

40TH YEAR. NO. 16889.

LONDON, ONTARIO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1903.

PRICE ONE CENT.

EVIDENCE FOR DEFENSE IN GAMEY CHARGES NOW ALL IN

But Their Lordships Wish to Hear Further Evidence in
Regard to the Aylesworth Letter.

BUT TWO MORE WITNESSES TO BE EXAMINED

It Is Then the Intention of the Commission to Adjourn Until
Tuesday—Mr. Conmee, M.P.P., Testifies to Gamey's State-
ments as to Being an Independent.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Ont., May 6.—The commission was late in sitting this morning. At 11:20 their lordships, Chancellor Boyd and Mr. Justice Falconbridge, entered, and the first witness was at once called. This was Mr. James Conmee, M. P. P. for West Algoma. Witness knew Mr. Gamey for some years. Since the last elections he had seen the member for Manitoulin at least twice. At the Rossin House, Toronto, between the 4th and 11th of June, Mr. Gamey, in a conversation with witness, said he had made up his mind to give the Government independent support. Later witness met Gamey on a train from Sudbury to the Soo. Gamey repeated his statement, also telling witness something he heard from Conservatives in the Soo election. They had told Gamey more effective work could be done with a few gallons of whisky than in any other way.

MR. GAMEY'S BIG PLANS.

To Mr. Ritchie witness admitted that both he and Gamey were agreed that the Government should adopt his recommendation. Mr. Gamey had plans for the erection of a smelter and the matter of a company building it with Government assistance. Mr. Gamey would be a detriment. Witness had told him he thought it would make no difference. It was then that Mr. Gamey had said he was not an extreme party man and was willing to give an independent support to the Ross Administration. Witness himself had said he had accepted his nomination with the understanding that he should exercise his independent judgment. "You are still in good standing with the Liberals?" asked Mr. Ritchie. "I hope so," said the witness.

THE WITNESS' MOXY.

In the cross-examination of Mr. Conmee, Mr. Ritchie brought out the fact that the witness had about \$3,000, possibly \$800 of which he had in bank in the Ontario Bank. This he had about the month of June, carrying it about for several weeks. On July 7 witness

returned to the city and about that time paid \$1,000 to Mr. Gamey for the matter of the Manitoulin protest. He received no receipt for it. Though witness' money was up and he had been told by Mr. Gamey the latter would support the Government, witness did not communicate with Mr. Gamey (who had charge of the protests for the Liberals). A great deal of time was devoted to going over the same ground, duty being encountered in getting the witness to fix dates and to distinguish in which interviews certain references were made.

Reverting to the matter of the Manitoulin protest, witness admitted sending a man from Port Arthur to the island to gather evidence. He objected to giving the man's name, and their lordships held it was unnecessary. The money he put up for protest deposit did not come from a campaign fund. Witness had heard of no such fund.

ALL EVIDENCE IN.
To Mr. Riddell witness said that in his conversation with Sheriff Jackson, of Gore Bay, the latter had said he was sure Gamey would support the Government. This interview probably took place in September. Mr. Conmee stepped down from the witness box at 12:35 o'clock. Mr. Johnston then stated that the evidence was all in for the defense, and that at a conference of the counsel it was concluded nothing was to be gained by prolonging the investigation.

Unless their lordships had something to suggest he thought every day was wasted. The commissioners conferred with each other for a few moments and then Chancellor Boyd said that there were a few points yet that might be investigated or should anything arise in the course of the summing up further evidence might be given. For instance the commissioners thought that Mr. Jones, of Beeton, should be called to explain what he meant by "acting manager," and also that the matter of the Aylesworth letter getting into the Premier's possession should be called in evidence. The commissioners left the matter of whether it was advisable to call ministers of the crown to the counsel. The prosecution will call Mr. Gamey and Mr. Barnett this afternoon and the arrangement is to adjourn then until Tuesday next. Nothing was given out as to the examination of some Ontario Bank books before the session closed this morning, which was conducted in camera by the commissioners.

For Tuesday Afternoon's Evidence See Page Three.

CLEAN LINEN SCARCE

Chinese Making a Good Thing Out of
Chicago Laundry Strike.

Chicago, May 6.—Serious as is the shortage in clean linen and nappery in this city, this week promises to bring a far worse condition of affairs unless the laundry workers' strike is ended. Rather than continue doing business with a crippled working force, every large steam laundry in the city will close. The proprietors have decided that even the suburban laundries must lock out their workers. Last night they sent a committee to Evanston to request the firms there to join in the fight, and yesterday their places were closed.

MINERS ATTACKED BY PARASITES; OVER 20,000 MEN ARE AFFECTED

Disease So Far Has Baffled the
Doctors and All Remedies
Have Failed.

Berlin, May 6.—The coal mining industry in Westphalia is being seriously hampered by sickness among the miners, which has recently spread so rapidly that the sickness has become almost universal. Twenty thousands men are affected. Some of the pits have 90 per cent of their workers disabled. The disease has hitherto baffled the doctors, and all remedies have failed. Temporary barracks and isolation hospitals are being erected to prevent the spread of the disease and to enable scientific investigation. The person attacked for weeks and sometimes months. The crippling of the mines is affecting affiliated industries. Some days ago a Berlin dispatch reported an outbreak of a similar disease among the miners of Silesia.

Pretender Assassinated.

Madrid, May 6.—A dispatch to the Imperial from Melilla, Morocco, says it is rumored there that the Pretender has been assassinated in his camp at Zelonan.

PERE MARQUETTE PLANS.

Line From St. Thomas to Falls to
Be Completed.

Windsor, Ont., May 6.—The directors of the Pere Marquette Railway, recently acquired the L. E. and D. R. R. at the meeting at Walkerville yesterday decided that the work of completing the Canadian division of the road from St. Thomas to Niagara Falls should be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible, as the prospects for a large carrying business over the road are now assured.

Bank Janitor Killed.

Charlotte, Mich., May 6.—Janitor Phineas Ballard, of the First National Bank, was shot twice through the body and fatally wounded while at work after the close of banking hours last night. The weapon used was a revolver, which is kept constantly in the cage occupied by the paying teller. The back door was unlocked, indicating that some person had passed out. Nothing was disturbed, the vault not having been tampered with. The object of the shooting it a mystery.

Britain and Germany.

London, May 6.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times says there is a marked absence of German comment on the toasts offered by King Edward and President Loubet at the banquet at the Elisee Palace on Sunday. British-German relations are perfectly normal and friendly, a fact which may perhaps find reflection in the expression of the year King Edward pays a state visit to the Berlin court.

An Albanian Rumor.

Vienna, May 6.—An unconfirmed rumor current here that Albanians have murdered the Turkish general of the Uskub district.

Murder at Sea.

Sydney, N. S., May 6.—The steamer Unique has arrived here from Glasgow with a general cargo for the Nova Scotia Steel Company. Sunday night while off the coast a row occurred on the steamer, and a negro seaman was stabbed by a Spaniard in the abdomen so badly that he cannot live. The Spaniard was put in irons and handed over to the police at North Sydney.

POACHING AMERICANS

U. S. Cutter Captures Six Fishermen
in Canadian Waters.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 6.—The Canadian revenue cutter Petrel swooped down upon a party of six American fishermen yesterday, who, it is alleged, were drawing nets within the shore limit in Canadian waters. The fishermen were in a sixty-foot gasoline launch and two smaller boats. Two of the men escaped by rowing to the shore, but where the revenue cutter could not follow them. The launch and the other boat containing four men were captured and taken to Port Colborne.

FATHER WALZER FREED

Charge of Murdering Miss Reichlin
Withdrawn.

Lorain, Ohio, May 6.—Father Ferdinand Walzer, arrested last Saturday morning in connection with the murder of Agatha Reichlin, was brought to this city last night from the county jail at Elyria and discharged from the charge of murder which was placed against him at that time. Mayor King went through the formalities of reading the warrant for Walzer's arrest, and his attorney, E. G. Johnson, entered a plea of not guilty. Prosecuting Attorney Stroup addressing his honor, said there was not sufficient evidence to hold the priest, and the mayor then released him.

FIERCE COMBAT WITH THE SEA

Experience of French Fishing
Schooner.

SEVEN MEN SWEEP OVERBOARD

Crew Was Finally Rescued by the
Gallant Work of British
Sailors.

New York, May 6.—Twenty-three survivors of the crew of the French fishing brig Ile De Terre Neuve, of St. Servan, France, reached here today on the German-American Petroleum Company's steamer Phoebe, from Hamburg. The Ile De Terre Neuve was swept by a hurricane, April 26, and seven men were washed overboard. Of these four were rescued. Three days later the wreck was sighted by the Phoebe and the survivors were taken on board the steamer. The brig was set on fire. Capt. Sieghart, the helpless mariners at 2 o'clock in the morning. A lifeboat was launched with great difficulty owing to the heavy sea. Finally the rescuers reached the brig and found 22 men huddled at the bow of the wrecked boat. The brig was in the trough of the sea, rolled under the stern of the wreck and a line was passed to her. The crew were huddled together. Some jumped overboard and were hauled into the boat. Four trips were made by the lifeboat crew, and soon after dawn the captain of the brig set fire to the wreck and went ashore. In the morning the count of the wreck he said a large steamer passed in the night of April 28, and replied to distress signals, but on account of the heavy gale was obliged to proceed. When the wreck was abandoned she had six feet of water in the hold. The brig was about 30 years old and carried a small cargo of salt.

MICHIGAN GHOULS

They Steal Bodies of Father and
Daughter.

Appleton, Wis., May 6.—Inquiries of relatives in this city, have revealed a case of wholesale grave robbing in Benton township, near St. Joseph, Mich. Mrs. W. F. Montgomery, of Appleton, recently made arrangements to have the remains of an uncle, David N. Brown, who died twelve years ago at St. Joseph, and was buried in Benton township, exhumed and interred in the cemetery at Crystal Springs, and also the body of his daughter, who was killed a short time before him. When the graves were opened last week it was discovered that the bodies had been removed, presumably soon after burial. Relatives at St. Joseph in Benton township have no theory of the motive for the deed, unless the bodies were stolen by ghouls for sale to a medical college. An investigation made since the discovery of the robbery of the Brown family graves, shows wholesale robberies of numerous graves in the vicinity, but none of them was recent.

