

The Glencoe Transcript.

Volume 44.--No. 10.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1915.

Whole No. 2252.

DENTISTRY
R. J. MUMFORD, D.D.S., L.D.S., Offices
over Howard's Furniture Store. Phone 16.

JAMES POOLE
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

GEORGE WILSON
Clerk of the Division Court, Conveyancer, &c. Justice of the Peace for the County of Middlesex. Commissioner in H. C. J. Office—Main Street, over Laundry's drug store.

G. C. McNaughton
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Plate Glass and Automobile Insurance
Phone Bothwell 11 & 12 P. O. Newbury No. 44 R. R. No. 2.

CREAM
I will pay 34c for Butter Fat delivered at my place Wednesdays.
ELMER CONNELLY.

Cream Wanted
I will pay 34c for butter fat delivered at my place Wednesdays.
C. A. BLAIN, Newbury.

Farm For Sale.
50 acres, east half south half lot 9, con. 1, Ekfrid. 30 acres of wheat, 10 acres meadow, 10 acres for spring crop; splendidly drained with tile, large and small; soil suitable for all kinds of crops, especially fruit and root crops and wheat. One-third down, balance to suit purchaser. Apply to GEORGE SCATES, Appin.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Double Track all the Way
Toronto—Chicago—Toronto—Montreal
Unexcelled Train Service
Highest Class of Equipment

Winter Tours to California
Florida and Sunny South
Fast Trains—Choice of Routes
Low Fares now in effect

For full particulars consult G. T. R. Ticket Agent or write
C. E. HORNUNG,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Toronto.
C. O. SMITH, Local Agent Phone 5

THE VERY LATEST
In Furniture will be found at our store at all times. Spring stock now coming in. We aim to give you a good article and save your money at the same time. See our stock and learn our prices and be convinced of this fact.

PICTURE FRAMING
In any style you wish at moderate prices.

UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT
thoroughly equipped, and perfect satisfaction in every respect guaranteed, with Mr. Wehlmann, a first-class undertaker and embalmer, in charge.

Mrs. Mary D. McAlpine

As we are very heavily stocked with Furniture bought at a bargain we offer the same to the public up until the 24th inst. at a cut rate.

Such bargains were never known in Glencoe.

All New and Up-to-the-minute Stock.

It will pay you to call and inspect.

McLAY & MUNROE

CANADIAN PACIFIC S. S. LINE

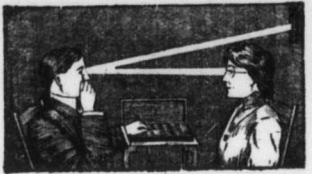
Donaldson S. S. Line
Allan S. S. Line
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Tickets issued both outward and prepaid for the above lines.
R. CLANAHAN - Ticket Agent
GLENCOE

A WORD TO THE WISE IN REGARD TO OUR OPTICAL DEPARTMENT

There are Three Strong Reasons why you should Get Your Glasses From
DAVIDSON, THE JEWELER

1st.—Our Optical Department is in charge of an Experienced Graduate Optician.
2nd.—The thorough examination your eyes receive by the latest Shadow Test System. No guesswork! The very best lenses and nothing but the finest mounts are used.
3rd.—Our Private Optical Parlor is equipped with the newest facilities which are only equalled by the large city establishments. We are able to offer you the very best service.



C. E. DAVIDSON Jeweler, Optician
Official Agency for Regina Watches Issuer of Marriage Licenses

Keith's Cash Store

SPRING MILLINERY OPENING—March 18th
and following days. The ladies of Glencoe and vicinity are invited.

P. D. KEITH

Headquarters for HOCKEY STICKS SKATES and STRAPS

TRY A PAIR OF
PERFECTION ANKLE SUPPORTS
Get Your Skates Sharpened Here

International Stock Food For Sale
Try One Package and Be Convinced

Mitchell & Hagerty

WANTED

We are now contracting for this year's TOMATO CROP and will require at least one hundred acres.

See us early, as the plants have to be ordered in good time.

For particulars apply to J. A. Scott or Wm. Muirhead.

The Glencoe Canning Company, Limited

RED CEDAR POSTS

Now is the time to draw your Cedar Posts, and we have a fine lot, also Anchor Posts 10 feet long.

Get our prices for Galvanized Iron Roofing and Steel Shingles.

McPHERSON & CLARKE

PLANING MILL LUMBER DEALERS
There is only one genuine D. L. & W. Scranton Coal. WE HAVE IT.

District News Items.

Hydro-electric power was turned on at Tilbury last week.

There is an epidemic of scarlet fever in the northern part of Brooks.

Maple syrup was marketed at Dutton two weeks ago at \$1.50 a gallon.

The death is recorded of Charles Dennis, of Euphemia, at the age of 98 years.

It is said that 32,000 people have been converted by Billy Sunday in Philadelphia.

A host of Israelites filled Massey Hall on Sunday last, praying for the success of the Allies.

Because a piano was put in the Church of Christ, Komoka, Ind., an elder kept the members out with a gun.

Over 2,000 girls are being employed in a Lancashire coal mine to take the place of men who have gone to the front.

L. E. Perkins, editor of the Petrolia Topic, has enlisted with the 7th Canadian Mounted Rifles, quartered at London.

A Durham cow, owned by J. E. Dolan, near Renfrew, gave birth to four calves at one time. Three are living and bid fair to mature.

Daniel D. Black, farmer, of Dunwich, and Miss Tillie Jane McCloy, eldest daughter of James McCloy, of Southwold, were married last week.

The organ and piano for the new Presbyterian church at Alvington have arrived and the organ has been installed. The opening of the church will be about May 1.

The Dominion Canners report net profits lower last year than the year before. They do not expect to pay growers more than 25 cents a bushel for tomatoes this year.

Labour men waited on Premier Hearst and asked that property qualifications for candidates seeking municipal office be abolished. Consideration was promised, but there will be no change this session.

Felix Juneau, a young Englishman, cut the tails off more than thirty horses in sheds at Victoria Harbor last week, and sold the hair to a Toronto dealer. He said that it was merely a foolish thing. He was sentenced to twelve months in the Central Prison.

Aldborough old boys' executive has elected the following officers:—President, John Buchanan; vice-president, W. G. Avey; second vice-president, J. D. Shaw; secretary, S. B. Morris; treasurer, A. J. Lechner; auditors, J. D. Shaw and P. A. McVicar. The annual picnic will be held this year as usual.

Death on Sunday claimed three residents of Strathroy. Lester R. Popley, widow of the late William Dryden, died at the age of 72. Mrs. Robert Lang, formerly of Lobo, passed away at the residence of her son-in-law, Lewis Fortner. She was 81 years of age. Miss Jane McTaggart died at her residence.

The Ontario high school entrance examination will be held on June 21, 22 and 23. The program is:—First day, composition and spelling; second day, arithmetic and literature; third day, English grammar, writing, geography. The departmental exams will be held commencing June 9 and continuing to June 30.

The Peabody Overall Company's plant, Walkerville, has a contract for 200,000 pairs of trousers for the British Government, and the time limit set by the war office requires that 5,000 pairs a day be turned out. There are between 700 and 800 girls now working on the contract, and about 200 more girls or women who can do hand-sewing are needed.

One year ago heavy draught horses, which were young and sound, sold at Toronto at prices ranging from \$220 to \$300 each. Last week they sold at \$175 to \$240 each. This tells pretty much the state of the horse trade in Canada at the present time. Of course, steeds that met military requirements have found ready enough sale at profitable prices, but the ordinary trade has been rather demoralized.

Ratepayers of Dutton by a vote of 139 to 16 carried a by-law authorizing the municipal council to enter into a power contract with the Hydro-Electric Commission of Ontario. By a vote of 137 to 18, a by-law approving the issue of \$10,000 in debentures to raise funds for the local distributing plant, was also carried. It is expected that the village will enjoy the benefits of hydro for all purposes as soon as a low-tension line can be built from St. Thomas to supply this municipality and others in the district.

Pringle Shaw, father of W. A. Shaw, editor of the Tilbury Times, died last week. He was born in New Brunswick in 1825, and was a salt water sailor for a few years and visited different lands and then taught school for a number of years. He walked across the Panama peninsula in 1852 to take in the California gold field rush, and acted as Spanish interpreter in that state for some time. He wrote "Ramblings in California," upon his return to Ontario, this little being often quoted as a reference in later days. He retired in Tilbury thirty years ago.

Relieves Asthma at Little Expense. Thousands of dollars have been vainly spent upon remedies for asthma, and seldom, if ever, with any relief. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, despite its assurance of benefit, costs so little that it is within reach of all. It is the national remedy for asthma, far removed from the class of doubtful and experimental preparations. Your dealer can supply it.

No Cussin' on Phone.

Toronto, March 8.—Hereafter it will profit all good residents in Ontario to restrain their language over the telephone, no matter how provoking the service may be. Profanity or blasphemous language used between customers of a phone line or between subscribers and company officials will be heavily penalized by an amendment to the Ontario Telephone Act, which will be introduced in the Legislature this week by the attorney-general.

For the first offence of the kind where complaint comes that ungentle language has been used the fine will be \$25 and costs and for increasing infractions of the law the penalties will steadily pile up.

Highgate Man Found Dead.

The Highgate Monitor says:—Just before ten o'clock on Wednesday evening the body of James Reycraft was found on the M. C. R. crossing by W. W. Scott, who was on his way to the flour mill.

Mr. Scott immediately telephoned for Dr. McPhail, county coroner, who after examination of the body had it removed to his home on King St. south.

Mr. Reycraft had left home about 7:30 o'clock to attend a prayer-meeting and had got past the corner of Gosnell and King Sts. and instead of turning towards the church went straight north. But on discovering his mistake he turned around and was seen going south on front street shortly after 9 o'clock. It is thought he had gone past his home not noticing where to turn and when he came to the tracks he fell striking his head on the rail, where he was found lying face downward by Mr. Scott.

Mr. Reycraft was in his 33rd year and had been a resident of Orford township for about 25 years. He leaves four daughters and four sons, besides one sister and two brothers.

British Vessels Sunk.

Three British steamers were sunk without warning by German submarines on Tuesday—the Tangistan, in the North Sea, off Scarborough, with the loss of 37 out of her crew of 38 men; the Blackwood, off Hastings, in the English Channel, her crew of 17 being saved, and the Princess Victoria, off the mouth of the Mersey, her crew of 31 also being saved.

Mail to Soldiers.

In order to facilitate the handling of mail at the front and to insure prompt delivery it is requested by the postal authorities that all mail be addressed as follows:

Rank.
Name.
Regimental number.
Company, squadron, battery or other unit.
Battalion.
Brigade.
First (or second) Canadian contingent.
British expeditionary force.
Army post office, London, England.

High School Literary Society.

The regular meeting of the High School Literary Society was held on March 2nd, with the president, E. Bromhead, in the chair. Mr. Morrison and W. Poole gave pleasing instrumental solos. Rev. Mr. Howson was present and gave an inspiring and appropriate address. N. Farrell read "The Oracle." The meeting closed with the National Anthem.

Wise is the man who knows not what to say—then doesn't say it.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Are You Going West This Spring?

If so, take advantage of the low one-way second class tickets to certain points in Saskatchewan and Alberta; or if the round trip ticket is desired, the low rate Roundtrippers' Excursions in effect each Tuesday until October 20th should appeal to you. Bear in mind that the Canadian Pacific Railway offers the finest possible equipment and fastest train service. The route is one of the most scenic in the world. It is the only line operating through standard and tourist sleepers, also dining car to Winnipeg and Vancouver. By travelling C. P. R. you avoid the necessities of changing depots. All equipment is owned and operated by the C. P. R., affording the highest form of efficiency. If such a trip is under consideration, apply to any C. P. R. agent for full particulars, or write Mr. G. Murphy, district passenger agent, Toronto.

It is easy for a good man to make a bad break.

Announcement

Come in and see the
NEW DODGE CAR

Now on exhibition at our
showroom, opposite
Transcript office.

It Speaks for Itself

WM. MACCALLUM

Beware of Agents.

The following letter has been received from a prominent Government official, under date of Toronto, March 1st, 1915:

"Sir:—I am instructed to advise you that notification has been received from high authority that agents have been instructed to call on engineers and plumbers at different institutions and factories throughout the Dominion of Canada asking the institution or firm to try a lubricant, of which they will leave a sample in a box. It is reported that this box when opened will explode with great power and do damage to persons and buildings, as instead of a lubricant, it contains a very high and powerful explosive."

"You will inform your officers, engineers and staff of this fact, and if such agent should call at your institution offering such samples in this way you will endeavor to have him detained and at once notify the Police Department and this office by telegram or telephone."

During the existence of the war the public will do well to give strangers distributing samples a wide berth. Treat everyone that you do not know as an enemy and you will not make a mistake. Also, keep your front doors locked."

Farm Topics.

(Farmer's Advocate.)
It is a good time now to oil the harness and get the implements ready for the field.

In about a month's time the farmers of Canada will have their innings in the trenches.

The worst "submarine" to war against fall wheat is spring frosts. Every farmer knows it, but like the merchantman, is almost helpless to cope with the situation.

Are there any bolts or nuts missing from the implements? You will not know unless you look, and if you do not look it may prove costly in a few weeks from now.

The pressure of sugar trade prices is going to stimulate the maple industry this season, providing good Dame Nature furnishes suitable weather, and would have still greater effect if the extra farm labor required were forthcoming.

Some claim that the "production" end of the campaign of meetings put on for the special benefit of Canadian farmers should have been dropped, and all the emphasis placed on "patriotism." Others take the other view and think that "patriotism" should have been dropped, and judging from the attendance and interest at some of the meetings the whole thing might have been dropped without seriously handicapping the farmer in his 1915 work. Most farmers will try to produce cereals at present prices; none cares to have his patriotism questioned; some would like details as to how production might be increased, but the campaign speakers, competent as they are, rarely go into details, because it is against orders.

Sunday School Convention.

The third county convention of United Sabbath School Workers of West Middlesex will be held in the Presbyterian church, Glencoe, on Thursday, March 18th. The municipalities included are Mossa, Ekfrid, Caradoc, Metcalfe, Strathroy, Glencoe, Newbury, Wardsville and Adelaide. The programme for the convention is as follows:

Afternoon Session
1.30—Meeting of Executive Committee together with all ministers present.
2.00—Opening and Devotional Exercises.
2.15—President's Address, **Chas. Macfie**.
2.30—Report of Secretary-Treasurer, **W. G. Robinson**.
2.40—Consideration of dates of Township Conventions and other miscellaneous business.
2.50—Report of Department Superintendents, 5 minutes each.
1. Elementary Division.
2. Secondary Division, **L. W. Cuddy**.
3. Adult Division, **Rev. Mr. McLachlan**.
4. Home Department, **Ernest Cawthorpe**.
5. Teacher Training, **Rev. Kannavin**.
6. Missionary Department, **Rev. K. M. Eason**.
7. Temperance, **J. W. Thomas**.
3.25—Discussion and Questions for information on above Departmental Work.
3.40—The Future of Our Work, **Rev. W. R. McIntosh**.
4.10—Offering, **B. A. B. D. London**.
4.15—Address, **Rev. E. W. Halpenny**.
4.45—Announcements, Appointment of Committees.
5.00—Adjournment.
From 5 to 5.30, Meeting of Committees.

Evening Session
7.30.—Song Service, **Rev. C. H. P. Owen**.
7.50.—Scripture Reading and Prayer, **Rev. W. G. Houson**.
8.00.—Reports of Committees, **Rev. E. W. Halpenny**.
8.15.—Address, **Provincial Secretary**.
8.45.—Music and Offering, **Rev. Byron Snell**.
8.55.—Address, **Rev. W. R. McIntosh**.
Music for the Convention will be under the direction of the choir leader of the Presbyterian church, Glencoe. Delegates will be entertained by the people of Glencoe. The president of the convention is Chas. M. Macfie, of Appin, and the secretary-treasurer W. G. Robinson, of Melbourne.

