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	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
East	7.30	7.45	7.25	9.40
Railway	7.45	8.00	7.55	7.40
West	7.30	3.35	12.40 p.m.	8.00
W	7.00	4.30	10.10	8.10
	7.00	4.30	10.55	8.50
	7.00	3.35	12.30 p.m.	8.50
	7.00	3.00	12.35 p.m.	8.50
	a.m.	p.m	a.m.	p.m.
		noon	8.35	2.00
		2.00		7.50
	6.30	4.00	10 45	8.30
		9.30		
	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
	6.30	12.00	a.35	5.45
		4.00	12.35 pm	10.50
		9.30		
Western States	6.30	12 noon	8.35	5.45
		9.30		8.30

ish mails close on Mondays and
days at 9.30 p.m., and on Thurs-
at 7.15 p.m. Supplementary mails on
ys and Thursdays close occasionally
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SIXTEENTH YEAR

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BOWELL AND TUPPER.

Opening of the Young Conservative Club Rooms,

SHORT ADDRESS BY THE PREMIER.

The Minister of Justice and Manitoba Schools.

Sir Charles Replies to Mr. Laurier, Has Some Fun With Sir Richard Cartwright, and in An Address of Nearly Two Hours Explains the Policy of the Conservative Party—Addresses By Hon. Messrs. J. C. Patterson, Clarke Wallace and J. F. Wood.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, Minister of Justice, last night formally opened the new rooms of the Toronto Young Men's Liberal-Conservative Club in Melinda-street. Wit hnhim were the Premier, Hon. N. C. Wallace, Hon. J. C. Patterson and Hon. John F. Wood. Although admission to the club was by ticket, the available space was altogether inadequate to accommodate those who were desirous of hearing the Ministers. The Premier explained that the state of his throat prevented his making a speech on the political situation, but in leaving the task to Sir Charles Tupper he felt that he was leaving it in good hands. Sir Charles made an excellent fighting speech, replying effectually to the arguments of Mr. Laurier and Sir Richard Cartwright. In regard to the Manitoba school question, he stated that until the Government had thoroughly considered the decisions of the Privy Council they would maintain strict silence on the subject, and whilst the task which had been placed before them was an extremely difficult onethey would meet it without flinching.

The president, W. B. Nevsome, occupied the chair, and wmongst those present on the platform were: Senator Boulter, G. F. Marter, M.L.A.; A. W. Ross, M.P.; E. Coatsworth, M.P.; W. F. Maclean, M.P.; Col. Denison, M.P.; O. A. Howland, M.L.A.; Dr. Ryerson, M.L.A.; ex-Mayor Clarke, Ald. Shaw, McMurrich, Scott, Hubbard and Davies, ex-Ald. Crawford, Senator Mackenzie, and Barlow Cumberland.

Letters were received from the following gentlemen, regretting their inability to be present: Hon. John Haggart, Senator O'Donoghue, Hn. Dr. Moontague, Hon. J. E. Foster, Hon. J A. Ouimet, Sir A. P. Caron, Hon. W. B. Ives, Hon. Peter White, W. H. Beatty, Col. Tyrwhitt, M.P., N. F. Davin, M.P., Hon. John B. Robinson and dotners.

Sir. Haggart stated that he should be pleased to make an engagement to speak in Toronto a week hence.

President Newsome, in opening the proceedings, expressed the regret of the club that they had not a larger room for this occasion. They had tried toget the Massey Hall, but it was not available. If Mr. Laurier could fill that hall he was sure the Conservative Ministers could fill Massey Hall, the Pavilion and the Auditorium all together. (Applause.) He referred in graceful terms to the less sustained by the party through the death of Sir John Thompson. Despite this great loss, however, they were not afraid of the party going to pieces, as their opponents predicted. Men might go, but the party platform, principles and methods remained. (Applause.)

The Premier's Address.

Sir Mackenzi eBowell was loudly cheered when he stood up to address the meeting. He feared, he said, to make a long speech until his throat became better, but he hoped that it would be sufficiently recovered by the time they had a mass meeting at Massey Hall, when he might contribute his mite to the political literature of the day. (Applause.)

The last time he appeared upon a platform in this city he was in the company of his latefriend Sir John Thompson. He was then introduced to the audience by Sir John as one of the youths of his Cabinet. (Laughter.) He would have the pleasur eon this occasion of introducing to them one of the oldest members of his Cabinet, the Hon. Sir Charels Tupper who would address them on the political issue of the day. (Applause) Continuing the Premier said he had a firm belief in the greatness of this Canada, and the futur evith all its possibilities.

A Word to the Young Men.

The whole country depended upon those who were now rising into manhood. There were those who would lead them into aline of political action, which would destroy the autonomy of the whole of this continent, and lead them into the arms of those for whomt hey certainly had no respect whatever, and whose interests hey certainly held at a less value than they did the interests which governed them to-day. When they looked at the progress of this country for the lasst fifty years, and the history of the country for the last seventeen years of Conservative rule, he thought they had no cause to regret the fact that they were followers of the Conservative party, and that they were following in the footsteps of that greta leader of Conservatism, the late Sir John Macdonald. (Loud applause.)

The Minister of Justice.

Sir Charles H. Tupper was then called upon by the chairman to formally open the new rooms of the club. On rising Sir Charles received a perfect ovation, the audience standing and singing "For he's a jolly good fellow."

At the outset he said it was not necessary for him to ask, as the silver-tongued orator had to ask, whether this was Toronto—(laughter)— the cordiality of their welcome, much to his delight, reminded him that this was Toronto, for in no part of Canada had he ever received a warmer or more cordial greeting than in Toronto, and it was with the very greatest pleasure that he declared open the new rooms of the Young Liberal-Conservative Association.

Whatever had been the faults of the Liberal-Conservative party it had since 1867 never been a small party, it had never been a narrow party, it had never been a provincial party, it had above all things been a Canadian party. (Applause.) Referring to the Liberal mass meeting in Massey Hall, they had, he said, the satisfaction of knowing that the loudest cheers and the grandest enthusiasm that prevailed at that meeting were when the Liberal leader signed his name and made declaration of his loyalty to Canadian principles and declared above all things that he was a Canadian.

A Canadian Policy.

The Conservative party had had to fight these gentlemen and to drum into them these principles, and whether they stood or fell in the coming election, whether they had the sympathy of the majority of their countrymen, or whether they stood in the minority, they had the honor of knowing that the biggest part of the fight and the greatest part of the struggle had been crowned with triumph, that they were to meet their opponents in the political field on questions that were Canadian, and that the elector, as he walked to the poll, whether he voted for a Liberal or for a Conservative, knew that he voted for a Canadian and for a Canadian policy. (Applause.)

The Liberals had been long in learning but they had at last learned something and whether they had learned their lesson correctly now or not, they were on the high road to-day. (Applause.) Whether they were making mistakes or whether they were not making mistakes, they were at least professing to be Canadians and professing a Canadian policy.

A Word For the Premier.

In a few graceful words the speaker paid a high tribute to the ability of Sir Mackenzie Bowell. There was, he said, a source of gratification and encouragement for Canadians as well as Conservatives in the life of the present Premier of the Dominion. He was above all things a self-made man; his hopes and his character were formed in this country of ours, and all his efforts and his industry and his indefatigability had met with deserved honors at the hands and with the approval of his fellow-countrymen. He represented perhaps more than any other man in the Parliament of Canada, the principles of protection, and when a man said that he believed in the members of the Government presided over by Sir Mackenzie Bowell he at that moment subscribed to the doctrine of the National Policy. (Applause.)

"There is talk about the general election," continued Sir Charles. "I have heard something about it in the last three weeks. (Laughter.) The leader of the Liberals has been in this city, and he says: 'Who's afraid, bring on your election at once.' A month or so ago what were they saying when they thought it possible to influence His Excellency the Governor-General, and to convince him that the most awful violation of his duty would consist in allowing the people of Canada to turn the Conservative Government out? (Laughter.) They read a lecture to him that he had no right to dissolve the Parliament of Canada. But now these gentlemen, and I don't blame them very much for thinking that an election is near at hand, say, 'We are ready; when is the man that drags Billy Bowell down?' (Laughter.) This is courage born of desperation." (Applause.)

Boastings of the Opposition.

There were other boastings of the Opposition to which he wished to direct their attention. They had talked about the Conservative party being broken to pieces, having lost its leaders. "Has Mr. Laurier no memory?" asked the speaker. "Has he no recognition of patent facts? Does he not know that this party in Canada, when it had to sustain the great loss of the death of Sir John Macdonald, presented the most strenuous front that a political party was ever able to present; that we showed to front that commanded not only the admiration of Canadians, but gave a magnificent picture to every politician the wide world over?"

Reciprocity Inconsistent With Free Trade

The Conservative policy, went on Sir Charles, was the only one now advocated in Canada in which reciprocity treaties could logically be argued or were possible of attainment. (Applause.) If their opponents were sincere in their advocacy of free trade, they were prepared to arrange a reciprocity treaty than Lord Salisbury or Lord Rosebery to-day in England. Reciprocity treaties were absolutely inconsistent with free trade. (Applause.)

Turning to Sir Richard Cartwright, the Minister was quite humorous. He had, he said, a certain amount of sympathy for that gentleman. It was, he said, a shame to see them humbling him out of the party and hunting him from the constituency that was prepared for him. To what a depth had he fallen! The only man he could get to go with him to South Oxford was Mr. John Charlton, a man in regard to whom Sir Richard would at one time have exclaimed, "Save me from my friends." (Laughter.)

Mr. Laurier and Sir Adolphe

Mr. Laurier had pointed to a certain matter in connection with the Canadian Government that he could not allow to pass. He wished to say that if the statements of that gentleman in regard to Sir Adolphe Caron were true, if they were founded upon fact, he would not ask a single Liberal-Conservative in the city of Toronto or elsewhere to support a Government of which Sir Adolphe was a member. He branded all these statements as calumnious falsehoods. Other charges utterly foundationless, yet of a most atrocious character, had been made.

The leader of the Opposition had endeavored to prove that the condition of the country had been anything but successful under Conservative government, and he had stated that Mr. Foster was juggling with figures. He forgot what Sir Oliver Mowat and other Liberal leaders had over and over again vigorously maintained—the position that Canada was a progressive country, and were going through the province shouting that Canada was at last a country.

Got Them Out of the Yankee School.

Mr. Laurier and his colleagues might talk about being Liberals of the English school, but it was the Conservative party that got them out of the Yankee school. (Applause.)

Mr. Laurier had said that he was following Peel's policy. In the first place, he never knew that Peel was a Liberal. (Laughter.) Neither Mr. Laurier nor any Reformer in Canada would advocate in this country what Peel had done in England. However, Peel had the courage of his convictions. When he reduced the tariff in the radical manner in which he did, when he repealed the corn laws, when he reduced the protective duties, he said there was only one consequence—he must impose direct taxation. There must be a corresponding income tax.

Mr. Laurier and Peel.

Sir Charles thought they would hear some time from Mr. Laurier that he was a Liberal of the Peel school before the introduction into Canada of the income tax from federal sources. One of the first things Peel also did was to impose a tax on raw materials, and yet Mr. Laurier promised to make the raw materials free, declining to specify what raw materials. He likewise omitted to say how he would get the revenue necessary to carry on th egovernment of this country. These things were not generally indulged in by a warbler of the style of Mr. Laurier; these were for business men, not for a warbler or a wabbler on trade questions. (Applause.)

The Manitoba School Question.

"There is one other subject upon which I wish to say a few words," said Sir Charles. "I refer to the Manitoba school question. Sometimes it suits little men of little minds to call names, and some people pretend that the Government of this country, whatever the country may be, is a Government that does not know their own minds. I want you to remember, amid all the taunts that may arise, I want you to remember that this Government have resolved and intend to maintain this resolution, that when the constitution imposes upon them a judicial duty, they will sink the politician in the judge, they will neither for the purpose of currying favor, nor obtaini g votes forget that while they occupy that position it would be most indecent for them to endeavour to ascertain the public mind or to discuss the question from a political platform; and while some were induced, in this young nation of ours, to resort to a most injurious course, either on one side or the other, and advocate extraordinary views —ultra Protestant views if you like on the one side, ultra Catholic views on the other—and to talk about the effect of these various features in this province or in another—you know as well as I do, to the credit of the Conservative party be it said that whether we lost support or whether we gained, we stuck straight to our duty, and if you like we remained dumb, but we counted the cost.

Will Be Discussed in Order and in Decency

We must come before our electorate, we must come before the people of this country ultimately, not only for the discharge of judicial functions, but of every political function, and we know that as well as you, but we propose in all these troublesome and difficult questions to rely upon you, and relying upon you to proceed to the consideration of them in due order and in decency. It is an extraordinary reflection upon the Liberal party to-day, that while we are indicted for resorting to the courts we are resorting to the courts under the machinery laid down by Mr. Edward Blake, when leader of the Liberal party and machinery, unanimously adopted by the House of Commons for solving these very questions. (Applause.)

"I say tro you in all sincerity that when these questions come up—whether either religion and religious questions or race questions—I hope to God, as a young Canadian, we may use the courts for all they are worth. We know how hard political feeling is, we know, too, what respect there is for the judicial tribunals of this country and the judicial tribunals of the empire and if we can solve any part of any question by a judicial decision, then I, at any cost, am ready to go in for that solution above a political or a party solution.

Mr. Laurier's Profession and Practices.

It would be well for Mr. Laurier to follow the principle that he lays down in one part of his speech at Massey Hall and that is endeavor to keep this question out of the political arena. If he is sincere in that statement, why does he wish to taunt us when we simply performed our duty in a decent manner.

As soon as the decisions of the Privy Council is on th side of the Atlantic the Government will proceed to treat them its calm and deliberate consideration, and when that consideration is given we must be tried at the bar of public opinion. We are not in the slightest degree flinching from our duty, in spite of all taunts, in spite of all jibes, in spite of political considerations, we will maintain adamantine silence until the time to speak has come, and when that time ha scome I believe you will find the Conservative leaders ready to stand by the constitution and by what it teaches, and are willing to respectfully abide by the verdict of the people."

When Sir Charles resumed his seat the cheering was loud and prolonged. The speech occupied one hour and forty minutes.

Short speeches were then delivered by Hon. N. Clarke Wallace, Hon. J. C. Patterson and Hon. J. F. Wood.

Osgoode Ball.

Full dress shirt protectors, $1 and $1.50. These are indispensable articles to the well-dressed man—particularly during this cold snap.

Remember, we repeat our great neckwear sale on Saturday next for the last time this season. Positively one day only—any scarf half price. Sword, 55 King-street east, opposite Toronto-street.

Ramsden & Lloyd, caterers, 345 Yonge-st

To correct every phase of indigestion and build up the system use Adams' Tutti Frutti. Don't take imitations.

Salada Ceylon Tea is delicious.

Quinn Wants to Clear His Underwear.

A big discount off all winter underwear and half hose. Odd garments of natural wool at less than cost of production in England. Our ordered shirt department is busier now than it has been in years. We shrink every flannel shirt that we make, and our white shirt customers tell us that we have a faculty for giving ease to the neck that other makers do not possess.

Ask your grocer for Salada Ceylon Tea.

A Woodville Hotel Burned.

Woodville, Ont., Feb. 7.—The Eldon House, with all its contents, was burned this morning.

The occupants barely escaped with their lives. Loss, $6000; insurance, $2000.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is delicious.

Arlington Hotel.

This elegant, comfortable hotel offers every inducement to those desiring permanent winter accommodations.

Turkish baths, day and night, 204 King w

Very Old Whiskies for Medicinal Purposes

We have some very old whiskies, matured in sherry casks, for medicinal purposes, 6 years old $3 per gall., 10 years old $3.50 per gall. Wm Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

Turkish baths, open all night, phone 1286.

ROUSING HIM.

POLICEMAN TUPPER: Move on here!

GEN. BOOTH'S VISIT.

Enthusiastic Reception In Massey Hall Last Night.

STORY OF HIS LIFE AND WORK.

Many Addresses of Welcome Presented to Him.

The Lieutenant-Governor Presides at the First Big Meeting—Generous Tributes By His Honor, Ald. Shaw, W. F. Maclean, M.P., and Rev. Dr. Potts—All Temperance People Sang His Praises—The General Graphically Describes His Mission.

The long-promised visit of General Booth, founder of the Salvation Army, after an absence of eight years, was celebrated last night in Massey Music Hall by a great demonstration. The word great refers to the enthusiasm of his followers and the cordiality of his welcome by all classes of citizens not connected with the army. A mistake had been made in charging admission fees of 25 cents and 10 cents, the result being that the vast hall was little more than half filled.

Addresses of welcome were given on behalf of the province, the city and the various temperance organizations. A notable feature of the meeting was the absence of most of the members of the Ministerial Association.

William Booth's Life Story.

The General was born April 10, 1829, in Nottingham, England. At the age of 15 years he was converted in a Wesleyan Methodist Chapel. In 1849 he removed to London. It was while preaching at Clapham he met Catherine Mumford, whom he married, and whose life-work is so well-known in "Memoriales of Mrs. Booth."

