

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 44.--No. 34.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 26, 1915.

Whole No. 2276.

Farm for Sale.

200 acres, township of Ekfrid, 2 1/2 miles from Glencoe, school less than half mile, rural mail. Apply to Alex. D. McKellar, R. R. 1, Glencoe. 7341

CHANTRY FARM

Shorthorn Cattle and Lincoln Sheep; also S. G. Dorking Fowls
ED. DE GEN. Kerwood, Ont.

C. C. McNaughton

Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Plate Glass and Automobile Insurance

Phone Bathurst 11 & R. 88 P. O. Newbury No. 411 R. R. No. 2

Cream Wanted

Cash paid for cream delivered at my sewing machine store, Main street north, Glencoe, on Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays—Tuesdays and Fridays preferred. Cash for eggs.
5341 ALEX. MCNEIL

Building Contractor.

If you contemplate building a residence or altering your buildings, please call at "The Hub" and get estimates. All classes of work done promptly. All work and material guaranteed.
J. D. BROWN, Glencoe.
General Contractor and Builder, Phone call 51-12, office with E. T. Huston & Co. 5047

Pure Bred Yorkshire Pigs

Six Weeks Old
SQUIRE BROS.
North Half Lot 19, Second Range North L. W. R., Ekfrid.

DENTISTRY

R. J. MUMFORD, D.D.S., L.D.S., Offices over Howard's Furniture Store, Phone 116

JAMES POOLE

Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

GEORGE WILSON

Clerk of the Division Court, Conveyancer, &c. Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex. Commissioner in R. C. J. Office—Main street, over Lumley's drug store.

Western Farmers' Weather Insurance Company

Insure your buildings against wind and tornado in the largest weather company in Ontario. Insurance in force, nearly 11 million. Our rate is lowest permitted by government.
E. T. Huston, Agent, Glencoe

We carry a Full Line of

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

Tinsmith Plumber

The Salisbury Collar

Complete Line of GENTS' FURNISHINGS
Everything of the very latest in style, and quality of the best.

New Suitings

Come in and get your clothing hand-tailored to your measure. Fit, workmanship and style guaranteed.

TOMLINSON

THE SHOP FOR MEN GLENCOE

How Much DO YOU VALUE YOUR EYES?

THIS IS A QUESTION VERY few people ask themselves. Your eyes are the most delicate and most important organs of your body. They deserve the best attention you can procure for them.



SATISFACTORY RESULTS.—Our Optical work is accurate. We do not fit glasses by guesswork but use scientific methods, and we guarantee satisfactory results. Our charges are moderate. First-class lenses in aluminum and gold-filled frames, \$1.50 to \$5.00.

We make a specialty of WATCH, CLOCK and JEWELRY Repairing.

C. E. DAVIDSON, Jeweler

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES OPTICIAN

Keith's Cash Store

Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries

P. D. KEITH

We carry a full line of

Harvest Wants

Also Builders' Hardware; Paints, Oils and Varnishes; Steel and Felt Roofing; Wire Fencing; Oil Stoves; Lawn Mowers, and everything in the Hardware and Stove line.

MITCHELL & HAGERTY

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

kept in Glencoe.

Also Confectionery, Imported & Domestic Fruits, Meat, Fish, etc., carried

Our prices a little lower than elsewhere. Call and be convinced.

Good Butter and Eggs and other marketable produce taken as cash at highest market price.

CASH FOR EGGS

TRY OUR SPECIALS IN BULK TEAS AND COFFEES. Red Rose, Lipton's and Salada Packet Teas always in stock.

W. A. CURRIE

B. C. SHINGLES

We have a 5x B. C. Shingle in stock; also 4x and 3x.

Our Portland Cement is guaranteed to stand any government test.

Our stock of 1 inch Pine Lumber for barn siding was never better.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

Planing Mill and Lumber Yard

GLENCOE, ONT.

Notice to Electric Wiremen, Contractors and Others.

Notice is hereby given that it is contrary to the Rules and Regulations of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario to connect any Electric Service to any building, or to install any Electric Wiring without a written permit from the authorized inspector. It is also contrary to the Rules and Regulations for Electricians, Lathers, Plasterers, Carpenters and others to cover up any Electric Wiring until the same has been inspected and approved, and permission given by the Inspector to thus cover it in. No alterations, extensions or additions can be made to any outstanding installations of Wiring, Motors or other apparatus without definite notice being given to the Inspector, and a permit issued therefor.

For further particulars apply to W. H. SOMERS, Inspector, Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario, Chatham District.

Permits may be obtained from MR. ALEX. DUNCANSON.

Township of Ekfrid

Drain Contract

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to six o'clock of Saturday, the 28th day of September, 1915, for the work of repair of the Griffith Drain in the Township of Ekfrid, consisting of cleaning about 70 rods of open drain and putting in 7,100 tile.

Plans, specifications and conditions of letting can be seen at the residence of the commissioner, lot No. 5, second range north L. W. R., or the office of the township clerk, Melbourne. No tender necessarily accepted.

Ekfrid, August 18th, 1915.
GEO. J. STEVENSON, Commissioner.

For Sale

Seven-eighths acre of land: good house, stable, hard and soft water; convenient location in Glencoe. Apply at Transcript office. 75-3

Western University, London

ANOTHER GREAT ADVANCE
Income Doubled—now \$75,000
Another Large Addition to Faculty and Equipment in Arts and Medicine. Greatly Increased Enrollment in View.

Write for particulars to E. E. Braithwaite, M.A., Ph.D. PRESIDENT.

Business and Shorthand

Westervelt School

Y.M.C.A. Building
London, Ontario

College in Session Sept. 1st to July. Catalogue Free. Enter any time.

J. W. Westervelt, Principal

Voters' Lists, 1915

Municipality of the Village of Glencoe in the County of Middlesex.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Section 9 of the Electoral Act the copies required by the said section to be so transmitted or delivered to the electors, pursuant to said act, of all persons appearing by the last revised assessment roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, and that the said list was first posted up at my office at Glencoe on the sixteenth day of August, 1915, and remains there for inspection. And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

Dated at Glencoe this 18th day of August, 1915.
GEORGE WILSON, Clerk of Municipality of Glencoe.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of George Leech, late of the Township of Ekfrid in the County of Middlesex, Laborer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario," 1914, Ch. 16, Sec. 56, that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of George Leech, who died on or about the fifth day of November, 1913, are required, on or before the first day of September, 1915, to send by post, prepaid, or deliver to Messrs. Elliott & Moss, of the Village of Glencoe, solicitors for William May, administrator of the Estate of the said deceased, their claims and the nature of the security, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall have notice, and that the said executor will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof, to any person or persons whose claims notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

Dated the seventh day of August, A. D. 1915.
ELLIOTT & MOSS, Solicitors for William May, Administrator of the Estate of the said deceased. 74-3

District and General.

Petty burglaries were committed by some unknown persons in a number of stores in Highgate.

The directors of the Aldborough agricultural society have let the contract for the erection of the new hall.

Some 600 razors, the first consignment collected in London for use of the overseas soldiers, have been forwarded.

Mrs. Carrie Foubester, of St. Louis, daughter of John Hardaker, of West Lorne, died suddenly while on a visit in St. Thomas.

Ridgeway will levy a tax rate of 34 2/10 mills on the dollar of assessment this year. In addition the street oiled will cost a special rate of 1 1/2 mills.

Geo. Jones, a farmer 24 years of age, of Florence, had his arm taken off in a threshing machine while working at the farm of Chas. Jeffs, near Dresden.

Strathroy Age—A resident physician reports almost an epidemic of whooping cough in the rural districts, a large number of cases being treated.

The people of the city of London and the county of Middlesex expect to give 100 machine guns for the Canadian forces before they get through with their collections.

A contract for construction of new barns and stables to replace those burned some time ago at the Mount Elgin Institute has been let, and approximately \$27,000.

Fire was discovered in one of Reid Bros' warehouses at Bothwell on Wednesday, and only the prompt response of the firemen saved the company from a heavy loss. A large hole and minor injuries were the only damages.

The Independent Order of Odd Fellows Grand Lodge closed its session at Stratford on Aug. 13. It voted \$1,000 to fit up an Odd Fellows ward in the Ontario Base Hospital in England. The next year's meeting will be at Chatham.

A few farmers in the Essex district are placing gasoline engines on their binders. They disconnect the bull binder, thus relieving the heavy part of the work from the horses.

The widow of the late Archibald Patterson, of Aldborough, passed away at the home of her son-in-law, Alex. Paton, near West Lorne, on Thursday, aged 71 years. She was one of the township's pioneer residents, having resided at Kintyre since childhood.

The South Vancouver Chinook recently ran one of the largest tax sale advertisements ever run by any newspaper. George M. Murray, the editor and manager, says it was "advertising a city for sale." The advertisement filled nine and one-half pages of three columns each.

A great hurricane and rain cost the entire south \$90,000,000, according to estimates in New Orleans, based on reports from various stations of the devastated area. The loss in damage to buildings is roughly estimated at \$10,000,000; cotton and other crops, \$20,000,000, and oil fields \$2,000,000.

The current number of the Presbyterian contains the following: Pastor Russell loses his case in his suit for libel against the Brooklyn Eagle.

The highest court of New York State affirms the verdict of the jury which decided that the Eagle told the truth in its statement that Russell was a fraud.

Under the authority of the War Office arrangements have just been completed for taking a complete moving picture record of events of the war in the British lines, both at the front and along the lines of communication. The leading film producers and exhibitors, it is announced, have been brought into a co-operative scheme, so that no firm shall have a monopoly of the pictures.

In a canvass just completed \$1,500 was subscribed and paid by residents of Inwood and surrounding country for patriotic purposes. Of this amount \$1,000 is being forwarded to the Department of Militia at Ottawa with the request that a machine gun be assigned to the 18th Battalion, in which there are three young men from Inwood and vicinity. The balance of \$500 was handed over to the Patriotic League.

Meat of horses slaughtered during the last six weeks at a farm near Buffalo was sold in Buffalo and used in the manufacture of sausages. Efforts will be made to learn whether the animals were healthy when they were killed, and if not prosecution may follow. The business was a profitable one while it lasted. Three dollars was the price paid for one of the horses and it brought a return of \$85.50 as sausage meat.

An exchange says:—Falling in a strawstack while threshers were at work, a spark started a serious fire on the farm of William Jones, of the 3rd concession of Dereham. It was only through the quick action of the men at work that the buildings near by were saved. The strawstack was burning several chains around the partially constructed strawstack, they were able to move it to a safe distance from the barns, where it was destroyed.

Methodist Church.

REV. W. G. HOWSON, MINISTER
Next Sunday Rev. Floyd Maine, of London, may be expected to preach morning and evening. One of our rising young men. Hear him. Good music by the choir. All welcome.

Major Tolmie, M. P. P., of Windsor, has been secured to act as chairman, and to give a rousing patriotic address at the Lawn Fete on Friday evening, August 27th.

John Roy McRae Dies.

The funeral of the late John Roy McRae took place from the Grand Trunk Railway station here on Monday afternoon to Oakland cemetery.

Mr. McRae died on Friday of gallstone poisoning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. W. D. McIntyre, 101 Atkinson avenue, Detroit. He was in his 84th year.

Mr. McRae was one of the first settlers here and was prominently identified with the early history of Glencoe. He was engaged extensively in the lumber business both here and in Michigan, and a great deal of the oak and other timber used for staves and shipbuilding which largely comprised the virgin forests of the surrounding country was handled by him. He erected a large three-story brick building containing stores and residence on Main street, which was destroyed by fire a few years ago. His wife died some thirty years ago, and a few years later Mr. McRae moved to Windsor and afterwards to Detroit.

Mr. McRae leaves a wide connection in Glencoe and vicinity, and the funeral was largely attended by old friends and relatives. He is survived by four daughters living in Detroit.

Induction of Rev. J. H. Stewart.

Rev. J. H. Stewart, late of Stewiache, Nova Scotia, who accepted the unanimous call to the pastorate of Duff and Tait's Corners Presbyterian churches, was formally inducted at the former church on August 12th. Despite the busy season the congregation that assembled to witness the ceremony filled the large church. Neighboring congregations were also well represented.

In the absence of Rev. Mr. Cranston, moderator of the presbytery, Rev. Mr. Eastman, of Port Stanley acted as moderator. The induction sermon was preached by Rev. James Malcolm, of Newbury.

Rev. J. M. Crawford, of Westminster, addressed the newly-inducted minister, welcomed him to the Presbytery of London, and congratulated him upon the enthusiastic call he received from one of the leading rural congregations in Western Ontario.

Rev. D. C. Stevens, of Melbourne, addressed the congregation and stated the large attendance was a happy augury for the success of their new pastor.

At the conclusion of the service the newly-inducted minister was conducted to the door of the church by Rev. J. C. Robinson and Angus Paton.

The ladies, too, took an active part in making the occasion a happy one by providing well laden tables in the basement of the church.

Rev. John H. Stewart is a native of Nova Scotia. His father was a school teacher in the province, and the son followed in his footsteps for several years, after graduating from the Normal College. Having higher ambitions he attended Lehigh University, Ohio, where he secured his B. A. degree, and finally completed his course at Auburn, N. Y. He has been in the ministry nineteen years, having labored with much success at Shelburne, Pughwash and finally at Stewiache, N. S.

Mr. Stewart is equally proficient in Gaelic and English.

Money from California.

Glencoe machine gun enthusiasm has reached California, where a former resident of this section responds with a very handsome donation which is gratefully received. The following letter to J. A. McKellar, manager of the Merchants Bank, speaks for itself:

Chico, Cal., Aug. 17, 1915.
Mr. J. A. McKellar,
Glencoe, Ont.:

Dear Sir,—
I learned through the Transcript that the people of Glencoe are about to raise money for the purchase of machine guns for use against the Germans. I am in sympathy with the cause and would like to help it along. Enclosed find cheque for one hundred dollars, which please hand over to the Patriotic Association. I remain, Respectfully yours,
DUNCAN A. McRAE.

Wardville High School.

The Wardville High School will reopen on Tuesday, Sept. 7th, the day after Labor Day. Although there will be only a half-day session all students are urged to be present so that the classes may be properly organized for the next day. Also a number of books will have to be ordered and students not present will be at disadvantage.

The following items complete the examination results for the year. Complete Matriculation—Ross Doyle, Hazel Fennell. Matriculation lacking the subjects named:—James Campbell (French Composition), Fred Mann (English Composition, Physics, French Composition). Model Entrance Standing—Cameron Hayne.

H. M. GUNDY, Principal W. H. S.

Homeseekers' Special Train.

For the accommodation of homeseekers and general tourist traffic to Western Canada, through train carrying tourist sleepers and colonist cars will leave Toronto 10.45 p. m. each Tuesday until further notice, running through to Winnipeg.

Attention is directed to the remarkably low round trip fares in connection with homeseekers' excursions to Western Canada via Canadian Pacific Railway. Tickets are on sale each Tuesday until Oct. 26th, inclusive, and are good to return within two months from date of sale.

Apply to any C. P. R. agent for full particulars, or write M. G. Murphy, district passenger agent, Toronto.

Glencoe High School.

The Glencoe High School reopens on the first Tuesday of September, which falls this year on Sept. 7th. Let all intending pupils be in attendance on the opening day, and, good as was the attendance last year, it is to be hoped that the number enrolled will be increased. The efficiency of the work done has been thoroughly vindicated by the achievements of the past year which makes it one of the best in the history of the school. Fifty different pupils wrote on the departmental examinations and forty-three were successful, or eighty-six per cent. No school could show a better record. This fact should serve as a stimulus for the maintenance of this high standard of efficiency in the coming year.

Besides lower and middle school courses, upper school work will be taken. The success of the latter was especially commendable last year, as all the pupils who wrote were successful, and a large attendance in this department is hoped for. The sympathetic and hearty co-operation of parents and citizens and their loyal support is asked for in the coming year. The opportunity is afforded you of equipping your son or daughter with a good education.

The results of the different examinations have been published except for the matriculation examinations which are as follows:

For complete matriculation—E. Bromhead, A. Campbell, G. Campbell, N. McCallum.

For partial matriculation (bracketed subjects to be taken again)—W. Poole (Latin authors), A. Aldred (Latin authors, French authors, French composition).

Another Glencoe Man Enlists.

In the list of those who offered themselves for active service in the C. E. F. at the recruiting office in St. Thomas Monday of last week appeared the following:—John Stevenson, Glencoe, Ont., 27, painter, no service, married, three children, Glencoe, Ont.

The Times says:—The visit of Mr. Stevenson to the recruiting office was his manner of contributing to a machine gun fund which is being raised in Glencoe, Ont., and enthusiastically supported by the business men of that go-ahead town. Not feeling himself able to help the fund financially, Mr. Stevenson told his friends that he would enlist and if possible get into the machine gun section which will have the handling of the machine guns by his home town. How he has filled his declaration is shown by the fact that he enlisted here and passed the doctor on Monday and went forward to London today.

Patriotic Lawn Fete.

Remember the Date—Friday evening, August 27th.
Remember the Place—The grounds of Mr. Chas. Dean, Main St., Glencoe.

Remember the attractions—Supper from six to eight. Splendid musical program by Mr. Chris. Pink, London; little Charlie Auld (Harry Lauder), Melbourne; Mr. F. J. Elliott, Watford; Glencoe Male Quartette; Glencoe Band; patriotic speeches by Major Tolmie, M. P. P., of Windsor, and others.

Remember the Booths—Ice cream, fruit, candies and peanuts.

Remember the Price—Only Thirty-five cents.

Remember the Object.—To raise money to buy materials for Red Cross work.

Found Dead in His Bed.

Death came with startling suddenness to Mungo McFarlane, a well-known and esteemed resident of Dunwich, on Friday night, Aug. 13. He attended to his usual duties on the farm on Friday, and at night retired in his usual good health. He did not appear at breakfast in the morning, but nothing was thought of that. His daughter, thinking that he may have overslept, went to arouse him and found him cold in death. Heart failure was given as the cause of his death.

Mr. McFarlane, who was 64 years of age, was born in Dunwich, where he lived all his life, being among the first settlers in the vicinity of Cowal. For several years he was a senator for the township. His wife died several years ago. He is survived by three sons and one daughter—John, Arch, Andrew and Miss Lillie B., all at home, and also by five sisters—Mrs. Wm. Fallick, Middlesex; Mrs. Wm. Watson, North Dakota; Mrs. Alex. Leitch, Mosca; Mrs. Hugh Chisholm, New Ontario, and Mrs. F. W. Miller, Southwold.

Another Glencoe Old Boy Enlists.

Nelson, B. C. Aug. 14.—Bruce Sutherland has resigned his position on the editorial staff of the Nelson, B. C., Daily News to enlist for active service in the Canadian Expeditionary Force. He is a son of Robb Sutherland, manager of the News, and is the ninth member of the staff of that paper to enlist for active service.

Pushing the Melbourne Fair.

