweller in a china house will soon be here.

The home of the future will be built of porcelain. It is now possible to build cheap, simple and cleanly houses with sheets of porcelain instead of bricks and slate and concrete, and to dispense with paint, wall paper and spring cleaning.

The porcelain used for building this Utopian house is produced by a new method, in sheets about an inch thick, but equally as strong as a brick wall. It is made of a mixture of Cornish clay and French flint boulders in certain proportions.

The raw material is worked into a liquid state, then pressed and rolled into sheet-leather only. The sheets can be decorated in colors, by hand or by a printing process. The final process is glazing and firing used in the ordinary potter's trade.

Glazed on both sides, the porcelain walls reduce construction and interior decoration to simple matters of fact. The outside and inside walls of the house have decorative schemes burned into them indelibly before the house is put together.

Cleanliness is one of the greatest merits of the porcelain house. Water and wash-leather only are needed to replace the annual household terror known as "spring cleaning."

The most artistic decorations can be introduced into the rooms, and in style the Elizabethan, Louis XIV., Adams, etc., would be replaced by the Sevres, Chateau de Versailles, Worcester, and all the beautiful kinds of china known to the collector.

The sheet porcelain, glazed and decorated on both sides, can be produced at about \$2.50 the square yard. This cheapness and cleanliness make the porcelain house the ideal home for working persons, and it is hailed as a possible solution of the problem which besets English cities, the housing of the poor.

GOAT WAS KILLED TO GET WOMAN'S MONEY

and Odd Problem Follows.

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Made from the best raw silk, dyed fast colour with Asiatic dyes in nearly 400 shades.

Nature's Catarrh Cure

Sensible and Scientific Way to Cure This Disagreeable Disease.

Nearly everyone suffers at one time or another with catarrh.

The natural way to cure this disagreeable disease is by applying healing medications direct to the diseased spot.

In no other way can this be done as naturally as by the use of Hyomei, breathed through the neat pocket inhaler that comes with every outfit.

Put several drops of Hyomei in the inhaler and then for a few minutes four or five times a day, let the air you breathe come through it. In that way all the air that enters the nasal passages, the throat or the lungs, is filled with Hyomei's healing medication, reaching the most remote air cells of the respiratory organs, destroying all catarrhal germs and soothing and healing the irritated mucous membrane.

A few days' use of Hyomei will show how quickly it relieves all catarrhal conditions, and you will not have to use it long before you find it has effected a complete and lasting cure.

So strong is W. T. Strong's faith in the power of Hyomei to cure catarrhal troubles that with every dollar outfit he gives a guarantee to refund the money unless the remedy gives satisfaction. He takes all the responsibility and you cannot afford to suffer longer with catarrh when an offer like this is made to you.

Should extra bottles of Hyomei be needed they can be obtained for 50c, making this one of the most economical as well as the most reliable remedies for catarrh that is known.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

This wonderful cough and cold medicine contains all those very pine principles which make the pine woods so valuable in the treatment of all lung affections.

Combined with this are Wild Cherry Bark and the soothing, healing and expectorant properties of other pectoral herbs and barks.

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Pain in the Chest, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness or any affection of the Throat or Lungs, you will find a sure cure in

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

Mrs. H. A. Misonor, Port Williams, N.S., says: "My son had a dreadful cough. It started in the fall and lasted all through the winter."

At last we became very much alarmed about it and started to use Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and before he had used one bottle his cold was completely cured."

Price 25 cents per bottle. Put up in a yellow wrapper. Three pine trees the trade mark.

Refuse substitutes. Dr. Wood's is the genuine.



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THE LIGHT OF THE ANKERS

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MAGIC BAKING POWDER

It is Pure, Wholesome and Economical SOLD IN ALL SIZES.

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have been built under the makers' guarantee in the last sixty years.

They grace the kitchens of comfortable homes in every municipality in the Dominion.

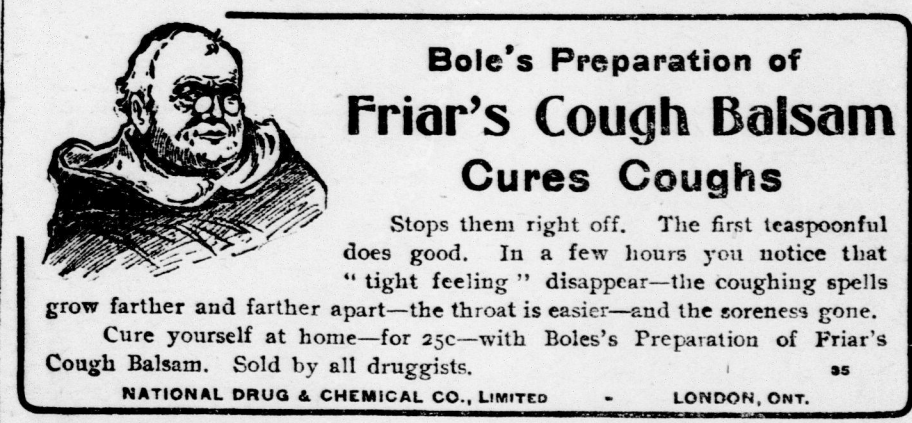
And the house-wife in every one of these homes is pleased with her Souvenir Range.

Its Aerated Oven places it away ahead of all other kitchen ranges, and it possesses other advantages as well.

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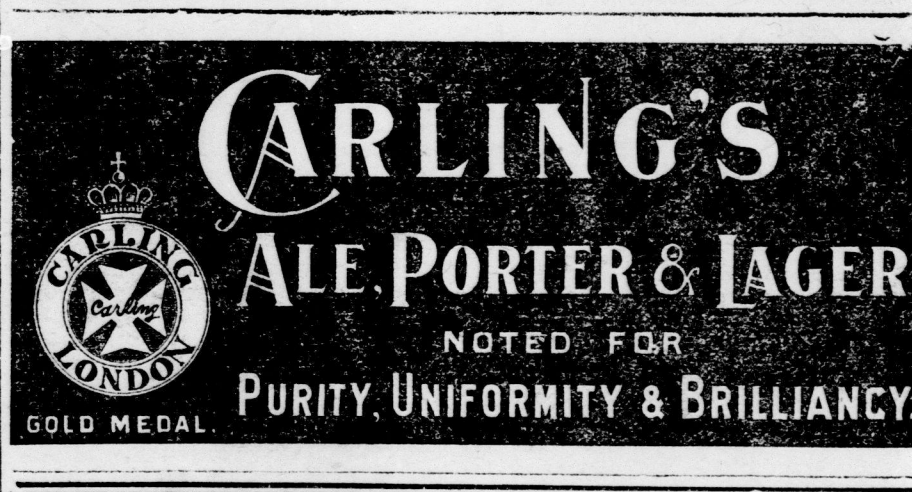
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Cures Coughs

Stops them right off. The first teaspoonful does good. In a few hours you notice that "tight feeling" disappear—the coughing spells grow farther and farther apart—the throat is easier—and the soreness gone.

Cure yourself at home—for 25c—with Bole's Preparation of Friar's Cough Balsam. Sold by all druggists.

