



Business Directory.

GUELPH HERALD
Printing Establishment,
North West Corner of the Market Square.
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PRINTING,
—SUCH AS—
Business Cards, Insurance Policies,
Circulars, Posters,
Pamphlets, Way Bills,
Catalogues, Blanks,
Funeral Letters, Bill Heads,
Hand Bills, Stage Bills,
Book Work, Cards,
&c. &c. &c. &c.
Neatly executed, with the utmost expedi-
tion and upon moderate terms.

A CARD.

JAMES LYND,
IMPORTER OF
DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.
April 1, 1850. 145

REMOVAL.

DR. W. A. LIDDELL
HAS removed to the house lately occu-
pied by F. H. KIRKPATRICK, Esq.,
adjoining the residence of the Rev. A.
PALMER.
N. B.—Continues to attend patients in
the country.
Guelph, June 4, 1850. 154

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE Office of the Distributor of Mar-
riage Licenses is removed to the Store
of Messrs. BUDD & LYND, corner of
Wyndham street, immediately below Mr.
Sandilands.

RICHARD FOWLER BUDD,
Agent for Granting Marriage Licenses.
Guelph, Oct. 15, 1849. 121-1/2

H. GREGORY,
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER & GILDER,
DUNDAS.

The above is prepared to execute, on the
most reasonable terms. Banners, Flags, Devices,
&c., in a style that cannot be excelled on this
continent.

TRANSPARENT WINDOW GLAZES,
N. R. Old Buildings renovated and touched up.

CHAS. GLENDINNING,
PHENIX SALOON,
North-East Corner of Market Square,
GUELPH.
Refreshments of every description at all hours
of the day.

OYSTERS WEEKLY BY EXPRESS,
WINES AND LIQUORS.
Sherry, Colliers, Mini Juleps, Roman
Punch, Fruits, &c.
Guelph, July 9, 1850. 150-1/2

ROBERT OSBORNE,
Watch Maker and Jeweller,
VICTORIA BUILDINGS, KING ST.,
HAMILTON.

Gold and Silver Watches, Silver
Spoons, and Wedding Rings, always on
hand. Orders from the country punctually
attended to.

JOHN STREET FOUNDRY.

E. & C. GURNEY & A. CARPENTER,
Manufacturers of
Cooking, Parlor & Plate Stoves
Of all Sizes and Patterns.

ALSO,—Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers,
Turning Lathes, Paint Mills, Pipe Boxes,
&c. Castings made to Order.

CAREY'S
PATENT THRASHING MACHINES,
The most approved in the Province
always on hand.
John Street, Hamilton. 12

JNO. P. LARKIN,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN STAPLE AND
FANCY DRY GOODS,
Corner of King and John Streets,
HAMILTON.

Country Merchants supplied on
liberal terms at the lowest Montreal Prices.

C. L. HELLIWELL & Co.,
BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
KING ST., HAMILTON.

KEEP constantly on hand, Writing Paper and
School Books of all descriptions. Books
of all kinds procured from New York, Boston, and
Philadelphia, to order, on short notice; and most-
ly at Catalogue price. 27

MR. F. MARCON,
LAND AGENT, CONVEYANCER,
AND NOTARY PUBLIC,
GUELPH.
Agent for the Canada Company, and Bank
of Montreal.

Business Directory.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

JOSEPH PARKINSON, Esq., Agent
for granting Marriage Licenses, will
attend to all applications, come from where
they may, when the parties are duly qual-
ified to present them.
Park House, near Worsfold's Inn, } 161
Eramosa, July 20, 1850. } 3m

J. LAMOND SMITH,
Conveyancer, Notary Public,
AND
GENERAL AGENT,
FERGUS. 149-1/2

JOHN HARRISON,
Joiner, Builder & Cabinet Maker,
GUELPH.

Plans, Specifications, Estimates, &c. for Buildings.
The different Artificers' Work usually employed
in building, measured or valued, on the most
reasonable terms.

MISS MARY CAMPBELL,
Milliner, Dress and Habit Maker,
All orders made up according to the Latest
New York Fashions.
Residence—First Door West of the
Wesleyan Chapel.
Guelph, Feb. 4, 1850. 137-1/2

THOMAS GORDON,
LAND AND GENERAL AGENT,
OWEN SOUND.

THE COLONIAL
LIFE ASSURANCE Co.
AGENT FOR GUELPH,
WILLIAM HEWAT, Esq., District Treasurer.

T. R. BROCK,
Conveyancer, Accountant, and
GENERAL AGENT,
No. 1, MARKET SQUARE,
GUELPH.

MR. J. DAVIS,
Barrister and Attorney-at-Law
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.,
GUELPH,
WELLINGTON DISTRICT, C. W.

ANDREW GEDDES, ESQ.,
Government Agent for the District of
Wellington,
CROWN LAND OFFICE, ELORA.
On the regular Mail Road from Guelph to
Owen's Sound.

ARCHIBALD MACNAB,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR,
SYDENHAM VILLAGE,
OWEN'S SOUND.

JAMES GEDDES,
Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c.,
ELORA,
WELLINGTON DISTRICT.
February 22, 1849. 36.

THE Undersigned have entered into
Partnership in the practice of the
LAW, under the name and firm of
Ferguson & Hurd,
OFFICE—MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.

A. J. FERGUSSON,
EDWARD E. W. HURD.

THE CANADA
Life Assurance Company
AGENT FOR GUELPH,
T. SANDILANDS.

W. FELL,
ENGRAVER AND PRINTER,
Opposite the Building Society's Rooms,
KING STREET, HAMILTON.

NOTARIAL PRESSES,
Notary and Office Seals, Professional and Business
Cards, Door and Coffin Plates, and every descrip-
tion of Engraving and Printing.

OFFICE of the CLERK of the WATER-
LOO COUNTY COUNCIL open on every
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Fri-
day, between the hours of 10 A. M., and
3 P. M.

COURT HOUSE,
Guelph, } 34-1/2

To all whom it may Concern:
MARRIAGE LICENSES may be had
upon application at the office of the
Distributor in **FERGUS,**

A. DINGWALL FORBYCE,
A. D. FERRIER,
AND
GENERAL AGENT,
Waterloo County Clerk's Office, Guelph.

Poetry.

A TRIUMPH OF TEMPERANCE.

BY ONE OF THE "SOBER."

Too often, alas! have I drunk from the bowl
Whose draughts bring destruction to body and soul.
My blood was on fire, and scorching my brain,
Yet still I kept tasting, and tasting again:
Till day after day, I had warning, poor slave!
That this frail, shatter'd frame must soon sink to
the grave,
Unless I abandon'd that dark, devious path,
Which leads on to ruin the children of wrath.
The Lord, in his mercy, gave strength to my heart,
And I cried to the fire-friend, "Destroy, depart!"
I dash'd down the goblet that once was so sweet,
And the idol lay shiver'd and spurr'd at my feet.

Deferred Articles.

THE INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

The Commissioners appointed to carry out
this great national object, as far as relates
to Canada, met on Saturday last, and were
enabled to make arrangements for the
purpose, which were expected to prove
satisfactory. An executive committee, to
superintend the Provincial Exhibition, at
Montreal, was nominated, and a list of
prizes adopted, extending to upwards of
\$1400. We understand that the Montreal
Committee have offered to bear the ex-
penses of the Exhibition, and to contribute
£250 towards the general fund.—Toronto
Patriot.

The Inhabitants of Hamilton have sanc-
tioned the issue of debentures for £100,
000, in aid of the Great Western Railway.
THE ROADS IN THE HOME DISTRICT.—
The Inspector General, finding that his
private sale of the Macdonald Roads in the
Home District was so very much dis-
liked, has offered them to the County
Council at £75,000, and £2,000 for the
Whitby Harbor and road leading thereto.
—Church.

The Mayor of London (C.W.) has issued
a proclamation offering £250 reward
for such information as may lead to the
apprehension of the person who set fire to
the buildings in the town recently burnt
down. It is proposed to erect a public
market on the spot cleared by the late fire.

MURDER.—We are informed that a
dreadful murder was committed yesterday,
by a laboring man on the person of his
wife, and that he seriously injured his
daughter who had attempted to assist her
mother. They were living in a small
dwelling at the foot of Hope Hill. We are
told that he has been committed to goal for
trial.—Quebec Gazette.

COMMITS.—The third and last per-
son named in the verdict of the Coroner's
Jury in July last, on the inquest of the
murdered man Campbell, near Caledonia,
has been arrested and lodged in our County
Goal. His name is Dennis Roakey or
O'Rourke, and was sworn to by Campbell
a short time before he died.—Hum. Gaz.

INSURRECTION NEAR WASHINGTON.—
An insurrection in which 400 slaves were
to be engaged, was fortunately discovered
in Loudness County, last week. The re-
deemers of the negroes was fired upon by
the whites, killing one slave and wounding
twenty others. The slaves then fled.—
It is said the slaves were incited to the
revolt by an abolitionist, for whose appre-
hension a reward of \$6,000 has been offer-
ed. He is supposed to have fled towards
Charleston. A general massacre is sup-
posed to have been the intention of the
negroes.—It.

On the 22nd ult., a person named James
Webb, of the Township of Ernestown, was
committed to the Jail of Kingston, charged
with the willful murder of an old man
named William Brennan. It appears that
Brennan, who travelled through the coun-
try as a fortune-teller, was in the habit of
leading small sums of money on interest;
and had, some time ago, lent \$18 to Webb.
On the evening of the 10th inst., Brennan
stopped at Webb's house, and was seen,
alive for the last time, leaving it on the fol-
lowing day. Some days afterwards the
body of the deceased was discovered, by
the offensive smell which issued from it,
concealed in a wood near Webb's house,
with the head almost severed from the body.

We learn from the Oswego Times, that
the schooner *Nelick*, Captain Lias, was
captured in a squall, near the mouth of
the St. Lawrence River, on Friday evening
the 9th inst., and every person on
board perished. There were eight persons
on board, among them the wife of the Cap-
tain. The *Nelick* was forty tons burthen,
and left Oswego with part of a cargo of
merchandise on Friday, bound for Cape
Vincent. The vessel was found on Satur-
day floating bottom upwards, and towed
into Cape Vincent.

THE INDIANS IN LOWER CANADA.—It
appears that sixty thousand acres of land
on the Gattineau River, have been granted
to the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bytown,
for instructing the Indians. This is a
princely grant; but we know not in what
way it is a justifiable one. The Indians
of Eastern Canada, notwithstanding all
the money expended upon their literary,
moral and religious education, are in a de-
plorably low condition. Nor have we

any hope that their condition will be much
improved by such an agency as the Popish
Church furnishes. In hardly any class
of people is there a more striking differ-
ence than between the Indians of Eastern
and Western Canada. Hundreds in the
West adorn their Christian profession,
and are no discredit to civilized society.
We wish we could say half as much for
the Red Men of Eastern Canada, who
have been almost entirely given up to the
Papal Church.—Christian Guardian.

We have, we find, at present in Mon-
real, a visitor from the Holy Land, in the
person of the Rev. Father Flavianus, a
Maronite Monk of Mount Lebanon, whose
Convent was, some years ago, destroyed
by the Druses, and who now visits the
new world on a mission to collect the
means of rebuilding it.—Montreal Herald.

A black whale has recently been caught
below Quebec. It was sixty feet long,
and had jaw bones measuring seventeen
feet in length.

Lord Elgin's Tour.—His Excellency
has been visiting some of the principal
towns in the west, at which his reception
has been anything but flattering. The
following is from a correspondent of the
Colonist, and it is much to be regretted
that so bad an example should have come
from so high a quarter; the place referred
to is Chatham. Next day being Sunday,
the Sheriff waited upon his Excellency at
half-past ten in the morning, and proceed-
ed to church, where service was performed
by Mr. Thomas, (in the absence of the
Rev. W. Sandys, who was ill). After
service was over, his Excellency, accom-
panied by the Sheriff, inspected the new
Court House and Goal, the Barracks, &c.,
&c., the people taking no notice whatever
of him. The Sheriff accompanied his
Excellency on board and remained on
deck a short time, when he withdrew, never
being invited into the cabin. I must
here remark that after divine service was
ended three officers belonging to his Ex-
cellency's suite, started off in one of her
Majesty's boats, and proceeded on a shoot-
ing excursion down the river as far as
Dauphin's Tavern, a distance of twelve
miles. One remained in the boat, and one
on either bank; and very much to the
amusement of the quiet-going people, who
reside on the banks of this fine river.

