WHOLE NO. 16292:

IN LONDON GG LI

What Is Going On in the Leading Churches of the City.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST Church—Pastor, Rev. T. S. Johnson. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School at 3 p.m. For ladies, children and me

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH -Rev. J. W. Holmes, paster. Services tomorrow as usual.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH -Rev. George Jackson, pastor. Services tomorrow as usual. CHRISTIAN WORKERS, KING street—Pastor Mackenzie at 11; "Love's Essentials. 3:30, fellowship. 7, "New b

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church-Rev. A. K. Birks, pastor, will conduct both services.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH -Rev. Walter Moffat, pastor, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Pastor's Bible Class and Sabbath School, 3 p.m.

DUNDAS CENTER METHODIST
Church—Rev. Stephen Bond will preach
at both services. Morning—Anthem,
"Sing, O Heavens" (Sullivan); solo, "In
the Night Shall My Song be of Him"
(Buck). Evening—Anthem, "Awake,
Thou that Sleepest" (from Stainer's
"Daughter of Jairus"); chorus, "Glory
to Thee, My God, This Night" (Gounod); solo, "There is a Blessed Home"
(Morgan).

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—Rev. T. E. Harrison, pastor. Morning service, II, Mr. Wm. Glisson; evening, 7, Rev. J. Kennedy. Sabbath School, 2:45. Strangers welcome.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. E. Clarence Oakley, pastor. Morning, "Benevolent Aspects of the Judgment Day." Evening, "He Saw Levi."

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIEN-TIST)-First reader, David S. Robb. C. S. B. Services, Sundays and Wednesdays, at usual hours.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—REV.
J. V. Smith, D.D., pastor. Rev. Dr.
Smith will preach both morning and
evening. Morning—Anthem, "I Heard
the Voice" (Minshall); quartet, "Knocking at the Door" (McHose). Evening—
Anthem, "Glorious is Thy Name"
(Mozart); solo and chorus, "Rock of
Ages" (Nevin); duet, "My Faith Looks
Up to Thee" (Lachner).

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH— Rev. W. J. Ciark, pastor. Services, II a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pas-tor. Sunday School and Society for Bible Study at 3 p.m.

HAMILTON ROAD METHODIST Church-Rev. S. J. Allin, paster. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Thomas Wilson, pastor. Morning, "Keeping the Heart." Even-ing, "Giving the Heart." Strangers welcome.

MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church—II a.m., "Cost of Love." 7 p.m., "Mazy Whirl." Seats free. Good

MEMORIAL CHURCH, CORNER OF Queen's avenue and William street— Rev. C. C. Owen, B.A., rector, First Sunday after Trinity, Holy Communion, 8. Services, 11 and 7. The rector will preach, Sunday School, 3, and Bible Class, 3:15.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church-Rev. A. J. MacGillivray, M.A., pastor. Rev. Dr. McRae, Westminster, will conduct services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Class at 3 p.m.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH-Worship tomorrow at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday School, 3 p.m.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Robert Johnston, D.D., pastor. The pastor will preach at both services. 11 a.m., "A Fallen Hero." 7 p.m., "Snammah, the Man Who Stood." 3 p.m., Sabbath School and Pastor's Class. Monday, Y. P. S. C. E. Wednesday, prayer meeting.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LON-DON-Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. Evans Davis, rector.

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL—MORNING—
"Venite" (Frost), "Te Deum" (Tours),
"Jubilate" (Tours). Preacher, Rev.
Canon Dann, B.A. Evening—"Cantate"
(Bridgwater), "Deus" (Bridgwater);
anthem, "But the Lord is Mindful"
(Mendelssohn). Preacher, the Dean.
Collection for Mission Fund.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH-Rev. Dr. Sowerby, pastor. Il a.m., "The Unwearied Runner." 7 p.m., "The Bird King." Baptism during evening ser-vice. All seats free.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST VELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. R. D. Hamilton, pastor. Il a.m. and 7 p.m. Rev. W. McMullen, B.A. Musical service in charge of J. W. Fetherston. Morning—Anthem, "My Soul Longeth" (Marsten); solo, "Just for Today" (Smith). Evening—Anthem, "O for a Closer Walk with God" (Forster); solo, "The Coming of the King" (Roeckel).

LOST AND FOUND.

PURSE FOUND-NEAR POSTOFFICE.

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

COMFORTABLE ROOM, WITH BOARD, for two gentlemen, at 433 Ridout street (near Dundas). 90c wty ONE NICELY FURNISHED ROOM FOR

two, with board, modern conveniences, terms moderate. Apply 461 Dundan street. 92c tzx

TO RENT — UNFURNISHED FRONT room, ground floor, with use of kitchen. Apply Box 40. Advertiser. 91cvty

Organ Bargains.

The following used Organs have been put in thorough order and are fully guaranteed.

Karn-10 stops......\$10 Kilgour-9 stops \$15 Morrish-8 stops \$20 Doherty-9 stops \$25 Thomas-13 stops\$30 Monthly payments of from \$1 up wil be accepted.

The Nordheimer Piano and Music Co.

a years established

189 DUNDAS STREET.

For ladies, children and men; manufactured as a specialty by J. & S. Bell. Pocock Bros. have sole control of these famous shoes, and keep in stock all the popular styles, in kid, enamel, and patent leather.

Hagar Shoes are a delight to the eye and a comfort to the foot. The woman who hasn't seen them has missed something; and she who hasn't worn them has missed still

Sold at prices 25 per cent less than any other high-class shoes.

POCOCK BROS.

Births, Marriages, Deaths. MARRIED.

SHARP-FRIEND-At the residence of the bride's parents, 117 Dundas street, London, on June 4, 1901, by Rev. A. Kennedy (uncle of the groom), William H. Sharp to Lillian Gertrude, second daughter of John Friend, of London.

MACDONALD-MOORE-At St. Paul's Cathedral, London, Ont., on Wednesday, June 5, by the Rev. Canon Dann, Duncan McGregor Macdonald, of the John Macdonald Company, Toronto, to Mabel Gwendoline, second daughter of Dr. Charles S. Moore.

DIET.

KEAST-On Friday, June 7, Margaret, beloved wife of G. W. Keast. Funeral from family residence, East Nissouri, to North Presbyterian Ceme-tery, tomorrow (Sunday); service at 1:30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC. Advertisements under this heading 10c per line, or 20 per word each insertion.

FAREWELL RECITAL—INEZ ETHE-LYN SMITH, assisted by H. Ruthven McDonald and W. A. Bleuthner, City Hall, Thursday, June 13, 8:15 p.m. Ad-mission, 50c.

THE DRAMATIC CANTATA, "BEL-SHAZZAR"—Tuesday, June 11, Colborne Street Methodist Church. Doors open at 7 p.m.; concert at 8 sharp. Chorus of 80 voices, with orchestra. Tickets on sale at all music stores. 88c ywt

THE GRAND TRUNK AND C. P. R. give special rates in connection with Allan and Beaver lines to the old country. F. B. Clarke has the same facilities for booking passengers by rail to Montreal with their tickets as any other office. Richmond street, next Advertiser.

VOICE CULTURE—EVA N. ROBLYN. Pupils prepared for intermediate and final examinations at Toronto Conservatory of Music, also for church and concert solo work. 'Phone 1,270, Studio, 323 Dundas street. Concert engagements accepted. SULPHUR SPRING BATHS-OPEN 7 a.m to 9 p.m. Plunge bath now open. Single bath, 25c; five tickets, \$1. Cole &

PRIVATE DANCING PARTIES—PAL-ACE Dancing Academy. Perfect ar-rangements guaranteed for summer season. Extra electric fans, ample ventilation, etc. Dayton & McCormick.



MEETINGS. Headquarters 7th Regiment London, June 7, 1901.
Regimental order — By
Lieut.-Col. A. M. Smith,

commanding:
The regiment will parade at the Drill Shed, in divine service order, on Sunday, 9th inst., at 8:45 a.m.
By order
W. A. McCRIMMON,
Captain and adjutant.
91u

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE shareholders of "Summerholm" will be held in the Young Women's Christian Association, Tuesday, June 11, at 4:15

NOTICE—THE GENERAL ANNUAL meeting of the shareholders of the London and Southeastern Railway Company will be held in the Board of Trade rooms, Richmond street, in the City of London, on Tuesday, the 25th day of June, 1901, at 4 o'clock p.m. J. W. Little, secretary and treasurer.

FEMALE HELP WANTED. le per word first insertion and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED - A YOUNG LADY AS booker. Address Box 41, this office. WANTED-A GIRL TO GO ERRANDS.
Apply Miss McNaughton, at RuniansGray Co.

GIRLS WANTED - RESPECTABLE employment. Good wages. Apply 99
Albion street, West London. 91u WANTED - EXPERIENCED SKIRT-MAKER. Apply 448 Simcoe street. 90c

GIRLS WANTED-APPLY McCORMICK Manufacturing Company. 79tf

DOMESTICS WANTED.

WANTED-50 GIRLS; \$2 TO \$5 WEEK, with board. Mrs. Lockhart, European Hotel. 'Phone, 944. WANTED-A GENERAL SERVANT-Apply Mrs. Smallman, 495 Dundas street. 91tf

WANTED — GENERAL SERVANT— References. Mrs. Jento. 280 Dufferin avenue. 90n KITCHEN GIRL WANTED-GOOD wages paid. Apply J. McMartin, City Hotel.

WANTED - NURSE MAID. APPLY between 7 and 8 p.m., 694 Talbot street.

WANTED-KITCHEN MAID. APPLY Mrs. Adam Beck, corner St. James and Richmond streets. 89k

WANTED-GOOD GENERAL VANT. Apply 87 Askin street.

HELP WANTED. BOYS AND GIRLS WANTED. D. S. Perrin & Co. 81tf

BUSINESS CARDS. WM. HODGSON, HOUSE PAINTER, paperhanger, decorator, contractor, etc., 410 Horton street. Orders promptly attended to, First-class work done. Patronage kindly solicited. Estimates free.

WATSON & CO., HOUSE MOVERS— Steam bollers and safes a specialty. 194 Hamilton road. 'Phone 1,231.

Fine Footwear.

Do not fail to see in OUR WINDOWS the very LATEST AMERICAN STYLES in Men's and Ladies' Footwear, just arrived from Nettleton, Florsheim, Gray Bros., Utz & Dunn, Edwin C. Burt,

and other celebrated manufacturers. We are proud to give the names of these manufacturers. They are a guarantee of the high standard of our Footwear, and in buying from us you are sure to get the best in the market.

Brown's Shoe Store

(Near Smallman & Ingram's) 145 DUNDAS STREET.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A LOCAL MAN WHO CAN handle a small block of stock, in a first-class paying concern. The right, man can make lots of money with a small investment. Write for particulars to Box 472, Montreal.

WANTED—BY AN OLD ESTABLISHED manufacturing house, resident manager for general sales agency. Salary \$1,500 per annum, and extra commissions. Office duties exclusively. Must furnish \$2,000 cash and satisfactory references. District Manager, 722 Union Trust Bldg., Cincinnati, O. 92u t

WANTED-MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade; \$60 monthly paid graduates; just completed arrangements to place our barbers on palace trains; also other positions; eight weeks completes; tools presented. Write today, Moler Barber College, Buffalo, N. Y.

ACTIVE, STRONG BOY FOR TOILET soap department. London Soap Com-pany. 90tf CITY CANVASSER TO SOLICIT building society stock; good situation for a gentleman possessing business-getting qualities. Box 443, London, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED.

PAKE ORDERS FOR OUR ALUMINUM Card Cases, printed cards, combs and other aluminum novelties. Catalogue free. Economy Co., 585 Lake, Chicago.

address and we will show you how to make \$3 a day; absolutely sure; we furnish the work and teach you free; you work in the locality where you live. Send us your address and we will explain the business fully; remember, we guarantee a clear profit of \$3 for every day's work; absolutely sure; don't fail to write today. Imperial Silverware Company, Box A407, Windsor, Ont. ywt

AGENTS WANTED FOR "ABE LIN-COLN'S Yarns and Stories," by Gen. McClure. Lincoln's great personal friend. Lincoln was the greatest storyteller that ever lived, and every story had a moral and a point. Five years spent in collecting, arranging and illustrating the stories. The work also includes 50 full-page portraits of the great men of Lincoln's time, with biographical sketches underneath. Every political, every lawyer, every preacher, every public speaker, every public man buys this book at sight. The best book for office canvass ever published. Circulars and terms free. Agents canvassing for other books should carry this as a side line. Mail 20e for prospectus. Apply World Publishing Company, Guelph, Ont.

AGENTS TO MAKE GOOD MONEY must sell something the people use and cannot do without. No capital or security required; must furnish names of references. Cooper, Box 531, London.

WANTED.

WANTED-BY SEPT. 1, SMALL HOUSE or cottage; modern; will rent or buy; central. 777, Advertiser. 92tf-tx MONEY WANTED-\$800 ON FIRST mortgage; property worth \$2,000; interest, 6 per cent. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, 420 Talbot street. ywt

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—SEVEN-ROOM brick house; 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room and kitchen, summer kitchen, woodshed, etc. Apply on premises, 134 Sydenham. Price away down. WANTED — MIXED RAGS; ALSO tailor and dressmaking rags, all kinds metal, old rubbers and bottles. Pay highest cash prices. Orders promptly attended to. H. Serwer, Grey street, corner Adelaide. 'Phone 1,199.

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

TO LET - FURNISHED COTTAGE, Port Stanley. Apply 442 King street. 92tf TO LET-COMFORTABLE COTTAGE. 631 Central avenue; 7 rooms. Apply 588 Adelaide.

TO RENT - FOR SEASON - LARGE cottage, completely furnished; refrigerator, etc. Fourth one facing lake, on Orchard Beach. Address Mrs. L. Tarry, Brantford, Ont. 87a

TO LET-THAT HANDSOME BRICK cottage, 85 Stanley street, with barn and workshop, for a light manufacturer. House, 7 rooms, with furnace, etc.; \$13 a month. Apply G. Park, corner Market Lane.

TO LET-NEW MODERN RESIDENCE. 8 rooms, 13 Edward street, near Elm-wood avenue; low rent. Apply on premises. 86tf ywt

TO LET-UNION FURNITURE VAN-Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce, South Lon-don, late of London Furniture Company. 'Phone 310.

FURNISHED COTTAGE—BY MONTH or season, at New Orchard Beach, Port Stanley. 182 Dundas street.

BUSINESS CHANCES. FOR SALE-BRICK GROCERY, BUT-CHER shop and dwelling combined; good business. Apply A. Casey, 474 St. James street, London. 76tf yt

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

HIGH GRADE FOLDING CAMERA, with Collinear lens; just the thing for Pan-American. W. Stark, Acton, Ont.

FOR SALE — A THREE BURNER wickless oil stove, with oven, Kemp's make. Apply 661 Queen's avenue. 91c FOR SALE-GASOLINE ENGINES—Cheapest and safest. See them in operation. A. J. Morgan, agent, 1,000 Wellington street.

CRAMMING MACHINES, FATTENING coops, incubators, etc. A. J. Morgan, Manufacturer, London. 86tf t

LADY'S E. & D. BICYCLE—ONLY used a short time. On view at the Southam Printing Company's office.

BICYCLE—ONLY On view at the and Lithographing 90n LADIES WHEELS, \$1; GENTLEMEN'S. \$1.25 a week, to rent or buy. Good second-hand wheels, \$10. J. H. Cunning-ham, 639 Dundas.

ACCOUNT
BOOKS.
LETTER
BOOKS.
BOOKS.
Ledgers, Journals, Cash
Books—Letter and Invoice
Books—Travelers' Duplicate
Order Books. Lowest prices
Plighest quality. CHAPMAN'S BINDERY.

'Phone 370. 91 Dundas St.

TENDERLOINS, 14c LB; THREE lbs bologna, 25c; 3 lbs headcheese, 25c; hocks, 6c lb; cooked ham, 30c per lb; see our choice hams and bacon at Park's, 1 to 5 Market House. ywt

WE HAVE HANDSOME FOLDING boat swings for the lawn; strong, light, fine for the young folks. See them at factory, corner York and Colborne streets, or write for description. The Waggoner Ladder Company, Limited, London, Ont.

HAVE YOU TRIED MIRACLE WASH-ING COMPOUND? It has no equal. Free sample at G. Marshall & Co.'s tea store. BEST BREAD IN THE CITY, 4 CENTS per loaf; new cabbage, from 5c to 10c; blueberries, 3 cans, 25c. First-class stock or groceries and fruits at lowest prices. A call solicited, at R. A. Ross', corner York and Thames streets.

1c per word first insertion and ½c per word each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FOR SALE—TOP BUGGY AND SET OF single harness. Inquire at Western 87n

ONE DOLLAR GOLD WALL PAPER for 10c. Ready-mixed paints; oil, glass. Scarrow, 434 Richmond. 59tf D. H. GILLIES & CO., LEADING WOOD dealers of the city, are selling good large load summer wood for \$1 25.

CHEAP WOOD AND COAL—THE SUB-SCRIBERS will sell half cord good dry soft wood, blocks, for \$2 cash; first-class maple and beech wood, and all kinds of hard and soft coal at the low-est cash price. Yard, William street and G. T. Railway. Green & Co. 'Phone 1,331.

SNAPS FOR THIS WEEK IN PIANOS that have been in use, but overhauled thoroughly and guaranteed for five years. One Gilbert & Co. piano, rose-wood, 7 octaves, good condition, \$65. One Dunham piano, 7 octaves, in elegant shape, \$106. One Williams piano, 7 1-3 octaves, extra condition, \$125. On easy terms of payment. Heintzman & Co., corner Dundas and Clarence. FISHING TACKLE, BICYCLE PUMPS,

bells, tubes, tires; all kinds of bicycle parts at lowest prices. D. McKenzie, 298 Richmond street, one door south G. T. R. ORGANS AND PIANOS FROM \$5 TO \$70; sewing machines from \$2.50 to \$20; bedroom sets and all kinds furniture and stoves taken in exchange for new. Remember the place, A. T. Parish, 357 Talbot street, south market square.

FOR BEST COAL AND WOOD, DELIV-ERED free, city, try Wm. Buchanan, 623 Colborne street. 'Phone 1,096.

WE CAN SAVE YOU FROM \$1 TO \$5 by purchasing your baby carriage or go-cart from us. Keene Bros., 127 King

HAPPY THOUGHT RANGES AND ALL kinds of stoves, new and second-hand. 100 cook stoves wanted; will pay cash, at F. Keene's, 141 King street.

EDUCATIONAL.

BOOK-KEEPING, SHORTHAND, TYPE-WRITING, penmanship, etc.—A complete business or shorthand course at the Western Ontario Shorthand and Business Academy, 76 Dundas street. Every graduate guaranteed a situation. For terms apply W. C. Coo, C.S.R., 76 Dundas street.

THE HARDING HALL GIRLS'
SCHOOL, LIMITED.
A Boarding and Day School.
Summer term begins April 15. For prospectus apply to Mrs. J. E. Wells, 681 Taibot street.

Executors' Notice to Creditors.

Executors' Notice to Creditors.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE of William Weston, late of the Township of West Nissouri, in the County of Middlesex, farmer, deceased:

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Cap. 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1897, and amending acts, that all creditors and other persons having any claims whatsoever against the said William Weston, who died on or about the 12th day of April, A.D. 1901, are required to send by post prepaid to the undersigned, at No. 420 Talbot street, London Ontario, solicitor for the executors of the last will and testament of the said deceased, on or before Friday, the 5th day of July, A.D. 1901, their Christian name and surnames, address and description, together with full particulars and proof of their claim or claims, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

And further notice is hereby given that after the said 5th day of July, A.D. 1901, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, regard being had only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and the said executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person or persons whose claims shall not have been received prior to the time of such distribution.

J. W. G. WINNETT, solicitor for the executors, Charles Weston and James

Dated at London, this 29th day of May, A.D. 1901. 84c wtt

Coal Tenders. TENDERS FOR SUPPLYING COAL

to the city buildings will be received up to 5 o'clock on Wednesday, the 12th June. Specifications and form of tender on application A. O. GRAYDON, ALD. SAMUEL STEVELY Chairman No. 3 Committee.

The Huron & Erie Loan & Savings Co'y DIVIDEND NO. 74.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of four and one-half per cent for the current half year, upon the paid-up capital stock of this company, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the company's office in this city, on and after TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1901.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th inst., inclusive.

By order of the Board.

GEO. A. SOMERVILLE,

Manager.

London, June 4, 1901.

REAL ESTATE.

Colborne street—Eligible building lot, immediately south of Colborne Street Methodist Church. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings, London, Ont. Dundas street, near Rectory street, St. Paul's Survey—Choice full-sized lot. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings. 774-76 Hill street—One and a half story semi-detached frame building; large lot. Price, \$500. Must be sold at once to close estate. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings.

estate. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings.

Brighton street—New frame dwelling; lot 40x106; sewer; a great bargain. Price, \$1,050. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings.

859 and 861 Colborne street—One story semi-detached frame dwelling; lot 84 by about 150; pays 10 per cent on \$800. Price, \$650. Must be sold immediately. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings.

Langarth street—One story frame; lot 60 feet Langarth and 150 feet Cathcart; a snap. Price, \$700. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings.

College avenue—One and a half story frame; brick foundation; 7 rooms; lot 40x125. Price, \$1,200. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings.

Elias street—Frame cottage, brick foundation; 6 rooms; lot 33x116; dirt cheap. Price, \$700. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings.

Dufferin avenue—Frame cottage, 6 rooms; lot 42 feet frontage; desirable location. Price, \$1,300. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings.

Ridout street—That eligible property occupying the southwest corner of Ridout and Craig streets. Will subdivide to suit purchasers.

and Craig streets. Will subdivide to suit purchasers.
Salisbury street—Excellent two story frame; brick foundation; 8 rooms; veranda; lot 50x183; in the "Highlands" subdivision; just outside city limits; taxes low. Price, \$900. A. A. Campbell, Molsons Bank Buildings.
For partial list of residences see Free Press. If you are interested in buying, selling or exchanging any class of real estate, you are invited to call.

A. A. CAMPBELL.

Real Estate, Loans and Investments,

Molsons Bank Buildings,

London, Out. C. H. ARMITAGE, Field Manager, 921f-t Telephone 642.

\$10 WILL BUY A BUILDING LOT AT
Port Stanley; balance in weekly payments without interest. I have six lots
which must be sold; beautifully located
on hill overlooking New Orchard Beach,
Apply to W. J. Taylor, Room 3, Masonic
Temple.

92bu tzx

CHOICE SITE FOR MANUFACTURER (corner lot); centrally located with G. T. R. siding. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, 420 Talbot street. ywt FOR SALE-BUILDING LOTS, NEAR new Normal School. Will sell cheap on easy terms. Apply 278 Ridout street. 18tf ywt

FOR SALE—FINE NEW ONE AND A half story brick house; hard wood finish downstairs; soft, cold and hot water for bath; furnace; electric light and gas for kitchen; fine central location. Call for particulars. J. F. Sangster, 403 Richmond street.

LONDON REAL ESTATE AGENCY. 87 Cartwright street—Good frame residence, 7 rooms; lot 40x150; in the best part of the city; owner removed to Toronto. Make your offers at once if you want a bargain.

Ten cottages—Oxford street, near Colborne; brick and frame; rare chance to secure a home cheap and on easy terms. Port Stanley cottage—New Orchard Beach; furnished in first-class style; everything ready to move in. To sell or rent.

rent.
To rent—Nice 6-roomed cottage, 525
Piccadilly street; low rent to good tenant, 582 Pall Mall street; brick cottage and barn. 445 Central avenue: modern brick house, 8 rooms; new furnace and plumbing. W. D. BUCKLE.

The Western

Real Estate Exchange.

781/2 Dundas Street, London. If you want to buy a farm send for our printed lists of over 250 farms for sale and exchange in Western Ontario. If you want to sell your farm, place it in our hands for sale; we can procure a purchaser for you if you will sell it at a fair price. This is the best time of the year in which to buy or sell farm property. We have a great amount of private and company funds to lend on mortgage at 5 per cent. JAMES BURROWS, Manager.

P. Walsh's Bulletin. 301 Simcoe street—A splendid two-story frame house on brick foundation; 9 rooms; in first-class repair; lot 33 by 190 rooms; in first-class repair; lot 33 by 190 feet. Price, \$1,800.

521 and 523 Dundas street—Two semidetached two story brick houses, 8 rooms each, lot 48x200 feet, at the low figure of \$3,000. Move quick.

474 Colborne street—Two story brick house, 10 rooms, all modern improvements lot 33x110 feet. Price \$3,000.

Queen's avenue—A large frame cottage, 7 rooms, in good order, good lot. Price \$1,000.

Beaconsfield avenue—1½ story brick house, 8 rooms, finished in style, good lot. Price to suit.

111 Duchess avenue—A new frame cottage, on brick foundation, 7 rooms, inside blinds, with two large lots. An immediate sale required, owner leaving the city.

mediate sale required, owner leaving the city.

260 Talbot street—A first-class 2-story frame house on brick foundation, 10 rooms, in good order, lot 50x110 feet. At a bargain. Call on us at once.

761 Maitland street—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern improvements, good lot, At a bargain.

669 Colborne street—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern, good lot. Price \$2,000 for immediate purchase.

King street—A large 2-story frame house, 10 rooms, in good order, frame barn, lot 56x175 feet. At a bargain to close. Fullarton street-A new 2-story brick

Fullarton street—A new 2-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern, nice lot. This property will be sold at very low figure.

The remaining lots on the Hamilton road and Redan street are now selling off fast. Secure a lot now, before this property advances in price.

Beautiful lots on Evergreen avenue lots on corner of Waterloo and Piccadilly streets, grand selection of lots in all the wards of the city. We invite you to call and see what we can do in real estate for you.

'Phone 1,021. P. WALSH. Il0 Dundas St.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ETC.

By Auction, at Jones' Auction Room Tuesday, June 11, at 10:30 a.m.

PIANOS, PARLOR SUITES, ARM-CHAIRS, bookcase, dining-room, bedroom and kitchen furniture, Technicon gas stoves, oil stove, etc.

b J. W. JONES, Auctioneer. Auction Sale of Household Furniture, Organ, etc.

J. W. JONES HAS BEEN INSTRUCT-ED by the executors of the late T. A. Parkinson to sell on the premises, 187 Waterloo street, on Thursday, June 13. at 10:30 a.m., the household effects, comprising Bell organ, parlor suite, easy chairs, center tables, pictures, carpets, rugs, chenille and lace curtains, blinds, sideboard, dining tables and chairs, crockery, glassware, silverware, fine hanging and other lamps, lounge, clocks. Singer sewing machine, contents of four bedrooms in suites, mattresses, springs. Singer sewing machine, contents of four bedrooms in suites, mattresses, springs, pillows, chamberware, Model cupboard, baby carriage, No. 9 Happy Thought range, with reservoir; square Radiant Home baseburner, Blue Flame oil stove, kitchen stove, refrigerator, kitchen utensils, etc.

J. W. JONES, Auctioneer.

Take a bottle of "Hazeline" with

Going to-

Buffalo Muskoka or the Seashore?

Wherever you go, and it will be hot enough soon to go anywhere, you will need a bottle of "Hazeline" to complete your list of toilet luxuries. It makes the face and hands soft as velvet; cures roughness, redness and any irritation of

Excellent for sunburn, tan, freckles, wrinkles, etc. A matchless preparation for the

Chemists and Druggists,

A ROBBER'S DRAMATIC

Burglar Rutledge Kills Himself

Leaped From a Gallery to the Floor Thirty Feet Below and Crushed

Toronto, June 8. - Frank Rutledge. one of the convicted bank burglars, with the shadow of the gallows looming above him, committed suicide yesterday in a most dramatic way by jumping from the interior gallery of the jail to the pavement below. His skull was crushed in by the fall, and he died about an hour after his nard

He and Rice had been down in the court house, where they were senburglary, and arraigned for the murduring their fight for liberty. Despair seems to have seized Rutledge, for

THE FATAL LEAP On arriving there he was taken, with another prisoner, in charge of one of the jail guards, to dinner, shortly fore 3 o'clock, when he made a sudden dash, and, springing up the stairway, mounted to a gallery, running round the inside of the jail, 30 feet from the

Reaching the gallery, he gathered himself together without a second's hesitation, and climbing over the railing, jumped to the floor below. He fell in a heap on the pavement, which is made of thick glass in an fron framework, and crushed his skull.

Guards at once hurried to his assistance and carried him to a cot, and Doctors Richardson and Sneath were soon in attendance on him, but he was unconscious. The back of his skull was crushed in. He died about one hour later, without recovering consciousness.

Rice and Jones. The terrible events of the past few days have already cost three livesthose of Boyd, shot down while doing his duty as a police officer; Thomas Jones, fatally injured while trying to

burglars, was the man who shot Boyd, and his conviction for murder is cer-

THE MURDER INVESTIGATION. The murder investigation was begun in the morning in the police court, and after the hearing of Constable Stewart's evidence was adjourned for a

mixed up with the prisoners in Chi-

ONTARIO Loan and Debenture Co. DIVIDEND NO. 75.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this company has been declared for the current half year ending 30th inst., and will be payable at the company's office on and after July 2nd next. The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to 30th inst., both days inclusive.

WM. F. BULLEN, Manager.
London, Ont., June 3, 1901. 92u 8-22

Executors' Sale of City Properties.

THE LONDON AND WESTERN
Trusts Company, Limited, have instructed Mr. J. W. Jones to sell at his rooms, 242 Dundas street, in the city of London, on Friday, June 21, at 3 p.m.:

Parcel 1—One and a half story frame house and brick house, known as Nos. 264 and 268 Bathurst street, and six frame stores, known as Nos. 287, 289, 291, 293, 295 and 297 Wellington street.

Parcel 2—Two double brick houses and five frame houses, known as Nos. 364, 366, 368, 370½, 372 and 374, north side East Grey street.

Parcel 3—Building lot on the west side of Richmond street, opposite "The McCormick Aged People's Home."

Parcel 4—Lots Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 16, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17, according to plan No. 215. This property is part of the estate of the late George Norts, situated on the south side of Nelson street and west side of Maitland street.

Terms and conditions of sale made known on date of sale, or upon application to The London and Western Trust Company, Limited, or to J. W. JONES, Auctioneer, GRAYDON, Yendors' Solicitors. Executors' Sale of City Properties.

the skin.

complexion. Only 25 cents.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE. 216 Dundas Street

SUICIDE!

in Toronto Jail.

His Skull.

tenced to 21 years at Kingston for der of Constable Boyd on Tuesday, he was silent and moody on his way back to jail.

DIED WITHOUT SPEAKING.

sciousness.
Rutledge was a native of Streetsville, Ontario, and had served terms
at Kingston for robbery and assault
before going to the United States,
where he became acquainted with

escape from the hack conveying him to jail, and Routledge, who killed himself to avoid the gallows.
Rice, the remaining one of the three

The sister of the dead burglar, who was known as Thos. Jones, again claimed his body. His real name, she says, was Francis Joseph Ryan, and her own Mrs. Black. She denied the story of the Chicago detectives that she was the Kate Spellman who was

FRIDAY'S COUNTY

Equalization Committee Presents Its Annual Report.

Bridge Matters Discussed and Disposed Of-Uniforms Asked for County Constables.

The county council met at 10:30 this norning and sat for two hours, when t adjourned to meet again at 2

a'clock. EQUALIZATION COMMITTEE.

The equalization committee reported as follows: Total number of acres assessed, 757,568; total value of real and personal property, \$25,249,826; equalized assessed value of real and personal property, \$34,116,182. Rate per acre-Adelaide \$42, Caradoc \$35, Delaware \$42, North Dorchester \$40, Ekfrid \$38, Lobo \$49, London township \$50, Met-calfe \$36, Mosa \$35, West Nissouri \$48, Westminster \$51, East Williams \$43, West Williams \$35, McGillivray \$42, Biddulph \$43.

BRIDGE MATTERS.

Councilor Elson's motion that the matter of constructing a bridge over the Thames at the Muncey site be laid over till the December session was carried, after a short discussion, in which Councilors Gough, Elson, Mc-Leod, Neely and Gray participated.

The special committee to open ten-ders for the erection of a steel superstructure at Beattie's bridge, over place: Doty's Creek, on the town line between Fore Dorchester and London townships, reported that tenders had been received as follows: Dominion Bridge Company, \$1.670: Hamilton Bridge Company, \$1. 668; Stratford Bridge Company, \$1,299; Windsor Supply Company, \$2,200. These tenders did not include the concrete required for the floor, which would probably cost \$200. The tenders being so much in excess of the cost of an or-dinary steel bridge, the committee did not award the contract, but decided to refer the matter to council.

Engineer Talbot was called upon for information. He informed the council that the increased cost of the structure was due to the heavier trusses required to support the extra weight of the concrete floor. The engineer gave it as his opinion that the time is coming when vastly stronger bridges will have to be built. The traction engines which now traverse country roads will, he thinks, soon be hauling car-loads of stone and gravel after them.

Councilor Elson moved that none of the tenders for Beattie bridge be accepted, but that the engineer adver-tise for tenders both for a steel bridge with wooden joists and guard-rails, and for a steel bridge with steel joists and guard-rails, Chairman Jackson and Engineer Talbot to be a committee to open tenders, decide which style of bridge to adopt, and award contracts. The motion carried.

joint committee, composed of the public improvement committee of Eigin and the board of road directors of Middlesex, reported that they had opened tenders for the erection of the south approach to Graham road bridge, and recommended the acceptance of these tenders: Superstructure, Hamilton Bridge Company, \$1,192; concrete abutments, G. A. Ponsford, \$1,148. G. D. concrete

Thames on the town line between Dunwich and Aldboro, in lieu of a town line bridge between Mosa and Ekfrid. There is a structure known as the low-water bridge on the site

at present. County Solicitor Elliott submitted his opinion re the legality of Elgin county council contributing the the maintenance of a bridge at the Muncey site. The solicitor said that the act under which the outside municipality could contribute to the erection of a bridge made no distinction between the erection and the maintenance, and therefore there was no legal bar to Elgin county assisting in maintaining the bridge. The opinion was ordered to be printed in the minutes.

UNIFORMS FOR CONSTABLES. Sheriff Cameron appeared before the council and asked that he be provided with at least ten uniforms, to be worn by the county constables in at the assize and county courts. He instanced York and other counties where this innovation is being adopted. The sheriff believed that a uniform on a constable increased his value one-half as a preserver of order and inspirer of respect. He recalled the recent tragedy in Toronto, and pointed out the ease with which an attempt at rescue could be made in the lower halls of the courthouse. Owing to the unsatisfactory lay-out of the building in this regard, a much larger force of constables is required than would otherwise be needed.

On motion of Councilor Elson, the sheriff's request was referred to the jail committee.

F. J. Craig, clerk of Strathroy, notified the council that the town council of Strathroy had passed a resolution favoring the erection of a consumption sanitarium, and recommending the taking of action by the county coun-The communication was referred to the sanitarium committee.

Lands for the Veterans.

The lands to be granted to veterans will be taken from the following dis-

tricts: Nipissing District-Armstrong, Bre

Nipissing District—Armstrong, Brethour, Bucke, Caldwell, Casimir, Dymond, Hilliard, Hudson, Hugel, Kirkpatrick, Loudon, Mattawan, McKim, Ratter, Springer, Widdifield.

Algoma—Aberdeen, Baldwin, Balfour, Bridgland, Bright, Day, Dowling, Foster, Galbraith, Gladstone, Hailam, Houghton, Johnson, Kirkwood, Korah, Lefroy, May, Merritt, Parkinson, Patton, Plummer, Rayside, Rose, Salter, Shedden, Tarbutt, Thompson, Victoria, Wells.

Thunder Bay—Blake, Conmee, Crooks, Dorion, Gillies, Gorham, Lybster, Marks, Neebing, O'Connor, Oilver, Palpoonge, Scoble, Strange.

Rainy River—Atwood, Aylesworth, Barwick, Blue, Burriss, Carpenter, Crozier, Curran, Devilin, Dilke, Dobie, Lash, Morley, Nelles, Pattulio, Roddick, Rosebery, Shenstone, Tait, Woodyat, Worthington, Van Horne and Zealand.

A LINIMENT FOR THE LOGGER.—
Loggers lead a life which exposes them
to many perils. Wounds, cuts and bruises
cannot be altogether avoided in preparing timber for the drive and in river
work, where wet and cold combined are
of daily experience, coughs and colds and
muscular pains cannot but ensue. Dr.
Thomas' Eclectric Oil when applied to
the injured, or administered to the ailing works wonders. works wonders.

CONVENTION OF BAPTISTS ENDS

After an Enjoyable and Successful Session of Two Days.

Association Passes Resolution Regarding the Church Educational Committees and Representatives.

Last night's session concluded the annual convention of the Middlesex and Lambton Baptist Association, which had been in progress for two days. The condition of the Baptist churches of the two counties, as shown by the reports submitted, is a most encouraging state, and the membership showing an

Should Be Our Attitude Towards Popmake their own boundary lines. Dr. Sowerby closed the discussion by saying that the remedy for all such evils was found in the true implantation of Christ's principles.

Reports of the various committees were received, and Dr. Sowerby was appointed to preach the annual sermon to the association next year.

The following additional election of committees and representatives took Foreign Mission Board-Rev. W. W.

Walker, London, secretary; R. Moore, Strathroy; Dr. H. E. Buchan, London; C. W. A. Woodburne, London. Home Mission Board-Rev. T.

Johnson, secretary; Rev. T. M. Fothergill, Strathroy; Rev. E. J. Stobo, Poplar Hill; N. I. McDermid, London. Grand Ligne Missison—Rev. J. A. Banton, Parkhill, secretary.

Manitoba and Northwest Missisons—

Rev. James Coutts, Sarnia township, secretary.

Representative to B. Y. P. U.—Rev. C. S. G. Boone, London.

Among the resolutions passed was one embodying the conviction of the association that the theological branch of the church's educational system should be made the paramount consideration, and recommending that the members of the theological staff be left free from duties of teaching other branches.

Rev. D. Fothergill, of Strathroy, gave an address on "What Are the Legitimate Methods of Raising Church Finances?

In the evening the annual rally of the Middlesex and Lambton Association B. Y. P. U. was held, the chair being occupied by Mr. F. Chalk, of Forest. After the consecration service, an address was given by the new secretary for home missions, Rev. W. Norton, of Toronto. Four five-minute addresses were given, the subjects being "Our Young People's Work," "The Duty of Individual Members," "Our Obligations of North People's Work," "Hersisonaries." tions Towards Young Missisonaries, Elements in Successful Service for

A deputation, consisting of D. Mc-Laughlin, S. J. McCreary and Dr. John Walker, asked the council for assistance in building a bridge over STATES HIS CASE

Experience of Both His Wife and Himself.

Each Has Tested the Powers of Dodd's Kidney Pills Each Has Achieved the Same Result-Dodd's Kidney Pills Have Cured Them Both.

Dromore, Ont., June 7 .- (Special) .-Mr. George Sackett drives the stage between Dromore and Holstein. That he is known throughout the country side goes without saying. When he was in trouble a short while ago he had the sympathy therefore of more than a few immediate friends and neighbors a man in another walk

would have. Sackett thought at one time he would have to give up the stage. Sitting up on the driver's seat day in and day out, rain or shine, hot or cold, he contracted a serious disorder. His kidneys became weakened from continual exposure. They gradually gave him more and more trouble. He felt that he couldn't keep up much

longer. It is nine miles from Dromore to Holstein. That means a round trip of eighteen miles. Two trains a day would make thirty-six miles of driving. Imagine this in a wet, driving snowstorm of March or February to a

man in a delicate state of health. Mr. Sackett did not give up driving the stage. Instead he sought the help of Dodd's Kidney pills. Did he find help? Read his own letter, a letter which tells also that his wife proved the truth of the saying "Dodd's Kid-

ney Pills are woman's best friends." "Having used other largely advertised remedies and all the medicines recommended to me by my friends for Kidney Trouble and excruciating Backache without the slightest relief, I was in despair. In the nick of time I was induced to try Dodd's Kidney Pills, and can never be too thankful for the advice which prompted me to do so. They simply took hold of my trouble and lifted it off me. I never heard of anything that gives such in-

stant relief.
"My wife owes even more to Dodd's Kidney Pills than I do. Her case was worse than mine. Mrs. Sackett would not be alive today only for Dodd's Kidney Pills. Both my wife and myself can truly recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills, for they do what they are claimed to do."

THE WEATHER AT WINNIPEG. Winnipeg, Man., June 7 .- The weather is rapidly regaining a more season-able aspect. The snow and slight frosts did no damage.

THE DEAD BURGLAR. Toronto, June 7.-The body of Thos. Jones, the bank burglar, who died at the hospital after having his arm amputated, following upon the shattering of the limb by a revolver bullet, while he was trying to escape, has been claimed by Kate Spellman, or O'Brien, of 538 Van Buren street, Chi-cago, who says she is his sister.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

STRENGTH OF HUSSARS TO BE INCREASED

Next Year the Corps Will Have 324 Saddles.

System-Additional Elections of Troops Parade to Divine Service Tomorrow-Providing Entertainment for the Men-Camp Gossip.

The 1st Hussars, which is the best known regiment in camp, will be increased to 324 saddles next year, and with the increase in the establishment the Hussars will probably adopt new headquarters for at least two of their one, the finances being in a satisfactory four squadrons. The county of Oxford may get one, and it is quite possible that Woodstock will be the headquar-At the afternoon session, Rev. Dr. ters. There is considerable speculation Sowerby gave an address on "What in military circles as to who will be the officers of the new squadrons of ular Amusements?" The reverend the Hussars, Officers from this county gentleman was non-committal, dealing will not be hard to get, it being only rather with principles than with cases. a question of choice. The augmentation The purpose of the paper was to draw in the Hussars will have the effect of a discussion and cause the speakers to making Major Stothers second in command, probably all the present captains majors, four of the lieutenants captains, while the second lieutenant will gain a step. The last rank named will be done away with so far as the cavalry regiments are concerned. There will be no second lieutenants in future The officers and men of A Squad-ron of the Hussars are distributed among the other three squadrons for drill purposes only. This has the effect of making Capt. Booker second in command to Major Stothers. On all other occasions A Squadron retains its

The troops in camp, together with the 7th Regiment and Collegiate In-stitute Cadets, will parade for divine service tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock. The regiments will take their positions on the spur of the hill, and as each regiment arrives in its place the officers will be brought to the front, and the bands will be placed at once at the place allotted for them. The duty band will play in the center of the parade ground for one hour immediately after their return. The Roman Catholics will also parade for divine service. The parties of all battalions will be marched by the several officers to the tree in the center of the grounds, where they will report to the brigade major. The duty band for the day will report to the brigade major, and will play for parade as far as Ade-laide street, when they will return to

the camp.
A committee consisting of one officer from each corps, and Major Denison, of the staff, met yesterday afternoon for the purpose of making arrangefor the entertainment of the men on Saturday. The non-commission-ed officers of the 27th Regiment will have an evening's entertainment on

The regimental bands have been brigaded, and practice every afternoon in the rear of the Y. M. C. A. tents. Mr. Philp, bandmaster of the 26th Regiment, has again been appointed brigade bandmaster, and will conduct the musical part of the church service to be held on the heights tomorrow morning. Acting Adjutant Duncan Campbell, of the 2nd Lancashire Fusiliers, of the

the Grenadiers of Toronto, was a visitor at the camp yesterday. Adjutant Campbell has been invalided home to recover from wounds sustained while serving in South Africa. He served with Gen. Buller, and took an active part in the engagement at Spion Kop, in which only 49 of the 120 Lancashire Fusiliers returned.

Some irregularity has been noted as to the manner of parading sick at hospital. Regimental surgeons will in future see that the sick are paraded at the hospital at 7:15 a.m., with their kits, and marched there under the command of a non-commissioner offi-cer or selected man.

The field officer for today will be Major W. Young, of the 33rd Regiment. Yesterday the time was occupied in the usual way, with drilling, inspec-tions and musketry practice.

TURF.

WON THE OAKS. London, June 7.—Cap and Bells II. won the Oaks at Epsom today.

Cap and Bells II. is a bay or brown filly (Domino-Ben My Chree), owned by Foxhall Keene. Lord Ellesmere's brown filly Sabrinetta (Kilwarlin-Sabra), was second, and Richard Croker's bay filly Minnie Dee (Fitz-Simon-King's Daughter), third. Twenty-one

BASEBALL.

An interesting game of ball was played on the Junior Aberdeens diamond between the team under the management of C. Stevens, and the Junior Aberdeens. The feature of the game was the pitching of R. Clark, and catching of L. Orr for Aberdeens, and batting of Kelland for Stevens' club. The score was 7 to 5 in favor of the Aberdeens. Batteries—R. Clark and L. Orr for Aberdeens; Stewart, Kelland, Jackson and Kelland, Stevens, Stewart for losers. Umpire, J. Bear. The Aberdeens would like to arrange a game with any other club in the city, average age 10½.

TWO 'FRENCH" DUELS.

Paris, June 7 .- A duel with swords was fought in the Parie Des Princes this morning between Max Regis, the anti-Semite Mayor of Algiers, and an agrarian journalist named Laber-desque. After nineteen rounds, with no result, the encounter was adjourned until tomorrow.

There was a second duel simultaneously in another part of the park between a writer on the Temps and another newspaper man. It resulted in the former being slightly wounded in the thigh by a pistol shot.

STEAMERS ARRIVED. Reported at.

Deutschland	New York Hamburg
Brazilian	Cape Magdalen London
Amarynthian.	Father Point Glasgow
Lord Char	le-
mont	Montreal Cardiff
Norwegian	Montreal Glasgow
Servia	New York Liverpool
Teutonic	LiverpoolNew York
Ultonia	Liverpool Boston
Canadian	LiverpoolNew York
Columbia	Cherbourg New York
Amsterdam	Rotterdam New York
Switzerland	Philadelphia Antwerp

The orange came to Europe from Africa in the eleventh century. Sir Walter Raleigh brought it to England in the sixteenth century. It was first planted in Australia in 1788.

MILD IN THEIR ACTION.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are very mild in their action. They do not cause griping in the stomach or cause disturbances there as so many pills do. Therefore the most delicate can take them without fear of unpleasant results. They can, too, be administered to children without imposing the penalties which follow the use of pills not so carefully prepared.

STRIKES THE SOURCE

the Disease.

There are lots of lotions, oils and salves that will, through their soothsalves that will, through their soothing influence, relieve temporarily the pain incident to piles. But is that all the sufferer requires? Isn't it a horrible thought to realize that the ease is only temporary and the disease goes on under the surface without a moment's interruption? Wouldn't it be wiser to select a remedy that seeks the source and regulates those deepseated disorders which induce the dissease of the source which induce the dissease of the source and regulates those deepseated disorders which induce the dissease of the source and regulates those deepseated disorders which induce the dissease of the source and regulates those deepseated disorders which induce the disseated disorders which induce the disease? Pyramid Pile Cure not only relieves the pain at once, but effects a permanent cure of the worst form of piles. You don't have to go through a tedious course of dieting while using it either. It strikes through those delicate membranes and tissues and sets the blood in healthful circulation, reducing at once the painful inflammation and congested tumors. This remedy is not a haphazard combination of drugs, but is a remedy invented by specialists who have treated piles and blood disorders successfully for years. Manufactured by the Pyramid Drug Co., at Marshall, Mich. Almost any first-class druggist has it on sale. Don't treat this disease with every lotion and salve that comes along. Remember the parts affected are among the most delicate in the human body. This remedy is absolutely safe, and no one need fear to apply it freely on the most inflamed The speed with which it allays the pain is an agreeable surprise to the suf-

LATE LOCAL ITEMS

-Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Clinger, accompanied by Miss Maud Gerry, of Craig street, have just returned from a week's sojourn at the Pan-Am-

-Mrs. Twining, of Montreal, will assist the choir of St. Andrew's Church at the evening service tomorrow. Mrs. Twining will be remembered as Miss Louise Daly, by many who enjoyed her singing years ago, when she was

one of the city's leading soloists. -Mr. James Burrows, manager of the Western Real Estate Exchange here, reports the following sales of farms during the past week: Mr. J. D. Moore's farm of 100 acres, the east half of lot 6, con. 4, in the township of Brooke, has been sold to Mr. Ma-Brooke, has been sold to Mr. Macauley, Cairo P. O. Mr. Nathaniel Tait has purchased 100 acres. Mr. Franz Lehrbass has purchased 50 acres from Mr. Tait, and Mr. Mathias Steinhoff has sold his 50 acres near Inwood, and has purchased 100 acres in the township of Moore in the township of Moore.