THE PERSONATION CASES

Frawley Was Fined \$400 and Costs
of the Court.

Toronto, May 6.—Jim Frawley was convicted before Judge McCrimmon of personation at polling subdivision No. 24, South Toronto, on the vote of the liquor act on Dec. 3. He was fined \$400 and costs. If not paid within two months Frawley will suffer another fine. The case against J. J. Derrach was dismissed, and that against J. J. McNally, who has left the country, was withdrawn. Mr. Mills, for the province, reported to the Government on all cases with a view to having measures passed regarding this offense.

Four New Cruisers.

London, May 5.—Plans and designs are well advanced by the admiralty for the construction of four armored cruisers, which, with 23,000 horsepower, are to develop a speed of 22 knots an hour. They will be armored on citadels, which will enable them to dispense with casemates.

BULGARIA WARNED BY THE SULTAN

She Is Held Directly Responsible
for the Outrages.

ALBANIAN CHIEFS ARRESTED

Rioting Is Frequent in the Streets of
Constantinople—Turkey Orders
Out Army Corps.

Constantinople, May 6.—The irritation of Turkish official circles against Bulgaria is constantly growing more acute and the government of that principality has been formally notified in rigorous language that the Porte holds it responsible for the outrages arising from the freedom of action which the Macedonian agitators living in Bulgaria have been allowed. It is reported that the Porte has decided to mobilize the whole of the second and third army corps, stationed at Adrianople and Salonica respectively.

The police of Constantinople have arrested about 60 Bulgarians and have made numerous domiciliary visits, including one to the residence of the secretary of the Bulgarian diplomatic agency, whose papers were seized. They were, however, subsequently restored, as nothing compromising was discovered therein. Alarming reports are in circulation regarding outrages which are said to be projected here for today. The military and police guards in this city and its suburbs have been considerably strengthened.

In the district of Pristina, Albania, 22 Albanian chiefs, leaders of the opposition to the reforms, have been arrested. The Sultan's reform commission still is at Ipek, Albania, on which place Turkish troops are advancing with the object of dispersing the hostile Albanians in that vicinity.

Vienna, May 6.—Advices received here from Salonica say that notwithstanding the fact that hundreds of Bulgarians have been arrested, street fights are constantly taking place. Women and children, especially young girls, take a prominent part in these disturbances. It is asserted that bomb outrages have been planned in all the towns of Macedonia. Bombs have been discovered at Uskub, on Turkey (60 miles from Salonica), where the Turkish population is greatly excited, fearing a massacre.

London, May 6.—A news agency correspondent at Salonica, writing under date of May 1, says tragic incidents have not been wanting in recent disturbances there. A Swiss woman of the name of M. Brunner found her husband lying dead on the street.

A French subject called on the authorities to arrest three Bulgarians, who had been arrested, and killed at the recent disturbances. The soldiers who were sent in reply to the request forced their way into the house, wrecking it in doing so, and the Bulgarians fled. The presence of their unwilling hosts.

An Austrian battleship and torpedo-boat destroyer arrived at Salonica today the dispatch was sent. The Bulgarians have been arrested and this morning caused confusion and excitement. He disclaims responsibility for the consequences if the presence of these warships should encourage the development of a revolution or outbreak of fury on the part of the Turks.

ANOTHER SLIDE LIKELY.

Turtle Mountain May Again Send
Down Rocks.

Ottawa, May 6.—The Deputy Minister of the Interior has received the following from Mr. William Pearce at Calgary: "Movement of upper portion of cliff between Saturday night and this morning causes conclusion no explosive necessary. Probably if tried not effective. Road around slide being constructed by railway and will be ready in a few days. Regarding damming river channel, while slide continues nothing can be done."

WEATHER BULLETIN

Wednesday, May 6.
Sun rises, 5:04 a.m. Moon rises, 2:22 a.m.
Sun sets, 7:24 p.m. Moon sets, 2:28 p.m.
Tomorrow: Warmer.
Toronto, May 5-8 p.m.
Showers have occurred again today in New Ontario and the Maritime Provinces, while in all other parts of the Dominion the weather has been fine, with a tendency towards higher temperatures. No marked changes are indicated at present.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 24-29; Kelowna, 24-30; Vancouver, 24-32; Qu'Appelle, 24-38; Winnipeg, 24-38; Port Arthur, 24-36; Pelly Sound, 24-38; Toronto, 32-36; Ottawa, 36-42; Montreal, 36-42; Quebec, 34-38; Halifax, 33-48.
Wednesday, May 6-8 a.m.
FORECASTS.
Today—Moderate winds, mostly southerly; fair.
Tomorrow—Easterly winds; fair; stationary or a little higher temperatures.
Temperatures.
Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Weather.
Calgary 32 32 Fair
Winnipeg 32 32 Fair
Vancouver 32 32 Fair
Toronto 32 32 Fair
Ottawa 32 32 Fair
Montreal 32 32 Fair
Quebec 32 32 Fair
Father Point 32 32 Fair

The shallow barometric depression, accompanied by showery weather, which was just to the westward of the great lakes yesterday, has entirely disappeared, and high barometer readings and fair, moderately warm weather now prevails from Quebec westward to the Pacific. Local temperatures: Tuesday—Highest, 94°; lowest, 28°.

EMPEROR OF HAYTI

Yale's Negro Orator Asked to Accept
the Position.

New Haven, Conn., May 6.—William Pickens, of Little Rock, Ark., the colored orator of Yale, 1904, who captured the Ten Eyck prize in February, has received an invitation to become the head of an Afro-American empire to be established in the island of Hayti. The proposition comes from N. L. Musgrove, of Sturgis, Ky., who is agitating a movement tending towards the seizure of the island of Hayti by American negroes.

CAPUCHINS SURRENDER.

After the French Authorities Had
Destroyed Barricades.

Paris, May 6.—A dispatch from Bastia, Corsica, says the Capuchins who had been barricaded in their monastery there for many days were expelled today by the police and a detachment of infantry and a number of gendarmes. The Friars, who had been without food for two days, owing to the state of siege, refused the final demand of the authorities to take down their barricades and the doors were then broken in with axes and the Friars were arrested.

About 2,000 persons made a demonstration against the authorities, but they were dispersed.

BRITAIN THROWS DOWN GAUNTLET

The Warns the Powers From
the Persian Gulf.

WILL NOT HESITATE AT WAR

Should Any European Nation At-
tempt To Establish a Naval
Base There.

London, May 6.—Foreign Secretary Lansdowne has proclaimed a British Monroe doctrine in the Persian Gulf, and has practically notified the competing powers that any attempt on their part to establish a naval base or fortified post in these waters means war with Great Britain.

"I say without hesitation," said the Foreign Secretary, dealing with the subject in the House of Lords yesterday evening, "that we should regard the establishment of a naval base or a fortified post in the Persian Gulf by any other power as a very grave menace to British interests, and we should certainly resist it with all the means at our disposal."

Lord Lansdowne preceded this explicit enunciation of British policy by a review of the situation there, as it affects British interests, contending that so far as the navigation of the Persian Gulf is concerned, Great Britain holds a position different to that of the other powers, both because it was owing to British enterprise and expenditure of life and money that the Gulf is now open to the commerce of the world, and because the protection of the sea route to India necessitates British predominance in the Gulf.

Lord Lansdowne's attitude in this matter generally meets with approval, although the answers thereto of the other powers interested in the Gulf are awaited with some anxiety.

The newspapers here comment on the analogy of the present proceedings to the United States policy of Monroeism. The Westminster Gazette holds that the British motive, namely the protection of the sea route to India, corresponds exactly with the Americans' motive in excluding European powers from American waters, because their territory is thereby threatened.

LONDON'S BILL PASSES

Validates Bylaw Referring to Deben-
ture Issue.

Toronto, Ont., May 6.—London's private bill passed the Private Bills Committee of the Legislature today. It validates bylaw 219, a conveyance to the Rolling Mills Company and the McClary Manufacturing Company; also the money bylaw to raise \$50,000 for the Victoria Hospital, drainage and other purposes.

FALL OF THE EMPRESS

Chinese Reform Party Expects to
Regain Power.

Calcutta, May 6.—Kang Yu Wei, the noted Chinese reformer, and a close friend of the Emperor, who was compelled to flee for his life from that country because of the influence of the reactionary party, arrived here on Monday. He has been traveling in Europe and Asia for some time. He spent last year in Darjeeling. Now that his great opponent, Yung Lu, the First Secretary of the Chinese Empire, is dead, it will be safe for him to return to his own country. A few days ago he received a telegram from the Emperor of China, asking him to return immediately, and assuring him that all would be well. He sailed for Hong Kong yesterday morning in a very happy frame of mind. He says his recall means the restoration of the reform party, and possibly the fall of the Empress Dowager from power.

Table Cutters Strike.

Gloversville, N. Y., May 6.—The lockout of International Table Cutters by the Glove Manufacturers' Association of Gloversville and Johnstown occurred today. Seven hundred cutters refused work and 2,500 operatives, who finished work, also are idle. The employees of all branches of the heavy and light glove trade, are now out, except in two factories. Within a few days about 7,000 persons will be out of work.

THE RUSSIANS ARE CHARGED WITH BREAKING TREATIES

Fooled the Johnnies.

Madrid, May 6.—For the last ten years the most popular dancer in Madrid has been one Senora Alari, who was prima ballerina of the Royal Opera House. She has been wined and dined and feted by the gilded youth of the city, and has, incidentally, so report has it, accumulated a nestegg of a million francs. Her career is ended. Not long ago she fell and hurt her ankle, and the physician who attended her discovered that she was a man, and for ten years had been fooling the public.

A KENTUCKY FEUD

Man Killed as a Result of the Goebel
Murder Trial.

London, Ky., May 6.—Sid Baker, of Clay County, brother-in-law of James Howard, recently tried for the murder of Governor William Goebel, has been killed in a duel on the highway with William McCollum. When they met, Baker slipped from his horse and fired at McCollum twice. Both shots missed. McCollum then fired a single shot which struck Baker against McCollum is supposed to have arisen from the fact that the latter had been summoned as a witness against Howard, although he had not been put on the stand.

THE MURDER OF MARCUM

No Attempt Being Made to Capture
the Guilty Party.

