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The Courier

A Paper for the Western Home

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VOLUME 12

8 PAGES

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1918.

8 PAGES

NUMBER 3

Big Part of German High Seas Fleet Surrendered to Allies.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The German fleet, as specified in the terms of the armistice with Germany, was surrendered today to the allies.

Nine German battleships, five battle cruisers, seven light cruisers and fifty destroyers were led into captivity by the victors in the great world struggle for democracy, and this great fleet is now on the way to the Scottish naval base to await the next event in these epoch-marking days.

Describing the surrender of the great German warships to the commander-in-chief of the Grand Fleet, Sir David Beatty, today, correspondents say that after all the German ships had been taken over the British admiral came through the line of the Queen Elizabeth, every allied vessel being manned and greeting the admiral and the flagship with loud and ringing cheers.

The British Grand Fleet put to sea in two single lines six miles apart and so formed as to enable the surrendering fleet to come up the centre. The leading ship of the German line was sighted between 9 and 10 o'clock in the morning. It was the Seydlitz, flying the German naval ensign.

The first German warships destined for internment by the allies left Kiel harbor on Sunday, according to the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin. They included the Bayern, Grosser Kurfuerst, Kronprinz, Markgraf, Konig Albert, Kaiserin, Seydlitz and Moltke.

There remain to be surrendered two battleships, which are under repair, and fifty modern torpedo boat destroyers. One German destroyer struck a mine in the North Sea, according to information received here late tonight.

The surrendered German fleet will be taken to the Scapa Flow tomorrow. The Scapa Flow is in the middle of the Orkney Islands, off the northeast coast of Scotland. It is a small inland sea, with an area of fifty square miles. It contains many small islands and has numerous good harbors and roadsteads.

There is good anchorage in the Scapa Flow for a great number of large vessels. During the war it was the headquarters of the British home fleet during the naval training season.

U-BOATS ALSO SURRENDERED

LONDON, Nov. 20.—Twenty German submarines were surrendered to Rear-Admiral Reginald W. Tyrwhitt, thirty miles off Harwich this morning at sunrise, according to a Press Association despatch. These are the first U-boats to be turned over to the allies by Germany.

Admiral Tyrwhitt received the surrender of the German craft on board his flagship, a British cruiser.

The surrendered submarines will proceed to Harwich in charge of their own crews. The U-boats will then be boarded by British crews and interpreters, and proceed to Parkston quay, nearby. The Germans will leave the submarines there and board transports for their return to Germany.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—Twenty more German submarines were surrendered to Admiral Tyrwhitt off Harwich this morning. This makes a total of 59 submarines thus far handed over. There would have been 21 surrendered today but one sank the night before.

(Continued on Page 4.)

Lenine Tries Hard to Foment Further Revolutions in Europe.

Scores Allies for Heavy Armistice Conditions Imposed Upon Germany

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Nov. 24.—Despatches from Russia indicate that Lenine's policy is to create a strong sympathy for the German masses among the Russian proletariat with a view to extending the Russian social revolution to Germany. The Tsarskoe Selo wireless is sending out the armistice conditions imposed by the allies. Indignation meetings are being held at which Bolshevik demagogues invoke the wrath of the heavens upon the United States and our allies for insisting upon the delivery of German railroad trucks and automobiles, though Lenine well knows that this is only in restitution for what was requisitioned in France.

Grumbles at Blockade

The demagogues are working the Russian mobs to a high pitch of indignation with assertions that the allies are continuing the blockade of Germany with deliberate intention of starving the people. Not a word is said or allowed to be printed concerning our assurance that there are being rushed enormous quantities of food to Germany but diplomatic circles here expect that there will be a great upheaval when the Russian people hear the truth and realize that it is the Bolshevik dictatorship which is standing between them and peace with the bread which Lenine has failed to provide.

Paris Sees Grave Danger

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The spread of Bolshevism westward is the greatest danger at present for Europe. Committees of soldiers and workmen in Germany and so-called "green guards," corresponding to the red guards in Russia, exist throughout Austria and Hungary. Before the Italian occupation green guard riots occurred in Fiume, where several hundred people were killed and stores looted.

Bridgeheads for the spread of these disorders have been constituted in several neutral countries and riots are said already to have occurred in Sweden. Le Temps, Paris daily, prints as a fact that the Olten committee of action in combination with the Swiss union of Syndicalists and under the direction of the Swiss Socialist party has proclaimed a general strike throughout Switzerland demanding the following program:

HISTORIC FUNERAL OF REVOLUTIONARIES AT BERLIN

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Nov. 24.—With an enormous procession, taking hours to pass a given point, Berlin on Wednesday, gave a historic funeral to the victims of the revolution. Hundreds of thousands of people tried to reach the temple of parade ground, where the coffins were displayed on an enormous estafette.

Speeches were made for the rights of the people and the success of the revolution. Emphatic promises were made that what had been won would be kept. Hugo Haase made a speech in which he dwelt on the future prospects of the new government.

Accompanied by many thousands of men bearing wreaths and crosses the parade passed through the chief streets following the same general route of the imperial parades, at the head of which the Kaiser so often rode.

Good order prevailed throughout, a stop was made before the palace where salutes were fired in honor of the dead. The red flag flying on the palace was at half mast.

Rumors of Serious Disturbances in Germany.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Nov. 23.—(Hayas Agency)—All telegraphic communication between Germany and Switzerland has been stopped. It is believed here that there has been some unusual occurrence in Germany to cause this interruption.

Coups by Anarchists

BERNE, Nov. 24.—The results of the Spartacus activity continue to be reported with menacing frequency from various sections of Germany. On top of the report Thursday of events at Kiel (where the extremists usurped the power of the local authorities) come similar attempted coups by followers of Karl Liebknecht, Independent Socialist, at Hamburg and Dueseldorf. The movement failed at Hamburg, but it succeeded at Dueseldorf.

Want Banks Seized

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—The soldiers' and workers' council for Greater Kiel has adopted a resolution declaring that all authority be invested in the council until the fruits of the revolution can be safeguarded, according to the Red Flag, the organ of Dr. Liebknecht, the radical Socialist. The resolution declared all banks, principal industries and great landed property should be national property.

All legislation, it is declared, shall strive in the direction of the social education of the state, in collaboration with the soldiers' and workmen's council. The bourgeoisie class is to be excluded.

Hold Kiel Canal

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 24.—German newspapers report that the united workers' and soldiers' councils have proclaimed Oldenburg, Ostfriesland, Bremen, Hamburg and Schleswig-Holstein a republic. The capital will be Hamburg.

FACE MURDER TRIAL

LETHBRIDGE, Alta.—Peter Paulenko and Pete Dohie were committed for trial on the charge of murdering Oni Fryehuck, the Austrian miner. The evidence showed the dead man had been most brutally beaten and kicked to death. The men will stand trial at the next criminal session of the supreme court here.

BRITISHERS KILLED

NUMBERED 658,665

Total Casualties Over Three Million—Colonies and India Included in This List.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—British casualties during the war, including all the theatres of activities, totalled 3,049,991, it was announced in the House of Commons by James Ian MacPherson, parliamentary secretary for the war office. Of this number the officers killed, wounded or missing aggregate 142,634, and the men 2,907,357. The total losses in the fighting on the Franco-Belgian front were 2,719,652.

Of the wounded 92,644 were of officers and 1,939,478 were men. Of the missing, including prisoners, 12,094 were officers and 347,951 were men.

The figures given include troops from India and the dominions.

In Egypt the total losses were approximately 58,000. Of the aggregate of 57,559 those killed and died of wounds were 15,892, comprising 1,098 officers and 14,794 men. The wounded totalled 38,073, comprising 2,311 officers and 35,762 men. The missing and prisoners totalled 3,888, comprising 183 officers and 3,705 men.

The total British losses in killed on all fronts during the war was 658,665. Of these 37,836 were officers and 620,829 were men.

FIRE AT BURLINGTON

HAMILTON, Ont.—Fire on Burlington Beach Saturday night destroyed twelve houses, causing a loss of between \$30,000 and \$40,000. It is believed to have been caused by a spark from a locomotive on the Grand Trunk.

LEAVE EXTENDED INDEFINITELY

First Batch of Draftees Discharged

Saskatchewan soldiers will remain on harvest leave until ordered to report at demobilization centres for discharge, it was announced by Col. J. A. Cross, D.S.O., officer commanding M. D. 12 Harvest leave, which was to have expired on December 1, has been extended indefinitely and notices are being sent to all men concerned.

Orderly room staffs at headquarters of the First Depot Battalion in Sherwood Barracks during the last few days were busy filling out extension forms.

The first soldiers of the 1st Depot Battalion who have already been discharged are the Railway men. Medical, dental and Veterinary students are the next to don their civilian clothes.

GALICIAN FARMER DIED OF WOUNDS AFTER HUNTING

PRINCE ALBERT, Sask. Tony Dawiduk, a Galician farmer of the Strong Pine district, 40 miles north-east of Prince Albert, was found dead with a bullet hole through one of his legs near the knee in the Fox Plain district on Wednesday, according to reports which have reached the city. He had gone hunting with a neighbor and they became separated. This was about two weeks ago. The neighbor failed to report the fact that Dawiduk was missing for some days and then he came in and informed the police. In the meantime the body has been found by some hunters from Tate, Sask. The body was frozen when found, indicating that the man had been dead for some time. It is believed that he had bled to death after receiving the bullet wound.

Need Early Peace

"It cannot be denied or concealed that the situation becomes more difficult and more dangerous every day, says Theodore Wolf in the Tageblatt, in referring to a statement attributed to Field Marshal von Hindenburg regarding alleged French plans for the permanent occupation of German territory."

Herr Wolf declares that all south Germany is dissatisfied with conditions in Berlin and is beginning to consider the question of leaving the capital to its fate. He points out that the reported Polish aggression against the eastern border of Germany may have fatal results in regard to the provisioning of Berlin.

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CONVENTION OF LIBERALS TO BE HELD

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Announces Gathering at "Not Far Distant Date"—Criticism of Borden.

LONDON, Ont.—Right Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, at a banquet tendered in his honor here by Western Ontario Liberals, announced his intention of calling a national convention of all Liberals in the Dominion at a "not far distant date," to consider problems confronting the country now that peace seems assured.

The opposition leader declared that any statement of the policies the party intends to pursue would be premature at this date, and intimated that such a pronouncement cannot be expected until the peace terms have been signed.

Sir Wilfrid was accorded a remarkable ovation by the 200 guests present and the banquet was in the nature of a celebration of the leader's 77th birthday.

In his speech, Sir Wilfrid took occasion to score the government in connection with the administration of the Military Service act, laying especial emphasis on the promise that farmers would be exempt from the provisions of the act and the subsequent revocation in view of the serious situation in France. He declared that Sir Robert Borden and other members of the government who recently left for England might have found better use for their time by staying at home and deciding on some policy regarding soldiers returning from overseas.

The proposed league of nations was not so much a dream as some people imagined, he said, and was confident that something definite along these lines would be arrived at in the peace conference. In this connection he referred to the friendly relations which have existed between Canada and the United States for the last 100 years, al-

GERMAN INDUSTRIAL PLANTS START WORK

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—Most of the large industrial plants in and about Berlin already are working. No unemployment is reported as a result of the cessation of war industries work. Sigismund Bergmann, who is said to have once been connected with Thos. A. Edison, and to have been one of the founders of the General Electric company in the United States, but who is now one of the leading industrialists in Germany, said today:

"On the second day of the revolution we started in to work on peace orders, of which we have enough booked to keep our 60,000 employees busy for two years. This holds good for virtually every plant of importance in Germany."

"The country has been literally worn threadbare in all lines. Just as we have been turning our garments inside out we have helped ourselves along with a multitude of substitute devices in other directions."

"We are badly in need of rolling stock, agricultural implements, turbines, and a thousand other things in the line of heavy steel construction. Our houses need new roofs and new paint. We must start in making everything afresh, from the clothes-pin to the automobile. We also are a ready market for finished products."

Herr Bergmann was not apprehensive of disturbances if the food situation holds out.

"If the 5,000,000 or more men now returning from the front are given three square meals a day and steady work," said Herr Bergmann, "there will be no Bolshevism in Germany. The German working man will not think of mischief so long as he has a comfortable fireside and something to eat."

though there has been disputes between the two nations they had nearly always been settled by negotiation.

Bandits Shoot Two Law Officers.

Murderers Who Had a Deliberate System of Dug Out Constructed, Captured After Hot Pursuit

PRINCE ALBERT, Nov. 25.—James McKay, Jr., of this city, a sheriff's officer, was murdered at Steep Creek and his body along with his car thrown down a 60-foot embankment into the Saskatchewan river. The place is forty miles east of here near LaColle Falls power dam.

The crime was committed on Friday afternoon before last when McKay went to make a seizure under instructions of the sheriff at the farm of a man known as Dr. Gervais. The victim was shot from an entrenched dugout by two men who are believed to be evaders of military service and are said to have come to the Steep Creek district about the time the Military Service act was put into force, from Montreal.

Charles Horseley, a soldier of the posse hunting the Gervais bandits, was shot from ambush by the bandits on Wednesday last as he was attempting to enter a dugout covered by a brush protection.

Discovery of the crime was made when Sergt. Kistruck, of the provincial police, was sent out to make a search for Mr. McKay, whose unexplained absence had commenced to cause anxiety at his home and at the sheriff's office.

