that on the Lee and Maid now in good running order, from this time will proceed

cts to have it completed in

ck made the third payment h group, a lot of six claims, i some time ago. Systematic d all winter.

en suspended on the Deer nter, but the bond has not The large quantity of ore makes it a tempting pro-Finch is disposed to give

rest has been aroused in the e discovery of a fine ledge on im lying southeast of the outh of the well known Lily the ore taken from the ledge attention. Some very good so been found on the East m lying near the Z lor. ft from the No. 1 tunnel of

in solid ore. There is ae side, but no wall has been her side, and the total width erefore unknown. There is the ore of the drift than has in No. 1 tunnel, but the gold

the War Eagle is down 55 andance of ore in sight. It ed about 100 feet further to will be intersected by No. ing rapidly driven A good made on the 1,800 foot tunthe Iron Mask, which when give the War Eagle a verti-400 feet. The showing on at the face of the long tuno be as great as ever.

f ore has been unexpect-the Le Roi. When what be the foot wall on the 350 accidentally broken into a ody was found on the other have an average width of et, and to extend all the way This adds very greatly b Le Roi. The ore in the of the shaft is now running

The prospecting diamond it side penetrated one strong passed through twenty feet mineralized the face of the

Tuesday came into a new Thursday the entire face of in ore. The chaft at the nnel is down sixty five feet of solid ore in the bottom great deal of quar'z in it but old. About 200 tons have n the shaf, the average gold according to smelter returns. ap of prospects in the south

jumped during the past two include the Nest Egg. the attle Brown, the Gopher and The result is that much been aroused and some demay be locked for on the als as well as courts of law. oner Firzitubbs arrived ng and his presence here just due to the epidemic of s broken loose. The mather lly serious ube be reached pretty soon. and out of the Slocan counting rapidly in the hands of lls & Northern Railroad. It th nearly all the product of s. as well as the bullion from melter, would go out over

ke deal was concluded in sek. Messre. Linnard, Johnon, of Vancouver, agreed to bipulated price, fifty one per ock of the Homestake comle a small cash payment. e placed in escrow to awais of the title of the property. irned to Rossland early in gin the erection of buildings In the meantime, however, been jumped. The specific hich it was jumped has not

Whatever it may be, the ked out the sale for the time y bitter feeling.

m the Prospector.) of fifty men, James Clark, contractor, is rapidly acwork that will make water

nd a reality. R. E Lee shipping mines in R E Lee in the Slocan pro-lead, and the R E Lee on luces gold and copper.

bonded the Annie group of outh Belt, four days ago for o-day received a telegram ment and development was xperts have pronounced the the best in the district. A let for sinking a shaft and rried on all winter.

coincidence that Johnny is awaiting trial on the ng Tom Thomas in the saloon onal botel, should have been in the dram; "The Tempperformed in the Rossland four nights previous to his yed the colored waiter a) the rry Griswold shoots Frank nel, and was most vociferous for them " not to shoot,"

Nakusp has been such a sucn Troup is about to try his which will exceed even the speed and magnificence. ich is to be built at Nakforerunner of a splendid ater lake boats, for which ple business when the Kooreally opened up.

Nov. 27 - (Special) - The hose licenses were suspended trials began, had them reon presenting to the court a that they had paid the finer revenue board. The board ed that the government acall the prisoners now underfor amuggling. The recomboard meets with the spvernment. The only ques-much the board will accept he prisoners will be willing liberty.

# Colonist.

(SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION.)

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY DECEMBER 5 1895.

VOLUME XXXVII. NO. 63

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Advent Services at Westminster Indications of Winter-Aspirants for Civic Honors.

Returns for the Month-Last Honors to an Indian Missionary -Mining.

(Special to the COLONIET.)

VANCOUVER. VANCOUVER, Dec. 2. - The mountains across Burrard Inlet have put on their mantle of snow and have entirely changed the picturesque scene from the waterfront. It is said that Messrs. N. C. Schou, reeve

of Burnaby; J. J. Banfield, real estate and incurance agent; and R. Welsh, wholesale flour and feed merchant, are seeking alder-manic honors in ward 2. All the members of the present council will seek re-election. In Mount Pleasant there are said to be a dozen aspirants for municipal recognition. The property owners' organization are put-ting in the field ten intelligent, conscientious men of mederate means and good reputation, and it is conceded by some that in many of the wards their candidates will be elected. Nine was the natural increase in population last month. There were 23 births, 9 marriages and 14 deaths.

VANCOUVER, Dec. 3 .- An applicant for an the usual question, "Where are the remains?" the applicant held up a good sized the properties in circulation that the Silverton gate \$418,091,073. The appropriations for the present year amounted to the present year amounted to \$492,763,264. bundle he had been carrying under his arm

and answered "Here!" It is probable that from the first of the splendid showing in the mine, and they in year dwelling houses will pay \$9 per annum tend shipping 200 sacks of ore as soon as for water, and \$1 a quarter will be paid for

George Cassidy yesterday. The horse of Mr. away and Mrs. Cassidy was thrown violently to the ground. Mrs. Cassidy was badly bruised.

The Women's Council has invited the public to a meeting to be held in the Art and Scientific Society's rooms, to consider the best "ways and means" to help the day. This mine will ship ten thousand tons poor of Vancouver. Baron De Batz, accompanien by Baron De

Morney, are on their way from New York to Cariboo. They represent a French syndicate that has acquired valuable property at the gold fields. The customs returns show an increase in

November over the corresponding month last year of \$3 205 93 and the inland revenue an increase of \$1,483 45. Manager Kent says that a telephone line is to be built between Trail and Rossland

The Walla Walla arrived yesterday with 64 tons of mixed freight. The city council has granted G. F. Monok-top the use of the say heal to give lectures

Mr. de Wolf deposited a check for \$1,000 with the council before the present electric light contract was closed, as a guarantee of good faith, stating that he would light the city more cheaply than the Western Co. The council, however, closed with the Western Company and returned Mr. de Wolf his

a lessee for the market.

give a series of addresses to men only in Holy Trinity.

The funeral of the late Mr. D. S. Milligan was very largely attended. The I O. Wells, Chilliwack; E. Miller, Vancouver; J. Thompson, Lulu Island; Capt. Baker, J. B. Kennedy, M.P.P.; and W. J. Ma-

WESTMINSTER, Dec. 3.—The exports for November were \$167,979 and the imports \$21,237, while the duty collected was \$5,-

There were 15 births, 4 deaths and 8 marriages during Novomber. St. Bartholomew's hospital, at Lytton, for

Indians, is to be enlarged and financially aided to enable the authorities to accommodate white as well as Indian patients. James Johnson and B. W. Shiles have been nominated for mayor. For aldermen, the following have been formally proposed:
D. Baio, R. Buckland, W. H. Burr, J. A.
Calbeck, B. Douglas, W. E Fales, J. J.
Forester, C. W. Gillanders, W. A. Hand cock, A. E. B. Hill, A. J. Holmes, J. Jaggers, W. Keary, G. Munday, T. Owens, W. Summers and A. E. Woods.

Chief Justice Davie is attending to judicial duties on the Mainland.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Dec. 2.—Old Amos Cushan, for twenty-five years or more a native Indian missionary at Nanaimo, died on Friday night and was buried Saturday afternoon in the Mission cemetery. The funeral service was read by Rev. C. M. Tate, of Victoria, district superintendent of missions, assisted by Rev. Messrs. Wilkinson and Maitland. Rev. Mr. Gunton, of the First Baptist church, officiated at a marriage ceremony on Saturday afternoon, the contracting parties being Mr. Jas. Nixon, storekeeper of the E & N railway at Victoria, and Miss Edith McDonald, daughter of Mr. K C. ed out in the midst of a brisk fusilade of fog signals.

The nominations for mayor and aldermen will take place at Wellington on December 14 and the elections on the 21st. The customs returns for the past month wore \$6 870 40. There were 11 cases in the

city police court during the month and 28 in the district court. During November there were 19 births, 3 marriages and 6 On December 14 the corner stone of the new Methodist church will be laid with full

Masonic rites by Grand Master Workman Lacey R Johnson, of Vancouver.

A seam of coal is said to have been distouse any other."

cove ed on the R & N. lands, running in the dissetten of Southfield. From present as they are in religion.

thick, but is expected to appear much larger thick, but is expected to appear much larger as it dips.
The funeral of Donald Smith took place yesterday and was followed by the A. O. U. W., Legion of Honor, horpital board and a large concourse of acquaintances.
Mrs. E. Patten left last Friday to join Mr. Patton in Alberni, where the latter has rome into hustness. The mambers of St.

gene into business. The members of St.
Matthew's choir presented Mrs. Patten with
a handsome purse as a slight token of their

NANAIMO, Dec. 3.—Bering operations up on the Gabriola Coal Company's property were started on Saturday morning, the men working one shift a day and attaining in that time the depth of 20 feet. The drill is at present working in dark blue shale. City Clerk Gough and his assistant were

busy yesterday taking in taxes. About one dozen lots will be sold shortly under the speedily paid. As a rule owners have paid up well

The Citizona party have chosen as candidates for aldermanic honors in the South ward Joseph Martell, Ald. Bradley and Ald. McDonald. At the council meeting last night Ald.
Davison introduced a by law fixing the price
to be paid the water works company for

their plant. The by-law was rushed through

its first and second readings, but in commit-

NEW DENVER.

tee a dead-lock ensued.

(From the Ledge.) A crown grant for the Loudoun mineral infant's burial certificate appeared at the built, has been received by Harris & Sprout. road to that point.

Boys from the Exchange mine report a About thirty tons of ore have been ship.

The Kalispell mine on the Lemon creek divide will work this winter, and it is also expected that some work will be done on

next year. creased now that the desired snow har come.

The Mountain Chief is very actively en-PASSAGE OF DARDANELLES.

Russia Withdraws Her Claim to Have a Second Guardship Admitted.

The Sultan in Hourly Fear of Depo sition—The Cause of His Obstinacy.

patch from Berlin which reports that the

News says that the German ironclad Hagen has been ordered to Turkish waters.

The Chronicle says that the British Con sul at Meech reports to the foreign office tain our position with firmness and self-O. F. was well represented. A large number that the relief work at Sasseun is at a stand of prominent citizens were present at the still and that the country is in so disturbed a condition that caravans are not able to that the relief work at Sassoun is at a stand

The Standard's Vienna corresponden telegraphs that he learns from a trustworthy source in Constantinople that the Sultan is in hearly fear of deposition His courtiers warn him that the powers have decided upon this action, and that cus, ex-speaker Crisp was neminated for a they want the second guardship admitted to the Dardanelles in order to provide the secessary force to carry it out.

### BONDING PRIVILEGES.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.-It is believed here that the withdrawal by the Canadian aubait and supplies in Canadian waters, may lead to reprisals at the hands of congress, for it has been contended all along that the privilege enjoyed by the Canadian railroade of carrying goods in bond through the United States was more than a sufficient off-set to the favors extended to American al duties on the Mainland.

The by law to do away with the mayor's Canadian government has not yet been salary has been withdrawn in the city officially reported to the state department; council. the purpose of Canada to emphasize the necessity for the renewal of negotiations looking to a new fisheries treaty.

### REFUSES TO PAY TAXES.

London, Nov. 30 -Mr. W. K. Vander bilt, as lessee of one of Lord Lovat's deer forests, refuses to pay the county taxes. At the last meeting of the Inverness county council a letter from Mr. Vanderbilt was read in which he complains that he is continually annoyed by claims for occupancy taxes and that he is resolved to pay no more attention to them in future. The etter created much amusement in the ccua-McDonald of this city. At the depot a flag cil, and after the matter had been dis was flying in honor of the occasion, and the cussed it was resolved to take the cussed it was resolved to take the usual steps to bring about the covery of the amount of the taxes claimed to be due. Truth, discussing the matter, says it presumes all delinquent taxpayers " are continually annoyed " until they pay.

NONE BETTER KNOWN. MONE BETTER KNOWN.

There is no better known traveller in the Maritime Provinces than Mr. G. Fred Anderson, the popular representative of Messrs. T. S. Simms & Co., St. John, N.B. Speaking of Norway Pine Syrus, Mr. Anderson says: "It is the best cough cure I have ever used and I prefer it to any other. I have given it to friends of mine and it cures every time. It would be a difficult matter now to induce me to use any other."

Wrong principles are as wrong in politics

U. S. CONGRESS.

dent's Message to Come Down To-day, Tuesday.

Party Caucuses - The Republicans Withdrawal of the "Dryad" to Avoid Nominate Hon. Thomas Reed for the Speakership,

Washington, Dec. 2. - Vice-President

reorganization of the senate. The usual message was sent by both houses to the President informing him of their meeting, but the message of the President will not be received until to morrow. After the reading of the President's message the house will probably adjourn until Thursday, convening on Thursday to adjourn immediately until Monday. These adjournments will continue probably until the committees claim, upon which the city of Sandon is are announced. The secretary of the city of Sandon is are announced. The secretary of the city of Sandon is A report is in circulation that the Kaslo | year ending June 30, 1897, furnished by the

the present year amounted to \$422,753,264.
The Republicans of the house of representagives met in caucus on Saturday night and unanimously nominated ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, for speaker of the Fifty-fourth congress, Hon. Galusha Grow, who was speaker of the house in 1859, presented Mr. Reed's name, and the nomintion was made by a rising vote amid cheers. Mr. Grow, Mr. Cannon and Mr. Payne es-corted Mr Reed to the hall, and when the subsided he made a brief speech of accept-

In the course of his remarks Mr. Reed said: "We must not forget that our first The force on the Deadman will be in. and greatest duty is to do all we can to restore confidence to the business, and that we must avoid all business legislation except in the direction of improved business. Rather than run risks we can afford to wait until well matured plans give us assurances of permanent benefit. Crude and hasty legslation is above all things to be shunned. Could we cause our immense popular major-ity to overflow into the other branches of the government, and could we have full control, we would create, not a

the government, and could we perfect world perhaps, but a world rather more fit to live in than we have lately had.

Even as thives are, I do not for a moment
doubt that patriotic instincts will lead us to
make every sacrifice except of principle to rescue our country from its temporary dis-

"'Not only have we been elected by the London, Dec. 3.—The Times prints a discoverwhelming vote of the people as their servants, but as the house of representatives, Frankfurter Zeitung's Constantinople cor- initiate taxation for the people is by the conof which we are the majority, the right to according to our sense of duty, no man can doubt. This is the great nation of this hemisphere, and while we have no desire to interfere with other nations, we shall mainrespect, and at the same time with careful a condition that caravans are not able to leave Moosh for Sassoun.

| Stitl and the output is in so disturbed action which shall leave no bad question to trouble our future. In this I trust the leave not shall leave no bad question to trouble our future. In this I trust the leave output is personally responsible for the whole series and their three little children, one an infant, of massacres. He explains that the late output is not all the state of the state of the state output is not all the state output in the late output is not all the state output in the late output in the late output is not all the state output in the late out whole government and all its branches will be in accord with each other and with the

At the caucus held by 62 members of the Democratic minority assembled in causecond term in that office, the nomination being made by Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, the nomination being unanimously en-

Mr. Richardson spoke of the election of Mr. Crisp to the speaker hip of, the Fiftysecond congress by the 240 Democrats after a sharp and brilliant contest, of his election second time by the 215 Democrate of the thorities of the right exercised by American fishermen for seven years past of buying a third time to bonor him, "a small band of struggling patriots, with full knowledge that the declaration will be imposent. Why," he continued, "this is not the occasion or place to inquire. I believe it is not because any great number of those who have heretofore followed the Democratic standard have deserted their flag. Our party has heretofore buried in forgotten graves every political organization that ever contended against it, and we have an abiding faith that it will do the same with its pres ent great rival. To do so all strife should cease in our own family, and we should choose as leaders in all the states and districts such fearless and patriotic Democrats as the gentlemen we are about to nominate We should inscribe on our banner the policy and principles of the great triumphant Democracy, lay aside all new-fangled doc trines, and continue the battle for a reduction of the taxation of the people; to give them cheaper clothing and supplies to broaden and make better markets for the products of our farms and manufactories; to reduce the public expense; for greater simplicity in our national affairs; for home rule and self government; for an ample circulating medium for our trade and comcoinage of our constitution, and then the Democracy will be again triumphant and the country will be redeemed and regener-

Mr. Crisp responded briefly, expressing his thanks. The best of feeting prevailed, and there was no tendency to bring the financial question forward, although the gold and silver leaders were both present.

AMHERST, Dec. 2 -A fire yesterday broke out in the Sentinel newspaper office and spreading to the adjoining stores did \$20,000 damage. The principal loser is A. D.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

NO BACK DOWN.

Opening of the Session-The Presi-Great Britain Determined, if Need Be, to Force the Dardanelles Passage.

> if Possible Further Fanatical Outbreaks.

Constantinople, Dec. 2.—The Palace Stevenson called the senate to order this af- party are jubilant over the impression which ternoon and greeted his colleagues in a happy has been created by the temporary withspeech of welcome. After prayer by Chap- draws of H. M. S. Dryad, that the Sultan speech of welcome. After prayer by Chap-drawal of H. M. S. Dryad, that the Sultan of a government, backed with a strong lain Milburn the roll call was ordered. The has gained a victory over the powers. It swearing in of the newly elected senators oc-cupied but a short time, and an early ad-gunboat was only a temporary step taken its disposal, to take some steps in the direc-tion of bringing about a better state of reladelinquent tax by law, unless the taxes are cupied but a short time, and an early ad gunboat was only a temporary step taken journment was taken to allow the majority because the fanaticism of the Mussulman journment was taken to allow the majority because the fanaticism of the Mussulman (Cheers) If we can do anything to members to hold a caucus, called for this population had induced them to plan a strengthen the site which bind us together, afternoon, and determine upon plans for the rising so soon as the warships should enter to remove obstacles which still separate us. the Bosphorous. In view, however, of the some future time the Mother Country and Sultan's continued objection to granting the the colonies should desire a closer union—if permission asked for, the Ambassadors have we can take some steps in this direction, we arranged for a meeting to consider the shall not only be doing something to bring situation, as while desirous of avoiding any us nearer to a great and glorious goal, but thing that would in any way tend to induce every step that we can take will bring its disturbences or hinder the work of restoring immediate reward in opening to us new

order, the powers are unanimously resolved means of communication and new outlets for to insist upon their demands for extra our industries to the colony to which that guardships. In consequence the action as step applies. (Cheers ) It is in this directhe Palace party renders matters exceedingly tion that the government of which I have difficult to deal with as to demonstrate that the honor of being a member hopes and inthe Sultan has not won his boasted victory is almost certain to cause a reaction which might lead to an outbreak, and therefore if action is taken it should be the combined berlain—it is in the direction of improving action of the powers and not the isolated our relations with our self-governing colonies that he and we hope to be able to quently importuned for an expression re-

A gentleman attached to one of the embassies, when the above view of the latest developments in the situation was placed before him, said he would not be astonished cheering which greeted his appearance had if the Turkish officials were right, but he wherever their empire had extended, of added that it looked as if Great Britain's bject in sending the Dryad to the Dardanelles was to show the Sultan, and the powers as well, that, while being desirous of

here to-day by a report that the ex-Sultan Mohammed Murad, who was deposed on grounds of idlocy in August, 1876, had essaned from Yildiz Kiosk

From the provinces there was not much ews forthcoming to-day. The Turkish officials are apparently doing everything possible to suppress any facts except those which are favorable to the government. The utmost secrecy is observed as to the movements of the troops operating against Zei-

The aring upon the British ship Loch Rannoch, in the Dardanelles, is said by Turkish officials to be a matter of little importance and easily explained. They say the Loch Rannoch arrived after sundown, and instead of anchoring attempted to pro-ceed and was signalled to bring up from

### THREE CHILDREN CREMATED.

fire fatality is reported from Gladstone. At question, which has been the great a point about fourteen miles north of the attraction in politics throughout the week. consideration of facts and conservatism of village lived the family of farmer Gangel. that he has ample evidence that the Sultan the second about two years old and the rages commenced as soon as the Sultan third four years old, were cremated. Mrs. Gangel on Saturday night left her little ones yets, giving Christians rights that depended in the house alone while she went some dis-tance away to milk the cows. While she was away the children began playing with burning splinters from the stove and set the house on fire. Two children were burned to a crisp. The eldest child, a girl, was so as systematically as it is possible for the frightfully burned that all attempts to save her life were unavailing. After lingering through the night she died early on Sunday morning. Mrs. Gangel is in a frantic state. Lord and Lady Aberdeen leave Winnipeg for Ottawa to morrow morning. To day they visited the Indian school at St. Pauls, and sfeerwards His Excellency addressed the medical students of the city. This evening the Earl of Aberdeen was the guest of ner at the annual banquet of St. Andrew's

The civic nominations took place to-day at Calgary. A. McBride and W. F. Orr are candidates for the mayoralty. To morrow the nominations take place in all the Manitoba municipalities with the exception of Winnipeg.

Joseph Hicks, a resident of this city, was

found dead in his bed.
S. J. Jackson has been nominated as a andidate for the representation of Rockwood in the legislative assembly. At the convention resolutions approving of the Mantoba government's attitude on the school question were unanimously passed.

### COLONIAL POLICY. (From the Canadian Gazette, November 14.)

Speaking at the Cutler's feast at Sheffield

ast Thursday the Dake of Devonshire gave further indication of the serious purpose which Lord Salisbury's government has in merce; for sound money, the gold and silver view in its colonial policy. He said: One Turkish forts. The rumor cannot be concause, no doubt, which has checked and hin- firmed. dered our commercial and industrial prosperity has been the protective policy pursued by foreign countries. (Cheers) As a free trader—and I do not hesitate to say that I am still a free trader (bear, hear)—I believe Berne, and sold diplomas to people who more than they injure us by their protective and hostile tariffe; but, whatever may be that their commercial policy has checked to six years in state prison. The seal, unand hindered the progress of our industries ifortunately, was not found, and he is at his and hindered the progress of our industries (Hear, hear.) I am afraid I cannot give my adhesion to the policy which I think one of my friends here—one of your representatives—would advocate in order to resist this system of commercial warfare. But there are large portions of the world which are or commercial warfare. But there are large portions of the world which are or commercial warfare. But there were large portions of the world which are or commercial warfare. But there were large portions of the world which are or commercial warfare, but there were large portions of the world which are or commercial warfare. But there were large portions of the world which are or commercial warfare, but there were large portions of the world which are or commercial warfare. But there were large portions of the world warfare or commercial warfare warfare

for our industries and commerce. (Hear, hear.) From our great self-governing colonies we have not always received all the encouragement and assistance which we might expect. (Hear, hear.) It is quite true, I believe, that in the greater number of cases.

—Lively Times in North the colonial tariffs are framed rather with respect to revenue than for protective purposes; but for whotever purpose they have been framed, they have the tendency of restricting and impeding the full freedom of our commercial intercourse with them. BETTER RELATIONS WITH THE COLONIES.

We have in our colonial system no right and no desire to meddle in the slightest degree with the commercial policy which any of our self-governing colonies may think it right to adopt, but it may be in the power tions between ourselves and our colonies. tends to move. It is in this direction that make some progress. (Cheers.) With regarding the question of annexation and gard to our crown colonies, for the policy of other subjects of diplomatic intercourse beshould be done by the warships of all the powers interested, was the original understanding, but Great Britain, it appears, was not disposed to delay matters beyond a certain point.

The passage of the Dardanelies be torced in make some progress. (Uneers.) With regard to our crown colonies, for the policy of which we are directly responsible, the policy of the present government has been still more fully explained. Within a very few weeks of his accession to office Mr. Chamberlain spoke of these vast possessions of the crewn, and compared them to the empire of the Romans. He reminded us of the traces which the Romans had left, public works and roads and harbors and other means of communication, and he appealed to the public opinion of this country to aid the government in the development of acting in accord with the powers, Her Majesty's government was prepared to act alone, if compelled to do so.

In accord with the powers, Her has given further development to those ideas in a speech which probably most of you here authorized by his government to pro-A great deal of excitement was caused have read, and which he delivered only yes-

### A BRUTAL MURDERER.

Be a Reproach to Humanity.

Personally Responsible for the Entire Series of Massacres-Ten Thousand Persons Slain.

true, Abdul Hamid must have made huge profits within the past two weeks merely on the movements of funds which attended the WINNIPEG, Dec. 2. - (Special) - A shocking various phases of the extra guardshipe accepted the reforms applying to six vila on their numbers. The massacres have been chiefly confined to these vilayets, the object being to reduce the number of Christians as to give them no claim to any influ ence. The work of extermination proceed Turkish authorities to carry it on. Both the Kurds and the troops are acting under the orders of the authorities in the work of pillage and murder. The correspondent intimates that 10,000 persons were massacred between November 18 and 25 while the Sultan was posing before Europe as being desirous of effecting reforms and as being benevolently inclined towards the Armenians.

Commenting upon the matter furnished by its correspondent, the Speaker says that among the brutal murderers who are engaged in wiping out the Armenians there i not one so brutal and criminal as the wretch Abdul Hamid, whose very existence is a reproach to humanity. In the civilized world the papers look on with no stronger feeling than tepid disapproval, while the monster who owes his power to the protection of Great Britain, consummates a relief that in consummates a crime that is almost without paralel. Sofia, Nov. 30 -A letter which has been

seeived here from Melnik, Macedonis, describes an attack which a mob of riotous Turks recently made upon the Christian inhabitants of the village of Katunitza upon the occasion of the feast day of St. Petka. The Christians were beaten and plundered and one of them was killed. The population of that district is said to be in a state of

PARIS, Nov. 30 —A report is current that a British warship has passed through the Dardanelles, and that while making the inward passage she was fired upon by the big

am still a free trader (hear, hear)—I believe Berne, and sold diplomas to people who that foreign countries in jure themselves still wished to pass for medical men without the trouble of studying. Gantling amassed a fortune in this way, but fell into the hands the effect of those tariffs, there is no doubt of the authorities at last, and was sentenced

### CAPITAL NOTES.

Ontario.

The Government Candidates Likely to Be Elected-An Old Fashioned Snow Storm.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Dec. 2.-Hen. Messrs. Foster and Montague will open the Cardwell cam paign on Thursday of this week. Next week Hon. Messrs. Costigan, Fester, Haggart and Montague will address meetings in North Ontario, where the fight is getting

Ottawa was treated to an old fashion mow storm to-day.

Andrew Holland, Senate reporter, leaves or Australia next week via Victoria. Hon. J. F. Wood has returned from North Ontario. He thinks that McGilivray will be elected by a large majority.

### HAWAHAN ANNEXATION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Francis M. Hatch, the new Hawaiian minister who has just arrived here, says: "My government desires me to be particularly cantious in my utterances about the relations between Hawaii and the United States. Since I landed at San Frencisco I have been fretween the two governments. I was compelled to refuse an expression and shall have to adhere to that plan until I have formally presented myself to Secretary Olney. have noticed a very friendly feeling toward the government I represent in the papers of the United States, and I regret that I cannot oblige the press at this time with some

statement. When asked if there had been a change one way or the other in the annexation feeling at Honolulu, Mr. Hatch replied caumote the cause of annexation in every pro-per way. Mr. Castle said he would leave for New York as soon as he can present his compliments to Secretary Olney, and after a short visit to the East would sail for Hon-The Sultan's Existence Declared to during his brief sojourn at the capital.

