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MONDAY EVENING, MAY 8, 1893.

The Crisis Came

And the Kaiser Dissolved the Reichstag.

Excitement in Berlin is at the Highest Pitch.

Vigorous Movement for the Eight-Hour Day in England.

Vienna Visited by a Heavy Snow Storm on Saturday.

Rev. Thomas Spurgeon Coming to This Country—Supposed Confirmation of Emin Pasha's Death.

The Norwegian Cabinet Censured.

Rev. T. Spurgeon Coming.

London, May 7.—Rev. T. Spurgeon will sail from Auckland, N. Z., for San Francisco on May 20. He will remain a few days in Chicago, and will probably assist Dwight Moody in his work there.

Snow Storm in Vienna.

VIENNA, May 7.—A heavy snowstorm began at noon yesterday in this city. There was a great fall of snow throughout Friday in Hungary, and railway traffic was blocked by the snow drifts.

Rumors of More Australian Bank Failures.

LONDON, May 6.—Stocks yesterday closed flat. Rumors were current that more banks in Australia had failed, but the reports failed confirmation. It is stated there is a prospect of money being dearer.

For the Eight Hour Day.

LONDON, May 7.—Meetings were held today in London, Hull, Glasgow, Manchester, Birmingham, Dublin and other cities by workmen, who passed resolutions in favor of the eight-hour day. The meetings were attended by immense crowds, and good order prevailed.

Exit Ahlwardt, the Jew-Baiter.

BERLIN, May 7.—Ahlwardt, the Jew-baiter and member of the last Reichstag, was arrested to-night, and will be returned to prison to serve his sentence for having libelled the Lowes, small arms manufacturers. The period of immunity expired with the Reichstag.

The Great Eastern's Captain Dead.

LONDON, May 7.—Sir James Anderson died at 2 this morning. He was born at Dumfries in 1820. He was for some time commander of the Cunard steamship line, and commanded the Atlantic cable laying in 1858 and 1859. His second wife died about a year and a half ago.

Belligerents Bought Off.

LONDON, May 7.—A dispatch from Madrid to the Central News says it is reported that the collapse of the revolt in Cuba is due to the Government's buying off all the leaders. This method was adopted because it was cheaper than fighting. The Government found it impossible to bring about a decisive battle with the guerrilla bands.

Somboly Threw a Bomb.

DEBILIS, May 7.—A dynamite bomb exploded at 10:40 o'clock last night in the quadrangle of the Four Courts. Many windows were broken, but otherwise no damage was done. It is supposed that somebody threw the bomb over the railings in a spirit of bravado. The day was the eleventh anniversary of the assassination of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Under Secretary Burke in Phoenix Park.

Money Market Improved.

LONDON, May 7.—The advance of the Bank of England rate steadied both money and stock markets. The exports of gold were moderate, and a serious drain is not now expected in spite of the crisis in Australia, where £1,250,000 has gone in a fortnight. American railway securities suffered a general relapse, though there were signs of improvement at the close.

Business on the Paris Bourse has improved during the week.

Emin Pasha's Daughter.

BERLIN, May 7.—The 12-year-old daughter of Emin Pasha, who, during her father's exploration in Africa, was cared for by friends on the coast, is expected to arrive from East Africa shortly and to proceed to Neisse, where she will be received by relatives. The Governor of German East Africa has ordered that Emin Pasha's manuscripts, geological and botanical collections and weapons, now in Dur-es-Salam and Bagamoyo, be packed and shipped to his family in Neisse. News of this order is regarded as final confirmation of the announcement of Emin's death.

Germany's Crisis.

BERLIN, May 6.—On the result of the vote on the Army Bill being known the Social Democratic members of the Reichstag displayed the wildest enthusiasm. They hurled repeated, following cheer with cheer. Great confusion and uproar prevailed in the House, and public excitement at the highest pitch in Berlin. The Kaiser dissolving the Reichstag in elections, which under the constitution must take place within 60 days after dissolution, are to be held on the 15th of June. The new session must open within 90 days after dissolution.

The last attempt at compromise having failed, Chancellor Caprivi refusing to sanction a proposition to make the two years' active service permanent, the Kaiser became impatient of further delay and pressed for a decision by the Reichstag today. Hence the vote was taken at once. The failure of the Army Bill makes it necessary for the Kaiser to defer for the present his projected reform of the higher military commands, and of the posts in the war office—a project which Caprivi is said to dread even more than he dreads the struggle over the Army Bill, knowing that it is very likely that there will be a conflict over the changes, which will involve the

Kaiser, Caprivi himself and others whom the Chancellor has no desire to antagonize. Chancellor Caprivi has gone to Potsdam to offer his resignation to the Kaiser. The Kaiser has summoned Count Botho von Fullenburg, the Prussian Premier, to Potsdam. Count Botho von Fullenburg took the place of Chancellor von Caprivi, as Prussian Premier about a year ago, when Chancellor Caprivi resigned that office, owing to the decision of the Kaiser to withdraw the Educational Bill from the Prussian Landtag.

The most striking feature of the closing debate was the resurgence of anti-Prussian sentiments, especially from the speakers of the Center party. Dr. Lieber, who is a leader in the councils of his party, after attacking Chancellor von Caprivi for having, as he put it, resorted to the worst form of Bismarckian methods to secure the passage of the bill, said:

"The Center party fights to-day against the ambitions of a centralizing Caesarism. We protest against the militarism which translates itself in persistent endeavors to extend the principles of the Prussian state into the domain of imperial legislation. In the interests of the empire we demand that the Prussian policy be confined to the Prussian Diet, while the German prevail in the Reichstag."

Neither Chancellor von Caprivi nor Baron von Manteuffel, the Prussian Conservative leader, attempted to respond to Dr. Lieber's attack. All the speakers on the Government side simply ignored the expressions of anti-Prussian sentiment. The Chancellor commented vaguely upon the democratic tendencies that have recently been developing among the Centerists and suggested that the policy now pursued by that party had its inspiration in the Vatican.

Hurriedly convened meetings are being held in Berlin and other populous centers. The promptness with which the Reichstag was dissolved immediately after the defeat of the Government was announced has taken everybody by surprise. The Social Democratic leaders alone are really ready for the electoral campaign. The Socialist party expects, with reason, to have an increased representation in the next Reichstag.

The Emperor will not allow the dissolution of the Reichstag to interfere with the programme of his coming tour. Before starting for North Cape his Majesty will go on a deer stalking expedition at Bockswitz. Subsequently he will hunt over the estates of Count Roehrig in Silesia.

PARIS, May 7.—The feeling aroused by the rejection of the German Army Bill is mild elation. The best newspapers refrain from all bitter expression of opinion. In political circles the defeat of the bill is regarded as an agent of peace.

LONDON, May 8.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News says: "However enormous the burdens which the Army Bill will impose it was a grave mistake to reject it. The Radicals may know that the bill will be passed, even if it is necessary to dissolve Parliament two or three times. German constitutionalism is too weak to stand a conflict with the Government in military matters. In the coming elections, however, the Army Bill will play only a secondary part. The war cries of the enemies of liberalism will be 'anti-Semitism and protection.'"

BERLIN, May 8.—Prince Bismarck's Nachrichten regrets the dissolution, but hopes it may be followed by some beneficial results. The coming struggle, it says, "threatens to be one of the most violent of the empire. Everybody expects that it will be characterized by some startling events."

BERLIN, May 8.—The Vossische Zeitung (Radical) says: "Chancellor von Caprivi referred to the readiness with which the British and French Parliaments vote money for national defenses, but when did the German Government give the nation the same control of national affairs that the French and British nations do?"

The European Drought.

LONDON, May 8.—Reports from the continent show that the drought and heat have spoiled the beet root crop and that an enormous rise of sugar prices is in progress. In several parts of Austria cereals have been plowed up in preparation for another planting. Grain speculators declare that all hope of saving the winter wheat crop is gone.

Blockading the Bill.

LONDON, May 8.—Gibson-Bowles (Conservative), member for King's Lynn, will abandon his motion to instruct the committee of the House to consider the Home Rule Bill should be divided as to make the proposal as to Irish representation at Westminster a separate measure. This motion was the only one of the thirteen instructions brought forward by the Opposition which was not ruled out of order by the Speaker. Lord Randolph Churchill, however, will block the bill with his motion that the order be suspended. Under this motion the preamble of any bill may be set aside until all the clauses shall have been disposed of.

The Pope Pleads for Peace.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The Herald's special from Paris says: From authentic information it would appear that the Pope is preparing an encyclical to European Governments setting forth the inevitable crisis to which the crushing military charges condemn them. He will call the attention of the Governments to the necessity of introducing the policy of pacification into their general policy as well as the appeasement of anger of the working classes consequent upon their memory. His Holiness will ask for a resolution of the question of disarmament, probably by an encyclical.

AFTER THE FINANCIAL STORM.

Prices of Stocks Gradually Recovering and Confidence Returning.

NEW YORK, May 7.—After 11 o'clock yesterday stocks made a further advance in consequence of the favorable character of the bank statement, but they later eased off. Industrials were relatively firmer than the railways and show net gains for the day of one to twelve points, and there was an entire absence of excitement. The market closed quiet and firm. Confidence is slowly returning.

Fatal Flashes.

LIBERTY, Ind., May 7.—A terrible storm of rain, hail and wind passed over this place Friday afternoon. Three persons were struck by lightning and killed.

Yo! Traveler, take BIRCHAM'S PILLS with you!

At Vincennes, Ind., the Wabash River continues to rise. Scores of people living opposite the city on the Illinois side have brought their families and stock over for safety.

The Air Brakes Failed!

Shockingly Fatal Accident on the Big Four.

An Engine Runs Away From Its Driver.

Six Persons Killed outright, One Fatally Injured, Half a Dozen Hurt and Two Missing.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., May 7.—The Big Four passenger train which left Chicago at 8:30 Saturday night in crossing the Wabash River bridge got away from the engineer at 1:30 this morning. The air brakes broke down. The train cars left the track after reaching the depot, tearing down the sheds on the east side of the bridge. The engine, baggage, mail and express cars were thrown from the track, hurled some distance and broken to pieces. Michael Welsh, engineer, of Indianapolis, has not been found. Following are THE KILLED:

John Lenon, of Lafayette, driver of mail wagon.

McMahon, of Cincinnati, express messenger.

Chas. Mergers, of Lafayette, hack driver.

Chas. Schaele, of Portsmouth, Ohio.

Fred Schaele, fireman, found dead beneath the wreck; left leg torn off at thigh.

Unknown name.

INSURED.

Conrad Weissel, of Shelbyville, Ind. (fatally).

Wm. Chadwick, of Shelbyville, mail clerk, is missing.

Four others were badly hurt and two others somewhat injured.

Owing to sharp curves in the track on the west side of the river, air brakes were not to be applied until near the bridge. When the engineer tried to apply them they would not work, and the train dashed into the station. The injured have been taken to the hospital.

DALTON MCCARTHY'S CAMPAIGN.

The Member for North Simcoe Speaks to a Kingston Audience.

Seconded by Rev. Principal Grant and Other Prominent Men.

KINGSTON, May 6.—The City Hall was packed to the doors to-night to hear D'Alton McCarthy. He was accompanied to the platform by Rev. Dr. Grant and other clerical and professional gentlemen. Principal Grant opened by declaring Mr. McCarthy a thoroughbred and having said requisite for a man who believed in country above planks and applauded his stand on Provincial rights. Manitoba's rights to abolish separate schools must remain untouched, and Quebec, after its friends maintained its right to pass the Jesuits Estates Act, must stand by it, too.

Free trade, he said, is only by revenue requirements or national conditions. "We have fostered protection," he said, "until it has become a virus in the blood. It must be purged away, but it will have to be done gradually." He favored free trade, he declared the walls down against Great Britain to tell the United States that Canada wants to be friendly, and as she lowers her walls Canada will lower hers. She must do this without waiting to see what Congress is going to do.

Mr. G. Osborne then read an address to Mr. McCarthy, who spoke for an hour and a half. Mr. McCarthy talked lengthily on tariff matters, holding that for maintaining the present protective policy Canadians were paying dearly. He wanted the tariff lowered in favor of England. He urged the people to continue to agitate for tariff reform. The agitation had aroused the Government and must be kept up. If they went to sleep the manufacturers would not. They will neither be idle nor sleeping, but will tell the Government the injury they will receive if the assistance they can give in coming days, and the Government will rest, saying that all feeling for change has passed away. He touched on the Manitoba school question and dual language, and showed the way he desired the Northwest to discover the nation in sentiment. "This," said Mr. McCarthy, "is a British country, and is going to remain so; let us not perpetuate in the Northwest the bitterness and differences of the older provinces." He was malignant, or wanted to create race and religious differences. He wanted peace and righteousness, but not at the price some men would offer it. He spoke of the vilification and calumny which had been subjected to, but thanked W. R. Meredith for his kindly, honest and manly words. He had spoken thoughts and desires of Kingstonians he urged that at a coming time they send a man to Parliament who would express such views and aid him in battling for the rights of the people.

Dr. Dupuis and Mr. Mackenzie spoke.

Dr. Grant said, in concluding, that true consistency was not the kind that a donkey possessed, for it never changed, but a consistency that sees what God has created and accepts new duties. The audience retired amid much cheering.

The Parkhill Mystery.

PARKHILL, Ont., May 6.—Although diligent search and watch of the river has been kept up for two days no trace of the body of the missing Miss Beatty has been discovered, neither has any mark been discovered to show that she emerged from the river.