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CARLING'S ALE, PORTER & LAGER

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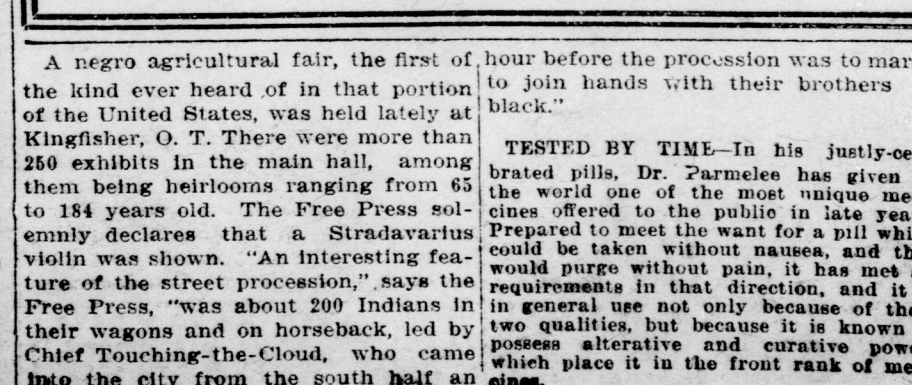
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to those of any other make. And while a few grocers in this country, for the sake of a little extra profit, may urge you to buy imitations of our lines, don't be led astray.

Remember, the energy and experience of over fifty years goes into every box of Eddy's Matches. And in the future, as in the past, all other lines are simply down and out.

The E. B. EDDY CO., Ltd., Hull, Canada
DONALD McLEAN, Agent, 426 Richmond Street, London.



A negro agricultural fair, the first of its kind ever heard of in that portion of the United States, was held lately at Kingfisher, O. T. There were more than 250 exhibits in the main hall, among them being heirlooms ranging from 65 to 184 years old. The Free Press solemnly declares that a Stradavarius violin was shown. "An interesting feature of the street procession," says the Free Press, "was about 200 Indians in their wagons and on horseback, led by Chief Touching-the-Cloud, who came into the city from the south half an hour before the procession was to march to join hands with their brothers in black."

TESTED BY TIME—In his justly-celebrated pills, Dr. Parmelee has given to the world one of the most unique medicines offered to the public in late years. Prepared to meet the want for a pill which could be taken without nausea, and that would purge without pain, it has met all requirements in that direction, and it is in general use not only because of these two qualities, but because it is known to possess alterative and curative powers which place it in the front rank of medicines.

Advertiser Patterns

DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.



AN OUTFIT FOR MISS BABY—4122.

When the little one is put into short clothes, she is the pride of the household, and no one enjoys seeing her thus more than the mother who has fastidiously made small garments. A set of short clothes which will be found most useful is shown. The little dress has a square yoke finished with a full-gathered ruffle, the neck being edged with a narrow frill of lace. The bodice consists of a fitted yoke and straight-gathered skirt, which may be as much or as little adorned as desired. The coat is unique in its fanciful collar, which may be trimmed with ribbon or narrow silk pleating, and which insures double warmth to small shoulders. The cap is of simplest design, having a round crown and plain front piece edged with lace, the least useful of the garments sketched is the creeping apron, which covers the wearer completely, enveloping all of the clothing, so that no amount of rolling about the floor will soil or wear out the undergarment. The bloomers portion is ample enough to include the skirts. For the dress 2 yards of 36-inch material are needed, for the coat 2 yards, for the creeping apron 1 1/2 yards, for the cap three-eighths, and 1/4 for the skirt.

4122—One size.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send the above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

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Measurement: Bust..... Waist.....

Age (if child's or misses' pattern)

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure, you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure, representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or in postage stamps.

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THE FIGHT WITH THE WHITE PLAGUE

How Famous Doctors Are Combatting Consumption.

TUBERCULIN SAID TO CURE

English Physician Claims a Number of Remarkable Cures With the Serum.

London, Jan. 21.—To the list of British medical publications must now be added the British Journal of Tuberculosis, the first number of which has just been received. It is full of special articles from the pens of specialists of value to both the profession and the laity. The birth of a journal devoted exclusively to the consideration of phthisis is a hopeful sign of the times, and this keynote of confidence and cheer is maintained in the contents of the first issue. One of them, "An Anticipation," written by R. W. Philip, M.A., M.D., F.R.C.P., F.R.S.E., physician and lecturer on clinical medicine at the Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh, and senior physician to the Royal Victoria Hospital for Consumption, is of special value, and well worth examination.

Dr. Philip considers that before Koch's cardinal discovery in 1882 that tuberculosis is due to inoculation by the tubercle bacillus the physicians were groping in the dark. He marks, however, that for some years after Koch's announcement not a great deal of consideration was paid to the tubercle bacillus. Gradually, however, the attention of students became focussed upon it, and since then their eyes have never left it. As their information on the subject has extended, the magnitude of the problem has increased, until the other day Richet, of Paris, said: "This is a big social question, and not merely a doctor's affair."

Direct Attack Fails. Taking up in turn the various weapons with which doctors are trying to fight the disease accomplished very little. No drug has been found which can be introduced into the circulation in sufficient quantity to prejudice effectively the development of the bacillus, which does not exert at the same time toxic properties on the cells of the human body, thus tending to hasten the issue which was hoped to avert. Though he realizes the possibility of some drug being discovered that will have the same effect on tuberculosis as quinine has on malaria, Dr. Philip believes that the most to be expected from products of the bacillus itself. Along this line Dr. Koch worked for many years, finally announcing tuberculin. So sanguine of a miracle were the advocates of this cure, so hasty their experiments, that failure was their portion. The result for years the method has been allowed to fall into abeyance.

Results From Tuberculin. "None the less," he says, "Koch's conception of tuberculin as a healing agent has survived. At the present moment it remains a living force." Through all the years of popular distrust and professional hostility Dr. Philip has remained one of the small band of doctors that clung to tuberculin. He has used it for fifteen years, and confidently asserts that it is a curative agent of remarkable potency. He then gives a number of instances in which tuberculin has improved the body of the patient or cured by the Koch serum. At the same time, he warns his readers against considering the problem solved. With regard to tuberculin itself, we may expect further developments. Already Bernack and von Behring have improved Koch's product, and the latter, indeed, claims to have produced in tuberculin a liquid that renders one immune from tuberculosis. Von Behring's announcement, he says, was prematurely made. Instantly tested, and then discarded. Against such hasty condemnation Dr. Philip protests. He also believes that the work of Wright and others with reference to the opsonic index is of the utmost value.

Serum a Failure. Regarding treatment by serum, Dr. Philip is pessimistic, and believes that neither practically nor theoretically does it promise much. Its therapeutic value is temporary. In diphtheria, where the infection is acute, and the battle short and sharp, the serum is invaluable, for it rapidly neutralizes a powerful toxin. In tubercular treatment it is a drawn-out campaign instead of a single battle that the physician must fight. He believes, however, that, with tuberculin to keep up the steady opposition to the bacilli, and serum for a sudden emergency, the doctor should be well armed, especially as in both these curative agencies there is apt to be considerable improvement.

Dr. Philip vigorously attacks the idea that change of climate is essential to a cure in any case. The disease can be overcome whenever it occurs so long as pure air and sunlight exist. He hints that some important investigations might be conducted as to the advantage of a diet in which raw meat figures. He believes that the time is ripe for a great forward movement against the White Plague, for some common line of action to be carried out all over the country or all over the world. The future is bright with promise, and, as for the past fifteen years, he says: "The great reduction in the mortality from tuberculosis in Great Britain and the United States is one of the most remarkable facts in the history of medicine."

