

MERCHANTS MEET OBLIGATIONS SETTLING DAY SATISFACTORY

Bank Managers Speak in Hopeful Terms of the Situation—The Situation in the West—Some Have Put Their Money Into Land.

March 4, the great settling day in business houses, with its three days of grace, has passed, with little evidence of serious financial depression. So far as can be learned from reliable sources, the failures to meet payments will not be any greater, if as great, as in any other year. Wholesalers are not worried and bank managers are also hopeful.

BANK MANAGERS SPEAK.

"We cannot tell much about the outside points," said Mr. John Pringle, manager of the Bank of Toronto, "but it is all right, so far as we can tell here. I think everything is quite satisfactory."

"So far as I can tell, it is all right locally," said Mr. G. B. Gerrard, of the Bank of British North America. "I think the returns are very fair."

"Settling day has caused no trouble, so far as I can see," said Mr. Frank Kern, manager of the Home Bank. "Payments are quite satisfactory."

SITUATION IN WEST.

"Settling day brought with it no long chain of failures," said a prominent wholesale merchant this morning.

"In Ontario business is healthy, and returns are quite satisfactory."

"In the west returns are not so good. Money is rather slow there, and many wholesalers are carrying their customers, and are making no serious demands upon them."

"This is caused not so much by the financial stringency itself as by the fact that the merchants of the west have put their money into land, rather than meet their obligations with the wholesalers."

ALL ARE HOPEFUL.

"Still, from all reports I can get from the west, they are hopeful, and if the crop is an average one this year, there will be no difficulty."

"Goods are moving faster now than they have for some time, and conditions altogether are healthier than they have been."

"Of course, there is one thing that has helped the merchants this settling day, and it is the fact that the average retailer saw it coming, and bought more conservatively than ordinarily, with the result that his obligations are less heavy."

"I am hopeful of better things shortly."

A WHOLESALER SPEAKS.

The proprietor of one of the biggest wholesale houses in London informed The Advertiser that his business during January and February was better this year than last, but he stated that his March payments were a little behind those of last year.

Horse, Wagon, Driver Roll Down Hill Serious Accident on Dundas Street

Coal Man, With His Outfit, Did a Tobogganing Act.

What might have been a serious accident occurred last evening at the foot of Dundas street, when Alex. Stinson, a driver for Orchard & Co.,

coal merchants, attempted to drive in the alley just above the boathouse.

He got too close to the edge and in a moment the horse, load and driver were rolling down the hill towards the river.

Fortunately Mr. Stinson was able to seize some bushes and save himself before he reached the edge of the river.

After some delay the coal was gathered up, and with the assistance of some passersby the sleigh was pulled up and righted.

Invitation to Rev. I. B. Wallwin Extended by a Markham Church

Has Been Four Years in Empress Avenue Church, City.

Rev. I. B. Wallwin, B. A., the successful and beloved pastor of Empress Avenue Methodist Church, has received an invitation from Markham, for the ensuing conference term, which begins July 1 of this year. Mr. Wallwin is completing his full term at Empress Avenue Church, and the four years have been years of great progress.

During this time the church building has been enlarged and a fine pipe organ installed. Many during the term have united with the church, over 500 doing so within the last six or seven months. The closing year of the pastorate is proving the best, which speaks much for both pastor and people.

Advertising Agency to Be Wound Up Order Made by Mr. Justice Anglin

Motion Made on Behalf of a Montreal Firm to That Effect

Mr. Justice Anglin, in the high court of justice for London, this morning made an order to wind up the business of the Miller Advertising Agency of this city.

The motion for winding up was made by Buchner & Gunn, on behalf of Mr. Cecil Rippe, a Montreal advertising agent, who secured judgment against the Miller company for \$450.

Mr. J. C. Judd also appeared in court in the same motion on behalf of the Winnipeg Telegram, which is said to be a heavy creditor.

Three judgments. It is understood that there have been three judgments secured against the Miller Advertising Agency, and granted.

that there are a large number of claims to be presented.

The judgments amount to something over \$800. The London and Western Trusts Company was appointed provisional liquidator of the company, with reference to the local master, to wind up the business.

Among the claims is one looked after by Cronyn, Betts & Coleridge, for \$1,000. A writ has been secured in this claim, but no judgment has been entered.

In Toronto.

A Toronto dispatch says: In the high court of justice, Toronto, before Mr. Justice Macgill, re Miller Advertising Company, W. E. Middleton, K. C., for the Telegram Printing Company, moved for order winding up the Miller Advertising Company. M. C. Cameron, for company, contra. Casey Wood, for another petitioner. Enlarged until today before the weekly court at London. Leave to amend granted.

THE NEW ISOLATION HOSPITAL



The above cut shows a front elevation of the Isolation Hospital which will be erected on Ottawa avenue. This is not the tuberculosis hospital as some suppose. On the contrary, it will be used for diphtheria and scarlet fever patients.

Tupholme Given Two Years in Prison Sinclair Awarded Eighteen Months

Police Magistrate Love Deals Out Punishment To Offenders.

Thomas Tupholme, alias Foster, the smooth magazine agent fraud who was arrested recently by Detective Nickle on seven charges, was sentenced to two years in Kingston Penitentiary this morning by Magistrate Love.

Tupholme was found guilty of taking money for subscriptions for the Ladies' Home Journal, claiming that he represented the Curtis Publishing Company, of Philadelphia. In Montreal, a year or two ago, Tupholme was sent down for obtaining subscriptions to a publication fraudulently.

When released he tried the same game in Toronto and served time there. He was wanted in Hamilton, but skipped and was captured here while engaged in the same business.

Eighteen Months.

Perry Sinclair, the young Grand Trunk switchman who was convicted of breaking into a bonded car in the Grand Trunk yards recently, was sentenced to eighteen months in the Central Prison.

Sinclair was liable to three years, but was dealt somewhat leniently with owing to his having been out of work for some time and drinking.

Joseph Lenahan, charged with receiving stolen goods which Sinclair had taken was given a very severe reprimand and allowed to go on suspended sentence.

Booth Remanded.

Fred Booth, the young man brought back from St. Catharines yesterday by Detective Rider and charged with stealing a gold watch and beating his bill in a local boarding house, was found guilty of the first offense and remanded for a week. He will be tried on the other charge then.

James Pearce, who was placed on the Indian list recently, fell off the wagon yesterday and was fined \$10 or 21 days. He took the days.

An Old Offender.

Charles Alsopp, an old offender, was charged with using abusive language to his wife and daughters.

Alsopp when drunk is said to be a most brutal man and was bound over to keep the peace a short time ago when he appeared on a similar charge.

He was remanded for a week. The case of Morris Mattis, who charged his wife with using abusive language to him, was settled, both parties agreeing to try and live together happily in future.

Real Estaters Boost London Rents Tenants Will Be Notified on Monday

School Board and Council Are Blamed for the Measure.

At last night's meeting of the Real Estate Owners' Association it was decided to send the following notice to all tenants of members of the association and to the members of the city council, board of trade and other civic organizations. The increases will range from \$1 to \$5 a month.

The letters will be mailed on Monday, and are intended to follow up the announcement made a few weeks ago that there will be a general raise of rents in this city.

The Circular.

"Owing to the action of the school boards and councils of 1907 and also this year, in raising the salaries to the extent of about one mill on every dollar of the available assessment

to this must also be added the large increase on the old assessments, burning the candle as it were at both ends—together with the very large amount of debt sanctioned by the electorate at our last municipal election; makes it an absolute necessity to raise the rents in order to provide the funds to meet these enormous expenditures over which the landlords of the city have no control; as the tenants, by their votes, have created the direct cause by electing to office the persons responsible for this condition of affairs:

"To all this must be taken into consideration the very large increase in the price of every item that enters the repair bill, first, Labor.

"Secondly, raw material, that ranges from 100 per cent to over 300 per cent higher.

"To such an extent has property been loaded, that in many instances it has become a burden to the owner, hence it is imperative, much as I regret, to convey to you the information that your rent must be increased."

The Strange Tale of a Missing Draft

The postoffice authorities are busy investigating one of the most peculiar cases of a missing draft.

About two weeks ago Mr. W. H. Ferguson, the well-known real estate agent of Richmond street, was expecting a draft from Buffalo for \$500. Time went on and the draft did not appear.

On Thursday last Mr. Frank Kern, of the Sovereign Bank called on Mr. Ferguson and asked him if he had lost anything. Mr. Ferguson did not think so, but added that he was expecting a draft from Buffalo and that it had not yet arrived.

Mr. Kern told him that Mr. Walper of the Walper House, had it. When Mr. Ferguson called to investigate, he found that Mr. Walper had picked up the draft, the statement and the inclosed receipt form which were all pinned together, on the floor of the lavatory.

The papers were just as they had been sent, except that the envelope was missing.

How the papers got to the Walper House is what the authorities are trying to discover.

Mr. Ferguson is congratulating himself in his good luck in having them returned to him.

Signaling Station To Be Established

It has been semi-officially announced that a signaling corps will be established here shortly.

Whether it will be in connection with the Seventh Regiment or the Wolsley Barracks force is not known, but in all probability it will be connected with the city regiment.

An instructor will be sent here from Kingston, and a course of instruction will be given those who enter the corps.

OFF TO GUELPH.

Guelph, March 7.—A special C. P. R. train from Toronto, with several hundred members of the Canadian Press Association and their ladies, arrived in the city this morning at 11 o'clock. The newspaper people, after a reception at the station, were conveyed to

phone signaling, night lamps, heliograph and telegraph.

The officials will be announced early next week.

Signaling was first introduced into this country in 1901, when Sergeant Major McGowan was sent here by the Imperial Government.

Classes in signaling were established in practically every regiment, and were very beneficial.

The Seventh Regiment officers think the corps will be of great benefit to the Regiment.

The O. A. C. the wonders of which they are viewing this afternoon.

CONTRACTOR GRIFFITHS DEAD. Woodstock, March 7.—William Griffiths, aged 62 years, a prominent contractor of Winnipeg and Woodstock, died here last night.

MR. W. F. COCKER MAY BE THE HEIR

To a Fortune in England—Was Born in Birmingham.

Mr. William F. Cocker, of 17 Victoria street, is of the opinion that he is one of the heirs to a fortune in England, mention of which was made in The Advertiser some days ago.

Mr. Cocker at one time worked for the London Street Railway. He was born in Birmingham, England, and is well-connected.

TRUSTS COMPANY ISSUES A WRIT

To Prevent Sale of Lands of the Amalgamated Oil Company.

The London and Western Trusts Company, Limited, liquidators of the Amalgamated Oil Company of Canada, with headquarters in London, have issued a writ against the corporation of the township of Enniskillen, for an injunction to prevent the sale of certain lands of the defunct company for taxes.

APPOINTED TO C. P. R.

Ottawa, March 7.—Mr. W. H. Curle, of the local firm of Scott & Curle, has been appointed resident solicitor for the C. P. R. in Winnipeg. He leaves very shortly to take up his duties there.



WHO IS THIS MAN?

The above cut was made from a picture of the man found dead at Chatham, who is supposed to have been murdered. For a time it was thought to be the body of Fred Bartlett, the Englishman, who is missing from his home on Clarence street, London, but this theory has been exploded by the police.

THE WEATHER.

TOMORROW—SNOW FLURRIES.

FORECASTS. Toronto, March 7-8 a.m. Today—Strong westerly winds; fair. Sunday—Northerly winds; becoming much colder. Flurries.

Local Temperatures. The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. yesterday were: Highest, 49°; lowest, 32° above zero.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	4	4	Fair
Port Arthur	16	14	Fair
Perry Sound	25	24	Cloudy
Toronto	30	30	Cloudy
Ottawa	54	26	Cloudy
Montreal	26	26	Rain
Quebec	28	24	Snow
Father Point	28	22	Snow

The first column in the above table records the temperatures at 8 o'clock this morning, and the second column records the minimum temperatures during the 24 hours previous.

WEATHER NOTES.

The disturbance which was in Wisconsin yesterday passed eastward across Northern Ontario, and is now centered in the State of Maine.

Southerly gales, with snow and sleet, now prevail throughout the Maritime Provinces.

Another pronounced cold wave has appeared over the Western Provinces, and the temperature is now below zero from the Rockies to Manitoba.

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURES. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Atlin, 29-33; Port Simpson, 25-28; Victoria, 23-43; Vancouver, 36-44; Kamloops, 16-28; Edmonton, 4-38; Battleford, 9 below-23; Prince Albert, 4 below-23; Calgary, 12-23; Swift Current, 4 below-23; Winnipeg, 2 below-29; Fort Arthur, 25-23; Perry Sound, 24-33; Toronto, 22-41; Ottawa, 8-23; Montreal, 8-30; Quebec, 4-28; St. John, 10-30; Halifax, 11-24.

A SPRING WATER SCHEME MAYOR STEVELY HAS IT

Will Not Give Out the Particulars as Yet, But Hints That It Will Be Along the Line of That Proposed By Ex-Mayor Little.

A spring water scheme is being formulated by Mayor Stevely as a solution of the water scarcity of the city, but it will not be submitted at the meeting of the water commissioners to be held on Monday afternoon next.

SPRING WATER.

"It is true we have a spring water scheme under consideration," said Mayor Stevely this morning. "It will not be ready for some time yet, so there is nothing to say for publication concerning it. We will do no more than consider the estimates on Monday afternoon. At a subsequent meeting we will talk over the water question."

THE SCHEME.

It is inferred, however, from the speech made by Mayor Stevely at the stationary engineers' banquet last night, that this scheme is either the high-pressure scheme or based on that scheme. His worship insisted on spring water for domestic use, and declared that the citizens generally are strongly in favor of it.

A Local Leap-Year Dare for a Wife Young Man Wants a Red-Headed Girl

But Distinctly Says That She Must Not Be a Flirt.

WANTED—BY A FARMER. 27, never uses liquor or tobacco, correct, honest, with a young lady, farmer's daughter, one with red or light hair; must have A1 character, one from Western Ontario preferred; Protestant; no flirt need apply. Leap Year dare. Apply to Box 47, Advertiser.

Now, girls, listen. Here is something for you. The above ad. appears in today's Advertiser.

This is leap year, and the world is yours.

Just move in and help yourself.

There is a young man near London who is pining for a helpmeet, and he is using The Advertiser columns to get her.

Leap year has brought him nothing but a longing. So he advertises. Girls, read it.

The first or introductory paragraph

Live Topics at Engineers' Banquet Niagara Power, Spring Water, Etc.

Hon. Adam Beck, Mayor Stevely and Other Prominent Gentlemen Delivered Speeches.

The first annual banquet of the Canadian Association of Stationary Engineers was held in the City Hotel last night and proved a most enjoyable affair.

Over one hundred and fifty engineers from the city and from surrounding places sat down to an excellent spread which was presided over by W. Norris, secretary of the association.

Continued on Page Nine.

Equip Local Schools With Telephones Or, Better Still, Individual Alarm Bells

Fire Chief Clark and Others Make Suggestions Re Safety of Pupils.

There are only three or four schools in the city that have telephones or telephone connection with the fire department in case of fire.

There is only one school, the Simcoe street school, that has a fire escape.

A fire alarm or telephone at least should be placed in every school in the city.

Chief Clark's Opinion. "I think there should be a telephone or fire alarm in every school," said Fire Chief Clark to The Advertiser this morning.

"A very few schools have them, but all of them should be equipped. In this manner no time would be lost by the brigade in getting to the school in case of fire. A central system might be operated from the Collegiate Institute. That would be satisfactory, I think."

Install It Here. "I think that system could be installed here at a reasonable cost, and it would reassure parents who send children to school. Something should be done."

The Chief's Position. Regarding the inspection of schools, Chief Clark points out that the bylaw does not give him power to make an inspection unless the board of education says so.

"If the board is willing, I am ready to go over every school in London," he said today.

Suit for Damages Starts From Prunes

Lind, Kerrigan & Co., wholesale grocers, of this city, have been made defendants in a suit for \$707 damages by the J. K. Armsby Company, of Chicago.

The plaintiffs allege that Lind, Kerrigan & Co. ordered a car of prunes from them, and then refused to accept the goods when they were shipped on.

The defendants admit having ordered

ed the goods in question, but claim that when an inspection was made, while the goods were still in the car, they were found unsatisfactory, and not what was ordered. The action will be tried in the high court of justice unless settled in the meantime. Fraser & Moore for plaintiffs, Meredith, Fleher & MacDonald for the defendants.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

THE GRAND

TODAY--MATINEE 2.30, 10c, 20c.
EVENING, 8.15, 10c, 20c, 30c.

THE WILBOR STOCK COMPANY
 MATINEE--"A SWITCHMAN'S DAUGHTER"
 EVENING--"THE WESTERNER"
 LAST TWO TIMES TO BE SEEN
MADAME FLOWER, The Bronze Melba

TUESDAY, MARCH 10
HENRIETTA CROSMAN

"The New Mrs. Loring"
 A Comedy of Sentiment in Three Acts
 Seats Selling--25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50

BENNETT'S
ALL NEXT WEEK
Picture Parlor

All the latest realistic lifelike pictures, up-to-date songs, illustrated travel views of interest, electrical tableaux.

Orchestra in Attendance 10c

KEEP THIS DATE
SAMSON
THURSDAY EVE., March 19

AUDITORIUM, TONIGHT
 SHUNGAPAVI AND COMPANY
 Y. M. C. A. Course. Prices, 15c to 50c.

Southampton

Calling at Plymouth and Cherbourg. Convenient for South of England and France. Call on F. B. Clarke, agent for Allan, C. P. R. Expresses, Cunard, Dominion, Anchor, American and other lines. Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

HEAR REV. C. O. JOHNSTON, OF
 Toronto, in Empress Avenue Methodist Church, Monday evening, March 9, on "The English, Irish and Scotch." Tickets 25c.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES.
 Bands, quartets, Phone 125, Tony Villa's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

FIVE-COURSE BANQUET GIVEN BY
 the Shredded Wheat Company will be served in the Hyatt Avenue Methodist Church, Monday evening, March 9, Banquet from 7 to 8, followed by first-class programme. Admission, 25c.

LEARN TO DANCE--PRIVATE LESSONS
 by R. B. Millard, 36 Princess avenue. Season open. Call and register.

TONY CORTESE--ORIGINAL LONDON
 Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 181 Maple, Phone 159.

DANCING--ADVANCED CLASS EVERY
 Wednesday evening. Primary classes: Ladies, Monday; gentlemen, Tuesday evenings; children, Saturday afternoons. Phone, Dayton & McCormick.

LOST AND FOUND.
LOST, THURSDAY--FOOTWEAR:
 head of tan color and body white; answers name "W. H. H." Reward at 55c per cad for return.

LOST, WEDNESDAY--BROWN BOY:
 Tailed collar pup. Reward at 50c per Blackfriars street.

LOST, BLACK PERSIAN SCARF:
 on Tuesday night. Reward on return to 55c Maitland.

LOST, FEB. 27, CENTRAL PART OF
 City-Black robe, green lining. Reward at 50c Grey street.

LOST--ONE PAIR OF WHITE KID
 gloves, elbow length, on Richmond street, Thursday morning. Reward on return to this office.

LOST, TUESDAY OR WEDNESDAY
 afternoon, down town--\$10 bill. Reward on return to Advertiser.

LOST--BROWN LEATHER PURSE,
 containing money, etc. Reward on return to this office.

WANTED.
WANTED--A TRANSLATOR OF POST-
 CARDS: a thorough knowledge of foreign languages necessary. Apply L. B. Advertiser office.

HOUSE TO PURCHASE OR LEASE.
 worth \$10,000 or more; can wait for possession; no commission; treated strictly confidentially. Apply L. B. McDonald & Co.

WANTED--LOAN OF \$200 ON SMALL
 new house, half mile out of city. Box 4, Advertiser.

WANTED--AT 5% PER CENT INTEREST
 on security of well-secured store worth \$5,000. Write Box 32, 50c text.

WORN-OUT JEWELRY CAN BE SOLD
 --Take it to Milroy, 394 Richmond st.

YOUNG COUPLE DESIRES LEASING
 modern house, central location; will pay good rent. Box 41, Advertiser.

WANTED--BARN, FOR REMOVAL
 waste price, size, etc. J. Strath, 567 Elizabeth street.

COMBINGS WANTED--SELL YOUR
 combings, any shade. 223 1/2 Dundas street.

WANTED TO PURCHASE--FIVE TO
 ten acres of land, with or without buildings, near London. Jos. Boylston, Crumlin.

PERSONAL.

WILL C. K. APPOINT AN INTER-
 VIEW with R. S. St. Thomas? 50c

WANTED--BY A FARMER, 27 NEVER
 uses liquor or tobacco, correspondence with a young lady farmer's daughter, one with red or light hair, must have all character, one from Western Ontario preferred; Protestant; no flirt need reply; Leap Year dare. Apply to 1264 41, Advertiser.

CARL & ROLLIN--TRUTHFUL, RE-
 liable, convincing clairvoyants. Foretell your future for time, stamp and L. R. L. 490 N. Clark street, Chicago.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER
 and surveyor, Bank Toronto Chambers, Richmond street.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

YOUNG MARE, SUITABLE FOR LIGHT
 work; two work horses, about 1,200 pounds; one good driving mare, 5 years old, city broken and quiet. Frank Moore, No. 1 Market Square.

YOUNG MARE, SUITABLE FOR LIGHT
 work; two work horses, about 1,200 pounds; one good driving mare, 5 years old, city broken and quiet. Frank Moore, No. 1 Market Square.

FOR SALE--IMPORTED HACKNEY
 stallion, Truman's Cadet (9840), foaled 1901; won first at the St. Louis World's Fair in 1904; also imported Shire stallion, Eborington (5230), foaled 1901. H. Farncomb, Masonville P. O., Ont.

GENTLEMAN DESIRES TO SELL IM-
 mediately a very rare book, entitled "The Life of Christ," by Rev. J. Fleetwood, B.D., published 1851; beautifully illustrated with 50 genuine steel engravings. Box 59, Advertiser.

20 lbs. Redpath Granulated Sugar, \$1
 10 lbs. Redpath Granulated Sugar, 50c
 5 lbs. Redpath Granulated Sugar, 25c
 100 lbs. Redpath Gran. Sugar, \$4 70

HENDERSON & GRAHAM, Cash
 Cor. Colborne and Chesapeake, Phone 1724

PRIVATE SALE OF FURNITURE, IN-
 cluding walnut, golden oak, bed-room suites, wardrobe, chiffonier, mahogany china cabinet, Globe-Wernicke bookcases, jewel cases, and other articles, at 493 Dufferin avenue, on Wednesday and Thursday afternoons, March 11 and 12. House of W. C. Barron.

PEDIGREE BOSTON TERRIER PUP-
 PIES for sale; champion bred. Apply after 6 o'clock, 14 Walnut street.

CYCLAMEN IN POTS, 15c EACH
 Cut Flowers, Carnations, Tulips and Daisies, Ferns and Palms. Try a 10c plant from Plant Food, and have beautiful flowers. 40c worth of plants, sent this week for 5c. A. J. MORGAN, 113 Dundas street.

HORSE, BUGGY AND HARNESS FOR
 sale, also good Wyandotte eggs, for hatching. R. H. Smith, 511 Baiting street.

MANUFACTURERS OF REX MOTOR
 bicycles will advance price twenty-five dollars April 1. New orders will be accepted in meantime at old price. J. H. Cunningham, East London.

OAK SIDEBOARD FOR SALE. APPLY
 21 Beaufort street.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS, 5c EACH.
 Also seed potatoes, raspberry and blackberry plants. Catalogue free, despatching each variety. Jno. Downham, Stratford.

GOOD DRY WOOD, 42c PER LOAD.
 Slabs, 51. Forest City Best Goods Company, 585 Bathurst, Phone 700.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD AT WILSON'S
 store, stoves, carpets, rugs, etc. Home-furnished complete.

WALLPAPERS--SPRING DESIGNS.
 Immense stock. Buy early. Save. Shuff's, corner Dundas and William.

S. C. WHITE, LEIGHORN AND RUFF
 Orlington eggs for hatching, from 100 to 1,000. Settings reserved. 191 Grey street.

CAR, BABY BUGGY, IN PERFECT
 condition. Apply 605 Dundas street.

STOVES, RANGES AND REFRIGER-
 ATORS at P. Keene's Furniture Store, 141 King street.

SEWING MACHINE NEEDLES AND
 Umbrellas repaired. Percy Hodgins, 15 Richmond street.

ORDER YOUR
Account Books
FOR 1908

The CHAS. CHAPMAN CO.

SNAPS FOR THIS WEEK--BEAUTI-
 ful French cutlery, up to 100, 7-13 octaves, all improvements, 32c, now 24c. Handmade rosewood piano, 7-13 octaves, 410c, payable \$3 per month. Hantman & Co., 27 Dundas, corner Clarence.

GREEN & CO. SELL GOOD QUALITY
 fire-burning Loper and other cheap coal, at \$5.50 per ton; no clinkers; no ash. Yours entirely out. Yard, 400 York, Phone 129.

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE--F. S.
 O. Fish Market, Phone 129.

SINGLE SOLDIER SOLVES THE PROBLEM OF
 hair-growing. Try a bottle. James Gleeson, 631 Dundas, Phone 223.

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP
 delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works.

CALENDAR PHOTO MOUNTS FOR
 1908, only 5 cents. McKenzie, photo supplies, opposite City Hall.

20% OFF ON ALL HOUSEHOLD FUR-
 nishings, carpets, dinner sets, toilet sets, etc. 638 Dundas st.

ONE thing we are sure to
 get, and that is sloppy weather. Insure yourself with a good pair of shoes and rubbers at PAXMAN'S, 290 Dundas St.

CHOICE SINGLE COMB WHITE LEG-
 horn and Buff Wyandotte cockerels, also Shorthorn Bull. Address Geo. Lewis, Baltimore.

GILBERT PARKER'S NEW BOOK--
 "The Weaver." We lend it for 10 cents. McEwen's Leather Goods, 501 Richmond street. Telephone 129.

SEVEN SHOATS, TWO SOWS, EAR-
 ly, garbage cooker, 50 lbs. White Leghorns; cheap. Box 44, Advertiser.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT, OUR WORK
 is guaranteed. In varnish painting, re-painting, woodwork. H. W. Smith, Maple street.

Dinner for Ten Cooked Over
 One Ordinary Gas Burner.

A new invention for saving gas. Man-
 ufactured and sold at the Cannon Oven Factory, 244 Dundas street, London, Ont. Phone 1848.

HEAVY WAGONS, ONE--Horse
 wagons, delivery wagons, buggies, breaking carts, wheelbarrows, new and second-hand. Scott, Fall Mill, Adelaide.

SOUTHOOT & KETTLE--HARD
 and soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 129. 402 Park avenue.

JOBING and REPAIR WORK
 I have secured the services of a first-class expert in plastering, painting and paperhanging, bricklaying, etc. Work guaranteed and completed. E. H. E. ST. GEORGE, 74 Fulton street.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS,
 want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c. Daily. Daily edition, 5c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

Our Daily Hint.



Coppers, nickels, dimes, and dollars
 Come to him who promptly calls
 Opportunity while knocking.
 And its exit quickly blocking.
 So, be watchful in the future.
 For something that surely suits you
 Will appear, to your advantage,
 If you read our daily Want Page.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE
 latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department, 581

COAL THIS WEEK, ONLY \$5 50 A
 ton. Supply must be reduced. Con-
 tinental Coal Company, Phone 1788.

\$250 WILL BUY AN AUTOMOBILE
 touring car, complete; top and lamps.
 Horton's, London.

FLOUR AND FEED DELIVERED
 promptly anywhere in city. Phone 2369.
 W. T. Summers, 614 Dundas.

FOR SALE--GOOD DELIVERY WAGON
 Apply Purdon-Gillespie Hardware
 Company.

GO TO THE BIG WATCH SIGN, KING
 also Gold and Silver watches, and
 watches, and other lamps.

WATCH REPAIRING--L. W. THOMAS
 120 Dundas street, in Emerson's Drug
 Store.

ACCO--THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN
 buy. South End Coal and
 Yard, Phone 200. E. Moulton, manager.

BUSINESS CARDS.

LOU PALADINO
 Ordered and Ready-to-wear Clothing,
 Gent's Furnishings and Children's
 Clothing, also Hats and Caps,
431 Hamilton Rd.

SPRING
MILLINERY OPENING
THURSDAY, MARCH 12
SMITH'S, 252 Dundas St.

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LONDON, SATURDAY, MARCH 7.

A DIVIDED AND DISTRACTED PARTY.

Could anything be more fatuous than the conduct of the Government's opponents in relation to the French treaty?

Even before its terms were made public they were denouncing it with-out reserve. The Hon. Adam Beck stepped outside his sphere to attack it in a speech a week before he could possibly know what it contained. The local Conservative organ also assailed it in strong language. Here are some of the organ's criticisms:

"Nothing in the treaty compensates for the ruin of the grape-growing industry of Western Ontario and the Niagara Peninsula. After a long struggle to get upon its feet, it receives a stab in the back at the hands of the Dominion Government."

"The French treaty may boom the manufacture of agricultural machinery in Hamilton, but it is a death-blow to the wine industry of West-"

"What with the blow given to Canadian grape-growing and wine-making by lowering the duty on French wines, and the middle in the meat and vegetable carrying trades, the benefit to the implement makers would seem to poorly compensate for what has been yielded under the treaty."

The Toronto Mail and Empire was characteristically savage in its denunciations. It said:

"We have an absurd treaty with France. Our Government made that under the bargain we cannot get any of the tariff concessions which France to which we are entitled unless we send our goods by direct route to that country; and we cannot get the direct route unless we pay a subsidy of \$100,000 per annum for it."

"The Ottawa ministers had more to do with the Alaska boundary decision than did those of Great Britain. These men committed the Japanese blunder. They perpetrated the unfortunate treaty with France."

In the House of Commons members of the Opposition kept up a running fire on the treaty. Mr. Monk, in particular, stultified himself by alternately condemning and praising it. But not one critic ventured to move a resolution of denunciation; and when the vote on the third reading was taken, only five back-benchers, all from Ontario, lined up against it. Is further comment necessary?

THE FUTURE OF LIBERALISM.

Progressive members of the Liberal party in Great Britain sound the warning that British Liberalism will be crushed between Toryism, which is reaction, and Socialism, which is revolution, unless it can offer a programme of constructive social reform. This has been the keynote of a series of remarkable addresses by Mr. Winston Churchill, the ablest and most aggressive of the young Liberal leaders, with the possible exception of Mr. Lloyd-George. The condition of the people question occupies most of the arena of political interest, and upon it, for the next generation, elections will be fought.

The British Protectionists promise steady and secure employment by the exclusion of foreign goods which, they argue, displace British labor. There is the fear that protection might strike an irreparable blow at the gigantic export trade of the country, which is balanced on the narrowest margin of profit. Socialism, it is feared, would paralyze the energy and ambition which alone have been adequate to build up and maintain British commercial supremacy.

Between these two extremes Mr. Churchill offers the programme of a Minimum Standard. He would build a platform above the abyss, below which no human being should be permitted to descend, and to which level he would compel the state to hoist all the forlorn multitudes who today endure existence beneath. The London Nation thus defines Mr. Churchill's conception:

"It will demand the definite raising of the minimum. It may require large reforms, emphatic revolutionary changes in the life of the accumulated proletariat of the earth. It will guarantee organization of the unemployed, and work to the minimum standard of remuneration for the unemployed, and it will also necessitate some drastic means of dealing with those who decline work, and some redemptive methods for those who are unable to give back to the nation the value of their money. It will accept as part of its programme minimum rates of remuneration, fixed by law; a minimum standard of accommodation in the homes, which are the growing places of the coming generations; with large development of state enterprise in the utilization of so-called surplus labor, in the training of children and young persons for their position in the world. But it will leave all the possibilities of individual initiative and ambition to those who, dissatisfied with such a minimum, are determined to ex-

ercise their activities in the struggle for personal gain. That struggle has been the greatest incentive to 'progress'; the determination of the man of power to attain, the will that grasps at circumstance and bends it to its desire, the resolution to bequeath a distinguished name and great possessions to wife and children."

The real danger of collectivism or thorough-going Socialism, in the Nation's opinion, is lest the energy which now builds up great businesses, works new patents, accepts risks and adventures, and presses its trade into newly-discovered regions, should be content to settle down into a toleration of the accepted things, in secure position under a state department, to enjoy, rather than to struggle and attain. No such fear challenges the principle of a Minimum Standard of life. Much of its platform advocacy will be denounced as socialistic, but worked out scientifically, it may well be accepted as a practical and necessary business, adequate in its appeal to hold the balance of a great middle party between the divergent fascinations of protection on the one hand, and full economic Socialism on the other.

Mr. Churchill's conception is a noble and courageous one and marks the line of progress upon which the present Liberal Government is advancing with tentative steps.

UNCLE SAM'S GRAVEST PROBLEM.

The recent attempt on the life of the Chicago chief of police; the shooting to death of a priest at Denver by a foreign anarchist, while kneeling at an altar, and at the moment of receiving the sacrament; the frenzy of a Philadelphia mob under the influence of a woman anarchist preaching the doctrine of license and loot, and the fact that in New York city scarcely a week passes without a bomb outrage perpetrated by the so-called "Black Hand," are taken as danger signals by the police of many of the leading American cities, and for a time at least we may look for something like extreme vigilance on the part of the administrators of the law.

Such crimes as those referred to serve to emphasize the lesson taught by the assassination of Garfield and McKinley and other atrocities, that the great American republic must pay the penalty of its haste to grow and its eagerness to become numerically great. Forgetting to insure against deterioration of quality it has opened wide the doors of its ports to foreigners of all nationalities and races, of all grades of ignorance and viciousness, and has welcomed them as recruits to its great industrial army. The country has thus become a propagating garden for all kinds of anarchistic doctrines and exponents, and in every city freedom of speech is daily abused. The Washington Star sounds a note of warning when it says:

"Gloss over the situation as we will, the fact remains that we are still a crude people in many respects. We have failed lamentably in the management of our cities. We have fallen into the evil habit of listening to the smartness of thieving politicians and public officers. We have not yet evolved into the first grade of truly enlightened self-government in the most intimate and essential relation of municipal administration. Police forces are on all sides regarded as properly under suspicion. When there is constabulary that is above reproach? Where is a detective force that can withstand honest and thorough investigation? The truth is, we have compromised with crime on every hand, until with the influx of ignorant Europeans, imported for the benefit of steamship companies, mine owners, railroad builders and politicians, we have amassed a combination of conditions calculated to dismay the most optimistic observer of events. It is high time we eschewed politics for a while and took an account of ourselves and our undesirable parasites."