They shot the whole way down, and not
a bird of any description, from the Sand-
piper or little yellow bird to the barn-
door fowl or goose escaped their thunder; and
it is reported some fair game belonging
to a widow, were severely wounded. The
foregoing is a simple statement of the
whole affair, without a single word of ex-
aggeration or detraction.

Quebec Parliament Buildings.—The
occupants of the old wing of the Parliament
Buildings at Quebec have had notices of
ejectment served upon them. They must
all leave by the 15th inst., as their lodg-
ings will then be pulled down.

The Buffalonia have presented His
Lordship the Mayor of Toronto and each
of the Commissioners for the management
of the late *Tea* with an elegant Silver Snuff
Box.

Belgian Canal.—After the immense
outlay of nearly two millions sterling,
a single steamboat making a bi-weekly trip
from one end of the canal to the other, is
all that can be expected to result.

In the week between the 27th of July
and the 3rd of August, twelve vessels arrived
at Halifax, N. S., laden with flour, from
Quebec and Montreal; they will bring
back cargoes of wheat, India produce and
fish.

Progress of Temperance in Britain.—
On a motion to repeal the malt tax—which
failed, in a recent debate in the British
Parliament, the Chancellor seemed to re-
joice in the fact that "tea and coffee,"
which his lordship acknowledged to be
better for health and morals, "were great-
ly taking the place of malt liquor; and he
showed from statistics a large decrease in
the latter and an increase in the former
articles. The consumption of spirits and
of wine he showed to have fallen off, and
in short declared that the demand for all
intoxicating liquors had greatly diminished
during the last ten years." The revenue
from the malt tax, fallen off as it has, is
still "five millions Sterling!"

Death of the Vice-Chancellor of Eng-
land.—We regret to find, that a report,
which reached our office at an early hour
this morning, of the death of Sir Launce-
lot Shadwell, is but too well founded. As
we are going to press the bell of Lincoln's
Inn is tolling for the lamented Judge.—
Globe.

Gutta Serena Gums.—Gums for the
decrepit mouth are now being manufac-
tured from gutta serena.

DREADFUL TRAGEDY.

On the 21st of August, W. A. Caldwell,
a person respectfully connected, and a Mrs.
Knapp, whose maiden name was Louisa
C. Van Winkle, were found dead, with their
throats cut in their room at the St. Charles
Hotel, Troy, where as travellers they had
been stopping. From various memoran-
da discovered, it appeared that the suicide
had been premeditated, and that different
modes had been contemplated. Opium
was tried, but it failed to accomplish their

purpose; and from the following, found
in Caldwell's hat, it would seem that
drowning had been thought of:—

"Whoever may find this hat—they can inform,
that in the stream rest the bodies of two—W. A.
Caldwell, of N. Y., and Louisa C. Van Winkle,
of Brooklyn—letters can be found in my trunk at
Mansion House, Westminster, Mass."
—Sunday, Aug. 18, 1850.

An inquest was held, and the following
verdict returned:—"That the woman
came to her death by having her throat
cut from ear to ear by the hands of W. M.
A. Caldwell, on the evening of Tuesday,
and that Caldwell came to his death by his
own hands."

Caldwell had just returned from a three
years' cruise at sea; and some years pre-
vious to his entering as supercargo in
maritime affairs, he was engaged to be
married to Miss Van Winkle, but the op-
position of relatives delayed the match.
In his absence she was prevailed upon to
marry a person by the name of Knapp,
from whom she eloped as soon as Cald-
well came home. The sequel is briefly
narrated above.

Transatlantic Steamers.—The follow-
ing are the six shortest passages ever
made between Liverpool and New York:
Europa, Oct. 1848... 11 days 2 1/2 hours.
America, Oct. 1848... 11 " 13 "
Europa, May, 1850... 11 " 11 1/2 "
America, May, 1850... 11 " 2 1/2 "
America, May, 1850... 11 " 4 1/2 "
Pacific, June, 1850... 11 " 15 1/2 "
Liverpool Jour.

Abridged from the New York Herald.

EXECUTION OF PROF. WEBSTER.

THE LAST MORNING.

For the last three or four weeks, Prof. Webster
gave up all hopes of averting the doom which
was pronounced upon him, and occupied his time
in reading the Holy Scriptures, occasionally tak-
ing up a work on chemistry, at which science he was
very fond. He ate and drank as usual, with a
good appetite, freely conversing with the sheriff
and jailer about the fate which awaited him,
and the day appointed for the execution. He kept a
strict account of the time, and expressed his per-
fect willingness to submit to the penalty which he
had incurred. He frequently spoke on the subject
of suicide, but repudiated the idea. He became
patient, and acknowledged the justice of his sen-
tence. All he hoped for in the world was that his
family would be kept in ignorance of the day of
his execution. He patiently and resignedly await-
ed the twentieth of August, the day on which he was
to take leave of the world and all things earthly.

THE LAST WEEK.

During the last week, Professor Webster's de-
moral did not at all abate. He was perfectly
conscious that his hours were numbered, and was
calmly resigned to his fate. He frequently al-
luded to the execution, as well as to the
execution, and said that he was resigned to
meet his fate. He ate his meals as usual, and
was occasionally cheerful—at least as much so as
a man could be in his situation. His spiritual ad-
vice attended upon him three times a day during
that period, at his request, and yesterday the Rev.
Dr. Putnam was in his cell for four or five hours,
doing all for him that he could.

THE LAST NIGHT.

Professor Webster assured the officers of the
prison, that his family were unacquainted with
the day fixed for his execution; and the fact that they
were ignorant of it yesterday, when he met them
for the last time on this side the grave, evidently
gave him a great deal of comfort, and he doubt-
ed not to meet his doom. Great pains were
taken by the Sheriff and his deputies to conceal
from Mrs. Webster and her daughters all evi-
dence of the preparations that were being made last
night, for the tragedy that was to occur at an early
hour the next morning. When Dr. Webster was
informed that he would be watched by two officers,
he requested that Mr. J. C. Leighton, the clerk
of the goal, and officer Edward H. Jones, who had
charge of him during the trial, might be the per-
sons appointed. His request was attended to, and
those gentlemen accordingly took their posts, and
remained in his cell till he was taken to his room
last night. During the night he conversed freely with
those officers, and read the Bible diligently and
earnestly till about twelve o'clock, when he fell
asleep, and lay down on his cot to take his last
sleep. At about half past four o'clock this morn-
ing he awoke, and appeared much refreshed by
his repose. He then prayed audibly; and from
what I have heard, there is no doubt that he was
extremely penitent, and prayed to his approaching
deity. He ate a little breakfast, and seemed
prepared to meet his fate. While conversing on
the subject of his execution, and during his medi-
tations, he exclaimed, in an impressive manner—
"If it be possible, let this cup pass from me; yet
not my will, but Thine, O Lord, be done!" He
smoked a cigar, too, I believe; but, lest any
wrong impressions should be formed, from the cir-
cumstance, I will say that he was addicted to the
use of tobacco in that form, and was not con-
scious of it unless he had a cigar in his mouth, lighted or
unlighted. At about dusk in the evening, a wag-
gon containing materials for the scaffold entered
the entrance to his cell, he must have known the
object of the movement.

THE LAST MORNING.

Seven o'clock.—At seven o'clock I proceeded
to the Levee street goal, and, on arriving there,
found the carpenters employed in erecting the
scaffold. There were not more than 200 persons
in the street opposite the goal, nor more than 50
in the goal yard at that time. Among the latter
were officers deputed to preserve order, and several
attacks of the press of Boston and other cities.
The noise made by the mechanics in hammering
the nails, must have been heard by the unfortu-
nate condemned. As blow after blow was made,
the countenances of all present became grave,
and perfect silence was maintained by the spec-
tators. If there was any conversation, it was in
whispers. The rope was then rove, and by a
quarter to eight the last nail was driven, and all the
arrangements for the execution were completed.

Eight o'clock.—At this hour, the whole police
force selected for the occasion was in attendance,
consisting of 124 men. Here and there, in the
yard, I observed deputy sheriffs with their swords,
(the handles of which were covered with grass,
and perfect silence was maintained by the spec-
tators. All eyes were directed to the scaffold in the
center of the goal yard, and particularly to the rope
with the noose at the end. The rear of the
houses in Levee street looked into the goal yard,
and the windows and roofs of some of them were
packed with persons of both sexes, and of all ages.
It grieved me to see ladies and young girls man-
ifesting their morbid curiosity in this way.

A quarter before nine.—The Sheriff and his aids
visited the condemned, and informed him that in

a few minutes they would be called upon to dis-
charge their sad duty. Professor W. informed
them that he was ready, and awaited their sum-
mons. He thanked them, individually and collec-
tively, for the kindness and attention extended to
him during his imprisonment.

Nine o'clock.—Professor Webster and the Rev.
Mr. Putnam in the cell of the condemned, engaged
in religious exercises.

A quarter past nine.—The Sheriff informed the
witnesses above referred to that their duty was
about to commence, and requested them to ac-
company him to the goal. They walked arm in
arm, followed by the reporters for the press, and
spectators, into the corridors of the goal, and to
the door of Professor Webster's cell, which was
thrown open. The Rev. Mr. Putnam then, in
the presence of all assembled, offered up a prayer.
Professor Webster being on his knees.

When the religious services were concluded, the
spectators who were invited to hear it returned
to the goal yard. Dr. Webster was then proceed-
ed to the scaffold, and a procession formed of the witnesses, pre-
ceded by the Sheriff, with a cooked hat, and a
sword attached to his side. The Sheriff directed
the witnesses where to take their places. He then
ascended the scaffold for the purpose of seeing
that nothing was left undone.

Half past nine.—The Sheriff retired from the
scaffold, satisfied that the arrangements for the
execution were complete, and proceeded to the
cell of Professor Webster, to inform him that his
time was up.

Twenty-five minutes to ten.—Everything being
ready for the execution, Prof. Webster's arms
were pinioned, and he was directed to take his
place in the melancholy procession which was
being formed. He did so. The High Sheriff led
the way, followed by the goaler and turnkey of
Levee street goal. Next came Prof. Webster,
followed by the Rev. Mr. Putnam, whom the un-
fortunate man requested to stay with him to the
last moment, and constables Dexter and East-
brook. Prof. Webster walked firmly but dejectedly
to the scaffold, amid much profound silence.
His step was firm, and his countenance betrayed
no emotion. He looked at the ground, and was
apparently resigned to the doom which awaited
him. He was dressed in a plain suit of black, but
had no neckcloth. His frock coat was buttoned
the greater part of the way.

Twenty-three minutes to ten.—The procession
reached the scaffold, and the condemned man was
motioned to place himself directly under the rope,
which he did accordingly.

Twenty-two minutes to ten.—The Sheriff read
the warrant for the execution of John W. Webster
for the crime of murder. While doing so, the
condemned man and the Rev. Dr. Putnam were
earnestly engaged in conversation, the former
repeatedly bowing, as if acquiescing in what the
clergyman said. He then shook hands with Dr.
Putnam, and the officers commenced their sad
duties.

Twenty-one minutes to ten.—Prof. Webster
was requested to take a seat on a chair, so that
his legs might be confined. The Deputy Sheriff
then strapped them.

Twenty minutes to ten.—Professor Webster's
legs having been fastened, the Sheriff took leave
of the unfortunate man. Prof. W. convulsively
shook the Sheriff's hand, and retained it in his
for a few seconds, but did not speak.

Eighteen minutes to ten.—The rope is placed
around Prof. Webster's neck, and the back cap put
on. An intense feeling is manifested by the
spectators.

Seventeen minutes to ten.—The Sheriff ad-
dressing the people assembled, speaks as follows:
holding in his hand the warrant of execution:—
"In the name of the Commonwealth of Mas-
sachusetts, and of the good people thereof, I now
proceed to execute the orders contained in the
death-warrant."

THE EXECUTION.
The Sheriff then turned round, faced the
prisoner, took a single step, placed his foot upon
a spring—the part of the platform on which Prof.
Webster stood fell, and the unfortunate man was
hanging by the neck. The fall was about eight
feet, and to appearance his neck was dislocated.
He struggled but little, and evidently suffered no
pains. The only evidence of the death struggle
which he made, was a slight convulsive
movement of the legs, which were partially drawn
up for an instant. In less than four minutes all
signs of life were extinct, and Prof. Webster was
in the Elysium there, we trust, to receive for-
giveness of his crime.

After remaining suspended just half an hour,
Mrs. Henry G. Clark and Charles H. Stedman
examined the body, and informed the Sheriff that
life was extinct. That officer then removed it to
the legal witnesses and spectators, and at the same
time thanked the witnesses, in the name of the
Commonwealth, for attending and aiding the offi-
cers of the law in the painful duty which had
just been performed.