A GOOD NAME IS TO BE PRIZED.—There have been imitations of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil which may have been injurious to its name. Goodness must always come to the front and throw into the shadow which is worthless. So it has been with Electric Oil; no imitation can maintain itself against the genuine article.

HERCULANEUM'S RUINS

Italian Commission Approves American Archaeologist's Scheme.

London, Jan. 21.—Prof. dell'Ossa of the Naples Museum in an article in the Tribune on the scheme of Prof. Charles Waldstein, the American archaeologist, for excavations at the site of Herculaneum, calls attention to the rapid change in public opinion which a great, noble idea can produce. He points out that in about two years from the time Prof. Waldstein's project was proposed all prejudices and fears for the dignity of Italy which greeted it have disappeared, and even a commission which only a year ago negated the scheme has now voted for it unanimously.

The expense of excavating Herculaneum is so great that if Italy undertook it on its own account half of it could not be completed in 150 years. The volcanic stratum covering the city averages a depth of 70 feet and is of the consistency of stone. Some duplicates among the objects found will probably be presented to those most interested in the excavations will be that the discoveries will remain in situ. The excavations of 1828 proved that the upper stories of houses were in an extraordinary state of preservation. Instead of seeing the ruins of a city, the visitor to Herculaneum will find the houses in their original state, with the furniture and decorations scrupulously preserved in the most minute particulars.

The statues in the temples, theaters and basilicas will be able to reconstruct for himself in a marvelous degree the social life and habits of one of the great cities of antiquity.

HINDUS USED WELL SAYS ONE OF THEM

Native of India Thinks British Columbians Have Been Grossly Slandered.

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 21.—Saint N. Sing, of Calcutta, says: After spending over two months in Vancouver and vicinity investigating the problems of East Indian immigration into the province, it is my conviction that the British Columbians have been grossly slandered by having been indiscriminately charged with disgracing the name of the India immigrants.

There are at present less than 2,500 Indian immigrants scattered about British Columbia. Nine out of every ten of these persons have come from Punjab or the newly-organized province of Northwest Frontier, which until very recently formed a part and parcel of the province of the Five Rivers. They are chiefly Sikhs and Mohammedans, with some Hindus. A good many of these have served either as soldiers or policemen; there are others who have worked as watchmen. They are tall and stalwart, strong and supple fellows. The districts from which these men have been severely cold in winter, and in addition have a regular rainy season extending from two to four months every year. Besides these people possess wonderful "virility," which enable them to get acclimatized wherever they go. It is an undeniable fact that these men can bear either extremes of heat or cold. The Sikhs and the Mohammedans have fought for the British in the most rigorous winters of Tibet and China and also in the very hot summers of Somaliland and Egypt.

Coming, as these men do, from Northwestern India, where, on account of several reasons, institutions are comparatively freer than in the other parts of India, these men do not possess extreme caste notions. While the people of other provinces are still afraid of breaking their caste by crossing the sea, their very presence in British Columbia demonstrates that they are to a large extent above ordinary caste prejudices.

There has been a great deal of misunderstanding about the incoming of these immigrants. It has been persistently circulated that these men are being imported by the transportation companies. From very searching inquiries I learned that the early pioneers who arrived in British Columbia were men of enterprise and rising dispositions, who, in search of newer and richer fields of work, drifted to this country. Among those who arrived a little later were ex-soldiers, whom the glowing descriptions of the future of the Canadian west from their European military officers actuated in coming to British Columbia. Letters from these pioneers to their friends and relatives brought further immigration.

WEAK SPOT IN BIG SHIP

Dreadnaught Is Said to Draw More Water Than Was Designed.

London, Jan. 21.—The statement is current in naval ports that the Dreadnaught draws considerably more water than she was designed for. Not long ago the present chief instructor of the navy said that a difference of more than 5 per cent was to be found in the weights of ships built in different yards to identical specifications, but that it was not easy to find the reason.

Five per cent of the Dreadnaught's nominal displacement at load draught is 90 tons, but at prevalent rumor credits her with drawing three feet more water than the error in that case would amount to about double this number of tons.

The designed draught of the Dreadnaught is 25½ feet, and great importance was attached to keeping her draught at minimum for docking purposes and for the Suez Canal.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Piles, Hemorrhoids or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days, or money refunded.

KING'S HEIR FOULS CHANCES TO RULE

Servian Crown Prince May Lose His Right to Reign.

YOUNGER BROTHER LIKED

People Look to Alexander to Sit on the Throne Should the Dynasty Live.

Vienna, Jan. 21.—Unless some sudden upheaval should remove the Kara-georgievich dynasty from Serbia there seems no doubt that King Peter's second son, Prince Alexander, will be the next sovereign of that unhappy country instead of his elder brother, Crown Prince George.

Of late the latter's wild excesses have become more frequent and outrageous. They have gone far to substantiate the reports that he is mentally deranged, and utterly unfit to rule his country. Just 18 years of age, Alexander is a handsome youth with a good figure. Physically he strongly resembles his degenerate elder brother, but in temperament and mental equipment he presents a striking contrast to him. George has the ungovernable temper of a maniac; Alexander is always amiable; George is lazy, Alexander is studious; George is stupid, Alexander is clever; George is coarse, Alexander is refined; George is a dissolute rake, Alexander leads a clean life.

Frailties Interrupt Education. Like his brother, Alexander was sent to the famous school for imperial princes in St. Petersburg, but the rigors of that climate proved too severe for his constitution and he was forced to leave. Before he did so symptoms of pulmonary trouble began to manifest themselves, but happily these have entirely vanished since the prince's return to Belgrade.

When the king appears in public he is usually accompanied by Alexander. He seems to feel that the king's popularity affords him some measure of protection on his tottering throne.

Meanwhile King Peter has lost whatever nerve he may have possessed as a young man. He is more closely guarded than ever. King Alexander was even when plots against the late monarch were being discovered daily. Although only 60 years of age, he has the appearance of an exceedingly old man. His face is ashen and baggy, his hair is white, his eyes are full of rheum. He shuffles along like a vendor of old clothes, and his hands have the twitch of the drunkard.

He sleeps little and spends much of his time seeking comfort in imbibing large quantities of old brandy.

Nephew, Too, Mentored for Throne. Falling Prince Alexander, there is yet another promising candidate for the throne of Serbia, 14-year-old Prince Paul, son of Prince Arsen, King Peter's younger brother. Despite his extreme youth, Paul is popular among all classes.

Prince George meantime shows no disposition to mend his ways. Only a few weeks ago he smuggled a lot of his own companions, male and female, into the palace, donned his father's crown and coronation mantle, and held a drunken orgy with them. While the carousal was at its height the king entered the room. The prince's companions decamped, but George was not a bit fazed.

"I was just trying these things on," he said, "and I flatter myself that I look much better in them than you do."

Then he coolly invited his father to join him in drinking the health of his successor.

"You are in a terrible fright that someone will kill you," he is reported to have said to the king on one occasion. "Do not worry. I will be the one to kill you."

The other day a mouse was caught in the palace. The crown prince ordered one of the sentries on guard to bite its head off. The soldier refused.

The prince, drawing his revolver, threatened to shoot him if he did not obey. Only the intervention of one of the king's adjutants prevented him from carrying out his threat.