WILL SHOOT AT BISLEY.

Lieut. T. J. Murphy, of the 7th Regiment, who has been selected as a member of the Bisley team, has decided to go to England, having reconsidered his former decision not to make the trip this year.

PREFER ASPHALT.

Some of the property owners on King street, between Wellington and Adelaide streets inspected the tar macadam pavement on Queen's avenue, Thursday night, and as a result, have decided to petition for asphalt instead of the tar macadam.

imperial army, formerly lieutenant of the Grenadiers of Toronto, was a vis-bride was assisted by Mrs. R. W. McBRIDE-ROBERTSON.

A pretty wedding took place at the

residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. Robertson, Welland, Wednesday afternoon, when their elder daughter, Miss Florence, was given in marriage to Mr. Donald McBride, G. T. R. agent at Brampton.

KELLY-SCARLETT.

The Huron Expositor chronicles the marriage of Miss Margaret E. Scarlett, sister of Mr. Wm. Scarlett, of Princess avenue, city, to Mr. George Kelly, a prosperous young farmer of Morris township. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Rural Dean Hod-gins, in St. Thomas' Church, Seaforth, on Wednesday morning.

DR. SAUNDERS' SUCCESSOR.

Rev. C. T. Scott, B.A., who succeeds Rev. Dr. Saunders at the Dundas Street Center Church, has been in the ministry 19 years. He was ordained in 1887, and is a graduate of Victoria University. Since being in the Central Church, St. Thomas, he has been three years in Aylmer, and for the same period has been chairman of the St. Thomas district.

SPECIAL COUNCIL MEETING. The city council met last night and accepted W. R. Bird's and George Howe's tenders for painting the Western Fair buildings. Mr. Bird's figures were: For the covered grand stand, \$245; open stand, \$33; unpainted portion of poultry building, \$28; old portion of same building, \$38; making a total of \$394. Mr. Howe's tender was: Main building, without annex, roof of main building, \$110; horticultural, agricultural and dairy hall, \$165, a total of \$595, and bringing the cost of the entire work to \$989, or \$11 below the amount of the appropriation.

McQUEEN-McLEOD.

A dispatch from Portage la Prairie of 3, says: "A very pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. A. D. McLeod at 10:30 a.m. The contract-

GAS OUT

Right Food (Grape Nuts), Does Not Generate It.

School Ma'ams have troubles of their own. Their work is of a nerve destroying character, and frequently the question of food is a serious one with them.

The right selection of food will cure dyspepsia and many other disorders

of the body. Sadie Cromer, 191 Olney avenue, Marion, O., says that after she had suffered from stomach trouble for years and without being able to find food that would agree with her, she finally was induced to try Grape-Nuts. The trouble with gas and nervousness coming from indigestion, disappeared, and her own testimony says: "I gained in flesh so much that now I am heavier and better than I have ever been during the eight years I have

taught school here.

My stomach does not cause me the wish, but still continue to eat Grape-Nuts Food, for I like it and know of

A Pife Ours That Goes to the Root of the Disease. Monday Bargain Day



We have a new and very interesting story for you every day. Monday is our special sale day. We set before you in these columns excellent chances for you to save. We are always fishing for bargains, and we are very successful in catching them. When we secure them we turn them over to you. Here are a few we have for Monday.

Gowns

Fine Lonsdale Gown, with yoke made of tucks and insertion, neck, yoke and sleeves trimmed frill of embroidery. Monday's bargain day price...... 75c

Gentlemen's Night Shirts Made of heavy white cotton, with pocket, collar, cuffs and pleat

trimmed with finishing braid. Wrappers

In light Dresden print, fitted lining, rolling collar, full skirt, sizes 32 to 46, Monday special...... 70c

Drawers Ladies' Fine Cotton Drawers, with embroidery trimming, cluster of tucks above hem; regular 35c,

Monday

Skirts

hem, special at Belts

Patent Leather Belts, new shape, dip front, with steel or gilt buckles; regular 35c, for...... 24c Black, double patent leather, with

new shoe fastener, dip front effect; regular 50c, Monday..... 35c Fold Belt, in black, white and cream satin, oxidized or gold buckle, new long waist effect; regular \$1, for 69c

Special Sale of Hosiery, Underwear and Wall Paper on Monday.

We have a treat in store for our many patrons of this department. The list of goods for our

Monday Basement Sale

have all a newness and brightness, Seldom sold at such prices as these: 108 CLOTHES BASKETS, made of splint wood, very strong, well bound with strips on bottom, 18x28x11 inches, side handles; regular 35c, Monday basement sale.. 19d 16 only WASH BOILERS, made of strong tin, copper pit bottom to fit No. 8 and 9 stove; regular \$1 10 and \$1 50, Monday basement SALT BOX, with word SALT on front, drop cover, Monday basement sale

********************** Three Extra Specials in

BOWLS, made of hard maple,

13-inch size, Monday basement

Granitewear. GRANITEWARE STRAIGHT SEAMLESS SAUCEPANS, with cover, hold 4 imperial pints; reg-ular 50c, Monday base-ment sale

27 GRANITEWARE BER-LIN OR SOAP KETTLES, large size, hold 10 imperial quarts; regular \$1, Mon-· ment sale 33c

GLASS TABLE SETS, covered sugar bowl, covered butter dish, cream pitcher, spoon holder, neat pattern; regular 50c, only a few to sell, Monday basement sale ... 25c

WOODS' FAIR

ing parties were his daughter Antreal for a three-months' tour in England and Scotland." The groom is a brother of Principal McQueen, of Victoria school, South London.

KAINS-SHEARME.

At River Row Farm, Byron, the residence of the groom's mother, on Thursday morning last, Mr. Frederick Kains, son of the late Archibald Mc-Millan Kains, was married to Miss Elizabeth (Lily) Shearme, youngest daughter of the late Thomas Shearme, C.E., of Launceston, Cornwall, England. The bride, who was attired in light gray bengaline, trimmed with white silk, was attended by her sister, Miss Y. Shearme, and Miss M. Kains, sister of the groom. The groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Alfred Kains. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. H. Rhodes. After the wedding breakfast Mr. and Mrs. Kains left for Niagara Falls and Buf-

falo. FUNERAL OF MRS. McINTOSH. The funeral of the late Mrs. Mary McIntosh, relict of the late Gilbert Mc-Intosh, was held at Mount Pleasant Cemetery this afternoon. The remains were brought from Strathroy at two o'clock. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Johnston, of St. Andrew's Church. The pall-bearers were Messrs. W. H. and Wm. G. Murray, of Strathroy; A. G. McIntosh, of Toronto, and William, of New York, sons of devillam, ceased; Bert., of Chicago, grandson, and J. D. Meekison, of Strathroy.

GOES TO TORONTO. In yesterday's militia orders, it was announced that Capt. Carpenter, adjutant of No. 2 Company, R. C. R. I., had been transferred to No. 2 district, at Toronto, to take effect on the 1st of July. He will be succeeded by Lieut. Nagle, of Frederickton, N. B, Capt. Carpenter's removal will be much regretted both by the Wolseley Barracks force and his many friends in

the city. M. C. R. CHANGES.

A number of new coaches have been put into service on the M. C. R. for the Pan-American traffic. They are elegantly fitted up, and provided with all modern and up-to-date improvements. Extra passenger conductors have been set up at St. Thomas for regular runs on the railway, owing to the putting on of new trains on the time card which takes effect tomor-row. C. Lobdell and J. Lordan have been set up on the main line. former will run trains 32 and 1, and Mr. Lordon trains Nos. 31 and 6. Conductors George Gillespie and George Faatz will run trains 4 and 5, the new Pan-American specials. John Noonan and M. Delavergn will have charge of the new passenger trains on the H. and B. between Hamilton and Buffalo, and George Marr will be conductor of the new train on the Niagara

THE D. D. G. M.'S VISIT. The official visit of R. W. Bro. John Thornicroft, of Lambeth, deputy district grand master of London (or No. least trouble. I can eat anything I 3) district, to St. John's Lodge, No. 209a, last night, attracted a large attendance of members and visiting Nerve Pills.

brethren from the city and contiguous lodges, quite a number being officers The Brantford Courier says: "Mr. Ashman Moore, of this city, was quietly wedded to Miss Bertha Doidge, daughter of Mr. John Doidge, of London, in this city a few days ago. The bride was assisted by Mrs. R. W. Thorne. Rev. J. Pickering officiated.

Ing parties were his daughter Annie, daughter Annie, formerly of the teaching staff, Winnipeg, and Dr. D. D. McQueen, of Cyprus River. Rev. Dr. DuVal, of Winnipeg, performed the ceremony, after which a wedding breakfast was served. The happy couple left on the Atlantic express and on Saturday will sail on the Australasian from Montreal for a three-months' tour in English. Joseph Beck, Saltford; Dr. Shaw, Clinton; Rev. J. W. Hodgins, Seaforth; George F. Morris, J. S. Dewar and others; V. W. Bro. C. A. Kingston, E. T. Essery, W. H. Chittick and A. G. Smyth; W. Bros. John Lawson, Alex. Findlay, J. W. Butler, W. O'Brien, J. A. Smith A. W. White, T. A. Power. A. Smith, A. W. White, T. A. Rowat, C. Q. Morrow, John T. Stephenson, J. G. McNee and many other past masters. Subsequently the gathering adjourned to lunch. The W. M. of the journed to lunch. lodge, Bro. Weldon, occupied the chair and introduced a toast list which comprised the usual Masonic and patriotic sentiments.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Pan-American Exposition, Buffalo N. Y.

Send a two-cent postage stamp to M. C. Dickson, district passenger agent, Grand Trunk Railway System, Toronto, for handsome publication on Pan-American Exposition, maps of grounds and full information. 67tf

Special Train to San Francisco.

Via Chicago and Northwestern Railway, to leave Chicago Tuesday, July 9, 11:59 p.m. Stops will be made at Denver, Colorado Springs, Glenwood Springs and Salt Lake, passing en route the finest scenery in the Rocky and Sierra Nevada Mountains. Party will be limited in number and under personal direction of Tourist Department, Chicago and Northwestern Railway. Only \$50 round trip, with choice of routes returning. Send stamp for illustrated itinerary and map of San Francisco to B. H. Bennett, 2 King street, east, Toronto, Ont. 86n-t

Moth Proof.

If you are in danger of moths in your mattresses and feather beds, send them to J. F. Hunt & Sons, and have them steamed and rendered moth-proof. Iron beds, new goose feathers, pillows and mattresses in stock. Richmond street north. Telephone 997.

Three Every Week.

The following graduates of the West-ern Ontario Shorthand and Business Academy were placed in situations during this week: Miss Trace, with Stevely & Co.; Miss Campbell, with Harris & Co., and Miss Venner, with Johnson & Casey, barristers. Mr. Coorenorts a hig demand for young mon reports a big demand for young men who have a knowledge of shorthand. He can accommodate twenty more pu-School continued during summer months. For terms apply W. C. COO. C. S. R., 76 Dundas street,

Electric Vapor Baths.

The "mind is said to control the body," but the reverse is correct. The "body controls the mind," and hence, how necessary it is to keep it in perfect order by the Electro Vapor Baths. They are the ideal remedy for that purpose. Given at 320 Dundas street.

During experiments made at Turin new explosive called Pyrisite has been proved to be eight times stronger

For nervousness, sleeplessness, weakness, brain fag, lack of vitality, nervous prostration, faint and dizzy spells, tobacco heart, whisky nerves, general debility, etc., use Milburn's Heart and

than balistite.

THE LOCIDON ADVINER SATURDAY, JUNE 8

228, 230 and 232 Dundas Street, London.

We Like to Hear People Say

The "Three Busy Stores" is a different store than the others. There are other good stores in London, but they say it's pleasanter to deal at the "Three Busy Stores," where they see the crowds. Women tell us they buy with so much confidence, because they know they get right quality and prices without being posted, and another thing they know they save money. AND IT'S AN EVERY DAY BARGAIN STORE.

Millinery Bargains.

CHILDREN'S LEGHORNS, special prices, 59c, 69c, 79c, 89c each. WHITE WALKING HATS, silk draped and fancy ornaments, \$1 29 Ladies' Rustic Sailor Hats, in

white, velvet band, 29c and 39c each, 50c other stores. Ladies' Trimmed Fine Leghorn Hats, silk chiffon, foliage, etc., \$2 50 each. Ladies' Colored Fine Straw, 50c

sailors, navy blue, royal, cardinal, brown, black and white. Our price 25c each. Children's Lace Straw Hats, trimmed with chiffon, flowers and buckles, worth \$1 50, for 97c

Millinery Trimmings.

Fancy Rhinestone Buckles, Gilt Gents' Furnishing Depart-Buckles and Steel Buckles, 5c 25c, each.

Small Fancy Buckles, for dress trimming, at 5c each.
CHILDREN'S MUSLIN BONNETS, special, 10c, 17c, 25c, each.
Children's Pique and Embroidery Bonnets at 69c, 79c each. Cheap at

See Cur Table of Fancy Parasols.

Worth \$1 00 and up; your choice for 49c each.

MRS. BOTHA IN SOUTHAMPTON

The Noted Boer Commandant's Wife Refuses To Be Interviewed.

Going Straight to London, and Thence to Holland and Belgium---Object of Her Visit Not Made Known---The British Surprise Two More Laagers.

London, June 8.—Mrs. Louis Botha, on under the express understanding that the question of independence wife of the Boer commandant general arrived at Southampton this morning on board the British steamer Dunvegan Castle, from South Africa. She refused to grant an interview, but a son of Ex-Secretary of the State Fischer who accompanied her informed a representative of the Associated Press that Mrs. Botha was going straight to London, and later would proceed to Holland and Belgium, but that the date of her departure for the continent had not been fixed. Mrs. Fischer was unable to confirm or deny the report that Mrs. Botha had come to Europe on a peace mission. He was released on parole in order that he

might accompany her. Cape Town, June 8.-The British surprised two Boer laagers at difference points in Cape Colony Thursday night and captured 42 prisoners, 15,000 rounds of ammunition and a quantity of sup-

A railroad wreck occurred near Pretoria June 7, in which nine soldiers were killed and many injured.

PEACE PARLEYS. Durban, Natal, June 7.-It is reported here that Gen. Kitchener and Commandant Botha are conferring at Standerton. The meeting is said to have been arranged at the suggestion of the Boer commander, whose recent losses have inclined him more favorably in the direction of peace.

QUESTION IN THE COMMONS. London, June 7.—Replying to a question of Mr. Labouchere in the House of Commons today, Secretary of War Brodrick said that no instruction had been given that would prevent Lord Kitchener from receiving proposals for surrender from any Boer com-manders. He added, however, that neither he or the government had in any case consented to discuss the question of independence of the South African Republics.

Colonial Secretary Chamberlain said in reference to the meeting between General Botha, the Boer commander-in-chief, and Lord Kitchener on Feb. 23, that Mrs. Botha, the wife of the Boer general, had carried a message to her husband from Lord Kitchener that if he desired to discuss terms of peace with the latter he could do so. Lord Kitchener explained, however, that the negotiations must be carried

would not in any case be considered.

UNFOUNDED REPORT. London, June 8.—Replying to a question by Lieut.-Col. Arthur Hamilton, member for Hants, south division, in the House of Commons, yesterday afternoon, in regards to a news agency story from South Africa to the effect that during the fight between the British and Boers at Vlakfontein, the latter had shot two British officers in cold blood for refusing to show how the two captured guns were worked, Secretary Brodrick said that he had received a telegram from Lord Kitchener, which "I am glad to say the report is unfounded." Lord Kitchener added that he has asked the correspondent for his

authority for the statement. Mr. Robertson asked why the stateada Atlantic Railway, has left for Montreal, whence he sails on the ment had been allowed to pass the press censor Mr. John Bryn Roberts, Radical mem-

ber for the Eiflon division of Carnar-vonshire, who is opposed to the Boer war, asked if the government intended to take steps to prosecute the disseminator of this statement.

TALK OF BOER INDEPENDENCE. Mr. Broderick, the war secretary, replying to a question in the House of Commons regarding the probability of and Miss Catharine Rymal, daughter an early conclusion of peace in South of Mrs. A. W. Rymal, Augusta street, states with the Boers.

Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, informed the Austrian deputation that the government could not entertain a suggestion of mediation between Great Britain and the Boers because serious government would care to take mediation after the British Government declared that it would not accept mediation, and an offer to mediate would be regarded by Great Britain as an unfriendly act.

Ottawa, June 8.-A message from Lord Straticona states that the war office has agreed to the militia department paying the imperial war gratuity to the soldiers who came direct from South Africa.

the object of suitably marking the memorial tablets over the graves of Canadians who fell in South Africa. It is her excellency's intention to appeal to the Canadian public for funds to carry out the patriotic scheme as outlined. Each grave will have a tablet, and the relatives of the soldier buried therein will be named individually and be asked to choose the in-

Africa, reaffirmed that the government would not consent to discuss the future independence of the conquered Count Goluchowski, the Austro-

Miss Mabel Lawrence Burt, of Bridgeton, N. J., daughter of a pro-minent lawyer of that place, has confessed to the larceny of jewelry and money amounting to \$2,500 from various students at Smith College, Northampton, Mass. Mr. Ewart, public works, will sail on Saturday, the 22nd, for England, to visit the royal mint and similar buildings on the continent, with a view to obtain-ing pointers for a plan for the Ottawa

IMPERIAL WAR GRATUITY.

was late on leaving Montpelier and made the run of 97 miles in just 97 minutes, including a stop of three minutes, including a stop of three minutes at Adrian, and slowing up to 20 miles an hour at Britton. Lady Minto is much interested in A VISITING

GHOST AT SEA

Chatham is preparing for a grand celebration on Dominion Day.

that her condition is about the same as reported yesterday.

A second gunboat, a relic of the war of 1812, has been location the Thames two miles above Pik. The

At Winnipeg, Mr. Justice Richards sentenced James Stone, a sneak thief, to seven years in the penitentiary.

The organization of a dozen coal and coke operators into the Tri-State Coal and Coke Company, has been ar-

An attempt was made yesterday morning to burn St. John's College

and Seminary, Brooklyn, in which 18

priests and 40 seminarians were quar-

It is stated that the figures returned to the census bureau show Hamilton's population to be 52,585. This is an in-

crease of 5,300 over the city's population

At the convocation at the University of Toronto Friday the degree of LL.D.

was conferred on the governor-general

and on Dr. Louis Frechette, the poet

Spring clean-up of the Klondike camp is estimated at \$15,000,000, and

the summer output at \$10,000,000. Gold

dust is now coming into Dawson at

According to the auditors' report, the

total cost of the Essex house of refuge

has been \$31,813 22. Of this amount \$20,-000 is already provided, and the bal-

ance will be met by the sale of deben-

Vivian T. Bartram, formerly of the

general manager's office of the Can-

steamer Australasian as Col. Steele's

Two years in Dorchester peniten

tiary and thirty lashes was the sen-

tence imposed by Judge Forbes, in the

county civil court, at Halifax, on Jos-

eph Mussell, aged 45 years, for crim-

Hamilton Times: Mr. T. A. Rodger, the popular secretary of the Y.M.C.A.,

chief architect of

private secretary.

inal assault upon a child.

branch of the royal mint.

One of the fastest passenger runs

were married yesterday after Rev. Neil McPherson officiated.

the rate of \$30,000 to \$40,000 a day.

ranged at Cleveland.

amounts of \$25 at a time.

of the French-Canadians.

tures.

Spook That Gave the Captain Sailing Directions.

Told the Levesick Skipper of the Ingomar Low to Steer - He Obeyed, Rescued His Old Sweetheart and Put a Ghost Out of Business for Sixty Years-An Old Sailor's Tale.

[New York Sun.]

They're a queer set of sperrits that frequents the seas and they do some mighty queer things, as any sailorman knows," said Capt. Bill Kinsman, as he cut a pipeful off a plug and proceeded to roll it between his horny palms. "But the queerest spook I ever see was one that put itself out of business for sixty odd years by making

a mistake.
"It happened when I was a young man on a viyage from Maracaibo to Liverpool on the bark Ingomar with a cargo of mahogany. A chap by the name of Teague was the captain, and the sickest-looking skipper he was that ever let a ship's crew do as it pleased. He was a powerful, bigboned man, but gaunt as a wolf, with his clothes hanging loose all over him and his eyes burning away back at the end of two sort o' caverns.

Instead of taking his rest like Christian, he set up on the taffrail, in his watch and out of it, fair weather or foul, sleeping sometimes but most while looking out over the sea like a man in a trance. 'Bout once a day he'd come down for a bite to eat and a look at the first mate's figgers and then back he'd go with never a word out of him.

"It didn't take many days out of port before they begin to be whispers among the crew. What was it, we wanted to know, that'd make a man like Teague shrink away from his clothes and shun decent men's neigh-borhood? What was it his burning eyeballs saw out yonder in the black

'Mates,' says Ben Wickes, who'd lost one of his eyes on a man-o'-war, 'I know the signs. It's blood spots of his own making and they's no good goin' to come to them as travels with

"I don't know jest what the crew'd a done if it hadn't happened that Ben's remarks come to the ears of the first mate. Soon's they did the mate comes thumping into the fo'c'sle and

lays Ben out with a smash under the 'Now, ye swine,' he says, turning

to the rest of us, 'is there any of you ever had heart enough to love a woman? Two years ago they was a feller about to get the likeliest gal in Portland, Me., for a wife. She quarre'ed with him a week before the wedding, about nothing, as women will, and up and married a dub that was worth no good woman's thoughts. Well, the chap that got left is him that's sitting up there on the taffrail. Ye dirty snakes, that's what love does sometimes to a man. Now if they's any of you wants a broken head let me hear another yelp about blood spots.'
"After that nobody felt called on to

give his opinions of the captain. reckon the crew was more sorry for him than anything else, though Ben

Wickes shook his head and did a heap of mumbling under his breath. And we certainly begin to have a queer viyage. We was on a nor' nor'east tack and we had a purty fair breeze most of the time, but somehow that ship seemed to make mighty little headway. The sea was a dirty oil color and it seemed to sort of ketch hold of us and stick on. It was like sailing through molasses. Wickes shook his head and did a heap

sailing through molasses.
"'It's coming soon,' says Ben Wickes one dog watch when the first mate was out of hearing.

"That same night it came up to rain on the captam's watch and he sent me down after his oilskins. Foot of the companion-way I looked into the cabin and there at the captain's table, as I'm a living man, sat a little brown-Peter Voursky has been arrested at Montreal on the charge of swindling a number of Greeks out of \$500 in amounts of \$25 at a time. one look and then made for the quarter-deck.

"'Where's them skins?' says Teague.
"'If you please, sir,' I says, 'they's a lady at the cabin table writing.'
"Teague looked at me for full half a minute and life eyes was like them of a man that's gone blind. Then he spoke kind of soft. "What kind of a locking woman

was it?' says he. "'She was a little plump woman,' I says, 'with brown hair that was brushed back—

"Teague's face became white as a corpse's and he held up his hand.
"That'll do,' he says. 'Go down and ask the lady to kindly step up!'

"I wasn't hankering after that cabin jest then, but it was better than Teague's voice. Before I got to the foot of the companionway I see she was gone. I went over to where she'd been sitting and there on the table was a sheet of paper and on it in a woman's writing was the three words, 'Steer due south.' I grabbed the paper and went back on deck. As I came up it seemed as though Teague's eyes grabbed hold of me grabbed hold of me.

At the annual roll call of the Clin-"The lady's gone, sir,' I says, 'but ton, N. Y., National Missionary Union this here paper was on the cabin over one hundred responded to their names. There are 60 missionaries in attendance from the China fields

"I don't know how he got the paper. I didn't hand it to him. He jest had it. Then there come a sound like a herd of bulls bellowing and it was Teague calling to the man at the

"'Hard starboard,' says Teague and around she swung. "'Keep her due south,' says Teague,

'and mind your eye.' That minute the breeze shifted fair and begin to freshen and inside of two hours we was jumping along at 10 knots. The deck mate looked feazed when he come on deck to take his watch, but Teague give his orders and didn't make no explanations. Then he went up into the bow and took his seat in the knighthead.

"For seven days that fair breeze lasted and for seven days we went clipping south, with the sun so hot that it boiled the pitch out of the that it boiled the pitch out of the decks and our port of destination further and further over our port quarter. And for seven days Teague set up there on the knighthead looking forward out over the sea. We passed ships and then got past the traveled

way and Teague paid no heed.
"But on that seventh day we raised a speck on the horizon and Teague jumped to his feet when he seen it. We come up to it in the first dog watch. She was what was left of a fine schooner, her masts gone and laying so low in the water her decks was partly awash.

ever made into Detroit, says the Detroit News, is to the credit of the Wa-"'Lower away the yawl,' saya Teague. It was his first word since bash. Engineer Wm. Tuck, on No. 603, he'd turned the bark south. "I was in the yawl's crew. They was a dozen starving men with blood-

shot eyes on that wreck and two or "'Water,' the men whispered, as Teague come aboard, and held out their hands.

'Where's the woman?' Teague. 'Dead-under yon tarpaulin,' says

one of the men. 'Poor little woman, Barker beat her to death before she 'God be praised,' says Teague, in

a quiet voice that shook that water-logged wreck. 'And which of you's " 'Dead a week,' says the man. 'Give

us water.' Teague went over, pulled the tar-

paulin off and picked up the woman that was lying under it up in his two hands. They said afterward that she'd been dead three days. He looked at her a minute and put his face down to hers. Then he hollers out: "Some brandy here—this alive.

"They passed him a flask out of the yawl and he forced some down be-tween her set teeth. Then he loosened her dress and rubbed her body and blew in her mouth and worked over her for two hours without raising his head. And then, as I hope for mercy, the woman's eyelids begin to flutter like a loose studdin' sail in a light breeze and her eyes opened and she

smiled with 'em up at Teague. And Teague, as I live, set there swelling up to the size of his clothes with every second that passed. 'Come here, Bill,' says he to me, speaking soft as a woman with a young baby; 'is this her you see in

the cabin? 'I crept over and looked at her. 'Yes, sir,' I says, 'though not so

"'Well, how,' says Teague, 'could that sperrit of hers come to be settin' in that there cabin, with her not dead

yet, down here fourteen hundred miles "At that the woman opened her eyes and smiled up at Teague again.
"'You was a long time coming, Jim,'

she whispered. 'I-I been a-dreaming that I was writing you a letter.' "They was married when we got to port a month overdue. Teague lived to be 78 but his wife was 81 when she

died. Sometimes I've felt sorry for that poor little brown-haired ghost that had to wait them sixty long years before it had a chance to get about again."

HUMOR OF PHILLIPS BROOKS. It does not lessen the dignity of Phillips Brooks' memory to learn from his biographer, Alexander V. G. Allen, of Cambridge, that he had an abounding sense of humor-humor that crops out

in a fund of anecdote.

To the person who wondered at the possibility of the whale's swallowing Jonah he said: "There was no difficulty. Jonah was one of the minor pro-

Contrasting the ancient church with the modern, he remarked that the early devout tried to save their young men from being thrown to the lions. "Now," he added, "we are glad if we can save them from going to the dogs. A clergyman going abroad talked in

jest of bringing back a new religion with him.

"You might have some trouble in getting it through the custom house

someone remarked.
"No," observed Bishop Brooks; "we may take it for granted that a new religion would have no duties at-tached." A person, for the sake, no doubt, of

argument, once drew attention to the fact that some men, calling themselves atheists, seemed to lead moral lives,

and Brooks promptly disposed of it.
"They have to," said he. "They have no God to forgive them if they don't."

—Youth's Companior

EKFRID AND MOSA WANT BRIDGES

Proceedings at Yesterday Afternoon's County Council.

At yesterday afternoon's session of the county council, ex-Warden Hardy was present and was invited to a seat on the platform beside the warden The erection of new bridges again occupied considerable of the time of the council.

The first report of the house of refuge committee recommended payment of accounts totaling \$2,178 70. The committee had no power to comply with the suggestion of the Woman's Christian Association that the bodies of deceased inmates of the House of Refuge be interred and not handed to the medical college for dissection. A number of repairs were recommended.

The report was adopted. The second report, of the jail committee, recommended that the request of Sheriff Cameron re the supplying of ten uniforms for the constables in attendance at the county house, be referred to the committee appointed to meet the city council re repairs to the By agreement with the city the latter body pays 65 per cent of repairs to the courthouse or supplies for

In the discussion which preceded the adoption of the report, the terms of "wooden men," "cripples," and other uncomplimentary titles were applied by Councilors Campbell and McLeod to some of the constables who are employed in the courts.

the same.

Councilor Elson moved that Mr. C. C. Hodgins, of Lucan, be appointed arbitrator to act with the two arbitrators appointed by statute, to investigate and arbitrate upon the petition of the ratepayers of school section No. 4, Ekfrid.

A motion was passed that the engineer be instructed to examine the site known as the low-water bridge site, on the townline of Dunwich and Aldboro, make an estimate of the probable cost of a new bridge and report to council at the December ses-The report was adopted.

The report of the special committee to meet a committee of Oxford county. to decide on a remedy for the sinkhole on the townline between Dorchester and Dedham, recommended that Geo. Neeley be added to the committee, and, that the council's offer of \$300 to assist the townships to build a causeway be continued. The report was adopted.

Councilor Campbell moved, seconded by Councilor Graham, that the council take advantage of the offer of Elgin county to pay one-half the cost of building a bridge over the Thames the townline between Dunwich and Aldbore, said bridge to be built in 1902. The motion was referred to the board of road directors.

The council adjourned to meet at 10 There is no form of kidney trouble, from a backache down to Bright's d's-ease, that Doan's Kidney Pills will not

The mines of West Australia produced in the first quarter of 1901 \$7,-635,000 gold, against \$7 365,000 in the same period of 1900.

relieve or cure.

SINCE OUTBREAK IN DECEMBER LAST

"Bargain Spots" Among

the Silks Again.

will be glad to hear of-and heed.

SILKS, in black and red, yellow and white, manye and white,

pink and green, red and white,

green and white, pink and white, regular 75c silks. Bargain

again for you, ladies. Our price, 25c

400 yards of Navy Blue and White

Black and White Silk Checks-

regular \$1 00 silks, for 50c and 59c

A SPLENDID BLACK TAFFETA SILK, wide widths, regular 75c, for

ment.

Men's Balbriggan Underwear, ex-

tra value, at 25c and 29c each. Men's Fine Balbriggan Under-

wear, worth 45c, for 39c each.
Men's Fine Balbriggan Under-

wear, double thread, worth 50c,

Big Line of Traveler's Samples of

Gents' Hose, worth 25c, for 15c pair. Fine Fancy Socks, cheap at 35c;

our price 25c pair. No two pairs

Two Lines of Men's Heavy Work-

ing Socks at 10c and 121/2c pair.

Corded Silk, regular 50c, for 25c

vard. Come now.

50c yard.

for 40c each.

We are told that a good advertisement should contain

50 per cent of news. This should be a doubly good adver-

tisement, for the prices are all right-and much less than else-

Big bargains that saving women

500 YARDS OF FINE CHECK

There Have Been One Thousand Cases of Smallpox in Ontario-Its Spread in

New York. Toronto, June 8.-There have been 1,000 cases of smallpox in Ontario since the present outbreak in December. This statement was made by a smallpox expert who has covered most of the infected districts. The provincial board of health has received notices of at least 700 cases all told, and 300 Listens to Rev. Dr. Briggs' Remore cases would be a conservative

estimate, the report says, of the people who have had the disease in remote portions of the province.

They are not clear of the disease in Rat Portage district. Yesterday four new cases were reported to the pro-

vincial board from Blind River. Albany, N. Y., June 7 .- Dr. Johnson secretary of the state health commission, went to Suffern, Rockland, today to investigate a complaint made by the health authorities of New Jersey to the effect that smallpox was being brought into that state from this state and that the disease had been traced! to Sufferin. Dr. A. S. Zabriskie is health officer of Sufferin, and he was asked some time ago by the state health department what the conditions were. He replied that there was no smallpox there, but that there was a number of cases of "Cuban itch." Subsequently investigation, however, showed that these cases were in every instance smallpox. Dr. Zabriskie, how-ever, insisted that there was no smallpox, and wrote the state health commissioner that that official must regard him as an ignoramus if he thought he did not know smallpox when he saw it. Conditions in Sufferin are said to be serious. In one family there are six cases. It is also believ ed that the disease is being carried not only into New Jersey, but into New York city and other localities. Dr. C. F. Curtis, the state health department's expert on contagious diseases, says there is no such disease as "Cuban itch." Dr. Johnson will make a thorough investigation, and unless steps are taken to remedy the condition of affairs may recommend a suspension of Dr. Zabriskie by the local health authorities.

An Australian Fish Story.

[London Mail.]

Writing from Bunbury, West Austra-lia, to a brother in London, Mr. Reg-inald Shaw relates the following amazing incident, which, he states, happened to one of his party when fishing from the jetty:
His friend had baited his hook with

a large whiting, hoping to catch a kingfish, when a shark about seven feet long swallowed it! The angler gently brought the shark to the surface of the water, while a man working on the jetty came to his assistance with a big iron hook, and after several inef-fectual attempts to jab the hook into the shark's mouth the latter got away.
On pulling up his line the fisherman found that he had lost the whiting bait, but had hooked two large ribs of beef from the stomach of the shark. Then, to the amusement of the crowd one of whom remarked, "Well, fair ex-change is no robbery," he landed the beef safely on the jetty.

THE LONDON CONFERENCE

port Re Book Concern.

Rev. Robert Johnston, D.D., Speaks in Behalf of the Lord's Day

St. Thomas, June 7.-The conference reassembled at 8:45. Evangelist Russel gave another address on "A Spirit Filled Ministry."

The following ministers were reported to have died during the year: London district, Thomas Crews; Stratford, Richard Service; Wingham, William Norton: Ridgetown, Thomas Webster, D.D.; St. Thomas, S. G. Staples, A. E. Griffith, and a memorial service was held in this connection.

THE BOOK CONCERN. Rev. Dr. Briggs, the veteran book steward of the Book Room, Toronto, was introduced and presented the work of the Book Concern. For 21 years Dr. Briggs has occupied his present position, and he is held in universal

esteem by the conference. The reception given by the conference to the report gave evidence that the results of the year's business were entirely satisfactory. The report show-ed that the total circulation of the periodicals had increased during the year by about 6,000. The circulation of the Christian Guardian is upwards of 20,000. The total turnover concern was \$524,000. Several of the periodicals had been enlarged and improved. The profit of the year had been \$20,000, of which \$12,000 had been turned over to the superannuation fund, the largest sum ever contributed to that fund by the publishing house. Dr. Briggs read a statement prepared by the auditors, showing that in the 21 years preceding his administration only \$4,000 had been contributed to the suppression fund while in the 21 years proposed fund while years proposed fund while years proposed fund while years proposed fund years pro superannuation fund, while in the 21 of the doctor's administration \$124,000

had been contributed. A well-worded resolution was pre-sented by Revs. Gundy and Philp, ex-pressing the highest confidence in the management of the Book Room.

Rev. Dr. Johnston, of London, representing the Lord's Day Alliance. gave an address strongly urging for a better observance of the Sabbath. It rests on civil and moral groundson physical and Christion grounds. He made a splendid appeal, which was most heartily indorsed by the conference, in a resolution introduced Revs. McAlister and Locke. Mr. W. H. McCutcheon reported for

the nominating committee.

A memorial, re catechisms, was sent to the Sunday school committee.

The president asked that the expresident be permitted to preside at to which anyone is welcome who will the opening of the afternoon session.

After devotional exercise conference

Special cases were referred to their everal committees. Miss Scott, of Toronto, representing the Deaconess' Training School, was warmly welcomed, and spoke most enthusiastically of the work in this department of church enterprise, which has been organized for seven years.

doing good work.

The work was recognized by a resolution asking the nominating commit-tee to name a committee and report. Mr. David Plewes, a prominent Methodist layman, was introduced, and gave some sound advice to preachers—first, to be natural; second. to preach the truth.

Rev. Dr. Orme, of Buffalo, was introduced and addressed a few words to the conference, and spoke in course of his remarks on the opening of the Pan-American on Sunday. Rev. Joseph Philip, B.D., presented the report of the educational board.

At 4 o'clock the order of the day was taken up.

A memorial service was held for those who have died during the year, namely Revs. Thomas Crews, R. Service, William Morton, Dr. Webster, A. E. Griffith, S. G. Staples. Conference adjourned at 5:30

Whiting moved the resolution and Rev. S. Bond seconded, and carried by a standing vote. NOTES.

In the First Methodist Church the reception service was held, when eight

young men was received.

Rev. J. P. Rice was appointed correspondent for the Christian Guardian. Rev. G. H. Long was appointed as conference statistical secretary. Many visitors were in attendance to-

day. Evangelist Russel is making his home with Crossley and Hunter during conference.

BALLYMOTE. Work is in full swing at Ballymote

cheese factory, located on con. 7, London township, and the supply of milk continues to increase each week. This factory is a combination of Geary's and Union Hill. The location is an ideal one, being on a hillside, high and dry, and perfect arrangements for handling of the whey dispenses with all offensive odors. About 16,000 pounds of milk are handled each day, exxcepting Monday, when the average de-livery is 22,000 pounds. Four hands are employed, chief of whom is W. D. Dale, well known through Westminster and Dorchester, who, with 17 years' experience, and many first-class honors to his credit, obtained in various exhibitions, is eminently fitted to give good value to his patrons. Everything about the place is neat

and up to date, and no doubt the sea-son will be a successful one. Farmers having about sold their supply of hogs, cheese factories in many parts experience trouble in getting 1id of their supply of whey, which pos-sesses such excellent fattening quali-

ties. It seems waste to throw it away. Hogs are very scarce in London township, and as a result Ballymote fac-tory has a big supply running away,

London Adbertiser.

[Established by JOHN CAMERON, in 1863.] LEADING DAILY IN WESTERN ONTARIO.

Sworn Average Daily 8,688 Sworn Average Bully Circulation for 1900.

Advertising and subscription rates furnished on application, Address all communication.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY LONDON, ONTARIO.

London, Saturday, June 8.

The Ontario Government—Sowing and Reaping.

There is a sowing time and a reaping time in political matters as in everything else, and there are critical moments in the life of a country, as well as in the life of an individual.

A great deal depends upon the principles adopted by the rulers of a nation, just as a great deal depends upon the principles adopted by an individual. What the future of the nation, what the future of the individual is, is largely decided by the principles put into active operation.

The period of the Pacific Scandal was a critical time in the history of Canada. The time of the rebellion of 1837 was another. The questions of provincial rights fought between Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir Oliver Mowat were each critical-the boundary of the province, the right to issue licenses, and other questions. Take the effect on the future of the province of Sir Oliver Mowat's triumph on the boundary question, the millions of acres of land, out of which numbers of counties can be carved, and which will yet be the home of millions of prosperous and happy peo-

ple. The sowing of the right ideas, the Aghting for the right principles by Sir Oliver Mowat in that day, enables the Government of today to carry out the work of development it has now in hand. Had Sir John A. Macdonald succeeded how much would this province have lost? It is impossible to estimate the amount in money and influence. The vast wealth of that region is being explored; and what the people should remember is, that by the adoption by Sir Oliver Mowat of a sound position on these questions; by the vigorous and successful fight he made for that position; by his success, the province gained an unestimated and inestimable advantage.

In whose hands should the development and care of those advantages be placed? In the hands of the righthand man of Sir Oliver Mowat, the perty will revert to the civic managers, Hon. George W. Ross, or in the hands and the rentals will be devoted to reof the followers of those who stub- ducing the tax rate. It is such munibornly fought against giving to the cipal wisdom that has enabled many province those advantages? There can be but one reasonable answer. He who fought with Sir Oliver Mowat, not against him, is the one to trust. He who, since he became premier of this province has amply proved his right to the people's confidence. He who by his eloquence so captivated a man like Chauncey Depew, that he is reported to have said, after hearing him, "If we had that man in the United States, we would make him president." He who, though a man of eloquent tongue is quite as eloquent in action. He whose actions show how for the people of this province all the advantages which he so well helped to obtain. This is the man we will trust -the man of eloquence and action, the Premier of the province whose know they can safely rely on him. That this will be their answer, we believe. and that by so doing they will reap the full benefit of what the Hon. and fought for.

The Even Distribution of Wealth.

We pointed out a short time ago that 4,000 multi-millionaires in the United States averaged four million dollars each, and possessed one-fifth of the total wealth of the country.

The returns of the surrogate registrars for this province for the year. show 3,219 probates issued. The wills proved, or letters of administration or guardianship issued, involved personalty to the value of \$19,247,029, and real estate to the value of \$6,330,870. Of the personalty, 21 wills were for sums above \$100,000, 33 between \$50,000 and \$100,000; 1,115 from \$400 to \$1,000; and 1,611 under \$400.

It will be noticed from these facts that the personalty far exceeds the realty, a point for single taxers to ponder over; and that more than onehalf left less than \$400. The great majority, 2,276 out of a total of 3,219, left less than \$1,000. Yet if subscription lists are handed around, those possessing very moderate means appear to give very liberally in comparison with their power to give. It cannot be that the nine-tenths, whose wealth averages less than a thousand dollars, do not give in much larger proportion than the other tenth. After all, it is the strength of numbers, the common objects desired by all, when unitedly subscribed for, that are attained without the possession of much means in the hands of any one individual.

Infallible Signs. [Max O'Rell.]

If a woman tells you that she loves you, that may mean nothing at all; but if she notices at once that you are wearing a cravat different from the one that you had on yesterday, or, if, when near you, she picks imagin-ary little bits off your coat, then take it for granted she is really in love

How to Keep the Taxes Down.

A recent investigation into the resources of various cities in Great Britain has made some interesting discoveries. It has been found, for example, that the people of the Yorkshire manufacturing on of Bradford have to pay more than twice as much rates as those of the seaport of Bristol. Here are two large centers, each with a population of over 300,000 people, and yet the fee for living in the modern Yorkshire manufacturing town is more than double the fee for living in the rare old episcopal city on the banks of the Avon. These two towns are not alone as contrasts. Here are, first, half a dozen towns which have kept the land for the citizens; and next, half a dozen which have allowed landlords to reap all the benefits. You will see what a considerable difference it makes in the rates per £1:

Towns with municipal land-

	Municipal	Rents from
9	Rates.	Estates.
	Liverpool 3s 4d	£100,000
		84,000
	Bristol 28 4d	25,000
	Glasgow 4s 0d	35,000
	Hull3s 11d	17,500
	Nottingham 48 2d	30,000
	Towns without municipa	l land—
	Dewsbury	6s 3d
•	Leeds	5s 7d
	Brighouse	68 20
1	Bradford	58 8
	Macclesfield	53 20
	Wakefield	58 10

These are facts well worth thinking over. The people of Great Britain and of many parts of this continent have been talking about the nationalization of land for a score of years or more. They are not much nearer the object they had in view. Is it not because they have looked to parliaments to accomplish that which, as municipalities, they might much more easily accomplish? In this city, for example, when the corporation has owned land, the policy has been, not to hold it, and rent it for the benefit of the whole people, but to get rid of it to the highest bidder at the earliest opportunity. The examples given above would go to show that this was not the better way, and that cities which hold control of the land within their limits have many excellent opportunities for serving the taxpayers as a whole, and reducing the rate of taxation. To the list of British cities given above might be added Birmingham, which may not as yet be in a position to profit from the prudence and enterprise of its municipal governors in the past, but which undoubtedly soon will be. When Hon. Joseph Chamberlain was mayor of Birmingham, the authorities cleared off a large number of shanty houses near the center of the town, and rented the ground to enterprising merchants for a term of years, soon to expire, when the pro-British centers of population to establish parks, free swimming and other baths, art galleries, technical schools,

Ten Years Ago.

and other aids to the progress and

enlightenment of the people, while at

the same time maintaining a low tax

rate. These British municipal solons

certainly set us a good example.

It is ten years since the death of Sir John Macdonald. The anniversary of his demise serves chiefly as a re minder of the irreparable loss to the competent he is to develop and secure Conservatives by his death. The fact is, there is now no Conservative party in Canada, in the proper sense of the term. Sir John Macdonald created a Macdonald party, which continued more or less intact for a few years after his people trust and honor him, and who death from the momentum and imaginative force of the Macdonald legend. That the old Macdonald party is today thoroughly disorganized, can be adduced from the struggle at present *Oliver Mowat and his associates sowed going on over the leadership of the Dominion Opposition. Ten years ago the Macdonald party saw the beginning of its ending. Whether there will ever again be an effective Conservative party in Canada, is one of the problems of the future. With the gerrymander undone, the franchise act repealed, the Senate made Liberal, and Sir John Macdonald but a memory, those who desire to build up an effective parliamentary Opposition must begin the work of construction with new foundations.

> The Toronto Star has made a discovery of a new disease. Notwithstanding its recent discovery, the malady might be looked upon as chronic, in as much as the "time" element is the chief characteristic in connection with it. It is extremely periodic in its nature, coming on as it does once a week a little before eleven o'clock Sunday morning, and again about seven o'clock in the evening. Considering its prevalence, and its epi demic range, more especially during the summer months, we agree with our contemporary that the subject is worthy of close investigation,

Best Education.

[Wendell Phillips.] There is no education so valuable as that which is attained by earning one's

The Good Old Joke.

[Max O'Rell.] Matrimony is a parody of the constitutional monarchy of England: the king reigns, but does not govern.

Smoking in Public.

[Chicago Chronicle.] The faculty of the University of Chicago has acted wisely in prohibiting smoking either in the buildings or on the campus of the university. When people smoke, they splt and they throw the refuse of their smoking material right and left. If the institu-

THE RUNIANS, GRAY CO.

of Clothing

Commences today. The most surprising reductions in price we have ever thought of. The goods are just as advertised. Your money back if you want it.

This lot is for Saturday's selling, particularly, Many lines will doubtless be cleared out quickly, and early buyers will find assortments most complete.

Men's Choice All-Wool Tweed Suits, neat check, in gray and brown shades, the very best Italian linings. These suits were made for real, reliable wear; regular price is \$7 50 to \$10 50. Catch-up Sale price, Saturday and till sold .. \$5 95

\$5 and \$6 Suits for \$3.50.

Men's and Youths' Tweed and Serge Suits, well tailored, good twilled Italian linings, splendidly trimmed; good value at regular price, \$5 00 and \$6 00; choice new goods; Catch-up Sale price\$3 50

\$11 and \$12 Suits for \$6.75. This lot comprises some very fine goods, in all-wool tweed, imported cloths; also a few Fancy Worsted

Suits, made for high-class trade;

Men's Fine All-Wool Imported Serge Suits, single or double-breasted, navy and black, well tailored, strictly up-to-date style and finish. This is our great selling line at \$7 00 and \$7 50. Catch-Sale price, very special for

Saturday, in all sizes\$5 75 All kinds of Men's Suits, in the newest goods. Fancy Worsteds, Navy and Black Serges, in all styles. Fine Imported Tweed, new colorings and designs, reduced in price for this great Catch-up Sale from 10 per cent to 35 per cent. Come and see the goods.