After the assassination of President McKinley there was a loud call for legislation dealing with anarchists. Some of the propositions made were extreme; others were necessary. But over six years have passed and nothing has yet been done. Legislation and police vigilance have failed to suppress murderous anarchists on the continent of Europe, but in this new world the evil may be minimized by excluding the breeding ground for violence and the raw material of social destruction.

ANOTHER FAKE.

Teacher—Of what profession is your father?
Scholar—Am I obliged to tell you?
Teacher—Certainly!
Scholar—He's the bearded lady in a show.

AVOIDED THE OPEN DOOR.

"How did you get into this country?" asked a reporter of a Chinaman. "Was it through the open door?"
"No, through a chink," replied the Mongolian, tersely.

RUFFIANISM RUN MAD.

As samples of the ruffianism to which the Opposition descended during the all-night and day sittings of last week, that of Mr. Foster, who asserted that Hon. Mr. Brodeur had stolen a sum of money, and of Dr. Sproule, who went so far as to charge Mr. Pardee, M. P. for West Lambton, with being intoxicated, stand out prominently among the many discreditable sayings and antics of the Opposition. In neither case was there any foundation of truth in the base charges made by Mr. Foster or Dr. Sproule. Much against their will, but

forced by being confronted with evidence that they had grossly slandered both Mr. Brodeur and Mr. Pardee, the slanderers took back their foul aspersions.

Mr. Pardee's constituents, irrespective of political associations, know how baseless such a charge would be as against Mr. Pardee, but the making of it on the floor of the House will bring home to the people of Lambton the disgraceful nature of the course the Opposition has adopted in their senseless efforts to obstruct the business of the House.

PARTLY CIVILIZED.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]
Professor Kanichi Asakawa, of the Department of Japanese Civilization at Yale, has eloped with a New Haven girl. Such incidents, however, are not a peculiar result of Japanese civilization. They have been known to occur when the civilization was all Occidental.

BACK THE SAME WAY.

[Philadelphia Press.]
Pa-Com's don't ask me any more questions. Everything I say to you goes in one ear and out the other.
Tommy (after a pause)—Pa, if I plugged up one ear what you say to me would have to come out the same ear it went in, wouldn't it?

TURNED DOWN.

[Philadelphia Press.]
"Really, Miss Roney," said Mr. Hunter, "I think you need a husband to help you take care of your property."
"No, thank you," replied Miss Roney, promptly. "I don't care to husband my resources in that way."

THE NECESSARIES OF LIFE.

[Life.]
"I'll sell you \$100.00 worth of this mining stock for 50 cents," urged the promoter. "It's the chance of a lifetime. Within a month it will be selling at a dollar a share."
"Then why don't you hold on to it?" asks the canny man.
"I would, but I need a hair-cut and a shave. How will I look if I wait a month?"

INSPIRING WEATHER.

[Harper's Bazar.]
Miss Cutting—It's such a lovely day that when you came in I felt sorry that I wasn't out myself.
Miss Knox—Yes; the day is so fine that I really hoped I wouldn't find you at home!

THE DIFFERENCE.

[Philadelphia Record.]
The difference between an epithet and an epithet is that one is applied to a man before he is dead and the other after.

SECRET OF HAPPINESS.

[Chicago News.]
"What," queried the very young man, "is the secret of happiness?"
"The secret of happiness," answered the Sage of Sagamore, "is not to let your troubles bother you any more than they bother your friends."

LOVE WITH INTERPOLATIONS.

[Judge.]
The sun is setting in the Golden West.
The little children now have gone to rest.
(Yes, some, maybe).
The stars are twinkling in the summer sky.
(They always do).
And to their nests the birds homeward fly.
(To—what! to—what?)
And in the gloaming side by side we sit.
(Well, that's quite right).
Our glowing eyes with love's sweet sun-light lit.
(You said 'twas night').
We'll breathe our vows and swear that we'll be true.
(The same old bluff).
Naught in this world can come between us two.
(Oh, that's enough!).

KEPT OUT OF IT.

[Hamilton Herald.]
At the Whitney banquet in Toronto last night Leader Borden expressed approval of the obstructive tactics which the Opposition at Ottawa has been using. All the same, Mr. Borden didn't seem to be very anxious to mix in the row.

THE OLD STORY.

[Chicago Tribune.]
Handsome Customer (in art store)—I'd like to get something that would make a suitable present for my wife. When I see a Salesman—If you will pardon the suggestion, I think a nicely-framed portrait of yourself would—
Handsome Customer—Oh, he wouldn't care for that. He's my husband, you know.

THE AUSTRALIAN TARIFF WALL.

[Puck.]
Thus spake the Dutiful Daughter,
Promising her Tariff Bill:
"Blood may be thicker than Water,
But Bricks are thicker still."

DOESN'T EAT OATS.

[Troy (N. Y.) Press.]
It is the autoist's turn to laugh. His machine requires neither hay nor oats, and that is a great and accelerating advantage according to current and recent as well as prospective quotations.

CHILLING RECEPTION ASSURED.

[Chicago Tribune.]
Ruggles (the bookkeeper)—I'm more than half sick with the hay fever.
Ramage (the cashier)—That's bad. You ought to go to some place where you would be sure of finding frost.
Ruggles—I'll do it, Ramage. I'll go this minute and ask the old man for a raise in salary.

UNDERMINED LONDON.

[Pall Mall Gazette.]
Few have any conception of the vast network of pipes and cables there is beneath the streets of London. In the City alone, the engineer to the corporation reports, the total length of the mains and conduits in the subway extends to 33 miles 88 yards. The gas mains total 2 miles 63 yards, the electric light cables 2 miles 142 yards, the hydraulic power mains 1,556 yards, the pneumatic tubes of the general postoffice 1 mile 1,533 yards, and the telegraph and telephone wires 2 miles 1,145 yards.

NATIONAL FEELING.

[Baltimore American.]
"Why did that pretty Irish girl of yours hand her admirer a lemon?"
"I think it was because he was an Orangeman."

NOT A LOTTERY.

[Dallas News.]
Marriage is not a lottery. A man can stay out of a lottery all night without being called a brute.

\$25 Excursion to Toronto.

And return by the Grand Trunk Railway System. Tickets good going March 10 by the Ontario Limited, which leaves London 9:00 a.m., arriving Toronto 12:15 p.m. Tickets valid returning until March 11. Secure charges from Grand Trunk City or Depot Agent.

WHAT IT COSTS TO RUN ONTARIO

The Estimates Call for Over Seven Millions This Year

\$50,000 FOR LONDON HYGIENIC

Estimates for the London Normal and Model Schools and for the Insane Asylum.

Toronto, March 7.—The estimates of the provinces' expenditures for 1908 were laid on the table by Hon. Mr. Matheson, the provincial treasurer, in the Legislature yesterday. The total sums called for by the estimates aggregate \$7,501,875 67, subdivided as follows: Current expenditure, \$6,130,110 67; on capital account, \$883,712; other purposes, \$448,053. For purposes of comparison it must be remembered that last year's initial estimates were \$6,519,131 28, which were raised by supplementary estimates to \$7,044,382 28. The expenditures as given in last year's public accounts were \$6,114,144 33, while the further expenditures on special warrants made the total outlay for 1907 \$7,174,245 61.

In his budget speech last year Col. Matheson estimated that the income for 1907 would be \$7,612,287 28, while the actual income, as shown by the public accounts, was \$8,329,419 18. The only important innovation in this year's estimates is the fact that the salaries of the Premier and his colleagues do not appear. Up to last year these salaries were included in the estimates of the respective departments, but by special act passed when the salary increases were made they came under the head of statutory expenditures, and therefore do not require to be voted by the House. This means that for this item the sum of \$45,000, being the Premier's salary of \$9,000 and six ministers at \$6,000 each, disappears from the estimates.

London School Estimate.

In the estimates for the Normal and Model schools at London, the following items show increases:

	1907.	1908.
The principal.....	\$2,700	\$2,800
Two department masters, \$1,800 each, (\$8 months).....	2,400	2,400
Drawing master.....	275	600
Writing master.....	150	150
Music master.....	275	600
Drill, Gymnastics and Calisthenics.....	175	225
Payment to London school board.....	1,500	2,250
Payment to London school board arrears for 1907.....	375	375
Fuel, light, etc.....	1,000	2,000
The total for 1908 is \$22,025, as against \$16,150 in 1907.		

The London Asylum.

The House will be asked to vote \$1,160,777 for the maintenance of public institutions, the increase being due not so much to salary raises, as to the greatly increased cost of supplies. The following increases are given for the London asylum and its 1,040 patients:

	1907.	1908.
Second assistant physician.....	\$1,050	\$1,000
Third assistant physician.....	1,000	1,050
Stenographers and porters (3).....	450	780
Shoemaker.....	400	450
Blacksmith.....	280	600
Stokers (8).....	2,300	2,500
Assistant gardeners (2).....	660	720
Chief attendants (4) and attendants.....	22,722	23,670
Medicine and medical comforts.....	1,000	1,200
Groceries and provisions (including butter, flour, fruit, and vegetables, meat, fish, and fowl).....	42,500	46,000
Heating and lighting (decrease).....	5,000	23,000
Laundry, soap and cleaning.....	2,500	3,000
Repairs and replacements (including furniture, and furnishings).....	9,500	9,000
Office expenses.....	1,000	1,300
Farm expenses.....	3,500	4,500
The total for 1908 is \$153,928, as against \$148,100 in 1907.		

CAN OPEN BALLOT BOXES

Recount of New York Mayoralty Election Permitted by Courts.

Albany, March 6.—The court of appeals this afternoon handed down a decision reversing the order of the appellate division and sustaining that of Justice Davis, who decided that Attorney-General Jackson had filed a sufficient bill of particulars in connection with his supplemental complaint that illegal votes were cast for George B. McClellan in the mayoralty campaign in New York City in 1905.

Under this decision the ballot boxes may be opened and the ballots examined in the quo warrant proceedings brought to test McClellan's title to the office of mayor, in the interest of William R. Hearst.

It is a victory for Clarence J. Shean, representing the people as applicants.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

March 5. Reported at. From.
Lithuania..... New York..... Lithuanian
Merion..... New York..... Liverpool
Carmania..... New York..... New York
Haverford..... Liverpool..... Philadelphia
Plymouth..... New York
Hungarian..... Glasgow..... Portland

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE... 25c.

Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Shower. It cures the inflamed, it cures the enlarged, it cures the discharging, it cures the itching, it cures the burning, it cures the pain, it cures the trouble, it cures the disease, it cures the catarrh, it cures the cure.

GREAT GALE SWEEPS THE BRITISH ISLES

London, March 6.—A violent gale has swept the coasts of the British Isles today. There have been numerous wrecks of small craft, most of them on the east coast of Ireland.

MAKES COMPANY LIABLE TO DAMAGES

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, March 6.—At the railway committee today Mr. Kennedy's bill to amend the railway act was reported. The amendment makes a railway company liable for damage by fire to all property along their lines.

The St. Clair and Erie Ship Canal bill was adopted. This was for an extension of time.
The Windsor, Chatham and London Railway Company's bill will come up a week from Tuesday.

The employees of the St. Henri mill, Montreal, may go out on strike in sympathy with the textile workers, who are at present out on strike. The situation is serious. The strikers have refused the offer of the Quebec Government conciliation board, and are determined to fight to a finish.

The Dominion railway commission will inspect the crossing at Ingersoll, Mr. T. G. Blackstock, K. C., has been engaged to look after the interests of the city.

Grief-Crazed Ones Menaced Janitor

Cleveland, O., March 6.—Collinwood today came to a full realization of her woe. Slowly and solemnly the processions of death began to wend their way toward the cemeteries, bearing the charred remains of some of the 167 children, whose lives were snuffed out in Wednesday morning's catastrophe in the Lakeview school.

From 6 o'clock in the morning until dusk there was no cessation in the funeral corteges. Those who had no dead to mourn as a personal loss stood in the streets with bared heads as the grim processions passed. There was scarcely a dry eye in Collinwood. One of the sad funerals was that of three children of Janitor Herter, held jointly with the services for three other little ones.

Mutterings against the janitor could be heard about the village as grief-stricken parents sought an object upon which to wreak vengeance, forgetting as they did, that Herter himself was walking with bowed head and broken heart behind the biers of three of his beloved. A detail of police was about the Herter home for the hour for the funeral came. Fully five hundred persons had gathered, but when the coffins were carried to the door the crowd spread, and opened the way for them without protest or expression of hostility.

Tokio Demands Apology From Peking

Tokio, March 6.—Public opinion has been aroused in Japan concerning the seizure of the steamer Tatsu by the Chinese authorities at Macao, Feb. 7. Special cablegrams just published in an extra edition of the Jiji state that China offers to release the Tatsu and apologize, but purposes to hold the captured munitions pending an investigation by a mixed tribunal.

Minister Hayashi, it is reported, positively refused to consider the proposition, and said that the vessel and her entire cargo must be unconditionally restored.

It is further said that Minister Hayashi, acting under instructions from the home Government, late last night sent the first secretary to the minister of foreign affairs with a statement that, in view of the attitude of the Chinese Government, it only remained for Japan to proceed in such manner that would uphold her dignity and protect her interests.

The Tokio newspapers in their editorials today urge the Government to stand firm. The sentiment of the foreign office remained unchanged, and it is evidently determined not to yield a single point.

It repeated today the statements formerly made to the Associated Press that it would demand an apology and an indemnity. The cabinet council today may consider the question and steps for the future, but among the highest officials it is believed that the matter will be settled without resorting to force. China's propositions are considered tantamount to a complete surrender.

The question of cargo is regarded as merely a minor one, and it is therefore thought that China will yield eventually.

Grant Passed for Quebec Celebration

Ottawa, March 6.—Whether or not the plans for the beautifying of the Plains of Abraham will involve removal of the Ross rifle factory, was a subject of debate this afternoon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier reminded the House that the whole question would be in control of the battlefields commission, who might report against the removal of the factory. Parliament had no obligation whatever beyond the grant of \$300,000 under discussion.

Sir Frederick Borden said the company had a 90-year renewable lease on eighteen acres of land, and he thought that if they were put to the inconvenience of removal they would have to be compensated in some way.

Mr. Henderson (Halton) thought \$300,000 was a big sum to spend for the pleasure of Quebec citizens. Most cities paid for their own celebrations.

at Winnipeg and had one leg taken off.

Spotters are busily engaged at Cobalt, and fifteen summonses for illegal liquor selling have been issued.

Mr. Joseph Coffey, of St. Thomas, will take charge of the Loney House, Fort Stanley, the middle of March.

Quebec members of the Canadian Mining Institute oppose the removal of the society headquarters to Toronto.

Mrs. Christina Murphy, the wife of Mr. Edward Murphy, of the M. C. R. St. Thomas, died yesterday, in her 23rd year.

Rev. O. E. Newton, of St. John's Episcopal, in October for health, has accepted a call to St. Peter's, Chicago.

A bylaw will be introduced into the Kingsville council to reduce the number of liquor licenses in that town to two.

The Saskatchewan Legislature will meet either on March 26 or April 2 and a redistribution bill will be submitted.

The St. Thomas council last night decided to contract with the hydro-electric commission for 1,500 horsepower.

Government employees at Port Stanley are on strike, asking that their daily wage of \$1 75 be increased to \$2.

Joseph Martin, K. C., will leave Vancouver in December for England, where he will practice before the privy council.

Manager Lou Solman, of the Royal Alexandra Theatre, Toronto, denies the story that he has leased that theater for vaudeville purposes.

George B. Scott, of Toronto, was struck and killed by a Grand Trunk train at the Bloor street crossing, Toronto, yesterday afternoon.

Norman Brock, a farmer living near Strathroy, lost \$90 worth of grain the

Throw Away Liniments

Here's The Prescription To Cure Rheumatism.

Liniments only reach the skin and the muscles directly under the skin. Now, liniments can't cure Rheumatism. They simply deaden the nerves for a time. When the effect wears away, the pain returns worse than ever.

If the bowels do not move regularly—if the kidneys are strained or weak—if the skin is dry or harsh—the blood is sure to be filled with impurities or urea. This urea is changed into uric acid, which is the poison that causes rheumatism.

Now, the only possible way to cure Rheumatism is to prevent uric acid from being formed. Logically, the only way to do this is to keep kidneys, bowels and skin in good working order, and prevent the stomach from being too acid. And the only way to do this is to take "Fruit-a-tives."

These marvelous tablets of fruit juices and tonics act directly on the three great eliminating organs—bowels, kidneys and skin—and put them in perfect condition. That is the only secret of their great success in curing rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago. Fifty cents a box, six for \$2 50. "Fruit-a-tives" Limited, Ottawa.

Grief-Crazed Ones Menaced Janitor

Cleveland, O., March 6.—Collinwood today came to a full realization of her woe. Slowly and solemnly the processions of death began to wend their way toward the cemeteries, bearing the charred remains of some of the 167 children, whose lives were snuffed out in Wednesday morning's catastrophe in the Lakeview school.

From 6 o'clock in the morning until dusk there was no cessation in the funeral corteges. Those who had no dead to mourn as a personal loss stood in the streets with bared heads as the grim processions passed. There was scarcely a dry eye in Collinwood. One of the sad funerals was that of three children of Janitor Herter, held jointly with the services for three other little ones.

Mutterings against the janitor could be heard about the village as grief-stricken parents sought an object upon which to wreak vengeance, forgetting as they did, that Herter himself was walking with bowed head and broken heart behind the biers of three of his beloved. A detail of police was about the Herter home for the hour for the funeral came. Fully five hundred persons had gathered, but when the coffins were carried to the door the crowd spread, and opened the way for them without protest or expression of hostility.

Tokio Demands Apology From Peking

Tokio, March 6.—Public opinion has been aroused in Japan concerning the seizure of the steamer Tatsu by the Chinese authorities at Macao, Feb. 7. Special cablegrams just published in an extra edition of the Jiji state that China offers to release the Tatsu and apologize, but purposes to hold the captured munitions pending an investigation by a mixed tribunal.

Minister Hayashi, it is reported, positively refused to consider the proposition, and said that the vessel and her entire cargo must be unconditionally restored.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Contains all the wonderful lung-healing virtues of the Norway pine tree and cures Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Troubles.

Do Not Accept Dangerous Substitutes

There is nothing "just as good" as Dr. Wood's. Put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees is the trade mark; the price is 25c.

COLD SETTLED ON THE LUNGS

Mrs. Irwin Bennett, Parrsboro, N. S., writes: "I feel it my duty to write a few words in praise of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. I took a bad cold, which settled on my lungs, and made it almost impossible to breathe at times. I coughed constantly and could not sleep at nights. A friend told me how Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup had helped her, so I procured some, and before I had taken one bottle my cough was gone and I could lie down and sleep at night."

GREAT STATUE TO SHAKESPEARE

King Consents To Its Erection
On Top of the Portland
Palace.

London, March 6.—The movement for a Shakespeare memorial, initiated some time ago, in which the United States associated with Great Britain, advanced importantly today, when the general committee adopted the executive committee's report recommending the raising of £200,000, half of which is to be devoted to the erection of a statue in London, and the remainder to be employed for some international purpose. In furthering Shakespearean aims, the difficulties regarding a site for the monument have been overcome, the King having consented to the removal of the statue of his grandfather, the Duke of Kent, from the top of Portland Palace, and here it has been decided to erect the Shakespeare statue.

The executive committee aims to make the tribute world-wide, and hopes that all countries will join Great Britain and the United States in an epoch-making effort that will open the public dedication of the memorial to be the crowning event of the Shakespeare tercentenary of 1916.

Among the executive's numerous recommendations are a competition for a design for the memorial, to be open to the English-speaking races of the world, each design to be the work of a sculptor and architect collaborating. Sketched designs are to be submitted by July, 1908. Six will be chosen for final competition, each receiving a honorarium. The completed designs are to be submitted in February, 1909. A committee of selection has been appointed, including Mr. Read, who has been invited to nominate a sculptor to serve. The general committee has further resolved to form an international committee. The ambassadors and other diplomats will co-operate.

Prof. Israel Gollancz, secretary of the movement, says its plan is the wonderful fact that the peoples of the world are willing to put aside national, political and religious differences and join in homage to Shakespeare. In proof of this all the nations of the earth this year presented flags to the town of Stratford-on-Avon, to be unfurled on Shakespeare's birthday.

HUMMEL TO BE FREE SOON

Plans to Spend a Year at a Health Resort in Europe.

New York, March 5.—Abe Hummel is due to leave the Blackwell's Island Prison two weeks from today. Although he is still in the hospital, his health has shown amazing improvement since he made an appeal for a pardon last December.

With the time of his release rapidly approaching, Hummel has recovered much of his old spirit. He has about perfected plans, in conference with his nephew, Abraham H. Kaffenberg, and some of his good friends, to make an unobtrusive departure from New York as soon as possible.

Accommodations have been engaged for Hummel on a steamer sailing for Europe on Saturday, March 21. He will spend a year abroad, most of the time at a health resort. He figures that when his case will have died down and he can safely engage in a quiet way in the real estate business.

Tells How Tiredness is Turned Into Strong Vigorous Health

We all inherit a disposition to disease. With one it's consumption, another heart disease or nervousness. At first you are languid, but as the fatigue increases you lose appetite and spirit, feel as if work wasn't in your line. Surely no clearer evidence of ill-health is needed.

Thousands have been in the same sickly condition; those who heeded not were sorry—their health was cured. Your weakness proves germ life has eaten up the vitality of the blood, and a cleansing tonic, like Dr. Hamilton's Pills, is urgently needed. At once your blood will redde and gain strength. Digestion will so improve that additional nourishment will be supplied to all needy organs. Surplus vigor will be instilled into the system till disease and weakness are completely driven out. Wonderful is the tonic effect of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which are considered the best system purifier extant.

When you renew your health with this safe vegetable remedy, the prescription of a noted physician, your duty is clear. Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills at once.

Remember this: It is the prescription of an eminent physician you use in taking Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Absolute safety and permanent results guaranteed in every case of languor, weakness, headache and debility. Price, 25 cents per box or five boxes for \$1.00, at all dealers.

VAIN SEARCH FOR EMMA GOLDMAN

Chicago Police Believe Her to
Be in Windy City, But Can-
not Locate Her.

Chicago, March 6.—The body of Lazarus Averbuch, the young Russian Jew who tried to take the life of Chicago's chief of police on Monday, was buried last night in the potter's field. The assassin's sister, Olga Averbuch, her resources exhausted, gave reluctant consent to interment by the county, and in the darkness last night, with a dreary rain pouring down, unaccompanied by friends or relatives, the corpse of the unfortunate youth was taken to Dunning, the site of the county poor farm, and there, by the light of lanterns, placed in the grave that had been prepared for it.

Following her release from custody of the police, Averbuch's sister made vain attempts to have her brother's body given burial according to Jewish rites. A number of undertakers were communicated with in her behalf, but all declined to take charge of the body. Appeal was made to several rabbis with like result. Coroner Hoffman then arranged for the disposal of the body.

Before it was taken from the morgue, Miss Averbuch asked and was permitted to have a photograph taken of herself with her arms about the neck of her brother's body.

This done, she was led away sobbing, and later, when she recovered her composure, was taken to her home. Efforts of the police during the day to uncover a possible conspiracy in connection with the attempted assassination met with little success. In the seizure of a trunk full of literature belonging to Harry Goldstein, the authorities believe they have important evidence of engagements for Emma Goldman to speak here.

One of the first effects of the united action of various branches of authority to suppress anarchy was the cancellation of all engagements for Emma Goldman to speak here.

Owners of halls where she was to appear were notified that such meetings would not be permitted, and acted accordingly. All day the police searched for Miss Goldman, who was reported to be in the city, but up to a late hour last night she had not been located.

A PERSONAL LETTER

Admiralty Lord Tweedmouth Explains
Communication From the Kaiser.

London, March 6.—"The letter from the German Emperor is purely a personal communication. There is no reference therein to the British naval estimates." This is the reply Lord Tweedmouth, first lord of the admiralty, makes to the request made by the Times this morning for the production of a letter Emperor William sent to Lord Tweedmouth on the subject of the British and German naval policy, together with his reply thereto, on the ground that Emperor William's motive was to influence those responsible for the policy of the navy in the interest of Germany.

Lord Tweedmouth intimated that further information on the subject would be given out in the House of Lords, March 9.

A cheerful smile aids digestion and sometimes has been known to help to secure the dinner.

THE CO-OPERATION IDEA

Hon. Mr. Lemieux's Measure Passes
Its Third Reading.

Ottawa, March 6.—Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux moved the second reading of his measure respecting co-operative societies.

The bill is designed to provide for the creation and organization of industrial and co-operative societies among the farming and laboring classes of Canada. Societies incorporated under the act may carry on any industry or business, except banking, as defined by the bank act, or life or fire insurance.

The minister reviewed the co-operative movement in the various European countries. Their success would, he believed, be duplicated by taking advantage of the principle in Canada. Mr. Schell (Oxford) instanced the associations as one commendable form of co-operation. The result had been to largely increase the product. He also saw a large field for co-operation in the dairy lines. The most successful factories in Ontario today, he said, were those operating on this basis. The bill was also warmly supported by Messrs. Monk and Verville. Following its second reading, the bill was immediately taken up in committee and passed a third reading.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The Western Real Estate Exchange report the sale of the following properties off their list during the past few weeks:

No. 4827—David Gage's 57½-acre farm, township of Mossa, county of Middlesex; sold.

No. 5431—Mrs. R. Williams' 53-acre farm, township of Onondaga, county of Brant; sold.

No. 488—Joe Farr's house and lot in the city of St. Catharines; sold.

No. 4172—W. G. Stage's 12½-acre farm, township of Grantham, county of Lincoln; sold.

No. 2431—S. Dodge's 49-acre farm, in township of Gosfield, county of Essex; sold.

No. 3958—Charles S. Bow's 100-acre farm, township of North Orillia, county of Simcoe; sold.

No. 500—Hugh McIntosh's house and lot, on Beconsfield avenue, city of London; sold.

No. 3788—Mrs. Esther Moffatt's 13½-acre farm, township of Vespra, county of Simcoe; sold.

No. 3149—M. Tebo's 100-acre farm, township of Inishil, county of Simcoe; sold.

No. 5474—Mr. C. Whiting's 5-acre suburban property, township of Westminster, county of Middlesex; sold.

No. 1069—J. D. Butler's house and lot, in the town of Thamesville, county of Kent; sold.

No. 3220—Ezra W. Moore's 50-acre farm, township of Galt, county of Lincoln; exchanged.

No. 1422—Wm. Shelly's house and lot in the town of Dunnville, county of Haldimand; exchanged.

No. 4700—Charles Menell's 50-acre farm, township of Westminster, county of Middlesex; sold.

No. 500—R. S. Milligan's 156-acre farm, in the township of Moore, county of Lambton; sold.

No. 4891—Wm. Newman's 100-acre farm, in the township of Aldboro, county of Elgin; exchanged.

No. 4591—F. C. Myall's 40-acre farm, in the township of Blandford, county of Oxford; exchanged.

No. 3069—Frank Matthews' 60-acre farm, in the township of Canboro, county of Haldimand; sold.

No. 4470—F. J. Bolton's 50-acre farm, township of Caradoc, county of Middlesex; sold.

No. 3778—George P. Jones' house and lot, in the city of St. Catharines, county of Lincoln; sold.

CONDEMNED THE REDUCTION

Immense Gathering at Massey Hall,
Toronto, Enters a Protest.

Toronto, March 6.—An immense crowd, representing all classes of Toronto's citizens, gathered in Massey Hall tonight to protest against the license reduction. Amongst those who addressed the audience were: Father Menchan, ex-Mayor Boswell, W. E. Wright and Mayor Kennedy, of Owen Sound, and letters were read from Prof. Goldwin Smith, Thomas Rowland and Controller Ward, all condemning the reduction.

TRIES TO SELL ARMY SECRET

German Employee of Projectile
Works Arrested in
Brooklyn.

New York, March 6.—Although locked up on the specific charge of grand larceny, William Esser, 40 years old, a German machinist who was arrested after a hard fight with detectives tonight at his home, Flatbush, is suspected of having been negotiating with the German Government for the sale of the secret of a patented projectile which the E. W. Bliss Company has been manufacturing for the United States Government.

Acting Captain Kuehne, of the Brooklyn detective bureau, said the arrest of Esser is one of the most important the department has made in years and that it will be established in court that for a long time he has been in communication with officials in Berlin seeking to have the Imperial government purchase from him the process for the construction of the projectile, which has been carefully guarded ever since it was invented.

Esser is accused by Francis Page, vice-president of the E. W. Bliss Company, of having stolen tools from the projectile works, the concern, in Brooklyn, and disposing of them in New York. When he was taken to Brooklyn headquarters tonight and searched there were found on him several letters written in German, which convince the police that he will be well for the federal government to step into the case tomorrow.

When six headquarters detectives descended on the machinist's home, they found pieces of the projectile in a workshop in the rear of his house.

A YELLOW YARN

Story That the Ross Rifle is Made
Outside Canada Proves Untrue.

Ottawa, March 5.—The story sent out from Boston and published under a leading headline in the Montreal Star tonight to the effect that practically one-half of the Ross rifle, as adopted by the Government for the militia of Canada, is not made in Canada, is entirely without foundation, in fact, and is regarded by those who know the facts of the case as another unjustifiable attempt to make party capital for the Opposition out of whole cloth. As a matter of fact, a few of the details of the rifle are not actually made at the factory in Quebec as was announced in the investigation before the public accounts committee. These parts are hand-made in large quantities in the States, and could easily be made at Quebec if desired. The rifle to all intents and purposes is a strictly Canadian arm, and the statement sent out from Boston is on a par with other misleading and inaccurate statements published editorially in the Opposition papers and designed to discredit the action of the Government in its dealings with the Ross Rifle Company.

FAMOUS HORSE BURNED

Listowel, March 6.—Fire which broke out at an early hour this morning totally destroyed the large stable of Mr. W. C. Kidd, together with the contents, including thirteen horses, many of them thoroughbred sires, and some trotters of note. Among the former was the famous "Old Vixen," only one horse out of fourteen was saved. The origin of the fire is unknown.

When the first alarm was given, at ten minutes past 2, the stables and stock were doomed, as the building was a raging sheet of flames. The night was made almost like day, the flames raging so high, fanned by a strong wind. Mr. W. C. Kidd, the proprietor, was out of town at the time, said to be in Toronto on business.

The fire would appear to be of an incendiary nature, on account of the hour. All parties having charge of the stables would be home some hours before it happened. The building, which was frame, was insured as follows: Waterloo, \$2,000; Perth Mutual, \$800. Contents in form of feed, harness, etc.: Sun, \$875; British America, \$875. Insurance was also carried on the horses by Lloyd's, but the amount is not given.

MABEL ALLEN ACQUITTED

Held Not Guilty of Burning Barns of
York County Farmer.

Toronto, March 6.—Mabel Allen, the 14-year-old girl charged with arson, in setting fire to barns of Jacob Hopkins, in York County, has been acquitted.

A demonstration was only prevented by the prompt action of the officials.

The five young men who tracked the footprints in the snow ten miles from Hopkins barn on the morning following the fire, to the Allen home, were on the stand in the morning, and in the afternoon the defense opened. Mabel's sister and mother swore that the girl had not left the house all night. In his address to the jury, Prosecutor Dryton said that he thought about the same of Hopkins as the jury did, but this thing must be stopped. The judge charged very strongly against the girl. The jury retired at 5 p.m. and returned at 8 p.m.

IF MEN WERE SERPENTS.

It is said the woods would be full of female snake charmers. Perhaps so. But there is no perhaps when you apply "Futnam's" to a sore corn. It is the sure relief use only Putnam's Corn and Wart-Extractor.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized; also manufacturers of Mattresses, Feather, Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds. Brass and Iron Beds, Etc. Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory, J. B. HUNT & SONS, 32 Richmond street. Phone 991.

THREE DEATHS IN EDDY HOME

Ex-Senator Chandler Proposes
To Have Them Inves-
tigated.

Boston, March 6.—Ex-Senator William E. Chandler, and counsel for the "next friends" of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, are to investigate the three deaths which have occurred recently in her household.

The persons who formerly were connected with the household of Mrs. Eddy and who have recently died were Byron Burt, the coachman, secured by Mrs. Eddy when she removed from Concord to Boston; Miss Mary E. Tomlinson, a former second reader of the Christian Science Church; Mrs. Amelia Leonard, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who previous to her death, was charged with being the one who impersonated Mrs. Eddy during her daily rides.

Just what action Senator Chandler is to take from a legal point of view, he refused to state today as he was leaving the city. Senator Chandler did, however, say:

"After the conference ended that determined upon the investigation into the deaths of the persons named, there was some discussion as to the expediency of asking the Massachusetts courts to make a searching inquiry into Mrs. Eddy's seclusion at Newton. The question as to how the expenses of this residence are being met out of Mrs. Eddy's fortune of \$1,000,000 is also being raised."

H. H. ROGERS IS FEEBLE

Unable to Walk Without Assistance,
It Is Reported.

New York, March 6.—Passengers arriving today on the steamer Bermudian declared that H. H. Rogers, who went to Bermuda two weeks ago with Mark Twain appears to be in feeble health.

Roland J. Cummings, a civil engineer, one of the passengers, said that Mr. Rogers' strength seemed to be declining rapidly, and that he was too feeble to walk unassisted up or down even a short flight of steps.

Mr. Rogers and Mr. Clemens are inseparable. The humorist is in splendid health. He remarks every now and then that he feels as frisky as a colt. He devotes all his wit and the vitality of his companionship to arouse his friend's sinking spirits. Mr. Rogers' son-in-law, Mr. Benjamin, is also with him.

MERCHANT BEATEN.

Montreal, March 6.—James Watterson, of the firm of J. Watterson & Co., commission merchants, was held up and brutally assaulted while on his way to his home on Roslyn avenue, Westmount.