A pine coffin, painted black, was then placed
beneath the body. The corpse was lowered, the
rope removed from the neck, the lid of the coffin
nailed down, and the body was then removed to
the cell which Prof. Webster recently occupied,
according to the Professor's express desire. It
will remain there till evening, and then be deliv-
ered to the friends of the unfortunate criminal.

While lying in the coffin, Prof. Webster en-
quired the Sheriff not to permit any person to look at the re-
mains while they were in the goal. I understand
that late in the evening the body will be taken to
Cambridge, where arrangements will be made for
the funeral, which will take place on Sunday next.
The body will be deposited in the family vault,
at Mount Auburn, one of the most beautiful cemeteries
in the world. Everything connected with
the funeral was arranged by Professor Webster
himself.

CONCLUSION.

I am informed that Mrs. Wm. H. Prescott, a
near relative of Mrs. Webster, will dine with the
family of the late Professor Webster this afternoon,
and afterwards break to her and her daughters the
melancholy intelligence that her husband and their
father is no more. This conflicts with what I
have stated in the beginning of this letter, that
Professor Webster's family will call at the goal on
Thursday next, as usual, for the purpose of seeing
him. I give you the report notwithstanding.

It was rather singular, that at the very instant
when the condemned man dropped, the whistle of
a locomotive on one of the railroads was sounded
by the engineer. The noise was peculiarly mel-
ancholy—resembling more a loud and distant
moan than a whistle.

From the Boston Transcript, Aug. 31.
The countenance of Professor Webster in death was serene, and even pleasant in expression, exhibiting no discoloration or signs of distortion. The genial, beaming smile with which he was wont to encounter a friend, seemed to have just passed over it, and left its traces.
Soon after the body was cut down, Dr. Putnam repaired to Cambridge to communicate intelligence of the execution to the bereaved family.— For some days, through the vague communication of a friend, they had been anticipating that each interview with the prisoner might be the last; although they left the cell and the goal on Thursday, not supposing that the execution would take place the next day. As they entered their carriage, however, they noticed a bustle about the goal, and the assembling of a crowd, from which they drew a fearful augury of the imminence of the fatal event; and when the visit of Dr. Putnam was announced yesterday morning, they at once knew all was over.

We drop the curtain over the scene of domestic anguish that ensued. It was not unrelieved by hopes that the father and husband had deeply and sincerely repented of his crime; and that the bitterness of death was alleviated by sincere religious preparation and prayer to the Most High.

Dr. Putnam having inquired of the prisoner yesterday morning, before the religious exercises would like to have touched upon in the prayer, Prof. W. replied, that there were two which it would be agreeable to his feelings to have introduced: one was, that the hearts of his fellow men might be softened towards him, after he was gone; the other, that every consolation from Heaven, for the suffering he had inflicted, might be bestowed to the family and relatives of the late Dr. Parkman.

In the interview before the prayer, Prof. W. alluded to his hope of meeting in the world to be a blessed child, who died some years since. He conversed with perfect composure on various subjects, mostly of a religious nature.

During the walk to the gallows the conversation was maintained mostly by Dr. Putnam, whose object it was to keep the prisoner's thoughts so occupied with sacred things, that the appalling spectacle around him should not cause him to quail. But the prisoner was firm to the last; not a nerve shivered. Dr. Putnam's remark:—"Do not regard anything about you—do not look"—as they entered the area, and approached the gallows, he replied, "I do not. My thoughts are elsewhere."
All while the death warrant was being read, Dr. Putnam kept up a cheering conversation with him, and the prisoner responded calmly and appropriately. It would have been difficult to prescribe a demeanor more becoming under the circumstances, than that which he exhibited, or to have invented words more suitable than those he uttered. Dr. Putnam plied him with remarks to keep his thoughts in the right direction, and to prevent any panic during which he might quit. The prisoner gratefully seconded these humane efforts, but without any flutter of spirit or nervous agitation. Dr. Putnam continued near, conversing with him, while the officer tied the prisoner's arms and legs—while the noise was adjusted round his neck—and while the black cap was put on—nor did he retro from his immediate vicinity until just as the fatal drop was about to descend.

The flushed appearance of the prisoner's face, and the effusion of tears, were produced apparently by the premature and momentary tightening of the rope, and not, as some supposed, by agitation.

The last audible words of Prof. Webster, as he was drawn over the fatal rope, were:—"FATHER, INTO THY HANDS I COMMIT MY SPIRIT."



ARRIVAL OF THE ATLANTIC.

ALBANY, Sept. 2.
The steamship *Atlantic* arrived at New York on Saturday, at 11 P. M., with four days later news from Europe. She made the run in eleven days and two hours.

JENNY LIND is among the passengers. SCHLESWIG HOLSTEIN.
Accounts from Schleswig represent the complete suspension of the operations of both armies in the field, but the general impression is that stillness will not be of long duration.

Advices from Belgium state that large tracts of the country present a melancholy harvest scene; for nearly sixty miles all the low lands are flooded, and the corn is floating about.

FRANCE.
It is reported that much rain had fallen during the week. The wheat crop was considerably injured, and prices had advanced.

The Austrian Government had rejected the proposition of the Lombardo-Venetian deputies, relative to the loan of the Government, not wishing to pledge itself not to issue any paper money in the provinces.

The French President continues to meet with enthusiastic receptions in the provinces.

ARRIVAL OF THE HIBERNIA.

NEW YORK, Sept. 4.
The *Hibernia* has arrived at Halifax, the *Washington* from Southampton; and the *Helena* from Hamburg, also the *Creole* from Key West have arrived. The *Europa* sailed at noon from Boston with 32 passengers, 8 for Halifax.

Jenny Lind's Concert tickets for the first concert, are to be sold at auction on Saturday morning next, and for the second on Tuesday.

The *Hibernia* arrived at Halifax at 10 A. M., but as the wires were working badly, the following comprises all that was received and published this evening.

The *Canada* had not arrived when the *Hibernia* sailed on the 24th ult. Since the *Atlantic* left, Cotton had advanced 1/4; a spirited reaction had taken place, and considerable sales had been made.

The benevolent individual who recently contributed the large sum of \$25,000 for the endowment of two Colonial Bishops at the Cape and Adelaide, South Australia, is said to be Miss Burdet Coult.

The Pope has conferred the Degree of Doctor in Divinity on Mr. Newman by diploma.

An Englishman, named Richard Manx, lately walked 1000 miles in 1000 hours for a wager of £50. He walked the last mile in less than nine minutes.

The will of the late Sir Robert Peel was proved on Saturday, and probate passed for assets under £500,000.

The Bishop of Exeter, it is said, is taking steps to bring Mr. Gorham before the Arches Court, for heresy, as held and taught in his book.

A superb piece of plate, which cost 1200 guineas has been purchased by a subscription of the tenants on the Duke of Hamilton's Scottish estate, and was presented to the Duke on Friday week, at Hamilton Palace.

Australian Wheat.—An importation of 4,739 bags of wheat has taken place by a vessel arrived from Port Adelaide, the produce of that far distant colony.—*London Standard*, Aug. 17.

Louis Philippe is fast improving in health, and is able to take out-door exercise daily.

FRANCE.
This country looks stormy; the President has been turned out of a ball room at Brisson—the room had to be cleared at the point of the bayonet.

The Schleswig-Holstein troops had dislodged the Danish outposts at Crop, and their army has left for Rensbourg, and advanced in the direction of the Danish position.

Affairs in Germany are more and more complicated.
This morning, a machinist who was at work on the *Atlantic*, fell to the bottom of the hold and was killed.

United States.

From the Courier and Enquirer.
ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION OF JENNY LIND, IN NEW YORK.

The steamer *Atlantic* came with a full complement of passengers, among whom was that peerless Queen of Song, whose very name excites a glow of admiration on every cheek, Jenny Lind. Long before the gallant steamer hove in sight, the vicinity of West street, for the length of a dozen blocks was densely thronged with more than 30,000 persons, who were anxiously awaiting her arrival. A superb bower of green trees decorated with beautiful flags, had been erected on the pier by the Messrs. Collins, in honor of their distinguished passenger. The steamer at last appeared. The multitude swayed with excitement, as the *Atlantic* neared the wharf, and the most enthusiastic cheering broke forth, which must have given the beautiful Swede some idea of the cordiality of an American welcome. A strong force of the Fifth Ward Police were on duty, and as the boat touched the pier, they did their utmost to keep the crowd at a distance; but it was with great difficulty that most of them escaped being shoved into the water, as the people pressed on through the main gate, towards the side of the steamer. A number of persons were injured by falling, but not seriously. Jenny Lind soon walked from the steamer to the dock on a gang plank covered with tapestry carpeting, and immediately entered the carriage of P. T. Barnum, Esq., who left for the Quarantine on Saturday afternoon, and remained until yesterday forenoon, when he boarded the vessel in company with Dr. Doane, and attended M'ille Lind to the city. After Jenny Lind had entered the carriage, the crowd continued to press on with still greater excitement, and it was with extreme difficulty that way could be made for the passage of the vehicle. The carriage, followed by thousands, slowly proceeded up Canal St. to Broadway, and a large number of bouquets were thrown upon it by the ladies and gentlemen, who took this mode of testifying their joyous greeting. The beautiful songstress appeared several times at the carriage window, and bowed to the people. She appeared delighted with everything around her. It was a quarter to three o'clock, before the carriage arrived at the Irving House. Here at least five thousand persons were collected, and the density of the throng prevented, for fifteen or twenty minutes, the vehicle being brought sufficiently near for the occupants to alight at the door. A great rush was made by the crowd, who were determined to get a glimpse of Jenny Lind. At last, through the exertions of the police, the carriage gained the steps, and she entered the private doorway, and was at once conducted to her apartments. The crowd immediately made loud calls for Jenny Lind, and she soon responded by appearing on the balcony fronting Broadway, and waving her handkerchief in acknowledgment. A tremendous burst of applause followed from the multitude, and she returned to her room much affected by her enthusiastic reception. Up to a late hour last evening Broadway, in front of the Irving House, was thronged with people, and on every darkening (ought we not say lightning?) of the window by a shadow, that possibly might belong to Jenny Lind, was followed by loud and long cheering. At half-past twelve, the New York Harmonic Society, who for the last two or three weeks, it is understood, have been preparing for the occasion, commenced an instrumental serenade, made up of selections from the most celebrated Operas. The crowd increased, till Broadway, for a hundred rods, was completely blocked. The windows and balconies of the Irving House were filled, the top of Stewart's unfinished building on the opposite side of the street was densely thronged, and the lamp posts and the awning frames were occupied wherever a foothold could be obtained. Hundreds of New York firemen were present, and manifested peculiar enthusiasm. Soon after the commencement of the music, M'ille Lind, with two or three attendants, appeared in a balcony of the second story, directly above the performers, and was greeted with immense cheering, to which she responded, by waving her handkerchief. The music proceeded, and the joyful tumult was soon hushed. The execution of a large band of performers was most admirable, and enchaind the silent attention of all present. The music was none the less acceptable for being a medley, and in the course of it "Yankee Doodle" and "Hail Columbia" were introduced with great effect. At every interval between the pieces the fair songstress, who stood by the lighted window, in full view of the crowd, waved her handkerchief and clapped her hands in appro-

val of the course adopted by him in voting in the glorious little minority of seven, who, on the 31st of July, followed the leading of Malcolm Cameron in defence of the privilege of the Press, or rather of the People through the Press. We submit the invitation and response.

To A. J. FERGUSSON, Esq., M. P. F. for the County of Waterloo:—
We, the undersigned inhabitants of the town and neighborhood of Guelph, having viewed with much regret the course pursued by the House of Assembly, in its late Session, towards a number of gentlemen connected with the Public Press; and believing, as we do, that the full and proper liberty of the Press is absolutely necessary to the well being of every State and People, inasmuch as time has proved it to be the grand palladium of all the civil and religious rights of man; and believing also, that the Press having become, by common consent, our "Fourth Estate," its liberties and privileges are equally valuable with those of "King, Lords, and Commons," or their Representatives; believing also, that the House of Assembly have greatly erred in treating those rights and privileges as a fiction, by locking up the Reporters' Gallery, and taking away the desks commonly used by the gentlemen of the Press; believing also, that the House committed another error equally great, in not accepting the moderate and conciliatory resolution proposed by Mr. Malcolm Cameron; and having seen with great satisfaction that you, Sir, voted in a minority of "seven," for the adoption of said resolution; we therefore tender to you our thanks for the manly, upright, and independent course you took on that occasion; and beg respectfully that you will accept an invitation, hereby also tendered, to be present at a Public Dinner, to be held at the British Hotel, Guelph, on such a day as you may think proper to name.

