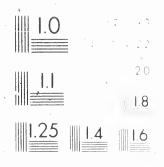
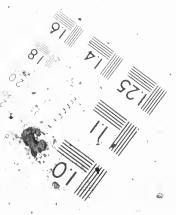




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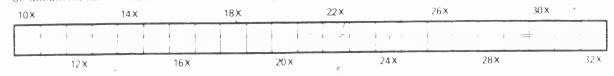
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EXT SE R From

ACCOUNT

OF THE

LATE REVIVALS OF RELIGION

IN A NUMBER OF TOWNS IN THE

New-England States

AND ALSO IN

NOVA-SCOTIA.

EXTRACTED CHIEFLY FROM LETTERS WRITTEN BY SEVERAL GENTLEMEN OF UNQUESTIONABLE VERACITY.

- To which is added,

A VERY INTERESTING LETTER,

From a MINISTER in London to his PRIEND in Maffachufette.

BOSTON :

PRINTED BY MANNING & LORING.

E

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A BRIEF ACCOUNT, &c.

EXTRACT 1. Mr. S W, of Wind bam, in Connecticut, thus writes to his friend in Boston.

Windham, Oct. 2, 1798.

Rev. and dear Sir. YOU will pardon me for using the freedom to trouble you with a line from so unworthy, though sincere friend. It is a time of general health in these parts; but this is not the best news I shall acquaint you with: for "as cold water to a thirsty soul. So is need a week. cold water to a thirsty soul, so is good news from a far country."-God is carrying on a glorious work in feveral towns in these parts. The work began in Mansfield, first fociety, about five or fix months ago, in a very gradual manner; but foon took a very rapid spread in the west part of the town. A fermon preached in that neighbourhood at a funeral, by the Rev. Mr. Shearman, was greatly bleffed. The Spirit of the Lord feemed to sweep all before it like an overflowing flood, though with very little noise or crying out. It is wonderful to fee the furprifing alteration in that people in fo fhort a time. I conclude there are not less than an hundred souls converted in that town fince the work began. Soon after, it began in Hampton, but did not spread with that degree of rapidity as it did in Manssield. The same happy work has lately taken place in Ashford, in the Rev. Mr. Pond's society, with a good degree of power. It has also spread into the second society in Mansfield, under the pastoral care of Rev. Mr. Welsh; also in the upper part of Canterbury, and lately in Abington fociety in Pomfret.

Dear fir, we may fay, in the midst of judgment God is showing himself marvellously good and kind; and as it seemed our land, a few months ago, was fully ripe for destruction, and the hot thunderbolts of divine wrath were hanging over out heads, yet God has made a rich display of his grace, in the conversion of so many souls. One thing is remarkable in this reformation, there is such evidence carried in the work, that none, or but very sew dare to oppose it.

Bigotry, which was fo common between the Standing Order (Congregationalists) and the Dissenters, is done away.—
This work is chiefly among the Standing Order.

EXTRACT 2. Containing a further account of the same work, in a letter from the Rev. E _____ P ____ to bis Parents, dated Afternation, September 24, 1798.

Henored Parents,

MUST inform you of the work of God, which is going on in these parts. Early in May, an attention began in the siest society in Manssield, which increased to a great degree, so as to become general. It then began in Hampton, and is as general as in Manssield. About sour weeks since, it began here, and, for the time, has spread very sast; so that about eighty have been under great concerns. Of this number, nearly twenty have a hope that they have been "born again." The work seems to be spreading. In one samily of my people who have only three little daughters, the eldest sitteen years old, they all give evidence that they have been born again! The work has also began in Mr. Welsh's society in Manssield; and the prospects are very savourable in Westford.——Do unite in prayer to God; if only two or three, don't omit it, that God would pour out his Spirit upon you. This seems to have been the beginning of the work in Manssield.

EXTRACT 3. Containing an account of the beginning of the reformation in Hartford, in a letter from the Rev. S— S. N—, of that City, to his friend in Boston, dated January 14, 1799.

Rev. and dear Sir,

A GLORIOUS revival of religion has lately taken place among us. Two of my brothersin-law, the youngest about 12 years old, and the other fourteen, had been under-deep conviction at times, for several:
weeks before our last Thanksgiving; and on that day, whilf
I was preaching, the youngest was brought out clear in his
mind, and went home with his little soul overslowing with
joy. This affected the whole family; several of whom we

n the Standing Order rs, is done away.ng Order.

further account of ev. E---- P-24, 1798.

of God, which is go-May, an attention bewhich increased to a l. It then began in insheld. About four e time, has spread veunder great concern a hope that they have s to be fpreading. In only three little daughall give evidence that has also began in Mr. the prospects are very ite in prayer to God; that God would pour to have been the be-

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of religion has lately Two of my brothersld, and the other fourn at times, for feveral: and on that day, whill rought out clear in his foul overflowing with ; feveral of whom we

trust, could rejoice with him; all the rest were much alarmed, and led to cry out under pungent conviction, "What shall we do to be faved?" From this it has spread from house to house, and from heart to heart, till almost the whole City has got alarmed.

I think as many as 15 or 20 have been hopefully converted; many more are under painful convictions, and the work still spreading. It has also extended its happy influence among the other denominations, and they open conferences, and welcome its approach.

We have meetings almost every evening in the week. Here is furely a Macedonian cry, "Do come over and help 115."

EXTRACT 4. Containing a further account of the same work, in a letter from the Rev. J ___ B ___, dated at Trumbull, February 6, 1799, to his friend at New-

My dear friend and brother,

HROUGH the kind hand of God, I arrived here yesterday. I stopped at Hartford, and preached five

The spirit of hearing at Hartford is greater than any representations which have been made. Young people of both fexes flock by hundreds, and the prospect is flattering. in the extreme. Conference meetings are held every night ih different private houses. In Mr. Swong's saciety, so are thought to be under conviction, and 20 have been hopefully brought into gospel liberty. In Mr. Nelson's 30, and some io Mr. Flint's.

The youth hold correspondence one with another by letter, and with those of the neighbouring towns. Hundreds are under some serious concern, while hundreds more stand astonished, and are ready to cry, " What meaneth all this?"