The man came up behind, struck a vicious blow at Mr. Watterson, rendering him completely unconscious. This took place within a few yards of the victim's own doorstep. The senseless form of Mr. Watterson was discovered by several young men who were returning to their homes after a hockey match, the assailant having evidently been frightened away by their approach.

It was hours before Mr. Watterson became altogether unconscious, and he is still confined to his residence. There is no trace of his assailant.

Do your own thinking, and if you can't think at least you can think you are thinking.

Loss of Appetite

Is common when the blood needs purifying and enriching, for then the blood fails to give the digestive organs the stimulus necessary for the proper performance of their functions.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is pre-eminently the medicine to take. It makes the blood pure and rich, and strengthens all the digestive organs.

"I have used Hood's Sarsaparilla as a spring medicine and find it excellent. My brother-in-law used it for blotches on his face and was perfectly cured. He has not been troubled since." HAROLD PARKER, Peterborough, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the world's great blood purifier and tonic. 100 doses one dollar.

IT SAVES AND SHAVES

Gillette

Safety Razor

Don't Wait to Try
Don't Try to Wait

Get a Gillette Safety Razor now and learn the

- no honing
- no stropping
- no face cutting
- 3 minute way of self shaving.

The Gillette Safety Razor consists of a Triple-Edged Plated Holder (will last 2 years) and a Double-Edged Flexible Blade (4 keen edges)—packed in velvet lined leather case—and the price is \$5.00 all-Jewelry, Drug, Cutlery, Hardware, Sporting Goods and Dept. Stores. Write or ask your dealer for free booklet. If we cannot supply you, write us.

GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR CO.
CANADIAN FACTORY, MONTREAL.

For His Majesty - the BABY NEW CARRIAGES AND GO-CARTS

Our superb line of 1908 Carts is now on our floors, ready for your inspection. In our efforts to secure for our trade the very best, we inspected a great number of makes, and without any hesitancy we say our 1908 Carts are away ahead of anything ever offered in Canada before. We have over one hundred different styles, and you will find our prices are the lowest.

Below we show just a few of our many designs. Come and see them and get our prices, whether you intend purchasing or not.



English Cab, in brown, black or blue. Our price \$23.00



Reed Go-Cart, made of selected reed. Our price \$10.00



English Reed Cab, in Brown or Green. Our price \$28.00



All-reed Cart. Our price \$18.00



English Cab, in green or brown. Our price \$18.00



3/4 size English Cart, green or brown. Our price \$16.00



3/4 size Reed Cart, leather hood, green or brown. Our price. \$14.50



Folding Carts, with or without hoods, from \$5.00 up Over 20 different styles.

Our Iron Beds,
Springs and
Mattresses

Are still on sale at Factory
Prices. Don't fail to see
them before buying.

The Ontario Furniture Co.

LONDON'S LARGEST FURNITURE HOUSE.

228-230 DUNDAS STREET.

C. P. R. Excursion—Toronto \$2 35.
Special fast train will leave C. P. R. depot at 2:30 p.m. Tuesday, March 10. Rate, \$2 35. Tickets good going on special train only. Returning, any train March 11. Tickets on sale at C. P. R. ticket office. 95c

\$2 35, Toronto and Return.
The Grand Trunk Railway System are offering a special rate of \$2 35 to Toronto and return, good going March 10, by the Ontario Limited, which leaves London 8:09 a.m., arriving in Toronto 12:15 p.m. Tickets valid returning until March 11. Secure tickets from Grand Trunk City or Depot Agent. 94c

SANTAL-MIDY

Standard remedy for Gleet,
Gonorrhea and Runnels
in 48 HOURS. Cures Kid-
ney and Bladder Troubles.

Montreal's Troubles With the Italians



No. 1—Arrested for carrying concealed weapons.

No. 2—His Honor—Tut, tut. This is not a weapon, it is a means of safety.

The prisoner is discharged.

The old-fashioned razor is assuredly dangerous, both as a weapon and as a shaving implement, in fact, it is barbarous. But, the Gillette Safety Razor I regard as a mark of civilization. Why, I carry a Gillette Safety myself.



Authority has been given for relaying 50 miles of the West Side division of the Southern Pacific with 75-pound steel. This means the expenditure of \$276,425 on improvements to the track from Beaverton to McCoy, Ore., during the next few months.

Within a recent period the main line of the Southern Pacific in Oregon has been provided with the plates, so that now it has been tie-plated 100 per cent; that is every tie has been furnished with a tie plate, something it is said that few railroad lines in the whole United States can boast.

Railroads throughout the country are becoming alarmed over the rapidly increasing number of broken car wheels, which are the frequent cause of disastrous wrecks. That the problem of broken wheels has become a serious one is shown by the fact that the Pennsylvania, on its line east of Pittsburgh, removed during 1907 a total of 79,000 wheels. This is an increase of over 50 per cent in a few years, and it is stated that the added expense of car-wheel renewal is becoming a serious item in the operating column, necessitating, as it does, cars taken out of service. So grave has the problem of a better wheel become that it has almost taken the place, for the time being at least, of the problem of a safer steel rail.

It is understood the committee of experts appointed by the Interstate Commerce Commission to examine the operation of block signals also will consider the new problem of better car wheels.

For practical suggestions that have stood the test of personal experience and thorough trial, the paper presented Friday evening at the monthly meeting of the New York Railroad Club by W. V. S. Thorne, director of purchase for the Harriman lines, was instructive and of exceptional value.

In connection with a description of the present practice and policy of the purchasing department of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, and of the departmental co-operation which has made its methods practicable and effective, Mr. Thorne said: "To obtain the most efficient, economical and satisfactory results for all the lines of these systems, comprising about 18,000 miles, the management realized several years ago the importance of selecting definite uniform standards of the best practicable designs for many articles used in large quantities by the different departments of the service.

"In numerous conferences, which were held periodically, the chief officials of each department concerned of the various associated companies have recommended exactly what many of these standards should be. Decisions have been made after considering the advantages from a mechanical and practical point of view, and after opportunity has been given for argument or suggestions from many experienced and technical men, who have used or manufactured the devices or material in question. Later most of these recommended standards have been favorably passed on by a majority of the general managers of the companies concerned, and when formally approved by the director of maintenance and operation of the associated systems have thus been adopted as common standards for all the associated lines. Where practicable and desirable, detailed and definite specifications and drawings have been prepared describing and illustrating

Have You a Lame Back?

If the lameness is due to lumbago or rheumatism in the muscles the following treatment is almost certain to relieve at once. Rub the back and sides thoroughly with "Nervine"—the more rubbing the better. The pain-destroying properties of Nervine will sink through all the cords and muscles that are affected—the tension and stiffness will ease off—lameness will depart after the first or second application. It is then advisable to put on a Nervine Porous Plaster which will continue to supply warmth and protection to the tender spot. Those who have used this treatment say it never fails to cure muscular pain in any part of the body.

BRITISH

The "Spalding Gentlemen's Society," the oldest antiquarian society in England, are proposing to build a museum to celebrate their bi-centenary. Subscriptions to the amount of £240 have been promised towards the object in view.

At Mexborough, near Doncaster, a fire occurred at the church just before the time fixed for a wedding, which was to be celebrated by the rural dean, the Rev. H. F. Bateman. The fire brigade had just mastered the flames when the wedding party arrived. The ceremony was celebrated in the presence of the firemen, who afterwards resumed operations.

At the Cyfarthfa (Glamorgan) steel works 120 men have been paid off during the depression in trade. Steel for the tinplate industry is principally produced at Cyfarthfa. The tinplate trade has for some time past been in a poor condition, and foreign steel has been imported at prices even lower than those to which South Wales steel has declined.

For fortune-telling, Mme. St. Leonard, a professional clairvoyant, was Oliver, a grocer in the town. Among other things she predicted a colliery accident at Trimsaran, the result being that the superstitious miners refused to go down the pit, which gave employment to 200 men. Some had been idle a month, and others had left the village altogether.

At a meeting recently of the owners of the Eastwood group of collieries, Nottinghamshire, where between three and four thousand men have been on strike for over five weeks, it was decided, it is understood, to close down the five pits concerned, indefinitely, and to discontinue the services of the men. The strikers have rejected the owners' offer to submit the dispute to arbitration.

Details of an extraordinary accident were recounted to the Nottinghamshire coroner at an inquest on George Alfred Oliver, a grocer in the town. Mr. Oliver had gone for a shave, and while he was in the barber's chair the spring head-rest slipped, rupturing a blood-vessel between the base of the brain and the spinal cord. He was medically attended, but died later. A verdict of "accident" was returned.

At an inquest on Cromwell Davies, a missing Methyry Vale boy, aged three and a half, who was found in the River Day, the jury returned an open verdict, with a rider that the river opposite the boy's home in Taff street, should be fenced in. A crowd of about ten thousand persons gathered at the cemetery when the funeral took place, and the scene was most impressive and pathetic.

Through the death of Mr. William Beaumont Watson, at the age of 84, Morphet has lost its oldest market gardener. Watson was the last survivor of five brothers, who were all engaged in the same business, as was their father and grandfather before them. Until within the last few weeks he was able to attend to his business at Morphet, and visit the Newcastle market regularly.

Mrs. Henry Favett writes that over 500 women have passed the qualifying examinations at Oxford and Cambridge but are denied degrees have taken advantage of the special degree which, up to the end of last year, were offered them by Trinity College, Dublin. The college thus received fees amounting to £16,000, which has been earmarked for the sole benefit of its women students.

Owing to the unremunerative price of hops caused by excessive foreign competition, several hopgrowers on a large scale in Kent have decided to allow their grounds to go out of cultivation this year. Apart from other considerations such as displacement of a great deal of labor, this will mean a loss of many hundreds of pounds to the poor people employed in these grounds alone in the picking season.

The rector of Bathwick, Bath, while praising in a modified way the improved attitude of his congregation towards the church funds, says: "One cannot shut one's eyes to the large quantity of copper that appears in our alms-dish. There are still far too many people who prefer to have their religion on the cheap. Perhaps some of those who gave a penny last year could have given the ecclesiastical threepenny-bit in 1907."

CRAWLED TWO MILES WITH SEVERED LEG

Vancouver, B. C., March 6.—Carrying his severed right leg with him, Stetson, a hand-laborer, crawled through two miles of brush to the water at Toba Inlet, got a boat, and rowed another two miles down the coast to the logging camp, before finally collapsing.

He was working alone Monday when he began to fall timber. It crushed his right leg off at the knee, practically tearing it off, and Stetson completed the work by cutting the shreds of skin that remained. A man of iron determination and courage, and although bleeding to death, he refused consciousness and laboriously made his way through the brush to the coast. Foot by foot he crawled over the logs and through the swamp until he reached the water's edge. Suffering untold agony, he got into the boat and managed to reach a small camp two miles away. Then he collapsed and died the next morning.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Hoag*

Experiments made by German scientists show that the heat of the sun preserved with from 3 to 5 per cent of salt. If the proportion of salt is higher than that the results are less satisfactory.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for diarrhea. Sold by DRUGGISTS in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."



TOOTHACHE WEATHER

Is now here. Our painless extraction will give you easy relief.

WESTERN DENTAL OFFICE
S.W. CORNER RICHMOND AND DUNDAS ST.

Women Cured at Home



Women's disorders always yield from the very beginning of the treatment to the mild but effective action of Orange Lily. Within two or three days after commencing its use the improvement becomes noticeable, and this improvement continues until the patient is completely cured. Orange Lily is an applied or local treatment, and acts directly on the woman's organs, removing the congestion, toning and strengthening the nerves, and restoring perfect circulation in the diseased parts. In order to convince all suffering women of the value of this remedy, I will send a sample of it absolutely FREE to each lady sending 95¢.

35 cent box, enough for ten days' treatment, absolutely FREE to each lady sending me her address. MRS. F. E. CURRAH, Windsor, Ont.

MARCHED OUT IN ORDER

New York Public School Afire, But Nobody Is Injured.

New York, March 6.—A special call was sent into fire headquarters from the public school on One Hundred and Ninth street, between Amsterdam avenue and Broadway, shortly before noon today. All the children escaped from the building. They were marched out in perfect order, assembled in the yard, and sent home. Parents who rushed to the building were prevented by the police from clogging the exits and sent away. The fire was on the top floor of the building, which is five stories high.

Sparrows huddle together in tightly packed masses. With them it is any port in a storm or a frost, and seven were once found, all in a feathery heap, dead in a hole in the brickwork behind a greenhouse furnace. In some way fumes had leaked through the interstices suffocating the whole lot.

A GREAT IMPROVEMENT.

Nature's Way Often Hard To Understand.

MAN'S BEST GIFTS DISGUISED BY DISAGREEABLE EXTERIOR.

IT TAKES SCIENCE TO REVEAL NATURE AT HER BEST.

There are a great many instances where a little human help, Nature's best gifts are doubly enhanced in value and brought forth from obscurity in a manner that is causing this century to be known as one of progress.

There is nothing in the way of a discovery that will prove of greater benefit to man in general, and to the inhabitants of this part of America, in particular, than Vinol, which represents an old and valuable remedy introduced in a new and practical form. Vinol is being hailed by physicians and patients alike as a glorious intervention of Providence for annihilating certain diseases of a wasting nature and prolonging life.

Vinol, as it is sold today, is fast becoming what all other great inventions soon become, a positive necessity that makes the world wonder how it ever existed without it.

Cod liver oil, on account of the peculiar medicinal properties which it contains, has been known to science for years as the most efficient of all specifics for throat, lung and bronchial troubles, and all wasting diseases. The layman, however, has appreciated the fact as forcibly as the professional, that the same remedy was often rendered practically useless on account of its disagreeable odor and taste, until it began to appear as though cod liver oil might eventually be omitted from the Pharmacopoeia.

The invention of Vinol has saved this wonderful medicine, not as we have known it, to be sure, but in its new form, which is nothing more or less than the identical, potent, remedial factors that have made the cod's liver famous. This new discovery consists only in finding a way of extracting the curative principles of the cod liver, which once obtained are dissolved in a mild, delicious and delicate wine, with organic iron and beef peptone added.

And so to us is given this old remedy in its new, doubly efficient, absolutely tasteless, and denuded of its greatest and most serious objection, the fatty matter itself, which has always precluded the use of cod liver oil in cases where the digestive apparatus had become weakened. Vinol is with us to stay, and to do good as yet is incalculable.

Anderson & Nelles, our local druggists, sell Vinol on the positive guarantee to refund money to anyone who tries Vinol and is not satisfied.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTEMPER.

BRASS Castings and Spinning to order.

NATIONAL LIGHT CO. 343 TALBOT Mrs. Cody Inverted Gas Light.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Spray. Best—Not counterfeited. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

FORTIETH ANNIVERSARY SALE.

Food Choppers Reduced No. 761. 85c. No. 20. 98c.

No. 22. \$1.25.

These and many other lines reduced:

Meat Saws.....18c

Egg Whips, 2 for.....5c

Stove Polish, per tin.....2c

Tack Hammers.....5c

Scrub Brushes.....8c

Copper, Nickel-Plated Kettles.....\$1.25

Fruit Presses.....30c

Hat and Coat Hooks, 6 for.....5c

Scissors.....12c

Carpet Sweepers.....\$2.00

Paveway Sewing Machine, 5 year guarantee.....\$14.95

Puritan Oil Stove.....\$3.50

Wade and Butcher Razors.....35c

Shaving Brushes.....19c

WESTMAN'S HARDWARE

121 Dundas St. and Market Sq. Phone 36



A good prospect is ahead for you if you buy your building material from us. We can supply your needs in lumber, Shingles, Flooring, Siding, Doors, Frames, Sash and House Trim. The quality is good and the price is right. Call or write to call, we'd like to see you and talk the matter over.

GEO. H. BELTON YARD, MILL AND FACTORY.

RECTORY ST., North Grand Trunk Ry.

ALLAN LINE

WINTER SAILINGS.

Sailings to Liverpool

From St. John. Halifax.

Granplan.....Fri., Mar. 13

Virginian.....Fri., Mar. 13

Tunisian.....Sat., Mar. 21

Victorian.....Fri., Mar. 27

SAILINGS TO GLASGOW.

From Portland. Boston. Mar. 13

Corinthian.....Buenos

Ayresan.....Thurs., Mar. 19

Laurentian.....Thurs., Mar. 26

For rates of passage, sailing lists, etc., apply to B. DE LA HOOKE, G. T. R. & W. FULTON, C. P. R. or F. B. CLARKE, 415 Richmond street.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS

WHITE STAR LINE.

New York-Quebec-Liverpool.

N. Y.-Plymouth-Cherbourg-Shampan.

New York-Boston-Birmingham.

NEW YORK LINE.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY. SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—*9:50 a.m. 10:56 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:23 a.m. *6:25 p.m., *7:48 p.m., 10 p.m. Arrive from the west—*12:09 a.m. *3:15 a.m., *11:13 a.m., 1:10 p.m. *4:10 p.m., *6:25 p.m. Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m. *3:20 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9 a.m., 11:23 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m. (Eastern Flyer).

The trains leaving at 7:30 a.m. and 2:05 p.m. stop at all stations. Depart for the west—*3:55 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 1:40 p.m., *8:05 p.m.

The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:40 p.m. trains stop at all stations.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:40 a.m., *4 p.m., *6:50 p.m. (Eastern Flyer), 11 p.m. Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:27 a.m., 2:20 p.m., *7:55 p.m. (International Limited).

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—*9:15 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 11:10 p.m. Depart—6:10 a.m., 11 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 5 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10 a.m., 6:10 p.m. Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:50 p.m. Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:50 p.m. Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 10:25 p.m.

*Runs through to Waterford.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

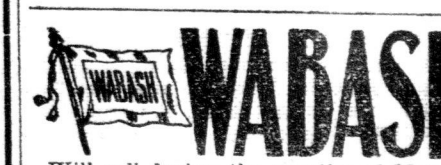
Depart—5:40 a.m., *6:50 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *3:40 p.m., 17:35 p.m. Arrive—*4:45 a.m., *12:15 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., *9:20 p.m., 10:30 p.m. *To and from Walkerville, without change. Trains not *starred to Port Stanley. *Between London and St. Thomas only.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive—From the east *11:30 a.m., 8 p.m., *11 p.m. From the west—*4:30 a.m., *8:20 a.m., *5:20 p.m.

Depart—For the east—*4:40 a.m., 8:40 a.m., *5:28 p.m. For the west—*11:38 a.m., *8:10 p.m., *11:10 p.m.

Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday. *From Chatham only. **Runs only to Chatham.



Will sell during the months of March and April.

SPECIAL ONE-WAY SECOND-CLASS COLONIST TICKETS

from all stations to California, Arizona, Mexico, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Washington and British Columbia. Tickets will be on sale via all direct routes. The Wabash is the shortest and true route to the above points. For further particulars call on your nearest Wabash agent, or address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, No. 63 Queen street, Toronto, and St. Thomas, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC Excursion to TORONTO

And Return, March 10.

\$2.35

Special train will leave C. P. R. depot at 2:30 p.m., March 10. Fast time, no stops, except for water. Tickets good going on special train only, returning any train, March 11. Secure tickets at C. P. R. city ticket office. C. B. FOSTER, D. P. A., Toronto.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Royal Mail Trains

From Montreal To Halifax

connecting with

Royal Mail

Steamers From

Halifax to Liverpool

CANADA'S FAMOUS TRAIN

THE MARITIME EXPRESS

Leaving Montreal Fridays at 12:00 (noon) carries passengers, baggage and European mails, reaching the steamer's deck at Halifax the following Saturday afternoon.

Special trains carrying passengers, baggage and mails, when inward steamers do not connect with the Maritime Express, leave Halifax immediately after the arrival of the steamer, making connections for Ottawa, Toronto, Detroit and points west.

For tickets and further information, apply to nearest Grand Trunk Ticket Agent, or to Toronto Ticket Office, 51 King street east.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

One Way Colonist Excursions to the West

Commencing Feb. 29 and continuing daily until April 29 to the following points:

Vancouver, B. C.

Seattle, Wash.

Spokane, Wash.

Portland, Ore.

\$46.05 San Francisco, Cal.

\$46.05 Los Angeles, Cal.

\$51.55 Mexico City.

Tickets also sold to certain other points in proportion.

Secure tickets and full information from MR. E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. R. & W. FULTON, Ont., E. RUSS, depot agent.

All Latest Sporting News and Gossip

Midland Wins from Collingwood Teams Are Tied for Championship

Midland Scores Seven To Three
and a Deciding Game Will
Be Necessary.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Midland, Feb. 6.—Midland was tonight treated to the greatest game of hockey ever played in this district, when the local seven and Collingwood clashed in the second half of the final round for the intermediate O. H. A. championship. Midland won by 7 to 3, making a tie of the round, and necessitating the playing of another and deciding game.

The excitement was intense, and the 2,500 enthusiasts present were kept on edge, as the home team only suc-

ceeded in tying the score a few minutes before time was up.
The contest was fast from the start to the finish. Both teams checked fiercely, and the game, while at times rough, was not deliberately dirty. Hammond, Collins, Belcher and Prebble starred for the visitors, while Gould, Chase and Beattie played a dashing game for Midland, and were the principal factors in cutting the big lead of Collingwood.

The line-ups:
Midland: Goal Hammond
Hanley.....Point Cameron
McLennan.....Cover Collins
Gould.....Rover Belcher
Chase.....Center Fryer
Beattie.....Right Burns
Hastings.....Left Prebble
Referee, G. Caldwell, of Barrie.

Crispin Defeats Burlington Champion

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Hamilton, Ont., March 7.—George Crispin, the London roller skating champion, again showed his class last night here, defeating A. M. Smith, the Burlington roller champion, in a mile race. He won handily in 2:43, a second faster than his time in the race

with Daniels, and two seconds better than in the McMaster race.
Smith made a protest, claiming that Crispin fouled him in the fourth lap when he passed him, but the judges would not allow it.
W. McMichael challenged Crispin for \$50 a side, and posted a forfeit.

Ward Five Win on Liberal Alleys

Ward 5 bowlers galloped away with two out of three games with ward 2 last night in the Liberal Club series. The winners bowled steadily and had some the best of it all the way. Doc Sippel had his bunch moving in good style, and bowled himself like a real trundler, which means that he got over 400.

John McMurphy was the real thing last night, rolling three very steady games. He got high aggregate, with 645. Roy Cooper had the best single frame, rolling 191 last time up. For the winners, Jack McKay rolled well, getting 520. Jack Wilkey also rolled three nice games. Perrin, Sippel and Young rolled fair games.
Oliver, generally a good bowler, was not and was not in good form. Beal and Patterson were in hard luck. The Liberal Club will enter three teams in the ideal tournament, to be held shortly. The "Big Five," Percy

Stone, Worrall, Vic Brock, Jack McMurphy and Jimmy Murray will enter. Doc Sippel will also enter a team composed of John Wilkey, Jack McKay, Oliver, Young and Sippel. A third team is in contemplation, but personnel is not known as yet.

The scores at last evening's games:

Ward 5.				
Wilkey	158	125	160	443
McKay	162	172	156	490
Perrin	146	146	132	424
Young	130	146	127	403
Sippel	144	136	136	416
	740	725	742	2,207
Ward 2.				
McMurphy	187	170	188	545
Cooper	162	173	191	465
Patterson	96	132	94	322
Oliver	128	149	116	393
Beal	137	120	115	372
	619	745	704	2,068

IDEALS DOWNED SAINTS BOWLERS

The St. Thomas Midgents, erstwhile trundlers, met their Waterloo last night on the Ideal alleys here, when they essayed to place a stopper on the winning streak of the Ideals, who won out by a comfortable margin.

The contest was not for the championship of anything or any place, but then it would never do to allow any St. Thomas team to get out of this place with a victory, so the Ideals did the only thing possible—they walloped 'em.

The scores:

Ayers	157	237	195	589
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Dewan	156	163	153	472
Graham	197	195	184	576
Fincham	139	221	123	483
Watterworth	192	190	172	554
Totals	841	1006	825	2,672

St. Thomas.				
Krump	199	133	144	476
Lang	132	188	171	491
Bennett	136	136	154	426
Richardson	139	119	140	448
Heron	213	179	189	581
Totals	869	755	798	2,422

Windsor and Seventh Meet Tonight

Tonight Windsor will tackle the prizes of the Seventh Regiment, in the indoor baseball game, at the armories, and the dust should be flying every second of the day.

The natives of the riverside burg have taken a game from the locals and feel confident of repeating. Needless to say, the local soldiers have a

notion that the tables will be reversed at this time.

The indoor baseball games this year have drawn upwards of 600 people at almost every contest, and tonight should prove no exception to the rule. This contest decides the winner of the western district in the Military League, and the winner will play off with the winner in the eastern district at a date to be set.

Sporting Jottings From Scissors, Pen and Wire What Is Doing in Local and Foreign Athletics

The King's Plate is with us again. It is one of the classics of the turf, and the best advertisement the O. J. C. spring meet could possibly have. From now till along in May everybody from bootblacks to band clerks will talk learnedly of that noble animal horse, and in low whispers impart to one another stable information born in a barber shop. By the time the Woodlins dries out enough for fast trials there will be more whippers that will tell of trials done in the dead of night that make world's records look like cart-horse performances. And when the eventful day arrives, and the great event is run, it will prove to be the blummiest race of the whole blummin' card.—Toronto Telegram.

SAVED THE TIGERS.
The weather man today was kind. He saved the London hockey team from defeat last night.

OR THE TIGERS.—Hamilton Times.

TWELFTH CHAMPIONSHIP.
Toronto Star: "This makes the twelfth O. H. A. championship in the Rankin household, and Mrs. Rankin, mother of the boys, has never seen a game of hockey. There were eight boys in the family, and all but one—the youngest who has not yet had a hockey stick in his hand, and who has no inclination to play the game—have

figured on O. H. A. teams, champion or otherwise."

THE BEST EVER.
The Toronto Star says that Frank Rankin is the best junior forward ever seen in the Queen City.

W. O. H. L. WON'T GO.
London, we like you all right, but we can't just see how that Western Ontario Hockey League is going to pan out.—Stratford Herald.

SULLIVAN SIZED UP.
New Orleans World: There is not a question of doubt in my mind but that the action of James Sullivan and his colleagues on the directing board of the A. A. U., in endeavoring to eliminate Tom Longboat from being a starter in the big race, was brought about not so much because the Indian had been guilty of any worse offense than another athlete, but because they wished to cut down Canada's representation in the Marathon to a low degree, and thus clinch the race by hook or crook for the Americans. Therefore, since President Stark of the Canadian Union has come out flat-footed with the announcement that American athletes who are connected with the A. A. U. of the United States will not be allowed to compete in amateur contests governed by the Canadian association, I feel confident he will receive the support of all the lovers of clean amateur



MEL BROCK,
(Defense.)



MARTIN STRAUCH,
(Center.)



FRANK HARVEY,
(Forward.)

The above trio of sterling basketball players from the Y. M. C. A. will help to make up the team which represents this city in the big tournament at Hamilton on Monday. The makeup of the remainder of the team is somewhat in doubt, but will likely include Skinner, on the forward line, and "Duff" Wood, on the defense. Frank Moore and Poisson will also be taken along in case of accident to any of the other players.

Martin Strauch will captain and manage the team, and a better general could not have been selected. Hamilton is virtually the home of basketball players and if the London five succeeds in trimming the wearers of the red and black, the championship of Western Canada will come here beyond doubt, for the Toronto teams have so far failed to exhibit the class necessary to take championships.

Frank Harvey left this morning for Hamilton, his former home. Some of the boys will leave here on Monday at 8 o'clock, while the remainder will go at 11:30 the same day.

Thirty-seven Entries for Famous King's Plate Of These Eight Are From the Seagram Stables

Twenty-eight of the Entries Are
3-Year-Olds—Remainder
4 and 6-Year-Olds.

Toronto, March 7.—The King's Plate, this season, has 37 entries, four more than last year, when a field of sixteen went to the post. There are 28 three-year-olds, five four-year-olds, three five-year-olds, and a six-year-old. Among this year's nominations are Half-a-Crown, who finished behind Kelvin, the winner; Wicklight, who was fifth; Capstan, who was eleventh; and Supper Dance, who was last. Mr. Seagram is the largest nominator, with eight entries. Valley Farm stable has five, and the Woodstock stable four, including Hillhurst, who was entered in two previous years, but did not get to the post. At this date it looks like an open race, with the prospect of a big field of starters. Scud is said to be the star of Valley Farm stable's lot, the Waterloo stable has a good trio in Cecil Rhodes, Mill on the Floss, and Dog of War. John Dymont's pair, Excise and Courtown II, are also to be reckoned with. Tom Phelan, making his first try for King's Plate honors with Flying Arrow, who, if he races to his looks, will be a dangerous competitor.

The following table shows the number of entries for each stake:

King's Plate	37
Stanley Produce Stake	25
Breeders' Stakes	21
Maple Leaf Stakes	17
The King's Plate—50 guineas (the gift of His Majesty), with \$4,000 added by the club; the first horse to receive the guineas, stake and \$2,750; the second \$700, and the third \$300; the breeder of the winner to receive \$250; sweepstakes of \$5, payable at time of entry, \$5 additional, unless declared out by the 8th of May, and \$25 additional	

N. C. Brown's (Whitby) b.g. Millmark, 3, by Millbrook—Princess Edna103
V. C. Campbell's (Burlington) ch.f. Good likeness, 4, by Connorsseur Varacious II117
John Cooper's (Toronto) ch.c. Nim-

ble Shilling, 3, by Harvey—Duplcity108
C. A. Crew's (Toronto) ch.g. Harry Graball, 3, by Wickham—Verna K103
Robt. Davies' (Toronto) ch.g. Capstan, 4, by Kapanga Horse—Andante119
John Dymont's (Barrie) ch.g. Excise, 3, by Annie Boy—Flying Bess103
John Dymont's (Barrie) b.g. Courtown II, 3, by Courtown—Lady Berkley103
Jas. Hurley's (Harden) ch.f. Lorette, 5, by Central Trust—Jessamine Porter II121
J. R. Isbister's (Hamilton) b.c. Major Dalmoor, 3, by Dalmoor—Glessig106
M. LeRoy's ch.f. Alerts, 3, by Wickham—Lassie Lou101
H. J. Maclean's (Toronto) ch.f. Saucy Sally101
H. J. Maclean's (Toronto) ch.f. Brin Dear, 3, by Old Ireland—My Valentine101
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Power Bros' (Toronto) b.c. Stone King, 3, by Kapanga Horse—Primrose Dame106
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J. E. Seagram's (Waterloo) b.c. Semley, 3, by Havoc—Semley106
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J. E. Seagram's (Waterloo) b.c. Millerton, 3, by Miller—Promote106
J. E. Seagram's (Waterloo) b.c. Cecil Rhodes, 3, by Miller—Celadine106
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J. E. Seagram's (Waterloo) b.c.

T. P. Phelan's Speedy Arrow
One of Entries—Tipped Off
as a Good One.

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J. E. Seagram's (Waterloo) ch.f. Mill on the Floss, 3, by Miller—Irish Lass101
Valley Farm Stable's (Hamilton) ch. f. Shimonese, 3, by Martinmas—Lyddite101
Valley Farm Stable's (Hamilton) ch.f. The Little, 2, by Martinmas or Gold Car—Pee Weep101
Valley Farm Stable's (Hamilton) ch.c. Scud, 3, by Gold Car—Splash 106
Valley Farm Stable's (Hamilton) b.c. Kirkfield, 4, by The Commoner—Ogarita122
Valley Farm Stable's (Hamilton) ch.c. Archie White, 3, by Derwent water—Noble106
T. A. Woods' (Toronto) ch.g. Wick-foot, 5, by Wickham—Lady Lightfoot, 3, by (Toronto) b.f. Antrim Maid, 3, by Martinmas—Loustic Blossom101
Woodstock Stable's (Woodstock) b. g. Hillhurst, 6, by Wickham—Queen Galop123
Woodstock Stable's (Woodstock) b. f. Supper Dance, 4, by Morpheus—New Dance117
Woodstock Stable's (Woodstock) ch. f. Truth Teller, 3, by Miller—Veracious101
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A. H. Brenner's (London) ch.c. Gold Bottom, 3, by Wickham—My Maryland106
Jas. McKee's (Kerwood, Ont.) b.c. Two Lips II, 3, by Two Lips—Queen Galop106

WILL BILL DONOVAN REPEAT? BIG QUESTION AMONG TIGERS



"WILD BILL" DONOVAN.

Hot Springs, March 6.—There is one big question in the Tiger camp. The same query is being put to a thousand and one fans every day all over the country:
Will Wild Bill Donovan come back this year and repeat his performance of last season, when he won 25 games and lost but 4? Just what Bill himself thinks about it might be interesting.

"A man has but one season like that in a lifetime," says Willy William. "Luck doesn't break with a fellow all the time, you know. As far as the thing goes I don't think that will figure. If condition alone means anything, I think I'm a blame sight better. I weigh 20 pounds more than I did last season, and feel much better. When I came to Hot Springs last year I had a sore arm and it was not until the season was well on that my arm was really all right. Now I have no pain at all in the 'wing'."

"They say that Young and Dineen and Mathewson and Bender and they made big marks. I can't see the dope."

"Ty Cobb, Sam Crawford, good of Schaefer here, Ross, in fact the whole blame team did as much as I did in winning my games, and if they repeat I guess I'll be able to hold my end up."

And after careful attention to see that he had given credit to everybody, Bill let "that smile" go the limit.

WILLIE HOPPE BREAKS RECORD

Chicago, March 6.—Willie Hoppe last night finished a run which is a new world's record for 18.1 balk line, a record, however, which will not stand, owing to the fact that it was not made in professional play for a stake. Hoppe's compilation was 157 and was made partly in the third and partly in the fourth block of his match with Calvin Demarest at Mussey's. Beginning where he had left off on Wednesday evening, with an unfinished run of \$9, Hoppe last night added 68 to this collection and made his record-smashing total. In reality, Hoppe ran out his 400 points in ten

innings, thus tying Jake Schaefer's 40 average, but technically this is not the case, as only the 68 points gathered in his first inning last night are counted in the one block and it required 11 innings for him to complete his string.