One of his favorite amusements is to bury cats up to their necks in the earth and stamp them to death with his military boots. Another diversion to which he is extremely partial is to sit at one of the palace windows with an air-gun and take pot shots at people as they pass in the street. In this way he inflicted a painful wound recently on an old woman's face.

Has No Regard for People. The people of Belgrade live in terror of him. In his reckless moods he knows no restraint. He gallops through the streets utterly regardless of pedestrians. He has more than once announced his intention of erecting a gallows in the chief square of Belgrade when he ascends the throne to hang those who oppose his royal will.

Several officers have refused bluntly to serve as his aids de camp owing to the indignities which he heaps upon those who wait upon him. A major, whose ears he had boxed after grossly insulting him, drew his sword and it would have fared ill with the prince if some other officers had not interfered.

Enraged by some directions given by his tutor, M. Levasseur, he threw pebbles and apples at his head and wound up the performance by hurling a siphon bottle at him. The Frenchman gave the prince a sound thrashing and left Serbia. No other tutor has been found to take his place.

During a recent hunt near Belgrade the crown prince purposely shot a peasant in the eye, just to show his marksmanship what an excellent marksman he is.

At the Kara-georgievich fete the other day, as the procession headed by the king approached the cathedral, a cab passed in which were the crown prince and some disreputable women, all drunk. The report that he was to be sent to a lunatic asylum has been denied, but it would surprise no one if that course should be adopted.

Servia itself is in a most unhappy plight politically, financially, and in-

dustrially. It is credibly stated that there have been more political murders in the country districts of Servia in 1906 than in the whole of Macedonia. Some months ago one of the most prominent men in a country district near Nitche was brutally murdered by a band of his political opponents. Eight men were arrested for the deed, tried, and sentenced to terms of imprisonment ranging from five to fifteen years. A few weeks later they were all pardoned and released from jail.

RENTS HISTORIC HOUSE

Lord Northcliffe to Reside in Home of Samuel Rogers.

London, Jan. 21.—That Lord Northcliffe should become a tenant of Samuel Rogers at 22 St. James Place is an interesting circumstance. The proprietor of the Daily Mail will be able to receive his friends in the room in which Lord Byron first met Tom Moore. It was of this house which he knew well that Burns wrote:

"What a delightful house it is," wrote Lord Macaulay. "It looks out on a green park just at the most pleasant point. The furniture has been selected with a delicacy of taste quite unique. In the drawing-room, for example, the chimney pieces are carved in the most beautiful Grecian form. The bookcase is painted by Stothard in his best manner, with groups from Chaucer, Shakespeare and Boccaccio. Pictures are not numerous, but every one is excellent."

Lady Dorothy Neville, a friend of Lord Northcliffe, remembered the house of Rogers. With her mother she often went to the banker poet's famous breakfasts. Thus two periods and two tenancies of the famous house are bridged by one woman's memories.

ENGLAND'S M. O. REACTION

Socialistic Business Fiascos Exposed in London Municipal Campaign.

London, Jan. 21.—The campaign against municipal socialism in London is rapidly taking shape and claiming a large share of public attention, although the election is six weeks off.

The papers publish daily fresh exposures of the economic failure of experiments in municipal trading by the county council and local boroughs, and it is beginning to become apparent that even boasted successes have been lamentable failures. A circumstance especially resented by that misleading and unbusinesslike methods of bookkeeping have made losing operations appear to show profit.

The principle which the municipal reformers are advocating in the present campaign is that no municipality is justified in undertaking a commercial enterprise except under two conditions—the proposed industrial service must be of a nature necessary to civilized communities' welfare and private enterprise must have failed to perform the service.

This is the issue on which the campaign will be fought, and there are already indications that it will result in important changes in the present constitution of the council.

The receipts of the French tobacco monopoly in August were \$200,000 above the average. The cause of this is said to be the closing of the schools for the holidays—when the schoolboys were free and could smoke cigarettes.

MAY NOT NURSE HER BABY

Substitute Being Sought in Spain—Victoria Picks English Attendant.

Madrid, Jan. 21.—Queen Victoria has engaged an English nurse who is a Roman Catholic.

London, Jan. 21.—According to the Madrid correspondent of the Standard, Queen Victoria wants to nurse her coming babe herself, but she will not be allowed to do so because it is contrary to Spanish royal etiquette, and consequently a nurse is being sought.

HUGE TRADING COMPANY

\$50,000,000 Concern May Be Taken Over By Steel and Coal Companies.

Montreal, Jan. 21.—It is learned that in order to bring about a settlement of the differences between the Dominion Coal Company and the Dominion Iron and Steel Company it has been proposed that a big trading company should be formed, with a capital of \$50,000,000, to take over both companies and operate them.

This plan has been submitted by Mr. Rodolphe Forget, M.P., the well-known Montreal financier, and has the support of the provincial capitalists. Mr. Forget and Mr. James Ross had a conference recently at which the matter was informally discussed. Mr. Forget left tonight for Europe, and will be absent for several months.

MAUNA LOA'S FIERCE FIRE

Fine Print Can Be Read by It 13 Miles Off—Rotary Earthquake Shocks.

Honolulu, Jan. 21.—The volcano of Mauna Loa, on the Island Hawaii, continues in a state of violent eruption. The light from the intense heat ascending from the crater is so bright that it is possible to read fine print by it at a distance of thirteen miles.

The flow of lava that followed the beginning of the eruption is now more active, but the other streams are less so.

4,000 feet below the summit of the mountain, whence it proceeds in a westerly direction to the sea. One rushing stream of lava has severed all communication by land between Kauai and Oahu. It is 25 feet in depth. One stream that is flowing to the north is becoming wider. Many of the cones are spouting showers. There have been continuous shocks for four days at the Montserrat ranch of sub-

cient intensity to throw down stone fences. The shocks are rotary, a movement hitherto unknown in the earth movements on the island. No deaths have been reported.

FLYING MADE A CRIME

The Dutch Parliament Orders Arrest of All Aeronauts.

Paris, Jan. 21.—The Dutch Government is so convinced that the day of aerial navigation is dawning that it is beginning to legislate on the subject. A law now under consideration in the Dutch Parliament prohibits the descent of aeroplanes and flying machines of any kind on Dutch territory under a penalty of \$200 or three months' imprisonment.

The Aeroplane, official organ of the French Aero Club, pokes fun at the proposed law, particularly at a clause which stipulates that balloons crossing above Holland must obey the signals of local authorities to descend. What is the penalty if they refuse to come down is not stated.

Perhaps the Dutch police will be provided with aeroplanes with which to pursue recalcitrant balloonists. The education of policemen is getting very complicated, for already they are expected to be experts in jiu-jitsu, good shots, good bicyclists, good automobilists, and, if the Dutch project become a law, they may have to learn how to arrest a balloon in mid-air.

Significant of the attention being paid to the subject of aerial navigation is the fact that the French Aero Club has founded a technical branch called the Aero Club Institute. Its objects are to encourage study by aeronauts, to arrange lectures and demonstrations, to enable members to compete for prizes arranged by the parent institution, to examine reports on proposals for practical aviation and to form an aeronautical library.

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Have a hobby! Let it be your coffee. It should be Chase & Sanborn's.

ALL GROCERS

YOU CAN MAKE A QUART OF LIQUID BEEF EXTRACT FROM A TINY JAR OF

Armour's Solid Extract of Beef

Fluid Beef is a manufactured product made from Extract of Beef bought on the open market—water, salt and other ingredients.

