

THE OBSERVER

No. 25.

HARTLAND, N. B., November, 25, 1910.

Vol. 2.

Clearing Out at Less Than Cost

A few bargain Ladies' Coats and Men's Over Coats advertised last week are left yet. Come early and get the one you want. We have also an elegant line of

LADIES' SKIRTS

to go at a big discount. We repeat last week's offering as follows:

All good stock and most of them of the latest styles.	
\$12. Ladies Coats for	\$8.50
\$9.50 " " "	\$6.95
\$5.69 " Special "	\$4.25
\$3.98 " " "	\$2.95
and others at correspondingly low prices.	
\$12. Men's Overcoats for	\$7.90
\$11. " " "	\$6.90
\$9. " " "	\$5.75

Baird & Craig

HARTLAND, N. B.

I have engaged Madame Barteaux

A lady of 25 years experience in millinery, the last 8 years in Boston where she enjoyed a large and high-class trade. She comes well recommended and we guarantee all work entrusted to us to satisfy

To Show My Appreciation

of the large Millinery trade I have had for the past 12 years I have this season procured a lady of years experience in the largest cities in Canada

C. HUMPHREY TAYLOR
Hartland Farmers' Exchange

GET THE BEST

During these trying times when so many light Fire Companies are going out of business would it not be well to consider your own interests and place your Fire Insurance in a Reliable Office.

We have the oldest and strongest Fire Companies on the continent, companies that are generous in their settlements, prompt in their payments, and their policies are free from technicalities.

We will call and inspect your dwelling if you will drop us a card

ASTLE & COSMAN Queen Street Woodstock, N. B.

Lost in Woods Four Days.

Wapske Man Has Terrible Experience.

The experience of being lost for four days in the wilds of the Tobique and Miramichi and having but one well cooked meal upon which to subsist during 96 hours of tramping was the experience last week of William Downey of Wapske.

Mr. Downey was hunting. He crossed the summit and thinking he was traversing the head waters of a tributary of the Tobique was really following one of the branches of the Northwest Miramichi. He was finally able to return when he heard work trains on the Grand Trunk Pacific 15 miles from the place he had started from.

Downey is 45 years of age. He has been living one mile below Wapske for the past four years, although a native of Brighton parish, Carleton County. During the past month he has been lumbering with Edward Waugh on the headwaters of Wapske.

On Tuesday morning, Nov. 8, Downey requested leave of absence for a day in order to obtain a moose. He returned at 10 o'clock, obtained a lunch and again left the camp saying he would return by sundown.

When he had not returned by the following day his fellow workers became alarmed and notified Edward Waugh, who at once started a posse in search of the missing man. Up until Friday the search was continued but no trace of Downey could be found. It was feared he had either shot himself accidentally or become lost and perished.

Much surprise was created when Downey returned on Saturday morning apparently none the worse because of his experience.

Downey, who is quite familiar with wood-craft, explained what he believed was the cause he had travelled. He said he was about one mile with hunger when he came upon an abandoned camp where he found a small quantity of musty flour. A further search about the camp disclosed a small tin pail in which he mixed flour and water. In the same pail he cooked the mixture which kept him from starvation.

Determined to make one more effort to regain civilization he again set out and was startled to hear the noise of a train. Going in the direction from which the sound came he encountered the right-of-way of the Transcontinental.

Woodmen familiar with the section traversed by Downey declare they believe that at no time was he more than 20 miles from his camp which is but a half mile from the Grand Trunk P. Co. office. His wanderings, it is thought, carried him back and forth parallel with the railroad.

—Victoria Co. News.

The Smalley's Get The Contract.

Lowest Bid, \$16,700—Post Office to be Completed by Feb. 1912.

The contract for building the new post office at Hartland has been awarded to J. W. and C. J. Smalley of East Florenceville and the papers were signed on Monday before L. E. McFarland who has been appointed clerk of works for the construction of this building. The Smalley's figures were the lowest, to wit, \$16,700. It is understood there were numerous other bids varying from a few hundred to several thousand dollars more than the accepted bid. Part of the contract is that the building shall be completed within fifteen months from the signing of the papers.

Messrs. Smalley say that if the papers, which have to make another trip to Ottawa, return in time, work of excavation will be begun this fall.

"I do not believe there is any other medicine so good for whooping cough as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Francis Turpin, Junction City, Ore. This remedy is also unsurpassed for colds and croup. For sale by all dealers.

THE REV. IRL R. HICKS 1911 ALMANAC.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks Almanac for 1911, that guardian Angel in a hundred thousand homes, is now ready. Not many are now willing to be without it and the Rev. Irl R. Hicks Magazine, Word and Works. The two are only one Dollar a year. The Almanac is 35c prepaid. No home or office should fail to send for them to Word and Works Publishing Company, St. Louis, Mo.

Railway Company Organized.

Hope for Early Construction of Line to Tap the G. T. P.

The first meeting of the Hartland & Miramichi Railway Company was held at the office of M. L. Hayward on Monday afternoon as per notice in the last issue of the Observer.

The following shareholders were present: E. C. Morgan, M. L. Hayward, S. S. Miller, A. F. Campbell, John E. Stewart, George McPhail, J. N. W. Winslow, E. A. Britton, J. W. Lawson and Emery Manuel. A board of seven Directors was elected as follows: D. P. Fitzgerald, E. A. Britton, F. W. Smith, J. W. Lawson, S. S. Miller, M. L. Hayward, J. T. G. Carr and A. F. Campbell.

At a subsequent directors meeting S. S. Miller was elected president, E. A. Britton, vice president and M. L. Hayward, secretary.

It was also decided to make a survey of the proposed route at once. Public meetings in furtherance of the project may be held at Windsor and at Glassville in the near future.

DOMINION CROP REPORTS.

It looks as though the price of hay might go no higher this season, and that potatoes will continue in good demand, judging from Ottawa reports, as follows:

The closing months of the year give good reports for nearly all of the field crops of the dominion. Potatoes, alone, indicate partial failure, and in all the provinces there are complaints of rot in the fields and in the heaps for winter storage. The area is 503,262 acres and the estimated yield 74,048,000 bushels, being an average of about 147 bushels per acre, which is nearly uniform for all the provinces. The quality is 84.42 per cent.

Hay and clover are computed for 8,515,400 acres and a yield per acre of 1.82 tons. The quality is 90.45 per cent and the total yield 15,497,000 tons.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION CALENDAR FOR 1911.

The publishers of The Youths Companion will, as always at this season, present to every subscriber whose subscription (\$1.75) is paid for 1911 a beautiful Calendar for the new year. The picture panel reproduces a watercolor painting of an old-time garden in a flood of summer sunshine, with a background of Lombardy poplars through which one catches a glimpse of distant hills. The picture being in 12 colors, the tones of the original are faithfully reproduced.

W. C. T. U.

The Provincial Women's Christian Temperance Union recently held in Hartland has proved very beneficial in encouraging and stimulating the local Union to greater activity in its work. One suggestion put forward and which has been adopted is that the different Superintendents in turn prepare a programme for each meeting. Since this our meetings have been of increasing interest. The programme for one meeting was on Anti-Narcotics; another was on Systematic Giving. The last meeting was at the home of Mrs. A. L. Baird and was in charge of the Press Supt. After devotional exercises and business the following programme was given: Solo by Mrs. C. H. Taylor; Reading by Mrs. McGoldrick; Reading by Mrs. Flemming; solo by Mrs. Scott Sipprell; reading by Mrs. Murdock. All the selections were helpful and inspiring. The meeting was closed by all standing and repeating the Aaronic benediction. The next meeting will be held in the evening of Dec. 1st, at Mrs. S. H. Shaw's and will be in charge of the Supt. of Mothers' meetings and Moral education. We cordially invite all women to attend this meeting whether members of the W. C. T. U. or otherwise.—Contributed.

Hartland Department Store

JOHN T. G. CARR, Proprietor

Now is the time to buy

FURS!

Don't wait until the winter is half over. You need them now. Call and purchase before the line is broken.

Stoles, Muffs, Throws, Scarfs, Ties, Ruffs, Boas, Caperines etc.

Ladies'

Astrachan Jackets
Electric Seal Jackets
Fur Lined Coats

Men's

Arctic Coats
Fur lined Coats
Calf Coats
Coon Coats
Saskatchewan Coats
Fur Caps, Gloves, Robes, etc.

All at reasonable prices

John T. G. Carr

Your Favourite Oysters Straight From the Shore

Through a perfect organization—the Sealshipt System—we receive oysters straight from Atlantic Coast and Gulf of Mexico oyster beds.

The oysters are packed the day they are dredged. Then they are immediately shipped in sealed, airtight refrigerators to us—every mile of the journey under supervision—every mile under seal.

Sealshipt Oysters

From Atlantic and Gulf Beds Under Perfect Refrigeration

Sealshipt Oysters are all solid oyster meat—no water—no waste—hence their vast economy. The price of Sealshipt is the standard of value. If you pay less you get less. Ask for free book of recipes for delicious oyster dishes. You can obtain Sealshipt Oysters

AT CHASE'S

Exchange Hotel

W. F. Thornton, Proprietor

Well equipped in every way. Livery Stable in connection.

Main St., Hartland, N. B.

Commercial Hotel

GEORGE G. McCOLLUM, PROP.

First class Board by the day or week. Excellent table. Meals served on arrival of trains. Large airy rooms. Bath. Live stable in connection.

HARTLAND, N. B.

VAST PAGEANT OF EMPIRE

PLANS FOR THE CORONATION OF KING GEORGE IN JUNE.

All the overseas Dominions to Take Part—Crowd of Visitors Expected.

It is probable that London will be able to accommodate all the visitors who will crowd in to this city next summer, for there has been arranged a round of festivities in connection with the coronation of King George and Queen Mary that will draw people from all the ends of the earth.

Although nothing official regarding the exact date of the coronation has been announced it is generally accepted that it will take place in the week commencing June 18, probably on Wednesday, June 21. Already the arrangements are well in hand. It is to be made a vast pageant of empire in which all the overseas dominions will take part.

Each will be represented by a contingent of troops, and the procession which will accompany their Majesties from Buckingham Palace to Westminster and the forces that guard the line of route will be thoroughly typical of the might and strength of the empire.

The word has gone forth that nothing must be wanting to make the event worthy of the empire. Socially the last fortnight in June and the early days of July will be a period of

UNEXAMPLED GAYETY.

First and foremost will be the Festival of Empire at the Crystal Palace, in which no fewer than 30,000 persons drawn from all parts of the empire and from all ranks of society will take part. The pageant which will be seen at the Crystal Palace will be almost as brilliant a spectacle as the coronation itself.

Then there will be the great Imperial Exhibition at the White City. Every country in the empire will be represented. There will be a hundred buildings devoted to an exhibition of their arts and industries and the home life of their people. There are committees engaged now in distant lands selecting inhabitants typical of the various races.

In addition to gold miners, backwoodsmen and other pioneers of the empire there will be aborigines from Australia, Maoris from Zealand, Red Indians from the Far West, the semi-civilized tribes from the Fiji Islands, colored people from the Malabes and Bechuana-land, Eskimos from the frozen north and Chinamen from the Malay Peninsula. The homes and habits of these people with their work will be shown.

The United Kingdom too will take its part. The resources and industries of England, Scotland, and Ireland and Wales will be in evidence. In some of the many buildings there will be replicas of

NOBLE BRITISH MANSIONS.

while the grounds will contain representation of some of the beauty spots of the United Kingdom. Earl's Court is also to reopen its doors with an attraction which is to make London open its eyes with wonder. About this time also there will be the Horse Show at Olympia. Beginning with the Ascot races on June 14, there will be an uninterrupted round of festivities in and around London, lasting for many weeks.

Record crowds of visitors are expected. Already scores of rooms have been engaged at the big hotels and hundreds of passages have been booked on the great steamship lines from all parts of the world. The invasion of Americans, which is growing in volume year by year, will exceed anything yet seen, says a manager of one of the leading shipping lines. The manager of one of the chief tourist agencies says: "London will next year be the capital, not of the British Empire only, but of the world. From the universal inquiries we are receiving I am convinced that there will be such a crowd as even London has never seen before."

Although London was never so well supplied with hotels as at present, extensive alterations are being made in a number of these establishments to meet the demand for accommodation. One big hotel in the Strand has just added two floors to its already lofty height, while many of the smaller hotels are hastening to absorb as much of the property in their neighborhood as they can.

The route of the coronation procession has not yet been decided upon, but nevertheless wholesale bookings of seats to view it are being made. It has already been arranged to erect

A GREAT STAND

on a piece of unoccupied land in the Strand capable of accommodating no fewer than 10,000 persons and other big schemes of a like kind are in contemplation. The people who are booking seats

thus early are not all residents of Great Britain. From all quarters of the globe inquiries are arriving asking for the best positions. Before the end of the year it is probable that 100,000 places will have been engaged. A director of a leading booking agency told a reporter:

"This morning we had a communication from Java requesting that a score of seats be reserved for coronation day for a party coming over from that island."

"Another letter from Burma asks for the exact date of the coronation ceremony and what are the best seats obtainable."

"We have also got orders for seats from Calcutta and other towns in India. The greatest number of inquiries, however, come from Americans and it is probable that an unprecedented invasion of people from the United States will be seen here next June."

The coronation will bring together royal personages from the courts of Europe, although no reigning monarch over attends a coronation. In the thousands of invitations which will be issued to less exalted guests the Majors of all the principal cities of the empire will be included.

CHINESE JUSTICE.

Placing Responsibility for an Aged Thief's Death.

While in the country an event occurred which represents some legal aspects of village life, writes a correspondent of the Shanghai Mercury.

A young man saw an old man stealing beans from his neighbor's garden. Village law required him to catch the thief, which he did, and he was turned over to the constable. He let him loose without punishment and he went to his home in the village. There his wife and his son, a trifling fellow, abused him for bringing disgrace on the family, and the old man hanged himself.

Then the son accused the young man of "persecuting" his father to death. This charge, according to Chinese ideas, was well made, and so it was proposed to compromise the matter by buying a coffin and paying the burial expenses of the thief, probably amounting to \$30.

But a neighbor who is a Christian took the position that the young man was in the right and there was no justice in calling on him and other neighbors to take out money to bury the man. The thief's son then hastened to the Magistrate and made the charge that his father had been persecuted to death.

The Magistrate came with quite a retinue to hold an inquest. He decided that the man had hanged himself. He gave the constable a beating of 30 blows because he got flurried in his august presence and contradicted himself in some of his answers. Then he arrested the father of the young man who caught the thief, but failed to catch the young man, and is keeping him in prison. Now the case has assumed some proportions.

The man held as a prisoner will not be released for less than \$100. The Christian who advised against a money compromise in the beginning is severely criticised, and the talk of the village is that "the Church ought not to have meddled in the case at all," thus blaming the Church on account of the action of one of its influential members. The case illustrates village life and ideas very correctly.

ELECTRICAL ACCIDENTS.

What to Do in Case of an Injured Person.

The first thing to do in case of electrical accidents is to have the current shut off or release the injured person from contact with the conductor of the current, if this is still acting upon him.

The person who attempts this must not touch with his bare hands or skin, or with any part of his body, either the patient or a live wire or a lamp or generator, while any part of his body is in contact with the ground, either directly or by means of a moist or metal surface.

He should, if possible, put on rubber boots or shoes and rubber gloves. If these are not at hand he may use a dry board for the feet, and for the hands a number of coats or folds of woollen cloth or paper. A thick bundle of silk is also a good insulator. In cutting a wire, the feet should be protected as just indicated, and if an axe or hatchet be used it should be one with a dry wooden handle. After a live wire is cut, the end should be wrapped or insulated with a piece of rubber.

The person who has received the shock should be laid down and his clothing loosened. He should be given fresh air, and the body should be kept warm. If breathing is suspended, artificial respiration or rhythmic traction of the tongue similar to the methods followed in cases of drowning should be used. If the heart has stopped beating, several hard taps or blows with the hand may be given, which may cause it to start up again. Burns of the surface caused by electricity may be treated in a similar manner to burns from fire.

WAR SCENES RECALLED

PORT ARTHUR AND ITS BLOODY BATTLEFIELDS.

Terrible Struggle Between Japanese and Russians at Metro Hill.

Even though the Russo-Japanese War is now a matter of ancient history, a visit to some of the battlefields round Port Arthur cannot but be interesting and instructive.

203 Metro Hill, the fighting for the possession of which I propose to describe, was the scene of some of the most severe slaughter that took place during the Russo-Japanese War, writes a correspondent of a London paper. It is hard to describe one's feelings as one stands on this hill and thinks of the scenes it has witnessed. Personally, I feel the same sensation as I had whilst visiting the crypt of St. Paul's Cathedral, and one instinctively talks with a hushed voice as one does when in the presence of the dead. The horrors and associations of the place are terrible, and not only were men slaughtered in hundreds by rifle bullet and bayonet, but the hand grenade, an old but recently revived method of destruction, was used. The effects of these hand grenades, filled with melinite, pyroxylin, dynamite, or some other powerful explosive, are beyond description, as they mutilate in such a way as to tear men's arms and legs off, and leave them absolutely unrecognizable.

THE SCENE ON THE HILL

Itself during one of the attacks must have been too vivid to express in words. Imagine two trenches packed with men and about thirty yards apart. The occupants of each trench are shooting at one another and are being shot at from elsewhere, and men are falling every second. Numbers of dead and dying block the already narrow and congested space, and the dead bodies are sometimes used to fill up gaps in the sand bags. The horrible and indescribable smell of blood is in the air, and the mud at the bottom of the trench is sticky with blood that was coursing through the veins of human beings a short time before. The Japanese artillery are shelling the summit of the hill, and the rain of shrapnel bullets adds yet another factor to the horrors of the Russian trenches and rifle pits.