The Lord seems to have stepped out of the usual parh of Ordinances, to effect this work more immediately in the difplays of his almighty power and out-pouring of his Spirit; probably to show that the work is his own. It is not attended with noise and confusion, but with folemnity and reverence. No fire; no rushing wind; no earthquake: but a fill small voice goes before this wonderful work; no doubt,

to hide pride from man. The ministers are stirred up to uncommon diligence and labour, so that they have scarcely time to prepare for public exercises.

The facred flame has spread into many neighboring towns, and the pious are flocking into Hartford to be eye-witnessed of this glorious work. I have selt myself so much engaged in preaching, visiting and conversing with old and young, that my attention has been literally taken off from Wise, Children, Flock, and bodily infirmities. O that my past time had been better employed and silled than it has been. Should my health be continued, I hope, by the grace of God, to spend my strength wholly in the Lord's cause, which carries its own reward with it.

Two hundred miles N. W. of Hartford, on the border of the Indian nations, I am informed that the Lord is pouring out his fpirit plentifully. The Aborigines flock to hear the gospel, and fall under the word like Dagon before the Ark. I have seen a preacher from those parts, who gives the most flattering accounts, and informs, that very large nambers have been added to the churches in that vicinity the last year.

After fermion was finished upon a late occasion in the woods, an Indian stood up with tears in his eyes, and thus addressed the audience: "I desire to bless God, that white people ever came into this country. White people brought the bible, and the religion of Jesus with them. White people prayed for the conversion of the heathen, and I stand up this day as a living witness of the power of God's converting grace in answer to their prayers. Continue to pray for the conversion of more heathens, that they also may be brought to the knowledge of Jesus."

EXTRACT 5. Rev. C B, of Shaftsbury, in Vermont, gives the following particulars of the reformation in-that town.

Rev. Sir, Feb. 21, 1799.

I AM fentible that under too great a degree of animation, even Christians too often exaggerate their accounts of revivals of religion. But I will attempt a simple, but short narrative of the late wonderful work of God in this place.

[&]quot; It is mentioned in a letter from a respectable character in Hartford, of April 25, that it has spread into nearly one hundred towns.

ters are stirred up to

y neighboring towns, or to be eye-witnesses felf so much engaged with old and young, taken off from Wife, is. O that my passes, by the grace of God, Lord's cause, which

ford, on the border of t the Lord is pouring gines flock to hear the lagon before the Arkts, who gives the most t very large numbers at vicinity the last yeara late occasion in the in his eyes, and thus blefs God, that white White people brought them. White peoteathen, and I stand up or of God's converting ontinue to pray for theey also may be brought

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Feb. 21, 1799.
a degree of animation, crate their accounts of mpt a fimple, but thort of God in this place.

respectable character in into nearly one hundred In the month of April last, there appeared nothing among this people but the most rapid increase of every species of vice and immorality; and even professors had grown cold as to religious exercises.

Towards the last of that month, it pleased God to visit. my poor foul with some fense of my own vileness and short comings, and how little I had done for God and the good of fouls. At this time I think I had a glimpfe of the infinite character of Jehovah, which made me shrink into nothing in my own efteem; then, to my aftonishment, my foul was strangely drawn forth, at particular times, in secret prayer, for the falvation of finners. Repeated exercises of this kind gave me a strong considence, that the Lord would foon work falvation in this place. There were, however, no favourable fymptoms among the people until the month of July; then a young women, who had been converted fome years before, was stirred up, and came forward in baptism. Her conversion was made the mean of the awakening of a number of young people. Thus the work began In August, sour persons more were baptized. In September, I baptized seventeen. Many were awakened by the folemnity of this ordinance. (Indeed I think there was no one mean more bleffed for the conviction of theses, through the whole course of this work, than the administration of baptism.) . But to return ; we as yet held our church conferences, to hear the relations of candidates, but once a month. At the close of October, we were obliged to attend two days, and then were not able to hear all that wished to relate. The next Lord's-day was a severe storm; baptism was omitted: The church attended two days of that week also, to hear the young converts declare what the Lord had done for them. I was then under the necessity to call for ashistance in administering baptism. Accordingly, brother Samuel Rogers attended the next Sabbath, and we baptized 46 that day. We then found it necessary to hold our church conferences to hear relations once a week. The next Sabbath I baptized 21 1 2 2 1 16 16; the next 13; the next 9; and there have been but a few weeks fince, that I have not been called to the precious work of baptizing. Zion's gates were truly then thronged with converts!

The whole number added to this church, fince last May, is 175; 25 by letter and other ways; and 150 by baptism.
Our whole number is 346. Many of this number are remove

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ed into different parts of the country; there are, however, nearly 300 that live in this vicinity, the remotest of them not more than six miles from our meeting-house.

There have also been 70 added to the West church in this town since the work began; and 13 to the East church;

As to the principal means by which this work has been carried on, I must say, that no one's little or gieat preaching can justly say any claim to the honours of it. Several between the ministry have visited us in the time, and all of them were blessed in their labours. A brother Jones, from England, was an instrument for the awakening of several:

I have been filled with wonder and aftonihment, to fee how the Lord has been pleafed to preferve fome of almost all the preaching that has been in this town since I have been here. Even when I had mourned and thought I had tabouted in vain, and that my preaching was as water spilt upon a rock; the Lord has now made known that he designed it for the good of souls. O my brother, let us never be discouraged; we cannot always tell when our labours are blessed. I cannot say how many, but the Lord has made my poor weak efforts the means of awakening a considerable number. But the greatest part of the people have been awakened by attending the solemnity of baptism, and by conversation one with another.—Indeed, the most that I can say is, It is the Lord's doing, and it is marvellous in our eyes.

There has not in years past been the most cordial sellow-ship between the three churches in this town; but the Lord has now effected a happy union between us. On the last Lord's day in January, we all met at one communion table. That happy day my soul had defired for years. Nothing but experience could have made me believe it possible, that I could have felt so much solid delight, anticipated so much trouble, and rejoiced with so much trembling, at one and the same time. That day I trust will never be forgotten by me.

