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VOL. 27. BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1899.

The Prayer of Life.

gay.

So many hurtful blooms my vision greet.

So many paths diverge to lure my feet

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Poetru.

Lead me, O God, in life's brave early day, "All economical housekeepers want WELCOME SOAP is what

And when the morning can no longer stay, And songs are mute, and noontide's fervent ray Upon the weary track must fiercely beat, Lead me, O God!

Nor leave me when the eventide shall lay Upon life's happy fields its vapors gray— Clasp then my hand in Thine more close and sweet
Than Thou hast ever held; and, while The night is falling down the unknown way

Select Literature.

-(Henry J. Stockard, in Youths' Companion.

Ellen Catherine's Boarding Out.

(MARY E. BAMFORD, IN 'THE ADVANCE.') kitchen was dark except for the stovelight. The bread had been a long while rising the that when the other two members of the eleven year-old brother, Sammy, had start- stand. d to church this evening, Horatia had been

obliged to remain at home to bake the bread. on the stove hearth. She spoke aloud to was at one side of the Crockett's front garto be earning something. I can't go away, den to the shop to visit Mr. Crockett, as he because I must keep house for grandpa and | made or half-soled shoes. Sammy. Grandpa's been so good to Sammy and me these years since father and mother died; but grandpa's sixty five and it isn't fair and the months slipped by till she had been

Horatia thoughtfully inspected a loaf. "Mrs. Walters and her two girls have three babics boarding there from that home in the city." she continued. "Mrs. Walters gets ten dollars apiece a month for board. ing them. Ten times three are thirty. If

and Mrs Walters." When, the next morning, Horatla asked her grandfather, Mr. Crockett looked loubtful. "Won't it be too much for you, Ratia?" he inquired. "I know my shoemakgot along and kept out of debt. You help a sight, anyhow.'

Neighborly Mrs. Walters, however, was mmediately favorable to Horatia's plan. Mrs. Walters knew Horatia's faithful ways, and liked to see a girl try to help herself. "Why, of course you could !' said Mrs. out children all the time. It has to, because there isn't room in the Home building for all side the lounge. the babies brought there. There are new ones every two or three days. Why Horatia, you're as reliable as any woman! And here I am, right near you, and any time you wanted me to see about the baby, I'd come right over, or you could run to me. I'll go own to the home with you to get a child."

Mrs. Walters kept her promise and went he three miles from the village to the city with Horatia. The Home was crowded. There were ninety-six babies. At first the matron was doubtful about allowing Horatia to take a child, but Mrs. Walters recommeuded Horatia highly, and promised to see the baby daily. Mrs. Walters's word went a good way with the matron.

So consent was given, and Mrs. Walters and Horatia were taken around by the matron to see such children as might go. The tron stopped a moment before one baby. "She's a year old," she said. "Her father and mother are dead. The baby's name

is Ellen Catherine Travers, You wouldn't think she was blind !" "Blind!" echoed Horatia, looking at Ellen Catherine's blue eyes that showed no trace of such calamity. "She's never seen anything, and she neve

will," said the matron: "She doesn't walk yet. I guess there are other babies that They went on. Other babies were pret-

tier, others had begun to talk, but Horatia's heart kept turning back to the little child who never had seen and never would see. "I believe I'd rather have her," said Hor-"Well,' agreed Mrs. Walters, doubtfully,

one does kind of feel for a blind baby." They went back to Ellen Catherine Travers and took her. Not until Horatia was on the horsecars

oing home did she become frightened over what she had undertaken. Supposing Ellen Catherine should have croup, or chicken-pox, or scarlet fever! Horatia looked at Mrs. Walters, feeling that she was a refuge

"If the least thing ever ails Ellen Catherne I'll run for Mrs Walters as fast as I can."

nervous Horatia tightened her arms around Ellen Catherine and burst forth.

other babies. She's blind." o protest that he never wanted to hold any old baby, anyhow, he only wanted to see it, shut his mouth again, and awe-atruck, fol-lowed Horatia into the house. A blind Ellen Catherine, I'll be glad enough to keep baby! Sammy rushed to summon his her." grandfather. Mr. Crockett came and took llen Catherine's tiny hand.

"Poor child!" he said. "Poor unid."
But Ellen Catherine clung to his fingers and laughed. "Why, she's making friends happy.

"If I was sure of making a little more wild dare keen her," he said. right away! exclaimed pleased Mr. Crock-ett. "You must be real careful of her,

"I'm going to be," responded Horatia, pale with responsibility. From that hour Ellen Catherine ruled the Crocketts. Whatever she could hear was sought for to amuse her. She crowed over a gray kitten, hearing it purr. One the state of the Home that the best of the Home that the state of

Mr. Crockett would not take charge of the money, so Horatia put it carefully away, using it with discretion when she or Sammy Horatia was proud indeed when she bought

> "Horatia's a real independent-feeling girl," said Mrs. Walters, approvingly. Some girls would settle back and think their grandfather owed them a living.
>
> One day the aunt of one of the orphan babies that Mrs. Walters boarded came and

> took the little boy away. The aunt could support the child permanently now. Mrs. Walters could not have him any more. After the child had gone Mrs. Walters ran over to Horatia's. Her eyes were red from crying. "I can't help it," she apologized; "I've

had that baby to board more than a year, and he was a dear little fellow. I shall miss him dreesfully. You'll find out how hard it is when Ellen Catherine has to be taken back to the Home after you've kept her a while. She hasn't any relatives to claim her, though."

Horatia looked with dismay at Mrs. Walter's reddened eyes. When she had gone, Horatia turned to Ellen Catherine.

"Now," she said briskly, "I'm going to take warning ! Ellen Catherine, I could Horatia sat on a stool near the stove. The love you tremendously, but I won't, I'll take good, faithful care of you, but I'm going to do it for the money! If I love you, it would first time to day and the consequence was only make me feel dreadful some time." that when the other two members of the family, Grandfather Crockett and Horatia's Horatia, but the blind baby did not under-

Ellen Catherine proved to be a very pleasant, lovable child. She won her way straight By the stove-light Horatia could dimly view into the hearts of Sammy and Mr. Crockett. her three white loaves in their round tins Mr. Crockett's tiny, one roomed shoe shop den, on the village street. Horatia some-"I'm seventeen," she said, "and I want times took Ellen Catherine across the gar-

The Home kept on boarding Ellen Catherine at the Crocketts, the baby thrived, to expect him always to buy everything for with them more than a year. How pleased Sammy and me. I'd like to help support us. | they all were when she walked! How they I believe I could do what I thought of. I've listened to her first baby words! Was ever had some experience. When cousin Luella lived 'round here, I used to help her about erine said 'danpa' and 'Thammy' for 'Samerine said 'danpa' and 'Thammy' for 'Sam-

One afternoon Mrs. Walters came to Horatia's back door.

"There was a letter for you in the postoffice, so I brought it," said Mrs. Walters, soberly. "I mistrust it's like one I've got. Did you notice about that bank failure in Mcz. Walters recommended me, I wonder if the city? The funds of the Home have gone that Home would trust a baby to me to board here. I'd be ever so careful and we home feel dreadful. There are all those have a real good cow. Ten dollars a month would be something. I'll speak to grandpa written that they can't pay any more board written that they can't pay any more board for children. I'm to bring mine back to the Home at the end of the month, unless I can

adopt them, which I can't." Horatia had torn open her letter. It coning and repairing don't always bring in as erine was to be taken back to the Home at firmed Mrs. Walters' words. Ellen Cathuch money as might be useful; but we-ve the end of the month unless the Crocketts could adopt her. "It's just like my letter, isn't it ?" in-

quired Mrs. Walters. "Yes," said Horatia. "You can't afford to adopt her any more than I," said Mrs. Walters. Mrs. Walters went away, and Horatia oarding | tiptoed into the room where Ellen Catherine

lay sleeping. She dropped on her knees be-"Oh, you're just like my own little sister! she faltered. "And I haven't taken care of you just because I'd get ten dollars -not for a long time! It was wicked in me ever to say I'd care only for the money, you poor little blind thing! You're the dearest little blind sister that ever was! I wish we were well enough off so we could adopt you, Ellen Catherine? You'll go back to where people can't love you real

special among ninety babies, the way we do. And I shall miss you so!" Horatia put her head down beside Ellen Catherine and cried. How empty the home would be! Finally she rose and went and washed her face.

"I won't let grandpa and Sammy know I've been crying," she told herself. At the supper table Horatia calmly told the news. No one would have supposed she

had any feeling. "You're going to take Ellen Cath'rine back !" repeated Mr. Crockett, dismayed. 'Why what shall we ever do without her? I declare I'm sorry for that Home. All those children, and no money for them !"
Sammy looked at Horatia with startled reproachful eyes. Presently he slipped away. After a while Horatia found him in

the wood shed in the dark. "What are you doing?" asked Horatia. "Go'way !" answered Sammy, violently. "What are you crying about ?" question-

ed Horatia. "Go 'way !" indignantly wailed Sammy. "Ain't you ashamed of yourself, Ratia Crockett! There you've kept her as long as you can get ten dollars for her, and now, when gran'pa an' me like her, you-you just go and take her back to the Home-and you don't care, any more'n as if she was a bundle you was taking back to the grocery store! What did you bring her here for, Ratia Crockett, and let Gran'pa an' me love her, if you was going to take her away again ! And she-she-calls-me-"Tham-

my"-and-" Sammy broke into sobs. Horatia felt for the board before the coal bin, and sat down. "Sammy," she said, "listen to me. Don't thought the girl.

Sammy met Horatia at the Crockett gate.

"Let's see the baby," he demanded, but the baby," he demanded, but the baby, the demanded is the baby, the

ine. The ten dollars a month has been a Ellen Catherine and burst forth.

"Sammy Crockett, don't you touch her! You'd drop her or something! Don't you dare touch Ellen Catherine! She isn't like other babies. She's blind."

Ellen Catherine and burst forth.

real help. But you needn't think, Sammy Crockett, that you're the only person in this woodshed that loves Ellen Catherine! But we can't keep her. Grandpa doesn't make And Sammy--who had opened his mouth us and Eilen Catherine too. It wouldn't be right. Sammy, there are two weeks before the end of this month, and if you can think

ner."
"Honest?" asked Sammy.
"Honest," asserted Horatia.
The succeeding days were very soberones. Grandpa Crockett was plainly un-

money, we could dare keep her," he said.
"I don't know but we'd better risk it, "I didn't bring her here to burden you," said Horatia steadfastly. The last day of the month came. It did

not seem as if the Crocketts could part from

Horatia wrote and the evil day was post-poned a month. Sammy hunted for work. He found a few little jobs, but no permanent one. Horatia earned a little, baking bread for a woman, and the month went on discouragingly fast. Most people did not know that the Crocketts had ceased to get pay for

Ellen Catherine's board. tion of delegates from different churches of a large district was to be held in the village church the Crocketts attended. Different families took delegates home for lodgings and meals. Horatia knew her Grandfather would be very much pleased if they could take care of a delegate. The Crocketta' lit tle house had only four rooms, but a dele gate was invited. Horatia gave up her

room to the stranger. It was an exasperating time to Sammy. He had to sleep in the shoe-shop. The dele gate had to have the one, outre lamp for his room, and Sammy stumbled to bed in the dark every night. To be sure, Horatia would not have trusted Sammy with a lamp in the shoe-shop, anyway, for fear he might tip it over, but Sammy felt that the delegate was responsible for anybody's having to sleep in the shoe-shop, anyhow. The third night a cat walked on the shoe-shop's flat, tin roof and made isolated Sammy think she was burglars. The tin cracked and produced a sound like a man's tread. Trembling Sammy crept to the shoe-shop window and saw the cat jump down. He stumbled over a pair of shoes, stepped on a

"I wish we needn't have delegates," he grumbled. "I never heard a cat walk so oud. Everything's horrid, and I can't think how to keep Ellen Catherine, either." Sammy rocked his hurt toe. A thought "Why, I wouldn't be surprised if maybe

brad, and regained his bed.

that delegate would know how we could keep Ellen Catherine !" The more Sammy thought of it the mo probable it seemed to him. What was the use of being a delegate, if a man didn't know

"I'll ask him in the morning." Early the next morning the delegate was walking in the Crocketts' little garden. He was utterly unconscious of the woe he had caused Sammy. He was in reality a goodhearted man, who was interested in the stranger family that entertained him. To him appeared Sammy, coming forth from "Opening shop so early?" questioned the

delegate. "No," answered Sammy. "I have to sleep in the shoe-shop this week." "Oh!" returned the delegate, smiling Perhaps he remembered how it was when he was a boy and his folks entertained dele-"Do you know how we can keep Ellen

Catherine ?" began Sammy. "Ellen Catherine ?" repeated the delegate. I thought she boarded with you." Sammy explained. "You see," Sammy finished his story, "we'll feel dreadful bad if we can't keep Ellen Catherine. We'll miss her so, an' we'll be lonesome," "Yes," said the delegate. 'Yes—I know. You'll be lonesome." He looked away. He

Once he had a little girl of his own, but she went away to the heavenly country that holds so many little children, and he had been left lonely, oh, so lonely ! "Well, Sammy," said he at last, "you'll

did know.

have to let me think about this. Even lelegates have to have time to think about No solution of the problem came from the lelegate's lips that day nor the next. Saturday, the final day of the convention came. "Sammy," said the delegate, "please walk lown town with me."