Y. M. C. A. Secretaries in Conference.

LOUISVILLE, May 7.—The 23rd annual conference of the Association of General Secretaries of the Young Men's Christian Association of the United States and Canada is in progress here. After organization and introductions there were Bible readings by G. A. Hall, of New York, and a historical sketch of the association by T. G. Jenkins, of Detroit. Friday night there was a public welcome meeting, addresses of welcome being made by the mayor and Rev. Dr. Powell, and responses by the president of the association.

Sudden Death of Mrs. Depew.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Mrs. Ellen Hegeman Depew, wife of Chauncey M. Depew, died at her home this afternoon. At 11 o'clock she was known to be seriously ill, the sudden termination of her illness was not expected by her family and

those most intimately connected with her. Her condition showed no material change on Saturday. Mr. Depew, his son Chauncey, Mrs. Depew's mother, J. H. Hegeman, J. Niven Hegeman and her two little nieces were called to the sick room and were all present when she died. Mr. Depew was completely prostrated and has shut himself up against all comers to-day.

THE BIG SHOW.

Concession Made to the Lovers of Tobacco—Figuring Up the Numbers at the Opening.

CHICAGO, May 7.—The council of administration has decided that smoking is permissible within the grounds of the exposition but not inside of the buildings.

Until all the tickets are actually counted it can only be surmised how many people attended the opening, but allowing that 95,000 people who had tickets did not use them, there remains the stupendous figure of 400,000 as the number of people who visited the park on May 1. This showing is in strong contrast with the best record made at the Centennial Exhibition, at which the greatest attendance was on Pennsylvania Day, when the number was 274,919. As the Paris Exposition of 1878, which is considered the most successful in practical results ever held in that country, the greatest attendance for one day was 200,613. The history of expositions shows that there is always a great reaction in the attendance a few days after the opening. At the Centennial the attendance on May 11, the day after the opening, was 12,720; Tuesday's attendance at Jackson Park was 14,300.

Plans have been perfected by the Illinois Central Railroad Company which provide for the transportation of more than 1,000,000 passengers daily to and from the World's Fair. The road has unquestionably mapped out a system under which 1,000,000 passengers going to and returning from Jackson Park can be accommodated with seats.

TENNYSON'S SUCCESSOR.

John Ruskin Offered the Poet Laureateship of England.

LONDON, May 8.—Prime Minister Gladstone has offered the place of poet laureate, made vacant by the death of Lord Tennyson, to the distinguished art critic, John Ruskin.

LEFT JOHN FOR SAM.

Over Seventy British Tars Desert in New York Harbor—Have They Joined the American Ship?

NEW YORK, May 8.—The Times says: It is learned that the British flag ship Blake has lost over 40 men of her crew up to Saturday last by desertion. The British armored cruiser Australia has lost several men, and the two cruisers, Magicienne and Tartar, have lost more than twenty men between them. In all the British fleet has lost more than 70 men by desertion since their arrival in port. From officers of the Blake it is learned that the men who have deserted are for the most part sailors whom the ships could not spare. The desertion prevailed aboard the Blake that a large number of the men who have deserted will try to enlist in the United States navy. The pay of a British sailor is \$12 a month; the pay of an American sailor is \$25 a month.

THE GATES WERE CLOSED.

Only Deadheads Allowed in the World's Fair Sunday—A Stockholder Will Appeal to the Governor.

CHICAGO, May 8.—The rule to close the gates of the World's Fair Sunday was rigidly enforced yesterday, at least so far as the ticket-purchasing public was concerned. The fortunate hundreds who hold passes were admitted, however, and allowed to view the grounds at their will. It was a beautiful day and thousands of workmen, some with their families, went to the fair grounds on the northeast side of the city to see the gates closed. The gates were to be open, but they were not admitted.

The policy of the law of Congress closing the gates is to be tested in the courts this week. Charles W. Clingman, who is a stockholder in the fair, has served notice on Secretary Edmonds that he will appeal to the courts to open the fair on Sunday.

In his letter he, in the interest of the working people, and as representative of other stockholders, demanded that the people be admitted Sunday the same as every other day in the week.

President Higinbotham had not learned of Mr. Clingman's letter when a reporter asked him what he intended to do about it. He read the letter carefully.

"We shall be compelled to defend the suit if one is brought," he finally said.

"Resist Sunday opening, in other words," the reporter remarked.

"Yes, that is the position in which we would be placed, although nearly all the members are in favor of seven-day fair. However, I do not think anything will come of this notice. I think Mr. Clingman can be convinced that his plan is not the proper one, and that it is better to let matters rest as they are at present."

Booth Improving.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Edwin Booth's condition continues to improve. Indications point to recovery.

Bit His Own Head Off.

KINGSTON, N. Y., May 7.—August Wilmon placed a dynamite cap in his mouth and bit on it. His lifeless body, with the head blown off, was found this morning near Wilmon.

A Terrible Tornado.

GUTHRIE, O. T., May 8.—Near Edmond three persons were killed, and ten badly injured by a tornado on Friday night near Waterloo. A man named Donaldson was killed and his wife so badly injured that she died Sunday. About twenty houses were destroyed and the country was swept clean of everything for miles.

Frightful Slaughter.

NEW YORK, May 8.—A Herald special from Valparaiso says: "A battle which lasted four hours was fought yesterday near Uruguayana, Rio Grande do Sol, Brazil, in which 4,000 Government troops and 6,000 insurgents were engaged. Conflicting reports have been sent out as to the results of the engagement. The slaughter was frightful."

The first essential to any business is good bodily health. Every young man can learn how to attain this condition by reading the "Science of Life." It costs only \$1, and is advertised in this paper.

IN LABOR'S FIELD.

Grand Trunk Freight Handlers Go Out on Strike.

"Hello" Girls Get Better Pay—Panhandle Switchmen Still Out—Bristol Dockers Go Back.

MONTREAL, May 7.—All the freight handlers at the G. T. R. depot to the number of about 100 went out on strike yesterday morning. They had petitioned the company for more pay, which was refused on the ground that the business did not warrant it. In consequence of the strike no goods at all are being handled to-day. The company asserts that it will have everything in working order to-morrow morning.

COLUMBIA, O., May 7.—The Panhandle switchmen's strike is unchanged to-day. The men are still out, and the company is bringing new men into the yards as fast as possible.

THEIR WAGES INCREASED.

DETROIT, May 7.—The telephone company has settled the grievance of the operators, granting them an increase of pay. The increase amounts to from \$2 to \$5 a month according to the wages the operators were receiving. No change was made in the working hours. This will not affect the intention of the girls to form a union.

BRISTOL, Eng., May 7.—The union dock laborers of this city, who struck May 4 against the employment of non-union laborers, have returned to work unconditionally.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 7.—The workmen of the Duquesne works of the Carnegie Steel Company confirm the report that a cut in wages has been made in certain departments of the works. All of the furnace men, numbering about 300, have received notice that a 20 per cent. reduction of present rates will take effect Monday.

BUFFALO, May 7.—Four Russian Poles, part of the immigrants from the German border districts who landed in Quebec from Hamburg on May 3, got into this country Friday afternoon via the International Bridge, but were stopped at the customs office on this side. Their certificates were examined and pronounced bogus and they were sent back to Canada.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The Cigarmakers' International Union issues union labels to members and manufacturers who employ union men only. For several weeks counterfeit union labels have been in circulation and were being used by cigarmakers and members of the union. A search of the printing office of Henry Lederer, at 181 East Broadway, was ordered, and when the officers went there on Friday they found counterfeit dies and plates and 3,000 counterfeit labels. Lederer was arrested and held for trial at special sessions.

At Cairo, Ill., Sunday, Peter Jackson, his wife and children were drowned yesterday by the capsizing of a skiff in Wabash River.

Johnstown, Pa., which was practically swept away by the floods three or four years ago, is now more prosperous than ever and has a population of 36,000.

The meteor which struck John Brown's statue at Osawatimie, Kas., recently is said to contain the metal helmet, one of the elements in the sun. This is the first known specimen of the metal on earth.

News has been received of the killing of Emory Taillefer, of River Beattie, Que., and Alex. White, of Wells, N. Y., by the breaking of a log jam at Eagle Falls on the Beaver River. Both were young men.

An American traveling in the Sahara recently wrote to one of the Chicago newspapers, saying he had found a bird's-eye view of the Columbian exposition hung up in an Arab tent on the edge of the desert.

A Fulton, Ark., dispatch says a cyclone swept over a section of country northeast of there last night between 8 and 9 o'clock. The forest trees in a swath three miles across were blown down and houses and barns were scattered. Loss of life is feared.

A group of educated and patriotic Russians, who are living temporarily in one of the cities of Western Europe, have sent a protest against the recently ratified Russo-American extradition treaty, which they wish to lay before the people of the United States before the treaty receives the President's signature.

OCEAN RACES.

The Campanian and the Paris Start Again—A Contest Over a 15,000 Mile Course.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The steamers Paris and Campanian started on their race across the ocean yesterday morning. Both vessels take out a large number of passengers. On the Paris are Lieutenant Governor Sherman and Mrs. Sherman, and Ignace Paderewski. The Paris was ahead at Fire Island.

NEW YORK, May 7.—A race to the Golden Gate was begun Friday morning by the American ship Florence, Capt. Duncan, and the British ship V. R. Grace & Co. It is about 15,000 miles by water to San Francisco, and the result of the race will be watched with interest by nautical men. The ships belong to rival lines—the Florence being owned by Suttin & Co. and the V. R. Grace & Co. by V. R. Grace & Co. In a former race between ships of these lines—the Jabez Howes and E. B. Sutton—the former won, making the trip in 107 days, beating the latter ten days.

HOPE VANISHED.

Carlisle Harris Bids His Friends Farewell—Fitzhume Also Doomed to Die.

SING SING, N. Y., May 7.—Carlisle Harris has said farewell to his friends and all that is dear on earth, and he now awaits the messenger of death, but he shows no signs of breaking down. He adheres to his sign of repeated declaration of innocence, and he has spent the best part of his last day on earth, not in communion with spiritual advisers, but with pen and ink and paper, reviewing the past and seeking to place himself right with the world he leaves.

Mrs. Harris took her last farewell of her boy yesterday afternoon. The scene was one of the saddest that has ever been witnessed within the grim walls, where all is sadness. This afternoon Charles L. Harris, the father, accompanied by young Allan Harris, went to the prison, when father and son met for the first time in

TOLU, TAR AND TAMARACK

Will Cure Coughs,
Will Cure Croup,
Will Cure Cold,
Will Cure Asthma,
Will Cure Bronchitis,
Will Cure All Affections of the Throat and Lungs.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS
PRICE 25 CENTS.

years. Mr. and Mrs. Harris have been separated and have lived apart for some time. It was a sad reunion. Mr. Harris talked with Carlisle less than half an hour. Then the father took the train to his home in Syracuse, leaving Mrs. Harris and Allan to wait here until all is over. All the preparations have been made for to-morrow. The execution will take place about noon.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 7.—Gov. Flower has refused to interfere in the application for clemency in behalf of John Fitzhume, the convicted Buffalo murderer, who is sentenced to be electrocuted at Auburn prison this week.

MIDDLESEX ASSIZES.

Civil Cases Continued Before Judge Street.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

The case of Gilders vs. Tiffany was then taken up. In July of last year John Tiffany had Edward Gilders arrested on a charge of shooting his dog. The latter now sues the former for \$1,000 damages for malicious prosecution.

At the close of the evidence for the plaintiff the judge non-suited him.

O'Mally vs. Dykes is an action to establish a will. In this case J. M. Dykes, of Orangeville, disputes the validity of his father's will. The action was brought by the executors to establish the will. The case was postponed until next assizes on account of the heirs, who would be entitled to the property, were the will set aside, not having been joined as parties to the suit.

Judgment was given in the case of Hyslop vs. Flynn. The tenant, Hyslop, sued Flynn for \$1,500 damages for alleged want of fencing and tiles and for illegal distress. Action dismissed, with costs to be paid by plaintiff.

Atkinson vs. Atkinson—On the application of Wm. J. Clarke, counsel for Mrs. Atkinson, this case was ordered to stand over to the fall assizes on the representation that George M. Atkinson has not paid the interim alimony and interim costs. J. Magee, C. C., for defendant.

Court adjourned until 9 a.m. Monday.

MONDAY MORNING.

The road-mill of justice was set moving again at the Assize Court this morning. Kelly vs. McLellan was an action for ejectment. It was dismissed without costs.

Richard Neagle was formerly a commercial traveler for Greenleaf & Co., of Montreal. Some time ago he was dismissed. Not only was this done, claims the plaintiff, before the expiry of his contract, but there was no reason assigned for the course pursued. He now brings an action against the Montreal firm for \$200 due him on account of wages.

The defendants claim that Neagle settled with them for \$100. The judge upheld this view of the case, and the action was consequently dismissed.

Several Notices to All Persons Hiring Drays.

Several reasons why all persons in want of first-class single or double drays for any purpose, and are particular who they are employing, should have their orders or checks with us. First, we have better facilities than any person who in the city to do justice to all orders entrusted to us, also to do any class of work that the public may require done, and at reasonable rates, having five drays and a number of reliable drivers. Second, each and every one of our drays are distinctly named and numbered on both sides, also the street and number of our office, so that any person employing any of our drays need have no fear of anything going astray, as we are known to be reliable by hundreds of references from our customers, who are the leading people in the city. Our office is in a very central and convenient locality. Ladies and all

AMUSEMENTS, ETC.