Henry McCracken, of Caradoc township, and H. D. Mackenzie, manager of the Home Bank of Canada, were in the city on Friday in the interests of the Melbourne Fair, which will be held on Wednesday, Oct. 6. As usual, this fair will be one of the leading events in this district.—St. Thomas Times.

A real estate dealer states that one of the marked features of the present season is the number of town properties available in exchange for farms.

WHITE STAR LINER ARABIC SUNK WITHOUT WARNING

Act Is Looked Upon As a Deliberate Challenge to
Neutrals—Grave Near Lusitania

A despatch from London says: The White Star liner Arabic, one day out from Liverpool, was sunk 30 miles off Queenstown by a German submarine, the torpedo sending her to the bottom within ten minutes after the explosive missile pierced her side.

Four hundred and twenty-three souls were on board—180 passengers and 243 crew.

After floating around in lifeboats for some hours the victims were picked up by the steamer Primrose and taken to Queenstown in the morning. This first big victim of the German submarine since the Lusitania was sent to the bottom had no warning, and the fact that there was not greater loss of life is due to the wonderful training and discipline of the crew under Captain Finch. White Star officials say there were 26 Americans aboard, 10 passengers and 16 of the crew. So far as can be learned the Arabic carried no securities.

Two British ships reached Queenstown with about 375 survivors. Of these 174 were passengers and 217 crew. The rescued included 140 British, 26 residents of the United States, three French, one Belgian, three Russians, one Spaniard and one New Zealander.

Passengers arriving in Queenstown were in practically an exhausted condition, due to fright and exposure. None were able to save any belongings, being ordered to take to the boats some time before the torpedo actually hit the steamer.

The Arabic was struck on the starboard side about 100 feet from the stern, one torpedo being sufficient to

do the work. Fortunately for those on board, the weather was fair and the sea calm. But the item which counted for most in saving so many of the passengers was the splendid team work and efficiency of the crew, who managed to load 16 lifeboats and lower them safely before the steamer turned over.

The Arabic's grave is about forty miles south of the spot where the Lusitania lies. She went down 65 miles south-east of Fastnet Rock and 55 miles south of Old Head of Kinsale, both on the south coast of Ireland, in a region where German submarines have been active since the opening of the war zone decreed.

Some survivors, according to reports received here, say that they had just witnessed the torpedoing of a British steamer, presumably the Dunleavy, and that this had caused great alarm on board the Arabic. In their fright the passengers had rushed for life preservers and had barely adjusted them when the German submarine turned its torpedo against the vessel's side.

Ten lifeboats and a number of life rafts were quickly got over the side of the steamer, and into these a large number of passengers and members of the crew scrambled. Many of the passengers, however, fell into the water, but they got hold of the rafts and clung to them and later were rescued. One woman who fell into the sea screamed pitifully for help. The weather and tidal conditions being favorable, two sailors swam to her assistance and succeeded in lifting her upon a raft.

Markets Of The World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Aug. 24.—No. 1 Northern, \$1.37½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.28½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.25½, on track lake ports; 2c more for immediate delivery.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 61c; No. 3 C.W., 59c; extra No. 1 feed, 58c; on track lake ports.

American corn—No. 2 yellow, 86c; on track lake ports.

Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, nominal, on track Toronto.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 57c to 58c; No. 3 white, 56c to 57c, according to freight outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, nominal, \$1.15; new, \$1.04 to \$1.05, according to freight outside.

Peas—No. 2, nominal.

Barley—Good malting barley, nominal; feed barley, 60c, according to freight outside.

Buckwheat—Nominal, car lots.

Rye—No. 2, nominal.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$7; second patents, in jute bags, \$6.50; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$6.30; Toronto; in cotton bags, 10c more.

Ontario flour—Winter, 90c per cent. patents, \$4.60; do, new, \$4.10; sea-board, or Toronto freights in bags.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights. Bran, \$27 per ton; shorts, \$29 per ton; middlings, \$30 per ton; good feed flour, \$1.90 per bag.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 25 to 26c; inferior, 20 to 22c; creamery prints, 28 to 29½c; do, solids, 26 to 27c.

Eggs—No. 1, 22 to 23c per doz., in case lots; extras at 24 to 25c.

Honey—No. 1 light (wholesale), 10 to 11½c; do, retail, 12½ to 15c. Combs (wholesale), per dozen, No. 1, \$1.50 to \$2; No. 2, \$1 to \$2.

Poultry—Chickens, yearlings, dressed, 16 to 18c; Spring chickens, 20 to 21c; fowl, 14 to 15c; ducks, 17 to 18c.

Cheese—Large, 15 to 15½c; 15½ to 15¾c for twins. Old cheese, 21½c.

Provisions.

Bacon—Long clear, 14 to 14½c per lb., in case lots. Hams—Medium, 18 to 19½c; do, heavy, 14½ to 15c; rolls, 15 to 16c; breakfast bacon, 20 to 23c; backs, plain, 22 to 23c; boneless backs, 25 to 26c.

Lard—The market is quiet; pure lard, tubs, 11½ to 12½c; do, pails, 12 to 12½c; compound, tubs, 10 to 10½c; do, pails, 10½ to 10¾c.

Baled Hay and Straw.

Baled hay—New, No. 1, per ton, \$17 to \$19; No. 2, ton, \$15 to \$16; baled straw, ton, \$7.

LONDONERS RUSH TO ENLIST FOLLOWING ZEPPELIN RAID

500 Join Colors at One Point and Similar Reports
Were Received From Other Parts of City

A despatch from London says: When London knew about the recent Zeppelin raid, which killed ten persons, thousands walked or rode in taxis and trams to the scene. The vast throng had every appearance of a crowd out on a bank holiday. If the Zeppelins were intended to frighten the populace the raid has had a con-

trary effect, and simply stirred up the public as no other event of the war has done. Recruiting has taken a sharp spurt all over London. At the Horse Guards' parade nearly 500 enlisted and were despatched to the various depots before the following morning. Similar reports were received from other parts of the city.

A Tremendous Offering of Peaches to the CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY



THE JORDAN HARBOR PEACH RANCH WILL COMMENCE SEPTEMBER 1ST TO PACK AND SHIP 100,000 GALLON HOSPITAL SIZE SANITARY CANS, EACH CONTAINING 6½ TO 7 LBS. OF SUPERB BRAND PEACHES FOR DISTRIBUTION THROUGH THE CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY TO OVERSEAS HOSPITALS IN BRITISH ISLES, FRANCE AND BELGIUM.

This undertaking is of such magnitude, representing fifty car loads of FRESH FRUITS and the employment of over Two Hundred men and women during the PEACH SEASON; PACKING DAILY 5,000 LARGE HOSPITAL CANS.

These peaches are peeled, pitted and halved, then packed in large HOSPITAL SANITARY CANS, IN HEAVY SYRUP, then crated (six cans in each crate), to be forwarded to destination through the CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY. The total cost is FIFTY CENTS per CAN (50c), this charge includes all expenses. These fruits are packed EXCLUSIVELY for the CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY AND CANNOT BE PURCHASED BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC, as they are prepared and delivered to the CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY AT ACTUAL COST.

By remitting 50 Cents through the CANADIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY, or direct to the JORDAN HARBOR PEACH RANCH, JORDAN STATION P.O., Ontario, it insures one of these Large Cans of BEAUTIFUL SUPERBA BRAND PEACHES going forward to our sick and wounded soldiers.

Don't delay in accepting this OPPORTUNITY. THESE FRUITS are URGENTLY NEEDED and will be much appreciated by our Gallant Defenders.

All SUBSCRIPTIONS will be duly acknowledged, and should be completed by September 1st. Remit now.

Contributions are being received from all parts of Canada. THINK OF OUR SICK AND WOUNDED DEFENDERS IN OVERSEAS HOSPITALS. IT'S UP TO YOU TO "DO YOUR BIT" AT ONCE. WHAT IS YOUR ANSWER?

NEW YORK PRESS ON THE SITUATION

"Only One Road Remains Open"
Declares the New York Tribune.

A Despatch from New York says: Under the caption "Deliberately Unfriendly," the New York Tribune says editorially:

"In every detail the German attack upon the Arabic fulfills President Wilson's definition of an act 'deliberately unfriendly' to the United States."

"Since this is the case, only one road remains open to Mr. Wilson; there is only one course that he can follow with dignity and with honor. Without delay, further protest, any diplomatic exchange whatsoever, the German Ambassador in Washington should receive his passports, the American Ambassador in Berlin should be recalled."

"It is time to have done with a nation which has repudiated every scrap of international law. It is time to have done with a State which has adopted a policy which is alike a challenge to humanity and a negation of all that civilization means. If the would-be murderer misses, if his bullet goes astray, does society less certainly incarcerate him? It is not the fault of the German commander that every American on the Arabic was not drowned. All that the assassin could do to make the massacre complete was done. If chance spared Americans, it was chance alone."

"The time has come now to act. To talk further is to encourage, not avoid, murder. It is to compound with infamy and continue relations with savagery. It is to write ourselves down willing victims, as consenting to the continued slaughter of Americans. In the crime of the Arabic the last thin disguise has slipped from the German beast, and we see the fact as it is—be it what we see it unforgotten."

The World says editorially: "Is the destruction of the Arabic Germany's official reply to the American note?"

OVER 1,300 CANADIANS ARE PRISONERS OF WAR

A despatch from London says: A return received here gives the total number of Canadian prisoners of war in all parts of Germany up to last week as 1,305.

Six hundred and thirty-six of these are at Giessen, 168 at Hanover, 157 at Munster, 53 at Sennelager, 87 at Meschede, 48 at Paderborn, 45 at Ohdruf, and 14 at Oberhausen. The remainder are distributed among Belgium and North-West Germany.

Alpaca is so called after a Peruvian animal, of the llama species, from whose wool the fabric is woven.

14 PASSENGERS LOST ON ARABIC

Among the Number Were Two Citizens of the United States.

A despatch from London says: At least five passengers, two of whom were Americans, and 40 members of the crew, lost their lives when the White Star liner Arabic was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine off Fastnet last week. Nine other passengers are missing and are believed to have perished.

The two Americans who went down with the ship were Mrs. Josephine Bruguere, of New York, and Edmund T. Woods. The former was thrown into the water and was kept afloat for some time by her son, Louis, who was forced to relinquish his hold when he was struck by a piece of wreckage. Nothing was seen of Woods after the steamer was struck.

Most of the missing members of the crew belonged to the engineers' staff. They remained at their posts and went down with the ship.

Captain Finch and the other officers of the Arabic assert the submarine gave them no warning. They declare the torpedo was fired as they were going to the rescue of the steamer Dunleavy, which had just been torpedoed, presumably by the same submarine.

A statement made by Louis Bruguere, a passenger on the Arabic, indicates there is no doubt that his mother, Mrs. Josephine L. Bruguere, an American, was drowned. Mr. Bruguere said his mother disappeared after being in the water for about 20 minutes.

Mr. Bruguere said he and his mother were the last to leave the promenade deck. They reached this deck after the last boat had left the ship. This boat was too far away to be reached by his mother.

When they were swept into the water, Mr. Bruguere said, he swam for 20 minutes with his mother. Then his head was struck by a piece of wreckage and he was forced momentarily to release his hold on his mother.

When he came again to the surface Mrs. Bruguere had disappeared. Half an hour later the son was dragged aboard one of the ship's small boats.

TURKS LEVY WAR TAX ON ALL FOREIGNERS

A despatch from Rome says: Despatches from Salonika received by the Giornale d'Italia and the Tribuna declare that the Turkish authorities in addition to prohibiting the departure of Italians from Smyrna have levied a heavy war tax which foreigners never before have been required to pay, and which many Italians in Smyrna, being almost destitute, are quite unable to pay.

KITCHENER VISITS THE FRONT AND INSPECTS THE BATTLE LINE

Particular Attention Was Paid to Conditions in the Champagne and the Woivre

A despatch from Paris says: A year of war the enemy no longer has illusions of winning. He predicts internal dissensions among his enemies which he hopes will occur. Already he is endeavoring to incite neutrals and places before belligerents veiled innuendoes of peace.

"Let me assure you France is united. People, Parliament and Government never have been more firmly determined, in close accord with our heroic and faithful allies, never to lay down our arms until the day arrives when we shall have attained our goal, and if the road to Tipperary is long, the price is sufficiently high to justify us paying for all the delays, difficulties and sadnesses along the road, because the price is the liberation of the world."

Lord Kitchener, speaking in French, thanked M. Millerand for his kindness in extending an invitation to visit the French front, and said that after seeing the splendid troops of Gen. Joffre he could understand the French victories. He closed by declaring that Great Britain was resolved to make the greatest possible effort to aid France and to carry the war to a finish.

Speaking at the close of a dinner M. Millerand declares he felt highly honored by Lord Kitchener's visit to France, and was glad to learn from the British Field Marshal's own lips of the complete accord uniting the two nations. Addressing the British War Minister directly, he said: "Yours is not the only voice which praises our soldiers, for the enemy also gives them their due. After a

FORTRESS RAZED IN TWO WEEKS

Russian Stronghold on the Vistula—Narew Rivers Has Been Captured.

A despatch from London says: The garrison of the fortress of Novo Georgievsk which was left behind by Grand Duke Nicholas when he commenced the evacuation of Poland to delay the advance of German invaders, after accomplishing its task for just a fortnight, has succumbed to the heavy siege artillery of the Germans, which throughout the war has made every fort attacked by it untenable.

The official German statement announces that the complete garrison consisted of 85,000 men and six generals. "Of these more than 20,000 were captured in the final battle

alone," continues the statement. This raises the question as to whether the rest of the garrison succeeded in escaping and joining the main Russian forces, which are believed to be still intact and retreating in good order. Over 700 guns were captured.

The spoils have not yet been estimated, but they probably are large, as it had been hoped by the Russians that the earthworks around the fortified camp would enable it to hold out much longer than it has done. It is now expected by the military observers that the other Russian fortresses, such as Brest-Litovsk, Grodno and Ossowetz, either will be captured or given up.

After the fall of Kovno Field Marshal von Hindenburg's army commenced again an offensive along the whole front from the Gulf of Riga to Kovno, with the object of taking Riga and the whole Warsaw-Petrograd railway from Vilna northward.

South of Kovno as far as Grodno the Russian armies, after the fall of Kovno, fell back toward the Niemen River.

POWERFUL NEW GUN FOR USE OF ALLIES

One Explanation of the Delay In
Launching the British Advance.

A despatch from New York says: Recent arrivals from England are able to afford some explanation of the delayed British advance, which as much in England as throughout the rest of the world has caused considerable bewilderment.

Their explanation is that Lord Kitchener has been waiting to launch "his great surprise," and this surprise lies in the completion of new guns and a new type of shell which it is believed will revolutionize artillery operations and make the path of the allies to Berlin more possible than hitherto.

Soon after the beginning of the war, when it became patent that high explosives were to be the dominating factor in the struggle for victory, the combined efforts of British chemists and ordnance experts invented a shell unquestionably more powerful than any previously used. In destructive power it was without doubt superior to any previously known. A variation in explosive composition rendered it likely to supersede all types in use.

The Government ordered experiments to be made with big guns then being manufactured at Woolwich Arsenal.

As far back as last November Government experts were at work on this problem. They experimented with various alloys of steel, trying to find one that would stand the strain of such a shell. Finally they succeeded. They produced a 17-inch gun that would suit this purpose. Various experiments have been made and are believed to have been entirely successful. It is stated that the shell will be carried 25 miles and will work havoc on a scale entirely unprecedented.

This is answered the question why no advance was made when Warsaw was about to fall and the main bulk of the German troops were concentrated on that front. It also explains why after the great movement of Kitchener's army to France early in July the troops were not used. Nothing was to be done until these guns, which the great armament factories of Britain have been working on for six months had been delivered in sufficient quantities at the front.

The second Canadian contingent, numbering 45,000 picked troops, an overwhelming majority of whom have seen previous service, are now in France. With their despatch Kitchener's movement was ready to begin. The result may soon be apparent.

GREEK PREMIER'S POLICY.

Union of Territories Can Only Be
Effectuated by Fighting Turkey.

A despatch from Rome says: Advice of a confidential nature received here from Athens outlines what is declared to be the policy decided upon by former Premier Venizelos, who has been asked by King Constantine to form a Cabinet, and has announced his readiness to do so. The outline is substantially as follows:

M. Venizelos affirms that he has no preconceived bias against the central empire. What he wishes to achieve, the advice states, is the union of all Greek territories, which, in his view, is only obtainable now by fighting Turkey.

Accomplishment of Greek aspirations by co-operation with the Entente allies would, in the view of Venizelos as outlined from Athens, have been easier before Italy entered the war, because of the occupation by Italy of Aegean islands claimed by Greece, and now further complicated by Greek expansion in Epirus, in Southern Albania, thus arousing Italian jealousy.

M. Venizelos, it is declared, may consent to territorial concessions in the Balkans on the condition that Greece maintain a predominant position in the peninsula, but her participation with the Entente allies now implies a greater demand, in the represented view of Venizelos, since Austro-German successes augment the value of her intervention.

The former Premier's object, the Athens advices declare, is to obtain for Greece what Cavour achieved for Italy, and he feels that she must have her national aspirations of becoming a great power in South-eastern Europe satisfied, or risk nothing.

GERMAN SHIPMENTS.

WESTERN CROP YIELD.

The following telegraphic advice from the Department of Agriculture of Alberta at Edmonton was received at the head office of the Canadian Northern Railway in Toronto:

Southern district: Ideal harvest weather past week; cutting commenced and will be general by end of this week.

Central district: Weather warm with local showers; cutting commenced; livestock in splendid condition.

Northern district reports good harvest weather; wheat and oats turning; barley harvest started.

Peace River district: Harvesting general. All reports signify bumper yield, and if present weather continues, grade will be largely number one.

THE MESSENGER

In this wondrous day of wire and wireless we learn, half across the world, how the European tide of conflict ebbs and flows while yet the battle rages, undecided. On sea, on land, under the sea, in the air, men fight and die, lose or triumph, and the very elements carry abroad the news of victory or defeat. It is more than romance; it is miracle; but miracle that may banish forever from the pages of the future historian and romancer one of the most dramatic figures of the past—the messenger bringing first news from the battle field.

Long even before Pheidippides of Marathon ran to Athens from the immortal Fennel Field, cried, "Victory!" and fell dead, the messenger held a place in myth and chronicle that he has maintained for centuries. Sometimes he is merely the swiftest rider or runner; sometimes a hero of the fight, chosen as an honor to bear glad tidings; sometimes a hard-pressed refugee; sometimes even a lone survivor.

Lady Elizabeth Thompson Butler, the distinguished woman painter of war-time scenes, of which "The Roll Call" is most famous, once illustrated in a less-known painting one of the most tragic episodes in the history of modern England—the arrival of Dr. William Brydon at Jalalabad, January 13, 1842. Her terrible little picture shows the young Scotch surgeon, dazed, desperate, exhausted, clinging half-conscious to his wearied horse as the walls of the city loom in sight.