When he left, William Booth commenced his ministry amongst the Methodist Reformers he had a salary of £1 (five dollars) a week. For several years he was a noted revivalist, as traveling minister in that body. The Reformers became merged in the Methodist New Connexion, and it was through the refusal of their conference to reappoint him to his favorite post that he severed his connection with that denomination in 1861.

Mr. Booth then became, as it were, a free evangelistic lance, and in company with Mrs. Booth he toured Great Britain, and both were eminently successful.

The Birth of the Army.

This took place in 1865. In a Quaker burial ground in Whitechapel, London, Mr. Booth held his first east end service. Here the seed was sown which has borne such an abundant harvest.

To use his own words, "Among the vagabonds and outcasts who swarm in East London he had found the lowest level of the social strata, and had driven his pickaxe into the granite block which was to form the basis of the Salvation Army New Jerusalem."

He claims that the Salvation Army is "God's nineteenth century miracle."

A Great Reception.

Massey Hall was decorated with national flags, and suspended from the front of the upper gallery was a life-size portrait of General Booth.

On the platform were His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario, Capt. Kirkpatrick, Rev. Dr. Potts, Rev. Dr. Withrow, Dr. Maclaren, Commissioner Coatsworth, W. F. Maclean, M.P., Ald. Shaw, G. R. Sweetnam, J. S. Robertson, Inspector Archabold, several ministers and all the officers of the Salvation Army in the city and adjacent towns.

There was a great "volley" on the entrance of the General. The opening hymn was the popular one, "Jesus, the Name High Over All." Col. Lawley of England offered a prayer suggestive of "The Sons of Thunder."

The Lieutenant-Governor's Speech.

His Honor said the citizens were assembled to give greeting to a very distinguished man, one whose name is a household word everywhere, General Booth. Then the Lieutenant-Governor praised the zeal and fidelity of the General and his lamented wife amongst the darkest slums in the world's metropolis, which had won the admiration of his fellow-men. A tribute was paid to the General's genius and administrative ability, his broad philanthropy, and His Honor referred to the remarkable spread of the Army's work all over the world.

One of General Booth's chief claims to distinction, and one for which his name will long be remembered, is that he is the author of Darkest England, and the originator of the schemes outlined in that book for the upraising of the submerged tenth. (Cheers.) His work as a philanthropist was noble. He not only labored to elevate the fallen, feed the hungry, reform the criminal, but to keep them when lifted up. As he says himself, it is to no use preaching to men with empty stomachs. (Cheers.)

On all these considerations General Booth is one of the most distinguished men of the present age, and he receives, as he deserves, the heartiest welcome from the people of Canada and the citizens of Toronto.

The Voice of Calumny.

Any man who thinks that General Booth occupies a place of ease is very much mistaken. It was to be expected that such a man would not escape aspersions. Of General Booth, it is true, "though thou wert as chaste as ice and pure as snow, thou shalt not escape calumny." Preachers, writers, scientists have spoken and written unfounded statements about him; but he has come out of the ordeal unscathed.

In support of this statement His Honor cited Archdeacon Farrar, and added that the result of an examination of the General's books by a committee had not disclosed one shilling misappropriated. (Cheers.)

The Civic Welcome.

Ald. Shaw, in the absence of Mayor Kennedy through illness, gave the civic welcome. The worthy alderman spoke nobly of the work of the Salvation Army in Toronto in its mitigation of degradation, misery and suffering. Said he: "I know of many homes in this city that have been made cleaner, purer and brighter through the Army. May God bless them for what they have done in this city and elsewhere."

The General's Speech.

The General received a great ovation on rising to reply to the kindly and cordial greeting. He said he felt humbled in the dust in view of the many eulogies he was receiving wherever he visited. He was simply in his work fulfilling his consecration vows. "I have said 'amen' to the prayers that my days may be lengthened in order that I may prove worthy of these encomiums."

Then the General launched into a "statement" of the desperate enterprise in which he is engaged. He made reference to the story of his life in hopes that some young men might be led to go and do likewise.

The Salvation Army, said he, has the highest elements of encouragement for all who wish to work for God. It is respected by friends and also by foes, for those who like us not cannot but respect our remarkable results. (Cheers.) There are rumblings underground in modern society, and the likelihood of some sudden outbreak. In such an outbreak the Salvation Army would be a great ally to all the forces of order. In proof thereof he referred to Belgium, where, carrying the Army flag, are those who had carried the red flag of revolution.

The Salvation Army should, he proceeded to show, be of great interest to humanitarians. How it uplifts and ennobles and purifies he showed. Then he spoke of the feeble origin and puny instrumentalities of the Army 29 years ago. Its progress was calculated to inspire with hope all workers for the good of man. (Cheers.) Thousands of drunkards have been made sober, harlots reclaimed, criminals made honest and the Kingdom of Heaven set up in the darkest places of our great cities.

I can hardly understand, he continued, the religion of a man who will not rejoice in such social reform.

Give Us Time.

In reply to some objections against the Army, the General said, "I say to the Methodists have patience with us; perhaps when we have 160 years old we shall be as clever as you are. (Laughter.) To the Presbyterians I say, wait till we are 400 years old, and you will see what you will see. To Episcopalians and other bodies I say, don't you expect old heads upon young shoulders. The Salvation Army is only a child—a big bouncing boy, full of life and energy. (Cheers.) It never had more life and 'go,' and power than tonight. (A big volley.) "Her passage lies across the brink of many a yawning grave."

At this juncture the General paid a noble and pathetic tribute to the work of his sainted wife.

He told the story of his conversion. Then I began to preach. I became a minister, and that almost finished me off. (Roars of laughter.) But I survived and revived. He denied having ever said a word against any church, or sought to injure any other organization. No action of mine was ever intended to damage any man who was struging in the cause of my Master.

The Best Belied Man On Earth.

Very few men, continued the General, have been more reviled than I have. I have been the best belied man on the face of the earth. A great many people sneer at my being a pope, but they would all like to be popes themselves. (Laughter.)

Next came a blood-curdling realistic picture of London slums. A voice came to me, "Here is your parish—your life work." And so it is and shall be. (Volleys of cheers.)

To show the progress made, he stated that 20,000 hungry ones are being fed in London alone. (Cheers.) This is a wonderfully convincing argument to those who eat and are sheltered, though it may not be convincing to doctors of divinity.

We can get money out of the poor. It is hard to get money out of the rich. (Cheers.) And the reason the poor give us money is because so many of them have found that Jesus Christ is a panacea for all the ills that flesh is heir to. Such people do not want to hear Dr. Flowerpot; they want something to eat. They say to us, tell us something that will make us forget our gnawing miseries.

My idea in the formation of the Army was to form a band of dare-devil people—a band of guerillas formed of desperate sinners.

In concluding his vigorous address, which had been enlivened with many flashes of wit, the General gave a hasty review of the fields occupied. They are still proscribed in Russia. The Army's progress in India reads like a romance.

As To Canada.

The General said, "In Canada we have more than one-third more officers, members and buildings than when I was here eight years ago. We have had great difficulties, but we have got all round the corner. ("Praise the Lord.") We have had difficulties in Canada such as we have not encountered in any other part of the world. The Salvation Army is more consolidated and more likely to succeed in Canada than in any other part of the world. (Cheers.)

of the world." (Cheers.)

The Army flag flies in 45 different countries and colonies. There are 4000 corps, 2500 of which are self-supporting. They are led forward by 11,000 officers. The War Cry is published in 15 different languages, and its circulation is one million a week. God has done the work; to Him be the glory! (Loud cheering.)

A Methodist Eulogy.

Rev. Dr. Potts said: When the religious history of the 19th century shall be written, the Salvation Army cannot be ignored. The name of General Booth shall stand on an equal platform with Martin Luther, John Knox and John Wesley. (Cheers.) The greatest temperance organization of God's footstool is the Salvation Army. (Renewed cheers.) The greatest social force in the world to-day is the Salvation Army.

From the Temperance Organizations.

Dr. Maclaren presented this address, which recognized the wisdom and efficiency of the principles and methods upon which the Army acts in regard to temperance. The address was signed by John

Continued on third page.

A TRIUMPHAL ENTRY.

Governor Kirkpatrick welcomes General Booth to Toronto the Good.

EMBARRASSING.

MONS. LAURIER, desirous of making a good impression: No, Mademoiselle Canada, believe me the Party is unitedly and truly British now, sing God Save the Queen regularly before and after meals, and the United States is never mentioned in the house, and ——

THE PARROT, breaking in with discordant laughter: Oh! come off—whater you giving us—continent to which we belong—Commercial Union—give us a Free Hand—give us a ——

LIBERALS FIX THE DATE.

A MONTREAL MAN TELLS WHEN THE ELECTION WILL BE.

His Guess is April 19, But the Ottawa Authorities Have Not Been Consulted—No Conclusion Has Yet Been Reached—Messrs. Haggart, Montague and Daly At Peterboro.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 7.—Having become tired of prevailing uncertainty with regard to a session or dissolution, an enterprising newspaper man in Montreal has gone so far as to decide the matter for the Government and telegraphs to the Ottawa and Toronto papers that a decision has been reached, and that a dissolution will take place, nomination being fixed for April 12, and polling a week later. If the inventor had chosen April 1 he would have been just as much in mark. Your correspondent is in a position to state positively that no conclusion has been reached, nor will a definite announcement be forthcoming until all the Ministers have returned to Ottawa.

N. Davin, M.P., is urging that a grant of seed grain be made settlers in Moosejaw and Regina districts. It is questionable whether the request will be granted, as the impression is general that the settlers in the Northwest have done very well in this respect in the past, and that it is about time to call a halt.

Sir A. P. Caron and Mr. Foster returned from the Eastern Townships to-day. A deputation of Indians from Maniwaki was here to-day on business with the department in connection with land and timber which they hold in the Upper Gatineau district.

Vancouver has been placed on the same footing as the principal cities of the Dominion, and a house delivery of letters by carriers has commenced.

MINISTERS IN PETERBORO.

Messrs. Haggart, Montague and Daly Address a Crowded Meeting

Peterboro, Feb. 7.—The first political meeting in this riding in connection with the forthcoming Dominion elections in the interests of the Conservative party was held this evening in the opera house, which was filled to the doors.

The Ministers, Hon. John Haggart, Hon. Dr. Montague and Hon. T. M. Daly, arrived on the 5.12 G.T.R. train, and were met at the depot by a large crowd of citizens and the officers of the East and West Ridings Conservative Associations. A procession was formed, and headed by the gand the Ministers were driven to the Oriental Hotel, where they were tendered a banquet.

The public meeting in the opera house was addressed by Hon. John Haggart, Hon. Dr. Montague and Hon. T. M. Daly, who dealt exhaustively with the leading political questions of the day.

The Ministers left for Ottawa on the midnight C.P.R. train.

SOUTH PERTH PROTEST.

The Trial Closed, But Further Argument To Be Heard

Stratford, Ont., Feb. 7.—The South Perth election trial was resumed here this afternoon before Mr. Justice Burton and Mr. Justice Osler. The bulk of the evidence was directed towards proving the agency of James Dougherty of Mitchell, who had hired a rig for election day in the interest of Mr. McNeill. Thirty witnesses were examined.

After argument by counsel the judges announced that, although the question whether Dougherty was an agent for McNeill was reserved by them for argument, the evidence had not shown corrupt practices sufficient, in their judgment, to void the election. The question of agency would only affect a small portion of the costs. They set down the 16th inst., at Osgoode Hall, to hear argument on this reserved point.

AN INMATE BURNED TO DEATH.

The Woman's Clothing Caught Fire From a Stove.

A sad accident occurred at the York Industrial Home Tuesday. An old lady by the name of Mary Lovett, one of the inmates, was standing before the fire in one of the bath rooms warming herself when her clothes caught on fire, and although every effort was made to put the fire out she was so badly burned that she died the following day, Wednesday. The coroner was sent for, but after hearing the facts of the case he decided that an inquest was unnecessary.

THE MANNERS OF TORONTO SOCIETY,

Men Criticized By The Week—A Brilliant Issue.

To-day's Week again returns to the subject of manners and hits our society men some pretty hard blows. Great attention comes to the defence. Mr. Oliver Howland, M.L.A., concludes his able review of Froude's "Erasmus," and a prominent Ottawa literary man has an interesting article on "Dr. Dawson on the Cabot Voyages." The Mail and Empire amalgamation in this number now for sale at McKenna's, 80 Yonge-street, is discussed with regard to its political significance and many other topics of current interest.

"The Keys of the Kingdom of Heaven." The Rev. A. John Cleare of Chicago, Ill., will lecture to-night on this subject in the Church of the New Jerusalem, Elm-street, near Yonge. Don't miss it.

Ask your grocer for Salada Ceylon Tea.

A COLD BARGAIN DAY.

Still the Ladies Will Be Out in Force—Furs Necessary.

The cold snap has kept many ladies within doors for some days, but unless to-day is very cold there will be a large crowd of shoppers out, for it's bargain day.

Ladies should remember, however, that they cannot purchase reliable furs at drygoods stores. Furs sold there are invariably made by second-rate manufacturers, and cannot be depended upon either for style or quality.

To-day W. & D. Dineen have a real bargain day, but although all their furs are cheap they are to be depended upon. In fact, they're guaranteed.

Following are a few prices of furs at Dineens':

Children's grey lamb caps $2, ladies' fur gauntlets $4, 24-inch Greenland seal capes $15, 27-inch Greenland seal capes $20, ladies' storm collars $3.50, Persian lamb caps $5, ladies' grey lamb jackets $50, ladies' fur muffs $2.50, ladies' mink ruffs $3.50, boys' fur caps $2.50, grey goat robes $5, extra large size $7.50, men's fur coats $15, men's gauntlets $6.

Dineens': King and Yonge—254 Yonge.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is delicious.

California Tokay, the most delicious red sweet pure wine ever sold in Canada, 10c per dock glass at all first-class hotels.

"Salada" Tea is sold in lead packets only.

Turkish baths, bed for all night bathers.

DEATHS.

SECOR—At Woburn, on Tuesday, Feb. 5, Mary, beloved wife of Alexander M. Secor, sr., aged 61 years.

Funeral on Friday at 2 p.m. to Washington Church Cemetery, Scarboro.

FRIENDSHIP—On Thursday morning, at his late residence, 16 Davenport-road, William P. Friendship, beloved husband of Alice Friendship, in his 50th year.

Funeral on Friday at 3 o'clock from above address.

HARRISON—On Feb. 7, at his residence, 20 Madison-avenue, Toronto, Major Arthur Bagshaw Harrison, aged 45 years.

Funeral from the above address on Saturday, Feb. 9, at 3 o'clock, to St. James' Cemetery.

Salada Ceylon Tea is delicious.

Dispels all uneasiness at the stomach and makes you feel first-class. Adams' Tutti Frutti. Beware of fraudulent imitations.

THE INSURANCE JOB.

Where Has Mrs. Hyams' Money Gone?

WHO WERE THE CONSPIRATORS?

All Concerned Call It a Conspiracy.

But They Differ Very Materially As To the Conspirators—Mrs. Hyams' Action For Separation and Alimony From Her Husband—One of the Grounds Is That He Has Disposed of All of the $31,000 Insurance She Received Owing to the Death of Her Brother.

Barrister Samuel C. Smoke of Watson, Smoke & Masten has been retained by Mrs. Martha Wells Hyams to prosecute her suit for alimony against her husband, Harry P. Hyams, whom she married in May, 1893. Since Mrs. Hyams discovered that applications had been made for insurance policies aggregating $300,000 upon her life, nearly one-half of which were issued, she has been confined to her bed, and is still too ill to give her solicitor the full details of the grounds upon which she bases her action for separation and alimony.

$30,000 Has Disappeared.

One of the grounds, however, antedates the application for the insurance policies. After the peculiar death of her brother int he Hyams' warehouse had been investigated, the New York Life paid to Mrs. Hyams the $31,000 which the dead boy had carried on his life in their company. A month or two later, Hyams and Miss Wells were married. About this time a chattel mortgage on Hyams' effects for $1700 was retired. During the 20 months which have elapsed Hyams, his wife claims, has obtained possession of nearly every dollar of this sum, and invested it in his business. What that business consisted of is thus described in the directory of 1895:

HYAMS, D. T. & H. P.
Dallas T. Hyams. Harry P. Hyams.
-FINANCIAL BROKERS-
11 King-Street West.
Money to Loan

BUSINESS CARDS.

TELEPHONE 5219—EXPRESS AND CARTage agent—Single and double pleasure and furniture vans for hire at lowest rates. A. W. Cowan, 51 Foxley-street.

HAMILTON TEBBS, AUCTIONEER, VALUator, etc., 273 Queen west, opposite McCaul, desires consignments for his regular Wednesday and Saturday sales. Prompt settlement. Liberal cash advances on goods consigned for sale. The largest salesroom in Canada. Private house sales solicited.

STENOGRAPHERS—NELSON R. BUTCHER, 97 Canada Life Building, Toronto. Agent Celebrated Smith Premier Typewriter. Machines rented. We sell typewriter ribbons and carbons of special quality for fine work."

ENGLISH RIDING SCHOOL, 96 WELLINGton west—Instruction in all branches. Special lessons in jumping on Saturdays. Horses trained over jumps. Track open daily to club members. For orders and horses Bond's Livery, York-street. 125

OAKVILLE DAIRY—472 YONGE-STREET—guaranteed pure farmers' milk supplied, retail only. Fred Sole, proprietor.