THE TURF.
WINNERS YESTERDAY.

At New Orleans—Injure 20 to 1, Bellwether 3 to 4, E. T. Shipp 7 to 1, Prince Ahmed 6 to 5, Beatrice K. 7 to 1, Royal Onyx 15 to 1, St. Bellane 3 1/2 to 1.
At Oakland—John H. 7 to 1, Little Jane 7 to 2, Cuernavaca 10 to 1, Cigar Lighter 7 to 10, Eudore 21 to 5, Mitre 11 to 5.
At Los Angeles—Billy Mayham 3 to 1, Inclement 7 to 5, Benay 20 to 1, Edwin T. Fryer even, Cotillon 3 to 1, Toiler 15 to 1.

Ty Cobb Returns to His Home To Await Further Developments

Navin Did Not Ask Him to Report—Has Good Offers for Outside Work.

Augusta, Ga., March 6.—Ty Cobb, not having heard from the Detroit Club, leaves Augusta this afternoon for his home in Royston, Ga., where he will remain quietly until something definite is done in the way of giving him a contract for the season. He has several splendid offers for outside work, but will probably await developments before taking final action. President Frank Navin this morn-

ing said that he could not understand Cobb's going to Augusta, to await word from the Detroit Club.
"We did not ask him to report in Augusta," said Navin. "He can go back to Royston just as soon as he wishes. Cobb knows the terms of our contract, which he returned. As soon as he is ready to sign we will be on hand to tell him where to report."
"Really, I do not believe Ty is doing all the foolish things with which the Georgia papers credit him. He is too sensible. The fans down there think Cobb is the greatest man in the country, and they are putting him in a bad light. But if he did go to Augusta expecting us to communicate with him there he took the step on his own responsibility."

CHOOSE A TEAM

In order to stimulate interest in the coming battle between the pick of the City Hockey League and the London, The Advertiser has decided to publish any list of candidates for the picked team that its readers may select.

Of course, there is no certainty that even the best line-up suggested will be the one played, for that matter will be left entirely in the hands of a committee to be picked. However, the fans have their own views on such subjects, and The Advertiser will be glad to publish such suggestions as to the picked team line-up as are sent in up to Tuesday at 10 a.m.

Try a hand at doping them out.
In making these selections name but one line-up, and do not use the names of Bole, Wagner or Orr, who will play with the London.

Court Stella Again Wins the Trophy

The series of games in the A. O. F. Carpet Ball League have all been played, and Court Stella once more wins the trophy presented by H. C. R. Bro. Walter Richards.
This is the second year Court Stella

has won the trophy, and should they win it next year it will become their permanent property.
In this week's games Forest Queen won from P. D. by a score of 38 to 31, and Magnolia defeated Excelsior by a score of 36 to 34.

ABE ATTELL TO FIGHT JOE GANS

Los Angeles, Cal., March 6.—Abe Attell, the featherweight champion, has agreed to fight Joe Gans, at 132 pounds ringside, the lightweight limit. This is the weight at which Gans fought Nelson at Goldfield. Apart from setting the weight limit Attell is very liberal in his terms and will allow Gans to split the purse in any way he desires.
On the evening of the Nelson-Britt fight Joe Gans' manager telegraphed Attell for a match and the latter at once accepted.

THE BASKETBALLERS
Make-Up of Y. M. C. A. Team That Goes to the Hamilton Tourney.

The basketball team from the "Y" which will represent this city in the tournament at Hamilton will leave on the 8 o'clock train Monday morning. There are five entries, two from Hamilton, two from Toronto and the local five.

The winner of the tourney will be entitled to the championship of Western Canada.

London's team will line up as follows: Strauch, Harvey, Brock, Skinner, D. Wood, Moore and Poisson.

IDEALS BREAK ANOTHER RECORD

In their second frame with the St. Thomas bowlers last night, the Ideal team rolled a score of 1,006, which is the highest ever rolled in a match game in Canada. Scott, of the Ideals, had all the honors, with a high score of 237, and high aggregate of 587.
Heron, for the Ideals, had high score with 213, and a high average of 581. The Ideals go to St. Thomas next Friday for a return match.

ROCKEY.

In a fast game of hockey at Simcoe Rink the Rah-Rah boys defeated the Lobo septette, 4-2. Throughout the game the 'Varsity forwards kept the play in Lobo territory, only the good work of Campbell in goal preventing a larger score. For Lobo the Campbell boys and McLeod played a good game, while for 'Varsity Petherstone, Folinsbee and McGuffin starred. The line up:
Lobo: 'Varsity.
W. Campbell.....Goal Wilson
McNeill.....Point McGuffin
Owen.....Cover Tennent
McLeod.....Rover Petherstone
McIntyre.....Center Nixon
W. Campbell.....L. Wing Henderson
Wilson.....R. Wing Folinsbee
Referee—Challoner.

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious itch on human or animals, cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by Callard & McLaughlin. 60-11

GRAND BOWLING TOURNAMENT
FOUR DAYS,
March 23 to 26
Trophies and cash prizes.
The Ideal Bowling & Billiard Parlors
195 KING ST.

THE NATIONAL
Smoke a "NATIONAL SPECIAL."
Best Five-Cent Cigar on the Market.
Come and Try Our BILLIARD TABLES and BOWLING ALLEYS.
SATURDAYS ONLY: All Three for 25c CIGARS will Be Four for 25c.
197-199 Dundas Street
MIKE FOLEY, MANAGER.

Lively Prize Fight on Park Avenue Jack Crawford One of Principals

**Hauled Into Court Today, Both
Were Fined \$2 by
Magistrate.**

One of the most amusing cases that has appeared in the police court for some time came up this morning, when James Saunders and John Crawford, two fine-looking physical specimens, stood side by side to answer to a charge of being disorderly in the street by fighting.

Both men were pugilists of more or less fame, Crawford being an ex-champion.

They pleaded guilty, and laughingly explained that they were the best of friends, but that having been drinking together last night, they got into an argument as to whether England or Canada had the best pugilist.

Not Excited.

Both men stuck to their opinion, and Saunders, who is an Englishman,

became very much excited. In order to demonstrate that England had superior fighting material, he challenged Crawford to a friendly bout right on Park avenue.

The friends of both men were delighted at the exhibition of skill shown by the fighters and formed a ring for them to fight in and urged them on.

For about ten minutes there was a fierce fight, and then the police arrived and took both men to the station.

Both men were bailed by their friends and went away to look after their injuries.

The Casualties.

Crawford had a big black eye when he appeared in court this morning, but neither appeared to be at all angry at the other for the injury done.

Magistrate Love explained that such conduct could not be allowed on the street and imposed a fine of \$2 on each of the combatants.

A Tent for the Tubercular Patients

Believing that delay in removal of patients to a distant sanatorium is so great that chances of recovery are lessened, Mrs. T. C. Duncan has erected a tent from Turner Bros., of Peterborough, which will be set up and to which waiting patients may be removed.

This is a tent within a tent, as com-

fortable as any dwelling, with the advantage of perfect ventilation. These tents cost one hundred dollars, and are declared superior to more expensive buildings. Necessary detail will be worked out as opportunity offers. Another tent will be purchased for incurable cases that should be removed from the homes.

Rev. Dr. Tucker Lectures on China

The third of the series of lectures on China, being given at Huron College, by Rev. Dr. Tucker, was largely attended last night, when the speaker took for his subject, "Missionary Work in China."

Dr. Tucker gave a graphic account of the difficulties which the new missionary experiences in learning the Chinese language and writing, especially the latter. The Chinese alphabet consists of thousands of characters, all of which must be learned before any progress can be made.

Chinese superstition is a great barrier at first, and the missionary often finds considerable trouble in getting acquainted with those among whom he works.

Only by going among them in their work and on the streets and markets does he become familiar to them, and is gradually tolerated.

Are Peculiar.

The Chinese will not enter a white

man's home for a long time, but cluster around his doors or windows and listen while he preaches.

It takes a long time before they have sufficient confidence to enter.

One of the greatest drawbacks to Christianizing the people is their contempt for their women, and the influence for good which every mother should be able to wield over her children is entirely lost in China.

Much good in that direction is being done by the women missionaries, who are working to elevate the native women, and are meeting with no little success.

Once converted, both the Chinese men and women work very hard in disseminating the gospel.

Dr. Tucker spoke most hopefully of the future and of the good results that will follow the establishment of theological schools for the training of native students.

Pleasant Time in South London Club

A very pleasant time was spent in the South London Liberal Club last evening when a literary programme, of more than usual excellence was given.

There was a good attendance of the members, and all were highly pleased with the entertainment.

Mr. U. A. Buchner delivered a very instructive address on the rebellion of 1837.

Addresses were also given by Ald. Armstrong, Ald. Gerry and others. Music was furnished by Mr. McCaffrey with a Victor phonograph.

The regular whist evening of the club will be held next Friday evening in the club rooms. It is expected that a return visit of the Central Club whistlers will be paid on that occasion.

Will the Clark Bill Go Through? Live Subject About Courthouse

The Clark bill, now before the Provincial Legislature at Toronto, is creating much discussion around the local courthouse.

The object of the bill is to give mayors of towns a seat in the county councils instead of the reeves and deputy reeves of townships and villages, but local opinion is given in the matter. The change is to be brought about by a resolution of the councils of the majority of local municipalities, which make up the county.

The same must be verified by the county clerk and advertised before October 15 in order to permit it to go into effect the following year. Another clause is designed to curb extravagance.

In all cases where more than \$1,000 is to be voted for other than current expenses it must be supported by a majority representing the majority of the value of the assessments, instead of a mere majority of members, as in other matters. At present one township may be twice as wealthy as another, but it carried no extra weight in the matter of expenditures. The men who pay will have the say under the Clark bill.

No Benefit.

Acting County Clerk Jackson, who is taking the place of Captain Thomas Robson, while the latter is away in Portland, Oregon, on business, stated that he could see no benefit to be derived from the bill.

sanction the sending of one representative, the mayor, when they can send more, as at present."

County Treasurer McEvoy liked the bill for one reason: it gave the people an opportunity of voicing their opinions. "The mayor of a town will never be sent to the county council when it is possible to send a reeve and one or more deputy reeves, though," he added.

At the last session of the Middlesex County Council there were twenty-one municipalities represented. Of these fifteen were represented by reeves. Five had a reeve and deputy reeve present, while one, London Township, was represented by a reeve and two deputy reeves.

The statutes under which the present county council is working read as follows:

1. Every town not separated from the county for municipal purposes and every township and village shall be represented in the county council by the reeve of such town, township or village, and, in addition to the reeve, or deputy reeve, as follows:

(a) If the municipality had the number of votes more than 1,000 and not more than 2,000 persons on the last revised voters' list of the municipality, as qualified to vote at municipal elections, then by a first deputy reeve.

(b) If the municipality had more than 2,000 and less than 3,000 then by a first deputy reeve and a second deputy reeve.

(c) If there were 3,000 names, then by a first, second, and third deputy reeve.

Good Move To Sell Asylum Property

"I think the request of the London Township Council that the Ontario Government sell the west portion of the Asylum farm is a good move," said a prominent manufacturer this morning.

"The city is growing rapidly to the east, and that piece of property will prevent the proper development of the

city in that direction unless it is sold very soon.

"The Government could buy twice the land at the rear of the Asylum for the sum it would get out of this property."

"It would be much more suitable to the Asylum. I hope the Government does sell it."

Indoor Baseball in the Armories

Captain McElmiron, of the Seventh Regiment, today received a telegram from Windsor saying that the indoor baseball team from that place would arrive here this evening at 5 o'clock, accompanied by a large crowd of rooters.

Victory in the contest between the

visitors and the Seventh Regiment team tonight at the Armories means much for the winner next week meets Toronto, winner of the eastern district, for the championship of the military league.

It is expected that the Armories will be well-filled tonight when the rival teams come together.

Local Items

—Rev. D. E. Martin, pastor of the Hyatt Avenue Methodist Church, has asked the congregation to send in letters on the subject, "Things I Would Avoid, if I Had a Life to Live Over Again." These letters will form the basis of tomorrow evening's sermon.

—The choir of the First Methodist Church will render special music at the evening service tomorrow. The numbers are all compositions of Gould, and will consist of solos by Miss Beatrice Hunt and Miss Lillian Fowler, and the following anthems by the choir: "Send Out the Light," "Gallia," "Come Near the Cross," and "Unfold, Ye Portals." Mr. Jordan will be at the organ at twenty minutes to 7.

—Rev. Parley Womer, recently of Danford Congregational Church, Syracuse, N. Y., will occupy the pulpit of New St. James' Presbyterian Church tomorrow morning. Mr. Womer is spending a few days here with friends prior to his departure for St. Paul, Minn., where he has accepted the pastorate of Park Congregational Church of that city.

Meeting Called.

A meeting of the creditors of David Sida, drygoods merchant, has been called for March 12.

School Days.

Mr. W. D. Eckardt will read a paper on the early school days of London at the next meeting of the Historical Society.

Sprained His Ankle.

While taking part in a dance at Delaware last night, Mr. David Hay, of that place, slipped and sprained his ankle.

Choosing Candidates.

The East Middlesex Conservative Association is meeting this afternoon to choose candidates for both Houses of Parliament.

Lodge British Oak.

A concert and supper will be given in Cullis Hall, Wednesday, March 11, by Lodge British Oak, S. O. E. A big time is expected.

A Building Permit.

A permit was issued by the city engineer's department today to Mr. W. A. Davey, 101 Tecumseh avenue, to erect a bakery with two ovens.

Death of Mrs. Mohr.

Mrs. Alice Mohr, wife of Mr. Archie Mohr, passed away this morning at the family residence, 596 York street. Announcement of the date of the funeral will be made later.

Dr. Seath Here.

Dr. Seath, provincial inspector, spent Wednesday and Thursday in this city making an inspection of the classes at the Normal School.

May Go to Detroit.

In all probability the Ideal and National bowlers of this city will take in the tournaments in Detroit next month, and Buffalo in May.

Auditorium Tonight.

Shunagavi, the magician, appears tonight at the Auditorium course concert. He is a magician of excellent reputation, and all who attend should enjoy a pleasant evening. The regular course prices will be charged 15 and 35 cents.

Bible Society Convention.

The members of the Canadian Bible Society will hold a convention in the Auditorium on Thursday, March 12, when the speakers will be Rev. W. B. Cooper, M. A., Bishop Williams, and Rev. E. J. B. Sauter. Mayor Stevely will be present and receive the delegates.

A Smoking Concert.

A smoking concert will be held by the London Bowling Club in the Duffield Hall immediately after the annual meeting held Friday night. The merry lawn bowlers are getting the fever, and the voice of the trundler on the premises will be heard. The affair promises to be a great success.

Death of Mrs. J. Heaman, Jun.

News comes from Toronto of the death in that city, on Thursday, March 6th, of Mrs. Mary Ann, wife of Mr. John Heaman, jun. Deceased was the daughter-in-law of Mr. John Heaman, of this city. The funeral was arranged to take place today at St. James' Cemetery, Toronto.

Literary Landmarks of Canada.

The Toronto Globe today publishes a cut of No. 64 Elmwood avenue, London, and says: Boyhood home of Arthur Stringer, London, Ont. Here, at 64 Elmwood avenue, Mr. Stringer wrote his first poem, "Indian Summer," published in a college monthly called "Chips," of which he was the boy-editor. Mr. Stringer lived here from his eleventh year until he entered journalism in Montreal in 1901.

Coldstream Women's Institute.

A regular meeting of the Coldstream Women's Institute will be held at the Friends' meeting-house, Thursday, after tomorrow, March 10. An interesting programme is expected on the following subjects: "Preparation for Early Flower Culture," "The Selection and Care of Table Linen," "Pretty Gifts for Easter" (with samples), "Rising Above Our Everyday Difficulties," and a general talk on "Incubators." All ladies cordially invited to be present.

MR. BROWN RETURNS

Mervious Transformation Has Been Effected in San Francisco.

Mr. Albert Brown, of this city, has just returned from a trip to San Francisco.

"The city is transformed," he said to The Advertiser today. "The change is marvelous. Hardly any marks of the earthquake and fire remain. The buildings are splendid specimens of architecture."

"Money is growing more plentiful, and business conditions are improving."

"The orange crop has been a failure, and as a result the fruit there is very dear."

THE LATE MRS. GRAHAM

Remains Were Interred Wednesday in Komoka Cemetery.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Matthew Graham, one of Komoka's oldest and most respected citizens, took place at the Komoka cemetery on Wednesday.

Services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Nixon.

The pall bearers were Messrs. Wm. Robinson, Waugh, Campbell, Graham, Smith and Ryan.

Mrs. Graham has been an invalid for the past seven years. She is survived by three children, one son and two daughters, all at home.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

HELLMUTH AVENUE—TWO-STORY and a half red pressed brick, cement block foundation, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, reception hall, dining-room, kitchen, cellar under all of house, all modern conveniences, veranda, laundry, etc., lot 42x147 feet. A nice home. Call for particulars, Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple.

Cold Weather Comes To the Rescue

The colder weather last evening improved conditions very much on the streets, and today there are few complaints registered at the city engineer's office regarding flooded cellars.

The board of works has a large force of men at work opening drains

and gutters, and as a result the streets are comparatively free from water this morning.

The street railway has not taken any steps to take the snow away, and so far the engineer's department has done nothing to compel the company to do so.

Official Visit of Bro. E. E. C. Kilmer

The first official visit of Bro. E. E. C. Kilmer, Aylmer, D. D. G. M., to St. John's Lodge, No. 2094, A. F. and A. M., was paid last evening.

There was a very large attendance of the members of the lodge.

After the third degree had been conferred, an informal banquet was tendered to Bro. Kilmer, and a most enjoyable time was spent.

The Toast List.

Bro. J. H. Wilson, W. M., presided. The toast to the "Grand Lodge," was proposed by the chairman, and was responded to by Bro. Kilmer, D. D. G. M.; O'Neill, Thamesford, P. D. D. G. M., and J. A. Smith, of this city.

Big Banquet.

The toast to "Our Visitors" was responded to by Bro. U. A. Buchner, who announced the banquet of the Past Masters' Association to be held March 17.

Most Worshipful Grand Master Freed, of Hamilton, would be in attendance and the affair would be a splendid success.

Solos were rendered most effectively by Bros. E. S. Crawford, A. Johnston and Eldon Westman.

The accompanists were Bros. Jordan and Taylor.

Several past masters from other lodges were present.

Chatham Body Not That of Bartlett

Chief Williams received a letter this morning from Chief of Police Holmes, of Chatham, stating that he did not think the body of the man found near Bloomfield some time ago is that of Harry Bartlett, who has been missing from this city for some months.

Bartlett is a man of about 160 pounds weight, 5 feet 7 inches tall, and has dark brown hair.

The man found is much smaller, weighing only about 125 pounds, with dark hair, and only about 5 feet 3 inches high. Chief Holmes sent pictures of the man found, and there is little similarity between them and the photo of Bartlett, which was sent from England and appeared in The Advertiser recently.

POPULAR LONDONER HAS PASSED AWAY

Mr. Campbell Carmichael Dies After a Lingering Illness.

Mr. Campbell Carmichael, one of the best known and most popular young men of London, died this morning after a long illness at the home of his mother, Mrs. Margaret Carmichael, 43 Askin street.

Mr. Carmichael was in his 24th year and widely known, having been prominently connected with the local football team. He was also a sergeant in "D" Company of the Seventh Regiment, and accountant in the People's Building and Loan Company.

Last fall, owing to ill-health he visited Saskatoon in the hope that he might be improved.

Later he moved to Washington, but some time ago returned to this city.

Mr. Carmichael was a graduate of the London Collegiate Institute, and held the junior championship for a couple of years.

He was a popular member of the Hermitage Club.

Besides his mother he is survived by one brother, Mr. D. A. Carmichael, of this city, and two sisters, Mrs. Alex Stuart, of Manitoba, and Mrs. William Hodgins, of this city. The funeral will be held on Monday afternoon at Ivan Cemetery.

TECUMSEH WHIST

First Prize Went to the North and South Last Night.

The open match of the Tecumseh Whist Club was held last night, the attendance being large.

In the Mitchell compass game, first prize went to the North and South, Graydon and Wilson, with a score of plus 8.

Shea and Goodwin, East and West, were next with plus 2.

HAD 'SPLENDID TIME AT MASONIC BALL

Londoners Royally Entertained by the Damascus Commandery.

Most Eminent Supreme Grand Master A. A. Campbell, of the Sovereign Grand Priory of Canada, was the special guest of honor at the splendid ball of the Damascus Commandery, Detroit, this week. Right Eminent Knight Sir Charles McGuire, with his staff, was fourth guest of honor. The Londoners report a splendid time.

There were 1,200 knights and ladies at the grand ball in the evening, at which nearly all the prominent military men of Detroit, and the state of Michigan were present.

The Canadians were royally entertained.

"We had a splendid time," said Major Campbell this morning. "Detroit is one of the finest cities I was ever in, from a Masonic standpoint especially, and they entertained us handsomely."

THE LATE MRS. GRAHAM

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The pall bearers were Messrs. Wm. Robinson, Waugh, Campbell, Graham, Smith and Ryan.

Mrs. Graham has been an invalid for the past seven years. She is survived by three children, one son and two daughters, all at home.

WRECK ON BURLINGTON 19 PERSONS INJURED

Kansas City, Mo., March 7.—A Burlington passenger train, which left Chicago at 7:30 this morning for Kansas City at 7:30 this morning for Kansas City, Mo., 25 miles north of Kansas City. Several cars are said to have turned over and 19 persons are reported injured.

The wrecked train is a heavy one. A wrecking and relief train went to the scene from Kansas City. The railway officials here were unable to give any early details of the wreck.

LATEST STOCK MARKET REPORTS

H. C. Becker, stockbroker, received the following by private wire from Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington, today:

New York, March 7.—The Berlin bank rate was reduced, and this is good news. The Knickerbocker Trust is to resume and this news may be put in the same category, for it had a decided effect on sentiment among the short interest. The U. P. decrease in earnings for seven months is equal to about 1.2 per cent on its common, which had a divisible surplus last year of 7.56 per cent. The anthracite coal trade is dull, collieries are closing down two days a week, but supplies have been accumulating recently in very large volume. It is an uncertain quantity as to what the soft coal miners will do after April 1st. The bank statement comes out after 12 o'clock, and should show up well within its increase. It is not having the influence on sentiment that it did a few days ago, neither is prospective legislation at Albany. Governor Hughes' quibbling about the railways is less speculative and more investment propositions, and that speculation will concentrate itself in the industrial list. It does just this in England under the same conditions. There is no great incentive today in America to buy a railroad over night. If you knew you have got to divide control with state and federal commissions next day. The stock market was decidedly strong. Penna. Steel, U. P. P. & H. H. & R. and Reading all showed vigorous short covering. The Western Maryland and any other events of a similar nature yet to come have been forgotten and were not noticed. The bond market should do better shortly.

NEW YORK.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

Open. High. Low. Close.
Amalgamated Copper 104 104 104 104
American Sugar 11 11 11 11
Amer. Locomotive 24 24 24 24
Amer. Foundry 29 29 29 29
Amer. Refining 62 62 62 62
Amer. Cotton Oil 27 27 27 27
Baltimore & Ohio 27 27 27 27
Brooklyn Transit 40 40 40 40
Chicago & N. W. 17 17 17 17
Col. Fuel & Ice 14 14 14 14
Distillers 23 23 23 23
Erie, con. P. W. 12 12 12 12
Erie, pfd. 12 12 12 12
Illinois Central 12 12 12 12
Inter-Metropolitan 7 7 7 7
Kans. & Texas 19 19 19 19
Louisville & Nash. 9 9 9 9
Missouri Pacific 17 17 17 17
New York Central 95 95 95 95
Norfolk & Western 12 12 12 12
National Lead 48 48 48 48
Ontario & Western 39 39 39 39
Pennsylvania 114 114 114 114
People's Gas 8 8 8 8
Pressed Steel Car 24 24 24 24
Reading 92 92 92 92
Rock Island 10 10 10 10
Southern Railway 30 30 30 30
Southern Ry. pfd. 24 24 24 24
Southern Pacific 62 62 62 62
St. Paul 115 115 115 115
Twin City 82 82 82 82
Union Pacific 114 114 114 114
U. S. Steel 29 29 29 29
U. S. Steel pfd. 35 35 35 35
Wabash, con. 7 7 7 7
Western Union Tel. 42 42 42 42

Have You Used

Preparations for the hands and face that leave a greasy feeling after the application? It's very disagreeable.

Balm-Zoin

Is entirely free from that sticky effect, and can be used at any time without inconvenience.

Strong's Drug Store

Dispensing Chemist,
184 DUNDAS STREET.

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

Strong's Drug Store

TORONTO, March 7.

Bell Telephone 124
Canada General 91
Canadian Pacific 146
City Dairy, pfd. 80
Consumers' Gas 190
Detroit United 32 1/2
Dominion Coal 32 1/2
Dominion Steel 15 1/2
Dominion Telegraph 100
Illinois Traction 81
Lake of the Woods 76
Mackay, pfd. 67
Mackay, pfd. 67
Mexican 212 1/2
M. St. P. and S. 103
Niagara Navigation 108
Niagara St. C. and T. 75
Nipissing 7 1/2

SMALL MARKET
FOR SATURDAY

LOCAL MARKET.

London, Saturday, March 7.
The soft weather of yesterday affected the country roads to such an extent that the farmers who came to the market could only get over the roads with light loads; hence the small supply of oats today. The market, though smaller than usual for a Saturday, was a brisk one, as all the produce offered was soon sold, and prices were firm. The farmers will shortly be engaged in collecting sap for maple syrup and sugar. There promises to be a good demand, and, of course, the supply depends on the weather. The Traction Company brought in a big crowd of farmers, as also all the C. R. and C. P. R., which considerably augmented the attendance.

Grain—Oats were scarce and higher in price, at \$1.54 to \$1.60; a small lot of clover hay sold at \$1.25 per bu. (Butter and Eggs—It seemed as if every buyer who attended the market today was bent on purchasing butter, and as there has been a light supply of late, there was a good demand and prices were higher, as none were offered at less than 30c, and some went at 31c and 32c for choice round rolls; most of the sales were made at 30c. Eggs were dull, at 20c per dozen wholesale.

Vegetables and Roots—Potatoes were scarce and prices higher, at 50c and \$1 per bag; it was stated that they were paying 9c per lb. for the best. Onions, parsnips sold at 50c per bu.; beets, 50c to 60c; carrots, 40c; radishes, 50c per bu.; green onions, 40c per dozen; lettuce, 30c to 40c; rhubarb is scarce, at \$1 per doz. cabbages, 40c to \$1.25 per dozen; parsnips, 40c per dozen; cabbages higher, at 50c per dozen; radishes, 40c per dozen.

Poultry—Turkeys sold at 10c to 12c per lb.; chickens, 10c to 12c for dressed and 11c for the live; old fowls, 10c to 12c for dressed and 11c for the live; the demand was brisk.

Dressed Hogs—Prices were steady, at \$7 and \$7.25 per cwt; the demand was fair.

Live Hogs—Prices for Monday will be 50c per cwt for select and \$3.75 for fat sows; no small pigs offered today.

Apples—A big supply in this line, and sales were slow at 40c to 50c per bag and \$1.25 to \$2 per barrel.

Butcher's Meats—Lard sold at \$6 to \$6.50 per cwt; veal, \$8 to \$9; lamb, 10c to 12c per lb.; mutton, \$8 to \$9 per cwt.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.
CHICAGO, March 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; steady; beef, \$10 to \$11; hogs, \$6 to \$7; sheep, \$4 to \$5; calves, \$3 to \$4; western, \$4 to \$5; hogs, \$6 to \$7; sheep, \$4 to \$5; calves, \$3 to \$4; western, \$4 to \$5.

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DAIRY MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 6.—Butter—Steady; creameries, 22c to 23c; dairies, 20c to 21c. Cheese—Steady, 13c to 14c.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Butter—Weak; receipts, 3,937 packages; creamery specials, 20c; extras, 20c to 21c; thirds to firsts, 22c to 23c; held, thirds to special, 24c to 25c; state dairy, common to fair, 20c to 21c; process, seconds to special, 22c to 23c; western, held, 22c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22c to 23c.

Cheese—Firm and unchanged; receipts, 158 boxes.

SUGAR MARKET.
NEW YORK, March 6.—Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 3.30c; centrifugal, 3.50c; 3.50c; molasses sugar, 3.14c; refined steady; No. 6, \$4.40; No. 7, \$4.35; No. 8, \$4.30; No. 9, \$4.25; No. 10, \$4.20; No. 11, \$4.15; No. 12, \$4.10; No. 13, \$4.05; No. 14, \$4.00; No. 15, \$3.95; No. 16, \$3.90; No. 17, \$3.85; No. 18, \$3.80; No. 19, \$3.75; No. 20, \$3.70; No. 21, \$3.65; No. 22, \$3.60; No. 23, \$3.55; No. 24, \$3.50; No. 25, \$3.45; No. 26, \$3.40; No. 27, \$3.35; No. 28, \$3.30; No. 29, \$3.25; No. 30, \$3.20; No. 31, \$3.15; No. 32, \$3.10; No. 33, \$3.05; No. 34, \$3.00; No. 35, \$2.95; No. 36, \$2.90; No. 37, \$2.85; No. 38, \$2.80; No. 39, \$2.75; No. 40, \$2.70; No. 41, \$2.65; No. 42, \$2.60; No. 43, \$2.55; No. 44, \$2.50; No. 45, \$2.45; No. 46, \$2.40; No. 47, \$2.35; No. 48, \$2.30; No. 49, \$2.25; No. 50, \$2.20; No. 51, \$2.15; No. 52, \$2.10; No. 53, \$2.05; No. 54, \$2.00; No. 55, \$1.95; No. 56, \$1.90; No. 57, \$1.85; No. 58, \$1.80; No. 59, \$1.75; No. 60, \$1.70; No. 61, \$1.65; No. 62, \$1.60; No. 63, \$1.55; No. 64, \$1.50; No. 65, \$1.45; No. 66, \$1.40; No. 67, \$1.35; No. 68, \$1.30; No. 69, \$1.25; No. 70, \$1.20; No. 71, \$1.15; No. 72, \$1.10; No. 73, \$1.05; No. 74, \$1.00; No. 75, \$0.95; No. 76, \$0.90; No. 77, \$0.85; No. 78, \$0.80; No. 79, \$0.75; No. 80, \$0.70; No. 81, \$0.65; No. 82, \$0.60; No. 83, \$0.55; No. 84, \$0.50; No. 85, \$0.45; No. 86, \$0.40; No. 87, \$0.35; No. 88, \$0.30; No. 89, \$0.25; No. 90, \$0.20; No. 91, \$0.15; No. 92, \$0.10; No. 93, \$0.05; No. 94, \$0.00; No. 95, \$0.00; No. 96, \$0.00; No. 97, \$0.00; No. 98, \$0.00; No. 99, \$0.00; No. 100, \$0.00.

LONDON, March 6.—Raw Sugar—Centrifugal, 10s 3d; Muscovado, 10s 3d; best sugar, March, 10s 3d.

TORONTO, March 6.—Sugar—Firm; Montreal, 10s 3d; Toronto, 10s 3d; best sugar, March, 10s 3d.

PRODUCE MARKET.
TORONTO, March 6.—Ontario wheat prices are, if anything, heavier at the close of the week. Millers are said to be taking very little wheat in the doing in feed wheat. Prices are:

Wheat—No. 1 northern, \$1.25; No. 2 northern, \$1.20; No. 3 northern, \$1.15; No. 4 northern, \$1.10; No. 5 northern, \$1.05; No. 6 northern, \$1.00; No. 7 northern, \$0.95; No. 8 northern, \$0.90; No. 9 northern, \$0.85; No. 10 northern, \$0.80; No. 11 northern, \$0.75; No. 12 northern, \$0.70; No. 13 northern, \$0.65; No. 14 northern, \$0.60; No. 15 northern, \$0.55; No. 16 northern, \$0.50; No. 17 northern, \$0.45; No. 18 northern, \$0.40; No. 19 northern, \$0.35; No. 20 northern, \$0.30; No. 21 northern, \$0.25; No. 22 northern, \$0.20; No. 23 northern, \$0.15; No. 24 northern, \$0.10; No. 25 northern, \$0.05; No. 26 northern, \$0.00; No. 27 northern, \$0.00; No. 28 northern, \$0.00; No. 29 northern, \$0.00; No. 30 northern, \$0.00; No. 31 northern, \$0.00; No. 32 northern, \$0.00; No. 33 northern, \$0.00; No. 34 northern, \$0.00; No. 35 northern, \$0.00; No. 36 northern, \$0.00; No. 37 northern, \$0.00; No. 38 northern, \$0.00; No. 39 northern, \$0.00; No. 40 northern, \$0.00; No. 41 northern, \$0.00; No. 42 northern, \$0.00; No. 43 northern, \$0.00; No. 44 northern, \$0.00; No. 45 northern, \$0.00; No. 46 northern, \$0.00; No. 47 northern, \$0.00; No. 48 northern, \$0.00; No. 49 northern, \$0.00; No. 50 northern, \$0.00; No. 51 northern, \$0.00; No. 52 northern, \$0.00; No. 53 northern, \$0.00; No. 54 northern, \$0.00; No. 55 northern, \$0.00; No. 56 northern, \$0.00; No. 57 northern, \$0.00; No. 58 northern, \$0.00; No. 59 northern, \$0.00; No. 60 northern, \$0.00; No. 61 northern, \$0.00; No. 62 northern, \$0.00; No. 63 northern, \$0.00; No. 64 northern, \$0.00; No. 65 northern, \$0.00; No. 66 northern, \$0.00; No. 67 northern, \$0.00; No. 68 northern, \$0.00; No. 69 northern, \$0.00; No. 70 northern, \$0.00; No. 71 northern, \$0.00; No. 72 northern, \$0.00; No. 73 northern, \$0.00; No. 74 northern, \$0.00; No. 75 northern, \$0.00; No. 76 northern, \$0.00; No. 77 northern, \$0.00; No. 78 northern, \$0.00; No. 79 northern, \$0.00; No. 80 northern, \$0.00; No. 81 northern, \$0.00; No. 82 northern, \$0.00; No. 83 northern, \$0.00; No. 84 northern, \$0.00; No. 85 northern, \$0.00; No. 86 northern, \$0.00; No. 87 northern, \$0.00; No. 88 northern, \$0.00; No. 89 northern, \$0.00; No. 90 northern, \$0.00; No. 91 northern, \$0.00; No. 92 northern, \$0.00; No. 93 northern, \$0.00; No. 94 northern, \$0.00; No. 95 northern, \$0.00; No. 96 northern, \$0.00; No. 97 northern, \$0.00; No. 98 northern, \$0.00; No. 99 northern, \$0.00; No. 100 northern, \$0.00.

