

COMPANY HAS MET ONLY OBJECTION

And Withdrawn Clause Objected To. Technical Objection to Submitting By-law. Looks Like Herring Across the Scant.

To-night the aldermen will deal with one of the most important questions Hamilton has faced, when the Power Committee meets to make a recommendation to the Council as to whether the city shall plunge into the Government scheme or accept the Cataract's guaranteed offer to supply power for 10 per cent. less than the commission's lowest figure.

Many Drowned.

Oklahoma, Okla., May 27.—A special from Colbert, Okla., says fourteen persons, who had taken refuge on an island formed between the new and old channels of Red River, are reported to have been drowned late yesterday when the flood waters covered the place where they had taken refuge.

ACCUSED OF BIGAMY

Hamilton Man and Companion Arrested in Toronto.

Toronto, May 27.—Thomas Kirkpatrick, aged 38, and Mrs. Minnie Evans, aged 39, both living at 165 Jarvis street, were arrested by Moralistic Officer Chapman yesterday on a charge of bigamy. The couple were married and have been living together until Mrs. Evans' sister informed the police that Kirkpatrick had a wife living in Hamilton.

A Mixed Marriage. Toronto, May 27.—Bigamy was the charge brought against Thos. Kirkpatrick and Minnie Evans, alleged to be his wife, at the Police Court this morning. The charge read that on February 28th, 1907, the couple were married here, although Kirkpatrick had a wife still living in Hamilton.

What I have said above will convince any one that this company has from the beginning adopted a very low scale of rates for power to bring factories here and build up the city, while making business for the company and the railways, and that no case can be made out for expending a very large amount of money in connection with the combined effort of the Hydro-Electric Commission, and the Mayor of the city to jump on the company.

The Hydro-Power enthusiasts think they have made a discovery that will block any attempt of submitting the power question to the people for an expression of opinion. The City Clerk, who called the Mayor's attention to the matter, says that there is no provision in the act for submitting by-laws on policy to the people, except at the municipal elections.

GOODS ON HIM. Michael Baxter Arrested on Charge of Theft.

This morning Mrs. Melroy, 125 Victoria avenue north, heard some one in her front hall, but thought it was a boilder. Later she was in the hall and noticed the door open and missed a lady's rain coat. She inquired among the neighbors if they had seen anyone going out, and they replied they had seen a man leave with a bundle and walk north on Victoria avenue.

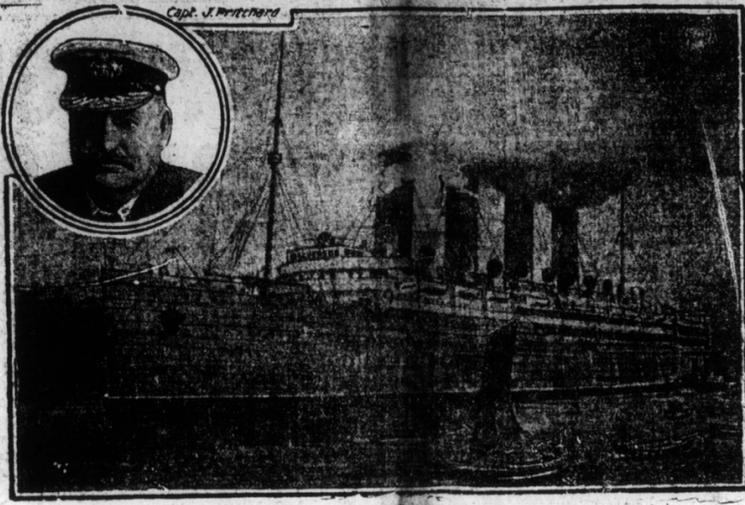
GUELPH STATION. Trouble Between the Railway Company and the City.

(Special Despatch to the Times.) Guelph, Ont., May 27.—The City Council last night passed a resolution to instruct the City Solicitor to issue an indictment to bring the Grand Trunk to the Police Court for not having at Guelph passenger station accommodation for their passengers, as the charter provides.

Fralick & Co. Have Just Placed In stock some of the noblest young men's suits seen this season, and for value they would be sold in most places at \$25. For quick sale we've priced them at \$16. Take our word, these are great suits. We'll be pleased to have you see these nice suits. Fralick & Co., 18 and 15 James north.

Turbina's Reduced Rates. Commencing to-day tickets on the Turbina from Hamilton to Toronto will be 35c single and 50c return. See ad. for time table and particulars.

Miss Lemon, of Thorold, is visiting Miss Maude Briggs, Herkimer street.



RACE BETWEEN MAURETANIA AND LUSITANIA

New York, May 2.—New ocean records will be tried for by the giant liners, Mauretania and Lusitania, which set out to-day from opposite ports in the Atlantic. Owing to delay in getting out of dry dock the Mauretania was not able to leave Liverpool on Saturday according to her schedule, so that on her passage, beginning to-day, she will attempt to make the round trip within two weeks.

THEFT OF \$200.

Brantford Moulders Will be Allowed to do Picket Duty.

Brantford People Hurt In Accident on the H. G. & B.

(Special Despatch to the Times.) Brantford, Ont., May 27.—The police are busy investigating the theft of \$200, which occurred here this week, from the office of the Trusts & Guarantee Company.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Spence, of Brantford, were the participants of a bad accident on Monday, when the rear truck of a car about one mile outside of Grimsby left the track.

The nine union moulders were dismissed at the police court this morning, charged with picketing. In future the union is to supply the names of the picket men and the hours of their duty to the police.

LOOKED BAD, Bat Last Night's Storm Did Little Damage.

Last evening's storm came on much like the one of that June day a few years ago when so much destruction was wrought. The one difference was that the wind was southwest instead of due west.

TO FIGHT CHARGES. Fruit Growers Resist New Scale In Toronto.

Fruit growers who send shipments to Toronto have decided to fight the new schedule of cartage charges in that city. The growers have pledged themselves not to submit to this schedule of extra charges, and are organizing with a view to selling their small fruits f. o. b. at railway stations.

Beach Service. We are prepared to give you every attention. A daily delivery, no extra charge. Would be pleased to be favored with your orders.

Kilties' Moonlight—Special Notice. Friday evening, 2 boats, 2 bands and orchestra. Tickets now on sale at Anderson's music store, James north, and Nordheim's music store, King west, 25 cents. Secure them now and avoid the rush.

HAMILTON MEN IN MEDICINE

Have Taken Prominent Part In Its Advances. Technical Subjects at the Sessions Held To-day.

Smoker at Yacht Club and Blossom Excursion.

The general session of the Ontario Medical Association was opened in the Assembly Hall of the Collegiate Institute building yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, at which the minutes of the last meeting and communications were read.

Evening at the Beach. The members of the Association held a (Continued on page 5.)

Will Be Informal. Earl Grey's visit to this city on Friday will be purely informal. He will be accompanied by the Countess, and upon their arrival at 10:30 they will proceed to the Mountain Sanitarium direct, in automobiles.

Four Killed. Wichita, Kansas, May 27.—Peter Rudy, his wife and two children were killed by a tornado which passed two miles east of Alva, Okla., early to-day.

And Farm Houses Destroyed by Tornado in Kansas.

Wichita, Kansas, May 27.—Peter Rudy, his wife and two children were killed by a tornado which passed two miles east of Alva, Okla., early to-day.

A Lot of It Is Used. Two hundred million pipes are filled annually with Lucky Strike, the original sliced plug tobacco. It is sold in this city for 15 cents a tin at peace's cigar store, 107 King-street east.

THE MAN IN OVERALLS

He's the real Mackay. New story on Friday.

Even Beck feels that the "power" is only so much hot air.

The engineers gave the revetment wall another certificate of character.

The Scott procession was a whole cab long.

This is the kind of weather that should be put upon ice.

Dan Reed at Crown Point to-night. Drop in and hear him.

Everybody agrees with Mr. Scott that he is the most unpopular man in Hamilton.

I am quite willing that the people should vote on the power and street railway questions, but is the Mayor willing?

The great outstanding difference between Dan Reed and Ham Regan is that Ham supports the three-fifths clause and Dan opposes it. Don't forget that.

The Scott procession was if anything like a funeral procession.

The Herald opposes the idea of allowing the people to vote on the Hydro-Electric power proposition. What is it afraid of?

Scott was ready enough with his offer to buy himself into the Legislature.

Some day the free Conservatives of the city will give the "machine" men a piece of their mind. Who is John Milne that he should attempt to run this city's affairs from his little back office?

Does Dr. Carr mean to say that J. J. Scott presented the Sanitarium to the city?

I had a semi-private view of the Gordon-Newland Robinson-Palm pictures up in the Art School yesterday afternoon. It was the last chance. My chief regret was that I did not have the coin to put up for a dozen or two of the best of them.

The Spectator makes a funny sort of an effort to prove that Ham Regan is the friend of the temperance cause, while Dan Reed is but a publican and a sinner. But the truth is that Ham says that two liquor votes are as good as three temperance votes. In other words, he supports the three-fifths clause, while Mr. Reed, opposes it. The county temperance people are not fools.

Trust the people. Let them vote on the Hydro-Electric power scheme, if they want to.

As there has been some criticism as to the arrangements in connection with the unveiling of the Queen's monument, it may be stated that, outside of the Vice-Regal party and the speakers, no invitations were sent out for places on the platform except to clergymen representing the various denominations, to the ladies who had worked in the interest of the monument, and to the City Council.

TWELVE CHINESE DEAD IN BOXES.

Generous Gift.

London, May 27.—Lord Mount Stephen, formerly the president of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co., who had previously donated \$2,000,000 to the King Edward hospital fund, has now further donated 5,000 shares of the Great Northern Railroad of the United States to the same fund.

CHAIR AS WEAPON.

Guelph Aldermen Make Rough House at Meeting. (Special Despatch to the Times.) Guelph, May 27.—An exciting meeting of the Board of Works Committee was held yesterday afternoon, which almost ended in a fight, one alderman going after another with a chair, while the Mayor and others got out of the room.

MISSING PAPERS.

Enquiry Opened Into the Stanstead Election Case. (Special Despatch to the Times.) Ottawa, Ont., May 27.—The Stanstead election case was taken up this morning by the Privileges and Elections Committee. Mr. Frank Clarke, of the Crown-in-Chancery, Mr. Chadwick, the Deputy Clerk, and the Garsage man, one Larue, were summoned to give evidence on Thursday, June 4.

BOY WAS HUNGRY.

Niagara Falls' Boy Picked Up In Detroit. Detroit, Mich., May 27.—Howard Boyd, a 16-year-old boy from Niagara Falls, Ont., wandered into police headquarters last evening with a man to whom he had appealed for assistance. Later he was sent to St. Joseph's Home. He claims to be an orphan, who started out to make his own way in the world, but the police are incredulous and think that he ran away from home.

WON'T GET SALARIES.

Mr. Foster Refuses to Allow Supply Bill to Pass. (Special Despatch to the Times.) Ottawa, Ont., May 27.—Four o'clock this morning found daylight streaming through the stained glass windows of the Commons upon a pallid and weary group of legislators, still debating whether or not Parliament should vote an item of supply to pay the overdue salaries of some 2,000 customs officials throughout Canada.

FOUR KILLED.

And Farm Houses Destroyed by Tornado in Kansas. Wichita, Kansas, May 27.—Peter Rudy, his wife and two children were killed by a tornado which passed two miles east of Alva, Okla., early to-day.

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES.

To rent at \$2 a year and upwards, for the storing of deeds, bonds, stocks, wills, silver and other valuables. TRADE'S BANK OF CANADA.

Such is the Report That Reached New York.

French President at the Guild Hall.

Addresses Presented by the Boroughs.

New York, May 27.—Under orders from Immigration Commissioner Sargent, agents of the Immigration Bureau to-day investigated a report that twelve Chinese who were smuggled into this country over the Mexican border nailed tightly in boxes and shipped from El Paso, Texas, to New York, were dead when they reached this city. Rumors concerning the death of the Chinese were circulated in El Paso, where Fung Wing, the interpreter for the immigration inspector, heard a story that a telegram had been received there from a New York Chinaman stating that twelve boxes containing the Chinese had been received, but that the men were dead.

When this information reached Commissioner Sargent he put Chas. L. Babcock, a secret service officer, and Harry R. Sisson, the inspector in charge of the Chinese Department of the Bureau of Immigration in New York, at work on the case, although the commissioner said he did not regard the story seriously. Quong Lee Yuan, a Chinese merchant of this city, said that he had telegraphed to Quong Don Yuen in El Paso concerning some Chinese in transit, but had received no reply.

GRIT AND TORY WERE UNANIMOUS.

FOR DAN REED, AT THE SATURDAY MEETING. Three-fifths Clause Causing Trouble for Gordon Wilson in the North Riding. The Spectator yesterday tried to jolly itself and its readers into believing that the South Westworth Temperance Voters' League was not a unit in supporting Mr. Daniel Reed, the Liberal candidate, by referring to the action of the meeting on Saturday as a "bit of a dodge." As a matter of fact the league is composed of men who ordinarily are Conservative and Liberal, and the proposition is about half and half.

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\$100,000 FIRE.

Chicago, May 27.—One man was probably fatally injured, two others were seriously hurt and many families were driven to the street by a fire, which early to-day totally destroyed the \$100,000 plant of the Standard Sash & Door Co., 5,819-5,821 Centre avenue.

STOLE FALSE TEETH.

(Special Despatch to the Times.) Ottawa, Ont., May 27.—James Stewart, a Cobalt miner, broke the glass of the display case of an Ottawa druggist and stole two sets of false teeth. He was sentenced to six months in jail.

FATED TO LOVE HER

"He does call me his comfort," Gabrielle acknowledged, smiling; "but now, Cissy, I want to hear about yourself. How have you been getting on? Do tell me—outwardly and inwardly."

"Outwardly, much as usual," said Cissy, looking remarkably sober.

"But inwardly? Cissy, I am sure you are happy. I saw it directly you came."

And in her old caressing way she nestled to Cissy's side. Cissy hesitated for a moment; then burst into an impetuous and a truly Cissy-like fit of crying.

"Oh, Gabrielle, Gabrielle, your prophecy is fulfilled! My soul has come—and—a gulp—and a great bore it is!"

Gabrielle bit her lips to repress a smile; but Cissy sobbed on, none the wiser.

"Ever since I left Farnley it has been growing. That horrid Brierley Lodge has been sea-air to it; and all my bothers there—my longings for home, or of a better life—were its tonic. And lately—but never mind details; the result's enough. I've got a sea-air heart, like other people, now, and it will never go away; and I shall never, never, never be happy again."

"Why, Cissy! What can make you think so?" said Gabrielle, distressed, as the pretty head sank lower, and the tears coursed each other, like raindrops, over the piquante face; "your journey has tired you."

At this Cissy started up, dashed the tears away, and laughed spasmodically.

"You have caught Olivia's complaint, I declare! I was never less tired in my life. But never mind, I won't make myself ridiculous. They will be coming home directly, and Olivia shan't find me with red eyes! Talk, Gabrielle! Chatter! Gesticulate—anything to keep my horrid soul from spouting out its tears like this—as though it were proud of them, forsooth, and wished to show them off. I have no patience with it. Come, Gabrielle! Talk! Fire away!"

"Oh, by the bye! I have heard nothing about your Lorton visit. Was Lady Louisa—"

"Lady Louisa! Don't mention her, just now, dear. My emotion has passed quite away, and the sunbeam—he seized her hand—the sunbeam has spread into a flood of light, and is filling my life. I needn't try to shut it out, Cissy—need I? It depends on you."

He paused, earnestly watching her. She made no answer; but she did not withdraw her hand.

"Cissy, if you will trust yourself to me, I will do my best to take care of you and to make you happy. I love you with all my heart."

"And I believe," said Cissy—for the first time half shyly returning his glance—"I believe (though I've not had one very long, so don't know much about it) that, with a little bit of mine, it—"

The immediate sequel of this confession dependent recordeth not.

But when Gabrielle, who had been detained upstairs, descended, she found Cissy, by some mysterious inconsistency, had bestowed herself—as property unalienable and unredeemable—on the person whom she hated more than any one in the world!

CHAPTER XLV.—

James sat alone at his writing-table. His head was bowed upon his arms, beneath them lay a sheet of foolscap, thereon, running one into the other, were traced a few illegible and blotting lines. At a little distance, as though he had flung it impatiently from him, was a pen in which the ink had dried, forming a thick, black crust.

Suddenly, hearing the door open and a light footstep enter, he raised his voice. It was worn, flushed, depressed.

"Is that you, Gabrielle?"

"Yes; I thought you were lost. What have you been doing? Writing?" She leaned over his shoulder, attempting to decipher the blotting lines.

"I tried to write," he said, hopelessly.

"The ideas were crowding on my mind. But I have no use, I shall never be good for anything any more," and he heaved a great sigh.

Gabrielle, however, did not sigh. This was a moment for which she had long been on the watch. "James," she said, still leaning on his shoulder, "I think I ought really to stick to you from morning till night, for whenever you are left to yourself you sink into the Slough of Despond. One might think, to hear you talk, that you had lost your intellect, instead of your eyesight!"

"It is much the same," said James, despondently.

"Oh, James! Remember all the great men who have been blind. Why, Homer was blind—and Huber—and Milton—and Eusebius, and a host besides. You can't do the manual part, certainly—though even that may come, in time. But you know, Philip has heard of a promising secretary, and Mr. Morris's old cottage is nearly ready for him, and he will very soon be here, and you will have his eyes and his fingers to use as you like."

"Ten to one, I shall find them as much plague as profit! There are all manner of books which I am obliged to refer to, and to read—or rather was obliged"—another great sigh—"and unless he's thoroughly an fait of the kind of thing less, to his I can no longer work by fits and starts, whenever the mood falls on me. Oh, Gabrielle! resting his head against her, as she sat on the arm of the chair, "sometimes I am tempted to feel like Cain, that my punishment is greater than I can bear. This state of dependence is galling to a degree!"

"Yes, dearest—I know! Somehow it seemed less galling as she spoke; "but—James, don't call me conceited—I have set my heart on being your chief secretary myself. You see I shall be always at your beck and call, and I shall so enjoy reading what you want to you—looking through the books and—"

"My dearest child, almost all the books—for the century that I am about now—are in Latin."

"Well, James—with a touch of pride—what of that? I understand Latin pretty well, at least, well enough to make notes for the secretary, under your directions."

"You understand Latin, Gabrielle?"

"I have been working at it hard these two years. I hoped that, some time, if I learned it, I might be able to help you."

"These two years! While I was behaving like a blackguard to you, you were drugging away at Latin for me! Well, never mind. I am contented now to be unworthy of you."

"A very improper state of mind, James. And now, suppose we set to

work? I am quite ready."

"How do you mean?"

"You said that the ideas were crowding on your mind. May I not write for you at once? Only, first, if you know of any books that we shall want, I'll go and hunt them out in the library."

"Stop! one minute, my child. Come nearer." He drew her nearer and laid his hand upon her head. Then, in a voice that faltered more than a little: "God bless these," he said, "and God requite thee, for I cannot."

"Well!" said Mr. Morris, wiping his spectacles the better to gaze at Charlie, with the dreamy, yet affectionate gaze of old—"well so you've fixed the day! What is it?"

"The eighteenth of June. The jolliest time of all the year! And we've fixed the place, too; the places, rather. First the English lakes, then the Scotch lakes, and home by Edinburgh."

"A happy coming home may it be, my boy! Well! Glad, very glad. And thankful to have such an account—his tone sank, while his eyes wandered from Charlie's face to the glass of roses on the table—"such an account to take her."

"Would you like to hear Cissy's letter!—part of it, at least," said Charlie, his cheek flushing.

It was a journal letter, long, bright and joyous, fully corroborating Charlie's simile of the sunbeam, and it ended thus:

"You remember my favorite theory—that we are formed to be happy? Even Brierley Lodge, you know, and its stagnations, have failed to crush that faith in me. And now it is established more firmly than ever. I am sure—quite sure—that it is true."

"It is true," said Mr. Morris, who had listened attentively, with a smile half amused, half melancholy. "It is true. Tell her so. We are formed to be happy. But—not in this life; in the life to come."

"I fancy 'tis chiefly this life that she means here," said Charlie, smiling.

"Yes, and even in this we have glimpses—foretastes of what is coming. At least, some very pleasant it is to instance. And have you seen, that those denied them, on past them, to see them thus in others. But they're liable to fade again. Tell her so. Only in the life immortal will God say: 'Be ye glad and rejoice forever!'"

"You must talk these things over with Cissy when she comes," said Charlie, reverently.

(To be continued.)

To cure a cold in one night—use Vapo-Creoline. It has been used extensively during more than twenty-four years. All drug-stores.

TO SHOOT TO KILL.

Mayor's Order In Street Car Strike at Chester.

Chester, Pa., May 26.—Absolute quiet prevailed in the streets of Chester today, following the disorderly scenes of last night, when crowds of men and boys attacked some of the cars operated by men who had taken the places of the striking motormen and conductors of the Chester Traction Co. Fearing further trouble, the company decided not to operate the cars until later in the day or until sufficient police protection is provided.

Half a dozen cars were attacked last night in different sections of the city, and several were stoned while passing through near-by towns. Several shots were fired, but no one was seriously injured. Two motormen and two conductors, who were attacked at Eddystone, near here, while running their cars, have disappeared.

The Mayor in a statement to-day says: "We will take care of the situation this time ourselves. We have sworn in extra policemen, and I have instructed them in case of a crisis to shoot to kill."

WHEAT CAUSES HEADACHE.

From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of headache. LAXATIVE BROMO is best.

LAD DROWNED.

Had Gone From Children's Home This City.

Welland, Ont., May 26.—The Victoria Day celebration here was marred by the drowning of Albert Cullen, an English boy, aged 17 years. The boy had never been in swimming before. Feeling warm while watching the sports at the Point, he induced two companions to go with him. They chose a spot at the raceway, which is very deep. When Cullen went down and did not reappear his companions gave the alarm. The water was very muddy, but Percy Hughes secured the body after repeated diving. Four men worked for two hours, but were unable to induce respiration.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Gifford*

WRECKED THE CARRIAGE.

Mount Forest Driving Party Surprised by Bolt of Lightning.

Mount Forest, May 26.—Last night while Mr. Hawk and a party of friends were returning home from Pike Lake, a summer resort about four miles from here, they had an experience that they will not soon forget. A severe thunder storm, accompanied by very sharp lightning, was the cause, one bolt of lightning striking the carriage in which they were riding, making a complete wreck of it, the occupants being thrown out.

Fortunately all escaped serious injury, excepting Mrs. Hawke, who had her arm broken. The rest of the party were stunned for a few minutes, but did not receive any serious injury.

Hard, Soft or Bleeding.

No matter what kind or where located, and corn is promptly cured by Putnam's Corn Extract. Being purely vegetable, it causes no pain. Guarantee with every bottle of Putnam's. Use no other.

Was Drowned From Bridge.

Rainy River, May 26.—Robert Garie, of this town, while returning from Beaudette, Minn., across the International Bridge, stumbled and fell off the bridge into the water and was drowned. Mr. Garie leaves a wife and several children.

STORE OPENS AT 9 A. M. AT R. MCKAY & CO'S. THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1908. HAMILTON'S MOST PROGRESSIVE STORE. STORE CLOSSES AT 6 P. M.

MCKAY'S SEMI-ANNUAL HURRY-OUT SALE

Commences To-morrow and will Continue For 9 Days
9 Days of Unexampled Value-Giving

To-morrow morning sharp at 9 o'clock we swing our doors open to our Half Yearly Hurry-out Sale. This important sale event, which is always looked forward to with a great deal of interest, will in the matter of value-giving eclipse any previous sale in the store's history. We are prepared for a greater success than ever with broad varieties of the most desirable goods, all of exceptional quality. But most attractive of all is the exceptional value-giving throughout the entire store.

Watch for the colored price tickets to-morrow, they will be red. They will be here and there all over the store and will denote to you the greatest bargains in reliable merchandise ever offered to the women of Hamilton. Read every item in connection with this splendid list and shop first thing in the morning.

The Biggest Bargain in Kid Gloves

Ladies' and Children's Kid Gloves, Worth 75c and \$1.00 Pair, at This Remarkable Sale, Price 29c Pair

To dozen only of French Kid Gloves, small sizes in ladies' white only; also assorted colors in children's sizes; some odds and ends of regular stock; nearly all perfect. Hurry first thing in the morning for this bargain. Worth 75c and \$1.00, Thursday sale price 29c pair

Wonderful Pricing of Women's Lisle Thread Hosiery

Regular Value 50c, Hurry-out Sale Price 20c Pair. You Can Buy 3 Pairs for Almost the Price of One Pair

This is the biggest price concession in Women's Hosiery ever made to the women of Hamilton. It's just your chance to lay in your summer stock of Hosiery. On sale in tan, pink, pale blue and black in plain and nice drop stitch effect. Excellent value at 50c, Thursday sale price 20c pr.

Hurry-Out Sale of Gloves

Ladies' Kid Gloves 59c Pair

Odds and ends of regular lines, in Ladies' Fine Kid Gloves, in tans, greys, modes, blacks, whites, 2 dome fasteners, sizes 5 1/2 to 7, regularly \$1.00 and \$1.25, for Hurry-out Sale 59c pair

Long Silk Gloves 69c Pair

Full elbow length in heavy Milanese Silk Gloves, in navy, pink, grey, sky, reseda, helio, white, cream and black, regularly \$1.00 and \$1.25, Hurry-out Sale 69c pair

Hurry-Out Sale of Ribbons 10c Yard

100 ends of Fancy Stitched Dresden and Polka Dot Ribbons, in 3/4 to 5 inches wide, all pure silk, regularly 25c and 35c yard, Hurry-out Sale 10c yard

Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs 5 for 25c

1,000 dozen of fine Irish Linen Handkerchiefs, nicely hemstitched, also cross-hair and embroidered Handkerchiefs, slightly soiled, worth up to 15c each, Hurry-out Sale 5 for 25c

Hurry-Out Sale of Veilings 19c Yard

100 pieces of Veilings, in black, brown, navy, grey, red, green, white and black, plain and fancy meshes, also small and large chenille spots, regularly 35c and 40c yard, on sale 19c yard

Hurry-Out Sale of Embroideries 5c yd.