### IN REPUBLICAN HANDS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.-The house of representatives passed into the control to-day of the Republicans, and Thomas Brackett Reed, of Maine, again assumed the speaker's gavel. The house simply organized, adopted the usual resolutions to notify the President London, Nov. 30—The suggestion is published here to-day that the Sultan has a few brokers operating on the different foreign The council have decided to advertise for a lessee for the market.

WESTMINSTER.

Frankfurter Zeitung's Constantinople our proposed in response to the Sultitation placed in our hands as a sacred trust which we have no right to surrender, and which all parties, however they differ on other things, will assuredly maintain. That we shall be ready at all times to furnished more or less than a wad from the signal gun.

Frankfurter Zeitung's Constantinople our presentation for the people is by the constitution placed in our hands as a sacred trust which we have no right to surrender, and which all parties, however they differ on other things, will assuredly maintain. That we shall be ready at all times to furnished more or less than a wad from the signal gun.

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Frankfurter Zeitung's Constantinople our initiate taxation for the people is by the constitution placed in our hands as a sacred trust which we have no right to surrender, and which all parties, however they differ to have whistled over the eaptain of the Looh Rannoch let her anchor go. The shell which is said trust which we have made the constantinople our initiate taxation for the people is by the constantinople our state of the full of good feeling, but non-committal as to the head of the maintain. The people is by the constantinople our state of the state of the state of the said trust which we have made the decided to advertise for the people is by the constantinople our state of the people is by the constantinople our state of the people is by the constantinople our state of the people is by the constantinople our state of the people is by the constantinople our state of the people is by the constantinople our stat upon the leader of the majority, which is taken to mean that he is to be chairman of the ways and means committee and the recognized leader of the Republicans on the

> Right Hon. Spencer Horatio Walpole, who as just completed his ninetieth year, was three times home secretary under Lord Derby, and has drawn a political pension of \$28,000 a year for over twenty-eight years. His wife was the daughter of S Perceval, who was shot while prime minister



Result of a Neglected Cold. DISEASED LUNGS

Which Doctors Failed to Help, CURED BY TAKING YER'S Cherry Pectoral.

"I contracted a severe cold, which settled on my lungs, and I did what is often done in such cases, neglected it, thinking it would go away as it came; but I found, after a fittle while, that the slightest exertion pained me. I then

Consulted a Doctor

who found, on examining my lungs, that the upper part of the left one was badly affected. He gave me some medicine which I took as directed, but it did not seem to do any good. Fortunately, I happened to read in Ayer's Almanac, of the effect that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral had on others, and I determined to give its trial. After taking a few doses my trouble was relieved, and before I had finished the bottle I was cured."—A. LEFLAR, watchmaker, Orangeville, Ont.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Highest Awards at World's Fair

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1895,

CHEERING ACCOUNTS.

and Cardwell, and their confidence becomes stronger as the time appointed for the electronger as spects in North Ontario are most cheering. pointment at the results of the canvas in that riding. The Premier himself declared the other day that he had the most positive there was every prospect that Cardwell, which is one of the most uncompromisingly Conservative counties in Ontario, will be true to its political record. The nomination

of Ontario to awallow.

A WIDE DIFFERENCE.

Those who read the speech lately delivered by Mr. Reed, who was at the time nominee for the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives, should not for a moment forget that there is a very great difference between the political status of the Speaker of required, they would, he argued, have tives and that of the Speaker of the British House of Commons. The American Speaker is confessedly a partisan. He is, in fact, a political leader, and he exercises his functions with the view of successfully carrying out the policy of his party, and of in other ways promoting its interests. As a matter of fact Mr. Reed is the leader of the Republican party in the House of Representatives and he is looked upon as such by both friends and opponents.

The Speaker of the British House of Commons becomes non-partisan the moment he accepts his chair of office. He has nothing to do with the policy of any party. He is supposed to be wholly ignorant of the tactics of one party or the other. He is simply the presiding officer of the House, bound to de justice to all its members no matter to what party they may belong. What happened the other day in the British House of Commons could not under any circumstance happen in the United States House of Representatives. A sweeping majority, fresh from the country and flushed with victory, chose as Speaker of the House a political opponent and one who had been elected by the defeated party not even submit the Dominion Gevernment's tisan grounds. The Republican who should propose to elect Mr. Crisp to the office of Speaker would be regarded by both the minion Government, and had made up their members of the House and by the politicians throughout the country as a fit candidate for cratic Speaker of the late House. Yet this to their earnest and friendly request before other day in the British House of Commons, not only with the consent but with the loudly expressed approval of men of all par-

The speech made by Mr. Reed the other day to the Republican representatives would as being delivered by a candidate for the office of Speaker be regarded in England as in ial are matters of the deepest concern and the highest degree absurd; but in the United States it is no doubt looked upon as a at large, and it is a matter of the utmost improper and a statesmanlike utterance. Such a speech at such a time would laws which prevail in any portion of the Do-Such a speech at such a time would become a British or a Canadian complaint of oppression or injustice to any Premier. It was evidently an authorita- class or portion of the people, but should be tive exposition of the policy of his party and no one in either Great Britain or Canada and equality, especially in all matters relating to religion and to religious belief and in the policy of his party recognized as establishing perfect freedom sia jurisdiction over Behring Sea. The Arbitration decided that Russia had no such ing to religion and to religious belief and is entitled to make such an exposition but practice. And the committee, therefore, the leader of the dominant party. And that humbly advise that Your Excellency may is precisely what Mr. Reed is. That he join with them in expressing the most earnis regarded as such by opponents as well as est hope that the Legislature of Manitoba friends may be seen by the following extract earliest possible moment, the complaints from a leading article of the New York which are set forth in this petition, and Times, a leading Democratic newspaper. which are said to create dissatisfaction It said on the 27th ult.:

"What Mr. Reed has to as to the policy of the Repub. give redress in all the matters in relation to lican party in the next Congress which any wen-rounded compance be ascertained to exist. must necessarily be interesting. He will be the Speaker of the House and, within certain conventional lines, have the shaping of make-up of the committees. Not only that, but he is far and away the strongest man in the party in that body, easily, naturally and completely its leader. This recognised leadership he owes to ability and long ex. principles of the legislation complained of." President says nothing about the Monroe perience, and to a certain happy combination of qualities that has secured him at once affection and respect, with a touch of occasion to criticise Mr. Reed sometimes with severity, but we have always been impressed with the steady growth of his influ. ence and have enjoyed the study of the man all the more because he stands out against such a weary waste of commonplace in the

The position of Mr. Reed as leader of the Republican party gives weight to the words he uttered on the eve of his election to the speakership. It will have to be admitted that the policy which he outlined is a wise policy, and that if it is carried out by his party it will confer very great beneparty it will confer very great bene-States. "We must not," he said, "formend the federal policy advocated by Mr. from the United States or any other nation.

timely, and it seemed to us as we read the admirable policy was the one sessally purprecisely the advice which Mr. Cleveland showed that a most conciliatory message, The supporters of the Government in the divise and export the minimum on the supporters of the Government in the Government in the supporters of the Government in the Governm business has been a policy of prudence. He has done what he could be restore confidence to I showed that the first meeting of the legis-The Opposition cannot conceal their disap. by men who should have given him loyal few weeks after the judgment of the Privy

THE "SUNNY WAY" TRIED.

that there is nothing in them, and Laurier's the grievances of the denominational minorspects too unsavory for the honest yeomen substance of the remedial order as with its challenged to issue a remedial order. form. He believes that the Dominion Govtoba Government had been coaxed instead ness.

> the course that the Dominion Government United States are neither many nor serious. did pursue. Yet he must have known that There can hardly be said to be any dispute

most likely settled the difficulty without

any further agitation.

the Province. They evidently considered minds to make the most of their advantage.

them. They knew perfectly well how the Greenway Government felt on the subject, and they knew, too, how that Government would receive any request to grant concessions to the minority. Here is an extract from the order in council which was passed at Obtawa on the 26th of July, 1894:

minion, should not be such as to occasion

among the Roman Catholics, not only in Manitoba · · · but likewise throughout say Canada, and may take speedy measures to which any well-founded complaint or griev-

The reader sees that there is nothing the members of the Manitoba government. meridian line being removed or-fight. Yet the only reply given to it was: "The

minority made by the Dominion Govern the passage relating to the Venezuelan disfear in the respect. We have had ment to the Greenway Administration, yet pute. But he does say in effect that Vene-

> have been published in Manitoba and On. principle, it will have enough to do, for tario newspapers shows very clearly that the great Powers are continually taking adthe policy which Mr. Laurier condemns the vantage of their strength to obtain from the very policy they followed with respect to from nations that are their match from a the Manitoba school question. In a resume physical point of view. We are not sure

fits on the people of the United

States "We must not" be said "for a number of sources.

States "We must not" be said "for a number of sources.

States "We must not" be said "for a number of sources.

States "We must not" be said "for a number of sources.

proved business." He deprecated haste and curve into the complaints of the minority and to remedy any grievance found to exist. I submitted facts at the same time which I think conclusively establish that this most abstract of Mr. Reed's speech that it was sued by the Dominion Government. I Eastern provinces are sanguine as to the result of the by-elections in North Ontario

Advise and exhort the majority in the House of Representatives. His policy as regards by the Federal Government to that of Mr. restored long ago had he not been thwarted livery would be the most opportune-just a assurance that the Government candidate active and influential members of his own in Cardwell would support the party.

I showed that inspead of promptly procedure ing that message of peace on an occasion so timely, to the body for which it was special-party. ly intended, the provincial government never delivered it at all. I showed that at the same time the government of Mr. Green-Mr. Laurier, in his Ontario tour, blamed the Dominion Government for being rough way, on the very opening day of the house, while at last fully admitting the authority in that county takes place on the 17th inst., and peremptory with Manitoba. They ought, while anticipating the issue of a remedial he averred, to have been more gentle and order demanding a modification of the law, set, and then they were not on bedrock, nor It is said, too, that Mr. Laurier's last considerate. They should have clothed their formally and officially announced that speechifying tour in Ontario has weakened expostulations and remonstrances in the mild. whether such an order were made or not it rush of water. A set is 10 feet in length the Liberal cause in that Province greatly. est and most agreeable terms possible. It The Liberals have come to estimate Mr.

Laurier's speeches at their true value. They
see, and in private do not hesitate to declare,

upon the Manitoba Government to redress

est and most agreeable terms possible. It ernment to make no concessions. I showed, in fact, that Mr. Greenway's government to make no concessions. I showed, in fact, that Mr. Greenway's government as high, and some are larger, but that is the adopted the most curt and offensive way upon the Manitoba Government to redress

est and most agreeable terms possible. It ernment to make no concessions. I showed, in fact, that Mr. Greenway's government as high, and some tunnels are not so wide by in fact, that Mr. Greenway's government as high, and some are larger, but that is the usual size of drifts. Away out in Jack of Clubs lake as far as you can reach bottom advances towards a settlement in the form Tarte is altogether too sour and in other relity. He did not find fault as much with the government at Ottawa was practically that Mr. Laurier would suggest, and that

The impartial reader will, we think, come ernment should have appealed to the to the conclusion that Mr. Fisher has very Manitoba authorities on behalf of the ag. effectively disposed of the Leader of the they lost the pay, and many believe that the grieved minority, and he cited a very Opposition's accusation that the Dominion gold lies in a higher channel, which belief ancient fable to convince his hearers that if Government has tried to bully the Manitoba the appeal had been made in the shape of a Ministers and the Manitoba Legislature ingentle request instead of a formal order it to treating the denominational minority of would have been successful. If the Mani- that province with consideration and fair-

INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES.

It must strike the attentive reader of the Mr. Laurier never by the slightest hint President's message that the questions in showed that he knew that this was exactly dispute between Great Britain and the rock on this stream is 285 feet below they had approached the Manitoba Governe with respect to the Behring Sea question. deep at the entrance to the course this was never known till this sum. ment in the most friendly way on the subThe Paris Arbitration settled the only immer for a fact. Many supposed that Wilmer for a fact. ject of the petition for redress presented by portant questions that had been raised, and low river was over 200 feet deep, but boring the minority. The truth is the Government settled them effectually. There is a comdepths. The Slough Creek Mining Comthe matter went any further, to devise some means of settling a question which ought to mealest means of settling a question which ought to mealest means of settling a question which if not mealest means of settling a question which if not mealest means of settling a question which if not mealest means of settling a question which if not mealest means of settling a question which if not mealest means of settling a question which if not means of settling a question which if not means of settling a question which ought to sink a shaft in bedrock and then drift out to the channel. The drills this summer brought be strictly Manitoban, but which, if not that are at all injurious. It is up very encouraging deposits of gold, and up very encouraging deposits of gold, and amicably settled by them, threatened to be quite possible that if the Americans when one considers the amount brought up productive of the most unpleasant agitation had only two cruisers in the Sea, the net result would be pretty much the same as it is the results when they reach bedrock with a prices are concerned, is the decline in interest should be given me in these claims. Did the Manitoba Government reply te these representations in the spirit in which they were made? Did they show any disposition to violate the sealing rules and regulations. The vigilance of the American position to meet the Dominion authorities half-way or to advance one single step thalf-way or to advance one single step towards conciliation or settlement? Note they. Their reply was a curt and positive refusal to consider the petition of the minority, and a denial that there was any minority, and a denial that there was any grievance to redress. The "sunmy" way did not melt them in the least. They would did not melt them in the least. They would the charge amounted to nothing more the charge amounted to nothing more less. One party are drifting right under less. One party are drifting right under less. One party are drifting right under less. They would be charge amounted to nothing more less, or of any company. Lam not near the summit of the wagon road to Standley. One party are drifting right under less. One party are drifting right under less. They would be charge amounted to nothing more less, or of any company. Lam not near the summit of the wagon road to Standley. One party are drifting right under less. They would be charge amounted to nothing more less, or of any company. Lam not near the summit of the wagon road to Standley. One party are drifting right under less. They would be charge amounted to nothing more less, or of any company. Lam not near the summit of the wagon road to Standley. One party are drifting right under less. They would be charge amounted to nothing more less, or of any company. Lam not near the summit of the wagon road to Standley. One party are drifting right under less. They would be charge amounted to nothing more less, or of any company. Lam not near the summit of the wagon road to Standley. One party are drifting right under less than the charge amounted to protect my cle of evidence to support it. Two good pay when the water is drawn off from or three other vessels were accused of irregu- the lake. larities but not a single serious offence was shown to have been committed. The reguthere has been some good paying ground on lations have been enforced as well as they both these creeks, yet the deposit is too The Dominion Government, when they could have been expected to be under any heavy with a mixture of clay to be worked a lunatic asylum. Mr. Crisp was the Demodration of the properties If this is the case it is certainly not owing ever known, viz, Lightning creek. If 1 to poaching or to violations of the law. It were to tell your readers of the fabulous may be that the measures taken to preserve the seals are radically defective but this is the fault of those who framed the measures and not the fault that the water peured in as if it were runof either the United States or Great Britain. With respect to the matter of paying the damages illegally inflicted on British sealers flood out. The whole of this could be obviabefore the Paris Arbitration had defined the rights of the United States, the President talks like the honest man that he is. The seizures were made on the assumption that 000, but then it would be a fixture without the United States had purchased from Rusbitration decided that Russia had no such right to sell, and that vessels on the high seas in Behring Sea are precisely in the same empties into the Cottonwood river. There position as vessels on the high seas in the Atlantic or any other ocean or open sea.

there is as yet no dispute or misundestand. this ground is by ing between the two nations. The boundary is not yet defined and, as everyone knows, places, as below them again the ground has there can be no dispute about a line that has paid well to work. Away down past the never been run. Some of our American canyon this summer I panned out as high as neighbors are very sensitive indeed about the eight cents to the pan right on the surface. The hillsides along this creek have rich gold Alaskan boundary line, and if the 141st de bearing gravels, that are only waiting for The reader sees that there is nothing gree of longitude is not exactly where they man to come along and sluice them down peremptory in this, nothing that would have think it ought to be they will contend that the course of the majority through his provoked antagonism in the most touchy of the United States must insist upon the

> Executive of the Province see no reason for States has to do with the boundary dispute of a belt of silver bearing formation. Sevrecommending the Legislature to alter the between Great Britain and Venezuela. The eral samples that I found were as good as if Mr. Laurier knew of this almost humble doctrine, though it is evident enough that galena. This section has not been prospect application to consider the petition of the he was thinking about it when he penned ed very much for such ores.
>
> About seven miles from Boyd's in a N.E. when he was stumping the country he found zuela is weak and Great Britain strong, and rock at 65 feet and pay on it sufficient to it convenient to ignore it entirely and to leaves the reader to conclude that it is the warrant them in putting better machinery blame the government for dealing harshly with Manitoba.
>
> duty of the United States to protect the weak nation against any invasion of its line colors of gold, and from the nature of the Manitoba. Mr. Fisher, a member of the Manitoba rights by the strong nation. If the United Legislature and a Liberal, in letters which States intends to act on this chivalrous Dominion Government for not pursuing is weak States what they would hardly expect Constantinople to the effect that Great

IN THE GOLD BELT.

Prospects of Big Returns From Slough Creek, the Main Drain of the District.

The Marvellously Rich Deposits on Lightning Creek-Plenty of Ground to Work Still.

(From Our Special Correspondent.) BARKERVILLE, Nov. 23 -Commencing gain a short distance from Barkerville, we trike the head of Lowhee creek, which empties into Jack of Clubs lake. Lowhee was noted for the richness of its gold, which always brought a higher price in the market than the gold from any other creek in Caribos, and not only was Lowhee noted for its rich gold, but also for its large output. At the present time there is more ground to work and more gold to take out than was ever taken out. The lower end of the creek, near the lake, paid in some of the old could they get there on account of the in-Clubs lake as far as you can reach bottom there is gold in fine particles which can be panned out quite easily.

Following up towards the head of the ake we come to Jack of Clubs creek, which takes its rise in Ground Hog lake at the foot of Mount Agnes. The lower end of this creek paid well in some claims, but has been somewhat strengthened this sum. mer by a party cutting through the eastern rim of rock and getting into deeper ground, where the water was so abundant that it Leaving the creek near the lake the coun-

try is very flat, and after a few miles is travelled to the westward we strike the head of Slough creek, which is held by many to be the former outlet of all the waters that now pass down Willow river. I have no doubt this is the correct theory, as the hed the surface, and Willow river, as I before stated, is only 105 feet deep at the entrance to the canyon. Of

Very little has been done either on Sugar oreek or Hixon creek this summer, although

the most famous creeks that the world has wealth that was taken eut of this creek they would not believe me, but although a rich creek yet, it was a hard one to operate on, as the deposit was so loose ning through a sieve. If a pump in any mine stopped in the early days, all hands had to shut down, as there was a general large drain to tap bedrock. Of course this would necessitate the outlay of about \$100, further cost. Nearly every creek running into Lightning paid handsome dividends, and are miles of Lightning creek that have never been touched by the pick and shovel on account of the flatness of the valley through With regard to the Alaskan boundary which it runs. The only way to test boring, and I have no doubt but there are immense

We now come to the Cottonwood river, which seems to be a dividing line between the northern and southern portion of the It is difficult to see what the United gold belt. There is every appearance here not superior to anything I ever saw in Kootenay, containing gray copper and steel gray

direction is Norton creek, where the San Juan Co. are at work. They found bed water in the sluice boxes.

Britain had proposed the dismemberment of the Turkish empire to Russia and that the taining permission and right of entry from me, or putting up the security required unthis story had been suggested, it was denied

get that our first and greatest duty is to do all we can to restore confidence to business, and that we must avoid all business, and that we must avoid all business, and the direction of improved the control of the legislature, on grounds of toleration and patriotism, to in-



## HARDWARE SPECIALTIES.

Enterprise Raisin Seeders . . : Meat Cutters, Enamelled and Tinned . . . Dietz Tubular Driving Lamp Marty's Rat and Mouse Traps. . . . Sargent's Wood and Iron Planes . . . Miller Padlocks and Night Latches (pickable) Ship Augers and Bits . . . . . . Also a full line of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Wagons and Farm Implements,

FOR SALE BY

E. G. PRIOR & CO., LTD LBY.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER and KAMLOOPS.

## Occidental Hotel

COR. WHARF AND JOHNSON STREETS, VICTORIA.

settled them enectually. Unere is a complaint that Green Britain did not send ships plaint that Great Britain did not send ships plaint that Great Britain did not send ships pany, with headquarters in Tacoma, have been pushing ahead their operations in will be conducted as of former years, aiming to make it homelike for its guests. This popular and well known Hotel will re-open about November 15th, under

THE CITY MARKETS.

Current retail quotations this week are that a proper bond should be given for any with but very few exceptions unchanged damage done to my property. Also that Abore a company of Chinamen have taken at over \$8,000 this summer.

Several parties of white men have started to open out the ground on Devil's canyon, ket in considerable quantities and its being snyone else, or of any company. I am not the property of any company. ley. One party are drifting right under appearance is meeting with fair demand. Standing the Times to the contrary, feel Davil's lake and are confident of getting has pretty much disappeared from the own interests and prevent any trespassing.

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MR. BARNARD ON "JUMPING CLAIMS."

as not to float away with a big head of that I am jumping mineral claims through out the province.

The facts are these. Several prospectors,

much to my annoyance, went on my ranche, inside my fences and among my stock, and located mineral claims without having taken the necessary legal steps and without obder the act for any damages which I might sustain. In consequence of this I gave instructions to have these mineral claims located in my own name, and to notify the claim owners that, should they desire these claims, I had not the slightest objection to their having them and would make their

fences and my business of stock-raising generally should not be interfered with, and has b
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own interests and prevent any trespassing. F. S BARNARD

Vancouver, December 2, 1895)

From November 23 to November 30 there were 47 cases of cholera and 14 deaths from that disease in St. Petursburg. For the week ending November 16, there were 220 cases and 110 deaths in the government of Volhynia, which shows a large decrease. Seventy two cases and 26 deaths have occurred in the district of Birditcheff, in the government of Wieff.

As an emergency medicine, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral takes the lead of all other remedies. For the relief and cure of croup, whooping-cough, sore throat, and the dangerous pulmonary troubles to which the young are so itable, it is invaluable, being prompt to act, sure to cure,

OTTAWA, Dec. 3.—It is expected that the Sault canal will be closed to traffic this week as reports indicate ice forming rapidly in St. Mary's river.

UNABLE TO WORK

GENTS.—I was troubled with Liver Complaint so much that I was unable to work because of the pain and sickness it caused. The pain under my shoulders and in my sides was very severe. I am glad to say that one bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters completely cured me and I am now in perfect health.

E. DAGHNAIS,
Ste. Rose de Laval, Que. Ste. Rose de Laval. Que.

Langley. In this city, on the 27th inst., James Langley, a native of Richfield, Stafford-shire, England, aged 70 years. TURNER—At Hamburg, Germany, on the 16th November, 1895, Henry John Turner, brother of the late A. F. Turner, of Vic-toria, B.C.

GRAY—At." Homewood," 3rd December, Eliza Ormond Gray, widow of the late Hon. John Hamilton Gray, Judge of the Su-preme Court of British Columbia.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED OUR LINE OF

**DUTTON'S** Calendars Juvenile

BOOKS.

There are among them many new and novel ideas. If you wish to secure something different from the general line of Juveniles, call early and secure the Novelties. For several years past we have entirely sold out of the New Designs in Dutton's well known High Class Juven-

title legally good to the same, but that I T. N. HIBBEN & CO

ains ains, externa al, are instant RY DAVIS' Killer edy is known, used where, Get it and

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eavy Hardmplements,

KAMLOOPS.

CTORIA.

November 15th, under new and bright. It ike for its guests.

ess of stock-raising genbe interfered with, and hould be given for any y property. Also that nail royalty or a small iven me in these claims. the position, and not sled to suppose by the red to do any "jump. eaning of the term, I have allowed my own and that of other friends bably would have used have been identified in d with me. The B. X. ese claims were staked, ie not the property of ny company. I am not ble owner, and, notwithto the contrary, feel t right to protect my F. S BARNARD. ber 2, 1895.

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BEN & CO

### MAINLAND MINING.

Shipments From the Slocan During November-Another Great Mine on the List.

Progress on the Homestake-Recent Important Deals-Kootenay's Output for Next Year.

(From the Nelson Miner.) All the ore on the dumps of the Slocan Boy

has been sacked ready for shipment.

Over 2,000 claims have been recorded in the Slecan since the first claim was located on the Payne Mountain on September 9. The Slocan Star has about 30 men work.

ing on it, and is shipping from 100 to 140 tons a week. The concentrator machinery is daily expected. The Northern Belle has been sold to Mr. H B. Alexander, of Calgary. The price is

reported to be \$3,000.

Mr. Abbott, general superintendent of the C.P.R., is reported to have said that the probabilities are that the extension from owners of the Homestake mineral claim. Lethbridge west through the Crow's Nest pass will be commenced next year, and the road from Robson to Rossland would no doubt be constructed. The tonnage of the bell, appeared for the prosecution, and J. S.

Mining matters round Nelson are quiet, Mining matters round Neison are quiet, and local interest is centred on the deal for the Homestake claim and to the the Fern. Eureka and Hidden Treasure, on location of the Pacific claim over it by de-Hall creek. These have been bonded by Vancouver parties. The owners are to put ing the sale of the homestake, and that bein a two stamp mill receiving \$1,500 in cash | cause of the jumping he was obliged to take for that purpose, the purchaser receiving at \$7,000 less than had been agreed upon. the same time a quarter interest. He can further acquire a 26 100 interest by paying \$7,500 on June 1 next, and the balance of the property will become his on June 1, 1897, on payment of \$30,000. Mr. Innes. of Vancouver, is acting for some of the chief officials of the C.P.R. at Montreal.

T. G. and Mrs. Procter, of Balfour, left on Tuesday to spend the winter at Santa Monica, California. Mr. Procter has been especially active in opening up the Crawford ploying 100 men, and paying out \$40,000 especially active in opening up the Crawford Creek district, and is also the chief owner every month. From five to six hundred States and other powers for the punishment plored wilds of Alaska, and untold mineral of the London and Bullion, two claims on tons of ore are sent down the tramway daily of the aggressors, and the compliance of the what is known as the dry ore belt, north of to the big concentrator. Bear lake The tunnel on the London is in about 150 feet and has 75 feet further to go before it strikes the ledge.

(From the Tribune.) There was shipped to the United States smelters during the month of November from Slocan district mines 718,260 pounds of ore, valued at \$38 225. Besides this, about foar hundred tons have been shipped to the Pilot Bay smelter from the Whitewather, Ruth, Miner Boy, Antoine, Surprise, R. E. Lee, American Boy, Mountain Goat, Texas, Lucky Boy and Rambler. The Kaslo road

is getting the bulk of the Slocan ore. If reports from the North Star mine, near Fort Steele, in East Kootenay, are to be believed, another great mine has been added to the list that is making Kootenay celebrated as a mining country. A shaft was sunk 60 feet some time ago and open cuts run that proved the vein extended 500 feet. The vein was found to vary in width from 60 to 80 feet. The ore was low grade, the galena running 45 ounces silver and 68 per cent. lead, and the carbonates 30 ounces silver and 40 per cent dead. An assayer has recently discovered that much of the galena ore that was considered of little value arries over 250 ounces silver to the ton The owners have constructed a wagon road river, a distance of twenty one miles, where done. Two shocks were felt about an hour ore bins with a capacity of 5,000 tons have apart. expected that 3,000 tons

the spring. have been made for active operations during the winter. Dan McPhail has built a bunkhouse and boarding house. Ore pockets been heard occasionally. have also been constructed and a contract has been made with McPhail for rawhiding the ore product during the winter.