\$5 Boys' Suits for \$3.95.

This lot comprises some of our newclusive patterns, in shades of gray Catcher's Mitt or Bat and Ball with all Boys' Suits.

\$2 and \$2.25 2-Piece Suits, \$1.65. About 30 suits, sizes 22 to 28, regular \$2 25 and \$2 00, Catch-up Sale Price, Saturday\$1 65

Men's Waterproof Coats.

Discount of 25 per cent off all Men's Waterproof Coats, \$10 00 Coats

SHOE SNAPS FOR SATURSAY

About 60 pairs Ladies' Fine Dongola Kid Lace Boots, regular value \$1 75, clear on Saturday...\$1 15
Dainty Strap Slippers for ladies, patent leather vamp, bow and buckle on strap, neat bow on vamp, all sizes, very natty style, also Fine Kid Lace Boots, bought away below their value, all sizes and a chic shape\$2 60 Girls' Strap Slippers, also Button
Boots, new goods just to hand,
swell styles and strictly good
goods, sizes 11 to 2, for\$1 60
Children's Strap Slippers in fine kid, also patent leather, with buckle and bow, sizes 4 to 7½, for 75c;

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

sizes 8 to 101/2, for85c

22 dozen Men's Silk and Satin Neckwear, new designs, regular 25c goods, on sale, Saturday, 2 for .. 25c New Colored Shirts, Oxford stripes, blue and white stripes, new col-ors and designs, laundered, short bosoms, separate cuffs, small new Neglige Shirts at 50c; Madras cloth, warranted fast colors, or-

Balbriggan Underwear.

dinary value at 75c, on sale Sat-

urday 50c

All sizes, double thread, full shap-ed, spliced wrist-band and ankleband, sateen trimmed, special, per

Balbriggan Underwear, 25c. Men's Special Weight Shirts and

Drawers, either striped or plain,

Children's Galatea Hats.

In Plain White, Plain Navy, fine straw, wide brims, regular 18c, Saturday10c

Men's and Boys' Straw Hats. In all sizes, several styles25c

Our Great Catch-Up Sale PARASOL SALE.

For one week, commencing Saturday, we shall hold a Parasol Sale.

The lack of sunshine during May leaves our stock larger than it ought to be. We have decided to crowd our regular May selling into June, and to that end and still keep our June sales to the mark, a special inducement must be held forth.

Price Reductions will be the lever we shall use to accomplish it.

We invite your attention to the following gigantic bargains in Parasols:

125 Parasols, steel and wood rods, fancy wood and celluloid handles, Gloria top; a stylish, good-looking parasol; a capital article for school girl wear, but also good enough for anyone in need of a good, serviceable sunshade; regular price 75c to 90c; sale price .. 50c

100 only, Parasols, in steel and wood rods, Paragon frame, Gloria top, in fine quality, all black, and fancy handles; regular price \$1 and \$1 25; sale price 75c

35 Black Satin Parasols, good quality, regular \$1 50 line, but the manufacturer was overstocked, and sold them to us at a deep cut in the price; a great bargain; sale price only 75c

6 only Black Silk Parasols, with frill, Paragon frame; regular price \$2 45; sale price\$1 50

60 Parasols for elderly people or those requiring an all-black parasol, steel and wood rod, Paragon frame, good silk Gloria top, almost umbrella size; regular price from \$1 25 to \$1 50; sale price\$1 00

20 Parasols, steel and wood rods, Paragon frame, carved ebony handles, top of black satin de chine; regular price \$2; sale

25 Parasols, steel and wood rods, Paragon frames, ebony handles, heavily carved, top of black satin de chine; regular price \$2 50; sale

3 only, Fancy Silk Parasols, navy with white and helio and white; regular price \$3 50; sale price ..\$2 50

2 only, Blue Silk Parasols, light rolling, large size, Paragon frame; regular price \$4; sale

Black Dress Goods.

All-Wool Cashmere, 44-inch, special, per yard50c, 75c and \$1 00 Black Venetian Suiting, light weight, for summer wear, 52-inch, per yard

Black Silk Grenadines.

Black Silk and Wool Grenadines, 44-inch, heavy satin check, per yard.. 75c

for \$1 25 Black Silk Grenadines, in exclusive dress patterns, new striped effects.\$9 00 Black Silk Grenadines, handsome dress lengths, one only; worth \$20, for \$12 00 Black Silk Grenadine, elaborate lace effect, one only; worth \$24, for....\$16 50 Black Silk Popllin, 44-inch, small silk figure, per yard\$1 and \$1 50 Black Crepe de Chene, small silk pebble effect dress pattern....\$12 and \$15 00

For a few days more we extend our two great carpet bargains. This special offering Carpet Specials. For a lew days more weekend out to those who are building and is unparalelled in the history of the carpet trade. To those who are building and may not need a carpet for some time to come, this bargain ought to be taken advan-

tage of. Think of it—a carpet worth \$20 for \$12.60; one worth \$16 for \$10.08.

Special line of Best Body Brussels Carpet, choice designs and colorings, worth in the regular way 90c, \$1 00 and \$1 15, this week, per yard

Special line Best English Tapestry Carpet, good range of colors and patterns, regular 60c, 63c, 70c and 75c goods, this week, per yard

SATURDAY EVENING.

Often lines come our way at greatly reduced prices, outside of our regular lines, and sometimes a regular line becomes reduced to a limited quantity, so that in either case a day's or an hour's selling will clear them out. In such cases, to avoid disappointment, we advertise them to clear within a certain space of time, hence our one day special and Saturday evening bargains.

From 7 to 9:30 Saturday Evening We Offer the Following List:

ers, two yards square, in with silk, Saturday evening, per yard, \$3 25; each.

\$2

Saturday evening, each

65 only Ladies' Knit

10c

Men's Low Shoes, with

Cotton Vests, nicely trim- turn soles, good stock, sizes sorted colors, neat designs,

med, regular price 121c; 7 to 10, regular \$1 25; Sat- regular price 8c; Saturday

75c

urday evening for, pair,

75c

80 yards Art Muslin, as-

evening, per yard,

day evening, 15c

75 Scribblers and Exercise

Books, large size, good

10c

Saturday evening, 3 for

7 only—Wool Table Cov- 350 yards Pongee Silk, Men's Fedora Hats, 75c- 50 pairs Boys' Heavy 135 yards Silk Ribbon, in 3 only, Best Down assorted light shades, for Bargain - \$1 50 hats, in Ribbed Cotton Hose, seam- checks and plain colors, Cushions, covered with handsomely embroidered cushions, drapes, etc., regular black, nutria, and brown; less, fast dye, sizes 81, 9 and good width, regular price fancy art silk and frill, re regular price price 20c; Saturday evening, Saturday evening at half 91, regular price 20c; Saturday evening, per gular price \$3 40, Saturday evening,

15c

Saturday evening, each,

33c

6 dozen Men's Bow Ties, 3 only-All Linen Unbleached Table Cloths, red 25e goods, on sale Saturday paper, regular price 5c each, border, regular price 50c; evening, 7c each, or

\$1.50

4 for 25c

THE RUNIANS, GRAY CO.

tion is to be one vast cuspidor and one cannot turn to the right or the left without inhaling the effluvia of a rancld pipe it will be an open question whether it is, as one of Dickens' characters said about learning the alpha-'worth while to go through so much to learn so little."

Recreation Time. [Washington Star.]

'Tis now the good man hies away Some rural joy to seek. He gets a good time for a day And a cold that lasts a week.

Expansion Their Destiny. [Chicago Inter-Ocean.]

The men and women of this country alike are growing in stature, in weight and in muscular development. They are growing morally, too, as well as physically. And they are also growing mentally. We Americans are des-tined to be the biggest people, in every respect, on the face of the earth.

Dreams; Life's Bow of Promise.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.] Youth dreams and the rich color of expectancy lends beauty to all the coming years. Man dreams and the vision strengthens his hand and makes the spirit-picture has suggestion which softens pain and holds glad promise of the life beyond the hills. The year without a dream is a barren, fruit-less time. Dreams are the sowing and sometimes the harvest. Happy, thrice happy, the man who keeps uncrippled his capacity to dream through all the blundering days, his ability to use the gentle his heart. Age dreams and

spiritual telescope which sees further and truer than material eyes. If one's dreams come true, well. If one's dreams come not true, still well. We are the better and the braver for the

As He Saw the Case. [Washington Star.]

"Why don't you try to earn an hon-

"Well," answered Meandering Mike "I've figgered on de proposition an' it don't seem businesslike. Why should I toil fur de price of a bare livin' when I kin git all de luxuries of de season handed out to me by merely makin' a polite request at de kitchen window?'

Plain Speaking. [From the Tory, Toronto.]

At present the leaders and managers of the party at Ottawa and in Ontario are afraid to move ahead. There is actually a more or less organized clique controlling both the provincial and federal Conservative organization, resolved to keep the progressive party men in the rear. These same men are still in touch with Tupperism and they would have Mr. Foster resurrected. To my mind, the dis-

learn it later on. But these ancient mariners must let fresh and younger seamen have a turn. Col. Tisdale, George Taylor and Samuel Barker have got it into their heads that Tupperism and an alliance with the corporations is the way to power. These are the men who put Mr. Osler, against his wish, to be the financial critic of the party. As for Mr. Whitney, he must shake himself into a more advanced frame of mind. He is under the influence of the back numbers.

Labor-Saving Machinery in England, [New York Journal of Commerce.]

If the British Government introduces American labor-saving machinery, such as pneumatic riveting and drilling machines into the dock yards, what is the organized British workman going to do about it? Three years ago the machinists struck mainly because of the disposition of employers to get labor-saving machinery into their factories, and all the labor unions of the country obstruct the expedition of work just so far as they are able to, and if the government sets drilling and riveting machinery in the Portsmouth yard the British machinist will no longer be able to hold out against progress and improvement in private establishments.

Early Printing in China.

Feng Tao (A. D. 881-954) is best known to the Chinese as a versatile politician who served first and last under no less than ten emperors of four different houses. In his "History of Chinese Literature," published by the Appletons, Dr. Giles tells how Tao pre-sented himself at the court of the second emperor of the Idao dynasty, and positively asked for a post. He said he had no home, no money and very little brains—a statement pears to have appealed forcibly to the Tartar monarch, who at once appointed him grand tutor to the heir-appar-

By foreigners, on the other hand, he will be chiefly remembered as the inventor of block-printing. It seems probable, indeed, that some crude form of this invention had already been known to the Tang dynasty, but until the date of the Feng Tab it was certainly not applied to the production of books. Six years after his death the "fire-led" house of Sung was finally established upon the throne and the production. upon the throne, and thenceforward the printing of books from blocks became a familiar handicraft with the

Chinese people. BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT.

Ottawa, June 7 .- Miss Olivine Canard Blanc, of Hartwell, an Indian woman, who formerly worked in some Montreal hotels, has entered action at Hull against Jos. Leroux, of Ripon, for \$399, for breach of promise

KILLED BY A TROLLEY CAR. Toronto, June 7 .- Major George G. Munro, 74 years of age, a retired officer of the imperial army, was struck by a belt line car while on his way home last evening and died from the injuries sustained. Major Munro re-tired from the British Army in 1876,

Catarrh

The cause exists in the blood, in what causes inflamination of the mucous membrane.

It is therefore impossible to cure the disease by local applications.

It is positively dangerous to neglect it, because it always affects the stomach and deranges the general health, and is likely to develop into consumption.

Many have been radically and permanently cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It cleanses the blood and has a peculiar alterative and tonic effect. M. J. McDonald, Trenton, Ont., writes: "I had catarrh, my system was weak, blood was bad, and my liver torpid and inactive. tried many medicines without benefit until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine has completely cured me and I highly recommend it to all sufferers."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. It is better not to put off treatment-buy Hood's today.

AROUND THE CITY.

From Yesterday's Last Edition.

-J. T. Garrow, K.C., of Goderich, is in the city on legal business. -Miss Gretta Pennington, of Victoria Hospital nursing staff, is visiting at Niagara Falls and Buffalo.

-A gang of prisoners under Turnkey Marsh are putting the lawns of the court house and county buildings in shape.

-Ex-County Constable C. C. Hod-gins, of Lucan, was in the city this morning. He visited his old colleagues at the county buildings. -Hon. F. W. Borden will start next

Wednesday on a tour of the militia camps of Ontario. He will visit Lon-don first, and will spend two days at each camp. -Lieut. Reginald Temple, of To-

ronto, who was a subaltern in B Company, Royal Canadian Regiment, when it went from London, left Toronto yesterday for South Africa, where he will take a position in the civil ser--The East Middlesex Old Boys will have a grand reunion in the East Middlesex Farmers' Institute excursion to the Model Farm, Guelph, on Friday, June 14. It starts at Denfield,

on the L. H. and B. Railway, and stops at all points as far as St. Marys, via London. An extra special train brings the people from Dorchester to London and returns at night. This will be a very large excursion

DEATH OF MRS. THORNTON.

Mrs. Elizabeth Thornton, wife of Wm. Thornton, of 375 Maitland street. died this morning from the effects of a stroke of paralysis. Mrs. Thornton was 57 years of age. She leaves a husband, one son and three daughters. The funeral takes place tomorrow

GAME COCKS SOLD.

The game cocks confiscated by the police in the fight on Ridout street last Monday night have been disposed of by the police court officials. One bird was bought for \$2 by James Watson. The bird was his property, and was stolen from his barn by the cockfighters. Two other birds were sold this morning for 50 cents. The remainder of the birds died from their injuries.

AGED LADY MISSING.

Mrs. Barry, an inmate of the Aged People's Home, left that institution last evening and has not yet returned. She is of respectable appearance. about 50 years of age, and wore large, black hat, a shirt waist with heliotrope stripe and a black skirt. though the old lady is slightly de-mented, she can talk quite intelli-gibly. The authorities of the home vould like to hear some news of her

POLICE COURT.

W. J. Greene again failed to appear In police court this morning to answer to a charge of breach of the fire limits bylaw. His case was adjourned till tomorrow. John Coursey was fined \$1 for having a horse at large, while George Moss was let go on suspended centence on the same charge. John Sharpe showed that it was by accident that his cow got out on the street, and he was discharged.

PROMOTED TO THE TORONTO BRANCH.

Mr. Edward Stringer, manager of the Bank of British North America, Toronto, has retired after nearly 38 years' service, and his position will b bank's branch in this city, The change akes effect on the 17th. Mr. J. Taylor, manager at Fredericton, N. B., succeeds Mr. Inglis here. Mr. Taylor has been in London for the past week. Mr. Inglis leaves for Toronto on Mon-

TRIED NEXT MONDAY.

Samuel Miles, the young colored man from Washington, D. C., who is charged with stealing from and defrauding Mrs. Sarah Henderson, Horton street, appeared before Judge Edward Elliott this morning, and elected summary trial by judge. case was fixed for hearing at 11 a.m. on Monday

STOLEN FROM CHATHAM.

The local police have been notified by Fred H. Briscoe, a bicycle dealer, or Chatham, that on Saturday last a man giving the name of "Wm. Harding, 282 Dundas street, London East," hired a bleycle, saying he wanted it for three hours. The bicycle was not returned. It is a Brantford wheel, model 50, No. 25,551. No. 282 Dundas street is the Auer Light store, and is not in London East. Harding is not known there.

COUNTY COURT DOCKET.

The only cases so far set for hearing at next week's county court and general sessions of the peace are those of W. Scott, the East End man, charged with assault with intent to commit criminal assault, and James Murphy and wife, of West Nissouri, charged with assault on John Lott, while the man is also charged with neglecting to supply the complainant with the necessities of

RYDER ASSAULT CASE.

The Biddulph assault case, in which By 'er charged his brother covers about three acres.

Daniel with doing him grievous bodily harm, came up before Squire Lacey. at the courthouse this morning. The men had a quarrel on May 15 over the digging of a ditch, and in the fight the defendant, Daniel, was so badly used that his life was in danger for some time. After the hearing of the evidence of the complainant had been heard the case was adjourned for one week. R. G. Fisher appeared for the complainant and J. C. Judd for the defendant.

HIGH HONORS FOR A LONDON BOY.

W. C. Bray, a Graduate of the L. C. I., Wins the A. A. A. S. Scholarship.

-The American Association for the Advancement of Science scholarship in physics and chemistry was won by W. C. Bray, of the third year, at Toronto University. Mr. Bray was graduated from the London Collegiate Institute in 1898. In the university's matricula-tion and scholarship examination that year he won the first scholarship in mathematics and science; ranked first for first scholarship in science, first in mathematics, first in mathematics and moderns, first in modern and science, and second in general proficiency; first-class honors in mathematics, English, history and geography, chemistry, physics and biology; second-class honors in French and German.

SEVERAL MAY HAVE PERISHED!

Section of Ohio Was Visited by a Bad Sterm-It Is Known Two Lives Have Been Lost.

Ripley, Ohio, June 6.-A terrific rain storm, accompanied by heavy wind, visited this section during the night, doing great damage to property. Mrs. John Hiett and her daughter are believed to have perished.

At Eagle Creek a number of persons

are reported missing. Several buildings were demolished. Cedar Falls, Iowa, June 6.—During a hailstorm last night near Littleton, lightning struck the school house and fatally injured Paul Roberts, a pupil, and the teacher, Miss Jane Harvey. Seven other pupils were burned, but

NAMES OF LONDONERS

University Students Who Wen Honors at the Recent Examinations.

The honor lists in the recent Toronto University examinations, which were given out last night, contain the names of the following Londoners: Fourth year, mathematics, class I .-

Third year, modern languages—Miss A. Campbell, N. R. Gray, below the line in German; physics and chemistry, class I., W. C. Bray.

First year, modern languages—G.

A. Schaeff, below the line in French.

"BEAUTIFUL SNOW"

Fell Heavily on Thursday in Central and Northern Dakota as Well as Manitoba. Jamestown, N. D., June 6-Snow fell heavily today throughout the central

and northern portions of North Dakota. At Jamestown snow fell for two

hours this morning.

A similar state of affairs is reported town on the Jamestown Northern Railroad. The snow quickly melted. Winnipeg, June 6.-Reports from the C. P. R. show that the snowstorms today were not confined to the city, but that it was general all over the province, with a plentiful downpour of rain. The cold did not do any damage; on the other hand it did considerable harm to the grasshoppers and worms, which had begun to infest the fields and it was feared were doing great damage. They received knock-out blow with this morntheir ing's cold.

The snow fell intermittently for about eighteen hours in Winnipeg to-day, but melted as it fell. Six inches of snow are reported at Edmonton, N. W. T., and Neepawa, Man., and 2 inches at Brandon. At midnight in Winnipeg the thermometer dropped below 32 Fahr., and frost crystals commenced to form on the rain-soaked

Country reports show that the crops are much benefited by the prevalent moisture, though the effects of the snow and slight frost have not as yet been reported.

London Public

Library Additions.

Who's Who for the year 1991. The Englishwoman's Year-Book and The Englishwoman's Year-Book and Directory for 1901.

Bowley-Wages in the United Kingdom in the Nineteenth Century.

White-Money and Banking, illustrated by American history.

Gibson-The Amateur Telescopists' Handbook.

Giberne-Radiant Suns, a sequel to Sun, Moon and Stars.

Chambers-The Story of the Weather.

Pascoe-Zoological Classification.

Colton-Physiology, experimental and descriptive.

Colton—Physiology, experimental and descriptive.
Turner—The Attainment of Womanly Beauty of Form and Features.
Cullen—Cancer of the Uterus.
Davidson—The Book of the Home; five vols.; practical guide to household management.
Wells—Fly Rods and Fly Tackle; suggestions as to their manufacture and use.
Cave—Golden Tips; Ceylon and its great tea industry.
Grogah & Sharp—From the Cape to Cairo.

Botsford-A History of Rome, for high Schools, etc.

Burleigh—The Natal Campaign.

Sounichsen—Ten Months a Captive
Among Filiphos.

J. L. Allen—Sister Dolorosa.

Campbell-Praed—As a Watch in the

Night.
Clark—God's Puppets.
Goodwin—Sir Christopher.
Hyne—A Master of Fortune; being further adventures of Capt. Kettle.
King—Norman Holt.
Pemberton—Pro Patria.
Surtees—Handley Cross.
Tynan—A Daughter of the Fields.

HOLLOWAY'S CORN CURE destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who, then, would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach? The new theater in Paris, France, is the largest one in the world. In all i

THE MAYOR SPEAKS OF THE RAILROADS

What His Worship Would Say to Mr. Reeve.

The G. T. R. and Inter-Switching-The Trunk Line's Right-About-Face in Regard to the Port Stanley Road.

Mayor Rumball was a disappointed man when he learned that General Manager Reeve, of the G. T. R., was in the city Thursday. He would like to have seen him for more reasons than one. He laid plans to catch Mr. Reeve on the eastern trip, when he first heard that Sir Charles Rivers-Wilson had gone west with his party, but you know what happens to the best-laid plans. One of the matters that the mayor would have discussed with the general manager is that of car-inter-"I would like very much to have been

able to speak to him about that," he said today. "London wants that interswitching privilege, and it's in Grand Trunk's power to grant it, but they won't. If they would simply say the word, it would save the city much expense and trouble. They hold the key to the whole thing; and if they will not allow the transfer of cars, the only way the city could overcome the diff-culty is by building a line that will have to cross all their tracks. That would be a very expensive thing to do. eastern part of the city."

Mayor Rumball referred to Mr Reeve's statement made Thursday in an interview reported in The Advertiser, to the effect that the Grand Trunk would like to have had a chance

to bid for the Port Stanley road.
"Of course they would," he said.
"Mr. Hays told me that when he wrote about it to me. I would tell Mr. Reeve what I told Mr. Hays-that when we wanted someone to take the road we asked the Grand Trunk to take it; we got down on our knees before them, and begged them to take it; and what did they say?—that the road wasn't worth the grease it cost to run it. When we did lease it to a company that made it worth money to the city, they spoke in a different way. Now they want to bid for it; and if they got it they'd close up Port Stanley. If the lease to the Walkers is extended, and I hope it will be, I firmly believe that it will be the best thing for the city."

be the best thing for the city."
City Clerk Kingston took much the same view of it. He said, too, that while the Port Stanley board could, in dealing with its tenants, extend an existing lease, it could not take it upon itself to lease the road thirteen years in advance, to another corporation. Speaking of the interchange of cars, he said it was only when the Grand Trunk saw the L. E. and D. R. R. making money and cutting into their business, that they applied the screws, put a different interpretation upon the terms their 99-year agreement, and forced the Lake Erie people to pay for the

cars run on their tracks. "That may be railroading," said Mr. Kingston, "but it's not honorable."

Strikes and Strikers.

Detroit, June 7.—Additional extras and free transportation for motor-men and conductors over the suburlines were the concessions the street railway company offered the union's agreement committee. The request for increased wages for holidays the request to shorten the time limit of 121/2 hours within which to do the day's work. A settlement has not been reached. The agreement committee and the executive board have full power to act.

AT HALIFAX. Halifax, N. S., Jun 6.—Striking car-penters and master mechanics have agreed on arbitration. So far as strikers are concerned the matter now rests with master mechanics who met to decide the question last evening. AT OTTAWA.

Ottawa, June 6.-There is practically no change in the strike situation, except that the builders have decided to defer action for a week to give the employers time to settle with the strikers. If this is done a general strike will be ordered. One hundred and forty union carpenters have gone back to work under the new conditions.

Ottawa, June 7.—There is a possibility of the striking woodworkers going back to work before long. The president of the union said last night a settlement was being considered. NOTES.

At Albany, N. Y., five street car men have been fired for being in the recent great strike.

The Cleveland Trades Council is boycotting the Cleveland baseball team because a non-union cigar is advertised on a bill-board in the Cleveland park.

The electrotypers, heretofore members of the stereotypers' and electro-typers' union, of Detroit, have been granted a separate charter. They are affiliated with the International Typographical Union.

PREPARING FOR A SIEGE. Wife-The last time I asked you to give me some money you said you couldn't because the cashier was sick; now you say it's the treasurer.

from the cashier, and now I'm afraid the secretary will get it. STRAWBERRIES RUINED BY "RUSH." St. Joseph, Mich., June 7 .- Jacob Seel, of this city, one of the bestknown fruit growers in the state, re-

Husband-I know it; he caught it

turned from a visit to the southern section of the county today. He reports that acres of strawberries have been ruined by "rush," which formed on the plants the last few days, caused by continued cold rains. The loss to growers represents many thousands of dollars.

FIRE AT THE PAN. Buffalo, N. Y., June 6 .- A fire, which for a time threatened to assume serious proportions, occurred at the Pan-American Exhibition grounds last night. The blaze started in the beautiful Oriente a Midway show. Two of the performers were badly burned while trying to extinguish the flames. The exposition fire department quickly responded to the alarm. Eugene Okuom, 53 years old, and Richa Elen, 43 years old, both Orientals, were bad-ly burned about the hands and face. The firemen extinguished the flames, but not until several hundred dollars'

PLANS OF THE PREMIER

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Abandons His Yukon Trip.

Will Accompany the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall to British Columbia.

[Special to The Advertiser.] Ottawa, Ont., June 7.—It is not at all likely that Sir Wilfrid Laurier will visit the Yukon this season. To do this it would be necessary for him make two trips across the continent, and he would scarcely do that. The idea was that the premier and Messrs. Sifton, Paterson and party would leave in July, and in addition to visiting points in Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia, would go straight to Dawson; but as Sir Wilfrid will have to go with their royal highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall as far as Victoria, it is likely that he will give up his Dawson trip this season. The question of the location of the assay office—whether at Dawson, Vancouver or Victoria-will likely be left to the minister of the interior.

YUKON CENSUS COMMISSION. Henry J. Woodside, of Dawson City, has been apointed census commissioner for the Yukon. Mr. Woodside will have charge of all the arrangements for counting the people in that region.

EFFECTIVE WORK OF THE DERBYS!

Recaptured the Guns at the Point of the Bayonet-Made Clean Sweep of

Pretoria, June 6.-Further particulars have been received of the fight between Gen. Dixon's column and the Boers under Delarey at Vlakfontein, on May 30. The British column was 1,500 strong, and consisted of companies of the King's Own Scottish Borderers and the Derbyshires, a battery of field artillery, and a detachment of Scottish horse and Imperial Yeomanry. The British troops were returning to camp when the Boers, who numbered 1,200 set fire to the grass on the veldt and under cover of the smoke attacked the rear column. They rushed two guns. The Derby-shires were ordered to retake the guns and did so gallantly at the point of the bayonet, accounting for a majority of the Boers in the immediate vicin time, but the British attack was so strong that the Boers eventually retired. The losses on both sides were heavy. The British had some 50 killed,

CHATHAM CROOKS BEING CORALLED

and about 120 wounded. The Boers had over 50 killed.

Suspected Burglars Arrested—Five Cases of Bigamy To Be Tried.

Chatham, June 6 .- John Farrell and Frank Abram, alias Ryael, were arrested last night, charged with robbing the residence of Mr. George Stephens, M. P. for Kent. The men forced an entrance and succeeded in carrying away an unusually large supply of silverware, in the shape of spoons, knives, forks and other table cutlery. None of the inmates of the house were disturbed. The silver was hidden in a storeroom at the Chatham Wagon Works and was discovered there by Superintendent Anderson, who gave the police the information. Chief Young and P. C. Dezelia kept a watch on the stolen silver, expecting the thieves to return for the property. Last night, after hours of patient waiting, the officers were rewarded As Abram entered the shed and picked up his swag he was immediately arrested by P. C. Dezelia. Later the same officer placed Farrell under ar-The men will receive their preliminary hearing on Monday next.

No less than five cases of alleged bigamy will be heard by the county judge at the June sessions. The county authorities have been rounding up such cases. Several charges of perjury are also on the docket,

READING NOVELS CRAZED THE BOY!

Ohio Farmer Lad Killed Brother and Sister and Cremated Himself--- President Gilman's Advice

CRAZY BOY'S CRIME. Toledo, Ohio, June 7 .- Leroy Grove, 16-year-old son of a prosperous farmer living near Napoleon, stabbed his sister, aged 24, to the heart, killing her instantly. He then strangled his 13-year-old brother to death, and fir-ing the barn, ran in and shot himself through the temple. The tragedy oc-curred just after midnight. His charred body was recovered this morning. It is supposed he was insane, made so by reading novels of the Jesse James stripe.

DON'T READ TOO MUCH. New York, June 7.-A special from Baltimore gives some extracts from the address of ex-President Gilman, of Johns Hopkins University, to the graduates of the Woman's College. He deplored what he called "an era of Carnegie-too much reading" and

"Reading is a kind of craze that has gotten hold of the people. It is a dan-gerous habit, like a stimulant. The publishers are constantly putting forth new attractions in the field and the reviewers excite our appetite. It is no doubt very pleasant to be up to date, well posted and 'in the swim' about the latest issues from the press, but we are all in great danger of reading too much."

The doctor gave the students this First-Don't read too much. Second-Study the art of think-

ing.
Third—Use your hands and enlarge your mission by the use of the micro-

but not until several hundred dollars' dren is caused by worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator gives relief by removing the cause. Give 'a a trial and be convinced.

"ALWAYS THE BEST OF EVERYTHING FOR THE LEAST MONEY."

GRAY & PARKER. GRAY & PARKER.

BLACK DRESS

4 pieces All-Wool Armure Cloth, a beautiful goods,

worth 75c per yard, for per yard..... 6 pieces Black Figured Lustre, a snap, only, per yard.... 20c 4 pieces Black Figured Sicilian, splendid goods to wear, only, per yard.....

56-inch Black Worsted, just the goods for a serviceable 56-inch Black Wool Worsted, fine and heavy twill, at,

per yard......\$1 00 46-inch All-Wool Coating Serge; the best value you ever saw for, per yard...... 50c

Black All-Wool Venetians and Ladies' Cloths, at, per yard......65c, 75c, 85c, \$1 00, \$1 35

COLORED DRESS GOODS

50c Goods for 35c Per Yard.

These goods are All-Wool Plain Goods, in grays, blues, and greens, and have been sold at 50c per yard; now

56-inch Tweed Dress Goods, suitable for bicycle skirts, only, per yard.....

56-inch Homespuns, all wool, a good range to choose

150 DUNDAS STREET.

inger of the second second

TWENTY-ONE YEARS AT KINGSTON!

Rice and Rutledge, the Aurora Bank Robbers, Sentenced by Judge McDougall.

Toronto, June 7 .- Judge McDougall called Fred Lee Rice and Routledge, the convicted bank burglars, up at the court of sessions this morning and sentenced them to fourteen years in Kingston Penitentiary for the robbing of the Ross private bank in Aurora; to seven years, for robbing the postoffice there, and to seven years for stealing the horse Altoneer. The two last named sentences will run concurrently, so that the term is 21 years in all. The way is now clear for the prosecution of the men on the charge of murdering County Constable Boyd.

RECEPTION TO MISS MACDONALD

Tendered by Y. W. C. A. Board of Directors-Changes in the Association Officers.

Yesterday the board of directors of the Young Woman's Christian Association tender a reception at the rooms to Miss Winnie Macdonald, of Toronto. It will partake of the nature of a farewell from her London friends, as it is expected that Miss Macdonald will go to China before very long. While in her position as one of the prominent provincial officers, Miss Macdonald has made many friends in London, particulariy among those who are interested

in the association's work.

At the present time, the London association is enjoying the companion-ship and assistance of Miss Carson, formerly of the Christadora Home, New York, she having assumed for a brief time the duties of Miss Kirkpatrick, who has retired from the secretaryship. In a month or so. Miss Carson will leave London to enter a large field of usefulness in Dominion work, to which she will not give her attention permanently, but at least for a year. Miss Susie Little, now traveling, will then become secretary of the association here.

SORE ALL OVER

Back Sore, Read Sore, Hands Sore-The Terrible Experience of Mrs. Rousseau, of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Ont., June 3 .- (Special).-The following written statement, made and signed by Mrs. J. William Rousseau, of 10 Flora street, this city, shows what some women can go through, and yet live:

"I have been ailing for three years. My back was dreadfully sore. My head ached all the time. My hands were swollen and very painful.
"I cannot tell the pains I indured.
No words can describe my torture.
"I used Dodd's Kidney Pills—three

boxes altogether-and I am well. "They did more for me than any thing else in the world, and I recom-

TOO MANY MINISTERS!

Rev. Dr. Sutherland Makes a Startling Statement Before Toronto Conference.

Toronto, June 7.—At this morning's session of the Methodist Conference Rev. Dr. Sutherland, superintendant of missions, made a startling speech on the over supply of ministers. In 1900, notwithstanding a depleted constitution, there were 77 more minsters in Ontario doing mission work than in 1898. In the Central regions of Canada scores of ministers had been supperannuated not because they were no longer able to work, but because there were no stations for them.

them.

The cost of supperannuation had increased \$5,000 since 1898. The doctor said it was advisable to prevent the establishment of new circuits, and he favored the combining of two and three circuits, which would enable them to pay \$1,000 to one minister and then to make him do a man's work

A Number of Suicides.

New Orleans, June 7 .- Rev. M. Jizizoylos Karadis, pastor of the Greek Catholic Church, for some unknown reason, committed suicide in a New

York hotel. New York, June 6 .- Chas. J. Hatch, 61 years old, for many years confidential clerk of the firm of Horton & Co., stock brokers, committed suicide yesterday. It is thought the act was due to ill-health and recent unfortunate speculations in the stock market.

Cleveland, June 6.-Horace Pell, a member of the stock company which s playing at the Euclid Avenue Opera House, attempted suicide by shooting himself in the right side in his room at the Wyandotte early today. bullet went clear through his and imbedded itself in the wall. Very little hope is entertained for his re covery.

New York, June 6.-Edgar Wade,

treasurer of a savings bank in Sag

Harbor, L. I., committed suicide ves-

terday by shooting. The only reason assigned for the suicide is despondency, resulting from poor health. Mr. Wade's accounts were in a satisfactory shape. He was 55 years of age. Norwich., Conn., June 6.-George W. Bentley, of New York city, well known in railroad circles, shot himself last night over the grave of his daughter in the city cemetery here. His body was found this morning. Despondency is supposed to have been the cause In his clothes a considerable sum of money and photographs and other of his daughter were mementoes found. He was 75 years old, and was

The Smallpox.

Toronto, June 7 .- A case of smallpox was reported yesterday from the neighborhood of Waubaushene, on Georgian

IN MICHIGAN.

Lansing, Mich., June 1—Smallpox continues to increase in Michigan, it being reported in seventy places this week.

Ottawa, Ont., June 7.—The prevalence of smallpox throughout Canada is likely to have a serious effect upon the attendance at the military camps of instruction. It is expected that the decrease in the number of men who will go into camp this year from this cause will be fully one-third.

Smallpox has made its appearance if Hull for the second time this year. The afflicted ones are Alexander Lafrade laborer, residing at 254 Alma street, and his thirteen-year-old son. The members of the Lafrade family, eight in number have been placed in quarantine. The cases are of a mild type. The father returned a few weeks ago from Sudbury district lumber camps.

Bronchitic Sufferers

thing else in the world, and I recommend them to every suffering woman."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have wrought some miraculous cures in and around Ottawa, but none more satisfactory, than in the case of Mrs. Rousseau.

The boundary commissions of the American and Canadian Governments, now engaged in relocating the international line on the western slope of the Gascade Mountains, have completed their work through the Mount Baker district.

Bronchitic Sufferers act foolishly. If they improve ever so little when the fine weather comes, they relax effort and drift back into the old condition which if possible, becomes more chronic. Hit Bronchitis hard in the summer and you'll get rid of it and drive it right out of the system. In winter it is almost impossible to do this. Inhale Catarrhozone regularly, it's a dead sure thing on Bronchitis. It goes into the most imposible to do this. Inhale Catarrhozone regularly, it's a dead sure thing on Bronchitis hard in the summer and you'll get rid of it and drive it right out of the system. In winter it is almost imposible to do this. Inhale Catarrhozone regularly, it's a dead sure thing on Bronchitis salmost impossible to do this. Inhale Catarrhozone regularly, it's a dead sure thing on Bronchitic Sufferers

STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for vest pocket manual. Lon distance 'phone, 1,278. OFFICES—Masonic

THE MARKETS.

MONTREAL STOC	KS.
MONTREA	L June 7.
	k. Off.
Canadian Pacific	105%
Daiuth, common 1	
Dulath, preferred 2	1 19%
Commercial Cable18	187%
Com. Cable Coupon Bonds	
Commercial Reg. Bonds	
Montreal Telegraph	2 169
Richelleu and Ontario	3 117
Montreal Street Railway 29	289%
Montreal Street Ry, new 28	
Toronto Railway	
Montreal Gas Company	
Bell Telephone	5% 170
Royal Electric.	
Bank of Montreal	255
Ontario Bank	6 12214
Molsons Bank	0 199
Bank of Toronto	246
Merchants Bank	0 166
Merchants' Bank of Halifax 18	0 175
Quebec Bank	
Union Rank	314 10214
Bank of Commerce 15	
Northwest Land, pref.	

Montreal Cotton Co. xd Canada Colored Cotton	137
Deminion Cotton	15
TORONTO	emoore
	TORONTO, Jur
Montreal	Ack.
Ontario	195
Terento	960
Merchants	
Commerce	
mperial	231
Deminion	242
Standard	236
lamilton.	218
British America	112
Western Assurance	120
Consumers' Gas	218
Montreal Gas	::
Northwest Land Compa Canada Pacific Ry Stoo	ny, pref 48%
Seneral Electric	100%
London Electric	119
Commercial Cable	1873/
Cable Coup. Bonds	109
Bole Reg. Randa	109
Deminion Telegraph Bell Telephone Compan	
Bell Telephone Compan	V 1531/4
elchellen and Ontario.	118%
erento Street Railway	110%
London Street Railway	
Dominion Savings and	Invest 73
duron and Erio ! and	9
duron and Brie. 20 per	cent
LOR. and Can. I. and A	
London Loan	

Untario Loan and Debenture	122
NEW YORK STOCKS.	
New York, J	une 7.
Reported by F. H. Butler, stock	broke
Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser. Yesterday's	
Close, Open, High, Lov	v. 2 p. m
Abaconda 19 181/ 101/ 15	
Amal. Copper1194 119 120 118	120
Atcheson 3854 9814 8014 871	87
Atcheson Pfd 104 104 1041/4 103	
B. & O	1083
Breoklyn Tran. 803/ 901/ 891/ 801	
C. B. & O.	
C. C. O	

adon and Ontario......

Toomoogu 60%	30 %	8978	01 14	01;
Atcheson Pfd104	104	1011/8	10374	103
B. & O	107	108%	107	108
Brook VD Tran 803/	801	8214	801/8	81
C. B. & Q				
C. C. C				
U. F. I 10224	1021	10216	1011	1013
Hrie 4376	431/4	44%	13%	44
Hrie. 43% K.& T. Pfd 64%	64%	64 14	64	64
L. & N109	10814	1113	108%	110
Manhattan 1181/4	11834	1194	1184	1193
Metropolitan St. 171%	17114	174%	171%	173
Mo. P	116	116	116%	116
N. X. Central 1574	15756	158	157	157
Norfolk and W 5454	5434	54 74	54%	543
Northern Pacific		01/1	0.74	
Ont.and Western 38%	38	39	38	383
Pacific Mail 4314	44	4434	4314	443
Pennsylvania 152	1515	152	151	1513
Poople's Gas116%	1164	1161	1153/	116
R. I170	170	173	170	1713
Rending 78%	78%	79	7814	78
St. Paul 169%	165%	16974	1681	1695
Southern Rv. Pfd 87	8714	87 14	8754	871
Southern Pacific 60%	601/4	6074	5934	60
Texas 48	4754	49%	4754	48
T C. I 6934	594	60	59%	60
II Panida 1004		11034	108%	110
U. Pacifio 108% W. U 23%	109%	94%	93%	93
TRUSTS-	30	0172	9374	307
Tanthan Tour	****			
Leather 70%	79%	·iie	144	M53
Sugar 145%	144	14554		501
U. S. Steel Com. 51%	60%	51	50%	
U. S. Steel Pfd. 99%	90 %	9914	98%	983
Rubber		.::		
100acco	142%	143	140	1423
Continental 69%	71	71	69%	703

J. M. YOUNG STOOK BROKER-

New York and Chicago stocks bought and old. ELNG STREET, MASONIC TEM PLE PHONE TO7.

	THE LOCA	L MARK	ET.
M. M.	HAMILTON	& SON'S	REPORT.
	London,	Saturday,	June 8.
Wheat,	white, per	bu	65c to 66c
	red, per bu		
	spring, per		
	er bu		
Peas, I	er bu		54c to 66c
	er bu		
	per bu		
	per bu		
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good steers' stu	apply of all	kinds of h	ousekeep-
	w loads of	wheat of	ferad and
sold fr	om \$1 10 to	\$1 12 per	cental.
	in fair sup		
	grain offere		
	hogs sell a		d dressed
	t \$9 to \$9 25		
Potat	nes in good	gunnly at	400 to 500

other grain offered.
Live hogs sell at \$6 75 and dressed
hogs at \$9 to \$9 25 per cwt.
Potatoes in good supply at 40c to 50c
per bag.
Hay in fair supply at \$6 50 to \$7 25
per ton.
Quotations:
GRAIN.
Wheat, white, per 100 lbs. \$1 08 @ \$1 10
Wheat, med. per 100 lbs 108 @ 110
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs. 108 @ 110
Oats, per 100 lbs 90 @ 92
Beans, per 100 lbs 00 @ 00

GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, per 100 lbs. \$1 08	0	\$1 10	
Wheat, sed, per 100 lbs 1 08	à	1 10	
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs. 1 08		1 10	
Oats, per 100 lbs 90	9	92	
Beans, per 100 lbs 00	0	00	
Corn, per 100 lbs 90	0		
Barley, per 100 lbs 80	Q	1 00	
Barley, per 100 lbs 80	9	1 00	
Rye, per 100 lbs	4		
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs	00	. ::	
Beans, per 100 lbs 100	•	1 25	
HOGS			
Hogs, light, per 100 lbs 650	0	6 75	
Hogs, singers 650	3	6 50	
Heavy, per 100 lbs 400	9	6 00	
Pigs, young, per pair \$ 50	6	4 50	
Bows, per 100 lbs	2	1 30	
Dregged to the saleste ore	600	0 00	
Dressed, 100 lbs, selects 8 50	(0)	9 00	
Dressed, 100 lhs, heavy 775	0	8 00	
HAY AND SEEDS.			
Hay, per load 750	@	8 25	
Straw, per 10ad 300	6	4 00	
Straw, per ton 600	000	6 00	
How per ton	X		
Hay, per ton800	0	8 00	

Compared with the Saturday markets that have been seen for some weeks past, today's was a trifle small, both as regards purchasers and farmers. The chief subject of continued wet and cold weather on the crops, which will be noticeable more especially on fruits. Earlier in the season peaches and apples promised well, and large crops of both were expected. Now, however, the farmers are not so sanguine. They are of the opinion generally that the crops will be considerably smaller than was at first anticipated. With plums it is different. A large crop will most likely be seen. Last year it was of small proportions, while peaches were quite abundant. From present indications it is judged that the crop of cherries this year will be large. The Hessian fly was much talked of, especially by the men from Lobo, where its ravages are as general as they are lamented. Its prosence will materially effect the crop this year.

Few alterations were made in the price list of vegetables. Emough was offered, and more, to meet all the demand, which was fairly active, particularly fapm retail grocers, who bought the bulk of the stuff soid. Lettuce, onlons, radishes and rhubarb formed the major portion of the sales.

The offerings of butter were not quite as large as has been the case on recent For Housekeepers.

F. H. BUTLER, Saturday markets. It was large enough though. Purchases were not too numerous. Prices remain fairly firm, fluctuations, clightly from the children in the control of the con ous. Prices remain fairly firm, fluctuating slightly from time to time, but clinging much to the same mean. Pound rolls retail, ranged from 15c to 17c, and crock stuff ic per pound lower. In larger quantities the prices are a cauple of cents lower, and what little creamery sold, went for 19c to 20c, wholesale and 19c to 21c retail.

Small lots of poultry were offered and smaller lots were bought. Chickens cost anything between 45c and 69c.

The supply of meats was quite sufficient for the demand, and prices remain as quoted.

quoted.			a.
PROVISIONS			
Cheese, per lb	10	0	13
Eggs, single dozen Butter, lb, large rolls or	11	8	12
Butter, crock	15c	(a)	16
Butter, pound rolls, retail.	15	@	17
Butter, creamery	19	@	21
Lard, per lb	11	(1)	12
WHOLESALE DEALER	S' I	PRIC	ES.
Eggs, store lots, dozen	10	0	10
Butter, lb rolls, baskets	14	@	15
Butter, crock	14	0	15
Butter, store lots	12	900	121
Butter, creamery, per lb	19	@	20
POULTRY.			
Turkeys, per lb	9	0	10
Geese, per lb	6	0	7
Ducks ner note	90	×	- 00

8	Butter, crock	14	00	15
í	Butter, store lots	12	@	121/2
2.0	Butter, creamery, per lb	19	@	20
	Turkeys, per lb	9	0	10
	Geese, per lb	9	0	7
6	Ducks, per pair	75	960	1 00
	Chickens, per pair	45	@	60
	Hens, per pair	50	0	65
	VEGETARLE	8.		
	Potatoes, per bag	25	0	30
	Lettuce, per dozen	20	@	30
6	Unions, per doz.	15	0	20
H	bavory and sage need doz	15	0	24
-9	Parsiey, per doz	25	@	25
	Artichokes, per bag.	90	0	90
6	Parsiev, per doz	25	@	25
	Mint, per doz	25	@	25
	Knubarb, per doz	25	@	25
8	Asparagus, per doz	40	@	50
3	Spinach, per bush	50	@	50
	Radishes, per doz	40	0	40
	FRUIT.			
	Apples, per bag	50	0	75
	Apples, per bbl	1 50	9	2 00
,	ME.T. HIDES.	ETC.		
-	Beef, per lb	6	0	61/4
,	Beel, carcass	5 00	@	6 00
•	Mitton, quarters, per lb	6	0	7
6	Lamb, quarters	10	0	11
•	veal quarters	5	34866	7
	Caliskins, green	5	3	. 7
	Lambskins	25	60	2 00
	Hidee No 1 non th	5	a	-

PLYMOUTH BINDER TWINE

Don't let people make you believe here is not any Gold Medal this rear. We have lots of it, and new stock, too. Call whenever you are ready to buy. A. M. HAMILTON & SON, 373 Talbot Street.

TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET

Toronto, June 7.—Wheat—Dull and easier; red and white at 67c, north and west; white at 67½c, and red at 68c bid, on a 13½c freight to New York, and at the same prices middle freight; goose, dull, at 66c for No. 1 east and 65c for No. No. 2 middle freights, and 44c for No. 3 east; Manitoba, 92c to 93c, the latter asked for No. 1 hard, grinding in transit; 89c for No. 2 hard, and 81c for No. 3 hard, and 2c less than these prices Toronto and west. Flour—Dull; steady; \$2 65 for cars of 90 per cent patents, middle freights, in buyers' bags; choice brands 15c to 20c higher; Manitoba, \$4 25 for Hungarian patents, and \$3 95 for strong bakers, in car lots, bags included, Toronto. Mill-feed—Quiet, at \$13 to \$14 for car lots of shorts, and \$12 for bran, west. Barley—Steady, at 46c for No. 2 east, and 49c to 50c, f. o. b., vessel, Lake Ontario; 45c for No. 2 middle freights. Rye—Steady, at 40½c to 41c for Canada yellow, and 40c to 40½c for mixed west; Canada yellow is quoted at 46½c, and No. 3 American yellow at 48c, on track, Toronto. Oats—Weak; No. 2 white, 31½c, middle freights. Peas—Steady, at 66c, north and west; 68c east, and 67c middle freights. Butter—Offerings dairy in tubs, pails and rolls, fair; good demand for choice, at 14c to 15c; medium to low grade, plentiful, at 10c to 13c; creamery, steady, at 18c to 19c for prints and solids. Eggs—Steady, at 10½c to 11c. Live hogs—Receipts today, 300; prices unchanged; choice bacon, 7c; corn fed, 6%c; heavy and light fat, 6½c. TORONTO PRODUCE MARKET

TORONTO HAY MARKET. Toronto, June 7.—Baled hay—Offerings are large and market is steady; car lots on track here are quoted at \$9.50 to \$10 per ton, No. 1 timothy. Baled straw—Market is steady; car lots on track here are quoted at \$4.75 to \$5 per ton.