Imported direct from the best makers, some 20,000 yards of fine Cambrie Embroideries, 5 to 10 inches wide, in nice eyelet and blind patterns, with fine scalloped, suitable for flouncings on underskirts, also wide open insertions to match, regular 12 1/2, 15, 20c yard, Hurry-out Sale 5c yard; 20 yards to one customer.

Hurry-Out Sale of Fine Allover Embroideries 19c Yard

100 short lengths of Swiss and Cambrie Allovers, 18 inches wide, in dainty little patterns, suitable for children's dresses, worth up to 50c yard, Hurry-out Sale 19c yard

Hurry-Out Sale of Corset Cover Embroideries 19c Yard

Some 1,000 yards of 18-inch Embroidery, for corset covers, nicely embroidered, in floral designs, 4 to 6 inches deep, with inserted beading for ribbon, some choice short lengths, worth up to 35c per yard, Hurry-out Sale 19c yard

Hurry-Out Sale of Laces, 4 Yards for 5c

15,000 yards of fine, round thread English Valenciennes Lace, 1 to 3 inches wide, in dainty floral designs, suitable for trimming fine white underwear, regular 5 and 8c yard, Hurry-out Sale 4 yards for 5c; limited 20 yards.

MONTHS OF PREPARATION

Many of these splendid lines on sale is the result of months of hard labor by our 14 expert buyers, and owing to the state of the money panic, especially in the United States, have gathered together some of the most beautiful new summer lines that they were able to receive at their own kind of price. These will be displayed for you to-morrow with the Red Sale Tickets on, not advertised, and by all means don't miss these opportunities.

Gigantic Hurry-Out Sale in Tailor-Made Suits, Coats, Skirts and Wash Suits

The Biggest and Best Sale Ever Held. The Opportunities for Genuine Bargains Enormous. We Offer the Latest Fashion-Approved Styles, Wonderful Reductions.

Women's \$18 and \$20 Suits at \$1.98

THIS IS TRULY A HURRY-OUT SALE PRICE. NOTE, ONLY 25 OF THESE SUITS TO BE SOLD. They include black Panama and colored, in pretty stripes and checks; coats are silk lined and beautifully tailored in the latest fashion approved styles; skirts are gored, pleated and box pleated; these Suits are positively worth \$18.00 and \$20.00, Hurry-out Sale Price \$1.98

Wash Suits \$1.98

25 only Shirt Waist Suits, in pale blue, black, lawn and white muslin suits, tucked and trimmed with Val. lace and insertion; these are ample suits, and worth from \$5.50 to \$6.75, Hurry-out Sale Price \$1.98

Walking Skirts \$1.89

A splendid assortment of styles in Walking Skirts, gored, pleated and tucked; we have only 35 to offer for this sale; make your selection early; they are worth from \$5.50 to \$6.00, Hurry-out Sale Price \$1.89

Cover Coats \$3.95

15 only sample Box Coats, beautifully tailored and trimmed with brown broadcloth, coat collar and revers, leg of mutton sleeves, regular \$5.50 and \$6.00, Hurry-out Sale Price \$3.95



Hurry-Out Sale of Silks at 29c yd.

About 4,000 yards of fashionable Silks to be sold at the above sale price, mostly all good lengths for waists and dresses, in a lovely assortment of designs and effects, Silks that are worth regularly 75c to \$1.00 yard, Hurry-out Sale Price to-morrow 29c

Remarkable Sale News from the Dress Goods Section

Regular \$1 Broadcloths and Venetians, Hurry-Out Sale Price 59c yd.

Beautiful shades of Chiffon Cloths on sale to-morrow at a remarkable price for just the proper material for pretty suits. This is your opportunity and shrewd buyers will grasp the opportunity, so come early. 48 inches wide, our very best selling cloths, on sale in navies, reds, green and black; on sale to-morrow at almost one-half regular good value at \$1.00, sale price 59c yard.

Voiles, Panamas, Taffeta Cloths at 35c Yard, Regular 75c Materials

You will find displayed for you to-morrow a collection of popular materials in pretty shades of Voiles, Panamas, Taffeta Cloths, etc., all on sale at the one price away below the cost of production, worth up to 75c, Hurry-out Sale price 35c yard.

Whitewear Bargains For Our Hurry-Out Sale

75c Blouse Slips 25c

Ladies' Fine White Lawn Slips, 3/4 sleeves and trimmed with Valenciennes lace at neck, regular 75c, Thursday 25c

Drawers 25c

Ladies' Drawers, of fine cimbrie, umbrella style and trimmed with hemstitched tucks, special 25c

\$1.50 Skirts 79c

White Skirts, of fine cambrie, with 27-inch flounce, trimmed with curly insertion and tucks, worth \$1.50, Thursday 79c

Corset Covers 25c

Fine Nainsook Covers, full front and trimmed with tereon lace, special 25c

Hurry-Out Sale of Blouses and Underskirts

\$1.25 Peter Pan Waists for 69c

Peter Pan Polka Dot Waists, made with colored collar and cuffs, worth regular \$1.25, Hurry-out Sale price 69c

\$3.00 Waists for \$1.49

Dainty Persian Lawn Waists, made with Swiss allover embroidery front, baby back; worth regular \$3.00, Hurry-out Sale price \$1.49

\$5.00 Waists for \$2.98

Exquisite White Lawn Waists, made with Mikado sleeves, embroidery front, embroidery collar and cuffs; worth regular \$5.00, Hurry-out Sale price \$2.98

\$1.25 Sateen Underskirts for 49c

Black Sateen Underskirts, made of superior quality, deep shirred flounce, and finished with frill; worth regular \$1.25, Hurry-out Sale price 49c

Buster Brown Suits and Bonnets

75c and \$1 Bonnets for 49c

Children's Silk Embroidered Bonnets, made with or without ruche; also a line of embroidery Bonnets; regular 75c and \$1.00, Hurry-out Sale price 49c

Boys' Buster Brown Suits in white, linen, black and white stripe, regular \$1.50, Hurry-out Sale price 89c

Hurry-Out Sale of Carpets and Rugs

Tremendous Reductions All Through the Department

Velvet Squares \$21.50

Handsome line Velvet Squares, size 4x3 yards, very best quality, seamless; worth \$27.50, Hurry-out price \$21.50

Wilton Squares \$32.30

Immense range Wil on Squares, size 4x3 yards, very fine quality, elegant colorings; worth \$40.00, Hurry-out price \$32.30

Axminster Squares \$35.75

Beautiful line Axminster Squares, size 4x3 yards, very best quality, seamless, special value at \$45.00, Hurry-out price \$35.75

Tapestry Carpets 37 1/2c

700 yards Tapestry Carpet, extra choice patterns, serviceable quality; worth 50 and 60c, Hurry-out price 37 1/2c

Tapestry Carpets 55c

1,200 yards Tapestry Carpet, hard-wearing quality, A1 patterns and colorings; worth 75 and 70c, Hurry-out price 55c

Brussels Carpets 75c

950 yards heavy English Brussels Carpets, very serviceable quality, splendid patterns; worth \$1.15, Hurry-out price 75c

R. MCKAY & Co.

You Want More Business How Can You Get It?

By Advertising in the M.E.S. Goes into the Homes. No Waste Circulation

You Want Something TRY THE TIMES

For What You Want Results Every Time

LADIES! If You Want a Good Reliable Girl Telephone Your Liner to **368**

Times Business Office Telephone

WANT RATES

CASH RATE 3 Insertions for the Price of Two
6 Insertions for the Price of Four
ONE CENT PER WORD
Liberals and Conservatives Read The Times

Use the Times for Wants, For Sales, To Lets—1c per word, Daily or Semi-Weekly. Special price for three and six insertions. Always on hand—For Sale, To Let and Boarding Cards for windows.

Advertise your Wants in the Times. 10 cents will do the trick.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

ASSISTANT COOK WANTED AT ONCE at Hospital for Insane. Apply to Superintendent.
WANTED—GENERAL GOOD WAGES. Apply 30 Queen Street south.
WANTED FOR LIGHT HOUSEWORK at Beach, evenings off, good wages. Box 7, Times office.
GOOD GENERAL SERVANT WANTED. References required. Apply evenings, 22 Bay Street south.
WANTED—A COMPETENT GENERAL good wages, references. Apply 123 Herkimer street.
NURSE—HOUSEMAID WANTED, references. Apply Mrs. A. L. Garsshore, 157 Niagara street south.

FOR SALE

GOOD WORK HORSE FOR SALE, ABOUT fourteen hundred, seventy dollars. Dr. W. C. Manly, Hamilton Building.
FOR SALE—TOBACCO BUSINESS, Apply, 276 James North.
PHILLIPS FOR CLIMBING PLANTS, wire baskets and other floral wire-work, window guards, fly screen over entire window, manufactured by Canada Wire Goods Mfg. Co., 182 King William Street.
BOSTON TERRIER PUPS FOR SALE. Three months old. House broken. 35 Victoria Avenue south.
FOR SALE—WALNUT BEDROOM SET, chest of drawers, window blinds, etc., at one, 85 Robinson Street.
SMALL BUSINESS SAFE, GOLDIE & McCullough make, 164 Jackson east.
FOR SALE—A QUANTITY OF CRUSHED stone, Eagle Spinning Mills, Stanford Avenue and Wilson Street.
FOR SALE—RATTAN BABY BUGGY, with hood, like new, 21 Elgin Street.
PIANO BARGAINS—ON THE "NO INTEREST" plan, to suit you. New uprights, lowest prices, \$1.00 per week without interest. Pianos to rent with weekly hire, with fruit trees, Norway Spruce, etc. Fruitland Nurseries, Fruitland.
WAGON WILL BE ON THE HAMILTON Market every market day during the season, with fruit trees, Norway Spruce, etc. Fruitland Nurseries, Fruitland.
AUTO FOR SALE, YOUR OWN PRICE, Dr. Wickham.
BICYCLES—CASH OR ON EASY PAYMENTS, 267 King east, Phone 248.
WENTWORTH CYCLE WORKS' NEW address, 176 James North, adjoining new armory. Repair now. See our new bicycles.
AWNINGS, AWNINGS, AWNINGS, TENTS, tents, waterproof covers, made to order at lowest prices. Robert Soper, Bay and Simcoe.
QUARTER CORD DRY MIXED WOOD for \$1.50. Kelley's Wood Yard, also carrying, corner Cathcart and Cannon Streets.

DANCING

BEVERLY'S DANCING FORMING, 233 Bickerton, 29 Barton Street East, Toronto.

PIANO TUNING

M. RAYMOND, PIANO TUNER, (FROM 176 James North) 124 Charlotte Avenue east, Phone 1078; or Mack's Drug Store.

DENTAL

J. R. F. C. H. BRIGGS, D.D.S., U.S., 176 James North, Toronto, dentist, 30% King Street West, Hamilton, Ont.
DR. M. F. BINKLEY, DENTIST, PRICES that appeal to the working classes. ARTIFICIAL TEETH receiving special consideration. MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP so better to be had at any price. Office 174 King Street East, Hamilton.

MEDICAL

DR. JAMES F. McDONALD, DENTIST, Grossman's Hall, 67 James Street north, Telephone 1009.
DR. T. SHANNON MCGILLIVRAY HAS removed from the corner of King and Hamilton Buildings, Hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 5. Telephone 724. Dr. Bates has opened an office in Detroit, and from now on will spend from the 1st to the 22nd of each month in his office here, and from the 23rd to the end of the month in Detroit.
DR. J. H. MORTON, M.D., F.R.C.S., Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Office hours 9 to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 9. Telephone 1372.
G. E. HUSBAND, M.D., Homeopathist, 139 Main Street west, Telephone 253.
D. B. McEDWARDS, SPECIALIST, Eye, ear, nose and throat, corner King and Bay Streets. Office hours—9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m., 7 to 9 p.m. Telephone 88.

ORTHODONTIA

DR. C. DANDO, SPECIALIST IN Orthodontia, which is commonly known as "straightening crooked teeth." Office 47 Federal Life Building, Phone 2712.

MISCELLANEOUS

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED, NO WITNESS required. Bowerman, Bank of Hamilton Building.
PASTURE FOR HORSES AT PLEASANT View Farm, dollar per week, abundance grass, water and shade. Bowerman, Bank of Hamilton Building.
BOY HUNG WISHES TO INFORM THE public that he has opened a first class laundry at 47 Barton Street East. Parcels called for and delivered. Family work, 25 and 40 cents.
HIGHEST PRICE SECOND-HAND CLOTHING, special price children's clothes, 46 York Street.
FRANK B. WRIGHT BUYS AND SELLS all kinds of household goods. If you have any to dispose of, drop us a card, 11 and 15 York Street.
HASLEWOOD & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 217 King East.
SEE MISS FARGOTTER'S FINE STOCK OF French, German and English goods; also low-price novelties and latest device transportation bags, jennet curls, wavy switches, pompadour fronts. Headquarters for hair, eye, wig, etc. Remember the place, 107 King Street West, above Park.

PATENTS

PATENTS TRADE MARKS, DE- signs, etc., procured in all countries. John H. Hendry, corner James and Rebecca Streets. Established 1898.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—HOUSE NO. 47 WEST AVE- nue, south, modern conveniences. Apply 27 Victoria Avenue north.
PROPERTIES BOUGHT, SOLD AND EX- changed. Bowerman & Co., Real Estate Dealers, Bank of Hamilton Building.
32 EUCALYPTUS AVENUE, CLEAN AND WELL paved, on quiet street, natural gas for heating and cooking.
119 CHARLTON AVENUE EAST, 7 rooms, good location, \$18.
R. MARTIN, 22 Hughson south.
FOR SALE—EIGHT ROOMED DWELLING with large garden. Apply on premises, 233 Jackson west.
FOR SALE—HANDSOME RESIDENCE on short, Burlington, near Radial, or will be let for summer months. J. J. C. Thomson, James and Duke.
JOHN M. BURNS, REAL ESTATE AND Insurance, 30 King Street east, agent for Atlas and Caledonia Fire Insurance Co. and Dominion Guarantee and Accident Insurance Company.

TO LET

263 YORK, APPLY, THOMSON, JAMES and Duke.
TO LET—HOUSE, COTTAGE AND BARN, between station 9 and 10, lake side, apply 35 Oak Avenue.
TO LET—NEW FURNISHED BEACH cottages; station 9. R. A. Milne, 4th floor of Hamilton Chamber.
READY, JUNE 8TH, NEW STORE, 809 King Street, opposite dwelling above. Kerwin's new block, Dundas.
TO LET—FURNISHED BEACH COTTAGE, north side. Apply to R. Patterson, 58 Ontario Avenue.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST IN GORE PARK, NEAR STATUE, a pair of \$200, stick pin, diamond set in pearls. Please call on Wm. F. Montague, Hamilton Provident Loan Building, Upstairs.
LOST—A PAIR OF GOLD RIMMED SPEC- tacles, in case. West-end of Gore Park. Reward at Times Office.

PAINTER

JOHN MAXWELL, PAINTER AND HARD- wood floor finisher; floors re waxed, 157 Macaulay Street east.

JEWELRY

GOOD SPECTACLES, GUARANTEED FIT or money back. Geo. Peebles, the Jeweler, 213 King Street East.

STORAGE

WAREHOUSE—FOR MER- chandise, furniture, pianos, trunks, valuables; separate room for each family's goods. Fireproof. Warehouse, Main and Hughson. Phone 680.

FUEL FOR SALE

FOR SALE, CHOICE KINDLING WOOD; best in city. Ontario Box Co., 106 Main east.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

DEVELOPED, 6 EXPOSURES 5c. Seymour, 7 John Street north. Phone 530.

UMBRELLAS

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER, RE- covered and repaired at Sater's, 4 King William.

FIRE

THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY, CREAGER & BURKHOLDER, 42 FEDERAL BUILDING, Phone 616, House 278.

Times Ads Bring Results

The following boxes contain answers to Times' Want ads:
7, 8, 11, 12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22, 24, 26, 31, 42, 48.

When It Snows.
When the ground is thickly covered with a carpeting of snow, it is then the frisky urchin seeks the air he covets so long. Soon his sled is deftly guided down the steep and glistening track, and the fun is commencing.
For the toll of hauling back.
When the roads are fit for sleighing it is then the charming girl is most plainly intimating that she'd like to take a whirl in a neat little cutter.
She goes gliding over the snow. And enjoys it, never caring what the outing costs her beau.
When around the home suburban snow is lying inches deep, and the wifey is declaring that a path she cannot sweep, it is then the worried hubby, trying hard to hide his wrath, fiercely struggles with the shovel till at last he clears a path.
When it snows the city dweller suffers humbly of his pride. As he ventures on a sidewalk. Where the kids have made a slide. And he is the only one who slips. When upon the snow he sprawls, and there's chuckling from the fellows who are seeing fun in falls.
There's a mixture of emotions when there comes a fall of snow. Some are in it finding pleasure. Some denounce it to their woe. But there's only one opinion. When the snow goes with a rush, for they're all alike disgusted. As they wade through gritty slush, "Theodore H. Brice, in Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph."
"Mrs. Sourmug, who thought she had a mission to look after suffering humanity, is married, isn't she?" "Yep." "I was surprised to learn that she had given up her mission life." "She hasn't; her husband is going to be suffering humanity hereafter."—Houston Post.

Delaware Park Survey Hamilton's Choicest Residential Location

There are still to the south of Cumberland Avenue three lots for sale at \$7.00 per foot and four lots at \$8.00 per foot. The sidewalks in front of these lots are now being laid. The 13 other lots south of Cumberland Avenue have been sold.
Eight fine lots on the north side of Cumberland Avenue, 100 feet deep, at \$12.00 per foot. These are splendid building lots.
A number of lots still left on both sides of Eastbourne Avenue and on east side of Westmoreland Avenue. A few of these lots though especially well located are a little lower than the street, and we have a special filling in arrangement as to these. The price is still \$15.00 per foot between Main Street and Delaware Avenue. Between Delaware Avenue and Cumberland Avenue the price is \$13.00 and \$14.00 per foot with the exception of four good lots which are \$18.00 per foot. All these lots will soon double in value.
Look at the surroundings to the east, west, north and south of this survey and you will say it has no equal in the city. You can lose nothing in an investment in this property but on the contrary are certain to make a handsome profit. Your own judgment tells you this and you can find no one to dispute it. In most cases you must risk to make but here you have a certainty.
TERMS—One-sixth cash, balance easy terms.

KITSON & CO., Real Estate Agents Federal Life Building

BEULAH AND WEST MOUNT SURVEYS Choice Building Lots. Southwest Residential Location.

We offer you your choice of 55 Lots on Beulah Survey at \$500 to \$700. \$50 cash; balance on easy terms, if desired. We offer you your choice of 58 Lots on Hillcrest Avenue on West Mount Survey at \$300 each. \$25 cash; \$27.50 every 6 months for 5 years, and no interest or taxes for 5 years.
For plans and full particulars, call, write or phone to
H. B. DAVIS, Manager Phone 685 W. D. FLATT Room 15, Federal Life

List of Agencies where the HAMILTON TIMSE may be had:

- G. J. MARTHAU, Stationer, Rebecca St., 4 doors from James
- F. W. SCHWARTZ, Royal Hotel News Stand.
- THOS. FRENCH, Stationer, 90 James Street North.
- G. B. MIDDLEY, Printer, 282 James Street North.
- A. F. HURST, Tobacconist, 294 James Street North.
- A. A. THEOBALD, Tobacconist, 358 James Street North.
- JAS. M'KENZIE, Newsdealer, 334 James Street North.
- D. MONROE, Grocer, James and Simcoe.
- R. B. GARDNER, Waldorf Hotel.
- JOHN HILL, Tobacconist, 171 King Street East.
- W. R. FLEMING, Barber and Tobacconist, 243 King Street East.
- H. P. TREETER, Druggist, King and Ashley.
- T. J. M'BRIDE, 666 King Street East.
- H. R. WILSON, News Agent, King and Wentworth Streets.
- J. WOODS, Barber, 401 Barton East.
- H. HOWE, 587 Barton East.
- A. W. SWAZIE, 647 Barton Street East.
- J. A. ZIMMERMAN, Druggist, Barton and Wentworth, also Victoria Avenue and Cannon.
- H. E. HAWKINS, Druggist, East Avenue and Barton.
- A. GREIG, Newsdealer, 10 York Street.
- JAMES MITCHELL, Confectioner, 97 York Street.
- A. NORMAN, 103 York Street.
- MRS. SHOTTER, Confectioner, 244 York Street.
- NEW TROY LAUNDRY, 357 York Street.
- S. WOTTON, 376 York Street.
- T. S. M'DONNELL, 374 King Street West.
- M. WALSH, 244 King Street West.
- D. T. DOW, 172 King Street West.
- JOHN MORRISON, Druggist, 112 Main Street West.
- A. F. HOUSER, Confectioner, 114 James Street South.
- BURWELL GRIFFIN, Queen and Charlton Ave.
- MRS. SECORD, Locke and Canada.
- CANADA RAILWAY NEWS CO., G. T. R. Station.
- H. BLACKBURN, News Agent, T. H. & B. Station.

YOU MAN'S W. C. T. U. Ladies Endorse Anti-Cigarette Bill Delegates Chosen.

The regular meeting of the You-man's W. C. T. U. was held yesterday afternoon at the Day Nursery. The meeting was a business one, plans being discussed for the fall work. The following delegates were appointed to the annual meeting of the Central Temperance Executive: Mesdames Wickett, Martin, Blandford and Wilson.
A resolution was passed endorsing the Anti-Cigarette Bill to be presented to the Senate by Senator Ross.
The next meeting will be held June 9th at the home of Mrs. Martin, 87 Smith Avenue, when the election of officers will take place and arrangements made for the annual social meeting.

CARRIE IN TROUBLE.

Pittsburg, May 27.—Mrs. Carrie Nation, of Kansas, who was arrested here yesterday charged with disorderly conduct for scolding and embarrassing four men in public, was fined \$25 and costs or 30 days to the workhouse to-day by Magistrate Brady. She refused to pay her fine, and will be sent to the Allegheny County workhouse this afternoon.

The Slippery Pronoun.

Many are the circumlocutions which have been devised by civilized races in order to avoid the bluntness of direct address. In fact, it may be said that at the moment when a nation standardizes its language it begins to have trouble with its pronouns.
"Thou" has, of course, become obsolete, except in prayer, although it flourishes colloquially in the North of England. The second person plural is substituted. In parts of the south "you-all" is heard, a further step toward refined elusiveness.
In France and Germany "thou" has been retained in familiar or semi-contemptuous speech. In Spain and Italy, on the other hand, the third person is substituted habitually in place of it.—Harper's Weekly.

The Queen's Maids.

The Queen demands of her maids that they shall be musical, neat in their attire and eschew picture hats. Otherwise, she is very easygoing with them, and in the kindest way ministers to their pleasure whenever it is possible. "Yep." "I was surprised to learn that she had given up her mission life." "She hasn't; her husband is going to be suffering humanity hereafter."—Houston Post.

The Way of Life.

"I shall be glad when I am old enough to do as I please," said the boy.
"And about that time you will go off and get married, so it won't do you much good, after all," replied the man. Philadelphia Record

MARKETS and FINANCE

TORONTO MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.
Receipts of live stock at the city market were 81 carloads, composed of 88 cattle, 955 hogs, 279 sheep and 27 calves.
The quality of fat cattle was not as good as last week's deliveries.
On account of the light delivery of cattle, prices were firm at Monday's quotations, when quality is considered.
Exporters—Few exporters were on sale, and prices ranged from \$5.75 to \$6.10, export bulls sold at from \$4.00 to \$5.25, and one or two of extra quality sold at a little more money.
Butchers—Butchers' cattle sold at about the same prices as on Monday, best loads selling up from \$5.50 to \$5.80; medium, \$5.15 to \$5.40; common, \$4.75 to \$5.10; cows, \$3 to \$5, according to quality.
Feeders and stockers—H. & W. Murby report a few lots on sale, with prices unchanged. Good steers, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs. each, at \$1.75 to \$1.85; good steers, 900 to 1,000 lbs. each, at \$1.50 to \$1.75; good steers, 800 to 900 lbs. each, at \$1.30 to \$1.50; light stockers, 400 to 600 lbs. each, at \$1.25 to \$1.35.
Milkers and springers—There was an excellent market for the best class of cows, but common, light cows were not in demand. Prices ranged at from \$10 to \$60 each. The quality of the good selling at \$15 to \$20. Veal calves—Prices for veal calves remained about the same, at \$2 to \$5 per cwt. A few calves of the good selling at \$15 to \$20 per cwt. Sheep and lambs—Sheep sold at \$5 to \$5.50 per cwt.; rams at \$4 to \$4.50; yearlings, \$5.50 to \$7.50; spring lambs sold at \$5.50 to \$6 each.
Hogs—Mr. Harris reported the market unchanged at \$5 for select and \$5.75 for lights.
FARMERS' MARKET.
The receipts of grain to-day were small, with prices firm. One hundred bushels of soft wheat sold at \$1.25 to \$1.30; hard wheat of barley at 50c per bushel.
Hay is selling at \$13 to \$14 a ton. Straw, 400 to 450 lbs. per cwt. Light soil, \$13 to \$15; heavy soil, \$12 to \$14.50. Dressed hogs, \$14.00 in barrels, and No. 1 gold-en, \$4.50 in barrels. These prices are for delivery; car lots 5c more.
THE CHIEF MARKETS.
Campbellford—To-day 84 were boarded. Lovell and Christmas, 560 at 11c; Brenton, 260 at 11c. All sold. There were 700 choice of beef. All sold at 11 1/2c.
OTHER MARKETS.
NEW YORK SUGAR MARKETS.
Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 3.75c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4.20c; molasses sugar, \$5.50.
WINNIPEG WHEAT MARKET.
Following are the closing quotations on Winnipeg grain futures:
Wheat—May 4c bid, July 4 1/2c bid.
Oats—May 4c bid, July 4 1/2c asked.
BRITISH CATTLE MARKETS.
London—London cables for cattle are steady at 12 to 14s per pound dressed weight. Refrigerator beef is quoted at 18c to 19c per pound.
WALL STREET NEWS.
The regular dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. declared on U. S. Leather pref.
Regular dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. on Central Leather pref.
President Ripley, of Atchafon, says that company's dividend will be limited to what the road actually earned.
Copper in London is 26 1/2 to-day.
Light demand for stocks in loan crowd. New York banks lost \$15,000,000 through sub-treasury operations since Friday last.
Burlington will issue \$15,000,000 4 per cent. bonds of large blaker, some authorized.
Some prospect of passing the compromise Currency Bill.
American Smelting said to be doing within 25 per cent. of the business at this time last year.
Heavy loss of cash by banks expected this week on account of gold export, and in spite of movement of currency between the two London Stock Exchanges closes Saturday, June 6th.
June dividend disbursements will exceed \$70,000,000.
London settlement begins to-morrow.
U. S. Rubber now working within 25 per cent. of normal output.
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM.
Traffic earnings from May 15 to 21, 1908:
1908 \$715,682
1907 858,659
Decrease \$144,377
U. S. CURRENCY.
Washington, May 27.—After two hours' deliberation the Republican members of the conference between the two Houses of Congress on the currency question reached an agreement to-day, but it was stated that the exact terms would not be made public until the proposed bill has been submitted to the full conference, including the Democratic members. It is understood, however, that the bill will follow the general lines tentatively agreed upon.
CARS RUNNING.
Chester, Pa., May 27.—Cars are running unobstructed to-day on the lines of the Chester Traction Co., the employees of which have been on strike for seven weeks, and the local authorities apparently have checked the disorders of the last two days, which followed the withdrawal of the State police, who were sent here to guard the property of the company. The cars are guarded by policemen, and are manned by non-union crews.
SILIENS. In spite of the old adage I don't believe that burned children always dread the fire. Cynicus—No; lots of widows marry again.
"Because most artists have never seen 'em."—Cleveland Leader.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Barometer	Open	High	Low	Close
A. T. & S. F.	100 1/2	101 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Am. Cotton Oil	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/2	10 3/4
Brooklyn Rapid	48 1/2	49 1/2	48 1/2	49 1/2
C. P. R.	150	151 1/2	149 1/2	150 1/2
Chic. Mil. & St. P.	125	126 1/2	124 1/2	125 1/2
Chas. & O'Fallon	47 1/2	48 1/2	47 1/2	48 1/2
Erie	21 1/2	22 1/2	21 1/2	22 1/2
Erie 1st pref.	40	41 1/2	39 1/2	40 1/2
Erie 2nd	17 1/2	18 1/2	17 1/2	18 1/2
Illinois Central	14 1/2	15 1/2	14 1/2	15 1/2
Louis & Nashville	107 1/2	108 1/2	107 1/2	108 1/2
Missouri K. & T.	27 1/2	28 1/2	27 1/2	28 1/2
Missouri Pacific	51	52 1/2	50 1/2	51 1/2
New York Central	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Penn.	110 1/2	111 1/2	110 1/2	111 1/2
Reading	111	112 1/2	110 1/2	111 1/2
Rock Island	37 1/2	38 1/2	37 1/2	38 1/2
Rock Island pref.	43 1/2	44 1/2	43 1/2	44 1/2
St. Louis S. & W.	25 1/2	26 1/2	25 1/2	26 1/2
Southern Railway	88	89 1/2	87 1/2	88 1/2
Southern Railway pref.	168 1/2	169 1/2	168 1/2	169 1/2
Texas & Pacific	111	112 1/2	111 1/2	112 1/2
Union Pacific	214 1/2	215 1/2	214 1/2	215 1/2
Wabash	10 1/2	10 3/4	10 1/2	10 3/4

AMERICAN INDUSTRIALS.