High School Weekly Exams.

Form I.—Grammar.

S. McKellar	80
C. McBean	80
M. Baldwin	81
R. Pierce	81
E. Gilles	79
H. Sutherland	77
C. Hicks	76
R. Owen	74
C. Sutton	72
M. Gardiner	71
A. Barker	69
E. Leitch	69
A. McRae	69
M. Huston	64
R. Leithbridge	64
M. Mitchell	63
E. Campbell	62
B. King	60
A. Moore	60
F. Smith	59
J. Upphart	54
M. Fryer	54
E. McDonald	51
C. McIntosh	49
C. Black	46
S. Eddie	46
J. Eddie	43
L. Dalgety	41
G. Hurley	40
W. A. Conlhard	37
A. Aldred	31

Form II.—Algebra.

C. Miller	100
M. McArthur	99
H. Moss	97
J. McLaughlin	91
A. McArthur	90
E. Smith	88
M. Galbraith	81
S. McCutcheon	78
A. D. McDonald	77
F. Gilles	77
L. Eddie	75
J. Fox	75
W. Leithbridge	74
N. Campbell	71
W. McVicar	71
A. Beattie	69
E. Marsh	67
McK. McArthur	65
B. Silcox	64
J. McGregor	58
G. Grant	57
A. McAllum	56
F. Keith	48
J. McAlpine	48
W. Brown	25

Form III.—Physics.

E. McAlpine	73
M. Munro	70
M. Morrison	69
N. McAllum	68
N. Farrell	65
E. Reycraft	64
V. Burchiel	64
P. Leitch	62
F. McLaughlin	62
A. G. Campbell	57
E. Bromhead	57
W. Poole	53
M. Little	52
J. Coulhard	51
G. Campbell	48
A. Mawhinney	43
J. Humphries	39
A. E. Aldred	absent
Alice Campbell	absent
R. Gubbins	absent
G. McLaughlin	absent

Form IV.—Physics.

G. C. Squire	94
A. Calhoun	82
N. Archer	79
M. Bayne	79
M. Leitch	64
M. McLean	62
M. Chalk	60

Ward Officers in Mossa.

The following pathmasters, etc., have been appointed in the township of Mossa for the current year:—

Ward No. 1

Pathmasters—	Arch. McCready
Wm. Mitchell	Wm. Gillett
Thos. Dark	Hugh Armstrong
Hugh Taylor	Jas. Moran
Ish. Allan	Fence Viewers—
James Haydel	John Mitchell
David Bohler	Robert Campbell
Johnathan Saylor	Daniel Patterson
Alvin Brammer	Pound Keepers—
John Gucksey	John H. Robinson
Geo. Hewitt	David Bohler
Chas. Fennell	Sheep Valuator—
Geo. Martin	Chas. Fennell

Ward No. 2

Pathmasters—	Wm. N. Hillman
Jas. Clannahan	Gordon Reycraft
Savill Simpson	Jason Bell
Lor. Watterworth	Henry Blain
Thos. Simpson, jr.	Fence Viewers—
G. C. Foy	John B. Jones
E. T. Currie	Jas. D. Simpson
Wm. Gould	Lor. Watterworth
Geo. W. Edwards	Pound Keepers—
Wm. Simpson	Henry Blain
Wm. S. Burchiel	Albert Winger
Thos. G. Walker	Sheep Valuator—
Jas. A. Winger	Thos. G. Jones
W. J. Simpson	

Ward No. 3

Pathmasters—	Wm. Munroe
David Currie	D. Livingston
Donald Gillies	J. D. McNaughton
Richard Reycraft	C. C. McNaughton
Chas. Telfer	Fence Viewers—
J. R. McElaehen	Dan Hagerty
Thomas Gardiner	Isaac Abbott
Wm. C. King	Dunc Fletcher
Herbert Gould	Pound Keepers—
A. A. Gillies	John O. Archer
James Munroe	John J. McConnell
Lachlan McKelvie	Sheep Valuator—
E. Armstrong	Joseph Babcock

Ward No. 4

Pathmasters—	Archib. V. Munroe
Maic. A. McIntyre	Dunc. J. Campbell
John Secord	Don. B. Ferguson
John Leitch	John McPhail
Duncan McVicar	Alex. Dewar
Geo. McCallum	Fence Viewers—
Hugh L. Walker	H. H. McLaughlin
Malcolm McVicar	Alex. P. Ferguson
Robt. McArthur	John McVicar
Alex. M. Leitch	Pound Keepers—
Angus Campbell	Neil McLarty
John Graham	Don. B. Ferguson
Robt. N. Campbell	Sheep Valuator—
Jas. Shields	H. T. McLaughlin
Archie Purcell	

ANALYSIS OF FARM LANDS

REPORT ON LAND, LABOR AND LIVE STOCK.

Statistics Office Details Results of Inquiries Made Throughout Dominion.

A press bulletin issued recently by the Census and Statistics Office summarizes the results of inquiries made by crop-reporting correspondents as to (1) the values of farm land, (2) the values of farm help, and (3) the values of farm live stock in 1914.

For the whole of Canada the average value of farm land held for agricultural purposes, whether improved or unimproved, and including the value of dwelling house, farms, stables and other farm buildings, is returned as \$38.41 per acre, which is about equal to that of the last similar inquiry in 1910, when the value was given as \$38.45 per acre. In 1911 the average was returned by the Census as \$30.41, but this value was based upon returns from all occupiers, including farms only recently settled and therefore of less value. By provinces the average values of 1914 range from \$21 per acre in Alberta to \$150 per acre in British Columbia. In this province, however, the high value is due to orcharding, ordinary agriculture being subsidiary to fruit culture.

Wages of Farm Help.

In recent years the wages of farm help have increased considerably, and they reached their highest point during the bumper harvest of 1913. But in 1914 the pendulum swung back, less labor being required on farms owing to lighter crops. Since August the war has had for one of its effects an increase in the supply of farm labor and consequently a fall in the wages. The demand for labor this winter has also decreased because of the increased cost of board. For the Dominion the average wages per month during the summer, including board, were \$35.55 for male and \$18.81 for female help. For the year, including board, the averaging wages were \$233.30 for males and \$159.35 for females, whilst the average cost of board per month works out to \$14.27 for males and \$11.20 for females, as compared with \$12.49 and \$9.33 in 1910.

Average wages per month in 1914 were lowest in Prince Edward Island, viz., \$24.71 for males and \$14.45 for females; in Nova Scotia they were \$21.20 and \$14.80, and in New Brunswick \$21.93 and \$15. In Quebec the averages were \$23.56 and \$15.65, and in Ontario \$22.09 and \$13.67. In the western provinces they were for males \$29.13 in Manitoba, \$40.31 in Saskatchewan, and \$40.36 in Alberta; females receiving \$22.33 in Manitoba, \$22.90 in Saskatchewan and \$23.63 in Alberta. The highest wages were paid in British Columbia, viz., \$47.85 for males and \$31.18 for females, these averages being substantially less than in 1910 when males received \$37.40 and females \$25.

Farm Live Stock.

Values were well maintained so far as comparison with the three years ended 1910 is concerned; but during 1914 there has been a substantial reduction in the value both of horses and of swine. It is a cause of general complaint that the demand for horses other than for military purposes has fallen off, and that prices are less by from 25 to 40 or 50 per cent. than they were in 1913.

Owing to the high price of grain the keeping of swine in the west is said to be no longer a paying proposition. Hogs have been sold for as little as 3½ cents per lb., and many have been marketed in an unfinished condition. On the other hand the prices of cattle have been well maintained and the average values for dairy cows and for other horned cattle are considerably above those of 1910. The averages per head for all Canada come to \$127 for horses, \$57 for milch cows, \$42 for other cattle, \$7 for sheep and \$12 for swine. The following is believed to be a rough approximation of the total value of Canadian farm live stock in 1914: Horses \$371,430,000; cattle \$297,131,000; sheep \$14,551,000, and swine \$42,418,000, or an aggregate of \$725,530,000 for all descriptions.

In The Home.

In no place is it possible to be so entirely natural and free as in the home, but in order that this familiarity should not be abused a certain amount of give and take should be practiced. A desire to make things as pleasant as possible in the absence of quarreling or other friction, and, above everything, consideration for others are essential to the comfort of everyone. In order to do this there need be no loss of personality, character, or rights, to any member of the home, as is sometimes the case when good manners are carried to extremes.

Occasionally a bad boy makes good.

SICK HEADACHES PERMANENTLY CURED

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Correct the Cause of This Trouble

There are few ailments that cause more genuine misery in the home than attacks which are generally termed sick headaches. The attacks are often periodical, and when the mother of a family is prostrated at intervals there is not only her own suffering to consider, but the discomfort caused the other members of the household. Sick headaches arise from a variety of causes, and most of them can be relieved or cured through the tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mrs. Hugh Docherty, Rocaville, Sask., says: "I suffered for years with what the doctors called nervous prostration and sick headache. When those spells came on I could not work nor walk, and the pains in the head were almost unbearable. At times the pain in my head was so dreadful that I feared it would drive me mad. I tried four different doctors at times, and not only took bottles of medicine, but quarts of it, but to no avail. Then I quit taking medicine altogether and tried dieting, but it made no difference. I was still an agonizing sufferer. Finally my husband urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and got me a supply. After taking the Pills for some weeks I felt a little better and I gladly continued their use. My nerves began to feel stronger, the terrible headache came with less frequency, and after taking the Pills for some months disappeared altogether. From that day to this I have had no return of the trouble, and all who knew of my illness regarded my cure as marvellous. I cannot say too much in praise of the Pills, as they certainly saved me from a life of almost constant agony."

It is by building up and enriching the blood and strengthening the nerves that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills work seemingly marvellous cures, and what they have done for others they will do for all ailing people if given a fair trial. If you do not find these Pills at your medicine dealer you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Curious Antipathies.

The philosopher Boyle swooned at the sound of water splashing, and Tycho Brahe fainted at the sight of a fox. An old Greek writer records the instance of a man who swooned at the sound of a flute. More recently, still, a clergyman, it is stated, could never hear a certain verse of Jeremiah read without fainting. Marshal d'Albret could not bear the sight of a pig, and the Duke d'Epemay swooned at the sight of a leveret. All these are genuine cases of a deep-seated natural antipathy, and many others might be recounted. Therefore, says the Family Doctor, when we meet with persons who declare that the smell of tobacco makes them feel ill, it may be a real physical infirmity.

Prehistoric Bottles.

According to recent discoveries it appears that nursing bottles were used even in prehistoric times. This is true at least for the age of polished stone, inasmuch as a French archaeologist, when exploring a neolithic funeral deposit, found a small clay bottle, and this was quite intact. This is not the only specimen of the kind which comes from early ages. Among others are the specimens found in the Gaulish burial places of Jochery, and more recently in the Gallo-Roman arena of Paris.

STRENGTH

Without Overloading the Stomach. The business man, especially, needs food in the morning that will not overload the stomach, but give mental vigor for the day.

Much depends on the start a man gets each day as to how he may expect to accomplish the work on hand.

He can't be alert with a heavy, fried-meat-and-potatoes breakfast, requiring a lot of vital energy in digesting it.

A Western business man found a food combination for producing energy. He writes:

"For years I was unable to find a breakfast food that had nutrition enough to sustain a business man without overloading his stomach, causing indigestion and kindred ailments."

"Being a very busy and also a very nervous man, I had about decided to give up breakfast altogether. But luckily I was induced to try Grape-Nuts."

"Since that morning I have been a new man; can work without tiring, my head is clear and my nerves strong and quiet."

"I find that Grape-Nuts, with a little sugar and a small quantity of cold milk, makes a delicious morning meal, which invigorates me for the day's business."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.



Lady Francis Scott.

Eldest daughter of the late Lord Minto, former Lieutenant-Governor. Before her marriage she was known to Lord Francis Scott, son of the late Duke of Buccleuch, she was known as Lady Eileen Elliott.

WHEN EUROPE IS AT WAR.

How the Various Countries Involved-Are Affected.

The early pages of the Agricultural War Book published by the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, are devoted to brief essays principally on agricultural matters, but also on the duty of us all, by the Prime Minister, by the Finance Minister of the country, by the various Ministers of Agriculture of the provinces and by the learned professors of agricultural colleges and experimental farms. Following are given industrial and agricultural details in brief of each European country engaged in the war or affected by the war, and of the British possessions. From this is learned that prior to the outbreak of hostilities, Belgium was not only the most thickly populated country in the world, but also about the most industrial. In the first 82 days of the war, which has now lasted upwards of 200 days, damage to the extent of \$1,039,826,000 had been done, out of which \$283,614,000 is attributed to agricultural injury.

Northern France has suffered proportionately to an equal extent, Russia, while pre-eminently an agricultural country, producing nearly one-fourth of the world's wheat, fully a fourth of its oats, a third of its barley and a half of its rye, still possesses immense manufacturing industries. It also abounds in minerals, and its resources, of which there are 400 million acres, are the finest the earth knows.

Canada's interest lies in particular with the export trade of Germany, much of which this country has the right and expectation to secure. In 1913, we learn from the War Book, Germany imported nearly one-eighth of all the world has to sell and exported more than one-ninth of all the world wanted to buy. Her yearly output of manufactured goods ran up to between twelve and fifteen billion dollars, of which one-sixth at least found its way to foreign markets that are now closed to her, and in many cases will never be renewed. "Made in Germany" and "Made in Austria," with which we had most of us become familiar, will, it is to be hoped, be largely replaced by "Made in Canada."

What is of special interest is the fact that Germany in 1913 produced 2,720,000 tons of refined sugar from beets, mined 260,000,000 tons of coal and lignite, 29,879,000 tons of iron ore, and that while using in that year of peace 225,500 tons of copper, she could only unearth 23,000 tons of her own accord. Germany normally imports one-sixth of the cereals she consumes, but exports enormous quantities of potatoes. Without doubt the surplus of the latter now in stock is being used for flour. Germany bought between seven and eight million geese from Russia annually and sold Great Britain between eleven and twelve million bushels of oats. She also in 1913 imported 160,000 tons—mark it, tons—of eggs. These statements will sufficiently indicate the vast disturbance that has taken place in German trade.

Austria-Hungary exported in bulk as many men and horses as it did of material, from 150,000 to 200,000 immigrants crossing the seas every year. But the dual empire is exceedingly rich in minerals, and Hungary is one of the principal grain-growing regions of Europe, the average produce being 145,000,000 bushels of wheat, 46,500,000 bushels of rye, 53,500,000 bushels of barley, 65,000,000 bushels of oats and 118,000,000 bushels of corn. Hungary, too, is rich in live stock, having in 1914, 2,300,000 horses, 7,300,000 cattle, 8,500,000 sheep, and 7,500,000 swine. From these figures it would seem that it will be a tougher job to starve Germany than reports would make it appear.

Mollified.

Attorney—How old are you, madam?
Witness—Sir!
Attorney—Beg your pardon; how much younger are you than the lady next door?

He Could Not Make One Step

THEN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED WALTER J. ROBERTS.

Newfound Man Finds a Firm Cure After Suffering Ten Months of Torture—Doctors and Other Medicines Failed to Help Him.

Lewisport, Twillingate District, Nfld., March 8 (Special).—A thrilling story of a splendid cure by Dodd's Kidney Pills is told by Walter J. Roberts, a well-known resident of this place.

"My trouble started from a cold after measles," Mr. Roberts states. "For nineteen months I was confined to the house, and for ten months I could not make one step."