Armour's Solid Extract of Beef

is pure extract bottled in Canada, sold by the makers, and guaranteed to be the best extract of the best beef.

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There is no opportunity for adulteration in Armour's Solid Extract of Beef, and as it goes four times as far as other brands—it is more economical.

AT ALL GROCERS.

Dealers, write for prices on all kinds of Peas, Carrots, Grains and Cereals. J. H. Taylor Co., Limited, Chatham, Ont.

It's blended.

Manitoba Spring Wheat Flour is rich in gluten—takes up water readily—stands up in the oven. Ontario Fall Wheat is not so strong but makes ideal cake and pastry.

Beaver Flour

is a blend of Manitoba Spring Wheat and Ontario Fall Wheat in just the right proportions of each to make the most wholesome, most nutritious bread—the whitest, lightest cake and Pastry—and yield the MOST of each to the barrel.

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A GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive—From the east—*11:30 a.m., 8 p.m., *11:30 p.m., From the west—*5 a.m., *8:25 a.m., *5:20 p.m.

Depart—For the east—*5:05 a.m., 8:43 a.m., *5:28 p.m., For the west—*11:38 a.m., *8:10 p.m., *11:35 p.m.

Trains marked thus * run daily.

Trains not so marked run daily except Sunday.

** From Chatham only.

** Runs only to Chatham.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—5:45 a.m., *6:45 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *3:40 p.m., 7 p.m.

Arrive—8:45 a.m., *12:10 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., *9:20 p.m., *10:20 p.m.

* To and from Walkerville, without change.

Trains not "starred" to Port Stanley.

Between London and St. Thomas only.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

MAIN LINE—SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO

Arrive from the east—*4 a.m., 10:45 a.m., *11 a.m., *11:20 a.m., 6:25 p.m., *7:47 p.m., 10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—*12:15 a.m., *3:20 a.m., *11:20 a.m., 1:25 p.m., *4:10 p.m., *6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—12:20 a.m., *3:25 a.m., 8:10 a.m., *11:30 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:55 p.m. (Eastern Flyer).

The trains leaving at 8:10 a.m. and 2:05 p.m. stop at all stations. The 8:10 a.m. local and the 11:20 a.m. and 4:25 p.m. expresses have through coaches for Toronto. The Eastern Flyer at 6:55 p.m. stops only at Ingersoll, Woodstock, Brantford and Hamilton, and goes to Toronto and Montreal.

Depart for the west—*4:15 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:10 a.m., *11:32 a.m., 1:55 p.m., 8:01 p.m.

The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:55 p.m. trains stop at all stations. The 4:15 a.m., 11:22 a.m., and 8:01 p.m. expresses run through to Chicago without change.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:40 a.m., *4 p.m., 6:50 p.m. (Eastern Flyer), stops only at Chatham and Glencoe; 11 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:25 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 7:54 p.m. (International Limited stops only at Glencoe and Chatham).

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—10:40 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 1:25 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 10:55 p.m.

Depart—8:20 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 5 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—9:45 a.m., 6:10 p.m.</



Somebody should take those poor, mismanaged, and ill-advised Saints aside and tell them that they should be playing ping-pong or marbles, instead of trying to play O. H. A. hockey. In every game but one St. Thomas has been mowed under by a large score, and it is time that the team was called in. Simcoe put it to them 18 to 2 last night. Isn't that enough to drive trade from Saintville?

Charlie Daniels, the great New York swimmer, champion of the world on the sprints, has decided not to go to Australia for new laurels. It will be remembered that the youngster (he is under 21) announced recently that he would travel to the antipodes for the purpose of meeting Healy, the crack swimmer. Dispatches intimate that Daniels, who won out over Healy by only a fraction of a yard in England, a few months ago, is suffering from a severe attack of icy feet. That is hardly justice to Daniels, however, as he holds every sprint record in existence up to 440 yards, and has never been defeated.

C. A. Bergin writes to the Globe from Los Angeles, as follows: J. J. O'Flaherty and R. D. Restorick have dissolved partnership, and on Saturday their horses were sold in the paddock. Sanfara, which won four stakes at Kenilworth, last summer, was sold to James Boden for \$1,000. Money Muss was disposed of for \$1,250, Silver Wedding for \$1,150. Luckett brought \$450, and Sylvan Dixon \$300. All of these horses were bought from Joe James, of Windsor, Ont., at Ascot, last winter, when the partnership between O'Flaherty and Restorick was formed. O'Flaherty is training the Kirkfield stable horses at Ascot, and his inability to devote sufficient time to both strings is given as the cause of the dissolution of partnership.

Did those Thistles stick? Well, we guess yes. Out of a total of 12 years the Stanley tinware has left Ottawa and Montreal but twice—up until last night.

It was one of the greatest contests ever witnessed on eastern ice, and looked to be anybody's game almost up to the final bell. At one stage of the last half the score stood six all.

The old Forest City cannot have Thistle-Wanderer contests, but it can furnish a great brand of City League hockey, and that helps a little.

Those local sports who are continually yelling for O. H. A. or some other brand of the game, should take into consideration the fact that the only proper way to develop a good crop of players for a prospective O. H. A. team is by the City League route. Of course, it is quite possible that a local seven would stand a very good show this year in the O. H. A., as the teams in that organization are the poorest in years, but most of the local enthusiasts would prefer good City League to bad O. H. A.

Rumors anent the strengthening of the local hockey teams are going the rounds with astonishing regularity, but up to date none of them have panned out. Of course, it may be possible that some dark horses will be sprung in the different lineups at the Jubilee Rink tomorrow night, but the captains of the teams vigorously deny the allegation that they intend to ring in outside material. The latest rumor is to the effect that Dick Rankin, the Stratford crack, will be shortly found in the ranks of the Hermits. Next.

Unless all signs fail, Spike Robson, the English featherweight, is due for one grand beating when he hooks up in a bout with Abe Attell, the featherweight champion boxer of the globe. The only fellows who ever gave Attell trouble were fast, hard-hitting, clever boxers like Jack McClelland, of Pittsburg. At that McClelland was a much heavier man than the Herby when he beat him at St. Louis in June, 1904, after 15 hard rounds. With the exception of McClelland, Attell has defeated nearly every boxer in his class, and he would have defeated McClelland also had not Reddy Mason, McClelland's manager at that time, been guilty of fixing the weighing scales so that Mac could come into the ring top-heavy. When Attell and Battling Nelson met in a six-round affair in Philadelphia in May, 1905, the little Jew made the game Battler look like a Canadian copper with a hole in it. And mind you, Nelson is a bona fide lightweight, while Attell can make 122 pounds ringside. Of course, in a longer battle weight would undoubtedly tell, but Abe must be given credit for standing off the greatest bulldog the prize ring has ever known for over six rounds.

Brusso will visit his old home at Galt day after tomorrow, and give an exhibition at the Galt theater with his sparring partner. That is interesting news—if one likes it. However, a great many people would find it more interesting to witness an exhibition on Noah's part showing how he side-stepped "Mistah" Johnson, ink-spot on the pugilistic horizon.

Hockey is in full swing in Hamilton at present, and the team is losing with clock-like regularity. Paris having been the latest to take them into camp, it will now be in order for the Times man to say that Paris is a suburb of "Champeneville."