The north part of Bennington, which lies fouth of us, has thered confiderably in this grace, and have joined with the churches in this town, and some few members from the town north of us; but the greatest part that have been wrought upon are within this town, which is fix miles square.

In about two months after the work began, the whole town feemed to be affected. Conference meetings were attended two or three times in a week in almost every neighbourhood; and it was furprising to me, that scarcely a single

remotest of them not oufe. e West church in this the East churchy's this work has been tle or great preaching. of it. Several breinthe time, and all of brother Jones, from akening of feveral. astonishment, to fee rve fome of almost all . vn fince I have been \$ nd thought I had tawas as water fpilt upon n that he defigned it. , let us never be difour labours are bleff-Lord has made my

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ork began, the whole nee meetings were at-

nce meetings were atin almost every neighe, that scarcely a single inflance appeared of any over-heated zeal, or flight of paffion! Both finners under conviction, and those newly brought into the liberty of the gospel, conversed in their meetings with the greatest freedom; they spake one at a time a few words, in the most solema namer I ever heard people in my life. And in general they spake so low, that their assembles must be perfectly still, or they could not hear them: Yet a remarkable power attended their conversation. Sinners would tremble as though they selt themselves in the immediate presence of the great Jehovah.

Some of all ranks and characters among us have been taken; from the most respectable members of society, to the vilest in the place. Some of our most noted Deits have bowed the knee to King Jesus. And a number of Universalists have forfaken their delusions, and embraced the truth.

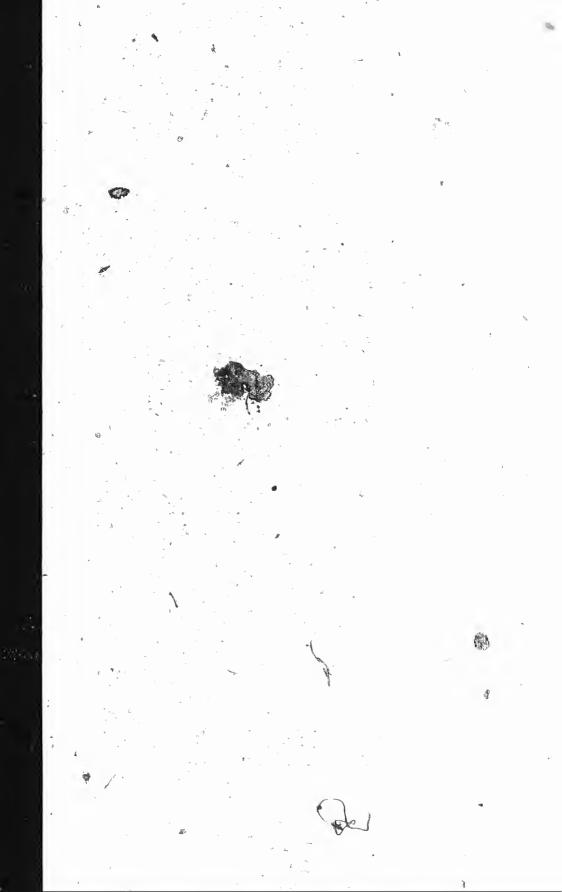
In the revival four years ago last summer, we then received ten children into the church, aged from nine to thirteen years, with a number of other young people; all of them remain in good standing with us, and are now able to help others; excepting one, who, I trust, is gone to the church triumphant. In this revival we have received sixteen whose ages are from nine to sisteen years. From nine, I have baptized some of almost every age to upwards of seventy!

We have now upwards of one hundred unmarried persons in this church. There are also a large number of youths who have joined the other churches in this town. O my God! keep them in the love of the truth! My very soul trembles when I think of them. There is not a sufficient number of young people now left in the town (who can unite) to carry on their merry meetings. Every company of them is broken up.

I lately enjoyed the happiness of having upwards of feventy youths and children, that were professors, to visit and hold a conference at my house in one evening. You may guess, but it would be difficult to tell, with what a mixture of joy and trembling I was then filled.

The feverest cold, snow and ice we have had this tediouswinter, I have not heard once mentioned as any terror to the most delicate ladies, young or old, we have in the place; but they have cheerfully sollowed their Divine Redeemer into the liquid grave, without the least intimidation.

As to myself, I think if ever I knew what it was to have extraordinary strength, it has been within a sew months past.



My lungs, which I had thought were on the decay, now feemed to renew their youth. Preaching three and four, times week, belides attending other meetings almost every day for months together, feemed very little if any to exhault my strength. I think, of all men in the world, I have the greatest cause to be humble before God, for his abundan goodness bestowed upon a most unworthy wretch.

When I think of my own weakness and infusficiency, as the great number of young, inexperienced Christians co mitted to my charge, my heart shrinks within me; and I ready to wish they had a more able and pious watchman to go before them. But all the hope I have is, that He who leadeth Joseph like a flock will gather the lambs in his arms, and gently lead his flock into the flowery fields of gospel truth, and beside the still waters of eternal life.

I fometimes anticipate fo much trouble, that it quit ab-forbs my fpirits, and drowns my joy. Then I think it best to rejoice while I can, and let to-morrow take thought for itself.

It is, however, a very interesting crisis with us; if ye are faithful, and make a right improvement of the great recies bestowed upon us, we may continue to be a happy pople; if not, a series of trouble and sorrow await us. Dear prother, pray for us that we may be kept in the love of the truth; that the God of love and peace may ever dwell with as.

I must not indulge my feelings, I shall intrude up a your patience.

EXTRACT 6. A gentleman in Pembrate thus writes to bis friend in Bofton.

Pembroke, April 271799.

Dear Sir,

OD has been pleased to begin a glorious work in the first parish in Marshfield, and a few some or in towns adjoining, although but a few as yet. O may we all be enabled to wrestle like Jacob and prevailike Israel. We need the prayers of all that have an interest at the throne of grace, that we may be kept from error and delusion. O may the time soon come, when the knowledge of God stall cover the earth, as the waters do the seas.