American Car & Foundry	35 1/2	36 1/2
American Locomotive	45 1/2	46 1/2
American Steel	127 1/2	128 1/2
Amalgamated Copper	63 1/2	64 1/2
Cons. Fuel & Iron	27 1/2	28 1/2
Columbia Steel	37 1/2	38 1/2
Int. Paper	109 1/2	110 1/2
Peerless Steel	91 1/2	92 1/2
Rep. Iron & Steel	17 1/2	18 1/2
Rep. Iron & Steel pref.	21 1/2	22 1/2
Ry. Steel	35 1/2	36 1/2
Sloss-Sheffield S. & I.	10 1/2	11 1/2
United States Steel	284 1/2	285 1/2
United States Steel pref.	100 1/2	101 1/2
Sales to 1 p. m.	357.000	

A GOOD TIME AT THE CENTRAL Y. M. C. A.

To the Editor of the Times:
Sir.—The Young Men's Christian Association will hold a closing reception on Friday evening, 29th inst. It is expected that about 500 ladies and gentlemen and other good citizens will be present, and the building will be on fire for the occasion. Various booths, gaily decorated, will be provided, where home-made candy, ice cream, flowers, fruit, lemonade, etc., will be sold.
A limelight entertainment will be given in the public hall upstairs, and the young men will perform some of their best surprises in the gymnasium. Music will be provided by a first-class orchestra at frequent intervals during the evening, and everybody expects to have a real good time.
The Reception Committee is desirous of obtaining a large quantity of flowers and fruit for decoration and sale for the occasion, and gifts of flowers of any and all kinds, also fruit, will be greatly appreciated. Generously disposed friends are earnestly requested to assist the association by sending same on Friday morning to the Y. M. C. A., James street south.—Frederick W. Watkins, Chairman Reception Committee.
Hamilton, Ont., May 27, 1908.

Sale of Pineapples.

To-morrow is pineapple day in the Stanley Mills grocery section.
This firm has sold more pineapples this season than ever before, and have sold only the very finest grades obtainable.
Pineapples are at their best for preserving now, and Stanley Mills & Co. have purchased a big quantity to sell at special prices to-morrow. This will undoubtedly be the largest and most important pineapple event of the season, and housewives should take advantage of the offerings and buy liberally.
Two lots will be on sale, large, choice full, ripe, juicy fruit. One lot at \$1.39 dozen, the other lot, in larger size, at \$1.80 dozen.
The best granulated sugar will be offered to-day at 19c per lb. in 10 lb. for \$1.90. Shop early and secure the best choice of the pine.

NOT MARRIED.

New York, May 27.—Justice of the Peace W. C. Budenberg has stated officially before the Board of Health in Hoboken that he performed no marriage ceremony for Mme. Anna Gould and Prince Helié de Sagan.

NO LIQUOR.

Denver, May 27.—There will be no liquor sold in the convention auditorium in Denver where the National Democratic convention meets in July.
Falling in love is much more pleasant than to have a falling out.

THE HAMILTON TIMES

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1908.

HON. MR. MACKAY.

The Liberals of Hamilton have every reason to be pleased and gratified with the grand meeting which was held last evening in the Grand Opera House. Considering the threatening nature of the weather, it was somewhat of a surprise to see such a vast audience gathered to hear the address of the Hon. A. G. MacKay, the leader of the Liberal Opposition in the Ontario House. At the far end of a campaign which has taken that gentleman from one end of the Province to another, and to all parts of it, it was to be expected that he would show some signs of wear and tear, but at the same time he was able to deliver a speech which commanded the breathless attention of his hearers for over an hour. Mr. MacKay is a man in the prime of life, rather above the average height, with a well-knit frame that betokens physical strength. He may be described as a good-looking, with a kindly, ruddy face and dark hair. He possesses what might be called a good stage presence. His voice is resonant and musical, and he is an easy speaker to listen to, it being apparently so easy for him to speak. His speeches during this campaign having been reported in the public press, his audience was more or less familiar with his arraignment of the Whitney Government, and it was not expected that he would tell it much that was new. Speaking of the Liberal prospects in the campaign, he declared that he had taken part in many Provincial and Dominion elections, yet he was bound to say that in no former campaign were the Liberals so solidly united as they were in this campaign, and he further declared that the calibre of the Liberal candidates in this election averaged higher than those of any former campaign. In this connection he paid a well-merited tribute to Hamilton's two Liberal candidates, Messrs. Wardrope and McClelland, declaring that in no constituency had he seen candidates who could measure up to them as public speakers. This statement was easy of belief, for these two gentlemen delivered speeches before Mr. MacKay spoke, the like of which, for eloquence and ability, are seldom heard in this or any other city. We can well imagine that, as the leader of the Opposition listened to them, he wondered why the Hamilton Liberals had sent for him, when they had such speakers for their candidates.

Mr. MacKay first quoted Mr. Whitney as saying in his Hamilton speech that the receipts of the Province had gone up by leaps and bounds. Mr. MacKay showed that the expenditure had also gone up by leaps and bounds from some \$6,000,000 in Mr. Ross' time to something like \$10,000,000 in the Whitney regime. More than that, he was able to show that Whitney's boasted increase of receipts was mostly all made possible by the action of the Ross Government. The building of the Temiskaming Railway by the Ross Government, and opposed by Mr. Whitney, had opened up Cobalt and made possible the revenue from the royalties or percentages from the mines, a proposition of Mr. MacKay which the Whitney Government adopted. The succession duties, another Ross measure, had also helped to swell the receipts, as did the companies tax; and the increased revenue from the Dominion subsidies was the result of the work of both parties. Both worked for it. In this way, Mr. MacKay was able to show that, without the sources of revenue secured to them by Mr. Ross, there would have been a big overdraft instead of a surplus in Whitney's last budget. He made a telling reference to the charges of dishonesty made by the Tories against the Ross Government, and declared amid cheers that after a search of over three years through all the departments Whitney was unable to find that a single dollar had been misappropriated.

Speaking of the Whitney guarantee of \$2,500,000 to the Canadian Northern, and which he said at Hamilton had been given so as to render more secure the former guarantee, he proved from the records that the first guarantee and mortgage were made just as secure as the latter one, and that at any rate the Whitney Government made them both. He convicted the Hon. Mr. Hanna of something like falsehood in connection with the La Rose mining deal, deprecating the interference of the Government in the matter at all, instead of leaving the parties to the dispute to have recourse to the courts for a settlement. He closed his eloquent address with an appeal to those present to place Messrs. Wardrope and McClelland at the top of the poll on June 8th, and with a glowing panegyric to Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Mr. MacKay's address made a deep impression on his hearers, and will strengthen and encourage the Liberals of Hamilton to go forward to victory in the present fight.

THE QUESTION A SIMPLE ONE.

If it be true, as rumored, that there can be found in the Hamilton Council nine or ten aldermen willing to sacrifice the city of Hamilton to the Hydro-Electric scheme promoters, and vote to load the ratepayers with a huge debt and liability, and tie the city's hands by binding her for 30 years to a monopoly, in which the price of power will be definitely at least 10 per cent. higher than it is obtainable for now with no risk and expense and no delay, there is much need of the public waking up and inquiring the nature of the influence which is being exerted on municipal representatives. To state the case is to impeach, in the minds of sensible men,

the honesty or the sanity of those aldermen. The power monopoly organ complains bitterly that some aldermen propose to submit the question to the people. Were business principles to be respected, a proposition to pay a price for power 10 per cent. higher than we need to pay, and in doing so assume a very large debt, a liability for 30 years, and submit to monopoly, would not be considered for a moment, and the question of consulting the ratepayers would not arise. If, however, it is proposed to make such an absurd bargain, and burden the ratepayers with debt and liability in so doing, the ratepayers certainly should be consulted. The power monopoly organ asserts that the ratepayers have twice voted on the scheme and pronounced in favor of it. The statement is untrue. The question upon which the ratepayers voted was a very different one from that which now presents itself. It was abstract and general to a degree, and the taxpayers were very far from supposing that they were voting to shoulder a huge debt to bind themselves for 30 years to a monopoly, and to pay 10 per cent. more for their power. The by-law, as submitted, conveyed no such ideas. Not only that, but the ratepayers were given to understand that they would have a chance to pass upon the scheme when they were possessed of the particulars and before the city was called upon to assume debt, or pledge its credit in connection therewith. The people were betrayed in this matter, and to commit them to it by the by-law which, as it stood, would have been useless to saddle them with debt, was made to serve the purpose by an act of the Legislature. And this legislation was in the nature of a trick; it was a crime against the ratepayers of Hamilton!

The monopoly organ seeks to make it appear that the carrying of the light distribution by-law was a ratification of the original by-law. Such a contention is dishonest and an insult to the ratepayers. When it was pointed out that in this by-law a reference to the Hydro power had been smuggled in, the Hydro advocates and the monopoly organ ridiculed the idea of a "plant," and assured the public that the inclusion of these words would not in any way commit the city to the Hydro scheme.

A peculiar plea now made by the monopoly organ is that the municipalities which go in now "are to be let in on the ground floor"—meaning, of course, that they will receive specially favorable treatment at the hands of the Commission. Like many other statements of the monopoly organ, that is false. The Power Act effectually gives the lie to that and provides for equitable adjustment and no favors. Another monopoly organ bugaboo is that copper is very low now and "the indications are that prices will take a sharp rise very soon." That statement is utterly unfounded. The New York Journal of Commerce, on the contrary, says, the speculative movement "seems to have been a failure, orders having been met by a flood of metal." Domestic consumers are able to purchase at even lower prices than are demanded for export.

In the London market, too, there has been a net decline of 10 shillings a ton within a few days, and lower prices are probable. There is nothing in the situation that should call for either wheedling or bulldozing. Common business prudence is all that is required, and even the monopoly organ, in a moment of candor, declared that it would not be prudent to accept the monopoly clause. Neither would it be prudent to bind ourselves for 30 years while we have no say in the management, nor to pay 10 per cent. higher than we need to pay for our power.

THAT LA ROSE CASE.

Mr. A. G. MacKay has undertaken to explain why he gave the O'Brien Mine to its owners for \$700 and no more. He says he was advised so to do by the officers of the Department of Crown Lands during his brief occupancy of that bureau. The advice came to him in the usual course of business, and he simply marked the record, "Concurred in." He adds: "I personally did not then know, nor do I yet know, anything of the merits of the dispute. I had not heard the evidence." Would not a rubber stamp be as useful as a Minister of the type to which Mr. MacKay represents himself as belonging? Certainly we do better with a Government which derives revenue from the administration of our mining properties.—Mail and Empire.

The Mail and Empire ingeniously misrepresents the matter, as it is given to misrepresenting nearly all political matter which it pretends to report, by presenting half-truths, colored to suit its purposes. Mr. MacKay had to deal with the question of a dispute between two claimants that had been left to arbitration, and according to duty he gave effect to the award of the arbitrators. What else was to be done by an honest Minister? Had Mr. MacKay, instead of dealing with it in that way, championed the cause of one party and closed the courts against the other, he might have beaten it. Had he paid the other \$130,000 to one party to buy evidence to enable him to grab the property, he might have boasted of "making money" out of it. But what honest man would respect him for so doing? And if the \$130,000 had gone to a crowd in which his own brother-in-law was interested—well!

SWINDLING THE MUNICIPALITIES

The Mail and Empire boasts that the Whitney Government has distributed among the municipalities about \$80,000 as their share of the taxes collected from railways, and it adds, "this sum reduces the taxes the farmers would have to pay were it not that the Government thus

subscribes to the local income." Two considerations the organ omits. The first is that in this matter the railways are merely tax collectors, they being obliged by the tax to charge the shippers not only the amount distributed among the municipalities and the amount taken by the Government, but also many thousands of dollars extra. The railways naturally reimburse themselves, and the people pay the shot in the end, and with profit to the roads. Then, again, it is to be remembered that it is a part of this arrangement about sharing railway taxes with the municipalities (and it is a matter of which the Whitney organs say nothing) that a burden, and one that will grow, is placed upon the municipalities, in that they are required to assume the maintenance of all the indigent insane sent to the lunatic asylums! It is the thin end of the wedge that is being inserted, the intention being to make the municipalities pay for the support of the insane, heretofore borne by the Provincial Government entirely. It is an arrangement in which the municipalities get in every way the worst of the deal. They pay every dollar of the railway taxes—many dollars for one—and they must pay every dollar of the maintenance of the lunatics charged against them.

Oh, yes! It's a very slick scheme, and we don't wonder that the Tory organs and orators are anxious that little be said about it.

AN AMENDED OFFER.

When the Cataract Company offered to supply power to the city at ten per cent. less cost than the Hydro-Electric Power Commission could or would, it qualified the offer with the words, "not involving competition with the company." This clause it has now withdrawn, and the offer is again made without any qualification. Hamilton manufacturers can have the same terms as can the city, and vice versa. Mayor Stewart and the Herald have both made much of this clause, claiming that it left the manufacturers still at the mercy of the Cataract Company, and that it was perhaps the main objection to accepting the Cataract's offer. Now that it has been removed, will the Mayor condescend to take another look at the offer, or will he still persist in sacrificing the city's interests to the Hydro-Electric scheme independent of all inducements to the contrary. The citizens whose money is at stake are watching him.

HARD ON HENDRIE.

J. J. Scott's boast that, if he had been in the Legislature the Provincial Technical College would ere now have been in course of construction here, is received by the people for just what it is worth—nothing. But it indicates in a manner not to be misunderstood J. J.'s estimate of the value to Hamilton of his Minister-member from the West.

Hon. Mr. Hendrie was not only in the Legislature, but in the Cabinet—a member of the Executive Council. He was there in all the glory of office when the outrage of the steal of the Normal College was plotted and perpetrated. Hamilton might have been supposed to be in a good position for defence. Her Ministerial representative might have been expected to rise to the occasion and leave Whitney the choice of treating Hamilton decently or accepting his resignation from the Cabinet. But even a nominal and merely ornamental Cabinet position had too much attraction to permit of his so presenting the issue and boldly standing up for the interests of the city. No ultimatum was presented to the Premier. No sounds of strife came from the Council Chamber. The city had no defender in her time of need. Mr. Hendrie hugged the "Hon." and allowed the College to be stolen from us, and at increased cost and lessened efficiency to the Province.

It may not be very considerate of Mr. Scott to have verbal rocks in Mr. Hendrie's direction now, but having regard to what we have learned by bitter experience, can he not save his conscience with the thought that Hon. Mr. Hendrie had his chance to show himself as a real defender and representative of the city, and that he failed it at the critical moment?

WHITNEY, THE SPOILSMAN.

Whitney took office with profuse pledges against the spoils system. He was to show fair play to officials and do justice to all. How did he respect his pledges? As soon as he got settled in office he set the spoils axe to work, and has kept it busy ever since. In the first ten and a half months there were 35 vacancies by death and other normal causes, yet the Ontario Gazette shows that Whitney made no fewer than 662 appointments to office! Here are some of them:

- License commissioners, 105 boards.
Division Court clerks, 76.
Division Court bailiffs, 117.
Liquor license inspectors, 75.
Provincial license inspectors, 6.
Police magistrates, 38.
Registrars of deeds, 6.
Besides these there was a long list of justices of the peace, issuers of marriage licenses, coroners, notaries, and commissioners. Officials of the departments and public institutions were marks for the spoils crew, and many of them were dismissed and all were persecuted and annoyed. And it was solely a concession to the spoils element. The number in the public service was not reduced; it was increased. Although Whitney inveighed against Ross as overloading the service, he has added 113 to the pay roll of the Province. Although he said the Ministers and civil servants were overpaid by Ross, he added \$2,000 to his own salary

and similarly increased the pay of his colleagues as soon as he got into power, and boosted the pay of the Tories appointed to office in place of the Liberals whom he dismissed!

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Mr. MacKay's visit will make friends. MacKay's explanations explain. He does not leave the reader in a fog. MacKay respects British precedents. He stands for majority rule, the rights of the people, and the security of property.

What do you think of Scott's boast of what would have been done had he been in the Legislature, Mr. Hendrie? Seems to think you are small potatoes, eh? Whitney wouldn't listen to the proposal to abolish the fee system of paying certain law officials. You see, he had just appointed a lot of hungry apologetes to be bailiffs! He dared not.

After hearing MacKay's lucid explanation of the La Rose and Cobalt cases, the man who would excuse Whitney's outrage upon the rights of the citizen has no right to point the finger of scorn at a common horse-thief. Mayor Stewart stated the other night, in his speech at the Scott meeting, that "the ratepayers did not show good judgment in electing their representatives to the Council." The Mayor does not lack for a magnificent self-esteem; but we doubt not that he will find, both among the aldermen and the people, many who, using His Worship for purposes of illustration, will heartily endorse the sentiment to which he gave utterance.

The folks who help along the revenue by consuming lashings of whiskey seem to be slacking the pace. For the nine months ending with April last the receipts showed a decrease of \$450,000. Lest anybody might blame Fowler, Bennett and their gang for trying to hit the Government revenue, it might be explained that Uncle Sam notices the effect of the drought too, and on a larger scale. For the first three months of the year the falling off in his liquor revenue has amounted to nearly \$25,000,000.

The Mail and Empire flounders pitifully in its endeavors to defend Whitney against the charge of neglecting agriculture, the grant to which has increased less than \$34,000 in four years, while he has been squandering an increased expenditure of \$2,500,000 a year. The organ strives to make a showing by including in the aid to agriculture the grants to colonization roads, the general road appropriation, grants to rural schools, and sundry items of the high school grants. But what does Whitney care for the farmers? Hasn't he the "machine"?

Wonders will never cease. Here is the Toronto World which, taking its cue from Whitney, for years denounced the Ross Government as extravagant, and accused it of unnecessarily loading the civil service with employees, now charging that Ross was "a miser," and "niggardly" in expending the public money. Whitney having enormously increased the number and cost of the civil servants, it now seeks to take the other tack by alleging: "The civil service under the late Government was starved both as to men and salaries. The civil servants were overworked and underpaid!"

The "dead sure thing" doesn't always come to life. Wonders will never cease. Here is the Toronto World which, taking its cue from Whitney, for years denounced the Ross Government as extravagant, and accused it of unnecessarily loading the civil service with employees, now charging that Ross was "a miser," and "niggardly" in expending the public money. Whitney having enormously increased the number and cost of the civil servants, it now seeks to take the other tack by alleging: "The civil service under the late Government was starved both as to men and salaries. The civil servants were overworked and underpaid!"

WAS DELIRIOUS WITH ECZEMA On Chest, Back, and Head—Pain, Heat, and Tingling Were Excruciating—Nerves in Exhausted Condition—Sleep Badly Broken. CURE BY CUTICURA SEEMED LIKE MAGIC

Words cannot express the gratitude I feel for what Cuticura Remedies have done for my daughter, Adelaide. She is fifteen years of age, and had never had anything the matter with her skin until four months ago, when an eruption broke out on her chest. The first symptom was a redness, and then followed thickening and blisters, which would break and run matter. I took her to a doctor, and he pronounced it to be eczema of a very bad form. He treated her, but instead of being checked, the disease spread. It showed itself on her back, and then quickly spread upwards until the whole of her head was affected, and all her hair had to be cut off. The pain she suffered was excruciating, and what with that and the heat and tingling, her life was almost unbearable. She became run down in health, and at times was very feverish, languid, and drowsy, and occasionally she was delirious. Her nerves were in such a low state that she could not bear to be left alone. In spite of the cold weather she would insist on having her bedroom window open, and would lean out on the window-sill. She did not have a proper hour's sleep for many nights. The second doctor we tried afforded her just as little relief as the first, and I really do not know what we should have done if we had not read how Cuticura cured similar cases. I purchased Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Pills, and before the Ointment was three-quarters finished every trace of the disease was gone. It really seemed like magic. Her hair is coming on nicely, and I will apply the Cuticura Ointment as I find it increases the growth wonderfully. Mrs. T. W. Hyde, 1, Ontario Place, Westwood, Essex, England, Mar. 8, 1907.

Thursday May 28, 1908 SHEA'S An Exhibition of Women's Wash Suits. This afternoon, to-night and all day to-morrow we will make an exhibition of Women's Wash Suits in the windows along the whole King Street front of our store. Every available foot of window space will be used, and such a quantity of suits and styles shown as will be a revelation to those who intend investing in this very desirable kind of garment. The prices are most reasonable, in many cases less than other stores pay for them, beginning at \$3.95 and with every between price up to \$15.00. Other Special Features for Thursday. English Galatea Skirtings, direct imported, best of good value, at, per yard... 18, 20, 22 1/2 and 25c. English Sheetting, worth 35c per yard... 30c. English Sheetting, worth 40c per yard... 35c. English Sheetting, worth 45c per yard... 45c. Domestic Sheetting, worth 30c per yard... 23c. Two special lines of pure Linen Table Napkins, 95c value, for, per dozen, 65c; \$2.50 value, for... \$1.75. Table Linen, pure flax, \$1.50 value, for... 99c. Dresser Covers and Sideboard Scarfs at less than wholesale sale prices. Fancy Colored Parasols... \$1.50 to \$2.05. Children's Parasols... 25, 35c, 50c and \$1.00. American Boy and Girl Cotton Hose, per pair... 25c. Dress Goods worth \$1.00 for 50c. Dress Goods worth 50c for 25c. Dress Goods worth 40c for 20c.

OUR EXCHANGES. Have They? (O'Mahoney Free Press.) Have the Woodbine races made you rich yet? Up in the Air. (Adam Becks.) At any time during the past three months he didn't know the moment when the whole affair might be in the air, because of the attitude of certain members of the Government.

A Left-Hander for Hendrie. (J. J. Scott Spectator Report.) "I am confident that if I had been elected in 1906 we would have had the technical college, not a school, mind you, under construction now in Hamilton. I am positive of it."

A Pretty Dirty Lot. (Hamilton Spectator.) When members of the Conservative opposition at Ottawa started washing the family dirt linen in public, it is about time some one in authority said a few words in season and to the point.

A Question for Boss Milne. (Hamilton Spectator.) How would Mr. Milne like to see the city give a Toronto foundry ten per cent more for stores than his company's prepared to sell for the same quality of work, and security of business? Such action is hardly based on the principle of the Golden Rule.

After Whitney. (Kingston Whig.) Well, there is no doubt that the prestige of the party has suffered. There is no question as to the feeling, it runs as keenly against the government to-day as against the late government three years ago, and after a reign of thirty-three years. There is, therefore, no telling what may happen. The fear of the party in power shown by the plea that "it should have another chance."

Victoria and Ireland. (Goldwin Smith.) The late Queen was a pattern wife and mother, giving thereby the best service to the nation that a female sovereign could do. In politics her hand was seldom felt; hardly ever probably save in the case of the ill-fated "Ecclesiastical Titles" bill. Her life was largely passed in the happy seclusion of Osborne and Balmoral. Her greatest grief was her persistent refusal during the marriage part of her reign to visit Ireland, where she would have been perfectly safe and her presence would have done infinite good. She betrayed her misgivings by extreme sensitiveness on the subject. From the time of Henry II. to that of George V., the people of Ireland never saw their King as a friendly visitor. This Irish misgiving is shown by the plea that "it should have another chance."