Barley—No. 1, \$1.10; No. 2, \$1.05; No. 3, \$1.00; No. 4, \$0.95; No. 5, \$0.90; No. 6, \$0.85; No. 7, \$0.80; No. 8, \$0.75; No. 9, \$0.70; No. 10, \$0.65; No. 11, \$0.60; No. 12, \$0.55; No. 13, \$0.50; No. 14, \$0.45; No. 15, \$0.40; No. 16, \$0.35; No. 17, \$0.30; No. 18, \$0.25; No. 19, \$0.20; No. 20, \$0.15; No. 21, \$0.10; No. 22, \$0.05; No. 23, \$0.00; No. 24, \$0.00; No. 25, \$0.00; No. 26, \$0.00; No. 27, \$0.00; No. 28, \$0.00; No. 29, \$0.00; No. 30, \$0.00; No. 31, \$0.00; No. 32, \$0.00; No. 33, \$0.00; No. 34, \$0.00; No. 35, \$0.00; No. 36, \$0.00; No. 37, \$0.00; No. 38, \$0.00; No. 39, \$0.00; No. 40, \$0.00; No. 41, \$0.00; No. 42, \$0.00; No. 43, \$0.00; No. 44, \$0.00; No. 45, \$0.00; No. 46, \$0.00; No. 47, \$0.00; No. 48, \$0.00; No. 49, \$0.00; No. 50, \$0.00; No. 51, \$0.00; No. 52, \$0.00; No. 53, \$0.00; No. 54, \$0.00; No. 55, \$0.00; No. 56, \$0.00; No. 57, \$0.00; No. 58, \$0.00; No. 59, \$0.00; No. 60, \$0.00; No. 61, \$0.00; No. 62, \$0.00; No. 63, \$0.00; No. 64, \$0.00; No. 65, \$0.00; No. 66, \$0.00; No. 67, \$0.00; No. 68, \$0.00; No. 69, \$0.00; No. 70, \$0.00; No. 71, \$0.00; No. 72, \$0.00; No. 73, \$0.00; No. 74, \$0.00; No. 75, \$0.00; No. 76, \$0.00; No. 77, \$0.00; No. 78, \$0.00; No. 79, \$0.00; No. 80, \$0.00; No. 81, \$0.00; No. 82, \$0.00; No. 83, \$0.00; No. 84, \$0.00; No. 85, \$0.00; No. 86, \$0.00; No. 87, \$0.00; No. 88, \$0.00; No. 89, \$0.00; No. 90, \$0.00; No. 91, \$0.00; No. 92, \$0.00; No. 93, \$0.00; No. 94, \$0.00; No. 95, \$0.00; No. 96, \$0.00; No. 97, \$0.00; No. 98, \$0.00; No. 99, \$0.00; No. 100, \$0.00.

Oats—No. 1, \$1.00; No. 2, \$0.95; No. 3, \$0.90; No. 4, \$0.85; No. 5, \$0.80; No. 6, \$0.75; No. 7, \$0.70; No. 8, \$0.65; No. 9, \$0.60; No. 10, \$0.55; No. 11, \$0.50; No. 12, \$0.45; No. 13, \$0.40; No. 14, \$0.35; No. 15, \$0.30; No. 16, \$0.25; No. 17, \$0.20; No. 18, \$0.15; No. 19, \$0.10; No. 20, \$0.05; No. 21, \$0.00; No. 22, \$0.00; No. 23, \$0.00; No. 24, \$0.00; No. 25, \$0.00; No. 26, \$0.00; No. 27, \$0.00; No. 28, \$0.00; No. 29, \$0.00; No. 30, \$0.00; No. 31, \$0.00; No. 32, \$0.00; No. 33, \$0.00; No. 34, \$0.00; No. 35, \$0.00; No. 36, \$0.00; No. 37, \$0.00; No. 38, \$0.00; No. 39, \$0.00; No. 40, \$0.00; No. 41, \$0.00; No. 42, \$0.00; No. 43, \$0.00; No. 44, \$0.00; No. 45, \$0.00; No. 46, \$0.00; No. 47, \$0.00; No. 48, \$0.00; No. 49, \$0.00; No. 50, \$0.00; No. 51, \$0.00; No. 52, \$0.00; No. 53, \$0.00; No. 54, \$0.00; No. 55, \$0.00; No. 56, \$0.00; No. 57, \$0.00; No. 58, \$0.00; No. 59, \$0.00; No. 60, \$0.00; No. 61, \$0.00; No. 62, \$0.00; No. 63, \$0.00; No. 64, \$0.00; No. 65, \$0.00; No. 66, \$0.00; No. 67, \$0.00; No. 68, \$0.00; No. 69, \$0.00; No. 70, \$0.00; No. 71, \$0.00; No. 72, \$0.00; No. 73, \$0.00; No. 74, \$0.00; No. 75, \$0.00; No. 76, \$0.00; No. 77, \$0.00; No. 78, \$0.00; No. 79, \$0.00; No. 80, \$0.00; No. 81, \$0.00; No. 82, \$0.00; No. 83, \$0.00; No. 84, \$0.00; No. 85, \$0.00; No. 86, \$0.00; No. 87, \$0.00; No. 88, \$0.00; No. 89, \$0.00; No. 90, \$0.00; No. 91, \$0.00; No. 92, \$0.00; No. 93, \$0.00; No. 94, \$0.00; No. 95, \$0.00; No. 96, \$0.00; No. 97, \$0.00; No. 98, \$0.00; No. 99, \$0.00; No. 100, \$0.00.

Flour—Manitoba patents, special brand, \$1.25; No. 1, \$1.20; No. 2, \$1.15; No. 3, \$1.10; No. 4, \$1.05; No. 5, \$1.00; No. 6, \$0.95; No. 7, \$0.90; No. 8, \$0.85; No. 9, \$0.80; No. 10, \$0.75; No. 11, \$0.70; No. 12, \$0.65; No. 13, \$0.60; No. 14, \$0.55; No. 15, \$0.50; No. 16, \$0.45; No. 17, \$0.40; No. 18, \$0.35; No. 19, \$0.30; No. 20, \$0.25; No. 21, \$0.20; No. 22, \$0.15; No. 23, \$0.10; No. 24, \$0.05; No. 25, \$0.00; No. 26, \$0.00; No. 27, \$0.00; No. 28, \$0.00; No. 29, \$0.00; No. 30, \$0.00; No. 31, \$0.00; No. 32, \$0.00; No. 33, \$0.00; No. 34, \$0.00; No. 35, \$0.00; No. 36, \$0.00; No. 37, \$0.00; No. 38, \$0.00; No. 39, \$0.00; No. 40, \$0.00; No. 41, \$0.00; No. 42, \$0.00; No. 43, \$0.00; No. 44, \$0.00; No. 45, \$0.00; No. 46, \$0.00; No. 47, \$0.00; No. 48, \$0.00; No. 49, \$0.00; No. 50, \$0.00; No. 51, \$0.00; No. 52, \$0.00; No. 53, \$0.00; No. 54, \$0.00; No. 55, \$0.00; No. 56, \$0.00; No. 57, \$0.00; No. 58, \$0.00; No. 59, \$0.00; No. 60, \$0.00; No. 61, \$0.00; No. 62, \$0.00; No. 63, \$0.00; No. 64, \$0.00; No. 65, \$0.00; No. 66, \$0.00; No. 67, \$0.00; No. 68, \$0.00; No. 69, \$0.00; No. 70, \$0.00; No. 71, \$0.00; No. 72, \$0.00; No. 73, \$0.00; No. 74, \$0.00; No. 75, \$0.00; No. 76, \$0.00; No. 77, \$0.00; No. 78, \$0.00; No. 79, \$0.00; No. 80, \$0.00; No. 81, \$0.00; No. 82, \$0.00; No. 83, \$0.00; No. 84, \$0.00; No. 85, \$0.00; No. 86, \$0.00; No. 87, \$0.00; No. 88, \$0.00; No. 89, \$0.00; No. 90, \$0.00; No. 91, \$0.00; No. 92, \$0.00; No. 93, \$0.00; No. 94, \$0.00; No. 95, \$0.00; No. 96, \$0.00; No. 97, \$0.00; No. 98, \$0.00; No. 99, \$0.00; No. 100, \$0.00.

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THE J. W. WESTERVELT
LONDON, ONT.
Specializes along the lines of Book-keeping, Penmanship, Rapid Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Correspondence, Business Paper, Business Practice, Spelling, Shorthand and Touch Typewriting. Catalogue free.
Spring term opens April 1.
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Men's Ordered Suits and Overcoats
Made to Your Measure
O. Labelle
Merchant Tailor.
220 DUNDAS STREET.

Rebuilt Typewriters

Remingtons, Smith Premier, Monarchs, L. C. Smith and all other makes, to be cleared out. No reasonable offer refused.

United Typewriter Co.

441 RICHMOND STREET.

FERGUSON & SONS

Funeral Directors
174 TO 180 KING STREET
ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS.
Phone 273 and 543.

INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION

We give our pupils a thorough and practical training in all branches of commercial work, our specialty is

Shorthand

It will pay you to take a course at

Coo's College
110 Dundas Street.

R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldg., next Court House, London.

Furniture Sale

All leather-finished chairs greatly reduced in price.
Solid Quarter-Cut Oak Sideboard, was \$42, now \$34.40.
Oak-Finished Sideboard, was \$18, now \$12.50.
Call and inspect our stock.

Joseph F. Crumme
665 RICHMOND, COR. ALBERT.
Phone 2168. Take Belt, Wellington or Oxford cars.

Business Announcements

For a number of years we have been doing a plumbing and heating business on Dundas street, under the name of

SMITH BROS. & CO.
We wish to announce that in future we will be known as

NOBLE & RICH

We also take pleasure in informing the citizens that we have removed to new premises, 225-227 Queen's avenue.
Our aim will always be to give the best value for the least possible outlay of money on your part.

Thanking the public for their liberal patronage in the past, we hope to be favored with a continuance of their future orders.

NOBLE & RICH

W. HARRISON
FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER
First-class Equipment, 671 Dundas.
Phone 1150. Residence on premises.

HELD UP FOR PRAISE.

Is many a fashionable coat tailored by us for the most particular customers. They will stand the critical eye of the most fastidious fault-finder. But there are never any faults to find in fabric, fit, fashion or finish when we make the clothing. We like to make them for the people, those who understand good clothing best, because we know we can please them with the goods and the prices at

KLEIN'S

The leading Tailor,
206 DUNDAS STREET.

Money to Lend

Easy Terms of Payment
Large or Small Sums

London Loan and Savings Company

443 Richmond St., London, Ontario

Order Hamilton's
Hamilton's Porter is fully aged. It is the best. Ask for Hamilton's when you are buying.

Order Hamilton's

THOS. WILSON

Merchant Tailor,
212 Dundas Street
Higgins Block, Telephone 593.

COAL

Why experiment when our

is sure to give good results, and costs the same?

Webster & Kernohan
PHONE 1383.

"D & H"

Lackawanna Coal
Bright, well screened and the hottest on the market.

TRY IT.

D. H. GILLIES & SON
Corner Adelaide and Bathurst streets
London, Phone 1312.

Johnston Bros' XXX Bread

Contains the body, nerve and brain building elements necessary to health. It's energizing and easily digested food. The quality never varies—it's always the best.

Phone us an order.

Johnston Bros

PHONE 944

City and District

—Rev. T. S. Johnson, D. D., late pastor of Adelaide Street Baptist Church (now residing in Grimsby) has arranged to spend three months in the church at Kenora, Man., beginning his work there tomorrow.

—Regina Leader: Miss Walker, who has been visiting her home near London, Ont., has returned to the city to resume her position in the millinery department of the Regina Trading Company. While away Miss Walker visited Chicago and St. Paul.

Visiting in London.

—Rev. P. and Mrs. Homer, the newly-chosen pastor of Park Congregational Church, St. Paul, Minn., is spending a few days in the city the guests of Rev. T. H. Mitchell, Hellmuth avenue.

Visited Isolation Hospital.

—Ald. Booth and I visited the isolation hospital in Toronto," said Ald. Stewart, chairman of the special hospital committee, "and it will not be in it with our hospital when it is completed."

In the Auditorium.

This evening Shungopavi, the noted Indian musician and his company of musical artists, will entertain in the Auditorium. This is the seventh number of the association course and a good one.

Appointed Secretary.

Mr. A. Scraton was appointed secretary-treasurer of the Mount Pleasant Cemetery Company at a meeting of the company held recently, to succeed Mr. J. H. Adams who has retired. All information regarding the sale of lots, and other matters pertaining to cemetery affairs, will be given by Mr. Scraton at 136-138 Dundas street.

Didn't Visit School.

"I did not visit the Collingwood school when the teachers were in Cleveland last year," said Inspector Edwards this morning. "It is a suburban school, and consequently we did not go out to see it. It bears about the same relation to Cleveland that Pottersburg does to London."

—Mrs. Robert Young of this city, is visiting relatives in Stratford.

Died Suddenly.

The funeral of Thomas Norton took place on Thursday at Wallaceburg, the service being conducted by Rev. Father Brady, at the Catholic Church.

The circumstances of Mr. Norton's death were sad. He was a bartender in the Empire Hotel, Wallaceburg, and left for London to have an operation performed here. On his return home he died very suddenly. None of his relatives were present, but two of his brothers arrived in time for the funeral.

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Bus-ride parties supplied. Reasonable rates. Hueston's Liveries.

SHAPELY KRIPP SHOES FOR WOMEN

Leathers of the finest texture and workmanship of the best—a certain distinctness of outline and grace of proportion, character, good taste. All of these elements combine to make the Kripp Shoe the most popular and satisfactory ever sold at the price. \$2.75

The fitting of these shoes is a pleasure, so perfectly do the shapes conform to all feet, without in the least losing the pretty shoe outline.

Kripps are splendid wearers. All styles cost alike, \$2.75 a pair. Sold exclusively by

J. P. Cook Co. LIMITED.

167 Dundas St. 398A Richmond St.

Good Shoes for all the family.

Forty Years experience in

COAL

trade in Brantford, Twenty-two years in London, Eight years in Toronto.

John Mann & Sons

401 Clarence Street, Phone 470.

Bargains

Your choice of any Comb in the store at 50 cents.

C. H. WARD & CO.

374 RICHMOND ST.

Parnell's Home-Made Bread

Parnell's Home-made Bread is one of those "you-like-it-better-every-day" loaves. Good flavor, full of nourishment, the surprise in bread quality, because it's made from the finest of flour. And a "dash" of milk and butter to give it "appetizing" taste.

At Your Grocer's, 5c

True Oil of The Olive

We have a true olive oil that we want all lovers of salads and foods cooked in oil to know about. It is as much nicer than ordinary oils usually sold for olive as fresh creamery butter is better than lard. It is a wholesome, delicious oil, made from ripe olives, grown under the most favorable conditions. Sold only in 25c and 65c bottles.

Cairncross & Lawrence

Chemists and Druggists,
216 Dundas St., LONDON, ONT.

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Watches

Our Annual ONE-QUARTER OFF SALE presents most exceptional opportunities to men and women who wish the finest watches at much less than their usual prices. Here, for example, is a group of superb values:

Boys' Watches, regular price \$1, less 25 per cent, at.....75c

Boys' extra fine stem wind and set, regular \$1.50, less 25 per cent, at.....\$1.15

Ladies' Gold-Filled Watches, 25-year guarantee, regular price \$12, less 25 per cent, at.....\$9.00

Ladies' Solid Gold Watches, 14-k, regular price \$24, less 25 per cent, at.....\$18

Gentlemen's Gold-Filled Watches, 25-year guarantee, regular price \$12, less 25 per cent, at.....\$9.00

Gentlemen's Guntmetal Watches, thin model, is \$3, less 25 per cent, at.....\$2.25

Silver

One of the strongest features of this event is Rogers Bros.' 1847 A1 Silver, which, of course, is included in the sale at exactly one-quarter off regular prices. These few hints for tomorrow:

Rogers Bros.' 1847 A1 Teaspoons, regular price \$4, less one-quarter, now, per dozen.....\$3.00

Rogers Bros.' 1847 A1 Table Knives, regular price \$5.50, less one-quarter, now, per dozen.....\$4.10

Rogers Bros.' 1847 A1 Dessert Knives, regular price \$3.75, less one-quarter, now, per dozen.....\$3.75

Rogers Bros.' 1847 A1 Forks, regular price \$5, less one-quarter, now, per dozen.....\$3.75

Handsone Clocks

Black Mantel Clock, extra value, at regular price, \$5, less one-quarter, now.....\$3.75

Thos. Gillean

402 Richmond Street

THINK

OF THIS.

There is no face so beautiful but that BAD TEETH will mar it. Nor is any face so lovely that WELL-PRESERVED TEETH will not lend an aspect of refinement.

DR. R. JARVIS, Dentist

213 Dundas Street, Corner Clarence.

ROSS' FURS Manufacturer and Retailer

The Greatest Catch in Britain

The Head of the Fitzgeralds

HOW FABRICS WERE NAMED.

In connection with the instantly character of velvet, it may be noted that this stuff takes its name from the Italian "velluto," shaggy, offering in this respect a parallel with "satin" which comes from the Latin "satus," a bristle.

As a general rule it is pretty safe to guess that the name of a dress material comes from some place. Besides such obvious examples as "tulle" from the fishermen and "tweed" there are "fustian" from the humble analogue of velvet, from Fustat in Mesopotamia; "muslin" from Mosul in Mesopotamia; "damask" from Damascus; "serge" and "cambric," from Cambria, while "millinery" itself is from Milan.

"Silk" is a curious one. It comes from the "sericum," the stuff of the Seres or Chinese, but these people saw

School for Housewives

VEGETABLES THAT GO WITH CERTAIN MEATS



solism" could ever be, in holding up to ridicule the menu provided by the hostess whose hospitality she had accepted. It is a sure and certain evidence of ill-breeding to comment adversely upon the manners and customs of a household in which you have been an invited guest. As we shall see presently, there may be a difference of opinion as to the harmony of broiled chicken and green corn. Every reader of right feeling and the just sense of propriety which is the fruit of good breeding will agree with me in pronouncing the strictures of the lecturer in question unkind, and—shall I say it?—vulgar! I am glad you do not name her. Will you excuse me further for failing to desecrate wit in her flippant

cook and eaters. Here, as in numerous other gastronomic unions, we obey a pointing of natural appetite rather than conventional usage. Vegetable acids are required to neutralize natural oils. Some kindred law may have ordained that green peas shall be served with roast lamb and with ducks. Apple sauce is demanded as a partner of roast duckling and fresh pork. Mint sauce and currant jelly are expedient as adjuncts of lamb, but not obligatory.

I have found that red meats seem to ask for white vegetables. This is especially true with roast beef and steak. The housewife instinctively jots down in her day's dinner memorandum, in line with the roast sirloin, macaroni, mashed potatoes,

a sauce of lemon juice and butter. Asparagus agrees amiably with white meats, and is not amiss with mutton, and even beef. At the risk of incurring the disdainful disapproval of the anonymous lecturer, I assert that green corn will be enjoyed when eaten at the same meal with chicken of any age. Our finest broilers come to perfection—the very glory of their tender youth—when the most delicious of American vegetables, green corn, is in full season. Shall we deny ourselves either, or both? Indeed, I do not just now recall any meat with which it would not harmonize.

Cauliflower, brussels sprouts and broccoli are all akin. They are patrician branches of the peasant cabbage stock. Each goes well with steaks, chops, cutlets and ham. All are a trifle too pronounced for poultry and real lamb. Yet I ate with great delight the other day a creamy soufflé of cauliflower, which was a side dish to the tenderest turkeyling that ever passed my teeth.

Gastronomic effects are an engaging study. Each housemother, however modest her means, should bestow some attention upon it, and evolve new and agreeable effects. The tomato is a most catholic and engaging vegetable. Its juices are various and all benevolent of disposition. As an accompaniment of fish, he is invaluable. So few things "go" comfortably and agreeably with fish that some women object to the frequent introduction of it into their menus. Potatoes, of course, must support it in some form. Green peas may go with the more delicate varieties of fish. Macaroni is acceptable at a family dinner where broiled cod or halibut has the chief place. In fact, a delightful entrée is made from leftovers of fish and macaroni. Beyond these, who will suggest a vegetable adjunct to Friday's dinner?

I shall be glad to receive any suggestions upon what is to me, and I am assured to a majority of our members, an interesting branch of culinary philosophy.

Marion Harland

Washing Paint

IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD the paint must be cleaned, and it is always a problem to new housekeepers how this difficult feat may be accomplished without streaking. China glass must be treated in quite a different way from the ordinary white paint; otherwise the dirt will collect in the uneven places, and it takes much unnecessary rubbing to remove it. The proper way to clean it is to add a little ammonia to the water, scrub with a soft brush and finish with chamols. No soap should touch it.

Ordinary paint may be scrubbed with good white soap or soap and ammonia, if it needs much cleaning. Paint should be kept clean from the first to keep it in good condition.

Fire Dogs and Screens

NEW fire sets are shown where the screen is inside the andiron, thus preventing any log from falling out on the hearth and smoking into the room. The "fire dogs," too, keep the screen steady, while an empty fireplace is always an unsightly thing, and the inside screens seem to make it as unattractive as possible. The wire netting is plainly bound in a rim of the same material, brass if the screen is brass, iron if a cast-iron set is used, and just below the frame are two handles. At the bottom it has slits made and bound, which fit over the andirons, and to keep it in place the latter must always be the same distance apart, otherwise the screen cannot be used.

Treatment of Hardwood

IN THESE DAYS of polished wood stairs and hallways it is almost impossible, even with frequent polishing, to keep the wood from getting black. This is because the dust and dirt catches in the wax, and fresh rubbing only buries it deeper. A good scrubbing with soap powder every month will remove the dirt, and it may be scrubbed just as energetically as the plainest of kitchen floors. Then, when the wax is applied with the aid of the usual heavy polish, the color of the wood will have returned in all the glory of its first days.

The Care of Tiling

THE home of tiling is Italy. There it is used for hallways, dining rooms or bedrooms, and always it is in perfect condition, shining smooth, and unspotted, as it should be. Inquiry brought forth the information that soap and water are never used, but linseed oil and turpentine are mixed and applied frequently with a stiff brush. This dry, the floors are polished with wax. The Italian-tiling is mostly the mosaic work on a coarser scale, or else concrete, and the secret of taking care of it is well worth knowing.

Chicken and Onions

criticism? So much for so little! Now to the business in hand.

Without having a practical knowledge of "chemistry in cooking," we all comprehend, as by some principle of natural selection, that certain meats "go well" with certain vegetables. It is not practicable to lay down castron rules on this point. A few general directions may help the puzzled housekeeper, who is further befogged by such arbitrary folly as the discourse of the would-be epigrammatic lecturer of whom she writes.

To take a familiar example—the homely and frequent visitor to the farmhouse table—corned beef suggests, by the mere naming of it, the far-famed delicacy in the country from which it takes its name. Nowhere else is it found in such perfection. I am personally obliged to our correspondent for the recipe, so clearly and succinctly expressed. I am sending a copy to the country, with orders that a supply be made forthwith for family use.

onions, perhaps stewed celery or oyster plant. All agree well with the "hearty" meat.

Stewed onions (young) are delightful with boiled or roast fowl. The mention of fricassee chicken brings the thought of boiled rice. Spinach and string beans chime in as natural with roast veal or veal cutlets. A roast of "shoat" must be flanked by sweet potatoes. Hominy pudding is called for imperatively by fresh pork—whether it figure as roast, chops or the succulent and toothsome "tenderloins."

It is wholesome and grateful to the educated palate that a salad appear in the meal where white vegetables go with the meat. Let the housemother study and apply the hint. Green esculents are essential to the well-being of the human digestive apparatus. It cannot maintain tone and strength upon a diet of starch alone. And rice, beans, potatoes and macaroni are starch. Temper them with the merciful influence of celery, spinach, green string beans, Swiss chard, kale, and, in the season when they may be had, with young beets, boiled tops and roots, and eaten with

BREAD SAUCE

To two cups of sweet milk add two medium-sized onions cut up and six white peppercorns. Set in a saucepan of boiling water until the milk is at boiling heat. Have ready a cupful of fine dry bread crumbs and strain the milk over them. Leave tightly covered until almost serving time, when place again over the fire. Add a piece of butter the size of a walnut and salt to taste. Stir very briskly. Bread sauce is a fine addition to a roast fowl or turkey.

DEVONSHIRE CREAM

The milk should be poured into a pan and left to stand for twenty-four hours in winter; half as long in summer. At the end of that time the pan is set on the stove, remaining there until the milk is quite hot, but it must not boil. When it is sufficiently done, the undulations on the surface look thick and small rings appear. Set it again in the icebox and skin on the following day. Devonshire cream is exceedingly delicious and is so much esteemed in England that it is sent to London in small square tins.

MRS. M. G. (Chicago).

Preventive for Nausea

Will some one please tell me what will prevent my little girl from being sick on the cars? She cannot sit up without suffering from sea sickness.

H. C. D. (Davenport, Iowa).

Try a simple preventive that has been

Art of Fire Building

EVERY ONE has heard the proud exclamation, "I am a born fire builder. No fire I touch goes out," and, indeed, it is an art worth having, for what could be more aggravating than a cold day, all the materials at hand and no fire?

The art of caring for a fire lies in the thoroughness of raking it. No ashes should be left; a "clean fire" is the hottest, and every corner must be well taken care of, for no matter how red the center of a coal fire may be, if the sides and corners are not clear, it will go out. Then, too, it is in the untouched parts that clinkers collect, and a few of these annoying impurities necessitate a new fire, which means much work and a remarkable absence of heat for an indefinite period.

FAMILY MEALS FOR A WEEK

WEDNESDAY

BREAKFAST.
Cereal, eggs, potatoes, celery, bananas, cookies, bread and butter, coffee. (Three friends to breakfast.)

LUNCHEON.
Cold meat, cheese, pie, tart, bananas, tea, bread and butter.

DINNER.
Crammed salmon, potato salad, apple sauce, rice pudding, hot biscuits, bread and butter, tea.

THURSDAY

BREAKFAST.
Cereal, apple sauce, bread and butter, coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Boiled eggs, fruit, pie, bread and butter, tea.

DINNER.
Steak, tomatoes, potatoes, canned peaches, bread and butter, tea.

FRIDAY

BREAKFAST.
Cereal, fruit, bread and butter, coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Boiled eggs, fruit, pie, bread and butter, tea.

DINNER.
Salmon with rice, potatoes, onions, fruit, bread and butter, tea.

SATURDAY

BREAKFAST.
Fruit, cereal, eggs, toast, bread and butter, tea.

for J. J. tuberous roots. I wish we could do something to show how much we are your debtors for your valuable contribution. Perhaps information respecting "Jesso-work" may prove this in part.

A Collection of Recipes

From another intelligent correspondent we have a collection of admirable recipes, that have lain in our treasure chest longer than I would have believed anything so well worth printing could be held back. The exigencies of space, or, rather, of a lack of space, are cruel!

BANANA SALAD.

Lay halved bananas, previously rolled in roasted and chopped peanuts, upon crisp lettuce leaves and serve with mayonnaise dressing.

Removal of Crusts Formed by Water

The city water has formed a hard, brown crust on the bowl in the bathroom closet. I have used sandpaper, gasoline and other things to remove it, without success. Please tell me of something to take it off.

W. B. (Lincoln, Ill.).

Try finely sifted wood ashes—you cannot make it too fine—and oxalic acid made into a paste. The formation is probably lime, or other alkaline deposit. The acid will cut it and cause disintegration. Then, scrub with a flannel dipped in kerosene.

If the bowl be cleaned daily the incrustation will not recur.

A Valuable Contribution

For some time I have been intending to send a few items to the Exchange, and, likewise, to ask a few questions. I am not sure just how to address you, but I venture to cast upon the waters.

1. If you wish to save the tin buckets in which paint comes to you, take them as soon as they are emptied, lay them upon a solid surface and pound down the sharp edges. Then throw in a lot of sand or sawdust and scrub well with newspaper. Finally, wash thoroughly with hot soap-suds.

2. To remove iodine and fruit stains from the hands: Wet your hands and hold them over burning sulphur.

3. If your hand is a little strong, wash and peel potatoes very carefully. Dry the peels in the yard, then strain it, and fry the sliced potatoes—or anything else you have in hand.

Here is one of the best of salads: Make ready by cutting into dice, cold potatoes, either new or old, raw tomatoes, celery and sweet peppers. Put into a bowl a spoonful of hot bacon drippings and half as much vinegar. In the season I add sliced cucumbers. I make it at the table after our early dinner and have it cold for supper.

Can any one tell me anything of Jesso-work? I think that is the way it is spelled. Also, how to use the tubers of the artichokes? A READER (Philadelphia).

"Jesso-work" is a new term in my ears. Some member will give the desired information.

I am at a loss to know what you mean by the "tubers" of artichokes. If you mean what are called "Jerusalem artichokes" (I wonder why?)—the tubers are the only part cooked for the table. They are cultivated for these as entirely as the potato is

Peel and Vegetables

A CORRESPONDENT writes, apropos of the subject now before us:

Please tell us what to serve with what? I attended a series of lectures (demonstrated) upon practical cookery last year. In one of these the lecturer said she had been entertained the day before by a woman of fashion and means. At the luncheon to which twenty women sat down, broiled chicken was served in the same course with green corn. I could not help thinking, while we were eating it, that the place for the corn was inside of the chicken.

Now, this was very witty, no doubt, but we were not told why green corn should not be eaten with broiled chicken, and I felt too uncomfortable to ask "out to meeting," remembering that I had done the same thing the week before. Will you give some instruction on the subject and spare us mortification, should we ever be called upon to entertain professors of cookery?

Suffer one preliminary comment upon your anecdote. The guest of honor at the luncheon was guilty of a breach of common courtesy far more heinous than the most egregious "gastronomic

THE HOUSEMOTHERS' EXCHANGE

IN a late issue of the Exchange I note a discussion upon vegetables. Apparently meat eaters can produce good arguments from the Bible for their practice. Yet I firmly believe that the Bible teaches vegetarianism. We find in the second chapter of Genesis, before man rebelled against God, that his God-given diet excluded flesh. That God permitted flesh to be eaten after sin had hardened his heart is true. This does not prove that that was God's plan, but contrariwise.

Let me illustrate: God established the nation of Israel in Canaan, not as a kingdom, but as a people ruled by God. They desired a king and He gave them a king, but said that in their choosing they had rejected Him.

Also, in the Mosaic laws, divorce was permitted, but Christ, when met by this as an argument, said: "Moses, because of the hardness of your heart, suffered a man to put away his wife, but—mark the words—'in the beginning it was not so.'"

Also, the mission of Peter was not for the purpose of granting the privilege to eat all animals, but to teach Peter that the Gentiles were accepted, and Peter understood it. G. H. T. (Tacoma, Wash.).

Having allowed both sides to speak in defense of their respective theories, we must suspend the discussion for a season to make way for the press of other matters that overflows our natural confines every time the Exchange is opened. I drop one hint in passing on to the consideration of housewifely needs and helps.

If the permission to eat flesh foods were granted to man in his fallen estate, had not the Maker of us all some wise design in prescribing diet suited to man's changed condition? Would the loving Father have designated, even to an erring child, a regimen that would aggravate the evil consequences of his fall?

A Few Hints

May I offer a few hints to the Exchange sisterhood? Cream flour and butter together in making white sauces for peas, asparagus and such, instead of using a paste of flour and milk or water.

2. Shake a little salt and borax (thoroughly) into the flour for starch before adding cold water. Starch made in this way will never need straining.

3. I never spend more than four hours in making bread, and it is always first-class. Should this interest any of our readers, I will tell the secret later.

4. Quakerizer, beaten up with the whites of an egg, and spiced with a feather, will soon clear the bed of bugs, and it holds good for years.

If you like me I might come again!

A LITTLE MOTHER (Chicago).

Like you? Of course we do! And come again without delay to tell us all the bread "secret." For, I take it, you mean that the bread goes into the oven

FOR A MILLION OF MONEY

BY ARTHUR W. MARCHMONT
Author of "By Right of Sword," "When I Was Czar," etc., etc.
Copyrighted, 1908.

"We need not pretend any longer, Mrs. Merridew. This is your doing. I am not under any misapprehension as to that I am paying the price for my folly in having accepted your help at the station yesterday."

"If you ask the rest, you will hear that I have never ceased to protest against this being done," declared the elder woman.

"You know perfectly well that I am Olive Parmenter, and you have in some way schemed, that that false telegram should come in Mr. Casement's name to hoodwink these doctors. Where do you intend to place me?"

"It is nothing at all to do with me. I have no voice at all in the matter. I will even now do anything to help you that you please. I believe they have selected the establishment of a Dr. Selwyn in North Wales."

"I am powerless to resist, of course; but my friends will find me, and then someone will have to pay a heavy reckoning."

"Your suspicions are cruelly unjust. I declare on my honor," said Mrs. Merridew; "and the moment I know where you are to go I will let Mr. Casement know, or Dr. Gregory, or anyone you please."

"That is all I ask," replied Olive, not believing a word she said.

She fully realized the danger which threatened her, and for the rest of the day occupied herself in trying to think of some plan by which she might yet escape.

Taking advantage of Mrs. Merridew's offer to communicate with her friends, Olive said she would write letters which could be posted; and Mrs. Merridew, thinking in this way to keep her quiet, agreed. But while writing them, Olive tried to write and secrete two others—one to Jack and one to Mr. Casement. Just a sentence of urgent appeal for help, with the names of the two doctors who certified her sanity. These she hoped to find a chance of posting while on the way to wherever they were going to take her.