In the fore part of the year, the Tribune estimated that the output of the mines of Kootenay for the year 1895 would be worth \$3,000,000. That estimate is not far wrong. It now predicts that the output in 1896 will be worth \$10,000,000.

pleted, the sampling works building is country and coast have taken almost all the tions of demand and supply, and our own roady for the machinery and everything surplus cattle from that part of the country, looks as if the smelter would be in operation so that the number to be marketed this win- of commodities, and by this means imperil- of its territorial possessions on this conby New Year's day.

The Kaslo & Slocan railway is in opera-

Almong the first class fruit rancies of the province is that owned by Mr. John Muray, at Spence's Bridge. About 60 acres charged by the Nakusp & Slocan. The charged by the Nakusp & Slocan. The kinds, the numbers being added to each for freight to and from local points is

Considerable work has been done on some of the claims in the dry ore belt, south of Bear lake siding on the Kaslo & Slocan rail-

James Cronan, one of the owners of the St. Eugene mine, near Moyle lake, in East Kootenay, states that if he had transportstion facilities 10,000 tons of ore could be shipped from the mine next summer. There are now 1,000 tons of ore on the dump he has been subject to various hallucina-

Baum, Bigham and Landrum, who have a claim at the mouth of Kootenay lake, sent 1,300 pounds of the ore to the smelter at Pilot Bay for a test, which made 106 ounces silver to the ton. The vein is two feet wide and carries six inches of ore.

ROSSLAND.

(From the Rossland Miner.) After struggling with a faulted vein in the upper tunnel of the Cliff for some time, the men finally discovered the ore shoot last graphical sketch of the career of Mr. De-Monday. They discovered a narrow seam on the left side of the northwest drift, about forty five feet from the face, and a few strokes of the pick exposed a foot wall and vein matter. By Wednesday the clean ore was fully exposed and presented a solid. permanent appearance. It is a beautiful chalco pyrite, the richest copper ore yet found in the camp. The ore body has increased to three feet and a sample taken on Wednesday returned 20 per cent. copper and \$21 in gold, equal to a total value, not count-

ing silver, of about \$45 per ton. The Le Roi is raising more than 100 tons of ore a day; one day last week they took out 125 tons. The wagons are not able to move the ore as fast as it is taken out and all the ore bins are full.

The clean ore has been found in the iron Mask twenty feet from the mouth of the eighteen hundred foot War Eagle tunnel. The showing here is as fine as ever seen in the opening of a vein in this camp.

W. T. Thompson, of Vernon, B C., has returned from Boundary, where he bonded the Copper, and with it the Last Chance. The showing on the Copper is one of the

the shaft of the Gold Hill this week. systematic work is being done, but a shot had been put in when the ore had been dis-

covered and about four feet came to view. While the workmen in the new water flume were excavating at a point northwest of Blue's sawmill last Monday, they uncovered a wide ledge on the Blue Elephant olaim. The ledge is very wide and pretty well mineralized, there being a good showing of copper, but no considerable ore body has been found.

All obstacles in the way of the Homestake deal seem to have cleared away and the new company is in possession. D. M. Linnard is The Whitewater will join the shipping for a wagon road from the mine to the Lee and Maid road. A double shift has been put to work in the shaft and sinking has been started in the open cut near the shalt.

It is expected that shipments of ore will begin in thirty days. An assay made Wednesday returned \$12 in gold and 19

Wednesday returned \$12 in gold and 19

This is an improvement ence to the condition of our foreign relations of our national finances. The peen started in the open cut near the shaft. ounces in silver. This is an improvement in gold, but a decline in silver. The aggreheretofore obtained.

(From the Prospector.) Information was laid by John M. Burke against Ewen Morrison and H. Cummings, charging them with conspiracy to defraud The case was called on Thursday afternoon Kootenay country will be largely increased Clute, of the Rossland bar, for the defendants. The court moom was crowded. Recorded Kirkup testified as to the chain of fendants. John M. Burke testified regard-The case was in progress when the Prospector and Rossland Miner went to press.

> KASLO. (From the Claim.)

E. J. Matthews, the ore buyer, accom panied by Wm. Braden, spent several days of this week in the mountains.

The Bunker Hill at Cour d'Alenes is em-

charge of the Tam O'Shanter in the capacity of foreman. Supt. Tretheway is preparing to sink on an ore chute which shows up well in wire silver. The R. F. in the Surprise basin has a car load of ore ready at the railroad track for

shipment to Pilot Bay.
Four men commenced work this week or the Silver Key, a claim on the north fork of Carpenter. All the buildings are finished at Ruby Silver, and the mining force will be increased

immediately.

A large quantity of supplies were shipped the President, on Howser lake, this week. Hicks and Gallup have yet to run 200 leet of tunnel on that property, but it will not take long to finish the contract.

KAMLOOPS.

(From the Inland Sentinel.) A meeting of settlers and others was held at Lytton on Saturday, in favor of the speedy completion of the Lytton-Lillooet wagon road.

Earthquake shocks were felt through from the mine to a landing on the Kootenay Nicola on Friday night. No damage was

All har-rooms were closed by order of the will be in these bins ready for shipment in chief of police from 11 o'clock last Saturday night until Monday morning. The hotel At the Whitewater mine preparations keepers also declined to sell liquor at meals. Snow fell to the depth of about two inches

charged with bringing stolen horses into

Canada. At the Hall mines smelter at Nelson, the Mr. Wilson purchased in the Big Lake and trade in time-worn ruts, regardless of inexoffice and assay building is nearly com- Chilcotin country. Shipments to the old orable laws, new needs and changed condi-

ter will not be as large as usual. year.

### HON. AMOR DE COSMOS

On a petition presented by Mr. H. D Helmcken, QC., on behalf of Charles McK. Smith, an examination was made yesterday before Mr. Justice Drake into the mental condition of Hon. Amor DeCosmos. For a considerable time back Mr. DeCosmos' mental faculties have been impaired and of late tions, until finally his family have reluctantly come to the conclusion that steps should be taken to have the courts appoint trustees to manage his property. The evidence presented to Mr. Justice Drake yesterday showed that medical examination proved conclusively that Mr. DeCosmos was of unsound mind, and an order was therefore signed by the court adjudging him a lunatic and appointing Mesars. Chas. McK Smith and J. Demberton as guardians and to manage the estate. On page 6 will be found a brief bio-

Cosmos as a public man. The Chronicle believes that the Agricultural Board has notified Canada that consequent upon the discovery of scab disease upon sheep landed here from Canadian ports, all sheep must in future be slaughtered at the port of debarkation.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick needache. Carter's Little Liver Fills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. Try them.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoris. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, sne gave them Castoria

The showing on the Copper is one of the finest among the many fine ones in the Boundary country, and the Last Chance is not a bad second.

R. T. Daniel has taken seme fine ore from

Neilow Oil used internally curse or relieves croup, asthma, sore throat, bronchitis and similar complaints. Used externally on man or beast it curse rheumatism, sprains, bruises, galls, chilb-ains, frost bites. lumbage, lame back, cuts, wounds, insect bites.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

His Excellency's Review of the Situation Both at Home and Abroad.

The Alaskan Boundary-Behring Sea Question-Subjects Suggested for International Arbitration.

To the Congress of the United States:

gate value is about the same as the average reports of the heads of the several administrative departments fully and plainly exhibit what has been accomplished within the scope of their respective duties, and pre-sent such recommandations for the betterment of our country's condition as patriotism and intelligent labor and observation suggest. I, therefore, deem my executive duty adequately performed at this time by presenting to congress the important phases of our situation as related to our intercourse with foreign nations, and a statement of the financial problems which confront us, omitting, except as they are related to these

> The President then touches upon the acion of the Argentine Republic in reducing the duties on certain products of the United States in view of the free entry of wool into the United States afforded by the new tariff laws. Mention is also made of the decision of the commission on the dispute between Argentine and Brazil by the President as arbiter, and the negotiations in progress for the revival of the Chilian claims commission. The disordered condition of

topics, any reference to departmental opera-

AFFAIRS IN CHINA, AFFAIRS IN CHINA,
the weakening of the central authority of the government and the serious outbreak of the old fanatical spirit against foreigners into the valley of the Yukon is becoming Chinese government therewith, are related, especially at or near the junction of the J. G. Gillis, of Ainsworth, has taken as is also the demand of the United States for a special commission to investigate the tributaries. In these circumstances it is exdisturbances where they first broke out. pedient and imperative that the jurisdiction "The energetic steps which we have taken," says the President, "are all the more likely to cesult in the future safety of our citizens in it. Majesty's government has proposed a joint delimitation of the hundred and forty-entirely convinced that we desire only the liberty and protection of our citizens, and object, political or otherwise."

Of the Waller incident, the message says : The customary cordial relations between turbed with the exception that a full explan-Twelve men are working on the Goodenough and a shipment of ore will be made to this government," says the message, "but the evidence adduced in support of the French, minister for foreign affairs till the first week in October, has thus far been withheld, the French government taking the ground that its production in response to our demand would establish a bad precedent. The efforts of our ambassador to procure it. however, have not been relaxed and it is confidently expected that some satisfactory solution will shortly be reached.
Meanwhile, it appears that Mr. Waller's confinement has every alleviation which the state of his health and all other circum stances of the case demand or permit. Our

RELATIONS WITH GERMANY cal of the condition of things else bering 500 in all. These will be followed and prevents the free access of their proby another band about the same size which ducts to the world, the desire to maintain halting tardiness in inviting a free exchange ling our footing in external markets naturitinent, and that as this policy is well Among the first class fruit ranches of the ally open to us, however, created a situation companies, pointed out the necessity for those from which we suffer in order to reports of such arbitration should include guard against unfair discrimination, the the whole controversy, and, further than not be lightly entered upon. Our

RELATIONS WITH GREAT BRITAIN. always intimate and important, have demanded during the past year even a greater share of consideration than usual. Several vexatious questions were left undetermined by the Behring Sea arbitration tribunal. The application of principles laid down by that august body has not been followed by the results they were intended to accom-pliah, either because the principles themselves lacked breadth and definiteness, or because their execution has been more or less imperfect. Much correspondence has been exchanged between the two governments on the subject of preventing the exterminating slaughter of seals. The insufficiency of the British patrol in Behring sea under the regulations agreed on by the two been on parol duty during the season in those waters. We need a more effective well as the adoption of such regulations as experience has shown to be absolutely neces sary to carry out the intent of the award. All this has been earnestly urged upon the British government, but thus far without effective results. In the meantime the depletion of the seal herds by means of pelagic hunting has so alarmingly progressed that unless the slaughter is at once checked extinction within a few years seems to be an absolute certainty. The understanding by which the United States was to pay Great Britain the sum of \$425 000 in full settlenent of all British claims for damages arisng from the

SEIZURE OF SEALING VESSELS. authorized under the award of the Paris tribunal of arbitration, was not confirmed by the last congress, which declined to make necessary appropriation. I am still of opinion that this arrangement was judicious and advantageous for the government, and I carpestly recommend it to be again considered and sanctioned. If, however, this and the United States minister is alert; but, does not meet with the favor of congress, it he goes on, "Several most powerful Euro-

to provide for the speedy adjustment of the claims by arbitration as the only other alternative. A treaty of arbitration has,

This concludes that part of the message therefore, been agreed upon and will be immay be reached.

The matter of the enforcement of international rules to prevent collisions at sea is still in abeyance, although a proposal signed for the protection of the favored originated with Great Britain and was con-

set for carrying the rules into effect.

The commissioners appointed to mark
the international boundary in Passama-The present assemblage of the legislative quoddy bay, according to the description in the treaty of Ghent, have not yet fully agreed.
The completion of the preliminary survey

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY

which follows the contour of the coast from the southermost point of Prince of Wales island until it strikes the hundred and forty-first meridian at or near the summit of Mt. Elias, awaits further necessary appro-priations, which are urgently recommended. This survey was undertaken under the provisions of a convention entered into by this country and Great Britain in July, 1892, and a supplementary convention on Februhundred and forty-first meridian northward from Mt. Elias to the frozen ocean, the settlement of which involves the actual location of the meridian mentioned, no conventional agreement has yet been made. The ascertainment of a given meridian at a particular point is a work requiring much time and pareful observations and surveys. Such observations and surveys were undertaken by in 1890 and 1891, while similar works in the but the surveys have been independently conducted and no international agreement to wealth has been discovered in that region, oundary meridian with the Yukon and its limits of the respective governments in this region be speedily determined. Her Britan.

COMMISSION OF EXPERTS redress for any wrongs they may have suf-fered, and we have no ulterior designs or make due provisions therefor, can be accomplished with no unreasonable delay. It is impossible to overlook the vital importance this country and France have been undisturbed with the exception that a full explanation of the treatment of J. L. Waller, by of continuing the work already centred upon the expeditionary military authorities of tion to the unsatisfactory delimitation of the respective jurisdiction of the United States and the Dominion of Canada in the Great Lakes at the approaches to the narrow waters that connect them. The waters in question are frequented by fishermen of both nationalities, and their nets are there used. Owing to the uncertainty and ignornets by Canadian cruisers often occur, while those quarters on a practical basis by measured courses following a range of marks on shore, is a necessity for which immediate provision should be made.

GREAT BRITAIN AND VENEZUELA. the forcible increase by any European power situation already forced upon us. founded in principle and strongly supported on food products and also on our insurance against the will of Venezuela; that considopen-handed fairness in dealing with the Great Britain and Venezuela, the territorial other nations stated. It is argued if it is dispute between them can only be reasonably one of the powers concerned be permitted to draw an arbitrary line through the territory in dispute and declare it will submit to arbitration only the portion lying on one side of it. In view of this conclusion the dispatch in question called upon the British government for a definite answer to the question whether it would or would not sub mit the territorial controversy between itself and Venezuela in its entirety to an impartial arbitration. The answer of the British government has not yet been received,

but it is expected shortly, when a further communication on the subject will probably be made to congress. the President says the United States must preserve international faith, however much our citizens sympathize with the insurgents. governments, has been repeatedly pointed out, and yet only two British ships have of our people's sympathy with the Cuban insurgents, nor our loss of material damage consequent upon the futile endeavors the enforcement of the existing regulations, as far to restore peace and order, nor any shock that our humane sensibilities may have received from the cruelties which especially characterize this sanguinary and fiercely conducted war, have in the least shaken the determination of the government to honestly fulfil every international obligation, yet it is earnestly hoped on every ground that the devastation by this armed conflict may speedily be stayed and order and quiet restored to the distracted island, bringing in their train activity and thrift, and peaceful pursuits." The Allianca incident, and Spain's disavowal of it, and her assurance of a non-recurrence of similar in-

terference are stated. The President expressed his regret that the Turkish government should have thwarted the purpose to send to the dis-turbed quarter of the empire the United States consul at Sivas in order to investigate and report. Every effort, he says, is put forth to ensure the

SAPETY OF AMERICAN CITIZENS,

certainly will scarcely dissent from the pro pean powers have assumed a duty as agentposition that the government is bound by of the Christian world in Turkey to restrain every consideration of honor and good faith to provide for the speedy adjustment of the hoped that prompt and effective action on

relating to international affairs. The remediately laid before the senate so that in mainder and greater half of the message is one of the modes suggested a final settlement devoted to the discussion of the financial situation in the United states.

"By command of the people," the message says, "the customs revenue system dedeal seem to have cleared away and the new company is in possession. D. M. Linard is here as the representative of the Vancouver syndicate. Contracts have been let for the at noon to-day. The President's annual to find the clerks in each by the clerks in each to have cleared away and the new company is in possession. D. M. Linard is here as the representative of the Vancouver at noon to-day. The President's annual to find the clerks in each to have cleared away and the new company is in possession. D. M. Linard is here as the representative of the Vancouver at noon to-day. The President's annual to find the clerks in each to have been let for the states. But Here Majesty's government encountering opposition from British shipping interests, has announced its inability to accept a date to be ing our intercourse and trade with other nations, recognizes the fact that American self-reliance, thrift and ingenuity can build up our country's industries and develop its resources more surely than enervating pater-nalism. But this and the repeal of the silver law, it is said, fall far short of curing the financial evils from which we are suf fering. The constant

DEPLETION OF THE GOLD RESERVE reviewed, and the constant subsequent falling off pointed out, from which the President derives this conclusion: "The only thorough and practical remedy for our troubles is found in the retirement and cancellation of our United States notes, commonly called greenbacks, and the outstand. ing treasury notes issued by the government in payment of silver purchases under

the act of 1890." The method he proposes is an exchange for bonds, small and large, and bearing a low rate of interest and for a long term, to replenish the diminution of the currency caused by the retirement of the United States and Treasury notes, amounting probably to less than \$486,000,000. He proposes that national banks should be allowed to issue circulation equal in par value to the servations and surveys were undertaken by the United States coast and geodetic surveys on their circulation should be reduced to same quarters under British auspices are believed to give nearly co-incidental results, but the surveys have been independently. tion they should be allowed to substitute or deposit in lieu of the bonds now required as would be issued for the purpose of retiring

> U. S. NOTES AND TREASURY NOTES. The President says there might not be such a necessity for an addition to the currency by issue of bank circulation as at first glance indicated. If we should be relieved rom maintaining a gold reserve under the conditions that constitute it the barometer of our solvency and our treasury should no longer be foolish purveyors of gold for nations abroad, or for speculation and hoarding by our citizens at home. I should expect to see gold resume its normal functions in the business affairs of the country and cease to be an object lesson of exciting the sensitive imagination of the people.

The silver left in the treasury, he thinks, might be gradually converted into fractional coin. Continuing, he says: "The important question is not the quantity of received in revenue payments, but the kind of money we maintain, and our soundness of our money, and as affecting our Italy, it is said, endorses this action. NATIONAL CREDIT AND MONETARY STRENGTH."

The government, he says, receives no gold in payment of revenues, nor would it if the revenues were increased. A lengthy up fresh defences, and busy scenes are with ance that prevails as to the true boundary, vexations disputes and seizures of boats and present treasury receipts. Withdrawals of any positive settlement thereof may be an gold, he says, are due to fright, and nothing accepted standard is not easily reached. A will stop them but a cure of the fright. It joint commission to determine the line in is denied that bonds have been issued to

It being apparent that the boundary disvalue of silver follows on his well known fresh outbreak being reported at Caesarea lines, and the value of a safe and stable curon Tuesday and the music of the bells has been heard occasionally.

The close ri
The close ri-Theodore Booth was brought in on Thurs-day night by Constable Cubbige, of Osoyoos, of the delusive doctrine that the internal description of the internal description of the controversy seemed to earnestness and plainness of speech, because velopment of the nation is prometed and its be required, both on its own account and in I cannot rid myself of the belief that there wealth increased by a policy which, under view of the friendly relations of the powers lurks in the proposition for the free coinage The band of cattle which J. Wilson, of taking to reserve its home markets for the directly concerned. In July last, therefore, of silver, so strongly approved and so freely Savona, is wintering on his Grand Prairie exclusive use of its own producers, necessarranch, reached Kamloops on Tuesday numily obstructs their sales in foreign markets at London for communication to the British men, a serious menace to our prosperity, and government, in which the attitude of the an insidious temptation of our people to United States was fully and distinctly set wander from the allegiance they owe to forward. The general conclusion therein public and private integrity. Even concluded was that the established policy of tinued agitation on the subject adds greatly this government, being firmly opposed to to the difficulty of the dangerous financial

### GERMAN REICHSTAG.

BERLIN, Dec. 3. -The Reichstag was opened at noon to-day. The speech from the throne was read by Prince Hohenlohe. the chancellor. After referring to the anering the disparity in strength between niversaries of the glorious victories of 1870-71 and urging the Reichstag in conjunction with the federal government to continue to necessary to provide restrictions similar to settled by an impartial arbitration, and the build up a united empire, the foundations of which were laid 25 years ago, the speech reguard against unfair discrimination, the the whole controversy, and, further than that, the United States is not satisfied if ly relations of the empire with all foreign powers continue unchanged. The deplorable events in the Turkish empire and the situation created thereby have our serious attention. The empire will be ever ready to cooperate with the powers when called upon by their interests to work for the furtherance of the cause of peace. The unanimity of the decision of all the powers to respect existing treaties and support the govern-ment of His Majesty the Sultan in the esablishment of a well-ordered state of things justifies the hope that they will not be

wanting of success.' Referring to the national finances, the peech states that, so far as can be judged, the current of the present financial period will show a favorable result.

After the Imperial chancellor had declared he reichstag opened, the president of the reichstag, Baron von Buol Berenberg, called for three cheers for the Emperor.

In the budget, which was afterwards submitted to the reichstag, the revenue and expenditure balanced at 1 259,221,983 marks, against 1,239 250,441 last year.



# **CARTER'S**

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but ferturately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure is while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action phase all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York. Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

TURKEY WARNED.

Great Britain Will Send a Guardship Through the Dardanelles in Defiance of Turkey.

Fortifications Being Strengthened-Fresh Outbreaks in Various Parts of the Empire.

Constantinople, Dec. 3 .- It was reported here this afternoon, after the meeting of the ambassadors, that Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, had notified the Turkish government that if the permit asked for was not granted by Saturday next a British gunboat would be sent through the Dardanelles without the Sultan's permission, in order to act as an extra guardship in the Bosability to continue in a sound financial con. phorus for the protection of the British emdition. We are considering the govern-ment's holding of gold as related to the or denial of the report have proved futile.

The work of strengthening the fortifica tions of the Dardanelles continues night and to the Bosphorus, the entrance to the Sea of Marmora is being placed in good condition for defence. Many torpedoes are being sunk in the waters of both passages, and the work is being pushed with astonishing

vigor.
So far as can be judged, in the absence of A lengthy argument against the theory of definite news, the most serious disturbances, nd at Konieh, as well as in Mecca district It is stated, however, that all is quiet in the Sivas district, and a dispatch from Aleppo announces that there is every prospect of persuading the Armenian insurgents at Zeitoun to surrender without further trouble. The work of arming and equipping the reserves has been almost suspended, although the troops are still kept at their mustering places. The Turkish authorities say this is because there will be no use for their services, as order is being gradually restored in all the troubled districts. On the other hand, the Armenians claim that the Tarkish government cannot equip the reserves owing to lack of money, provisions and other supplies, and that this is the real cause of the reserves being practically abandoned.

CHAMBERLAIN AND THE COLONIES.

London, Dec. 3 - Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, has sent a despatch to the governors of the colonies with a view to thoroughly investigating the extent to which in each colony foreign imports have displaced or are displacing similar British goods, and the cause of such displacement. Mr. Chamberlain asks them to furnish a tabulated return showing the value and price for 1884, 1889 and 1894, of foreign articles imported and the reasons why they are preferred to British imports. He also desires to receive a return of any products of the colonies that might with advantage be exported to the United Kingdom or other parts of the British Empire, and asks for information as to their quality, price and freight charges that would be useful to British importers.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

WINNIPEG, Dec. 3. - The municipal ominations for all the towns and municipalities in Manitoba, except Winning, took place to-day. The following are the candidates for mayor in several of one leading towns: Morden—H. P. Hansen, Geo. Ashdown, J. H. Russell. Minnedosa-P. J. McDermott, Samuel Turner, A C. Sewell. Carberry-D Pearson, W. Hunt, Gladtone-W. McKelvey, J. Logie, M. Wilson. Selkirk—O. T. Grain, W. H. Eaton. St. Boniface—Hon. J. C. Prendergast, by acclamation. Portage la Prairie—W. Gooper, by acclamation.

MONROE DOCTRINE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3 -In the senate today Senators Lodge and Cullum in strong affirmation of the Monroe dootrine, infractions of which they claimed demanded ex-

The Independence Beige thinks the troubles of the Kongo authorities with rebel tribes is overrated. The news from the Kongo nevertheless warrants the assump tion that Belgium will have to expend mu oney and men to subject the Arab chiefains thoroughly.

HAMILTON, Dec. 8.—Alderman Merris in the buy council stated that from 99 to 100 horses are killed here weekly and the cured meat is shipped to Philadelphia.

## The Colonist

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1895.

A NEW CONSTITUTION.

be efficiently managed by the City Council mittees of elected councillors who wasted as it is at present constituted. Repairing cannot make up their minds to any and reconstructing can do it no good. The course of action until they have found out, city government, like the Indian's gun, re. or think they have found out, what may be quires a new lock, stock and barrol its bearing on the next civic election, and before it can be made to do how the part taken in it by aldermen is good work. They consequently formed likely to affect their prospects of being rea civic reform committee whose duty it was turned as members of the next Council. to devise a new scheme of government for The question which the citizens of Winnipeg their city. The radical defect of the pre- have to consider is to them of great importsent Corporation is the ineffectiveness of its ance. It is, in fact, to them of far greater executive element. The object of the Civic moment than many other matters, both of Reform Committee has evidently been to federal and provincial concern, about which cure this defect. Government by debating much more is said and a far greater fuss clubs having failed egregiously, the Com. made. mittees appear determined to try how government by an autocrat will work. From one extreme they appear to have at a single bound iumped to the other. However, as the subject is one in which our city readers are deeply interested we will submit the Winnipeg Civic Reform Committee's plan

1. The committee recommends the appointment of one chief officer to be appoint ed by resolution of the council, who will have charge or supervision of the general management of civic affairs under such direction of the council as may hereafter be defined, and who shall be called the general superintendent.

2. The mayor and the chairman of the ecutive of the council.

2a. It shall be the duty of the executive ernment at Ottawa. to meet at intervals with the general superintendent, whose recommendations and reports shall be submitted to them for their consideration, action or report.

3. The superintendent shall have the right

to sit at all meetings of the council and committees, with the right of discussion, but no sumption. It has also been found to be sucvote. Notwithstanding anything heretofore | cessful in cases of yellow fever and malaria. recommended the executive may meet any It is not a serum, but what the ingredients

for the proper execution of all by laws within dermically. It is intended to kill certain the jurisdiction of the council. 4 .. The head of any department shall

upon the request of the superintendent or work in the system. The doctor, we are executive furnish to him or them forthwith told, "proposes to go on experimenting with any information desired in relation to its the combination for thirty or sixty Greenway nor anyone associated with him

5. He shall report promptly on all petitions, claims and other matters of importance, but shall deal with all minor details this time its curative properties tance, but shall deal with all minor details are confirmed, the entire matter will be They have not given the slightest sign that as he deems best, reporting his action to the given to the medical profession and the they have any intention to recede

6. All heads of departments shall be appointed by council, on the recommendation of the superintendent, except the compbroller, who shall be appointed direct by council. The superintendent shall appoint

for cause, but the discharged may appeal to the executive, and it sustained by that body the question shall be referred to the council, where a two thirds vote will be necessary to sustain the appeal. Should the decision of and his sleep and appetite became normal."