Not less than 15 words. 2c. Per word.

"PRESS REFORM" LECTURE BY DR. Lella Davis, of Toronto, at the regular meeting of N. C. T. U. Tuesday, 9th. 60a.

WRITE THE LONDON ENTERTAINMENT BUREAU for terms and information whenever you intend getting up an entertainment.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY—LAST term of season commences Monday, Feb. 25. Classes as follows: Gentlemen, Mondays at 8; ladies and children, Saturdays at 2 o'clock. Advanced class for ladies and gentlemen, Thursdays at 8 o'clock. Beginners can commence any time in the primary classes. DAYTON & MCCORMICK, members of N. A. of D. Academy, 478 Richmond street. Residence, 241 Oxford street.

MEETINGS.

Not less than 15 words. 1c. Per word.

ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE—A meeting to arrange for the formation of a council will be held tonight in Wellington Street Church at 8.45. Everybody welcome. JOHN HOILE, D.S.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a special general meeting of the N. O. of the Christian Association of London will be held at the "Y" rooms, 276 Dundas street, in the city of London, on Friday, the 12th day of May, at the hour of 8 o'clock in the afternoon, to provide for the raising of a certain sum of money on the security of a mortgage from the property known as the Women's Refuge and being composed of parts of lots Nos. 2 and 3 on the east side of George street in the city of London. By order M. PATULLO, secretary.

KITCHEN-GARDEN EXERCISES—IN the "Y" rooms, 276 Dundas street, Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Public cordially invited. Collection.

MCCARTHY RECEPTION COMMITTEE will meet in room 8, Dufrin Block, Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Public cordially invited. McCarthy supporters invited to attend. 6c

ROMAN CATHOLIC SEPARATE SCHOOLS—trustee nominations—A meeting of the trustees of the Roman Catholic separate schools of London, Ont., will be held at St. Peter's school house, Park avenue, on Tuesday, May 9, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of nominating a fit and proper person for school trustee for No. 5 Ward in the city of London. By order M. PATULLO, secretary.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE—THE ANNUAL meeting will take place in the reading-room, on Monday evening, 8th inst., at 8 o'clock. All members are invited to attend.

DOMESTICS WANTED. One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for fifteen words.

CHAMBERMAID WANTED—THOMPSON House, King street.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT—References required. Mrs. GEO. HOWE, 488 Elizabeth street.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT—References required. Apply Mrs. R. A. LITTLE, 21 Princess avenue.

HOUSEMAID WANTED—84 RICHMOND street, London.

WANTED—AT MRS. ANDERSON'S, 451 Ridout street, a good plain cook. 50c

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AGENTS WANTED—GOOD LINES—APPLY S. FUGG, 436 Richmond street.

BIG MONEY FOR AGENTS. NO RISK. No capital required. An honorable and profitable business without any risk or chance of loss. Satisfactory employment and control of territory. Have done business in Canada 35 years. Liberal pay to all agents. To sell our unexcelled nursery stock. Send for terms. CHAS. BROTHERS COMPANY, nurserymen, Colborne, Ont.

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WANTED—FIRST-CLASS UPHOLSTERER. ER, steady wages will be paid; as partner, with \$500 to \$1,000, to join advertiser with equal amount; good town; no opposition; splendid chance to do a retail and wholesale trade. Investigate this. UPHOLSTERER, box 40, ADVERTISER office.

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER. For wholesale business must be good penman, quick and accurate at figures. Address Box 82, this office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—AN EXPERIENCED coachman and a large number of girls to fill some of the best situations in private families and hotels in the city. at OSBORNE'S Intelligence office, 58 Dundas street.

EVERYBODY READS THE WANT column of the ADVERTISER. 20 cents for three insertions for fifteen words.

FEMALE HELP WANTED One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for fifteen words.

WANTED—BUNCH BREAKERS and collars. Apply S. H. MANSON, cigar factory.

VETERINARY SURGEONS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

C. S. TAILOR, VETERINARY SURGEON Office 32 Talbot street, Telephone 368. Oxford street. Telephone No. 863 and 768.

J. H. TENNETT—VETERINARY SURGEON—Office, King street, opposite Barker House, residence, corner King and Wellington. Telephone.

J. H. WILSON & SON—OFFICE, 90 KING street, London; residence, 846 Richmond street, Telephone.

ARTISTS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

H. M. WAY—ARTIST—PAINTINGS sold and lessons given. Classes Tuesdays and Saturdays. Terms moderate. 253 Dundas street.

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Not less than 15 words. 1c. Per word.

FOR SALE—NINETEEN REMINGTON typewriters at from \$40 to \$60. Calligraphs at \$35. These machines do good work. See them before purchasing. WM. C. COO, 76 Dundas street, London.

HORSE FOR SALE—HEAVY DRAFT, 5 years old, sound and good worker. Apply 161 Wellington street.

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PAMPHLET WORK OF EVERY DE-SCRIPTION, clean and quick, at ADVERTISER Job Department.

SHIPPING TAGS AT BOTTOM PRICES—ADVERTISER Job Department.

YOU MAKE THE SALE EVERY TIME, and the cost is only 1 cent a word under this heading.

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TO LET—HOUSES. These adlets pay. 1c. Per word.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET—DOUBLE parlors and bedrooms; also use of kitchen. Apply 207 Central avenue. 6c

TO LET—DETACHED BRICK HOUSE—29 Picton street, within five minutes' walk of postoffice; furnace, bath, etc. Inquire FRANK & L. ASHLEY, 410 Dundas street.

TO RENT—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, the premises formerly occupied by the London Life Insurance Company in the Market Lane Building, suitable for a store, office or several offices. Apply to WILLIAM F. BULLOCK.

TO LET—NEXT DOOR TO CITY POST OFFICE, Abion buildings, Richmond street, most desirable premises with plate glass front. Suitable for office or store. To be fitted up for office; good cellar. Apply T. H. CARLING.

TO RENT—HIVERVIEW AVENUE, South London, the residence and grounds at present occupied by George H. Walker; modern conveniences, furnace, etc.; grounds comprise about three acres; large garden; good pasture, two barns, bowling alley, boat house, etc.; rent \$25 per month, possession May 1st desired. Apply to T. H. CARLING, 181 Kent street.

TO LET—126 KENT STREET—ALL modern conveniences; immediate possession. Apply G. C. GUNN, barrister, Bank Commercial Building.

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TO RENT—MOST DESIRABLE PREMISES, in Abion Block, next door to post office, with plate glass front; suitable for store or bank; also good offices upstairs. Apply to T. H. CARLING or JOHN M. MOORE, architect.

"TO LET," "ROOMS TO LET," "HOUSE TO LET" and "For Sale" cards under this heading at ADVERTISER office.

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TWO BRICK COTTAGES FOR SALE—Best location South London; large lot; fruit trees; Wootley road, near Presbyterian church. Apply to J. P. McKENZIE, 111, Ross, 70 Colborne.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—TO WIND UP estate; the Waddell homestead, No. 522 Ridout street, London; large brick house, and stable; 18 acres of land. MACHETT & MACPHERSON.

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WANTED—SECOND-HAND SAFETY bicycle. Apply 154 Maple street, after 6 p.m.

MARRIAGE LICENSES. Advertisement under this head a cent a word.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED at 64 Stanley street, South London. WM. H. WATSON.

MARRIAGE LICENSES MAY BE OBTAINED at South's drug store and at residence, northeast corner Dundas and Wellington streets, London. No witnesses required.

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MEDICAL CARDS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

J. GARDINER, M.D., L.R.C.P., LONDON—Eng. of co and residence, corner Willam and Dundas streets. Careful attention paid to all cases of skin diseases.

DR. GRAHAM—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—616 Richmond street. Special attention to the lungs and diseases of children.

DR. ALISON JAMES HAS REMOVED to 184 1/2 Wellington street, corner Dufferin avenue.

DR. BURKHOLDER—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 491 Richmond street. Telephone 333.

DR. KELLS HAS RETURNED and will be in his office as usual from 10 to 2.

DR. WILSON—QUEEN'S AVENUE—Second door from Wellington street. Special attention paid to diseases of women.

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DR. BUTLER, O.P.P.S.T.F. ANDREWS Church. Only special work in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. MEER, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LON-Don, Speciality, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 12 p.m.

DR. FRASER & TEASDALE—125 YORK street, corner Talbot, J. W. FRASER, M.D., J. TEASDALE.

DR. GEORGE H. WILSON, YORK street, near Talbot, Speciality, nose, throat and lungs.

DR. MACARTHUR, B.A., 438 DUNDAS street, Speciality, children and women.

CL. F. CAMPBELL, M.D., M.C.P.S.—Office and residence, 237 Queen's avenue, London. Office hours, 8 to 9 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m. and 6 to 7 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

DR. ENGLISH—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 63 Dundas street. Telephone 333.

DR. MACGREGOR—OFFICE—706 RICHMOND street. Telephone 914.

DR. FERGUSON, CORONER, SOUTH London. Office hours, 8 to 10 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m. and 6 to 8 p.m. Telephone.

DR. MACLAREN, CORONER, CORNER Park and Queen's avenues. Telephone 563.

DR. WOODRUFF, EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. Hours, 12 to 4. No. 183 Queen's avenue.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

One time, 15c.; three times, 30c., for fifteen words.

WANTED BY ENGLISH LADY—SITUATION as companion to elderly lady or invalid, or as nursery governess. Is willing to do any and generally useful. Address "H. H." ADVERTISER office.

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Not less than 15 words. 1c. Per word.

FOR SALE—GOOD BLACKSMITH BUSI-ness in Huron county; property in good repair; fine farming district. Address D. C. Wilson, 361 Richmond street, London. 60a

LEGAL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

JAS. MAGEE, Q.C., JAS. R. MCKILLIP & Thomas J. Murphy—Barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc., offices corner Richmond and Dundas streets, London.

PARK & FUDMON—BARRISTERS—Offices opposite City Hall, Richmond street, R. JONES PARK, Q.C., T. H. FUDMON, Q.C., T. PARKER, ALEXANDER FUDMON.

P. McVILLIPS—BARRISTER—MONEY to loan. 16 Dundas street, London.

T. W. SCANDRETT—BARRISTER, SO-LICITOR, etc., 18 Dundas street west, London. Money to loan.

ALBERT O. JEFFERY, LL.B., D.C.L.—Solicitor, notary public, 401 Bankers' Ontario Loan Building (opposite Market Lane), London.

W. H. PARTRAM—BARRISTER—Money to loan on real estate at low rates. Office: 59 Dundas street west, London.

LOVE & DIGNAN—BARRISTERS, ETC.—418 Talbot street, London. FRANK LOVE, H. DIGNAN.

GIBBONS, McNAB & MULKERN—BARRISTERS, ETC., London. Office, corner Richmond and Carling streets. GEORGE GIBBONS, McNAB, P. MULKERN.

STUART & STUART, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries, etc., Offices, 414 Talbot street, London. GEORGE STUART, ALEX. STUART, EDWARD STUART.

A. GREENLEES, B.A., BARRISTER, etc., Canadian Loan Company Building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 134 DEAR-BORN street, Chicago, Ill., 28 years experience; secretary of several clubs in several cities; Goodrich on divorce with laws of all States, in press.

T. H. LUSCOMBE—BARRISTER, SO-LICITOR, etc., 169 Dundas street, near Richmond.

T. H. O'NEILL—SOLICITOR, CONVEY-ANCER, etc., 60c, 58 Dundas street, Money to loan.

K. O. LALAN WELLES, BARRISTER, etc., 414 Talbot street, London. FRANK K. O. LALAN WELLES.

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W. M. J. CLARKE—BARRISTER, SO-LICITOR, notary, etc., 169 Dundas street (near Richmond), London.

BUSINESS CARDS. Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

A. G. PARISIS NEW STORE YOU find a good assortment of furniture and stores. 1212 Bloor street. Call before buying and price. Old furniture wanted for rent. 357 Talbot street, South King.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS. The city council to return the rolls of 1892 to the city treasurer on the 1st of June, 1893. It is therefore necessary that the Taxes of 1893 be paid by the 1st of June.

15TH OF MAY, 1893. After further notice for the collection of all taxes found unpaid on the rolls. We urge on all citizens who have not yet paid to call and settle up at once as we have no desire to put any one to trouble.

DANIEL LESTER, Collectors. J. K. CLARKE, 601 Kentz London, May 6, 1893.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION on Wednesday, May 17, 1893, at 2:30 p.m., the stock of F. W. Long & Co. of St. Mary's, consisting of: General drygoods.....\$12,000.00 Hats, caps and hosiery.....3,175.00 Clothing.....1,400.00 Millinery.....475.00 Shop furniture.....246.00 Total.....\$17,296.00

Best Lehigh and Scranton Coal—\$7.00 Bernice.....6.50 Chestnut Coke.....6.00

GEORGE T. MANN, Office—405 Clarence Street.

YARD—CORNER YORK AND BURWELL STREETS. ext

TARE

INSURANCE. Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

INSURE IN THE PHOENIX INSURANCE Company, Hartford, Conn. Cash capital \$3,000,000. Assets \$5,070,567.00. EDWARD TOWNE, agent. Office over Bank of Commerce, London. Telephone 607.

ROYAL CANADIAN AND ALLIANCE Assurance Companies—G. W. DANKS, agent for London and vicinity. Office, opposite City Hall, upstairs.