"I tried many doctors and medicines but got no relief from them. The trouble was in my feet, legs and arms, and at times was almost unbearable. I could not feed myself for some ten months. At last I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills, taking twenty-eight boxes in all, and am glad to say they made a firm cure of me."

Mr. Roberts' troubles were caused by diseased kidneys. That is why Dodd's Kidney Pills cured him. Diseased kidneys fail in their duty of straining the impurities out of the blood and the consequence is trouble all over the body. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure diseased kidneys.

A TRADER'S SHREWDNESS.

How He Obtained the Information He Wanted.

A wealthy merchant in Paris who had an extensive business with Japan was told that a prominent firm given industrial and agricultural details in brief of each European country engaged in the war or affected by the war, and of the British possessions. From this is learned that prior to the outbreak of hostilities, Belgium was not only the most thickly populated country in the world, but also about the most industrial. In the first 82 days of the war, which has now lasted upwards of 200 days, damage to the extent of \$1,039,826,000 had been done, out of which \$283,614,000 is attributed to agricultural injury.

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Rheumatism Goes Quickly Its Virus Forever Destroyed

EVERY CASE IS CURABLE.

Good-bye to Rheumatism! Your aching joints, your stiff, sore muscles, those sleepless nights and suffering days—good-bye forever—your day is gone. Sufferer, cheer up, and read the good news below.

"A man met me a year ago, and said, 'don't stay crippled, quit complaining, limber up.' My answer was, 'I'm rheumatic, I can do no more.' He looked me over in a pitying sort of way and told me to go to the nearest drug store for Nerviline and Ferrozene. The combination had cured him. I was convinced of his sincerity and followed his instructions. I rubbed on Nerviline three times every day—rubbed it right into my aching joints. The pain quickly lessened, and I became more lively and active. To draw the virus of the disease from my blood I took two Ferrozene Tablets with every meal. I am well today, not an ache, not a pain and no sign of stiffness at all."

What Nerviline can do in a case like this it can do for you too. For nearly forty years Nerviline has been recommended for Rheumatism, Lumbago and Gout and Lame Back. It is the one remedy that never disappoints.

When a Woman Suffers With Chronic Backache

There is Trouble Ahead.

Constantly on their feet, attending to the wants of a large and exacting family, women often break down with nervous exhaustion.

In the stores, factories, and on a farm are weak, ailing women, dragged down with aching backache and bearing down pains.

Such suffering isn't natural, but it's dangerous, because due to diseased kidneys.

The dizziness, insomnia, deranged menses and other symptoms of kidney complaint can't cure themselves, they require the assistance of Dr. Hamilton's Pills which go direct to the seat of the trouble.

To give vitality and power to the kidneys, to lend aid to the bladder and liver, to free the blood of poisons, probably there is no remedy so successful as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. For all womanly irregularities their merit is well known.

Because of their mild, soothing and healing effect, Dr. Hamilton's Pills are safe, and are recommended for girls and young women. 25 cents per box at all dealers. Refuse any substitute for Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut.

SHE AND I.

She and I in younger days,
Saw in each other, the kinder ways;
She a lassie and I a lad,
And nothing, from nothing, was all we had.
But we called the bluff, on poverty's
ban,
And we hitched ourselves and made a span—
Health and youth, and never say die,
Were the bridal gifts to She and I.

Love and labor, went hand in hand,
And we gathered a home, but it wasn't grand,
Nor filled with riches and costly ware,
That would catch the fancy of every-where.
Homely fittings, and meager worth
Cast a halo of love about the hearth,
And a babe to us, with his welcome cry,
Was heavenly music to She and I.

So we toiled and struggled from day to day,
Rich in love of his childish play;
God to the parents was over kind,
Perfect in body and health and mind,
Through often we passed beneath the rod.

We knelt in our prayer, and thanked our God,
For the gift on which we could rely
When age had settled on She and I.

Yeags came on and he grew to be tall
And strong, and fair to see;
True to the blood of parent's youth,
Labor and love had borne the truth—
And our hearts grew rich with parent-
all pride.

When we looked at his manly walk and stride,
And often our thanks to God on high
Were tendered anew by She and I.

And the wee and wart of foebler days
Seemed banished from us, in his thoughtful ways,
And the twilight hour, with rosy gleam
To She and I was a pleasant dream.

Till the god of war across the sea,
Claimed royalty's wish, was a thing to be—
Ah—and the years of toil, the hope—and then
We saw in the papers a call for men.

Sombra, Ont. Will Loeheard.

Corns Instant Relief Drop Out

Paint on Putnam's Corn Extractor to-night, and corns feel better in the morning. Magical the way "Putnam's" eases the pain, destroys the roots, kills a corn for all time. No pain. Cure guaranteed. Get a 50c bottle of "Putnam's" Extractor to-day.

Nose-Rubbing. Maori women of New Zealand know nothing about kissing. Nose-rubbing is their form of salutation, and when two friends meet they hold each other by the nose, bend their heads till their noses touch, and then rub them gently from side to side. This form of greeting is not confined to the women, but is practiced by the men; they seldom meet without rubbing noses. In time of lamentation the Maori women will sit for hours with their noses touching and moan for the loss of some chief whom they have in all probability never seen.

We have been using MINARD'S LINIMENT in our home for a number of years and no other Liniment, but MINARD'S, and we can recommend it highly for sprains, bruises, pains or tightness of the chest, soreness of the throat, headache or anything of that sort. We will not be without it one single day, for we get a new bottle before the other is all used. I can recommend it highly to anyone.

JOHN WAKEFIELD.
LaHave Islands, Lunenburg Co., N.S.

Pat Remark. "That settles it!" said the man as he watched the pilerdriver hammer descend on the pile.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff. "Do you like the breast of the turkey?" asked the host of the old lady. "I've never been able to find out," she responded. "When I was growing up the children always got the necks, so that the grown folks could have the choice parts." But since I have grown up things have changed and now the children get all the best pieces."

It was at the dentist's, and Potz was the object in the chair—a miserable, forlorn object to boot. The operation was ended, and the dentist was ostentatiously cleaning his forceps. "I must charge you five dollars," he said to the patient. The unlucky victim turned upon his persecutor. "What? Five dollars? Why, you promised to charge me only one!" "Yes," agreed the tooth-tugger cheerfully, "that was my contract price. Well?" queried the tormented one. "But you yelled so loud that you've scared away four other dollar patients!"

Thinking Shop. Hostess—"Doctor Spriggins, will you have some of the tongue?" "The Doctor (absent-mindedly)—"Oh—let me look at it, please."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

THE SEED LAW.

With the opening of the 1915 seed trade, seedsmen, farmers and gardeners may wish to review the conditions under which sales may be made. The Seed Control Act provides that timothy, alsike, red clover and alfalfa seed must not be put on sale for the purpose of seedling without being plainly marked with the grade, namely: Extra No. 1, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. Farmers may sell seed below No. 3 in quality only to dealers to be cleaned and brought up to grade. All other grass, clover and forage plant seeds and those of cereals and flax must be marked in a plain and indelible manner with the common name or names of any noxious weed seeds present.

Seed of cereals, flax, grasses, clovers, forage plants, field roots and garden vegetables must have a germination of two-thirds of the percentage standard of vitality for good seed of the kind or be marked with the percentage that are capable of germinating. "Papered seeds" must be marked with the year in which the packet was filled.

Representative samples of seeds for purity and germination tests may be sent to the Seed Branch, Ottawa. Two ounces of grass seed, white or alsike clover, four ounces of red clover, alfalfa or seed of like size and one pound of cereals are desired. Samples under 8 ozs. may be sent without postage and are tested free of charge up to 25 in number for each person or firm.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS A GREAT BLESSING

Mrs. Jas. E. Mailman, Gogogoin, N.S., writes: "I gave Baby's Own Tablets to my baby boy for constipation and teething troubles and have found them a great blessing. I think the Tablets should be in every home where there are young children." The Tablets are an absolutely safe remedy for little ones, being backed by the guarantee of a Government analyst to be free from opiates and narcotics. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Case of Necessity.

Old Lady (tapping on road)—"Dear dear! Why are you two men using such frightful language?"

Tattered Thomas—Well, yer see, lady, me an' me pard has ter exchange heated words to keep warm, not having no overcoats."

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Out of Harm's Way. "If you had to go to war, what position would you choose?" "The drummer's, I think."

"Why so?" "When a charge was ordered, I'd pick up my drum and beat it."

LOW FARES TO THE CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS.

Via Chicago & North Western Ry. Four splendid daily trains from the New Passenger Terminal, Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Wide choice of scenic and direct routes. Double track. Automatic electric safety signals all the way. Let us plan your trip and furnish fold ers and full particulars. B. H. Bennett, Gen. Agt., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

Widows Are Dangerous. "How did you catch your cold, old man?" "I cod id by siddig dear a widow."

"She must have been very icy."

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia. Hardly That. Mrs. Knagg—Well, what are you thinking about?

Mr. Knagg—I was just thinking if it's true that silence is golden no one can accuse you of being a miser.

How Could She. Mrs. Eze—If I'd been in your place I think I'd have pocketed my pride.

Mrs. Wye—But I had no pocket.

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU. Write to nearest Druggist for Weak, Watery Eyes and Get Quicker Relief! No Smarting—Just 25c. Get for Book of the Eye by mail Free. Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Thinking Shop. Hostess—"Doctor Spriggins, will you have some of the tongue?" "The Doctor (absent-mindedly)—"Oh—let me look at it, please."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

CLARK'S SOUPS

Delicately flavoured—Highly concentrated.

WHY WORRY!
Choose your variety and ask your grocer for "Clark's".

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL A Fruit, Stock, Grain or Dairy Farm, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, or 94 Colborne St., Toronto.

H. W. DAWSON, Colborne St., Toronto.

NURSERY STOCK.

STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, POTATOES, Catalogue free. McConnell & Son, Fort Huron, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. Interest other, the general cure without pain by our home treatment. Write before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

PATENTS

OF INVENTIONS
PIGION, PIGEON & DAVIS
714 St. James St., Montreal
Write for information

HAWK BICYCLES

An up-to-date High Grade Bicycle fitted with Kolar Chain, New Improved Chain Brake and Wide, Lockable Tyre, high-grade equipment, including Mudguards, Pump and Tools. Send FREE 1915 Catalogue, 70 pages of Bicycles, Sordins, and Repair Materials. You can buy your supplies from us at Wholesale Prices.

T. W. ROYD & SON,
22 Notre Dame St., West, Montreal.

BERMOND'S

40 Hours for Flowers

"RESTFUL ISLES OF SUMMER LOVELINESS."

Offering all outdoor sports, social activities and a climate and scenery unequalled in the Tropics. S.S. "BERMUDIAN," fastest, most luxurious and only steamship sailing passengers without transfer. Sails from New York every Wednesday, 11 a.m. Fare \$25.00 for Round Trip, including berth and meals.

WEST INDIES
Delightful 25-day Cruise to the Antilles, sailing from N.Y. Nov. 2nd, 12th, 26th, 29th p.m. Apply for tickets and life booklet.
Canada Steamship Lines, Limited,
45 Yonge St., Toronto, or any Ticket Agent.

ENGINE FOR SALE

New Wheelock 18 x 42 Automatic Valve

Complete operating condition, flywheel, frame, belt, cylinders and all parts. Can be shown running at present time.

Will sell at less than half cost price.

S. FRANK WILSON & SONS
73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

ENGINE FOR SALE

New Wheelock 18 x 42 Automatic Valve

Complete operating condition, flywheel, frame, belt, cylinders and all parts. Can be shown running at present time.

Will sell at less than half cost price.

S. FRANK WILSON & SONS
73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

People Find Out It Pays To Pay For Quality

This store stands behind every article we sell. Always have and always will make good for any defective goods.

People have every confidence in buying here, knowing they are safeguarded from worthless imitations, besides fully aware that our styles are correct.

Our unwavering desire is to render you real service and we are in a splendid position to look after your various requirements.

Extraordinary Suit Value, \$10.00

For Saturday's trade. This is a line of suits we had made to order during the quiet winter months from all wool materials selected by us. Made up in correct style by expert tailors. These suits, under usual way of buying and selling, would retail from \$12.00 to \$13.50, but to outdo all competition we make the special price \$10.00.

J. N. Currie & Co.

Special Features in Men's Suits to Order

At Prices from \$21.50 to \$25.00



"Vickerman's" Celebrated Fine Serges, Scotch Tweeds and Worsteds in new fine checks; materials that will keep the press well and guaranteed to hold colors. Made up in best way with special quality of linings. These same suits will cost you later on from \$2.00 to \$3.50 per suit more on account of higher cost of marine insurance and price of wool and higher ocean freight rates. We advise our customers to get orders in as early as possible.

Men's Gordon Brand Shirts at \$1.00, Special

These shirts are sold nearly all over at \$1.25. They are made in a factory where nothing but shirts are made so that they fit properly. The best English materials are used, guaranteeing quality. Drop in and see the new patterns for spring just opened. No overall factory makes dress shirts good enough for our trade. We sell shirts to "fit" as well as wear at exceptionally low prices.

J. N. CURRIE & CO.

What You Get for your Money is as Important as the Price You Pay

A low price without quality does not constitute a bargain. Prices at this store are reasonable and the merchandise we sell must be good or it does not find a place on our shelves. That is why so many particular people have been dealing at this store for nineteen years.

Our New Spring Shoes Are Now On Sale

A very large stock of the wantable desirable qualities—Men's Long Gum Rubber Boots, Men's Long English Kip Boots, Men's and Boys' Heavy Calf Shoes, Women's Glove-grain Waterproof Shoes, Girls' Serviceable Kip School Shoes.

Shoes Just a Little Out of Present Style

Slaughtered to clear. \$4 lines for \$1.65, \$3 lines for \$1.35, \$2 lines for \$1.

J. N. Currie & Co.

farm boys and girls, who are not afraid to go back to the farm and use their knowledge, to expose some of the workings of dominating influences in this country. We want education that will fit our farm boys and girls not only to farm but to take their places in the affairs of the nation, especially in so far as these affect agriculture. We care nothing for the education that turns a farm boy's heart against farming.

When these educated farmers are available, and when their education has taught them that the welfare of the farmer is a bigger consideration than party politics, then these men should be sent to parliament, untrammelled by party ties and right instead of might rule right here in our big Dominion, where our farmers get so much free advice from city men, and where so much interest is taken to keep the wool carefully pulled over the producers' eyes. While the Big Interests pat the farmer on the back with one hand and tell him what a great backbone he is and that he is the real backbone of the country, they slip the other hand into his pocket and walk away with the key to the whole situation and soon proceed to lock him away from a certain amount of his just dues. We cannot get too much education to overcome this. If our educational system trains men to help get money away from their fathers and mothers, then it is at fault. Our trained men on the farms have a great duty to perform.—Farmer's Advocate.

Farm Labor.

It is evident that the chief obstacle to the Government's policy of agricultural expansion is the farm labor problem. The farmers have put up with poor "help" for years and they see no way out of it. The farm help complains that it is not paid enough and that there is no permanent employment and no future on the farm. The farmer's sons have all become doctors or lawyers or preachers.

Yet there is in Canada a large body of expert, hard-working farm labor which needs only certain adjustments to become available. For ten years we have been importing foreign labor for railway construction and industrial work of all kinds. These foreigners, Finlanders, Poles, Russians, Italians, and Greeks were farmers back home in nearly every case. Their fathers and forefathers were farmers. They are strong of body and less anxious to "get on" than to live comfortably and securely. They have families either here or at home. They are often anxious to farm, but they have been sidetracked in the cities because of lack of capital, organization and knowledge.