Michael's at a cost of \$200, and by Sitka to San Francisco. The first supplies the do so when the matter in dispute is comminers can expect in the spring are from the the executive be edverse to the appellant, he may appeal to the council where a two-thirds vote shall be necessary to austain

view and certify to the correctness of all contracts. He shall also certify to, and submit for approval to the executive, all pay rolls and interim estimates, and the executive may authorize their payment.

10. He shall have the power to stop work on any contract not being carried out in ac- to find a remedy to cure consumption. cordance with its terms and conditions, and the executive may authorize him to have the work continued by day labor until such time as the matter has been decided upon by

11. All reports to council shall come through the executive.

The executive may at any time appoint a competent person or persons, not exceeding three in number, to examine, or may themselves examine, without notice, the affairs of any department, official, or employee, and for the purpose of such or any other examination into civic affairs the executive shall have the power to summon witnesses, examine the same under oath, and compel the production of all books or papers bearing on the case; their powers in all respects to be as full as those of a justice of the peace. The result of any examination shall be transmitted to the council without delay.

13. The executive may call a meeting of and the United States will have to look out. the council, or of any committee thereof, at any time (subject to the usual notice reby-law) for the purpose of submitting for consideration business requiring

immediate attention. 14. The executive shall have all the powers

of the various committees of council, as laid 15. The executive shall be a board of arbitration for the settling of such disputes as may arise between any employer and em-

All of which is respectfully submitted.

J. H. Ashdown, Chairman. GEO. F. CARRUTHERS,

It is proposed to give the above resolutions the form of an amendment to the of them approve of the new Constitution, embody it in the Municipal Act.

The Committee are not acting hastily. They are giving the citizens plenty of time to consider the new constitution. This is a case in which it is judicious to have recourse to the referendum. If the new constitution lingering on the routes of the pilgrims, so may step in between us and the control of does not work well, the citizens will not that it is not surprising to learn the disease, our schools; but one thing is certain, we have reason to complain that they were taken by surprise or that it was forced upon Asia Minor, and that there have been epithem by a clique of cranky refermers.

The powers given to the Superintendent are certainly large. The plan of reform is tality in Tetuan was 40 a day for some time. open to the objection that it places over the

argued on the other hand that this is pre-The citizens of Winnipeg have evidently as in the management of all business con-

NORTH ONTARIO.

contest in North Ontario:

A Conservative convention representing a of civic reform for their consideration. Here only of its votes to the aspirant for the nomination who spoke right out and against interference with Manitoba.

The nomination of Major McGillivray by

vote of almost four to one was a sign of promise to the Conservative leaders. The Orangemen of North Ontario were an assurance to Sir Mackenzie Bowell that the Orangemen in their indignation at an attack upon the rights of Manitoba are not going to help the Grits into office at Ottawa. finance and works committee shall be an ex- election of Major McGillivray in North Ontario must immensely strengthen the Gov-

A NEW CURE. Dr. Cyrus Edson, an American physician, claims to have discovered a cure for contime without the presence of the super- of his medicine are he refuses as yet to dis-4. The superintendent shall be responsible close. The new drug is administered hypowork in the system. The doctor, we are It is to be hoped that this remedy on sumption is a fearful scourge, and medical fiscal policy of the country undoubtedly is. The dismissal of the superintendent science seems to have done little or nothing It is useless for the Ottawa Government and covered and devised to lessen the mortality There is no evidence that he or any member it causes, but all of them from some reason or of his cabinet has the slightest intention, or another have failed. It is devoutly to be sees any obligation, moral or political, on hoped that Dr. Edson is not about to add

THE CHOLERA.

Although the cholera lingered in Europe during the whole of last summer it did comto have become endemic in Russia. It has matter what the consequences may be. never left that country since the year of the they are in their determination to put an great famine. During the past summer end to any hope that a compromise in this alone 4,260 cases and 1,701 deaths. It made its appearance in Austrian Galicia but it did not do much harm. As long, however, as the cholera has a home in Russia, Western Europe will not be free from danger of a vieitation when the conditions are favorable, And when the cholera makes its appearance in the countries of Western Europe, Canada

This continent, too, is in danger of im-

porting the dread disease from Japan and China. Last summer it committed great ravages in both of these countries. Very little is heard of the mortality from cholera in China, for it is so common in that country that its appearance in any particular district does not create general alarm, and besides it is difficult to find out what is going ploye doing work for the city, either by contract or by day labor, within the city on in the inland parts of China. But it is different with Japan. That country has have in Manitoba reached just that point taken its place among the civilized nations of the earth and the peoples of many other countries are deaply interested in what takes place within its borders. The Japan ese soldiers returning from China brought the cholera with them and it spread over Municipal Act and with the consent of the the whole country with great rapidity. It this question. They have done that City Council to submit it to a vote of the is estimated that in the six months ending which is right, and legislated in such a manpeople within three months after authority Ostober 10, there were in Japan 52,218 ner that enduring peace will follow their to do so has been obtained. If, when the cases of cholera and 36,075 deaths. The reference to the electors is made, a majority medical men of Japan do not seem to have been very successful in dealing with the the Provincial Legislature will be asked to disease, for the number of deaths in proportion to the number of cases was very great, being about 69 per cent.

One of the principal agents in spreading the cholers over the world has hitherto been the pilgrimages to Mecca, It is always reached Northern Africa this year through demice at Tangier and Tetuan. There were about 1,000 deaths in Tangler, and the mor- will be responsible for the chaos that may

The precautions of the International Sant-

MANITOBA'S ATTITUDE.

A good many men and a good many news. | icably settled. papers when they eagerly desire a thing straightway predict that it is certain to come to pass before long. They seem to onstituency which is controlled by the They believe that such a consummation diction that Mr. Greenway and his college the more sanguinary rule of the Cassiar district, and can be made easy of access with a moderate expenditure. As willing to make a compromise with the weighted with responsibility, and far more authorities in Ottawa and that the grievance of the denominational minority weighted with responsionly, and far more better means of communication should be esthan the soldiers who are at least steadied tablished over the portage route, so that will be in a fair way to be redressed before the second of January. The story has

the second of January in the story has the second of January in the second of January been repeated by many who would like it to the Sovereigns or the Statesmen of the Old deep ground can be worked better in the be true, without inquiry as to its origin or World and the New who will make the next winter than in the summer we may conwhether or not it is in accordance with facts. | war; it seems more than probable that its out- fidently expect a large increase of miners. whether or not it is in accordance with facts.

So widely has it been circulated and so acceptable is it to very many patriotic Canadians

war, to seems more unan probable that loss outbreak will be forced by the journalists whose hot-headed sensationalism and reckless indifference to every consideration of humanone that does not carry gold. Good prosthat we have no doubt that it is believed by ity and civilization would richly justify their pects have been found from the source of that we have no doubt that it is believed by them as well-established truth. These execution as public malefactors. The the upper Hootalinka river to the source of the Keerkoch river, roughly estimated at the casting of noxious bacilli that are doing their deadly good people will be surprised and pained to firebrands as one of the distinctive marks 1,900 miles, where good prospects have been learn that there is not the slightest ground for the prediction or report. Neither Mr. days longer. If at the end of in the Government, as far as can be learned, this time its curative properties has whispered a word about a compromise. world at large. In the meantime he states from the position they took when divilization does not seem to have changed two trading companies having a monopoly the character of the fool, excepting so far as have utterly failed to supply the wants of world at large. In the meantime he states from the position they took when new remedy has worked an almost instan. Government organ, the Winnipeg Tribune, taneous cure; and it has proven potent in scouts the idea of concession or compromise. cases of blood poisoning; and a case of tu. In its issue of the 27th ult., in an article all other employes.

7. He shall have power to discharge any cases of blood poisoning; and a case of tu. In its issue of the 2/th uit., in an article bearing the significant title "Manitoba official or employe, except the comptroller, weeks; that a young man who was dying of Stands Firm," it denounces any suggestion Britain and Venezuela would lead their consumption was so far improved in two or of retreat or compromise in the strongest thoughless readers to believe that it is so three weeks that his night sweats ceased, terms. Commenting upon the article in the

> It may as well be understood that Mani. paratively trivial, and with which one of the part of this province, to budge one inch | States cannot be far off. But that press another to the long and sad list of failures to find a remedy to cure consumption.
>
> from our present position, till our autonomy is fully recognized and every shred of menace and interference has disappeared. If he showed any symptome of weakening are comparatively harmless. his government would not survive the firs division in the legislature. This is a question in which it is the paramount duty of the people of Manitoba to themselves and to posterity to stand firm, and it will be found paratively little harm. The disease appears that they will not shrink from that duty, no

> > toying with their rights as a province. The probability is that the Tribune in this matter speaks with authority : that it men forming the Government of Manitoba but a very considerable proportion of the electorate. It is not likely that the Tribune would express itself as strongly as it does if it did not feel itself well backed up by its party in the Province. It had on previous occasions opposed the idea of compromise in the strongest terms. This is what it said

> > more imminent the crisis, the more resolute

on that subject in a late number : There are cases in which compromise is wise and justifiable; there are cases in which it is dishonorable and unjust. There are times when one may yield a point and still maintain his honor and his self-respect, and there are times when the alightest varia bion from the straight path of duty would brand one as a coward and a traitor. We when it is necessary for us to decide whether we shall be loyal to truth and justice, or whether we shall forsake principle for the sake of a temporary peace with a part of our population. . . But this we can assure him, that the people of Manitoba, and therefore the Government of efforts, and shey will stand by their decision to the end. What care we for the Dominion government and its remedial legislation? Ours it is to do our duty, and fear not. Manitobans are not cowards. They cannot be intimidated by any such cowardly utterances as those of our weathercock contem porary. "Compromise or burst," says the Week—or is it Principal Grant? "Compromise or lose control," says the Free Press. Well, we may burst, or bust, if the term is preferable, and the Dominion government shall have the courage of our convictions. We have meted out even justice to all, and we shall stand the consequences, and, if the Dominion government dares to act, it alone

follow.

larly successful. The men of Eastern na- ed by the party in power in Manitoba the creasing, and that it will go on increasing, British Columbia has never had a profes-

THE PRESS. The editor of the Review of Reviews sets magine that their prophecy, no matter how down the Journalist, both of Great Britain slight the grounds for it may be, will bring and the United States as the "chief enemy about its own fulfilment. The utterances of of peace" It must be confessed that many politicians and newspapers on the situation of the articles that have lately appeared in in Manitoba must convince the intelligent the British and American newspapers have observer that this weakness, this folly, is had a tendency to aggravate and complicate much more common than reasonable people international misunderstandings and distible largest gold producing country that has are willing to admit it to be. Almost every agreements. The language which the indigene who is not a hot-headed bigot or an nant editor uses, is certainly strong but unreasoning partisan earnestly desires that many newspaper readers will be ready to that have yet been discovered on the Pacific Coast. In richress it equals Cariboo in its This is what the Telegram, which tries the Manitoba school question should be say that it is not stronger than the unwise best days. But unless a route is constructed very hard to be non-partisan, says about the settled by the Manitobans themselves, and and unpatriotic course pursued by many that interference in the matter by the journalists call for. Mr. Stead in his re-Federal Parliament will be unnecessary. marks on the Progress of the World says: would be most desirable from every point of yet burst, and with every day's respite there thousand square miles lying in Canadian view. Some of these persons, knowing that is hope that the sky may clear and the rumbling of distant thunder die away along the and prospectors owing to the impossibility of view. Some of these persons, knowing that causes are very seldom advanced by mere hoping and wishing, have got it into their heads that there may be some virtue in prophesying. They may, too, think that they will please people by telling them what they want to hear, so they venture the pretaken want to hear, so they want to hear, so they venture the pretaken want to hear. Some of these away along the horizon. At present the alarums of war are reaching them with supplies.

I shall refer to a portion of this extensive territory lying southeast of the Lewis river, which contains over 65,000 square miles and is known to be rich in gold, where misers have made from \$6 to \$50 a day to the man.

These fields extend into the impossibility of reaching them with supplies.

I shall refer to a portion of the impossibility of reaching them with supplies.

I shall refer to a portion of the Lewis river, which contains over 65,000 square miles and is known to be rich in gold, where misers have made from \$6 to \$50 a day to the man.

of a fool. If this were true in the comparatively archaic condition of ancient Palestine, before gunpowder was invented, what can the necessaries of life the population will be be thought of the criminal lunacy of those irresponsible scribblers who insist upon hurling their journalistic firebrands broad. the powder-magazine of the modern may confidently expect eight or ten such camps as Cariboo in Canadian territory.

How are the camps now supplied? The world? It was said of old time to be sport for a fool to do mischief, and the progress of

The way in which American journalists its admirers declares that it between Great Britain and the United has lost much of the power it once exercised and the consequence is that its fulminations

CONGRESS.

The United States Congress met yesterday. There are many surmises as to how it will do its work. There are many questions in the Great Republic that should be firmly and honestly dealt with. Its currency is in there were in the Government of Volkynia matter may serve as a precedent for future a very unstable condition. Through the failure of Congress to deal with it intelli- ed of the "New Paulic League of Profesgently and patriotically, the business of the country has been for years in a feverish and represents the determination not only of the an insecure condition. Will the present currency question, and the Republicans have now majorities in both the House of currency reform and there can be no doubt that he will approve of any currency measure that will relieve business of the uncertainty from which it has suffered of late years. He has shown that party considerations have no weight with him as far as the much be said of the leading Republicans in the Houses of Congress? Mr. Reed who will have been, and there are senators who may this year, as they did once before, prefer

the interests of party to those of the country. Then there are many in the States who are convinced that changes should be made in the tariff so that it may be more in accord with the views of the majority. Others, again, say that what the business men of the country want more than anything else is stability in trade, and this it cannot have if material changes are frequently made in the tariff. This again is a question in which the interests of industries and syndicates and cliques clash with those of the public. Will Congress legislate on the tariff with a single eye to the general welfare, or will it find expuses to meddle with it in the interests of persons and

The revenue, so far, under the present league is another thing to insure its success. There are no long jumps across great mounsections? tariff has been insufficient to meet the demands upon it. There was a deficit last

the city's affairs. The citizens have suffered ments, and the Mahommedans being con- to be depended upon than the soothing re- careful in the matter of appropriations, there too long from the divided counsels, the sistent fatalists look upon the means taken ports and the pleasant predictions of those will be a surplus instead of a deficit. The irresolution and the time serving of commit- to prevent sickness and to ward off death as who give utterance to what they wish and question is, will the Republican Congress Sound cities have visited Violoria, Vantees. What is needed in city management, futile and as bordering upon implety. So what they hope rather than what they know give the Democratic tariff a chance the pilgrims seem to be as dirty and as reck- about the attitude of the Manitoba Govern to fulfil the prediction of its become wearied of finding fault with their cerns, is prompt and decided action. A less as ever; much of the apparatus of the ment on the school question. It is not the framers? Will it institute a policy City Council. They, or a good many of mild and benign despotism, it is argued, is sanitary stations is unused, and the money part of wisdom to give heed to those who, of economy and regulate expenditure in them, seem to have come to the conclusion infinitely better in city government than expended in guarding the pilgrims against without authority, declare that the Manito- such a way that it will not exceed the that it is folly to expect their civic affairs to the weak and vacillating rule of com. cholera and other diseases is in great part by difficulty will be soon and easily sur- revenue? It is confidently predicted that mounted, when there is the strongest evi- the tariff will be so changed and that the dence to force us to the conclusion that there expenditure will be so arranged as to do the ling Mr. C B Stahlechmist, in class A, and is no likelihood of its being speedily and am. Democrats the greatest possible harm at the coming presidential election, and to give the

Republicans the chance to claim credit for Langley in his class received 5, and comany improvement that may be made—that, pleted the course in 104-99. Appended in short, Congress will work for party and not for the country. It is to be hoped that this prediction will prove false.

THE YUKON BASIN.

To THE EDITOR :- It must be apparent to your readers that the Yukon basin will be yet been discovered on the Pacific Coast: it will exceed in extent by far the largest fields through Northern British Columbia the upper Yukon will remain of no use to the more southern part of the province. As far as trade and traffic are concerned the exten-The storm cloud which threatened has not sive gold field of one hundred and ninety

found. But until the people can have confidence that there will be an ample supply of limited.

The above mentioned territory must not be looked upon as a mere mining camp; we

it has intensified his capacity for injuring the people in the district by way of St. Michael's. There are about 1,500 men wintering in the country, and these trading companies discourage all trade and traffic are writing about the dispute between Great through Northern British Columbia and force miners to winter in the vicinity of their ports and pay Yukon prices for their light a thing for two civilized nations to fly Michael's at a cost of \$200, and by Sitka It is to be hoped that this remedy on further trial will prove efficacious. Consumption is a fearful scource and medical supports and m 10th to 20th of June. These supplies are 8. The dismissal of the superintendent shall require a majority vote of the whole council.

9. The superintendent shall pass in resuperintendent shall pass rozen in, and as it is dangerous to approach St. Michael's earlier than July 1 the route s only open for about two months and a half.

> By the Portage route, accessible at all ons of the year, there is open water from Touchi lake to Circle City for from four to five months, and as the steamer plies direct to the Portage from Victoria passengers can reach Circle City in eight days. When the route is completed across the Portage fast freight can be forwarded in ten days and as did the valiant apostle Paul in his time. ordinary freight in twelve or fifteen days. WILLIAM MOORE

PROFESSIONAL BASEBALL. The organization has at last been complet-

sional Baseball Clubs," with a circuit of Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Victoria; and a meeting is to be held at Portland early in January to arrange a five mouths's season Congress place it on a firm basis? The Republicans are said to be sound on the

ning in April or May and ending in September or October. Mr. J. Roche, of Portland. president of the new league, writes that the prospects of a lively season in baseball cir-Representatives and the Senate. It is well cles are very bright and considers that the known that the President is most anxious for new venture should be a great success. To secure the permanency of the league the percentage plan has been adopted so as to provide for an equitable division of the gate receipts. A sinking fund of \$2,000 as a nucleus will be established for insuring the protection of the players and this will be added to from the receipts of each game tions have no weight with him as far as the currency question is concerned. Can as hands till the close of the season, when, provided the club obligations are met, inc lng the players' salaries, the fund will be divided pro rata among the members of the and it has made them well and strong, no doubt be the Speaker of the league. The constitution of the league has not been exactly as been carefully prepared and stringent rules after they failed with the common medicines of the day.

The new league, to protect itself from depredations from major organizations, has subscribed to the national agreement of proing season without the payment of a stipupays the club for the loss sustained by the drafting of such player.

"Taking everything into consideration," writes Mr. Roche, "there is no reason why The New Pacific League of Professional Baseball Clubs,' starting, as it does, with a compact circuit and a good sum of money in the treasury, should not prove a success financially and otherwise The compactness of the circuit of the new

tains, as was the case in former leagues, involving a loss of time and much expense in travelling. The four cities are sufficiently year, and for the first six months of the cur-close together to avoid losing a single day in travel. The acquisition of Victoria gives open to the objection that it places over the citizens a czar whose will in matters of great importance will be law. It may be cholers from Mecca have not been particular in which proposals of compromise are regard.

The precautions of the International Sant in the customs revenue is in the customs revenue is in the British Columbians and the Americans.

cisely what is needed in the management of tions do not readily adopt modern improve- articles of the Government organ are more so that in a very short time, if Congress is sional baseball club, but Victoria especially is made up of sport loving people, who support anything in the line of good and honest sport. Professional baseball clubs from the conver and other cities of the province, and have always played to large crowds.

SUCCESSFUL GOLFERS.

The third of the Victoria Golf Club's monthly medal handicaps has just been completed at the Oak Bay links, the winners be-Mr. W. H Langley, in class B The former, receiving 16, made the circuit in 100 strokes, his score being therefore 84. Mr. are the complete scores :

C. B. Stahlschmidt... 100 16 84 16 17 16 17 16 17 17 104 1

THE ARMY.

**Proclaiming** Full and Free Salvation to All.

A SOLDIER TELLS HOW SHE WAS SAVED.

She Says: "I thank God for the Wonders Paine's Celery Compound Accomplished for me.

kir Gil see eve had Cla yea the a so on wiff unt pur tha pos £50 bein from in v Mel unto Glo tain cer, this him the range of w thin hote for h form so, and could would time had could would time said,

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charge found to include As to his bular says, either The band yester his here.



Salvationists are now a mighty power in every quarter of the globe. Their drums, music, soul-inspiring songs and pravers are stirring up the cold, callous, indifferent and wicked in every country under Heaven, and they are accomplishing a work that puts to shame the united efforts of all our Christian churches.

The members of the Salvation Army endure trials, hardships and persecutions Many of these faithful Salvationists labor on from day to day, suffering from thorns in the flesh, no doubt of a like character to that endured by the great preacher to the Gentiles; but, a merciful and wise Ruler has, through science, provided for His afflicted and diseased servants.

Mrs. H. Harbour, of Winnipeg, Man., faithful veteran of the great Salvation Army, was for a time obliged to give up active work owing to the agonies and sufferings of heart disease, kidney trouble and general weakness. Knowing well that her great work de-

manded a strong and vigorous body, she wisely determined to use Paine's Celery Compound, after hearing what it had done for the tens of thousands in Canada. The results were surprising to herself as well as to her brother and sister soldiers. Mrs. Harbour's experiences with Paine's Celery Compound induced hundreds of other Salvationists to seek a new physical life from the same great medicine. Reader, this same wonderful Paine's

Celery Compound will do a like work for you, if you are ailing and suffering.

Mrs. Harbour writes as follows, with the view of benefiting all sick people :-"It is with great pleasure that I write fessional baseball clubs, and has secured the to thank you for your wonderful mediright of reservation under Class B The cine, Paine's Celery Compound. Some first insures the several clubs their players time ago I was very sick and happened throughout the playing season, and the sector see one of your publications, in which ond prevents their being drafted by other I read of others being cured. I conclud-leagues in the higher classes for the followed to try Paine's Celery Compound mying season without the payment of a self, and I how thank dod for me. I was suf-lated sum for each player so drafted. This retains the services of a young player develand general weakness; and some days was not able to stand without experiencing great pain; my appetite was also very poor. Since I used the Compound I am able to get about the house and work, and can now eat anything put before me. "I trust my testimony may lead many to try your valuable remedy.

> LUNGS CLOSED UP. GENTS.—In the early part of the winter I caught a bad cold, followed by a severe cough. I could not sleep as my lungs seemed closed up. I could walk only a few yards without stopping to get breath. I sent for Milburn's Cod Liver Oil Emulsion and before I had finished the third bottle the cough was gone—I could breathe freely and felt like a new man. I advise all sufferers from coughs, colds or asthma, to give your Emulsion a trisl.
>
> JOHN S. HILL,
>
> Tenny Cape, Hants Co., NaS.

s never had a profesout Victoria especially ving people, who supline of good and honest baseball clubs from the risited Victoria, Vanes of the province, and large crowda.

### IL GOLFERS.

Victoria Golf Club's caps has just been comlinks, the winners bemilt, in class A, and in class B de the circuit in 100 kg therefore 84. Mr. received 5, and com-104 - 99. Appended

Score. Hd'p. Res't. 16 scratch

Score, Hd'p Res't.

laiming ree Salvation

TELLS HOW AS SAVED.

thank God for Paine's Celery Accomplished

me.



globe. Their drums, songs and prayers cold, callous, indifferevery country under are accomplishing a me the united efforts hurches.

the Salvation Army hips and persecutions ostle Paul in his time. ul Salvationists labor suffering from thorns pt of a like character the great preacher t, a merciful and wise science, provided for ased servants.

of Winnipeg, Man. the great Salvation e obliged to give up the agonies and suf sease, kidney trouble

t her great work devigorous body, she use Paine's Celery earing what it had housands in Canada. prising to herself as r and sister soldiers. riences with Paine's duced hundreds of seek a new physical eat medicine.

ll do a like work for ing and suffering. hbors have tested it m well and strong the common medi

es as follows, with g all sick people :leasure that I write ur wonderful medi-Compound. Some sick and happened blications, in which cured. I concludery Compound myk God for the wonfor me. I was suf ease, kidney trouble and some days without experienc petite was also very Compound I am house and work. ing put before me. ony may lead many emedy.'

SED UP.

part of the winter I red by a severe cough. lungs seemed closed a few yards without I sent for Milburn's n and before I had the cough was gond felt like a new more coughs, colds

From THE DAILY COLONIST, December 3, DOMESTIC DISCORD.

Police Officer Kavanaugh Suspended Pending an Investigation of His Conduct.

His Wife's Story of Ill-Treatment on Both Sides of the Atlantic.

City Police Constable Thomas W. Kavof the inquiry, and that he would in good was at the same time informed that the complaint dealt entirely with his domestic This in itself was quite enough to cause mild excitement in police circles, but this increased yesterday when it was announced that the suspended officer had disposed of the contents of his house on Menzies street and had taken up his residence no one knows where. His wife came to the police station in the early morning, without shoes on her feet, to ask if Kavanaugh had been there and to bring the news that he had sold every piece of furniture in the house and

Mrs. Kavanaugh is at present being kindly cared for at the home of Constable Gilchrist on Pioneer street, where she was Fifteen of the club and the Y.M.C.A.'s, evening and told her story of marital unhappiness both here and in the County Clare, where she was married about three years ago. Kavanaugh was at that time in the Irish constabulary, and the marriage was a secret one as he had not been long enough on the force to receive permission to take a wife. They lived happily for ten months, until the baby came, and then Kavanaugh purchased his discharge and left her, saying that he was going to Liverpool to secure a position on the city force. He borrowed £50 from his wife at this time, her people from him was in a letter from Queenstown in which he stated that he was going to Melbourne. She heard no more from him

At the time of his leaving Ireland, Mrs. this latter that she finally obtained news of To obviate this and other forms of trouble the £10, which meant two months pay, and directly concerned have secured the aphearing that Kavanaugh was in this part of the world wrote to the chief of police at Clayoquot and Kyuquot. These positions

Then Mrs. Kavanaugh came here in June last with the express purpose, as she herself it is on them that the greater number of the says, "of making trouble for him on account sealing fleet depend for their crews. of what he did in Ireland." She said no-thing of her plans; went to the Dominion hotel on arrival here; and left a surprise for her husband at the police station in the form of a note asking him to call. He did so, and she immediately told him that she had come for her £50. He told her that he could not give it to her all at once, but

happily until about a fortnight ago, although the wife and the mether-in-law had frequent quarrels. Finally the former said she would live no longer in the same house as to be added to the Victoria fleet, this being 84 of the municipal act, or by resolution of would live no longer in the same house as to be added to the Victoria fleet, this being left husband's mother, and he had told her the Elsie, a two year old vessel of 56 tons to give his mother \$150 and she would go register and reported as very staunch and next election for city councillors, a draft of to give his mother \$150 and she would go away. The furniture had been bought by the mother, he said, and they could not take it from her without paying for it. She're season was generally commented upon and fused the proposition, and when she reiter as a result a number of her admirers here ated her determination not to live in the have since their return formed themselves Ald. Macmillan against an amount of \$30 same house as Mrs. Kavanaugh, sr., her into a company and purchased her. There to be paid for a trip made by the tug Alere husband said that he would then get a room are several persons interested in the deal to Darcey Island; on the ground that there at the Dominion for themselves and the and all happen to be hunters, who will, it is was an understanding in connection with child. There was no change in the position understood, man the vessel themselves durof affairs for a few days and then a quarrel ing the coming year. arose between husband and wife and the former prevented the latter from taking

It was for this that she first complained of magistrate, on the matter being referred to m, counselled peace, and Kavanaugh had said that there couldn't be any peace until she learned to leave liquor alone a divorce. After that it went from bad to from the Giant Powder Co.'s works at Teleworse, her husband once threatening her with his haton, and finally baving her had with his baton, and finally having her bed removed to a little room of the kitchen that

was cold and damp. When she was very ill, she says, neither he nor his mother provided for her; at no time did he supply her with any money; and when she bought any necessaries for herself or baby she used her own funds for the at once. Nothing is known of the deal purpose. Finally she decided upon vigorous action and laid a formal charge against her husband with Chief Sheppard, instancing her desertion in Ireland, the fact that Kavanaugh had borrowed £50 from her and failed to repay it; his refusal to allow her to take the boy to church; the fact that he had threatened her with his baton; and the

neglect of her husband to provide for her. Kavanaugh called at the Colonist office on Saturday evening and gave his side of the story briefly. He denied the right of the commissioners to investigate his private affairs, holding that for his duty as an officer and for that alone he was responsible to

"If my wife had charges of ill-treatment or neglect to prefer, she should have been referred to the courts of law," he said. "I and made fast. am answerable as a man for my conduct to them as a police officer only to the police ra. And hence I do not think gers, sailed for the West Coast yesterday the chief had any right to suspend me, or the commissioners a right to consider charges laid by my wife, which will be found to be frivolous when the time comes to inquire into them. I have retained a lawyer and will fight this matter through. As to his Irish record, Kavanaugh points to his honorable discharge from the consta bulary. He has been doing his best, he says, and has no reason to be ashamed of

either his public or private affairs. The point that tells most against the inveband in this matter, is that before daylight yesterday morning he sold the contents of his horse to M. W.

they were immediately removed. Mrs. Kavanaugh was locked in her room while the dwelling was being stripped of its furnished. ture, and when she attempted to leave, by the window, the chair upon which she had intended to descend was spirited away. No word of explanation was given her, and she fully believes herself a second time deserted. As to Kavanaugh's police record here, the only thing that is said against him is that Further Large Fxpenditure Without he secured appointment on the false declaration that he was an unmarried man.