The Tory Bosses Knife Hamilton. (Hamilton Spectator.) It is difficult to understand just what motive he has back of all this effort now being made to induce the local community at the expense of the citizens' Cheapest power of Hamilton is Cataract power. Messrs. Stewart and Milne, who are the organ's organ, are forces with Hon. Adam Beck, whose course in this matter so far as Hamilton is concerned, has been most unbecomingly unbecomingly of the cheap politician than by the statesmanship qualities one would expect of the crown, have made every effort and used every means, political, personal and otherwise, to before real life and health, has been overlooked. Personal abuse, threats, big stick argument—have been used in one way or another with what effect remains to be seen.

STORM AT MONTREAL. Church Set on Fire and Ferry Boat Struck—Section of City Dark.

Montreal, May 26.—The city and district were today visited by one of the heaviest thunderstorms of the past few years, and a good deal of damage was done in various directions. In the city St. John's Church was struck and caught on fire, but the flames were extinguished before much harm was done. The ferry boat St. Laurent was struck and part of the mast snapped, but the bolt ran down a wire cable into the river without firing the vessel. Several other places were also struck, but with much damage. The Light, Heat and Power Co. was a heavy sufferer, a large number of transformers being burnt out, with the result that sections of the city are in darkness to-night, and a big gang of men are out repairing the breaks. The storm was very severe at Beauport, a lake suburban resort, and the summer residence of Mr. G. B. Locker, of this city, was struck and completely destroyed, with heavy loss, while the church at Pointe Claire was also struck and the steeple considerably damaged.

GRAIN TEN INCHES HIGH. Remarkable Growth at Clearwater, Manitoba.

Winnipeg, May 26.—The C. P. R. crop report of the central division was handed out to-day. It is extremely comprehensive and exact. The report takes in the growth in the various sections to date. The average height of the wheat at present throughout the vast area, which stretches from Stonewall to Lanigan, in Saskatchewan, and includes many branch lines of the division into both the south and north, is about four and a half inches.

Clearwater, in Southern Manitoba, reports a growth of ten inches, and Dominion City comes next with seven

inches. The Yorkton line reports slow growth at several points, owing to cold weather, but the general tidings are that the grain is growing rapidly. Oat seeding is being rapidly completed, and barley seeding is well under way. Some points report all seeding, including barley, as completed. In fact, conditions throughout the vast area covered by the reports seem to be of a surprisingly uniform character, and prospects everywhere are considered unusually bright.

AT BLACKHEATH. Presentation to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Daniels. Last Friday evening there gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Daniels, Blackheath, about fifty of their neighbors, to have a friendly chat, spend a social hour, and wish them prosperity in their new home. Games and music were enjoyed in the early evening. The ladies then served an excellent supper, after which Mr. William Berry was appointed master of ceremonies. His chief duty was the making of a presentation and reading the following address: To Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Daniels, my kind regards and congratulations. As you are Your friends take this opportunity of conveying to you the high esteem and regard in which you are held by the community in which you have lived so long. It has been your privilege and pleasure to occupy one of the earliest and pleasantest homes in the township, carved from the rude and rugged forest by the untiring zeal and energy of your devoted parents. You have been the other members of the family go forth to varied walks in life and in many different parts to meet success, but it has fallen to your lot to remain in the midst of friends and scenes of youthful days. By strict attention to duty, upright business principles and a kind and generous disposition, you have achieved success, made home a comfort, and won the respect and esteem of a wide circle of friends and acquaintances. As you are about to leave the home so dear, and sever your connection with this community, a few intimate friends and neighbors ask you to accept this clock as a slight token of their affection, and may its face often call to mind pleasing associations of the past. May the blessing of God upon you may long be spared to health and happiness. Signed on their behalf, W. J. Nichol, William Berry. Binbrook, May 22, 1908.

Speeches were made by several referring to the warm hospitality always extended by their host and hostess, and regret at their departure. Mr. Daniels, though taken by surprise, made a suitable reply.

Gramophone selections by Beer Bros., selections by Blackheath Orchestra, recitations by Allan Spittal in Scotch and Irish dialect, and musical selections by D. W. Nichol, concluded a very pleasant evening.

EMPTY CANOE FOUND. Young Fort William Men Believed to be Drowned.

Fort William, May 26.—All hope of finding alive Bert Williams and Thomas Johnston, two young canoe men who were missed yesterday, has been given up, as their canoe was found this morning drifting in the bay, a quarter of a mile off Island No. 1. There is no indication that the accident occurred there, as the same ground was covered last night in a launch and the canoe was not there. Parties are looking for the bodies.

Owen Sound, May 26.—Word was received here this evening of the drowning at Fort William of Thomas Johnston, the eldest son of Mr. William Johnston, former local sales agent for the Sleeman Brewery Co. Deceased for many years managed a billiard room in this town, and was quite popular.

Young Toronto Man Drowned. Lakefield, May 26.—Wm. Meehan, a young man, 24 years of age, son of John Meehan, 273 Wellesley street, Toronto, was drowned here this afternoon in the mill dam of the Cavendish Lumber Company. He was stepping from some logs to the pier, when by a mistake he fell into the water and sank. He had been at work for the company for only two weeks, and lived with his uncle, John Larkins, at Lakefield.

MOHMAND OUTBREAK OVER. The Insurgent Tribes Tired of Several Sharp Defeats.

London, May 26.—The outbreak of the Mohmand tribesmen in India is collapsing. Gen. Willcocks has inflicted several sharp defeats upon them, and they are submitting unconditionally. The Government announced in the House of Commons this evening that it expected the troops would be withdrawn in a few days, and that a settlement with the Mohmands similar to that with the Zazas Khels is likely to follow.

LAWYER DEAD. (Special Despatch to the Times.) Ottawa, Ont., May 26.—D. J. McLean, K. C., died suddenly to-day of heart failure. He was working in a garden yesterday. He was legal adviser to the Customs Department, and was prominently identified with Sons of Scotland movement.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Chat. H. Pritchard.

The Paris Temps suggests that the time has come to substitute an Anglo-French alliance for the present entente. Rev. J. B. Kennedy, after being pastor of Memorial Baptist Church, Toronto for fourteen years, will preach his farewell sermons there next Sunday.

FLOWER SOCIAL

Given by the Women of St. James Church, Dundas.

Dundas, May 27.—Under the auspices of the Women's Auxiliary of St. James Church a flower social was held on Monday afternoon. The school room was very tastefully decorated for the occasion with apple blossoms and flowers. The pastor, Rev. E. A. Irving, was chairman. The program was a very enjoyable one, nearly every number being heartily enjoyed. It consisted of an address by the chairman, an instrumental duet by Mrs. and Miss Myra Cochenour, songs by Mr. Middleton, Miss Mitson, Miss Middleton and Miss Twist, a piano solo by Mrs. Cochenour, recitations by Miss Mary Woodhouse and Miss Clara Hardy. After the program came refreshments, and a very enjoyable time of chat and social intercourse. The attendance and receipts were satisfactory.

For about two years the hydrant on the corner of King and Napier streets has been leaking slightly. On Monday the water below it was let off, and the damaged hydrant was replaced by a new one.

John W. Dickson has gone to Midland to represent Dundas at the meeting of the Orange Grand Lodge of British North America.

CENTRAL W. C. T. U.

Monthly Meeting at Residence of Mrs. Pratt.

The last monthly parlor meeting of Central W. C. T. U. for the season was held at Rose Arden, the residence of the President, Mrs. Pratt, yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Arthur Boyle, treasurer, reported receipts for the month \$66.75, disbursements \$59.33, leaving a balance on hand of \$9.22. The annual meeting will be held at the residence of Mrs. Charlton, 442 Bay street north.

Miss Nisbet read a paper on current events. Mrs. Clunas gave an inspiring Bible reading on heredity. Mrs. Richard Butler reported for the Day Nursery and mothers' meetings. The meeting took the form of a pound social, and loads of good things were received for the Day Nursery.

Refreshments were served and a good social time enjoyed.

GRAND LODGE OVER.

Ladies' Orange Order Concluded Its Meeting Yesterday.

The Ladies' Grand Orange Lodge of British North America concluded its business yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. A secret session took up the better part of the afternoon. It was devoted to work put on by a degree staff of No. 1 Lodge. The installation of the officers for the coming year was the next order of business. It was decided to hold the next meeting in Ottawa on May 25th and 26th, 1908. The Grand Mistress, Miss Mary Cullum, of Toronto, in closing the work of the lodge here said she was much pleased with the progress of the order, and looked for even greater results from the many organizations during this coming year.

OFF TO GRAND LODGE.

The Orange Grand Lodge of British North America opened to-day in Midland for a two-day session. Mr. William Hoey, Past County Master of Wentworth, is one of the delegates attending the session. It is expected that important business will be transacted. Mr. J. F. Harper, Master of the Grand Black Chapter, and of this city, is also attending.

LAWYER DEAD.

(Special Despatch to the Times.) Ottawa, Ont., May 26.—D. J. McLean, K. C., died suddenly to-day of heart failure. He was working in a garden yesterday. He was legal adviser to the Customs Department, and was prominently identified with Sons of Scotland movement.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Chat. H. Pritchard.

The Paris Temps suggests that the time has come to substitute an Anglo-French alliance for the present entente. Rev. J. B. Kennedy, after being pastor of Memorial Baptist Church, Toronto for fourteen years, will preach his farewell sermons there next Sunday.

COUNTESS CASSINI'S NEXT APPEAL TO SOCIETY



Hopes to Break Down Barriers Through Success on the Operatic Stage

OUT of Paris the other day came a story that interested the civilized world. It concerned a young and pretty woman.

"Something of a commotion," the news dispatches stated, "was caused in the fashionable singing school conducted by Jean de Reszke because of the expulsion of one of his most promising pupils without explanation."

"It was learned that the expelled pupil was discovered to be the author of a series of anonymous letters addressed to M. de Reszke and attacking the character of Countess Marguerite Cassini, niece and adopted daughter of the former Russian ambassador at Washington."

"Ever since Count Cassini left America the countess has lived in Paris, studying under Jean de Reszke with a view to appearing in opera. She has made excellent progress and is almost ready to make her debut."

"It is said that jealousy of her success was the only motive of the anonymous communications in which she was attacked. The countess was greatly distressed over the incident, as the writer of the letters was a supposed friend."

BACK of the simple statement made above is an interesting story that has had its various chapters written in widely separate parts of the earth—and always with a dashing young girl as its central figure.

It hasn't been so many years since the Countess Cassini, niece and adopted daughter of the Russian ambassador, was regarded as the algebraic x of diplomatic circles. No one knew what she would do next.

When the ambassador was transferred to Madrid, the darling, unconventional young countess passed out of the annals of Washington life. It was generally supposed that she had gone to the Spanish court with her uncle and foster father.

Many who thought so had their first enlightenment through the news dispatches telling of the flurry in Jean de Reszke's Paris school. It was not generally known that the countess was preparing for a career upon the operatic stage.

Why? was the question that sprang to hundreds of lips in social and diplomatic circles. Why should a young woman of such distinguished position and wealth wish to pass through the grinding stages of preparation for opera, unless with another object than that of the honors attained by the successful prima donna?

No one imagines—not even herself, perhaps—that the Countess Cassini will become a new Melba, Tetrazzini or Mary Garden.

But, it is whispered in Paris, one may possess sufficient talent, lifted into high operatic possibilities by artistic training, to attain a commanding position on the stage; society may fall at her feet—and this, it is whis-

pered again, is the secret motive that animates the young woman's operatic studies.

She wishes to conquer the society that has been rather coldly disposed to her throughout her career in diplomatic circles; her newest attack upon its strongholds is to be made from the operatic stage.

Few women have been so generally discussed—certainly few have been so mercilessly pilloried by her own sex on the tongue of gossip—as the Countess Cassini. Gossip got busy with her when, at the age of 15 years, she was the head of her uncle's household in Pekin—he was then representing his country at the court of the Flower Kingdom. Her beauty and accomplishments, in addition to the romance of being so young a hostess, should have made her a leader, even at that age—and she was precocious—in social diplomatic circles.

It happened, however, that the wives of other diplomats at Pekin had ideas of their own. They may or may not at their gossiping teas have set in motion certain remarks and opinions regarding the household of the Russian ambassador; at any rate, the Cassini maiden found an exceedingly frosty reception wherever she appeared.

All this might have been obviated, of course, if the



One of Her Favorite Photographs



Photo by Clinedinst



Count Cassini, Formerly Russian Ambassador to Washington



Countess Marguerite Cassini

Russian ambassador, a widower of several years standing, had seen fit to take to himself another wife, an older woman to be the head of his household. That he was so thoroughly wrapped up in the young girl of advanced and voluptuous charms whom he called his niece did not strike the other women of the diplomatic service favorably.

Try as he would, Count Cassini could not remove the frosty barriers erected against his protégée. Diplomatic society in the Chinese capital was in an unfavorable frame of mind. So Count Cassini asked to be transferred, and was given the post at Paris.

To the French capital the ambassador and the young girl went gladly. They believed that Parisian society would deal more graciously with the dashing young woman; they opened wide the doors of the embassy, and with lavish hospitality entertained at some of the most brilliant functions of the year.

But the rumors that had gained credence in Pekin had preceded the fair Russian to the French capital, and she was treated coldly, not being accepted as "a lady of the diplomatic corps." Her position as "niece" in the ambassador's household did not seem to make the impression she and Count Cassini desired.

It was largely because of this second disappointment that Count Cassini again sought a transfer, and this time was sent to represent his government at Washington.

Both the count and the young woman hoped that in the breezy capital of the new world's greatest nation they would enter upon a new and commanding social career, with no searchlights turned on the disappointments and heartburnings of the past.

"At this time," said a writer in describing the latest addition to Washington's diplomatic circles, "Marguerite Cassini is a little above medium height and exquisitely formed. Her eyes are large and soulful, by far the most expressive and characteristic feature of her face. An abundance of glistening curls crown her Greek-molded head and fall in short ringlets about her brow and throat."

AN ACCOMPLISHED ATHLETE

"Her skin is wonderfully white and smooth for one with such dark eyes and hair, the only bit of brilliant coloring about her face being her full lips, which are deep crimson."

"She is an accomplished athlete, being an active member of several sporting clubs; she is an enthusiastic horse-woman and driver, handling the ribbons with as much ease as she takes a fence on the back of a hunter. She has won several championship cups on the golf links, is fond of wheel riding and likes sports of all kinds."

When the young woman arrived in Washington, however, she found that her social aspirations were not foredoomed to a flowery bed of ease. There were more than rose leaves crumpling the couch; there were thorns of an unmistakable character.

The wives of several European diplomats, headed by the Baroness von Hengelmueller, wife of the ambassador, refused to acknowledge Marguerite Cassini as the ambassador's niece in the diplomatic resort at Washington.

Perhaps most newspaper readers remember the stir that the young Russian woman caused during President McKinley's administration by her determination to assert

her position. The czar had conferred upon her the hereditary title of countess, and endowed her with special honors which, as the head of the ambassador's household, would give her at all public functions the rank and precedence of an ambassador's wife.

This was unusual and contrary to the usages of the courts of Europe, it was said; at any rate, the diplomatic corps in Washington declined to abide by it. A meeting of the ambassadors was called for the purpose of settling the matter.

It was gone about in this way: Lord Paunceforte, dean of the corps, issued invitations for a dinner party, with Count Cassini and the countess among the guests. The countess was assigned to a table place among the other young women present—a table to which no official significance could be made to attach.

Another dinner was given the following week by M. Cambon at the French embassy, at which the Paunceforte precedent was followed; then came a similar affair at the home of the German ambassador. That, it seemed, settled the matter so far as the diplomatic corps was concerned.

BALKED IN AMBITIOUS PLAN

The young countess, not a little nettled, announced her intention of seeking recognition by President McKinley. She declared that at the state dinners to be given at the White House she purposed to rank next to Lady Paunceforte, and it was asserted that she forced the Russian ambassador to go to the front and make a personal plea at the White House for her.

When the time drew near for issuing the invitations a curious condition of affairs presented itself. Lady Paunceforte, wife of the dean, was in court mourning and could not attend the White House dinner; the German ambassador had no wife; the wife of the French ambassador was in Europe, and the wife of the Italian ambassador was also out of the city.

So Countess Cassini gave it out that she intended to walk into the dining room on the arm of the President and ahead of every other woman on the diplomatic corps then in Washington. This stirred up things greatly, and the grave diplomats from various countries hurried to the White House to discuss the situation with the President.

Mr. McKinley settled the controversy by declaring that during his administration no unmarried woman would, on occasions of state, take precedence of the matrons. The Countess Cassini attended the dinner and ate her humble pie with a pretty grace that won her considerable admiration.

But, while not finding favor among the women of the diplomatic corps, the countess managed to cut a considerable figure in Washington society.

Her fads, perhaps, were partly responsible for this. One of these fads was the number and beauty of her dogs. Another was her preference for red-brown hair. Her fondness for adventure and her daring in all kinds of sport also made her many friends.

It was Countess Cassini who introduced the costume dinner to the young set in Washington. All her entertainments were gay; in fact, it was stated that a great deal of gossip was aroused by a too pronounced type of gaiety in her social functions.

Withal, she was successful in some of her most ambitious plans. During the war with Japan she organized and carried out a bazaar for the benefit of the Russian Red Cross Society, an affair that netted nearly \$20,000.

But the young woman's campaign for social recognition has not been successful without the favor of the women of the diplomatic corps. This was withheld in Washington, as it had been in Pekin and Paris.

When Count Cassini was transferred from Washington to Madrid the young woman did not accompany him. There were certain matters about which the Madrid court is reputed to be the strictest in Europe.

Instead she went to Paris and began studying for the operatic stage. Should she prove a great success she may yet have the world of society at her feet and score a sweet triumph over those who have turned the cold shoulder upon her in the past.

Curl Papers of the Ages and Their Queer Results...



The Original Grecian Twist



Popular in Amsterdam 500 Years Ago



This Was Seen about 1670



Marie Antoinette Coiffure



Style of 1830

THE marcel wave, doubtless, had its origin in the Garden of Eden. For the eternal woman is eternally interested in the eternal subject of the coiffure. The curl-paper in the shape of twigs and other archaic devices, no doubt, was used by the debutante ape of the simian jungles. And on the stones unearthed in the ruins of ancient Babylon, Phoenicia and on the immortal tombs of Egypt archeologists have noted the inevitable vanity of

woman—in dressing her hair. Customs might change, the standards of beauty rise and fall, but woman has always sought to embellish her tresses. Today she spends an hour or two at the fashionable hairdresser's; after their baths the women of Athens and Pompeii spent hours arranging the wonderful dress with which they surmounted their heads. And so it has always been.

and arranged their hair! With what delicate little curls they embellished the forehead! And with what careful attention they arranged the knot in the back so it looked like a bunch of curls!

In ancient Ionia a woman would draw her hair back and simply tie the mass together, letting the strands dangle down her back. But in the days when Sappho sang her songs, perfection of the hair-curling process had been evolved.

Often women wore a flit about the forehead, or perhaps a sort of turban covered the head—a mere wrapping of beautiful cloth drawn tightly over the tresses. It maintained the shape admirably.

Among the most bizarre effects was that devised by the women of Pompeii. It was pyramidal, colossal, amazing. Hours were spent in dressing the hair, and when it was fixed, with waxes and oils, it was not taken down for days. This arrangement made the women look considerably taller than they really were, and imparted a rather severe dignity of mien. Rising from the head of the fair mistress of the

Pompeian villa would be a series of layers of hair, growing smaller and smaller, and converging to a point—one of the most bizarre effects ever achieved. Quite different was the coiffure of the ladies of the time of Nero. The Lady Poppaea had quite a number of styles from which to select.

A popular headdress among the ladies of the Roman court was a pompadour effect above the forehead, and an innumerable number of plaits in the back. Possibly the pompadour effect was achieved by curling the hair in front of the head, and plaiting thin strands in the back and tying them in a knot.

Another popular headdress was to part the hair in the middle and curl it at the sides, gathering the curls in the back and letting them fall loose over the shoulders.

In the thirteenth century women wore the hair in one plait in the back. This was wrapped about the head and over the forehead. In Amsterdam, had you lived about that time, you could have seen one of the most amazing headdresses of the ages.

A covering was worn over the front part of the head. This was made of a rich fabric and decorated with jewels. In the back of the head a mass of hair bulged balloon-like, stiffened with waxes and oils.

In France the results of curl papers assumed many shapes. Among the most attractive and picturesque was the headdress of the days of Madame de Grignon. Then the curl paper was much in evidence. A lady's head simply rippled with curls—small curls, dainty curls, a perfect cascade of curls.

Then, too, a lady's hair might be gathered at the sides of the head, just above the ears, and arranged in a bunch of curls to dangle on both sides of the face.

We come to the time of Marie Antoinette. It is an era when hairdressing had become the most difficult of arts. Alas for the lady with short hair or thin hair! For in those days a lady's tresses were arranged to rise from the head with an immense swelling effect.

AMAZING POMPADOURS

The tresses were curled in the back, little curls nestled about the neck, and at the apex of the head was a tuft of feathers. Pompadours about this time became magnified; they swelled to amazing proportions. Hats were tilted quaintly on the side of the lady's head—it was impossible to wear them on top.

Ladies of high position devised many original schemes of pompadours; the dome of golden or powdered tresses was often woven with flowers. The styles were so bizarre but pretty.

But fashions change, and within a few hundred years the ladies had taken down the great pompadours and wore the hair with almost Grecian simplicity.

In the early part of the nineteenth century most fashionable women wore the hair parted in the middle. The curl paper was used for the tresses, and the hair was so curled that it fluffed from the side of the head beneath the pressure of a coronet.

Of course, it is a question as to what age deserves the credit for the most artistic headdress. One cannot but admire the softness and unaffected grace of the Grecian coiffure. But when one compares the fashions—from Greece to Louis XVIII—one cannot doubt the women of today take the palm. This is the age of the curl paper, modernized, evolved to a science.



WAGE BILL HELD UP.

Mr. Foster's Proposal Rejected by the House.

Obstruction Continued by the Opposition.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Suggests Payment of Salaries.

Ottawa, May 26.—The insincerity and time-wasting proclivities of the Opposition were again exemplified to-day. It had been the intention of the Government to introduce the civil service bill, but, owing to the bereavement sustained by the Minister of Agriculture, who has charge of the measure, it had to be departed from, and instead Hon. Mr. Fielding moved the House into supply, but this did not meet the views of the obstructionists, anxious to pose as the real and only civil service reformers. They put up Mr. Foster to move the resolution, which has been standing in his name for months, and for two hours the member for North Toronto talked about reforming the service, while all the time he was standing in the way of that body obtaining the necessary appropriations for paying the salaries of its members. To the two hours' oration of Mr. Foster Hon. Mr. Fielding replied in a two-minute speech, and then the tale of obstruction was taken up by Dr. Sprague, Mr. Armstrong, Mr. Fowler, Mr. Borden and Mr. Lennox. Sir Wilfrid Laurier was as brief as the Minister of Finance, but in the few minutes which he occupied he succeeded in exposing very effectively the pretensions of the Opposition. Mr. Foster had made many opportunities, he pointed out, of moving his resolution, but had not availed himself of them. It was all very well, said the Premier, in effect, for Mr. Foster and his friends to talk eloquently about what they owed to the civil service, but they should not forget that their first duty to that deserving body was to pay them their salaries, and to allow Parliament to pass the appropriations for that purpose. This thrust went home, and the Liberals cheered. Mr. Foster's amendment was lost by 72 to 30. Shortly after midnight the House got into supply on the customs estimates, but not content with having held up the Government business all day, Mr. Foster gave another exhibition of obstruction by protesting against the customs votes being passed.

Hon. William Paterson stated that he wanted to pass \$2,074,500, all in one item. Usually this passed with little or no question. At the present time he would ask only for what was absolutely necessary, and that was pay for some 2,000 men all over the country, including 100 in the city of Ottawa, who, if it was not passed, would not get the wages they had fairly earned.

Hon. Mr. Foster answered that there was another way to put the matter. These men were entitled to their pay and the money would have been put through long ago if the Government had not obstructed obnoxious legislation. (Liberal laughter.)

Hon. Mr. Fielding replied that the onus of blocking business rested with the Opposition.

Mr. Foster, amid considerable disorder, maintained that if the Government expected to pass the estimates they must make an announcement on the election bill. Sir Wilfrid Laurier declared that the attitude of the hon. gentleman was an apposite commentary upon his whole conduct to-day, and upon the attitude of the whole Opposition. Speaker after speaker on the Opposition side had been asserting that the appointment should not be made by the Government, but by an independent body. The Government had brought in a bill in which he (Sir Wilfrid Laurier) had offered as a compromise that certain appointments originally provided to be made by the Government should be made by the Judges. In the face of that the hon. gentleman had the audacity to say there should be no supply unless the bill was withdrawn. The whole country would understand that to be the Opposition attitude. (Prolonged Liberal cheers.) Mr. Foster's statement was a misrepresentation. The revision in Manitoba were the same Judges now doing the work.

Hon. William Paterson—Election bill or an election bill, I want my pay. (Laughter.)

Mr. Foster said he would not allow the vote to go through until he knew who were to get the increases and the reasons.

CRACKERS IN POCKET

Exploded and Now Lad May Lose Sight of an Eye.

(Special Despatch to the Times.) St. Catharines, May 26.—Harry McCarthy, son of James McCarthy, the William street blacksmith, was severely injured yesterday by the explosion of a cannon cracker. While waiting for a Port Dalhousie car, he ignited two cannon crackers, and threw them on the roadway. The crackers did not explode, and thinking they would not do so, he placed them in the breast pocket of his coat. A few seconds later both crackers exploded, and the boy sustained painful and, it is believed, serious injuries about the face and head. The sight of one eye, it is feared, is permanently destroyed.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for SORE THROATS AND COUGHS. They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. Laxo, 10c. 100 in 10c stamps. Laxo, 10c. 100 in 10c stamps.

A WINS. To the Editor of the Times: Sir—Before the voting last January a bet B that the Local Option by-law would carry in Saltfleet. The by-law was recently tried. Who wins? Binbrook, May 23, 1908.

Subscriber. A wins. The by-law was recently declared to have been carried by the constituted authority.—Ed.



A LITTLE SCHOOL DRESS.