He had come from Kabul, through the mountains in midwinter; one of a retreating army of British and native troops, accompanied by swarms of attendants and camp followers. With them at first were also nine Englishwomen, wives of officers—including

Florentia, Lady Sale, wife of Sir Robert Sale, the commander at Jalalabad, and his daughter. There were also fourteen children. A long, intricate, and hideous series of blunders, treacheries and murders had brought the tremendously outnumbered British in Kabul to the point where evacuation of the city and acceptance of a promised safe-conduct to Jalalabad seemed to their leaders the best that could be hoped for; and the retreat began. But the Afghans did not keep their word; and soon there were no leaders. Before the march was half over many were slain, and conditions were so hopeless that the others yielded to a proposal to surrender the commanding general himself, General Elphinstone, together with the women and children into the care of the Afghan chief, Akbar Khan, as hostages; but not until the Kurd Kabul was passed.

The gorge of the Kurd Kabul is a five-mile ravine between high mountains, so narrow, lofty, and grim that in winter the sun scarcely reaches its depths. That January it was deep in snow, the rocks were glazed with ice, and upon every mountain slope, in every crevasse, behind every boulder lurked the fanatic Afghan tribesmen, with their long guns and long knives. Weary, crowded, half crippled by frost, the confused and formless masses struggling through the gloomy canon soon lost all semblance of an army, as the slaughter soon lost all semblance of battle. It became simply the massacre of a rabble; and the snow grew red.

"Three thousand men," says the historian, Sir J. W. Kaye, "fell under the fire of the enemy, or dropped down paralyzed and exhausted to be slaughtered by Afghan knives. And amidst these fearful scenes of carnage, through a shower of matchlock balls, rode English ladies on horseback or in camel panniers, sometimes vainly endeavoring to keep their children beneath their eyes, and then losing them in the confusion and bewilderment of the desolating march."

After the general became a captive with the women, the rout and slaughter increased in horror. The Jugdulk Pass succeeded the Kurd Kabul; a dark, steep, winding track ascending high among frowning crags, and harried at its narrowest point. It was a trap; the fugitives were caught beyond escape. A mere handful emerged alive.

Within sixteen miles of Jalalabad, only six of these remained. Before those sixteen miles were covered five of the six had been killed by stragglers and marauders.

Doctor Bryden alone, one man out of sixteen thousand, reached the goal and bore the awful news. Later, when England awoke and avenged the women and children and a few prisoners were rescued. Doctor Bryden himself lived to share and survive the famous siege of Lucknow, another episode in his country's history, but one as honorable and inspiring as the retreat from Kabul was humiliating and disastrous.

Too Hearty.

They say that a cannibal king recently sent post haste for his doctor. "Good gracious, man," the doctor said, "you're in a dreadful state; what have you been eating?" "Nothing," groaned the sick man, "except a slice of that multi-millionaire whose yacht was wrecked on Cocanoot Reef." "Merciful powers!" the doctor cried, "and I told you under no circumstances to eat anything rich. George, get the saws and axes. We must operate at once."

SUMMER HEAT HARD ON BABY

No season of the year is so dangerous to the life of little ones as is the summer. The excessive heat throws the little stomach out of order so quickly that unless prompt aid is at hand the baby may be beyond all human help before the mother realizes he is ill. Summer is the season when diarrhoea, cholera infantum, dysentery and colic are most prevalent. Any one of these troubles may prove deadly if not promptly treated. During the summer the mothers best friend is Baby's Own Tablets. They regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach and keep baby healthy. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A SPLENDID RECORD.

Most people know that the Canadian Pacific Railway traverses over eleven thousand miles of country in Canada, encounters even tropical and arctic weathers; cuts its way through the rugged and difficult country along the shores of Lake Superior; crosses the endless prairies of the west; and finally runs through the glories of the Canadian Rockies where the road in some places has been hewn out of the mountain sides under towering peaks; through great canyons; and in other places tunnels and piral rails have to be negotiated, all necessitating care in operation. But in spite of all these difficulties the Canadian Pacific has not killed a single passenger in a train accident during the past two years, which is a record Canada can place against the recent boast of the Pennsylvania Railroad not having killed a passenger in three years. Especially so when it is considered that the latter road has not the same climate conditions to face and the easy country through which it traverses.

GOOD WATER FOR ARMY HORSE.

A Plentiful Supply Is of Vital Importance to an Army.

Suitable drinking water is of vital importance to an army, and this is only one of a multitude of problems that must be studied carefully by those who conduct a successful campaign. The water of a camp is a matter of great importance. Only running water is used. In the German army the upstream water is used for drinking purposes and the downstream water for watering horses and for bathing. Suitable signs notify the men which water is safe to drink and which may be used only for bathing. In shallow or narrow streams basins are dug, or small dams built so as to form a reservoir of ample dimensions.

Stepping-stones are provided to keep the water clean, as well as board protection to prevent the banks from crumbling. Basins are dug for watering horses, troughs are provided only in case of necessity, and are then propped on posts and filled by means of pumps. Pipes may be driven if water lies at a reasonable depth—in other words, not more than 20 feet. Depending upon their size, these pipes will deliver from four to twenty-two gallons of water per minute.

Grass Tree Gum for Germany.

It has just come to light at Sydney, Australia, that with the astounding preparedness with which the Germans entered upon this war they had for several years prior to the declaration of hostilities been buying immense quantities of Australian grass tree gum, which is convertible into an explosive much more powerful than dynamite, and that this explosive is probably now being used against the Britons and their allies.

MISCHIEF MAKER

Now Strong and Robust.

An adult's food that can save a baby proves itself to be nourishing and easily digested and good for big and little folks. An Eastern man says:

"When our baby was about eleven months old he began to grow thin and pale. This was attributed to the heat and the fact that his teeth were coming, but, in reality, the poor little thing was starving, his mother's milk not being sufficient nourishment."

"One day after he had cried bitterly for an hour, I suggested that my wife try him on Grape-Nuts. She soaked two teaspoonfuls in half a cup of warm water for 5 or 6 minutes, then poured out the liquid and to it added a like amount of rich milk and a little sugar. This baby ate ravenously."

"It was not many days before he forgot all about being nursed, and has since lived almost exclusively on Grape-Nuts. To-day the boy is strong and robust, and as cute a mischief-maker as a thirteen-months-old baby is expected to be."

"Use this letter any way you wish, for my wife and I can never praise Grape-Nuts enough after the brightness it has brought to our household."

Grape-Nuts is not made for a baby food, but experience with thousands of babies shows it to be among the best, if not entirely the best in use. Being a scientific preparation of Nature's grains, it is equally effective as a body and brain builder for grown-ups. "There's a Reason."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

SIR JOHN SIMON'S BIG SACRIFICE.

Gave Up \$75,000 Cabinet Position for One Worth Less Than \$25,000.

Few men have ever made a bigger sacrifice for political life than Sir John Simon, the Home Secretary. He was, as is known, Attorney-General, and he was offered the Lord Chancellorship. From the pecuniary point of view there are no offices in even the wide British Empire or in any other country which are so glittering as either of these two offices. The Attorney-General, between salary and fees, must get something like fifteen thousand pounds a year. Sometimes the figures have gone much higher. The Attorney-General is leading counsel in all great State cases, and once the late Sir Charles Russell was lucky enough to find such a case when there was an intervention in arbitration in the Behring Sea, and people whispered that the fortunate Irishman had drawn that year as much as thirty thousand pounds. But it may be taken that fifteen thousand pounds is the average income of the Attorney. That is ten thousand pounds more than the Prime Minister receives.

The Lord Chancellorship is not so highly paid, for the salary is ten thousand pounds a year. But it is, of course, the greatest prize in the legal profession; the woolpack figures in every school book as representing the goal to which the ambitious youth who becomes a barrister has to aspire. The Lord Chancellorship has the additional attraction of carrying with it the handsome pension for life of five thousand pounds a year. Then the Lord Chancellor is the head of the Judiciary, and he is the presiding officer of the House of Lords and a member of the Cabinet.

Avoided Retirement.

Most lawyers, when they get to that exalted position, are already in the sere and yellow leaf after a long and laborious struggle in the legal profession. It is to them a haven of rest after a stormy life on tempestuous seas. But Sir John Simon, when he was offered the position, was still a young man. This astonishingly progressive youth was only 42. Yet he refused the glittering prize, and not only that, he gave up an office worth fifteen thousand pounds a year for one that is worth only five thousand pounds a year, and which is worth even less now because of the arrangement by which the Ministers "pooled" their salaries so that each Minister might have practically the



Sir John Simon

same income of something like four thousand pounds a year.

What is the explanation of this refusal—unprecedented in British Parliamentary or legal history? It is evident that Sir John Simon values a merely political career more than the emoluments and the glitter of the highest legal offices. The general verdict in the House of Commons is that Sir John Simon took a poorly-paid political office because he hopes one day to be Prime Minister of the British Empire.

There can be little doubt that Sir John Simon has reason to entertain high ambitions. His enormous progress in so short a time is made more remarkable by his not starting life with any advantages. His father was a Welsh Nonconformist clergyman, a hale and very hearty gentleman to this day.

Was Poor Boy.

When he went to Oxford the young Simon had to eke out a good deal of his living by the prizes which he won with great rapidity, and he fell in love with an Irish girl when he was still a youngster, married her, and was a husband and father while he was still struggling for his first bribe.

His lucidity of speech is accompanied by great suavity of temper and pleasantness of manner. Simon can make even a disagreeable bill quite simple and innocent. He was chosen the other day, for instance, to defend the Munitions bill, which introduced for the first time the principle of compulsion to workmen, and when he sat down you might well have imagined that the real purpose of the measure was to present sugar sticks to all the workmen, whereas the bill enabled the Government to fine any slackers among workmen in these days of crisis.

A Japanese mounts his horse on the right side.

THE AURORA BOREALIS.

Looked Upon By Barbarians As An Omen of Slaughter.

Many people believe that the aurora borealis is a phenomenon peculiar to modern times. But this is not true. The ancients used to call it chasmata, bolides and trabes, names which expressed the different colors of the lights.

The scarlet aurora was looked upon by the superstitious barbarians as an omen of direful slaughter; so it is not unusual for descriptions of bloody battles to contain allusions to northern lights.

In the annals of Cleon-mac-noise it is recorded that in 688 A.D., accompanying a terrible battle between Leinster and Munster, Ireland, a purple aurora lit the northern skies, foretelling the slaughter.

To the Latins and Greeks of southern Europe the phenomenon rarely appeared and therefore their writings are almost, if not entirely, silent concerning it, yet it was not unknown to them.

Wonderful for the Blood!

Cures Sallow Skin, Headache, Languor and Tiredness.

You don't need to be told how you feel—blue, sort of sickish, poor appetite, vague pains, tired in the morning. This condition is common at this season.

Fortunately there is prompt relief in Dr. Hamilton's Pills which immediately restore the system of all poisons and disease-producing matter.

Thousands have been so utterly depressed, so worn out as to be despondent, but Dr. Hamilton's Pills always cured them. "I can speak feelingly on the power of Dr. Hamilton's Pills," writes C. T. Fearman, of Kingston. "Last spring my blood was thin and weak, I was terribly run down, had awful headaches and a gnawing, empty feeling about my stomach. I couldn't sleep or work until I used Dr. Hamilton's Pills, they did me a world of good." At all dealers in 25c. boxes.

Did Took It, All Right.

Slowly, sadly the young man came along the garden path to the arbor where "neath blossoming roses the maiden waited."

"How did father take it?" she asked him anxiously.

"Oh, he took it all right," said the young man in a miserable voice. "I'm so glad!" sighed the maid, in relief.

"Are you?" he replied, as he sank by her side on the seat. "Well, I can't say I am, dear. At first he wouldn't listen to me."

"But didn't you tell him you had \$4,000 in the bank?" she exclaimed. "I did, when all my other arguments had failed."

"And what did he do then?" "Do?" cried the young man, his voice fraught with despair. "He borrowed it."

Tea Coming Into Great Favor.

Not in the memory of the oldest tea planter has the price of tea reached before the present figure in Colombo. There seems to be a widespread movement in favor of tea throughout the world, and the supply is insufficient to cope with the increased demand. Until the law of supply and demand adjusts itself higher prices for tea must be expected.

From His Native Town.

A tourist in Italy was surprised one morning to meet some people from his native town. "Why, Mrs. Lancelotti?" he cried. "How do you do? You are the last person I expected to see in Italy!" "If it isn't Mr. Jones!" exclaimed the lady in surprise. "Yes we are spending a brief time here. You must call on us often. You know just how it is—people we never think much of at home seem like dear friends when we meet them in a strange country."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Aerial Torpedo Wonder. An aerial torpedo that will travel a hundred miles under its own power is another formidable weapon of war. Germany is about to launch at her enemies. The principle of the aerial torpedo is the same as the water torpedo. It is first projected by compressed air, then travels in a direct line under the power of its own propeller and under the guidance of its own rudder. With the aerial torpedo perfected, Germany would have a weapon more terrifying to London than all her Zeppelins, Taubes, fifty centimetre guns and undersea cruisers combined.

Minard's Liniment Cures Gargat in Cows.

German Helmets. Despite the heavy appearance of the German soldiers' helmets, says London Tit-Bits, they are exceedingly light. They are made of steel, but they are nearly as light as a straw hat, and far more comfortable.

The large military-looking spike is not placed on the top of the helmet for ornament alone. There are several large holes in it which ventilate the wearer's head. The steel from which the helmet is made is exceedingly thin—almost as thin as paper—and all round the inside, where the helmet touches the head, there are a number of springs. These springs, which are covered with leather, serve to keep the helmet firmly on the head, without any great pressure.

Minard's Liniment Cures Rheumatism.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria. "Another new hat. You should really save your money with the price of everything going up." "But why? The longer I save it the less I can buy with it."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

USIT

Advancing Years Need Not Bring Wrinkles.

Why should any man or woman suffer from a wrinkled skin? The first sign of a wrinkle is a sure indication that the skin is not receiving sufficient nourishment, and it is time to apply "USIT."

Until the discovery of the powers of certain Oriental Oils, as revealed to a Canadian traveller by an Arab, people were powerless to restore their fading beauty. To-day there is no excuse for wrinkles for any man or woman who knows of the value of "USIT" as a skin food and wrinkle chaser.

The preparation, which is obtainable from all good druggists, brings back the glow of health to the cheek and will eradicate every wrinkle.

USIT Manfg. Co. Limited, 476 Roncesvalles Avenue, Toronto.

FARMS FOR RENT.

IF LOOKING FOR A FARM CONSULT me. I have over Two Hundred on my list. Located in the best sections of Ontario. All sizes. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB OFFICES for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, ETC., Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellamy Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

KERMATH Marine Engines.

"America's Standard & Cycle Marine Motors" for sale. Kermath Marine Engines, Ltd., 100 King St. W., Toronto.

ELLIOTT Business College.

734 Yonge St., TORONTO.

A High Grade School. None Better in Canada. Write for New College Announcement.

Highest Cash Prices Paid for GINSENG

We are the largest buyers of Ginseng in America and have the greatest demand for it. We can therefore pay you the highest cash prices. If you have any wild or cultivated Ginseng, write for our latest price list, or ship what you have and we will submit you our highest offer.

David Blustein & Bro.

162 W. 27th St., New York, U.S.A.

Honest Grief.

At the funeral of Baron Lionel de Rothschild, father of the recently deceased Lord Rothschild, a poor old man wept loudly and bitterly.

"Why are you crying?" inquired a bystander. "You are no relation of Rothschild."

"No," howled the mourner; "that's just why I'm crying."

Lachute, Que., 25th Sept., 1908.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Gentlemen:—Ever since coming home from the Boer war I have been bothered with running fever sores on my legs. I tried many salves and liniments; also doctored continuously for the blood, but got no permanent relief, till last winter when my mother got me to try MINARD'S LINIMENT. The effect of which was almost magical. Two bottles completely cured me and I have worked every working day since.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Appearance Deceptive. "Thompson has made a discovery." "Indeed?" "Yes. He says that he has discovered that the more buttons there are on a woman's coat the greater the probability that it really fastens with hooks and eyes."

A light-hearted jest may be empty enough, yet the old world is all the better for it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

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Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

BLONDES SHOULD BE CAREFUL.

Here is a Warning, Girls, From a Man Who Knows.

Women of the blonde type take warning!

You must, above all things, if you are to avoid cancer of the skin, stay out in the hot sun. That admonition was made by Dr. C. Knowles during an illuminating discussion on the treatment of skin diseases before 500 members of the Philadelphia County Medical Society. Dr. Knowles said:

"A great percentage of skin diseases are cancerous growths. The blonde type of women when subjected to the rays of the sun is very susceptible to the disease. Not only the blonde woman, but the woman possessing a freckled face must avoid the sun. Such preventive measures will save them much trouble."

Corns Applied in 5 Seconds

Sore, blistering feet from corn-pinchers can be cured by Putnam's Extractor in 24 hours.

"Putnam's" soothes away that drawing pain, eases instantly, makes the feet feel good at once. Get a 25c. bottle of "Putnam's" to-day.

FRANCE UNTERFIERED.

They Are Fighting the Battle of Civilization.

Few addresses made by the heads of the nations at war have been as admirable in spirit and substance as that of President Poincaré, made, too, in the very face of the news of the Russian reverses. France is not crushed, she is not dismayed; all that German frightfulness has essayed leaves her still unfettered. With a calmness and courage and an indomitability that afford a lesson to the world, the men in the trenches, and

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE

Under the control of the Department of Agriculture of Ontario. Established 1862. Affiliated with the University of Toronto. 110 University Ave., TORONTO, ONT., CAN. College Reopens Friday, October 1st, 1915. Write Dept. D. for Calendar. E. A. A. Grange, V.S., M.S., Principal.

THE GIDLEY BOAT CO., LIMITED, PENETANG, CAN.

"Overstern" V Bottom Motor Boat

Freight Prepaid to any Railway Station in Ontario. Length 12 Ft., Beam 3 Ft. 9 In., Depth 1 Ft. 6 In. ANY MOTOR FITS.

Specification No. 2B giving engine prices on request. Get our quotations on—"The Penetang Line" Commercial and Pleasure Launches, Row boats and Canoes.

THE GIDLEY BOAT CO., LIMITED, PENETANG, CAN.

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THE GIDLEY BOAT CO., LIMITED, PENETANG, CAN.

NEWEST MATERIALS

For Ladies' Suits and Dresses
Just Opened Up for Fall Trade

Charming Silks, Rich Silk and Wool Fabrics, splendid range of Wool Serges, Panamas, Checks, etc. Purchasing early and in quantities to get special prices enables us to price these early shipments at a saving of 10% to 25% to that which will have to be charged for later buying. We state these facts for our customers' benefit. A little later on they will realize the wisdom of that early purchase.