GOLD CURE SANITARIUM. ALCOHOL AND MORPHINE HABITS cured rapidly at Lake Huron Sanitarium (gold cure). Oakville. Treatment invariably successful; luxurious accommodations; picturesque surroundings. Address the medical superintendent, Oakville, or office No. 1, Dufferin block, London, for full particulars.

ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES. It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) must be handed in on the day previous to that on which their appearance is desired.



A Pleasant Reflection.

—the fact that easy washing has been made safe. Until Pearlina came, it was dangerous as it takes away the danger as it takes away the work. There is no scouring and scrubbing, to wear things out; there is no trouble in keeping things clean. Pearlina is better than soap. With soap, you need hard work; for easy work, you need Pearlina.

Beware

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearlina." IT'S FALSE—Pearlina is never peddled, and if you grocer sends you something in place of Pearlina, be the honest thing—ask for it. 200 JAMES FYLE, N.Y.

DENTAL CARDS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

D. R. GEO. C. DAVIS, DENTIST WILL have removed to his new office, 399 Richmond street.

REMOVAL—PAWETT, THE DENTIST, has removed to his new office, 399 Richmond street.

S. WOOLVERTON—SURGEON DENTIST, 216 Dundas street, entrance, second floor of Clarence, next to Eddy Bros., opposite London, Ont. Telephone 822.

L. MACDONALD—DENTIST—REMOVED his office to Union Block, over Gurd's shoe store, 181 Dundas street. Utilized air used for the realness extraction of teeth.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION. Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

M. J. W. FETTERSON, ORGANIST and Piano Tuner, 181 Dundas street, given at pupils' residence; also at 383 Colborne street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word.

\$50,000 PRIVATE FUNDS TO LEND at 5 and 6 per cent, on terms to suit borrower. D. H. TENNETT, barrister, 75 Dundas street, London.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

TUESDAY, MAY 9.

The Woodstock Amateur Opera Co.—IX—

The : Gondoliers, Or "The King of Barataria." (By permission of R. D'Oyly Carte).

Gilbert & Sullivan's masterpiece. Chorus of forty voices.

Prices—Circle, \$1; parquette, 75c; balcony, 50c; gallery, 25c. Plan now open. 60c

CITY TAXES, 1892. Special Notice to Ratepayers.

THE COLLECTORS of taxes are notified by the city council to return the rolls of 1892 to the city treasurer on the 1st of June, 1893. It is therefore necessary that the Taxes of 1893 be paid by the 1st of June.

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Best Lehigh and Scranton Coal—\$7.00 Bernice.....6.50 Chestnut Coke.....6.00

GEORGE T. MANN, Office—405 Clarence Street

The Advertiser

Founded by John Cameron in 1863.

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Morning Edition, \$3 per annum; Evening Edition, 10c per week, delivered.

THE WESTERN ADVERTISER.

(OUR WEEKLY EDITION.)

By mail, per annum, ... \$1 00

JOHN CAMERON, President and Manager.

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Made known on application at office. Address all communications to

ADVERTISER PRINTING CO., LONDON, - CANADA.

God's in His heaven,
 All's right with the world.

—[BROWNING.]

London, Monday, May 8.

A Week's Cables.

The chief topic for gossip in Great Britain during the last few days has been the betrothal of Princess May to the Duke of York, eldest surviving son of the Prince of Wales. It comes with little delay, considering the time that has elapsed since the first lover of the princess, the duke's brother, died. Discussing this topic, a special cablegram comments in this way:

"It is a pity that the announcement of the betrothal of the Duke of York and Princess May could not have been made under happier circumstances. It appeared to be forced by the false report which got into print on the previous day to the effect that the young prince had been secretly married to the daughter of an English officer at Malta. There have been indications, if the court gossip counts for anything, that the prince has long had a most sincere admiration for this charming daughter of one of the Queen's defenders. It is affirmed that the Prince of Wales felt it necessary to interfere in order to prevent this attachment becoming so strong as to disappoint the matchmaking desires of the royal family and the whole nation. This episode threatens to spoil the royal romance, for there has been universal popular delight over the rare coincidence that a marriage most desirable for reasons of State appeared to be also a genuine love match.

"Another shadow is thrown over the felicitous occasion by busy rumors regarding the recent relations existing between the Prince and Princess of Wales. When the Mediterranean trip of the Prince of Wales' family was first projected it was announced that the prince would be of the party. The princess and the children finally went without him. The Duke of York has returned, but the princess continues to linger in Greece and other southern resorts, and nothing is yet made known about her plans for the season. It is to be regretted that gossip has dragged in the name of a lady well known in society as the cause of the alleged estrangement between the prince and princess. The rumors will probably soon be set at rest by the announcement of the immediate return of the princess and her daughters to join in the festivities attending the Duke of York's betrothal. That those festivities, culminating in a magnificent midsummer wedding, will be the gayest London has seen for many years is already assured."

The Queen's Announcement.
 It is interesting to note the form adopted by the Queen in announcing the forthcoming marriage of the Duke of York and Princess May. Her Majesty stands in the relation of parent towards all members of the royal family in matrimonial matters, but still the official report says: "She received the news of the betrothal" and gave her consent to it as an accomplished fact.

This is quite in accordance with the spirit of the age. In former days a daughter's hand, especially if she were a royal princess, was sought through her parents. Nowadays the young folks settle things between themselves, announce their decision, and it is the business of parents merely to consent.

There is overmuch talk about Princess May being purely English and purely British. As a matter of fact, as everybody knows, she is almost purely German, with a German name and close German ancestry. She is in every-day life very nice to look at, although she seems to be quite the 26 years that are hers.

The provision made some four years ago by Parliament for the Prince of Wales's family relieves the public of the necessity of voting an allowance to young couple. Under that arrangement the prince got a lump sum of \$1,000,000 and an annual allowance of \$150,000 on condition that no further application should be made to Parliament either for his sons or daughters on their marriage. The Princess May has not a cent in her own right. It is expected that the prince will settle \$30,000 a year on the duke, who will also get a residence in St. James' Palace, and probably a loan of one of the Queen's country houses.

The Poet's Felicitations.

These 26 years lend an unusual interest to the verse Alfred Austin has composed in her honor, however. Austin is one of the English poets who, it is whispered, might be induced to accept the vacant laureateship if sufficient pressure were brought to bear upon him. Here is the first stanza:

Lift up your gaze from the ground,
 Maiden, mourning too long;
 Lift up your heart at sound,
 The sound of a bridal song.
 And the new year bringing a living lover,
 To banish the old year's wrong.

The Dresses of To-Day.

Society has been waiting with the greatest impatience for the Queen's formal approval of her grandson's betrothal in order to plunge into the merriest, maddest rout of gossamer it has ever enjoyed. The engagement had, in vulgar phrase, been

discounted in high social circles for several weeks, so that the preparations in expectation of it are well advanced. The West End fashionable shops and court dress-makers have been enjoying their long-delayed harvest.

It should be said, by the way, that these same shopkeepers and dressmakers are taking terrible revenge on their victims for the delay. They are clothing them in the most hideous apparel that has disgraced the female frame during the present generation. Let Canadian women take warning. The necessity for a rigid quarantine against European fashions this year is greater than for that against cholera.

The Wedding Expected in July.

The wedding is expected to take place in July, after the Queen's return from Balmoral, and it will be a semi-state function at Windsor.

The Princess May, who had made a number of public engagements to open schools, bazaars and so forth, has canceled them all. She will enjoy her first appearance since the engagement at the drawing-room Tuesday.

Girl Smokers.

The spread of the cigarette habit among young women is starting an interesting controversy. Thus "an indignant English mother" writes to the newspapers this week complaining that when walking in Regent Park with her daughters she came upon a party of two young men and two young women all smoking cigarettes. Worse still, she says the young women seemed to enjoy it. "I hurried my daughters away as quickly as I could, but one never knows what the effect of example may be, for I have just heard that the eldest of them tried to borrow a cigarette from her brother. Can nothing be done to put a stop to this shocking habit, at least in the parks, where everybody can see it? Surely the keepers have power to arrest any woman smoking cigarettes. If not, respectable ladies with daughters will be compelled to take their walks in the cemeteries, where smoking is prohibited."

Very Clever, Very Funny.

The new comic opera by J. M. Barrie and Conan Doyle is to be produced at the Savoy next week. It is said to be very clever and very funny.

No More Red Tape.

The London Times, which prides itself on exactitude in diplomatic matters, and other newspapers, said that the Queen sent the state carriage to convey Mr. Lincoln to the station and again to Windsor castle, when he went to present his letters of recall on Thursday. This is not true. Mr. Waddington, the French ambassador, went to Windsor on the same train with Mr. Lincoln for the same purpose. The royal carriage took the representative of France in state from his London residence to the station, and a similar vehicle from Windsor station to the castle. Mr. Lincoln drove to the station in an ordinary hansom and to the castle in one of the Queen's private carriages. This is the last distinction which will be made between the treatment of the United States representative and that of diplomats of the great European powers. It is a relic of the old custom which bestows on ambassadors courtesies not accorded to Ministers. Mr. Bayard next month will be carried, like Windsor in a gorgeous state carriage, and he will probably take precedence in the diplomatic order of the French ambassador, who has not yet been named.

Cholera's Resistless March.

The cholera keeps marching on towards Paris, slowly and deliberately, but without halting. The Department of Finistère is admitted by the French to be infected, and every day brings reports of new cases in outlying towns and villages. In Russia the plague has assumed a more virulent type, while in Austria it is said to be subsiding. The International Medical Congress, which was to have met Sept. 24, has been postponed indefinitely because of the cholera. The official reason given is that so many doctors will be engaged about that time with the disease that they cannot attend the congress. The change itself speaks more loudly than reports and statistics as to the attitude of those who know.

The Remarkable Weather.

It would not be fair to forget to mention the weather in the weekly record of unusual occurrences. Again the skies have been as blue as in Canada at midsummer, and the heat is almost that of August here. To-day makes the 63rd day without real rain.

Can This be True?

The dedication of the Imperial Institute on next Wednesday is of interest chiefly because it will mark the last public appearance of Queen Victoria. It is semi-officially given out that her Majesty will never again take part in a great public function. All London, therefore, will go to this show, and millions of her subjects will pay homage when the royal chariot passes through the streets.

A Tempest in a Teapot.

Trifling causes sometimes overthrow French Cabinets, but nothing ever matched the ministerial crisis in British South Africa. This week Premier Rhodes and his associates resigned because of the opposition to the selection of the officer in the stations on the railroad, which the State controls. The privilege was granted without compensation. A scandal followed. The majority of the Cabinet voted to cancel the concession. The beneficiary summoned the Government before the Supreme Court and claimed \$250,000. The Premier resigned in disgust and has now formed a new Cabinet.

Peace or War.

The crisis in Norway has reached a point where the issue seems to be one simply of peace or war. The opposition to the new Ministry has become so aggressive that a resort to arms seems almost inevitable. The offers of concession from the Government have been scornfully rejected. The honest leader of the opposition majority has met the Ministerial declaration with a resolution declaring that the formation of the new Cabinet brings due to non-Norwegian influences it lacked the prestige and authority indispensable to the conduct of public affairs. This amounts to a vote of censure not only on the ministry, but on the crown itself. Sweden is becoming more and more exasperated, and a violent collision seems not far distant.

What Shall It Be?

Turning the gaze upon Germany, one sees the greatest constitutional struggle that the new German Empire has yet known coming to an end. For more than five months Kaiser and people have fought over the Army Bill with an obstinacy that marks the birth throes of a new epoch. Germany is in travail with constitutional government and the cause is the same as always. During twenty years France and Germany have passed and repassed each other in the race for military superiority. At each point in the contest the weights they have carried have grown heavier and now bound under the double burden of service and taxes,

Germany has lain down in the middle of the path and refuses to budge one inch more. The most docile taxpayer, the most pliable subject of Europe, has revolted and militancy all over the continent will reel from the shock. Only once before has the Reichstag flatly defied the Government, and that was on just this question of the increase of the army. That was many years back, in Bismarck's days—his first and his last defeat. The new regime was broken down and the only resort was the dissolution of the Reichstag. What will come afterwards no man can say, but the new elections promise no help to the Kaiser. Then either the Kaiser or the constitution must give way.

Representation of Minorities.

The struggle for a popular Government in Belgium is by no means ended. The Chambers have completed the revision of only one portion of the constitution. The proposed representation of minorities will not cause agitation. The project for dividing the Senate into groups representing various interests, such as industry, science, art, etc., is also attracting much attention. When these points have been disposed of the general election will follow. Then will begin a fresh agitation for universal suffrage, pure and simple.

A Princess Sculptor.

The Queen is to unveil this week in Kensington Gardens the statue of herself by her daughter, Princess Louise, the cost of which has been defrayed by local subscriptions. The Princess Louise, who is a sculptor of considerable merit, received \$500 for the work, and insisted on the same terms as a professional artist would have demanded, viz., \$100 down on accepting the commission, \$200 when the work was half done, and \$200 on its completion. The Princess is popular, so that no one grudges her the money, except perhaps some struggling sculptor who might have obtained the job had not a Princess been competitor.

Danger from Petroleum.