We are, Sir, &c., &c.
Thomas Saunders, Hon. Wm. Wat, Thomas Ross Brock, John Smith, Frederick Maroon, Thomas Sandilands, James Lynd, Frederick George, Geo. Elliott, A. Macdonald, Charles Horning, John T. Tracy, Chas. James Mickle, William Logie, William Day, John Pipe, Benjamin Hurst, (Warden) Robert Sunley, Thos. Hefferman, Geo. Sunley, Ed. Carrall, D. Benedict, James Hough, Edwin Newton, Jas. Hodgert, Geo. Wilson, Geo. Pirie, John Horning, Robt. Hutcherson, John Harris, Jas. Edwin Hubbard, John Thorp, &c., &c.

The steamer *Cherokee* arrived from Havana, Sept. 6. She brought down, via Panama, 1,000 passengers, and a large freight—great numbers are coming down from the mines, for the purpose of returning home, many of them in a destitute condition, and most of them have barely made money enough to pay expenses. Many have been driven out of the mines in consequence of frequent murders.

Passengers bring bad reports from the mines. The day after the *Cherokee* left Acapulco, the cholera broke out on board, and about 40 have died. About 20 on board the ship were buried at the Isthmus. Everything was quite in Havana. Troops were arriving from Spain, and in a short time the force in the Island will amount to 30,000.

By the *Georgia* nothing had been heard of the robbers of the specie, although several arrests had been made on suspicion. Cholera had broken out afresh at Cagua La Grande, and carried off a great number of negroes. Havana was visited by a hurricane on the 22nd August. It blew with great violence, and did considerable damage to shipping. All of the vessels of war dragged anchor. Many beautiful trees were injured. The Capt. General had refused permission to the American steamers to go to the dock. No cause is assigned.

Father Matthew was presented with seven hundred and fifty dollars by a number of gentlemen of temperance principles in New Orleans, on the 15th ult., in token of their respect for the man and his cause.

ENORMOUS WHEAT CROP.—A correspondent of the *Detroit Daily Tribune*, writing from Romeo, Mich., states that Ira Phelps of Bruce, Macomb Co., last week harvested and thrashed from two acres of ground, one hundred and twenty-four bushels of wheat. The wheat crop of all Michigan, will be unprecedentedly large.

The United States papers contain long accounts of very destructive floods in Pennsylvania. The loss of property, it is said, has been enormous, all along the Schuylkill and Lehigh, and many lives are reported lost. It is as yet impossible to say what the effects will amount to.

THE PARLIAMENT AND THE PRESS.
It must needs be gratifying to the conductors of the Press throughout the Colony, and to all who have ranged them on the popular side in the contest now pending between the adherents of a tyrannical, antiquated, and obsolete system, and those who desire to see the institutions of the country carried out in accordance with the requirements of the age, and as they may best serve the purposes for which they were called into existence,—between the sticklers for the exclusive, injurious, and preposterous privilege claimed by the House of Assembly on the one hand, and on the other, the advocates of the people's right to be duly informed, through the medium of the press, of the political views and opinions of their paid public servants, as mooted by them in their places in Parliament. It must, we say, be gratifying to the no-privilege and anti-hungry party to perceive that the *vox populi* is not found echoing Mr. Attorney-Gen. Baldwin's *ipse dixit*, that the press is only present by sufferance during the debates in Parliament. Oxford and York had already spoken out on the subject, when, at their last sitting, the Municipal Council of the County of Simcoe passed the following resolution:—

"Resolved—That while it is absolutely necessary that the privileges of Parliament should be upheld, on the one hand, it is also essential on the other, that in this, as well as in all free countries, the legitimate freedom of the Press should be rightfully maintained; that through the instrumentality of the Press, the acts and proceedings of our Representatives in Parliament are widely disseminated through the length and breadth of the land; that it has been customary to permit Reporters of the Press, as a Privileged Body, to report the proceedings of the Representatives of the People in the House of Assembly in Parliament; that we, the Municipal Council of the County of Simcoe, cannot but regret that the dignity of the House of Assembly of this Province, in its opinion, but by one of the newspaper Reporters, at the same time that we cannot subscribe to the idea that the Reporters sit in that House by sufferance, and not as a matter of right; and they are not in themselves a privileged body."

Nor will Waterloo be the last or the least energetic in delivering her opinion on the question. As we stated last week, Mr. Fergusson, the Representative of the County, has been invited to a public dinner by a number of gentlemen, of different political opinions, in testimony of their ap-

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5. Governor, or person by him authorized, to grant a Tavern License to party producing Certificate, on payment of £10 over and above duty imposed by Act of the Imperial Parliament—License to be in force to 1st June in the succeeding year.

6. Any Person having drunk Spirituous Liquors in a Tavern, and who, intoxicated thereby, shall commit a nuisance, or perish from cold, &c., Tavern-keeper to be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment from two to six months, and fine of £25 to £100—fine to be paid to heirs of deceased.

7. Persons possessed of £100 real or personal property, on Certificate of good moral character from four Municipal Electors of locality, to obtain from Municipal Council a License to keep a Temperance Hotel, on payment of 20s. to 75s. Such persons convicted of selling intoxicating drinks, or keeping a disorderly house, to be fined ten pounds.

8. Offences under this Act to be summarily disposed of by one or more Justices, on evidence of one witness.

9. In Lower Canada, all Taverns and Temperance Hotels to have at least three bed-rooms, with traveller, and three stalls for their horses, with privy, &c.

10. Only Keepers of Temperance Hotels and Apothecaries to vend temperance drinks, under penalty of £10.

11. List of Tavern and Temperance Hotel Licenses to be published in County Newspaper—and proper sign to be hung up by parties licensed—penalty of £5 on unlicensed persons hanging up such signs. In Lower Canada, license to be exposed in glass frame, under penalty of £10.

12. Any person a competent witness; fine for non-attendance when summoned as a witness, £5; for endeavoring to prevent witness from appearing £20.

13. Person seen intoxicated to be fined by Magistrate 5s. to 20s., or imprisoned, in default, not over one month.

14. Distiller, Merchant, or Trader, not to sell spirits in less quantity than one gallon, and wine only by the bottle—neither to be drunk on premises; except on Certificate from Minister or Physician that a smaller quantity is required medically.

15. Pastry Cooks, &c., not having License, prohibited from selling Temperance Beverages, under penalty of £5.

16. Parties Licensed in Lower Canada refusing to entertain travellers, incur a penalty not exceeding £5.

17. Inspector of Revenue, or his Deputy, to visit all Licensed Houses semi-annually, and report to Municipal Council. Parties found in possession of adulterated liquor to be fined not less than £10. Penalty for refusing admission to Inspector, £5. Inspector to visit houses of parties suspected of selling without License; such on conviction to pay £5.

18 & 19. Justices to keep minutes of proceedings, and to grant warrant for apprehension of parties intending to abscond, who shall give two sureties for appearance at trial, in £50 each.

20. Half the penalties imposed to go to informers, residue to Municipality or School Trustees.

21. In cities of Lower Canada, Certificate for Spirit License to be signed by 25 Electors or 6 Magistrates. Magistrates, being proprietors of Taverns, not to sign Certificates for such, under penalty of £5.

22. In Lower Canada, no Gambling allowed in Licensed Houses, under penalty of £10.

23. Act to take effect on 5th April next.

TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.—In consequence of the dinner to Mr. Fergusson falling on the 13th, the Monthly Meeting of the Society is postponed till Friday the 20th inst., when the newly fitted up Temperance Hall in Dundas St. will be opened.

DINNER AT BERLIN.—Mr. Fergusson M. P. P. will be entertained at dinner on Thursday by the electors of Berlin, whose cause he advocated during the progress of the late abortive County Division Bill. We have not learned the particular day when a similar compliment is to be paid him in Galt.

Provincial.

From the Hamilton Spectator.
GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD.
MEETING AT GALT.

rate-payers for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of authorizing the Council to enact a By-law to take stock in the Great Western Railway, so that the Branch to Galt may be commenced forthwith—

The meeting was held in the Town Hall on Wednesday night, and was most numerously attended. Sir A. N. Macnab and Dr. Hamilton, Directors, and Mr. Gilkison, the Secretary, were present.

A. Elliot, Esq., Reeve of Galt, was called to the Chair, and Mr. Adam Kerr, appointed Secretary.

The Chairman opened the proceedings, by explaining the great importance of the object for which they were assembled.

A. Shade, Esq., in moving the first resolution, which was expressive of the importance of the proposed Railroad to the country and to Galt, in particular, spoke with much effect, and pointed out and proved by figures, the vast advantages which all classes of the community, and especially the farmer, would derive from a Railroad, he happily illustrated its benefits, from the results which followed the making of the Macadamized road to Dundas, shewing that that road had been an actual saving to the people of Galt and the surrounding country of more than £50,000 per annum; and he was so convinced that a similar and greater result would flow from the Railroad, that he for one was willing to run all risks in having his property taxed in order to secure the Branch Railroad.

Sir Allan Macnab was here called upon to afford information to the meeting relative to the Great Western Railroad Company, which the gallant knight did in his usual effective manner, concurring in and sustaining the arguments of Mr. Shade. Dr. Hamilton also addressed the meeting.

John Miller, Esq., moved the second resolution, which recommended the Town Council to take 1,000 shares, or £25,000 of stock, with the understanding that the branch to Galt should be commenced and completed at the same time with the line from Hamilton to the point of intersection.

This resolution was well introduced by Mr. Miller, spoken to by various gentlemen, and carried unanimously amidst the greatest enthusiasm.

A. Ainslie, Esq., moved the third resolution, naming a numerous committee to consult with the Town Council to carry into effect the wishes of the meeting.

The thanks of the meeting were voted to the gentlemen who attended on behalf of the Great Western Company, and also to the Chairman, for his conduct in the chair.

The meeting separated with three cheers for the Queen, and three for Sir A. Macnab.

THE INTENDED SALE OF THE YORK ROADS.—The outcry against the flagitious sale of the York County Roads has had the effect of preventing the consummation of that job. Mr. Hincks, has thus, out of his own mouth, convicted the very few members of the press who undertook to defend his course. There is no doubt the Beauty job would have been consummated but for the early discovery of the plot. There was, therefore, a bargain between the Government and the company.

If that bargain were fair and above board, it cannot be departed from without injustice to Mr. Beatty. That the property is again in the market is therefore the very best proof of the correctness of the strictures made in the transaction. By last *Globe* we receive a correspondence between the Hon. F. Hincks and Franklin Jackson, Esq., the Warden of the York County Municipality. The Inspector General's first note bears date of the 20th August, some three or four days after the cry of stop had gone through the neighborhood. In it he informs the Warden that the County may still acquire the roads if they please; and suggests that a special meeting of the Council should be called to deliberate on the subject, to which Mr. Jackson replies that he will call such a meeting. Mr. Hincks we see, and the *Globe*, in the few remarks which accompany the correspondence, labors to turn the question on the consideration whether the roads should be sold to municipalities or private companies. This is very adroit, but not quite so successful. There can be no doubt that it was the duty of the Government to obtain the largest amount possible for the roads, consistent with the open character of the sale. The money by which they were constructed was appropriated by the Legislative grant of the United Province, at Kingston, if we remember rightly, in the second held at that city; and it was granted on the understanding that the Province should be indemnified by the localities for the advances made to them. If this design has since been abandoned, and the Province has taken a bad bargain on its own hands, it has certainly a most clear right to make the most of it, without further consideration of neighborhoods which it has already favored to its cost. The true question is whether the bargain has been made so as to secure the largest price, and so as to satisfy the public of the fact. We say certainly not. The proper way to conduct such sales is either by auction or by demanding tenders to be opened on a certain day, the upset price being in either case determined on. Such a course prevents all suspicion of trick, and it is by adopting another—and under all the circumstances, a most suspicious course that the Inspector General has been most justly condemned.—*Montreal Herald*.