They went till they came to the f the three grocery stores of the place 'We'll go in," said the delegate. "It's Mr. Lewis's store," said Sammy. "Yes," answered the delegate. known Mr. Lewis, a good many years, though I haven't stayed at his house now

ing there." They went past the counters to the little deak office. "I've brought Sammy," said the delegate

because he has so many other delegates stay-

niling as though he knew Mr. ¡Lewis very "Sammy," said Mr. Lewis reproachfully, Sammy, was it fitting that this old friend of mine should have to come fifty miles from his home to make two fellow-townsme like you and me understand each other? When you came a month ago, Sammy, and asked me if I wanted a boy to work, I told you "No," but you didn't tell me about Ellen Catherine. Yet when this delegate appears you pour forth the whole story !

It looks like partiality, Sammy. You might have told me !" The delegate was smiling "Sammy," continued Mr. Lewis, "you nay work here week days and all day Saturdays. I'll pay you a dollar a week. I'll give you higher wages as you come to deserve them, and as long as you keep Ellen Catherine. But, if you're lazy, I'll discharge you, no matter how much you want

to keep Ellen Catherine " "I'll work," promised Sammy, eagerly. The delegate felt sure Sammy would. "You may sweep off the sidewalk now," said Mr. Lewis, and Sammy began.
"Won't we keep Ellen Catherine?" in quired Sammy at home that evening. 'Maybe I'll earn two dollars a week sometimes !"

"We'll keep her," promised Mr. Crockett, smiling.

Horatia smiled, too. Another woman wanted bread baked. Horatia hoped for growing bread business. "I like delegates !" declared Sa ing Ellen Catherine a hug as she sat on Mr. Crockett's knee. "Thammy !"

Baking Powder

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O. T. DANIE BARRISTER

NOTARY PUBL

NO. 32.

the 'floors' or level ground, at 1 pying about 200 acres. Here it is left year to the action of the sun, rain winds, when it decomposes and falls a It is then taken to the crushing and DIAMOND MINES.

Now that the eyes of the world are fixed on South Africa, owing to the conflict between Great Britain and the Boers, the following statements by an American gentleman who recently made a tour from Cape Town to Kimberley and return will be found of especial interest, aside from the fact that Town to Kimberley and return will be found of especial interest, aside from the fact that they contain much entertaining general intables the output of one week, worth \$300,ormation. He says:

"The first afternoon, at Worcester, an deal in shape. A syndicate of di additional engine was attached to the train buyers takes the prod

as the climb up the Hex river mountains began. The scenery of these mountains, and the horseshoe bends, along precipices, JOHANNESBURG, A BUSY, BUSTLING "Leaving Kimberley, a ride of 167 miles through tunnels, from 15 feet to 5000 feet brings one to the borders of the Orang above the see 'revel, reminded me of Colo- Free State. The land appears more fertile rado. In the distance on each side could be the value of the looking like tops seen the "koppies" assuming all shapes to seen, the former looking like tops believed the latter square and built

and heights. These wastes are covered with a stunted bush, the food of the sheep that stones. The Kaffir huts are unique and once roamed about in large numbers, now show the natural skill and inventive genius of the koppies are some fertile fields, the tree that grows high and has a small dia-

out 220,000 karats of diamonds a month, over a better readbed or in more comfortable cars. They are equipped with all modern

nominal rents. Water and light are sup plied free, and there is a clubhouse, a library, reading roome, athletic grounds, a park, and vegetable gardens, with vines and fruits of all kinds in profusion. All the water used in and about the city flows through pipes made in the United States. I was pulled to Kimberley by an American locomotive, and there are several others now in use in Cape Colony.

"Among the features of the mines are the compounds' for the natives. On the four sides of a large square are erected one story buildings, of corrugated iron, opening to the centre of the square. They are divided into rooms which hold 20 people, who sleep in bunks three high. Within each compound is a store, which supplies the natives with all the clothes, food, etc., they need, at very reasonable prices. In the centre of the square is a large swimming pool, which is well patronized. Adjacent to the compound is a hospital, in which medical attendance, nurses, and food are furnished free to the sick or hjured. Extending over the whole enclosure, which cocupies several acres, is a wire netting to prevent the throwing over of diamonds enclosed in tin cans, etc., as was once done. Outside of the compound and 10 feet from it is a ATERACTIONS AND INDUSTRIES OF PURBAN.

cans, etc., as was once done. Outside of the compound and 10 feet from it is a barbed wire fence, 10 feet high, with 14 strands of wire. An underground passage leads to the mine shaft and the men are examined as they return from work. Within the compound I visited (there are three) amined as they return from work. Within the compound I visited (there are three) were 3,500 natives, and as it was Sanday they were all enjoying themselves, dancing, playing on musical instruments, beating drume, reading the Bible and the 'Pilgrim's Progress' in their own language, singing hymns, cooking, sewing, smoking hemp in cow horns, and gambling. Some were clothed and some not; some had their teeth filed to resemble a saw, others their head shaved except a fringe at the back; some were tattooed, and nearly all had holes through the lobe of their right ear to hold anything that might come to hand; I saw spoons, straws, feathers and stubs of cigars used in this manner. The natives are under contract for six months and receive from is. to 3s. (24 to 79 cents) per day. They are not allowed to leave the compounds during the time of contract. No liquor is furnished them. They are happy and contented, and the system is good for the native, the interest per town were contract for the compounds during the time of contract. No liquor is furnished them. They are happy and contented, and they are happy and and they are happy and and they are happy a time of contract. No liquor is furnished them. They are happy and contented, and the system is good for the native, the industry and the country. I saw some who there are no mines, but the sugnificant or repair them—that it was cheaper to buy new ones.

Outside Manager it is meat and but dustry and the country. I saw some who there are no mines, but the sugnificant representations of the same of the dustry and the country. I saw some who had been in the compound for years and had no desire to leave it. They are kept in a detention room one week before their contract expires, where they wear gloves made of two disks of leather, locked to their wrists; their clothes are taken from them and examined, and at the end of the week they leave without carrying any diamonds.

There are no mines, industries are growing ed by coolies from Is recently been farmed from the aloc plant. Iong and strong article on a range of hill the finest residences. They command an or country they leave without carrying any diamonds.

"The diamond mine is the crater of an extinct volcano. What is now a level country or prairie was once a volcano. Cropping out on the surface appeared a blue rock, which was found to contain diamonds. The mouth of the crater is 312 feet below the surface. They dig 300 feet lower, so that the mine is now 612 feet deep. The rock is elevated to the surface by means of flue a prompt antido

principal products being kaffir corn and meter are planted in the ground in a circle, mealies. The mealie is like our Indian corn, bent to the centre and fastened. Then the only smaller in ear and grain, and when native flat grass is woven in and out beground and mixed with cold water is more tween them, making a water-tight and yet palatable than our Indian meal when cool habitation. Passing through the scaled. The mealie is planted in rows, both by hand and drill, and left to South African Republic, a distance of 334 grow and mature. It is never cultivated, miles, one sees nothing but the same monhence the plant runs to stalk and not to ear. For two days and one night I rode over farming is noticed and the crops are more For two days and one night I rode over these wastes in the compartment cars of this country; at night furnished with a bed agricultural implements is sold here through consisting of one sheet doubled, one small pillow, and two blankets, made up on the seat, for which I paid 10s. (\$2.43.) The monotony of the ride was broken by occasional small herds of cattle, sheep, goats or East London and Durban, who have travelostriches, the latter coming up to the barbed wire fence to watch the train as it passed. GREATEST DIAMOND MINES IN THE WORLD.

MINES IN THE WORLD.

Welcome all comers, and a residence of only "The city of Kimberley is 647 miles from a few years will admit to cirizenship. Cape Town—a ride of two days and one night. It has a population of 35,000 and public we were held five hours for the exampublic we have a single content of the exampublic we have a single content o

night. It has a population of 35,000 and the greatest diamond mines of the world. The United States is represented here by a consular agent—Mr. Gardner F. Williams, who is the general manager of the mines, and the state of the manager of the mines, and proceeded to Pretoria, a distance of 77 miles. Pretoria is many of the most responsible positions are held by Americans. The company occupies 200,000 acres of land, employs 15,000 named and acres of land, employs 15,000 named and acres of land, employs 15,000 named and landsome public buildings, but quiet and month in the 'compounds' 25,000 pounds of mutton and 200,000 pounds of beef, turns by the Netherlands railway. I never rode

and mules, 12 stallions of the best breeds, and mules, 12 stallions of the best breeds, conveniences, and the dining cars reminded me of home. The cars are all of iron, even The shops connected with the mines for the manufacture and repair of machinery and I am told, are like a furnace; but no better supplies compare well with some of our railway equipment, as a whole, can be found large harvester factories or railroad shops.

I was not at all surprised to see American city—the only real city in South Africa, machinery here. The immense driving gear from the standpoint of an American. The of a pumping engine made in England had buildings would do credit to any city. The to be sent to Chicago to have the cogs cut. streets are wide, but the motive power of the buildings would do credit to any city. The The company is operating an ice plant sent street railways consists of horses and mules, from Chicago and has three more ordered, each with a capacity of five tons per day and 20,000 cubic feet of cold storage; and a com-

plete dynamite plant, with an American to grant a concession. The horse care still run napage it, is on its way here from America. The 150 miles of narrow-gauge railroad in roads is great. these cities, and the length of the present can rails, and every tie or sleeper is made of California redwood, which in this country is capital, and American ability has had a hand par excellence the best wood for such a pur-The company sells its ice for half a cent per of managers, consulting engineers and superpound to all, while in Cape Town the charge intendents. Mr. J. C. Manion, the United pound to all, while in Cape Town the charge is four cents per pound. No corporation in the world does more for its employees. It has built the village of Kenilworth, covering 500 acres and occupied by 500 employees at nominal rents. Water and light are supplied free, and there is a clubhouse, a library reading recorns athlatic grounds.

The Aveekly Monitor,

The Rights on Weinnison,

M. R. Piper Proprietor and PublisherVOIN 12. PODSE, Amanger.

Termer \$1.00 per year, or \$1.00 per year if paid to advance.

WEDNESDAY, November 187, 1899.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

—Whing to commonce 1000 with a largely increased subscription list, we offer ilberty card, commissions to subscribers or others who are willing to become our agents. Even the particulars may be learned by communicating with the manager.

—Notices are now posted calling a meeting of the ratepayers to decide what shall be donein the way of extending the stowns are ease. The fact that it will be now and we hope it will meet with the attention it deserves. The fact that it will be now and alwering to be compared to the proposed improvement should not be cone and we hope it will meet with the attention and we we are confident that, from the record of the past two years of the corporation, even the increased rate of taxation will not give use heavy a burden to carry as is borne by the ratepayers of the average provincial town. The need of an extended sewer system cannot be gainsaid. A portion of the carry as in the purpose, and officied a wonderful increase already in this game, and by 1901 the birds should be as numerous as robins in cherry time.

—The ladies of the Eaptist Church are preparing an "Olde Folkes Concert," which will be given for public entertainment in the Court House, on Thursday, 16th inst.

—The marriage of Mr. Charles of the corporation of the side of sending it to Yarmouth markets and thus injuring the trade. I saw apples sold thus injurin

town. The need of an extended sewer system cannot be gainsaid. A portion of the town is kept in a filthy condition throughout the summer months, largely because of inefficient drainage. The air is contaminated with foul odors, and the health of the community is seriously menaced. No town should suffer such a condition to exist. We

—Fred Armstrong, of Pubnico, 21 years of age, and Neil Brooks, a Nova Scotian, aged 59, were drowned in the sinking of schr. Two Forty by collision in Boston harbor on the 20th October.