Lexington, Ky., May 6.—Dispatches from Jackson say the murderer of Attorney J. B. Marcum probably never will be known. With the exception of a brief search made about five minutes after the shooting, there has been no pronounced effort to discover the assassin. The town is quiet, but it is next to impossible to get any one to talk of the affair.

Deputy Sheriff Ewen, who was standing beside Marcum, said he ran at the sound of the first shot, and did not see the person who fired the shot. The funeral of Marcum took place yesterday at the Presbyterian Church. Women were numerous, but few men attended the ceremony.

REDMOND AND DUDLEY

Former Political Enemies Have a
Friendly Talk.

London, May 6.—Lord Dudley, Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, and several Irish peers, listened to a debate on the Irish land bill in the House of Commons yesterday. After speeches by William O'Brien, Nationalist, and Sir Edward Grey, Liberal, welcoming the measure and promising that it would solve the land problem, there was a desultory discussion by less prominent members, which showed, however, the general desire of all parties to see the bill adopted. At midnight the debate was adjourned until Thursday. John Redmond, leader of the Irish party in the House, and Lord Dudley, had a long and friendly talk in the lobby about the bill. This was much commented upon, showing the change which had come over all parties in the matter of the Irish question.

Lockout Ended.

Ballstone, N. Y., May 6.—The lockout at the National Polding Box and Paper Company's paper mill was ended today. The company made an offer last evening to employees in response to their demands for increase wages and recognition of the Federation of Labor. It was accepted and the wheels started this morning. Both sides refuse to disclose the terms of settlement.

A Lepreux Large.

St. Louis, May 6.—Dong Gong, a Chinese leper, who has been in close confinement in quarantine two miles below Jefferson Barracks, for eighteen months, has escaped. Dong Gong's escape has not only caused much concern, since his ostracism from society, and every effort will be made to apprehend him.

BADEN-POWELL IS NOT IN LOVE; DIDN'T CRITICISE U. S. CAVALRY

Maieking's Hero Denies the
American Yellow Journal
Yarns.

New York, May 6.—On board the Kaiser Wilhelm, which arrived at Plymouth yesterday, was General Baden-Powell, returning from a hurried visit to America. He said he had enjoyed his trip very much, but regretted he had not been able to remain longer, cables the London correspondent of the Herald.

As to his alleged criticism of the United States cavalry he said: "The statement is entirely false. My position would prevent me from giving any opinion as to the efficiency of foreign troops. I went to America on a purely private visit and mainly for the sea trip. My stay was very brief, only 14 days. I hope to visit America again and spend more time there."

On being informed that one American paper stated he traveled under an assumed name to Washington to propose to one of the belles of the capital with whom he had fallen in love at Cairo, the general laughed heartily and said he did not know the lady and was sorry he had never been in Cairo.

The general was in the best of health and spirits.

Accused of Greatest of All
National Crimes.

HER INTRIGUES IN THE FAR EAST

Japan Suggests As a Test That the
Powers Open Three New
Treaty Ports.

London, May 6.—It is necessary to speak a few plain words about a crisis which virtually affects the interests of every country, great or small. There are certain rules or cardinal principles of diplomacy, without which intercourse between nations becomes impossible. One of these is the sacredness of treaty obligations. That they should be openly defied simply brings diplomacy to an end, and leaves the world at the mercy of that primitive arbiter of destiny, force. It is impossible to avoid bringing against Russia today a direct accusation of this almost unknown but greatest of all crimes. Her recent course in both the near and far east involves absolute defiance of the fundamental rules of international intercourse. To mention a comparatively unimportant matter, Russia violated the treaty of Berlin the other day by sending several torpedo boats through the Dardanelles. Instead of notifying the other signatory powers of her desire or intention to abrogate the treaty or this portion of it, she resorted to the petty subterfuge of changing the flag and dismantling the guns of the boats during their passage. No treaty ever drafted will be worth the paper it is written upon if its application is subject to such dishonest trickery.

A far more flagrant case is that of Russia's pending demands upon China regarding Manchuria and Mongolia. The text of the documents constitutes complete proof of Russia's bare faith, which no amount of explanation can alter. The demands made against China, instead of being less comprehensive than the first version, may easily receive even a more sweeping interpretation.

INSULTS TO BRITAIN AND AMERICA.

It is, of course, greatly to Russia's chagrin that the official text of her demands now becomes public. They suffice to show that Russia's demands three days ago by the Russian ambassadors at Washington and London were nothing less than insults to the American and British nations in their shameful mendacity. It requires no detailed review of well-known facts to make clear the disgraceful position in which this unscrupulous power stands before the world. Russia has made an unequivocal promise to withdraw from Manchuria, and to restore that province to the Chinese. Having fully admitted herself in the provinces she submits to China a list of so-called conditions of withdrawal. These conditions, drawn in purposely loose language, are designed to admit of an interpretation which would bring all of Mongolia, and even the Province of Chihli, in which Peking is situated, under Russian control. They provide also that Russia shall remain dominant in Manchuria affairs.

The premature publication of these demands and the serious protests resulting therefrom, tend to deny the advice of the report. Her representatives embodied specific details in their demands, which, when compared with the official documents later showed that they lied for their country with almost fiendish ingenuity.

Secretary of State Hay was obliged, according to the rules of the game, to thank Russia for her "frank statement." Then China, under the influence of British and Japanese advice, refused to accept the demands and made them public. London, Wednesday, May 6.—A dispatch to the Times from Peking says that the discrepant assurances regarding her demands upon China given by Russia to the different powers excited much interest in Peking. It is noted that her demands are gradually merging into admissions. The correspondent adds that the ready test of Russia's sincerity would be the insistence on the part of the three powers chiefly interested that China forthwith declare open three new treaty ports in Manchuria.

Japan's Naval Programme.

Tokio, Japan, May 6.—The projected naval programme proposes the expenditure of \$5,500,000 per year for ten years.

Baden-Powell Is Not in Love; Didn't Criticise U. S. Cavalry

Maieking's Hero Denies the
American Yellow Journal
Yarns.

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MOAT MYSTERY SOLVED AT LAST

The Strange Story of a Murder That Has Puzzled People All Over England.

New York, May 6.—The Sun has the following from London:

The discovery this week of the decomposed body of Camille Cecile Holland in the grounds of Moat Farm, in Essex, promises to clear up one of the most remarkable mysteries of crime ever known. For nearly four years the circumstances surrounding this case never got beyond the gossip of a country town and a secluded village. The chain of incidents now seems to be nearly complete. In December, 1888, Camille Holland, an unmarried woman of about 50, who was the possessor of £8,000, which was invested in stocks, furniture and jewelry, made the acquaintance in London of Samuel Herbert Douglas, also of middle-age, and although he was already married, she consented to live with him. Miss Holland, according to her friends, possessed considerable culture and religious feeling, and what induced her to defy the moral and social conditions is not known. The police Holland paid the purchase price of £1,500, and they took possession of the place on April 7, 1889. The house was isolated. It was more than a mile from the main road, and a mile from any other dwelling, and was encircled by the dark waters of the ancient moat. Miss Holland did not conceal the fact that the place inspired her with dread. She resided there only a few weeks, and on the evening of May 15 she left the house and drove away with Douglas. The servant, Mrs. Blackwell, testifies that Miss Holland went away without any baggage, and when she was starting told her that she would not be gone long. This, so far as has been ascertained, was the last seen or heard of the woman by anyone except Douglas. She disappeared completely and nothing was ever heard of her whereabouts until the corpse was found last week.

When Douglas returned, the servant says, he was alone. He told Mrs. Blackwell that he had driven her mistress to a neighboring railway station and that she had gone to London. Mrs. Blackwell left shortly afterwards. For a time the appearance of Miss Holland caused much gossip in the neighborhood, but no one appeared to suspect foul play. At her banker's Miss Holland's business was carried on the same as usual, and she was never seen by herself. So the gossip died out and the woman was forgotten by her neighbors until this spring, when the police began to make investigations as to her whereabouts. Their inquiries had proceeded a short time and without any knowledge of the man, when, suddenly, on March 18, Douglas was arrested at the Bank of England, while cashing notes, on the charge of uttering a check purporting to have been drawn by Miss Holland. Prosecution by the Government followed, and has occupied the magistrates at Saffron Walden at intervals ever since. The public prosecutor was seeking to prove all the time that Douglas had appropriated the bulk of Miss Holland's property by means of forged documents.

On April 27, the anniversary of the day that the pair entered into possession of the place, a laborer who was exploring an old ditch, which had been planted over with shrubs by Douglas nearly four years ago, struck his fork into a hard substance. When withdrawn it proved to contain the human body containing the remains of a foot, which was subsequently revealed by the body of the woman lying face downward, with mud and brush roots clinging to it. The body was fully dressed, and the outer garments, although they had rotted, were still wrapped about the remains, closely enough to prevent disintegration. An examination of the body after it had been removed showed that the head had been pierced by a bullet, which was still within the command preserved skull. An inquest was held on the following day in a barn adjoining. Douglas was present, handcuffed to an officer, and was formally accused of murder. He was again formally brought before a magistrate, on the forgery charge yesterday, and once more remanded on this charge.

BRITAIN'S WAR ON SLAVE TRADE

England Will Put a Stop to Slave Traffic in the Soudan.

London, May 6.—Within the past three months British troops under Sir Francis Lugard have put an end to the supremacy of the Sultan of Sokoto, east of the Niger River, in the Central Soudan. They have also occupied the famous town of Kano and subjected its Sultan. The British flag is now supreme in the great country of the Hausa tribes between the Niger and Lake Tchad.

One of the most significant announcements in a long time relating to Africa is the statement in the London Times that the British now propose to make a slave raiding, the slave trade and the slave traffic throughout the Hausa country.

The overshadowing evil of the Central Soudan is slave raiding and the traffic in slaves. Up to this year the evil has been entirely unchecked by and Caucasian influence; and there is probably no other part of Africa of equal size where the slave trade in recent years has flourished as in the Hausa country.

Most of the slaves are obtained, not from outside of Hausaland, but from Hausa villages and towns. The captors belong to the same tribe and race as the persons they enslave. The result is that the country has practically been in a condition of perpetual civil war.

A petty Sultan at any time is likely to receive a message from his superior lord ordering him to send at once a certain number of slaves on pain of having his own towns raided. He accordingly selects some village within his territory or outside of it, against which he quickly sends a force large enough to overcome all resistance, attacks the town and carries off the inhabitants.