Let the farmer build a house on the corner of his farm. Let him set aside a garden patch and take one of these foreign families the year round. He will have good help. He will not have to pay an exorbitant wage. His farm labor will be provided for the next quarter century. Good labor, faithful, careful and expert. The farmer might learn something from his hired man, and when he is old he might sell the farm to a new generation of Canadians.—Toronto News.

The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, Main Street, Gloucester, Ontario. Subscription—addresses in Canada and all points in the British Empire, \$1.00 per year; to addresses in the United States, \$1.50 per year—payable in advance. Advertising.—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted at moderate rates. Prices on application. Job Printing.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programmes, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SCHREIBER.

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1915.

Too Much Education?

According to our last "Scottish Letter" some farmers in Great Britain complain that too much education spoils boys and girls for farm life. We have heard the same thing many times in this country. In reply to the common question, "Where is your son now?" The answer almost invariably is, "Oh, he took an education and is in the city doing well!" The idea of education seems to be built on city life. We do not believe that too much education is possible if the education is what it should be. Our young men and young women cannot get too broad a knowledge of things in general to aid them in life, and all education should lead to a knowledge of these things. Is it then our education which is at fault or is it that the young man from the farm when he gets that education sees how the bigger interests, located in large cities, are masters of the situation, and decides to take his chance at making good with these interests rather than staying at home on the farm and working hard for the enrichment of the others who have been "educated" to the ways of the world, and know what the farmer's chances are compared with those of the men who really rule the roost? There must be something wrong with the education, or there is something amiss with farming and farm life. We believe there is a little just not right in each, but the big reason why educated farm boys and farm girls in this country leave the farm, and those who stay on the farm think that too much education is bad, is because the educated boy or girl sees a little more of how the organized interests get the best of every great national deal. Some day it should be the business of some of these educated

Miss Tiverton's Tea Basket

A Present That Brought Quick Results.

By ALICIA SPRAGUE.

Miss Tiverton always poured tea at precisely 3 o'clock in the afternoon for a select circle of feminine friends. They drank tea at that early hour so that those who were married might get home in time to prepare 6 o'clock dinners for their husbands and that those who were single might be safely housed before the early darkness of the winter evenings.

Miss Tiverton sometimes wished that they might stay later, for it was always a long, lonely stretch between their going and bedtime.

Sometimes Lavinia Greer stayed with her, and on those occasions Lavinia's brother Richard would call at 9. And these were the social ones in Miss Tiverton's desert of dreary evenings.

She always made more tea for Richard and brought out her little sponge cakes. Richard liked the little cakes, and he liked Miss Tiverton's dainty ways, her delicate pink and white prettiness and her pale rose colored house gowns.

Lavinia thought Miss Tiverton very foolish to wear muslin all winter. "Think of the washing!" she said as she and Richard walked home one evening. "And Letitia Tiverton is as poor as Job's turkey."

"She surrounds herself," said Richard musingly, "with an atmosphere of beauty."

Lavinia sniffed. She hated to have her brother say nice things about Letitia Tiverton. Lavinia had kept her brother's house for many years, and it had always been her great duty to nip sentimental affairs in the bud. Therefore it was many weeks after that ominous remark of Richard's before she again spent an evening with Letitia. She took her work over in the mornings or went to the little tea drinkings, but she did not allow her brother to darken the doors of the little gray cottage.

One day Richard spoke of it mildly. "We haven't been to Miss Tiverton's for a long time," he said. "Not, I think, for four weeks tomorrow."

Lavinia gave him a sharp glance. "How do you happen to remember the date?" she asked acidly.

Richard looked at her quizzically over his glasses. "I noted the date in my diary," he said. "I always write down the events of the day, Lavinia. He did not tell her that he had added after the formal statement, "Brought Lavinia home from Miss T's," the further comment, "Miss T. looked like a rose in her pink gown."

A week later he urged Lavinia to call. "She will think something is the matter," he said.

Lavinia shrugged her shoulders. "I have been there in the daytime," she said. "I don't see what more she can expect."

Richard thought for a moment. "She has told us that her evenings are lonely," he reminded his sister.

"Humph!" said Lavinia. "I don't know that we are called on to put ourselves out to go there these freezing cold nights."

Richard returned to his book, but after a reasonably judicious interval he looked up to say, "I saw a very pretty tea basket in a shop this morning, Lavinia, padded inside to keep the tea warm."

"Who wants a thing like that?" Lavinia questioned scornfully. "I always make coffee, Richard."

Richard said nothing more. He loved tea, but Lavinia preferred coffee, and there you were. Yet the next morning he sauntered to the flaming Japanese bazaar, where were displayed native wares to tempt the tourists who were making the old fashioned southern village a halfway stopping place on their way to the tropics.

The tea basket was a quaint affair of oriental weaving, with a gay pink satin lining and a green and pink cord and tassel about the handle. The pink made Richard think of Miss Tiverton. With a defiant look, he went in and bought the basket and ordered it sent to her.

His heart failed him, however, when the dark skinned salesman asked him for a card to put with the gift.

"Just send it without," he said hastily. "Visions of Miss Lavinia's wrath should she know of his purchase came to him oppressively."

The mysterious basket was to little Letitia Tiverton a source of infinite delightful speculation. She displayed it to her afternoon circle, the rose colored lining, the pink cord and tassel, the fine basketry.

"And I can't imagine who sent me such a beautiful thing," she ended radiantly when all had seen it.

At the first glance Lavinia Greer's eyes had hardened. Of all those women she only suspected where that basket had come from. Richard had sent it. This looked seriously like the beginning of a romance that would be most inconvenient to Miss Lavinia.

On the way home she thought over a plan. It was simple. At dinner she told Richard, "Letitia Tiverton was too silly about a basket that some one sent to her."

Richard started, and his face flushed. He realized that Lavinia had put two and two together and had guessed that

it was he who had sent the tea basket to Miss Tiverton.

"I wish you had seen her," Lavinia pursued. "I wish you had heard her giggle and boast that you sent it."

Richard turned questioning eyes upon her. "But she did not know that I had sent it," he said. "There was no card, Lavinia."

Lavinia went on hurriedly. "Well then, she guessed, for she bragged of it. Richard—it—it—it was disgusting." Miss Lavinia's face was a dull red. She did not like what she was doing now that she was doing it. But she was desperate.

"I can't imagine"—Richard's tone was inclusive—"I can't imagine, Lavinia, a woman of Miss Tiverton's delicacy doing a thing like that."

Lavinia tossed her head. "You don't know much about women, Richard," she retorted.

Richard walked abroad that night consumed by angry doubts. Surely Lavinia would not lie. Surely Miss Tiverton would not brag. His gold headed cane tapped the pavement resolutely. Then suddenly he strode down the street, irresolute no longer.

Miss Letitia, alone and a little wistful in her small gray cottage, heard the tap of the cane as she had heard it every night when Richard went forth for his evening walk.

Behind her curtains she had watched him regularly and had admired the straightness of him, the brightness of his walk, the brown waves of hair which in defiance of modern fashion he wore so long that it almost touched his coat collar.

It had never dawned on Miss Tiverton that such a great being as Lavinia's brother could look upon her and find her lovely. In her humility she had not dreamed that the basket was an offering from such a source.

She had thought the women of her circle might have clubbed together to bestow on her this gift of friendship, and her effusiveness at the afternoon gathering had been due to her gratitude.

The tap of the gold headed cane sounded right in front of her gate, stopped and began again on the stone walk that led to the front door.

Then the bell rang. Miss Tiverton answered it. Richard stepped over her threshold for the first time without his sister Lavinia.

"I came," he said when he was seated, "to ask a question, a delicate question, Miss Tiverton. Who sent you your tea basket?"

Miss Letitia's clear eyes met his frankly. "Oh, did Lavinia tell you that one was sent me?" she asked. "It's such a beauty!" And she brought it to him, displaying the rose lining and the tassels.

Richard drew a long breath of relief. The doubts that Lavinia had planted fled. There was nothing of deceit in that childlike soul, in that flower-like face.

"Miss Letitia," he said, with his hand on the basket, "haven't you guessed who sent it?"

Her puzzled glance met his. "No," she murmured.

"I—I sent it," he confessed, "because it reminded me of you—the rose color and the pink-like your pretty gown, your pretty self, a rose of a woman."

Miss Letitia stood half poised for flight. "Oh!" she said breathlessly, and her eyes were like stars. "Oh, Mr. Greer!"

Richard grew bolder. "I sent it because I love you, Letitia. There is no happiness that could exceed that of winning you for my wife."

It came upon little Letitia almost too suddenly, that vision of happiness, and she swayed toward him, looking just then more like a lily than a rose, and the tea basket dropped from her nerveless hand.

Richard caught it deftly as he drew her to him. "You will pour tea for me, won't you," he demanded, trying to bring the color back to her cheeks, "for the rest of my days, Letitia? Lavinia gives me coffee—but, then, oh, hang Lavinia! Will you marry me, sweet-heart?"

And Miss Letitia, after a startled "Oh, Richard!" buried her face against his coat and said "Yes."

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Poisonous Stings.

Stings and bites of insects are extremely dangerous at all times and especially when the system is not in a condition to resist the poison injected.

In many insects the nature of the poison has not been ascertained, while in most of them it is of an acid, irritant nature; in others it may contain a powerful cardiac sedative and depressant, and in still others organisms in pure or mixed cultures may be introduced with the sting or bite. Apart from the natural poison used by insects it should not be forgotten that flies and other insects that live on carrion may easily carry contagion and inoculate the persons whom they bite or sting.

In the case of ordinary bites and stings the chemical antidote is an alkaline solution, such as a strong solution of bicarbonate of soda or potash, which counteracts the acid of the sting. Suction at the wound in all these varieties of stings and bites will draw out some of the poison, and until some antitoxin treatment can be found which will prove antidote to the bacterial poison introduced little can be done beyond a stimulating and supporting treatment with attention to symptoms.

ADVERTISING

"Advertising is the education of the public as to who you are, where you are and what you have to offer in the way of skill, talent or commodity. The only man who should not advertise is the man who has nothing to offer to the world."—Elbert Hubbard.

Richards
QUICK NAPTHA
THE
WOMAN'S SOAP

OUR POLICY

Is dependable Dry Goods, Men's Clothing and Furnishings at small margins of profit. We want your patronage today, tomorrow, next month and next year. We do everything to merit your good will and patronage. We are not here to make hay while the sun shines but look forward to years of future business. If you are interested in merchandise that wear well and look good all the time you are wearing them, you will be interested in this Store.

Good prices for Butter and Eggs.

CHAS. DEAN

MRS. W. A. CURRIE MILLINERY PARLORS

SYMES STREET,
GLENCOE

WARDSVILLE,
ONTARIO

LADIES' HOME JOURNAL PATTERNS FOR SALE.

RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Main Line.

Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 12:27 a.m.; No. 11, express to London and intermediate points, 3 p.m.; No. 10, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 4:05 p.m.; No. 10, local accommodation to London, 10:10 p.m.

Westbound—No. 11, local mail and express, 2:30 a.m.; No. 10, way freight and passenger, 10:15 a.m.; No. 11, express from London and points east for Detroit, 12:25 p.m.; No. 11, local mail and express, 3 p.m.; No. 10, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 4:10 p.m.

Wabash and Air Line.

Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 3:35 a.m.; No. 3, Wabash, 12:17 p.m.; No. 34, way freight and passenger to St. Thomas, 4:20 p.m.

Westbound—No. 33, way freight, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 9 a.m.; No. 352, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 10:10 p.m.

King's Court Branch.

Leave Glencoe for Kingston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia, Tunnel and points west—No. 303, mixed, 7:35 a.m.; No. 117, passenger, 3:10 p.m.; No. 253, mixed, 4:10 p.m.

Arrive at Glencoe—No. 118, passenger, 7:05 a.m.; No. 120, express, 3 p.m.; No. 351, mixed, 5:15 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Eastbound—No. 624, Sundays included, 12:27 p.m.; No. 622, 6:10 p.m.

Westbound—No. 671, 8:55 a.m.; No. 633, Sundays included, 5:27 p.m.

GLENCOE POST-OFFICE

Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:30 a.m.; G.T.R. West, 2:40 p.m.; London and East, 2:40 p.m. and 7 p.m.

Mails received—London and East, 8 a.m.; G.T.R. East, 3:20 p.m.; G.T.R. West, 3:45 a.m.

Miss Zenna Edsall

VOCALIST

Student of Dr. Ham, of Toronto, and Marshall L. Pease, of Detroit. Will accept a number of pupils in

Voice Culture

Every Wednesday

Arrangements made by Ed. Mayhew, Jr.

Moderate prices for beginners

Terms for concert engagements made known on application.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

IMPROVED SERVICE

Toronto Montreal Ottawa

Via "Lake Ontario Shore Line"

Fast time to Whitby, Oshawa, Bowmanville, Port Hope, Cobourg, Belleville, Trenton, etc.

Particulars from C. P. R. Agents, or write M. G. Murphy, D.P.A., Toronto.

R. CLANAHAN, Agent, Glencoe

The silent watches of the night—those we forget to wind.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

Wisdom always knows when to quit.

Enemies are not esteemed as highly as they should be. An enemy never borrows money of you.

An open meeting of the junior W. A., open to all ladies of the congregation and others, will be addressed by Miss Trent, of Japan, on Saturday afternoon at half past two o'clock in the basement of St. John's church.

Glencoe hockey team and the Monarchs of St. Thomas met on the ice at Dutton on Monday evening in a game in which the Monarchs were decidedly outclassed. Score, 11 to 2 in favor of Glencoe. A large crowd witnessed the game.

Meetings of the West Middlesex Farmers' Institute will be held at Mount Brydges on Monday, March 15, at 2 and 8 o'clock p.m., addressed by J. W. Clarke, of Cainsville, and Messrs. Whale and Forsythe, district representatives.

W. R. Quick, who has the contract for tanning the steel, gravel and stone required for the new bridge over the Thames near Tait's Corners, commences this week to haul the first shipment of steel, amounting to fifty tons, from Glencoe.

That immediate legislation should be provided to compensate adequately farmers whose cattle have to be slaughtered in the public interest on account of the foot and mouth disease, was urged by Dr. Ross Ethel Thompson, M.P.E., West Middlesex, in the House of Commons recently.

A two cent stamp does a lot for very little money, but it would take hundreds of two cent stamps and a vast amount of labor in sending personal letters or otherwise to place your commodities before as many people each week as few cents investment in the Transcript. Think it over.

The fifth annual St. Patrick's supper and concert of the Unity Adult Bible Class of the Methodist church, Newbury, will be held at the town hall there on Wednesday evening, March 17. Supper will be served at six o'clock. For the concert following, local talent will be assisted by Wm. Gibson, comedian, of London.

On Saturday evening the moving picture management gave their last show in Glencoe until the roads become good again. Miss Ethel Thompson's second appearance here was well received, the Melbourne string band furnished good music and the audience well pleased generally. Many hope that the show will be resumed again shortly.

The death occurred at Rodney last week of Thomas Rosser, who, for the third time, was taken with a stroke of paralysis on Feb. 22nd. Mr. Rosser came good again. He had been in the hospital for many years. He was a store at Appin. Besides his wife he is survived by a daughter, Mrs. McKenzie, of Melbourne, and a son at Hamilton, Wash. The remains were taken to Strathroy for interment.

PERSONAL MENTION

—John Stuart, reeve of Caradoc, was in Glencoe on Tuesday.

—W. J. Craig was home from Wallaceburg for a few days last week.

—Mrs. Eckert, of Ingersoll, spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Suttler.

—Miss Ethel Copeland has been laid up for several days with a severe cold.

—G. A. McAlpine attended a military eucire party at London last week.