Suddenly a telephone bell rings in the Japanese advanced trench—the advanced trenches were always connected by telephone to the divisional commanders, and from there to the Commander-in-Chief and the General commanding the artillery—and at the same time the artillery fire ceases. The men in the trench are up in a minute, and are scrambling over the sand bag wall in front of their trench. They rush in a confused mass at the enemy's trench, a short thirty yards up the hillside. The Russian fire redoubles in its fury, and numbers of the attackers fall mortally.

WOUNDED OR KILLED.

Eventually a small proportion of the men who left their trench have reached the Russian line. The bearded Siberians stand up to receive their enemy with the bayonet, and the conflict resolves itself into a series of hand-to-hand encounters all along the line. The rifle fire has practically died away, and hand grenades and bayonets are at work. The trench line is a struggling mass of figures, and the once bright bayonets are dyed a deep red.

Hand grenades are thrown into crowded trenches and burst with fiendish results. Quarter is neither asked for nor given, and the sole idea of each soldier is to kill as many of his opponents as possible before being killed himself. Wounded men scream in their agony, but there is no one here to help them. Men are using the butts of their rifles to dash each other's brains out; men seize each other by the throat, and become infuriated animals as they fight with the weapons which nature has given them.

This is the sort of thing that used to occur every day until the hill was finally captured by the Japanese. Sometimes the Russians would be driven out of their trench; shortly afterwards, however, a counter-attack would be delivered, and the Japanese would be driven pell-mell down the hill and back to cover of their own trench.

TO AND FRO I HEY FOUGHT.

day after day and time after time, and on each occasion the ground between the trenches would be freshly piled with dead and dying. To help the wounded was out of the question; and happy was the wounded man whose sufferings were put a stop to by a merciful rifle bullet, and who did not have to die by slow degrees.

No wonder, then, that one's feelings are when one looks at the scene of all this fighting. The ground is still dotted with the low splashes caused by the burst-

ers of the shells, shell craters abound everywhere, and shell splinters are scattered over the hillside as if from a gigantic pepper-caster. Every boulder is splashed with bullets. The trenches themselves, for the most part, have been filled in, but human remains are still plentiful, and the slope is still dotted with remains of accoutrements and fragments of uniform. One could write a long account of the horrors of modern war, but the fighting which took place at 203 Metro Hill stands alone for its awful ferocity. The Japanese, although a young nation compared with ourselves, are excellent examples for us to follow; and if we have an army of the same bravery and morals as theirs we cannot go far wrong.

UNCOMFORTABLE CEREMONY.

Receiving a Royal Honor From an Abyssinian King.

Association with royalty may be gratifying to the spirit, but is often uncomfortable to the body. A description of the ceremony which F. Harrison Smith had to go through when he received a royal honor from King John, predecessor of the late King Menelek, is told in "Through Abyssinia," and sounds most uninviting. The author was an envoy from Queen Victoria.

In a very hot tent were arranged all the insignia about to be bestowed on me. Having taken off my uniform coat, I thrust my legs, already clothed in a pair of field boots and velvet cord riding-breeches, into a pair of capacious pantaloons of French silk, embroidered in gold and lined with red. A silk shirt, also embroidered and lined, was put on and confined at the waist with a silk sash. Then came the shuma, and over this a fur cape of lion's mane. By this time it was difficult to move or breathe.

My discomfort was increased by having a silver-gilt amulet fastened on my right forearm; on the left was hung a rhinoceros-hide shield, covered with dark blue silk ornamented with silver-gilt, while into my almost powerless hands were thrust two inconveniently long spears. A gold ornament, badge of the Order of Solomon, was hung on my neck.

I had to lead, a gaily trapped horse, to the door of the king's hut, and bow to his majesty the King of Zion. This I accomplished to the admiration of the spectators. Transferring my horse to my groom and my shield and spear to my servant, I returned to shake hands with the king.

By this time I was in a profuse perspiration, which was not remarkable, as I had on two nearly complete suits of clothes, besides a lion's skin surcoat. I omitted to mention my sword, which was rigidly strapped to my waist on the right side, and which made sitting down difficult. But I triumphed over all these difficulties.

When the ceremony was over I received many compliments. My interpreter told me that all the spectators declared I was made to wear such costume. They always say that; it produces dollars "ten times."

It was not easy to mount my horse in such fearful and wonderful attire. But I managed it, and I rode off with a light heart and a splitting headache, and when I reached my abode I speedily divested myself of my splendor.

ALL THE WORLD TO MEET.

Races of the Earth Will Hold Remarkable Congress.

One of the most remarkable congresses ever held in London, England, is to take place next year soon after the coronation. It is to be a meeting of East and West, and will be known as the "First Universal Races Congress." It was originated as far back as 1906 by Dr. Felix Adler, professor of Social Ethics of Columbia University, and the responses to the appeal have been so numerous that up to the present more than fifty nations have intimated their intention of being represented.

There are thirty presidents of parliament, a dozen British governors, nearly the same number of prime ministers, 130 professors of international law, more than forty overseas bishops, and 120 members of the permanent Court of Arbitration of the second Hague conference. The general secretary is Mr. G. Spiller of Hampstead, England.

The object of the congress is to discuss, in the light of modern knowledge and the modern conscience, the general relations existing between the peoples of the West and those of the East—between the white and the colored peoples—with a view to encouraging between them a fuller understanding, the most friendly feelings and a heartier co-operation, political questions being subordinated to this comprehensive end.

When you are offered something for nothing, look for the invisible string.

Be up and doing—but be careful what or whom you undertake to do.

A COFFEE KING'S HOME FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

66,000 ACRES IN THE ENTIRE ESTATE.

Once Hoed in the Fields Where Now He Grows 8,000,000 Coffee Trees.

The home of the coffee king back among the rich coffee lands of Brazil, where, according to a writer in the Bookkeeper, "the blood red earth colors everything it touches with a reddish hue."

"His plantation, the Monte Alegre, is 300 miles due west of Rio Janeiro, but one must travel twice that distance on a roundabout journey to reach it. I rode with the coffee king for hours and hours through a continuous succession of coffee trees, with no end in sight."

"When one considers that there are from two hundred and fifty to three hundred trees to each acre he will readily believe that on the thirty-two plantations owned by this one man there are more than 8,000,000 trees."

"His name, Francisco Schmidt, indicates his German origin. A half century ago his parents came to Brazil as poor emigrants and settled in the coffee region of the State of Sao Paulo, Brazil. The youthful Francisco, who was then only 10 years of age, began work by hoeing the coffee trees, which was about the only work he could do. He is now the owner of lands upon which he hoed coffee when a boy."

"A coffee field is a beautiful sight when the trees are in bloom in October, but this beauty is evanescent."

THE PETALS SOON DROP OFF, and then the green berries begin to appear in thick clusters which require months to mature.

"At last their color changes to a cherry red, and they are ready for the pickers. This is the busy season and the coffee plantations are scenes of great activity; thousands of pickers flock to the coffee fields. The 'cherries' when picked are sacked and run through pulping machines, after which they are spread upon great paved yards for drying."

"Here they are turned and turned for days and weeks; no artificial system of drying equals that of the sun, which seems to give the beans the desired flavor. They are now run through cleaning machines, sorted and sacked and are sent by train to the shipping ports."

"The production of the Schmidt fazendas for last year amounted to 250,000 sacks of 133 pounds each, a total of more than 33,000,000 pounds of green coffee. This would furnish a cup of coffee to every man, woman and child in the United States and Canada for one week."

"It requires more than 120 acres of drying yards, either made of brick paving or of beaten earth, to dry this great production of coffee and fourteen mills run by steam or water power to do the work of the other processes. There are 50,000 acres in the entire estate, although all of it is not under coffee cultivation."

"There are twenty-two railroad stations on the lands of these various plantations, besides a number of other sidings."

TWELVE HUNDRED FAMILIES, numbering over 8,000 people, live on the plantations and make their living by cultivating the coffee trees. One family will care for 5,000 trees, but each member of the family assists in the work as soon as capable physically.

"Then there are blacksmiths, wagon makers, harness makers and men of many other trades who spend all of their time on the plantation. Each one has his or her work to do and it is all systematically just as in our own great industrial establishments. All the ox carts, wagons and harness needed are made on the plantation, and even a private tailor is employed to make the clothes of the proprietor and his sons."

"More than eighty miles of telephone wires have been strung to give this service. Ten stores belonging to the estate supply the tenants with necessities for eating, drinking or wear. In many ways this vast establishment reminds one of the feudal estates of old."

TRUE COURAGE.

Man (to dentist)—"I won't pay nothin' extra for gas. Jest pull her out, if it does hurt."

Dentist—"You are plucky, sir. Let me see the tooth."

Man—"Oh, taint me that's got the toothache; it's my son. He'll be here in a minute."

EASY.

"No man ever obtained anything worth having without working hard for it," said Mrs. Bickers to her husband, who was in a discouraged mood.

"Quite true," replied Mr. Bickers, reflectively; "I remember that I obtained you without the slightest difficulty."

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BAKES AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

this year been fixed at \$175,000. There is a net decrease this year of \$1,315 in the rental of the county of Midlothian.

A draft of the 2nd Battalion Royal Scots, 3 officers and 135 men, have left Edinburgh Castle for India.

At a regatta at Tarbert for the fishing fleet the prizes consisted of tons of coal, meal, ham, tobacco and tea.

This year 8,080 pupils have entered the germ colony in the mouth, there classes of Edinburgh, against 7,076 last year.

The Labor Party of Edinburgh are putting forward two candidates for the town council and two for the parish council.

A movement has been set on foot, in the interests of visitors, to improve the shore opposite the Columbia Pier at Tarbert.

Buildings operations at the new postoffice at Tobenmory are completed, and it is one of the finest buildings in the main street.

Intimation has reached Ardri-shaig of the death in hospital at Cape Town of Capt. Dugald Fletcher, of the liner Clan Campbell. Parliamentary voters in Greenock number 7,100, an increase of 965 on the list of previous years. Municipal voters number 7268.

At Greenock, David Cole, a young postman, got six months for opening 25 letters, and secreting 63 letters while postman at Millport.

The contributions to the Edinburgh Royal Infirmary for the past three weeks were, at a meeting of the Board of Managers, reported to amount to \$11,160.

A fountain to perpetuate the memory of Major J. P. Cleghorn, headmaster of Broxburn Public school for 40 years, was unveiled in the school grounds recently.

Mr. Bradley Martin, the well-known American millionaire, laid the foundation stone of the new United Free church in Glenurquhart in the presence of a large gathering.

At a cost of about \$1,750,000 the new buildings of the Glasgow and West of Scotland Technical College, the largest in the kingdom devoted to education, have been completed.

The series of locks on the Caledonian Canal at Banavie known as Neptune's Staircase are now lighted by electric light.

Port Glasgow Town Council have decided to memorialize the Board of Trade to compel the Caledonian Railway Company to provide proper accommodation at the passenger station.

Two Paisley lads, while gathering brambles in Erskine policies, found a silver watch and other articles on the banks of an old quarry. On it being dragged the body of a man was found.

LEOPARD AND BABOONS FIGHT

German Sportsman Witnessed a Thrilling Contest.

A vivid pen picture of a fight between a leopard and a troop of baboons is given in a German paper by P. Ritter, a sportsman and explorer in German West Africa. Leopards have a particular liking for baboon flesh, which is often used as bait to trap them.

"One afternoon," the hunter relates, "I was resting on the shady side of a big rock which formed the bank of a small stream. On the opposite side a troop of baboons came down chattering toward the water, a large male going cautiously in front, glancing and scenting around for danger. I remained immobile."

"A deep grunt assured the herd that all was well and down the steep slope they came, last of all a female with two young, which the mother tenderly helped over the rough pieces. Suddenly a big leopard shot out from behind a boulder and with one blow of his paw grabbed one of the young."

"The mother with a roar of fury threw herself upon the big cat. The others halted and with one accord clambered back to her assistance. The leopard had just settled the female and was about to make off with his prey when he found himself surrounded by the whole horde, which closed in upon him."

"He gave as good as he got and the two big baboons rolled down the slope apparently done for, but numbers told and he was literally torn to pieces. It was a horribly fascinating sight and I never regretted more having no camera with me than I did then."

"Yes," said Mrs. Plunkitt, "I can read my husband like a book." "But," queried Mrs. Knox, "isn't such a small type awfully hard on the eyes?"

IMPOVERISHED BLOOD

A Common and a Dangerous Trouble—You Must Enrich the Blood to Escape Danger

Anaemia is simply a lack of blood. It is one of the most common and at the same time most dangerous diseases with which growing girls suffer. It is common because the blood so often becomes impoverished during development, when girls are too frequently allowed to over-study, overwork and suffer from a lack of exercise. It is dangerous because of the stealthiness of its approach, often being well developed before its presence is recognized, and because of its tendency to grow so steadily worse, if not promptly checked, that it may run into consumption.

The value of the tonic treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should be known to every mother in the land. These Pills make new, rich blood, tone the organs and nerves, bring a glow of health to pale, sallow cheeks, and drive away the weakness, headaches, faintness, heart palpitation and loss of energy so noticeable in young girls who are suffering from anaemia. To all such Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an actual life saver. Miss Mabel McLaughlin, Prince Albert, Sask., says: "In my case I can only say that life had lost its magic, all work was a trial, and even pleasure only a task. When I went up a flight of stairs I was ready to drop from sheer weakness, and I had begun to think life would be a continued burden. But all this is now changed, thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These were recommended to me, and after taking them for about a month I found my health renewed. I could sleep better, my appetite returned and I was so strong and well that housework was no longer a burden to me. My sister seemed to be going the same way last summer and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were at once sent for and two boxes made her as well as ever. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are now the prized medicine in our home, and doctor bills have been fewer since we discovered the virtues of this great medicine."

Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The forest service in answer to an inquiry as to the general age attained by trees states that the ordinary pine tree attains 700 years; the silver fir, 425; the larch, 275; the red beech, 245; the aspen, 210; the birch, 200; the ash, 170; the elder, 145; and the elm, 130. The heart of the oak lives to rot at about the age of 300 years.

After a cold have don't fail to take a teaspoonful of Pink Pills mixed with a glass of hot water and sweeten. It surely prevents colds. Avoid substitutes, there is but one "Pink Pills"—Perry Davis'—50c. and 50c.

Old-fashioned sandpaper was made with selected sand—hence the name. What is known as sandpaper now is all made with crushed glass and is really much better than the old time product. Old bottles, etc., are first crushed and then ground, and the various grades of fineness are secured by sifting. To get the powder on the paper hot glue is applied as it passes through a machine and the powdered glass is sifted on at the same time. Then a wooden roller passes over the sheet and presses down and smooths the sand.

Minard's Liniment Cures Croup in Cows.

Under certain circumstances a woman will admit anything—except her age.

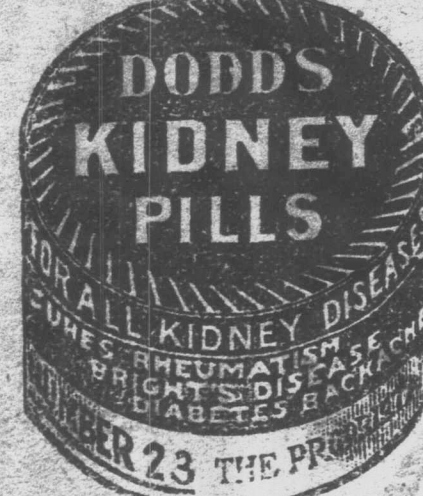
The dose 20c. It. They supplied the Minard found in "The D. & L." Minard Plaster, which relieves instantly headache, neuralgia, rheumatism and catarrh.

PARTIALLY SUCCESSFUL

Once there was an old goat that tried to pass himself off for a sheep. The watchful shepherd at once detected the imposture. He killed the goat.

He sold the flesh for mutton.

Blubb—Why do large women so often marry small men? Crab—They can't intimidate the big ones.



VOLUME NO. 4-10

ALL SORTS OF THINGS.

Interesting Paragraphs About Most Everything.

Lavender and rose perfumes are said to be fatal to microbes.

A single cocoon often yields more than two miles of silk.

The wireless telegraph is used in Spain to detect the approach of thunderstorms.

The United States Government spends annually from \$6,500,000 to \$7,000,000 for fuel.

Bathing the head behind the ears with hot water will often cure an obstinate headache.

Peat will be the only fuel used in one great German electric power generating station.

A web filament two and one-quarter miles long has been taken from the body of a single spider.

A California horticulturist has obtained an edible and nutritious fruit from the climbing rose by cross breeding.

The municipality of Glasgow is trying out wheels in which the rims are separated from the centers by a number of coiled spring to afford resiliency.

To clean ivory—piano keys, knife handles, etc.—rub well with a paste made of equal parts of ammonia and olive oil, allowing it to dry before washing off.

The Prussian State Railways have built a huge tank into which a car may be run and sealed for complete disinfection both inside and out by formalin gas.

To test the speed of projectiles driven by modern explosives, British scientists have perfected a chronoscope which measures time to the millionth of a second.

Insurance statistics show that it requires 300,000 new houses each year to accommodate the increase in population of the United States and 80,000 more to replace fire losses.

While the diamond is the hardest substance known it is also brittle and may be fractured by a blow. But if it is placed between two hard steel faces in a hydraulic press and a slowly accelerating pressure applied the hard steel will become indented.