Those who resist are killed on the spot and the remainder are marched away in fetters. Many of them have been included in the annual tribute payable to the Sultan of Sokoto, while others are sent to some central slave market to be sold or taken back to the town of their captors.

When C. H. Robinson traveled in Hausaland a few years ago he said that about 1,000 slaves were brought into Kano on a single occasion as a result of a slave-raiding expedition. Between Kano and Bida he passed a large number of towns and villages that had recently been destroyed, and whose inhabitants had been sold as slaves. This was done not by foreign invaders, but by the Sultan in whose territory the towns were included.

COAL FOR \$6.50 A TON

Anthracite Takes a Drop of Fifty Cents at Cleveland.

Cleveland, May 6.—Beginning this week hard coal will cost Clevelanders \$6.50 a ton until Sept. 1, providing they pay their coal bills before that time. After Sept. 1 it will cost the consumer \$7 per ton, and the price will be \$7.50 per ton, but drops to \$6.50, which is the price that prevailed last summer.

LOVE LETTERS IN THE KENT CASE

Grant Ordered to Produce Miss Dingle's Letters.

SHE INTENDED TO MARRY GRANT

But the Latter Told His Friends That He Would Never Marry the Girl.

Rochester, N. Y., May 6.—Dr. George H. Grant was called by the defense in the Kent manslaughter case this morning and requested to hand over all the love-letters that Ethel Dingle had written to him. The doctor arose and asked permission to say a few words. The court granted the request, and the witness in a musical voice began: "These are letters written to me by a lady whom I have always deeply respected. It is with the deepest regret that I now produce them to be published abroad."

Mr. Raines interrupted him by asking him, "How much more of this must we hear?" The court informed the doctor that if there was anything in the epistles which should not be brought out, it should be suppressed.

Jack Mackay, an express agent from Buffalo, whom the prosecution maintains was the cause of Grant's breaking off with Miss Dingle three days before her wedding day, was on the stand for two hours. The witness flatly contradicted the testimony of the whole Dingle family, which was to the effect that no wedding date for Ethel and Grant had ever been set. He declared that Ethel had planned on marrying Alonzo Van Allen. Mackay said that this double wedding had been depended upon by the deceased, and he told him of it. He also declared that Grant said to him, "Do you suppose I would ever marry Ethel Dingle?" This led him to believe that Grant was a "double-crossing" when, and when he felt sorry for her and tried to undeceive her.

The last day Ethel Dingle was alive spent by the side of Mackay, at the Buffalo General Hospital. All that day, said Mackay, she sobbed and wrung her hands and repeatedly said, "I can't stand it. I won't live."

Grant, who was in the room, said that he saw her alive when she rushed out of the room, closely followed by Kent. A street car conductor testified that Kent and Miss Dingle rode on his car the night of the shooting. This was when the defendant is alleged to have attempted suicide in Buffalo and Kent saved her by chasing her all over the city throughout the night.

EAT PROFITABLY AND LIVE HAPPILY

To eat profitably and live happily, it is necessary to have pure and nutritious foods that will not tax the powers of the digestive organs. In Malt Breakfast Food, our people have, for the first time, a combination of Malt and Wheat scientifically combined and treated, so that it will not irritate the stomach or retard digestion. In Malt Breakfast Food, the Malt is peculiarly combined with the Wheat, produces a flavor that is most delicious and appetizing for old and young. Malt Breakfast Food is the only true health food that is recommended by the highest authorities on food values. All Grocers in Canada recommend Malt Breakfast Food. If you would eat profitably and live happily, try the great health food for a month.

TO BREAK THE STRIKE

Shipping Federation Will Send Thousands of Men to Montreal.

London, May 6.—A Canadian shipowner states that the Shipping Federation, which is composed of nearly all the British shipowners, is determined to ship thousands of laborers to Montreal, if necessary, to end the strike. These men will be lodged and boarded on the ships, and the Shipping Federation, which has a full purse, is determined that there shall be no such strike for many years. The object of the federation is to handle the cargoes of subscribers to a strike at any port. The feeling of shippers here is that the strikers must be beaten, as the trade is so depressed that the extra wage expense would be impossible.

Laid Up With Kidney Disease.

Backache, Lumbago and Constipation—Years of Serious Illness—A Permanent and Thorough Cure by DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Such cases as the following cannot but prove interesting to all who suffer from kidney disease, lumbago, backache, and its many distressing symptoms. This is merely an example of the great good Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are accomplishing almost daily in nearly every community in the land.

Mr. J. G. Kirkby, head miller in the large flour mill of Munro & Roan, Thetford, Ont., writes: "I can scarcely say too much in praise of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Some years ago I was laid up by a severe attack of kidney disease, which was complicated with other bad symptoms, such as headache, lumbago, backache, constipation, indigestion and insomnia. I became reduced in flesh and was very much discouraged. Professional medical treatment was of no avail; other remedies were resorted to, with no purpose. My appetite diminished, and I was losing hope of recovery. Fortunately my attention was called to Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and I derived much benefit from the first box. By the time I had used four boxes I was again enjoying my former good health and vigor, and the bad symptoms all passed away, and I was then able to resume work. That was in 1898; I have waited now for about four years to see if the cure was permanent, and now am convinced that it is, and feel justified in giving this testimonial for the benefit of others. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills positively and promptly cure kidney disease, liver complaint, biliousness, backache, lumbago and constipation. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

COAST STEAMERS IN COLLISION

Twenty Passengers Lose Lives Off Atlantic Coast.

BOATS STRUCK IN DENSE FOG

The Rear Portion of the Saginaw Was Cut Away, Causing Her to Sink Quickly.

Norfolk, Va., May 6.—A collision at sea that cost the lives of 20 or more people and the sinking of the Clyde steamship Saginaw by the old Dominion Steamship Company's liner Hamilton occurred between Winter Quarter lightship and Fenwick Island lightship on the Virginia coast at 4:40 o'clock this morning.

The Hamilton left New York yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock for Norfolk, and the Saginaw passed out the Virginia Capes at 9 o'clock last night, bound from Richmond, and Norfolk for Philadelphia. A dense fog set in along the coast shortly after midnight, and while going through this fog at reduced speed the Hamilton crashed into the Saginaw's side about 20 feet from the stern.

The scene of the collision is about 13 or 14 miles off the shore, and between 180 and 200 miles south of New York, and between 135 and 140 miles north of Norfolk. The two vessels were distinctly heard by each other for several minutes before the collision occurred.

According to Capt. Boaz, of the Hamilton, his ship was making about 9 knots an hour and the Saginaw about 10. The fog was so thick that before the ship's length away were visible, and when the two craft were in sight of each other, bow on, there was but a moment's interim before they met. The Saginaw veered, as did the Hamilton, but they had not time to clear each other, and the knife-like steel prow of the southbound vessel struck the Clyde ship on the port quarter about 20 feet from her stern, cutting the entire rear of the ship away.

The intruding water caused the Saginaw to settle rapidly in the stern, and the Hamilton, which took her out of sight of the crippled vessel. Engines, already reversed, were put full steam to the rear, and the Hamilton cut through the scene of the wreck, at the same time lowering two lifeboats. There was consternation among the passengers of the Old Dominion ship, and the first thought was for their safety, but when the ship was discovered that the ship was uninjured, except that some bow plates were stove in, all efforts were directed to save the Saginaw.

When the Saginaw was again sighted her stern was under water and her bow high in the air. The panic-stricken people rushed over her decks and scrambled toward the bow. Lifeboats were lowered, and into the first fifteen colored women were placed, according to Second Officer Morris, who was in command. The boat was swamped as it struck the water, and its occupants were thrown into the sea. All were drowned except the second officer and the colored stewardess, and she died before the small boat was rescued. Hamilton, more from injuries received by the impact of the collision than by drowning. She had been held up by the small boat from the Hamilton reached them.

In the meantime the rush of waters into the bow of the Saginaw had fastenings with a roar, and the report of big guns, and tons of freight of all descriptions soon littered the sea. The floating wreckage the struggling people in the water, and the report of big guns, and tons of freight of all descriptions soon littered the sea.

The Hamilton's bow plates were stove in. At the damage, however, was above the water line, and the survivors of the Saginaw on board the Hamilton had been given clothing by the passengers, and the seamen on the more fortunate vessel, and a collection was taken up among the passengers, and it was distributed among them.

From the officers of the Clyde Company here the following list of passengers was obtained: E. B. Cole, Philadelphia; J. Trevor, Philadelphia; B. Younghead, Chester, Pa.; George B. Hood, Philadelphia; H. F. Winters, Philadelphia; A. J. J. White, Mary A. Sanderson, Worcester, N. C.; Morris Hayner, Northwest, Va.; John Reese, Norfolk; Miller Pennel, Norfolk; Judson Seville, Berkeley, Va.; David Roland, Newport News; Mary Robertson, Florence Newby, Edna Ward, M. E. Jones, P. L. Pendleton, A. Gilmore, S. Jernigan, all colored. Those known to one lost are: Passengers—A. Gilmore, Edna Ward, M. E. Jones, Mary Robertson, Crew—Edward Goslee, first mate; William Bittes, first assistant engineer; Mary Anderson, stewardess; cook; William Morris, steward; unknown colored waiter. Peter Swanson, a lame member of the crew, is among the missing.

Just how many of the above passengers were included in the fifteen that were lost in the swamped lifeboat cannot be determined as yet. A number of passengers left Richmond Sunday on the Saginaw, and until the list of these is secured it will be impossible to secure an accurate estimate of the number of lives lost.

The known saved from the Saginaw are: Capt. J. S. Tunnel, badly injured about the head and body, two ribs broken; Chief Engineer Baltzer, Second Assistant Engineer Murray, Second Mate W. L. Morris and several colored deckhands, firemen and coal passers.

Ordinary Corn Cakes Are Dangerous because they contain acids, but Putnam's Corn Extractor is entirely vegetable in composition. It is perfectly painless, safe and sure to cure.



ON THURSDAY Morning, at 9:30, we will repeat that Wonderful Quilt Bargain. You remember that we sold a limited quantity of \$1.25 Colored Honeycomb Quilts at 75c each—that all we had were sold within an hour—that we could have sold twice as many if we had had them. By a fortunate occurrence we have secured an additional lot of 100, and disappointed ones will do well to be on time Thursday morning. Mail and telephone orders will receive special attention. You don't need to see these Quilts. They are big value.