Sergt. Kistruck was not long in the district until he discovered traces of Mr. McKay's car and following the clue, eventually interviewed a boy who told him the story of the crime. Both body and automobile had been thrown over, evidently in the hope of conveying the impression that McKay had run over the river bank in the darkness. The boy says that there are five bullet wounds in the body and that he was forced to assist in throwing it into the river.

Story Told by Boy Witness

The boy who gave information to Sergt. Kistruck claims that the shooting took place on Friday afternoon before last when McKay arrived at the Gervais place. He got out of the car and was approaching the house when the fusillade of shots was opened upon him from a dugout. When he was first struck he caught hold of a nearby tree and was able to sup-

(Continued on Page 4.)

Items and Articles of Special Interest to Our Farmers

IT PAYS TO FINISH POULTRY (Experimental Farm Note.)

Even with the present high price of feed no one can afford to sell birds and especially cockerels, in a thin condition. The good prices received for poultry meat more than pay for the extra feed, and if there ever was a time when birds should be finished, it is now.

The marketing of thin chickens should be prohibited. The most expensive part of the bird to produce and that which is of the least value for food is the frame. The cheapest weight for the feed is the flesh as it is all edible; the necessity of putting this flesh on is evident.

The most profitable weight at which to finish cockerels is when they weigh about four pounds, but even earlier birds may be fed with profit, as several experiments conducted at the Experimental farm this summer go to prove.

Poultry meat of all kinds has been a good price. Hens have been selling as high as roasters and broilers have paid well. Leghorn cockerels at the Experimental farm have been sold at about two pounds each, and because of being specially finished on milk, brought good returns and paid well for extra feed. Four different lots marketed in August, 152 birds, weighed 280 pounds; they were fed for about ten days, during which time they gained 60 pounds, weighing at the end of the feeding period 340 pounds. They consumed 180 pounds of mash and 24 gallons of butter-milk. The mash was composed of two parts cornmeal, one part middlings and one part buckwheat screenings.

The cost of feed was: 180 lbs. at 4c. per lb., \$7.20; 24 gallons milk at 5c. per gallon, \$1.20, making a total of \$8.40 for feed and milk. Add to this the value of the birds at the start: 280 lbs. of thin chickens that would bring 35c. per lb., \$98.00, and it makes a total cost for thin chickens and feed of \$116.40.

The weight of the finished chicks was 340 lbs., having gained 60 lbs. in the ten days feeding. The value per pound was increased because of the quality of the flesh to 50c. per lb., making the total value of the birds \$170.00.

This meant a revenue of \$54.00 for the care of 152 birds for less than two weeks. It also showed

that for every pound increase on the birds it took 3 lbs. of mash and 4 lbs. of milk, an average cost of 14c. per lb. of gain.

GRADES OF WHEAT AND OTHER GRAINS.

It is well known that owing to the varied climatic conditions throughout the Province of Saskatchewan during the past season, the grain coming to market is not easily graded. Only experts are competent to grade the same. Drought, high winds and frost in scattered districts were elements that caused variations in ripening. In some districts and even in the same field may be found No. 1 Northern, frosted and rejected or a very low grade on account of being cut too green. Again, after a rain storm the owners of threshing machines being anxious to get on with the work and continue earning money for themselves and their hired help actually induced farmers to thresh before the grain was fit.

This grain when marketed, being damp or tough, in some cases, became binburnt, and although weighing 60 pounds or over to the bushel, is now only fit for feed.

There is considerable dissatisfaction, therefore, in grading when farmers sell direct to elevator companies. We advise farmers to ship car loads consigned to old established commission merchants that take personal interest in looking after the grading and weighing of all cars shipped to them.

Similar difficulties occur in handling barley and flax. One farmer has asked for advice re his flax. Part of the field had ripened in the regular way, giving a perfect grade, and he was selling it at \$4.00 a bushel to his neighbors for seed. Half of the field, however, was blown, checked in growth, but afterwards recovered, some of the late plants being touched with frost before cutting. It was a mixed sample. He was offered \$2.80 a bushel for this mixture and he believed that the elevator man was robbing him of 25 to 30 cents a bushel. We advised him that it was quite possible that the elevator man was offering all it was worth, but that in shipping it, consigned to a commission merchant, he would be satisfied that he had received full value for his flax.

SAVE WOOD ASHES; FINE FERTILIZERS.

The experience of many generations of farmers and gardeners has proven the high value of unleached wood-ashes as a fertilizer, especially for clover, corn, farm roots and vegetables and fruit crops generally. Wood-ashes contain no nitrogen and supply no humus, but as far as mineral plant food is concerned there is probably no compounded mineral fertilizer on the market that is more effective and more lasting. They furnish potash, lime, phosphoric acid—the very elements taken from the soil by the forest trees, and, returned to the soil they will supply, in the very best form and combinations, the mineral plant food required by our crops.

According to analyses made by the division of chemistry, Dominion experimental farms, unleached hardwood ashes, free from sand, will contain between 5 and 6 per cent. of potash, about 2 per cent. of phosphoric acid and from 20 to 30 per cent. of lime. Before the war Germany supplied all the potash used for fertilizing purposes; since that supply has been cut off, potash has tremendously increased in price so that now it is worth almost ten times what it was in the early part of 1914, and as a consequence it has practically disappeared from commercial fertilizers. The potash in 100 pounds of good quality in wood-ashes is now worth from \$1.00 to \$1.50.

Owing to the scarcity and high price of coal, farmers will be burning more wood this winter than has been customary for many years. They should save carefully the ashes from their stoves, storing them in a dry place protected from the rain. Leached ashes contain very little potash, for this element is readily soluble in water.

The soils most benefited by wood-ashes are light sandy and gravelly loams, and mucks and peaty soils. They are also especially valuable for sour soils deficient in lime. The application may be from 600 to 2,000 pounds per acre, preferably broadcasted in the spring on the prepared land before seeding and harrowed in.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

OUR ORGANISED GRAIN GROWERS

Articles and items under this heading are edited by officials at the Central office of the "Sask. Grain Growers' Ass'n." "The Courier" gladly gives publicity to these articles, as this paper always has been and still is a strong believer in the cause of the organized farmers of the west.

LEGAL BUREAU OF ASSOCIATION OF GREAT VALUE.

Very Satisfactory Settlements Made on Behalf of Members.

Several very satisfactory settlements have been made recently on behalf of members of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association by the Legal Bureau of the Association. These illustrate very well the great value of the Bureau in bringing about settlements of cases which otherwise might have ended in the law courts, to the loss of both parties to the suits.

Two of these cases were implemented deals, one of which had occupied the attention of the department for a very considerable time. The latter was a case in which a member of the Association had purchased an engine and a separator for the sum of \$4,632.00 on which a cash payment of \$500.00 was made at the time of the purchase, and a further payment of \$207.95 at a later date. From that time on, he was totally unable to make any further payments towards his indebtedness, and in the year 1915, the Company, at his own request, repossessed the machine. The Company claimed a sum of \$4,000.00 but by correspondence and personal interview, the Association succeeded in securing a settlement by a cash payment of \$500.00. This settlement not only relieved the member in question of a very heavy load of debt, but also enabled him to continue his farming operations, which, but for this, would have been brought to an abrupt close.

The second case referred to was one in which a member of the Association purchased a 27-50 tractor, which he claimed was incapable of doing the work which it was guaranteed to perform. He requested the Company to take back the machine on that account. The Company, on the other hand, insisted on the purchaser carrying through his contract, and threatened a law suit to compel him to do this. At the request of the purchaser's solicitors, the case was taken up by the Association, with the result that the Company consented to take back the machine, pay all expenses in connection with its loading and transportation, return all notes, and also to return three-fifths of the cash payment made by the purchaser at the time of purchase. While this was not all to which the purchaser considered himself entitled, he regarded it under the circumstances as on the whole a very satisfactory settlement, while at the same time it saved him from an expensive law suit.

Two other cases brought before the Association were claims for the return of sums of money paid for goods which had not been delivered. The Company against whom the claim was made was a Winnipeg firm, and repeated communications both by the members concerned and the Association failed to bring any response. Eventually however, the Association brought the matter to the attention of the Bank with which the Firm in question did business, through whose efforts a refund of the money was made in each case.

These are only a few of the difficult cases which have been disposed of within the last few weeks. Many others have been dealt with during the same period, while a considerable number are still pending, including a refund for shortage on a car load of oats, payment of which has recently been promised. These cases are of a most varied character, and illustrate very forcibly the use that this department can be to the local Association and to the members in general.

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tion and to the members in general. These alone present more than sufficient ground to justify the appeal which the Association has recently made for support of the Legal Bureau, which Locals were pledged at the last convention to support to the amount of \$5.00 each. At the same time, they are but a small proportion of the cases which are brought to the attention of the Bureau, considerably over a hundred having been dealt with during the last two months.

—Those who refuse to co-operate are no use to themselves or anyone else.

—Rather than bragging about your ancestors live so that your children will want to brag about you.

—The greatest campaign managers are those mothers who are trying to raise five or six kids with prices as high as they are now.

IT COULDN'T BE DONE
Somebody said that "It couldn't be done."

But he, with a chuckle, replied: "That maybe it couldn't, but he would be one Who wouldn't say so 'til he tried."
So he buckled right in, with a trace of a grin
On his face. If he worried he did it.
He started to sing as he tackled the thing
That couldn't be done—and he did it.
—Inland Printer.

United States

MILITARY TRAINING UNDER COMPULSION IN NEW YORK STATE

New York. — New York state youths, between the ages of 16 and 18 inclusive, were summoned by Governor Whitman, in a formal proclamation issued, to enroll on December 3 for military training under the state military law. The enrollment will be carried out with the co-operation of the state education department and will be conducted by school teachers at all public school houses.

Unless the youths of the ages mentioned enroll, they will not be permitted to attend school nor to obtain employment certificates.

TRAIN ROBBERS SHOT ON STREET.

LOS ANGELES. — Charles Forbes, alias Dale Jones, said to have been implicated in numerous train robberies and murders in various parts of the country, and his wife, were shot and killed when Deputy Sheriff George Van Vliet and Wm. J. Anderson attempted to arrest the couple on the main street of Arcadia, a town located about twenty miles from here. Deputy Sheriff Van Vliet was shot above the heart and is in a precarious condition. Deputy Sheriff Anderson received several bullets through his clothes but was uninjured.

DEMAND NEW TRIAL FOR MOONEY

SEATTLE. — With an unanimous vote the Seattle Central Labor council tonight voted to strike on Dec. 9 unless prior to that time Thos. J. Mooney, convicted of murder in connection with a San Francisco bomb explosion, has been granted a new trial or given his freedom. Immediate referendum vote on the strike resolution was asked of all labor unions affiliated with the council.

WAR CONTRACT LOSSES

WASHINGTON. — Cancellation of war contracts involving more than one billion, three hundred and thirty-six million dollars, since the signing of the armistice, is announced in a letter from Secretary Baker read to the senate today by Senator Martin, of Virginia, chairman of the appropriations committee.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Are Your Children Learning to Save Money?

Each maturing son and daughter should have a personal Savings Account in the UNION BANK OF CANADA, with opportunities to save regularly, and training in how to expend money wisely. Such an education in thrift and saving will prove invaluable in later life.

REGINA BRANCH
O. F. Seeber, Manager

To the Farmers of Western Canada

There is considerable low grade grain throughout the West this year and farmers who have this class of grain as well as those who have oats, barley or flax to ship should bear in mind that it will be to their advantage to ship to us as our long experience in the grain business and special connections enable us to get for the shipper the very highest possible price for his grain and the best premiums that are being paid. Grain can also be sold on sample and, if the shipper wishes it, we are well equipped to handle it in this way. While we are not infallible, we feel that we are in a position to give our customers the best advice as to when to sell and all their grain will be wanted, and wanted badly this year, therefore don't sell on street, but ship your own grain. Do not let the fact of your having to load through an elevator stop you from shipping to us. The Grain Act distinctly states that the Elevator Companies must ship grain to whom they are ordered. (See Grain Act Sec. 160).

McBEAN BROS.

GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG. 25th September, 1918.

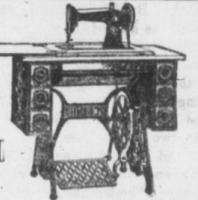
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WESTERN TRUST BUILDING, REGINA, SASK.
Incorporated by Special Act of the Saskatchewan Legislature.

We have fifteen slightly used Singer Sewing Machines which we will sell for \$35.00 Cash, freight prepaid. All machines guaranteed for 5 years and in first-class working order.



SINGER SEWING MACHINES
14 River St. E. Moose Jaw, Sask.
Send for catalog of new machines.

Spent Christmas Back Home

IMPERIAL LIMITED TO MONTREAL \$95.25	EASTERN CANADA DOUBLE DAILY TRAIN SERVICE	TRANS-CANADA TO TORONTO \$80.00
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Corresponding Fares to Other Eastern Points. Safe, Comfortable Travel on the World's Greatest Highway. Compartment Observation Cars, Standard and Tourist Sleepers. Excellent Dining Car Service.

Tickets sold during December are good for 60 days. Extensions will be granted by a payment of \$5.00 for each extra fifteen days.

For further information and Reservations ask any agent of the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

AFTER THE WAR

MOTORCYCLES ARE GOING TO BE THE RAGE
Start now and have your motorcycle repaired. This is our specialty.

STORAGE
We guarantee to keep Battery in good condition.
With us your motorcycle will be as good as new in the spring.
Write to us in your own language.