A French inventor has produced a substitute for cotton made from wood pulp, and samples were exhibited at the recent meeting of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers by Joseph Hope of Rouen, France. Cloth woven from the fibre is said to stand bleaching, dyeing and finishing as well as cotton and to have a more brilliant lustre.

WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mothers having once used Baby's Own Tablets for their little ones would not be without them. These Tablets are a never failing remedy for the little ills such as constipation, colic, worms, colds, etc., that afflict so many little ones. And then, too, they can be given with absolute safety to the youngest child for they are sold under the guarantee of a Government analyst to contain no opiate or other harmful drug. Concerning them Mrs. Chas. Whately, Peterboro, Ont., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my little girl and have found them to be of great value. Others to whom I have recommended the Tablets say they would not be without them." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

AFFORDING EXERCISE.

"I don't wish to say anything disrespectful about that spaniel of yours," observed the doctor, "but for a dog he is the worst busy-body I ever saw."

"If you had as many fleas as that dog has," said the professor, "you'd be a busy-body too."

Kidney's Wrong?

If they are you are in danger. When through weakness or disease the kidneys fail to filter the impurities from the blood, trouble comes at once. Backache, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Gravel, Diabetes, Gall Stones and the deadly Bright's Disease are some of the results of neglected kidneys. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills contain a most effective diuretic which strengthens and stimulates the kidneys so that they do their work thoroughly and well. Try

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

CORRECTED.

Bob was telling about his visit to the country. While there he had acquired some rustic idioms, and his mother was correcting these as he proceeded:—

"Well, we goes up—"

"Went up on the farm—"

"To the farm."

"To the farm, and there we see—"

"We saw."

"Little child. Now, begin again and tell it properly."

"Well, we went up to the farm, and there we saw a goat's little child." (Further narration suppressed.)

ARE KNOWN AS THE FARMER'S FRIEND

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS DOING GREAT WORK IN THE PRAIRIES.

Michael Anderson joins the throng who are shouting their praises — They cured his Gravel and Rheumatism.

Pine Valley, Man., Oct. 31 (Special).—Michael Anderson, a well-known farmer living near here is added to the number of those who have sent the cry echoing over the Prairies, "Dodd's Kidney Pills are the farmer's friend." And truly Mr. Anderson has reason to praise the great Canadian Kidney remedy. Listen to his experience: "A strain and a bad cold started my troubles," says Mr. Anderson, "and for twelve long years I was a victim of Kidney trouble, Rheumatism and Gravel. Doctors attended me and I tried many medicines, but they did not cure me. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me in less than one month."

It is easy to do anything when you know how. Mr. Anderson went right to the root of his trouble. He cured his Kidneys by using Dodd's Kidney Pills and with the root gone the other diseases disappeared. Dodd's Kidney Pills always make healthy kidneys and with healthy kidneys, you can't have Rheumatism or Gravel.

HER NEED. Lady—"No, I don't want no brushes nor no laces." Peddler—"Here you are, madam, 'Grammar for Beginners,' only sixpence."

We believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best: Mathias Foley, Oil City, Ont. Joseph Snow, Keweenaw, N.B. Charles Whooten, Mulgrave, N.B. Rev. E. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N.B. Pierre Landers, senior, Pokenouch, N.B. Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N.B.

AFTER-DINNER SPEECHES.

Novel Club Recently Formed in English Metropolis.

A novel club has recently been formed in London. It is known as the Public Speaking Club of Great Britain and has for its object the extinction of the after-dinner bore and the training of efficient after-dinner speakers. About 250 barristers, clergymen, solicitors, teachers, lecturers and business men, all of whom desire to become brilliant speakers, have joined the club. A curious method of training is to be employed in the case of the nervous speaker, when he mounts the platform to address his fellow-members, all lights will be extinguished and he will begin his speech in the dark. Gradually the lights will be turned on.

In regard to ambitious beginners who are nervous another method will be used. They will memorize a certain passage or speech and then deliver it from the platform together with a dozen other men. The number of men will be reduced until finally the bashful beginner is left alone on the platform to make his short speech by himself. By that time he has acquired a certain confidence and ease. For the man who rises to make a

Shiloh's Cure

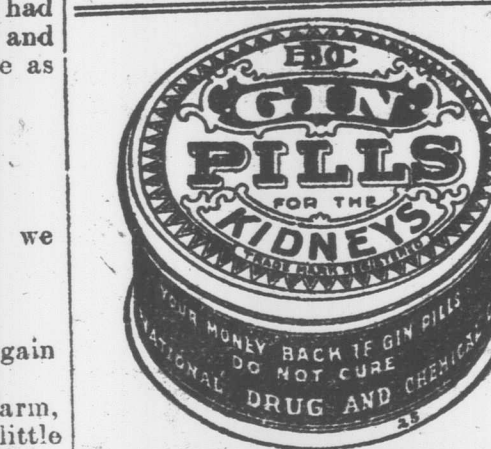
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

speech and really has something to say, but is long-winded and rambling, there is a bell which will ring to show him he is beginning to bore his audience. This may be painful, but it is expected to have salutary results in teaching him just how long the average audience can bear digressions from the subject they wish to hear about.

Hewitt—Does the climate agree with your wife? Jewett—That's more than I'd expect of any climate.

It takes a smart man to make money out of his own failures.

It is better to make an excuse than to blame the innocent.



Send for free sample to Dept. W. L. No. 10, 1000 Bond Street, Toronto.

THE FLATTERER.

They were discussing ages with a commendable degree of frankness.

"Well, now that you have brought the subject up, Miss Dobbson," said little Fribley, "how old are you?"

"Oh, I am as old as I look," smiled Miss Dobbson.

"Really?" said Fribley. "I am astonished. You really don't look it, you know."

Minard's Liniment Cures Disemper.

Jack—I went gunning in the country one day last week. Tom—Bag anything? Jack—Nothing but my trousers.

Red, Weak, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Minard's Eye Remedy. Try Minard's Eye Remedy. You Will Like Minard. It Soothes. 50c. At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Book. Free. Minard's Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

It's easier for some men to paint word pictures than it is for them to tell unvarnished truth.

"A little cold, you know," will become a great danger if it is allowed to run down the throat to the lungs. Nip the peril in the bud with Allen's Lung Balm, a sure remedy containing no opiates.

THE INDULGENT FATHER.

He's just a boy, not nine years old. If I were you I wouldn't scold or punish him for what he's done; He isn't bad, just full of fun. He didn't know that that was wrong. You say you warned him right along?

Well never mind, just let him go. He won't do that again, I know. My boy was saucy! No, sirree, I'll bet he never meant to be. My boy was disobedient, too! I'm positive that that's not true. You say he broke your window pane!

I'll pay for it, but he'll explain. It was an accident, I'll give you. He couldn't help it anyhow. Why don't I whip him as I should! You can't whip boys and make them good.

And anyhow, he doesn't need A whipping. Why my heart would bleed.

To have to thrash him, he's so small.

So young. He's only eight, that's all.

He's mischievous, I know, but then He's just a boy, and we are men. You can't tell me my boy is bad, I don't believe it. I'm his dad, I don't care what he's done to-day. Or what he's broken in his play. Or what he's said or failed to do. I'm for that youngster, through and through!

He's my boy, and I'm going to see How kind a father I can be!

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

JUST STRUCK ONE.

It was an old custom among highwaymen to stop prosperous looking men on the street at night and inquire the time, and then, when the obliging party had pulled out his watch and named the hour, to snatch the watch and run off with it.

One night one of these footpads accosted an athlete.

"What time is it?" inquired the footpad.

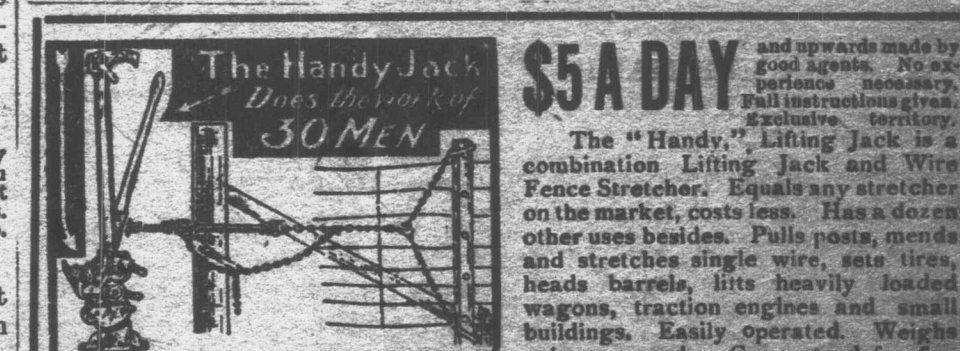
The athlete dealt the crook a hard punch on the jaw.

"Just struck one," said the athlete, as the footpad went down before his stinging blow.

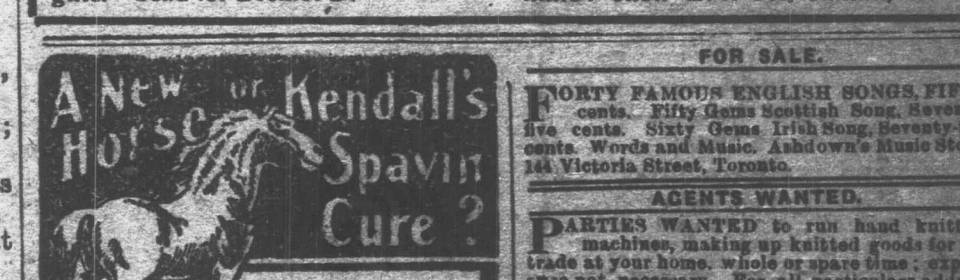
"Gee," said the crook, as myriads of stars were clouding his vision, "I'm glad I didn't meet you an hour ago."



The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a lighting device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at your, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of The Imperial Oil Company, Limited.



Farmers! This is the handiest thing on the farm. It lifts, stretches, pushes, pulls, or presses anything, everything. Investigate. Send for Booklet D.



Warren, Ont. "I had a horse that had a spavin for a long time and I had tried nearly every kind of medicine when a neighbor told me to use Kendall's Spavin Cure, which I did and it acted wonderfully." M. ROSENTHAL. Kendall's Spavin Cure is no untried experiment, but is the world's standard remedy for all swellings, soft branches and lameness in horse and man. Used the world over for 40 years. Every farmer, stockman, expressman, livery proprietor and horse owner generally should keep it always on hand. \$1 a bottle—6 for \$5. Ask your dealer for free copy of our book "A Treatise On The Horse"—or write us. DR. S. J. KENDALL CO. 56 Kenebrough Falls, Vermont.

IODINOL \$1 a box \$5 6 for \$5

The most highly efficient application for the reduction of swellings, Goiter, Thick Neck, Glandular Enlargements. Its Positive.

PILES of all kinds, in any and all stages, quickly relieved and positively cured. Cure your suffering and live quietly. "Common Sense" for Piles will do it. \$1 a box, \$5 for 6 boxes. Mailed on receipt of price.

LYLE MEDICINE COMPANY, TORONTO

Muller (to friend whose wife has run away)—My poor friend, I sympathize with you. Huber—Why, have you heard that she has come back again!

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

A thousand dollars given to charity will not counterbalance a 10-cent theft.

Turning down signals does not delay trains. One delay "meddles" may check coughing, but the cold stays. Do not trifle; when you begin to cough take Allen's Lung Balm, free from opium, full of healing power.

Some men are always looking for a chance to earn money and some are satisfied if they merely get it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

A MODERN MIRACLE SHOWS HOW ZAM-BUK CURES ARE PERMANENT

Mr. T. M. Marsh of 101 Delorimier Ave., Montreal, has had this wonderful experience of Zam-Buk. Mr. Marsh has lived in Montreal for over 30 years, many of them at his present address. He is well known and is willing to satisfy any enquirer as to the genuineness of his cure. He suffered 25 years from eczema in the hands and had to wear gloves day and night, the itching was so terrible when the air got to the sores. Doctors said there was no cure. Three years ago Zam-Buk cured him. Interviewed a few weeks ago he said:— "From the day I was cured by Zam-Buk to the present moment I have had no trace of the eczema and feel sure it will never return. When I think of the marvellous cure Zam-Buk worked in my case I am more and more impressed by the value of this great household balm. I have had letters of enquiry from all over Canada, and am glad to personally corroborate the published facts of my cure."

FREE BOX. Send this coupon and 10 stamps to Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for sample box. Mention this paper. 1121

IS IT IN YOUR HOME?

THE OBSERVER

Prof. H. Stevens, Editor and Managing Director.

Advertising Rates made known on application.

Published by The Observer, Limited
Hartland, New Brunswick

VOL. 2 | NOVEMBER, 25, No. 25

Terms of Subscription: The OBSERVER is \$1.00 per year, payable in advance. The paper will be sent to subscribers until it is ordered stopped, but each subscriber will be notified when the time in which he has paid is nearly up.

WILL YOU HELP MAKE THE OBSERVER.

The editor of the Observer is aware that every week items that should appear in the paper are omitted. As has been frequently stated no one person can know all the affairs of the village without neglecting what ever of other business they have. Each subscriber who has a telephone will confer a favor not only to the editor but to all other subscribers if he will ring up the office and tell us of the various items he may know and which might interest the people. Has a friend visited you, or has some member of the family visited elsewhere? If so, won't you tell us: "Accidents will happen in the best regulated families." If the one that occurred in yours is any way important, phone us. Tell us of sickness or death, marriages and births, improvement in buildings of your own or your neighbour's, sales of real estates, new neighbours coming or old ones going, tell us the news by phone or by mail. You'll help make the paper and you'll encourage the editor. Everyone in the Observer office has to work like sin—often far into the night. Each one of us is trying to make each issue better than the last, but the mechanical work of producing the paper is a far greater task than the majority of readers realize: it is a task beginning at one o'clock on every Friday, and fortunate, indeed, do we consider ourselves if the work is completed by the next Friday noon. All matters intended to be printed in this paper must reach the office early—correspondence from surrounding districts should arrive on Tuesday, while items of importance, briefly stated, may be sent in as late as Thursday noon. We must ask contributors to refrain from sending in articles clipped from other papers, or original "poems" or essays. We ask to be informed of the local news, only. True, we print from pages of literary and miscellaneous matter, but in the selection of this no outside contributors may have a part.

PROTECTION? NIT!

Time was when the Fort Fairfield Review was a Republican newspaper, and even its editor, who is a Democrat, has stated that there were no Democrats to speak of in Aroostook. But "that was all in the story—four years ago." Time brings its changes—not a new saying—and now everybody must acknowledge there really are Democrats in the garden of New England. Since the late political avalanche Editor Harvey has felt it safe to publicly confess his faith without annoyance to his readers. The latest issue of his paper contains this list of satire:

"Judson C. Manzer, the potato-buyers of Andover and St. John, was in town on business Tuesday. Asked the price of potatoes in Andover Mr. Manzer said they were \$1.20 a barrel. They are 90 cents in Fort Fairfield. It is indeed a great blessing to all Aroostook that potatoes are so highly "protected." If they were not "protected" in this way, of course the New Brunswick farmers would pass right by the \$1.20 at their own doors to bring the potatoes to Aroostook to sell for 90 cents. But "protection" has its advantages surely. If you go into any clothing store in the United States and buy a suit of woollen clothes worth \$75.00 you may pay about \$30. for it, and other goods, all of which we have to buy, in proportion. Truly "protection" is making the Aroostook farmer rich."

Our Neighbours

River Bank

We had reinforcements in our School last Sunday. C. B. Manzer, Woodstock, Miss Flora Rideout, Peel, and Mr. and Mrs. Johnson Thompson of Florenceville were present and gave us valuable assistance.

Samuel Rideout started for the woods Tuesday morning with his crew. George Elliott went with him from this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert McDonald spent Sunday at Clear View the guests of Mrs. Ella Spear.

Stephen Orser, Sr. called on Mrs. Matilda Tompkins last week. She celebrated her 83 birthday last Thursday.

Mrs. Henry Bell is recovering from an attack of quinsy.

Nearly everyone is complaining of having a cold.

Mrs. James Long was calling on Mrs. Joel Bartley and Miss Keziah Boyer of Upper Peel lately, also on Mrs. C. J. Smalley.

Thomas Waugh spent Sunday at home.

Mrs. Edward Waugh and son Stanley spent Sunday at their old home there.

Mrs. Ben Tompkins was calling at the "Hub" Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hunter were calling on friends at East Florenceville Saturday evening.

Moody Brooker starts his winter's operations on his father's place this morning. He expects to get quite a bit of lumber. William Swin will work for him.

Andover

Senator Baird is at Ottawa attending the session of the House.

Fred Kertson of Grand Falls is in town attending the session of the House.

C. G. Beckwith and D. W. Pickett went to Grand Falls on Thursday.

Fred Kertson of Grand Falls is in town attending court.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Beveridge were very pleasantly surprised by a number of their friends on Monday evening in honor of their sixteenth anniversary.

An address was read to them, to which they responded and then they were presented with a handsome cut glass bowl. The evening was spent pleasantly with whist and conversation.

Woodford Irvine who is home from the west, went to Woodstock on Tuesday to visit his sister, Mrs. Boyer.

Mrs. Ben Reed of St. Almo is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Bruce Ervin.

Charleston

Mr. and Mrs. James Barret of Florenceville were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Barret on Sunday. Bessie Miller who is staying with them spent Sunday at Gideon Grant's.

Geneva, the little daughter of Gordon Prosser has been very sick, but is some better. She has had the whooping-cough and got a heavy cold.