They are full double bed size (25 yards by 2 yards); pretty floral and scroll designs; in perfect washing colors, sky blue and white, pink and white, navy and white, red and white; well fringed and in every way good value at \$1.25. Thursday morning only—75c

Hotel-keepers, boarding-house mistresses, etc., should not miss this sale. A straight saving of 50c on every quilt.

Ladies' Walking and Dress Skirts.

We could add to the price of these skirts and you would readily pay it for such style. But that's not our way of doing business—it's not how much can we get for our goods, but how low can we sell them. This is what brings business and new customers our way. Pleased patrons and a store full of them all the time encourages us to offer such inducements as these:

Ladies' Walking Skirts, in navy blue, black and gray chevot, seams double stitched, 6-inch facing of cloth, solid stitched, 7-gore flare, with panel seams, 6-inch facing, raised seams with four rows of stitching, 3-inch velvet facing, solid stitched. Very special at only—\$3 75

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Ladies' Dress Skirts, in Oxford gray and black homespun, 7-gore flare, with panel seams, 6-inch facing, solid stitched, 7-gore flare, with panel seams, 6-inch facing, raised seams with four rows of stitching, 3-inch velvet facing, solid stitched. Very special at only—\$5 00

Ladies' Dress Skirts, in navy blue and Oxford gray homespun, 5-inch facing of cloth on outside of skirt, solid stitched, 7-inch strap of cloth on each seam from facing, strap coming over hips and down front seam, finished with buttons. Only—\$6 50

Special Bargain in Linenette Skirt Lining.

Just received a few hundred yards of Linenette Skirt Lining of excellent quality and good width—40 inches. The colors are black, gray and brown. Will be cleared at a special price. Per yard only—12½c

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

149, 151 and 153 Dundas Street.

DON'T WISH TO RETURN

The Woolwich Artisans Have All Secured Positions.

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A MAGIC PILL.—Dyspepsia is a foe with which men are constantly grappling but cannot exterminate. Subdued, and to all appearances vanquished in one, it makes its appearance in another direction. The digestive apparatus is as delicate as the mechanism of a watch or scientific instrument, in which even a breath of air will make a variation. With such persons disorders of the stomach ensue from the most trivial causes, and cause much suffering. To these Parole's Vegetable Pills are recommended as mild and sure.



Where there is a Baby, there should be Nestlé's Food

For more than 35 years Nestlé's Food has been the favorite of the intelligent physician, and a household word the world over.

Nestlé's Food makes vigorous, healthy children and keeps them so. No other food is so readily digested and assimilated.

Nestlé's Food is purity itself and requires the addition of water only (no milk) to prepare it for use.

Sample free to any address. LEECHING MILLS & CO., MONTREAL.

THE WEATHER TODAY—Fair; a little warmer; showers.

WILL REPEAT THAT WONDERFUL QUILT BARGAIN.

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AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

GRAND All This Week

THE KING DRAMATIC CO.

TONIGHT—"CAMILLE"

TOMORROW—"A WARD OF FRANCE."

VOICE CULTURE—EVA N. ROBLYN.

Studio, 225 Dundas street. Phone 1270.

Concert engagements accepted. xt

SUMMER SEASON—PALACE DANCING

Academy—Private dancing school.

All arrangements made for dancing parties at Springbank Pavilion by applying to W. C. McCormick.

TONY CORTESE—THE ORIGINAL

London Harpist. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple street. Phone 1570.

ALLAN LINE—DIRECT SERVICE

Montreal to Glasgow. First-class.

Sardinian, Wednesday, May 20, day-light. Sardinian carries second and third only. F. B. Clarke, agent, 416 Richmond street, third floor north bank of Commerce.

MEETINGS.

THE STUDENTS OF THE WESTERN

Medical College are kindly requested to meet at the college tomorrow (Thursday) night, at 7 o'clock. b

MALE HELP WANTED.

TWO BOYS WANTED AT HORTON'S.

179 Dundas street. 89a

BOYS WANTED. THE PARISIAN

Steam Laundry Company. 89c

WANTED—HOUSE PAINTER; FIRST

CLASS. Apply William Tibbs, 238 Nelson street. 89e

MAN WANTED FOR PRESSING AND

bushel. Stockwell's Dye Works. 89f

BELL BOY WANTED—GOOD WAGES

to right kind of boy. Apply Techno House. 89g

WANTED—MAN TO ATTEND TO

law. Apply 365 Dundas. b

THE HOME LIFE ASSOCIATION

of Canada desires the services of two

competent and energetic men, to solicit

applications for insurance. Good salary.

Apply personally to J. L. Gamble, inspector, or William White, general agent, at the Home Life office, 406½ Richmond street. 88a

WANTED BY WHOLESALE FIRM—

Young man with some experience in

office work. Entry preferred. 88b

TWO FIRST-CLASS LABORERS; GOOD

shovelers. Apply E. North & Co., corner Mount Pleasant and Talbot streets. 88c

APPRENTICE WANTED. ROGERS

Electric Company, 374 Richmond street. 88d

WANTED—BAKER; ONE OR TWO

years' experience. Willis, 629 Dundas street. 87k

BOY WANTED. APPLY D. MCKENZIE

& Co., 228 Richmond street. 87l

AGENTS WANTED FIRST-CLASS

permanent position, which will bring

them a good yearly income, should write

us. We are the largest growers of

nursery stock in Canada. Stone & Wellington, Toronto. 87m

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER

trade; short time required by our

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and lathe work; also one good blacksmith. Wm. Malloch. 86k

AGENTS WANTED—ONE MAN

cleared over twenty thousand in a few years. Write for particulars. Cooper, 322-24 Clarence street, London. 87q

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GIRLS WANTED. APPLY FOREST

City Laundry. 89n

SALESLADY—DEMONSTRATE AND

sell; to travel under lady manager. Address Box 14, this office. 89p

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Apply Ontario House. 89s

WANTED—A SKIRT AND WAIST

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WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL; GOOD

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EXPERIENCED DINING-ROOM GIRLS

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Apply 24 Wolfe street. 89x

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THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTE-

TRIAL—Centrally located, 25 Special

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post-graduate in Crown, Bridge and Porcelain work. Philadelphia post-graduate. Porcelain Temple, first floor. 89ae

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Old-established business, 25 years

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at lowest prices. We will call and give you

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butter, 15c per pound; 1 pound tins, 15c

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dozen for 25c. A few old cheese, a little

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most new; a bargain. 178 Dundas

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Medical Company's preparations, call at

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Call and see outfit. 27 Peter street. 89an

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death to all insect pests. The London

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their coal and wood yard to 436 York

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to buy cement is at Turnbull's

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youthful complexion renewed, by using

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LOST—MONDAY AFTERNOON, ON

road between Richmond and Well-

ington, black purse containing two \$5 bills

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LOST—MONDAY EVENING, ON COR-

ner of Front and Wellington streets, gold

watch, hunting case, initials on case.

M. B. Reward on return to 62 Dundas

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LOST—IRISH TERRIER PUP, RE-

turned on returning to 322 Burwell

street. 89bb

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PRIVATE ADVISORS TO LOAN—LOWEST

rates. Buchanan & Gunn, 83 Dundas

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amounts. Casey & Morwood, barristers,

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234 Queen's avenue. Concert engage-

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WANTED—COUNTER, ABOUT 12 FEET

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FOR SALE—BRICK COTTAGE, 156

Refractory street; lot 40x248 feet. Apply on

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FOR SALE AT ONCE, AT LESS THAN

assessed value—Lot, 65 feet frontage,

with three frame houses, on Hill street

east; gross rents yield 16 per cent on

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FOR SALE—MODERN TWO-STORY

brick house at 410 Dundas street; large

lot; frame barn. Price on application.

Cook's Shoe Store, 161 Dundas street. 89br

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BORNE street, near St. James street,

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tion, or as part payment for any

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London Advertiser

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London, Wednesday, MAY 6.

Municipal Ownership.

The bill to empower municipalities to engage in the fuel business has little chance of passing the Legislature. It has been characterized as unsafe legislation, but the fears expressed are exaggerated, because it is extremely unlikely that any municipality would take advantage of such powers, when the fuel business was in a normal condition. During the recent coal famine several of the municipal corporations took the law in their own hands, and would do so again under similar circumstances if they feel disposed, but the financial results of these well-meaning experiments corrected some notions about the profits of the fuel trade, and were not such as to encourage the idea of permanent public competition. It is objected that if a municipality is allowed to sell coal and wood it will have an equal right to deal in wheat, milk or any other marketable commodity. The municipalities should be given credit for some common sense; no one supposes for a moment the people of any city or town would do anything so foolish. It is beyond all question that the ideal condition is collective ownership and control of natural monopolies, such as electric railways, telephone, gas, waterworks and electric power and light systems. These offer plenty of scope for municipal activities without invading other fields, subject to regular competition. The trouble is that municipal government in this country has not reached the stage where it can safely be trusted with the administration of all public services.

Telephone Legislation.

An important measure now before the Dominion House is Mr. MacLean's telephone bill. It aims to compel existing telephone companies—in reality, the Bell—to grant the use of their trunk lines to local exchanges. The Union of Canadian municipalities is endeavoring to incorporate in it a clause reserving to municipalities full control over their own streets, and the city of Ottawa wants municipalities to have the power to expropriate telephone plants within their own boundaries. The Bell Telephone Company is operating under both Dominion and Provincial charters. When its privileges under one charter are attacked it takes refuge under the other, and has so far eluded the pursuit of the municipalities. It is time the latter should know where they stand. There can be no question that municipalities should have absolute control over their own streets, and they will be satisfied with nothing less. A deadlock exists in Ottawa between the city council and the Bell Company, the former having notified the company that if it attempts to erect poles the city will prevent the work by force. The people of Ottawa a year ago declared in favor of a municipal telephone system. The franchise of the Bell Company expired two weeks ago, and the city wishes to be free to install a municipal exchange or expropriate the present one. The city reconsiders that it cannot profitably operate a system unless it has a monopoly, and if it does not get the powers of expropriation the Bell will remain master of the field.

A Source of Friction.