—Miss Tiplady, of Clinton, has resumed her position as trimmer with E. Mayhew & Co.

—Mrs. A. B. McLellan is in Toronto visiting her cousin, Mrs. John Warren, for a few weeks.

—Mrs. Levi Smith, who has been confined to the house for some time with neuritis, is better.

—Mrs. Alvers, of Wilson, N. Y., and Miss Gooding, of Lockport, N. Y., are visiting at Alex. McLellan's.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. Clannahan are among those confined to bed with the prevailing malady, la grippe.

—Mrs. A. J. Wright, nee Strathroy on Tuesday attending the funeral of her aunt, the late Mrs. Drynan.

—Ed Cowan, school teacher at Bowmanville, is home on account of an outbreak of smallpox in that section.

—Dick Singleton, of Toronto, is here for a few weeks assisting with an extra rush of business in the Transcript office.

—Misses Mae and Marian Innes attended the millinery openings in Detroit and visited their brother, Charles last week.

—Miss McCracken, of St. Marys, has arrived and will have charge of E. Mayhew & Co.'s millinery department this season.

—Mrs. Wm. Waters, of Mount Brydges, was here last week visiting her brother and sister, Edward and Maggie Berdan.

—Mrs. H. C. Taylor, of Wallaceburg, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. M. C. Campbell, Glencoe, and friends in St. Thomas.

—Mrs. M. C. Campbell has returned from a visit to her brother, Fred Hutchinson, of Chatham, and Mrs. Taylor, her sister, in Wallaceburg.

—Ceil Bechill, of the Mounted Rifles, London, is home for a few days on sick leave. He is suffering from a severe cold and hoarseness.

—Mrs. R. J. Webster, of Marwayne, Alberta, who has been here on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Cameron, returned home last week.

—T. C. Reyecraft and E. McGinn attended the funeral at Highgate on Saturday of the former's half-brother, James Reyecraft, whose death under unusual circumstances is reported in another column.

A multitude of sins show through the charity that is supposed to cover them.

Methodist Church.

REV. W. G. HOWSON, MINISTER

Rev. J. E. Millard, of London, may be expected to preach educational sermons next Sunday. He is a good speaker; he will interest you. Visitors welcome.

Get in on the bargains at Wright's annual graniteware sale.

Remember the Bo x Social

on Tuesday evening next in the Town Hall, Glencoe.

ANY DYSPETIC CAN GET WELL

By Taking "Fruit-a-tives" Says Capt. Swan

Life is very miserable to those who suffer with Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach and Biliousness. This letter from Captain Swan (one of the best known "kippers on the Great Lakes") tells how to get quick relief from Stomach Trouble.

PORT BURWELL, ONT., May 8th, 1913. "A man has a poor chance of living and enjoying life when he cannot eat. That was what was wrong with me. Loss of appetite and indigestion was brought on by Constipation. I have had trouble with these diseases for years. I lost a great deal of flesh and suffered constantly. For the last couple of years, I have taken 'Fruit-a-tives' and have been so pleased with the results that I have recommended them on many occasions to friends and acquaintances. I am sure that 'Fruit-a-tives' have helped me greatly. By following the diet rules and taking 'Fruit-a-tives' according to directions, any person with Dyspepsia will get benefit."

H. SWAN

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box 6 for \$2.50, or trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

CLUBBING RATES

Renew your newspaper and magazine subscriptions at the Transcript office. We can save you money, as well as the trouble and expense of remitting. The following are some of our clubbing rates:—

The Transcript and Family Herald and Weekly Star \$1.00
Daily Advertiser, morning or afternoon edition 2.00
Daily Free Press, morning 3.75
Daily Free Press, afternoon 2.90
Daily Globe 3.75
Daily Mail and Empire 3.75
Farmer's Advocate 2.40
Weekly Sun 1.00
Weekly Mail and Empire 1.75
Weekly Advertiser 1.75
Weekly Globe 1.90
Toronto Daily News 2.90
Weekly Witness, new subscribers 1.75
Weekly Witness, renewals 1.90
Toronto Saturday Night 3.75
Weekly Free Press 1.90
All subscriptions are payable in advance. Address: TRANSCRIPT OFFICE, Glencoe, Ont.

We carry a Full Line of Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavetroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson
Tinsmith Plumber

GENTS' FURNISHINGS

We have just added a complete line of Gents' Furnishings to our business of Merchant Tailoring, and will be pleased to have you call and look over our stock. Everything of the very latest in style, and quality of the best.

Our New Spring Suitings are now here. Come in and get your clothing hand-tailored to your measure. Fit, workmanship and style guaranteed.

TOMLINSON
THE SHOP FOR MEN GLENCOE

Constipation—the bane of old age is not to be cured by harsh purgatives; they rather aggravate the trouble. For a gentle, but sure laxative, use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and Liver Tablets. They stir up the liver, tone up the nerves and freshen the stomach and bowels just like an internal bath.

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

Woman's best friend. From girlhood to old age, these little red health restorers are an unfailing guide to an active liver and a clean, healthy stomach.

Take a Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Tablet at night and the sour stomach and fermentation, and the headache, have all timely morning.

All druggists, 25c., or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto 12

SPECIAL NOTICES

Old papers for sale at the Transcript office.

Best Manitoba flour for sale at McLachlan's Bakery. 90tf

British hero souvenir spoons at Wright's Hardware.

Choice red clover seed for sale.—James Allan, Appin. 52tf

Annual graniteware sale now going on at Wright's Hardware.

Bronze turkey gobblers for sale.—David Coulthard, Strathburn.

Wanted—a pair of live black squirrels. Apply at Transcript office.

House and lot and stables for sale. Apply to Wm. R. Quick, Glencoe. 53

You make no mistake when you go to Sexsmith's for your shoes and rubbers.

For rent—residence over Anderson's tinware store. Apply to J. N. Currie. 50tf

To loan—\$1,700 lodge funds, on first mortgage. Apply to J. E. Roome, Glencoe. 52tf

Hewars of old stock! Rubber boots as good as the best, \$3.39.—At Sexsmith's.

New spring millinery has arrived at E. Mayhew & Co's, and they are already for early spring orders.

Jaunty little spring hat, the latest military effect, for \$1.50 and \$2.00, at Mrs. Currie's Millinery Parlors.

For sale, at a bargain—house and six lots in Appin. For particulars apply to Mrs. Etta Smith, Route 3, Iona Station. 53

Hats worth up to \$3.00 and \$4.00 will be sold at \$1.50 and \$2.00 to open up our millinery parlor this week.—Mrs. Currie.

Leave your order with Chas. Dean now for one of those splendid tailor-made suits of Vickers' registered worsteds or serges.

Low prices for pretty hats will be a feature in our millinery parlor. Hats for \$1.50 and \$2.00 will be on sale from today.—Mrs. Currie.

Seed oats for sale—Banner, grown from registered seed and second in standing field crop competition.—D. N. Munroe, Kilmartin.

Agents wanted to sell high grade Easter post cards. Good pay. Sell on sight. Write, if you want to make money. Union Agency, Glencoe.

For sale—pure seed, free from weeds, of O. A. C. No. 72 oats and No. 21 barley, also Marrowfat beans and clover seed.—Wm. A. McCutcheon, Glencoe. 52

CARD OF THANKS.—The family of the late Mrs. James Stinson wish to thank the kind friends and neighbors for the kindness and sympathy shown them in their recent bereavement.

For sale—all the down timber on the farm of the late Angus Grant, lot 15, 3rd range south L. W. R., Ekfrid.

For further particulars apply to Mrs. H. E. G. McClurg, Route 4, Komoka, Ont. 52-2

All notices in this column are strictly cash. If orders are telephoned The Transcript, kindly arrange to pay the amount the first time you are in town, so they will not have to be carried through the books.

Now is the time, while your car is not busy and while we are not busy, to have it put in shape for the coming season, thereby obtaining an economical and thorough job. H. F. McAlpine is the shop. 53tf

When buying your spring shoes don't fail to call and see our stock. We have a large stock bought last fall before the raise in price and are therefore able to supply you with footwear right up-to-date at reasonable prices.—C. George. 50-5

The first meeting of the Appin Park Association will be held in the Orange Hall, Appin, on Monday evening, Mar. 10th, at 8 o'clock, for organization purposes and other business. A meeting to reorganize the Appin Baseball Club will be held at the same time and place.

AUCTION SALES

Household furniture and effects, at Newbury, on Saturday, March 13, at 2 o'clock. Byron Eaton, proprietor; P. A. McVicar, auctioneer.

ACQUAINTANCE

You Naturally Trust Person or Thing Known ::

By HOLLAND.

WHEN about to engage in a business venture you prefer to deal with some one you know. You have more confidence in the advice of an acquaintance than in that offered by a stranger. Confidence is based on acquaintance.

In buying goods you prefer to buy those that have proved their merit. You want those of a known standard—those that have stood the test of use. These are the goods that are advertised. Look at our advertising columns and see if this is not true.

Did you ever know an article of inferior merit to be widely advertised? It is a fact that the MOST WIDELY ADVERTISED GOODS ARE THE BEST.

Just as you find it safest to do business with a man you know, you will find it safest to buy goods that you know—goods with which you have become acquainted through advertising.

WIRE FENCE

WIRE FENCE

GRANITEWARE GRANITEWARE

Our Annual Graniteware Sale lasts 20 days. See what we can do for you in Graniteware. Quality first-class. Prices away down. See our north window for bargains.

JAS. WRIGHT & SON

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

kept in Glencoe.

Also Confectionery, Imported & Domestic Fruits, Meat, Fish, etc., carried

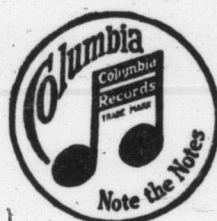
Our prices a little lower than elsewhere. Call and be convinced.

Good Butter and Eggs and other marketable produce taken as cash at highest market price.

CASH FOR EGGS

TRY OUR SPECIALS IN BULK TEAS AND COFFEES. Red Rose, Lipton's and Salada Packet Teas always in stock.

W. A. CURRIE



New

Columbia Records

For February

On Sale Today

85c No Records offer the same value—none wear so long as the famous Columbia Double Disc Records. They are the best Records on the market today. —UP—

The name Columbia stands today for the best records on the market. And that in every detail. In a Columbia Record you have the best record it is possible to get at any price. You have the finest recording, years ahead of any other. You have many of the biggest and best artists and bands, most of them exclusive. And in Columbia you have a record which will untailingly WEAR TWICE AS LONG as any other make—no matter what you pay. It is these combined points of superiority that have made Columbia supreme today—the best records and the biggest value (only 85 cents). No other records dare make such specific claims, because no other records can prove them. If you are not acquainted with Columbia Records get the demonstration double disc for 30 cents (15 cents extra for postage).

FEB'Y RECORDS ON SALE TODAY

All Double Disc Records—a Selection one each side.

Sister Susie's Sewing Shirts for Soldiers \$1.00
By the Originator, Al. Johnson.

Tip Top Tipperary Mary - - - - - .85

When You Wore a Tulip - - - - - .85

The Ball Room (Funnier than "Cohen on the Phone") - - - - - .85

When You're a Long, Long Way From Home. 85

Arrival of British Troops in France - - .85

This is a splendid descriptive record. Be sure to hear it.

NEW DANCE RECORDS

Including latest Fox Trots, One Steps, Tangos, Maxixes, etc.

Columbia Records Made in Canada—Fit any Standard Machine. You can get Columbia Grafonolas and Records from

J. A. SCOTT, GLENCOE

FOR SALE

QUANTITY OF WOOD Suitable for box store or furnace purposes. SQUIRE BROS., Lot 18, Con. 1, Ekfrid.

Pasture Farm for Sale

The S. E. & Lot 10, Con. 6, Moss, 100 acres, is for sale. Terms of payment can be made to suit purchaser. Write to 197 Front Street, Sarnia, Ont. 50-3

The Transcript clubs with all other leading papers.

Making Restitution;

Or, The Bridal Dress.

CHAPTER XL.

And where, during all this revolving monad, was Leslie Ford, the victim of the strange and unaccountable fate that had befallen him? He had been, as we have seen, almost entirely forgotten. He had been, as we have seen, almost entirely forgotten. He had been, as we have seen, almost entirely forgotten.

"No young person without a reference can expect to get a situation," said the intelligence official, severely. "No reference," echoed the ladies in rustling silks and diamonds, as they turned away.

"Why don't you write one yourself?" suggested one of the ladies, who sat behind a large, leather-bound desk in the office of the intelligence official. "I will," said Leslie, with a sigh.

"It's often done," said Mrs. Ezekiel, who sat next to Leslie. "I've seen it done a hundred times. It's a simple matter. You write a few lines, and you're done."

"I'll try," said Leslie, with a sigh. "I'll try," said Leslie, with a sigh. "I'll try," said Leslie, with a sigh. "I'll try," said Leslie, with a sigh. "I'll try," said Leslie, with a sigh.

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Mr. Gillet, her employer, gave her distinctly to understand that he wished her to be extremely particular. "No day," he called it, about her dress, and correct it with extreme sharpness every time he heard her expressing herself in anything but French. The business was good, crowds of customers, attracted by the French, mirrors, and gowns, and the personal fitting on took the public fancy once. Leslie, on her part, was very busy, and she soon discovered that it was no small tax on her patience to hear with the whims, caprices, and incoherence of every one who wanted a pair of the "Gante de Paris." But she was very gentle and patient; she knew poor girl, that her livelihood depended on it.

Mr. Adam Gillet himself was considerably more trying than the customers. He was arrogant, despotic, and small-minded. He took delight in a perpetual display of petty tyranny, and soon betrayed that he was not very long before Leslie grew to despise him heartily. But the state of mind, of course, she was compelled to keep to herself.

She had been employed at the "Gante de Paris" about three months, and out of her little savings, had contrived to pay for a small room in a cheap hotel. It was a roomy little room, and she had contrived to pay for a small room in a cheap hotel. It was a roomy little room, and she had contrived to pay for a small room in a cheap hotel.

"You ain't in earnest?" said Mr. Gillet, with a look of surprise. "You ain't in earnest?" said Mr. Gillet, with a look of surprise. "You ain't in earnest?" said Mr. Gillet, with a look of surprise.

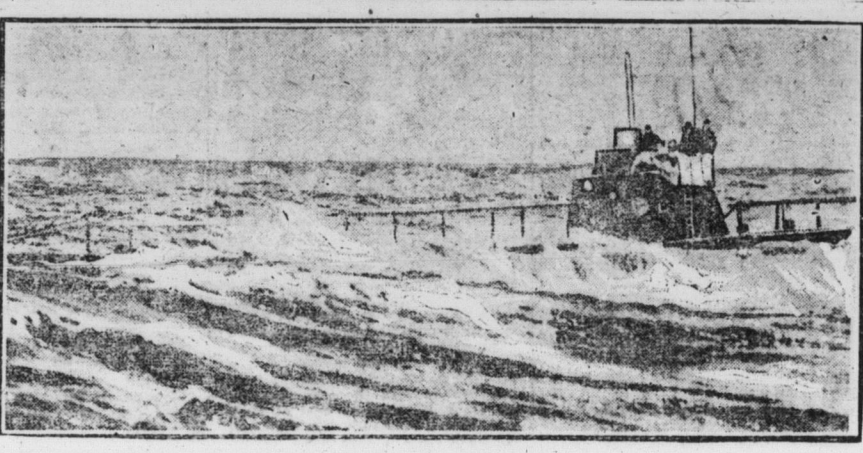
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The German Menace in a Storm.

This is the U-3, a type of Germany's submarine fleet with which it is proposed to starve England.

FEAR IS IMAGINATION

Mr. Gillet, assuming an air of smiling familiarity much more offensive than his usual brusquerie, "And so I own the establishment, it is only fair to divide."