Misses Ella and Addie Chesley r last week from a visit to Boston. Miss Effic Bishop, of Lawrencetow. Miss Effic Bishop, of Lawrencetow. 20th October. hope our townsmen will take hold of this matter in a public spirited and practical manner, and endorse the proposal to berrow money to carry out the project. We hope it. It will be necessary, after a favorabl ocal house, and then everything could be in

-Prominent American statesmen have declared, that, notwithstanding her own troubles, the United States will range her self by the side of Great B-itain in opposial but there is a strong probability tha it is inspired and is intended as a semi official warning to France that the peculiar The United States had ample evidence of Britain's friendly support throughout the acouragement has arrived. There is grave anger that Britain's great enemies, France and Russia, may seize the time when a con siderable portion of her naval and military itate their own quarrel, and even a sligh because of United States sympathy for the British cause has been warmly welcomed by the ministry and by the people of the emunteers cheerfully leaving their homes t our neighbors are also wishing them God

speed and that there too are soldiers ready

stantial support to the "sons of the widow." nd artillery to the South African battle ground is impressive evidence of the thorpughness of Britain's auxiliary naval equipment. Ocean liners, plying in the freight and passenger service from the United Kingdom to all the great ports of the world, have been drafted into service at a few hours notice; the servants of travel and commerce are soon translated into a sterner service. The Imperial government holds a lien on a The Imperial government holds a lien on a large fleet of ocean going steamers of this class, and just how valuable an aid they furnish in time of war can be readily seen now. The British government subsidizes craft of this cort with a free hand, and well as the place of peace the subsidized ahipping is creating a vaster commerce for the island kingdom, in time of war it is subject to the order of the admiralty, and fills the place of a fleet of useless troopships, that would otherwise have to be maintained.

All Oddfellows are invited to attend.

—A cablegram last week antiounced the total loss of the schooner Nugget, Captain Miliedge Mailman, owned targely by Mr. L. D. Shafaer of this torp, at Turks Island, W. I., whither she was bound, in ballast, for a cargo of salt. The particulars of the disaster have been received. No loss of life was reported and the crew are undoubtedly safe. The Nugget was a two topmast schooner of 123 tons, built at Clementsport in 1895, and had a splendid record as a money earner. Her hull was incured for only \$1200 and her owners will be heavy losers. would otherwise have to be maintained.

To Pay the War Expenses.

(St. John Globe.) The cost to Great Britain of the war with the Transvaul is estimated at forty million dollars, but of course may considerably exceed that sum. The British taxpayer, however, is not expected to pay the bills, at ast not the whole of them. Sir. Michael Hicks Beach laid the matter very plainly before the house of Commons on Monday. As British Colonies had been invoded, he said, he considered it to be consistent with all the laws of war if, when it should be brought to a successful termination, the Transval tax payer should have to bear part of the cost. The Transval, he continued, was wealthy in its gold fields. There had been complaints from those interested in the gold fields that there had been excessive taxation, but he believed from the best information, but he believed from the best information that under a pure and honest government it would be perfectly possible for the Transvaf to bear not only the ordinary expenses of government and of previding for maint sance of peace and order within its perfectly, but also to provide a reasonable sum towards the expenses of the war, with a reduction at the same time of the taxation of the gold fields. With this prospect in years and represent the sum towards the expenses of the war, with a reduction at the same time of the taxation of the gold fields. With this prospect in years and represent the sum towards the expenses of the war, with a reduction at the same time of the taxation of the gold fields. With this prospect in years and represent the sum towards the expenses of the war, with a reduction at the same time of the taxation of the gold fields. With this prospect in years and represent the sum towards the expenses of the war, with a reduction at the same time of the taxation and the prospect in years and the prospect in years. cks Beach laid the matter very plainly be- ing ground.

(Bradstreets, Oct. 28th.) The commercial appie crop of the United States approximates 35,000,000 barrels, a considerable gain over last year's phenomenally short yield, but very much less than in some recent years, according to the carrent issue of the American Ag icultarist. The sections which have suffere most in clude parts of New England, New York and all of Wisconein, parts of Michigan and the southwest. The great Mississippi basin has tarned off a good dead of fruit as a whole, but mixed of its deligient in keeping qualities. The great Mississippi basin has tarned off a good dead of fruit as a whole, but mixed in the Midigan spyles, and in the Olio valley fruit dropped badly. A middrate surplus of metchantable apples is found in the middle states, according to this authority. New York and possibly Penosylvania and Connecticut seem to be about the only states which do not go backward during September, and in the aggregate are harvesting liberal quantities of splendid apples. New York's crop, as a whole, is less than half as much as the phenomenal yield of 1896, but is much better in quality, with a small proportion going to waste. The supply of prime apples harvested in Outser's hoult take about the usual proportions of American and Canadian apples, dependent, however, upon the prices and the quality of fruit.

Steeves. The suppose plane and the sevices of a competent instructor from Halifax for a course of lectures. After a short discussion on the new building project the meeting closed.

D. A. R. Steamer Changes.

Mark Lynch easily defeated Harry Vail in Aging charged at St. Peters, C. B., early this month.

The Navy defeated the Wanderers foot ball team in Halifax last Wedneeday, the score being 10 to 5.

Steams will perform the service between St. John and Diphy sorvice same as at present.

Pareboro and Kingsport service daily in Pareboro and Kingsport service daily in Pareboro founday, Wed.

Th

Local and Special News.

-Culhane, Chase and Weston's Minstrels provided a laughable entertainment for a large audience in the Court House last evening. The company is a large one and contains several clever specialists.

large audience in the Court House last evening. The company is a large one and contains several clever specialists.

—Price Webber closed a very successful engagement here last Thursday night. He will return for one night only on Wednesday, the 15th, and the popular standard comedy, "The Hondymoon," will be presented.

—Mr. Willard H. Fulton, of the firm of Drysdale & McIonis, Halifax, and Misse Therzs Belle, daughter of S. C. Schaffoer, E.q., of Granville Centre, were married last Wednesday at the home of the brick's parents.

shape for training purposes.

—Mr. S. C. Hall, of Lawrencetown, will call on many of our patrons throughout the country within the next few weeks. He is authorized to make collections and to solicit new business, affel we trust our friends will do all in their power to add to the success of his efforts.

MISS Harriet Sands left here on Monday for St. John, where she will make her home for the future. Miss Sands' familiar presence will be missed in Bridgetown, which has been almost her life long home, and especially in St. James' church, of which she has been a constant attendant and a faithful and consistent member.

—The marriage of Dr. F. S. Anderson of this town and Miss Lilian Stephens will take place this morning at the home of Mr. John Stephens, Tupperville. Rev. F. M. Young will officiate. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson will leave on the noon express for Boston and New York for a short wedding trip. -Mr. Harris Hiltz while on his way to tion; Tupperville one night last week felt some thing biting at his leg. He thought it was a dog and kicked it. The kick was a death blow, but the dog was a musk rat. This is the first time we ever heard of one of these bits and the state of the second animals attacking a man on the highway. animals attacking a man on the highway.

Rev. H. S. Davison gave a very impressive address to the Y. M. C. A. last Sunday afternoon. He spoke from the text, "The summer is passed, the harvest is ended and ye are not saved." A large number of young men were present. The male triountitled "When the harvest is past," was nicely sung and very appropriate. Miss Ervin's solo, "Consider the Lilies" was also appreciated.

hen the opportunity comes to give sub-

-The death of Mr. John Hicks, occurred The death of Mr. John Hicks, occurred at his home at Carleton's Corner, last Sundsy night. He was 76 years of age and death was due to heart disease. Mr. Hicks was a well known farmer, and had many warm friends throughout the county who will deeply regret his sudden death. He was of a genial, hearty disposition, thoroughly upright in his business transactions, and much respected for his sterling good qualities. He was unmarried. A brother and four sisters are his nearest surviving relatives. The funeral takes place this afternoon, and the body will be interred in the Ricketson burying ground.

They can supply you with

After reports were read the meeting proceeded to prepare and arrange for the Association work this winter. A strong committee was appointed, with B O. Wischer chairmsn, to consult with the Ladies Aux liliary with a view of making the reading and game room more cheerful and holding associal. They will also arrange for a basket ball trophy and dramatic entertaimment. Owing to the re-opening of the stores in the evening, Mr. Wischer will be unable to take charge of the gymnasium class for two months, and the president has been authorized to secure the services of a competent instructor from Halifax for a short time. A devotional committee was appointed to arrange for the Sunday afternoon services and the provide speakers and music for a course of the sunday afternoon services and to provide speakers and music for a course of the sunday afternoon services and to provide speakers and music for a course of the sunday afternoon services and to provide speakers and music for a course of the sunday afternoon services and to provide speakers and music for a course of the sunday afternoon services and the provide speakers and music for a course of the sunday afternoon services and the provide speakers and music for a course of the sunday afternoon services and the provide speakers and music for a course of the sunday afternoon services and the sunday afternoon a

Pleasant Valley, Yarmouth Co.

Rev. and Mrs. H. S. Davison are at Hali-Misses Ella and Addie Chesley return Miss Effie Bishop, of Lawrencetown, is the Mr. Burpee Chute, of Boston, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jarvis Chute.

Miss Auderson, of Dorchester, N. B., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Curry.

Parents.

A gentlemen's driving club has been organized at Digby. Capt. Morton, one of the members, has presented the club with a large tract of land, near-his residence on the Bayroad. This property will be nut in first-class

Bridgetown Schools,

Report of the advanced department of the Bridgetown school for five weeks ending Sept. 29th. This report gives the average standing of pupils, number of days lost and

The Annapolis County Conference of Bap-tist Churches meets at Spa Springs, Nov. 6th. The following programme has been

 Open discussion on "The pastor's relation to the temperance reform," led by Rev. J. O. Vince. TUESDAY EVENING, 7.30.

Meeting for organizing B. Y. P. U.

1.—Address "The B. Y. P. U. and the church." Rev. L. J. Tingley. 2.-Work of organizing. 3.—The B. Y. P. U. and its officers. Rev. H. N. Perry. 4. - The value of the C. C. C. Rev. E.

B. M. WILLIAMS Fresh Beef, Lamb,

Mutton, Pork, Chicken, Sausages Corned Beef and Pork, Salt and Pickled Fish. Also a general supply of

New Advertisements.

FAMILY GROCERIES.

TOWN OF BRIDGETOWN NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS.

Public Meeting of the Rate payers of the said Town

WILL BE CONVENED ON Wednesday, 15th of Nov., 1899 By order of the Town Council.

ises of the subscriber at Arlington

Saturday, Nov. 4th, at 1 o'clock STOCK AND FURNITURE:

New Advertisements.

TENDERS FOR COAL LOST

Committee on Tenders Public Property. CALL ON

CROCKS CROCKS BUTTER CROCKS

CREAM CROCKS BEAN CROCKS Flower Pots,

Lamp Bed Pans.

Fine Stock Finer Prices

Ready-made Clothing in Men's and Boys' Suits, Overcoats and Reefers. Boots, Shoes and Rubbers, Gents' Furnishings and a line of Choice Groceries which will be sold at

T. A. FOSTER.

SPECTACLES!

I have just purchased a fine line of Speciacles and Eye Glasses for cash and which I end to sell at fair living profits. **No Fancy Prices.** Every pair guaranteed to be perfect satisfaction. Mark the prices. Steel Spectacles from 15c. upwards. Solid Nickel Frames, 50c. Finest made. Aluminum Frames, 75c. Best made. Gold filled, 10 years guarantee, \$1.50. Finest Lenses in the world, \$1.00 per pair.

These prices for 30 days

B. HAVEY. -Bridgetown

Notice to the Public

The Tailoring business lately conducted by Mr. McLellan has not been closed as has been reported. The public will still find a better selection of Worsted and Tweed Suitings, Overcoatings and Pantings than has ever been shown in this place before. FIT AND WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

S. W. ROCERSON.

Where are you going my pretty maid? "I'm going to the Bridgetown Foundry," she said-For what are you going my pretty maid? "To buy a STOVE, kind sir," she said.

They can supply you with Their specialty First-class Stoves McClary's

"Faultless," the genuine original "Faultless,"

They are confident that they can give better value than

BRIDGETOWN FOUNDRY CO., Ltd. Don't neglect to order Storm Sashes now from

Wood-working and Planing Factory BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

PRICES TO SUIT YOU

WE AIM TO SATISFY.

BRIDGETOWN

We are now receiving our

Our summer

not been neces- to HIOW

trade has been so

far in excess of

our most san-

guine expectation that it has

sary for us to

advertise a mid-

summer clearing

J. W. BECKWITH,

sale.

Our River

of Bargains

Chimneys, CONTINUES

T. A. FOSTER'S.

I have just received a fine stock of

ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES.

and we believe we can show the best values in the county. Our Nubby Curl Overcoat

with Satin Lining, is a beauty, and if made to order would cost \$23. **\$16.50**We sell it for Our Blue Beaver Overcoat

CLOTHING!

Our fall stock of Men's, Boys'

and Children's Ulsters, Over-

coats and Reefers is complete,

well made and trimmmed. \$11.00 Our Soft Grey Melton Overcoat,

See our Heavy Frieze ULSTERS at

Our Heavy Frieze Ulster in Brown and Fawn is a

Our Heavy Frieze Ulster in Brown 8.00 Boots, which insures the wearer the elastic for eighteen months.

Something New!

BOOTS

of Bargains

We have been appointed sole agents for the Percival & Senez Boots. These are certainly

UNUSUAL GOODS AT UNUSUAL PRICES! Men's Heavy Box Calf Lace Boots, \$3.00

Men's Dongola Lace Boots, usually sold at \$3.50, we are selling for 2.75 No. 3 Men's Dongola Congress, wide last, will give the wearer solid comfort, 2.25

well tailored, nicely lined, a good litter, easily worth \$12.00, but we struck a snap and you get the benefit.