As to the present state of the reformation, mong us, there are between 30 and 40, in a judgment of has ty, brought to the

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vere on the decay, now reaching three and four, er meetings almost every ry little if any to exhault n the world, I have the God, for his abundan

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knowledge of the truth; and more than that number appear to be under ferious impressions of mind.

XTRACT 7. The Rev. P- P- of Deer-Isle, writes thus in a letter to his friend in Newbury-Port. Deer-Isle, March 20, 1799

Dear Brother,

V your last letter to me, you wrote you had heard there was a revival of religion somewhere in these parts; and

desired me to give you an account of it.

If the beginning of June last, I was called to Mount-Desert to administer sacraments to a church who have not a fated Pastor, and tarried with them about nine days; when in the preaching of my fecond Sermon, the glory of the L rd came down in a wonderful manner. One convicted, and hopefully converted under that Sermon was added to the Church about two days after, and three others who had before obtained a hope. Three months after this, I went ain to administer the Lord's Supper, at which time I admitt d twenty-eight who had hopefully been brought home in the nterval. The work of conviction was then going on powerfally in that town and spreading into those adjoining on the fare island. Our affociation had licensed dear Mr. Ebenezer Eason to preach, who improved his talent, labouring night and day among them, whom the Lord remarkably owned. How many have been brought out fince I was

owned. How many have been brought out fince I was there, I m not informed; but, according to the best accounts, there are many. The Lord multiply the number and add to the Cu ch of such as shall be saved.

I now ome a little nearer home. In the beginning of winter, the glorious work began in Sedgwick, under the pastoral care of the Rev. Daniel Merrill. Perhaps there hath not been a work so powerful, and so much like the work sity-eight your ago. In a time of such extraordinaries, it could not read the best powerful, and so much like the work in the wild and motherent, cansidering the various tempers, infirmities and dispositions of mankind: But I believe my young and dear brother Merrill, together with experienced Christians were an careful to distinguish the precious from the vile—to correct errors, "to set the people in the way of hissseps," so that there appears to be no prevalence of enthusasm among them, according to the best information. How

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I am not able to give any tolerable good account: Some lay there are about an hundred, others about double that number: I believe they are all very uncertain. Bleffed be God, the work is yet going on there, though not with equal residue.

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And now, dear Sir, let your imagination paint to your view the striking scene, of an hundred souls, men, women, and children, at the same time under the work of the law. The tears, fobs, groans and cries issuing from scores at a time! All the terrors of the law crowding and pressing in upon them; their fins, in infinite numbers and aggravations, staring them in the face; all their old vain hopes gone, and cut off, and every refuge failing ! Hear them freely confesfing their old abominations, their former enmity to the great doctrines of original fin, election, the fovereignty of divine, free grace, the power of God displayed in effectual vocation; above all, the justice of God in their damnation! How often are fouls brought out into the peace and comfort of the love of God, and the fweet confolations of the Holy Spirit. The dead hear the voice of the Son of God, and live. Children are brought to cry, "Hesanna to the Son of David." Indeed this glorious work has been wonderful among children; and God has made instruments of them to perfect his praise in carrying on his work.

This bleffed work of God has begun in Blue-Hill; but

This bleffed work of God has begun in Blue-Hill; but as yet has not gained the ascendency. I shall therefore come to my own dear people of Deer-Isle. And here, perhaps the work is as remarkable as at Sedgwick, but not so rapid. Not more than eight months ago it appeared to me that religion was near expiring among us, except in a very handful of professor. Delim had taken an unaccountable stride, and spread itself over a great number of the inhabitants. And now, no Bible, no Christ, but the Christian religion, and christians, were the song of the drankard; and every drunkard, and every vice was deemed harmless, and inostensive to God. I had no reason to think but by the next annual meeting of the town, they would vote the Gospel out from them. When the aforementioned work at Penosicot and Mount Desert was going on, it seemed to have no insuence on our people. This, you may be sure, was very grievous to me. However, I think I was enabled to bear witness to the truth with great freedom. In October, I perceived a

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more close attention to the word, but nothing special as yet. After I was confined to my house, the work began to appear; and though I could not go abroad, nor preach at the meting-house, there was feldom a day but more or less visited me under their trouble, and I preached in my own house when I was not able to stand on my feet. At length we had the affistance of Mr. E. Eaton, whom God remarkably owns. I believe there are about forty, men, women, and children, who have obtained a hope; and great numbers are under pressing conviction. The work is now on the increase. May the Lord continue and still increase it till they are all brought in. The mouth of deifm is at prefent stopped, and against the children of Israel not so much as a dog is suffered to move his tongue. O may the Lord go on from conquering to conquer, till the whole earth shall be filled with his glory.

Thus, dear Sir, I have complied with your defire. If you think proper, you may cause the foregoing Narrative to be printed in the newspapers. Such accounts may be a mean of putting a careless people under consideration.

EXTRACT 8. A Letter from a person in Deer-Isle, to a Society with which he is connected in New-bury-Port, dated March 15, 1799.

Dear Friends and Brethren,

WHILE I am partaking a rich repast, I heartily defire my friends may have a share of a feast indeed. It is in vain for me to attempt to describe the wonders of the love and grace of God manifested in a marvellous manner among us, and in the adjacent parts. It has pleafed God to visit us by the out-pouring of his blessed Spirit, so that even opposers acknowledge it to be the work of God, of whom some of the greatest have been (I hope) favingly wrought upon.

This bleffed and glorious work first began in a small neighbourhood that have lived in a careless and negligent manner as to the attendance on the means of grace : The head of the first family that was wrought upon, is a man of about fixty years of age: I never faw him at meeting but twice fince I lived on the island, before this winter: God

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has been pleased to visit him and his wise, and they both appear to be humble Christians, with several others of that family. The work is daily increasing and spreading through the towo; there were 4 or 5 brought into the light under one fermon this week; there have 19 persons come forward and made a public profession of religion, and joined the Church already, and nearly as many more profess to have a hone.

hope.
This work has been more extensive in Sedgwick: I am credibly informed it has visited every house for 14 miles, and about one hundred souls are hopefully converted. What shall we say to these things? Let us adore the free grace of our blessed God and Saviour. I think there is great encouragement for all that love our Lord, and have an interest at the throne of grace, to plead with God to spread this glorious work. Let us all adore and praise his name for his wonderful works to the sons of men. I bless God that he has given me to see such glorious days of the Son of Man. It has been a Sabbath to me all this winter; I have enjoyed a continual feast, and find it good to wait on God. I had rather be a door-keeper is his house, than to dwell in the tents of sin.