REGINA CYCLE & MOTOR CO.
1761 HAMILTON ST. PHONE 2775

RIOT FOLLOWED ATTEMPTED LYNCHING

WINSTON SALEM, N. C. — Order was restored here after a night of rioting in which four persons were killed and a score injured when a mob attempted to lynch Russel High, a negro, held in the city jail on charges of shooting a farmer, the county sheriff, and attacking the farmer's wife. The negro, who was not positively identified, is believed to have been removed elsewhere for safe keeping.

QUAKE IN CALIFORNIA

LOS ANGELES. — An earthquake sharp enough to rattle windows and doors and jar dishes from shelves was felt Tuesday of last week in the southwestern part of the city and along the ocean front west of here from Redondo Beach to Santa Monica, a distance of more than fifteen miles. The tremors lasted more than half a minute.

NO U. S. CENSORSHIP.

WASHINGTON. — Discontinuance of press censorship in connection with cable, postal and land telegraph lines, effective at once, was announced last week by the government censorship board.

PROHIBITION ALMOST CARRIED

ST. PAUL, Minn. — Minnesota will remain "wet," complete official returns announced by Secretary of State Julius A. Schasil showing that the proposed dry amendment to the state constitution failed by only 756 votes at the general election on Nov. 5. The dry votes totaled 189,547 and wet voted 173,615. This gives the drys a lead of nearly 16,000. The adoption of the proposed amendment, however, required 190,303 votes so it was lost by margin of 756.

Are You Taking Proper Care of Your Horses?



HOW ABOUT BOTS and PINWORMS?

Improved "HEUREKA CAPSULES" are the proper medicine your horses should get.

There is no other medicine or remedy on the market that could be used with nearly the success obtained by the use of the great "HEUREKA CAPSULES."

We have hundreds of testimonials from

grateful and satisfied users. Many successful farmers and horsebreeders have saved and improved their stock by using our improved HEUREKA CAPSULES. How about you? Have you ever thought of giving this remedy a trial. If your horses are troubled with bots and pinworms, they are suffering just as much as any human being. No matter what you feed them or how well you feed them, and no amount of extra good care will do them any good. The horses will steadily lose flesh and after a while will be run down and unfit for work. You must exterminate the root of the evil, the cause of the different diseases which develop from bots and pinworms.

A GOOD HEALTHY STOCK OF HORSES IS THE BACKBONE FOR A THRIVING FARM.

If your horses are unfit for work, you cannot prepare your soil, you cannot harvest and thresh your crop.

If you have never tried these famous "HEUREKA CAPSULES," you should give them a trial at once. One trial will convince you. Why not do it now?

"IT PAYS".

AGENTS WANTED IN ALL UNREPRESENTED LOCALITIES.

Write today to the

CANADIAN IMPORTING CO.

BOX 124

REGINA, SASK.

Canadian Provinces

Saskatchewan

THE ELEVENTH REGULAR MEETING OF THE EXCELSIOR COUNCIL

The meeting was held at the Municipal Office Rush Lake on the 19th day of Nov. 1915, at 11 a.m., with the Reeves in the chair and all Councillors present with the exception of Cr. Wallace.

1. Minutes of previous meeting read and passed on motion of Cr. Funk.—Carried.

2. By Cr. Funk that old slusher be disposed of to G. K. Olsen for the sum of \$1,000, and old road plow to Ingwald Austrius for \$5.00.—Carried.

3. By Reeve Buttery that the Board of Railway Commissioners be requested to advise this Council when they next meet in Regina or district and that a deputation be appointed to interview them regarding crossing at mileage 93.5 Swift Current Subdivision.—Carried.

4. By Cr. Moyer that application of J. H. Wiens for rent of right of way thru 15-17-10-3 be investigated by the Sec.-Treasurer, and report at next meeting.—Carried.

5. By Cr. Wilson that application of Peter Conrad be referred to the Dept. at Regina for instructions and advice, and that same be complied with.—Carried.

6. By Cr. Wilson that S.W. 15-18-12-3 be redeemed by the municipality, and titles be applied for on tax sale purchases in 1916.—Carried.

7. By Cr. Wilson that telephone charges assessed on leaseholds from the Dominion government be cancelled and charged back to telephone companies concerned.—Carried.

8. By Cr. Unger that the Herbert Agricultural Society be paid \$100.00 on account of the \$200.00 promised. Amendment by Cr. Funk that they be paid \$150.00 on account.—Carried.

9. By Cr. Wilson that Cr. Smith be empowered to accept and deposit from D. Heinrichs notes as security for seed grain lien.—Carried.

10. By Cr. Moyer that cheques amounting to \$30.00 paid to Dan Mantei in 1913 for road work, and still outstanding, be honored.—Carried.

11. By Cr. Wilson that orders on the Treasurer issued in 1915, held by Mr. H. H. Falk and R. J. McClelland be refused payment.—Carried.

12. By Cr. Moyer that Dept. of Highways be referred to regarding road north of N.W. 15-18-11-3 and requested to cancel application for survey if already applied for.—Carried.

13. By Cr. Moyer that the Sec.-Treasurer be appointed Returning Officer for the ensuing election.—Carried.

14. The following Deputies and polling places for the ensuing election were appointed:

Division 1—Ed. Everson, Res. P. Lentzner, N. 34-16-10-3.

Division 2—P. Robertson, Municipal Office, Rush Lake.

Division 3—G. H. Grayson, Dunn's Office, Waldeck.

Division 4—J. H. Wiens, Farmers' Store, Main Centre.

Division 5—H. J. Klassen, Res. S.E. 4-19-11-3.

Division 6—Walter Smith Store, S.E. 3-19-12-3.

15. By Cr. Moyer that Nomination meeting be held at the Orange Hall, Rush Lake, Dec. 2nd, at 1 p.m., standard time.—Carried.

16. By Cr. Wilson that Excelsior Municipality No. 166 agree to join with Coulee Municipality and the Village of Waldeck in connection with the Emergency Hospital established at Waldeck.—Carried.

17. By Cr. Unger to adjourn.—Carried.

ACCUSES J. P. OF SOLICITING \$3,000 BRIBE

SHAUNAVON, SASK. — Barrister Craig, of Moose Jaw, has again loomed up before the public and this time he is facing, according to reports, an action for \$20,000 damages for an alleged utterance in court at Shaunavon. Barrister Craig, it will be remembered, was one of the chief counsel before the

Wetmore commission in the roads scandal enquiry in 1915.

"Barrister Craig, of Moose Jaw, sprung a sensation in the court of Justice J. F. Zeller in Shaunavon a few days ago, when he did, in court, make the statement that Justice Zeller asked the accused whom Craig was defending on a charge of forgery, for the sum of \$3,000 in order to have the matter dealt with to the benefit of the said accused.

"Had a shell from one of the big guns with which the Germans bombarded Paris suddenly exploded in the court room the sensation could not have been greater. For a moment there was not a man in the room breathed—the court, the barristers, the police, the accused and the public in the court room all looked at one another speechless in the profound silence that for a minute held all in its grip, all but Barrister Craig, who stood smiling amid the dead silence.

The objection of Mr. Craig to Mr. Zeller sitting on the case was overruled by the court.

Immediately after the case was over Mr. Zeller, through his solicitor, entered a civil action for \$20,000 damages against Mr. Craig, and the end is not yet.

CHARGED NINE BULYEA PERSONS WITH DISTURBING PEACE

STRAUSBURG, SASK. — Nine residents of the town of Bulyea, including some of the Victory Loan committee, answered to charges of disturbing the peace on Sunday. The charges were preferred by John Kaltenbrunner, who complained that the accused had on Monday before last, disturbed the peace when they paid a visit to his home, also that one member of the visitors had caused damage.

After hearing the evidence the magistrate dismissed eight cases, but assessed the costs of the court on the men brought up, and the ninth person was fined \$5 and costs and \$1 damages to the property of Mr. Kaltenbrunner.

It was stated that the whole affair has been cleared up by the action of Mr. Kaltenbrunner. Following the visit of the people of Bulyea, he went to Strausburg and there subscribed for Victory Bonds to the amount of \$500.

SPANISH "FLU" IN HERBERT DISTRICT

HERBERT, SASK. — Three deaths have occurred since Monday, before last, viz. Thomas Brethier, accountant in the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Henry F. Cornelison, farmer, of Turn Hill, and D. H. Bempel, laborer, of Herbert. These were victims of pneumonia. Critical cases, viz. Mr. Geo. Pratt and Mrs. J. J. Heinrichs, seem to show slight improvement. Very few new cases of influenza are reported in the immediate vicinity of town, though north of town in the Main Centre, Wellnag, and Collins districts the epidemic seems to have just fairly got into its stride. The veteran mail carrier, Mr. J. R. Collins, is reported quite sick, at his home North of the river.

HUNTER BURNED TO DEATH IN SHACK

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK. — The body of Oscar Erickson, a well known young farmer of the Canwood district, has been found in the wreckage of a burned shack 17 miles north of the town. It is believed he perished there while occupying the place as a hunting lodge. It is presumed that the fatal fire came from where the deceased had been cooking outside the shack.

BOYCHUK ACCUSED OF MURDER

HUMBOLDT, SASK. — Bill Boychuk, accused of the murder of Nicolai Hrynink, at Cudworth, on July 8 last, will face his trial in the court of King's Bench at Humboldt early in January. Boychuk, who was given his preliminary hearing recently at Cudworth, was committed for trial after the provincial police had adduced evidence from five witnesses.

The evidence adduced was to the effect that Boychuk had been seen in the immediate vicinity of the shooting on July 8, that he owned a gun and had cartridges in his possession when arrested which carried No. 6 shot, the size found

in the face and head of Hrynink, the murdered man.

SALE OF LIQUOR COST ALBERT MEYER \$400.00.

GULL LAKE, SASK. — Albert Meyer's little trip to Montana and the return with a jug of "hoosh" has cost him quite a bit of money. Meyer is the proprietor of a hotel at Gull Lake and was caught by Constable Dewhurst, of the provincial police, with intoxicating liquor in his public house.

The first charge laid against Meyer was that of bringing liquor into the province contrary to the temperance legislation, and on conviction of this offence Meyer was fined \$250 and costs. The next charge was that of keeping liquor in a public place and for this offence Meyer paid \$100 and costs, and he finally dug down and had to pay another \$100 and costs for illegal sale of liquor.

FOUR MONTHS FOR POINTING GUN.

ESTERHAY, SASK. — John Hudson, of this town, has been sentenced to four months in Regina jail on conviction of pointing a firearm at Constable White, of the provincial police, last week on a farm near here.

PETERS' TRIAL POSTPONED.

WALDECK, SASK. — The trial of Klaus Peters, Mennonite minister of Waldeck, was adjourned to Nov. 28, when he will face a charge of using, giving or issuing a false certificate to one Wiebe to exempt him from military service.

ALBERTA

ALBERT ARNOLD COMMITTED ON MURDER CHARGE

DRUMHELLER, ALTA. — Albert Arnold, the Verdant valley farmer, who on Monday night last shot and killed Tip Blaine, of Drumheller, was committed for trial on the charge of murder.

The first three witnesses who accompanied Blaine to Arnold's farm and gave evidence told of the events leading up to the shooting and the attempt to keep Arnold from escaping, their version being that they went to the outer door and knocked, and receiving no reply, entered the house, knocking at the inner door. Again receiving no reply, Blaine entered and was shot by Arnold. After giving Arnold time to escape they threw stones through the window as related Wednesday.

F. Eddy, another witness for the crown, flatly contradicted the version of the stone-throwing. He was positive the stones were thrown through the windows before Blaine entered the house.

There were between 18 and 25 men altogether in the crowd. They went out in auto spicing various German families on the way and compelling them to sign bonds. But no trouble was experienced until they reached Arnold's.

Cross-examination of Steele and Haglund by W. J. Millman, who acted for Arnold, brought out the fact that the parties who entered Arnold's house were not Victory loan canvassers, but that they had along with them a Victory loan salesman. Both witnesses acknowledged they had not bought a bond of this issue themselves though they had bought former bonds and they had not taken part in the Victory bond drive until the peace celebration on Monday.

The new facts brought out were that Arnold was on the best of terms with his neighbors. The first man he went to after escaping from the house was a returned veteran named Nickle. He told Nickle of the shooting, saying that he feared Blaine was dangerously wounded, if not killed, and said he was afraid to go to Drumheller to give himself up and asked Nickle whether there was a police barracks at Delta.

It was at Delta where Arnold gave himself up to the police.

The date for the trial, at which there will be a great interest manifested, has not been set.

CALGARY SHOWS REOPEN

CALGARY, ALTA. — For the first time since the influenza broke out

THE SECRET OF SAVING

Yes in spending the best advantage—getting the most for your money. That is what you do when you buy Zam-Buk, and that is why Zam-Buk is the choice of the good housekeeper and careful buyer.



In Calgary there have been no calls for ambulances today for influenza patients. Eight new cases were reported. No deaths occurred. Six theatres were opened tonight and largely attended, the patrons being required to wear masks.

A PATHETIC STORY

The most striking single family case in a more northerly district is this unconfirmed report, although it came from a fairly reliable source, a lad of fifteen is seen digging behind the house, he is asked what he is doing, his answer is that he is burying the dead, asked who was dead, his answer is, father, mother, brother and sister. The townspeople all along the C.N.R. line are doing what they can, but the trouble is half of them are down.

SPECIAL CAR TO BIG SHOW

EDMONTON, ALTA. — The annual International Livestock Show at Chicago will be held at the Union Stockyards, Chicago, November 30th to December 7th, and is expected to surpass all previous exhibitions in point of numbers, quality and attendance.