BOSTON'S HALL IS OPEN FOR SLEIGHing parties, balls, suppers, etc. Apply Fred Boston, East Toronto. ed

HAVE YOU SEEN THE LATEST IN MEN'S boots at Maple Hall—a felt rubber and leather boot combined, suitable for driving or curling? You can have either galter or buckled. The Laplander a waterproof and frost proof boot of which too much cannot be said. We have them in four different styles. Maple Hall, 137 and 139 King-street east.

MEDICAL.

"DOWN TOWN OFFICES" OF DRS. Nattress and Henwood, 14, 15, 16 Janes' Building, King and Yonge.

SITUATIONS WANTED

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG ENGLISH lady as companion, lady help or nursery governess. Apply A.B.C., World Office.

BILLIARDS.

A LARGE STOCK OF NEW AND SECOND hand Billiard and Pool Tables of various sizes and designs, low prices and easy terms. A great variety of beautifully spiloed and inlaid cues suitable for prizes or presents. Fine billiard cloths of the best English and French manufacture. Ivory balls, cue tips, chalk, green and white pocket nets, Hyatt patent pool balls striped and numbered in solid colors, chemical ivory billiard and pool balls, solid colors, guaranteed not to shrink, crack or crack. Bowling alleys built to order, tenpin balls, and pins, swing cushions, foot chalks, etc., etc. Send for catalog to Samuel May & Co., 68 King-street west, Toronto.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

H. S. MARA, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, 5 Toronto-street. Evenings, 589 Jarvis-street.

ART.

J. W. L. FORSTER, PUPIL OF MONS. Bouguereau. Portraits in Oil, Pastel, etc. Studio, 81 King-street east.

VETERINARY.

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE, TEMperance-street, Toronto, Canada. Session 1894-95 begins October 17th.

MUSICAL.

P. W. NEWTON, TEACHER OF BANJOGuitar and Mandolin. Private lessons. Thorough instruction. All Jennings' splendid banjo music. Clubs conducted reasonably. Studio: Nordheimer's, 15 King-street east, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Evening lessons only at residence, 6 Irwin-avenue, off Yonge-street.

HOTELS.

DAVISVILLE HOTEL, WALTER H. MINNS, proprietor, Davisville, North Toronto. Ont. Street cars pass the door. Meals a European plan. First-class boarding stable attached. Every accommodation for driving parties, cyclists and summer boarders.

RUSSELL HOUSE, ORILLIA—RATES $1 TO $1.50 per day; first-class accommodation for travelers and tourists. P W. Flun, Prop.

EDUCATIONAL.

CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, TORONTO and Stratford—Canada's greatest commercial schools. Circulars free.

BARKER'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL RE-opens Jan. 7. Evening classes Jan. 8.

FINANCIAL.

LOW RATES FOR LARGE OR SMALL amounts on improved city property. John Stark & Co., 26 Toronto street.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF PRIVATE FUNDS to loan at low rates. Read, Read & Knight, solicitors, etc., 75 King-street east, Toronto. ed

LARGE AMOUNT OF PRIVATE FUNDS TO loan at 5½ per cent. Apply Maclaren Macdonald, Merritt & Shepley, 28-30 Toronto street, Toronto.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES, life endowments and other securities. Debentures bought and sold. James C. McGee, Financial Agent, 5 Toronto-street. ed

LOW RATES FOR LARGE OR SMALL amounts on improved city property. John Stark & Co., 26 Toronto-street.

LEGAL CARDS.

CLARKE, BOWES, HILTON & SWABEY, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., Janes Buildings, 75 Yonge-street. J. B. Clarke, Q.C., R. H. Bowes, F. A. Hilton, Charles Swabey, E. Scott Griffin.

COOK, MACDONALD & BRIGGS, BARristers, Solicitors, Notaries, etc., 1 Adelaide street east, Toronto. W. Cook, B.A.; J. A. Macdonald, A. H. Briggs, M.A., LL.B.

FRANK R. POWELL, BARRISTER, SOLicitor, etc., room 15, York Chambers, 9 Toronto-street. Money to loan.

GEORGE H. KILMER, BARRISTER, SOLICitor, etc., 10 King-street west.

LAIDLAW, KAPPELE & HOCKNELL, BARristers and Solicitors, Imperial Bank Buildings, Toronto. William Laidlaw, Q.C.; George Kappele, James Bicknell, C. W. Kerr.

LOBB & BAIRD, BARRISTERS, ETC., 9 Quebec Bank Chambers, King-street east, corner Toronto-street, Toronto: money to loan. Arthur F. Lobb, James Baird.

A Plea For the Shantymen.

Editor World: I am glad to see that one Toronto paper has at last taken up a very important question, viz.: The state of the shantymen and the way in which they are compelled to live during the winter months. I have had four years' experience in the lumber woods of Northern Ontario, and can fully endorse the that The Bobcaygeon Independent says on the subject. There is no need for this sort of thing; the foreman and clerk can always have a good, comfortable place built for them, but the men have to put up with the barest shelter, which in some cases is no shelter at all, as the rain and melted snow often come through the roof and soak the blankets through. The men have no remedy. They can either stand it or quit, just as they like, and as it is the only way they have of gaining a livelihood they generally stand it. As to bathing and washing clothes the first is an impossibility, and the other nearly so. There is one tub for washing clothes and only one day to use it, Sunday. You can imagine how many out of 50 or 60 men get an opportunity to keep their clothes clean. The natural consequence follows, vermin abound and the shanty is more like a second rate pigsty than a habitation of man. If the companies would allow the expenditure of a very few dollars more, all this could be remedied. The material for building good dwellings is right at hand and all they would cost would be the labor of putting them up. There is no good reason why the shantyman should not have a clean, comfortable place to live in as well as the foreman and clerk.

ONE WHO HAS BEEN THROUGH IT.

How to Cure Headache.—Some people suffer untold misery day after day with headache. There is rest neither day nor night until the nerves are all unstrung. The cause is generally a disordered stomach, and a cure can be effected by using Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, containing Mandrake and Dandelion. Mr. Finley Wark, Lysander, P.Q., writes: "I find Parmelee's Pills a first-class article for Billous Headache."

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral affords relief in pneumonia, bronchitis and consumption. 257

THE TORONTO WORLD

NO. 83 YONGE-STREET, TORONTO.

One Cent Morning Paper.

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Sunday Edition, by the month	20
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No. 5 Arcade, James-street north.

WHOLESALE NEWSDEALERS.

F. W. Beebe, 391 Spadina-avenue.
George Messer, 707 Yonge-street.
Mrs. Moriarty, 1426 Queen west.

AGAIN THE AQUEDUCTS.

The respectable and intelligent citizens of Toronto will be sorry to learn that the aqueduct scheme is again engaging the attention of the City Council. It has been thought on several occasions already that the scheme was dead beyond resuscitation, but here we have it again and so we must face the music. We do not believe the project will be approved of when it comes before the full council. What will influence the intelligent and honest members of the council to disapprove of it will be the following, among other reasons:

The object of the promoters is to call into existence and to empower a company to carry on a business in direct opposition to a business that the city itself may be engaged in before many years. Ald. Shaw recently returned from Great Britain and told us that the cities of Europe are assuming control of public services as fast as they can. He says furthermore that that idea works out admirably in practice, and he believes the system should be transferred to this country. If public opinion is to-day united on any subject, it is on this, that the day of monopolies controlled by private individuals has nearly ended, and the dawn of better days is appearing, when the public will themselves get the benefit of all the privileges they have hitherto given away. If we license a new electric company, we simply make it more difficult for ourselves to municipalize the electric business when we may decide on doing so in the future. When the time arrives for us to assume control of the eicctric lighting in Toronto, it will be easier for us to buy out two than three companies. The less number of individuals and companies that possess offices, rights, the cheaper will it be for us to buy them off. We are not yet in the electric business, it is true, but it is not at all improbable that within a few years we may decide to undertake it.

Ald. Hallam, for instance, is not as yet engaged in the meat packing industry, but if he had intentions of embarking in it in the future, would he endorse and help an individual or company to get a start in that business, and thereby become a rival to himself? Ald. Sheppard is not in the newspaper business, but if he had an idea of starting a newspaper in the future, would he, as a reasonable man, lend his assistance to organize a company to carry on business that would compete with the one he had in view?

But the company proposes to supply us with water as well as with electricity. Already that company boasts to have claims on the water of Lake Simcoe prior to any other concern, even to the city of Toronto itself. The aqueduct promoters have boasted that the city of Toronto would not be able to come within two or three miles of any route from Lake Simcoe to Toronto which they may deem the best for them to select. It is not at all improbable that the city of Toronto may in the near future deem it advisable to obtain its supply of water from the north. We do not say that this is a certainty, but the future has many things of a novel nature in store for us, and it may just happen that before long Toronto may decide to get her water supply from Lake Simcoe. If we encourage the present company, we simply make it impossible for Toronto to obtain such a supply. As in the case of lighting, we license a company not only to compete with us, but to cut our throats.

An argument used by the promoters is based on the fact that they will spend $750,000 before obtaining any privilege in Toronto, and that electric light will be sold at a rate not higher than one cent per horse power per hour. The aldermen who favor the scheme say that if people like to invest a million or two million dollars in this concern, what does it matter to us, let them go ahead and spend it. The respectable and intelligent portion of Toronto will view this matter in a different light. That is just what the promoters of the Panama Canal scheme said when that project was before the public. The leading men of France were bribed to circulate just such arguments as this, and the result was that the peasantry of that country gave up to De Lesseps and his gang the savings of a lifetime. France experienced greater misery and loss from this project than from any other with which that country has ever been connected. Neither can the Dominion of Canada, nor the city of Toronto, afford to lend its name to any scheme which will bring discredit on the country. If the scheme is, as we believe it is, a purely chimerical one, and bound to result in financial disaster, then we say that the city of Toronto is guilty of discreditable conduct if it goes so far as to make a contract with a company, whose project, as far as we can see, will turn out a bigger bubble than the Panama Canal project. The city cannot afford to take any different stand on this question; it cannot lend its name to a project unless it has a reasonable assurance that it is a sensible one. The evidence up to date is that, instead of being a reasonable project, the scheme of the promoters is purely a wildcat venture.

The guarantee that electric energy will be sold at not less than one cent per horse-power per hour amounts to really nothing at all. Electricity is being produced in Toronto to-day by steam for less than this. The price for the electric current necessary to supply the street lamps is less than a cent an hour per horse-power, under the contract which the Toronto Electric Light Co. promises to enter into with the city.

When the project comes up before the council it will be defeated, for still another cogent reason. The agreement is between the responsible and wealthy city of Toronto on the one side and a piece of paper on the other side. When we ask the company to name their shareholders, they produce their charter and say the personnel of the company is not a matter of concern to the coty. The agreement is between a piece of paper, which, of course, has nothing to lose, and a great municipal corporation, which may be involved in serious difficulties by reason of its connection with the concern.

Under the proposed agreement the company binds itself to do not a thing. They can go on with the work. They can leave it alone. There is no penalty. It is only the city of Toronto that is bound. The company say they have the means to go on with the work. They say it is a good scheme. They say they are ready to proceed with it if only the city will give them this franchise. Why, then, do they refuse to put up 100,000 as a guarantee of their bona fides? If they themselves believe the project is a sound one and that capital will be forthcoming to carry it through, why do they not first of all raise $100,000 and deposit it with the city, to be forfeited in the event of their not spending, say, $750,000 on the work they say they are ready to execute?

The whole thing is a sham and a delusion. The city will never cease to regret putting its signature to a document giving these men of straw the powers they seek. The document will not be executed two months until the city finds it is in a lawsuit with the company. We all know what a lawsuit means between a man of wealth on one side and a fakir on the other.

The World does not believe in retarding enterprise, and we would be sorry to oppose anything that meant the expenditure of money and the giving of work to the people. As soon as anyone comes forward with a scheme which is shown to be feasible, and to carry out which men of capital will come forward and announce themselves, then will The World be only too glad to give it support and to wish it every possibe success.

THE SUNDAY BUS CASE.

William Kelly's Action Against the City For False Arrest Non-Suited.

Mr. Justice Ferguson yesterday ruled that the city was in no way liable for any damages in the suit brought by William Kelly against the city of Toronto and Inspector Archabold and Sergeant Barton for false arrest. When the evidence for the plaintiffs had been put in Mr. Fullerton, on behalf of the city, applied for a non-suit, which was granted. Mr. Biddell, acting for the officers, presented his arguments for a non-suit also, His Lordship reserving decision until to-day.

Ayrshire Breeders.

The Dominion Ayrshire Breeders Association held their annual meeting yesterday afternoon at the Albion Hotel.

President W. Stewart, Jr., occupied the chair and there was a good attendance of the members. The report of Secretary Wade showed the affairs of the association to be in good condition. Some 311 animals were registered during the past year and when sold obtained good prices. Thirty-two members were reported paid up and the association has a small cash balance on hand.

Several interesting papers were read by the members, and the general expression of opinion was that the Ayreshire breed is one of the best.

To Connect East Toronto By Telephone

A petition signed by forty residents of East Toronto Village has recently been presented to the local manager of the Bell Telephone Co. praying for the establishment of telephone communication with the city of Toronto. The manager of the company, Mr. Dunstan, could not, however, accede to the prayer of the petition at a lower rate than $25 per year for offices, and $20 for each dwelling house, with a charge of 10 cents for each message. Fifteen subscribers was also to be the commencing number of the East Torontonians considered $15 to be a sufficient charge the negotiations have fallen through.

E. H. Sothern.

Mr. E. H. Sothern's new play, "A Way to Win a Woman," which will be seen at the Grand Opera House Monday evening and Wednesday matinee, is spoken of as one of the most successful combinations of literary merit and dramatic effect which has lately been seen on the American stage. Mr. Jerome, the author, occupies a high rank in the literary world. His play-goodness will also bring forward several of his former plays, as follows: Tuesd y, "Captain Letterblair"; Wednesday night, "Lord Clumley." The sale begins this morning.

"Hot Tamales."

"Hot Tamales" should appeal specially to the theatre-goers of Toronto these cold winter nights as an inducement to visit the Toronto Opera House. Conroy and Fox, who are well known on the vaudeville stage as Irish wits of a high order, will be the attraction all next week in the above-named play. The company make no pretext save to amuse, and as such we are assured a week of good, honest fun is promised. Matinees will be given as usual—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Lord Goes on Suspended Sentence.

London, Ont., Feb. 7.—John M. Lord, who pleaded guilty to stealing about $1700 of London West money while acting as tax-collector, was brought before Judge Elliott for sentence on the four charges to which he had pleaded guilty. Three petitions were presented to the court asking for leniency, the offences occurring through lack of business ability and His Lordship allowed the prisoner to go on suspended sentence.

Wabash Railroad Company.

If you are contemplating a trip to California, Mexico or any point South, please consider the merits of the only true Southern route. Every morning at 10.50 a. m. the California special starts on its flight towards the land of the setting sun, passing through St. Louis and over the great Iron Mountain route.

Palace sleeping cars to the gateway of Old Mexico, tourist sleepers to Los Angeles and San Francisco without change. No delays from snow blockades, June weather all the way. Ask your nearest ticket agent for tickets and maps of this great railway, or write to J. A. Richardson, Canadian Passenger Agent, northeast corner King and Yonge-streets, Toronto.

You need not cough all night and disturb your friends; there is no occasion for your running the risk of contracting inflammation of the lungs or consumption, while you can get Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. This medicine cures coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all throat and chest troubles. It promotes a free and easy expectoration, which immediately relieve the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm.

College of Pharmacy.

The semi-annual meeting of the Council of the Ontario College of Pharmacy concluded yesterday. Attention was called to the splendid financial position of the college, and accounts amounting to $688 42 were passed. Mortgages amounting to $17,000 had been contracted and a similar amount had been spent on additions to buildings and appliances.

After paying another instalment of $1000 the college will be carrying no heavier debt than when they only had the old building.

Vice-President MacKenzie presided and there was a full attendance of the council.

High Speed With Safety.

A Boston editor says: "Its perfect roadbed enables the highest rate of speed, with safety. The representatives are very courteous and competent, while in equipment it leads all rival lines." This could only refer to the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad.

THE QUESTION OF COPYRIGHT

PREMIER AND MINISTER OF JUSTICE INTERVIEWED.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell States That the Government Will Maintain the Policy of Late Years—Sir Charles H. Tupper Contends That Under the B.N.A. Act Canada Has the Right to Frame Copyright Laws.

A deputation from the Canadian Copyright Association waited upon Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Sir C. H. Tupper, Minister of Justice, at the Queen's Hotel yesterday to impress upon the Premier and his Ministers the necessity of continuing the Government's efforts towards ensuring Canada in her right to govern her own copyright. The deputation, which was introduced by Mr. W. F. Maclean, M.P., included Daniel A. Rose, vice-president of the association, R. T. Lancefield, A. F. Rutter, R. L. Patterson, A. S. Irving, James Murray, D. T. McAinsh, R. Southam, F. C. McLean, William Bryce, James Bain, J. T. Johnson, W. C. Weldon, F. J. Campbell, John R. Barber, A. Buntin, Col. F. C. Denison, M.P., was also present.