ENGLISH MARKETS. The following table shows the quotations per cental for American products at Liverpool, as well as for the three previous market days. In each case the

highest prices an	re	give	n:	6		ı ca	se	the
WHEAT-		une 4.	J	une 5.		une 6.	J	une 7.
Rea Winter	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	11/2
No. 1 Nor. Spring	6	216	6	21/2	6	2		1
Walia	6	214	6		6	036		
No. 1 Cal	6	914	6			2	6	
May	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ō
July		OL	5	113%		111%		
Sept	5	11%	5	10%		10%		93%
CORN-	1		-	,.		1078	0	378
New	3	113/	3	11%	2	11%	3	10%
Old	1 0		0	0	0	0	0	0
Jan	0	0	0	ō	0	0	0	0
March		0			0	0	0	0
May	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
July	3	1114		111/4	3	115%		10%
Sept	2	11	3	11	3	113/8		11
Flour	10	3	19	6	19		19	
Peas	5		5	8		6		6
Pork, prime mess.	0	6			5		5	
		0	60		03		60	6
Tallow	21	6	41	6	41	6	41	6
Bacon, light	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	0
Encon, nght	192	6	42	6	43	0	43	8

4 to f4 15s.
Flour—St. Louis fancy winter dull, 8s.
Beef—Steady; extra India mess, 62s 3d.
Pork—Easy; prime mess western, 60s 6d.
Lard—Firm; prime western. In tierces, is 3d; American refined, in pails, firm, 12s. Hams-Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, firm, Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, firm, 47s 3d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, steady, 44s 9d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, firm, 45s 3d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, firm, 43s 3d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, firm, 41s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, firm, 45s 3d; short clear backs, firm, 41s 3d; short clear backs, firm, 41s 3d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, steady, 36s.

****** Something

three days, 262,000 centals, including 223,-000 American.

Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 129,000 centals.

Weather—Bright. AMERICAN MARKETS.

BUFFALO, June 7.—Wheat—Spring No. 1 northern, old, 83c; do new, 79c asked; winter, No. 2 red, 79c; No. 1 white, 78c, on track. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 45%c; No. 3 yellow, 45%c; No. 2 corn, 45%c; No. 3 corn, 45c, on track. Oats—No. 2 white, 32%c; No. 3 white, 32c; No. 4 white, 30%c; No. 2 mixed, 31c, on track. DETROIT, June 7.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 74½c; No. 2 red, cash, 74½c; July, 74¾c; Sept., 73½c.

TOLEDO, June 7.—Wheat—Cash, 73½c; July, 73¾c; Sept., 72½c. Corn—July, 44c; Sept., 44½c. Oats—July, 27¾c; Sept., 36¼c.

fined steady. Lead steady. Wool quiet. Hops quiet.

CHICAGO, June 7.—Conflicting weather and crop reports exerted a weakening influence on the wheat market today. July wheat closed 1/2c to 1/2c lower; July corn, 1/4c to 3/2c higher; July oats, 1/2c, and provisions from unchanged to 1/2c over yesterday's close. Seaboard clearances of wheat and flour are equal to 459,000 bu, and 49 loads of wheat were reported taken for export. Primary receipts were 645,000 bu, against 661,000 bu a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 341 cars, against 660 last week and 450 a year ago. Local receipts were 66 cars, 20 of contract grade. Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 95 cars; corn, 375 cars; oats, 235 cars; hogs, 21,000 head.

The leading futures closed: Wheat—June, 72%,c; July, 731/3c to 731/4c; Sept., 170%,c to 701/2c. Corn—June, 42%,c; July, 434/c; Sept., 44%,c. Oats—July, 28/3c; Sept., 26/3c. Pork—July, \$14 65; Sept., \$14 80. Lard—July, \$3 371/2; Sept., \$9 21/2; Sept., \$7 95. Cash quotations: Flour dull and easy. No. 3 spring wheat, 67c to-72c; No. 2 red, 74c to 75c. No. 2 corn, 425/3c to 431/4c; No. 2 yellow, 425/3c to 431/4c. No. 2 oats, 281/4c; No. 2 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 2 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 2 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 2 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 2 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 2 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 2 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 2 white, 293/4c; No. 2 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 2 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c; No. 3 white, 293/4c;

DETROIT BEAN MARKET. Detroit, June 8.—October beans show an advance of 5c. The market has been firm for some weeks, but trading was dull until Thursday. Quotations: Cash, \$1 80 bid; October, 400 bags at \$1 55.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

CHICAGO, June 7. Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade, furnished by F.

	Open.	High	Low.	Clo
Wheat-July	. 735%	74	72%	73
Sept	. 70%	7034	701/8	70
Oorn-July	. 435%	44	135%	4
Sept	. 44%	4416	441/4	4
Oats-July	. 2734	281/2	2734	2
Sept	. 2614	2634	261/8	2
Pork-July	. 14 67	14 67	14 65	14 6
Sept	. 14 80	14 82	-14 77	14 7
Lard-July	. 8 40	8 47	8 37	8 3
Bept	. 8 45	8 59	8 42	8 4
Ribs-July	. 7 93	7 95	7 80	7 8
Bept	7 97	8 05	7 92	7 9

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Butter—Steady, receipts, 8,203 packages; creamery, extras, per lb, 19c; do firsts, 18c to 18½c; do seconds, 16½c to 17½c; do thirds, 15c to 16c; state dairy tubs, fancy, 18c; do firsts, 17c to 17½c; do seconds, 15½c to 16½c; do firsts, 14c to 17½c; do seconds, 15½c to 16½c; do thirds, 14c to 18c; western imitation creamery, fancy, 16c to 16½c; do firsts, 14½c to 15c; do lower grades, 13c to 14c; western factory, large tubs, firsts, 14c; do fair to prime, 13c to 13½c; do lower grade, 11½c to 12½c; renovated butter, 1ancy, 16½c to 17c; do common to choice, 12c to 15½c; old western creamery, 10c to 13c. Cheese—Weak; receipts, 4,440 boxes; state, full cream, small white, fancy, 9½c; do colored, fancy, 9½c; do fancy to choice, 8½c to 9c; do large white, fancy, 8½c; do fair to choice, 7½c to 8½c; do large colored, fancy, 5%c; do fair to choice, 8c to 8½c; do common, 6½c to 1½c; light skims, small choice, 7½c to 7½c; do large choice, 6½c to 7c; part skims, prime, 5½c to 6c; do fair to good, 4c to 5c; do common, 2½c to 3c; full skims, 1½c to 2c. Eggs—Dull and weak; receipts, 9,84 packages; Jersey, state and Pennsylvania fancy selections, 14½c to 15c; do average prime, 13½c to 14c; western northerly sections, candled, at mark, 13½c; do ungraded, 11½c to 12½c; southwestern, graded, 12c to 12½c; do ungraded, 10½c to 12½c; couthwestern, graded, 12c to 12½c; do ungraded, 10½c to 19c; dairies, 11c to 16c Cheese CHICAGO, June 7.—Butter firm; creameries, 15c to 19c; dairies, 11c to 16c Cheese

CHICAGO, June 7.—Butter firm; creameries, 15c to 19c; dairies, 11c to 16c. Cheese quiet, 8% c to 10%c.

MONTREAL, June 7.—Cheese, 8c to 9c. Butter, townships, 16c to 18c; western, 12c to 14c.

12c to 14c.

PERTH, Ont., June 7.—On the marke today there were 1,575 boxes of white cheese of May make; Fowler got 800 boxes, Webster 500 and Bissell 275; all were sold at 811-16c to 8%c.

KEMPTVILLE, Ont., June 7.—At the meeting of the cheese board today 869 were boarded, of which 654 were sold; the usual buyers were present; Bissell bought 175 colored; Ferguson, 65 colored and 75 white; Howe, 75 white; Webster, 70 white; Webster, 229 colored and 40 white; all sales at the board were 8%c; 215 were afterwards sold on the curb.

OTTAWA, June 7.—Cheese on the Ot-

OTTAWA, June 7.—Cheese on the Ottawa board sold today at 8½c and 8½c; one lot of 60 white sold for 8½c, and all the rest, amounting to 1,365 boxes, sold at 85%c.

WINCHESTER, Ont., June 7.—At the meeting of the cheese board today, 794 boxes were registered, 571 white and 223 colored; the highest offer was \$11-16c for both white and colored, 255 boxes selling at this figure.

IROQUOIS, Ont., June 7.—At the cheese board today, 779 colored and 227

Buy a Success — Not an Experiment.

STRONG'S

Has been proved a success. Others have experimented to equal Strong's, but all have failed to do

The Government Analytical Chemist says: "It is a Cream of Tartar Powder containing no alum or phosphate, and is not adulterated."

Marriage Licenses issued.

Butter-Dull; finest United States, \$88; good United States, 668.

Cheese-American finest white dull, 478; American finest colored quiet, 468.
Tallow-Prime city quiet, 258 3d; Australian (in London) steady, 258 6d.
Cottonseed oil-Hull refined, spot steady, 288 3d.

Turpentine spirits—Steady, 278.
Rosin—Common firm, 48 44d.
Petroleum—Refined steady, 634d.
Linseed oil—Firm, 348 9d.
Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 262,000 centals, including 223, 500 American. board, 740 boxes at \$5 c.

BRANTFORD, Ont., June 7.—At the cheese board today, 1,564 boxes were offered, of which 952 were sold; 697 at \$1 c.

255 at \$9-16c. Next market, Friday, June 21. This being the annual meeting, Harold Eagle was re-elected president, and Geo. Hately secretary. The annual report showed that the average price obtained on the market last season was over 10 5-16c, being the highest average on record. A special committee was appointed to consider and recommend better methods of conducting business as between buyers and selers.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 8.-Oil opened PITTSBURG, June 7.—Oil closed at OIL CITY, Pa., June 7.—Credit balances, \$1 05; certificates, no bid. LONDON, June 7.-Linseed oil, 33s 6d; petroleum, refined, 51s 3-16d.

mixed, 31c, on track.

Determined also and track.

Determined also are completed and steady. Loss and steady at first; later declined with wheat; July, 47%c to 47%c. Sept., 137,000 bu; sales, 60,000; options dull and barely steady. Core quilet and steady at first; later declined with wheat; July, 47%c to 47%c. Sept., 137,000 bu; sales, 60,000; options dull and barely steady. Core quilet and steady at first; later declined with wheat; July, 47%c to 47%c. Core quilet and steady at first; later declined with wheat; July, 47%c to 47%c. Core quilet and steady at first; later declined with wheat; July, 47%c to 47%c. Core quilet and steady at first; later declined with wheat; July, 47%c to 47%c. Core quilet and steady at first; later declined with wheat; July, 47%c to 47%c. Core quilet and steady at first; later declined with wheat; July, 47%c to 47%c. Sept., 47%c LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

lamos, \$4 to \$5.25; western lambs, \$5 to \$5.25.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Beeves—Receipts, 2,375; steers slow, 10c off; bulls firm; cows generally steady; medium weak; steers, \$4.50 to \$6; oxen, \$3.65 to \$5.10; bulls, \$3.60 to \$4.65; cows, \$2.50 to \$4.30; cables quoted live cattle at Liverpool at 10½c to 11½c; at London, 11½c to 12½c per lb; sheep lower, at 11c to 12c; yearlings, 13c to 13½c; refrigerator beef lower, at \$½c to 9c per lb; exports none. Calves—Receipts, 347; market quiet; 25c lower, at 8½c to 9c per lb; exports none. Calves—Receipts, 347; market quiet; 25c lower than Wednesday; veals, \$5 to \$5.85; few choice, \$6; tops, \$6.25; buttermilks nominal. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 5.—513; sheep and yearlings, 15c to 25c lower; prime lambs about steady; others dull and lower; sheep, \$2.75 to \$4; culls, \$2.50; yearlings, \$4.50 to \$5.15; lambs, \$5.75 to \$6.55, mainly at \$6 to \$6.50, Hogs—Receipts, 2.528; firm, at \$6 for fair western hogs; state hogs, \$6.25 to \$6.30.

EAST BUFFALO, June 7.—Cattle—Fair

state hogs, \$6 25 to \$6 30.

EAST BUFFALO, June 7.—Cattle—Fair inquiry; feeling steady; there was a good supply of calves, and the basis was \$5 75 on the bulk of the sales. Sheep and lambs—Offerings, 23 loads; fair demand for lambs, bulk of sales being under 5c, with a few at \$5 10 to \$5 15; choice to extra, \$5 to \$5 10; good to choice, \$4 75 to \$5; sheep, choice to extra, \$4 to \$4 25; good to choice, \$3 75 to \$4. Hogs—Active and 5c higher, with a total of 33 loads on sale; heavy, \$6 05 to \$6 15; mixed, \$6 05; Yorkers, \$6 to \$6 07½; pigs, \$5 90 to \$5 95; roughs, \$5 40 to \$5 60; stags, \$4 50 to \$4 75; the close was steady, with the offerings pretty well cleaned up.

SIXTY FAMOUS

AERIALISTS !

Ringling Brothers' Remarkable Company of Famous Mid-Air Artists.

Sixty aerialists will be seen with Ringling Brothers' World's Greatest Shows, when this famous big combined circus, menagerie and hippodrome exhibits in London, on Monday, June 24. This is not only the greatest array of aerial performers ever associated with an American circus, but it also enibraces every noted troupe of aerialists now before the public. Every nation in the world has contributed to this remarkable congress of mid-air artists. Every famous circus of Eurpoe is represented, and the most renowned performers of Egypt, Africa, China and Japan are represented in this grand ensemble. Among the head-liners is the great Holloway Trio of high wire gymnasts. The Feeley Trio, whose mar-velous performance in mid-air known as "La Eschelle," has been the talk of England and the continent. Another importation of surpassing interest is the Alpine Sisters, whose performances have delighted wondering audiences all over the civilized world. The per-formances given by the far-famed French Family DaComa is superior to anything of its kind ever seen in this country. Swinging in mid-air, under the great canvas dome, forty feet apart, Arthur and Rose toss their sister Fahchon across the intervening space, catching her with outstretched hands, and repeating the daring performance until the audience is fairly thrilled. Then there is the famous aerial bar trio, Alvo, Boise and Picard; the fa-mous Fisher Family of Aerialists; Mlle. Turnour, the most noted, graceful and daring of all aerial poseurs and equil-Ibrists; Miss Minnie Fisher, the marvelous human aerial top; La Belle Car-men, Nettie Carroll, Miss Jessie Leon and many other remarkable mid-air performers, including the only complete troupe of Japanese aerialists and high-wire bicyclists ever brought to the United States. Ringling Brothers' circus is, however, not limited in its style of entertainment. Every department of the great show is equally complete and comprehensive. Circus day will be inaugurated with a magnificent free street parade, which in length, massiveness and colossal splendor, sur-passes anything ever before attempted in the line of spectacular display. The ing able to swim eight or ten miles at

only giraffe on exhibition is with this AN EASILY MADE DESSERT.—You can make a dessert that will be acceptable to the weakest stomach by adding a teaspoonful of Price's Rennet Wine to a pint of milk, set aside to cool and you have a delicious curd. This is the ideal hot weather food. It is highly nutritious and makes a very light demand on the digestive organs. Directions for making and serving with each bottle, 25 cents.



We have the best stock of the celebrated Palmer Hammocks in the city. Prices

\$1 to \$5 Each. All different shades and styles. Warranted fast colors. Call and inspect these goods and you will buy nothing else.

COWAN'S HARDWARE, 127 DUNDAS STREET.

OF INTEREST TO WOMANKIND

See Our Corner Wardrobes---Made Portable

Takes up very little space (only 30 inches), with a bevel mirror in door, ash, antique or golden, birch, mahogany and cherry, natural or walnut finish.

This Is the Home-Making Season.

During these days of planning and designing and contriving we can offer you much of interest and value. We save money for you-always a little, often a great deal. You will realize this in your dealings with us.

John Ferguson & Sons,

WAREROOMS-174 to 180 KING STREET.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Highest and Lowest Temperatures at Prominent Points.

Sm	London, June 8-8 a.m. TEMPERATURE.		
STATIONS-	8 a.m.	Min.	WEATHER.
Calgary	34	30	Clear
Winnipeg	44	30	Cloudy
Toronto	50	46	Cloudy
Ottawa		44	Fair
Montreal	56	50	Fair
Quebec	54	52	Oloudy
Father Point	48	44	Rain
FOI	RECA	STS.	

Today-Strong northwesterly winds; cloudy to fair and very cool. Sunday-Moderate winds; fair and

WEATHER NOTES

The cool wave has now spread as far east as the Ottawa Valley. Heavy rain fell yesterday in Eastern Ontario, and throughout Quebec, and there were scattered showers in Western Ontario; the danger of frost in Manitoba is over for the present.

ELEPHANTS IN THE BRITISH ARMY.

Highly Trained Brigade for a Great Variety of Work.

[From The Regiment.] One of the most interesting features

of the English army life presented to the layman in India is furnished by the remarkable efficiency of the elephant brigade, most highly developed through brigade, most highly developed through the skill of the Burmese in handling the giant animals. Their usefulness in India can scarcely be imagined by one not familiar with the amount and variety of work which they accomplish, but it would be a serious mistake to imagine that this degree of usefulness is attained through any aptitude of the is attained through any aptitude of the unwieldly animals or natural tendency toward it. It is due solely and entirely to the wonderful ability of the natives in training the huge animals and overcoming their natural inclinations. This cannot be too highly praised. Neither must it be imagined that the use of elephants in army life is not attended by great disadvantages, not the least of which is the difficulty with which they are transported. Naturally, the elephant is not an intelligent arimal. He can be taught remarkable things, in which his strength and arimal. in which his strength and endurance play an important part. He can never, however, perform these feats without continual attendance and direction.

Abstractly, his power of work is unappreciable; when directed by skillful hands, however, it is remarkable. The transportation facilities which are provided for the sole use of the elephant are quite as remarkable. I witnessed recently, adds the writer, the loading and detraining of a lot of elephants on the Madras railway. Both

were remarkable processes. In loading, a rope is fastened to his foreleg, and a lot of natives haul and pull at it to induce the animal to take the first steps into the car. This is only accomplished, however, by admonishing him in the paunch by means of a tusk. The first step taken is rapidly followed by the others, until he stands safely on the car. This portion of the task is accomplished comparatively easy, however, when compared with the next. At first he is timid and slightly frightened, but when the car starts his fear is wonderful to behold. Though he may ride a hundred times, he never overcomes this fear, though it is much more pronounced when he takes his initial ride, after, say, two months' acquaintance with civilization. He rends the air with his wild trumpetings, endeavors fruitlessly to escape, and only ceases his efforts when the car has again come to a standstill. In transporting the elephants by sea the difficulties are almost as great. They are raised by means of a canvas sling from the wharf to the ship, struggling to escape and rending the air with their cries.
Once aboard the ship they are easily managed, the motion not affecting them, because they do not see the mov-ing panorama before them. Unloading them is easy. They are lowered to a raft beside the ship and allowed to swim ashore. They take to the water easily and are excellent swimmers, be-

a stretch without tiring. SHE UNDERSTOOD.

"Now you know what a 'tee' is," said Bunker, explaining the game. "Now, then, a 'caddie'—
"Oh! I see!" she interrupted, "that's what you put the tea in. Of course, I know what a 'tea-caddie' is."—Philadelphia Press.

HALDIMAND LIBERALS. Cayuga, June 7.-Haldimand Liber-

als have renominated Mr. J. W. Hoimes, M.P.P., for the Legislative Assembly. Hon. E. J. Davis addressed the convention.

Anyone troubled with boils, pimples, rashes, festering sores, or any chronic or malignant skin disease, should use Burdock Blood Bitters, externally, and take internally. It will cure where

NEEDED NO HELP. Mrs. D. Spepsia (to her star boarder) —Will you please help the butter. Star Boarder—It strikes me as strong enough to help itself.—Harlem Life.

STRAYED INTO MY EEC-ENTLY, in Westminster, con 4, lot 12, black long-haired dog, short tail. Owner can have same by calling. John Murray.

THE CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING COL. UMNS OF THE LON-DON ADVERTISER

> Contain the greatest number and variety of Wants, Rents, Sales and other notices of the London public.

One reason for this is that by experience many have learned that in no other way can the whole of London be reached by one announcement. .

FRIEND'S ICE CREAM selves.

117 Dundas Street.

Now for the Outing. Summer here sure, and the outing suit not in shape. Send it here to be

cleaned or dyed, and it goes back to you looking like new. R. PARKER & CO.,

400 Richmond street, near corner of

Dundas, London, Ont. In order to let every one test the superiority of. . . .

17c Imp. Gallon

Orders may be left with all dealers in north part of city; Qeo. Trebilcock, in south; J. C. Park and T. A. Faulds, east Geo. Finnigan, west; Jas. Oowan & Co., on market, or at the head office, 184 King

WESTERN OIL WORKS.

AMBASSADOR ... CIGAR ...

Warranted clear Havana filled and hand made. A delightful and healthful smoke.

TRY ONE.

THE WORLD OF SPORTS

Return Bowling Match on the London Club's Grounds.

London Horse Won the Barton Purse at Hamilton-Baseball Scores and Other Sporting Matters.

LAWN BOWLING.

PRESIDENT VS. VICE-PRESIDENT The first group in the return match, President vs. Vice-President, was played on the grounds of the London Rowing Club yesterday, with the fol-

Towing result.	
President.	Vice-President.
Geo. Powell,	A Tillmann
J. A. Carrick,	Chas Ward
J. Carrie	C. M. Graham,
ekin	C. M. Granam,
skip	18 skip1
J. Dewan,	Dr. J. N. Wood,
J. D. Taylor,	Dr. Brown.
J. Stevenson,	Dr. Brown, E. Weid,
skip	24 skip 1
G. Nightingale.	W. F Bullen
W. Cox,	W. Harvey, A. N. Udy,
R. M. Clark.	A. N. Udy
John S. Brown.	A. W. Beddome,
skip	18 skip
N. B.Gordon, Dr. Hodge,	Dr. McLeav.
Dr. Hodge,	J. Lochead
T. Alexander,	A. Parfitt
M. H. Rowland	C. E. German,
skip	11 skip1
J Davie	W T Dan-
I A Thompson	W. T. Edge,
F Polts	Dr. Alexander,
F. Beltz,	Joe Weld,
H. Finchamp,	C. Weld,
вкір	24 skip1

95 Majority for President, 24 shots. The balance of the match will be

The bowling committee are arranging for a handicap singles match, and all members are requested to enter names before Monday evening at 6 o'clock. Only names entered will be drawn into the match.

RECORD SMASHED.

Portland, Oregon, June 7.—In a bowling contest here last night with the Y. M. C. A. team, the Multnomah Athletic Club team broke the American "cocked hat" record for four games, scoring a total of 1,140. The former record was 1,114.

AQUATIC.

GLASGOW REGATTA. Rothsaith, Firth of Clyde, June 7. -The Glasgow Exhibition regatta opened today in a brisk breeze over a course in the form of a square, twice over the course making 50 miles. The race was divided into two classes. In the first division the Shamrock I. was pitted against the best single-stickers in Brit. ish waters, and ran away from her competitors, though she was very heav-ily handicappped.

FOOTBALL.

A TIE GAME.

Galt, Ont., June 7.-A football match in the championship intermediate series, Western Football Association, was played here this evening between Galt and Stratford, resulting in a tie - one

FISTIC.

LASTED TEN ROUNDS.

Akron, Ohio, June 7 .- Art Simms, of Akron, knocked out Jack Hamilton in ten rounds tonight. Gus Gardner, of Youngstown, challenged the winner.

TURF.

THE OAKS. London, June 8.-Another of Britain's great racing trophies was captured yesterday by America, Foxhall P. Keene having won the Oaks with Cap and Bells II., ridden by Milton Henry. The hollowness of the vic-tory detracted from the interest in the race. Noonday II., the winner's stable companion, led to the straight, where March Cress and Arta fell, and Cap and Bells II. drew to the front and won in a canter by six lengths. Two lengths separated second and third horses, Sabinetta and Minnie Dee. The conditions of the race were: The Oak stakes of 4,500 sovereigns, by subscription of 50 sovereigns each, for 3-yearold fillies, to carry 126 pounds each, about one mile and a half. The bet-ting was Cap and Bells 9 to 4 against, Sabrinetta 5 to 1 against, Minnie Dee 10 to 1 against.

Punctitio won the Acorn stakes of 1,000 sovereigns. Fourteen horses ran.

AT HAMILTON.

Hamilton, June 8.—The weather was decidedly cool and cloudy yesterday for the fourth day's events of the H. J. C. spring meeting, but hevertheless about 2,500 spectators were present, and the races were well contested. The speculators were thrown down in the first event, backing Our Lizzie, the odds-on favorite, and Pillardist to win. Alfred C., a rank outsider, and Kittlecourt, a long-shot. Sot first and second money. J. Patrick was well played for the Cradle purse, and after running in last place for half a mile, come on fast and won easily, with Pillaster, the favorite, second. In the third event, at 7 furlongs, the starters were bunched for 5 furlongs, and in the sprint home Custody in the end won out by half a length; a short head divided Benckart and Flying Bess for the place. Jack Carey took the jumps clean in the steeplechase for the Walker cup, and won handily by three lengths. The favorite, Free Lance, won in the last event all the way, finishing easily two lengths in front way, finishing easily two lengths in front Lizzie 3. Time, 1:554. M. Murphy, Pillardist and Magnus Troll also ran.

Second race, Cradle purse, 5 furlongs—W. Weir & Co.'s J. Patrick 1. George Hendrie's Pilaster 2. W. Hendrie's Dunfoln 3. Time, 1:04½. Contestant also ran.

Third race, Burlington purse, 7 furlongs AT HAMILTON.

Tan.
Third race, Burlington purse, 7 furlongs
—W. Hunt's Custodian 1, G. W. Cook's
Benckart 2, N. Dyment's Flying Bess 3.
Time, 1:30. Land of Clover and Templar

Time, 1:30. Land of Glover and Templar also ran.
Fourth race, Walker cup, steeplechase, about 2 miles—I. Dubrule's Jack Carey I. C. W. Pennitston's Arequebus 2, W. F. MacLean's Angus 3. Time, 4:43. Odd Genius, Basle and Corby also ran.
Fifth race, 1 mile. selling—H. Stover's Free Lance 1, H. McCarron's Winepress 2, Stafford & Co's Teckla 3. Time, 1:44. Kaslo and Rathlin also ran.

GRAVESEND RACES. New York, June 8.—The rainstorm yes-orday limited the attendance at Graves-nd and turned the track into a sea of und. Three favorites were successful— conora Loring, Halberdier and Roxanne.

Summaries:
First race, 5 furlongs—Leonora Loring
1, Somersault 2, Ice Water 3. Time, 1:03.
Second race, the Myrtle stakes, selling.
1 mile and 70 yards—Kilogram 1, Latson
2, Intrustve 3. Time, 1:47.
Third race, selling, 5½ furlongs—Halberdier 1, Wild Oats 2, James Fitz 3.
Time, 1:09 4-5.
Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Roxane 1, Fatalist 2, Disturber 3. Time, 1:49 1-5.
Eith race, allie

Roxane 1, Fatanst 2, Discussion 1:49 1-5.
Fifth race, selling, about 6 furlongs—
Bold Knight 1, Contend 2, Godfrey 2.
Time, 1:12 1-5.
Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—The Rhymer 1,
Terminus 2, Herbert 3, Time, 1:48 2-5.
CHARITY BENEFITS.

Lune 2—James R. Keene New York, June 8.—James R. Keene announced yesterday that the Oaks stakes, won by the Keene stable yester-

BASEBALL. THE AMATEURS.

THE AMATEURS.

A fast game of baseball was played in East London between the Hortons and the Anchors, resulting in favor of the Anchors, 7 to 4. Batteries—Leopard and Carrothers; Roberts and Baxter.

A game of baseball was played on the Aberdeen diamond between the Junior Aberdeens and the Tigers, the score being 7 to 0 in favor of the Tigers. Batteries—Tigers, Stewart and Stevens; Aberdeens, Clarke and Kelland. J. Jones umpired the game satisfactorily.

2	NATIONAL LEAGUE.		
	At Pittsburg (11 innings)— R. Brooklyn	7	- 3
	Batteries-Donovan and Farrell; nehill, Chesbro and Zimmer.	To	n-
Charles Brook	At Cincinnati— New York 2 Cincinnati 3 Batteries—Doheny and Bower Newton and Bergen.	5 7	3 2 in;
	At Chicago— Fhiladelphia	8 10 gla	5 1 89;
	At St. Louis— Boston	8 9 Po	3 1 W-
	AMERICAN LEAGUE.		
100	At Baltlmore— R. Cleveland 9 Baltimore 10 Batteries—Moore and Wood; McGland Bresnahan.	13	4
	At Boston-		

Batteries Reidy and Connor; Young and Schreckengost. Batteries-Griffith and Sullivan; Carrick and Clark. Rain at Philadelphia. EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Worcester— Worcester Rochester Batteries-Klobedanz and Clements; McPartlin and Dixon. Umpires, Warner and Hurst. Called in the 8th on account

CRICKET. GAME AT TILSONBURG. Aylmer, June 7.—The Aylmer cricket club played a return match with Tilsonburg at Tilsonburg yesterday, winning by 7 wickets, in a two-innings game.

Score:

Tilsonburg—First Inning—
J. Thomson, b Bingham
J. L. Crawford, b Coughill
Rev. Mr.* Hughes, b Coughill
Dr. Dean, c Sinclair, b Bingham
W. Hogarth, b Bingham
J. Aspinall, b Bingham
J. Taylor, c White, b Coughill
A. Pow, c Monteith, b Bingham
J. Baldwin, b Coughill
W. Biette, c Bingham, b Coughill
W. Hazen, not out
Extras

Aylmer-First Inning—
Dr. Sinclair, c Biette, b Hazen
James White, b Hazen
C. Sinclair, b Dr. Dean
G. O'Dell, b Hazen
E. A. Coughill, not out
G. Bingham, c Hazen, b Dr. Dean
E. Monteith, thrown out
G. B. Smith, b Hazen
Dr. Smith, thrown out
W. Orton, b Dr. Dean
H. Hollingshead, c Pow, b Dean
Extras

Total Tilsonburg—Second Inning—
I. Thomson, b Monteith
Dr. Dean, c White, b Coughill or. Dean, c White, b Coughill
. Pow, b Orton
. L Crawford, c Monteith, b Orton
. L Crawford, c Monteith, b Orton
. V. Hazen, l.b.w., b Orton
V. Hogarth, c White, b Orton
. Taylor, c and b Monteith
. Aspinall, b Orton
. Baldwin, not out
V. Biette, b Orton
. Extras

Aylmer—Second Inning—
Dr. Sinclair, c Hogarth, b Crawford. 14
2. A Coughill, c Hughes, b Crawford. 7
White, not out 2
Sinclair, c Aspinall, b Hazen 0
3. O'Delf, not out 1
Extras 4

Aylmer winning by 1 run and 7 wickets.

THE CANADIAN

BISLEY TEAM.

Men Who Will Represent This Country in the Great Rifle Competition.

Ottawa, June 8. - The final arrangements for the Canadian Bisley team for 1901 have been made. The following is the team, which will sail by the Allan liner Tunisian on June 22: Commandant, Lieut.-Col. John Tilton; adjutant, Capt. Alex. Henderson, 6 D. C. O. Rifles. The team:
1. Sergt. G. Mortimer, 10th Royal

Grenadiers, Toronto. 2. Gunner A. Hemming, 5th R. C. A., 3. Sergt. J. McVittie, 48th Highland-

4. Pte. P. Armstrong, 10th Royal Gren-5. Sergt. W. Swaine, 14th P. W. O. Rifles.

6. Sergt. L. W. Bodley, 5th R. C. A. 7. Capt. A. Elliott, 12th Regiment, York Rangers. 8. Capt. O. W. Wetmore, 14th Regi-

ment. Sergt. A. Wilson, 43rd Regiment.
 Ottawa and Carleton Rifles.
 Lieut. John Ogg, 1st Brigade Field Artillery.
11. Color-Sergt. Major J. Richardson.

5th R. C. A. 12. Pte. C. W. Spence, 46th Highland-13. Pte. W. J. Graham, 77th Regiment. 14. Sergt. A. Graham, 48th Highland-

15. Lieut. W. J. Gilchrist, 1st Brigade Field Artillery. 16. Pte. W. T. Mason, 43rd Regiment, O. T. Rifles. 17. Sergt. C. R. Crowse, 1st Brigade

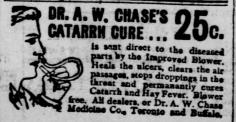
Field Artillery.

18. Pioneer R. Moodie, G. G. F. G., 19. Lieut. T. J. Murphy, 7th Fusiliers, 20. Pte. W. Masters, 1st P. W. R.

Heating and cooking stoves are both used by the upper classes in Greece, but the lower classes still live without using either.

goods and the consequent expectation that mills would need raw material together with activity aboard, sustained cotton.

EANK CLEARINGS



SATISFACTORY CONDITIONS

Characterize the Trade Situation i.) Canada.

Outlook Across the Border Has Improved-Pointers From the Commercial Reviews.

Toronto, June .7-Bradstreet's trade review weekly summary:

Trade at Montreal continues in a promising condition. There is now special activity in wholesale circles, but the sorting demand is fair, and the amount of fall business done so far is satisfactory. Shipping circles display considerable activity, and large quan-

tities of produce are going forward.

At Quebec business in general is steady. Travelers continue to send in very fair orders for the fall. In some quarters collections are up mark, while others report a backwardness over this time a year ago. In shoe manufacturing circles, quietness is noticeable, attributed to the overmanufacture. The wet weather of late has had a beneficial effect on the

growth of the crops.

Fine, bright, warm weather for a part of the week at Toronto caused a marked improvement in the sorting trade, and a number of country buy-ers were in the market, which, with travelers' orders and mail orders received, made a good aggregate of business and kept shipping-rooms busy filling orders for current trade. Values continue generally steady. The excellent crop prospects in Ontario and the improvement in the crop con-dition in the Northwest, and the rains early in the week in Manitoba all contribute to make the outlook for fall ousiness very promising. Country remittances have been better this week. Large shipments of cattle and dairy produce are being made. Money is circulating freely and trade generally

There has been a very large amount of business done in wholesale circles at Hamilton. Travelers have been sending forward good orders, and retail trade having been stimulated by the better weather for business. The outlook is generally toward a very large volume of trade for the fall, crop conditions being favorable and the in-dustrial centers being well employed.

Remittances have been satisfactory. Business at Winnipeg, which last week was adversely affected by the hot weather, has improved with the rain this week. The outlook for the growing crops having been improved by the much needed rain, the feeling in business circles is good. The outlook for trade is good, but much depends upon the wheat crop. Payments are rather slow.

There has been some improvement in trade conditions at the coast, and the immediate prospects for business are considered better than they have been for some weeks. Collections on the whole are a little easier. There has been a fair amount of trade done at Ottawa the past week.

Retail merchants in the country centers, as well as the city, are stocking up, and orders for seasonable lines have been somewhat large. Values of staple goods in most cases are steady.

IN THE UNITED STATES. New York, June 7 .- Bradstreet's re-

Despite some irregularities, due to special conditions, the general trade situation shows an improvement owing to better weather and crop conditions in most sections of the coun-Failures for the week number 163, against 144 last week, 184 in this week a year ago, 178 in 1899, 221 in 1898 and 256 in 1897. There is a rather better tone in textiles, due partly to an improved distribution in summer drygoods, and also to better orders for woolen goods for fall delivery. Cotton is speculatively higher, despite rather better crop reports. The industrial situation shows little change, but the failure of the unexpected settlement of the machinists' strike to materialize is reflected in the rise of local dulling demand for some kinds of iron and steel in such centers as Chicago, Cin-cinnati and our markets. The strike of eastern paper mill hands, predicted week ago, has materialized, but on the other hand, the building trades which have been very free of labor troubles this spring, are actively employed the country over.

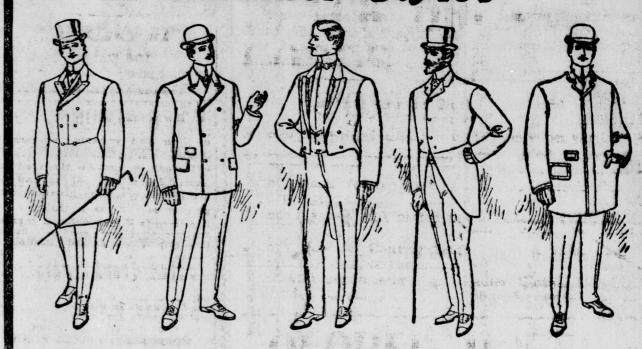
Dun's review says the labor situation in many parts of the country is still seriously unsettled, and constitutes a reason for hesitation in some indusreason for hesitation in some muus-tries discouraging new operations, which satisfactory conditions would otherwise stimulate. But quick de-cision is to be expected in some of these labor controversies, and in the meantime trade is encouraged by reports of a satisfactory condition of the country. As for spring wheat, the crop was put in under very favorable conditions, and there have been few unsatisfactory reports. Labor controversies have become the factor of greatest importance in the leading manufacturing industries. Counting, perhaps, upon the urgency of orders and heavy losses which would be sustained by employers at many points, who have taken a determined stand announced that the strikers' places will be filled by non-union men en Monday if they fail to resume work. More quiet conditions in the market and few new contracts make this action possible. Pig iron is extremely dull. Large contracts for rails sustain billets, and finished steel deliveries continue heavy. Shipments of farm machinery attract much attention, while bridge building, new vessels and track elevation prevent dullness in

structural material. Efforts to secure advances in grain by exaggerated reports of damage to the growing crop have given place to more rational statements, and the out-look is generally conceded to be full of promise. Shipments of boots and shoes from Boston continue very large for the last week, exceeding the same week of 1900 by 20,000 cases, and since the year opened forwardings have been over two million cases, far sur-passing any previous record. Local distribution is facilitated by the warm weather, and this factor is even more potent in the market for cotton goods, which exhibited greater animation than at any previous times this season. Other textile lines were helped, though less extensively. The later movement of domestic goods and the consequent expectation

BANK CLEARINGS.

New York, June 7.—The bank clearings in the principal cities in the United States for the week ended June 6, as compiled by Bradstreet's, show a total of \$2,666,001,182, an increase of 61.0 percent compared with the same period a year ago. Outside of New York the total is \$340,931,480, an increase of 23.7 per cent. The clearings in the principal per cent. The clearings in the principal cities of Canada for the week were: Vancouver, \$88,897, 10.3 per cent decrease; Montreal, \$18,540,658, 27.2 per

Some "Semi-ready" Summer Styles



So long as the vogue sanctions athletics and adores militarism, men will dress in smartly cut, close-fitting clothes.

Note the artistic lines of "Semi-ready"—the correct styles for Summer.

Shoulders are broader than formerly, coats are snugger at the waist line and inclined to be shorter. Trousers are not so full about the knees and thighs. The bottoms should be 81/2 inches larger than the shoe

Nobby fabrics or quiet kinds that equally mark the up-to-date dresser without proclaiming it.

"Semi-ready" watches your tastes—gets new things all the time. Summer Suits and Overcoats, \$12 to \$25.

Sold at the tailor's try-on stage—delivered as soon as you like money back for any fault.

"Semi-ready" Clothes for Gentlemen.

London Wardrobe==146 Dundas Street.

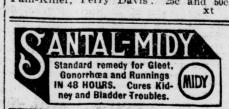
cent increase. Winnipeg, \$1,160,691, 48.1 per cent decrease; Toronto, \$13,601,102, 21.7 per cent increase; Halifax, \$1,790,-325, 13.9 per cent decrease; Hamilton, \$25, 13.9 per cent decrease; Hamilton, \$835,246, 1.7 per cent increase; St. John, N. B., \$855,142, 9.8 per cent increase; Victoria, B. C., \$826,710, 23.0 per cent increase; Quebec, \$1,728,292. Totals, \$38,498,771; 17.2 per cent increase.

A MUSICAL DOOR-SCRAPER. The late Sir Frederick Gore-Ousley, professor of music at Oxford, was once going to call on a friend in Lon-don, and asked a fellow musician the number in which he lived in a certain street. "I don't know the number," answered the other, "but the note of his door-scraper is C sharp." Sir Frederick went off contentedly, kicked the door-scrapers all down the street until he came to the right one, when he rang the bell and went in.

Don't Forget

that to remove corns, warts, bunions in a few days, all that is required is to ap-ply the old and well-tested corn cure— Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Sure, safe, painless. At druggists'.

Superintendent Weed, of the Downing Park, Newburgh, N. Y., is re-moving a large quantity of shrubbery from the park which has been found infected with the San Jose scale. The infected trees number over 200. EVERY HOME NEEDS a remedy that is adapted for use in case of sudden accident or illness. Such a one is Pain-Killer. Avoid substitutes; there's but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c and 50c.



VISITORS TO EUROPE

Free Bureau of Information regarding hotels, hydropathic and boarding establishments in Great Britain. The European Exporters' Association is the agent of the principal hotels in Great Britain, including the Gordon Hotels. It has also a list of family, commercial and temperance hotels, to meet the requirements of all travelers. Full particulars as to tariff, situations, etc., furnished, accommodations secured. Hotels notified of intending arrivals. All arrangements completed free of charge.

EUROPEAN EXPORTERS' ASSOCIATION, McKinnon Building, Toronto; and 6 St

Bacrament Street, Montreal. t

Of the Many Artistic and beautiful premiums

given away for

Sweet Home ..Soap...

Wrappers. Nothing heretofore has equaled the magnificent pic-

Holiness The Pope

Now offered our Catholic friends. Bring wrappers to office any day except Saturday afternoon when office is closed.

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Write today for a free copy of our interesting books "Inventors Help" and "How you are swindled." We have extensive experience in the intricate patent

ASTHMA CURED

Liebig's Asthma Cure never fails. It gives immediate relief and cures. To prove this statement we will send a Trial Bottle free by mail to every sufferer. Large size \$1.00—for sale by all druggists or direct. Address The Liebig Co. druggists or direct. Address The

Railways and Navigation

Pan-American Picturesque Route. London to Buffalo

TRAIN SERVICE: TRAIN SERVICE:

Leave London *3:32 a.m., arr. Buffalo 8:20 a.m.

*8:10 a.m., "1:45 p.m.

*12:01 p.m., "4:30 p.m.

*1:35 p.m., "10:00 p.m.

*7:15 p.m., arr. London 4:14 a.m.

*4:40 a.m., "11:00 a.m.

*3:00 p.m., 7:20 p.m.

*5:00 p.m., "9:50 p.m. Daily. †Daily except Sunday. Round trip, limit, 4 days... Round trip, limit, 15 days. Tickets on sale every day in the week, E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. and T. A., "Clock" corner. M. C. DICKSON, Dis-trict Passenger Agent, Toronto.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niagara Falls Route."

EPWORTH LEAGUE CONVENTION....

San Francisco, Cal. Special Rates for the Round Trip

Call at city office, 395 Richmond street, for particulars. Telephone 205.

JOHN PAUL, Agent; O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger Agent.

ALLAN LINE For Liverpool. Calling at Moville and New York to Glasgow.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First cabin, \$60 and upwards. Second cabin. \$35 and upwards. Steerage, \$25 and \$26. New York to Glasgow; First cabin, \$50 and upwards. Second cabin, \$32.50. Steerage. \$26. Reduction on first and second cabin return tickets. Prepaid tickets issued for bring ing out passengers.

For sailing lists and all information apply to E. De la Hooke, W. Fulton and F. B. Clarke, London. RATES OF PASSAGE.

CANADIAN PACIFIC **JPPER LAKE** ~SERVICE.

During season of navigation Upper Lakes steamships "Alberta," "Athabasca" and "Manitoba" will leave OWEN SOUND Tuesdays, Thursday and Saturdays, at 5:30 p.m., after arrival of Steamship Express leaving Toronto at 1:30 p.m. Connection will be made at Sault Ste. Marie and Port Arthur and Fort William for all points west.

W. FULTON, city passenger agent, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond, London, Ont.; A. H. NGTMAN, assistant general passenger agent, 1 King street east, Toronto.

Railways and Navigation E. & D. R. R.

SEMI-WEEKLY EXCURSIONS TO PORT STANLEY.

Commencing May 15, and each Wednesday and Saturday during the season. Round trip fare, 30 cents. Trains leave London at 10:25 a.m. and 2:30 p.m. Returning leave Port Stanley at 1 and 4:40 Get tickets at De La Hooke's 'Clock' Corner, and G. T. R. Station.

Intercolonial Railway.

On and after Sunday, March 10, 1901 the train leaving Union Station, To-ronto (via Grand Trunk Railway) at 10:00 p.m., connects with the Maritime Express and Local Express at Bonaventure depot, Montreal, as follows: The Maritime Express will leave Montreal daily, except on Saturday, at 12 noon, for Halifax, N. S., St. John N. B., the Sydneys, and points in the Maritime Provinces.

The Maritime Express from Halifax, St. John, the Sydneys and other points east will arrive at Montreal daily, except on Monday, at 5:30 p.m. The Local Express will leave Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 a.m., due to arrive at Levis at 1:05 p.m.

The Local Express will leave Levis

at 4:20 p.m., daily, except Sunday, due to arrive at Montreal at 10:00 p.m. The Local Accommodation will leave Montreal daily, except Sunday, at 11:30 p.m., due to arrive at Levis at 7:20 Through sleeping and dining cars on

the Maritime Express. The vestibule trains are equipped with every convenience for the comfort of the traveler. The elegant, sleeping, dining and first-class cars make travel a luxury.

The Intercolonial Railway connects the west with the finest fishing streams, seaside resorts and tourist routes in Canada. Tickets for sale at all offices of the Grand Trunk System, at Union Station, Toronto, and at the office of the general traveling agent.
WILLIAM ROBINSON, General Traveling Agent, 10 King street west,

Toronto. H. A. PRICE, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 148 St. James street, Montreal.

WHITE STAR LINE. New York to Liverpool via Queenstown

OCEANIC June 19
TEUTONIC June 26
GERMANIC July 3 CYMRIC....July 10
*MAJESTIC...July 17

*Excellent Second Cabin accommodation on these steamers. E. De La Hooke,

Sole Agent for London, "Clock" Corner.

If, on a calm day you want to know in what direction the slightest current of air is moving wet your finger and hold it up. It feels cool on the side where the breeze strikes it, ewing to

See our special Straw Hats. \$1.00.

Had they landed in another

store you would pay one-fifty.

The Ontario

Debenture Co

PAID UP CAPITAL, - \$1,200,000.

RESERVE FUND, - - 535,000.

Deposits Received,

annum, half-yearly.

Debentures issued

WILLIAM F. BULLEN,

Offices-Cor. Dundas Street and Market Lane, London, Ont. wtz

A LOCAL BUDGET.

-Mrs. Gordon Wright, of Elmwood avenue, is spending a few days in St.