AGAIN VICTORIA WINS.

The third Rugby match of the season beanaugh was on Saturday last informed by yesterday afternoon at the Canteen ground, Chief of Police Sheppard that certain and resulted in another win for Victoria by charges having been preferred against him 11 points to 0. The ground was somewhat charges having been preserved against thin he would consider himself under suspension slippery, nevertheless the game was a hard and fast one from the start. In the first missioners would notify him as to the date ed from a neat pass and had no difficulty in grounding the ball over the line. Segrue ofithe inquiry, and that he would in good converted by a pretty kick, making the score 5 0 in Victoria's faver. Shortly after the which had been preferred by his wife. He kick out Segrue made a good run up the field, and passing at the right moment to Miller allowed him to score Victoria's secaffairs, the manner of the performance of his duties as an officer not being referred to. in Victoria's 25, the Navy backs making strenuous efforts to score, but without suc-

In the second half the play was very even and both sides came near scoring on several occasions. At last from a sorum near centre field, the Victoria backs got possession of the ball and with a passing rush that swept everything before them were only stopped on their opponent's goal line, where a scrum was formed; the ball being quickly heeled every piece of furniture in the house and left her and their child without a word of explanation.

Mes Karanaugh is at present being was called shortly after without any further

played at the Caledonia park resulted after an interesting game in a draw, the score stending three points each. No score on either side made the first half, but Peden in the second spell scored a try, for the Y.M. C. A's., which was not improved upon. Just before time was called Loveland secured a try for Victoria between the posts, but the attempt at goal was a failure. Victoria had

SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

The services of shipping masters on the west coast of Vancouver Island have, during the past few years, been considered of At the time of his leaving Ireland, Mrs. Absolute necessity to prevent trouble when Kavanaugh explains, he left numerous bills Indian crews are being shipped for sealing Vancouver to ask if Kavanaugh was on the force there. The reply was that he was in Grice and J. A. Mullman. Each of these places is largely populated by Indians, and sealing fleet depend for their crews.

THE " PERLEY " LIBELLED. The Seattle Post-Intelligencer states that ton, has filed a libel against the steamer Mary F. Perley for \$1,585 damages. On November 10, 1893, the two steamers met the proprietor of the hotel, she was induced to get into the hack her husband had sent for her and go to the house.

The relief of the large with the collusion of been running out of her course on account of the fog, and at full speed. It is claimed that it she had been going at a proper rate There they lived together comparatively of speed the accident could have been

A REST FOR THE "LORNE." their child to the Roman Catholic church as or four weeks to undergo a thorough over-The tug Lorne has been laid up for three upon re-entering service.

MARINE NOTES. Four car loads of powder were shipped via the C.P.R., the steamer Rainbow delivering it at the Terminal City.

A Seattle paper publishes the news tha the steamer City of Columbia has been sold to Victoria parties and will be brought to this city and placed under the British flag here—not even the names of those concerned

The steamer Umatilla, sailing from San Francisco yesterday morning, has on board the following passengers for this city: W. V. Whittaker, James Davidson, C. M. Galper, Dr. George Hall, John Doak, Dr. Burnett, wife and daughter, J. C. Marshall and M. Gregg.

The Miowera, due from the South on the 10th instant and to sail six days later, will again be obliged to refuse cargo outward. The consignments already received will tax her full carrying capacity.

At high tide Sunday morning the Danube

floated off the mud bank which had held her fast since Saturday evening. She required no assistance, but came alongside the wharf The steamer Maude, Captain Roberts, with a full load of freight but few passen-

The tug Vancouver, which arrived in port Sunday night, brought in almost 200 tons of Jomox coal for the use of the tramway com-

Steam collier San Mateo, laden from Comox for San Francisco, passed out to sea early yesterday morning. Insolvent is a long word used to describe

short condition. yesterday morning he sold the contents of colds, asthma, bronchitis, sore throat and all his house to Mr. W. T. Hardaker, by whom BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Collapse of Electric Lighting Street Equipment in the Blow of Last Week.

Tender or Contract - Craig. flower Road Trouble.

f aldermen at the weekly meeting last evening, Mayor Teague presiding.

Auditor General J. McB. Smith wrote men, for whose maintenance the provincial until such time as the complaint in question could be fully investigated by the Commissioners. He was informed that the Comsioners. H J. Dargan.

sons calling themselves evangelists, who there hold services, causing a crowd to gather and the sidewalk to become impassa-ble. He pointed out that if these people would hold their services on the other side of the street, as the Salvation Army do, the nuisance would not be so great.

The letter was referred to the police comnissioners to look into the matter. C. C. Pemberton again protested against the blocking of a roadway at Ross Bay, and asked what the corporation intend to do in the matter. Referred to street committee. H. Kent called attention to a large pool of water which in rainy weather collects at the corner of Yates and Cook streets and flows over the footpath. Referred to streets committee.

Joseph Baird asked to be employed as day man at the electric lighting station during the winter months. Laid on the table.
Water Commissioner Raymur reported pointing out that there are several low spots on the west side of Elk lake which will have the best of the game in the first half, and to be dammed to prevent overflow when the level is raised by three feet as intended. The cost he places at \$1,500. At the suggestion of Ald. Williams that the level need not be raised immediately upon the completion of the filter beds, the matter was laid over for the present.

City Engineer Wilmot enclosed a copy of the correspondence between the trustees of Christ Church cathedral and himself res pecting the grading of the property between the cathedral and Blanchard street; which unpaid, chiefly for clothing, shoes and jewelry. There was also an order on the Globe fund, for £10, which sum he had obtained on the endorsement of a brother officer, Constable Fizzimmons. It was through this latter that the Gnally obtained name of the sealing schooners are being shipped for sealing schooners. This was specially manifested last season when much difficulty was encountered by some of the sealing schooners. Native crews would be secured and at the secured from the church grounds. Recent that the Gnally obtained name of the sealing schooners. This was specially manifested last season when much difficulty was encountered by some of the sealing schooners. Native crews would be secured and at the secured from the church grounds. Recent that the first short of the first s Fitzsimmons was anxious to recover which frequently arose, those who were city has need of the rock and gravel which discussion in which it was stated that the will thus be secured.

Electrical Superintendent Hutchison re ported that in the stormy weather of last week no less than nine breaks took place owing to defects on the line already re: ported on; alse that fifteen arms were then

ALD BRAGG thought this a proof that it is only a matter of time until every mast arm put up by Mr. Stickels will have to be replaced; and also of the generally defective ondition of the lighting plant. Report tabled for the present. Market Superintendent Johnson

ented his monthly report, which was filed. J. H. Lee and nine other ratepayers petitioned for an electric light at the corner

the chief engineer elected by the votes of the people, say, once in three years, and only from those who have had experience as HUNTERS INVEST IN THE "EISIE."

Another Seattle sealing schooner is shortly vided for in section 104, sub-sections 41 and next election for city councillors, a draft of which we respectfully submit." Laid over

The finance committee presented a routine the garbage contract that the Darcey Island service was to be performed by the Sadie. That item stands over pending inquiry.

The electric light committee reported that she had been in the habit of doing every hauling. In the course of a few days she have not been done to the satisfaction of the repairs to the brickwork at the station will be hauled on the Esquimalt marine the committee, who have therefore rehim to the chief, at the same time referring be partially renewed. It is intended that ter before the council. The chairman ver. ways where the copper on her bottom will quested the superintendent to lay the mat- Junior University, California, reporting on the vessel shall be in first class condition bably explained that only the cracks on the liams pointed out that Mr. Hutchison has

avoid trouble. ing certain alterations required, there is not accommodation for the admission of George science." Good into the Old Men's Home as requested; also against the proposition of the provincial government that George Thomas be sent to terior, spoke concerning the alarming way

city. Reports adopted. The sewerage committee reported \$332 47 horns. of the loan of 1894 yet unexpended; and above Cook. Adopted.

costing \$378, were made under contract. ALD. MACMILLAN stated that, as the comnittee are informed by the engineer, 129 covers have been fixed, on account of several The paper was received with a vote of thanks horses having been injured. The matter was left to the engineer, without any formal resolution. Prices were got from the different foundries and one or two blacksmith shops, but no tenders were called for. The work was done a few covers at a time as Alberni, at 46 Langley street, on December cal Council of Women requesting the com-ALD. WILLIAMS did not question the value received, his point being that only a few months are there were a created and a Bridge, December 20; North Saanich, at few months ago there was a great deal said about letting out work without calling for

enders. ALD. PARTRIDGE had been surprised when Oak, December 31. he heard that this had cost \$378. He remembered the origin of the order for repairs, being that a horse had been injured

official of the corporation, who is very free in criticising the actions of the aldermen and he thought this a very curious proceed ing. He was surprised that the chairman of the committee should have allowed the engineer to spend nearly \$400 without tenders when a committee cannot spend

more than \$50 ALD CAMERON thought the engineer had dene the work with the best intention, on the authority of the committee, although they did not know how much it would amount to Such expanditure is nothing There was a full attendance of the board over-expenditure of \$800.

ALD. WILLIAMS repeated that he brought this matter up because he remembered so distinctly how the electric light committee asking the authority upon which five old had been brought before the council and the public through the press on the allegation marriages, 14.

Mills, J. Ritchie, J. Heming, M. Webb and McLellan: "Whereas certain improvements made by this city on Craigflower road, Vic-. Dargan.

W. Ridgeway Wilson applied on behalf of the proprietor of the Occidental hotel, for the use and benefit of all public improvethe usual bonus for the cement sidewalk ments should be secured to our citizens laid opposite the property. Referred to the iter be instructed to take forthwith such streets committee.

H. L Salmon wrote complaining of a nuisance daily caused on Yates street opposite of our citizens to the said road may be estable of our citizens to the said road may be estable of our citizens to the said road may be estable of our citizens to the said road may be estable of our citizens to the said road may be estable of our citizens to the said road may be estable or the city appropriate our citizens to the said road may be estable or the city appropriate our citizens to the city appropriate our city ap steps as shall secure to the city a proper tablished and public property protected, and that the city solicitor shall report thereon not later than December 9." Agreed to unanimously.

The milk by-law having been called up by Ald. Williams, it was agreed to have a special meeting on Friday night to consider it, and the council adjourned at 9:35 p.m.

THE COURTS OF LAW.

On behalf of plaintiff in John Clark jr vs. F. B. Pemberton and Robert Ward & Co., Ltd., a motion was yesterday made before Mr. Justice Drake for judgment on admissions in the pleadings. Mr. A. L. Belyea appeared for plaintiff and Hon. A. N. Richards, Q. C., for both defendants.

Mr. Belyea argued that the following facts alleged had been admitted in defendants' pleadings by not being traversed: That prior to December 29, 1894, plaintiff was legal and equitable owner of the schooner Enterprise; that on December 29, 1894, plaintiff mortgaged the ship to E. M. & Co. then became the registered owners; that such pretended sale was without notice to Ward & Co. was made collusively and was not bona fide. Mr. Belyes argued that

entitled to judgment for redemption.

Hon. Mr. Richards, for the defendants, argued that the facts were admitted simply to save expense, but there was a legal de fence which went to the root of the whole ction, namely, that the plaintiff by reason of his contentions in the previous action of Ward & Co. v. Clark et al. in which he was declared a defendant, that the ship in question had been sold under the mortgage and was then out of the power of the court, is now estopped from disputing the title of Ward & Co. If there was any objection to the pleading this was not the proper time and place to bring it on, and judgment would only be given where the admissions

were clear and unequivocal and where there that Ward & Co. were on January 11, when they became registered owners, nothing more than mortgagees in possession, and a declaration would be made for an account declaration would be made for an account mext. the defendants succeed on that plea at the trial, the present proceedings and the account now directed would have been productive of no good, the costs of such proceedings would be reserved to the trial judge.

### NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

There was a largely attended meeting of the Natural History Society last evening in the legislative library rooms. After several specimens had been reported, the president, Mr. Ashdewne Green, read a letter from Dr Jordan, resident of the Leland-Stanford for the purpose of identification. One of outside have been fixed up; and Ald. Wil- these, obtained by Mr. Herbert Stanton, Nanaimo, and which is now in the museum, reported that the contractor for the brick- is a curiosity, and with respect to the head work has promised to make the repairs yet resembles somewhat the wolf fish. Speakneeded—not that he admits liability, but to ing of it, Dr. Jordan said it "seems to be a blenny, but beyond that I cannot reconcile The home committee reported that pend. him with any genus or family of that tribe

Mr. W. F. Burton, who had been on a months' expedition after Big Horn in the inthe home at Kamloops at the expense of the in which the rams are being exterminated by the Indians, simply for their hides and

Mr. Archer Martin, who has made a specthat the rent of the pipe yard on Pandora isl study of Northwest history, read a paper street be paid out of the sewerage fund se giving, principally, extracts from the destable. that the sewerage balance may be laid out patches of Governor Simpson to the Home in continuing the sewerage on Fort street, committee of the Hudson's Bay Co., in 1825. Mr. Martin prefaced this paper with a run-THE CONTRACT QUESTION.

ALD. WILLIAMS, as a question of privilege,

McKensie and others, pointing out that the

Son, Vendridges, Henry, Thompson, Fraser,

McKensie and others, pointing out that the

Son of all who can possibly make it a ning reference to the early explorers, Radisasked if the additions to the manhole covers, early history of the West was replete with deeds of heroism, romance and adventure, which made it one of the most interesting and picturesque epochs of Canadian history. and discussed at some length.

SITTINGS of the court of revision and ap- Clarke, Earle and McGregor. peal for the districts will be held by Mr. S. P. Mills as follows: For the district 16; Comoa and coast, at 46 Langley street, mittee to nominate two candidates for the Sidney hotel, December 21; Victoria and duly chosen for this headr. Cassiar, at 46 Langley street, on December 27 and 28, and South Victoria, at Royal

SCROFULOUS SYMPTOMS

pairs, being that a horse had been injured and a suit against the city was threatened. He understood, however, that there were were only five or six cevers to be repaired, at \$3 or \$3 50 each.

ALD. BRAGG understood these manhols covers were repaired in a shop owned by an

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U.S. Gov't Report

# Baking Powder

THE CITY.

ornings at 11 o'clock at St. Savicur's church, instead of in the evenings as at first ntended. THE collections of inland revenue during

pupil teachers of the public schools, on the art of teaching, began at the High school. These examinations are held with the principals of the scheels as examiners, and are for the diplomas which the school trustees the diplomas which the school trustees the conference of the teachers.

\$3.500 in the London & Canadian Insurance Co. on her house and property, lot 17. block 3, Victoria West. The house burned down on April 7 and the company refused to pay the loss; hence the action, which includes \$1,000 damages. have offered at the request of the teachers. The candidates have to give lessons, before liability in the matter. They claim that ious subjects. The examinations will last

A RUMOR originating in Chinatown was in circulation yesterday to the effect that a number of the Strathnevis' passengers had reached Hongkong in one of the ship's boats. Inquiry as to where they left the steamer and how simply elicited a "no sabee" from the Chinese goes or who had not been asked to the case was heard. sabee" from the Chinese gossip who had retailed the story. It is not likely that the rumor could have any foundation or the agents of the vessel would have received some information concerning her.

On Sunday morning last Mr. R. F. Tol-Sobonner Enterprise; that on December 29, 1894, plaintiff mortgaged the ship to E. M. Johnson for \$1,000, payable in fourteen days; that when the mortgage came due, at the request of Ward & Co., Johnson executed an assignment of the mortgage to Pemberton, and that on the same day Pemberton purported to sell to Ward & Co. under powers of sale incidental was married in her travelling dress, and Mr. and Mrs. Tolmie arrived in Vio. Ward & Co. under powers of sale incidental and Mr. and Mrs. Tolmie arrived in Viomortgage, and that Ward toria by the Kingston the same evening.

to defendant; that Pemberton was in the transaction only an agent for Ward & Co., and that the pretended sale by Pemberton and that the pretended sale by Pemberton was not installation of efficers as intended. Songs to Ward & Co. was made collusively and was not bona fide. Mr. Belyea argued that these facts being admitted Ward & Co. were never at any time more than mortgages in possession, and the plaintiff was therefore entitled to judgment for redemption.

Instalation of efficers as intended. Songs were given by Messrs. Tubb, J. Penketh, Gough, Dudgeon and Grenough, and Mrs. Gough, Dudgeon and Grenough, and Mrs. Wilkinson and Mrs. Dudgeon. Refreshments were afterwards served, and dancing following was indulged in for the remainder of the night the Rapits. in for the remainder of the night, the Bantly orchestra furnishing the music.

On Sunday morning Rev. R. Whittington, principal of the Columbian Methodist college, Westminster, preached at the Centennial Methodist church—and at the Victoria West church in the evening. The col- of November just ended: lections were in aid of the educational fund which is being raised to make up the \$5,000 Date. necessary to comply with the conditions upon which Mr. Massey, of Toronto, gave \$10,000 towards the purchase of the new grounds and buildings for the college at

Ar the British Columbia Football Assowould as soon as he could make it, at the same time urging her to make peace. He had a house furnished on the instalment plan, he said, where he was living with his mother, and wanted her to join him. She steadfastly refused until, she says with the collusion of the hotel, she was induced to propose the many F. Perley, who is alleged to have the proprietor of the hotel, she was induced to propose the many F. Perley, who is alleged to have the proprietor of the hotel, she was induced to point, while the Kingston was on the way to Port Townsend and the Perley was on her way from Everett to Seattle. The court held that whatever the question of estoppel might be, the plaintiff was on iteration that whatever the question of estoppel might be, the plaintiff was on the way induced. The court held that whatever the question of estoppel might be, the plaintiff was on iteration that the facts which here to join him. She steadfastly like potition: "We, the undersigned, are strongly of the opinion that it would be in the interest of the city and for the better to be argued at the trial. The order would to be argued at the trial. The order would to be argued at the trial. The order would to be argued at the trial. The order would to be argued at the trial. The order would to be argued at the trial. to be argued at the trial. The order would erers v. Wellingtons at Victoria, and the be for a declaration that the sale was a Nanaimos v. Cowichans. Other matches fraud upon the rights of the mortgagor and that Ward & Co. were on January 17, when quest of the Nanaimo team the entries for the junior football championship contests have been left open till Saturday evening

THE local agency of the Great Northern steamboat service has not yet been instructhave to be decided at the trial, and as, if ed to meet the Northern Pacific's latest cut in rates, reducing Port Townsend tickets to 25 cents and Seattle tickets to 50 cents. This is no doubt due to the recent death of General Manager D. B. Jackson. The company is new receiving freight at Victoria for the following Kaslo and Slocan railway points at the rates per cwa as annexed Sandon, Cody, McGuigan, Tree Forks, Fair Lake, Jackson Creek, Macdonald and South Fork Siding; 1, \$2 18; 2, \$1 87; 3, \$1 54; 4, \$1 22; 5, \$1 13; 6, \$1.00½; 7, .88; 8, 78; 9, .74; and 10, .69.

> THE desirability of organizing a Good Citizens' Association in Victoria was inormally discussed at yesterday's meeting of the Ministerial Association, and will doubtless be heard frem later in connection with the deliberations of that body. verance lodge, No. 1, I.O G.T., addressed the association in a petition that Gospel temperance meetings be held in all the city churches on the conclusion of the Sunday evening services; the association replied by resolution, expressing hearty sympathy with the spirit of the petition but holding that it would perhaps be more appropriate for the work proposed to be inaugurated by the temperance societies. Neither the committee on Sunday observance legislation nor that on the suppression of houses of ill-fame presented any report.

THE PROTESTANT ORPHANAGE.

A special meeting of the subscribers of the British Columbia Protestant Orphans Home is announced for 5 o'clock this evenng at the city hall committee room, the attendance of all who can possibly make it a point to be present. Yesterday afternoon the montyly meeting of the ladies' committee was held at the Home on Hillside avenue. There were present Mrs. Charles Kent, lady president, and Mesdames Hayward, Sargion, Hutcheson, Haughton, McCulloch,

After prayers and the usual routine work communication was received from the loapproaching election of school trustees. Mrs. fordon Grant and Mrs. Wm. Angus were

Mrs. James Hutchesen and Mrs. Thomas Earle were named as the visiting committee for the month of December, with instructions to arrange for a Christmas tree in the large dining hall of the institution on De-cember 27, and to invite contributions from

Mrs. Walker, the matron, reported that there were now 23 boys and 31 girls in the Heese, all well; and the receipt of the following donations during November was acknowledged with thanks: The COLONISE

(daily); milk (daily) and one ton potatoes, The vital statistics at Victoria for November were: Births, 27; deaths, 19; and marriages, 14.

Jack; sack of pears, A Friend; \$4 00, 100 Grand Jury; copies Wee Willie Winkie, Lady Marjorie Gordon; clothing, Mrs. Peters; cakes, Mrs. Redon, and clothing, Mrs. Peters; cakes, Mrs. Redon, and clothing,

THE COURTS OF LAW.

November, for Victoria division, totalled \$12,787.53, the heads of receipts being as Justice Drake yesterday. The plaintiff's The insurance case of Beer v. London & \$12,787 53, the heads of receipts being as follows: Spirits, \$8,033 46; malt, \$1,-330 84; tobacco, \$2,608 25; liquors, \$679. 20; methylated spirits, \$62.18; inspection petroleum, \$73 60. YESTERDAY the examination of the five \$3,500 in the London & Canadian Insurance requiring security she took out a policy for

Defendants deny that they have any the insurance policy taken out in their company was subject to conditions that plaintiff did not observe. Among other things they allege that there was a prior in-The plaintiff's side of the case was heard resterday. H. E. Bear, husband of the plaintiff, stated that he had taken the \$2,000 policy to Beaumont Boggs, agent of the Eastern, for cancellation. It being after banking hours on a Saturday afternoon Mr. Boggs had not the cash to pay the return G. Hall with instructions to get the return.
Before this was done the house was burned down. The plaintiff claims that the Business gave way to pleasure at last intimation to Mr. Bogge was practically a

COAL SHIPMENTS.

The following is the return of foreign shipments of coal from Wellington, Union and New Vancouver quarries during the month

WELLINGTON COLLIERY CO. Name and Destination. Date. Name and Destination.

1—Sir Costa Rica, San Francisco.
5—Str Al-Ki, Port Townsend.
8—Ship Vosemite, San Francisco.
8—Ship Oriental, san Francisco.
12—Str Wellington, San Francisco.
16—Str Discovery, Port Townsend.
16—Ship Glory of the Seas, San Francisco.
16—Str Walla Walla, Seattle.
18—Str Costa Rica, San Francisco.
22—Str Umatilla, Seattle.
25—Str Wellington, San Francisco. 2,525 1,007 1,805 2,585 2,400 Total ..... . 22,346 Total.... 20,301 NEW VANCOUVER COAL COMPANY.

NEW VANCOUVER COAL COMPANY.

Str Wanderer, Port Townsend.

Str Sea Lion, Port Townsend.

Str Sea Lion, Port Townsend.

Str Coquitiam, Juneau.

Str Coquitiam, Juneau.

Str Angeles, Port Townsend.

Str Angeles, Port Townsend.

Str Angeles, Port Townsend.

Str Sea Lion, Port Townsend.

Str Angeles, Port Townsend.

Str Sea Lion, Port Townsend.

Str Sea Lion, Port Townsend.

Str Tacoma, Port Townsend.

Str Tacoma, Port Townsend.

Str Tyee, Port Townsend.

Str Angeles, Port Townsend.

Str Angeles, Port Townsend.

Str Angeles, Port Townsend.

Str Angeles, Port Townsend. 18—Str Angeles, Port Townsend....
19—Str Rapid Transit, Seattle...
19—Str Rapid Transit, Olympia...
20—Str Wanderer, Port Townsend...
20—Bark General Fairchild, San Fran
21—Str Willapa, Port Townsend...
26—Str Willapa, Alaska...
30—Str Holyoka, Port Townsend... 30—Str Holyoke, Port Townsend Total.... ..... 15,110

month of 4,095 tons. The output of the respective mines compares as follows. October. November. Wellington ..... 19,535 New Vancouver.....

The total shipments for October amounted

53.662 tons, those for November reaching

7,757 tons, an increase on the previous

CUSTOMS COLLECTIONS.

The collections at the Victoria custom house, always a reliable barometer of the city's business, have been going up and up during the past few months, the figures for November, just completed, being especially gratifying in this connection. The returns in abstract are here appended :

Entries collected ...... \$ 60,453 24 revenues.... Increase.....\$ 10,318 78 IMPORTS. . \$230,176 90 EXPORTS. Total ......\$144,350 00

A MAIL TRAIN NOW.

The first mail bag ever carried over the Victoria and Sidney railway was yester-day morning placed upon the outward bound train. Until the present time all mail for places along the line was delivered by a semi-weekly stage service, and will, it is expected, be continued on the west road

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

THE second annual gymnastic exhibition of the local Y.M.C.A., is a fixture for the evening of Dec. 17.