No. 5718.—The popularity of the sailor suit seems to increase rather than diminish. The model illustrated is of excellent style, and as well adapted to the washable materials as to the light-weight woolsens. The full straight skirt is gathered and attached to a body lining. The blouse is becomingly full and the neck is finished by a broad sailor collar, trimmed with braid. A jaunty black silk tie is a stylish addition that adds greatly to the mode. Serge, mohair, flannel, gingham and pique may all be used with good effect. For a child of eight years 3 1/2 yards of material 36 inches wide will be required. Girl's Sailor Suit. No. 5718. Sizes for 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. The pattern here illustrated will be mailed to any address on receipt of ten cents. Address, "Pattern Department," Times Office, Hamilton. It will take several days before you can get pattern.

PRISON LABOR

Hon. A. G. Mackay's Ninth Letter to the People of Ontario.

PRISON LABOR CONTRACT

I have already quoted the resolution passed at the Provincial Liberal convention in 1904, in which, among other things, the abolition of the contract system in connection with prison labor was called for. This was no new declaration of policy, the party having set its face in that direction after the report of the Special Commission on Prison Labor appointed by the Mowat Government, which report had been followed up by the abandonment of the contract system in the woodware department of the Central Prison, and the giving of notice to the contractors for broom-making that their contract would not be renewed. In short, there was no actual contract in existence at the time of the change of Government, although a proposed contract had been drawn up for binder twine, but had not been ratified. Mr. Hanna might easily have stopped the entire contract business when he entered upon office had he been so disposed, but instead, while permitting the broom-making contract to be cancelled, as the late Government had given notice of doing, he restored the contract system in the woodware department, and substituted in the proposed contract for the manufacture of binder twine the name of a supporter of the Conservative Government for the contractor who had been selected by the Ross Government. What is more, he boasted of the money he was going to make for the Province by the contract system as applied to woodware from direct Government control, showing that the financial result was uppermost in his thoughts, and that he had regard neither for the reformation of the convict nor the injury which both labor and capital would certainly suffer from the unfair competition to which they would be subjected by this most remarkable contract.

Prior to the advent of Mr. Hanna upon the scene, prison labor had been valued at 50 cents per day, and it was so valued by him in the binder twine contract. Yet in the face of a rising labor market, and without tender, a contract was made in which prison labor was sold at 30 cents a day.

In May, 1906, the manufacturers and representatives of organized labor presented a memorial to the Government on the subject, set forth that the contract with the Brandon Manufacturing Company, made in 1889, had fixed the price of prison labor at 50 cents a day. In addition, the company was to pay the Government \$6,500 a year to meet the expenditure on salaries. This contract, although three times as favorable to the Province as the one now in existence, was strongly opposed in the Legislature, and was finally withdrawn. The memorial concluded as follows:—

"In looking over the prices of piecework on the various goods mentioned in the present government, we notice that they range from one-fifth to one-third of the cost at which these same goods could be manufactured by paid labor, and that the basis on which these piecework prices are made is prison labor at three cents per hour, which is less than one-fifth of the price at which unskilled labor can be had in the market. We also notice that the Central Prison prices include not only labor, but all general expenses, and the only item entering into cost of production, which Taylor, Scott & Co. have to supply, is their raw materials. All this gives them a great advantage in the sale of their goods, for they can place, and are placing, these goods on the market at a very much lower price than any other manufacturer."

The protest of these manufacturers was for the time unavailing, and the views of organized labor relative to the criticism are expressed in the following paragraph, which appeared at the time in The Toronto Tribune, a Labor organ:—

"So far as the labor delegation was concerned, they came away convinced that nothing will be done by the Government to cancel this agreement. The only satisfaction they received was that they had again placed a standing protest on behalf of organized labor against placing the labor of convicts in the open market against honest and free labor, and to prevent Mr. Hanna, or any other member of this Government, from again making use of the assertion that no objection had been received from the unions against this most unfair kind of competition. This committee is now confirmed in the belief, which has been growing for some time, that the present Government is in no way friendly to labor, and no relief need be looked for from the Whitney Government."

A. G. MACKAY.

The Cost of Food. Laxo-Food, at a cost of one cent per day, will cure indigestion and constipation, and prevent inflammation and appendicitis. Sold by leading grocers and druggists, or A. W. Maguire & Co.

Good Medicine for Children. Gentle laxatives should be administered occasionally, and for this purpose physicians recommend Dr. Hamilton's Pills. They cure headache, biliousness, weak stomach, never gripe, because mild and easy.

The Right House "HAMILTON'S FAVORITE SHOPPING PLACE" Carpets and Rugs at Special Underprices

Cool furnishings for the veranda or summer home: Summer opening and 3 days' sale

COMMENCING to-morrow morning and lasting for three days, we will make a special display of cool veranda and beach cottage furnishings at special value prices. Why swelter with the heat, when, for a small outlay you may have your veranda fitted in luxurious comfort? Here is summer comfort and at prices so small that everyone may enjoy it. Qualities are the same satisfactory sorts that people of Hamilton and vicinity have come to depend on the Right House for. Values are better than even we have been able to offer before.



Mattings to the fore: Great extra values

AND here's a "pointer" for the housekeeper to bear in mind. Get matings that are newly imported this season. Held-over Mattings lose their life and become brittle and dry. In new Mattings the straw is resilient and when used new they mat together and give splendid wear. Right House Mattings are all newly fresh to us, direct from China and Japan, and only the best grades are shown at each price. All are pliable, durable and in an immense variety of styles. All a full yard wide.

New China mattings—Specials at 22c, 25c, 30c, 33c. Neat patterns and nice colorings in splendid assortment; closely woven on heavy fibre warp. Extra values.

New Japanese mattings at 25c, 29c, 35c to 60c. Fine closely woven weaves on strong cotton warps. Reversible; scores of pretty new patterns direct from the Orient are here. Values that are EXTRA values.

Mourzook rugs that stand both weather and sun

IN all sizes for verandas or summer homes. Heavy, hard-wearing, rich qualities that will stand both wear and weather. Good greens, Indian reds and natural shades with pattern contrasts in neat, new Oriental and conventional designs that are highly desirable. They will make your veranda attractive and inviting for the hot summer days ahead. A wide assortment. Size 3x6—\$2.95. Size 4x7—\$4.75. Size 6x9—\$8.75. Size 8x10—\$13.00. Size 9x12—\$17.25.

Summer comfort--a hammock

A BROAD assortment of comfortable kinds, that are strong and good in appearance, are here marked very low at \$1.80, \$2.85, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.75, \$6, \$6.50 and \$8.00.



Extra large sizes and woven of strong, fine, closely woven cloths. Indian, Turkish and Persian designs, in rich assorted shadings of blues, tans, greens, reds, browns. The better ones are fitted with comfortable upholstered throw-back pillows and patent ring-fitted spreaders. All are heavily fringed and have deep valances. Sizes 36 to 40 inches wide and 6 to 7 feet long. A SPECIAL AT \$2.25.—Close Repp weave in nice stripe and Oriental design; fitted with easy head rest, and spreader. Assorted pretty colorings. Strong, neat, durable and extra value at \$2.25.

Japanese blinds keep the porch cool

TRANSFORM the porch into a cool, airy, summer sitting room. Japanese porch blinds admit a free circulation of air, but keep out sun, dust and rain. Made of best outside bamboo bark in 6, 8, 10 and 12 foot widths and 8 foot drop; fitted with ropes and pulleys ready to hang. \$1.25, \$1.60, \$2 and \$2.50.



Ko-Mo bamboo blinds

Made of heavy 3/4 to 1 inch bamboo slats and fitted with Seine twine and pulleys. Dark, cool green in color, 4, 7 and 8 foot widths with 8-foot drop; special values at \$2.25, \$3.75, \$4.25. They will keep porch or veranda cool and comfortable.

Thomas C. Watkins A great quality and value store Thomas C. Watkins

FALLIERES VISIT.

BRITISH AND FRENCH ALLIANCE NOW SPOKEN OF.

Great State Ball at Buckingham Palace in Honor of the French President—King Edward and the President Paid a State Visit to the Franco-British Exhibition.

Paris, May 26.—The speeches exchanged in London between President Fallieres and King Edward have attracted much attention from the French press, and The Temps this afternoon says it considers the time to be ripe for substitution of an Anglo-French alliance instead of the present entente, provided that the British army be radically reorganized in order to render it capable of energetic action on the continent. Otherwise, the paper says, the benefits of the alliance would be one-sided and in favor of Britain, and consequently inadvisable. The Temps recognizes that the cordial relations between France and Great Britain as manifested yesterday are likely in the event of a crisis to breed identity of interest, but it thinks it dangerous to rely upon moral understandings. "Forced to choose between Germany and Great Britain," The Temps declares, "France chooses Great Britain. We can with dignity live on correct terms with Germany, but the past forbids our going farther. As for the future, Germany only wants what we cannot grant, namely, the admission of German funds to the Paris Bourse. On the other hand, the greatest objection to a British alliance has disappeared with the reconquering of our ally, Russia, with Great Britain."

State Ball at Buckingham Palace.

London, May 26.—At Buckingham Palace to-night a great State ball was given in honor of President Fallieres of France. This was the culminating feature of a busy day of entertainment spent by King Edward's guest. Everywhere the French President has gone he has been greeted with the greatest enthusiasm, and only in the evening immense crowds gathered about the various royal residences to witness the processions to the palace and to cheer the President of France.

The scene within the walls of Buckingham was one of exceptional brilliance. The royal guests assembled in the throne rooms and a fanfare of trumpets heralded their entrance into the ball room, which was superbly decorated with flowers.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra, accompanied by M. Fallieres and the royal entourage, passed down the entire length of the room between rows of bowing guests. By the King's command the ladies' gowns were all of soft shades of color, most of them being fashioned after the directorate and empire periods. All of the Embassies were well represented, and many high Indian officials were present. There was a great display of jewels and orders. During the afternoon President Fallieres, accompanied by King Edward and Queen Alexandra, paid a state visit to the Franco-British exhibition in Shepherd's Bush. He also made a number of ceremonial calls upon various members of the British reigning house.

Wigg—it seems to me this bill is pretty steep, isn't it? Wagg—No, it's on the level.

WAKENED BY BABY.

Captain Braved the Flames to Rescue One of His Men.

Brookville, Ont., May 26.—The most disastrous fire here in many years occurred at an early hour this morning, resulting in the destruction of the large derrick and coal sheds of G. E. Shield & Company, on the water front.

The coal barge Mary Lyon, of the Hall Coal & Towing Company, Ogdensburg, N. Y., being unloaded at the derrick, was damaged to the extent of \$2,000 before it could be landed away. Capt. Abbott and his crew had a miraculous escape. Mrs. Abbott, by chance, happened to awake to attend to her baby, and hearing a cracking noise, looked out to find the deck ablaze with the flames rapidly approaching the cabin. She aroused her husband and the mate, Harry Storey. The woman barely had time to descend the ladder to the shore carrying the baby, in her night clothes, which were scorched.

Capt. Abbott performed a heroic act in saving the life of Chas. Lavier, a deck hand, who was asleep in the forecastle. The entrance to Lavier's quarters was surrounded by flames, which also covered the deck from the bow to amidships. In his bare feet Capt. Abbott dashed through the fire and smoke until he reached the forecastle. His cries of "Fire!" aroused Lavier, who was twice driven back by the fire before he succeeded in emerging from what seemed like a death trap. He immediately dived overboard and escaped. Capt. Abbott's feet and hands were terribly burned, and his clothing also ignited. He is under treatment in the hospital.

DAUGHTERS OF ENGLAND.

Thirteenth Session of Benevolent Society Held at St. Catharines.

St. Catharines, May 26.—The thirteenth session of the Grand Lodge of the Daughters of England Benevolent Society opened here on Monday morning. The President, Mrs. F. Lloyd, of Toronto, presided. Mayor Campbell delivered an address of welcome. Satisfactory reports were presented. Officers were elected for the ensuing two years, as follows: Grand President, John W. Bateman, Whitby; Grand Vice-President, Mrs. E. A. Burt, West Toronto; Grand Secretary, L. G. Cross, Toronto; Grand Treasurer, F. H. Revell, Hamilton; Auditors, Mrs. E. Wood, Mrs. E. Moyes, and J. Shone, all of Toronto; Trustees, Miss Cooper (Oshawa), Mrs. Nuttall (Peterboro), Mrs. Fidler (Toronto); Delegate to Quebec Province, Mrs. E. Wood; Alternate, F. H. Revell.

Manitoba Pioneer Dead.

Winnipeg, May 26.—Word was received to-day of the sudden death of Major Stewart Mulvey at the coast. He was one of the most prominent and influential pioneers of Manitoba, having come here as an emigrant under Lord Walsley in 1870. He was a member of the Legislature for several years, and for over twenty years was connected with the Winnipeg School Board. He was known as the father of Orangeman in the Canadian west.

LEES' REUNION.

Large Gathering at Old Homestead on Lake Shore.

In 1855 Mr. George Lees retired from business in Hamilton and with Mrs. Lees and family settled on a farm on the Lake Shore, four miles east of Oakville. Mr. and Mrs. Lees have long since passed away and the family have all moved elsewhere with the exception of one daughter, Mrs. Andrew Robertson, who with her son William, still resides at Lakeview, their beautiful Lake Shore home.

Their descendants, now numbering over a hundred, are scattered far and wide over different parts of Canada and some in the United States, but the majority of them still reside in Hamilton and Dundas. About fifty of these went to Oakville on the 25th on the Radial Railway and gathered for a family reunion at the residence of Mrs. Andrew Robertson. The day was spent in baseball playing, pony riding and other pleasant recreations. Roaming over the grounds the older ones revived the pleasant memories of the past and the younger ones enjoyed listening to the traditions of the early days of the Lake Shore settlement. In the afternoon the party drove out to have a look at the old homestead. The day being a pleasant one and the hosts so kind and hospitable all enjoyed themselves thoroughly and returned to their homes by the Radial early in the evening. The following is a list of those present: Mrs. Andrew Robertson, daughter of the first Mr. George Lees; Mr. Geo. Lees, Mr. Wm. Lees and Mr. Thomas Lees, sons; Mrs. Geo. Lee; Mrs. Wm. Lees, daughters-in-law; at the following grandchildren and great-grandchildren and those affiliated with them by marriage: Mr. John Cloke, Mrs. John Cloke, Miss Louise Irene Cloke, Miss E. Evelyn Cloke, Mr. James Hamilton, Mrs. James Hamilton, Mr. Wm. Robertson, Mr. Reg. Doidge, Mrs. Reg. Doidge, Miss Jennie Doidge, Miss Grace Powell, Mr. Geo. H. Lees, Mrs. Geo. H. Lees, Mr. Stuart H. Lees, Miss Olive I. Lees, Mr. Wallace W. Lees, Mr. Wm. Lees, Jr., Mrs. Wm. Lees, Jr., Master Kenneth Lees, Master James Lees, Master Sydney Lees, Mr. Albert A. Lees, Mrs. Albert A. Lees, Miss Alice Lees, Mr. Herbert S. Lees, Mrs. Herbert S. Lees, Master Ronald G. Lees, Miss Marion Lees, Mr. Thomas Lees, Jr., Mrs. Thomas Lees, Jr., Miss Dorothy Lees.

Picture Show Scorched.

Renfrew, May 26.—By the catching fire of a film during a moving picture show here last night the theatre caught fire, but the flames being confined to the fireproof tower, the main part was not damaged. The hall was crowded, but all passed out in an orderly manner. The machine was destroyed.

WILL DECORATE.

Veterans Will Go to Stoney Creek June 7.

H. M. Army and Navy Veterans held their regular monthly meeting last night. It was decided to join with the County of Wentworth Veterans' Association in decorating the Stoney Creek battlefield, where the British soldiers are buried, on Sunday, June 7th. Saturday, June 6th, will be the 95th anniversary of the battle of Stoney Creek, and the total defeat of the Americans. All veterans, members and non-members, are invited to be present. Car leaves Terminal Station 2.10 p. m. Each veteran is requested to take a bouquet of flowers.

HOME RULE FOR SCOTLAND.

Bill Introduced into British House of Commons.

London, May 26.—Another of the pledges given by Winston Spencer Churchill during his recent electoral campaign in Dundee has borne quick fruit, and a "home rule for Scotland" bill was introduced in the House of Commons by Duncan Vernon Pirie, member for North Aberdeen, this afternoon. Mr. Pirie explained that the main object of this bill was to devolve to a legislative body in Scotland the power to make laws on matters relating exclusively to that country. Mr. A. J. Balfour objected strongly, but the House by 257 votes to 102 voted in favor of allowing the bill to go to its first reading.

SAVED BY CLOTHES LINES.

Little Girl in New York Fell From Fourth-Storey Window.

New York, May 26.—Anna Sheedy, six years old, fell from a window of the flat in which she lives, on the fourth floor of 431 West Sixteenth street, yesterday, and was only slightly bruised, because the many Monday clothes lines stretched at the rear of the building checked her fall. Mrs. Katherine Sheedy, the girl's mother, found Anna sitting up where she fell in the paved court. "Please don't whip me, mamma," said Anna; "I didn't mean to fall out."

THE SWIFT INDOMITABLE.

Will Strive to Make Record for Atlantic Voyage.

Devonport, May 26.—It is widely believed that the new battleship cruiser Indomitable will endeavor to make a record for the Atlantic voyage while conveying the Prince of Wales to Canada. Specially picked stokers and artificers are being selected, and it is now understood that the escort of battleships will precede her a few days. The Indomitable's trial speed was over twenty-eight knots.

Not Tired of Life Yet.

Ingersoll, May 26.—To Mrs. James Murdoch, of this town, was yesterday awarded the prize for the oldest Scotch lady in attendance at the "Promotion" of the town. Although 94 years of age, she sees in life much that is interesting and her activity is remarkable.

MURDERED HIS FAMILY.

Owen Sound Man Murders Wife and Daughters

And Then Shoots Himself, But Still Lives.

Victims Highly Respected Residents of the Town.

Owen Sound, Ont., May 26.—Three bodies stark in death, in surroundings that suggest a veritable slaughter-house, lie to-night in what was one of the brightest of Owen Sound homes, a mother and her two bright young daughters being the victims of the most atrocious murder that has darkened the history of this county, while the murderer, the husband of one of a few months in at death's door, a prisoner in another room, with a bullet wound in his head.

The Deal. Mrs. James F. Creighton, Kathleen Chapman, her daughter, aged 15 years.

Clara Chapman, daughter, aged 16 years.

The family occupied a comfortable dwelling on Union street, a little over half way up the East Hill. About six o'clock this evening the neighbors were attracted by a revolver shot, which rang out clear from the upper window on the east side of the residence. This was followed by a mingled shriek and groan, and Wm. Hayes, a carpenter, whose residence is a few hundred feet away, went over toward the house. With blood streaming from a wound in his face, Creighton, the husband of the dead woman, appeared at the window and stated that an awful murder had been committed in the house. Hesitating a few minutes, while two other East Hill residents, James McCarry and Daniel Silverthorn, came up the hill on their way home, he also sent word to the police station and P. C. Anthony Shute was soon on the scene. Together they forced the door, and following the sound of the moaning they hurried upstairs, where they found Creighton, dressed in his nightshirt, lying across the bed in the room at the northeast corner of the house.

The House a Shambles. It was evident that he was in a critical condition. He was perfectly rational, however, and told the men to go across the hall to the rooms there and see what had been done. Entering the southeast room they found the body of the wife of Creighton stretched out on her couch bed with one hand raised up as though she had been taking a horse from Vandusen's, at Mt. Pleasant, and driving it to Brantford. The animal when returned was in bad shape.

Big Parade. Over 500 men were in the garrison parade from the Dufferin Rifles armory on Sunday to St. Andrew's Church. The component parts of the brigade which paraded were the Dufferin Rifles 350, 2nd Dragoons 75, Mohawk and R. C. II Cadets 100 strong, and the Brantford police department. The Paris and Dufferin Bands rendered fine music. At the church Rev. F. J. Maxwell delivered a strong sermon along military lines.

A Fight. A free fight among a number of foreigners took place at Spittal's Hotel early last evening, and three Polacks were arrested. There had been bad feeling among them all afternoon, and on Durham street at 8 o'clock a stone throwing was indulged in. The row culminated in the arrests.

General Notes. Squire Harris, of the reserve, was unable to appear on Friday to hear the complaint against Constable Garrow for selling liquor to Indians. It is said that some unknown party got after the Squire on the night before and administered a severe beating to him necessitating an adjournment of the proceedings.

William Simpson, formerly of Hamilton, played a fine game of ball yesterday morning for the Good, Shapley & Muir team against Ventys. He struck out 11 men in 7 innings, and allowed only one hit, and won his game, 5-0. His team now leads the local league.

Does Your Spine Ache? Spinal twinges are usually caused by colds, that excite inflammatory condition of the superficial parts, but owing to the large nerve supply, pain in the spine is attended with the most excruciating agony. Nervine cures, and cures quickly because it penetrates deeply. Nervine cures because it is immensely stronger and more soothing to inflamed parts than any other liniment. It cures quickly because it is actually an antidote for pain. Ask anybody about Polson's Nervine, and they will tell you there's not an ache or a pain in any part of the body that's not quickly and promptly cured by Nervine. Sold by all dealers.

MURDERED BY INDIANS. Two Prospectors Killed on Vancouver Island Coast. Victoria, B. C., May 26.—The body of one of the missing Waters brothers, prospectors from Victoria, who have been missing for some time on the Vancouver Island coast, near Nootka, was found to-day. The missing prospectors have seemingly been murdered by Indians. The body found, presumably that of Horace Waters, is badly decomposed. There was a shotgun loaded with No. 4 shot and one barrel discharged, near the body, also the hat of the other brother, with shot holes in it, corresponding to No. 4 shot.

The theory held is that the two men, who were known to have entered the Indians of a nearby village, with whom they quarrelled over some Indian women, were killed by the tribesmen.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signatures of The Kind You Have Always Bought

Prohibition in the South. Raleigh, N. C., May 26.—The returns from many sections of the State indicate a victory for prohibition by larger majorities than anticipated by the leaders in to-day's State election on that question. Estimates this afternoon range from thirty to forty thousand majority. The election is being conducted quietly, and there has been no trouble at the polls.

JERSEYVILLE

Rev. James Awde and Mr. W. C. Vanickle attended district meeting at Brantford this week.

The monthly social evening of the Epworth League of the Methodist Church will be held on the 27th.

Mr. Black is making timely preparations for the coming winter in erecting sheds for his coal supply.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Swartz are visiting the old home in former a few days.

Mr. Nelson Smith and family and Miss A. Clark went to Wellandport for holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Turnbull, Toronto, Mr. W. Sexton and family, Hamilton, and Mr. S. A. Wait, of the Niagara Falls College Institute, and Mr. Geo. Wait and family, St. George, are visiting at Mrs. W. D. Wait's.

Mrs. Spoor and daughter, Mrs. Johnston, are visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Markle are spending a few days with relatives in Cainsville.

Mr. Sealy Smith, of Wisconsin, is visiting his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Stone and Mr. Lloyd Dodman, Brantford, spent the 24th in the village.

Mr. A. House and family, Brantford, and Mr. W. House and family, Hamilton, are visiting at Mr. Vernel House's.

SCOTLAND

Quite a number from this village and vicinity attended the garden party at Oakland on Monday evening.

The trees are out in full bloom, and judging from present indications, there will be an abundance of fruit. The clover and wheat fields are also in excellent condition.

The onion raisers are at work cultivating and weeding their onions.

Miss Johnson entertained a few relatives on Friday afternoon, the 22nd, at Evergreen Farm.

Lieut. Col. Atkinson, of Simcoe, and Mr. A. Ewing, of Boston, were calling on Mr. George Johnson on Wednesday afternoon.

Farmers are engaged in planting Indian corn; also sowing corn for ensilage at present.

WESTOVER

Miss Mary Lindsay, of Hamilton, is spending her vacation here.

Lorrey Gilbert leaves for Hamilton with his engine soon.

Zibe Fisher is able to be on the war-path again.

H. Jameson has built some new garden fence.

J. C. McDonald has put in a large supply of wood.

J. T. Costello is adding a new bath room and refitting some of his other rooms.

L. Shaver and Robt. Lindsay spent Saturday in Hamilton.

Chas. Milk left for Edmonton last night. Some old residents who have been absent for over 30 years spent the 24th in the village.

The boys of the local military company are all requested to be present on Saturday evening, May 30th, for a practice drill.

The wedding bells are expected to ring in the west, south and east of the village on June 1.

W. Lee spent Sunday with L. Williams.

F. Felker and family spent Sunday in Tapscroft.

P. Armstrong and wife spent Sunday at a restaurant at 62 Bathurst street, and was fond of going to the water when he could, but as he could not swim he had been warned not to go into the water. He went out yesterday without any apparent preparation for swimming.

Fry's foster mother and father live in Cheltenham, Eng., and his only surviving brother is out in the west. Another brother, Arthur Fry, was drowned when crossing the Ottawa in a boat some time ago.

The Ladies' Aid met at the residence of Mrs. J. E. Smith, of this village, on Tuesday last.

Rev. E. Cookman attended the district meeting at Delhi.

Mrs. Pettit and daughter, of Brantford, were visiting Mr. Thomas Arnold for a few days recently.

Mrs. J. E. Smith entertained a few young people very pleasantly a few evenings ago.

Miss A. Nelles, of Scotland, spent a few days in this neighborhood last week.

A few friends spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Alma, of this place.

Mrs. J. E. Smith was in Ottaville a few days ago visiting her sister, who has been very sick.

Mr. John Watson was calling on some of his friends last Wednesday.

All are very sorry because of the serious illness of Mr. McIlwraith, and hope for his early recovery.

KELVIN

The trees are at present out in full bloom and all nature is looking most beautiful. The weather is all that could be desired.

Seedlings is nearly all done in this locality.

The Ladies' Aid met at the residence of Mrs. J. E. Smith, of this village, on Tuesday last.

Rev. E. Cookman attended the district meeting at Delhi.

FOR 5 YEARS EACH SPRING

FACE AND SCALP ERUPTIONS TROUBLED THIS LADY TILL ZAM-BUK CURED.

Miss Mary Levesque, 313 St. Adolphe St., Hochelaga, Montreal writes:—"I have found Zam-Buk an excellent remedy for almost five years of a red rash, small pimples and sores on my face and on the scalp thro' the hair. Nothing I used would clear this rash from the skin until I began using Zam-Buk. This salve has effectually and I believe permanently taken off those unsightly pimples and sores from both scalp and face. I shall recommend Zam-Buk to all my friends."