The Paris-Tiger game must have been somewhat on the Rugby order, judging by the following excerpt from the Spectator: Capt. Armstrong had his nose broken early in the second half, by Flanagan, the Paris rover. It was a most vicious and unwarranted blow with the stick, and the penalty should have been more than five minutes on the fence. Later on Nichol was laid out, his nose also being injured, and Kuhlmann was laid off with him. Lou Marsh was rather hard on Hamilton in the way of penalties, probably in revenge for the trimming he got when playing with the intermediate Argonauts. The Hamilton players wore the Tiger yellow and black, and that probably was like flaunting a red flag in the face of a bull.

One by one the scrub teams (that is the worst of them) are dropping out of the O. H. A. St. Catharines is the latest to throw up the sponge, and St. Thomas will probably be the next. Hard on Saints, that O. H. A. article.

Down in Toronto, the home of anvil and anvil choruses, they are trying to get a man to take former manager Ed Barrow's place. While they are thinking over the question they might also make arrangements for placing a new team in the city. The "garden" grade of baseball is all right, sometimes. An overdose of it is, however, bad for the digestive organs. Besides, it ruins one's appetite for baseball. SOUTHPAW.

Signals for Umpires

The movement for a system of audible. The system proposed is to signals to indicate an umpire's decisions during a baseball game, seems to be spreading, and the indications are all the important leagues will adopt some such system before another playing season arrives says the Chicago Tribune. Announcement of the willingness of the American league to adopt the suggestion already has been made. Several club owners of the National league have urged the adoption of a similar policy by its umpires next season and the American association's executive has announced he will instruct his staff of umpires to signal their decisions on "balls" and "strikes" so as to make them intelligible to the patrons. Beyond the reach of the umpire's voice. These are the leading three organizations of the country and their example is likely to be followed by all the minors eventually. In some of the smaller circuits, however, only occasionally are the crowds attracted so large as will popularize the sport and may make to make the voice of the umpire in the umpire himself less unpopular.

STRATFORD WON WITHOUT EFFORT

Seniors Got Away With Preston 9 to 2—Wingham Wallops Old Rivals.

Stratford, Jan. 21.—Stratford seniors defeated Preston seniors here tonight in a comparatively easy manner by a score of 9 to 2. The feature of the game was the brilliant work of the Classic City's forward line. The lineup:

Stratford—Goal, McLaren; point, Robert; cover, Forbes; rover, Henz; center, Kiler; left wing, Eason; right wing, Lloyd.

Preston—Goal, Pfeffer; point, Nairn; cover, Bernhardt; rover, Kindy; center, Bennett; left wing, Smith; right wing, Wismer.

Referee—Charles Rankin.

TRIMMED OLD RIVALS.

Wingham, Jan. 21.—Wingham hockey team met and defeated Hamilton Bronco-busters, their old-time rivals, in the Northern League, on local ice tonight, defeat by a score of 5 to 2. The locals were in good trim, as were also the visitors, and the game was keenly contested. The lineup:

Wingham—Goal, Moore; point, Wilson; cover, Johnston; rover, McGillivray; center, McDowell; left wing, Ward; right wing, Elliott.

Harrison—Goal, Dixon; point, Bennett; cover, Bates; rover, Bennett; center, McLean; left wing, Fleming; right wing, Weller.

Referee—Weller, Berlin.

Mount Forest plays here Friday night and if Wingham wins from them it will put them in the lead for the cup.

PARIS JUNIORS WIN.

Brantford, Jan. 21.—Paris juniors defeated Brantford in an O. H. A. game tonight before a large crowd by a score of 4 to 2.

The visitors proved a faster team, their forward line, with Lovett and Thinks doing effective work. Score at half time was 4 to 1. Brantford notching one goal in last half. Play throughout last half of game was very even. Duncan in goal for locals did clever work. The lineup:

Brantford—Goal, Duncan; point, Smith; cover, Taylor; rover, Tick; center, Oliver; right wing, Johnson; left wing, Buck.

Paris—Goal, Stewart; point, Meggs; cover, Thinks; rover, Stanton; center, Watson; right wing, Lovett; left wing, Gill.

Referee—W. Dowling, Brantford.

Timekeepers—Fraser, Tuck and Watson.

Waterloo, Jan. 21.—The first intermediate O. H. A. match was played here tonight between Parry Sound and Coldwater. The game was fast and well played. Both sides went in to win. At half time the score stood 3 to 2 in favor of the home team, and at full time 4 to 2. In ten minutes over the time Parry Sound scored 4 and the locals 1, making the final score 7 to 4 in favor of Parry Sound.

HORTONS LEAD LEAGUE.

The Hortons lead at present in the City League race, having won all their games. The standing of the teams to date is as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Hortons	2	0	1,000
Orients	1	1	500
Hermits	1	1	500
Waterloos	0	2	000

WON. LOST. P.C.

Hortons 2 0 1,000

Orients 1 1 500

Hermits 1 1 500

Waterloos 0 2 000

WON. LOST. P.C.

Hortons 2 0 1,000

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WON. LOST. P.C.

Hortons 2 0 1,000

Orients 1 1 500

Hermits 1 1 500

Waterloos 0 2 000

TURNED TABLES ON THE SAINTS

Simcoe Intermediates Handed It to the St. Thomas Seven Good and Strong.

Simcoe, Jan. 21.—In the intermediate O. H. A. game here tonight Simcoe, with their regular lineup on the ice, turned the tables on St. Thomas, and won by a score of 18 to 2. The half-time score was Simcoe 5, St. Thomas 2. The ice was the best yet and the fast rushes and neat passing of the local forwards electrified the big crowd. The Saints worked hard to the end, but were outplayed at all points. The Simcoe defense allowed scarcely a shot on goal. Lee, did splendid work in goal, and saved a much larger score. Several penalties were inflicted for minor offenses.

SANATORIUM TOWN WINS.

Gravenhurst, Jan. 21.—The juniors were again victors, winning here tonight from Victoria Harbor team. Score at half time 3 to 2 in favor of the home team, and at the finish 8 to 2.

CALUMET ON TOUR.

Calumet, Mich., Jan. 21.—Before the season ends the International Hockey team will have met some of the best teams in Canada, besides the New York City teams. Among the Canadian teams who propose to tour the States are the Ottawa, Montreal Wanderers, Toronto, and Barrie. Games will be played in Pittsburgh, the Soos and Houghton, and Calumet, with return contests in Canada if climatic conditions permit.

HAD TO PLAY OVERTIME.

Coldwater, Jan. 21.—The first intermediate O. H. A. match was played here tonight between Parry Sound and Coldwater. The game was fast and well played. Both sides went in to win. At half time the score stood 3 to 2 in favor of the home team, and at full time 4 to 2. In ten minutes over the time Parry Sound scored 4 and the locals 1, making the final score 7 to 4 in favor of Parry Sound.

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WON. LOST. P.C.

Hortons 2 0 1,000

Orients 1 1 500

Hermits 1 1 500

Waterloos 0 2 000

WON. LOST. P.C.

Hortons 2 0 1,000

Orients 1 1 500

Hermits 1 1 500

Waterloos 0 2 000

WON. LOST. P.C.

Hortons 2 0 1,000

Orients 1 1 500

Hermits 1 1 500

Waterloos 0 2 000

WON. LOST. P.C.

Hortons 2 0 1,000

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WON. LOST. P.C.

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WON. LOST. P.C.