BUY WOOLLENS AND LINENS NOW. These goods will be scarce and much higher later on. **BUY COTTON GOODS ANY TIME** as the price will show little change excepting in "Colored Cottons." The dye question is a serious one: keep your household supplies well filled in Prints, Ginghams, Galateas, Shirtings, Denims, Wrapperettes and Chintz, for these are goods with the guaranteed aniline dye. Substitutes for aniline will have to be used soon and then comes the trouble on wash days.

There Never Was a Year When Early Buyers Will Reap Such Benefits

We do not urge extravagance but we do urge buying necessities at the opportune time. **RECEIVING EARLY IMPORT ORDERS.**—We are now passing into stock large quantities of the most carefully selected stock of merchandise this store has ever shown. Buying always from manufacturers with a reputation for quality and value, paying spot cash for every dollar's worth the minute the goods are checked off in the store, to save every cent in discounts in order to keep prices within reason.

Another Shipment of Woollen Blankets and Woollen Yarns

Direct from same mills as supplied R. C. Vause. These goods are so well and favorably known we do not have to go into details. The difference in quality in these homespun goods and homeknit socks and mitts from the ordinary factory stuff is such that the demand will likely far exceed the supply.

Clearing Summer Goods to the Last Dollar

A Table of Real Bargains for This Week.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

NOTE HEADS, BILL HEADS
LETTER HEADS, MEMOS
STATEMENTS.

ENVELOPES, CIRCULARS,
CATALOGUES, BOOKS,
LABELS, SHIPPING TAGS.

The Transcript Press
Printers to Particular People

PROGRAMMES, BUSINESS
CARDS, VISITING CARDS,
WEDDING STATIONERY

DODGERS, POSTERS, SALE
BILLS, DATE LINES, SCORE
CARDS, ETC. ETC.

What Canada Must Do.

By Ralph Connor.

What, then, is the immediate duty of Canadians? To raise large sums of money? Not so much. Old John Bull may be safely trusted to look after the financing of this war. But for Canada two things lie to her hand. Listen to the insistent iteration of Lloyd George: "Munitions and machine guns, munitions and machine guns." Let every Canadian wheel that can turn on a shell be set a-going. Let every Canadian workman and workwoman that can get to a munition factory or gun factory get there, and with all speed. Shells and more shells. Machine guns and more machine guns. Where British soldiers have two machine guns Germans have forty. Shells wasted mean battalions saved. We have tried fighting machine guns with men and have learned our bitter lesson. Canadian shells and Canadian machine guns mean the saving of Canadian men.

And the other need is this: Men. Listen to Kitchener in his great Guildhall speech the other day: "I shall have to ask you for more men. The time was when we could not equip or clothe or arm or train men in large numbers. That time, thank God, is now past. And today I ask you for more men."

Canadians, do you know that your name is like a flame in British hearts to-day? That men's voices quiver and their eyes grow dim as they tell the tale of Xpres, and of St. Julien, and of Festubert? The call is more insistent to-day than eight months ago, a thousand times over, for men, for Canadian men, the same kind that held the gap at St. Julien, and as French himself said three days after that glorious fight, in tones that broke and faltered, saved the day. It thrills our Canadian hearts to recall his words: "Canadians, I want you to know that when you held the line that day you saved the British Empire—well, I will take that back, for we should finally have recovered what we lost, but for that day, at least, you saved the Empire's name and the army."

Canadian women, you will not hold back your men, your sons and your sweethearts, but will send them forth where honor and safety bid them go.

Men, and ever more men! Not the men only who can be spared! Not the men without ties of love to hold their hearts! Not the men whose going is easy! No, no! But the men whose going will imperil business interests and will break hearts. These men, men of sacrifice, whose wives and mothers will wave them away with mist-dimmed eyes, but with hearts that will not refuse to make complete the sacrifice.

Seriously, soberly, solemnly, let it be said, that unless the Empire can furnish in overwhelming quantities munitions of war, and in overwhelming numbers men of war, the bitterness and humiliation of defeat will be our portion, and the shame and slavery of an infamous and tyrannous militarism will be the portion of our children.

The kind of patriotism which talks most impressively is that expressed in joining the battalions for overseas service and in giving to the funds of a patriotic nature which need support.

The manner in which the Canadian people have come forward during the last month with offers of machine guns is cheering evidence that their heart is in the war, that they are awake to the need for increased efforts and sacrifice, and that they are determined nothing shall be lacking on their part to ensure the final triumph of right and liberty.

Fall Fair Dates.

Ailsa Craig	Sept. 28 and 29
Alvinston	Oct. 7 and 8
Blenheim	Oct. 7 and 8
Brigden	Oct. 9
Chatham	Sept. 21-23
Comber	Sept. 29 and 30
Delaware	Oct. 13
Dorchester Station	Oct. 6
Dresden	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Essex	Sept. 20-Oct. 1
Florence	Oct. 11 and 12
Forest	Sept. 29 and 30
Galt	Sept. 30, Oct. 1
Glencoe	Sept. 28 and 29
Hamilton	Sept. 15-18
Harrow	Oct. 5 and 6
Highgate	Oct. 1 and 2
Kingston	Sept. 28-30
Lambeth	Oct. 5
Leamington	Oct. 6-8
London	Sept. 10-18
Melbourne	Oct. 6
Munsey	Oct. 1
Ottawa	Sept. 10-18
Parkhill	Sept. 23 and 24
Petrolia	Sept. 23 and 24
Ridgeway	Oct. 11-13
Rosney	Oct. 4 and 5
Sarnia	Sept. 28 and 29
Strathroy	Sept. 20-22
Thamesville	Oct. 5 and 6
Toronto	Aug. 28-Sept. 13
Wallaceburg	Sept. 28 and 29
Wallacetown	Sept. 30-Oct. 1
Watford	Oct. 6
Windsor	Oct. 31-Sept. 3
Woodstock	Sept. 23 and 24
Wyoming	Oct. 1 and 2

A lady writes: "I was enabled to remove the corns, root and branch, by the use of Howay's Corn Cure. Others who have tried it have the same experience."

FIXED IT IN THE DEED.

A Real Estate Agent's Kindness to One of His Customers.

J. Cooper Props, formerly a real estate agent in Eaton, Ind., a few years ago had practically concluded a sale of a residence in that town to a farmer who desired to retire, when the customer suddenly discovered that there was no cellar beneath the dwelling. The house suited him perfectly, and his wife also was highly pleased with it, but both of them demanded a cellar before taking it, even though they previously had gone as far as to tell Mr. Props to draw up the deed.

"Well, I'll tell you what I'll do," said Props. "Of course there's no cellar under there now, but I'll fix it in the deed—write it all out and everything, so there can't be any mistake—so that you have the privilege of excavating for the cellar at any time you please and without interference from any source."

Mr. and Mrs. Farmer said they "guessed" that would be all right, so after their right to construct their own cellar had been carefully safeguarded in the deed by elaborate phrases they paid over their money and took possession. But to this day, Props says, they look at him in a dazed and puzzled way every time they meet him.—In Indianapolis News.

OLD TIME HARVARD LAWS.

When Students Had to Get the President's Permission to Smoke.

Imagine a twentieth century Harvard undergraduate asking the president of the university for permission to smoke or buy a drink. Yet permission was necessary in the eighteenth century, according to the history of Harvard before 1750. One college rule read:

"No scholar shall take tobacco unless permitted by ye president with ye consent of his parents or guardian and on good reason first given by a physician and then in a sober and private manner."

Further, "No scholar shall unnecessarily frequent any tavern or victualing house in Cambridge to eat or drink there without leave from ye president or one of ye tutors."

Another regulation read: "If any scholar be guilty of drunkenness he shall be fined 5 shillings and make a public confession. No undergraduate shall keep by him distilled spirituous liquors, nor shall he use any such drinks as punch or flip."

Saturday evenings all students were required to retire to their chambers at sunset and not unnecessarily leave them.—New York World.

The Chief Justice.

"There are very few people who know the proper designation of the man who presides over the supreme court," said the secretary of the senate.

"Generally he is referred to as the chief justice of the United States supreme court. In fact, he is the chief justice. That's his official title. Most of our presidents in nominating men for this office have fallen into the error of giving him the long title. When George Washington nominated Oliver Ellsworth of Connecticut for this post he described it as chief justice of the supreme court of the United States. Andrew Jackson made the same error in nominating Roger B. Taney. So did Abraham Lincoln when he appointed Salmon P. Chase. Grover Cleveland was the first president to give the correct designation. When he appointed Melville W. Fuller he nominated him to be chief justice and nothing else."—Washington Star.

Size of an Atom.

"Radium emanations," said Professor William Crookes in a lecture in London, "are due to the breaking down of the atom of radium, and electricians are constantly flying off with about two-thirds the speed of light (182,000 miles per second). These electrons are now looked upon as being absolute units of negative electricity. To try to illustrate their size is difficult. Imagine one drop of water magnified to the size of the earth (8,000 miles in diameter). An atom would then be about the size of a walnut or a cricket ball. Now magnify the cricket ball or atom to a cube of about 100 feet each side. The electron would be about the size of this dot (.)—one one-hundredth of an inch in diameter. The mind cannot conceive such figures."

Pass It Along.

Few of us have been so exceptionally unfortunate as not to find, in our own age, some experienced friend who has helped us by precious counsel never to be forgotten. We cannot render it in kind; but, perhaps, in the fullness of time it may become our noblest duty to aid another as we ourselves have been aided and to transmit to him an invaluable treasure.—Phillip Gilbert Hamerton.

Fiction and Fact.

"Charlie got his ideas of married life from the comic papers."

"Well?"

"He says after he got married he was agreeably surprised to find that his wife could get a satisfactory hat for \$5.—Louisville Courier-Journal."

An Unlucky Ring.

Cynicus—I once knew a fellow who gave a girl an engagement ring of opals. Sillicus—Gracious! Wasn't it lucky? Cynicus—You bet it was! She married him.—Judge.

Success is sweet; the sweeter if long delayed and attained through manifold struggles and defeats.—A. Bronson Alcott.

You can cook to the full capacity of the top and bake an oven full of good things with a

McClary's Pandora

Range at the same time. Many exclusive features you should know about. Let the McClary dealer show you.

Sold by Jas. Wright & Son

ANNOUNCEMENT

THE NEW 1916 CANADIAN REGAL

POWER DURABILITY QUALITY

These three words tell just exactly what you buy in the New Canadian Regal for \$875. As you get in you see beauty. When you are seated you discover real comfort. As you start you sense power—abundant, smooth—quiet. Power—With its long 5-inch stroke motor, you have an abundance of power to satisfy the most exacting.

4-28 TOURING CAR, PRICE \$875 F. O. B. BERLIN, ONT.

For demonstration phone or write

Wm. McCallum - Dealer
GLENCOE
DODGE BROS. and REGAL CARS

"STUDEBAKER"

Announces a 7-passenger 40 h. p. FOUR at \$1195

—the FIRST 7-passenger car at less than \$1,500—and the best 4-cylinder car, without exception, than Studebaker ever built.

Never before have you been able to buy so large or so powerful a car as this at such a LOW price. And never before has Studebaker produced a car that so completely represented its unequalled resources and manufacturing facilities.

GEO. A. PARROTT, AGENT - GLENCOE

"ANNOUNCEMENT"

TO BE "MADE IN CANADA"

CHEVROLET

5-PASSENGER TOURING CAR

This model was placed on the American market on the first day of June, 1915. 47,611 Cars were sold in 17 days. Mr. W. C. Durant, President of the Company, has purchased the plant of the Dominion Carriage Co., Limited, West Toronto. His company takes possession on October 1st and hope to have cars ready for delivery in three months. The Model 490 is a "Real Car" and may be seen in the Transportation Building at the Toronto Fair. Equipped with Speedometer, Electric Light and Starting System. Everything first-class and fully guaranteed. Price \$660 F. O. B. Toronto. Address all correspondence:

N. & A. M. GRAHAM, GLENCOE

THE STORE for BIG VALUE

Big Value in Men's Suits
 " Men's Straw Hats
 " Men's Underwear
 " Men's Furnishings
 " Linoleum
 " Lace Curtains
 " Curtain Nets
 " Crepe Dress Goods
 " Voile Dress Goods
 " Ladies' Underwear
 " Whitewear
 " Ladies' Waists
 " Ladies' Fancy Furnishings

SEE THE BIG VALUE IN MEN'S SUMMER SHIRTS
 HIGHEST PRICES FOR BUTTER AND EGGS.

CHAS. DEAN

MRS. W. A. CURRIE

MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET,
 GLENCOE Phone 25

WARDSVILLE
 ONTARIO

RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.

East-bound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 6:27 a. m.; No. 11, express to London and intermediate points, 7:30 a. m.; No. 10, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 8:30 a. m.; No. 10, local accommodation to London, 10:10 a. m.; West-bound—No. 13, mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 14, way freight and passenger, 10:15 a. m.; No. 15, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:25 p. m.; No. 11, local mail and express, 6:37 p. m.; No. 13, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 8:51 p. m.; No. 14, 16, 115 and 115 Sundays included.

Wabash and Air Line.

East-bound—No. 32, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 8:25 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:30 p. m.; No. 33, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:30 p. m.; West-bound—No. 33, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9 a. m.; No. 33, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:30 p. m.; No. 3, express, 8:25 p. m.; No. 2 and No. 3 Sundays included.

King's Cross Branch.

Leave Glencoe for Kingston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia Tunnel and points west—No. 360, mixed, 7:30 a. m.; No. 17, passenger, 3:10 a. m.; No. 37, mixed, 6:40 p. m.; Arrive at Glencoe—No. 118, passenger, 7:05 a. m.; No. 120, express, 2:45 p. m.; No. 37, mixed, 6:15 p. m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

East-bound—No. 534, Sundays included, 12:27 p. m.; No. 62, 6:10 p. m.; West-bound—No. 61, 8:57 a. m.; No. 63, Sundays included, 8:27 p. m.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE

Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:00 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6 p. m.; London and East, 2:40 p. m. and 7 p. m.; Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 9:45 a. m.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

"Canadian National Exhibition"

RETURN TICKETS

at reduced fares to Toronto from all stations in Canada. Special train service and low rate excursions from all principal points on certain dates. Ask agents for full particulars. Special train for Toronto will leave Glencoe 8:27 a. m., Sept. 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Harvest Help Excursions

\$12.00 TO WINNIPEG

August 29th, from stations Toronto to North Bay inclusive and East, but not including Kingston, Renfrew or East thereof. August 29th, from stations in Ontario, North and West of Toronto, but not including line Toronto to North Bay. For particulars as to tickets West of Winnipeg, etc., apply to any Grand Trunk Agent.

WATERPROOF-NON-RIP

Shoes for Men

\$3.50 and \$4.00

These Shoes are custom made of the best leather obtainable and usually sell for \$6 and \$7. They are military in style and will give excellent service. We are so sure of their goodness and wearing qualities that we GUARANTEE them absolutely unrippable. If they do rip before the bottoms wear out we will repair them FREE OF CHARGE.

We purchased a manufacturer's entire lot of these shoes and so are able to offer them to you at the ridiculously low prices quoted above. To appreciate the value of these shoes you have to see them. That is what we want you to do, so we extend an invitation to every man in Glencoe and vicinity to pay our store a visit any time.

Modern Shoe Repair Store

MAIN STREET

The quarterly official board of the Methodist church will hold its first regular meeting for this year on Thursday evening of this week in the church at 8 o'clock.

Alfred H. Jones and family have moved to Glencoe from Alvinston and are occupying Miss McLean's house on Dean street. Mr. Jones will assist Mr. Donaldson at the power house the coming winter.

The engagement is announced of Miss Ethel Maude Adams, daughter of the late Eliza Adams, of Glencoe, and Mrs. Sarah Adams, of Leamington, to Arthur H. Wood, of Ottawa. The marriage will take place at Leamington in October.

Mr. Nelles, representing Dalgety Bros., of Scotland, has in company with D. D. Graham, purchased five carloads of heavy horses in Middlesex and is shipping them to Perth, Scotland, tomorrow. Two carloads are going from Glencoe.

The annual picnic of Burns' church, Moss, will be held on Labor Day (Sept. 6) in Archie L. Munro's grove, Kilmartin. An exceptionally good program is being prepared, which will include the London Pipe Band and favorite entertainers in song, story and speech.

Rev. Dr. Ford conducted the services and preached in Glencoe Presbyterian church on Sunday. Rev. Mr. Weir, the pastor, will be home from his vacation this week and will occupy the pulpit next Sunday. The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed on the first Sunday in September.

Publication of the list of contributors to the Glencoe machine gun fund has been deferred for another week in order to have the list complete. Unpaid subscribers to the fund are requested to send in their contributions by Saturday night the amounts subscribed.

Four fine days last week gave the farmers another chance at their harvest, but rain again on Friday and Saturday gave them more trouble. About half the oat crop is still in the field and fields of hay here and there remain uncut. Most of the oats had to be cut with the mowers and will be badly shelled. Much of the crop will be practically unsaved.

To be quite in style Glencoe had its annual "civic holiday" and the date was last Monday. There was no particular attraction and the day appeared to hardly know what to do with themselves. Even the time-honored Sunday School excursion failed to materialize this year. Business interests would be better served if there were fewer holidays on the calendar.

The Union Sunday School in School Section No. 4, Ekfrid, will hold a basket picnic in Alex. C. McDonald's grove on the banks of the Thames on Thursday, August 29th. The program will be a good program of sports, featuring a tug-of-war between married and single ladies, a baseball match, prize for best looking lady on the grounds, and refreshments furnished by the Muncey brass band.

FRUIT BULLETIN

The famous Yellow St. John Peach, Niagara District origin, now at its best—will be followed by other first-class varieties. Many varieties for canning. Homekeepers order Peaches and Plums now. Every grocer handles them.

In yesterday's published list of casualties at the front appear the names of Stanley C. Henderson, Minotomas, Man, as having been killed in action on August 12th. Mr. Henderson enlisted with the Winnipeg Rifles. He was a son of Christopher Henderson, formerly of Moss township, and a nephew of Thomas Henderson, president of the Moss and Ekfrid Agricultural Association.

Over 1,300 men left Ontario on Tuesday to help rear the western crop making a total of about 13,000 in the last ten days. Harvesting is proceeding with a rush. Practically no damage has resulted from frost and prospects are for continued favorable weather. The wheat crop of the western provinces is estimated 275 to 300 million bushels and there will be an enormous yield of oats.

Newbury had its military field day yesterday, which was also the civic holiday of the village. The 3rd Battalion, a machine gun squad and the Hussars Band were down from London and entertained at a dinner by the ladies of the village. After dinner the soldiers gave an exhibition in the Old Boys' Park. There were also sports and patriotic speeches, and a concert in the evening.