A night of harrowing strain and sleepless anxiety followed; and the morning found her feverish and desperately troubled. She had been locked again into her room; Mrs. Merridew acting as guard, while still maintain-

ing the pretence of solicitude on Olive's account.

The day passed in the same condition of wearing suspense; and in the evening Dr. Larkhall and a couple of women nurses arrived to take Olive away.

In vain she made another appeal to the young doctor. He shook his head sympathetically; but declared that the great London specialist and himself were entirely agreed that they were taking the only course possible in the circumstances, and that he had been left to carry out the arrangements. She was to go to the place Mrs. Merridew had mentioned.

With that, they started. Olive was taken down to a cab; and the doctor's presence and that of the nurses made it impossible for her to attempt to appeal to any one they met with a chance of success.

She tried it twice; to the man who drove the cab, and once to a policeman. But a word from the doctor was sufficient. The men shrugged their shoulders, and with a glance of pity declared they could do nothing.

At the station she made an effort to post her letters. Keenly on the alert, she caught sight of a letter-box, and Olive had been taken, she slipped from them and ran to the box. But just as she reached it, and had the letters almost into the box, they caught her hand and took the letters away.

"God have mercy upon me," she cried, with a groan of despair; and voice. But the doctor explained everything; and that the mere mention of insanity the people fell back as though she were a criminal.

The train was already in the station, and she was being hurried to the special compartment, she caught sight of Mrs. Merridew standing in the background, watching the proceedings with a smile of satisfaction.

But even as Olive looked she saw the expression change to one of surprise and fear. This nerved her to make a last effort at escape. Dragging her hands suddenly out of the doctor's grasp, she sprang back, sent up a last appealing cry for help, and ran to Mrs. Merridew, and clung to her with a piteous appeal for mercy.

CHAPTER XIII

Jack to the Rescue.

Anyone with a heart less hard than a stone would have been affected by the sight of Olive's distracted misery. But Mrs. Merridew was utterly unmoved.

She seized and held her tightly until the nurses came to take her away. "I dare not interfere with the law," Miss Parmenter, she declared, coldly.

But Olive clung to her and a struggle followed. Olive's hands were roughly torn from the other's dress, and she was once more in the power of her captors, and hurried back to the train.

There was a difference now, however. Just as the door was being shut, and the porter was locking it, she was pulled aside, and Jack Fenwick jumped into the compartment.

"Jack!" cried Olive, overjoyed. "Oh, thank Heaven!"

"This is a private compartment. You can't come in here, sir," said Dr. Larkhall, angrily.

"A little later isn't it, seeing I am already in. What's the meaning of this infernal outrage?"

"They are taking me to a madhouse," Jack cried Olive.

The doctor called to the porters to turn Jack out. "This is my patient, and I am taking her where she will be duly cared for," he explained.

"Then you'll have to take me as well," was the cool reply.

The guard and some porters came round the carriage. "You must come out, sir, please," said the guard. "This carriage is reserved."

"Fetch the stationmaster," he rapped worry. "We'll soon be out of this; and then I'll settle matters with this idiot," the stationmaster came up then to see what was the matter, and immediately recognized Olive.

"I am the Hon. John Fenwick, the son of Lord Belborough," explained Jack. "Some terrible mistake, or, as I tell me I know perfectly well, she is taking me to a lunatic asylum; and she is about the sanest of the lot of us."

"I cannot keep the train waiting," was the reply.

"Then we'll all get out and the matter can be settled. But if they stay in, I stay; and the thing can be gone into at the next stop."

"This is an outrage," declared the doctor, furiously.

"Remember now," said the stationmaster, telegraphed to you two days ago at the young lady's request at Belborough Castle.

"I had no telegram. I was in London."

"You had better all get out," was the reply. "You can proceed by the next train."

New Pine Air Cure for Catarrh, Colds

Dwellers in pine forests never have colds, never know the meaning of catarrh. Upon this fact is built "Catarrh-cure," which forces into the lungs and nostrils the healing balsams and soothing antiseptic of the pine forest.

The health-laden vapor of "Catarrh-cure" cures the worst of coughs, colds and croup—does it in a pleasant, simple way.

The tiniest corners of the lungs are treated, the uttermost parts of the bronchial tubes are reached, every cell in the nose and throat is bathed in the antiseptic of Catarrh-cure. Simply inhale it. Catarrh-cure because so safe, so effective, so sure to cure huskiness, whooping cough, catarrh, nose colds or bronchitis—try it yourself. Complete two months' treatment, guaranteed, price \$1; small (trial) size 25c, dealers or N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

train, doctor, if all is right."

"That's all I want," said Jack; and when the others had alighted he followed.

They went into the waiting-room, and then the doctor explained to Jack what had been done, and that Sir Anthony Browlick had certified with himself.

"Oh, that's not," said Jack. "Sir Anthony is an old friend of my father's, and is now at Belborough."

"That is not possible, sir."

At that, Jack lost the remnant of his temper. "Look here, if you give me the lie on a matter of fact, I'll throw you through the window. You are either a fool, and have been made a fool of; or you're an unprincipled scoundrel, and deserve all that is coming to you. Wire to Sir Anthony to his London house, and ask him if he was in Sheffield yesterday."

It was a happy suggestion, and when the doctor was now rather frightened, went out to telegraph. Olive described to her lover all that had passed.

The recital put him in a furious passion. "Clear out of this, Dr. Larkhall," he said, fiercely, when the doctor returned, "or I shan't be able to keep my hands off you. That's the truth. And now," he added to Olive, when the doctor had gone, "we'll have a solicitor in this."

He saw the stationmaster, and having told him as much as was necessary, asked him for the name of a lawyer. He mentioned Mr. Ringrose; and with-out telling Olive the name, Jack rang the lawyer up on the telephone, and got him to come at once.

When Olive heard this was coming, she was a little startled; but Mr. Ringrose did not recognize her name, and proved to be a shrewd, sharp-tongued man, who very quickly arranged matters. A message from the great London specialist's house that he was at Belborough Castle cleared the air. Then it turned out that Mr. Ringrose knew Mr. Casement, and he made the very welcome suggestion that Olive should spend the night at his house, and that Mr. Casement should be wired to come down on the morrow.

Jack, whose fingers were itching to hit somebody, had five minutes' heated conversation with Dr. Larkhall. The latter, professing the greatest willingness to do all he could to help in settling matters right, but Jack's business with the curd reminder that no fools were needed, and that he had already done more than enough mischief.

Mr. Casement arrived the next morning, and while he and Jack were hunting up the people who had been concerned in the conspiracy against Olive, she asked Mr. Ringrose to tell her the facts about her father's connection with the firm. "I don't remember the name," he said. "Perhaps my father may. He has retired from the firm. We will go and ask him. Mr. Casement has told me much of your very sad story, Miss Parmenter, and if I can do anything to help you, by all means command me," he said, very kindly.

The old man remembered it immediately. "It is that old Purvis affair, Bob," he said. "You can go to the office, and I'll tell Miss Parmenter all about it. I am only too glad to have the chance," he added to Olive.

"Bless my soul, it must be twenty or thirty years ago," he exclaimed. "How the years do rush away! Richard Parmenter, if that's your father, was a clerk with me. I hadn't the practice then, but I got together afterwards; and two or three of our clerks, and one of them was your father, Purvis. Not your father, child. Purvis was a fellow called Diggle, or some such name. Well, your father got under the influence of these two, and into the office, I think."

"Did you ever hear the name of a Mrs. Merridew?" asked Olive.

"Bless my soul, of course I did! I remember it well. They told me he was mixed up with a woman of that name for nearly thirty years; but my memory's still pretty good, when it's brushed up a bit. She was an actress or something," he said, and he paused and nodded his head reminiscently.

"She claims that he married her," Mr. Ringrose.

"Does she? Ah, I don't know anything about that. Well, money goes to be missed from the office, and as Parmenter kept the books and acted as cashier, I, not unnaturally, suspected him; and a number of little things were still pretty good, of which tended to increase that suspicion. I spoke to him, and he denied it; but I didn't quite believe him, although I couldn't get hold of anything. Wait, wait. Yes, I did hear Mrs. Merridew, of course, I did. Purvis told me, and hinted that Parmenter was spending a lot of money on her. Purvis was an infernal scoundrel, and was deliberately poisoning my mind all the time in order to cover his own crimes."

He paused a moment to think. "Yes, then came the trouble. A big amount was missing—between two and three hundred pounds—and I had to put my foot down. It meant a good deal to me in those days. I carpeted every body, and I swore I would prosecute the lot unless the money was returned. I remember Parmenter was out at the time, and Purvis suggested that I should at once search all the clerks' desks. I did, and found some twenty or thirty pounds concealed in and turned up as white as a sheet when he saw me at his desk and I took him at once for the thief. Of course, I did. You see, it looked as black as possible. Didn't it?"

Please go on, Mr. Ringrose," cried Olive, pale and very excited.

"Don't be frightened, child. Your father had nothing to do with it. It was only my mistake and Purvis' rascality."

"Oh, thank heaven for that!"

Parmenter protested his innocence, declaring that his fright was because he had letters in his desk he did not wish me to see. I didn't believe him, and as I couldn't afford to lose the money, I gave him the choice of going, turning what he had taken or of going before the magistrates. He tried all that day to find out the truth, and came to me in the evening to say he had failed. He could not prove his innocence, and begged for time, say-

ing he would repay the money if he could not find the thief. I was hard on that afterwards. I said I should apply for a warrant in the morning. I didn't; and don't think I ever should have done, because I liked and really believed in him at the bottom. But I never saw him again.

"I am sure he was innocent. He was the very soul of honor," declared Olive.

"Oh, I know that now. It was that rascal Purvis all the time. He robbed me right and left, and at last, when I prosecuted him, it all came out and he confessed. He was as clever as ever as ever got into jail; and the last I heard of him was that he got caught again and sentenced to twenty years' penal servitude. And he deserved every minute of it. Your father's only fault was getting mixed up with a bad lot. You know he was a year or two afterwards, protesting his innocence, and he sent me the full sum that had been taken; and on three separate occasions afterwards he sent me money to help me out. I tried every means in my power to get the truth to him; but could not hear where he was."

"I wish, indeed, you had been successful," cried Olive, with tears in her eyes. "I am sure his last days were saddened by what had passed during the week before her father's death."

"It was not my fault that he did not know, my dear child. I assure you. And as for the money, it has always been ready to be returned to him if he is gone, it is yours, of course."

"The proof of his innocence is the best news I have heard for many a day," declared Olive, smiling through her tears; and when she repeated the story to Jack and Mr. Casement, her heart was lighter than at any time since her father's death.

They had not succeeded in their quest. Together they had interviewed Mrs. Merridew; but she had met them with a stolid front, protesting that she knew nothing of what had been done in regard to Olive's case.

"Remember that I know nothing of her history. I never saw her or heard of her until my arrival at Belborough," she declared, with an air of injured innocence. "I found her in trouble at the time, and he befriended her. For aught I know, he was telling the truth; and when the doctors certified that she was insane, what could I do? Bring the woman here, and the rest of the people; I suppose a lawyer like me, I suppose can be found easily; and they will only beat out what I say. I wish now I had let the thing take its course."

"You will wish that often enough before you have heard the last of it, madam," said Jack, furiously. But Mr. Casement quieted him.

"The matter will, of course, be thoroughly investigated," he said. "There is the serious point as to the false telegrams and the bogus specialist."

"I can only say that I will do all in my power to assist you," was the reply, spoken with unflinching calmness.

"I was completely deceived," he said. "And despite his utmost efforts, Mr. Casement could do no more. The supposed lawyer, the bogus specialist—by whom Dr. Larkhall had been entirely hoodwinked—and the woman, 'Tisley,' and even the people who had represented themselves as running the lodging-house, had disappeared, and could not be traced."

That it had all been concocted by Mrs. Merridew, neither Jack nor the lawyer had the least doubt. She had known Olive was coming to Sheffield and had had some of her own well in advance. But it had all been done so cleverly that her part in it had been completely hidden; and when the others were spirited away, there was absolutely no proof of her handiwork.

They had, therefore, to accept defeat for the time, leaving the affair in the hands of Mr. Ringrose. Now there any better result in regard to the attack in the railway carriage. The railway authorities did their utmost to find the man, but without result, and the man was added to the number of undiscovered railway mysteries.

The knowledge that her father's name was cleared from the old charge of crime put such heart into Olive, however, that she was virtually indifferent to the other failure.

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Scotch Sailor's Thrilling Tale

TRUE STORY THAT RIVALS ROBINSON CRUSOE'S ADVENTURES

A Scotch Sailor, Cast Away With Others for Six Months on an Uninhabited Pacific Island, Tells of Terrible Hardships.

Tales of castaways at sea as thrilling as any ever told by Poe or Stevenson, and stories of hardships comparable to the mishaps of Robinson Crusoe, or the Swiss Family Robinson, are still to be met with in this age of the world, when iron bottoms and steam have so utterly conquered the ocean of its terrors, and when uninhabited islands are considered more mythical than actual. As truth is stranger than fiction, these stories of other intrepid seafarers, and the sufferings they describe are real. One of the most striking of these tales of the sea relates to the adventures of a Scotch sailor, Morrison by name, who was picked up on a lone island of the Pacific, and brought back to his native city of Dundee.

It was in July, 1906, that Morrison left Dundee as second officer on a vessel built at that port for an Argentine firm. The vessel, having been handed over to the owners at Buenos Ayres, was bound for Newcastle, New South Wales, for orders. At the Australian port the Alexandria loaded coal for Panama, and sailed for her destination at that end of November of last year.

Over 500 miles from her port of call the bark was betimed, and for nearly six months lay helpless. Provisions and water ran out, and the crew suffered severely from thirst and hunger that in May they abandoned their vessel, and set out in two boats in an endeavor to make land. Morrison was in the captain's boat, together with a mixed company of Danes, Norwegians, Swedes and Germans, and an American named Jeffs.

By and by the boats parted company and never again had sight of each other. The craft struck an uninhabited island, and that in which Morrison was drifted on, and on, and later, as no word of the occupants reached civilization, it was believed they had perished.

"On and on," said Morrison, "our provisions consisted only of biscuits and tinned meat, and a small supply of fresh water. Of clothing we had practically none, and shoes we knew nothing of. During the night the plug of freewater tanks gave away, and to make our situation worse our provisions ran out until we were reduced to living on the biscuit dust on the canvas bags, and only a lick of water at that. In our cramped positions we could get no sleep, and we suffered intensely from thirst. Our bodies began to swell, and our whole being was getting so cramped that we prayed for rain, if only as much as would set foot on."

"After eleven days we struck an island, which we afterwards named 'Never-Never.' I saw such pathetic incidents as those that happened as the vessel dropped anchor off the island, and a boat came towards us. Some cried, some prayed, some roared and shouted, mad with delight, delicious joy. We were taken on board and landed at Guayaquil."

It seems that on the rescue of the second party of the shipwrecked crew, and their arrival at Guayaquil, a warship belonging to Ecuador went in search of the missing bark, and finding her a complete wreck on a rocky island and no sign of the crew, reported the men as lost. A German, Capt. Bonhoff, in Guayaquil, had the hope that the men might have struck an island, and after a sloop went in search of them, with such a happy sequel. When Capt. Bonhoff informed the men they were safe, and the American, was on another part of the island, but as the food on the vessel was running out it was thought the best course was to make for Guayaquil, and return to the Americas.

"Would they see us? Eagerly we watched the vessel, and as we saw her making a course for our island we knew our signals had been seen. Never have I seen such pathetic incidents as those that happened as the vessel dropped anchor off the island, and a boat came towards us. Some cried, some prayed, some roared and shouted, mad with delight, delicious joy. We were taken on board and landed at Guayaquil."

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Plays, Players, Playgoers--The Week in London Theaters

THE GRAND.

Today Matinee "The Switchman's Daughter."
Tonight "The Westerner."
Thursday Henrietta Crossman.
Saturday Matinee and night
..... "Thorns and Orange Blossoms."

Last Monday Eva Tanguay and Gerie Hoffman were billed at Keith & Proctor's Theater, New York, Miss Tanguay refused to appear if Miss Hoffman gave imitations of her, and as the latter insisted on her full act, she was canceled until this week.

Sir Henry Arthur Jones is at work on a new comedy for Charles Frohman. Mr. Frohman will produce the new Jones play at the Hudson Theater, New York, Aug. 28.

Opening with her earliest and apparently perennial success, "The Climbers," Miss Amelia Bingham, capably assisted and sumptuously environed as usual comes to the Grand Opera House on Thursday and Friday, March 26th and 27th, with special matinee on Friday. At the matinee the bill will be "The Frisky Mrs. Johnson," and Friday night "A Modern Magdalen" will be offered.

J. M. Barrie is finishing a play which will be probably produced first in New York, with Maud Adams in the leading role.

Lillian Russell will go to London to present "Wildfire" at the end of the current season, and she will open her New York season in this play in the autumn.

The famous play, "Raffles, the Amateur Cracksman," the only drama to remain in New York 200 nights season before last, which comes to the Grand during the month, is more than an interesting and highly exciting stage performance—it is also a fascinating study in criminology. Raffles, as created by E. W. Hornung, a cousin of Dr. Conan Doyle, the author of the Sherlock Holmes stories, is of anything but the common or garden variety of crook, and his career, as exemplified by S. Miller Kent's performance, is a fine medium for the investigation of the questions: Is crime a disease? Is crime contagious? and Is crime hereditary? In a dozen ways "Raffles" is something new in stage entertainment.

Paul McAllister is putting the finishing touches to "Indifference," the play of which he is the author, and in which he will appear as a star early next fall.

Anna Held and her company will give one performance of "The Parisian Model" in Paris, and will then go to London for an all-summer run of the piece.

The magnitude of the production to be accorded the Richard Carle farcical opera "The Mayor of Tokio," which comes to the Grand soon, may be estimated from the R. R. equipment necessary to transport the company and its effects. On the trip from New York the Pennsylvania Railroad Company furnished two 60-foot baggage cars, a day coach and two standard Pullman sleepers for the special service required.

It is a large company and the stage production is exactly the same in every particular as that which won all New York's admiration during its long run of 200 nights at the New York theatre.

The marriage announcement was made last week in New York of William Gorman, business manager of Liebler & Co., and Miss Rega Russell, of Chicago.

Charles B. Wells, Charles Lane and Alwood Brown have been engaged by Samuel Claggett to supplement the cast of the new De Mille play written for Cyril Scott.

The first presentation here of Kathryn Osterman's new play, "The Girl Who Looks Like Me," will occur at the Grand in the near future, and a night of good hearty laughter is promised by the management for the theatre patrons. The author is said to have written an amusing story in a manner that holds the interest and wins almost continuous hilarity.

Mabel Taliferro celebrated her one hundredth performance in "Poly of the Circus" at the Liberty Theater, New York, last Tuesday night. The souvenirs were portraits in color of the star.

Virginia Harned will play a stock company engagement in St. Louis this summer, and will try a new play, with the idea of using it for her starring tour next season.

Combining literary merit and dramatic interest, "The New Mrs. Loring," in which Miss Henrietta Crossman interprets the title role this season, contains the two most potent factors essential to the successful play. And that "The New Mrs. Loring" is a success there can be little doubt, in that it possesses those subtle comedy touches which Miss Crossman so deftly portrays. There are emotional passages, as well, to demonstrate the versatility of the star and lend a sustained atmosphere to that most powerful element of the drama—human interest. The characters themselves convey to the auditor that indefinable understanding of the people who, in plays, seem more than prototypes. The pictures which the author has put in seem to justify that much-vaunted homeliness, "You wouldn't have such a story in a play." And yet these great problems of life comprise the very essence of themes for the dramatist.

In "The New Mrs. Loring," described as a comedy of sentiment, in three acts, by Jessie Trimble, there will be

found one of the most human stories ever modified for the theatre. In its gradual development the author has dared much by relating most of the truth connected with the life of a prominent American. The real disappointment would hardly convey belief to the skeptic among the theatre-going public, so the author has taken that theatrical license of lending her play with fiction. Even then the story is said to compel interest until the final curtain.

The play is said to be admirably interpreted by Miss Crossman who comes to the Grand, Tuesday evening.

Charles Frohman is shortly to produce "Brewster's Millions" in Paris. The play is already running in this country, England and Australia, and negotiations are going on about its production in Berlin.

Henry Blossom has written an opera with Cuba as the locale. Alfred G. Roth will supply the music, and Henry W. Savage expects to star Raymond Hitchcock in the production next fall.

The management of the Grand announced the engagement of the much talked of "Vanderbilt Club" in the near future. It is promised with all the wealth of surrounding and lavish equipment which marked its long run at the Broadway Theater, New York, and the Colonial, Chicago.

Manager Henry B. Harris has engaged Ina Hammer for the role of Maria Phelps in "The Rector's Garden." Miss Hammer appeared with Maud Adams in the recent revival of "Quality Street."

Eddie Foy insists on playing "Hamlet," and will appear for a week in the Shakespeare piece at a New York theatre, footing the expenses himself. Florence Rockwell is chosen for the role of Ophelia.

Edward Dresser, recently with Robert Edson in "Classmates," has been engaged by Henry B. Harris for the leading comedy part in "The Traveling Salesman," the new play by James Forbes in which Thos. W. Ross is to star.

Al H. Wilson begins his New York engagement in August next, when he will be seen in a new comedy-drama written for him by his manager, Sidney R. Ellis. The piece will be given an elaborate and costly production, and will be put on for a run.

Miss Claire Kulp, who is at present playing the leading ingenue role in "Strongheart," will retire from the stage at the end of the present season in June, and will be married to Orville D. Oliphant. Mr. Oliphant is a wealthy New Yorker.

"Lady Barbarity," a version in four acts of J. C. Smith's novel of that name, arranged for the stage by R. C. Carton, was presented at the Comedy Theater in London for the first time last Thursday night, by Charles Frohman and Arthur Chudleigh. The audience, which included the Prince and Princess of Wales, was pleased, but some of the critics were not kind.

Tom Lewis and Sam Ryan, two comedians who helped to make a success of "Little Johnny Jones," have again signed with Cohen & Harris for the new piece, entitled, "The Yankee Prince." Josephine Conan will also be in the piece, while Fred Niblo, her husband, is slated for the position of manager.

Klaw and Erlanger and Joseph Brooks have engaged Guy Standing and Theodore Roberts, now starring jointly in "The Right of Way," for a term of years. These actors will continue in their present play next season, but a new place has been secured for them to be put on whenever "The Right of Way" fails to attract.

Frederic Thompson has another production to make in a new play called "The Order of the Rose." It is a romantic comedy, with the scenes laid in New Orleans just after the purchase of Louisiana from the French, and its author is Edward Childs Carpenter, a Philadelphia newspaperman.

Edward Begley, the champion heavyweight of "The Red Mill" Company, was married on the 13th of this month in Philadelphia to Miss Clara L. Keller. The entire company attended the ceremony. Begley plays the part of Jan Borkum, the overfed but comical, in "The Red Mill." His fighting weight is 324 pounds.

George Arliss, of Mrs. Fiske's company is looking for a play that shall be a suitable vehicle for him next season. If successful in his search he will be seen at the head of a company next fall. Should he not find a play to suit him by the end of his present tour with Mrs. Fiske, he will probably go to Europe for several months.

Fred Terry gave the first London performance of "Mait of Merry-mouth" last week. It is a new play by Benah Dix and Evelyn Greenleaf Sutherland and deals with the early colonial period, in the seventeenth century, and the scenes are laid in Massachusetts. The top gallery "goes" the place and the critics were not enthusiastic, but the success on account of Terry's personality.

Henry B. Warner, who appears in the important role of Col. Starbottle in Eleanor Robson's production of "Solony Janes," is the son of the English actor, Charles Warner, famous for his interpretation of the drunkard in "Drink."

"Paid in Full" was given its first New York hearing last Monday night and is reported to have been a great success and one of the big hits of the season. All the prominent managers of Gotham had a look at the manu-

script, but all turned it down as being unsatisfactory. Waggoner's Kemper finally took a chance with the piece, and luck has smiled on their nerve. Cohen and Harris say that they have a five year contract with Playwright Eugene Walter, and have put in a claim for "Paid in Full."

Negotiations are now under way between James K. Hackett and Mrs. Leslie Carter, which may result in the latter's appearance in a dramatized and deodorized version of "Three Weeks." Mr. Hackett purchased the rights of the play from Elinor Glyn before the latter sailed for Europe. Mrs. Glyn expected at that time that Mr. Hackett would portray the character of Paul, and it is possible that he has changed his mind and consented to do this, providing he can persuade Mrs. Carter to accept a co-starring arrangement.

W. Gayer Mackay, who plays the principal part in Clyde Fitch's farce "Toddies," came to this country to produce a play called "Dr. Wake's Patient." It was to follow "The Thief" at the Lyceum Theater, in New York, but the success of that play disarranged all the plans for "Dr. Wake's Patient." A few weeks ago the actor gave the play at a special matinee and both the play and the actor scored distinct hits.

Toronto News: The early drama of Greece and Rome was of a religious character, but later became corrupted. A writer in the Civiltà Cattolica, a high-class religious journal of Rome, contends that the advent of Christian-

Jefferson, then a member of Miss Laura Keane's Stock Company, but was not impressed and slipped it. In a convenient pigeonhole. Shortly after, when difficulties caused the postponement of "A Midsummer Night's Dream," "Our American Cousin" was brought out with Joseph Jefferson in the cast as Ass Tranchard, C. W. Coudock as Abel Murch, E. A. Sothorn as Lord Dundreary, Sara Stevens as Mary Meredith and William Rufus Blake as Binney, the butler. When Mr. Sothorn found that his part contained but 40 or 50 lines he was furious and refused to play it. But Miss Keane, realizing that everything depended upon giving the play, told him to do anything with the part he wished, and thus mollified. Mr. Sothorn proceeded to rewrite Lord Dundreary's lines and otherwise bolster it up. From John Brougham he borrowed a long frock-coat coming to the heels—which the latter had worn in the character of The Debutante in the dramatization of "Bleak House"—and his first appearance in the garment raised a laugh.

Night after night Mr. Sothorn introduced new gags, such as the Brother Sam letter, and new stage business until, before long, the role of Lord Dundreary was the feature of the play. The great success which the play had in America caused the elder Sothorn to take it to London, where it met with a dead failure on the first night at the Haymarket Theater. It happened that Charles Mathews, who was in the audience, advised the manager to push the play, regardless of its inception, and before many performances it began to interest smart

The British Stage

Being put on their mettle perhaps by the recent triumphs of their confreres in Vienna, the English composers of musical comedy are becoming exceedingly busy. Leslie Stuart's "Floradora" fame has no less than three separate scores under way at present, while the composer of "The Orchid" and "The Runaway Girl," Ivan Caryll, has just finished one new musical piece and started work on another. Rubens both are to be heard from again shortly. Meanwhile an old acquaintance in this line is about to make another bid for favor in the person of Sidney Jones, who gave us "The Geisha" and "The Greek Slave," but who has put forth only one new work since the production of those two memorable pieces. This was "My Lady Molly," which was not given on the other side of the Atlantic, though it scored a record of something like three hundred performances when played at Terry's.

The "book" of Jones' new opera is by Leedham Bantock (whose "White Chrysanthemum" appeared in the United States), while the lyrics have been supplied by another veteran, Percy Greenbank, who was responsible for some of the most popular ditties in "The Geisha." Unnamed as yet, the piece is in two acts and its scene is laid in Persia, the first act being placed "outside the Tortoise-shell Palace," the second act inside it. There also are to be scenes in the desert which "real" camels crossing the stage, pic-

tured put on at the London Lyric, held the boards there for two weeks only, and apparently failed also to appeal to American audiences, since the actress is using another piece at present. Nor has Esmond's later play, "The O'Grindless," fared better. Cyril Maude produced it at the Playhouse recently, as a successor to "The Earl of Pawtucket," and it had a fairly friendly reception, but after barely a fortnight's career the last performance is announced. It will be followed by "Fido," the English version of "Medor," which Maude tried successfully at a series of matinees recently, but this will serve only as a stop-gap, Maude having a new play in hand by A. E. W. Mason, author of "Miranda of the Balcony," and now a member of Parliament, which he will produce as soon as it can be ready. The action of this piece is laid in the year 1865, its author's aim being to provide a picture of life and character in London at that period. Maude's part will be that of an elderly lady.

In the case of Lena Ashwell, "dogged" appears to have "done it." Three times did this actress attempt to set up as a London manageress with a theater of her own, and as many times did she fail. Evidently, it was her third offering, "Irene Wycherley," scored so strongly that it has been produced in America, and "Diana of Dobson's," whose author, like Anthony Wharton, is a newcomer, got an enthusiastic reception at Kingsway this week, and is pretty certain to cross the water in its turn. Either the actress has learned how to "pick winners" or has found some other capable of picking them for her—at all events, she now is on the crest of the wave of success, after many years of waiting and hard work.

"Diana of Dobson's" is the story of a girl in a shop who inherits a bit of money and proceeds to make ducks and drakes of it, with a result that is easily foreseen. Incidentally, the first act of the new piece is rather daring—showing us the girls' dormitory at Dobson's, a big drapery shop with the fair "assistants" preparing to retire. Diana Massingberd (Miss Ashwell) is among them, and her spirit is in rebellion against the wearing sordidness of her life, and the petty tyranny that surrounds it. She has been better educated than her associates and has all the healthy young woman's longing for luxury, ease and craving, a letter comes from Diana announcing that she has come into a small legacy of \$1,500, and she determines to have, for once in her life, a real good time. She will have

everything that she has wanted—pretty frocks and hats, and one month she will forget all about Dobson's. In the second and third acts Diana, in her fine feathers, is staying at a hotel in the Engadine and posing as a widow. She is popular and admired by the Hon. Victor Bretherton, an impecunious aristocrat, with six hundred a year. Her scale of expenditure naturally causes her to be taken for a woman of means, and Bretherton's aunt is very anxious that he should propose to her. He does, and the girl tells him the exact state of affairs.

The man is considerably disturbed and charges her with having deceived him, and this brings down on his head a very tornado of plain speaking. He is a useless idler, ready enough to sponge on a rich wife, but entirely unable to fight his own way in the world or to earn his own living. This is the end of the third act, the dramatist ingeniously showing that despite everything Diana and Bretherton really are in love with each other.

The fourth act is again strikingly original, if almost entirely theatrical. The scene is the Thames embankment at 2 a.m. Bretherton has determined to prove that Diana is wrong and that he can earn his living. He has for a time tried to make his own way. This attempt has landed him, after three months, ragged and penniless, to sleep on an embankment bench. Here again he meets Diana, also "broke to the wide," as she puts it, and in the gray morning she again proposes to her and she accepts him. So much for the story of the play. As to the artistic conscientiousness rare in a "star," moreover, Miss Ashwell has taken care that every character, however small, should be put into the hands of a competent player.

The author of "Diana of Dobson's," Miss Cecily Hamilton, is a young woman whose previous record of success as a dramatist consisted of the production of one certain raiser. Like the writer of "Irene Wycherley," Miss Hamilton gets another short piece to Miss Ashwell, who did not care for it, but invited her to submit a full-length play. This she did at once, and acceptance was as prompt as in the case of the Wharton drama. If the actress is not deluged forthwith with the manuscripts of the unacted it will be rather surprising, but she finds among the lot another "Irene Wycherley" or a second "Diana of Dobson's" the time she spends over them will not have been wasted.

MYSTERY OF THE CHINOOK

DRY, WARM WIND THAT BRINGS JOY TO THE NORTHWEST.

Down the mountains and over the plains there blew for many hours last week in swift, continuous current that aways marvelous phenomenon, the chinook wind, says the Spokane Review. Wherever it touched the snowbanks they melted as if by legerdemain.

No other phenomenon in this land of meteorological mysteries is quite so unique and distinctive. From the days of Lewis and Clark the chinook wind has been a delight and a wonder. Its name is derived from the Chinook nation of Indians, some of whom live on the north bank of the Columbia from The Dalles to the ocean. Trappers, herdsmen and early agricultural settlers, noting that it came into the interior from the southwest, called it chinook under the somewhat mistaken belief that it flowed out of the Chinook country and drew its warm and melting properties from the mild later days has shown that this belief was largely erroneous.

The chinook is not a moist wind like that which blows in from the Pacific, but derives its snow-melting powers from its scorching dryness. Vapor laden winds from the Pacific, rising to great heights in the Cascade Mountains, are drained of their moisture by that mountain wall and become cold, dry and rarefied in those lofty elevations. In falling from the mountain heights to the plains of the inland empire they are warmed by the compression. It has been scientifically determined that the chinook wind in falling from mountain to plain is warmed at the rate of about 1 degree F. for each 180 feet of descent. A fall of 5,500 feet from the summit of the Cascade Mountains to the wide plateau of the interior will raise the temperature of the wind by about 30 degrees.

Here, then, are the peculiar properties of the chinook wind—warmth and dryness, melting the snows by its low temperature and sucking them up by its thirsty properties.

This phenomenon is repeated in the Rocky Mountains and over the broad plains of Montana. When the chinook wind has reached the Rocky Mountains it is again moisture-laden and this moisture is precipitated by that high range and its devastating effect is rendered dry at the summit of the Rockies and is again warmed by its rapid descent to the Montana plains, and this benign influence is often extended to the Dakotas.

To the people inhabiting the vast interior this chinook has ever been a joy and a mystery. When snows lay deep, the lakes were ice-bound and the herds were famishing, the aborigines, from the Mandans of Dakota to the Yakimas and the Walla Wallas, sought to propitiate and to welcome this great spirit by incantations and long-continued dances. In after years the white herdsmen, so dependent as he saw his horses and cattle dying on the frozen snows, found cheer and returning fortune in its warm and melting breath.

TELLING AGE BY COLORS

A JAPANESE GIRL'S ATTIRE MERGES FROM ONE SHADE TO ANOTHER AS SHE GROWS OLDER.

There is a candor about Japanese women to which few Englishwomen would have courage to aspire, and such a custom as that of a girl representing in fact a "walking census" by limiting herself to a particular range of colors according to her age would be considered a preposterous idea in this country. And yet such is said to be the fashion in Japan, a girl's attire merging like the colors in a prism from one shade to the other as the years speed on.