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Hortons 2 0 1,000

Orients 1 1 500

Hermits 1 1 500

Waterloos 0 2 000

WON. LOST. P.C.

Hortons 2 0 1,000

PLAYGROUND BALL THE LATEST GAME

Is a Cross Between Regular Game of Baseball and Indoor Baseball.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—A meeting will be held tomorrow night to complete the organization to control and promote the new game of playground ball. Permanent officers will be elected and plans made to introduce the game in all the large cities in the United States and Canada.

The organization probably will be known as the Playground Ball Association, with E. B. De Groot, the temporary chairman and athletic director of the South Park playground system, is expected to be elected president.

Playground ball is a cross between the regular game of baseball and indoor baseball, with a few variations. The diamond is to have twenty-five foot base line with pitching distance of thirty feet; the pitcher's plate is to be two feet by ten inches, made of rubber or wood. The pitcher will deliver the ball with the underhand motion, the ball being swung parallel with the body. He must keep one foot in contact with the pitcher's plate while in the act of delivery.

The baserunner will not be allowed to leave his base on a steal until the ball has left the pitcher's hand. Three balls, instead of four, as in baseball, will entitle a player to walk. The bat will be made of hickory, similar to the indoor baseball bat, except that it will be considerably larger in diameter.

The ball is to be not less than twelve inches, or more than fourteen inches, in circumference, and made of a yielding substance weighing about eight and one-half ounces. Ten players will constitute a side, instead of nine, as in baseball. Besides the battery and basemen there will be two shortstops and three outfielders.

The batsman on hitting the ball, when he is first to bat, or when there is no one on base, can run to first or third base as preferred. This will keep the fielders guessing, as they are liable to make the play to first, and instead the batsman will run to third. Here is where the value of two shortstops will come in. The following batter will be obliged to travel the same route taken by the preceding batsman, or as long as there is anyone on base.

A fair or foul hit ball will be decided the same as in outdoor baseball, with the exception that a foul will not be called a strike; neither will a batsman be entitled to a base on being hit by a pitched ball, which will be called a dead ball unless it is on a third strike, when the batsman will be called out. On a blocked ball the baserunner will not be allowed to advance until the ball is returned to the pitcher and the umpire calls play.

This game can be played in any schoolyard or vacant lot lacking the necessary space for baseball.

BOWLING.

HEAVY ENTRIES FOR TOURNEY.

Toronto, Jan. 21.—The executive committee of the Canadian Bowlers' Association met in the King Edward Hotel and transacted much business. The C. B. A. will confer, with slight necessary changes, to the rules and regulations of the American Bowling Congress, with which they are affiliated.

The date of the tourney, which has already been largely advertised, will be the first week of April, and play will continue until the 6th, inclusive, and will be rolled on twelve new regulation alleys, which are being laid by the Brunswick-Balke Company, in Messrs. Orr Bros' new building, now under construction.

It is assumed that there will be at least 75 five-men teams, 200 two-men teams and 400 individuals entered. This will mean that about \$2,000 will be distributed amongst the bowlers participating.

THE TURF.

WINNERS YESTERDAY.

At New Orleans—Bosserian 10 to 1, Shirley Rosemont 3 to 1, Fantasio 1 to 2, Beau Brummel 3 to 5, Flavius 5 to 1, Campaigner 6 to 5, and Lady Ellison 7 to 10.

SWIMMING.

IS DANIELS AFRAID?

Sydney, N. S. W., Jan. 21.—Says the Sydney Referee: "It is now certain that C. Daniels, of New York, will not be seen in Sydney this season. Possibly that very narrow victory (snatched by greater adeptness in turning only), over Cecil Healy in London a few months ago caused Daniels to make up his mind to let well enough alone. The race (100-yard championship of England), proved one of the most exciting ever witnessed. Only in turning did Daniels exhibit superiority. Healy certainly proved himself the better swimmer. Nearing the end of each lap he just made up what he lost in the kick-off and looked to be forging ahead when he had to turn again, and he was behind once more. He put his very soul into the last stroke. Surely and determinedly he gained inch by inch, but the finish was too near. America's topnotcher won by a 'touch'—just that, not a hair's breadth more."

Another stroke and the 100-yard championship would unquestionably have come to Australia. Poor Healy was very much cut up at falling in the special object of his trip, and by such a very narrow margin. He had the sympathy of the great onlooking crowd, they register with the C. A. U., and they justly refuse as they are registered with the Intercollegiate Athletic Association and do not want to register with the C. A. U.

ATHLETICS.

DIRECTOR VS. PLAYERS.

Kingston, Jan. 21.—Physical Director Burton, of the Y. M. C. A., is in trouble over the Queen's basketball challenge. He wants the college men to register with the C. A. U., and they justly refuse as they are registered with the Intercollegiate Athletic Association and do not want to register with the C. A. U.

'TIS A MARVELOUS TH

BONDS AND STOCKS

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TORONTO

LOCAL MARKET.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 22.—The smaller lines were not very well represented at the market today. The supply of hay was the feature of the market, for which there was a very low sale, as most of the hay was of inferior quality; prices were easier at \$12 to \$13 per ton, only the best loads selling at the higher figures. Straw sold quickly at \$6 and \$6.50 per ton. There was a good demand for the dozen or so loads of oats that were offered, which sold at \$1.05 to \$1.10 per cwt.

There was very little butter, eggs or poultry offered, and the same may be said of vegetables; prices in these lines were steady.

There was a moderately large supply of butchers' meat; sales were slow for beef; for lamb there was a good demand, and prices were higher at 12½c to 13c per pound by the carcass. Mutton was higher at \$7 to \$7.10 per cwt.

HAY MARKET.

TORONTO, Jan. 21.—Baled Hay.—The market is very steady, and looks as if it will continue so far as while no firmer prices are expected, however.

Baled Straw.—Steady, at \$5.50 to \$7 per ton in car lots here.

SUGAR MARKETS.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Raw sugar—Muscovado, 4½; centrifugal, 10½; beet sugar, January, 8½.

NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 21.—Sugar.—Raw firm; molasses sugar, 5½; refined steady; No. 4, 10½; No. 5, 9½; No. 6, 8½; No. 7, 7½; No. 8, 6½; No. 9, 5½; No. 10, 4½; No. 11, 3½; No. 12, 2½; No. 13, 1½; No. 14, ¾; No. 15, ½; No. 16, ¼; No. 17, ⅛; No. 18, ⅙; No. 19, ⅓; No. 20, ⅔; No. 21, 1; No. 22, 1½; No. 23, 2; No. 24, 2½; No. 25, 3; No. 26, 3½; No. 27, 4; No. 28, 4½; No. 29, 5; No. 30, 5½; No. 31, 6; No. 32, 6½; No. 33, 7; No. 34, 7½; No. 35, 8; No. 36, 8½; No. 37, 9; No. 38, 9½; No. 39, 10; No. 40, 10½; No. 41, 11; No. 42, 11½; No. 43, 12; No. 44, 12½; No. 45, 13; No. 46, 13½; No. 47, 14; No. 48, 14½; No. 49, 15; No. 50, 15½; No. 51, 16; No. 52, 16½; No. 53, 17; No. 54, 17½; No. 55, 18; No. 56, 18½; No. 57, 19; No. 58, 19½; No. 59, 20; No. 60, 20½; No. 61, 21; No. 62, 21½; No. 63, 22; No. 64, 22½; No. 65, 23; No. 66, 23½; No. 67, 24; No. 68, 24½; No. 69, 25; No. 70, 25½; No. 71, 26; No. 72, 26½; No. 73, 27; No. 74, 27½; No. 75, 28; No. 76, 28½; No. 77, 29; No. 78, 29½; No. 79, 30; No. 80, 30½; No. 81, 31; 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LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Miss Gladys Platt, of this city, is visiting in Toronto.