Messrs. D. A. Rose, R. T. Lancefield, A. F. Rutter and others addressed the Ministers, and pointed out the efficiency of the law of 1889 and the reason that it should be put into operation.

After the various speakers of the deputation had been heard Mr. Maclean said that, as a publisher and as one who took an interest in public affairs, he wished to impress upon the Premier and his colleagues the fact that the main issue was not the special clauses of the Copyright Act, but that the paramount issue was whether we had the right or not to make our own copyright law.

From what the ministers heard from the deputation and from what the public thought on the matter, he had no hesitation in saying that the people of Canada would back up the Government to a man in vindicating the right of Canada to regulate our own copyright.

The Premier's Reply.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell in reply said: The policy of the late Government under Sir John Thompson, upon this very important question, will be continued by the present Government to the fullest possible extent. I might add, that before Sir John Thompson went to England on his last unfortunate trip, I had a very long conversation with him upon this among other subjects, and I also gave him a memorandum in relation to it, as among the matters respecting which he was to interview the Secretary of State for the Colonies. I have reason to believe that, in his interview with Lord Ripon, a probable solution of this question was arrived at. What that was, unfortunately, we have found nothing among his papers to indicate. Had he returned, he would have reported to his Government what he had done, and what concessions the Imperial authorities were prepared to make in order that we might be able to bring the Act into force. This matter has not been lost sight of, and I may inform you that we are now in communication with the Colonial Office for the purpose of ascertaining, if possible, the nature of the agreement, if any, that was arrived at. As soon as we receive information we will be in a position to act in unison with the British Government in relation to the law of copyright.

Covered By the Confederation Act.

In any event, we shall not forget the suggestion thrown out by Mr. Maclean. We believe that the Confederation Act gives us control over the question of copyright, and so far as it does, we believe it to be in the interests of Canada that that control should be exercised. We, therefore, propose to take just such steps as are necessary to enforce at least the principle of the act which has been placed on our statute book. We cannot afford in our present state, and in view of the rights and properties we enjoy, under that act, to allow ourselves to be deprived of our powers to enforce the law respecting copyright. I quite agree with those who have spoken that present conditions militate very much against the direct interests of Canadian publishers. So far as we can, we propose to protect the industry they represent to the fullest possible extent.

Will Carry Out Sir John's Policy.

In this connection, I do not think, it is necessary that I should multiply words. I can only repeat that we intend to carry out the policy of Sir John Thompson and his government. You all know the deep interest that he took in this matter, and how thoroughly he made himself a master of all its details. You have, I doubt not, seen the papers which he prepared and which he submitted to the Imperial Government. We propose to adhere to the views which he expressed. There are, however, some difficulties in the way of bringing the present act into force, and it may be necessary to have further legislation in order to do so. In submitting the act to the Imperial authorities, it was distinctly stated in the covering despatch that it would not be brought into force until it had been given full consideration by the Secretary of State for the Colonies. That may, or may not, have been necessary, but it was thought to be the proper course to take. I may also say, that we are fully in sympathy with the objects you have in view, and, if it were possible, I should be inclined to go a little further than the act which we passed, and compel publishers to do all the work in Canada. If, however, it is to the advantage of the majority that a compromise should be made, I suppose it is best we should accept it. It may be that my sympathies are for the printer, because I was once a printer myself, but the fact remains that I should like to see his lot and his opportunities made as bright as possible. In conclusion, I may say that the facts which you have laid before us have been familiar to me for some time, but you have brought them freshly to my mind, and I shall not forget what you have said.

The Minister of Justice.

Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, Minister of Justice, said: There is nothing very material to this matter that I could add to the remarks of the Prime Minister except this: It seems to me that an opportunity is afforded to give a signal answer to one of the arguments that has been pressed upon the attention of the Colonial Secretary—that, all said and done, this matter of copyright interested only a few selfish individuals in Canada, and did not have the attention of the people generally. The answer to that is now apparent. Sir Mackenzie Bowell has stated the strong stand which the late Prime Minister of this country felt warranted in taking, looking far beyond the simple question of copyright, and Sir Mackenzie has told you that the present Government will proceed along those lines and press to the utmost for a satisfactory conclusion. It is not only significant that the Government of this country has strong views upon the question, but it is a gratifying feature in connection with this constitutional question—for, after all, it is a constitutional question of the gravest importance—that the Parliament of Canada is a unit upon the subject, and although we have many political questions to divide us this has never been brought into the field of party politics.

A Momentous Question.

I do not, therefore, well see how any Canadian question could come before the British Government for consideration having with it the signs of greater importance and moment than this question of copyright. However, in all our struggling—and that struggle, as the Premier has told you, will be maintained—we must keep the very best of faith. You must know, if you run your mind back to the earlier stages of the discussion, that there had been opinions from the law officers of the Crown, that we had not jurisdiction in Canada to pass an act of this kind. That opinion is now old, and it may have been formed upon insufficient data, but it was given. Sir John Thompson, whose position as a lawyer gave great strength to the Canadian contention, differed from the opinions of the law officers of the Crown, and in the discussion in the House of Commons, and afterwards in the despatch which accompanied the act, it was distinctly stated that we were proceeding with the full knowledge of the opinion that had been given to the British Government, and had made special provision that this measure should not come into operation until the proclamation of the Governor-General had been issued.

Hope of a Satisfactory Solution.

Furthermore, in these assurances that went with the act, we stated that that proclamation would not issue until we had satisfied Her Majesty's Government that it should issue. It seems to me not possible at the moment for us now, having failed up to this time, so far as we understand, to satisfy Her Majesty's Government, to turn round and, notwithstanding these assurances, proclaim the Act. It would do us no good with Her Majesty's Government, as it might be considered a breach of faith. It would do us a great deal of harm, and lead to awkward complications. That is my best opinion on the spur of the moment. There are many things we can yet do that, probably, it would not be best to discuss just now. We have not given up hope, however, that a satisfactory solution may have been devised. Not having received a report on this subject from our late Premier, Sir Mackenzie Bowell has taken the only course that he could to hasten an expression of opinion from Lord Ripon. It would be wise, therefore, for us to defer action, but we cannot afford to let it drop. It is so vast in its bearings and relates so closely to the laws affecting our shipping and the trade and commerce of the whole country, that we must press it to an issue. Because, if the position taken by the British Government be correct, our British North America Act is only a bit of waste paper, and we have not the responsible Government of which we have boasted, and which we believe will be of such benefit to this country. With that position, I am certain, the Canadian people would not be content.

D. Ritchie & Co.'s "Derby Plug Competition" petition

is now closed for 1894. After the firm has received thousands of guesses they beg to state that they have on Feb. 1 had the pleasure of sending cheques for the various amounts given below to the successful winners throughout Canada, the capital prize being won by Mr. F. H. Martelock, 117 Creighton-street, Ottawa:

F. H. Martelock, 117 Creighton-street, Ottawa, Ont.	$500
J. Falardeau, 513 Craig street, city	190
J. Caladine, 118 Hepbourne-street, Toronto, Ont.	190
C. Wight, 130 St. Lawrence street, city	120
D. J. Peace, 104 King-street, Hamilton, Ont.	100
Adam Gerri, 147 McGill-street, city	90
H. S. Watkins, Dovercourt-road, Toronto, Ont.	75
J. Gibbs, 53 Hughson-street, Hamilton, Ont.	50
Ed Smith, 347 Wellington-street, city	50
Dan Brophy, 283 St. Patrick-street, city	50
T. Amail, 186 River-street, Toronto, Ont.	35
E. H. Walling, Quebec, Que.	35
H. N. Schudfeger, Carleton Place, Ont.	35
Tom Lakeman, Arpdin, Ont.	30
Jacob Bretz, 164 Church-street, Toronto, Ont.	30
E. W. Honsinger, St. Thomas, Ont.	25
G. W. Storey, Sarnia, Ont.	25
E. McCaw, care Victoria Hotel, St. John, N.B.	25
T. D. Deegan, care W. Brown & Co., Winnipeg, Man.	25
Thomas Westlick, Port Hope, Ont.	25
H. H. Spencer, 150 Gloucester-street, Ottawa, Ont.	25
G. W. Rubridge, Peterboro, Ont.	25
K. I. Benoit, 95 Park-avenue, St. Henri	25
R. L. Crowel, West Moton, Que.	20
J. Baillie, 471 York-street, London, Ont.	20
W. H. Steele, 120 Augusta-avenue, Toronto, Ont.	20
M. S. Cater, 341 Williams-street, London, Ont.	20
B. Honsinger, St. Thomas, Ont.	20
F. Taylor, Coffee Bar, King's Regt., Halifax, N.S.	15
A. A. McKenzie, Kaslo, B.C.	15
W. Crosby, Port Hope, Ont	10
W. E. Mulvaney, Lindsay, Ont.	10
F. Honsinger, St. Thomas, Ont.	10
C. N. Baillie, 89 Charlotte-street, St. John, N.B.	10
H. Beauchamp, 97 St. Denis street, city	5
Yes Sidley, Pinnacle-street, Belleville, Ont.	5
F. J. Lawer, Ottawa Ont.	5
J. F. Wilkerspoon, 110 St. James-street, Hamilton, Ont.	5
C. Blackie, 40 Allen-street, Halifax, N.S.	5
W. J. Eastcott, 209 Bank-street, Ottawa, Ont.	5
Dr. A. Wilkinson, 1st Batt., King's Regt., Halifax, N.S.	5
W. L. La Trulle, 656 Bloor West, Toronto, Ont.	5
	$3000

The guessing competition for 1895 for the sum of Two Thousand Dollars Gold is now open and Messrs. D. Ritchie & Co. invite all smokers of their Cigarettes, Cut Tobacco and Plug Tobacco to collect as many of their trade marks—the "Derby Caps"—as they can, and anyone returning 20 of these caps will have the privilege of guessing the number of "Derby Caps" sent out from their factory during the year '95.

A Hamilton Lawyer Missing.

Hamilton, Feb. 7.—The Spectator says: Martin Malone's office in the Commercial Centre building is still vacant. The law books and other articles of value have been removed, and the key has been returned to the landlord, Henry Arland. A few days ago Mr. Malone gave a chattel mortgage to William Lyons for $1600. Malone's friends cannot account for his absence. It is said that he left town on Friday last to go to Toronto to see his mother, who was ill. Since then he has not been seen here. His friends say they know of no reason why he should go away for good.

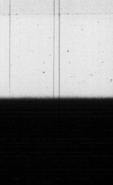
Through Tickets to England and the Continent of Europe

Through tickets to or from Europe are issued at the Western Agency of the Intercolonial Railway, Toronto, by all the Canadian steamship lines, at lowest rates. Also through bills of lading to London, Liverpool, etc., on application to N. Weatherston, Western Freight and Passenger Agent Intercolonial Railway of Canada, 93 York-street, Toronto.

One trial of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will convince you that it has no equal as a worm medicine. Buy a bottle and see if it does not please you.

Effects of Tobacco—What are They?

Tobacco is a slow poison. It's Nicotine enfeebles digestion, and produces general debility. Tobacco Heart and Tobacco Nerve are results of tobacco poison. Tobacco "pills" men. Want to quit it! Prices Tobac-Cure will help you. $1 a box. Sold by G. A. Bingham, pharmacist, 100 Yonge-street, Toronto.



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It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

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SATURDAY SHOE BARGAIN DAY!

The store will be open to-morrow, Saturday, until 10 p.m. To-morrow we'll sell Boots, Slippers, Overshoes and Rubbers at prices that have never been approached, even by us.

It's your time to buy—we mention a few of the prices:

GENTS' DEPARTMENT.

Cordovan sewed laced boots whole foxed, oak soles, solid leather . . . . . 90c, reg $1.50	
Actrachan dongola laced boots, St. Louis, piccadilly or opera toes, patent leather facing and tips . . . . . $1.75 reg $3.25	
Shell Cordovan Congress boots, warranted cork soles . . . . . $1.75 reg $4.00	
English enamel, whole stock laced boots, manufactured by Hatton & Co., London, Eng. . . . . $1.65 reg $3.00	
Shell cordovan walking boots, Goodyear sewed, full Scotch welts, razor and piccadilly toes, manufactured by Hatton & Co., London, Eng. . . . $2.50 reg $4.50	
Tan Harvard calf laced boots, leather lined, hand-sewed, full Scotch welts, Kempson & Stevens, New York. . . . . $3.00 reg. $5.00	

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

Tan Harvard calf skating boots, tan tip and facing, American button . . . . . $1.50 reg $2.25	
American button buttoned boots, St. Louis square or piccadilly toes, patent leather tips . . . . . $1.25 reg $2.00	
Actrachan dongola buttoned boots, extension soles, Goodyear welts, patent tips and quarters, Kempson & Stevens, N. Y. . . $1.75 reg $3.00	
White kid slippers, high heels, Rubber . . . . . 85c reg $1.25	
American kid slippers, hand-sewed, double or cross strap . . . . . $1.00 reg $1.75	
American kid buttoned, extension soles, hand-sewed, plain or patent tips, Edwin C. Burt, New York $2.50 reg $5.00	
Angola kid buttoned boots, hand-sewed . . . . . $2.00 reg $3.50	
Polish calf lace boots, J. D. King & Co. . . . . $1.25 reg $2.50	
Angola laced boots, flannelette linings, extension soles, G welts . . . . . $1.00 reg $2.00	
Curlso kid buttoned boots, Scotch welts, razor toes, white stitching, crushed vamps, patent quarters, Chicago winged tips, Kempson & Stevens . . . . . $2.50 reg $4.00	

BOYS DEPARTMENT.

Boston calf hand-made laced boots, size 1 to 5 . . . 70c reg $1.25	
Boston calf hand-made lace boots, size 11 to 13 . . . 60c reg $1.00	
Congress Blucher cut, sewed lace boots, size 1 to 5 95c reg $1.75	

MISSES' DEPARTMENT.

Oil goat buttoned boots, spring heels . . . . . 70c reg $1.25	
Dongola kid buttoned boots, spring heels, H. B. Goodrich, Boston . . . . . $1.00 reg $2.00	
Dongola kid buttoned boots, spring heels . . . . . 80c reg $1.25	
German felt slippers . . . 13c reg 18c	

CHILD'S AND INFANTS' DEPARTMENT.

Hand-made lace boots, size 4 to 10 . . . . . 40c reg 65c	
Dongola buttoned boots, Boston, size 6 to 10 . . 75c reg $1.00	
Langtry cut American kid boots, Philadelphia . . 65c reg $1.00	
Calf buttoned, hand-sewed . . . . . 30c reg 65c	

SHOE-DRESSING DEPARTMENT.

Tan shine paste and liquid . . . . . 4c reg 15c	
Gilt edge . . . . . 10c reg 25c	
Sofala . . . . . 10c reg 25c	

SPORTING DEPARTMENT.

Spiked running shoes, 6-oz., London, Eng. . . . . $1.25 reg $2.50	
Football boots, London, Eng. $1.50 reg $2.50	
Cricket boots, London, Eng. $1.50 reg $2.50	
Bicycle boots, London, Eng. $1.50 reg $2.50	

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Direct manufacturers' agents.

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Our prices are 40 per cent. less than the trade price list.

Ladies' first quality rubbers 25c.

Gents' Arctic Overshoes, wool-lined, waterproof, 85c.

GUINANE BROS.
The Monster Shoe House,
214 YONGE - STREET.

Annual Report of Trade.

The annual report of the Board of Trade was issued yesterday. Some new features have been introduced under the direction of Secretary Wills, which make the work more interesting. The pamphlet is less voluminous than formerly, but as a work of reference it is more valuable. The style of get-up is also more modern.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Every Evening. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday
Rice's Big Extravaganza - - "1492."
Next Monday—E. H. SOTHERN.

TORONTO OPERA HOUSE.
Nightly This Week. Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
THE BIG FARCE-COMEDY BOOM
ROBERT GAYLOR IN SPORT McALLISTER
22—MERRYMAKERS—25
Next week—HOT TAMALES.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Week commencing Monday, Feb. 4. Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
MISS ADA GRAY
In a grand production of the
NEW EAST LYNNE.
Prices 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c. Matinees, best seats 25c.

MASSEY MUSIC HALL,
MONDAY, FEB. 25.
....JAPO-CHINESE WAR....
On his return from the seat of war Mr. Frederick Villiers, the celebrated war correspondent, will lecture on the above interesting subject, illustrating with stereoptican views the Bombardment of and Massacre at Port Arthur. The only views taken on the spot. Subscription list open on Saturday at Nordheimer's. Reserved seats, 50c and 75c.

ASSOCIATION HALL, TUESDAY, FEB. 12TH
AT 8 P.M.
CONCERT BY THE CHOIR OF ST. SIMON'S CHURCH
Assisted by Miss Evelyn de Latre Street, Violinist.
SOLOISTS:
Rev. E. J. Wood. Mr. Lincoln Carlisle
Mr. E. J. Cashmore. Master Willie Wilson.
Mr. Allan Fairweather. Master Michael Young. Mr. Oscar Wenborne.
PRICES—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c.
Plan for reserved seats now open at Messrs. Whaley, Royce & Co.'s, corner Yonge and Richmond-streets.