Colie Crouse of Woodstock has been visiting friends in this place for the past week. He was successful in securing a fine deer.

Miss Jennie Turner of Wilmet was visiting at Gideon Grant's from Friday night to Sunday.

Miss Vida Gardiner was visiting at Waterville last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Nelson were visiting friends in Waterville on Saturday.

Wilmet and Miss Mary E. Lipsett were visiting their sister Mrs. John DeWitt at Avondale one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Gardiner were visiting at Waterville on Sunday.

Lower Windsor.

Mrs. Albright has moved her household effects to Victoria. Mr. and Mrs. Mellin Foster moved into the house which she vacated where they intend to spend the winter. We are glad to know that Mr. Foster's health is improving.

On Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Craig went to Woodstock to visit their daughter Mary who is in the hospital recovering from an operation for appendicitis.

John Belyea has returned from Miramichi where he was working in the woods.

Edward Foster is visiting his daughter Mrs. George Bartlett of Temperance Vale.

Mrs. Annie A. Kimball of Armand spent the week with her daughter Mrs. Ellwood Foster.

Mr. and Mrs. John Craig visited Hartland recently.

Armond

Rev. A. Dalbeck held service here in our church on Sunday preaching good gospel sermons to attentive congregations.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry London with their daughters Edna and Florence and Willie Kimball attended the concert given by the Canadian Jubilee Singers at Hartland.

Raymond Dickinson of Pembroke spent the week working on the farm of Asa Dickinson.

Guy Kimball came home from the woods on Sunday, returning on Tuesday with his team.

Mrs. Archie Robinson enjoyed a visit from her brothers on Sunday.

James Sewell succeeded in capturing a very fine moose.

Norman Wallace spent Sunday with his family.

Rev. William Whitehouse will preach in the Methodist church, Hartland, Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Subject: The Nemesis of Guilt. All are welcome.

Crippen, the London mule or was hanged on Wednesday.

J. A. McIsaac, I. H. C. man, was here yesterday.

C. Gen. Gatecombe of Fredericton was at the Commercial yesterday.

W. E. Thornton has moved into W. H. Sharpe's house. Mr. Sharp has gone to Carleton to spend the winter.

Byron Grant of Ashland has broken up housekeeping for the winter and he has gone to McAdam to work in the woods. George Boone of the same place is there also.

An extraordinary run of Christmas advertising is crowding our news space, making resort to smaller type necessary.

A handsome train of private cars containing high officials of the C.P.S. passed over this road this week.

Produce Prices.

Potatoes.....	\$1.20
Hay, loose.....	6.00
Oats.....	.30
Eggs.....	.30
Butter.....	.22
Pork.....	.07 1/2
Beans.....	2.75
Chickens.....	.10
B. W. Meal.....	1.75
Ducks and Geese.....	.12

"I do not believe there is any other medicine so good for whooping cough as Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," writes Mrs. Francis Turpin, Junction City, Ore. "This remedy is also unsurpassed for colds and croup. For sale by all dealers."

Cows For Sale

Two good milch cows are offered for sale by

ALLEN WATERS
Coldstream, N. B.

A New Real Estate List.

17. A farm of 185 acres, 65 acres cleared, 12 acres cut ready to clear, on C. P. R. and St. John River with in 1/2 mile of Station. Office and School and Church. Almost new two story house on stone wall with cellar. Two barns with plenty of out-buildings. Excellent running water supply. A pleasant home on easy terms.

19. A farm of 120 acres all cleared and under good state of cultivation. Good never-failing water supply. New, well-painted house. A new barn 36x40 with shed; a barn 28x40 with shed and barn 26x30. Newwoodshed carriage house and hog-pen. A small orchard, school on the farm, church and post office at the door, station 3 1/2 miles away. Will be sold on easy terms.

20. A farm of 300 acres on St. Joan River, half-mile from station; 150 acres cleared, balance with plenty of lumber. A newly finished house and new basement; barn with two other barns and stable; spring water at the door. School and Church within 1/2 mile. Must be sold for cash.

21. A farm of 200 acres, 120 acres cleared, eight miles from Hartland. 80 acres of mixed hard-wood and timber. A new house 20x28, ell 14x20, two story finished and painted throughout. Woodshed connected, 20 x30. Two barns, 30x40 each, connected by shed 20x40. Granary, hog-house, etc. Easy terms for quick sale.

22. A snug little farm of 86 acres, 65 cleared, two miles from Hartland, with good 1 1/2 story house with all and wood-shed attached. Two barns with two good wells. Good orchard of about 100 trees. A level farm almost free of stone and a pleasant home. To clear will be sold at a bar gain.

23. A good farm of 165 acres, 140 cleared and under good cultivation.

MANY a man has won' avour through his good appearance, for while clothing does

not make the man, good clothes make a good good impression.

We think that

Campbells Clothing

combines honest wearing value and attractive appearance to a degree that stands for all round clothing satisfaction to the man who wears it.

CAMPBELL'S CLOTHING



JOHN McLAUCHLAN Co., Ltd.

Agents for The Campbell High Class Clothing

HARTLAND AND WOODSTOCK

SPECIAL VALUES Now Obtainable

Any Astoria—Gold Bond Dealer will point out the features of superiority in these over all other shoes.

Made over "foam-moulded" lasts, they fit from the first and need no "breaking in." Genuine oak tanned soles—all other materials of equally high quality. Peculiar construction of sole—including layers of cork, rubber felt and best leathers—comfort.

Style that cannot be duplicated except by the best class of high-priced custom makers. (a) choose no more graceful or becoming model than the Astoria shown here.

Others of value we handle are HARTT, STANDARD, ROYAL PURPLE, TRU-FIT and all the well known makes.



Nixon sells the best



Shoepacks and Gum Rubbers

cheaper than anywhere else in the country

We are closing out
Men's Heavy Underwear

Men's Caps, etc.

These must go and we name a price less than cost. We specially invite Men and Boy's to get prices on these goods before going elsewhere

XMAS COMING!

In a few weeks, watch for our window display. We have the finest line of FANCY CHINA ever sold in Hartland. Great assortment of XMAS Candies and Nuts.

Nixon's Special Tea
Sold on Merit

H. R. NIXON



Local News and Personal Items

Miss Annie Davis is visiting friends in St. John.

Miss Sallie Tinker has been visiting at the home of Frank Hagerman. Leroy Lee and Miss Rhoda Lee of Centerville were in Hartland on Friday.

Guy McCollum, ex., has been up at Murdoch McCollum's camp for some time.

Miss Lou Smith and Mrs. J. S. Creighton of Woodstock were guests of Mrs. Percy Graham last week.

F. W. Jones and Miss Hayden of Woodstock were guests at D. E. Morgan's on Sunday.

Rev. C. T. Phillips, D. D., will preach in the United Baptist church on Sunday evening.

Mrs. Stephen McMullin has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. G. E. Boyer, at Fort Fairfield.

Miss Annie Gillis of Lakeville arrived in town on Tuesday to attend Mrs. H. N. Goodhue who is quite ill.

Fort Fairfield Review.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Waters and Miss Carpenter of Coldstream were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alpheus Gray on Sunday.

Preaching services Nov. 27 in the following churches: Biggar, Ridge 10-30 a. m.; Knowlesville, 2-30 p. m.; Windsor 7 o'clock p. m.

Mrs. M. E. Thornton and little daughter Glenda returned to Perth on Tuesday, after visiting her mother, Mrs. Albert Orser, who is in poor health.

Albion Hallett of Nortondale, York county accompanied by his wife and mother, have been visiting at the home of Cook Bishop of Middle Simonds.

J. D. Frier of Sussex was in town on Tuesday. Mr. Frier is Eastern Canada representative of the Waterloo Boy gasoline engine, one of the best makes. Read his advertisement on last page.

The Chief Commissioner of Public Works has awarded the contract for rebuilding the McBride bridge, Parish of Wakefield, Carleton county, to Frank L. Boone, of St. Marys for \$2,100.

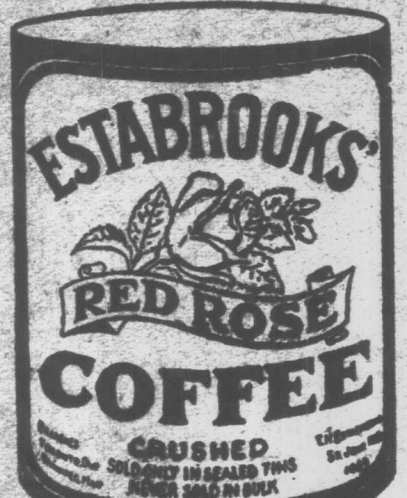
From Austin Belyea of Brandon, Man., we acknowledge the receipt of late papers depicting the handsome building used as an insane asylum and which was recently destroyed by fire.

D. H. Nixon was down from the Redoubt for a few days and reports three inches of snow there and conditions there favorable to lumbering. He states that the cut on that river and its tributaries will be a third less than last year.

The Ladies Aid of the United Baptist church of Hartland will hold a sale in the vestry on Tuesday evening Dec. 6. There will be all kinds of fancy goods suitable for Christmas gifts. Home made candies, lunch. Entertainment to commence at 7.30. Admission to vestry 5 cents.

Mrs. Emma DeWare & Son are a new firm succeeding Plummer & DeWare, general merchants, at Waterville. They have a neat and clean stock of general goods and specialize in groceries, patent medicines, etc. They deserve every encouragement, and their field, which once supported two stores should surely stand by the enterprise and give it the patronage it deserves. Gerald DeWare, the active manager, has had a good business experience and he is likely to work up a good trade.

Estabrooks' Coffee is full of snap and fine flavor. It gives genuine satisfaction to the last drop, and brings back the cup for more. It is as uniformly good as Red Rose Tea. It does not contain an atom of chicory, nor any other adulterant. You will certainly enjoy it.



Sold only in 1 and 1/2 lb. tins. Try it for breakfast tomorrow.

C. H. Taylor spent Thursday and Friday in Moulton.

Edmund Reid of Cobalt, Ont., was the guest of J. H. Reid recently.

O. A. Miller's family will spend the winter near Presque Isle where he is at work.

The Misses Christian of Middle Simonds have gone to California to spend the winter.

Mrs. D. H. Keewick is visiting her daughter, Mrs. T. T. Hammond at Cabano, and will remain there until spring.

Why pay \$1.00 for your local paper when you can get the newest one—THE OBSERVER—for 50 cents a year?

While in Hartland on Saturday George Prosser of Mainstream lost his pocket book, which contained a considerable sum of money.

A breakdown of machinery threatened no OBSERVER this week, but a day of vexation for the staff was the worst of the trouble.

Last week sneak thieves entered the henhouse owned by George Crandlemire at Somerville and took away no less than 26 fowl.

Miss Mildred Riordan of Woodstock was doing special work at the OBSERVER office last Friday. These are busy days at this office, November proving to be our banner month.

Sayre's mill closed down for the season on Saturday after a good summer's work. Full crews are in the woods preparatory to getting out about the same quantity of logs for next season.

It may be that by the latter part of next season the National Transcontinental Commission will make some arrangement to have the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company operate trains on the Moncton-Quebec section.

Hartland friends of Miss Mildred Armstrong of Fort Fairfield, who last week was married to Arthur Stevens of Fort Fairfield, wish her long life and happiness. The wedding was solemnized in Trinity church, Andover. Misses Sadie Currie and Mattie MacCollum were among the guests.

The best values in 5 cent, 10 cent and 25 cent writing tablets may now be secured at the OBSERVER office. The Kildare tablet, usually selling at 15 and 30 cents; envelopes to match at 9 cents a package. The best writing paper available in Canada is Dimity note at 15 cents the quire. Department stores, ask the same price. Envelopes to match.

An immense crowd greeted the Canadian Jubilee Singers last Tuesday night, so that chairs for the aisles were brought in and there was barely standing room for one more. Miss Lebell, soprano, is deserving of special mention, the reading by another member of the company and the work of the basso was excellent.

G. H. Lawson called on the OBSERVER the other day. He had been down in Queens county and was successful in securing an additional crew of 25 men for his lumbering operations on the Miramichi. He and his father, J. W. Lawson, have the two nearest and most comfortable camps on Miramichi waters and are cutting for John MacIntosh of Glaceville.

C. Raymond Rideout intends soon to open a roller rink in the Forester's hall, Hartland, and in Sherwood's opera house at Centerville. Here the rink will be open on Tuesday, Friday and Saturday evenings from 7.30 to 10 and on Saturday afternoon from 2 to 4. At Centerville it will be open Wednesday and Tuesday afternoons and evenings.

Miss Bradley, of Centerville, Carleton county, on Wednesday last bade farewell to the Tobique band of Indians whose teacher she has been for five years. She is to become a member of the Sisters of Charity in St. John. Addresses were read by the school children and by chief James Ellis, and Miss Bradley was made recipient of a Bible handsomely bound in French seal. The women and children gave her a purse of money. Many other gifts were received. —St. John Times.

It is reported that a colony of beaver has taken possession of a portion of the millpond at Waterville and that the cunning rodents are busily engaged in constructing a dam. Fortunately for the beaver and for the present younger generation who may see them the creatures are protected by law, as until 1912 none may be destroyed under a penalty of \$50. The close season should be further extended as beaver, once very common, are well-nigh extinct in this section of country. They do little harm and, in a way, are a most wonderful animal.

When you bring produce to Arthur S. Estabrooks remember that you get the top price for same. AND WHAT IS OF MORE IMPORTANCE you get all goods at cash prices, and his discounts for cash are the largest in the country.

Wanted—a girl residing in the village to learn typesetting. Apply at OBSERVER office at once.

"I am pleased to recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as the best thing I know of and safest remedy for coughs, colds and bronchial trouble," writes Mrs. L. B. Arnold of Denver, Colo. "We have used it repeatedly and it has never failed to give relief." For sale by all dealers.

Count Tolstoi, the great Russian reformer and novelist, died on Sunday. He was the one Russian who stood on neutral ground in his own country—the one prominent man who was neither marked by anarchists or censured by royalty. He was beloved by the peasantry, and lived their life, and he was honored by all the nobility although he was excommunicated from the Greek church for heresy.

Mrs. Jane Hallett of Perth, N. B., who has been visiting her daughter Mrs. Chester Howard of Somerville, Mass., nearly three weeks, came to Fort Fairfield Monday evening and visited her daughter Mrs. Naomi Armstrong until Tuesday afternoon when she returned to her home at Perth. She was accompanied from Somerville by her son-in-law Mr. Howard, who will remain in Perth some time on account of poor health. —Fort Fairfield Review. Mrs. Hallett is the widow of William Hallett, late of Upper Brighton, and all the parties herein mentioned are well known in this vicinity.

Farm For Sale

On the St. John river, half mile from school. Grist mill a large saw mill and hard wood factory and railroad siding all within a mile. One hundred and fifty acres—85 acres in good cultivation, the rest heavily wooded with hard wood, hemlock, spruce and cedar. New Barn, 70x40 new house, 2 1/2 story, well finished. Good water at door. House warmed by McClary furnace. Part of purchase money left on mortgage.

M. W. SHAW

Middle Simonds Car. Co. N. B.



BANKING BY MAIL

To enable those living at a distance to conduct a bank account this Bank gives particular attention to Deposits sent by mail.

BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK

East Florenceville, N. B.



M. W. CALDWELL GENERAL MERCHANT

Special Values in Clothing and Foot wear. Dry Goods, Groceries and Hardware

Conducting a strictly pay-down business I am able to sell at close prices.

BRISTOL.

F. N. GRANT PHOTOGRAPHER

Keith & Plummer's Block, Up-stairs Photo Tickets

The cash tickets issued by different dealers and redeemable by me are void after December 1st. Please make your sittings early as possible.

BOHAN BROS.

BATH Buyers of

Produce of all Kinds at Highest Cash Prices

International Harvester Co's Farm Machinery BEST IN THE WORLD

Christmas Foreword

Have you begun to think about Xmas? It is time as it is well to avoid the last-minute rush and confusion. Our Goods are arriving and our stock will excel in quantity and splendour all former efforts. We will have show-rooms in both stores and can already show something of interest, especially in the new :

Pierced Brass Work

This is the latest fad, work easy to accomplish and the result is charming bric-a-brac.

More anon

Estey & Curtis Co., Ltd.

(The old stand in the brick block and the new store in the old Nixon stand)

We Represent The Following Companies

Fire

Western Assurance Co., of Toronto, Phoenix Assurance Co., of England, Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Co., of Mass, St. Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Co., of St. Paul, Minn, Northern Assurance Co., of London, British America Assurance Co., of Toronto, Guarant Assurance Co., of England, German American Assurance Co., of New York.

Life

North American Life Assurance Co., of Toronto, also Accident and Health Insurance.

Bibbler & Augherston INSURANCE

QUEEN ST. WOODSTOCK, N. B.

SWEATERS

If you want an assortment of Men's and Women's Sweaters to look at, come in and see ours and then hear our prices.

We can give you Stanfield's Underwear in Men's Boys' and Girls'

We Have all Seasonable Goods

such as

Rubbers, Shoe Pax and Moccasins, Heavy Pants, etc.

and in

DRY GOODS

We have a nice assortment of Wrapperette, and new Dress Goods, Shakers, etc.

Call on

ARTHUR S. ESTABROOKS

ROCKLAND.

We have no premiums to give away for procuring enlarged pictures, etc., but we do what we consider far better for the customers—give them Good Value.

TWEEDIE & CO.

CENTREVILLE, N. B.