O that it would pleafe God to cause a glorious shower of divine grace to descend upon you. My foul longs for your salvation, that every member of your little society may be a partaker of the heavenly grace; may this be a mean of strring you up, and engaging your hearts in the things of God. Let not worldly cares turn your attention from this most important concern: Not only our present but everlasting happiness lies here.

EXTRACT 9. A letter written by Mrs.

A S , in the District of Maine, to the Rev. I

B , at Middleborough.

Litchfield, April 6, 1799.

Dear Sir,

HERE has been a wonderful out-pouring of God's

Spirit in these parts this winter, especially among the
youth. As many as 25 have joined this church this winter,
who are not more than 20 years old; and one lad who was
but nine. I believe there is not one house missed for seven
or eight miles, but what the Lord has taken some out of ev-

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wife, and they both feveral others of that and spreading through it into the light under therfons come forward igion, and joined the more profess to have a

e in Sedgwick: I am y house for 14 miles, hopefully converted. Let us adore the free four. I think there is our Lord, and have o plead with God to all adore and praise his son of men. I bless hall glorious days of the to me all this winter; find it good to wait on r in his house, than to

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written by Mrs.

field, April 6, 1799:

out-pouring of God's sefpecially among the this church this winter, and one lad who was house missed for seven taken some out of every family. And one family, who but a few years ago were in open opposition to this cause, 7 out of 11 have now professed to know Jesus Christ and the power of his resurrection; one of whom was baptized last Lord's day. And while we were by the water side, the power of the Lord came down like the rushing of a mighty wind. One young woman was so struck with a sense of her duty, that she could not stand on her feet. The people seeing her faulter, thought she was faint; but she said, No, no; her friends were in such opposition to the Baptists, that she had never said any thing openly about religion.—In the asternoon instead of a sermon she told her exercises, and two more, who were baptized the same day. We thought the reformation was almost over in this place; but we find the Lord has not forsaken us; blessed be his name, he is still giving us a taste of his love.

EXTRACT 10. Another letter, dated Bow-doinbam, April 29, 1799, from the Rev. J — M——
to the fame, contains the following.

SINCE our last association, elder William Stinson, who is ordained over the first church in Litchfield, has baptized 118. The greatest part of them belong to that town. The winter before last there was the most powerful work in Bowdoin that I ever saw since I came into these parts. It prevailed through the town. Elder Potter baptized 22 in one day. And it was as powerful in Litchfield last winter; Elder Stinson b aptized 13 there in one day. These were two as cold winters as were ever known here. The work has now begun in this town. Six persons have lately manifested a change of heart; two of them are my children. The work still prevails.

EXTRACT 11. A young Lady from the Same place, writes as follows.

THE 6th day of last February, I was taken as it were out of the belly of hell, and my feet let upon a rock, and a new fong putinto my mouth, even praife to the Most High. The heavens, which I before thought wore a gloomy aspects now feemed to glitter with the glory of God. And the animal creation feemed jointly to whisper praises to their Creation

tor. This new scene reminded me of man in his first happy state. In this frame I had a view of the justice of God, and of Christ's sufferings, which I can describe to none but those who have drank of the same fountain. February 9th, I was enabled to follow my blessed Saviour into the water; but I have since been brought to seel that I am nothing, and to abhor myself.*

EXTRACT 12. From the Rev. J. D., in Nova-Scotia, to his friend in Boston, dated Halifan, May 25, 1799.

Dear Brother,

OTWITHSTANDING many complaints as to the state of religion in some parts; yet God is marvellously visiting several townships with the showers of his grace. In Annapolis County the following places have shared largely, viz. Granville, Willmouth, Nictau, and Aylessord. In King's County, Horton and Cornwallis have been wonderfully visited. Sinners have been converted to God, and Christians to their duty. Two Pedo-baptist Ministers have been baptized, and a great many young converts. The three last facramental occasions, I think there were baptized, the 1st. thirteen—the 2d. twenty-seven—the 3d. twenty-sipht.

eight.

There are also some favourable symptoms among the Dutch people at Lunenburgh. Many of them that had been violent opposers of religion, having spent all their arrows, say they will sight no more. Some are under very serious impressions, and a few hopefully converted.

EXTRACT 13. Containing a further account of the same work, in a Letter from the Rev. T — H. C —, to his friend in Boston, dated Annapolis, July 15, 1799.

Dear Sir,

AM confident you will be glad to hear of the advancement of Christ's kingdom, though by an unskilful hand. Therefore shall attempt to give you some account of what God has done among us. The Fall after I was last at Bos-

The first church in the Bowdoinham association was constituted in May, 1784, and now they have 29 churches and 1353 meabers. of man in his first happy the justice of God, and scribe to none but those . February 9th, I was into the water; but I I am nothing, and to

v. 7-– D– Boston, dated Halifan,

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affeciation was conftitue hurches and 1353 mem

ton, it pleased God to visit our Society, at the lower part of Granville; it was a bleffed time of God's power, and additions were made to the Church. A year ago last January, God began to visit us here, and in our Society at Willmouth, where I preach a third part of my time. It has been a most aftonishing time of God's power, such as I never knew before. I cannot give you a full description of it. I have been frequently called out of my bed at night to visit distressed fouls. They have fometimes been brought from the deepest distress to shout the praises of the living God. My four eldest children, I doubt not are made partakers of grace divine. Two of them are baptized. Since the work began, I have baptized 173 persons (in about thirteen months) but not all in our church. Cornwallis and Horton have shared largely with us. I have baptized two of our Ministers * last fumer, and am to baptize another as foon as I can go where

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Our Congregations have increased greatly. Last year we built a new Meeting-House at the upper end of Granville, where I preach a third part of my time, and this fummer we have enlarged it twenty feet. O that we may never be highminded, but fear.