Macaroon Charlotte Russes
A delicious novelty.
Quart size, 50c each.
Harry Webb
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TENDERS.

Royal Military College of Canada.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES.

The annual examinations for cadetships in the Royal Military College will take

Y and SATURDAY BARGAIN ARRAY
AT
CPHERSON'S.

Excelsior Kid Button Boots, ed . . . $0 78
Chrome Kid Strap Slippers, turn . . . 67
Oil Pebble Button, winter ht soles . . . 98
Regular price $1.25.
Cloth Slippers . . . 13
Felt Buskin Slippers, regular 75c. . . . 39
Felt Gaiter Boots, regular $1. . . . 50
Daisy Kid Button, French was sole (no tacks) needle re toe, regular price $2.50 . 1 77
French Kid Button, razor toes, lar price $3. . . . 2 00
Felt Button Boots . . . 98

rices talk and emphasize each statement.

Jersey Waterproof Helene nce Overshoes, reg. price $1 . . . 50
Oil Goat Button, spring heel, ed and foxed, reg. price $1.25 . . . 97
French Kid Button Boots, t tips, heels, regular price 5 and $2. . . . 1 25
Oil Goat Button, spring heel, ed and foxed, winter weight . . . 85
ditto. . . . 75

ery line the quintessence of Merit and Economy.

Calf Bals, extension soles, don toe, regular price $1.25. . . . 97
Domestic Calf Bals. and Congs, Scotch welts in 7 different . . . 1 47
Regular prices $2 and $2.50.
House Slippers . . . 18
American Calf Bals., standard w extension soles . . . 87
ditto. . . . 75
Dongola Slippers . . . 50
figures, like cut glass, are attractive.

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Cancer, Consumption (unless the lungs are entirely gone), Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Chronic Diseases, Catarrh (not a mere palliation, but speedy and permanent cure), Eczema, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Ulcers, Blood Poison, La Grippe, Pneumonia, Erysipelas, Fistula, Boils, Carbuncles, Diphtheria, Laryngitis, Piles, Typhoid Fever, Malarial Fever, Neuralgia, Female Troubles, Cramp, Whooping Cough, Measles,
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Our stock of Fencing Goods is extensive and varied. Another large shipment just received.

Griffiths Cycle Corporation
H. P. Davies Co. Branch,
81 Yonge-Street,
TORONTO.

THE FATE OF CYCLIST LENZ.

A French Journal Says It Was Murdered—History of the Globe Girdler.

The Pittsburg friends of Frank Lenz have advices that "La Vale," the leading cycling journal of France, asserts that it received a despatch that Lenz had been murdered by Kurds near Erzeroum, on May 7, 1894, the last time anything definite was heard from him.

Frank Lenz was born in Philadelphia in 1868. While young his parents moved to Pittsburg, where he was educated for a business life. His first venture was at bookkeeping, at which he proved an adept. While following this business he took to cycling as a means of health and recreation. He had not pursued it long until he became a master at long-distance riding, going as far as New Orleans on wheel during a vacation he was enjoying in his 20th year. This performance brought him into such prominence that, scarcely a year after, the publishing company engaged him to make a tour of the world on wheel in its interest. It offered such good inducements in the way of salary and the renown of what would follow from letters he would write to it, that he started on the tour from Pittsburg on May 15, 1892.

His starting point was the new Pittsburg postoffice, where nearly 100 cyclers from the Keystone, Allegheny and McKeesport clubs saw him off. 50 of them going a good distance with him. The last Pittsburger to bid him farewell was Charles Pettlecord, who rode as far as Brownsville, Pa., with him.

Lenz went clear through to San Francisco on wheel, arriving there on November 1, and experiencing no difficulty at any point save in the "Bad Lands," during the first 10 days he was out. His travels 5412 miles on his wheel. Lenz never forgot Pittsburg on his long trip, which was to be accomplished in two years, corresponding regularly with Pettlecord. These letters ceased last April, within one month of the time he was due in the United States. When the time of his arrival, May 15, had passed, his Pittsburg friends became anxious, and asked Outing for information concerning him. This journal answered them, assuring them that he was all right. Months followed when news of an insurrection in Asia Minor connected Lenz among those who had been killed in it. Rescuing parties were then organized for the purpose of finding him, when finding finally made these useless by declaring that it would send a man in search of him.

Allen, who gridled the globe with Schatchlein on wheel, is now said to be on his way to the place where information was last received from Lenz, in the interest of this paper.

The news of the death of Lenz will cause sorrow in Pittsburg, says The Times of that city, but it will fall on none so heavily as his mother, who resides in the East end. She had hoped all through the ordeal which has separated her from her son that he was still alive. The case of Lenz will go down in history as the most famous in athletics, for the record that it rose to international importance. Congressmen and envoys to barbarian countries have been interested in it in many ways.

MONTREAL'S ICE RACES.

Clara K. Finished Second to James Ordway in the 2.17 Class.

Montreal Feb. 7.—Notwithstanding the intense cold, some 800 spectators attended at the Jacques Cartier ice track to-day to witness the second day's racing. Results:

2.50 class—Duke of Moscow, Lady Lambert each won a heat. Best time 2.45; unfinished.

2.17 class—James Ordway 1, Clara K 2, W.C.B. 3, St. Michel Boy 4. Time 2.33, 2.32, 2.31½, 2.33, 2.34.

Hamilton Bicycle Club.

Hamilton, Feb. 7.—At the meeting of the Hamilton Bicycle Club last night the following officers were nominated: President, J. G. Gould; vice-president, John W. Nelson, F. H. Skerrett; secretary, C. Sutherland, S. Aikens; treasurer, J. T. Cauley, W. F. Robinson, J. H. Vanstone; captain, A. C. Vernon; lieutenants, G. L. Husband, C. Sutherland, J. Stephens, Dr. Griffith, S. E. Pilgrim, F. A. Rosebrugh. The election will take place at the annual meeting on March 6.

Insomnia At 20 To 1.

New Orleans, Feb. 7.—First race, 5 furlongs—Insomnia, 98 (Keith), 20 to 1, 1; Freedman, 104 (Leigh), 10 to 1, 2; Doctor Reed, 98 (Williams), 10 to 1, 3. Time 1.07¼.

Second race, 6 furlongs—Pidget, 106 (McCue), 3 to 2, 1; Ethel W., 98 (Soden), 6 to 5, 2; Augustus, 104 (Littleton), 20 to 1, 3. Time 1.24¼.

Third race, 6 furlongs—Miss Gallop, 108 (Hill), 8 to 5, 1; Furlong, 107 (Clayton), 5 to 1, 2; Robert Latta, 110 (Mayberry), 5 to 1, 3. Time 1.22.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles—Fulcher C., 100 (Soden), 4 to 1, 1; Gleesome, 98 (Clayton), 8 to 5, 2; Marcel, 93 (Williams), 2 1-2 to 1, 3. Time 2.01 1-2.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs—Ixion 107 (Clayton), 2 1-2 to 1, 1; Dave Pulsifer, 108 (Leigh), even, 2; Lucas, 100 (Williams), 8 to 1, 3. Time 1.39¾.

Entries: First race, 6 furlongs—Ludlow 98, Pamway, Wild Huntress, 99, Hodgston Bill White, Ansonia, Jim Kelley 104, Jardina 105, Mis Lily 106, Cerro Gordo 104, Old Dominion 109.

Second race, 3 furlongs—Bombard, Bennett, Cora 98, Virgo, Arsenic, Tempest 97, Inspector Horn 110.

Third race, 1 mile—G. B. Cox, 101, Mexolint 102, Blue and White, Miss Mamie 103, Lord Willobrook 104, Footrunner 104, Terrock 105, Sally 109.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Merritt, Charter 102, Herrman, Loftin, Jr., Luke Parks, Elberon, Little Phil 105, Rancocas, Fidget, Sam Farmer, Confest 108.

Fifth race, 5 furlongs—Stark 102, F.M.B., Mark S., Ben Roy, Dr. Reid, Vocality 102, Veil 100, Blackball, Rockwall 105.

Dick French Again in Front.

Oakville, Feb. 7.—The second day's racing on the ice was a good one. Summary:

3-minute trot—Duke 1, Jack Mitchell 2, Little Joe 3.

Open trot or race—Dick French 1, Dolce 2, Minnie May 3.

Consolation race—King Tom 1, Daisy 2, John Orr's mare 3.

A skating match took place last Tuesday at the rink near the G.T.R. bridge, East Toronto, over a three-mile course. W. Woolley of Toronto carried off first prize, George Ellison 2, and W. Emerton 3.

A Specialty
Guinea Trousers.
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THE ENGLISH TAILOR
ESTABLISHED 1843.

INTERCOLLEGIATE HOCKEY.

Trinity Shows Fine Form and Defeats Osgoode Hall on Granite Ice by 14 Goals to 11.

The intercollegiate hockey match at the Granite Rink last night between Trinity University and Osgoode Hall resulted in a well-earned victory for the red and black. It was a capital display of the favorite winter pastime.

Trinity showed an almost perfect combination, while the individual play of the seven was also of the brilliant order. Osgoode's men were also in prime fettle, as the close score at close indicates. At half-time Trinity led by 8 to 6, and at the finish had increased their lead a goal—14 to 11. Teams:

Trinity (14): Murray, goal; Douglas, point; Wilkie, cover; Seukler, Temple, Osler, McDonald, forwards.

Osgoode (11): Chopin, goal; Moss, point; Gilmour, cover; Patterson, Anderson, Henry, Scott, forwards.

Referee—W. Windeyer, Granite.

Harbord Beats n at Peterboro.

Peterboro, Feb. 7.—A good game of hockey was played here this afternoon between the Harbord-street Collegiate Institute team of Toronto and the Peterboro Collegiate Institute, which resulted in a victory of 13 to 5 in favor of Peterboro. The teams:

Peterboro (13): Goal, Hamilton; point, Lewis; cover, Adams; forwards, Poussette, Crossley, Beleghem, King.

Harbord (5): Goal, Sadler; point, King; cover, Burns; forwards, Archibald, Cooey, Davidson, Smith.

Referee—Walter Phelan.

The Unions Still In It.

Guelph, Feb. 7.—Guelph Unions are still in the competition for the Ontario Tankard, in a hard game Wednesday evening they defeated the Galt Granites, who had downed Fergus during the afternoon. The score:

GUELPH UNION.		GALT GRANITES.	
W. Spaulding, skip	18	Turnbull, skip	17
R. Mitchell, skip	19	Spaulding, skip	16
Total	37	Total	33

The Governor-General's Prize for Last Year.

This interesting prize not having been competed for last season His Excellency has kindly continued it into this year, and it will be played for at Galt to-day between the Toronto Granite and Dundas Curling Clubs. Mr. Russell, whom duties prevent him leaving the city at present, has appointed Charles Turnbull, Galt, deputy umpire, and he will superintend the match. His Excellency wires "best wishes for a pleasant and satisfactory competition at Galt to-day."

Bonspiel for the Dryden Cup.

Oshawa, Ont., Feb. 7.—The bonspiel for the Dryden Cup took place here to-day. Oshawa was drawn against Peterboro, Lindsay against Whitby, Port Perry against Bowmanville. The following is the score of the afternoon playing:

Lindsay.		Whitby.	
J. D. Flavelle, skip	18	J. F. Paxton, skip	18
W. McClellan, skip	25	J. Tweedie, skip	20
Total	43	Total	38

Majority for Lindsay 5 shots.

Oshawa.		Peterboro.	
J. A. Sykes, skip	24	S. Rae, skip	15
F. H. Funshon, skip	24	J. Connell, skip	16
Total	48	Total	31

Majority for Oshawa 17 shots.

Lindsay drew the bye and Oshawa to play the winner of the Bowmanville-Port Perry match. Bowmanville did not put in an appearance and Oshawa and Port Perry played in the evening, with the following score:

Oshawa.		Port Perry.	
A. J. Syke, skip	22	James Forman, skip	18
F. H. Funshon, skip	23	D. S. Herbert, skip	18
Total	45	Total	36

Majority for Oshawa 9 shots.

Oshawa plays Lindsay to-morrow for the final. The cup has been won as follows: 1891, Whitby; 1892, Lindsay; 1893, Peterboro; 1894, Oshawa.

Granite Colts Are Victors.

The Granite colts and Victoria colts played off the deciding match for supremacy in O.H.A. Junior Group III. on Victoria ice, the Granites winning by 9 goals to 0, the half time score being 4 to 0. It was a fast game and at times somewhat rough, but withal a good exhibition of hockey. The teams:

Granites (9): Goal, Livingstone; point, McArthur; cover, F. Lillie; forwards, W. Lillie, Dixon, Johnson, Crawford.

Victorias (0): Goal, W. Morrison; point, Wilson; cover, Darrell; forwards, Wyllie, Kavanaugh, Whitely, F. Morrison.

Referee—A. W. Langtry.

Toronto Wins the Medal.

Orillia, Feb. 7.—Three rinks of the Toronto Curling Club visited Orillia to-day to play for the Harman-Harvey Medal.

TORONTO.		ORILLIA.	
J. B. O'Brien		J. Hunter	
C. Ross		J. B Henderson	
J. L. Capreol		A. H. Perry	
H. Harman, skip	13	W. M. Hare, skip	13
G. H. Roberts		Dr. A. P. Ardagh	
F. A. Fleming		G. Thomson	
W. D McMurrich		Dr. A. H. Beaton	
H. A. Drummond, sk	14	J. McCosh, skip	14
A. P. Scott		G. Grant	
H. G. Bethune		T. H. Sheppard	
T. G. Brough		T. A. Blain	
F. O. Cayley, skip	16	J. Scott, skip	10
Total	43	Total	37

Varsity and Queen's To-day.

The Varsity Hockey Club, champions of Toronto (Group II.), leave the Union Station this morning for Kingston, where they play their winter group match with Queen's (Group I.) this evening. The winner of this will most likely capture the championship of the Ontario Hockey Association, as it is generally conceded that either is stronger than Trinity, Ayr or Stratford, the respective champions of Groups III., IV. and V. Varsity's team: Goal, Cuibert; point, Mack; cover, Scott; forwards, Bradley, Walters, Sheppard; spare, Pousette.

Ice Chips.

The Crawfords and Parkdale Juniors played a friendly game of hockey at Parkdale last night, the Parkdales winning by 6 to 0. They also played the Y.M.C.A., and the result was another victory for the Parkdales. Score 8 to 0.

The Parkdale Junior Hockey Club would like to arrange for a match with the Garnets. Address J. McCreary, secretary, 1334 Queen-street west.

The international one mile skating match on Cambridge Fens yesterday was won by Smart, the English champion, in 3 minutes 25 3-5 seconds.

A four-rink friendly curling match will be played next Monday between the Caledonians and Torontos, two rinks on Victoria ice at 3.30 p.m., and two in Mutual-street at 7.30.

The Caledonians' annual points medal competition takes place this afternoon and evening in the Mutual-street Rink.

The carnival last night in Mutual-street Rink was a huge success. The big rink was packed with merry-makers, and many fancy and unique costumes adorned the plethora of skaters, all of whom seemed to thoroughly enjoy themselves.

There were 350 skaters in costume at the Logan-avenue Rink last night. The prizes in the hard times contest were won as follows: S. Palmer 1, J. Barnes 2, F. Barry 3.

The Vics defaulted to the Granites in a senior O.H.A. match scheduled for last night at the Granite Rink.

The Granites and Parkdale play a friendly game to-night, two rinks on the ice of each club.

Tom Eck, with Johnson and Rudd, left last night for Chicago. Davidson will remain here until their return. Eck says that Johnson and Donoghue will surely meet in a 3-mile race, as it is Donoghue's greatest wish.

At the annual competition among the members of the Sarnia Curling Club for the Mackenzie Medal, the contest brought out some fine points of scientific curling on the part of the competitors. The medal was won by W. F. Thomas with a score of 34, one of the highest ever made in any contest for the Mackenzie Medal.

Choked to Death at Dinner.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., Feb. 7.—Donald Matheson, aged 80, living near Emerald Junction, accidentally choked to death with a piece of meat while eating his dinner.

NO BOXING IN NEW YORK STATE.

The Morton Bill Passes the Assembly By a Big Majority.

Albany, Feb. 7.—The Norton Bill, prohibiting boxing or sparring exhibitions, came up for final passage in the Assembly to-day. The roll call was nearly completed before the members awoke to the fact that the bill was an important one and was being passed. They were awakened by Mr. Donnelly, who voted against the measure, saying that football playing was just as dangerous. Then he was followed by various members on both sides who changed their votes to the negative. The bill, in spite of opposition, was passed by a vote of 69 to 32.

The bill as passed reads as follows: "A person who within the state engages in, instigates, aids, encourages or does any act to further a contention or fight without weapons, between two or more persons, or a fight commonly called a ring or prize fight, either within or without the state, or who engages in a public or private sparring exhibition, with or without gloves, within the state, at which an admission fee is charged or received, or directly or indirectly, or who sends or publishes a challenge for such contention, exhibition or fight, or carries or delivers such a challenge or acceptance, or trains or assists any person in training or preparing for such contention, exhibition or fight is guilty of a misdemeanor.