TEMPERANCE DEMONSTRATION.—We have only space and time to say that the Demonstration given by the Sons of Temperance in this District, at the Falls, on Tuesday, was the largest Temperance display ever seen in this District. The Sons, numbering 1000, were marshalled on the Plains opposite the Pavilion, and marched in procession to Drummondville, passing through the streets thereof, proceeded to the grounds where dinner was prepared. It is supposed that from 6 to 7 thousand persons were on the ground.—D. McFarland, Esq., M. P. P., occupied the chair—the Rifle Band discoursed most eloquent music—the Banners floated in the breeze—the Ladies made themselves eminently useful,—and the whole passed off most agreeably. Our Buffalo brethren turned out nobly,—chartering a boat, and bringing an excellent band of music, as also the Rev. Professor Segur, along with them.—*St. Catharines Journal*.

GUELPH MARKET.—Sept. 10.
Fall Wheat, per bushel, 3s. 5d.; Spring do., 3s. Flour, per 100 lbs., at Mill, 10s. to 11s. 3d.; do., Farmers', 8s. 9d. Oats, per bushel, 1s. 3d. Butter, per lb., 6d. Eggs, per dozen, 5s. No change in other produce.

DUNDAS MARKET, Sept. 7, 1850.—We have no change of notice in our Grain Market, either as regards price or supply. The former is still 3s. 3d. for best samples of Wheat, and the latter is unequal to the demand. During the past week, about 300 bushels a-day have been delivered at Mr. Ewart's Mill.

GALT MARKET, Sept. 7, 1850.—Wheat has advanced to 3s. 6d. currency, or 3s. 8d. York, per bushel, and there is very little coming in.

PUBLIC DINNER

TO MR. FERGUSSON, M. P. P.

A PUBLIC DINNER will be given to Mr. FERGUSSON, M. P. P. for the County of Waterloo, in the BRITISH HOTEL, Guelph, on FRIDAY, the 13th Sept., in approval of the vote he gave in the House of Assembly, tending to keep inviolate

The Freedom of the Press and the Rights of the People.

Men of Waterloo!—Show your Member, and the House of Assembly, by your attendance at the Dinner, that you understand the Rights of the People as well as the Privileges of Parliament, and that you will not quietly allow those rights to be infringed.

TICKETS.—One Dollar each, may be had at the *Herald* and *Advertiser* Offices, at the British Hotel, Farmers' Arms, and at the Store of Mr. G. Sunley.

Guelph, Sept. 10, 1850. 163

HAMILTON PRICES.

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the Inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding Country, that they are now opening out, at the Store lately occupied by Mr. ROSS, TWO DOORS WEST OF THORP'S HOTEL, THE MOST COMPLETE, CHEAPEST, AND BEST-SELECTED STOCK OF GROCERIES,

LIQUORS, HARDWARE, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY, &c., Ever brought to this part of the Country, the whole of which will be sold at the Lowest Hamilton Prices, trusting to the Public at large to give them such general support as will make this system remunerative; assuring them, at the same time, that their utmost endeavors will be used to secure the public confidence. In their Stock of GROCERIES will be found some particularly fine qualities of

Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Black Teas, Laguyra, Rio, and Roasted Coffee, Muscovado, Refined, and Crushed Sugars, Honey Dew, Cavendish, and Cut Tobaccos, Dye Stuffs, Spices, &c.

IN WINES AND LIQUORS Their Stock consists, in part, of Hennessy's, Martell's, and other Brandy's; Jamaica and E. I. Rum; Hollands Gin in Cask and Bottle; Scotch, Cobourg, Toddy, and Canadian Whiskies, Peppermint, &c.; Sandimand's, Hunt's, and Graham's Port Wines; Duff Gordon's, and Dempster's Pale and Brown Sherries; Wood's Madeira; Bottled London Porter, Liqueurs, &c., of the finest qualities; also a Large Assortment of the Newest Styles of

GLASSWARE AND CROCKERY, Double Refined, Solar, Whale, Lard, Cod, Raw and Boiled OILS, Copal Varnish, Turpentine, Red and White Lead, Paints, &c. Window Glass, 7 by 9 to 18 by 24. They particularly call the attention of purchasers to their full and well-assorted Stock of SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE,

Among which will be found almost every description of Carpenters', Joiners', Coopers', Millwrights', and Shoemakers' Tools, of the most approved Makers; Hand, Tennon, Cross Cut, and Mill Saws; Files, of every variety; Cut, Wrought, and Horse Nails, by the lb. or package; House Furnishings, Locks, Bolts, Butts, Latches, Screws, &c., &c. All sizes of

Scotch, Swedes, and Refined, Bar, Hoop, and Band Iron, Blisters, German, and Cast Steel; Logging Chains, Plough Plates, Ohio Grindstones, and every description of Shelf and Heavy Goods, usually kept in the Hardware Trade,

FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN AS CASH. Please Observe! the Stone Store Two Doors West of Thorp's Hotel, and facing the Market Square.

W. J. BROWN & CO., Proprietors. Guelph, 10th September, 1850. 168-1f

BIRTHS.

Here on the 9th inst. Mrs. P. Foster of two sons—The twins immediately after birth weighed 15 lbs.

In London on the 5th inst. the wife of Mr. D. W. Hart, proprietor of the Times, of a daughter.

PEOPLE'S MILLS, (Late the Wellington,) GUELPH.

The Guelph Wheat and Flour Company HAVING leased the above Mills, and put them in thorough repair, are prepared to transact business with the Merchants and Farmers of the Town and neighborhood, both in the

CRISTING AND FLOURING

Departments. The GRANARIES are extensive, and any quantity of Wheat can be stored for Flouring, or future use. This Company, being formed for the benefit of the locality, will give, at all times, within 6d. York of the prices below, in Cash, for any quantity of good

Merchantable Wheat. By Order. JOHN SMITH, Acting Partner. Guelph, 9th Sept., 1850. 168-1f

TO HOTEL, TAVERN-KEEPERS, AND PRIVATE FAMILIES.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have now on hand a large and assorted Stock of Brandy's, Rums, Gins, Whiskies, Peppermint, &c., Port, Pale and Gold Sherries and Madeira Wines, &c., &c., by the Cask, or Gallon, of various qualities and prices, to suit purchasers. Some qualities are particularly well deserving the attention of the Connoisseur, and none can fail to give satisfaction according to price.

W. J. BROWN & CO. Guelph, Sept. 10, 1850. 168-1f

TO COOPERS, CARPENTERS, AND OTHERS.

JUST received, a Case of WEED'S Lock-Port Tools, assorted; Tress Hoops, &c.; also several Cases of Auburn Planes, consisting of Bench, Band, Base, Match, Plane, Hollows and Rounds, Rabbling and other Planes; Rochester Hand Axes, Beveled; Steel Augers, Squares, Wagon-makers' Draw-knives, &c.—the whole of which will be sold at the lowest Hamilton and Dundas Prices.

W. J. BROWN & CO. Guelph, Sept. 10, 1850. 168-1f

NOTICE.

The Partnership heretofore existing between the Subscribers, under the firm of "SMITH & McDUGALL," Merchants in Elora, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Elora, 24th Aug., 1850. JOHN SMITH, DUNCAN D. McDUGALL.

Witness, JAMES GEDDES.

N. B.—All claims against the late firm will be settled by D. D. McDUGALL, who still continues the business on his own account; and all debts due the late firm must be paid to him immediately. 166-3

ENCOURAGE LOCAL ARTISTS.

WILLIAM KENNEDY in returning thanks for the patronage received since he commenced business as Stone Cutter in Guelph, begs to call the attention of the public to the various patterns of Sun Dials, Grave Stones, Curling Stones, Land-mark Stones, Stone Pipe Stones, &c., &c., which he has on hand, all which he will sell low for Cash or Trade.

W. K. cuts ornamental devices of any required pattern or design. York-Road, Guelph, 166-1f. Aug. 20, 1850.



Provincial Industrial Commission. GREAT EXHIBITION TO BE HELD AT MONTREAL.

THE COMMISSIONERS appointed under the Great Seal of the Province, to conduct the PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION to be held at MONTREAL, with a view to the selection of articles, the production of Canada, for transmission to the Great

Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations, to take place in LONDON, in 1851, hereby give notice, that the said PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION will be HELD AT MONTREAL, On Thursday, 17th October next, AND TWO SUBSEQUENT DAYS.

The Commissioners hereby further give notice of the following decisions:— All articles intended for Exhibition must be addressed to JOHN LEWIS, Esq., the Secretary of the Executive Committee, and must be delivered (free of charge), at Montreal, on or before

SATURDAY, the 12th day of October. The sum of £2000 having been granted by the Legislature for the purpose of the Commission, and local subscriptions to a considerable amount having been added thereto, the Commissioners are prepared to award Prizes (amounting in the aggregate to £1500) to the best articles, exhibited in the following Classes:—as more particularly set forth in the Prize List already published.

CLASS A. Minerals, Ores, Metal, Earths, Glass, &c. &c. Porcelain, Pottery, Stone, Cements, Plasters, Tiles, Bricks, Slates, &c. &c. 90 0 0

CLASS B. Sec. 1.—Wheat, Barley, Rye, Oats, Corn, and other Produce, Seeds, Fruits, Starch, Gums, Sugar, Resin, Lye, Stuffs, and other Manufacturing Materials, Tobacco, Vegetable Oil, &c. 200 0 0

CLASS C. Sec. 2.—Samples of Canadian Woods in six feet Planks, Shingles, Staves, and Veneers. 45 0 0

CLASS D. Preparations for Food, as Beef, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Honey, Butter, Cheese, &c., of Oils, Lard, Candles, Soap, Sugar, Lozenges, Syllabub, Hair, Bone, pickled dried Fish, Stuffed Animals, Birds, &c., Furs, &c. &c. 200 0 0

CLASS E. Machinery, as Steam Engines, Boilers and Furnaces, Water Wheels, Wind Mills, Pumps, Fire Engines, Hydraulic Rams, Travellers, Crows, Lathes, Planing, Drilling, Boring, Shearing, Riveting, Nail and Screw Cutting, Break, Candles, and other Machines or Models, in metal their work. 220 0 0

CLASS F. Sec. 2.—Manufactures in Metals, as Ornamental Cast and Wrought Iron, Nails, Screws, Angers, Axes, Edge Tools, Cutlery, Files, Sawes, Grates, Fenders, Fire Aras, Clocks, Type, Astronomical, Mathematical, Surgical, Dental, and Musical Instruments. 150 0 0

CLASS G. Sec. 3.—Farming Implements, as Ploughs, Harrows, Chaff Cutters, Reaping, Threshing, Smit and other Machines, Grain Cradles, Forks, Shovels, Scythes, Scissors, &c. 90 0 0

CLASS H. Sec. 4.—Special Specimens of Mechanical Skill, Dentists, Goldsmiths, Silversmiths, Whitesmiths, Blacksmiths, Locksmiths, Coopers, Wheelwrights, and Tin and Copper-Smiths' work. 45 0 0

CLASS I. Woolen and other Manufactures, as Broad Cloth, Tweed, Flannel, Blankets, Cotton Goods, Linen Goods, Worsted, Fringed Cloth, &c. &c. 130 0 0

CLASS J. Manufactures in Leather, as Saddles, Harness, Portmanteaus, Hosiery, Belting, Foot and Shoe Making, Bookbinding, &c. &c. 50 0 0

CLASS K. Sec. 2.—Carrriages, as Summer and Pleasure Carrriages, Buggies, Farm and other Wagons, Single and Double, Steigles, &c. 45 0 0

CLASS L. Specimens of Modelling, Sculpture, Carving in Stone and Wood, Wood and Seal Engraving, Letter-press, Lithographic, and Copper-plate Printing, &c. &c. 75 0 0

CLASS M. Indian Productions, as Canoes, Saddles, Cradles, Pouches, Pipes, Snow Shoes, &c. 27 0 0

Second Prizes are awarded in all the Classes, and a considerable amount is reserved for distribution, at the discretion of the Judges, to articles unenumerated in the List.

All articles must have been produced or manufactured in Canada. All articles to which Prizes shall have been awarded, will be held liable to transmission to England.

A Special Honorary Diploma suitable to the occasion will be presented to all parties obtaining first Prizes.

The Judges of the various Classes will be appointed by the Commission, and a list of names proposed by the various Societies and Institutes (in each section of the Province) connected with Agriculture, Manufactures, and the Mechanical Arts. Such Judges in no case to be Exhibitors in the Class to which they may be appointed.

Prize Lists selected for transmission to England, will be packed, warehoused, insured and shipped at the expense of the Commission.

A London Agent will be employed by the Commission to receive, warehouse, insure and deliver such articles at the expense of the Commission. The Proprietors of Steam-vessels on the River St. Lawrence and Lake Ontario have liberally consented to a considerable reduction in freight charges on all articles forwarded to the Exhibition, and the enterprising owner of the Steamer City of Toronto has announced his intention to transmit all such articles free between Hamilton and Kingston.