Arrangements are being made by the Provincial Department of Agriculture for a special sleeping car for the benefit of farmers, stockmen and any others who may wish to attend the show, whereby they can all travel together both going and returning, and receive the best service possible at the lowest rates.

C.N.R. TEAMSTER IS FATALITY CRUSHED

WINNIPEG, MAN. — George Keys, C.N.R. teamster, whose family resides at 448 Spence street, died at St. Boniface hospital from the effects of injuries received while engaged at his regular employment seven hours previously.

W. H. Reid, 224 Trent avenue, chauffeur for the Canadian Oil company, was at the loading platform of the railway, Water street, and the deceased was there to assist him. Mr. Reid in backing his truck to the platform caught the unfortunate man, crushing him against the structure. The injuries he received were internal. He was at once taken to the hospital, but there was never any hope for his recovery.

CRESCENT CREAMERY CO. PROFITS SHOWN

WINNIPEG, MAN. — While the Crescent Creamery officials declared to the Tustin milk probe on Saturday that the company lost \$60,000 in four years on American milk, the net profits of the company in 1914 were \$122,279.73; in 1915, \$74,121.22; in 1916, \$137,783.44; and 1917, \$89,218.10.

The profit on all milk handled by the company per quart was 1/4 of one cent.

These figures were brought out in the report of Boland Griggs & Co., chartered accountants.

It was shown that while the average companies in larger cities of the United States showed the goodwill of a milk business was 7 per cent. on the total assets, the Crescent company's figures was 31 per cent. The company's goodwill was listed at \$191,250 or \$2,250 for each route. This, it is alleged, is excessive.

It was also shown that A. A. Rogers received a salary of \$12,000 per annum as president and managing director of the Crescent company.

POLICE COURT

EDMONTON, ALTA. — In the city police court Stanley Skitsko was found guilty of a breach of the Military Service Act in that he failed to report for military service and was fined \$50 and costs or in default of payment serve 3 months in jail. The accused was represented by John Cormack, who in his defence claimed that the accused was under the impression that he did not need to report for service having been discharged last elections.

LESSENS COAL OUTPUT

LETHBRIDGE, ALTA. — The influenza epidemic is playing havoc with the coal output in southern Alberta mines. Between 50 and

75 per cent. of the men are off work in the base mines and the daily output has fallen off from 225 cars to less than 100. The total loss since the epidemic started is not less than 130,000 tons, which may have some effect on fuel conditions in the west this winter.

LASH FOR HOLD-UPS

CALGARY, ALTA. — Henry Chapman, aged 23, giving his residence as Medicine Hat, and Richard Wade, aged 33, a plumber of Calgary, were found guilty of being armed and with violence, holding up Emil Mortenson in East Calgary, October 10, and robbing him of \$200. Chapman was sentenced to three months' and 40 lashes, while Wade drew down three years and 10 lashes.

ELECTION CAMPAIGN UNLIKELY

EDMONTON, ALTA. — On December 2, will be nomination day for the municipal elections, when City Clerk Cox will be prepared to accept nomination papers for the mayor and aldermen during the ensuing year.

The question is, will there be any election campaign, and it is generally assumed just now that there will not, as it is hardly likely that the ban on public assemblies will be lifted in time, and if it was taken off a great proportion of the public would be extremely chary of attending meetings.

Manitoba News

EPIDEMIC STEADILY ON WANE NOW

WINNIPEG, MAN. — If the number of cases being daily reported to the city health department can be taken as a criterion of the true condition of the "flu" situation in Winnipeg then it is clearly indicated the epidemic is steadily waning. There has been a persistent decrease in the number of new cases reported daily until yesterday's returns, which were the lowest excluding Sunday's, since October 26th.

Throughout the day only 195 cases and 20 deaths among civilians were reported, and as there has been a decided slackening off in infection during the past week, it is confidently felt that there will be a noticeable decrease in the death toll during the next few days as a consequence.

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It was also shown that A. A. Rogers received a salary of \$12,000 per annum as president and managing director of the Crescent company.

Radical Cure for Nervousness

Weak and nervous persons, who consider their cases hopeless, suffering with headaches, pains in the chest and back, bad dreams, weakening discharges, premature loss of hair, hearing and sight, catarrh, stomach trouble, constipation, indigestion, palpitation of the heart and melancholy will derive their advantage in the booklet "JUGENDPREUND" how the evil consequences of youthful errors, pollution, stricture, phthisis, hydrocele, varicocele can be cured absolutely within the shortest possible time.

This interesting book (latest edition in English or German) from which young and old will profit, is sent upon receipt of only 25 Cents in stamps by the PRIVATE CLINIC, 137 East 27 St., NEW YORK, N. Y.

By ordering it will be appreciated if you mention "The Courier".

Hearer to the Goal

At last we have made another Step in the right direction. On account of the establishing of a third store at Kendal, Sask., we have been put into the position to buy goods in greater quantities and to buy them cheap. The new store at Kendal is modern in every respect and keeps a first class assortment of goods of every description. In connection with this business we have opened a complete Lumber Yard.

All our customers who know the business methods adopted by us, no doubt are aware of the fact, that the advantages reaped by us are also to their best interests.

Our stock is really too numerous to be mentioned in detail. We assure our customers that we hold for sale in every one of our stores only the best of goods.

PLENTY OF STOCK TO SELECT FROM REASONABLE PRICES AND COURTEOUS SERVICE.

Huck & Kleckner, Vibank, Sask.

Kleckner, Huck & Gartner, Kendal, Sask.

Kleckner & Huck, Odessa, Sask.

FOR YOUR KIND CONSIDERATION

We have the honor to announce, that we have now opened a Garage besides our Implement Business, and that we have secured the services of a first class mechanic. We are now in a position to attend to all

AUTO REPAIRS

in a clean, thorough and prompt manner and to charge for the work prices, which are most reasonable.

We ask for your patronage and assure you a real and courteous service. We guarantee our work in every case.

Before you buy a car call on us and have a look at the new

CHEVROLET CAR

The car of the present time and future.

Ph. Gross and Company

PHONE 6 BOX 74 EARL GREY, SASK.

Real Estate Brokers, Fire and Life Assurance Agents for the Deering and John Deere Implement Co's. Titan Engines and International Harvester Co. Separators. Autos and Steam Threshing Machines.

HON. V. WINKLER ACTING PREMIER

WINNIPEG, MAN. — The personnel of Manitoba's government is greatly depleted, Premier T. C. Norris, Hon. Edward Brown and Hon. T. H. Johnson having left with other western ministers for Ottawa, to consult with federal authorities on national and western problems. Hon. Val. Winkler minister of agriculture, is acting premier during the absence of Premier Norris.

LABOR MEN PLEASED

WINNIPEG, MAN. — Labor men are jubilant because for the first time in Winnipeg's history one of its members has been returned unopposed for a civic seat, such distinction having been gained by A. A. Heaps, alderman for ward 5. The party will run two aldermanic candidates this year: Ernest Robinson, secretary of the Trades and Labor council, for ward 4, and W. B. Simpson, ex-labor alderman, for ward 6.

CHARGED WITH USING FALSE COUPONS

WINNIPEG, MAN. — Two women, P. Gregoska and C. Kochanska, were charged in the police court with having bought goods from P. Oretzky, grocer, 863 Selkirk avenue, with false trade coupons. The first named was committed for trial and Kochanska, unable to appear owing to sickness, was remanded.

IMPLEMENT PRICES TO SOAR

WINNIPEG, MAN. — Winnipeg implement dealers stated on Saturday that there would be a slight increase in the cost of all farm implements owing to the recent advance in freight rates. The last advance in freight tariffs in Canada was 15 per cent. In the United States two increases have been made which amounts in all to 40 per cent.

THOUGHT FATHER A DEER

SUDSBURY, Ont. — Edgar Pellow, one of the oldest locomotive engineers on the Lake Superior division of the C.P.R., was shot and killed by his eldest son, who mistook him for a deer while hunting in the woods near Metagana, Saturday morning last.

CHILD KILLED BY TREE

FORT WILIAM, Ont. — Lyndea Hauteben, the 9-year-old daughter of a farmer at Nola, died here from injuries received in the woods when her father felled a tree on her and inflicted injuries from which she never recovered.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

SANTAL MIDY

The Courier

Published every Tuesday afternoon under date of the following Wednesday by the proprietors, "The Sask. Courier Publ. Co. Ltd.," at their offices: 1835-1837 Halifax Street, Regina, Sask., near the Market square and Eleventh Ave. Telephone 3391. Advertising Rates on Application. Special Representatives: New York: L. Klebahn, 1. W. 34th Street.

Hon. W. R. Motherwell pleads for a square deal to all and the protection of the rights of foreign-born citizens.

In a plea that all living in Canada should be encouraged to become good Canadians. Hon. W. R. Motherwell, minister of agriculture, gives the following peace message:

"You ask me for a message to the farmers of this province, now that the war is over. The world has been so filled with stirring, thrilling dramatic events during the past month or more, that one has scarcely had time yet to rub one's eyes and fully grasp the fact that the great but terrible world tragedy is really over.

"Let me first express my joy that peace has come at last, and come right. It is not an easy matter to rejoice on an epoch making occasion like the present without at least seeming to exult over the vanquished.

"Even though we should exhibit a little bit of this spirit, it is but natural and can be charged up to the ordinary frailties of the flesh.

"Hon. Walter Scott, in officially opening the summer fair at Saskatoon Tuesday, August 4, 1914, the day Britain declared war, invoked the people of Saskatchewan not to be harsh or inconsiderate with the citizens in our midst who once owed allegiance to the countries with which we were so suddenly thrown into war.

"This was a fair and just request to make, though some, under the stress of the times, may have found it difficult to carry out. After more than four years of the greatest and most terrible of human struggles, and the loss of many noble men, victory has crowned the cause of ourselves and allies. And now almost before the roar of cannon has died away in the distance, we read of President Wilson, of the United States; Premier Clemenceau of France, and Premier Lloyd George, of Great Britain, pleading with us to make even greater efforts to save and produce food of all kinds, so that we may feed and keep from starvation, anarchy and madness, our former enemies. Surely this is a magnificent example to set a world scarcely yet even started to recover from and reverse its military training and natural blood lust.

"If what I now write is worthy to be termed a message, I would invoke all to emulate the worthy example set by these great men. Canada has been deep in this struggle for liberty and in the flush of success, if our better nature prevails, will prove as magnanimous in victory as she was valiant in combat.

"During the stress of a year ago or more, Canada treated unwisely many of her subjects who had adopted her citizenship. All such wrongs should be immediately remedied as no Canadian should be held responsible for the sins of his father or fatherland, especially when he voluntarily forsook them, and on invitation, cast in his lot with ourselves. As time goes on and incidents crop out, this tendency, that Walter Scott adjured us against, but which adjuration we have not entirely heeded, may again manifest itself. Should such be the case then think of the premier of stricken France now pleading for food for Germany and we have a worthy example that should make duty at this time easier to follow and inclination and temperament much less difficult to overcome."

FREE! Send for it

NEWMAN'S
Christmas and Midwinter
SALE CATALOGUE
being mailed now
T. F. NEWMAN Co.
The Reliable Mail Order House
WINNIPEG

A FEW THINGS HENRY BLACK ACCOMPLISHED FOR THE CITY OF REGINA DURING HIS FIRST YEAR AS MAYOR

When the citizens voted to pay for the construction of pavement on Winnipeg street leading to the Imperial Oil Company, the Mayor said, after the vote had been taken, that he would only be in favor of commencing with construction work, provided the Imperial Oil Company would pay a fair portion of the costs of construction, and he arranged with the solicitors of the Imperial Oil Company for the payment of \$17,000.00 into the city treasury as the company's contribution towards laying pavement on Winnipeg street north. The Co. also verbally agreed to construct 30 houses, which the mayor considered also to be a source of revenue to the city from an Improvement Tax standpoint so far as the increased use of water, light and street railway facilities would be concerned.

When the mayor took office, the Bank of Montreal recommended to accept one million dollars worth of Treasury Bills bearing a rate of interest which cost the city 7 1/2%. The mayor was opposed to this proposition and afterwards closed the deal at the rate of 7 1/4%, making a saving to the city of \$6,250.

The Mayor also had the Bureau of Welfare closed, effecting a saving thereby during the present year of approximately \$5,000. He also singly opposed the Investigation into the Street Railway, which is costing the city between one and two thousand dollars of useless expenditure without any results.

The Street Cleaning and Scavenger Department has cost less money this year than it did in normal times.

The Street Railway has so far this year a smaller loss than any previous year since it started.

BIG PART OF GERMAN HIGH SEAS FLEET SURRENDERED TO ALLIES

(Continued from Page 1.)
The correspondent of the wireless service with the British naval forces says that just before noon a cruiser came into sight, followed by the German submarines and a German transport. The transfer took place in the harbor, on account of the heavy sea running. The majority of the submarines were large and nearly all were fitted with wireless equipment.

Signs of Revolution
When the Germans arrived it was notable that the revolutionary element was decidedly present. Some of the officers had removed the Prussian eagles from their caps and replaced them with a sort of red badge, which recognizes the authority of the sailors' and soldiers' council. There seemed to be little discipline among the lot. The men took very little notice of anything their officers said to them. One shouted: "No officer; no kaiser."