The following passengers for the West were booked by the C. P. R. town ticket office for the harvesters' and homekeepers' excursions this week: For Winnipeg—John Campbell, Moss; Harold Field, Alvinston; John A. McNeil, Kerwood; J. Goldrick, Napier; F. Goldrick, Napier; Roy Quick, Strathroy; Neil McCallum, Alvinston; John McVicar, Alvinston; R. Graham, Glencoe; I. Dewar, Moss; J. Chisolm, Moss; C. McIntyre, Moss; For Edmonton—Roy Edgar, James McTaggart.

Wardsville is having a big day tomorrow (Friday) for a machine gun fund. Two hundred dollars will be given in cash prizes in a programme of games and sports and novelty features, including \$50 to the couple who will get married on the grounds at Riverview Park during the day or at the theatre in the evening where the funny play "It's a Long Way to Tipperary" will be put on by the Lona Fendell Stock Company. Band music, calliope music, tug-of-war, etc., are also announced. The committee promise the biggest field day ever held in Middlesex.

The Junior Red Cross League, a local organization for patriotic work, under the direction of Miss Matheson, realized \$46 net of their share of the proceeds of last Wednesday evening's picture show. The show was partly under their auspices and had as special features a reading by Mrs. Doull, songs by Miss Ethel Bechill and Morley Farrell, a piano duet by Miss Dundon and Dick Singleton and piano selections by Miss Dundon. These were greatly appreciated by the audience. Another entertainment, somewhat similar, will be given for the same object shortly, with a good selection of picture films.

A LIFETIME OF SICKNESS

Worn Out, Thin and Miserable Until She Took "Fruit-a-tives"

PALMISTON, June 20th, 1914. "Somach Trouble and Distressing Headaches nearly drove me wild. Some time ago, I got a box of 'Fruit-a-tives,' your famous fruit medicine, and they completely relieved me. To-day I am feeling fine and a physician, meeting me in the street, asked the reason for my improved appearance. I said, 'I am taking Fruit-a-tives.' He said, 'If Fruit-a-tives make you look so well, go ahead and take them. They are doing more for you than I can.'"

Mrs. H. S. WILLIAMS.
 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Cash for eggs.—G. A. McAlpine. 50¢ Old papers for sale at the Transcript office.

Choice seed wheat for sale.—Wm. A. McCutcheon. 77

Best Manitoba flour for sale at McLachlan's Bakery. 90¢

For sale—8 pigs, seven weeks old.—Elihu Shaw, Woodgreen. 70¢

Two choice Shorthorn bulls for sale.—D. N. Munroe, Kilmartin. 74-3

Butter paper printed, 3¢ cents per 100 sheets, at the Transcript office.

Private greeting cards for Christmas. Order early at The Transcript office.

See the new Overland car. It will surprise you.—S. Humphries, Agent, Glencoe.

The Transcript is agent for all the daily papers. Let us remit your subscription.

Special bargains in shoes and slippers. Repairing a specialty.—Sexsmith & Co.

Apples wanted at the Glencoe Evaporating Factory. All kinds suitable for peeling. Good prices. 70¢

The Overland is the simplest and most up-to-date car on the market.—S. Humphries, Agent, Glencoe.

"Rough on Rats" clears out rats, mice, etc. Don't die in the house. 10c and 25c at drug and country stores.

For sale, in the village of Glencoe, a good dwelling-house and two lots. Plenty of hard and soft water. Apply at Transcript office. 72¢

Fresh extracted clover honey in 5 and 10-lb. pails, also some bee supplies for sale. Beside McRae, Fairview Place, Appin Road; phone 501.

All notices in this column are strictly cash. If orders are telephoned The Transcript, kindly arrange to pay the amount the first time you are in town, so they will not have to be carried through the books.

Selling Out.—A discount of 12½ allowed off purchases of fresh groceries in \$5 lots and up for cash, sugars and tobacco excepted. White wine vinegar, 25c a gallon net. Highest prices for fresh eggs.—W. A. Currie, Grocer.

Our fall shoes are now on sale—a larger and better assorted stock than ever. We are prepared to offer our customers some of the best values in shoes ever offered. Call and inspect our stock before buying your fall footwear.—C. George. 70¢

The Patriotic Lawn Fete.

Come one and all to meet your friends. Before the summer weather ends. At the big lawn fete, next Friday night. At 7 o'clock. It will be a sight to see.

First come the tea from six till eight. Then after, when you're feeling great. With speeches, songs and jokes galore.

So everybody be right there. Each lad with his lady fair. Get in the game and treat her well. To everything the ladies sell.

The price is little—thirty-five. Will pay for all—so look alive. And do your duty and your share. To help our boys the burden bear.

And if perchance rain still doth fall. We'll meet you in the Glencoe Hall. So be on hand to join the fun. And feel your little you have done.

FRUIT NEWS

Burbanks, Gages and Bradshaw Plums, also Triumph Peaches, are now at their best for canning. The thrifty housewife will put up more fruit this year than ever before. Plums with their numerous varieties, present a change for table dessert which is not possible with any other variety of fruit. Peaches are especially favorable as a home canning and preserving fruit—easily preserved and delicious when served on the table. Grocers are quite willing to book orders ahead and housekeepers should see their dealers in good time as this year is a home canning year if ever there was one.

At a special meeting of the Moss township council held at Newbury on Tuesday it was decided to levy a rate of one and one-third mills on the dollar for patriotic purposes. There was a fair representation of the electors present and no dissenting voice. The levy will raise about two thousand dollars and it is proposed to give one thousand dollars for a machine gun and expend the balance for other patriotic purposes as need may require.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Ayer

The Ayler Express has added a type setting machine to its equipment and celebrated the event last week by issuing a 26-page edition. The Express is a live newspaper printed in a live business town, it is quite evident.

PERSONAL MENTION

—Nurse Susie Hull is home from South Bend, Indiana.

—Miss Bessie Auld, of Melbourne, is visiting Miss Bessie Cowan.

—Miss Maggie McBean is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Hopkins, at Shelden.

—Miss Tena Beaumes, of Windsor, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. D. McColl.

—Mrs. (Dr.) McIntyre and daughter Kathleen are visiting relatives in Belmont.

—Miss Olive Tedford, of Alvinston, spent a few days with Miss Gladys McLevey.

—Miss Martha Watterworth is visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Reycraft, of Oxford.

—H. D. Johnson, public school inspector, of Strathroy, was in town on Tuesday.

—Miss Kate Gillies spent last week the guest of Mrs. S. C. Hoag, of Thamesville.

—Mrs. Samuel B. Blackhall spent a few days with her mother at 834 Lorne Ave., London.

—Walter G. Green, of 834 Lorne Ave., London, left for Winnipeg Saturday morning.

—Misses Edna and Muriel Precious visited their sister, Mrs. Adams, in Detroit last week.

—Miss Rose McDonald, of Winnipeg, has been visiting for a few days at Mrs. Dundon's.

—Mrs. (Rev.) Armstrong, of Delhi, was the guest of Mrs. R. P. McLevey one day last week.

—E. M. Doull and son Gray are spending a week with friends in Woodstock and Toronto.

—Miss Mabel McLevey is spending her vacation in Alvinston, the guest of Miss Reva Welch.

—Mrs. Keith and Miss Florence Mitchell attended the millinery opening in London this week.

—Mrs. C. E. Davidson and children spent a few days this week visiting relatives in Chatham.

—Miss Beatrice Brown, of Chatham, spent a few days last week the guest of Miss Evelyn McLachlan.

—Mrs. Archibald McIntyre, Victoria street south, is visiting her brother, Alexander Black, Watford.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Poole spent over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell Walker at Belle River.

—Mrs. R. P. McLevey and daughter Gladys are attending the millinery openings in Toronto this week.

—Highgate Monitor.—Mrs. Long and Mamie are visiting in Glencoe this week at the home of E. Maginn.

—B. H. Hornsby, who left for Hamilton last week, has enlisted in the 1st Battery Canadian Field Artillery.

—Miss Catharine McArthur, Ekfrid, has returned from a visit at the home of Peter McAskill, near Highgate.

—Miss McDougall, of Melbourne, and Mr. Sawyer, of Canada, were visitors at J. C. Cowan's on Monday.

—John A. McFarlane, of London, was in town on Monday attending the funeral of the late John Roy McRae.

—Alvinston Free Press.—Misses Kathleen, Reta and Lorna Ross are spending a week's holidays in Glencoe.

—Geo. A. McGill left Tuesday on the homekeepers' excursion for a trip to Winnipeg, Moosejaw and other points west.

—Miss Florence Keith and Miss Jean McLachlan are visiting in London the guests of Miss Patterson, Queen's Avenue.

—Miss Mary Beaumes, of Detroit, and Miss Margaret Guppy, of Windsor, were visitors at J. D. McColl's for a few days.

—St. Thomas Times.—Miss Bertha Whittle, of Toronto, is spending two weeks in Glencoe, the guest of Miss Ethel Bechill.

—Miss Catharine Sutherland leaves on Monday for Eureka Springs, Arkansas, to attend the Ozark Bible and Literary School.

—Mrs. M. J. McAlpine, who was taken to a Detroit hospital for treatment for appendicitis, is making good recovery and is expected home this week.

—Mrs. (Dr.) W. G. Russell and two children, of Toronto, also Miss Jean Russell, of Toronto, have returned to their homes after spending a few weeks with friends at Glencoe and Wardsville.

—Col. A. D. Davidson and Randolph McRae, of Toronto, were here to attend the funeral of the late John Roy McRae and spent over Sunday and Monday with Mr. McRae's mother, Mrs. Mary McRae, Wall street.

—Dr. and Mrs. John McEachern and daughter Mary and son Hugh and Miss Mildred Allan, of Vermontville, Mich., motored to Glencoe last week and spent Thursday to Sunday with Miss Maggie McBean, Main street north.

—Miss McEachern, principal of the high school, arrived home from Toronto on Saturday and has almost completely recovered from an illness which kept her in the hospital for a few weeks after assisting in examination work at the Department of Education.

—Forest Standard.—Mr. and Mrs. Allen McPherson, of Glencoe, returned home, Monday, by auto, after spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McPherson, Prince street. They were accompanied home by Miss Elsie McPherson, who will spend her holidays there.

—The Transcript had a pleasant call on Monday from J. E. Laughlin, of Windsor, and John A. Campbell, of Detroit, who were here attending the funeral of the late John Roy McRae.

Mr. Laughlin was formerly G. T. R. agent here and is now connected with the Windsor Sand and Gravel Company. He was accompanied by his son Don, who is in the automobile business. Mr. Campbell, the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Campbell, formerly of Glencoe, and is making good as an optometrist in Detroit.

Carelessness with parlor matches is responsible for a few fires and a lot of divorces.

AUCTION SALES

Postponed auction sale at Joseph Siddall's will be held on Tuesday, Aug. 31st, at one o'clock. Farm stock.

Screen Doors and Windows Hammocks Oil Stoves Builders' Hardware and Glass	Useful Lines at Special Prices	Lawn Mowers at all prices to suit the pocket Harvest Tools in Every Variety
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JAS. WRIGHT & SON
 THE CHINAMEL STORE BINDER TWINE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS' PAINTS

APPIN LUMBER YARD

We handle everything in the building line, including lumber, lath, shingles, lime, Pedlar roofing and siding, also fence posts and Beaver Board.

Contracts made for building. Quality first.
 Get our prices.

W. R. STEPHENSON
 APPIN, ONT.

AUCTIONS SALE

31 HEAD

PURE BRED HOLSTEINS

Including the two Herd Sires. Some splendid Young Bulls and Heifers among the lot.

At the Glenscott Farm
 Third Con., London Township
 Lots 14 and 15, East of Mount Hope

You may take a short cut to the farm by taking Richmond St. Car north to Bernard St. and cross the river on the foot bridge to the farm.

On Wednesday, Sept. 15, 1915
 All Cattle will be sold between 1.30 and 4 p. m.

The following property, viz.:

1 pair Percheron Horses	1 Light Cutter
1 pair Clyde Mares	1 Iron Wheelbarrow
1 Yearling Colt	18 Cow Blankets
9 Pigs, York. and Chester.	1 Union Scale
8 Pigs, York. and Berk., 4 months old	8 Milk Cans, 80 lbs. each
1 Farm Wagon, with Patent Rack	1 Cream Separator, 700 lbs.
2 Fluey Plows	1 Milk Cooler, Drummond's
1 Bissel Roller	1 set Buhr Grinding Stones
1 set Disk Harrows	2 only Iron Hangers and Pulleys
1 set Drag Harrows, 3 sections	1 Hot Water Boiler
1 Cultivator	1 Pure Bred Leghorn Fowl
2 sets Heavy Harness	1 Grinding Mill
1 set Light Harness	1 Iron Mixer
1 Democrat Wagon	9 acres Ensilage Corn
1 set Heavy Bobsleighs	2 acres Roots
	1 Clover Hay

Applications for the farm, to be rented or worked on shares.

1 Hot Water "Candee" Brooder, capacity 700 chicks, all complete and set up, cost \$160.00

Calalogue of Holstein Cattle may be had by writing

T. B. ESCOTT, London

Western Fair London

Canada

Sept. 10th - 18th 1915

\$30,000.00 in Prizes and Attractions

Prizes increased this year by \$3,000.00.	Two Speed Events Daily.
Excellent Program of Attractions Twice Daily.	Fireworks Every Night.
	New Steel Grandstand.
	Midway Better Than Ever.

Music by the Best Available Bands

SINGLE FARE OVER ALL RAILWAYS West
 of Toronto, and Fare and One-Third from outside points

Prize Lists, Entry Forms and all information from the Secretary

W. J. REID, President **A. M. HUNT, Secretary**

Woman Against Woman or A Terrible Accusation.

CHAPTER XXX.—(Cont'd.)

Muriel laughed loudly. "Would I not? And yet you claim to know me! I have stolen the letter from Leslie's pocket. What else was my desire in its possession? I have a demand to make of you. Listen: If you will go away—away where this family shall no longer be disgraced and insulted by your presence, I promise that I will protect your infamous secret for the sake of my dead sister and the good name of the family; but if you refuse, the world shall know why Ethel Dunraven went to her death, and the guilty cause of all."

Ailsa looked at her. She realized that Muriel was full of carnal desire, carrying out her threat, perfectly willing to bring disgrace and humiliation upon Dunraven, the man who had saved her from a fate worse than death, and she would have died willingly to save him sorrow and shame. For the first time she found herself in a trap from which it seemed that even death could not extricate her, for it would not accomplish her object of saving him.

She lifted her hand helplessly to her head. Muriel was not slow to see the advantage she had gained.

"Do you wish to hear this letter?" she questioned, the triumphant smile deepening upon her lips.

And then to prove that it was really in her possession, she drew it from her bosom, stained and soiled as it was, and read it through to the end, watching Ailsa's face as she read, noting the deepening horror upon it, the lines of shame and torture that grew under the lovely eyes.

Still there was no mercy in the heart of the woman-devil. She read on to the end, refolded and placed it in her bosom, then put her question in the lightest tone, deadly and odious as it was:

"Shall that production go before the world? Shall Dunraven be humiliated and ostracized as its author? Shall all humanity know that he sent his wife to death for the sake of another woman? The answer rests alone with you. You can save him, or you can send him to social destruction as you have sent his wife to death. What do you say?"

CHAPTER XXXI.

What could she say? What was there left to do? She could not temporize with that female fiend, and she knew it but too cruelly well. Yielding, absolute compliance with the woman's will, was the only course that would avail, and Ailsa knew it.

She knew also that she could never be Leslie Dunraven's wife, with a dead wife standing between them, more hopelessly than even a living one could have done.

And while she stood there irresolute, too stunned and dismayed to suffer, the door opened to admit Dunraven himself.

He seemed surprised to find those two there, and it was Ailsa who broke the silence.

She turned to Muriel proudly, her pretty head lifted high, and said, slowly:

"Allow me a few moments alone with Mr. Dunraven, if you please."

There was something in her manner, Muriel could not have told what, that gave the answer Muriel craved, and a light of glittering triumph came to her eyes. She bowed deeply, and withdrew.

There was that in her manner that had alarmed Dunraven as well, and as soon as the door closed upon his wife's sister, he turned to her, taking but one step in her direction. Something in her face arrested him.

"You have something to say to me, Ailsa?" he questioned, dully, lifting his hand to his head, as if to still the pain there.

"Yes. You have already guessed what it is, Leslie. You know how impossible it would be for me to remain now. I want to say—good-bye, dear."

"Good-bye!" he stammered. "Yes. It is very—hard, Leslie. 'Hard!' he returned, hoarsely. 'It is perdition! After all, why is it necessary that you should go?'"

She shivered slightly. "I couldn't stay—now! I should feel that I had slain her with my own hand in order to attain a happiness filled with guilt! You must see how—useless it would all be! You must understand that we should grow to hate each other if we remained together—now!"

He was silent for a long time. It seemed that he never could force his voice to reply. He walked to the window and looked down into the street, the sunlight on the snow making his eyes ache with a pain that stabbed through him like a knife, and yet he did not turn from it.

It did not seem to him that he was thinking. Life was only a blank, and it mattered not at all what happened.

Ailsa stood there staring at his back, thinking of new words with which to interrupt his meditation, and started slightly when he turned to her, facing around suddenly, as if afraid his courage might fail.

"I suppose you are right," he said, in a voice so strained and tense as to be unrecognizable. "There would be eternally a ghastly presence between us. I think I had no time until last night to realize the enormity of my offense against her! Her sin did not excuse me. I have no right to accept happiness at such a cost to her. I would have stood by my word if you had demanded it of me, Ailsa, but when I kissed you, her lips would have been between us, cold and rigid; her dead eyes would have looked into mine, her icy hand would have pushed against my heart, her voice would have cried out from the very grave, Ailsa, I wish I could tell you how I suffer!"

bing pain which seemed lacerating her heart?

She understood it now! Understood why she could not suffer in bidding Leslie Dunraven adieu. It was because she loved this man with an overmastering power that Leslie Dunraven had never been able to arouse within her. She loved him! Lloyd Ogden—and she knew she had lost him forever by her own sin!

She bowed her head and accepted the blow which had been dealt her in punishment.

"It is just!" she muttered, in heart-broken penitence. "It is just and right! It is the vengeance of Ethel Dunraven sent by the hand of Heaven! Let me accept it meekly and uncomplainingly!"

CHAPTER XXXII.

A long, serious illness was the result of all the excitement and misery of those weeks for Ailsa.

They found her lying upon the floor in a fainting condition, and for weeks she was delirious, raving of the part she had played in the destruction of Ethel Dunraven, and of a thousand other things which her patient, ever-attentive physician could not understand.

She was removed to a private place provided by good Doctor Paxton, and for weeks no one save the nurse selected by the doctor was allowed to see her.

There were apple-blossoms in a large vase upon the table beside her when she opened her eyes for the first time to reason. The window was open, and a balmy air was filling the room with sweet perfume.

There was a dazed expression in her eyes as she looked into those above her, eyes which she never remembered to have seen before, and she put her hand to her head in a bewildered fashion.

To her further amazement, all her lovely hair was gone, and short, clustering locks lay about her brow.