In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. Bourassa raised the question of the status of the commander of the Canadian militia. He took exception to a speech by Lord Dunsford at the banquet of St. George's Society at Hamilton. His lordship on that occasion declared that the more civilian the force, the more perfect the organization should be. When he touched a button in his central office, every regiment in the land should be called out, fit for service. The Canadian militia had had promises instead of performances and what it wanted was "a little of that \$13,000,000." He did not wish to create a spirit of militarism, but he wished to see an efficient force in Canada.

Mr. Bourassa, commenting on these remarks, insisted that Lord Dunsford was not the proper person to say what should be the military policy of Canada. The Minister of Militia was the man whom Parliament held responsible; whom it could criticize and vote against. The commander of the militia force was an irresponsible official; the paid servant of the Canadian Government whose duty it was to carry out, not dictate the policy of the militia department. The reply of the Minister of Militia was a frank confession of the demerits of the present system. He found no fault with the utterances of Lord Dunsford, on the contrary he agreed with them in every particular. The militia force should be efficient and he should like to see it get more money. But he

concurred with Mr. Bourassa's views of the relations that should subsist between the commanding officers and the militia department. He recalled the unfortunate dispute with General Hutton three years ago, when it became the duty of the Premier to state distinctly the Government's position. The cause of these recurring difficulties, in Sir Frederick Borden's opinion, is that the Imperial officers sent to Canada have had no experience which would fit them to deal with the administrations of the day. Their training has been wholly military; they have been accustomed to absolute command and have not even had the opportunity of serving in the war office, and being brought in touch with the executive of the Government or the War Minister. Consequently they find it difficult to accommodate themselves to a subordinate position under a colonial administration.

Mr. Bourassa has used this episode to support his favorite role as alarmist-general of the anti-Imperialists, and he professes that the principle of self-government is being seriously involved. Canadians are not much exercised on that score. The militia department may be relied upon to make any commander keep his place, and had to do it in the case of Gen. Hutton, but the fact remains that the system is unsatisfactory and should be changed. The present law requires that the position shall not be held by anyone under the grade of a full colonel in the British army, and it is for that reason only that Imperial officers are chosen. Canadian officers have proven their efficiency from a purely military standpoint and would have a great advantage over Imperial officers in knowledge of local conditions. The Canadian militia should be commanded by a Canadian officer, and until then there will always be friction.

King Edward proved as popular in Paris as the former Prince of Wales.

St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, is applying for permission to erect a crematorium. A few years ago such a thing would have been unbelievable.

Rev. Mr. Hall thinks the Government should appoint all editors. This might improve the politics of some of our contemporaries.

Mr. Brock, M. P. for Center Ontario, shows his ignorance of the laws of trade by asking what the tariff of a country has to do with its exports. If the tariff could prohibit imports into this country, Canadian exports would soon sink to zero.

The appointment of Mr. C. S. Hyman, of London, as chairman of the Redistribution Committee is an honor richly merited. His excellent service as chairman of the Railway Committee gives promise that he will do equally well in this case. So says the Montreal Herald.

During January, February, March and April of this year 46,722 immigrants landed in Canada. In the same period in 1902 the number was 22,482. Of this year's newcomers 16,457 are from Great Britain, 13,779 from the United States and 10,445 from continental Europe. This immense immigration is both a cause and effect of prosperity.

Prof. Goldwin Smith knows something about literature, and is not much alarmed over the fiction-reading habit. He says: "By far the greater proportion of what is being printed is, to say the least, harmless, though much of it may not be particularly helpful; and the greater the number of readers, the wider the circle of general intelligence."

A few noisy bigots profess to think that King Edward struck Protestantism a blow by calling on the Pope. The King did well to pay no attention to this silly clamor. The Pope is the spiritual guide of millions of loyal British subjects, and as such is surely not beneath the notice of the sovereign of the British Empire.

British Columbia has a scandal, too. It is charged that several members of the Legislature were offered inducements to put through a land grant to the C. P. R.; but the Premier suspected something was wrong and withheld his assent to the bill. A thorough investigation is promised. It is a popular accusation that railroad grants are the chief sources of political corruption. Let the light be turned on.

What Is a Millionaire?

[The Tatler.]
 If reliance can be placed upon tax returns the idea of a millionaire must be revised. Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, for example, whose name stands for fabulous wealth, assured the New York commissioners that his taxable personal property after all his past debts were satisfied amounted to a negligible quantity. He pays taxes on some \$30,000 this year, but he says he does that simply because he does not want to be looked upon as a "tax-dodger." Mr. Jacob Schiff, who is taxed on \$40,000, and Mr. George W. Vanderbilt, who pays on \$10,000, are in similar case while Mr. John R. Drexel, who does not share their scruples about "tax-dodging," has "sworn off" altogether. I suppose we must go back to the old definition which makes a millionaire a kind of conduit pipe through which the millions pass. The Morgans and the Howells trade with other people's money. Their capital is their credit, and when the world ceases to believe in their capacity they come to grief. Paper money and hard cash are very different things. A man may be worth \$2,000,000 in theory, but he would find himself worth considerably less than half that sum if he began to realize.

Work for Children.

[Portland Oregonian.]
 Many children are overworked and many do not work at all. There is evil both ways. It is a mere foolish sentimentality that raises an outcry whenever a child is seen at work—compelled to it; for nothing can do the child so much wrong as to bring it up wholly without personal knowledge of work and of what it means. Here, as in all other affairs of life, there is a safe mid-

dle ground. It is right and proper, and for their own good, that children should be required to work reasonably and moderately; but it is an outrage upon them, indignity and violence to humanity, a wrong to the state, when children are put in to work and kept working as the poor little drudges, during long hours, of an industrial machine.

Fame in the Stratosphere.

[S. E. Kiser.]
 He holds his head high, he is proud; His name's in the papers today; People single him out in the crowd, And they point as he goes on his way; He has caused a sensation, somehow, He is tasting the sweetness of fame, But—
 Who will cheer for him six months from now, Or even remember his name?



The hero of yesterday's gone, We are cheering another today; A man may be had at the dawn, And forgot ere the end of the day; Here and there is some wonderful one, Who contrives to keep on being great, But—
 It is not for the things he has done, He must whoop it up early and late.

Love.

[Detroit Free Press.]
 He—You passed me without speaking to me.
 She—Oh, I must have been thinking about you.

Mr. Cleveland as a Landlord.

[Harper's Weekly.]
 Ex-President Cleveland, who is living at Princeton, owns a house in the neighborhood which he leases to a university professor, a friend of his, for a very moderate rental. The spring rains have been unusually heavy of late, and the professor's cellar is frequently inundated, greatly to his annoyance. Having found, upon investigation, that a defect in the construction of the wall was responsible for the trouble, he called upon his eminent landlord to register a protest.
 "Mr. Cleveland," he complained, "my cellar is full of water."
 "Well," rejoined the ex-President, "what do you expect for the rent you pay—champagne?"

All Welcome in the West.

[Toronto News.]
 A feature of the reception of the Barr colony was the manner in which a number of farmers repaired to Saskatoon, to rent their teams and wagons, and give incidental advice and assistance to the new settlers. The feeling of the West to the colony as a whole seems to be cordial.

MISSIONARY SOCIETY HELD TWO IMPORTANT SESSIONS

Delegates to Convention Heard Splendid Addresses.

Officers Re-elected—Interesting Lecture by Mr. Newton Rowell, K. C.

Two sessions of the Women's Missionary Society of the London district were held yesterday afternoon, when most favorable reports were received and discussed. The review of the year's work indicated prosperity in all branches. The afternoon meeting was held in the Dundas Center Church, while owing to the fact that the Crossley-Hunter crowds occupied that church in the evening, the evening session was held in the First Methodist Church. The attendance was entirely gratifying and the service was well represented by delegates, and a large number also interested in the good work being done attended the meetings.

THE DISTRICT REPORT.

The reading of the district report was the feature of the afternoon meeting. It gave a very interesting and best evidence of the admirable work being done by the society. Summarized, the report said that in the London district there were 9 stations and 10 circuits, of which 9 stations and 8 circuits were organized. There were 20 auxiliaries in the division, which was an increase of one over last year. Dore, being represented. There had a membership of 705, which was an increase of 18 over the past year. The circles had also increased, there being now six. Colborne Street Methodist Church had contributed this increase. The number of mission bands was four, which was the same as before. The membership of these, that is, of the bands, was 143, which was a considerable increase in excess of those of the previous year. The membership of all organizations combined was 1,307, which was 57 more than last year. The total amount raised was \$3,354.80, an advance of \$1,055.77 over that obtained last year. The proportion that was given the London district when a call for a general increase of 5,000 in membership in Canada was made at the first of the year, was cheerfully accepted, the local branches more than doing their share.

Auxiliaries.	Members.	Amount raised.
First Methodist.....	141	\$325.08
Dundas Center.....	96	427.20
Wellington Street.....	75	171.25
London South.....	70	296.52
London West.....	61	166.72
Centennial.....	51	54.94
Colborne Street.....	31	75.12
Hamilton Road.....	19	12.10
Arva.....	15	37.37
Belmont.....	10	13.90
Baker's.....	12	28.21
Centenary.....	20	89.25
Lambeth.....	28	34.31
North Street.....	33	116.16
Salem.....	12	45.85
Sharon.....	15	56.00
The Grove.....	17	25.00
Thornhill.....	10	16.80
White Oak.....	7	16.80
Totals.....	705	\$3,354.80
Circles.		
First Methodist.....	88	\$102.16
Dundas Center.....	52	126.70
Aaklin Street.....	28	54.44
Empress Avenue.....	20	36.22
Byron.....	5	1.25
Totals.....	321	\$338.78
Bands.		
Dundas Center.....	38	\$46.60

Dundas Street.....	38	\$46.60
Wellington Street.....	89	51.23
Aaklin Street.....	28	54.44
Salem.....	15	10.54
Totals.....	281	\$157.43

SOME ELECTIONS.

Communication was partaken of by those present, after which the appointment of the secretary-treasurer was made. Mrs. Fred Smith, of this city, again being the unanimous choice. Her services during the year have been thoroughly appreciated. Mrs. Harrison, wife of Rev. T. E. Harrison, was again elected organizer.
 The remainder of the programme consisted of several entertaining and instructive papers, read by ladies who were thoroughly conversant with the work, and reports from the branch societies. Mrs. Gordon Wright had as her subject, "How We Increased Our Membership." Miss Nicholson, E. A. of Stratford, conducted a "Round-Table Talk" on mission band and circle work, and Mrs. J. H. Tennent led a discussion on "The Work of the Calling Forth Gifts." Mrs. J. H. McMechan and Mrs. (Dr.) Fowler, of London, answered questions bearing on the society's work.