20 percent discount on balance of Shirt Waists, black, white and coloured. Also same discount on Men's Outside White, Fancy and Working Shirts. Black Sateen Shirts are extra value. Balance Straw Hats at cost.

Fresh Clean Groceries as usual

Everyone feels at home in this store

F. D. TWEEDIE.

Manager

Still on hand

A good line of Picture Mountings and Photo Albums, also a complete assortment of stationery, books and agents for the Home-Union and Photo Co.

HEPBY J. SEELEY

Miles Sherwood

Dealer in

Fresh Meats of all kinds Buyer and Shipper of Hides FLORENCEVILLE, N. B.

W. P. Jones, K. C.

Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor, etc. WOODSTOCK N. B.

C. P. R.

Homeseekers' Excursions

May 4 and 18	Second Class Round Trip Tickets Issued From
June 1, 15, 29	HARTLAND, N. B.
July 13 and 27	Winnipeg \$64.00
Aug 10 and 24	Brandon \$60.00
Sept 7 and 21	Regina \$60.00
	Saskatoon \$64.70
	Calgary \$64.00
	Edmonton \$71.00

Return Limit Two Months From date of issue	EQUALLY LOW RATES TO OTHER PORTS
--	----------------------------------

W. B. Howard, D. F. A., C. P. R. St. John, N. B.

FOR ANY

Eye Trouble CONSULT

H. M. Martell

the only reliable travelling optician in Carleton County. Free tested free. Glasses ground to suit. General office at

Day's Hotel, East Florenceville, N. B. Will be at the Exchange Hotel Hartland, every Monday.

P. R. SEMPLE

East Florenceville, N. B.

Dealer in

Hardware, Plumbing, Tinware, Furnaces and Stoves

The

New Empress Range

manufactured by the National Mfg. Co., of Ottawa and Brockville, is the best on the market today. Come and see it. Ask us to prove the assertion.

Real Estate for Sale.

1. FOR SALE—7 room house with stable, in good condition; 3 acres land; water in yard; 20 rods from C. P. R. station. Good payment down, balance on easy terms.

2. FOR SALE—8 room house with stable; good sized lot 20 rods from C. P. R. Station. At a bargain if taken at once.

3. Real Mining pays better than anything else; chance to get in on the ground floor. Rich ore mine all paid for; money needed for machinery. For full particulars of any of the above address.

Charles E. McLaughlin

Real Estate - Bath, N. B.

Gourlay Pianos, Dominion and Karn Organs, New Williams Sewing Machines,

The Best Qualities available in Carleton County. Easy terms, and old instruments allowed in part payment. Write or telephone and I'll call on you.

J. RICE WATSON

MOUNT PLEASANT, N. B.

D. Fitzgerald & Son

Double and Single

HARNESS

Shoe Packs and Moccasins. Cash paid for Hides, etc. General Fire Insurance.

MADE IN CANADA

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

MOST PERFECT MADE

Used in Canadian homes to produce delicious home-made bread, and a supply is always included in Sportsmen's and Campers' Outfits. Decline all imitations. They never give satisfaction and cost just as much.

E. W. GILLET CO. LTD.
Winnipeg Toronto, Ont. Montreal
Awarded highest honors at all Expositions.



There is no Question About
"MELAGAMA"
TEA AND COFFEE

They never fail to give entire Satisfaction
YOU JUST TRY THEM

HOME

VEGETABLES.

Tomatoes au Gratin.—This is an appetizing recipe, and offered at breakfast takes the place of meat. Select small, firm, ripe, and even sized tomatoes, remove the stems, cut off the top of each, and scoop out the centers. Fry two or three shallots in a little hot butter, add half a cupful of chopped cooked tongue or ham, a few chopped mushrooms, and moisten with brown sauce. Add a high seasoning of salt and pepper and two table-spoonfuls of more of bread crumbs. Divide mixture into eight or ten tomatoes, sprinkle over the top of each a few bread crumbs and grate cheese. Bake in a hot oven for ten or fifteen minutes until nicely done. Serve at once.

Danish Stuffed Cabbage.—One pound of beef, one-half pound of pork chop, Season with pepper and salt. Add one egg, one-half cup of milk, two table-spoonfuls of flour, beat all together good. One good sized cabbage, cut off bottom enough for corner, dig out some of the heart of cabbage, leaving a thick shell all around. In this put the meat and tie corner on with a string. Tie stuffed cabbage in a cloth and let boil in plenty of salted water for two hours. Make gravy of a table-spoonful of butter melted, mixed with flour and water from cabbage. Any bit of stuffing and cabbage left may be inserted in the cloth when ready to boil and put around the head when served.

Stuffed Eggplant.—Select a large eggplant, wash off with a damp cloth, and cut it in half lengthwise. Scoop out the inside of each half, leaving a hollow shell about one-half inch thick; chop the pulp and add to it half as much crumbs as you have pulp, a chopped tomato, a table-spoonful of melted butter and pepper and salt to taste. Moisten with a little tomato juice, and put the mixture back in the halves, mounding the filling on top. Sprinkle the filling with buttered crumbs and lay the two halves side by side in a baking pan or covered roaster. Pour a little strained tomato juice about the vegetable and bake until tender, then uncover and brown. Transfer to a hot platter, pour a thickened and seasoned tomato sauce about the eggplant and send to the table.

PUDDINGS.

Grape Juice Pudding.—Three table-spoonfuls tapioca, two table-spoonfuls hot water, juice of one lemon, one table-spoonful grape juice, sugar enough to sweeten to taste. Boil all together, stirring constantly to prevent scorching, until the mixture begins to "jelly." Pour in a dish, cool, then place it on the ice. When ready to serve, line bottom of glass with marshmallows, fill with the pudding, garnish with whipped cream, and a cherry on top.

Bitter Almond Pudding.—Put one pint of milk over the fire; beat the yolks of two eggs with a quarter cup of grated maple sugar or brown sugar; mix two level table-spoonfuls of corn starch in a little cold water of milk; add this with the sugar and egg to the scalding milk; stir until thickened; flavor with half a teaspoon of bitter almond extract; pour into a pudding dish and cover with a meringue made with the whites of eggs and powdered sugar.

Caramel Mousse.—Cook half a cupful of boiling water, drawing it to side of fire and stir until the caramel is melted. Then set away to

chill thoroughly. Fold this mixture into a pint of double cream beaten to a dry solid froth. Or beat the chilled whip from one and use the half pints of single cream. Beat the whole together until solid, then pack and freeze in the usual manner.

IN CANNING TIME.

To Keep Pumpkins.—Many lovers of pumpkin pies object to the flat taste of the canned article. Pumpkins gathered before frost is heavy, the stem coated with sealing wax, and stored in a dry place can be kept from one season to another and the flavor is not impaired in the least. The secret lies in gathering them before the frost and in excluding the air by coating the stem.

Tomato Jam.—Stew one-half peck tomatoes, skin, and when cooked thoroughly add a pint of the juice to a pint of sugar. Slice six lemons thin and if liked, add a few sticks of cinnamon. Boil until a spoonful on a saucer will jelly. Pour in glasses; cover with paper soaked in brandy. This is economical.

Sultana Chutney.—Take the seeds of two green bell peppers and one cupful of Sultana raisins, put in a chopping bowl with four small onions and six green tomatoes of common size; chop all fine, add four cupfuls of vinegar, one quarter of a cupful of mustard seed the same of suet, and two cupfuls of brown sugar. Simmer one hour and then add twelve sour apples pared and cored. Cook slowly until soft. Seal in jars.

CHICKEN.

Pressed Chicken.—Single, clean, and disjoint a good sized fowl. Wash thoroughly, cover with cold water, and simmer gently until the flesh is ready to drop the bones. When half done, season highly with salt, pepper, celery salt, and one small onion, stuck with two or three cloves. When the chicken is skin perfectly tender, remove all the skin and bone and shred the meat in good sized pieces. Boil two or three eggs hard, cool and cut in thin slices. Remove all fat down to chicken gravy, then boil the meat about a cupful. Moisten the gravy with this, then pack in layers in a well buttered mold arranging slices of egg over each layer. Cover with a plate and set a weight on it. Stand in a cool place until the next day. Lettuce sandwiches are especially good served with the pressed chicken.

Chicken in Peas.—Cut the chicken into joints, as for a fricassee or currie. Put into a saucepan with a quart of shelled peas, one spoonful of butter, one small sliced onion, sprig of parsley. Moisten with drippings, dusting with flour. Stew, cover, until done. Add a little salt and sugar just before serving.

To serve with meat—

With roast veal, tomato sauce, cranberry sauce, horseradish and lemons are good.
With roast mutton, currant jelly, caper sauce.
With broiled mutton, onion sauce and caper sauce.
With broiled fowls, bread sauce, onion sauce, lemon sauce, cranberry sauce, jellies, also cream sauce.
With roast lamb, mint sauce.
With roast turkey, cranberry sauce and currant jelly.
With venison or wild ducks, cranberry sauce, currant jelly.
With roast goose, apple sauce, cranberry sauce, grape or currant jelly.

ABOUT THE HOUSE.

A loaf of stale bread can be wrapped in a wet towel, placed in a

steamer and steamed tender. Very old bread should be crumbled and added to breakfast cakes and served with maple syrup. A few drops of glycerine in cold water or a spoonful of brown sugar taken dry, will stop hiccup. Apply melted mutton suet to any wound, bruise or cut, and the injury will speedily heal and disappear.

Milk for the nursery should always be boiled. It quickly absorbs germs, which are only destroyed by boiling.

Handkerchiefs are usually ironed to death. Iron one on the wrong side and put away. Fold for handkerchief boxes when you are resting.

An old bread crust, known as the "heel," is useful for cleaning a vegetable grater. Stale bread will clean kid gloves and silk dresses. Cold biscuits left from breakfast can be toasted. Or a good method is to hastily dip them into water, place in a bread pan and heat in the oven.

Potatoes should always be first boiled a little before being put in to stew, etc., as the first water in which they are cooked is of a poisonous quality.

Messaline ribbons and those of taffeta can be washed in gasoline and cornmeal mixed, if but slightly soiled. Velvet can be cleaned in the same way.

To prevent the odor rising from boiling greens and cabbage, place on the top of the water a thick slice of well-toasted bread. This will absorb any unpleasant odors.

Ribbons can be stretched tight on a board or the edge of a stationary washstand and scrubbed with a clean nail brush and thick white suet. Keep stretched till dry.

One rarely hears of a woman getting nervous prostration who has the blessed faculty of sitting down in the midst of confusion to finish a good book, or at snatching a day for pure pleasure though duties press.

In order to prevent jam going sugary, boil the fruit for an hour before putting in the sugar. Let the fruit boil rather fast, and stir occasionally to keep it from burning. Do not skim the jam while it is boiling.

An economical cake sieve can be made of a square of ordinary wire netting. Turn the edges down all round so that it will stand up from the table. This costs but a few cents, and is invaluable for straining hot cakes and pastry on to a plate.

To test drinking water put one teaspoonful of granulated sugar in a pint of the water you want to test. Cork tightly. If pure, the water will remain clear, if not, it will cloud densely, and ought to be analyzed.

When a cake of soap is worn nearly thin enough to break, stick it to the new cake by putting both in quite warm water, then press firmly together. When cold it will be one solid cake. This does away with small pieces of soap, and there is no waste.

The worst soiled or dingy towels will become sweet and white with this treatment. Cover with cold water, put them at the back of the stove, add a little shaved castle soap and the juice of a lemon. Let the water come to a boil gradually. If much soiled, repeat the process. Rinse in tepid water and then in cold water.

When a room is to be closed for several months' work powdered borax into the edges of the carpets and under the spots where heavy furniture rests.

For chapped hands, nothing beats a mixture of lemon juice and cream; and chilblains will vanish if scrapings of horseradish are bound over them.

OCEAN TRANSPORT.

One of the marvels of the age is the extreme cheapness of ocean carriage. The modern tramp steamer could carry her cargo 1,000 miles for 18 cents per ton and make a profit of 10 per cent. The only drawback is that the shipowners never got to do without the 10 per cent. A modern tramp steamer could leave England and go around the world by the two capes and even then carry cargo at \$14 per ton. These are marvelous figures, and they show to what extent the world is indebted to the carrying trade.

DEATH ONLY EMIGRATION

SO SAYS SIR OLIVER LODGE IN A LECTURE.

No Thoughtful Person Can Look On It as Annihilation, He Declares.

"There is no real ending to anything in the universe, nor was there any beginning," said Sir Oliver Lodge in the course of a recent address in London on the subject of incarnation. He declares: "The death of a body does not convey any assurance of the soul's death. Every physical notion is against such a superficial notion in nature. We never see things beginning or coming to an end. Change is what we see, not origin or termination."

"Death is a change indeed—a sort of emigration, a wrenching of the old familiar scenes, a solemn, portentous fact. But it is not annihilation."

"No thoughtful person can believe that he is destined to drop head foremost into vacant nothingness and cease to be. Existence is itself a great adventure—a series of them. Some lead placid lives, seek to avoid adventure, but none can altogether escape, none can escape the great adventure—death."

"There are three adventures in life, birth, death and marriage, and comparatively few escape all three."

ABOUT PRE-EXISTENCE.

Sir Oliver's message was that there is some great truth in the idea of pre-existence—not an obvious truth and one easily formulated, but a truth difficult of expression, and not to be identified with reincarnation. Persons living now might not have been individuals before, but they were chips or fragments of a great master mind, of spirit and light. He did not mean to say only that they were parts of the Deity. He meant something more detailed than that. The idea of angels was treated as fanciful and imaginative. It might not be altogether fanciful, he claims.

"We are still barely emerging from the ruthlessness of savage competition. The earth was still full of darkness and cruel habitations, but it was our fault and not the fault of nature."

"There was room for everybody in a properly formed universe. Civilized people should be above mere animal distress. Humanity is good enough if it obtained a chance. Real badness was exceptional. There was hope in the air, and the time would come when they would realize that Christ was walking not on the waters of Genesareth but on the Thames."

SUNFLOWER GROWING.

Cultivated in Russia to a Large Extent.

The sunflower is grown in Russia to a considerable extent, the amount of seed crushed amounting usually to over half a million tons. At first the centre of its cultivation was in the Provinces of Tchernigov, Kiev, Poltava and Kharkov, but now the principal cultivation of the plant has moved farther south-east into the Kuban territory and the Province of Stavropol. Much of the seed is eaten by the populace similar to the way Americans use peanuts, being eaten either raw or roasted. The bulk of the seed, however, is pressed for its oil, which finds a ready sale here as a welcome Lenten fare. Since the introduction of improved methods of refining a very palatable and clear and pleasant yellow oil has been produced. The low tint has been produced. The oil is sold here at \$10 to \$10.75 per 100 pounds. As a rule, it is shipped in ordinary wooden casks, although lately tin canisters have been made as an experiment, and, strange to say, to such parts of the Mediterranean as are famous for their production of olive oil. Possibly the people there find it profitable to export their more valuable oil and to import for their own use surrogate oils. Other than the above-mentioned shipments, very little sunflower seed oil is exported from this district, home demand being either equal or more than equal to the supply. At present there cannot be much of this oil in storage, inasmuch as last season's harvest of seed was almost a failure. Only about 288,000 tons were crushed in all Russia.

Sunflower seed cultivation is much aided here by the fact that it has been found that the stalk of the plant makes fairly good fuel and contains potash, when reduced to ash, of a very good quality, some of which is exported from the port of Novorossisk.

"What's a dilemma?" asked one small boy. "Well," replied the other, "it's something like this: If your father says he'll punish you if you don't let your mother cut your hair, that's a dilemma. A man may come out on top by getting in on the ground floor."

GERMANY'S WEIRD SHIPS

CREWS ARE QUITE UNNECESSARY N. A.

Vessel Directed, Bells Rang and Guns Fired by Apparatus on Shore.

Great Britain, eager to catch up every story as to Germany's naval programme, again has its eyes turned across the North Sea. For the latest report has it that two Germans—Herr Christopher Wirth, an electrical engineer, and Herr Christopher Beck, a manufacturer—have invented a "crewless" warship whose engines can be started or stopped by electrical waves controlled without wires to a receiving apparatus aboard the mysterious vessel by a sending apparatus from shore similar to that utilized in wireless telegraphy. Further, so the report has it, by means of these electrical waves, guns on the crewless vessel can be controlled and fired, while signals can be transmitted either by bells or flashlight, and all these wonders are possible within a radius of eighteen miles from the wireless station, which transmits the controlling force.

STORY OF AN EYE-WITNESS.

An eye-witness who has observed exhaustive experiments conducted with a motor boat model on the Dutzendteich, a large expanse of water near Nuremberg, has affirmed the stories of this wonderful method of control.

"I have seen the interesting trial trips of a large unmanned motor boat," said this observer in a statement which has been published in London, "which was controlled and steered from the bank of the lake by means of wireless telegraphy. I also saw guns being fired on board the unmanned vessel, and a bell being rung on the deck, and also flashlight signals being given in the same way with the help of electrical waves. When I first arrived the motor boat Prinz Ludwig was lying motionless in the wig was lying motionless in the middle of the lake. No one was on board. Suddenly a gun was fired on the deck, and I saw the vessel begin to move and drive the boat forward."

STEERED BY STRANGE POWER.