Some of the Germans were exceedingly anxious to air such English as they possessed, while others suppressed their accomplishments in that direction with equal care. One German officer, who was inclined to be communicative, attached himself to the correspondent and said he worked in London before the war. He added:

"I had no intimation, as many of us that we should be wanted in the summer of 1914, so I went back to Germany a month or two before war was declared. I was not in the submarine service at first but volunteered for it and had a fair share of luck. You British say it was not fair fighting, but we Germans believe that the end justifies the means. Then you complain that we shoot your men while they are in the water. Why not? The men might be saved and fight us another day. We should be fools to let them."

The crew of one submarine, with the exception of an officer, were all intoxicated.

Fearful Punishment
HARWICH, England, Nov. 22. — Most of the submarines which surrendered today were commanded by sub-lieutenants. One of them said that his senior officer did not come because he had been mentioned in the British press as a marked man.

The U-boat which sank while on the way to Harwich was a victim of the rough weather.
HARWICH, England, Nov. 23. — In the presence of Sir Eric Geddes, first lord of the admiralty, twenty-eight more German U-boats surrendered today. This was the most imposing flotilla to haul down the

GET RID OF YOUR FAT

Thousands of others have gotten rid of their WITHOUT DIETING OR EXERCISING often at the rate of over a pound a day and WITHOUT PAYMENT until reduction has taken place.



I am a licensed practicing physician and personally select the treatment for each individual case, thus enabling me to choose remedies that will produce not only a loss of weight harmlessly, but which will also relieve you of all the troublesome symptoms of overweightness such as shortness of breath, palpitation, indigestion, rheumatism, gout, asthma, kidney trouble and various other afflictions which often accompany overweightness.

My treatment will relieve that depressed, tired, sleepy feeling, giving you renewed energy and vigor, a result of the loss of your superfluous fat.

You are not required to change in the slightest form your regular mode of living. There is no dieting or exercising. It is simple, easy and pleasant to take.

If you are over stout do not postpone but sit down right now and send for my FREE TRIAL TREATMENT and my plan whereby I am to be PAID ONLY AFTER REDUCTION HAS TAKEN PLACE if you so desire.

DR. R. NEWMAN, Licensed Physician State of New York
286 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y. Desk M-199

German flag thus far. It included very large submarines and four of the cruiser type, one being nearly 350 feet in length.

Submarine Hunt Operated Off U.S.

LONDON, Nov. 23. — Among the German submarines surrendered at Harwich Friday was one that had operated off the American coast. According to the statement of the sub-lieutenant in command, this submarine sank 120,000 tons of shipping. She is a big, powerful boat and carried forty-two mines and twenty-two torpedoes.

Rumors of Serious Disturbances in Germany.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Count Rentlow in the Tages-Zeitung, takes the same standpoint, declaring that only a speedy preliminary peace can prevent a catastrophe.

Message to Troops

BERLIN (via Amsterdam), Nov. 24. — The council of the people's commissioners welcomes the returning troops with a proclamation saying among other things:

"You marched into the field for the Fatherland when you had nothing to say and a handful of autocrats had the power in their hands and distributed the booty among themselves. You had to fight in silence, while hundreds of thousands at your side had to die. Today you return to your own country, where, in the future, only the people themselves will have anything to say."

Baden Gives Way

BASEL, Nov. 24. — In a proclamation issued Friday in Karlsruhe, Grand Duke Friedrich of Baden says he relieves officers and soldiers from their oath of fidelity and renounces the throne for himself and his descendants in accordance with his cousin and heir, Prince Max, the former German chancellor.

The provisional people's government of Baden, in announcing the abdication to the people, declares that the grand duke and his family and their honor are under the protection of the Baden republic. The announcement renders homage to the patriotism of the grand duke and the services of Prince Maximilian to Germany.

Tried to Seize Police

STOCKHOLM, Nov. 24. — Adherents of the Sparta group of Berlin attempted to seize the Berlin police presidency. Several persons were killed or injured.

Bandits Shoot Two Law Officers

(Continued from Page 1.)

port himself. His assailants fired again and McKay fell to the ground. The boy says that he witnessed the murder and that one of the men went over and looked at the body. McKay was still breathing and the man said that he would go back and put another bullet into him, which he did. The boy claims that nothing was done with the body till Dr. Gervais arrived, but that he gave instructions to have the body and the car thrown over the embankment of the river. The boy claims that at the point of a revolver he was forced to assist in the work of thus disposing of the body and the car.

Under Terrorism

"Doctor" Gervais, whose place seemed to be the headquarters of the gang sought, appears to have maintained an atmosphere of mystery which is now only coming to light. There is a considerable settlement of French Canadians in the locality and it is said they were all scared of the doctor, who claimed to be a hypnotist. In fact, so frightened are the people of him that it was with the utmost diffi-

culty the police have been able to get any information, all the neighbors being afraid to talk.

The names of the two mystery men are Victor Carmel and Jean Baptiste St. Germain.

Surrendered Without Struggle.

The murderers were captured on Sunday morning after a long pursuit, while Gervais was behind the bars before that date. The capture was effected in a straw stack at the farm of Charles W. Young, on the bank of the North Saskatchewan river, six miles east of Prince Albert. They were in a state almost bordering upon collapse from hunger and exposure and were taken without a struggle.

The stack was surrounded by police and citizens, and a demand was made upon them to come out and put up their hands, otherwise the stack would be fired into. The men crawled out from a hole which they had burrowed into the pile and were immediately handcuffed. They carried small revolvers, having thrown away their rifles earlier in the morning when they were fired at by police in the bush on the farm of R. T. Goodfellow. They were brought to the jail and are now safely behind the bars.

The bandits have maintained strict silence since their arrest. They will be charged with the murder of James McKay and Charles Horsley.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS TO BEGIN ABOUT JANUARY FIRST

PARIS, Nov. 24. — The preliminaries to the peace negotiations will begin about January 1, the Echo de Paris declares, and the protocol will be signed about the end of February. The paper adds that the premier will go to London on December 4.

Marshal Foch's refusal to accede to the protestations of the German delegates, according to the Matin, will apply to all proposals in the future.

France Wants \$48,000,000,000.

PARIS, Nov. 24. — Le Matin presents the present tentative estimate of the sum which it says should be demanded from Germany by France alone: For the 1870 debt, 60,000,000,000 francs (\$12,000,000,000); expenses of the present war, 40,000,000,000 francs (\$8,000,000,000); pensions, 40,000,000,000 francs (\$8,000,000,000); reparation of damages, 100,000,000,000 francs (\$20,000,000,000); total, 240,000,000,000 francs (\$48,000,000,000).

Before the allies can dictate their terms of peace they must agree among themselves, one newspaper correspondent says. He sees these principles thus:

1. Secret diplomacy. Shall the conference be open or secret?
 2. The society of nations with its corollaries, reduction of armaments and freedom of the seas.
 3. Economic equality. Shall all the nations, regardless of whether they are free trade or protectionist, accord the same economic treatment to all other nations?
- These principles being settled the allies will then have to agree upon the points concerning Germany and her allies.

SOCIALISTS ATTACKED IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Nov. 25. — Hundreds of soldiers and sailors broke through a cordon of police surrounding Madison Square Garden tonight and attacked International agents, who addressed a mass meeting at which Bolshevik doctrines were expounded. The men and women leaving the hall broke and fled as the men in uniform charged the police, but were pursued into

FRENCH POSITION, WITH PEACE HERE, BECOMES ACUTE

PARIS, Nov. 22. — The French government is expected to make a declaration tomorrow concerning demobilization. One class will probably be liberated every fifteen days beginning January 1. Only a few of the younger classes being kept under the colors for purposes of occupation. Meanwhile the situation of more than 1,000,000 employees in war industries presents a serious problem. The French factories are still making shells. Unless all these people are to be turned out into the streets without means, means must be discovered for transforming the war industries into peace industries. But here enters the complication that France at the present time is almost completely without the raw stuffs necessary for such a transformation and lacks the commercial fleet to import them.

Before the war the world's merchant fleet consisted of 21,200,000 tons; Germany, 4,700,000 tons; the United States, 3,350,000; Norway, 2,500,000; and France, 2,300,000 tons, followed by Japan and Holland.

Today, Britain, having replaced half her war losses, still has 18,000,000 tons. The United States tonnage has been greatly increased. Norway has kept about the same, while Italy, Japan and Holland have outdistanced France which possesses only 1,500,000 tons in lamentable repair. France has built no merchantmen since the war began because of the lack of labor. And it will be seriously handicapped in the tremendous economic struggle which every one foresees. Italy, for example, has built 300,000 tons of merchant ships since she entered the war.

LEMBERG CAPTURED BY UKRAINIANS

LONDON, Nov. 24. — Since the capture of Lemberg, the capital of Galicia, by the Ukrainians on Nov. 1, fighting has continued there between the Ukrainians and the Poles without cessation, according to Austrian newspapers quoted in a Vienna despatch dated Monday to the Daily Mail.

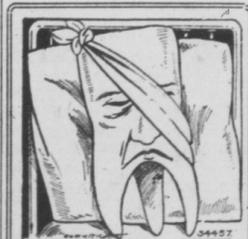
Lemberg was taken by surprise. Polish legions attempted to recapture the city. Both sides are using artillery and German officers are helping the Ukrainians. All traffic to and from Lemberg has been stopped and the residents are unable to leave their homes. The justice of the peace who had rattle of machine guns has been continuous and there was fierce fighting for the town hall, the post office, the diet building and the governor's palace, parts of the buildings were destroyed. The Ukrainians outnumber the Poles and it was declared in Vienna on Monday that Lemberg was entirely in the hands of the Ukrainians.

The Ukrainians have also captured Czernowitz, the capital of Bukovina, and Boleslav, while fighting is in progress at Przemyśl, Kolomea and Stanislaw.

The correspondent says the fighting in Galicia seems to be a case for Allied intervention.

LARGEST LOAD OF WHEAT

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 23. — The American steamship Ixion was loaded here today with the largest wheat cargo ever loaded from this port. It takes out 440,500 bushels, which tops all previous records by several thousand bushels. The shipment was made by the Wheat Exporting company.



A SICK TOOTH

A painful patient. Don't continue to suffer if your teeth bother you. You will have to attend to them in the end anyway, so why not now and avoid a lot of torture?

WE CURE SICK TEETH

and repair or replace injured ones at a very reasonable expense.

Open Evenings Only by Appointment

Dr. G. R. Clarke

DOMINION TRUST BLDG., Rose St. and Eleventh Ave.

NINE OUT OF TEN
of the common ailments have their origin in impure blood, caused by a weakened condition of the vital organs.

Forni's Alpenkräuter

is without an equal for strengthening the vital organs, improving the blood and building up the system, it is an old, plain herb-remedy and contains nothing, but what will do you good.

Do not ask the druggist for it, as it is supplied by special agents only.

For further particulars address,
DR. PETER FAHRNEY & SONS CO.,
2501-17 Washington Blvd. CHICAGO, ILL.
(Delivered in Canada free of duty)

GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC

Winter Tourist Fares
— TO —
Vancouver and Victoria

On sale daily during December and January, with final return limit April 30th, 1919, by the

Grand Trunk Pacific
First-class meals and berth on steamers included in fares.

GO THIS WAY TO CALIFORNIA
For information, tickets and reservations, apply
S. M. GREENE,
City Passenger and Ticket Agent
1829 Scarth Street Phone 3857

USED CARS AT BARGAIN PRICES

We have a number of used cars which we are offering for quick sale at bargain prices. Look over the following list if you wish to make some money on a used car:—

- ONE ELGIN-SIX five passenger, just overhauled and refinished and in first-class running condition. 1917 model.
- ONE SAXON-SIX 5 passenger. 1916 model
- ONE McLAUGHLIN 5 passenger.
- ONE CHALMERS-SIX, overhauled and in good running condition, equipment like new.
- ONE CHEVROLET, 1918 model, run about a month only, sacrificed for cash. Owner leaving city.
- ONE CHEVROLET, 1917 model, in tip-top condition. A Bargain.

See the above cars if you are interested in a used car.

FARMERS—ATTENTION!—We have a number of steel drums suitable for gasoline or oils, cheap for quick sale.

CANADIAN MOTOR SALES CORPORATION LTD.
CITY GARAGE, ALBERT STREET, REGINA

AMERICAN SHIP LOSSES
WASHINGTON, Nov. 23. — Loss of 145 American passenger and merchant vessels of 354,449 tons, and 775 lives through acts of the enemy during the period from the beginning of the world war to the cessation of hostilities on Nov. 11 is shown by figures made public today by the department of commerce bureau of navigation. The report does not include several vessels, the loss of which has not been established as due to acts of the enemy.

Nineteen vessels and 67 lives were lost through use of torpedoes, mines and gunfire prior to the entrance of the United States into the war.

Wanted
AN INTELLIGENT BOY, WHO wishes to learn the PRINTERS' TRADE as a compositor. Must be able to read and write English and German correctly. Only such need apply who can stay at the work.
Sask. Courier Publ. Co., Ltd., 1835 Halifax Street, Regina.

WE CAN SELL YOUR BUSINESS, Farm or Property for Cash, no matter where located. Capital procured for meritorious enterprises. Give full particulars in first letter. R. S. HERBERT & CO., 116 W. Van Buren Street, Chicago, Ill.

Public Notice
Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers of "Gratton Roman Catholic Separate School District No. 13," Regina, will be held at the City Hall on Friday, the 29th day of November, 1918, at 8.30 p.m.
JOHN J. SIDLER,
Sec.-Treasurer.