Miss Hunt delighted the gathering with her singing of several solos.
 Mr. Newton Rowell, K. C., of Toronto, whose fine ability as a public speaker is well-known to Londoners, spoke at the First Methodist Church in the evening. His topic, "The North-

PUNISHMENT.

Social progress has done away with a great deal of the punishment once administered under the laws of enlightened people. But nature never changes or modifies her penalties. She still has the same punishment for the man who neglects or abuses his stomach as she had in the far off days "when Adam delved and Eve span."

The physical discomforts of indigestion, sluggishness, irritability, nervousness and sleeplessness which are visited upon the man who eats carelessly or irregularly have been from the beginning of the existence of the stomach and its associated organs of digestion and nutrition.
 Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures the diseased stomach and enables the perfect digestion and assimilation of food, so that the sluggishness, irritability, nervousness and sleeplessness which result from indigestion are cured also.
 "I was taken sick nine years ago with fever," writes Mr. M. M. Wardwell, of Linwood, Leavenworth, Kan., "and I was so weak that I broke up the fever all right, but I took diarrhea right away; he couldn't cure it and it became chronic, and the doctor gave up the case. I got so weak with it and had piles so badly I couldn't lie down, nor hardly sit up. Was that way two or three months, and I thought I never would get well again, but I picked up one of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery books and saw your description of catarrh of the stomach. I thought it hit my case. We had a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery in the house that was got for mother. You recommended it for catarrh of the stomach, so I went to taking it. The one bottle nearly cured me. I got two bottles next time and took one and one-half and was well. I haven't been bothered with diarrhea since."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness. Some farmers in the West are paying more to the emergency fund than whole eastern congregations," said the speaker when referring to the new settlers' generosity. Besides doing this they had to build homes and buy supplies, but all were doing magnificently. The young men were doing most of the church work. They needed men of experience as overseers, though, and to

New Goods! New Store!

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PERFECT LIGHT. GOOD SERVICE.
 THE BEST POSSIBLE VALUE FOR YOUR MONEY.

For Mourning Dresses.

Desirable All-Wool British and French Materials, light in weight, perfectly fast in color, 46 inches wide. See them. Prices ranging from

60c to \$1.75.

For Children—Just in—Material for a Nice Dress.

French made, pretty, natty checks, 44 inches wide, all wool and only new colorings. Manufacturer late in delivering. Bought to sell at 50 cents, we have permission to sell at a reduction.

The Price, 25c.

Durable French Dress Materials.

Voilies in shot effects; new colorings, 46 inches wide, - 85c
 Eolines, very pretty effects, shaded stripes, 46 inches, - 85c
 Cambrics-printed, new designs, new colors.

100 Crumb Cloths, 36 in. wide, price only 12½c

Kingsmill's

west Problem; The Emergency and Its Opportunities," was handled in a very entertaining way, and his address was

entirely satisfactory. The subject, he said, was one of great interest to Methodists, as they had been the first to establish churches in the Northwest Territories. He said that it was all right to talk about the country and how to help it, but first of all information regarding its resources and extent should be given. When the situation in the West became known it would need no argument to fill the West's every need. About one half of Canada, which extended around a quarter of the earth's circumference, was fit for habitation as far as was now known. Only about one-eighth of the total territory capable of settlement was now used. The Northwest Territories were about one and a half times the size of Ontario. In the districts were two hundred million acres of land ready to be cultivated. Four millions were now being cultivated and the railroads could not handle the produce obtained. What was to be when the rest was being worked?

Farming in Ontario, compared to that in the west, was only play, the speaker said. In the west many and many a farmer spent his winter in Southern California, and money was in freer circulation there than here. He mentioned that to emphasize how rich the country would be when it became better populated. Great crops were raised, the equals of which were not seen in the east. The resources to be yet drawn upon everywhere were magnificent.
 The new railways, extending further north as they would, would be of great advantage. The Peace River district, which was very rich, would then become populated. On a map, Mr. Rowell pointed out where the different foreign settlements were, and commented upon the people, and spoke of the opportunities of work for their moral and religious welfare.

A RICH COUNTRY.

All nature's resources blessed the country. There need be no hard times. Many of the rivers had beds of coal, and, although farming had proved more profitable, gold could be obtained. He pointed out that 60,000 people had gone to the west since 1901, and predicted 100,000 settlers for that country this year.
 The character of the country, and, in fact, of the whole Dominion, was to be determined by the people now going there. The Governments would not consider the spiritual welfare of the settlers, and it was to this that the church, united in all denominations, must turn their efforts. The task would be hard one, as the circumstances were extraordinary, but the responsibility was on them.
 Seventy thousand foreigners had settled in the country. They knew nothing of the government, laws or affairs of the country, but in a short time they would stand at the ballot box. The churches must prepare them, for the good of the country.

The settlers from the United States were, as was generally supposed, a fine class of settlers. Mr. Rowell cited incidents which showed that they were ready to conform with Canadian ways of living. They were bred in a different element, however, and their spiritual nature was as far different from ours as was their civic disposition. When it was known that Canada was a land in which Christ reigned, the speaker felt sure that they would respect it.
 "Some farmers in the West are paying more to the emergency fund than whole eastern congregations," said the speaker when referring to the new settlers' generosity. Besides doing this they had to build homes and buy supplies, but all were doing magnificently. The young men were doing most of the church work. They needed men of experience as overseers, though, and to

send these men out was the church's duty.
 "A host of heroes have given their lives to promote Christianity in that country, and they are now calling us to our mission," was Mr. Rowell's concluding remark.
 Mrs. Scrimgeour sang very beautifully and a solo was acceptably rendered by Mr. Glass. Rev. George Bishop presided.
 NAT GOODWIN AS NURSE
 Plays a New Part, Thanks to His Wife's Golf Balls.
 Kalamazoo, Mich., May 6. — Nat Goodwin and Maxine Elliott visited the Wanikin golf links here on Saturday and Miss Elliott put a golf ball through a plate glass window in the second story of the home of Bentley E. Pierce. The shattered glass was showered over Baby Pierce, who was getting his bath inside the window. Mrs. Elliott and Goodwin rushed into the house to determine the damage. Mr. Goodwin picked the pieces of glass off the baby and soothed its cries while Miss Elliott paid for the window. Mrs. Pierce did not know who her visitors were until she saw them at the theater Saturday night.

A New Time Fuse.

Berlin, May 6.—A poor watchmaker named Fritz has sold a mechanical time fuse for projectiles to the Krupp Company for \$26,000, and a royalty of one mark (25 cents) for each device used. The mechanism can be adjusted so as to explode in an astonishingly short time, at long distances, or immediately after penetrating a resisting substance, such as a ship's armor plate or a fortification wall. The new fuse is regarded as being especially useful in exploding shrapnel shells.

WHEN YOU'RE RUN DOWN

Just build up your system with the great South American NERVINE, the health builder, blood maker and nerve food, that is quick and most thorough in its action. Will put every organ in the body in good working order speedily and permanently, through giving them a new nervous energy and fills the system with health, vigor and rich, red blood.

J. W. Dinwiddie, of Campbellford, Ont., states: "I was troubled with nervousness and nervous depression for years. I was treated by several doctors; tried every medicine. Last fall I procured a bottle of SORRY AMERICAN NERVINE. I took but a very few doses and the nervous depression left my entire system, and I was well without it."
 DR. VON STAN'S PINEAPPLE TABLETS
 allow the sufferer from indigestion to eat heartily and heavily of anything he likes while curing him of his nervous depression. For the Pineapple actually digests the food, letting the stomach rest and get sound while you enjoy life. Price, 35 cents.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Want swell harness for the horse? See our superb stock in road and track harness. Tackberry & Co., Richmond street.

Cleaning of Mattresses and Feather Pillows and Beds. Woven Wire Springs repaired. Furniture recovered; also new Mattresses, Feather Pillows and Cushions. Goose Feathers sold by the pound, at the Feather Bed and Mattress Factory, 593 Richmond street north. Telephone 997. James F. Hunt & Sons.

General Assembly, Presbyterian Church, Los Angeles, California.

For General Assembly Presbyterian Church in the United States, May 21 to June 2, the Union Southern Pacific will sell very much reduced round trip tickets to Los Angeles, going via New Orleans, or via Denver, Salt Lake City and San Francisco, returning same or diverse route. As this is an open rate, it will give the public and delegates to the Presbyterian Assembly at Vancouver in June an opportunity to attend that convention returning. Tickets on sale May 2 and May 11 to 17 inclusive, good for return until July 15. Liberal stopover privileges going and returning. For rates and further information, address H. F. Carter, T. P. A., Union Pacific R. R., 14 James building, Toronto, Ont. 87-n-22v

Comfort and Luxury on the "Flyer."

"It is one of life's real pleasures to travel on such a splendid train." This is only one of a hundred such remarks made by experienced travelers regarding the Grand Trunk's "Eastern Flyer," which leaves London at 6:40 p.m. daily for Toronto, Montreal and Portland. The cafe car on this train enables one to enjoy a nicely cooked and well served meal while rushing towards their destination at a rate often exceeding a mile a minute. The service is a la carte. Cars are electric lighted and equipped with electric fans. There is also a through Pullman sleeper to Montreal. Tickets, reservations, etc., from E. D. La Hooke, C. P. and T. A. 88-g

The New York Express.

Leaves London at 4:35 p.m. daily, with Pullman parlor car to Hamilton, connecting with New York sleeper and dining car, serving supper and breakfast. Arrives Buffalo 3:50 p.m. and New York 10:05 a.m. Tickets, reservations, etc., from E. D. La Hooke, C. P. and T. A. 88-g

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN'S COLIC, WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's," and accept no substitute.

While tearing down the old brick German Lutheran Church at Columbus, Ind., workmen found imprisoned in the wall a live bat that had been there since the old building went up, 33 years ago.
 THEY NEVER KNEW FAILURE.—Careful observation of the effects of Parmentier's Vegetable Pills has shown that they act immediately on the diseased organs of the system and stimulate them to healthy action. There may be cases in which the disease has been long seated and does not easily yield to medicine, but even in such cases these Pills have been known to bring relief when all other so-called remedies have failed. These assertions can be substantiated by many who have used the Pills, and medical men speak highly of their qualities.
 It's a bitter-dose when one tastes of defeat.