The Commissioners desire, in publishing the above Programme, to impress upon the public the high importance of entering zealously into this great competition. By the liberality of the Legislature, the Commissioners are enabled to distribute Prizes equal in amount to those awarded by European Governments, and in addition to defray all the expenses incurred in the shipment, insurance and transmission of the selected articles to the Great Exhibition of all Nations. With such inducements to individual exertion, and such incentives to an exalted and patriotic zeal, as are given in the desire to secure to the Province that high position to which it is entitled amongst the Colonies of Great Britain, the Commissioners feel assured that the result will be such as the occasion merits.

The Commissioners accordingly rely with confidence upon the energetic co-operation of all classes competent to aid and promote the undertaking; by which co-operation alone can the Commissioners hope to bring it to a successful and honorable issue.

Prize Lists may be obtained by application to the Mayors of Cities and Incorporated Towns, the Wardens of Counties, or to the Secretary of the Commission.

By Order of the Commissioners, FRED CUMBERLAND, Secretary. Toronto, August 26, 1850. 166-3f

NOTICE.

THE Business heretofore carried on by A. HIGINBOTHAM, Druggist, Guelph, will, on and after the 1st day of September next, be conducted under the firm of A. & N. HIGINBOTHAM.

A. HIGINBOTHAM, N. HIGINBOTHAM. Guelph, Aug. 22, 1850.

All persons indebted to the Subscriber, either by Note or Book Account, will please make payment immediately, and all those having claims against the Subscriber will present their accounts immediately for adjustment.

A. HIGINBOTHAM. N. B.—The Subscribers are receiving a full supply of

Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, &c., &c., Which they offer as heretofore on LIBERAL TERMS. A. & N. HIGINBOTHAM. Guelph, Aug. 22, 1850. 167-1f

FARM TO BE LET.

TO BE LET, for such term as may be agreed on, the farm of Margville, in the township of Nichol, distant 2 1/2 miles from Elora, and about 3 miles from Fergus, consisting of about 100 Acres, 60 Acres of which are in cultivation and mostly clear of stumps. There is a two-story stone and frame Dwelling-house on the Premises, furnishing suitable accommodation for a large family, frame barn, stable, cow-house, cattle sheds, &c. The Farm is beautifully situated about a mile from either, the Grand River and the Irvine.

Apply to the Proprietor, GEO. PIRIE. Herald Office, Guelph, } 166-1f. Aug. 27, 1850.

JACK'S ALIVE!

REPORTS having recently been current that Jack was shelled up, he just looks out to say that he is not only wide awake, but is now actually selling Men's STRONG DOUBLE-SOLED BOOTS AT 12s. 6d. CASH,

and other articles in his line, of superior workmanship and material, at equally low prices. Jack has had considerable difficulty in bringing down the prices of workmanship in Guelph to the rates paid elsewhere; but now the thing's done, the public will reap the benefit.

GUELPH BOOT AND SHOE WAREHOUSE. JOHN HORNING. JACK will pay CASH for HIDES and SKINS. 16th August, 1850. 165-1f

NEW BOOT & SHOE ESTABLISHMENT.

GEORGE GOW & JAMES BENZIE (late in the employ of Gow & Orme) respectfully announce to the inhabitants of town and country, that they have commenced business in the above line, in Wyndham Street, immediately opposite Mr. Daniel Linderman's Blacksmith Shop, under the firm of "Gow & Benzie."

As G. & B.'s Boots and Shoes will be entirely of their own workmanship, or manufactured under their immediate inspection, they believe the quality will be such as to insure a preference over Imported Sale Work, though offered at lower prices.

Long experience in some of the best shops in the Metropolis of England, by one of the firm, enables them to offer

Gentlemen's Dress Boots of a style and quality which have never been surpassed in Guelph; and the long practice of the other in

Ladies' Dress Boots gives them good grounds to anticipate a liberal share of public patronage.

STRONG BOOTS AND SHOES, of all sizes, and of the best material and workmanship, made to order.

LEATHER and PEGS by Retail, for Cash only. HIDES and TALLOW taken in exchange. Guelph, Aug. 19, 1850. 165-1f

WASHINGTON Farmers' Mutual Insurance Company.

Capital \$1,000,000. EZRA HOPKINS, HAMILTON, Agent for the Counties of Waterloo and Huron. August 27, 1850. 160-1y.

FOR SALE.

LOT No. 18 in the 14th Concession of Nichol, consisting of One Hundred Acres of Land, with good Log House and Barn, &c., and a Clearance of about Forty-five Acres, situated about a mile from Fergus. Terms liberal. Apply on the premises, or to

A. D. FERRIER. Guelph, Aug. 7, 1850. 164-1f

EDUCATION.

MR. JOHN FRANCK, Assistant Master in the Guelph Grammar School, respectfully announces that he is prepared to receive a few more Boys as Boarders, whose Education will be conducted under the joint superintendence of the Head Master and himself.

Mr. F.'s residence is situated close to the Town of Guelph, and within a short walk of the new Grammar School. Guelph, July 9, 1850. 159-1f

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE

THE Undersigned beg to announce to the Inhabitants of Guelph and Vicinity, that they have opened a NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE, in the Brick Building, near the Advertiser Office, Market Square; and hope by strict attention to all orders, combined with their ability and intention to manufacture as good Articles as any produced in Canada, to merit a share of public support.

Country Produce taken in Exchange. HOWARD & NORRIS. Guelph, Aug. 20, 1850. 165-3m.

Beautiful Small Property FOR SALE.

THE FARM known as "SPRINGFIELD," situated within 1 Mile of Fergus, 3 of Elora, and 14 of Guelph, the County Town—consisting of ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF EXCELLENT LAND, of which Seventy Acres are cleared and fenced, well watered, &c., &c.

The Buildings are of a superior description, and fit to accommodate a large family. Terms very reasonable, and time to be given for a considerable portion of the purchase money.

Application to be made to Messrs. FERGUSON & HIND, Guelph; JOHN MILLAR, Esq., Galt; JAMES L. SMITH, Esq., Fergus, or to the Proprietor on the Premises. W.M. MOORHEAD. Fergus, Aug. 23, 1850. 166-1f.

REMOVAL.

F. W. GALBRAITH. RESPECTFULLY informs his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his late residence to the Shop next door to Mr. Harris' Bakery, between Mr. Sandilands' Store & Thorp's Hotel, Market Square, where he intends keeping on hand and making to order, Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Trunks, and most other articles connected with his trade.

Spurs, Curry Combs, Horse Brushes, Mane Combs, &c. constantly on hand. F. W. G. would add that the strictest attention will be paid to all orders; and he respectfully solicits a continuance of that patronage with which he has hitherto been favored.

Guelph, July 30, 1850. 162-3m

DANCING AND CALISTHENICS.

MR. MACINDOE respectfully intimates to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Guelph and vicinity, that he intends opening Classes for the above accomplishments on MONDAY, the 29th instant.

Mr. M. having made a professional visit to Europe during the past year, has had facilities for acquiring every Dance now fashionable in distinguished circles, from Mr. ANDREW THOMPSON, Teacher of Dancing to the Royal Family; and in addition to the ordinarily received modes of Dancing, will give instructions in La Valse a Cinq Temps, La Schottische, and La Redowa.

Guelph, July 23, 1850. 161

CHEAP CASH STORE.

GEORGE ELLIOTT ANNOUNCES to the inhabitants of Guelph and its vicinity, that he has opened the Store lately occupied by Messrs. JACKSON & DAVIDSON, on the Market Square, (and in which he formerly conducted business for Messrs. W. Dixon & Co.) with a full assortment of

DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hardware, & Liquors, Of the Latest Importations.

He would respectfully invite the attention of the public to the inspection of his stock, which, for prices and quality, he is satisfied cannot be surpassed, as his Groceries have been purchased by himself in New York, and his Wines and Liquors in the Montreal Market.

His Dry Goods are of the latest Styles of this Spring's Importation, and bought for Cash.

G. E. trusts, by attention to business, and the prices at which he can afford to sell goods, to merit a share of the patronage of the public.

Guelph June 25, 1850. 157-1f

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Tavern-keepers and families to his Stock of Genuine WINES AND LIQUORS, which he is now receiving—consisting in part of

1 Hhd. Fine Old Cogniac Brandy, "Martells." 2 do. Bordeaux do. 1 Cask Holland Gin. 1 Hdo. Jamaica Rum, "Prime Old." 1 Hhd. Fine Old Port Wine, "Hunt's." 3 Qr. Casks Port Wines, "assorted qualities." 3 do. do. Sherry do. do. 1 do. do. Madeira do. do. "Fine." 50 Brls. Strong Whiskey. 2 Hlds. Peppermint.

Guelph, June 25, 1850. 157-1f

THE Subscriber offers for sale, 30 half Chests fresh Teas, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Black. 5 Brls. prime "Porto Rico" Coffee 2 Hhd. bright Muscovado Sugar. 2 Tierces Pulverized loaf do., a superior article.

1 Tierce New Rice. 6 Boxes Honeydew Tobacco, 5 and 8. G. ELLIOTT. Guelph, June 25, 1850. 156-1f

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs to call the attention of Families to his large Stock of Brandy's, Gin, Hollands, and Rum, also Ports and Sherries—all of which are of a very superior quality, imported direct, and warranted pure.

As all should be very careful of what they drink at this season of the year, the above are particularly recommended. JAMES LYND. Guelph, 15th July, 1850. 160

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

County of Waterloo, } BY Virtue of a To Wit. } Writ of Execution issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench at Toronto, and to me directed, against the Lands and Tenements of Alphonus William Henry Rose and Geo. Jas. Gale, Defendants, at the suit of Jonathan Watson, Thos. Watson and Jas. Acheson, Plaintiffs, I have seized and taken in execution the following Lands, viz: Lots Nos. 1, 3, and 8, in the Fifth Concession of Derby, and Lots No. 2, and 11, in the Sixth Concession of Derby, containing nine hundred and ninety acres, more or less; which said Lands and Tenements I shall expose for sale at the Court House, in Guelph, in the said County, on Saturday, the Nineteenth day of October next, at the hour of Twelve o'clock Noon.

GEO. J. GRANGE, Sheriff. Sheriffs Office, Guelph, } July 15th, 1850. } 160-3m.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned offers for Sale Lot No. 4 on the 5th Concession of Nichol, nearly on the line of the Guelph and Elora Road, and about three miles distant from the former, and ten miles from the latter place. The Lot comprises 107 1/2 Acres, a large proportion of which is cleared, well fenced, and now in crop. Possession may be had immediately, and a part of the price be permitted to remain on security of the property.

Application to be made to J. L. Smith, Esq., Fergus; Mr. John Thorp, Guelph; or to the proprietor. BARTHOLOMEW O'CONNOR. Elora Road, June 17th 1850. 158-1f.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a very desirable Farm in the vicinity of the Grand River, immediately adjoining the thriving village of Fergus, and about three miles from Elora—being lots 19 and 20 on the 16th Concession of Nichol, comprising 196 acres, of which about 70 acres are cleared, well fenced, and almost entirely free of stumps. There is a good Frame House, Barn, and suitable offices on the property, and abundance of fine water. From its situation, part of the property might with much advantage be laid out in Park Lots.

J. LAMOND SMITH, Land Agent. Fergus, June 29, 1850. 159-1f [Colonist and Spectator to insert till forbid.]

WOOL.

ALL who have any Wool for Sale had better bring it to the Subscriber, and get the Cash for it at once. JAMES LYND. Guelph, 15th July, 1850. 160

CASH!!!

CASH will be paid for any quantity of Wheat, Oats, and Timothy Seed. JAMES LYND. Market Square, Guelph. 160

TO THE FARMERS.

WANTED by the Subscriber, any quantity of good Butter, and for which the highest market price will be paid. JAMES LYND. Guelph, 15th July, 1850. 160

BACON AND OATS.

A large quantity of the above for Sale for Cash. JAMES LYND. Guelph, 15th July, 1850. 160

Great Reduction in Prices of BOOTS AND SHOES.

GEORGE GOW & ORME respectfully announce to their friends and the public generally, that they have now on hand the largest and best assorted Stock of Boots and Shoes ever offered for sale in Guelph, which they will sell at the following unprecedentedly Low Prices:—

Gents' Calf Boots, 3/6 Ladies' Cashmere 10/6 Kip do. 17/6 6d Brunella do. 7/6 6d Cowhide do. 13/6 6d Calf do. 8/6 6d Cobourg do. 8/6 6d Patent Slips do. 5/6 6d Slips do. 5/6 6d Common do. 3/6 6d

Misses', Boys', and Children's Boots and Shoes, proportionately low. G. & O. would invite inspection of their present stock of Morocco and Patent Leather, and French and English Calf, which will be found of excellent quality, and well adapted for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fine Dress Boots; and which they are prepared to make up in the newest and most fashionable style, and on the shortest notice.