—Miss Eva Farr, of Port Stanley, is visiting Mrs. Kerr, in this city.

—Mrs. John F. Probyn, of 103 Centennial avenue, is progressing favorably, after an operation performed yesterday.

—Mrs. Boxall, 124 Bruce avenue, Windsor, gave an evening at her home last week in honor of Mrs. Waymark, who is leaving for London.

—The Historical Society will hold its meeting this evening at the Normal School, when Rev. W. J. Spence will give views of England in the past century.

—Mr. Daniel Stevens, night foreman of the Dominion Express Company, left today on a ten days' vacation, which he will spend in Detroit, Hamilton and Toronto.

—Mrs. David Watson and little son Wallace have returned home to London after three weeks' visit with Mrs. Watson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Snel, Nelson street, Brantford.

—At the St. Thomas police court yesterday, George Morris, alias Hicks, of this city, was given nine months in the Central for burglarizing a butcher shop. Morris' home is on Hill street.

—The funeral of the late William Needham took place yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted at the family residence, Beaconsfield avenue by Rev. W. J. Clark. The funeral

was largely attended and the floral tributes were numerous and beautiful. The pall-bearers were Mr. Charles, Albert, Wesley, Walter and Thomas Needham.

—The remains of the late Mrs. Harry Kibbler were interred at Mount Pleasant Cemetery yesterday afternoon. The funeral took place from her residence, 811 Central avenue, and was largely attended. Mrs. Kibbler was the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wistow, of Ashland avenue, London Township, and came to Canada from Sheffield, England, 25 years ago, with her parents. Besides her husband, she is survived by three children, one sister—Mrs. Awoock—and five brothers—Ernest, Albert, Alfred, Frank and Herbert Wistow, all of this city.

RECOUNT IN LOBO.

The Lobo municipal election recount asked for by Mr. A. C. Atwood will take place before Friday next, the 24th inst., at 10 o'clock, a.m. None but the candidates and their agents can be present.

DEATH OF ALLEN THOMSON.

A Mitchell dispatch says: "The news of the death of Allen Lorraine Thomson in Toronto on Thursday evening has cast a deep gloom over Mitchell. The young man was only 19 years, 8 months and 22 days of age, and was the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Thomson, off St. Andrew street south. He had spent the holiday season in town at his home, along with his parents and family, and had only returned to Toronto but a few days, when he became ill. He was removed to the City General Hospital, where he died on the above date. He was the youngest of the family of twelve, and a third-year art student at Toronto University, with a very bright future before him, and was one of Mitchell's favorite young men, loved and respected by all with whom he came in contact, and his student demise is greatly lamented, not only by the family, but by his associates. As this is the first death in the family, their grief is hard to control, so unexpectedly has this sorrow been cast upon them. Kind neighbors and friends they have many, who share with them in their sympathy. The funeral took place from his late home on St. Andrew street to the Methodist cemetery, followed by a very large crowd, where interment took place. Rev. W. J. McIntosh conducted the funeral." Mr. Thomson, sen., is the proprietor of the Dominion oatmeal mills, Talbot street.

—The Knights of Pythias met last night in their rooms in the Duffield block for the purpose of holding the annual installation of officers. The following were installed for the two city lodges: R. B. Bonstead, R. Prospect Lodge—Chancellor commander, A. Blackwell; vice-chancellor, Wm. Clarke; prelate, T. Burns; master of work, R. Craib; K. of R. and S. G. Stinson; M. of F. H. Farman; M. of E. S. Webb; M. of A. A. McClary; I. G. E. Phillips; O. G. A. Pinch.

Myrtle Lodge—Chancellor commander, D. E. G. Thompson; K. of R. and S. G. Stinson; M. of F. H. Farman; M. of E. S. Webb; M. of A. A. McClary; I. G. E. Phillips; O. G. A. Pinch.

Among the visiting brethren present were the following from Stratford: District Deputy Grand Chancellor A. E. Hare; Grand Master-at-Arms, T. E. Gough; R. W. B. G. Thompson; T. Bonstead; R. Beckel; J. Graham and D. E. Fortner.

After the ceremony of installation, Past Chancellor J. E. Reid, of Prospect Lodge, on behalf of the Grand Lodge of Ontario, presented a large gold watch to George Burdick with a past grand chancellor's jewel, and Past Chancellor Harry A. Plaw presented Vice-Chancellor W. W. Clark, of Prospect Lodge, with a solid gold watchchain, given by Past Grand Chancellor Burdick to the member bringing in the largest number of candidates in 1906.

During the evening a splendid supper was served, after which speeches and music were enjoyed. The toasts were to "The King," "The Grand Lodge," responded to by Grand Master A. E. Hare and Grand Master-at-Arms T. E. Gough, of Stratford; "The Supreme Lodge," responded to by Past Grand Master E. J. Fitzgerald, who complimented the two previous speakers on the information given by them on Pythianism, and also praised the work of the Grand Lodge of Ontario.

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Spices

The Pudding and Pastry and other delicious dishes are made truly enjoyable when high quality spices are used. Our spices are fit to give the finishing touch to the most cookery. Sold in any quantity.

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215 Dundas St., London, Ont.

RECEPTION GIVEN TO GRAND MASTER

Members of the Local Masonic Lodges Do Honor to J. H. Burritt, K.C., of Pembroke.

The members of the eight local Masonic lodges tendered a reception to the grand master of the order in Canada, J. H. Burritt, K.C., of Pembroke, last night in the city hall. The event was attended with very imposing ceremonies, and was in many ways one of the most successful of its kind ever held in this city.

The hall was artistically decorated with bunting and various colored electric lights and Chinese lanterns, while long streamers of evergreens were suspended at regular intervals about the walls.

After the brethren had marched in and formed up in a body in the center of the hall, the grand master was presented, and an address of welcome was read. He was then presented to the masters of the local lodges, after which he addressed the audience briefly, dealing with the origin and history of the order.

The grand master in Canada holds an office associated with much responsibility and dignity, therefore the local Masons look upon the privilege of being tendered a reception to Grand Master Burritt as a great honor.

A splendid programme was indulged in, as follows: Violin solo, Master Joe Cortese; solo, Mr. Milton Francis, of Stratford, and Mr. Ed Crawford, of this city; "Creole Love Song," Miss Elsie Green; readings, by Miss Tena Elliott.

After the programme Tony Cortese's orchestra delighted the audience by dispensing very pleasing music from the council chamber, while the guests enjoyed many dances.

A party then adjourned to the Masonic Temple, where a splendid dinner was served in the ballroom, which was decorated with green and Chinese lanterns.

Among the brethren present were Past Master D. B. Burtch, of Lambton, and J. H. Flock, K.C., of this city. Mr. Burritt is claimed to be the oldest Mason in this district, being 82 years of age, and having been a member since 1851, when he joined the Eldorado Lodge in California. Mr. J. H. Flock last year celebrated his 60th anniversary as a Mason, and claims to be the oldest past master in the district.

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