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ELECTION NEWS

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A FATAL PLUNGE.

Victor Fry Drowned in Toronto Harbor Yesterday.

Toronto, May 27.—Victor Fry, a young English lad about seventeen years of age, was drowned at the foot of John street yesterday afternoon.

With some companions Fry was amusing himself on the slip, and seeing his comrades swimming, as he thought, right on the bottom, he jumped in and was drowned. Fry was employed in a restaurant at 62 Bathurst street, and was fond of going to the water when he could, but as he could not swim he had been warned not to go into the water. He went out yesterday without any apparent preparation for swimming.

Fry's foster mother and father live in Cheltenham, Eng., and his only surviving brother is out in the west. Another brother, Arthur Fry, was drowned when crossing the Ottawa in a boat some time ago.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signatures of The Kind You Have Always Bought

EXPLOSION MANGLED HAND.

Guelph Man Put a Match to a Dynamite Cap.

Guelph, Ont., May 26.—Several casualties occurred here last night. A young man named Sydney Bradbury was experimenting with a detonating cap by putting a match to it, with the result that his hand was badly mangled.

A young lad named Wadde shot another lad in the ear with an air rifle, and Mr. John Hesson, proprietor of the Victoria Hotel, had his hand severely burned with a sky rocket.

FIRE-FIGHTER KILLED.

A Burning Tree Falls Upon Charles Hennessey.

Cobalt, May 26.—On Friday last forest fires got started in the lower Lorrain country. Charles Hennessey, fire ranger, aged about 32 and unmarried, was killed by having a burning tree fall on him while fighting a desperate battle with the flames.

Nearly all the prospectors managed to save their supplies by burying them, and all the cabins were saved.

The men who marry soon begin to know what they're about. They're always either giving in, or else they're shelling out.

NEW SUNDAY SCHOOL BUILDING.

An Addition to Cost \$25,000 to Knox Church, Galt.

Galt, May 26.—The corner stone of the Knox Church Sunday school was laid to-day. The building is to cost \$25,000, and will make the church the largest in the Province. The stone was laid by Rev. R. E. Knowles. The new building will be fitted up with a library, ministers' vestry, ladies' room, session and managers' room and infant class room.

Do You Have Rheumatism?

If so, try the following prescription, from a prominent physician:

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one ounce. Compound Seltone, one ounce. Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, four ounces.

Mix, shake well, and take teaspoonful doses after meals and at bedtime.

This mixture, the doctor says, assists the kidneys to filter from the blood all uric acid and poisonous waste matter, which if not eliminated, settles in and around the joints and muscles, causing great agony.

Your druggist can supply you with the ingredients at very little cost, and it can be mixed at home, being composed of purely vegetable and harmless extracts.

We feel that a great many readers will be interested in this simple formula.

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LAKE SUPERIOR DIVISION—For Soo, and Lake Superior, leave Sault Ste. Marie, May 27, June 1, 5, 10, 15, sailings on May 27, June 1, 10 through to Duluth. After June 24 sailings every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, Friday sailing through to Duluth. Freight sailings in addition to the above.

GEORGIAN BAY DIVISION—For Sault Ste. Marie and way ports leave Collingwood 1.30 p. m., Owen Sound 11.30 p. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. (Thursday Sault Ste. Marie carries limited number of passengers only.)

NORTH SHORE DIVISION—For French River, and way ports leave Collingwood 10.30 p. m. Monday and Friday.

Best attention and despatch given to freight tickets and information from all R'y Agents.

H. H. Gildersteve, Manager, Collingwood. C. H. Nicholson, Traffic Mgr., Sarnia.

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WHAT IS GOING ON TO-DAY IN THE WORLD OF SPORT.

HAMILTONS WON AGAIN YESTERDAY.

Guelph Beaten to the Tune of Nine to Four.

Seismic Beat Shimoneze a Second Time—The Tigers' Batting Record—Bookmakers Arrested at Chatham.

Things were quiet at the baseball yard on Barton street yesterday afternoon, in striking contrast to the animated scene at Britannia Park on Victoria Day.



FRANK MAXEY, The home brew, who caught brilliantly for the Tigers yesterday.

Between Capt. De Rohn, who was on the bench, and the "Big Noise" of the Maple Leafs, over a player who claimed to be hurt too badly to run, were the only lively incidents of the afternoon.

Table with columns for team names (Perkins, Siefert, Sterling, Hamilton, Guelph) and statistics (Runs, Hits, Errors, etc.).

Perkins, c. 4 0 0 6 2 0
Siefert, p. 2 0 1 0 0 1
Sterling, p. 2 0 0 1 0 0

Perkins, c. 4 0 0 6 2 0
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Perkins, c. 4 0 0 6 2 0
Siefert, p. 2 0 1 0 0 1
Sterling, p. 2 0 0 1 0 0

JUDGE MONCK'S FAME AS A YACHTSMAN.

Judge Monck, ex-Commodore of the Royal Hamilton Yacht Club, received an interesting communication from the Mayor of Puerto Palos, Spain.

The third of August, commemorating the anniversary of the day on which Columbus' historic flotilla sailed, manned by those heroes to whom was reserved the glory of being the first to cross what was then called the Dark Sea,

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This year, by a happy coincidence, high water is at 6 o'clock in the morning on the 3rd of August (these being the day and hour that 400 years ago, the Santa Maria, Pinta and Nina sailed at high water) which will be taken advantage of this anniversary by the American-Spanish yachts to perform the first part of the journey Columbus made in 1492.

It is the wish of the Mayor of Puerto Palos that the first sailing yacht to arrive shall anchor at the Palos quay bearing East, and that those arriving later shall anchor up-stream, in the order of their arrival, so that on the 3rd of August, all the vessels which take part in the regatta shall pass over the exact spot from which Columbus' caravels sailed.

The Nautical Club at Las Palmas and the Royal Tenerife Club have offered prizes and will make arrangements to entertain the yachtsmen. As both ports afford exceptional facilities it was decided that the winning post should be the port of Sta. Cruz de Tenerife, which is the capital of that archipelago.

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Ain't It Awful, Mabel?

It worries me to beat the band, To hear folks say our lives is grand; They never faced a crowd and fanned; Ain't it awful, Mabel?

AUTOS ARE TAKING THE PLACES OF HORSES.

Over in Syracuse, New York, a gasoline motor hearse is in daily use. In hundreds of cities motor ambulances are in constant use, demonstrating their superiority over the horse-drawn varieties.

From the foregoing it will be recognized that the motor car is fast proving its value for business. For pleasure it has been popular from the first, and this year, with all the talk of financial depression, there is a shortage of cars.

In Baseball Batting Is Secondary to Team Work.

"Batting is sacrificed for team work in the major leagues," said catcher Lou Criger to a Boston newspaper man. By this, Criger did not mean to infer that weak strikers are wanted, but that a player's ability to hammer the ball must be curbed and used to fit in with the needs of the game, all tending toward the one great end, victory.

DAY OF SPORTS AT VINELAND.

The prize winners at the Victoria Hall Athletic Association's Field Day, on Victoria Day, at Vineland, where nearly 5,000 people viewed the day's events, were:

COMMENT AND GOSSIP

Let's have a home brew battery—Long and Maxey. Long and Maxey at the points would make most of those foreigners sit up.

AUTO RACE FOR VANDERBILT CUP.

New York, May 27.—That there will be an automobile race for the Vanderbilt Cup this year, that it will be held in the vicinity of New York, and probably during the latter part of October, was authoritatively announced here to-night.

Woodbine Entries on Page 12.

Severe thunderstorm occurred in different parts of the Dominion on Tuesday. At Montreal and other buildings were struck there, at Ottawa, in London and elsewhere.

PROF. JOHNSTON HURT

Hamilton Athlete Injured In Drumbo Wrestling Match. Drumbo, May 26.—The Victoria Day celebration here was a big success. The Bradford band was in attendance, but the strong drawing card was the wrestling match at night, between Prof. E. W. Johnston, the old time champion, and Amos Froman, a burly Indian, in the prime of life.

RAIN FELL IN LONDON.

London, May 27.—The heavens opened and the rain came and stopped a slugging bee on the part of the busy Beavers yesterday afternoon in the third inning of the London-Niagara Falls game that had scurried just twelve runs over the plate. The output of the firmament came down in a sheet, and after fifteen minutes of the downpour Tecumseh Park was like a small lake.

Lyons' Special Two-Piece Suit \$13.50. Largest Custom Tailors in Canada. Warm weather is at hand. It's time to order that two-piece suit. We have an elegant assortment of strikingly handsome designs in cool, thin fabrics.

J. JUGGINS WON. Seagram Won Three Races at Woodbine Yesterday. Toronto, May 27.—The story of yesterday's racing at Woodbine needs no embellishment. There were six events on the card, and in almost every event there was keenest struggle for the big end of the purse.

WOODBINE ENTRIES ON PAGE 12. Severe thunderstorm occurred in different parts of the Dominion on Tuesday. At Montreal and other buildings were struck there, at Ottawa, in London and elsewhere.

POLICE CORRAL BOOKIES. Chatham, May 27.—The police yesterday morning swooped down on the race track gambling going on at the Chatham Driving Park, and arrested five bookies, namely: John Billings, L. McCarthy, F. McCarthy, W. Helms, and Dan Douglas. They were charged with "keeping a common gaming house," and were remanded until Thursday.

BASKETBALL GAME. Last night in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium an interesting game of basketball was played, being the first of a series of three games to be played between this year's graduates of Mr. Barton's training school and the physical directors who are out of teaching. The physical directors, or the has-beens, defeated the graduates, or would-be, by a score of 14-8. The second game will be played some time next week.

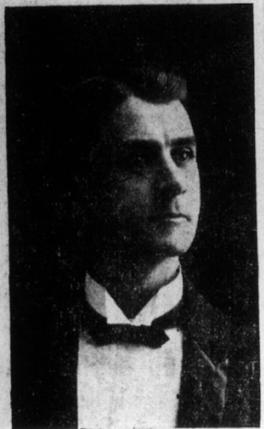
BOWLING SCORES. In the City Bowling League series last night the Pristers took three games from the Wood-Vallance team. The scores:

Table with columns for player names (Pristers, Wood-Vallance) and bowling scores (Games, Pins, Balls, etc.).

LIBERAL LEADER'S ADDRESS TO LARGE HAMILTON AUDIENCE

Splendid Reception For and Grand Address by Hon. A. G. MacKay In the Grand Opera House Last Evening.

Candidates Wardrope and McClelland Get Rousing Receptions Also—Mr. Adam Zimmerman Speaks on Dominion Politics.



W. M. McClelland, Liberal Candidate in East Hamilton.

The magnificent reception the Liberals of Hamilton gave Hon. A. G. MacKay, leader of the Provincial Opposition, at the Grand Opera House last night, is convincing evidence of the fighting trim the party here is in for the approaching election. Summer heat and the heavy thunderstorm that struck the city shortly after 6 o'clock, no doubt affected the attendance, but it was a splendid crowd that greeted the leader with a wild outburst of enthusiasm when he made his appearance on the platform last night. It is doubtful if in Hamilton's history a political leader has been accorded a reception, exceeding in cordiality and loyalty, the wholehearted welcome the Liberals of the city gave their honored leader last night.

From the minute he appeared until he closed his splendid address with a magnificent eulogy of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Premier of Canada, Mr. MacKay was vigorously cheered and applauded by the big audience.

Some Who Were There.

It was essentially a gathering of electors. The association had no issued general invitation to the ladies, but there were enough of them present to grace the occasion. All the boxes were filled, and there were a few ladies also in the front seats. The box parties included Rev. W. S. Griffin, D. D., and Mrs. Griffin, Mrs. Wm. Morton, Mrs. Colin Fletcher, Mrs. W. H. Wardrope, Mrs. W. M. McClelland, Mrs. H. G. McMahon, Mrs. A. Dynes, Mrs. William Mulveney, Miss Bowman, Mrs. Laidman, Dr. McEdward, Mr. Jos. Kirkpatrick.

On the platform were gathered many of the veterans of Hamilton, and both the ridings of Wentworth men who had fought and won many a good battle in the cause of Liberalism, and not a few of the young men, students of political economy, who have been impressed with the justice of the Liberal cause and the breadth and truth of its principles.

Mr. James Chisholm, president of the Liberal Association, was in the chair, acting for Mr. P. D. Crerar, K. C., who is away just now. Hon. Mr. MacKay had the seat of honor on his right, and other gentlemen around him were Mr. Adam Zimmerman, M. P., Mr. W. H. Wardrope, candidate for West Hamilton, Mr. W. M. McClelland, candidate for East Hamilton; Ald. W. T. Evans, secretary of the association, and Messrs. J. M. Eastwood, Dr. Russell, Henry Carpenter, John Russell, Seneca Jones, Frank Haight, Charles Duff, W. J. Copp, Colin Arthur, Wm. F. West, Jas. J. T. Williams, S. Gillies, Robson, M. Pennington, J. A. Dickson, M. D., R. G. Olmsted, W. W. Greenhill, Wm. Hossack, J. Bicknell, J. B. Aussem, Angus Sutherland, W. O. Sealey, Osborne Smuck, Charles Hardy, Wm. J. Brown, Israel Awrey, Geo. Awrey, J. B. Calder, R. E. Thompson, E. B. Kelle, Hon. J. M. Gibson, J. McDonald, W. J. Ghent, J. Walter Gage, Daniel Reed, G. A. Gorman, Fred Claringbowl, Dr. Emory, G. Belanger, M. Shafer, E. Goodale, W. J. McDonald, R. A. Hutcheson, Andrew Leitch, G. H. Milne, Jas. Thomson, Jas. Phillips, O. H. McCulloch, Geo. O. Elder, Wm. F. Montague, J. W. Braving, S. Gillies, Robson, M. Pennington, L. McKenzie, F. McLaughlin, N. Reed, G. C. Martin, W. J. Burmiston, Fred. W. Gayler, Wm. Mulveney, Ald. C. Gardner, Wm. Vallance, Jun., Geo. V. Taylor, S. Cheeseman, M. J. Grace, R. E. Browne, M. Treleven, J. Dalgleish, J. B. Kelle, Hon. J. M. Gibson, J. J. Foran, Charles Ogg, P. S. Bateman, Lyman Lee, Ald. James Dickson, Alex. Dynes, Ald. George J. Guy, R. Roy Moadie, Dr. Husband, J. R. Marshall, J. A. Soule, W. Wilson, M. S. M. Long, P. Armstrong, Fred A. Pearce, Frank Crosswhite, Bartonville, Joseph Vischena, Bennett Holmes, E. A. L. Clarke, Dundas, C. C. Truesdale, R. S. Wallace, Walter Balfour, Thos. C. Binkley, Geo. W. Burkholder, James Dilworth, James N. Laird, W. S. Cody, M. D., B. Griffin, W. T. Armour, P. F. Griffin, Thos. W. Watkins, Adolph S. Levy, L. Smuck, E. Wallace, Thos. Robson, G. E. Henshaw, Geo. L. Husband, M. D., Ald. T. H. Crerar, F. J. Howell, Capt. E. Skedden, E. J. Guest, Geo. L. Goodrow, Wm. J. Reid, F. C. Robbins, Ald. H. G. Wright, J. A. C. Morrow, Watson Trusdale, Dr. W. G. Thompson, and others.

Chairman Chisholm Speaks.

The appearance on the platform shortly after 8 o'clock of Adam Zimmerman, M. P., the popular member for West Hamilton, and W. H. Wardrope, who will carry the Liberal colors in the local ridings, in the Provincial battle, was the signal for an outburst of enthusiastic applause. James Chisholm, who was chairman, expressed his satisfaction that such a large number of people had turned out, notwithstanding the inclement weather, to do honor to the Liberal leader of Ontario. He said, seemed to follow the Liberals of Hamilton in these demonstrations, as illustrated four years ago, at

the time Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke here, when there was a downpour of rain sufficient to take all the enthusiasm out of the occasion, and previously to that, when Sir Oliver Mowat spoke here.

The chairman referred to the fact that it was the first election in which the Liberals had appealed to the people of Ontario as an Opposition. It was said that the Liberal party was even more aggressive on the attack than in the defensive, and on the present occasion this was true. The Liberals of the Province, he declared, had nothing but praise for the way the campaign has been waged, and the active part taken by the leader in this contest. With the memory and traditions of what had been accomplished in the past by the great leaders in Liberalism in Ontario, surely the Hon. A. G. MacKay could be counted upon as a worthy leader of the party, to lead it to victory, and at no distant period to occupy that position made illustrious by Blake, Mowat, Hardy and Ross. Dwelling on the inheritance secured by the father of Confederation, Mr. Chisholm declared that, with the perils lying before it, the ship of state could not move peacefully on without a guiding hand at the helm. In the days succeeding Confederation the interest taken in public affairs by the people of the country was intense, compared with the apathy of today, and perhaps that very apathy had been caused by the reign of Sir Oliver Mowat, who, for a quarter of a century so carefully guided this province in its course of development and progress. One of the chief advantages derived as a result of the defeat of the old Government was that it was awakening Liberals to a sense of privilege and duty. The Whitney Government boasted that it did things, the very fact that it did things that were unjust in politics made it essential that the Liberals should be in a position to prevent such acts. He referred to such legislation as the LaRose Mine deal, the Canadian Northern guarantee; such acts that, when they came before the Minister of Justice at Ottawa, a shrewd lawyer, he pronounced them crude, unjust and unpolitical.

There was also another violation by the Government of a well-defined principle, accepted in this Province, majority rule. He referred to the Local Option Act. The fierce attack in every corner of the Province as a result of this violation showed that Whitney sooner or later would have to capitulate.

The people of Hamilton had cause to punish the Whitney Government for reasons nearer home. No sooner had the Government obtained power than it removed the Normal College from Hamilton. The Board of Education, under a ten-year agreement, which it had good reason to believe would be perpetuated, spent \$60,000 on the college. That money has never been returned. Two years have passed and there is no promise that it will be returned. There was a shadowy promise that it would be repaid by the Board of Education, but the same reasons that were operative in removing the Normal College would hold good in preventing the establishment of the technical college here, namely, centralization.

The Education Department in Toronto was in a very mixed state. A state of affairs existed that was not creditable to the Minister of Education. While not wishing to indulge in personalities, Mr. Pyne, the speaker declared, was not the fit man for the position. Matters of the greatest moment were left to deputies, and bungled in a way that was not creditable to the Government. Premier Whitney asked the people of Hamilton for a square deal. Surely Hamilton had been stabbed in the house of its friends. It had returned two supporters for Mr. Whitney in 1906, and what did it benefit by that return? That was a question for the electors of Hamilton to answer. In three years the Whitney Administration had afforded more scope for criticism than the Ross Government had in 33 years.

The Leader Appears.

At this juncture Leader MacKay, accompanied by a local deputaion, stepped on the platform, and his appearance was a signal for loud and prolonged applause, those on the platform and in the audience rising with one accord and cheering him to the echo.

Mr. Chisholm, before concluding his remarks, made a reference to the two Liberal candidates. He referred to them as two able and popular young men, candidates of whom the Liberal members do not feel ashamed and candidates of whom Mr. MacKay would be proud if they are returned as his supporters. "I predict that at least one of them will be returned."

"Both," cried the crowd. "I said one because was modest," said Mr. Chisholm. "When Sir Wilfrid Laurier was here I said one because I was confident that we could do that, and we did. I say both now and I trust that my prediction will be fulfilled."

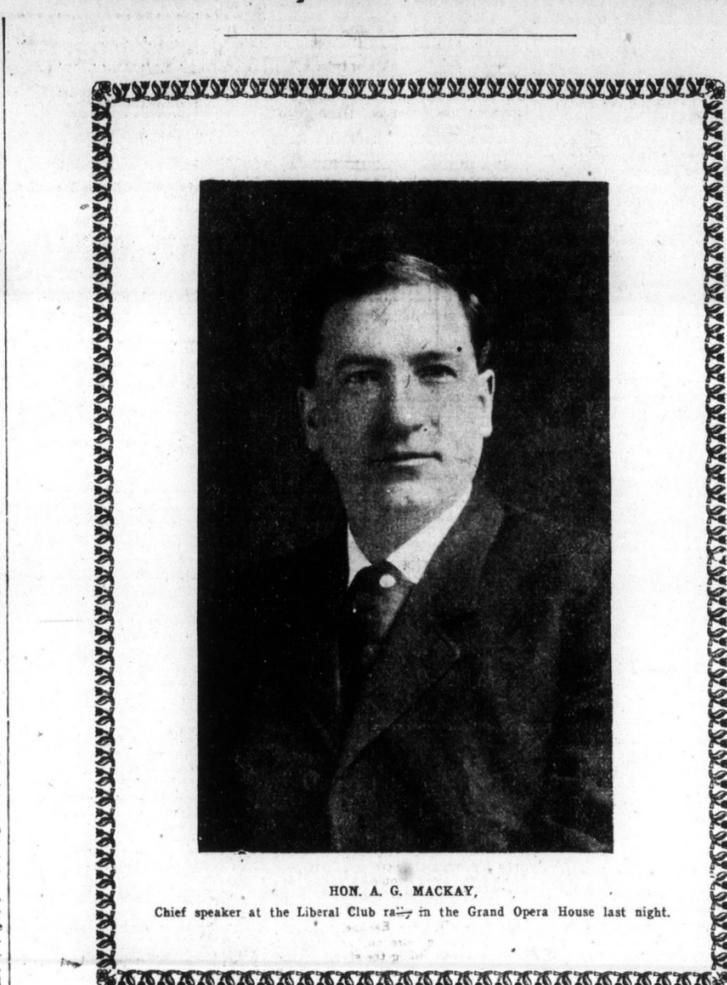
West Hamilton Member.

Mr. Adam Zimmerman, West Hamilton's popular member, was given a flattering reception as he rose to speak. In his opening remarks he paid a glowing tribute to Hon. A. G. MacKay, declaring that he had inspired the Liberal party from one end of the province to the other with enthusiasm and hope, and Mr. Zimmerman felt confident that election day would prove a day of reckoning for the Whitney Government. Equally confident was he that the Liberal candidates in Hamilton would be elected. Touching on the dead-lock in Ottawa at the present time, Mr. Zimmerman said that probably few people realized the importance of the Opposition at the present time, in preventing the passing of supplies.

"It means," he said, "if we do not get supplies within the next few weeks, the shutting down of all public works in the country, on Government railways, on canals, and on all public buildings in the country, and even the payment of the Civil Service."

This was the meaning of the dead-lock of today. The same course of obstruction has been followed throughout the session.

The Election Act was the cause of the present block. Mr. Zimmerman dealt with this in detail, justifying the stand taken by the Government. "I assure you," he said, "that our leader has



HON. A. G. MACKAY, Chief speaker at the Liberal Club rally in the Grand Opera House last night.

thought this over carefully, and he has come to the conclusion that it is just and fair, and we will stand by that position.

The way the country's business is hampered is simply disgraceful. We have measures of vast importance to the country that cannot be dealt with. Take one of these—the French treaty. I will guarantee you that within six months after the passing of this treaty by the French Senate, that we will have 1,000 extra men at work in the factories of our city."

Dealing with one of Mr. MacKay's letters in the Globe, which pointed out that the Conservatives had not passed a single measure in the interests of labor, with the probable exception of Labor Day, Mr. Zimmerman referred to the agitation in 1897, which was the beginning of the great labor movement, when labor began to assert its rights, and go after what was justly entitled to. The Conservatives appointed a Royal Commission, which did good service at election time until after 1891. This commission cost the country \$80,000, but there was no legislation for the laboring man.

Mr. Zimmerman recited many acts of legislation passed by the Liberals in labor's interests, chief of which was the Lemieux Act. This one piece of legislation, he declared, would justify the people of Canada in endorsing the Laurier Government again.

Mr. Zimmerman said, "We have the most progressive Government that ever existed in Ottawa today. We have to-day the noblest leader that ever stood before the footlights of the public in this or any other country. He is a man who will not act until he has the fullest evidence that it is in the interests of the people, and he has done more to conciliate the creeds and races than any other man in this country."

West Hamilton Member. W. H. Wardrope, K. C., the man who is going to beat Col. Hendrie in the west riding, was introduced by Chairman James Chisholm. His speech was a synopsis of the failure of the Whitney Government to keep pre-election promises, and also covered the field of what will come to Hamilton when the two Liberal candidates are returned, on June 8th.

"Unaccustomed as I am to public speaking," he said, "I hope you will pardon me if I am a little nervous to-night. I am here to ask you for your suffrages, not personally, but as the representative of a great party. I ask you to send me to Toronto because I believe that the party I represent will act best in the interests of the Province and of you. I think you will agree with me that party government is necessary. You got tired of the Liberal party, which has been looking after your interests for thirty-three years, and got tired of it without reason."

"Look at Sir Oliver Mowat, than whom no greater man can be mentioned, he looked after your interests so well and looked so well to keeping down the expense that even his friends called him stingy. Hon. A. S. Hardy and Hon. G. W. Ross, both great men, and lawyers, looked after your interests in no half-hearted manner—looked after the whole of the people all the time. The mass of the people are not interested in the men who hang to a party for personal gain. What we want is a government which will look after the whole of the people and spend the money of the province in such a manner that the interests of the province will be looked after as carefully as the household affairs of each and every one of us. A man of honor to lead the party is

what you require and you had such men in Mowat, Hardy and Ross, but you got tired of the monotony of the interest they took in looking after your affairs and giving you better value than you ever had. It is not on account of the Conservative vote that Hon. Mr. Whitney and his party are in command, but on your vote—which you took three years ago. Mr. Whitney came here he asked not for the vote of the Conservatives alone, nor the Liberals alone, but he asked for more, he asked for the vote of the "good men." This made three parties, but he invented a fourth, he asked for the vote of the Christian men, and the Christian men, and of you and got into office. He was so started at the fact of his getting there and also by the majority he got that he sent a telegram of thanks not only to the Mail and Empire, but to the Globe, to be sure all the people saw it. "I thank the thousands who placed me where I am," he said. "I am a statesman with the whole affairs of the whole Province before me." Look at what he did within three months, said Mr. Wardrope. After the first couple of months he started the spoil system. He showed what a good Christian and a good statesman he was. Would to God we had such a Christian and good statesman to-night as we had when Oliver Mowat looked after our interests. We would promise for election and then as soon as he gets what he wants starts to chug off the heads of every Grid office holder in the province. He did not stop at the salaried men, but even decapitated the J. P.'s, who held an honorary position. Mr. Wardrope referred to the work of the men who were in charge of Toronto University. There were Liberals and Conservatives doing good work in the business of this institution, and Mr. Whitney referred to them as hirings of the Government. When you turned the Liberal Government out of power you turned out of power a Government which was heralded by Whitney as the most corrupt that ever sat in any country or province. Whitney spoke of what he would do if he sat on the treasury benches in getting rid of the late Government. He has been there three years in possession of all the rights he asked for and he has not yet found where one dollar has been misappropriated. If he had not you think he would have told you it was \$2?