Still Coming.

Our Wallpaper has been attracting much attention. It has been coming in for a long time, and now it's about all here.

It's worth seeing just for your pleasure. It's quality and beauty will appeal to you. About anything you may desire is ready for your inspection.

O. B. GRAVES

222 Dundas Street.

WALL PAPER

Just the kind you want. Nothing prettier and prices to suit.

H. & C. COLERICK,

443 RICHMOND STREET.

Ladies' Tailor-Made Costumes.

The most stylish garments made from a large and varied assortment of woollens of the latest weaves. Satisfaction in fit, finish, and reasonable prices. Ladies invited to call.

F. FENECH,

380 Richmond Street.

Results Satisfactory.

If you want a flour that is always the same, try Daisy Flour. Made to sell and give satisfaction. At all grocers.

J. HAWKINS, Arva.

VANDEBURG'S LIVERY.....

619 Dundas St. Phone 666.

Everything first-class, mostly rubber tires. Try our rubber-tired Victoria.

R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.,
County Bldg., next Court House, London.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT.

213 Dundas St.

A Simple Twist

of the Wrist

and the light is on. A simple twist and the light is gone. No trouble, no dirt, no odor.

You Can't Find a Better Light

No Matter What You Pay.

You should have the Electric Light if you want the best.

London Electric Co., 359 Richmond Street.

DOGS PLENTIFUL HERE

London Has Eighteen Hundred or More of Them.

No Owner Will Be Allowed to Escape

Payment of the Tax.

A complete list of the dog owners of the city is now in the hands of Inspector McCallum.

The dog tax was obtained by a house-to-house visit made during the past two weeks by a quartette of men sworn in for the purpose, and a result will be a bigger sale of dog tags this year than has ever been known in the history of the city.

No owner of a canine will escape the payment of a dollar, even if it is necessary to have him or her appear in the police court. When such a measure is resorted to an additional 85 cents may have to be paid by the owner.

The idea of making a house-to-house inspection was suggested at the city hall, for it was felt that in the past the city was not receiving as great a revenue from the dog tax as it should.

Two members of the police force and two other citizens were sent out nearly three weeks ago, and in order to make the inspection as complete as possible, they were accompanied by a search house if it was considered necessary.

This was done where it was thought the occupants had got word of the approach of the inspectors and were attempting to hide the canine in the cellar or elsewhere.

To show that the inspectors were working thoroughly, it is told of one of them that he had a South London residence the lady told the inspector that she had a dog for which she exhibited a tag, and to satisfy him she exhibited both the dog and the tag. That did not satisfy the visitor, who for some reason or other, had his suspicions aroused and insisted on taking a look around for himself. He went into every room in the place, not overlooking the cellar, but was turned out after his search was completed.

The search was completed by a near relative of Inspector McCallum.

The inspectors met with considerable opposition, and heard not a few stories told in the hope that the owner might be relieved of the payment of the dollar. Whenever it was made, however, not a cent was left.

The sale of the tags had been going merrily on for some days, among the first to call were the greenback boys, the chief of police and Police Magistrate Love, both of whom have dogs which are said to be worth a dollar. Already over 1,200 tags have been disposed of, but it is expected that before the lists are gone through it will total about 1,800, for that is the number of names handed in by the inspectors.

Just as a warning Inspector McCallum has told every purchaser to defer putting the jewelry on his dog for a couple of weeks, as that will be a prevention of stealing, which has been so common in the past. "At the end of two weeks," the inspector would tell the buyers, "every person who owns a dog will likely have a tag, which will make it unnecessary to resort to stealing. By the way, if you have any near and dear friends who have dogs, tell them to come along and join in the procession and thus avoid a summons to the police court, which will mean an extra 85 cents."

To give every person a chance Inspector McCallum has decided not to take police court proceedings until May 16. After that time the police clerk at the rate of 100 to a batch. A word in time, etc.

How to Get Up an Appetite.

Distaste for food often follows gripe and fevers, and is associated with a general weakness of the system. To impart a real zest for food and give power to the stomach to digest and assimilate, no remedy can equal Ferronine. This is a new and startling discovery. It strikes at the root of the disease, and by removing the cause, cures quickly and permanently. Ferronine will quickly enable you to eat and digest anything. All druggists.

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SNAPS

IN USED

Pianos

and

Organs

Call and See Them.

NORDHEIMER'S

Limited.

188 Dundas Street.

63 years established.

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CANADA

TRUST CO.

Huron and Erie Building.

LONDON, CANADA.

Chartered to Act as

Executor, Administrator, Trustee,

Guardian, Liquidator, Etc.

The compensation will in no case exceed that allowed to individuals, and is likely to be less.

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When Planting

Time Comes

We have all the desirable plants in

Flowers, Vines, Roses, etc.

Gammage & Sons, 207 Dundas St.

X-RAY and Electro-Therapeutic Rooms.

for the treatment of Cancer, Eczema, Scalds, Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, Gout, and Neuritis.

DR. PINGEL,

Specialist, London.

LOWNEY'S

Chocolate Bon-Bons.

The finest select stock of these

excellent goods can be had from

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Harry Ranahan,

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Weddings.

They are always with you. You

will need something for a present.

It is not always necessary that it

should be an expensive article. Our

Syrup Jug and Tray at

\$2.75

will please you. It is a fine-looking

set, and the quality is first-class.

W. G. YOUNG

Jeweler,

214 Dundas Street.

LONDON AND DISTRICT.

—Mrs. Becher, of Sylvan Towers,

Toronto, formerly of London, is ill at

her home.

—The provincial municipal auditor,

Mr. J. E. Laing, was in the city for a

few hours yesterday.

—Mrs. R. H. Douglas and daughter,

of Northern Minnesota, are visiting

relatives and friends in this city.

—The postmaster wishes it known the

stamps on a letter should always be

placed on the upper right-hand corner.

—Miss Nettie May Smith and Mr. F.

Palmer, of this city, were married at

St. Thomas the other day by Rev. C.

Sinclair.

—A special train with General Man-

ager Hays and other officials of the

Grand Trunk on board, went west yester-

day morning over the old main line.

—C. P. R. Agent Houston, of this

city, will attend a banquet to be

held at Supt. Price, of the C. P. R., at

Toronto tonight. Mr. Price has

resigned his position.

MAY HAVE HALF-HOLIDAY.

Tenders for the construction of the

new Roman Catholic school on Hill

street will be opened by the separate

school board about the middle of May.

It is likely that the separate schools

will be given a half-holiday on the

occasion of Lord and Lady Minto's

visit.

ADDRESS WANTED.

Mr. Thomas H. Pegler, of Eastbourne,

Stroud, Gloucestershire, Eng., wants

to get the address of his nephew,

Thomas Radway, who is supposed to

have lived in this neighborhood and to

"Wee

MacGregor"

The greatest Scotch story of modern

times. Genuine humor from begin-

ning to end. 100,000 already sold in

Old Country. You will miss a treat if

you do not read it. Paper covers.

15 Cents Postpaid.

ANDERSON'S

The Bookstore,

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WATCHES.

The best American

make—Elgin, Waltham,

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Gun Metal Watches,

\$2 to \$5.

Ladies' Silver Watches,

\$3 to \$5.

Jeweler.

C. R. SUMNER, 380 Richmond St.

Children's New

Straw Sailors,

New Linen Sailors

New Braids,

New Colors,

New Shapes.

BELTZ

Moved Across the Street.

have moved away. If the information

desired is sent to The Advertiser office

it will be given to the party by whom

it is sought.

DEATH OF DANIEL KNAPTON.

The death of Daniel Knapton, a re-

spected resident of this district, occurred

yesterday morning at the family

residence, lot 6, con. 6, London town-

ship, after an illness of about a year's

duration. He was in his 46th year and

was born in London township. He was

an esteemed member of the Methodist

church, and his death will be heard

of with regret throughout the com-

munity. He is survived by his wife

and four children. The funeral will be

held on Thursday

at 2:30 p.m.

WADE-WATSON.

A very pretty May wedding was

celebrated on the 5th inst. at the resi-

dence of Mr. George Watson, West

London, when his daughter, Nellie,

was happily united to Mr. Henry

Wade, of West London. Mr. Wade

was formerly employed in The Adver-

sider job department. The ceremony

was performed by Rev. S. Salton, of

the Kensington Methodist church. The

bride was charmingly attired and car-

ried a bouquet of white roses. Miss

Emma Watson acted as bridesmaid,

and Mr. Norman Wade as groomsmen.

After the wedding breakfast, Mr. and

Miss Wade left for an eastern trip

amid showers of rice. The choice

wedding presents attested the popu-

larity of the young couple.

CLEVER YOUNG LONDONER.

One of the candidates who acquitted

himself with credit at the recent ex-

aminations at McGill University, Mon-

tréal, was Mr. Kenneth Cameron, son

of Sheriff Cameron, of this city. Mr.

Cameron was advanced to the degree

of M. Sc. He was formerly a student

at the Royal Military College, King-

ston, where he was always taking a

foremost place in his class, going

there to McGill, graduating as B. Sc.

last year. He remained at McGill dur-

ing the succeeding terms as demon-

strator in civil engineering, and at the

same time continued the research work

which brought him the advanced de-

gree. He also won the prize offered

by the Canadian Society of Civil En-

gineers for original research work, and

for an essay on "The history of the

publication of the society. He joined

the engineering staff of the Canadian

Pacific Railway in the head office at

Montreal.

THE HIGHLAND CADETS.

The St. Andrew's Highland Cadets,

the killed regiment of boys organized

in this city a year ago, is to have a

brass band in connection with it,

bringing the total strength up to 76.

Such an addition to the corps has been

under consideration for some time,

and it is only within a very few days

that the uniforms for the boys were

ordered, to be delivered here in a few

weeks. The addition of the band will

greatly increase the attractiveness

of the regiment. Mr. George Blink-

horn, clarinet soloist in the Grand

Opera House orchestra, and a former

member of the Seventh Regiment

will participate in the reception to be

tendered to Lord and Lady Minto on

the occasion of their visit to London.

The cost of furnishing the