PRICE ONLY

\$8.50

Men's Dongola Congress, nobby last, plain toe, nice light boots for evening. We sell them for

Men's Dongola Congress, stylish last, same as No. 4, only wider toe, \$6.50 Sizes 6 to 11, three widths, nobby, stylish and clerical. Prices stamped on soles of every pair, and an insurance certificate with every pair, and an insurance certificate with every pair, and an insurance certificate with every pair the classic for

JOHN LOCKETT & SON.

CRAND SLAUGHTER

-NOW ON AT-

MAILER'S

Stores at Bridgetown and Lawrencetown

Keep your Eye open for our Advertisement!

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

BULBS

SALE Chinese Lily BULBS

Medical Hal

S. N. WEARE, Proprietor. Agent for all kinds of Bulbs.

COURT STREET.

The subscriber offers for sale at the new Choice Home-made Bread. Biscuits, Pastry, &c.

Also Milk and Cream. We will make a specialty of Lunches at all hours, consisting of Eaked Beans and Brown Bread at 10c. Satisfaction guaranteed, and Ice Cream served every Saturday evening.

J. M. KENDALL. REMEMBER THE PLACE: Two doors, north of Iron Foundry. J. M. K.

APPENDED TO THE SECOND OF THE

good crops have been gathered by our farmers.

Mrs. Addie Foster, of Lower Granville, spent the Thanksgiving holiday with her sister, Mrs. H. W. Messenger.

The newspapers are watched very closely these days by most every one for the news from the Transvaal, and a marked degree of interest is felt for the boys from our fair province, who have gone to the front. Capt. Nichol of this place, tells us he tendered his services to Colonel Schaffner to go if wanted. I think it no more than right that, through the columns of the press, the report that none of our Annapolis boys' were ready to go to the front should be corrected. It is significant how readily the thousand men were made up in Canada, in defence of the empire. When it comes to defence, it is readily seen that there is neither French nor English Protestant nor Catholic, but Canadians all—ready, to go forth to defend the grand old flag; and if necessary that another thousand or two should be raised Canada would raise them just as voluntarily as the thousand that have already gone. British principles are dear to us all.

last Thursday.

Elliott and Elliott are at present in Port

spend the winter with his grandparer Mr. and Mrs. S. Potter at Clementsport. Springfled.

Bert Kinney, of Bridgetown, was in this place buying for last week.

Mrs. L. H. Stoddart and Miss Estella Mrs. L. H. Stoddart and Miss. Estella Hunt spent last week in Greenfield.

Miss Nora Grimm, who has been spending the past four months in Yarmouth, returned to her home on Saturday last, accompanied by Miss Ceoil Durfee.

Mrs. Bobert Stoddart, of Stoddartville, is apending a few days at her former home in Tremont.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Morrison spent

Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Morrison spent Friday and Saturday in Middleton.

J. C. Grimm and Burpee Saunders are travelling Queens county this week for the purpose of securing furs.

The pulpit of the Methodist Church was occupied last Sabbath morning by Rev. Bowers (Lutheran), of Lunenburg, and in the afternoon by Rev. Downing (Methodist), of New Germany.

Miss Johnson, of New Brunswick, is spending a few weeks with her uncle, Mr. Geo. Prince.

The members of the Rappire S. S. in the second of the second

town, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver McNayr. McNayr.

Miss Maud McNayr and Miss Agnes Freeman leave for Wolfville on Tuesday, the 31st.

Miss Maudie Meisner, of New Germany,
spent Sunday in this place.

Lawrencetown. Services for Sunday, Nov. 5th: Baptist, 11 a.m.; Episcopal, 3 p. m.; Methodist, 7.
The Central Telephone office has been installed in the residence of R. B. Durling, Eeq. Miss Etta Durling is to be the operator. We are glad to have this central located here as it will be fill long felt want Several parties will have instruments put in.

Mrs. A. Marshall is to occupy the house in the Phinney block.

A social at Miss Bishop's last evening was well attended.

Mr. D. Hiltz has moved in Mr. A. Phin-

ney's house, east of town.

Dr. Hall has his large store moved back from the main street, and it will be facing the new street which will be built next

Mr. S. C. Hall is on the road in the interests of the Weekly Monitor. Hampton.

Mr. Judson Foster is enjoying a trip to Boston and other cities combining business with pleasure.

Adoniram Foster arrived home from the land of "sardines" Oct. 28th.

On Saturday evening, Falshlight Division celebrated its fifteenth anniversary. The evening was quite unpleasunt, but a goodly number was present. The Division was entertained with with readings, and recitations, after which refreshments were served. All present seemed to enjoy themselves. The Division returned 74 members the last quarter. The general attendance is not as large as it might be, but we hope the future will be as proeperous as the past has been.

Last week Miss Goldie Brinton and Miss Irene Foster presented the writer with several ripe strawberries. Lower Granville. We are pleased to see Mr. David M. Foster

We are pleased to see Mr. David M. Foster around again after his recent severe illness. Apple picking is about over and the crop, generally, larger than expected.

William Morrison of Lynn, Mass., is visiting his father James Morrison E-q.

Mrs. Eliza Thorne, widow of the late Townsend Thorne E-q, departed this life last Tuesday, having survived her husband only seven months. She was a lady universally esteemed, and her bereaved family have the sympathy of the community. The funeral which was largely attended took place on Friday, Rev. Mr. Appleby officiating, Rev. Mr. Vice, assisting.

Mr. A. Marshall, from Clarence, was the guest of Mr. Walter Healy a few days ago.
Mr. Joshua Banks, we understand, is getting timber out to build himself a new house.
Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Balsor entertained a number of their friends with a Thanksgiving dinner and supper on that day.
J. B. Mills, M. P., passed through our village last Wednesday.
A frity was given at Mr. W. Healy's last British commander at Glencoe, who was shot in the battle with the Boers there, Oct. 20th, was officially announced in the British common Thursday.

Costliest Sport in the World.

The money spent by yacht owners in entertaining also reaches far into six figures. Commodore Morgan entertained at least one hundred guests every race day: and Howard Gould and John Jacob Astor entertained even a greater number.—Lessie's Weekly.

Sunday School Convention.

were made up in Canada, in defence of the empire. When it comes to defence, it is readily seen that there is neither French nor English Protestant nor Catholic, but Canadians all—ready, to go forth to defend the grand old flag; and if necessary that another thousand or two should be raised Canada would raise them just as voluntarily as the thousand that have already gone. British principles are dear to us all.

Mt. Hanley.

Mr. Fred Balsor and grandson from Aylesford, were visiting friends here last week.

Mr. Edward Charlton was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Fritz a few days last week.

Slocomb and Mosher's threshing machine was in our place last week; also Pierce and Brinton's. They were taken to Port Lorne last Thursday.

Elliott and Elliott are at present in Port Lorne, where they seem to be doing a very long the street of the convention. Added to these was the Nova Scotia field worker, Mr. O. M. Sanford, whose grand work is winning for himself a host of friends throughout Nova Scotia. The fifteenth annual convention of the

last Thursday.

Elliott and Elliott are at present in Port
Lorne, where they seem to be doing a very
good threshing business.

Miss Grace Elliott and friend, Miss
Philips, returned to their home last Friday,
after spending a very pleasant time with
Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Elliott.

Miss Essie M. Elliott is at present visiting
her sister, Mrs. S. Chute in Bridgetown.
Miss Addie D. Morton has returned to her
home in Belleville, Oat., after spending the
summer with her mother.

Mrs. Hallet R. Bruce from Brooklyn, has
been the guest of her sister, Miss E. Armstrong for the last week.

Bev. E. P. Coldwell from Port Lorne,
called on friends in this place a few days
ago.

Mr. Maitland Brown sold three of his fine
oxen to Mr. Williams last Monday.

Your correspondent was presented with a
handful of ripe strawberries on Tuesday by
Mrs. Emma Margeson, picked on her farm

Mrs. Botter, superintendent of temperance
dipartment, reported that she had distributed nearly three thousand les fiets throughout
the reference of the strength of the reset in communication with all the county associations. She

Mr. Maitland: Brown sold three of his fine oxen to Mr. Williams last Monday.

Your correspondent was presented with a handful of rips strawberries on Tuesday by Mrs. Emma Margeson, picked on her farm by the seashore.

Mrs. William Durling from Port George, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. Margeson, one day last week.

Misz Hattie L. Brown is back again with ns. We understand she intends staying the winter here.

Mrs. Potter, superintendent of temperance department, reported that she had distributed nearly three thousand les flets throughout the province, and put herself in communication with all the county associations. She said that the W. C. T. U. objected to the said that the W. C. T. U. objected to the was cold in the province, and put herself in communication with all the county associations singly the white ribbon badge, as it was not distinctive. She recommended that in future the White Ribbon Army wear a white ribbon bow with a blue bar. The recommendation was adopted.

Port Lorne.

Capt. E. Hall is home from Halifax for a few days. few days.

Mrs. Samuel Beardsley, jr., came home last week from a pleasant trip with her husband to New York and other ports.

Miss Ina Mitchell, from Hampton, was the guest of Mrs. Ernest Ray a few days last guest of Mrs. Ernest Ray a few days last week.
Mr. William Phinney is giving his son's house a new coat of paint.
Mr. George Corbit is home from sea.
Inspector L. S. Morse called on our school here last week.
Miss Beatrice A. Elliott spent a few days in town last week.

town last week. Mr. John Anthony has gone to St. John

n business, Mrs. John O'Neal visited her daughters,

Mrs. John O'Neal visited her daughters, Mrs. Thomas Beardsley and Mrs. George Corbitt, a few days last week.

Much sympathy is felt in the community for the bereaved husband and family, of Mrs. John Hall, who was brought from Lynn on Wednesday and interred at Hampton on Thursday. She was a sister to Mrs. Johnson Corbitt, of this place.

Services by Rev. E. P. Coldwell Sunday, November 5th: Hampton, 10.30; St. Croix, 230; Port Lorne, 7.

United States Would Support England. Washington, Oct. 20.—Clifton R Breck-inridge, who was minister to Russia during the second Cleveland administration, says that in case any nation or combination of nations should attempt to embarase England nations should attempt to embarase England in the present war in South Africa it would be the imperative duty of the United States to take the part of Great Britain and sustain her with our whole moral and material strength. He says:

"Great Britain's action in South Africa is in line with the duty and development of

"Great Britain's action in South Africa is in line with the duty and development of the Anglo-Saxon race. In her present struggle she deserves the unanimous support of the American people in case other European nations should attempt to retard her in the clear and simple duty she is performing. The conduct of the United States should be determined by considerations mightier than mere political expediency or political precedents. We should be enjoined by every sentiment of patriotism and every tie of racial kinship to stand shoulder to shoulder with our brethren across the sea."

(St. John's, Nfld., News, Oct. 28.) (St. John's, Nfid., News, Oct. 28.)

The schooner Isabella, which arrived to Rendel & Co. a few days ago, from Labrador, brought up, it is said, three casks of gold samples and dust, which is said to have been discovered in abundance at Rama, on the Labrador coast. The Isabella has been down on the coast during the past five months and we take it that the rumorabove mentioned can be given perfect credence. Several prominent brokers and others are interested in the discovery, and a gang of men has been down there for some time hard at work excavating and otherwise carrying out the wishes of gold prospectors.

The Boer Fighting Force.

The Boer Fighting Force.

London, Oct. 28.—According to a Brussels despatch, Dr. Leyds, the diplomatic agent of the Transvasi in Europe, has issued a statement that the Boers have now nearly 100,000 men in the field, made up as follows:

Boar regulars. 35,000; artillery, 1,250; police, 1,750; Orange Free State troops, including Utilanders, 35,000; Natal Boers, 3,000; Bechmansland and Rhodesian Boers, 8,000; foreign legion, 600; American, 4,000; Germans, 6,000; Dutch and Belgians, 2,000; Irish, 1,000; Scandinavians, 600; French, Swiss and Italians, 200. The Jews, it appears, are doing police work.

New Windsor.

(Hants Journal) As our paper goes to press Tuesday evening we can say that this is the second anniversary of the great fire, and in connection with that event have prepared a list of the buildings since erected. This report may possibly be incomplete in some unimportant details, but it is a fairly correct account of the rebuilding done up to the present date. Fally 350 buildings have gone up. Of these 21 or more contain over 50 stores, and offices, and a few tenements; there are over 30 double residences, four blocks each containing four tenements.

Two of our venezhile eciogensians, massly, Mr. Afferd Hoys, aged 82, and Mr. Wen. Dargies, aged 87 years, wunt on a fifth in suffered the property of clipson—tather of the Capille at the suffered Holes, from Botton, have been virting at the word. The bill for the yacht there were the suffered Holes, from Botton, have been virting at the word. The bill for the yacht there were suffered to the suffered Holes, from Botton, have been virting at the word of the suffered Holes, from Botton, have been virting at the suffered Holes, from Botton, and the suffered H

transports and is thoroughly capable et preventing any interference in South African waters.