She endeavored to lift herself, but weakness overcame her, and she sank back upon the pillow. The nurse smiled as she leaned over her.

"You must not try to move," she said, gently. "You have been very, very ill. For a long time we have despaired of your life. I must go now and tell Doctor Paxton that you have awakened. Will you promise to be very quiet while I am gone?"

Ailsa smiled, not yet able to find her voice, and the nurse left the room with a swift, gliding movement that made no sound at all. Doctor Paxton was beside her almost at once.

"And so my little girl is herself again!" he exclaimed, cheerily. "This is good! Very good! Now we shall have her well and out riding a bicycle in a week or two."

He lifted her hand and pressed it gently, smiling reassuringly down into her sweet, troubled eyes.

"Have I been ill—long?" she asked, faintly.

"Well, it's been rather a long and rather a hard pull, my dear, to tell you the truth. You will have to take great care of yourself for some time to come."

"Oh—how long?" she persisted.

"Oh—six weeks, I should say; perhaps even longer—yes, all of two months. See! Spring is in bloom. Look at the apple-blossoms. I can never understand any novel heroine in spring! It is a season I could never leave under any provocation whatever!"

She lifted her hand again in bewilderment.

"Sit down," she said, plaintively. "There is so much that I must ask you. I don't seem to be able to remember as I ought, but—"

"Not now, my dear," he returned, patting her hand. "Don't you know how they always make heroines in novels go to sleep the first thing after recovering from a long delirium? Well, it is about the only sensible thing I ever knew a novel heroine to do. You must go to sleep. When you awaken you will find that you can remember better, and there will be a thousand questions you want answered to you now. I am a regular bureau of information. I am going away for just an hour now. Then I will return, and you can find out everything from me that you wish to know."

He leaned over and touched her cheek tenderly, caressingly with his fingers. She smiled feebly, murmuring faintly:

"I'm so tired!"

(To be continued.)

HARDLY COMPLIMENTARY.

Marshal Oyama Objected to be Regarded as Baked Mud.

During the Russo-Japanese war, Mr. Franklin Matthews represented an American newspaper as near the front as he could get, and one day succeeded in breaking through the news censorship and reaching Field Marshal Oyama. The interview was brief, but exceedingly courteous, and the jubilant correspondent hurried back to prepare the story for his paper. In the course of it he used the expression, "Marshal Oyama is a brick."

The letter was passed along to the official translator, and presently Captain Kanaka, of the marshal's staff, called upon the correspondent.

"Marshal Oyama presents his compliments," said the captain suavely, and regrets to inform the esteemed correspondent that his honorable letter cannot be forwarded as written.

"Why, what's wrong with it?" Captain Kanaka explained with polite gravity. "Marshal Oyama objects to having the American people regard him as baked mud."

For that was what the extremely liberal translator had made of "brick."

The word "cannon" is Greek for "rule," and is itself derived from "canna," a reed, which was selected by carpenters on account of its straightness. Far from a measuring-rule, it became a figurative rule for measuring and regulating church doctrines.

WERE SAVED BY THE CONNAUGHTS

GORDON HIGHLANDERS HAD A
NARROW ESCAPE.

Irish Regiment Came Along When
Highland Corps Was
Hard Pressed.

Pte. Robert McGregor, of the Gordon Highlanders, writes to his father of a night attack in the trenches. An aeroplane came over them:—

"Then a searchlight played on us, followed by the dropping of bright balls, which brilliantly lit up the whole place, and in a few minutes the shells got us, and were coming plump into us. One shell came right into our position and knocked over twelve of our fellows. They were practically torn asunder and the whole side of the trench was torn up. Our guns were blazing away, and I think, found the fellows who were annoying us, as their fire got slack, and, finally, closed. This sort of thing was kept up till day dawned."

"Then we saw the Huns advancing as unconcerned as if on parade. On they came in close formation, and there must have been ten to one against us. We fired as hard as we could, but they seemed to come out of nowhere, and never halted. When they were getting too close we charged. It was our only chance. When they saw us leave the trenches they halted for a moment, but afterwards came on to meet us. I don't remember much of what took place then. It was a stab and back."

Seemed Like Years.

"You could hear the smash of gun against gun, the thud, thud, but beyond that there was an uncanny silence, broken sometimes by an oath and a groan. How long this went on I hardly know (but it seemed years to me). We drove them back about a hundred yards. Our officers saw the Germans reinforced and sounded a retreat, but owing to a few machine guns, we couldn't get back into our trenches. The Germans, now greatly increased, came on again, and our fellows, only about 170 left, got ready to meet what seemed certain death."

"But just at that moment we heard the sound of singing, and the song was 'God Save Ireland.' It was the Connaught Rangers coming to our relief. I have seen some reckless Irishmen in my time, but nothing to match the recklessness and daring of those gallant Irishmen. They took the Germans on the left flank."

"The Germans now probably numbered about 2,000 against about 500 Connaughts and 170 of us; but had there been 50,000 Germans, I don't believe in my soul they could have stood before the Irish. They simply were irresistible, and all the time kept singing 'God Save Ireland.'"

Saved by the Irish.

"One huge red-haired son of Erin, having broken his rifle, got possession of a German officer's sword, and everything that came in the way of this giant went down. I thought of Wallace. Four hundred and seventy Huns were killed and wounded, and we took seventy prisoners. Had it not been for the Irish I wouldn't have been writing this now. There is nothing in the whole British army to approach them. God Save Ireland and the Irishmen."

HEALING BULLET THE LATEST.

It Carries Narcotics to Soothe the Man It Wounds.

A new bullet that carries in its nickel jacket first-aid kits filled with narcotics to deaden pain, and with antiseptics to heal the wound it makes, has been invented by Alexander Foster Humphrey, of Pittsburgh.

The new anaesthetic, antiseptic bullet carries both narcotics and antiseptic drugs. There are enough of the former so that a wound even in a vital part will cause little pain or shock to the nervous system. And while the narcotics are bringing relief to the wounded man, the antiseptic preparations are cleansing the torn tissues and checking the flow of blood.

The Humphrey bullet is exceedingly simple in construction. It looks exactly like any bullet at first glance, but a closer inspection will reveal two angular grooves pressed into its nickel jacket.

The grooves are where the first-aid drugs are stored. The one nearest the tip is for the narcotics and the other for the antiseptics.

The drugs are encased in layers of gelatine, and when the grooves are filled a thin coating of paraffin is spread over the top.

This paraffin coating is melted by the friction of the bullet in the rifling of the projecting weapon, and in its flight through the air, so that the drugs are ready to begin their work of healing as soon as the missile finds its mark.

The small amount of gelatine which is used to hold the drugs in place is entirely harmless, and is quickly absorbed by the blood. The anaesthetic is also absorbed by the system almost instantly, and in a very short time produces nearly complete insensibility to pain. At the same time the antiseptic is checking the hemorrhage, and healing with the blood to soothe and heal the torn flesh.

By the time a man has reached the area where he knows things, he is old enough to refrain from boasting of it.

"As you like it"

"SALADA"

TEA

SEALED PACKETS BLACK, MIXED OR GREEN. B 20

LIVING UNDER SHELL FIRE.

Germans Constantly Bombard Towns
Near Their Lines.

There are several towns in France where the inhabitants have grown so accustomed to being bombarded that they eat, drink, sleep and go about their daily tasks under a continual roar of cannon and bursting shells.

There are Rheims, Pont-a-Mousson, and Arras, for example, whose populations have had but few days' respite for months past.

"The last time I passed Arras in the train on the journey to Boulogne," says a correspondent, "shells could be seen and heard bursting close by, and though this was some time ago the German spite against this unfortunate town does not seem to have abated a jot. The German lines are just half a mile away. And for eight months they have shown a fiend's delight in showering shells of every calibre upon the town, until whole quarters have been reduced to ruins."

"The massively built cathedral is hardly recognizable, and the railway station is a pile of nondescript materials. There is scarcely a house intact in the place."

"One would have thought that the inhabitants would have long since quitted the inferno. When the bombardment began there were perhaps 25,000 inhabitants. About 2,000 have stoutly stuck to their native place, and refused to quit what is left of, or represents, their homes."

"A strange and admirable institution is the 'Coffin League.' When the bombardments began the victims were so numerous that it was not possible to give each a separate burial. On one occasion 150 bodies had to be incinerated at a street corner. This tragic spectacle so impressed the people that a Coffin League was started, and its members work almost day and night in cellars making coffins. And now all the civilians who are killed and all the soldiers who die in Arras are decently buried in a coffin."

"Fires are frequent, especially lately, since the Germans have taken to delivering incendiary shells upon Arras. A story is told of how on one occasion the prefect, the mayor, the bishop's vicar, and the vice-president of the Prefectural Council, together with the bishop himself, were all seen together working the pumps under a heavy fire. At any rate Arras presents an extraordinary instance of coolness and love of the native soil. The inhabitants evidently prefer to be buried beneath the ruins of their birthplace to giving way to the brutal and senseless terrorism of the futile bombardment."

Her Idea of It.

He—I am joining the Seventy-Fifth Infantry.

She—My brother, Jack, is in the Seventy-Sixth. So glad you two boys will be near each other.

ACHIEVED HIS OBJECT.

Dunant had already been influenced by the work of Florence Nightingale and her companions in the Crimea war, when the terrible sufferings of British troops made a great impression on his mind. And when with his own eyes at Solferino he witnessed the terrible sufferings of the soldiers he toured Europe for five years, putting his ideas before the most eminent people and making friends at the Prussian, Russian, Swedish and English Courts, till at last in Geneva, in 1864, he achieved his end and founded the Red Cross movement.

And it was the Geneva Convention which first suggested that every nation should establish an official and voluntary corps of trained doctors and nurses, together with field hospital equipments, which would be guaranteed neutrality by contending nations in time of war.

Compliment to Switzerland.

Well might Dunant be called the greatest humanitarian of modern times, for by his great scheme he has saved the lives of millions of soldiers who might otherwise have perished on the battlefield through lack of proper attention.

People sometimes ask, why the Red Cross Society? Why not the Blue Cross or the Green Cross? How did the flag design so familiar on the battlefield in times of war, and at disasters in times of peace, come to be chosen? The design of a red cross upon a white ground was really adopted as a compliment to Switzerland, which had this design upon her flag, with the colors reversed.

"This is a hard world," said one laborer another. "Yes. Or you can think as that every time O put me pick-ax until it."

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ORIGIN OF THE RED CROSS WORK

FRENCHMAN, BEGAN IT AFTER
THE BATTLE OF SOLFERINO.

Has Saved Lives of Millions Who
Would Otherwise Be
Left to Die.

At the time there were many who called him a "humanitarian crank," but no name is more highly revered and honored to-day than that of Henri Dunant, the originator of the Red Cross movement, and the real author of the Geneva Convention of 1863, when delegates from all the most important countries in the world met together and decided on the universal recognition of the Red Cross in time of war.

Those who would fully understand the horrors of war and the fearful sufferings of the soldiers on the battlefield before the inauguration of the Red Cross should read Dunant's book, "A Souvenir of Solferino," where, on June 24, 1859, the Austrians were beaten by the allied French and Piedmontese, 40,000 killed and wounded being left on the field. Dunant, in his book, describes the horrors of the carnage, and how thousands of maimed soldiers died a lingering death because there were no doctors, ambulances, hospitals or ordinary medical equipment available.

Achieved His Object.

Dunant had already been influenced by the work of Florence Nightingale and her companions in the Crimea war, when the terrible sufferings of British troops made a great impression on his mind. And when with his own eyes at Solferino he witnessed the terrible sufferings of the soldiers he toured Europe for five years, putting his ideas before the most eminent people and making friends at the Prussian, Russian, Swedish and English Courts, till at last in Geneva, in 1864, he achieved his end and founded the Red Cross movement.

And it was the Geneva Convention which first suggested that every nation should establish an official and voluntary corps of trained doctors and nurses, together with field hospital equipments, which would be guaranteed neutrality by contending nations in time of war.

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ACROSS THE BORDER

WHAT IS GOING ON OVER IN
THE STATES.

Latest Happenings in Big Republic
Condensed for Busy
Readers.

Chicago has an electric pie-making machine; six girls turn out 23,000 pies a day on it.

Milwaukee will no longer allow music in saloons, and a clean-up has put 500 out of work.

The Mayor of Buffalo refuses to sanction increases of \$1,500 a year to the city court judges.

Julius Binder drives a cow around Lorain, O., and milks it at the door of residents as required.

The National Temperance Association will have films made to

NOTES AND COMMENTS

No military triumphs that the Teutonic Allies have gained in one year of war can compensate them for the loss of the command of the sea. These triumphs have been many, for while the other Powers were not, if peace were signed to-morrow, leaving everything in statu quo, the territorial gains of Germany, at least, would be very great indeed. But against this fact must be set a consideration of untold consequence. The German fleet is as if it did not exist. Its submarines have sunk merchant ships and murdered non-combatants, but the military effect of their successes is nil. Its battleships remain in port. The few that were foolhardy have been captured or sunk. The German flag has been driven from the ocean. A rich commerce has been destroyed. Moreover, German methods of warfare have aroused bitter indignation and resentment all over the world. If every German merchantman were now released, it would take years to regain what has been lost. To keep Belgium and Poland and a part of France would not be adequate compensation for the ruin of German foreign trade.

Count von Reventlow may console himself by the reflection that by hiding behind the defenses at Kiel the German fleet has kept the British fleet at bay. But as Mr. Balfour reminds him, the British fleet has accomplished all that the circumstances permitted. It could not destroy the enemy, but it has made him helpless. There is but one way for Germany to regain command of the sea, and that is by a victorious battle. Submarine warfare cannot do it. Even if a larger proportion of the British and French mercantile marine had been sent to the bottom, even if the interference with commerce had been much more serious, no German merchantman would have been released, no interruption to the transport of troops would have been achieved. A fleet in existence is a possible menace, but it is not an actual menace while it remains in port. Austria, with a much smaller mercantile marine, though one that was growing rapidly, is in the same case as Germany. The Austrian flag has also been driven from the sea, and the operations of Austrian warships in the Adriatic have been so limited that they are not a serious factor in the result.

Whenever a treaty of peace is signed, and whatever its terms, this loss of the command of the sea will mean a stupendous defeat for Germany and Austria. The results of war are not always to be measured by the immediate gain. Alsace-Lorraine was a poor substitute for the failure of Germany to reduce France to the level of a second-rate Power. Italy has emerged from the wreck of her military reputation in Abyssinia with one of the finest armies in the world. No nation can live on itself, least of all a nation with limited boundaries and great industrial aspirations. It is quite likely that Germany has now reached the full extent of her achievements on land, that hereafter she will wage a losing fight. But however this may be, her impotency at sea spells disaster. In her boundless egotism, her overweening ambition, she has thrown a pearl away richer than all her tribe.

ASQUITH NEARLY 63 YEARS OLD

Born in the Little Town of Morley in Yorkshire.

Unlike other distinguished men, there has never been any argument regarding Premier Asquith's birthplace. He is a hard-headed Yorkshireman from Morley—the busy little town, five miles from Leeds, and eight miles from Bradford—where he was born at the Croft House 63 years ago on September 12. It is recorded that Mr. Asquith's ancestors lived in the town for over 400 years.

It might be mentioned, by the way, that the house in which Mr. Asquith was born is still utilized, a place of equal interest being the Rehoboth Chapel, which he attended as a boy. Some time ago Mr. Asquith, when referring to this period of his life, stated that he recalled as a small boy taking part in the Sunday-school processions and carrying a banner on the occasion of the rejoicings at the declaration of peace in the Crimea.

Mr. Asquith lived at Morley until he was seven years old, when his father, who was a manufacturer, died. Mrs. Asquith then moved to Huddersfield, where the future Premier was sent to the local grammar school. Subsequently Herbert Henry Asquith and his brother William attended the City of London school, and the former, having obtained two scholarships, went to Oxford.

How Did He Dodge That.

Designing Widow—Speaking of conundrums, can you tell me why the letter "d" is like the marriage service?

Slowboy—I'm no good at conundrums. Why?

Widow—Because "we" can't be "wed" without it.

A mule has a good ear for music, but a poor voice.

The appointing of field-marshal in the British Army is entirely in the hands of the King, promotions being made from the lists of general officers.

About the Household

Grandmother's Recipes.

Here are a few of good old-fashioned combinations, some pet recipes straight from grandmother's handwritten book.

Spiced Plums.—Boil ½ gallon of plums five minutes. Pour off water and add three pounds of sugar, one teaspoonful each of cloves, allspice and cinnamon (ground) and one pint vinegar. Boil half hour, stirring constantly. Put in jars and seal at once.

Pear Conserve.—Chop four pounds pears, four lemons (rind and pulp), ½ pound crystallized ginger. To this chopped mixture add four pounds of sugar. Boil three to four hours until desired thickness is obtained.

Pineapple Honey.—Peel and cut eyes from three pineapples. Cut in pieces, taking out hard centre. Run through grinder. Add as much water as you have pineapple after grinding and as much sugar as pineapple and water together. Boil about ½ hour or until desired consistency is obtained.

Grape Conserve.—Three pints grapes, washed and picked off stems; three pints sugar, one pint water, one cup English walnuts, ½ pound raisins. Press pulp of grape from skin, beat pulp until soft. Run through colander and put back in kettle with the skins, water and sugar and two oranges sliced thin. Cook until done (one hour).

Jim-Jam.—Five pounds currants, 1½ pounds seeded raisins, juice and rind of two oranges. Wash currants, nearly cover with water, and cook until soft. Strain through jelly bag. Put raisins through grinder. Grate rind and squeeze juice out of grapes. Put all together, taking cup for cup of mixture and sugar. Cook till the consistency of jelly.

Preserved Watermelon Rind.—Seven pounds rind, ¾ pounds sugar, 1 quart vinegar, ½ ounce white ginger, cloves and cinnamon to taste. Take the thickest rinds and pare off the hard green covering, slice and drain in colander over night. In the morning place in a strong brine, changing every three days; in the last brine put in a little alum to make rinds hard. Make the syrup and when hot put in rinds; cook 10 minutes, remove and cook the syrup 15 minutes. Pour over rinds. Can and use after standing two weeks.

Tomato Sauce.—One peck ripe tomatoes, 6 onions, 3 stalks celery, 3 red mangos. Chop fine. Mix well with one cup of salt and put in thin sack to drain over night. Next day take 2 pounds brown sugar, 5 cups strong vinegar, 1 tablespoonful mustard. Let this come to a boil, then set aside to cool. Pour over above mixture and put in jars.

Menus for Children.

Some suggestions for menus and foods allowable after 30 months are:

Menu 1.—Beef broth with vermicelli, bran or wholemeal bread and the best butter obtainable, lightly broiled lamb chop, minced and seasoned with salt; spinach, boiled tender, and mashed through a puree sieve, served plain or with a spoonful of cream or broth; baked potato with salt; orange marmalade for dessert and a bit of fruit juice to drink.