"This Act shall take effect Sept. 1, 1895." The bill will now be sent to the Senate for action.

National Yacht and Skiff Club.

The monthly meeting of the National Yacht and Skiff Club will take place in their club house this evening at 8 o'clock. This being the club's last meeting of the fiscal year, all amendments to the constitution, by-laws, sailing and house regulations will be read by the honorary-secretary, also notices of motion, the same to be debated at the annual meeting next month. Nominations for office and committees will be made. The members are earnestly requested to be present, as business of great importance will be discussed.

Athletic and General Notes.

On account of the severe weather the Toronto Canoe Club have postponed their ladies' night from this evening until Friday, Feb. 22.

The annual meeting of the American Kennel Club will be held in New York Feb. 23.

The London National Sporting Club has offered a $2500 purse for the "Coffee Cooler" and Joe Choynski to fight for next May.

If you want to buy a good bicycle, absolutely good, buy an Eclipse. Sold at 35 King-street west.

Manager J. D. Mahoney of the Troy Baseball Club has signed thus far for next season Marr Phillips, Jerry Foley, Henry Daley, Charles Rogers and Joseph Connor. The last named is a brother of Roger Connor.

Robert Gentle, L.A.W., chief consul of the State of New Jersey, says that the State has 36,000 cyclists, and of that number only 1400 are members of the league.

Coacher Courtney has registered forty-eight candidates for the Cornell Varsity crew and forty-nine for the freshmen crews. He works with the men five hours daily, and says that never before has he seen such enthusiasm among the oarsmen.

With the exception of a third baseman and a left fielder, the Buffalo ball team is complete. For these two vacancies the selection will be from four available men, Drauby, Daley, Dowse and Bottenus. The team as it stands is: Pitchers, Vickerey, M. Gleason, Herndon and McFaul; catchers, Boyd and Urquhart; first base, James Field; second base, Samuel Wise; shortstop, Edward Lesweo; centre field, William Clymer; right field, John S. Shearon.

Race Track Gossip.

The announcement that Mr. Hendrie has purchased Ida Pickwick is premature. He was negotiating for the mare, but the deal has not been closed.—Hamilton Spectator.

From the opening of the regular western racing season at Little Rock, Ark., on April 1 to June 30, a period of about 76 days, there will be distributed over $1,200,000 in stakes and purses.

The explosion of a coal oil stove in the Horse Exchange stables, Point St. Charles, Montreal, caused a fire which cost the life of No Trouble, the valued 2.22 pacer owned by J. Burke, Ottawa.

The Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Brooklyn trotting circuit has been organized. The schedule of dates for the new circuit was arranged as follows: Arlington, Baltimore, May 6-9; Baltimore, Gentlemen's Driving Park, May 13-16; Pimlico, May 20-24; Belmont Park, June 22-24; Point Breeze, June 5-7; Fleetwood, June 10-14; Parkway, Brooklyn, June 17-20.

The well-known western performer, Widowood, by Wilddile, out of Pedora IV., is dead. This is the horse that was tipped to win the Brooklyn Handicap last year. The Californian did not stand his preparation and did not start in the big race. He was one of the holders of the record at one mile and seventy yards, running the distance in 1.44 at Chicago in 1893. Faraway and Cash Day also have run the distance in 1.44.

The Port Huron Driving Park Association has re-elected the old officers as follows: President, A. A. Graves; vice-president, James Goulden; directors, W. E. Thomas, H. C. Kulil, jr., Charles Grieb, sen., W. H. Smith, sen., John G. O'Neill, T. J. Hayes, Charles Wellman and F. Lohrstoefer. The association is in good financial condition, and a nice dividend was declared for the past year. Fifteen thousand dollars was set aside for the present year's meetings. The grounds were also ordered to be put into first-class condition.

PUBLIC SCHOOL BOARD.

The Chairman Recommends Additional School Buildings.

There was a large attendance at the meeting of the Public School Board last night. Mr. W. J. Hambly, the new chairman, made a lengthy speech from the throne in advocacy of building new schools during the year. He pointed out that $8128 rental annually was being paid for outside accommodation in different parts of the city. The citizens should be able to see that this represented the interest at 4 per cent. on a capital of $78,000. It would be seen that at the present time, when wages are lower, it would be cheaper and wiser to build. Proper surroundings, well ventilated, cheerful and sanitary, were a necessary element in successful education. Since Dec., 1892, the number of school children had increased from 22,867 to 25,765, and 1500 of them could not be accommodated in the present schools. Taking up general matters, the chairman said he believed in continual progress. Trustees should not resent the criticism of the press. They should welcome it. It would be better if the press devoted more attention to their meetings, and if some of the newspaper men were better informed on educational matters. He also urged the trustees to do away with sectional differences.

The Finance Committee's report was passed, providing for payment of accounts to the amount of $18945.58. Mr. W. B. McMurrich's account for legal costs in 1894 for $1861.53 was referred to the Finance Committee. Over the School Management Committee's report there was a wrangle, in which Trustees Roden and Douglas played leading parts. The accusation was hurled at Mr. Roden's head that he placed sectional interests above the welfare of the educational system, and that gentleman responded with equal force. The report finally went through intact.

Whiteway's New Cabinet.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 7.—The Whiteway Cabinet crisis was ended to-night, and the new Ministry will be gazetted to-morrow. The Cabinet proper will be composed of Sir W. V. Whiteway, Premier and Attorney-General; Robert Bond, Colonial Secretary; Henry Woods, Surveyor-General; and A. W. Harvey, Edward Morris and George Emerson, members without portfolios. P. J. Scott will be Receiver-General, and Eli Dawes Chairman of the Board of Works, without seats in the Cabinet. The new Cabinet is the same as that in the original Whiteway Ministry, which was dissolved last year on account of bribery convictions, except that George Emerson replaces James Fox. The Legislature will meet to-morrow, when the new Ministry will probably declare its policy.

SPRINGER BILL DEFEATED.

CLEVELAND'S POPULAR LOAN MEASURE REJECTED.

The Three Amendments to the Bill Voted Down By a Union of the Populists Against the Republicans—On the Final Vote the Bill Was Thrown Out By 159 to 97.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The House discussed plans for financial relief three days and refused by decisive votes to pass any one of them. When the committee of the whole concluded its sessions, three propositions were reported to the House for its action—the original Springer bill (known as the Administration bill) proposing the issue of $500,000,000 3-per cent. 50-year-old bonds; the substitute proposed by Mr. Reed, authorizing the issue of two-year 3-per cent. certificates of indebtedness to meet current deficiencies in the revenue and bonds to cover the deficiency in the gold reserve, with an amendment re-affirming the declaration of the Matthews resolution of 1878, to the effect that coin obligations of the Government are payable in standard silver dollars at its option; and the substitute of Mr. Cox containing a rehabilitation of state banks, with an amendment expressly declining to confer the right to issue bonds upon the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. Bryan's amendment was rejected; yeas 127, nays 169, and then Mr. Reed's substitute went the same way by a vote of 109 to 157. This was nearly a party vote, the Populists and Democrats in opposition and Republicans in favor of the substitute.

The amendment proposed by Mr. Cobb to Cox's substitute was voted down viva voce and the substitute received but 55 votes in the affirmative to 184 in the negative. By the vote of 159 nays and 97 yeas, the House voted to order the engrossment and the third reading of the amended Springer bill, which announcement was received with applause. A vote by yeas and nays somewhat reduced the majority against the bill, it resulting yeas 135, nays 162, present and not voting 4.

Placing the New U.S. Loan.

London, Feb. 7.—The negotiations for placing a portion of the new United States loan in England have been quietly concluded to-morrow. About $60,000,000 of the bonds will be taken, of which London will take half.

Gold Reserve $41,009,000.

Washington, Feb. 7.—The Treasury gold reserve was reduced to-day by withdrawals of $320,000 at New York to $41,743,136.

DEATH OF MAJOR HARRISON.

A Well-Known Military Man Passes Away.

Major Arthur Harrison, for many years teller in the Molsons Bank, Toronto, died at his residence, 20 Madison-avenue, yesterday morning. The deceased gentleman, who was a general favorite in banking circles and enjoyed the acquaintance of an extensive circle of friends, was in the 48th year of his age, and had been ill for a period of two months. The immediate cause of his death was hemorrhage of the liver. On Monday last he was so far recovered from his illness that, accompanied by Mrs. Harrison, he came down town, afterwards spending the afternoon at the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. John Foy. On the evening of Monday he appeared to be enjoying better health and was in very good spirits, hoping that the day was not far distant when he would be enabled to resume his duties at the bank. Major Harrison was twice married, his first wife being the daughter of the late Mr. Macdonell of Bathurst-street. His second wife, to whom he was married about two years ago, was the youngest daughter of Sir Frank Smith, by whom he had one child, which, together with the widow, now survives him.

Major Harrison was for many years a most enthusiastic military man and took a great interest in the former 10th Royals, which afterwards merged into the Royal Grenadiers, the service of which he left but a few years ago, after meeting with a rather severe accident on a holiday parade. The deceased gentleman leaves two sisters, one living in England and the other the wife of Bishop Young in the Northwest. His death will be greatly regretted by a large number of friends with whom he was an especial favorite. He was blessed with a kind disposition, and one with whom it was always a pleasure to come in contact. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock from his late residence to St. James' Cemetery.

Local Jottings.

The People's Wholesale Supply Company have just received a large shipment of turkeys, chickens and fresh butter, which they can sell direct to consumers at away down prices. The public will do well to patronize the **People's Wholesale Supply Company**, 35 Colborne-street. You can save money.

The annual general meeting of the Consolidated Plate Glass Company of Canada, Limited, was held on Wednesday last at the head office of the company here. The election of directors resulted as follows: President, Frank J. Phillips; vice-presidents, W. R. Hobbs, London; A. Ramsay, Montreal; directors, L. I. Boivin, W. C. Phillips, Joseph McCausland and T. S. Hobbs, M.L.A.

The play of "Richard III.," which has been taken up during the winter by the Toronto Dramatic Literature Association, was practically finished on Tuesday night. Those who desire to join the class, under the direction of W. Houston, M.A., for the study of the "Antigone" of Sophocles, will be able to do so next Monday evening, the regular day of meeting. Copies of the text of the "Antigone," in Greek and English, may be had at trifling cost.

Quo warranto proceedings were taken yesterday to unseat Mayor Bond of Toronto Junction on the ground that he failed to levy a sufficient rate to provide for the sinking fund, and also misapplied the moneys to be used for that purpose for the payment of current expenses.

The annual meeting of the Scarboro Conservative Association will be held at Calendar Hall, Malvern, on Monday next, at 2 o'clock. Officers will be elected and prominent Conservatives will speak.

The firemen were called out at 10 p.m. yesterday to a fire in a dwelling at 47 Picot-street. Damage to the building, $400; fully insured, cause unknown.

A lecture by Rev. A. John Cleave of Chicago, Ill., on the "Keys of the Kingdom of Heaven," is announced in our advertising columns for to-night, in the New Jerusalem Church, Bloor-street, near Yonge. Mr. Cleave is one of Chicago's most able and brilliant lecturers and a good audience is assured.

The Festival Chorus held its rehearsal of Dr. Lowe's cantata "Lina," last night, doing splendid work. The orchestra will probably unite next Tuesday night with the chorus.

The first annual dinner of the Queen City Bicycle Club took place last night at the Gladstone House. The president, Mr. W. J. McVeigh, occupied the chair, and the other local clubs were all represented. Those who took part in the entertainment were Messrs. Harry Hall, Dr. Sparrow, Frank Wright, E. D. Davis and A. W. Barton.

The Watters Case Adjourned.

Ottawa, Feb. 7.—The case against Thomas J. Watters, acting Commissioner of Customs, was called in the Police Court this morning. A. Ferguson, Q.C., who appeared for Mr. Watters, asked for a postponement of the case for a week.

Mr. Hogg, Q.C., who was present for the Crown, consented to this being done, and Police Magistrate O'Gara agreed. Bail was renewed, Mr. Watters for $2000, and James Isbester and Joseph Kavanagh $1000 each. The case was postponed until Thursday next.

RECEPTION TO GEN. BOOTH

Continued from first page.

J. Maclaren, chairman of Executive Dominion Alliance; Mrs. Annie O. Rutherford, district president W.C.T.U.; J. B. Brooks, G.W.P. Sons of Temperance; James Armstrong, district C.T., I.O.G.T.; E. J. T. Fisher, M.D., district councillor, R.T. of T.; James W. Curry, president Temperance Reform Association; J. S. Robertson, president Canadian Temperance League.

Mr. J. S. Robertson gave an address on behalf of the Canadian Temperance League, o npretty much the same lines as that from the other temperance organizations.

From a Patriotic Standpoint

Mr. W. F. Maclean, M.P., said he held it a duty and esteemed it a pleasure to join with the Army and the citizens of Toronto in welcoming General Booth. He comes not as a stranger. His reputation, his fame, his good works, have preceded him, and we trust that they will continue after he has departed. He comes as a fellow-subject of that venerable and noble woman Her Majesty the Queen. (Cheers.) The General is an Englishman, and it is because I wish to see British character dominate the North American continent that I heartily welcome him on this occasion. British character is the strongest force on this continent, and it has this force from the religious convictions of the people. (Cheers.)

There have been many great religious movements which are historic—the Reformation in Europe, the Presbyterian movement in Scotland, the Wesleyan movement in England a century ago, and now the great movement of the Salvation Army under General Booth. (Cheers.) British character has been materially strengthened by these movements. Therefore, as a politician and a British subject, I welcome General Booth. He has founded a movement that has helped to build up British character. Another reason why I appreciate the Salvation Army is because it has not only preached the gospel of Divine love, but the gospel o fhelp, the gospel of work. These characteristics of the movement have met with general approval, and I hope they will long continue to characterize it.

In conclusion, Mr. Maclean proposed: That this meeting thank General Booth for his earnest and instructive address, and trust that the good work of the Salvation Army may long continue and spread and that many years of usefulness may be granted to ots General. (Loud cheering.)

Commissioner Coatsworth seconded the motion in a speech in which he reviewed the Army's work in Toronto and its beneficial result on the churches. He, too, like Mr. Maclean, gloried in the patriotic British character of the movement.

General Booth replied and proposed a vote of thanks to Lieutenant-Governor for presiding and for his admirable speech.

THE LADY THOMPSON FUND.

Canada Will Make Provision For Her, Say Sir William Harcourt.

London, Feb. 7.—Sir William Harcourt replied in the House of Commons to-day to the enquiry of Mr. Johnstone as to whether the provision would be made by the Government for the relief of Lady Thompson and the junior members of the family of the late Sir John Thompson.

He said that there was every reason to believe that the people of Canada would make provision for Lady Thompson and her children, in recognition of the eminent services which the deceased statesman had rendered to the Dominion.

Sir William Harcourt announced that the Government would immediately appoint a committee to enquire into the condition of the unemployed, and seek to mitigate their situation. The enquiry, he said, would extend to the provinces.

THE OVERDUE STEAMERS.

No Sign of Either La Gascogne or the Teutonic.

New York, Feb. 7.—No tidings have been received from any quarter of the French line steamship La Gascogne, which is now more than four days overdue. The England, from London, due three days behind her usual time, and the Dutch tank steamer La Flandre, from Antwerp, arrived early this morning.

La Flandre reports that she experienced a hurricane on Jan. 30, lasting nine hours, and another on Feb. 2, which assumed cyclonic force, coming out from the east-southeast, changing to northeast, lasting 12 hours, with heavy head seas, snow and hail, and severe cold weather, accompanied by dense vapor.

The White Star Line steamer Teutonic, from Liverpool, which was due here yesterday morning, has not yet been sighted.

Heavy Weather Five Days

Southampton, Feb. 7.—The steamer Lahn, from New York, reports having experienced easterly gales for five days. She was compelled to stop for eight hours by the violence of the weather.

S.s. Cephalonia at Queenstown.

Queenstown, Feb. 7.—The steamer Cephalonia, from Boston, has arrived here and is taking on coal. She experienced terrific easterly and westerly gales during the passage, and had part of her port rail carried away. Her passengers state that on Thursday last a vessel was seen showing a blazing light like the burning of a tar barrel, and blowing her fog horn. The light soon vanished and nothing more was seen of it.

A BRITISH WINTER.

Ice Packs in the Thames and Mersey—Snow Plows at Work.

London, Feb. 7.—An ice floe from the Upper Mersey has drifted down to the river's mouth, forming a mass half a mile long and several hundred yards wide. The ice has blocked access to the landing stage and compelled the stoppage of the ferries.

The traffic of small vessels is greatly endangered by heavy ice packs at the mouth of the Thames. The railways in Scotland are still blocked with snow. Snowplows, which have been sent out to clear out the lines, have themselves been imbedded in snowbanks, and the men operating them have suffered severely from the intense cold.

The steamer Princes May, with passengers and mails, which left Larne, Ireland, for Stranraer, Scotland, at 6 o'clock last evening, arrived at the latter place at 11 o'clock this morning, though it should have taken her only two hours to make the passage.

Cork Snowed Under.

Cork, Feb. 7.—Snow has fallen for 15 hours in southwestern Ireland. Several trains are embedded in drifts, and no railway in the region is operating regularly. Communication with Killarney, Tralee, Mallow and Bantry has been suspended.