-Ten instructors are to be sent from

Wolseley Barracks here to attend the

camp at Kingston from the 18th to the 29th of June.

-His Lordship Bishop McEvay, of

this city, will administer confirmation

to a large number of candidates at

-The death is announced at Wood-

stock, on Tuesday last, of Ann Piper, wife of Wm. Piper, aged 65 years, formerly of this city.

-A "tea" will be given by several members of the executive of the Lon-

don Hunt Ladies' Golf Club at the

-The large headlights for the new

-A small son of George W. Kent,

confectioner, fell from a pile of lum-

ber yesterday, breaking one of his legs and injuring his head.

evening to Trooper James Wilkey, of

the Strathcona Horse, at the residence

of Mr. Wm. Wilkey, of Quebec street.

-Mr. Wm. R. Meredith, of this city,

one of the successful law students at the Easter examinations in Toronto,

succeeding in winning a scholarship of

Thornton suffered with par-

-Corp. John Burnand, clerk of No.

1 Company office, received a telegram

from Ottawa yesterday morning ordering him to report there at once as

-Mr. M. Hook, of the Tecumseh House, was in Buffalo this week, and attended the banquet of the Hotel-

keepers' Association of America at the

-Mr. Charles Ferguson, an employe of the Columbia Handle Works, had

the end of the second finger of his right hand cut off by a circular saw on Thursday afternoon.

-The plans prepared by Ald. Gerry, of South London, for the improvement

and enlargement of the Ontario Street Church, Clinton, have been accepted

-Mr. Ted. Hungerford, of the Bank

of Montreal staff here, has been promoted to the New York branch. Mr. Tilley, of Vancouver, B. C., has been

-Rev. Dr. Smith, pastor of the First Methodist Church, has returned from

the Toronto conference, of which he

is now a member. He will occupy his

own pulpit at both services tomorrow.

Confirmation service will be conducted by his Lordship Bishop Baldwin at St. James' Church, South Lon-

don, on Wednesday evening next, and at the Holy Trinity Church, Lucan, on

-A London Old Boys' Association

has been formed in the City of Mexico, and the president, Mr. J. S. Mc-Lellan, an old-time Londoner, has for-

warded the membership fee to Secretary Small, of Chicago.

-Fred W. Kaisner, of Oxford street, a cooper, employed at Carl-ing's, struck his wrist with an axe

EXTRA QUALITY.

PHONE 1065.

USUAL PRICE.

all parts of the city.

appointed to the branch here.

by the board of trustees.

-A reception was tendered the other

yearly.

Thomas.

Tilbury tomorrow.

Kennels on Monday.

alysis.

chief staff clerk.

Pan-American.

Sunday.

nesday, June 19.

Interest 3½ per cent per

for one year and up-

wards. Coupons at-

tached for interest half-

Loan and

196 Dundas Street.

You save the difference.

SILVER SPOONS.

PHONE 1319

Short Cuts...

In fractions, drills in rapid addition, quick extending, etc., is what a young man needs who goes into a wholesale house as invoice clerk.

We supply the leading houses of London with this class of help as well

as sending out stenographers into the best positions.

Mr. H. Sangster has been placed as entry clerk with J. Wright & Co.,

Forest City Business and Shorthand College, London, Ont.

J. W. WESTERVELT. Principal.

QUALITY AND MATERIAL

is essential when buying made-to-order clothes. Style, finish and workmanship are included with the suits we make. See our \$20 Scotch Suitings.

O. LABELLE. 78 Richmond Street



Jessica Hambly

(Honor Graduate of Emerson College of Oratory)
Teacher of Elocution and Physical Culture receives pupils at the Conservatory of Music



A BICYCLE MAID and a bioycle made, is a pleasing combi-

BICYCLES for maids and men. Goodly wheels of perfect design and honest construction. Go anywhere, over anything and come in winners. Wheels from \$30.00 to \$50.00.

Morrow coasters and cushion frames. Bicycle rims 15c each.

Dunlop tires \$8.00 per pair.

Brock's Gun Store, London, Ont.

Beautify Your Home.

Don't cost much. Wall paper is cheaper than ever this season. Then again we have exclusive

H. & C. COLERICK, 443 Richmond Street.

R. K. COWAN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., County Bldgs, next Court House, London

H.O.M.BRIDE Architect and Surveyor,

CALL AND SEE US AT OUR



The Electrical Construction Co. of London, Limited,

Dynamos, Motors, Electric Light Fixtures and Wiring Supplies. Phone 1103.

FAIRBAIRN, THE TAILOR, Richmond Street, Opposite City Hall

SCIENTISTS MEET.

The united meeting of the practical engineers and geologists was held at the residence of Dr. Woolverton last evening. It proved to be an interesting occasion, one of the features being the inspection of the doctor's museum of archaeology and geology. Mr. Kirk, principal of the Model school, read a paper on "Waste Canadian Products." He considered that the national economy of the country was very defective in regard to the mines, minerals, peat and other valuable productions of nature. On account of the different views held by some of the members, the discussion of the paper was deferred until the next meeting.

BRITISH ARMY FOOT POWDER makes walking easy when suffering from swollen, aching or tender feet. It destroys the odor of perspiration and also makes everything with which it comes in contact sweet and wholesome. In large sprinkler top tins for 25 cents. Sold by Cairneross & Lawrence. 216 Dundas street London.

It is estimated that the cost of royalty to each citizen of Great Britain is only 3d. per annum.

Do You Shave?

We wish to talk with you. Razor no good - pulls makes your face sore?

Want a Razor that will glide smoothly across your face-a clean, comfortable shave ?

Try one of ours-they shave smooth and clean and stay sharp. Each one guaranteed.

GURD'S,

185 Dundas Street.

Choicest Variety With a well-selected stock and reasonable prices there is no reason why you should not order a suit of clothes from

Southcott's, Richmond St.

W. A. PIPER., D.D.S., Specialty Gold and Porcelain work. Hours—9 to 5 p.m.

Drs. D. H & W. A. Piper D. H. PIPER, M. D.,
Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs.
Hours-10 to 2, 7 to 8 p.m.
Phone 804. 332 Dundas St. (cor. Waterloo).

Meteorological.

Toronto, June 7-8 p.m.-Heavy rain has fallen today in Eastern Ontario and throughout Quebec, and there have been scattered showers in Western Ontario. The cool wave is moving quickly toward the lake region from Manitoba, in which province the tem-perature will now raise and another

rainfall is probable. Minimum and maximum tempera-Minimum and maximum chapters: Victoria, 46-56; Kamloops, 42-64; Calgary, 32-58; Prince Albert, 32-64; Qu'Appelle, 36-64; Winnipeg, 28-56; Port Arthur, 46-52; Parry Sound, 50-60; Toronto, 58-70; Ottawa, 48-60; Montreal, 60-70; Quebec, 64-78; Halifax,

Local temperatures: Highest, 68;

owest, 53.
Today (Saturday) the sun rose at 7:57 p.m. The 4:36 a.m. and sets at 7:57 p.m. The moon rises at 11:57 p.m. and sets at

新公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司的公司 You'll Like

the looks of Jersey Cream Bread. It is baked all the way through, and the crusts are brown and crisp. It is just as good as it looks. Give it a trial, and you will want it every time. Sold by all grocers or delivered.

JOHNSTON BROS.



AWNINGS, **VERANDA** CURTAINS.

Forty different stripes, in all colors, to choose from. Phone 606 and have man call to give

The Hariey Awning Co. 487 Richmond Street. yt

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FAULTLESS TAILORING

Men who know qualities and appreciate faultless tailoring are quick to see the point in our special offerings in suitings.

Patterns exceedingly handsome.

THOS. WILSON, Merchant Tailor,

Phone 596. 213 DUNDAS ST 000000000000000

000000000000000 We Can Supply Both Wedding Ring and Marriage License.

An elegant stock of Clocks-just the thing for a wedding present. We have the finest stock of Sterling Silverware in the city. Have a look at our Cut Glassyou will be pleased.

Thos. Gillean,

JEWELER. 402 Richmond Street, Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

00000000000000000 London Advertiser.



-The finance committee of the city council and a committee of the county council were to have left last night to discuss the question of a sanitarium for consumptives, but other business prevented the county representatives from being able to attend, and the meeting was called off.

New Straw Hats.....

> Some of the very latest things. Just opened. They will be going in a few days | with a rush. Prices of \\$ straws this season with us are very low.

| Nutritious Bread

is an absolute essential to good health. EUREKA BREAD contains a greater percentage of nutriment than any other bread. It's made of the entire grain of the wheat—wonderfully nourishing and appetizing.

THE PARNELL-DEANSTEAM BAKING CO., Limited, 75 Bruce Street, London, Ont

A FAVORITE SHOE.



The constantly increasing demands for the Try-Me Shoe show it to be a general favorite. It has the appearance of a \$4 shoe, and is away ahead in medium-priced footwear. It is manufactured for and sold only at

BOOT SHOP.

182 Dundas St. Phone 860. John S. Brown. Frank A. Brown.

*** yesterday while chopping a piece of wood, and cut it so badly that the

pulse artery was severed. -Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Ingram, of this city, are spending a few weeks with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Irvine, at Oil Springs. Mrs. Ingram is quite ill from inflammation, with symptoms of appendicitis.

-Rev. R. D. Hamilton, the pastor of the Wellington Street Methodist Church, expects to visit California this summer, and attend the International E. L. convention in San Francisco as one of the delegates from Canada.

-Revs. Dr. Johnston, Thomas Wilson, George Gilmore and Walter Mof-fat leave on Tuesday next for Ottawa, where they will represent the London presbytery at the General Assembly. Four elders from London will also attend the assembly.

-Rev. Stephen Bond will occupy the pulpit of Dundas Street Center Methodist Church at both services tomorrow. The choir will be assisted at the morning service by Mrs. Twining, a former soloist of the church, who has lately returned from India.

-Mr. Patrick Boyle, the well-known customs officer, was wheeling near Victoria Park the other day, when a small boy came into collision with him, throwing him with Springbank cars have been received by the street railway company, and are being placed in position.

lision with him, throwing him with him with him, throwing him with him wi confined to the house for several

-No. 1 committee of the board of education met last night and decided to recommend a grant of \$100 for pictures and statuary for the Collegiate Institute. The tender of John Mills was accepted for the paper required at the departmental examinations, and the contract for printing the examination papers was awarded to the London Printing and Lithographing Company.

-The Exeter Advocate says that Mr. George W. Scott, who resides on lot 12, con. 15, London township, last week showed us a very unique little -The death of Mrs. Thornton, wife of Mr. Wm. Thornton, of Maitland street, occurred yesterday morning. ring, which he came in possession of in a very peculiar way. While engaged in the field plowing one day last week he noticed a dead pigeon lying on the ground, and on examining it found a small aluminum band encircling one leg, and bearing the inscription "Q.T., 1899. 18." It was evidently a carrier pigeon, bearing a cypher message, that had been liberated at some distant point, and in its flight had become lost or exhausted. The question now arises, who owned the pigeon?

-A new organization was formed at St. John's Church, London township, on Thursday evening, to be known as "St. John's Musical Society." The following were elected officers: President, Mr. Henry Farncomb; vice-president, Mr. Edward McNab; secretary, Mr. Herbert Shoebottom; assistant secretary, Miss Gertie Morden; treasurer, Miss Kate Powell; musical director, Mr. J. W. Fetherston. The society will meet for practice weekly on Thursday evenings, taking a course in singing lessons and voice culture. Under the efficient instruction of Mr Fetherston no doubt best results may be expected. A large number have joined as members, and many more are expected at next meeting.

Before. After. Wood's Phosphodine, The Great English Remedy.
Sold and recommended by all druggists in Canada. Only reliable medicine discovered. Six packages guaranteed to cure all forms of Sexual Weakness, all effects of abuse or excess, Mental Worry. Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants. Mailed on receipt of price, one package \$1. six, \$5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlets free to any address.
The Wood Company, Windsor, Ont. The marriage of Miss Catherine Johnson, of Detroit, to Mr. Victor Marentette, of this city, who was a member of the first contingent, has been arranged to take place on Wed-

Wood's Phosphodine is sold in London by C. McCallum & Co. and Anderson & Nelles, druggists.

A Big Assortment of

Bicycles, Guns Revolvers, Rifles, Cartridges...

> FISHING TACKLE Poles, Hooks, Lines, Reels, etc.

> > Everything at lowest

D. McKenzie & Co

298 Richmond Street,

CHAPMAN'S EARLY

These are the late spring designs and early summer ideasgoods that are being eagerly sought after—and priced to make you wonder how we can sell them for so little.

\$9.25 Hat for \$4.25.

Here is a most attractive hat of cream and old rose, deftly trimmed with cream satin, striped chiffon, black velvet ribbon and buckles. Selling at .. \$4 25

\$8.50 Hat for \$4.

This is a large white hat, exquisitely trimmed with white and Tuscan poppies and black velvet ribbon. Selling at\$4 00

\$12 Hat for \$5.

This aristocratic hat is of white and pale green, with large velvet bow on crown, caught with jet buckle; artistic in every detail. Selling at.....\$5 00



Sailor Hats Worth \$1.50 for \$1.

Ladies' Sailor Hats, of fine white split straw, with black and navy bands, worth \$1.50, for \$1 00 Rustic Sailor Hats, worth 75c and \$1, for...... 50c A choice assortment of White Leghorn Hats at......50c and 75c

BEAUTIFUL WASH FABRICS.



In all the new and dainty patterns and shades.

Mercerized Sateens Exclusive patterns, pretty

shades of pink, mauve, blue, green, gray and

black, at per yard...... 25c The New Batiste Fabric In rich satin stripes and in

the very latest American styles, at per yard...... 20c

the most desirable tints,

American Dimities In fancy stripes and floral designs, a beautiful wash fabric, at per yard...... 10c

Fancy Zephyrs

A very popular and serviceable wash fabric, in dainty stripes and neat checks, per yard......121/2c

Printed Lawns

In neat patterns, for per

HANDSOME MUSLIN SUITS.

Cool and Comfortable for Summer Wear. FOR \$3.50

We show a very attractive suit of

fine Dimity, in choice patterns. Blouse with white front and ruffle, bishop sleeve; skirt, flare and with deep frill. A handsome suit for \$3 50 FOR \$4.00

We show a handsome White Pique Suit. Blouse with three rows of insertion on front, bishop sleeve and self collar; skirt with a row of insertion all around. Our special for.....\$4 00

FOR \$5.00

An extremely pretty suit of fine Batiste Cloth, in neat and new patterns. Blouse with white front, three rows of insertion across front, puff sleeves; skirt, flare with three straps of insertion. Selling at\$5 00



LADIES' SPRING SUITS AT CLEARING-OUT PRICES.



Suits Worth \$10 for \$6.50. Suits Worth \$12 and \$15 for \$7.50.

Ladies' Tailor-made Tweed Suits, in gray and castor shades. Jacket, Eton style and lined with mercerized sateen; skirt, flare and lined with percale, faced with velvet. Regular price \$10, for.....\$6 50

Ladies' Tailor-made Broadcloth Suits, in black and fawn shades, Eton Jacket lined with fine mercerized sateen; flare skirt lined through and faced with velvet. Sold at \$12 and \$15; now at\$7 50

These suits are strictly up-to-date. We have not a great many of them, but your size may be among the lot. Ask to see

H. CHAPMAN & CO.

126, 128, 128 1-2 DUNDAS STREET.

BROS. 247 DUNDAS STREET. Une door South G.T.R. Station.

sutrinions Bread

CARNEGIE'S MUNIFICENCE!

Transfers \$10,000,000 in Bonds to the Universities of Scotland.

Panie in Barcelona --- Over 100 Persons Injured in a Crush---Maude and Sarah Will Play Romeo and Juliet Together Next Season in America---British Locomotives Are the Best--- Growth of Anglo-Canadian Trade---American Financiers Received by the Lord Mayor of London.

months ending May 21 show the following increases in British imports

from Canada: Sheep and lambs, £14,-000; oats, £41,000; peas, £70,000; maize, £53,000; butter, £3,000; cheese, £290,-000; eggs, £44,000; wood pulp, £6,000; sawn wood, £10,000.

In certain classes of goods there have been decreases instead of increases. The chief are: Cattle, £45,-

000; wheat, £285,000; wheat flour, £48,000; bacon, £109,000; hams, £63,000; hewn wood, £7,000; fish, £224,000.

Increases in British exports to Can-

ada were: Salt, £6,000; wools, £11,000;

000; bar, angle bolt, and rod iron, £8,-

000; tin plates, £57,000; cast and wrought iron, £8,000; unwrought steel,

£73,000; unwrought tin, £7,000; apparel

BRITISH LOCOMOTIVES THE BEST

Sir Alfred Hickman, ex-president of

the British Iron Trade Association, has

agent in Egypt, relative to the con-sumption of coal by British and for-

eign engines in Egypt. Lord Cromer

said a definite report could not be given for two months, but Major John-

ston thinks the Americans average 10

per cent more coal than the other

lows: "This, so far, confirms the reports from Burmah and Assam, and,

if correct, would make American en-gines dear as a gift. With reference to your claim that Americans are su-

perior in chemical research, I venture

W. Johnson, superintendent of the lo-

comotive department of the company,

says in the Daily Mail that the re-

sults of six months' comparative tests.

made with standard Midland good en-

gines in the same conditions, showed

the extra working cost of the Ameri-

from 20 to 25 per cent in fuel, 50 per

cent in oil and 60 per cent in repairs.

Superintendent Johnson explains, however, that American methods of hand-

ling engines differ from English meth-

SENSATIONAL SUIT.

in the first district court of Berlin. The

and the defendant is the brother of

Empress Augusta Victoria, Duke Ern-

est Guenther. The plaintiff claims that

Princess Amalia received only 12,000

marks annually from the defendant.

who is the head of the house. She also

asserts that, as she had a fortune of

she made loans to the princess, who,

being in the last stage of consumption,

was at the time proceeding slowly to

Malta, according to the plaintiff's

statement, she engaged as her cham-

ker, who induced her to incur

large expenses. Finally, the plaint-

iff, who feared the loss of her entire

fortune, made the princess, with

whom she had meanwhile arrived at

Cairo, restore to her the sum of 20.-

000 francs. The plaintiff now declares

humanely transported back to Prussia.

when she became very ill. Meanwhile,

according to the plaintiff's declaration.

20,000 francs from her trunk, and with

cess, then deceased, and defrayed the

cost of transporting the body home.

refunded with interest. Defendant's

counsel, Count Bredow, challenged the

accuracy of a number of the plaintiff's

before the proceedings were carried

MR. FISHER'S GOOD WORK.

er, the Canadian minister of agricul-

ture, is directing attention to the fine

exhibits of food and forestry pro-

ducts of the Dominion at the Glasgow

Exhibition, and to the experimental

farms conducted at Ottawa and else-

farmers are more flexible in methods and more inclined to profit by new

is doing excellent work for Canada

here, and is laying stress on the fact

that the Dominion is no longer losing

across the border, but, on the con-

CABLE NOTES.

the Duchess of Devonshire was taken

to Marlborough House yesterday for

It is semi-officially announced that

the selection of Count Von Walder-

The famous Gainsborough picture of

population through emigration

is attracting settlers from the

ideas than the English farmers.

He asserts that the Canadian

London, June 7 .- Hon. Sydney Fish-

who is still in Cairo, must depose

Prince Joachim's adjutant,

Walker forcibly took plaintiff's

berlain an American named

Guenther, the adjutant of

deceased

Prince

plaintiff, Anna Milewski, was formerly

lady-in-waiting upon the

Sir Alfred comments as fol-

oil, £9,000.

OVER 100 PERSONS HURT.

Madrid, June 8 .- A dispatch received here from Barcelona says that during the Corpus Christi procession, some burning paper fell from a balcony, and the crowd, believing it was a bomb, became panic-stricken and fled. There was a fearful crush, women fainted, and a hundred persons were injured. No fatalities have been

GAVE AWAY \$10,000,000. London, June 8.-Andrew Carnegie

signed a deed yesterday transferring \$10,000,000 in 5 per cent steel trust bonds to trustees for the benefit of universities of Scotland. The amount becomes immediately available. The next installment of interest can be used for the October term. The deed contains a preamble saying that Mr. Carnegie, having retired from active business deems it to be his duty and one of his highest privileges to admin one of his highest privileges to admin-ister the wealth which has come to him, as a trustee in behalf of others, entertaining the confident belief that one of the best means of discharging that trust is providing funds for im-proving and extending the opportunities for scientific research of the uni-versities of Scotland, his native land, and by rendering the attendance easier. A constitution, as it is called, is attached to the deed, directing that half the income be devoted to increasing the facilities for the study of science, medicine, modern languages, history and English literature. The other half is to pay fees, and assist students in other ways, regardless of sex, and in aid of preparatory schools, evening classes and other means of education outside the universities.

MAUDE AND SARAH.

Sarah Barnhardt will play Romeo for a hundred nights in America to Maude Adam's Juliet. This important theatrical event was arranged last evening at a supper given by Sarah Barnhardt to Charles Frohman, Mme. will play in English, and after the American tour the two actresses will appear here and on the continent. Mme Bernhardt has taken Frohman's prompt copy in manuscript and will study the role in English during the summer. It is the desire of both managers to have Mme. Bernhardt appear as Romeo, following her coming production of "Theodora" at the Sarah Bernhardt Theater in Paris. Before Miss Adams returns to America she will meet Mme. Berhardt in Paris and go over the scenes of the first

HIS VEILED WIVES.

A special embassy from the Sultan of Morocco, bearing congratulations to King Edward on his accession, arrived yesterday. The embassy, which is headed by Kaid El Machedi El Menebehi, minister of war, numbers 29 persons, including the ambassador's two wives.

When the deputation was officially received at the Portsmouth pier by Admiral Aldrich and Gen. Sir Baker Russell, the reception was abruptly suspended to allow the ladies, closely veiled, to pass down the gang-plank to the sumptuous special train, all Europeans being obliged to retire meanwhile.

The ambassador of Morocco brings King Edward two rare Atlas Moun- Egypt. When the princess was tain sheep, 20 Arab horses and 20 mules. The official reception will take place Monday.

WELCOMED BY LORD MAYOR. Lord Mayor Green and the sheriffs received the delegates of the New York Chamber of Commerce at the Mansion House yesterday. About twenty of the delegates were present and shown over the Mansion House.

A number of members of the London Chamber of Commerce, including Lord Brassey and Sir Albert K. Rollit, were present. The lord mayor addressed the Americans, thanking them in the warmest terms for their visit, and de claring that nothing could have done more to promote a perfect under-standing and unity between the greatest two nations in the world. He re- it settled the unpaid bills of the prinferred to Morris K. Jessup's reference in his speech at the banquet Wednesday to the impossibility of jealous rivalry existing between the United States and Great Britain, being one of the truest things ever said. Brassey spoke in a similar strain. Mr. statements, and the court decided that Jessup, in replying said: "Your kindness has captivated our hearts. We are not worthy of it." (Loud cries of "No," in which some of the Americans Joined, followed by Mr. Jessup's re-

Mr. Jessup then referred to his fellow-delegates as "children of this great country," and concluded with expressing fervent thanks for their reception. The lord mayor proposed the healths of King Edward President McKinley, coupling with the latter a heartfelt wish for Mrs. Mc-Kinley's recovery. Andrew Carnegie was the center of attraction throughout. After the ceremonies the lord mayor went up to him and said he especially wanted to shake hands with Mr. Carnegie, who said: "In New York, in my young and poor days when I read about Dick Whittington, I little thought I should stand here shaking the lord mayor's hand." The lord mayor replied: "We read nothing else today but of Mr. Carnegie's splendid gifts, and in the name of the English people I want to thank you for your unexampled generosity." The delegates were then entertained at an informal luncheon in Salter's Hall by the London Chamber of Commerce.

Board of trade returns for the five

CANADA'S TRADE WITH BRITAIN forces in China.

its

United States.

the King to see

dent of the London Daily Chronicle, "that M. Delcasse has decided to recall the French ambassador to Ger-many, Marquis De Nolles, and that M. Leon Burgeois will probably succeed him." The Chronicle suggests that the change is the outcome of French resentment at Emperor William in celebrating at Metz the birthday of the czar.

CONGREGATIONALISTS

Wish to Keep Their Principal, Rev. M. George—Standing of the Churches.

Toronto, June 7.-The sessions of the Congregational Union of Ontario and Quebec were continued all day yesterday in the Northern Congregational Church, with an increased attendance of delegates. A pleasing feature was the assurance given to Rev. Principal George, of the Congregational College, Montreal, that it was the unanimous wish of the principal that he promise in wish of the union that he remain in Canada, and not accept the offer to become principal of the Chicago Theological Seminary (Congregational). In his reply, Dr. George was non-com-

Rev. W. J. Hindley, of Guelph, in presenting the report of the statistical secretary, said he had received returns from every Congregational Church within the bounds of the union of Ontario and Quebec. In Quebeck there were twenty churches and eight outstations. The churches reported 2,084 members, 6,250 under pas-toral care, and an average attendance

In Ontario there were 60 churches and 5 outstations, with a membership of 5,859, 14,598 under pastoral care and 7,761 average attendance. The additions to membership were 378 and the

removals 281, a net gain of 97.

Altogether there were 80 churches in the union and 13 outstations. The membership was 7,913, while 20,848 were under pastoral care, with an average attendance of 10,031. The property value was \$851,550. Forty-three churches were free of debt, while 37 churches reported a debt of \$179,025. Mr. Hindley called attention to the fact that 22 churches reported no adcotton piece goods, £10,000; linen piece goods, £15,000; lace, £7,000; canvas, £4,000; cutlery, £5,000; pig iron, £15,ditions to membership, and 31 churches reported a decrease. Only 382 members were reported during the year as joining the church by profession of faith. The financial standing of the churches, however, was better than it had been and slops, £8,000; cement, £5,000; seed for years.

The Congregational Union this morning considered the case of Rev. Dr. Beavis, of Hamilton, who applied for letter for dismissal from the union. May, 1900, a church council in written another letter to Lord George Hamilton, Indian secretary, concern-ing American locomotives, citing the reply of Lord Cromer, the British Hamilton, investigated certain charges of immorality preferred against Dr. Beavis. The finding was "not proven." The addition however was made (two members dissenting), "we regard the evidence brought forward to be of such a nature as to leave the council

in serious doubt.' Dr. Beavis applied to the union this year for a transfer to the Presbyterian Church, but afterward changed this to a request for a letter of dis-mission. The membership committee this morning reported in favor of granting it only on condition that the complete finding of the council in the investigation should be attach-

ed to the letter.

In the debate that followed the to point out that the achievements in metallurgy of Cort, Hall, Neilson Bes-semer, Siemen, Martin, Gilchrist, Thomas and Robert Austin are not due to American research. I would merits of the case was not touched upon, some members objecting as matter of form to the attaching of the letter of dismissal.

respectfully ask you to name any American who could claim rank with Finally, on a vote of twenty-five to ten, the report of the committee was

sustained. Dr. Beavis was present and it was since the latter half of 1899, has been stated on his behalf that he was willusing 40 American locomotives. Samuel ing to abide by the decision of the

union whatever it might be. The Congregational Foreign Mission Society, sustains among others a prosperous mission in West Central Africa, with seven missionaries and 600 children at school. The officers elected by the missionary society are: Precan lecomotive over the British to be sident, Rev. T. B. Hyde, Toronto; vicepresident, Rev. W. H. Warriner, Montreal; secretary, Rev. Dr. Hill, Mon-treal; treasurer, Rev. W. T. Gunn.

THE PRICE OF A sensational case began yesterday

BINDER TWINE

Princess Amalia of Schleswig-Holstein, Fixed by the Ontario Government-Improvement in Method of Parceling.

Toronto, June 8 .- The Hon. Mr. Stratton, Provincial Secretary, and the Inspector of Prisons have decided upon her own, amounting to 80,000 marks, farmers can be supplied with binder the price (8 cents per pound) by which twine from the Ontario Central Prison, for the season of 1901. This year there is only one quality that will be supplied, and that the best, of which every ball and every ounce is guaranteed, and any farmer who purchases this twine and does not find it satisfactory can by returning it have the price paid for the twine returned. This condition, however, is not arise, for there is no question of the quality of the twine supplied the farmer-it is as good as the best twine that will be placed upon the market that, at the instigation of Duke Ernest this year. Joachim of Prussia caused the Egyptian police to arrest her in the street,

There will be besides a decided, and, tian police to arrest her in the street, in the mode of parceling. Heretofore after which she was forcibly and in- it has been the practice of binderto the farmer, profitable, improvement twine manufacturers to ship twine in ordinary jute bags, which were useless to the farmer after the twine was received, and the lashings, of loosely twisted tow, were also useless after their temporary purpose was served. The weight of these sacks and lashings was six per cent of the weight of Plaintiff asks that the 20,000 francs be the bale.

But this is now changed as regards the twine from the Central Prison, and there will be no 6 per cent loss to the The twine will hereafter be shipped in two-bushel, sixteen-ounce cotton grain bags of excellent quality, which will be of permanent use to the farmer, as will also be the lashings, which consist of two nine-feet ropehalters, with snap and ring ready for The value of the grain bag is greater than an equal weight of twine, and the same applies to the halters. The twine balls are five pounds weight each-twelve to the bag-and of a length of 500 feet to the pound, and

of uniform quality throughout. DIED IN HIS CHAIR.

Cleveland, June 7 .- Major Geo. Arthur, assistant paymaster of the United States army, died suddenly yesterday while sitting in a chair at the Weddell House. He was the son of P. M. Arthur, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

BOYD'S PROPHECY.

Toronto, June 7 .- A curious coincidence in connection with the death of County Constable Boyd is told. Monday, while escorting the trio from the courthouse to the jail, he remarksee's successor, as commander of the ed to them in view of the increasing international forces, will be left to the strength of the crown's case against ed to them in view of the increasing commanders of the international them: "You'll be pleading guilty toforces in China.

"I heard," says the Paris correspons "Oh. you don't know us yet!"



Sufferer From Catarrh Knows That Salves. Lotions, Washes, Sprays and Douches do Not Cure.

Powders, lotions, salves, sprays and inhalers cannot really cure Catarrh, because this disease is a blood disease, and local applications, if they accomplish anything at all, simply give transient relief.

The catarrhal poison is in the blood and the mucous membrane of the nose, throat and trachea tries to relieve the system by secreting large quantities of mucous, the discharge sometimes closing up the nostrils, dropping into the throat, causing deafness by closing the Eustachian tubes, and after a time causing catarrh of stomach or serious throat and lung troubles.

A remedy to really cure catarrh must be an internal remedy which will cleanse the blood from catarrhal poison and remove the fever and congestion from the mucous

The best and most modern remedies for this purpose are antisepties scientifically known as Eucalyptol, Guaiacol, Sanguinaria and Hydrastin, and while each of these have been successfully used seperately, yet it has been difficult to get them all combined in one palatable, convenient and

The manufacturers of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets have succeeded admirably in accomplishing this result. They are large, pleasant tasting lozenges, to be dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching every part of the nucous membrane of the throat and finally the stomach. Unlike many catarrh remedies, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets contain no cocaine, opiate or any injurious drug, whatever, and are equally beneficial for little children and adults.

Mr. C. R. Rembrandt of Rochester, N. Y., says: "I know of few people who have suffered as much as I from Catarrh of the head, throat and stomach. I used sprays, inhalers and powders for months at a time with only slight relief and had no hope of cure. I had not the means to make a change of climate, which seemed my only chance of cure.

Last spring I read an account of some remarkable cures made by Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and promptly bought a 50-cent box from my druggist and obtained such positive benefit from that one package that I continued to use them daily until I now consider myself entirely free from the disgusting annoyance of catarrh; my head is clear, my digestion all I could ask and my hearing which had begun to fail as a result of the catarrh, has greatly improved until I feel I can hear as well as ever. They are a household necessity in my family.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold by druggists at 50 cents for complete treatment and for convenience, safety and prompt results they are undoubtedly the long looked for

Origin of "Jingo."

London Chronicle: The death of Mr. Macdermott, the "lion comique." been reminding everybody of what was his most famous song, and one of the most famous political songs of century. As with the poets, so with the great Macdermott-his best songs came to him unbidden. But, unlike the poets, he did not write them himself. They were submitted to him by outsiders. It was so with "We Don't Want to Fight, but, By Jingo, If We Do." Mr. Macdermott opened his letters one fine morning and found the song (by Mr. G. W. Hunt), inclosed in one them. He saw in a moment that it would hit the taste of the town, then violently afflicted with Russophobia. He was right, and "Jingoes" and "Jingoism" passed almost immediately into political currency. The first man thus to employ the word was Mr. G. J. Holyoake (in a letter to the paper). What precisely is a jingo? The new "English Dictionary" is almost down to J; it will be interesting to see how Dr. Murray defines the term.

PARCEL DELIVERY.

CITY PARCEL EXPRESS-PARCELS called for and delivered to any part of city. Blcycle messengers for small parcels or messages. 'Phone 1,295. Office, 2 Masonic Temple. Charles Anderson.

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J. T. WOLCOTT, ORGANIST FIRST Methodist Church. Teacher of piano, organ and composition. Address, 5 Prospect avenue. zxt

CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST St. Andrew's Church, receives pupils in plano, pipe organ, harmony and in singing. Both elementary and advanced tuition given. Studio, 640 Wellington street.

MR. W. H. HEWLETT, ORGANIST Dundas Center Methodist Church, teacher of piano, organ, theory and composition, 413 Queen's avenue. Telecomposition. phone 1,218.

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DR. A. E. SANTO, DENTIST-FIRST-CLASS honors, Toronto University, Office, 180 Dundas street, upstairs, next Morphy's Jewelry Store. W. S. WESTLAND, DENTIST-Post graduats in crown and bridge work, Chicago. Edge Block, Richmond street. 'Phone 900. Residence, 287 Queen's avenue. 'Phone 420.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST-Successor to the late Dr. Davis. Speci alty, preservation of natural teeth. 170 Dundas street. 'Phone 975.

ARCHITECTS.

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OFFICE RESTAURANT - CHOICE lager, liquors and cigars. Meals at all hours. D. Sare.

ALBION HOTEL, 157 DUNDAS STREET

-Rates, \$1 50 per day. Choicest wines, liquors and cigars. Jacob Obernesser,

THE RICHMOND-JOHN & WILLIAM COOK, proprietors. Transient guests and weekly boarders. Rates, \$1 per day. Excellent accommodation. Fine wines and liquors.

and liquors. BRITANNIA HOUSE, CORNER WEL-LINGTON and York. Particular attention paid to transient trade. Rates, \$1 and \$150. J. Hefferman.

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JOHN H. WILSON, VETERINARY Surgeon. Office and residence, 846 Rich-mond street. Telephone 430.

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OVENS, M.D., 225 QUEEN'S AVE-NUE. Eye, ear, nose and throat. DR. McLELLAN. EYE AND EAR SUR-GEON. Specialist eye, ear, nose and throat. 497 Talbot. Hours, 9 to 5; 7

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P.; M.R.C.S., England, Office, 287 King street. Dele-

England, phone 839. DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 209 QUEEN'S avenue, Kingsmill Terrace. Telephon e 504.

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bers, opposite court house. Money to loan. G. N. WEEKES, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, notary public, etc., Hiscox Building, 367 Richmond street, London. Money to loan at lowest rates.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

F. B. LEYS-OFFICES AT MASONIC Temple, first floor, and London Hat, Temple, first floor, and London Hat, Cap and Mantle Manufacturing Com-pany, 355, 357 Clarence

ENGLAND

in the Motherland-The Incon- that later in dealing with the northvenience of the Baggage System-The Shortness of Distances-English Railways.

[From our own Correspondent.]

My last letter left me at Lime street garden. When one has traversed the station, Liverpool, but it was not my prairie in the train, or gone through Intention to stay there longer than Ontario where there is still plenty of was necessary to catch the most direct train across the land. In the land, from the train window has quite a cultivated appearance. So many of meantime there were two things needing attention—the baggage and the the places through which we pass "inner man." At Liverpool docks we have been kept trim and neat for cenare met by discrimination, for ex- turies. And second, the statement of ample, the passengers for London can the wonderful Yankee who found the take a train which comes close up to place so small that he was afraid of the wharf and "all porterage fees" are falling off. Perhaps he was not wise in their case abolished; those for other to express his feelings in the presence directions may be going to travel as of sensitive people, but after the imgreat a mileage on the particular rail- mense spaces of America, his sensaway system, but they must themselves tions are quite comprehensible. attend to the transference of themselves and baggage. What is the explanation of this? It means that the along so steadily on the magnificent railway company will not move one roadbed, seem at first like toys when step farther than they are driven by compared with the immense palace competition. In London a passenger cars of the American main lines. No traveling to America can check his doubt they are better suited for the baggage via Southampton, and the great body of the traffic, yet there is Liverpool people must compete with room for improvement. Without a that, but not one step farther will complete revolution it would not be they go, at present. Nobody wants possible to introduce here the huge them to work for nothing, but if they American coaches, with the tracks too would simplify matters a little and near together and the bridges and tuntake a fair charge, the "outlander" nels too low. Revolutions do not take would find it more convenient. Here place easily or quickly here where so is the process, with my small quan- much capital is invested in plant of tity, 6d. porterage at dock, 1s. 6d cab the old kind. There is no buffet on my to the station, porter takes it to "left train-and I shall have to speak later luggage office," 4d., and small tip for of the corridor cars-but I get a cup porter; two hours after get it brought of tea from a boy in buttons, at Leeds, from this place of custody and have it and as the train moves off before I labeled for destination, another small have time to enjoy the cup that cheers. tip. This is much rosier than it looks I take it with me and leave the crockon paper, as there are plenty of por- ery in the carriage. After all one does ters to look after one, but to the not mind so much about the form so presented. stranger it is at first a little puzzling. long as we get our cup of tea. At the

Some advance has been made in this direction. In most large towns you can, for a small payment have your luggage collected and delivered; this, of course, includes checking and transfer company's charge, and the railway encourages people to send their luggage on ahead by allowing a little more per ticket, when these conease and simplicity.

So much for that branch of travel. lead among the deadly poisons. It is station hotel for 3s., and, of course, a satisfactory meal can be got much cheaper outside the station. It is my intention to cross the country in a northeast direction, and for this the Zinc white is far less poisonous, but railway facilities are very good. I leave Liverpool at 2 p.m. and reach Durham a little before 8 o'clock, a distance of cular to all medical men in France askabout 160 miles; the first part of the journey was quick, but after reaching Leeds we lose time by stoppages and changes. The first stoppage is made at Manchester, and there is only another before we reach Leeds.

One misses the largness, freedom and conveniences of American trains. For is not so much that branch. short distances the

need of these, and here many of the distances are very short. It is difficult for the untraveled Englishman to realize our immense distances, and for the native born Canadian it is just as difficult to understand the small spaces into which the people here are packed. I will give an illustration of

not then completely comprehend.

First, the statement that riding through

England is like traveling through a

These small carriages, which run

ers of Grenoble have gone on

only 23 cents for a five-minute

always insisting.

At present as I ride along in the Takes a Leading Place train I understand the full meaning of Among the Colonies. wo things which I had heard before I left the "tight little island," but did

AT GLASGOW

EXPOSITION

An Appreciation of the Government's Endeavor to Make a Worthy Display.

Collections Furnished by the Agriculturalist, the Fisher, the Miner, Forester and Manufacturer—
finest native wines. The wine is made from grapes grown in the southern part Government in Agriculture and

The Glasgow Herald, of May 28, contains an extended reference to Canada and its products, particularly as belong shown at the Glasgow Exposition. Of much in the air, and the British Empire is now something more than a conception to even the much-talked of man in the street. It is therefore especially fitting at this time that the inhabitants, particularly the young people, of the parent kingdoms should have such an excellent opportunity as is here afforded of increasing their knowledge of those daughter nations who have done so much, by their steady loyalty, to bind the empire together, and to, unexpectedly, add to its strength when an accession of that valuable quality was most needed. The contents of the section devoted

to the colonies reveal in a striking way what noble possessions Britain owns across the seas. Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa are re-The leading place, alike as regards the number and extent of exhibits, is taken in the colonial departancient city of Durham I was met by ment by the great British dependencies in North America. To give any adethe mayor, but it was not a formal requate idea of the varied activities of Canada is no light task. The country ception; that office happens to be held by a relative of mine this year, and is almost as large as the whole of Europe, and larger than the United States, without form or ceremony he conductwithout Alaska; and on a fast train goed me to a good English supper, which ing all the time nearly six days and was relished. The sentiment will folnights are required to cross it. About the same period of time is occupied by the voyage from Glasgow to the Dominion and the quick and regular com-White Lead a Deadly Poison. munication from and to the Clyde and Canadian ports has greatly increased ditions are complied with. I mentioned the advantage of our system to an official, but he seemed to think that their system was the perfection of their system was the perfection of the countries and the volume of trade between the two countries. But considering its size and wealth Canada has a comparatively small population. London alone has This is in accordance with a resolu-tion passed by the superior council of hygiene of France, which ranked white while that of the metropolis, accord-So much for that branch of travel. lead among the deadly poisons. It will be that the first of the free travel. well known that this pigment is the ing to the recent census, is 4,536,034, well known that this pigment is the ing to the recent census, is 4,536,034, well known cause of the lead poisoning so inclusive of the administrative county after luggage and lunch, we renew our acquaintance with English railways. A good lunch can be had at the station hotel for 3s., and, of course, ing up in zeal and enterprise for lack his control, and in addition the paintof numbers; but as there is ample room for millions of more settlers the Doto demand that all employers should minion Government seldom loses an use zinc white instead of lead white. opportunity of trying to dispel what-ever ignorance may still exist as to the character and potentialities of their more expensive, as owing to its want "body" more coats have to be laid country. At the Glasgow Exhibition The painters have sent out a cirof thirteen years ago, Canada occupied ing for their support. They also ask for the subscriptions of medical men to one of the courts, and in the interval, especially at agricultural gatherings, there have been frequent illustrations be paid into the strike fund in the name given of the seemingly infinite of those principles of hygiene and sansources of the Dominion. But on this itation upon which medical men are occasion the display eclipses all ef-forts in the direction indicated, and affords ample evidence of the remarkable progress of Canada. The government have spared no expense, and German telephone companies charge over their long-distance wires, their their scheme, which was admirably object being to encourage the use of supported, in the first place, by those directly interested, has been well car-ried out by the commissioner, Mr. W. D. Scott, and other representative men "from the other side." A considerable amount of space has been allotted to the exhibits from the Dominion, but the collection furnished by the agricul-turist, the fisher, the forester, the miner, and the manufacturer justifies the concession. It is not only the most

> while the exhibits in the Industrial Hall consist principally of minerals, food-stuffs, furniture and dress goods. MINERAL WEALTH. The position occupied by Canada in the main building is the northeasterly part of the west wing. The court in which the mineral wealth of the country is exemplified will be dealt with separately, the other groups occupying attention for the present. Mr. J. D. Stewart is the superintendent of the foods section, which is of a very comprehensive and attractive character. Indeed, the display is somewhat of a revelation of the resources of Canada. The cursory visitor is apt to take it for granted that what Mr. Smith has here so well arranged is the result of the enterprise not of the Dominion, but of the great republic which immediately adjoints its borders, and the expressions of astonishment when they are enlightened by the courteous attendants are amusing, if they are also an evidence of the lack of knowledge, which the Canadians are doing their

complete and interesting that has been

seen here, but it is also of such extent as to occupy a handsome and spacious pavilion in the grounds, as well as a portion of the Industrial Hall. The products of the farm and the forest,

together with agricultural machinery,

and other examples of rapidly increas-

ing activity, are housed in the pavilion,

A glance, however, also shows that farming, in the widest range of the word, is the great industry of Canada. Those engaged in it receive every assistance from the Dominion and provincial governments to improve their business by new and better methods. Important aids in this direction are the experimental farms which the govern-ment have established in various parts of the country. Large areas of the colony are well adapted for dairying, and traveling schools go about in order that practical instruction may be given in butter making and the handling of milk, which is so abundantly supplied by Jersey cows, one of the popular dairy breeds in the Dominion. As a result, considerable attention has been devoted in recent years to dairy farming, and cheese factories and creameries have greatly multiplied. From being an importer of cheese. Canada now claims to be the largest exporter of cheese among the countries of the world. In this department there is an

FARMING INDUSTRY.

Turning from edibles in the raw state to those more or less prepared for the table, the stacks of cans, which form a prominent feature of this court, ilgrounds on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts of the Dominion, as well as the growing importance of fruit culture, one of the pleasantest forms of farm-The products of the principal canneries appear to be commending them-selves more and more, and here are to

be seen meats, fruits and vegetables of all kinds, packed in "tali," "squat," and "flat" tins with brightly-colored labels. Among the vegetables are tomatoes, corn, peas, beans and pump-kins, while fruits include pineapple, peaches, citron, strawberries, raspberries, gooseberries, pears and apples. In addition to salmon there is exhibited a case of canned clams. This is the shell fish from which is made the delicacy known as "clam-chowder," which is popular over the whole North American continent. Another prominent stand is occupied

Interest Taken by the Dominion of Ontario, and is coming into general use throughout the Dominion. Lastly, in this department, there is a Forestry—Canada's Mineral Re- very fine selection of honey, run and in comb, which will doubtless attract the attention of apiarists and others in-terested in bee culture. The minister of agriculture, Hon. Sydney Fisher, exhibits on behalf of the Dominion Government, and of the fourteen other contributors the majority belong to Ontario, the adjoin-ing Province of Quebec furnishing one, and Manitoba two. The imposing dislate years imperialism has been very play of the sweet, viscid substance collected by the bees may help to dispel some popular illusions as to the climate of Canada. Occupying as it does half a continent, it is natural that the Dominion, as regards atmospheric conditions, should vary greatly in different sections of its vast area. Kipling has described Canada as "Our Lady of the Snows," but Superintendent Stewart, of the foods section, not inaptly suggests that this should be altered to "Our Lady of the Sun-shine," as he claims they have almost as much of the natural illumination in Canada as they have in Italy. But while one part of the Dominion may be bathed in almost perpetual heat and sunshine, another, like the Yukon, may be charged with its rigid winter snow for months, and between these extremes of heat and cold all the cereals, grasses and flowers temperate regions are found. The dif-ficulties connected with the preservation of produce during its transit to British and other markets are being surmounted by the introduction of cold storage, and with its general adoption on steamers trading to the

Dominion there is likely to be a great development in the shipments of perishable goods. CONSTRUCTIVE INDUSTRIES. From this brief outline it will be gathered that Canada is contributing the food supply of the But her constructive as well as her extractinve industries are likewise expanding to a considerable degree. Besides clothing and food stuffs, the exposition of Canada's resources include furniture as well as examples of the decorative and fine arts. The Dominion is rich in timber, which is here exhibited manufactured into furniture for the school, the church, the office and the dwelling, and all the articles are noticeable for their fin-ish and polish. The celebrated natural wood, maple, in particular, is shown to advantage. The maple leaf is usually spoken of as the emblem of Canada, just as the shamrock is the emblem of Ireland, or the Thistle of Scotland. The reason given for this is that all over Eastern Canada are this beautiful hardwood groves of The maple has been of great value to the Canadians, for not only does it furnish a very fine hard wood for polished interior work and for firewood, but from its sap are made the maple syrup and maple sugar of are also on view. which Canada. Within the past few years the manufacture of pulp and paper has sprung up, and promises to reach very large proportions. Canada possesses immense forests of spruce and poplar, which are the best woods for pulp. A great many things are now produced from pulp, but its most important use is for paper making, and pulp and pounds. paper mills in the Dominion are rapidly increasing in number.