LOOK! BUY!
at the
REGINA BARGAIN STORE
1511 ELEVENTH AVENUE REGINA
OPPOSITE JOHN W. ENHANN'S OFFICE

Why not save many Dollars on your clothing, Boots and Shoes, Underwear, Dry Goods, Tables, Ready to wear, Childrens Wear, Spectacles Etc. Etc.

We have a \$10,000.00 Stock in all goods.
They will be sold open for the better.

Your Vote and Influence
Are Respectfully Solicited
for
Henry Black's
Election
to his
SECOND TERM
as
Mayor of Regina.



CANDIDATE FOR RE-ELECTION
MAYOR HENRY BLACK.

YOUR VOTE and INFLUENCE
FOR THE ELECTION
T. G. McNall
AS ALDERMAN
is respectfully requested.

Regina and District
WEDDING
A quiet but pretty wedding took place in St. Mary's church on Monday, Nov. 25, when Mr. Reid Randall and Miss Vera Karst were married. The bride is the daughter of the well-known Mr. John Karst of Belle Plaine, Sask. After the ceremony the young couple left for a trip to Chicago, Ill.

DIED OF INFLUENZA
Mrs. Martin Hoffmann of Kennell died on Sunday last of complications following an attack of the Spanish influenza. She leaves to mourn her loss a husband and several children.

SERIOUSLY ILL
Mr. Anton Brender of Edenwold as well as his whole family are down with the "flu." Dr. Black of Regina visited the family Monday last and found the case a rather critical one. So far, however, there are hopes for recovery of the patients.

BAN TO BE LIFTED THURSDAY
The ban on public meetings, theatres, moving picture houses, the pool rooms and bowling alleys and other places of amusement is likely to be removed at 6 o'clock on Thursday evening, instead of midnight, it was announced by Ald. England, chairman of the influenza epidemic committee of the city council.

MUNICIPAL CAMPAIGN WELL UNDER WAY
The mayoralty contest looks like a straight fight between Mayor Black and J. F. Bole, no other candidates having announced themselves as being in the field for the mayor honor.
Mayor Black, expressed strong

disapproval of the citizens' tickets formed before nomination day, this being based on information which he had received. He declined to recognize the men who had brought out the citizens' candidates and challenged them to name the men and the organizations behind the move.

The full meeting of the citizens' committee, represented upon which are members of more than a dozen of the leading organizations of the city, unanimously approved of the nomination of J. F. Bole for mayor, and of W. J. Stewart, Alex. Young, Lieut.-Col. James McAra, S. C. Burton and Ald. A. C. Frohn as aldermen for the ensuing two years. The Labor party refused to join hands with the citizens committee and name one of their members to stand for election as one of the citizens candidates.

Nomination of a third candidate, in the person of George Sturdy, president of the Regina labor party, was the reply of the local labor men to the request of the Citizens' party for the labor men to agree to withdraw one of their men and consent to the other one being included among the Citizens' candidates.

A meeting of about twenty labor men of the city was held in the Trades and Labor hall, with George Sturdy presiding, and during the meeting a message was delivered over the phone making the above request, which was not only emphatically refused, but was supplemented by the statement that they declined to recognize the Citizens' candidates in any way. Before the meeting dispersed a resolution was adopted that a candidate should be run for the school board, when Geo. Peake was nominated for that position.

The following Aldermen have another year to serve and are therefore not in the contest:
A. G. MacKinnon, F. G. England, Harry Perry, H. H. Campkin, Dr. Rose.

CITY DEFICIT \$60,148 FOR TEN MONTHS
The city's revenue account for the first ten months of the year is short \$60,148.32 instead of showing an estimated surplus of \$2,027.54, according to the city auditor's report which has been prepared for presentation at the annual ratepayers' meeting. This is equivalent to a difference of two mills on the tax rate.

A SUNNY CLIME THIS WINTER TIME.
Of the world's greatest resorts in all seasons, the Pacific Northwest is nearest at hand and affords every attraction to the citizen of this country with the means and time for winter travel. You may avoid the rigorous Canadian winter at a minimum of cost and reach your destination on the Pacific Coast "where it's summer all the time," with a maximum of pleasure, by the Grand Trunk Pacific Route. Unsurpassed mountain scenery enroute through the Canadian Rockies and along the Skeena River, through Central British Co-

lumbia, coupled with a six hundred mile sea voyage down the inside channel from Prince Rupert to Vancouver and Victoria, completes a trip beyond compare. The steamers of the Grand Trunk Pacific Coast Steamship Company are the last word in luxury and service and are recognized as the finest and largest steamships in the North Pacific Coast passenger traffic. For pastime while on board ship, all kinds of deck games and orchestra music are provided.
This excellent trip, meals and berth included while on board ship, is offered at a minimum fare. Stop-over allowed at intermediate points. Connection is made at Vancouver, Victoria or Seattle for all points in Washington, Oregon and California.
Full details may be had on application to S. M. Greene, City Passenger Ticket Agent, Regina.

HAD ASTHMA TWELVE YEARS—Mr. Johannes Keller of Collyer, Kans., writes: "You would like to know how I am getting along. I am quite well now, Forni's Alpenkrauter has restored me to health. For twelve years I had been suffering with asthma; I used all kinds of medicines, but none brought me relief until I used this remedy." Many ailments which have apparently baffled the so-called scientific skill of doctors, have yielded to the quiet influence of this plain, old herb-remedy, Forni's Alpenkrauter is not a so-called "patent medicine," and is not to be had in drug stores. Local agents supply it. Write to Dr. Peter Fahrney & Sons Co., 2501 Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

POLLING PLACES AND DEPUTIES IN CIVIC ELECTIONS
The municipal elections will be held on the statutory day, Monday, December 9, from 9 a.m. to 8 p.m. The following shows the location of the polling booths in the five subdivisions and the deputy returning officers assigned to each:
Polling subdivision 1—Market building, Market square; F. X. Kusch, F. Baker, D. Stocker.
Polling subdivision 2—City hall auditorium; A. B. Mann, C. C. Smith, D. L. Graham.
Polling subdivision 3—St. Mary's separate school, corner Scarth and Victoria; W. J. Ruston, A. L. Gordon, H. Djekey.
Polling subdivision 4—Polling booth corner Albert and Thirteenth; E. D. Noonan, J. J. McNeice, G. M. Bayne.
Polling subdivision 5—Sons of England hall, 1459 Retalack street north; F. Bland, R. A. Robertson, W. J. E. Adamson.

M. O. RAMSLAND, M.L.A. DIES OF "FLU."
M. O. Ramsland, M.L.A. for Pelly, is dead at Kamsack, after an attack of Spanish influenza. He appeared to be recovering when he suffered a relapse on Saturday night and died on Sunday morning. A message of sympathy was sent to the family by Hon. S. J. Latta on behalf of the government.
Mr. Ramsland was the Liberal candidate at the provincial election of 1917 and on June 26 was elected M.L.A. for Pelly over his Conservative opponent, R. J. M. Parker, by a majority of 1,015, the figures being 2,402 for Ramsland and 1,387 for Parker.

THANKSGIVING DAY DECEMBER FIRST.
The following telegram has been received at government house:
OTTAWA, Nov. 19, 1918.
"Day of thanksgiving for conclusion of hostilities, prematurely announced in the press for the 17. Owing to influenza in western provinces that day cannot be fixed. Proclamation fixing Dec. 1 will issue in few days. There may be confusion owing to press despatch. Please give as great publicity as possible, the date being Dec. 1. Thomas Mulvey, undersecretary of state."

DISTRICT COURT SITTINGS, DECEMBER 9th.
The sittings of the District Court which were to have commenced at Regina on Nov. 19, have been adjourned until Dec. 9, according to announcement by His Honor Judge Hannon. The postponement is made owing to the prevalence of the epidemic. The sittings of the court for general actions will open on Dec. 9, and the court will open on Dec. 16 for small debt actions.

SPECIAL OFFER FOR AGRICULTURAL COURSE
Hon. W. M. Martin, minister of education, announced that the department was offering a grant of \$500 to any high school or colleg-

HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION
Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well."
"My mother who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."—Mrs. MARIE BOYD, 1421 5th St., N.E., Canton, Ohio.
Sometimes there are serious conditions where a hospital operation is the only alternative, but on the other hand so many women have been cured by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after doctors have said that an operation was necessary—every woman who wants to avoid an operation should give it a fair trial before submitting to such a trying ordeal.
If complications exist, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice. The result of many years experience is at your service.



iate institute which would provide a three months' to five months' course in agricultural and household science for boys and girls from the rural districts.

RECORD PRICE NOW OFFERED DAIRYMEN FOR BUTTERFATS
Butter fat has reached a record price for Saskatchewan. The new price which became effective on Nov. 9 is an increase of 7 cents. The same record figure was paid

MR. STEWART'S APPEAL TO THE CITIZENS.
In an interview given one of our reporters by Mr. W. J. Stewart, one of the aldermanic candidates on the citizens' ticket, the following views have been expressed by him:
"The platform of the 'Citizens' Ticket' will be prepared shortly and announced through the press and at public meetings to be held in various parts of the city."
"I can assure you that all matters relating to our community, to labor, to public utilities, taxation and the social and moral welfare of our citizens will receive every possible care."
W. J. STEWART.

for butter fat in April last, but only for a short period.
The lifting of the order commanding creamery butter in the Dominion took effect on Nov. 9. Telegrams have been sent out by the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries Limited to their agents throughout Saskatchewan, notifying them that prices to be paid to farmers for butter fat were to be increased seven cents a pound, commencing November 9.

FRIDAY WAS BEST DAY IN REGINA DURING EPIDEMIC
With not a single death and more doctors reporting than new cases, Friday was by all odds the best day in the history of the influenza epidemic since the peak was reached. The average number of new cases per doctor is now less than one and there is every hope that the disease is about over except for a few sporadic cases.
The total number of new cases reported Friday was 23, the number of doctors reporting being 25, an average of .92 per doctor as

compared with an average of 1.04 the previous day.
Friday night there were only four patients left at St. Joseph's hospital. Three of these were well

When approached by a number of representative men of our City to allow my name to go before the ratepayers of Regina as a candidate for Alderman on the "Citizens Ticket" I consented with the understanding that I would reserve for myself complete freedom of action, if the people should see fit to elect me for a third time in succession.
Having served our city in the position as an alderman for the last four years the ratepayers know the stand I have taken regarding important municipal questions during that period. All who consider that I have served the people to the best of my ability I ask to kindly support me for re-election on Monday, December 9th.
Respectfully yours
Alex Young

YOUR VOTE AND INFLUENCE
Are Respectfully Solicited
FOR THE ELECTION
OF
S. C. Burton
AS ALDERMAN FOR THE CITY OF REGINA
Vote Early on Monday, December 9th

enough to be moved but it is not considered advisable to move the fourth and for this reason it is doubtful whether the temporary hospital will be closed immediately.

CITY OF REGINA

Interim Statement of General Revenue and Expenditure Account For the Ten Months Ending October 31, 1918.

EXPENDITURE	REVENUE		
	Actual Ten Months	Estimate for Ten Months	Year
General Government, including Deficit on Utilities	\$164,729.86	\$ 87,050.24	\$118,460.45
Works Department	180,473.40	191,736.17	230,083.40
Health Department	83,134.06	80,290.47	96,318.27
Fire Department	69,148.18	73,064.51	87,713.41
Building Inspection	1,941.89	2,168.75	2,602.59
General Hospital	24,921.43	46,379.56	55,533.47
Charitable Institutions	3,837.58	3,231.04	3,985.25
Sanitation	33,269.80	35,890.25	43,068.30
Police Commission	41,849.94	47,841.92	57,417.50
Parks Department	17,262.21	16,608.92	19,950.70
Cemetery	1,585.72	1,425.00	1,710.00
Winter Fair Building	10,428.32	10,364.02	12,437.46
Exhibition	11,470.44	11,570.85	13,885.02
Markets	2,225.04	2,519.56	3,023.47
City Hall	3,831.88	7,500.00	9,000.00
1917 Deficit	11,764.48	11,764.48	14,117.37
Surplus, 1918, estimated	\$701,608.34	\$639,432.48	\$767,318.87
		2,027.54	2,433.05
	\$701,608.34	\$641,460.02	\$769,751.92

ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER DEPARTMENT
Statement of Revenue and Expenditure for the Ten Months Ending October 31st, 1918

EXPENDITURE	REVENUE
Operating Expenses, as per detailed statement	\$202,957.23
Fixed Charges and Depreciation	100,302.10
	\$303,259.33
By Consumers Charges and Miscellaneous, as per detailed statement	\$280,133.29
Balance, net deficit	14,126.04
	\$303,259.33

WATERWORKS DEPARTMENT

EXPENDITURE	REVENUE
Operating Expenses as per details	\$ 61,732.37
Fixed Charges	104,940.40
	\$166,672.77
Consumers' Charges and Miscellaneous	\$167,760.86
Farm Surplus	8,250.60
Balance, net deficit	2,711.89
	\$166,712.77

STREET RAILWAY DEPARTMENT

EXPENDITURE	REVENUE
Operating Expenses, as per details	\$178,375.70
Fixed Charges	81,148.50
	\$259,524.20
Fares, Advertising, etc., as per detailed statement	\$208,030.59
Balance, net deficit	51,493.61
	\$259,524.20

PUBLIC UTILITIES SUMMARY
For the Ten Months Ending October 31st, 1918

DEBIT	CREDIT
Deficit—Electric Light and Power	\$14,126.04
Deficit—Waterworks	2,711.89
Deficit—Street Railway	51,493.61
	\$68,331.54
Contribution from Property Sales for Street Railway Sinking Fund	\$1,145.62
Balance transferred to General Government Account	51,493.61
	\$68,331.74

CITY OF REGINA
Statement of Bonded Debt As At October 31st, 1918

Amount outstanding at December 31, 1917:	\$9,567,087.00	General Fund	\$4,347,198.59
Issued during 1918:		Local Improvements	1,867,242.96
Bylaw 922	\$ 40,000.00	Electric Light	1,600,230.35
Bylaw 937a	25,000.00	Waterworks	1,474,194.69
Bylaw 938a	175,000.00	Street Railway	1,585,287.90
Bylaw 950	25,000.00		
	305,000.00		
Less Redeemed during 1918 to date:			
Bylaw 272 instalment	604.79		
Bylaw 286 instalment	3,000.00		
Bylaw 332 instalment	5,333.33		
	8,938.12		
	\$9,863,148.88		
Add 5-year Coupon Bonds Outstanding	1,012,000.00		
	\$10,875,148.88		
			\$10,875,148.88

DEBENTURES AUTHORIZED AND UNSOLD 31st OCTOBER, 1918

City Share	Property Share	Total
\$72—Plank Sidewalks, 5 years, 5%	\$15,169.29	\$55,984.50
912—Pavements, 15 years, 6%	17,781.98	17,781.98
		\$73,766.48

Published in accordance with Sec. 71 (2) City Act.
JOHN E. SNOWBALL,
City Treasurer.