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Give them a job to do and it can rain fire and bricks and iron around them and they don't seem to notice it. Or if they do it's only to make a joke of some sort. The task in hand has first place in their mind above all."

The officer was quiet for a time before he went on: "But argue as you like; give reasons and explanations, theorize, yet there are some very funny things about danger. Do you know that to this day I'm happier when I'm facing shell fire or rifle fire than when my back is to it? When I face it there's the uncertainty and anxiety and all that, but your flesh doesn't play you tricks."

He laughed and explained: "It sounds funny, I know, but it is a fact, nevertheless, that the body, when goaded by a lively imagination, can anticipate things in a remarkable way. My spine is particularly fertile in anticipating injury. I was hurt there once as a kid; and I've ever since then had the liveliest consideration for my back."

"I often wonder how much of so-called bravery is due to blue funk. I'm sure that at times much of the so-called dash of a charge is due to the order to charge once. The Germans were nicely ensconced over 100 yards away. The bullets came most horribly thick. That didn't stop us. I hurried us. My sensations at least were something like this: 'The longer we are getting to those Germans the longer those bullets will be coming at us. We must stop these bullets. And I did my very best time over that 100 yards and was nearly ten yards ahead of the men by the time we got there. And nothing then would have stopped me, even had I been all on my own. I had spotted the fellow with the Maxim. It was him I wanted. He it was who was giving us the majority of those bullets, and it was him I must get to save our own skin. That, I say, was my frame of mind as I pelted over the ground. All wrong argument, perhaps, but still it was what I felt. We got the trench and I got the Maxim fellow. As our fellows were butchering along the trench with their bayonets and fists and boots, stopping for nothing, the Germans could not pick it, and flung down their rifles and bayonets. One fellow was so scared that he would be killed that he pulled a photograph of his wife and kiddies from his pocket and held it up before his face for our boys to see. That was blue funk if you like. He'd too much imagination, you see. He was thinking of his wife and kiddies instead of braining the deliberate controlling of one's funk."

"I've never met a straight man yet who would not confess quite openly and honestly that he feels fear. Airmen, signallers, advance posts, wire-layers—any man that undertakes the most dangerous work—will tell you if he is honest—as most brave men are—that he suffers from mortal funk. But that's where the brave man has; he suffers from mortal funk just as much perhaps as the coward, but he goes through with his job. He controls his funk and 'carries on.' That, after all, is bravery—the deliberate controlling of one's funk."

He was silent for a time. Then he laughed and said: "One of our corporals amuses me. He's the hardest case I know. He'll go anywhere, do anything under fire. But one telltale little trick he has. Over and over again I've noticed it when the bullets are spitting about him. Guess what he does?"

"He turns his overcoat collar up. That's the only outward concession to funk that he makes. But I'd like to know what's going on in that lion's heart of his, all the same."

Kitty—"Jack told me last night that I was the prettiest girl he'd ever seen." Ethel—"Oh, that's nothing," he said the same to me a year ago." Kitty—"I know that, but as one grows older one's taste improves, you know."

"How often I have noticed this since then; not in my own case alone, but in the case of others. And that men notice rifle and shell fire much less when they are doing something. It is the sitting idle and having time to see and listen and think—to imagine, in short—that is most disconcerting. Many a time when the shell fire has been especially hot and close I've made the men get out their trenching tools and do something or other to the trench just to give them something to do. When their minds are busy it's amazing how little place fear has. Our boys, I think, are better than any soldiers in this respect."

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You Can!

Here's the PROOF

"My boy, who could never play a note, sat down and played three pieces first night."—Mrs. E. Windover, Halls Bridge, Ont.
"I certainly think Easy Method Music wonderful, my Granddaughter, 11 years old never had a lesson, now she can play several pieces quite correctly."—Mrs. (Rev.) J. A. Graham, Halls Bridge, Ont.
"I could play the first piece in 40 minutes and never tried a note on the piano before."—Mrs. S. Standing, 409 Broun Ave., Winnipeg, Man.
"My nephew, 8 years old, in 20 minutes learned to play 'God Save the King'."—Katie Lucier, Huron City, Mich.



"Just Think! I Never Touched a Piano Before."

As simple as A, B, C, D, E, F, G, is nothing but the first 7 letters, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, printed in the music instead of the puzzling characters and signs found in ordinary music. A chart and guide for use on the piano keyboard (see illustration above) shows you where to put the fingers of both hands. Anyone can learn to play the piano in a few minutes.

The Easy Form Music Method is a genuine teaching to those who truly love music, but who have never before been able to express themselves in melody.

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In order to prove to you that all we say is true, we will mail you the entire method and 100 pieces of music for 7 days' FREE Trial. Keep it 7 days to give your own satisfaction. If every word we say is true—then send us \$1.50 as a first payment, and \$1.00 a month until \$6.00 in all is paid. If you are not delighted, send it back in 7 days and owe us nothing. That's fair, isn't it? It is not that we can't afford to make such a fair, square offer. When sending, give your home address and Post Office. Simply write: "I accept your 7-day Free Trial offer, as announced in your paper or program." Address: EASY METHOD MUSIC CO., 209 Wilson Building, Toronto, Can.

4,000 LANGUAGES SPOKEN.

Of Dialects There Is No Counting Their Number.

How many men, if asked: how many languages there were in the world, could give anything like an accurate answer? Inquires London Answers. The average man's knowledge or ability to speak languages rarely exceeds two besides his native tongue, yet we find that the Emperor Francis Joseph, when visiting a Red Cross hospital recently, spoke with the patients in their own languages, which shows the aged emperor to be master of six.

It may appear strange, but it is nevertheless true, that there are more than 4,000 languages spoken by mankind, while the number of dialects exceeds this. There are more than sixty vocabularies in Brazil, and in Mexico the Nahuatl is broken up into some 500 dialects. There are hundreds in Borneo, while in Australia there is no classifying the complexities. Let us assume that fifty dialects, on an average, belong to each language, and we have the colossal total of 250,000 linguistic abilities.

A century hence the probability is that there will only be four languages of importance in the world. Central Europe may produce a newer and more straightforward German language, imperial English may reign alone over the North American Continent, while a more businesslike Spanish will be used in South American States. While Russia may take on some rich Slavonic dialect, which will blend the races of Eastern Europe and Central Asia into a harmonious federation. So that in future these four languages will enter into what may be a never ending competition.

The people who go out looking for trouble might just as well stay at home.

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SPORN MEDICAL CO., Coshon, Ind., U.S.A.

IRELAND'S NEW VICEROY

LORD WIMBORNE IS A SPORTSMAN—TAX AND POPULAR.

One of the Richest of the Peers—Instituted "Minimum Wage" Farm in Wales.

The world, and Ireland in particular, dearly loves a sportsman, and that is one reason why, when Lord Wimborne takes up his residence at the Viceroy's Lodge in Dublin, as Viceroy of the Emerald Isle, in succession to the Marquess of Aberdeen, he will be received with the heartiest of welcomes.

It will be recalled how last year Lord Wimborne, who is one of the keenest of sportsmen and soldiers in the land, and his two brothers, Maj. Guest, M.P. for Pembroke, and Capt. Guest, M.P. for East Dorset, served in the South African War, Lord Wimborne winning the Queen's Medal and three clasps—organized the polo team which wrested from the United States the much-coveted International Cup, which Uncle Sam had won from us in 1909, says an English paper.

His Lordship's interest in polo, however, is not that of a mere organizer or looker-on; for he is not only a patron of the sport, and always ready with purses and ponies, but he is a player with a passion for the game—a hard, skilful rider and "a broth of a boy" to boot.

There are other reasons, however, why Irish people will extend the most cordial greetings to Lord Wimborne. They will not forget that he is a grandson of Lady Charlotte Guest, who, among her services to the study of Celtic literature, edited and published the collection of ancient Welsh and Irish legends and romances called "Mabinion." Furthermore, Lord Wimborne, as Viceroy of Ireland, takes up the high office held from 1876 till 1880 by his maternal grandfather, the seventh Duke of Marlborough.

Lord Wimborne's Mother

was the eldest daughter of the six beautiful and gifted daughters of the duke, and very soon after her marriage to Sir Ivor Guest, in 1868, was recognized as one of the most brilliant political hostesses of the day. In fact, it was the number of distinguished people to be met at Wimborne House, one of the finest mansions in London, which led one prominent statesman to describe the residence as "the centre of the universe."

On more than one occasion Lord Wimborne has confessed that he owes much of the success of his career to "a noble mother," and one of the finest tributes that a wife was ever paid was this passage in the will of the late Lord Wimborne: "I thank God that He has given me a wife so sweet, so loving, and so capable."

Lord Wimborne ranks among the very richest of Britain's rich peers. He inherits his wealth from the great iron works founded in 18th century by Mr. John Guest in South Wales. And it is interesting to note that the fact that the family fortunes rest on iron is acknowledged on the coat-of-arms, the motto translated being, "By iron, and not by the sword."

A large land-owner in South Wales; Lord Wimborne has taken the keenest interest in small holdings, and has given many of his tenants an opportunity to become occupying owners. With his mother he instituted what has been termed the "minimum wage farm," an experiment by which farm workers should not be paid less than 21s 6d a week.

Loves the Sea and Yachting

Perhaps one of the most interesting facts regarding Lord Wimborne—who, by the way, is a cousin of Mr. Winston Churchill—is that he has always had a passion for the sea and yachting. Indeed, if he had been allowed to follow the bent of his childhood he would have adopted a naval career; but, as he was heir to such extensive property in Wales, and elsewhere, it was thought desirable that he should remain on the land.

The present Lady Wimborne is one of the most beautiful women in society and a clever hostess, who, in the early days of her married life, received some 3,000 guests in the course of an afternoon at Wimborne house, which is replete with magnificent art treasures.

If Lord and Lady Wimborne were superstitious, they might believe that a special Providence looked after them, for they have been as near to death as it is possible to contemplate. While motoring one day, they had to pass over a level crossing. Owing to a dangerous curve in the road, they did not see that the gates were closed until it was too late to stop. Although the brakes were quickly applied, the car dashed into the gates and was completely wrecked, portions of the gates and car being strewn over the line for some distance. By a miracle, however, no one was badly hurt.

Hints for the Home

Cold Weather Breakfasts.

If breakfast is merely a repast of rolls and coffee, then it is much the same in winter and summer. But if it consists of any other dishes, it should change with the season. The school child's winter breakfast, for instance, should be of a different sort from the breakfast it eats in the summer. If a walk or other exercise is taken before school begins, the breakfast should be of a rather substantial order. Oatmeal, hominy and rice are good cereals for this breakfast. A baked apple or a raw one or an orange can precede the cereal. Afterwards crisp buttered toast and a cup of cocoa, not too rich with cocoa, but made entirely of milk, can be eaten. This breakfast is substantial enough for any child. A poached or codded egg can occasionally be substituted for it if cereal is not liked by the child. The egg breakfast, too, is more suitable for a child inclined to fatness, for cereal and the milk or cream eaten with it are somewhat fattening.

For the adult who eats more than rolls and coffee for breakfast, honey or marmalade or jam are often relished instead of fruit for the winter breakfast. One of these sweets, with toast, coffee and a codded egg, rounds out a satisfactory breakfast.

Butter should be generously indulged in at breakfast time by anyone who is immediately going out into the cold. Bacon, broiled or served with or without eggs, is another good breakfast dish in cold weather. In fact, any digestible fat may be eaten. Bacon served with fish makes an ideal winter breakfast dish.

Boiled rice, boiled until it is light and fluffy, eaten with thick cream and a bit of nutmeg, can well be the staple dish at breakfast for grown-up or child. The fats in the cream supplement the good qualities of the rice in just the right manner.

The charm of the winter breakfast lies in its heat. Lukewarm coffee, cold toast and an egg that is growing stiff and cold are had enough in summer; in winter they are intolerable. A percolator is ideal for coffee-making, as it furnishes coffee always fresh and piping hot. Coffee can be poured from the pot in which it was made into a china pot heated with boiling water or into cups heated in the same way, or it can be served in the metal pot in which it was cooked or in a silver pot. Toast can be kept hot in a chafin dish blazer, over water kept bubbling by an alcohol flame. Eggs can be put in a small and neat little aluminum dish in boiling water and brought to the table in this dish, to be taken out when they have reached the desired stage.

Soup Secrets.

Soup cannot be made in a hurry. All remnants of meat, bones, bacon and pieces of every description should be used to make stock, which is the foundation of all soups. Stock must be frequently skimmed during the early stage of the proceedings.

Never allow stock or soup to cool in the saucepan. The liquid should be poured off and strained into an earthenware bowl.

The bones should be boiled for two or three hours and all the scum removed before the vegetables are added, which should be simmered until tender.

Useful Hints.

A letter sealed with the white of an egg can never be steamed open. Put an apple in the tin box with the cake, it will keep the cake moist.

If soot falls on the carpet, sprinkle thickly with salt before sweeping up.

In making salad dressing, cream and melted butter may be used in place of oil.

Corks may be made airtight and watertight by keeping them immersed in oil for five minutes.

To help out a meatless meal use cream soups, or dishes which include cheese, beans or eggs.

The bone should be left in a roast; it will help to keep the juice in and will add flavor and sweetness.

When filling pepper shakers, always pour the pepper through a funnel made of clean card or stiff paper.

Geraniums should not be watered too often. Give them a soaking and then allow the soil to dry out completely.

A paste of minced raisins and figs, with a rash of lemon juice, makes an excellent filling for sandwiches.

Wet tea or coffee stains on table linen with sweet milk and then plunge them into the suds ready for washing.

Half a dozen camphor balls placed in the silver drawer will do much toward preventing the silverware from tarnishing.

If table linen becomes stained from candle drippings the wax can be removed by rubbing with a soft cloth moistened with alcohol.

Always empty any water left before boiling the kettle. Very frequently the taste of tea is

caused by using water that already has been boiled.

Soot from a stove or chimney where wood is burned, if put into a pitcher and boiling water poured over it, makes a healthy drink for house and garden plants.

To renovate linoleum, mix equal parts of vinegar and raw linseed oil. After linoleum has been washed shake the mixture well and use it for wiping the floor covering.

Dried fruit and vegetables should not be soaked in cold water; wash thoroughly in many changes of water and soak them in a generous amount of tepid water; they will swell larger.

When serving hot bread or pastry of any kind, use hot plates. The most delicious pastries will become soggy when served on cold plates while they are still warm. To remove finger marks and other spots from white woodwork dip a very slightly moistened cloth in whitening and rub the stains very lightly. Change the cloth frequently, as fast as it absorbs the dirt.

If before a fowl is plucked it is placed in a basin of boiling water with a piece of soda the size of a walnut for a few minutes the feathers will come out easily, no matter how old the fowl may be; and the flesh will be tender and white. Try whipping the cream in the upper part of a double boiler, with fine ice or cold water placed in the lower part. The cream will not spatter so much and will be kept cool and will whip much more quickly.

If you want the best piecrust, says Cook, it should be made the day before you wish to use it and put into a cold pantry. Then the crust will be flaky and crisp. If you wish to retain the crispness after baking, let the pie cool thoroughly before putting away. To improve the top crust of pie she has found the following very good: Brush it over with water and then sprinkle with granulated sugar. This improves the appearance and makes it brown and crisp.

PAST HUMAN RECOGNITION.

Prof. von Leyden Says No German Will Associate With English.

"The English have placed themselves beyond the pale of human recognition."

"They have raised the banner of brutality and crime."

"They are utter barbarians and as such are not fit to be admitted to civilized German circles."