GOVERNMENT'S CO-OPERATION. In the Canadian pavilion a large and attractive building situated near the Russian section, there are evidences everywhere of the interest taken by the Dominion Government in agriculture and forestry. The immense re-sources of Canada in the growth of grain are not so well known by the people of this country as they might be, and it is the desire of the government to show in as full a manner as possible the remarkable progress that has been made in the different provinces. In the Canadian experimental farms samples of cereals from all the other countries are compared side by side with the native grains, and when the foreign growth is found to be superior the farmers are encouraged to strive to equal it. Last year over 30,000 samples, each three pounds in weight, were distributed to farmers throughout the country, and the growers were, as usual, asked to make reports on a printed form as to the character of the soil and the methods of sowing, etc. By cross-fertilizing a large number of new varieties are originated, and in many cases an extra good quality of grain is obtained. At the experimental farm at Ottawa something like 40 new varieties of wheat alone have been originated, and one of them, named Preston, stands at the head of the list of tests compiled

during the past five years. With the co-operation of the farmers the government have been able bring together in the pavilion the finest collection of cereals and grasses that Canada has ever sent to an exhi-There are upwards of 10,000 bition. There are upwards of 10,000 samples, contributed by 340 farmers from all parts of the country-from the Atlantic to the Pacific, a distance of over 3,000 miles. This collection is supplemented by exhibits by the department of agriculture of the different provinces and by the government experimental farms. The exhibits are in the form of an agricultural trophy, designed by Mr. W. H. Hay, who represents the Canadian department of agriculture. The trophy was originally intended for the Paris exhibition, but as it was found to be unsuitable Mr. Hay determined to erect it in a prominent place in the pavilion. It is the most striking feature in the building. Octagonal in shape, the trophy has a circumference of 65 feet, and rises to a height of 35 feet, almost touching the roof of the pavilion. The samples are displayed to the best advantage, and the form of arrangement is very The cereals include every pleasing. The cereals include every variety of winter wheat, chiefly grown in Ontario, and of spring wheat, in-cluding the celebrated Manitoba, so highly valued for its flour-making qualities. Among these wheats are many new varieties grown at the experimental Farm at Ottawa and the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph excellent stand of cheddar cheese. It

Government from the produce of eight different associations.

PREPARED EDIBLES.

Turning from edibles in the raw state to those more or less prepared for the sult, and many new and valuable varieties have been adopted. Peas and beans, which are now a good crop for export and an excellent food for fattening pigs, have also been experimented with to the benefit of the farmers. Indian corn, or maize, is another crop now largely used for purposes of ensilage for the winter food of milch cows and for stall feeding, and is given as summer feed when fails. For this purpose some

special kinds are used because they

produce the greatest amount of succu-Other kinds are grown lent fibre. Other kinds are grown, however, for the seed, which is ground into meal for human food, and not in frequently given to animals and poultry. Besides the grasses commonly in the exhibits embrace many new varieties of native growth, which are being tested as to their value for purposes of cultivation, especially in Manitoba and the Northwest. These specimens, some 10,000 in number, shown both in the straw and in the with samples of champagne, claret, St. Augustine and Catawba, one of the seed. In the trophy are also seen samples of flax, and of the different qualities of coarse, fine and lustrous wools grown in the Dominion. Chief among the fruits in the pavilion are apples, specimens of which have been sent from the chief apple growing districts in Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia. The varieties are numerous, and include all sorts except the very earliest. These have been preserved in cold storage since were gathered in October last, and they are as fresh as on the day they were picked. The other fruits,

preserved in antiseptic fluid, consist of apples, pears, peaches, plums, cherries, grapes, currants, strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, blueberries, etc., and they give an idea of the capacity of Canada for the production of all the hardier varieties of fruits. Most of these samples have been in

acid for more than two years, and have been exposed to sunlight a good They are, however, in excellent condition, and retain much of their natural color. The main object of the government is to demonstrate the keeping qualities of Canadian apples, and to give people at home an idea of what a Canadian apple really is. With regard to the forestry section, only valuable timbers are exhibited, prominent among them will be found the Douglas fir, the oak, the white pine, in great variety; the cedar, the spruce, the birch, the ash, the elm, the walnut, the butter nut, the cherry and the tamarac. These woods are exhibited in almost every form, from the rough log to the beautifully polished panel for furniture. Photographs of some of the trees have been taken and framed in the natural wood, so as to give buyers an idea of the grain and of the finish that can be put on the material. The agricultural machinery in the pavilion is for field purposes, and is representative of kind generally used in the Dominion, The principal implements are self-

binding reaping machines, mowing machines, seed drills, hay rakes, hay tedding machines, loading machines, cultivators, spring tooth and disk harrows, gang and single plows, etc. The peculiar feature of all these machines is the lightness of their construction as compared with similar implements made in this country. Their lightness is rendered possible by the use of the very best material both of steel and iron, which enables the farmers to work the implements with safety, even in the comparatively rough cultivation Several firms exof a new country. hibit canoes built of such light material that they can be easily carried, and carriages constructed of hickory also find a place in the pavilion. The other exhibits include pulp in its various stages of treatment, wood rims for bicycles, hatchets, carpet cleaners, wringing machines, lawn mowers, fire ranges and stoves, gas stoves, school seats, refrigerators, carriage wheels, meal chaffers, hammers, revolving churns, and wooden doors and mould. ings. The natural history section is of great interest, and special attention will no doubt be given to the huge fresh water and sea fish, and the case of ostriches, which were hatched in Canada, when they were about six weeks old. There is an immense lobster from New Brunswick, and a big salmon weighing about 80 pounds. The finest fur-bearing ani-

> a large display of specimens of Canadian birds." Among the Canadian firms mentioned as exhibitors are the McClary Man-ufacturing Company, the Thomson Mills Company, and the Wm. Weld Company, of this city.

mals, such as the beaver, the otter and the mink, are shown, and there is

First Shot of the U. S. Civil War.

[From the Memphis Commercial Appeal.]

The first gun of the civil war in America was fired at the steamship Star of the West, the wreck of which now lies in the Tallahatchie River, barely more than a hundred miles south of Memphis. The Star of the West was a large

ocean steamer, formerly on the line to Central American waters, and also ran between New Orleans and New She was of the walking-beam sidewheel type, a popular species in her day, and she was a good sea boat. It was on Jan. 9, 1861, while tryto reinforce and provision Fort Sumter in Charleston harbor that the Star of the West was fired on. This was three months before the confederates under Gen. Beauregard bombarded and reduced the fort and opened the great civil war. The was fired on by batteries from Mor-ris Island and Fort Moultrie, while passing up the channel, and her master, John McGowan, hoisted the national flag, but the guns did not cease firing, and the ship was turned about

and steamed out to sea. In April following the Star of the West removed some of the national stores from the coast of Texas, and while operating in those waters a under orders from Gen. Van force Dorn, boarded and captured the ship and sent her to New Orleans, where she did service as a practice and store ship for some months. Before New Orleans was taken by Farragut the Star of the West was run up the Yazoo River, and lay for months at Liverpool, 20 miles below Yazoo City. As Gen. Grant began to operate agains Vicksburg, the ship was run up into the Tallahatchie River, where she was scuttled and sunk to prevent the passage of steamers from above on their way south through the Yazoo River.

Some years after the war the Star of the West was partially blown up by dynamite, and a passage was made around the wreck for steamers to nav-

Denmark started last century as the poorest country, per head of popula-tion, in Europe; it ended as one of the richest. And it has to thank its land system and dairy system for the fact.

MILLIONS!

Capt. Walrond Expects Slice of Drake's Estate.

The Ex-Hamilton Orator in Denver Claims To Be One of 100 Heirs to an Estate of \$200,000,000-/t Has Been in Chancery About Three Hundred Years.

[Thursday's Hamilton Times.] Almost everybody in Hamilton will remember Capt. Geo. W. Walrond. who for years was head bookkeeper for the old wholesale seed house of Robert Evans & Co., and who was well known for his eloquent and flery oratory in the interests of various Liberal candidates a few years ago. Capt. Walrond went to the Western States from Hamilton. He has always claimed to be an heir to an immense estate in England, and now he looks for an early distribution of the money. The Post, of Denver, Col., where he lives, has the following:

Captain George W. Walrond, the astrologer, is about to come into pos-session of a fortune of \$2,000,000 as his share of the estate of the great British admiral, Sir Francis Drake. The estate has been in chancery ever since the death of the great captain in 1596, who died intestate and without children, and now, with accumulated interest, the estate amounts to \$200,000,-000, chiefly in the form of British con-

Captain Walrond received word yesterday that the estate will at last be taken out of chancery. There are now, according to the captain's estimate, about 100 legitimate claimants to the estate, so that his share of it will amount to something like \$2,000,000.

Sir Francis Drake, call the sea king of Devon, was one of the chief figures of that brilliant group of genius and valor which surrounded the throne of the maiden Queen Elizabeth. Drake was the first English captain to sail a ship completely around the globe, and a remote result of his famous journey was the establishment of an English empire in the Orient. He was the hero of the English victory over the Armada in the channel, and his bravery in driving the Armada from the English Channel may be said to have determined the course of the civ-

ilization of the world. On his return from his trip around the world Drake had in the hold of his ship over \$5,000,000 in treasure. It was a part of this treasure and prize money given him that formed the nucleus of the estate.

Drake married a Devonshire lass, Maud Walrond, who was a sister of Gertrude Walrond, who was the daughter of John Walrond, who was Walrond's ancestrial Drake's wife died several years before her husband, and when the latter died his estate was claimed by his wife's family. The estate was never adjudicated, however, although repeated attempts have been made by the heirs to have the property taken out of chancery. Sixty years ago a strenuous effort was made, but without suc-

New, however, an American claimant has appeared, whose efforts are likely to prove successful. His name is Elisha Clark Carey, and he is a young architect of Omaha. The London account of Mr. Carey's works, received by cable dispatch, states that Mr. Carey undertook the task several years ago of looking up the missing heirs to the estate, and now he has proved conclusively that the claims

of the heirs are legitimate. Captain Walrond has one brother in Illinois, who will share in the division of the estate, and also two cousins in

Ontario who are also claimants. Captain Walrond is an officer of the British army, and served with distinction in the Boer, Zulu and Kaffir wars from 1877 to 1880 in South Africa. In 1882 he was with the advance column under Lord Wolseley from Isthmalia to Tel-el-Kebir. It was this column that destroyed the Egyptian Army of 69,000 men under Arabi Pasha and sent its leader a captive in Ceylon.

PERMANENT CURES OF CANCER.

We here give a few cases where the efficacy of our Constitutional Treatment in curing Cancer is estab-lished beyond all question. We have

plenty more on file. There is ample proof that where our remedy cures, it cures to stay cured and saves people from the torture of the knife and plaster.

CANCER OF THE BREAST-A lady had cancer of the breast, which rendered her right shoulder and arm almost helpless. Our remedy cured her over five years ago, and there is not the slightest return of the trouble.

CANCER OF THE FACE—This case of a gentleman who was so bad that his right cheek was almost all eaten off with the disease. Plasters aggravated his trouble. Our treatment

cured him over four years ago and he has been all right since.

CANCER OF THE STOMACH— Doctors pronounced the trouble cancer of the stomach. There was vomiting of material that looked like coffee grounds. Great weakness and prostration. Cured over four years ago and well today.

CANCER OF THE NOSE-A severe case which was cured by our remedy in 1891 and has never returned to

Full accounts of the above cases together with the names and addresses of the persons are given in our book "Cancer, Its Cause and Cure," sent to anyone in plain wrapper on receipt of two stamps. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.



Style need not cost a woman more than ice if she will only buy a cake of that famous English Home Dye of highest quality, Maypole Soap, which washes and dyes at one operation. Old clothes can easily be made new again. Brilliant, fadeless colors. "No mess, no trouble" with

Maypole Soap. Sold everywhere.

roc. for Colors. 15c. for Black.

50c and \$1.00. all dauggists. Address the Ozone Co., of Toronto, Limited, 48 Colberne-street, Toronto, or the Liquided Ozone Co., 229 Kinsie street, Chicago, Ill., U.S. Powley's Liquified Ozone.

Consumption is the result of system weakness. When

your vitality is low you are liable to the attack of the tuber-

culosis bacilli. Now the cures that Powley's Liquified Ozone

has been making are creating a great deal of comment, more

comment than has ever before been caused by any other

preparation, and it's because it is curing cases of the desper-

ately hopeless, given-up-to-die variety. The condensed oxy-

gen forms flesh and fat, makes you healthy. The treatment is not expensive. Our booklet on the "Great White Plague"

may be the means of saving your life. All your communica-

tions are strictly confidential. So write at once.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1900.

Walter Baker & Co.'s Cocoas and Chocolates.



Breakfast Cocoa .- Abso lutely pure, delicious, nutritious and costs less than one cent a

Premium No. 1 Chocolat -The best plain chocolate in the market for drinking and also for making cake, icing, ice-cream,

-Good to eat and good to drink; palatable, nutritious, and

WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd. ESTABLISHED 1780.

DORCHESTER, MASS. BRANCH HOUSE, 12 and 14 St. John St., MONTREAL.

TRADE-MARK ON EVERY PACKAGE.

"WE WILL SAVE GREAT BRITAIN!

Says Carnegie-Europe Will Combine to Crush Her, He Thinks, and Then the United States Will Command "Don't!"

"Mark my words," said Andrew Carnegie, in old London, to a repre-sentative of the Associated Press, 'the time is coming when the continental

The United States will step in and say 'Don't!' They will act just as Great Britain did in the American-Spanish war. What she did then was great, and it is not half realized yet.' When Mr. Carnegle gave utterance to these sentiments he was in the Langham Hotel, London, where he had arrived from Scotland for the chamber of commerce gatherings. Until recently he had steadfastly refused to be interviewed.

Resuming the topic of Anglo-American relations, Mr. Carnegie said: KING ADOPTED HIS SUGGESTION "I believe in the community of the English-speaking races—by which I mean that the Americans and the British are now closer than ever before. Could you get a better instance than the visit of the delegates of the New York Chamber of Commerce to Windsor last Saturday? I suggested it and King Edward took up the idea thoroughly. It was a fitting com-

thoroughly. It was a fitting com-mencement of the new reign. "I know how deeply interested King Edward is in the United States. I have known this since the time, years ago, when I drove him on a locomotive in the United States, which, by the way, be did not forget when we met under different conditions.

The idea that the visit of our delegates to Windsor can be in any way construed as King Edward's recognition of American commercial superihe King is full of tact and of friendship for our coun-

"Do you think," Mr. Carnegie was "that British enterprise can be sufficiently stimulated to meet American competition?" BRITISH CAN'T COMPARE WITH US.

They can't compare with us," replied Mr. Carnegie, with a smile.
"Would you advise the British people to place their faith in combinasaid the interviewer. "I'm out of business," responded Mr. Carnegie, "and I know nothing about

When questioned regarding his re-cent gift to the universities of Scot-

land, he said: Everything will be settled shortly in a way satisfactory to both sides. The high Scotch officials and myself

are still having conferences to arrange matters.' When asked if he contemplated fur-ther gifts, he replied in the negative,

"I have quite enough on my hands for the present. When this matter has been settled there will be time enough to think of something else. Mr. Carnegie looks well and greatly pleased at the reception given to the delegates of the New York Chamber of Commerce.

Stole Money to

combinations.

Spend on Dogs.

A dozen detectives have been on the hunt for Mrs. Julia K. Birdsall, who while bookkeeper and confidential clerk for Barnstein, Kauffman & Co., manufacturers of millinery supplies, in Pittsburg, Pa., embezzled \$15,000 to provide luxuries for 18 dogs of various valuable breeds. According to experts she started stealing five years ago. All the 18 dogs except two lived in Mrs. B. rdsall's house. For the dogs the woman provided little houses built after the pattern of her own home. Each house was occupied by two dogs, and each dog had a miniature bedstead with fine pillows and satin quilts. Each dog had a rain coat and rubber boots to wear out on wet days. Two little go-carts of expensive workmanwere imported from Paris by Mrs. Birdsall, and seated in these the dogs were taken, one at a time, for a daily airing, by a man servant.

Each day every one of the 18 pets was adorned with a new bow of wide satin ribbon. The food given the dogs was elaborate. One dealer sold Mrs. Birdsall squabs at \$1 25 a pair, and she had them fed to the dogs. A barber regulary shaved the dogs and trimmed their hair. All the dogs sat at the table to eat with their mis-

In the yard is a dog graveyard, surrounded by an iron fence, in which are several graves. Dead pets were wrapped in costly shrouds, and buried in silver-mounted caskets. One night Mrs. Birdsall and her housekeeper sat upon the porch all night swinging lanterns in the hopes of guiding the returning footsteps of a missing dog.

Mrs. Birdsall, who is 32 years old,
and a widow, lately became an enthusiastic Christian Scientist.

A WIDE SPHERE OF USEFULNESS.

The consumption of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has grown to great proportions. Notwithstanding the fact that it has now item on the market for over twenty-one rears, its prosperity is as great as ever, and the demand for it in that period has very greatly increased. It is beneficial in all countries, and wherever introduced tresh supplies are constantly asked for.

THE CHOICE OF A CANARY.

Care That a Good Songster Requires Every Day.

Health Generally Follows If the Bird's Toilet and Diet Are Properly Looked After.

Year-old birds are most satisfactory. Under that age they have seldom been taught properly to sing above it, their length of life has been

shortened by so much.

Train canaries to use without abusing an open-door cage. Thus they give and receive double pleasure. The cage is the place for food and sleep. Other times Master Yellowbreast is better for the freedom of the room. If he is properly tamed and never roughly handled, nor too much, he will be safe in it, no matter how many open windows tempt him. The right sort of a cage is important. It must be altogether of metal—wood invites vermin. It must, further, be light and airy looking with a december of the safe with a safe with the s airy looking, with a dependable bot-tom, easily removed, movable perches and a door that works easily, but will stay shut when required. Bath, water and seed cups must be of good size, but not too big. A vagrant-minded bird may indulge himself in a bath in the drinking-vessel if by any chance he can squeeze half of himself inside it. If the cage is to hang above a carpet it is well to have a widely flaring bottom so as to catch the seed or water the bird flings out of bounds.

THE BIRD'S DIET. A canary cage should never be hung out of doors, in a draft, nor where direct rays stream upon it. neither must it stand or hang where it is cold. Cantime is coming when the continental powers will combine to smash up this little island of Great Britain. When that happens she will have to turn to the United States for help.

"I feel certain it will not be refused. The United States will step in and the United States will step in an anti-state of the United States will step in an attraction to the United States will step in an attraction to the United States of the United States of the United States will step in the United States of the United States of the United States of the United States will step in the United States of the United St rape, two parts India millet and one part Turkish maw seed. All the seed should be fresh-of last year's growth, and pure. German rape is adulterated often with both turnip and black seed. To test it for such adulteration chew a dozen seed. The true rape is sweetish, turnip seed bites the tongue, and the mustard seed have the unmistakable mustard flavor. Canary seed, which comes from Sicily, are firm and shiny when fresh-if they do not shine reject them-it means staleness. The millet and maw seed are less apt to be old. Maw seed, by the way, is seed of the opium poppy, but lacks wholly the narcotic properties of the milky juice which runs out when the seed heads are cut, and after it har-

dens is gathered as opium. Hemp seed should be given very, very sparingly, as it is so fattening it causes the bird to moult out of season, and hence to stop singing. Sugar and cake are objectionable for the same reason—though both may be given, and then-by way of reward for an especially sweet song. Still, a bit of ripe apple or a fig, either fresh or dry, is better, and appreciated quite as much by the chorister. Every day suspend something green in the cage—either lettuce, chickweed, dandelion, water cress perpendicular. lion, water cress, pepper grass or plan-Take care that none of the greens have grown near poison weeds -a very little poison makes an end of a bird. A small pod of anyone pod of cayenne

pepper, with leave to pick out seeds of it at will, is not only a treat to canaries, but to any sort of cage birds, and also helps to keep them well. A little hard-boiled egg yellow, lightly dusted with cayenne, is good for canaries, say once a week, or once a fortnight. Once a week is best if they are rearing young, also in the moulting season. Keep a cuttle fish bone always within reach. This supplies what salt the bird needs, be-sides affording lime to repair bone waste and build up egg-shells. If the bird looks droopy and the cage bot-tom shows signs of diarrhea, pour boiling water upon twenty grains of unground black pepper, steep to a strongish tea, then soak a bit of stale bread in the tea, and feed the bird with it. Another way is to dust a strip of very fat salt pork with ground

pepper, either black or cayenne, and hang it in the cage, letting the bird eat his fill of it. HEALTH AND THE TOILET.

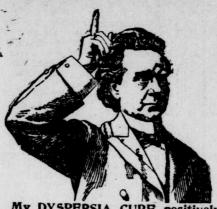
Fill the bath every morning-the bird will decide whether or not he needs a bath. In cold weather take the chill off the water and if the bird picks himself, picking out feathers, put several drops of rose water in the bath. If the picking keeps on until there are bare places, rub them over with sulphur ointment-flour of sulphur and fresh butter in equal parts, and use the rose water every day. Rub in the ointment very lightly, touching only the affected spots, the spaces just underneath the wings whers they leave the body, and the back of the neck. Canaries, indeed all cage birds, suffer occasionally from caked oil glands. The oil gland is situated just at the root of the tail, and from it a healthy bird each day dresses its plumage. If by any chance the oil hardens in it, it at once makes the bird ill. He sits quiet and droopy up-on his perch, not with hanging wings, to be sure, but looking though like Lancelot of the Lake, he were disgusted with "love, life, all things." Take him gently in the hand, blow apart the feathers at the root of the tail, and look at the oil gland. If it is swollen and inflamed, press it very gently, but do not try to force the caked oil violently out. That will almost certainly kill the bird. Drop warm soap suds gently on the gland, using a medicine dropper, then dry it with a very soft handkerchief, and apply a very little vaseline. Next day

examine again, and repeat the treatment, keeping it up day after day until the softened gland frees itself. Do not let canaries' claws grow too long-thence come many ills, but trim them discreetly. Hold the bird gently so light shines through the claw. Thus the tiny vein in it will be plain to view. Cut so as to miss the vein. If accidently it is touched, hold the foot in warm water until the bleeding

Birds sing best when kept away from strong light. Canary birds should never be hung near the open upper half of a window. Miss Virginia Pope. the greatest authority on the care of cage birds, kept a canary in good condition until 21 years old, by feeding it and treating it, much as here set down, and never letting it be hung

A HARD-WORKING CANDIDATE.

[London Chronicle.] ralian Commonwealth Parliament is- nearly \$300."-Life. sued on the eve of the election the following statement: "I have traveled following statement: "I have traveled in the conduct of this contest more than 10,000 miles, a large portion on foot. I have published and circulated, chiefly by my own hands or by those the conduct of this contest more pain than any one medicine. Unequalled for diarrhoea and dysentery. Avoid substitutes—there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. He and the conduction of the fact that Pain-Killer has alleviated more pain than any one medicine. Unequalled for diarrhoea and dysentery. Avoid substitutes—there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. He and the conduct of this contest more pain than any one medicine. Unequalled for diarrhoea and dysentery.



My DYSPEPSIA CURE positively cures all forms of indigestion or stomach trouble. It rejuvenates worn-out stomachs. It builds up stomachs that have been weakened by powerful cathartics and old-fashioned nostrums.

Artics and old-fashioned nostrums.

Manyon's Dyspepsia Cure corrects bleating of the stomach, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath, and all affections of the heart caused by indigestion, wind on the stomach, belching wind or apur food, bad taste, offensive breath, loss of appetite, faintness or weakness of the stomach, improper circulation, coated tongue, heart-burn or water-brash. His Headache Cure stops headache in 3 minutes. Munyon's Pile Ointment cures all forms of piles. Munyon's Blood Cure corrects headache, biliousmess, jaundice, constipation and all liver diseases. Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to women. Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to women. Munyon's Catarrh Remedies never fail. Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men. Price, \$1.

Munyon has a cure for every disease. The Guide to Health (free) tells of them. Cures, mostly 25 cts. Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

of members of my own family, 1,700,000 pages of literature in book form. I have published 139,000 copies of speeches delivered in the constituency, and 125,000 copies of four-page circulars. It is utterly impossible that this amount of work and literature can fail to have its effect." Alas! it was only too pos-sible. The candidate who tramped, printed and published on this colossal scale found himself at the bottom of the poll when the numbers were up.

BREATHE PROPERLY

All Who Live in Towns Should Follow This Advice.

[London Express.]

The secret of breathing is to a great extent the secret of health, and all those who dwell in towns should therefore pay especial attention to the subject. Normal, unconscious breathing sustains life, but it does not thoroughly extend the lungs nor oxygenate the blood.

The lungs need to be bathed in air as does the body in water. To do this requires intelligence, forethought and conscious act.

scious act.

Deep, voluntary, systematic breathing strengthens weak lungs and protects the strong. Quick and deep inspiration of fresh air warms the blood when chilled by standing in the open air. by standing in the open air.
Inhale always through the nostrils, so that the air may be warmed in the nasal passages, and any impurities arrested there. Contagious diseases are comparatively rare

there. Contagious diseases are comparatively rare among those who breather through their nostrils.

A distinguished physiologist asserts that "Many people die for wanth of breath," adding: "It is their own carelessness alone that prevents them from breathing." Half breathing is half living. Many of us use only the upper half of the lungs when breathing. Sometimes this arises from want of thought upon the subject, sometimes from constricted clothing, which renders deep inspiration impossometimes from constricted clothing, which renders deep inspiration impos-

which renders deep inspiration impossible.

To increase the lung power is to increase the life power. Deep breathing strengthens the entire muscular system. A full, slow inspiration of fresh air, which penetrates the remoter lung cells, and is held as long as possible, then exhaled slowly through the parted lips, builds up cells that have partially contracted through lack of it. It not only increases lung capacity and enriches the blood, but has a decidedly beneficial effect upon the throat and vocal organs.

Moreover, none need plead that they have not the time to practice breathing properly, for even five minutes a day will do you good.

NO OTHER LIKE IT. PHINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

The Most Famous Medicines.

IT MAKES SICK PEOPLE WELL.

Honest worth, merit, and strict fulfillment of every promise made to suffering humanity, have combined to place Paine's Celery Compound on the highest round of the ladder of fame. Its praises have been sounded by men and women in every walk of life-by the affluent, the distinguished, and by the humblest, but equally grateful peo-

Paine's Celery Compound is the established home medicine of the large majority of our Canadian people. It is a medicine full of healing, strengthening and health-giving power. nourishes the delicate nerve fibers, sustains strong heart action, and keeps the stomach, li neys in vigorous health. liver and kid-

Mrs. G. Durant, of Elma, Ont., priefly gives her experience with Paine's Celery Compound: "For many years I have been a sufferer from liver troubles, and have

doctored with several physicians, but only found relief for a very short time. My husband advised me to try Paine's Celery Compound. I did so, and found so much relief from the first bottle that I continued, and am now using the third bottle. Your compound has done more for me than any pound has done more for me than any physician. For months before using the compound I never had one night of sound sleep; now I can go to bed and sleep soundly and naturally, and feel like a new woman in the morn-

REMARKABLY SUCCESSFUL. "She married a poet, didn't she? And is he successful?"

"Oh, yes-remarkably so. Why, his name is a household word on two con-One candidate for a seat in the Aus- tinents, and last year his income was

PUNCTUALITY

AND SUCCESS

Max O'Rell Writes Interestingly on the Subject-King Edward Noted for His Punctuality.

[Copyright, 1901, by W. R. Hearst.] Health, honesty, perseverance, strong character, all these virtues, qualities and qualifications will help a man to be successful, but, although they can be cultivated, they cannot be acquired, and no virtue or quality is more essential to success.

Punctuality is a kingly virtue. Once Louis XIV. visited an ambassador. When he arrived, the ambassador was coming down the staircase and had reached the last step to receive his majesty in the hall. The king thought that the diplomat should have been in

that the diplomat should have been in the hall when he arrived, and not on the last step of the staircase. Remarking on it, he said: "I was on the point of having to wait."

A friend of mine, a great French portrait painter, invited the present King of England, when he was Prince of Wales, to visit his studio to look at some pictures. The prince appointed a Thursday, at 3 o'clock. At halfed a Thursday, at 3 o'clock. At halfpast two, the prince, finding that he would not be able to be at the studio of my friend before quarter past three, sent an aide-de-camp so that painter should not have to wait. quarter past three to the minute he was there.

was there.

If some men whom I know were to say to me: "On the 10th of August, 1902, I shall be with you at twenty minutes past four," I should never think of reminding them. I know they would be there. These men are all successful. This quality is essential to success in all the pursuits of life. The success in all the pursuits of life. The reliable, absolutely reliable man is the one who is wanted everywhere. Run the risk of arriving at a station twenty minutes before the train starts rather than half a minute after it is

you have an engagement at 8 o'clock in a place that is reached by a train that arrives there at 7:55, take the train that goes before. Drop like hot potatoes people who keep you waiting after they have given you an appointment; they are intolerable boers, and will make your

life miserable. Some people believe they are very smart because they always arrive late. They are only conceited fools who have no objection to being inconsiderate and even rude. At the theater they spoil the pleasure of others; at a dinner party they exasperate their host and hostess.

If you give a dinner party and invite a few celebrities to be met by some of your friends, you will find that the said celebrities will arrive as the clock strikes the time appointed for dinner. The nobodies will arrive late and keep you waiting. You will find that this rule has no exception in whatever country you like to name. Punctuality and consideration for other people's feelings are the two noblest attributes of the perfect gentleman, and of the perfect lady.

I missed my train, my clock was slow. I lost my way. All these and many others are no valid excuses. For punctuality bring up your children in military style; teach them that one minute past ten o'clock is not ten o'clock. If you succeed, you will have done them a much better turn than if you had loaded them with all that has been written in Greek and Latin.

As for the dear wife of your bosom, teach her punctuality at her own exnse. If she comes late when have given her an appointment, don't make a scene, don't scold, don't sulk, don't bore her. Look pleasant all the time, as if you were always happy to have her, early or late. Next time go without her.

The Japanese Theater.

From the Academy.] As a rnle, the only things that fascinates the tourist in a Japanese play

are the quaintness of the stage arrangements and the weird unintelli-gibility of the acting. The stage is enormous, and the actors reach it by walking through the audience on two platforms extending from the back of the auditorium to the footlights. Properties are removed during the performance by attendants in black cloaks, who are supposed to be invisible. As a rule, two long plays are presented consecutively, with a tab-leau between, and the performances begin at 10 in the morning. You leave your shoes at one of the many teachouses around the theater, and enter your box to find it supplied with a tobacco box, tea and cakes, with luncheon to come. The voices on the stage at once strike you as hard and artificial, and either too shrill or too gruff. But the reason is too plain.
"The traditional samisen, a three-stringed guitar, follows the performer like a curse from start to finish. Unless he pitches his voice above or below its notes he could not be heard." There is no doubt of the effect on the audience. Especially do the wonderful facial expressions of the actors work upon the women. A rush to the "tear room" during a pathetic passage is quite common. There the susceptible playgoer may weep her heart out in comfort.

As men and women are not allowed to appear on the same stage, the fe-male parts are taken by men; on the other hand, at some theaters, where the performers are all women, you may see male parts sustained by actresses. This is only one among the many conventions and restrictions which hamper the drama in Japan. Another is the extraordinary ascendancy of the actor over the author. A successful actor is the darling of the people. purses are thrown at his feet as he walks toward the stage, and love let-ters are sent to his dressing-room, for "the Japanese matinee girl is very susceptible." He may make £5,000 in four weeks. The author is only one member of a kind of committee which devises the play, and his remuneration is trumpery.

Languor and weakness, due to the de-pleted condition of the blood, are over-come by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great vitalizer.

In a little handful of earth, in the crotch of a branch of a big elm in front of a store in Norway, Vt., is a current bush. The shrub has been growing there for two or three years, and has attained a vigorous size. Last year it bore fruit for the first time.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's" Soothing Byrup.

A Biddeford (Me.) calf recently per-formed the distinguished feat of swimming across the Saco River, at a sec tion where the width is more than half

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Hunyadi János

Natural Laxative Water

Has Merit: Reputation: Superiority.

Constipation and Hemorrhoids

IT IS UNEXCELLED.

Beware of Substitutes! Cerrenzeseseseseseseseseseseseseseseses

Crescent Bicycles

BEST LIKED WHERE BEST KNOWN.

Crescent Chainless, Crescent Chain, Crescent Tandems, Girls' and Boys' Crescent Bicycles.

OUR \$35 BICYCLE Is Equipped with the Best.

See the Celebrated Hussey Handlebar. See McCormick Parcel Carrier.

Bicycle Bells, Bicycle Lamps, Luggage Holders, Foot Pumps.

FOR SALE REID'S HARDWARE,

NO. 118 NORTH SIDE DUNDAS STREET, LONDON, ONT.



Burden Bearing.

In the world ye shall have tribulation; but be of good cheer; I have overcome the world.—St. John, xvi., 33.

It seems to be the law that no one shall be exempt from trials, discomforts and tribulations. The tears of the poet are no less bitter than those of the peasant. The heart of wealth is quite as liable to break as the heart of poverty. Money loses its purchasing power when one asks for happiness. Sorrow makes the whole world one vast democracy, in which no one can claim exclusive rights.

The stern, hard fact is that our outward life is seldom what we would like to have it. It is a kind of kaleidoscope, and as every day gives it a turn a new and perhaps a wholly uns presented. Life is like a year in the tropics-at one moment a blaze of sunshine and at another a shower of tears. No foresight can prevent, no skill can avoid these changes.

The great question, therefore, which thrusts itself into the foreground is, How shall we use these changes to our spiritual advantage? That question answered, and answered correctly, we have solved the most solemn problem that confronts the human

Sorrows may produce either of two results—one bad, the other good. They may put us out of harmony with the providence of God, incline us to deny his existence and attribute our suffering to blind chance, thus embittering the soul and making it restless, uncomfortable and at odds with everything and everybody. If fate rules the world-and fate is both blind and capricious, giving or withholding according to its whim or mood-there no room on which to build either faith or resignation. Your attitude renders it impossible to get much good out of experience, because what comes depends upon a throw of the dice. There is neither providence nor oversight anywhere, and you are in a state of rebellion against the powers which are

in command of circumstances. I have known men who have logically convinced themselves that they are neither part nor parcel of any benign plan or purpose, who simply drift like a chip on the tide, and who have no recourse except to take what comes with as good a grace as they can. Such lives are hard to live, because doubt is a staff of willow which bends under their weight, while faith is a staff of oak on which they could safely lean for support.

Sorrows may also lead the mind to grave and rich conclusions; teach us that we are not masters in the universe, that there is a controlling and mandatory intelligence which it is folly to resist and that our safety, our serenity, our happiness and ou education lie in some close and confiding intimacy with that intelligence. This intimacy once established, like a friendship about which there is no suspicion, we have the essential ele-ments of true religion. Life assumes a different aspect, bitterness becomes impossible. The guide is always true, and can be trusted. You may go through miry places, but the guide goes with you, and his words of encouragement sustain you. His object is not so much to make your journey pleasant as to make it profitable. You are working your way toward the future, and when you reach it you will see, what it is hard to discover now, that your sorrows had their mission; that they contributed to your wholeness and were necessary to your development.

Our theory is too often based on misinformation. To an immortal soul this life is an insignificant detail. It is important just as an infant school is important. The child is taught something-and that something is almost always irksome-which fits it for a higher realm of education. Life also is irksome, but if we take a large view of it we see that it is preparatory, prefatory-not the end of all things, but their feeble beginning. No man really lives until he dies. The other life will be infinitely better than this, as the man of full stature is more and better than the infant playing with toys. Shut out the other world and there

is literally nothing left. Not to live again is not to have lived at all. Destroy your hope, your aspiration, and think of yourself as a little creature smiling or weeping for an hour, and then fading into oblivion, and you shrivel and shrink into a dwarf. The religion of the Christ comes to

the rescue of our doubts and fears.
The vision of immortality is like a beacon light on a dark night. That religion gives you so large and noble a prospect that you feel like a young giant who will sometime get his growth. Religion, therefore, is health, strength, virile vigor, helping you to bear great burdens and to meet the strange vicissitudes which lie in ambush, as the brave Sir Knight does who fears nothing because he is larger than his enemies and is sure of the

A thoughtful soul, conscious that it came from God and is destined reach heaven, looking on duty as the source of peace, pushing aside the ills of life or bearing them with a serene and unchangeable faith, presents the most impressive picture which the whole universe affords

GEORGE E. HEPWORTH

THE RUSSELL, OTTAWA.

PALACE HOTEL OF CANADA. Fitted up in the most modern style. Contains accommodation for over 400 guests. Passenger and bag-gage elevators. Commands a splen-did view of the City, Parliament Grounds, Park, River and Canal. Visitors to the capital having busi-ness with the government find it more convenient to stop at The Russell, where they can always meet leading public men. Entire hotel supplied with fire escapes. Electric cars to all points of city. Trains pass hotel door.

CLARK & SMITH. Undertakers and Embalmers Calls promptly attended to day or night. Residence on the premises 113 Duncas St. Phone 586.

F. X. ST. JACQUES. Prop.

CALVERT'S 20 per cent. CARBOLIC SOAP

Cures and prevents Insect and Mosquito bites.

The strongest Carbolic Toilet Soap. F. C. CALVERT & Co., Manchester, Eng.

London's Curious

Looted Idol.

Chinese in London who wish to worship without leaving the city now have an opportunity of doing so. The largest joss ever brought to England has just arrived from Swatow, near Foo Chow.

Its full height is about 5 feet 10 inches. It has a central male figure, 2 feet high, dancing on a rustic stand and holding up some sacred fruit. Then there are three other figures, one of a female and two fashioned after the familiar representation of Old Father Time.

whole is exquisitively carved out of natural tea root, and is a marvelous image. The face of the central figure has a wonderful expression, fascinating, yet repulsive, with a smile that is perfectly demoniacal.

The total weight of the joss is about 300 pounds. Its present owner is Mr. R. F. A. Banks, a trader in Chinese and Japanese curios, at 6 and 7 Creed lane. He is a traveler who has had a covetous eye on this particular god for about fourteen years, but until lately all his attempts to secure it

How he has succeeded at last he prefers to keep a secret. He is also stu-diously reticient about the strange history which he hinted to a Daily Mail representative yesterday is associated with the joss. It is known, however. that it has been worshiped by thou-sands.—London Mail.

[Conducted for The Advertiser by Rev. William Wye Smith, author of "Matthew in Broad Scotch," "The New Testament in Broad Scotch," and Scotch expert on the Standard Dictionary.]

TARRY woo, tarry woo,

Tarry woo is ill to spin; Card it weel, card it weel,

Card it weel, ere ye begin! When it's cardit, row'd and spun, Then the work is hafflins done; But, when woven, dress'd, and clean, It may be cleedin for a queen! -Old Song,

BETTER sma' fish than nane.

LIPPEN to me, but look to yersel',

HE needs a lang shankit spune that wad sup wi' the deil.

IN THE county of Aberdeen there are 3,000 more women than men.

AN attempt to bore for coal is to be made at Cowthat, near Ecclefec-

THE Kelvin bridge, Glasgow, is three times wider since the recent al-

AN Irvine boy was severely burned by setting fire to his celluloid collar, while playing with matches.

ON the Island of St. Kilda is a man of 60 who has never seen a horse. So he told the census enumerator.

GLASGOW is the second city of the empire by 75,000 over Liverpool, without taking in either Govan or Par-

RUTHERGLEN ("Ruglen") horse fair is no more, and the natives lament the loss of the historic institu-

is the only "nature." She regarded it as a noble sort of disease.-George Macdonald. BALMORAL, so long the favorite residence of the Queen, is likely to be

presented by the King to his son, the Duke of York. COACHES .- The first introduction of at the present moment. coaches into Edinburgh seems to have been in 1610. They ran between Edin-

burgh and Leith. THE Synod of the Free Church of case of the Free Church, and a year Scotland "views with deep sorrow and in the case of the United Presbyterian alarm" the efforts that are making to Church), at £552,355. The reserve fund

modify the Coronation Oath. ANCE crowdie, twice crowdie, Three time crowdie in a day;

And gin ye crowdie muckle Ye'll crowdie a' my meal away! -Nursery Rhyme.

FOR something like four centuries Scotland has contributed to the literary forces of Britain her fair proportion of men with a real grip of English.-William Arch.

"TAK it man, tak it," and "Donald Gunn," were written by David Webster, a weaver by occupation as well as by name, in Dunblane. Born 1789;

OF the 3,000 tons of salmon caught in British waters, 45 per cent are caught in Scotch waters, 50 per cent in Irish waters and 5 per cent in Eng-

IN days when gude King Robert rang, His trews they cost but half a

He said they were a great ower dear, And ca'd the tailor thief and loon. -Old Song.

GOOD ADVICE .- The Glasgow ad-



Voman's Face

Tells its own story. A laugh is often a lie on a woman's lips. It belies the pain which is tearing at the nerves. But the eyes have no part in the laugh. Their purple rings speak of suffering. There are lines too about the mouth which only pain can give. Many women look forward to a week of such misery each month. Three months of each year are given up to suffering. It weakens them. It ages them. It robs them of social pleasures and family joys. Can there be any excuse for such women who fail to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription? It has cured thousands of such sufferers. Cured them perfectly and permanently. It cures ninety-eight out of every hundred who give it a fair and faithful trial. It's sure to help. It's almost sure to cure.

"I had falling of internal organs and had to go to bed every month; had irregular monthly i riods which would sometimes last ten or the ve days," writes Mrs. Alice L. Holmes, of Conspring Street, Uniontown, Pa. "Had induction so bad that I could not eat anything hardly. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' cured me."

Free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay cost of customs and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for paper-bound book or 30 stamps for cloth hinding to Dr. R. V Pierce. Buffale. N.Y.

vice and admonition to the streetgoers on its crowded (and often narrow) thoroughfares is, "Right Hand to means known to your science!" the Wa'."

> "DRIVER, driver, stop!" cried an Aberdeen gamin; "yere wheel's rinnin' roond!" The cabby stopped and jumped down. "Ye needna look now," cried mistaken in diagnosis and prognosis, the lad, "it's stoppit."

UNEVEN JUSTICE.-At Dumfries lately a young man got six months for assault with injury to life; while another man got twelve months for stealing eighteenpence!

IT is a pity to think we may perish without being aware of our possession -without having discovered the point in which we may be individually calculated to excel.-John Younger.

IN the English Presbyterian Church there is said to be only one place of worship which can be called "full"-"Ian Maclaren's" church at Sefton Park, Liverpool.

RALPH ERSKINE, a law clerk in Dunfermline, has written on a piece of paper, the size of a threepenny of paper, the size of a threepenny piece, the Lord's Prayer and the Ten SCALING OF Commandments, as well as his name and address-360 words. "Ian Maclaren" can conceive of

nothing more serious to any church than to have its ministry more devot- It Is a Perilous Business at ed to letters than religion. But somebody will ask if "Ian Maclaren" is not himself a "literary" minister.

"WHAT for arena ye spinnin' Grannie?" said Cosmo. "I like fine to hear the wheel singin' like a muckle flee SHE did not yet know that goodness upo' the winnock. It spins i' my heid lang lingles o' thochts, and dreams, and wad-be's."-George Macdonald.

> MR. ANDREW CARNEGIE'S gifts of £2,000,000 to the four Scotch universities, and £100,000 for branch libraries in Glasgow, are creating much interest and favorable comment in Scotland

THE annual report of the finance committee of the United Free Church gives the income (nine months in the now stands at £14,464.

FAREWEEL to Lochaber, fareweel to

To Lochaber no more, to Lochaber no

We'll maybe return to Lochaber no

-Old Song.

THE following are the populations of various cities and towns in Scotland, as given by the census of 1901. More next week: Airdrie, 22,288; Ardrossan, 6,022; Ayr, 28,513; Annan, 4,335; Beith, 7,523; Bathgate, 13,998; Burntisland, 5,479; Callander, 2,171; Crieff, 5,-708; Dundee, 160,836; Dumfries, 18,080; Dunfermline, 31,677; Kilmarnock, 36,151; Motherwell, 30,396; Paisley, 79,274.

JACOB'S WELL .- John iv., 11: Quo' the wumman till him, Sir ye hae naething to lat doon the waal, and the waal's unco deep; whaur fin' ye the leevin watir?

12. "Ye canna be greater nor oor forebear Jaucob, wha gied us the waal, and slockened his ain drouth wi't, and the drouth o' his bairns-and his beasts?"

13. Jesus said till her, "Wha may drink this watir wull be drouthie syne; 14. "But wha drinks o' the watir I gie him sal be drouthie nevermair: for the watir I gie him sal be in him an unseen waal, rising up intil life eter-

15. The wumman cry't oot, "Sir, let me hae this watir! no to be drouthieand ne'er to fash to come to the waal again!"-The New Testament in Broad

Life Let Us Cherish.

[New York Daily Tribune.] A somewhat startling, though by no means novel, suggestion was made by a physician at the American Congress of Tuberculosis recently. It was to the effect that when a patient is seen to be beyond doubt hopelessly ill with tuberculosis, helpless, and severely suffering, treatment should be altogether palliative and not remedial. The physician should strive simply to ease the pain and keep the patient as comfortable as possible, instead of fighting a losing battle for the brief prolongation of a life of agony, and he should do so even if such palliative treatment would actually tend to hasten instead of delay the inevitable end. Such thoughts have often come to others in other cases than tuber-culosis. Patients themselves have desider thus to be treated, and their relatives have, in all love and tenderness, thought it best. There has even arisen the question whether in some agonizing cases, as of cancer in its most painful and malignant forms, it is not justifiable to administer medicines which will not only benumb the senses, but actually hasten the happy release of the patient from otherwise

hopeless woe. The answer to all such ideas and suggestions is, apart from that of the inviolable sacredness of life, the inscrutable uncertainty which involves every case, no matter how confident

who was pronounced to be dying of one of the most painful and incurable of all known maladies. That was the judgment of several physicians, including one of the greatest specialists in the world, who had long made a particular study of her case. The physicians told her husband that the case was utterly hopeless and that a few weeks at most would see the end, and then asked him if he would have them simply lessen her suffering as much as possible and die in comparative ease or maintain to the end what they knew to be a hopeless fight against the disease, and thus have her last days filled with agony. A harder choice seldom come to a man to make. But the husband answered unhesitatingly; "Fight it to the end with every was three years ago, and the woman is today alive, practically well and

happy.

There may not be many such cases, but there are unquestionably some, in which even the ablest physicians are or in which some as yet inexplicable circumstance "mocks the counsel of the wise." And every such one is a tremendous warning against giving up hope too soon. The margin of human error and of vital uncertainty is at best a broad one, as those physicians who are most masters of the profession are most ready to admit should always be kept on the side of life rather than of death. The purpose of the healing art is to heal. The work of the physician is to save life from disease and death, not to surrender it. Happily modern tri-umphs of surgery and chemistry have made it generally possible to alleviate suffering while still fighting disease. To do so more and more is a worthy object of endeavor. But in any case, however desperate, the prime purpose of the healing art is not to be abdicated in favor of its opponent and foe. "Life let us cherish while yet the taper burns."

ALPINE PEAKS

the Best.

Slight Causes Bring Down an Avalanche-Always in Danger of Sudden Death-Fatal Accidents.

[From Outing.]

According to the experts Alpine accidents ought never to happen, because rules have been laid down for avoiding them. This is true, just as it would be true to say that if a chess player never made a bad move he would never lose a game. But bad moves are made in the mountains no less than on the chessboard.

On the whole Alpine accidents are very real things. They mainly happen, first, when the climber falls off the mountain; second, when the mountain or some portion of it falls on the climber; third, when the climber loses

his way or is weatherbound.

The simple fall, of course, is mainly where many of the peaks that are ascended look rather more difficult to climb than prison walls. Sometimes it happens because foothold or handhold which seems secure gives way beneath the climber's weight, as was the case in the last terrible accident on the Dent Blanche.