EXTRACT 14. From a Minister in Connection cut, to bis friend in Bofton.

Lyme, June 30, 1799-

Dear Brother in Christ, CCORDING to your desire, I will endeavour to de-A scribe some of the effects of the glorious work of God in this place, the preceeding Fall and Winter. Previous to which, I must inform you, there was a great stupidity on the minds of our brethren, who appeared to dwell in their ceiled houses while the house of God lay waste. There were a few drops in the month of August; but on the first Lord's day in September, many began to be alarmed; we therefore thought it our duty to appoint a day of falling and prayer, which was on the seventh day of the same month. There was an univerfal folemnity, and profound attention observed on the face of the assembly, which exceeded any thing I ev-This Connexion or Acceptation was formed of Pedo and Anti-

pedo-baptifts.

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er saw besore.—It was a sast day indeed. The faints arose by consession of the infinite evil of sin,—with fixed resolution to live a new life.—And in the close of the day (like St. Paul) they thanked God, and took courage. After this our meetings increased, and the blessed effusions of the Holy Spirit were distilled upon us. It was affecting to behold the faints exhorting; backsliders returning; and poor sinners crying for mercy. On the sirst Lord's-day in October we attended on the ordinance of baptism. My poor soul was warmed with the love of God, which made me speak from the heart, and it reached the hearts of my brethren, and the dear assembly; and we selt the union of the Trinity surrounding us, when approaching the Lord's table.

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After this, conferences increased. My brethren were much engaged in prayer to God for the out-pouring of his Spirir. At some of our conferences there was a great solemnity upon the youth and children; one of whom mourned that she had lived in sin twelve years, till she thought she was become an old sinner; but it pleased God at this time to reveal Christ to her and many others, and to give them the

hope of glory.

On the first Lord's-day in November, I baptized two. It was a good season. The ninth of this month, was a memorable night! The Lord gloriously manifested his power and love in bringing three persons into the clear liberty of the Gospel; one of whom was my fifth child, who I trust is brought into the kingdom of Christ, and who in her expe-· rience relates, (like Mary) that she had a discovery of him in the garden, and cried out, Rabboni! Another in agony of foul, also cried out, "If I do go to hell, I will go begging for mercy !" and her diffress rolled on to such a degree, that she lest her chamber the latter part of the night, and passed into a burying yard, and fell on her knees in sharp diftress, till the kind Lord revealed himself to her in a wonderful manner. The third was a woman, near forty years of age, who gave a clear relation of the love of God in her foal from day to day. We now faw, both in the house of God and in our own houses, the sweet whispers of the blessed Dove; and ftout-hearted finners bowing to the sceptre of the great Emanuel.

The first of December, was our Covenant Meeting preeeding the Lord's-day, and which was taken up in hearing the relations of candidates. A number more related their [19

eed. The faints arole in,—with fixed refoluclose of the day (like k courage. After this d effusions of the Hoars affecting to behold urning; and poor fincord's-day in October of the thin in the fixed which made me speak earts of my brethren, the union of the Trinithe Lord's table.

My brethren were the out-pouring of his here was a great folemne of whom mourned cill the thought the was God at this time to reand to give them the

er, I baptized two.of this month, was a y manifested his power the clear liberty of the child, who I trust is and who in her exped a discovery of him ! Another in agony rell, I will go begging to fuch a degree, that the night, and paffed nees in sharp distress, her in a wonderful near forty years of ive of God in her foal in the house of God nifpers of the bleffed ing to the sceptre of

ovenant Meeting preis taken up in hearing ber more related their very fevere fnow-storm, twelve were baptized, a number of whom were youths from ten to sisteen years of age. The saints in general were animated with the love of God, and were mighty in prayer for precious souls, triumphing over the united powers of darkness. Indeed it is almost beyond my power to give a full description of this wonderful scene. It is also to be remarked that our brethren of the Presbyterian order and other denominations joined with us in promoting the cause of our blessed Redeemer. About this time, meetings on week-days were attended to, for receiving candidates, and attending to baptism; and through the severity of this tedious winter, I have not heard any one complain or shrink at the cross, on account of the coldness of the weather.

This work has been gloriously carried on in the spirit of love. In the first part of it, there was great outcrying, but it gradually subsided into a free deliberate conversation on the dreadful situation they were in by nature; and their full determination to continue feeking till they should find him of whom Moses and the prophets did write. I never saw less opposition in any work of God I ever was acquainted with

The principal part of this work, was in this fociety; but it has spread into others in the neighbouring towos. More than a hundred we hope have received the grace of God; and more than eighty have joined with the Church under my watch care.

When I confider the great number of fouls committed to my charge and my own infufficiency, my heart shrinks within me; but all my hope is in the great Head of the Church. My daily prayer is that he would grant me his grace as an under Shepherd, to discharge my duty towards God and my dear Flock, during the few remains of life.

The number of members under my care at prefent, is three hundred and thirty-fix.

INFORMATION, though not very correct, has also been received from a number of towns in Cheshire County, in New-Hampshire, of a very pleasing and extensive reform-

The following towns are faid to have shared largely in it, viz. Unity, Marlow, Lemster, Alstead, Ackword Cornish, and Plainfield, with some others in that neighbourhood.

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The towns of Stratham and New-market, in New-Hampfhire, are favoured at this time with like revivals; but for wans of accurate documents, a particular account cannot be given.

If the repentance of one finner causes joy in heaven among the angels of God, what shouts of immortal praise must have echoed through all the realms of bliss, upon the accession of such numbers to the Redeemer's kingdom s

O Lord, may thy kingdom come, and thy will be done, on earth as in heaven, for Christ's fake. Amen.

A Letter to a Gentleman in New-England.

London, April 3. 1799.