Midway between the early twenties and the next decade, purple, chestnut, and pink, where the kimono is concerned, are made to take the place of the pale shades of silver gray or blue which up till then have represented her color card. White, in addition, is relinquished practically at 25, a ruling which would seem arbitrary in England in these days when white toilettes are regarded as almost grandiose.

When in her twenty-seventh year, a Japanese woman acquires a new dignity when she takes her first step into the important realm of striped fabrics, which give such an added status to the wearer. As the years go on the wide stripes which proclaimed her initial plunge into a different category to that of her younger friends and companions narrow with compression. It has been scientifically determined that the chinook wind in falling from mountain to plain is warmed at the rate of about 1 degree F. for each 180 feet of descent. A fall of 5,500 feet from the summit of the Cascade Mountains to the wide plateau of the interior will raise the temperature of the wind by about 30 degrees.

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HENRIETTA CROSSMAN IN SCENE FROM "THE NEW MRS. LORING."

ity purified the stage, and made it again what it had been in the days of Aeschylus, a refining, ethical, and religious institution, calculated to purge and elevate national life. The mystery play, of which the passion play of Oberammergau is a survival, became a means of instruction to the masses. In modern times the stage has suffered serious degeneration, and very many writers and performers cater to anything but the best in human nature. The writer regrets that religion and the drama were ever divorced. The prediction is made that the religious character of the theater must eventually be revived. Even now some signs point in this direction. The dramatic instinct is so universal in mankind that any such development as is thus forecast might easily under modern conditions render the stage a greater moral and ethical agency than ever before in its history.

"Our American cousin," or Lord Dundreary, as many are calling the play in which E. H. Sothorn has made such a pronounced hit, is what might be called an accident play. Joel Chandler Cronin, who died a few weeks ago, was directly responsible for its production and it might be added—for the success of the elder Sothorn on the stage. When Mr. Sothorn was secretary of the United States Legation in London, he made the acquaintance of Tom Taylor, author of the play, and when the latter asked him to endeavor to interest some American manager in a drama he had written with the idea of pleasing audiences on both sides of the Atlantic, the former placed the manuscript in the hands of Lester Wallack's father, hoping it might be produced in his theater. But he felt that the play demanded a great Yankee character actor in the title role, and recommended it be played by Joseph

society. The result was a run of 477 consecutive nights.

Baltimore American: "If playwrights had to pay for costumes and railroad fares all over the country I will wager whatever you like that they would cut out a good per cent of the superfluous character they put into vaudeville sketches, and likewise provide for less expensive costumes," said Valerius Berge, as she assumed a countenance almost as sorrowful as that she wears in a "Bovary Comille," and gazed interestedly on the pictures in the art gallery of the Hotel Kernan last evening.

"In the plays I get," she continued, "the writers never seem to care for expenses, for the very good reason they don't have the bills to foot. I had to eliminate a couple of characters from my play as it was originally written, but the costumes in it are what the original Kit Kennedy would probably have called a 'pipe.' I guess above \$1 95 at a hand-me-down sale. The hat I wear cost me only \$2 when it was new, and I got it in San Francisco right after the earthquake, when prices were away up. A pretty big contrast this with the clothes I use here the last two seasons in playing 'His Japanese Wife.' In that production some of the gold-embroidered kimonos taxed me \$200, and they very quickly grew shabby with stage use."

"The dust and dirt of the best theaters very speedily ruin the costliest articles of feminine finery. If it were not for this constant necessity of replenishing wardrobes our popular players would all become millionaires."

Chief O'Neil, of Berlin, arrested Henry Shafer, supposed to be one of the notorious "Foxy" Smith gang. Shafer is wanted at Guelph, London, and other places.

tures of the slave shows and slave markets and all the warm color of the Orient. Mr. Brock is enthusiastic about his collaborator's work. "Jones really has surpassed himself," he declared. "He has been working on this score for six months, and nothing he has done previously, not even 'The Geisha,' can compare with it." The sketches, and likewise provide for less expensive costumes," said Valerius Berge, as she assumed a countenance almost as sorrowful as that she wears in a "Bovary Comille," and gazed interestedly on the pictures in the art gallery of the Hotel Kernan last evening.

"Theatrical tastes vary in England and America have been demonstrated often enough, so perhaps success may attend an interesting little experiment about to be tried by Charles Frohman. This will consist of the production in London of Austin Nuremberg's play, 'The Toyknaker of the name part. Mr. Frohman, it may be remembered, was enthusiastic over this piece when it was submitted to him in manuscript, but apparently it got a chilly reception on your side of the water. What London's verdict will be it will be instructive to see. Chevalier, by the way, has made a hit in a two-act play called 'The House,' which is now being done at the Court Theater, the former 'Temple of Shaw.' The scene is laid in a 'model' workhouse, and the thing is a pliant little tract against 'municipal socialism' as it frequently turns out. Chevalier appears as a pampered inmate of this institution.

H. V. Esmond, who wrote "When We Were Twenty-One" and "One Summer's Day," appears to have lost—or at any rate mislaid—the trick of writing winners. His "Under the Greenwood Tree," which Maxine El-

Drawing Lessons for School Children



1. Drawn by Annie Winslow, Grade VIII, Aberdeen school. Winner of First Prize.

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SIX BEST IN GRADES VII. AND VIII.

1. Annie Winslow, Grade VIII, Aberdeen school.
2. Olive Herron, Grade VIII, Simcoe street school.
3. Frank Hewitt, Grade VII, Colborne street school.
4. R. McKee, Grade VII, Princess avenue school.
5. Bruce Clerihew, Grade VII, Princess avenue school.
6. Lionel Morley, Grade VIII, Talbot street school.

SIX BEST IN GRADE VII.

1. Frank Hewitt, Colborne street school.
2. R. McKee, Princess avenue school.
3. Bruce Clerihew, Princess avenue school.
4. Winnifred Reed, Aberdeen school.
5. Marlon Higgins, Princess avenue school.
6. Alison Welch, Lorne avenue school.

SIX BEST IN GRADE VIII.

1. Annie Winslow, Aberdeen school.
2. Olive Herron, Simcoe street school.
3. Lionel Morley, Talbot street school.
4. Janet Mapletto, Simcoe street school.
5. Mac Stewart, Talbot street school.
6. Aggie Nichol, Empress avenue school.

CRITICISM ON SILHOUETTES, BY GRADES VII. AND VIII.

We were not mistaken in feeling



2. Drawn by Olive Herron, Grade VIII, Simcoe street school. Winner of Second Prize.

that the results from your last lesson would be both gratifying and encouraging. The two upper grades who have sent in work begin to show a freedom that was wholly lacking in the work from these grades a year or two ago.

It was no easy task to make a whole page of silhouettes. It is not difficult to learn to draw one position well, but when you can depict five or six different attitudes, it shows that you are beginning to have some knowledge of the anatomy of the human figure.

Unfortunately, some still think copies more desirable than direct brush studies.

Just imagine some one trying to learn botany from even the most perfect wax representation of a flower.



3. Drawn by Frank Hewitt, Grade VII, Colborne street school. Winner of Third Prize.

keep on trying, but please try in the way I map out for you.

Have you not all observed that a toboggan cap hangs down close to the head, unless the one who has it on is running. Such a lot of these caps have been made to look as though they had been wired into shape as woollen horns of plenty.

Accessories were quite unimportant and the chairs that were merely suggested, keep their subordinate place much better than those that are drawn in full and blazon their mistakes in perspective and general construction to an unsympathetic world.

You are going to have the pleasure of drawing chairs one of these days. The years go around so fast we have hardly time to get everything in.

Lionel Morley's silhouettes are good in form, but tame in action. Evidently the same well-behaved little model has posed in each case. Make a determined effort to get more action in your drawings next time, Lionel.

Only one page from each pupil should be sent in. They may be better than those drawn by others, but it is unfair to set aside two or three that might have received honorable mention because a talented child has handed in more than one good page.

A. A. POWELL.

HONORABLE MENTION GRADE VII.

- Gordon Smythe, Talbot street.
James Ross, Colborne street.
Phyllis Lyster, Princess avenue.
Nellie Frankman, Princess avenue.
Harriet Harwood, Colborne street.
Mabel Hynd, Talbot street.
W. Bradley, Aberdeen.
Teresa Anson, Aberdeen.
Clarence Hill, Lorne avenue.
Willie Parker, Empress avenue.
Buelah Gould, Aberdeen.
Florence Keene, Princess avenue.
Bruce Clerihew, Princess avenue.
Mattie Robinson, Lorne avenue.
Florence Bayley, Lorne avenue.
Gladys Wright, Colborne street.
Marjory Dodd, Colborne street.
Mabel Seymour, Chesley avenue.
Charles Barney, Chesley avenue.
Aldine Dickinson, Princess avenue.
Percy Palmer.

- J. Dockstader, Aberdeen.
Marjory McDougall, Princess avenue.
Laura Edgar, Princess avenue.
Edna Gallup, Chesley avenue.
Violet Bergeron, Chesley avenue.
George Young, Chesley avenue.
Ernest Rodaly, Chesley avenue.
L. Hamilton, Talbot street.
C. Robson, Talbot street.
Gordon Raison, Colborne street.
Becher Ward, Colborne street.
Adeline Anderson, Colborne street.
Emmie Freeland, Aberdeen.
Victor Wright, Lorne avenue.
Albert Wright, Lorne avenue.
Jennie Black, Aberdeen.
Cleveland Mitchell, Talbot street.
Alan Ferguson, Talbot street.
Lillie Dean.
Eardley McLean, Talbot street.
Willie Molyneux, Talbot street.
Evan James, Chesley avenue.

HONORABLE MENTION, GRADE VIII.

- W. Weekes.
Zetta Chowen, Aberdeen.



4. Drawn by R. McKee, Grade VII, Princess avenue school. Fourth best drawing.

- Lillie Spindler, Simcoe street.
Myrtle Beamish, Talbot street.
Jack Harrison, Aberdeen.
Anna Clark.
Jack Acker, Simcoe street.
Ella Johnston.
Albert Upshall, Princess avenue.
B. Clark, Empress avenue.
Marguerite Bowman, Talbot street.
Will Parkinson.
C. Slater, Talbot street.
Eddie McLeod, Talbot street.
Helen Webster, Talbot street.
Margaret Urquhart, Empress avenue.
Aggie Nichol, Empress avenue.
S. Wallace, Talbot street.
Miriam Steele.

NEXT LESSON FOR GRADES VII. AND VIII.

You were told last week that our next lesson would be the designing



5. Drawn by Bruce Clerihew, Grade VII, Princess avenue school. Fifth best drawing.

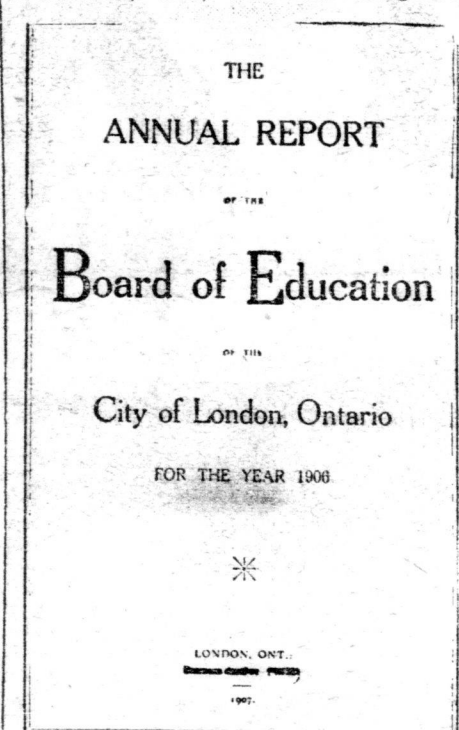
of a cover for the annual report of the Board of Education, in order that you might be making preparations for a very special effort.

I have found it difficult to get covers in black and white good in design. Colored covers are impossible to reproduce in the paper.

The ones illustrating this lesson are taken from a book called "The Principles of Design," by Batchelder. Three of them are title-pages, which correspond to and might be used for pamphlet covers. All are taken from books or pamphlets which are really in circulation, and which are approved by art critics, as well as by those in authority in the mercantile world.

The last year's report is given you also, that you may know exactly what wording is necessary. The report will be for the year just finished—that is, 1907.

You may put your own name in as designer, and leave a space where the name of the company printing it may be added in small type afterwards. Remember, also, that the designer's



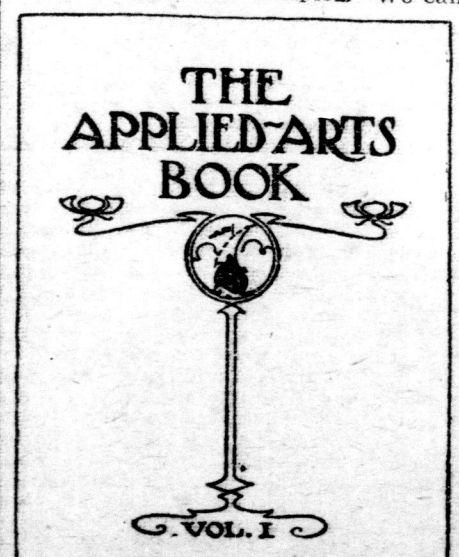
6. Drawn by Lionel Morley, Grade VIII, Talbot street school. Sixth best drawing.

name must be as unobtrusive as possible. It may be a very important matter to us, but is of little consequence to the ordinary person interested in the report as a report, and nothing more.

The cover is practically 6x9 inches in size, so you may plan it on a 6x9 inch sheet of drawing paper, although there is nothing to prevent your using white Bristol board or any smooth, white paper for your final effort, if you think you can do better work upon it.

You may plan for a margin from seven-eighths of an inch to an inch in width. The margin on the last report is about seven-eighths of an inch. Whether you intend to have the marginal line show or not, it must be drawn before you plan your lettering and other decoration. It is the space to be not necessarily filled, but occupied.

Having drawn a rectangle that you feel is good in proportion to the size of your paper, study it at arm's length. See if your eye has room to travel comfortably around the quiet space outside the rectangle. If you have a feeling that the margin looks crowded, you must make it wider, for it will look still more crowded when the central space is occupied. We can



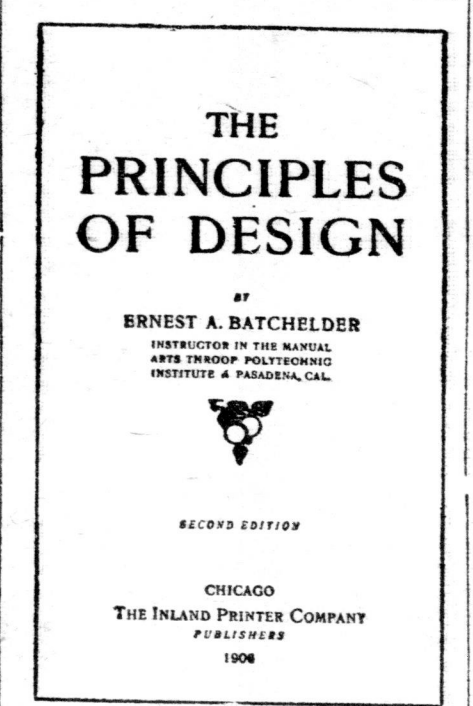
7. Drawn by Frank Hewitt, Grade VII, Colborne street school. Winner of Third Prize.

usually afford a little wider space at the bottom to balance the greater weight of the lettering at the top.

If you turn the illustrations at 4 over you will find that it is so beautifully spaced and balanced that it looks well either side up. When upside down it is the heavy lettering which balances the wider margin at the top. When turned right side up, the wide margin at the bottom balances the lettering and keeps it from looking top-heavy.

Study the illustrations to see how the lettering has been used to preserve the balance. See if you can tell why No. 6 does not require a wide space below the lower mass of lettering.

When we have decided on the best possible proportion in size of rectangle to margin, we must plan for the breaking up of this rectangle into spaces that shall be pleasing to the eye. In order to do this we must by



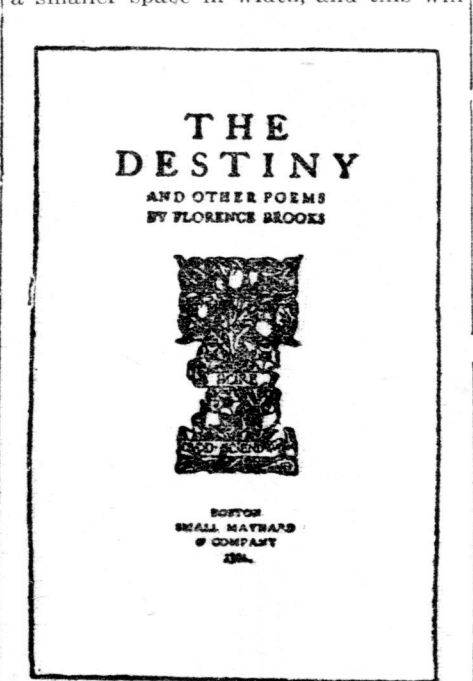
8. Drawn by Frank Hewitt, Grade VII, Colborne street school. Winner of Third Prize.

careful thought decide into how many groups our lettering should be divided, and whether or not some ornamental device should be used in connection with it.

When we have done this, the next thing is to break our large space up into the number of spaces required. Just any size and proportion of space will not do. We must have variety, without sacrificing unity. Our spaces must be alike or distinctly unlike. The eye must have no tedious looking from one space to another to see whether they are alike or unlike.

If a common measure is used we may have variety and yet preserve measure harmony. The unit of measurement should go an exact number of times into each of the spaces. If the measures increase as the eye ascends it gives loftiness and lightness to the structure. When the larger measures are at the bottom, it gives weight and stability. Measure rhythm, we will find, is necessary to a happy arrangement of our spaces.

If we introduce some device besides the lettering, it will probably occupy a smaller space in width, and this will



9. Drawn by Frank Hewitt, Grade VII, Colborne street school. Winner of Third Prize.

necessitate our thinking of spacing from left to right as well as from top to bottom.

Notice in the illustration at 6 how the word "TILES" has been made to occupy the same width as the device in order to lengthen the middle space, which, we can see, has been broken up into the lettering at the top and the device below.

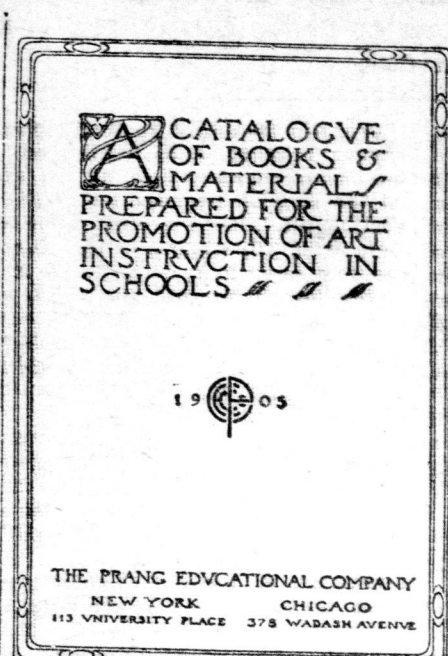
Notice also in the illustration the harmony existing between the lettering, the bordering line, and the ornamental figure.

Heavy lettering would be ruined by a light marginal line, just as light lettering would be overpowered by a heavy marginal line.

In your covers, see that this harmony exists between lettering, device and marginal line.

In case you use a device, be sure that you choose one that is conventional and in harmony with your lettering.

Possibly you could work in the coat-of-arms used by the Board of Educa-



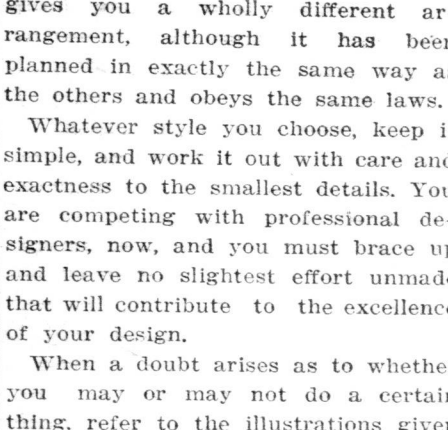
10. Drawn by Frank Hewitt, Grade VII, Colborne street school. Winner of Third Prize.

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THE PRINCIPLES OF DESIGN

BY ERNEST A. BATCHELDER
INSTRUCTOR IN THE NATURAL ARTS IN THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

CHICAGO
THE INLAND PRINTER COMPANY
PUBLISHERS
1906



11. Drawn by Frank Hewitt, Grade VII, Colborne street school. Winner of Third Prize.

tion. It might have a similar arrangement to the boat in No. 2.

The vertical division of this cover would not be suitable to one requiring the same amount of lettering as our cover, but twin stems, one on each side, might be used instead of the single central stem.

I have added the Prang Company's cover to the other illustrations, as it gives you a wholly different arrangement, although it has been planned in exactly the same way as the others and obeys the same laws.

Whatever style you choose, keep it simple, and work it out with care and exactness to the smallest details. You are competing with professional designers, now, and you must brace up and leave no slightest effort unmade that will contribute to the excellence of your design.

When a doubt arises as to whether you may or may not do a certain thing, refer to the illustrations given you, and if it has been done in them

carried from room to room and opening some of the doors of my room exposed me to the outer world.

At best, dressing in a Japanese hotel is a very nervous task, for one never knows when a fellow guest may feel disposed to look curiously in upon one's toilet. But the worst is when armed with tooth brush, soap, towels, etc., you descend to the bathroom. Usually, though not always, for some Japanese hotels have quite neat bathrooms, you will find when you get to the door that you must put on, or try to put on, some wooden shoes which you will find at the door, for the floor of the bathroom is decidedly wet. That is not all, the room contains probably four or five Japanese men calmly making their toilet, utterly oblivious to you or to each other.

There is a long sink and at one end there is a large wooden pail, which is divided in two parts, one containing a charcoal fire, the other hot water, steaming hot. You must use a long-handled wood dipper to put some of this water into one of the tin basins in the sink, and then from another pail, or possibly you will find a faucet, take some cold water and, trying to be unconcerned to the fact that your morning ablutions are being performed in the presence of several gentlemen, you proceed. If you have

chanced to neglect to bring your tooth powder to the bathroom, on the shelf is a little box of salt, or perhaps some tooth powder of Japanese manufacture, and by it in a wooden box are some long pieces of white wood shaved at one end to a little tuft of splinters. You may help yourself. They are put there for the guests.

One evening I asked for a bath to be ready at 8:30 o'clock. Our Japanese friend said that would be early enough, as there were only a few guests. He said that as I was the only foreign lady guest my bath must come first, and questioning brought forth the fact that there is but one bath prepared, which the highest guest uses first, then the others in order and lastly the servants, so if the guest of honor puts his bath hour late it may be early in the morning before the servants get their baths, for every Japanese guest must have his bath.

Barring the bath, and perhaps the beds, Japanese hotels are delightful. All during your stay in their spottless precincts you are made to feel that you are an honored guest. Japanese etiquette is lavished upon you, and when you depart you are always given a token to remember your visit, usually a white, coarse cotton towel with blue pictures printed on it. You must

thank the little maid for this with an elaborate bow when you go, and the chorus of "Sayo Naras" from all the hotel force gathered in the doorway will seem to have in it not only the regret of good-bye, but as I interpret the words, but the deeper feeling which they really mean, "If it must be that we must part."—From an article in the Travel Magazine.

A MODERN VIEW OF NAZARETH.

As we climbed out of the mud and up the hills toward Nazareth on smooth, good roads, zigzag along zigzag, we looked across to the mountain where Isaac was to have been sacrificed, to the Mountains of Gilboa, to Little Hermon, the site of the story of the Widow of Nain, and of the Witch of Endor, then to the Mount of Transfiguration, and at last, swinging around a hill, we were in full view of Nazareth itself. We must grant that the locations ascribed to Scriptural history are "based on traditions rather than on inscriptions, as in Egypt." Moreover, the people living on these brilliant, beautiful hills are a sad sight, deadly poor and crushed by taxes. They live in houses that are just stone boxes, crowded together so that the walls of one are also the walls of others. On the roofs there are brushwood arbors where in summer people can escape from heat and flies.—The Travel Magazine.

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Queens Who Showed Bravery Lisbon Tragedy Recalls Them

MANY PRECEDENTS FOR THE CALMNESS OF QUEEN AMELIE,
WHOSE CONDUCT THE HOUSE OF LORDS COMMENDED—AN-
CIENT AND MODERN CONDITIONS.

In the dispatches chronicling Lisbon's royal tragedy, the courage of Queen Amelie has been praised. So noteworthy was her behavior deemed that Lord Ripon, in the British House of Lords, paid a tribute to her bravery in not only attempting to shield her son from injury, but in rising from her bereavement to take her place calmly in the councils of her country.

It was with impressive approval that members of England's staidest assembly heard Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman express indignation at a crime, the shame of which had been partially offset by the calmness of a woman.

One recalls many instances, scattered through history, of royal consorts who have stood the test of crises.

Queen Amelie is a woman of France, whose master roll of heroines, royal and humbly born, is unrivaled. The widowed queen and her son, the present youthful king, are paralleled by Anne de Beaujeu, a daughter of that will west of sovereigns, Louis the Eleventh, she assumed direction of the kingdom during the minority of her brother, the little Charles the Eighth. The quaint old historians record with pride how clever and able she was. "La Grande Dame," as she is called in the chronicles of the day, opposed the powerful Duc d'Orleans, her most dangerous rival; outwitted him in every point of statecraft and war, and retired to a well-earned rest upon the marriage of Charles to Anne of Brittany, an alliance that brought a cessation of hostilities. And this princess was but twenty-three when her regency began.

No Louis was ever more carefully shielded in youth and assisted in manhood by women than was the one who wore the well-deserved title of saint. Crowned at the age of eleven, it was Blanche of Castile who played with singular skill and courage the role of regent. With only an alien princess, guardian of a helpless boy, to combat, the haughty and rebellious barons fancied they saw their opportunity to acquire control of the kingdom.

But they reckoned without taking into consideration the blood of that proudest of Spanish houses, or the devotion of the mother and queen. In a score of battles she reduced them to submission and turned over to her son, whose character she had molded after her own pattern, a kingdom intact.

Later, when, fired by the zeal of the crusader, the young king led his knights to the holy war, it was his wife, Marguerite of Provence, who joined him in the perilous enterprise, shared his privations, and encouraged the army by her fortitude.

LANCE AND SWORD DAYS GONE.

All in vain the world-beat heroines of today sigh for lance and sword, a good warhorse, and glittering armor. The nearest approach to a weapon Portugal's queen could wield was a bouquet of roses. It stirs the blood to read of Jeanne de Montfort, in her husband's absence, defending Hennebont against the English army, leading the women as they carried stones to

the castle ramparts to hurl upon the enemy beneath, and, finally, on her mail-clad charger, heading an attack on the English baggage trains and diverting the besiegers, until relief came. But, after all, when one has analyzed the two situations, it is borne in upon the thoughtful that the calm, resolute, daily meeting of emergencies, with the war of statecraft and diplomatic intrigue, requires more of splendid courage than the excitement of a single deed of heroism.

Pre-eminent among royal women who have ruled nations wisely at times of stress and storm stands Maria Theresa, made empress of Germany by pragmatic sanction on the death of her father, Karl VI. To some extent conditions in Portugal today suggest those which existed in 1740 in Germany, when she came to the throne. She found the monarchy exhausted, the finances embarrassed, the people discontented, and the army weak, while her right to the throne, her own resolute spirit brought her needed allies in Britain and Hungary, and, after seven years, the peace of Aix-la-Chapelle gave the distracted kingdom rest. Her deeds of courage were no less worthy. Financial reforms were effected, commerce and agriculture flourished, the burden of taxation lessened.

GERMANY'S ILLUSTRIOUS LIST.

Germany's list of great women in royal circles is interesting. Undoubtedly the deeds of many women of the earlier legendary times have been lost in the scattered history of a group of divided states; and so it is to Thumelida one harks back, when thinking of the heroic wives of the days of ancient Gaul. The right hand in council of her husband, Hermann, the queen is spectacle of dignity and pathos as she graces, in days of evil fortune, the triumph of her Roman Germanicus. It is to these days one must go, or only slightly later, at least, to find the story of those rival queens, Boadicea, wife of Sigebert of Neustria, and Fredegunde, wife of Chilperic of Austrasia. The first, a patrician of long lineage, the second of peasant origin, they opposed each other for years, and the story reads like a romance. Stronger than their husbands, they led in every enterprise, in war and in council, and determined the destiny of a whole people while they lived.

In the days when Germany was torn by the ferocities of religious warfare, one queen was supremely courageous. When the Hussite army threatened to overrun the whole country, Queen Sophia, widow of Wenceslas, opposed the troops of the reformers and stopped them. And if all other names are forgotten, who of loyal German strain overlook the story of Queen Louise, and her husband, Frederick the Great, and the story of the arrogant young conqueror, Napoleon?

A visit to Charlottenburg and the story comes back so vividly! It is impossible to pass through the doorway of a heroic queen and mother, and not feel resentment at the thought that anyone so amiable should have been forced to submit to insult at the hands of a triumphant foe. And yet it adds to the lustre of her fame.

BRITISH HEROINES.

With justifiable pride the English statesman who eulogized a foreign queen's courage, might have pointed to England's annals. Every school girl has responded to the heroism of Boadicea, daring warrior queen; and Matilda, in her flight across the snow, to lead her own army against Stephen, recalls a picture that every student of history knows well. But many do not recall that, after Matilda's successful campaign, it was Stephen's queen who raised reinforcements for her husband and eventually restored the crown to him. But so decisive was Matilda's victory at Lincoln that a new title, "Dominia Anglorum," was devised to meet the situation, and a compromise was effected that ended the war.

Philipa and Margaret of Anjou also belong in the array of brave women. When Henry VI. had lost all spirit it was the determination of the Frenchwoman he had married, that encouraged the Lancastrians and defied Warwick, the kingmaker. There is even something to be said for the much-maligned Mary on the grounds of bravery. She was a Tudor, the true daughter of bluff Hal and the spirited Catharine of Aragon. Wyatt's rebellion gave her the chance to display the courage that marked her for her father's child. And of her sister, Elizabeth, the whole world knows. No woman ever came to a throne in a more critical period or held her own better.

The power to face death calmly and with dignity has belonged to royal women from all time. Even 17-year-old Lady Jane Grey, the innocent victim of another's overleaping ambition, after a few brief weeks of unacknowledged queenhood, met the greatest of terrors with patient firmness. The stormy life of the most beautiful of Marys had been in preparation, one would fancy, for so tragic an ending as hers. But she met her fate with a tranquil courage that her grandson emulated years later.

MARIE ANTOINETTE.

That blood does tell under such conditions is aptly illustrated by the contrast between poor, half-crazed madame, and proud little Marie Antoinette, and the mob that she faced the moment she yielded her life. No other queen ever played her part in a nation's tragedy with greater dignity. From Versailles to the Conciergerie, from the palace balcony to the guillotine, she was nobility itself. The thoughtless young wife, the gossiped-about mistress of the most frivolous court in all Europe, was at last the queen, who,

by very virtue of her queenhood, must be regal to the last. Poor little prunella shoes, saved so carefully for the feet that had once been so splendidly clothed, laid with resignation on the block! Queen to the very last!

When Euripides searched the annals of Greece for a fit subject for a tragedy, it was the life of Alcibiades that touched his imagination. A queen in character as in name, it was to save the life of her husband, King Admetus that she gave up her own.

Catharine Douglas, her arm the bar that held fast the massive door against the enemies of her king, is another heroine whose ready wit and almost masculine courage lend themselves to story.

True, the Apocrypha reader calls the story of Judith, brave daughter of the tribe of Simeon, or Jael and Sisera. But best beloved of Bible story heroines was Esther, witty, charming, and brave. "I go unto the king, and if I perish, I perish." To do the thing at hand, regardless of personal cost, that seems to be the attitude of genuinely royal queens.

Their name is legion: Theodora of Rome, who ruled the city, appointed by pragmatic sanction for thirty years; Catharine of Russia, Isabella of Spain, who saw with Columbus his vision of a new world; Lady Godiva, who circumvented a rude lord's unjust oppression of his people; Semiramis, the conqueror of Assyria; Deborah, prophetess of Israel in times of war—these and how many more! Worthy to be placed in this place of fame are the names of countless heroines of humbler origin. Their noblesse oblige was native born courage of conviction. Jeanne d'Arc's name leads the list of heroic women of France—peasant girl and dreamer, but a queen of romance for all that.

The princess in her greeting to the northern students in Tennyson's fantasy, reviewed a partial list of brave women when she likened the ideal of the age just dawning to those:

That taught the Sabine how to rule,
and
The foundress of the Babylonian wall,
The Carian Artemisia, strong in war,
The Rhodians that built the seraphim,
Celia, Cornelia, with the Palmyrene,
That fought Aurelianus, and the Roman
broods
Of Aspidochelone.

—New York Post.

MODERN HINDU WOMEN.

Within five short years a great change has come over a section of the native population of Lahore. Children of native gentlemen can be seen being taken out for an airing by ayahs morning and evening. Certain bold men have begun to take out their wives in the evening for a drive in open vehicles.

A week ago we saw the daughter of a man of position walking with her father on the railway platform at Lahore. She dressed in what seemed like an English gown, had English shoes on, and when her husband came up left her father and walked about with him. Her face was quite uncovered. Let those who have relatives in Lahore go there and see for themselves the state of things. They will be going out shoulder to shoulder with their husbands in the evenings, having said good-bye to old restrictions.

A man who would dare reimpose the old manners on his womenkind would receive scant courtesy.—Punjab Journal.

RHEUMATISM IN THE BLOOD

CURE IT BY ENRICHING THE
BLOOD WITH DR. WILLIAMS'
PINK PILLS.