English insurance corporations have under consideration the desirableness of increasing the rates on vessels carrying crude petroleum in barrels or of insisting upon special regulations for cleansing ships laden with what is now declared to be one of the most dangerous of all cargoes. A steamer which recently discharged at Newport crude petroleum in barrels, was afterward found to have a considerable quantity of oil in the engine room well, in the timbers, and in the gutters. The vessel was then placed in a dry dock, and the plugs in the bottom having been removed, a considerable quantity of crude oil flowed out. This steamer loaded at Philadelphia with nearly a dozen others, and it is probable that special inquiries will be made at that port. The matter will not be allowed to drop as it is believed a new and very serious source of danger to ships has been discovered. An explosion recently occurred aboard a steamer which several weeks previously had discharged a cargo of crude oil in barrels, although the vessel had been thoroughly washed out with sea water two or three times.

The Great Question.

The principle news regarding the bill for conceding self-government to Ireland this week shows that great progress has been made in the support of Mr. Gladstone's scheme. Belfast has quieted down, the city of Derry has subscribed \$1,000 to the home rule fund, and other Ulster towns are following the lead. It is significant of the real underlying feeling in Ireland that there has been a steady rise in almost every kind of Irish security since the second reading of the Home Rule Bill. This is the very opposite of what the Unionists predicted. The temporary fall in banking and railway stocks a month back gave Mr. Gladstone's opponents a very strong argument for platform and parliamentary use. The rostrums of Toryism rang with denunciations of the policy which was bringing ruin upon the main interests of the Irish commercial classes. The whole thing was a movement of bears. These enterprising gentlemen have made big hauls out of the well-organized political scare, and the argumentative tables have been completely turned against the Tories.

Cheap Traveling.

DENVER, Col., May 8.—The Santa Fe Railway Company, to bring the present rate war to a conclusion as soon as possible, has announced a 25 cent rate to all Colorado common points. The Rio Grande will undoubtedly meet this if it can be done. Passengers can go 300 miles for 25 cents if they desire.

Short Breath Chest Pains

Palpitation, weak and sore lungs, pleurisy, coughs, colds, asthma and bronchitis relieved in One Minute by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER, the first and only instantaneous pain-killing, strengthening plaster. For weak, painful kidneys, back ache, uterine pains and weakness it is simply wonderful. It soothes the nervous forces, and hence is unrivaled for nervous pains, weakness, numbness, and paralysis. Beyond question the surest, safest, sweetest and best plaster in the world.

Price: 30c five, \$1.25. At all druggists or by mail. PUTNEY DRUG AND CHEM. CO., N.Y.

CAFFAROMA

The finest pure ground Coffee in the world, sold in tins only. If you cannot get it at your nearest grocer send postal card direct to ACME MILLS Montreal, who will mail immediately free trial sample to the address given.

Complete Manhood

AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.
 A Medical Work that Tells the Causes, Describes the Effects, Points the Remedy.

Scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful medical book ever published. 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tint. Subjects treated:—

Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every man who would know the Grand Truths of the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Marriage, Life, who would secure for his posterity a safe and sound future, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. Address the publishers, ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

"German Syrup"

Here is an incident from the South—Mississippi, written in April, 1890, just after the Grippe had visited that country. "I am a farmer, one of those who have to rise early and work late. At the beginning of last Winter I was on a trip to the City of Vicksburg, Miss., where I got well drenched in a shower of rain. I went home and was soon afterwards seized with a dry, hacking cough. This grew worse every day, until I had to seek relief. I consulted Dr. Dixon who has since died, and he told me to get a bottle of Boschee's German Syrup. Meantime my cough grew worse and worse and then the Grippe came along and I caught that also very severely. My condition then compelled me to do something. I got two bottles of German Syrup. I began using them, and before taking much of the second bottle, I was entirely clear of the Cough that had hung to me so long, the Grippe, and all its bad effects. I felt tip-top and have felt that way ever since." PETER J. BRIALS, Jr., Cayuga, Hines Co., Miss.



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called LANE'S MEDICINE.

All druggists sell it for five and ten cent packages. Buy one today. Lane's Family Medicine purges the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary.

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES

This wonderful discovery is the best known remedy for Biliousness and all Stomach and Liver Troubles, such as Constipation, Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Impure Blood, etc. These Lozenges are pleasant and harmless, and though powerful to promote a healthy action of the bowels, do not weaken like pills.

If your tongue is coated you need them.

25 CENTS A BOX.

AT ALL DRUG STORES.

WITH the advent of spring comes the rain and sleet, and inclement weather generally. Then comes the antidote—

Currie's Coats.

Double Texture Perfect Proofed Scotch Tweed. They cannot get soaked through like the so called proofed cloth coats which after one wetting and drying shrink all out of shape.

Then CURRIE'S WATERPROOFS cost only half the price of these chemically-proofed garments.

Geo. N. Kernehan. Robt. J. Webster Lumber, Shingles, Cedar Posts, Lath, etc. LARGE STOCK TO SELECT FROM.

KERNOHAN & WEBSTER Corner Hamilton Road and Maitland Street. PHONE 486.

JOHN ILLICUSON & SONS Funeral Directors and Embalmers. First-class in all appointments. Telephone—House, No. 373; Store, No. 543.

Binder Twine FOR 1893.

Prices Ready, Get Our Prices, See Our Samples.

Hobbs Hardware Co. London, Ont.

CHAPMAN'S

Ready-Made Clothing

Suits for the Wee Ones

Blue Serge Suits \$1 and \$1 25.
 Children's Tweed Suits \$1 50, \$2 and \$2 50.
 Special line Children's Tweed Suits, imported, German manufacture, \$2 50, \$3, \$3 50, \$4 and \$5. The fit is perfect; quality more than a match for the price.
 Children's Blue Jersey Suits, \$2 25, \$2 50, \$2 75, \$3, \$3 50 and \$4. This is a beautiful little suit; only a few left.

Boys' Three-Piece Suits.
 Neat patterns and serviceable at \$3 25, \$3 75, \$4 50, \$5. We guarantee the value the best the money can buy.

Young Men's Suits.
 We commence at \$2 95. This is a serviceable line for young men from 12 to 16 years. Better ones at \$5, \$6, \$7 and \$8. The value in every instance is special.

Men's Tweed Suits
 \$5, \$7 50, \$10, \$12.

Men's Black Worsted Coats & Vests
 \$7 50, \$8 50, \$10, \$12.

Your privilege to examine our values. The best for the money is what you want.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR GREAT WHITE SHIRT (UNLAUNDERED)

AT 49c. AT 49c.

Hundreds Sold. See Them.

CHAPMAN'S 126 and 128 Dundas Street, LONDON.

Mrs. Sarah Muir
Of Minneapolis.

For Women

Hood's Sarsaparilla is Especially
Adapted to Cure Difficulties
Peculiar to the Sex

The restoring and invigorating properties of Hood's Sarsaparilla, combined with its power to vitalize and enrich the blood, render it peculiarly adapted for all troubles peculiar to women—such as irregularities of the menstrual system, loss of vitality, or debility caused by change of season, climate or life. Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished very gratifying results in many cases. Read the following:

Female Weakness

and tried many remedies and physicians, to no good purpose. One day I read one of the Hood's Sarsaparilla books, and thought I would try a bottle of the medicine. It made so great a difference in my condition that I took three bottles more and found myself perfectly well. I have also given

Hood's Sarsaparilla

to the children, and find that it keeps them in good health. I am willing that this shall be used for the benefit of others. MRS. SARAH MUIR, 308 10th av., So. Minneapolis, Minn.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

British Blue Jackets Win.

Lively Sport in New York Harbor.

British Tars Win Two of the International Boat Races.

Two Football Matches at Detroit—Turf Gossip and Various Other Sporting Items.

AQUATIC.

INTERNATIONAL BOAT RACES.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Yesterday was a great day for Great Britain. Her tars carried off the honors, winning two of the three international boat races in the Hudson and coming in a good second in the other race, which was captured by the Russians. Picked crews from all the world were out in cutters, whale boats, galleys and dingys, and they made as pretty a series of races as has ever been rowed in the Hudson. The first race was for ten and twelve-oared cutters, double-banked—that is, two masts, rowing abreast and was won by the British tars. There were sixteen boats in line. The first two miles of the race were closely contested. When the crews reached the Blake and it was seen that the British boat led there was cheering and clapping of hands that could be heard a mile away. The Italians alone stayed with them, and a second Italian cutter and the German boat pressed them closely. The Englishmen pulled like automotons. There were twelve oarsmen and a coxswain in each of the leading boats. The crew from the British ship Australia won in 25 minutes and 50 seconds. The crew from the Italian flag ship Etna was second, with the Italian crew from the Bausan next. The ten-oared cutter of the Maglietta, which came in fourth, got third prize by time allowance. Excitement had not abated when the galleys and the whale boats of the second race were discovered coming down the course. The Russians led by a short boat's length; two British boats came next, and just back of them were the Germans, the Brazilians and the French with six boats in a bunch in the rear. The crew from the Russian ship General Admiral won in 20:40. The crews of the Blake and Australia were almost side by side two boat lengths in the rear of the Russians.

In the third race, which was only two miles, three British boats led all the way, with first one or the other of them ahead, and with two Italian crews crowding them closely. The crew from the British ship Australia won in 17:35, with a second crew from the same ship second, a crew from the Blake third, and the Italians from the Bausan and Eridano and Tartar next. The Americans were barred for competing.

THE TURF.

ALBANY CHANGES OWNERS.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 7.—A. J.

CARTER'S

LITTLE

LIVER

PILLS.

CURE

SICK

HEAD

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Hawes, of Johnstone, Pa., has purchased the black pacer stallion, Albion. The reported price paid was \$12,000. Albion has a record of 2:15 as a 3-year-old.

A DIFFERENCE.

The pacer of to-day—the line pacer, such as Direct, Mascot, Jay-Eye-See and the Hal family and others—are a very different class of horses from the old copper-bottom, rotary-motioned fellows of old. These old fellows had a shuffling, wobbling gait, first up and then down—their hind feet describing semi-circles over the ground and their fore feet going not too straight. These, owing to the multiplicity of their machinery were not handy in catching if they once lost their balance, but the pacer of to-day—the lateral going, straight-forward frictionless fellow, as seen on our tracks—is as handy as any horse.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES—SATURDAY.

At Baltimore..... 16 20 6 Baker and Clark.

At Cincinnati..... 3 7 0 Jones, Chamberlain and Vaughn.

At St. Louis..... 1 5 1 Hawley and Buckley.

At Cleveland..... 9 9 2 Capps and Zimmer.

At New York..... 15 22 2 Rusie, Donohoe and Doyle.

At Washington..... 6 6 7 Durrane and Esper.

At Brooklyn..... 4 6 2 Weyhing and Clements.

At Philadelphia..... 2 7 5 Kennedy and Kinslow.

At Louisville..... 10 16 1 Dwyer and Vaughn.

At St. Louis..... 8 12 0 Breitenstein, Peliz.

At Chicago..... 9 9 2 Mack and Schriver.

Attendance—14,000.

FLY.

The new covered and open grand stands on Pocomuck Park have been erected, and will greatly add to the accommodation of the public. The grounds are also being put in the best of condition, and will be among the finest in the country. The enterprising Alerts had a practice Saturday afternoon, and are ready for the championship series.

THE WHEEL.

The message brought by the bicycle relay riders from Gov. Russell, of Massachusetts, to Gov. Altgeld, of Illinois, was delivered to the Governor at Springfield on Saturday.

F. G. Lenz, the American bicyclist making a tour in India was attacked by a mob of Chinese laborers near Shashi and nearly killed. His wheel was badly damaged, and it was only by getting the superstitious natives interested in his tricks that he saved his life.

ATHLETICS.

Billy Smith denies that he has signed to fight Jack Dempsey before any club.

Stanton Abbott, the champion English light-weight, and Charley McCarthy, of Philadelphia, met at the Ariel Athletic Club, Philadelphia, Saturday night, their bout of Wednesday night having been stopped by the police. The four-round match ended in a draw.

DIXON'S MONEY IS UP.

BOSTON, May 7.—"Jimmy" Ormond, who has been agreed upon to hold the side bet if the fight between Dixon and Griffin comes off, has received a check for \$5,000 from O'Rourke, Dixon's backer, as a part of the \$10,000 bet and as much more as the Griffin party want to make it. The money is posted on condition that the Cony Island Club holds to its agreement to give a \$10,000 purse.

FOOTBALL.

LIVELY KICKING AT WINDSOR.

WINDSOR, May 7.—Two games of football were played here yesterday, the first one between the Chatham and the Windsor and the second between the Independents of Windsor and the Essex team. The chief interest centered in the first game, as there has always been a keen rivalry between Chatham and Windsor. The latter team won by 3 goals to 1. The second game was between the Independents of Windsor and the Essex team. The latter team won by 2 goals to 1. During the game Ed Glasgow, a member of the Independents, fell and dislocated his right elbow. The Rev. Mr. Vining, the new Baptist minister, was one of the umpires, and heartily joined in Windsor's victory.

LATE CANADIAN NEWS.

Eleven stayaways were each sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment at Montreal on Friday.

At Montreal a coroner's jury returned a verdict of manslaughter against Wallace Reas, who killed John McVey so severely that he died.

The body of an unknown young man, supposed to be a tramp, was found in the Bowmanville station yard of the G. T. R. Saturday morning.

The order of the 16th March, providing for appeals to the Privy Council in Great Britain from the Queen's Bench for Manitoba, has been revoked.

Frank McLeod, who lived near Tilbury Center, was killed in a stove mill at McGregor, near Essex, on Friday, by being caught by a revolving shaft.

Mr. James Cahill, police magistrate, Hamilton, Ont., who died on Friday was 78 years of age. He had been police magistrate of Hamilton since 1863.