While the British officials do not conceal their knowledge of German, French and Russian antagonism, and thefr irritation thereat, they do not give the slightest hint that European hostility will crystallize into any probable overt act. But the belief that Great Britain is on the verge of a crisis, or even a conflict, far greater than that in the Transvaal, has many supporters, though the lack of all official confirmation favors the conservative views that the remarkable military and naval activity is due to a desire to take thorough precautions, which, though ominous, have at present no special bearing upon Great Britain's European relations.

Despatches from the Continent to the 'Daily Mail,' say that the French fleet has received instructions to watch the movements of the British Mediterranean squadron, and that the Italian fleet is under orders to concentrate in the Bay of Spezia.

The 'Times' companying aditorially on

to concentrate in the Bay of Spezia.

The 'Times' commenting editorially on the rumor of European intervention, scorns the idea, saying: 'No power will lift a' finger. The slarming combinations built on our naval movements have no existence save in overheated imaginations.

The War Situation.

General White has now all his forces conceptrated at Ladysmith, composed of those which defended Ladysmith, composed of those which defended Ladysmith under General, Hunter, those which under General French fought the action at Elandshagte, and those who under General Symons fought at Glencoe, and were conducted from Dundee by General Yule. The total force at Ladysmith must number, with the reinforcements which have been brought up from Pietermaritzburg, about twelve thousand men of all arms. Instead of having to defend a line extending over fifty miles, they are now concentrated in one strong position. General White is within easy striking distance of the Free State Boers, and if his troops are rested before the Boers are reinforced there may be a battle. It appears that Glencoe and Dundee were defended, not for strategical reasons, but purely for commercial reasons, so as to maintain the supply of coal in Natal, and to keep it out of the hands of the Boers along as possible. General Yule's withdrawal from Glencoe and Dundee was so hurried that he had not time apparently to destroy the supplies of ammunition and foug which he could not General Yule's withdrawal from Glencoe and Dundee was so hurried that he had not time apparently to destroy the supplies of ammunition and food which he could not take away with him, and these have fallen into the hands of the Boers, with the British wounded, whose position will be a hard one, as the Boer Hospital service is altogether inadequate. Some reinforcements of both infantry and artillery have arrived at Capetown and Durban, and more are expected within a few lays. The effectiveness of the British forces will thus be increased, as it needs to be, as the Boers are also, according to all advices, getting a strong force at Glencoe, within a few miles of which the railway brings them. The railway service between the Transvaal and Natal, which seems effective, will render the transport and commissariat arrangements of the Boers which is their weakest service, comparatively easy so long as they are in the neighborhood of Glencoe. As they get more distant from the base of their supplies, their difficulties in carrying on the war will increase and become insuperable. In Cape Colony, beyond the arrival of a few reinforcements, there is little movement to chronicle. If any advance either of British regulars or of Cape volunteers toward Kimberley and the Orange Free State frontier is being made, it is kept very secret from the British people; in the meantime the Dutoh of the Cape are quiet, but those of Bechuanaland have, it is said, responded willingly to the commandeering orders of the Orange Free State, which has proclaimed the annexation of that country, with the object of thus recruiting these men. It is hard to see how Mafeking can hold out against the Boer artillery now bombarding it. Weeks must go by before any hope of relieving it can be entertained. It is now regarded as an error ever to have attempted holding it. But the defence has been so splendidly conducted, and with such injury, both material and moral, to the Boers, that it has been perhaps worth the cost, whatever it may prove. On the northern b

Fighting at Ladysmith.

Fighting at Ladysmith.

London, Oct. 30 h.—The war office has received a despatch which says General White has fought so engagement, presumably with General Joubert's force, which was pushed back after several hours' fighting. The British loss was about 100 men, and the Boer losses were much greater. The Boers were in larger numbers and had better artillery. General White's despatch, which was dated 4.30 p. m., today, reads: "I employed all the troops here, except the obligatory garrison before the works. I sent a mountain battery, the Royal Irish Fusiliers, and the Gloucesters, to take up a position on the hills, to close my flank. The force moved at 11 yesterday evening and during some night firing the battery mules stampeded with some of the guns, which, however, I hope to recover. The two battalions have not yet returned, but are expected this evening. I detailed two brigade divisions of field artillery and five battalions of infantry, aided by cavalry, under General French, to attack a position upon which the enemy yesterday mounted guns. We found this position evacuated, but our force was attacked with gonsiderable vigor by what I believe were General Joubert's troops. They had many guns and showed in great numbers. Our troops were all in action saveral hours I withdrew the troops which have been much greater, the fire of our guns appearing very effective. After being in action several hours I withdrew the troops and they returned jumnolested to their cantonments. The enemy are in great numbers, and their guns range further than our field guns. I now have some naval guns, which have temporarily silenced, and I hope, will permanently dominate the enemy's best gurs, with which they have been bombarding the town at a range of 6,000 yards.

Ladysmith, Natal, Oct. 30.—12 50 p.m.—The naval brigade arrived this morning at half past nine, and has just commenced firing with six quick firing guns, with great precision. The Boer 40-pounders, which had again begun to shell the town, were temporarily disabled at the t

—Sir Charles Tupper, on Monday, concluded arrangements with the Ocean Accident and Guarantee company, by which, through the generoeity of some private individual, he effects insurance to a limit of one million dollars upon men of all ranks in the Canadian contingent going to South Africa.

—The total arrivals of immigrants in the United States for the year ending June 30th, 1899, were 311,715, an increase over the next preceding year of 82,416, or 36 percent.

Hate.

Hate.

HISS A. LECAIN.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

DEAR SIRS, - MINARD'S LINIMENT is my remedy for NEURALGIA. It relieves at once.

Church Services, Sunday, November 5th.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Rev. F. P. Greatorev, Rector. In St. James, Bridgetown: Service with celebration of Holy Communic Service Sunday School at 2; Evening service at 7, Wednesday evening at 7,30 there will be a meeting on behalf of the British and Foreign Bible Society, In St. Mary's, Belleisie: Ser-vice at 2,30; also on Thursday at 7, All seats free.

free.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. F. M. Young, Pastor.
Proaching service at Bridgetown at 11 a. m. and 7.00 m.
And 7.00 m.
Bible Class and Sabbine Centre at 3 p. m.,
Bible Class and Sabbine Centre at 3 p. m.,
Bible Class and Sabbine Centre at 3 p. m.,
B. Y. P. U. Wednesday eventol at 10 a.m.,
B. Y. P. U. Wednesday eventol at 10 clock.
General social service Friday ovening at 8.
GORDON MEMORIAL CHURCH Presbyterian.
Rev. H. S. Davison, Pastor. Public worship
every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and at 10 abbath-School and Pastor a Bible class at 10 abclock of the control of the control

ing on Friday at 7.30 p. m. All seats free. Ushers to welcome strangers.

PROVIDENCE METHODIST CHURCH.—Rev. E. B. Moore, pastor; Arthur Hockin, assistant. Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p. m., Sunday school at 2 p.m. Class meeting p. m., Wonday evening at 7.30; Prayer-meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30; Epworth League every Friday evening at 7.30. Epworth League every Friday evening at 7.30. Strangers always welcome.

Granville: Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a.m. and 3.p.m., alternately. Prayer meeting every Titesday at 7.30 p.m., and 7.30 p.m., and 7.30 p.m., and 7.30 p.m., alternately. Prayer-meeting on Thursday at 7.30 p.m.

Mountain Mission: Preaching fortnightly, Durling's Lake at 10.30 a.m., Hill at 2.30 p.m.

ROUND HILL—G. J. Coulter White, pastor's Preaching service on the lat Sunday of the month at 11 a.m., and on other Sundays at 7.30 o'clock. Sunday school after mbrning service, other Sundays at 2.30 p.m.

Births.

CHARLTON.—At Bridgetown, Oct. 28th, to Mr and Mrs. Arthur Charlton, a son. Marriages.

ALLEN -WAGSTAFF, -At the Baptist parson-age, Bridgetown, by the Rev. F. M. Young, John Henry Allen to Cassie Wagstaff, both of Hampton. GRANT-RAFUSE.—At Foster's, Lunenburg Co., Oct. 13th, by Rev. J. E. Blakney, Mr. Edgar Grant, of Port Lorns, Annapolis county, to Miss Florence Rafuse.

"No Eye Like the Master's Eye."

You are master of your health, and if you do not attend to duty, the blame is easily located. If your blood is out of order, Hood's Sarsaparilla will purify it.

It is the specific remedy for troubles of the blood, kidneys, bowels or liver.

'Heart Trouble—"I had beart trouble for a number of years and different medicines failed to benefit me. I tried Hood's Barsaparilla and three bottles completely and perfectly oured me." Mas. C. A. Faran, Wallace Bridge, N. S.

A Safeguard. "As t had lost five children with diphtheris I gave my remaining two children Hood's Sarsaparilla as they were subject to throat trouble and were not very strong. They are now healthler and stronger and have not since had a cold." MRS. W. H. FLECKER, Pembroke, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and enly cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

FOR SALE A JERSEY COW, three to four year old, due to calve in November. Apply to
ALBERT MORSE,
Bridgetown.

LADIES' BICYLES CHEAP!

We have on hand two ladies' "Cleveland' Sicycles which we will sell at cost to clear CURRY BROS. & BENT CO., Ltd.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE One Sleigh (new), One Mare, six years old. Will exchange Sleigh for heavy Ox Wag gon, or Mare for stock of any kind.

CHAS. S. CHESLEY. Upper Granville. GO TO THE

BARGAIN' BOOT AND .. (Opposite the Post Office.) full line of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers Women's, Misses' and Children's Fine and Coarse Boots.

Boots and Shoes made and Repaired. Special attention given to Repairing D. R. CUMMINGS, Agent.

Millinery Display

FALL OPENING The E. B. EDDY Co. Tuesday and Wednesday, HULL, Canada.

Oct. 17th and 18th. French Pattern Hats and Bonnets and lates Millinery Novelties. Also newest shapes in Golf and Outing

STRONG & WH

Our Fall and Winter Stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods is now complete in every department.

DRESS GOODS

Our usual large range, comprising plain and fancy mixtures from 18c to \$1.35 per yd. Our specialty (Black Goods); prices from 23c to \$1.85 per

SILKS and SATINS Dress lengths Black Silks. Dress lengths White Silks. Dress lengths Black Satins.

Also a large range of colourings.

SHIRT WAISTS

A fine assortment. "The Royal," line exclusive - the most perfect fitting Waist in the market, lined throughout, sizes 32 to 40.

LADIES' JACKETS cases in the latest New York styles, all tailor-made, leading shades and



ANTOINETTE-COLLAR FURS! FURS!

Ladies' Fur Jackets in Astrachan, Racoon and French Seal, Caperines (Storm Collars and Ruffs) comprising Black Thibet, Bear, French Seal, Grey Lamb, Astrachan, Beaver, Black Opposum, Grey Opposum, Martin, Alaska

Ladies' Fur-lined Capes and Fur Capes from \$7.90 to \$24.00 each.

Ladies' and Gents' Fur Mitts Astrachan, French Seal, Grey Lamb, Racoon, Colonial Coon and Wombat.

MEN'S FUR CAPS Astrachan, German Otter, Nutria, Beaver and Australian Otter.

FURNITURE.

We wish to inform the public

that we have purchased the furni-

ture business so many years con-

ducted by J. B. REED, and that

we will continue the business at

We invite your inspection.

Stock of Furniture complete

W. E. REED. F. J. REED.

Progressive

Put up their Bread

as it leaves the oven in

EDDY'S

BREAD

WRAPPERS!

Manufactured solely by

WANTED

W. A. KAIN.
116 Germain Street,
St. John, N. B.
Granville Sts.

Bakers

COMFORT. Health Chederuran

dren's Underwear

best value our markets afford.

STRONG & WHITMAN.

Manufacturing Company:

MURDOCH'S BLOCK, GRANVILLE STREET.

Grain taken in exchange for goods.

CHOICE

FAMILY

GROCERIES

BRIDGETOWN

Five cases of Men's Fishing Boots.

Three Cases Cow Hide Boots.

Dont forget to call when in want of such. Also a full line of fine goods

Wool Soles and Dressing.

you to choose from.

- E. A. COCHRAN.

We have in stock a choice

Also a large stock of Flour,

Feed & Meal at moderate prices.

Three cases of Men's Leg Kip Boots.

Ladies' & Gents' Gloves The finest assortment we have ever offered to the public, comprising White Dressed Kid, Blacks, Tans & Colors. Lined Gloves (Ladies' and Gent's) in cotton-fleeced, wool-fleeced and silk lined. Also Men's Heavy Unlined Driving Gloves, and a full range of the Hudson Bay Co.'s heavy goods.