The classical example of this sort of

accident is the famous accident to Mr. Whymper's party on the Matterhorn. It is an old and well-known story, but one may venture to repeat it in the briefest possible outline.

It happened on the way down, at the point where the angle of inclination alters, and the mountain sudden-ly becomes steeper, so that the leaders of the party were hidden from those above them. Michel Broz, the guide, was in front. Then followed Mr. Hadow, Rev. Charles Hudson, Lord Francis Douglas, the old and young Tangwalders and Mr. Whymper himself. The lame duck of the party was Mr. Hadow. He was tired out and could hardly move. Croz was obliged to keep close to him in order to join his feet into the proper foot-holds. He slipped, fell against Croz and knocked him, too, from his foot-hold. Croz fell ten or twelve feet

through the air and then the shock COURAGEOUS GUIDES.

Instantly Hudson and Lord Francis Douglas were dragged from their places, and the weight of the four falling men came upon the other three, who planted themselves firmly and clung to the rocks, the jerk coming on them as one man. Even then nothing could have saved them if the rope had held. But the rope broke, and its parted strands separated the living and the dead. There were four dead bodies on the glacier, 4,000 feet below, and three terror-stricken men clinging to the Matterhorn crags.

Lord Francis Douglas before his

death on the Matterhorn had fallen off such an arete on the dangerous Ober-Gabelhorn. Happily, his guide, seeing him fall, did the only thing possible to save both their lives. leaped over the arete on the opposite side to that which Lord Francis Douglas had fallen. The two men balanced each other as they lay slung across the ridge by the rope; they had not let go of their ice axes and were presently able to scramble up on to it again.

Other guides have been known to do the same thing on the arete of Monte Rosa and on certain aretes in the Engadine. It is the only thing to be done under the circumstances, but it is not easy while sitting at home to realize how much presence of mind is needed

to do it. Turning to the second group of accidents—the cases in which the accident occurs before something has fallen upon the climber-we have to do with avalanches. There are avalanches of snow, of ice and of rock, but the snow avalanches are the more fre-

quent and the most important. Canon Girdlestone, of Oxford, relates how he once sat down to lunch in the track of such an avalanche, and had only just time to scurry out of the way before it whizzed past, and that great climber, Mr. Tuckett, once had a race with an avalanche on the

Eiger glacier.
This is one kind of avalanche accident. Another and more common kind is when the climbers themselves start the avalanche. They are traversing a slope of ice on which a certain amount of fresh snow has fallen. Their footsteps loosen the snow and set it every case, no matter hew confident sliding. It trips them up and carries may be diagnosis and prognosis. We have in mind the case of a woman a crevasse; the danger is that they

will fall into it and that the snow will follow them and bury them alive. Yet there are men who have been carried away by such avalanches and escaped The most famous man who alive. underwent such an experience was the

late Prof. Tyndall. RIDING AN AVALANCHE.

It happened on the Piz Morteratsch, in the Engandine, in 1864. The pro-fessor, with two friends, Mr. Hutch-inson and Lee Warner, and two guides named Jenni and Walter, had occasion to cross a gully filled with hard ice coated with new snow. The slope led straight down onto a glacier with yawning crevasses in it. Jenni, who was a very famous guide, ought to have known better than to venture in in incident of rock climbing. It is particularly frequent in the Dolomites, very far onto it when he realized the danger and warned the others to tread gingerly, as a "false step here might start an avalanche."

"The word," says Prof. Tyndall, "was scarcely uttered when I heard the sound of a fall behind me, then a rush, and in a moment my two friends and their guide, all apparently entangled together, whirled past me. I suddenly planted myself to resist their shock, but in an instant I was in their wake, for their impetus was irresistible. A moment afterwards Jenni was whirled away, and thus, in the twinkling of an eye, all five of us found ourselves riding downward with uncontrollable speed on the back of an avalanche which a single slip had originated."

There was nothing to clutch at, no means of arresting the descent. They tried to put on the brake by grinding the points of their alpenstocks into the ice, without the least result. In a sense, as it turned out, their speed was their salvation. It caused them to shoot over the gaping crevasses into which they would have tumbled helplessly if they had been going at a slower rate. But there were other crevasses lower down. Could they stop themselves before reaching these? It was just a chance, and the chance happened to be in their favor.

"We came to rest so near the brow that two or three seconds of our average motion of descent must have carried us over. Had this occurred, we should have fallen into the chasms and been covered up by the tail of the avalanche. Hutchinson emerged from the snow with his forehead bleeding; Jenni had a bit of flesh removed from his hand by collision against a stone.' * * No one, however, was seriously hurt, though the professor found that he had lost his watch.

TERRIBLE SNOWSTORM.

Finally, there are the incidents which are due to blizzards. Mount Blanc has been the principal scene of these, for on that the distances are great, the snowfields are wide and the chance of losing your way is good. You may scoop yourself a sort of shelter in the snow and wait, but you may freeze to death while you are waiting. This is what happened only a few years ago to Prof. Nettieship, of Oxford, though the weather lifted in time for the other members of the party to be saved.

A still graver case occurred in 1870, when a party of the three American travelers, with eight guides, all per-ished together in this manner. One of them—T. Beans—had scribbled a fragmentary diary of his experience, which was subsequently found lying beside him. We may end this article by quoting his concluding words:

"September 7, evening—We have been on Mount Blanc for two days in terrible snowstorm; we have lost our way and are in a hole scooped out of the snow at a height of 15,000 feet; I have no hope of descending. Perhaps this book may be found and for-warded. * * * We have no food; my feet are already frozen and I am exhausted. I have only strength to write a few words. I die in the faith of Jesus Christ, with affectionate thoughts of my family. My remembrance to all. I trust we may meet in heaven.

The Kidneys and the Skin.

In the spring the kidneys have much to do. If they are weak or torpid they will not do it well, and the skin will be pimply or blotchy. That is telling the story in a few words.

Hood's Sarsaparilla strengthens and stimulates the kidneys, cures and prevents simples, blotches and all cutaneous eruptions.

Wear-diffusion.

The weak man does not live who cannot be

made healthier and stronger by wearing my

Electric Belt. None of us are perfect, and

anything that will add more to such vitality

and a strong heart.

in the right way while he sleeps.

wait for my pay until you are cured.

as we may have will make us better

It is hard for a weak man to have

noble sentiments. Such things are

born of warm blood, healthy nerves

Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

Makes men strong; it causes the nerves to tingle with the

joyful exhilaration of youth; it fills the heart with a feel-

ing of gladness, makes everything look bright and makes

the nerves like bars of steel. Give me a man broken

down from indiscretions or excesses-one who has lost

the very essence of manhood-and I will make him feel

like a youth of 20 within a month. How? yoursk. Sim-

ply by pumping a vital stream of electricity into his body

me can have my Appliance and pay

you tired of doctoring and paying out money without result? Then come to me or write to me. I AM THE ONLY MAN IN THE

WORLD WHO HAS CONFIDENCE ENOUGH IN HIS REMEDY

TO WAIT FOR HIS PAY UNTIL YOU ARE CURED. I know what my Belt will do, and as you do not you can try it first, and I will

FREE BOOK—My new illustrated book tells about my Belt and how it cures the weakness of men and women. It is worth reading. I will send it, closely sealed, free upon request. Call, if possible, and I will explain my Belt and what it will do. I will give a free trial treatment to every seeker of proof of what my Belt does. Call or

SPECIAL NOTICE—If you have an old belt of another make which has burned and blistered you or one that did not possess electricity, bring it in and I will allow you one-half the price of mine for it.

Dr. M. G. McLaughlin, 130 Yonge St.,

Office Hours-9 a.m. to 8.30 p.m.

when cured. I ask no pay in advance.

Any man or woman who will secure

Are you sick? Are you in pain? Are you a Weak Man! Are

Turn up the sole of an old shoe!

You'll find it worn out in spots only. Lots of leather unused, wasted. A few square inches only, ground away under pressure points of foot sole.

0 0 0

Heels worn down at outer edge, causing shoe to twist.

Not so with The Resilia Sole in the \$5.00 Slater Shoe!

Observe how it flattens when borne upon, through the compression of the rebounding Centresole.

Reflect that this flattening means diffusion of wear, all over the sole of the shoe.

Goodyear welted-\$5.00 grade.

"The Slater Shoe"

The SLATER SHOE STORE

J. H. Brownlee, Manager, - 146 Dundas Street.



"Straight Front."

Low bust, long waist, cut away hips - that is fashion's latest corset decree.

The "N.C. TAILOR-KUT" corset with the straight front is a genuine straight front corset.

It gives a graceful curve to the back and hips; it supports,

but does not press the abdomen. Correct See that it is branded: in every line. Two qualities, \$1.00, \$1.25.

TAILOR-KUT

National Corset Mfg. Co., Quebeo and Toronto.

Women and the Bootblack.

"This chair reserved for ladies," is the sign that a West Side bootblack has stuck over one of his seven chairs. The sign attracts attention, but not nearly so much as the member of the gentler sex who has the courage to climb to the elevated perch to have her boots cleaned and dressed.

The matinee girl seems to be the greatest patron of the reserved chair, and she is seemingly unabashed as men and boys half a dozen deep block up the sidewalk and stare. This gaping crowd is the arch enemy of the boss bootblack who realizes that his fair customers invariably fail to come back after being stared at in this way.
"The sign is all right, but I'm afraid

said the bootblack. "The new woman is a great and glorious institution that is a great and giorious institution that has come to stay seemingly. She'll fight for her club, her theater tickets, her political rights, her reserved seat in the restaurant, and even her right to pick her husband's typewriter, but when it comes to sitting down et a when it comes to sitting down at a corner shoestand to have her boots looked after she balks worse than the mare that David Harum sold the dea-The new woman can't stand being placed upon an elevated chair and stared at as a museum freak. Her courage is not screwed up to that point. At least not yet."

COLD IN THE HEAD CURED In one night by applying to nose and throat Trask's Magnetic Ointment. 25 and 40 cents. At C. McCallum & Co. xt Soldiers of the Greek army are to be taught to raise and cure tobacco for the chair is a little ahead of the times," | their own use.

WITH THE POETS.

IN THE LEAFY MONTH OF JUNE.

Now have come the shining days When field and wood are robed anew. And o'er the world a silver haze Blends the emeralds with the blue.

Now doth summer clothe the land In garments free from spot or stain-The lustrous leaves, the hills untanned, The vivid meads, the glaucous grain.

The day looks new, a coin unworn, Freshly stamped in heavenly mint; The sky keeps on its look of morn-Of age and death there is no hint.

How soft the landscape near and far! A shining veil the trees enfold: The day remembers moon and star: A silver lining hath its gold.

Again I see the clover bloom, And wade in grasses lush and sweet; Again has vanished all my gloom With daisies smiling at my feet.

Again from out the garden hives The exodus of frenzied bees; The humming cyclone onward drives, Or finds repose amid the trees.

At dawn the river seems a shade-A liquid shadow deep as space; But when the sun the mist has laid, A diamond shower smites its face.

The season's tide now nears its height, And gives to earth an aspect new; Every shoal is hid from sight, With current fresh as morning dew. -John Burroughs.

THE AWAKENING.

Now fades the last long streak of snow, Now bourgeons every maze of quick About the flowering squares, and thick By ashen roots the violets blow.

Now rings the woodland loud and long; The distance takes a lovelier hue, And drowned in yonder living blue The lark becomes a sightless song.

Now dance the lights on lawn and lea, The flocks are whiter down the vale, And milkier every milky sail On winding stream or distant sea;

Where now the sea-mew pipes, or dives In yonder greening gleam, and fly The happy birds, that change their sky To build and brood; that lives their lives

From land to land; and in my breast Spring wakens, too; and my regret Becomes an April violet

And buds and blossoms like the rest. Is't, then, regret for buried time, That keenlier in sweet April wakes, And meets the year, and gives and

takes The colors of the crescent prime?

Not all: the songs, the stirring air, The life re-orient out of dust, Cry through the sense to hearten trust In that which made the world so fair. -From Tennyson's "In Memoriam."

THE PRESENT ALONE IS OURS.

There's but one word upon the face of

That word is "Now. Heed it before you hear Life's evening

Your head to bow:

And, with a gemless crown, at Failure's shrine.

Ask God to raise The curtain 'twixt the hope that seems divine.

And misspent days.

"Now" is the crisis of man's circumstance-

His life, his all; The trial of his fortitude-his chance To rise or fall.

The column waits, the old flag floats on high-But soon the sun

Will count a day lost, and in sadness sigh "No battle won."

The potter's clay is in thy hands to mold An angel's face-Why leave it, idly, to turn crude and cold

And lose its grace? The mountain beckons from its wooded

sides. "Come unto me."

The river whispers, "Ah, my struggling tides Roll uselessly."

The desert calls for water, that a flower May raise its head; And Science pleads her resurrection hour.

To leave the dead. Great Now, while yet we sing, you glide away

In mystic air, Out from the sunshine of the glad today, On, on to where

Tomorrow, youth's bright harbinger, still thrives-

'Twill never be; If man should have a hundred thousand

He'd find in thee

The power that made the lily first dis-

Her wealth of white-The corner stone from which Time's

The source of Might.

Bring pansies with their velvet for his shroud.

And Spring's first darling, the anemone, And gold-eyed daisies, whose simplicity Mocks at the sun within his station

Bring violets like drops of purple rain, And shear the earth of all diurnal flow-

Pluck up her blossoms and break down Since on her bosom lies our loved one-

Supernal sleep, what better thing for While deep within the hollow of our

hearts We hide our pain, and, till our life departs. Burn there the quenchless flame of

Sleep, dost thou sleep? Perchance Death's

trenchant light Darkens our eyes and blinds us, lest

What was before our birth, and what

When we set sail upon the sea of Night. -G. Constant Lounsbery, in "An Iseult Idyll.

THE LOST CHORD.

The house seems lonely and empty; Seems ever so strangely still; In our hearts there's a void that is ach-

ing-A void that no voice will e'er fill.

The whispered word that is spoken Seems only the ghost of a sound, For which we are each of us yearning, With only the silence around.

From our lives all the music departed, All harmony's gone since the day The installment collector called on us, And took the piano away.

GEORGE HERBERT ON "WORSHIP.

By all means use sometimes to be alone, Salute thyself; see what thy soul doth Dare to look in thy chest, for it's thy

And tumble up and down what thou

findest there. Who cannot rest till he good fellows find, He breaks up house, turns out of door

When once thy foot enters the church,

his mind.

God is more there than thou, for thou

Only by His permission; then beware And make thyself all reverence and

Kneeling ne'er spoiled silk stockings; quit thy state: All equal are within the church's gate.

Let vain or busy thoughs have there no

Bring not the plow, thy plots, thy pleasure thither: Christ purged His temple; so must thou

thy heart. All worldly thoughts are but thieves

To cozen thee. Look to thy acting well, For churches either are our heaven or

BEFORE IT IS TOO LATE.

If you have a gray-haired mother In the old home far away. Sit down and write the letter

You put off from day to day. Don't wait until her weary steps Reach Heaven's pearly gate, But show her that you think of her Before it is too late.

If you've a tender message Or a doving word to say, Don't wait till you forget it, But whisper it today.

Who knows what bitter memories May haunt you if you wait? So make your loved one happy Before it is too late.

The tender words unspoken, The letters never sent, The long-forgotten messages, The wealth of love unspent-

For these some hearts are breaking, For these some loved ones wait, So show them that you care for them Before it is too late.

Your Nerves Are Weak

Your Nerves Are Weak.

You sleep badly, appetie variable. You eat, but gain no strength. Morning tiredness makes you wish it were night. When night comes, refreshing sleep is hard to obtain. You're run down, your blood is thin and watery, your nerves have grown weak, the thought of effort wearies you. You need Ferrozone; it makes blood-red, strong blood. An appetite? You'll eat everything, and digest it, too. Strength? That's what plenty of food gives. Ferrozone gives hope, vigor, vim, endurance. Use Ferrozone and get strong. Sold by W. T. Strong & Co.

Shells of pressed steel and of extraordinary hardness are being made at the Perm Works, St. Petersburg, to

IF THERE'S A HINT OF CATARRH TAINT apply Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder without delay. It will save you suffering, heal you quickly whether you have been a sufferer one month or 50 years. It relieves cold in the head and catarrhal headaches in ten minutes. The Hon. David Mills, Minister of Justice for the Dominion of Canada, indorses it. Sold by C. McCallum & Co.—2.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

AMERICAN LIFE 100 YEARS AGO

Pauperism, Crime and Capital Punishment.

Old-Time Executions - Duckings for Women-Some Barbarous Practices.

[Pittsburg Dispatch.]

The public punishments of the year 1801 differed more from those of 1901 than did the crimes. Public whipping for many crimes was inflicted. Every State, every town, had whipping posts. Frequently these stood in the public streets. The greatest publicity was given both to the criminal and his punishment. This was held to teach great moral lesson, to deter young folk from crime; the visible token of the result of evil living was held to be the best holdback from vice and crime-it would frighten people into being good. The Boston Gazette of October 21,

1799, had this notice: Several male and female rogues were publicly whipped and pilloried on Friday last. We are glad that the scene of these punishments has been removed from State street to the Common.

No doubt State street residents were glad, but what of householders whose houses faced the Commons? Branding and maiming, so abhorred by us today, were still frequent pun-

John Hawkins made a sad start on the new century; on January 15, 1801, he stood in the pillory in Salem and his ears were cropped for the crime of

Two men of honored names-Henry Story and Robert Pierpont-owner and master respectively of the brigantine Hannah, sunk the ship at sea to defraud the underwriters. This "transaction, exceeding in infamy all that has hitherto appeared in the commerce of our country," was duly punished, the two men being set in the pillory in a Boston street.

In Rhode Island the pillory, stocks and whipping post lingered long.

HANGINGS A CENTURY AGO. Executions by hanging still were open to all sightseers and were a much-prized diversion. In New York they were held in the public squares. When an execution took place in a country shire town whole families would drive and ride fifty or sixty miles to witness the sight. Very aged persons, young children, confirmed invalids, all were taken within sight of the scaffold. In one case—and it was a well-known and honored New England family—a son, so ill with con-sumption that he had to be taken lying on a mattress, was carried ten miles to see the execution of a man and a woman, whom he followed into eternity the same night. Murderers, heavily chained hand and foot, were taken to church and preached at and followed by a noisy, abusive rabble everywhere. They were catechized and prayed over in public; their confessions were printed, and great and small villains vied with each other to make their confessions entertaining. Ballads were written about them and hawked alongside the death cart:

See round the prison how the throng From every quarter pour. Some mourn with sympathizing tongue, The ruder Rabble roar.

Slow rolls the Cart with solemn Pace, The Ladder shows on high; See the poor pinion'd Prisoner pass On to Eternity.

DUCKINGS FOR WOMEN. Women still were sentenced to be ducked as "common scolds"-a medieval punishment. I have records of several sentences and of two duckings in 1811; those not in a ducking stool, but by being dragged into the water in a cart. In 1897 a "common scold" in Jersey City was sentenced to be ducked, but the sentence was not executed. She was an American woman of enough education and breeding to know better, and the judge thus sent-

enced her "to express the disgust of the community." Petty crimes were abundant every-There was said to be an organized band of thieves extending from Canada to Georgia. Robberies of merchandise and horses were incessant. The thieves had hiding places in every town. Sometimes members of the gang, unsuspected of crime, many years held honored places in the community. There was much counterfeiting of bank notes, and easy work it must have been, with such crude specimens of engraving as then served for legal tender. It is said that sometimes counterfeit bills were asked for, as they were much more presentable than the true bills, and often they were in cir-

culation till worn out. Nothing could appear more fatuous than the frequent simple appeals through the press to the conscience of petty thieves. Thus the Worcester Spy

advertises: The Gentleman Night Walker, alias Night Villain, who of late has frequented the SLAUGHTER HOUSE of Lemuel Rice and taken therefrom a considerable quantity of fresh BEEF, is informed that if he comes forward in a Gentleman like manner, and settles for the same his name shall not be exposed; but if he neglects this friendly hint, he must shortly expect to be complimented with a WARRANT which will give him that reward which

his labors justly merit. EZRA GRISWOLD'S WATER-MELONS. In the Connecticut Courant Ezra

Griswold, of Simsbury, sarcastically advertises The subscriber wishes to notify his old honorable customers who practice stealing and destroying his fruit every year that his WATERMELONS are now almost ripe, and if they do not as usual destroy the fruit and vines immediately they will get entirely ripe, and then somebody or other will be better for them, which will be a grievous mortification to those manly gen-

In the Salem Gazette of September 4, 1804, it would seem that Salem maids ran very wild or Salem farmers were very ungallant. George W. Felt adver-

Whereas two GIRLS were seen taking APPLES from the Subscriber's Field, on Sunday last, in Worth Fields so called, if they will call and settle for the same THIS DAY, they will avoid further trouble.

Joseph Tyler, in the Boston Gazette, "desires the Person who borrowed his Surtort to return it if it is not worn From the Worcester Spy, December,

The Two Obliging Ladies who on the 29th ultimo, between 6 and 7 o'clock in the evening, took from the Store of the

Up Stairs.

If you are suffering from anæmia (poverty of the blood) or from a weak heart the fact will be made painfully apparent every time you have occasion to walk up stairs.

On such occasions does your heart beat violently? Do you feel out of breath? Do your limbs ache, and are you easily exhausted?

These are signs of anæmia and heart weakness. Palor, sunken eyes, thin cheeks, loss of appetite, and general languor are other signs. Organic disease of the Heart or Consumption may easily follow if your condition is neglected.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills FOR PALE PEOPLE.

cure anæmia and heart weakness, and banish all these symptoms. They make men and women strong and energetic, and are equally valuable for young and old. These pills make new, rich blood with every dose, and strengthen weak or exhausted nerves.

HEALTH BROKEN DOWN.

Mr. John Barley, Lachute Mills, says:—"Up to about seven years ago I had always been a healthy man. At that time my health began to give way, and at last I was left almost a physical wreck, the least exertion would leave me breathless and exhausted and for the last five years have not been able to do steady work for the best part of the time, and as the many medicines I tried failed to help me, I had begun to look upon my case as almost hopeless. Finally a friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and now after the use of only five boxes I am feeling well and strong. It is simply marvellous what they have done for me, and I shall always recHAD NOT STRENGTH TO WALK.

Miss Leba C. Schilling, Peninsule-Gaspe, Que., writes:—"I had suffered for some time with a weary feeling. I had not strength to walk about. I could not walk even a short distance without being out of breath. I took no interest in anything, as I thought nothing could do me any good. On the recommendation of a friend I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I had only taken them for a short time when I noticed a great improvement. I was strong enough to walk a long distance without resting, and felt better in every way. I would recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills highly to all other sufferers, and think they will be surprised at the results. prised at the results obtained from their use."

ommend them to my friends. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have also cured paralysis, locomotor ataxy, rheumatism, and sciatica; also all diseases arising from impoverishment of the blood, scrofula, chronic erysipelas, consumption of the bowels and lungs, general muscular weakness, loss of appetite, palpitations, pains in the back, nervous headache, and neuralgia, early decay, all ladies' weaknesses and hysteria. These pills are a tonic, not a purgative. Sold by all druggists or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brock.

As many worthless substitutes are offered be sure you ask for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

GREETING. SAMUEL BRAZER. Book borrowers, or book stealers, were implored, threatened, satirized, wheedled to return their booty to the denuded shelves of unhappy book lovers. These advertisements to book borrowers form a feature of the newspaper of the early days of the century. Fancy the simplicity of this adver

tiser: A certain Person having lent two Books, viz: Rushworth's Collection & Fuller's Holy War, and forgotten unto whom: These are desiring the Borrower to be so kind as to return said

Books unto Owner. SOME BARBAROUS PRACTICES. A good deal of ancient barbarism and rstition prevailed. It seems incredible that as late as 1823, in Baltimore, a suspected murderer, one under arrest was made to go through the "bloodthat is, to touch the corpse of the murdered person, with a view to seeing whether blood would gush from the corpse at this touch; this being held an infallible sign of guilt.

On October 16, 1860, a law was enacted in Massachusetts in regard to The preamble says it necessary, "considering how far Satan doth prevail upon persons within this Jurisdiction to make away with them-The magistrates wished to selves." bear testimony against such "wicked practices," and to deter others, and they ordered that "if any person be willfully guilty of their own death every such person shall be Denied the Privilege of being buried in the Common Burying Place of Christians, but shall be buried in some Common High-way and a Cart Load of Stones laid upon the grave as a Brand of Infamy and as a warning to others to Beware of the like Damnable practices.'

HUSBANDS AND WIVES. Sales of wives were known, both in England and America-some for a shilling, some for a dollar or two. John Gorsthrope led his wife around with a halter and got 20 guineas for her. other wife brought a quid of tobacco. This indicates a shocking and disgraceful state of morals and manners in the good old times. But let us not be too hasty in casting stones at our grandfathers. I note that on Christmas Eve, 1900, in Port Jervis, N. Y., William Hall that the sale of a wife was illegal.

ill-usage. The husband then "answered back" in print, usually blaming his mother-in-law. Connecticut news papers, according to my observations more of these unhappy matrimonial advertisements than have the papers of other states. It is asserted that divorces were far more prevalent in Connecticut than in other states, but I have not been able to obtain any data or proofs which would make me willing to confirm this assertion. Divorces were certainly not frequent in any of the states and were held in much disrepute. The great reserve, the reticence of the New England nature. would make many men and women of the New England states suffer long in silence ere they would resort to di-

HORRORS OF PRISON LIFE. In general, prison life was cruel in

Connecticut, a Newgate which far out-

There was in 1801, ir

the extreme.

did in horrors the London prison for which it was named. An old copper mine at Simsbury was taken in 1773 by wise Connecticut legislators to provide a dungeon which met all reasonable requirements as a hell upon earth. Two shafts three and one-half feet in diameter, over 70 feet deep, led to the cleared spaces or caverns which were to serve as sleeping cells. One of the commissioners who secured this mine for a prison was held to be a man of enlightened principles, and was three years later a signer of the Declaration of Independence. Convicts were sent to the subterranean prison from other states. President Washington sent criminals and political offenders At one time 40 Tories were confined there-among them the wretched clergyman, Samuel Baxter-and they had a fierce but successful uprising. Revolts were frequent; the prisoners set fire to their beds, hoping to escape in the confusion; in 1802 one keeper Daniel Forward, being alone, was faced by a gang who refused to des-cend the shaft. The intrepid official hurled one convict after another down the opening until all were cowed. In 1806 three brother burglars, working at nail making in the factories at opening of the shafts, made keys for all the convicts to unlock their fetters, but the killing of the first man that tried to escape brought the revolt to sold his wife. Emma, for 10 cents to a speedy close. One clever woman let Moses Storms, and Storms appealed to the justice of the court when Hall did not deliver the property and was surprised when informed by the Judge erected overhead with sleeping cells for women prisoners, in which four There was much advertising in the press of recreant and disobedient wives way, two the other; ventilation and by sad and angry husbands, these light were reduced to a minimum. In often beginning with these solemn 1827 the prisoners were transferred to

words, printed in italics: "Cursed be the new jail at Wethersfield.
he that parteth man and wife, and all Those wretched convicts w Those wretched convicts were not the people shall say amen." Many of starved; each man had a daily ration The municipal doctors of Berlin have gone on a strike for higher pay and BARCELONA HANDKERCHIEFS are and board" were followed by spirited of a pound of beef, or three-quarters and board" were followed by spirited of a pound of bread, desired to return them immediately rejoinders from the wife, detailing the a pint—at one time a quart—of cider: with satisfactory remuneration, or the scantiness of board and the husband's also rum, and a moderate allowance

of potatoes. Visitors were permitted to come and gaze on the inmates, who begged and sold petty souvenirs, made in their leisure hours. leisure; the work days of the State were only from daylight to the middle

of the afternoon.

ACTORS GIVE ONION SUPPERS. Yesterday was "Onion Sunday" in the theatrical calendar. There is an unwritten law of the stage that no actor who has to make love behind the footlights shall ever eat onions during the regular season. A number of leading companies closed their seasons Saturday night, and yesterday the odor of the succulent onion was heavy over the land. At one Broadway restaurant sat Otis Skinner eating a dish of raw onions with a reminiscent look of exaltation. Charles Stevenson, Mrs. Carter's leading man in "Zaza," gave an onion supper at the Hoffman House, and a dozen leading actresses likewise raised the ban which has barred onions from their menu during the winter .- N. Y. corresdondence Pittsburg Dispatch.

The largest coal-train engine in England has been constructed by the Great Northern Railway. It is designed to

MINARD'S LINIMENT is the only Liniment asked for at my store and the only one we keep for sale. All the people use it. HARLIN FULTON.

Pleasant Bay, C. B.

Lee Hing Laundry

Telephone 4134. 467 Richmond Street. SHIRT COLLARS IRONED STRAIGHT so as not to hurt the neck. Stand-up collars ironed without being broken in the wing. Ties done to look like new. Give me a call. If you are not suited, no pay. Washing returned in 24 hours. All hand work. Best in the city. Parcels called for and delivered.



UNDER THE MAPLES.

Let my voice ring out and over the earth, | is provided with a mace, which is Through all the grief and strife, With a golden joy in the silver mirth, Thank God for life!

Let my voice thrill out through the great

To the azure dome above, With a chord of faith in the harp of bliss, Thank God for love!

Let my voice swell out, beneath and above,

The whole world through; Oh, my love and life! O, my life and love! Thank God for you!

-James Thomson, B.V.

A TRIBUTE TO THE NEBREW RACE.

If it is the function of the State to furnish education in order to make men and women good citizens, and if in the exercise of this function it is the duty of the State to give all that is necessary to citizenship, then it is the duty of the State to fashion the affections and the will in harmony

with the great laws of society.

Of all the books available for this purpose there is none so useful as the English Bible. I do not advocate the reading of the Bible and the use of prayer in the public schools if anyone objects, because the reading of the Bible and the use of prayer in public schools is worship, and it is not the function of the State to conduct worship, certainly not to conduct compulsory worship, whether the worshipers are little children or grown men. I do not advocate the use of the Bible in the public schools as a means of ac-quainting our pupils with the laws, the literature, and the life of the ancient Hebrews, because the genius of the Hebrew people pervading their laws and their literature and their life was a spiritual genius.

Every nation has its function in the development of the human race. Every broadly, Greece may be said to have contributed philosophy, Rome law, Italy art, Germany liberty, England commerce, the United States democracy—which is more than liberty—and the Hebrew people what we call reli-gion. I do not mean that there has been no philosophy except in Greece, no law except in Rome, no art except in Italy, no liberty except in Germany, no commerce except in Great Britain nor that there has been no religion except among the Hebrew people; bat more of the great moral forces of the world may be traced back to that people, and to the literature of that people, than to any other historic or

literary source. The United States is more intimately connected with the Hebrew people than with any other ancient people. Our literature abounds with references to the literature of the ancient Hebrews; they are probably more frequent than the references to the literature either of Greeks or Romans. No man can read the great English or American poets or authors understandingly unless he knows something of his English Bible. Historically we e more closely connected with the Hebrew people than with the Greeks. Our free institutions are all rooted in the institutions of the Hebrew people, have grown out of them as the result of the long conflict between their political principles and those of pagan imperialism.-Dr. Lyman Abbott.

EXPOSURE OF CHILDREN TO DISEASE.

Few mothers are anxious to have their children contract any of the usual diseases to which they are subject. Yet there has been an absurd sentiment abroad for years that if children escape diseases in their youth it will go all the worse with them later in life. But it is certainly right to protect everybody from disease so far as possible, and children, of all others, should be carefully guarded from all forms of contagion. There are none of the so-called children's diseases, unless it be chickenpox, but which are liable to be followed by a train of serious consequences, besides being sometimes fatal. Measles are apt to produce disflammation of the kidneys, so that afterwards Bright's disease may set in In every way it is better to avoid all contagious diseases as long as possible, and it is quite probable that in adult life persons may escape those diseases altogether, or if they have them it will be in a lighter form.

FISHING WITH AN ELECTRIC WIRE.

It is "positively shocking" the way they are catching fish at the plant of the St. Anthony Falls Water Power Company. This, too in face of a large sign on which is inscribed in plain letters: "No Fishing Allowed; Keep Off." But, then, only the immediate attaches of the power house are privileged. They take a good, live wire, properly insulated, where the angler holds it, and stick the same into the Water is a good conductor, as everybody knows, and every time a fish comes within ten or twelve feet of the center of disturbance, he is conducted to the surface.

He is not dead—he is simply shocked into insensibility by his sensational reception, and if left to his own resources he would soon be himself again. But the cruel man on the ledge of masonry which juts out into the river around the power house, through which the tail race comes pouring reaches deftly into the water and scoops up the unfortunate fish with a

Perch, shiners, bullheads, crappies and an occasional sturgeon are caught in this way. One of the electricians who was directing the mighty machinery, which generates 10,000 horsepower, said that he had caught a sturgeon early in the spring, which weigh-ed twenty pounds. He said that an ordinary current of electricity was strong enough to bring the most obstreperous fish to the surface in most cases. He had to handle the sturgeon considerably more than the average before he could make him "lie still and be quiet."

Sometimes a simple iron plate with electrical connections is used. It is hung over the side of the wall into the and does the work as effectually as the wire apparatus .- Minneapolis

SOME PECULIAR CUSTOMS.

Many old houses in Holland have a special door which is never opened parted.-Tit-Bits. save on two occasions, when there is a marriage or a death in the family. The bride and groom enter by this Coor, it is then nailed or barred up until a death occurs, when it is opened and the body is removed by this exit. Every deliberative civil body in England, even down to the town councils,

brought forth with solemn ceremony and placed on the table before the deliberations begin. In one or two city councils a candlestick of silver is added to the mace, and acts passed in the absence of these objects are supposed to be illegal.

Some of the English tenures are exceeding curious. A farm near Broadhouse in Yorkshire, pays annually to the landlord a snowball in midsummer and a red rose at Christmas. The manor of 'Foston is held by a rental of two arrows and a loaf of bread. An estate in the North of England is held by the exhibition before a court every seven years of a certain vase owned by the family; another in Suffolk, by an annual rental of two white doves. The British Government holds land in Chatham by paying the heirs of the man from whom it was bought two pepper corns. The man's descendants now live in Holland, and the pepper corns are annually sent thither in a

ACQUIRING TERRITORY.

The United States is steadily acquiring land from the European powers.

The territory annexed is not gained by conquest or purchase. It comes to America in the form of ballast, and for the most part in American ships. One thousand tons of Scotch soil were imported into New York in one week a short time ago. It came off the Allan State line steamer Laurentian. Scarcely a week passes without a similar importation by the boats of this or some other line. This soil is black and stony. It is chosen for chosen. weight and not for its fertility. It is probable that the seeds of a great many Scotch plants are imported this

It is estimated that millions of tons of European soil has been imported and dumped about New York. Much of this is used for "making land" about the harbor. The soil as well as nation contributes its quota to the complex sum of civilization. Speaking to be growing more cosmopolitan every year.

DRINKING WITH MEALS.

Stick by this rule firm and fast. Never touch fluid of any kind till you have eaten your plain, good solids at breakfast and at dinner. You should not need tea for breakfast. The man or woman who has to sit and shiver miserably over a drop of tea before eating of a morning is in a very queer way indeed. Tea is an afternoon drink. Just four hours after the health-giving midday dinner, take tea, and do not touch cake or anything else with it. Drink as little stimulant as possible with meals and after. Avoid a fluid stimulant, such as gin and bitters or sherry and bitters, immediately before dinner. An appetite gained in this way is a false one. It will cause you to eat that which will assuredly bring on dyspepsia in its chronic and worst form. The best cocoa and best coffee will be found very healthful. Lime juice with or without sugar makes a nice drink, diluted according to taste, so does oatmeal water with a little lime or lemon juice. Beware of eating much when not hungry, and drinking when not thirsty; but make yourself hungry by fresh air and give yourself an ap-petite for healthy fluids by exercising till perspiration comes on.

THE PUTITOFFS.

My friend, have you heard of the town of Yawn, On the banks of the River Slow, Where blooms the Waitawhile flower fair, Where the Sometimeorother scents the And the suft Goeasys grow?

It lies in the Valley of Whatstheuse, In the Province of Letherslide; That tired feeling is native there, It's the home of the listless Idontcare, Where the Putitoffs abide.

The Putitoffs smile when asked to invest And say they will do it tomorrow,
And so they delay from day unto day,
Till death cycles up and takes them away,
And their families beg, steal or borrow. -The Australasia Budget,

CHINESE WORSHIP.

Chinese in London who wish to worship without leaving the city now have an opportunity of doing so. The largest joss ever brought to England has just arrived from Swatow, near Foo

Chow Its full length is about five feet ten inches. It has a central male figure, three feet high, dancing on a fustic stand and holding up some sacred fruit. Then there are three other figures, one of a female and to fashloned after the familiar representation

of Old Father Time. The whole is exquisitely carved out of natural tea root, and is a marvelous image. The face of the central figure has a wonderful expression, fascinating, yet repulsive, with a smile that is perfectly demoniacal.

The total weight of the joss is about 500 pounds. Its present owner is R. F. A. Banks, a trader in Chinese and Japanese curios, at 6-7 Creed Lane. He is a traveler, who has had a covetous eye on this particular god for about fourteen years, but until lately all his attempts to secure it

SILENCE IS GOLDEN.

Though very fond of stories, and an excellent raconteur himself. Rubinstein was rather taciturn. Once, it is reported, a Scotch friend of his, whom he liked very much, went home with him one night after a concert at Glas-

Both gentlemen sat down to tea and cigarettes, and as midnight struck they had not yet exchanged a word. Finally the guest risked a bold and novel query: "Do you like Beeth-

Rubinstein emptied his cup and said softly, "Beethoven good."
Half an hour later came another question. "And how do you like Wag-

To which Rubinstein, throwing away a cigarette, said, "Wagner—not good." Having exhausted his stock of inquisitiveness, the Scotch friend of the Russian pianist got up to bid his host a pleasant rest.

"Stay yet, my friend," said Rubin-stein; "I like your conversation very much." And both remained still drinking tea

and smoking cigarettes in profound silence until 3 a.m. struck, when they one another good-night and

PRAYER STOPS A STRIKE.

There is room for thought in the story of Rev. C. H. Doolittle, machinwas imminent in the shop where he was employed, knelt down and offered was in general that it is well was employed, knelt down and offered was in general that it is well her discomfitted suitor, who was try- next forenoon he stayed right there, and ist and preacher, who, when a strike

a prayer that it might be averted, worth while for a man to take pains after which he advised the men to be to speak well in parliament. A man conservative, and to appoint a com- who has vanity speaks well to display conservative, and to appoint a committee to confer with the managers of the shop. The men took his advice, the committee was appointed, with Mr. Doolittle as chairman, and a compromise was reached by which a strike was avoided and both parties reasonably well satisfied. It is to be noted that the men who were about to strike might not have been inclined to listen to Mr. Doolittle if they had not known that he was one of them, knowing their troubles and complaints, and therefore able fully to understand and sympathize with them. It is also to be remarked that, after he had prayed that a strike might be avoided, he set to work to make his prayer come true. Largely, it appeared, by his own personal influence and work was a serious disagreement avoided and a final set-tlement reached. Mr. Doolittle is a type of that class of clergymen who further personally practice that which they preach. He takes his religion with him into the workshop, and he brings it to bear on the problems of everyday life. Not every clergyman can be a machinist as well, but it is possible that some of them might by getting into touch with their people be able to accomplish more for the cause in which they are most interested .- Chicago Tribune.

LEARNING TO BE A PUBLIC SPEAKER. In managing his voice, the speaker, when he is engaged in earnest conversation, commonly and naturally falls into the best tone and manner for public speaking. Suppose you are sitting about a table with a dozen friends, and some subject is started in which you are deeply interested. You engage in an earnest and serious dialogue with one of them at the other end of the table. You are perfectly at ease, not caring in the least for your manner or tone of voice, but only for your thought. The tone you adopt then will ordinarily be the best tone for you in public speaking. You can, however, learn from teachers or friendly critics to avoid any harsh or disagreeable fashion of speech that you may have fallen into, and that may be habitual to you in private conversation. Next. Never strain your vocal organs by attempting to spaces which are too large for you. Speak as loudly and distinctly as you can do easily, and let the more distant portions of your audience go. You will find in that way very soon that your voice will increase in compass and power, and you will do better than by a habit of straining the voice beyond its natural capacity. Be careful to avoid falsetto. Shun imitating the tricks of speech of other orators, even of famous and successful orators. These may do for them, but not for you. You will do no better in attempting to imitate the tricks of speech of other men in public speak-

ing than in private speaking. Never make a gesture for the sake of making one. I believe that most of the successul speakers whom I know would find it hard to tell you whether they themselves make gestures or not, they are so absolutely unconscious in the mater. But with gestures, as with the voice, get teachers or friendly critics to point out to you any bad habit you may fall into. I think it would be well if our young public speakers, especially preachers, would have competent instructors and critics among their auditors, after they enter their profession, to give them the benefit of such observations and coun-

A POWERFUL DIALECTICIAN.

"One of the celebrities in a little town in North Carolina that I have to visit every now and then," a traveling man said, "is Dick, an old colored preacher. He has some other name than 'Dick,' I suppose, but nobody

seems ever to use it. "Dick belongs to the Baptist Church, and he has a large following of his own people. He preaches powerful sermons to them on Sunday, holds special meetings during the week, and does odd jobs the rest of the time for Campbellite Church—a white man—and asked for some work. The minister wanted to have some wood sawed and piled into his yard, and he offered the job to the old fellow. "But mind you, Dick' he said in giving it to him, I want a good solid cord piled up. I don't want you to take a lot of crooked sticks, and make believe you have a solid cord when you haven't. You understand?' Yes, sah! I'll do it,

"The old fellow went to work, sawed the wood, piled it up, but made liberal use of crooked sticks. When his cord was finished he called the minister out to pass judgment on it. Of course the minister saw the crooked sticks. 'Now, look here, Dick,' he said, 'you're a minister of the gospel, aren't you? And I'm a minister of the gospel also. Do you think it's fair for one Christian man to swindle another, as you have swindled me?"

'No, sah; that's true, sah; but we don't belong to the same denomination, sah!' "-Baltimore Sun.

THE APPEAL TO THE RECORD.

Little Sammy returned sore and trembling from the torture room. "Doesn't your papa ever thrash you?" he asked his chum, who is the

son of a cabinet minister.

"I should say not," returned the other loftily "Every time he threatens to thrash me I read him an extract from his great peace-at-any-price speech in which he said: 'These barians are like wayward children: but have we, on that account, the right to take away their heaven-sent privilege to do as they please? Let us treat them as we would our own way-ward children-plead with them, be-

seech them, but never coerce them with either gun or rod." "That's a good deal to remember," remarked Tommy. 'Yes; but now he's got so used to it that he drops the cane as soon as I

start."-London Answers.

EFFECT OF A PARLIAMENTARY SPEECH

A London gossip recently wrote: Every M. P. knows that at times a weighty speech turns the feeling of the House of Commons so clearly that no one can mistake it; but the usual effect of parliamentary oratory is not, it must be confessed, apparent. "Mr. Burke," said Sir Joshua Reynolds to the great erator, "I do not mean to flatter, but when posterity reads one of your speeches in parliament it will

his talents; and if a man speaks well, he gradually establishes a certain reputation and consequence in the general opinion, which sooner or later will have its political reward. Besides, though not one vote is gained, a good speech has its effect. Though an Act of Parliament which has been ably op-posed passes into law, yet in its pro-gress it is modeled and softened in such a manner that we see plainly the minister has been told that the members attached to him are so sensible of its injustice or absurdity from what they have heard, that it must be

OLD LUNDON'S GREATEST DANGER.

"In London there are at present eight hundred thousand young men." It is demonstrated by the most carestudy things at first hand, and who ful and systematic census effort that fully six hundred thousand of this number do not associate themselves in religious work. It is among these six hundred thousand young men that the work of the London association is most pressed. I asked Mr. Putterill what was the greatest obstacle he had to overcome in reaching these young men. He told me that it was not the liquor-drinking habit, terrible as its hold upon the young men of this vast mass, but the appalling prevalence of vice. If half is true that was told me in London about the prevalence of the most degrading habits among the young men of that city, there is little wonder that those in positions to know look with the keenest apprehensions to the future—a future which promises to make the young manhood of Lon-don within three generations a physical wreck, if not reinforced by fresher blood from the provinces. Indeed, there will not long be waiting such another wave of aprehension as that which has recently swept over France concerning the social situation in Paris, if some check is not found against the advance of immorality in London."—Century Magazine.

SOUNDS TALL; BUT IT'S TRUE.

"You say you have a farm in the West for sale?" remarked an emigrant just arrived in New York. "I think of going West. Is your farm in a good, fertile climate?"

"I should just say so!" replied the Westerner briskly. "Why, sir, when-ever we have visitors they just sit themselves down, and don't do a thing the whole day but write poetry about feathered songsters, an' blushing posies, an' celestial-'Yes; but is the climate adapted to

"Well, I'll tell you. We raised 600 chickens this year, and when we came to take 'em to market we were in a fix. The dealers wouldn't take them unless they were plucked. Now, you see what a job that would be—600 chickens and only me and my wife to

'Yes; but the climate-"That's it. Our beautiful agricul-tural climate was what saved up. That very day along came a cyclone picked up them chickens, gave their necks a twist, stripped every feather off, an' landed the lot in the next town right in front of the market house."

WELLINGTON'S WONDERFUL PHYSICAL POWERS.

Sir Herbert Maxwell tells us, at 7 a.m., rode to a place twenty-eight miles sel as may be suggested in that way .- distant, here held a review, and was From "Oratory," by Senator George back at the place from which he started for dinner between 4 and 5 p.m. He galloped twenty-six miles and back to see whether damage had been done to a pontoon train. He rode seventeen miles in two hours from Freneda to Ciudad Rodrigo, where he dined, gave a ball and supped: was in the saddle again at 3 a.m.; galloped back to Freneda by 6 and was doing business again at noon. He rose regularly at 6, and wrote till 9; and after dinner wrote again from 9 till 12. It must be essential to every general, and indeed to every man who is bearing a heavy load of anxious business, to be a good sleeper. Napoleon was a first-rate sleeper; so was Pitt; so was Brougham; so was Mr. Gladstone; so was Wellington. At Salamanca, Wellinga living. Not long ago he went to the ton, having given his order for the bat-minister of the Christian Church—the tle, said to his aide-de-camp: "Watch the French through your glass, Fitz Roy. I am going to take a rest. When they reach that copse near the gap in the hills, wake me." Then he lay down, and was fast asleep in a min-In the midst of the critical operations before Waterloo, feeling weary, he laid himself down, put a newspaper over his face, and took a nap. -Goldwin Smith.

TOO CANDID.

A lawyer who was a candidate for a municipal office went out canvassing one day, and knocked at a cottage door. The door was opened by a "Is your husband in, Mrs. Tweedle?"

inquired the lawyer.
"No, sir," was the reply; "but I know what you want. My husband is sure to vote for you, because you got him off for stealing that ham last

"No, no—alleged stealing of the nam," corrected the lawyer.
"Alleged be blowed!" was the woham, man's smiling reply. "We've got a bit Lemme give you a sandwich out of it, sir!"

MEN POOR OBSERVERS.

A man who took exception to a statement made on the "Woman's Page" a day or two ago to the effect that the sterner sex were unobservant, and that nine out of ten married men did not know the color of their wives' eyes, tried to prove his case by mentioning the color of those of his own

Out of eight he guessed one correctly. A blue-eyed member he said had black orbs, a gray-eyed sister blue ones, and so on. When he was convinced of his mistakes he retreated into his own den growling. It isn't only such small things as the color of hair and eyes, however, that the ordinary man of family is behind. A devoted father, when asked for his daughter's hand not long ago, waxed indignant to such an extent that his prospective son-in-law feared he would burst a blood-vessel.