Certified Correct,
GLADWELL, WILSON & CO.,
Chartered Accountants, City Auditors.

Got a Cold?
Peps will give you relief! Simply dissolve a Peps tablet in your mouth. Your breath carries the medicinal Pine vapor, which is released, to all parts of the throat, nasal and air passages, where a liquid medicine could not possibly reach. This vapor destroys all germs with which it comes in contact, soothes and heals the inflamed membranes and fortifies you against coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis and grippe. Peps contain absolutely no harmful drugs and are therefore the safest remedy for children.
Cut out this FREE TRIAL article, write across it the name and date of this paper, and mail it (with 1c stamp to pay return postage) to Peps Co., Toronto. A free trial packet will then be sent you. All druggists and stores sell Peps, 50c. box.
Peps
MAKE BREATHING EASY.

The Mill on the Floss

By George Eliot.

BOOK FIRST — BOY AND GIRL.

(XI. Instalment.)

"What's the use o' that," said Mr. Tulliver sharply, "when a man marries, and's got no capital to work his farm but his wife's bit o' fortin? I was against it from the first; but you'd neither of you listen to me. And I can't lie out o' my money any longer, for I've got to pay five hundred o' Mrs. Glegg's, and there'll be Tom an' expense to me—I should find my self short, even saying I'd got back all as is my own. You must look about and see how you can pay me the three hundred pound."

"Well, if that's what you mean," said Mr. Moss, looking blankly before him, "we'd better be sold up, an' ha' done with it; I must part wi' every head o' stock I've got, to pay you and the landlord too."

Poor relations are undeniably irritating—their existence is so entirely uncalculated on our part, and they are almost always very faulty people. Mr. Tulliver had succeeded in getting quite as much irritated with Mr. Moss as he had desired, and he was able to say angrily, ending from his seat—

"Well, you must do as you can. I can't find money for everybody else as well as myself. I must look to my own business and my own family. I can't lie out o' my money any longer. You must raise it as quick as you can."

Mr. Tulliver walked abruptly out of the parlour as he uttered the last sentence, and, without looking round at Mr. Moss, went on to the kitchen-door, where the eldest boy was holding his horse, and his sister was waiting in a state of wondering alarm, which was not without its alleviations, for baby was making pleasant gurgling sounds, and performing a great deal of finger practice on the faded face. Mrs. Moss had eight children, but could never overcome her regret that the twins had not lived. Mr. Moss thought their removal was not without its consolations. "Won't you come in, brother?" she said, looking anxiously at her husband, who was walking slowly up, while Mr. Tulliver had his foot steady in the stirrup.

"No, no; good-bye," said he, turning his horse's head, and riding away.

No man could feel more resolute till he got outside the yardgate, and a little way along the deep rutted lane; but before he reached the next turning, which would take him out of sight of the dilapidated farm-buildings, he appeared to be smitten by some sudden thought. He checked his horse, and made it stand still in the same spot for two or three minutes, during which he turned his head from side to side in a melancholy way, as if he were looking at some painful object on more sides than one. Evidently, after his fit of premeditation, Mr. Tulliver was relapsing into the sense that this is a puzzling world. He turned his horse, and rode slowly back, giving vent to the climax of feeling which had determined this movement by saying aloud, as he struck his horse, "Poor little wench! she'll have nobody but Tom, belike, when I'm gone."

Mr. Tulliver's return, into the yard was desecrated by several young Mosses, who immediately ran in with the exciting news to their mother, so that Mrs. Moss was again on the doorstep when her brother rode up. She had been crying, but was rocking baby to sleep in her arms now, and made no ostentatious show of sorrow as her brother looked at her, but merely said—

"The father's gone to the field again, if you want him, brother."

"No, Gritty, no," said Mr. Tulliver in a gentle tone. "Don't you fret—that's all—I'll make a shift without the money a bit—only you must be as clever and contriving as you can."

Mrs. Moss's tears came again at this unexpected kindness, and she could say nothing.

"Come, come!—the little wench shall come and see you. I'll bring her and Tom some day before he goes to school. You mustn't fret."



GILLETT'S LYE
CLEANS—DISINFECTS—USED FOR SOFTENING WATER—FOR MAKING HARD AND SOFT SOAP—FULL DIRECTIONS WITH EACH CAN.

"I'll always be a good brother to you."

"Thank you for that word, brother," said Mrs. Moss, drying her tears; then turning to Lizzy, she said, "Run now and fetch the coloured egg for cousin Maggie."

Lizzy ran in, and quickly reappeared with a small paper parcel.

"It's boiled hard, brother, and coloured with thrums—very pretty: it was done o' purpose for Maggie. Will you please to carry it in your pocket?"

"Ay, ay," said Mr. Tulliver, putting it carefully in his side-pocket. "Good-bye."

And so the respectable miller returned along the Basset lanes rather more puzzled than before, as to ways and means, but still with the sense of a danger escaped.

It had come across his mind that if he were hard upon his sister, it might somehow tend to make Tom hard upon Maggie at some distant day, when her father was no longer there to take her part; for simple people, like our friend Mr. Tulliver, are apt to clothe unimpeachable feelings in erroneous ideas, and this was his confused way of explaining to himself that his love and anxiety for "the little wench" had given him a new sensibility towards his sister.

CHAPTER IX.
To Garum Firs.

While the possible troubles of Maggie's future were occupying the father's mind, she herself was tasting only the bitterness of the present. Childhood has no foreboding; but then, it is soothed by no memories of outlived sorrow. The fact was, the day had begun ill with Maggie. The pleasure of having Lucey to look at, and the prospect of the afternoon visit to Garum Firs, where she would hear uncle Pullet's musical box, had been marred as early as eleven o'clock by the advent of the hair-dresser from St. Ogg's, who had spoken in the severest terms of the condition in which he had found her hair, holding up one jagged lock after another and saying, "See here! tut—tut—tut!" in a tone of mingled disgust and pity, which to Maggie's imagination was equivalent to the strongest expression of public opinion. Mr. Rappit, the hair-dresser, with his well-oiled coronal locks tending wavy upward, like the simulated pyramid of flame on a monumental urn, seemed to her at that moment the most formidable of hed contemptories, into whose street at St. Ogg's she would carefully refrain from entering through the rest of her life.

Moreover, the preparation for a visit being always a serious affair in the Dodson family, Martha was enjoined to have Mrs. Tulliver's room ready, an hour earlier than usual, that the laying out of the best clothes might not be deferred till the last moment, as was sometimes the case in families of lax views, where the ribbon-strings were never rolled up, where there was little or no wrapping in silver paper, and where the sense that the Sunday clothes could be got at quite easily, produced no shock to the mind. Already, at twelve o'clock, Mrs. Tulliver had on her visiting costume, with a protective apparatus of brown holland, as if she had been a piece of satin furniture in danger of flies; Maggie was frowning and twisting her shoulders, that she might if possible shrink away from the prickliest of tuckers, while her mother was remonstrating, "Don't, Maggie, my dear—don't make yourself

so ugly!" and Tom's cheeks were looking particularly brilliant as a relief to his best blue suit, little wrangling, effected what was always the one point of interest to him in his toilet—he had transferred all the contents of his everyday pockets to those actually in wear.

As for Lucey, she was just as pretty and neat as she had been yesterday: no accidents ever happened to her clothes, and she was never uncomfortable in them, so that she looked with wondering pity at Maggie would, certainly have torn it off, if she had not been checked by the remembrance of her recent humiliation about her hair: as it was, she confined herself to fretting and twisting, and behaving peevishly about the card-houses which they were allowed to build till dinner, as a suitable amusement for boys and girls in their best clothes. Tom could build perfect pyramids of houses; but Maggie's would never bear the laying on of the roof: it was always so with the things that Maggie made; and Tom had deduced the conclusion that no girls could ever make anything. But it happened that Lucey proved wonderfully clever at building: she handled the cards so lightly, and moved so gently, that Tom condescended to admire her houses as well as his own, the more readily because she had asked him to teach her. Maggie, too, would have admired Lucey's houses, and would have given up her own unsuccessful building to contemplate them, without ill-temper, if her tucker had not made her peevish, and if Tom had not inconsiderately laughed when her houses fell, and told her she was "a stupid."

"Don't laugh at me, Tom!" she burst out angrily; "I'm not a stupid. I know a great many things you don't."

"Oh, I daresay, Miss Spitfire! I'd never be such a cross thing as you—making faces like that. Lucey doesn't do so. I like Lucey better than you: I wish Lucey was my sister."

"Then it's very wicked and cruel of you to wish so," said Maggie, starting up hurriedly from her place on the floor, and upsetting Tom's wonderful pagoda. She really did not mean it, but the circumstantial evidence was against her, and Tom turned white with anger, but said nothing: he would have struck her, only he knew it was cowardly to strike a girl, and Tom Tulliver was quite determined he would never do anything cowardly.

Maggie stood in dismay and terror, while Tom got up from the floor and walked away, pale from the scattered ruins of his pagoda, and Lucey looked on mutely, like a kitten pausing from its lapping.

"Oh, Tom," said Maggie, at last, going half-way towards him, "I didn't mean to knock it down—in-deed, indeed I didn't."

Tom took no notice of her, but took, instead, two or three hard pecks out of his pocket, and shot them with his thumbnail against the window—vaguely at first, but presently with the distinct aim of hitting a superannuated blue-bottle which was exposing its imbecility in the spring sunshine, clearly against the views of Nature who had provided Tom and the peas for the speedy destruction of this weak individual.

Thus the morning had been made heavy to Maggie, and Tom's persistent coldness to her all through their walk spoiled the fresh air and sunshine for her. He called Lucey to look at the half-built bird's nest, without caring to show it Maggie, and peeled a willow-switch for Lucey and himself, without offering one to Maggie. Lucey had said, "Maggie, shouldn't you like one?" but Tom was deaf.

(To be continued.)

Easy Economies.

Solder Up the Holes in Your Tin Articles at home. Fold a scrap of tinfoil over the hole and apply the tip of a red-hot poker to melt it in place. The solder may also be melted from old tin cans.

WOMAN'S WORLD

Training Little Children

Every Child Instinctively Desires to Use His Hands. This is One of the Ways in Which He Educates Himself—Country Homes Abound in Material for Beginning Handwork.

By Dorothy Canfield Fisher.

So many of our American farm houses are situated in very rigorous climates that a good many mothers will not think the out-of-doors a possible playground in winter time. This is less true, than they are apt to think. On almost any sunny day in the winter, little children, if warmly dressed, will benefit far more by a brisk, romping, active half-hour's running and jumping than city babies do in their swathed, motionless outing in a baby carriage. And when really bad weather drives them in, as it should do very seldom, the country mother has a great advantage in space over the city one. For there is about a farm nearly always some corner, a woodshed, a corner of the barn, an attic, or an unused room where the little folks may romp and play actively. If necessary, the sacred spare room is better used for this purpose than kept in idle emptiness. And all the varieties of handwork are resources for rainy days.

For, as the children advance beyond real babyhood and the mere need for constant romping and climbing and running like little animals, their instinctive desire to use their hands increases, and this is an instinct which should be encouraged in every possible way. Just as the wise mother sees to it that they are provided when babies with ample chance to roll and kick and tumble, so when they are older she is never more pleased than when they are doing something with their hands; and she has all around her ample material for beginning this handwork. A pan of beans or shelled corn, with a wide-mouthed bottle and a spoon, will keep a two or three-year-old happy and absorbed for a long time. A pack of cards to be shuffled or used to build houses in another "play thing" which does not need to be specially bought. A pan of bran and a handful of clothespins occupy even a baby of fourteen months as he pushes them into the closely packed bran and pulls them out. A big rag doll, the size of a small child, is easy to make and stuff with cotton. The most rudimentary scratches serve to indicate the eyes, nose and mouth, and the lips and cheeks can be colored realistically with any red jelly. All children love a big doll of this sort, and delight to dress it and undress it in their own clothes. They learn in this way to handle buttons and buttonholes, and to master the difficulties of shoes and belts and sleeves. A new corn-cob pipe and a small bowl of soapuds means harmless fun for the five-year-old, which is always watched with rapture by the littler ones.