Mrs. Elizabeth Lipp, who died in a dentist's chair in Buffalo while under the influence of laughing gas, was a daughter of Mr. Jacob Lipp, of Plattsville, Oxford county.

The statement that a medical commission will be appointed by the Dominion Government to examine into the medical condition of Veney, the Chatham murderer, is contradicted.

The Department of Agriculture at Ottawa announces that no work has been received that the embargo on Canadian cattle will be removed on June 1, as stated by an official in Montreal.

It is again reported in Ottawa official circles that the Mounted Police and Indian Departments will be amalgamated, with Mr. Fred White, the present controller of mounted police, as Deputy Minister.

A total of 353,755 bushels of grain came down the canal to Montreal on Friday for export to the old country, and more is coming down to-day. There will be a steady stream of grain for the ships in port.

Hon. Messrs. Foster and Bowell were in Hamilton on Saturday, and gave the views of merchants in reference to the desirable changes in the tariff. The Ministers are the guests of Senator Sanford during their stay in Hamilton.

Best Ever Made.

Dear Sirs—I can highly recommend Hagar's Pectoral Balm as the best remedy ever made for coughs and colds. I am never without it in my house.

HARRY PALMER, Lonsdaleville, Ont.

A 48 HOURS WEEK.

Solution of a Labor Problem
in England.

The Humane Act of an M. P. Employer
—A New Division of Time.

For a long time the workmen employed in the Salford, England, iron works have expressed dissatisfaction because of the length of their hours of labor. We reproduce below two addresses of an unusual character in reference thereto. Mr. Mather, M.P., one of the employers, last December addressed his employees as below:

"I have invited you to meet me to-day for the purpose of asking you whether you could not, in this firm, devise some plan by which the hours of labor may be shortened, so as to be a benefit to you, and not disadvantageous to the business in which we are all engaged. You form a partnership with the members of this firm in carrying on a large industry, and the success of that industry is as much your concern as ours. We should, therefore, endeavor not to allow it to fall away by any mistaken policy or action, either on your part or ours. Of course our competitors alone would benefit in that case; you would suffer and we should suffer."

"Now, you are no doubt well aware of the discussion which has taken place during the last few months in regard to labor, and especially on the question of shortening the hours of labor. As an employer, and in view of the fact of so much being said upon this question, I wish to be perfectly at one with you in this respect, that if there is any benefit you could derive from shortening the hours of labor for yourselves without damaging the success of the industry in which we are all engaged, we are quite willing to adopt a new plan."

"I have long felt that some rearrangement of hours is necessary, at least as far as the first quarter of the day is concerned. I know there are many reasons why, if it is to be done, the start before breakfast should be abolished."

"Various considerations make the first quarter of the day unprofitable to employers, and not very enjoyable to workpeople. Again, we have seen how circumstances have gradually grown different during the last 20 or 30 years. We have now many recreations and amusements, and very properly so, for the people after the hours of work. It is not quite as easy to go to bed at 9 or 10 o'clock as it was 20 or 30 years ago. There was nothing much in those days but work and sleep. There were few night schools, or enjoyment in the way of lectures and rational recreation, etc."

"Well, these recreations naturally occupy some time, and probably you would not be so ready to go to bed at 9 o'clock as you would be if you were as you were in the past. These changed circumstances render it especially difficult for boys who have to attend night schools."

"I wish to make it possible that there need only be one meal hour in the working time of the day. I think it would be better for workmen if they could start their work after enjoying a good solid meal with their families before leaving home. The condition of men all through the day would be different from what it is now. There need only be one meal hour in the working time of the day. I think it would be better for workmen if they could start their work after enjoying a good solid meal with their families before leaving home. The condition of men all through the day would be different from what it is now. There need only be one meal hour in the working time of the day. I think it would be better for workmen if they could start their work after enjoying a good solid meal with their families before leaving home. The condition of men all through the day would be different from what it is now. There need only be one meal hour in the working time of the day. 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His Repentance.

But, as it appeared, the doctor had not been waiting. At any rate, Mark Gray had not sent for him. And he had stopped now to hear, if he could, Mark's report.

An upper window opened, and Mrs. Gray, completely enveloped in a thick black shawl, so that nothing could be seen of her but the tip of her nose, leaned out.

"Good morning, Uncle Richard."

"Good morning, my dear. I am glad to see you again. Can you come down for a minute?"

"No, I have not begun to dress. Did you want Mark? He has gone to Lady Oswald's."

"Ah, that's what I wish to ask about. Did you hear Mark say how she was?—whether there was any hurt?"

"He said there was none. But for one thing, she kept fainting, and refused to be touched. At least I think he said so, something of that; I was very sleepy when he got home; it was 1 o'clock. I am sure he said she was not hurt to speak of."

"That's all right, then," said Dr. Davenal. "You are out, besides, Uncle Richard," resumed Caroline. "Are you going far?"

"To Thorndyke. Tell your husband he must see my patients this morning. I shall not be back in time. Drive on, Roger."

"Very well," said Caroline. "What's ill?"

But Dr. Davenal's answer, as he gave one, was lost in the distance, and never reached Caroline Gray's ear.

It was a singular coincidence—as was said by gossip afterwards—that one should be taken ill that day in Thorndyke and be in danger of death. It was not, however, one of the Oswald family, but a visitor of Sir Philip's and it had nothing whatever to do with the story. It need not have been mentioned, save to explain what took Dr. Davenal from Hallingham on that critical day.

Dr. Davenal found the patient alarmingly ill, in great need of medical help, and he had to stay at Thorndyke some hours. It was between 2 and 3 o'clock when he got back to Hallingham, and ordered Roger to drive at once to the infirmary.

The doctor went in and saw his patient. The poor man Biggs, earlier now, than he had been the previous night, lay in a slumber; the rest were going on well. One woman had gone. An inmate of the wards for some weeks past, her case, a very painful one, had defied all skill, all remedy; now she had come to that better place where sickness ceases to enter. Dr. Davenal stood for some time conversing with the house surgeon, and then departed on foot to his home; he had dismissed his carriage when he entered the infirmary.

As he walked, he met an eager little fellow scuffling along, one who always walked very fast, with his head pushed out, as if he were in a desperate hurry. It was one of the infirmary pupils, as they were called; young Mr. Biggs, gathering skill and experience to become in time a surgeon himself, who attended the infirmary with his master. This one, Julius Wild, a youth of 18, was more particularly attached to the service of Dr. Davenal, and he came up breathless.

"Oh, if you please, sir, Mr. Gray has been looking for you ever since he left," interrupted the doctor.

"Yes, sir, but he thought you must have come back, and he met me about twenty places to inquire, but he saw nothing, and with Lady Oswald, sir, and he wants to see you about it."

"What is it that's wrong?"

"Mr. Gray didn't expect me, sir, but he said something about an operation. She's hurt internally, I think."

"Where is Mr. Gray? Do you know?"

"He is gone to your house, sir. Somebody told him they saw your carriage going along, and Mr. Gray thought you might be at home. He—"

Dr. Davenal waited to hear no more. He made the best of his way towards home, but before he reached it he met Mark Gray.

There, in the street, particulars were explained by Mr. Gray to Dr. Davenal, not altogether to the doctor's satisfaction. It appeared that Mark—very carefully, but he excused himself on the plea of Lady Oswald's fractious refusal to be touched—had omitted to make a proper examination of her state on the previous night. The delay, though not fatal was inexpedient, rendering the operation which must now be performed more difficult than if it had been done at once, and Dr. Davenal said a few sharp words, the only sharp ones he had ever in his life spoken to Mark Gray.

"I told you it was my opinion there was some internal injury. You ought to have ascertained."

He turned his steps and proceeded at once and alone to the house of Lady Oswald. She was in a grievous state of suffering, and that she had not appeared so on the previous night could only be attributed to partial insensibility. Dr. Davenal examined her with his practiced skill, his gentle fingers, and he imparted to her as soothingly as possible the fact that an operation was indispensable. "Not a very grave one he said, with a smile intended to reassure."

"Nothing formidable, like the taking off of an arm or leg."

But Lady Oswald refused her consent, as fractiously and positively as she had the previous night refused to be touched. She would have no operation performed on her, she said, putting her to torture; they must cure her without it. Some time was lost in this unsatisfactory manner, and Mark Gray, Dr. Davenal while the contention was going on, her husband was at length obliged to tell her a hard truth—that unless she submitted to it, her life must fall a sacrifice.

Then there came another phase of obstinacy. When people are lying in the critical state that Lady Oswald was in, hovering between life and death, it is unseemly to indulge in whims, in moods of caprice. If ever there is a time in the career of life that truth should reign pre-eminent, it is that and these willful caprices are born of a phase of feeling that surely cannot be called truth. Lady Oswald consented to the operation, but only on the condition that Mark Gray should perform it. What foolish caprice, may have prompted this, it is impossible to say. Mark had been talking to her, very much as a tough drawn or a cut finger dressed, protesting that it "would not hurt her to speak of."

"That's all over, so to say, in no time," Dr. Davenal, more honest, held his tongue upon these points; it would not hurt her very much indeed. This it may be said to have caused the wretched action surgeon. And she held to it.

It was necessary that she should be calmed to which she had put herself, and so was the hour named Dr. Davenal and Mark agreed to be with her.

"Mark," asked the doctor, as they walked

away together, "are you sure of yourself?"

Dr. Davenal had had no experience hitherto of Mark Gray's skill as a surgeon, except in common cases. All critical operations, both at the infirmary and in private practice, the doctor took himself. Mark looked at the doctor in surprise as he heard the question.

"Sure! Why, of course I am. It's quite a simple thing this."

"Simple enough when the hand is experienced and sure," remarked the doctor. "Not so simple where it is not."

"Of course, I have not had your experience," Dr. Davenal; but I have had quite sufficient to insure my accomplishing this, perhaps as skillfully as you could."

Mark spoke in a resentful tone; he did not like the reflection that he thought was cast upon him by the question. Dr. Davenal said no more. His supposed Mark was sure of his hand's skill.

"I shall give her chloroform," resumed Mark.

"No," burst forth Dr. Davenal. He could not have interrupted more impetuously had he been intending to dash it from her lips. He believed Lady Oswald would be a very unfit subject for chloroform; one of those few to whom it is unsafe to administer it, and he explained this to Mark Gray.

Mark turned restive. Strange to say he who had hitherto seemed content to follow in the medical footsteps of Dr. Davenal, watching his treatment, pursuing the same more as a pupil takes lessons of a master than as a man in the practice for himself, seemed inclined to turn restive now. Did Mark Gray, because he had married the doctor's niece, thus become connected with him by private ties, as it were a more equal right of independence which we all love, which is inherent in the hearts of the best of us, and stand up for his own ways and his own will?

"I like chloroform," he said. "I consider it one of the most blessed inventions of the age."

"Undoubtedly; where it can be used with safety."

"I have used it 50 times," rejoined Mark. "I have used it 50 and 50 to that," said the doctor, good-humoredly. "But, Mark, I never used it in my life upon a doubtful subject, and I never will."

"What do you call a doubtful subject?"

"What do I call a doubtful subject?" repeated the doctor. "You know as well as I. How many patients has chloroform killed? Upon certain natures—"

"Very few," interrupted Mark.

"Very few as compared to the whole," rejoined the doctor. "You may administer chloroform with perfect safety to 99 patients, and you cannot to the hundredth. Upon certain natures, as I was about to observe, its effects may be fatal. And where there is a doubt, Mark, it should be acted upon."

"The cases are so rare."

"True. And the important thing for a medical man is to discover where chloroform may be given with safety and where it may not."

"It is impossible that he can do that with any certainty."

(To be Continued.)

Strongly Induced.

The advertising of Hood's Sarsaparilla appeals to the sober common sense of thinking people, because it is true, and it is always fully substantiated by indisputable facts in the financial world would be accepted without moment's hesitation. They tell the story—HOOD'S CURES.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, jaundice, biliousness, sick headache, constipation.

Emin Pasha has been murdered again. It must take all of Emin's income to pay his frequent funeral expenses.

It is stated that the difficulty between France and Siam is near amicable adjustment.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed the corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Dizzle—How long did that new play of yours run? Fizzle—Till it got in the next town.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartics or Purgatives. Pills are they are extremely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

Don't offer to bet with an elevator boy unless you mean business. He has a way of taking you up.

Mrs. W. Land, a professional nurse of twelve years' experience, who resides at 715 Dundas street, says that she has suffered severely from headache and has never found satisfactory relief from any medicine she has tried until she used Eeejay's Liver Lozenges. "Their effect seemed magical," says Mrs. Land. "In my case and also in the cases of others who have suffered from headaches and to whom I have recommended them, they have been sold at 25 cents a box at all drug stores.

It costs \$1,200 for Mr. Krupp's big gun to speak in its loudest tone of voice, but Chicago is willing to pay the shot.

Persians played the first chess.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is carache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are especially subject.

It costs as much to convict a New York murderer as it does to build a public school.

A Man Made Happy.—GENTLEMEN,—For five years I have been a great sufferer with Dyspepsia; the pain in the pit of my stomach was almost unbearable and life seemed a torment. When I would go to sleep I would have horrible dreams, and my life became very miserable, as there was no rest either day or night. But with the use of only two bottles of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery this unhappy state has all been changed and I am a well man. I can assure you, my case was a bad one, and I send you this that it may be the means of convincing others of the wonderful curative qualities possessed by this medicine, that are specially adapted for the cure of Dyspepsia. A lady customer of mine had the Dyspepsia very bad, she could scarcely eat anything, and was troubled with pains similar to those I suffered with; and she cured herself with two bottles of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. I wish you success with your medicine, as I am fully convinced that it will do all you claim for it.