"Then I saw the boat follow the zig-zag course, steered by some unseen power. There were ordinary rowing boats on the lake, and when the unmanned vessel approached them they gave the signal by means of a bell to indicate whether she intended to go to port or starboard, and the indicated course was carried out with absolute accuracy. I watched the manoeuvres of the unmanned boat for a whole hour during the day, and again in the evening, when the signals were not given by means of bells, but by flashlights. At the end of these tests the unmanned vessel was brought to her anchorage by the same unseen forces. These forces were emitted from a sending station on shore to a receiving apparatus on the boat, and started and stopped the engine and controlled the helm of the vessel. The will of the man who controls the electrical waves on shore thus exercises absolute command over the unmanned vessel."

The Example of Paganini.

A story is told of how Paganini once came into the concert room, took the violin and touched the strings. First one string broke, and then another string broke, and there was a more audible expression of mockery. When a third string broke, many people laughed outright at his discomfiture. But Paganini stood forth with his violin as though nothing had happened and played on the one string, and the people ceased to laugh, and the piece ended. Some smile, but listened spellbound. Some of those who had derided and laughed at him when he had failed to play, now wept, and some even prayed. Many a man has fallen helpless by the wayside when some great catastrophe turned the current of his life aside. The brave man pushes forward, with one remaining talent and plucks victory from defeat.

A Precocious Diplomatist.

Boy—Oh, mamma, I upset the salt cellar over my clean clothes.
Mamma—That was careless. Go and brush the salt off, and see you don't soil the clothes.
Boy—Mamma, when any one spills salt they have to quarrel, don't they?
"So they say."
"Well, then, if they don't spill the salt they don't have a quarrel. Isn't that so?"
"Yes, that is so. But why do you ask?"
"Well, because, mamma, it wasn't the salt I spilled; it was the ink."

A Scotch Cynic.

A young Scotchman was once halting between two loves, one possessed of beauty and the other of a cow. In despair of arriving at a decision he applied for advice to a canny compeer, who delivered himself thus: "Tarry the lass that has the cow, for there's no the deference of a cow's value in any two weenies in Christendom."—Pearson's Weekly.

Scientists say that kissing must go. Well, it goes with most girls.

HATES MODERN WEDDINGS.

Prof. William Robert Smith Criticizes Present Day Customs.

British and United States publications, not merely the society sheets and women's magazines, but some of the great daily newspapers have been devoting columns of space to the discussion of a pronouncement of Prof. William Robert Smith, M.D., F.R.S., against the giving and taking of wedding presents on the ground that the practice is immoral as tending to extravagance, to sycophancy, to waste and to imposition. Some publications, which have resented this structure upon a practice which has developed rapidly of recent years, have attacked the critic as "an impossible crank probably more at home among the dusty tomes of an antiquated library than he would be in modern society." As a matter of fact, the learned "Professor" is, besides being one of the most up-to-date medical practitioners in London, considerable of a lion in the highest professional social set in the world's metropolis, having a splendid city home in fashionable Bloomsbury square, as well as a country place at Plumstead, in Kent. He is member of four of the most fashionable and smart clubs—the Carlton, the Royal Societies, the Savoy and the Pilgrims. He comes by his title of "Professor" as the occupant of the chair of Forensic Medicine at King's College, London, and was educated at Aberdeen and Edinburgh Universities, taking the degrees of M.D. at the former and D.Sc. at the latter. Besides being a physician he is a barrister, having studied for that profession at the Temple, and having taken the degree of Doctor of Laws at Cambridge. He was also granted an honorary degree by the University of Geneva. Dr. Smith is anything but a mere bookworm, his activities having been varied and numerous. He was one of the Departmental Committee of the War Office that drew up the scheme of volunteer medical organization, which proved so useful during the South African War, and still holds the rank of colonel in the Royal Army Medical Corps. He was the founder of the British Institute of Public Health and is now principal of the Royal Institute of Hygiene. He has for many years been regarded as the foremost champion in Britain of the cause of public health, maintaining that sickness and the death rate can be tremendously reduced by the introduction and rigid enforcement of well-devised laws for the provision of perfect water and drainage systems, the construction and equipment of homes, factories, schools, institutions, etc., on hygienic principles, the inspection of foods, the segregation of the sick, the disposal of the bodies of the dead, etc., etc. To his exertions it is mainly due that statutory provision was made requiring that medical health officers in Great Britain must possess special qualifications in the department of public health and hygiene, and all the medical schools to afford doctors this particular training. As a manager of the Metropolitan Asylum Board he has taken a prominent part in dealing with the question of infectious diseases, and the establishment of a system which is regarded as a model one throughout the world. With a view of having the hygienic position placed in a thoroughly hygienic position, the Metropolitan School Board some years ago appointed him first medical adviser to their body, and under his direction the work was carried through with great thoroughness. During his active career Dr. Smith has found time to write several medical books, all regarded as standards. Family Herald and Weekly Star.

The Plowman.

To turn a single acre of ground with a twelve-inch plow requires eight and one-fourth miles of heavy furrow travel. In plowing one square mile of land the solitary plowman and his horse must walk 5,280 miles. It would be easier (if there were no ocean) than to walk around the earth at the equator (if there were no ocean) than to follow a plow turning a prairie of five square miles. To equal our nation's tale of plowing—the work of myriads of teams, each using force sufficient to move seven tons over a good stone road—it would take an army of 4,500 plowmen to travel as far as from the plowman to the moon and back again. For the world's yearly plowing of this kind it would take about 80,000 men on the same half-million mile journey.—World's Work.

Helping Out His Opponent.

Mr. Gladstone was once making one of his great speeches in the House when Lord Beaconsfield (then Mr. Disraeli) was leader of the opposition. Gladstone had worked himself up into a great state and referred to "the right honorable gentleman" and his "satellites." On this there were cries of "Order, order!" "Question!" etc., which so disconcerted the right honorable gentleman that he lost the thread of his discourse. He threw back his head and in vain tried to remember where he had left off, when Mr. Disraeli leaned across the table and said quietly, "The last word was 'satellites!'"

He Meant the Bird.

A man once received as a present from a sea captain a fine specimen of the bird known as the laughing jackass. As he was carrying it home he met a bráwny Irish navvy, who stopped him. "Phwat kind of bird is that, sorr?" asked the man. "That's a laughing jackass," explained the owner genially. The Irishman, thinking he was being made fun of, was equal to the occasion and responded, with a twinkle of the eye: "It's not yerself; it's the bird I mane, sorr!"—London Spare Moments.

His Terrible Accident.

Admiring Young Listener.—And how did you lose your leg?
Old Saily.—Well, young man, one night in the dogwatch, while I was carryin' the baby jib, I stepped on a starboard tack and blood plain as sood.

MADE IN CANADA

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

MOST PERFECT MADE

Used in Canadian homes to produce delicious home-made bread, and a supply is always included in Sportsmen's and Campers' Outfits. Decline all imitations. They never give satisfaction and cost just as much.

E. W. GILLET CO. LTD.
Winnipeg Toronto, Ont. Montreal
Awarded highest honors at all Expositions.



There is no Question About
"MELAGAMA"
 TEA AND COFFEE
 They never fail to give entire Satisfaction
YOU JUST TRY THEM

HOME

VEGETABLES.
 Tomatoes au Gratin.—This is an appetizing recipe and offered at breakfast takes the place of meat. Select small, firm, ripe, and even sized tomatoes, remove the stems, cut off the top of each, and scoop out the centers. Fry two or three shallots in a little hot butter, add half a cupful of chopped cooked tongue or ham, a few chopped mushrooms, and moisten with brown sauce. Add a high seasoning of salt and pepper and two table-spoonfuls of more of bread crumbs. Divide mixture into eight or ten tomatoes, sprinkle over the top of each a few bread crumbs and grate cheese. Bake in a hot oven for ten or fifteen minutes until nicely done. Serve at once.

Danish Stuffed Cabbage.—One pound of beef, one-half pound of pork chopped. Season with pepper and salt. Add one egg, one-half cup of milk, two table-spoonfuls of flour, beat all together good. One good sized cabbage, cut off bottom enough for corner, dig out some of the heart of cabbage, leaving a thick shell all around. In this put the meat and the corner on with a string. Tie stuffed cabbage in a cloth and let boil in plenty of salted water for two hours. Make gravy of a table-spoonful of butter melted, mixed with flour, and water from cabbage. Any bit of stuffing and cabbage left may be inserted in the cloth when ready to boil and put around the head when served.

Stuffed Eggplant.—Select a large eggplant, wipe off with a damp cloth, and cut it in half lengthwise. Scoop out the inside of each half, leaving a hollow shell about one-half inch thick; chop the pulp and add to it half as much crumbs as you have pulp, a chopped tomato, a table-spoonful of melted butter and pepper and salt to taste. Moisten with a little tomato juice and put the mixture back in the halves, mounding the filling on top. Sprinkle the filling with buttered crumbs and lay the two halves side by side in a baking pan or covered roaster. Pour a little strained tomato juice about the vegetable and bake until tender, then uncover and brown. Transfer to a hot platter, pour a thickened and seasoned tomato sauce about the eggplant and send to the table.

PUDDINGS.
 Grape Juice Pudding.—Three table-spoonfuls tapioca, two teacupfuls hot water, juice of one lemon, one teacupful grape juice, sugar enough to sweeten to taste. Boil together, stirring constantly to prevent scorching, until the mixture begins to "jelly." Pour in a dish, cool, then place it on the ice. When ready to serve, line bottom of glass with marshmallows, fill with the pudding, garnish with whipped cream, and a cherry on top.

Bitter Almond Pudding.—Put one pint of milk over the fire; beat the yolks of two eggs with a quarter cup of grated maple sugar or brown sugar; mix two level table-spoonfuls of corn starch in a little cold water or milk; add this with the sugar and egg to the scalding milk; stir until thickened; flavor with half a teacup of bitter almond extract; pour into a pudding dish and cover with a meringue made with the whites of eggs and powdered sugar.

Caramel Mousse.—Cook half a pound of boiling water, drawing it to side of fire and stir until the caramel is melted. Then set away to

steamer and steamed tender. Very old bread should be crumbled and added to breakfast cakes and served with maple syrup. A few drops of glycerine in cold water or a spoonful of brown sugar taken dry, will stop hicoughs. Apply melted mutton suet to any wound, bruise or cut, and the injury will speedily heal and disappear. Milk for the nursery should always be boiled. It quickly absorbs germs, which are only destroyed by boiling. Handkerchiefs are usually ironed to death. Iron one on the wrong side and put away. Fold for handkerchief boxes when you are resting.

An old bread crust, known as the "heel," is useful for cleaning a vegetable grater. Stale bread will clean kid gloves and silk dresses. Cold biscuits left from breakfast can be toasted. Or a good method is to hastily dip them into water, place in a bread pan and heat in the oven.

Potatoes should always be first boiled a little before being put in to stew, etc., as the first water in which they are cooked is of a poisonous quality.

Messaline ribbons and those of taffeta can be washed in gasoline and cornmeal mixed, if but slightly soiled. Velvet can be cleaned in the same way.

To prevent the odor rising from boiling greens and cabbage, place on the top of the water a thick slice of well-toasted bread. This will absorb any unpleasant odors. Ribbon belting can be stretched tight on a board or the edge of a stationary washstand and scrubbed with a clean nail brush and thick white suet. Keep stretched till dry.

One rarely hears of a woman getting nervous prostration who has the blessed faculty of sitting down in the midst of confusion to finish a good book, or at snatching a day for pure pleasure through duties.

In order to prevent jam going sugary, boil the fruit for an hour before putting in the sugar. Let the fruit boil rather fast, and stir it occasionally to keep it from burning. Do not skim the jam while it is boiling.

An economical cake sieve can be made of a square of ordinary wire netting. Turn the edges down around the sieve. This costs but a few cents, and is invaluable for standing hot cakes and pastry on.

To test drinking water put one teacupful of granulated sugar in a pint of the water you want to test. Cork tightly, place on the kitchen mantel-shelf. If pure, the water will remain clear. If not, it will cloud densely, and ought to be analyzed.

When a cake of soap is worn nearly thin enough to break, stick it to the new cake by putting both in quite warm water, then press firmly together. When cold it will be one solid cake. This does away with small pieces of soap, and there is no waste.

The worst soiled or dingy towels will become sweet and white with this treatment. Cover with cold water, put them at the back of the stove, add a little shaved cattle soap and the juice of a lemon. Let the water come to a boil gradually. If much soiled, repeat the process. Rinse in tepid water and then in cold water.

When a room is to be closed for several months' work powdered borax into the edges of the carpets and under the spots where heavy furniture rests.

For chapped hands, nothing beats a mixture of leek juice and cream; and chilblains will vanish if scrapings of horseradish are bound over them.

OCEAN TRANSPORT.
 One of the marvels of the age is the extreme cheapness of ocean carriage. The modern tramp steamer could carry her cargo 1,000 miles for 18 cents per ton and make a profit of 10 per cent. The only drawback is that the shipowners never get the 18 cents, and they are therefore to do without the 10 per cent. A modern tramp steamer could leave England and go around the world by the two capes and even then carry cargo at \$14 per ton. These are marvelous figures, and they show to what extent the world is indebted to the carrying trade.

DEATH ONLY EMIGRATION

SO SAYS SIR OLIVER LODGE IN A LECTURE.

No Thoughtful Person Can Look On It as Annihilation, He Declares.

"There is no real ending to anything in the universe, nor was there any beginning," said Sir Oliver Lodge in the course of a recent address in London on the subject of incarnation. He declares: "The death of a body does not convey any assurance of the soul's death. Every physical analogy is against such a superficial notion in nature. We never see things beginning or coming to an end. Change is what we see, not origin or termination. "Death is a change indeed—a sort of emigration, a wrenching away of the old familiar scenes, a solemn, portentous fact. But it is not annihilation. "No thoughtful person can believe that he is destined to drop head foremost into vacant nothing and cease to be. Existence is itself a great adventure—a series of self. Some lead placid lives, seek to avoid adventure, but none can altogether escape, none can escape the great adventure—death. "There are three adventures in life, birth, death and marriage, and comparatively few escape all three."

GERMANY'S WEIRD SHIPS

CREWS ARE QUITE UNNECESSARY N. V.

Vessel Directed, Bells Rang and Guns Fired by Apparatus on Shore.

Great Britain, eager to catch up every story as to Germany's naval programme, again has its eyes turned across the North Sea. For the latest report has it that two Germans—Herr Christopher Wirth, an electrical engineer, and Herr Christopher Beck, a manufacturer—have invented a "crewless" warship whose engines can be started or stopped and whose helm can be controlled by electrical waves communicated without wires to a receiving apparatus aboard the mysterious vessel by a sending apparatus from shore similar to that utilized in wireless telegraphy. Further, so the report has it, by means of these electrical waves, guns on the crewless vessel can be controlled and fired, while signals can be transmitted either by bells or flashlight, and all these wonders are possible within a radius of eighteen miles from the wireless station which transmits the controlling force.

STORY OF AN EYE-WITNESS.

An eye-witness who has observed exhaustive experiments conducted with a motor boat model on the Dutzendteich, a large expanse of water near Nuremberg, has affirmed the stories of this wonderful method of control. "I have seen the interesting trial trips of a large unmanned motor boat," said this observer in a statement which has been published in London, "which was controlled by the means of wireless telegraphy by means of wireless telegraphy. I also saw guns being fired on board the unmanned vessel, and a bell being rung on the deck, and also flashlight signals being given in the same way with the help of electrical waves. When I first arrived the motor boat Prinz Ludwig was lying motionless in the middle of the lake. No one was on board. Suddenly a gun was fired on the deck, and I saw the screw begin to revolve and drive the boat forward."

STEREOTYPED BY STRANGE POWER

"Then I saw the boat follow the zig-zag course, steered by some unseen power. There were other uncrewed boats on the lake, and when the unmanned vessel approached them they gave the signal by means of a bell to indicate whether they intended to go to port or starboard, and the indicated course was carried out with absolute accuracy. I watched the manoeuvres of the unmanned boat for a whole hour during the day, and again in the evening, when the signals were not given by means of bells, but by flashlights. At the end of these tests the unmanned vessel was brought to her anchorage by the same unseen forces. These forces were emitted from a sending station on shore to a receiving apparatus on the boat, started and stopped the engine and controlled the helm of the vessel. The will of the man who controls the electrical waves on shore thus exercises absolute command over the unmanned vessel."

THE EXAMPLE OF PAGANINI.

A story is told of how Paganini once came into the concert room, took the violin and touched the strings. First one string broke, and a smile went around the hall, and there was another string broken, and there was more audible expression of mockery. When a third string broke many people laughed outright at his countenance. But Paganini stood forth with his violin as though nothing had happened and played on the one string, and the people ceased to smile, but listened spellbound. Some of those who had derided him began to weep, and some even prayed. The man had fallen a great catastrophe, and the current of his life aside, turned the man pushes forward, with one remaining talent and plucks victory from defeat.

A Precocious Diplomatist.

Boy—Oh, mamma, I upset the salt cellar over my clean clothes. Mamma—That was careless. Go and brush the salt off, and see you don't soil the clothes. "But, mamma, when any one spills salt they have to quarrel, don't they?" "So they say." "Well, then, if they don't spill the salt they don't have a quarrel. Isn't that so?" "Yes, that is so. But why do you ask?" "Well, because, mamma, it wasn't the salt I spilt; it was the ink."

A Scotch Cynic.

A young Scotchman was once halting between two loves, one possessed of beauty and the other of a cow. In despair of arriving at a decision he applied for advice to a canny com-patriot, who delivered himself thus: "Marry the lass that has the cow, for there's no the deference o' a cow's value in any twa weemen in Christendom."—Pearson's Weekly.

HATES MODERN WEDDINGS.

Prof. William Robert Smith Criticizes Present Day Customs.