FOUR hundred and fifty-nine householders in all have qualified as voters at the ap-proaching municipal election.

THE farmers of Saanich are arranging for a plowing tournament of four matches, for professionals, amateurs, boys and veterans.

On November 23 there were six inches of snow and splendid aleighing in Barkerville.
The weather was cold and clear, with hard frost at nights.

A QUICKLY extinguished and inexpensive fire at the residence of Mr. P. C. Dunlevy gave the fire department an exercise run yesterday morning.

THE forty-eighth appropriation of the Victoria Building Society is to be drawn for on Saturday evening of this week at the Sir William Wallace hall on Broad street.

THE regular sale of work by the sewing circle of St. Saviour's church was held yesberday afternoon, and in the evening a magic lantern exhibition was given to the children of the Sunday school.

SPECIAL services are being held each even ing this week in the Centennial Methodist church, the pastor, Rev. Mr. Betts, being assisted in the services by Prof. Whittington, Rev. Mr. McCrossan and others.

A SPECIAL meeting of the subscribers of the British Columbia Protestant Orphans' Home was held yesterday afternoon for the purpose of completing certain financial arrangements in connection with that institu-

No. 3, and 46 5 for No. 5, these being the fortnight's imprisonment at hard labor.

THE following are the officers elected by The installation will take place

HERMAN and Eva Luther, formerly residents of North Park street, this city, have been grated a divorce by Judge Seawell, of San Francisco. There are no children and the wife resumes her maiden name, Eva Robertson. The California papers state that she will return to Victoria at once and make her home with her parents here.

In the provincial court yesterday afternoon second mate Chattman, of the bark Ardmore, pleaded guilty to assaulting a seaman named Persson Chattman, in explanation, said the man was very surly and answered him insultingly when ordered to do something, whereupon Chattman lost his temper and struck him. Magistrate Macrae impos ed a fine of \$10 and costs.

AH JOE, a Chinaman who enjoys unenviable notoriety as a sneak thief, was gathered in by Constable R. H. Walker early yesterday morning, on suspicion that three boxes of files found in his possession had been stolen. Later in the day the articles were identified as the property of the Hickman Tye Hardware Co., and Ah Joe was given two months at hard labor.

In answer to a very general request it has paid here a few months ago. been decided to organize classes in mechanical and architectural drawing in connection class now has a membership of 14; there are 17 studying bookkeeping, and 16 taking the shorthand course, and 25 are receiving elementary instruction-in reading, writing

THE sale of work by the ladies of St. James yesterday was a great success; the attendance was large and sales were brisk. The array of dolls was particularly fire, a table, a fancy table and out of special consideration for fair shoppers a real bargain table right up to date. Tea was served during the afternoon. A raffle for the baby Ruby Smith winning the former and Miss the islands of the Gulf are Jesse the latter.

THE funeral of Mrs. John Webber, of Pembroke street, who died at St. Joseph's hospital on Monday, after a long illness, leaving a husband and one child, is to take place this afternoon. The cortege will leave the stricken home at 9 Sayward avenue, Spring Ridge, shortly before 2 o'clock, and special funeral services will be conducted at the Salvation Army barracks on Broad street. Afterwards the soldiers and friends will march with the remains of their late comrade to Ross Bay cemetery where the interment is to be made.

AT the public library during the month of November there were 897 books loaned out to ladies and 1,061 to gentlemen. The greatest number loaned out in one day was 146, the average number being 78. Fortysix new members were enrolled during the month, 18 of whom were ladies. There volumes were presented to the library by "The Province," and other poems were given by Mr. L. A. Lefevre. From the parliamentary library there have been pre-sented "The History of British Columbia, by Alexander Begg; "Victoria Illustrated," and a number of valuable reports, together with a map of British Columbia

THE Rugby match on Caledonia park on Saturday next between the Vancouver and Victoria teams promises to be one of the greatest exhibitions of football ever seen in this province. The home team have this season won five straight games and have won them in a style that stamps the players as about the best all round fifteen that has yet represented British Columbia's capital on the football field. But in the Vancouver commenced. Their lacrosse team was ad-

sharp and everyone is asked to be on time as the days are closing in so fast and it is not d sirable that the game should be finished in the dark.

Ar the home of the bride's sieter, Mrs. F. A. Small, yesterday evening, Mr. G A. Moody and Miss Victoria Wadsworth were joined in marriage by Rev. Solomon Cleaver,

THE Y W.C.A. had a meeting yesterday for the purpose of endursing Mrs. Gordon Grant and Mrs. William Angus as candi Grant and Mrs. William Angus as candi dates for school trustees at the coming civic elections. Mrs Angus, has, however, de have an old fashioned tea meeting. clined to enter the field, so the meeting con tented themselves with endorsing Mrs Grant as a candidate. It is likely that the Women's Council will choose someone to stand in place of Mrs. Angus. In the evening Miss Agnes Deans Cameron gave a very nteresting lecture before the Association on Dickens," illustrating the subject by readng from the novelist's works.

THE Victoria Iron Works, which had the DR. A. M. Burns, of Seattle, who has made the subject a study for years, is to give his popular talk on "Psychology" at the N. M. C. A. The latest and a face of 14 inches. The dock, successfully accomplished the casting the Y.M.C.A. rooms here on the evening of measuring, the making of moulds and the entire operation of casting was completed in 72 hours. Mr. A. C. Muir, engineer of the dry dock, was present at the casting and expressed his satisfaction with the work. Men are hard at work now doing the machine work on the casting and t will be completed well within the time limit which expires on the 9th inst.

Young Mock Fong, who maintains a the white man and proceeded to shout lustily for police assistance. It came very shortly THE official announcement of the result of the competition for the Herbert cup between the several companies of the Garrison appeared for trial in the police court yes-Artillery shows totals of 49 17 marks for terday morning, and was sentenced to a

No further information has come to hand in regard to the whereabouts of Thomas W. Victoria lodge, I.O.O.F., for the ensuing Kavanaugh, the suspended police constable, term: N.G., A. Stewart; V.G., Maurice Salmon; treasurer, W. H. Dean; secretary, taken his departure from the city, leaving numerous unpaid bills, as well as his wife on the first Monday in January, when the and child, behind. In connection with the subordinate officers will be appointed by the statement made by Mrs. Kavanaugh to the COLONIST, it is only fair to Mr. S. Jones, jr to explain that the only part he played in the domestic affairs of the Kavanaughs was to counsel the husband and wife to sink their differences and endeavor to live peaceably and happily together. The word "collusion" used yesterday in this connection possibly conveyed a false impression of the facts.

> was a surprise as well as a disappointment. have stated plainly to my knowledge that The West Coast skins averaged 44 shillings they would not do so. or nearly \$11, while as high as \$10 50 was

with the Y.M.C.A. The other educational classes are thriving well; the mineralogy mail service, their less fortunate neighbors phoid. Further, it is indiscreet and impolion the West side of the district are by no means satisfied with their lot, and will hold made permissible by the act, in cases of a public meeting at Colquitz hall on Friday mild epidemic; in certainly prejudices the evening to petition Post Office Inspector public against desirable legislation for the Fletcher that they too may be granted the preservation of the general health, and it carried the mail to all parts of the district, thing in itself and liable to lead to most disthough since the Victoria & Sidney railway has been in operation those living along the nized authority of Dr. Flint heartily endors baby doll and little girl doll being two of the most notable. Then there were a candy way officials sent most of their correspondence by the train. On Monday last an ed, are enforced, the mere will epidemics be agreement between the post office department and the railway company went into effect, by which North Saanich, Sidney, doll and little girl doll resulted in Miss Turgoose and the contres of population on every day except Sunday, while at Young's a mail will be delivered every Tuesday and Friday. The benefits of these improved enay Mail: facilities are very greatly appreciated by the farmers, and are of no inconsiderable importance to them in a business way.

> MR. W. F. BURTON, who has just returned rom a hunting trip to the interior of British statement that unless prompt steps are taken to prevent their indiscriminate be attributed to their wanton destruction by the Indians, who have been paid \$5 for each set of horns obtained. This with the skins system of claim jumping to become previs sufficient inducement for the natives to hunt the rams to extinction unless legislation meeting the point in very speedily obtained. The Big Horn has been and is one will be the result. Claim jumping in Trail of the greatest attractions to British sportsmen visiting British Columbia; the white hunters have, however, done nothing in the way of threatening their extermination. On cally slaughtered them in bands, killing liberal interpretation to the mining laws and them by wholesale and leaving their car-cases to rot. The Natural History Society has considered Mr. Burton's statement of have above indicated will forever put an the case of so great importance that a committee has been appointed to suggest means of protection for the persecuted game.

THERE is trouble m store for Mr. M. J. Conlin, the city sanitary officer, who at Monday night's meeting of the city council came in for a share of criticism, indirectly, in connection with the recent changeabout men they will find foemen worthy of their of the manholes on the city sewers. Ald. steel. The Terminal City took second hon ors to Victoria in cricket this season, for the the chairman of the sewerage committee, first time since inter-city competition has after taking the stand he did on electric light affairs, should have proceeded mittedly inferior to the best Victoria could work involving an expenditure of almost serting their supremacy over Victoria athletes is at the Rugby game, and with this object in view they have selected their strongest possible fifteen to do battle for them on Saturday. The following is the back, H. Chance; three-quarters, J. M. Miller (captain), H. Petticrew, C. Gamble and K. Scholefield; halves, J. H. Sugrue and F. Smith; forwards, L. Crease, A. Crease, J. F. Fulkes, J. K. Maorse, A. G. Langley, H. Austin, P. Hibben and W. F. Lovelands; reserves—F. Wollaston and A. Green. The match will start at 2:45 put in the field, and their last chance of as- \$500 without consulting either his commit-

count of the violence of the language used Ald. Bragg yesterday laid a formal charge with the Mayor asking for investigation of the conduct of the official. When it will be held and how conducted will probably be known to-day.

THE Christmas tree for the infant class of the Metropolitan church will be held on the evening of Friday, December 27. The anniversary services of the Metropolitan Sunday school will be held on Sunday, Decem-

MR F. M. CRYDERMAN having disposed of his interest in the firm of Dean & Cryderman to Mr. E. H. Hiscocks, who for the past twenty years has been connected with the wholesale drug house of Langley & Co., has retired from that business, the new firm to be known as Dean & Hiscocks. Mr. Hiscocks is well-skilled in his business, holding adiploma of the English Pharmaceu tical Society. The new firm is a strong contract for the half of the gear wheel to replace that broken at the Esquimalt dry one; personally its members are deservedly ness are certain to commend themselves as

### DOCTORS DIFFER.

Ir the city police court yesterday morning Dr. Ernest Hall was charged on the information of Detective Perdue with having violated the provisions of section 86 of the provincial health act, by failing to re-port to the city medical health officer a case of scarlatina at which he was in professional attendance. The doctor promptly admitted that he had not reported the case in ques-tion, and explained that his reason was the Young Mock fong, who maintains a precarious existence by peddling jade stone curvings on the streets, found himself in a peck of trouble Monday. He was endeavoring to make a sale when a young white man, disregarding the law of meum and tuum, proceeded to help himself out of the peddler's basket. The Chinaman seized the white man and proceeded to shout lustily in the white man and proceeded to shout lustily in the white man and proceeded to shout lustily in the white man and proceeded to shout lustily in the man and proceeded to shout lustily in the white man and proceeded to shout lustily in the white man and proceeded to shout lustily in the white man and proceeded to shout lustily in the white man and proceeded to shout lustily in the white man and proceeded to shout lustily in the man and proceeded to shout lustil in section 86-which section reads as fol-

"Whenever a case of smallpox, cholera, scarlatina, diphtheria, whooping cough, measles, or infectious disease exists in any household belonging to which are persons attending school, the householder shall, within eighteen hours of the time when such disease is known to exist, notify the head teacher of such school or schools and also the board of health."

Magistrate Macrae, in reply, pointed out that his place was not to decide as to the merits or demerits of the legislation enacted for the safeguarding of the public health, but to enforce the law as it appeared upon the statute book. Under the circumstances, Dr. Hall having confessed himself guilty as charged, he felt bound to inflict a penalty. A fine of \$10, with \$3.50 costs, was accordingly imposed, and immediately paid.

"This is not the end of the matter, by

any means," said Dr. Hall in discussing the case with a COLONIST reporter later in the day. "There is more in it than appears on the surface, and the issue will be fought It was disappointing to sealers yesterday out. All the trouble arises out of the strainto learn that sealskins sold in London at ed relations at present existing between the generally below what had been offered here the practising members of the profession, by local buyers. There were to have been When the rules of the municipal board of sold, according to Lampson & Co.'s circular, health were issued recently the medical asso-55,000 Alaskan skins; 17,700 Copper Island ciation addressed a communication to Dr. skins, and 55,000 West Coast skins. The Duncan asking him to attend a meeting of cablegram received yesterday showed that the association and discuss the rules with the sale went rather peculiarly, inasmuch as his brother practitioners. He in reply sent prices for the Northwest skins were 20 per a curt refusal and informed the society that cent. in advance of those realised last he was under the instructions of the council, autumn, while the Alaskan skins went 7 not the medical association. The members per cent. less, and the Copper Island skins of the profession are practically a unit in 5 per cent. less. On the latter it will be seen that the prices are from 50 to 75 cents below local prices, indicating that the sale scarlatina. Dr. Jones and several others

"We hold thatthe meaning of the act has been distorted by Dr. Duncan, and that it is required. not only foolish, but unwise in the extreme, Now that residents of the East Saanich to placerd and quarantine isolated cases of advantages of daily communication with the leads to concealment of cases from the medcity. In the past a semi-weekly stage has ical profession—certainly a very serious

### CLAIM JUMPING.

The subjoined communication from Mr. J. M. Keilie, M.P.P., appears in the Koot-

In Trail Creek district, I am credibly informed, claim jumping is rampant and serious injury is the result. Claim jumping in standing menace to the interest of any mining community and must be stamped out by Columbia's Mainland, is authority for the the strongest legislation. Any free miner who would be intentionally guilty of placing blanket location on a claim held by another slaughter by the Indians for hides and horns free miner should be deprived of all mining are now entering a period of great mining development, and if we allow the pernicious lent bloodshed will ensue, the investment of capital will be retarded and serious concreek seems to have gained a considerable hold upon the most trivial and frivolous technicalities. I have the greatest confidence in the judges of our Supreme court the other hand the Indians have systemati. and feel assured they will give the most give the original claim holder ample protection. Stringent legislation on the lines I end to claim jumping in this province and do away with expensive litigation J. M. KELLIE.

One Honest Man.

DEAR EDITOR :-Please inform your readers, that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter particulars of a genuine, honest home cure by which I was permanently restored to health and vigor, after years of suffering from nervous de bility. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of help. ing the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. Perfect secrecy assured. Address with stamp:—Mr Edward Lampert, P.O. Box 55, Jarvis, Ont.

If you are auxious to find the most reliable blo d purifier, read in Ayer's almanac the testimonials of those who have been cured of such terrible diseases as cafarrh, reum sizm, and scrotula, by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Then govern yourself acceptionly

### From THE DAILY COLONIST, December 5. THE CITY.

SATURDAY week has been decided upon as the date of the Saanich plowing tournament. THE next ordinary meeting of the Presbytery of Victoria is to be held in the First hurch here on the first Tuesday in March.

MR. THOMAS HUBBARD and Miss Harriet Townsend were joined in marriage last even ing, both parties being well known Victorians who have many well wishers.

MRS. GRANT and Mrs. Higgins were chosen candidates for the coming school nrvstee election at a meeting of the YW. C.T.U. held in the YW.C.A. rooms las evening. Other appointments were also made at the m-eting among them being a committee to assist the sewing and relief committee of the Y.W.C.A.

THE Single Tax club's weekly meeting at Temperance hall last night drew a large audience, who listened with attention to a well delivered lecture by Mr. W. Berridge "The trinity of democracy." musical part of the programme which was published yesterday, was well carried out and the evening was spent very enjoyably.

THE residence of Mr. John Crowther. on Pandora avenue, was last evening the happy scene of the marriage of his son, Mr Richard Crowther, to Miss Clara Bray, also of Victoria: the groom's brother Daniel was best man, and Miss E. Todd bridesmaid. The officiating clergyman was Rey. Ralph W. Trotter. A reception was held, a couple of hours being very pleasantly spent by the happy couple with their immediate friends.

An entertainment was given last evening at the Spring Ridge Methodist Sunday school in aid of the general school funds, the special feature of the programme being a special readure of the programme being a lecture—or rather an informal talk—by Rev. Solomon Cleaver, B.A., on "The Downfall of the Incas." The story of the conquest of Peru by the Spaniards was graphically told, and the historical narration, illustrated with many anecdotes, was listened to with keen appreciation.

MR JAMES PRESTON, of Cadboro Bay, and Mrs. Wilson, daughter of Mr. Besjamin charges to make against me in regard to my Evans, usher of the British Columbia method of carrying out the health regula-Supreme Court, were joined in marriage on Tuesday evening last by Rev. Solomon Cleaver. The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. Johnson, and the groom by Mr. Scholefield. The wedding was very quietly celebrated, only the members of the family circle and the most intimate personal friends of the contracting parties being present.

YESTERDAY afternoon the Ladies' Aid of Central Presbyterian church held a very given in the school room of the First Pressuccessful sale of work at the church, James byterian church last evening, though de-Bay, and the articles left over were and tioned off at the concert in the evening Every seat in the hall was occupied at the servations made while the reverend Doctor concert, at which Dr. G. L. Milne ably presided. Prof. Wickens' orchestra elicited great applause; Mrs McMann delighted the audience with her singing, and the songs of with the coast scenery from here to the far to learn that sealskins sold in London at ed relations at present existing between the Messrs, Gordon, Temple and Harris were Lampson's big fall sale brought prices city medical health officer and a number of encored. The accompaniments were specially well rendered by Mrs. Moore.

MISS Agnes Deans Cameron addressed an assemblage of over sixty persons at the rooms of the Y W.C.A. on Tuesday even. of Charles Dickens. The selections from his writings lost none of their charm from the manner of their rendition, ranging as they did from description in the lighter vein to scenes deeply pathetic. Not a little was added to the avaning a serious description in the lighter with the selections from his writings lost none of their charm from the manner of their rendition, ranging as they did from description in the lighter vein to scenes deeply pathetic. Not a little was added to the avaning's entertained to notice the of the most salient points in connection therewith namely, that of cost of production.

While no one doubts for a moment the wholesomeness and nutritious qualities of oatmest, yet the careful housewifer inverse added to the avaning's entertained to notice the of the connection therewith, namely, that of cost of production.

While no one doubts for a moment the wholesomeness and nutritious qualities of oatmest, yet the careful housewifer inverse added to the avaning the course of the original transfer to notice the of the connection therewith, namely, that of cost of production. added to the evening's entertainment by the piano playing of Miss Paula Frank during the interlude. These fortnightly social gatherings are proving a decided success, and Newfoundland are having their self denial week from November 30 to December

The funeral of the late Mrs. Webber was and locally in the separate towns and conducted yesterday according to the forms of the Salvation Army. The soldiers and soldiers evidently intend this year's total to aware that a somewhat lower rate than 5. the band marched in the funeral procession far exceed last year's. It is a cause for sur- cents is quoted upon large quantities of the from the house to the barracks, where prise that the amounts collected during past services were conducted by Capt. Cowen, self denial weeks in Canada have been con-assisted by Easign Patterson. The attend-tinually increasing, and there are many ance was large, and the members of the reasons for believing that this year's effort such price, at least in this locality, indeed, Army wore the Salvation badge of mourn- will exceed any former one. Many of the ing, a white band round the arm. After the officers and soldiers have actually deterservices the procession was re-formed and mined to live on bread and water (others marched to the cemetery, the band playing next to it), in order to raise more money appropriate hymns. The pall-bearers were and reach the goal aimed for. Soldiers have W. Bromero and W. Evans.

ance Company, Mr. Justice Drake yester-day gave judgment for plaintiff with costs, and allowed 6 per cent. from the time the claim became due, but disallowed the payment of witness fee to Norman Beer. court held that the policy of \$2,000 in the Eastern Assurance Company was cancelled on March 31 by the verbal intimation on the part of the plaintiff to Mr. Boggs, the agent of that company, and therefore the conany form or upon any technicality is a ditions of the policy taken out in the London and Canadian were complied with. Mr. Thornton Fell for plaintiff; Mr. E V. Bodwell and G. H. Barnard for defendant.

THE annual election of officers of Alexan dra lodge, Sons of England, was held last the Big Horn will in two or whree years be privileges and his mining property confis-cated and a further punishment inflicted of have been seen this year, and this can only being sent to jail as a common felon. We C. F. Beaven; chaplain, H. Wager; com mittee, J Johns, J. Nute, J. Eaglestone IG, J. P. Nankivill: O.G, Geo. Millett surgeon, Dr. F. W. Hall; auditors, T. R. Williams, F. T. Plows, and B F. Shepherd. The election of trustees was laid over till next meeting. A dinner will be held on December 12 at the Globe restaurant to foundation of the organization. Members will meet at the lodge room at 8 o'clock and obtained from any members of the order.

> YESTERDAY'S sale in London of the Hudson Bay Company's sealskins was, if anything, an improvement on Lampson & Son's. The prices averaged 44 shillings or an increase of from 20 to 24 per cent, on the sales of last year. The advices which the Hud until spring. son Bay Company received by cablegram late yesterday afternoon gave the prices in de steamship Walla Walla when she sailed for tail but these could not be obtained for San Francisco last evening, owing to a great publication. Some, however, were quite extent to the cheap rates still in vogue. satisfectory while others were the reverse. Those ticketed for cabin passage from this The skins offered included only the Northwest variety, which, strange to say, brought more comparatively than either Alaskan or Copper Island skins. The latter have in former years sold best, owing to their uni

DAVID STARR JORDAN, the famous pisca-

### ALWAYS FIRST.



## REINDEER & BRAND"

CONDENSED MILK

For many years the leading milk. It is the best and most economical.

A PERFECT FOOD FOR INFANTS.

## O CASES OF HATS FEDORAS AND STIFFS.

LATEST.

### B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Clothiers and Hatters,

97 Johnson Street, Victoria.

lections on Puget Sound has succeeded in securing many interesting specimens, in-cluding eleven new species and eight or ten new genera, mostly taken by dredging off Point Orchard and about Cape Flattery. This points to the rich field that exists on this Coast for future investigation and research.

DR. G. H. DUNCAN, the medical health officer, yesterday in conversation about Dr. Hall's statement in regard to the method of carrying out the health regulations, said that he preferred not to discuss the matter through the press. "If Dr. Hall has any tions, let him lay them before the board of health," said Dr. Duncan, "and if he wishes to make any charge against me professionally he can make his complaint to both the Local Medical Association and the branch of the British Medical Association here. I am quite prepared to defend my postion before these bodies."

REV. Dr. Campbell's lecture on Alaska, was on a holiday trip last summer, and in was of much interest. The lecture deals North, giving descriptions of Wrangel, Killismoo, Metlakatlah, Juneau and Sitka. He spoke of the Alaskan mines, dealing princi pally with the Treadwell on Douglas island, and described Alaskan animals, timber, etc. Alaskan Indians. At the conclusion of the lecture, Mrs. Clyde and Mr. Watson gave a most salient points in connection therewith,

A FEW days ago the Colonist announced that the Salvationists throughout Canada to increase increased accommodation will be | 7, inclusive. Consequently the most strenuous efforts are being made on the part of the Army generally throughout the Dominion, \$25 per ton; in other words, oatmeal sells at self denial weeks in Canada have been con-Mesers. Pike, G Barber, Gow, W. Barber, been tolds off to visit from house to house and solicit contributions. In other places members of the Army brass band have ar-In Beer v. London and Canadian Insur- ranged to serenade, and by this means raise something towards the target.

### A QUESTION OF FACT.

To THE EDITOR :- With reference to interview with reporter, as published in Wednesday's issue, permit me to state that I did not say that Dr. Jones and several others have stated that they would not report cases of infectious disease; neither did I say anything in reference to the undesirability of reporting cases of scarlatina.

ERNEST HALL.

With reference to Dr. Hall's denial, above ublished, of statements made by him to me n the interview alluded to, it is only neces sary to say with equal positiveness that no words were placed in his mouth, nor any tatements credited to him, of which he was not the author. C. H. GIBBONS.

### SHIPS AND SHIPPING.

On the 15th of the coming month it is expected that H M. S. Royal Arthur, flagship elebrate the twenty first anniversary of the of the North Pacific squadron, which returned to Esquimalt from Vancouver on Tuesday, will bid farewell to this station, march thence to dinner. Tickets may be having then served her term of commission. It is as yet uncertain what vessel will re place her here, although it has been gener ally understood that H. M. S. Imperieuse wou'd be sent. Now it is H. M. S. Her mione that is mentioned in naval circles this report originating in an English paper H. M. S. Pheasant will remain in Esquimal

A large number of passengers left on the port were : Miss L Howes, Miss E Howes, formity of color, etc., but it is no doubt beginning to be realized that the Coast skins are equally good.

Support the coast skins are equally good.

Support the coast skins are equally good.

A. Russell. DAVID STARE JORDAN, the famous piscatorial expert of the Pacific Coast and president of Leland Stanford Junior University, is expected to pay Victoria a visit next spring while making collections of new and curious fishes, which will no doubt be fully dealt with in his forthcoming work in three volumes on the "Fishes of North America"

The Jordan mantians incidentally, in a late.

Northwestern II. A. Devlin, of the Northwester or Steamship Co., who has been across the Scanding for several days, returned to Victoria yesterday merning. He says regarding the recent cut made by the owners of the Schome, the steamer running in opposition to the Rosalie, that it will in all probability be met. The stockholders of the Northwestern II. Agent J. K. Devlin, of the Northwest-Dr. Jordan mentions incidentally, in a letter recently received by the British Columbia Natural History Society, that a gudent of the university who had been making celevations. The stockholders of the Northwestern line were to meet in Seattle yesterday, when they would consider the matter, and the result of the meeting he expected to know to-day.

## \$100 REWARD

Will be given to anyone who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade mark by stamping plugs of Tobacco with bronze in such a manner as to lead consumers to believe that they are receiving our

### MYRTLE NAVY TOBACCO

Each plug of which is Stamped with

B in Bronze.

Our Chewing Tobacco is stamped with T & B Tin Tag.

The George E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

A N experienced nurse with first-class references desires employment, Ad ress P.O. Box 34, Friday Harbor, San Juan Island Washington.

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### OATMEAL.

To THE EDITOR :- Your article under the caption "Oatmeal" was doubtless of much interest to your numerous readers, but it would seem to me that while setting forth the virtues of this excellent cereal as a food, you in a measure failed to notice one of the

continually and universally in use, What does it cost? And especially loud and forceful does this inquiry come now that financial depression is abroad throughout the land.

From the market quotations given in the COLONIST I find oatmeal ten pound sack, 50 cents: and oats are quoted at from \$20 to meal, but as I have taken vour own quotations upon both, the comparison is but fair. As a matter of fact oats will command no some disposed of within a week realized not more than \$15 per ton, and even lower prices are offered.