FUR TRIMMINGS In Sable, Bear, Japan Sable, Rocky Bear, Black Thibet, Chinchilla and

Black Hair Coney. Also Fur Tails. MUFFS! MUFFS! We have a fine assortment in this

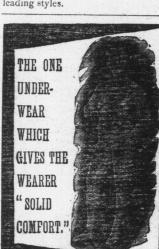
line comprising Bear, Martin, German Otter, Grey Lamb, Opposum (black and grey), Black Goat, Black Hair

Coney, Astrachan, Beaver, French

Men's, Youths', Boys' & Children's Ready-toput-on Clothing,

lsters, Overcoats and Reefers. All tailor-made goods, at lowest possible figures. It will be to your advantage to examine before pur chasing

Men's and Boys' Caps A fine assortment in all the latest English, American and Canadiar leading styles.



Men's, Youth's and Chil-

A fine range of all fleece-lined, inuding the celebrated Wright's Health brand. Men's from 55c to \$2.25 each piece. Be sure and see them before cent off all Hemp, Union, Tapestry ourchasing. We can offer you the and All-Wool Carpets, as we intend to

LADIES' WRAPPERS

A large assortment. Style and cut perfect, sewing the best, prices the lowest. Can fit the smallest and the largest. All thoroughly lined throughout. Sizes 32 to 46.

Felt Walking Hats Felt Sailor Hats 6-4 Plain Black Cashmeres, A large assortment in all the leading styles and shades.

Comfortables & Blankets A heavy stock of the above at very close figures.

Ladies' Vests and Hose A fine assortment at prices to meet



ORSETS

CORSETS In connection with all the leading lines we usually carry, we have se-W. B. Corsets — America's leading Corset. Prices from \$1.25 to \$4.00 per pair. Every pair guaranteed.

House Furnishings For the fall house cleaning we offer a fine range of Lace Curtains, Portieres, Art Muslins, Straw Mattings, Floor Oilcloths, Room Papers, Shade

clear this line. Wanted in exchange for Goods, any quantity good washed Wool, Dried Apples, Butter and Eggs at highest market

at the old stand, and solicits a

enjoyed by Mr. Shafner. Have just purchased a new stock of Greceries will be sold at close fi

E. J. RICKE Bridgetown, July 11th, 189

Four Cases Heavy Kip grain and Split bals for the hard work of the fall wear CHEAP

> I have several lines of the cheaper grade of Boots and Shoes, that I will sell

AT COST

for the next fortnight. As examination of these goods will convince you that I am offering extraordinary ber-

FALL TRADE selection of family Groceries for

ORGANS REPAIRED

N. H. PHINNEY, - Manager. Lawrencetown, Sept. 20th, 1899.

New Adverti

GOODS Just received and in stock at

DUTCH SHAKER

FLANNELS **FLANNELETTES** FLANNELETTE

COSTUME CLOTHS, 6-4 Navy Blue and Black Serges, 6-4 Black Soleils.

6-4 Navy Blue, Black and Brown Mantle Cloths, 3-4 Domestic and Canadian Cloths.

WOMEN'S and MISSES' HYGEIAN UNDERCLOTHING.

A large stock of Men's Underclothing (All prices) Woolen Hosiery, Gloves, Ties and Braces, Woolen Yarns.

Shawls, Chenille Table Covers, Towelings, Shirtings and Sheetings,

Men's Suits and Overcoats,

Ladies' Jackets and Woolen

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers. The balance of our CARPETS we will clear at very low prices.

September 13 h, 1899.

Having purchased Mr. L. D. Shafner's Grocery business, the subscriber will continue to

First-Class Grocery continuance of the patronage

Just arrived from the Amherst Boot and Shoe



BOOTS!

W. A. KINNEY.

Just arrived: A large line of ROBES, LIGHT, EXPRESS and WORK HAR-NESSES will be sold at lowest figures. We have on hand a few light and jump seat Buggies. They will be sold cheap to close out and to make room for our large stock of sleighs expected early in the season. expected early in the our large stock of sleights.
Our large stock of PONOS, OEGANS,
and SEWING MACHINES will be disposed of targetial bargains and according to the conditions of the condition

A STATE OF THE STA

Fruit a Specialty.

J. E. LLOYD.

The story of how the Transvaal was an nexed to the British empire twenty years what is now the South African republic was for four short years under the Union Jack. It is one of the romances of

the story to Cetewayo. But for the Zulu king the Union Jack would never have waved over the Boer country. The Boers, who are human enough at any rate to rates and taxes, had brought the chequer was empty; its army was all but atry was threatened with a Zuln in-Cetewayo was in the height of his ed his forces. The king complained that his frontier, and he gathered his men toher to make the great fight-to wipe the Boers out of existence. Had the fight been fought, there can be no doubt of what would happened. The Boers would have to be. The Zulus were immensel superior in strength and numbers, and had Cetewayo been left free to carry out his

ans, there would probably have been no Transvaal question today. Shepstone, who had made himself feared by Culus, came to the rescue of the Boers. He planted the Union Jack in the Tran vasl, and declared it part and parcel of the Queen's empire. Nothing could have been more simple. The Boers feared the Zulus, the Zulus feared the white men, and at the noment when Cetewayo was gathering his force to smash the Boers, the Englishman stepped in and claimed the country. There was no opposition, everybody was devoutly thankful, and the Queen's dominions were extended by 112,000 square miles and nearly

eacemaker: "I thank my father Sompsen or his message," he said. "I am glad that he has sent it, because the Dutch have tired me out, and I intended to fight them once nd once only, and to drive them over the Vaal. You see my impas are gathered. It was to fight the Dutch I called them together; now I will send them back to their es. The Boers were constantly moving eir frontier further into my country. refore, determined to end it once fo All." As it was the Boers were saved.

e amidst 3,000 Zulu warriors, brandish ing their assegais, and howling for his blood. For two hours he stood thus, expecting to receive his death blow. Then as calm as if he had been in England, he rose and spoke to the Zulu army : "I know that you mean to kill me. It is an easy thing to do; but I tell you Zulus that for every drop of blood that falls to the ground, a hundred untry of which Natal is one of cattle kraals, and will avenge me bitterly."

"As he spoke," said Rider Haggard, who

es the scene, "he turned and pointed ward the ocean. Every man of the great orizon as though they expected to see the ong lines of the avengers creeping across That speech, spoken with the calmness of

a brave man who fears nothing, saved the nan's life, and established his ascendancy. From that day his power was un

was the knowledge of this that induced patine to step in when Cetewayo was patening the Boers. Had he been merely anxious to extend British territory, he would have stood by while the war was waged and occupied the country after Cetewayo had perialist at that price, and his desire was t so much to make the Transvaal British territory as to save the blood which mu have been shed if he had stood aside. As it was, the Transvaal was anne

fully, and at a cost of less than £10,000. The cost of the land worked or someing like 1s. 10d. per son mile, and the cost of three pence a head.

Paul Kruger at that time was, perhaps the most striking figure among the subject people, and he was one of three Boer dele gates who came to England to petition the Queen to set the country free again. The mission failed, however, and Kruger returned to the Transvaal to take office as a British official-a post which he held for a few months, when he was dismissed under s and somewhat discreditable circum

> n said that if the British go d increased his wages, Kruger were years of discont and a movement for de-* Taking advants n, the Boers planted th e result all the world knows

He Was Ready.

nd his wife were going out the ing, and Dolby gave himself up to nforts of his pipe and arm-chair until inutes before time to start. The

he "flew around in this fashion :
"Here, Mary," to his wife, "just lay my things, will you? Put the stude in my shirt, won't you? And just slip the links into my cuffs. Don't forget a clean collar, and put a little dressing on my patent shoes Then I'll want you to tie my tie and-ob, Ves. and there's a new lace needed in one of my evening shoes. See to it, won't you, dear? Where's my comb and brush? No, they're not where I left them lust, for I left m here on the table. Find them, plea and then brush my coat a little. There is button needed on my trousers. I forgot t tell you before. Can't you button this collar for me? It's so stiff I can't do a thing with Now tie my tie, please, and slip a handkerchief into my coat pocket; and then -good gracious, woman, it's time we were off now. And here you're not half dressed. What have you been doing? Here I'm nearly ready, and you—well, if you women don't heat the Dutch when it comes to dilly dallying. I've a good mind to go off without you to teach you to be ready next time we re going anywhere. Now, hurry up. Here, I'm all ready."

ed your nerves, also, if you would have strong. The blood is the feeder and her of the whole nervous system. Men

anse the nerves are properly fed. Hood's acaparilla never disappoints,

Old Weather Signs.

LD SAYINGS THAT HAVE BEEN BELIEVED FOR YEARS. Thunder on Sunday is considered by the ther wice the sign of the death of a great on Monday, the death of a woman; eeday, if in early summer, it foretella andance of grain; on Wednesday, warfare is threatened; on Thursday, an abundance of sheep and corn the farmer may

ence and great mortality.

Friday's weather shows what may be exanday, but if Friday be clear, then Sunday will be fine as well.

reckon on; on Friday, some great man will be murdered; on Saturday, a general pesti-

The twelve days immediately following Christmas denote the weather for the coming welve months, one day for a month. The day of the month the first snow storm appears indicates the number of snow storms he winter will bring. For example, the first snow storm comes on November 29-look out, then, for twenty-nine snow storms. There is an old saying-which originated, perhaps, for the benefit of school childrenhat there is only one Saturday in the year without sun during some portion of the day. A gale, moderating at sunset, will increase before midnight, but if it moderates after midnight the weather will improve.

No weather is ill.
If the wind is still. If the full moon shall rise red, expect wind. The sharper the blast the sooner it is past. yellow sky at sunset presages

When you see northern lights you may ex Hazy weather is thought to prognosticate rost in winter, snow in spring, fair weather

Storms that clear in the night will be folwed by a rain storm. Three toggy mornings will surely be folowed by a rain storm. ain will come next; while if the wind cracks

off the ice snow will follow. When the leaves of trees show their under side there will be rain. When the perfume of flowers or the odor of fruit is unusually noticed rain may be ex-

When the sky is full stars expect rain. If a cat washes herself calmly and smooth-y the weather will be fair. If she washes against the grain" take your mackintosh with you. If she lies with her back to the fire there will be a squall. Cats with their tails up and hair appar ntly electrified indicate approaching wind.

If pigs are-restless there will be windy weather. Pigs can see the wind. The direction in which a loon flies in the orning will be the direction of the wind the

Magpies flying three or four together and uttering harsh crys predict windy weather.
Flocks of crows signify a cold summer. When the swallow flies low rain will come oon; when they fly high expect fine weather. If the rooster crows at night he will "get ip with a wet head." Six weeks from the time the first, katydid

s heard there will be frost. Making a Sunset.

OW NATURE MANAGES THOSE SPLENDIN I saked an eminent scientist how nothing nanages those splendid spectacular exhibiions which are called sunsets.

"That's simple enough," he said. "When he air is moist, it absorbs the blue rays of light and lets the red rays pass. Therefore the sun is sometimes red. Then when the un drops below the horizon we are able to ee only the vertical rays, which often strike re reflected

"Rays of light are composed of waves or ibrations of different sizes, speed and in supply them with the very finest article. ensity. The short waves are blue, the long ones are red, and the intermediate waves epresent the different primary colors.

When a blue and a red wave get mixed, hey form a purple wave, and other colors they produce some rare tints, some glorious able to imitate, and if the banks of vapor floating on the horizon are of irregular shape they produce the fantastic effects we admire

"Is the display assisted by refraction "Perhaps so, but usually not to any apreciable extent. There isn't enough to take nto consideration. The volume of the atmosphere that surrounds the earth is equal o more than 200,000,000 cubic miles, a quantity so vast that the human mind can 000 meteors were to fall at once, they would not be any more noticeable than a puff of

on the little island of Krakatoa, in the strait of Sunda, between Sumatra and Java, there was a terrific volcanic eruption—the greatest cataclysm that has occurred within the nemory of man. Some 30,000 lives were lost. The eruption was followed by extra ordinary atmospheric phenomena, visible "It was attributed to volcanic dust which

was projected in stupendous quantities for iles into the air and carried around the world by the currents that are constantly moving in the upper atmosphere. It made the sunsets of that year remarkable and un-precedented for their beauty."

Put It in Your Bible. Here is a handy table furnished by the Christian World, which it would be well to cut out and copy for reference, in your Bible

and one-fifth mile A Sabbath day's journey was about an English mile.

A cubit was nearly twenty-two inches. A hand's breadth is equal to three an ive eighths inches. A finger's breadth is equal to one inch. A shekel of silver was about fifty cents A shekel of gold was \$8.

A talent of silver was \$538 30. A talent of gold was \$13,809. A piece of silver, or a penny, was 13 cents. A farthing was 3 cents. A mite was less than a quarter of a cent.

An ephab, or bath, contained seven gal

ons and five pints. Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Tonight

If your liver is out of order, causing Biliousness, Sick Headache, Heart-burn, or Constipation, take a dose of

Hood's Pills On retiring, and tomorrow your digestive organs will be regulated and you will be bright, active and ready for any kind of work. This has been the experience of others; it will be yours. HOOD'S PILLS are sold by all medicine dealers. 25,cts. Agricultural.