British and United States publications, not merely the society sheets and women's magazines, but some of the great daily newspapers have been devoting columns of space to the discussion of a pronouncement of Prof. William Robert Smith, M.D., F.R.S., against the giving and taking of wedding presents on the ground that the practice is immoral as tending to waste, extravagance, to syco-phancy, to waste and to imposition. Since publications, which have resented this structure upon a practice which has developed rapidly of recent years, have attached the critic as "an impossible crank probably more at home among the dusty tomes of an antiquated library than he would be in modern society. As a matter of fact, the learned "Professor" is, besides being one of the most up-to-date medical practitioners in London, considerable of a lion in the highest professional social set in the world's metropolis, having a splendid city home in fashionable Bloomsbury square, as well as a country place at Plumstead, in Kent. He is member of four of the most fashionable and smart clubs—the Carlton, the Royal Society, the Savoy and the Pilgrims. He comes by his title of "Professor" as the occupant of King's chair of Forensic Medicine at King's College, London, and was educated at Aberdeen and Edinburgh Universities. He has the degrees of M.D. at the former and D.Sc. at the latter. Besides being a physician he is a barrister, having studied for that profession at the Temple, and having taken the degree of Doctor of Laws at Cambridge. He was also granted an honorary degree by the University of Geneva. Dr. Smith is anything but a mere bookworm, his activities having been varied and numerous. He was one of the Departmental Committee of the War Office that drew up the scheme of volunteer medical organization, which proved so useful during the South African War, and still holds the rank of colonel in the Royal Army Medical Corps. He was the founder of the British Institute of Public Health and is now principal of the Royal Institute of Hygiene. He has for many years been regarded as the foremost champion in Britain of the cause of public health, maintaining that sickness and the death rate can be tremendously reduced by the introduction and rigid enforcement of well-devised laws for the provision of pure water and drainage systems, of the construction and equipment of homes, factories, schools, institutions, etc., on hygienic principles, the inspection of foods, the segregation of the sick, the disposal of the bodies of the dead, etc., etc. To his exertions it is mainly due that statutory provision was made requiring that medical health officers in Great Britain must possess special qualifications in the department of public health and hygiene, special qualifications being established in all these schools to afford doctors this particular training. As a manager of the Metropolitan Asylums Board he has taken a prominent part in dealing with the question of infectious diseases and the establishment of a result has been the establishment of a system which is regarded as a model one throughout the world. With a view of having the London schools placed in a thoroughly hygienic position, the Metropolitan School Board, some years ago, appointed him first medical adviser to their body, and under his direction the work was carried through with great thoroughness. Dr. Smith has written several medical books, all regarded as standard. Family Herald and Weekly Star.

The Plowman.

To turn a single acre of ground with a twelve-inch plow requires eight and one-half miles of heavy furrow travel. In plowing one square mile of land the solitary plowman and his horse must walk 5,280 miles. It would be easier (and the distance is less) to walk around the earth (there were no oceans) than to follow a plow turning a prairie of five square miles. To equal our national tale of plowing the work of myriads of teams, each using force sufficient to move seven tons over a good stone road—it would take an army of 4,500 plowmen to travel as far as from the plowman to the moon and back again. For the world's yearly labor of this kind it would send about 80,000 men on that same half-million mile journey.—World's Work.

Helping Out His Opponent.

Mr. Gladstone was once making one of his great speeches in the House when Lord Beaconsfield (then Mr. Disraeli) was leader of the opposition. Gladstone had worked himself up into a great state and referred to "the right honorable gentleman and his satellites." On this "Question!" cries of "Order, order!" the right honorable gentleman (that he lost the thread of his discourse. He threw back his head and in vain tried to remember where he had left off when Mr. Disraeli leaned across the table and said quietly: "The last word was 'satellites'."

He Meant the Bird.

A man once received as a present from a sea captain a fine specimen of the bird known as the laughing jackass. As he was carrying it home he met a brawny Irish navvy, who stopped him. "Fwatt kind of bird is that, sorr?" asked the man. "That's a laughing jackass," explained the Irishman, thinking he was being made fun of, was equal to the occasion and responded with a twinkling of the eye: "It's no yerself; it's the bird I mane, sorr!"—London Spare Moments.

His Terrible Accident.

Admiral Young Listener.—And how did you lose your leg? Old Salt.—Well, young man, one night, in the dogwatch, while I was carryin' the baby jib, I stepped on a starboard tack and blood plain an' good.

Scientists say that kissing must go. Well, it goes with most girls.

THE TIGER BROKE LOOSE

CREW OF THE MINNEWASKA
IN TERROR.

Animal Escapes From Cage in
Hold of the Vessel, Only to
be Recaptured.

Captain P. F. Gates and the officers of the Minnewaska, which arrived in New York recently from London, have a thrilling yarn to tell of a real tiger hunt which took place in the ship on her last eastward passage to London.

The Minnewaska carried part of a menagerie on her lower deck forward. This included a very fine Bengal tiger. Members of the crew, who went at times to look at the animals, noticed that the tiger was in a bad temper. He walked back and forth in his cage lashing his tail and snarling whenever the sailors came near him. Frequently the tiger hurled himself against the bars with a violence that made some of the crew who had berths on the same deck very uneasy.

Bill Adams, an able seaman, asked one of the keepers what he should do if the tiger got loose at night and he met it on deck.

"Kick him in the ribs," said the keeper, "and say 'Chellow,' which means 'get out' in Hindustanee."

The keeper explained that tigers were very sensitive and a kick in the ribs, combined with an order to get out of the way in Hindustanee, which they understood, so humiliated them that there was very little danger from them. It was important, however, the keeper insisted, to kick the tiger on sight and not to delay with the idea of picking out some particular spot.

LOOSE TIGER CAUSES PANIC.

All went well until the Saturday after the liner sailed, when shortly after 5 o'clock in the morning it was discovered that the tiger had escaped from its cage.

The crew who were washing down decks, formed themselves into a hollow square on the hurricane deck forward, under the direction of the boat sun, and held their brooms and squeegees at "attention," ready to repel an assault, while the men with holystones, fastened in iron hoops at the end of long sticks, stood in the van beside the boat sun, who held the nozzle of the big salt water hose ready for the tiger to make his appearance.

It was suggested that Bill Adams, A. B., should search out the animal and kick him in the ribs, but Bill refused on the ground that his sea boots were below in the fore-cabin. Besides he had forgotten the magic word which would humiliate the jungle king.

The excitement became intense when roars were heard from the lower deck. The ship's cook shut himself up in his galley, and passengers, waiting for their turn to bathe, clamored to get in the bathroom, but those inside did not believe the story, and refused to clip their allotted 10 minutes.

SACRED COW ONLY VICTIM.

In the meantime the animal keepers had not been idle. As soon as it became known that the tiger had escaped, the entire menagerie staff was summoned, and, armed with guns, revolvers and iron bars, attempted to recapture the beast before he did any damage.

After searching the dimly lighted lower deck for some minutes, the keepers detected the tiger by the glare of his eyes in a stall on the back of a sacred Indian cow. A great gash was in the cow's neck, and the tiger was lapping the blood from the wound.

Blank cartridges were fired in the tiger's face and it was driven back into its cage, but before the keepers could fasten the doors the tiger dashed out again, hurling the men in all directions. Straight back to the stall went the tiger, and made another onslaught upon the cow, which lay bleeding on the deck.

After much manoeuvring by the keepers, who fired many blank cartridges, the tiger again was driven back to its cage and the door made fast. The cow died soon afterward.

HIS VARIABLE LUCK.

"Don't talk to me about manufacturing. If you make any money at that sort of thing it's all luck."

"How do you know?"

"I've tried it. You know I once won the pot in a lottery."

"Yes."

"Well, I lost the entire lot in a pottery."

The day before she was to be married the old negro servant came to her mistress and entrusted her savings in her keeping. "Why should I keep it? I thought you were going to be married," said her mistress. "So I is, missus, but do you 'spose I'd keep all dis money in the house wid that strange nigger?"

The high roller doesn't always roll in wealth.

MISERABLE WITH DYSPEPSIA

Another Wonderful Cure By That
Wonderful Fruit Medicine
"Fruit-a-tives."

Mr. Mathias Dery, of 235 Church street, Ottawa, Ont., was treated for years by physicians for Painful Dyspepsia. He spent so much money for doctor's medicines without getting much relief that he had about made up his mind that his case was hopeless.

Seeing "Fruit-a-tives" advertised, however, Mr. Dery thought he would invest 50c in a box of these wonderful fruit juice tablets.

And this famous fruit medicine did for Mr. Dery what all the doctors could not do—it cured him.

He writes:—"Fruit-a-tives" positively cured me of severe Dyspepsia, when physicians failed to relieve me."

"Fruit-a-tives" makes the stomach sweet and clean, insures sound digestion and regulates bowels, kidneys and skin."

50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial box, 25c—at all dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

Young Folks

A BEDTIME BEAR STORY.

"Tell us about a weeny, teeny, squealing little bear!" begged Frankie, as he was taking off his shoes and preparing for bed.

"Yes, tell us about one that was all furry and dear, so we won't be afraid when the light is out," said Ted, who was honest enough to own that stories of wild animals kept him awake.

"Well," said mother, "I will tell you one about such a loving little bear that you will like to go to sleep thinking about him."

"That's the kind!" shouted the boys.

"Well," began mother, "there was once a dear little bear that had lost his father and mother. I am afraid that some hunter had shot them, and the little bear was made an orphan just to please their love of sport. Anyway, he lived all alone, and I think he was often afraid of the wind and the rain and all the lonesome sounds heard at night out in the great wood."

"When he grew hungry he followed a little brook that he followed through the wood, and he walked along by the edge of the water. He was so young that he did not know how to find his food."

"As he walked along he suddenly came out to the side of a hill, and there he saw a strange-looking sight. It was a little box of a house, and in it were some children looking out of the window. Their father and mother were away, and the children were so afraid that they ran and hid and kept very still."

But the dear little bear came straight along and even looked in at the window of the little house. There were some scraps of bread and some molasses cakes on a plate near the door, where the children had been playing 'keep house.' The little bear sniffed as if he were pleased, and then he had a little party of his own right there, and ate up all the refreshments. After awhile he went back to the brook to drink some water.

"The mother and father of the children heard about this when they came home, and the next day they left some pieces of food scattered along from the brook to the house, so as to lead the bear back again. Then they watched, and this time the miner sat on the doorstep without moving, and sure enough, the little bear came and ate some food near by. This happened every day for a long time, until at last the baby bear did not fear the people at all, and came nearer and nearer, until he was quite tame."

"The miner's family were very kind to all animals. They were afraid when the snow came the next winter that the little baby bear would not know how to find a home in a tree trunk. And, too, they thought it was not best to have him grow up and come to the house when he was big and strong. So the miner wrote to some people he knew who wanted a bear for an exhibition in the city. The men came way up on the mountainside with a queer team that held a cage, and the miner helped them take the little bear away."

"The men gave fifty dollars for the little fellow, and that was enough money to keep the family through the winter. The children were glad to know that the little friend was to be safe and happy, with enough to eat."

"He was just a little kitty sort of bear, wasn't he?" said Frankie.

"Yes, a baby sort, too," said mother, as she turned out the light.

"I don't mind that kind when the light is out," said Ted, sleepily.

YOUTH'S COMPANION.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs

25 cents.

Fashion Hints

Velvet bags are in demand. Veiled effects continue good style. Walking dresses are three inches from the floor.

It is the season of furs, velvets, and plushes galore.

Tailored costumes, velvet satin, and fur toques are worn.

There is a good deal of embroidery done in soutache.

Many of the new gowns show the hip effect in the bodice.

Coat sleeves are exceedingly small, and tight at the wrist.

One sees a good many Persian blouses made of gauze or chiffon.

Artificial flowers will be worn much with evening gowns this winter.

Never have corset-buys and velveteens been so decidedly the fashion.

Fabrics for combination with furs are velvet, chiffon, silk, satin, and moire.

Chiffon tunics have round bands of lace embroidered in gold at the bottom.

The gown in one piece which fastens up front or back is in excellent style.

Ribbons are playing a prominent part in the trimming of some of the hats.

Many all black costumes are relieved by bright colored satin heels on the shoes.

On all gowns there is a lack of fullness at the hem and the train is eliminated.

Slenderness in effect is the dominant note of all the winter styles in coats and suits.

Among the trinkets for one's chateleine are tiny lip rouge cases in silver and also in gold.

Large bows are a favorite for extremely large hats and are often made of taffeta or satin.

Fabric handbags are seen in fancy silks over metal frames, with chain or silk cord handles.

Handwork, especially on heavy silks, is a characteristic touch of some of the velvet gowns.

The short jacket has the present call and is likely to continue in favor for some time to come.

Brown and tan suede leathers are being largely used in dress accessories with tailor made dresses.

Some of the newest overdresses of chiffon have scalloped edges instead of the simple hem of selvedge.

Mourning chains of gun metal or black enamel are to be had plain or set with either moonstones or pearls.

Cross grain leather bags are stitched by machine to give a striped effect, the stitching being done in a contrasting color.

The accessories and closings for the fur coats are fancy frogs, buttons of bead, coral, loops, tassels, and other ornaments.

Pretty jabots and ruffles in white net, displaying a stamped pattern, are noticeable for their peculiar blending of white, gray, and black tints.

Colored leather bags, about eight inches wide, are most fashionable, a moderate size somewhere between the small and the enormous bags.

Satin scarfs are as popular as when they first appeared a month or so ago, but now it is velvet that is being used, and it is certainly rich and most becoming.

Regarding materials for hats, velvet has first call; then follow moire, satin, corded silk, hat plush, beaver. Persian effects in silk, satin, and cloth of gold, various furs and plushes.

Several varieties in square mesh veils are shown. Some of them are strong in effect, others are of the filet style, with the designs in orthodox figures, such as one sees in filet lace.

While the present moment shows much Persian lace, silk, satin, etc., in some lines of neckwear, the strong feature of many of the winter styles will be black and white combination effects.

Whether alone or in combination with other furs or dressy fabrics, seal, sable, ermine, moleskin, fox, skunk, opossum, and good grades of pony and caracul are first favorites in the fur trade.

FASHIONS IN ENGLAND.

It would be interesting to trace the progress of fashion in England from the days of King Alfred, when commerce having extended the arts and sciences and opened up communication with the rest of the world, men began to grow rich and women to study the art of dress.

For some centuries England set her own fashions; indeed, it would appear that it was not until after the French revolution that Parisians began to set the fashions for English women. Once more the signs of the times seem to point to a growing desire in this country to originate our own modes—a desire which the leading London firms are happily in a position to encourage.

—The Gentlewoman.

"Wrounder, is there anything between you and the pretty Miss Spudlong?"

"Er—yes; you mustn't say anything about it, old chap, but every time I've called at the house lately there's been a savage bulldog."

HEALTH

SOMETHING ABOUT BURNS.

The severity of burns and scalds depends upon the area of body-surface that has been burned, the situation and the depth of tissue that has been destroyed. For example, a burn covering a limited surface of the leg or arm, although of considerable depth, is often less serious than a larger but more superficial burn of the trunk, head or neck; and this is especially true of children, who are more susceptible than grown persons to the shock which accompanies an extensive burn.

Every one is familiar with the simple redness of the skin produced by a slight burn, and with the blister that follows if the burn be a little more severe. In such slight accidents no tissue is actually destroyed, and no scar results. The redness is caused by congestion of the small blood-vessels of the skin, and the blister by still further congestion, producing a leakage of the fluids of the blood into the upper layers of the skin.

For such slight burns a coating of sweet-oil or vaseline covered with clean cotton-wool is the simplest remedy. It supplies protection from exposure to the air, which is a cardinal principle in the treatment of all burns and scalds.

The blisters may be pricked with a needle—which has been passed through a flame several times to kill all possible germs—and the fluid allowed to escape, but the loose skin should be left in place, as it forms a better protection than any artificial substance.

The most painful form of burn is that which extends only as far as the deeper layers of the skin and scorches the sensitive nerve-endings which are there situated. If the burn penetrates beyond this point, the nerve-endings are destroyed, and the pain is consequently much lessened, but the loss of tissue is of course much greater, healing is slower, and the scar is correspondingly more noticeable.

In giving first aid to one suffering from a severe burn, especially if there is a large surface involved, it is important first to pay attention to the general condition of the patient. Paleuess and shivering, a feeble and fluttering pulse, cold extremities, and, perhaps, an appearance of stupor, or little sign of suffering, are all indications of a severe shock, which may produce so profound an impression upon the nervous system and vital centers as to prove rapidly fatal unless met with prompt treatment.

In such a condition much can be done before medical help arrives, by keeping the head low, giving suitable stimulants, wrapping in warm blankets, and applying hot-water bottles to the hands and feet.

YOUTH'S COMPANION.

HEMORRHAGE OF THE NOSE.

Reaching both hands high over the head, bathing the face with very hot water, placing bits of ice on the back of the neck and compressing the nose frequently between the thumb and finger for several minutes are useful measures in checking nasal hemorrhage.

Care should be taken to hold the head erect. Bathing the face with cold water while bending the head forward over a wash-basin often increases the bleeding.

WHEAT OVER THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC.