And then there are blocks, perennial blocks, which need not at all be bought from a store. A father with a plane and a saw can plane a couple of two-by-four stocks and in about half an hour make as many square or oblong blocks (2x4x6 inches is a good size) as any child needs to play with. These large blocks not only cost practically nothing, but are much better for the little children to use than the smaller, expensive kind that are sold; and the set will outlast a family of most strenuous children.

A collection of empty spoons of different sizes is a treasure for the child of three who will rejoice in stringing them on a cord passed through a bodkin. When he is a little older and has learned skill in this exercise he may graduate to stringing buttons with a real needle and thread. On baking day, a small lump of dough (made less sticky by working more flour into

it) which can be rolled and played with on a bit of smooth board is great fun for little folks; and let the mother constantly remember that any fun which is secured by using the hands does not only make the child happy, but is of educational value.

On washing day a basin of soapy water and some bits of cloth to be washed out will fill many happy minutes. The oilcloth apron is as indispensable for this play as for the outdoor water play and for clay modeling. This last is perhaps the most eternally interesting of the indoor occupations for little children. If the clay is kept on a bit of oilcloth on a low table, it is not an untidy element in a kitchen.

If dried peas are soaked for a few hours they are soft enough to be pierced by a needle and can be put together with wooden toothpicks into many fascinating shapes. Dried watermelon and sunflower seeds can be used in the same way. A box of dried corn cobs can convert a free corner of the floor into a farm with log cabin house, rail fences and barns. Trees can be simulated by twigs stuck into bits of clay to hold them upright, and farm animals can be rudely fashioned out of clay, dusted over with domestic coloring material to make them realistic—flour for sheep, cocoa for brown horses and cows, charcoal for black animals and then baked in the kitchen oven to make them firm.

A rag bag into which the children may dive and delve is a resource for rainy hours, and if the mother is at hand to keep an eye on the process and tell what colors and materials are, to suggest matching those colors and stuffs which are identical and to make agreeable combinations with others, rag bag hour is as educational as any exercise in a carefully run modern school. The country mother has here again a great advantage over many city mothers in that her work is always at home, and of a nature which allows her to supervise the children's play without giving up all her time to them.

Provision should be made in the case of little children for their desire to handle all sorts of objects—the desire which makes them enjoy so greatly a tumbling over o' mother's workbasket. There is no need to let them upset that, when there are in every country house such a vast number of other articles which are not hurt by baby hands—spoons, tin pans, boxes, tongs, clothes baskets and darning eggs. Furthermore, instead of being told "Don't touch!" they should be encouraged to learn how neatly and competently to perform such ordinary operations as opening and shutting drawers and doors and boxes and gates, screwing the tops on cans, hanging up clothes and taking off rubbers.

WHEN THE RULE FAILS.

They say it takes three generations to make a gentleman, but the rule fails to work when the third generation is a girl.



Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over thirty years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Recipes

Mixed Vegetable Mold

Soak one cupful each of dried beans and peas overnight. Drain and boil until soft; drain again, and rub through a sieve. Mix with half a cupful of butter substitute, two cupfuls of whole-wheat bread crumbs, one large boiled onion, chopped, one tablespoonful of parsley, two chopped pimientos, one teaspoonful of salt and half a teaspoonful of pepper. Turn into a mold, cover with a greased paper and bake in a moderate oven for three-quarters of an hour. Turn out on a hot dish; garnish with cooked cauliflower. Serve with apple sauce.

Baked Tomatoes with Rice and Cheese

8 tomatoes, 4 cupfuls of cold boiled rice, 1 cupful of grated sharp American cheese, 2 teaspoonfuls of salt, 2 tablespoonfuls of chopped green pepper, parsley or celery top, 4 tablespoonfuls of corn meal.

Select large, even-size tomatoes; wash, and cut off the stem ends; remove the centers and place the tomatoes in a colander, cut side down, for twenty minutes. Fill with a mixture made as follows:

Mix the rice, cheese and seasoning together; fill into the tomatoes; sprinkle with corn meal and place on a baking sheet or a pie plate; put into a hot oven for thirty minutes or bake until nice and brown. Serve with tomato sauce made from the inside of tomato, which has been seasoned and thickened with cornstarch.

For Our Little Ones

TALES OF THE FRIENDLY FOREST.

By David Cory.

Carrot tea and lollypops
Make small bunnies take big hops.
But I really do not know
If boys and girls would find it so!

One morning, ah, so early, while the frost was still on the grass and Mr. Happy Sun was hardly out of bed under the misty hill in the east, Billy Bunny hopped down the Pleasant Meadow till he came

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

to the Babbling Brook. Perhaps he wanted to see the little freshwater crab, and perhaps he didn't. I can't really tell, for the first person he spoke to was Tommy Turtle. Yes, sir, Tommy Turtle, in his little walk-about house. And do you know, I think it must be very nice to be able to take your house with you wherever you go, instead of having to move out yourself on the last of May!

"Good morning," said Billy Bunny, and Tommy Turtle pushed out his head from under his shell roof, for at first he had pulled his head inside, the way he always does when he hears a noise.

"Oh, it's you," said Tommy. "I thought it was somebody else." And then he winked at the little rabbit in a very solemn way.

"My, but it's getting cold," said the little rabbit, and he turned up his fur collar. "Willie Wind is as chilly as an ice cream cone." And this made Tommy Turtle wink again, for maybe he didn't like ice cream. But I guess he did, for in a minute he began to smile.

"I'm going down to the Old Mill Pond. You won't see me again till spring."

"What are you going to do?" asked the little rabbit.

"I'm going to crawl' into the soft, warm mud," said Tommy Turtle. "Old North Wind isn't going to freeze the end off my nose," and the wise little turtle started off for the Old Mill Pond, and when he got there he flopped over the bank without another word.

"Dear me!" said Billy Bunny, "now he's gone. Old Uncle Bullfrog is in the mud at the bottom of the pond, and lots of forest folk have flown south. There won't be many of my friends left before long." And the little rabbit felt quite lonely. So he hopped away toward the Friendly Forest and by and by he came to the stream where Benny Beaver lived. And there was that busy little beaver making his winter house of sticks and mud, so that when the water froze he would be able to swim out through the cellar door underneath the ice.

"Something tells me it's going to freeze tonight," he said to the little rabbit, "and I'm going to be ready, yes, indeed."

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Men's UNDERWEAR
Reg. \$1.50 Values
Fleece Lined Shirts
and Drawers. **98c**
SALE PRICE
BOYS'
COMBINATIONS
Reg. \$3.50 Values
SALE PRICE **\$1.98**

MEN'S
DRESS SHIRTS
Cut from fine Percales
and Madras in neat
stripe patterns. **98c**
SALE PRICE
WORK SHIRTS
Reg. \$2.25
SALE PRICE **\$1.29**

LAST WEEK

We mailed every reader of this Paper—One of our Great Sales Circulars.
If you have not already received same
ASK YOUR POSTMASTER FOR IT
It contains full particulars of the Greatest Sale in Regina's History.

MEN'S OVERALLS
Reg. \$2.25 Values
Union-made from strong
American Stifel's drills.
SALE PRICE **\$1.59**
BOYS' MACKINAW
Reg. \$7.50 Values
SALE PRICE **\$4.69**

MEN'S
COMBINATIONS
Reg. \$5.50 Values
SALE PRICE **\$2.98**
MEN'S
COMBINATIONS
Reg. \$7.50 Values
SALE PRICE **\$4.68**

THIS GIGANTIC SALE STILL RAGES



\$150,000.00

Merchandise STOCK

In the nominal possession of
The Canadian Selling Service Co.

For absolute Disposal -- Without Limit or Reserve -- **SELL -- SELL --** To Bare Walls and Empty Shelves and Clean Racks -- **MAKE A CLEAN UP** -- Favour no Merchandise -- Sell every Article Out -- Have this Store empty by January the 1st - Ready to Accommodate **THE NEW GOODS** already contracted for -- That's the Indenture Signed by us -- And to make this **CLEAN UP** possible -- We will use the Low Price Method -- And **CUT** Prices as they were never **CUT BEFORE** — Signed: **THE CANADIAN SELLING SERVICE CO.**

Mail Order House Prices, Shattered to ATOMS

LADIES' COATS
Regular \$37.50 Values
Man-Tailored Garments that have the military air, so fashionable this season. Materials employed are mostly Irish Tweeds
SALE PRICE **\$18.95**

LADIES' RAT COATS
Reg. \$100.00 Values
An exceptionally fine lot of Coats. Shells of fine Northern Musk Rat well tanned and well matched. Lined full length with Skinner's Art Satin. SALE PR. **\$69.50**

CHILDREN'S GAITERS
Reg. 85c Values
Jersey knitted Leggings. Lined with Fleece
SALE PRICE **39c**

LADIES' SHOES
Reg. \$6.00 Values
Vici Kid uppers. Pliable Cushion Soles.
SALE PRICE **\$4.69**

MEN'S WORK SHOES
Reg. to \$6.00
Genuine Elk Uppers and solid Leather Soles.
SALE PRICE **\$3.39**
SHEEP LINED WANNIGANS
Reg. \$2.50
High Top
SALE PRICE **\$1.19**

LADIES' DRESSES
Reg. \$18.50 Values
A charming lot of good practical Dresses in Velvets and English Cords. Belted at Waist. A large Color Range for your selection
SALE PRICE **\$8.95**

MEN'S LINED COATS
Reg. \$140.00 Values
Heavy Black Russian Rat Lining. Sea Otter Collar. Shell of All Wool English Beaver Cloth
SALE PRICE **\$89.00**

LADIES' COATS
Regular \$45.00
Charming Winter Coats of close nap lustrous Velvets. Large Drop Collar. Double Revers, large buttons
SALE PRICE **\$28.95**

PULL-OVER SWEATER
Reg. \$3.50.
Heavy Garments that will give excellent service. Deep double Roll Collar. Sale Price
\$1.69

LADIES' COATS
Reg. \$65.00
Lining of Prime Eastern Rat. Deep Collar of Western Sable. All Wool Cloth.
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LADIES' DRESS SHOES
Reg. \$7.50
Uppers of fine Vici Kid. Turned Soles. Louis Heels Lace only
SALE PRICE **\$4.98**

LADIES' SILK BLOUSES
Regular \$4.50
Dainty Blouses of heavy Weight Washable Silks. In the new Pastel Shades and white.
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Reg. \$35.00 Values
Heavy Weight All Wool English Chinchilla Garments. Double Breasted. Deep Roll Collar. Italian Serge Lined. All Sizes.
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DOG SKIN COATS
Reg. \$55.00 Values
This Coat is made from well tanned Black Russian Dog Skins of Great lustre. — All Sizes
SALE PRICE **\$36.95**

MEN'S SHOES
Reg. \$5.50
Made upon a wide last from fine Box Calf Leather
SALE PRICE **\$3.95**

BOYS' SHOES
Reg. \$3.50
Strong durable Shoes of solid Leather. SALE PRICE **\$2.29**

LADIES' OVERSHOES
Reg. \$3.50
Two Buckle. Felt Lined. Extra warm.
SALE PRICE **\$2.29**
MISSES' AND GIRLS' BOOTS
Reg. to \$4.00
Sizes 8 to 2
SALE PRICE **\$1.98**

MEN'S SUITS
Values to \$32.50
Hand-Tailored from Imported Scotch Tweeds, embracing the newest shades in Dark Brown and Grey Mixtures.
SALE PRICE **\$18.45**

MEN'S WINTER COATS
Reg. \$75.00 Values
Shell of heavy 37-ounce All Wool Melton Cloth. Warmly lined and interlined. Genuine Otter Collar. SALE PRICE **\$39.50**

Yellow Sale Tags upon every Article in the Store

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TO SHOW YOUR RAILROAD TICKET AND WE WILL REFUND YOU A DISCOUNT OF 6% OFF ALL YOUR PURCHASES AT THIS SALE OF SALES—SO OUTSIDE OF THE GIGANTIC SAVINGS. YOUR TRIP WILL BE FREE OF EXPENSE TO YOU

COON COATS
Two Bargains in Coon Coats:—
Lot No. 1.
Reg. \$165.00 for
\$129.00
Lot No. 2
Reg. \$235.00 for
\$198.00

GENT'S BEAVER COATS
Reg. \$450.00
Fashioned from No. 1 Grade Canadian Beaver. Evenly plucked and very even in color.
SALE PRICE **\$329.00**

Make no Mistakes, see the Big Yellow Sign before you Trade

DRESS GOODS BY THE YARD
\$4.50 Coatings for
\$2.49
\$1.00 Scotch Plaid
59c
\$1.25 Velvets for
79c

CHILDREN'S COATS
Reg. \$4.50
Good warm Coats of white Chinchilla. Well lined. Sizes 2 to 5 years.
SALE PRICE **\$1.98**

LADIES' MARMOT COATS
Reg. \$135.00
Fashioned from Mink Marmot Pelts of lustre. Sizes to 46.
SALE PRICE **\$85.00**

CHILDREN'S WOOL SUITS
Reg. \$3.50
This suit is of heavy brushed Wool. — Pants, Pull-over Sweater and Toque.
SALE PRICE **\$1.98**

YARD GOODS
35c Prints for **20c**
30c Flannels for **19c**
\$1.25 Table Linen **69c**
30c Ginghams for **19c**

THE SALE THAT PUT GAIN INTO A BARGAIN

The Great West Dept. Stores

1915 South Railway Street REGINA
Opposite Union Depot