Labor and Feed.

DIFFERENCE IN KEEPING LARGE OR SMALL FLOCKS OF POULTRY. There is always a profit derived from small family flock, because it has two prin-cipal advantages compared with the keeping of large numbers. The small flock is a possibility with all, but the management of several hundred fowls is another One advantage of having the small flock is pected on the following Sunday; that is, if
rather, it is not estimated in the cost of
if rains on Friday noon, then it will rain on family flock, for the reason that where only a dozen or more hens are kept they are attended to by any members of the family, and but a few minutes are given the fowls; hence the cost of labor cannot be estimated nor does it interfere in any manner with the occupations of those who take an interest in the flock. But when one ventures into raising chicks by the hundreds and retains a large proportion to attain the adult stage the labor necessary becomes a more impo tant item than the food. The second advantage in favor of the small flock is that the cost of the food is materially reduced by

the utilization of the waste material from the

table. The birds are scavengers to a certain

substances that would be of no use, while the scraps would be insignificant if intended as a portion of the ration for a hundred or more fowls. It is the two advantages mentioned that permit one to make several dollars' profit per hen with a small flock and allows only \$1 as profit for each hen in a large flock. Those who have a large number of fowls and who keep strict accounts of all expenses find that the cost of food varies but little from that required for a small flock proportionately, and they estimate their profits by the difference between the cost of food and the receipts, when, in fact, the value of the labor is greater than the cost of the food in many cases, which puts a different aspect on the enterprise Of course when the owner performs the labor himself he receives the price of that labor in the receipts, but that does not destroy the fact that the labor must be paid for, as the owner may be compelled to sacri fice a lucrative position in some other business in order to give his flock his entire

Result of Poor Milk.

A certain class of patrons delude them selves, that their work consists solely of de livering the milk regardless of quality That they should be held responsible for its condition, is shown by the following from Chicago Produce:

In a letter on cleanliness W. J. Kennedy says: In butter one of the most annoving development of butyric acid and the conse quent rancidity of butter. From some ex periments made here at the Iowa college nery, in regard to the keeping of butter made from cream that had been separated from milk, which had been exposed to unfavorable conditions that are so frequently to be met with, and other cream that was free from all undesirable kinds of bacteria. I am firmly convinced that uncleanly conditions are more directly responsible for rancidity in butter than is indicated by any authority that I have read upon that subject. While it is possible by resorting to pasteurization and pure culture starters to improve the quality of butter made from milk that has been poorly cared for, I think it is admitted that there is no process by which poor milk can be made to produce the very best butter or cheese. We must also bear in mind that while commission merchants purchase the poor butter with reluctance at a lower price than is profitable to the producer, they are eagerly watching masses of vapor, which we call clouds, and for the very best, and will often pay from half a cent to one cent a pound above man

Need of Meat Food.

A most interesting and valuable experiment has lately been completed at the sta are made by different combinations, just as a painter mixes his paints on his pallet. As difference, if any, between equivalent rations, waves of light strike the clouds together of which the nitrogenous materials were furnished in one case by animals foods, such combinations, which artists have never been as dried blood and meal meat; and in the other by grains, such as oats and pea meal. The amounts of nutriments in the rations were equal, their source only different; yet in every case the animal nitrogen gave th hest results. This was shown clearly by chicks and older fowls, but was most re markable in the case of ducks.

The plump contented looking meat meals ducklings were nearly twice as large as the scrubby grain fed birds at two months old, and the latter became so feeble that some ani mal meal had to be added to their rations to scarcely comprehend it, and hence, if 1,000,- keep them alive. In watching the progres of the experiment it was almost pitiful to see the scrawny ducklings, with troughs full of good, apparently wholesome food before them, standing on the alert and scrambling the scientist, "which have added to the with eager haste toward the unfortunate fly beauty of sunset displays. In August, 1883, or grasshopper which ventured into their on the little island of Kraka'oa, in the strait pen. Instinct taught them what was needed to make them healthy: while the meat birds lay quietly in the sun and paid no attention to the buzzing bee or crawling beetle.

Dry Dirt and Thrift.

Whenever a fowl is noticed busily dusting itself it signifies that the bird is happy and in good health. The bath is positively essential to its thrift and comfort, and without it no flock will prove remunerative As the fall comes on the supply of dirt must be stowed away for the winter bath for with the earth covered with snow and everything frozen hard it is not an easy matter at that time to procure it. At the present time it is only necessary to keep a yard spaded fine, even if only a few feet square, in order to give the fowls a chance, but in winter there must be dust boxes, and the dirt should be perfectly dry. A few barrels should be placed in the cellar and filled with sifted earth or coal ashes, there to remain until dry dirt becomes scarce, which is always possible in winter. Coal ashes may be added during winter for many have a certain quantity then; but it is very little trouble at the present time to lay up a store of dirt. Never use wood ashes, for should the fowls get wet the caustic properties of the ashes will irritate and perhaps injure them.

To Keep out Tuberculosis.

In keeping the herd of dairy cows free from tuberculosis a few general rules at least should be observed. First, know that the herd is free from disease. Then do not bring a new cow into the herd unless she has been first tested by tuberculin. If milk is taken to a creamery and skim-milk brought back, do not permit it to be used till it has been pasteurized. This will not only make t safe to feed to calves, but if it is fed to pigs will also prevent the disease being spread in that direction, which means its getting a foothold on the farm. Do not under any circumstances permit strange cattle to run in the pastures or occupy the stables. Above all, do not permit a con sumptive person to take care of the cows.

-Gooseberry fool is a corruption of goose berry foule, milled or pressed goosebe Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia.

 $\mathbf{DON'T}$ TAKE RAILWAY MEDICINE "Land of Evangeline" Route

> If you are weak Puttner's

Emulsion, which is FOOD rather than medicine. It will soon build you up.

Always get Puttner's, it is the Original and Best.

SHOES

I HAVE SEVERAL PAIRS OF

Brogans, Men's B. T. Boots. Men's and Boys' Buff Bals and a few other lines of Boots and Shoes to close

FLOUR, Meal & Feed Just arrived, a large stock of

AT COST

Ogilvie's Hungarian. Hornet, Pilgrim, Delight,

and Whitecoat Flour. ALSO Tilson's Rolled Oats, Cornmeal in bbls. and bags,

Cracked Corn and Oats. Whole Corn and Cotton Seed Meal,

Feed Flour, Middlings, Bran,

LOWEST CASH PRICES

Clean Washed Wool and Eggs taken at market price. JOSEPH I. FOSTER

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SCHOOL SUPPLIES

of every description at Central Book Store B. J. ELDERKIN.

CABLE ADDRESS: Established over WALLFRUIT London.

JOHN FOX & CO. Auctioneers and Fruit Brokers. Spitalfield and Stratford Market, LONDON, G. B.

27 We are in a position to guarantee highes narket return for all jonsignments entrusted o us. Cash draft forwarded immediately oods are sold. Current prices and market re-orts forwarded with pleasure. Represented by Abram Young, Bridge town, who will give shippers any information

APPLES A SPECIALTY For Export to English Markets

N. MAYNRIGHT-MEYER & CO 6 and 7 CROSS LANE, LONDON, E. C. accept and finance consignments of APPLES HAY, BUTTER and CANNED GOODS etc.
Highest market prices with lowest charges
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JAMES R. DE WITT, WANTED! WANTED

5,000 Hides, 15,000 Pelts, For which the highest prices will be paid Spot Cash. Those having hides to sel will please bring them to the tannery.

MacKenzie, Crowe & Company EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having any legal dem against the estate of Milledge Mu farmer, late of Bridgetown, in the Count EXECUTORS' NOTICE

EDGAR BENT. NORMAN LONGLEY. Executors.

DOMINION ATLANTIC

On and after MONDAY, OCT. 16th, 1899, the Steamship and Train Service of this Railway will be as follows (Sunday ex-

Trains will Arrive at Bridgetown: 9.15 a.m Trains will Leave Bridgetown: Express for Yarmouth Express for Halifax . . . Accom. for Halifax . . .

Accom. for Halifax ... 0. 220 a.m. Accom. for Annapolis...... 4.53 p.m. Accom. for Yarmouth (Monday, Wednesday and Friday.... 9.15 a.m. Accom. for 'Kentville (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday..... 1.46 p.m. BOSTON SERVICE: S. S. "Prince George" and "Prince Arthur,"

2,400 Gross Tonnago; 7,000 Horse Power, by far the finest and fastest steamers plying out of Boston, leaves Yarmouth. N. S., Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday, immediately on arrival of the Express Trains, arriving in Boston early next morning. Returning, leaves Long Wharf, Boston, Yunday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 4.00 p. Unequalled cuisine on Dominica Atlantic Railway Steamers.

S. S. "Prince Edward," (1,420 gross tonnage, 3,200 horse power ST. JOHN and BOSTON, Direct Service. LEAVES ST. JOHN

LEAVES BOSTON

Royal Mail S.S. "Prince Rupert 1,260 Gross Tonnage; 3,000 Horse Power. ST. JOHN and DICBY. Leaves St. John, Monday, Wernesday, Thursday and Saturday. 7.00 s.m Arrives in Eighy. 10 00 s.m Leaves Digby, Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday. 12.50 p.m Arrives in St. John. 3.35 p.m

S. S. "Evangeline" makes daily trips be-tween Kingsport and Parrsboro. Buffet Parlor Cars run each way daily on Express trains between Halifax and Yar-month. Trains and Steamers are run on Easter P. GIFKINS,

Kentville, N. S.

NEWPORT NURSERY COMPANY

Newport, N. S. We desire to call the attention of Fruit Growers to the large stock of Fruit Trees of our own growing. Below are a few of the many testimonials we have received in re-gard to the stock we delivered last Spring:

CANNING, N. S., June 14th. 1899. he Newport Nursery Co., Newport, N. S. Gentlemen.—This spring we received froi you 2,000 Pear Trees. The stock was the fines we have ever seen, and we are pleased to find. Nova Scotia firm who are so competent to sup ply the growing needs of this country in the nursery line. (Signed) THE R. W. KINSMAN Co., Lt'd. R. W. KINSMAN, President.

Gentlemén.—The stock sent me was very fine. I can procure you a number of orders among my neighbors.

(Signed)

HARRY W. O'KEY.

KENTVILLE, N. S., June 14th, 1899. WILLIAM MCKITTRICK.

GRAND PRE, June 23rd, 1899. Gentlemen.—This spring I received from you 300 Apple Trees, and although I have been planting trees or a number of years, and from different nurseries, your stock was the finest I have even had. My neighbors, who have seen my trees, say they will place their orders with you for next spring. If you will send me order blanks I can secure you a large number of or ders in this section. (Signed)

W. C. Hamilton.

Although we have done well by our cus tomers this year we will be in a position to do still better next year, and have to delive

OVER 50,000 TREES of our own growing, which will be as fine stock as was ever grown on this continent and of the choicest varieties.

Warranted True to Name. Aug. 29th, 1899. tf UNION BANK OF HALIFAX Incorporated 1856.

Head Office, Halifax, N. S. CAPITAL.....\$500, 000 REST.....\$250,000

WM. ROBERTSON, Esq., President.

Savings Bank Department. Interest at the rate of 3 1-2 PER CENT. allowed on deposits of four dollars and up

allowed on wards wards.

AGENCIES.—
Kentville, N. S.—A. D. McRae, agent.
Annapolis, N. S.—E. D. Arnaud, agent.
New Glasgow, N. S.—R. C. Wright, agt.
Dartmouth, N. S.—F. O. Robertson, gent. North Sydney, C. B.—C. W. Frazee, agent, Little Glace Bay, C. B.—J. W. Ryan, agt. Barrington Passage—C. Robertson, agent Clarke's Harbor, sub. to Barrington Pas-Liverpool, N. S.—E. R. Mulhall, agent. Sherbrooke, N. S.—W. R. Montgomery

wolfville, N. S.-J. D. Leavitt, agent. Lawrencetown, N. S.-N. R. Burrows eting agent. acting agent.

CORRESPONDENTS.—
London and Westminster Bank, London,
Eng.; Merchants' Bank of Halifax, St.
John'a, Nfld.; Bank of Toronto and Branches Upper Canada; Bank of New Brunswick,
St. John, N. B; National Bank of Commerce, New York; Merchants' National
Bank, Boston.

Bills of Exchange bought and sold, and a
general banking business transacted.

N. R. BURROWS, NOTICE!

ment to
CAROLINE FORSYTH. Administratriz.
ALFRED D. BROWN, Administrator.
46m

Keep in mind that Scott's Emulsion contains the hypophosphites. These alone make it of

of the nervous system. It also contains glycerine, a most valuable, soothing and healing agent. Then there is the cod-liver oil, acknowledged by all physicians as the best remedy for poor

blood and loss in weight. These three great remedial agents blended into a creamy Emulsion, make a remarkable tissue builder. 50c, and \$1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

FALL, - - 1899

STOVES STOVES

Go to CROWE'S tinshop to get your Stoves.