Menu 2.—Chicken broth with rice, minced broiled tenderloin steak with salt (no butter on it), spaghetti creamed, brown bread and butter, asparagus tips or stewed celery with hot cream sauce; cup custard for dessert.

Menu 3.—Mutton broth, the white meat of chicken cut into very small pieces, macaroni in hot milk, cauliflower or spinach, mashed and seasoned with salt and cream; bread and butter; orange float for dessert (made with gelatin).

Menu 4.—Beef tea, stewed squash, boiled or steamed rice, bread and butter, puree of Bermuda or Texas onion, puree of Bermuda or Texas onion, stewed very soft in milk; junket with egg for dessert.

Menu 5.—Milk soup, roast beef, rare and minced, with dish gravy; boiled spaghetti, with dish gravy from the roast beef; spinach or stewed celery, bread and butter; rice pudding for dessert.

Menu 6.—Strained vegetable soup, minced broiled mutton chop, rejecting all fat; baked potato, apple sauce, bread and butter; junket and cream for dessert.

Menu 7.—Beef broth, creamed or broiled fish (watch that it has no bones), boiled macaroni with milk, cooked very soft and creamy; cooked asparagus tips, also very soft; gelatin with whipped cream for dessert.

Useful Hints.

Iron rust stains may be removed from goods by using sour milk.

To cleanse hands from vegetable stains, rub with a slice of raw potato.

To clean out flour barrel use a child's small broom; the long-handled kind.

To prevent cream from spotting table linen, dip linen in cold water before washing.

Press mohair with a very moderate iron. Press silk between two pieces of tissue paper.

Porch chairs of wicker or reed can be cleansed with soapuds and a scrubbing brush and then can be shellacked.

Iceing for a cake can be colored a beautiful pink with a small quantity

of beet juice. It is inexpensive and absolutely pure.

Linen that has become yellow may be bleached snow white if soaked in buttermilk for a short time—rinse and hang in sun.

Cucumbers make a delicious vegetable when stewed and served with a white sauce, or seasoned with butter, salt and pepper and served on toast. When one rips out threads they wish they had three hands. Use a steel crochet hook and the work is easily done. Pull out bastings the same way.

All the trials and tribulations caused when trying to sew the bows on one's pumps may be avoided if a few curved surgical needles are added to the sewing basket. Purchase at any drug store.

To clear a house of roaches equal quantities of sugar and pulverized borax is recommended. Spread where the insects congregate the most.

Next time you bake beans add a diced carrot, a couple of tomatoes cut fine, and one small onion, browned in pork fat, and see what a delicious dish you have.

To remove mildew soak article in sour milk and lay in the sun. Or use chloride of lime made in proportion of a teaspoonful of lime to a quart of water.

Cream of tomato soup is not apt to curdle if a teaspoonful of cornstarch with a pinch of soda is mixed in the cream before it is added to the tomato mixture.

If a crust of bread toasted till nearly black be put into the water where greens are boiling it will prevent the disagreeable smell that arises when they are cooking.

If the wall is so soft that it will not hold a picture nail, mix a little plaster of paris and water; enlarge the hole and fill with the plaster and in a minute insert the nail and let it dry.

When you must go to the dentist's carry your prettiest boudoir cap and don it before you get into the chair; and when the ordeal is over you will find your hair in as good order as when you went in.

PLACES UNAWARE OF WAR.

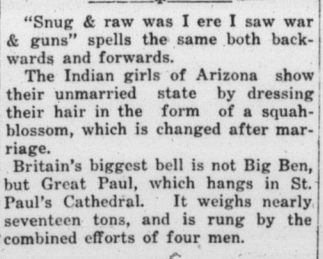
In Distant Islands the People Haven't Heard of It Yet.

Incredible though it may sound, there are still places which have not yet heard a syllable about the war. Tristan da Cunha, the lonely South Atlantic island, says the secretary to the Postmaster-General, has not received a mail since the outbreak of war. Tristan da Cunha is entirely dependent on chance communications from the Cape, 1,500 miles away. Sometimes it is a year or more without its people hearing from the outside world. It is a British possession, and its people, numbering about eighty, all Church of England, are mainly descendants of shipwrecked sailors. They are of mixed origin—English, Scotch, Irish, American, Dutch, Italian, Asiatic, and negro. There is not one "enemy alien." Another place that has probably not yet heard of the war is Quilotoa, in Eastern Peru. Quilotoa has perhaps the most romantic mail service in the world. Its letters are taken by British mail steamers up the Amazon to Manaus, and thence right across South America up the mighty river in a river steamer. It is only a few hundred miles from Lima, the Pacific capital of Peru, but the wall of the Andes is an almost impassable barrier. The "quick" route, therefore, from Quilotoa to Lima is all the thousands of miles down the Amazon and across the Atlantic and then "via Liverpool!"

"Snug & raw was I ere I saw war & guns" spells the same both backwards and forwards.

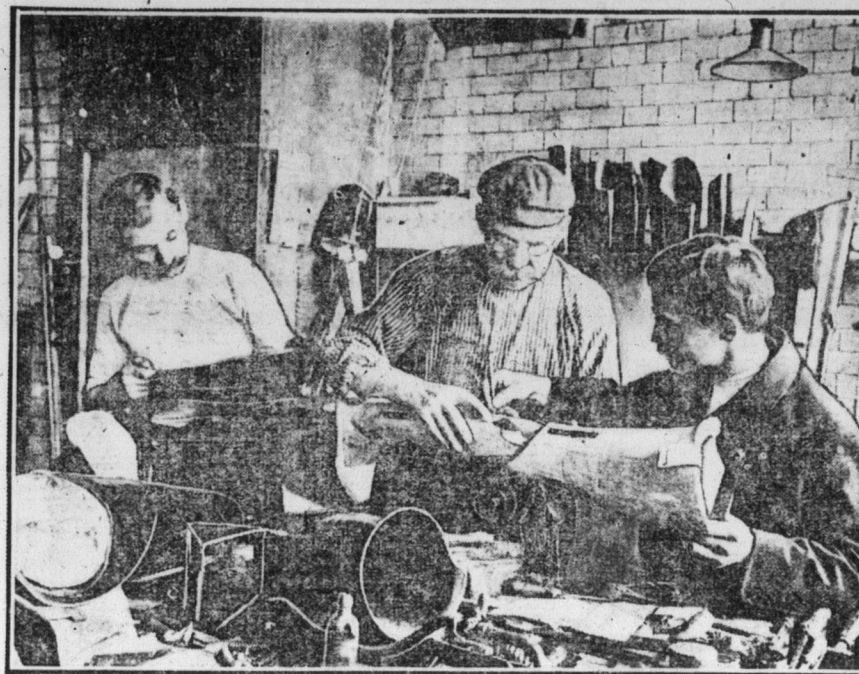
The Indian girls of Arizona show their unmarried state by dressing their hair in the form of a squablossom, which is changed after marriage.

Britain's biggest bell is not Big Ben, but Great Paul, which hangs in St. Paul's Cathedral. It weighs nearly seventeen tons, and is rung by the combined efforts of four men.



The Duke of Genoa.

While King Victor Emanuel of Italy is at the front, the Duke of Genoa, the King's uncle, remains at Rome and takes the active leadership of affairs.



Great Demand For Artificial Limbs in Germany.

THE scene shown in the photograph depicts how, in Germany, the manufacture of artificial limbs has grown apace with the war. So many of the Kaiser's men have lost arms, legs, or both, that it was a serious matter to meet the demands for artificial limbs. The limbs are an advance on those which have been manufactured in the past. They are lightly constructed.

RED CROSS NEWS.

Red Cross Sundays are becoming a feature of the Red Cross campaign in Ontario. The Belleville churches took the lead and were followed by Guelph and Berlin.

A Red Cross Calendar Club has been formed at Annapolis, Nova Scotia. Its members are to contribute daily one cent each until the end of the war.

Druggists in Kingston are selling ready-made bandages at cost prices, and 12,000 were purchased by the Kingston women in one day.

The farmers of Glenboro, Man., are going to set aside one acre each of their crops for the Red Cross.

The Ottawa Free Press is sending free copies to all the Canadian Red Cross Hospitals.

In Vancouver there is a Red Cross branch in every city ward in addition to the branch in Strathcona Heights, the fashionable suburb.

Mrs. Cruikshank of Calgary, the Regent of the I.O.D.E., has devoted to the Red Cross all proceeds from her novel "Whirlpool Heights."

Hodder and Stoughton, the publishers of "The Way of the Red Cross," perhaps the best description to date of Red Cross work, are contributing all profits to the Red Cross funds. In the first two weeks the book netted \$3,500.

The Canadian Red Cross is endeavoring to identify and mark the graves of Canadian soldiers who have fallen in France.

There are no less than five Red Cross Hospitals at Wimeroux, France.

The New Brunswick Pharmaceutical Fund of Prince Edward Island has raised \$2,000 for a Red Cross ambulance, making the second they have given.

The Port Credit, Ont., Women's Institute Jitney Association, which is this summer running a jitney service in Port Credit, has sent the Red Cross treasurer \$350 for seven beds in the Duchess of Connaught's Hospital at Cliveden.

In France the different classes of nurses and hospital helpers wear different colored veils. The first class of professional nurses wears blue veils; the second class, composed of certificated nurses, wears white veils; the third class, made up of nurses with no professional training, wears a grey veil.

The Marquis of Salisbury has given his London residence as an office for the Red Cross Inquiry Dept. for wounded and missing soldiers.

The Canadian Red Cross in England has organized a body of "Visitors" to visit the sick and wounded in the hospitals.

During a bombardment the ordinary civil hospitals are not entitled to fly the Red Cross flag. The Geneva Convention extends this privilege only to military hospitals.

The Red Cross conducts a service of "X-ray" automobiles, equipped with a photographic dark room and an electric dynamo. One such X-ray outfit can serve several Field and Clearing hospitals.

A sale of livestock was recently held in Cambridge Cattle Market, England, for Red Cross funds. A small pig was resold twenty-eight times and ultimately realized twenty-five pounds.

M. Chedomille Miyatovitch, former Serbian Minister to England, declared in a recent speech in London that Serbia had lost over 150,000 men and women owing to the insufficient number of doctors to cope with the epidemic of typhus.

"Potash and Perlmutter" was recently put on in London for the Benefit of blinded soldiers and sailors.

Miss Maxine Elliott, the famous actress, gave an Operating Theatre to the Red Cross Hospital at Netley, England.

Mrs. Pagden, of Revelstoke, B.C., who has knitted 43 pairs of socks, is said to hold the Red Cross record for Canada.

There are 240 ways of preparing potatoes.



HEALTH

How to Treat Stoutness.

In the overwhelming majority of cases excessive fatness is caused either by an excess of food or an insufficiency of exercise, generally both. There is undoubtedly a hereditary influence in the direction of leanness or corpulency, but it will be found that nearly every fat person is either a large eater and drinker or very indolent. One rarely sees a fat fat laborer, because their work is heavy and their food too often scanty, whereas fat brewer's draymen are the rule, for their work is light, and their consumption of food and beer excessive. There are, no doubt, some people with so small a tendency to corpulency that they can eat freely and take little exercise without becoming unduly fat, but such cases must not be taken as a guide by those whose natural tendency is to put on fat.

The treatment of obesity, therefore, consists in three things: the limitation of the diet, the exclusion of alcoholic drink, and the taking of regular and abundant exercise.

The destruction of fat is considerably increased by work, and perhaps the best form of muscular work for those who wish to reduce their fat is regular daily uphill walking. There is no drug which will reduce the weight except by impairing the functions of the digestive organs. None of the expensive remedies are of the slightest value. As to diet, it will be seen that each individual case must be considered.

In the mildest cases, that is, those of people who are getting a little stouter than they desire, the diet is comparatively a simple matter. Sugar should be avoided altogether, saccharine or sasin being used instead. Bread, potatoes, and other starchy food, should be taken only in very small quantities, and alcohol in any form must be altogether eschewed.—A Physician.

Weeping Sinews.

Physicians use the word ganglion to describe a swelling of the sheath of a tendon, which contains fluid, and which usually occurs about the wrist. A weeping sinew is the same thing. A little swelling forms, and the fluid distends it more and more as it collects. The swelling is elastic and soft. Sometimes it is small, and does not cause any trouble, and occasionally it passes away without any treatment. It may yield to long-continued gentle pressure, like that which a ribbon band exerts. A well-placed ribbon bandage also helps to relieve the feeling of weakness that almost always accompanies a ganglion.

In a few cases the fluid that the ganglion contains is tuberculous, but in most cases the ganglionic swelling is entirely harmless. In tuberculous cases it is best to remove the sheath and its contents completely.

Ganglions are usually seen on the back of the wrist, but sometimes one comes on the front, and increases in size. It is then likely to spread down the sinews into the palm of the hand. That naturally cripples the victim more or less, especially since the swelling often gives pain in cold and damp weather.

There are various ways of breaking a weeping sinew. Sometimes it can be dispersed by sudden pressure, applied by the thumbs, which bursts the ganglion without breaking the skin. It is best then to bandage the part very tightly in order to prevent the little sac from filling up again; the bandage should contain some thin, hard substance, such as a large coin, directly over the site of the sac.

Sometimes a ganglion refuses to burst, but yields to tight bandaging combined with treatment by a blister or by painting with iodine. The cure in such cases is effected by gradual absorption. If other means fail, there is nothing to do but to open the ganglion.

FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West Told In a Few Pointed Paragraphs.

Penticton has cancelled its annual fall fair this year.

The price of milk in Phoenix is now 12½ cents a quart.

Civic salaries at Kelowna have been heavily cut this year.

Much of the alfalfa crop of Okanagan was ruined by excessive rain.

Aldermen of Fernie get \$5 per meeting; the mayor is paid \$500 yearly.

Greenwood will not sell the property of active soldiers for overdue taxes.

Vancouver has two bloodhounds now attached to police headquarters aid work.

Every employee of Granby Smelter, Grand Forks, gives \$2.25 to the patriotic funds.

Of the 120 volunteers for the war from Rossland it is said but twenty are still alive.

Some of the interned alien enemies at Fernie are found to have as much as \$1,000 in cash.

Governor Dunne of Illinois was a charmed visitor to the Canadian Rockies and the coast.

About 600 mechanics have been sent to British munitions plants from Victoria and Vancouver.

There are this year 300 white fishermen on Skeena river as compared with 20 two years ago.

On the Comonage at Vernon 12,000 acres of ranch lands were sold for \$50,000 to W. J. Hanna.

To stamp out potato scab, greater restrictions are urged for the Chinese growers in British Columbia.

Manchurian corn is to be shipped into Canada and the United States in large quantities, via Victoria, from Kobe.

Mayor Curley of Boston was surprised at the size and opportunities in coast towns of the Pacific in Canada, he said.

It is proposed at Vancouver that civic salary cuts extend to the mayor and aldermen, who have not yet passed the plan.

Burnaby unemployed ask the council to advance railway fares to the harvest fields and promise to repay the loans.

The school year report at Vancouver showed a decrease of attendance of 2.5 per cent; and at the high school 14 per cent.

Christ's Personal Touch

Again and Again He Stretches Out His Hands of Power Until He Sees Clearly.

"And he took him by the right hand, and lifted him up.—Acts iii., 7.

These words indicate how wisely Peter translates into trust services of life the power of Christ resting on him. Met by one, lame and needing and asking for help, Peter commands him in the name of Christ to rise up and walk, and then, taking him by the right hand and lifting him up, a complete restoration followed. Thus is emphasized and made clear to us to-day how we may more fully cooperate with God in restoring to our fellow-men the powers of strength and usefulness. It is more than preaching that men need, more than teaching, more than stern laws, more than true and righteous living before them. It is our taking hold of them with such love that vitality and power will go from us to them and lift them up toward God.

It is most interesting to notice the many instances of Christ's personal touch as He effects His cures among men. He leads the blind man of Bethesda by the hand out of the town, and there, away from the companionships of earth and sin, He labors with him, teaches him how to discover the diviner things, asks him if he can see, puts His hands of strengthening power upon him as he looks up and says, "I see men as trees walking." Again and again Christ stretches out His hands of power until he sees clearly. Such was the persistence of Christ's gospel of

The Outstretched Hand.

We all know, too, in our sicknesses how much of confidence is inspired and how much of desire to regain health and strength is brought to us by the presence of the skillful physician or the ever vigilant and faithful nurse. It is not merely that they possess the knowledge of the effects of certain drugs upon the physical system, nor that they understand so well best sanitary rules and equipment. But I think, most and best of all, it is in the way in which they bring these very facts into touch with us. The confidence which they inspire, the hopes which they awaken, the courage which they impart, help us most of all to become brave in the great battle for life.

As I go along the streets in my parish there are some children who always grasp me by the hand and cling thereto with a love which I can easily recognize as throbbing in their hearts as they walk with me for a part of a block and whisper their messages of good cheer. I cannot fail

to hear and to heed a message of the gospel of love in those little outstretched hands. Have you not felt it, too, dear parent and teacher? And has it not cheered and vitalized you for daily service? I assure you that it means even more to us than the gospel of an outstretched hand. It is as the glad tidings of an outreaching heart. This gospel of an outstretched hand which I commend and emphasize has been only partially realized by us. We have too often drawn back and lived within ourselves our Christian lives when we ought to have expended ourselves for others.

Peter declared, "Silver and gold have I none, but such as I have give I." And out went his hand of sympathetic strength in the name of Christ, which was powerful enough to put the man on his feet and to quicken him to walk.

God's Word Standeth Forever.

Too many of us have been sheltering ourselves behind the first part of Peter's words, declaring what we would do if we possessed what so or so does. But we do not complete with Peter his declaration of determination to give to others for their uplifting such as we have, so that when men and women of the world come into our society and companionship they would say as a certain Robert Barclay declared of himself, "I felt a sweet power among God's people which touched my heart, and as I gave way to it I found the evil in me weakening and the good raised up."

What mighty possibilities are before us if we will just live and exemplify this gospel of an outstretched hand as Peter did so well for his Lord!

Our times are disturbed by stupendous problems and changes. But the word of God standeth forever. Character is made unique and rendered irresistible through communion with the mind and will of God. It is Christ in us which is the hope of glory both for the individual and the State. It is this gospel of the hand of helplessness which will quicken the Church and the nations in moral vision, in intellectual perception, in emotional discernment. It is by such a gospel that we shall be judged.

May God fill us with compassionate, daring heroism for our Lord in these days of opportunity! And may we move amid the changing circumstances of life in the very spirit of our Lord and present everywhere the helpful ministry of the gospel of an outstretched hand!—Rev. Andrew Hageman.

MAYHEW'S STORE

IS THE HOME OF

Great August REDUCTIONS This Week

If saving money has any object to you, let nothing stop you from coming to E. Mayhew & Co.'s this week. The best footwear values to be found in our big reducing sale. We have set out to clear our entire stock of Summer Shoes—men's, women's and children's. The price reductions will certainly make these shoes disappear in no time. If you are in need of Shoes there is no better opportunity for you than this week. Women's Low Shoes—\$3.00 Low Shoes, \$1.50; Women's Pumps and Oxfords reduced to 98c. Children's White Canvas Button Shoes for 80c. Men's \$4.00 Oxfords for \$2.98. Any Man's Sailor Hat in store for 75c, some worth as much as \$2.75.