"That child marry?" he said, contemptuously; "why, my dear, sir, my daughter can't be more than seventeen years old. I walked up the street behind her just now, and noticed she still has on short frocks. I won't give my consent for ten years yet. Remember that, sir."

Now, the young woman in question is 22 years old, and so she was justly indignant at this conversation, which could produce no effect; that not one day skirt, and substituted a trailing to do, he took the back trail in search

Getting Back To Health.

When your system is all run down, you feel weak, played out, tired in the morning, not enough energy to take any interest in life—it is a sign that your whole system is deranged, your digestive organs weakened, your blood thin and impure.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt will set you right. It acts as a tonic on your digestive organs, makes the liver active, moves the bowels naturally and surely.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt is two medicines in one—a perfect laxative and a pleasant

ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT. 25c and 60c a bottle.

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

Essentially a Household Remedy.

A fond husband awaiting his wife in hall of their residence last night watched her proudly as she swept

"That's a very pretty frock, Helen." he said, "a very pretty frock. I never remember having seen it before. Is it a recent purchase?" 'Quite recent, my dear," replied his

my trousseau, and every time you see it you make the same remark. Its infinite variety'

downstairs.

for you, it seems."
"No, I don't dress to please my husband," said a woman at an experi-

for six months, he remarked, naively. attempts that he can make.' "You don't seem to be wearing as I'm glad of it. These browns suit you

"He criticised a toilet at my expressed wish once. The gown was a beautiful creation, and when I asked him how he liked it, he looked up at it over his newspaper,

"Very nice, very nice,' he said. "It looks a good deal like your other dresses, though, doesn't it—kind of frilly and fussy? I would like it better if there was a little cut off the edge; and then he went back to his paper and I picked up my train and walked upstairs to get consolation from the servants, who said it was 'grand.'" If there ever was a purblind set, it's the men of one's own household. Don't depend upon them for suggestions if you don't want to be disappointed.

WHEN LOST IN THE WOODS.

In the Main Sportsman an experienced hunter and wood traveler relates the story of his first night alone in the forest. It is the easiest thing in the world to get lost in the woods, if one is unacquainted with them; and by the woods is meant the great, unbroken wilderness, in which all hunters for big game sometimes find themselves. The hunter in question was then a young man, and had not the knowledge of woodcraft that he has since acquired, although his action proved that he was already gifted with what some would call "horse sense," and knew just the right thing to do in an

emergency.

It was in the fall, when the leaves were falling and the ground was covered with them, that this young man started out for a tramp through the vast wilderness of northern Main in company with a man who, although an experienced hunter and expert tim ber prospector, was very deaf, and could hear even the loudest tones only when they were spoken close to him. Ahead strode the old woodsman, and the young man, never so deep in the woods before, had enough to do to maintain the steady and surprisingly fast gait that his companion adopted over the blazed trail. For this reason, and because of the older man's deafness, conversation was not brisk

About noon the young man became very thirsty, and while crossing an extensive bog he came to a brook flowing across their path, clear, cold and in-

The opportunity was too good to He dropped to his knees and lay down, that he might drink his fill. When, only a moment or two later, he rose to his feet, his companion was out of sight, and like a flash it came over the young fellow that, unless the other man chanced to turn round, he should never be missed, and that, call as he might, there was no chance of

Most young men, placed in such a position, with the trackless, endless woods on every hand, would have attempted to follow the trail, blind though it was, and would have become lost beyond all reasonable possibility of being found. But this boy had a portion of food packed on his back, and so was sure of not starving for a day or two, while he knew well that the man in whose care he was knew the woods as well as he did the city streets.

So, after looking carefully for signs that would show him a trail, he camped right on the spot where he had been be difficult to believe that you took so she overheard at the keyhole. Up-drinking, so that his companion would much pains with certainty that it stairs she flew, then removed her rainy find him there when, as he was sure

ing to explain to her father how old great was his relief when the other man came in sight through the trees.

The timber prospector had kept steadily on his trail until dark, when he stopped to make camp, only to find that his young friend, intrusted to his care, was nowhere in sight. Such a night as he passed would not be easy

to imagine.
With the first streak of daylight he ate his breakfast and started better half, good-naturedly. "I've had over the trail, hoping almost against it exactly five years. It was part of hope that he might find something that would indicate in which direction the younger man had gone, the natural 'Age cannot wither nor custom stale off into the bog, which was so extensive and trackless that it would have been utterly impossible to track or

for you, it seems."

"No, I don't dress to please my husband," said a woman at an experience meeting of feminines the other evening, "because I don't know what will please him. If he doesn't notice where they are. The experienced where they are. The experienced where they are. The experienced where they are to follow rescue him. a new frock, I feel satisfied; when he does, it's because something about it jars on him. "Once after I had been in mourning himself is to reach safety by the best

> CROUP CURED IN A MINUTE. With Ransom's Hive(Croup) Syrup and Tolu. Guaranteed. 25 cents. At C. Mc-

A Skin of Beauty Is a Joy Forever. Dr. T. Felix Gourand's Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier.



pimples, freekers, moth patches, rash and skin diseases, and every blemish on blemish on beauty, and defies detec tion. It has stood the test of 53 years and

Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream's is Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair

without injury to the skin. FRED. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones street, New York. For sale by all druggists and Fancy Good's calers throughout the United States, Canada and Europe.

Our Monopoly

is not in the grain—every miller has the same chance to buy the Oats. But when it comes to making a healthful breakfast food from them, Tillsons have the "Knack" of doing it. It took a long time to learn how to make

Pan-Dried **Oats**

with their rich, nut-like

Not sold in boxes, so be sure to ask for Tillson's at your grocer's.

The TILLSON Co'y

TILSONBURG, ONT.

going for the long-wished-for ride in the park.

More than this, she knew, if she mentioned her perplexity, madame would instantly begin to question her about the money she was supposed to have in the bank, and this would necessitate explanations in trding its expenditure which might make her very unhappy.

The day proved to be very warm and sunny; the season, too, was unusually forward, and Madame Marton appeared as happy as a child to get out of doors once more, after being so long a prisoner, and to see the green grass, the trees, and flowers in the glory of their summer hues.

"Let us get out and walk about," she

hues.

"Let us get out and walk about," she said, after reaching the park. "I have my overshoes on, so I shall not take cold, and I am just aching to stand on good, honest ground once more, after being pent up the house for more than three months, and seeing but stone sidewalks and cobblestones."

So they alighted, Shirley giving their driver permission to do what he pleased for an hour, while they strolled leisurely through the delightful walks and avenues. After awhile they sat down on a rustic seat, beneath the shade of a great maple, and as they rested they fell to chatting about Shirley's approaching marriage.

While thus engaged, they heard the While thus engaged, they heard the sound of footsteps upon the graveled walk, and, glancing up, they saw a gentleman just coming into view around a bend in the worth.

bend in the path.
"Humph!" ejaculated madame, with a right of the start; then she leaned forward as if to get a better view of the stranger. She did not move, she scarcely seemed to breathe until he was directly opposite them, when she suddenly arose from her seat, her face startlingly pale, save for a crimson spot upon each cheek, and a peculiar, almost fierce, light in her small black eves.

black eyes.

Her movement attracted the attention of the man, who, until that moment, had been walking with bowed head, as if absorbed in deep thought.

He glanced toward the woman, stopped short on meeting her gaze, while an expression of blank astonishment settled upon his features, and then he flushed to his brow as he exclaimed:

"Felice Marton, by all that is astoniding!"

"Alec Hartman, by all that is false!" retorted madame, bridling with sudden anger, although she was trembling

visibly.

The man appeared to be somewhat embarrassed by her words; his eyes wavered and fell, while he started forward, then stopped again, as if undecided whether to go on or stay where he was and brave an interview with this sudden apparition from the past.

Shirley, scarcely less astonished than her two companions—for she had instantly recognized the man—instinctively realized that Madame Marton and the recreant lover of her youth were at last face to face, and, feeling that the presence of a third person would be decidedly de trop, she quietly slipped away, leaving them together to breast the encounter as best they might.

as best they might.

Mr. Alexander Hartman was the first to recover his self-possession, and, with a slightly embarrassed and deprecatory laugh, he remarked:

"Well, Felice, you are about right, I am forced to acknowledge. I was false. I did use you confoundedly mean, and no mistake; but, if ever a man reaped his just deserts, I've had my pay."

"Your pay!" repeated madame, with a scornful reflection, but sinking weakly back upon her seat, for the rush of old-time memories had unnerved her.

"Yes, it is a fact; for, if you will believe it, Felice, I have never known one moment's peace since the day that I wrote you that abominable letter," the man replied.

Madame allowed her aver to make the content of the man replied.

wrote you that abominable letter," the man replied.

Madame allowed her eyes to wander over the portly, upright figure before her over his smoothly shaven, still handsome face, noting with keen appreciation the richness and nicety of his attire, the costly, clear white stone which gleamed on his shirt front, and the exquisitely carved and gold-mounted iver. quisitely carved and gold-mounted ivory andle to the cane that he carried. "Yes, you look as if you had suffered!" she returned quietly, but with stinging

Again the man laughed, but there was a note of bitterness in the sound.

"You are still very bitter toward me, Felice, in spite of the many years that have elapsed," he remarked. "I cannot blame you, but," and his voice faltered a triffe, "we are old now—too old to treasure ill-will on account of the follies of the past, are we not? I have often thought I would like to meet you and ask your forgiveness for the wrong I did you. I went within a few miles of you last summer, for that purpose; but my courage failed me, and I turned back when I was almost in sight of your home. I confess that I wronged you, but I would have wronged you a hundredfold more if I had kept my troth to you when my heart was another's."

"Where is the woman who supplanted mee" depended Modern Again the man laughed, but there was

Where is the woman who supplanted?" demanded Madame Marton.

me?" demanded Madame Marton.

"Dead!"

"I never had any wife, Felice."

"What! didn't you marry the girl after all?" sharply questioned madame.

"No; I have never married. Edna Remington was already betrothed to another when I began to love her."

"Fool!" muttered madame, between her tightly compressed hips.

"Yes, I was a fool for supposing that I could win her from the man she had chosen; but it that had been my only fault I should, perhaps, have less to regret at the present time." her companion moodily returned. "May I sit down beside you, Felice?" he continued, after a minute of awkward silence. "I would like to tell you the story of the long years that have intervened since we met. I was feeling old and sad, lenely and remorseful, when I came upon you so suddenly just now, for I haven't a relative in the world that I know of. I have lived a lonely, selfish kind of life. I have

It was further arranged that the young couple should go away afterward for a sirriey needed a change after the long cancernent of the winter o

suggesting a most villainous idea. I must first break my engagement with you, then I must prove Everard unworthy of his betrothed. The first was easily done; the other was more difficult to accomplish. But I was desperate, and so adopted desperate means. I forged a check upon our bank, skillfully imitating my brother's handwriting in signing the name of one of the largest stockholders of the institution. Of course the fraud was detected and Everard was arrested.

[To be Continued.]

Aphorisms.

From Carlyle's Sartor Resartus: Do the duty which lies nearest thee.

Obedience is our universal duty and

Man is emphatically a proselytising creature.

With stupidity and sound digestion man may front much.

Sarcasm I now see to be in general the language of the devil

What you can see, yet cannot see over, is as good as infinite.

Great men are too often

unknown, or what is worse, misknown. No man who has once heartily and wholly laughed can be altogether

reclaimably Lad. Language is called the garment of thought; however, it should be, lan-

guage is the flesh garment, the body of thought. Wouldst thou be a peasant's son

that knew, however readily, there was a God in heaven and in man; or a duke's son that knew there were twoand-thirty quarters on the family coach?

Love is not altogether a delirium. yet it has many points in common therewith. I call it rather a discerning of the infinite in the finite, of the ideal mode real.

Shakespeare says, we are creatures that look before and after: the more surprising that we do not look around a little, and see what is passing under our very eyes.

But the hardest problem were ever this first: to find by study of yourself and of the ground you stand on, what your combined inward and outward capability specially is.

Truly a thinking man is the worst enemy the Prince of Darkness can have; every time such an one announces himself, I doubt not, there runs a shudder through the nether

Man lives in time, has his whole earthly being, endeavor and destiny shaped for him by time. Only in the transitory time-symbol is the ever motionless eternity we stand on made

YOUNG CHILDREN AND Malt Breakfast Food.

Do not allow your little ones to use starchy and irritating foods such as oatmeal and the majority of ordinary prepared grain foods. They are hard to digest, and lack the grand constituents for the formation of hone constituents for the formation of bone and muscle. Malt Breakfast Food is predigested, therefore does not task digestion, and the children love it, and thrive fast on it. Malt Breakfast Food is as cheap as common oatmeal; one packet makes thirty meals. At all Grocers.

AN IMPOSSIBILITY.

[Chicago Tribune.] An experienced wife can assure the health authorities that it is impossible to keep the mouth closed while cleaning house. It is absolutely necessary to talk harply to the man of the house once a day if not oftener, dur-



CARNEGIE'S HOME IS A PALACE!

Plans of New Residence Read Like Magician's Tale.

Every Convenience Which Genius Can Contrive and Wealth Secure To Be Provided in Structure Now Being Erected in New York.

[New York Tribune.]

A huge block of apartment houses is being demolished and cleared away to give additional area to the grounds surrounding the new mansion of Andrew Carnegie at Ninetieth street and Fifth avenue. Already one block has been sacrificed and others are to follow. In order to make landscape gardening possible the solid rock has been excavated to a depth of ten feet, the huge basin thus made has been drained and filled in with loam, and in this bed thirty maple trees have been planted. The landscape gardener's

work will come later. There are eighty rooms in the Carnegie house, and of these easily half are in the quarters below ground, that is, in the basement, cellar, and supcellar. Here the plumbers have held possession for months, laying the foundation of personal comfort as it will be later enjoyed by the residents above stairs. With \$110,000 worth of heat-ing apparatus, and \$55,000 worth of plumbing in its relation to water and the sewage system there is reason to credit the statement that this Carnegie mansion will have the most per-

fect system of plumbing in the world. At present, of course, everything is rough, but the boilers, cylinders, brass pipes, the zinc air boxes, the thermostats, the thousand and one details that no one but an engineer can understand, will represent the fortune invested there.

PERFECTION IN PLUMBING WORK.

In the sub-cellar two flights below round is the great furr bin that holds two hundred tons of coal. Over a miniature railroad track runs a small car between the bin and the furnace, directed automatically, so that from the coal supply onequarter of a ton is emptied into the car at once, after which the car makes its way to the furnace and deposits its load into the fire. On this same floor are three huge water filters. There are also improvements in the direction of sewage that precludes the possibility of sewer gas, The walls, floors and ceilings are tiled. A master engineer, with three assistants, each having a corps of three hands, will constitute the force employed to run the mechanism below ground.

In the cellar proper is the connecting link between the furnace and the registers and radiators above. Only the mechanical mind can grasp the whys and wherefores of the network of machinery that here abounds in every direction. On this floor everything in sight is tiled. The wine cellar has its terra-cotta walls honeycombed with small openings, each enough to hold one bottle. The laundry and ironing-room are situated in a corner of the cellar, and the dryingroom is also there. These rooms are all small.

Another flight up leads to the basement proper. Here is the kitchen, the pastry kitchen, the housekeeper's private apartment and office, linen closet, bootroom, brushroom, servants' dining-room, and the steward's office with its window looking out upon the servants' entrance, so that he may know of the comings and goings of the world below stairs. Again the walls, ceilings and floors are tiled. On this floor also is the telephone "Central" of the Carnegie mansion. There are twenty telephones in the house in place of speaking-tubes. All electric wires in the house are inclosed in iron pipes, and the unlaid floors at the present time reveal the mechanism employed in this particular. thing in the building is fireproof as far as it is constructed up to the present time. The kitchen, it is said the most perfect in every detail of any that have ever been built.

GREAT ORGAN PROVIDED. One flight up from the basement brings one on a level with the carriage drive. In this hall are to be wonders unimagined and unwritten. Mr. Carnegie has given orders that the wood carving shall be the most ornate that is procurable. At the right of the front door is the room where the people who call on official business are to be received. At the left is the place where the organ will stand. It is said in regard to this organ that the manufacturers have proved themselves so grasping as to space that the architects recommended that in future when a house it to be supplied with a church organ, the organ be built first and the house be around it. The organ is to cost \$16,-

On the floor are the usual roomsthe drawing-room, the library, Mr. Carnegie's private library and den, and the grand picture gallery, which is also the billiard-room, and which is two-stories high, with a skylight overhead. There is the dining-room, the breakfast-room, and the hall itself, which is the music room. Only the experienced and imaginative can picture the appearance of these apartments when supplied with all that art can devise. But this is all a secret

OVERLOOK CENTRAL PARK. From the arrangement of the rooms on the second floor it is evident that the house has been designed to meet

the requirements of the family of the owner, for the entire floor is devoted to the use of three persons. The win-dows of Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie's private apartments overlook Central Park, the drive and the reservoir lake. This is like a view into a private park. In the southwest corner is an enormous double-room-the bedroom-and from it toward the north opens Mr. Carnegie's dressing-room, and opening from that his private bathroom. From the other side of the double-bedroom is Mrs. Carnegie's dressing-room, and from that opens her private bathroom. The other rooms on the floor are the day nursery for little Miss Carnegie, a large, sunshiny room overlooking the private the night nursery, the private bathroom, the nurse's private sitting-room, and, last, the private pantry, where the child's food may be prepared in case of emergency. There is a passenger elevator which runs from the parlor floor to the third floor only, and the servants' elevator, which runs from the celler test. runs from the cellar to the top floor, where are the servants' quarters. The third floor contains the guest rooms and is arranged to accommodate a large house party when occasion requires. The apartments of Mrs. Carfamily, is on the third floor.

Mr. Carnegie has given instructions that the most elaborate woodwork in the house be placed in his own and his wifele mistigate the state of t

his wife's private apartments. Many people are disappointed by the plainness of the house, but, as it is, Mr. Carnegie has pronounced it "too fancy" to suit him. It will be completed in about one year.

THE LARGEST ENGINE

A Description of the Largest Stationary Engine Ever Built in the United States.

[Literary Digest.]

What is, asserted to be the largest stationary engine ever built in the United States has just been completed in East Pittsburg, Pa., by the West-inghouse Machine Company for the New York Gas, Electric Light, Heat and Power Company. Seven others of equal size are to be built for the same company. These engines are rated at 6,000 horse-power each. The following is a description in part:

"Some idea of the proportions of this monster engine can be obtained when it is said that more than 10,500 separate pieces of different kinds of metal were used in its construction, and that the whole engine completed weighs more than 1,500,000 pounds. The following are the dimensions: Height from floor line to the top of the cylinder, 37.25 feet; width across front from from from the real state. from front to rear, 23 feet; diameter of fly-wheel, 23 feet; weight of main shaft, 136,000 pounds; diameter of shaft, 26 to 29½ inches. For supping, the engine will require 30 cars. The base of this engine, cast in three pieces, weighs 100 tons. Upon this base are set the three A-frames, with irre-gular flange tops, upon which are set and bolted the cross-head guide-

Circumscribing the engine frame are three iron platforms, connected with each other by spiral iron stairways, and to the ground by means of a stair-way descending from the lowest platform. There are one high-pressure cylinder, 43½ inches in diameter, and two low-pressure cylinders, each 75½ inches in diameter. The stroke is 60 inches, and the speed 75 revolutions per minute. The engine is condensing, and a vacuum of 26 inches is maintained at all times. We quote again:
"The main shaft is of open-hearth,

fluid compressed, hydraulic forged steel, the connecting rods are of the same material, and both were supplied by the Bethlehem Steel Company. The shaft is 291/2 inches in diameter at the fly-wheel pit, and 26 inches in diameter at the bearings; it has a 10-inch hole through the center of that portion located between the bearings, and a 9-inch hole at the bearings. The total weight of the main shaft is 136,000

"The fly-wheel center is of airfurnace iron, the arms and rims of cast steel. The central portion is cast in five segments, each consisting of two arms and 72 degrees of the rim. These are jointed by I-links shrunk into pockets in the sides, and are bolted to the hub, making a cast-steel fly-wheel 23 inches in diameter. The rim is strongly reinforced in such a way as to give practically three rings running together, each self-supporting as to centrifugal force. * *

"Though this engine is somewhat more powerful than either of the two recently built for the Bay Ridge Station of the King's County Light and Power Company, the fly-wheel is considerably smaller, a construction possible in this case because the cranks are arranged in the best position to give an even turning moment—cranks being separated by 120 degrees—a condition that is not possible to attain in any two-cylinder engine.'

YIELDED TO PERSUASION

Mr. B. Davis, of Hamilton, Was Well Advised .- For Five Years Afflicted With Dyspepsia-Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets Justified His Friend's Arguments.

Mr. B. Davis is a carpenter living at 311 Wellington street, Hamilton, Ont. His experience with Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets is interesting. Mr. Davis had suffered with Dyspepsia for five years. The disease had

become chronic with him. His stomach was permanently disabled. Nothing that he ate would digest properly. His food lay fermenting in his stomach. Great pain always followed meals, which consisted of the plainest possible food. Nothing Mr. Davis took in the way

of medicine would relieve him. tried doctors, and remedies advertised to cure Dyspepsia, one after the other, all to no purpose. Finally a good friend of Mr. Davis asked him if he had tried Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. Mr. Davis replied that

he had not. He said he had tried all the medicines he was going to. The friend persisted. Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets were not to be classed with other patent medicines, he said They were simply pepsin and diastase, two well-known and harmless digest-

ants, put up in a form to be easily and pleasantly taken. Mr. Davis finally yielded to persuasion. He consented to try Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. His friend had won. Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets need no further aid in convincing anyone of their merit. A trial is conclusive. Here is the result of Mr. Davis' trial

of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets in his own "I have been a sufferer for five years with Dyspepsia. Nothing I ate would digest, nor would anything that I could get relieve me. A friend advised me to use Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets, and after awhile I yielded to per suasion, and tried them. I have only used two boxes, but they have cured me. I write this to let others suffering with Dyspepsia know about the It is a mistake to offer your friends inferior ten when you can just as easily give them Blue Ribbon Ceylon Green.

RAT CATCHERS KEPT BUSY.

Traps Their Weapons in a Ceaseless War on Rodents.

The Operations Carried on From the Cellar to the Top of Skyscrapers-Poison and Ferrets Criticised-A Good Word for the Cat.

[New York Sun.]

Seven rat catchers are kept busy hustling by the proprietor of a Fourth avenue animal store. The field of their labors is wide, also high. For they work from the Battery to Harlem, and from the cellar to the topmost floors of skyscrapers.

Hundreds of rats every month fall prey to the seven rat catchers. Hundreds more are victims of the other members of the rat catching profession, so that the vital statistics concerning rats are on as big a scale as those about cats, 65,000 of which are annually and officially asphyxiated in this city.

The seven rat catchers of Harlem do not resemble the rat catching Pied Piper of Hamelin. Instead of luring the long-tailed legions from their haunts by means of music, the twentieth century rat catchers depend upon the more prosaic but also more conclusive process of trapping.

"Why," said the headman, grandly, "we sometimes set as many as a hundred traps in one building. That would be in one of these big hotels. We have yearly contracts with some of the hotels, otherwise the rats woud get so thick and so sassy that they would sit at the clerk's desk and eat your name right out of the register if they didn't happen to like you.

We have to keep pegging away at the hotels all the time to keep the rats out. There's so much garbage, you know. The rats get into the place when it's building. I don't know why, but they're worse in that respect in the fireproof hotels. But they get into any house where there's anything to eat. Some people think we use ferrets to catch them, but we don't use anything but traps, principally English traps of steel. The minute the rat touches the center piece the jaws snap together.

"Sometimes we don't bait a trap at all. We set it in front of a rat hole, xing it in so that the rat must cross the center piece in order to get in or out. If you use a wooden trap you may catch one rat or mouse with it, but you're not likely to catch a second A wooden trap's usefulness is ended when there has been the blood of one victim on it. The rest of the rat tribe will let it severely alone after that. Our steel traps we can scald and wash in kerosene and use until they wear out.

"Nobody with any common sense uses poison nowadays. A rat or a mouse that has been poisoned gets his revenge by going off into the wall or under the floor and dying there. A dead rat in a house is enough worse than a live one. Rat poisons have done more harm than they ever did good. They send a few rats off to die in the walls, and they even up by sending an occasional human being

to the cemetery.
"Ferrets, of course, are better than poison, but they are not entirely to be trusted. A rat can go were a ferret can't. The ferret, being a ground animal, works downward, so the best way is to start it at the top of the house and go down to the cellar. But, as I say, the ran can go where the ferret can't follow. It will cut across a lower floor and will climb back to the top again. You put a ferret into an empty room with a rat and it will kill the rat. But if there is a chair or other furniture in there the rat will get out of reach. The rat can jump and the ferret can't.

Then, too, the ferret makes trouble in the same way that poison does. It sucks the rat's blood and leaves the carcass. It isn't a retriever. So if it happens to catch a rat in the wall the body is left there. Cats are useful in keeping rats and mice out of a building, especially a private house, but they are not practicable in hotels, where many people would object to having them come into their rooms.

"We have a good many orders from private houses. In those cases we ask for three months' time in which to rid the house of the rat pest. One of our men visits the house several times a week to take care of the traps. have orders for yachts, too. Most boats carry cats, but on the big steamers the rats are a continual nui-

"The ocean steamers have their rat catching done on the other side. suppose they get it done cheaper over there. Publishing houses have a good deal of trouble with rats, and mice, The rats like the paste, and they dote on paper for their nests. Cloak manufacturers and other houses of that kind are bothered chiefly because their employes eat luncheon in the work rooms and strew crumbs around. A great many business houses keep cats as mousers, but some of them apply to us.

"Rats are great for carrying off things and hiding them, and they seem to have a special liking for anything shiny. Sometimes when we have ripped up a floor in a search for rats or their nests we have found silver spoons or a napkin ring or a piece of jewelry. Rats carry off whole napkins, too, and repair their nests with them. course, they store away bread and crackers and cheese-all sorts of eat-

"Here are six young rats one of our men brought in when they were mere babies. He found a whole nest of them, but some of them have died. There are generally twelve or fourteen in a nest. You see, even if we manage to kill off most of the adult rats in a place there may be sudden booms in their rat inhabitants. A few nests will send the census reports up with a ELLIOTT. MARR & CO. 225 Rich.

bound. These little fellows are friendly enough," and certainly they displayed an amazing eagerness for attention, running up the wires of the cage and rubbing their noses amicably against the man's finger.

"Is any part of New York more in-fested by rats than other quarters of the city?'

"Why, yes. I don't know why, but the upper west side seems to have the worst of it."

A woman who has kept house in New York for twenty years elevated her nose scornfully at the mention of the seven rat catchers. "Nonsense!" she said. "Our old Muff keeps our house as clear of rats and

mice as it could be if we kept a rat catcher all the time. I'd rather have her do the work because she makes it a steady job. What is the use of letting your house go on accumulating rats until you can't stand it any longer and then have a rat catcher cluttering around several times a week with traps here, there and everywhere?

"We didn't have a cat when we first began housekeeping, but we had rate. My husband always went downstairs and got something to eat when he came in late at night, and he said positively the rats used to sit in a row and watch him eat. No, he was a drinking man. And anyway, I saw them myself. I didn't care especially about cats, but I thought it over and decided that I preferred one cat to a houseful of rats, and I am more than ever set in that preference.

"Muff rarely comes above the kitchen floor, but I tell you it's a mighty sly mouse that gets by her. Once in Once in awhile the cook says that there's a mouse in the kitchen closet. That is where they first appear. But inside of a day or two Muff treats herself to a mouse, and we see nothing more of mice for a long time. But if one house in a block keeps a cat, the rest have to keep cats too, or be fairly overrun with mice.

"Our next-door neighbor doesn't like cats, so she worries along as well as she can, which isn't very well. All the mice which would dwell with us. if Muff gave them the chance, are compelied to flock to her house, so she gets a double dose. Once in a while there is a tragic occasion, when the house is given over to men with a ferret. We are so pleased with Muff and ourselves that we are insufferable in the eyes of catless people.

"All cats are not good mousers. There is as much difference between them as between human beings. I don't know what the outward and visible signs of mousing ability may Perhaps there aren't any. bright kitten can easily be found When you get its pedigree and find out that it is descended from a mother of pronounced power as a mouser, you will be justified in throwing your rat traps in a garbage pail and settling down to a ratless and mouseless future.

UNAVOIDABLE AT THE CURVES. "She says she never in her life sat in a man's lap."
"Nonsense! Why, I happen to knew that she frequently rides on the North Side cable cars during the rush hours."
—Chicago Post.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The facsimilar cart flutchers, to on
of Cart flutchers, Trappen

Children Cry for CASTORIA. Children Cry for CASTORIA. Children Cry for

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Tea Importers. MARSHALL BROS. & CO., 67 Dundas. Wholesale Grocers.

A. M. SMITH & CO., 176 York street.

CONTROL CONTRO ON THE FARM.

SPRAYING A BUSINESS.

In almost any city, and even in my comparatively small villages, a professional sprayer could make excellent wages during spring and early summer. There are hundreds of people who have three or four trees in the garden, and who would gladly pay treated with Bordeaux mixture and Paris green at the proper season, but who do not think it worth while to own a spray pump of their own. Moreover, it is a nasty, messy, trouble-some business to make up a few gallons of Bordeaux mixture, and almost anyone would let out the job to some man who already has his overalls daubed with lime and blue vitriol. An efficient professional sprayer could apply kerosene emulsion in suitable emergencies, give a dose of tobacco water to a troublesome colony of plant lice, or whitewash a hen-house with his pump on occasion. There is a good business opening in it for the handy To add a practical observation to this theorizing, we may say that we have known a few cases in which this has been tried, and that it proved highly satisfactory to all parties.

MEASURING STACKS.

Measure the stack for length, width and the "over." To get the "over" throw a tapeline over the stack at an average place, from ground to ground, drawing it tightly. Multiply the width by the over and divide this result by four; multiply result of division by the length for approximate cubical contents of stack. To reduce to tons, for hay that has stood in stack for less than 20 days, divide cubical contents by 512; for more than 20 and less than 60 days divide cubical contents by 422; for more than 60 days divide cubical contents by 380. Example: Stack measures 17 feet wide, 58 feet long, and 36 feet over. Stack has stood 15 days. Multiply 17 by 36, equals 612. Divide 612 by 4, equals 153. Multiply 153 by length, 58, equals 8,874, which gives the cubical contents in feet. Divide 8,874 by 512, equals 17.3 tons in stack.

I have carefully tested this rule on several different sacks and kinds of hay. Hay measured in the stack under this rule will bale out in weight to within five per cent of its measure-ment, which is far closer than any other rule of measurement I have ever been able to get hold of, and in drawing up the rule and the investigation preceding it I secured over fifty different systems of measurement almost every part of the United States.—Wm. C. Barnes, in Breeders'

GETTING BEST RESULTS FROM SMALL AREA.

Whatever may be the opinion of the village lot-owner as to the real profit of his garden plat, be it greater or less of pleasure in being able to provide

out the whole season, the quantity that may be grown upon even a few rods of land would surprise one who has never given careful attention to

For many years past I have made a careful study of this question of economy of space in the garden, and the methods I have learned to adopt in rotation of crops-or perhaps I might more properly say the doubling-up of crops—in my little garden, may be a suggestion to others along the same

To begin with, when I sow my first early peas, which is just as soon as the frost is out enough to allow spading of the ground, I first sow the peas, and then alongside the rows scatter some lettuce seed and rake it in lightly. This furnishes our first out-of-door lettuce, entirely as a stolen crop, and with no disadvantages whatever to the peas; for land that is rich enough for peas will grow the lettuce in addition, and not retard or injure the growth of the peas. When large enough to thin out and transplant, a portion of these lettuce plants may be taken up and set about the borders of beds of onions, beets, carrots etc., and between the rows, where they will head up to full

Why Beauty Fades

and Sufferings Come

Real beauty is rare. It belongs to perfect health. Just

as soon as the blood gets thin and watery and the nerves

become exhausted beauty fades, wrinkles show themselves, the

beautiful curves give way to leanness and angles. Nervous-

ness quickly destroys beauty of face and form. The female

organism becomes deranged and there are sufferings almost

unbearable at the monthly periods. Too often women come

to believe these mysterious pains and aches a part of their ex-

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, the great blood builder and

nerve restorative, is women's great blessing from youth to

prepares the sytem in every way to perform naturally the

duties of womanhood. It enriches the blood supply, keeps the

nerves calm and steady, and assists in the development of

glowing, healthful beauty. A few week's treatment with this

great food cure will do wonders for every woman who is pale,

Dr. Chases Nerve Food.

50 cents a box; at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. Agents wanted

and avoid an endless amount of suffering.

thin, weak and nervous.

for Dr. Chase's Lass and Complete Receipt Book,

size, if of the heading varieties, and furnish a succession of this salad to follow that grown among the peas.

follow that grown among the peas.

Then, when the tomatoes are ready for planting out, I have practiced setting these between the rows of peas, as before they are large enough to interfere with each other's growth the peas are ready to be removed from the ground leaving the tomatoes to ocground, leaving the tomatoes to ocgarden, and who would gladly pay cupy the whole space, and thus prac-fifty cents or a dollar to have them tically securing three crops from this land.

When the early potatoes are removed, the land occupied by them is filled with celery, cabbage and turnips, and in fact we frequently be the state of the control of the con in fact we frequently have planted these between the rows of potatoes be-fore they were dug, so as to have them well established and ready for growth as soon as the potatoes are taken out.

Hubbard squashes may be planted among the sweet corn, and pumpkins also, if one cares to grow these in the garden, and the land on which the dwarf early corn has grown may be utilized either for turnips or late cab-

bage for winter use.

These suggestions will give a general idea of my methods, and I close by repeating the rule suggested at the outset: "Keep the whole garden filled the season through with some growing grow."—Contributor to Country Gentlecrop."-Contributor to Country Gentle-

CARE OF CHICKENS.

When de chickens require the most care, and when it is the most willingly given? Just after they are hatched, most people will answer. A good start in a chick's life is no doubt a long step in its life, and the brood repays good care. But there is a time that, without absolute negligence, the chicks do not get the same care. They are not the litle balls of fluff running great cities, in what house we shall around any longer. They are not as nice to look at or so easily managed, yet, in my opinion, this is when they require the most skillful management. If you are fortunate to have a nice flock of chicks six or eight weeks old, don't neglect them for a couple lately hatched. March birds are worth a dozen of their younger brethren. I have often seen, as late as May and June, time, labor and ground devoted to hens that had brought off chicks from stolen nests, while the chicks were almost entirely left to look after themselves. Let the mother run with her family just as long as she is inclined. It is quite time to separate them when she begins to pick at them at feeding, and lag behind at roosting time. It is very amusing at evening time to watch how she tries to slip away from the flock and lose them. Extra trouble in providing a and whom a great number serve with clean roosting place for chickens at this age will be well repaid. If you want to have small, stunted chickens, shut them in a close, badly-ventilated house at night. If you want them to grow healthy and large, give a roosting place with all the fresh air you altar of self. Of course, there are many possibly can. The next and very impossibly can. The next and very important duty is to keep them well supplied with fresh water. That which is to keep them well supplied with fresh water. That which is talked and reached by the control of the control country villages who do not take considerable pride in the cultivation of the same. To say nothing of actual profit there is certainly a great deal profit, there is certainly a great deal For breakfast I give ground oa's, barter and middlings, in equal proportion, maxed with hot water in such a is not the will of God, but what they one's own table with a daily supply, even though somewhat limited in amount, of fresh vegetables gathered as needed for use from one's own grounds.

By a little study of economy in By a little study of economy in enough. If your chickens can be movspace, and by keeping the whole area ed to different runs every month or so, of a garden even small in size well the change will be good for them. A filled with some growing crop through- portable poultry pen that can be taken to the wheat field after the crop is harvested, and the chicks allowed to pick up all the lost grain, is a good Then, when they have cleaned idea the wheat fields, the pea, oat and barley fields can be cleaned up in the same way, as can also the corn field by the later-hatched broods. But always be sure they have plenty water. It will pay any farmer to construct such a building for the chickens. It is better to keep the cockerels separate, and as too many do not do well together, it is no more trouble to have the cockerels all by themselves as to divide the flock in the usual way, letting pullets and cockerels run together. During the whole of the chick's life they should be kept separate from the adult stock. A few minutes spent watching young chicks make their way through a flock of hens will convince you this is an absolute necessity. If your chicks weigh two pounds, live weight, by the first of July you will have no trouble to get fifty cents a pair if you are able to put them on a good market. A couple of hundred of these chicks will return one a handsome profit. Those that come on a little later will bring forty

cents a pair. The railroad diningcars make use of a great many of these early chicks. While there is money made at raising chicks at any time of the year if you can get them on a good market, none will return more clear profit than the early broiler. There is an unlimited demand for our poultry in England. Why should we farmers raise enough to supply not we farmers raise the English market?

WHAT MEN WORSHIP IN CITIES!

Voluntary Devotion Is That Which We Esteem as Highest.

The Supreme God of the British and American Capitals Is Declared by Mr. Stead To Be "Self" -- Necessity for Pure Home Life.

[Chicago Tribune.] What is worship? It is the voluntary devotion to that which we esteem to be the highest. What is it that people in London and New York voluntarily devote most service to? I put out of the question the service that is involuntary or compulsory, as, for instance, the greater part of our daily life, which is spent in securing the necessaries of existence, what we shall eat, what we shall drink, and wherewithal we shall be clothed; and, what is of ever-increasing importance in find shelter. The earning of a liveli-hood is as compulsory as a soldier's drill. Worship must be voluntary, and all worship is attended by sacrifice. FAMILY. In discussing the gods of other nations we go to their temples and altars, and when the sacrifices cease to smoke on the altar we recognize that faith is growing cold. Hence voluntary sacrifice is of the essence of worship.

SELF RULES THE GREAT CAP-ITALS.

Who, then, judged by this test, is the God, or who are the gods of the two great capitals of the Englishspeaking race? There may be two
capitals, but they have only one God,
or at least one supreme God, for in
New York and London, as in ancient Rome, there is a pantheon of deities. The great God, the Jupiter of the modalmost undivided attention, is Self. It is the fashion to speak of the worship of the almighty dollar. But the dollar itself is not a deity; it is rather a thing which we pursue, chiefly in order to offer it up as a sacrifice on the older of sale of sale of the sands in both cities home life is absolutely impossible. It is blasphemy to dignify with the name of a home a crowded apartment in a London slum

The forms of popular religion do not differ so much in the object to which they are directed as in the method. As in the church there are many forms of rituals, so in the worship of self there are many differences of service. Some men display the devotion in self by seeking for power, others by seeking social status, others again by devotion to mere physical comfort; while a smaller class, who care little for the comfort of their body, are equally de-voted to the cults of self in intellect

SIDE CHAPELS.

But the temple of the popular religion has many side chapels, and some are much more crowded than others. Pleasure, power, vanity, luxury, appeal with varying force of attraction to our citizens from day to day and from year to year. Each one of these chapels is more crowded than the Christian temple or the Jewish synagogue. Hence New York and London alike are predominantly cities, of de-struction from which the pilgrim in Bunyan's allegory must flee if he would attain to the Celestial City; but the number of pilgrims is few, and even among them are few or none who do not pay surreptitious visits to the shrines from which they have fled. James Russell Lowell in his poem, 'The Search," describes how he went to seek for Christ, and found him not, although he found his churches in which from time to time his followers deemed it their duty to subject themselves to a short imprisonment, imagining that thereby they served him. If it be true that "all paths to the Father lead, when self the foot has spurned," then it is evident that in the worship of the true God we need to look further afield than to the churches or chapels which are dedi-

cated to his worship. SERVICE OF THE TRUE GOD. That these churches may and do render great service to aid the citizens of New York and London to turn away from the worship of the false god whose altars smoke with ever renewed sacrifices in every household, is not to be denied; but the service of the true God is not to be measured by the splendor of their ritual, the number of their services, or the correctness of their creed, but solely by the extent to which they dethrone the most universal idolatry of self and establish in the heart of the individual God, whose worship goes on from mornthe principle of revolt against the popular heathenism and replace it by istence. They fail to realize that by keeping the blood and passion of altruism. But even when as, alas! we all know, for the Home itnerves in perfect health they can preserve youth and beauty the most liberal allowance has been made for the beneficent influence this respect of the religious organizations specially so-called, nothing is more certain than that both in London and New York the great majority of humanity lies altogether outside of their direct influence. old age. It helps her over the trying periods of her life and ACCOMMODATION FOR WORSHIP-

ERS. There is not sufficient accommoda-

tion in either city to take in all the population, and even that scanty accommodation is far in excess of who avail themselves of it. The fash-

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would understand how it is that the worship of the folse god Self is pre-vented from working out its logical result of universal selfishness and the extinction of love from the heart of man. For God is love, says the apostle; and where love is, God is, and where love is not there is no God man-

FAMILY AFFECTION.

The universal mainspring of true religion, therefore, which fortunately operates in both cities constantly, despite all difficulties, is the natural instinctive yearning desire of man for woman, and woman for man; and the resultant of the consummation of that yearning in the love of mother for child, which is at once the emblem and fruit of the divine instinct. The fruit of the divine instinct. The true temple of the living God is not the church, but the home in which "our Father" is no phrase from a prayer, but a living reality, and where the mother and child are the supreme influence in home

WANT OF HOME LIFE. In New York and London, as in all great cities, this perennial means of grace is limited by the conditions of city life. For hundreds of thou-

or a New York tenement house, in which a herd of human animals pig together for shelter or for warmth. The overcrowding of the dwellings of the poor, which renders home life impossible, dries up, or at least attenuates the flow of that River of the Water of Life which is the perennial source from which the human heart can slake its unquenchable thirst.

EVILS OF OVERCROWDED DWEL-LINGS.

In London there are at this moment 900,000 persons living in dwellings which are overcrowded, that is to say, more than two persons live in one room with less than 400 cubic feet of space for each person. In 1891 nearly 40,000 persons occupied 6,000 rooms. not usually lodge six pigs in one sty. But in each of these 6,000 rooms six or more Englishmen, Englishwomen, and English children were herded together under conditions which made privacy impossible, indecency inconceivable, and immorality inevitable. The same story may be told of New York. As cities become great, homes become smaller and smaller, and in thousands of cases they disappear altogether, and when the home goes family life is im-

TENDENCIES OF CITY LIFE. Nor is that the only way in which city life tends to strengthen the hold of the great false idol of Self upon its votaries. The lack of opportunities for social intercourse by which young men and maidens can meet freely for the purpose of mutual acquaintance, friendship and marriage, tends directly towards that sin of great cities which is rightly called prostitution, inasmuch thing which is the worst of all things, and the perversion of the instinct which is the external revelation of God in man to the service of the most cal lous selfishness.

How many persons are there in New York and in London who are living in such innocent intimacy with more of the other sex as to be able to call them by their Christian name? In the village or in the small town where every Jack is known to every Jill, it is different. But in London there are thousands to whom everyone is Mrs. or Miss, or a surname without a bracing 178,000 square miles, is the reprefix, and when the Christian name drops out of use a great feeder of a civilized Christian life is dried up at

GOOD INFLUENCE OF THE TRUE HOME.

Hence, if we would undermine the temples of the great god Self, and establish a purer worship, the worship of God who is Love, the most effective method by which we can operate is to promote more freedom of innocent intercourse between the vast multitude of lonely dwellers in our city streets, and to promote or facilitate by every means, public and private, municipal or religious, the creation of homes in which family life is possible. The Home is the True Temple of the living ing till evening, and whose services never cease. It is, of course, possible, self to be the Temple for the cultivation of a selfishness of the family; but even that is at least one step higher towards the ideal than the self-centered existence of the solitary unit. It is true also that family life often stands in the way of a wider altruism, just as patriotism stands in the way of the true internationalism of those whose country is the world, and whose nation is mankind. But we must not let our devotion to the best become the most potent barrier to our attainment of what is good, although it is merely because there is something better.

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How a Sprsin Does Hurt.

But it isn't the pain alone that is dreaded, just think of the loss of time and wages. Sprains without number have been cured by rubbing Polson's Nerviline well into the pores of the skin surrounding the joint. No matter whether it is a sprained wrist, ankle, knee or back, just try Nerviline on it and see how quickly it will cure. There is only one liniment that can be depended upon to cure sprains, strains and swellings, and that is Polson's Nerviline. Large bottle 25c.



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CANADA'S IMMENSE AREA

A Statement by the Director of the Geological Survey.

The last report of the director of the geological survey states that out of a total area computed at nearly three and a half million square miles nearly

half the area is unexplored. A careful estimate is made of the unexplored regions. Beginning at the extreme northwest of the Dominion, the first of these areas is between the eastern boundary of Alaska, the Porcupine River, and the Arctic coast, about 9,500 square miles in extent, or somewhat smaller than Belgium and lying entirely within the Arctic The next is west of the Lewes and Yukon Rivers, and extends to the boundary of Alaska. Until last year, 32,000 square miles in this area was unexplored, but a part has since been traveled. A third area of 27,000 square miles-nearly as large as Scotland-lies between the Lewes, Pelly and Stikine Rivers. Between the Pelly and Mackenzie Rivers is another large tract of 100,000 square miles, or about double the size of England. It includes nearly 600 miles of the main Rocky Mountain range. An unexplored area of 50,000 square miles is found between Great Bear Lake and the Arctic coast, being nearly all to the north of the Arctic Circle. Nearly as large as Portugal is another tract between Great Bear Lake, the Mackenzie River, and the western part of Great Slave Lake, in all 35,000 square miles. Lying between Stikine and Laird Rivers to the north and the Skeena and Peach Rivers to the south is an area of 81,000 square as it is that corruption of the best miles, which, except for a recent visit by a field party, is quite unexplored. Of the 35,000 square miles southeast of Athabasca Lake, little is known, except that it has been crossed by a field party en route to Fort Churchill. East of the Coppermine River and west of Bathurst Inlet lies 7,500 miles of unexplored land, which may be compared to half the size of Switzerland. Eastward of this, lying between the Arctic coast and Black's River, is an area of 31,000 square miles, or about equal to Ireland. Much larger than Great Britain and Ireland, and emgion bounded by Black's River, Great Slave Lake, Athabasca Lake, Hatchet and Reindeer Lakes, Churchill River and the west coast of Hudson Bay. This country includes the barren grounds of the continent. Mr. J. B. Tyrell recently struck through this country on his trip to Fort Churchill, on the Churchill River, but could only make a preliminary exploration. On the south coast of Hudson Bay, tween the Severn and Attawapishkat Rivers, is an area 22,000 miles in extent, or larger than Nova Scotia; and

lying between Trout Lake, Lac Seul, and the Albany River is another 15,000 miles of unexplored land. "South and east of James Bay and nearer to large centers of population than any other unexplored region, is a tract of 35,000 square miles, which may be compared in size to Portugal. "The most easterly area is the greatest of all. It comprises almost the entire interior of the Labrador peninsula, or Northwest Territory, in all 289,000 square miles, or more than twice as much as Great Britain and Ireland. Two or three years ago Mr. A. P. Lowe made a line of exploration and survey into the interior of this vast region, and the same gentleman also traveled inland up the Hamilton River; but with these exceptions the country may be regarded as practically

unexplored. "The Arctic islands will add an area of several hundred thousand square miles of unexplored land."

NOT RID OF HER, AFTER ALL. Widowed father (to his 10-year-old daughter)-Do you know, Minnie, that your governess is going to get mar-

Minnie-I'm so glad to get rid of the hateful thing; I was afraid she was never going to leave us. Who is she Widowed Father-Me.-London Tit-

JURES WEAK MEN.

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