Large stock and better Bargains this Fall than ever. \$28.00 "Faultless" for

\$14.00

and other Stoves accordingly.

and Wood at bottom prices, #Plumbing and Job Work promptly attended to.

R. ALLEN CROWE

You Can Buy HORSE BLANKETS, SURCINGLES, HALTERS, CURRY COMBS, BRUSHES BITS, TEAM COLLARS, LIGHT COLLARS, COLLAR PADS, LAP ROBES, WHIPS,

SLEIGH BELLS, ANKLE BOOTS, AXLE GREASE, HARNESS OIL. HARNESS SOAP, GALL CURE, CONDITION POWDER.

FRIARS' BALSAM, and everything to make your Horse shir ALSO Flour, Meal, Feed, Groceries and

Confectionery so chean that it will make you laugh Because he gives no credit, it will pay you to get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

ALL GOODS FIRST-CLASS

E. YOUNG. Lawrencetown, Nov. 25th, 1898. HANDSOME

RESIDENCE FOR SALE! The Homestead of GEORGE B. MUR-

DOCH, Esq., late of Bridgetown, is now offered for sale. The aforesaid property consists of six acres of land undersa high state of cultivation, and has on it about two hundred and twenty-five upple trees, all in bearing and capable of yielding annually two hundred and fifty barrels of he bost marketable varieties, besides plum, ther outbuildings.

The property is beautifully situated on the nain street leading out of Bridgetown to Annaolis. It is about sixty rods from the railway tation, and five minutes' walk from the post

treet, adorned with beautiful strubbery a rnamental shade trees, and is capable of bei livided into several building lots if desired. For price and further particulars apply to ALVENIA MURDOCH Executrices. BESSIE B. MURDOCH.

CARRIAGE SHOP -AND-REPAIR ROOMS.

PALFREY'S

Corner Queen and Water Sts. THE subscriber is prepared to furnish the public with all kinds of Carriages and Buggies, Sleighs and Pungs, that may be suggies, Sieigns and Fungs, that may esired. Best of Stock used in all classes of work. Painting, Repairing and Vanishing execu n a first-class manner.

- ARTHUR PALFREY. Bridgetown, Oct. 22nd, 1890, World Cabe Eastaling ARCHIBALOS PAIN BALSAM. but the best hot medicine for COUGHS. COLDS. CRAMPS

CHILLS. CHOLERA, COLIC.

BEEN USED OVER

THIRTY YEARS

OYSTER and LUNCH COUNTER

STER STEWS AND LUNCHES

SERVED AT ALL HOURS. Oysters sold by the peck or half peck, or call shell. BREAD, CAKES and BISCUIT fresh from T. J. EAGLESON, FOR SALE OR TO LET

GEORGE I. BALCOM. Paradise West, Annapolis County. April 5th, 1899.

MOTICE C. H. EASSON, The Bousehold.

-Very palatable croquettes are made by mixing different meats—a bit of knowledg to be treasured by the economical housewife great value for all affections A pound of cold roast vest to three our each of boiled ham and boiled tongue forms a most desirable mixture, The meat should all be minced and seasoned, then put into a saucepan with a tablespoonful each of cream and soup stock and allowed to simmer for twenty minutes, after which it is turned out on a platter and formed into croquettes withut the use of crumbs except as a coating Cold roast beef and cold chicken mixed make the daintiest of croquettes, and many beef to advantage, but great care should be

with game it is different; if not properly easoned, it is ruined. When the croquettes are made into pyrabeaten egg, then quickly coated with bread crumbe, and baked in a hot oven for half an hour. Be careful, when removing them from diguity leaked out at my heels. the baking tin to the platter, that you do not break them. A knife with a wide blade

should be used for the purpose.

Croquettes may be served plain or with an appropriate sauce, as preferred. Stewed omatoes make a palatable sauce for nearly every variety of meat crequettes. Horse radish sauce is also liked, but perhaps a

suit most tastes : Put a heaping tablespoonful of butter into a saucepan and stir into it one tablespoonful of flour. When no lumps remain, add slowly one cupful of soup stock, then salt, pepper, Worcestershire sauce, onion juice nd mushroom catsup to taste, and when it boils, pour it around the crequettes, but not

How to Treat Croup. There is probably no sickness that a mothe

eads for her children so much as an attack of croup. If a child has a croupy cough at night, apply a cold compress when putting it to bed. To do this, wet a small towel or napkin in cold water, squeezing it out enough to prevent dripping, and wrap it at one about this child's throat. Cover it well with a piece of flannel, folded several times, and fasten securely with a safety pin. This will often prevent a hoarse cough from de veloping into croup, give it at once a dose o syrup of ipecac. A bottle of this should al ways be kept in the house when there ar children to be croupy. The directions or the bottle will tell the dose to give to child ren of various ages, and the time to elaps tween the doses. Wrap the child at one in a woollen blanket, and put its feet into water as hot as it can bear. Put hot com presses around the throat, changing the rapidly, so that they will not grow cool, and having a hot one to put on the instant the other is removed. Keep administering its, as this is what is necessary to remove the mucus from the throat. If the breathing becomes easier and the cough looser, you may know that you are conquering. cases will yield to this treatment. If, how ever, the cough becomes tighter and the breathing more labored lose no time in sending for a doctor. After the treatment just lescribed the greatest care must be exercisel for several days to keep the child from all draughts, or a second attack may result.

-No child can be expected to thrive an impossible roses and leaves: I viciously possess that buoyancy of spirit so truly sential to youth unless it has the compan onship of others of its own age. We invari ably find that the girl who is brought u alone, who has been forbidden to play with other children, is narrow minded, suspiciou of others, and altogether a decidedly disagreeable little person to meet. Compan onship rubs the angles off the juvenile mind, each child finds its own level and the quar rels (so deeply deplored by their elders) al serve to fit them for the battle of life. Children, like ourselves, must inter hange thoughts and opinions with others and to see a little boy or girl playing alon

ing the class of companions with who their children play. A little unsuspected supervision will soon enable you to discover the right sort and to weed out the un desirable ones.

and in silence is to me a dreary sight. A

the same time a large amount of discretion

is required on the part of the parents regard

Bathing, Exercise and Breathing The morning bath should not be a lengthy affair in a tubful of water. Such baths are mporarily enervating, tending to loss of flesh, and should be taken only when the bather has ample opportunity to recover from them. The morning bath should be taken standing in a few inches of water, and should

be followed by a shower, and a vigorous rub bing with rough towels. Narrow shoulders depend upon either small chest or short collar bone, or upon both. They may be improved by exercises, ore especially such as employ the arm and shoulders—namely, rowing, gymnastics, Indian clubs, etc. High shoulders often depend upon some habitual difficulty in breathing which demands medical attendance. In ost all cases high shoulders will assume a better position if the girl or woman patient will cultivate her breathing by suitable exercises, and if she will in addition learn to the old lady, whether it was the mention of carry her head properly, firmly and freely.

Household Hints. A hair mattress is better than a feather Tooth brushes should be washed in strong

salt and water. and clean off the rolls of the wringer before putting it away. Never wash a baby's clothes with soda, as this is a source of chafing and irritation to the delicate skin.

Damp heat is much more injurious to ani-

mal and vegetable matter than a dry atmos-

A two pound jar of lime should be placed in pantry or larder; this absorbs the air and op a little salt and water in a vial and direct keeps it dry and swset.

If the taste of scalded milk is disliked,

it is covered with a muslin which has been wrung out in vinegar. This should be renewed every day. Don't Put a Bird in the Window.

"Never put a bird in the window," said a "I rarely go into the street in summer, or even on a mild day in winter, that I do not see unfortunate canaries hung in the win-dows. Even if the sun is not broiling the blowing all the time over the delicate body. People have been told a thousand times that they must not put a bird in the draft, yet how few remember that there is always a draft in an open window.

-Many of the new autumn shirt waists of cream white albatross, ladies' cloth, and threw it through the deadlight. The camel's hair or other dainty wool are made man had a heavy black beard, but the up after the simple yoked and plaited styles of the summer cottons, but at the throat and waist is an added collar and girdle of deep He couldn't be cared. He knew too much. wine colored dahlia, violet, green, brown o black silk velvet.

Noker's Carner.

My Masterly Method.

grandson to her grandmama; but I had not then seen the old lady. When she opened the door and spoke those three words, I was

"My name is Brown," I ventured in

"That is not of the least varieties of game may be used with cold beef to advantage, but great care should be taken with the seasoning. Almost any condiment will go well with the beef, but soul; I shivered and said, "Yes, madam." "Just step this way."

I stepped, and meantime in a sort of anxious fascination watched her back, which was what one might call a speaking back, In a rear door she passed and majestically pointed to the yard, where an immense

mcquette was spread upon the grass plot. A couple of old broomsticks lay ready beside The labors of Hercules recurred to me, and Argonautic expeditions, trips to darker Africa and colder Pole; but nowhere in my sauce made after the following recipe will brain could I conjure any memory of a fel-suit most tastes: to finish the adventure as became my name.

"You will allow me," in a firm business anner, "to take off my coat." She sniffed and grew sterner eyeing it. 'That is a sensible gray," she said, "but the material is much to fine for one in your

"It was a Christmas present, madam," handling it tenderly, "from my-my grand-"You would better prove your affection

by keeping it for Sundays."
"Yes, madam," and then I hurried to the oomsticks, for her glance was turned on my shirt, and what to say about fine lir I didn't know. An August coaching party is nowhere be

side the dust and heat of carpet beating. I grit my teeth and went at it. "Yes, madam." "Don't punch." " No, madam.'

'And shake well."

"Yes, madam." "I am going out " 'Yes, madam. "But my granddaughter will settle with She should; from the beginning I had so

I was shaking violently a corner of the

carpet much as a dog might worry an ele-

phant's hide if he had it by the tail, when a window, and I looked into the eyes of Marie. At the sparkle of them somewher within me wrath sprouted. "She took you for the man from Simpson's the man who does the chores," ripples of

laughter; "she gave me a quarter for you. She-ch, dear me-she told me to keep an eye on you!" peals of laughter. I wished to marry Marie; certainly I had seen people with more sense. The very carpet was grinning at me, great bunches o

punched them. But the laughter presently stopped. 'Grandma is very nearsighted," said Marie softly, "but even she could see that you are distinguished looking." To this day I believe that was a fib; the old lady never said anything of the kind;

but Marie looked distractingly pretty while she told it. "Are you really going to finish?" she asked, when I beat on. "Certainly." "What then?" " My pay."

"Oh, yes, the quarter."

" Young man."

"No, not the quarter." "Grandmama will not pay," saucily shaking her bright head, "more than a quarter."
"Some one shall. I seldom beat carpets, but when I do I charge." "Oh," demurely.

"Yes, madam." "Stop that nonsense and come here." She stalked ahead of me, talking as she "Of course. Marie has mentioned you, bu the name is so common that I did not notice : and I was expecting a man from Simpson's. Down the street your shirt set me thinking."

"I was uneasy," I meekly said, "about

She wheeled on me in the middle of her

Here an interruption made me jump.

parlor, and I caught a twinkle in the steel "You wanted to see me?" she said. Marie came in, bringing my coat. A blo of anxiety in her face steadied me. I even chuckled as I got into the forgotten garment, "My bill," I began, "is"-but with a half-smile on her grim lins madam inte

"That is of no consequence; the questi And I could never decide what so melted my small per annum, or the masterly method

of my work .- Buffalo Evening News. No Cure for Him.

"I'm convinced that seasickness is largely a matter of imagination," said the captain alt and water.

Put a little household ammonia on a rag of a steamship in the Central American trade. Strong minded, determined people are very rarely affected, but those who believe in adance that they are going to be ill are never disappointed. Years ago, before I got my present birth, I had a billet on the Ocean Steamship Line going out of Savannah, and our steward enjoyed a great reputation for his wonderful cures of seasickness. His scheme, which he confided to me, was to mix keeps it dry and sws-t.

If the taste of scalded milk is disliked, stir in a pinch of bigarbonate of soda when quite fresh.

Meat may be kent sweet for many data if will disappear.' In nine cases out of ten the treatment worked to a charm, and he raked in numerous fat tips.

Port Cortez was a gentleman who had a sprained ankle and who went directly to his cabin without my seeing him. The first day out he got deathly seasick, and I concluded treatment. I mixed up the dose and found my patient lying in his berth groaning, with his face to the wall. 'I have a certain cure for your trouble,' said I, giving him the usual drug, and after you take four teaspoonfuls you may rest assured that your nausea will instantly vanish.' . He turned as if he had been shot and placed at me like a maniae 'Good Lord!' he groaned, 'it's the same old gag!' and with that he grabbed the bottle man had a heavy black beard, but the moment I heard his voice I recognized him

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.