Signed, MELVILLE B. MARSH, Abercorn, P. Q. General Merchant.

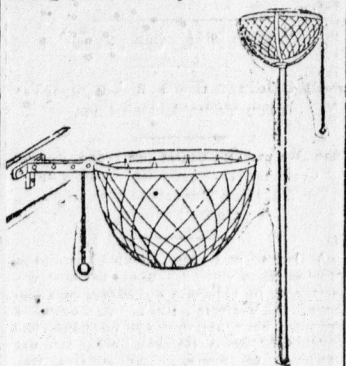
One microbe produces 72 generations a day.

A POPULAR GAME.

Basket Ball as Universally Played in Gymnasiums.

A Pastime for Men and Women—Something Like Football, But Not Rough—Some Crack London Players.

For a long time gymnasium instructors were confronted by the necessity for a game which could be played indoors by old and young, male and female. They wanted a game devoid of rough features, yet one which would be thoroughly scientific, and which should afford plenty of opportunity for good healthy exercise for the scholar or business man and training for the athlete. Such possibilities have been discovered in the game of basket ball, which has become so popular in school and club gymnasiums throughout the country.



The game was first introduced by the directors and pupils of the Y. M. C. A. Training School at Springfield, Mass. Its advantages were soon perceived, and the sport spread to the gymnasiums controlled by the Young Men's Christian Association, and was further introduced into scholastic institutions and club gymnasiums. At the training school, the game was developed, and a strong team was drilled in the simple workings of it by James Naismith, one of the Springfield instructors, and an earnest worker in the field of all-around sport and recreation. In New York and Brooklyn are several good teams, and these play the game from time to time.

The game can readily be played in almost the smallest gymnasium. As the sizes of the exercising rooms vary, the game played by each team is slightly different. All the match games are played under regular rules, however, and the peculiar disadvantage which a "gym" may have for the visiting team is remedied so far as possible. The game can be played out of doors, on a large field quite as well as in a small gymnasium. The goals pictured in this column are used in the upright position for the field, on which it can be placed at any point, and the other for indoor play. The latter is attached to the gallery or the wall of the room. The string is used to turn the goal so that the ball may readily be regained. These goals are the improved article. The first goals, from which the game got its name, were only peach baskets nailed to the wall or running track.

GOAL X HOME.

LEFT FORWARD. X RIGHT FORWARD. X

LEFT CENTER. X CENTER. X RIGHT CENTER. X

LEFT BACK. X RIGHT BACK. X

GOAL KEEPER. X

POSITIONS OF THE PLAYERS.

The game can be played by a number of men at once. In a small gymnasium, however, five a side is the most convenient number. In large rooms nine men can play on a side. This is considered the regular number, and the players are placed as shown in the accompanying illustration. The game itself is strictly one of passing the ball from man to man. It can neither be kicked nor batted with the fist. The object is to get the ball into the basket or goal. To get an uncovered position is of the utmost importance, as the player can thus easily get the ball and as easily pass it to one of his side near the goal. It requires a great deal of practice to put the ball in the goal, which is placed at some distance above the players' heads. Not alone must a player be skillful, he must also be very lively. A player must throw the ball from the spot where he catches it, but he can turn around to throw it. No interference is allowed, and tackling and pushing are strictly prohibited. A player may only obstruct the passage of the ball after it is thrown.

When the game is played on a field the player may run with the ball if he continually throws it above his head and catches it again. The ball may also be dribbled along the ground with the hand.

Team play counts for everything in basket-ball. The two forwards and the home man should always work together to get the ball into the goal. The backs guard the goal, and the center men are supposed to get the ball and pass it forward toward the home man.

The game is usually played in two halves of fifteen minutes each, with a slight intermission. When a goal is made the game goes right on. It is perhaps the "fastest" game played to-day, and is played with a snap which football players in lining up may well envy.

The game is being slowly introduced into women's gymnasiums, and is played by the fair gymnasts without any injurious effects.

THE GAME IN THIS CITY.

The game of basket ball has become quite popular in this city. The Y. M. C. A. gymnasium is equipped with the apparatus, and many an afternoon the young athletes of the organization may be seen strenuously endeavoring to score goals. Among some of the crack players may be mentioned Jack Gilmore, Tom Partridge, Bert Lind, R. N. Breuer, Charlie Hobbs, Fred Evans, W. H. Wilson, Assistant Y. M. C. A. Secretary Frank Briscoe and Secretary Sayer and many others.

A bottle of Angostura Bitters to flavor your lemonade or any other cold drink will keep you free from Dyspepsia, Colic, Diarrhea and all diseases originating from the digestive organs. Be sure to get the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. C. B. Singer & Sons.

STRENGTH, VITALITY, MANHOOD

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W. H. PARKER, M. D., No. 4 Bullfinch St., Boston, Mass., chief consulting physician of the FRANKLIN MEDICAL INSTITUTE, to whom was awarded the gold medal by the NATIONAL MEDICAL ASSOCIATION for the PRIZE ESSAY on Exhausted Vitality, Atrophy, Nervous and Physical Debility and all Diseases and Weakness of Men, the young, the middle-aged and old.

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A cold is the starting point of much more than half the fatal illnesses from November to May. A cold is the first chapter in the history of every case of consumption. A cold is the first stage of chronic catarrh, the most loathsome and stubborn of diseases. A cold is the legitimate parent of a large family of diseases, such as bronchitis, pleurisy, pneumonia and quinsy.

To neglect a cold is almost suicidal. To fail to provide against this well-nigh inevitable evil is dangerous negligence. You cannot afford it. Your family cannot afford it. Do not through carelessness—which is almost criminal—or bravado, allow an insidious cold to be neglected until it generates and fastens on you disease that will cost you loss of health, loss of time, loss of money, and, finally, loss of life. Have your system freed from danger and made strong to resist disease by placing yourself under proper treatment in time.

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Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, and BOWELS.

They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged they are priceless.

Manufactured only at 78, NEW OXFORD STREET (late 63, OXFORD STREET), LONDON, and sold by all respectable druggists and chemists throughout the World. Purchasers should look to the Label on the Boxes and Pots. If the address is not 78, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, they are spurious.

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Five thousand cases of Consumption die on earth each year. Send us your name on a postal card, and we will send you a free book explaining all about the "Tissue Builders" and the names of those cured.

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Five thousand cases of Catarrh to take "Tissue Builders." No matter how many doctors have said your case is incurable, we want your name and we will send you a free book. You are yet curable.

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Five thousand cases of Rheumatism considered beyond the reach of remedies. It only costs you a cent to get a book of 192 pages, telling all about this grand "Tissue Building" system. Send postal card for one at once.

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Five thousand cases of General Debility. If that is your condition you need the little book, "Worth its weight in gold." The "Tissue Builders" are what you need. There is hope for you yet. Send postal card to the address below.

WANTED

Five thousand cases of Nervous Debility. If that is your condition you need the little book, "Worth its weight in gold." The "Tissue Builders" are what you need. There is hope for you yet. Send postal card to the address below.

WANTED

Chronic Diseases of all kinds which have been considered hopeless cases. Send postal card for book free and all particulars. You cannot do wrong in trying the "Tissue Builders." They are better than poisonous drugs and need no painful operations.

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2 and 3 Albion Block, London, or

19 Gerrard Arcade, Toronto.

Mention Daily ADVERTISER.

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Is very seldom obtained by a badly-dressed man. People judge him by his clothes. Don't place yourself at a disadvantage

OAK HALL

Can help you and save your wealth. Styles change. If you want to be certain you are dressed distinctly a la mode, come to us.

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150 Dundas Street, London.

ALF. TAYLOR, Manager.

The Canada Sugar Refining Co.

LIMITED, MONTREAL.

Manufacturers of Refined Sugars of the well-known Brand

Redpath

Of the Highest Quality and Purity, made by the Latest Processes, and the Newest and Best Machinery, not Surpassed Anywhere.

LUMP SUGAR, in 50 and 100 lb boxes.

"CROWN" GRANULATED, Special brand, the finest

which can be made.

EXTRA GRANULATED, very Superior Quality.

"CREAM" SUGARS, (not dried).

"YELLOW" SUGARS of all Grades and Standards.

SYRUPS of all Grades in Barrels and half Barrels.

SOLE MAKERS of high class Syrups in tins, 2 pounds

and 8 pounds each.

PARKER'S DYE WORKS.

We beg most respectfully to say that for many years past we have been the MOST EXTENSIVE DYERS AND CLEANERS IN CANADA, and this position has been maintained by the constant adoption of the latest improvements in Machinery and Appliances for the production of High-class Work, and prompt attention to orders. Many years experience has proved that the best work is most profitable to customers, even though involving in some cases a very trifling addition to the charges made by dyers who sacrifice good work for the sake of low prices.

R. PARKER & CO., of Ladies' and Gents' Wearing Apparel DYERS AND CLEANERS, of Lace Curtains, Ostrich Plumes, Etc.

217 Dundas Street, London. Telephone 614.

THE LATEST STYLES IN

SCOTCH SUITINGS,

ENGLISH TROUSERINGS,

SPRING OVERCOATINGS

See Our Perfect Black Socks at 15c pair.

PETHICK & McDONALD,

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True to Its Name.

A clean family paper, with a large subscription list, is sure to be a good advertising medium. We claim that the London Advertiser is true to its name, and is the very best medium in London for making your wants known. Advertise your wants in the paper which reaches the homes.

The Advertiser.

THE MORRIS PIANO

The favorite Canadian Piano. A High Grade Instrument. Agents wanted in London and vicinity.

Morris, Field, Rogers Co.,

of Listowel, (Ltd.)

WM. MALLOCH & CO., MACHINISTS

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

ELEVATORS,

ULLEYS, SHAFTING, HANGERS AND SPECIAL MACHINERY

Repairing a Specialty.

154 Fullerton Street, London

NEW CAIRN'S SCOTCH HOME-MADE MARMALADE

1 lb. Glass Jars, - 25c each | 2 lb. White Jars, - 45c each
1 lb. Glass Jars, - 30c each | 7 lb. Tins, - \$1 10 each
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JUST RECEIVED.

FITZGERALD, SCANDRETT & CO.,

169 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

Wall Paper

Newest Styles and Designs
Arriving Daily.

O. B. GRAVES,

222 Dundas Street.

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

DIED.
RIBBLE—In London West, on Sunday, May 7, 1893, Charles H. Ribble, aged 26 years. Funeral from the residence of his father, W. C. Ribble, Franklin House, No. 2, Dundas street, London West, to-day (Monday), May 8, at 11 a.m., to G. T. R. depot. Friends and acquaintances will kindly accept this intimation. Interment at Oakville, Ont.

QUICK—On Sunday, May 7, Marjorie Adella, youngest daughter of L. and Susannah Quick, aged 7 months and 9 days. Funeral from the family residence, No. 159 Colborne street, to-morrow (Tuesday) at 3 p.m.; services at 223. Friends and acquaintances will kindly attend.

MCLEAN—At the family residence, 477 Colborne street, Agnes McLean, beloved wife of John McLean, aged 73 years. Services at the house on Wednesday, May 10, at 2. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

SCANDRETT BROS.

(Successors to John Scandrett)

GROCCERS

175 Dundas Street.



This Brand of Flour
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.
USE NO OTHER.
J. D. SAUNBY
427 York Street.
TELEPHONE 118.



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652 DUNDAS STREET.

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SPRING HATS

IS NOW COMPLETE.
All the Latest and Leading Shapes
CALL AND INSPECT THEM.

143 DUNDAS STREET
NEXT MARKET LANE.

R.K. Cowan

Registrar, etc., over Bank of Commerce,
London.

LUMBER SEASON.

: : 1893. : :

Having bought the stock of Lumber Shingles, Cedar Posts of the late Thomas Green, we will be pleased to have any of his old customers or any new ones that will favor us with a call.

BOWMAN & CO.,

Office, 246 Bathurst Street.
(Next Green's Mill).

Important to Everybody

Don't fail to see our great display of FOOTWEAR in every imaginable style, carefully bought by men of experience. Hundreds of pairs of Ladies' Oxfords at \$1 and upwards. Girls' and Boys' School Boots at 75c and upwards. Men's Working Shoes from 85c upwards. You will be dollars in pocket by trading with

Pocock Bros

Extra large stock of TRUNKS and VALISES very cheap.

—BUY—

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S

Waterproofs

& Umbrellas

Priddis Bros.

LAWN MOWERS—SHARPENED AND repaired; also garden shears and pruning knives, etc. Lawn mowers sent for and returned. W.M. GUID & CO., 183 Dundas Street, London. Telephone 800. 25m eod.

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REFRIGERATORS,

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And all kinds of house furnishings.

We make a specialty of all kinds of galvanized iron work such as roofing, eaves troughs, etc. Repainting promptly done.

WM. STEVELY & SON,

362 Richmond Street.

PHONE 452.

FINE, PERHAPS WARMER.

TORONTO, May 7-11 p.m.—The pressure is highest over the lake region and lowest over the Northwest Territories.

The weather to-day has been fair to cloudy in Nova Scotia and fine in other parts of the Dominion. Higher temperature has prevailed generally except in the Maritime Provinces, where there has been little change. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Esquimaux, 45°-56°; Calgary, 36°-80°; Battleford, 46°-80°; Prince Albert, 32°-76°; Qu'Appelle, 38°-76°; Winnipeg, 42°-72°; Toronto, 42°-57°; Montreal, 48°-60°; Quebec, 39°-54°; Halifax, 36°-48°.