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DEAR SIR,

AM concerned at the length of time which has elapfed fince I wrote you last; but the truth of the matter is, I have been waiting from day to day, and from month to month, to obtain intelligence that might be worth the postage, as I have long expected the publication of the Missionary Journal, which would have furnished me with many interesting anecdotes. It has not yet come out, and therefore I have only written you now as a fort of promissory note, to assure you that you shall soon have gilong, and I am sure I may venture to say, very acceptable letter, which I hepe will cause the thanksgiving of many to abound.

I fincerely thank you, Sir, for exerting yourfelf to obtain a missionary prayer meeting at Vassalborough; the news of it, as well as your other communications, has rejoiced several pious friends to whom I have mentioned it, and it will shortly be announced to the public through the medium of the

Evangelical Magazine.

I hope it will not be long before I write so the ministers you mentioned, as I shall seel it a peculiar privilege to correspond with such men as you describe them to be. You cannot imagine what pleasure it afforded me to hear of their goning into she wilderness to win souls to Christ. Pray give my love to them, and tell them I know no party distinctions; every one who loves I sus, and pities poor singers, is my friend and my brother. O Sir, the time is coming, it is near, when every partition wall will be pulled down, and all strate's watchmen will see eye to eye. In this respect, thin go on gloriously with us. We now see half a dozen ministers, of as many different denominations, engaging in the

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arket, in New-Hamperevivals; but for wans count cannot be givenfes joy in heaven among mortal praife must have upon the accession of dom s

and thy will be done, e. Amen.

New-England.

time which has elapfed uth of the matter is, I, and from month to ght be worth the postication of the Missionary me with many interesting, and therefore I have mission note, to affure and I am sure I may a which I hope will band.

rting yourfelf to obtains borough; the news of as, has rejoiced feveral ed it, and it will shortly h the medium of the

write so the minifers aliar privilege to correlate to be. You canme to hear of their go-Christ. Pray give my no party distinctions; es poor singers, is my time is coming, it is to pulled down, and all in this respect, thim

In this respect, thin the lee half a dozen must tions, engaging in the

fame fervice, with expressions of the most cordial affection to each other; men who, a few years ago, through bigotry, regarded each other as stern foes. The flame has reached Scotland also. Warm affection, lively zeal, and increasing spirituality have succeeded the frigid orthodoxy for which poor Scotland has of late years been too famous. There are many adversaries, but that must be expected.

Your favouitie, dear Rowland Hill, has been preaching at Edinburgh, Glafgow, &c. but you may suppose the Kirk doors were soon closed against him; so he took the right Methodist way of street and field preaching; and in his odd, good-natured way, he says, "Scotland has good churches and good parsons, but the worst of all is, the devil is their door-keeper." His labours have been eminently blessed, insomuch that many thousands in Edinburgh desired a place where such preaching might be continued to them. They engaged a spacious theatre, called the Circus, which is said to hold above seven thousand people; have constituted it on the Tabernacle plan, and have given it the new good name of "The Edinburgh Tabernacle;" and indeed Tabernacles are opening throughout Scotland. It may be necessary to acquaint you what is meant by the "Tabernacle plan"—It always supposes a regular minister, and arrariety of visiting ministers, with a hearty welcome to every minister who may occasionally be upon the spot. This plan affords variety, exhibits love, and destroys petty distinctions and party spirit.

Distracted Ireland has likewise had a call. In Dublin and other places, evangelical preachers meet with encouragement. Mr. Hill has been there; and Mr. Cooper, a zealous young man who is uncommonly popular, is now going; early the Lord go with him, and make him a blefing to any.

may the Lord go with him, and make him a bleffing to many.

You love anecdotes, I know; shall I give you are need to be an extensive the Rowland Hill was in Ireland last year, the Papista had resolved to murder him the next time he should preach out of doors. He was apprized of it, and his friends wished him to decline preaching. It was all to no purpose; come life or death, he declared he would preach. At the appointed time, thousands were assembled, vowing his destruction as soon as he should begin. They waited—no preacher appeared—their patience was almost exhausted. At last a man in a large coachman's coat mixed with the crowd—inquired what they were waiting for—told them he was forry should be disappointed—would try if he could preach;

but perhaps they would kill him? They applauded him affured him of protection-and he began .- It was Rowland Hill himfelf! and it is believed many were converted at that time. Methinks I hear you fay to this, Hallelujah, Praife the Lord.

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Our Bishops too are growing like good Bishop Burnet, and are charging their clergy to outlive, outpray, and out-preach us. To this I add my hearty Amen.

Though I can give you but an imperfect account of Missionary Concerns at prefent, it will gratify you to prefent you with an outline of their proceedings. You anxiously wait for an account of their voyage, and wish to know how they were received at Outlieite. Believe me, dear Sir, all has exceeded our molt frequine expectations. Their voyage was one unbroken chain of mercies! No fickness—no death no discontent. The remarkable providences they witnessed were so many and so great, that I know not what to record or what to omit. The elements were controlled for their askes; they experienced no storms F When under a vertical sun, they were screened from its scorching rays by intervening clouds, fuch as the failors declared they had never before witnessed. And when the ship returned home, her fails and rigging were in the best condition imaginable. One danger (and that a ferious one) they encountered near one of the South-Sen Islands. The ship struck upon a coral reef. which caused serious apprehensions; but the was got off without any injury, as they then supposed, though the bottom-being examined after she came home, it was this visited to be so toin by the tocks, that, had they me

You will easily recollect that we thought their chief difficulty would be in acquiring a knowledge of the Otaheitan language; but that Jehovah Jesus who seat them forth had provided interpreters beforehand. There were, on the different illands where Miffions were to be established, feverat European men, who had been thipwrecked at different times, and forme others, who, when this touched at the illands, had let the veffels, and concealed themselves among the natives: These men were highly serviceable.