However, for the sake of argument, the twenty-five rate will be used. The position then is about as follows: Oats worth \$25 per ton, after being converted into meal become worth \$100; that is, the producer of the grain, the man who has all the worry and labor incident upon its sowing, reaping and marketing, is asked to pay an advance

of \$75 upon what he originally obtains. Surely the difference is much too great for anyone to claim that cost of production so enormously enhances the value. As a matter of fact we know to the contrary, and some one is reaping an undue profit from the efforts of others.

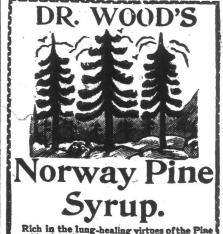
Various other articles of food might be similarly treated, all pointing to the fact that the farmer is not in any way receiving what should come to him as the result of his efforts. The raw material for a large proportion of what is converted into food stuffs comes originally from our farms, and yet when purchased we are asked to pay an advance in many cases of from one hundred to four hundred per cent.

Perhaps the subject has not been looked

at in such a light, or a remedy would have been forthcoming; or is it the cupidity of others who would if possible reduce the tiller of the soil to a state of semi-slavery, for that in plain English is what it amounts to. But already this letter is too prolix, and should my efforts meet with your favor at

another time, further comment and a pos-

ible remedy may be suggested by Your humble servant, A. H. HAWKINS. Langley, B.C., November 30 1895.



Rich in the lung-healing virtues of the Pine ombined with the soothing and expectorant roperties of other pectoral herbs and barks. A PERFECT CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Tourseness, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Loup and all THROAT, BRONCHIAL and LUNG DISEASES, Obstinate coughs which exist other remedies yield promptly to this deasant play syrap.

PRICE 280. AND 800. PER BOTTLE.

BOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

# MILK

milk. It is the

INFANTS.

# ATS

Street, Victoria

## DO REWARD

## NAVY

is Stamped with in Bronze.

o is stamped with

t & Son Co., Ltd.,

with first-class refer ment. Ad ress P.O. San Juan Island no26-2wd&w

CAL.

n Tag.

our article under the s doubtless of much ous readers, but it while setting forth lent cereal as a food, to notice one of the onnection therewith. production.

for a moment the atritions qualities of an article of diet so sally in use, What cially loud and forceme now that financial oughout the land.

tations given in the ten pound sack, 50 oted at from \$20 to ords, oatmeal sells at ound, while oats are und. I am very well lower rate than 5 en your own quotanparison is but fair. will command no his locality, indeed, a week realized not

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has not been looked remedy would have it the cupidity of ible reduce the tiller emi-slavery, for that it amounts to. r is too prolix, and with your favor at mment and a pos gested by

A. H. HAWKINS. nber 30 1895.



up. ng virtues of the Pine hing and expectorant oral herbs and barks CURE FOR

ID COLDS onchitis, Sore Throat
, BRONCHIAL and

### THE SULTAN SURPRISED.

He Finds That He Has Not a Single yesterday on board the sealing schooner Ultimatum Presented to the Sultan Backer in Europe Despite All His Assurance.

The Question of Guardships Yet Unsettled-Further Outrages on Armenians.

Britaln gave the Sultan until Saturday within which to issue the permit demanded. extra British guardship would pass the straits without the Sultan's permission. This report was coupled with the statement Britain in the matter. Some color was lent parent, and it is in consequence that the even to this report by the unprecedented activity of the Italian arsenals and by the fact that the same rumor was current at Rome, Berlin, Paris and this city. Diligent inquiries here among the diplomatic corps and in the Turkish government circles. failed to obtain a confirmation of the report. But Sir Philip Currie undoubtedly seems to have made some important communications, the nature of which is not known to Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish minister for foreign

As intimated, however, this is an era of surprises, and it was hinted that another one is in store. This turns out to be correct. The Sultan all along has believed, and the palacs coterie have been apparently convinced, that Russia would not act in accordance with Great Britain; that, therefore, Russia, France and Germany may be counted upon if it came to a crisis to oppose any active interference upon the part of Great Britain in the Turkish empire. It became known to-day, however, to the sur-prise of skeptics, that Russia is in accord with all the powers, including Great Britain, and that the Sultan need look for no sympathy from the Czar or his advisers in anything in any way tending to thwart the determination of the powers to have order restored throughout the Turkish empire. and measures taken for the protection of the lives and property of all Christian sub-

The details of this little surprise are as The Last Dollar Showing Up Wellfollows: "When Great Britain threatened to force a passage through the Dardanelles if the permit for the passage of an extra guardship were not granted, the Sultan appealed personally to the governments of Russia, Austria, Germany and France, begging them not to press the demand for extra guardships in the Bosphorous, and calling their attention to the efforts the Turkis government were making to restore order, o prevent further outbreaks, and also dweiling strongly upon the danger of an uprising of Mussulmans throughout the em pire if he, the Sultan, were subjected to such a slight. In no case did the Sultan meet with success. To his representations Prince Lobanoff Rostovsky, Russian Minister for Foreign Affairs, replied that he could see no reason to separate himself from the course followed by other powers regarding the Turkish question. The Austrian, French and German governments replied in a similar tone. Thus, apparently, the Sultan was shown that he no longer has a

backer in Europe.

But the question of admitting extra guardships is still unsettled. This would still leave open the question whether Great Britain has or has not given the Sultan until Saturday in which to issue the permit. News has at last been received from Zeitoun, the town which was captured in Nodelegates sent by the commander of the Turkish forces at Marash to treat with the Turkish forces at Marash to treat with the insurgents for the surrender of the latter, were halted outside Zeitoun by the Armeni an outpost. The message of which the Turks were bearers was then conveyed to Turks were bearers was then conveyed to the situated on salt water, and that wool and water are abundant, the important water and salt water are abundant, the important were again exhorted to heed the counsels of the authorities and to summon the more prominent citizens to discuss the situation and also to reveal the hiding the situation and also to reveal the hiding the last half, and committee to consider remits from the Gaparal Assembly—W. L. Clay. A. B. Win-Armenian leaders, it being judged inadvisable to conduct the Turks, even blindfolded. into Zeitoun. The delegates, however, were informed that four hundred captured Turk mill will be ordered immediately. ish soldiers, who were said to have frater nized with the Armenians, were released with the exception of nine soldiers, who were alleged by the Turks to have been murdered. It is believed that they were probably killed during the fighting preceding the surrender of the Turkish battalion.

mercy, in spite of promises of moderation on the subject had been made by represent-

atives of the powers. Several Armenian notabilities of Erzeroum have been forced, under threats of the Turkhere demanding the recall of the Armenian bishop on account of the latter's telegraphic ing the deplorable condition of the Arme. nians and appealing for assistance from Great Britain on behalf of his co-religionists. The Armenians are being expelled from this them to send help to relieve the misery reis no doubt that great distress already exter blasts of winter sweep over the moun-

London, Dec. 4.-The Daily News' corghastly spectacle at the edge of the Armenthe perpetrators of the slaughter, a hyenalike horde of barbarians pounced upon these bodies and stripped the dishon cases of what poor clothing they had, leaving them in all degrees of nudity. Finally, about noon, a score of Armenians, headed by a priest, went under the protection of frem Flint & Proseer, brokers, Broad street. soldiers to bury the corpses. Eighty-three of them were laid in a single trench. Proba-

bly about 100 were killed. If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positive ly cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and casy to take.

The Daily News' Berlin correspondent makes similar comments, and says: "The free traders here suspect that the measures

### SEALERS PREPARE FOR SEA.

Preparations for sea were commenced Sadie Turpel, and from present indications the vessel will be the first of the 1896 fleet to sail. The schooner has been hauled alongside Porter's wharf to fit out. The arrangements, it is expected, will not last over a fortnight. Leaving here at the end of that time, in command of Capt. Crane, the schoener proceeds to Masset, Queen Char-Constantinople, Dec. 4.—Yesterday, lotte islands, for an Indian crew, afterwards has thus far started to equip for an early deready for sea nearly as soon, among them the passage of the second guardship. the Borealis and the E B. Marvin. The advantages to be gained by reaching the Japan coast in good time for the first run of News says: A telegram to the Turkish emthat Italy had endorsed the action of Great seals there, have in past years been very ap-

vessels are fitting out so early. The tug Alert, chartered by some sealing captains to make a trip down the West Coast, did not get far on her voyage after leaving here. Yesterday morning when off tion has received from the Sublime Porte a report of the Armenian trouble at Trebizond, along the state of the Armenian trouble at Trebizond the state of the Armenian troubl not proceed, her machinery being out of order. Word had to be sent back to Victoria for assistance and the tug Sadie responding to the message returned with the Alert in tow.

The sloop Eileen, a four-ton vessel well known alongside the waterfront, was yesterday sold to E. A. Bittancourt, of Salt Spring Island, who proposes using her for freight-

ing purposes. The steam collier Costa Rica, en route to Departure Bay from California, passed into Esquimalt yesterday morning to go on the marine railway for cleaning and painting. The California steamer Umatilla completed a pleasant passage north yesterday

evening, arriving at 6 o'clock with full freight and passenger lists.

The steamer Barbara Boscowitz, carrying mails, passengers and cargo, is advertised to sail for Fort Simpson and way ports at 8 o'clock this evening. The R.M.S. Empress of Japan arrived at Hongkong on Monday.

### ALBERNI MINES.

Good Reports From Copper Island.

Coleman Creek Is a Marvellous Deposit of Free Milling Ore.

ALBERNI, Dec. 3.—The Last Dollar claim rock similar in appearance to the Alberni. The rock carries a large percentage of free gold and will assay high. This discovery Mesrob, at the time acting representative will now be held at an enhanced figure.

shafe down sixteen feet, the ledge widening and growing richer. Very little water is encountered so far in the works.

The news about Coleman creek is of a very exciting character. The assay of Pellew Harvey has been confirmed by Mr. Marsh, the mining engineer. Mr. Marsh visited the mine, put outposts, and were not received by the manager by the Wellington company, who own ten claims on the hill, and Mr. Mc Allister, the discoverer, will take charge of

### ALBERNI SMELTING ORES.

In the window of the Victoria Tea House, corner of Government street and Trounce evenue, are exhibited a number of specimens The general opinion expressed here is that the Armenians of Zeitoun will be shown no claim, Alberni district. The ore is similar in dealing with the insurgents made by the taining gold, silver and copper, and re-Turkish government, after representations quiring to be smelted to extract these The specimens shown are heavily netals. mineralized, the pyrites carrying the precious metals being thickly distributed through the rock. The last assay made by Pellew. ish authorities, to telegraph to the Patriarch | Harvey, of Vancouver, gave a return of message to the Marquis of Salisbury detail- that secured from the surface in any mine in Trail Creek. It is understood the com-Kootenay, that depth will show an increase city. The Armenian Patriarch has issued in the value of ore per ton. The Islander is one soldier and two or three Mussulmans an appeal to Armenians throughout the but two and a half miles from the Alberni world, and all Christian nations, asking canal, which makes it possible to send in dead, the agitation of the Mussulmans and supplies cheaply, while freight to a smelter Greeks, who had joined the brawl, reached sulting from the recent massacres and pil. would be about a dollar and a half per ton laging in Armenia. In this connection there at the outside. It is believed that \$3 per ton will mine and freight the ore to the ists, but, as previously intimated in these smelter at Everett or Tacoma. The charges dispatches, the misery existing is nothing to for smelting would be five or six dollars per the terrible sufferings which will fall to the ton. Eighteen dollars per ton is the cost of tive homes or to the hospitals. lot of the homeless thousands when the bit- mining, freighting and smelting Trail Creek After the riot was put down, the ores. There is a difference of one-half in Armenians who had remained shut up in tains and plains upon which the devastated favor of the Alberni smelting gres. Should the houses and stores deprived of their arms development prove ore bodies equal to the Intil Calm should be entirely restored, were lodged in the buildings of the civil and respondent at Constantinople says: A letter freighting being so much cheaper, would military authorities. Those individuals and from a European at Marsovan says that on make them of much greater value. Those families who were deprived of means of Saturday after the massacre there was a who have visited the Islander and other support were cared for in some Mussulmans' ledges believe that the Alberni smelting ores houses and at the Catholic schools and an cemetery. Corpses were brought by the will prove very valuable, and this being the received bread and whatever was necessary wagon load and tossed upon the ground in case they also believe that Alberni will to them. When order was finally restored heaps. After the rifling of the bedies by shortly become a very much sough) after the old offenders and the accused were mining field. The one thing wanting now is handed over to be tried by courtmartial, practical development, and to get one mine going the Islander Mining Company has been formed to give Victorians an opportunity of aiding in hastening that end. All information about the proposition may be had

jected to the same regulations as are all such man and Christian leading men took their institutions in Prussia." The Zeitung con- places. free traders here suspect that the measures cludes that such questions should not be dealers food products were really prompted by a desire to be complaisant to settled in a manner agreeable to both counties German farmers, whose interests suffer the German farmers, whose interests suffer may be said upon both sides.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, billiousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. cludes that such questions should not be de-

### THE TURKISH QUESTION.

Demanding the Passage of the Dardanelles.

Detailed Account of the Trouble at Milk Inspection at Vancouver-Wealth His Plea for the Sacred and Urgent Trebizond-A Turkish Version of the Affair.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—The Daily Telegraph after a meeting of the ambassadors, it was going to the Japan coast. She has been has a dispatch from Constantinople which rumored that Sir Philip Currie, British am- chartered by Messrs. J. Matthews and J. will be published to-morrow, and reports baseador, had notified the Porte that Great Anderson, whose plans are to have her hunt that the powers have presented an ultimaonly in Behring sea and on the Japan coast.

While the Turnel is the only schooner which

tum to the Porte, threatening to force the without asking the permission of the government of the mayor of Chicago passage of the Dardanelles unless firmans are ernment. The department at Ottawa having supplemented the request with a cordial and that if not forthcoming by that time an parture, there are several which will be issued within seventy-two hours permitting

> bassy last night (Tuesday) says that the relations if the powers force the Dardan-Washington, Dec. 4.—The Turkish lega-

tion has received from the Sublime Porte a Ulemas and notables of the vilayet Mussulman, Greek orthodox and Roman Catholic. General Bahri Pasha, ex yali of Van, who spent several days at Trebizond in returning from Van, and Ahmed Hamid Pasha, commander of the Redifs at Trebizond, in company with Razi Ham, the Persian consul at police of the vilayet, were crossing on the after noon of Wednesday, Ont. 2, the Ouzoun the quest. Sokak street in the city of Trebizond, when Armeki, an Armenian bishop, who was suspected of being affiliated with the revolutionary committees and another individual. also an Armenian, fired on them severa times with revolvers, wounding Bahri Pasha in the calf of the leg and Hamid Pasha in the foot. Armeki and his accomplices were instantly arrested.

o'clock at night, several Mussulmans having met in the Ai Vassail quarter a certain Hatchik, who was being sought by the police, they called on him to stop. Hatchik instantly fired upon them a number of times. Hamid Effendi, who happened to be passing in a neighboring street, turned into the street from which the noise came, but being seen by Hatchik was instantly shot and killed. This caused great excitement, and a rumor having been circulated that the Armenians had gone to the government house and assassinated the vali, the popuace marched in that direction. The civil and military authorities and police, assisted by prominent citizens, finally succeeded in quelling and dispersing the crowd by explaining that the shots which had been on Mineral Hill shows a good strong vein of heard had been of no sectious consequence, and that the Armenians had done nothing in the way of violence.

Two days later, however, at about nine

proves that a large section of the hill which of the Armenian Bishop of Trebizond, and Lyal & Co. placed a piano in the premises was not believed by so-called experts to also the most prominent citizens of the city carry gold, and many claims which heretofore have been regarded as of small value,
will now be held at an enhanced forms.

When summoned to government house, but only the bishop's representative and one merchant, a certain Mahouhan, answered titoneer at a mortgage sale. Counsel for the A cance from Copper Island reports the all their influence to prevent the repetition of such scenes.

In reply the merchant Mahouhan declared that he had never interfered and never would interfere in the affairs of the community, and Father Mesrob reported on his side that he did not know the accused, and that it would appear that the two pashas toun, the town which was captured in November by the Armenians, that the Turkish in several shots, selected and sacked 200 mid Effendi had been killed by a Mussulman. He added that it would be well to arrest the he submitted it to a mill test. He got nearly real criminals and allow the arrested Ar-

> brought about by some Armenian vagato prevent bloody riots, proceeded on the morning of Tuesday, October 18, accom-panied by the president of the municipality, to the market square, and there in one of the principal stores, assembled a numamong the members of the trades union, and publicly exhorted them not to cause in character to the Trail Creek ores, con- trouble and to cease the tumultuous excitement of the population. It was precisely at this moment, however, that shots were heard in the direction of Sharki square. Owing to the existing confusion it was impossible to determine where the brawl began. It seemed as though the more the imperial troops, the agents of police and \$12.60 per ton. This was from ore near the Zapties endeavored to suppress the riot the surface, and is much more satisfactory than greater became the audacity of the Arme-

It was from their shops and windows and pany will at once begin to sink on the indeed from anywhere and everywhere they ledge, and it is expected, as was the case in were that they fired at random on soldiers, police and citizens alike. At the sight of wounded and two others who were already a climax. It was 3 o'clock before, with great trouble, they could re-establish order. Corpses lying in the streets and in shops were taken that night to untenanted stores,

had sought protection at the residence of the foreign consuls at the moment of the riot, were conveyed under escort to their homes, and for the purpose of protecting The Kolnische Zeitung refers to the dis- them from all attack the foreign consulates advantages with which German sugar im- and school and other religious establish ports to American contend. "The in- ments, as well as the residences of spection of American pork," says the Zeitung, "is merely of a local nature, and troops and Zapties. Certain particular has not warranted the differential treatment families were lodged for protection in the of German imports by America, while houses of prominent Mussulman citizens, American insurance companies are only sub. and wherever the Zapties failed the Mussul-

### NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Suggested Improvements on the Fra. He Expresses Inability to Deliver an ser River-Funeral of a Cariboo Pioneer.

of Northern British Columbia-Tricky Coast Indians.

### (Special to the Colonist.)

VANCOUVER.

notified Harbor Master Thain to this effect, letter inviting Mr. Gladstone and his family. the council have appointed a committee to lecide what to do.

friends at Dunn hall last night. The con. The following is Mr. Gladstone's answer: cert went off very well, the performers, all amateurs, showing considerable ability in Sultan has resolved to break all diplomatic their several numbers. Dancing was indulged in until early this morning.

Prof. Odlum has returned from the North. ern Coast of British Columbia and Alaska. He says that he has had proved to his satissigned by the civil and military officials, the Queen Charlotte Islands, there are large gold, copper and silver deposits at many

are becoming very tricky. Their last scheme as the public are concerned, in uncertainty, Trebizoud; Hadji Omer Effendi, director of is to offer to lead a prospector to a rich gold but there are indications that the handwrite posts and telegraphs, and Suleiman Bey, commander of the mounted they will take the prospector to some wild despot of his coming doom, has again been

The milk tested by the milk inspector shows an average of 3.4 of butter fab.

The house and furniture of R. Mackay

Fripp was damaged by fire last night.
The Board of Trade are asking the Dominion government through the members of par. sides the truth and even the importance of liament here for a lighthouse at the Fraser Narrows; dredging of the shoals in the the C.P.R. bridge at False creek.

din, of Victoria, representing the Marine Department. A committee from the council, the city solicitor and the city engineer will draft a memorial to the government agent opposing the application.

Mrs. Foote, formerly of Victoria, enterbained numerous friends at her residence, Pender street, last evening, the occasion being their son's birthday.

### WESTMINSTER.

WESTMINSTER, Dec. 4. - An interesting case was tried yesterday before Judge Bole. of W. H. Falding to be paid for by monthly the summons. They were implored to exert | defence held that the sale to Falding was absolute and the mortgage sale regular. The jury thought the same. Lyal & Co. have no redress.

Another pioneer was buried yesterday, the late James Stephens being followed to his grave by a large number of old timers. Mr. Stephens went to Cariboo in 1862, having arrived in Canada from Scotland in 1854. He was one of the partners in the famous Cariboo Cameron claim, and lived in Cariboo for twenty years, coming to Westmin-

place of the fugitives.

These two incidents having been followed by the news of the riots in Constantinople inches; second week 2.372 inches; for the third 1 251; fourth 1.544, and balance of the constant of the same arms. the month it amounted to 0 759. This shows The Governor General, anxious a large increase over the month of October, when rain fell only upon six days, amounting to 0 994 inches; whereas in October of 1894 the rainfall amounted to 8 107 inches upon sixteen days, while in November of 1894 it fell upon nineteen days, amounting ber of prominent citizens, both Mus. to 8 302 inches, and in December of that sulmans and Christians, selected from year the deposition amounted to 5.579, falling upon eighteen days.

### U. S. SENATE.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The senate worked ooday while the house enjoyed a recess but most of the business transacted was of

a routine character. Mr. Hoar showed a disposition toward Mr. Hoar showed a disposition toward a courtmartial everything will come out.

My course was decided on after mature dewith the Turkish question by offering a liberation." Although Lieut. Daniels would in Turkey. He secured the adoption of another resolution requesting the President to submit to the Senate all correspondence drunkenness and ungentlemanly conduct specific inquiry as to what American consuls objections to Captain Healy's remaining in

disorder prevailing. The first formal speech of the session was made by Mr. Allen (Populist, Neb.) on Cuba and the Monroe doctrine. It was read from manuscript and was lacking in the spirit expected in the treatment of these questions. Mr. Allen urged the recognition of the Cuban insurgents, the annexation of Cuba and a strong foreign policy.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers is a pepular preparation in one bottle, and colors evenly a brown or black. Any person can easily apply it at home.

### GLADSTONE DECLINES.

Address Before the Chicago Press Club.

Cause of the Persecuted Armenians.

New York, Dec. 4 -The P. ess Club of Chicago has had an address from speakers VANCOUVER Dec. 4.—The council have laid of distinction in the auditorium every year These letters were sent to Mr. Depew to be Pacific lodge, LO.O.F., entertained their forwarded with a personal letter from him. HAWARDEN CASTLE, Chester, Nov. 5,

1895 —Dear Mr. Depew: I have had the honor to receive your letter of the 20th ult., which forwarded to me the invitation of the Press Club, accompanied and countenanced by the gracious address of the mayor faction that besides wide seams of gold on of the great city of Chicago. I cannot too strongly express my sense of the honor thus done me, and I wish to add that, in my points. Miners informed him that as the opinion, no cause more sacred, and none country was opened up it would be found to more urgent, than that of the Arbe as rich in minerals as the richest part of the Mainland or Vancouver Island. | oitizens of a humane and enlightened coun-Prespectors claim that the Coast Indians try. It is for the moment enveloped, so far traced visibly enough to betoken some approaching crash of a system of government far more impious and iniquitous. "With these feelings I still must not

blind myself to the facts of my situation. After my long public life I can attempt no public action without considering much be-Narrows, and the putting up of a draw on gress (for such it would be) at the present W. H. Gallagher refused to answer certain questions in the suit of Gallagher vs. the World. An order was applied for to commit him for contempt. The Chief Juston me, but diminished strength, imperfect wision and growing deafness incapacitate vision and growing deafness incapacitate time, would be beneficial to the Armenian considerations might lead me to undertake, tain foreshore rights. The council have considered the application with Capt. Gau what is purely private and of a very restricted character. I send this reply with much regret, with too full an assurance of the necessity. In conclusion, let me hope that the influence of your great and, the such a matter, necessarily impartial country will be powerfully used in the cause of right. I remain, with much respect, dear Mr. Depew, yours (signed) W. E. Glad-

### PRESBYTERY OF VICTORIA.

NANAIMO, Dec. 4.—(Special)—The Presbytery concluded its labors at midnight yes-Netherby, J. Park and W. L. Clay. Examination of students-Alex. Young, sidered. D. MacRae and Mr. Foster.

Young people's societies - R. B. Mc-Micking, Dr. Campbell and W. L. Clay. Statistics and finance-D. MacRae, D. A.

McRae and J. Bryden.

Home missions—D. A. McRae, T. Rogers, Dr. Campbell, W. L Clay, D. MacRae, G.

amounted to 6.341 inches. For the first General Assembly-W. L. Clay, A. B. Winchester, Dr. Campbell and D. MacRae. The next regular session of the preaby tery will be held on the first Tuesday in March, at the First Presbyterian church, Victoria.

### THE U. S. S. "BEAR."

The San Francisco papers announce that on Friday night Captain Healy, of the U. S. revenue cutter Bear, received instructions to turn over his vessel to Lieut. A. Buhner. Daniels, the latter of whom in an interview said: "In substance I charged him with a great many offences, all of which are unsecoming a gentleman and an officer, and in violation of the rules of the service. not specify any of my allegations. When the authorities at Washington choose to order resolution denouncing the recent atrocities not state the exact nature of the charges preferred they were well known about the vessel. One of the charges was frequent Nearly all the other are absent from their posts by reason of the charge were the result of personal conflicts with his officers. The men had nothing to

say in the matter. Lieutenant Chester White, of the Bear, who startled the revenue cutter service by resigning his commission (though his resigna tion was not accepted), has contributed another scandal to the service by running away with a chorus girl, and leaving behind a charming wife who has been an invalid for several months past. The woman with whom White eloped is Mabel Howe, who was here with "The Passing Show" company a short time ago.

The steamship City of Topeka, which was laid up on the Sound a week or so ago to undergo one of her regular overhaulings, goes North this morning. She will call here as usual while en route from the Sound.

## YOU CAN'T GO TO SLEEP IN (HURCH IF YOU'VE GOT



### CAPITAL NOTES.

Decision of the Minister of Marine on the "Quadra" Accident-Complimentary Address.

Pacific Cable Commission—Dominion Rifle Association-Sir Charles Tupper Coming Out.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) OTTAWA, Dec. 4.—The minister of marine has had Capt. Devereux's report on the Quadra accident under consideration. In view of Capt. Walbran's hitherto excellent record he is retained in the service but is everely reprimanded and fined \$100.

Mr. John Lowe, the retiring deputy minister of agriculture, was presented with a complimentary address by the staff of the department to-day.

Writs for Montreal Centre and Jacques

night, his visit is in connection with the fast Atlantic service and the Pacific cable project. Sir Charles Tupper sails for Canada on Saturday. Hon. Mr. Ives has received the terms of reference to the intercolonial committee to consider the Pacific cable matter. The question of route, cost, revenue and other mat-ters will be considered, and special attention is suggested as to whether the cable should

be laid by the several governments interest-

ed or by a private company and the distri-

bution of cost ar subsidies among the governments concerned. The council of the Dominion Rifle Association meets here on the 16th, when the annual report will be adopted and arrangeterday. The principal business was the selection of the following committees:

Sabbath schools—Dr. Campbell, S. B.

Australian team to visit Canada on their Australian team to visit Canada on their way home from Bisley will likely be con-

Rev. Father Whelan has withdrawn his Augmentation of salaries—D. A. McRae, action against the Owl, and the controversy Rogers, A. B. Winchester and Thornton is now at an end. The ressons which have led to this are not stated.

### IN BOILING PITCH.

SEATTLE, Dec. 4.—To be plunged to death in a burning sea of pitch at the very moment Odell and Thornton Fell.

Church work and life—W. L. Clay, Th. Rogers, R. B. McMicking, J. Odell, J. C.