Plays the Government. "Now the educational affairs of this province are looked after by who? Hon. Dr. Pyne—a poor stick. Who is he? This man who is looking after the education and morals of our children? A Toronto gentleman who is more interested in getting hotel licenses for his friends, that have been withheld owing to the many convictions against their holders, than in the educational interests of the province. One man he tried to get a license for had no less than four-fifths convictions against him. Did Whitney thank the commissioners appointed by his own Government, Col. Davidson, Mr. Flavell and Col. Marriott, for looking after the interests of the province in refusing the licenses? No! He turned round and dismissed the license inspector and forced his own party commissioners to resign through shame and disgrace. They were disgraced with the work of their own Minister. A few weeks ago he delivered a speech in Toronto, and there was an interruption by some of his own party who were manly enough to be his enemies. He told them to go to the devil and shake themselves. I could take up hour after hour speaking of the weakness of this Government and some of its Ministers, but I won't."

Mr. Wardrope went on to speak of the taking of the Normal College from Hamilton. "That was a hardship on you and me," he said, "and deprived us of the influence of 125 to 150 pupils of that school who were in our midst. The loss of these pupils was a hardship to boarding-house keepers and to the community in general. If Mr. Whitney's idea had been to centre in Toronto the educational interests of the province in order to better the teaching and the results, we would have most likely consented, but he makes a grab for the school. Kingston then steps in and as a result he has to build one, at double the cost of the one here in Hamilton. He has done no good with his scheme, but a great deal of harm. Hamilton spent at least \$60,000 on the Normal School and not one cent of that has he ever refunded."

"I hear J. J. Scott is in town again," said Mr. Wardrope, "and that with a magnificent procession went to the Conservative Club, where he told his tale. They say there was nothing ever like that procession in Hamilton before, and I sincerely hope nothing like it will ever be seen here again. He is also credited with having delivered a most statesmanlike address. He spoke on the Normal School question, and said that if he had been returned three years ago Hamilton would have had the new school well under way. That seems to reflect on the ability of my opponent, Col. Hendrie, who has so far failed to get this school building up. Mr. Hendrie's pre-election card of '95 we see that he said he would not have any prison labor, and yet within six months the most iniquitous scheme ever perpetrated is carried through with his support. A deal was entered into with Taylor, Scott & Co., who please explain when it went? That is pretty good for a lady, but that \$21,000 belongs to you. Look into these things and mark them carefully, and they cannot fail to impress you when you are marking your ballots for me in the west and Mr. McClelland in the east you are serving the best interests of the province."

"It will be your pleasure to listen to Hon. A. G. MacKay to-night, who will tell you more in one hour than Mr. Whitney told in his three and a half hours here. I trust that since you have punished the Ross Government, and seeing it is no bed of roses you have fallen into, and you will send to Toronto two Liberal candidates instead of two Conservatives." Mr. Wardrope took his seat amid loud and continued cheering and applause.

Mr. McClelland's Address.

W. M. McClelland, in a brilliant oration, reiterated his stand on the several issues of the election. "I wish to express my appreciation to the Liberals of East Hamilton for tendering me the nomination of that riding," he said, "and I hope to return that kindness by redoubling the constituency on June 8. I have never seen a time when, amongst my Liberal friends of East Hamilton, there has been greater loyalty to the cause than now. One conclusion easily reached is that it spells victory on June 8. I have told you of the advanced planks of the platform on which I stand, and of the conditions under which I have entered the contest. With my 43

years of age and 15 years in your midst I hope to be able to render good service to the Liberal party.

"I stand amongst you well grounded in the Liberal faith, but without money, but then it will not be needed to regain the constituency. All my Liberal friends will come out of the contest with their former clean reputations and clean hands. I have asked the Conservative candidate that he make this a clean contest and join hands with me in doing so, but have got no answer. I believe that this clear and clean platform will elect me in the East, and I shall have the independent and moral support of the young voters and the laboring men. If the Government cannot pass acts strong enough to enforce a clean election then it is up to the candidates to take care of that end. I am a supporter of the workman and am a member of the party who for thirty-three years were the friends of the laboring party, and in all that time you can see the excellence of the codes and statutes made by the Liberal party. Search where you will, you will not find better laws than those given you by the Liberal Government of Ontario. Among other things the income of the workman has been exempted from taxation and thirty-three laws were passed for the betterment of the working class in those thirty-three years. If there is one party which owes an allegiance to the Liberal party it is the labor party. What has the present Administration done towards the support of the laboring class? With a laboring man representing the East, not once had the subject of a Minister of Labor been brought up. His stand, he stated, was that there should be a Minister of Labor created, instead of some of these new portfolios which were being handed out. That 75 per cent. of the people of the Province had no representative he thought was absurd. He asked the Labor men if they did not think it was more to their interest to send a man to Toronto with such views than a man who talks from three to five hours without getting anyone to listen to him. He took a firm stand in regard to the Liquor License Act, and said that in his eyes it seemed it should be enforced in an earnest to the man who pays for the license and also to the temperance party, which is growing stronger and stronger all the time."

In closing Mr. McClelland spoke at length on the great and good men who were leading the Liberals—Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. A. G. MacKay—and he predicted great things for the Liberals in the coming contest. He asked that two men be returned by the Liberal party from Hamilton, and endorsed Mr. Wardrope's remarks in regard to the work to be done at Toronto in the interests of Hamilton. Mr. McClelland's address was greeted with loud cheering and applause.

A Magnificent Reception.

As the chairman introduced Mr. MacKay, the big audience on the platform and in the auditorium arose with one accord to cheer and applaud the leader. It was a magnificent reception. "I thank you for the manner in which you have received the mention of my name," With this modest acknowledgment of the tribute paid him, Mr. MacKay plunged into a stirring address, which held the undivided attention of his auditors to the last. He spoke for one hour. In part he said: "I can't help but think it was scarcely necessary for me as a speaker outside of Hamilton to come here to address the Liberals, in view of the two excellent speeches of the candidates this evening. I am particularly glad to be with you, citizens of no mean city, for many reasons, because you are doing yourself credit as one of the most important cities of the Dominion, because you are a large manufacturing city and because you are doing credit and justice to Liberalism in selecting two such able and eloquent men as Messrs. McClelland and Wardrope."

Mr. MacKay said that he was particularly pleased to see the candidates tell how Liberals were united in this city. There was no part of the Province he had not visited since accepting the leadership. He addressed audiences at Port Arthur and Port William, in New Ontario and the Midland Counties, in the central district and the Ottawa Valley, in the Niagara Peninsula and the shores of Lake Huron. "And I have yet to find," he said, "a complaint coming from Liberals that the Liberals are not solidly united in this election. Whatever the result of the election may be, and I am not going to attempt to predict it tonight, whatever the result of the battle of the ballots may be on June 8, the encouragement found in such receptions as these is satisfying in the extreme."

A few weeks ago there had appeared on a neighboring platform in this city a distinguished speaker, and in view of the fact that people in Hamilton had heard what this speaker had to say, Mr. MacKay thought it would prove timely and interesting if he traversed a few of the matters dealt with then. It struck him as peculiar that the Premier should open his campaign and fire the first shot in the confines of the territory in which was the only labor member in the whole Parliament.

The Province's Finances.

Mr. MacKay announced that he would deal briefly with the finances of the Province as touched by the credit money in his speech, and see whether the credit belonged to the present Government for the financial standing of the Province. The revenue last year was \$8,320,000, and in 1904 \$6,100,000. This difference was not made up of differences all along the line, but by two things only. From these would be judged where the credit belonged. In 1904 the returns from the Mining Department were \$2,000,000. Last year they totaled \$1,000,000. Last year the Government received for the first time the first half-yearly payment of the extra Dominion subsidy amounting to \$2,285,000. To whom did the credit belong for the financial standing of the Province? Hon. Frank Cochrane, the year before the Government got into power, told the House that he intended to put a flat rate on mining lands and assess them at the same as the lands. Mr. MacKay had opposed this as being unjust and argued that the Province of Ontario



W. H. WARDROPE, Liberal Candidate in West Hamilton.

should be fair, and that it was time enough to tax the man who invested his capital when Mother Earth and the Province had given him something in return. Eighty per cent. of those who were invested in merchandise manufacturing and farming succeeded; ninety per cent. of those who sought to obtain wealth through mining failed. Mr. MacKay said he had argued that the rule in one case should be the exception in the other. His contention was that if after a year or two, when a man had spent \$50,000 to \$200,000 and did not get a dollar in return, that the Province should not tax him for the pleasure of spending two years and losing \$200,000. He argued for a revenue from the percentage on the net returns from the mines. "To whom belongs the credit?" asked Mr. MacKay. "I ask Premier Whitney if it was not the leader of the Opposition who asked for the law brought in and of which he boasts. My argument was that a percentage on the returns should be created, that if a mine made nothing it should not be taxed at all; that a mine who never got his capital back should not be taxed. But when you strike the wealthy mine, I argue that the tax should be graded. When you get to the larger mines, you put the wealthy saddle on a horse that can carry it, and if that was done, we would have a larger revenue to-day."

A Contrast.

Mr. MacKay pointed out that the increased subsidy received from the Dominion Government was but a continuation of an arrangement made by the old Government, and said the leader, "When Whitney boasts of the increased revenue, I have given you the history of it, and you can judge for yourselves."

There was the corporation tax, the brewery tax, the tax on the sale of property in Opposition, that he might speak of, revenue that the Province would not have had if the Conservatives had had their way in 1899.

The Liberals did not argue against the Successions Duty Act. They did not argue that it was a bad law, but because he made a million dollars in life's short course. They took the stand that the man who made this money owed it to an extent to his employees, to the community, and to the state, which gave him protection, and that the Province was entitled to a small percentage of his. The tax last year gave a return of \$820,000. Mr. MacKay did not know that it was an unpopular tax, and had never known of any of those who left a will coming back to protest against it.

Whatever Whitney and colleagues might have said of Liberal Governments in the past, so far as legislative administration, so far as business record, so far as financial record was concerned, the record of the Liberal Governments stood brightly in contrast with the record of the Conservative Government for the last three years.

Promises Unfulfilled.

Mr. Whitney when here had very properly discussed the question of promises made by his Government before election and as to whether they had been fulfilled. Had not Whitney, the Premier, lowered the broad statement that if they were only in power and had possession of the vaults, the treasury and the records they would unearth scandals which would drive every Liberal out of public life for the next forty years? This was one promise that he had not fulfilled. They had access to the treasury, to the books, the documents and records. Mr. MacKay knew that in the Department of Public Works, over which he presided for so short a time, that there was scarcely a document touched by him, that was not carefully gone over, and he had no doubt that in the other seven departments the same process followed. "Yet when you consider the millions of dollars gathered in, when you go over the whole record, it is a proud thing for the Liberals to say that a search for anything wrong in its business records, was as vain, as the search of the colored gentlemen who went into a dark cellar with an extinguished candle and looked for a black cat that was not there."

Where He Stands on Labor.

Mr. MacKay made but a passing reference to the insincerity of the Government in the matter of law reform. He made a slashing attack on its failure to do anything in the interests of labor, notwithstanding the solemn pre-election promises it had made. "Go back to their convention in 1904," he said, "and show which way the wind blows. The Conservatives of that time placed themselves on record as favoring labor legislation. They made it part of their platform that if they obtained power that any goods manufactured by prison labor should be marked 'Prison Labor Goods,' and not to enter into contracts in which prison labor would come into competition with skilled labor and capital invested. As a matter of fact, Mr. Ha-na when the Government obtained power refused to follow out the promises made before the election, even when his attention was called to it. "I want you to notice the position taken by the Liberal party at this time, not only on the labor question, but also

(Continued on page 11.)

LIBERAL LEADER'S FINE ADDRESS.

(Continued from page 10.)

on the immigration question, because you cannot separate them. We said that there should be a Minister of Colonization and Labor. We said that labor was of sufficient importance to have this, and had we been placed in power, we would have had a Minister of Labor in 1905, and from that day on, why do we place the two together? Because you cannot dissociate them. We would have had a Minister who would not only look after labor, but the immigration coming in from other shores, who would have selected the proper kind of immigrants, who would have had one eye on the labor market, and the other on the shores from whence they come; who would not encourage competition with our own skilled mechanics. I look back to that plank we adopted in 1904 as a wise one, and one I would like to see carried out, the creation of the Minister of Labor in Ontario.

Prison Labor Contracts.

Mr. Mackay has shown that the per capita expenditure in 1872 was \$2.50, in 1904 it was \$2.50, and in 1908 \$3.50. In other words, the per capita had increased as much in three years of Conservative rule as in thirty-three years of Liberal rule. And yet the people were promised economy. The Liberal Government was coming away with the prison labor system, which the Conservatives sent into power. What had the present Government done? Without tendering before advertising, and without placing it on the market, it awarded a contract to Taylor, Scott & Co., whereby 100 laborers were let at three cents an hour, although there remained but one contract, that in connection with binder twine, which Hanna might or might not have entered into, and he did. He gave a contract to Charlotte Taylor, and she got her labor at three cents an hour, in competition with skilled work. Mr. Mackay showed how contracts had been entered into affecting work workers, competing with both the capital and the labor invested, and this in face of the pledge given in 1904, that the Conservatives would protect free labor.

Was This a Square Deal?

"Is it any wonder, when you come to look over their record that they are afraid to go to the people on a square issue. Whitney asks for a square deal. Did he give you a square deal, before calling on you for your ballot? Do you think Hamilton, London, Ottawa and the rest of the province got a square deal on the redistribution?" Mr. Whitney had refused to wait for the next centennial census, before making a redistribution. He took the 1901 census as a basis. According to this, Toronto would have one member for every 24,000, London and Ottawa one for each 33,000.

Toronto, with all the Cabinet Ministers residing there, and every man in the city, within earshot of the Parliament buildings, when she was offered six members, was getting every representative that she was entitled to today. The Liberal Government offered what was fair, "I ask you," said Mr. Mackay, "if one of your representatives did not vote to give Toronto eight members? Was he looking after Hamilton's interests in doing so? Whitney said thumbs up, and Col. Hendrie's thumbs went up, I think, against his will."

Mr. Mackay asked why the Government had made the A and B Divisions. He referred to the meeting to be held by Mr. Wright, who was running as Independent Conservative, in Toronto, and who was to hold a meeting on Saturday night, when Gurney and four presidents of the associations, with whom McPherson, of the Albany Club, is connected, will be present. "He informed us," said Mr. Mackay, "that he is going to tell the people of the province something on Saturday night that will be delightful to hear. I have been telling you something about the finances of the Government. I don't know whether Wright will answer the question, where is the money coming from? but he is going to make some interesting revelations."

The C. N. R. Guarantee.

Mr. Mackay dealt with that "last awful week." Taking up the guarantee of the Canadian Northern bonds, he explained how the Liberals had guaranteed the bonds of the company, to an amount not exceeding \$20,000 a mile of the company's railway from its terminus in the city of Toronto to the terminus at the terminals, right of way, station grounds, buildings and all other properties acquired or to be acquired. That was the last word of the matter until the last third day of the session, when the Premier gave an explanation as to why he had brought the matter up then. "Unless I am misinformed, he stood up and said, 'I don't know whether Wright will answer the question, where is the money coming from? but he is going to make some interesting revelations.'"

Mr. Mackay then explained how the Premier had made a statement that the Province should guarantee these bonds, because when his administration came into power they found a defective mortgage on file, which did not cover the terminals of the road, and that the main reason for guaranteeing additional bonds was in order that a mortgage might be obtained which would cover not only the Toronto terminals and that at Key Inlet, but also the railway branches, and thus that the Province would be better secured and be put in a better position. The Mail and Empire of April 10 gave the following condensed report of the Premier's statement: "When the Administration came into power it found that the mortgage was drawn in such an unbusinesslike manner that all the valuable parts of the property were omitted. We are now trying to make ourselves more secure, he added. On the strength of this statement the House passed without further question. After the discussion, when there was some discussion and suspicions were thrown out, Mr. Mackay said he wired his Ottawa agents to hunt up the mortgage. To his astonishment, he discovered there was no mortgage in existence in February, 1905. The mortgage was not signed until the 12th day of July, 1906. It was signed on behalf of the Government by Hon. A. J. Matheson, the Provincial Treasurer. "Yet that man made that representation on the floor of the House, had the hardihood to go from platform to platform, and ask why we did not oppose it further. If it was wrong for me to accept the Premier's statement, what degree of criminality are you going to attach to him for making these statements? If I am to be blamed for accepting that statement, I promise if you will let me off on suspended sentence, I will never be guilty of accepting these statements again."

The Government's explanation now was that in June, 1904, an agreement was made with the railway and that the mortgage merely carried out the terms of the agreement. Mr. Mackay

THE TOILING MASSES

Hon. A. G. Mackay's Eight Letter to the People of Ontario.

TRUST THE PEOPLE—This has ever been a cardinal principle of Liberalism. The pages of our statutes, both Provincial and Dominion, contain many concrete illustrations of this principle. From the Liberal party has come nearly every enactment to extend the franchise to the masses, and to place all men on an equal footing as to citizenship. To Liberals we owe the ballot, manhood suffrage, and manhood suffrage registration, as almost the entire volume of Labor Laws to be found in the statutes, whether Dominion or Provincial.

DOMINION MEASURES—I can, at present, recall no outstanding measure passed by Conservatives, during the many years they were in power at Ottawa, for the benefit of the great army of toilers, if an exception be made of the creation of Labor Day. Against this, among other acts, there stand to the credit of Liberals, for example, the creation of a Department of Labor, the establishing and conducting of The Labor Gazette, the General Act of Conciliation and Arbitration, the Alien Labor Act, the "fair wage" policy, the Lemieux Act for the compulsory investigation of disputes affecting public utilities.

PROVINCIAL MEASURES—A perusal of the Provincial Statutes from 1871 down till 1905 will show that scarcely a year passed that did not witness legislation intended and adapted to improve and to make for the betterment of the condition of the laborer. Outstanding among these are such acts as The Mechanics' and Wage Earners' Liens Act, the Act Respecting Master and Servant, the Act Respecting Accidents to Employees on Railways, the Factories Act, the Shops Regulation Act, the Trades Dispute Act, the Miners Act, the Act Respecting Schools for Artisans, the Act Respecting Technical Schools, the Act creating a Bureau of Labor.

OPINION OF LABOR—It is not surprising, therefore, that some years ago Mr. A. W. Wright (who is at present an Independent Conservative candidate in West Toronto) who was then a Labor leader and an honored member of the Executive Board of the Knights of Labor of America, should have said things decidedly favorable to the Ontario Labor Laws. Mr. Wright is in the habit of saying things, and lately has hinted that he may now even say something highly interesting. Speaking of the then Ontario Labor Laws, he said: "While there is still a good deal of legislation which we labor cranks think should be enacted, I am free to say that Ontario has not much to learn from any State in the Union in this respect, and is immeasurably in advance of most of them."

LIBERAL CONVENTION—In November, 1904, at the great convention held in Massey Hall, the Liberals of the Province of Ontario unanimously, by way of resolution, made the following a plank of their platform: "That this convention is pleased to notice the progressive character of the labor legislation of the Province of Ontario during the past 25 years, by which wages are secured by liens and preferences over ordinary creditors, or by simple processes at law, by which the safety of the working classes has been protected on railways and in factories; by which the hours of labor have been restricted, and facilities offered for voting at municipal and Parliamentary elections; by which the inspection of factories, bakeries and mines has been provided, and a Labor Bureau established for collecting information with regard to the condition of Labor in Canada and other countries. That this convention is of the opinion that those branches of the public service affecting labor should be consolidated with a view to the fullest consideration of the various matters with which they are concerned, in order, if possible, to establish better relations between capital and labor, the avoidance of strikes by the best methods of conciliation, and the prevention of unskilled alien and prison labor from unduly interfering with the opportunities of the labor classes of this Province."

CONSERVATIVE RECORD—Contrasted with the above, the Conservative party in this Province has nothing to show, except broken ante-election promises that it would require all prison-made goods to be distinctly labelled as such. This pledge, contained in one of the resolutions adopted at the Conservative conference in November, 1904, was expressly violated in one of the very first prison labor contracts made by the present Government on attaining office, and has actually been openly repudiated by the Hon. the Provincial Secretary, who has charge of this department, on the floor of the House! But as to prison labor contracts, more anon.

A. G. MACKAY.

declared that the plans of the road were approved and filed two years before the mortgage was executed, and that the mortgage covered everything except the Barnsdale property "from its terminus in the city of Toronto to Sudbury." Premier Whitney's statement, therefore, to the House that the mortgage did not cover the Toronto terminus was absolutely misleading, to put it in a mild way.

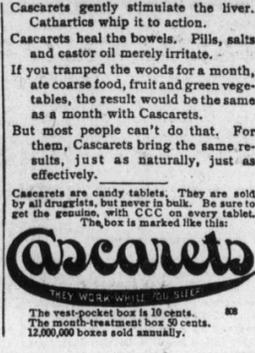
The La Rose Deal.

The La Rose mining deal was also fully dealt with by Mr. Mackay. Having the Government boasting of having effected a settlement by which it received 25 per cent. of the gross output of the mine, nothing was said about the promoters getting anything until the last day of the session, and then a bill was brought down to pay them \$130,000, as Mr. Whitney explained, for looking up the mine. That explanation did not satisfy the people of Ontario. They gave another in the Conservative pamphlet recently issued. This is what it said in part: "On December 20, 1904, in the middle of the general election campaign, Hon. A. G. Mackay, then Commissioner of Crown Lands, and now leader of the Opposition, ruled against the claimants" (the La Rose Co.) "and passed the property over to Mr. O'Brien. * * * That Mr. Mackay should have secretly decided the dispute as to the ownership, when an election was in progress, in favor of a friendly politician who was at the time in charge of the Temiskaming Railway is another point worthy of consideration." The Honorable Mr. Matheson, speaking at Newmarket, is reported as making substantially the same statement.

Now as to the truth. It appears from the records in the Department that in or about November, 1903, each of two parties claimed to be the original discoverer of the same mining location. The O'Brien purchased the title or claim of the one, the La Rose Co. that of the other. I was sworn in as Commissioner of Crown Lands on the 22nd day of November, 1904. Prior to that the disputed claim of these two companies was submitted to a Board of Commissioners or Arbitrators to inquire into all the facts and report thereon. That board the board gave its decision, awarding 40 acres to the La Rose Company, and the balance in dispute to the O'Brien. Mr. Mackay said: "And yet Mr. Matheson, knowing that to be a fact, says, 'I secretly interfered and turned the property over to a political friend.' I took that document and concurred with the award and one lease. The

How to Get Well for 50 cents — in a Month

This is the trouble with nine people in ten who don't feel well: The liver is torpid because of abuse. Because of wrong food and too little exercise. The bowels have grown inactive. The waste of the system loads the blood with impurities. Then one takes harsh physic—salts and pills—in trying to correct the wrong. Thus the stomach and bowels become inflamed. The whole digestive system is upset. All these results end quickly by the use of Cascarets. One candy tablet, once or twice a day. In a month, or less, one knows what it is to be well. Cascarets aid digestion. Harsh physic destroys it.



Fun for Times Readers

At the Flying Squadron. Prosperous Young Actor (returning tired after a matinee and evening performance of successful play)—Ah, dear boys, I really think it's time all good actors were in bed. Grumpy Tragedian (looking up from his paper)—They are.—Life. Investment Note. "With one exception everything I have put money into has gone up in the air." "What was the exception?" "An airship!"—Tid-Bits. Nothing to Speak of. "You are to take these capsules," said Dr. Pussey, "before meals, not after, remember." "Oh," said the patient, "I guess it doesn't matter much." "But it does matter, sir!" "You wouldn't say that, doctor, if you had ever had a meal at our boarding house."—Catholic Standard and Times. A Hard Job. "Paw, what is a philosopher?" "He's a man, my son, who can eat sawdust and make himself think it's ice cream."—Chicago Tribune. His Honeymoon. Magistrate—You ought to be ashamed of yourself, only married yesterday, and beating your wife already! What would you say if I gave you six months? Prisoner—You would certainly spoil my honeymoon, your honor. Did He Escape? "The evening wore on," continued the man who was telling the story. "Excuse me," interrupted one of his audience, "but can you tell me what the evening wore on that occasion?" "I don't know that it is important," retorted the other. "But if you must know, I believe it was the close of a summer day."

A Historic Retort. The war correspondents were complimenting Capt. Molly Pitcher on the conspicuous courage she had displayed at the battle of Monmouth. "It was nothing," she said. "I merely wanted to show that my other name isn't 'Godde'." For, verily, true bravery, unlike genius, vaunteth not itself, is not puff'd up.—Chicago Tribune. Them Candidates. Watch 'em as they come along. With that Christmas smile, And the jovial grin and strong And the shiny tie! Some are Tories, some are Grits, Some are on the fence, Still I'd like to be one, It must be immense! She Had to Give Tim Enough. A German woman was once accused of poisoning her husband. At the trial the prosecuting attorney said to her: "You have heard the evidence. The body contained enough arsenic to kill ten persons. What have you to say?" "My husband," the woman answered, "was a big eater."



Jumped His Bail. Bench Warrant for Paul Messer, Accused of Defrauding Immigrants. Montreal, May 26.—Paul Messer, who was arrested last week, charged with defrauding poor immigrants out of money under pretence of obtaining them work, has jumped his bail of \$1,600 and a bench warrant was issued by Judge Choquet this morning. It is alleged that after he was released Messer started another bureau, where he collected as much as \$500. With this money he left Montreal, and no trace of him has been found.