Belgium Feels It

Antwerp, Feb. 7.—The River Sheldt is frozen over with ice so solid as to enable people to cross on foot. Navigation is totally suspended above Austroweil.

A Missouri College Burned.

Jackson, Miss., Feb. 7.—This morning Belhaven College caught fire from the furnace room. The wind was blowing such a gale and the flames spread with such rapidity that in two hours all was in ruins. There were 65 persons in the college, and all escaped. The building and contents were valued at $50,000, insurance $19,000.

Personal.

John W. Bunting, who for some time conducted a drug store on Wellesley-street, died at Pickering yesterday, aged 33 years. Deceased was a member of Stevenson Lodge, A.F and A.M.

"A FIRST-CLASS SWINDLE."

ALD. LAMB'S OPINION OF THE AQUEDUCT SCHEME.

The Council of 1895 Show a Desire to Imitate Their Predecessors in Their Readiness to Give Away a Valuable Franchise—Very Little Information Vouchsafed the Committee.

For three hours and a half yesterday the time of the aldermen who are members of the Board of Works was taken up with a discussion of the well-worn aqueduct agreement. The same arguments, the same tactics, the same personations, everything was exactly similar to the discussions on this subject that have time and again taken place at the City Hall, the only difference being that some who were the most ardent supporters of the company last year do not figure in the battle now, their places having been taken by others equally as talkative and equally as desirous of rushing the thing through the council. The Baron

John Macdonald & Co.

TO THE TRADE:

SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. SILKS. — New shipment in SILKS just received, suitable for Houses, Evening Wear and Trimmings: GLACE TAFFETAS, PLAIN AND FANCY JAPAN, FANCY FIGURED, PIN SPOTS, CHECKS, PONGEE, PONGOR, CHINA, ALSO BLACK AND COLORED SURAHS. ORDERS SOLICITED.

Filling Letter Orders a Specialty.

John Macdonald & Co.
Wellington and Front-streets East, Toronto.

HOW TO MEND THEIR WAYS.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE GOOD ROADS ASSOCIATION.

Delegates From All Parts of Ontario Confer—They Bring in Good Reports—Speeches of the Lieutenant-Governor and the Minister of Agriculture—Valuable Suggestions.

About 120 farmers and representative men met in Association Hall yesterday afternoon at the first annual meeting of the Ontario Good Roads Association.

The president, Andrew Pattullo, Woodstock, was in the chair. Among those present were: D. M. McPherson, M.L.A., Newburg; J. F. Beam, Black Creek; W. H. Taylor, Muskoka; A. H. Pettit, Grimsby; J. W. Spence, London; A. W. Campbell, St. Thomas; H. Rankin, Collins Bay; Dr. Kitchen, St. George; H. J. Bowman, Berlin; William Munroe, Braemar; J. C. Dance, Kingsmill.

On the platform were the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario and Hon. John Dryden, Minister of Agriculture.

The Objects Sought.

President Pattullo described the progress of the association as greater than anticipated, and much good was looked for in the way of reform.

A number of delegates gave brief addresses, very much like an experience meeting, as to the need of road reform. No radical changes were advocated, but the abolition of statute labor was favorably referred to.

The chairman said the speeches delivered showed increasing interest in the association. All agreed that there are evils and defects which it was hoped that this association might be the means of remedying.

The Lieut.-Governor was called on and said: Of the utmost importance to farmers is the question of good roads. Competition in agricultural products has been so keen that it is necessary to get such products to market at the least possible cost. Without this it matters little what their excellence may be. If means of transportation are impeded, it means considerable increase in the cost of production. The country with the best roads will have generally the best trade. Further markets can then be reached at very little more cost than nearer ones. It is a positive loss to the farmer to have his teams unused and horses idle in the autumn on account of the badness of the roads.

Practical men tell us of the waste and inutility of statute labor in many places. They speak of loitering and wrestling and playing, putting in ten minutes' work instead of an hour. In such cases the county does not benefit 50 cents a day for the work which is put in. Hence the importance of considering a better method.

New Way for Mending Roads.

His Honor then referred to the need of improved methods of road-making and repairing. He thought the farmers of Ontario had intelligence enough to adopt a better system. Counties have contributed large sums in bonuses to railways; for the expenditure of a less sum they would receive more benefit in good highways.

The Lieut.-Governor next referred to the fact that Governor Daly of Nova Scotia had announced the introduction of a bill to promote better roads; and to the mention in the Queen's Speech of proposed legislation for light railways. All this confirmed what he had stated, that the cost of transportation enters largely into the question of market prices.

About Hard Times.

Then His Honor touched on a subject which evidenced the endorsation of the farmers. Said he, "Talk about hard times! It would be much better for all of us if there were no waste. That is where hard times come in. Don't fritter away the time of hundreds and thousands of young men on statute labor when they ought to be earning three times as much on the farm.

"I hope that you will be able to suggest to the Minister of Agriculture and the Legislature some scheme which may result in practical legislation."

Willingness to Aid Transportation.

The chairman, in reference to the large sums counties had given to railways, said that, though some of the money had been wisely spent, bonuses would not now be granted, judging from the experience the farmers had.

The Minister of Agriculture.

Hon. John Dryden said good roads were a matter of education, and by means of this association the educational process was being advanced. He admitted he had no legislative plan for the attainment of the object. The matter was being discussed in the press and on platforms. Unity of action will lead to a plan which may be carried out in the near future. Some of the speakers had condemned the statute labor system. There were, he said, exceptions to the state of affairs condemned. Some farmers worked as faithfully on the roads as on their own farms. Some even worked overtime, taking a pride in it, knowing that they were making a road for themselves.

Road repairing was more a question for the people concerned than for the Legislature. One of the most important things in road-making is good drainage. It was undesirable to repair roads in ways favored by some pathmasters. The idea seems to prevail in certain districts that the best way to preserve a road is to put it in a position in which people cannot use it.

Mr. Dryden went on to advocate wide tires for wagons, and suggested that the association put itself in communication with the wagon manufacturers on the question. Statute labor, he thought, would not soon be done away with, but good roads ought certainly to supersede bad ones.

"The farmers of this country are at present too poor to pay for labor outside themselves for road-repairing. The main thing—the key of the situation—is to have a better control and supervision of statute labor. There must be overseers who know their business. There must be a settled design, a special uniform plan for repairs."

In conclusion, the Minister of Agriculture advised the association to go slowly and not rush into expenditures they would afterwards regret.

Papers on road-repair and cognate matters were read and discussed.

The association meets again to-day.

Always on Hand.—Mr. Thomas H. Porter, Lower Ireland, P.Q., writes: "My son, 18 months old, had croup so bad that nothing gave him relief until a neighbor brought me some of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, which I gave him, and in six weeks he was cured. It is the best medicine I ever used, and I would not be without a bottle of it in my house.

British Trade.

London, Feb. 7.—The Board of Trade returns for the month of January show that during that month the imports decreased £1,710,000, and the exports increased £70,000, as compared with those of the corresponding month last year.

ESTATE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Pursuant to a judgment of the Chancery Division of the High Court of Justice, made in a certain action between Mary Jane S. Bates, plaintiff, and Mary Ann White and others, defendants, the creditors of William Case White, late of the Township of Bartonin the County of Wentworth, who died on the 17th August, 1887, and of William Robert White, late of the City of Toronto, who died on or about the 28th May, 1889, are, on or before the 18th day of February, 1895, to send by post prepaid to Messrs. Lazier & Monck of Hamilton, the Solicitors for the Executrix and Executors of William Case White and for the Administrator ad litem of William Robert White, deceased, their Christian and surnames, address and description, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them or in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said judgment. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before me, at my chambers, at the Court House, Hamilton, on the 20th day of February, 1895, at eleven o'clock, forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudication on the claims.

Dated this 28th day of January, 1895.
(Sgd.) J. E. O'REILLY, Master.

Cascallen & Cahill, Hamilton, Ont., Solicitors for Plaintiff. 555

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dulness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance may be permanently cured. Send your address for book on diseases peculiar to man, sent free sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonell-ave., Toronto, Ont., Canada.

THE TRADE SITUATION.

Politics and Severe Weather Have a Bad Effect on Business.

The Daily Bulletin (R. G. Dun & Co.) says: "The commercial situation in Ontario is unchanged. The snowstorms have been followed by zero weather, which has been so severe in many localities that traffic has been somewhat impeded thereby. Business interests are also suffering by the increased activity in political circles, which have given rise to a feeling that elections are drawing near. The general feeling is that elections cannot come too soon, and the sooner that they are over the better. Tariff reform creates uncertainty and distrust, and while such feelings last there is little hope of any improvement in trade.

"The 4th of February, which was the source of a good many misgivings among the Montreal drygoods trade, passed off fairly. Taken as a whole a fair average of payments was provided for, while several houses among those consulted say they were agreeably disappointed in being asked for fewer renewals than they had anticipated.

"The annual January sales, in London, of the Hudson Bay Co.'s and Lampson & Co.'s collection of raw furs resulted in a decline in all lines of Canadian furs except mink and marten, and buyers' prices have been revised accordingly."

Inspector Stephen Explains.

Inspector Stephen made the following statement in regard to an article headed, "Discipline with a Vengeance," which appeared in yesterday's World: "The article is wholly erroneous, and calculated to mislead the public. I was engaged at the Assize Court up till 3.45 yesterday, and it was not until 20 minutes past 4 that I was called up by P. C. Redford, saying that a fire had appeared at his house and the schoolhouse adjoining. For all I knew, P.C. Redford was doing duty at the time on the corner of King and Yonge-streets. Sergt. Seymour omitted to report to me that Redford had not come on duty at the usual time, namely, 2.45. As I said, the first intimation I had received he was off duty was at 4.20. Redford told me there had been a fire and that he was detained from duty for this reason and because his wife was sick and she might have to be carried out. I ascertained from him that the fire was out as far as his house was concerned, and that two nurses were in charge of his wife. He then said, 'Will I go on duty, Inspector?' Says I, 'I don't think you are of any use at home; you may as well come.' He came and reported for duty at a quarter to 5 o'clock. On reporting at the station I said to him, 'Redford, you are quite right to stay at home looking after your wife and property. Under the circumstances I would have done the same as you did.' That is all there is in it. If corroboration is needed, the police matron was there, and she can substantiate what I say."

Cotton Markets.

At New York the market is stronger. March closed at 5.50, April at 5.53, May at 5.58 and June at 5.62, and July at 5.65.

Business Men's Association.

The Business Men's Association of Toronto will meet for organization to-day at 28 Wellington-street east at 2.30 p.m. The object of the association is to advertise the attractions of the city by the issue of guide books, folders, etc., for distribution in different parts of the continent. It is proposed to form committees for carrying on the different branches of the work. The finances of the association are to be provided for by raising $5000 a year from the citizens and by asking a like amount from the City Council.

A Restoration

of the original colors, but no change in them, is all that happens with Pearline. The dirt is taken out, and that brings the colors back—but they are never taken away.

If they are not hurt by water, they won't be hurt by Pearline.

For washing that has been proved to be absolutely safe, without any risk, nothing costs less than Pearline.

Any other kind of washing is likely to be dear, no matter what the price.

Send it Back

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.*

JAMES PYLE, New York.

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD!

IN THE FUTURE AS IN THE PAST

THE ORIENTAL STEAM LAUNDRY

wishes friends and patrons to know that they will find us at our large and commodious premises, NOS. 168, 170, 172 AND 174 KING-STREET WEST. We assure them first-class work and prompt delivery. We have made some new improvements and secured more store rooms, also have additional wagons, which enables us to reach all suburban towns and be more prompt in delivery. Special prices made on application at head office. Telephone 2418. Nos. 168, 170, 172 and 174 King-street west.

Toronto, Feb. 1st, 1895. 135 **A. H. SULLIVAN & CO.**

WAITING FOR THE BOND ISSUE

THE SECURITY MARKETS ARE QUIET AND FEATURELESS.

An Increase in Bank Clearings at Toronto—Sterling Exchange is Weaker—Wheat Irregular, Closing Heavy at Chicago—Provisions On a Higher Basis—Limited Receipts in the West—Cotton Stronger.

Thursday Evening, Feb. 7.

Dominion Telegraph is higher.

Toronto Street Railway shares a little firmer to-day.

Sterling exchange is rather weaker to-day, which is unfavorable for gold exports.

Consols are firmer, closing at 104 7-6 for money and at 104 1-2 for account.

Canadian Pacific steady, closing in London at 53 3-4. St. Paul closed at 57 3-4, Erie at 10 3-4 and New York at 102 1-2.

The clearings of Winnipeg banks the past week were $730,687.

The earnings of the Grand Trunk Railway for the week ended Feb. 2 were $268,662, a decrease of $27,379 as compared with the same week of last year.

A Washington special says that the gold amendment holds. The House voted down the declaration for bi-metalism.

The business failures in Canada this week, according to R. G. Dun & Co., number 52, as against 54 last week and 60 the corresponding week of last year.

WINDSOR DAIRY SALT

is recommended by Prof. Jas. W. Robertson, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, as THE BEST for Buttermaking.

Toronto Salt Works
128 Adelaide East, Toronto.

Bank Clearings at Toronto.

The clearings this week are most satisfactory, being over a million greater than last week and the corresponding week of last year. Following are the figures, with comparisons:

	Clearings.	Balances
Feb. 1	$1,077,073	$183,830
Feb. 2	1,180,310	195,609
Feb. 4	1,041,874	166,749
Feb. 5	1,076,348	90,100
Feb. 6	1,071,419	166,199
Feb. 7	905,516	99,027
Totals	$6,950,570	$864,275
Last week	$5,332,940	$ 794,978
Cor. week, 1894	5,502,192	627,147
" 1893	6,242,208	740,973

STOCKS AND BONDS.

MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES for sale at prices to yield from 4 to 5 per cent. Suitable for Trustees or for deposit with DOMINION Government Insurance Department. SCOTCH money to invest in large blocks at 5 per cent.

Æmilius Jarvis & Co.
Office 23 King-street W. Telephone 1879.

Money Markets.

Money is unchanged, the rate on call loans being 4 per cent. both here and in Montreal. The market is firmer in New York at 1 1-2 to 2 per cent. and in London at 1-2 per cent. The Bank of England discount rate is unchanged at 2, and the open market rate is 15-16 per cent.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

E. R. C. CLARKSON
Trustee, Liquidator, Receiver.

CLARKSON & CROSS
Chartered Accountants.
North British & Mercantile Chambers
26 Wellington-St., Toronto. 246

Foreign Exchange.

Rates of exchange, as reported by Æmilius Jarvis & Co., stock brokers, are as follows:

	Between Banks. Counter.	Buyers.	Sellers
New York funds	¼ to ¼	3-64 to 1-32 dis.	
Sterling, 60 days	9⅛ to 10	9⅝ to 9 11-16	
do demand	10⅛ to 10¼	9¾ to 9 15-16	
RATES IN NEW YORK.	Posted.	Actual.	
Sterling, 60 days	4.87½	4.86¾ to 4.87	
do. demand	4.89	4.87¾ to 4.88	

MONEY TO LEND
5½ AND 5%
APPLY DIRECT TO
ALEXANDER, FERGUSSON & BLAIKIE
28 Toronto-street, Toronto. 246

Toronto Stock Market.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—Montreal, 222 and 219; Ontario, 98 and 90; Toronto, 246 and 241 1-2; Merchants', 166 and 164; Commerce, 138 and 137 1-8; Imperial, 183 and 184 1-4; Dominion, 276 and 271 1-2; Standard, 164 and 161; Hamilton, 154 1-2 and 153.

British America, 115 and 113; Consumers' Gas, 199 and 198; Dominion Telegraph, 115 bid; Can. Northwest Land, pref., 70 asked; Can. Pacific Railway Stock, 53 and 51 1-2; Toronto Electric Light Co., 160 asked; Incandescent Light Co., 110 3-4 and 110; General Electric, 90 asked; Commercial Cable Co., 144 1-2 and 144 1-4; Bell Telephone Co., 155 and 153 7-8; Montreal Street Railway Co., 184 1-2 and 183; do new, 182 1-2 and 181; Toronto Railway, 76 and 75 5-8; Western Assurance, 152 and 150 1-2.

B. and Loan Association, 98 asked; Can. Landed and Nat. Inv. Co., 122 and 120 3-4; Canada Permanent, 155 bid; do 20 per cent., 155 bid; Canadian S. and Loan, 114 bid; Central Canada Loan, 124 1-4 and 123; Dom. Savings and Inv. Soc., 75 bid; Farmers' L. and Savings, 112 asked; do 20 per cent., 98 asked; Freehold, 133 bid; do 20 per cent., 124 asked; Hamilton Provident, 126 and 124; Huron and Erie L. and Savings, 163 bid; do 20 per cent., 153 bid; Landed Banking and Loan, 113 1-2 bid; Land Security Co., 120 asked; Lon. and Can. L. and A., 121 and 118 3-4; Manitoba Loan, 100 asked; Ontario Industrial Loan, 50 bid; Ontario Loan and Deb., 128 3-4 bid; People's Loan, 40 bid; Real Estate Loan and Deb. Co., 72 asked; Toronto Savings and Loan, 120 and 118; Union Loan and Savings, 125 and 122; Western Canada L. and S., 161 bid; do 25 per cent., 154 asked.