What 19c Will Buy in Our Ready-to-wear Department This Week
 WOMEN'S APRONS, good big size, made of fast color prints and gingham, extra special value 19c
 WOMEN'S DRAWERS, made of white cotton with deep frill and two wide hemstitched tucks, only 19c
 MEN'S BALBRIGGAN UNDERWEAR, full sizes, nicely trimmed, for 19c

Our August Corset Sale

Will Appeal To You Tomorrow

Three Rousing Values

Corsets at 69c

Made of imported coutil of excellent quality, splendidly boned, five-clip bust, a bargain at \$1.00, sale price 69c.

Corsets at 49c

Made of a special quality of coutil, well boned, four elastic garters, lace trimmed, a sale at 49c.

Corsets at \$1.00

To fit any figure: medium, low and high bust; the best values in Canada at, per pair, \$1.00.



Our
Big
Whitewear
Sale
Still
Continues

All Summer Goods will be sold at Tremendous Reductions.
 New Fall Goods Arriving Daily.

E. MAYHEW & CO.

The Transcript.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 26, 1915.

Wardsville

Wardsville, Aug. 21.—A large and representative gathering of the community assembled in the Music Hall on Friday evening in honor of J. A. Dowsell and family, who are about leaving for Essex, where Mr. Dowsell has accepted the principalship of the public school, having occupied a similar position here for the past six years. Dr. H. A. Wilson presided, and in a very pleasing manner dispensed a program which for artistic merit has seldom been surpassed in the village. Addresses were given by Revs. J. Hale and Byron Snell and Messrs. Alex. Douglas and Frank McGregor, expressive of the sterling worth of the guests of the evening and regret at their departure. Misses Bessie, Lilian, Pauline and Mr. Charlie Wilson gave several orchestral selections during the evening. At the close of the program Pater O'Malley read an address, and Will Atkinson presented Mr. and Mrs. Dowsell with a purse of gold, and Misses Flossie Palmer, Mary Purdy and Florence Linden presented their little daughter, Dorothy, with a beautiful Bible. An excellent luncheon was served.

Wardsville, Aug. 23.—Miss Gertrude Jackson, of St. Thomas, is visiting relatives in town.
 Miss Eric Heath has returned home after visiting her brother at Nelles Corners.
 Misses Marian Cady, of Strathroy, and Grace Purdy, of Ridgeway, are visiting Misses Dossie and Mary Purdy.
 Miss Hazel Gibb, of London, spent last week with Miss Bessie Hindson.
 Miss Pauline Wilson spent a few days in Alvinston last week.
 Miss Katherine and Robert Voe have returned to their home in Detroit and Toronto after spending a few weeks here.
 Miss Ivy Henderson, of Victoria Hospital, London, is visiting at her home.
 R. Wardrobe, of Buffalo, is visiting J. Lamont, Big Bend.
 Don't forget the monster field day on Friday, August 27, at Riverview.

UNDERTAKERS —AND— FURNITURE DEALERS

Having taken over the Furniture and Undertaking business from Mrs. Mary D. McAlpine of this place, we wish to state that we will endeavor to give our patrons the best service possible. We are adding to our stock and will at all times show a large range in all lines of Furniture. The Funeral Direction remains under the management of Mr. Wehlann.

J. B. GOUGH & SON
 Day Phone 23 Night 93

Park, Wardsville. Sports of all kinds, merry-go-round and dancing pavilion on grounds. Music by Wardsville band and orchestra.
 Mrs. J. A. Kirk and four sons, of Port Erie, are visiting her sister, Mrs. G. Love, at the Royal Bank.
 Misses Margaret and Jean Prettie and Edith Coatsworth, of Walkerville, are visiting Miss Ella Milner.
 Lyle Milner is visiting in Detroit.

If you have any old razors for the soldiers bring them in this week. We are getting a pretty good collection and we want to ship the lot away on Monday.

Melbourne

Melbourne, Aug. 21.—Mrs. D. Campbell, of Windsor, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Mullins.
 Miss Dennis, of Sarnia, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. R. Campbell.
 Mrs. D. McKee and daughter Gladys, of Fargo, Dakota, are the guests of Mrs. Arch. McDougall.
 Miss Agnes Campbell has returned from a visit in Toronto.
 Miss Winnie Huntley, of Courtwright, is the guest of friends here.
 Mr. and Mrs. A. S. McDougall left on Tuesday for a two months' visit with friends in the West.
 Miss A. Smith, of St. Thomas, is the guest of Miss Gertrude Collier.
 Myles McDougall had the misfortune of having his barn destroyed by lightning on Monday.
 Arthur Caruthers left on Tuesday for Ridgeway, Sask.
 Mrs. J. Carroll, of Iona, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. James Stevenson.

THEY DRIVE PIMPLES AWAY.—A face covered with pimples is unsightly. It tells of internal irregularities which should long since have been corrected. The liver and kidneys are not performing their functions in the healthy way they should, and these pimples are to let you know that the blood protests. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will drive them all away, and will leave the skin clear and clean. Try them, and there will be another witness to their excellence.

CAIRO.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Fenby and family, of Winnipeg, are visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Fenby.
 Mr. and Mrs. Ira Collins returned to their home in London on Friday.
 C. P. Smith, of Detroit, visited at the home of his uncle, Richard Burr, and other friends during the week.
 Mrs. Effie McLachlin, of Sarnia, visited her brother, L. Smith, of Aberfeldy, and other friends in Cairo and vicinity.
 Walter Smith, of Detroit, is the guest of friends at Cairo.
 Miss Beulah Sullivan is home after attending millinery openings in Detroit.
 The attendance at the Presbyterian church on Sunday was small owing to the inclement weather, but the audience were not deterred from enjoying an inspiring discourse by the pastor from Heb. 12:16. Another pleasing feature of the occasion was a solo, "Face to Face," rendered by Walter Smith, of Detroit. Mr. Smith is a young man possessing a rich and melodious voice not usually possessed by young men.

Asthma Brings Misery, but J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy will replace the misery with welcome relief. Inhaled as smoke or vapor it reaches the very inner recesses of the bronchial passages and soothes them. Restriction passes and easy breathing returns. If you know as well how this remedy would help you as do thousands of grateful users, there would be a package in your home tonight. Try it.

Newbury

Miss Hattie Johnston, of Inwood, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Cecil Dobbyn.
 Mrs. J. D. Dobbyn visited Florence friends last week.
 J. Stephenson, of Windsor, is visiting at J. Gay's.
 Rev. J. Deacon and Mrs. Deacon, of Ridgeway, visited his daughter, Mrs. Miller, this week.
 Everything is in a rush these days, as we write, decorating and preparing for the visit of the soldiers.
 The Misses Cameron, of Chatham, are visiting Mrs. J. G. Bayne.
 Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Batner and sons arrived on Sunday evening from Cincinnati.
 Mr. Fletcher had a letter from Gilbert on Saturday in which he says he had been in the trenches and at time of writing was out again. He says the sound of the shells is awful.
 Mr. Will King, wife and family, of Petula, Penn., D. McKee and daughter Gladys, of Fargo, Dakota, are on a visit with his brother Charlie. They are all looking fine.

WALKERS.

Walkers, Aug. 22.—Miss McIntyre, of Cleveland, visited friends here last week.
 Mrs. Donald McCallum, of Alvinston, called on friends here last week.
 Mrs. Alex. McCallum and Mrs. John McCallum and son, of Cleveland, are visiting at Hugh McCallum's.
 George McGill and Ruthven McIntyre are leaving for the West this week.
 Miss Jessie McLarty, of Strathroy, is visiting at William Walker's.
 Miss McNeil, of Alvinston, while driving along the townline opposite Robert McLaughlin's, had the misfortune to have her horse drop dead.

KILMARTIN.

Dan McAlpine returned to Detroit last Friday.
 Amy James, of Wardsville, is visiting Mary McAlpine.
 Nettie and Edith Dewar are home from Detroit.
 Rev. Dr. Smith and family are expected home from Lake of Bays this week and the doctor will occupy his own suite next Sunday.
 Miss Featherston, of Thamesville, has been engaged to teach in S. No. 8, Mossa, for the coming year.

"BY MEDICINE LIFE MAY BE PROLONGED."—So wrote Shakespeare nearly three hundred years ago. It is so today. Medicine will prolong life, but be sure of the quality of the medicine. Life is prolonged by keeping the body free from disease. Dr. Thomas Electric Oil used internally will cure coughs and colds, eradicate asthma, overcome cramp and give strength to the respiratory organs. Give it a trial.

EKFRID STATION.

Miss Eltha Wardell has returned to her home in Toronto after spending her vacation at her uncle's, Robert Giles'.
 Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Webster, of Jeannette's Creek, spent the week-end at Bernie Galbraith's.
 Miss Margaret McLean is spending a week at Port Stanley.
 Mr. and Mrs. A. D. McCallum are on a visit to friends in Walkerville.
 Miss Kate Giles is visiting Miss Hilda Secombe, of London.
 Melvin Murray spent last week with his uncle, D. Graham, North Glencoe.

Worms derange the whole system. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator deranges worms and gives rest to the sufferer. It only costs 25 cents to try it and be convinced.

Appin

Appin, Aug. 21.—Miss I. Campbell is visiting in Chatham and Windsor.
 Mrs. English is very ill at her home here.
 Mrs. James Macfie is suffering from an injured limb, the result of a fall in the early spring.
 Miss Grace Campbell is visiting in Bothwell.
 Misses Lottie and Gladys Eddie have returned from Windsor, where they have been visiting.
 Miss Jessie Eddie is visiting in Sarnia.
 Miss Emma Cook, of Walkerville, is visiting friends here.
 Miss Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Bristol are in the western provinces with Mr. and Mrs. Holman.
 Miss Lettie Pole has returned to Sarnia.
 Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lamont have returned, after a two months' holiday.
 Miss Bella McTaggart has left to resume her duties as teacher at Moose-jaw.

Mr. Banks spent Monday in London.
 Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Webster have the sympathy of the community in their sad bereavement.
 Miss Susie Torrence, of Listowel, is visiting Rev. and Mrs. C. W. Bristol at the Methodist parsonage.
 F. Huston has gone on a business trip to McLeod, Alberta. Wm. Reilly is looking after his business here.
 Mr. Huston has valuable interest in a large crop of excellent wheat being harvested on land which he recently sold in the West.
 John Chisholm has equipped his binder with a gasoline engine.
 Mrs. Dan McIntyre returned to Toronto on Saturday.
 John McIntyre has secured a position as operator at Port Credit. The baseball boys presented him with a tie pin before he left. He will be greatly missed by the whole community. We wish him success.
 Quite a number left here on Tuesday for the West.

Do not allow worms to sap the vitality of your children. If not attended to, worms may work irreparable harm to the constitution of the infant. The little sufferers cannot voice their ailment, but there are many signs by which mothers are made aware that a dose of Miller's Worm Powder is necessary. These powders act quickly and will expel worms from the system without any inconvenience to the child.

The Western Fair.

The new steel grand stand erected on the exhibition grounds is nearing completion. It is a magnificent structure with a seating capacity for 5,000 people. Every seat in the whole building commands a good view of the track and surrounding platform. "Safety first" has been in the minds of the management from the time the building was first thought of, and this principle has certainly been carried out in its construction. There are three double entrances through to the front, one for the reserved section and two for 25c sittings. These entrances will also be used as exits along with the other exits either end of the stand. The accommodation provided will certainly be appreciated by the visitors to the exhibition and the management are to be congratulated on erecting such a fine structure. Although the accommodation will be far in advance of the old stand the prices will remain the same. 50c for the reserved section and 25c for the balance. Prize lists, entry forms, programmes and all information from the secretary, A. M. Hunt, London, Ontario.

Seeds!

Seed Oats, Barley, Peas, Spring Wheat, Clover, Timothy, Alsike, Hungarian and Millet Seed, Fresh Mangel and Sugar Beet Seed, Rennie's, Steele-Briggs and Ferry's Garden Seeds.
 Blended and Pure Manitoba Flour, Wheat taken in exchange, satisfaction guaranteed; Feed Flour, Corn Chop, Shorts, Bran, Shelled Corn, Fertilizer in stock, Corvusine for grain, Pedlar People's Galvanized and Rubber Roofing in stock, Bibby's Cream Equivalent and other Calf Meals, Linseed Meal, Oil Cake, Molasses Meal, Coal, Cement, Wood.

G. A. McALPINE

CANADIAN PACIFIC
S. S. LINE
 Donaldson S. S. Line
 Allan S. S. Line
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Tickets issued both outward and repaid for the above lines.

R. CLANAHAN - Ticket Agent
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CANADIAN PACIFIC
 THE IDEAL ROUTE
 to and from
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CANADIAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION
 AUG. 28 to SEPT. 13, 1915

REDUCED FARES to Toronto from all stations in Ontario, also from Niagara Falls and Buffalo, N. Y., and Detroit, Mich.
 Be sure to consult C.P.R. Agents regarding **EXTRA TRAIN SERVICE** to and from Toronto, Parkdale Station and Exhibition Grounds, also **SPECIAL LOW FARES** from principal points on certain dates.
 Particulars from R. Clananahan, Agent, Glencoe, or write M. G. Murphy, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

DRAINING SMALL TOWNS OF CASH

One Farmer Quick to Remedy Wrong.

SPENDS MONEY AT HOME.

Local Storekeepers Not Altogether Blameless For Growth of Mail Order Business—Petty Dickerings Should Cease, and They Should Trade With One Another.

Seeing the errors of others, a wise man corrects his own. Men are apt to prefer a prosperous error to an afflicted truth. It is only an error of judgment to make a mistake, but it argues an infirmity of character to adhere to it when discovered. The Chinese say: "The glory is not in never failing, but in rising every time you fall."

Error's Influence Upon Man.
 In its influence upon man error has been compared to a magnet concealed near the ship's compass.
 As in the latter case, the more favorable the winds and the greater the diligence and skill in working the ship the more rapidly will it be speeded on in a wrong course. And so in the former—the greater the struggle for safety the more speedily the progress of ruin.

This is the position in which a farmer with whom the writer recently talked found himself.
 This farmer, who lives but a short distance from town, has prospered and accumulated a considerable quantity of worldly goods and has always scribbled many errors on the white pages of life.

Takes Pride in Town.
 When asked his opinion of his town as a market place he replied, "It's the best in this section of the country."
 "Do you sell all of your products here?" he was asked.
 "Oh, yes," he answered.
 "And buy all of your necessities and supplies here, too, don't you?"
 "Oh, no; I'm too wise for that," replied the farmer. "Those fellows here are too high. I can buy cheaper from the mail order houses."
 There he stood, a big, awkward, intelligent countryman, who for years had been committing the unpardonable error of robbing the treasury of his own town and aiding the upbuilding of the mightiest trust on earth—in some distant center of population.

As the injustice of his practice was explained to him his honest eyes lighted with intelligence as into his weather beaten face there appeared a look of determination, and as his lips parted these words came firm and clear:
 "From this day on I will be a true citizen of the township in which I live. The money that I earn here and receive for my produce I will spend here. I will retrace my steps and correct as many of my past errors as lies within my power."
 And the honest farmer will make good his promise.

Drains Town of Dollars.
 How many farmers and consumers are doing the same identical thing as was this farmer—draining the town of its dollars, receiving, but not giving, aiding the large cities and crippling their own little town, which is striving and struggling to maintain a commanding position on board the good ship Earth?

There was never a better illustration than the retail mail order house itself of what may be expected of consumers who fail to see the "signs" and neglect to fit themselves to the "times." The price of existence is measured both by demand and accomplishment.

Do Not Demolish, But Build.
 The man who wishes to exert a useful influence must practice what he preaches. He must not demolish, but build. He must raise temples in which mankind will come to worship.
 There are hundreds of thousands of farmers—yes, millions—who thoroughly realize the necessity of expansion of trade, the protection of their home markets, which is naturally brought about through the development and prosperity of their town.

Storekeepers Are to Blame.
 The entire responsibility and blame for the present growing conditions cannot be laid at the door of the farmer. Unconsciously the hundreds of thousands of storekeepers that have the gall or nerve to call themselves merchants are equally responsible with the farmer.

As the merchant's pocketbook is the first to be hit he should be the first to reform and set a good example to his customers and those that should be his customers. Petty bickering and quarrels with competitors and local tradesmen should be the first reform made.

The next reform should be to encourage trading with one another more generally than is now being done.

The best way to show your appreciation of your home town is by patronizing the industries in the home town.
 "Jones gives me fits every time I see him."
 "How so?"
 "He's my shoe clerk." — Chicago News.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

CAPITAL PAID UP - \$ 11,560,000
 RESERVE FUND - \$ 12,560,000
 TOTAL ASSETS - \$187,000,000

Savings Department—Interest allowed on deposits of one dollar and upward and credited to accounts half yearly.

Farmers' business solicited. Loans made to responsible farmers for the purchase of cattle, etc. Sale notes cashed or collected.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Established 1863 Head Office, Montreal
 Capital, paid up \$7,000,000 Reserve Fund \$7,248,134

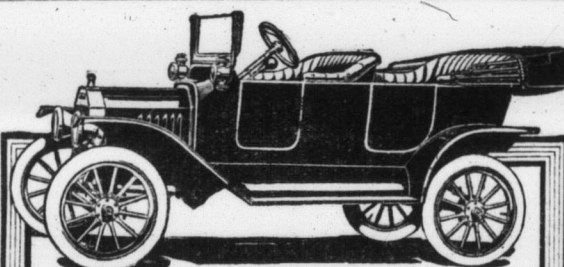
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

We give special attention to Savings Accounts. One dollar only is necessary to open an account. Interest allowed at highest bank rate, and added twice a year without application or presentation of pass-book. No delay in withdrawals. Two or more persons may open a Joint Account, and either party can withdraw money.

FARMERS' BUSINESS

Money advanced to Farmers at Reasonable Rates. Sales Notes handled on most favorable terms.

J. A. McKELLAR, Manager GLENCOE BRANCH



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car
 Price \$530

Ford Runabout
 Price \$480

Ford Town Car
 Price \$780

The above prices f.o.b. Ford, Ont., effective Aug. 2, 1915. No speedometer included in this year's equipment, otherwise cars fully equipped. Cars on display and sale at:

ALEX. DUNCANSON'S - GLENCOE



BEFORE BUYING A CAR

SEE THE

OVERLAND

THE NEW 1916 MODEL

Up-to-date in every way

The car with a good reputation

Absolutely the best car for the price

Reduced from \$1275 to \$1050

Model 83 Touring Car

FOR DEMONSTRATION APPLY

S. HUMPHRIES, AGENT
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