Guelph, May 4, 1850. 150-1f

THE DIVISION COURTS

OF THE County of Waterloo will hold their sittings at

Sydenham, Sept. 16th, 1850. Egramont " 19th, " Wilmot, Oct. 15th, " Berlin, " 18th, " Preston, " 18th, " Guelph, " 21st, " Erin, " 24th, " Fergus, " 26th, "

ALFRED BAKER, Clerk No. 1. Guelph, June 25, 1850. 156-1f

Poetry.

"PLEASE TO RING THE BELLE."

"I'll tell you a story that's not in Tom Moore: Young Love likes to knock at a pretty girl's door: So he called upon Lucy—twas just ten o'clock— Like a spruce single man with a smart double knock.

Scraps.

From Cumming's Adventures in S. Africa.

THE HONEY BIRD.

This extraordinary little bird, which is about the size of a chaffinch, and of a light gray color, will invariably lead a person following it to a wild bee's nest, Chatting and twittering in a state of great excitement, it perches on a branch beside the traveller, endeavoring by various wiles to attract his attention; and having succeeded in doing so, it flies lightly forward in a wavy course in the direction of the bee's nest, alighting every now and then, and looking back to ascertain if the traveller is following it, all the time keeping up an incessant twitter. When, at length, it arrives at the hollow tree, or deserted white ants' hill, which contains the honey, it for a moment hovers over the nest, pointing to it with its bill, and then takes up its position on a neighboring branch, anxiously awaiting its share of the spoil. When the honey is taken, which is accomplished by first stupefying the bees by burning grass at the entrance of their domicile, the honey-bird will often lead to a second and even to a third nest. The person thus following it ought to whistle. The savages in the interior, whilst in pursuit, have several charmed sentences which they use on the occasion. The wild bee of Southern Africa exactly corresponds with the domestic garden bee of England. They are very generally diffused throughout every part of Africa, beeswax forming a considerable part of the cargoes of ships trading to the gold and ivory coasts, and the deadly district of Sierra Leone, on the western shores of Africa. Interesting as the honey-bird is, and though sweet be the stores to which it leads, I have often had cause to wish it far enough, as, when following the warm "spoor" of track of elephants, I have often seen the savages, at moments of the utmost importance, resign the spoor of the beasts to attend to the summons of the bird. Sometimes, however, they are "sold," it being a well-known fact, both among the Hottentots and tribes of the interior, that they often lead the unwary pursuer to danger, sometimes guiding him to the midday retreat of a grizzly lion, or bringing him suddenly upon the den of the crouching panther. I remember, on one occasion, about three years later, when weary with warring against the mighty elephants and hippopotamuses which roam the vast forests and sport in the floods of the fair Limpopo, having mounted a pair of unfurled shot-barrels, I sought recreation in the humber pursuit of quail-shooting. While thus employed, my attention was suddenly invited by a garrulous honey-bird, which pertinaciously adhered to me for a considerable time, heedless of the reports made by my gun. Having bagged as many quails and partridges as I cared about shooting, I whistled hastily to the honey-bird, and gave him chase. After following him to a distance of upwards of a mile through the open glades adjoining the Limpopo, he led me to an unusual vast crocodile, who was lying with his entire body concealed, nothing but his horrid head being visible above the surface of the water, his eyes anxiously watching the movements of eight or ten large bull buffaloes, which, in seeking to quench their thirst in the waters of the river, were cracking through the dry reeds as they cautiously waded in the deep mud that a recent flood had deposited along the edge. Fortunately for the buffaloes, the depth of the mud prevented their reaching the stream, and thus the scaly monster of the river was disappointed of his prey.

A Magistrate Convicting Himself.—Many persons during the past week have been fined at Bradford, under the third bye-law, for "suffering or permitting" their dogs to "go at large." In this anticannic war Mr. Alderman Rand has zealously distinguished himself, and won the thanks of many persons who stand in salutary fear of hydrophobia. Alas, that Mr. Alderman Rand's dog should have "gone at large" in Bradford; but so it was, though whether the illegal act was "suffering," or "permitting," none can say. On Tuesday, however, when Mr. Alderman Rand was on the bench (in connection with Mr. Alderman S. Smith), the deed was made manifest. About 12 o'clock Policeman Dean came forward, and was sworn to speak the whole truth against Mr. Rand's offending bow-wow. Mr. Rand still kept his seat on the bench.—Dean, addressing Mr. Rand:—"About 5 minutes to 12 o'clock, on the 2nd of July, I saw your dog going at large." Alderman Rand.—"You saw Mr. Rand's dog going at large?" Policeman.—"About 30 or 40 yards." Alderman Rand.—"And are you quite sure of that?" Policeman.—"I am quite sure of it; I followed him to the backdoor of your house, and your servant owned it was your dog." Alderman Rand pleasantly cross-examined the witness in reference to the animal's breed, but the policeman evidently was no "fancier." The worthy magistrate concluding, however, that the evidence was dead against

him, proceeded at once to pass sentence upon himself in the following terms:—"For this offence, Mr. Rand, you are fined 5s., and expenses, 9s. (Laughter.) If not paid, a warrant of distress will be issued; and if there be not sufficient goods upon which to levy, you will be committed for fourteen days to the House of Correction." (Loud laughter.)

The Auld Grey Mare.—An honest farmer, a few miles from Dumfries was often found fault with by his wife for staying out too late in town on market nights.—At last she set out with him one day herself, and in the evening forced him home rather sooner than he wished. Accordingly they mounted the old grey mare—he on the saddle, and she on the pad—behind him. They rode on till they came to a small brook that crossed the road, when the mare put down her head to drink, and being satisfied, again went on. "Now," said the goodwife, "if you would do like the mare—when she has enough, she stops for her own accord and goes on; and can't you do the same?" "True, goodwife," said he, "but if there was another auld grey mare on the other side o' the strand, and the aye sayin' to the ither, 'Here's the eye, and here's the eye again,' there's nae tellin' when they micht part."

Romance in Real Life.—The New York Morning Star has the following bit of local romance which is by no means improbable:—In the H—packet ship from —, came out the other day, say two weeks ago, a very beautiful woman about thirty years old, having a fine curly head of boy about five years of age with her, and being accompanied by a young, well-matched man, of elegant dress and easy manners, who appeared to be of some tender relationship to the beautiful and interesting stranger. They stopped three or four days at the Astor House, from which they removed to an exquisite villa in Hoboken. This was most luxuriously furnished, and money seemed no impediment to the gratification of the cultivated taste of the parties. They strolled in the evenings along the banks of the noble Hudson, and deeply impassioned dialogues were the accustomed accompaniments of their recreations. * * * On board the Canada, during her fine and rapid passage might be seen a tall man, of grave demeanour and noble proportions. He was eminently aristocratic in look and bearing. He spoke but little during the passage.—Something pressed heavily at his heart, and he could not enjoy the voyage or society of any kind. He stopped at the Astor, made inquiries after child and gentleman; tracked them to Hoboken, and discovered his own brother, the seducer of his beautiful wife, and the destroyer of his peace for ever. He returned to Europe with his darling boy, leaving the guilty pair to pursue their course of sin and shame as best they might. These parties may be met daily in the Elysian fields, seeking to drown remorse in the enjoyment of each other's society. The cries of the lady after her adored child are sometimes extremely frantic. She wishes she had never been born.

Good.—A lady wrote upon a window some verses, imitating her design of never marrying. A gentleman wrote the following lines underneath:—"Write it on glass to show it could be broke."

Irish Wit.—In order to test the wit of the Irish, the following question was recently put by a knot of gents to a newly imported son of the Emerald Isle. "If the devil should be told he might have one of us, which would he take?" "Why me, to be sure." "And why so?" "Faith he knows he can get either of you at any time."

Tattlers.—Like a bell that's rung for fire; like a ceaseless auctioneer; like off times, a graceless liar, mischief making tattlers go; stopping you with quaking fear, whispering as you lend an ear—"Mercy on us, did you hear? Betsy B. has got a beau!"

In Aberdeen the streets are swept every day at an annual cost of £1400, and the refuse brings in £2000 a year.—In Perth the scavenging costs £1300 per annum, and the manure sells for £1730.

Persecution.—Wherever you see persecution, there is more than a probability that truth lies on the persecuted side.

A Problem for the American Churches.—During fifty years of missionary labor, 400,000 pagans have been gathered into the fold of Christianity, under the preaching of the American missionaries. The average increase of slaves in their own country is about 70,000 a year, whom to teach to read the Bible is a penal offence. Now, if 8000 pagans are annually evangelized abroad, and 70,000 native Americans heathenized at home, required the time when "the knowledge of God shall cover the earth as the waters cover the sea."—Methodist New Connection Magazine.

Extraordinary Longevity.—We have to record the death of the patriarch Durner, who died a few days ago, near the foot of the Hill of Allen, county Kildare, at the advanced age of 125 years; he lived in the same townland in which he was born in the year 1725, having thus seen the throne of England filled by six successive sovereigns. He had been in a state of second infancy for nearly a quarter of a century.—Leinster Express.

A Difference.—A young man said recently, in rather a pert way, to the Rev. Dr. C., "Doctor, what is the difference between this pussyism they talk so much about, and puppyism?" "Puppyism," replied the Doctor, "is founded on dogmatism, and pussyism on the catechism."

A negro once gave the following toast: De Governor ob de state—he come in wid berry little opposition—he go out wid none at all.

There are two kinds of lawyers; those who have a "paying practice," and those who have a practice of not paying.

TO LET.

THE Two comfortable and commodious DWELLING-HOUSES, in McDonald Street, formerly occupied by Mr. J. N. JACKSON & Mr. CHAS. DAVIDSON. Apply to CHAS. DAVIDSON. Guelph, May 27, 1850. 153-4f.

"SHERRY."

IN Octaves and Sixteenths. The Sixteenths were imported to sell in the original cask. They only hold eight gallons, and are of a very superior quality. JAMES LYND. Guelph, April 1, 1850. 145

CIRCULAR.

MONTREAL, 25th Jan., 1850. THE Subscriber begs to state that from this date he discontinues his business in this City, having associated himself with the Firm of Messrs. HIGGINSON, DAY, and Co., 77, Broad Street, New York, Produce and General Commission Merchants, and respectfully states that he will devote his entire time and best exertions to the interests of his friends having business in that City. JOSEPH WARD. 137-4f.

Support the Growth of Canada, and keep your Money at Home!!!

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, SPRING, 1850.

THE Subscriber, Agent for the TORONTO NURSERY, begs to intimate that he is prepared to receive orders, and execute the same with despatch, for any quantity of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Roses, Double Dahlias, Hedge Plants, Greenhouse Plants, Gooseberry, Currant, and Raspberry Bushes. With every other description of Nursery Productions usually raised. He can confidently recommend the Stock now held by the proprietor of the Toronto Nursery as second to none, for extent or variety, North America. He would, therefore, solicit orders from parties intending to plant or improve Orchards, or to beautify their Gardens. THOS. H. MCKENZIE, Agent for the Toronto Nursery. Dundas, March 21st, 1850. 147-4f.

REMOVAL.

A. HIGINBOTHAM, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.

THE Subscriber's grateful acknowledgments for the patronage conferred upon him during the time he has been in business in Guelph, and begs respectfully to inform them that he has removed to the Shop lately occupied by Mr. Webster, near Thorp's Hotel, where he will be happy to receive a continuance of those favors hitherto conferred upon him. Guelph, Oct. 2, 1849. 119-4f.

THE Subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of the following PATENT MEDICINES, &c., which they will dispose of at low prices, and take in exchange all kinds of Country Produce, viz:— Sir Astley Cooper's Pills, Lee's Pills, and Oriental or Sovereign Balm Pills, in Boxes. Godfrey's Cordial, Paragoric, Balsam of Honey, Laudanum, Essence of Peppermint, Essence of Cloves, Essence of Lemon, Essence of Cammon, Opodeldoe, British Oil, Oil of Spike, Thomson's No. 6, Turlington's Balsam, and Dr. Fowler's Concentrated Extract of Wild Strawberry, in Vials.