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.

TORONTO, May 8-1 a.m.—Probabilities for the next 24 hours for the lower lakes region (covering the peninsula and as far east as Belleville) are: Moderate winds; fine weather; stationary or a little higher temperature.

Spring Footwear

LATEST STYLES,

BEST MAKERS,

LOWEST PRICES.

—AT—

KIRKPATRICK'S,

189 DUNDAS STREET.

Trunks and Valises.

"DRESS WELL!"

Patronize us for

Suits, Overcoats

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And you'll get the best goods and best work at reasonable rates.

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& CO.,

112 Dundas Street

SEE OUR STOCK OF

French Cannas

Before you order elsewhere.

OUR

Gladiolus,

Tuberous Begonias,

Calladiums, etc.,

ARE VERY FINE.

Also Hardy Hydrangeas, Clematis and Peonies.

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LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—Soon will the window wide be thrown.

When practises their music sound,
And dire insomnia's seeds be sown,
For many sorrowing blacks around.

—Miss Jessie Cook, city, is on the ocean,
on her way to Scotland.

—Mr. W. Y. Brunton, has returned to the city from Chicago. His health is poor.

—Margaret L. Shepherd spoke again to two large audiences at the Grand yesterday.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Holman and Mrs. Geo. Holman arrived home from New York yesterday.

—Three car loads of emigrants passed through here last night on the G. T. R. en route to the west.

—Mr. and Mrs. Miss Glyn, of London, Eng., are in the city. They are on a trip around the world.

—Miss Reta Mutch, city, has been engaged to sing at the Scottish concert, Ingersoll, May 24.

—The Dominion Government dredge Ontario is expected to commence work on the Port Stanley or the Rondeau harbor at once.

—Hon. David Mills has been retained by the Ontario Government to argue the constitutionality of the provincial act appointing Q. C.

—Thas Egan has disposed of his chestnut mare Cricket, by Blinker Sprague, to G. A. McGilivray, of London, for a good price.—[Petroleum Advertiser.]

—Rev. D. M. Mill, this city, has been assisting Rev. R. W. Kelley in the revival services in the Baptist Church, Petrolia, a few evenings of the past week.

—The East Middlesex License Commissioners wound up their business Saturday by granting licenses to Ed. Pantor, of Brick street, H. Payne in London West, and Mrs. Creighton, of Elginfield.

—After a long illness Mr. Angus May, who well known to Londoners, died at his parents' residence, Port Stanley. The interment took place in St. Thomas Cemetery yesterday. He was a son of the late Capt. Thos. May, and his mother and four sisters survive him.

—Messrs. Pudney, Jones, Ludwig and Brown attended the meeting of London West School Board. The principal reported 316 on the roll and a daily average of 266. Inspector Dearnest reported a good attendance at the time of his last visit to the school. Work was also progressing satisfactorily. He recommended that a kindergarten be opened.

His many friends in the city will regret the removal, though it is a deserved promotion, of Mr. A. H. Spencer, of the M. C. R. freight shed here, who has been appointed freight clerk for the company in Ridgeway, vice R. W. Young, resigned. Mr. Spencer was an active member of the Young Liberal Club and popular with all who knew him.

—The second annual convention of the Middlesex County Christian Endeavor Union will be held to-day and to-morrow in St. Paul's Church, Parkhill. The programme is a very interesting and, it is expected, a profitable one. Rev. W. A. Cook, of Dorchester, will preside, and among the contributions from Londoners will be: Miss E. M. Carson, secretary's report; Mr. W. A. Mackay, the pledge; Mr. T. W. Birks, the prayer meeting; and Miss Gower, Mr. W. C. Ferguson, and Mr. W. J. Doherty, on the officers.

The Gondoliers.

The Woodstock Amateur Opera Company will appear at the Grand to-morrow evening in "The Gondoliers." A large audience is assured this prominent amateur organization. The cast is an exceedingly large one, and the principals include some very clever people. Londoners should reciprocate and give them a large audience in return for the patronage bestowed on the Young Liberal Minstrels some few weeks ago.

Sunday On Carlings Heights.

A disgraceful occurrence was reported to the police yesterday afternoon. In response to a telephone call the patrol wagon was dispatched to a short distance east of the Military Barracks, where P. C. Smith had arrested Pte. Wm. Watson, of No. 1 School of Infantry, and a woman named Harriet Crister for acting in a disorderly manner. Several other soldiers made off on the policeman's arrival. The man is charged with assault and the woman with vagrancy.

"Robin Hood."

The cast that is to appear here on next Friday evening in "Robin Hood" is very strong, and includes Miss Caroline Hamilton, prima donna, the original Maid Marian, of the company. Mr. John Peachey, as Robin Hood (from the Lyric Theater, London), who sang in "Dorothy" for 400 nights with Marie Tempest abroad. Miss Jenny Dickerson, late of the Carl Road Opera Company of London, as Allensdale. Ethel Baird, as Annabel; Mr. Hallen Hootyn, late with Agnes Huntington's Opera Company, who will play the Sheriff of Nottingham. None of these principals appeared when the opera was sung here last November, except Mr. Morryn, the comedian, and Miss Balch, who will on this occasion resume the soubrette roll.

A Traveler's Narrow Escape.

Asphyxiation from gas is liable to occur in more ways than one, as a traveling man in this city found out to his sorrow on a Saturday night. Mr. Frank Perry is a traveler from the London Shoe Company, and when in town he puts up at the Richmond. On Saturday night he got in about 10:30 and went to bed. Before doing so he carelessly hung his trousers on a gas bracket, and unknown to him the gas became turned on. It was not until between 8 and 9 o'clock yesterday morning that the escape of gas was noticed by Mrs. Lloyd, as she was passing along the corridor. The odor was traced to Mr. Perry's room, but repeated poundings on the door failed to bring any response from within. The door was then burst open, and Mr. Perry was found with his head and shoulders on the floor, as if he had made an attempt to get up but was overcome with the gas. He was unconscious, frothing at the mouth, and breathing, stertorously. He was placed back in bed, the doors and windows were thrown open, and Drs. Moore and Drake telephoned for. They were on hand immediately and after working on the man for an hour or so, he showed signs of returning consciousness. The doctors state that he will be around in a few days. Mr. Perry resides near Eastwood, Oxford county.

Mr. Perry is reported as resting easily to-day. He suffers considerably from soreness caused by the blistering he received, and the gas in his blood still affects his head. Otherwise he is out of danger, but it will be a week before he is himself again. His brother and mother have arrived in the city.

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"PHYSICAL CULTURE."

Miss Giddings Gives a Large Audience Valuable Pointers.

The Vase-Like Waist and the Corset Condemned—Necessity of Proper Physical Exercise—Classes To Be Formed.

A large and appreciative audience greeted Miss Giddings upon her first appearance in this city on Saturday afternoon, in Victoria Hall. Although a stranger here her writings on "Physical Culture," "Dress Reform," etc., are not unknown to many. Her subject was "Physical culture and its need at the present day."

The lecturer dwelt largely on the necessity of developing the different muscles, in order to make perfect forms and produce perfect health. "There is no medicine," she said, "equal to exercise properly used. Physicians have begun to recognize this fact, and now prescribe for their patients out of door exercise, wherever possible. But these exercises can be abused, and can prove a bane instead of a blessing. Too much exercise is as bad as too little. Some people get discouraged when after taking a course in a gymnasium they feel no good results, but rather feel exhausted. But why is it? They have over-exercised their strength by indulging in exercises which were not suited to their particular needs. Just as one kind of medicine will not meet the requirements of all classes of invalids, neither is one particular course of physical training adapted to all sorts of people. Then, again, the training of the muscles must be gradual. We cannot expect to undo in one week that which has taken years to develop. The body must be free to expand at will. Nature never intended our bodies to be encased in anything that would prevent their development.

Comparison was made between the Grecian ideal of beautiful forms and our ideal of the present day. "Our eyes have been educated to think that small waists are beautiful," continued Miss Giddings, "and some women are so conservative as to weave their hands in horror at the thought of a time ever coming when the waist should be the proportion that God intended it. That which is injurious to the health and produces deformity for a lifetime, is a deformity. And the way is so far distant when all intelligent women will renounce the corset as one of the worst enemies of good health."

Then attention was turned to the fact of how very few people sit correctly. The lecturer demonstrated several of the general modes of sitting, which were quite ludicrous. "Always sit upright. Never imagine you are resting your body by letting the head sink upon the chest and the shoulders fall forward. You are not resting your body, but rather straining it, and thereby doing yourself a great wrong. We do not rest the back by placing the shoulders against the chair, but rather by holding the shoulders in the same position as when standing. The head should be held erect, poising equally upon the shoulders. Upon the art of standing correctly depends, after all, the posture of the body. The chest must be lifted into proper position, the arms must be brought into proper position, and in doing this the muscles are developed, the chest expanded, and physical strength is gained. Turn learn how to walk correctly. When walking the ball and heel of the foot should touch the floor at the same time. This gives an elasticity to the step, which cannot otherwise be obtained. Then in the matter of dress, we should clothe ourselves to suit our own personality. Select clothing and style of garments that will be most conducive to good health and most becoming to your own individuality. The study of physical culture makes people more intelligent. It makes them better acquainted with the mechanism of the human body, and enables them to reason for themselves how to properly develop the body God has given them. But some people have a deep knowledge of the human body, but when being told that the human body contained 280 bones, exclaimed: "I wish I'd never heard of it, for I'd be frightened all the time now that I'll break some of them."

The lecturer closed her interesting address, thanking the audience for their presence and attention. Miss Giddings is a very fluent speaker, and delighted her audience with her gracefulness of manner. It is her intention to organize classes for physical culture training in the city. This is an opportunity that many will be glad to avail themselves of, as London has never before had a class of this kind. Miss Giddings has very large classes in Toronto, and has met with excellent success there, as in all places where she has been. The classes will be held Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays in Somerset Hall, Dundas street. Already a large number have handed in their names for membership, and doubtless many more will avail themselves of the privilege. There will be classes for children, young ladies and adults. Full particulars as to terms, hours, etc., can be secured from Prof. Barron, Conservatory of Music, Dundas street, city. The first class meets this morning at 10 o'clock in Somerset Hall.

HOUSEKEEPERS

—FOR—

BREAD and PASTRY

—ONCE USE—

Diamond Patent Flour

And you will take no other. All grocers keep it. Manufactured at City Mills.

HUNT BROS

PROPRIETORS.

A FEW TESTIMONIALS

—FOR—

Barkwell's Sure Corn Cure

Miss Maria Brown, of Chatham, formerly of Gloucester, says she has much pleasure in testifying to the merits of Barkwell's Sure Corn Cure, that of nine corns which gave her great pain not one of them remains. It is surprising the testimonials that come in from all parts of the country for this celebrated corn cure.

Letter from Springfield.

W. S. Barkwell, chemist: Dear Sir.—When in London I got a bottle of your celebrated Sure Corn Cure for a corn which I could get nothing to help. I have suffered from it for the past fifteen years and thought I would never get it cured, but yours acted like a charm and completely removed it. I am gratefully yours, Alvin Purdy, Springfield, March 1, 1893.

HATS! Just arrived, 2 cases more Senator, Harvard, Dunlap, Savory, in latest colors.

Rivard

London's Fashionable Hatter.

400 Richmond Street.

To cure Coughs, Colds, Croup and Bronchitis, use a bottle of HONEY and HONEYBUND price 25 cents at McDERMID'S DRUG STORE 174 Dundas street.

PANTINGS!

All prices, patterns and shades at

VANDERLIP'S,

202 1/2 Dundas Street.

FISHING TACKLE

HOOKS AND BASS REELS, BAITS, FLIES, LINES.

ENGLISH & AMERICAN

W.A. BROCK

132 DUNDAS ST. LONDON

EASTER HATS.

OWING to the decided success attending Mrs. Martin's millinery opening and a large number of trimmed hats being sold, she has decided on Thursday, March 30, to show a lot of pretty straw, artistically trimmed for Easter.

OUR LITTLE CHAPS' NEW SPRING SUITS

Are the talk of every mother who is anxious to have her little man look his best.

WE

Are showing for this season

Something

Entirely new in Designs and Fabrics.

OUR PRICES

For value are moderate beyond your conception. Come and see them. No trouble to show you through our Boys' Department.

BURNS

The Clothier.

232 Dundas Street.

WHISKARD'S FANCY STORE

232 Dundas St

The BEST CURTAIN SEASON we have ever had. Why? Because we believe we have the BEST VALUE in the city.

We are showing some beautiful patterns in CURTAINS at 75c and \$1 pair.

We have a beautiful line of Swiss make, something new, \$1 50 pair.

Our repeat order for our special line at 50c pair we expect in very soon. We are sorry to keep our customers waiting for this line.

In RIBBONS we are showing splendid value, and our prices as usual cannot be beaten.

The Anchor pattern in CEYLON CLOTH, only 8c yard; regular price, 12c.

In Ladies' Underwear we are showing some special lines. Ladies' Night Dresses, full size, only 40c each.

Ladies' Embroidered Underwaists, only 25c.

Ladies' Underwaists, only 10c each.

See our special line of Boys' Hats, 10c each; regular price, 25c.

WHISKARD'S

Fancy Store,

232 Dundas Street.