So writes Prof. von Leyden in the Frankfurter Zeitung. He continues in the same vein:

"When peace has been restored not a self-respecting German will ever consent to remain in any room of which an Englishman is the occupant. If the German cannot eject the Englishman he will himself leave the room."

"We cannot be expected to breathe the same polluted air as our deadliest foes who fell upon us from the rear and in the dark."

"There can be no rest or repose for any honest German till the British empire has been swept into the oblivion of past history."

Having dealt with Russia and France in similar trenchant fashion, Prof. von Leyden concludes:

"Finally there are the neutral nations. Most of them side in sympathy with the English, Russians and French; most of them entertain hostile feelings against Germany."

"Let us ban them from our homes and our tables; they must understand that they are condemned to be left out in the cold just because they do not merit German approval."

"Germans are the salt of the earth; they will fulfill their destiny, which is to rule the world and to control other nations for the benefit of mankind."

Make One Job of It.

McTavish (to convalescent soldier)—"I was hearin' ye had a bullet in ye yet. Are ye no' gawn ta ha it out?" Soldier—"No," the man replied. "Ye see, I'll be gawn back ta the front in a wee while, an' when I come back I'll just hae them a'oot thegither."—Scotch Paper.

Was Pale-Looking.

Cook—"The tea is quite exhausted, ma'am."

Mistress—I noticed that it seemed very weak the last time.

A man must be an egotist to boast that he never has; the wool pulled over his eyes.

"Don't you think a girl should marry an economical man?" asked Madge. "Oh, I suppose so," answered Dolly. "but I tell you it's awful being engaged to one."

He, sarcastically—"You know some one has said, 'If you would make a lasting pair of shoes, take for the soles the tongue of a woman.'" She—"Yes, and for the uppers the cheek of the man who said it."

"I want to sue Dr. Blank for heavy damages," said the citizen, entering the lawyer's office. "What has he done?" asked the attorney. "When he operated on me he left a pair of surgical scissors in me. How much can I sue him for?"

"Oh, don't sue him at all," counseled the lawyer. "Just send him a bill for storage."



British Wounded Tommies Enjoy a Football Game. Despite the war, football still plays a prominent part in the life of the Englishman. This picture shows some of the crowd at a recent Chelsea vs. Arsenal match, with wounded soldiers occupying front seats, which they were given out of respect for their services to their country.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MARCH 14.

Lesson XI. Saul Gains His Kingdom.—1 Sam. 11. Golden Text, Prov. 16. 32.

Verses 1. Nabash the Ammonite—"Nabash" means "snake." He was king of the Ammonites, as we read in 1 Sam. 12. 12; 2 Sam. 10. 1, 2; 17. 27. In 2 Sam. 17. 25 we read that Abigail was the daughter of Nabash, the sister of Zeruiah. In 1 Chron. 2. 15, 16 Zeruiah is mentioned as one of the sisters of David. In 2 Sam. 10. 2 we learn that Nabash had been kind to David, and in 2 Sam. 17. 27 that Shobi, the son of Nabash, was friendly to David in his exile.

Jabesh-gilead—See Judg. 21. 8. The Ammonites were enemies of Israel because the latter possessed Gilead. See Judg. 10. 6-15. 11.

2. That all your right eyes be put out—To put out the right eye would not only be a disastrous physical handicap, but would bring exceeding great reproach upon the children of Israel who were thus afflicted. See Num. 16. 14; Judg. 16. 21; Prov. 30. 17.

3. The elders of Jabesh said unto him—The civil government of Israel was in the hands of the elders. See Judg. 8. 14-16; 11. 5ff; also Deut. 19. 12.

4. Then came the messengers to Gibeath of Saul.—This does not mean that they came to Gibeath because Saul was there. They simply happened to come to the place of Saul's residence. They did not know that he was to be the future king. Saul, it will be remembered, had said nothing about his anointing. In fact, he refrained from answering a direct question of his uncle. See 1 Sam. 10. 14-16.

All the people lifted up their voice and wept—Great grief among the Israelites is expressed in loud wailing. See Gen. 27. 35; Judg. 2. 4; 21. 2. The crying of grown men in Palestine to-day strikes the visitor as singular. It is not at all unusual to come upon men and boys weeping as a consequence of failure to get what they want.

5. Behold, Saul came following the oxen out of the field—He had been plowing and was just returning. He happened to come upon the messengers.

Saul said, What aileth the people that they weep?—He had heard nothing about the occurrence at Jabesh-gilead. As the people were weeping, he naturally would ask the reason why.

6. The Spirit of God came mightily upon Saul when he heard those words, and his anger was kindled greatly.—The Spirit of God—evidenced itself in great energy and power. He who was possessed of this Spirit was ready for great things. See Judg. 3. 10; 6. 34; 11. 29; 13. 25.

7. He took a yoke of oxen and cut them in pieces—Oxen were valuable to the agricultural people, even as asses were. Saul's quick understanding of the situation showed him how best he could bring the people to rally about him. The warning could not fail to have its effect, as they could not afford to lose their oxen.

Sent them throughout all the borders of Israel.—This was a usual way of apprising the children of Israel of any calamity or stirring event.

Whosoever cometh not forth after Saul and after Samuel—Samuel still was mighty in the land. His influence would go far in showing the children of Israel not only what the emergency was, but what the chances of success were. Saul was unknown as a leader. Samuel was a chosen prophet. Samuel's name

therefore, gave weight to the summons which Saul sent forth.

The dread of Jehovah fell on the people, and they came out as one man.—The fear of Jehovah did not cause weakness; it rather inspired strength. When Jehovah called, the children must obey. They feared him because if they were disobedient, and he exercised his anger, the result would be worse than any evil which could come to them in battle.

8. He numbered them—It would seem as though they were numbered in order to be sure that no man was lacking. See Judg. 21. 9, where the people were numbered seemingly to discover whether any of the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead were present.

Bezek was perhaps a district rather than a town or city. See Judg. 1. 4, 5.

9. To-morrow, by the time the sun is hot, ye shall have deliverance.—This would be toward noon. From Bezek to Jabesh-gilead was about a night's march. See 1 Sam. 31. 12.

"To-morrow," doubtless, was the last of the seven days.

10. Therefore the men of Jabesh said to Nabash, To-morrow we will come out unto you, and ye shall do with us all that seemeth good unto you.—They did not intimate at what time of the day they would come. As they had the whole of the day, it was not necessary to designate the hour. They let the messengers of Nabash believe that they were going to accede to the terms of Nabash.

11. It was so on the morrow, that Saul put the people in three companies.—They started to march the night before, so evidently the army was not divided until they had come near to the proposed scene of battle.

They came into the midst of the camp in the morning watch.—The camp means, of course, the camp of the enemy. The morning watch was the last of the three watches of four hours each, into which the night was divided. The time, therefore, was between two o'clock and six o'clock in the morning. Notice, again, that the Israelites struck the blow at an exceeding early hour in the morning, and compare Gideon's attack in Judg. 7. 19.

Smote the Ammonites until the heat of the day.—The battle evidently lasted many hours.

It came to pass that they that remained were scattered, so that not two of them were left together.—Not only were most of the Ammonites killed, but those who escaped escaped singly.

Saul's delivery of the men of Jabesh-gilead was held in grateful memory. When later he met defeat in battle, the Philistines fastened his headless body to the wall at Beth-Shan. When the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead heard this, "the valiant men arose and went all night, and took the body of Saul and the bodies of his sons from the wall of Beth-Shan," and buried their bones "under the tamarisk-tree in Jabesh, and fasted seven days." See 1 Sam. 31. 7-13.

12. The people said unto Samuel, Who is he that said, Shall Saul reign over us? bring the men, that we may put them to death.—This has reference to 1 Sam. 10. 27.

13. There shall not a man be put to death this day; for to-day Jehovah hath wrought deliverance in Israel.—Saul, first of all, gives the credit of the victory to Jehovah, and, secondly, shows keen judgment in not allowing any man to be sought out and annoyed. Had he permitted this, even those who would have been leaders in the search and killing would afterward have turned against Saul for having permitted it. See 2 Sam. 19. 22 for a similar instance of good sense on the part of David.

14. Renew the kingdom.—The kingdom had been established when Samuel anointed Saul, but there had been no public proclamation. Samuel did not want to discredit

the first act in the establishment of the kingdom, although that act was a private one. Now when the fact of the kingship is to be publicly proclaimed, he simply says, we will "renew," or make public, what has already been done.

15. Therefore they offered sacrifices of peace-offerings before Jehovah.—In 1 Sam. 10. 8, Samuel tells Saul that he will come down to him later to offer burnt-offerings and to sacrifice sacrifices of peace-offerings. As this was a part of the ceremony of making Saul king, Samuel is now keeping his promise.

NOTES OF SCIENCE

Australia contains about 45 horses to every 100 residents.

The herring catch of England last year was the greatest on record.

Last year's apple crop of the United States approximated 85,300,000 barrels.

Cuba is the greatest consumer of raisins, among the Spanish-American countries.

A new wire fastener to hold a cork in a bottle also may be used to submerge the gun.

In proportion to population Japan has more suicides than any other civilized nation.

If necessary the nut trees of the world could supply nourishment to its entire population.

India has a new law limiting the working hours of adults to twelve a day and of children to six.

Cuba's deposits of iron ore are estimated to contain all the way from 2,000,000,000 to 3,000,000,000 tons.

A clock motor inside a new decoy duck makes it swim slowly about and emit the call of the living birds.

An Alpine glacier has been converted into an ice mine by a practical Swiss, who mines and markets the ice.

Of the electricity generated in Canadian hydraulic plants along the border more than half is exported to the United States.

English makers have developed a steel especially adapted for cutlery that is said to be non-rusting, unobtainable and unburnishable.

The government of Natal has engaged a Kentucky expert to improve the quality of native tobacco and foster the industry generally.

For his own use a Chicago architect has built an eleven-room bungalow on the roof of an eight-story apartment house, 110 feet in the air.

For use in the harbor of Naples the Italian government has purchased a fire-tug, the pumps of which can deliver 1,245 tons of water an hour.

An 11,600-acre live stock and dairy farm in Northern New York has been completely electrified for light and power by damming a nearby stream.

The governments of Brazil and Peru have combined to maintain a chain of wireless telegraph stations all the way across the continent of South America.

The Peruvian Congress has authorized the construction of a railroad from the present most easterly terminus in that country to the head of navigation on the Amazon River.

Recruiting Story from Wales. One of the latest recruits stood 6 ft. 2 in., and on joining he expanded his chest, and exclaimed, "Now for the Germans." The following day he received from London a telegram—"Heartiest congratulations, Kitchener." This was duly shown round, but next morning his pride was boundless on receiving the royal message—"The Empire is proud of you—George." When on the third day he received a wire—"For God's sake, keep neutral." Wilhelm," he began to see that jokers were about.

BRITAIN IS NOT WORRYING

SUBMARINE THREATS DO NOT FRIGHTEN.

Naval Authorities Say Germany Has But Fifteen Under-Sea Craft.

If Germany's submarines have thrown England into a panic, or if they have even inspired fear, those facts do not appear in the public utterances of British statesmen, in the public press, or in the opinions of the military and naval experts.

As a matter of fact, England affects to push the effectiveness of the German submarine, particularly when the ultimate end of the war is considered. It is urged that all the submarines Germany has or may put forth will not loosen Britain's control of the seas, which is vital to the cause of the allies. Germany may destroy a number of British merchantmen, but that will make no difference in the general result.

Naval Experts' Opinion.

Naval experts, writing in this reassuring strain, are quick to point out that Germany has only about fifteen submarines from which anything seriously threatening need be anticipated. They are the U-21 and the dozen or so of higher numbers. These are the newer boats with a wide steaming and diving radius, as shown by a description of them published just before the war in a German newspaper.

The new 800-ton submarines are armed with fourteen pounder quick-firing guns on disappearing mountings, one before and one abaft the conning tower. Each gun rests on a conical pivot, and the total weight of weapon and mount is about thirteen and one-half hundredweight.

How Guns Are Fired.

The time occupied in making the gun ready for action is twenty seconds, reckoning from the moment the boat comes to the surface to the firing of the first shot. Each weapon is served by three men. No. 1 hands up the ammunition from the watertight and collision-proof magazine, No. 2 loads, and No. 3 aims and fires. The gun can be elevated to 90 degrees, and its characteristics are similar to those of Krupp's. When the boat is about to submerge the gun collapses on its supports and swings down to its resting place, the operation being performed by a single lever. A watertight hatch then closes over the cavity. The weapon is brought up to firing position by spring rams which also come into play by a single movement.

Submarine Armor Plate.

The new submarines have armor protection over their vital parts, viz., the conning tower, and that portion of the hull which is exposed when the vessel is awash. Coincident with the increased displacement the motor installation has been made much more powerful. Each boat has two Diesel motors with a designed aggregate horsepower of 1,800, giving a speed on the surface of seventeen knots. The submerged speed is twelve knots. The U-21, which was launched last February at the Danzig yard in an almost complete state, was the first representative of this improved type.

These vessels can travel as far as 3,000 miles on the surface and seventy miles under water. It is only about 1,000 miles from Wilhelmshaven to the Lancashire coast, which makes it unnecessary for them to have any secret base.

THOUGHTS FOR THE DAY.

In this great conflict democracy is on its trial.—Lord Roberts.

No true Dutchman could possibly be happy as a German.—Mr. J. W. Robertson-Scott.

Men of the noblest disposition think themselves happiest when others share their happiness with them.—Jeremy Taylor.

We probably derive more happiness from work for others than from what we do for ourselves. To work for others consecrates even the humblest labor.—Lord Avebury.

Virtue is like precious colors, most fragrant when they are incensed and crushed; for prosperity does best discover vice, but adversity doth best discover virtue.—Bacon.

The youth gets together his materials to build a bridge to the moon, or, perchance, a palace or temple on the earth, and at length the middle-aged man concludes to build a woodshed with them.—Thorau.

A man who lives right, and is right, has more power in his silence than another by his words. Character is life bells which ring out sweet music, and which, when touched accidentally even, resound with sweet music.—Phillips Brooks.

Her Father—"No, young man, my daughter can never be yours." Her Adorer—"My dear sir, I don't want her to be my daughter—I want her to be my wife."

TRAINING ON THE DESERT

NEW SCHOOL FOR SOLDIERS OF THE KING.

Egypt Good Ground for Manoeuvres, But There Are Dangers in Cairo.

The London Times correspondent writing from Cairo, says:—

There are few countries where the military training of all arms can be carried out more easily and cheaply than in Egypt. The eastern bank of the Suez Canal for its whole length, its western bank from Ismailia to Suez, the illimitable desert area lying east and west of Cairo, the sandhills and desert coastal strip east of Alexandria, and the Mariut Steppe west of that port are admirable training grounds for large bodies of troops. Given an adequate water supply, easily obtainable from the bases at Cairo, Alexandria, or along the Sweet Water canal, troops can move anywhere in masses. There are obstacles here and there for guns and wheeled transport—high-blown dunes or bottoms filled with pale sand drift—but a manoeuvring area without obstacles would be unsuitable. The canals at the edge of the desert and the Suez Canal itself give sufficient practice in the negotiation of water obstacles by engineers; there is every species of soil upon which trench diggers may exercise their skill; ideal rifle and artillery ranges abound. The desert near Cairo is decidedly "gloss" country, full of hollows and "wadis," or dry water courses, where large bodies of troops can lie unseen. The desert is no man's land. In it are no crops to be spoiled, no farmers to clamor for compensation, no game preserves to deny right of way to the soldier. Manoeuvring therein is eminently inexpensive.

Cairo, excellent training centre though it be, has certain disadvantages. Its population comprises a large parasitical element, native and foreign, which lives by exercising its uncommonly sharp wit at the expense of visitors from the provinces and from abroad. Its morality has never been austere, and the Capitulations have always prevented the Anglo-Egyptian authorities from taking sufficiently drastic measures against the foreign owners of grogshops, who sell sheer poison, and keepers of disorderly houses.