There is only one way by which rheumatism can be cured. It must be treated through the blood. Liniments and outward remedies may give temporary relief, but they only cure the trouble. And while you are experimenting with liniments the trouble is every day becoming more firmly rooted in the system, and more difficult to cure. The poisonous acid that causes rheumatism must be driven out of the blood, and you can only do this by making new, rich, red blood through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mr. Chas. H. Lumley, of Brimford, Ont., is one of the best-known farmers in Lambton County. About three years ago, while Mr. Lumley was engaged in threshing, he became overworked, and the trouble followed by severe chill that started the rheumatic pains. Mr. Lumley says: "I did not think anything of it at the time as I was accustomed to being exposed to all kinds of weather. As a result, I was unable to go about my usual work, and I had severe pains in my arms and legs which I treated at first with the usual home remedies. As these did not help me, and the trouble was growing worse, the family doctor was sent for, but he did not have any better success. He told me I was suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism, and there can be no doubt about it, as I was confined to my home about four months before I was fortunately advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I sent for a supply, and it was not long before I found they were helping me, and by the time I had taken a half dozen boxes the rheumatic pains had disappeared. In other respects the pills also greatly improved my health, and I never felt better in my life than I have since taking them. I therefore most cheerfully recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to other similar sufferers."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make cures of this kind after doctors and common medicines fail, because they actually make new blood. They don't cure the mere symptoms. They go right to the root of the trouble in the blood. That is why this medicine cures anemia, indigestion, neuralgia, palpitation of the heart, and the headache and backaches brought on by the ailments that fill the lives of so many women with misery. Do not take any pills without the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around the box. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

Enormous Cost Of Grand Opera

AMAZING EXPENSE OF PRODUC-
ING IT FOR A SEASON.

Metropolitan's Account Is \$47,000 a
Week; Manhattan's Is \$42,500—Sal-
aries of Leading Singers and Cost of
Scenery.

Maurice Grau was once asked what it cost him to raise the curtain on his "nights of the seven stars," when he cast seven of his greatest singers in the "Huguenots." "Just \$10,000," he answered. "But," he added, "the public paid \$14,000 to hear them."

Figures like these give the outsider some notion of the vast sum which the luxury of expenditure which clocks itself behind the name of grand opera, and allow him to understand why the conduct of the Metropolitan Grand Opera House, New York, can worry two men successively into a living grave.

The total annual output of money alone in one such theatre, to say nothing of the brains and energy lavished upon operative production, seems stupendous. It is estimated that Heinrich Conried has an average of \$7,000 a week for a season of twenty weeks—a little less than a million dollars paid out in salaries and other items (exclusive of scenery, costumes, etc.) from the middle of November till the middle of March. For the same service, Oscar Hammerstein's Metropolitan Grand Opera costs approximately the pretty price of \$42,500 a week for twenty weeks, or \$850,000 a season.

Even such a relatively minor expense as a chorus assumes grand proportions in grand opera. For Mr. Hammerstein, with a chorus of 140 people, pays out about \$250 weekly for their salaries, or \$5,000 a season, and Mr. Conried, with a smaller aggregation of 100 voices, has a chorus salary list of \$2,500 every Saturday night, or \$50,000 for the twenty weeks. And in the term "chorus" the ballet is not included, by any means.

There are about 40 dancers in the ballet, each getting \$25 a week. Then there is the premiere danseuse, who, in Hammerstein's opera, gets \$300 a week for leading the intricate ballets. The cost of the ballet, therefore, amounts to some \$25,000 for the season. These people, who may be said to form the background of the opera, are, for the most part, in the Metropolitan, European singers and dancers; and in the Manhattan are nearly all American-born artists—students who have come to Europe to study.

Formerly opera was sung wholly in Italian. Now Italian opera is given in Italian, and French and German opera in French and German. The management practices to maintain three companies. Where Caruso and Bonci would suffice for a season of French opera, there must now be a French tenor for the French opera, and a German tenor for the German; and the same with the prima donnas, baritones and basses.

And, in addition, another expense under which Mr. Conried labors is brought about by the fact that for each performance, he must maintain three separate casts, so that if Mme. Eames is ill and cannot appear, there is another popular prima donna at once ready to step in and take her place; if the tenor also is indisposed, there is another tenor waiting and prepared, and so on.

Two of the highest salaries in the world today are paid to Caruso and Conried tenors. Each commands a salary of \$10,000 a week. Caruso's contract for his last season, for his contract reads for 30 performances a year, to endure three years, making the sum total of salary for the exclusive use of his voice during the 90 months of his contract \$320,000. That this has started the operatic world, accustomed though it has become to the rising scale of salaries, is shown by the fact that Conried's salary is either can't or won't pay the price, and that Caruso, so far as now known, will not sing there next summer. Paris is anxious to have him, though \$200,000 a night is an unheard-of price there, but he could not be spared for Paris this autumn. In the spring, however, the Paris engagement may be guaranteed.

If he are the approximate prices paid for the most prominent artists in grand opera in New York this year:

MANHATTAN.	
Melba	A performance, \$2,000
Norvick	2,000
Schumann-Heink	1,800
Mary Garden	1,750
Zetzel	1,500
Bass	1,200
Chabrier	1,200
Dalmores	1,000
De Wisneros	1,000
Sammars	1,000

METROPOLITAN.	
Caruso	A performance, \$10,000
Oliver Fremstad	1,800
Olundrich	1,500
Eames	1,500
Bonci	1,200
Albin	1,200
Lina Cavalieri	1,200
Gadski	1,200
Caruso	1,200
Pol Plancon	1,200
Scott	1,000

Among the important new singers are the following:

MANHATTAN.	
Dufrene	A performance, \$900
Carlo Albani	800
Dittler	700
Gerville-Reache	700

METROPOLITAN.	
Berta Morena	A performance, \$900
Barocelli	800
Theodore Chailapine	800
Garlin	700
Felia Dorey	600

Gustav Mahler, one of Conried's new conductors—and the Metropolitan has eight, whether the Manhattan has but three—is an equally high-priced newcomer in the field of New York music.

But the grand opera impresario has other things to think about besides high-salaried singers. He must give his attention to the mechanical effects—effects that cost enormous sums.

Take a spectacular and popular work like "Aida." For example. When the libretto is gone over carefully by every member of the technical staff. The scenic artist turns to his library and consults his books on ancient Egyptian architecture. Then he will construct in miniature out of cardboard each scene, with drops, wings and backdrops, just as it is to appear on the real stage.

Next he will consult the costume designer regarding the colors to be used in the costumes, and having decided these, they will, together with the general artistic director, decide on a general color scheme for each scene. Then the scenic artist will paint on his little cardboard scenes in water color, and set it up complete in a miniature theater on his table. He also will cut out some figures, color them from the suggestions of the costume designer, and place them on his stage. Small as this stage is—not much larger

than a good-sized toy theater—it is equipped with an electric lighting apparatus, and rows of colored footlights and border lights, with lamps about the size of finger nails, and controlled by a switch-board. All the light effects in color used on the real stage can be reproduced here. All these points being settled, the cardboard model is turned over to the actual scene painters, who transfer it, enormously enlarged, to canvas; and so the work goes on the year round. That accounts for an opera house spending over \$60,000 a year on scenery to be added to the enormous equipment it already has on hand.—From an article in the Broadway Magazine.

KING LEOPOLD'S LAST PURCHASE

BUYS ONE OF THE FINEST PROP-
ERTIES IN FRANCE FOR THE
BARONNESS VAUGHAN.

King Leopold, of unsavory fame, who reigns over Belgium while he lives in France, has just purchased another princely estate in the latter country for his favorite the "Baronne de Vaughan." This is the Chateau de Balaucourt, one of the finest properties in the Ile de France.

It contains a superb park, 200 acres in extent, standing within its own walls, its fine old trees are grouped in a way that would have delighted the eye of a Watteau or a Fragonard, and its groves and paths, brooks, its lovely gardens and lakes on which the graceful swans move majestically to and fro would make a fitting background for the joyous festivities of a gallant court.

It is a veritable Versailles in miniature, and the chateau is worthy of the ground which surrounds it. It is an immense manorial residence of mixed architecture, half Louis XVI, half Empire style, and on the Greek front one may still trace the arms of its first possessors, the Marquis de Balaucourt.

The illustrious family, whose chief, a Marshal of France, was one of the most zealous supporters of the Bourbons, has left imperishable souvenirs of its possession in the vast halls, decorated by the master artisans of the eighteenth century. All the apartments of the first and second floors, all the marble chimneys, enriched with chiseled bronze, are decorated with pier glasses representing family portraits. The interior decoration is of the purest Louis XVI. All is white and pearl gray.

M. Boue, who has just sold the Chateau de Balaucourt to the King of the Belgians, was a scholar and an artist. During his tenancy of this princely domain he filled it with fine furniture and ornamented it with refined taste. He is said to have spent \$60,000 on it and only abandoned it with regret because he had no family, and the utter loneliness of the vast dwelling oppressed him.

Unhappily, the "Baronne," who has enormous influence over the King and in whose name the property has been acquired, has decided not to take over the furniture of the previous owner, to suit her taste. "Modern style" will be the keynote of the new decoration, and the refined elegance of past centuries will soon be only a memory of Balaucourt.

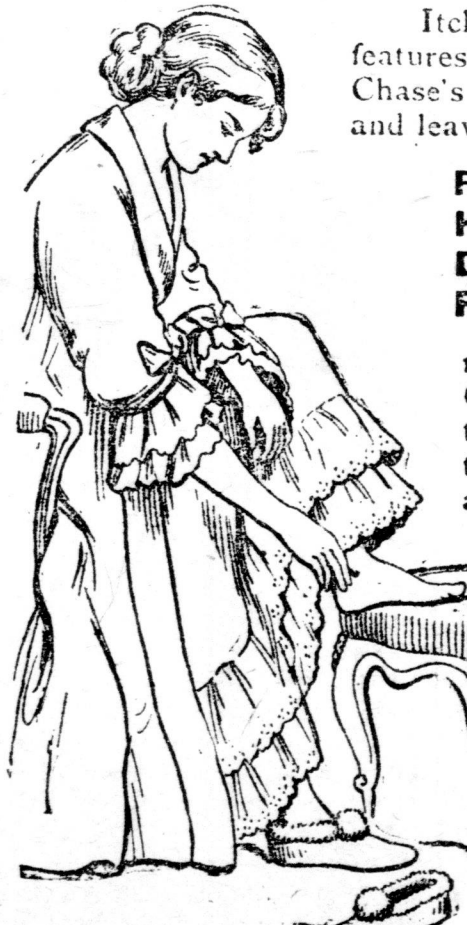
One of the most appreciable attractions of the Belgian sovereign's new estate is that it is only one hour's run in an automobile from Paris, and if he must go to Brussels he can get there in four hours.

RIVAL TO MAMMOTH CAVE.

Some seventeen miles south of Woodbury, Tenn., a magnificent natural arch, some 40 feet in height, overhanging the mouth of Epsy's cave. This cave is a miniature wonder of the world. The arch indicates its great height for some 50 feet back in the cave. At a distance of about 100 feet from the mouth there is a fork in the passageway.

One can go on foot for some 100 feet about a half-mile, until stopped by a pool of water. This water, which is black, completely fills the passage. The walls of the cave are bright with white stone, but

The Persistent Symptom of Eczema is Itching Skin



Itching skin and the difficulty in healing the sores are the two features of eczema which make it the despair of doctors. Dr. Chase's Ointment controls these two symptoms, cures the disease and leaves the skin smooth, natural and healthy.

**Redness and Irritation of the skin,
Heat and Inflammation,
Discharge of Watery Matter,
Formation of a Yellow or Brown Crust,**

mark the stages of eczema. In the majority of cases Dr. Chase's Ointment brings relief from the very first application, but, however, cure is a matter of patient and persistent treatment, for naturally and gradually the raw, flaming sores are soothed and healed, and a new, soft skin is formed.

The following testimonial tells of a cure effected by Dr. Chase's Ointment when the skin

Became Raw Like Beefsteak

Mrs. Edwin W. Cossitt, Sydney, N. S., writes:—"It truly gives me great pleasure to say a good word for Dr. Chase's Ointment. About eight years ago I had a sore come on the top of my foot near the ankle and it turned to eczema and became raw like beefsteak and as large as the palm of my hand."

"I tried three different remedies, but it grew worse and the itching became intense. Hearing about Dr. Chase's Ointment, I began using it and it worked like a charm—five boxes having a complete cure. I have recommended it to my friends as the best ointment ever made. It always itching at once."

Dr. Chase's Ointment

There is no case of eczema too severe for Dr. Chase's Ointment to cure. On this fact rests its world-wide reputation. But at the same time wisdom suggests the advisability of treating every skin eruption, every case of poisoned skin or chafing, every sore or wound, before eczema, with its distressing, agonizing itching, sets in.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY



Successors to
DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

NERVOUS DEBILITY CURED

Excesses and indiscretions are the cause of more sorrow and suffering than all other diseases combined. We see the victims of vicious habits on every hand—their pale, pinched faces, dark, circled eyes, stooping form, stunted development, painful, melancholic countenance and timid bearing prove to all the world his folly and tend to blight his existence. Our treatment positively cures all weak men by overcoming and removing the effects of former indiscretions and excesses. It stops all drains and quickly restores the victim to what nature intended—a healthy and happy man with physical, mental and nerve power complete.

For over 20 years Drs. K. & K. have treated with the greatest success all diseases of men and women.

If you have any secret disease that is a worry and a menace to your health consult old established physicians who do not have to experiment on you.

We guarantee to cure NERVOUS DEBILITY, BLOOD DISEASES, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES. Consult, Von Free. If unable to call, write for a question blank for home treatment.

Located in Our Own Office Building.
DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY
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Cowan's Maple Buds

They are an excellent confection.

Cowan's Cream Bars Milk Chocolate, etc.

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The Finnan Haddie, Kipper Herrings, Herrings in Tomato Sauce, and Sardines, packed in tins bearing the "Brunswick Brand," are the "pick of the catch"—the soundest, tastiest fish, chock full of nutriment—and prepared in the most cleanly and appetizing manner.

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Black's Harbor, N.B.

"Building shall be cheaper." Mr. Edison's \$100,000 proof and day-proof "cement house" proves what he claims for it, he will have bestowed a greater boon on humanity than if he had built "motor houses" had painted out twice as well as he had hoped—Boston Post.

YOUNG WOMEN



Young women are often great sufferers for want of proper advice at just the right time.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., has always insisted to young girls a special invitation to write to her about their sickness. She is a mother, and fully understands.

In nine chances out of ten your case will be just the same as that of the young lady whose letter follows.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

is what you need to restore health. Miss M. R. Morin, 355 Ontario St., Montreal, writes to Mrs. Pinkham: "I was in very poor health and doctored for months, receiving very little benefit. I had lost all ambition, was nervous, and subject to dizzy spells and painful periods each month. A friend suggested Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as the proper medicine for me. I procured a bottle of this remedy and began taking, and before it was finished, I felt so much better that I continued its use and gave it a thorough test, with the result I am to-day well and a much healthier girl than I was three years ago. I have no more painful periods, dizziness or nervous troubles."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion, dizziness, nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

SIDELIGHTS ON NOTABLE PEOPLE BY THE MARQUISE DE FONTENAY

Lord William Nevill, fourth son of the Marquis of Abergavenny, K. G., has just been released on a ticket of leave two full months before the completion of the term of a year's imprisonment with hard labor, to which he was sentenced about Easter time last year for swindling a pawnbroker.

And, judging by the fact that Lady William's automobile fetched him from the Wormwood Scrubs Prison and that she sent him clothes which enabled him to emerge from the penitentiary as spick and span and as well groomed as if he never had left Pica-dilly, it would seem as if this devoted woman were determined to still stand by the husband who has brought upon her so much sorrow and disgrace.

She is the sister of Frank Murrietta, a daughter of the head of the formerly great Anglo-Spanish banking house of Murrietta, who received the title of Marquis de Santurce from the late king of Spain.

Lord William became a convert to the Roman Catholic Church in 1891, to marry her; but in spite of her generosity towards him he was constantly in financial trouble and, it may be remembered, was convicted in 1889 for swindling William Waldorf Astor's son-in-law, Capt. Herbert Spender Clay of the Second Life Guards, out of a large sum of money, and was sentenced to five years' penal servitude.

He served his term, the latter part of it at Parkhurst Prison, in the Isle of Wight, where the governor happened to be one of his relatives, and, instead of lying low after being restored to liberty, seemed bent on keeping his name before the public, even going so far as to publish a widely-advertised book entitled "Labour in which he, without any attempt to conceal his identity, described his experiences as a penal servitude convict.

Last year he again fell into the clutches of the police. The fraud for which he was arrested and might have been the familiar one of artfully recovering jewelry which he had pledged and substituting in its stead, unnoticed by the pawnbroker, articles of no value.

In this particular instance he had managed to substitute, without the knowledge of the pawnbroker, a couple of lumps of coal wrapped up in tissue paper for some of Lady William's jewelry, on which he had obtained a loan of a couple of thousand dollars.

As the box containing the jewelry was sealed up with his own seal, on the understanding that it was not to be broken by the pawnbroker unless, after the expiration of twelve months, the articles had not been redeemed or the ticket renewed, the fraud might never have been discovered had not one of the partners of the pawnbroking firm died, which necessitated a careful examination of the stock and pledges.

Lady William at once offered to pay the pawnbroker in full, but neither the police nor the public prosecutor would permit the case to be compromised, in view of the fact that Lord Nevill was an ex-convict, and accordingly he was given another term in the penitentiary.

At the time of the last trial it developed that the fortunes of the House of Murrietta are now sufficiently restored to furnish an income of some £20,000 or so to Lady William, mainly derived from mining property in Spain.

A few months before his last conviction Lord William was examined in the county court with regard to his resources in connection with some debts which he had contracted and which he was unable to pay; and was able to prove that he had received nothing whatever from his father, the old Marquis of Abergavenny, nor from any members of his own family, but was entirely dependent upon the charity of his wife and of her relatives.

He likewise volunteered the information that the book which he had published on his prison experiences had brought him all told but \$1,500, in spite of the immense amount of advertising it received on both sides of the Atlantic, and he added that even this \$1,500 had been seized by his creditors. His statement that he received an allowance from his wife's father can have caused no surprise, for those endowed with good memories must have recalled the fact that at the outset of Lord William's trouble in connection with Capt. Spender Clay the Marquis of Abergavenny issued a notification in the newspapers to the effect that his son, Lord William Nevill, had been disowned by him and that he had ceased to have any connection with Lord Abergavenny's family, and would never be permitted to hold any intercourse with them again.

Lord Abergavenny (whose name must be pronounced Abergenny) was for many years the president of the Conservative Union and machine in England, and it was in his carriage that the late Lord Beaconsfield and Lord Salisbury made their triumphant entry into London when they returned home at the close of the congress of Berlin in 1878, proclaiming "Peace with honor."

Although Lord Abergavenny bears the same arms and the same patronymic as the great Earl of Warwick, the kingmaker, portrayed by Bulwer Lytton as "The Last of the Barons," yet he is descended not from that most famous of all Nevills but from Sir Edward Nevill, an uncle of the kingmaker, and, through his mother, a grandson of John of Gaunt, therefore a great-grandson of King Edward III.

Lord Abergavenny and also his ex-convict son, Lord William Nevill, have the blood of the Plantagenet kings in their veins. This Sir Edward Nevill, uncle of the kingmaker, was created Lord Bervagny in 1450, having inherited the castle and lands of Bervagny through his wife, granddaughter and heiress of William Beauchamp lord of Bervagny.

From that time forth the Barony of Bervagny has descended without interruption in the male line of the Nevills, the seventeenth baron being promoted to an earldom at the beginning of the eighteenth century, while the present and fifth earl and twenty-first baron has been raised to a marquessate.

It was the ninth baron who, in the reign of King James, changed the name of his title from Bervagny to Abergavenny.

The old marquess is known in the country around Nevill Hall, Abergavenny, the Welsh town from which he takes his title, as "the king of Monmouth," but makes his principal home at Eridge Castle, near Tonbridge, in Kent, which has been in the possession of his family for more than five centuries, and which includes a grand old deer park, widely renowned for its picturesque beauty, and which remains today much the same as described in the Domesday Book, compiled in the reign of William the Conqueror.

Queen Elizabeth is on record as having spent a week there at Eridge Castle in 1573 as the guest of the Lord Bervagny of the day—in fact, of the Lord Bervagny who was appointed by her to sit in judgment upon Mary Queen of Scots.

Lord Abergavenny, who celebrated his 80th birthday by a dinner to all his employees at Eridge Castle, insisting upon his old chief butler taking a seat at his right hand, much to that worthy's perturbation, is so generally popular that he has come in for a considerable amount of sympathy in connection with the sorrows which he has sustained through his children.

For, while Lord William Nevill has become in every sense of the word an outcast, with no regard for the traditions of his house nor for its ancient motto of "Ne vile velis" (wish nothing base), the old marquess's eldest son and heir, the Earl of Lewes, has long been under restraint as incurably insane, while his twin daughters, Rose and Violet, have each of them figured in an extremely sensational manner in the divorce court—Lady Violet, it is true, having the decree granted in her favor and against her first husband, while the Earl of Lewes, who is now married to Robert Middleton of Chirk Castle, Denbigh, but persists in retaining her title of Countess of Cowley, while the other twin, Lady Rose, after being divorced by John Leigh, now is married to the co-respondent in her divorce case—namely, the Earl of Cottenham. She recently came before the public in order to prosecute a former fair friend of her, treating husband for having passed herself off as the Countess of Cottenham, and for having purchased articles on credit in her name. Lord Cottenham, who is several years the junior if his wife, is the head of the House of Pepps, to which the author of the famous diary belonged.

Only two lives of young boys under fourteen years stand between the Earl of Airlie, the possession of the grand old Cossachy Castle, in Forfarshire, and valuable estates extending over an area of near 100,000 acres in England and Scotland, and the Hon. Lyulph Ogilvy, who, decorated with the distinguished service order for bravery in the Boer war, and a member of King Edward's own ultra smart Marlborough Club in London, is now employed as night watchman at the Union Pacific freight depot at Denver, Colorado, at \$15 a week. The Ogilvys have always been renowned for their combativeness, and for their unconventionality, and the late earl's brother, Lyulph, is no exception to the rule. For he has quarreled with his relatives in England to such an extent, in consequence of their alleged failure to accord proper treatment and recognition to his American wife, daughter of a farmer in Larimer County, Colorado, that his allowance from home was stopped, and this in conjunction with failure of crops, and bad luck with his cattle, rendered him unable to pay the interest on the mortgages with which his big ranch in Reid County, Col., was encumbered. In consequence thereof, foreclosure ensued, and the Hon. Lyulph, with his wife and his two children, have been compelled to abandon their home, and to migrate to Denver, where they are now occupying a workman's cottage in the poorest district of the city.

Lyulph Ogilvy, first went to America with his father, the seventh earl, some twenty-five years ago, and it was the old peer who put the name of the ranch in Colorado where he conducted farming on a large scale until recently. On the outbreak of the war with Spain he enlisted in the First Colorado Infantry, but fearing it would not get him back to the States, he transferred to the Rough Riders. The Colorado regiment saw a good deal of active service in the Philippines, but the Rough Riders, much to the disgust of Ogilvy, never left America, on the conclusion of the conflict, he was mustered out, went back to his ranch, and remained there until the Boer war, when he at once left for South Africa.

After a perilous trip across the veldt he fell in with Brabant's irregular Horse, enlisted as a private, and by the time that peace was declared had won a captaincy. In that same war his eldest brother, the late Earl of Airlie, after being three times wounded during the earlier stages of the conflict, was finally killed at Beers, Gabaek, near Pretoria, while leading a charge of the regiment which he commanded, namely, the Twelfth Lancers.

It was after Lyulph Ogilvy's return to America, that he contracted the marriage to which his family took exception, and which, it is said, was largely due to his sense of loneliness resulting from the fact that his sister, Lady Maude, of whom he was very fond, had given up her home in Colorado for that of her husband, Theodore Whyte, of Estes Park. He is a man of many oddities in spite of which he has always been extremely popular among the ranchmen, and cow punchers, of the western states, and renowned for his splendid horsemanship and his ability to stick to the back of any bucking broncho.

One of his fads used to be his insistence on being awakened at daybreak, whether he rose from his bed or turned over to sleep again. Now daybreak is somewhat indefinite, and on the occasion of one of his periodical visits to Denver, he believed that he had reason to complain of disregard of his wishes in the matter of being called, at the leading hotel where he was staying. Finding that his remonstrances remained without avail, he resorted to heroic measures, and came one evening into the hotel with a large paper parcel under his arm, which he very carefully carried up to his room. At the top of the parcel, lying down on the following morning, he found the body of a bird, on which his room was situated, were rudely awakened by the shrill crowing of an able-bodied rooster, the lungs of which were apparently made of leather. Investigation brought to light the fact that the noise proceeded from Capt. Ogilvy's apartment, where the bird was found, and only surrendered by its owner on the condition that there would be no further trouble about his being called at daybreak while he remained at the hotel.

The Ogilvys are one of the oldest houses in Scotland, and formed what the Germans describe as the "Uradel." For they are descended from one of the seven great hereditary chiefs of Scotland, who in the thirteenth century exchanged the title of chief for earl. From that time forth until the present day, their name has figured almost without interruption in the pages of Scotland's history, especially in those pages that are devoted to the record of war. An Ogilvy raised a regiment for Charles I. and a hundred years later another Ogilvy performed the same service for "Bonnie Prince Charlie." The Ogilvys fought and suffered for Mary Queen of Scots, and received the title of earl of Airlie, the head of the house, for their devotion to Charles I. The second Earl of Airlie was taken prisoner at the battle of Philiphaugh, and sentenced to death, but escaped on the night before the day set for his execution, disguised in the clothes of his sister. When James II, last of the Stuart kings, marched

against William of Orange at Salisbury, Lord Airlie at the head of 200 soldiers, acted, as bodyguard of the king.

Needless to add that the Ogilvys were subjected to much persecution at the hands of the English Government on account of their championship of Stuart cause during the reigns of William and Mary, of Queen Anne, of George I., and of George II. Their honors were attained, and both the men and the women of the family were proclaimed as enemies to the crown, and compelled to seek refuge on the continent, meeting with all sorts of romantic adventures.

Indeed if the eldest son of David Lord Ogilvy was born on Scottish soil, it was because the beautiful Lady Ogilvy, although a warrant was out for her imprisonment and indictment for treason, braved very danger and risk to Scotland, in order to give birth there to her boy, lest his rights to the family estates should be weakened by his being brought into the world in a foreign land. It was only at the beginning of the nineteenth century, that is to say, in 1826, that the attainder was removed, by act of parliament, and the cadet of Airlie restored to the head of the House of Ogilvy, in the person of the grand-father of Capt. Lyulph Ogilvy.

Let me add in conclusion that Capt. Lyulph Ogilvy's sister-in-law, the Hon. Lady Ogilvy, is now one of the principal ladies in waiting to the Princess of Wales. A sister, Lady Clementine, is the wife of Lord Rededeale, who under his former name of Bertie Miford, is known as the author of a number of other books about the land of the rising sun, where he formerly served as secretary of legation. Lady Blanche, another sister, is the wealthy widow of the late Sir Henry Hozier, so long secretary and manager of Lloyd's, while still another sister, Lady Griselda Cheyne, won fame for herself as a hospital nurse prior to her marriage.

Lord Clifden's eldest son and heir, the Hon. D. C. Agar Robartes, has just been elected without opposition as a Liberal member of parliament for the St. Austell division of Cornwall, and thus is restored to parliament, from which he was removed some two years ago in consequence of the invalidation of his election for the Bodmin division of Cornwall.

He had been elected by an overwhelming Liberal majority for the Bodmin division, his Conservative adversary never having even the slightest chance of winning, but was unseated in consequence of a queer technical breach of the election laws, perpetrated not by himself but by his mother.

It seems that Lady Clifden, whose husband owns some 70,000 acres of land in Cornwall and Cambridge, gave a garden party at Lanhedock, her country place in Cornwall, it being understood that the entertainment was in connection with the vicar's presidency of the Liberal Association of Cornwall.

Unfortunately it occurred in the midst of the campaign preceding the last general election, and after young Agar Robartes had taken his seat in parliament and introduced one or two promising bills, the defeated Conservative candidate lodged a petition against his election on the ground that he and his friends and agents had rendered themselves guilty of violation of the statutes against corruption in parliamentary matters.

The affair was brought into court and tried in the usual fashion, without jury, and a decree was rendered against Agar Robartes invalidating his election on the ground that Lady Clifden, by giving her garden party, had violated that section of the anti-corruption law which prohibits treating in parliamentary campaigns.

The law in question runs as follows: "Any person who, either himself or by proxy, either before, during, or after the election, directly or indirectly, gives, provides, or pays for, either wholly or in part, any meat, drink, entertainment, or provision to or for persons entitled to vote," and also, "any elector who accepts such meat, drink, entertainment, or provision, or the equivalent thereof," shall be held guilty of bribery.

The decision against Agar Robartes, in addition to depriving him of his seat in parliament, debarred him from being elected to the House of Commons—that is to say, from the Bodmin division of East Cornwall, where his home and the greater part of his father's landed property are situated—for a period of seven years.

Poor Lady Clifden, who is a charming woman and who certainly never had any idea of rendering herself guilty of bribery, was subpoenaed in the case, compelled to testify in court, and made to feel that by giving the garden party in question—for her husband, not for her son—she virtually had exposed herself to punishment by imprisonment and, besides, depriving her son of his seat in the House of Commons.

Lord Clifden is the lord lieutenant of Cambridgeshire, was formerly known as Lord Robartes, and is indebted to his possession of Wimborne Hall and the former estates of the Earls of Hardwicke in Cambridge to the foreclosure of a mortgage. He is enormously rich and owner of the most valuable tin mines in Great Britain, which have this peculiarity, that they extend for several miles under the sea. They yield him an income of about \$2,000,000 a year.

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Quick cure for the worst cough—quick relief to the heaviest cold—SAFE and sure, even for a child.
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WINNIPEG. TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL.
PROTECT YOURSELF BY REFUSING SUBSTITUTES.

WOMEN WHO HAVE POSED AS MEN

SOME REMARKABLE CASES OF
SUCCESSFUL MASQUERADING
WHICH ONLY DEATH RE-
VEALED.

Modern science, proceeding inexorably along the lines of the evolutionary theory, has reached the Utilitarian of deductive reasoning regarding the beginning of animal life in the declaration that, originally, there was but one sex—and that sex was female.

And the modern science of physiology stands ready to concede that today, in either sex, some traits of the other persist—that in every man there remains something of the original woman; and, in every woman, something of the original man.

The remarkable change which has come over the nature of Halloween masquerading has been so obvious that erudition and science, ever notorious for falling to discern what was constantly under their learned eyes, have thus far overlooked it entirely. But both of them have devoted immense patience and study to conspicuous, individual cases that have presented themselves in the history of mankind, from the famous instance of the Chevalier d'Eon, who mystified all Europe a century ago, to the strange romance of Nicolai de Raylan, the man-woman who was an attaché of the Russian consulate at Chicago for years, was married and was everywhere regarded as a man, and proved to be a woman in many ways only when death, from consumption, in Phoenix, Arizona, made the real sex indisputable.

Those cases, wide as was the interest they awakened, have been surpassed in strangeness by many others, of which the records are preserved by all authorities concerned with the vagaries of the human race.

HAVE MARRIED WOMEN.

Women have drunk, smoked, chewed, gambled, fought, worked and made love—yes, married again and again—in the role of men; and they "carried on" the deception for years, to have their sex discovered only when death set his fatal stamp upon the forgery they had so dearly cherished.

There was Murray Hall, almost the whole of whose mature life—she died at the age of 70 in New York, half a dozen years ago—was passed as a henchman of Tammany Hall, while she maintained an intelligence office at 165 Sixth avenue.

When she was 45 years old she married Celia F. Lowe, in the lower Sixth Avenue Presbyterian Church; and the couple lived together until the "wife" died after nearly a quarter of a century. The wife had all a wife's troubles, for Murray Hall drank like any man, and "she" had a better taste than most men in the selection of women other than his wife, whom he chose to make love to and treat in saloons.

The Hall couple adopted a daughter, who grew up to be a good and handsome girl and inherited Murray Hall's life fortune in millions.

Scarcely ten months elapsed before Charles Winslow Hall, of Boston, bound from New York for Naples with his wife, died on board the steamship Citta de Tereno, of consumption. He had lived a man's life aboard ship, drinking and smoking with the other men, and it was only when the vessel's surgeon had to be called in, with Hall aboard to die, that the captain under a promise of secrecy, which could not be preserved, learned his passenger was a woman.

The body was sent to the parents, Mr. and Mrs. John B. Hall, of Boston, for and their handsome daughter Caroline, endowed with an artistic talent exceeding that of her father, one of Boston's successful architects.

LIKE ROSA BONHEUR.

The girl had lived abroad since she was 12. While studying art in Milan she donned man's attire, and a la Rosa Bonheur, and not a few of Rosa's emulators in the Milan studio. Once a man, always a man, would seem to be the motto of women like the Halle. Good looking, artistic, well-drinking and smoking with strong, well-defined features and a deep alto voice could never bring herself to relinquish the novel advantages and opportunities appertaining to her sterner sex.

Dr. Mary Walker, for motives which the world learned to respect, could assume man's garb and remain the respectable woman she was before she conceived it a duty to personify protesting femininity; and Louise Michel, in order to penetrate into the Russia she sought to stir into revolt, never hesitated to enhance the effectiveness

MAGIC BAKING POWDER GILLETTE'S PERFUMED LYE GILLETTE'S CREAM TARTAR.

When your dealer, in filling your order for any of above goods, reaches for a substitute, **STOP HIM.** That is the time to do it. It is too late when you get home, and the package opened, partially used and found wanting, as is generally the case with substitutes.

There are many reasons why you should ask for the above well advertised articles, but absolutely none why you should let a substituting dealer palm off something which he claims to be "just as good," or "better" or "the same thing" as the article you ask for.

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Eaten hot with poached eggs for breakfast it is unsurpassed. Hot or cold it is always ready in cases of emergency. Order from your dealer. Purity and quality guaranteed by the stamp "Canada Approved Establishment 24," and by the name

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Woman out of 720 is born with a man's brain in a woman's body.

But Miss Hall, like Murray Hall, De Krafft-Ebling, the famous German psychologist, has found that one man out of every 350 has a woman's brain in a man's body; and he finds, too, that with the advance of civilization the proportion increases.—Philadelphia North American.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DISTEMPER.

Dr. Cyrus Edison estimates that one

about in company with a "wife."

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