The new route for wheat from the prairie provinces to the lakes was opened on Friday last, when 80 cars were put through Winnipeg over the Grand Trunk Pacific. At the same time Government Engineer Merrick at Fort William notified the Lake Shippers' Association that boats can now dock and load from the Grand Trunk Pacific's new elevator at Fort William. The taking of this traffic over the National Transcontinental line from Winnipeg to Superior Junction, thence via the Superior branch to the lakes, is an important step, and opens up a new all Grand Trunk outlet for western wheat. Last year the Grand Trunk Pacific delivered to its connections at Winnipeg more than 3,000,000 bushels of wheat. All this grain will now be handled by the Grand Trunk Pacific and Grand Trunk, and it is expected that, notwithstanding the lighter yield, this year's tonnage over the new route will exceed the amount handled last year. As a matter of fact the dry season just passed did not affect the northern section of the wheat belt through which the Grand Trunk Pacific passes as severely as it did the territory farther south. In addition to the wheat business there is a great deal of general merchandise going into the new settlements and new towns along the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific, and it is expected that with the opening of navigation next year the effect of the increased tonnage will be felt not only by the Grand Trunk Pacific, but by the Grand Trunk Railway System as well. In a commercial sense, the opening of this new freight route is important to all Canada.

If You Want to be Sure of Quality
Buy

NA-DRU-CO

Medicinal and Toilet Preparations

You certainly take no chances when you buy any toilet article or medicinal preparation which bears the name NA-DRU-CO and this trade mark.

As soon as you see "NA-DRU-CO" you can be absolutely certain that the article is the very best.

The National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, has spent thousands of dollars in perfecting this line of over 125 NA-DRU-CO preparations.

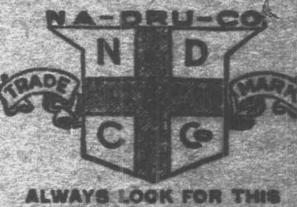
The formulae are the best known to medical science.

The purity and strength of the ingredients are assured by rigid tests.

The compounding is done by expert chemists, who are thoroughly qualified for a work so vital to your health.

Knowing that everything has been done to make them right, we guarantee, positively and unreservedly, each and every NA-DRU-CO preparation. If you find any one unsatisfactory we want you to return it to the druggist from whom you bought it and he will refund your money.

Ask your physician or druggist all about the NA-DRU-CO line. They are men of standing in your community, worthy of your confidence, and in position to tell you, for we will furnish to any member of either profession, on request, a full list of the ingredients in any NA-DRU-CO preparation.



ALWAYS LOOK FOR THIS TRADE MARK

NA-DRU-CO Dyspepsia Tablets
Cure sour stomach—heartburn—flatulence—indigestion—chronic dyspepsia.

NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafers
Stop a headache in 30 minutes. Contains no harmful drug.

NA-DRU-CO Toilet Powder
3 White—Violet—Rose—Flask Color. Causes refinement and refinement.

NA-DRU-CO Laxatives
Act without any discomfort. Increased action not needed.

NA-DRU-CO Baby Tablets
Relieve Baby's ills. Especially valuable during teething.

NA-DRU-CO Tooth Paste
Cleanses thoroughly. Removes decay—makes the teeth beautifully white.

National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited

Wholesale Branches at:
Halifax—St. John—Montreal—Ottawa—Quebec—Toronto—Hamilton—London—Windsor—Regina—Calgary—Edmonton—Vancouver—Victoria

POULTRY DROPPINGS.

It is a fact that we don't value hen manure on the farm as we should. Poultry manure is specially valuable for the garden, and even a delicate woman can so care for it as to give the best results as a fertilizer, to the benefit of the fowls and the flowers as well. She need not exclaim, as did one well-to-do lady gardener, "All I want for a birthday present is a load of well-rotted manure," but may have a compost heap with feed for fowls and plants in abundance.

To start the heap, make a bed of loam on a well-drained spot, and throw on this the droppings from the poultry yard, carcasses of dead chicks, and refuse animals or vegetable matter, covering such additions with loam. Wash-day suds should be thrown over the mass each week. Two heaps should be in a secluded place on every farm. It takes about a year for a compost heap to be well ripened; and no new substance should be thrown on a ripened heap. Before using, shovel the mass thoroughly from top to bottom. Sufficient loam should always be thrown over the droppings to absorb the odors and retain the fertilizing elements. Fresh droppings should never be used about plants and flowers.

STOCK NOTES.

If you are overworked and forced to neglect some important features of work at this time, make plans for reducing your acreage next year. Fewer acres well tilled may result in barn nearer filled.

Pig pens and stables should be kept sanitary. When not prevented, flies will breed in stables and pig pens, and cause you much trouble. Keep them clean. This will be to the interests of the animal, as well as for the health of the family.

Poor fences cause fence-breaking animals. The barn lot and pasture fences should be substantial and secure against the most active animals. There should be no temptations for fence-breaking. Notice the weak places; and make the needed repairs promptly.

It is well to remember that teams and men can easily be overworked and their efficiency greatly reduced. There is much danger of getting too warm, and of allowing the team to become exhausted, and probably permanently injured. Whatever necessity there may be for work, you cannot afford to risk this. Take care of yourself and treat your team with consideration.

MILK AS A FOOD.

It is not strange that with the world's experience, the value of milk as a food is not yet half understood either among farmers or townspeople? The city or village housewife would scrimp along on a pint of milk a day when she ought to take two or three quarts simply

Home
DYEING
In the way to
Save Money
and
Dress Well

Try it!
Simple as Washing
with

DYOLA

ONE DYE FOR ALL KINDS OF DYES

JUST THINK OF IT!
Dye Wool, Cotton, Silk or Mixed Goods Perfectly with the DYOLA Dye. No change of color. Fast and beautiful colors result from your Druggist or Dealer. Send for Color Card and DYOLA Booklet. The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal.



BLACK KNIGHT

STOVE POLISH

"Black Knight" Stove Polish was made for women—made to save them work, worry and weariness.

"Black Knight" is the easy-to-apply Stove Polish. Just a few light rubs, with cloth or brush, brings a brilliantly black polish that lasts.

It's ready to use—no mixing—no soiling hands—no dirty work—and cheaper than any other because it goes farther and you get a bigger can for 10c.

Get "Black Knight" at your dealer's—or send 10c. for a large can free postpaid.

THE F. F. BALLEE CO. LIMITED,
Montreal, Ont.

Makers of the famous "2 in 1" Shoe Polish.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs

25 cents.

MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made. It is a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocers. It got some of the 1st and 2nd prizes at the World's Fair, St. Louis, Mo., 1904.

How The Nationalists Won In Athabasca

(Toronto Globe.)

A gentleman who took a prominent part in the Drummond-Athabasca election vouches for the truth of an incident that would otherwise be incredible. A few days before the election a couple of young men with a large, official-looking ledger appeared in a rural district of Athabasca and began to question the farmers. The visitors were taking a census, they said. The government was especially desirous of obtaining the names and ages of all the males in the population, and so Jean and his six or more stalwart sons were duly entered in the big, official-looking book.

"Girls? No, madam." Girls really did not matter. It was not necessary to enter their names. Only the men and boys were to be numbered. By this time Jean and madam were both devoured by curiosity. Why were the names being taken? In a mysterious way, with many affectations of hesitation, the "census-taker" told the people that war between Great Britain and Germany was inevitable, and that the government was obtaining information as to the fighting strength of the French Canadian.

The dastardly trick must have resulted in something a good deal like frenzy in the district in which it was practised, and there is but little wonder that the whispered story of the conscription spread throughout the riding.

What seemed like confirmation of

the dreadful truth that the blood of Quebec must be shed on the battle-fields of Europe was found in the Nationalist pamphlet of which Armand Lavergne is understood to be the author.

In the most skillful way it is represented that the Canadian navy will cost \$200,000,000, and that every inhabitant of the Dominion will have to contribute \$25 towards its cost. Thus a father of a family having a wife and one child would pay \$75; if he had four children he would have to pay \$150, if eight children \$250, if ten or fifteen children \$300 or \$450.

"I have spoken," continues the pamphleteer, "of an expenditure of \$200,000,000 but that's nothing. It is merely easing Baptiste's too well filled pocket, that is all. But the blood of our children—it is another thing. A navy eats millions but it eats also flesh and blood."

No more disgraceful campaigning has ever been done in Canada than was done by the organization that sent out this circular. What could the habitant think when, following upon the visit of the bogus census-taker, came the distribution of a pamphlet saying:

Has the Armand Lavergne who speaks in Toronto tonight anything to say in defence of the Armand Lavergne who raised the spectre of conscription in Athabasca two weeks ago?

For pains in the side or chest dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Liniment and bind it over the seat of pain. There is nothing better. For sale by all dealers.

Engineers Will Give Ball.

The National Transcontinental Railway engineers of residencies 7 to 16 have issued invitations for an At Home to be given at the Queen's Hotel, Fredericton, on Thursday, December 1st. There will be dancing and bridge. The patronesses of the affair are: Mesdames C. O. Foss, Horace Loughey, A. R. Foster, R. M. Cushing, and C. M. Hall. The executive committee in charge are Messrs. A. R. Foster, C. L. Foss, W. M. Black, C. R. Crossdale, R. M. Armstrong and R. M. Downing, honorary secretary.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets do not sicken or gripe, and may be taken with perfect safety by the most delicate woman or the youngest child. The old and feeble will also find them a most suitable remedy for aiding and strengthening their weakened digestion and for regulating the bowels. For sale by all dealers.

Father and Son.

"I must look to the sheep of the field. See that the cattle are fed and warm. So, Jack, tell your mother to wrap you well. You may go with me over the farm. Though the snow is deep and the weather cold. You are not a baby you're six years old. Two feet of snow on the hillside lay. But the sky was as blue as June. And father and son came laughing home. When dinner was ready at noon—Knocking the snow from their weary feet,

Rosy and hungry and yeady to eat.

"The snow was so deep," the farmer said, "That I feared I could scarcely get through."

The mother turned with a pleasant smile—"Then what could a little boy do?"

"I trod in my father's steps," said Jack; "Wherever he went I kept his track."

The mother looked in the father's face, And a solemn thought was there; The words had gone like a lightning flash To the seat of a noble care;

"If he treads in my steps, then day by day How carefully I must choose my way!"

For the child will do as the father does, And the track that I leave behind, Will be firm, and clear, and straight, The feet of my son will find;

"He will tread in his father's steps and say I'm right, for this is my father's way."

Oh! fathers, leading life's hard road, Be sure of the steps you take; Then, the sons you love, when gray-haired men,

Will tread in them still for your sake; When gray-haired men their sons will say, "We tread in our fathers' steps to-day."

—Plank and Platform.

There is little danger from a cold or from an attack of the grip except when followed by pneumonia, and this never happens when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is used. This remedy has won its great reputation and extensive sale by its remarkable cures of colds and grip and can be relied upon with implicit confidence. For sale by all dealers.

When you bring produce to Arthur S. Estabrooks remember that you get the top price for same. AND WHAT IS OF MORE IMPORTANCE you get all goods at cash prices, and his discounts for cash are the largest in the country.

No one disputes the splendid quality of Red Rose Tea. Here in the East as well as in the West it is used every day in thousands of homes where its unvarying fine quality has been proven by years of continuous use.



Prices: 30c., 35c., 40c., 50c. and 60c.

The Waterloo Boy Gasoline Engine

has all the good points that go into any

besides many exclusive features. A few days trial will enable you to point out the superior points that make the WATERLOO BOY the best engine for every conceivable purpose. Write today for our free catalogue, showing styles and sizes to

J. D. FRIER, Sussex, N. B.

Enter in contest for the Waterloo Boy Gasoline Engine.

Free Trip to the Old Country Open to All Readers of The Observer

The Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, is going to send three or more of their readers to the Old Country next June at the time of the Coronation, with all expenses paid from any part of Canada and a liberal allowance for spending money.

We have completed arrangements with the Family Herald publishers by which our readers can enter the competition for this prize trip and it certainly will be a trip to be remembered.

Here Are The Conditions

The issue of The Family Herald and Weekly Star of Sept. 15th, 1910, 656,370 had readers based on an average of five readers to each paid subscription.

HOW MANY READERS WILL THE ISSUE OF MARCH 15, 1911, ON THE SAME BASIS HAVE?

We offer the THE OBSERVER and The Family Herald and Weekly Star each for one year at \$1.25 and every person accepting this offer has the right to make an estimate and The Family Herald and Weekly Star will send the first three of its readers who make the correct or nearest to correct estimate to England with all expenses paid from any part of Canada and a liberal allowance for spending money.

Estimate coupons can be had at this office, which must be filled in and accompany your subscription to the two papers.

The Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, is the greatest Family and Farm paper on this Continent, and can safely be depended upon to carry out this unique competition impartially. We hope to see some of our readers win the trip. Send your subscriptions in now.

Observer, Ltd. - Hartland, N. B.

Get Ready to Shoot

Don't wait until the Rifles are all gone. Get YOURS now!

RIFLES of all kinds; Ammunition of every description

Hardware Store

A Splendid Line of.... Drag & Crosscut Saws of different makes.

See my 49c. AXE!

We have an extensive line of Axes.

Builders' Supplies of all kinds at Lowest Prices. A beautiful Front Door Bell set for \$2.50. Scotch and American Hard Coal.

You always find satisfaction at the Hardware Store

W. B. ORSER

EATON'S FALL & WINTER CATALOGUE 1910

WE DO NOT ISSUE A CHRISTMAS CATALOGUE

FULL OF CHRISTMAS GIFTS FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

IT IS a big book, completely illustrated, splendidly printed and by far the most important Catalogue ever issued by EATON'S. Our lines have been extended. You will find greater variety in all the goods shown by us than ever before. It gives you such a range in price as is sure to enable you to buy just what you want at a price you will be willing to pay. The very newest things—the very latest styles—as developed in New York, London and Paris are shown on its pages by means of beautiful illustrations, and complete, accurate descriptions which enable you to shop from it as satisfactorily and economically as you can over the counters in our store.

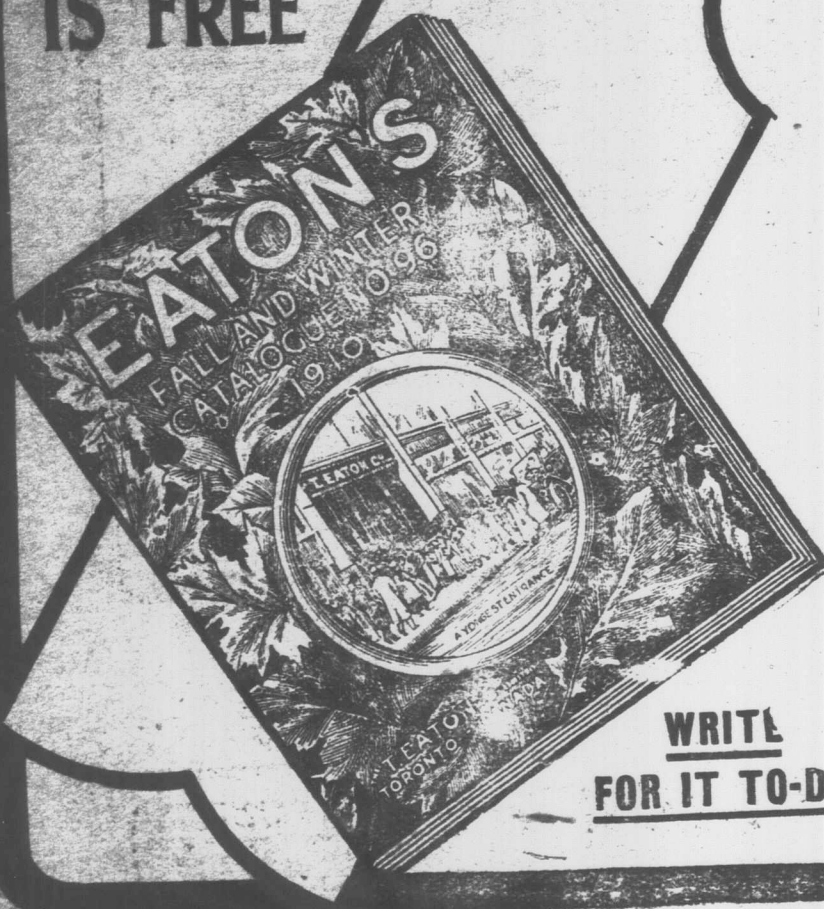
CHRISTMAS AND HOLIDAY GOODS

Every economic Santa Claus should have a copy of this Catalogue. It is full of gift suggestions, all so reasonably priced that the choosing is made most easy. Whether you are wanting something for a grown person or a child, makes no difference, as our stock is very complete in all respects. It includes wearing apparel of every description, house furnishings in abundance, THE NEWEST BOOKS, TOILET ARTICLES, CAMERA SUPPLIES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CUT GLASS, HATBOXES, NECKWEAR, CHINA, all the LATEST NOVELTIES IN MECHANICAL TOYS, in fact everything suitable for old or young.

SATISFACTION OR YOUR MONEY BACK

TRY THE EATON MAIL ORDER SERVICE

THIS BOOK IS FREE



HOLIDAY TIME BUY NOW

This is the time to do your Christmas shopping. Send us your order now while our stock is complete and at its best and thus avoid any possible disappointment. By doing so you have the choice of our enormous selection. Remember that EATON'S prices are surprisingly low, EATON'S service is unsurpassed, and the EATON'S reputation is a sufficient guarantee that you do not run the slightest risk when you send us your order and your money.

A CHANCE TO SAVE MONEY

The Christmas season is a time of money-spending, but you can make it a time of money-saving if you take advantage of our wonderful offerings. If you have never dealt with EATON'S make up a trial order and learn by actual experience what it means to be in touch with Canada's Great Mail Order House.

WRITE FOR IT TO-DAY

THE T. EATON CO LIMITED TORONTO CANADA