Some of the Colonial troops who arrived in Egypt early in December suffered from these pests of certain quarters of Cairo. The Territorials also suffered on their first arrival in Egypt, but not to the same extent. The keepers of many of the bars and restaurants to which the men repaired, being unable or unwilling to replenish their stocks of beer and spirits, supplied them with drugged and adulterated drinks. The British and Colonial military doctors soon discovered that extensive "housings" was being practised. Men who had exceeded but had not taken sufficient alcohol to do them real harm in normal circumstances became seriously ill, and in some cases a glass of "beer" had almost poisonous effects. Analysis of samples of beer and spirits revealed startling facts. "Beer" was extensively colored with extract of Cannabis indica (Indian hemp), the plant from which "bhang" and "hashish," two of the most baneful drugs employed by Orientals, are derived. "Whisky" proved to be adulterated with fusel oil, coppers, and other chemical poisons.

Canteens as Antidote.

Prompt and decidedly successful steps were taken to cope with this evil: "wet" canteens were instituted at camps where they had not been provided in deference to prohibitionist sentiment; the men were warned of the dangers they were incurring, and a number of bars were placed out of bounds and others closed by General J. Maxwell's orders.

But when the above drawbacks had been mentioned, all has been said against Cairo as a training centre for British troops. The heat is considerable in summer, but the town is none the less much healthier than many Indian cantonments. Typhoid has, so far, been rare, among both British and Colonial troops here, thanks to inoculation. The Territorials suffered somewhat from dysentery on their first arrival in the hot weather, and there have been some cases of pneumonia among the Colonial troops, but, speaking generally, the health of the army has been good and is likely to improve.

One Argument He Won.

"Pa, did you ever win an argument with ma?"

"Once, my boy, I convinced her that I was the man she ought to marry."

The greatest fault some people have is finding fault with others.

AN IDEAL LADIES' TAILORING SERVICE

STYLE ORIGINATING TAILORS

Tailor-made to order garments are the most satisfactory. Guaranteed in fit, style and workmanship.

WOMEN WHO WANT THE BEST
COME HERE FOR THEIR CLOTHES

EVERY DAY finds us opening up New Spring Goods which we were lucky enough to buy before the "war prices" came on. You should just see our new SPRING SHOES, with the new Grey and Fawn tops, in lace and button. Never have we had such nice things in our SILK DEPARTMENT, you will be bewildered with the great exhibit of Fine SILKS in all colors, and at such Low Prices. Then take a look at Our Rugs and Linoleums; if you want nice Floor Coverings you will certainly be pleased with these.



MEN! How about that SPRING SUIT?

We are going to put before the people of Glencoe and vicinity the largest assortment of MEN'S SUITS ever shown. Come in and look them over whether you buy or not. We handle the well-known makes, "Broadway" and "The House of Hobbeline." The styles this season surpass all previous ones. Come early while the selection is good. MADE-TO-MEASURE GOODS A SPECIALTY.

Attractive suggestions from the WALL PAPER DEPT.

We cordially invite you to spend a pleasant hour inspecting the new ideas.

We have many magnificent hangings which we want all who are interested in decorating their homes to see at once.

We have many color schemes to show you, also every kind of cut out Border to match all the different shades in our big assortment of Oat Meal and Barley Paper.

"LAST CHANCE" FOR THE "SLAUGHTER PRICES" ON WINTER GOODS.

To make room for our Big Stock of Spring Goods which are arriving daily, we must sell everything we can at once. We have found that the best way to Reduce Stock Quick is to make the Prices SO LOW that the people simply cannot resist the enticing values we offer. SO YOU WILL FIND IT TO YOUR BIG ADVANTAGE TO COME TO OUR STORE and supply your needs at BIG SAVING PRICES.

Smart, Nobby Spring Hats and Caps

We have bought this season for the young man the most stylish and up-to-the-minute Hats and Caps you ever saw in any town or city. Something with class to them. Different from the ordinary. Call and be convinced. GLENCOE'S HATTER.

E. Mayhew & Co.

"THE STORE WHERE QUALITY REIGNS."

NEW GOODS FOR Early spring Buyers

The Store With The Stock At Old Prices

IT'S TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO TRADE HERE
—Better Assortment, Best Values and Good Service.

The Prints that wash and wear. Just placed in stock a full range of Crum's famous English Prints.

New Galateas, Voiles, Crepe, Muslins, Gingham and Dimities. A full range of Dress Goods, Checks, Serges and Cashmeres.

Lace Curtains, Bungalow Nets, Voiles, Scrims. All new patterns.

Extra value in White and Grey Cottons, 36 and 40 ins. wide, Flannelette Towellings, Table Oils, Floor Oils. A full line of Women's and Children's Summer Underwear and Hosiery.

MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR

Summer Shirts 50c, 65c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.25. Balbriggan Underwear for men, also agents for Walker's and Carhart's Overalls, Smocks and Shirts.

Before buying have a look at our new Shoes. The price of leather is soaring but our prices are not.

Our Groceries are new and fresh.

Highest price for good Butter and Eggs. Cash or trade.

W. J. RICHARDS - MIDDLEMISS
RING US UP — PHONE CONNECTION

Newbury

Miss Bovey, of Brucefield, has returned and taken charge again in W. Bayne's millinery department.

The western visitors are fast leaving us. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McAbe left last week for London. On Tuesday their son Russel left to join them, when they all start for their home at Gowan, Sask. Simon McDonald also started on Tuesday for Coldwell.

Mrs. Andrew Wilson arrived from London on Friday and is now visiting her daughter, Mrs. Mat. Armstrong. Mrs. Wilson is almost completely recovered from the effects of her operation.

The Loyal Temperance Legion met at the home of Mrs. J. P. McVicar on Feb. 27. Rev. Mr. Hale, of Wardsville, addressed the meeting and gave a very instructive talk. The program consisted of recitations by Hazel and Clarence Armstrong, Willie Connelly and Gerrie Burr, and a piano solo by Rose Jeffery. The next meeting is to be on Saturday, March 13, at the home of Mrs. S. Funnell, at 3 o'clock.

The Women's Institute promises to be especially interesting on Friday afternoon in the town hall, when Mrs. Manger, of Mt. Brydges, the county president, will address the meeting.

Miss Mildred Pryne, of Brussels, is visiting her sister, Mrs. F. Robinson.

The patriotic concert given in the town hall on Friday evening last far surpassed anything of its kind yet given here. The concert opened with two splendid choruses, after which the play "Shiny at Vassar," a comedy in four acts, began. We could not do justice to the splendid acting and beautiful costumes and fine scenery. One should have seen it to understand how well it all went off. Each one seemed well suited to his or her part. The scenery, painted especially for each act, and particularly the garden scene, was as good as anything seen in a city opera house. Those who took part certainly deserve all sorts of credit for their work. We would not forget Messrs. Kelly's orchestra. Their music was much appreciated, and it is a pity that the orchestra had everything well done. Following is the cast of characters: John Willett, M. Fowler; Amos North, J. Whittington; Shiny, colored boy, H. McNaughton; Hank, C. Fennell; Kate, Miss Mae Gillett; Wanda, Miss M. Hagith; Kate's Mother, Miss B. Marcus; Miss Page, Miss L. Fennell; College Girl, Misses B. Fennell, F. Heatherington, B. Miller, M. Hammett, M. Fennell and J. McRae. The hall was well filled, but owing to the heavy snowstorm few from outside were out. However, they will be given a chance, as it will be reproduced in the near future. Proceeds, \$20.50.

KILMARTIN.

The ladies of Burns' church, Mossa, shipped a box of clothing for our soldiers last week. It consisted of 11 shirts and 10 pairs of socks.

Miss Anna McCallum, of Ekfrid Siding, spent the week-end with Miss Elizabeth Leitch.

Miss Giles, of Brantford, is visiting her brother, George Giles, here.

Alex. McLachlan is recovering from an attack of pleurisy.

Mrs. Colin Munroe, sr., Mrs. Alex. M. Leitch, Mrs. James Chisholm and Mrs. Chisholm are on the sicklist.

A meeting of the S. S. No. 17 literary society on Friday evening took the form of a box social. Although the weather was very disagreeable a good attendance was present and an excellent program was given. Lachlan Leitch occupied the chair. Violin selections were given by Robert Gordon, Gordon McLachlan and McGill Bros., accompanied by vocal solos by George Giles, Allan Whitburn, Gordon McLachlan and Robert Gordon, and club singing by George Giles. About \$20.00 was realized from the sale of boxes, the highest price paid being \$2.10. D. N. Munroe acted as auctioneer. The next and closing meeting of the society will be held on March 19th.

Worms in children work havoc. These pests attack the tender lining of the intestines and, if left to pursue their ravages undisturbed, will ultimately perforate the wall, because these worms are of the hook variety that cling to and feed upon interior surfaces. Miller's Worm Powders will not only exterminate these worms, of whatever variety, but will serve to repair the injury they have done.

MACKSVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. George Galbraith and son Lloyd spent the week-end in London.

Neta and Inez Henry are spending a few days with Jean Galbraith.

George Berry spent a few days in Newbury last week.

Albert Gates is preparing to build a barn.

Neil Olde was confined to his bed with a gripe last week.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bardwell will be pleased to hear they are going to spend the summer in this vicinity.

We are sorry to hear that Mrs. Richard Moore is confined to the house with a severe cold.

Miss Susie Boyd is teaching for Miss McLean in S. S. No. 5, Metcalfe, owing to the illness of the latter's mother.

We are pleased to see Lem Black able to be teaching his school again.

Miss Mae McAlpine has returned home from Wardsville to take charge of her brother's store at this place.

Pleasant as syrup: nothing equals it as a worm medicine: the name is Mother George's Worm Expeller. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

KNAPDALE.

Knapdale, March 1st.—Mr. Seaton, of Inwood, has moved to the farm lately occupied by Arthur George.

Miss Mary Samson, of Aberfeldy, returned last Friday to visit friends at Big Bend.

Neil Mitchell is recovering from a severe attack of the mumps.

A number from here attended the annual high school concert at Wardsville on Friday and report a good time.

E. Young, of Glencoe, called on friends here on Sunday.

Appin

Appin, March 6.—Miss Jennie McIntyre is now organist in the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Andrew, recently from Scotland, was a guest at the manse on Tuesday. He has begun a series of meetings in the North Ekfrid Presbyterian church.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Bardwell have moved to the home of Hugh Eddie.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald McIntyre are moving into the house vacated by Mr. Bardwell.

Miss Houston, of London, is the guest of Mrs. George Houston.

The Appin park committee held a very successful box social on Monday evening. The principal entertainers included Miss Houston, of London; Mr. Lethbridge, of Tait's Corners; Mr. Mayhew, of Glencoe, and local talent. Boxes numbering 60 were sold, the supply not being equal to the demand. The proceeds amounted to \$167.

Appin, March 8.—A case of diphtheria is reported in South Ekfrid. The school has been closed in the hope of preventing any further outbreak.

Mrs. Galbraith and her son Angus have been confined to bed for some time with gripe.

Miss May McAlpine has resigned her position in Wardsville and is home for the summer.

Mr. Andrew, recently from Scotland, preached in the Appin Presbyterian church on Sunday morning, and sang in delightful style "Will the Circle Be Unbroken."

Appin, March 9.—Miss Pierson is visiting relatives in Nilestown.

Miss Ivy McDonald is visiting friends in Carleton Place.

Lance Banks has purchased the hotel property formerly known as the St. Nicholas House from Mrs. Donnelly, the consideration being \$1,300.

Mrs. Boyd is seriously ill at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Walsh and children have returned to London after spending a week's holidays with Mr. and Mrs. John Congdon.

A pleasant time was spent on Thursday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James MacIntyre, when a large number of friends were invited and spent the night in card playing and dancing.

The autos are beginning to move in this town once more.

Rev. C. W. Bristol received a unanimous invitation from the Appin quarterly official board of the Methodist church to remain on Appin circuit for the third year.

A SURE CURE FOR HEADACHE—Bilious headache, to which women are more subject than men, becomes so acute in some subjects that they are utterly prostrated. The stomach refuses food, and there is a constant and distressing effort to free the stomach from bile which has become unduly secreted there. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are a speedy alternative, and in neutralizing the effects of the intruding bile relieves the pressure on the nerves which cause the headache. Try them.

Wardsville

Wardsville, March 8.—Earl Milner, of Detroit, spent the week-end at his home here.

Miss Waitie Quigley spent Saturday in London.

The Old Original Dramatic Co. will repeat the play, "Sunlight, or The Diamond King," on Wednesday evening, March 31.

Corporal J. H. Conquest, of the 38th Battalion, London, spent the week-end with friends in town.

The Wardsville Reed and Brass Band, under the leadership of C. B. Wilson, have already begun practicing for the coming season. This organization has a widespread reputation and is a credit to the village to which it belongs.

The Women's Institute shipped on Tuesday another box for the Belgians, consisting of 3 shirts, 3 waists, 3 ladies' coats, 1 gentleman's coat, 3 pairs of shoes, 6 pairs of socks, 50 lbs. dried apples.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Calder and daughter Mary have gone to Beaverton to live, after spending part of the winter with Mrs. Aitchison.

Eccentricity will never do as a substitute for ability.

Man wouldn't mind being awkward if he could fall into a good thing occasionally.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up till Monday, the 15th day of March, for the purchase of two thousand four hundred and sixteen dollars of Township of Moss drainage debentures payable in five equal annual instalments of \$483.20 each and bearing interest at five per cent per annum payable on the fifteenth day of March each year with interest coupons attached, said drainage works known as the Peter Mitchell drain. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. All tenders to be marked "Tender."

J. W. WATTEWORTH, Treasurer Tp. Moss, Glencoe, Ont.

Dated at Moss, this 24th day of February, 1915.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Established 1863 Head Office, Montreal
Capital, paid up \$7,000,000 Reserve Fund \$7,248,134

Deposit some of your savings in the Savings Bank Department of this strong institution. Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards will be received and interest at current rates added to principal twice a year.

MAKE YOUR MONEY WORK FOR YOU
AS YOU HAVE WORKED FOR IT

The bank will appreciate your business, whether the account is large or small. All customers treated with the same courtesy and consideration.

J. A. McKELLAR, Manager GLENCOE BRANCH

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

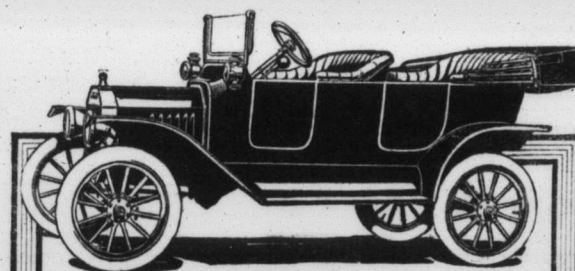
Capital Paid Up \$11,560,000
Reserve Funds 13,575,000
Total Assets 180,000,000

COLLECTIONS Having 170 Branches throughout Canada and the West Indies, this Bank possesses unrivalled facilities for handling collections with economy and despatch.

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GLENCOE BRANCH: G. BATCHELLER, Manager.

Branches also at Dutton, Rodney, Appin and Wardsville.



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car Price \$590

Prices of other Ford cars are: Two-passenger Runabout \$540. Two-passenger Coupelet \$850. Five-passenger Sedan \$1150. All cars fully equipped, including electric headlights. Prices F. O. B. Ford, Ont. Buyers of all Ford cars will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914 and August 1, 1915. All Ford cars are on exhibition at

Alex. Duncanson's, Glencoe