Morning transactions: Standard, 16 at 162; Gas, 20 at 198 1-4; Dominion Telegraph, 20, 100 at 115 1-4; Cable, 25 at 144 7-8, 25, 25 at 144 3-4; Telephone, 25 at 154 3-4; Toronto Street Railway, 25, 12 at 75, 50 at 75 1-4, 100, 25 at 75 7-8, 25, 25 at 76, 25, 50 at 76 1-8, 100, 25 at 76; Canada Landed Loan, 12, 28 at 121.

Afternoon transactions: Freehold Loan, 4 at 133 3-4; Hamilton Provident, 15 at 125; London and Canadian, 50 at 119.

Very fine New BOSNIA **PRUNES**

These Goods are choice, seasonable and right.

THE EBY-BLAIN CO., LTD.
Wholesale Grocers.
TORONTO, ONT.

Montreal Stock Market.

Montreal, Feb. 7.—Close—Montreal, 221 and 219; Ontario, 100 asked; Toronto, 245 and 239 1-2; Merchants', 167 and 164; People's, 125 and 120; Commerce, 138 and 137; Montreal Telegraph, 158 and 156 1-2; Richelieu, xd., 98 and 95; Street Railway, 184 and 183 1-2; Cable, 144 3-8 and 144; Telephone, 155 and 154; Duluth, 3 3-4 and 3 1-4; do., pref., 10 and 7; C.P.R., 52 3-4 and 52 1-4; Northwest Land, Co., 60 asked; Gas, 194 and 193 1-2; Toronto Street Railway, 76 and 75 1-2.

Morning sales: C.P.R., 125 at 52 1-2; Cable, 85 at 145, 50 at 144 3-4, 25 at 144 7-8, 50 at 144 1-2; Street Railway, 200 at 184; do., new, 275 at 182, 5 at 181 1-2; Gas, 25 at 192 1-2, 15 at 192 1-2; Telephone, 25 at 155; Toronto Street Railway, 25 at 75, 50 at 75 1-8, 100 at 75 3-4, 200 at 76, 25 at 76 1-2.

Afternoon sales: Duluth, 100 at 3 1-2; Gas, 100 at 192 3-4, 125 at 193; Telephone, 31 at 155.

HOCKEY STICKS AND SKATES
AIKENHEAD HARDWARE CO.
6 ADELAIDE EAST. 246

THE FARMERS' MARKETS.

Business dull at the St. Lawrence market to-day, and prices generally steady.

Wheat firm. 100 bushels selling at 64 1-2c for white. Goose is quoted at 60c. Barley dull, 400 bushels selling at 48c. Oats unchanged. 200 bushels selling at 34c 1-2c to 35c. One load of peas sold at 62c.

Hay and Straw.

Hay in fair supply, 15 loads selling at $10 to $11 for timothy, and at $7.50 to $8.50 for clover. Car lots of baled $8.50 to $9. Straw sold at $6.50 to $7.50 a ton.

HENRY A. KING & CO.
BROKERS.
Stocks Grain and Provisions.
Private wires to Chicago, New York and Montreal.
Rooms 213-215 Board of Trade.
Tel. 2031, Toronto.

New York Stocks.

The fluctuations on the New York Stock Exchange to-day were as follows:

STOCKS.	Opening.	High-est.	Low-est.	Closing
Am. Sugar Ref. Co.	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛	93⅛
American Tobacco	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾
Ches. & Ohio	17	17	17	17
Cotton Oil	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞	19⅞
Atchison	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝
Chi., Burlington & Q.	73¾	73⅝	73⅝	73¾
Chicago Gas Trust	70⅝	70⅝	74⅝	75¼
Canada Southern	....	....	....	48⅛b
C.C.C. & I.	....	....	....	37½b
Del. & Hudson	129½	129½	128¾	128¾
Del., Lac. & W.	....	....	....	159½b
Erie	10⅛	10⅛	10¼	10⅛
Lake Shore	....	....	....	....
Louisville & Nashville	53⅝	54	53⅝	53⅞
Manhattan	108⅛	108⅝	108⅛	108⅛
Missouri Pacific	22⅝	22⅝	21⅞	22
U.S. Cordage Co.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
New England	30⅝	31⅛	30¼	31
N.Y. Central & Hud.	....	....	....	99½b
Northern Pacific Pref.	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
Northwestern	97¼	97¼	96⅞	97
General Electric Co.	29⅛	29⅝	28⅛	28⅝
Rock Island & Pac.	69⅝	69⅝	68⅛	68⅛
Omaha	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞
Richmond Terminal	....	....	....	....
Pacific Mail	25¼	25¼	25¼	25¼
Phila. & Reading	10	10	9¾	9¾
St. Paul	56⅝	57	56⅝	56⅝
Union Pacific	9¾	9¾	9⅝	9⅝
Western Union	88⅞	89	88⅛	88⅝
Distillers	9½	9⅝	9½	9½
Jersey Central	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
National Lead	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Wabash Pref.	13¾	13¾	13⅝	13⅝

G. W YARKER.

Notes discounted. Industrial companies formed, capitalized or financed. Partnerships secured.

UNION BANK BUILDING, TORONTO

NEW LAID EGGS scarce and sell at 22c to 25c. Butter sells better at 12c to 13c for medium, large rolls at 14c to 15c, and choice 16c to 18c per lb.; turkeys, 9c to 10c; geese, 6c to 8c; chickens, 40c to 75c; ducks, 50c to $1 pair; apples, $2.50 to $3.50 per barrel; dried apples, 5 1-4c to 5 5-8c; honey, 7c to 8c; beans, $1.20 to $1.35 per bushel; onions, 75c per bag; Spanish onions, 50c to 90c crate. Prompt remittances. A. Paxton & Co., commission merchants, 72 Colborne-street, Toronto.

JAS. B. BOUSTEAD,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
ASSIGNEE, TRUST EE, ETC.,
12 ADELAIDE-ST. EAST,
TEL. 114. TORONTO. 246

Tips From Wall-Street.

Schepp bought General Electric.

Earnings of N.Y.C. for January decreased $20,387.

The most active stocks to-day were: Sugar 11,500 shares, C. Gas 5300, St. Paul 5300, N.W. 2100, Mo. P. 800, L. & N. 3700, B. & Q. 1500, N.E. 1600, Distillers 1500, G.E. 11,500.

Henry A. King & Co.'s special wire from F. G. Logan & Co., Chicago: The wheat market has been steady without any special feature beyond the selling out of a long line of May, by a local operator, said to be a million bushels or over. Foreign advices for Congo are strong and quoted from 2 to 3 per cent. bushel higher for February and March shipments. Liverpool, which gives the pulse of the inland trade, quotes cash and futures up from 1 to 3 cents per 100 pounds. The market here has a healthy look for some advance, it has been influenced by corn for a few days past, but to-day it appeared to stand on its own bottom. The milling demand is good. Receipts are light, and with some help, "as there is the prospect now for a demand from England," we think it should do better.

Corn been very active, weak and strong by turns, its closing at about the lowest price of day. The trading been heavy and largely local. The country commission houses have been the prominent buyers. We may lose a little more of the advance, but we feel it is safe to buy on the weak spots.

Toronto Savings & Loan Co.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....$1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL..... 600,000

FOUR PER CENT. interest allowed on deposits. Four and one-half per cent. on debentures. Money to lend.

A. E. AMES, Manager.
10 King-st, West.

FINE CUTLERY
HOUSE FURNISHINGS
Kent's Knife Cleaners

RICE LEWIS & SON
(LIMITED),
Corner King and Victoria-streets, Toronto.

Commercial Miscellany.

Oil closed at 103 1-4.

Cash wheat at Chicago 50 1-2c.

Puts on May wheat 53 3-8c, calls 53 7-8c.

Puts on May corn 44 3-4c, calls 45 3-4c to 45 7-8c.

At Toledo clover seed closed at $5.30 for cash, February and March.

Cattle receipts at Chicago to-day 8000; market slow but strong. Sheep 7000; market firm and 10c higher.

Estimated receipts of hogs at Chicago to-day 22,000; official Wednesday 23,760; left over 3000. Market dragging and prices 5c to 10c higher. Heavy shippers $4 to $4.50. Estimated for Friday 20,000.

Exports at New York to-day: Flour 2117 barrels and 2132 sacks; wheat 52,000 bushels.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth to-day 60 cars.

Primary receipts of wheat in the west to-day 87,000 bushels, and shipments 84,000 bushels.

INVESTMENTS MADE, ESTATES MANAGED, RENTS COLLECTED.

These Goods are choice, seasonable and right.

JOHN STARK & CO
26 Toronto-street.

Breadstuffs.

Flour—Trade inactive, with straight rollers quoted at $2.55 to $2.65, Toronto freights, according to quality.

Bran—Market is firm, with car lots west quoted at $12 to $12.50. Small lots sell here at $15. Shorts nominal at $16 to $15.50.

Wheat—The feeling is firm with limited offerings. White and red quoted at 57c to 57 1-2c west, and spring sold on Toronto at 53c. Manitoba wheat is unchanged, car lots being worth 79c west, and grinding in transit Sarnia at 83c.

Barley—A sale of 10,000 bushels of cut-down No. 1 sold outside at 46c.

Oats—The market is easier and sales outside at 27 1-2c for mixed and 28 1-2c for white, north and west. Cars on track are quoted at 32c to 32 1-2c.

Peas—The demand is fair, with sales west at 53 1-2c, and on Midland at 53c.

Rye—The market is firm, with sales outside at 42c to 43c east.

Buckwheat—The market is quiet and prices steady, cars selling outside at 36c

$350,000 TO LOAN At 5, 5½ and 6 per cent. on Real Estate. Security in sums to suit. Rents collected. Valuations and Arbitrations attended to.

WM. A. LEE & SON
Real Estate and Financial Brokers.
General Agents Western Fire and Marine Assurance Co., Manchester Fire Assurance Co. National Fire Assurance Co., Canada Accident and Plate Glass Co., Lloyd's Plate Glass Insurance Co., London Guarantee & Accident Co., Employers' Liability, Accident & Common Carriers' Policies Issued.
Offices: 10 Adelaide-st. E.
Phones 592 & 2075. 246

Dairy Produce.

Commission prices: Choice tub, 16c to 17c; bakers', 13c to 14c; pound rolls, 18c to 20c, and creamery 20c to 22c. Eggs, 11c to 12 1-2c for limed, 16c to 18c for fresh, and 22c to 25c for new laid. Cheese steady at 10 1-2c to 11c.

Poultry and Provisions.

Jobbing prices: Chickens, fresh, 35c to 50c per pair; ducks, 60c to 75c; geese, 6c to 7c, and turkeys 8c to 9c.

Dressed hogs are steady at $5.15 to $5.25. Hams, smoked, 9 1-2c to 10 1-4c; bacon, long clear, 6 3-4c to 7 1-4c; breakfast bacon, 10c to 10 1-2c; rolls, 8c to 8 1-2c; shoulder mess, $12 to $12.50 per barrel, mess pork, $14.50 to $15; do., short cut, $15 to $15.50; lard, in pails, 8 3-4c; tubs 8 1-4c to 8 1-2c, tierces 8c.

W. A. CAMPBELL
ASSIGNEE,
32 FRONT-ST. WEST

Chicago Markets.

McIntyre & Wardwell report the following fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade to-day:

	Open'g	H'h'st	L'st	Close.
Wheat—May	54⅛	54⅝	53¾	53⅞
" —July	55⅛	55¾	54⅛	54⅝
Corn—May	45⅞	46⅛	45	45¼
" —July	46⅝	46	45	45⅛
Oats—May	29¾	29⅞	29⅛	29¼
" —July	29⅝	29¾	28¾	29¼
Pork—Jan.	....	....	....	....
" —May	10 30	10 52	10 30	10 40
Lard—Jan.	....	....	....	....
" —May	6 70	6 82	6 70	6 77
Ribs—Jan.	....	....	....	....
" —May	5 35	5 50	5 35	5 40

ROBERT COCHRAN,
(TELEPHONE 316.)
Member of Toronto Stock Exchange.
PRIVATE WIRES
Chicago Board of Trade and New York Stock Exchange. Margins from 1 per cent. up.
28 COLBORNE-ST

Henry A. King & Co.'s special wire from Chicago: The market has been steady without any special feature beyond the selling out of a long line of May, by a local operator, said to be a million bushels or over. Foreign advices for Congo are strong and quoted from 2 to 3 per cent. bushel higher for February and March shipments. Liverpool, which gives the pulse of the inland trade, quotes cash and futures up from 1 to 3 cents per 100 pounds. The market here has a healthy look for some advance, it has been influenced by corn for a few days past, but to-day it appeared to stand on its own bottom. The milling demand is good. Receipts are light, and with some help, "as there is the prospect now for a demand from England," we think it should do better.

Corn been very active, weak and strong by turns, its closing at about the lowest price of day. The trading been heavy and largely local. The country commission houses have been the prominent buyers. We may lose a little more of the advance, but we feel it is safe to buy on the weak spots.

GEO. H. MAY
Public Accountant, Auditor, Assignee in Trust
Special attention to collections.
60 FRONT-ST. EAST. 45 WELLINGTON-ST. EAST
TELEPHONE 1750. 246

British Markets.

Liverpool, Feb. 7.—Wheat, spring, 5s 2d to 5s 2 1-2d; red, 4s 6d to 4s 7 1-2d; No. 1 Cal., no stock; corn, 4s 0 1-4d; peas, 4s 10 1-2d; pork, 56s 3d; lard, 34s; heavy bacon, 29s; light bacon, 29 s; tallow, 24s 6d; cheese, white, 47s; do., colored, 47s 6d.

London, Feb. 7.—Opening—Wheat off coast, nothing doing, on passage firmer owing to light supply. Duluth hard on passage 24s 3d. English country markets steady. Maize off coast nothing doing and on passage firmer.

Liverpool spot wheat firm; futures firm, red winter 4s 6 3-4d for March and 4s 7 3-4d for May. Spot wheat firm; futures strong at 4s 0 3-4d for April, May and June. Flour 15s.

Paris wheat 19f 25c for March, and flour 43f for March.

London—Close—Wheat off coast nothing doing. Maize on passage firmer.

Paris wheat quiet at 19f 40c for March; flour quiet at 43f for Feb. and March.

Liverpool—Close—Spot wheat steady and futures firm at 4s 3d for May. Maize, futures firm at 4s 1d for April and May.

H. L. HIME & CO.
Members Toronto Stock Exchange.
Loans Negotiated. Investments Carefully Made. Rents and Interest Collected. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. 15 Toronto-street.

Business Embarrassments.

E. A. Wood, general store, Uxbridge, has assigned to W. A. Campbell.

H. B. Shadwell & Co. of New Westminster, B.C., have assigned to Mr. J. W. Lawrence of John Macdonald & Co.

Richard Pearce, groceries, Hamilton, has assigned to David Blackley.

Shaw & McClung, dry goods, Sarnia, have assigned to James Glanville.

John Fraser, general store, Leiroy, has assigned to W. A. Campbell.

J. R. Nicholls, grocer, Millbank, has assigned to W. B. Freeborn.

The Canadian Homestead Loan and Savings Association, 72 King-st. East,

Toronto. Money to loan on first mortgages. Principal may be paid monthly, quarterly or annually and interest charged upon balance only. Savings received and interest allowed. John Hillock, President; A.J. Pattison, Manager. 135

FIRE NOTICE.

BUNTIN, REID & CO.,
WHOLESALE STATIONERS,
PAPER AND ENVELOPE MANUFACTURERS,
29 WELLINGTON-ST. W., TORONTO.

We beg to announce to our many customers and friends that notwithstanding the heavy damage sustained by us in the recent fires which occurred in our city, we are opened for business the same as usual. We have employed an extra staff and our stock has been as carefully overhauled as is possible. All the lines that have been in the slightest degree damaged by smoke or water have been removed from our warehouse to adjoining premises in our rear, namely, No. 38 Front-street.

We further beg to advise the trade in general that on and after WEDNESDAY, the 6th of FEBRUARY, we will be in a position to offer some exceptionally good job lines. These lines are only slightly damaged by water.

We are also receiving many letters from our outside customers asking for damaged stock, and we take this opportunity of advising that it is impossible to sell these goods on sample, as we cannot guarantee any goods sold as jobs, nor can we take the responsibility of shipping goods on approval. Those within reasonable distance would do well to visit our city and see for themselves what lines we are offering.

THE "MAPLE LEAF" BRAND, - - -
THE "BEAVER" BRAND - - - -
All-Wool Ingrain Carpets
Are warranted equal to the best imported at much lower prices.
THE "IMPERATRIX" AXMINSTER CARPET
Has the wear of Wilton at Tapestry Cost.
Honest, Clean, Canadian Carpets
Can be had of all First-Class Carpet Dealers.
THE TORONTO CARPET MFG. CO., LTD.

BEST QUALITY COAL.

NO. 2 NUT $3.75 CRATE $4.75 EGG STOVE NUT $5

WOOD.
BEST MAPLE & BEECH $5.00
2ND QUALITY - - 4.00
BEST PINE - - 4.00