Another difficulty we supposed would arise from the want of a dwelliing-place; for the females especially. Will it be sailed enthusian if I say, God had also built them a house

They applauded himoegan. -- It was Rowd many were converted fay to this, Hallelujah,

good Bishop Burnet, tlive, outpray, and outy Amen.

rfect account of Missionify you to prefent you. . You anxiously wait wish to know how they me, dear Sir, all has exns. Their voyage was sickness-no deathvidences they witnesfed now not what to record re controlled for their

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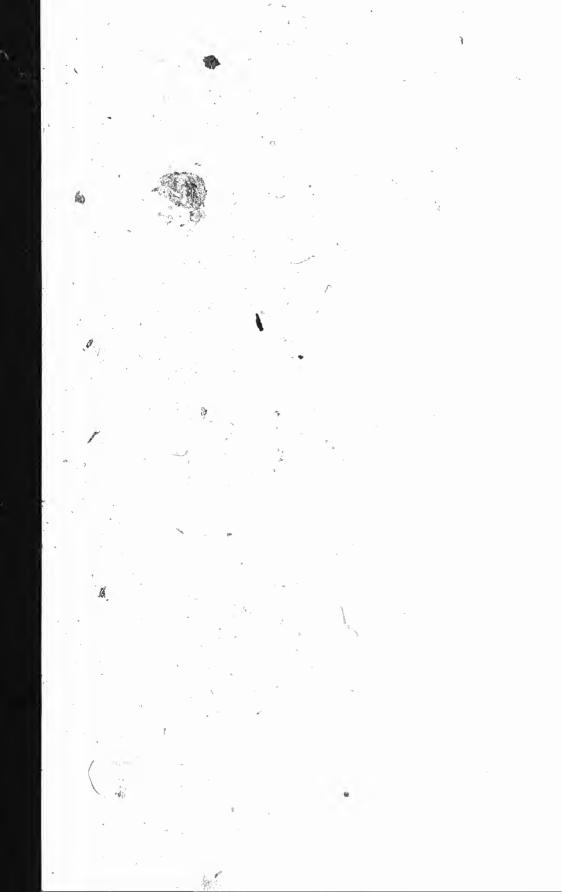
ought their chief diffiedge of the Otaheitan o feat them forth had ere were, on the differ established, feveral Euked at different times, ouched at the illands, mielves among the naable.

ald arife from the want especially. Will it b do built them a ho

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Tilly it cannot will not. Capt. Bligh vilited these islands feme few years fince; when he left them, so attached "were the Natives to him, that they would not part with him till they obtained an intimation that he might perhaps re-vifit them at a future period. Encouraged to expect him again, they fet about building a house for his reception, 100 feet long and 40 wide. It was just completed when the Mission ship arrived, and had been named, The Ringlish House. was fituated in a diffrict called Matavia, unquestionably the best part of the Island, and which the Society had enjoined the Millionarice to obtain a formal grant of, if possible. No fooner had they landed, and made their intentions of fettling upon the illand known, through the medium of these interpreters, than his Otaheitan Majesty made them a present of the house, and the whole district; and such was the care and attention of the Natives to the Missionaries, that they brought them every day a fufficient supply of provisions, and in all refp As studied their inclinations and necessities.

The wife of one of the Missionaries was delivered of a female child just before their arrival. When Pomanu (the King) faw the child, he was fo delighted with it, he would have it called, My Deedee Taheite, which is, The Otaheitan Child. The High Priest, who is cordially their friend, fays he is too old to learn himself, but is glad they are come to teach the people better; for that Pretanes (Britain's) God is the best in the world. My friend Mr. Cover preached the first sermon. Pomanu and his chiefs, with many of the peowell during fervice, and afterwards faid it was good-goodbut could not learn all at once-might he come again? The Natives alk, when they will throw away Pretanes tongue, and speak like them. The Missionaries have been honoured as the instruments of faving feveral lives which were devoted as human facrifices, and have obtained a folemn promife that that barbarous practice shall forever cease. Ten Missionaries are fettled at Tongataboo, and one at the Marquelas, by his own consent; indeed the Natives were fo fond of him that they would not part with him. Capt, Wilson re-visited each of the Missions previous to his return to England, I think nearly 5 months afterwards. Schools were then formed, and many children had acquired a complete knowledge of the alphabet, and every thing wore the most pleasing appearance. I have now to tell you that other Missions are prepared. The



Duff is again on her way to the South Seas. Mils Wilks is married to a Missionary, and they are gone in her for Otaheite. The liberality of the British Christians suffers no decay. I have seen a letter from one of the Missionaries, dated, I believe, from Plymouth, and he says, "if we stay here much longer, the Society had better fit out a fecond

thip to carry our flores."

Dr. Vanderkempt, a Dutch Physician of great erudinon and piety, came from Holland to offer himself as a Missionary, though in the decline of life. He brought a young Dutchman with him on the fame errand: they, with two Englishmen, form a Mission to the Chaffree Country in Africa; and are, if possible, to sketch to Madagascar also. These went out in a Convict ship from choice, hoping to be ferviceable to the poor wretches on their voyage, and took with them a great number of Bibles. These Missions failed in company with a great number of other ships under convoy. At first they had tolerable weather, but met with a terrible florm off the Madeiras. The ship in which Dr. Vanderkempt was, suffered prodigiously; the night was dreadful indeed; all the pumps were at work, and yet the water gained upon them. At last, the Captain; came to the Michonaries, and told them it was in vain to diffemble-all hope was over—and he every moment expected the ship would go down. The Missionaries were happy in God, and the young Dutchman came to Dr. Vanderkempt, and faid with great pleafure, "well Sir, the ship may go down, but out founda-tion cannot fick." They went to prayer and committed one another to God—it was then discovered that one of the portholes was open, and was the only cause of the ship's filling as foon as it was shut, they applied to the pumps with double alacrity, and by morning light were out of danger: and judge what must have been their pleasure, to see the little Dust close to them uninjured. This is the last intelligence we have received from them. I have now given you all the intelligence my paper will allow.

. May grace, mercy and peace rest upon you, with every May grace, mercy and peace the appearance were covenant mercy—fo prays yours affectionately, E. J. J.

14 he South Seas. Mifs Wilks is they are gone in her for Ota-British Christians suffers no from one of the Missionaries, uth, and he says, "if we stay ty had better fit out a fecond

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ace reft upon you, with every syours affectionately,
E. J. J. I have now given you all