Also, Dally's Pain Extractor and Sticking Salve; and Soule & Co.'s celebrated Egyptian Salve, or Rheumatic Plaster, &c. &c. &c. JAMES LYND. Guelph, April 1, 1850. 145

TO TAVERN KEEPERS.

THE Subscriber begs to call the attention of Tavern Keepers to the following articles, imported direct, and which he warrants to be genuine:— 1 hhd. of London Gin, "Old Tom." 1 hhd. of Holland's, 1 hhd. of Pale Brandy, 2 hhd. of Dark do. 1 hhd. of superior old Brandy.

Also, 100 barrels of Canadian Whiskey, 10 barrels of Peppermint, AND EXPECTED IN A FEW DAYS, 2 puncheons of Rum; All of which will be sold at a small advance for cash or good three months paper. JAMES LYND. Guelph, April 1, 1850. 145

"THE OLD LINE"

Between Dundas and Hamilton. TWICE A DAY.

THE Stage starts from the Coach Office, King Street, calling at the Elgin House and Riley's Hotel, at half-past 5 o'clock A.M., and 3 o'clock P.M. Leaves Mitchell's Hotel, Hamilton, at 8 o'clock A.M., and on the arrival of the Toronto and Lewiston Boats, about half-past 6 o'clock P.M. Fare each way, 1s. 3d. JAMES LEE. Dundas, 12th April, 1850. 117-6m

To Connoisseurs in Wine.

PORT, 10 Years Old. THE Subscribers have for Sale a choice lot of "Hunt's" Superior PORT WINE, of the Vintage of 1839. Also, Sanderman, Forster & Co.'s well-known brand,—imported direct,—and to which they beg to call the attention of Families. JAMES LYND. Guelph, April 1, 1850. 145

GUELPH FOUNDRY.

THE Subscribers, in returning thanks to the public for the liberal support given them since commencing business in Guelph, beg to intimate that their Sets of Patterns for every description of Mill Gearing are now very complete; and as they are all new, embrace the latest improvements. They are prepared to contract for the erection of Grist and Saw Mills in any part of the Province; and their Iron and Brass Castings are not inferior to any manufactured in Canada. As they are themselves Practical Mechanics, they will keep no workman but of sober and industrious habits; so that persons favoring them with their orders may be assured of satisfaction. Blacksmith work in all its branches. Castings in general use kept on hand. Percussion Wheels for Saw Mills; Cranks and Balance Wheels; Thrashing Machines; Ploughs of various patterns; all kinds of Ploughshares, Wagon Boxes, Sleigh Shoes, Dog Irons, Sugar Kettles, Bake Kettles, Cooking, Parlor, and Box Stoves, Wrought and Cast Iron Safes. Boring, Turning, Fitting-up, and Re-pairing, on short notice and reasonable terms. Old Iron and Brass taken in exchange for Castings. ROBERTSON, WATT, & CO. GUELPH FOUNDRY, 4th Feb., 1850. 137-1y

300 TOWN LOTS FOR SALE

At a moderate upset price, and liberal credit, or liberal discount on the purchase money down. The subscriber offers Three Hundred Town Lots for sale, as shown by a new Plan of the Town of Guelph, in the possession of FRANCIS KERR, Esq., who will state terms, point out the Lots on the ground, and procure letters of occupation or title deeds for parties purchasing. The instalments or purchase money for the above to be deposited to the credit of the subscriber in the Montreal or Gore Bank Agency, Guelph. (Persons found taking wood from or otherwise trespassing on the Lands of the subscriber, will be prosecuted.) JOHN McDONALD. Guelph, 25th July, 1848. 6

FARM FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD, a valuable Farm, within less than two miles of the Town of Guelph, containing 118 acres, of which about 60 acres are cleared. There is an excellent Log Cottage, &c., on the Farm, with Fire-wood, Water, and Rail-timber. Apply to the Rev. A. PALMER, Guelph, March 27, 1849. 40

THOROUGHbred DURHAM BULL, PATRIOT.

PATRIOT is a beautiful Bull, and is the son of FAVORITE, the very best Cow imported by Rowland Wingfield, Esq. His sire was COMET, the son of REFORMER and COWSLIP, both of which were imported by Mr. Wingfield. It will therefore be seen that PATRIOT combines the best Feeding and Milking qualities ever introduced on this Continent. The Bull above described was bred by Mr. Howitt, and has been purchased by Mr. Harland, upon whose farm he will stand for the service of Cows during the present season. Guelph, 24th May, 1849. 48

Provincial Mutual and General Insurance Company.

THE principle adopted by this Company has been acted upon in the United States for some years, and has caused the withdrawal of much capital from the Colony in Insurance premiums. The rates are as low as those of any Company in America, while the security offered by a Home Proprietor and Management is an advantage not possessed by those who insure with Companies in the United States. Another advantage offered by the "Provincial," is the restriction of its transactions, by Act of Parliament, to £500 on any one policy, and to simply hazardous risks, to the rejection of the extra hazardous class—matters of no small importance to the mutual insurer. Agent for the Wellington District, R. GREET, Red-Bridge House, Guelph. Any communications for whom, left at the office of T. SANDILANDS, Esq., will be promptly attended to. Guelph, Oct. 1, 1849. 119-4f

STONE STORES TO LET.

THE undersigned has recently erected a handsome and commodious Block of Stone Stores, in one of the most business parts of the TOWN OF GUELPH; which he is now finishing off for immediate occupation. Part of them are already engaged, and the remainder will be ready to let and occupy in a few weeks. WILLIAM DAY. Guelph, Aug. 28, 1849. 114-4f

NEW GOODS.

NEW GOODS, suitable for the season, will be opened out at the Store of the Subscriber on Thursday next. JAMES LYND. Guelph, 20th May, 1850. 152

ENGLISH SEED.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the Farmers, that he has for sale Skirving's Swedish Turnip Seed, AND YELLOW ABERDEEN TURNIP SEED, Imported by EDWARD MURTON, Esq., this spring. JAMES LYND. Guelph, 20th May, 1850. 152

WELLINGTON HOTEL, FERGUS.

JOHN GLOVER respectfully intimates to the Inhabitants of the County of Waterloo, and the public generally, that he has fitted up and furnished in the most comfortable and commodious manner, the large Stone Building recently erected by Mr. A. GLOVER, in St. David's Street, as A FIRST CLASS HOTEL, where Travellers may be assured of every comfort and attention. The BAR will always be supplied with the choicest Wines and Liquors, and the TABLE with all the delicacies of the season. Excellent Stabling and a careful Hostler. STAGES to and from Guelph, Galt, Dundas and Hamilton, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and to Owen Sound every Wednesday. Fergus, Feb. 19, 1850. 139-4f.

ELORA HOTEL.

THE undersigned having removed to the extensive and commodious building recently erected by him in Elora, begs to apprise his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to give them THE BEST ACCOMMODATION, AT REASONABLE CHARGES. This House will be found to be well furnished, provided with airy Dormitories, and comfortable Sitting Rooms; while his CELLAR AND LARDER will be constantly supplied with every necessary. He therefore confidently expects that the patronage hitherto so liberally bestowed upon him will not be withdrawn. WILLIAM SMITH. P. S.—The Stages to and from Guelph call at the house on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays. Elora, July 17th, 1849. 109-4f

FERGUS ARMS, FERGUS.

JAMES BURR has entered the above EXCELLENT HOUSE with the determination to make the Management, Accommodation and Comfort first rate. The BAR is excellent and excellently supplied—STABLES spacious and commodious, and well supplied with Provender of best quality. A Stage starts from the door every day at 12 o'clock noon, and the Mail every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 2 o'clock P. M.—both calling at Elora, Guelph, Galt, Dundas and Hamilton— from whence there is a return. There is also a Stage leaves Fergus every Wednesday at 12 o'clock noon—direct from Hamilton to Owen Sound. Fergus, 1st January, 1849. 29

ELGIN HOUSE, King Street, Dundas.

THE Proprietor begs to say that no expense has been spared in making his establishment every thing which the convenience and comfort of the travelling community could desire. The ELGIN HOUSE is commodious, offering ample accommodation for families; and those honoring it with their patronage will find themselves in possession of the comforts of Home, in as high a degree as can be found in any other House in North America. Extensive Stabling attached to the premises. WILLIAM McDONNELL. Dundas, 15th July, 1848.

GREY'S HOTEL, ELORA.

GEORGE GREY respectfully intimates to his old friends, and the public generally, that he has re-occupied the House formerly and for many years possessed by him as a Hotel in Elora. Travellers and Boarders patronizing the house may rely on finding the BAR AND LARDER well supplied, and that every attention will be given to their comfort and convenience. Commodious Sheds & Stabling. A Stage leaves Elora every Monday Wednesday, and Friday, at 2 P. M., for Guelph, Galt, Hamilton, &c.; and every Wednesday, at 9 A. M., for Owen Sound. Elora, 17th July, 1849. 108-4f

BLANK DEEDS AND MEMORIALS.

OF the most approved forms, on hand and for sale on reasonable terms, at the Herald Office.



JOHN THORP'S BRITISH HOTEL And General Stage Office, GUELPH.

House comfortable & commodious, Larder well supplied, Cellar unequalled. EXCELLENT STABLING.

A DAILY STAGE

To and from HAMILTON by the Brock Road, being 19 miles shorter route than by way of Galt; and every day from Fergus and Elora to Hamilton, and vice versa. Horses and Carriages ready at a moment's notice. Guelph, 5th June, 1850. 155-4f

SUPERIOR BREED OF HOGS.

THE Subscriber has for Sale a few beautiful young Sows and Boars, of the Yorkshire Breed, which, for largeness of size, and propensity to fatten, cannot perhaps be equalled on this continent. Price £5 per pair at Guelph, or £6 5s. free on board steamer at Hamilton. Letters prepaid will receive immediate attention. J. HARLAND. Guelph, 3rd Feb. 1848. 1

TO BREEDERS OF HOGS.

MR. HARLAND begs to intimate to parties desirous of procuring a very superior breed of Pigs, that his justly celebrated PURE YORKSHIRE BOAR, "WAMBA," which obtained the First Premium at the District Show, and which is decidedly the finest animal of his class in the Province, will serve sows for the present season at One Dollar each. NEW STAGE LINE Between Dundas and Hamilton. TWICE A DAY.

AN ACCOMMODATION STAGE will leave the Elgin House, Dundas, at 5 o'clock A. M. for Hamilton, in time for the Boats, and return at 8 o'clock A. M. Will again leave Dundas at 3 o'clock P. M., and return, conveying passengers from the Boats, at 7 P. M.

This arrangement will continue during the season, the Stage calling at the principal Hotels in both places. JOSEPH P. HILL. Dundas, April 1st, 1850. 147-1y

BOARDING SCHOOL.

WILLIAM WETHERALD, having been engaged for some years in private as well as public Tuition, respectfully intimates that he can accommodate a few additional Pupils, to whose domestic comfort and literary progress the closest attention will be given. The course of instruction embraces the following Branches:—English grammar, Writing, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, History, Geography, Latin, Geometry, the theory of Land Surveying, and Algebra. Terms for Board and Tuition.

PER ANNUM. For boys under 12 years of age, £13 Between 12 and 16..... 16 Above 16..... 20 Erasmus, 6th month 7th, 1850. 155-1y

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his TAILORING BUSINESS TO THE PREMISES NEXT DOOR TO THE HERALD OFFICE, where he hopes by moderate charges, punctuality, and good workmanship, to merit a share of their support. Furnishings cheap for Cash. ALEXANDER ESMIE. Guelph, 26th Feb., 1850. 140-4f

GUELPH HERALD, AND LITERARY, AGRICULTURAL AND COMMERCIAL GAZETTE.

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY, on TUESDAY, in the Town of Guelph, BY GEORGE PIRIE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. TERMS—Two dollars for a single copy, for one year; Seven dollars and a half for five copies; Twelve dollars and a half for ten copies; when the cash is remitted with the order. Parties not paying in advance, will be charged Two dollars and a half if paid within six months; and Three dollars if not paid within that time. Under no circumstances will these terms be departed from. No paper discontinued until all arrears are paid up, unless at the option of the publisher. RATES OF ADVERTISING—Six lines and under, 2s. 6d. first insertion, and 7d. each subsequent insertion; Six to Ten lines, 3s. 4d. for the first insertion and 10d. for each subsequent insertion; over Ten lines, 4d. per line for the first insertion, and 1d. per line for each subsequent insertion. Cards of address, not exceeding four lines, inserted for twelve months for 84. The usual discount made to Merchants and others, who advertise by the year. Advertisements without specific directions inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly. No unpaid letters will be taken out of the Post Office.