University of Washington yesterday fore-Forster and A. Tait.
Church property—Thornton Fell, Alex.
Young, Dr. Campbell, D. A. McRae and R.

Washington yesterday foremoon, and while the fire was roaring and burning the life out of the unfortunate man, his companion, Frank Gallagher, unsuccessful in an attempt at rescue, lay exhausted on the platform at the base of the tank, seventy-five feet above ground, with both his hands severely burned. The awful affair happened at 11 o'clock, just at a time when classes were changing in the big building, and the excitement, when the discovery was made that two men had been on the inside of the burning tank, was intense. Workmen, stu-dents and professors rushed out to give aid, but found on the spot that their services came too late, as the fated contractor was beyond all earthly help, and Gallagher had gotten down safely and was being cared for. It seems that charges have been preferred so all they had to do was to stand by and against him by Lieutenants White and witness the terrible, though inspiring sight, for the flames were shooting into the air for a distance of at least fifteen feet above the top of the tank.

### ANOTHER SALMON CANNERY.

It is possible that a salmon cannery will be in operation next season not a great dis-tance from Victoria. On account of the great quantity of salmon that have been observed running up the Cowichan river by way of Mill Bay and also in the other waters adjacent, it is understood that men experienced in the cannery business have come to the conclusion that to put up a cannery somewhere near Mill Bay and Cowichan harber would be a profitable venture. American capital is interested in the matter and it is said that steps are being taken to purchase a suitable site.

The Mystery left for the West Coast yesterday morning with, it is understood, a number of seal captains on board.



### The Colonist

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1895.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY AND THURSDAY

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tine solid Nonpareil, each insertion. No ad-ertisement inserted for less than \$2. Where Cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

### PRESBYTERY OF VICTORIA.

NANAIMO, Dec. 3 .- (Special) -The Presin St. Andrew's church, the Moderator, Rev. W. L. Clay, presiding. A call extended to Rev. D. McRae, the former mistended to Rev. D. McRae, the former mis-sion pastor, to assume charge of St. Paul's, him for this eccentric step by his most vio-Victoria West, which had become a selfsustaining congregation, was duly reported on and sustained, the induction to take place December 16.

A special committee is to be appointed to inquire into the question of assisting the Manitoba College.

Dr. Garrow's case gave rise to a long discussion, but finally all action was deferred

till next meeting.

Rev. D McRae, convener of the home mission committee, reported the retention of 15 per cent. of the present salaries out of the mission fund under the instructions of Rev. Dr. Robertson, the object being to equalize the total deficit of salaries as between summer and winter. The workers question will be further

considered at the next regular meeting.

### INSURANCE ON THE COAST.

SEATTLE, Nov. 30.—In the opinion of W. J. Callingham, general manager of the J. Callingham, general manager of the Ayer or two before the advent of Mr. Pacific department of the Scottish Union DeCosmos the government had granted a and National Insurance Company, of Hartferd, the different insurance agencies in the
Northwest in much better condition than
there in California Mar California Against this form of the legislature being appointees of the those in California. Mr. Callingham has just returned from a trip throughout British Columbia, and is on his way home to San Transisco. With a correct the correct to the c Francisco, "The cause of the depression in the insurance business in California," he says, "is the disruption of the Pacific Insurance Union, which occurred last summer. In San Francisco alone this threw out over sixty clerks, and indirectly a number of other people, and cut into the salary of agents nearly 60 per cent. My reasons for visiting this section at this time were to see for myself the exact condition of the country. I cannot say that I am impressed with the sutlook, but sincerely hope it will improve.

### TORONTO TOPICS.

TORONTO, Dec. 2.—(Special) - Yet another insurance murder case comes up at the pre- then chief justice. But with all his indissent criminal assizes. A man name Dix is charged with burning down his dwelling house and murdering his wife, who perished in the fire There was some small insurance on the house. Dalton McCarthy is announced to speak

on behalf of Mr. Brandon, the Patron of Industry candidate in North Ontario, at several meetings during the next few days. Geo. Ross, of Guelph, who testified at the election trial in West Wellington that George Tucker, Patron member of the legislature, since unseated and disqualified, had treated him to influence his vete, has been arrested on the charge of perjury.

### KOREA'S QUEEN.

TACOMA, Dec. 2 -Officers of the steamship Tacoma from the Orient, furnish the following particulars of the assassination of the Queen of Korea + After the rebels broke into the palace, killing fifteen women inweiting in a horrible manner, they secured the Queen and her maids, placed them in sacks and carried them outside the palace, where their bodies was slashed with knives, then placed in a roaring fire kindled for the purpose, the bodies being wholly destroyed. Large quantities of oil were placed on the fire, and the rebels danced about the flames as the remains were burned to ashes. The Queen's mother committed suicide on hearing the fate of her daughter.

Lord Salisbury, in receiving a Wesleyan deputation which visited him in connection with the sectarian education proposals, said he did not care to conceal his strong animus in favor of the Anglican and Roman Catho lic demands. Many Wesleyans are strong Conservatives, but this fact did not deter the prime minister from making hestile and sarcastic interruptions as the delegates de veloped their ideas. Instead of respond like a statesman with an mind he spoke freely as a sectarian partisan He spoke about "You Wesleyans" and "Anglicans," and declared "We votced the Church of England." His tone and language, however, aroused the dissenters throughout the country. At a subsequent meeting of the Nonconformiats' council, Dr. Clifford, the president, said he was of the opinion that the country was entering on a great struggle which menaced the free dom of Christian education. If the Prime Minister's plan succeeded the Anglican and Roman Cathelic churches' houses would get, for educational purposes, endowments amounting to about £3,000,000 a year.

HON. AMOR DECOSMOS.

Melancholy Close of a Prominent and Useful Career-Brief Biographical Sketch

Confederation.

Another familiar face has disappeared from the " places where men most do conour first parents sinned has kept up a cease- his friends in the House of Assembly. less and never-ending march towards the house, over which he presided for many and who, not many years ago, was the atively stated that the days which remain to the nettle of chaos.

Pacific Coast. Most of his friends took ship the leader. In 1866 Victoria ceased to be a and sailed round the Horn to San Francisco, free port (duties had previously been collectbut Mr. DeCosmos preferred the land route, ed on the Mainland at New Westminster), and started for California by way of the plains with a party that outfitted at St. Louis, then a wild frontier town, now a great city of 500,000 inhabitants. The plains were then an unknown land, abounding in buffalo and wild Indians. Upon reaching Salt Lake City, where the Mormons memorable event took place. A bill consome years before had raised their Ebenezer, the party rested awhile, and two years subthe party rested awhile, and two years sub-sequently Mr. DeCosmos reached the Mecca bill was opposed by all but three members of his hopes. Settling at Ocoville, then the centre of a thriving mining district, he built McClure was the editor of Mr. DeCosmos' up a successful photographic business.

In 1855, Mr. DeCosmos, for reasons which were never fully explained, petitioned the California legislature to be permitted to NANAIMO, Dec. 3.—(Special)—The Pres-bytery of Victoria convened this afternoon liam Alexander Smith—to that by which he was ever afterwards known in that state and here. The change was effected in a most public and honorable way and no reflection lent political opponent. When Mr. DeCosand a half years ago he was in the prime of life. His figure was tall and straight, and his manner pleasant yet decided. His views en public matters were independent and prenounced and he was early found denouncing the political rule of the Hudson Bay Co., which with Governor (afterwards Sir James) Douglas, was somewhat despotic.

On the 11th day of December, 1858, Mr. British Colonist. He denounced Hudson Bay rule as opposed to the ethics and spirit of the age, and soon found himself in direct conflict with the authorities by whom his press was seized early in 1859. A mass meeting of citizens was held and the action of the government denounced in unmeasured terms, and after furnishing bonds—as was then required of publishers by the English law—the publication was resumed, and the attacks on the rulers were more bitterly personal than before.

ment candidate—Mr. Selin Franklin, an office, threw his influence in favor of the stacks unsold owing to ruinous prices, auctioneer. The then Attorney-General great political change. declaring he would never again appear be-"d-d old fool Cameron," the cretions Carey was a good fellow at bottom

United States and had taken up their resiargued that if they were not citizens of the ents in the long ran. United States they had no allegiance to re The former opponents of the scheme-

feated decided DeCosmos he would be unseated. The vot. with a wagon road. ing was open then and his supporters were For whom de you take. In answer to the usual question he elected to retain his Ottawa seat, and informed the returning officer that he resigned his seat at Victoria. wished to vote for Amor D. Cosmos. This

Some time before the administrative when he stood for Ostawa was in 1882. He power had been taken from the hands of the iudson Bay Company and the colonies of Baker by very pronounced majorities. Island and British Columbia were organized under a Crown system of government. Governor Douglas had been appointed governor of the united colonies with Colonel Moody as his Lieutenant Governor, whose residence was on the Main, In 1864 it was thought advisable by the Rema authorities to appoint a successor to take an active part in public matters. He seemed to be stunned at what land than he is in Hugland; their condition under the small holding system in Belgium and Hellington and their in Hugland; their condition under the small holding system in Belgium and Hellington and their in Hugland; is the worst in Europe, the renting farmer there are who say he never fully retain the Friel tenant."

As this is the case—why therefore advotated the sub-division of land? I constitute the sub-division of land? I constitute the sub-division of land?

te Governor Douglas on Vaucouver Island and to create a separate government for British Columbia. This step was taken and Governor Seymour was made Governor of British Columbia and Governor Kennedy of Vancouver Island. The cost of the maintenance of the two governments was enormous. The civil list absorbed nearly every deliar of the revenue and little was A Life Full of Incident and Stirring left for improvements. The people were in a state of poverty and consternation. Gevernor Douglas had governed wisely and economically. Under his administration the great wagon road to Cariboo had been completed and the riches of the placers there laid bare. Taxes had been so light that people scarcely felt the yoke. An agitation gregate"; another well known figure will for the union of the provinces was almost shortly join the ghostly procession that since immediately begun by Mr. De Cosmos and

Great Beyond; another page of colonial history must be turned down; for a man who times were turbulent. Political lines were onceswayed the destines of this great province tightly drawn, and strong language and in vective were frequently indulged in by speakers on both sides. Personal encounters 'ancrowned king" of the masses—a political power in the land—is at the point of be seen the placid features and heard the death. The Hon. Amor D. Cosmos was yes. gentle voice of Mr. Speaker as he quietly, terday adjudged insane, and it is authori-

ceived as good an education as could then free of duty. A strong protection feeling be obtained, and early in life embarked in began to manifest itself among the farmers and manufacturers. This feeling grew and About 1849 the discovery of gold in California attracted his attention and drew him and many other Nova Scotians to the of union and tariff, with Mr. DeCosmos as in this province are his brother, C. McK. governor of the united colonies.

It was during the session of 1866 that a paper, the British Colonist. He was a man of rare powers as a writer and a profound and original thinker. Messrs. DeCosmos and McClure agreed to kill the bill by talking against time. We quote now from the Colonist edition, April 25, 1866, the day following the debate:

"Twenty-six hours had to be consumed n two speeches from Messrs. DeCosmos and McClure; the latter gentleman spoke from 2 o'clock p.m. on Monday till 6 o'clock the following morning, and Mr. DeCosmos took the floor at 6 and would have continued till over building, over speculation in any direc-4 in the afternoon had not the majority at I o'clock relinquished the contest and moved for an adjournment."

Mr. McClure and not Mr. DeCosmos who ing and speculative powers of the civilized made the sixteen hours' speech, although world, periodical waves of over production the latter has been erroneously credited and depression cannot be avoided, not even with the feat by parties and papers ignorant | if land were nationalized, sub-divided, or of the facts. Mr. McClure never saw a well overtaxed. DeCosmos issued the first number of the day afterwards. Had he responded to the call of nature during those sixteen hours the bill would have been passed during his ab. and I presume Henry George's book refers sence from the room. He therefore held to the same. Take the millions of persons the fort at the expense of his health and employed in factories in different parts of died a little more than a year later at San | the world who live in one or two miserable Francisco of Bright's disease of the kidneys. weight of his influence in favor of New how can the increase in productive power worked incessantly for Victoria. After the agricultural portions of Great Britain, eighteen months of warfare Victoria was where millions of industricus, happy labor selected by act of the Imperial parliament ers used to be paid and fed in the days when

and has since remained the capital.

Scarcely had the act of union been proclaimed when Mr. DeCosmos and his party inaugurated an agitation for the admission of British Columbia to the Canadian confederation, then scarcely a year old. In 1870 Mr. Seymour, who was understood to be opposed to confederation, died. He was succeeded figure, in some cases not rents, laborers

was George Hunter Carey, who built were carried in the legislative council, which castle, the present government house. Mr. Carey was a brilliant lawyer and debater; was composed largely of the very officials who, under Gevernor Seymear, had epposed in its favor. In 1870 strong confederation resolutions competition, and disconsent rampant every were carried in the legislative council, which where. Whoever is benefited by free trade ness detracted from by a most violent the union but who now voted in its favor, temper. He would fly into a rage at a The ensuing summer the "terms" were brivial cause, and frequently wrecked a good arranged by Messrs. Helmoken, Trutch and case in court by a sorry exhibition Carrall, delegates from the colony. Early value. In old countries labor is plentiful, of ill-nature. On one occasion he in 1871 the terms were ratified by the legisof ill-nature. On one occasion he in 1871 the terms were ratified by the legisthrew down his brief and rushed out lative council here, and in July, 1871, the colony became a province of the Dominion. It would be unfair to withhold from Mr. DeCosmos a meed of praise for his exertion in behalf of Confederation. He worked long and as a political wire-puller had no equal and ceaselessly in its favor. Not always in the province. It was soon seen that De-Cosmos was the favorite of the majority of the electors who had registered as voters. Slavery then existed in the United States out of season, in the legislative hall, in the and some sixty colored men had emigrated press, on the platform and on the street to the colony of Vancouver Island from the corners he never ceased to raise his voice or move his pen in support of his pet scheme. dence at Victoria. Some of these men had until at length the works of the opposition, been slaves in the Southern States; others once a strong fortress, were reduced to were freemen; but all colored men had been crumbling ruin, with scarce a man left to all declared by a decision of the then chief just fire a gun. But although Mr. DeCosmos tice of the United States to be ineligible as won honor and credit and gratitude for his citizens of that country. A bright idea persistent and manly policy on this great presented itself to Mr. Carey's mind. He question he was overtopped by his oppon-

nounce and, consequently, they would be now his converts—excelled him in their deeligible as citizens here the moment they mands. He submitted a manifesto, setting had taken the oath of allegiance to the forth the terms on which British Colum-Queen. This they did and became full bians would consent to join the Confedera-fledged British subjects. They were then tion. Among the things he saked from registered as voters and did vote almost to a Canada was a trans-continental wagon road. man against Mr. DeCosmos, who was de The converts submitted their terms and they asked for a trans-continental railway in 1861 Mr. DeCosmos met with another The terms of the converts were accepted by disappointment. A vacancy had occurred in the representation of Esquimalt and he an (accomplished fact. For many years to stand for the seat. Threats afterwards Mr. DeCosmos had to submit to were made that if he stood as Amor the taunt that he would have been content

After confederation Mr. DeComos instructed as they approached the returning officer's table, in reply to the usual question Victoria at Ottawa, where he labored with of capital. I maintain that capital vote?" to answer "For accustomed industry to secure the early con-William Alexander Srith, commonly known struction of the railway. In 1872 he beas Amor D. Cosmos. 'When all available came Premier of this province, and convotes save one had been cast the poll was a tinued to hold both a seat in the legislature ie. The last voter came up to cast for the here and at Ottawa, until on the passage of opposition candidate, but made a fatal mis- the act to abolish dual representation he

It has been charged against Mr. DeCosmos vote having been recorded as for Amor De-Cosmos left the tie for Smith and Gordon fell in 1873, he coquetted with the Macunbroken, and the returning officer gave the casting vote for Gordon, who was then and posed he stood a fair chance of becoming a declared elected. But "to patient member of the Mackenzie cabinet. Be that faith the prize is sure," and in 1863 Mr. De. | as it may, in 1875 Mr. DeCosmos was again Cosmos was elected for the city at the head of the poll.

an accepted follower of Sir John, and was these would be gainers, but the rest of the poll.

The last election would gain nothing, and what

For a long time afterwards Mr. DeCosme

world forgesting was by the world forgot. It imagine a more deplorable condition of He seldom appeared on the public platform, affairs than the world reduced to a dead He seldom appeared on the public platform, and upon the few occasions when he made bis appearance there the great change that had come over him was painfully apparent. His last public speech was at the old Methodist church, on Pandora street, last spring, sons there would be no one to employ labor when he attempted to address an audience en the political issues. His voice could be heard by persons who occupied seats ten feet away from him; his expres-sions were incoherent and his whole demeanor that of a man whose mental and physical for a dry day. Divide, and rob over and powers were in a state of decay.

Mr. DeCosmos was a clever man. narrowly escaped being a great one. His intellectual power was considerable. He always. I give him full credit for his truthful and unbiased statement on the land a certain force of character which attracted system" of other countries, when he defriends. But he never gave an opponent credit for differing from him honestly. He was intolerant of the opinions of others, whether friends or foes. He was quick to give offence and as quick to resent an insult. Shared by European Lilberals, that the He believed so thoroughly in himself that be could brook no opposition, and so high old world was due to aristocratic and was his opinion of his own powers that he would listen to the views of even his friends with ill-concealed impatience.

Extensive as was his knowledge, like George Hunter Cary, his political foe of the long ago, he had never learned to control his DeCosmos was born in the city of Halifax,
Nova Scotia, some 75 years ago. He reNova Scotia, some 75 years ago. He retemper, and, again like Cary, therein lay his partial failure. But in spite of his degovernmental matters required to be got into shape, and the evidence of his talent must ever remain impressed on the pages of the history of the British Pacific.

Smith, and a nephew.

### LAND, CAPITAL, WAGES.

TO THE EDITOR :- Amongst the noticeable features in Henry George's "Poverty and Progress" is the manner in which he upsets his own theories on the subdivision of land. wages, capital and production.

He says: "The reason why, in spite of the increase of productive power, wages constantly tend to a minimum which will give but a bare living is, that with increase in productive power, rent tends to even greater increase, thus producing a tendency to the forcing down of wages." Such reasoning is extremely far-fetched and contrary to mon experience. He does not say that the "increase in productive power" does actually force wages down, but that it has that "tendency." Is it not the common experience?

When times are good, production and manufacturing active, that labor is better paid, consequently better off and more contented. If he had said over production tion, has not only the tendency but actually does lower wages, I would agree with him fully. Unless the impossible was to take It will be seen by the above that it was place, viz, a combination of all the produc

In dealing with labor and wages my re marks apply to large manufacturing centres, rooms, where rent and wages are, as a rule, The next agitation was for the seat of not on a sliding scale, but at overnment. Governor Seymour threw the a fixed rate year after year: Westminster, while all parties on the Island affect the rent of these people? Take again rents were high. Henry George is a free trader, and believes the extension of such a policy would help to cure many of the present evils. Let him and his co-thinkers look at the now condition of agriculture in Britain under a free trade policy, and they

unemployed, farms uncultivated and unproit is not the agriculturists in the country in

which it prevails. In my opinion wages are regulated by the supply of labor, which like any other commodity can be purchased at the market new countries labor is scarce and wages higher. Henry George maintains that land. abor and capital are the sources of all wealth. No doubt land and water are the sources of capital and wealth, but in the present condition of the world land, the cean and labor are unproductive without the aid of capital to develop their latent resources. Unless indeed it be in tropical countries where under copious rain and burning sun the land produces spontaneously sufficient food for the few wants of its uncivilized inhabitants; but place labor on northern land without capital and there will no production. He does not with his radical and assailable theories think capital an evil, but on the contrary says: "Capital increases the power of labor to produce wealth by en-abling labor to apply itself in more effective ways by the use of implements and machinery, and by enabling labor to avail itself of the forces of nature. Capital also facilitates the division of labor by increasing the efficiency of the human factor of wealth by utilizing special capabilities, the acquisition of skill and the reduction of waste," I am in full accord with these common-sense ideas, but I fear he has lessened their good effect, for in the next breath he goes on to say: "Capital does not supply or advance

wages, they are part of the produce of labor obtained by labor. Capital does not maintain laborers during the progress of their work, they are maintained by their labor." This evolution of thought may be metaphysical, but not common sense, and is of capital. I maintain that capital sets labor in motion to produce, and earn wages; labor cannot set labor to produce. Just as soon as the laborer obtains employment his credit is strengthened suf-ficienty to enable him to get supplies until he receives remuneration for his labor or production. Capital from first to last is the laborer's friend, giving him employment and

ecompensing him for his production. On the land question he says: "If by s restriction upon the amount of land held by any one individual, either by regulation of devisees or by cumulative taxation, and the few thousand land holders in Great Britain would become of the increase of population?
He also quetes M. Delaveleye, a Belgian writer on the land question as follows: "The laborer is in a worse condition under the

times he would seem like one whom the cate the sub-division of land? I cannot

equality of wealth or poverty. Under such or to help the poor in seasons of distress Without reservoirs to receive and conserve the winter streamlets there would be no water supply in seasons of drought for the use of the thriftless who would not lay up over again, you cannot make human beinge equal-the provident and improvident, the

better for the tenant and more liberal than that of England, Belgium or France. He says: "Until a very few years ago it was an article of faith with Americans, a belief monarchical institutions. This belief has rapidly passed away with the appearance in the United States, under republican institutions, of social distress of the same kind, if not of the same intensity, as that prevailing in Europe. The Irish land system is talked of as though it were a peculiarly atrocious one, but it is essentially the same as that accepted in the United States. Let me ask the men who nightly to applauding audiences, compare the freedom of the United States with the oppression in Ireland, what would Irish tenants gain, if to-mor row Ireland was made a state of the Union Nothing at all; they would lose. Landlords could with greater ease rack rent them in the United States than in Ireland.' These opinions coincide with my own, and I regret that a man who thinks so rationally on some subjects should advocate such radical, cruel and uninat remedies as the robbing of landlords of their property without compensation, and who considers the shooting of landlords no crime. Such sentiments are more to be deplored coming from a man who has attempted by his propositions to aid the poor.

Such sentiments are the more despicable coming from a man who knows better than most men do that there are many landlords in England, Ireland, Scotland and the nearly all wealth, and it may also be reason-United States who have acquired their property in fully as honest a manner as he on the land from the early pahas acquired the coat on his back or the triarchal days until now that there would shoes on his feet. Hundreds of years ago no doubt land in Europe was acquired in many questionable ways, but this cannot be said of new countries in which the public to-morrow on land in different parts of the domain has been open, and is so still to world, furnished with certain requirements domain has been open, and is so still, to all who wish to purchase. If pinners in and food for a time, would they work, and the United States, Canada, British Columbia, or in any of the British colonies, have by frugality, industry, perseverance and courage, and in the face of many privations knowledge and power to order, drill, instructions are applied to the severance discipled to the severance and course of the severance discipled to the severance discipled to the severance and course of and danger, acquired land, why should such persons be now told that they must suroities ?

If land is legally placed on the market by the powers that be, and A invests his capital in that commodity, and B puts his capital into fisheries, mines or commerce, why should A be compelled to surrender his honjust taxation, and B be allowed to escape confiscation and be helped to avoid his just share of taxation? . . It is generally the aim of rich and poor to own a home of their own, and how can the laborer or me-chanic be benefited by placing on his town lot and cottage an undue, unjust, and disproportionate share of taxation. In trying ecorch the large land holder the small holder is equally scorched.

following supposititious case of his own crea-

away the eyes of the mind; at times pass and look again. Some families will have died and some greatly multiplied, or the whole population will have largely increased. During this time some of these people will have been careless and improvident; some will have devoted time to writing books, planting and cultivation, others again will have given all their energies to the extending of their possessions. What, then, shall we see. Land having been treated as private property, the primitive quality will have given way to inequality. Some will have much more than one of the original shares, and very many will have no land at all. Supposing this little world to be Utopia, a pure government, no wars, no robbery, no taxes, yet inequality in the ownership of land will have produced poverty." No truer picture of the past and present condiwill have been thrifty and grasping; some truer picture of the past and present condi-tion of things could be held up to view than this, but to attribute the final conditions of these islands, poverty and wealth, to the individual and unequal ownership of land is utter folly; rather should the evil be atbributed to the inequality of mankind. These islands commenced life on an equal footing. Some were frugal, saving, enter prising. Others prodigal, extravagant, and dissipated. Hence the inequality, and so it is to day, and a remedy other than the portion of land is requisite for the reforma tion of the idle masses.

If land were nationalized to-morrow the same evils would exist as under the indi of 1/2 Yates St. holdings with success, others would not or account of human inequality.

Land nationalized would be under the

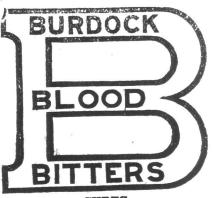
control of parliament, the legislature or the municipality, whose duty it would be to adjust allotments, the mode of cultivation and the rent to be paid. Look then at the door such a system would open to fraud presumably many of those national tenant would be voters who naturally would use all

## Catarrh

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"My little boy was a great sufferer with catarrh. Medicines he took from physicians did not help him, and he began using Hood's Sarsaparilla. We have given him three bottles of this medicine and it has effected a complete cure." Mrs. R. L. Traster, Roxobel, N. C. Get only

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the influence in their power for the lowering of rents below a fair value, and cancellation of obligations and arrears. No human being can define the enormity of the frauds which would be practised under such a system when we see so much fraud in smaller

It is safe to say, should no fraud, coercion or intimidation be practised on parliament or on the executive administering the land, there would be as many distraints and evictions under the national as under the present landlord system; on which would rise as much fraud, trouble, bad feeling and deceit as exists now. It can be properly stated that land is the natural source of sustenance for mankind, as it is the latent source of and if we were to place the unemployed earn or produce their own living? I say no, they would not. Such men would require some capital, directors and overseers with struct and exercise the severest discipline. I have often thought that it would rende the fruits of patient industry for the questionable benefit of the indolent and profligate who congregate in the slums of others? them off-willing, or unwilling-in quasimilitary colonies to the unoccupied soil of the Northwest, Australia and South America, and after the strict quasi-military discipline of seven or ten years many of them would redeem their characters and make estly acquired property or be crushed by un. good citizens. But keep them on the land and away from cities.

W. J. MACDONALD.

### THE COURTS.

The evidence and argument in Beer vs. London & Canadian Insurance Co. was fin-ished yesterday afternoon, and Mr. Justice Drake reserved his decision, saying he would older is equally scorched.

Henry George demolishes all his contended of the sub-division of land in the defence Mr. Percy R. Brown, manager of the B. C. Land and Investment Agency, gave evidence to the fact that the policy for \$3,500 had been issued by the defendant "Imagine an island girt with ocean. Put company on the express understanding that on it human beings; let then divide the the policy in the Eastern Assurance Co. land, share and share alike, as individual should be cancelled. J. S. Murray also property. At first, while population is stated that the registration of the Eastern sparse and industrial process rude and primitive, this will work well enough. Turn

> Mr. Justice Crease yesterday signed the order confirming the sale of property which was held on October 1 under the city tax sale by law.

Continued from former Advertisements. . . . par the vie and duc Rai

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