Stole Priceless Plate. Booty Worth \$25,000 Taken From St. Etienne Cathedral. Limoges, May 26.—Priceless ecclesiastical plate and other treasures here stolen from the Cathedral of St. Etienne. The robbery is similar to the notorious thefts attributed to the Thomas Brothers. The booty is roughly estimated to be worth \$25,000, apart from the historical value of the articles taken. It includes eleven pieces of famous Limoges enamel of the 15th and 16th centuries.

Pure Olive Oil. This oil cures constipation, aids the sluggish liver and often prevents appendicitis. J. W. Gerrie, druggist, 32 James street north, has just received from Marseilles, France, an importation of the finest quality, especially for medicinal use. It is almost tasteless, easily assimilated and very nutritious. Sold in bottles, sealed tins or bulk.

Rossland Miner Killed. Rossland, B. C., May 26.—Maurice Powers was instantly killed yesterday afternoon at 2:30 while loading some holes in a stope in the eleventh level of the Centre Star mine with a new powder. The Toronto City Council will send to the people the trunk sewer and filtration by-laws.

Featherweight Raincoats

A heavy raincoat on a warm day usually stays at home. We have one particular line made for hot weather use, as light as a feather, drab and grey shades, and made in auto style, all sizes, \$5.00.

Oak Hall

10 and 12 James N.

For Spring Weddings

For months we have been making preparations for this season. Sterling Silver, Clocks, Cut Glass, Silver Plate, Art Goods, Cut Glass, etc. From \$1.00 to \$10.00 you will see hundreds of suitable gifts.

NORMAN ELLIS Jeweler, Optician. 21-23 King Street East.

EPPS'S

A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold.

COCOA

Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in 1-lb. and 1/2-lb. Tins.

Bracelets

Extension bracelets, locket top and other styles, in great variety; stone set and plain, at low prices.

F. CLARINGBOW Jeweler 22 MacNab Street North

New Subscribers for 50c

You can send SATURDAY'S TIMES to any address in Great Britain or Canada for One Year. ONLY 50c

Flew Against the Wind. Ghent, May 26.—Henry Farman, the British aeronaut, began a series of experiments here to-day with his aeroplane. He accomplished for the first time a number of flights in the teeth of a strong wind, which aroused the enthusiasm of the spectators. Boy Fell Into River. Gananoque, Ont., May 26.—Reggie Brennan, aged seven, was drowned here this morning in the Gananoque River. The boy's parents live about 130 yards from the river. The boy was playing and slipped in. The only witnesses to the accident were playmates of his own age.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for St. Andrew's Rapids, Works," will be received at this office until 4:30 p. m. on Wednesday, July 8, 1908, for the construction of movable dam, steel, service and highway bridge, repair shop, etc. at St. Andrew's Rapids, Red River, Province of Manitoba. Plans and specifications can be seen at this department, at the offices of Mr. A. R. Dufresne, resident Engineer of the department at Winnipeg; Mr. J. G. Sing, Resident Engineer, Confederation Life Building, Toronto; Mr. G. Desjardins, clerk of works, Post Office, Montreal, and Mr. Ph. Beland, clerk of works, Post Office, Quebec. Form of tender can also be obtained at the above mentioned places. Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures. The contractor will be required to conform to regulations to be made by the Governor General in Council, respecting the accommodation, medical treatment and sanitary protection of the working men employed on the work. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent. (10 p. c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract within the time to do so, or fail to comply with work contracted for. If the tenderer has not accepted the cheque will be returned. The department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. By order, FRED. GELINAS, Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa, May 8, 1908.

NEWSPAPERS will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the department.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

ANY EVEN-NUMBERED SECTION OF Dominion Lands, excepting 8 and 36, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person who is at least 18 years of age, and is a male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section of 160 acres, more or less. Application and entry may be made in person by the applicant at a Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district in which the land is situated, or by proxy, may, however, be made at any agency on certain conditions. Joint ownership in land will not be recognized. (2) A homesteader may, if he so desires, perform the required residence duties by living on farming land owned solely by him, not less than eighty (80) acres in extent, in the vicinity of his homestead. He may also do so by living with father or mother, on certain conditions. Joint ownership in land will not be recognized. (3) A homesteader intending to perform his residence duties in accordance with the above while living with parents or on farming land owned by himself must notify the agent for the district of such intention. DUTIES—(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year for three years. (2) A homesteader may, if he so desires, perform the required residence duties by living on farming land owned solely by him, not less than eighty (80) acres in extent, in the vicinity of his homestead. He may also do so by living with father or mother, on certain conditions. Joint ownership in land will not be recognized. (3) A homesteader intending to perform his residence duties in accordance with the above while living with parents or on farming land owned by himself must notify the agent for the district of such intention. Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

John F. Shea's, The Home of Stylish Shoes

They are ready for the holiday trade with the largest stock of Women's, Men's and Children's Finest American Shoes ever shown in Hamilton. Women's Low Cut Shoes in all the latest American styles, two and three button, sailor ties and pumps in all the new colors, golden brown, chocolate and tan, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00. Women's Patent Collar Low Cut Shoes, the very latest American styles, two and three button, sailor ties and pumps, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00. Special value in Men's Low Cut Shoes, in patent colt, golden brown, ex. good, tan and chocolate, \$3.00, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00. Misses' and Children's Shoes in all the newest styles and colors, patent colt, chocolate and tan, fancy pumps, ankle ties and instep strap. Our store is open every evening till 9 o'clock. JOHN F. SHEA 25 King East



"FIT FOR A QUEEN" and the queen of your household finds her baking difficulties disappear when she uses GOLD MEDAL FLOUR. This is a brand of flour that is particularly rich in gluten and phosphorus, the two chief nutritive principles in the grain. There is no waste and no adulteration. You will find that GOLD MEDAL FLOUR makes more bread and better bread than any other flour. LAKE & BAILEY Main Street East

Watches and Rings These are our specials. We show the largest and best stock in the city. OUR PRICES ARE LOW. THOMAS LEES Reliable Jeweler 5 James Street North

Plumbing and Heating Contractor GEORGE C. ELLICOTT Phone 2088 110 KING W. GREEN BROS., Funeral Directors Established 1882 Our long record of efficiency and courtesy is our best recommendation. Our prices most reasonable. Office tel. 25, 124 King Street East. Residence tel. 27, 62 Victoria Avenue north.

KISSED HIS HOUSEKEEPER.

Did Geb. Hummel In Police Court Again.

William McQuillan Given Six Months as Vag.

Consumptive Charged With Non-Support by Wife.

Gebhart Hummel, 41 Chestnut avenue, was in Police Court again this morning. Since the late lamented first wife of Gebhart crossed the Great Divide the deceased hubby has had many blue papers made out for erstwhile friends, and has received about as many invites to Magistrate Jelis' court himself.

William McQuillan, West avenue north, who was allowed to go yesterday in lieu of going away or applying to last for redress shows that she was willing to accept the attentions. The Magistrate decided in Hummel's favor on this ground, but said that Hummel's conduct was open to reprimand. He wished he could fine him, he said, and up on a charge of being drunk and disorderly, was on hand this morning, having been arrested last night by Constable Brammer for being drunk and very disorderly.

Stanley Davis, 213 Locke street north, made trouble last night at his parents' home. His wife has been staying there for some time, and last night Davis went to see her. He was told to wait outside till she was ready to interview him, but instead of waiting he went in. He assaulted his father, mother, sisters and brother, but as the assaults were all committed while he was fighting against being thrown out, the Magistrate dismissed the charge.

George Smith, charged with non-support by his wife, was up this morning on a remand. T. D. Farman appeared for him and gave as the defence the evidence of Dr. Bauer that Smith was a consumptive and could not work.

Edward Doyle's case was adjourned till to-day, at the request of the Magistrate, to see if he could not be charged with perjury. Doyle was accused of breaking a glass sign in front of Tomes' tailoring establishment. There was no new evidence and the case was dismissed.

Joseph Airdcker, no address, was charged with trespass on the G. T. R. He was remanded till to-morrow, as the constable was not present.

Mary Smith, charged with insanity by Mrs. Mitchell, 4700 street east, was remanded for examination to-morrow.

Matt Kerley, 33 Stuart street west, was fined \$3 for acting in a disorderly manner last night. James Clark arrested him, after warning him to go home and stop swearing on the street.

A VERY POPULAR STEAMER

The Turbine Steamship Company had a banner holiday, having carried nearly 7,500 people. The steamer "Turbina" filled her three round trips and a half from Toronto to Hamilton, 280 miles on time each trip. She made her record trip leaving Toronto at 2 p. m., exactly an hour and fifty-nine minutes on the trip from wharf to wharf. With the three expert turbine engineers aboard this last steamer, great results are promised this year. The steamer is confident that they can break her record by five minutes, as they have the turbines and machinery in A-1 condition.

On Saturday, the steamer's inaugural day, the pleasant features were the giving away of 400 carnations to the Hamilton excursionists en route to Toronto and the fine music of the Kilties' orchestra. The excursionists expressed their hearty appreciation of the arrangements made by the company for their enjoyment on their first trip of the season to Toronto.

The new buffet aboard the steamer run by the Kerrigan Bros., caterers, is a great success. The "Turbina" will make one round trip daily, except Sunday and Saturday, during the month of June, leaving Hamilton at 9.15 a. m., returning Toronto at 5.30 p. m., Saturday leaving Toronto at 7.30 a. m. and 2 p. m., and 5.30 p. m., and has been chartered for many moonlight excursions both out of Toronto and Hamilton.

Put Us on Your List.

If you are contemplating a season's residence at the Beach you are interested in our effort. We are planning to make our Beach delivery indispensable and if good goods, combined with a prompt and efficient service count for anything we should be worthy of your patronage. Kindly drop us a line and we shall be pleased to call.—Peebles Hobson Co., Limited.

Her Reason. "Mamma," said small Susan, before she began her evening prayer, "may I pray for rain to-morrow?" "If you want to, dear," replied her mother. "But why do you want it to rain?" "Annie Uppson is going to have a lawn party and I wasn't invited," exclaimed Susan.—Chicago News.

TEA TABLE GOSSIP.

—Mrs. Baxter, 184 Bold street, has gone to Detroit to visit friends.

—Mrs. Sarah Hickey is in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sana, 173 Oak avenue.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Paardeburg Chapter, Daughters of the Empire, will be held in the Y. W. C. A. board room on Thursday, May 28th, at 10.30 o'clock.

—The second anniversary of the opening of the Mountain Sanitarium will be celebrated to-morrow. A special car for guests will leave the Terminal Station at 3 o'clock.

—Highfield School sports will be held on Friday afternoon at the Cricket Grounds. These field days are most enjoyable, and a large attendance of friends of the school is expected.

—St. Catharines Standard: Miss Viola Knott, daughter of Roselle Knott, and a member of her troupe, being understood to her clever mother, while in the city was the guest of Mrs. Lavery, Louisa street, together with her friend from Hamilton, Miss Louise Hodgekiss.

WOODBINE ENTRIES.

Big Fields For To-morrow's O.J.C. Races.

Woodbine Track, May 27.—Following are the entries for to-morrow's races at this track:

First race, 3.4 mile, \$500 added, 3-year-olds and up, Queen City purse—Bathrick 98, Sandal 100, Grenesque 100, Braggadocio 105, Arlington 107, Batharia 112, Julia Gentsberger 112, Trackless 114, Aleonon 116, Charlie Gilbert 122.

Second race, 5.8 mile, \$500 added, 2-year-olds, selling, Doncaster purse—Low Heart '89, Catherine Cardwell '89, Ching Hare '89, Sir Cannon '92, Flat Creek 96, Aroundek '98, London 99, Cascade 99, Ragman 101, Pootaligo '101, King Ferdinand 102, Pearl Point 103, El Oro '103, Servicee 106, Col. Zeb. 107, Hank 108.

Third race, 1 mile, \$500 added, 3-year-olds and up, Alexandra purse—Elen Holland 91, Call Boy 106, Montclair 108.

Fourth race, 1.1 mile, \$1,000 added, 3-year-olds and up, Liverpool Cup—Throckmorton 96, Uncle Toby 106, Gold Note 122, xKelpie 119, Photographer 124, xGlimmer 124, Factotum 126, Picaroon 130.

xValley Farm stable.

Fifth race, 2 miles, \$500 added, 4-year-olds and up, Helder Skelter steeplechase—Cumberland Lass 140, Huddy 147, Jimmy James 147, Spencer Reiff 147, Bob Alone 150, Dr. Nowlin 150, Judge Nolan 153, Little Wally 157, Sam Parker 157.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, \$500 added, 3-year-olds and up, selling, Fal-mouth purse—Inspector Purvis 88, The Globe 88, Lyndhurst '99, Woodline 103, St. Harlo 104, Campaigner '105, Eldorado '185.

Apprentice allowance claimed. Weather clear, track fast.

The Northern Stars will hold a practice on Thursday night at 7 o'clock sharp, at the city park, foot of Mary street. The following players are requested to be on hand: Holtrum, Johnson, Turcot, Sims, Raeb, Clarke, Tommy Moore, Beatty and Hinchcliffe. Any other players wishing to make a place on this team, be on hand also.

A meeting will be held at J. W. Nelson's store to-morrow night to form a 13-year-old league. The following teams are requested to be represented: Young Hamblers, Belmonts, Chippers, North End Imperials, Young Senators, and any other teams whose average age is 13.

NO SUPPLY.

Ottawa Opposition Blocking the Business of the Country.

(Special Despatch to the Times.) Ottawa, May 27.—The deadlock is to-day closed more firmly than at any time since the Opposition began obstruction over the Elections Bill. The Opposition has, from the mouths of a dozen speakers, announced that not a dollar of estimates will be voted until the first clause of the Election Bill is withdrawn.

The answer of the Government before adjournment this morning was the announcement that the House would go into committee of supply to-day. There is no expectation that the Opposition will allow a dollar to be voted. The Government wants the money to pay the country's employees. The Opposition wants to affirm the principle of minority rule, and dictate how the majority in the Commons shall conduct business. No one can to-day say what the end will be when it will come. Neither side seems disposed to give way an inch.

How to Keep Cool.

Visit the Right House and see the splendid assortment of furnishings in the summer opening, for porch, verandah and summer home. Rain and sun-proof porch blinds that transform into a cool outdoor sitting room with all the privacy and protection of an indoor room. Combined with a prompt and efficient service count for anything we should be worthy of your patronage. Kindly drop us a line and we shall be pleased to call.—Peebles Hobson Co., Limited.

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THE WEATHER.

FORECASTS.—Moderate to fresh west to south winds; fine and warm. Thursday, mostly fair and warm, but some local showers or thunder storms, chiefly towards evening or at night.

The following is issued by the Department of Marine and Fisheries: 8 a. m. Min. Weather.

Calgary 42 40 Rain
Winnipeg 48 48 Rain
Parry Sound 54 32 Cloudy
Toronto 70 56 Clear
Ottawa 70 64 Fair
Montreal 64 64 Cloudy
Quebec 48 48 Cloudy
Father Point 42 40 Cloudy
Port Arthur 50 46 Cloudy

WEATHER NOTES.

Another depression from the west Pacific States now covers the Missouri valley, and pressure is highest along the Pacific coast and in British Columbia. Thunder storms have been general in Ontario and in a portion of Quebec, and rain has fallen heavily in the Maritime Provinces and in Alberta. A few local showers are reported from Manitoba.

Washington, May 27.—Forecasts: Eastern States and Northern New York: Fair to-night, with cooler in east portion. Thursday, fair; fresh west winds, becoming variable.

Western New York: Fair to-night and Thursday; warmer in the extreme west portion to-night.

Lakes Erie and Ontario: Fresh west winds, becoming light and variable to-night and shifting to fresh southeast Thursday; fair to-night; showers on Erie on Thursday.

The following is the temperature as registered at Parke & Parke's drug store: 9 a. m. 70; 12 noon, 79; 2 p. m., 80. Lowest in 24 hours, 62; highest, 80.

THIS DATE LAST YEAR.

Strong winds and gales, westerly to northwesterly; colder; a few passing showers or snow flurries; local frosts to-night.

HER HALLUCINATION

Dundas Woman Sometimes Thinks She Is a Hen.

An order of lunacy was granted yesterday by Mr. Justice Anglin at Toronto in the case of Miss Jane Heslop, of Dundas. One of the indications of defective mentality advanced in support of the application was that the lady was at times under the impression that she was a hen. The appointment of a committee was referred to the local master at Hamilton.

NEVER HAD A KISS.

The pathetic complaint of a child in an almshouse.

Julius Chambers relates in the Reader a pathetic incident that once occurred while making a tour of the almshouses of the State of New York. It was in the children's ward in one of these that a small, red-faced, red-headed lad attracted his notice.

I patted him on the shoulder and asked his name. He gave it promptly, told me he was 10 years old and that his father and mother were dead. I felt deeply touched by the child's words. Soon after I left the miserable shed in which these children were held together, and started to recross the yard I felt a tug at my coat and found my little friend behind me. His eyes looked up into mine so pitifully that I asked: "What can I do for you, my boy?"

"I want you to kiss me." "Certainly; but why?" "I never was kissed in my life." "When I came to write that story for publication I developed its full pathos, giving the name of the fatherless and motherless lad. As a result he was adopted by a wealthy family near Saratoga; he has been well raised, given a college education and is to-day heir to a fortune."

Steamship Arrivals.

May 26.— Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse—At New York, from Bremen. Ultonia—At New York, from Trieste. Louisiana—At New York, from Bordeaux. Kronland—At New York, from New York. Locomotive—At Quebec, from New York. Purposia—At Glasgow, from New York. Winifred—At Liverpool, from Boston. Korea—At Lubeck, from New York. Helliglav—At Copenhagen, from New York. Main—At Bremen, from New York. Kron Prinz Wilhelm—At Bremen, from New York. Vaderland—At Antwerp, from New York. Hamburg—At Gibraltar, from New York. Friedrich der Grosse—At Gibraltar, from New York.

Italy—At Naples, from New York. Argentina—At Trieste, from New York. Molke—At New York, from Naples. Emperors of Japan—At Vancouver, from Hong Kong. Sicilian—At Quebec, from Havre. Pretorian—At Quebec, from Glasgow. May 27.— Kronland—At New York, from Antwerp. President Lincoln—At New York, from Southampton Boulogne and Plymouth.

MARKETS AND FINANCE

Cobalt stocks, reported by A. E. Carpenter, 102 King street east:

Table with columns: Bid, Asked, Buffalo, Cobalt Central, Cobalt Lake, Coniagans, Crown Reserve, Foster, Green Meahan, Hudson Bay, Kerr Lake, McKin. Dar. Sav., Little Nipissing, Nipissing, Nova Scotia, Peterson Lake, Red Rock, Silver Leaf, Silver Queen, Temiskaming, Trethewey, University, Watts.

New York, May 27.—Cotton opened firm. May 1908 bid; July 1908; Aug. 1908; Sept. 1908 to \$9.58; Oct. 1908; Dec. 1908; Jan. 1909; Feb. 1909 bid; March offered \$9.25.

New York Stocks Private wire to Ennis & Stoppani, New York and Chicago. Commission 1/2. A. E. CARPENTER & CO., 102 King Street East, HAMILTON.

ADEPT CROOKS OF MEXICO.

Pickpockets in the Neighboring Republic Are Exceptionally Adroit.

To a superlative degree the fine Italian hand is still to be met with among Mexican pickpockets. They are noted for their artistic performances in light-fingered legerdemain. Only a few months since the chief of police of an American city, whose name need not be mentioned, was robbed of his watch twice within two days, and finally the time-piece was returned to him by the very "ratero" who had taken it, nor did the American officer have time to catch the thief, whose audacity threw him off his guard. Why the pickpocket took the trouble to restore the watch, for which he was able to realize a month's wages at the nearest "empeno," is not clear, but perhaps he heard the owner talking of the smart pickpockets in his own country and the Mexican took pride in his own professional ability that he took occasion to rebuke the American.

The Mexican pickpocket has all the cunning of the Hindu and the dash of the Italian, his brethren in crime, and none of the pickpockets of Benares or Naples can exceed the craftiness and ingenuity, the sublime audacity of the Mexican pickpocket, and it is said they carry on regular classes in the line of their hazardous employment something like the school in New York, but which have to "move on" constantly, due to the perspicuity of the Mexican police. But these ill-favored gentry do not find life wholly successful now, as they did in times past, for the police cover and cover them, which they now derive their profession therefore retains its riskiness, but has been shorn of its power over the afflicted public.

How Railroads Settle the Country. The story of the development of the great Northwest empire is the story of the railroads, nothing more. Minneapolis, for instance, stood still till the Great Northern brought it 70,000,000 bushels of wheat in a single year and 40,000,000 bushels of other grain. Northwest railway ten railroads hauled 100,000 car-loads of flour and mill feed out of Minneapolis in a single year. Minneapolis, St. Paul, Fargo, Spokane, Seattle and a hundred other northwest towns would still be mere villages if the Great Northern had not "come through." The Great Northern daringly built into the uninhabited prairie and through the trailless forest. Then it sent out agents broadcast to get the people to come in from all America and all Europe.

Thus the Great Northern not only opened a vast empire to settlement, but it brought the landless man to the manless land, and showed him how to rear communities through bettering himself. Then the Northern Pacific and other railroads joined the Great Northern in the great work of populating the Northwest. Immigration agents employed by the railroads induced new settlers to take up 5,000,000 acres of Government land in North Dakota alone. And soon all along all the northwestern lines communities were established where before there was a No-Man-Land. Little settlements grew into big cities. The railroads, acting as the pioneers, started the whole thing, themselves creating the traffic from which they now derive their revenue. The Great Northern even sent men to the rural districts of Illinois and other middle-west States to give free moving-picture exhibitions advertising the Northwest, and to show the people what opportunities the Northwest offered for making a living. Then those agents actually showed the middle-west farmers how to sell their land for five times what they had paid for it, and with the money thus obtained secure land in the Northwest equal to twenty-five times as much land as they had just sold in the middle west. Before the Great Northern got to Seattle we were sending only 65,000,000 yards of cotton piece goods to China. Now we are sending 400,000,000 yards, and tens of thousands of cotton mill employees in Massachusetts and the Southern States benefit. All because the building of the Great Northern Railroad brought with it a low freight rate to the Pacific coast.—Giltzen Willets in Leslie's Weekly.

Three Killed.

Wichita, Kan., May 27.—Three persons were killed and one child is missing at Ingersoll, Okla., as the result of a tornado that struck that town last night. Much damage was done to property.

30 HORSES FOR SALE

The M. BRENNEN & SONS' MFG. CO., Limited, corner Ferguson avenue and King William street, Hamilton.

THE BRUNSWICK GERMAN LAGER ON DRAFT

Best Wines and Spirits Case Goods a Specialty

BOAT VARNISH

We have just received a shipment of CROCKETT'S SPAR VARNISH in original tins at \$1.60, \$3 and \$5.50. This is the best varnish to withstand water and sun. It is just the thing to varnish up that boat or canoe with.

PARKE & PARKE

Druggists 17, 18, 19 and 20 Market Square

Men's Hats

Largest selection in Canada. Straw Hats . . . \$1.00 to \$12.00 Pearl Soft Hats . . \$2.00 to \$3.50 Children's Sailor Straws . . . 50c to \$1.75

ICE

Half a ton for \$3.35. Book of 40 tickets for 25 lbs. each. DEWEY CO. (F. S. DEWEY) 75 James South PHONE 2503

Free Lamps

Your store will be one of the Best Lighted in the city if you let us install Free of Cost

HAMILTON GAS LIGHT COMPANY

141 Park St North

CHRISTOPHER'S CAFE

10-12 King St. W.

Electric Supply

Phone 23. (Lowe & Farrel), Limited.

THE DOMINION BANK

HAMILTON, ONT. 39 MacNab Street, Two Doors North of York St.

We solicit the accounts of manufacturers, business men and individuals, and shall be pleased to meet or correspond with those who contemplate making changes or opening new accounts. W. K. PEARCE, Manager.

4% Per Cent. Savings 4%

This Company pays FOUR per cent on sums of \$100 or over left for a period of one year or more.

WHY NOT get the most for your MONEY?

LANDED BANKING & LOAN CO.

CANADA LIFE BUILDING

We Are Showing a Very Choice Line of Wall Paper for Drawing Rooms

Glad to Show Them

Cloke & Son

16 King St. West

One bank account for two persons opened in names of husband and wife or any two members of a family—either can withdraw \$1 opens an account. Interest 4 times a year. Banking room for ladies. Open Saturday evenings.

CITY OF HAMILTON DEBENTURES

Endorsed tenders will be received by the undersigned until five o'clock, p. m. on Thursday, the 28th day of June, for the purchase of \$100,000 four per cent debentures payable at the end of 20 years, interest half yearly.

Men's Hats

Largest selection in Canada. Straw Hats . . . \$1.00 to \$12.00 Pearl Soft Hats . . \$2.00 to \$3.50 Children's Sailor Straws . . . 50c to \$1.75

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BASE BALL BRITANNIA PARK THURSDAY, MAY 28 Toronto Champions Eastern League vs. Hamilton

Game Called 4 p. m.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths which are inserted in the Daily Times also appear in the Semi-weekly Times. 50c first insertion; 25c for each subsequent insertion.

BIRTHS.

WALDRON—On May 26th, 1908, to Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Waldron, corner King and Sherman Avenue, a daughter.

DEATHS.

WALKER—In this city on Tuesday, May 26th, 1908, George Walker, son of the late Wm. Walker, procer, aged 52 years. Funeral from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Hastings, Parke Building, MacNab Street north, on Thursday at 2.30 p. m. Interment at Hamilton Cemetery. Friends please accept this intimation.

THE TRADERS BANK OF CANADA

Capital Paid Up - \$ 4,352,310
Retained Account - \$ 2,000,000
Total Assets - \$33,000,000

LANDED BANKING & LOAN CO.

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AMUSEMENTS

GRAND FRIDAY EVENING MADAME NAZIMOVA The Greatest Living Actress PLAYING IN ENGLISH "COMTESSE COQUETTE" A Brilliant Comedy Translated from the Italian of Robert Brago. Seats on sale \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00, 75, 50c.

SAVOY TO-NIGHT

GEO. H. SUMMERS Presenting The SILVER KING Prices—10, 20, 30c; box seats, 50c. Bargain—Matinee, Wednesday and Saturday, 10, 20c.

STEAMERS

MACASSA & MODJESKA CHANGE TIME-TABLE Commencing Saturday, May 30th. 3 ROUND TRIPS 3 Leave Hamilton 8.30 a.